

- Tolson ✓
- Belmont ✓
- Mohr ✓
- Callahan ✓
- Conrad ✓
- DeLoach ✓
- Evans ✓
- Malone ✓
- Rosen ✓
- Sullivan ✓
- Tavel ✓
- Trotter ✓
- Tele Room ✓
- Ingram ✓
- Gandy ✓

June 16-

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-

This fellow Cramer is just a liar.

- The Washington Post and Times Herald A-19
- The Washington Daily News _____
- The Evening Star _____
- New York Herald Tribune _____
- New York Journal-American _____
- New York Mirror _____
- New York Daily News _____
- New York Post _____
- The New York Times _____
- The Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- Date _____

Washington Scene . . . By George Dixon

Playing to the Gallery

ATTORNEY GENERAL Robert F. Kennedy had rather upsetting experiences in both the Senate and the House galleries last week.



Dixon

Bobby journeyed to Capitol Hill to discuss anti-crime legislation with his old boss, Sen. John L. McClellan of the Senate Investigations Subcommittee, which is now hearing testimony on gambling. The former chief counsel of the subcommittee (the self-same Bobby) then went to the Family Gallery to listen in on some senatorial debate.

He went to the Family Gallery from force of habit because a member of his family used to be in this house before moving to another house. Bobby's action shocked a tradition-bound custodian to the core. He informed the Attorney General severely he'd have to move out of the family section.

Bobby moved to another section—chewing his gum more vigorously, but uttering no words. A couple of days later he showed up in the House Gallery, but not the family section.

Debate began on crime

legislation in which the Attorney General is interested. Onto the floor came Rep. William C. Cramer of Florida, whose omnibus crime bill was under consideration.

Mr. Cramer glanced at the gallery and his eyes gleamed. He whispered to his Republican colleague, Rep. William Haynes Ayres of Ohio:

"I'VE BEEN TRYING to get an audience with Bobby Kennedy to discuss my crime bill ever since he took office. Well—he's going to listen to me at last."

"What are you going to do?" asked Rep. Ayres.

"I'm going to say all the things from the floor I've been trying to tell him in his office," replied Cramer.

"Don't let on that's what you're doing," cautioned Mr. Ayres. "One of the strictest rules of the House is that a member mustn't refer to anybody in the gallery."

"I know the rules," said Rep. Cramer. "The parliamentarian won't realize I'm talking at Bobby Kennedy, but Bobby will."

It seemed evident that Mr. Cramer was clairvoyant about this because the Attorney General began attacking his gum faster and faster. His mastication became almost savage when the Republican Mr. Cramer referred to anti-crime recommendations of

"the former Attorney General" which hadn't yet been carried out by "the present Attorney General."

"Do you know how difficult it is for anyone, any local official, sheriff, constable, law enforcement people at the local level to get any information say, on Mr. X, who is believed to be a syndicate criminal and who is known to the departments in Washington?" Rep. Cramer asked in the direction of the present Attorney General.

MR. CRAMER and Mr. Kennedy left the floor and gallery, respectively, in almost a dead heat. Mr. Kennedy did not hang around the Capitol to talk things over, but Mr. Cramer stopped in the Speaker's lobby to justify his evasion of the House rules.

"If a local law enforcement officer wants to find out about the syndicated nature of a gangster do you know how many Federal agencies he has to write to?" he asked. His colleagues shook their heads. "Forty-two!" cried Rep. Cramer. "My bill would correlate it in one clearing house."

I wish the Attorney General would come back often," sighed Rep. Ayres. "But, after this, I'm afraid he won't."

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REC-65

77-51281-141.5

file

AUG 30 1961

22 SEP 12 1961

67 SEP 14 1961 SEP 12 1961

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. BELMONT *AHB*

DATE: September 8, 1961

FROM : Mr. Conrad *CS*

SUBJECT: INVITATION TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO VISIT LUXEMBOURG

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Malone	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

Fabian

The Laboratory has completed translation of a letter to the Attorney General referred to us by routing slip from the Department's Records Administration Office. The letter postmarked September 1, 1961, (although dated August 1, 1961) is from "Grand Duchy of Luxembourg Office of the Ministry of Justice" and is signed by one Paul Elvinger.

Elvinger, who is apparently the Luxembourg Minister of Justice, refers to Mr. Kennedy's plan to visit Europe during the last week of September, 1961, and invites the Attorney General to visit the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, assuring him that he would be the guest of the Minister of Luxembourg.

The translation of this letter has been sent to the Records Administration Office by the Director's routing slip in accordance with usual procedure. A typed copy of this translation is attached for your information.

ACTION:

None. For your information only.

ENCLOSURE

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Evans

WDG:cf:mn
(7)

REC-83

77-57357-140

SEP 12 1961

-112

57 SEP 18 1961

TRANSLATION FROM FRENCH

The envelope is addressed to Mr. ROBERT KENNEDY,
Attorney General of the United States of America, Washington, D. C.
It is postmarked Luxembourg, September 1, 1961. The return address
is the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Government (sic).

