

# Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 26.

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1897.

No. 39.

A Fine New Lot of our Fall Goods.

CUT GLASS AND STERLING SILVER

The Newest,  
The Best and  
The Cheapest.

## Brushes, Combs, Mirrors

And all kinds of Manicure  
and Toilet Sets.

We have this year a Beautiful Assortment and Guarantee Everything.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co. THE JEWELLERS  
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

## To Whom

### It May Not Concern

This announcement will have little interest. To many patient friends, however, the arrivals (this a.m.) as enumerated below are of moment and profit. They include the long-delayed

## Costumes, Coats, Fur-lined Capes, Waterproofs,

Etc., now ready for inspection. This matter

### Directly Concerns

All who have so far delayed their winter Mantle purchasing, especially as we are now fully equipped, and latest styles and lowest prices are—as always—the characteristics of our Mantle Department.

## The Westside.

J. Hutcheson & Co.



## Daddy Buy Me A Bow-Wow.

Dogs and Dog Shows, Beauties! Little Beauties and Big Beauties. All Darlings. We can't make as much noise, but we want to be heard. We CAN bark, but DON'T bite. We have in FRISKIE this season's

English Poets and Valerola Paines.  
Raw Sugar for Cakes.  
Those two large tins of Sardines for 25 cents are favorites.

We are the Klondike Outfitters.

Established 1874

## Dixie H. Ross & Co.

OPENING MONDAY, OCT. 18.

## WM. STEWART'S

Fine Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking Establishment.

SPECIALTIES Walking and Street Costumes, Evening, Marriage and Ball Gowns, Opera Cloaks: All the latest designs known to the leading costumers of London, Paris and New York.

OUR OBJECT To give perfect satisfaction to our customers in fit, finish and style, and at the most reasonable prices.

A FULL LINE of the latest and most stylish Dress Patterns will be constantly kept on hand. Ladies' own material made up.

ADDRESS 82 FORT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO CAMPBELL'S DRUG STORE

## 10 VOLUME EDITION

OF THE

## Century Dictionary and Encyclopaedia....

For Sale at a Bargain.

PRICE  
\$50.00

T. N. Hibben & Co.

## EXCELSIOR!

There in the twilight cold and grey,  
She then sat down and thought away—  
For Charlie's tea, what is there nice?  
And o'er her mind came Ma's advice:

### TAMILKANDE.

# TAMILKANDE TEA

LEAD PACKETS ONLY.  
NEVER IN PAIRS.  
ALL GROCERS.

Blue Label, 60c.  
White " 40c.  
Red " 40c.

SIMON LEISER & CO.  
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

It's SO Delicious.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—By young lady, situation as useful companion. Address M. L., Times office.

STEAMER MISCHIEF will leave Porter's Wharf at 9 to-morrow morning for Sooke. For freight apply at W. Walker's coal office, Store street, opposite Telegraph Hotel.

TO LET, FURNISHED—No. 130 Fort St., store and dwelling combined. Apply 40 Government street. oct21-22

GOLF BALLS AND BOXING GLOVES. A new stock just received by Henry Short & Sons, Gunmakers, 23 Douglas St.

FOR RENT—A charmingly situated two story residence on the Esquimalt road, containing 13 rooms and modern conveniences, lately occupied by G. Gillespie, Esq. For further particulars apply Lowenberg, Harris & Co.

GOLF, GOLF—Just received, a large supply of Silverton Golf Balls and Forgan Clubs at J. Barnsley & Co., 119 Government street.

SECOND HAND GUNS bought and sold. Ammunition always on hand at Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street. oct15

\$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal, per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city. Hall, Gospe & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 83.

VICTORIA WOOD AND COAL YARD, cor. Government and Discovery. All kinds of fuel for sale at lowest current rates. Your order solicited. Delivery free. Also steam wood sawing done. Telephone No. 149. A. C. Howe. oct16-21

BAKER & COLSTON  
LAYS G. GAWLEY & CO.  
Wear and office, Belleville St., James Bay.

Double Screened Alexandra Coal. . . . \$5.00 ton.  
Do. Sook or Lump, Wellington. 6.00 ton.  
First Quality Dry Cordwood. . . . 3.25 cord

Full weight and measure guaranteed. All orders executed day received. Telephone in name, Gospe & Co., No. 407.

### SOME NEEDED REFORMS.

Toronto, Oct. 21.—At this morning's session of the Dominion W.C.T.U., Mrs. Dr. Yecmans, reporting on the work of the missions and jails department, advocated a home for boys who are not yet criminals. Such a home, she said, is a pressing need in Manitoba to-day. Inebriate homes for convicted drunkards, the appointment of police matrons in cities, women to travel with women prisoners, women doctors to attend to their sex in asylums, the establishment of homes for the aged poor, and the grading of prisoners were Mrs. Dr. Yecmans' recommendations. The report on temperance grocery work caused a slight flutter of excitement. Miss Douglas, who read the report, commented adversely upon the practice of dealing with grocers who have liquor stores. Some of these women say it is profitable to buy in such places. One delegate protested that any woman who did such a thing was a disgrace to the White Ribbon. Another delegate said she would not buy groceries from a man who applied for a license. She believed in adhering to principle.

### NEGROES STEAL A WHITE GIRL.

Kingston, N.Y., Oct. 20.—Between dark and dawn Kate Cium, the 17-year-old daughter of Henry Cium, a well-to-do farmer of Platteville, Greene county, was abducted by three negroes—two men and a woman—who entered a room and stole her while she slept. Investigation proved that the negroes who had stolen the girl were Frank, Henry and Mary Dorr. Henry had been heard the night before to brag that he would marry a wealthy white girl before long. Some of the searchers remembered having heard Henry say he would get square with Farmer Cium, when he was discharged by him last week. It was not until this afternoon that any trace of Kate Cium was found. The negroes had hurried her to Rosbury, where a train on the Ulster & Delaware railroad was boarded for Kingston. A dispatch was sent to the police here, but it arrived too late. The negroes had boarded a West Shore train with the girl, buying tickets for Haverstraw. There the father of the girl is looking for her, frantic with grief.

### TO SUCCEED MACINTOSH.

Reported That Judge Routhier Will be the Next Lieut.-Governor.

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—It is reported in Quebec that Judge Routhier is to be appointed lieutenant-governor of the Northwest and that Langier, M.P., is to succeed Judge Routhier.

Arrangements are going through for the sealing conference at Washington, when Canada will produce evidence that has never been made public before. The Drummond county railway will be formally opened to-morrow.

Administrator General Montgometry Moore put through a large batch of state papers to-day.

Geo. Johnston, Dominion statistician, is back to the capital from Nova Scotia. He was in Grand Ore at the time of the Windsor fire and says the country there is so prosperous that the suffering will not be the same as at Casselman. Windsor people have already found homes elsewhere, and there will be comparatively little or no hardship.

### SENSATIONAL WORDS.

A Preacher Declares the Young Men's Christian Association is a Fraud.

Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 21.—A sensational address was delivered by the Rev. S. Sherin of Chicago at the closing session of the Inter-civic Philanthropic conference to-night. His topic was "How to Drain the Social Swamp." He said:

"Despite adverse criticism no church is doing as great philanthropic work to-day as the Catholic, yet masses, sermons and sermons will never accomplish what is needed.

"Intemperance is thriving, despite the efforts of the church. The Woman's Christian Temperance Union was organized and sent a thrill through the land, but it has gone into political trickery and will never put down the traffic. The Young Men's Christian Association meant to do good, but is worldly. It ought to be burned. It is but a corpse. As a philanthropic movement it is fraud, though as a club it is entertaining."

### CANADIAN BRIEFS.

Knapp's Roller Boat Given a Trial—Steamer Struck by Lightning.

Toronto, Oct. 21.—The Globe's bush fire fund amounts to \$1,518. The Knapp roller boat was given a trial on the bay this afternoon with satisfactory results.

Later—the boat made one and a half revolutions successfully as she lay at her moorings in the dock, and Mr. Polson, the constructor, on the strength of this asked that the boat be accepted by the inventor, Knapp, and his backers, Mr. Godwin, of Ottawa, but Mr. Knapp objected unless the boat was proved able to go out into the bay. Mr. Polson objected to sending the boat out into the bay unless insured or accepted, and this point will have to be settled before the boat does any more running. A great crowd of people are watching the curious craft.

Three Rivers, Que., Oct. 21.—The Beaver line steamer Lake Superior is aground here.

Montreal, Oct. 21.—Rimonski Liberals have nominated Dr. Ross, of Ste. Havre, to succeed Dr. Faet, M.P., appointed to the senate.

Galt, Ont., Oct. 21.—E. S. Howell, nominated for the legislature by South Waterloo Conservatives, has declined the nomination.

Collingwood, Ont., Oct. 21.—The steamer City of Toronto was struck by lightning last night. Capt. A. Cameron was found lying on the bridge senseless and is in a very precarious condition.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 21.—Fire did \$8,000 worth of damage last night in the Howell Lithograph Company's place.

Paris, Oct. 21.—Major Moses P. Handy, special commissioner of United States to the French international exposition of 1900, who has just completed his mission here, is so seriously ill that his friends are alarmed, and his return to the United States has been postponed.

## A FIERCE BATTLE THOUSANDS PERISH

### British Forces and Insurgent Indian Tribes Meet in Combat at Dargati Ridge.

### Heavy Losses on Both Sides—Situation is Considered Alarming in London.

Fort Lockhart, India, Oct. 21.—Yesterday afternoon the British forces stormed and eventually carried Dargati ridge, Samana range, where the insurgent tribesmen were massed in force. The latter made a stubborn resistance and only retired after suffering great losses. Many of the British force were killed. The battle was the most important yet fought during the campaign.

London, Oct. 21.—The staunch resistance of the insurgent tribesmen when the British forces stormed and eventually carried Dargati ridge, Samana range, yesterday afternoon, as detailed in last night's dispatches from Fort Lockhart, via Simla, and the apparently heavy losses of the British, are facts which are viewed with serious misgivings in London to-day.

The insurgents were evidently in great force for, in addition to being able to make a stubborn stand against the British advance, they had a contingent of 7,000 men to spare for the landing movement.

Not any of the stories of that fierce engagement suggest any demoralization on the part of the enemy, who retired in good order and proceeded to construct fresh defensive works on the adjacent hills, showing that Afridiand will probably have to be conquered yard by yard.

The news of the massing of the British in Samnaga Pass, and the report that they are erecting strong fortifications there is most disquieting.

The newspapers here criticize the plan of campaign which apparently necessitates capturing the same ground twice, as Dargati ridge was carried on Monday, only to be left for the tribesmen to re-occupy on Tuesday. But it appears that the British force which first captured the ridge was not provided with commissariat supplies, and the difficulty of forwarding them from the base was insurmountable.

London, Oct. 21.—Six officers and one hundred men were killed or wounded in the storming of Dargati ridge.

### NYE'S FAMILY IN SORE STRAITS.

Misfortunes Which Have Reduced the Humorist's Widow's Income.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The World's Asheville, N. C., special says: Bill Nye—dearly loved—fun. But infinitely dearer to him were his wife and children. Always happy, Bill Nye's only serious thought was to provide for his wife and children after he should be taken from them. Now his widow is almost in penury. Mrs. Clara F. Nye has scarcely \$10 a week to maintain her. But she is brave and hopeful.

Mrs. Nye went to Europe in June, 1896, to place her children in school in Germany. On July 1st, 1897, the First National Bank of Asheville closed its doors and every dollar of ready money she possessed was swept away. Thursday last she returned to Asheville on money borrowed from relatives. Mrs. Nye spoke unreservedly to-day about her financial condition. Property valued at about \$45,000 on Staten Island, N. Y., was lost by foreclosure of mortgage for \$27,000 by the Lorillards. Her income now amounts to about \$400 yearly, royalty on the sale of her husband's books. Mrs. Nye's loss in the bank failure was about \$7,000. There are five children, three boys and two girls, the eldest, Miss Bessie Nye, aged 19, and the youngest, Douglas Nye, about 18 months.

### ULTIMATUM TO WEYLER.

Must be no Demonstration When He Leaves Cuba.

Havana, Oct. 21.—A special dispatch from Madrid to El Dia de La Marina says the government has called to General Weyler, strictly prohibiting any demonstration on the day of his departure for Spain and intimating that if these instructions are not complied with by him he will be held strictly accountable.

New York, Oct. 21.—A Havana special says General Weyler is reluctant when it comes to the actual test of resigning command and refuses to give over his authority as captain-general to his appointed successor, although promptly ordered to do so by Spain's war minister. The situation is critical.

### A KNOTTY POINT SETTLED.

Toronto Must Not Tax Incorporated Societies of Learning.

Toronto, Oct. 21.—The court of revision this morning gave judgment on the question of the ability of the city council to tax incorporated societies of learning. The assessment commissioners this year for the first time made an attempt to have taxed such institutions as the Ontario Dental College of Pharmacy, Bishop Strachan's School for Young Ladies and other institutions, the total of which in Toronto if taxable would yield a large revenue. The court decided against the power of the city to impose such taxation.

### Terrible Cyclone Sweeps Over the Philippines, Causing Great Damage and Loss of Life.

### An Immense Wave Swept Inland, Engulfing the Villages—Meagre Particulars Obtainable.

Manila, Oct. 21.—A cyclone which here from Leyte, one of the Philippine islands, says that place has been almost devastated by a cyclone, that many persons have been killed and that the damage is incalculable.

The cyclone destroyed the towns of Tagloban and Maranao, on the island of Leyte, as well as several villages.

It is estimated that 400 people lost their lives through the disaster.

