

Business House must be
in a bad way which does not
know that

THE ONLY VEHICLE
OF ADVERTISEMENT

In the province of
Bihar and Orissa is
THE BIHAR HERALD.

REGISTERED No P16.

ESTD. 1874

THE BEHAR HERALD.

To Let

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

New Series { No. 59
Vol. V.

BANKIPUR, SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1937.

Annual Subscription Rs 8
Single Copy—One Anna

Oath-Taking Still Deferred

Patna, Friday.

It is understood that the Executive Committee of the Muslim Independent Party which met yesterday transacted after long discussions an item of business which was only a declaration by the President, Maulana Sajjad that the proceedings of the last meeting on the authority of which Mr. Yunus had formed the ministry although transgressing its mandate, was declared null and void, on the ground that some members of the party had no notice of the meeting. It is understood that there is a move to somehow delay things till at last the matter settles down. The next meeting of the Executive Committee it is understood, will be held on the 4th.

Meanwhile, a piquant situation was created when Nawab Abdul Wahab Khan, Minister designate of Mr. Yunus' Cabinet who happens to be here in Patna now did not take the oath of office today. This seems to furnish an easy explanation of the incident reported in the press that he missed the train on the 1st. It seems that it was not so much the missing of the train as some other hitch somewhere else that delayed his departure to Patna. Even now it is understood that the Nawab in spite of all persuasions has refused to acquiesce in the action of Mr. Yunus and may join the cabinet only if the Executive Committee of the Independent Party formally approves of the idea.

The Nawab when interviewed by the special representative of the 'Indian Nation' declined to be drawn into any controversy and requested to be let alone. He said that he will be able to make a statement very soon. He looked apparently worried and perplexed, even though he is coming into a good deal of public notice due to these developments.

Priests Killed At Altars

Bilbao, April 1.

Two hundred persons were killed, including 15 nuns, and 150 persons were injured in an insurgent air raid on Durango (20 miles to the south-east of Bilbao).

A number of churches were bombed and three priests were killed as they stood at the altars. A number of women and children in the congregations were also killed. This is the greatest civilian loss of life suffered in a single day in any Government town.

Two daylight raids were made and bombs fell on, among others, Santa Maria church where 42 were killed, including a priest who was hearing a woman's confession.

In a neighbouring convent, 15 out of 20 nuns were killed.

The streets were machine-gunned from the air and strewn with bodies, the people being shot down as they fled towards the fields outside the town. Nine planes participated in the raid.

Mr. Ghiasuddin's Motion On Homeopathy Carried

Mr. Ghiasuddin's resolution recommending introduction of homeopathic treatment in Government hospitals and giving to homeopathic colleges in India the same status and recognition as allopathic colleges was carried by 44 votes to 36.

Babu Chatur Rai Arrested

Dumraon, April 2

Babu Chatur Rai, a prominent worker of Buxar Sub-division was arrested yesterday while patrolling the Bazar with a view to organise the Hartal. There was a complete Hartal in the town.

300 Houses Gutted DISASTROUS FIRE IN MOTIHARI

Extensive Damages Caused

Motihari, Apl. 1.

About 300 houses were gutted owing to a serious outbreak of fire in village Kalupakar under thana Dhaka on the 27th last resulting in a loss of about Rs. 100 000. Besides the housing materials worth several thousands of rupees gold and silver ornaments worth about Rs. 50,000, paddy about 4,000 maunds, G. P. Notes of the value of about Rs. 1,500, cash amounting to Rs. 1000, other materials such as utensils, etc., worth Rs. 10,000 and 8 animals were burnt to ashes and 4 persons were injured. Almost all the families are lying in open without any shelter and mostly without food. If any relief society comes to the rescue of the victims people will be greatly obliged.

Government House News

Patna, Apr. 2

His Excellency Sir Maurice and Lady Hallett gave an "At Home" at Government House yesterday evening.

His Excellency granted an interview to Mr. S. A. Manzar today.

Viceroy's Mother Ill

New Delhi, April 1

Owing to the critical illness of the Viceroy's mother, His Excellency has decided to cancel the reception to members of the Indian legislatures on April 2.

It is understood that there is no foundation for the report that the Viceroy intends to take leave and proceed to England. His Excellency has no such intentions at present.

Oaths Taken By Ministers

New Ministers have assumed office in ten provinces.

The following are the oaths taken by the Ministers:

Oath of Allegiance

I, having been elected a member of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, do solemnly affirm that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George VI, Emperor of India, His heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter.

Oath Of Office

I, do solemnly affirm that I will well and truly serve our sovereign, King George VI, Emperor of India, in the office of a Minister in the Province of Bengal, and that I will do right to all manner of people after the laws and usages of India, without fear or favour, affection or ill-will.

Oath Of Secrecy

I, do solemnly affirm that I will not directly or indirectly communicate or reveal to any person or persons any matter which shall be brought under my consideration, or shall become known to me as a Minister in the Province of Bengal, except as may be required for the due discharge of my duties as such Minister or as may be specially permitted by the Governor in the case of any matter pertaining to functions to be exercised by him in his discretion.

U. P. Ministry Formed At Last!

The Nawab of Chhatari at last succeeded in forming a Ministry in U. P., with himself as the Chief Minister.

India Firm Ordered To Be Closed By Italian Authorities

A message from Rome this morning announced that the Indian firm of Mohamed Aily's in Abyssinia has been forced to close its doors by the Italian Government.

Arrested Persons Re- manded To Custody

Patna, April 2.

Babu Jayaprakash Narayan, Babu Rambriksh Benipuri and others who were arrested yesterday on a charge of having violated the order under section 144 Cr. P. C. yesterday were produced to-day before the City Magistrate, Patna and were remanded till April 19 next.

Babu Ambika Kant Singh and 12 others were arrested yesterday for being members of an unlawful procession were also produced before the Sub-divisional officer, Patna Sadr to-day and were remanded to custody till tomorrow when their trial will be held.

Vice-Chancellor Of Bombay 'Varsity

Bombay, April 1.

His Excellency the Chancellor of the Bombay University has reappointed Mr. V. N. Chandavakar as Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University with effect from to-day.

Babu Rajendra Prasad

Patna, April 2.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Babu Chakradhar Saran left for Bahaiya (Monghyr) to enquire into the Agrarian trouble existing there for some time past. He is expected to return on April 4.

Shahabad D. C. C.

Arrah, April 1.

At a meeting of the newly elected members of the Shahabad District Congress Committee held on Mar. 29 at Nawadah Ashram, Arrah, Pandit Hargovind Misra, M. L. A., was unanimously elected President of the Committee with power to nominate his own cabinet.

At the suggestion of Babu Matukdhari Singh, the District Congress Committee decided to give permission to the Muffad (Arrah) thana congress committee to hold a district political conference, the date and place whereof will be fixed in consultation with the D. C. C.

THE
BEHAR HERALD

Patna, Saturday, April 3, 1937.

—o.—
NO CONGRESS MINISTRIES

Since we published our last issue events have been very fast in the country. The Governors of six provinces have failed to give assurances required of them by the leader of Congress parties in pursuance of the Delhi resolution of the A. I. C. C. As a consequence invitations to form ministries have been declined by the Congress.

