

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1896.

No. 131

Repairing

We do all kinds of Watch, Clock, Jewelry and Spectacle repairing at popular prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Jewellers, Etc., 47 Government Street.

Now for February.

A good old lady once sagely remarked, that she had always noticed that if she could only get through January that she usually managed to live through the remainder of the year. We too. During our great annual January sale our stock has stood some heavy cuts, and has withstood a heavy run, and yet for

15 Days

Prices Must Still Go Down.

On February the Fifteenth we take stock, and until that day our sale continues. We put a price card on all articles shown, and ask you to stop and examine; it's worth your while, even if you're in a hurry. The most eloquent thing, after all, is a price, a cold, naked fact that is, that strikes right home to our inner consciousness like a bullet from a rifle.

THE WESTSIDE,

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

January 31, 1896.

Don't You Believe It, There Is Nothing In It



But the "Simon Pure" oats. That talk about mill sweepings is all "high Biddy Martin" and a great big Elephant on THEIR hands. You try a 7 lb sack of

Our Rolled Oats

And if you do not find them all right we will eat them ourselves—they are the Clean Bourgeois. We offer this week a tin of Peaches, Apples or Plums for 20c. Fresh Island Eggs 25c. Sugar has gone up 1-4 c. per lb.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.



GEORGE POWELL & CO., Cheapside.

The Oxford Range

Leads them all in Style, Economy and Price. Just the Range you want. Our Lines of Tinware, Glassware, Crockery and Hardware are complete. Carpenters Tools a Specialty.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

For Fifteen Years

We have been engaged in the Merchant Tailoring business in this city, and while we have not amassed a tremendously large fortune, we have built up a reputation for reliability and square dealing of which we are somewhat proud. We offer exceptional bargains in Suitings, Trouserings, and Overcoatings during this month.

A. Gregg & Son,

Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Curling Iron Heaters

We have just received the nicest assortment of these rods ever shown here. Also a full line of Curling Irons.

John Cochrane,

Prescription Druggist, N. W. cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board, 9 South Park street. feb-2

DO YOU WANT TO KEEP WARM?—Buy Wellington coal at lowest market rates. Apply Munn, Holland & Co., 28 1-2 Broad street (opposite Drard). feb-2-11

ADDRESS WANTED—Any one acquainted with Miss Laura Lipscombe's present address will oblige by sending same to this office. feb-3-11

WANTED—A light one horse buggy; must be in good repair and cheap. Apply to H. Times office. feb-3-11

WANTED—By March 1st, a small furnished cottage, within 15 minutes' walk of the postoffice. Address stating terms, "House," Times office. feb-3-11

DESIRABLE splendid paying business, California; can't attend to it. What have you to offer in exchange? Property, furniture, or any security will take. Room 15, Fire Sisters Block. feb-3-11

LOST—On Monday, Feb. 3rd, about noon, from 228 Yates street, black cocker puppy, between 3 and 4 months old; answers to the name of Bob. Finder will please return to A. Stewart Robertson, 284 Yates street, or to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street, and get reward. feb-3-11

Medium.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on MRS. DR. MERCHANT. She gives valuable information on all business, uniting the separated, and can talk to your spirit friends. Fees reasonable. New York Hotel. feb-2-11

To Rent or Lease

THE SIDNEY SAW MILL

Equipped with all modern improvements. For terms and further information apply to

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St.

DEAN & HISCOCKS,

CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS, Corner of Yates and Broad sts.

E. H. Hiscocks, late with Langley & Co., and a Chemist and Druggist by examination of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

Try Some

Of our choice brands of

Pure India and Ceylon Teas.

We sell no other, and a trial will convince you when you want a good cup of tea. You always get the best quality at the lowest prices.

The Hindustan Tea Agency

82 1-2 Government street, over the Bank of Montreal.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TWO NIGHTS. Thursday and Friday, February 6th and 7th.

THE CARLETONS

COMEDY OPERA CO. Important Musical Event of the Season.

W. T. CARLETON and Star Cast in Delightful Operatic Productions.

THURSDAY NIGHT, The Romantic Musical Drama by Sir Julius Benedict.

THE LILY OF KILLARNEY.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Balfe's Ever Beautiful, BUCHANAN GIRL.

The performance each evening will be preceded by Cellier's charming comic opera, THE CHAMBER GIRLS, and Mr. Carleton will sing by special request the famous TRILBY song, BEN BOLT.

Prices usual. Sale of seats opens on Monday morning, February 3rd, at 9 o'clock.

Dominion Election.

Opposition

Ward Committee No. 3,

Will meet at Central Committee

Room, Broad Street, on Wednesday

evening, 5th instant, at 7:30

o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Dominion Election!

No. 7 COMMITTEE

Is requested to meet at Committee

Room, Broad Street, at 8 o'clock

Tuesday evening.

Gilmore & McCandless quote some attractive prices in men's clothing.

THE ARCH FALSIFIER

Sir Charles Tupper's Base Slender of More Than Half the People of Canada.

An Ottawa Clergyman Denounces the Great Strecher From the Pulpit.

Looking for a Steamer in Newfoundland for the Hudson Bay Expedition.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Rev. William Macintosh, of the Congregational church, in his sermon yesterday attacked Sir Charles Tupper for having circulated reports while in England that one-half of the people of Canada was disloyal to the empire. He said that in circulating such an untruth Sir Charles was an arch-falsifier. The exact language which Mr. Macintosh used against Sir Charles was a little stronger than this. Hon. Mr. Costigan is causing inquiries to be made in Newfoundland for a steamship suitable for the proposed Hudson's Bay expedition. Dr. Prince of the fisheries department, and Dr. Bell, assistant director of the geological department, will accompany the expedition.

There is great excitement here over the pastoral letter of Bishop Cameron in Antigonish, in which he characterizes those who are against remedial legislation as well-inspired hypocrites. This is the influence which is behind Tupper. The act respecting the Fort Sheppard railway was read a second time in the house today.

Col. Prior made his first official appearance in the house today, when N. P. Davis moved for a committee to consider the grading of wheat. Prior said he was not competent to speak on the subject and would ask Wood to do so. Wood came to his relief. The subject is an old one in the house, being threshed out frequently and discussed in the press until it has become threadbare.

Gaspesque, Feb. 3.—Fire yesterday destroyed the livery stable owned by C. Belton, and insured for \$14,000. Contents belonging to one Lloyd were damaged to the extent of \$12,000, on which there was no insurance. The fire was of incendiary origin.

CAPE BRETON ELECTION.

The Conservatives Betting on a Majority of Over 500.

North Sydney, C.B., Feb. 3.—An election day draws near there is considerable betting as to what Sir Charles Tupper will do. Conservatives are offering two to one that he will lead the poll by over 500 majority. Sir Charles Tupper, who has been the guest of David McKeen, ex-M.P., and A. C. Bertram, of the North Sydney Herald, spent Sunday with R. P. Brown, general manager of the General Mining Association. Today he visits the works of those famous old mines of which he is director. He will spend election day at Sydney mines, leaving on Wednesday for Halifax, where he is to be tendered a banquet.

THE IRISH LEADERSHIP.

The Times' Views of Mr. Blake as McCarthy's Successor.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—The following is the Toronto Evening Telegram's special cable: London, Feb. 3.—Referring to the published mention of Hon. E. Blake as successor to Justin McCarthy in the leadership of the anti-Parnellite party in the house of commons, the Times today editorially points out that such a selection, though it would be perhaps judicious, is improbable, owing to the feeling of jealousy existing against the member for South Longford among his colleagues. This feeling is born of the fact that Mr. Blake is a Canadian in the first place and a Protestant in the next. The objection to his advancement, the Times says, has increased rather than diminished since Mr. McCarthy publicly stated that Mr. Blake on more than one occasion resorted to the anti-Parnellite party from liberal bankruptcy.

The Morning Advertiser on the same subject says that notwithstanding Mr. Blake's success in Canada, he has been a complete failure at Westminster.

ANTARCTIC CONTINENT.

The First Man to Reach the Great Southern Continent.

New York, Feb. 2.—Prof. C. E. Borrich-groveck, the Norwegian explorer who achieved distinction as being the first man to reach what he asserts is the Antarctic continent, who in his eagerness to prosecute his scientific enquiries shipped as a rived here from England. He comes under contract to lecture on the results of his investigation in a region even more unfamiliar than the frozen north. He said: "This antarctic continent, I believe, to be about 4,000,000 square miles. Sir James Ross, while he did not reach the mainland, took possession of it from the island where he stopped, therefore England claims it. It is habitable, but I do not think any one is living there. I shall be much surprised if I find any one when I go back this year. I found, however, traces of mammals, although I could not get a specimen. It is of great size, and probably corresponds to the white bear."

Men's Mackintosh coats \$12. Gilmore & McCandless.

Cuba.

Havana, Feb. 3.—The column of troops commanded by General Loque, at San Juan Martinez, province of Pinar del Rio, has dislodged from that place the insurgent force commanded by Varona. During the fight the insurgents were driven out of the houses of the village at the point of the bayonet. The insurgent leader, Diaz, at the head of a strong force, attacked the train conveying provisions and ammunition and conveying troops between Kan Felipe and Paso Real, south of this city, not far from Bantabano. The troops forming the convoy only numbered 50 men. They made a gallant defence. The insurgents retired after plundering and partially burning the train. Advances from Pinar del Rio say the force of Antonio Maceo when last reported, were moving southeast through Paso Real and Los Palscios, towards the southern coast, apparently with the intention of pushing eastward toward the province of Havana and forcing the military line drawn north and south between Maguey, Artemisa, Guahajay and Marial, not far from the borders of the province of Pinar del Rio.

OUT OF JAIL AT LAST

Hyams Brothers Allowed to Leave Prison After Twelve Months' Confinement.

Possibility That the Charges Against Them Will be Dropped Altogether.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—The Hyams brothers are out of jail at last, after continuous confinement for twelve months. The Hyams had been in town several days, and it is stated that he was endeavoring to arrange for the various charges against prisoners being dropped on condition that they left the country. Welman and E. F. B. Johnston appeared Saturday morning before Mueh Miller, the justice of the peace who endorsed the warrant for their original arrest on the charge of murder, and applied for bail. Prisoners had been brought from jail to police headquarters the previous night to be in readiness. The application was granted, bail being granted in \$1500 each, security being at once found. Nothing was said before Justice Miller as to the Hyams leaving town, but immediately bail was granted, they drove in a cab to Union station and took a special train for Detroit.

There is no arrangement that the charges against them will be dropped on condition that they don't return to the country, but it is thought that they may not be on hand when the case is called and the bail will then be estreated. The real object of going to Detroit is to consult their uncle, who has been putting up the money for their defence, as to the best course for them now to pursue.

At the police court this morning the magistrate called for the case of the Hyams brothers, but neither responded. The magistrate at once issued warrants for their arrest. This action was taken simply to prevent the re-appearance of the Hyams in Canada, as it is not the crown's intention to take extradition proceedings. The prisoners' \$1500 bail, of course, is forfeited. The notorious Hyams trial is thus concluded. The expenses to defendants was about \$100,000, and to the crown \$25,000.

THE WRECK OF THE HAWKINS.

Arrival of Some of the Survivors of the Crew at Baltimore.

Boston, Feb. 3.—The three-masted schooner Leader V. Beebe, of Green Point, N. J., which vessel rescued the majority of the men comprising the ill-fated expedition which sailed from New York last Sunday night on the steamer J. W. Hawkins, bound to Cuba, has arrived at this port from Baltimore. Capt. William H. Howes was put ashore by a tug, and at once reported his arrival to his agents in this city.

Capt. Howes, after giving a detailed account of the reasons of seventy of the filibusters from the sinking steamer, said:

"I do not know the names of any of the men or their positions. On Monday night we were packed in the cabin like sardines in a box. Forty-one men were quartered there, and the remainder distributed in other parts of the vessel. The men from the steamer saved nothing but their clothing. I furnished to some of them hats, underclothing and coats, fed them and made them as comfortable as possible. On Tuesday morning when off the highlands of Navesank, N. J., I sighted a tug in the distance, and hoisted a signal for the tug to come alongside. The boat proved to be the Fred B. Daisell, Capt. De Nize. I asked the captain what he would take a party of seventy shipwrecked men to New York for, and he replied \$100. I told him I would give him \$70, or \$1 per man, to which agreement he readily assented, and the transfer of the men to the tug was made. I paid the captain of the tug out of my own pocket, and the only assurance I have that I will get the money back is the word of the men, who, by the way, are all gentlemen, and I think thoroughly honest. My stock of provisions was fast giving way, and I was glad of the opportunity to send them safely to New York. When the men left my ship they tried to show appreciation of the kindness of my crew, and made up a present of a purse for my men. They succeeded in raising \$30."

Capt. Howes was then asked if it was true that one of the men was Gen. Garcia, the leader of the expedition. He said he did not know.

"The steward of the Hawkins," said Capt. Howes, "who, by the way, was an American, told me the steamer was totally unfit for sea, and that she looked like a stove-while coming down Long Island."

A NATION'S GREAT DEAD

Impressive Funeral Procession and Ceremonies Over the Late Lord Leighton.

H.M.S. Benheim Arrives With the Remains of Prince Henry of Battenberg.

Why American Naval Demonstration in Turkish Waters was Abandoned.

