

# The Enterprise.

VOL. 3.

BADEN, SAN MATEO CO., CAL., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1897.

NO. 1.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE

NORTH.	
6:25 A. M. Daily.	
7:50 A. M. Daily except Sunday.	
9:15 A. M. Daily.	
10:40 P. M. Daily.	
12:10 P. M. Daily.	
6:55 P. M. Daily.	

SOUTH.	
7:25 A. M. Daily.	
12:15 P. M. Daily.	
1:40 P. M. Daily.	
3:05 P. M. Daily except Sunday.	
4:30 P. M. Daily.	
6:00 P. M. Sundays Only.	
7:25 P. M. Daily.	
8:50 P. M. Saturdays Only.	

## S. F. and S. M. Electric R. R.

TIME TABLE FOR BADEN LINE.	
Leaving Time from Holy Cross.	Leaving Time from Baden Station.
8:10 A. M.	9:02 A. M.
9:10 " "	10:00 " "
10:10 " "	11:00 " "
11:10 " "	12:00 P. M.
12:10 P. M.	1:00 " "
1:10 " "	2:20 " "
2:10 " "	3:00 " "
3:10 " "	4:20 " "
4:10 " "	5:00 " "
5:10 " "	5:40 " "
6:10 " "	6:00 " "

## STR. CAROLINE.....CAPT. LEALE

**TIME CARD.**  
 Steamer leaves Jackson St. Wharf, San Francisco, for what is called the South San Francisco coast, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 P. M.  
 Returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, carrying freight and passengers both ways.

## POST OFFICE.

Postoffice open from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Money order office open 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

## MAILS ARRIVE.

From the North.....	9:40	3:10
South.....	10:20	3:50

## MAIL CLOSES.

No. 5 South.....	9:10 a. m.
No. 14 North.....	9:40 a. m.
No. 13 South.....	2:40 p. m.
No. 6 North.....	3:05 p. m.

## CHURCH NOTICES.

Episcopal services will be held by the Rev. Geo. Wallace every Sunday, in Grace Church, Morning Services at 11 a. m. two Sundays in each month, and Evening Services at 7:30 p. m. two Sundays in each month, alternating. See local column. Sunday School at 3:15 p. m. Regular Choir practice every Friday evening at 7:45 p. m.

## MEETINGS.

Hose Company No. 1 will meet every Friday at 7:30 p. m. at the Court room.

## Lodge San Mateo No. 7, Journeymen Butchers' Protective and Benevolent Association, will meet every Tuesday at 8 p. m., at Brewery Hall.

## DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

JUDGE SUPERIOR COURT	
Hon. G. H. Buck.....	Redwood City
TREASURER	
P. P. Chamberlain.....	Redwood City
TAX COLLECTOR	
F. M. Granger.....	Redwood City
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	
H. W. Walker.....	Redwood City
ASSESSOR	
C. D. Hayward.....	Redwood City
COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER	
J. F. Johnston.....	Redwood City
SHERIFF	
Wm. P. McEvoy.....	Redwood City
AUDITOR	
Baker.....	Redwood City
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS	
Miss Ella M. Tilton.....	Redwood City
CORNER AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR	
Jas. Crowe.....	Redwood City
SURVEYOR	
W. B. Gilbert.....	Redwood City

## EPITOME OF RECORDS.

Deeds and Mortgages Filed in the Recorder's Office the Past Week.	
DEEDS.	
James Hayden et al to Margaret A. Hayden, lot 3, block 196, Abbey Homestead.	\$10
Martin Kelly to L. N. Rocktrass, 22 acres.	10
Charles Mills and wife to Geo. F. G. Crest lot in Spanishtown.	10
August Besson to J. Newman, lots 21 and 24, block 3, Garden Valley Land Ass'n.	10
F. Elliott and wife to G. W. Dent, lot 2, block 3, schoolhouse Land Ass'n.	10
P. B. Nagle and James L. Nagle to Georgiana D. Millet, lot 2, block 22, City Extension Homestead.	100
MORTGAGES.	
Gottlieb Furrer to Banca Svizzera Americana, subdivisions 36 and 38, Millbrae Villa Tract.	\$3000
John Claffey and wife to Humboldt Savings and Loan Society, 569.35 acres.	1000
Benjamin F. Hurbit and wife to William J. Gunn, lots 62 and 63, Wellesley Park.	3300
Martin M. Millet and wife to Michael Millet, lot 2, block 22, City Extension Homestead.	100
Fred. M. Gibson to Lulu P. Gibson, 30 acres.	1000

The 10-stamp mill for the Innes mine, Mokelumne Hill, which is in process of erection, will be ready to run in about a week. The shaft has now reached a depth of 65 feet and the lead in the bottom shows up well. A tunnel has also been driven in on the lead for 150 feet and it is the intention to work the mine through both shaft and tunnel.

A dispatch received at San Francisco from Prospero Morales, leader of the insurgents in Guatemala, says that the insurgents have recaptured Quezaltenango and the port of Ocos. This disproves the dispatches sent to officials at Washington to the effect that the revolution had been suppressed, and it is now believed that the government will be thrown.

## ALONG THE COAST.

**Interesting Occurrences From all Over the Coast.**

## NEWS OF THE WEEK CONDENSED.

**A Number of Miscellaneous Jottings Briefly and Curtly Told in This Column.**

Randsburg is to organize a board of trade.  
 The Randsburg Bank has opened its doors for business.  
 The people of Azusa are fighting the granting of a saloon license in their midst.  
 The Alamitos sugar factory is to be connected with a sewer system to the ocean.  
 J. R. Moles has been selected manager of the Pomona Fruit Exchange for the ensuing season.  
 J. C. Davis, a barber of Bakersfield, was shot and killed near his home recently by an unknown man.  
 Santa Barbara is organizing for charitable relief during the coming winter, upon non-sectarian lines.  
 San Pedro is to revise its saloon license ordinance, so as to permit the employment of women musicians.  
 Long Beach may under its new incorporation permit the existence of one saloon under an exceptionally high license.  
 Pomona speculators are preparing to send several well-equipped gold hunting expeditions into the Yukon country.  
 The San Diego Brewing company is to add to its bonded debt to the amount of \$100,000. The money will be used in improving the plant.  
 The Masonic Grand Lodge of California now has on hand \$23,700 for building the Widow and Orphan's home at Decota, Alameda county.  
 Three efforts were made by a Stockton incendiary to fire the Pioneer hall in that city. Furniture in the building was damaged to the extent of \$400.  
 The conduct of Mrs. Miller, a San Pedro public school teacher, is to be officially investigated. She inflicted corporal punishment upon 3-year-old Dina Gardner.  
 Rev. Wm. Jones of the Universalist church at Pasadena, has made an attack on gift schemes in conjunction with trade. He calls the drawings lotteries which corrupt the young.  
 Mrs. Isabelle Williams, of San Francisco, who threw red pepper into her husband's eyes in a fit of jealousy, was convicted of simple assault and fined \$120, which her husband paid.  
 A shipment of valuable turquoise was made by express from San Francisco. The gems came from Southern New Mexico, but the location of the mines is a carefully guarded secret.  
 Brooks & Co., extensive raisin packers, who have packing houses at Selma, Traner, Bakersville and Riverside, Cal., have been forced to suspend by selling short early in the season.  
 Judge Mahon of Bakersfield sentenced L. A. Scott to serve ten years in San Quentin for killing Charles Richards at Randsburg a year ago. In his second trial he was convicted of manslaughter.  
 Redondo is to have a new industry in the form of a salt-manufacturing plant. By a strange coincidence the town water supply is obtained right by the briny lake from which the salt will be manufactured.  
 An accident occurred at the Government rock quarry at Bandon, Oregon, in which James H. McEvoy was killed and several others narrowly escaped with their lives. A big rock was being lifted by a derrick, when the chain holding it became loosened, and the rock fell.  
 Edward O'Neill, associate professor of chemistry at the University of California, in a lecture to the students declared there was basis for the belief in the possibility of making gold from silver, and the ultimate solution of the problem was an achievement science expects.  
 Proprietors of the Sierra Railway, a road running into Tuolumne county, have purchased controlling interests in several stage lines, one of the lines running into Yosemite valley. They will run this latter line from the terminal of their road, Jamestown, where they will build a \$30,000 hotel.  
 The steamship Elder has sailed for Dyea an Skaguay from Portland, Oregon, with twenty-five passengers, 150,000 feet of lumber, about 300 tons of merchandise and 200 tons of coal for the Treadwell mine. The Elder will hereafter carry the United States mail, and a large quantity was dispatched on her.  
 The steamer Alameda, which arrived at San Francisco from Sydney, via Honolulu, brought \$2,250,000 in English sovereigns from Australia as a part of the balance of trade, which is the second largest shipment of gold received here within the past thirty days. The money was deposited at the Mint.

## TELEGRAPHIC RESUME.

**Things That Have Happened all Over the Country**

## MENTIONED IN THESE PARAGRAPHS.

**Selections That Will Greatly Interest Our Readers Both Old and Young.**

The question of opening the strip 60 feet wide from Yuma to Nogales is still open, as part of the land will fall to Mexico.  
 A new syndicate of New York men has been organized to bid on the Union Pacific in opposition to the Huntington-Gould combination.  
 W. G. Hitchook & Co., of New York, one of the largest dealers in silk, have assigned. Their liabilities will exceed a million dollars.  
 The executive officers of Western roads have adjourned their meeting at Chicago and given up the attempt to restore freight rates.  
 The Ute Indians are pouring over the line from Utah to Colorado in great numbers to kill deer, and the settlers threaten to drive them out.  
 Seventy-four wooden buildings, filled with tobacco, and eight dwelling houses at Durham, N. C., have been destroyed by fire with a loss of \$250,000.  
 Adam Huffman, a large landowner, living near Broomfield, Ind., was choked to death by two masked men because he would not give up his money.  
 The Supreme Court of Iowa has decided that certificates in fraternal insurance orders, like the Ancient Order of United Workmen, cannot be assigned.  
 The Chicago Record is making a grand fight toward the establishment of Postal Savings banks. The sentiment of the masses of the people is with the Record.  
 Santa Fe road capitalists are looking into New Mexico's possibilities in sugar beet production and will probably establish a sugar factory at some point in the central Rio Grande valley.  
 Maud G. Bagley, a clerk in the general land office at Washington, D. C., committed suicide by jumping off Cabin John's bridge, six miles west of the city, which spans a ravine 125 feet deep.  
 The Chicago Athletic Football association team will probably make a western tour this winter, with games scheduled with the Butte, Denver, Stanford, Berkeley, Reliance and Los Angeles teams.  
 Attorney-General Boyle, of Kansas, has commenced proceedings to secure a forfeiture of the charter of the Kansas City Stock Yards Company, because the company maintains its general offices in Missouri.  
 Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn is making a tour of inspection of military posts in the West, and will visit the headquarters of the military departments of Dakota, the Columbia, California and Texas.  
 The Terre Haute, Ind., Electric Street Railway Company has gone into the hands of a receiver because of inability to pay delinquent taxes amounting to \$5,000. Russell B. Harrison is president of the company.  
 Patrick Callopy and Henry Haight, employes, were burned to death in a fire recently that destroyed an old three-story brick structure on Broadway, in New York, opposite the big Washington store. The loss was \$50,000.  
 The yellow fever situation at New Orleans continues to fluctuate, the number of cases increasing and decreasing at intervals of two or three days. There are little prospects of cold weather drying the present month.  
 The statistician of the Inter-State Commerce Commission at Washington reports that over thirteen billion passengers were carried one mile by the railways last year. The total mileage was 182,776,000. A hundred and eighty passengers and 1,861 employes were killed.  
 Herbert Mulherren, of St. Louis, Mo., has invented an engine weighing but 300 pounds, which will furnish four and a half horse-power and run ten hours on five gallons of gasoline. Horseless wagons equipped with horse engines will be put in use by all the St. Louis brewers.  
 The entire Pullman estate is said to be valued at \$25,000,000. It is intimated that the portion of the estate set aside for his twin sons, George M. and W. Sanger Pullman, was left in trust, allowing them an annuity and making provision for absolute bequest upon the fulfillment of conditions named in the will.  
 A New York Central train loaded with passengers plunged into the Hudson river near Garrison's, N. Y., carrying 28 persons down to death, while many others were injured. The accident at the point mentioned had been undetermined by the action of the water, and this caused the track to give way under the weight of the train.