* * * *

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
Office of the Ministry of Justice

Luxembourg
August 1, 1961 (sic)

Mr. ROBERT KENNEDY
Attorney General of the United States
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir and Colleague:

I have just learned from His Excellency Mr. WINE, the
United States Ambassador in Luxembourg, that you plan to visit
Europe during the last week of September, 1961.

I would be very happy if your schedule permitted you to
pay a visit at that time to the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. May
I say how much the government and the people of my country would
appreciate such a gesture of sympathy and interest on your part.

In the event that we have the honor and the joy of receiving
you in Luxembourg, you, and the people accompanying you, will be
the guests of the Minister of Justice of Luxembourg.

Please accept, Sir and Colleague, this expression of my
highest esteem.

S/ PAUL ELVINGER

77-51387-142

ENCLOSURE

Luxembourg

94

A.M. AND P.M. PAPERS, MUST NOT BE PUBLISHED BEFORE THAT DATE.)

WASHINGTON REPORT

BY FULTON LEWIS, JR.

COPYRIGHT, 1961, KING FEATURES SYNDICATE, INC.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4--The end may be near for Paul J. Corbin

a garrulous native of Manitoba, Canada who somehow wangled a job as dispenser-in-chief of Democratic patronage.

Corbin is a Wisconsin Democrat who hooked on to the Kennedy campaign train as it rolled through that state last spring. He played a key role in the campaign that followed JFK's primary victory over Hubert Humphrey. He was named last month as special assistant to John M. Bailey, chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

Bailey and Attorney General Robert Kennedy agreed to put Corbin in charge of patronage for the new Administration. One Washington source put it this way:

"He talks to persons looking for jobs on the New Frontier and also recruits likely prospects. He advises on these matters with leaders of the Kennedy Administration, but principally with Attorney General Kennedy, his political sponsor and patron."

Reaction to the Corbin appointment was swift and violent. Democrats from across the country protested to Bailey and the Attorney General. Rep. Clement Zablocki of Wisconsin was particularly angered, charging that Corbin was an opportunist, "unknown" in the state's regular Democratic organization.

The Milwaukee Journal, leading Democratic newspaper in the state, then jumped into the fight against Corbin. State reporter Edward Kerstein and Washington newsman Larry Ecklund dug into Corbin's past, which included:

*Working, some fifteen years ago, with top Wisconsin Communists. These included Fred Bassett Blair, Emil Costello and Harold Christoffel (who served a perjury term in federal prison for swearing under oath that he was not a Communist) among others.

*Soliciting membership and funds for the Communist Party. Corbin denies the allegation.

*Being active in left-wing unions in the Midwest for many years, dating back at least to 1939, when he was an organizer in Illinois for the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union.

(MORE)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Ingram	
Miss Gandy	

77-51387-143

BY FULTON LEWIS, JR.

xx Union.

Onetime publicity director for the Rockford CIO Industrial Council at Rockford, Illinois. Field representative for the CIO United Public Workers Union in Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska.

*Business manager of the old Wisconsin CIO News, in 1946, when that weekly's staff direction was largely pro-Communist.

*Home Secretary of former Congressman Gerald Flynn, a part-time job Corbin claims he lost in a misunderstanding. Flynn says only that he canned Corbin after learning of his "past involvements."

Knowledgeable Democrats see little future for Corbin at the party's national committee. Attorney General Kennedy, who stuck by his protege at first, is said to be wavering. The opinion persists that Corbin will shortly pack his bags and depart Washington.

* * *

Administration spokesmen are tight-lipped, but the President is ready to supply the Communist satellite of Poland with more foreign aid dollars.

To date, more than \$650 million has been sent to Warsaw in the futile hope that Wladyslaw Gomulka and Company can be weaned away from Moscow. Kennedy hopes to "stabilize the Polish economy" and to build up medium industry.

Earlier this summer, the Poles opened a new production line at the Lenin steel works in Nova Huta. On hand to participate in the ceremonies were U.S. Ambassador Jacob Beam and Acting Polish Prime Minister Jozef Cyrankiewicz.

The latter thanked Beam for the American aid and asked for more. He is the same Red official who addressed an anti-U.S. rally in Warsaw last spring in which President Kennedy was denounced as "hypocritical."

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(GS)

SEP 11 1961
111
111

(FOR PAPER PURCHASING-LEW. JOLI. PAPERS MUST NOT USE.)
(CAUTION: ADVANCE LEWIS COLUMN FOR RELEASE WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6,
A.M. AND P.M. PAPERS. MUST NOT BE PUBLISHED BEFORE THAT DATE.)

WASHINGTON REPORT

BY FULTON LEWIS, JR.

COPYRIGHT, 1961, KING FEATURES SYNDICATE, INC.

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 5 -- Buried in the files of a Congressional subcommittee is a letter written by the then Senator John F. Kennedy in behalf of a Massachusetts road builder who dispensed some \$275,000 in bribes to Bay State officials.

The letters were written two years ago when Thomas Worcester attempted to get road building contracts in New Jersey. At least three other key Democrats interceded in behalf of Worcester at the time. They were House Majority Leader John McCormack; Res Frank "Topper" Thompson, of New Jersey, and Robert Burkhardt, then executive secretary of the New Jersey State Democratic Committee.

