


OBSERVATIONS O ㄱ T 白 E

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NAPLES, ROME, NICE,

## OBSERVATIONS

 ON THEC L I M A T E S 0 F

NAPLES, ROME, NICE, \&c. In a LETTER to Sir GEORGE BAKER, Bart. M.D.

In which is inferted
Some Advice to thofe who intend vifiting thofe Places in Purfuit of Health.

By BENJAMIN PUGH, M. D.
_Si quid novifti rectius iftis,
Candidus imperti; fi non, his utere mecum.
Hor. Epif.

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\mathrm{L} O \mathrm{~N} D \mathrm{O} \mathrm{~N},
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## TO

## Sir George Baker, Bart. M. D.

Montpellier, April 30, 1784. S I R,

AS three years are nearly elapfed fince you entrufted to my care your very worthy and refpectable patient Mr. Wollafton, at that time labouring under a very fevere and obftinate difo

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order; I think it my duty to explain to you in what manner I have acquitted myfelf of the charge. To make you a partaker of the joy which fo fenfibly affects me on this occafion, it might be enough to communicate to you the bare information of this gentleman's recovery; but I think myfelf called upon to go farther: I feel an obligation to give you a particular account of the fucceffive fteps which have been employed to bring about that happy event. I mall take the liberty alfo occafionally to inferi the obfervations which occurred to me on my travels, relative to thofe difeafes which prevail moft in each country, and the influence which each climate might pof fibly have in aggravating, if not in producing them.

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It has been the fafhion of our countrymen, afflicted with pulmonary difo orders, to feek health under the milder fun of Nice or Naples; but far the greater part of fuch patients have, I believe, either returned difappointed in their purfuits, or fallen victims to this fatal error. In fuch cafes, I give the preference to the air of Provence or Languedoc, in the South of France; and am fupported in this idea by reafons which fhall be hereafter given. But as I hall only mention facts and tbings, my intention is not to enter into any literary difpute with any one, as I am convinced that the moft ingenious man on earth cannot form or devife a fentence, but the wit of another can find fomething in it whereat to carp and cavil. My view

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in this publication is to render fervice to thofe of my countrymen, whofe infirm fatate of health may force them to feek relief in foreign climes; and if any one receives the fimalleft benefit from the following fheets, the happinefs of the writer will be perfecily complete,

You may remember we left England in the beginning of July, in the year 178 r . We paffed by way of ORend to the Germán Spá, where Mir. Wollafton, for the fpace of one month, drank the waters of the Pohun and Geronftere fountains, ufed the warm baths twice in the week, and continued his medicines ; not omitting to take exercife on horfeback every morning. Thefe waters, \&cc. agreed fo well with him, that by the end of the month

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month the oedematous fwellings in his legs were quite gone; the ulcer, which was in one of them; quite healed; and his fpirits fo well recovered, that he found himfelf perfectly able to proceed on his journey for Italy. At Aix-la-Chapelle, where we faid ten days, he made the fame ufe of the waters and baths as at the Spa, and found them of no lefs benefit. I omit to mention to you the name of each town through which we paffed, as it would be but an uninterefting detail. It fuffices to fay, that by the route of Germany and Switzerland we entered Italy, and made the beft of our way to Naples, where we arrived in the month of November. Here we took up our refidence until April, 1782. This winter proved the moft fevere that was

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ever remembered by the oldeft perfon living in this city. Three nights marp froft in the month of January killed all the orange, lemon, pomegranate, and other tender trees in the environs, and caufed more damage than can be repaired by a long fucceffion of the mildeft winters: Shortly after our arrival I was feized with violent inflammations in my eyes, and an intenfe head-ach, with rheumatic pains in various parts of my body; complaints to which I had ever before been a perfect franger. My wife complained of head-aches, but not in fo violent a degree ; Mrs. Wollafton was affected much in the fame manner, and Mr. Wollafton received very little, if any, benefit by his ftay there. As this climate had been fo long celebrated for

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its mildnefs, I was furprifed at the obftinate continuance of the complaints of our own family, and likewife at the numbers of difeafed and miferable objects I met in every part of the city. I refolved to vifit the public hofpitals, where I beheld mifery in the extreme; fevers of every clafs, but fcarce one where the lungs had not been primarily concerned; rheumatifms, dropfies, fcrophulas, confumptions, ulcers of every kind, and venereal difeafes without number.

