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PRINCETON, N. J.

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The call to the Unconverted
How small in bulk, but
how powerful in virtue!
Truth speaks in it with
that authority and efficacy
that makes the reader to
lay his hand on his breast,
and find he has a soul
and a conscience, though
he had before, as if he
had none. . . He told
some friends, that six
brothers were converted
by reading that call; and
that every week he
received letters of some
converted by his books.
This he speaks with most
humble thankfulness, that
God was pleased to use
such an inst^t for the salvation of souls.
Dr. Butler's

Richard Baxter.

Was a man famous for weakness of body and strength of mind; for having the strongest sense of religion himself and exciting a sense of it in the thoughtless and the profligate; for preaching more sermons, engaging in more controversies, and writing more books than any other nonconformist of his age. He spoke, disputed and wrote with ease, and discovered the same intrepidity when he reproved Cromwell and excommunicated with Charles the 2^d. as when he preached to a congregation of mechanics. His zeal for religion was extraordinary, but it seems never to have prompted him to faction or carried him to enthusiasm. This champion of the Presbyterians was the common butt of men of every other religion and of those who were of no religion at all. But this had very little effect upon him, his presence and firmness of mind on no occasion forsook him. He was just the same before he went into a prison, and when he came out of it, and he maintained an uniformity

of character to the last gasp of his life.
His enemies have placed him in hell,
but every man, who has ten times less
bigotry than Mr. Baxter himself had,
must conclude that he is in a better
place. This is a very faint and
imperfect sketch of Mr. Baxter's
character: men of his size are not to
be drawn in miniature. His portrait
in full proportion is in his "Narrative
of his own life and times"; which though
a whapsody composed in the manner of
a diary contains a great variety of
memorable things, and is itself as
far as it goes a history of nonconfor-
-mity. His "Catholic Theology
and his "Saints' everlasting Rest" are
the most considerable of his writings,
which consist of an hundred and
forty five different treatises. His
"call to the unconverted" has been often
printed than any of his works

Granger's Biographical History
Volume 3. Page 332.

A
C A L L
TO THE

Unconverted

TO
Turn and Live,

AND

Accept of Mercy while Mer-
cy may be had, as ever they
would find Mercy in the day of
their extremity.

From the living God.

By his unworthy Servant
RICHARD BAXTER.

To be Read in Families where any
are Unconverted.

The Thirteenth Edition, with the addition
of some Prayers.

LONDON,

Printed by R. W. for N. Simmons at the
three Crowns near Holborn Conduit.

1669. At 1^s. bound.

O. J. I. A.

FOR THE

MEMBERSHIP

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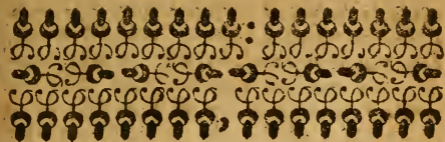
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OF



THE
REASON
OF THIS
WORK.



*I*N that short acquaintance I had with that Reverend, Learned Servant of Christ, Bishop Usher, he was oft from first to last importuning me to write a Directory for the several ranks of professed Christians, which might distinctly give each one their portion; beginning with the unconverted, and then proceeding to the babes in Christ, and then to the strong; and mixing some special Helps against the several

sinners that they are addicted to. By the suddenness of his motion at our first congress, I perceived it was in his mind before: And I told him, both that it is abundantly done by many already: and that his unacquaintedness with my weakness, might make him think me fitter for it than I was. But this did not satisfy him, but still he made it his request, I confess I was not moved by his Reasons, nor did I apprehend any great need of doing more than is done in that way: nor that I was likely to do more. And therefore I parted from him without the least purpose to answer his desire. But since his death, his words often came into my mind: and the great reverence I bore to him, did the more incline me to think with some complacency of his motion. And having of late intended to write a Family-Directory, I began to apprehend how congruously the fore-mentioned work should lead the way; and the several Conditions of mens souls be spoken of, before we come to the several Relations. Hereupon I resolved by Gods assistance to proceed in the order following. First, To speak to the impenitent unconverted sinners, who are not yet so much as purposing to Turn, or at least are not setting about the work. And with these I thought a wakening Perswasive was a more necessary means than meer Directions. For Directions suppose men willing to obey them: but the persons that we have first to deal with, are wilful and asleep in sin, and as men that are past feeling, having given themselves over to sin with greediness, Ephes.

4. 19. My next work must be for those that have some purposes to Turn, and are about the Work, to Direct them for a through and true Conversion, that they miscarry not in the birth. The third part must be Directions for the younger and weaker sort of Christians, that they may be stablished, built up, and persevere. The fourth part, Directions for lapsed and backsliding Christians for their safe Recovery. Besides these, there is intended some short Persuatives and Directions against some special errors of the times, and against some common killing sins. As for Directions to Doubting troubled Consciencés, that is done already. And the Strong I shall not write Directions for, because they are so much taught of God already. And then the last part is intended more specially for Families as such, Directing the several Relations in their Duties. Some of these are already written: whether I shall have life and leisure for the rest, God only knoweth. And therefore I shall publish the several parts by themselves, as I write them: and the rather because they are intended for men of different states, and because I would not deter them by the bulk or price, from reading what is written for their benefit. The use that this Part is published for, is, 1. For Masters and Parents to read often in their Families, if they have Servants or Children that are yet unconverted. 2. For all such unconverted persons to read and consider of themselves. 3. For the richer sort, that have any pitty on such miserable souls, to give to the un-sanctified that need them: (if

they have not fitter at hand to use and give.) The
Lord awake us to work while it is day, for the
saving of our own and others souls, in subservi-
ency to the blessed God, the Maker, the Redeemer, and
the Sanctifier of souls.

Decemb. 10.

1657.

Richard Baxter.

To



To all un sanctified persons that shall read this Book, Especially of my Hearers in the Burrough and Parish of *Kedermister*.

Men and Brethren,



THE Eternal God that made you for a life Everlasting, and hath Redeemed you by his only Son, when you had lost it and your selves, being mindful of you in your sin and misery, hath indited the Gospel, and sealed it by his Spirit, and commanded his Ministers to preach it to the world, that pardon being freely offered you, and Heaven being set before you, he might call you off from your fleshly pleasures, and from following after this deceitful world, and acquaint you with the Life that you were Created and Redeemed for, before you are dead and past remedy. He sendeth not you Prophets or Apostles, that receive their message by immediate Revelation, but yet he calleth you by his ordinary Ministers, who are Commissionated by him to preach the same

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*tem*s: For long have we preached to many of them, as in vain: we study *plainness* to make them *understand*, and many of them will not *understand* us: We study serious piercing words, to make them *feel*, but they *will not feel*. If the *Greatest* matters would work with them, we should *awake* them: If the *sweetest* things would work, we should *entice* them and win their hearts; If the most *dreadful* things would work, we should at least *affright* them from their wickedness: If *Truth* and *Certainty* would take with them, we should soon *convince* them; if the God that made them, and the Christ that bought them might be heard, the case would soon be altered with them; if *Scripture* might be heard, we should soon prevail? if *Reason*, even the best and strongest Reason might be heard, we should not doubt but we should speedily convince them: if *Experience* might be heard, even their *own* experience, and the experience of all the world, the matter would be mended: Yea, if the Conscience within them might be heard, the case would be better with them than it is. But if nothing can be heard, what then sha'll we do for them? If the dreadful God of Heaven be slighted, who then shall be regarded? If the inestimable Love and blood of a Redeemer be made light of, what then shall be valued? If Heaven have no desirable Glory with them, and everlasting Joyes be nothing worth; if they can jest at Hell, and dance about the bottomless pit,
and

and play with the consuming fire, and that when God and man do warn them of it; what shall we do for such souls as these?