Burkhardt wrote New Jersey highway officials that Worcester was "sponsored" by Kennedy, McCormack and Thompson. He was named Assistant Postmaster General by Kennedy but left to run the gubernatorial campaign of Democrat Richard Hughes.

New Jersey Highway Commissioner Dwight Palmer rejected the pressure extended by the four Democrats. Worcester was unable to get a contract with the state.

The letters are in the files of the special subcommittee created to oversee the Federal interstate highway program. Its chairman, John A. Blatnik, admits he has the letters, but refuses to open committee files to Republican members. This despite House Rule X1 25, which states:

"All committee hearings, records, data, charts and files shall be kept separate and distinct from the Congressional office records of the member serving as chairman of the committee; and such records shall be the property of the House and all members of the House shall have access to such records."

Florida's Bill Cramer is ranking Republican on the committee. For more than a year he has attempted to see the records to determine what progress, if any, was being made in the group's investigative work. But Blatnik has refused to allow Cramer, or any other Republican to see the documents. Also denied access is the minority counsel, Robert Manuel.

(MORE)

BY FULTON LEWIS, JR.

xx Manuel.

Cramer brought the matter up at several meetings of the committee. On each occasion, the heavily-stacked committee voted along party lines to deny him access.

Finally, on June 28, Cramer addressed a letter to Lewis Deschler, Parliamentarian of the House, asking for an official ruling on the subject. Two months later, Cramer has not received an answer.

Deschler has told Cramer that he will discuss the case only if Blatnik is present. The Minnesota Democrat finds it impossible to see Deschler at any time.

In the committee files is said to be political dynamite on the Massachusetts road situation. The Bay State scandals are said to be the worst in the United States.

A single contractor, Thomas Worcester, was convicted of income tax evasion for deducting \$275,000 worth of bribes to Massachusetts politicians. Federal Judge Charles Wyzanski, who presided at the trial, called the payments "Worcester bounty."

Information in the files is said to implicate some of the state's highest-ranking Democrats. One of these is William F. Callahan, chairman of the State Turnpike Authority. In his trial for tax evasion, Worcester testified under oath that he ^{indirectly} delivered money to Callahan while he served as head of the State Public Works Department.

Callahan tried vainly to avoid testifying. When he received a subpoena he waged a long legal fight to quash it. When he finally took the stand, Callahan denied accepting the money. Judge Wyzanski promptly called Callahan a liar:

"No one who reads in full Callahan's testimony would care to stake much on Callahan's oath. I unhesitatingly stamp Callahan as an untrustworthy witness. And I accept Worcester's story of the (bribe) episode at Mrs. Norton's home."

Other Democrats involved in the Massachusetts corruption are said to include one current member of the U.S. House of Representatives, a number of close associates of former Governor Foster Furcolo, and several state attorneys.

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(MP)

(BY FOR PAPER PURCHASING LEW. COL. PAPERS MUST NOT USE.)
(CAUTION: ADVANCE LEWIS COLUMN FOR RELEASE THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7,
A.M. AND P.M. PAPERS. MUST NOT BE PUBLISHED BEFORE THAT DATE.)

WASHINGTON REPORT

BY FULTON LEWIS, JR.

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WASHINGTON, SEPT. 6--Republican Senate Whip Tom Kuchel may find a rough-and-tumble primary battle on his hands next year for the GOP Senatorial nomination in California.

It would come from freshman Congressman John Rousselot, a 33-year-old conservative who feels that Kuchel has been "too liberal" in his Senate actions over the past several years.

Rousselot is now sounding out support in his native state for the race. A recent tour from north to south convinced him there is grave dissatisfaction on the part of many GOP regulars with Kuchel's voting.

Rousselot, former chief of his state's Young Republican organization, would have little difficulty finding campaign workers. Funds for the primary are another matter, and estimates are that he would need at least half a million dollars for the race.

There is considerable dissatisfaction on the part of the GOP Senate leadership with Kuchel's recent performance. There have been, for instance, ten key Senate votes, on which defecting GOP Senators have given President Kennedy legislative victory. On six of those ten, Kuchel deserted the party leadership. Only three Republicans have a worse record.

Leadership disagreements with Kuchel go back to April, 1959 and the bitter fight over the Kennedy-Ervin labor reform bill. It was Kuchel at that time who "sold out" -- in the words of one GOP chieftain -- to organized labor and maneuvered a union-conceived amendment through Congress that destroyed the McClellan bill of rights and diluted an effective reform bill beyond recognition.

After then-Senator John Kennedy had lost his battle against the McClellan provisions, union top brass went to Kuchel for support.

Kuchel had originally voted in favor of the bill of rights, which was passed when Vice President Nixon broke a tie by casting the deciding vote in favor. AFL/CIO legislative director Andrew Biemiller, himself a former Congressman, got to Kuchel, however, and somehow persuaded him to defect.

(MORE)

D. FULTON LEWIS, JR.

xx defect.

The two holed up in secret, where Bicamiller and Kuchel came up with an amendment to delete the McClellan provisions. With the final draft of his amendment in hand, Kuchel strode out onto the Senate floor with a new aide at his side. It was Ralph Duncan, borrowed from the labor braintrust of John F. Kennedy.