The Delhi resolution was certainly ambiguously worded. Many people were deceived by the apparent moderation of its phrases and believed that the Congress was going to give a promise of good behaviour. The "Statesman" of Calcutta certainly thought that the Governors could well give the assurances required by the resolution and commended Gandhiji's statesmanship. Now that the Governors have refused to give the necessary assurances it is trying to conceal its own error of comprehension under a cloud of vituperative folk-lore.

Most of our Indian contemporaries have betrayed a sad ignorance of the provisions of the new constitution in this connection. The commonest error is to suppose that discretionary powers are to be exercised by the Governors subject to the advice of the Ministers and that in the exercise of these powers the Governors have a real discretion as against the authority of the Governor-General. As a matter of fact the discretionary powers are really reserve powers with regard to which the Ministers have no right to tender advice. The instrument of Instructions to the Governor is explicit on this point. Nor is there any provincial autonomy in respect of the exercise of the discretionary and other special powers of the Governors. Section 54 of the Constitutions Act explicitly puts the Governors under a statutory obligation to obey the instructions of the Governor-General in these spheres. Of course Section 54 contains a proviso that nothing done by a Governor can ever be called into question on the ground that it was done otherwise than in accordance with the directions of the Governor-General. But the

clear purpose of this proviso is to prevent mischievous lawsuits. To argue as a Calcutta contemporary has done that this proviso empowers the Governors to be their own judges in respect of the special powers is a little childish.

We were among the first to point out that the Congress Resolution was really a radical move intended to maintain a united front within the Congress and that it was not easy for the Governors to give any such assurances as demanded by the Congress. All that the Congress could really hope for was a gentleman's understanding with the Governors that both sides would try sincerely to avoid the use of special powers. Evidently the Congress leaders could give no such promise so long as the objective of the Congress was to end the constitution. Hence it was equally impossible for the Governor to give any kind of assurances formal or informal. Constitutionally it is quite correct to state as the Governors have done that the terms of the Constitution are mandatory and that they cannot divest themselves of this special powers even if they would. A loyal and friendly Ministry could of course give a secret promise that it would always abide by the decision of the Governor in respect of every matter coming within the purview of his individual judgment so that the differences between the Governor and his Ministers would never be made public. Apparently the "Statesman" thought that this was going to be the case when it commended the "statesmanship" of Mahatma Gandhi but its hopes have been dashed to the ground.

We sincerely deplore the turn events have taken. We have reasons to believe that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad, the leaders of the majority party in the Congress are not happy over it. Apparently they thought that the Governors could give the required promise. How this misunderstanding arose nobody can satisfactorily explain. Probably the true explanation lies in the non-political and oversimplified way of thinking of Mahatma Gandhi. His identification of politics with religion has caused many critical situations in the past and here is another and the latest instance. It would have been far better for the Congress to accept office uncon-

ditionally and then to create a deadlock whenever the situation in the country was ripe for it. Meanwhile the Congress might have done a lot of good to the peasantry by introducing agrarian reforms.

Yet, the situation has certain redeeming features which stand in bold outline against the gloomy background. The simple formula of Mahatma Gandhi has exposed the hollowness of the Constitution in a manner which could not have been excelled. It has now been demonstrated that the special powers of the Governors are not for use on extraordinary occasions but are for ordinary day-to-day use. Their object is to negative the first principle of responsible government by enabling the Governor to override his Ministry. Responsible government implies that all acts of the King or President must be countersigned by the Ministers but the perversion of responsible government introduced into India implies that all acts of the Ministers will have to be countersigned by the King's representative. The climax is reached when on the All-Fools' Day in the year of Our Lord, 1937, we find responsible government solemnly inaugurated in Bihar with a Ministry consisting of Mr. Yunus as Chief Minister and of Babu Guru Sahay Lal of all persons as a Minister. Surely the gods are laughing until their sides burst.

—o.—
Britain's Budget Deficit

London, Mar. 31.

The revenue returns for the past year show a Budget deficit of approximately £5,500,000.

The total realized revenue amounted to £797,289,000 and expenditure to £802,886,000, but expenditure includes £13,127,000 paid for the redemption of debt, so that the current revenue of the year exceeded expenditure by £7,530,000.

Expenditure on defence amounted to approximately £186,000,000, an increase of £7,821,000, as compared with the Budget estimate and just over £19,000,000 more than the expenditure of the previous financial year. It is understood that this increase reflects the general acceleration of the defence programme since the Budget was framed and more than accounts for the deficit at the financial year. The Floating Debt stands at £698,130,000 as compared with £782,170,000 a year ago.

Ministries In Provinces

—o—

Bihar.—Mr. Mahammad Yunus (Premier), Kumar Ajit Prasad Singh Deo, Mr. Guru Sahay Lal, and Khan Bahadur Nawab Abdul Wahab Khan.

The Maharaja of Parlakimedi (Premier)—Law, Commerce and Finance, Mr. M. G. Patnaik (Second Minister)—Revenue and Education; Mr. Latifur Rahman (Third Minister)—Health, Local Self-Government and Public Works.

Bengal.—Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq (Premier)—Education; Mr. N. R. Sarker—Finance; Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin—Home (Law and Order); Sir B. P. Singh Roy—Revenue; Nawab Bahadur of Dacca—Agriculture and Industries; Maharaja of Cossimbazar—Communications and Works; Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy—Commerce and Labour; Nawab Musharaf Hosen—Judicial and Legislative; Maulvi Nausher Ali—Local Self-Government; Mr. P. D. Raikut—Excise and Forest; Mr. M. B. Mullick—Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness.

Assam.—Sir Syed Muhammad Saadulla (Premier), Mr. Rohini Kumar Chowdhury, the Rev J. J. Nichols Roy and Shamsul-ulema Maulana Abu Nasher Muhammad Waheed. The name of the fifth Minister will be announced later.

Sind.—Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah (Premier Sind) will be entrusted with Home and Finance (including Police Law and Order and Administration of Justice) Mr. Mukhi Nobudram with Irrigation and Mr. Mir Bandali Khan with Revenue.

Punjab.—Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan (Premier)—Law and order; Sir Sunder Singh Majithia—Revenue; Chaudhury Choturam—Development; Mr. Manoharlal—Finance; Major Kizar Hyat Khan Tiwana—Public Works; and Mr. Abdul Haye—Education.

Orissa.—The Maharaja of Parlakimedi, in a statement to the Press, says: "At the last elections, the Congress put forth the programme on which they sought support and they were returned to the Assembly with a good majority. They have declined office because, they say, they have been unable to obtain promises from the Governor that he would not use his special powers which the law has vested in him and which are, amongst other

Spanish Civil War

Valencia, Mar. 31.

The civil war is flaring up with increasing violence on the Cordoba front where the mercury mines in Alnaden at present in the hands of the Government, are the objective of the insurgent attack. A Spanish Press Agency states that the Government forces have taken Vila Nueva, Delduque and Alcaracejos, two points in Pozo Blanco sector of great strategic importance in the advance towards Cordoba.

Villa Nueva, and Delduque were subjected to repeated intense Government attacks which seemed to take the insurgents by surprise, the defenders retreating precipitately surrendering over 100 prisoners, including Italians and much war material.

On the other hand the radio from Seville categorically denies these Government successes.