Once more in the Name of the God of Heaven, I shall do the message to you which he hath commanded us, and leave it in these standing lines to convert you or condemn you: to change you, or rise up in Judgement *against you*, and to be a witness to your faces, that once you had a *serious Call to Turn*. Hear all you that are the drudges of the world, and the servants of flesh and *Satan*! That spend your dayes in looking after prosperity on earth, and drown your consciences in drinking, and gluttony, and idleness, and foolish sports, and know you sin, and yet will sin, as if you set God at defiance, and bid him do his worst and spare not! Hearken a'l you that mind not God, and have no heart to holy things, and feel no favour in the Word or Worship of the Lord, or in the thoughts or mention of eternal life, that are careless of your immortal souls, and never bestowed one hour in enquiring what case they are in, whether sanctified or un sanctified, and whether you are ready to appear before the Lord! Hearken all you that by sinning in the Light, have sinned your selves into Atheism and Infidelity, and do not believe the Word of God. He that hath an ear to hear, let him hear the Gracious and yet Dreadful *Call of God*! His eye is all this while upon you. Your sins are registred, and you shall surely
hear

of them all again : God keepeth the Book now : and he will write it upon all your Consciences with his terrors : and then you also shall keep it your selves : O sinners , that you knew but what you are doing ! and who you are all this while offending ! The Sun it self is darkness before the glory of that Majesty which you daily abuse, and carelessly provoke. The sinning Angels were not able to stand before him, but were cast down to be tormented with Devils. And dare such silly worms as you so fearlessly offend , and set your selves *against* your Maker !. O that you did but a little know what a case that wretched soul is in, that hath engaged the living God *against* him.. The Word of his mouth that made thee can unmake thee ; the frown of his face will cut thee off , and cast thee out into utter darkness. How eager are the Devils to be doing with thee that have tempted thee, and do but wait for the word from God , to take and use thee as their own ! and then in a moment thou wilt be in Hell. If God be *against* thee, all things are *against* thee : this world is but thy prison for all that thou so lovest it : thou art but reserved in it to the day of wrath , (*Job 21. 30.*) The Judge is coming, thy soul is even going. Yet a little while, and thy Friend shall say of thee, *He is dead* : and thou shalt see the things that thou now dost despise, and feel that which now thou wilt not believe. Death will bring such an Argument as thou canst not answer : An Argument

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Argument that shall effectually confute thy Cavils against the Word and wayes of God, and all thy self-conceited dotages. And then how soon will thy mind be changed? Then be an unbeliever if thou canst, stand then to all thy former words which thou wast wont to utter against the Scriptures, or against a holy and a heavenly life. Make good that cause then before the Lord, which thou wast wont to plead against thy Teachers: and against the people that feared God. Then stand to thy old opinions, and contemptuous thoughts of the diligence of the Saints: Make ready now thy strongest Reasons, and stand up then before the Judge, and plead like a man, for thy flesh'y, thy worldly, and ungodly life. But know that thou must have one to plead with, that will not be out-faced by thee: nor so easily put off as we thy fellow Creatures. O poor deceived wretched soul! there is nothing but a slender vail of flesh betwixt thee and that amazing sight, which will quickly silence thee, and turn thy tune, and make thee of another mind! As soon as Death hath drawn this Curtain, thou shalt see that which will quickly leave thee speechless. And how quickly will that day and hour come? When thou hast had but a few more merry hours, and but a few more pleasant draughts and morsels, and a little more of the honours and riches of the world, thy portion will be spent, and thy pleasures ended, and all is then gone that thou settest thy heart upon: of all that thou

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thou soldst thy *Saviour* and *salvation* for, there is nothing left but the heavy reckoning. As a Thief, that sits merrily drinking the money in an Ale-house which he hath stoin, when men are riding in post-haste to apprehend him, so it is with you. While you are drowned in cares or fleshly pleasures, and making merry with your own shame, Death is coming in post-haste to seize upon you, and carry your souls to such a place, and state, as now you little know or think of. Suppose when you were bold and busie in your sin, that a messenger were but coming post from *London* to apprehend you, and take away your lives; though you *saw* him not, yet if you *knew* that he was coming, it would marr your mirth, and you would be thinking of the haste he makes, and hearkning when he knocked at your door: O that you could but see what haste Death makes, though yet it have not overtaken you! No Post so swift! No messenger more sure! As sure as the Sun will be with you in the morning, though it hath many thousands, and hundred thousand miles to go in the night: so sure will death be quickly with you, and *then* where is your sport and pleasure. *Then* will you jest and brave it out? *Then* will you jeer at them that warned you? *Then* is it better to be a believing Saint, or a sensual worldling? *And then* whose shall all those things be that you have gathered? (*Luke 12. 19, 20, 21.*) Do you not observe that dayes and weeks are quickly
gone,

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gone, and nights and mornings come apart, and speedily succeed each other? You sleep, but your *Damnation slumbereth not*; You linger, but your *Judgement this long time lingereth not*: 2 Pet. 2. 3, 4, 5. to which you are reserved for punishment (2 Pet. 2. 8, 9.) O that you were wise to understand this, and that you did consider your latter end, Deut. 32. 29 He that hath an ear to hear, let him hear the Call of God in this Day of his Salvation.

O careless sinners, that you did but know the Love that you unthankfully neglect, and the preciousness of the blood of Christ which you despise! O that you did but know the riches of the Gospel! Oh that you did but know, a little know the Certainty and the Glory, and blessedness of that everlasting Life, which now you will not set your hearts upon, nor be perswaded first and diligently to seek. (Heb. 11. 6. & 12, 28. Matth. 6. 13.) Did you but know the endless Life with God which you now neglect, how quickly would you cast away your sin! how quickly would you change your mind and life, your course and company, and turn the streams of your affections, and lay out your care another way? How resolutely would you scorn to yield to such temptations as now deceive you, and carry you away? How zealously would you bestir your selves for that most blessed life? How earnest would you be with God in prayer? How diligent in hearing, and learning, and enquiring? How serious in meditating

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ditating on the Laws of God? (*Psal.* 1. 2.) How fearful of sinning in thought, word, or deed? and how careful to please God, and grow in Holiness? O what a changed people you would be! And why should not the certain word of God be believed by you, and prevail with you, which openeth to you these glorious & eternal things?

Yea, let me tell you, that even here on earth, you little know the difference between the life which you refuse, and the life which you choose? The Sanctified are conversing with God, when you dare scarce think of him, and when you are conversing but with earth and flesh. Their Conversation is in Heaven, when you are utter strangers to it, and your belly is your God, and you are minding earthly things, *Phil.* 3. 18, 19, 20. They are seeking after the face of God, when you seek for nothing higher than this world. They are busily laying out for an endless life, where they shall be equal with the Angels, (*Luke* 20. 36.) when you take up with a shadow, and a transitory thing of nought. How low and base is your earthly, fleshly, sinful life; in comparison of the noble, spiritual life of true believers! Many a time have I looked on such men with grief and pity, to see them trudge about the world, and spend their lives, and care, and labour for nothing but a little food and rayment, or a little fading pelf; or fleshly pleasures, or airy Honours, as if they had no higher things to mind. What difference is there between

you to this mark  the

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the lives of these men, and of the beasts that perish, that spend their time in working, and eating, and living, but that they may live? They taste not of the inward heavenly Pleasures which Believers taste and live upon. I had rather have a little of their comfort, which the fore-thoughts of their heavenly Inheritance doth afford them, though I had all their Scorns and Sufferings with it, than to have all your pleasures and treacherous Prosperity: I would not have one of your secret gripes and pangs of Consciences, and dark and dreadful thoughts of Death and the Life to come, for all that ever the world hath done for you, or all that you can reasonably hope that it should do. If I were in your Unconverted Carnal state, and knew but what I know, and believed but what I now believe, methinks my life would be a fore-taste of Hell: How oft should I be thinking of the terrors of the Lord, and of the dismal Day that is hastning on! Sure, Death and Hell would be still before me. I should think of them by day, and dream of them by night; I should lie down in fear, and rise in fear, and live in fear, lest Death should come before I were converted. I should have small felicity in any thing that I possessed; and little pleasure in any Company, and little joy in any thing in the world, as long as I knew myself to be under the Curse and Wrath of God: I should be still afraid of hearing that Voice, *Luke 12. 20.* [*Thou fool,*

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fool, this night (hall thy soul be required of thee.) And that fearful sentence would be written upon my Conscience, *Isa. 48. 22. and 57. 21.* [*There is no peace, saith my God, to the wicked.*] O poor sinners! It is a joyfuller life than this that you might live, if you were but willing, but truly willing to hearken to Christ, and come home to God. You might then draw near to God with boldness, and call him your Father, and comfortably trust him with your souls and bodies. : If you look upon Promises, you may say, *They are all mine.* If upon the Curse, you may say, [*From this I am delivered!*] When you read the Law, you may see what you are saved from; when you read the Gospel, you may see him that Redeemed you, and see the course of his Love, and holy Life, and sufferings, and trace him in his temptations, tears and blood, in the work of your salvation. You may see Death conquered, and Heaven opened, and your Resurrection and Glorification provided for, in the Resurrection and Glorification of your Lord. If you look on the Saints, you may say, [*They are my Brethren and Companions.*] If on the unsanctified, you may rejoyce to think that you are saved from that state. If you look upon the Heavens, the Sun, and Moon and Stars innumerable, you may think and say, [*My Fathers face is infinitely more glorious; Its higher matters that he hath prepared for his Saints; Yonder is but the outward Court of Heaven. The blessedness that he hath promised*