At this point, Massachusetts Sen. Leverett Saltonstall, normally cool and collected, angrily told Kuchel to "get that guy off our side of the aisle." Kuchel, however, paid no heed. Duncan remained with him for the rest of the debate.

The Kuchel amendment to scrap the bill of rights was a cleverly contrived parliamentary curve ball, designed to evade the fact that the Senate had earlier committed itself not to vote again on the McClellan amendment. Sen. Styles Bridges charged the Kuchel amendment was nothing but a slick legislative trick, and that it violated the spirit, if not the letter, of the Senate rules.

Republican Kuchel stood fast, with Democrat Duncan lending moral support, and retorted that he and his co-sponsors -- Democratic Senators Neuberger and Church, for example -- "need not apologize" for their amendment. The Senate, by this time, was in a tempest.

Kuchel's final remarks were met by boos from the Republican side of the aisle, something the oldest hill veterans could not recall happening before. Idaho's Republican Henry Dworshak, white-faced with anger, accosted Kuchel and shouted:

"You four-flusher! What are you trying to do to the Republican Party?"

The usually mild-mannered Dworshak unleashed a right-hand punch at Kuchel, which failed to land only because a colleague quickly jumped between them.

The Kuchel amendment passed as labor's lobbyists applied the screws and a strong reform bill was completely destroyed. Republican leaders have not forgiven Kuchel to this day.

###

(MJP)

100

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- DeLoach
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Ingram
- Gandy

TO : Mr. Evans ✓

DATE: September 16, 1961

FROM : W. J. Goodwin *WJG*

Robert Francis Kennedy

SUBJECT: ARRIVAL OF ATTORNEY GENERAL
IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

SAC Harvey Foster, New York, telephonically advised at 9:23 a. m., that he had just talked with the Attorney General and that Mr. Kennedy was planning to leave Lake Placid at approximately 3:30 to 4:00 p. m., Eastern Daylight Time, aboard the airplane Caroline. SAC Foster stated at this time it was not known exactly when the Caroline would arrive in Lake Placid to bring Mr. Kennedy back to Washington. He stated he could be contacted at Lake Placid, today, in the event any additional information was desired.

WJG:bhg
(5)

ADDENDUM

Miss Novello, the Attorney General's personal secretary, telephoned at 12:25 p. m., and advised that the Attorney General decided to return directly to Washington. He is expected about 5:30 p. m., today, September 16, 1961.

REC-10
SEP 16 1961
WJG

Q

REC-83
77-51527-144
RECEIVED
17 SEP 20 1961

EX-106

266 12
3 SEP 21 1961

64 SEP 21 1961

CC TO MR. TOLSON

CRIME REPT
WJG

UNITED STATES OF
Memorandum

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Malone	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. Belmont *OMB*

DATE: 9/27/61

FROM : C. A. Evans *✓*

SUBJECT: TRAVEL OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
Robert F. Kennedy

Ed Guthman of the Attorney General's office called and stated it was most important the Attorney General receive the following message immediately upon his arrival in Denver:

"Last May the Denver Post submitted an employee's profit sharing plan to the Internal Revenue Service for approval. It is a stock option participation plan which has raised some new highly technical questions as to whether the plan is legal under the revenue tax laws.

"Representatives of the newspaper have had two private conferences with Internal Revenue Service officials in Washington and Internal Revenue is shooting to have a decision by October 15. This apparently is important to the Denver Post because of some negotiations which are under way with the employees. However, there is some doubt as to whether IRS is going to meet this deadline, but they say they are making 'every effort' to do so.

"IRS officials say that the difficulty is that the Denver plan involves some new questions which have never been raised before and which are highly technical. They described it as attempting to get a size ten foot into a size eight shoe.

"You can tell Mr. Hoyt that IRS has assured you they are sympathetic and will be happy to meet with him or any of the paper's representatives again. He should contact Henry Schneider, Acting Director of Public Information, Internal Revenue Service, Sterling 3-8400, ext. 4021. Mr. Schneider said he is prepared to cooperate fully in whatever they can do to assist Mr. Hoyt." *REC-23 77-51387-145*

ACTION BEING TAKEN:

SEP 28 1961

SAC Werner at Denver is being furnished *EX-113* the message for the Attorney General and will insure that he receives it on his arrival. It is noted the Attorney General is due to arrive at Denver at 10:55 a. m. Denver time which is 1:55 p. m. Washington time.

63 OCT 4 1961
CAE:mar
(4)
WQA EJR

CRIME RESEARCH

Memorandum

Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
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Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: October 2, 1961

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

SUBJECT: PRESS CONFERENCES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL
ON WEST COAST
WEEK OF 10-2-61
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA (CPUSA) AND NUCLEAR TESTING

This afternoon Ed Guthman, Special Assistant for Public Information in the Department, telephoned Wick. He said the Attorney General this week will be in San Francisco, Portland and Seattle. While in these cities he will hold press conferences.

