

# The Liberator

Devoted to the Cause of Good Government and the Advancement of the Afro-American.

COP. 1

VOL. I.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., FEBRUARY 1901.

No. 17.

## The Spread of Crime Among the White People.

### Has National Decay Set In?

#### THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Cannot be unmindful of the rapid increase of crime and the tendency towards savagery manifested by mobs made up of all classes of citizens. We can no longer shift our responsibility by saying that mobs are made up of the rough element of society and take place in localities remote from rail roads, churches and schools. But we are face to face with the fact, whether we are willing to acknowledge it or not, that mobs not only take place in our cities in the shadow of our churches and schools, but are made up largely of educated so-called best citizens, white men, women and children, business men and idlers, officers of the law and hoodlums, Christians and thieves, ladies and prostitutes, all in one indiscriminate mass vying with each other in their endeavor to inflict the most inhuman torture upon their defenseless and often innocent victim.

Another fact that looks bad for the future, is that mob violence is now more frequent in the centers of intelligence than in the rural districts; that the more intelligent the mob, the more the tendency toward savagery and the more excessive the torture. Public sentiment now acquiesces with the mob to the extent that persons composing them no longer seek to conceal their identity, knowing that the laws neither state or national will take cognizance of their crime. It is simply a thirst for human blood and not fear that the accused will escape punishment, that actuates the deeds of the mob. Men and women who commit murder and rape and have money enough to influence judges and overawe or purchase juries are never molested by mobs whether they escape punishment or not.

Human life is today the cheapest thing in America and is getting cheaper each day. A price is fixed on virtue, on mar-

riage ties, on land, and fixes the value of an oath; in fact, of too many of our best qualities. This accounts for the rapid increase of divorces, adultery, fornication and seduction, which is daily reducing thousands of young men and women to the ranks of the fallen, suicides and embezzlers. Burglary and many other crimes that are rapidly increasing can be traced to the same source. The following facts taken from the census reports of 1890, may furnish food for reflection.

Crimes against public morals to the million inhabitants:

	Native white	Foreign white	Ne-groes
Juvenile .....	467	144	25
Adults rape .....	1849	1423	1036
Fornication .....	32050	10676	7254
Forgery .....	2774	1423	1554

It will be seen that the tendency to commit rape is greater among the white than the negro population, although it is said to be a crime peculiar to the negro. It is also a fact worthy of note that the percentage of crime is greater among the native white population than among the foreign white. If the report of crimes given us by the daily papers can be taken as a criterion, the census report of 1900 promises to be no less discouraging. The days when we should send missionaries abroad is past. We sadly need them for home consumption.

If free government is not to perish from the earth; if what is left of American civilization is to survive; if the people of the United States are to return to the paths of virtue that have invited to their shores people and capital from every clime, some drastic measure for the suppression of crime will have to be adopted. If the lives of white men and women are to be safe, they will have to make the lives of black men and women equally safe.

#### THE POSITION OF THE LIBERATOR

As the moulder of independent thought and action among the colored voters of this state, The Liberator is by common consent the leader. Its independence, broad views and manner of handling public questions, its

advocacy of self-reliance on the part of the colored citizens has done much to inspire in them self-respect and self-confidence. By acting upon the advice of this journal the colored voters have increased their prestige as citizens a hundred fold. It has instilled in them the idea that they are American citizens, and in order to be treated as such they must cease to regard themselves as wards of any party or sect, but must by the acquisition of intelligence and property, the adoption of business principles and the free and independent use of the elective franchise not based on their color, prove themselves worthy of the prerogatives that American citizenship confers. They have raised themselves in their own as well as in the estimation of all citizens regardless of party in proportion as they have independently exercised these rights. The Liberator has advocated the suppression of mob violence by the strong arm of the law, and has endeavored to aid in creating public sentiment for the rigid enforcement of all of our laws because the stability of our institutions demand their enforcement. We have also endeavored to increase the good feelings now existing between the races in this state. While strictly speaking we are independent in politics, we have supported the Democratic ticket in the past few years because we believed and still believe that the best interest of the negro demanded it. We believe in politics, the negro will have to throw away his political identity by a division of his vote, and fight his way to the front in the ranks of the various parties. In short, they will have to think individually for themselves. This will preclude the possibility of political solidarity on economical lines. In laboring for the elevation of the negro, we labor also for the elevation of the white man, because the destiny of the two races are so interwoven in this country that they must rise or fall together. Either the negro must be lifted up and absorbed by the white man's civilization or both must sink to a lower. We can sink a man no lower than we are. To pull a man down we must be down.