Madrid Mar. 31.

The insurgents' set-back in the Pozo Blanco sector is almost in the nature of a disaster according to the messages from Antular, the Government headquarters on that front.

Patna Museum

Mr. S. Sinha and Mr. S. Khoda Bux have been appointed members of the Managing Committee of the Patna Museum for a period of 3 years in the vacancies caused by the resignation of Dr. Harichand and Prof. M. B. Bose.

things, intended to ensure the legitimate interests of the minorities and the proper administration of the backward areas in the province.

Since the Congress majority has refused to accept office, it has fallen upon us to form a Ministry and to take upon ourselves the responsibility of working for the betterment of the people of the province. We are satisfied that we are well able to do much for the improvement of the province and we fully accept the assurance which has been generously given, that the Governor will give his sympathy and co-operation to his Ministers.

Bombay.—Sir D. B. Cooper (Home and General), Sir S. T. Kamdli (Education), Mr. Jambadas Mehta Revenue and Finance), and Mr. Hosseinali Rahimtoolah (Local Self-Government).

Mahatma Why Was

Mahatma G... the following... "Having... refusal of the... assurances as... Congress lea... provinces, I... my opinion on... has arisen it... have had th... London show... for my opin... Madras too... publication... departure fro... rule I can no... the pressure... am the sole a... acceptance cl... gress resolut... of the idea o... dition to offic... WHY CON...

My desire... down any in... On the contr... devi a cond... easily accep... errors. The... whatsoever... dition whos... mean any 's... of the consti... were well... could not an... any such an... gress policy... secure an... absolute em... tion which... gressmen... aware that... by mere a... even conditi...

"The obj... the Congre... office-accept... the creatio... sistent with... of non-viol... that would... the people... to strengt... which has... minantly... opinion.

NEED FOR... "I felt... not be secu... a gentlem... between th... Congress I... would not... powers of... the Minist... constitutio... be to cour... deadlock... office. I

Mahatmaji Explains Why 'Assurance' Was Wanted

—:OXO:—

Madras.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement:—
 "Having brooded over the refusal of the Governors to give assurances asked by the invited Congress leaders in majority provinces, I feel I must give my opinion on the situation that has arisen in the country. I have had three cables from London shown to me asking for my opinion. Friends in Madras too have pressed for its publication. Though it is a departure from my self-imposed rule I can no longer withstand the pressure, especially as I am the sole author of the office-acceptance clause of the Congress resolution and originator of the idea of attaching the condition to office-acceptance.

WHY CONGRESS AGREED

My desire was not to lay down any impossible condition. On the contrary, I wanted to devise a condition that could be easily accepted by the Governors. There was no intention whatsoever to lay down a condition whose acceptance would mean any slightest abrogation of the constitution. Congressmen were well aware that they could not and would not ask for any such amendment. The Congress policy was and is not to secure an amendment but the absolute ending of the constitution which nobody likes. Congressmen were, and are also aware that they could not end it by mere acceptance of office, even conditional.

"The object of that section of the Congress which believed in office-acceptance was, pending the creation by means consistent with the Congress creed of non-violence, of a situation that would transfer all power to the people to work offices so as to strengthen the Congress which has been shown predominantly to represent mass opinion.

NEED FOR UNDERSTANDING

"I felt that this object could not be secured unless there was a gentlemanly understanding between the Governors and their Congress Ministers that they would not exercise their special powers of interference so long as the Ministers acted within the constitution. Not to do so would be to court an almost immediate deadlock after entering upon office. I felt that honesty de-

manded that understanding. It is a common cause that the Governors have discretionary powers. Surely, there was nothing extra-constitutional in their saying that they would not exercise their discretion against Ministers carrying on constitutional activities: It may be remembered that the understanding was not to touch numerous other safeguards over which the Governors had no power. A strong party with the decisive backing of the electorate could not be expected to put itself in the precarious position of being in dread of interference at the will of the Governors.

"The question may be put in another way. Should the Governors be courteous to the ministers or discourteous? I hold that it would be distinctly discourteous if they interfered with their ministers in matters over which the law gave the latter full control and with which the Governors were under no legal obligation to interfere.

WHAT SIR SAMUEL LAID

"A self-respecting minister conscious of an absolute majority at his back could not but demand assurance of non-interference. Have I not heard Sir Samuel Hoare and other ministers saying in so many words that ordinarily Governors would not use their admittedly large powers of interference? I claim that the Congress formula has asked for nothing more. It has been claimed on behalf for the British Government that the Act gives autonomy to the provinces. If that is so, it is not the Governors but the ministers who are, during their period of office, responsible for wise administration of their provinces. Responsible ministers sensible of their duty could not submit to interference in pursuance of their daily duty.

AUTONOMY INDEED:

"It does, therefore, appear to me that once more the British Government have broken to the heart what they have promised to the ear. I doubt not that they can and will impose their will on the people, till the latter develop enough strength from within to resist it, but that cannot be called working provincial autonomy!

"By floating a majority obtained through the machinery of their creation they have, in plain language, ended autonomy which they claim the constitu-

tion has given to the provinces. The rule, therefore, will now be a rule of the sword, not of the pen, not of the indisputable majority. Any way, that is the only interpretation which, with all good will in the world, I can put upon the Government's action, for I believe in the cent. per cent. honesty of my formula whose acceptance might have prevented the crisis and resulted in a natural, orderly and peaceful transference of power from the Bureaucracy to the largest and fullest Democracy known to the world."

Bihar Gazette

Patna, Mar. 29.

Mr. S. N. Russell, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in charge of the Dhalbhum subdivision of the district of Singhbhum is granted leave on average pay for fourteen days with effect from March 30, 1937

Notification dated March 2 1937, appointing Mr. N. Sivaraman, I.C.S., to hold charge of the Barh sub-division of the district of Patna is cancelled.

Notification dated March 2, 1937, appointing Mr. P. N. Tandon, I.C.S., to hold charge of the Bhabua sub-division of the district of Shahabad is cancelled.

Babu Shiva Nandan Prasad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the district of Monghyr is granted leave on average pay for one month with effect from April 16, 1937, or any subsequent date on which he may be allowed to avail himself of it.

The Officiating Subordinate Judges named below are appointed substantively to the rank of Subordinate Judge with effect from the dates mentioned opposite their names:—

(1) Babu Jatindra Nath Das Gupta, 1st. December, 1936.

Babu Kamini Kumar Banerjee, 10th December, 1936

(3) Babu Ram Prashad Ghoshal, 1st March, 1937.

Babu Sadhu Charan Mahanti, Subordinate Judge, is promoted to the Selection Grade on Rs. 1,000 with effect from the 1st December, 1936.

Maulvi Abdul Aziz, Subordinate Judge, is promoted to the selection grade on Rs. 1,200 with effect from the 1st December, 1936.

Maulvi Saiyid Ahsan Rizawi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Dhalbhum sub-division of district of Singhbhum is appointed temporarily to hold charge of that

THE MOST DEPENDABLE INVESTMENT

WHICH ENSURES A LIFE OF EASE AND COMFORT

TO YOURSELF IN YOUR OLD AGE OR TO YOUR WIFE and CHILDREN

WHEN YOU THEIR BREADWINNER ARE NO LONGER THERE TO PROVIDE FOR THEIR DAILY NECESSITIES

IS

Life Assurance

INVEST NOW IN AN "ORIENTAL" POLICY AND ENSURE YOUR AND YOUR DEPENDENTS' FUTURE Write for particulars to:—

THE ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY

LIFE ASSURANCE Co., LTD.

