SERMON,

Before Receiving the

IOLY SACRAMENT.

y the late Reverend JOHN WILLISON, minister of the go pel at Dundee.

Cor. 11. 27. Wherefore wholosver shall eat this bread, and drink this cup of the Lord un worthily, shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord.

HE apostle having heard of several abuses that had crept in among the Corinthians with relpres their partaking at the Lord's supper, does fevererebuke them; and, for their amendment, lays own the platfor n of Christ's institution to them. om the 23d to this verse; and, having done to, he mes to draw a conclusion or inference, from the betrine he had been teaching them, in the text ? berefore who feever shall eat this bread, &c. q. d. eingit is fo that this great ordinance is of Christ's pointment, and he has left it behind him as a meorial of himself, teeing by it we shew forth the ord's death then certainly the unworthy and unitable celebration of fuch an ordinance, which is fo great concern, must be a very heinous crime, d a great reflection on the author of it, which he

In the words we have two things:

1. The fin itself proposed. Whosever soll eat is bread, and drink this cup of the Lord unworthing.

i. e Whatever man approaches Christ's take, and partakes of these sarred symbols of Christ's

body and blood, having an irreverent, irreligious unworthy and untuitable carriage of heart, is guilt of a great crime, as reflecting not on the elements themselves, but vilipending that which they repretent And, to aggravate it, he calls it the bread and our of the Lord. Tho' it were but common bread and wine, to ute it unwerthily were a crime; but it is the bread and wine of the Lord, inflatuted by time for his glory and our falvation; and therefore it is a far greater crime to ute it unworthilv. This und werthinels refpects not the perion of the receiver fo much as the manner of his receiving: the apostle speaks not of a worthiness of the person, but a worthirets of the action; for he tays not, Whatfoever unworthy perion cats, &c. for then he had excluded every man, for we are all unworthy. Morcover the apostle words it thus, to be a caveat even to belieters, and regenerate as well as natural perions. that people do not partake of the Lord's supper el ther in an unworthy state or unworthy frame. Sch he infinuates that even regenerate persons may communicate unworthily, which here does note the want of a right golyel frame and dipolition of toul.

of a right golyel frame and citye fitten of toul:

2. The guite of this fins, float be guilty of the bady and blood of the Lord; i. e. thall other be guilty of an egregious profanation and contempt of Christ's bedy, feeing any abute of the king's peture is reckoned an abute of lumfelf; or the y final between the latest who actually crucified him,

pierced his body, and flied his blood

Hence we observe, That unworthy communicating is a fin of great guilt and hazard. And therefore in further discouring on this fullyet, we shall endeavant to show.

I. What we are to understand by unworthy com-

II. Wherein confists the guilt and danger of it.

not make a person an unworthy communicant. I hele imperfections be regreted and mourned over a or what mortal can fay that he has cleanled his heart, nd that he is pure from fin? Prov. 20. 7. N ither. does the want of great knowledge Tho' a min inderstand not the nice debates and abstrute scholes. he disputes in divinity, yet, if he know the foundamental principles of religion, he may be a worby communicant. Nor, 3. doth form mafure of weakness of faith, attended with many doubts and ears, render one an un worthy communicant : for thrist says to his disciples, O ye of liesle faith, yet noth he not reject them; and he received that man. Mark o 22. who had by a very weak weavering with, and toon after cried out with tears, I believe, ord, help my unbelief Nor yet, 4. doth the want of fentible joy or comfort in or after communicating minder a perton from being a worthy partaker : for mere may be a Rvely acting of the graces, while yet here is no great fenfe of God's favour.

But, politively, unworthy communicating at Christ's tible, is, i When a person communicates more for afform than for conseince sake; when men come to the table of the Lord because it is the fashion of the country where they live, and because all their sighbours do so, and they must go along with them or company's take and that it would not be lucky for them if they got not their farament with their sighbours; but still have no sense upon their spirits. Christ's communand nor of the designs, the usellness and comfort of this facrament. Let us tremsless and contort of this facrament. Let us tremsless and contort of this facrament.

e and confider their hazard

4. When a perfor communicates without underunding his necessity of Christ, and the nature and ds of this ordinance; when a person knows not e need of a Redeemer to recover him out of his ruised natural state, or of his blood to cleanse and heal his wounds, and his rightcoulness to cover his nakednets. This ordinance is a contract betwixt God and finners: you can never go about it worthily, unless you understand the nature of the covemant and the terms on which you engage: you must know yourtelves to be poor and naked, fick and wounder, under the curfe of the law, the corruption of fin, and the pomer of Satan, and Christ's fitness and fuitableness to recover and help you, otherways

you cannot difcern the Lord's body aright. 3. When a perton refts on the bare ordinance without looking to Christ in it, and on the naked firms and elements for pardon and justification.