To affign a caure for the chief of thefe effects, I began to reafon thus with myfelf-The fea in the Bay of Naples has no tides, or indeed next to none, as it has never more than fix inches; its furface is generally as placid as a fifh

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fin-pond, and the mountains and highi lands, which furround the bay, prevent a free circulation of air, fo that the atmofphere muft be almoft always loaded with faline, marine particles-the fudden tranfitions from the excefs of heat to that of cold within the fpace of the fame day-but, above all, the wind called 10 Scirocco, which fo frequently blows in this country, and whofe effects are fcarcely conceivable by thofe who have not experienced them.-All thefe things taken together, cannot but render this climate extremely dangerous to tender and unrefifting confitutions; and to fome or all of thefe caufes do I attribute that unbalmy quality of the air of Naples, fo peculiarly unfavourable to confumptive lungs.

During

During my refidence in this town there arrived a moft amiable young Englifh nobleman, whofe" lungs were difeafed. He came with a delign to fpend fome of the winter months; but the air had fuch an effect upon him, that he could fcarce breathe : fo that in eight or nine days he was obliged to leave it, and precipitately bend his courfe to the South of France. Examples alfo are not wanting of others who, difcovering their error when it was too late, and attempting to remove when natùre was too much exhautted, were arrefted by death in their flight.

On the laft day of A pril, the weather beginning to grow too warm, we left Naples, and went to Rome, where we made

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fome fay, as the air perfectly agreed witfo Mr. Wollafon. With refpect to myfelf, in eight or nine days time, the head-ach and inflammation in the eyes, which. were more or lefs troublefome to me during my refidence at Naples, entirely took their leave. I heard from the beft authority, that an Englifh gentleman, who had been troubled for a confiderable time with an afthma, which would never permit him to remain during the winter in London, came regularly from thence to foend that part of the year at Rome, where he always found that relief which he had in vain fought for before at Naples, Nice, and other parts of Italy.

On the fecond of July foilowing, we left this city to go to the hot baths of

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Pifa, which are faid to be extremely beneficial in gouty cafes, and difeafes in the liver. I found thefe waters much of the fame heat and quality as the King's bath, at Bath, in Somerfethire. About two miles from the baths there is a fpring of water, which exactly refembles the Pyrmont fpa, and whofe component parts are nearly the fame. Mr. Wollafton drank the waters, and ufed the baths for two months, and left Pifa in much better health and fpirits than when he entered it. This city, through the middle of which flows the river Arno, is large and well built, and its inhabitants are polite to Atrangers. The markets are well fupplied with all forts of provifions and fruits, at the moft reafonable rate ; and houfe-rents are extremely cheap. C 2 With

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With regard to air, I Thould prefer it as a winter refidence to any part of Italy: But, were I called upon to point out a fummer refidence, my choice would fall upon Sienna, whofe fituation is lofty, and whofe air has a juft reputation for its falubrity.

From Pifa we went, by way of Leghorn and Genoa, to the city of Nice, which we entered on the 27 th day of September, 1782.

Permit me, Gentlemen, to take a wider field in defcribing this place than Ihave done in fpeaking of others, between it and Naples, as thofe are vifited rather becaufe they either lie in the route, or contain an abundance of curiofities, than
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becaufe they are breathed upon by an air deemed fit to reftore a decaying conftitution, I have therefore avoided to enlarge on them, as making no part of my fubject: but as this place is fo much reforted to by Englifh invalids, and as it is my earneft wifh to render them all the information and affiftance in my power, I feel myfelf particularly called on to be more minute in my account of it.