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promised me is so much higher, that flesh and blood cannot behold it. If thou think of the grave, you may remember that the *Glorified Spirit, a Living Head, and a Loving Father* have all so near Relation to your Dust, that it cannot be forgotten or neglected, but will more certainly revive, than the plants and flowers in the Spring; Because that the soul is still alive; that is the *Root of the Body*; and *Christ* is alive, that is the *Root of both*. Even death which is the King of fears, may be remembered and entertained with joy: as being the Day of your deliverance from the Remnants of sin and sorrow, and the Day which you believed, and hoped, and waited for, when you shall see the blessed things which you had heard of, and shall find by present joyful experience, what it was to choose the better part, and to be a sincere believing Saint. What say you Sirs? Is not this a more delightful life to be assured of salvation, and ready to die, than to live as the ungodly, that have their hearts *overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness, and the cares of this life, and so that Day comes upon them unawares?* Luke 21. 34, 36. Might you not live a comfortable life, if once you were made the Heirs of Heaven, and sure to be saved when you leave the world? O look about you then, and think what you do, and cast not away such hopes as these for very nothing. The flesh and world can give you no such Hopes or Comforts.

And besides all the misery that you bring upon

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upon your selves, you are the troublers of others as long as you are Unconverted: You trouble Magistrates to rule you by their Laws. You trouble Ministers by resisting the Light and guidance which they offer you: Your sin and misery is the greatest grief and trouble to them in the world. You trouble the Commonwealth, and draw the Judgements of God upon us: Its you that most disturb the holy peace and order of the Churches, and hinder our Union and Reformation, and are the shame and trouble of the Churches where you intrude, and of the places where you are. Ah Lord! How heavy and sad a case is this, that even in *England* where the Gospel doth abound, above any other Nation in the world, where teaching is so plain and common, and all the helps we can desire are at hand; when the sword hath been hewing us, and Judgement hath run as a fire through the Land: when deliverances have relieved us, and so many admirable mercies have engaged us to God and to the Gospel, and an holy life: that yet after all this, our Cities and Towns, and Countreys shall abound with multitudes of unsanctified men, and swarm with so much sensuality as every where to our grief we see! One would have thought that after all this Light, and all this experience, and all these Judgements and Mercies of God, the people of this Nation should have joyned together as one man to turn to the Lord; and should have come to their godly Teacher, and lamented all their former sins,
and

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and desired him to joyn with them in publick Humiliation, to confess them openly, and beg pardon of them from the Lord, and should have craved his Instruction for the time to come, and be glad to be ruled by the Spirit within, and the Ministers of Christ without, according to the Word of God. One would think that after such reason and Scripture evidence as they hear, and after all these means and Mercies, there should not be an ungodly person left among us, nor a Worldling, nor a Drunkard, or a hater of Reformation, or an enemy to Holiness be found in all our Towns or Countreys. If we be not all agreed about some Ceremonies, or Forms of Government, one would think that before this, we should have been all agreed to live a holy and heavenly life; in obedience to God, his Word and Ministers, and in Love and Peace with one another. But, alas, How far are our people from this course! most of them in most places do set their hearts on earthly things, and seek *not first the Kingdom of God, and the righteousness thereof*; but look at Holiness as a needless thing; their Families are prayerless, or else a few heartless lifeless words must serve instead of hearty fervent daily prayers; their children are not taught the knowledge of Christ, and the Covenant of Grace, nor brought up in the Nurture of the Lord, though they falsely promised all this in their Baptism. They instruct not their servants in the matters of Salvation, but so their work be done, they care not

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not. There are more oaths, and curses, and ribbald or railing speeches in their Families, than gracious words that tend to edification. How few are the Families that fear the Lord, and enquire at his Word and Ministers how they should live, and what they should do, and are willing to be taught and ruled, and that heartily look after everlasting Life! And those few that God hath made so happy, are commonly the by-word of their Neighbours: when we see some live in drunkenness, and some in pride and worldliness, and most of them have little care of their *salvation*, though the cause be gross, and past all controversy, yet will they hardly be convinced of their misery, and more hardly recovered and reformed: But when we have done all that we are able to save them from their sins, we leave the most of them as we find them. And if according to the Law of God, we cast them out of the Communion of the Church, when they have obstinately rejected all our admonitions, they rage at us as if we were their enemies, and their hearts are filled with malice *against* us, and they will sooner set themselves *against* the Lord and his Laws, and Church, and Ministers, than *against* their deadly sins. This is the doleful case of *England*, We have Magistrates that countenance the wayes of Godliness: and an happy opportunity for Unity and Reformation is before us, and faithful Ministers long to see the right ordering of the Church, and of the Ordinances of God:
but

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but the power of sin in our people doth frustrate almost all. No where can almost a faithful Minister set up the unquestionable Discipline of Christ, or put back the most scandalous impenitent sinners from the Communion of the Church, and participation of the Sacraments, but the most of the people rail at them, and revile them: as if these ignorant careless souls were wiser than their Teachers, or than God himself, and fitter to rule the Church than they. And thus in the day of our visitation when God calls upon us to Reform his Church, though Magistrates seem willing, and faithful Ministers are willing, yet are the multitude of the people still unwilling, and sin hath so blinded them and hardned their hearts, that even in these dayes of Light and Grace, they are the obstinate enemies of Light and Grace, and will not be brought by the Calls of God to see their folly, and know what is for their good. O that the people of *England* knew at least in this their day the things that belong unto their peace, before they are bid from their eyes! Luke 19. 42.

O foolish miserable souls! (*Gal. 3. 1.*) who hath bewitched your minds into such madness, and your hearts into such deadness, that you should be such mortal enemies to your selves, and go on so obstinately towards damnation, that neither the Word of God, nor the persuasions of men can change your minds, or hold your hands, or stop you till you are past remedy! Well sinners, this life will not last
always;

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alwayes: this patience will not wait upon you still. Do not think that you shall abuse your Maker and Redeemer, and serve his enemies, and debase your souls, and trouble the world, and wrong the Church, and reproach the godly, and grieve your Teachers, and hinder Reformation, and all this upon free cost. You know not yet what this must cost you, but you must shortly know when the righteous God shall take you in hand, who will handle you in another manner than the sharpest Magistrates, or the plainest dealing Pastors did, unless you prevent the everlasting torments by a sound Conversion, and a speedy obeying of the Call of God. *He that hath an ear to hear, let him hear, while Mercy hath a voice to call!*

One desperate Objection (which I have after touched, but with too much brevity) I find sticks close to the hearts of many ungodly men. They think that *God doth not so much care what men think or say, or do, as we persuade them; and therefore they care so little themselves.* For the convincing of such Atheistical men as those, I shall propound these following Questions.

1. Dost thou think *God careth whether thou be a man or not?* If not, Who made thee and preserveth thee? If he do, then sure he careth whether thou *behave thy self as a man.* No man is so foolish as to make any Instrument, build an Houle, or a Ship, and not care when he hath done, whether it be good for the use

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use he made it for. Do not for shame then impute such folly to the God of Wisdom, as if he made so noble a creature as man, and endowed him with such noble faculties, and all for nothing; and careth not what becometh of him when he hath done. Why should God give thee a mind that can know him, and a heart that can love him, if he cared not whether thou know him, and love him or not? Do you not see that in the course of Nature every thing is fitted to its use? the *Beasts* know not God, nor are capable of loving him, because they were made for no such use; but *thy Capacity* shews that thou wast made for God, and for a life to come.

2. Dost thou think that God is *every where present*, and *Infinite*, and *All-sufficient*; If not thou dost not believe that he is God; And it is unreasonable to imagine that God hath made a world that is greater and more extensive or comprehensive than himself! for none can communicate more than he hath. But if thou art forced to confess that God is every where, and as sufficient for every single man, as if he had never another creature to regard, you must needs confess then that he is not careless of the hearts and wayes of the sons of men: For they are things that are still before his eyes. It is base and blasphemous thoughts of God, as if he were limited, absent, or insufficient, that makes men think him so regardless of their hearts and wayes.