How many are there who thus content themselves with Elijan's maptle, without asking for the God of Lijah? I hey take the shell for the kernal, and the shaddow for the substance. Many think, if they get their communion as they call it, tho' it be nothing but a bit of bread and a tip of wine, they are well, they are out of all danger of hell and the devil; and thus they make it a mere charm.

When a person continues in habitual and frequent breaches of known commands, unrepented of: or in the omission of known duties, such as family worship or secret prayer; for those who forget Christ all the year long are not likely ro remember him aright at a communion-table: or yet when one continues in the commission of known fins, such as drunkennels, fwearing, uncleannels, covetouinels, fabbath breaking, &c. or lyes in any feeret in unrepented of, tuen as revenge, or malice at his neighbour. The heart that is a habitation for any of these kind of devils, is not a fit temple to receive Christ. O finner, wouldst thou invite Christ into that chamber where all his murderers are lodged? Not, certainly, unless thou hadft a defign to crucify him over again.

g. It is to communicate without any previous

y-paration, and terious pains, by prayer and felfxammation. If you would communicate worthilly you mult ule all end avours to train your hearts and sack your touls in order to entertain the mafter of the feart, Chrift tait, to every perfon who intends o partake of this ta rament as Namuel faid to Jeffer out, 1 Sant. 16 15. Sankirjy yourfelows, and come with me to the Jacrifice. Rum most what a rebuke Christ gave to the min who came to the feaft, and was not at pains 5 forest option the wedding gar-

ment, Matth, 22- 11 12.

6. It is to communicate without remembering Christ or his death, which is the great design of the ordinance, Luke 22, 20, And this is not a bare peculative or sitorical remembrance, but a practifal and a grateful heart aft. cling remembrance, tuch remembrance as a man hath when he fees the picare of a dear friend who is deceated or abient from im: he not only remembers his person, but the muual love that was betwixt them, and the many good offices his friend hath done for him Well, if ye would communicate, aright, ye should remember Chrift's painful death and bitter agonies; how he hung on the crofs with his boy torn and bleeding Il over : how heaven, earth and hell, juttice, men and devils, let upon him at once; how he was broken and bruifed by his Pather in the day of his great wrath, how the thorns pierced his temples, and drew leep turrows in his face; and how he fuffered all his for finners, and in the midfl of all still maintaind a vehement and constant love to them. He had be fin of his own; and all his forrows, cries, groans igonies, wrellings and strugglings, were for us,) communicants, take a view of their things tolight, and ye will be fitter to remember them to-

7. It is to approach without that awful dread and reverance of God which we should have on on Spirits. O carelets finner, who can approach God table as unconcernedly as if you were going to fil down at a common teast tremple, for you will ear and drink unworthily. You must approach with a reverance of the holires and justice of God, who h ted fin fo much. To vehemently, that he could fand by while his dear fon was fuffering for it, year and ftruggling in the cruel pangs of death ame ng the hands of bloody murderers, and that without any relenting of heart What earthly father but would account he fufferings of his fon as the rending of his howes? Yet it pleased the Lord to bruise him and to put him to grief. Ifa 52. 10. This was a grea er evidence of the inexorableness of his justice than if he had burled the whole world full of men and angels into hell Therefore, when we approach! to eat and to drink at the table of the I ord, well should be filled with a reverential adoration of the justice of God, and also of his purity, and of his all-feeing and piercing eye that is beholding us at the time of communicating. If men had the recont impressions of this, would they eat and drink to unconcernedly and irreverently? They would touch this bread and this cup with the same awe and reverance that the woman with the boody issue touched the hem of Christ's garment, and that was quaking and trembling, Mark 5. 33.

8 It is to fit down with a cold heart, wanting love to Christ. O communicants, this is a love. feaft and it is with love you on entertain Chrift. If you be an enemy to him, you have nothing to do at his table : this is a feast for frien's only, Cant. 5. 1. Eat, O friends; drink, yea drink abundant-Iv. O beloved. Whatever he wanting, love must not be wanting; for love is the spring that moveth

all the graces, faith, repentance, delight, &c. An

extended Savious requires an enlarged heart; and fee God beinging his Son from heaven to earth, blee ling. Remember that without live mere is no no communion with God forn 14 21. He that loveth me shall be loved of my Father, and ver. 23. We will come anto him, and make our abode with wim. O figurer, why therefore wilt thou not love Christ? Go home, and tecretly take a view of Christ and his love, and regret your want of dove, and fay Lord, I have a cold heart; O do thou inflame it. How can I look on a Saviout who had his hands naild, his head picked, his fides pierced, his heart griev. d, for my lins, and not love him? Can I behok! he arms of the Son of God open on the cross, the pear reaching his heart, his affections streaming out lo us in blood, when we were enemies to him, and fill be fo cold and indifferent."

