## Curriculum Vitae of TERASHIMA Ken

1882	- Born in Wakayama ken
1900-1903	- Attended KAIGUN HEI GAKKO (Naval Academy) at Etajima
	- Appointed midshipman
1903	- Midshipman aboard battle ship "Shikishima". Appointed
1904	ensign
1905	- Midshipman aboard destroyer "Yayoi". Appointed lieu-
	tenant junior grade and transferred to Outfitting
	Division of Yokosuka Naval Arsenal. Subsequently
	toured Belgium. France and Germany as member of party
	sent to London to take delivery of battleship "Kashima",
	constructed in England
1906	- Appointed Acting Division Commander at Toyohashi Naval
	Arsenal; concurrently attached to Outfitting Division,
	Yokosuka Naval Arsenal
1908	- Promoted to Lieutenant Senior Grade; assigned to Sub-
	marine #6 as commanding officer
1909	- Appointed Commanding officer of Submarine #8, and sub-
-,-,	comently transferred to cruiser "Azuma"
1910	- Attended KAIGUN DAIGAKU (Naval College), Tokyo (B-course)
1710	- Married OMOTO Etsuko
2022	- Attended KAIGUN DAIGAKU (Naval College), Tokyo (Naviga-
1911	tion Course); appointed navigation officer of cruiser
	"Tsushima", flagship of the 3rd Squadron, and subse-
	quently a staff officer of the 3rd Squadron.
	quently a stall officer of antiger "Chitose", and
1912	- Appointed navigation officer of cruiser "Chitose", and
	subsequently attended KAIGUN DAIGAKU (Naval College),
	Tokyo (A-course)
1913	- Promoted to Lieutenant-Commander
1914	Assigned to Naval General Staff
1915	- Commanded Naval Squadron in South Seas and subsequently
-,-,	appointed assistant naval attache to Japanese Embassy
	to France
1018	- Assigned to cruiser "Hirato"; later promoted to Commander
1918	and assigned to the French Division of the Intelligence
	Bureau, Naval General Staff
	- Became senior staff officer of 3rd Squadron
1920	- Became semior stail officer of semior staff officer of
1921	- Toured Europe with 3rd Squadron as senior staff officer of
	Crown Prince Hirohito; later assigned as instructor of
	naval strategy at KAIGUN DAIGAKU (Naval College), Tokyo
1922	- Appointed Shipbuilding and Ordnance Inspector of Naval
	General Staff; promoted to Captain and ordered to
	France as Naval Attache
1923	- Appointed member of Peace Treaty Enforcement Committee of
+/->	International Naval Conference, Brussels and London
1924	- Appointed adjutant to Navy Minister
	- Appointed commanding officer of training ship "Yamashiro";
1927	later promoted to rear-admiral and assigned to 2nd Fleet
	as Chief of Staff
	as onle of other

### Curriculum Vitae of TERASHIMA Ken (contd)

1928	- Appointed to concurrent position as Chief of Staff of Combined Fleet
1930	- Became Director of Training Bureau, Navy Ministry
1932	- Appointed Director of the Naval Affairs Bureau of the
	Navy Ministry and member of the Board of Admirals; promoted to vice-admiral
1933	- Assigned to Training Squadron as commanding officer
1934	- Retired from navy; appointed president of Uraga Dockyards
	Ltd.
1937	- Became president of Uraga Dockyards' newly formed sub- sidiary DAI NIPPON HEIKI KOGYO K.K. (Dai Nippon Ordnance
	Mfg. Co. Ltd.
1941, 16 Oct	- Became Minister of Railways and Minister of Communica- tions in TOJO Cabinet
2 Dec	- Replaced as Minister of Railways
1943, 8 Oct	- Resigned as Minister of Communications
1944, Oct	- Appointed member of House of Peers
1945. May	- Appointed advisor to Ministry of Transportation and Communications
1945, 16 Sep	- Interned in Omori Stockade and transferred to Sugamo in December

Extract from "Japanese Government Officials, 1937 - 1945"

# SEGRET

Extract from "Japanese Government Officials 1937 - 1945", published by Military Intelligence Division, War Department, Washington, D. C., 21 July 1945.

