



DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
PERIODIC REVIEW SECRETARIAT
2521 SOUTH CLARK STREET, SUITE 8-2
ARLINGTON, VA 22202

16 JAN 2014

MEMORANDUM FOR Periodic Review Board

FROM: PRS Personal Representatives
LCDR [REDACTED] and Maj [REDACTED]

SUBJECT: Witness Statement Posted on PRS Website ICO ISN 037

1. We have advised detainee Abdel Malik...Al Rahabi, Private Counsel David Remes, and Witnesses Saifullah Paracha (ISN 1094), Ahmed Abdul Wahab (Mr. Rahabi's father), Ezzia Ali (Mr. Rahabi's mother), Haleema Mohammed Said (Mr. Rahabi's wife), Aisha (Mr. Rahabi's daughter), and Sadeq Mohammad Said Ismail (Mr. Rahabi's brother-in-law), that their statements may be posted on the public Periodic Review Secretariat website, subject to any U.S. Government clearance procedures.

2. Detainee Abdel Malik...Al Rahabi, Private Counsel David Remes, and Witnesses Saifullah Paracha (ISN 1094), Ahmed Abdul Wahab (Mr. Rahabi's father), Ezzia Ali (Mr. Rahabi's mother), Haleema Mohammed Said (Mr. Rahabi's wife), Aisha (Mr. Rahabi's daughter), and Sadeq Mohammad Said Ismail (Mr. Rahabi's brother-in-law) have agreed to permit the posting of their complete statement on the PRS public website.

3. Please contact us if there are any questions regarding this memorandum.

1/17/2014

X [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Maj, USAF
Personal Representative, PRS

Oral Statement of Abdel Malik Ahmed Abdel Wahab Al Rahabi, ISN 37

**Periodic Review Board
January 28, 2014**

My name is Abdel Malik Ahmed Abdel Wahab Al Rahabi, ISN 37. I am from Ibb, Yemen. I am 34 years old.

My family and I deeply thank the Board for taking a new look at my case. I feel hope and trust in this system. It is hard to keep up hope for the future after twelve years, but what you are doing gives me new hope. I also thank my Personal Representatives and my Private Counsel.

I will summarize my written statement since it has already been submitted to the board.

I have been compliant. The camp authorities and the other detainees trust me. I have taken the opportunities here for education and personal growth. I have been preparing myself for life after Guantanamo.

When I return to Yemen, I want to resume my education. My father, who is a tailor, has a job for me in his shop. I have a wife who longs for me, and a thirteen-year-old daughter who badly needs me. She is the light of my life.

Being apart from Aisha has been the hardest part of my detention. On our calls, she says, "I want you to take me to the park." "I want you to help me with my homework." She sends me five or six letters at a time.

I will never again leave Aisha without her father, my wife without her husband, or my parents without their son. I want to make up for the twelve years I've been away.

Written Statement of Abdel Malik Ahmed Abdel Wahab Al Rahabi, ISN 37

**Periodic Review Board
January 28, 2014**

My name is Abdel Malik Ahmed Abdel Wahab Al Rahabi, ISN 37. I am from Ibb, Yemen. I am 34 years old.

My family and I deeply thank the Board for taking a new look at my case. I feel hope and trust in this system. It is hard to keep up hope for the future after twelve years, but what you are doing gives me new hope. I also thank my Personal Representatives and my Private Counsel.

Let me summarize, I have been compliant. The camp authorities and the other detainees trust me. I have pursued the opportunities here for personal growth, and I have been preparing myself for life after Guantanamo. When I return to Yemen, I want to resume my education at university. My father, who is a tailor, has a job waiting for me in his shop. I have a young wife who loves for me, and a thirteen-year-old daughter who badly needs me. I haven't seen her since she was an infant.

Now I will talk about these matters in detail.

As I said, the camp authorities trust me. Before 2009, most detainees were locked in single cells. We were not allowed to mingle except during recreation. In 2009, the authorities began moving detainees into communal cellblocks. I was one of the first they moved. At first, the arrangement was only partly communal. But the authorities were pleased and moved us to full communal living. I was again one of the first they moved. I am held in a cellblock for the most compliant and cooperative detainees, and I enjoy privileges that most other detainees do not have.

During the hunger strike last year, the authorities moved the hunger strikers back to locked cells. I was one of the hunger strikers. I was even fed through a tube in my nose. For me,

it was a peaceful protest. I did not resist or make problems. I stopped when I became convinced that this process gave me a chance to go home at last.

When I ended my hunger strike, they returned me to the privileged block, and my blockmates elected me block leader. I used to say no when I was asked to be a block leader, but after the hunger strike was over, there were still a lot of tensions between the authorities and the detainees, and I decided that if I was a block leader, I could do something to make the situation better for everyone. I worked on this directly with the authorities. I meet often with them and write to them to make suggestions.

In the years before the hunger strike, the authorities provided classes for the detainees. Some of the classes prepared us for life after Guantanamo. I took up English and business classes with Saifullah Paracha. Other classes gave us the chance to grow as people. I developed a love for watercolors. I have spent countless hours drawing landscapes and other scenes. I also made cabinets with materials provided by our teacher and the authorities. Unfortunately, the authorities cancelled all classes during the hunger strike and have not resumed them. I miss being able to learn and to express myself creatively.

In 2012, several of us wrote a business plan for an agricultural enterprise. I am one of the principal authors of that plan. It is 72 pages in English. We named the enterprise "Yemen Milk & Honey Farms Limited." We decided to put our enterprise in the Al Hudaydah Province, by the Red Sea, where the soil is rich, the farmland is well-irrigated and the weather is fair. As you can see, the plan itself is "milk and honey." We knew that it was too ambitious to be realized in the short term. But we wanted to show to the world that we are educated and, by giving this example, show that we are serious about being of service when we get home. We also wanted to

show that we understand the need to put former detainees on a path to economic independence after a long detention.

I see a path for myself when I go home. I will resume my education at university and use my education to teach. My father, who is a tailor, has a job for me in his shop.

I am married and my parents are alive. My daughter, Aisha, who was an infant when I last saw her, is about to enter adolescence, when strong parents are most needed. I received the first pictures of her in 2002. It was very hard to watch my daughter grow up through pictures. My daughter didn't see me at all until a few years ago, except in old photos from before she was born. She finally saw me when she was eight years old, when the authorities began to allow family Skype calls. These calls are heartbreaking for everyone. We have only one hour calls every two months, and we have a very large family. Over three dozen relatives make the long drive from Ibb to Sana'a or Taiz for every call. We barely have enough time to exchange greetings.

Being away from Aisha all these years has been the hardest part of my detention. On our calls, she says, "I want you to take me to the park." "I want you to help me with my homework." She sends me five or six letters at a time. They are so detailed and colorful. I can see her grow in my mind's eye, but that is not enough.

When I go back to Yemen, I will never again leave my wife without her husband again, or my parents without their son. I will never again leave Aisha without her father. I know and feel their suffering. I want to make up for the twelve years I've been away.

ISN037 Witness Statement

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(previously ISN 69)

Witness Statement 6 – Saifullah Paracha – ISN 1094

~~UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO~~**INTERVIEW WITH PRB WITNESS AHMED ABDUL WAHAB [Abdalmalik's Father]**

Interview with witness Ahmed Abdul Wahab, father of GTMO detainee Abdalmalik Abdelwahab al Rahabi (ISN 37), by the lawyer David Remes on January 14, 2014. The interview was conducted via telephone and recorded on camera.

Remes: We are conducting this interview for the Board's review of Abdalmalik's case. We have a few questions for you about your son. First, how was Abdalmalik?

Ahmed: When he was a kid, he was the best one.

Remes: What kind of things did he do when he was a kid?

Ahmed: He studied for school and liked to read and play soccer. He even did karate.

Remes: Do you have any stories to tell us about Abdalmalik?

Ahmed: I remember that he would always sit and stay with children, telling them stories and playing soccer with them.

Remes: What kind of work did Abdalmalik do? What was his job?

Ahmed: He worked with me in my tailoring business.

Remes: When Abdalmalik returns, how will he live? Will you be able to give him a job?

Ahmed: God willing, he will work with me in my tailoring shop. Right now I am working on my own, so he will help me.

Remes: Do you think he will continue his education?

Ahmed: He will also pursue his education, God willing, by attending the university. We miss him and hopefully he will return soon.

Remes: Where is he going to live when he returns?

Ahmed: He will live along with us.

Remes: Along with you, in the same house?

Ahmed: Yes, indeed. He will be living with his brothers and sisters.

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Remes: So they live with you in the same house?

Ahmed: I live here with Abdalmalik's brothers and sisters.

Remes: Is there anything that you would like to tell the Board?

Ahmed: We would like to thank them and let them know that we want to help them and cooperate with them. We would like to thank the attorneys as well.

Remes: Do I have your permission for the Committee to put your statement on its public website, without holding anything back?

Ahmed: Yes. No problem.

~~UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO~~**INTERVIEW WITH PRB WITNESS AYESHA ABDALMALIK ABDELWAHAB [Abdalmalik's Daughter]**

Interview with witness Ayesha Abdalmalik Abdelwahab, daughter of GTMO detainee Abdalmalik Abdelwahab al Rahabi (ISN 37), by the lawyer David Remes on January 14, 2014. The interview was conducted via telephone and recorded on camera.

Remes: How are you doing, Ayesha?

Ayesha: Good.

Remes: I remember the last interview we conducted with you. We took pictures and we heard you recite a poem and sign a song for your father. What do you do now, Ayesha?

Ayesha: I study in school and I am learning the Quran.

Remes: What subjects are you studying?

Ayesha: Right now I am studying the Quran, Islamic studies, reading, English, science, and social studies.

Remes: Are you studying English?

Ayesha: Yes.

Remes: The letters you sent in English to your father were very well written - your English is very good. What kind of activities do you outside of school?

Ayesha: I study; I do homework.

Remes: When you talk to your father on the phone, what do you talk about? Do you talk about school?

Ayesha: We talk about my education, about Quran memorization, and about the things I do.

Remes: What are you going to do when your father comes back?

Ayesha: Obviously, I will be happy. He will take me to the park.

Remes: Do you recall the poem you recited last time? The poem or the song? Do you remember it?

Ayesha: [Shakes head to say no.]

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Remes: Do you feel like saying something to the Committee? Go ahead and say anything you feel like saying.

Ayesha: I want my father. I want to live with him and play with him, just like the other fathers play with their children. I want him to come and visit me in my school and take me to the park. I want him to wake me up in the morning and if I am sick, I want him to take care of me and provide me with whatever I need.

* * *

[After the mother of Ayesha is interviewed, Ayesha wants to say something more.]

Ayesha: I want to send my father a kiss on his head. Please send my father a kiss on his head.

~~UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO~~**INTERVIEW WITH PRB WITNESS EZZIA ALI KASSEM [Abdalmalik's Mother]**

Interview with witness Ezzia Ali Kassem, mother of GTMO detainee Abdalmalik Abdulwahab al Rahabi (ISN 37), by the lawyer David Remes on January 14, 2014. The interview was conducted via telephone and recorded on camera.

Remes: Good afternoon. How are you? How is your health? I have very few questions for you but they are important. When Abdalmalik comes back, how will you take care of him? How will the family take care of him?

Ezzia: I will help him with my spirit, with my life, with my heart, with everything.

Remes: What kind of person is your son?

Ezzia: Abdalmalik is a well-mannered person. He was kind to his family, to his friends, and I'm waiting for his return.

Remes: When he returns, is he going to stay in the house?

Ezzia: God willing.

Remes: Do you think he'll stay at home with his family when he comes back? Or will he go off somewhere else?

Ezzia: He will stay with his family in our house. I would not let him go; he has been away for a long time.

Remes: What is your name?

Ezzia: My name is Ezzia Ali Kassem.

Remes: Do I have your permission for the Committee to put your statement on its public website, without holding anything back?

Ezzia: That is fine, as long as it is for Abdalmalik's sake.

Remes: Is there anything you would like to say to the Committee?

Ezzia: What I want to say is, I want my son. He is the oldest one; he is the provider. His daughter is sitting here waiting for him, and she wants her father. I want to see him before I die. You know our lives are in the hands of God. We do not know how long we are going to stay on earth. His grandmother died one month ago. Please don't deprive me of seeing his face. It has been twelve years now. I don't even have an appetite anymore; I just cook the food. I want to see my son before I die.

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INTERVIEW WITH PRB WITNESS HALEEMA MOHAMMED SAID [Abdalmalik's Wife]

Interview with witness Haleema Mohammed Said, wife of GTMO detainee Abdalmalik Abdelwahab al Rahabi (ISN 37), by the lawyer David Remes on January 14, 2014. The interview was conducted via telephone and recorded on camera.

Remes: It is a pleasure to meet you. I've heard a lot about you over the many years that I've known Abdalmalik. I have some very simple questions, really one simple question for you. What are your dreams for the future when Abdalmalik comes home?

Haleema: God willing, we will celebrate being together in our family.

Remes: Will you stay in Ibb?

Haleema: God willing.

Remes: Would you like to say anything to the members of the Board who are going to review Abdalmalik's case?

Haleema: I want my husband.

Remes: Who helped you raise Ayesha? Who helped you when she was a child?

Haleema: Her uncles and her relatives have helped.

Abdalmalik's Mother Ezzia: She raised her on her own. She took the main role in raising Ayesha. Do you know a mother's heart?

Remes: Did you have to work?

Haleema: [Shakes head to say no.]

Abdalmalik's Mother Ezzia: She didn't work, even though she needed to work.

Remes: I am meeting with Abdalmalik tomorrow and maybe Thursday. What would you like me to tell him?

Haleema: Convey to him our greetings and tell him "God willing we will reunite soon."

Remes: Do I have your permission for the Committee to put your statement on its public website, without holding anything back?

Haleema: Anything for Abdalmalik.

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~~UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO~~**INTERVIEW WITH PRB WITNESS SADEQ MOHAMMED SAID ISMAEL [Abdalmalik's Brother-in-Law]**

Interview with witness Sadeq Mohammad Said Ismael, former GTMO detainee and brother-in-law of Abdalmalik Abdelwahab al Rahabi (ISN 37), by the lawyer David Remes on January 14, 2014. The interview was conducted via telephone and recorded on camera.

Remes: Hello Sadeq, my friend. It was good to see you when I was in Yemen. I wanted to speak to you because you were at Guantanamo for five years and then you came home. I would like to ask you about your life since you have returned home. Could you please tell the Board in simple words how you are doing now and what you are doing?

Sadeq: Now, praise God, I was released from jail with the help of almighty God, and now I am married, and I have three children now. And I am leading a very normal life. My life is easy as can be. And I'm asking almighty God to have my brother Abdal released. And God willing we will live together.

Remes: Tell me about your family.

Sadeq: Praise God, I have three children. Three young children.

Remes: Are they boys or girls?

Sadeq: A girl and two boys.

Remes: How old are they?

Sadeq: My daughter is three and a half years old, my oldest son is one year and eight months old, and my youngest son is five months old.

Remes: You were 19 when you were captured in 2001 and now you are 31. Is that accurate?

Sadeq: Yes.

Remes: Are you the same person at the age of 31 that you were when you were at the age of 19?

Sadeq: No, I have changed a lot. My family life and my social life have changed, and also the way I deal with people.

Remes: Has Al-Qaeda or another terrorist group come to you and asked you to join them? [Translated into Arabic as: "Do you still do the same activities you did before?"]

Sadeq: [Shakes head to say no.] I am done with all of this now.

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Remes: If they were to approach you, would you go with them?

Sadeq: *[Shakes head to say no.]*

Remes: Do you have a job? What do you do to support yourself and your family?

Sadeq: I am a freelancer. I also work as a plumber.

Remes: When you say freelancer, what do you mean by that?

Sadeq: I work in the field of reinforced concrete, in construction.

Remes: Are the people you work with concerned about the fact that you spent time in Guantanamo?

Sadeq: No.

Remes: Do they sympathize with you?

Sadeq: Yes.

Remes: Did you forget about Guantanamo now? Are you over with it and have forgotten about it?

Sadeq: By God, I forgot it as far as I am concerned, but I didn't forget it as far as my brothers who are still there.

Remes: What would you like to tell the Board, and what would you like to tell Abdalmalik?

Sadeq: As far the Board is concerned, I hope they will release Abdalmalik. And I would like to convey my very warm greetings to my brother. I am asking God the almighty to have him released very soon.

Remes: Will you help Abdalmalik if he is released?

Sadeq: Certainly.

Remes: You are going to live together?

Sadeq: God willing, we will live together.

Remes: There won't be any problem for you to live together?

Sadeq: No problem. There won't be any problems.

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AUTHORIZED BY JTF GTMO FOR ISN#001094

Dec 18, 2013

The Periodic Review Board,
 U.S. Naval Station,
 Guantanamo Detention Center, Guantanamo, Cuba.

ATTENTION: PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES - ISN 037, PRB.

Honorable Board,

Please refer our meeting on Dec 17, 2013 and a telephonic conversation with Mr. David Remes during our meeting, where you wanted me to write my evaluation and assessment about my fellow inmate here in Guantanamo Detention, his name is Mr. Abdel Malik Ahmed Abdel Wahab Al Rahani (ISN 037), Arab, from Yemen.

I have a reputation here in Guantanamo Detention, probably the oldest inmate, who can read, write and speak English and a businessman. I was shifted from Camp 5 to Camp 6, last year, Sept 2012, in a general population of [REDACTED] inmates, where Abdel Malik was residing. He with another inmate approached me to teach them English, I started teaching them the very next day and we agreed every day except Fridays at six times.

In ARABIC language there is no alphabets to pronounce D, P, and T, and the Arabic writing is from right to left, their writing was poor, difficulty in pronunciation. I started with English alphabets regular & capital like a b c d / A B C D ^{writing practice} reading a simple book and conversation.

Their concept of punctuality, discipline, accuracy and responsibility is very different than I have had in my life, missing class, not doing homework, making silly mistakes and be irresponsible was very normal in their routine life. It was a big struggle from both sides, first few weeks were very difficult to understand each other. After a month they started realizing and became serious in their studies and there was major improvement in their writing reading and started speaking in English with confidence.

Six more inmates approached me, most of them wanted exclusive time for each of them, after evaluation of their level of English, and further asked them when they go back to their countries, what would they do? They all wanted to do business, but no business background, business education and difficulties in finances. In the past I did help friends and relatives in almost similar situation to establish business. I made a group of four of like minded inmates to have a joint class and proposed to teach them business in English, these inmates were Abdel Malik (ISN 037), ISN 235 ISN 441 and ISN 242.

In our block [redacted] there was ^{a cell} [redacted] vacant, we requested the administration to provide a small carpet, chairs, Librarian provided us books, one of our inmates made desk with cardboard and we converted [redacted] a classroom.

I started to teach Abdel Malik and other 3 inmates business strictly in English, I explained them three important aspect of business:-

- Place to do business - Free market economy.
- Product/Products to trade or manufacture, based on demand.
- Price - based in Yemen - Competitive & affordable by consumer.