e. It is to communicate with unbroken bearts for In. O finner, a whole heart and a broken Chrift will never fuit together. This paffover Built be laten with bitter herbs; ye can have no comfort in his ordinance without it; ye must sow in tears if e would reap in joy. Therefore come himbly and hournfully, acknowledging that all their throkes that ere laid on Christ were due to us, and that the traedy that was acted on him thould have been acted n us : we should have been the mark of all the arows of God's vengeance; it is on us that all the vis of wrath should have been poured out. dWhen e was bruited for our iniquities, we thould have en buifed down to hell under the milftone of God's rath: when he grouned on the crois, it was we hat thould have roared with the devils to all etersion

It is our fins that have done all: O curfed fin! It ye would not be unworthy communicants, ye should some here with a great mourning for fin, for all your by past fins, and for your breaches of vows fince the last facrament, for crucifying Christ over again, and caufing his wounds to bleed afresh O is your heart whole and hard, go home and regrete it, and cry to God, That you are afraid of unworthy communicating, and darest not approach his table with fuch a heart. And endeavour to be as much affected in time of communicating as if you heard every piercing grean of Christ in the garden, and numbbred every drop of blood that trickled down from him, and had been prefent and faw the foldiers driving in the nails and stabbing in the spear. Did the rocks rend, the fun vail himself, and the heavens mourn in black, and will your touls remain unaffected? Look upon him till your hearts be fet a-mourning as one mourneth for his only fon and be in bitterness as one is in bitterness for his first born, Zech. 12. 19. Let all the iprings of forrow be opened

10. It is to communicate with loofe wandering hearts, that are thinking on the world when they should be fixed on Christ's dying. Will any venture to come here and fit down to morrow with the world in their hearts, and their thoughts roving about it, and not to much as give any notice to Christ's dying groans, more than it were the death of fome East-India prince they were hearing of. What have you to do with the world at Christ's table? It will make him abhor you. O go home this night, and take pains to cleanfe and empty your hearts of all the rubbish of vain imaginations; bring no worldly thoughts to this place to morrow, but fay to the world and all things thereof, as Abraham taid to the young men, Gen. 22. 5. Abide you here till I go and wor flep yonder. Endeavour to come here with

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as ferious and folenm a frame as if thou wert going to lay down thy life. Call in all your affections, unite all your thoughts, contract all the beams of your feul, and let them be tet on the oli-fe before you. Cry mightily to heaven this night, "Lord, pity my worldly heart. O bamilh away the deval, who will be ready to caft in vain thoughts, and let

me think only on a dying Lord."

11. It is to communicate without any thankfulinels of heart, or wondering at redeeming love. If we would communicate worthily, our hearts should afcend, like Manoah's angel, in the smoke of thanks giving and elevation of spirit. Judg. 19 20 we should have the high praites of God in our mouths, and be inviting the angels and all creation to affift us in praising him. We should blets God for fendng his Sen, and Christ for his dying love, in drinking up that bitter cup that we should have drunk for lever. O finner, canft thou not get a thank ul admiring heart? Travel then into the mount of Olives where Christ prayed and wept. Enter into the gar-Hen, where he groaned and struggled in an agony: ee how humbly he went bearing his cross; and will not your affections warm?

12. It is to eat and drink without spiritual hunger and thirst. You cannot partake of this seast without an appetite. It will be a shame to you to come to this full seast, and leave your stomachs at some. The hearts of many are glutted with the world; and the full soul lothes the honey comb. It is only the hungry and thirsty soul that Christ will nake welcome. When the earth is fore parched with drought, it greedily sucks in the rain; so will you very eagely embrace the mercies offered in this accument, if you be suitably disposed. Can ye sit own at a communion table, and have no lunger or the bread of life, no panting for pardon of lia and for a sight of Christ's face? Will ye not be say.

ing, "Will Christ indeed come to this feast? Saa will it be for me if I miss him? When defires of pens the heart widelt, then Good opens his hand largest. Pfal. 81. 10. Open thy mouth wide, and I will fill is. O go home and cry for a hungry heart; "Acrumb, Lord, from thy table, else I starve and die."