Guthman said he thought it might be well if the Attorney General has a sheet on which is written the CPUSA reaction to the announcement by the Soviet concerning resumption of nuclear testing. Guthman said he recalled the Communist Party first came out against it and then found itself in a position of having to reverse themselves practically over night, which they did. He thought perhaps the Attorney General can answer a question or two on this matter.

Guthman asked if we could get up a sheet on which would be written the data he could hand to the Attorney General for answering questions in this regard.

The Communist Party did find itself in the position of reversing its stand when the September 3 issue of "The Worker" came out against nuclear testing, the Soviet then announced the testing and "The Worker" issue of September 10 had to justify the position taken the previous week.

Since this matter has been aired in the press in the past, subsequent to 9-10-61, it is believed no harm will be done in giving the attached sheet, prepared by the Domestic Intelligence Division, to Mr. Guthman for use by the Attorney General as indicated. What the Attorney General will be doing is simply commenting on material which we here previously called to the attention of the press.

Additionally, the attached material appeared in substance in the "Current Intelligence Analysis" disseminated by the Bureau 9-13-61.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Jones

REW:sak

(5)
OCT 9 1961

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC-13

77-51251-46

RECEIVED

OCT 3 1961

SEE RECOMMENDATIONS NEXT PAGE

CRIME INDEX

October 5, 1961

**THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, ALIGNMENT
WITH SOVIET NUCLEAR TESTS**

"The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, in the issue of September 3, 1961, carried an editorial demanding "a permanent ban on testing." Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev had just announced to the world that the Soviet Union was resuming the testing of nuclear bombs, but the September 3 issue of "The Worker," which was distributed on September 1, was printed too early to be called back.

The September 10, 1961, issue of "The Worker," however, contained four articles rationalizing and attempting to justify the Soviet actions in resuming nuclear tests. These articles pleaded the Soviet cause by proposing that the Soviet action in resuming tests is a righteous, defensive necessity for peace. The world is threatened with the grave peril of nuclear war and negotiations are demanded in order to conform to "the line" dictated by the Soviet Union.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Malone _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Ingram _____
- Gandy _____

JWL:kmb

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ENCLOSURE

77-51387-146

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WCS 7/5

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

For your information: _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
77-51387-146 pp. 1-3

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI/DO6

FBI

Date: Sept. 27, 1961

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DENVER

ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY

See attached

For the information of the Bureau, Attorney General KENNEDY and his wife arrived in Denver at 11:10 a.m., this date and were met at the plane by the press, Governor and Mrs. STEPHEN L. R. MC NICHOLS and USA LAWRENCE M. HENRY and his wife. He was also met by the SAC, Denver and was offered every assistance. Attorney General KENNEDY then met with the United States Attorneys from Colorado, New Mexico, Wyoming, and Utah and the Assistant United States Attorneys from Colorado and heads of all Federal Law Enforcement Investigative Agencies in Colorado. The United States Attorneys discussed various cases they were prosecuting. The Attorney General was excellently briefed in connection with the problems facing the United States Attorneys as well as Law Enforcement Agencies in this area. This discussion appeared to be most satisfactory to the Attorney General as well as the individuals in attendance at this conference. Subsequently he had lunch at the Hilton Hotel with the Governor and the United States Attorneys and the Federal Judges from Denver and from the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals including Judge WILLIAM E. DOYLE who has just been appointed to the Federal Bench in Denver.

At 3:30 p.m., the Attorney General and his wife departed via automobile for Aspen Meadows, Colorado.

REC-72 44-51387-147

Only one problem arose in which the Attorney General evidenced a keen interest. This was a problem of narcotics agents in Albuquerque which concerned them and the City of Albuquerque Narcotics Department. From the statement made by the USA at Albuquerque it appeared that there was no cooperation offered by the City of Albuquerque to the Federal Narcotics Agents. The Attorney General requested the USA from Albuquerque send him a memorandum concerning this matter.

3 - Bureau
1 - Denver

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

64 OCT 19 1961

10 SEP 29 1961

CRIME RECORDS

I feel all the meetings of the Attorney General went off in a very satisfactory manner.

The Attorney General stated he would advise the Denver Office as soon as he decides when he is leaving Aspen and the Bureau will be kept advised concerning this and every assistance will be afforded him.

In addition to the above the Attorney General held a press conference and also held a private conference with Palmer Hoyt Editor and Publisher of the Denver Post.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input type="checkbox"/>
Callahan	<input type="checkbox"/>
Conrad	<input type="checkbox"/>
DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Evans	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Tavel	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trotter	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ingram	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

gm TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 9-25-61

my FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: APPEARANCE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
ON "MEET THE PRESS" PANEL SHOW ON NBC
6 p.m., 9-24-61

KENNEDY, ROBERT F.

W.C. Sullivan
DeLoach
Malone

The Attorney General was interviewed on "Meet the Press" at 6 p.m. on 9-24-61 on NBC. Most of the questioning dealt with the international situation and the present relationship between the Attorney General's Office and the Presidency inasmuch as the Attorney General is the President's brother.

The Attorney General was questioned about the wiretap bill which the Administration had recommended to Congress. He said that the law which the Administration has requested is vital to cope with certain segments of organized crime and the increased incidence of espionage in this country. He said espionage against the United States is at its highest level in history. The Attorney General was questioned concerning evidence of this increase and he said he could not answer that.

