

H. Zhao's MindMap of **Galaxy & Accretion Physics Common Equations & Concepts/Examples**

**I. Poisson Eq.:**  $\frac{\nabla \cdot [\nabla \Phi(t, \mathbf{X})]}{4\pi G} = \rho(t, \mathbf{X}) = \overbrace{m^{DM} n^{DM}}^{\text{grav. density} = \sum_{p=\text{gas},*} \rho^p(t, \mathbf{X}) = \sum_p m^p n_p} + \rho^{\text{gas}}(t, \mathbf{X}) + \dots + \int_{\infty} d\mathbf{v}_*^3 \overbrace{[m_* f_*(t, \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{v}_*)]}^{O(10^{10} M_{\odot})/[10 \text{ kpc} \cdot 100 \text{ km/s}]^3} \xrightarrow{\rightarrow 0 \text{ if } (X, v_*) \rightarrow \infty}$ , **E.g.**,

**Stellar Eq. of Motion**  
 $\underbrace{\ddot{\mathbf{x}}^* = -\nabla_{\mathbf{x}^*} \Phi(t, \mathbf{x}_*)}_{\mathbf{g}} = \nabla_{\mathbf{x}_*} \int_{\infty} \frac{dM(\mathbf{X})}{|\mathbf{x}_* - \mathbf{X}|} G, \quad \frac{v_{\text{cir}}^2}{r} = |\mathbf{g}| = \frac{d}{dr} \left\{ \int_{\infty}^r 4\pi G \rho(r_1) r_1 dr_1 - \frac{GM(r)}{r} \right\} = \frac{4\pi G}{(4\pi r^2)} \int_0^r \rho(r_1) 4\pi r_1^2 dr_1$ .  
*shell.accel.*  $\Phi(r) = -v_{\text{esc}}^2/2$  *enclosed.  $\sum_p M^p(r)$*

**II. Mass Conservation Eq.:** Viscous flow in disc (of  $2H$  thick) or on particle  $m^p$  (of Bondi size  $2B \equiv \frac{2Gm^p}{\bar{v}^2 + \sigma^2}$ ):

**steady**  
 $\underbrace{cst}_{\text{steady}} = - \int \rho_p \overbrace{dA}^{O(4\pi B^2)} \cdot \bar{\mathbf{v}}_p = \underbrace{(-2\pi R v_R)}_{\text{visc}} \underbrace{\int_{-H}^H dZ \rho_{\text{gas}}}_{\Sigma_{\text{disc}}^{\text{gas}}} = \frac{\dot{M}_p}{\partial t} \int_{\infty} \rho_p d^3 \mathbf{x} \approx \frac{M_p}{t_{\text{visc}}^{\text{dyf,rlx}}} \approx \underbrace{(2\pi B \sqrt{\bar{v}_p^2 + \sigma^2})}_{\text{visc}} \underbrace{(2B \rho_p)}_{\text{surf.dens.}}$

**III. Momentum (Jeans) Eqs.** of a  $p$  population from integrated **6D CBE**:  $\frac{1}{\rho_p} \int \{ \mathbf{v}_p \frac{d[f_p m_p]}{dt} - \bar{\mathbf{v}}_p \frac{d[f_p m_p]}{dt} \} d^3 \mathbf{v} = 0$ .

$\underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{j=1}^3 \bar{v}_j^p \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \right) \bar{v}_i^p}_{\text{flow.accel. } \bar{v}_i^p \sim O(\bar{\psi}^2 R)} = \underbrace{\frac{-\partial \Phi(t, \mathbf{x})}{\partial x_i}}_{g_i \sim O(-GM/R^2)} \underbrace{\sum_{j=1}^3 \frac{\partial}{\rho^p \partial x_j}}_{\text{pressure balance}} \left[ \underbrace{\rho^p(t, \mathbf{x})}_{\int_{\infty} m_p f_p d^3 \mathbf{v}} \underbrace{\sigma_{ji}^p(t, \mathbf{x})}_{O(c_s^2)} \right] - \underbrace{\bar{v}_i^p \underbrace{[\dot{m}_p/m_p]}_{\text{snow.plough}}}_{1/t |_{\text{visc}}^{\text{dyn.fric,relax.}}}$

**E.g.:** No relaxation of Sun's angular momentum in  $10^9$  stress-free harmonic periods  $\frac{2\pi}{\kappa} \sim \frac{2\pi}{\nu} \sim \frac{2\pi(R_0 \sim 10 \text{ kpc})}{v_{\text{cir}} \sim 200 \text{ km/s}}$ .

$\underbrace{\left[ \frac{\dot{R}/(R_0 - R)}{\dot{Z}/(0 - Z)} \right]_{R \rightarrow R_0}^{Z \rightarrow 0}}_{\text{restoring.freq.}^2 \sim O(G\rho)} = \underbrace{[\kappa^2]}_{\text{eff.pot.}} \equiv \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial Z^2} \right] [\Phi(R, Z) + (R\dot{\psi})^2/2], \quad \underbrace{J_z m_p = R(\dot{\psi} R) M_{\odot} = R v_{\psi} M_{\odot}}_{\text{looporbit}}$

**E.g.:** If BH tide or gas-selfgravity beats spin  $\propto J_z^2$ , density  $G\rho \propto \kappa^2$  or sound  $c_s^2 \sim \sigma^2 \equiv \frac{P}{\rho^p} \propto T(\mathbf{x}) \propto \left( \frac{L}{\text{Area}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ ,