All four students were from Yemen, we plan the business place to be in Yemen. Infra structure in Yemen for business is poor, specially roads, farms to market, major cities in Yemen need basic farm products, for consumers in cities. Historically Yemen was known as The Jewel of Arabia, mild temperature, rain & Fertile land.

Product:- Basic food items like Milk, Eggs, Honey, Poultry, Vegetable, Fruit, mutton, beef etc.

Price: Small farmers in the villages face difficulty to bring his produce to the city, to transport small quantity is not profitable.

On the basis of our initial study, we plan to prepare a FEASIBILITY report based on the information available in Guantanamo. Mr. David Lemus has already provided the feasibility namely:-
YEMEN MILK & Honey Farms LIMITED.

This project is based on self reliance, self sufficient and

self-sustainable. This Feasibility report, a true hard work of Abdel Malik, extensive research under the very difficult circumstances, hand drawing, market study, costing and in their own hand writing written report.

Abdel Malik and his associates are very proud of this Feasibility report and claim, its their intellectual property, and very confident to implement this project if luck prevails. This project with a small investment can be best considered as a rehabilitation for many Yemenies, can be accomodated as a Farm House worker with family accomodation, free electricity, gas, water, milk, honey, telephone eggs, vegetable, fruits and meat. Our estimate is total investment including working capital is approximately US\$1,500,000.00, school & hospital also will be available.

Now Abdel Malik can read, write and converse in English with confidence, I have seen some of his Computer work, he is soft spoken, polite and helpful to other. He misses his wife, daughter parents and other family member. I am sure with his new vision he will be an asset to Yemeni society and to his family. I wish him good luck in his upcoming PRB session.

Copy to:

Mr. David Remos

Abdel Malik (ISN 037)

S. A. Paracha (ISN 1094)

Respectfully Submitted



ISN 1094

SAIFULLAH A. PARACHA

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Col [REDACTED]
Please send me a
photo copy ASAP
at your convenience.

S. A. PARACHA
ISN 1094

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ISN037 Exhibits

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Exhibit 6 – Assessment by Detainee Programs Art Director

Exhibit 7 – ISN037's Artwork

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Aisha's cell phone with a picture of Aisha and her father, Abdel Malik



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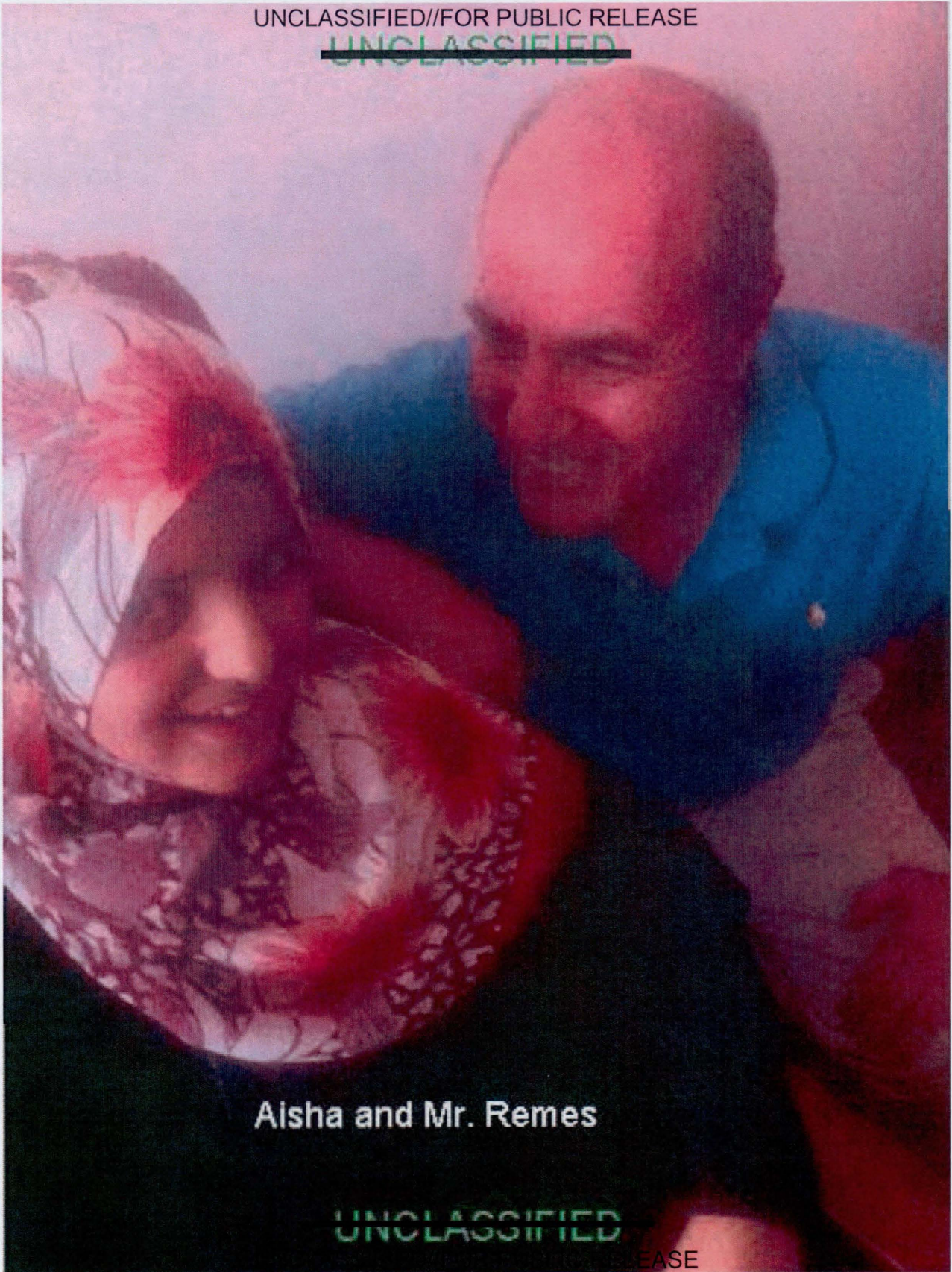


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Aisha and Mr. Remes

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EASE

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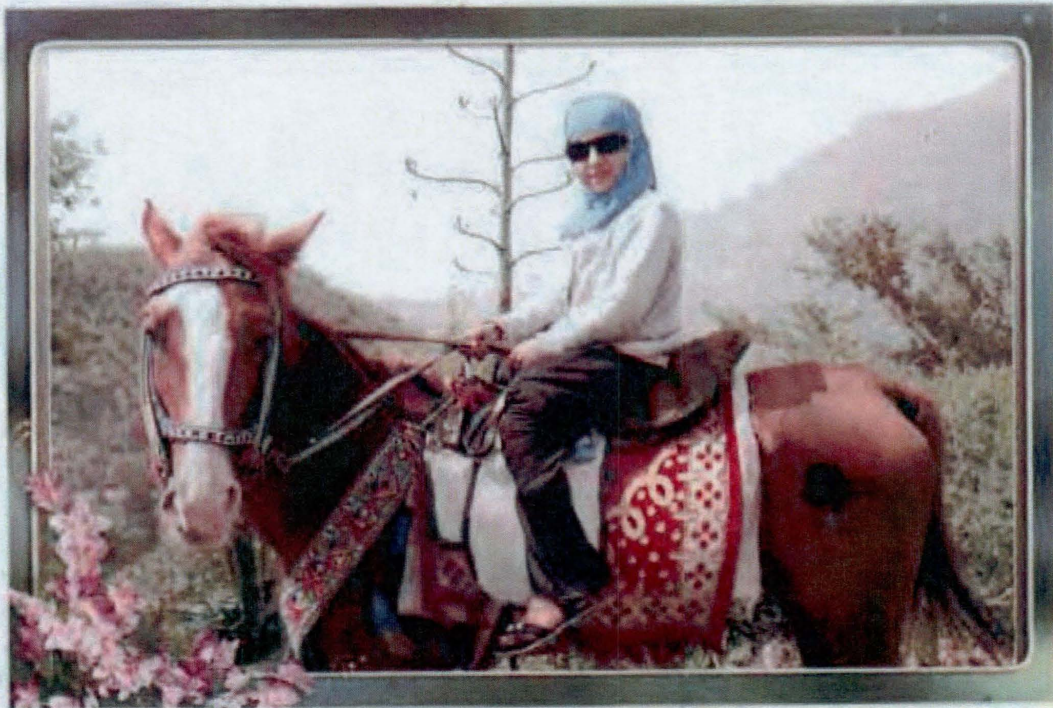


Aisha as a young girl



Aisha as a baby

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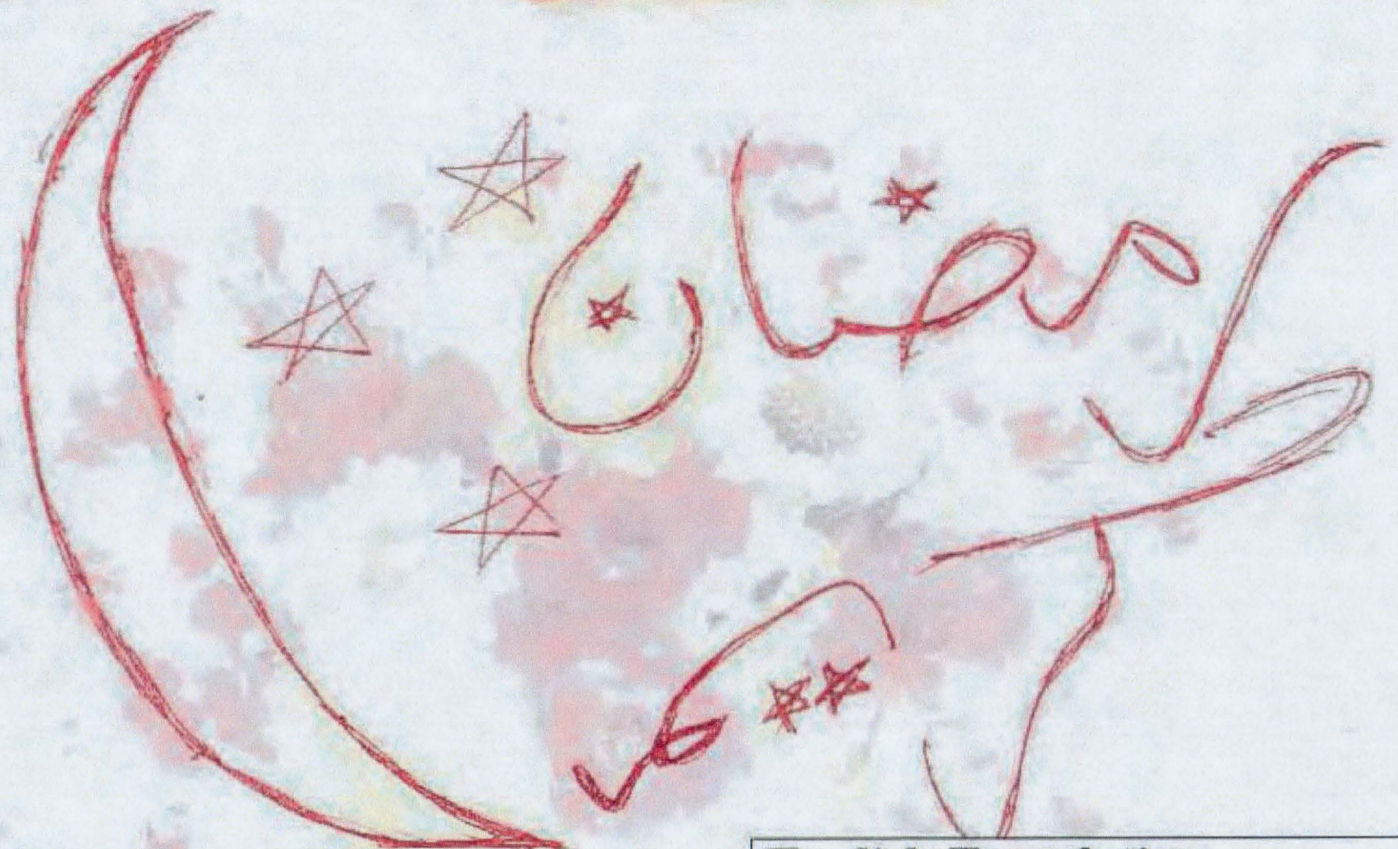
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Love You



رمضان كريم



من عيسوي راجي
والله اعلم
بالحق
❤️

امو انترينج بخير

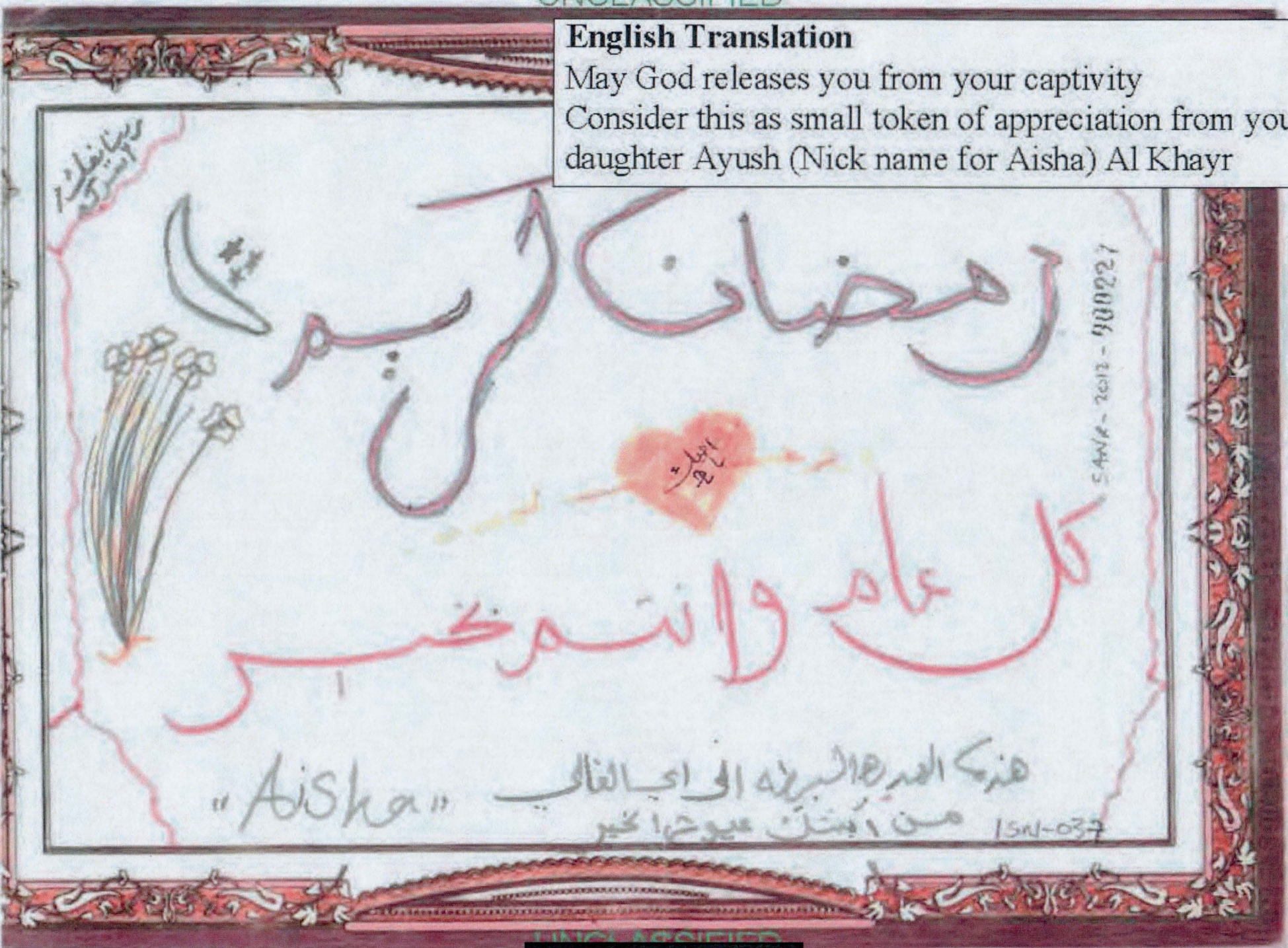
English Translation
From Aisha
To my beloved Father
I love you
Happy Ramadan and Best wishes
for the feast of Sacrifice

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English Translation

May God releases you from your captivity
Consider this as small token of appreciation from your
daughter Ayush (Nick name for Aisha) Al Khayr



GUANT-2012-AOU/50

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GUAN-2013 A 00302

SANE-2013-000125

15N-037

قل للشكر من

ما عاشنا مخلوقا نعرفك وينساك
 بس الزمان زاد علينا حولة
 يا ابي جعل المخالف تقداك
 اضربك الهامه وانك بمنك
 اطو منهمو يعجز عنرب بطولة

I Love You Papa

English Translation

A poet once said:

"Who he knew of you, and then forgot of you,
 he never lived

Although time have added heavy weight on us

But God my father will protect you

Hit the head

and I'll lend you my hands to your eyes

And I'll be your hero"

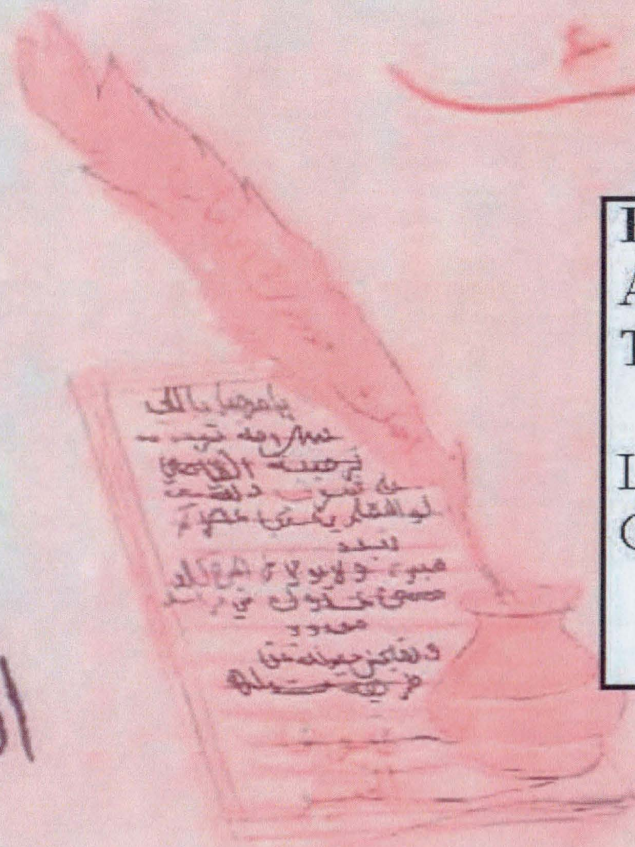
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GUAN-2013 A00302

عبد الملك

اول
ما خلق
الله
هو
القلم



English Translation
Abd Al Malik
The first thing that was created by
God is the pencil
Life has taught me that Smile and
Optimism are your cross road to the
hearts of other people

علمتني الامياة :-

ان لا بتساهلة والتفاؤل تعبر بها الى
قلوب الاخرين

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ISANR-2013-000125
15ml-037



ابو عيوش
الغالي



ابو عيوش

English Translation
I love you my beloved father
- Abu Aiyush



ISANR-2013-000302

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GUAN-2013 A 00302

SANR-2013-000125

15N-037

1041104 000-385



نرى شقيقه
١٤

البيد يا ابي الغالي...