## NEWS NOTES.

Gov. Pingree of Michigan has taken steps to enforce the State law requiring railroads to sell 1000 mile tickets for \$30.  
 Members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Visalia are discussing the advisability of building a new church.  
 It is stated in the yearly statistical abstract by the United States Government that the population of the country in 1896 was 71,263,000.  
 Andrew Hasche, aged 19, died recently in New York in the Astoria hospital as the result of a broken neck received in a football game.  
 The Fowler Bicycle Company of Chicago, has assigned, with liabilities of \$500,000, and assets much less. The concern employed 500 men.  
 The Farmers' Institute, announced to be held at Kingsburg on October 28th, has been postponed to an indefinite date, as farmers are too busy just now to attend institutes.  
 New York's pneumatic mail system has been given an official test and proved eminently satisfactory. The carrier, weighing twelve pounds, were set at the rate of a mile in thirty seconds.  
 Alexander de Soto, a lineal descendant of the explorer, will head an expedition, under the auspices of the New York Bowery Mission, to carry the Gospel into the Klondike mining regions.  
 Hon. John M. Kasson, of Iowa, has been chosen by President McKinley to have charge of negotiations with foreign countries in matters of reciprocity, especially affecting international commerce.  
 Fire broke out in the warehouse in the rear of Cooper, Ulrey & Co's store, in Kings City, and the whole building and most of the stock of merchandise were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$8000.  
 Mrs. Jennie Campbell has been arrested under the new compulsory education law at Indianapolis, charged with failure to keep her son William in school. It is expected that the case will go to the Supreme Court, and thus test the constitutionality of the law.  
 Plans contemplating the investment of from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 by Eastern capitalists in sugar factories and refineries have been consummated at Denver, Colo., and an agreement signed by 100 farmers, pledging themselves to the cultivation of 1000 acres of sugar beets.  
 The Capps family, residing in Illinois, Springfield, Riverton, Vandalia and Mount Pulaski, Ill., have just come into an inheritance of between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000 through the death of a brother named Thomas Capps, in London, on September 19. He was 90 years old.  
 Commissioner Hermann of the General Land Office has decided that the locator of mining claims on the Colville Indian reservation in the State of Washington has the right to cut only such timber on his claim as may be necessary in the ordinary working of his mining claim.  
 Preliminary steps have been taken to form a colossal combine of sewer pipe and terra cotta ware manufacturers of the United States, with a capital of \$11,000,000 to be controlled by Eastern capitalists. At a secret meeting at Pittsburgh, Pa., nineteen manufacturers signed the agreement.  
 The Postoffice Department has modified the order of September 3d as to steamboat mail service from Seattle, Wash., to Dyea, Alaska, to accommodate Klondike traffic, so as to permit the Postmaster at Seattle to dispatch the mail to Fattelton twice a month from about September 5, 1897, to June 30, 1898, instead of one trip only.

## J. L. WOOD,

**Carpenter and General Jobbing Work.**

Estimates Made, Plans Drawn.

Orders Solicited.

## FRANK MINER,

**Contractor FOR Grading and Teaming-work**

OF ALL KINDS.

No. 1 Crushed Rock for Roadways, Sidewalks and Concrete. Shells for Sidewalks. Sand for plastering. Sand and Gravel for Concrete.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Office and Stables, Lux Avenue, South San Francisco, Cal.

## The People's Store

**GRAND AVE., near Postoffice, BADEN, CAL.**

This is the Only Store

in San Mateo County that

**SELLS**

Dry Goods and Fancy Goods; Boots and Shoes; Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Crockery and Agate Ware; Hats and Caps.

**AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.**

Give Us a Call and be Convinced.

**M. F. HEALEY,**

Hay, Grain and Feed. ++ ++

Wood and Coal. ++ ++ ++

**ALL KINDS OF TEAMING.**

Moderate Charges. Prompt Service.

**LINDEN AVENUE,**

Between Armour and Juniper; Avenues

Leave Orders at Postoffice.

## I. GOLDTREE & CO.,

**Commission Brokers,**

(Casserley's Seven-Mile House,)

**SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL.**

Commissions executed on all events on the Eastern and Western Race Tracks by direct telegraphic communication.

## PIONEER GROCERY

**GEORGE KNEESE**

**Groceries, and Merchandise, Generally.**

## BAKERY.

**Choice Canned Goods. Smoked Meats.**

**FAMILY WINES AND LIQUORS.**

My stock is extra choice and my prices are less than city prices.

My Order Agent and Delivery Wagons visit parts of South San Francisco and the country adjacent daily. All orders promptly filled.

**GEO. KNEESE,**

206 GRAND AVENUE.

## J. EIKERENKOTTER & CO.

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE.**

**GROCERIES, HARDWARE,**

**BOOTS & SHOES**

**CROCKERY,**

**MEN'S CLOTHING**

**ETC., ETC., ETC.**

**::: Free Delivery. :::**

Our wagons will deliver goods to the surrounding country free of charge. We are prepared to fill the largest orders.

**Drugs and Medicines. Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.**

## J. EIKERENKOTTER & CO.

Corner Grand ..... San Mateo Ave



**THE WORRY OF IT.**

The world has come to know that the muscles have much to do with the health of the system, and the era of athletics has so developed them that the whole man is a stronger being than in former years. But the worry of it all is that the muscles are of the flesh, fleshy. A little twist, or slip, or jerk—these happen in all work—and then a sprain, sprains disable and are costly in time and money, but not if St. Jacobs Oil is used, for it cures surely and promptly and the worry of it is over.

Secretary Gage has overruled Attorney-General McKenna's construction of the discriminating clause in the new tariff schedules, and the duty of ten per cent charged against goods coming into the United States from foreign countries through Canada or Mexico, is to be collected.

**HOW'S THIS?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

We call attention to our readers that the Pacific Coast Jockey Club begins its Winter Season of Running Races at Ingleside Track on November 1st. Those visiting San Francisco who desire to be entertained can find ample amusement at this beautiful resort. The grounds and buildings have been greatly improved and are equal, if not superior, to any in the United States.

**IT'S NOT EXPENSIVE.**

It's the quality that's high in TEA GARDEN DRIPS, TOBACCO MAPLE SYRUP and PELICAN LOUISIANA MOLASSES. For sale by first-class grocers in cans only. Money refunded if goods are not satisfactory. Don't accept an imitation. See that the manufacturer's name is lithographed on every can. THE PACIFIC COAST SYRUP CO.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures. — George W. Lotz, Publisher, L. A., August 26, 1895.

Try Schilling's Best tea and baking powder.

**PACIFIC COAST JOCKEY CLUB. INGLESIDE RACE TRACK. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.**

Five or more Running Races daily, rain or shine, from Nov. 1st to Nov. 18th, inclusive.

**CHILDREN TEETHING.** Mrs. WINDSOR'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, relieves the gums, always kills pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. It is the best of all.

**BASE BALL GOODS. Special Rates TO CLUBS.**

We carry the most complete line of Gymnasium and Athletic Goods on the Coast. SUITS AND UNIFORMS MADE TO ORDER. Send for Our Athletic Catalogue. WILL & FINCK CO., 515-520 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

**COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.**

Resumed July 20th and reports the biggest September trade experienced during the past ten years. Customers appreciate the "Good Old Columbus" more than ever, and all agree that the work turned out since the resumption is more than up to the old standard. A. G. & J. Q. Glenn, 213-215 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal., have been appointed Pacific Coast Agents, and have received several cartloads of the latest styles. GLENN BROS. are also Coast Agents for several other large factories and carry the most complete stock of vehicles on the Coast with prices and styles to suit every one.

**THE OLD STORY OF LOVE AND LIFE!**

AS TOLD IN THE NEW BOOK, "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Thousands of happy men pronounce this work the means of their physical salvation. It gives the latest scientific facts concerning marriage. It describes the only known method of attaining fullest natural manly vigor. It points out Home Treatment for all excesses and sexual disarrangements. It shows how to cure nervousness, hopelessness, despondency. "ONE COPY OF 'COMPLETE MANHOOD' AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT" sent to the address of any sincere inquirer, by the Erie Medical Company, 65 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Friend—I've just been reading your little volume of fugitive verses. Author—Why do you call them "fugitive verses"? Friend—They escaped from your pen, didn't they?

**\$200.00** says "Look at me." Money-back says "Try me."

Schilling's Best baking powder and tea are because they are money-back.

What is the missing word?—not SAFE, although Schilling's Best baking powder and tea are safe.

Get Schilling's Best baking powder or tea at your grocers'; take out the ticket (brown ticket in every package of baking powder; yellow ticket in the tea); send a ticket with each word to address below before December 31st. Until October 15th two words allowed for every ticket; after that only one word for every ticket.

If only one person finds the word, that person gets \$200.00; if several find it, \$200.00 will be equally divided among them. Every one sending a brown or yellow ticket will receive a set of cardboard creeping babies at the end of the contest. Those sending three or more in one envelope will receive an 1898 pocket calendar—no advertising on it. These creeping babies and pocket calendars will be different from the ones offered in the last contest.

Better cut these rules out. Address: MONEY-BACK, SAN FRANCISCO.

**LIFE IN MEXICO.**

**Housekeeping Under Difficulties—How Clothes Are Washed—The Cook's Domain.**

An American woman would grow gray headed in a month if she attempted to keep house in Mexico on the same plan pursued by the native housewives. There are no water mains in the average town, and water for domestic purposes is drawn from the public fountains and sold from door to door by leather aproned vendors, who carry it in picturesque vessels of hide or pottery. Pulque and milk are brought to market in skins of sheep, pigs and goats, which are stripped off the animal carcass by cutting only the neck and legs and turned inside out, all the openings but one being tied up securely. The natives do not object to the flavor of goat hide and swineskin in the milk, but visitors do.