He was also questioned about the Administration's Civil Rights Legislation with the preface that the Administration seemed not to have achieved what was promised by the President in his campaign. The Attorney General replied that the Administration had accomplished more than had been at any time previously in this field through executive action which had proved to be more effective than any legislation they could hope to get passed.

There were no questions directed to the Attorney General concerning the FBI.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

✓ 177-51387-148
NOT RECORDED
289 OCT 3 1961

94-4-2437-812
ORIGINAL FILE IN

63 OCT 10 1961

XEROX

OCT 3 1961

CRIME RESEARCH

JCFM:tmf
(3)

ps

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
DeLoach	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. Belmont *EB*

DATE: 10/3/61

FROM : C. A. Evans *Er*

SUBJECT: TRAVEL OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

The Attorney General, who has been vacationing in Colorado, has reservations to leave Denver at 4:35 p. m. today by Continental Airlines, arriving at Los Angeles 5:35 p. m. His wife is flying back to Washington today. 6-1
K

In order to meet the Attorney General in Los Angeles, I am leaving on the noon jet from Friendship Airport on United Airlines Flight 869.

Activities for this week are as follows:

Wednesday, October 4 - consultations with the United States Attorney for the Southern District of California and for the District of Arizona who will come to Los Angeles, and with Federal Judges there. The Attorney General will have a meeting of all federal law enforcement agencies. He is to formally open the "Half-way House" in Los Angeles. C

October 5 - we will leave Los Angeles at 7:15 a. m. stopping at the Federal Correction Institute at Lompoc, California, and arriving at San Francisco 12:30 p. m. Following a luncheon with the Federal Judges there will be consultations with the United States Attorney for the Northern District of California and the District of Idaho who will come to San Francisco. There will be a meeting with all federal investigative agencies regarding the Attorney General's drive on organized crime. (It is understood that Governor Brown of California has asked to see the Attorney General while he is in San Francisco. I will make it a point not to be present at this time.)

October 6 - we will leave San Francisco at 10:00 a. m. and arrive at Portland at 11:30 a. m. The Attorney General has a speech scheduled before the Portland City Club at 12:30 p. m. In

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

REC-51

REC-51

77-51382-149

57 OCT 10 1961
CAE:mar
(4)

OCT 5 1961

~~NAME~~

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: TRAVEL OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

the afternoon there will be a meeting with the United States Attorney, the federal investigative agencies and the Federal Judges. We leave Portland at 3:45 p. m. and arrive at Seattle 4:30 p. m. That evening there is to be a dinner with the Federal Judges at Seattle.

October 7 - there is to be a meeting with the United States Attorney from Seattle as well as the United States Attorney from Spokane, who is to come to Seattle. There will also be a meeting of the federal investigative agencies.

2

Q

ESP

✓

111

Memorandum

TO : The Director

FROM : N. P. Callahan

SUBJECT: The Congressional Record

DATE: 9-27-61

Robert [unclear]

Pages 20053-20056. Senator Kefauver, (D) Tennessee, submitted a report, from the U. S. News and World Report of September 18th, of an interview with the Attorney General dealing with government and business. Mr. Kefauver pointed out that he was impressed with the report of the interview in which Mr. Kennedy demonstrates a thorough understanding of the various departments and problems of the Department of Justice and that his only purpose is to do his job as he sees it.

177-51387-150
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 5 1961

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN [unclear]

2 In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for 9-26-61 was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that 231 portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed in appropriate Bureau case or subject matter files.

64 OCT 9 1961

L.T.

1:03 PM

October 9, 1961

RC *E 6*
(SD)

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. DE LOACH

Robert F. Kennedy

I returned an earlier call from the Attorney General, and he stated he just wanted to tell me that in regard to the trip which he had recently made, he was impressed with my people in all of the cities where he traveled. He stated they were a very high type group, extremely dedicated, and the most impressive, once again, of any organization he has seen and I should be proud. I thanked him and stated we try to pick our men carefully and to keep them in line after we get them. The Attorney General reiterated that they were an impressive group and terribly nice to him in all the arrangements made for him.

See Ind 4-

I stated the thing that worried me is that we are finding throughout the field a great lack of knowledge on the part of other investigative agencies about the new laws. The Attorney General stated he found that also and the Bureau people were the only ones who knew. I stated we have sent out instructions and have held classes, and each week about forty men from the field come in and have special training in that field, but we find the other departments do not know. The Attorney General stated he is having a memorandum sent out on it.

The Attorney General again stated he wanted to express his appreciation to me, and I thanked him.