Madrid, Oct. 21.—Later advices from Manila say the cyclone occurred on October 12th, and that Cangua and Buena, on the eastern coast of Leyte, having been wiped out, an immense wave having swept inland, engulfing the villages.

Several thousand natives perished at Tagloban. The cyclone also swept the island of Samar.

The full extent of the catastrophe is not yet known. The town of Leyte, however, sustained but little damage, contrary to the first report received.

### NO LIFE ON THE MOON.

Examinations Fail to Reveal Anything of Importance to Science.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Neither water, nor air, nor vegetation, nor evidence of life in any form can be seen on the moon through the most powerful telescope ever constructed. The great Yerkes telescope has already entered upon its career of scientific usefulness by adding further proof to the well established fact that the moon is a dead world. It has been trained on the moon at a time when by peculiar coincidence the scientists of Paris were greatly excited over the discovery of what they believed to be indications of rivers and plants upon the moon.

F. L. O. Wadsworth, one of the observatory staff, got the first glimpse of the moon through the Yerkes telescope. E. E. Barnard was the next member of the staff to gaze at the orb. The peculiar lines and spots noticed by the Parisian astronomers on the map of the lunar plain which is being photographed in the Meudon observatory, were not to be seen through the Yerkes telescope. There was nothing additional to be noticed, but an unusual amount of detail on the surface of the moon never seen before.

### CHARGED WITH ARSON.

John McIntyre, a Prominent Citizen of Windsor, Under Arrest.

Windsor, N. S., Oct. 21.—John McIntyre, a well known Windsor citizen, was arrested to-day, charged with arson. Mayor Smith claims he has evidence to prove that McIntyre willfully set fire to his own and other houses during the big fire on Sunday, to defraud the insurance companies. The arrest of McIntyre has created a sensation, and the news that McIntyre and Fletcher, the colored man, first suspected and arrested as the cause of the fire, had been seen together on Fletcher's ranch just before the big fire broke-out, has created a bigger sensation.

### FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gallagher, of Toronto, Asphyxiated.

Toronto, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Elizabeth Gallagher, mother of C. E. S. Gallagher, the well known fruit and fish merchant, was found dead in bed at her son's residence this morning, having been asphyxiated. The gas jet was found turned on full. Deceased was aged 90, and had been 60 years in Toronto.

### "A PUBLIC SCANDAL."

The First Lord of the Treasury Rebuked for Being a Bimetallist.

London, Oct. 21.—The Daily News, in an editorial headed "The Bimetallist Conspiracy," says:

"We do not know what authority there may be for this statement that the government has agreed to continue the negotiation, nor can we see what the United States or any other country has to do with the matter. But there must be an end to the conspiracy of silence in which the government is involved."

Of Mr. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, the News says:

"There are those, including ourselves, who regard it as a public scandal that the first lord of the treasury should be a bimetallist."

### YELLOW FEVER RAGING.

Great Increase in the Number of Cases at New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 21.—All previous records in the number of yellow fever cases were broken yesterday. Early in the evening over sixty new cases and six deaths had been entered in the books of the board.

### A SNAKE STORY.

Curious Crows in 25 Ohio Towns Get a Bad Name.

Bellevue, Ohio, Oct. 21.—Last night a specimen was exhibited here in a large cage, which had on exhibition a snake and wire cage containing 20 snakes. The crowd was so great that the cage was crushed, showing the reptiles to run at large. Among the collection were a number of black snakes, some with snakes, measuring from two to seven feet. They were captured upon the crowd and several persons were bitten. All the doctors in the town were summoned to give medical aid.

## High Life Cigarettes

Are in Quality and Price Without Exception the Very Best Made.

AT H. L. SALMON'S.

# A CABINET CRISIS

### Austrian Premier Tired of Obstructionists—Possible Dissolution of the Ministry.

### Medlam Reigned for While in Parliament and a Hand to Hand Fight Resulted.

Vienna, Oct. 20.—The uttermost will be called to order at 11 o'clock to-day, and it is believed that if the members of the left continue their efforts to obstruct legislation, Count Badeni will resign, in which event a new ministry will be formed.

The riotous proceedings of yesterday's session are virtually a continuance of the hostile demonstration which marked the opening of the reichsrath on September 23. These demonstrations, as was the case with the former ones, are directed against the cabinet, and grow out of the ill-feeling against the Bohemian-Germans and the Young Czechs.

Last night the various factions became so incensed at each other that perfect bedlam reigned for a time, resulting in a riotous scene which was witnessed by the members of the reichsrath.

On the reassembling of the reichsrath last month, a series of motions was offered, aiming at the impeachment of Count Badeni, the premier, impeached because of the conduct of the representatives of the government at public meetings.

The German opposition, headed by Herr Schoenerer, demanded his impeachment for prohibiting a meeting of German Bohemians, and they call for the impeachment of Count Gleispach, minister of justice; Dr. Bilinski, minister of finance, and Baron Glavin d'Eicha, minister of commerce, for an alleged violation of their ministerial oaths, by the issuance of a decree authorizing the official use of the Czech language in Bohemia.

The Socialist Democrats in the reichsrath, secretly aided by the remnant of the old German party, is to produce a cabinet crisis and bring about the absolute defeat of the Austrian party.

The problem which Count Badeni has to solve will induce men, representing nine distinct nationalities, each one playing for its own hand, and caring about as much for Austria as it does for Japan.

Moreover, the whole country is divided politically, practically into two bitterly hostile camps.

On the one side are clericals and the anti-semites, and on the other side are Jews and the German Liberals. The premier is called upon to keep the peace between the two. He has Hungary also to consider, a constant thorn in the flesh.

Count Badeni won his reputation for statescraft as stadtholder of Galicia. With an iron hand he put an end to the local disputes of the Ruthens and the Poles of that province and he suppressed their joint intrigues against Austria.

He won a confidence of Emperor Francis Joseph, and when he formed a ministry in September, 1895, to succeed the stop-gap Kielesanegg cabinet, which had a short life, after the fall of the Windisch-Gratz cabinet, he told the reichsrath that he intended to lead and not allow himself to be led.

The whole nation applauded the announcement. But Count Badeni soon found that the thing was not as easy as that done, and that the reichsrath was by no means so docile an assembly as the Galician Landtag.

"My government," he said, "shall stand above parties and be free from all ties."

But within a month he had been driven into negotiations with every party in the reichsrath in desperate attempts, by playing off one against the other, to carry out his imperial plans. Last spring's general elections left him, instead of at the head of a strong and compact majority, with barely a handful of votes.

On April 2 he resigned, but the emperor refused to accept his resignation and a temporary settlement was effected. Strong in the support of Francis Joseph he then set to work to secure by bribery and promises the majority which the wisest statesmen had denied him. The German Liberals refused to accept his advances, owing to his action in the autumn of 1895, when he advised the emperor to refuse the election of Dr. Karl Luger, the anti-semitic leader in the reichsrath, as burgomaster of Vienna.

He was driven, therefore, into the arms of the Czechs, whose votes he secured by assuaging the language of Bohemia. In the meantime the German Liberals proposed to impeach him, and have refused to even consider his renewal of the decennial agreement with Hungary and his plan for the modification of the present arrangements between the two sections of the empire as to burdens and revenues.

The clerical party is prepared to give him a qualified support; for the anti-semitic programme is to work against the Protestants as well as the Jews, and to place all branches of education in the hands of the Catholic clergy. But he is loath to accept these terms.

# U. S. TREASURY ROBBED

### Bags of Money Opened and Lead Inserted to Make Up Weight.

### Believes in Perfect Freedom of the Individual and He Hopes for a Model Republic.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Silver dollars are missing from the strong-box of the treasury and may number many thousands. Treasurer Roberts has employed experts to count piece by piece the \$100,000,000 which ought to be in the vaults.

Recently the coin was counted by the weighing process, but Roberts will not give a receipt to his predecessor, Morgan, until he knows the full extent of the robbery, which he suspects has been carried on for some time.

During this count a trusted employe was caught opening bags which contained 1,000 silver dollars, taking out as many as he wished and making up the weight of the extracted silver with lead.

At the conclusion of the count, all of the bags showed the required weight. Upon the treasurer's suggestion some of the bags were opened. So much lead was discovered that a consultation was held with Secretary Gage and it was decided to employ a force of 50 clerks to go over the counting in detail. This task will consume six months and will cost the government \$25,000.

# HEIRS TO A MILLION.

### Four Persons.

St. Louis, Oct. 20.—Travis Whitaker, a young man who is employed in a commission house in this city, and his brother, Job, and his sisters, Belle and Fannie, are heirs to \$3,000,000 left years ago by a great grandfather, who was in the East-India-trade. A grandfather of the present heirs came to this country, settled first in Maryland and then went to Virginia. When his father died he left no will. The property became a public trust, and it is now being divided among the four persons.

According to Mr. Travis Whitaker his father did not know of the existence of the property until quite late in life. He then said that his father had received a letter from a firm in London, asking for certain papers, but that they had been destroyed. It was the destruction of these papers that has resulted in the property being so long tied up, and not being used for the benefit of the heirs.

# STUDENTS ON A STRIKE.

### Sioux Falls, S.D., Oct. 20.—All but three of the students attending the Baptist university here are on strike and demand the removal of the president.

On Sunday, the students say, one of the invalid girl pupils, who had been brought down to the parlor, was assisted back to her room by a couple of students, who carried her in a chair. This was done during the absence of the president, who, upon his return, suspended the two boys. This angered all the pupils and they left the institution and will demand the removal of the president before they will return.

# LIVE STOCK TRADER DEAD.

### New York, Oct. 20.—Archibald M. Allerton, a pioneer in the live stock trade, is dead at Moores Fork, N.Y., aged 75 years. He built the first stock yard in this city, also yards at West Albany, at Suspension Bridge, the National stock yards in East St. Louis and the stock yards in Toledo. His family hold a large interest in the Chicago stock yards. While in the stock business Mr. Allerton did a business amounting to \$20,000,000 a year and the entire business was on a cash basis.

# LARGE CARGO OF SILK.

### San Francisco, Oct. 20.—The steamship Belgic, as part of her cargo from China yesterday 2,235 bales of raw silk, one of the largest importations of that kind of merchandise that has been made for some time. The estimated value is nearly \$1,000,000. It is consigned overland to New Jersey and Connecticut mills and will be forwarded by special train in order to save interest on the money invested.

A skilled navigator, who has a compass and sextant, will guide him with unfailing accuracy to any point on the coast of the world. He has located the latitude and longitude of the remedy; and its ultimate discovery is only a matter of time. It was in this way that Dr. R. T. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., was guided to his world-famous "Golden Medical Discovery" for the cure of consumption.

He realized that consumption is a constitutional weakness deep seated in the blood. He sought and found this marvelous constitutional remedy which removes and restores the vital current with nutritious life-giving elements, healing wasted tissues, restoring digestive and assimilative powers, and building up healthy flesh and genuine enduring vigor.

In all those debilitating diseases which are caused by imperfect nutrition, this extraordinary "Discovery" is the most perfect alternative remedy and strength-builder known to medical science. It is not a mere temporary stimulant like various "cures." Its good effects are permanent.

Where coarseness is among the prevailing symptoms, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used in conjunction with the "Discovery."

"Dr. Pierce, I am one of your most grateful patients," writes Mrs. Annie M. Norman, of Easton, Pa. "I have taken your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also 'Pleasant Pellets,' and I feel like a new woman. I am, as many of my friends tell me, like the dead brought to life. The doctors said I had consumption and death was only a matter of time. That was six years ago. I concluded to try your medicine. I obtained and I had taken one bottle of 'Discovery' and several bottles of 'Pellets.' I got well and have done a great deal of hard work since."

# HENRY GEORGE TALKS

### Gives His Views on Liquor and the Sunday Law—Opposed to a License Tax.

### Believes in Perfect Freedom of the Individual and He Hopes for a Model Republic.

New York, Oct. 20.—Writing to a German-American political club, Henry George says: "I do not believe in any excise in any form. The attempt to prevent people from drinking, by taxes and excise upon liquor, increases costs, promotes adulteration and defeats, I think, the very end it has in view."

"All such taxes are promotive of monopoly and corporations. Besides what goes to the government for them, a much larger amount is taken by private parties, who find a profit in the maintenance of the taxes."

"As was the case with our whiskey tax, it is also with all taxes of that nature. The burden is not to be laid upon the consumer, but to be shifted to the producer, and always must be made to furnish means by which political rings maintain themselves."

"I am a free trader in the full sense of the term, and put everything upon the basis of equal rights. I think that the province of the government is to prevent one individual from interfering with the equal rights of another."

"As to the question of Sunday closing, I believe in individual freedom. Those who wish to go to church on Sunday should not be interfered with in any way by a person who wishes to sell or drink liquor on Sunday, and the person who wishes to drink or sell liquor on Sunday should not be interfered with by the person who wishes to go to church."

"The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath. The law should merely see to it that liquor selling is conducted in decency and in order. A man's conduct should be governed solely by his own conscience, so long as he preserves the public peace."

Speaking at a mass meeting at the Metropolitan Hotel, Henry George said: "For the republic now I care nothing, but it is to the republic that is coming that I bow down to worship. Not a republic of tramps and millionaires; not a republic where one man has the power of a czar; not a republic where the poor are hungry; not to the one which is yet to come; a republic of God; a Christian republic in the true sense of the word."