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3. Dost thou think that God *careth what becomes of thy body*? Whether thou be sick or well? Whether thou live or die? If not, then how camest thou by thy life, and health, and mercies? If they came from any other fountain, tell us from whence: Is it not to God that thou prayest for thy life, and health? Darest thou say to him, *I will not depend upon thee? I will not be beholding to thee for the life and mercies of another day?* If so, then thou art a blinded Atheist. But if thou think he cares for thy body, canst thou think he cares not more for thy soul: If he must regard to furnish thee with Mercies, he will sure have a regard whether thou Love and Live to Him that gave them.

4. Dost thou believe that *God is the Governour of the world, or not?* If not, then there can be no *rightful Government*. For as no Justice of Peace can have Power but from the Sovereign; so no Sovereign can have Power but from God, nor be a lawful Governour but under him. And then all the world would be turned into confusion. But if thou must needs confess that God is the Governour of the world, what an unwise, unrighteous Governour wouldst thou make him, if thou think that he regarded not the hearts, and wayes of those whom he doth govern? This still is but to deny him to be God.

3. If God do not care so much what is in our hearts, or what we do, *why then should he make a Law for our hearts, and words, and wayes?*

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ways? Would he *command* us that which he doth not care for? Would he so strictly *forbid* us sin, if it were indifferent whether we sin or not? Would he *promise* eternal life to the holy and obedient, if he care not whether we be holy and obedient or no? Would he *threaten* Hell to all that are ungodly, if he cared not whether we were godly or not? Darest thou say, that the Almighty Holy God is fain to rule the world by a Lye, and to deceive men into obedience? Yea, the very Law of Nature it self doth contain not only *Precepts* of our duty, but the hopes and fears of a life to come, without which the world could not be governed; And certainly they are no deceits, by which an infinite Wisdom, and Power, and Goodness doth govern the world.

6. If God did not much regard our hearts and lives, why doth he *make* all the world to be our *Servants*? Doth he give us Sun, and Moon, and Stars, the Earth and all the Creatures to attend us, and serve us with their lives and vertues, and yet doth he not care for our hearts or service? This is as foolish as to say, that he hath made all the world in vain, and careth not for it now he hath made it.

7. If he cared not for the frame of our hearts and lives, he would not have sent his *Son* to *redeem* us, and to cleanse us from all iniquity, and sanctifie us a peculiar people to himself, *Titus* 2. 14. Surely the price that was paid for sinners, and the wonderful design of

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God in our Redemption, doth shew that he makes not light of sin, and that he is wonderfully in love with holiness.

8. If God did not regard our hearts and lives, he would not have made it the *office of his Ministers to call us daily to Repentance and a holy life*; Nor commanded them to make such a stir with sinners to win them unto God: He would not have appointed all his Ordinances, publick and private also to this end. Doth God command all this ado for a thing that he regards not?

9. Nor would he *punish* the world with *Hell hereafter*, or so many *dreadful Judgements here*, as thousands feel, if he cared not what they think or do. Methinks, men that are so often groaning under his Rod, should feel that he looks after their hearts and wayes.

10. And how can the *Holy Ghost be our Sanctifier*, if God be so indifferent whether we be clean or unclean? Dare you think that the Holy Ghost doth take upon him a needless work?

11. Methinks, you might perceive even in the *malice of the tempter*, that God is holy, and hateth iniquity: and his Word is true that telleth us of the eternal punishment of sin. The Scripture tells us of the Angels fall, and that many of them are become Devils by their sin, and are malicious enemies of mans salvation. And do you not easily perceive it to be true? How come they else to be such importunate Tempters of men, which we feel alas,
by

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by too much experience? Or if this evidence be not palpable enough to convince the Infidel, how come they to make so many bargains with Conjurers and Witches, to draw them from God and Salvation, as they have done. How come they to appear in terrible shapes to so many as they have done, and still upon designs that declare their own dejected base condition, and their enmity to God and man, and their eager desire to engagements in a way of sin? If any Infidel will not believe that really there have been *Witches and Apparitions*, and consequently that there are Devils who are miserable and malicious spirits, who by sin are cast out of the favour of God, and would draw men into their miserable case, let them come and reason the case with me, and I shall quickly tell them of so many sure and undeniable instances, and give them so much proof of the truth of it, as shall leave them nothing to say against it, unless they will still say [*we will not believe*] Yea so much, as that I will not be beholden to the vilest Atheist or Infidel to believe it, if he will not quite renounce his Reason, but give it leave to see the Light.

12. Lastly, If yet you think that God (the Sovereign Ruler of the world, that is every where present, and preserveth all) doth care so little what men are, or what they do, whether they are holy or unholy, obedient or disobedient to his Laws; then methinks that you your selves, and all the rest of your fellow-creatures should little care. Two Questions there-

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fore I must here propound to you. 1. Do not you care what men say of you, or do to you? Are you contented that men slander *you*, and abuse *you*, or set your Houses or Towns on fire, or destroy your Cattel, or Wives and Children, and imprison, wound or kill your selves? If you will make a great matter of what men say or do against you, can you be so mad (for it is no better) as to think that the Omnipotent, holy God should little regard what's said or done against himself, and against his servants, and that by such silly worms as men, that are his Workmanship? Did not *selfishness* make you blind and partial, you would know that one sin against God, deserves more punishment than ten thousand thousand times as much against such silly things as you. Do you make no matter of difference between a bad servant and a good? an obedient and a disobedient child? a Son that would lay down his life for you, and a Son that longs for your death, that he may have your Land? between a faithful friend and a deadly enemy? If you do *not*, you are not men, but something else in humane shape. If you *do*, then you are somewhat worse than man, if yet you would have the Blessed God to make no great difference between those that love him above all the world, and those that regard him not; between the holy and unholy soul.

And 2. I would ask you, Whether you would have the Rulers of the world to take no care what men say or do, or would you not? If not, then

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thes you would have all the world turned loose, and you would have every man that is poorer than you, have leave to rob you: and every man that hateth you, have leave to beat you or to kill you, and every man that liketh your House, or Lands, or Goods, or Cattle, to have leave to take them from you, and every man to defile your wives or daughters that have a mind to it? And so we should see whether it is that infidelity leads men. But if you like not this, then you are most unreasonable, if you would have Magistrates to be regardful of mens actions and not God: If Magistrates must hang men for wronging *you*, and the Eternal Majesty must not punish them for wronging *him*, and breaking his Laws, which is infinitely a greater matter. As if you would have a Constable punish men, and the King or Judge have no regard of it. For Kings are under God, as Constables are under Kings, and a thousand fold lower.

The truth is, Wicked men are fallen so far from God to themselves, that they are as Gods to themselves, in their own esteem, and besides themselves they know no God: and therefore any wrong that is done *against them*, or any good that is done for them, they would have regarded; but the wrong and disobedience that is *against God*, they would have nothing made of. And they have such narrow blasphemous thoughts of God, as if he were a finite Creature like themselves, that can be but in one place at once, that makes them so blas-

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pheme his Providence, and think he minds not Good or Evil, and will not regard the godly, or punish the ungodly, but were like the Idols of the Heathen, that have eyes and see not, ears and hear not, and hands without an executive power. But when the Memorial Book of God is opened, which is written for them that fear the Lord, and think upon his Name, and when the Lord shall say of them, *these are mine*, as he is making up his Jewels, and spareth them as a man spareth his Son that serveth him, then shall (these Infidels) return (to their wits) and the righteous shall return from their fears and sufferings, and shall discern between the Righteous and the Wicked, between those that serve God, and those that served him not, *Mal. 3. 16, 17, 18.*

Another Objection I find most common in the mouths of the ungodly, especially of late years: They say, [*we can do nothing without God; we cannot have Grace, if God will not give it us; and if he will, we shall quickly Turn: If he have not predestinated us, and will not turn us, how can we Turn our selves, or be saved: It is not in him that wills, nor in him that runs;*] And thus they think they are excused.