Established 1874.

Head Office—BOMBAY.

Or To The Branch Secretary, Oriental Life Office, Dak Bungalow Road, Patna.

or to Mr. M. Prasad, Inspector of Agencies, Bhagalpur.

or to Mr. B. N. Saha, Inspector of Agencies, Muzaffarpur.

or to Mr. S. N. Lall, Ag. Inspector of Agencies Patna.

or to any of the Company's underwriters offices:—

Agra	Calcutta	Jalpaiguri	Madara	Rajshahi
Ajmer	Calicut	Jodhpur	Mercara	Ranchi
Ahmedabad	Coimbatore	Jubbulpore	Mombasa	Rangoon
Allahabad	Colombo	Karachi	Multan	Rawalpindi
Ambala	Dacca	Kuala Lumpur	Mysore	Singapore
Amritsar	Delhi	Lahore	Nagpur	Sukkur
Bangalore	Gauhati	Lucknow	Peshawar	Trichinopoly
Bareilly	Guntur	Madras	Poona	Trivandrum
Bellary	Jalgaon	Mandalay	Raipur	Vellore
				Vizagapatam

sub-division.

Maulvi Saiyid Mohammad Fazli Haqq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the district of Monghyr is granted leave for six months in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Babu Kedar Nath Saha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on probation in the district of Ranchi, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of Shahabad.

Raj Sahib Ambojakhya Ganguli, Deputy Superintendent of Police on probation is confirmed in that rank with effect from the 10th October 1936.

Mr. E. R. Smith, Executive Engineer, Public Health Division, is granted leave on average pay

for seven months and two days with effect from April 8, 1937.

Mr. A. D. Hall, Temporary Engineer is posted to the charge of the Public Health Division, Patna, vice Mr. E. R. Smith granted leave. This cancels notification dated March 9, 1937.

Couple Married For Third Time

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Huber of Columbia, Ohio, have become husband and wife for the third time in 13 years.

They were first married in 1919 and divorced in 1934. They remarried in the same year but parted again last July. Now they have started again.

you always feel better
after a cup of

INDIAN TEA

Nothing will make you feel better so quickly as a cup of hot, well made Indian Tea. The "Cup of Cheer" is within the reach of all. Tea only takes a few minutes to make: and there it is ready to take away all sense of fatigue. Make Indian Tea your household drink. In hot weather it is cooling; in cold weather it invigorates the system.

* HOW TO PREPARE TEA

Boil fresh water. Warm up a clean pot. Put in one teaspoonful of good Indian tea for each person and one spoonful extra. Immediately the water boils, pour it on the tea. Let the tea brew for five minutes; then pour it into cups, adding milk and sugar.



The cup that always cheers - **INDIAN TEA**

L.K. 16a

Japan—Burma Agreement

"The following is a summary of the main provisions of the agreement recently concluded at Delhi by the Representatives of the Governments of Japan and Burma." In the first place agreement presupposes the existence of a Commercial Convention between Japan and Burma similar in essential respects to the existing Indo-Japanese Commercial Convention and the securing to each of the two countries most favoured nation treatment in its trade with the other country. Japan will be permitted to export into Burma annually the allotment of 42 million yards of cotton piecegoods manufactured in Japan fixed under para 9 of Part 3 of the India and Burma (Trade Regulation) Order if in the same year Japan exports from Burma 65 per cent of the exportable surplus of the Burma cotton crop provided that the quantity which Japan will be required to export shall not exceed 70,000 bales in any year. If Japan should fail to export Burma cotton up to the agreed amount the quantity of piecegoods which Japan will be allowed to import in the same year will be reduced by 300,000 yards for every 1,000 bales of the deficit; but such reduction will not be made if there should be an abnormal rise in the price of Burma cotton or if there should be an abnormal market demand resulting in the whole of the supplies of Burma's raw cotton available for export being taken up with the result of there being no supplies available for purchase by Japan. There are subsidiary arrangements providing for reasonable elasticity in the regulation of Japan's piecegoods export to Burma and while Japan will be required to limit her exports in the following percentages of the allotment of 42 million yards, namely, grey piecegoods 15 per cent bleached (white) piecegoods 10 per cent, coloured printed piecegoods 45 per cent, coloured dyed or woven piecegoods 30 per cent, transfers between these categories will be permitted subject to the conditions that the total permissible import is not thereby increased and that the increase or reduction of each of the categories of greys, bleached (whites) and coloured dyed or woven goods shall not exceed 20 per cent and the increase or reduction of the

National Week

Patna, Mar. 29. In connection with the forthcoming National Week, Baba Rajendra Prasad issues the following message, which is the English rendering of the Hindi in which it was originally written:

The National week has been annually celebrated from the 6th to the 13th April, for the last eighteen years. This year, too, Pandit Jawahar Lal, Congress President, has issued instructions for celebrating the occasion. It was in this week in the year 1919 that a new life was created in the country, and that life has been growing every day. We cannot forget this week.

The occasion should be celebrated by (1) propagating Khadi and 'Charkha' to remember the poor of the country, (2) preaching the message of the Congress to awaken the people and by (3) enrolling members of the Congress to strengthen the organisation. Besides these other programmes may also be observed according to local convenience.

I hope the week will be celebrated throughout the country with the enthusiasm and splendour which it deserves.

Festival Car Tragedy In Madras

Madras, Mar. 28.

Two pilgrims were crushed to death under the wheels of a temple car during the annual Triplicane car festival here yesterday.

The tragedy occurred as the massive car was being dragged through the streets. As the roads had been sprayed only a short time previously the men dragging the car slipped and fell.

A rush of devotees from a side street added to the confusion in the course of which two men fell in front of the car and were run over. They died before they reached hospital.

category of coloured piecegoods shall not exceed 5 per cent. A further provision in the Agreement limits Japan's import of cotton Fents i.e. bena-side remnants not exceeding 4 yards in length to one million and fifty thousand yards per annum. There are subsidiary arrangements relating to the making of the Agreement and the prevention of evasions. The Agreement will be in force for a period of 3 years from April 1st 1937.

Firing

Situat

A press on March 29 "Govern announce t information March 27, 19 called upon Karnal Dist cause of to have obstruction Hindu proce with 'Holi' certain rou sion was du Muslims wi together lay and refused were surro crowd and a tion at pres two separa District M Superintendent staying at P immediately they heard measures to

"The fir early foreno Commission and the General of t ge receive Ambala at a day. They l car for Pa at about 3 p with the dis arranged f dead, for wounded to for special Arrangement for police for investig On the sam Governmen Askwith, I has been in powers to to hold an to carry enquiry. He fully to enq on the circ to the firin arrived at March 28 his enquir will record witness w r e l e v e n casualties from firing the 17 pers evening of ted to hosp were suffe

Firing At Panipat

Situation Explained

Lahore,
A press communique issued on March 29 says:—

"Government regret to announce that they received information that on Saturday, March 27, 1937 the police were called upon to fire at Panipat in Karnal District. The immediate cause of trouble appears to have been organised obstruction to prevent a Hindu procession in connection with 'Holi' from passing by certain route. Before the procession was due to arrive a band of Muslims with their hands tied together lay down on the road and refused to move. The police were surrounded by a hostile crowd and according to information at present received, fired on two separate occasions. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police were staying at Panipat and proceeded immediately to the spot when they heard of firing. They took measures to restore order.