The city of Nice is the capital of that county in Piedmont, which belongs to the King of Sardinia. This county is about eighty miles in length, by about thirty in breadth: it contains feveral towns and a great many villages, all of which, except the capital, are fituated amongft the mountains. The city itfelf is fituated in a plain, which is about five
miles in length, by three in breadth, and is bounded on the weft by the river Var, which divides it from Provence, in the South of France; on the fouth, by the Mediterranean fea, which comes up to the walls; and on the north by the maritime Alps, which begin from the back of this plain, with hills of gentle afcent, rifing by degrees into lofty mountains, and forming a fweep or amphitheatre ending at Montalbano, which projects into the fea, and overhangs the town to the eaft. The river Paglion, which defcends from the mountains, and is fupplied only by the rains or the melting of the fnows, wafhes the walls of the city, and falls into the fea on the wef. The channel of this river is very wide, but never full of water, except after heavy rains or the melting of the

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fnows in the Alpine mountains, when it becomes a formidable torrent.

The country about Nice is moft delightful and pleafant, all which, from the Caftle Hill, or even from the ramparts, is taken in at one view, and looks like an enchanted fpot, or garden of Paradife; the whole plain being highly cultivated with vines, pomegranates, almonds, \&c. as alfo with every fpecies of evergreens, as oranges, lemons, citrons, and bergamots. The hills are fhaded to the tops with olive trees, amongft which are interfperfed the caffinas, or country houfes, which add great warmth to the landfcape. The gardens belonging to them are full of rofe-trees, carnations, ranunculas, violets, and all forts of flowers,

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flowers, which bloom the whole winter. Here indeed vegetation continues the whole year, and the inhabitants may juftly be faid to enjoy a perpetual fpring ; for although nature repofes herfelf during the winter months in moft other countries, the is ever active and indefatigable here.

As Mr. Wollafton and myfelf were taking a ride, on the 22 d of December, we faw the payfans, or farmers, gathering their olives on the hills, and in the vallies gathering their oranges and lemons, and mowing and making their hay; which they affured us they did four times in the year. The fun in this climate, during the winter months, produces a heat nearly equal to that in the month of May in England. Such alfo is the fere-

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nity of the air, that one fees nothing above one's head, for months together, but the moft charming blue expanfe without clouds.

The walks near this city are very pleafant, and numerous; but the rides, which are very much confined, are ftony and difagreeable, except the two where the carriages pafs; the one by the fea fide, as far as the Var, about five miles; and the other, about two miles from the New Gate, on the Turin road, between two lofty mountains, by the fide of the river Paglian.

There is a market tolerably well fupplied with provifions, fuch as beef, pork, mutton, and veal. The lamb is fmall,

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and often poor ; the poultry is very indifferent, and dear; but game is plentiful, and reafonable, unlefs there be much company. There is no fcarcity of fifh; but the beft forts are dear; the butter is good, and rather cheap, the bread very indifferent indeed. The greateft part of their provifions come from Piedmont.

I hope I have given a juft account of this beautiful little country, with refpect to its external and pleafing form: let us now look into its inconveniences, and the more interefting parts with refpect to thofe who come here for the purpofe of recovering lof health. That moft ufeful article in life, water, is generally drawn from deep wells, and is fo very hard as

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to be fit for few ufes. The only water in the city fit for drinking is that in the well of the convent of the Dominican Friars, in the Great Square, which, being expofed a fhort time to the air, becomes foft and good. Thefe friars are fo kind and civil, that they refufe no inhabitant, who afks their leave, and ufes it with moderation.

Amongft the many difagreeable things are to be reckoned the incredible number of flies, fleas, bugs, gnats, \&cc. Thefe never fink into a torpid ftate, as in colder climates, but are troublefome all the winter. Gnat-nets are fixed to all the beds, without which there would be no Ileeping. The trades-people are extremely impofing in all their dealings;

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and the Englifh in general, with every degree of circumfpection, cannot guard againft their knavery. Servants of every kind are the moft abandoned cheats, flovenly and lazy; the lodging-houfes exceffively dear, both in town and country, which they force you to take for fix months, or they will not fuffer you to enter. Care mult be taken to make the mof particular agreements upon every occafion; for if the leaft tittle be left to their honour or good-nature, you will pay dearly for falfely attributing to them qualities which this clafs of the inhabitants very rarely poffefs.