# SHE NOW WANTS TO LIVE.

### Patient in a Hospital Cured of a Suicidal Mania.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Dr. E. G. Fortner, the county physician, has received a telegram from San Francisco inquiring as to the present whereabouts of Nellie McDowell, the woman who was recently a patient of the detention hospital suffering from a suicidal mania. The message was signed by F. D. Millard. Dr. Fortner answered the message, although he was unable to explain its purpose. Dr. Millard is said to be the wife of a man of the name of Kraus. The latter lives in San Francisco and is said to be wealthy. The woman had lived in Chicago some time under the name of McDowell, and recently made several efforts to kill herself. She was suffering from a blood clot on the brain, caused, it is said, by a blow on the head with a bottle. An operation which proved successful was performed at the county hospital and Sunday the woman was able to leave the institution. Dr. Fortner said last night that the woman had given up her desire to die and he has her on his street.

Nellie McDowell, the San Francisco woman who attempted suicide about six weeks ago by cutting her wrists with a silver garter buckle, and who was later operated on at the Detention hospital for suicidal insanity, has been discharged by the hospital doctors as cured. The operation was a rare one, and its successful results have settled an important question long mooted by surgeons. Dr. Fortner said that the doctor who operated on Miss McDowell that insanity can be cured by trephining the skull that they performed a similar operation on James Leahy, another patient. His recovery was even more rapid than that of the San Francisco woman, and to-day he also was discharged as completely cured.

In Miss McDowell's case the operation was performed on the very top of the head. Almost immediately afterward the woman regained her normal temperature, and within a short time her hallucinations had vanished. Dr. Fortner, chief surgeon at the Detention hospital, says the case of Miss McDowell and Mr. Leahy have proved to the minds of the county staff that insanity is usually merely a local disease, and that when the cause is known relief may be secured.

# ADDED TO THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

### Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 20.—The United States supreme court's decision in the Bortolomeo Bacon grants adds to the public domain in New Mexico a tract of 48,000 acres of the best grazing and farming lands in the southwest.

Governor M. A. Otero is one of the Bacon heirs, and was largely interested in this grant claim. It was in a quarrel over a conflict between these claims and the Estancia Springs grant, 75 miles south of Santa Fe, that James Whitney, of Boston, led a party of contestants in 1882 against Emanuel Otero and others. The encounter resulted in the death of Otero and Hernandez.

Ball heads are becoming too frequent among the middle aged. This can be prevented by the timely use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

All cases of weak or lame back, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Bullheads Plaster. Price 25 cents. Try them.

All cases of weak or lame back, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Bullheads Plaster. Price 25 cents. Try them.

# Insist

### Upon having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's. It is an insult to your intelligence to try to sell you something else. Remember that all efforts to induce you to buy an article you do not want, are based simply

# Upon

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

And only Hood's. It is the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills. Easy to buy, easy to take, easy to describe. 25c.

# A Prominent Society Woman Ill With Consumption.

Newport, R.I., Oct. 20.—Mrs. Atherton Blight, prominent for many years in the societies of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, the wife of Atherton Blight, of Philadelphia, and the daughter of Richard S. Greenough, the sculptor, is dead by her own hands.

For more than a year Mrs. Blight has been a sufferer from consumption. During the last few months her life has been rendered miserable by the torments of disease, and she has often prayed for death.

In some way, which is a mystery, she secured a small revolver. When the nurse and maid, who had been absent only a short time, entered the room of the invalid, she found her lying dead in her bed, the revolver by her side and blood oozing from a bullet hole in the temple.

Mrs. Blight's husband and three daughters survive her. For several years the family lived in Europe. They came here in 1895, and subsequently removed to New York, retaining a cottage here for the summer. The daughters have been greatly admired for their beauty and cleverness. It was the eldest who married William P. Thompson in September last. The bridegroom is the owner of L'Alouette, winner of the last suburban. One of the bride's sisters has been the close friend of Mrs. John Jacob Astor.

At the funeral services Mrs. John Ellis Hoffman, of New York, uttered a piercing scream and fell in a faint. She was an intimate friend of the Blight family.

# COAL-BLACK WOMAN DOCTOR.

### The First Negress Admitted to Practice in Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 20.—Cliza Ann Grier, a coal black negress, has been licensed to practice medicine by the board of state medical examiners. The board of the white physicians were astonished when the negress presented herself for examination. It was the first application made to the board by a woman of her race, and she is the first colored woman admitted to practice in the state. She presented a diploma from the Women's Medical College in Philadelphia, and was found to be thoroughly informed in her profession.

Dr. Grier said to a correspondent: "When I saw colored women doing all the work in cases of accouchement and the fee going to some white doctor who merely looked on, I asked myself why should I not get the fee myself. For this purpose I have qualified. I went to Philadelphia, studied medicine hard, procured my degree and have come back to Atlanta, where I have lived all my life, to practice my profession. Some of the best white doctors in the city have welcomed me, and say they will give me an even chance in the profession. That is all I ask."

Dr. Grier is a woman of quick wit, speaking well, and giving evidence of good education. She will hang out her shingle for general practice, and says she will make no discrimination on account of color.

# EXTENSIVE GAME RESERVE.

### Intended Eventually to Be Given to the United States.

St. Louis, Oct. 20.—Deeds have been signed completing the purchase of the last 700 acres of a 17,000-acre tract in Iron county, Mo., that is designed to form one of the greatest game preserves in the United States. Purchases of land in the vicinity of Irons, Mo., has been proceeding for several months until there has at last been quickly bought enough land to serve the purpose intended. The purchaser is the Mountain and Lake Fishing Club, including in its membership many well known men in St. Louis. Chas. Webber, ex-member of the city council, is vice-president; Charles H. Huff, president; and John W. Peckington, treasurer.

The tract selected for the purposes of the club is in the heart of the rich game regions in Missouri, in a beautiful valley surrounded by the Ozark mountains. The club's intention is to present the preserve to the state at the expiration of 50 years, provided that the plans of the club are successfully carried out. Within 50 years, it is believed by members of the club, the preserve will be the most extensive and richest in game in the United States. As soon as the papers are drawn up work will be commenced in anticipation of favorable action by the legislators.

Windsor Salt. Best and Best for "sible and Dicky. No adulteration. Never caksy.

# In Buying Matches

### When the grocer recommends you a new brand Ask him about Quality.

### When he talks price to you Ask him about Quality.

### When he refers to all the matches you get in a certain box Ask him about Quality.

### E. B. EDDY'S Matches.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day a publication up to 4 p. m.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms in good locality, for one person. Address "Old Resident," Times office. oct19-17

WANTED—A capable girl for general house work. Apply to Mrs. Hayward, corner Moss and Belcher streets. oct19-17

THE LADIES OF VICTORIA are cordially invited to call at 31 Fort street and see the finest free exhibition yet shown of fancy work done on "The White" sewing Machine, for one week commencing Monday, October 18. oct19-17

FOR SALE—Gentleman who is leaving for the Old Country has a city lot, 51x120, which can be bought very cheap for cash. Address S. J. Times office. oct19-17

FOR SALE—The fixtures, furniture and stock of the Hall Saloon, Fort street. Immediate possession given. Apply to W. W. Barnett, on the premises, or to A. W. Harrison, 97 and 99 Johnson street. oct19-17

FOR RENT—A furnished room in a private family, very pleasantly situated. Apply by letter to W. O. Times office. oct20-17

TO LET—Three 5-roomed cottages on Centre Road, Spring Ridge, \$5 per month. Apply 5 Centre Road. oct19-17

TO LET—The Commercial Hotel, Douglas street, from 1st June. Apply E. Foster & Sons, Douglas street. oct19-17

TO LET—House on Bellot street, \$19; store, corner Government and Bay streets, \$10; 7 roomed house, Cedar Hill road, \$5; store in Doane Block, Douglas street, \$25; 4 roomed house on Green street, \$4; 5 roomed brick cottage, Gorge Road, \$13; 7 roomed house, No. 19 Kansas street, \$12; cottage on Michigan street, \$7; brick house, corner Goddard Bay Road and Oak Bay Avenue, \$10. A. W. More & Co., 98 Government street. oct19-17

LOST R FOUND. LOST—Pocket-book containing money. Reward given on returning same to Assessor's Office, Government Building, James Bay. oct20-17

LOST—On Saturday, from 97 Johnson St., a brown and white fox terrier pup. Any one detaining same after this notice will be prosecuted. oct19-17

VEINERARY S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson street, Telephone 192; residence telephone 417. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C. oct19-17

SCAVENGERS JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contents made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Coffrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 30 Vancouver street. Telephone 130. oct19-17

MISCELLANEOUS. A. W. WILSON. PLUMBER AND GASFITTER. 301 Bangers and Thimble. Dealers in best quality. Best of heating and cooling stoves, ranges, etc. Supplies supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, V. I., B. C. Telephone call 107. oct19-17

USE ADVENT FLOUR—A pure, fine whole wheat flour. Mrs. E. Hunt, Rockland Avenue, sole agent. Orders taken at Speed Bicy. grocery. oct20-17

TAKE NOTE—Ladies dresses and suits cleaned or dyed fast colors by Provincial Dye Works, corner Langley and Fort streets. oct19-17

MRS. DR. C. C. CHAMBERS, the celebrated Clairvoyant and Medium. Clarence Hotel, Room 5. sept

Games and Sports can be entered into with greater enjoyment when ADAMS TUTTI FRUTTI is used. It always thrives and gives staying power. Some dealers try to palm off imitations to obtain a big profit. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 50 package. Save coupons for latest books and prizes. 149

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer into Nicholas Cook of the retail liquor license now held in respect to Food, Bed Hotel, corner of Bridge and Water streets, in the City of Victoria, and also for dissolution of the temporary transfer of said license unto Alex. Cameron and J. C. Young respectively. Dated the eleventh day of October, 1897. GEO. BARNETT, ALEX. SIMPSON. oct19-17

Public Notice. Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of Section 99 of the "Municipal Classes Act, 1896," that the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria has by resolution passed at a meeting of the said Council held on the 4th day of October, 1897, declared that two certain wooden buildings or structures with the sheds in rear and outbuildings thereto belonging, erected, situated and being upon the lot or piece of land known as the west part of Lot 100, Block 7, Victoria City, and within said wooden buildings and known as Nos. 11 and 13 Johnson street, all being within the Municipal limits of the City of Victoria, are and the same and each and every of them and every part thereof respectively are and is a nuisance and dangerous to public health, and it is ordered that the same shall be pulled down and removed by the owners, agents, lessees or occupants thereof, and in case of default by the said owners, agents, lessees or occupants thereof within ten days after publication of this notice in a daily newspaper published in such Municipality to comply with this order it is hereby ordered that such pulling down and removal of the said buildings and structures shall be done by the necessary officers of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria at the cost of the owner of the premises and that the cost of such pulling down and removal shall be a lien in and against the said buildings and structures and the same shall be a lien in and against the owner of the premises thereof by the said Sanitary Officer in an action at law to any court of competent jurisdiction. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G.M.C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., October 17, 1897. oct19-17

# MUNICIPAL ELECTION FOR 1898.

### The following persons are entitled to vote, viz:

### FOR MAYOR

Any person qualified to vote for Aldermen is entitled to vote for Mayor.

### FOR ALDERMEN:

The following persons are entitled to vote in any ward in which they may be registered as ratepayers, that is to say:

(a) Who is the assessed owner of lands or of improvements or the assessed occupier of land situate within the municipality;

(b) Who is a resident of and carries on business and is the holder of a trades license in the municipality, the annual fee for which is not less than \$5 and who has paid on or before the 1st day of November, 1897, the full license fee therefor; or

(c) Who is a householder within the municipality. A "householder" is defined as a person who holds and occupies a message, dwelling or tenement, or any part of a message, dwelling or tenement within a municipality, paying therefor a rental or rent value of not less than sixty dollars per annum.

Householders must have paid all municipal rates, taxes and license fees (exclusive of water rate or water rent) on or before the 1st day of December, 1897, to entitle them to make the declaration as mentioned below, and in order to be included in the voters' list must on or before the 1st day of December, 1897, enter their names with the Assessor or Clerk of the municipality as a voter, and make and personally deliver to the Assessor or Clerk at the same time a statutory declaration as set out in section 2, subsection (2) of the "Municipal Elections Amendment Act, 1897."

Forms of said declaration may be obtained at the office of Mr. W. W. Northcott, Assessor, City Hall.

No Chinese, Japanese, or Indians are entitled to vote.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G. M. C. Victoria, 9th October, 1897.

# Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. NOTICE.

To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to do so, make the first payment on their Claims, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers. LEONARD H. BOLLY, Land Commissioner. Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERATION

Second Session of the Federal Convention of Australia Has Advanced the Movement.

The Questions at Issue Discussed With Vigor—Conflicting Views Yet To Be Harmonized.

The second session of the Federal Convention opened at Sydney on the 2nd of September, and, in response to the request of the Queensland government, which desires that Queensland may be represented in the convention before the Commonwealth Bill is finally adopted, the convention has been adjourned until January 1898, when a third session will be held in Melbourne. Queensland will then be represented by delegates directly appointed by the electors in the same manner as the other colonies.

The results of the session just concluded, though as yet only summarized by telegraph in this country, appear to contain matter for some pleasant surprises to the advocates of federation. They have been more favorable to the success of the movement than was anticipated from the tone of debate in the colonial parliaments upon the Commonwealth Bill drawn up during the session of the convention at Adelaide last spring.

The parliamentary discussions upon the Commonwealth Bill, conducted in almost all cases in the absence of the colonial premiers, who were attending the jubilee celebrations in England, disclosed the existence of a section of distinctly anti-federal opinion. The bill, as adopted in the various parliaments, was subject to very important modifications, and, as these were by no means in all cases in the same direction, the chances of satisfying conflicting requirements by an amended bill seemed dangerously remote. The three principal points with which the amendments were concerned were state rights, power over money bills, and means for averting deadlock between the two houses of the federal parliament.