$1 \geq Q_{\text{Edd,tide}}^{J_n, \text{cnf}} \equiv \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{\kappa^2 R \cdot c^2/R}}{G[\pi \Sigma_{\text{disc}}^{\text{gas}}]}, \frac{c_s \kappa}{G[\pi \rho_{\text{gas}} r]} \right\} \equiv \frac{r J_n}{r}, \frac{c \left[ \frac{\sigma_e/m_p}{4\pi r^2 c^2} L \right]}{G \left[ \frac{m_{\text{BH}}}{r^2} \right]} \equiv \frac{L/c^2}{L_{\text{Edd}}/c^2}, \frac{J_z^2/R^3}{G \left[ \frac{m_{\text{BH}}}{R^2} \right]} \equiv \frac{R_{\text{cnf}}}{R}, \frac{(GM_{\odot} R_{\odot})/R_{\odot}^3}{\frac{GM_{\text{BH}}}{R^2} - \frac{GM_{\text{BH}}}{(R+R_{\odot})^2}} \equiv \frac{R^3}{R_{\text{tide}}^3} \}.$

**E.g.:** Virial $_{jj}$  tensor is space-time-averaged work in  $\overline{\mathbf{v}_j \mathbf{x}_j}^{\text{P=gas}}$  moment of **Collision-nixed Boltzmann Eq.:**

$\frac{1}{N_p} \int_{\infty} \mathbf{x}_j d^3 \mathbf{x} \int_{\infty} \mathbf{v}_j d^3 \mathbf{v} \int_0^T \frac{dt}{T} \left\{ \frac{\partial f^p}{\partial t} + \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \cdot [f^p \mathbf{v}] - \nabla_{\mathbf{v}} \cdot [f^p \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \Phi] \right\} = 0 \leftarrow \frac{\overline{\mathbf{x}_j \mathbf{v}_j^p} \Big|_0^T}{T} = \overline{\mathbf{v}_j \mathbf{v}_j^p} - \overline{\mathbf{x}_j \partial_{\mathbf{x}_j} \Phi^p}$

$\underbrace{M_* \sum_{j=1,3} \overline{\mathbf{v}_j^2}^*}_{2T} = \underbrace{M_* \overline{\mathbf{x} \cdot \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \Phi^*}}_{M_* \overline{\mathbf{v}_{\text{cir}}^2}^*} \underbrace{\equiv}_{\text{selfgravity}} = \underbrace{\overline{W}}_{\approx M_*} \underbrace{[-\Phi/2]}_{\approx M_*} = \frac{1}{2} \iint_{\infty} \overbrace{[\rho(\mathbf{x}) d^3 \mathbf{x}]}^{dM_*(\mathbf{x})} \overbrace{[\rho(\mathbf{X}) d^3 \mathbf{X}]}^{\approx m_* n_*} / |\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{X}|$

**E.g.:** a BH cluster  $M = N_p m_p = 10^3 \times 10^6 M_{\odot} = \int m_p f_p d\mathbf{x}^3 d\mathbf{v}^3$ ,  $f_p(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}) \propto \left| 1 + \frac{E - \frac{J^2}{2B^2} \rightarrow 0.5|v_r^2 + (1 - \frac{r^2}{B^2})(v_{\theta}^2 + v_{\psi}^2)| + \Phi(|\mathbf{x}|)}{[GM/B] \sim \text{Virial} \sim [c_s \sim \sigma \sim v_{\text{esc}} \sim 60 \text{ km/s}^{-1} \sim v_{\text{cir}}]^2} \right|^{-0.5}$

is hydrostatic:  $Q^{J_n} = \frac{B}{1 \text{ kpc}} \sim 1$ ,  $\overline{\mathbf{v}^p} \equiv \frac{\int \mathbf{v} f_p d\mathbf{v}_r d\mathbf{v}_{\theta} d\mathbf{v}_{\psi}}{\int f_p d\mathbf{v}_r d\mathbf{v}_{\theta} d\mathbf{v}_{\psi}} = 0$ , uniform  $\rho_p(|\mathbf{x}|) = \int_0^{\infty} f_p 4\pi \bar{v} d(\bar{v}^2/2) / (1 - \frac{r^2}{B^2}) = \frac{N_p m_p}{(4\pi B^3/3)} = \frac{d}{r^2 dr} \left[ \frac{r^2 d\Phi}{4\pi G dr} \right]$ , **anisotropic dispersion**  $\sigma_{\theta}^2 = \sigma_{\psi}^2 = \frac{GM}{2B}$ ,  $\sigma_r^2 \equiv \frac{GM}{2B} \left( 1 - \frac{r^2}{B^2} \right) = -\Phi(r) - \frac{GM}{B}$  from **P.E./J.E.**  
 $\partial_r \Phi = \frac{\sigma_{\theta}^2 + \sigma_{\psi}^2 - 2\sigma_r^2}{r} - \frac{\partial_r(\rho \sigma_r^2)}{\rho}$ . **Virial**  $(0.5 v_{\text{esc}})^2 = \overline{0.5\Phi} = v_{\text{cir}}^2 = \sigma_{\theta}^2 + \sigma_{\psi}^2 + \sigma_r^2 = \frac{3GM}{5B}$ . **Jeans/Bondi radius**  
 $B(t)$  doubles once BHs relax into  $500 \times (2 \times 10^6 M_{\odot})$  pairs of size  $2B = \frac{2Gm_p}{2\sigma^2} \sim 2pc$  by wake-dragging/accretion each  
 $t_{\text{rlx}}^{\text{dyf}} \sim \frac{10^3 \times B}{c_s} \sim \frac{10^3}{\sqrt{G\rho_p}} \sim \text{Hubble Time}$ ,  $m_p \sim 10^6 M_{\odot} e^{\frac{t}{10^8 \text{ yr}}}$ .