ابن ابي

A

English Translation

I miss you my Dear Father

I love you Dad

~~UNCLASSIFIED~~

~~UNCLASSIFIED~~



11. REPLY TO THE MESSAGE

الرد على الرسالة

Family and/or private news only

أخبار شخصية أو عائلية فقط

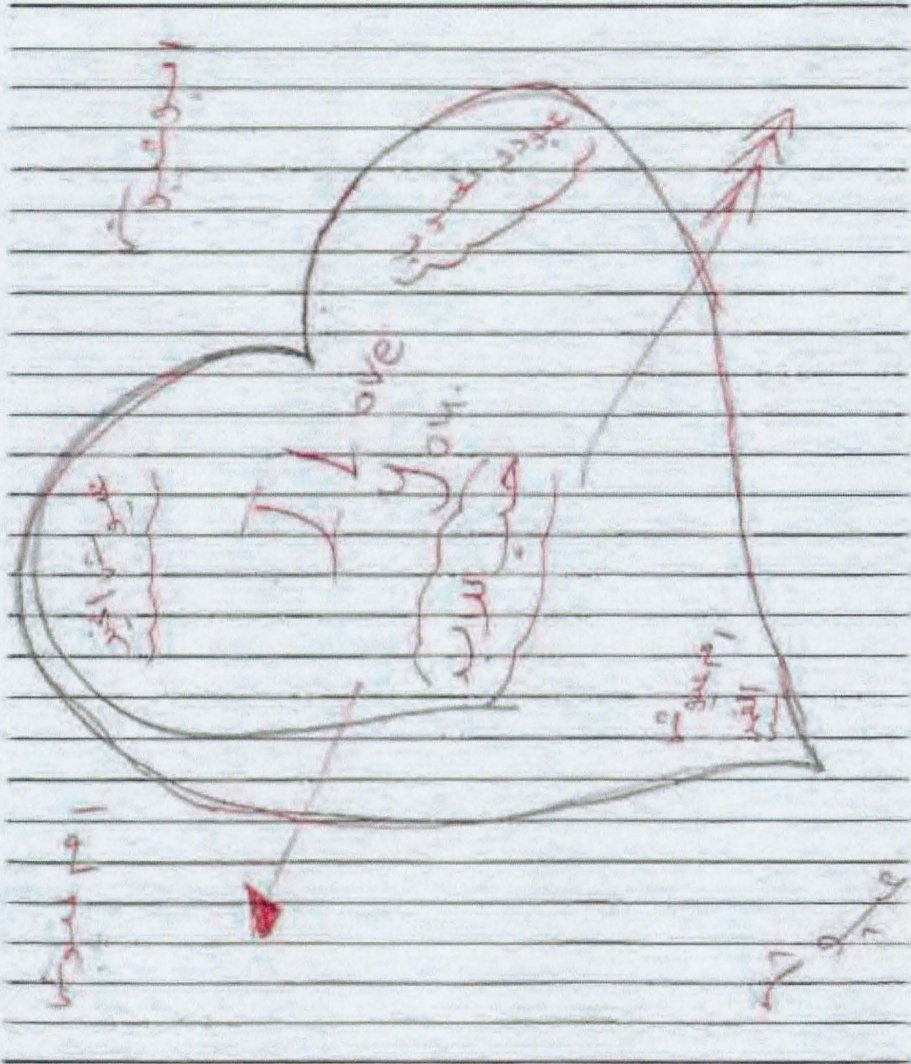
English Translation

Abbud my beloved

I love you for ever

The lovely Um Ayush (Aisha's mother)

Abu Ayush (Aisha's father)



5MAR-2012-000121

12.

161-037

Date _____ التاريخ _____ Signature _____ الإمضاء _____

The addressee is my _____ المرسل إليه _____

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~~UNCLASSIFIED~~

11. REPLY TO THE MESSAGE

الرد على الرسالة

Family and/or private news only

أخبار شخصية أو عائلية فقط

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده

عليه وآله المعارف الرحيم يا ابي

الحبيب والحنين ورحمة وفؤاد عظيم وقلب عظيم

كنت اذ انت عننا فرحنا ما عانت فرح ونسيتنا ونسيتكم

ونحن سويا كيف حالك يا ابي العلي

ابن الخيم من الليالي اقبل قلبك يا ابي العلي

يا ابي العلي قلبك واولادك وخدمك يا ابي العلي

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يا ابي العلي قلبك واولادك وخدمك يا ابي العلي

English Translation

In the name of God the most Merciful

Thank be to God, glory and praise to Allah, most high, full of grace and mercy. Peace be upon Muhammad Bin Abdullah, the most sincere and the most beneficent. To my dear and beloved father, my heart, and my eyes, how are you doing? God willing when you are released, we are going to talk and play a lot together. How is your health my dear father? My dear father, I miss you my beautiful daddy. I love you and I wish to see you, I want to kiss you on your cheeks and I want to hug you.

You don't know how much I miss you my dear father

And now let me send you a beautiful poem:
A call from the dear ones is warmth,
But a message is cure
When you are further afar
The heart become tight and aches
And I feel like I suffocated

My Dear Father,
When will you come back? I miss you ... when are you coming back?

Aisha
11/11/2010

12.

Date: 11/11/2010 Signature: Aisha

The addressee is my: ابي العلي

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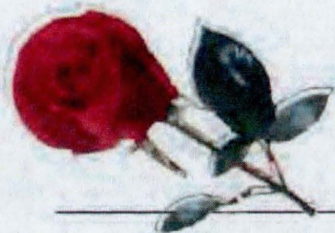
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5. MESSAGE

نص الرسالة

Family and/or private news only

أخبار شخصية أو عائلية فقط



يا ابي انت اليوم انك انك والى الله انك

انك انك فرحنا بجملة انك انك يود فرحنا

 ولكن يا ابي انك والى الله انك انك يا ابي
 حينئذ انك انك انك انك انك انك انك
 انك انك انك انك انك انك انك انك

والسادسة ارسل انك انك انك انك انك

حينئذ الاولى في المدرسة وانك قد تغيرت الى

مدرسة النخبة اهلية مع محمد صفاء وانك

على حين الثالث وانك حين الاولى صفاء لم تكن

او انك اليوم كان فعل وانك انك انك

الكل الصف الرابع حيا انك انك انك انك انك

يا ابي وان شاء الله اليوم انك انك انك انك انك

قران كريم وانك انك انك انك انك انك انك

ابنتك الغالية

Date: 11/11/2011 التاريخ Signature: الامضاء

The addressee is my



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English Translation

My dear father

Today is the day for the telephone call, I feel very happy when I talk to you, but I will be happier when you come back. I want to let you know that my grandmother Fatimah and my grandfather Yusuf send their best regards. Daddy, I want to inform you that I successfully passed my school year and I was promoted to the sixth grade. Just I want to let you know that I was the first of my class, and I was transferred to "Al Nukhbah" private school with Muhammad and Safa'. Muhammad was the third of his class, but I was the first, however Safa' was not amongst the top of the class. Today we had a party, and your phone call, the party was wonderful, and I sang with the rest of the students. Today I will recite the holy Quran, and you too daddy you must recite the Quran.

Your daughter

Aisha

الجمهورية العربية السورية
وزارة التربية والتعليم

مكتب محافظة إدلب

إدارة التعليم الأهلي والاد

مدارس الخدمة المجتمعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



شهادة شكر وتقدير

تهنئ مدارس النخبة النموذجية الأهلية ممثلة بإدارة المدرسة

الطالبة/ عائشة عبد الملك عبد الوهاب أحمد الرجبي ”

من الصف السادس لتفوقها في جميع المواد الدراسية للعام الدراسي 2010/2011م

وحصولها على الترتيب الأول مكر



ونحن إذ نتمناها هذه الشهادة تمنى لها مزيداً من التقدم والنجاح

مديرة المدارس
سحر علي نعمان

مربية الفصل /

سحر علي نعمان

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English Translation (Award)

The Yemen Republic
Ministry of Education
The Office of Ibb Governorate
Al Nukhbah School

In the name of God the most merciful

Achievement Award

Al-Nukhbah private school and its directorate congratulate the student
Aisha Abd Al Malik AQbd Al Wahab Ahmad Al Rahabi, for her
successful achievement in becoming the first of her class.
While providing her with this certificate we wish her more advancement
and success in her future.

Signed by:
(The teacher of her class)

[REDACTED]

The School Director

[REDACTED]

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~~UNCLASSIFIED~~**English Translation (Report Card)**

The Yemen Republic
 Al Nukhba School Ministry of Education
 The Office of Ibb Governorate
 Al Zahar Office

To the guardian of the student Aisha Abd Al Malik Abd Al Wahab
 Ahmed Al Rahabi
 Passed with a 97.6 %

**Final result for the school year
 2010-2011**

Subject	Quran	Islamic Study	Arabic language	Social Study	Eng	Science	Math	Computer	Art	Sport				
Total	19	19	17	19	20	20	19	19	20	20				
Total	30	30	25	30	30	30	28	30	30	30				
Total	20	18	19	20	20	20	19	19	20	20				
Total	28	30	29	30	30	30	29	30	30	30				
Grand Total	97	97	90	99	100	100	95	98	100	100	0	0	0	976

Signed
 By the Control Office
 The School Director



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~~UNCLASSIFIED~~



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~~UNCLASSIFIED~~



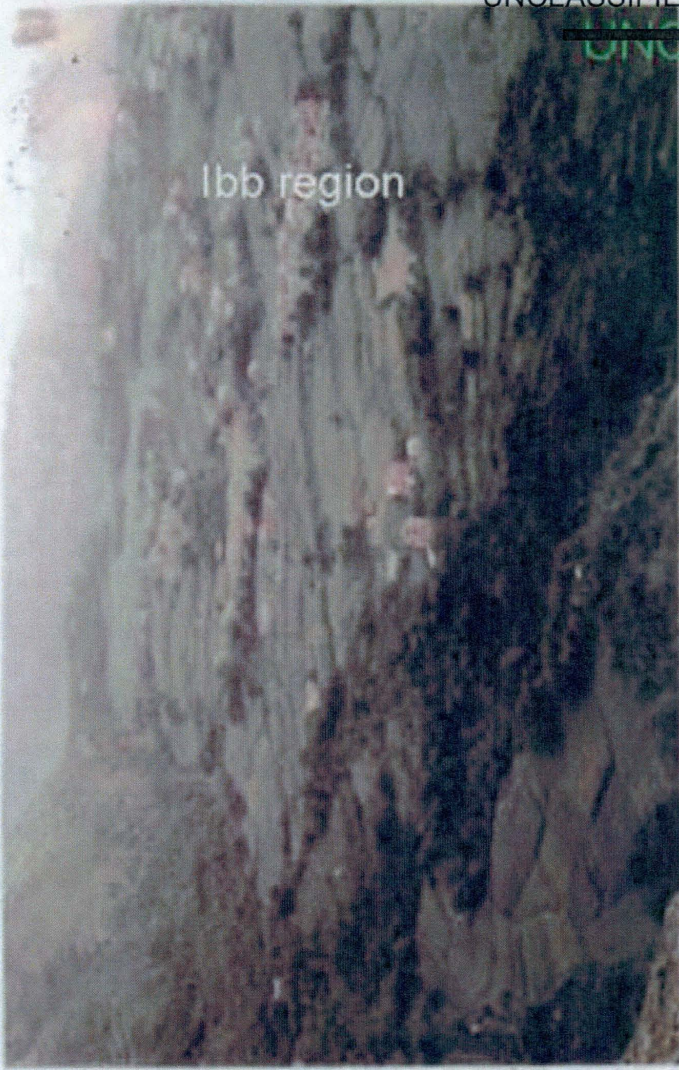
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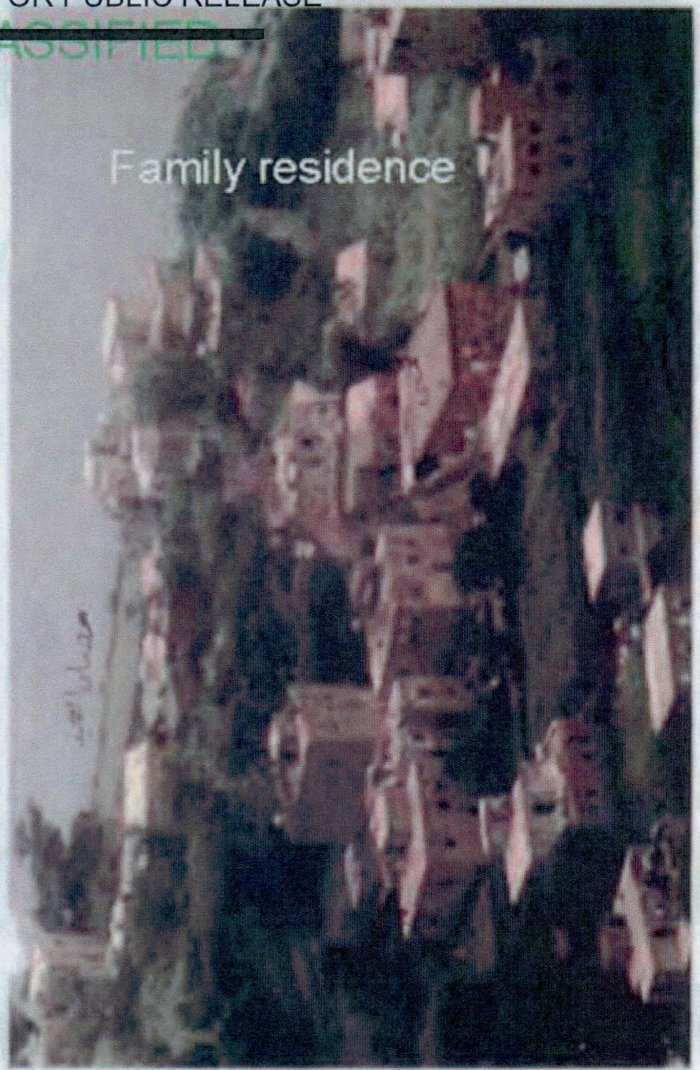


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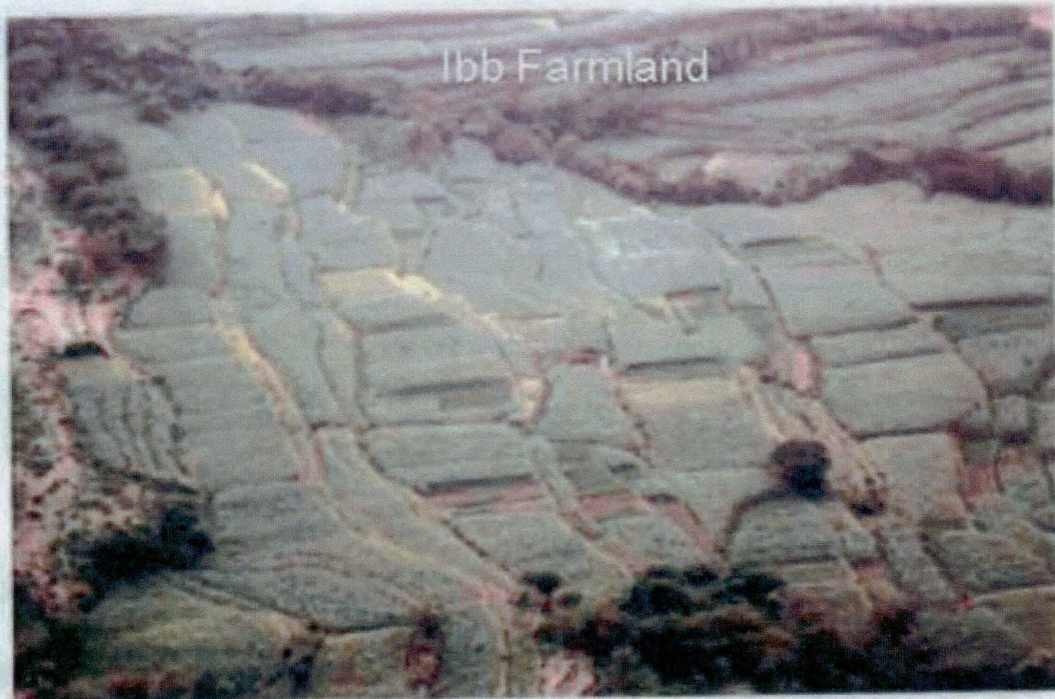
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Ibb region



Family residence



Ibb Farmland

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~~UNCLASSIFIED~~



YEMEN MILK & HONEY FARMS LIMITED
(Propose)
A Self Sustained And Self Sufficient Project

FEASIBILITY REPORT
2013

PREPARED
BY

Faeed, Khalid, Mansoor, Abdul. Malik.
Detainees,
Guantanamo Detention Facilities,
U.S.A. Naval Station, Guantanamo, Cuba.

AUTHORIZED BY JTF GTMO, JDG FOR ISN: 000037

YEMIA

Board of Director

Yemen Milk & Honey Farms Limited
(Propose)

Abdus Salam	Yemeni	1,463	Chairman
Saeed	Yemeni	235	Managing Director
Munsoor	Yemeni	441	Director & Secretary
Abdul Malik	Yemeni	037	Director
Khalid	Yemeni	242	Director

Share Capital


Yemen Milk and Honey Farms Limited (Propose) will be incorporated in Yemen, with the limited liabilities authorized Capital in Yemeni Rial 312,700,000

Capital divided into par value share of Yemeni Rial 2,000, amounting to shares = 161,350

YEMW

Introduction

It is an honor and privilege to introduce a project in Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, based on self reliance, sustainable and self-sufficiency. The project will be under the name of Yemen Milk and Honey Farms Limited.

Its head office will be in Sana'a, Yemen, logo and trade mark will be , company will be incorporated under the company's act in Yemen.

My heart aches when I see prevailing condition of Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, our nation is facing many challenges in every field. for example health care, education, security, staggering unemployment, famine and its economy.

Country economic health is judged by its Gross National Product or Gross Domestic Product (GNP / GDP). According to the World Bank or International Monetary Fund (WB / IMF), GNP report of ten countries is as follows:-

Switzerland	B 35,910
USA	B 31,059
Hong Kong	S 24,581
Canada	B 19,439
Israel	B 17,41
South Korea	B 6,956

AMWA

China	\$ 1,777
Egypt	\$ 1,211
Angola	\$ 528
North Korea	\$ 430
Yemen	\$ 354

Yemen (the Jewel of Arabia) is one of the most blessed country in the world, its fertile land, plenty of water for irrigation, good climate and over and above very hard working people. It is very unfortunate the most talented Yemenites in the field of Engineering, Business, Doctors and other professional have been migrating to other countries and Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, is suffering and also there is leadership crisis.

Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, is an important historical country and played very effective role in human civilisation. The Queen of Sheba (Bilqis in Arabian tradition) was from the same area, she, there for rightly held up her head high until she saw the glories of Hajrat Solomon (PBUH). One time Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, was a hub for world trade and commerce, trading with Africa through the Straits of Bab al Mandab, barely 20 miles across, red sea and through great highway via Mecca to Syria, the road connected by sea transport with India, Malay and China.

The Dam of Maarib, about 4 km length and about 40

YEMEN

meter height a gigantic work of earth-works with stone of their skill in irrigation engineering, its canals, were skirted by gardens on both sides, right and left, both sides gardens. It produced fruits, spices and frankincense. It was a happy, prosperous, skilled with science and technology country. Then mighty Dam down burst, the flourishing "Garden of Arabia" were converted into waste. The fruit trees became wild, traces still exist. Some historians have reached to the conclusion that the mighty flood destroyed the Dam in about 120 A.C.

The ancient religions of Yemen consisted in the worship of heavenly bodies, the sun, the planets and the stars. Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, had easy access to Mesopotamia and the Persian Gulf by the way sea as well as with Abyssinia. That accounts for the Christian of Habasha and the Jewish dynasty of kings who persecuted them in the centuries before Islam, Jewish-Christian influences were powerful in Arabia just before Islam.

The Yemen coast of Arabia, which was easily accessible by sea to Persia, was the battle ground between the Persian Empire and Abyssinia Empire just across the Red Sea. Shortly before the birth of the Prophet Mohammed (PBUH), Abyssinia had been in occupation of Yemen, the Jewel of Arabia, for some time, having replaced a Jewish dynasty. The Abyssinians professed the Christian religion. Then the Abyssinians were overthrown, and Persian Empire was established in Yemen, and their power lasted there until about the 7th year of the Hijrah, which is

YEMEN

approximately 628 A.C., when Yemen, The Jewel of Arabia, accepted Islam.

The spiritual leader of Zaidi, their Imam, ruled the North of Yemen for centuries. In 1872 Yemen became part of Ottoman Empire. During World War I Yemen sided with Turks.

Imam Ahmed of Zaidi sect in 1958 formed a federation with Syria and Egypt called United Arab Democratic, United State of Arabs. It did not last very long. In 1961 first Syria withdrew and by December 1961 Egypt withdrew also.

After disintegration of United of Arab (Syria, Egypt and Yemen) in 1962 Mohammed Al Badar became head of North Yemen. He was in the favour of democracy and wanted to make Yemen as constitutional Monarch. Yemen army started revolting with Egyptian support which resulted a civil war. Imam Al Badar was supported by Saudi Arabia while over 70,000 Egyptian's army supporting the Yemeni army. When the revolution succeeded Abdullah Salal became head of the Yemen. In 1967 General Hassan's Army toppled Abdullah Salal. Prolong civil war in Yemen damaged the country extensively.

On the other side of Yemen, the British Empire was occupying Adan and coastal area of Adan up to Muscat and established military and Naval Bases for more than a

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YEMEN

Century and in 1967 Britain totally withdrew. And after most damaging civil war and exiting of Monarch North and South were united in 1940. But prosperity of Yemen and the infrastructure was totally damaged. It is very sad and a history of self destruction over and over, again and again.

High earning and wealth (GDP) is very important in our personal life and national affair of the country, but its side effects are Crimes, Jealousy and domination if not based on sharing and care. Bhutan is a very small country of about 2,485,000 population and a very poor country and does not believe in GNP, but believes in Gross National Happiness and family life.

When we compare Bhutan with Yemen, Yemen is many time more blessed country. Yemen is 10 times bigger in population and more than 10 times in area, Bhutan is a land locked country, where as Yemen has vast frontage of Indian Ocean in the South and Red Sea in the west. Yemen's climate is superb compared to Bhutan. Yemen may be weak financially but family ties are very strong. Yemen's Gross National Happiness is greater than many countries in the world, with basic agriculture development, prosperity could be reclaimed.

In the beginning of human civilisation about 10,000 years ago world's people were hunters, Normand -

YEMIA

when humanity enter water, community structure started developing, town, city and now megacities around the world. Now towns, cities and megacities are far from nature. Now our young Yemeni entrepreneurs want to start a project near Bajil, Yemen, by the highway road leads to Sana'a and Al-Hodeidah on a farm land, detail map enclosed. These young entrepreneurs are very excited to start this agro project.

This project will be based on self reliance, sustainable and based on self sufficiency, since we are living on a global village, our technology has created a global society, where we are connected electronically, very inexpensive, we will seek assistance, world wide on Wind Mills (for clean energy - power generation), our own private telephone exchange, making our own gas from Dung (cow Dung), fiber optic internet connection etc.

Salient features of our agriculture project are as follows:-

100 farm houses, each 70x70 meters, on farm land

10 Cows for milking

50 Lambs for milking and wool

500 Chickens for Eggs and chicken meat

10 Honey Bee Farming

Fruit Trees, Vegetable, flowers.

School for Farm House workers children, male and female,

Hospital and Maternity Home,

Petrol Pump and rest area

YEMIW

- Small Market.
- Later Agro Base small scale industries.
- Mosque.
- Community Club.
- Park with Play ground.
- Rest Area.
- Bank.
- Post office.
- Police station.
- Vocational Training School
- Self-sufficiency Institute.

In the end I do wish my young entrepreneurs to
succeed in this project. With best regards & wishes

Date

January 23, 2013

Chairman

YEMEN

Project Location

After detail study and thorough investigation, the Board of Directors of Yemen Milk & Honey Farms Limited have selected a site near the town of Bajil in Al-Hodeidah province at a highway road leads to Sana'a, Al-Hodeidah as well as neighboring provinces of Hajjah, Al-Mahweet. Area of Bajil is very fertile and there is plenty of water for irrigation, suitable weather.

Yemen is the most populous country among the Arabian Peninsula, its population is over 25 millions, our project is located in a most populous cities of Yemen, Sana'a population is about 2 million, other big cities are not very far like Taiz, Ibb, Tarieem. Dhamar population is about 0.5 million and 1 million for Hajjah and Al-Mahweet provinces.

It will be very easy to market our products in our farm area, Our products are basic necessity for rich and poor, milk, yogurt, butter, cheese, honey, fruit, vegetables, eggs and chicken are daily human consumption even our farm's production can not fulfill the enormous demand.

We will try to acquire about 200 acres agriculture land in the rural area, beside 100 Farm Houses of each about 1 acre, we assign some portion of land for future value added small industrial units based on our agriculture produce and light engineering assembly plants;

YEMIA

for example :

Cycles

Electrical Fans

Water pumps

Small Windmills

Ice Factory

Pharmaceutical Industry

Gas Converters

MIMW

Electricity

Since our project is based on self reliance, we will generate electricity on our own premises. In this modern age man-kind can not imagine life without electricity, because it is one of the most important element in our daily life, and in this modern life everything depend on the electricity.

After the Industrial Revolution back in 1774, the world has been witnessing a major development, utilizing as much natural resources, as possible.

Electricity provides light, heat, cooking (A.C and refrigeration) and power for many things such as computer, television, train, tube well for irrigation and communication etc... Energy is every where in many different forms, from sun light to motion. Energy can be converted from one form to another, oil, gas, coal, Hydral and solar and nuclear energy, but today we have realised so much carbon back into atmosphere which result to catastrophe consequences, and the world today seeks to bring clean energy to protect our planet from pollution and the wind energy is the safest alternative of other sources (which cause environmentally problems)

Humans have been using wind power for at least 5,500 years ago for sailing ships and propel sail boats. Beside, windmill is used for irrigation, pumping water and for milling grains, now the use of wind energy spreads across the world, and the development makes it more practical and does not cost much. Its price has

-14-

YEMIA

decreased 80% compare with 30 years before, and today USA. China and other countries in Europe have started many project to produce clean energy from wind mill, solar, water power... and encourage people to do so.

We are planning to use wind mills (tur-bine) to harness important resource like wind, a renewable energy, it's a clean energy and good for the environment.

Now windmills are very efficient and low cost. No operation cost and least maintenance.

What we need in our project 3 to 4 windmills, small size, which will help us to run our project and to depend on our selves and to go with project plan self-sufficiency.

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-15-

YEMTH

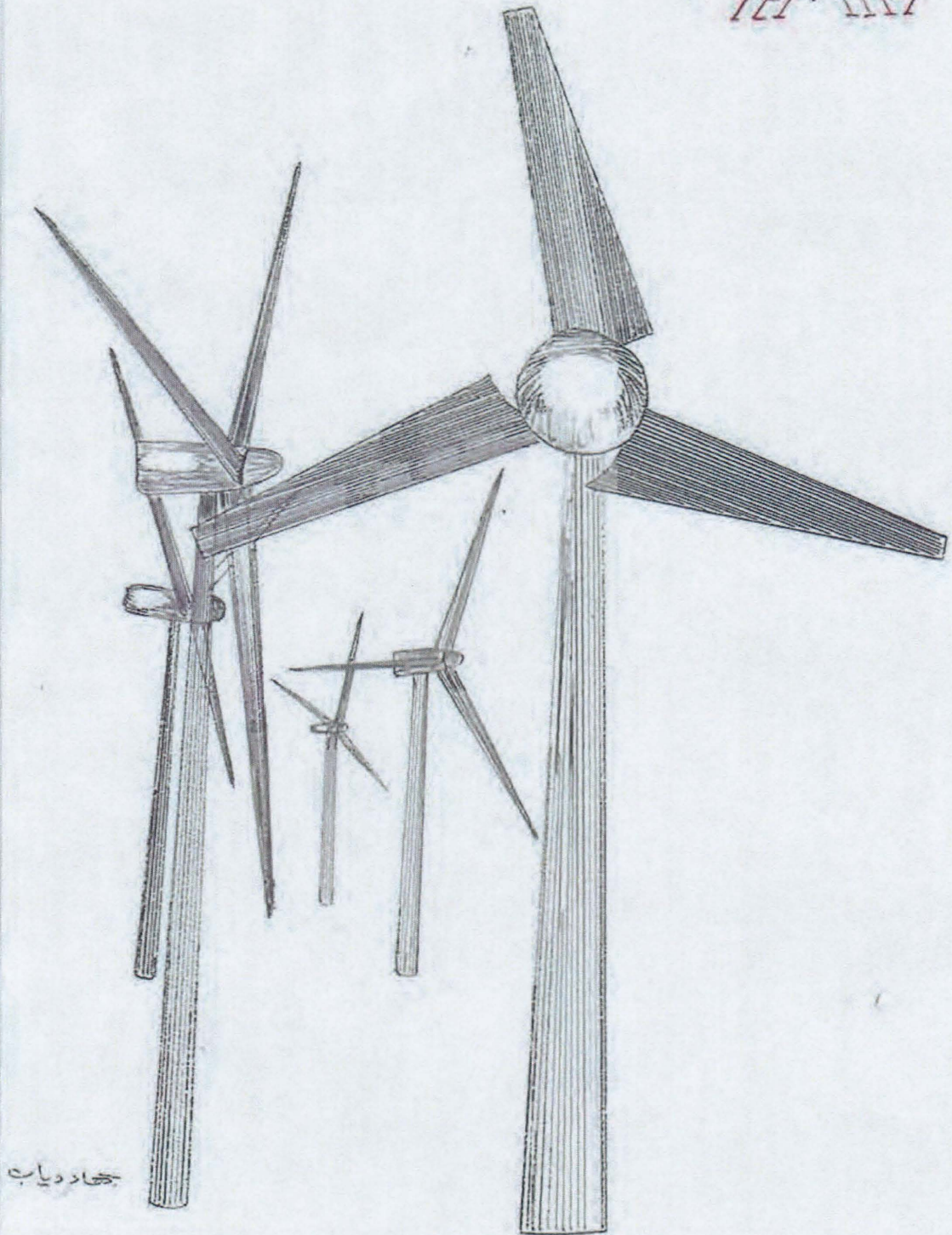
Wind Mill

A typical wind installed in the rural area, converting wind into electricity without oil, gas, coal or solar cells, we will be installing four (4) windmills at a suitable place on our 200 acres farm land, it also needs very little maintenance.

Electricity generation by windmill also depends on wind turbine's, blade size, height and wind speed, for example if the wind speed is as follows:-

Speed kph	Power
8.00 kph	0.6 kW/Hour
16.8 kph	2.0 kW/Hour
25 kph	6.0 kW/Hour
32 kph	18.0 kW/Hour

AMIAH



مخاروب

Wind Mills

AUTHORIZED BY JTF GTMO, JDG FOR ISN#037

YEMW

Most developing countries are facing shortage of electricity, similarly Yemen is producing to the best of our knowledge about 800 mega watts for a population of over 23 million in Yemen, major deficiency in supply, and demand and with technical faults rural areas of Yemen, there is hardly electric supply. Even in urban areas there is a daily short supply of electricity.

We have selected Wind Mill for our project and recommend to Yemen government to install Wind Mills in order to overcome the shortfall of supply and demand of electricity in Yemen. Now its a worldwide trend for Wind Mills installation on a very large scale, even Germany is replacing its Nuclear Power Houses with world largest Wind Mills, we are enclosing some countries detail of Wind Mills installation trend for last several years, since 2005-2011.

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Installed wind power capacity (MW)

	Nation	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
-	European Union	40,722	48,122	56,614	65,255	74,919	84,074	
1	China	1,266	2,599	5,912	25,164	41,800	55,000	
2	United States	9,149	11,603	16,819	25,176	35,159	40,200	45,800
3	Germany	18,428	20,622	22,247	23,903	25,777	27,214	29,000
4	Spain	10,028	11,630	15,145	16,740	19,149	20,676	22,000
5	India	4,430	6,270	7,850	9,587	10,925	13,064	
6	Italy	1,718	2,123	2,726	3,537	4,850	5,197	
7	France	779	1,539	2,477	3,426	4,410	5,660	
8	United Kingdom	1,353	1,963	2,389	3,288	4,070	5,203	
9	Canada	683	1,460	1,846	2,369	3,319	4,008	
10	Denmark	3,132	3,140	3,129	3,164	3,465	3,752	
11	Portugal	1,022	1,716	2,130	2,862	3,535	3,702	
12	Japan	1,040	1,309	1,528	1,880	2,056	2,304	
13	Netherlands	1,236	1,571	1,759	2,237	2,223	2,237	
14	Sweden	509	571	831	1,067	1,560	2,163	
15	Australia	579	817	817	1,494	1,712	2,020	
16	Ireland	495	746	865	1,245	1,260	1,428	
17	Turkey	20	65	207	433	801	1,329	1,548
18	Taiwan	104	188	280	358	436		
19	Norway	268	325	333	423	431	441	
20	Egypt	145	230	310	390	430		
21	South Korea	119	176	192	278	348		
22	Morocco	64	64	125	125	253		
23	Iran	32	47	67	82	91	154	

-19-

YEMIAH

Wind Mill Assembly Unit

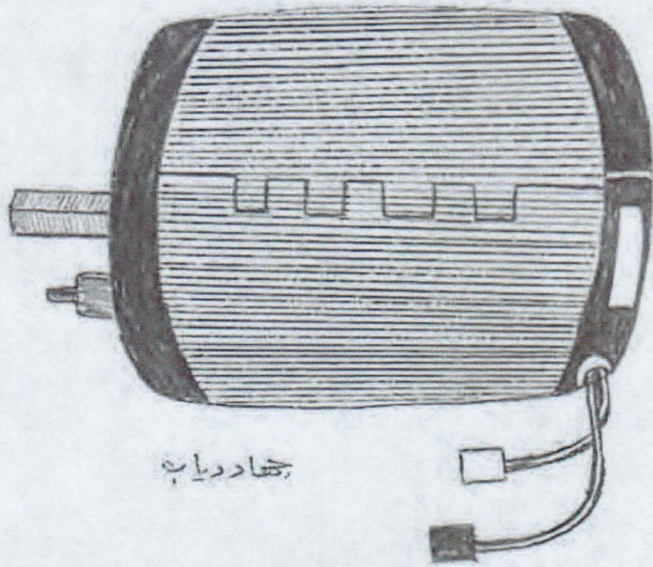
As we stated earlier, there is a very large shortage of electricity in Yemen and we are establishing our project to generate our own electricity for all our need in Cattle farming, Poultry farming and all our employees residence by Wind Mill. Our next target would be to facilitate our neighbouring community to have assembly unit of Wind Mills for a individual family, or small, medium and large community.

Initially we will import wind parts and over a period of time, we will slowly start manufacturing in our light engineering work shop. As it shows in the drawings, there are blades, alternator, conduit, pipes etc, worth only few hundred dollars and you can have the free electricity for years to come without any fuel but very little maintenance cost.

We will also provide Gas Converters to the community for making gas from animal waste in Yemen, gas for domestic use.

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YEMIAH

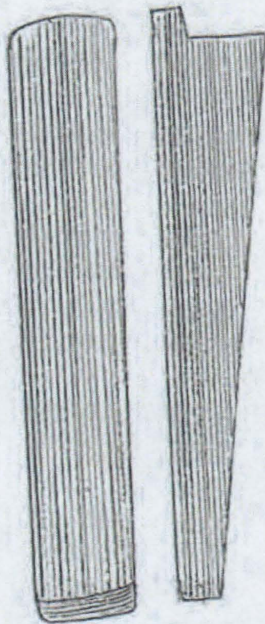


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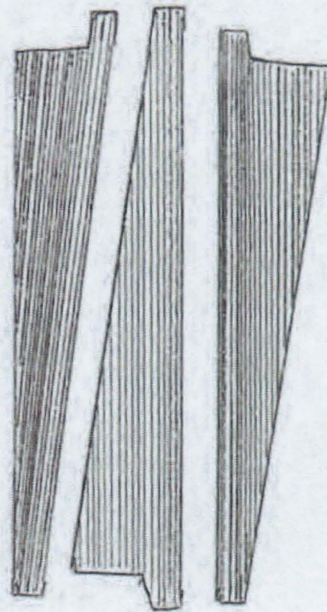
Turbine

AUTHORIZED BY JTF GTMO, JDG FOR ISN#037

YEMIH



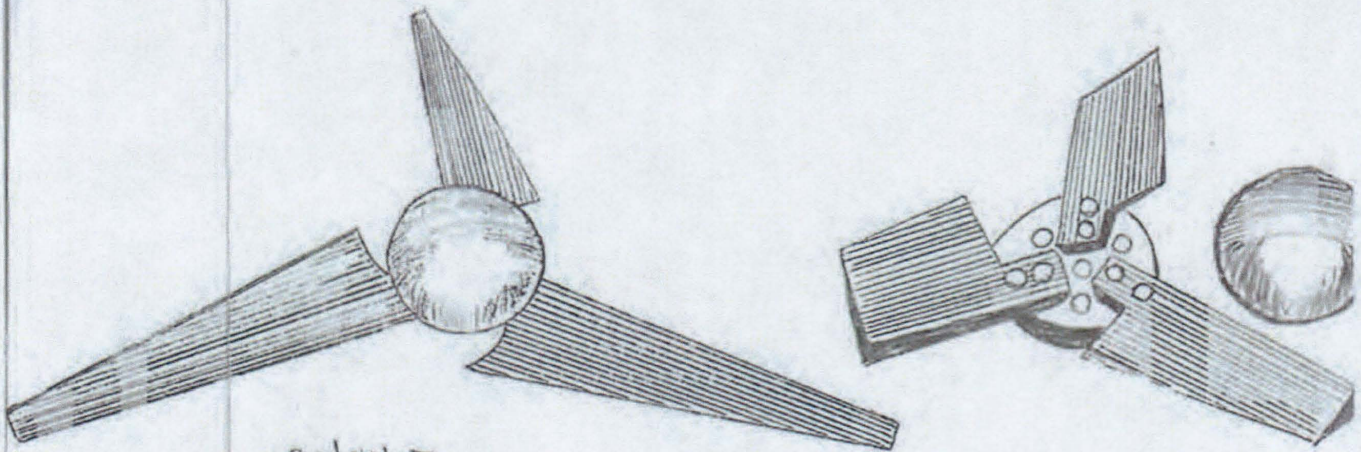
تقاریر



Blades

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YEMITH



4 blades

Assembling blades with turbine

-23-

YEMW

Production of Gas from animal waste on our farm.