"The firing took place in early forenoon of March 27. The Commissioner, Ambala Division and the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Eastern Range received information at Ambala at about noon the same day. They left at once by motor car for Panipat arriving there at about 3 p. m. In co-operation with the district authorities they arranged for recovery of the dead, for evacuation of the wounded to the civil hospital and for special medical treatment. Arrangements were also made for police reinforcements and for investigation by the police. On the same evening the Punjab Government issued order to Mr. Askwith, Home Secretary who has been invested with necessary powers to proceed to Panipat to hold an inquest and further to carry out a Magisterial enquiry. He has been instructed fully to enquire into and to report on the circumstances leading up to the firing by the police. He arrived at Panipat on Sunday, March 28 and will commence his enquiry without delay. He will record the statement of any witness who wishes to offer relevant evidence. "The casualties so far reported from firing are seven killed. Of the 17 persons who had upto the evening of March 28 been admitted to hospital at Panipat, two were suffering from gunshot

Forgery Trial

Patna, Mar. 30.

The trial was opened to-day in the court of Mr. Anjanikumar Sinha, Assistant Sessions Judge, Patna, of the case in which Mr. Bhagwan Prasad, a medical practitioner of Dinapore is being prosecuted on a charge of having used a forged document in a suit in the court of small causes at Patna.

Opening the case of the Crown, Mr. B. K. Sen, Assistant Public Prosecutor said that the accused, who was a medical practitioner at Dinapore had instituted a false case claiming Rs. 50/- from one Gajadhar Sao on the basis of a handnote. This case had been disposed of by the small causes court Judge dismissing the plaintiff's claim. Counsel however warned the Jury that the finding of the small court judge was of no consequence so far as this criminal prosecution was concerned and that it was the duty of the jury to exercise their independent judgment on the question whether Gajadhar Sao's denial of the loan was acceptable and whether the handnote which would be produced for their inspection was a forged document.

Mr. N. Banerjee, the peahkar of the small cause court judge was then examined and there-after Gajadhar Sao was put in the witness box. The witness was still under cross-examination, when the court rose for the day.

For the crown—Mr. B. K. Sen, Advocate.

For the defence—Messrs Nawal Kishore Prasad and Lal Behari Lal, Advocates, Babu Naurangi Lal, Mukhtear and a host of other lawyers.

wounds. It is possible that there are other cases of wounded which have not yet been reported to the authorities. So far as is known all casualties from firing were among the Muslims. In addition, death has been reported of two Hindus apparently from stray assaults. Some members of the police were injured by stone throwing and 15 members of the public have been admitted to hospital with injuries caused otherwise than by firing. Full details are not yet known and the Punjab Government will issue a further statement regarding the casualties as soon as complete information is available."

Traders' Bank Case

—:0:—

Heavy Sentence For Accused

Patna, Tuesday.

Judgement in Traders' Bank case as delivered to-day by Mr. Anjanikumar Singh, Assistant Sessions Judge, Patna, after a protracted hearing, lasting over a year.

Among the five accused who were charged under section 120B I. P. C., for conspiring since 1929 to embezzle bank's money to the extent of several thousands were Brijnandan Sahay, Manager, Sheonandan Prasad, pleader, Secretary and Mathura Prasad, clerk of the Bank, besides two local traders namely Permanand and Harbans. Accused Brijnandan Sahay was also charged under sections 408 and 409 I. P. C.

The Assistant Sessions Judge convicted all the accused excepting Harbans under section 120B I. P. C., and sentenced Brijnandan Sahay to five years' rigorous imprisonment Sheonandan and Permanand to three' rigorous imprisonment, each and Mathura Prasad to two years' rigorous imprisonment and acquitted Harbans.

Brijnandan was also convicted under section 403 and sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of one thousand rupees in default of which one year's rigorous imprisonment more. His sentences will run concurrently.

Patna City Municipality

Patna, Mar. 29.

At a public meeting held at Mangle's Tank, Patna City, a resolution censuring the conduct of the President of the Patna City Municipality for refusing to include in the agenda of the Municipal meeting the resolution regarding observance of Hartal on April 1.

"Whereas the President, Patna City Municipality has encroached upon the civic rights of the citizens of Patna by refusing to take in on the agenda of the meeting of the municipality the resolution on the observance of Hartal on April 1 by the Municipality, having declared it to be a political affair, this meeting expresses its deep contempt and a sense of non-confidence in him.

Valuation 1935

Surplus In The Quinquennium .

Rs. 26,24,202

Bonus Declared On Currents

Rates Of Premium

WHOLE LIFE	Rs. 18/- PER Rs. 1000/- PER ANNUM.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE	Rs. 16/- PER Rs. 1000/- PER ANNUM.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.,

(Head office-Calcutta)

PATNA BRANCH OFFICE—DAK-BUNGALOW ROAD,
PATNA.

TELEGRAM—'ENDOWMENT' Telephone 341.

NOTICE.

Under the Patronage of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor of Bihar and Orissa.

—:0:—

We beg to inform our kind constituents and the Public, that our mineral Water Factory situated at No. 5 quarters near Government Post Office Duxpur Cantt. is under Medical supervision. Our Waters are Manufactured with the greatest care and clean glass and with filtered Water, procured from the Station Hospital's well. Our rates are moderate.

We solicit the kind support of our Patrons, and to those who have not used our Waters we respectfully solicit a trial. We supply the Station Hospital, Club Officers, and Gentlemen of Duxpur Cantt. as well as to the Club, Officers, Gentlemen &c, and to Government House, Patna.

Soda large	Rs. 6 9 0 per dozen.
Soda small	.. 5 6 0
Lemonade	.. 9 14 0
Gingerade	.. 1 2 0
Coloured (a l)	.. 1 2 0

BALUCK RAM & Co.,

Bankipore Branch
Opposite to the Behar National College
near the old Hospital Building.

Police Salaries In Orissa

Cuttack, Mar. 28.

"His Excellency the Governor considers it unnecessary to emphasize the importance of paying adequately officers of those various ranks whose daily duties bring them into so much intimate contact with the public, and on whose honesty and efficiency the latter are dependent for their security and the maintenance of law and order."

These remarks are contained in a resolution of the Government of Orissa regarding the pay for officers and men in the subordinate ranks of the police in this province.

"Government servants on the whole prefer a time-scale to a graded system, as their prospects of promotion are more even and not dependent on the chances of vacancies occurring. Moreover, the majority of officers in these ranks in this province are those transferred from Bihar and Orissa, who are already on time-scales of pay, and the introduction of a graded system for these ranks would be attended with considerable administrative difficulties without any decided counter-balancing advantage."

His Excellency the Governor has decided that the Bihar and Orissa revised-scales of pay might be adopted as the scales for inspectors, sergeant-majors, sergeants and sub-inspectors in Orissa.