REC-26
Very truly yours, 77-51387-151

J. E. H.

19 OCT 10 1961

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Malone _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Ingram _____
- Gandy _____

1 - Mr. Ingram

JEH:edm (8)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

67 OCT 12 1961

OCT 10 1961

SENT FROM D. O.	
TIME	3:50 PM
DATE	10/9/61
BY	<i>[Signature]</i>

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113

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 5 1961

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Malone	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	
Mr. Ingram	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 10-4-61 11-39 PM MJP

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

VISIT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL TO LOS ANGELES. LOS ANGELES NEWSPAPERS

AFFORDING EXTENSIVE COVERAGE TO COMMENTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

AT PRESS CONFERENCE UNITED STATES ATTYS OFFICE LOS ANGELES

TODAY. SOME ARTICLES QUOTE ATTY GENERAL AS SAYING COMMUNIST

PARTY IN UNITED STATES NOT PARTICULARLY DANGEROUS BUT OMIT

HIS STATEMENT IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES ESPIONAGE ON INCREASE

WHICH WOULD BE OF CONCERN EXCEPT FOR VIGILANCE OF FBI.

ATTY GENERAL ALSO MISQUOTED AS FAVORING NATIONAL CRIME

COMMISSION. HE ACTUALLY STATED ORGANIZED CRIME EXISTS IN

MAJOR INDUSTRIAL CITIES BUT HE FAVORED APPROACH OF COOPERATION

AMONG LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES WITH COORDINATION BY JUSTICE

DEPT. CLIPPINGS BEING FORWARDED TO BUREAU

END ANC ACK PLS

3-43 AM OK FBI WA JHA

TUN

62 OCT 13 1961

EX-116

OCT 10 1961

CRIME RECORDS

cc - Mr. DeLoach

MR. MOHR FOR THE DIRECTOR

Memorandum

Walters	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Evans	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Malone	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Ingram	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

TO : Mr. Belmont *MB*

DATE: October 10, 1961

FROM : C. A. Evans *Car*

SUBJECT: TRAVEL OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Robert F. Kennedy

The White House reception for the Judiciary this evening has required a change in the Attorney General's plans relative to conferences with United States Attorneys and Federal Judges scheduled for the Midwest this week. This is a continuation of the program which began on the West Coast last week.

The Attorney General now plans to leave Washington Wednesday morning, October 11, 1961, arriving at Kansas City at 10:00 a. m. Visits are scheduled there with the United States Attorneys for the Western District of Missouri, as well as the United States Attorneys from Kansas and Nebraska. In addition to meetings with the Federal Judges, the Attorney General also has an appointment to see former President Truman. This latter appointment can only be regarded as a political one and I will not participate in this.

The Attorney General will leave Kansas City at 5:30 p. m. on Wednesday and fly to Chicago.

There has been no change in the schedule for Thursday, October 12. In addition to conferences with the United States Attorneys for the Northern District of Illinois, the Eastern District of Wisconsin, and the Western District of Michigan and meetings with the Federal Judges, the Attorney General is to review a noontime Columbus Day parade, visit the Chicago antitrust office, and attend a meeting of the Judicial Conference Sentencing Institute (this institute is the one which Assistant Director DeLoach is scheduled to address on the afternoon of October 12).

On Friday, October 13, the Attorney General will fly to Minneapolis for conferences with the United States Attorneys for the District of Minnesota, North and South Dakota and the Northern District of Iowa. We are returning to Washington, arriving at Friendship Airport at 9:30 p. m.

1 - Mr. DeLoach

EX 100

77-51387-153

GA E:ldf 10/11/61
OCT 17 1961

OCT 12 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *CHB*

DATE: 10/5/61

FROM : C. A. Evans *CAE*

SUBJECT: ATTORNEY GENERAL'S CONFERENCE
WITH FEDERAL AGENCIES,
LOS ANGELES AREA
OCTOBER 4, 1961

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Malone	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

Robert F. Kennedy

This morning, Mr. Evans advised that in connection with the Attorney General's meeting in Los Angeles on 10/4/61, with federal investigative agencies, the Attorney General indicated he was most satisfied with the results. In connection with this meeting, SAC Simon obtained permission from his physician to personally attend the conference and made an excellent appearance in explaining the Bureau's participation in the drive on organized crime. Mr. Evans noted that Simon's presentation was well-received by all those present.

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EX-116

REC-4

77-51387-154

OCT 12 1961
OCT 12 1961

XEROX
OCT 13 1961

SENT DIRECTOR
10-5-61

55 OCT 17 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 10/4/61

FROM : SAC, DENVER

SUBJECT: ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Ingram	
Miss Gandy	

Mr. KENNEDY, accompanied by his wife, arrived at Stapleton Field, Denver, Colorado, from Aspen, Colorado by air at 3:30 P.M. on 10/3/61. He was met at the airport by ASAC VERNON D. [REDACTED] and SA L. RUSSELL HASHMAN of the Denver Office. Assistance was rendered to Mr. and Mrs. KENNEDY in the securing of their accommodations and Mrs. KENNEDY departed on United Air Lines Flight 868 from Denver, enroute to Friendship International Airport, Baltimore, Maryland. This flight was scheduled to depart at 4:15 P.M. but was delayed and did not leave Denver until 5:20 P.M.

** Mr. KENNEDY departed for Los Angeles on Continental Air Lines Flight 9, which had been scheduled to depart at 4:25 P.M. but did not actually depart Denver until 5:30 P.M. Mr. and Mrs. KENNEDY were quite appreciative of the assistance rendered them, and immediately after Mr. KENNEDY's departure the Los Angeles Office was telephonically advised of his departure and contemplated arrival time in Los Angeles.