"Vice Admiral Ken TERASHIMA (TERAJIMA) (Retd.): Former Cabinet Minister.

1882 Sept

1934-41

1942

1944 May

1941 Oct-Dec

1941 Oct-1943 Nov

Born Wakayama Prefecture. Son of Tomomichi Omoto

and adopted by Terashima family.

Educated Naval Academy and Naval Staff College.
Captain, H.I.M.S. Yamashiro. Chief of Staff,
Combined Fleet. Director, Education Bureau of
Navy Ministry. Director, Naval Affairs Bureau,
Navy Ministry. On duty Naval General Staff.

President, Uraga Dockyards, Dai Nippon Ordnance Manu-

facturing Company.

Railways Minister in Tojo Cabinet.
Communications Minister in Tojo Cabinet
Head of Japanese Maritime Federation.

Appointed advisor to Transportation and Communications
Ministry, Tojo Cabinet.

Address: 1224, Yoyogi Uehara-machi, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo."

SECRET

Evaluation of TERASHIMA Ken at time of arrest, December 1945 •

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## SEGRET

Evaluation of TERASHIMA Ken at time of arrest, December 1945.

"TERASHIMA Ken, Vice Admiral (Retired)

Born 1882, TERASHIMA retired from the Navy in 1934 and entered business as President of the Uraga Dockyards Ltd. and the Dai Nippon Ordnance Mfg. Co. Ltd. (1934-1941). He became concurrently Railway Minister and Communications Minister in October 1941. He resigned the former post in December 1941 but continued in the latter until November 1943. He was appointed advisor to the Transportation and Communications Ministry in May 1944.

It is suggested that TERASHIMA be retained in custody as one of the long-time members of TOJO's cabinet -- from before Pearl Harbor until late 1943."

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DS Memorandum of 15 Dec 45

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# SECRET

711.6

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES POLITICAL ADVISER
Tokyo, Japan, December 15, 1945

#### SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR: Brigadier General Thorpe, OCCIO

Reference underlying memorandum from Major Davis to General Thorpe (CI 383.7), December 10, 1945, it would seem that with the arrival of Mr. Keenan any future war crimes arrests should be in accordance with principles which he establishes. The following comments, offered in ignorance of Mr. Keenan's plans, particularly whether he intends to try the Pearl Harbor or entire TOJO Cabinet en bloc, should be considered in the light of those plans as they are announced.

Examination of the individual records of the six Japanese recommended for arrest immediately or in due course in our opinion so far fails to reveal evidence sufficient to warrant the apprehension and individual trial under the Jackson formula of HATTA, YUZAWA, YAMAZAKI, ISHIWATA and SHIGE-MITSU. In the event, however, that Mr. Keenan decides to try the TOJO Cabinet en bloc, we would concur in their arrest and also that of NOMURA, Naokuni.

As to their individual records, HATTA's is that of a successful railway executive, YUZAWA's and YAMAZAKI's those of successful bureaucrats, and ISHIWATA's that of a government financial expert. SHIGEMITSU earned a reputation as an opponent of the military policies. All these men accepted important posts after Pearl Harbor when it had become the patriotic duty of every Japanese to take the part for which he was selected in the war effort. Their pre-war records, on the basis of the biographic data available to us, in our opinion fail to show that they played an active and dominant role in the initiation and execution of Japan's plans of aggression. The case of NOMURA is very similar except for the report that he played a leading role in Germany in connection with Japan's entrance into the Tri-Partite Pact. If there is good evidence that this report is correct, we would concur in his apprehension.

George Atcheson, Jr.
American Minister
Acting U. S. Political Adviser

Enclosure:

Memorandum (EI 383.7)

SECRET