In relation to the question of state rights the parliaments of the smaller colonies insisted upon the necessity of equal representation. The parliament of Victoria showed itself ready to grant the concession of this principle, but the parliament of New South Wales, in which somewhat unexpectedly the strongest opposition to the federal movement was found to declare itself, substituted, as an amendment, "proportional representation in the senate, as in the lower house, on the basis of population. This, if adopted, would have been to give the larger colonies an overwhelming majority in both houses and to place the destinies of the smaller states in all that related to federal questions entirely in their hands.

The convention in session at Sydney rejected the proposal of New South Wales and adopted, by a majority of 41 votes to 5, the principle of equal representation of all colonies, large or small, in the federal senate. It was decided that the members of the senate should be elected by each colony voting as one elector, and that in the case of new states entering the federation representation should not necessarily be equal. Upon the next point conflicting opinions were more difficult either to reconcile or to override. The draft bill of the Adelaide convention gave the senate power to reject money bills. The larger colonies of Victoria and New South Wales desired that this should be the limit of the power of the upper house. The smaller colonies, whose only hope of a majority is in that house, desired, on the contrary, to give the senate full power to amend as well as to reject taxation bills. The commonwealth bill was almost wrecked in the Adelaide convention on this difference, but was finally saved by a compromise which allowed the senate to suggest amendments. The compromise was at the time manifestly half-hearted. The narrow majority by which it was passed was created for the purpose of saving the bill by some of the New South Wales members crossing the floor and voting against opinions which they had previously expressed. As might have been expected in the circumstances, in parliamentary discussion every colony went back to the original position taken by its delegates. The smaller colonies and the draft commonwealth bill in the direction of giving more power to the senate. Victoria and New South Wales amended it in the opposite direction. In New South Wales the term "money bills" was specially made to include not only taxation and appropriation bills, but also the many smaller bills providing for fees or salaries.

The decision of the convention at Sydney, having gone in favor of the smaller colonies with regard to representation in the senate, went against them in regard to the power of the senate over money bills, and it was decided that the senate should have no power to amend. By mutual agreement the compromise of

Adelaide appears to have been dropped and the discussion to have turned on the concession of power to the senate to amend or not to amend. Mr. Reid, premier of New South Wales, spoke strongly in favor of the view held by the larger colonies that the popular house must control the finances of the commonwealth. Sir John Forrest, premier of West Australia, made himself the exponent of the view of the smaller colonies that the senate should have full power to amend money bills like other bills, but the proposal was rejected by 36 votes to 29, many of the delegates of the smaller colonies voting with the majority.

On the question of the best method of dealing with or averting deadlock between the houses, the parliamentary debates showed that a very strong diversity of opinion existed in the various colonies. The Adelaide convention left the question open. In New South Wales, where there has been some fairly recent experience of the inconveniences of parliamentary deadlock, the referendum was adopted in debate upon the bill as the best means of providing for this difficulty. Two other proposals were submitted to the Sydney convention. One was that in the event of disagreement, both houses should be dissolved, and the other that the lower house should be dissolved; and, if the disputed bill was passed, a second time after an appeal to the country and a second time rejected by the senate, that the senate should then be dissolved. Victoria, on the other hand, strongly favored a Referendum, but, as a resort to the Referendum tends to place the senate ultimately under popular control, the smaller colonies are disposed to view the adoption of the system with disfavor, as tending to nullify state rights.

In the Sydney convention the debate appears to have been conducted with great vigor and pertinacity, and to have given rise to many proposals for a compromise. The majority in the convention showed itself to be at once opposed to the suggestion of a simple Referendum by a mass vote. Proposals were made for a simultaneous dissolution of both houses, dual Referendum requiring a majority of states and a majority of the popular vote. This suggestion, though received at first with favor, was condemned by Sir John Downer, the leader of the South Australian Opposition, as a "farceful proposal," and by Mr. Reid, of New South Wales, as a "monstrous absurdity." Mr. Synnott, of South Australia, proposed simply the dissolution of the senate in the event of the second rejection of the measures passed by the lower house after an appeal to the country. This was accepted by a small majority, but the absence of any provision for a Referendum caused a shoal of amendments to be proposed. The amendment of the Victorian premier proposing a dual Referendum was rejected by 27 votes to 18. The proposal of Mr. Lyne, of New South Wales, to add to Mr. Synnott's proposal a provision for a Referendum in the case of a further rejection of the same bill by the newly elected senate, was also rejected. Finally, a few days before its adjournment, the convention accepted a compromise suggested by Mr. Wise, of New South Wales, which provided that in case of deadlock both houses shall be simultaneously dissolved; and a further amendment proposed by Mr. Carruthers that, in the event of the double dissolution proving ineffectual, the matter in dispute should be decided by a three-fourths majority of both houses sitting together.

The generally prevailing view of the colonial parliaments that the question of the distribution of surplus revenue should be left to the future consideration of the federal parliament, supported as it is by a strong expression of opinion to the same effect by Sir Samuel Griffith, the chief justice of Queensland, who is regarded as one of the highest expert authorities in Australasia upon the theory of federal government, was met by a decision of the convention to refer the question to a finance committee for special consideration and report.

All the principal questions which have divided colonial opinion have thus been handled with some degree of thoroughness by the convention during its Sydney session, and the prospects of carrying the scheme of federation to a successful issue are reported from many sides to be much more hopeful than they were at the opening of the convention. The very serious spirit of opposition to the federal movement which has developed itself in New South Wales, and is to some extent echoed in other colonies, cannot be ignored, and forbids an absolute confidence in the issue of the January session. But the changed attitude of Queensland is of good augury, and New South Wales has too much practically to gain from federation to render it easily possible to believe that she will be content to abandon the advantages belonging to her leading position and wreck a movement which she might so much more naturally claim to direct.

HIS WEALTH OVERTHROWN.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 20.—The will of the late Albert Hankins, whose tragic death occurred in Chicago some weeks ago, has been filed for probate in the Porter circuit court. Mrs. Hankins is sole heir. She made an affidavit that the estate was worth only \$100, and gave bonds for \$200 as administratrix. The estate was supposed to be worth at least \$60,000.

GOING UP THE RIVER.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Secretary Alger has received a telegram from Captain Rait, the army officer sent to Alaska as inspector, in which the captain says he was unable to get further up the Yukon on the steamer on which he embarked for Fort Yukon. This is about 2,000 miles below Dawson City. The loss of the water in the Yukon prevented the steamer from going on, but the captain transferred to a whaler and proceeded up the river.

Cataract, like scrofula, is a disease of the blood, and may be cured by purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ONE HONEST MAN.

New Editor.—I have before me a letter written to confidentially, in a sealed envelope, of a gentleman, whose name, while I was writing the proof of the above article, was given me as "John Doe." I was told that he was a man of high standing, and that he was a member of the Victoria Club. I was told that he was a man of high standing, and that he was a member of the Victoria Club. I was told that he was a man of high standing, and that he was a member of the Victoria Club.

UNDER THE MILITARY

An Order To Be Issued Affecting Part of Alaska—St. Michaels Is the Centre.

A District Fifty Miles Square To Be Put Under Control of the Army.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The secretary of war to-day issued an order placing a large district in Alaska, of which St. Michaels will be the centre, under the control of the military arm of the government. By this action the authorities believe that the lawlessness feared as a result of the rush of the gold seekers to the great Northwest Territory will be suppressed. The proposed military district will be about 50 miles square.

The determination to issue the order was arrived at, it is said, at a cabinet meeting. While no official reports of anything but a peaceful condition, however, had reached the department, recent communications from responsible parties have shown that something more was necessary than mere civilian rule. The authorities say that the offence committed within the boundaries of the district to be described by the president in his order will subject those responsible to arrest by the military and prosecution by the civilian authorities before whom they will be brought. The war department also proposes to establish an army post on the Yukon river, but this will not be done before next spring.

REINDEER THE SOLUTION.

Seattle, Oct. 20.—Dr. Sheldon Jackson, United States superintendent of Alaskan schools, who has just returned from Alaska, says: "There is but one solution to the transportation problem in Alaska, and that is the reindeer. Suppose the capitalists of the country organize and build railroads in Alaska. This will ultimately be done. But you must remember that the placer mines of the Yukon basin are situated on small streams 15 to 150 miles from the Yukon, where the bases of supplies are established. It is getting their food from the supply depots to their cabins that troubles the miners of the Yukon. I believe that the mines of the Yukon can never be fully developed without the use of the reindeer."

"It is my belief that the government could, with great advantage to the people living in Alaska, establish reindeer stations on the Yukon all the way from Dyea to St. Michaels. In this way mail could be transported regularly and expeditiously, and the food supply would never be allowed to get to that point where a famine is imminent."

DOGS FOR DAWSON CITY.

Seattle, Oct. 20.—A car of 200 dogs will leave Chicago to-day for Seattle consigned to the company in which ex-Mayor Frank D. Black, J. B. Fowler and W. H. Lewis are interested. It is the first shipment of the kind ever made to this city. During the winter about four other cars will follow, making in all 1,000 dogs. The animals will arrive here about October 27. They will be sold here to those attempting to make the winter trip to Dawson City.

A QUESTION OF TEAR.

Chinese Protest Against Destruction of Their Brands. New York, Oct. 20.—There has been submitted for the consideration of the United States general appraisers a question involving the destruction of about 20,000 pounds of imported Chinese teas for which no provision is made in the tariff law. These importations were made chiefly by Chinese residents of this city, but they have been held by the customs authorities because the law expressly says that all teas brought into this country and not provided for in the tariff schedule shall be seized and destroyed.

The tea schedules in the new tariff act embrace 13 grades, which constitute all teas in proper use. The special brands now in jeopardy are the Pan Yu Tsi and Yuen Shun, which are not mentioned in the tariff act. "The Chinese residents of New York are much exercised over the question of their brands and a few days ago engaged counsel and appealed to the treasury department. The Chinese minister called upon Secretary Gage and the latter ordered a special hearing. Representatives of the protesting Chinese plead ignorance of the law regarding the particular importations under consideration and declare the Chinese prefer the Pan Yu Tsi and Yuen Shun teas above all others. The value of the 20,000 pounds of tea is about \$8,000.

All Classes of People Use Diamond Dyes.

At Small Expense a Harvest of Profit Is Reaped.

The wonderful Diamond Dyes have long ago reached the highest point of fame and popularity. They are called into use in the homes of all classes in Canada, and have always been true to name and give the most unbounded satisfaction. It is as easy to dye a dress, coat, vest or pair of trousers with Diamond Dyes as to wash any of these garments.

With the Diamond Dyes so easy to use—there is no necessity for sending work to the city steam dyeing establishments where you pay from \$1.50 to \$2 for work that you can do in your home at a cost of from ten to twenty cents. Home dyeing with Diamond Dyes is always successful, when cheap imitation package dyes are used, failure and loss of time and money is the reward. See that the name of Diamond Dyes is on every package you buy.

MOODY IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 20.—Dwight L. Moody, the great evangelist, who is now on a tour through Canada, will arrive in Winnipeg, according to present reports, about the 30th of this month. He may stop here a week. The Y.M.C.A., under whose auspices he will appear, will probably secure the Brydon rink, which is capable of holding 3,000 persons, for the meetings.

WILL RUN TO COPPER RIVER.

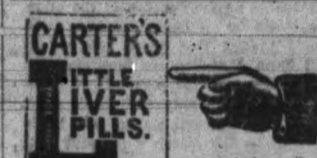
San Francisco, Oct. 20.—The Arctic Oil Works propose running a line of steamers to Copper River during the winter from this port. Headquarters for the passengers will be constructed at the river and a supply station for miners and prospectors will be established there. The first vessel to start on the route will be the Walcott, and it is thought that she will be followed by the Jesse Freeman. Both vessels are now being prepared with extra passenger accommodations for the service.

THE CRISIS AT BELGRADE.

London, Oct. 20.—The London papers, dealing with the crisis at Belgrade, variously attribute it to the political disagreements between King Alexander and his ministers, to the arrival of ex-King Milan at the Serbian capital and to the disagreements among the great powers of Europe. The evidence has revealed systematic plundering and murdering of members of the Liberal party at the instigation of Radicals, under the protection of the Serbian Radical minister of justice.

HOLDS THE LUMBER RECORD.

Marquette, Wis., Oct. 20.—The total lumber cut out of 17 mills on the river will be over 37,000,000 feet. The Marquette mills will continue running until it freezes, as all the companies are to saw as much as possible this season. Marquette and Menominee mills have manufactured more lumber this year than any other district in the world, a record the companies have had for several years. The value of this season's product in round numbers is about \$4,000,000. Most of the lumber has been sold and will be shipped before navigation closes.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Sick headache and relieve all the troubles not due to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Stomach Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Sick Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, which also corrects all disorders of the stomach, stimulates the liver and regulates the bowels even if they only cure.

Small Pills. Small Dose. Small Price.



Tenders for Coal.

Sealed tenders marked "Tenders for Coal," addressed to the Dominion Public Works Office, Victoria, B. C., will be received until Saturday, the 30th October, 1897, for the supply of coal required for the various Dominion public buildings in British Columbia.

Forms of tender will be supplied on application to the Department of Public Works Office, Victoria, B. C., Oct. 19th, 1897. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.



SEALING TENDERS.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Quarters for Sgt. Major, Etc., Drill Hall, Victoria, B. C.," will be received until Thursday, 4th Nov. next, for the construction of Quarters for Sgt. Major, etc., Drill Hall, B. C.