The washerwomen have no faith in modern methods. They get 25 cents a day and are satisfied. This sounds improbable to the Chicagoan, who is being "done up" by his laundress and has to endure it. The washerwomen all do their work beside an open stream of water in a trough of stone or wood, beating the articles with a round stone, a piece of homemade soap and their strong hat's. No hot water is used. The scene at the public washhouses is an interesting one. The method breaks buttons, bends buckles and tears goods with the same ease as does a steam laundry in the States.

The average Mexican cook is as primitive as the washerwoman. No matter how many times the use of a modern cook stove were explained to her, it is probable that she would build the fire in the oven and put the bread to bake in the fire box. What she would use is called the brasero. Among the poor this is an urn shaped affair of pottery with a hollow base, where a tiny charcoal fire may be kept alive by constant fanning, the whole being not much larger than a common flowerpot. In the homes of the upper classes the brasero is built in of brick, mortar and piles, its surface as high as an American cook stove, with holes a foot square, under each of which a charcoal fire is kept burning. Some of these stoves have 25 or 30 ovens, and the operation of cooking is as laborious that the cook has a relay of assistants to prepare the vegetables, wash the dishes and attend the fire.—Chicago Journal.

**The Barrier.** "Say," said Weary as he looked up from the clover in the fence corner. "How do they get at the gold up ther in Alaska?" "By washin'," replied Weary's pard. "Count me out," said Weary.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**WAKE UP.** Yes, wake up to the danger which threatens you if your kidneys and bladder are inactive or weak. Don't you know that if you fail to impel them to action, Bright's disease or diabetes awaits you? Use Howitzer's stomach Bitters without delay. It has a most beneficial effect upon the kidneys when sluggish, and upon the bowels, liver, stomach and nervous system.

**THE MOB.** We dragged him out of the jail at night And out of the reach of aid, And off through the gloomy chaparral We marched in a grim parade. 'Twas not for the evil heart he had, He was no worse than we, But he was tempted, and we were not, And we all wore as bad as he.

**Well Mixed.** The Montrose (Ga.) Gazette says that there is a family near by which consists of two mothers, four fathers, one grandmother, six sons, one grandfather, three daughters, three sisters, six brothers, five husbands, three aunts, two deacons, seven uncles, six nephews, two wives, one mother-in-law, three sisters-in-law, seven brothers-in-law, one father-in-law, one son-in-law, six grandsons, two granddaughters, and there are only ten in the family.

One of the latest achievements in chemical science is a pellet containing the concentrated elements of coffee, sugar and milk. It may yet devolve upon chemistry to beat the coffee and sugar combines and upon pharmacy to enfranchise the breakfast table.

**One Weakness of Women.** It is becoming a noted fact that the young women of to-day show a decided preference for men whose reputation is not of the best. Speaking about this a few evenings ago a college man said: "It isn't much of an incentive for a fellow to keep his morality up to the standard when he sees the most disreputable men of his best set simply lionized by girls and their mothers. I don't know why it is. Women have a mania for cultivating men whose characters are anything but good. The shadier they are the more they appeal to women. Can't understand it. There were two men in my class last year, the wildest, fastest fellows I knew, but they were made more fuss over by the mothers and daughters of their acquaintance than any of their well-behaved friends. These same mothers and daughters knew any number of bright, moral young men, but they ignored them every time in favor of the ne'er-do-wells—were flattered to death to receive the slightest attention from

**WOMAN'S REALM.**

**SCRAWNY NECKS MUST GO.**

**M**USCLES must be developed, the flesh hardened and increased, the skin whitened, and the lines in the throat carefully massaged. The thin girl with the bony neck has much to accomplish. The high evening gown frequently seen last winter was uncomfortable to dance in and lacked pictorial distinction. Besides, its wearer was always accused of making necessity a virtue, a criticism so invariably appropriate to the truth that she is resolved to stay at home or accept the traditional evening uniform of her sex. The former alternative is quite out of the question, so to prepare for the latter she passes days and nights developing her neck.

There are ways and ways of increasing the flesh on the neck and covering up the unsightly collar bones, always the most persistent of offenders. A simple method advocates the liberal use of icy water, dashing it impetuously over the front and back of the neck, and then expanding the chest in long, regular breathing. The skin is finally rubbed vigorously with the palms of the hands, carefully smoothing the throat under the chin and behind the ears, until the blood tingles exuberantly. A second method for restoring an unsightly neck to slightness combines the usage of hot water, massage and olive oil. The skin is bathed in water as hot as the victim can bear it; then it is treated to a course in uncomfortable rubbing, after which the olive oil is applied plentifully, so as to allow it free access into the pores of the skin.

The full neck and chest of a prize fighter suggest the third manner of preparing to meet the requirements of the winter season and an evening gown. The pugilist invariably holds his head with the chin pressed backward toward his neck. Imitation of this movement straightens the head and forces the chest upward an inch or so, and while in the beginning it is principally the bony monuments of the thin girl's presence that rise to the

the wild pair. Their money may have appeared a satisfactory substitute for morals—but what a state of affairs!"

**A Millionaire Heiress.** The death of Ogden Goelet, which occurred on his magnificent yacht, the Mayflower, off the Isle of Wight, directs public attention to the heirs to his vast estate. These are, beside his wife, his daughter, Miss May, and his son, Robert Goelet Jr.

Just what property Mr. Goelet left cannot be definitely determined, but he is quoted as having been worth \$100,000,000, mostly in real estate in the metropolis, and his wealth may be even greater. To part of this wealth Miss Goelet, who is now 19 years old, will fall heir, and as she is already worth



\$10,000,000 in her own right she will therefore be among the wealthiest marriageable girls in the world. Miss Goelet has not yet been formally "brought out" in New York, though she figured as one of the bridesmaids at the wedding of Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt and the Duke of Marlborough. Recently it was said that she was engaged to the young Duke of Manchester, but this rumor was subsequently denied. Miss Goelet is described as a



**SOME HINTS TO THIN GIRLS.**

occasion, little by little perseverance conquers and the bones gradually retire discomfited. After drawing the chin inward in the habitual manner of the prize fighter, turn the head slowly from left to right, still keeping the chin rigorously in position. Then throw the head backward and forward, the chin again immovable, until lower and lower, it finally strikes the chest vigorously. Sustained breathing adds greatly to the effectiveness of the pugilist exercise, which is the chief means employed by the fighter to harden into iron the muscles of his neck. The oftener the practice the quicker the remedy, and a trial twice a day, in the morning and at night, soon gives courage to the scrawny girl to continue her self-imposed labor, for improvement rapidly terminates in triumphant success.

To gain fullness in the neck and length in the waist, stand firmly on the balls of the feet, with arms at the side motionless, the palms of the hand extended toward the front. Slowly raise the arms over the top of the head until the arms meet and form an arch, then drop quietly again. The second portion of the exercise consists in extending the arms to their full length in front, with the palms of the hands facing downward. Gradually move each arm to the side and back again, keeping the same level, and repeating until fatigued. In the third position the arms are outstretched, forming with the body a human cross. Then describe circles with each arm, using the shoulder as the pivot. Slapping the backs of the hands together behind the back also furthers the development of chest muscles.

charming young lady. Naturally, she received a good education and as a consequence she possesses many accomplishments.

**The Etiquette of Introductions.** It is mortifying to note how many persons pay little or no heed to what may be styled the etiquette of introductions. To the lover of good form there is nothing that sets one's teeth on edge on hearing an introduction so worded that a woman is presented to a man, or an elderly woman to young one. At a tea a matron who years before had arrived at the dignity of a grandmother was piloted by her hostess to a young girl of 20, and they were made known to each other in the well-meant words "Mrs. Knight, I want to present you to my dear little friend, Mabel Day. Mabel, dear, this is Mrs. Knight, of whom you have so often heard me speak."

If the ladies were amused by the speech, they were so well versed in that knowledge of good form in which their hostess was lacking that they showed no consciousness of her error.

**Another Woman Lawyer.** One more woman has stepped into the ranks of the legal profession and Laporte, Ind., has the honor of being her home. She is Miss Mollie L. Lorig, and she has just been admitted to the bar. She is a graduate of a Denver

law college and had the distinction of being the only woman in the class. She is convinced that she will enjoy practicing her profession and for that reason undertook the hard work, against the advice of some of her friends who advised a stage career. The woman is 20 years old and expects to spend the next few years in the office of some well-established lawyer of Laporte.

**Naming the Hindu Baby.** A Hindu baby is named when twelve days old, and usually by the mother. Sometimes the father wishes for another name than that selected by the mother; in that case two lamps are placed over the two names, and the name over which the lamp burns brightest is the one given to the child.

**A New England Fort's Stolen Cannon.**

A long time ago Fort Fairfield felt the need of a cannon in its business. So a determined band went up to Fort Kent with the wicked notion of stealing a cannon from the warlike dwellers in that frontier town. The Fort Kent folks were waiting for 'em with guns cocked and primed, but in some remarkably slick way the Fort Fairfield crowd slipped in and got away with the cannon. On the way down to St. John the boat containing the cannon was overturned and the ordnance was dumped into the river. But, not a whit dismayed, the brave little band groped around, hooked on to the piece and finally lugged it in triumph into Fort Fairfield. Then a Fort Kent company went to Fort Fairfield to retake the cannon, but they couldn't find the piece, and marched back again. Since then the cannon has been kept carefully secreted. On festive occasions it is brought out to bark, and then is again hurried away into retirement.—Bangor Commercial.

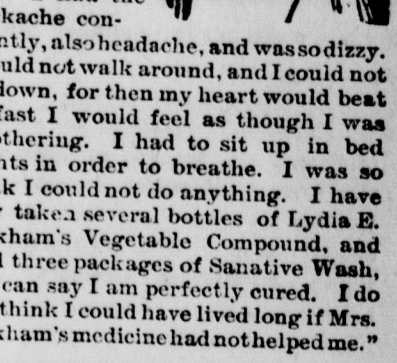
It is estimated that the turkey trade of the United States exceeds \$12,000,000 annually. The greatest of the turkey growing states are Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas.

Rupshu, a district on the north slope of the Himalayas, 15,000 feet above sea level and surrounded by mountains from 3,000 to 5,000 feet higher, has a permanent population of 500 persons, who live in goat hair tents.

**TO WOMEN FROM**

Mrs. Joseph Peterson, Warren, Pa. "I have suffered with womb trouble over fifteen years. I had inflammation, enlargement, and displacement of the womb.

"The doctor wanted me to take treatments, but I had just begun taking Mrs. Pinkham's Compound, and my husband said I had better wait and see how much good that would do me. I was so sick when I began with her medicine, I could hardly be on my feet. I had the backache constantly, also headache, and was so dizzy. I could not walk around, and I could not lie down, for then my heart would beat so fast I would feel as though I was smothering. I had to sit up in bed nights in order to breathe. I was so weak I could not do anything. I have now taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and used three packages of Sanative Wash, and can say I am perfectly cured. I do not think I could have lived long if Mrs. Pinkham's medicine had not helped me."



**AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.**

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA" AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" AS OUR TRADE MARK. I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

**Do Not Be Deceived.** Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know. "The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF *Chas. H. Fletcher*. Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 17 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY  
**E. E. CUNNINGHAM, Editor and Prop.**

Entered at the Postoffice at Baden, Cal., as second class matter, December 19th, 1895.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
One Year, in advance, \$2.00  
Six Months, " 1.25  
Three Months, " .65

Advertising rates furnished on application.

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BRANCH OFFICE, 202 Sansome St., San Francisco, Room 4, third floor.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1897.

We make our third annual bow this morning.

A pleasing feature of the selection of Hon. P. H. McEvoy as chairman of the County Board of Supervisors on Monday last was the fact that the choice was made by a unanimous vote, the two Republican members joining their Democratic colleagues in bestowing the well-merited honor upon Mr. McEvoy.

### SAFETY FOR THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS.

The old truism, "Safe bind, safe find," furnishes a good enough and sufficient reason within itself why the Government should provide a system for the safe keeping of the small savings of the people. Government custody of these savings through the medium of postal savings banks, affords the only absolute security against loss to these small depositors, and absolute safety is above all other considerations in any savings system. There are a half score of other good reasons in favor of postal savings banks, and not one against them; but the first, the greatest and the all-sufficient reason is, that the small savings of the people would be absolutely secure against loss, when deposited in postal savings banks.

### SHERIFF MANSFIELD.

Joseph H. Mansfield was on Monday last appointed by a unanimous vote of the Board of County Supervisors to the office of Sheriff of San Mateo county, made vacant by the untimely death of his predecessor and former chief, the late W. P. McEvoy.

Sheriff Phil McEvoy showed himself a rare judge of men when, at the beginning of his first term in office, he selected Joe Mansfield as his chief deputy and under sheriff. While Mr. Mansfield was under sheriff, the natural and legitimate successor of the late gallant and lamented Sheriff McEvoy, a yet stronger reason for his appointment was found in his personal fitness for the duties of this important and responsible office. The public approval of this appointment is as unanimous as was the action of the Board by which it was made.

### BOULEVARD SURVEY.

The action of the Board of Supervisors appropriating the sum of \$250 for the purpose of ascertaining the cost of the proposed boulevard through this county will be generally approved.

With a knowledge of the cost of the proposed public thoroughfare the taxpayers will be enabled to proceed intelligently with the consideration and determination of the entire subject matter. The county surveyor is to be assisted in this work by the State Highway Commissioners, and the preliminary survey and examination of the ground over which the proposed road is to run, will enable the viewers to make an approximately correct estimate of the cost of the undertaking. This preliminary survey should be made in time to enable the viewers to report to the next regular meeting of the Board of County Supervisors, and to this end the work should be commenced without delay.

### NO GROUND FOR CROWING OR CRYING.

An examination of the election returns of Tuesday indicate that local questions and personal interests, rather than national issues, influenced the contests and determined results.

The usual falling off of the vote in an off-year occurred, and, as usual, the administration party suffered more heavily therefrom than did the opposition.

In greater New York the division of the forces opposed to the Tammany Democracy into three discordant and belligerent factions made the victory a sure and easy one for the Tammany Tiger.

Maryland, which is naturally a Democratic State, was lost through personal opposition to Senator Gorman. Jealousy of Senator Hanna has made

the contest in the Republican State of Ohio a close one. The result, as a whole, gives no cause for crowing or crying by either party.

### A CRACK SHOT.

The Excellent Marksmanship of a Hunter Who Had Experience.

An old member of the South Mountain Rod and Gun club was talking off a few solemn and inspiring truths for the benefit of several younger members. "When I was a boy," he was saying, "I was about like other boys, I guess, only I think I had better notions than some have I know of now. Now, there's my son—"

"Oh," interrupted one of the listeners, "you don't want to take a boy handicapped like that."

"Don't you worry about me," retorted the veteran. "That boy will be all the greater for winning with the handicap. Let me tell you about his marksmanship. One day last winter he went out with me to hunt rabbits, and the luck was poor. We had been out about four hours, and all of a sudden a great big rabbit like a calf jumped up right at his feet—the boy's feet, I mean—and the boy kicked him one in the ribs and knocked him out in a minute. Well, we were three or four miles from home, and we thought we might as well take up our game and tote it in and come out again when there was something more in sight. We jogged along, the boy carrying the rabbit in his game bag, till somehow it kind of came to me and was about to get away, when I noticed it.

"Here," said I, thinking of something, "it won't ever do to take that home and tell the folks you kicked it to death. It's got to be shot, and we might as well do it now as any other time."

"So I gets out a string and ties it to the rabbit's hind leg, and I hangs him on the limb of a tree, and the boy gets off about 50 yards with a rifle to make it kind of sporty, and, after sighting a long time, bang! goes the gun, down comes the rabbit, and the way he skinned out for the short timber was a caution to winged fowls, for he fairly flew. I looked at the rabbit for about a second, and then I gazed on that boy.

"What in thunder!" I began, when he interrupted me.

"Oh, I say, pop," he said, "did you see my marksmanship? That string to the rabbit's hind leg wasn't thicker than a darned needle, and blamed if I didn't cut it off clean at 50 yards with a rifle. Have you got a record like that, guv'nor?"

"Had I? Of course I hadn't, and that boy had just gone to work and missed that rabbit and by a chance out the string and let the cottontail get away, that was all. But what could I say after that marksmanship snap he dropped on me? Nothing, and I had to let it go at that. Now, what have you got to say to that boy's handicap? Say!" —Washington Star.

### TURKISH CUSTOM HOUSE.

The Troubles Travelers Have, Especially With Books and Maps.

Many amusing stories are told of the trouble American travelers have had with the custom house authorities in Turkey, especially with books and maps. In the old days one's baggage would be dumped down on the landing place at Constantinople, and a turbaned old Turk, tchibouk in hand, would go through a pantomime of examining one's effects, which would be abruptly brought to an end by the application of an appropriate coin to the palm of his hand. But the political troubles that began some years ago in the Ottoman empire caused the government to institute a more stringent system, and there is now at Constantinople a custom house more after the American style, where a number of effendis, in fezes and Stambouli coats of the regular official cut, pry into one's luggage with particular care in search of papers and books and maps of a revolutionary tendency or in which words forbidden to be printed in Turkey may be found.

During the height of the Armenian agitation especially close search was always made for anything with the word "Armenia" in it, and whatever it was found in was summarily confiscated. On the occasion of my last visit to Constantinople I happened to have a map of Asia Minor among my papers, the discovery of which greatly agitated the examining effendi, who spoke in a language he thought was French. "Ah, Azeca Meenor!" he exclaimed as he spread it out, continuing in his Turkish-French, "Show me Erzerum." Having pointed out to him the spot where that city was to be found, he began running his finger over the map until he struck upon the letter A. This seemed almost to take his breath away, but when a short distance to the right of it he found the letter R he fairly gasped. The detection of the letter M following it was like an electric shock, and a bomb explosion could not have startled him more than the discovery of the letter E. By the time he had deciphered the remaining letters, NIA, I saw that the game was up, and as he folded up my precious map and in stern and measured syllables announced to me that it was "de-fon-dew, con-fis-kay," I knew that it was lost to me forever. A Review with an article alluding to the disturbed condition of affairs in the Turkish empire followed the map, along with some foreign newspapers.—Harper's Round Table.

### On a Tombstone.

In a French churchyard is a monument bearing an inscription of which the following is a translation: "Here lies Jean Pinto, the Spanish vocalist. When he reached heaven, he united his voice with the voices of the archangels. As soon as he heard him the Deity cried, 'Keep quiet, all you fellows, and let us hear alone the illustrious singer, Jean Pinto.'"

## NAMES FROM INDIANS

THEY ARE ATTACHED TO AMERICAN LAKES, RIVERS AND TOWNS.

Some Interesting Information Concerning Their Origin—They Contain Curious Bits of Native Thought or Fancy, History or Tradition.

Just as the history of Celtic, Roman, Saxon, Dane and Norman occupation is marked in England by the geographical names that these various peoples have left so in our own country the many Indian names of rivers, lakes, mountains, districts and towns remain a permanent witness, independent of written history, to the fact that the red man possessed the land before us.

Here, as in other parts of the world, "language adheres to the soil when the lips that spoke it have been resolved into dust. Mountains repeat and rivers murmur the voices of nations denationalized or extirpated in their own land."

The Indian names that dot the map of America are full of meaning. Many of them, when translated, are found to contain curious bits of native thought or fancy, history or tradition. Some, like Niagara and Oregon, are so euphonic that they easily lend themselves to the uses of the poet. Others, such as Moostocmaguntic, Mollichunkamunk, Wellockepacook, are as savage as were the people that originated them.

Indian geographical names are very similar in origin to their personal names. The Dakota Indians of the present day have applied to General Crook the name Wi-can-hpi-yammi (Three Stars), in allusion to the stars on the shoulder strap of a general's uniform, and the cue suggests the name by which the Chinese are known to them—Pe-co-kun-yan-han-ska (scalp lock).

This same quality of poetic descriptiveness is seen in most of their local and their river names. Modern explorers and geographers often apply personal names to natural objects, and thus we have Mount Hood, Pike's peak, the Mackenzie river, Hudson bay and many others. The Indians never did this, though sometimes they gave their tribal names to rivers near which they lived. The Hudson river was known to the Indians of New York as Mohicanituck, the river of the Mohicans, and the native name of the Delaware was Lenape-wihituck, the river of the Lenape, or Delaware.

The Assiniboin Indians of Canada have left their name to a province, a river and a town. The word means "stone people," and is of no significance until we learn that this tribe, unlike the other Indians, made no clay pottery, but boiled their food by placing redhot stones in waterproof vessels of bark. Chippeway, pointed skins, is a name that refers to the peculiar way in which these Indians wore their skin robes, the points hanging down behind and before. Eskimo is an Algonkin word meaning eaters of raw flesh. Zuni, the people of the long nails, alludes to the fact that the medicine men of this pueblo always wore their nails long.

A South Carolina river, which now bears the prosaic name of Broad, was known to the Indians as Eswawpuddenah, the dividing river, after a bloody battle which made this stream the dividing line between the Catawbas and the Cherokees. The name Piscataway has much the same meaning. Devil's lake, in North Dakota, is still known to the Indians as Minnewaukan, the mysterious water. They say that in a terrible battle fought on its banks many years ago the contending warriors, as they slew each other, pitched the dead over the precipice into the deep water until very few were left. Since then mysterious sounds are heard in the neighborhood, and the Indians will neither drink the water nor eat fish that are taken from it.

Genisee or Geniseo means beautiful valley; Onondaga, on the hills; Canandaigua, place chosen for a settlement; Onaba, to go against the current; Attacapan, man eaters; Chitimaeha (La.), they possess cooking vessels; Athapascas, place of hay and reeds; Yankton, end village; Sisseton, village; Owatoma, straight; Waseca, rich. Winona, little daughter (a town in Wisconsin), perpetuates the name of an Indian girl who, being disappointed in love, cast herself into Lake Pepin from a point called Maiden rock and was drowned. The same story, but without the name, appears in many other Lover's Leaps in various parts of our country.