London, Feb. 3.—A large crowd of people watched the departure this morning of the funeral procession conveying the remains of the late Lord Leighton, president of the Royal Academy, from the Royal Academy to St. Paul's Cathedral. The procession formed shortly before 11 o'clock, headed by a detachment of artists, a corps of volunteers, of which regiment the deceased was honorary colonel. Then came the hearse, the pallbearers being the Duke of Abercorn, Sir Joseph Lister, Sir John Millais, Hon. Edward Maunde Thompson, Professor Alexander Mackenzie, principal of the Royal Academy of Music, and General Arthur Ellis, who represented the Prince and Princess of Wales. The German and Italian ambassadors followed the hearse, then came the officials of the Royal Academy and the academicians. Large crowds of people lined the route to St. Paul's, and all stood uncovered as the hearse passed by. The Earl of Carrington, representing the Queen, met the coffin at the entrance to St. Paul's Cathedral. The building was filled with ambassadors, ministers, members of the diplomatic corps and the corporation of London, leading scientific, literary and artistic men and by large numbers of the aristocracy, including the Duke of Devonshire, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Marquis of Granby, Lord Knutsford, the Marquis of Ripon, Earl of Wemyss and March, the Earl and Countess of Lytton, and others.

The Queen's wreath was composed of laurels entwined with immortelles, tied with a broad ribbon. Attached was a card in Her Majesty's own handwriting, inscribed "A mark of respect, Victoria, R. I." The Archbishop of York and Dean Gregory officiated. The principal musical features were Chopin's "Funeral March" and the "Dead March in Saul." The ceremonies were most impressive as seen in the dim light of the vast edifice.

The Marquis of Salisbury, who was to be one of the pallbearers, was unable to be present. The musical part of the service was very finely rendered. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the body was lowered into the crypt by the central opening directly beneath the dome. Just previous to the lowering of the body into the crypt, two sisters of the deceased took a last look at the remains.

Mr. D. C. Wells, second secretary of the United States embassy, represented United States ambassador Bayard at the funeral.

Plymouth, Feb. 3.—The British cruiser Benheim, having on board the body of Prince Henry of Battenberg, arrived here to-day from Madeira, where the remains were transferred from the Blanche to the Benheim on Wednesday last.

Russia and Turkey.

London, Feb. 3.—A dispatch to the St. James Gazette from Washington says the United States correspondent of that paper has the highest authority for announcing an entente between Russia and Turkey. It is known at the state department that it has had a most important effect in modifying the plan of administration which had been prepared for the purpose of compelling Turkey to pay indemnity for damage done to troubles. Continuing, the correspondent says that in spite of the denial he is able to assure the readers of his paper that a naval demonstration upon the part of the warships of the United States was prepared, and that a cabinet meeting had approved of the policy of bringing pressure to bear upon Turkey. He also says Secretary Olney entered into communication with Russia and Great Britain asking if it would oppose the United States against Turkey. Great Britain's reply, he said, was favorable, but he adds that Russia informed Mr. Olney that she preferred no naval demonstration at that time, as Russia was negotiating to bring about a restoration of order in Turkey, which country, Mr. M. E. Delozobure, Russian minister to the United States, is said to have informed Mr. Olney, would pay any indemnity required. "Therefore," concludes the correspondent, "the projected naval demonstration of the United States war vessels in Turkish waters was abandoned."

Transvaal.

London Feb. 3.—The correspondent of the African Collector, Johannesburg, cables that he has collected "damning evidence of the refined tortures" of a captain and a troop of Dr. Jameson's force by the Boers, whose commander afterwards ordered the prisoners to be shot.

Sheffield cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

ROYAL Baking Powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—U.S. PATENT OFFICE.

THE DAIRY INTEREST

Matters Discussed at the Late Meeting of the Dairymen's Association.

The Question of Government Assistance—Dairy Produce and the Market.

New Westminster, Jan. 31.—The annual meeting of the Dairymen's Association of British Columbia was opened this morning in the city hall.

An interesting discussion followed, during which the question of the necessity of creating a dairy commission was brought up.

The following resolution was also adopted: "Whereas there is information before this convention that the rates of fare charged by the C. P. R. Co. are two cents per mile higher in this province than in other portions of the Dominion;

After several other gentlemen had spoken, Mr. Hutchison said that he had been asked to prepare a report on the subject of a provincial legislature to give a bonus per pound for butter manufactured in the province.

Conference Between Ministers in Spain.—The Patriots Purchase Another Steamer.

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A dispatch from Baltimore says: It has just been learned that another steamer has been bought here, presumably for the Cuban patriotic party, to be fitted for a filibustering expedition.

THE ABBEY BILL

Ministers' Treatment of the Subject Not in Accord With Their Argument.

Quebec Opinion as Shown by the Results of the Several By-Elections.

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No Hoops. No Seams. (That is, the pair hasn't.)

E. B. EDDY'S IMPURATED FIBREWARE TUBS and PAILS are the most perfect and lasting in existence.

The nutritious elements of Beef that make muscle, sinew, and give strength, are supplied by



Largely used by Athletes when training.

Artists Find Few That are the Same of Both Sides.

Mr. Phil Morris' experiences have led him to the conclusion that symmetrical faces are very few and far between.

According to Mr. Morris, artists who devote themselves to portrait painting are in the habit of looking at their work as if they were a fox hunter.

"Five years ago," says Anga A. Lewis, Richard, N.Y., "I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians.

As we are often told, Oh, how can lovely woman Be worth her weight in gold?

Are you the strange bummer that I saw half a year ago, to be sure, but I guess I am, mum; but I'm willing to bet bygone be bygone, it ain't in my heart to bear no malice.



Whenever the body has been weakened by disease, it should be built up by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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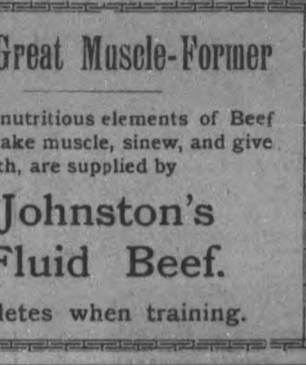
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THE GREAT MUSCLE-FORMER

The nutritious elements of Beef that make muscle, sinew, and give strength, are supplied by

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

Largely used by Athletes when training.



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George Marsden

General News Agent

Is now located in the ADELPHI BLOCK

A Choice Stock of Tobacco and Cigars.

All Coast Papers on sale.

MEETINGS.

James Bay Athletic Association.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Association will be held at the Club House, foot of Douglas street, on Tuesday Evening, February 4th, 1896, for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer Government Street, Victoria.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Front Street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneer and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.B., Buffalo, N.Y.). Office at Bray's Registry, 100 Johnson Street, Telephone 182; Residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell, 400 Fort Street, between Douglas and Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 60 Vancouver Street, Telephone, 130.

JEWELERS, ETC.

WALTHAM WATCHES, \$7.

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68 1/2 Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Street, 75c.; Balance and pallets made to order at 10c. per pair. Work done in 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

WANTS.

WANTED—A small furnished cottage, within 15 minutes' walk of the postoffice. Address "House," Times office. Tel. 1-1-1.

WANTED—General servant, female. Apply at "Province" office. Jan 3-3

WANTED—Twenty-five men at Beaver Lake, wages 25 cents an hour. Board, \$5 a week. Walkley, King & Casey.

WANTED—Farmers and builders to leave their orders at above's hardware store, 57 Johnson Street. 603-11

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Two heavy teams, harness and wagons. Apply to J. West, 50 Vancouver St. Tel. 1-1-1

FOR SALE—New and second hand sailing boats, anchor and chain, water casks, stove and set stern davits. Apply at Grant's wharf. Tel. 1-1-1

TO LET.

TO RENT—A shop situated on wharf st., suitable for blacking or cooper. Apply North Pacific Saloon, wharf street. Jan 1-1-1

MISCELLANEOUS.

A & W. WILSON PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.

Sell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of heating and cooking stoves, ranges, etc. (wholesale) supplied at lowest rates. See our list of prices. Telephone call 129

Can be obtained from your Chemist.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been PUBLICLY TESTED and proved to be superior to any other

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.

IN CITY CHURCHES

Bishop Cridge's Interesting Sermon on the Armenian Atrocities.

The Final Sermon in Rev Cleaver's Series on the Prophet of Fire.

Rev. Bishop Cridge preached at the Reformed Episcopal church yesterday morning, the subject of his sermon being "Armenian Martyrs." It would seem, he said as if in those latter days, God was drawing special attention to the horrors attendant upon false religions; to the cruelties perpetrated in regions where the light of truth does not shine. On one country especially are the eyes of Christians fixed. The atrocities perpetrated on the Armenian Christians may well draw the attention of mankind to the iniquity of efforts made to disparage the religion of Jesus and exalt the religion of men. Mohemudau missions had been sent to Christian lands, while the sword of the false prophet is drinking blood in their own land. God is rebuking this and confounding this blindness by showing to mankind what these religions are and what are their fruits. The question which is agitating Christian minds all over the world, continued the Bishop, is "who will come to the help of the Lord against the mighty?" As yet no answer has been found. All the world, horrified at the scenes enacted in Armenia, are gathering around the barred gates with lamentations and entreaties to those who have the power to hasten to the rescue. The powers have their own disputes to settle; their own jealousies to appease; their own ambitions to gratify; and the work of extermination goes on. It is easy to put on paper a scheme of international policy whereby such flagrant wrongs against humanity might be abated, if not suppressed. Such a scheme cannot be pronounced visionary or necessarily impracticable. The principle has been admitted; its justice who questions? One thing only is necessary; harmony among the nations concerned. And here we must leave this question, so far as hope for relief from earthly powers is concerned, and turn to the heavenly—the power which as Christians is placed in our own hands and which is ours to put in force. God has not armed the church with the sword, but he has given to the faithful that which prevails over the sword. Prayer moves the arm of Him who governs the world; in whose hands are the hearts of kings. Therefore, Christians are exhorted to pray for kings and all who are in eminent places. The Bishop urged Christians to pray for the Armenian martyrs, not accusing God because he delays vengeance, for "Shall not God avenge his own elect, who cry day and night unto Him? Though He hear long, I tell you, He will avenge them speedily." But we must be patient; God has His martyrs in every age. The pains of martyrdom are too great for our working day thoughts to contemplate; but those for whom it is prepared receive a needful strength from heaven. Our part is to pray that Jesus may be with them. Not that our indignation should be less keen or our efforts less strenuous if ought can be done, but because when in our grief and pity we call upon God for redress we clear ourselves from blood-guilty indifference to the suffering of the saints. The Bishop closed his very instructive sermon by reference to the recent war scare. He said, the words of rulers, imperial or democratic, which have lately filled the world with alarm, were impossible in the mouth of a British sovereign, being of sound mind. We thank God that He has given our Queen wisdom and a peaceful spirit, and pray that under her rule England may still be strong in defense of the oppressed, though this task be too great for her unaided.

METROPOLITAN CHURCH.

Rev. S. Cleaver's Final Sermon of the Series on "Elijah."

The Metropolitan Methodist church presented its usual well-filled appearance last evening, the popular Sabbath evening sermons of the pastor being still of great interest, and attracting many. The pastor took as his text II Kings, chap. 2, verse 11: "And it came to pass as they still went on and talked, that behold there appeared a chariot of fire and horses of fire and parted them both asunder: and Elijah went up by a whirlwind into heaven." The preacher commenced by saying that he did not know how the rest might regard it, but to his mind the most emphatic confirmation of religious teachings and Christianity are the lives of men as recorded in God's Word, the living men of the Bible who stand boldly out in history as living characters. We fancy, as we read, that we can hear the anguish and the groanings of their spirits, and we see the halo above their brows, and the very dark pages of their history, where their sins also stand out in equal prominence, are as the lamp of the locomotive lighting up the road and showing the dangers ahead. It is the mingling of these weaknesses and strength that makes it so interesting to us. They fill us with hope when we remember that the same fountain from which they have drunk are still open to us and the very humanness of these Bible characters are a source of strength to us. We look far up the mountain slope and see the noble characters safely landed from all harm and we realize that we too may climb to those same heights if we follow the same road which they have trod. How many are afraid that calamity may happen to them before they can finish their work? Jeshabel hated Elijah, and the royal guard had been out scouring for him to kill him, but Elijah defied them all, he was kept in the hollow of God's hand. Not until His work was finished here did the Lord call him and then there were not forces enough in the universe to keep him back. So we can afford to leave our interests with Elijah's God, and if we do our duty he