Plans and specifications can be seen and form of tender and all necessary information obtained at this department, and at the Public Works Office, Victoria, B. C.

Receipts are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, E. F. HOY, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 14th October, 1897.

GLADSTONE'S COLLAR



Is famous all over the world. It is always of glistening whiteness—your collars may be the same if you use

Eclipse Soap.

Send us 25 "Eclipse" wrappers, or 6c. in stamps with coupon and we will mail you a popular novel. A coupon in every bar of "Eclipse."

JOHN TAYLOR & CO. Manufacturers, Toronto, Ont.

"THE VERY LATEST"

THE CANADIAN Gold Fields of the North-West Territory. And the Head Waters of the Yukon. Telling how to get there, when to go, what to take and where to outfit.

The latest information on the subject is contained in

"The Province" Map of the Klondyke. SIZE 20x42.

Compiled and prepared from the following authorities: "Ogilvie's Reports and Maps," Dawson's reports and surveys, "Department of the Interior of the U.S.," "Map of Alaska," "Postmaster-General's of the U.S. Official Postal Map of Routes," "United States Geologic Coast Survey."

Price 50c. Mounted on Cloth in neat Waterproof Cover \$1.00.

ALL NEWS AGENTS, OR FROM The Province Publishing Co., Ltd. Ly. VICTORIA and VANCOUVER.

Advertisement for THE TWICE-A-WEEK TIMES. Is always brim full of Bright and Spicy News. Only \$1.50 per year in advance.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER, 1897.

PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEC. 62, THE MUNICIPAL CLAUSES ACT 1896.

Table with two columns: RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE. RECEIPTS: Cash on hand Jan 1, 1897, 5,180 73; Bank of B. N. A., January 1, 1897, 4,326 71; Land and Improvement Tax, 25,193 86; Water rates and rents, 37,288 75; Trades Licenses, 10,411 25; Liquor Licenses, 17,220 00; Fire Ins. Co. Tax, 6,100 00; Police Court fines and fees, 1,000 70; Road tax, 1,578 00; Revenue tax, 9,875 00; Cemetery fees, 1,500 00; Dog tax, 506 10; Pound fees, 446 85; Market fees and rents, 1,001 00; Prov. Govt. in aid of fire department, 300 00; Miscellaneous receipts, 1,273 28; Admiral's house, special rate, 352 12; Education, 1,500 00; Prov. Govt. per capita grant, \$14,000 25; Special rate, 1,000 47; \$15,712 99. EXPENDITURE: City debt, \$75,000 00; Municipal council, 5,712 25; Civic salaries, 47,500 00; City institutions (maintenance), 20,440 00; Buildings and surveys, 1,143 00; Streets, bridges and sidewalks, 20,722 04; Miscellaneous, 13,287 94; Education, 21,261 22; Board of health, 12,518 22.

# The Daily Times.

Published every day except Sunday, by the Times Printing & Publishing Co. W. TEMPLEMAN, MANAGER. Office: 26 Broad Street. Telephone: No. 45.

**SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:**  
One month by mail or carrier..... \$1.00  
One week by mail or carrier..... 25c  
Twice-a-week Times, per annum..... \$1.50

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 11 o'clock a.m.; if received later than that hour, will be changed the following day. All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor the Times."

## AUSTRALIA.

The Federal Convention that has been holding its meetings at Sydney, New South Wales, has adjourned. A united Australasia is still in the future, although perceptibly nearer by reason of the debates and conference now terminated. Queensland was not represented at the convention, but the legislature of that colony has signified its intention to be represented when next it convenes. This will be another step forward in the federal movement and undoubtedly marks an era in the history of colonial federation. It is seemingly absurd in a comparatively unsettled region that there should be several different governments, exacting laws that are not only antagonistic to trade and good feeling, but sometimes positively detrimental to the common interests of the empire. If Imperial Federation, which is doubtless nearer than ever before, is the ideal towards which the Empire should aspire, it is certain that it must begin in the drawing closer together of the bonds that should naturally unite colonies so contiguous as those of Australia.

There can be no reasonable doubt that Newfoundland will, sooner or later, be brought into the confederation of Canada. The hardy islanders, no doubt, prefer the freedom and flexibility of direct self-government and moderate tariff laws to the high protection and lesser representation of the Dominion of Canada. The late financial troubles through which Newfoundland has passed, and the lowered tariff of Canada, may possibly induce the islanders to reconsider their position upon the question.

The negotiations at Sydney for a federated Australia are likely to hasten the attempts to draw all portions of the empire together in a closer bond of unity. We publish a report of the proceedings of the convention as taken from the London Times.

## SHOULDER TO SHOULDER.

We like the spirit in which the Colonist this morning approaches the question of securing to the province the full benefit of the Klondike rush; with much that the Colonist says in the matter we heartily agree. We have no desire to challenge the remarks of our contemporary in relation to the matters we discussed yesterday; for we recognize quite as clearly as it has pointed out the urgent necessity for united action in bringing the claims of the province strongly before the government. We regret that we mistook the particular government to which the Colonist yesterday morning referred; we were under the impression that it meant the provincial government; hence our unavoidably polemical straits. But the Dominion government—some, that is another matter. Never yet have we declined to grasp and shake the freshly proffered hand of an honorable opponent who expressed desire to sink side questions in order that we might work together for the common good. This we agree with the Colonist, as such an issue, and as it well points out, and as we have done also, one that must be made the most of now. Some days ago we drew attention to the desirability of the people of this province bestirring themselves to secure some of the benefits of the great stream of traffic which in all probability will soon pour through Victoria, Vancouver and other British Columbia towns. Several courses are open to our people. The fact that the name of British Columbia in connection with that of the Klondike is not nearly so well known in the East and in Europe as the linked names "Seattle-Klondike," "San Francisco-Klondike," is a very serious matter to begin with, and shows that while we in British Columbia have been sleeping our good friends across the line have been "tolling upwards in the night." Fortunately, however, energetic steps to counteract the effects of that bad start have already been taken, and we sincerely trust they may be in time to divert a very substantial share of the Klondike rush next spring to our cities. With respect to the sale of mining licenses here, there can be no two questions about it that if these licenses are to be sold anywhere it should be at the spot where the miners are most likely to congregate, and before going into the Klondike. We think there is reasonable justification for supposing that Victoria will be the great gathering point next spring for the Klondike prospectors; who will surely have been reached by the city's advertisements and prevented from foolishly spending their

money in the United States. The men will, of course, desire to wind up all their business affairs here and set out for the Klondike provided with everything that is necessary, including a Victoria outfit on which they will not have to pay duty, and which will not go to wreck the first week it is in use; and a Dominion government license in their pockets. Here then is a convenient point to have the licenses on sale for all who are going in via Skagway, Dyea, Stikine, St. Michaels or other western routes. Of course, those who propose going in by way of Edmonton and the prairie route east of the Rockies can get their licenses over there. What we say is that if licenses are necessary Victoria and Vancouver are the places to have them on sale if the government desires to do what it can for the comfort and convenience of the prospectors, and we are sure that is the government's wish. If we add to the two facts that Victoria is without question the best place to procure an outfit on the most advantageous terms, duty free, and absolutely trustworthy; and that Victoria is the most suitable place at which to winter and from which to start in the spring for the gold fields, this other fact that it is the only point where a mining license can be procured we have a pretty strong case for the sale of licenses here. This information should be published broadcast now; time is the essence of the matter; there is not a single day to lose. If Victoria is thus promptly and properly advertised abroad the harvest for her will be great. Timorous expenditure of money and energy now may bring Victoria a bounteous reward. The advance guard of the great army of prospectors will be upon us in a few weeks and by New Year we should have an accession of population amounting to thousands of able bodied men. We shall offer a few further suggestions in the course of a day or two.

## WHERE IS ANDREE?

For weeks there has been no mention in the press of the name of the daring Arctic explorer, Herr Andree, who is trying to penetrate the mystery that surrounds the North Pole by sailing diametrically across the Arctic circle in a specially constructed balloon. Only one of the many carrier pigeons which he took with him has returned from the Arctic with a brief message. Since then silence, which day by day more and more assumes the semblance of that eternal silence over which death keeps the key. A scientific magazine has lately pointed out the improbability of carrier pigeons being able to fly the vast distance which separates Andree from the haunts of men. It has shown that carrier pigeons, even under the most favorable circumstances, cannot perform any of those astounding feats the public loves to believe. Pigeons which have been sent off from a point in France, with Rome the goal, 900 miles away, have taken fifteen days to make the flight. Andree's pigeons would have to encounter the paralyzing cold of those high latitudes, the frightful blizzards and hurricanes which are known to rage there periodically, and all the dangers of prolonged flights over leagues of open sea. It is only too certain that the poor birds, after vainly battling with the rigors of the Arctic, have succumbed and fluttered helplessly into those "lone blue seas," with their messages of hope. Nor can one dissociate the sad fate of these little feathered messengers from a gloomy foreboding that some such fate has overtaken the daring Andree. A balloon is not like a ship, even a dirigible balloon possesses defects that cannot be described as anything but fatal in the event of the slightest mishap in a region so far beyond the bounds of man's aid as the central Arctic. They were not only chronic growlers and habitually adverse critics who warned Andree of the foolhardiness of his attempt, but they set out on what we are afraid has been his death journey. Level headed men of science who know things by algebra and the hard, un sentimental rules of established scientific facts, warned him that, while all would be well so long as the balloon could be kept going through the upper air, a very slight accident would mean collapse and death. Andree took all the risks and trusted to the excellence and forethought of his preparations. The ordinary intelligence may partially conceive the horror of such a situation as a collapsing balloon descending into an Arctic sea, thousands of miles from any help, and with no means of continuing the struggle for life after reaching the water. There is some chance for the crew of a ship that is wrecked in the polar seas, for they can pull away in well provisioned boats and steer for the nearest land. But with a balloon accident means obliteration, complete, hopeless. The fate of poor Andree and his comrades adds another grim chapter to the dreary history of Arctic exploration; one more fatal failure to solve the riddle of the great ice-sphinx who guards the pole. She still waits with cold disdain the coming of her Edipus.

There is a singular analogy between the present political condition of France and that of British Columbia. An eminent French politician has been discussing in the Revue des Deux Mondes the dangers to which France is exposed, and concludes his article by saying that the greatest danger from which France is suffering is the fact that the government is not conducted by genuine representa-

tives of the people, but by mercenary and corrupt politicians. Could a more accurate picture of what British Columbia is suffering under the hands of the Turner government be imagined? Miners at the Klondike will not be allowed to hunger and thirst for the Gospel very long. The Presbyterian church of Canada has decided to send into that rugged vineyard next spring missionaries who will bring home to the prospector and the digger the truths of religion and show them something of the riches that never takes wings and the gold that never perishes.

Fears of prosecution for les juges are not deterring irreverent Germans from giving their erratic sovereign a new nick-name. In allusion to his marvellous celerity in changing his mind they have dubbed him "Wilhelm der Pleoelische"—"Wilhelm the Sudden." The fate of the Roman citizens who were deleted for referring to the emperor as Biberius Mero instead of Tiberius Nero, might have been warning enough. Wilhelm is awful in his ruffled moments.

Sir Charles Tupper is not in favor of party lines being adopted in the British Columbia election. The Vancouver News-Advertiser thus reports him:

"It has been reported in Vancouver, Sir Charles, that you suggested that party lines should be adopted in British Columbia at the next provincial election; is that true?"

"I have not made a remark upon the subject since I came to British Columbia."

"Would you care to express an opinion now?"

"No, certainly not. I am not here for the purpose of interfering in the provincial election in any way whatever."

Quite recently a big stir was caused in French military circles by the announcement that a well known French general has granted permission to soldiers to sing on the march, something that was strictly prohibited before. He has also given leave to every soldier who can play any of the smaller musical instruments to do so on the march, and the instrument will be supplied to the soldier at the expense of the state. He would be a hardy prophet who would predict that these regulations will harm discipline or interfere with the efficiency of the men. It is not a French soldier's nature to walk along silently. Music and singing will henceforth make the march a pleasant part of the daily duty.

One of the strangest trials on record is now proceeding at Glenville, West Virginia. Mrs. Myer Atkinson is being prosecuted for forgery. She is the wife of the governor of West Virginia, beautiful, wealthy, accomplished and refined. She is charged with having forged the name of her former husband, Judge G. D. Camden, whose relatives are the accusers. Mrs. Atkinson's defence is that she transacted the business by authority of her late husband during his lifetime. Should the jury convict her, Governor Atkinson, it is expected, will exercise the right of pardon and forthwith resign the governorship. He stoutly maintains his belief in his wife's innocence, although the evidence is said to be very damaging.

The death of Charles A. Dana removes from the ranks of American journalism an unique figure. Like the late Horace Greeley, Dana was remarkable for his individuality and fresh originality. Not the least of his many valuable services to journalism must be counted the series of interesting lectures on the art of journalism delivered at various places in the United States and subsequently published in book form. Many a young newspaper man will remember with pleasure and gratitude the profitable hours spent over that volume, severely though it was handled by American and British critics. Charles A. Dana's name is linked with some of the greatest events in the history of the United States. His death is a national loss.

They have an elegant style of airing their opinions about men and things down in New Mexico. A newspaper, the Daily Independent, published in a small collection of shacks down there, remarks about a person who heaved a forty pound rock into the office: "Some unbranded galoot who wants his neck broke pretty bad—disappeared of our remarks regarding the sewerage scheme last night, and tried to bust up this office with a slab of refractory ore weighing 40 lb. 10 oz. The only damage was smashing the handle of the press, and two dead aids, pied on the stone. We intend to give back that rock to the outcast who disapproved of our enlightened policy, and he will get it in the neck some night—the rock, not the policy."