I have answered this formerly, and in this Book; but let me now say this much. 1. Though you cannot cure your selves, you can hurt and poyson your selves. Its God that must *sanctifie* your hearts; but who *corrupted* them? Will you wilfully take poyson, because you cannot cure your selves? Methinks, you should the

goe to this mark — 8 more

more forbear it. You should the more take heed of sinning, if you cannot mend what sin doth mar. 2. Though you cannot be converted without the special Grace of God, yet you must know that God giveth his Grace in the use of his holy means which he hath appointed to that end; and common Grace may enable you to forbear your gross sinning (as to the outward act) and to use those means. Can you truly say that you do as much as you are able to do? Are you not able to go by an Alehouse-door, or to shut your mouths, and keep out the drink? or to forbear the company that hardeneth you in sin? Are you not able to go hear the Word, and think of what you heard when you come home? and to consider with your selves of your own condition, and of everlasting things? Are you not able to read good Books from day to day, at least on the Lords day, and to converse with those that fear the Lord? You cannot say that you have done what you were able. 3. And therefore you must know that you can *forfeit* the Grace and help of God by your wilful sinning or negligence, though you cannot without Grace turn to God. If you will not do what you can, its just with God to deny you that Grace by which you might do more. 4. And for Gods Decrees, you must know that they separate not the end and means, but tye them together. God never decreed to save any but the sanctified, nor to damn any but the unsanctified. God doth as truly decree from Everlasting whether your land this year shall be barren or

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fruitful, and just how long you shall live in the world, as he hath decreed whether you shall be sayerd or not. And yet you would think that man but a fool that would forbear plowing and sowing, and say, *If God have Decreed that my ground shall bear corn, it will bear, whether I plough and sow, or not.* If God have decreed that I shall live, I shall live, whether I eat or not; but if he have not, it is not eating that will keep me alive; Do you know how to answer such a man, or do you not? If you do, then you know how to answer your selves; for the case is alike: Gods Decree is as peremptory about your bodies as your souls. If you *do not*, then try first these conclusions upon your bodies, before you venture to try them on your souls: see first whether God will keep you alive without food or rayment, and whether he will give you corn without tillage and labour, and whether he will bring you to your journeys end without your travel or carriage: and if you speed well in this, then try whether he will bring you to Heaven without your diligent use of means, and sit down and say, We cannot sanctifie our selves.

And for the point of *Free-will* which you harp so long upon: Divines are not so much disagreed about it, as you imagine. *Augustine* as well as *Pelagius*, *Calvin* as well as *Arminius*, the *Dominicans* as well as the *Jesuits*, all do generally maintain that man hath *Free-will*; that the *Orthodox* say, That *Free-will* is corrupted and disposed to evil. *Epiphanius* condemned *Ori-*
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gen for saying, That man had lost the Image of God, and makes it a point of Heresie. And yet one may truly say, *That man hath lost Gods Image*; and another may truly say *that he hath not lost it*. For there is a twofold Image of God on man: the one is *Natural*, and that is, our *Reason* and *Free-will*, and this is not lost. The other is *Qualitative* and *Ethical*, and this is our *Holiness*, and this is lost and by Grace restored: No man of brains, denyeth that a man hath a will that is *Natural*ly free; Its free from violence, and its a self-determining Principle. But it is not free from evil Dispositions. It is habitually averse to God and Ho'iness, and enclined to earthly fl. sh'y things. It is enslaved by a sinful byrs. This no man methinks that is a Christian, should deny; and of the Aged, I see not how an Infidel can deny it. Alas, we easily confess to you, that you have not the spiritual Moral Free-will, which is but your right inclination, and your habitual Willingness it self. If you had a Will that were freed from wicked Inclinations, I had no need to write such Books as this to perswade you to be willing in a case which your own salvation lyeth on. To the grief of our souls, we perceive after all our preaching and perswasions, that the ungodly have not this spiritual free-will. But this is nothing but your willingness it self, and inclination to be unwilling; and therefore the want of it is so far from excusing you, that the more you want it (that is, the more you are wilful in sin) the worse you are; and the sorer will

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will be your punishment. And our preaching, and persuasion, and your hearing and considering, are the appointed means to get this Moral Power or Freedom, that is, to make you truly willing.

We, Sirs, I have but three Requests to you, and I have done. First, That you will seriously read over this small Treatise : (and if you have such as need it in your Families, that you would read it over and over to them: and if those that fear God, would go now and then to their ignorant Neighbours, and read this or some other Book to them of this Subject, they might be a means of winning of souls.) If we cannot intreat so small a Labour of men for their own salvation, as to read such short instructions as these, they set little by themselves, and will most justly perish. Secondly, When you have read over this Book, I would intreat you to go alone, and ponder a little what you have read, and bethink you as in the sight of God, whether it be not true, and do not nearly touch your souls, and whether it be not time for you to look about you. And also I intreat you, that you will upon your knees beseech the Lord that he will open your eyes to understand the Truth, and turn your hearts to the love of God, and beg of him all that saving Grace that you have so long neglected, and follow it on from day to day, till your hearts be changed. And withal, that you will go to your Pastors (that are set over you to take care of the health and safety of your souls, as Physicians do for the health of
your

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your bodies) and desire them to direct you what course to take, and acquaint them with your spiritual estate, that you may have the benefit of their Advice and Ministerial help. Or if you have not a faithful Pastor at home, make use of some other in so great a need. Thirdly, When by Reading, Consideration, Prayer, and Ministerial Advice, you are once acquainted with your sin and misery, with your Duty and Remedy; delay not, but presently forsake your sinful company and courses, and turn to God, and obey his Call. As you love your souls, take heed that you go not on against so loud a Call of God, and against your own Knowledge and Consciences, lest it go worse with you in the day of Judgement, than with *Sodom* and *Gomorrhah*. Enquire of God, as a man that is willing to know the truth, and not to be a wilful cheater of his soul. Search the holy Scriptures daily, and see whether these things be so or not: try impartially whether it be safer to trust Heaven or Earth, and whether it be better follow God or man, the Spirit or the flesh, and better live in holiness or sin: and whether an unsanctified estate be safe for you to abide in, one day longer: And when you have found out which is best, Resolve accordingly, and make your choice without any more ado. If you will be true to your own souls, and do not love everlasting torments, I beseech you as from the Lord, that you will but take this reasonable Advice. O what happy Towns and Countreys, and what a happy Nation might we have

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have, if we could but persuade our Neighbours to agree to such a necessary motion! What joyful men would all faithful Ministers be, if they could but see their people truly heavenly and holy: This would be the Unity, the Peace, the Safety, the Glory of our Churches: the Happiness of our Neighbours, and the comfort of our sou's. Then how comfortably should we preach Absolution and Peace to you, and deliver the Sacraments which are the Sea's of Peace to you? And with what Love and Joy might we live among you? At your Death-bed how boldly might we comfort and encourage your departing sou's? and at your Burial, how comfortably might we leave you in the Grave, in expectation to meet your sou's in Heaven, and to see your bodies raised to that glory!

But if still the most of you will go on in a careless, ignorant, flesh'y, worldly, or unholy life, and all our desires and labours cannot so far prevail as to keep you from the wifful damning of your selves, we must then imitate our Lord, who delighteth himself in those few that are his Jewels, and in the little Flock that shall receive the Kingdom, when the most shall reap the misery which they sowed. In nature excellent things are few: The world hath not many Suns or Moons: It is but a little of the earth that is gold or silver. Princes and Nobles are but a small part of the sons of men. And it is no great number that are Learned, Judicious, or Wise here in the world. And therefore if the gate being strait, and the way narrow, there be

but

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but few that find salvation, yet God will have his Glory and pleasure in those few. And when Christ shall come with his mighty Angels in flaming fire, taking vengeance on them that know not God, and obey not the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ, his coming will be glorified in his Saints, and admired in all true Believers, 2. *Theff.* 1. 7, 8, 9, 10.

And for the rest, as God the Father vouchsafed to create them, and God the Son disdain'd not to bear the penalty of their sins upon the Cross, and did not judge such sufferings vain, though he knew that by refusing the Sanctification of the Holy Ghost, they would finally destroy themselves; so we that are his Minister, though these be not gathered, judge not our labour wholly lost (See *Isa.* 49. 5.).

Reader, I have done with thee, (when thou hast perus'd this Book) but sin hath not yet done with thee, (even those that thou thoughtest had been forgotten long ago) and *Satan* hath not yet done with thee (though now he be out of sight) and God hath not yet done with thee, because thou wilt not be perswaded to have done with the deadly reigning sin. I have written thee this Perswasive, as one that is going into another world, where the things are seen that here I speak of: and as one that knoweth thou must be shortly there thy self. As ever thou wilt meet me with comfort before the Lord that made us; as ever thou wilt escape the everlasting plagues prepared for the final Neglecters of salvation and for all that are *not sanctified*

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Elified by the Holy Ghost ; and love not the Communion of the Saints, as members of the holy Catholick Church : and as ever thou hopest to see the face of Christ the Judge, and of the Majesty of the Father, with Peace and Comfort, and to be received into glory, when thou art turned naked out of this world, I beseech thee, I charge thee to hear and obey the Call of God, and Resolvedly to Turn, that thou maist live. But if thou wilt not, even when thou hast no true reason for it, but because thou wilt not; I summon thee to answer it before the Lord, and require thee there to bear me witness that I gave thee warning, and that thou wast not condemned for want of a Call to Turn and Live, but because thou wouldst not believe it, and obey it : which also must be the Testimony of

Thy serious
Monitor

Decemb. 11.