CONSTABLES' PAY

Regarding head-constables the Bihar and Orissa system with regard to the pay and classes is to be retained.

After reviewing fully the reasons which led to the grant of allowances in Bihar and Orissa, His Excellency had decided to accept the recommendation of the Inspector-General of Police, that it would be best in Orissa to abolish the allowances and at the same time fix the pay of constables on a scale which would approximate more closely to that which obtains in Madras.

His Excellency the Governor directs that the scales of pay for the various subordinate ranks of the police recruited on and after 1st April 1936 should be set as follows:—

Inspectors.—Pay in the scale of Rs. 150-20/80-210. Above the time-scale there will be two selection grades one at Rs. 335 and a second at Rs. 250 for ten per cent and five per cent res-

pectively of the total permanent strength of the cadre of Inspectors.

PASSAGE CONCESSIONS

Sergeant-majors will draw pay in the scale of Rs. 180-20/3-260-20/2-340 and the scale for sergeants is Rs. 150-5-200. The sergeants and sergeant-majors in Orissa who, at the time of appointment, have their domicile in Europe and who hold a permanent post substantively in the Police Department in Orissa, will also be eligible to passage concessions under the Bihar and Orissa (Subordinate Police) Passage Rules, 1936, and these rules are adapted or modified by the Government of Orissa, and thereafter, object to such adaptations and modifications.

Sub-inspectors will draw pay on a time-scale of Rs. 70-5/3-110. During their period of instruction at the Training College, probationary sub-inspectors will receive a subsistence allowance of Rs. 40 a month.

Constables will start on Rs. 15 a month when in training and rise to Rs. 21.

Another resolution regarding the Provincial Police Service states that His Excellency the Governor has decided to adopt the scale of pay which was in force in Bihar and Orissa, i.e., 200-20-600, with an efficiency bar at Rs. 340.

Babu Rajendra Prasad

Patna, Mar. 29

Babu Rajendra Prasad has cancelled his tour programme in Monghyr district and will not be leaving for Barhailya tomorrow to investigate the recent agrarian trouble there. He may stay on at Patna for a few days further.

Hartal in Patna

Patna Mar. 29

Elaborate preparations are being made in every town and village of this province for observing the Hartal in a befitting manner as a protest against the inauguration of the new constitution. At Patna, a Hartal Committee was formed with fifteen sub-committees to ensure that the Hartal was observed in workshops, offices, schools and colleges and in law courts. It was also decided to take out a huge procession on that day from the Bankipore Maidan that would march through the main roads and terminate before the Council Chamber of the Behar Legislative Councils.

Don't Take Worry With You

Take a complete rest from personal and business cares. Leave them behind, in the capable hands of **THE BANK OF BEHAR**. Whether you go overseas or remain in this country, the services briefly described here will help make this vacation more enjoyable. Look over this list now and consult your nearest Behar Bank branch.

SAFE DEPOSIT

Your insurance policies, contracts, bonds, jewellery and other valuables need far greater protection than home or office safe can give them. A **Behar Bank Safe Deposit Box** provides positive protection at low cost. Commodious, fireproof, burglar-proof vaults are available for the storage of silverware and other large articles of value.

STODIAN ACCOUNTS

For the care and safeguarding of your securities in your absence; collection and distribution of income and maturing principal; notification of subscription privileges and redemption calls; buying and selling of securities; and the making of investments as instructed by you.

We invite you to avail yourself of our complete banking service at

HEAD OFFICE AT PATNA,

And Branches at

Arrah, Benares, Chapra, Darbhanga, Gaya, Motihari, Monghyr, and Siwan.

Refreshments ?

Board ?

Lodging ?

PINTU HOTEL

Undoubtedly the best in **PATNA**
Centrally situated, Palatial Buildings, with electric fittings. Bright airy rooms, comfortable cafe and dining rooms, prompt attention.
Excellent service, wholesome and palatable dishes to suit all:—
Orthodox and non-orthodox, Vegetarian and non-Vegetarian

Healthy mind in healthy body

Good food conduces to health

Fire in Islamia H. E. School

Shaikhpura (Monghyr) Mar. 29

Great alarm was caused here in the afternoon of Thursday last when smoke was found emanating from the ventilator of the local Islamia H. E. School by the Secretary and other office bearers of the School who happened to be present in the school compound with a view to inspect the grounds in connection with proposed reconstruction of the school buildings. On opening the door it was found an almirah containing many books and office records was but a heap of ashes and embers were still smouldering when the whole mischief was discovered.

The loss estimated at about two thousand rupees. The local police are investigating, but no clue has yet been obtained to this mysterious fire.

Triple Murder

Patna, Mar. 29

It is reported that a triple murder was perpetrated with the help of a garasa in Khagaul on Friday last by one Behari Kurmi, the victims being his wife (25), son (8) and daughter (4). Behari Kurmi disappeared along with one Rachchanath, a friend of his who used to live with him. It is said that the women was secretly carrying on with a neighbour and this prompted her husband to take resort to this course.

Riot At Jamuni Kela

Patna, Mar. 29

From an information just received here from Dumka it appears that the Mahomedans of Jamuni Kela and neighbouring villages numbering about 700, armed with lathis, attacked and injured a police party deputed to prevent riot between Hindu and Mahomedans during the "Holi" procession. Number of casualties is not yet known. The Superintendent of Police of Santhal Parganas proceeded to the spot. Great sensation prevails.

News

By a not...
Tariff Act...
certain class...
goods has be...
anna per squ...
from April 1.

The Peop...
ed the 25-ye...
cer known as...
20 years in...
charge of esp...

The De...
Burmans) A...
anti Constit...
today. The...
sion along...
the city, wh...
fully, except...
which the p...
inscribed...
slogans.

Cuttack...
Hartal, the...
ing business...
Congress...
band went r...

'Black Fl...
nised by stu...
in the morn...
of Poona v...
hartal. Shop...
most of...
closed and...
newspapers.

Hindu sl...
Moslems ha...
morning to...
ration of t...
and also o...
tournament.

A Cong...
the A. I. C.

A dram...
off the m...
insurgent...
attacked fr...
Santander...
planes fro...
the Espana...
quarters o...
entrance o...
cruiser succ...
coal boat an...
Three have...
Santander.

In pursu...
President's...
and Muslim

News In Brief

By a notification under the Tariff Act the import duty on certain classes of artificial silk-goods has been increased by one anna per square yard with effect from April 1.

Barcelona, Mar. 31.

The People Tribunal sentenced the 25-year old French Dancer known as Vera Verenitch to 20 years imprisonment on the charge of espionage.

Rangoon, Apr. 1.

The Dobama (Burma for Burmans) Association staged an anti Constitution demonstration today. They took out a procession along the main streets of the city, which passed off peacefully, except for one incident in which the police seized a banner inscribed with revolutionary slogans.

Cuttack, Apr. 1.

Cuttack observed a partial hartal, the trade centres suspending business.

Congress processions with band went round the town.

Poona, April 1.

'Black Flag' procession organised by students were taken out in the morning in various parts of Poona which are observing hartal. Shops markets, mills and most of the restaurants are closed and also the nationalist newspapers.