The Montreal Daily Witness believes the Laurier government will commit a very grave mistake if they permit Sir Adolphe Chapleau, Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, to remain in office upon any grounds. The Witness points out that Chapleau's career in Quebec is one that makes it highly expedient for that province to have done with him for good. The Witness says: "In conjunction with Mr. Senecal, Sir Adolphe Chapleau succeeded this province dry in the interests of railway promoters and syndicates, and then, throwing it aside like a snuffed candle, left for Ottawa." It was Sir John Macdonald's wise policy, says the Witness, to keep

Chapleau in a position where he could do no harm. It is alleged that we have a gang of Chapleau's political relatives here in British Columbia, and that the Liberal party will have to see to their little affair before they do any more damage.

The postmaster-general of the United States has received a letter from a citizen of the state of Georgia indignantly protesting against the criticisms of the press upon a number of southern gentlemen who had shot a Negro postmaster whom President McKinley had seen fit to appoint. The writer explained, that the citizens were not lawless, but were a refined, cultured, honest and Christian set of persons, and that the only vestige of truth in the scurrilous criticisms was that "some of our best known and most prominent citizens did shoot the nigger."

"British Columbia is worse than a slippery elm police; it draws everybody that gets within sight of it," says the Manitoba Free Press. The Free Press then gives a list of leading Manitoba public officials who have succumbed to the irresistible magnetism of this province and who have forsaken the prairie province for the golden west of British Columbia. It also mentions the coming here of Premier Peters, of the Maritime Provinces, and Sir Charles Tupper, and says Sir Mackenzie Bowell is hovering around as if reluctant to leave. "In a few years British Columbia will have every prominent man in the Dominion gathered happily within her bounds," sighs the Free Press, and it concludes, "It must be the fish."

Partially the fish, but more than fish or any other specific article it is that "something" which nobody has been able to define exactly. That subtle "something" may be greater freedom, happier conditions of life, a feeling of mental and physical elevation, unknown elsewhere—but whatever it is its power no man can withstand.

## PERIODICAL FANEGYRICS.

We are forcibly reminded, when reading the chief organ's periodical panegyrics on the Turner government, of the typical proprietary medicine advertisement. There is the same ludicrous piling up of complimentary adjectives, the same attributing of every imaginable virtue in the same transcendent degree, and it all conspires to leave the intelligent reader, viz., that the writer has simply been paid to exhaust his imagination and his vocabulary of eulogistic words and phrases, without any particular regard to the merits of the case. The average patent medicine advertisement, however, backs up its high sounding claims in a measure by testimonials from reputable persons; but the Turner government's chief advertising sheet has altogether failed to support its panegyrics on the Kickapoo combination at James Bay in this way. The testimony and the evidence, on the contrary, are all the other way—Columbian.

## THE LIBERAL CONVENTION.

The Liberal convention at New Westminster gave a good account of itself. It denounced the Turner government and recorded itself as being of the opinion that the continuance of such a government in office would be detrimental to the general welfare of the province. It did not make the mistake of deciding to force the issue in the next general election upon straight Liberal lines. A more sensible course was adopted. A platform will be drafted by a special committee, and any candidate who will subscribe to the platform will be entitled to the support of the Liberal party. There need be no fear but that the platform will be generous enough to enable Conservative oppositionists to fight side by side with their Liberal colleagues. It is a noteworthy circumstance that every member of the legislature present at the convention spoke against the introduction of party lines. Events are beginning to shape well for the cause of good government in British Columbia—Nelson Tribune.

## SETTLERS' COAL CLAIMS.

The Evidence All Taken by Miss Barber, an Expert Typewriter.

The evidence which was given by Mr. W. S. Gore, deputy commissioner of Lands and Works, with regard to the claims of certain settlers, upon the Island railway belt to the coal and other minerals under their lands, and which was published in our shape several days ago, has been published in the Nanaimo Free Press of the 19th instant. By way of preface, it is stated in the Free Press that the taking of Mr. Gore's evidence completes Mr. Rothwell's duties as commissioner in this matter, and the following reference is also there made to the manner in which Miss Barber, Mr. Rothwell's secretary, performed her duties in transcribing the evidence of over fifty witnesses who appeared before him, under his commission:

"Miss Barber, of Ottawa, who in cold type recorded the evidence of the witnesses as it fell from their lips, performed the onerous duties of her office in a manner that was truly astonishing; correct in every particular, and as quick as the words were spoken. The expertness with which she manipulated the keyboard of her favorite Remington had considerable to do with the shortness of the time occupied in transcribing the many statements that appeared before the court."

We may add that Deputy Commissioner Gore and other gentlemen who were present when his evidence was being taken have expressed in the most flattering terms their admiration and delight with regard to Miss Barber's expert typewriting. Miss Barber's ability as an intelligent and rapid typist has been repeatedly tested at the Dominion capital, and her friends there will be pleased to hear of the very successful completion of her part of the duties under the commission.

## AMERICAN BRIEFS.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 20.—The funeral of the late George M. Pullman will take place at Greenwood cemetery on Saturday at 2 p.m.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 21.—Fire yesterday destroyed the business portion of the town of Orondel, Ark.; a river taken a few miles north of Memphis. The details are meagre, but it is believed the loss will reach \$100,000.

## SPAIN'S ANSWER.

Cabinet Considering the Reply to Woodford's Note. Madrid, Oct. 21.—Cabinet to-day will consider the draft of the answer of Spain to the note of the United States on the subject of Cuba, delivered to the Spanish government by United States Minister Woodford soon after he arrived here. It is reported that the answer of the Spanish government will include a formal protest against filibustering.

## THE HOUSE ON WHEELS.

Port Angeles Family on a Curious Tour of the Continent.

Hudson, N.Y., Oct. 21.—The "house on wheels" crossing the continent has arrived here, and is now in front of the Central Hotel, where hundreds are flocking to see the curiously constructed home. On reaching Hudson, Mr. Lasey and his family had travelled 6,525 miles. They left Port Angeles, Wash., March 22, 1894. Two children have been born to them on the way. The last one is eight weeks old, having been born in Buffalo September 1st.

## TRAFALGAR DAY.

The Anniversary of the Great Battle Celebrated in London.

London, Oct. 21.—The anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar, fought on Oct. 21, 1805, was celebrated in London generally than usual. Nelson's monument on Trafalgar Square, this city, was decorated with garlands, and the foot of the column was hidden beneath wreaths, including one from Canada inscribed: "England expects every man to do his duty." Nelson's flagship "Victory," at Portsmouth, was decked with laurels and evergreens, and the spot on the quarter deck where the British admiral fell mortally wounded was covered by immense wreaths. Trafalgar day was celebrated in all the naval ports of Great Britain and throughout the British empire.

## A GREAT SUCCESS.

Wm. Benchley, New Westminster, has been pronounced incurable from what he supposed to be heart disease. He had become so weak that he was not only unable to work, but hardly able to walk from one room to another. A short time ago he began to take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. He has now resumed work, and is rapidly recovering. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa has cured thousands. If you suffer from a disordered stomach, liver or kidneys, rheumatism, catarrh, dropsy, or any disease arising from disordered blood, stomach, liver or kidneys, it will cure you. Sold by all druggists.

Do crops lie big on every hand,  
Do lives lie full or honey?  
I wish you'd ax dat po' white man  
Ef he kin change dis money!  
—Atlanta Constitution.

50 Highest Awards  
OVER ALL AMERICAN AND  
EUROPEAN COMPETITORS

## Benson's the best POROUS PLASTER

When joints of scientific experts and thousands of sufferers cured, so unanimously testify BENSON'S the best Porous Plaster, you have the surest guarantee that will quickly relieve Rheumatism, Backache, Muscular Rheumatism, Neuritis, Pains, Sciatica, Other Long and Short Difficulties, Kidney Affections, etc. The only efficiently medicated plaster and external remedy worthy of confidence. Price 25c. Jennings, Miles & Co., Montreal, Sole Agents for Canada.

## A. O. U. W. HALL.

## TO-NIGHT.

For an indefinite period,

## The Kickapoo

WITH THEIR COMPANY OF ARTISTS,  
Giving a first-class and refined

## VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT

Free to adults Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.  
Wednesdays and Saturdays admission 10 cents. Children 10 cents each night.  
Special Matinee every Saturday at 2:30 p.m.  
Reserved seats every entertainment for ladies and their escorts without extra charge.

## Windsor Fire Relief Fund.

Notice is hereby given that subscriptions lists have been opened at the City Hall, Government Buildings, Supreme Court, Banks of B.C., B.N.A., and Montreal, the Ontario House, the Province Office, the Public Schools, Times and Colonist offices. In aid of the sufferers from the recent fire in Windsor, Nova Scotia, whereby it is estimated 3,000 people have been rendered homeless, many of whom are entirely destitute. It is to be hoped a liberal response will be made to this appeal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN,  
Mayor.

## ROYAL FLORAL NURSERY

207 Fort Street.  
Retail choice lot of British Plants, comprising Hyacinth, Tulip, Narcissus, Iris, Jaxia, Parrot Tulip, Crocus, Jonquilles, Daffodils, Snowdrops, Anemones, Ranunculus, Chionodoxa Scilla, Sparaxias, Trillium, Billis, Frezias.

## W. DODDS, FLORIST.

## Vancouver Island Building Society.

The 50th drawing for an appropriation in the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad Street, on Friday, the 22nd October, 1897, at 3 p.m. See that your shares are in good standing.  
By order,  
E. WILLIAMS,  
Secretary.

## W. JONES, Auctioneer.

Salerooms 133 Government St. Open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Auction sales held at various times every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 o'clock. Auction sales arranged for and conducted at your residence on the shortest notice. Best prices obtained. Furniture bought for cash. Agent for steam tug Lettie.  
W. JONES, Auctioneer.

## P. J. DAVIES, Auctioneer, Appraiser, Commission Merchant.

31 Johnson St., Victoria.

## AUCTION FURNITURE.

Friday, October 22, 11 a.m.

will sell on the premises, corner of Broughton Walk and Superior streets, consisting of Parlor, Dining, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, Brasses and Tapestry Carpets and Rugs, Lace and Madras curtains, Settees, Sofa, Vienna and Chaise Chairs, Ornaments, Paintings, What Not, Extension Lamps, Parlor Mirror, Chenille Curtains, Set of Balnear's Kowalski, Oil Cloth, Oak Hall Rack, Etc. Dining Table, Dinner Sets, Sofa Bed Lounge, Walnut Sideboard, Dining Chairs, Glassware, Crockery, White Handle Knives, Forks and Spoons, Wanner Sewing Machine, Oil Paintings, etc. Perfection Cooking Stove, No. 5 Cooking Utensils, Tables, Chairs, Clock and Garden Hose. And a fine English Cottage Piano.  
G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

## COAL AND WOOD

We carry the most complete stock of fuel in the city. Don't overlook us.

**WOOD**  
OAK, FIR AND BARK  
In any length.  
FINE CUT WOOD  
12 and 16 inch lengths sold in half-cord quantities.

**COAL**  
ANTHRACITE—Only a limited quantity.  
ALEXANDRA—A nice clean grade and stove coal.  
WELLINGTON—Speaks for itself. It has no rival.  
COMOX—Specially adapted for furnace use.

Don't forget our City Office, No. 124 GOVERNMENT STREET, Adelphi Block. See our window for samples.

## Spratt & Macaulay.

## COAL.

CITY COAL DEPOT  
ESTABLISHED 1852.  
We sell the best  
Double Screened Coal, \$5 per ton.  
Lump Coal, \$5.50 per ton.  
Comox Lump, for furnaces, \$5.

## W. WALKER,

Office Store St., opp. Telegraph Hotel.

## COAL.

New Vancouver Coal Co., Ltd.,  
NANAIMO, B.C.  
VICTORIA—KINGHAM & CO. (Office cor. Fort and Broad Sts. Telephone 233.)  
Double Screened Southfield Coal, \$5.00 per ton.  
Double Screened New Wellington, 6.00 per ton.  
Of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city; weight guaranteed.  
Coal Wharf Foot of Johnson Street

## The Electric Wood Yard

BEST STOVE WOOD FOR SALE  
In all lengths as required, promptly delivered. Orders for Coal taken.

## Raymond & Painter.

Address, Lima Road, Pandora B., or 25 Commercial St., V.I., Can.

## NOTICE.

Applications will be received at the office of the undersigned, with Monday next, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for the position of Controller for the City of Victoria, for the term of three years, commencing on the 1st day of January, 1898.  
By order,  
WILLIAM J. DODD,  
C.M.C.  
Victoria, B.C.,  
City Clerk's Office,  
21st October, 1897.

# Purses

See our Window.

## BOWEN'S DRUG STORE,

100 Government Street.

HE DISPENSES PRESCRIPTIONS.

### LOCAL NEWS.

#### Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Klickapoo Cough Cure, the best.

—Step ladders at 80 Douglas St.

—Moulders' tools at 90 Douglas St.

—FINNAN HADDIES at Jameson's 33 Fort street.

—Ladies' Tailor made suits are made by men at George R. Jackson's.

—Klickapoo Indian Salve Mystifier cures all skin and cutaneous diseases.

—15 cent tea bottles, 15 cent dish pans and other cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

The "Badminton," late Major House, Vancouver, under management of J. S. Stratton.

—Tickets for the Jubilee Hospital Ball, which takes place on the 27th inst., can be had from any of the committee or at Challenger & Mitchell's and T. N. Hibben's.

—SCHLITZ, the beer that made Milwaukee famous, on draught, 5c per glass, at the Bank Exchange, the cleanest, coolest and cheapest restaurant in the city.