## MY HOME IN MICHIGAN.

(Written by Request.)

Michigan, my Michigan,  
Home ever dear to me,  
I shall not tread thy fields again,  
Only in memory.

It's many a year since we did part,  
I say it with a sigh,  
For it was with a heavy heart,  
I said my last good-bye.

I've wandered far by devious ways,  
From the home I love so well,  
I bade my friends of other days,  
A long and last farewell.

I dwell upon a mountain shore,  
Near-by the sun-set sea,  
But I shall yearn forevermore,  
My Michigan, for thee.

Beyond mountains, plains and streams  
I see my home of yore.  
I visit thee in nightly dreams,  
And view thy landscapes o'er.

I hear the same old melody,  
That did my childhood charm,  
There is no place so sweet to me,  
As the dear old farm.

The meadows waving in the breeze,  
The corn in streamers gay,  
The fruit is swelling on the trees,  
Midst scent of new-mown hay.

Where I, my youthful playmates met,  
And sported in great glee,  
The clover-field is blossoming yet,  
Its fragrance comes to me.

The old school house stands near the  
spring,  
Beneath the beech trees' shade,  
Its joys to me will ever cling,  
Its memories ne'er will fade.

I see the silvery, crystal rill,  
Flowing at my feet,  
I hear its murmuring waters still  
Make music low and sweet.

I often did play hide-and-peek,  
Beneath the orchard's bloom,  
The summer-breeze caressed my cheek  
And kissed away all gloom.

I wandered in the wild-woods green,  
Where beech and maple grew,  
I envied not the jeweled queen,  
But gathered violets blue.

The meadow-lark upon the wing,  
Is warbling full and free,  
I hear the robin-red-breast sing,  
His sweetest notes to me.

My heart, e'en now with rapture swells  
As sun-set hours come,  
I hear the tinkling of the bells,  
The cows are coming home.

One of the joys my youth did know,  
That did my bosom thrill,  
Was gliding o'er the winter's snow,  
And sliding down the hill.

Where father wielded hoe and spade,  
And planted vines and flowers,  
I lingered in the lilac's shade,  
Many happy hours.

Dear father's gait is faltering now,  
His hair has grown gray,  
Deep lines are stamped upon his brow,  
His garden's in decay.

My mother's sleeping in the grave,  
Beneath the daisy's bloom,  
The summer-grasses o'er her wave,  
Above her lowly tomb.

Oh, where are all my loved of yore?  
They're scattered one by one,  
Some are on the Farther Shore,  
Whilst others weep alone.

We'll meet again, ah, yes, I know,  
From pain and sorrow free,  
With ruddy cheek and sunny brow,  
Beyond life's storm-swept sea.

WM. WESTENFIELD.

South Pasadena.

## WHEN YOU WANT TO SHINE.

To first-class shines call at W. H. Washington's ladies' and gents' shoe shining parlors, under the National Bank of California Building, northeast corner of Spring and Second streets. All shines 5 cents; all work first-class. All patrons promptly waited upon by polite attendants. Please call. You will not have to wait.

## QUEEN VICTORIA DEAD.

The death of Queen Victoria removes from the stage of human activity one whose life has played an important part in shaping the destiny of nations. The English and the world is perhaps better for her having lived. She was great, and was universally loved because she was good.