Kanawha is a descriptive name meaning "it is long." Coronaea is Quoranbequa, the place of big white oaks. Wabasha means red battle standard. Passamaquoddy is an Indian word for pollock fish. Shamokin means the place of the chief. South Carolina was known to the Indians as Chicola, the place of foxes. The Delaware Indians called eastern Pennsylvania Winakaking, sas-safras land.

The names of about half of the states and territories of the Union are of Indian origin. Alaska means the great land; Alabama, here we rest; Arkansas, bow on the smoky water; Connecticut, long river; Dakota, friendly; Idaho, gem of the mountains; Illinois, the men; Iowa, drowsy ones; Kansas, smoky water; Kentucky, at the head of the river; Massachusetts, the place of great trees; Michigan, a fish weir; Minnesota, whitish water; Mississippi, great river; Missouri, great muddy (river); Nebraska, shallow water; Ohio, beautiful (river); Oklahoma, red people, or beautiful land; Oregon, great river of the west; Tennessee, river of the great bend; Texas, friendly; Utah, dwellers in the mountains; Wisconsin, wild rushing river; Wyoming, broad plains.—John Hawkins in Philadelphia Times.

### Conducive to Length of Days.

Longevity must be a very healthy profession, to judge from the number of people who have followed it for 100 years or more.—Boston Transcript.

### A Curious Epitaph.

The following epitaph is copied from a tomb in the vicinity of Port Royal, Jamaica:

"Here lieth the body of Louis Cald, Esq., a native of Montpellier, in France, which country he left on account of the revocation. He was swallowed up by the earthquake which occurred at that place in 1692, but by the great providence of God was, by a second shock, flung into the sea, where he continued swimming till rescued by a boat and lived 40 years afterward."—Nuggets.

### The Reason.

She—Woman's mind is cleaner than that of man.  
He—Certainly. She changes it often.—Indianapolis Journal.

## FRANK SANCHEZ, Meat Market

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LOCAL NOTES.

Fresh groceries at Kneese's. Shall we have a Fireman's ball this year? What has become of our Hose Company? New goods this week at the People's Store.

A Gaerdes is improving his property on Grand avenue. Dry goods, groceries and hardware at Eikerenkotter's. Mr. J. Condon contemplates opening a dancing school in our town.

A. G. Bissett is sinking a well at his residence on Olive avenue. Don't forget the moonlight excursion on the evening of the 13th inst. Mr. A. Gaerdes is building an addition to his residence on Baden avenue.

There should be no difficulty in maintaining a night school at this place. Land Agent W. J. Martin visited San Jose on Wednesday on business for his company.

For life or fire insurance, apply to E. E. Cunningham, agent for first-class companies only. Mr. P. Cavanaugh had the misfortune to have a valuable cow lie down and die on Tuesday last.

Senator Healy is kept busy delivering hay, grain, feed, wood and coal to his numerous customers. Cavanaugh, the Colma grocer, closed his business at Colma with an auction sale of his stock on Monday last.

The cost of a reading-room would not be great, and its benefits to the young men would be incalculable. The Rev. George Wallace will hold services at Grace Church on Sunday (tomorrow) at 3:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m.

The school entertainment, which had been set for Saturday, Nov. 13th, has been postponed on account of the excursion on the bay. Born.—At San Bruno, on Sunday morning, October 31, 1897, to the wife of August Jenevein, a daughter. Both mother and daughter are doing nicely.

REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors met in regular session last Monday. W. H. Brown, the recently appointed Supervisor from the Second Township, was introduced and took his seat with the Board.

The election of a chairman to fill the vacancy caused by the death of J. J. Brown was declared in order, and on motion of Debenedetti, seconded by Tilton, P. H. McEvoy was unanimously elected. McEvoy, on taking the chair, briefly thanked the Board for the trust reposed in him, and assured the members that they could always have an impartial hearing. He appointed the new Supervisor on all committees of which his brother was a member.

Debenedetti, Adair and Tilton were appointed a memorial committee to report in the afternoon. The following reports of county officers were read and filed:

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for J. C. Potter, J. C. Sprague, W. C. Sprague, etc.

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for T. O'Reilly, R. Lindner, Thomas O'Reilly, etc.

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for Frank Lehn, Hooper & Co., H. Katis, etc.

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for Time-Gazette, S. H. Cronin, Hanson & Co., etc.

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for Land Secured by Contract and Site for the Buildings Donated.

Table with columns: Name, Amount, Date. Includes entries for Los Angeles, November 3.—Another important enterprise in the sugar beet manufacturing industry is about to be launched by the Oxnards, proprietors of the Chino factory.

Fifth Township—James McCormick. The following gave notice that they would apply at the next meeting of the Board for licenses: First Township—Matthew Kelly, G. E. Lindermann, John Bracken.

A petition, liberally signed by the citizens of the county, was read asking for the appointment of Joseph H. Mansfield as Sheriff to fill the vacancy caused by the death of W. P. McEvoy. On motion of Tilton, seconded by Brown, Mansfield received the unanimous appointment.

The citizens of the Fifth Township petitioned the Board to have a road one-third of a mile long, near the San Gregorio schoolhouse, declared a public highway. Petition was referred to Supervisor Adair.

Mary Brooks, an indigent person of the First Township, was allowed \$8 per month from date of petition. George C. Ross presented a petition to the Board asking that owners of the Mezes property at Belmont be allowed to withdraw a map of the tract now on file in the Recorder's office, showing the location of roads and avenues which have never been used.

Mr. Ross asked that the county abandon all right it may have in said roads. The matter was deferred until the afternoon to give Mr. Ross an opportunity to prepare the necessary resolution to be adopted by the Board.

The communication of Thomas Ackman, requesting that the taxes on certain property in the First Township be refunded him, was on motion of Debenedetti rejected.

A communication from the public library of Chicago, asking for maps, publications, etc., of the county, was placed on file. This being the time set for opening bids for construction of a cement sidewalk around the courthouse grounds, the following bids were read by the clerk:

C. W. Boulware and J. E. Aiken, \$1912. T. A. Brookbanks, \$1901.13. T. C. Rice, \$1786.53. Mr. Rice presented a second bid showing that if Belmont rock were substituted the work could be done for \$1691.30.

T. C. Rice, being the lowest bidder, was awarded the contract on filing a bond of \$500. On motion of Debenedetti McEvoy was appointed to superintend the work. All checks accompanying bids were returned to the unsuccessful bidders.

Editor Enterprise: The concert and ball, given by the local Journeymen Butchers on Saturday evening of last week, was like previous entertainments given by this association, conducted in a most orderly manner, well patronized and proved a great success.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Davis, who have been present at every entertainment given by the local lodge, arrived early and were the honored guests of San Mateo Lodge No. 7.

The vocal selections given by Miss Schumanski were very fine and rendered in a manner which was above criticism and deserving of especial mention.

A delegation composed of employees of the Western Meat Company's wholesale market arrived by the late train and enjoyed the hospitality of the local employees.

The judges named to award the prizes for the best dancing (prize waltz) were: Messrs. Ben Davis, M. Mercks and C. Maier. The winners of the prizes were: First prize, Mr. J. Condon and Miss L. Gannon; second prize, Mr. J. A. Huber and Mrs. Thomas Mason; third prize, Mrs. Thomas O'Reilly and Miss Annie Goggin.

The committee of Arrangements, to whose efficient and untiring services the success of the entertainment was due, consisted of: Messrs. P. Lind, Thomas Mason, Joe O'Day, J. A. Huber, E. C. Collins, and A. Van Hukerin.

LAFAYETTE THE COURTIER. Stories of the Gallant Frenchman and His Second Visit to America. Many charming stories have been told by old ladies who were in their prime when Lafayette made his second visit to America of the gallant Frenchman's courtesy.

On the day of his public reception in Virginia he rode in an open carriage without his hat, exposed to the rays of a brilliant sun, bowing to the crowds always ready to greet him. There was some apprehension that sunstroke might be the penalty of his politeness, but the marquis was an old soldier.

Before leaving home he had put a damp towel into his capacious wig and, protected by his helmet, he could indulge his French politeness with impunity. French and American revolutions and Austrian dungeons had taught him the art of self preservation.

The most charming story is of earlier date—his visit to the mother of Washington. He found her in the garden, raking together dried weeds and sticks, preparatory to a bonfire, arrayed in a linsey skirt, sack and broad brimmed hat tied over the plaited border of her cap.

The hostess met the situation with the composure of a duchess. Dropping her rake, she took between her bare palms the hand the nobleman extended as he bowed before her and said: "Ah, marquis! You have come to see an old woman! I can make you welcome without changing my dress. I am glad to see you. I have often heard my son George speak of you. But come in."

Pressing him into her living room, she placed herself opposite him, erect as a girl of 18, never touching the tall, straight back of her chair, while she listened to the praises of her son poured forth by the eloquent Frenchman.

Then she mixed with her own hands a cooling drink and offered it to the general with a plate of homemade ginger cakes. The man of the world accepted the beverage as simply and gracefully as it was tendered, pronounced it delicious and arose to go. Would she give him her blessing?

She looked up to heaven, folded her hands and prayed that God would grant him "safety, happiness, prosperity and peace."—Youth's Companion.

She Misunderstood. Many singers fail to realize the importance of distinct enunciation, and the charm of a beautiful voice is often lost by the listener who is vainly struggling to catch the meaning of the song.

A young woman who considers herself an admirable ballad singer one day received a severe shock from the criticism of an old lady who had formed one of her audience. Among other hal-lads the singer had rendered "Rory O'More" in her best style and had received much applause.

The old lady, who sat in the front seat in the little hall where the entertainment was given, looked at first puzzled and then distressed as the familiar song proceeded, and at the close of the concert she waited to speak to the young woman.

"My dear," she said in a quivering voice, "I remember when 'Rory O'More' first came out. I have never been a singer myself, but have always been interested in music, and I am sure I never heard the words as you sang them tonight. I am not deaf. My hearing is unusually good, but will you tell me where you get your authority for singing?"

MARKET REPORT.

CATTLE—Market is easier, while in some cases 1/4 to 1/2 lower. SHEEP—Desirable sheep of all kinds are in demand at strong prices. HOGS—Desirable hard fed hogs are plentiful and prices are easier.

PROVISIONS are in good demand but at lower prices. LIVESTOCK—The quoted prices are for (less 50 per cent shrinkage on Cattle), delivered and weighed in San Francisco, stock to be fat and merchantable.

Cattle—No 1 Steers 7 1/2c; No. 2 Steers 6 1/2c; No. 1 Cows and Heifers 6 1/2c; No. 2 Cows and Heifers 5 1/2c; Hogs—Hard, grain-fed, 130 lbs and over, 3 1/2c; under 130 lbs 3 1/4c; rough heavy hogs, 3 1/4c.

Sheep—Desirable Wethers, unshorn, dressing 50 lbs and under, 3 1/2c; Ewes, 3 1/4c; short 1/4 to 3/4 less. Spring Lambs—3/4c to 1c, gross, weighed alive.