There is a simple technology available in our world to convert animal waste into a gas to utilize in our farm houses for cooking and heating purpose. We have 100 Farm Houses, each farm house will have 10 cows and 50 lambs. We will install recycling domestic size unit to convert 2 farm house animal dung (cows and lamb) into gas and remainder will be used as a fertiliser. It will be a responsibility of farm house's employees to lean the animal dung and dump into the gas converting unit for fermentation for about 20-21 days, complete process defined on the other page.

This gas is called Bio Gas, chemically it is known as Methane, in its burning quality it is equal to Natural Gas and Petroleum Gas (LPG), Bio gas is first for our own consumption, surplus gas will be supplied to our own petrol pump, where we compress gas into gas cylinder for general sale.

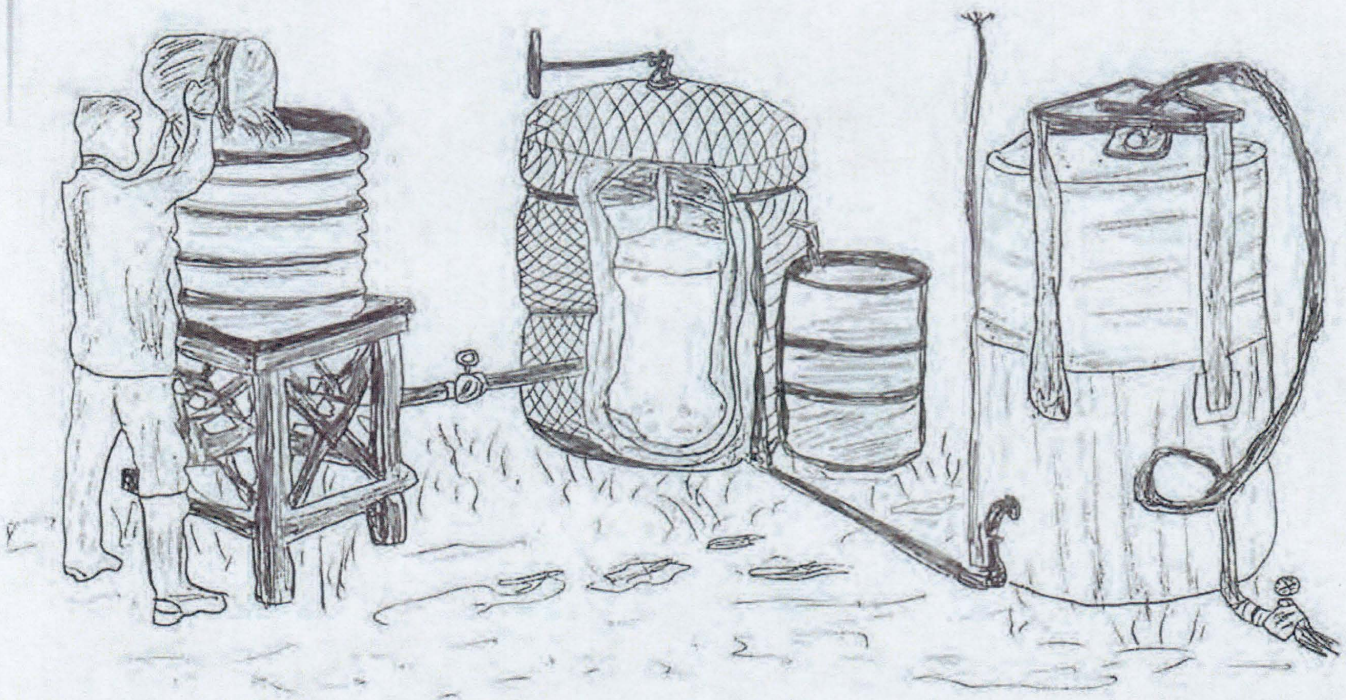
It is an other effort to be self-sustained, independent, reliance and self-sufficient.

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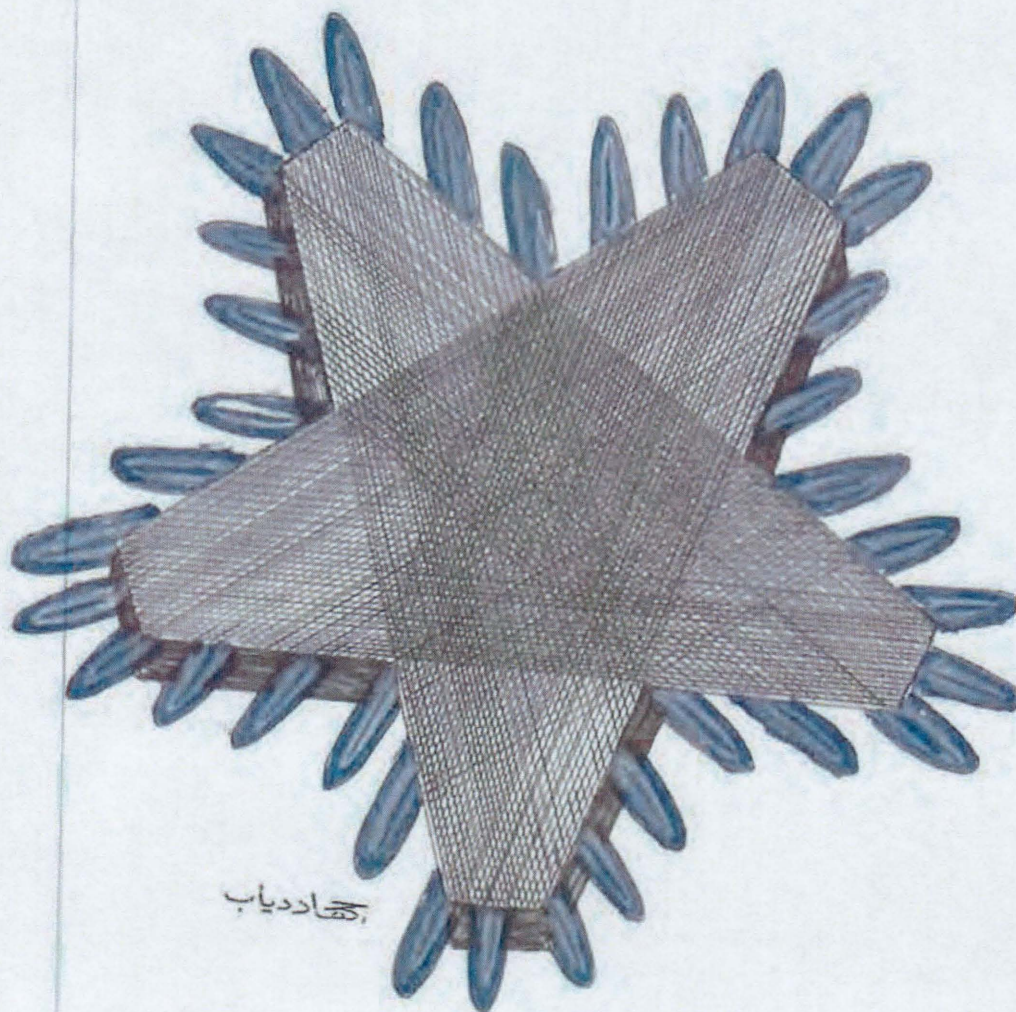
AMWA

Production of Gas



-25-

YEMIAH



It is a gas burner, showing clear flame for cooking purpose, there is no smoke, it is very clean to use Bio-Gas from the cow dung of our farm houses gas converting unit.

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YEMW

Since our project will be located in the rural area and we want to operate most efficiently, we are going to install our own telephone network system called Private Automatic Branch Exchange (PABX) for all our farmhouse, residences of our employees, sister concerns, cottage industries, small businesses for serving our project and the management, before construction, all networking of fiber optic cable for computer, telephone, internet etc. will be placed all over.

Electronic is a technology that uses electricity to communicate and process information. It is central to many pieces of modern equipment. The most important developments in electronics, the production of devices, will be to do more complicated things such as perform many different calculation at the same time. Electronics has made possible

Such micro-electronics phone exchanges and computers will be installed. They are small, faster and cheap, operation cost and maintenance is low and easy.

With this networking of telephones and computers, we can easily be connected to the internet. Internet is the biggest and most important computer network in the world. Now there are more than billion of computers connected world-wide through telephone or satellite line through internet,

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YEMIL

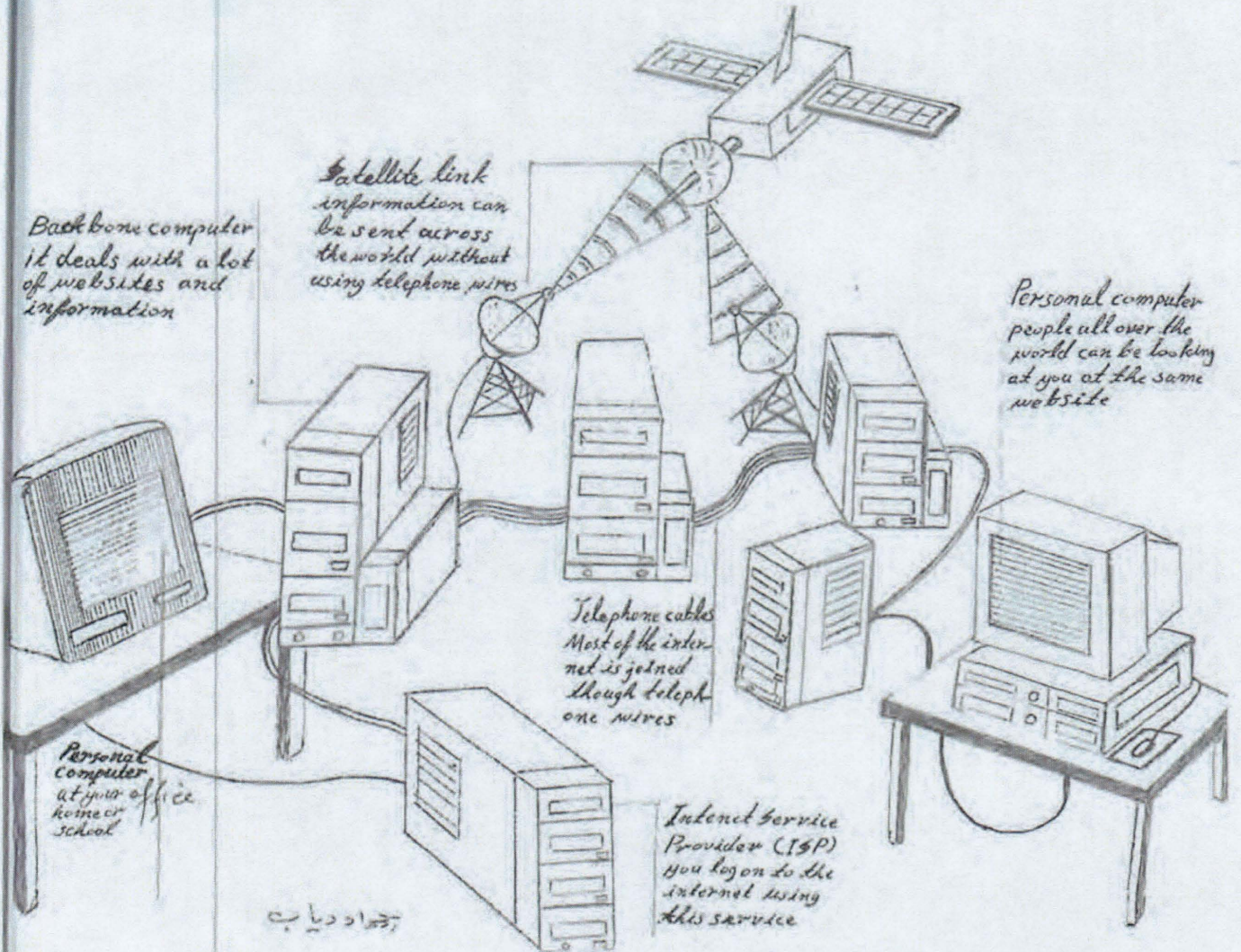
we will receive and send electronic message called E-Mail, it is very efficient and almost free to individual, organisation, worldwide government. There are five basic domain:

gov. Government
 mil. Military
 edu. Education
 com. Commercial
 org. Non-Profit Organisation

Every country has its own identification, for example ym for Yemen this makes up the last part of the E-mail address for example ahmed @yemil.com.ym.

We will have a web site WWW.yemil.com.ym. of our own.

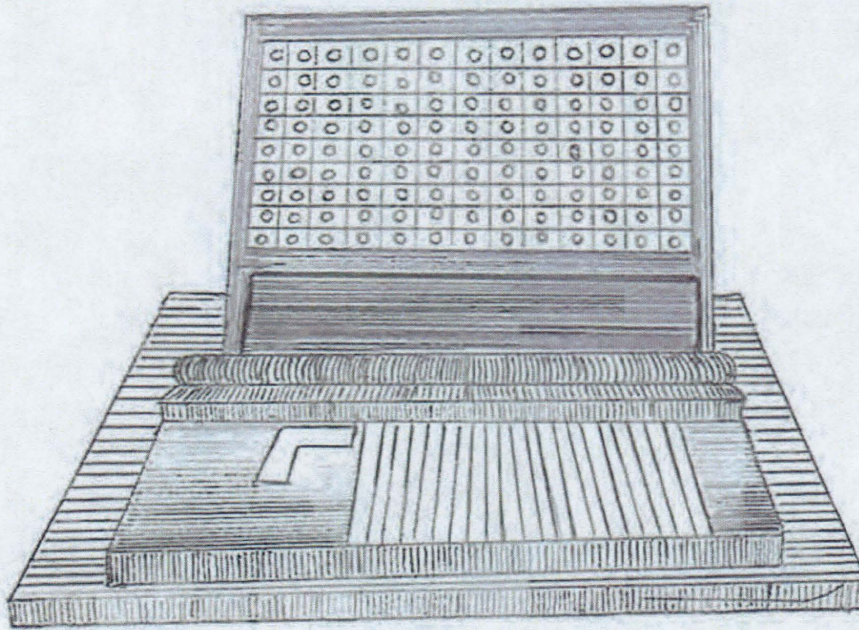
YEMIA



The Internet connects users
worldwide.

Computer and Communication Net Work

AMIAH



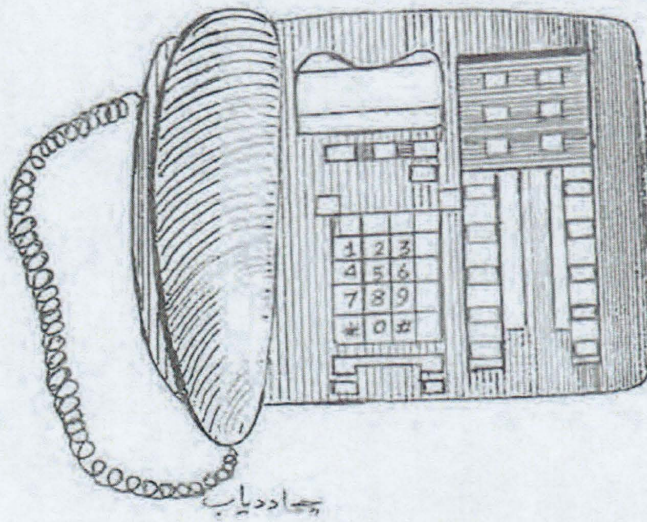
تبادل اتوماتيكي خاص

PABX

Private Automatic Branch Exchange

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YEMIA



Phone

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The Milking Cow

Since Allah created human being, He arranged milk for human survival and nourishment, initially mother's milk and later on animals milk. Cow has been a major source of milk for human being, and other products.

Hindu religion is one of the old religion, even before Islam, Christianity and Judaism. Hindus call as a mother cow. As our organisation name Yemen Milk and Honey Farms Limited says, milk is our main product to produce, process and market in Yemen, after detail survey and through study of Tahama's weather, soil analysis, fodder available in the vicinity and conducted research world wide to select a cow, we reach to conclusion that our Yemeni cows is good and suits for our project.

We will certainly keep our all farm animals, trees and plants on top priority for their nourishment, health and environment, we will have special program for future expansion, and readily available in Yemen for milking in several area of Yemen and also to export to other countries in order to contribute to earn foreign exchange for the country. Further we will seek all guidance from agriculturist for any special feed, beside green fodder.

In our milk processing plant, we will maintain a standard quality of milk, under strict hygienic condition and in our ultra High Temperature Pasteurization Unit.

YEMIH

Milk will be process and we will maintain strict percent.
age of :

Saturated Fat

Trans Fat

Protein

Calcium

Sodium

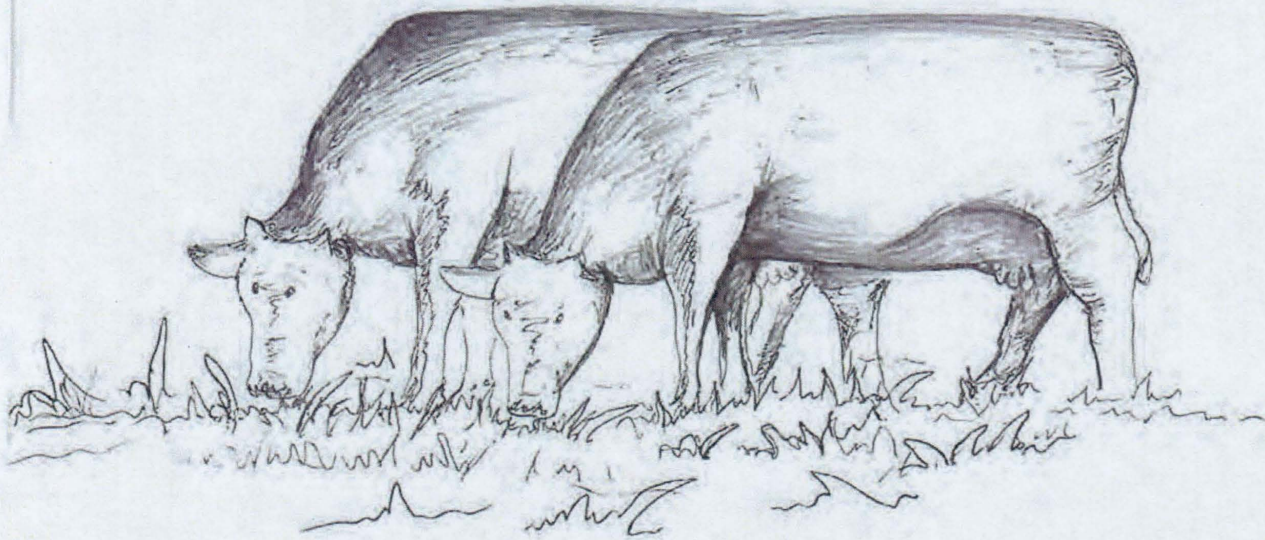
Carbohydrates

Vitamin A

Vitamin D

YEMIW

Milking Cow



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YEMIA

Lambs

Lambs are an important resource for meat, and its milk is similar to cow's, accordingly, lambs will be bred in our project as many as 50 lambs in each farm house, so, the overall figure would be 5000 lambs in the whole project.