## RAMBLER'S NOTES

Mr. editor, will you please allow me space in the columns of your valuable paper for a few notes? I am an old man and have some time on my hands and am therefore just idle enough to find fault. It is unfortunate indeed that we have faults, but there are so many, it is no trouble to find them. "Them" suckers Wells caught.

Mr. Wm. Wells, who knows a sucker when he sees him, joined all of the colored secret societies and noticing the crude system of bookkeeping in vogue among them, captured the treasury department of each. And, although he found them groaning beneath the weight of nine hundred dollars, they were soon as empty as a bucket with its bottom out. Well, to make a long story short, Wells spent three nights in jail, charged with embezzlement. When the case came to a preliminary hearing, it was found that a Philadelphia lawyer could not find head or tail to the books. It was shown that the bookkeeper knew no more about single and double entry than a hog knows about sanctification. Of course the case against Wells was dismissed and laughing like a horse as he left the court seemed to say "that is the largest lot of suckers I ever caught on one string."

In some of his items, the bookkeeper was as badly puzzled as the Missouri storekeeper who drew pictures of all articles sold on credit. A customer one day called to settle up and found himself charged with a cake of cheese which he denied buying. After a considerable dispute, the customer admitted that he had bought a grind-stone. "That's it," said the storekeeper, "I forgot to punch a hole in the center."

HINT: It would pay our secret societies to put their bookkeeping in charge of competent bookkeepers hereafter for their own protection.

It pains my very heart to see so many well-dressed young colored men hanging around town with no visible means of support. Now I love these

boys and hate to see them waste the days of their robust manhood in such a way. Everyone of them can find work at \$1.50 per day and by saving it, make men of themselves. Dear boys, if you have not the will power to face an honest day's labor, give yourselves to some body with the request that they make men of you:

"Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap."

Say, young fellow do you intend to marry that girl that you promenade about the streets with so late at night? If you do, you had better teach her to stay at home with her mother during the evenings taking lessons in sewing and general housework. Then, too, it

is a good time for her to read and study and stock her young mind with useful knowledge. It is now or never. Of course you want a pure intelligent, well trained industrious woman for your wife, well, if you don't teach her to stay at home more, you will be disappointed. Of course her mother ought to teach her this, but I see she doesn't.

#### MEN OF WHOM WE SHOULD BE PROUD.

When one goes around looking for men and things of whom to find fault if he is honest, he will find many things that ought to be commended. Now that is the condition in which your uncle very often finds himself.

After hearing the farce known as the Wells embezzlement trial I called at the elegant shoe shining parlor, 146 South Spring street and found four polite young men as busy as bees while Mr. W. H. Washington, the enterprising proprietor, was calling out to the passers-by "you are next for a shine." As I looked at the well ordered establishment, its handsome proprietor and busy young men, I said here are a few colored men too busy making money to waste their time in useless law suits.

#### ATTORNEY G. WOODSON WICKLIFFE.

A business call carried me to the office of our able attorney G. Woodson Wickliffe, where I found a number of clients in waiting while he was engaged in acknowledging deeds, mining and oil claims, he being a notary pub-

lic. When I saw that the bulk of the clients were white, I accepted it as proof of his ability. While seated in his office, I felt like one who had crawled out of the shade of a winter day into the sunlight of spring. While some colored men were wasting money by "gwine" to law here was one making money by practicing law.

Now, as is usually the case with people who have no business of their own I kept busy looking after that of others. As I passed I saw Gus Halliburton and his partner with no idle time on their hands. If these young men will save the money they are making they will be the owners of a snug little sum in ten years. I found R. A. Washington and E. Henry Smith as polite and busy as usual. Their place is neat and well patronized and to their credit, they don't "blow in" their earnings at the gambling hells that infest the city, to the destruction of its youths, both male and female, white and black alike. Go ahead, gentlemen, your children will be proud to wear your names.

Among our professional men the names of Drs. Sykes, Taylor and Barr are household words and the success these gentlemen are meeting with is indeed encouraging. Their practice is by no means confined to the race, but to those in need of skillful physicians. Dr. Barr is married and is raising a lot of bright little Barrs. It is an open secret that Drs. Sykes and Taylor both would like to marry and settle down to business, in this they have my sympathy. That's what I did when I was young. I would do it again if I had my life to live over.