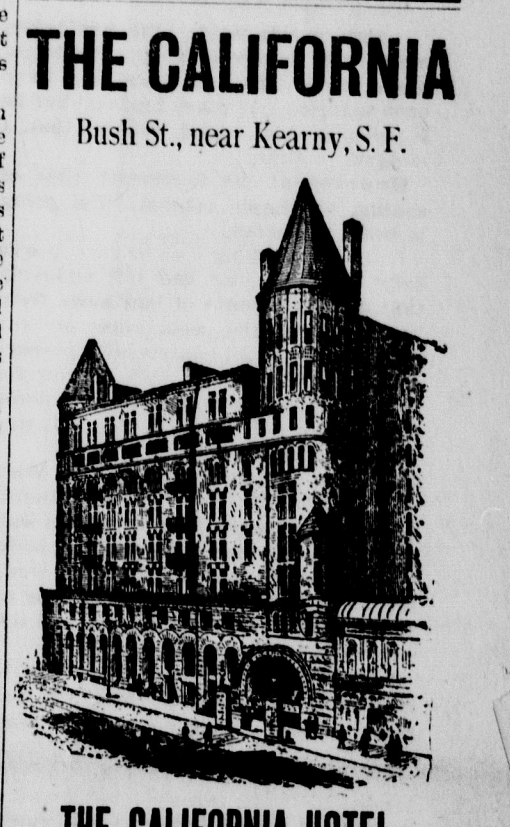
Calves—Under 250 lbs, alive, gross weight, 4c to 4 1/4c; over 250 lbs 3 1/2c to 3 3/4c. PORK—MEAT—Wholesale Butchers' prices for whole carcasses: Beef—First quality steers, 6c to 6 1/2c; second quality, 5 1/2c to 6c; First quality cows and heifers, 5 1/4c to 5 1/2c; second quality, 4 1/2c to 5c; third quality, 4c to 4 1/2c.

Veal—Large, 5 1/4c to 5 1/2c; small, 7 to 8c. Mutton—Wethers, 6 1/2c to 7c; ewes, 6 to 6 1/2c; Sucking lambs, 6 1/2c to 7 1/2c. Dressed Hogs—5 to 6c. PROVISIONS—Hams, 8 1/2c to 10c; picnic hams, 7c; Atlanta ham, 7 1/2c; New York shoulder, 7 1/2c.

Bacon—Ex. Lt. S. C. bacon, 12c; light S. C. bacon, 11 1/2c; med. bacon, clear, 8 1/2c; Lt. med. bacon, clear, 8c; clear light, bacon, 9 1/2c; clear ex. light bacon, 10 1/2c. Beef—Extra Family, bbl, \$19 00; do. hf-bbl, \$5 75; Extra Mess, bbl, \$9 00; do. hf-bbl, \$4 75.

Pork—Dry Salted Clear Sides, heavy, 7 1/2c; do. light, 8c; do. bellies, 8 1/2c to 8 3/4c; Extra Clear, bbls, \$17 00; hf-bbls, \$8 75; Soused Pigs' Feet, hf-bbls, \$4 35; do. kits, \$1 45. Lard—Prices are 7 1/2c: Compound—Tcs. 5-lbs. 50s, 20s, 10s, 5s. Cal. pure 6 1/2c to 6 3/4c; 5 1/2c to 5 3/4c. In 3-lb tins the price on each is 1/2c higher than on 5-lb tins.

Canned Meats—Prices are per case of 1 dozen and 2 dozen tins: Corned Beef, 2s, \$1 00; 1s \$1 10; Roast Beef, 2s \$1 90; 1s, \$1 10. Terms—Net cash, no discount, and prices are subject to change on all Provisions without notice.



THE CALIFORNIA HOTEL. Bush St., near Kearny, S. F. is unsurpassed in the magnificence of its appointments and style of service by any hotel in the United States.

Strictly First-Class European Plan Reasonable Rates Centrally located, near all the principal places of amusement.

THE CALIFORNIA'S TABLE D'NOTE. Dinner from 5 to 8 p. m. \$1.00 Lunch from 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m. 75 cts. THE BEST CUISINE IN THE METROPOLIS.

A. F. KINZLER, Manager. Beer & Ice. THOS. F. FLOOD, AGENT. For the Celebrated Beers of the Wieland, Fredericksburg, United States, Chicago, Willows and South San Francisco BREWERIES.

PRESS NOTES.

HUENEME TO HAVE A SUGAR FACTORY

Work on a Great Plant Soon to be Commenced. SELECTED BY THE OXNARDS.

Land Secured by Contract and Site for the Buildings Donated. Los Angeles, November 3.—Another important enterprise in the sugar beet manufacturing industry is about to be launched by the Oxnards, proprietors of the Chino factory.

The main features of the transaction, which is just about to be closed, are these: The production of beets on 10,000 acres for five consecutive years has been guaranteed for the factory's use at a price of \$3.25 per ton during the entire term, beets to analyze not less than 12 per cent in saccharine matter, and 25 cents for each per cent of sugar above 12 will be paid; 1500 acres for the factory site have been donated by the people interested and work on the buildings will begin promptly in order to have them ready for the season of 1898.

The Southern Pacific Company, through C. P. Huntington in New York, has agreed to build a spur five miles long, from its coast division line to the site of the factory in the valley, a few miles from Huene, and the Oxnards will continue the line at their own cost five miles further, from the factory to the ocean, where they will build sidings, etc. Right of way for this line, together with the wharf site privileges, have been secured by the factory builders.—S. F. Chronicle.

REPORT OF INMATES.

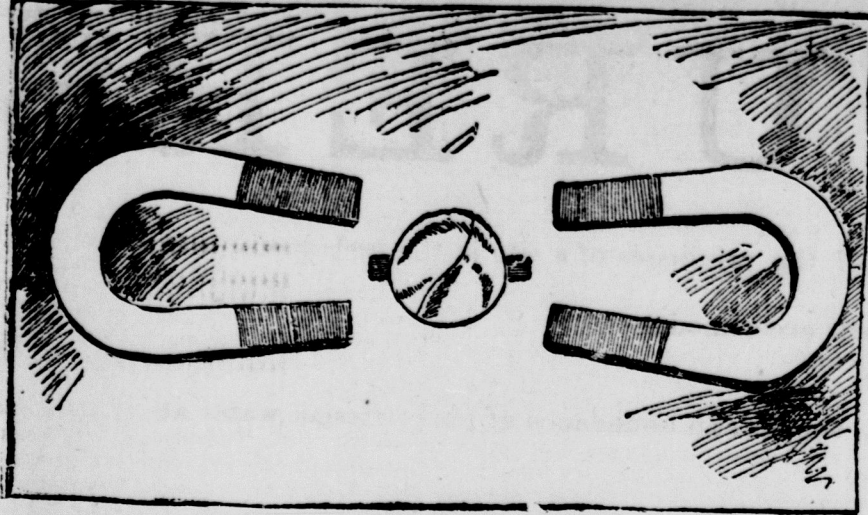
Table with columns: Date, Males, Females, Total. Includes entries for On roll June 30, 1897, Discharged, On roll September 30, 1897, etc.

GUN CLUB ELECTION.

At the annual meeting of the Baden Gun Club, held on Wednesday evening, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, Dr. A. J. Holcomb; secretary and treasurer, O. M. Howard; executive committee, Messrs. J. F. Nelson, Thomas Hickey and J. P. Newman. Several new members were received at the meeting. The club has a total membership of 56.



**HOW THE EARTH IS HELD IN SPACE.**



Mr. Clarence Alva of St. Louis, according to the Post-Dispatch, has thought of a little scheme which gives a very good idea of the manner in which the earth is kept in space. Mr. Alva says a person may get the right idea if he secure a couple of magnets and place them directly opposite each other so that the currents shall flow in opposite directions. As shown in the cut, they should be an inch or so from each other. The magnets should be rather strong and should be of the same size and strength. Then the experimenter should make a little sphere of paper or some light substance, and fasten two pieces of steel or similar metal to the ball, the metals being almost exactly opposite. Then comes the work of so placing the sphere in the exact center of the space between the magnets. If the experimenter can do this he will have the sphere remaining in the air without any visible means of support. It is quite a trick to get the thing in correct operation, but Mr. Alva says it can be done.

**COL. GEO. M. RANDALL.**

**Soldier Who Will Command Uncle Sam's Troops in Alaska.**

Lieut. Col. George M. Randall, who is to command the United States troops in Alaska, has had an eventful career in the army of the United States. He enlisted in the civil war as a private in the Fourth United States Infantry in April, 1861. In October, 1861, he was made a second lieutenant. He served with the Fourth until he reached the rank of major, when he was placed in command of the Fourteenth New York artillery. At the close of the civil war he was made first lieutenant of the Fourth United States Infantry, and in the army reorganization was transferred to the Twenty-third Infantry as captain. He served as captain and major of the important Indian campaigns of the West and was made lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Infantry in 1894. Col. Randall has been five times brevetted by Congress for gallant and meritorious conduct in battle, as follows: Sept. 17, 1862, brevetted captain for service at Antietam, Va.; April 2, 1865, brevetted major for gallant services at Petersburg, Va.; April 26, 1865, brevetted lieutenant colonel and colonel for gallant services at Fort Steedman, Va.; Feb. 27, 1890, brevetted lieutenant colonel for gallantry in actions against the Apache Indians at Turret; 1890, brevetted colonel for gallant services against the Apache Indians at Pino, Arizona, and for distinguished services in Indian campaigns. During the campaigns of Gen. Crook against the Sioux Indians Col. Randall, then major of the Twenty-third, was his right-hand man, serving as one of his staff officers and commanding his Indian scouts. Randall's fight against the Apache Indians at Turret Mountain in 1873 served to close the Apache war, which had been in progress several years. The Indians had taken refuge on the summit of Turret Mountain, where they were certain no enemy could follow. Randall surrounded the stronghold at night. He made his men crawl up the face of the mountain on their hands and knees. They reached the summit at midnight, and at dawn Col. Randall led a fierce charge against the surprised Apaches, many of whom, in their efforts to escape, dashed over the precipitous sides of the mountain to death. The defeat broke the spirit of the tribes and peace was soon made with them. Col. Randall is a man of fine physique and is a magnificent looking soldier. He is extremely affable and has thousands of

had application after application come in for trademarks on different objects, which were registered, until the craze apparently died out.

"I have been surprised at how much manufacturers attribute to trademarks of their articles. For instance, a certain flour manufacturing company, in instituting an interference case, made oath that the name of their particular brand of flour was worth half a million dollars, and I believe that was really paid for it. It is known that the sum of \$40,000 was actually paid for the name of a certain potash."—Washington Star.