will look after us. Elijah had established several schools throughout the province and it was his wish to pay them a farewell visit. First he went to Gilead, and here he gave Elisha an opportunity to leave him, but Elisha said: "As the Lord liveth and as thy soul liveth I will not leave thee." Then on they went to Bethel, where also another school of the sons of the prophets was. Here Elisha was expostulated with by those same sons of the prophets, and they asked him if he did not know that Elijah was to be taken away. He replied that he knew it, and so he stuck to Elijah and they went on to Jericho, and here again the sons of the prophets asked Elisha if he knew of Elijah's approaching departure, and once again Elisha told them to keep still. What did it all mean? Generally, people when about to leave this world liked to have all their friends around them, but Elijah wanted to go all alone. He did not wish a public demonstration; he hid come into this world without the sounding of tintrills and he wished to go out as quietly. He had summoned all Israel to the mountain side, when God was to be glorified, but when he was to be glorified he wished no one to witness it. Once more the travelers came down to the rushing Jordan, the same river through which the children of Israel had passed years ago, and as they came to the banks they found no bridge. Elijah rolled up his garment and smote the waters and they swept back as they had done when the feet of the priest of Israel touched them on that memorable occasion. When they had crossed, Elijah turned to his follower and asked him what he should do for him. Here was Elisha's chance. What a number of things he might ask for—wealth, influence—it's a very pleasant thing to have a good bank account. But Elisha doesn't ask for wealth, honor or favor of the King. He asked simply that "a double portion of thy spirit be upon me." Here the preacher observed that by referring to Deuteronomy we might find that the word translated doubled literally means the eldest son's portion; the heir's portion. Heir to what? Poverty; the hatred of the King. Yes, he knew all this, and was anxious to assume the burden. He said: "Let me carry on the work which you have begun," that was all. Elijah was well pleased with the request, and promised that it should be so if Elisha was present when he was taken away. And so they travelled together and talked as brothers. As they passed through this valley with its mountain range and Pisgah on the one hand, suddenly there appeared a chariot of fire in the heavens drawn with the speed of lightning by fiery steeds, and as this wonderful equipage swept down through the air a whirlwind arose and caught up the prophet and he went sweeping into heaven. Elijah was home, Elisha was left alone and gathering up the mantle which Elijah had dropped, all he could say was "My father! my father! Oh, what an end to a glorious life. It would be well to draw some lessons from the life of this prophet as we briefly review it. Don't forget that Elijah was not a supernatural being. Elijah was subject to all the conditions and privations of life as an ordinary man, but what was it that made Elijah so great? Was it not that he had a mind above the common herd of men? Several points in his character it would be well to notice. His irreproachable righteousness. His character and life were straight before men and God. Men and women, if they would enjoy communion with God, must lead straight lives. Somehow or other the Lord's answers to prayer will not go through crooked ways, and the Lord will not walk with the unrighteous. With one single exception, when Elijah showed weakness by flying into the wilderness from the wrath of Jezebel, his life had been one of irreproachable righteousness. Even David committed murder; Solomon was guilty of idolatry and Moses—pure, simple Moses—gave way to anger with the children of Israel and smote the rock in disobedience to God's command. He obeyed without question. His life was one of no questions, but obedience. How many there are always questioning the reason of this and that. Some who would believe if they were only sure where Cain got his from. Contrast Elijah with others; Moses, if you will. When the Lord appeared to him out of the burning bush and ordered him down to Egypt, what a lot of excuses he had to give. Elijah, when ordered to go from place to place, had not a question to ask, but just went. If there were only one hundred men in Victoria who had unquestioning confidence in God to do His will, they would be a power to stir the whole province as never before in its history. 3rd. His steadfastness and courage. We need men and women to-day with courage and hearts of oak. Elijah boldly did his duty and delivered his messages as did Nabam to David. John Knox before Queen Mary had that courage, and well might the inscription on the stone of his grave, "Here lies a man who never feared the face of man," be said of Elijah. What was the secret of his steadfastness and courage? Because Elijah stood always in the presence of God. What would you care if a petty magistrate was embittered against you if the Queen of England stood before you? No wonder he cared nothing for the threatening of his persecutors, and could declare the will of God with sublime dignity—"before whom I stand." This was the power he had in the wilderness, which to him became a sanctuary. And yet Elijah's life was said to be a failure, grand as it was. The good people of the land who had cried "The Lord is God," were without a leader. Jezebel still ruled with an iron hand. He had only founded a few schools in the province, and yet his life was not one to be forgotten, though dead he yet speaks. There is a certain valley where one may stand and shout, and apparently there is no response but the rocks on either side take up the shout; and echo after echo is thrown back until at length the whole valley is filled with the echoes—the shout of one man, and so the shout of this prophet has come down these three thousand years. "Prepare ye the way of the Lord," and will go on until it is met by Gabriel's trump. Even Christ's life was pronounced by the world a failure. After all his wonderful miracles and preachings, there was not a man to stand by Him at His death, not a hand stirred to save Him, and when He left this world He left a mere handful of followers,

carpenters, fishermen and a reformed brigand. Just one hundred and twenty, all told, assembled in that upper room to await the coming of the Comforter. And the army of martyrs that have followed the world has pronounced their lives failures. But are they failures? No! not at all. The world is ever anxious to accept them as failures, but we will not be surprised to see the palms of victory waving on the other shore, and where our ancestors wrote in their ashes "failures," and the Lord has pronounced it "well done." What was heaven's estimate of Elijah's life? He sent a fiery chariot and chargers to carry him home. There's a welcome! Will the pleadings of a righteous man be in vain? Never! Will the wife and children still remain away from God? Who dares write failure where God has written success?

MORE MINES.

Prospectors Return to Sitka with a Good Sack.

Two prospectors have discovered a new mining district, presumably at the head of Portland Canal. The Alaska News, referring to the find says: Last fall two men, who spent the summer at Cook's Inlet, were late in getting out of that country and left there in an open boat with Seattle for their destination. A scanty supply of provisions were put aboard, for neither of the men had any money, but, through the proverbial generosity of the miners in camp, a supply sufficient to last several weeks was subscribed. Contrary winds and bad weather prolonged the trip, and it was only by dint of sheer tenacity to purpose that they reached habitations, and slept under a sheltering roof once more. Broke, but not discouraged, the confidence of a storekeeper was obtained, and later in the season the men procured a grub stake and stepped aboard the staunch little craft that so safely bore them through the long, perilous journey and once more essayed to tempt fate's fortune. With no particular aid of the compass as a course to steer, the little vessel poked its nose here and there; now in a creek and again on open water. About the time snow began to fall the adventurers returned one night after dark, and the results of the trip, as graphically told by the men, and the practical evidence in the shape of dust, more than convinced the confiding backer, who advanced a winter's supply of provisions, blankets and paraphernalia belonging to a prospector's outfit. Thus liberally supplied, the couple returned to the scene of their find and are spending the winter upon their claims. It has been ascertained beyond a doubt that this discovery is at the head of Portland Canal. The country surrounding is kindly for mineral, though it is claimed that the ore is exceedingly low grade and the gold difficult to extract. However that may be, it has been estimated that gold, and in paying quantities too, would be found in that vicinity at no very distant day. Should the news of this strike be confirmed we look for a genuine stampede to that section, for the salmon river empties into the canal, lumber is plenty, the place can be reached by large steamers, in no time, the season is not a short one, and, altogether, may be the making of a second Crocker if it does not turn out to be the Lost Rocker itself. Places or ledge mining, a reasonable distance from the shore, should be carried on with little expense. Portland Canal is within the territory of the alleged disputed boundary. Portland Canal is in British Columbia.

THE NEW PHOTOGRAPHY.

London Letter in New York Sun: The marvels of Prof. Roentgen's new photography are even greater than those which I have described in recent dispatches. All the professor's experiments have been successfully repeated in London this week, and many of them were shown at the meeting of the Camera Club on Thursday. It proves that the strange medium which produces hidden objects on a photograph plate is not light at all. It is equally incorrect to describe it as electricity. It is some force or influence produced by Crooke's tube when excited in a peculiar manner, but it is not visible light or glow which comes from the tube. That visible light has the same qualities as ordinary light. The invisible new medium has not the same qualities. For instance, it will not penetrate clear glass. It must penetrate ground glass, though more feebly than x-ray and other organic matter. Aluminium is far more transparent than glass. Even copper is less opaque than glass. Mr. Swinton, the well-known electrical engineer, showed a large collection of these strange photographs which had been taken to the Camera Club. He employed a half horse power electric current, and passing it through an induction coil, loaded ten Leyden jars. The discharge from them was passed through a second induction coil, by a secondary system, by which Crooke's tube was excited. He said that he had only succeeded in this way, and had failed with Crooke's tube when excited by an ordinary induction coil. He showed pictures of the skeleton of a human hand, a purse containing coins in which only the coins and the metal clasp of the purse were reproduced, and other objects. The method of procedure was simply to place the object to be photographed between Crooke's tube and the sensitive wooden case containing the negative plate in which the negative is placed when carried to and from the camera. The slide is not removed, and an exposure of from four to twenty minutes is required. If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable, and these little pills cure both.

For Business Men.

Every newspaper is handicapped, and deprived of business that legally belongs to it, by the great number of advertising schemes worked in every town, such as programmes, church papers, and the like.

It is coming to be quite a business getting up publications of this class, and in all cities and large towns there are men who make it profitable to promote them. A "dummy" is made up and taken to the people interested, who agree to let the fake work his blackmailing scheme in their name for a certain percentage of the profits. I have had considerable experience with these gentlemen. They do not hesitate to work a barefaced, sponge game. They sometimes promise a certain circulation, but do not shrink from baldly demanding that space be taken in order that the active hostility of the supposed beneficiaries be avoided.

There are also numerous appeals made for advertisements by people who are honest and earnest, but who are simply begging for aid for some society or project that they think ought to receive some sort of quasi-public support. They attain their ends by means of deprecating, legitimate advertising business. They actually demand double tribute of business men—the sum paid for the advertisement, and the loss incurred through not using that sum for an advertisement in some medium that would yield some return. Business men yield to the entreaties of these solicitors, because they ask in the name of a church or of some quasi-public institution; often because they are women, or a customer or a business acquaintance. The victims know they are being fleeced. They know their money is actually given away, and they have no right to expect any return. But they charge the sum up to advertising, and they usually visit the result of their weakness upon the newspapers. Advertising in general comes in for condemnation, and there is figuring in the counting room that is made to show that money spent in advertising yields too small returns.—Newspaperdom.

The way to get business is to advertise—the only way to advertise is to advertise right—the only way to advertise right is to study the needs of the people in your particular line of trade, and place the matter before them in an honest, straightforward manner—pleasantly stated, and giving due prominence to the good points of the articles you wish to sell prominently, persistently, and in an attractive manner. Fortunes made by judicious, persistent, consistent advertising are not exceptional. The largest business houses have been the largest advertisers, and the success has been in keeping with the amount of advertising. Large oaks from little acorns grow. Keep your name before the people. Keep your goods before their eyes. The only way to do it is to advertise.

To provoke curiosity at sight, to sustain it by fresh and agreeable surprises without slur or slump, to satisfy it and gratify it, leaving a feeling of gain from the new acquaintance, is the ideal achievement of business literature.

Commercial clouds that gather Darkly in the sky Will show their silver lining If you only advertise.

Romantic Miss—Have there not been moments in your experience when life seemed full of unsatisfied wants? Grocer Wisehead—Yes, that's so.

Romantic Miss—At such times I always fly to music for relief. What do you do, Mr. Wisehead? Grocer Wisehead—I advertise.

Good advertising is the advance agent of prosperity.

Throw Away His Cane. Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly affected with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He said this balm did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 75 cents a bottle by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages, 25cents.

"LOOK IT UP."

Yes, dear reader, they have been "looking it up," and now that the HOUSES ARE LET, EXCEPT THE BIG ONE, we are turning our attention to the arable acreage that we offer at prices to defy competition.

Yes, MOUNT TOLMIE ESTATE, values have suffered, but by a favorable financial arrangement we are meeting the drop in prices.

We must pay our past due taxes or be "SOLD UP."

Call for map and get particulars of FIVE and TEN acre plots, all ready for the plow, that will produce anything that will grow on Vancouver Island.

J. H. BROWNLEE, Financial Agent. Rooms 38 and 39, Board of Trade Building.



THREE GREAT

Characteristics:

ENTERPRISING, PATRIOTIC, RELIABLE

THE TIMES

Unsurpassed as an Advertising Medium.

It possesses the cardinal features that make it profitable to advertisers, honesty, purity of tone, circulation, and the confidence of its readers; these are the characteristics that give a newspaper that quality that shrewd advertisers seek. THE TIMES is such a paper. Its circulation is good and increasing rapidly, and advertisers will find it a paying medium.

THE "TWICE-A-WEEK" TIMES

The Peer of all Provincial "Twice-a-Weeks," \$1.50 Per Year.

TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LTD.

W. TEMPLEMAN, MANAGER.



FEBRUARY.

Calendar table for February 1896 with columns S, M, T, W, T, F, S and rows 2-29.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER, Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

UNWORTHY SCHEMERS.

Any person wishing to find striking instances of political profligacy may safely be directed to the actions of the Conservative government at Ottawa. No trick is too mean and petty, no violation of the rights of the people too outrageous for that combination to perpetrate, if only by so doing it can hope for a little partisan advantage.

following Ottawa dispatch disposes of the yarn:

"The report made by Sir A. P. Caron in the house and repeated by the organs, that Angers, Liberal in Charlevoix, was to vote for remedial legislation is incorrect. A telegram was received to-day by Tarte from Angers and the latter says he made no such statement. If he had been in favor of remedial legislation there would have been no need of the Bishop's interference.

PIPING TO EACH OTHER.

It is rather amusing to see the way the Conservative organs throughout the country are piping to each other to keep up a forlorn hope. Here is a sample bar from the Mail and Empire to the Nor-Wester: "In the opinion of the Winnipeg Nor-Wester a close study of the election returns (in Manitoba) cannot fail to convince that the situation in many respects is most encouraging, and that, on honest lists, with proper organization, and the real issues of the day, the Conservative party would sweep almost every constituency."

BIG LUMBER TRUST

A Combination Representing \$70,000,000 to Control Lumber Trade of the Coast.

An Advance of \$2 per Thousand Ordered - China a Big Purchaser.

Port Townsend, Wash., Feb. 3.—The biggest trust ever formed on the Pacific coast, and representing a capital of over \$70,000,000, has been consummated and went into effect last night. It is the Central Lumber Trust, and includes all the ship owners and wholesale and retail dealers of the western coast of the United States and British Columbia.

They have a property tax in Prussia and the amount of taxable property as assessed is 60,000,000,000 marks, or \$3,000,000,000 in addition to 20,000,000,000 marks or 1,000,000,000,000 francs from taxation. The amount assessable under the tax is less by 15,800,000,000 marks than the estimate of the finance minister. The number of persons assessed is 1,150,000.

Arrangements for the season were completed at a meeting of the new Pacific professional baseball league held at Portland on Friday evening. The Victoria franchise was formally awarded to S. D. Schultz, representing several Victoria gentlemen, after Mr. Schultz had deposited the \$500 guarantee required by the constitution and the payment of the annual dues. It was decided to make Friday ladies' day throughout the league. Frank W. March was appointed one of the umpires.