That handsome looking colored boy dressed in a neat-fitting uniformed tailor-made suit and cap who moves around with such a soldier-like bearing, is Mr. Eugene Walker's errand boy. Mr. Walker and his partner, Mr. J. L. Holt, have built a tailoring business of which they are justly proud. They have an extensive business among people who are able to wear up-to-date clothing.

Well, there is Mr. William McClain, one of the proprietors of Los Angeles Rubbish company. Captain G. W. Hawkins, the wealthy furniture dealer and

a number of others I hope to speak of at some future time. They not only employ themselves, but give employment to others of the race.

While too many members of the race are spending all they make giving entertainments and excursions and other things equally foolish, these gentlemen by building up business enterprises are making places for themselves and their children. There is nobody laying awake at night watching your interests, you will have to do this for yourself. Your success or failure depends upon yourself.

#### JEFF DAVIS' SLAVE A "MAYOR."

Isaiah T. Montgomery, who was in his youth a slave of Jefferson Davis, and his eldest brother, Joseph Davis, founded a colony of negroes in the Yazoo river valley, Mississippi, after the war, and he is now "mayor" of the village of Mount Bayou, the center of the colony. The negroes own 12,000 acres there.—Kansas City Star.

We have the honor to know Mayor Montgomery personally, having visited his colony while we were a resident of the Mississippi and Yazoo Delta. Mr. Montgomery is a gentleman of splendid attainments, being a graduate of the Oberlin, Ohio, college. Although the village is dominated by negroes, it is one of the cleanest and most orderly in the Delta. Saloons and gambling are not tolerated in the town. The children of the village enjoy excellent educational advantages. To the five months' free schools given by the state, the villagers add four, making nine months, in addition to the common school they have a high school supported by the colony. The depot agent and post mistress are both colored. There are a number of white families in the town, and although they have negro domination pure and simple, they seem to be in less danger of having their civilization subverted than they would were they living in some white communities — Leavenworth, Kansas, for instance.

Mr. T. B. Walker, the Pasadena confectioner, has opened an employment office in connection with his confectionery. He is thoroughly reliable and any matters entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. 53 South Fair Oaks Avenue, Pasadena, Cal. Phone Black 1184.

## The Liberator,

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TEL. GREEN 1882.

### JUDGE YORK.

We have had on several occasions the pleasure of speaking of this gentleman, or rather his record, in the columns of The Liberator. His ability is so well known and appreciated; it is needless to dwell upon it at this time. He is a staunch friend of the negroes, and his kindly feelings so often displayed towards them is highly appreciated and secures for him their united support whenever he is a candidate for office.

Another thing that proves his genuine friendship is the fact that the only colored men that ever served on the juries at the court house owe their selection as jurors to Judge York's jury box, it being his custom in putting the names of persons in his jury box from which they are drawn when their services are needed as jurors, is to put in the names of a few competent colored men. It is a characteristic of the negroes to never forget a friendly act.

## White Brutes Murder a Negro and Child.

### Then Rape His Wife and 13 Year Old Daughter.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 5.—Two more murders have been added to the bloody record of Tangipahoa parish. Arthur Nickerson, a respected negro, lived near Arcola with his wife and four children. Last night a gang of white men went to the place and called the old man out. He refused to come. They opened fire through the windows with revolvers. They broke open the door and brained the old man with an ax, and a girl of 5 was then shot to death. Another daughter was shot and wounded while crossing the hall.

The men, going to another room, found a daughter, 13 years old. The child was assaulted. One of the party lit a match to find his hat that he dropped, and saw the mother crouching in a corner with the youngest child in her arms. She, too, was assaulted. The whitecaps then mounted horses and rode away in the darkness.