It is profitable in many aspects like meat, milk and wool, as well as waste can produce gas.

The lamb can breed twice a year and some of them gives twin, the gestation period is about 5 months, and ram can serve up to 60 ewes in the tugging season.

It gives milk up to 4 liter a day. Wool will be sh-
eared in summer.

In order to avoid worms that can affect lambs and in the gall duct of liver, we should drain the lambs or keep them from wet places

YEMIW

Lamb Farming



HAWAII

Poultry

There are 2 kinds of chicken, conventional and organic.

1. Conventional :- They are indoor, and have no access to outside, in cage, hens not fed naturally.

2. Organic :- Hens must be given organic feed and must never be caged, and must have outdoor access, and they are 3 kind as follow:-

1. cag-free 2. free-range 3. pasture-raised

We chose the organic one to be in our project, because all hens should be allowed access to the great outdoor except in the very cold climate. Not only it is inhumane to keep chicken indoors all the time, it leads to all diseases that commercial flocks of poultry now suffering from.

Feeding :- Hens are running free out of doors on good grass will do very well in the summer time if you just throw some grain, and that is all what we need as the area where our project will be is somewhat hot.

One hen provide half a ton of good manure a year.

If hen is free range it is often better to keep them in their houses until midday, they generally lay their eggs before that time.

YEMIH

Housing :- utter simplicity is fine for a hen house, hens need shelter from rain and wind.

Rearing Chicken : the hens will lay just as many eggs without a rooster but the eggs won't be fertile.

Give her nice, soft hay or something as a nest and put a dozen fertile eggs under her, (they can be any kind of poultry egg you like), see that she always has water and food.

Let her out once a day for a short walk, but get her in, within an hour or the eggs will get cold. Eggs should hatch out in 21 days from the start of brooding.

Eggs are a versatile food and a good source of energy and protein, the main thing that keeps eggs germ free is how an individual farmer manages a hen's eggs at every stage of the process, from laying to washing, packing and transport.

Note:- Outsider could easily introduce dangerous foreign bacteria and contaminate on their clothes and shoes, so we have to be very careful.

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YEMIA

Poultry Farm



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YEMIA

Vegetables

We already have located our project in area with suitable weather and fertile land for growing the vegetables, growing vegetables is one of our basic purposes to achieve the self-sufficiency and sell it in the local and foreign markets, especially in Saudi Arabia which has been receiving the products of vegetables from Yemen, and we are close to the border we can send as much as we can to that good market.

Vegetables are main food for human body because they have a lot of vitamins and minerals, and would like to grow different types of vegetables such as Potatoes, Onions, Cucumbers, Lettuces, Okra, Tomatoes, Chicory, Beans, Sweet Corn, Peas, Peanuts, Marrow, and Mint.

Vegetables don't need special area but can be grown between and underneath the fruit trees, and we will take into consideration the differences between the season and what type of vegetable is suitable to each season.

-40-

The Cultivation of Vegetables

YEMIAH



-41-

YEMIAW

Fruits

Fruit regards the main source of vitamin and sugar (Glucose, Fructose).

Most countries take into consideration the importance of fruits as natural source for human life.

Farmers and agriculturists concentrate on the good and suitable environment and studies the best scientific methods of how to raising healthy farms, depend on kind of the product, also depending on season of planting the produce.

We know that Yemen is a very rich with agriculture the fruits, and there are many kinds of fruits are grown in Yemen.

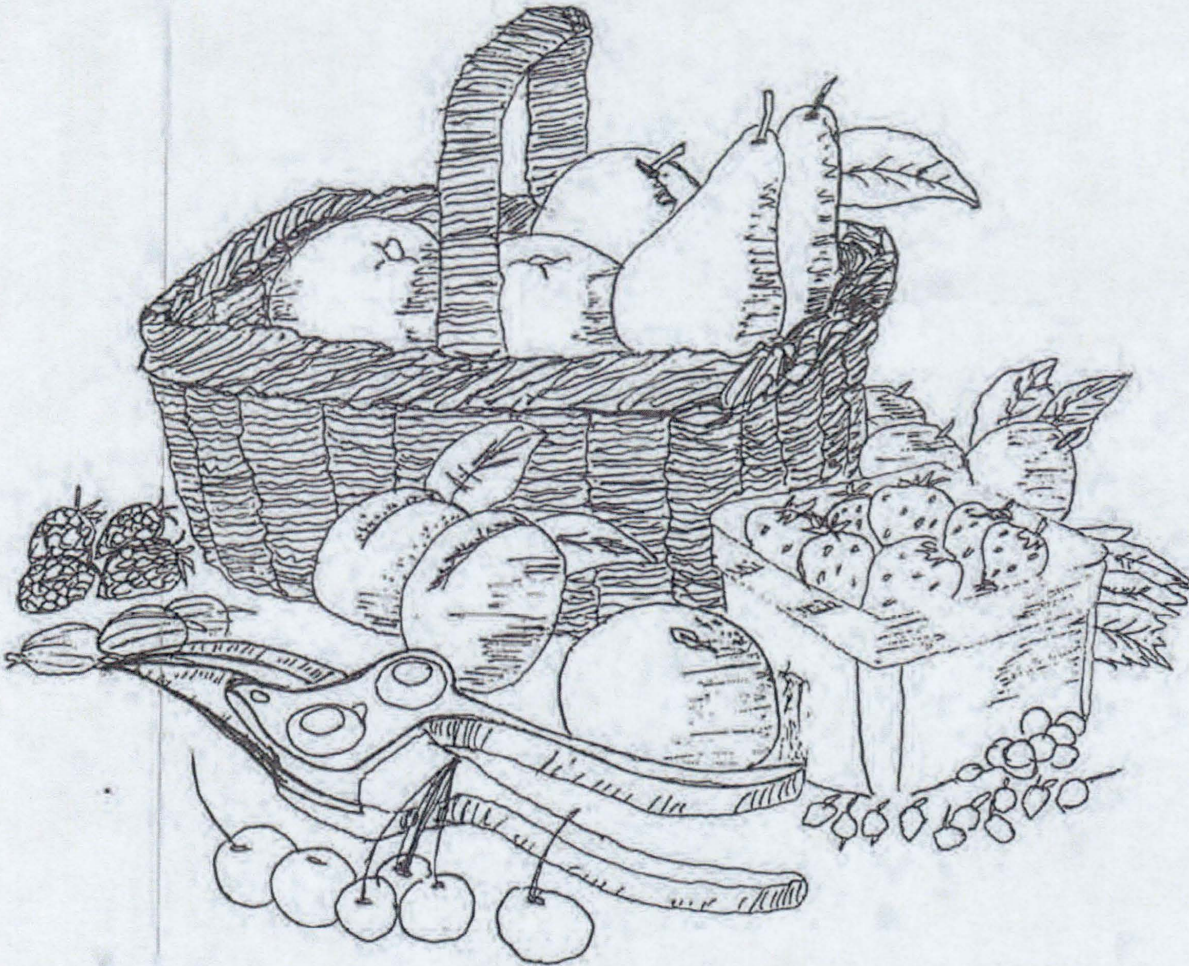
Our project will be in Tahama, and Tahama is well-known of its fertile land, plain and has plenty of water.

Many kinds of fruits are planted in Tahama like Mangoes, Bananas, Dates, Lemons etc.

We decided to grow some of fruit in our farm house, so that we can have self-sufficiency and sell them in the market.

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YEMIA



*The Cultivation of
Fruits*

© 1937

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YEMIA

Honey Through Bee Farming

Honey is natural, best source of energy, honey is a common diet in Yemen and other neighbouring Arab countries. Honey produce in Yemen is very popular and sold at a premium price, specially in oil rich countries (Saudiya, Qatar, Kuwait and UAE)

Since we are developing our Farm Houses on most scientific and Yemeni tradition, our expert Horticulturist and Agriculturist will select and plant fruit trees, flowers and Herbs specially for Honey Bees to have a best quality of honey and our bee farm will be the largest in Yemen.

Honey does help to heal the wounds also honey bees play a role of fertilizing trees and plants. In a healthy environment honey bees honeyed twice in a year, weighing average about 12 KG of honey, once in summer, the summer honey is known as Al-Salam, the second honeyed is in Autumn its known as Sedir

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YEMIA

The Composition of a typical honey

<i>Component</i>	<i>Average</i>
<i>Water</i>	<i>17,2 %</i>
<i>Fructose</i>	<i>38,4 %</i>
<i>Glucose</i>	<i>30,3 %</i>
<i>Sucrose</i>	<i>1,3 %</i>
<i>Other sugars</i>	<i>8,7 %</i>
<i>Acids</i>	<i>0,5 %</i>
<i>Protein</i>	<i>0,25%</i>
<i>Minerals</i>	<i>0,17%</i>
<i>Other Components</i>	<i>3,2 %</i>

-45-

YEMW

Artificial Sweeteners

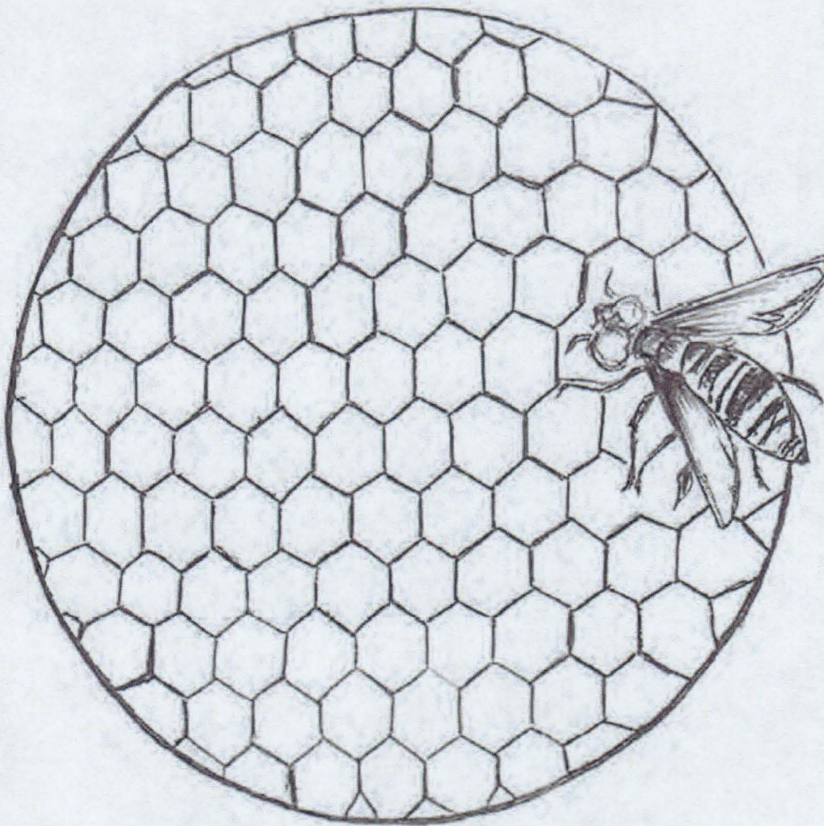
With the increased awareness of the risks associated with elevated levels of sugar intake, food manufacturers have begun to look for alternative methods by which they could sweeten their products. The use of artificial sweeteners was established in the early 1970s, although their usage did not increase dramatically until the 1980s when it was found that sugar can substantially contribute to obesity and weight-related disorders, and the major sweetener used in soft drinks.

With the possible negative connotations along with the use of artificial sweeteners, there has been a drive towards the discovery of other, more natural, products that could potentially offer sweetness without harmful side effects. In recent years much research has been undertaken to assess the various sources of sweetening-tasting compounds that occur naturally in the plant kingdom, but honey is a natural sweetener that has been used since ancient times, and its use as a food ingredient in products such as spread, is well established, only in recent times, though, have the potential health benefits of honey to be explored. It is now recognised that honey contains a mix of both simple and complex sugars, thereby providing good levels of sweetness as well as vitamins, minerals, acids and enzymes.

-16+

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ALWAY



Honey Through Bee Farming

Organization Chart

AYEMIA

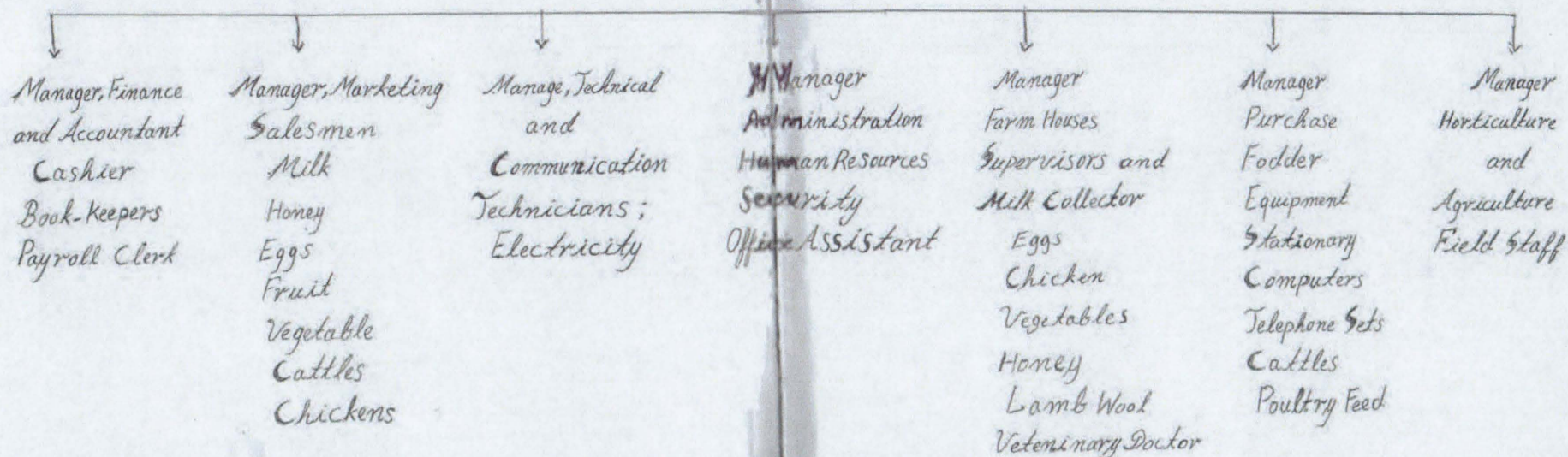
AYEMIA

Organization Chart

Board of Directors

Managing Director

General Manager



YEMIAH

Yemen General Hospital and Maternity Home.

We will build a small hospital well equipped to provide basic health care for our project employees and their families based on self-sustainability. Even to the neighbour villages of our area. We will have men and women ward separate with male and female Doctors, nurses and para-medical staff, our Doctors will be General Physicians, we will provide housing for medical staff.

On the regular basis, we will have vaccination programs in order to prevent diseases, and maintain each employees and their family members medical history and their vaccination record, specially new born babies.

On a regular basis in a week, specialist Doctors will visit our hospital to examine patients of serious sickness, we will also make close affiliation with a large private hospital in a bigger city near by for the treatment of our staff and their family members for some serious ailments. Our hospital will also maintained fully equiped ambulance to transport our patients in cas of emergencies.

Medical facilities will also be based on self sustained, our Managing Director will be the patron chief.

YEMIAW

a separate section in our hospital for our all animals,
with animal Doctor and their staff, we will also maintain
some standard of vaccination as for human being.

YEMIAH

AUTHORIZED BY JTF-GIMD FOR SA 100 337

In The Name
of Allah, Most
Gracious, Most Merciful

O my Lord!
advance me in
knowledge.

Surah Ta-Ha: 3114

YEMIAH

Education.

Since our project is located in the most rural part of Yemen and there will be about 200 families working and living on the premises. We will establish schools for boys and girls of world's best standard ^{with} modern technology. There are numerous educational software available, which our well trained and educated and experienced teachers will be using to all our employees children with walking distance. Even for adults, we would establish vocational and self-sufficiency institute, details are as follows :-

- Kindergarten School based on Montessori pre-school training.

- Primary and Secondary schools for girls, based on Home-economics.

- Primary and Secondary School for boys.

- Vocational School;

Carpenter

Electrician

Auto Mechanic

Cobbler

Plumber

Barber

Technician

- Institute of self-sufficiency.

MAY

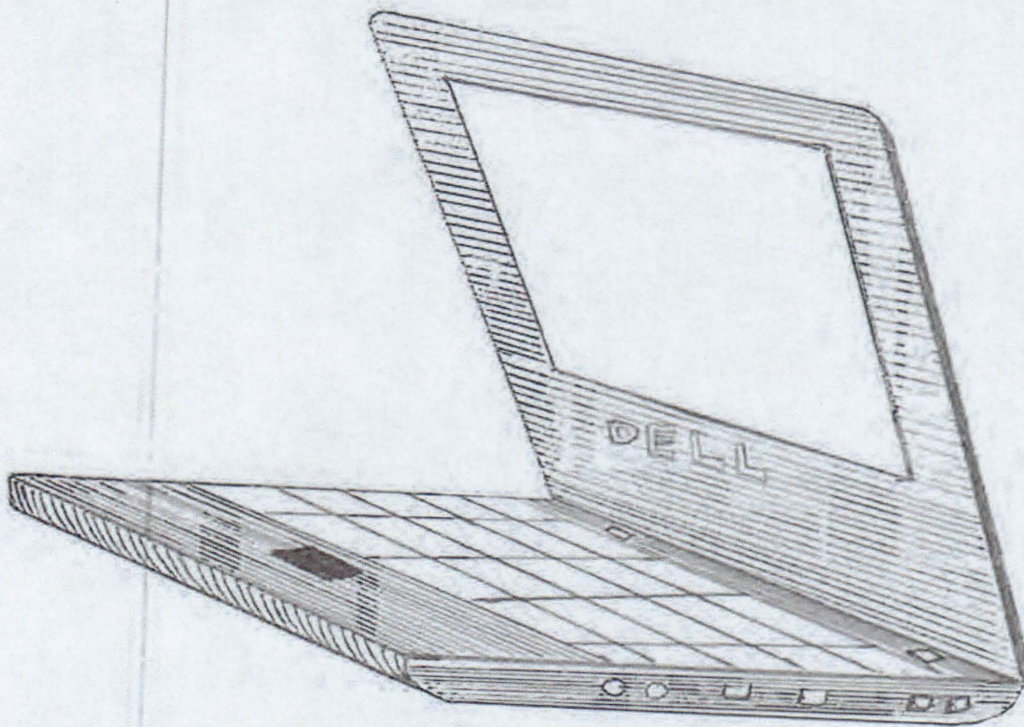
Institut for self-sufficiency

Each year the "school" will be taking 10 students at a time on week long courses which provide hands-on experience of life on our own farm houses where there is accommodation on site and the courses include occasional visit to farm houses.