1657.

Richard Baxter.

The

THE

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A

C A L L

TO THE

UNCONVERTED.

Ezek. 33. 11.

Say unto them, As I live, saith the Lord God, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but that the wicked turn from his way and live, Turn ye, turn ye from your evil wayes; for why will ye die, O house of Israel?



It hath been the astonishing Wonder of many a Man as well as me, to read in the holy Scripture, how few will be saved: and that the greatest part even of those that are called, will be everlastingly shut out of the Kingdome of Heaven, and be tormented with the

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Devils

Devils in eternal fire. Infidels believe not this when they read it, and therefore must feel it. Those that do believe it, are forced to cry out with Paul, Rom. 11. 33 *O the depth of the riches both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are his Judgements, and his wayes past finding out!* But Nature it self doth teach us all to lay the blame of evil works upon the doers, and therefore when we see any hainous thing done, a principle of Justice doth provoke us to enquire after him that did it, that the evil of the work may return the evil of shame upon the Author. If we saw a man killed, and cut in pieces by the way, we should presently ask, *Oh, who did this cruel deed?* If the Town were wilfully set on fire, you would ask, *What wicked wretch did this?* So when we read that the most will be firebrands of Hell for ever, we must needs think with our selves; How comes this to pass? and, who is it long of? Who is it that is so cruel as to be the
cause

cause of such a thing as this? And we can meet with few that will own the guilt. It is indeed confest by *all* that *Satan* is the cause: but that doth not resolve the doubt, because he is not the principal cause. He doth not *force* men to sin, but tempt them to it, and leave it to their own wills, whether they will do it or not. He doth not *carry* men to an Ale-house, and force open their mouths, and pour in the drink; nor doth he hold them that they cannot go to Gods Service; nor doth he force their hearts from holy thoughts. It lieth therefore between God himself and the sinner; one of them must needs be the principal cause of all this misery, which ever it is: For there is no other to cast it upon: And *God* disclaimeth it: *He* will not take it upon him. And the *wicked* disclaim it usually, and they will not take it upon them. And this is the Controversie that is here managing in my Text.

The Lord complaineth of the *Peo-
ple*

ple, and the people think, it is long of God. The same Controversie is handled, *chap. 18.* wherein *verse 25.* they plainly say, *That the way of the Lord is not equal, And God saith, It is their wayes that are not equal.* So here they say, *Verse 19.* *If our Transgressions and our sins be upon us, and we pine away in them, how shall we then live?* As if they should say, *If we must die, and be miserable, how can we help it?* As if it were not long of them, but God. But God in my Text doth clear himself of it, and telleth them how they may help it if they will, and perswadeeth them to use the means; and if they will not be perswaded, he lets them know that it is long of themselves; and if this will not satisfie them, he will not therefore forbear to punish them: It is *He* that will be the Judge: and he will judge them according to their wayes, they are no Judges of him or of themselves; as wanting authority, and wisdom, and impartiality: Nor is it their cavilling
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and quarrelling with God, that shall serve their turn, or save them from the execution of Justice which they murmur at.

The words of this Verse contain,
 1. God's purgation or clearing of himself from the blame of their Destruction. This he doth, not by disowning his Law; that *the wicked shall dye*, nor by disowning his Judgements and Execution according to that Law, or giving them any hope that the Law shall not be executed; but by professing that it is not their death that he takes pleasure in, but *their returning* rather, that they may live: And this he confirmeth to them by his Oath.
 2 An express Exhortation to the wicked to Return; wherein God doth not only command, but perswade, and condescend also to reason the case with them, Why will they die? The direct End of this Exhortation is, That they may Turn and Live. The Secondary or reserved ends, upon Supposition that this is not attained,

are these two. First to convince them by the means which he used, that it is not long of God if they be miserable. Secondly, to convince them from their manifest wilfulness in rejecting all his commands and persuasions, that it is long of themselves : and they die, even because they *will* die.

The substance of the Text doth lie in these Observations following.

Doct. 1. *It is the unchangeable Law of God, that wicked men must Turn or Die.*

Doct. 2. *It is the promise of God, that the wicked shall live, if they will but Turn.*

Doct. 3. *God taketh pleasure in mens Conversion and Salvation, but not in their Death or Damnation : he had rather they would Return and Live, than go on and Die.*

Doct. 4. *This is a most certain truth, which because God would not have men to question, he hath confirmed it to them solemnly by his Oath.*

Doct.

Doct. 5. The Lord doth redouble his commands and perswasions to the wicked to Turn.

Doct. 6. The Lord condescendeth to reason the Case with them, and asketh the wicked, Why they will die?

Doct. 7. If after all this the wicked will not turn, it is not long of God that they perish, but of themselves: their own wilfulness is the cause of their damnation; they therefore die, because they will die.

Having laid the Text open before your eyes in these plain Propositions; I shall next speak somewhat of each of them in order: though very briefly.

Doct. 1. **I**t is the unchangeable Law of God, that wicked men must Turn or Die.

If you will believe God, believe this: There is but one of these two wayes for every wicked man, either Conversion or Damnation, I know, the wicked will hardly be perswaded

either of the Truth or Equity of this. No wonder if the Guilty quarrel with the Law. Few men are apt to believe that which they would not have to be true: and fewer would have that to be true, which they apprehend to be against them. But it is not quarrelling with the Law, or with the Judge, that will save the Malefactor. Believing and regarding the Law might have prevented his death: but denying and accusing it, will but hasten it. If it were not so, an hundred would bring their *reasons against* the Law, for one that would bring his reason to the Law: And men would rather choose to give their reasons why *they* should not be punished, than to hear the Commands and Reasons of their Governours, which require them to obey. The Law was not made for you to judge, but that you might be ruled and judged by it.

But if there be any so blinde as to venture to question either the Truth or the Justice of this Law of God, I

turne to this mark — Z shall
 Inward page 46

shall briefly give you that evidence of both, which methinks should satisfie a reasonable man.

And first, If you doubt whether this be the Word of God or not, besides an hundred other Texts, You may be satisfied by these few; Matth. 18. 3. *Verily, I say unto you, Except ye be converted, and become as little Children, ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven.* John 3. 3. *Verily, Verily, I say unto thee, Except a man be born again, he cannot see the Kingdom of God.* 2 Cor. 5. 17. *If a Man be in Christ, he is a new creature: Old things are past away, behold all things are become new.* Col. 3. 9, 10. *Ye have put off the old man with his deeds, and have put on the new man, which is renewed in knowledge, after the Image of him that created him.* Heb. 12. 14. *Without Holiness none shall see God.* Rom 8. 8, 9. *So then, they that are in the flesh, cannot please God. Now if any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his.* Gal. 6. 15. *For in Christ Jesus*

neither Circumcision availeth anything, nor Uncircumcision, but a new Creature, 1 Pet. 1. 3. According to his abundant Grace he hath begotten us again to a lively Hope. Verse 23. Being born again, not of corruptible seed, but of incorruptible, by the Word of God which liveth and abideth for ever. 1 Pet. 2. 1, 2. Wherefore laying aside all malice, and all guile, and hypocrisies, and envies, and evil speakings; as new born Babes desire the sincere milk of the Word, that ye may grow thereby: Psal. 9. 17. The wicked shall be turned into Hell, and all the Nations that ~~forget~~^{forget} God, Psalm 11. 5. And the Lord loveth the righteous, but the wicked his soul hateth.

As I need not to stay to open these Texts which are so plain, so I think I need not add any more of that multitude which speak the like: If thou be a man that doest believe the Word of GOD, here is already enough to satisfy thee, that the wicked must be Converted or Condemned. You are already
ready

ready brought so far, that you must either confess that this is true, or say plainly, You will not believe the Word of God. And if once you be come to that pass, there is but small hopes of you: look to your selves as well as you can: for its like you will not be long out of Hell. You would be ready to fly in the face of him that should give you the lye: and yet dare you give the lye to God? But if you tell God plainly you will not believe him, blame him not if he never warn you more, or if he forsake you, and give you up as hopeless. For to what purpose should he warn you, if you will not believe him? Should he send an Angel from Heaven to you, it seems you would not believe. For an Angel can speak but the Word of God: and if an Angel should bring you another Gospel, you are not to receive it, but to hold him accursed, *Gal. 1. 8.* And surely there is no Angel to be believed before the Son of God, who came from the Father to bring us this Doctrine. If
he

he be not to be believed, then all the Angels in Heaven are not to be believed. - And if you stand on these terms with God, I shall leave you till he deal with you in a more convincing way. God hath a Voice that will make you hear. Though he *intreat* you to hear the Voice of his *Gospel*, he will *make* you hear the Voice of his condemning Sentence, without *intreaty*. We cannot make you *believe* against your wills; but God will make you *feel* against your wills.