### THE NEGRO'S OPPORTUNITY.

All things considered, California offers the negro better opportunities to acquire intelligence, wealth and position than any state in the union. By position is meant the prominence accorded to people for their enterprise and wealth. The churches, schools, colleges and lectures are all open to him. He can engage in any business and if he has the pluck that adapts itself to the situation he is almost sure to succeed. For the people here with money to spend, will spend it only with business men who understand business. If colored men have gone into business here and failed it was for the same reason that white men have failed and not on account of their color—a lack of the qualities that win.

Everybody is inclined to treat him fairly and if he depends upon himself all are willing for him to succeed. His civil and political rights are respected. The laws throw around his life and property, the same protection that they throw around those of his white fel-

low citizens. If charged with any violation of the law he is sure of a fair and impartial trial. In short he is looked upon as a man and if he acts as a man he is treated as such. If he fails to enjoy any of his rights it is because he has not had the manhood or fitness to make the proper demand for them. And it is only fair to state in this connection that the negro has not taken advantage of his opportunities to better his condition. He has never learned how to labor in a common cause for his general advancement. He still refuses to learn anything about concentrating his energies and hence he makes no standing for himself in the business world except here and there, although he has received in wages hundreds of thousands of dollars above what was necessary to decently feed and clothe him. He has thousands of dollars for entertainments and excursions, but not one penny for his business. He imitates the white man in everything but business and money-saving. He is too ready to imitate the white man's vices while keeping shy of his virtues. Although the doors of the schools and colleges stand ever open to him in common with other citizens, he refuses to enter, preferring to remain ignorant, while earning princely wages he insists in being poor by spending all he makes.

He will rent a house at ten dollars per month, when he could buy one on the installment plan for the same amount by paying a stipulated sum in cash, which is always small, through fear that the payment of \$50 or \$75, the amount of cash required would cut down his entertainment funds he never purchases a home. Of course there are exceptions, but not enough of them.

When he can buy land at from \$300 to \$500 per acre, he will wait till some white man buys it, then pay him from \$300 to \$500 for a strip 50x150 feet.

In politics he has pursued a similar course, too often he has refused to regard any man or set of men among his race as leader or leaders whom he believed to be capable and worthy, preferring in their stead men who had nothing to recommend them to honest people. The politicians have not been slow to take advantage of this phase of the negro's political weakness and assisted him in setting up for leaders, men who were distinguished mainly

for their ignorance and venality. In this way they managed to cheat the negro out of the political recognition to which his votes entitled him. In politics he has not yet learned to concentrate his forces, except for the promotion of some white man. He seems to still believe that some party of white men are laying awake at nights watching his interest, political and otherwise, just because he is black.

We are however pleased to note that the negro is now making rapid progress in the right direction all along the line, but it is not near as rapid as it should be, under the surrounding circumstances. If the negro wants to acquire intelligence, wealth and the position and influence they carry with them, he has no time to waste in looking after other people's business; but must concentrate his means, energy and numbers, must save and invest his earnings in such enterprises as will furnish employment for himself and children.

A race that cannot do this, need not hope to succeed in this country and opportunities given to such a people are as pearls cast before swine.

(George Allen Mebane in the Arena for November, 1900.)

"Without books, he has learned to read and to write; he has labored without tools, made 'bricks without straw,' and lived without food, fighting the great battle of life against awful odds in every vocation. Without clothing he has endured sun and rain, and met without flinching the chilly storms of prejudice and hate. He has fought the enemies of his progress and elevation, and of his right to exist at every turn; and thus far he occupies an advanced position on the rugged field of life, surrounded by his enemies, but a total stranger to defeat."

If the efforts made by the south to legislate the negro out of civilization, to prove that he is not a man, to prevent him from demonstrating his worthiness to be counted a man, to prove that both freedom and education have been detrimental to him, and that he has degenerated morally, physically and socially, and cannot exist as a race; if these and other mispent energies were used in the application of Christian principles to exist-

ing conditions, there would be no so-called "negro problem" to haunt the south, but millions of wealth, endless prosperity, and countless blessings would make that section the paradise of the Western Continent."