Lord Salisbury has confessed that Great Britain can do practically nothing to help the Armenians against the oppression of the "unspeakable Turk." His discovery seems to have come a little too late. It should have been made in time to prevent any show of interference by Britain, which has been placed in a humiliating position by an unsuccessful demonstration. Lord Salisbury will hardly be acquitted of blundering most seriously in his handling of this affair; British public opinion, at all events, is strongly against him.

There appears to be no truth in the report that Mr. Angers, who was elected as a Liberal in Charlevoix, had declared in favor of remedial legislation as proposed by the government. The

This Week

We are slaughtering on the block of necessity with the axe of low prices as fine an assortment of

...CARPETS...

As was ever exhibited in the province Also the newest, nobbiest and best makes of Tapestry Seamless Carpet, Squares, Dagdag Rugs, Dagdag Mats, Wilton Squares. Many who are taking advantage of this Great Forced Sale in progress at our establishment say: "We don't need the goods now, you know, but we thought it best to seize the opportunity" They're right. They're right!

B. C. FURNITURE CO., Government St. JACOB SEHL, Manager.

REV. RALPH TROTTER

His Sermon on "The Crime of Our City and Our Police Service."

Calvary Baptist Church Crowded to the Door: Last Evening.

There was a very large attendance at Calvary Baptist church last evening to hear Rev. Ralph W. Trotter's sermon on "The Crime of our City and Our Police Service." The church was crowded, many being seated on the platform and in the adjoining rooms. Every inch of standing room was taken and many were turned away.

The preacher had said in his sermon on "The Ethics of Municipal Politics" of two months ago, that the electorate were not only under moral obligation to use the franchise to elect men of character and ability to the executive board, but he said that when elected the people were under obligation to support them every day of the year. He then reviewed the recent election and characterized it as a conflict of light against darkness, and in some measure at least a victory for light. He was proud that in the initial resolution of the year the whole council had declared itself against gambling, and in favor of the enforcement of British law. During the past eight months he had been tempted many times to draw back from the task before him to-night, but every time he had yielded to such feelings he had felt himself, like Solomon, shorn of his power. No, he knew too much to draw back now. He had been flooded with letters asking him to do something for the cause of reform. Moreover, he felt the lack of moral sensibility in many of the people and he had determined to fathom the cause. To do this he had made personal investigation. And now he was in possession of facts which left only two courses open to him, namely, to speak the truth or to cater to the selfish interests of the city. He believed the enforcement of British law and the cleansing of the city possible. It can be done! You don't think so. Appoint me chief of police for six months, and I'll show you. (Applause.) The speaker asked the audience not to applaud as there were many present who were sensitive on that point. The preacher told the story of his personal investigations into the night life in Victoria. Gambling dens, concert gardens, saloons, and houses of prostitution were pictured at first hand and from sight. The cry was always "Give us facts and not ministerial generalities." He would put the facts of this address in the form of hard, cold affidavits if they wished it, and would grind them out afresh every week if necessary. The speaker said his purpose was not to bring into disrepute the personnel of the police force. There were gentlemen on that force, and he was glad to see some of them present. But British law was not enforced in this city and the police were either ignorant, incompetent or in collusion. If ignorant such innocence ought not to be allowed out alone after dark. If incompetent, they should be dismissed and able men appointed. If in collusion, they should be punished.

The fact that the police on January 20th had within a few hours after the first resolution of the new council closed nearly all the gambling houses referred to was proof that they were neither ignorant or to that extent incompetent. The fact was the police of this city had demonstrated that they could close the gambling houses any hour they chose. If then called for an awakening of public sentiment for protection from the element of "run-soaked, besotted bloodhounds that were growing fat by sucking the blood from the moral vitals of this community," and asked all classes to be true irrespective of party and prejudice to secure the moral cleaning of the city.

More cases of sick headache biliousness constipation can be cured in less time, with less medicine and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills than by any other means.

Down comforters at reduced prices to clear; all nice goods and splendid value. Weiler Bros.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Full Court this morning gave judgments as below in the following cases:

Edison General Electric Co. vs. Ewen et al. The appeal from Mr. Justice Drake's judgment in favor of the defendants was allowed with costs and the action is sent back to Mr. Justice Drake for trial. The time of appealing from the judgment of the Divisional Court of 7th August last was enlarged 60 days. L. G. McPhillips, Q. C. and A. E. McPhillips for the appellants and E. P. Davis, Q. C. and L. P. Duff for the respondents.

Re Kaslo by-law 31. Kane's motion to quash. Appeal from Mr. Justice Walkem's order dismissing the motion on the ground that it was out of time. The appeal was allowed. R. Cassidy for the appeal and E. V. Bodwell contra.

Atkins vs. Coy. The Court ordered that the motion for a new trial upon notice of motion given by the respondents should be argued in the Full Court notwithstanding that the respondents desired to withdraw from motion and proceed instead with a notice of motion for a new trial made by the respondents before Judge Spinks in the County Court of Kootenay. Friday was fixed on as the day for argument.

ALASKA BOUNDARY QUESTION. To the Editor: In your paper of Friday, January 31st there is an interesting paragraph relating to the Alaska boundary question. It is most satisfactory to hear that such eminent statesmen as Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain are now considering this question on behalf of our province of British Columbia, and I, in common with many others, trust that this enquiry will lead to the boundary line being drawn in its proper position, up Clarence Strait. There must, however, have been a mistake in the dispatching of this special message to the Montreal Star, viz., "that the United States has no right under the Anglo-Russian treaty of 1825 to 3,000,000 acres of land on Prince of Wales Island." The treaty of 1825 expressly states that the whole of Prince of Wales Island shall belong to Russia, and this statement is one of the strongest proofs that the boundary line was intended to go up Clarence Strait, for if up Portland Canal why make this special statement about Prince of Wales Island, considering that between this island and the Portland Canal there is the large island of Revilla-gigedo, beside other smaller ones, with also a part of the mainland.

The three million acres mentioned are not part of Prince of Wales Island, but comprise the approximate area that would be surrendered to the United States were the line of demarcation drawn up Portland Canal instead of from the southernmost point of Prince of Wales Island "along the channel to the north, until it reaches the 56th parallel."

To any person interested in the Alaska boundary question I can strongly recommend the perusal of a very able article on the subject written by R. E. Gosnell, the provincial librarian, which appeared in the January number of the Canadian Magazine.

JOHN T. WALBRAN. Exposure to cold damp winds may result in pneumonia unless the system is kept invigorated with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Plain, skeleton and bordered mats, also wire mats in all sizes. Weiler Bros.

At least 106 of James Balfour's victims have died from shock at being financially ruined.

One million two hundred and eighty-six thousand eight hundred and sixty-three persons visited the Atlanta Exposition.

An Opera Wrap

Of some light material with a soft silk lining. Quilted on Fibre Chamois

(By the Montreal Quilting Co.) With one thin sheet of wadding will be delightfully warm, soft and light, yet will never lose its shape.

Look for the NAME ON EVERY YARD OF GENUINE FIBRE CHAMOIS and

Always Cut Across the Goods.

Advertisement for Nolte's Patent eyeglasses, featuring an illustration of a pair of glasses and text: "Classes Accurately Adjusted. F. W. Nolte & Co. The Only Opticians 37 Fort Street."

Advertisement for Dominion Election, Opposition Central Committee Rooms, No. 22 Broad St. Text: "All persons opposed to the present Dominion Government, and who are willing to assist in effecting a change of administration, are invited to call at the above address and leave their names with the secretary. Open day and evening."

Advertisement for Book Binding, Phil R. Smith, Printer, Book Binder and Manufacturing Stationer. Text: "You can now obtain first-class Bindings at less than half the former prices. No necessity to let your Magazines or Newspapers become destroyed for want of a cover, when a few cents will give a cheap and serviceable binding. Now is the time and 32 Langley St. the place."

Advertisement for Re-Opened THE VICTORIA HOTEL, Under New Management. Text: "Is now ready for the reception of guests. The Victoria will be conducted as a first-class FAMILY HOTEL. Rates reasonable—quoted on application. First-class bar in connection. JOSEPH BYRNE, Proprietor."

Advertisement for Getting Ready For Spring, Weiler Bros. Text: "In order to make room for a large consignment of Goods now on the way we have reduced in price the following: Down Comforters, Cretones, Art Muslins, Seamless Velvet Rugs, Madras Muslins, &c. It will pay you to buy these Goods, and you can be sure of getting real bargains at WEILER BROS. Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk is closed to Public traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer."

Advertisement for Joshua Davies Auctioneer's Mortgagee's Sale. Text: "Under and by virtue of the powers contained in certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be Sold on Bloc by Public Auction, At my Salesroom, Bastion Square, on Tuesday, 11th Day of February, 1896. At the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the property known as that belonging to the Matsqui Land Company, Limited, COMPRISING 141 plots of nearly 40 acres each of the richest farming land, aggregating 5524 7/100 Acres. Located at Matsqui, on the Fraser river opposite Mission City. TERMS AND CONDITIONS will be made known at time of sale. MAPS containing full particulars can be had after the 19th at the office of Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, Solicitors, or from JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer. Jan. 11-1m

Advertisement for AUCTION FARM IN LAKE DISTRICT. Text: "Monday, February 24th, at 11 a.m. Re Samuel Ricketts, Deceased. I have been instructed by the Executors to sell of my salesroom, Yates street, that well known property, Section XXII, in Lake District, partly bordered by Prospect Lake Head, and adjoining Mr. R. Porter's property. There are about 15 acres under cultivation; the balance is good grazing land. Improvements consist of a good dwelling house, barn, sheds, stable, granary, chicken house, fencing, etc. TITLE GOOD. Terms of sale, cash. G. BYRNER, Auctioneer. Jan 27-1d

Walk Right In

Our door is never locked. A licensed pharmacist always on hand to attend to your wants.

BOWEN, Dispenses Prescriptions. Beside the Postoffice, 100 Gov't St. Telephone 425.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Prov. - Local News in a Condensed Form.

No. 112 won the gold watch and No. 45 won the chair at the Leland House on Saturday, February 1st.

A dramatic entertainment will be given in the Cathedral school room on Shrove Tuesday, the 18th instant.

A lecture on "Pleading" will be given this evening by Mr. Archer Martin before the Law Students' Association.

Mrs. Morris will give a lecture at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, Johnson street, to-morrow evening, her subject being "The City of London."

It is rumored that Gilmore & McCandless intend to give up carrying men's ready made clothing and devote their time to boys' clothing, furnishings and boots and shoes.

Single Tax Club - Public meeting in Temperance Hall on Wednesday, Feb. 5th, at 8 p.m. By Mrs. H. West will lecture on "Co-operation." Musical programme. Admission free.

The popular Saturday night concert at the Y. M. C. A. hall was largely attended. The programme contained some good vocal and instrumental numbers and a selection from "The Merchant of Venice."

The funeral of the late Robert Francis took place at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Hayward's undertaking parlors. There was a large attendance of friends and members of the local lodges of C. O. O. F. to which the deceased belonged.

The members of Perseverance lodge I. O. G. T. provided the entertainment for the regular weekly concert in Temperance hall, Pandora street, on Saturday night. Rev. Richard Bushell, of Seattle, occupied the chair.

The "Charity Girls," which will precede each of the performances of the Carlotta, is by the late Alfred Cellier, and probably no composer ever gave to the public more beautiful pastoral music. It is full of delightful lyrics and abounds in some of the most amusing situations imaginable.

A Port Townsend dispatch says: There is a prospect that a sardine canning factory will be established here this season. Joseph Coates, who has been in that business in Gloucester, Mass., in the past, has put up some Puget Sound sardines here the past three years, and experts have pronounced them almost equal to the French article, and superior to any other American product.

In the month of January 2,055 books were issued from the Victoria Free Library; 900 taken by ladies, and 1005 by gentlemen. The average taken per day was 70, the highest number in one day was 152. During the month 43 new members were enrolled - 24 ladies and 19 gentlemen.

Dr. E. H. Stanley, of Port Angeles, has undertaken the propagation of Eastern oysters. He has just completed preparations for the establishment of an extensive plant at Sequim Bay, where he has leased four hundred acres of land from the government, including a lagoon covering 100 acres.

Awarded Highest Honors - World's Fair. DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Stanley is also making preparation for the shipment of Eastern oyster seed which is to be planted in the park.

The Euphonic Orchestra will give a vocal and instrumental concert in A. O. U. W. hall on the 17th instant.

Opposition ward committee No. 2 will meet on Wednesday evening next at Central Committee room, Broad St., at 7:30 o'clock.

A meeting of the Teachers' Association was held in the Y. M. C. A. hall this afternoon. The recent cut in teachers' salaries was the subject under discussion.

The regular monthly meeting of the Friendly Help Association will be held to-morrow morning at 10:30 at room 40, market hall. All members are earnestly invited to attend.

Two Indian drunks were fined the usual amount in the police court this morning. A charge of vagrancy was withdrawn, as the defendant had gone to work, and a charge of assault was dropped.

A conference of school trustees from Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo and Victoria will be held here to-morrow evening, for the purpose of discussing proposed amendments to the "School Act."

The marine department at Ottawa has under consideration the matter of arming the Dominion government steamer Quadra with a nine-pound gun. About nine months ago cutlasses and Hotchkiss rifles were sent out for the use of the Quadra. The crew of the Quadra will next season receive instructions in their use.

The head pupils for January at the South Park school were: 1st division, Marion Bernice Pope; 2nd division, Ida Pauline Goddard; 3rd division, Harriet Jane Sabiston; 4th division, Bertha Louise Cooley; 5th division, Sarah Wolfe; 6th division, Mabel Agnes Cameron; 7th division, Tilman Alfred Briggs; 8th division, Hilma Flora Huggitt; 9th division, William Frank Cameron.