Courses cover a wide range of practical skills which vary on the season and include: Organic Vegetable Growing; Planning a small holding; Top Fruit and Soft Fruit Growing; Cow Husbandry; Poultry Management; Dairy Work; Bee-keeping.

The school will be run by our vocational school staff, and will try to make all our educational organisation interesting not a burden, we will use games, site visits, practical participation in practical education.

YEMIA



حاجاديب

Computer

We expect to install over 170 P.C.s to our each farm house, our offices and executive residence .
A master computer with extensive network, with internet connection world wide

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YEMIH

 YEMIH rent a car

It is a subsidiary sister concern, where we will maintain a fleet of cars to rent out preferably to our employees, this service will be based on no profit no loss. Purpose of this is to avoid overhead to our organization, since all our employees live within-walking distance to our project, we provide free accommodation, electricity, gas and telephone, there is no need to provide company owned vehicle, however, if any employee goes to an official visit, company will pay to Yemih rent a car for the hiring of car.

After first year of operation, if there are funds available and Board of Director approve to provide a car to our employee, then a suitable car would be provided.

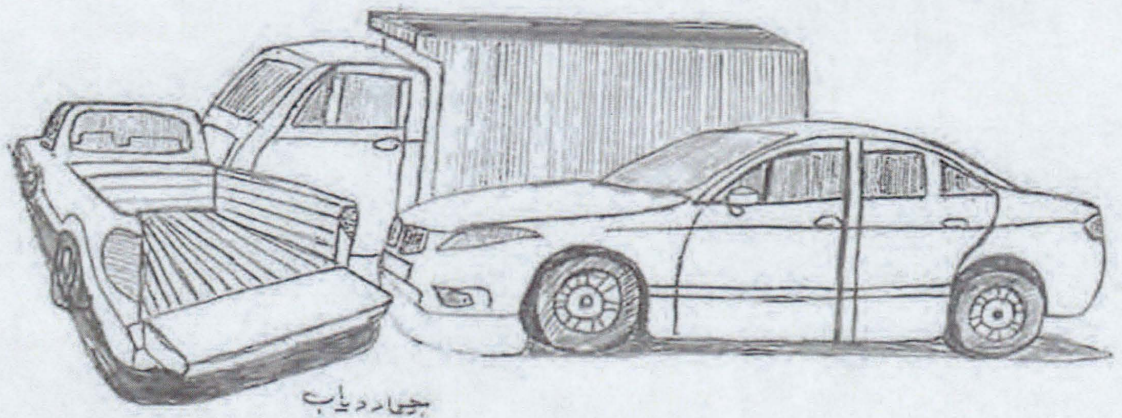
AMW

Trucks for Transportation

We do need most efficient system of transporting our milk to various major cities in the neighbourhood to the whole sale market, 2000 litres capacity truck, at least 4 trucks for milk delivery. Similarly we need 4 trucks to collect fodder from the neighbouring farmer on daily bases. We need pickups small trucks too for our 100 farms deliveries of fodder and milk collection simultaneously, in summary :-

Large trucks for milk delivery
 Large trucks for fodder collection
 Pickup
 Motor cycle
 Cycles.
 Cycles 3 wheeler

YEMIA



YEMIA Rent a Car
and Trucks

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YEMW

Milk Plant.

Our product is milk, cow milk and goat milk we would be putting up two milk processing plant, one plant for cows milk and second for goats or lambs. It is estimated that each cow would produce about 10 litres a day, 5 litres in the morning and 5 litres in the evening with our 1,000 cows would produce about 10,000 litre a day. Similarly goat milk for processing daily will be 5000 goat multiply by 3 litre per day will be 15,000 litres per day.

Milk plants are usually operated non-stop 24 hours, with heat and circulation milk is not contaminated and stays healthy and palatable. This modern process with 15 seconds Ultra High Temperature pasteurization and packing in a plastic bottles of 500 ml and 1 litre;

Cow milk processing 60 litre/15 second capacity with Two injection moulding plastic machines
Lamb/Goat milk processing 70 litre/15 seconds capacity with two injection moulding machines

We will allocate \$ 50,000 for milk processing and packing, each bottle will show "good to consume before (date)".

YEMIAH

Project Funding

Name of the game is money does play important role in business, but money is not everything, there are many examples that entrepreneurs established large business without much capital, most recent example is a Face Book. Our project does qualify business criteria of finance, we have variety of products, there is substantial demand in Yemen and our production cost is very low.

There are large financial institutions in Yemen to finance our project, there are many international Islamic Development Banks based in Tadclah would certainly be ready to finance.

There are thousands and thousands banks, financial institution to finance the project like our, there are financial consultants they can work in between the financier and project management to negotiate funds, they usually charge between 3-4% of the amount and they work very effectively and efficiently. Kick starter, Rocket Hub and Crowd and other about 450 Web sites give entrepreneurs helping hand through social media or internet.

For example Crowd funding offers four types of funding, each classification is based on the funders primary motivation for engaging in crowd funding.

1. Equity based. funders receive an interest in the venture

MIMW

they fund on profit sharing arrangement .

2- Lending based . Funders receive fixed periodic income and expect repayment of the original principal investment .

3- Reward based . Funder gain a non-financial benefit in return for financial contributions . Example include a token of appreciation or the purchase the products or services .

4- Donation based . Funders gain a blessing from Allah and donate to the course they want to support . with no expected compensation or even an appreciation letter .

Total Crowd funding volume (in million) is expected to almost double in 2012, driven by above average growth in equity-based and reward based projects, formalities are simple and easy, unlike Banks. It strips away legal, psychological and logistical barriers. Crowd's funding for last few years are as follows:-

2008	\$ 530,000,000
2010	\$ 854,000,000
2011	\$ 1,470,000,000
2012	\$ 2,806,000,000

Funds detail break down by region in 2011 are as follows:-

North America	\$ 837,200,000.
Europe	\$ 583,900,000
Other regions	\$ 48,800,000

Detail of some project finances, a film Blue like Jazz

WEMW

requested for \$125,000 financier contributed more than \$350,000 with 3,500 phone calls and took one year ^{for} their funds to finalize.

An other venture to make I-Pad key board target was \$90,000 raised \$697,000 in returned to ship product. www.artist.share.com raised \$100,000 for an art project. In account of donation some one asked for \$100,000 to pay his medical bills raise more than \$100,000.

As stated above www.crowd.sourcing.org projection to raise funds for 2012, break down is as follows:-

Donation Based	\$ 1,063,000,000
Reward Based	\$,258,000,000
Lending Based	\$ 1,013,000,000
Equity Based	\$ 472,000,000

There are about 450 web-sites for financial assistance, few websites are as follows:-

- www.rocket hub . com .
- www.kick starter . com .
- www.funding4 learning . com .
- www.fundrazr . com .
- www.kiva . com . small loan
- www.crowd sourcing . com .

YEMIA

Project Funding :- Board of Director would like to see funding of our Equity Based or Reward Based, as the board has observed interest-base economy is facing serious problems world wide, specially in Europe and America. Donation-Base does not apply to our commercial base project and we will not accept donation of any kind, donations are for poor and deserving people.

YEMIA

Project Finances

Project Cost

Profit

&

Lost

YFMW

Project Capital Cost

Agricultural farm land @ \$ 500/acre in Takama

Undeveloped rural 200 acre x \$ 500 US \$ 100,000

Farm House consist of employee's family residence - size

9 x 8 m = 72 m² x @ \$ 20/m² \$ 1,440Boundary wall 2 m x 70 x 2.5 = 262 m² \$ 600

Cow's shed for 5 cow + 5 calf \$ 250

Lamb shed for 25 lamb + 25 ewes \$ 250

Chicken House Cage Free \$ 500

Contingencies \$ 160

Total for 1 (one) farm house \$ 3200, for 100 house \$ 320,000

Road Construction within the project about 6000 m x \$ 2.00 \$ 12,000

Residential Colony, Management and Staff :-

Managing Director 170 m² @ \$ 30,00 \$ 5,100General Manager 150 m² @ \$ 30,00 \$ 4,500

Managers Residence (9 Houses) @ 3000/house \$ 27,000

Field and office staff residence 22 @ \$ 2,000 \$ 44,000

Mosque about 100 m² x \$ 30,00/m² \$ 3,000

School, Boys Primary and Secondary \$ 10,000

School, Girls Primary and Secondary \$ 10,000

Office Building about 600 sq meters @ \$ 30/meter

Bank

Post office

Police office in the Office Building's ground floor

Total for Office Building \$ 18,000

66-

AMW

Petrol Pump, Restdrea, Store, 10 rooms Guest House	\$ 15,000
P.A.B. X Telephone Exchange	\$ 12,000
Computers System in farm houses, offices and other staff etc.	\$ 35,000
Net working Computer, Electricity, Cable etc.	\$ 15,000
Wind Mills (4) four @ \$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
Gas Converter Animal waste to Methane (Bio-Gas)	
50 units (between two farm houses) \$ 500	\$ 25,000
Vehicles: Cars (2) medium, (2) small	\$ 20,000
Van (2)	\$ 10,000
Trucks (4)	\$ 20,000
Motor cycles, Cycles, Cycles 3 Wheel, 6 per type	\$ 2,500
Pickups (2)	\$ 10,000
Milking Semi-Mech nical for each farm houses 10 extra	
110 @ \$ 200/Milking machine	\$ 22,000
Life-Stock	
Cows 500 + 500 calf @ \$ 500/pair	\$ 250,000
Lamb/Goats 2500 + 2500 ewes @ \$ 50/pair	\$ 125,000
Poultry Farming 50,000 chicken @ \$ 1.50	\$ 75,000
Honey Farming 1000 honey hives @ \$ 15,000/hive	\$ 15,000
Working Capital	\$ 154,900
Discrepancies	\$ 100,000
Total	\$ 1,500,000

YEMIA

Running Cost

Staff detail and Their Salaries

(Free residence, electricity, gas, phone and all products)

In Yemen salaries are paid monthly

1. Manager Director	\$ 500 Per Month
2. Five Directors (400 for each)	\$ 2,000
3. General Manager	\$ 350
4. Manager Administration	\$ 250
- Human Resources	\$ 200
- Four Security Guards (15 for each)	\$ 600
- Two office Assistant (150 for each)	\$ 300
5. Manager Finance	\$ 250
- Accountant	\$ 200
- Cashier	\$ 150
- Book-keeper	\$ 150
- Payroll - Clerk	\$ 150
6. Manager Marketing	\$ 200
- Four Salesmen (150 for each)	\$ 600
7. Manager Technical	\$ 200
- Communication (Technician, Electrician)	\$ 150
8. Manager Farm House	\$ 200
- Four Supervisors (150 for each)	\$ 600
- Four Men for collection (100 for each) to collect Milk, Eggs etc.	\$ 400
- Two Veterinary and assistant (Veterinary 200, assistant 100 dollar)	\$ 300
9. Manager Purchase	\$ 200
- Two Assistants	\$ 200

YEMW

10. Manager Horticulture	\$ 200
- Two Assistant	\$ 200
11. Secretary (Two) 200 for each one	\$ 400
12. 24 Drivers (Two shifts) \$ 100 for each one	\$ 2,400
13. Two Doctors (male and female)	\$ 600
14. Two Nurses (male and female) (Two shifts)	\$ 600
15. Pharmacist	\$ 100
16. Two Principal (for boy and girl's school)	\$ 600
17. Two Vice Principal (for boy and girl's school)	\$ 400
18. Twenty Teachers \$ 150 for each teacher	\$ 3,000
19. Physical Trainer (boy, girl school)	\$ 300
20. Six Peons	\$ 600
21. Computer Operators (3)	\$ 450

YEMW

The Animal's Feed

The Cost

- Cow:- \$ 1,100 for one cow a year
 $1,100 \times 1000 = \$ 1,100,000$ \$ 1,100,000

- Lamb:- \$ 1,100 for five (5) lambs a year
 $1,100 \times 1000 = \$ 1,100,000$ \$ 1,100,000

- Chicken:- \$ 10 for one chicken a year
 $10 \times 50,000 = \$ 500,000$ \$ 500,000

The total = 2,700,000

The cost of cost of delivery trips : on trip (go and back)
 for three (3) trucks \$ 100 of diesel = $\$ 100 \times 365 = 36,500$
 $36,500 + 13,500$ (maintenance) = 50,000 \$ 50,000

- Salaries \$ 209,600

- Depreciation 15% of the capital cost \$ 225,000

- The Total \$ 3,184,600

YEMITW

The Income

Dairy Products:

Milk (cow), daily 2 cow = 10 litre x 500 cows =

5,000 litres x 365 days = 1,825,000

1,825,000 x 0.50 dollar (price) = \$ 912,500

Milk (lamb), daily 1 lamb = 4 litre x 2,500 lambs =

10,000 litres x 365 days = 3,650,000

3,650,000 x 0.50 dollar (price) = \$ 1,825,000

- Poultry Products:-

daily eggs production 1 chicken x 50,000

50,000 (eggs) ÷ 16 (for 3 dollar) = 3,150 x 365 (days) =

\$ 1,149,750 \$ 1,149,750

- Honey products:-

- (Honey Sader) 500 kg x \$30 = \$15,000 a year

- (Honey Sader) 1,000 kg x \$10 = \$10,000 a year

- (Honey flowers) 12,000 kg x \$4 = \$48,000 a year

15,000 + 10,000 + 48,000 = \$ 73,000

The Total

\$ 3,960,250

YEMW

Net Profit and Loss

Income from Farm House Milk, Eggs and Honey etc. \$ 3,960,250

Expenses Animal Feed, Poultry Feed, Salaries etc. \$ 2,959,000

Depreciation 15% \$ 225,000

Profit \$ 776,250

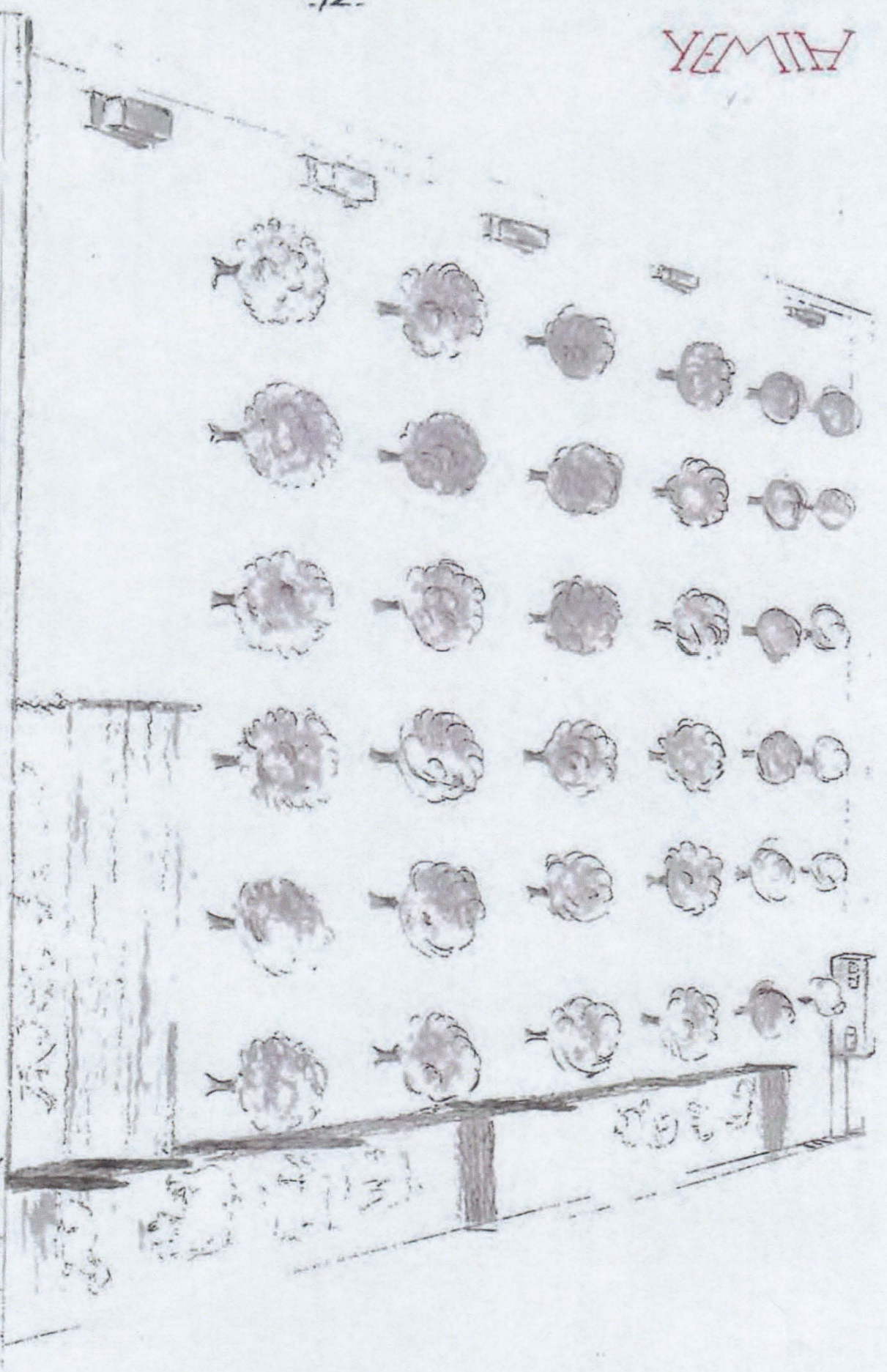
1 Acme Lawn Service

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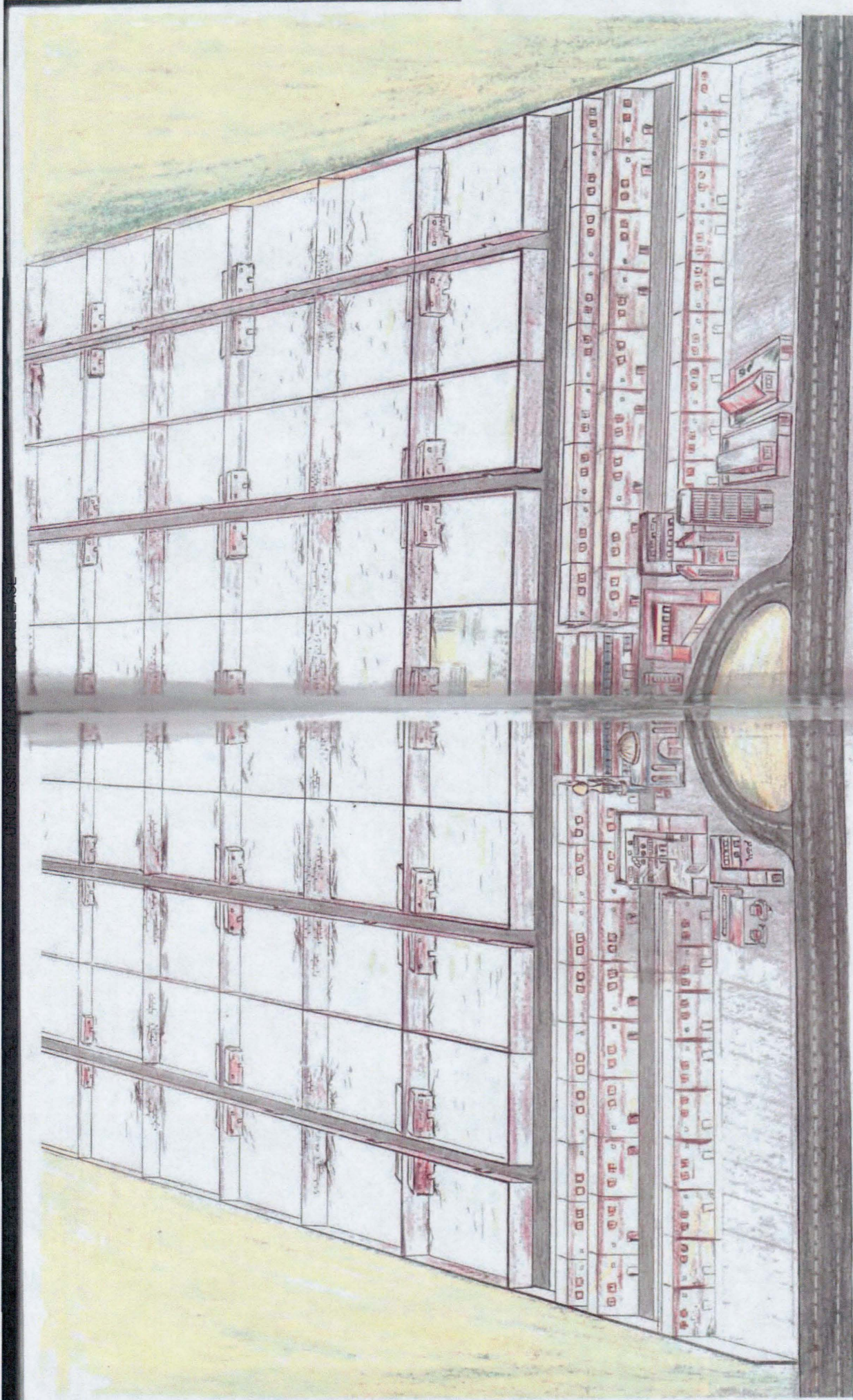
ALMEX

2 Acres former house



APPROVED BY
US
JAN 1 1973

APPROVED BY
US
JAN 24 1973
JTF
JAN 24 1973



شركة مزارع اليمن للحليب والمصل المحدودة

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Yemen Milk & Honey Farms Limited

عبدالله

10

APPROVED BY
US

JAN 18 2013



JTF/JDO3-3-2
OPERATIONS CENTER

~~UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~IS N 037:Good background - Family + Education
material design

- 1- He is persevering, punctual at Art and other classes from 2009
- 2- Desiring to study harder
- 3- Following all codes, rules and regulations of the camp and classes.
- 4- Kind, amiable and fair spoken person, peaceful
- 5- I evaluate him as 100%
Good person.



Art instructor

Assessment by Detainee Programs Art Instructor

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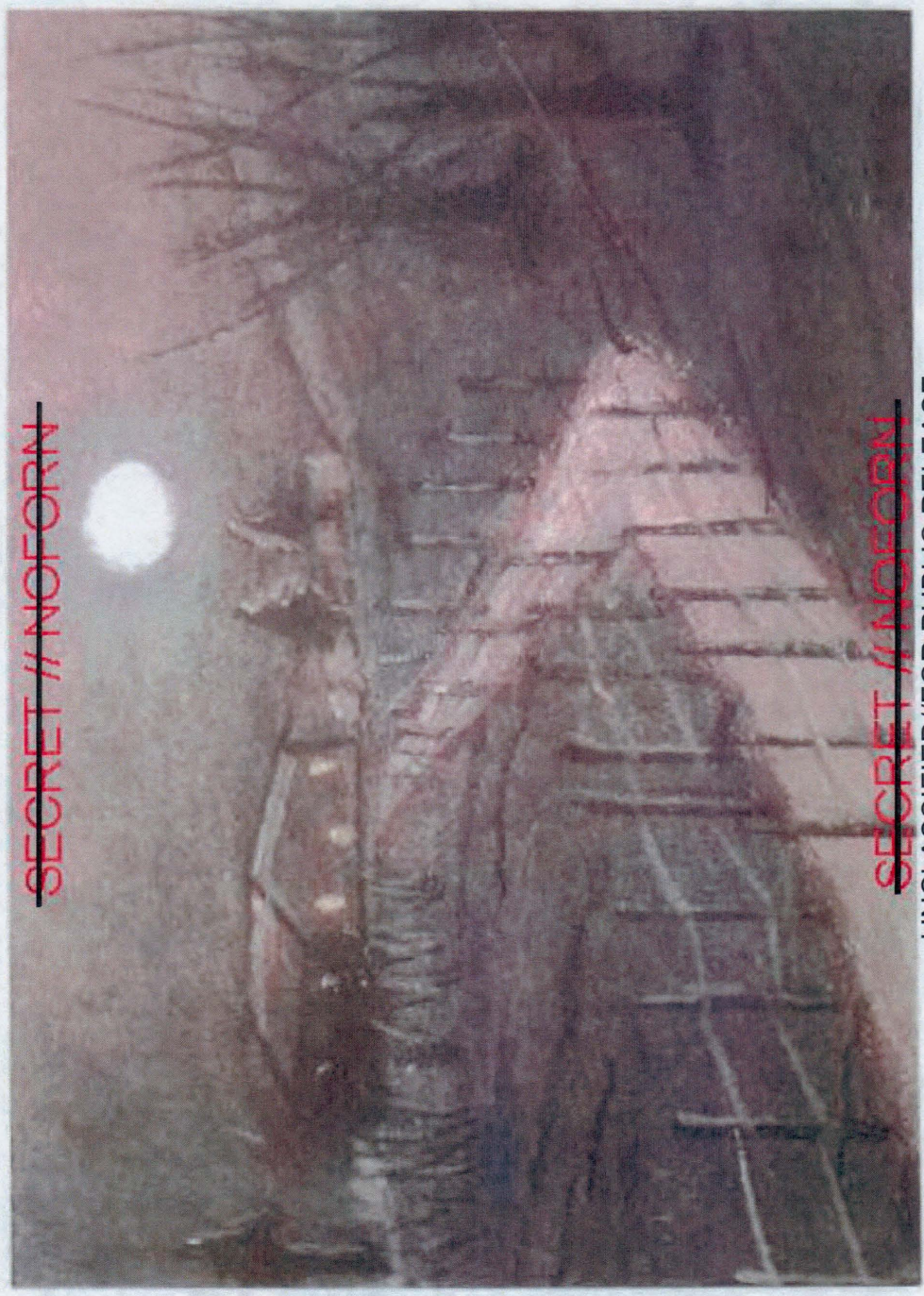
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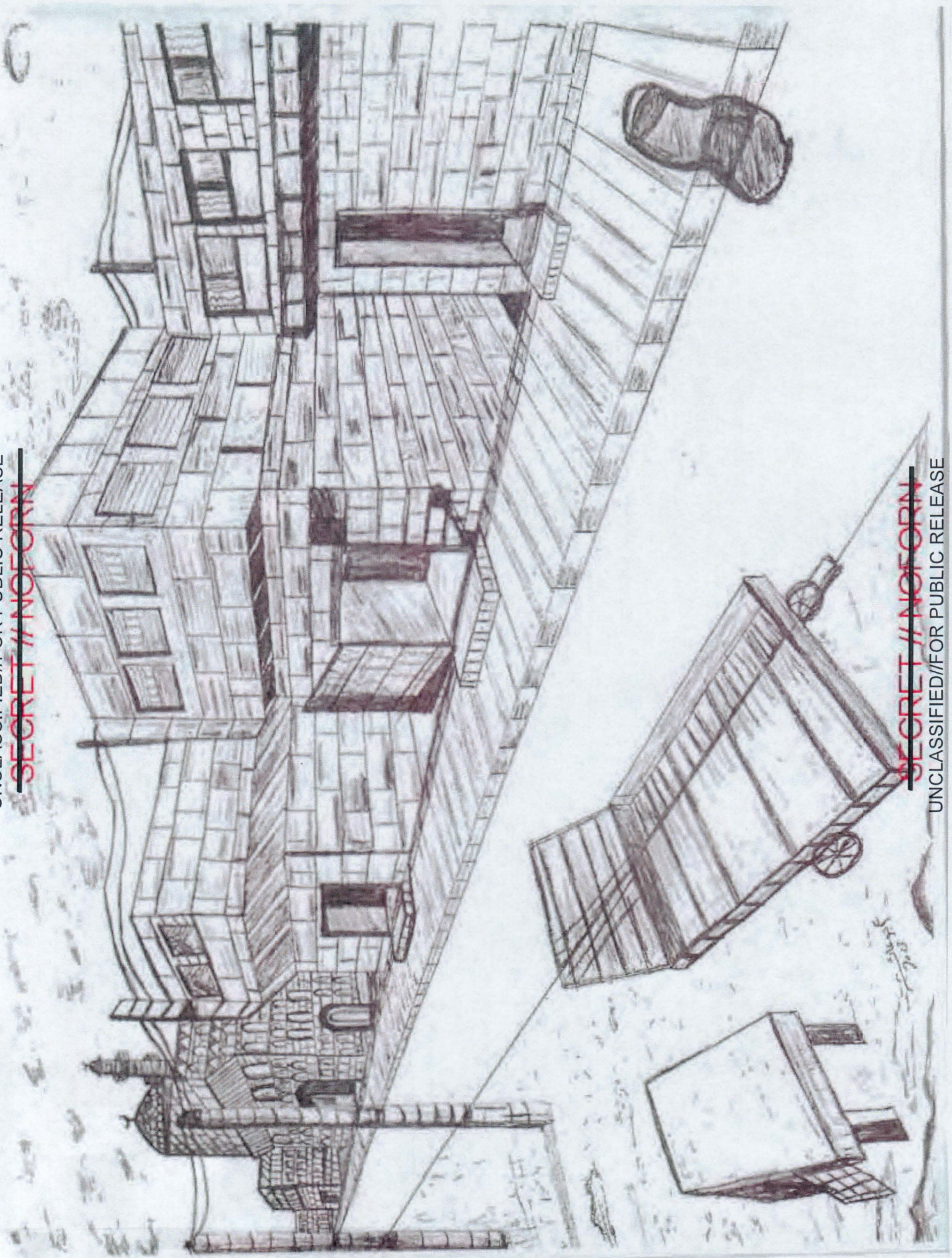
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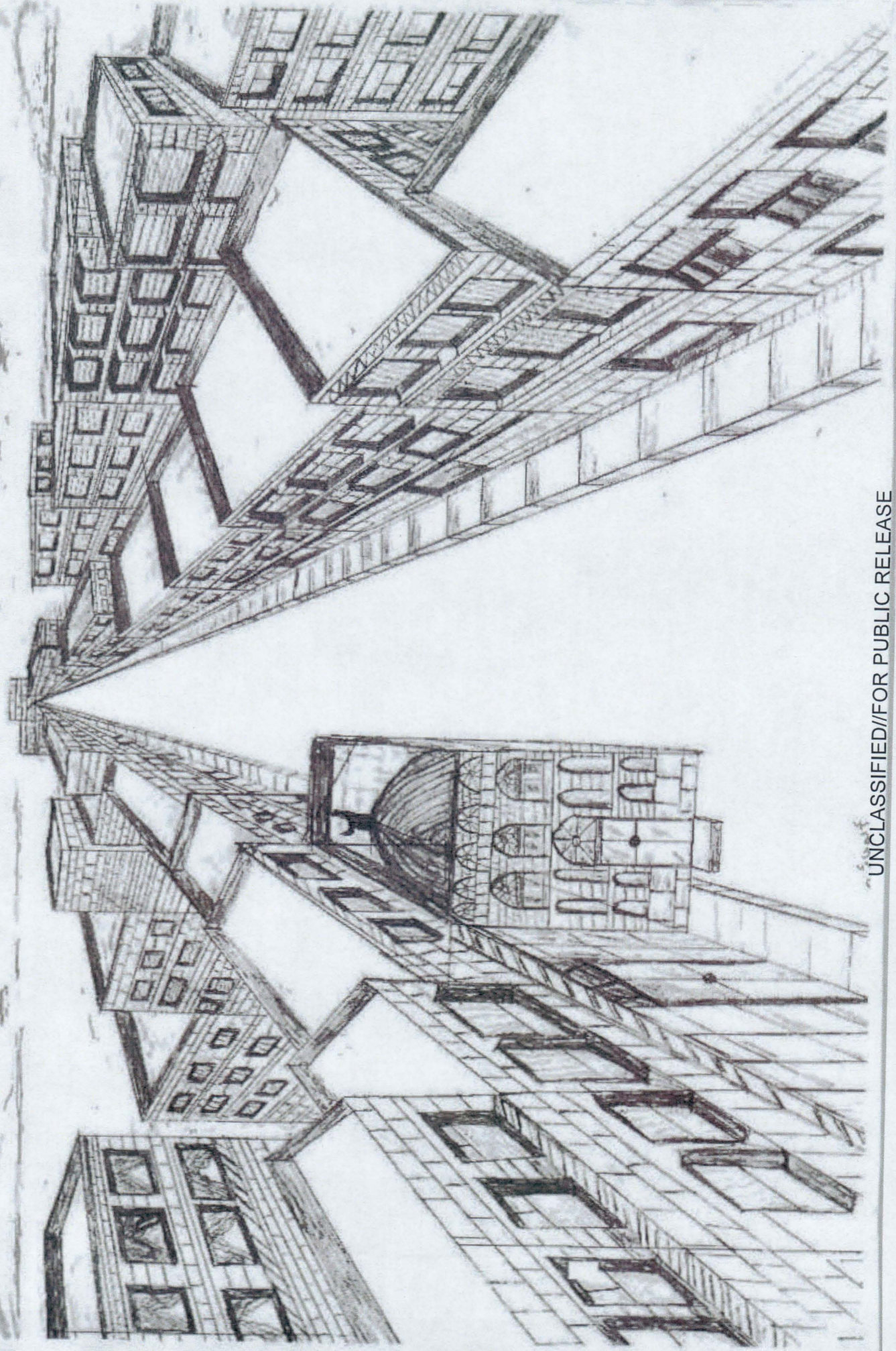
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CONFIRMATION OF NOTIFICATION OF
INTENT TO POST STATEMENT TO PRS WEBSITE

Date: 19 NOV 2013

I have this date advised the detainee identified below, or the following witness in the case of the detainee identified below: ISN 037 Abdal Malik, that his or her statement may be posted on the public Periodic Review Secretariat website. This detainee / witness ~~did~~ did not agree to permit his or her statement to be posted on the website, subject to any U.S. Government clearance procedures.

For purposes of the above, I advised the individual identified that any authorization for release covers any written or oral statement that he or she submits, or is submitted on his/her behalf, after being translated and transcribed (if applicable).

ISN#: 037

Period Review Board Date: 28 JAN 2014

[Redacted Signature]

19 NOV 2013

PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE PRINT & SIGN / DATE

[Redacted Signature]

19 NOV 2013

TRANSLATOR/WITNESS PRINT & SIGN / DATE

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EXPERT TESTIMONY OF GREGORY D. JOHNSEN

My name is Gregory D. Johnsen.¹ I am the author of *The Last Refuge: Yemen, al-Qaeda, and America's War in Arabia* (W.W. Norton 2012), which charts the rise, fall, and resurrection of al-Qaeda in Yemen over the last thirty years.² I also write the Yemen blog *Waq al-waq*³ and eminent journals have published my analyses,⁴ including US policy in Yemen.⁵ I have also testified before the Senate as an expert on the country.⁶ I have held multiple fellowships from the American Institute for Yemeni Studies, advised and consulted for governmental and non-governmental organizations on Yemen, am often cited in news reports on Yemen, and have appeared on CNN, the PBS Newshour, NPR, Aljazeera English, BBC, among other public affairs programs. I hold an M.A. in Near Eastern Studies from the University of Arizona and am a Ph.D. candidate in Near Eastern Studies at Princeton University.

I first came across the name Rashad Muhammad Said Ismail a few years after September 11 when I was doing research in Yemen for my Ph.D. dissertation and an eventual book on al-Qaeda in the country.

Rashad spent time in Afghanistan in the 1990s. He has since attempted to parlay his time in Afghanistan into a career. This has taken many forms. During the Yemen

¹ <http://bigthink.com/users/gregoryjohnsen>.

² <http://books.wwnorton.com/books/The-Last-Refuge/>.

³ <http://bigthink.com/blogs/waq-al-waq>.

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[http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2013/08/06/how we lost yemen a l qaeda](http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2013/08/06/how_we_lost_yemen_a_l_qaeda); <http://www.cfr.org/yemen/resetting-us-policy-toward-yemen/p26026>;
<http://www.ctc.usma.edu/posts/a-profile-of-aqaps-upper-echelon>.

⁵ <http://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=186662743>,

<http://bigthink.com/users/gregoryjohnsen>.

⁶

<http://www.foreign.senate.gov/imo/media/doc/JohnsenTestimony100120a1.pdf>.

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government's attempt to re-educate Islamic militants under Hamud al-Hitar, a local judge, Rashad tried to insert himself into the process on the government side, apparently in an attempt to make some money. He has also formed his own political party, although its impact is negligible.

Rashad is also a favorite for local and western journalists looking for a colorful quote. He has claimed that he was one of the brokers for Osama bin Laden and that he ultimately helped seal the deal to bring bin Laden's fifth and final wife from Yemen to Afghanistan in 2000. The accuracy of the story, however, is questionable.

Although it is of course impossible to predict with any degree of accuracy a person's future trajectory, nothing I have seen or heard about Rashad suggests that he is about to take up arms as a militant Islamist, whether with al-Qaeda or any other group, or to recruit others to join violent jihad. Moreover, had Rashad desired to join al-Qaeda after September 11, he could have easily done so by now, several times over in fact. Instead, Rashad has taken a different route, basically acting as a self-promoter and one who seeks to making a living in the post-September 11 world by exploiting his time in Afghanistan in the 1990s. My sense is that if Rashad is an extremist, he is an extremist in rhetoric and not action, and is not a portal to violent jihadism.

Gregory D. Johnsen
January 25, 2014

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