GEORGE ALLEN MEBANE.  
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Cattle Herds on the Ranges Are Increasing by the Thousands and Farmers Are Joyful.

Santa Barbara county is booming as a result of the recent rains. For the first time in nine years the mountain ranges are being fully stocked with beef cattle. The Delaquesta Brothers of Santa Ynez, have imported 3000 head of Arizona and Mexican long horns, which will be fattened on the Santa Ynez and Cojo ranches.

The San Julian ranch is fully stocked and at a low estimate 12,000 head of stock cattle have been brought into the county since December. The only traffic trains which have passed over the new road above Santa Barbara have been stock trains, which were unloaded at Rio Honda. The sheep men will be pushed hard for mountain pasture, as the monopoly which they have had of mountain feed since the drouth began, is now broken up by the cattle men. Beef and mutton prices range higher than at any time since 1894, and a season of profit has opened up for the stock men.

Ventura county stock men are loading the mountain ranges with Arizona, New Mexico and Mexican horned stock, and there is feed in abundance for all the cattle the ranges can carry.

The Hobson Brothers, Ed Canet, John R. Willoughby, Donlon Brothers and Charleboise and Donlon have imported in all nearly 10,000 head, since the November rains.

Charles Fuller of this city has contracted for 750 head of Arizona long horns for Ventura pasture with a bid for more if the stock can be found. The late rains in Arizona has forced prices up, and export beef cattle cannot be had in quantity to meet the demand.

#### CHANGE OF FIRM.

The grocery house of Messrs. Nash Bros., of Pasadena, has been dissolved. Mr. A. K. Nash, the senior partner retiring, and Mr. J. D. Nash continuing the business. This has been a good store for our people and we doubt not it will continue to still hold its high reputation. We extend greeting to the new proprietor, Mr. J. D. Nash.



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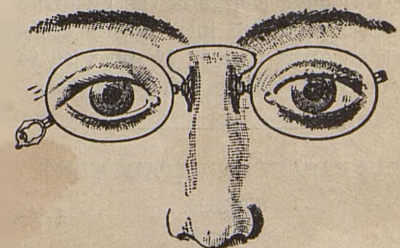
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## PASADENA

Under her new charter, will soon hold an election to elect mayor, councilmen, and other city officers. There are already a number of candidates in the field for mayor. Among the more prominent gentlemen whose names are mentioned in this connection are Messrs. W. S. Lacy and H. M. Dobbins. Mr. Lacey's friends are strongly urging him to stand for the nomination. Should he choose to do so, his chances for nomination and election are good. He has made an excellent officer and is popular with all classes of citizens. The republican leaders are favoring a non-partisan campaign which is doubtless best for all interests involved. The voters of Pasadena have put themselves on record several times as being independent in politics and the republican leaders are learning to respect their wishes.

The Racket is the place to buy your house furnishings at prices that will make you glad you are living. Courteous treatment, low prices and good goods are the principles we deal on. Come and see for yourself.

## THE RACKET,

111 and 113 East Colorado street, Pasadena, Cal.

## A NEW FIRM.

Messrs. C. M. Smith and G. B. Lewis, both former employes of the Cass & Smurr Hardware company, have commenced business for themselves under the firm name of Smith & Lewis. Their place of business is 220 West Sixth street, where they are prepared to do light plumbing and all kinds of stove repairing. They will carry a large stock of new and second-hand stoves. Mr. Lewis, the well-known stove doctor, will have charge of the repairing department, which insures first-class work on short notice. If you wish to buy or sell, ring up Tel. James 321.

## THE PASADENA DEPARTMENT STORE.

Among the enterprising dry goods houses in Pasadena none show more real progress than the Pasadena Department Store. So rapid has been the

increase in the business of this house that the manager, Mr. Kiehl, has not only found it necessary to employ three additional sales ladies, but has decided to enlarge his space in order to meet the demands of his patrons. A business man who finds it necessary from time to time to increase his space and employees offers the public the best proof of honest business methods. A call will convince you. Nos. 29 and 31 North Fair Oaks Avenue.