Steve Munson, who served a short term in the provincial jail for attempting to kill his wife during a fit of insanity, and was recently discharged, has not been sent to the asylum as recommended. The jail authorities and the police were of opinion that Munson should be sent to the asylum, but the doctors differed on the question, so the man is free. He is staying at the California, and being without funds the proprietor does not like to throw him out on the street.

The "Charity Girls," which will precede each of the performances of the Carlotta, is by the late Alfred Cellier, and probably no composer ever gave to the public more beautiful pastoral music. It is full of delightful lyrics and abounds in some of the most amusing situations imaginable.

The residence of Mr. Edgar Fawcett, of Her Majesty's customs, was the scene of a quiet social event on Saturday evening last, the occasion being the 40th birthday of Mr. Fawcett, who is favorably known in this city. The entertainment was the first of the kind given by the genial host in his Gorge residence, and was what is known as a "high tea."

According to reports brought from Alaska by the Topeka the Indians of Hoonah village and vicinity have committed two more murders in the name of their religion. During the early part of December the medicine man of the Crow Indians accused another native of being a witch. This would subject the victim to a social ostracism that would be unbearable, and the condemned Indian, who is named Wolf, shot the medicine man. The murderer was shot by the other members of the tribe in an effort to mete out justice.

George Riley, a Fireman, Jumps from the Outer Wharf. George Riley, a steamboat fireman, attempted to commit suicide yesterday by jumping from the outer wharf. He was working on the steamer Umatilla until her arrival from San Francisco on Saturday night. Upon the arrival of the steamer here he left her and took to wandering around town.

George Riley, a steamboat fireman, attempted to commit suicide yesterday by jumping from the outer wharf. He was working on the steamer Umatilla until her arrival from San Francisco on Saturday night. Upon the arrival of the steamer here he left her and took to wandering around town. Late in the night he met a police officer and said that if he was not taken care of he would commit suicide. He was consequently booked at the police station for safe keeping. Yesterday morning he was discharged, and immediately went to the outer wharf and jumped off. The cold water evidently cooled his enthusiasm for death by drowning, for as soon as he struck he called out for help and hung on to a pile until rescued. Riley's mind is affected. He says he knows he is crazy, and when the "crazy feeling" as he describes it, gets hold of him he wants to jump overboard. On the way from San Francisco he says he went on deck several times with the object of jumping overboard, but there was always somebody around to prevent him. Dr. Duncan examined Riley at the city lockup. He says all the man requires is careful nursing in a hospital for a time. He should not be sent to the asylum, far less be kept in jail. But the hospital authorities refuse to take patients who show signs of insanity. The police will arrange to have Riley sent back to San Francisco. In the meantime he is being closely watched, for even after he was locked up he made an attempt to kill himself with a lump of coal.

ROUGH PASSAGES.

Collier Costa Rica Has a Hard Time Before Reaching the Bay City.

One of the Stewards Receives Injuries That May Result Fatally.

Arrival of the O. R. & N. Company's Steamer Altamora - Shipping News.

The colliers and coasters which were out in the gales of Saturday, Sunday and Monday, Jan. 25th, 26th and 27th, arrived at San Francisco late last week. They had hard times with the elements, and report the storm one of the worst that ever swept the coast. The collier Costa Rica probably fared worst of all. She escaped with slight damages, but about for several days, and Alexander Wallace, her second steward, received injuries which will probably result in his death. The collier was six days from Nanaimo to San Francisco, and the severest weather of her trip was met on Sunday, although the days preceding and succeeding were bad enough.

Wallace was hurt Sunday morning, excellent weather. He was in the sea when the wind was blowing and he was caught in the wash that came through the alleyway on the main deck, on the port side, while carrying a portion of the officers' breakfast to the cabin. He was thrown down violently and then washed against the iron hatch. Then he was tossed from side to side and once was thrown heavily against the iron stairway. When the crew reached him he was found to be floating face downward in the water on deck and was unconscious. He was carried into the cabin and stripped by Steward P. P. Page, and was found to be badly cut. There was a gash eight inches long and three inches deep under his right arm, evidently inflicted by the spout of the coffee pot which he carried. There was a second one nearly as large in his back, and a smaller one on his side. His nose was broken and almost torn from his face, and there were two deep gashes on his forehead, a cut in one of his eyes and his head was badly bruised. Capt. McIntyre and Steward Page did all they could for Wallace, but his wounds were dressed with the greatest difficulty. When his wounds were uncovered for dressing the sight drove most of his fellow seamen from the cabin. Few worse looking subjects ever entered the hospital. Wallace may die.

Wallace is an educated Scotchman of excellent family, and is said to be a cousin of Sir John Alexander Wallace, the Scotch baronet. He left the old country fifteen years ago, and has been a rover ever since. He took up working as a steward as nothing else offered. It was his first voyage on the Costa Rica, but he had been on the Willamette Valley and Humboldt with Steward Page, who has employed him frequently in the last four years. The Costa Rica lost her after wheel and also some sails. She was almost under water during the worst of the gale. Capt. McIntyre, who has weathered the gales of thirty winters at sea, says the storm of Sunday rivalled anything he ever saw.

On her last trip to Alaska the steamer Alki was aground for five hours in a very dangerous position. While proceeding in the face of a strong head wind and a blinding snow storm in the vicinity of Cummings point, land was discovered dead ahead and the bell given to go astern full speed, when the vessel went hard aground in backing. She lay in this position five hours, the seas beating over her bows, threatening to engulf her. Boats were immediately lowered and anchors and the usual methods employed to get her afloat again. In striking the ship, the waves would hit the flat bottom, rise 20 feet into the air, and in descending, fill the ship's boats. Several times the sailors were drenched to the skin and barely escaped drowning, their boats swamping repeatedly. With the rise of the tide and the use of kedg anchors the boat was floated and proceeded on her way very little damaged. The weather was extremely bad and the water rough, filling the forecastle several times.

A Tacoma dispatch says: The steamer Strathnevis was raised this afternoon by the Tacoma dry dock in one hour and forty-five minutes - remarkably quick time. Her new propeller will be placed to-morrow. Manger Warner, of

the dock, says it could easily have lifted the Hankow, cargo and all. Her bow was run on the dock and two-thirds of the vessel lifted, and the loose rivets were not found where they were supposed to be. Captain Orr then decided to take her to Esquimalt and put her in the graving dock there. A steamer as large as the Hankow and loaded with two million feet of lumber was recently lifted by the dock.

Alaska reports state that the managers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co. contemplate increasing the speed of their elegant excursion steamship Queen, by replacing her present boilers and engines with an entirely new complement of machinery. With the change it is anticipated that the present speed of 15 knots can be increased to 20 knots, and the time consumed in making the trip from Seattle to Sitka and return so reduced that two extra trips can be added to a season, thereby largely increasing the receipts with about the same expense now entailed.

To-morrow morning the sealing schooner Louis Olsen will be launched from Turpel's ways where she is undergoing extensive repairs. Her copper bottom, which had been fourteen years in use, was removed, the hull being recaulked and painted. The schooner has also received a new fore-foot and her keel has been enlarged. After leaving the ways the masts and sails will receive attention. The Walter L. Rich and San Jose will be taken on the ways to-morrow for a general overhauling.

The O. R. & N. steamship Altamora arrived at the outer wharf last evening after a 19 days' voyage from Yokohama. The trip was unusually rough, there being stormy weather all the way across. The Altamora had on board five Chinese and one Jap for Victoria, one white passenger for Portland and 21 Japanese for Honolulu. She brought over about two thousand tons of freight, the greater portion of which is for Portland to-day. She goes from there to Honolulu and thence to Yokohama and Hong Kong.

The Pacific Coast steamship Walla Walla left for San Francisco last evening with the following passengers on board: Mrs. C. Hintz, Mrs. L. Dickson, Mrs. E. J. Born, Miss Annie Burnett, Miss Phoebe Burnett, Mrs. M. Kelly and two children, Mrs. J. Barnes, A. Mallin.

The steamer Hankow left the dry dock this afternoon. While there she received a fresh coat of paint and had some repairs made to her forefoot. She leaves this evening for Tacoma, from which port she will start on Wednesday morning for the Orient.

The cutter Corwin, now undergoing repairs at Seattle, is ordered to relieve the Wolcott at Juneau as soon as her repairs are completed. The Wolcott then going to Seattle to repair preparatory for duty in Behring Sea.

The collier Peter Jensen had three days of stormy weather, beginning on Saturday, and used a considerable quantity of oil to calm the seas.

After a short stay at the outer wharf this afternoon, the steamer Topeka left for Alaska. She had on board a large number of passengers from the Sound.

K. M. S. Empress of Japan sailed from Vancouver at one o'clock today for the Orient. She will be here this evening.

If you desire a luxurious growth of healthy hair of a natural color, nature's crowning ornament of both sexes, use only Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

At the Top

Is where you will always find our Teas with regard to STRENGTH PUNGENCY and FLAVOR, when compared with other brands; but if you look at them from the standpoint of Price you are always sure to find them

At the Bottom.

Victoria Tea House, 79 Government Street.

Reid's Winter Clearance Sale.

SOME PRICES: MEN'S SUITS. Reduced from \$8.50 to \$6.50. BOYS' OVERCOATS. Reduced from \$3.00 to \$2.25. MACINTOSHES. Reduced from \$7.50 to \$5.00. MEN'S OVERCOATS. Reduced from \$10.00 to \$7.50.

S. REID, 122 Government St.

Now Laugh. Sit right down and laugh - have it out. Ha! Ha! and He! He! all you want to. You think it a joke on us because we got too many Men's Macintosh Coats. What if we do sell the \$15 ones for \$10, \$12 for \$8, \$10 ones for \$6.50 and \$6.50 ones for \$4.50? It's better than keeping them over until next Fall, and isn't it a saving for those who buy? Cameron, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Season of Sales. 5 lb. Box of Tea \$1.00. Pratts' Astral Oil (Original Can) 1.45. Choice Hams, per lb. 13 1/2. Rolled Oats (NOT Brackman & Ker's) per lb. 3. HARDRESS CLARKE, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets. R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 DOUGLAS STREET, is making a First-Class Suit to Order for \$15; Good Pants to order, \$3.50. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Call and inspect my goods before buying elsewhere.

Hello! Here We Are! THE WORKINGMAN'S FRIEND. Has just received 350 dozen of Manufacturer's Samples. Which consist of Shirts, Drawers and Overshirts. Only 25c. and 50c. Remember that such a thing has never been known in Victoria, a shirt cheaper than \$1.00, now for the special sale only, at 25 cents. Avoid the rush and come early, as we are starting the sale for MONDAY, January 27th, at 3 p.m. REMEMBER THE PLACE H. FREEMAN, 109-111-115 Government St.

Tailor Gowns. Riding Habits. THE PARIS HOUSE, Balmoral Building, 55 Douglas Street. Haybl Bros., Ladies Tailors. Ladies can furnish their own materials. Price of making gowns from \$10 up.

Great Clearance Sale Hardware, Stoves and Tinware FOR THIRTY DAYS. PLOWS AND HARROWS. PERRY & TURNER, 42 JOHNSON STREET.

COMMUNICATIONS

THE COWAN'S DEAD.

To the Editor:—Latest advices from the West Coast tell us that the Cowan's dead were rolled in canvas and buried where they were found. This is not the way Christian Britain usually takes care of her dead heroes.

Why were they not brought to Victoria and given decent burial, or at least taken to the Methodist mission near by, where there is a Christian burial ground? Mr. Daykin talks about the difficulties of getting to the place where the bodies were found. That may be so; but a sufficient force of men would easily overcome that difficulty had the authorities displayed enough interest. This whole affair is a disgrace to our country, a blot that will never be wiped out. Captain Irving nobly reported the vessel a short time after she was stranded; but the poor sailors were permitted to remain nearly two weeks before being rescued; and now we are told that those who died through exposure, after lying nearly a month, were rolled in a piece of canvas, dropped into a hole and covered out of sight.

Surely the authorities will see that this is remedied, and that the bodies will be put into coffins and conveyed to some Christian burial ground.

HUMANITARIAN.

THE NOTARIES ACT.

To the Editor:—Now that the Notaries Act is to be amended, why not do so thoroughly? Instead of slipping through a bill to net twice as much for the treasury as heretofore, why not have a good workmanlike law on this matter? Is the Attorney-General aware that in England the rule calls for seven years' articles (two years longer than a solicitor's) and is he still going to allow passage into this profession for \$20 and examination before a judge? How is the man to learn his business?

It can only be a matter of wonder to all whose fathomless brain framed the first provincial notaries statute, which did away with service under articles and all examinations for \$10 to the treasury. Notaries are (or ought to be) international lawyers, who have very weighty duties to fulfil in the way of making out papers passable in foreign states, such as protests of ships and bills of exchange, charter parties, bottomry bonds and so forth, to say nothing of wills and deeds of the usual kind. Is it indeed the opinion of the Attorney-General's department that the rules of conveyancing and draftsmanship can be picked up in a day without any teaching?

One can only trust the legislature will take this chance of laying down articles as the gate to a notaryship, and setting up a board of notaries to hold examinations, deal with breaches of professional behavior and so on, on which only those who have passed a law examination in England and the colonies can have a seat.

INNS OF CHANCERY.

February 1, 1896.

HIGH SCHOOL.

To the Editor:—I notice that in your published school board report of Friday evening's meeting it is stated "4th division, \$800, abolished," and further on, "Before adjourning the board decided to dispense with the services of J. N. Muir, third assistant in the High School, at the end of February." Now, as these unqualified statements are an injustice to Mr. Muir, with whom no fault was found or expressed at the board meeting, I wish to state that the teacher of the 4th division of the High School was receiving \$1200 per annum, the same as other assistants, also the board decided to dispense with the services of one teacher, and Mr. Muir was the chosen victim, only because he was the last appointed teacher in that branch of the service, and not because he is less experienced, qualified, or capable, nor that he was less efficient, faithful or devoted to the work.