I truft, Gentlemen, that you will not confider the above remarks as impertinent to the fubject which I promifed to handle.

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It is important to the cure that the patient fhould enjoy every comfort, and poffefs an equal and calm mind; 'for in as much as his quiet is difturbed, or his temper rufled, by fo much is his cure retarded. It was not therefore improper to ftate the difficulties which every man mult here expect to encounter.

But the climate now demands our attention. Are thefe inconveniences fo overbalanced as to become light, when weighed with the benefits which infirm health may expect to receive from the purity of the air? Let us examine this queftion. The air, as I before obferved, is ferene, and perfectly free from moifure: whatever clouds may be formed by evaporation from the furrounding fea feldom

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hover long over this fmall territory, but are attracted by the mountains, and there fall in rain or fnow. As for thofe which gather from more diftant quarters, their progrefs hitherward is obftructed by thefe very Alpine mountains, which rife one over another to an extent of many leagues.

The air being thus dry and elaftic, it follows that it muft be agreeable to the conftitutions of thofe who labour under diforders arifing from weak nerves, obftructed perfpiration, relaxed fibres, a vifcidity of lymph, and a languid circulation. But as the atmofphere is ftrongly impregnated with marine falt, which is eafily difcoverable when there are ftrong breezes from the fea, the furface of the

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hands being covered with a falt brine very fenfible to the tafte, fcorbutic diforders are common amongft this people. This quality of the air arifes from the high mountains which hem it in, and prevent its free communication with the furrounding atmofphere, in which the faline particles would be diffufed and foftened, were there a free circulation.

This country hath continually variable winds, as it is furrounded by mountains, capes, and ftraits. By thefe fharp and fudden variations the human conftitution is no lefs affected than by the current of air: whilft the fun gives fo great heat, that you can fcarce take any exercife out of doors, without being thrown into a breathing fweat; the wind is frequently fo keen and piercing, that it too often produces the

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mifchievous effects of the pores thus fuddenly opened; as colds, pleurifies, peripneumonies, ardent fevers, rheumatifms, \&cc. The heat rarefies the blood and juices, while the cold wind conftringes the fibres, and obftructs perfpiration. Hence in the winter months you never meet an inhabitant of Nice without his cloak wrapped about him, and his mouth and nofe fopped with his handkerchief or muff, that the air might not enter into his lungs without paffing through a medium to foften it. Hence alfo he wears feveral flannel waiftcoats and the warmeft cloathing.

I was refident in this city upwards of cight months, namely, from the 25 th of September to the firft day of June

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following. I obferved that the moft cold and dangerous months are thofe about the time of the vernal equinox. Great care fhould then be taken to guard againtt the difeafes arifing from obftructed perfpiration; for, although the fun be intenfely hot, the eaft and north-eaft winds (which blow almoft conftantly during the months of March, A pril, and May) from paffing over the Alps and Apennine mountains, whofe tops are always covered with fnow, become ex. tremely fharp and penetrating. This intemperature fometimes lafts (as was the cafe that year) to the middle or end of May, when the fnow on the nearef mountains begins to melt, and the air becomes more mild and balmy. But in the progrefs of a few wecks, the heat is

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fo difagreeable, that a more temperate climate ought to be fought for. An invalid would, in my opinion, act more prudently, if he left the city the firft week in March.