Chittagong, April 1.

Hindu shops were closed but Moslems had a procession in the morning to celebrate the inauguration of the new constitution and also organised a wrestling tournament.

A Congress meeting adopted the A. I. C. C. resolution.

Santander, April 1.

A dramatic action occurred off the north coast when the insurgent cruiser 'España' attacked five ships bound for Santander. Five Government planes from Santander bombed the 'España' incessantly for three quarters of an hour at the entrance of the harbour, but the cruiser succeeded in capturing a coal boat and the others escaped. Three have since arrived at Santander.

Meerut, April 1.

In pursuance of the Congress President's instructions Hindus and Muslims observed hartal in

the city. All municipal schools, and offices remained closed in the Cantonment area.

Reports from the interior indicate that the villagers also observed hartal.

New Delhi, April 1.

By 7.30 a. m. this morning 15 Congress workers including two office bearers of the provincial Congress Committee and the local branch of the Congress Socialist party were taken into custody in Subzi-Mandi mill area, presumably in connection with their alleged efforts to persuade the workers not to go to work in observance of the Hartal, ordered to day by the Congress.

LATER.

Twenty-five Congress workers were arrested by 9 O'Clock.

Almost all the shops belonging to the members of the various communities in the Chandni Chowk, the main business centre of Delhi, were closed. A big procession headed by Mr. Asaf Ali carrying flag and including some Congress M. L. As and prominent local Congressmen was parading the streets. Elaborate police precaution had been taken to guard against any untoward incident.

Cawnpore, April 1.

Almost complete hartal was observed here to-day by Hindus and Muslims as a protest against the inauguration of the new constitution. Schools, colleges, hotels and private dispensaries were closed.

Order under Section 144 was promulgated in the mill areas this morning for a period of one week.

In the evening a large procession in which Muslims also participated, paraded the main streets with black flags.

So far the hartal has been quiet.

Lahore, Apr. 1

The Hindus and Muslims joined in making the Anti-Constitution Day hartal most complete as possible. Barring a few Muslim shops in certain bazars all business in the city was suspended. Many fruit and vegetable shops which are exclusively in the hands of Muslims were closed. In order to prevent coercion and intimidation, a large police force was posted in various bazars. The Congress flag was hoisted by Mian Iftikharuddin, Congress M.L.A. this morning outside the Delhi Gate. Mian Iftikharuddin appealed to the Muslims to join the Congress in hundreds and thousands. Batches of Congress leaders are

utilising the occasion to enlist Congress members.

Allahabad, April 1.

Barring about half a dozen shops in the Chowk, Allahabad traders and businessmen are observing complete hartal. Some ekkas and tongas are plying, but their number is small.

It is understood that a large number of students are also observing hartal. It is reported that some disturbance occurred in a certain school in connection with attempts to make the hartal complete.

Lucknow, April 1.

The hartal in the city is so far peaceful. Congress workers assisted by Red-shirt Ahrars and other Muslims and a few Liberals are going round the city. The municipal offices and most other educational institutions were closed.

Examinations are proceeding smoothly. The examinees at the University stood at their seats for one minute to express sympathy with the hartal.

Moradabad, Apr. 1.

The hartal is being observed here on an unprecedented scale. Hindus and Muslims both participating in it. Public conveyances too are not plying for hire during the hours fixed by the Union.

Bhagalpur, April 1.

Complete spontaneous hartal was observed at Bhagalpur. All the Hindu and Muslim shops including the mills remain closed and the town looks deserted. Only the Court and Government offices are working.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR ENTERTAINED

Successful Dinner At Mr. S. Sinha's Residence

The first biggest social function in honour of His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallett was the dinner given on Mar. 29 by Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha. A large and distinguished gathering was present. To the disappointment of the large assembly, Lady Hallett could not be present owing to indisposition. Mr. Sinha's residence was tastefully decorated and brilliantly illuminated for the occasion.

Covers were laid for forty five and the function was a most enjoyable one. As usual Mr. Sinha proved to be one of the best hosts and the catering was done to perfection. The dinner was followed by a reception.

Stri Sammilani

Patna, April 1.

The annual meeting of the Stri Sammilani was held in the Lady Stephenson Hall with Lady Imam, M. L. A., in the chair. A large number of members attended. Mrs. Amala Mukherjee, the Hony. Secretary in her Annual Report described the many sided activities of this organization which included educative lectures, outdoor and indoor games and instruction in Cookery. The following office-bearers were elected: Mrs. Wort, President; Mrs. Dhavie, Mrs. S. P. Sen, Lady Imam, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. B. B. Mukherjee, Hony. Secretary; Mrs. Dastur and Mrs. Ghosh, Joint Secretaries; Mrs. S. C. Sarkar, Hony. Treasurer.

In the course of her speech Lady Imam complimented the Sammilani on the great progress made by it. "One of the chief aims of the Association has been to promote friendship and culture and to be of service to one another and for all these years it has been steadily carrying on its useful mission in its own quiet way. This Association is one of the oldest Women's institutions at Patna and it was started at a time when there was no awakening amongst the ladies here and to call a gathering of this sort was a thing unheard of. Through the energetic efforts of some of the leading ladies of this place this society was formed with a view to induce the purdah ladies to come out and take interest in things outside their home surroundings.

Thus a new life was created and this organisation can claim to have done pioneer work in this respect. As an old associate I wish this organisation a long life of service and hope that the existing members will do their best to increase the usefulness of the Association by their own efforts as well as by persuading other ladies to join."

Govt. House News

Patna, Apr. 1.

Miss Tod left Government House last night.

His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallett granted interviews to Maulvi Syed Mubarak Ali, Mir Akhtar Ali and Khwaja Bahadur S. M. Ismail today.

His Excellency held a meeting of the Council of Ministers at which the oaths of office and secrecy were administered to the ministers in the presence of secretaries and heads of departments.

MR. S. A. AZIZ

Resumes Practice After Retirement

Mr. S. A. Aziz, Bar-at-Law ex-Minister of Education has resumed his practice at the Bar and has been engaged in several cases.

Nobel Peace Prize

Mahatma Gandhi will be one of the candidates for the Nobel peace prize for 1937.

King-Emperor's Message

The following message which His Majesty the King Emperor has sent to India on this historic occasion should prove an encouragement to the people of India and particularly to those of Bihar and their Ministers who are opening a new leaf in the history of the Province today.

"Today the first part of those constitutional reforms upon which Indians and British alike have bestowed so much thought and work comes into operation. I cannot let the day pass without assuring my Indian subjects that my thoughts and good wishes are with them on this occasion.

A new chapter is thus opening and it is my fervent hope and prayer that the opportunities now available to them will be used wisely and generously for the lasting benefit of all my Indian people.

GEORGE R. I."

Attack On A Police Party

Patna, April 1.

Details are now available of the mob attack on a police party at Jamakhola, Godda p. s. Santhal Parganas.

On Mar. 26 shortly after 7 p. m. the Hindus wanted to take "Holi" procession through a new route leading to the local zamindari Kutchery, whereupon Mahommedans collected to oppose them. The police party present on the spot, while negotiating with the processionists advising them to abandon the same route, was suddenly attacked by the Mahommedan mob, about seven hundred and before they could rout them with the help of some Hindus, the Mahommedans are said to have inflicted injury on no less than 14 men including a number of policemen and the Hindu helpers. Twelve Mahommedans were arrested on the spot and situation brought under control without much difficulty.