11. It is to communicate without exercifing faith, and laying hold on Christ by the rrms of faith. It you communicate aright, you feal a marriage covenant and bargain with Christ. And you must take Christ intirely on his own terms. You are unworthy communicants if you think of halving it with Chrift. Embrace him not only as a priett, but as a king: not only to be faved by him, but to ferve him, and live for him, and cleave to him, come death come life. Do all this with full deliberation! and retolution, to that all the threatnings of devils, the pleatures of fin, the allurements of the world, shall never periwade you to part with your precious Cariff again. O go home this night, and take another view of this bargain and covenant, and the valt priveleges of it; and come to morrow fixedly: relolved to embrace it and adhere to it.

reloved to emorate it and antere to it.

14 Those communicate unworthly who do not communicate with strong and unalterable resolutions against fin as the mortal enemy of Christ and of their precious sould. There are many that east by their grofs sure, such as drokennels and Iwearing, and relovie to be holy, and to pray, for the time of a sacrament; but when it is over, they become just as they were. If there be any such here, I warn you of your denger, that you will be guilty of the body, and blood of the Loud. O it is a sad thing, to appear as Christians at a communion table, and to live like divels efterwards. I tell thee, O man, to come with a heart resolved to go on in inscriptions.

with remorfe at the begining of Christ's fufferings. Did that vile traitor's heart relent for his treachery when he law Christ ready to suffer, and shall we have thoughts of fin and betraying of Christ, when we fee his jufferings fully executed? O what is this but to be murderers of Christ, and to in the table of the Lord into a tham'sles and an Aceldama? Let us therefore come with deep confiderations of be curfed nature and dement of fin, armly retolyd to fight against it to our last breath, and to rerenge the blood and death of precious Christ on it. If we have been drunkards, fwearers, fabbath-brealers, neglectors of prayer, &c. ye must rewive to.

e fuch no more.

11. I proced to the Second place, to how whereon confirts the guilt and danger of unworthy comhunicating. It is to be guilty of the body and blood f the Lord. A great guilt indeed! A dreasful harge, to be recknied among the Jews and folhers who ambrued their hands in the blood of Chrit!! 1. It is a macking of Christ. Your coming to is table is a pretence of love to him, that you come. here to remember his death and unparallelled love. and to proclaim what obligations ly on you to love m, and to hate fin that yier him to; and there. bre when you come a way to embrace temptations as adily as ever, you plainly declare that you was fitting with Christ when you came to his table. It a folemn mocking of him You act 'fudats's part. and tay, Hail, majter, while you are playing the aitor; the toldiers part, faying, Hail, king of the ws, when you defign to crucify him. O what a wilt this must be?

2. It is a base undervaluing and contempt of the dy and blood of Chritt yea, a regarding it as the bod of a milefactor It is impossible that an una brthy communicant can regard it as the blood of innocent man, tho' this were bad enough, in deny-

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ing the efficacy of it, but he must reeds regard i as the blood of the highest malefactor that ever was in the world. It ye do not own it and accept it a the blood of God. ye charge Christ as a greate. criminal than Judas, as the greatest cheat and im pollure that ever was, in the declaring hindelf to be the Son of God. By ditregarding this facramen ye are guilty of the greatest astront to Christ that can be offered. What greater aftront can be offered than to throw the picture of a prince into a nafty jakes or dunghill? Can you disparage the covenant of grace more than by unworthily using the leals of it? Can you affront Christ more than by coming to his table covered over with your fins? Should a beggar who was wallowing in a puddle intrude him. feit in that filthy condition into a prince's company, fit down at his table, and dip his betmeared hands into the fame dish with him? It is at if ye should fay that the body and blood of the Redeemer was only fit food for dogs and I wine.

3. It is an implicite confent and approbation of the Jews murdering of the Lord of glory. He is suppeded to consent to the death of an innocember person who let light of it, and is no ways affected: by it, or entertains and abetts the murder. So who foever hath flight thoughts of Christ's death, and is not grieved for his fins that were the cause of it or lodges them flill with delight in his heart, is ac ceffary to the murder, and to is guilty of the bloom of Christ. O my friends, is this a small guilt? To be guilty of the imposent blood of any person is dreadful crime : hut what must it be to be guilty of the blood of the Son of God? O profane finners who has not a mind to leave thy fins, come not to the table of the Lord; theu wilt embrue thy hand a treft in the blood of Chaift, the glorified Son of God; thou wilt be his executioner, and not his guelly Therefore part with all your fins this night, and big. Christs traitors adieu for ever. You may as well profess openly at Christ's table to morrow your love the nails that pierced him, and the ipear that ran nto his fide, and adore them for luch an action, as some here with a love to these fins which were more itter to him than the nails and ipear. The Jows r Romans had no more power over him, had it not een for our fins: yea, I may fay, this will exected he fin of the Yews in some respects; they crucifid Christ ignorantly, but you wittingly, they reckond him guilty and a blatph mer, but you do it to an phoornt and your Redeemer; they did it in his ftate t humiliation, while in the form of a fervant, but you do it when he is exalted at his Father's rightland. O tremble at fuch aggravated guilt.