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## ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Messrs. Steven Jones, James Cook, J. W. Lively and Henry Lee are employed in the street department.

Messrs. Burdett and Akers are in the parks. Mr. Busby is in the city hall. These are new places conceded to the colored voters.

Mrs. Charles Beard is on the sick list.

Mr. E. H. Hill has removed his tonorial parlor back to his old stand, 242 East Second street, the old structure having been replaced by a fine brick building. When the work on his place is finished Mr. Hill will have the best equipped colored barber shop in the city.

Mr. A. L. Tilton is quite sick at Sacramento, where he is employed as gate-

keeper in the state senate. We wish him a speedy recovery.

Mr. Graves of Kern county, the wealthiest colored miner on the coast, was in the city on the 2nd arranging for the sale of some valuable claims. Mr. G. Woodson Wicliffe is his attorney.

Capt. G. W. Hawkins, the well known furniture dealer, has opened a new place of business at 233 East Second street, where he is always glad to meet his old friends.

Messrs. Morgan and Allen, both of Chicago, spent a few days in the city.

A debate, "Will the Negro Be Benefited by Dividing His Vote?" will take place at the Odd Fellows' hall, corner Colorado street and Raymond avenue, on Thursday evening, February 28th. Affirmatives, C. C. Flint and J. L. Edmonds; negatives will be named later. All invited.

## DeFord's Remedies

Are as the Electric Light to the Tallow Dip.

With Dr. De Ford's 45 remedies, tried and proven by thousands of cases cured, every man can be his own doctor. Each cure is plainly labeled, with all directions clear and simple—no guessing, no delay, no experiment, no poisonous, neuseous doses. The relief is instant, the cure certain, quick and permanent.

### Dr. DeFord's Remedies Relieve with the First Dose. They Act at Once.

#### DR. DE FORD'S COUGH CURE

Promptly cures all inflammation of the pulmonary air passages. When all others fail, this remedy is a cure in the best sense of the word. Price, 25 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION CURE

Will cure acute or chronic, stomach or intestinal indigestion or dyspepsia. The first dose relieves. Price 25 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Will relieve in a few hours and cure in a day or two all rheumatic joint and muscular affections, sprains, lame joints, hips and back. Price, 25 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S SKIN REMEDIES

"\$100.00 for every case of true eczema my Skin Remedies fail to cure," says Dr. De Ford. If you have itched and scratched, even ten years, Dr. De Ford's Skin Ointment will stop it in three minutes. Dr. De Ford's Blood and Skin Cure will promptly and forever rid the blood of eczema. These remedies are 25 cents each.

#### DR. DE FORD'S KIDNEY CURE

"My remedy will arrest and cure any form of Bright's Disease, provided there is not advanced destruction of the kidney structure," says Dr. De Ford. No matter in what condition your kidneys, take this remedy today, for you have 96 chances out of 100 for a complete cure. Send or bring a sample of your urine to Dr. De Ford; he will examine it chemically and microscopically without charge, and advise you. Kidney Cure, price, 25 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S NERVE CURE

Thousands have found a cure in this remedy when all hope had gone. Will cure nerve and exhaustion, nerve starvation, nerve bankruptcy, inability to concentrate the mind, despondent, morbid fears, cannot sleep. Price, 25 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S REGENERATOR

Why not be young again? Are you prematurely old? This remedy stops degeneration of the vital nerve cells (vital powers), makes weak men strong again. Price, 50 cents.

#### DR. DE FORD'S COLD AND GRIPPE CURE

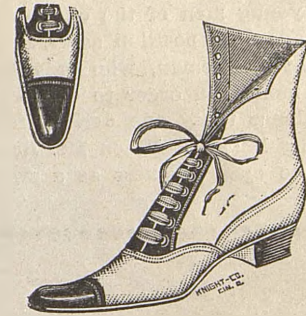
This remedy breaks up in a few hours the initial congestion and fever that precedes all attacks of a common fresh cold, pneumonia, bronchitis and grippe.