—A splendid stock of sporting goods just received direct from the best factories in England and the United States, comprising shot guns, rifles, shooting coats, etc., at Henry Short & Son's, Gunmakers, 72 Douglas street.

—A large audience attended the concert given at the assembly hall of the South Park school yesterday evening. Mayor Redfern presided. The programme was a very good one, and each number was loudly encored. As a result of the concert the sum of \$50 has been added to the library and football funds.

—The funeral of Florence Pridham, the eleven year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pridham, took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence on Second street. Rev. J. F. Betts officiated both at the house and at the cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs F. Bone, W. D. Betts, Morris, Thomas and Anril.

—The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Robert Law after an illness of several months. The deceased lady leaves a daughter, Mrs. H. P. Johnson, and two sons, Messrs R. K. and M. H. Law to mourn her loss. The funeral will take place from her late residence, on Douglas street, and later from St. Barnabas' church on Saturday next.

—The idea of formally opening the new parliament buildings on the 28th of this month has been abandoned, and the date on that copper plate will again have to be changed. Mr. H. D. Helmecken, Q.C., M.P.P., in receipt of a letter from Hon. Mr. Turner, in which the premier suggests that the clerks go into their new offices as soon as they are ready, but that the formal opening be left until the opening of the legislature.

—The police have succeeded in placing the responsibility for a lot more of the petty thefts which have recently been committed. The culprit this time is a Chinaman, Ah Jew, who, from evidence already secured, it appears has been in the habit of making evening raids on woodsheds, provision safes and outbuildings. Last evening he was caught in the woodshed at the rear of Mrs. Jones' boarding house on Comorant street. He was taken to the police station, and then, through the second-hand dealers, the police traced a lot of articles which Ah Jew had stolen and tried to sell. Several informations for petty larceny have been laid against him. The charges will be laid into to-morrow.

—A rather serious stabbing affray took place last evening at the corner of Comorant and Government streets, the victim being a Jap and his assailant a Chinaman. As far as could be gathered a party of Japs, in passing the Chinese bulletin board, jostled the crowd of Chinamen who were standing there. The Chinamen turned and one of the Japs was thrown down and stabbed in two places. One of the cuts is within half an inch of his jugular vein, and the other is close to his pleural cavity. The wounds are serious but not dangerous. Ch. F. Par Heek was arrested on the charge of cutting and wounding the Jap, but the case could not be gone into, a demand being

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

allowed until Tuesday, ball being allowed the prisoner in \$500 and two sureties of \$250 each. Mr. Helmecken has been retained for the defence, and will endeavor to prove an alibi.

—Klickapoo Indian Oil for all ache and pain.

—The most popular sauce in the world—Yorkshire Relish.

—Two million bottles of Kops Cheer sold in one week in London.

—Klickapoo Indian Worm Killer, the only safe and certain remedy.

—Ladies' tailor made wraps and costumes at George R. Jackson's.

—Crimson sheep skin mats, fine skins, well dyed, good value, at Weller Bros.

—For something very nice in fancy and plain dress goods, trimmings and evening gloves, go to the Stridings 88 Yates street.

—Last evening's sale demoralized the telegraph service, but before morning the tickers were again pounding out messages.

—Sir Charles Tupper says that Sir Elbert Tupper and Mr. Peters will form a partnership and practise law in Victoria.

—To-night is the last chance to see the present splendid cinematographic showing of a winter change in snow. Considering the cost of admission, ten cents, nobody can afford to miss any of these beautiful and wonderful "pictures alive."

—At the last meeting of Perseverance Lodge, I.O.G.T., the delegates to the Grand Lodge presented their report; several new members were initiated, and "Truth," the lodge paper, edited by Mrs. L. Hall, was read. There were a number of interesting articles in the paper.

—In the case of Regina vs. Gordon, which was adjourned yesterday in the speedy trials court, Gordon was granted bail in the sum of \$1,000, \$500 on his own recognizance and two sureties of \$250 each. Up to the present time Gordon has been unable to secure the sureties.

—The Frawley Company closed their engagement last evening, presenting that successful comedy, "Christopher, Jr." All the parts were well cast, and the entertainment proved such as Victorians seldom have the pleasure of enjoying. Manager Jamieson should be encouraged to bring such attractions to Victoria.

—Captain Kelly went hunting yesterday, and after three successful shots with which he bagged three grouse, the fourth made him a subject for surgical attention. When he fired the fourth time the gun exploded, and two gaping holes were torn in his arm, one near the elbow and one just above the wrist. Captain Kelly bandaged his arm as well as he could and returned to his room at the New England, where Dr. Hall attended to his wounds. His arm was opened and pieces of steel removed; the usual time for his dinner, Captain Kelly marched down to the dining room with his arm in a sling, remarking as he sat down to the table that it would take more than a little thing like that to keep him away from his dinner.

—The pupils of the First Presbyterian church held their annual flower show in the school room of that church yesterday evening. On the 20th of April the children were all supplied by the Inver-tary nursery with plants, and these plants have been cared for since then by the children, and yesterday placed on exhibition. The prize winners were as follows: Geraniums, F. Woods, M. Blake, W. Petticrew; fuchsias, Mr. McKezie, Miss Wilson, Madge Wilson; chrysanthemums, M. Robertson; heliotropes, Hector Wilson; begonias, Miss Gill, W. Welch; bouquets, Lyle Moss, Walter Walker; honorable mention, C. Robertson. During the evening a musical programme was presented by the children aided by the Boys' Brigade of the Central church. Mr. John Meaton, superintendent of the Sunday school, occupied the chair. The St. Andrew's Presbyterian church children will hold their flower show on Saturday evening.

—Dr. Crompton has received a letter from his brother, who is on his way to the Klondike, dated at Fort Yukon on September 15th. Mr. T. Crompton left on the steamer Portland in July last, and went up the river on the steamer Hamilton, which vessel was unable to get any farther up than Fort Yukon, where Mr. Crompton and his partner left her. The other passengers all went back on her. He says that the news already sent down concerning the impending famine, which, like a Damoclean sword, hangs over the heads of the people of Dawson, has not been in any way exaggerated. The Alaska Commercial Company early in September made an attempt to get up with the smallest river steamers to warn the people of Dawson that they must fly to where there was food, for none could be brought to them. The steamer, however, was unable to get through the Devil's Teeth rapids, and one of the officials of the company went up in a canoe with six Indians to warn the people of the danger. He says that game is plentiful at Fort Yukon. The day prior to writing he shot five geese, seven ducks and saw innumerable moose tracks. The wages at Fort Yukon, which were \$10 a day, have now gone down to \$5 per day, on account of the influx of miners from the river. Hundreds were coming in daily from Creek City, Forty Mile and Dawson. At the time the letter was written none of the steamers were able to get past Fort Yukon, and some of them tried to land their passengers there. The miners, however, wanted to go to Dawson City or back to St. Michaels, and they refused to go ashore at Fort Yukon. Mr. Crompton tells of a snafu which occurred on the P. B. Weare when the officers of that steamer tried to put the passengers ashore there. They called a miners' meeting, and arranging themselves with picks and shovels fared the Weare's officers to take them back to St. Michaels. Mr. Crompton and his partner were, at the time of writing, arranging to go down on that steamer to the Minook diggings.

—We have another lot of lamb's wool, bucky robes and mats for children's carriages. Weller Bros.

# O.G. COUGH DROPS.

4 Ounces for 10 Cents. 40 Cents per Pound....

THEY ARE EFFECTUAL. TRY THEM.

## JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST.

N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

# SHIPS AND SHIPPING

### Barque Irvine Arrives from Macassar After a Very Rough Voyage.

### Washington & Alaska S. S. Co. Will Increase Their Fleet—Boscovitz In From the North.

The Walla Walla arrived at the outer wharf about 9:30 yesterday evening. She brought in all 148 passengers—99 saloon and 49 steerage—on her upward trip, of whom 30 saloon passengers and a few steerage were for Victoria. She had also 148 tons of general freight consigned to Victoria merchants. The steamer City of Poughkeepsie, of the same line, will sail for San Francisco at 8 o'clock this evening. She will carry a fair amount of freight and the following passengers from this city: Mrs. Beauchamp, Mrs. and Miss Buller, E. Seare, F. Ritchie, C. Deane, N. R. Horne and wife, Miss C. L. Brock, Miss A. Goodwin, Miss Smith, R. C. Bright, J. Semler, Hans Ricker, Mrs. J. and Miss M. Langrue, A. W. and Mrs. Loughhead, and George Powell.

The tug boat forced the Danish bark Irvine in from sea yesterday. The Irvine, Captain Ankerson, is in ballast from Macassar, and has had a rough voyage the whole way to this port. She encountered the typhoon which gave the Empress of India such a buffet, and since then she has been through storm after storm. Fortunately, neither storm nor typhoon damaged her, and she reached port without losing a stitch of canvas. She will be towed to the Fraser this evening by the Caesar, where she will load salmon on account of R. Ward & Co. for the United Kingdom.

The steamer Barbara Boscovitz arrived at the outer wharf about noon from the north. She brought about 7,000 cases of salmon, 6,000 from the Carlisle Canning Company and 1,000 from the Inverness Cannery. Most of the salmon was unloaded at Steveston, where the Boscovitz lay all day yesterday. She had but few passengers, those for Victoria being E. R. Clarke, W. Parks and Wm. Brewster.

The steamer Willamette has now been taken off the Alaskan route and dispatched south for a cargo of coal. The steamer Corona will make her first trip north in November, sailing from here November 7.

The Washington & Alaska Steamship Company, according to a statement made at the Tacoma office, will strengthen its Alaskan fleet by the addition of two fine steamers.

The steamer Maude is now due from Texada. While she was at Steveston one of her deck-hands, Peter Anderson, fell overboard and was drowned.

The tug Alert left this afternoon for Vesuvius Bay and Nanaimo to bring down a coal load of wood and a scow load of coal.

The C.P.R. bulletin says: The White Star liner Majestic arrived at New York at 4 p.m. yesterday.

The tug Lorne is lying above the bridge having her boilers blown down.

The mayor and fire wardens yesterday inspected the fire halls, and expressed themselves as much pleased with the condition of everything in connection with the department.

A meeting of Nova Scotians and others from the maritime provinces resident in this city is called for this evening at the Temperance Hall, to consider means of providing relief for the sufferers from the Windsor fire.

Mr. Henry R. Woods, representing the Union and Shaw-Saville Steamship companies, which intend to run steamers from London to Victoria and then to St. Michaels during the coming winter and spring, is making arrangements for the accommodation of the 2,000 men who are expected to arrive during January. Up on their arrival from London they will remain in Victoria for two or three days to purchase their outfits for the Klondike. It is for their accommodation during their stay here that arrangements are being made.

Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; E. S. Conroy, general manager of the Bank of Montreal; William Mackenzie, the Toronto capitalist, who recently acquired an interest in the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway charter; R. B. Angus, a director of the C.P.R.; E. A. Hamilton, of the C.P.R. land department; Winnipeg; George Mel, Brown, executive agent for the company in British Columbia; and Campbell Sweney, manager of the Bank of Montreal, Vancouver, arrived here last evening. The president of the C.P.R. and his party are on a tour of inspection, and have visited all parts of the province in which they are interested. The board of trade are this afternoon holding a meeting with Sir William to discuss the proposed steamship line to the north and other matters of interest to Victoria and the province generally.

You would do well to see Weller Bros' stock of table linens, napkins, towels, etc. They have a complete stock in that line.

# The Little Chaps

Who have dashed the odds and ends of their wardrobes during the summer months look forward to the beginning of winter for a new suit, new overcoat and new overcoat. We have looked forward, too, and are ready with as fine a variety of boys' apparel as any mother would wish to see; as for price, we can discount a last year's sale of boys' clothing.

Boys' Suits . . . \$1.85  
Boys' Reefer Coats . . . 1.65  
Boys' Cape Overcoats . . . 2.25

# Cameron,

The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

# TO BE NO EXEMPTION

### Duty Will Be Charged on Every Pound of Foreign Goods Going Into the Klondike.

### The Issuance of Miners' Licenses in British Columbia—Officers To Be Placed on Sticks.

That it is to the advantage of miners and others going to the Klondike to outfit and start from Victoria, has already been demonstrated. American miners, who have bought their goods in Seattle and other Sound cities, have written again and again to their friends in the United States, telling them to buy their goods on the Canadian side, if they wished to save a great deal of expense, as well as trouble. Many bought their goods in the United States, all in ignorance that Canadian officers were awaiting them at Tazish lake at the Canadian boundary, to whom they were forced to pay a duty of 30 per cent, on all their goods, save a hundred pounds of food and clothing, which were exempt. They were sorry when the wool, which had been dragged over their eyes by the Sound merchants, who, in the interest of their business, misrepresented facts, had been lifted and they fully understood the situation. Every downward steamer for the past month has brought down over a hundred of these men, and, to a man, they say that they will profit by their experience of this season, and when they return in the spring they will buy their goods on the Canadian side.

If it was advisable to do so during this season it will be even more advisable to do so in the spring, for word has just been received by Collector of Customs A. R. Milne that soon the exemption will cease, and the hundred pounds of food and clothes which this season was admitted free will also be dutiable. Collector Milne has been very energetic in pushing this matter forward and his recommendations have all been placed before the government by the minister of customs. They have dealt with it promptly, and in the letter received by the collector from the minister of customs that gentleman says that the matter is practically settled, and virtually all that now remains is to set the date when the exemption shall cease and the Canadian tariff be charged in full on all goods going into the country.