To what difeafes then are the inhabitants of this country moft fubject? They are troubled with fevers of various kinds, in moft or all of which I found the lungs concerned; fcrophulas, rheumatifms, opthalmias, fcorbutic putrid gums, with ulcers and eruptions of various forts. The moft prevailing diftemper feemed to be a marafmus. I frequented their hofpitals often, and found thefe to be the chief difeafes; all which are fimilar to thofe in the hofpitals of Naples and other towns near the fea coaft in Italy. But if

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the inhabitants themfelves, whofe very looks betray marks of ill health, afforded not fuch numerous proofs of the unwholefomenefs of this air, I am, alas! furnifhed with too many by my unhappy countrymen, who wintered there in 1783. There were twenty-four families, belides feveral fingle Englifh gentlemen, the whole of which amounted to the number of ${ }^{1} 3^{6}$ perfons; and I believe very few of thofe who came there on account of the air, found the expected benefit: I can except only two; one, an elderly gouty gentleman; the other, a tender, weakly, low-fpirited gentleman, with a flow fever at times; but both had found lungs. The only confumptive cafes I faw at Nice, were fix young gentlemen, and a lady rather advanced in years, all

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of whom died in the courfe of the winter. Three of thefe young men were fo active and cheerful at times, even to a day before their deaths, that there was reafon to hope for their recovery. Had they faid in England, or fome parts of the South of France, I firmly believe that four of the fix, if not now alive, would at leaft have protracted their days. I attended a great many of the Englifh, who came to Nice in health, in violent inflammatory fevers, in all of which the lungs were concerned. Our own family was not without its chare of the bad effects of this climate. Mr. Wollafton, in the courfe of our flay there, had three very fevere attacks of inflammatory fevers, and left that place fo very ill, that I had very little hopes of his ever feeing England more. Mrs.

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Mrs. Wollafton had very violent inflammations in her eyes at various times, head-achs, and a fever which confined her for fome weeks. My wife, a remarkably healthy woman, was feized with an inflammatory fever, which obliged her to keep the chamber upwards of three months, and at length terminated in a large abfcefs in one of her arms, which faved her life. With refpect to myfelf, who have as good a confitution as nature ever conferred on man, and have been a ftranger in general to all difeafes, I had not been there ten days before I was feized with violent head-achs and acute rheumatic pains, which perfecuted me, with very little intermiffion, during the whole time of our ftay. My eyes and teeth, although remarkably ftrong, were

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affected in fuch a manner, that there is reafon to apprehend that a refidence of a very few years in this place would deprive me of both.

In the courfe of the account which I have given you of Nice and Naples, you cannot but obferve, Gentlemen, that the climate and difeafes of both are fimilar; that the effects which botb produced on our own family were nearly the fame, and that the air of both is demonftrated by example to be too fharp and penetrating: for confumptive patients. Remains there then to be tried any plan which may be preferable? I will fufpend my journey for a while, and be hardy enough to fuggeft one which appears to me to challenge fairer hopes of fuccefs.

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The moderate warmth and refrefhing verdure of England are furely preferable to the fultry funs and changeable piercing winds of Italy. Let the confumptive patient make choice of Abergavenny, in South Wales, for his fummer refidence; ufe proper exercife, and drink goats whey. If he be of a lax habit, the Tilbury waters will be an excellent common drink. As foon as winter threatens approach, let him remove to the environs of Brittol, take horfe exercife on the Downs as often as the weather and his ftrength will admit, and drink the Hot-well waters, under the direction of an able phyfician, who will affift him likewife in the application of proper medicine and diet. Should this method prove ineffectual, I fhould advife

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a trial of the South of France. The parts to which I thould give the preference for a winter refidence, are the environs of the city of Avignon, near the famous fountain of Vauclufe, Nifmes, or Pezenas, where the air is as dry, and much more pure than that of Italy. Thefe places are well fupplied with provifions, and houferents and lodgings are not unreafonable ; circumftances not altogether undeferving the attention of thofe who are under the difagreeable neceffity of feeking health beyond the limits of their own country. But my chief reafon for preferring thefe places to all others in France, is its more diftant fituation from the fea, whofe influence I conceive to be obnóxious in thefe warm climates. As the fun, during the months of June; July, and