4. The occasion whereat unworthy communicants rucity Christ makes it a heinous guilt: it is while e is dilplaying a banner of love to you; it is while is making a rich tealt for you, yea, and offering s flesh and blood to tave your poor souls from pething. Would it not be counted a horrid monruous crime, in a poor beggar, who is lying staring by the way fide, if fome hospital man thould moved with compassion to him and take him in. Ad make a great feast for him, and in the mean ne, while he is entertaining him, and befeeching in to cat heartily, that he should stab the master the feaft ! And will you come to Christ's table, here he has prepared all fpiritual and heavenly dains for you, and in faying to you, Eat, O friends : link, yea drink abundantly, O beloved; and yet Il ye cruelly stab and murder the Master of that fled reaft? Lord, fave any of you from fuch dreadwickedness and barbatity. To be guilty of blood terrible: but O what must it be to be guilty of It blood which is inconceivably more precious than blood of all the kings or men that ever lived, are precious than the life of all angels and the dole creation !

APPLICATION.

t. Mence fee what a malignant devilish nature fin hath. It turns wholefour food into pointon, the waters of the lanctury into the waters of Mara, a cap of falvation to a cup of damnation. How flue pid and infentible does it make the heart! who could think that finners could ever become to barbarous and hard hearted as to shab and murder the Lord of glory, who hith already, to the adtonishment of men and angels, laid down his life to fave them?

2. Hence be altonished at God's patience and long suffering, that he liveald fuffer such horrid and barbarous nurderers to live so long; that he should suffer to many wretches to approach his table, and stab him over and over again, when he hath stable, and endeance as command to confume and effect of them. O wonderful patience! O riches of forbearance! O finners, blets God; that ye have yet an often of the blood which slope can cleante you from

the guilt of shedding it?

But have not all of us reason to Innent our unworthienes? Who among us can say, that he never contraded any thing of this guilt of the body
and blood of Christ? Did we never sit down at
Chissis table with our minds wavering, our spirits, that
should have been in heaven, tunk in the carth? Alas!
alas! Deliver me from blood-guiltiness may be the
ery of every one of us, as it was David's Pfal. 51.
14 How often have we wounded him who deliver
red us, and killed him who saved us, trampled on
that blood which must sprinkle and cleante us? O
we have all of us reason to weep over a crucified
shain Lord, and to make this a place of Bochim

3. What care should we all take of preparing our felves to come to Christ's table with the wedding

garment, that we be not unworthy communicants, and to be guilty of the body and blood or the I ord? Venture not to come without exemining youricles, your fins, your graces, your wants and your defigns: nd let this be a praying and wreftling night with ou O careles finner, dareit thou approach Christ's able without prayer and repentance, and thus be fullty of Christ's blood? Thou runnest a great risk it it; and it will be a wonder if you etcape God's engeance. What if God break out upon you, as n Nadab and Abibu? What it he should itrike you ead with a thunder-bolt on the very ipot, and make ou a monument of his wrath to all around? You fill be only obliged to God's patience if it be otherays: but fure I am thou wilt draw down vaft loads If wrath on thy foul, and it will be a fad reckening the long run. O remember what became of the If unworthy communicant, (if Fredas was one): was immediately given up to the possession of the vil, who entered into him with the fup. If the wil were let bole, what havok would he make aong unworthy communicants? He would foon reinge the blood of Christ, and make the communirable a Golgotha. O finners, will you be guilty shedding the blood of a dear Saviour, who is inging to lave you; will you offer to make a new empt on his life? If you dare be fo barbarous, I you, heaven and earth will be a witness against ; that very blood which you profane and spill

cry should to heaven for vengeance upon you; will be a witnets againft you. The taints and .ls, who behold you profaning his blood, will be ences againft you; the communion table and cups

witness against you.

re there any among you trembling, and fearing you communicate unworthly, and so be guilty brilt's hody and blood? To tuch let me 12y, would receive worthly, O come with your hearts burning and your fouls thiriting; abhor curled fin, which was the cause of Christ's sufferings; cast your-felves in the arms of a crucified Redeemer; wash your fouls in his blood; humlyl plead his merits before God, and believingly apply them; and he will faitify your fouls as with marrow and faringly, and your mouth shall praile bim with joyful lips.

F I N I S.