But let us hear, what reason you have, why you will not believe this Word of God, which tells us that the wicked must be *Converted* or *Condemned*? I know your reason; it is because that you judge it unlikely that God should be so unmercifull: you think it cruelty to damn Men everlastingly for so small a thing as a sinfull life. And this leads us up to the second thing, which is, to justify the *Equity* of God in his Laws and Judgements.

And *first*, I think you will not deny
but

but that it is most suitable to an immortal Soul, to be ruled by Laws that promise an immortal reward, and threaten an endless punishment. Otherwise the Law should not be suited to the nature of the Subject: who will not be fully ruled by any lower means, than the Hopes or Fears of everlasting things: As it is in case of temporal punishment, if a Law were now made that the most heinous Crimes shall be punished with an hundred years Captivity, this might be of some Efficacy, as being equal to our Lives: But if there had been no other penalties before the Flood, when men lived eight or nine hundred years, it would not have been sufficient, because men would know that they might have so many hundred years impunity afterward. So it is in our present case.

2. I suppose you will confess that the *promise* of an endless and unconceivable glory is not unsuitable to the Wisdom of God, or the case of man. And why then should you not think so

So of the *Threatning* of an endless and unspeakable misery?

3. When you find it in the Word of God that *so it is*, and *so it will be*, do you think your selves fit to contradict this Word? Will you call your Maker to the Bar? and examine his Word upon the accusation of falshood? Will you sit upon him and judge him by the Law of your Conceits? Are you wiser, and better, and righteouser than he? Must the God of Heaven come to School to you to learn wisdom? Must infinite wisdom learn of folly? and infinite Goodness be corrected by a swinish sinner, that cannot keep himself an hour clean? Must the Almighty stand at the Bar of a Worm? Oh horrid arrogancy of senseless dust? Shall every mole, or clod, or dunghill accuse the Sun of darkness, and undertake to illuminate the World? Where were you when the Almighty made these Laws, that he did not call you to his Counsel? Surely he made them before you were born, without desiring your ad-

vice :

vice: and you come into the World too late for to reverse them: if you could have done so great a work, you should have stept out of your Nothingness, and have contradicted Christ when he was on Earth, or *Moses* before him, or have saved *Adam* and his sinful Progeny from the threatned Death, that so there might have been no need of Christ! And what if God withdraw his patience and sustentation, and let you drop into Hell while you are quarrelling with his Word, will you *then* believe that there is an Hell?

4. If sin be such an evil that it requireth the *Death of Christ* for its expiation, no wonder if it deserve our everlasting misery.

5. And if the sin of the *Devils* deserved an endless torment, why not also the sin of man?

6. And methinks you should perceive, that it is not possible for the best of men, much less for the wicked to be competent Judges of the desert of sin. Alas we are all both blind and partial.

You

You can never know fully the desert of sin, till you fully know the evil of sin : and you can never fully know the evil of sin, till you fully know ; 1. The Excellency of the *soul* which it deformeth. 2. And the Excellency of *Holiness* which it doth obliterate. 3. And the Reason and Excellency of the *Law* which it violateth. And 4. the Excellency of the *Glory* which it doth despise. And 5. the Excellency and Office of *Reason* which it treadeth down. 6. No nor till you know the infinite Excellency, Almightyness, and Holiness, of that *God* against whom it is committed. When you fully know all these, you shall fully know the desert of sin. Besides, you know that the Offender is too partial to judge the Law, or the proceedings of his Judge. We judge by feeling, which blinds our reason. We see in common worldly things that most men think the Cause is right which is their own : and that all is wrong that's done against them : and let the most wise, or just, impartial

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friends perswade them to the contrary, and its all in vain. There's few Children, but think the Father is unmerciful, or dealth hardly with them, if he whip them. There's scarce the vilest swinish wretch, but thinketh the Church doth wrong him if they excommunicate him; nor scarce a Thief or Murderer that is hanged, but would accuse the Law and Judge of cruelty, if that would serve turn.

7. Can you think that an *unholy* soul is fit for Heaven? Alas, they cannot love God here, nor do him any service which he can accept. They are contrary to God, they loath that which he most loveth; and love that which he abhorreth; They are incapable of that imperfect Communion with him, which his Saints do here partake of. How then can they live in that perfect love of him, and full delights, and Communion with him, which is the blessedness of Heaven! You do not accuse your selves of unmercifulness, if you make not your Enemy your bosome Coun-

Counsellor; or if you take not your Swine to bed and board with you: no nor if you take away his life, though he never sinned; And yet will you blame the absolute Lord, the most wise and gracious Sovereign of the World; if he condemn the Unconverted to perpetual misery?

Use.

I Beseech you now all that love your Souls, that, instead of quarrelling with God and with his Word, you will presently stoop to it, and use it for your good. All you that are yet unconverted in this Assembly, take this as the undoubted Truth of God; You must ere long be *Converted* or *Condemned*, There is no other way, but *Turn or Die*. When God that cannot lie hath told you this: When you hear it from the Maker and Judge of the World, it's time for him that hath ears to hear. By this time you may see what you have to trust to. You are but *dead and damned* men,

men, except you will be converted. Should I tell you otherwise, I should deceive you with a lie. Should I hide this from you, I should undo you, and be guilty of your blood, as the Verses before my Text assure me, *Ver. 8. When I say to the wicked, O wicked man, Thou shalt surely die; if thou dost not speak to warn the wicked from his way, that wicked man shall die in his iniquity, but his blood will I require at thine hand.* You see then though this be a rough unwelcome Doctrine, its such as we must preach, and you must hear. It is easier to hear of Hell than feel it. If your necessities did not require it, we would not gall your tender Ears with Truths that seem so harsh and grievous. Hell would not be so full, if people were but willing to know their case, and to hear and think of it. The reason why so few escape it, is, because they strive not to enter in at the strait gate of Conversion, and to go the narrow way of Holiness while they have Time; and they strive not, be-
cause

cause: they be not awakened to a lively
 feeling of the danger they are in: and
 they be not awakened, because they
 are loth to hear or think of it; and
 that is partly through foolish tender-
 ness, and carnal self-love; and partly,
 because they do not well believe
 the Word that threatneth it. If you
 will not thoroughly believe this Truth,
 methinks the weight of it should
 force you to remember it; and it
 should follow you, and give you
 no rest, till you are converted. If
 you had but once heard this word, by
 the voice of an Angel. *Thou must be
 Converted or Condemned: Turn or Die:*
 Would it not stick in your mind, and
 haunt you night and day, so that in
 your sinning you would remember it,
 and at your labour you would remem-
 ber it; as if the voice were still in your
 ears, *Turn or Die!* O happy were your
 souls if it might thus work with you,
 and never be forgotten, or let you
 alone, till it have driven home your
 hearts to God. But if you will cast it
 out

out by forgetfulness or unbelief, How can it work to your Conversion and Salvation? But take this with you to your sorrow, though you may put this out of your minds, you cannot put it out of the Bible: but *there* it will stand as a sealed truth which you shall experimentally know for ever, that there is no other way but *Turn or Die.*

O what is the matter then that the hearts of sinners be not pierced with such a weighty Truth! A man would think now, that every Unconverted Soul that hears these words, should be pricked to the Heart, and think with themselves, *This is my own Case,* and never be quiet till they found themselves Converted. Believe it Sirs, this drowsie careless temper will not last long. Conversion and Condemnation are both of them awakening things; and one of them will make you feel ere long. I can foretell it as truly, as if I saw it with my Eyes, that either Grace or Hell will shortly

shortly bring these matters to the quick, and make you say, *What have I done? What a foolish wicked course have I taken?* The scornful and the stupid state of sinners will last but a little while. As soon as they either *Turn or Die*, the presumptuous dream will be an end; and then their wits and feeling will return.