JOHN B. LOVELL.

1st February, 1896.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

To the Editor:—Who are the board of public school trustees? Are they the representatives of the people, or do they represent a score or so of fossils who have banded themselves together under the misnomer of the Municipal Reform Association with the view to escape their fair share of taxation by stopping all progress in municipal and school matters?

The board are to be commended for their second thought, viz., not to reduce the teaching staff, although their motive was not conducive to the general efficiency of the school. It is well that the ranks of the unemployed are not to be augmented by a batch of school teachers while the remainder live in comparative luxury.

On the other hand, they are to be condemned for the radical changes they propose making in the Collegiate Institute at the instigation of the moss-backed monopolists by reducing the staff and imposing a fee of \$5 per term.

It should be borne in mind that public schools are for the education of the masses, so that brains and ability, though born of humble parents, may not be lost to the country.

The least the most humble ratpayer should expect is that his children be educated sufficiently to become intelligent mechanics. Under the present curriculum it is impossible for a pupil to learn measurement and geometry, which at the present day are absolutely necessary for a mechanic to know to keep pace with the more favored school board educated mechanics of other countries, without serving two or three years in the high school.

I do not hold that pupils should be educated for lawyers, doctors, school teachers, etc., at the expense of the public, but I maintain that every pupil should have at least two years' free tuition in the high school, to give his mind time to develop so that his parents may be able to judge of his abilities, and so ascertain whether it would be wise to pay for a higher education or not.

I venture to say that if the majority of the ratpayers had had any idea that the recently elected school trustees intended making such radical changes, these men would have been left. Their silence on the subject at the hustings bordered on obtaining their positions on

Now Ready Times Annual

And Encyclopædia of Useful Information

... For 1896 ...

400 Pages.
Price 25 cents.
Now Ready for Delivery.

Subscribers to the Twice-a-Week Times, who have paid for 1896, and subscribers to the Daily Times who pay for two months in advance, will receive copies free. As the supply is limited, subscribers who wish to receive copies of this valuable reference book should comply with the conditions at once.

First Come First Served.

Address

The Times,

Victoria, B. C.

the board of school trustees under false pretences.
Sir, this outrage on the people should be met by public indignation meetings.
WORKINGMAN.

One Honest Man.

Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp, L. A. Edwards, Jarvis, Ont.

—Crettonnes, muslins, art muslins and other drapery materials at reduced prices. Weiler Bros.

—Pocket knives, scissors, etc., a specialty at Shore's Hardware.

You've seen them more than once or twice. The vagaries of fate; The thinner Johnny thinks the ice. The worse he wants to skate.

the doctors

approve of Scott's Emulsion. For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat; for all who get no nourishment from their food. Poor blood is starved blood. Consumption and Scrofula never come without this starvation. And nothing is better for starved blood than cod-liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil with the fish-fat taste taken out.

Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00
SCOTT & BROWN, Belleville, Ont.

\$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. & L.
Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1896.

TRANSPORTATION



Passengers taken through...

WITHOUT CHANGE

To all Points.

EAST AND SOUTHEAST.

Through First-Class Sleepers and Tourist Cars



BOSTON, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG & ST. PAUL.
For particulars regarding rates, etc., apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dis. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y

Dispatch a Steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 5 P.M.

UMATILLA FEB. 7

H. P. RITHEY & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

From London For Victoria Direct

The Four Masted Bark



3182 Tons Gross Register.
Will be dispatched from London for this port during the month of February. Cargo may be engaged at favorable rates on application to
Jas 24-11 R. P. RITHEY & CO., LTD.

LONDON TO VICTORIA

The Fine British Iron Ship



2468 Tons Register.
Will sail from London about the middle of February. For rates of freight and other particulars apply to
ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD., Temple Building.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:
Leave Victoria at 7 am., 4 pm.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 am., 5:15 pm.
Leave Victoria at 7 am., 2 pm.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 am., 5:14 pm.

STEAMER MARY HARE

Running in connection with the Victoria & Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering as follows:
MONDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Cowichan, Maple Bay, Vesuvius Bay and way ports. Returning, connects with evening train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Gaucha Harbor and way ports. Returning, connects with evening train for Victoria.
WEDNESDAYS—Same as Monday.
THURSDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Nanaimo, via Gaucha Harbor and way ports.
FRIDAYS—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a.m. for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.
For further particulars apply to the captain on board, or to Victoria & Sidney Railway agents.
T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,
Taking effect June 21st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 10:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 2 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper's Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Moresby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 4 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. Charleton, General Agent.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

FROM HALIFAX.	
Allan Line, Numidian	Feb 22
Allan Line, Laurentian	March 7
Dominion Line, Labrador	Feb 29
Dominion Line, Scotman	March 14
FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.	
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Feb 19
Beaver Line, Superior	March 4
FROM NEW YORK.	
Cunard Line, Britannia	Feb 22
Cunard Line, Campania	Feb 29
American Line, St. Paul	Feb 19
American Line, Paris	Feb 26
White Star Line, Germania	Feb 29
White Star Line, Teutonic	Feb 19
Red Star Line, Westernland	Feb 19
Red Star Line, Scythia	Feb 26
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Feb 22
Anchor Line, Furnessia	March 7
Nor. German Lloyd, Aller	Feb 25
Nor. German Lloyd, Havel	Feb 25
French Line, La Gascoigne	Feb 15
French Line, La Bretagne	Feb 22

Saloon fares from \$40 to \$80, according to steamer and location of berth. Second Cabin, \$20.00 to \$40.00. Steerage \$24.00 to \$27.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from \$5 to \$10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save \$10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.

For sailing list, steamer accommodation, and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, Cor. Fort and Government streets.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 25,
To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, Oct. 28th, 1895.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.		
Daily	Sunday	
A. M.	P. M.	
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Esquimalt	8:00	3:30
Ar. Nanaimo	11:49	6:38
Ar. Esquimalt	12:01	6:53

GOING SOUTH.		
Daily	Sunday	
A. M.	P. M.	
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:29	3:31
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:41	3:45
Ar. Victoria	12:30	7:10

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.
A. DUNSMUIR, President, JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Secy.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Agent, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Shocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7 A.M. Lv. Spokane, Ar. 5:30 P.M. Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 8:00 p.m., same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 9:30 p.m., same days.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKER, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv. Victoria..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo..... Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight, or staterooms apply on board, at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND

SS. "ROSALIE"

Leave Victoria Daily at 8:30 p.m. except Sunday.

Arrive at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 5 p.m.

Leave Seattle at 10 a.m. Daily except Sundays.

For tickets and information call on
J. K. DEVLIN, Agent,
75 Government Street.

TRANSPORTATION.

Seven Days

In the week, "Badger State Express" via "The North-Western Line" leaves Minneapolis 7:30 a.m. St. Paul 8:10 a.m. arriving Chicago 9:45 p.m. and is the only day train from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day in the week. It has comfortable First Class Coaches and Luxurious Parlor Cars, supplied with every convenience and comfort for a pleasant daylight trip. Your Home Agent will sell you tickets via this first class line. For further information and Illustrated Folder, Free, please address T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

F. W. Parker,
Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

O. R. & N. Steamship Line

CHINA AND JAPAN.

S. S. "REOSINA," 3,800 tons dead weight, sails Jan. 22 direct to Japan, to be followed by the S. S. Altmore.

PUGET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA S.S. CO'Y

The S. S. TRANSIT, Capt. Berg, will leave Seattle on 12th December, for Central American ports.

For particulars apply to F. C. Davidge & Co., Commission Merchants and shipping Agents, Importers of Japanese Rice, silk and General Merchandise, Board of Trade Building.



Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Polson st., San Francisco

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The splendid, new 3,000 tons steel screw steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Feb. 6th at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mail.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S. S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, Feb. 15th, 1896, at 10 a.m.
For passage apply to 114 Montgomery street. For freight apply to 327 Market St.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BIOS. CO., General Agents,
R. P. RITHEY & CO., Victoria.



Through Pullman Sleeping Cars,

Elegant Dining Cars,

Tourist Sleeping Cars,

St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Minneapolis, Fargo, Crookston, Helena.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South.

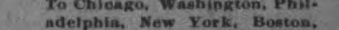
Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co.

For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C.
D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND

Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STRAMER



"City of Kingston"

Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

9:00 am Lv. Seattle, Victoria, 12:45 am
11:45 am Lv. Seattle, Tacoma, 12:15 pm
3:30 pm Lv. Seattle, Seattle, 12:15 pm
4:45 am Lv. Seattle, Tacoma, 12:15 pm

Steamer City of Kingston makes connections at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

**Daily except Sunday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt., Victoria, B. C.

ANTARCTIC LAND.

Captain Borchgrevink Describes His Landing Upon the Southern Continent.

Sailing Through Fields of Ice—Difference From the North Polar Region.

On December 7th I sighted the edge of the pack from the crow's nest, and shot my first seal, which was of the white kind, its skin being injured by several deep scratches. It was cold up in the white cask on the mainmast that morning. Before us were the ice fields, with the strong ice blink in the air above us; and as we drew near to the edge the snow-white petrels became more and more numerous. They are of the size of an ordinary pigeon, but with more graceful. Their large eyes are deep black, as are also their bold, curved beak and their elegant webbed feet. They seemed almost transparent as with spread, quiet wings they soared in the air above the crow's nest, where I was hanging on to one end of a large telescope, heavy enough to lift me in sea-saw fashion far out of the nest every time I let it glide too far out over the upper edge of the barrel.

Like the prickling of pins the snow crystals blew against my face, and I had continually to dry the telescope glasses with my woollen mittens, as the vapor from my breath settled and formed an extra sheet of glass. But they were glorious, those hours on the look-out! The air was generally clear, and the human eye could see, even from the deck, great distances within those southern latitudes. Only from the crow's nest can one fully appreciate the supernatural charm of Antarctic scenery. Up there you seem lifted above the pettiness and troubles of every-day life. Your horizon is wide, and from your high position you rule the little world below. Onward, onward stretch the ice fields, the narrow channels about the ship are opened and closed again by current and wind, and as you strain your sight to the utmost to find the best places for the vessel to penetrate your eyes wander from the ship's bow out toward the horizon, where does and channels seem to form one dense, vast ice field. Ice and snow cover spars and ropes, and everywhere are perfect peace and silence.

We always observed the white, shimmering reflection of the ice fields in the air, and we were thus warned from afar even of the presence of a narrow stream of ice or an iceberg. This ice blink and the presence of the white petrel never deceived us.

We landed at Cape Adare that night (January 23, 1895), being the first human creatures to put foot on the mainland. A peculiar feeling of fascination crept over each of us, even to the most prosaic natures in our boat, as we gradually drew near to the beach of this unknown land. Some few cakes of ice were floating about, I even discovered a jelly fish, apparently of the light blue, transparent kind. I do not know whether it was to catch the jelly fish, or from a strong desire to be the first man to put foot on the terra incognita, but as soon as the orders were given to stop pulling the oars, I jumped over the side of the boat. I thus killed two birds with one stone, being the first man on shore, and relieving the boat of my weight, thus enabled her to approach the land near enough to let the captain jump ashore dry shod.

I had painted a Norwegian flag on a large box, which we fastened on a strong pole near the place where we landed; and leaving the rest of the crew to be entertained by the penguins, I proceeded alone to investigate the peninsula and to make collections. I found seaweed on the beach; but whether it had grown on the shores of Victoria Land remains to be ascertained in the future.

I believe that Cape Adare is the very place where a future scientific expedition might stop safely even during the winter months. From the spot where we were several accessible spurs lead up to the top of the cape, and from there a gentle slope runs on to the great plateau of Victoria Land. The presence of the penguin colony, their undisturbed old nests, the appearance of dead seals which were preserved like Egyptian mummies, and must have lain there for years, the vegetation to the rocks, and lastly, the flat table of the cape above, all indicated that here is a place where the powers of the Antarctic circle do not display the whole severity of their force. Neither ice nor volcanoes seem to have raged on the peninsula at Cape Adare, and I strongly recommend a future scientific expedition to choose that place as a centre of operations. On this particular spot there is ample space for houses, tents and provisions, and I myself am willing to be a leader of a party to be landed either on the pack or on the mainland near Colman Island. From there it is my scheme to work toward the south magnetic pole, calculated to be in latitude 75 degrees 55 minutes, longitude 156 degrees east. Should the party succeed in penetrating so far into the continent, the course should, if possible, be laid for Cape Adare, there to join the main body of the expedition. As to the zoological results of future searches, I expect great discoveries. It would be remarkable if on the unexplored Victoria continent, which probably extends over 4,000,000 square miles, there should not be found animal life hitherto unknown in the Southern Hemisphere. It is, of course, a possibility that the unknown land around the axis of rotation might be found to consist of islands joined only by perpetual ice and snow; but the appearance of the land, the color of the water, with its surrounding, in addition to the movements of the antarctic ice, point to the existence of a mass of land much more extensive than a mere group of islands.

The recent antarctic expedition was a commercial one, and commercially it was a failure, because we did not find the right whale, so valuable for its blubber. The Antarctic was fitted out for the hunt of that particular kind of whale; nevertheless I have no doubt that the commercial result of the expedition would have been much better had we worked under more favorable auspices. I do not by any means consider the fact of our not having met with the right whale in those seas as conclusive proof of their non-existence in the bay at Victoria Land. The Antarctic found the right whale at Campbell Bay in the winter time; the boats fastened to five of them, of which, however, only one was caught. Now, to me it does not seem improbable that these whales go south to the bay of Victoria Land where Ross saw them, in the summer, and return north in the winter. It would seem incredible that a man of Sir James Ross' standing, supported as he was by able scientists and experienced whalers, should have made an error when he said that this valuable whale was to be found in large numbers in those Southern latitudes.

