SUPPLEMENT TO
THE BEE.
THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1835.

State of Louisiana.

TWELFTH LEGISLATURE—1st SESSION.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, 3d March, 1835.

The house met, agreeably to adjournment.

Mr Dixon presented the petition of De Dames, of New Orleans, praying certain relief, and moved that said petition be referred to the committee on claims—said motion was adopted.

Mr Bry offered the following resolution, to wit:

Resolved that the senate and house of representatives of the state of Louisiana in general assembly convened, that the board of [illegible] be and they are hereby directed to cause to be [illegible] and surveyed the bayou running from the [illegible] of Opelousas and Carencro, to the prairie Mallerson, including and running to the next section of the Chatapoula, and report to the next session of the legislature the cost of clearing all obstructions and [illegible] navigable for steamboats, which may exist in said bayou and [illegible] on the Opelousas and [illegible] road.

On motion, ordered that the house do now proceed with their rules, for the second reading and consideration of said resolution.

On motion, ordered that the same be laid on the table.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

Mr Richardson, agreeably to previous notice, introduced a bill entitled an act to establish a steam printing for the purpose of building and constructing a bridge over the [illegible] between the parishes of East and West Feliciana.

Which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr Ogden gave notice that he intended on a future day to call up a bill [illegible] and providing for the recovery of [illegible] accounts.

Mr Montgomery, agreeably to previous notice, introduced a bill entitled an act to incorporate the New Orleans St Andrews [illegible] company, which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

The following message was received from the governor:

New Orleans, 2d March, 1835.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

By the act of the 14th March, 1835, (Moreau Digest, page 212,) it is provided that quarterly, during the recess of the legislature, the governor shall have power to appoint, on the application of the police jury of the city of New Orleans, a commissioner at a salary of [illegible] dollars per annum.

By the removal of the commissioner to the penitentiary hospital at Baton Rouge, a vacancy will [illegible] to have been produced in the circumstances under which the act above quoted was passed.

I would suggest to the legislature the question whether it might not be expedient to make some consequent modification of the law.

E. D. WHITE,
Gov. of the State of La.

On motion, ordered that said message be referred to the committee on penitentiary.

The speaker laid before the house the other following message.

New Orleans, 2d March, 1835.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The [illegible] is a subject which I deem it my duty to submit for the consideration of the legislature—Various applications have made to the executive for the appointment of notaries, [illegible] and parish surveyors, and justices of the peace, in places of persons holding such commission, and who have permanently removed from the [illegible] within which their duties were to be performed. The law not having defined what shall amount to a vacancy of the offices, it is not easy to determine what rule the executive can adopt in relation to the subject matter, by appointing others to succeed the previous incumbents, who appear, by the acts themselves to be [illegible] office. It is apprehended that questions of [illegible] might be raised, affecting the rights of property.

I therefore submit the expediency of providing for the case by a law specifying the circumstances under which new appointments may be made.

E. D. WHITE,
Gov. of the state of La.

On motion, ordered that the same be referred to a special committee.

The speaker appointed Messrs Penn, Sparks and Winn on said committee.

The speaker laid before the house a communication of the clerk of the county of the parish of Livingston, making the returns required by law.

On motion, ordered that the same be laid on the table.

Mr McAllister moved for the [illegible] of the bill entitled an act to authorise the [illegible] of the state to subscribe five hundred shares on the part of the state to the capital stock of the Atchafalaya and Lafourche [illegible] and for other purposes.

Said motion having prevailed,

The house took up said bill.

On motion of Mr McCollister, ordered that said bill be laid on the table, subject to the call of the house.

Mr Richardson moved that the house proceed with their rules, for the consideration of the bill entitled an act further to [illegible] the charter of the West Feliciana railroad company.

Said motion having prevailed, the house [illegible] said bill.

Mr Richardson offered a [illegible] to amend the [illegible] section.

On motion, ordered that said bill be laid on the table.

On motion, ordered that the house having dispensed with their rules, proceed to the second reading of said bill.

And on motion, the house having again dispensed with their rules, proceeded to the third reading and consideration of said bill.

On motion, ordered that the same do pass and retain its title.

That clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate therein.

On motion, ordered that the house do now adjourn.

Adjourned.

SENATE.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate that the house was ready to proceed to business.

Mr Bry, from the committee on [illegible] reported back the bill entitled an act to amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson railroad company, which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

The bill entitled an act relative to the [illegible] asylum, was read a second time and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill entitled an act granting a compensation to the state treasurer.

Mr Augustin moved for the reconsideration of the substitute offered by Mr Winn, and adopted yesterday.

Said motion having prevailed, the house took up said substitute.

Mr Winn having moved to reject the same, the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs Armand, Augustin, Bicknell, Brashear, Breaux, Bridges, Davidson, Delaronde, Dubuys, Duplantier, Dupre, Duralde, Favrot, Fortier, Gallier, Guillet, Hunter, Labauve, Landry, Lanneau, Lewis, Montgomery, Ory, Patten, Sibley and A. B. Thibodeaux had voted in the affirmative—21 yeas.

And that Messrs Beckham, Breazeale, Breed, Dixon, Dorsey, Estelle, Fenner, Gallien, Johnson, Lacroix, Forest, Guillet, Johnson, Kilbourn, Lambremont, Lea, Lobdell, Mahon, Millaudon, Nevers, Simpson, Sligo, Thibodeaux and Winn had voted in the negative—17 nays.

So the motion was rejected.

Said substitute was consequently adopted.

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

By the message the house has been informed that the committee of enrolments have reported as duly enrolled the bill entitled

An act to incorporate the commercial insurance company, passed on the 6th day of October, 1834, the agreeable to the request of the speaker is returned therewith.

Mr Dorsey, chairman of the committee of enrolments, reported the same as duly enrolled.

The speaker signed said bill and the clerk was directed to inform the house thereof.

By the same message the house was informed that the senate had concurred in the amendments made by the house to the bill entitled

An act to incorporate the Roman Catholic church of St John the Baptist, West Baton Rouge.

And to provide for the draining and clearing of the nursery grounds and cypress swamps, situate between the city of New Orleans, as incorporated suburbs and Lake Pontchartrain.

Which had been made the special order for to-day.

During the discussion of the second section, which reads as follows:

Be it further enacted, That the said company shall not have the New Orleans banking company, and that shall be created and established with a capital of [illegible] dollars, divided into [illegible] shares of one hundred dollars each, of which a majority of the stock shall be owned by citizens of the United States, and [illegible] by the author and [illegible] of the same, and of which the [illegible] shall be [illegible] of the city of New Orleans, and [illegible] of the state of Louisiana, and [illegible] of the [illegible] of the state of Louisiana, and [illegible] of the [illegible] of the state of Louisiana, and [illegible] of the