THE BEHAR HERALD

Bankipur, Saturday, April, 3, 1937.

Hindi Sahitya Sammelan

—o—
Suggestion To Congress

The following resolution was moved by Mr. Rajagopalachari and carried by the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan on March 28. The Sammelan also passed a resolution urging the Government to make provision for Hindi shorthand and type-writing in technical examinations and teaching those subjects, protesting against English being made the medium of discussion in the legislatures under the new Constitution, and appealing to members of the new legislatures to take early steps to have the provision changed and till such time carry on discussed as in the provincial legislatures in provincial languages.

The Bharatiya Sahitya Parishad resumed sitting in a special pavillion near the Hindi Prachar buildings at Mambalam Mahatma Gandhi presiding.

Mahatma Gandhi stressed the need for the Congress to adopt Hindi as its official language. Could English have developed as at present if French had been the state language in England? English began to grow only after the dominance of French and Latin was removed. Therefore they should try to eliminate the use of English as far as possible. Without their mother tongue it was not possible to get into touch with the masses.

Referring to the resolution regarding Hindi being made the official language of the Congress just passed by the All-India Sahitya Sammelan, Mahatma Gandhi said that it was a matter which intimately affected the Parishad for without a common language they could not get into touch with their own people. Mahatma Gandhi ex-

ORIENTAL GOVT. SECURITY LIFE INS. CO. LTD.

Business In 1936.

—o—
The amount of New Life Assurance Business written by the ORIENTAL last year was :

55,296 Policies Assuring Rs. 10,26,30,496 as compared with 48,858 Policies Assuring Rs. 8,89,89,149 in 1935—an increase of 7,438 Policies Assuring Rs. 1,36,41,347.

—o—
Mr. M. N. Roy

—:—
Lucknow, Mar. 30.
Mr. M. N. Roy and his wife arrived to-day at Lucknow from Cawnpore. They will be staying here for a few days.

30 Soldiers Shot Dead

It is revealed that 30 officers and soldiers of the staff at Tetuan aircraft station were shot on March 21 following the discovery of a military conspiracy against the Nationalist Government at Tetuan.

plained why they spoke of Hindi Hindustani instead of Hindi or Hindustani separately. They wanted to be on the best of terms with Hindu and Muslim writers. Hence the term Hindi Hindustani.

Mahatma Gandhi is likely to stay in Madras till Tuesday evening.

The Sammelan recommends to the Working Committee of the Congress to lay down that proceedings of the Congress should be conducted only in Hindi or Hindustani but that where a person cannot make himself understood in Hindi or Hindustani he should be permitted by the President to use English. It may of course be open to that member to speak in his own mother tongue and have it explained in English.

LOVE LORNS

Despaired from all sides should use our "Gohar Murad" Talisman for the last time to achieve their object. Keep it with you and think of the beloved, who will at once become affectionate and will try to be with you within the shortest possible time, despite being cruel minded or staying at a far off place and more over will never seek separation. This Talisman contains in itself the special qualities such as to win the favour of officials or masters and to gain victory on enemy. This is a sure and certain Talisman. Remuneration Rs. 1/4/- only. Postage extra.

ANNUAL READING:—Your annual life reading in monthly details will be prepared for Rs. 1/4/- only postage extra. Simply send us the name of any flower.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED:—Correct answers to any five questions for Rs. 1/4/- only postage extra.

Note:—Rs. 100/ will be awarded as prize if proved otherwise.

—o—
PROF. G. SHUNKAR,
Post Box No. 72, LAHORE.

Dinapore Assault Case

Patna, Mar. 30.

Before the Sub-divisional officer of Dinapore six Muslims were produced to-day on a charge of rioting and assault on a party of European soldiers of the Dinapore cantonment on the 10th day of Muharram.

It is alleged that the accused along with others brought out a procession without a licence and while proceeding through the main road in the heart of the Dinapore Cantonment in a disorderly manner, was confronted by a party of soldiers numbering about 12. This gave rise to a quarrel, which resulted in the serious assault on some of the soldiers, necessitating their removal to hospital.

The accused were remanded to custody, pending trial.

Sj. Rajendra Prasad

Sjt. Babu Rajendra Prasad was examined by his medical advisers on his return from Delhi. The doctors have observed that he has not yet quite recovered from the attack of Bronchitis and Asthma and the trouble is lingering though in a mild form. In previous years the attack used to cease almost completely after December and he used to be free from any trouble of his chest upto July. The period of complete remission enabled him to recover fully from the effects of the attacks between July and December and he could build up sufficient reserve in health and vitality to be able to resist the damage. The sustained mental strain and the harassment of travelling in varying climates and weathers have resulted in a break down on his health and a continuance of the chest trouble. He has lost 14 lbs in weight and he gets very easily exhausted. It was pointed out by his medical advisers in one of the previous communiques on his health that years of strain and overwork and suffering from Bronchitis and Asthma for six months in the year have brought about certain permanent changes in his heart and lungs which could not be ignored especially in view of the fact that he is getting nearer past middle age. On account of the persistence of the troubles upto now he has lost ground instead of gaining in health as he did in previous years. Doctors take a serious view of this state of his health. Taking the above facts into consideration and advise that Sjt. Babu Rajendra Prasad must take a couple of month's complete rest and curtail his activities to the barest minimum. This is absolutely necessary to ensure many more years of his usefulness to the country. A disregard of this advice may result in a permanent damage to his health.

Arrests In Patna

—:0:—
30 Persons Arrested

—:0:—
Patna, Thursday.
The dull monotony of the 1st of April on which the new constitution has been inaugurated, was broken in the afternoon when 19 arrests were made obviously under the authority of the new ministry—a bad omen indeed for the regime that has been ushered into existence today. Sensation ran high in the town and the culminating point was reached when some persons demonstrated in front of the house of the now Hon. Mr. M. Yunus, the Chief Minister who took office only this noon, when as many as 11 persons including Mr. Ambika Kant Sinha were arrested by the police late in the evening and thus closed the day which began with hartal and ended with repressive measures which recall to memory the stormy days of the last civil disobedience movement.

A SPECIAL FEATURE

A special feature of the day was that Babu Rajendra Prasad started from Sadaghat Ashram with a band of congressmen on foot this evening and walked all the distance of about 4 miles from Sadaghat Ashram to Kadamkuan where he addressed the public meeting in the evening. He refused to use a conveyance, private or hired, because it was a hartal day.

Post-Graduate Training

—o—
The following Civil Assistant Surgeons of the Bihar Establishment have passed the examination held on the completion of the Post-graduate training:—

Dr. Amrit Nath Banerji, Chapra Sadr Hospital, 2 Dr. Murali Mohan Ray, and 3 Dr. Narayan Prashad, undergoing X ray training at the Patna Medical College Hospital; 4 Dr. Nirmal Chandra Sinha, Arrah Sadr Hospital; 5 Dr. Mahesh Datta Tewari, Chaibassa Sadr Hospital; 6 Dr. Sidheshwari Prashad, Aurangabad Sub-division Hospital.