The difference in the appearance of the blue whale, as we found it there, and the right whale, in the method of spouting, is so striking that even the most casual observer could not easily be deceived. Very possibly had we penetrated further into the vicinity of the volcano peaks of Erebus and Terror, we too, would have found the right whale in great numbers. We saw very many blue whales but had not the appliances to take them. As I remarked at the International Geographical Congress, we found few seals. They increased, however, in number as we worked east, and seemed afraid of the land. All of the seals that we met on the shore showed more uneasiness, and speedily made for the water, a fact which strengthened my belief in the existence of a large enemy of the seal on the continent. I do not doubt that the seals congregate in larger numbers at some places on the bay. I consider the guano beds which we discovered of great commercial importance, and they ought to be well worth the attention of enterprising business men. The specimen which I brought back with me contains a large percentage of ammonia.

Furthermore, from the analysis of the specimens of rock which I brought back with me the possible and probable presence of valuable minerals on the continent is proved, although the lava and the volcanic aspect of the coast line do not speak favorably for the presence of heavy metals near the surface. When the swell is heavy in the ice pack it is often difficult to ascertain from what direction it comes; and just as difficult as it is, just so important may it be that it should be found out rightly, as the safety of the ship might depend wholly upon correct judgment as to this. When the huge ice masses begin to move and screw and press on the sides of the vessel, rising and falling in a heavy swell, namely, to work the vessel into the fields from the side from which the gale blows. A mistake as to the direction of the running swell has often proved fatal, and that mistake is easily made.

similarity between the bergs of the north and those of the south; but that the arctic iceberg as a rule, must pass through climates which in temperature rapidly change from one extreme to another, and the icebergs take much longer or time in floating in advancing northward, and thus, as a rule, the northern icebergs exist much longer than those of the antarctic.

On February 1st, in latitude 68 degrees, longitude 172 degrees 31 minutes, we ran into open water again, having this time only spent six days in the ice pack. On the 17th the aurora appeared, stronger than I ever saw it in the north. It rose from the southwest, stretching in a broad stream up towards the zenith and down again toward the eastern horizon. The phenomenon this time had quite a different appearance from what we saw on October 20th. It now presented long shining curtains rising and falling in wonderful shapes and shades, sometimes seemingly close down to our masthead. It evidently exerted considerable influence upon the magnetic needle of our compass.

It was remarkable to see how the plumage of the birds gradually changed into lighter and lighter colors, as we drew southward, altering with the color of the surroundings. Whether the birds like the polar hare, also changed their colors with the seasons, I had not an opportunity to notice; but it is clear that within the antarctic circle another nature takes care of her children, and protects the defenseless from the eye of their enemies by giving them an invisible clothing. It was thus almost impossible to discover the magnificent white petrel when it was on the dazzling snow. It was likewise difficult to discover the white seal when it was stretched out on the ice floes.

Icebergs of large size were everywhere to be seen, and showed distinctly whether they were broken from the big barrier or discharged from the glaciers on Victoria Land. Life, fairy palaces were these masterpieces of nature floating about, so clean, so pure, that the eye of mortal man seemed unworthy of such beauty—beautiful beyond description, terrible in their gigantic majesty, the crystals of their walls glittering in the sun, while caves and arches were half hidden in the mist of azure blue, and about them the ocean, roaring sometimes with great fury, threw waves far up against their perpendicular sides, to fall back again in clouds of foam.

It was remarkable to see what a regulated system of roads the inhabitants of Possession had arranged. From the beach a broad main track led straight into the middle of the island, and from this secondary roads went out to all parts, the whole forming a network of roads apparently ruled by a most civilized department. With beak and feet the penguins had carefully put away most of the pebbles and stones from their footpaths, and where stones covered the ground the roads had by constant use become so smooth and so neat that Macadam in his glory would have acknowledged himself beaten. The most curious thing of all was the way in which the penguins seemed to maintain order in these paths. Currents of penguins were continually moving from and toward the beach. While the fat, new arrivals always kept to the right, the thin penguins, which were moving off to the continent, always kept to the left; and I never saw any fighting among them. The colony evidently formed one peaceful community.

The seals we killed either with guns or pikes. There is very little sport attached to seal hunting, especially in antarctic waters, as the seals there are tame through ignorance of man's bloodthirstiness. Generally they were asleep when we approached, and many of them died without having seen their murderers. But, as a rule, the slaughter and skinning of the seals were most barbarous, bloody, and hideous—unnecessarily so. Specially cruel is the task when seal pikes are used. Only rarely does a seal die from one or two blows of the pike, and if it is not dead it is generally considered "all the better," for it is easier to skin a seal while it is half alive. In the utmost agony the wretched beast draws its muscles away from the sharp steel which tears away its skin, and thus assists in parting with its own coat.—Capt. Borchgrevink in Century Magazine.

Catarrah in the Head is due to impure blood and cannot be cured with local applications. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured hundreds of cases of catarrah because it purifies the blood and in this way removes the cause of the disease. It also builds up the system and prevents attacks of pneumonia, and typhoid fever.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. —W. Sylvester's delivery horse ran away on Johnson street Saturday afternoon. Mr. Sylvester, who was thrown out of the wagon, was severely shaken up, while the wagon itself was badly broken.

The little daughter of Mr. Fred Webber, Holland, Mass., had a very bad cold and cough which he had not been able to cure with anything. I gave him a 75 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says W. P. Holden, merchant and postmaster at West Bridgewater, and the next time I saw him he said it worked like a charm. This remedy is intended especially for acute throat and lung diseases, such as colds, croup and whooping cough, and it is famous for its cures. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Wool door mats in crimson, white and gold at Weller Bros., also a line of sheep and goat skin rugs.

—Pocket knives, cut-throats, etc., a specialty at Shore's Hardware.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

NANAIMO. Nanaimo, Feb. 3.—Mr. W. W. B. McInnes has returned from a thorough canvass of Sooke and Saanich districts, where he is assured of an enthusiastic support in the ensuing Dominion election.

B. L. Robertson, of Moresby Island, and A. Stanford, of Pender Island, left Moresby Island together a few days ago, in a small boat, bound for Salt Spring Island. A southerly gale struck them off Beachy Point and they were driven upon the rocks with the result that the boat was smashed to pieces and all their belongings engulfed by the ocean with the exception of the rough clothing they were wearing at the time. They borrowed another boat from a settler and arrived here on Thursday night in a woefully dilapidated condition.

The New Vancouver Coal Company is re-opening their famous Newcastle Island stone quarry, having received large orders from Vancouver for this famous stone. The loading wharf has been renewed and a track laid to the stone "face," so as to facilitate the handling and loading of stone.

The American ship Elwell, Captain Hyder, was loaded at the New Vancouver Company's wharf in eight and a half days from the date of her leaving San Francisco. This makes a new record.

WELLINGTON. From our own correspondent.

Wellington, Feb. 3.—The following are the head pupils in the 1st and 2nd divisions of our school: Senior fifth, Norm Stevenson, Martha Manuel, Ed. Mary Jane Dalton, Jane Haworth; senior fourth, Orville Randall, Florence Morrison, Edna Harrison; junior fourth, William Ross, John McKenna, Amelia Savy.

The first leap year social dance here will be held on the 14th by the Daughters of Rebeckah, Laurel lodge, No. 9.

It is generally understood here that Mr. Jordan has made satisfactory arrangements with his creditors so that the work at the West Wellington coal mine will be resumed.

On St. Patrick's day, March 17th, the Wellington colliery band intends holding a carnival and masquerade ball, at which some valuable prizes will be presented.

The whalerack, City of Everett, which has been fitted out for the coal trade between here and San Francisco, arrived at Departure Bay last week.

The inside finishing of the new Methodist church are almost completed. It is expected the new building will be used for services before the end of the month.

The following are the officers of the Wellington Colliery band for 1896: J. T. Whitcombe, president; Joe Lewis, secretary; Albert Vait, treasurer.

A tie and apron dance will be held by the Violet football club of Northfield on Saturday evening next.

The following are the ships in Departure Bay at present waiting for coal: C. B. Kenning, Two Brothers, S. S. Willamette. The following sailed last week: C. C. Fuuka, Oriental, S. S. City of Everett.

—Don't worry. Don't run in debt. Don't trifle with your health. Don't try experiments with medicines. Don't waste time and money on worthless compounds. Don't be persuaded to take a substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the best of blood purifiers.

BY-LAW

Respecting the Assessment Roll.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. It is hereby declared that a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between land and improvements situate within the municipal limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Land situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

3. Improvements situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at fifty per cent. of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

4. The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment on or before the fifth Friday in January, and complete the same on or before the third Tuesday in April, and the assessment shall be made on the said third Tuesday in April in each year.

5. The Assessment Roll shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the fourth Saturday in April in each year.

6. In the construction of this by-law the expression "land" and "improvements" shall have respectively the meanings given to them in Sec. 2 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."

7. The "Assessment By-Law, 1894," and any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law, are and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, so that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law, but not otherwise.

8. This by-law may be cited as "The Assessment By-Law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 27th day of January, 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council this 28th day of January, 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT HEAVEN, Mayor. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured.

CURE SICK HEADACHE, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured.

HEADACHE, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured.

ACHE is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Sun Life Assurance Co., OF CANADA. Policies non-forfeitable and incontestable. Largest profits to policy holders. Money to loan on business blocks, improved farms and high class residential property. A. H. HARMAN & CO. Agents for Victoria and district, 30 Broad street, Victoria.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER. HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA.

Why Waste Time and Money making experiments with other baking powders, when WHITE STAR has become a DEMONSTRATED SUCCESS. Medal Awarded, 1895.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER PURE & WHOLESOME. JOHN MESTON BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

JOHN MESTON BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER Rejoice Together.

Nine Year Old Maggie McRitchie, a Victim of Chronic Fainting Spells and Nervous Weakness, Completely Cured by South American Nervine After all Other Efforts had failed. The Mother, a Sufferer From Nervous Prostration and Indigestion, Likewise Cured. Hear What the Thankful Father Has to Say.



MRS. JAMES MCRITCHIE AND DAUGHTER.

A leading local physician, whose profession takes him among the children of the various public institutions, remarked to the writer, that one would hardly believe that so many children were affected by nervous troubles, which sap the system and prevent proper development. In many cases the doctors are powerless to cure these troubles. They can relieve the suffering little ones, but in South American Nervine we have a medicine that does more than simply give relief. Its peculiar strength is that it completely cures where physicians relieve. A case in point came to us the 24th ult., in a letter from Mr. James W. McRitchie of Bothwell, Ont. He says:—"My daughter Maggie, aged 9 years, was afflicted with nervous fainting spells for over a year, which left her in such a condition of weakness afterwards that the child was practically an invalid. We tried several remedies and doctored with her in one way and another, but nothing gave relief. Seeing South American Nervine advertised, as particularly efficacious in nervous dis-

orders, I decided on trying it for her, and I must say that I noticed a decided change in my daughter for the better after she had taken only a few doses. As a result of using this medicine, she is now entirely free from those fainting spells and possessed of that life and brightness that is the happy lot of childhood. I am satisfied it is an excellent medicine for any nervous weakness. My experience has been further supplemented in the fact that my wife has also been using South American Nervine for indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, and has found very great relief."

Whether the patient be man or woman, young or old, South American Nervine provides a complete medium for restoration to health. It is a medicine differing absolutely from every other. A cure is effected by application to the nerve centres of the human system and science has proved that when these nerve centres are kept healthy the whole body is healthy. For these reasons failure is impossible. FOR SALE BY Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

VICTORIA FOR SURE

Local Baseball Enthusiasts Secure the Franchise for This City.

What Croker is Doing With His Horses—Seattle Wants a Fight.

THE RING. JUST TALK.

Fletcher Coulter of the Seattle Athletic Club is in San Francisco and, according to the Call, is engineering a contest to come off in his club. The Call says: Coulter says the storm experienced by the Umatilla was but a "fleabite" in connection with the fight he is here to engineer. The contest, according to him, will be that of the century, and Jackson and Corbett are likely to figure in it. Should Fitzsimmons beat Maher then the best man will be challenged by Corbett and Jackson will meet the champion.

Leaving the El Paso fight out of the question, Coulter is of the opinion that a limited round fight between Peter Jackson and Jim Corbett can be brought off in the Seattle Athletic Club, and that a purse big enough to draw the crowd can be raised. Seattle, according to Mr. Coulter, does not want such second rate stars as Fitzsimmons and Maher, but Corbett and Jackson in a limited round contest would prove a drawing card. Just what will be done in the premises remains to be seen.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 3.—Con Doyle of Chicago and Prince Steele, a colored man of this city, met near here Saturday in what was supposed to be a finish fight. At the end of the eighth round Doyle was in such a condition that he was willing to throw up the sponge. His seconds refused to allow him to do so, however, and succeeded in getting the consent of Steele's backers to call it a draw.

ATHLETICS

Oakland, Cal., Feb. 3.—An original go-as-you-please fat man's race ended at San Jose yesterday. The contestants were Otto Streit, A. B. Swanson and J. Heney, known as "Fat Jack." All are Oakland restaurateurs, and all weigh between 180 and 220 pounds. The affair was the result of an argument between the three men as to their ability to cover the distance between Oakland and San Jose in remarkable time under the present conditions of the road. The details were arranged Thursday night and the men started at ten o'clock yesterday morning. Swanson weighed in at 180 pounds and was backed by O. Beverdick for \$100; Streit entered at 200 pounds and was backed by Al Stevenson, and Heney, who weighed 220 pounds, was backed by Rube Seebek. The men left Oakland at 1 o'clock yesterday morning on an electric car that turned in at Elmhurst. From there it was go-as-you-please through the mud to San Jose, a distance of 45 miles. From the result it was seen that they kept within halting distance all the way, and arrived in San Jose yesterday afternoon in the following order: Otto Streit 1:35 o'clock; Swanson, 1:42, and Heney 1:48.