Another matter which the collector submitted to the government is the issuance of miners' licenses in British Columbia. This is also being considered and will in all probability be settled within a few days.

Recognizing the importance of customs stations on the new routes leading to the gold lands, arrangements are now being made for placing competent customs officials both at Glenora and Telegraph creek. The inspector of this station cannot be over estimated, for it is safe to say that the greater portion of miners going into the Klondike in the spring will go in by the Sticks and Lake Teslin route, passing through Glenora or Telegraph creek.

Those also who go by way of St. Michaels will be met at the boundary near Dawson by officers of the Canadian Northwest Mounted Police, and unless their outfits and goods have been bought in Victoria or some other Canadian city, they will be forced to pay duty according to the Canadian tariff on all their goods.

Mr. A. Borde, collector of water rates for the city, was married at St. Andrew's R.C. Cathedral last evening to Miss L. Lesonia, daughter of Mr. Felix Lesonia. Rev. Father Nicolare officiated. The bride was attended by Miss Baines, while Mr. H. Borde supported his brother. After the wedding supper, which was served at the residence of Mr. M. J. Conlin, Mr. and Mrs. Borde left for Vancouver and the mainland cities, where they will spend their honeymoon. They were the recipients of many costly and handsome presents.

The Chaghnawaga Indians have caught the Klondike gold fever. They desire to make the announcement that they are available as packers, porters, cooks or boatmen for parties or expeditions to the gold fields. They point to their experience on the Nile and other places as evidence of their capabilities and experience, and would like to hear from those desiring their services at the earliest possible moment. Fifty of the braves are in a position to enlist. Chief Wainente E. Jocks is chairman of the Klondike committee. Fifty Indians are willing to go.—Montreal Star.

Still another case of woolens to hand. These are from the well known firm of Mann, Eyrars & Co., of Glasgow, and comprise Scotch Tweeds, Serges, Worsted and Overcoatings. Our lines, which are now full, we invite you to call and examine. Walter D. Kinnaird, the cash tailor, 46 Johnson street.

EVERY PAIR A NUGGET.

OUR STRICTLY UP-TO-DATE, RELIABLE, POPULAR PRICED

# SHOES.

MOCCASINS, RUBBER SHEETS, ETC.

A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

FOR

# SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Wharf St.

Our Stock of Fall and Winter Goods is Now Complete.

# FULL LINES

OF

## Tweeds, Nobby Overcoatings, Fashionable Trouserings, Serges and Worstedes.

Newest Patterns and Weaves.

### A. GREGG & SON,

Tailors, Yates Street.

# SHEFFIELD CUTLERY.

Razors, Pocket and Sporting Knives, Table Cutlery, Scissors and Shears. Guaranteed best make. A fine line of Mineral Glasses and Compasses just received at

78 GOVERNMENT STREET. **FOX'S**

DISINHERITED HIS SONS.

The Late G. M. Pullman's Will Creates a Surprise.

New York, Oct. 21.—A Chicago dispatch to the afternoon papers says: Without meaning to, Geo. M. Pullman, the dead palace car magnate, disinherited his twin sons, George M. J. and Sanger. They will receive none of the millions he is reputed to have left. Their own conduct is responsible for the display of paternal displeasure. Such is the story which obtains here to-day.

The Pullman twins are about 25 years old and have seen more of the world than their father had at the same age. In fact they lived so rapidly that they often called down on themselves severe words of reproach. Ten days before his death Mr. Pullman grew indignant over some acts of his sons which raised his ire to a much higher point than usual, and announced that he would make another will in which the bequests of the boys should not appear. He was as good as his word, but, no doubt, when he made the will he had no thought of dying for years and was sure he could change his mind whenever he wished. But death came too quickly.

Will papers in a large variety of designs and colorings just received by Weller Bros.

Our goods are new and of the very latest designs. The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

**NOLTE**

GLASSES ADJUSTED, 37, EYES TESTED FREE.

FORT ST.

**TO LET**

10 roomed house, Pandora St., \$15.  
7 roomed house and stable, Victoria West, \$18.  
6 roomed house, Mary St., \$12.  
5 roomed house, 1/2 acre land, Oak Bay Avenue, \$14.  
6 roomed house, cor. Boyd and Strick, \$16.  
6 roomed house, Randall St., \$8.  
6 roomed house, Jessie St., \$10.  
8 roomed house, Dallas Road, \$12.  
7 roomed house, Oak Bay Ave., \$8.  
Houses for sale and to let in all parts of the city.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE PRICE OF CLOCKS AND WATCHES HAVING BEEN ADVANCED 25 PER CENT, NO ADVANCE WILL BE MADE BY US ON FORMER PRICES UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

S. A. STODDART,  
DIRECT IMPORTERS, 68 YATES ST.

H. KURTH,  
Brewer and Bottler of BEER, ALE AND STOUT

Try our Milwaukee Lager.

138 FORT STREET, Victoria, B.C.  
P.O. BOX 105

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

## Miners' Outfits

A SPECIALTY.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pound Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday next, the 28th instant, at the city pound, situated on Chambers street in the city of Victoria, at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., I shall sell by public auction one dark bay STALLION, brand Z, on the left side, and one light gray HORSE, unless said animals respectively are redeemed and the pound charges thereon paid on or before the hour of sale.

F. CURRAN,  
Poundkeeper.

GEO. D. SCOTT,  
Miner, Insurance, Finance

Private Funds to Loan.  
B.C. Marine Insurance & Lloyds Life.

DEAUMONT BOGGS & CO., 28 BROAD STREET



British Columbia.

VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, Oct. 20.—Sir William Van Horne, president of the C.P.R., was interviewed here yesterday by deputations from the board of trade and city council...

NEW WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, Oct. 20.—A heavy wind and rain storm visited this city on Monday night, continuing the best part of Tuesday...

Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock Mr. George H. Gregory and Mrs. Lucas were married in Holy Trinity Cathedral...

The mayor and city clerk have presented to each of the aldermen photographic fac similes of the addresses presented to Her Majesty on the occasion of the diamond jubilee...

Besides the lot going by the steamer Tekoa, Messrs. A. G. Macfarlane & Co. are shipping 7,000 cases by the Jointhe from the Provincial Canning Co...

NELSON.

Nelson, Oct. 17.—It was thought that the fight between the Hall Mines company and the Nelson Electric Light Company had been settled with the transfer of a good sized check given by the Hall Mines Company to the latter...

W. H. Graham, proprietor of the Nelson News store, made an assignment yesterday to H. G. Neeld for the benefit of his creditors...

The Vancouver Hardware Company has secured a store in the Mara block, and this week will open a large hardware business...

ROSSLAND.

The ore shipments for the past eight days aggregate 1,623 tons, which brings the total shipments from this camp from January 1 to 60,045 tons...

KAMLOOPS.

Premier Turner arrived in town last evening from Vernon. He was met at the station by G. W. Savel and J. T. Robinson, who escorted him to the Grand Pacific hotel...

Frank Allingham is down from Hollis Pass for the winter. Mr. Allingham states that the season was exceptionally dry...

work that should have been done years ago. As it is a lot of money and labor has been wasted...

MINES AND MINING.

The Subject Discussed by Lieut-Governor MacIntosh.

The future of Rossland, the Klondike camp, and the prospects of the Northwest Territories, were subjects which Lieut-Governor MacIntosh discussed with a Record reporter to-day...

In reply to the first question, what was his opinion regarding the future of Rossland and the East and West Kootenay, the governor replied:

"Well, I have written and spoken it hundreds of times since 1892. And I am glad to feel convinced that British capitalists who wasted millions of pounds in South Africa and Australia, are awakening to the practical resources of British Columbia...

"Those who own mines and have not sufficient capital to develop them must be reasonable in their demands. The one obstacle that confronted me during my recent visit to England, was this question: You say that there are magnificent mines in British Columbia...

"I was glad to be able to say from cables received that every man and practical miner expressed a perfect willingness to accept a portion of the purchase price in shares issued by a legitimate company...

"You will understand that there are no depreciated shares issued in Great Britain. They are put on the market at par value and paid for at par...

"For instance, the Lake View mines in Australia were put upon the market at \$5 per share. They are now quoted and dealt in at \$47 per share...

"My hope is that within a short time, provided reasonable agreements can be made with the owners of properties in Rossland district as well as East Kootenay and Boundary country, that a marvellous development will be recorded...

"What about the wheat crop in your section of the country?" "The crop in Manitoba, N.W.T., is what will prove a reserve of six or seven million in excess of last year's crop...

"Personally, as you ask me, I must candidly say that any man undertaking to reach the Klondike between now and March, is likely to experience great tribulations. However, when the gold craze influences men they are not likely to heed advice...

"Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. F. E. Ordway, of Grand Mine, Cal., has to say on the subject. I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war, and have tried all kinds of medicines for it...

Treat your wife, says a philosopher, as you fancy you would have treated the first girl you ever loved, who married—not you, but the other man—Boston Herald.

That head, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

TWO SLOCAN DIVIDENDS.

Whitewater Mine Pays \$24,000 and the Slocan Star \$50,000.

Kaslo, B. C., Oct. 18.—The largest dividend in the history of the Whitewater mine was declared last Wednesday. The amount was \$24,000, and makes a total to date of \$94,000...

The announcement has just been made that the Slocan Star declared a dividend in September of \$50,000. This brings the dividends of the Slocan Star Company up to \$400,000...

A WONDERFUL LINIMENT.

Marie Liniment penetrates muscle, membrane and tissue to every bone, relieves pains and aches with a power impossible to describe...

CROW'S NEST PASS COAL FIELDS.

Completion of the Railway Will Open Up Valuable Deposits.

Last week the prospecting party which left Fort Steele in the first week of September for the Crow's Nest Pass coal fields in south East Kootenay returned to Fort Steele, says the East Kootenay Miner...

The party proceeded right through the Crow's Nest Pass as far as Leitchbridge, in Alberta, in order to ascertain what progress the railway was making in its construction...

By the middle of November there will be railway communication within 30 miles of where the mining operations will be carried on. The starting point of the railway is Leitchbridge, and from there to the Crow's Nest lake—a distance of 75 miles—the railway will be completed by that time...

The prospecting party, after obtaining the information as to the progress of construction, returned through the pass. Various coal seams in Martin creek, Michael creek and east creek were examined...

The creek is a tributary of the Elk river and the seam upon which work is now proceeding is 12 feet down in the creek and runs up the side of the mountain...

By the middle of November there will be railway communication within 30 miles of where the mining operations will be carried on. The starting point of the railway is Leitchbridge, and from there to the Crow's Nest lake—a distance of 75 miles—the railway will be completed by that time...

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MARVELLOUS WORK.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures a Bad Case of Inflammatory Rheumatism.

Hope, cheer and comfort for all agonizing rheumatic sufferers! If the medicine you are now using is not giving you health-giving results, we ask you to give nature's health-restorer a trial. Paine's Celery Compound will certainly meet your troubles and will banish every pain...

"This is to certify that my wife suffered severely for two years with inflammatory rheumatism, and after using one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound she is able to attend to her ordinary work, and feels completely restored to her former health."

MOVEMENT OF THE NEW COMET.

Lick Observatory (via San Jose), Cal., Oct. 20.—The following elements of the orbit of Perrine's new comet were computed at the Lick Observatory by Astronomers Hussey and Aitken from Mount Hamilton observatory observations of October 16, 17 and 18, 1897...

At the intervening time its brightness will remain nearly constant. During the remainder of the month the stranger will be in the constellation of Cepheus and continue moving northward until near the end of the month, at which time it will be about 7 degrees from the polestar; its course will then turn southward. The orbit bears no resemblance to that of any comet.

Ayer's Hair Vigor, which has outlived and superseded hundreds of similar preparations, is undoubtedly the most fashionable as well as economical hair-dressing in the market. By its use the poorest head of hair soon becomes luxuriant and beautiful.



THE MONOPOLISTS SHRIELED.

London, Oct. 20.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Johannesburg, referring to the report of the sub-committee of the Volksraad recommending a reduction of duty to the amount of 10 shillings per case of dynamite and large reductions in the railroad tariff on mining requirements, says the experts do not believe that these concessions would lead to the reopening of a single mine on the Rand, for the recommendation, if carried out, would virtually leave the dynamite monopoly intact...

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS MEET.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—The tenth annual convention of the grand lodge of the international auxiliary to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will be held in this city Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the 300 delegates who will come from every state in the union and from Mexico and Canada are being made by the local representatives of the order under the direction of W. A. Muebeck, grand president. In addition to the delegates, it is expected that men prominent in the order of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will be here, among whom will be the president, P. M. Artger.

A NIGHT-OF PAIN.

After you have spent a night of pain, unable to sleep on account of toothache, one should think you would be sure to keep some "Quickcure" on hand in case it happened again. "Quickcure" is the quickest, surest and safest cure for toothache or any pain. All pain proceeds from irritation or inflammation; "Quickcure" soothes and reduces inflammation at once.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Graded.

Table listing market prices for various goods: Oatmeal, Flour, Sugar, etc.

DO YOU READ IT?

Do you read it? Do you read it? Do you read it?

ALL THE NEWS.

Address: Times P. & P. Co., W. Templeman, Mgr.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

Victoria Loan Office.

43 JOHNSON ST.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On any approved security business strictly confidential.

Private entrance, Oriental Alley, F. LANDEBERG, Proprietor, P. O. Box 508.

Advertisement for Castoria, featuring the signature of Dr. J. C. Fitch and the text 'SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CASTORIA IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA'.

Large advertisement for Times P. & P. Co., featuring the headline 'Do You Read It?' and 'All the News.' It includes a list of products and prices, and contact information for W. Templeman, Mgr.