Dr. De Ford says: "I prepare no cures for incurable disease, no impossible remedies; my remedies are not 'cure-alls,' but a separate cure for each disease." Forty-five different remedies for 45 different diseases, mostly 25 cents a bottle.

For sale at all drug stores.

DeFord's H. R. Co., 175 North Spring St., Rooms 2 & 3.

## THE QUEEN FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE



160, 162 and 164 N. Main St.  
Los Angeles, Cal.

Every pair Warranted

Reliable Shoe Making

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43 and 45 N. Fair Oaks Ave.

Under City Hall, Pasadena

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All Goods sold at Eastern Prices

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Plumbing and Tinning of every  
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Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.

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Tel. Brown 1562

Dr. Geo. D. Taylor

252 1/2 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

**MR. CHARLES BEARD,**

Who recently added to his popularity by taking unto himself a better half in the person of Mrs. L. C. Young, a handsome widow, is one of the enterprising young men of the city. Mr. Beard gave up a position as valet for a wealthy gentleman, who paid him \$60 per month, in order to enjoy the independence that one derives from employing himself. When Mr. Beard decided to open business as a sweep

he introduced himself to the public through the medium of judicious advertising, spending \$400. This brought him immediate returns in regular work at \$5 to \$10 per day. Dressed in his characteristic costume he has formed a unique part in every public parade, this of itself showing his business sagacity, and gave him a thorough introduction to those who needed his services. He is a man of ripe experience, gathered by travel in every quarter of the globe, which he is now turning into money. His office is at 131 San Pedro street. Tel. Black 1939.

**The PASADENA** 29 & 31 N.  
**DEPARTMENT** Fair Oaks  
**STORE** Avenue

Deals STRICTLY in  
First-class GOODS,

and sells at the lowest possible  
Prices.

Kindly give us a call and see for yourselves

A. M. Kiehl & Co., Prop.

## WHY NOT HAVE A HOME?

I have for sale cheap, a large number of half acre building lots in the city of South Pasadena. These lots will need no grading, being perfectly level.

A small cash payment, balance on long time. Interest 7 per cent.

## A BARGAIN.

I have one lot, 100x200 on Fair Oaks Ave., ten minutes walk from street cars. If this lot is taken at once, I will sell it for \$200. \$50 cash, balance to suit purchaser. Interest 7 per cent.

**FOR SALE**—A bargain; a five room house and lot on Avenue 25, one block from Daley Street car line. This is a corner lot, 50 feet front, good barn. Terms, \$650, \$50 cash, balance \$7.00 per month, interest 6 per cent.

I also have a number of houses and lots in South Pasadena at prices that will surprise you.

These lots are right on the line of the new Electric Railway, connecting Los Angeles and Pasadena. This line will be in operation within 12 months, which will increase the value of this property 50 per cent.

Call or write to

**J. L. EDMONDS, South Pasadena.**

**MRS. NATION,**

The John Brown of the temperance movement, is playing havoc with the saloons in Kansas. Hatchet in hand, she has the governor and other state officers on the run and it looks as if the saloon men will have to give up the fort. When her back yards are all cleaned up she threatens to march to the sea. In such case Los Angeles would offer an inviting field. "The way of the wicked is hard."

No man is your superior on account of race or connections. Superiority, according to the religion of which we boast so much and have so little, is based upon one's ability to practice the Golden Rule. If you look about you will find your superiors and inferiors among every race with whom you come in contact. The Golden Rule is the standard—he that follows it closer than you is your superior.

There are none so humble as to be exempt from temptation.

That man is poor indeed, who has not learned to depend upon himself.

The boy who saves his pennies, will some day own a dollar.

"Men who have nothing to give, are always liberal."

The man who does your thinking always advises you to engage in those enterprises that are most profitable to him.

**THE BOSTON DRY GOODS HOUSE.**

Of Pasadena has the largest and best selected stocks of dry goods ever brought to that city. The large crowds that visits the house daily is proof of low prices and fair dealing; 43 and 45 N. Fair Oaks Avenue.