**YOUNG KLONDIKE PROSPECTOR**

**She Is Three Years Old and Has Washed Out Real Gold.**  
Three-year-old Mae Carr is the youngest prospector in the Klondike. She was born there, her father having gone to the gold fields four years ago. Mae began prospecting when but 2½ years old. Clad in a pair of brown overalls

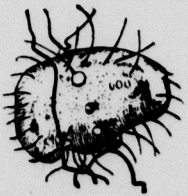


**LITTLE MAE CARR.**

and taking her pans under her arm, she starts out on her search for the yellow metal. At present she is using a frying pan with the handle broken off. If the first gravel she tests gives no color, she washes other gravel. And she has found gold. She has a bottle full of dust she has washed from the gravel.

**Cause of Much Misery.**

Of all microbes the animalcule of la grippe is the ugliest to look upon. Magnified to the size of the picture here shown, this microbe has the appearance of a new kind of bug—all legs and body. Suffering mortals who have been sneezing, sniffing and mopping watery eyes will be interested to see the cause of their trouble. This microbe is industrious, if not pretty, and he will continue to be much in evidence unless all present indications fail.



**Tit for Tat.**

A well-known artist received a circular from a whisky firm, inviting him to join in a competition for a poster. Only one prize was to be given, and the unsuccessful drawings were to become the property of the firm.

He replied as follows: "Gentlemen: I am offering a prize of \$2 for the best specimens of whisky, and should be glad to have you take part in the competition. Twelve dozen bottles of each kind should be sent for examination, and all whisky that is not adjudged worthy of the prize will remain the property of the undersigned. It is also required that the carriage be paid by the sender." This letter ended the correspondence.

**Strange Death of Three Brothers.**

At Clomereac, in France, three brothers named Mose, all over 80 years old, have just died on alternate days in a very strange manner. The first was found Monday in a cellar half eaten by rats. The second was found Wednesday in a stable under a heap of potatoes, and the eldest, living at Flaviac, was discovered two days later dead under his bed.

It is a rare man who commends; men like to tell how it should have been done.

**ALL HAS BEEN DONE BEFORE.**

There is Absolutely Nothing New—Inventions of Long Ago.

The preacher of olden time is not far from right when he discourses on this wise: "The thing that hath been shall be, and that which is done is that which shall be done, and there is no new thing under the sun." Had patents been invented at the time Solomon wrote, the descendants of some of his contemporaries might now be bringing suits for infringement, says the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Something similar to the telephone was used in China 1,000 years ago. Ancient Egypt boasted the proud possession of a "nickel in the slot" machine. Babylon the Great went fishing 1,500 years before the Christian era with hooks like those in use to-day, and studied the stars through a telescope. Thimbles have been found in prehistoric mounds with every evidence of having been made by machinery similar to our own. Hairpins with glass heads and safety pins with a little coiled spring at one end and a catch at the other were in use in Pompeii 2,000 years ago. Combs and hairpins have lived for twenty centuries and the housewife of the bronze age, 1,500 years ago, put patches on the apparel of her lord and master with needles and thread.

Locks similar to those in use to-day, which could only be opened by the knowledge of a certain combination of numbers, were known to the Chinese centuries ago. And so instances might be indefinitely multiplied.

In view of the recent wonderful advances in electrical science by Dr. Bose, Sig. Marconi and Tesla, whereby the possibility of conveying messages to distant points through ether by electric waves without the aid of wires, has become a certainty, the following extract from the writings of Joseph Addison, who lived at the beginning of the last century, may be of interest:

"Strada, in one of his productions, gives an account of a correspondence between two friends by the help of a certain loadstone, which had such a virtue in it that if touched by several needles, when one of these needles so touched began to move the other, though at ever so much great a distance, moved at the same time and in the same manner. He tells us that two friends, being each of them possessed of these needles, made a kind of dial plate, inscribing it with twenty-four letters, in the same manner as the hours of the day are marked upon the ordinary dial plate. They then fixed one of the needles on each of these plates in such a manner that it could move around without impediment, so as to point to any of the twenty-four letters. Upon their separating from one another into distinct countries, they agreed to withdraw themselves punctually into their closets at a certain hour of the day and to converse with one another by this their invention.

"Accordingly, when they were some hundreds of miles asunder, each of them shut himself up in his closet at the time appointed, and immediately cast his eye upon the dial plate. If he had a mind to write anything to his friend, he directed his needle to every letter that formed the words that he had occasion for, making a little pause at the end of every word or sentence to avoid confusion.

"The friend in the meanwhile saw his own sympathetic needle moving of itself to every letter which that of his correspondent pointed out.

"By this means they talked together across a whole continent and conveyed their thoughts to each other in an instant over cities or mountains, seas or deserts. If any writer of romance," continues Addison, "had introduced a necromancer, who is generally in the train of a knight errant, making a present to two lovers of those above-mentioned needles, the reader would have been not a little pleased to have seen them corresponding with one another, when they were guarded by spies and watchers, or separated by castles and adventures. In the meanwhile, if ever this invention should be revived or put in practice, I would suggest that on the lover's dial plate there should be written, not only the twenty-four letters, but several entire words, which have always a place in passionate epistles—as flames, darts, die, language, absence, Cupid, heart, eyes, hang, drown and the like. This would very much abridge the lover's pains in this way of writing a letter, as it would enable him to express the most useful and significant words with a single turn of the needle." Addison considered this invention to be an utterly chimerical idea, born in the brain of Strada, but now strikingly it foreshadows the recent work of Bose and Marconi; and is it not possible that the invention was really made at that early day, and never given to the world?

The gentle satire of Addison regarding its usefulness to disconsolate or persecuted lovers may also yet be utilized. The suggestion is worthy of their attention.

**The Interviewer's Standby.**  
"It goes to show," said the rural voter, "how some people will do good by stealth and blush to find it fame."

"What do you mean?"  
"The way that man stays there in Washington week days and Sundays, summer and winter. Everybody has a vacation, except him."

"I don't believe I know his name."  
"Nobody does."  
"To whom do you refer?"  
"The gentleman who is close to the administration, but who declines to allow his name to be used."—Washington Star.

**A Big Contract.**  
The annual contract for carpets for United States government buildings will keep one of the largest mills in the country busy for several months.

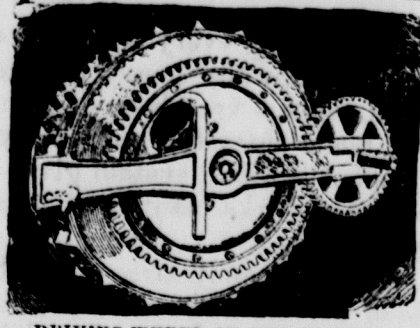
**TRAIN FOR KLONDIKE**

**RAPID TRANSIT LINE OVER WHITE PASS.**

A Snow Locomotive that Has Been in Successful Operation in Michigan Pineries for Two Years Will Be Used—800 Miles in Four Days.

**The Proposed Route.**  
As Utopian as the project of rapid transit to the Klondike country in the winter may appear, it is one that bids fair to be carried out. Imagine a modern snow train of from eight to ten box and passenger cars mounted on runners, carrying 100 tons of freight and passengers, propelled by an eight-ton steam engine, whose wheels make five revolutions to each push of the piston, climbing up the steep White Pass, gliding over 50 or more miles of level table lands and through as many miles of virgin forests, coursing its way over the hills and through the dales, climbing huge ice gorges, slipping over lakes like a steam yacht, wending its course along the tortuous river ways in that arctic country, at an average speed of from 15 to 25 miles an hour—or from Fort Wrangel to Fort Selkirk, and then Dawson City, a distance of 800 miles—in less than 10 days on the first few trips and after that in less than six, and then you will

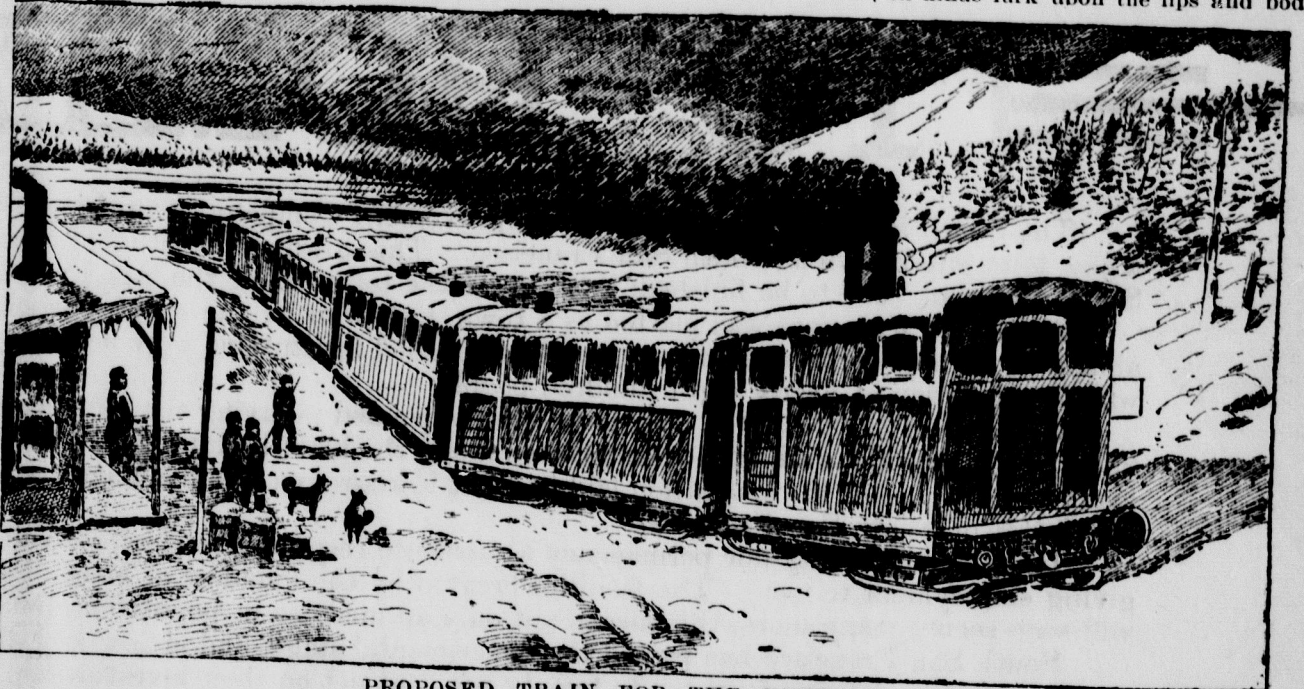
ton Trail runs to Fort Selkirk, a small place at the junction of Lewis and Pelly rivers. These streams form the Dawson City. It is about 200 miles down the Yukon river. This is known as the 'Overland Route.' From Fort Selkirk to Dawson City will be traveled on the Yukon, which is frozen solid seven months in the year. I calculate



**DRIVING WHEEL OF THE ENGINE.**

that we can cover the distance with two locomotives in eight or ten days and ultimately in four days.

**Road Will Be Permanent.**  
"The road once opened, it is readily seen that it will be permanent and grow better with travel. Turnouts and stations for supplying wood fuel will be distributed along the route where needed. When a steep grade exceeding 30 per cent. is encountered a steam windlass on the locomotive will be pressed into service to get over it. The means used will be a wire cable



**PROPOSED TRAIN FOR THE KLONDIKE.**

have a clear conception of this great scheme for opening communication with the Alaskan Eldorado.