THE TURF. CROKER'S STRING.

London, Feb. 3.—Richard Croker has twenty-nine horses in training, in charge of Charles Morton. It is stated that Montuk has much improved on last year's form. The spring handicap weights were published to-day. In the Lincolnshire handicap the highest weight is 130 pounds and the lowest 84. American will carry 113, Montauk 85, Rey of Santa Ana 117 and Sir Excess 113 pounds. For the great Metropolitan the weight is 123. In the City and Suburban the highest weight is 123 and the lowest 84. Montauk will carry 85 pounds, Rey of Santa Ana 124 and Sir Excess 119 pounds. In the Chester cup the highest weight is 128, and the lowest 84. Rey of Santa Ana will carry 110 pounds. Mr. Whitaker Wright, an Australian yachtman, has offered a \$500 cup to be sailed for during the Riviera season, with the object of bringing about a meeting between such big yachts as the Britannia, Satanita, Alsa and possibly an American yacht.

GOLF.

The following is the result of the fifth monthly handicap of the Victoria Golf Club:

A CLASS.

Score.	Imp.	Result.
C. C. Worsfold	102	5
O. H. Van Millingen	102	5
J. Carmichael	100	7
Oliver, Combe, Dunsaur, Staischmidt, Prior, Lister and Irvine	returned to scores.	

B CLASS.

Score.	Imp.	Result.
W. F. Burton	117	20
S. F. Morley	118	14
James Anderson	117	9
C. M. Roberts (scratch)	112	13
W. H. Langley (scratch)	119	
N. P. Snowden	138	20

YACHTING. MUST APOLOGIZE.

London, Feb. 3.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon says: "What is Lord Dunsany waiting for? We hoped to be able to publish to-day his apology to the American nation and we trust his friends will impress upon him that speed is the essence of grace on an occasion of this sort. For the credit of British sport and English gentlemanly traditions, Lord Dunsany must not hesitate. Every day, every hour lost now would be an additional insult."

FOOTBALL.

Saturday's match on the Canteen

grounds, between a Victoria Rugby team and an eleven captained by H. Chance, resulted in a draw. The grounds, owing to wet weather, were in bad condition for playing. The Association game of football played between teams representing England and Scotland, was won by Scotland, who possessed much the stronger team.

SCREWS IN STONE WALLS.

A German Method of Securing Them Firmly in Place. A Dusseldorf engineer, knowing from experience that wooden dowels for the purpose of securing screws in stone are apt to weaken the walls, and do not afford the desired solidity, has devised an ingenious method of obtaining a firm anchorage. For this purpose a wire of suitable thickness is coiled on to the screw, so as to follow the threads of the same and to form a kind of screw nut. The coiling may commence near the head or thick end of the bolt, and proceed toward the point by laying the wire into or between the threads, so as to touch the bottom of the same, the section of each screw thread being preferably triangular or trapezoidal and the screw of the screw conical (similar to a wood screw).

After arriving at the point of the screw the wire may be wound backward over the helix already wound on, but with a steeper pitch, so as to leave a space between the wire. After the wire has been laid on so as to form a nut, and then the screw withdrawn, the nut or wire coil is introduced into a hole which has been drilled or otherwise formed in the wall for this purpose, and which is slightly wider than the diameter of the nut measured over the outer layer of the wire, after which the interstices are filled up with plaster of Paris, cement, or similar binding material in a plastic condition. When the said binding material has become sufficiently hard and firm, the screw bolt, which has served as a core, or another screw bolt having the same diameter and pitch, is screwed into the wire coil, and may now be screwed out and in repeatedly without damaging the wall, because the wire serves as a screw nut, which is secured to the stone or wall by the cement or other binding material.

A POLICEMAN'S GOOD SERVICE.

A Parisian policeman at Bernes has rendered a service to posterity. In a second hand shop in one of those medievally and mysteriously arched streets that slope toward the Aarbrücke, the gendarme observed an obscure canvas, and through the crust of dirt and smoke which had gathered on it he was just able to make out that it was a nude. "A pagan, I am sorry to say," as Mr. Beckwith once remarked. It was a recondite woman's figure, her head rested on her right arm, and above her hovered a Cupid. Venus and Cupid were at once impounded by the serious-minded gendarme, with the remark that the state did not allow Frau-persons to be exhibited without any clothing in the open street.

The Frau-person attracted attention, she was visited by the directors of the Kunst museum, and was bought for 50 francs by Otto Keller. Then the goddess followed exactly the course of action adopted by the real and original Venus centuries ago—she went to Paris to establish her reputation. At Paris, cleaned from the incrusting dirt which covered it, the picture came out in all the splendor of its beauty, the harmony of outline, and the richness of hue which proclaimed the hand of the master. The experts have unanimously declared it a Venus, conceived by Titian, and a rich American of Chicago, Philip Armour, has offered 20,000 francs for the once despised Frau-person.—Pall Mall Gazette.

American News.

Cincinnati, Feb. 3.—Young John Robinson, son of Showman Robinson, whose menagerie is wintering at Terrace Park, near here, was to-day seriously wounded by a large leopard which escaped from the menagerie. The animal, slayed the young man's hand and would have killed him had not the attendants turned in with clubs and rescued him. It was impossible to capture the animal, so she was killed. The young man's condition is serious, but not hopeless.

Boston, Feb. 3.—The historic First Unitarian church, on Meeting House Hill, Dorchester, a familiar landmark and the oldest church in the district, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss estimated at \$30,000, covered by insurance.

THE AMERICAN METHOD.

Will Retaliate on Germany on Life Insurance Legislation. New York, Feb. 3.—The resolution calling on the President for all correspondence between the United States and Germany, regarding the exclusion of American life insurance companies from Germany, which has just passed the house, is said to move toward a policy of retaliation against Germany, and in both branches of the legislature a measure has been introduced which provides that all foreign insurance companies shall be denied any privilege in every transaction of business within New York state which is not accorded American companies in the home of those foreign corporations.

London, Feb. 3.—A press representative saw United States Ambassador Bayard today in regard to a motion that he be censured for his recent public utterances here, which the house of representatives would be asked to adopt. Mr. Bayard said as the matter had not yet been decided by congress he thought it would be unbecoming of him to express an opinion on the subject.

—Coal bids at Cheapdale.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

WOLVES IN NORWAY.

Said to Have Increased in Numbers During Recent Years.

During the last two or three years wolves have without doubt considerably increased in Norway. Not only have they committed a good deal of damage among domestic animals, but in some cases the elk have been so persecuted by them as to be obliged to take refuge among the haunts of men. Last winter in the Selbo district, near Trondhjem, the remains of several elks were found in the forest, with the tracks of the bloodthirsty brutes showing plentifully all around, while many more of the big deer must undoubtedly have fallen victims to their ravenous appetites. Two men driving a sleigh with alpacas for the railway came across a big elk in a sore plight; three of the pack which had attacked him lay around him dead or dying, pierced with his great antlers, while he himself could barely stand. Needless to say the worthy peasants made the most of the occasion; they killed the unhappy bull and they claimed and received the government reward for each of the wolves.

Only, however, when wolves are in droves will they attack the larger animals. At first they try to stalk their intended victim, and then, springing upon it with long bounds, they endeavor to pull it down; failing in this, they proceed to hunt it in the most methodical manner, two or three following the quarry closely, the others endeavoring cut off its retreat by lying in wait and bounding at its throat. In spring and summer wolves are rarely seen, as they keep for the most part in the solitude of the woodlands, but in severe cold and stormy weather they collect together in packs and descend to the more open and inhabited tracts of the country.

While herding his reindeer during the long winter of the far North, the Laplander must be on his guard against marauding wolves. Frequently for weeks together there is no sign of the common enemy; then, without warning, the cry of the watcher rings out over the snow, "The wolves are afoot!" And however blinding the snow, however dark the night, all the inhabitants of the little camp rush forth to defend the animals which to them represent wealth, clothing, food, existence itself. In such a melee the small, wiry dogs, of which the Laplanders always keep a number, perform the important part, barking and snapping at their big opponents in the most plucky way, and distracting their attention generally until the arrival of their owners upon the scene.

CONSUMPTION OF ICE IN PARIS.

A writer in the New York World says: Among the first of the many curious things that impress the summer visitor to Paris is the way the French have of doing out ice as if it were diamonds, and the horror which Parisians profess for the custom of icing their drinks and thereby impairing their digestion. Notwithstanding all this the consumption of ice in Paris, especially for domestic uses, has increased rapidly during the last few years, and if it continues at the same rate it will not be long before it surpasses that of New York. The last twelve months show a total consumption of over 110,000,000 pounds. Most of the natural ice used in Paris is taken from the lakes in the environs of Chaville, in the woods about Versailles and St. Cloud, and even from sheets of water in the Bois de Boulogne and Vincennes. Ice is made artificially in large quantities, however, and is sold at a much higher price than the natural article. Natural ice, indeed, the Academy of Medicine says, is full of bacilli in a state of suspended animation, and the doctors recommend that only artificial ice be used for domestic purposes. The highest priced ice comes from Norway and from Switzerland, where it is gathered from the glaciers and from the mountain tops. This costs from 28 to 30 francs a ton. Artificial ice costs but a trifle less. Next, that which is gathered in and about Paris is sold from 9 to 10 francs a ton. The city of Paris harvests the ice in the lakes in the Bois de Boulogne and Vincennes, and sells the crop, safely packed in the municipal ice houses, for 55,000 francs, or about \$11,000 annually.

New York, Feb. 3.—Col. W. P. Thompson, president of the National Lead Co., died of pneumonia this morning.



one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. FENWICK, Digby, N. S.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for three years, and it has restored hair, which was fast becoming gray, back to its natural color."—H. W. HASELROFF, Paterson, N. J.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A. Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headaches.

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PERSONAL.

S. Tingley, of Ashcroft, is in the city. J. J. Woods, Vancouver, is at the Oriental. J. H. Smith, Brantford, is a guest at the Oriental. J. W. Mellor returned from the Mainland last evening. H. H. Dearborn, the Seattle capitalist, is at the Oriard. Jas. Orr, Vancouver, was a passenger on the Churner last evening. W. K. Leighton, Nanaimo, registered at the New England yesterday. Dennis Jordan, of the West Wellington mines, returned yesterday from San Francisco by the overland route. F. O. Davidge returned from the Sound by the City of Kingston yesterday. J. S. Proctor, representing a St. Paul lumber firm is a guest at the Oriard. Mrs. Catherine Hagen, mother of Mrs. H. Wille, leaves to-morrow for Cincinnati, Ohio, by the Great Northern railway. W. P. Jaynes and G. T. Corfield returned last evening from the meeting of the Dairyman's Association, at New Westminster.

PASSENGERS. Per City of Kingston from the Sound—E. H. Wheeler, P. Packard, S. Blach, W. Edmond, wife, and children, D. Jordan, G. Starr, F. C. Davidge, Paul Cameron, Peter Brown, K. W. Perry and wife, J. S. Proctor, T. Leroy and wife, A. A. Haines, D. Newman, H. Lee and wife, P. Carlson. Per steamer Churner from Vancouver—Miss Curry, Geo. A. Bennett, J. Purson, H. E. Strong, T. Allen, J. W. Mellor, R. A. Bainbridge, H. A. Ewert, W. P. James, G. T. Corfield, S. U. Cotton, A. G. Thynne, Miss Scott, H. Twigg, J. Meier, W. H. Armstrong, J. J. Woods, T. Evans, H. B. Draper, W. H. Steves, Miss Isaacson, E. J. Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Merchant, Jas. Orr, W. M. Fielding, J. H. Smith, Miss Oreson, H. E. Crawford, Mrs. Oreson, Miss Crawford, E. H. Watson, W. R. Fish, Mrs. Borne, W. C. Leuk.

CONSIGNEES. Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Hartman & Co., Prov. Pub. Co., Western Hotel, M. H. Smith & Co., John Wilson & Co., Mat. Eos, C. Matson, A. W. Knight, S. Leiser & Co., Wilson & Co., C. E. Jones, T. N. Hibben & Co., Fell & Co., Market & Martin, Martin & R. R. Jameson.

There was a good deal of sound human nature in the unexpected reply of the dying woman to her minister's leading question: "Here, at the end of a long life, which of the Lord's mercies are you most thankful for?" Her eyes brightened as she answered, "My victuals."

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.

PIERCY.—At 179 Menzies street, on Monday, 3rd inst., to the wife of John Piercy, a daughter.

Cheap Clothing

We have decided to reduce our stock of men's suits and probably give up this branch of our business. We intend to devote more attention to Boys' clothing, Gent's furnishings, etc. Here is a sample of our reductions:

- Men's Prince Albert, Black Worsted Suits, Reduced from \$30 to \$18.
- Men's Dress Suits, Black Worsted, Reduced from \$30 to 20.
- Men's Fine Beaver Suits \$24 to \$18.
- 75 Tweed Suits, Frock Coats, Half Price.
- 200 Tweed Suits, Sac Coats, from \$4 to \$12, (Regular Price, \$7.50 to \$22).

We have a large stock of extra sizes in suits and pants, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 and 50 inch. Drop in and see us.

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Notice.

THE FISH AND FRUIT MARKET, No. 44 1-2 Government St.

Opposite the office of E. M. Johnson, has been purchased by me. I beg to solicit the patronage of all old customers and as many new ones as possible to this market. It will be my aim to keep on hand a fine supply of FISH, GAME, FRUITS AND POULTRY, as reasonable and of first quality, at moderate prices to suit the times.

J. P. SARANTIS.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22, 1896.