For the information of the Bureau, and to be noted in Bureau records, Mr. KENNEDY, upon purchasing his ticket, was unable to locate his GTR's and ASAC HARRINGTON furnished the following GTR to Mr. KENNEDY for his use: A 3946064.

2 - Bureau
1 - Denver
VDH:hg
(3)

* HARRINGTON

REC-45

77-51387-155

EX-116

\$70.80

1 copy detached ** first class jet
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RECEIVED
 OCT 12 1961

CRIME INDEX

63 OCT 17 1961

FBI

Date: 10/5/61

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Ingram	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES
 RE: VISIT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL
 TO LOS ANGELES
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

ROBERT KENNEDY

Remytel 10/4/61.

Enclosed for the Bureau's information are two newspaper articles appearing in the "Los Angeles Times" and "Los Angeles Examiner," this date, relating to comments of the Attorney General at a press conference in the United States Attorney's Office, Los Angeles, on 10/4/61.

3 - Bureau (ENCLOSURE)
 1 - Los Angeles
 JOS: lhm
 (4)

EX-105

REC-47

77-51387-156

L.D. Wick

OCT 10 1961
 OCT 15 1961
 OCT 17 1961

CRIME RESEARCH

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

62 OCT 17 1961

A. Crime Eyed by Bob Kennedy

Attorney General Discusses Problem With Officials Here

Organized big crime is prevalent in Los Angeles, U.S. Atty. Gen. Kennedy said here Wednesday and disclosed that he has conferred with local federal law enforcement authorities about the problem.

Kennedy said he agrees with Police Chief Parker that "respect for the law is declining," but added that the problem is not yet "a real serious one."

In a press conference Atty. Gen. Kennedy also made these points:

Congress has given him broad new federal police powers to help fight organized racketeering.

Many businessmen have been "very unco-operative" with the Justice Department in anti-trust investigations.

"Communism is not a major problem in the United States."

Given New Weapons

Elaborating, Kennedy said Congress had given his department new weapons against big-time crime with four pieces of legislation. It centers around better co-operation between national and local law enforcement agencies, he noted.

"This significant legislation has given our department more backing than it has received in the past 50 years," he observed.

In the anti-trust field, Kennedy said businessmen who have been critical of labor unions and their tactics have been guilty of hypocrisy.

Refers to Communists

"I find many businessmen very unco-operative when it comes to helping my department uncover anti-trust violations. Many businessmen have criticized labor leaders for fixing the Fifth Amendment in labor union investigations. Yet I find they refuse to answer questions vitally important in uncovering illegal anti-trust situations."

On Communists in the United States: "They are not important numerically and present no grave menace to our security. We are of course aware that the few Communists in the country are trying all they can to subvert our way of life, but it is obvious that the American people have not bought Communist propaganda."

The attorney general said his views coincide with those of FBI director Edgar J. Hoover has expressed on the subject.

Kennedy flew here from Denver Tuesday night to confer with U.S. Atty. Francis C. Whelan and division chiefs in the latter's office. He also talked with U.S. Marshal George O'Brien and telephoned Police Chief Parker during his Los Angeles visit.

Today he will fly to Lompoc to inspect the new Federal Correctional Facility there and later confer with U.S. Atty. Cecil Poole in San Francisco.

Kennedy dedicated the new Federal Pre-Release Guidance Center at 560 S St. Louis Ave. Wednesday. The institution, informally called Halfway House, will be a rehabilitation center for federal prisoners, 18 to 25 years old, during the 90 days preceding their release.

Demonstration Project
The Federal Pre-Release Guidance program, a demonstration project, is designed to provide a means for the orderly re-introduction of youthful male prisoners into the community," Kennedy said.

These centers will enable youthful offenders to make a new start. The problem has been that many of these young men have returned to the same environment and circumstances which caused them to turn to a life of crime."

The Los Angeles center, which used to house a Baptist seminary, is one of three in the country. Others are in New York and Chicago.

After touring the center Kennedy was honored by local judges at a luncheon in the Jonathan Club.

Parker Withholds Comment on Crime

Police Chief Parker, advised of Atty. Gen. Kennedy's remark Wednesday that "organized big crime is prevalent in Los Angeles," said he did not want to comment "without knowing the specifics."

Parker said, however, that, "We don't have the same type of organized crime effectively operating in other parts of the country."

"It's a matter of semantics," Parker said. "I suppose if two people get together to 'make book' you have organized crime."

Chief Parker said his department has "worked closely with the federal government on cases they brought to trial." He specified the recent Mickey Cohen case and the Carbo boxing combine case, "both of which we participated in quite in depth."

He said the Los Angeles Police Department is also continuing to work closely with federal authorities against gambling operations.

LOS ANGELES TIMES
DATE 10-5-61
LOS ANGELES, CALIF.
EDITOR Nick B. Williams
LOS ANGELES FIELD DIVISION

ENCLOSURE

77-31387-156



CONFERENCE—U.S. Atty. Gen. Kennedy gestures as he talks here with U.S. Atty. Francis C. Whelan.

Times photo