George T. Glover of Chicago is the originator of the scheme. Two years ago he invented a new locomotive, duplicates of which have since been in operation in the Michigan pineries. Several of them are on Secretary Alger's land. Glover wrote to Secretary Alger and asked for government aid in establishing a line of snow trains to Klondike. Alger endorsed the scheme, but other cabinet members deemed it less practicable than the plan of sending food to the Klondike miners by

stretched from the top of the grade and attached to the locomotive. The locomotive will then wind the train up with perfect ease. In case an ice gorge should be encountered the same means will be applied to get over it. If the gorge be very abrupt, then a steam power 'ice dog' will answer the purpose. The locomotive will be equipped with every device needed for such work.

"The locomotives to be used in this system will not be as heavy as those now in operation in the Michigan pineries, which latter range from eighteen to twenty tons. Instead, however, they will be built on the same principle, not weighing more than eight tons and with a hauling capacity of from 75 to 100 tons of freight. The locomotive will be housed like the one shown in the pictures, pulling from six to eight cars, one or two of which will be for passengers, sleeping and baggage purposes, and the others for freight. The train will be like a modern mixed train, snugly built to protect life and supplies. Two locomotives will accompany the first train, to help it over high grades and out of deep cuts, over rough places and around curves. Three men are necessary for each locomotive—an engineer, fireman and pilot, who stands in front.

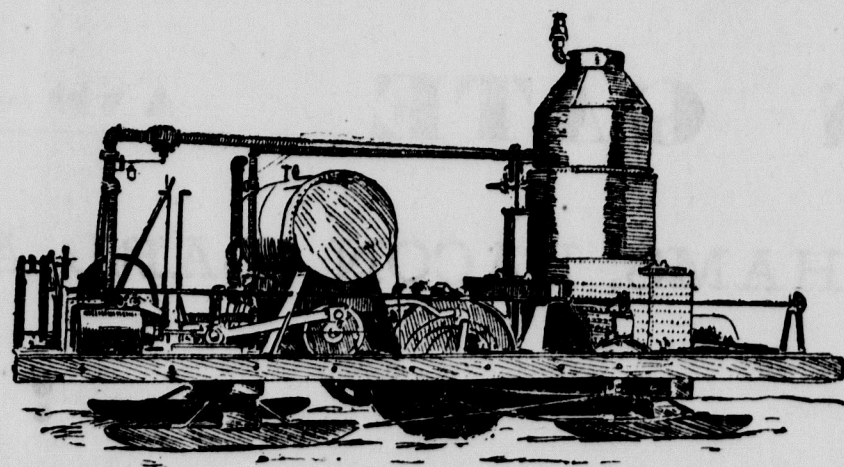
The locomotive is very simple in principle and construction. There is a boiler, twin engines, driving wheel, and other necessary appurtenances, supported by a steel frame. This frame rests upon runners fore and aft, and to it is hinged by means of steel beams a huge traction wheel between the runners. There is a drum in the wheel. The traction wheel is rotated by engines with horse power ranging from twenty to sixty, geared from five to nine to one. Most of the heat from the boiler furnace and from the exhaust steam is utilized in the drum, into which it is conveyed through the trunnions. By this means the wheel is kept sizzling



**GEORGE T. GLOVER, THE INVENTOR.**

reindeer teams. The government's failure to adopt his plan has not discouraged Glover. He says he will interest capitalists, organize a company and have his snow sled road in operation before winter closes.

"There are two routes," says Mr. Glover, "by which a snow train can reach Dawson City, excepting the route from St. Michael's to Dawson City, up the Yukon river. The shorter is from Dyea through the Chilkoot or White Pass, which is about five miles north and west of the Chilkoot Pass.



**HOT WHEEL LOCOMOTIVE (UNFRAMED).**

The highest grade for about 20 miles through White Pass is about 15 per cent. A road through it is now being cut and corduroyed. Even now the pass is 1,000 feet lower than the Chilkoot Pass and can be gotten over with but little difficulty, I think. With such an improved road, however, as is now being made through White Pass a snow train can ascend almost as easily as a cable car through the Washington street tunnel, for a 15 per cent grade has the same ascent and descent as the said tunnel. After getting through White Pass there is a comparatively level stretch of table land for 350 miles, through which Dal-

hot. About the wheel V-shaped teeth, 3 by 12 inches, are set "dodging." The action of the heat from the toothed cylinder prevents the snow from clogging, and at the same time compresses, with the aid of the weight, the snow into a solid, compact mass of snow ice, thereby giving sufficient resistance to enable the teeth to pull a train with 100 tons burden or more. The pictures of the log train and traction wheel will give the reader a fair idea of the locomotive and its principles.

**Anti-Rheumatic Potatoes.**  
Corporal Tanner, of the Algiers precinct, sat out in front of the station

the other night in his shirt sleeves and took in the glorious breeze that came down Morgan street in all its glory. It has been a rare occurrence to see the Corporal in negligee attire. He has been suffering terribly from rheumatism, and throughout the summer has worn his heavy woolen coat, even when the humidity would woo it from him. When fate had him transferred to Algiers an Irish lady living over there told him of the virtues of the potato. She gave him two small "prathies" to carry in his trousers pockets, and he swears that he at once felt the rheumatism sneaking from his bones. In a few nights it was all gone. The potatoes have begun to get as hard as a rock, and Corporal "Bill" swears he will carry them through life.—Chicago News.

**DON'T KISS THE DOG.**

A Very Bad Habit Which Often Leads to Malignant Diseases.

Don't kiss your dog, no matter how dear he or she may be to you! Aside from the fact that it is a nasty habit, there is grave danger to the human being from all sorts of microbes and germs, which are fonder of the human being than of the dog. This has been amply proven by scientists, and even the Board of Health, says the New York World. As a matter of fact the latter body has several well authenticated cases of diphtheria contracted from dogs on its records. Diseases of all kinds lurk upon the lips and body



**IT'S A DANGEROUS HABIT.**

cases too horrible to mention may result from the caress.

Physicians have repeatedly warned against the habit of kissing dogs, but seemingly to little purpose. Every day the papers chronicle cases where some disease has mysteriously appeared and where the source of contagion is unknown. In nine out of every ten such cases, dog kissing is to blame. But leaving aside the possibility of danger from disease entirely, the habit should be stopped by all self-respecting women, for what man would care to kiss them, knowing that they had previously defiled their lips kissing a dog? No matter how clean a dog may be; no matter how great a favorite, it should never, no matter what the temptation, be kissed.

**Caring for the Teeth.**

Do not eat, or do not feed your children on, white bread, which is deficient in phosphates, and causes the teeth to crumble. A little hard food requiring thorough mastication should be taken at every meal. The teeth should be brushed both night and morning. Avoid sweets. Drink at least two quarts of water a day—a glass the first thing in the morning, another the last thing before going to bed, the remaining quantity between meals. Consult a good dentist about every six months.—Ladies' Home Journal.

**Around the World on a Wheel.**

Miss Annie Londonderry, the American woman who has made a tour of the world on her bicycle, is now writing an account of her experiences. She was unattended, and it required two years and two months for her to make the trip.

**Hard at It.**  
"What makes Chawlie Dunno look so doosid abtstracted?"  
"Haven't you heard? He's inventing a game of parlor golf."—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.



**LIEUT. COL. RANDALL.**

friends throughout the West. He has indomitable will power, combined with extremely good judgment, and no better officer could have been selected by the Government to protect American interests on the Alaska-British Columbia frontier.

**Klondike Trademarks.**

The Klondike craze has had its effect on the Patent Office, as has been shown by the application for trademarks bearing the word. Two or three patents have been applied for objects which might be better suited for the gold fields there than elsewhere, but the chief clerk refuses to tell of them.

The applications for trademarks bearing the word Klondike, Chief Newton of the trademarks division of the Patent Office says have been made for a certain brand of cigars, a bicycle lamp and furniture. One word can be used as a trademark as many times as may be wished, with the exception that each object must be different. Speaking to a reporter on the subject of trademarks, Chief Newton said: "Whenever there is anything new, or any new craze, the applications for trademarks in that line begin to come in immediately. When the Tribby craze was at its height we

# TO MANUFACTURERS

Who desire a location combining every feature conducive to prosperity, sufficiently near to San Francisco to enjoy all the privileges of a site in the metropolis, and yet sufficiently remote to escape the heavy taxation and other burdens incident to the city.

Where a ship canal enables vessels to discharge their cargoes on the various wharves already completed for their accommodation.

Where large ferry boats enter the large ferry slip now in use, and land passengers, freight and whole trains of cars.

Where an independent railroad system gives ample switching privileges to every industry.

Where a private water-works plant, with water mains extending throughout the entire manufacturing district, supplies an abundance of pure artesian water at rates far below city prices.

Where some of the largest industries in the State are today located and in full operation.

Where hundreds of thousands of dollars have already been spent in perfecting the locality for manufacturing purposes.

Where the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company own **THIRTY-FOUR HUNDRED** acres of land and **Seven Miles of Water Front** on the San Francisco Bay, and on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Where, in fact, rail, wharf and other privileges are unexcelled for manufacturing purposes by any other locality on the coast.

If you desire such a location come and see what we have in South San Francisco, San Mateo County.

For further information call or address

**SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.**

202 SANSOME ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

# TO HOME-SEEKERS

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company, comprising many San Francisco, Chicago and New York capitalists, created in San Mateo county a new town site known as South San Francisco. This town site is situated on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and also on the Southern Pacific Bay Shore Railroad, soon to be finished; it is also at the terminus of the San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railway.

South San Francisco was platted as a town just prior to the great financial panic of 1893 and 1894; during all that period of financial wreck and ruin, when almost every new enterprise and many old-established institutions were actually swept out of existence, she has held her own and is to-day a prosperous community with a population of nearly eight hundred people.

Upwards of \$2,000,000 in cash have been expended in laying the foundation of this new town. Most of the streets have been graded, curbed and sewered, miles of concrete sidewalk laid, trees planted along the main highways, and a water-works plant completed, giving an abundant supply of pure artesian water for every purpose. But the foundation laid in what is known as the manufacturing district of this town site constitutes above all others the most positive guarantee for the future of South San Francisco.

There is no stability nor permanency so absolute respecting real estate values, and the future growth of any community like that which is based upon industries giving employment to men. The facilities created by the founders of South San Francisco have already secured to her several large manufacturing enterprises, and will soon secure many more; this means not only an increase in population, but an enhancement in real estate values.

South San Francisco has passed the experimental stage, and is now an established town. Many of her lot owners who have properly improved their holdings are even to-day realizing from ten to twenty per cent net on their investments. How many communities as new as South San Francisco can make this boast?

An independent community in itself, with its own supporting elements, and at the same time close to the metropolis of California, and in the direction in which San Francisco must necessarily grow, already reached by some of the city's street car service, and certain to be on the line of any new railroad entering San Francisco, South San Francisco presents to-day opportunities for investment among the safest and best on the Pacific Coast.

Detail information cheerfully furnished. Address

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

202 SANSOME STREET.

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