Auguft, is extremely powerful in Provence and Languedoc, let him remove to Berrage or Banniers, both fituated amongft the mountains, where the air in three months is temperate and agreeable, the living cheap, good cow's and goat's milk in plenty, and fome of the waters in each place beneficial in difeafes of the lungs, as have been experienced by many who have drunk them under thofe complaints. The Cevennes mountains alfo, which abound with many medicinal fprings, afford feveral places of an agreeable fummer retreat. In November, let him return to his winter's refidence. If, after a fair trial for two years, he fhould find no relief, I fhould fear that his dif order was beyond the reach of buman fkill. Let me add another remark, F before

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before I quit this topic. It is commonly thought that the moift and foggy atmofphere of Great Britain, fo loaded as it is with humid particles, renders the inhabitants more liable to catarrhs, rheumatifns, fevers, pulmonary complaints, and other difeafes arifing from obftucted perfpiration, than thofe of milder climates; but let the inhabitants on the fea coafts of Italy, who are fo horribly afflicted with thefe difeafes, and than whom there are not more miferable objects in all Europe, teflify to the contrary of this received idea.
But, to refume our journey.-Long before our departure from Nice, I was convinced that Mr . Wollafton had concretions in the gall bladder, and biliary

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ducts. His ftomach was fo weak, that little food and few medicines would ftay upon it. He was feldom free from pain, and was attacked every four or five weeks with moft excruciating pains in the region of the liver, vomitings, with obftinate coftivenefs, and white flools: Mr. Birbeck, the Englifh conful, a moft worthy and friendly man, advifed me by all means to take Mr. Wollafton, as foon as he was able, to the Hot Baths of Balaruc, in Languedoc, where, having been entirely. cured himfelf of a palfy by the ufe of them, he had frequent opportunities of feeing their falutary effects on jaundices, which had refufed to yield to the moft powerful remedies.

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As other means had failed, I determined to give thefe waters a trial, and accordingly we quitted Nice on the firft of June, 1783 , having been there upwards of eight months. Aix, which lies in the route, has warm baths much of the fame nature with thofe of Buxton, in Derbyfhire. It is remarkable, that the cough and flow fever, which hung about my wife from the time of the fevere attack fhe fuftained at Nice, were quickly removed by drinking thefe waters and uling thefe baths. They likewife agreed fo well with Mr. Wollafton, that in the fpace of a month he fo far recruited his ftrength as to be able to proceed on his journey. We went by ealy fages to Avignon, Nifmes, and Montpellier, and reached Balaruc on the
twelfth of July. This little town is about twenty miles from Montpellier, and two miles out of the great road to the city of Thouloufe. Thefe baths were very famous in the times of the Romans, which not only hifory, but the many antiquities round them, and fome curious medals and ftatues lately difcovered there, clearly demonftrate.

On the fecond day after our arrival, Mr. Wollafton was taken with one of his fits as violently as ufual; but by the affiftance of the waters and baths they fubdued it in three days; whereas all his former fits, with every affiftance which medicine could give him, were of nine or ten days duration. He continued the ufe of them for a fortnight, accord-
according to the rules and cuftoms of the baths, at the end of which time his countenance, appetite, and frength, proclaimed a perfect cure. Mr. Wollafton, for the fpace of three months, drank the waters, and ufed the baths at intervals, although he was not abfolutely in want of them. With what pleafure do I inform you, Sir, that, fince that happy period, he has experienced no return of his fits, nor the fmalleft fymptom of a difeafed liver, notwithftanding the feverity of laft winter, than which, the inhabitants of Montpellier affured me, they never remembered one more cold or violent. But, however firmly eftablifhed might be the reftoration of Mr. Wollafton's health, I refolved to make another vifit to Balaruc this fpring: there was no ape

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parent neceffity for it: it may be an act of fupererogation: but at all events it can do no harm, and may poflably bid defiance to a relapfe.

I have the honour, Sir, to addrefs this letter to you from the Baths, where it is our intention to flay a fortnight, and afterwards to fet out on our journey for England. So numerous and furprifing are the cures effected by thefe waters, that I think I cannot do my country a greater fervice than by publifhing the ingenious treatife on their medicinal virtues, written by Monf. Pouzaire, the refident phyfician. I fhall order the original French to be printed, and with it a tranflation into Englifh, which I have made for the benefit of

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thote who are not mafters of the French tongue. I fhall alfo fubjoin to it fome account of the cures which have fallen under the teftimony of my own eye.

As I am now refident in the wine countries, excufe me if I here digrefs, to make one general remark. In every part of Europe through which I have travelled, it has been my obfervation, that the peafants and common labourers, who have wine for their ordinary drink, are inferior both in fize and ftrength to the Englifh, Welch, Scotch, or Irih hufbandmen, who drink nothing but milk, butter-milk, water, or even thin fmall beer. The longer I live, the more I am convinced that wine, and all other fermented liquors, are moft pernicious

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to the human conftitution ; and that for the prefervation of health, and exhilaration of fpirits, there is no drink equal or comparable to pure, fimple, good water. Let me not be deemed arrogant, if I venture to call myfelf a tolerable judge ; as it has been my common drink between thirty and forty years; and I believe there are few men living, who, at my age, are bleffed with better health and fpirits than myfelf.

Amongft the moft plealing remembrances of my paft travels, there are none which give me more real fatisfaction than the profeffional fervices I had opportunity to render to great num bers of my difeafed countrymen, whom chance threw in my way in the various

parts through which we paffed. It furprifed me not a little to find how few of them were provided with conveniences, to them of an indifpenfible neceflity. You well know, Sir, that a drug of an inferior or bad quality is alone fufficient to aggravate the fymptoms it was intended to remove, and thus fubvert the well-founded expectations of the ableft phyficians. As, therefore, but few are to be had on the continent of France and Italy, and thofe few of the moft ordinary quality; let the invalid be furnifhed with a cheft well filled with the beft Englifh medicines. He will thus alfo guard againft the fhameful charges of foreign apothecaries, whofe extortion is only to be equalled by their ignorance. As I would at all times wifh

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to avoid the moft diftant appearance of perfonality, I feel myfelf reluctant to particularife any individual; but one apothecary there is at Nice, whofe conduct is fo notorious, that thofe of my countrymen who have already employed him will, I am perfuaded, hold me juftifiable in requefting that others may be advifed to avoid him. His drugs are bad, his advice worfe, and his infolence infupportable. His impofing charges far outdo the impofitions of his unconfcionable brethren. He calls himfelf the Englifh apothecary, only becaufe he fpeaks a little broken Englifh, and by various arts procures recommendations to moft of the Englifh families who come there.-Behold here the portrait of Monfieur F-! The only apotheG 2
cary I there found with tolerable medicines; or in any degree acquainted with his bufinefs, is a Mr. Paffaro, who lives in the ftreet leading to the Jews quarter.

The patient would do well alfo (if it be in his power) to take with him an Englifh phyfician, as the foreign phyficians, but particularly thofe of Italy, are little competent to undertake the cure of thofe acute difeafes, which fo often arife in thofe warm climates. Their manner of treatment is totally different from the methods adopted in England. Bleedings, glyfters, and bouillons, are their panaceas; nor does it ever occur to them that nature may receive as it were new life by a timely and well-applied method of practice.

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When the dreadful train of evils which follow the ufe of unclean and damp theets be maturely confidered, it cannot be thought an improper caution to advife the patient to carry with him his own bed linen.

Thus equipped let him fet out on his foreign expedition. . But let me be pardoned, if I hazard one prediction. Soon will he regret the tem= perate climate which he had forfaken for the fultry funs and variable winds of more fouthern regions-deeply will he lament, in cafe of an unforefeen and dangerous attack, that, to the advice of his travelling phyfician, he cannot join the fuperior akill of Sir George Baker

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Baker-and dearly, too dearly, will he learn to fet a proper value on the bleffings of his native country, which excel all others beyond compare.

## I am,

## S I R,

With the greateft refpect and efteem,

Your obedient, humble Servant,

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