BUT I foresee there are two things that are like to harden the unconverted, and make me lose all my labour, except they can be taken out of the way: and that is, the misunderstanding of those two words, [*The wicked*] and [*Turn.*] Some will think with themselves; *Its true, the wicked must Turn or Die:* but what is that to me? I am not *wicked*, though I am a *sinner*, as all men be. Others will think, *Its true that we must turn from our evil wayes; but I am turned long ago: I hope this is not now to do.* And thus while *wicked* men think

think they are *not wicked*, but are already *Converted*, we lose all our labour in perswading them to turn. I shall therefore, before I go any further, tell you here who are meant by [*the wicked*] and who they be that must *Turn* or *Die*: and also what is meant by *Turning*; and who they be that are truly converted: And this I have purposely reserved for this place, preferring the Method that fits my end.

And here you may observe, that in the sense of the Text, a *wicked man*, and a *converted man* are contraries. No man is a wicked man that is converted, and no man is a converted man that is wicked; So that to be a wicked man, and to be an unconverted man, is all one. And therefore in opening one we shall open both.

Before I can tell you what either *Wickedness* or *Conversion* is, I must go to the bottom, and fetch up the matter from the beginning.

It pleased the great Creator of the World, to make three sorts of living
Creatures;

Creatures; *Angels* he made pure Spirits without flesh: and therefore he made them only for Heaven, and not for to dwell on Earth. *Brutes* were made flesh without immortal souls: and therefore they were made onely for Earth, and not for Heaven. *Man* is of a middle nature between both, as partaking of both *Flesh* and *Spirit*: and therefore he was made both for Earth and Heaven. But as his *Flesh* is made to be but a servant to his *Spirit*, so is he made for Earth but as his passage or way to Heaven, and not that this should be his home or happiness. The blessed state that man was made for, was to behold the glorious Majesty of the Lord, and to praise him among his holy *Angels*: and to love him, and be filled with his love for ever. And as this was the end that man was made for, so God did give him means that were fitted to the attaining of it. These means were principally two. First, the right Inclination and Disposition of the mind of man. Secondly, the
the

the right ordering of his life and practice. For the first, God suited the disposition of man unto his End; giving him such knowledge of God as was fit for his present state, and an Heart disposed and inclined to God in holy Love. But yet he did not *fix* or *confirm* him in this Condition: but, having made him a free Agent, he left him in the hands of his own free-will. For the second, God did that which belonged to him; that is, he gave man a perfect Law, requiring him to continue in the love of God, and perfectly to obey him. By the wilful breach of this Law, man did not only forfeit his hopes of everlasting Life, but also turned his heart from God, and fixed it on these lower fleshly things, and hereby did blot out the spiritual Image of God from his Soul. So that man did both fall short of the Glory of God, which was his End, and put himself out of the Way by which he should have attained it; and this both as to the frame of his *heart* and of his *life*. The holy Inclina-

tion and Love of his soul to God, he lost: and, instead of it, he contracted an Inclination and love to the pleasing of his flesh, or carnal self by earthly things: growing strange to God, and acquainted with the Creature: And the course of his life was suited to the Bent and Inclination of his heart; he lived to his carnal self, and not to God: he sought the creature for the pleasing of his flesh, instead of seeking to please the Lord. With this *Nature or corrupt inclination* we are all now born into the world; For *who can bring a clean thing out of an unclean.* Job 14. 4. As a Lyon hath a fierce and cruel *Nature*, before he doth devour: and as an Adder hath a venomous *Nature*, before she sting; so in our very infancy we have those sinful *Natures or Inclinations* before we think, or speak, or do amiss. And hence springeth all the sin of our lives. And not only so, but when GOD hath of his mercy provided us a Remedy, even the Lord Jesus Christ to
 be

be the Saviour of our souls, and bring us back to God again, we naturally love our present state, and are loth to be brought out of it, and therefore are set against the means of our Recovery: and though custom have taught us to thank Christ for his good will, yet carnal self perswadeth us to refuse his Remedies, and to desire to be excused when we are commanded to take the medicines which he offereth, and are called to forsake all, and follow him to God and Glory.

I pray you read over this leaf again, and mark it; for, in these few words, you have a true Description of our natural state: and consequently of a wicked man. For every man that is in this state of corrupted Nature, is a wicked man, and in a state of death.

By this also you are prepared to understand what it is to be *Converted*, to which end you must further know, That the mercy of God, not willing that man should perish in his sin, provided a Remedy, by causing his Son to

take our Nature, and being in one Person God and Man, to become a Mediator between God and Man, and by dying for our sins on the Cross, to ransom us from the curse of God, and the power of the Devil; and having thus redeemed us, the Father hath delivered us into his hands as *his own*. Hereupon the Father and the Mediator do make a new Law and Covenant for Man: not like the first, which gave life to none but the perfectly obedient, and condemned man for every sin: but Christ hath made a Law of Grace, or a Promise of Pardon, and Everlasting life to all that by true Repentance, and by Faith in Christ are converted unto God. Like an Act of Oblivion which is made by a Prince to a company of Rebels, on condition they will lay down Arms and come in, and be loyal subjects for the time to come.

But because the Lord knoweth that the heart of Man is grown so wicked, that for all this Men will not accept of the Remedy, if they be left to themselves,

selves, therefore the Holy Ghost hath undertaken it as his Office to inspire the Apostles, and Seal up the Scripture by Miracles and Wonders, and to illuminate and convert the Souls of the Elect.

So that by this much you see that as there are three Persons in the Trinity, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, so each of these Persons have their several works, which are eminently ascribed to them.

The *Fathers* works were, To Create us, to Rule us as his Rational creatures by the Law of Nature, and judge us thereby: And in mercy to provide us a Redeemer when we are lost, and to send his Son, and accept his Ransom.

The works of the *Son* for us were these, To Ransom and Redeem us by his Sufferings, and Righteousness, to give out the Promise or Law of Grace, and Rule and Judge the world as their Redeemer, on terms of Grace, and to make intercession for us, that the benefits of his Death may be communi-

eated; and to send the Holy Ghost, (which the Father also doth by the Son) The works of the Holy Ghost for us are these: To endite the Holy Scriptures, by inspiring and guiding the Prophets and Apostles, and sealing the Word by his Miraculous gifts and works: and the illuminating and exciting the ordinary Ministers of the Gospel, and so enabling them, and helping them to publish that Word: and by the same Word Illuminating and Converting the Souls of men. So that as you could not have been *reasonable Creatures*, if the *Father* had not *Created* you: nor have had any *access to God*, if the *Son* had not *Redeemed* you: so neither can you have a *part in Christ*, or be saved, except the *Holy Ghost* do *sanctifie* you.

So that by this time you may see the several causes of this work. The *Father* sendeth the *Son*: the *Son* Redeemeth us, and maketh the promise of *Grace*: the *Holy Ghost* inditeth and sealeth this *Gospel*: the *Apostles* are the *Secretaries*

cretaries of the Spirit to write it: the *Preachers* of the Gospel do proclaim it; and perswade men to obey it: And the *Holy Ghost* doth make their preaching effectual, by opening the hearts of men to entertain it. And all this to repair the Image of God upon the soul; and to set the heart upon God again, and take it off the Creature and carnal self, to which it is revolted; and so to turn the current of the life into an Heavenly Course, which before was earthly, and all this by the entertainment of Christ by Faith, who is the Physician of the soul.

By this which I have said, you may see what it is to be *Wicked*, and what it is to be *Converted*. Which I think will be yet plainer to you, if I describe them as consisting of their several parts: and for the first, a *wicked man* may be known by these three things.

First, He is one who placeth his *chief content on earth*, and loveth the Creature more than God, and his fleshly prosperity above the heavenly felicity:

He savoureth the things of the flesh, but neither discerneth nor savoureth the things of the Spirit: though he will say, that Heaven is better than Earth, yet doth he not really so esteem it to himself. If he might be sure of Earth, he would let go Heaven, and had rather stay here, than be removed thither. A life of perfect holiness, in the sight of God, and in his love and praises for ever in Heaven, doth not find such liking with his heart, as a life of health, and wealth, and honour here upon Earth. And though he falsely profess that he loveth God above all, yet indeed he never felt the power of Divine Love within him, but his mind is more set on the World, or fleshly pleasures, than on God. In a word, who ever loveth Earth above Heaven, and fleshly prosperity more than God, is a wicked unconverted man.

On the other side, *A Converted man*, is illuminated to discern the Loveliness of God: and so far believeth the Glory, that is to be had with God,

Turne ~~back~~ to this; that
 Mark page 23 ~~at the bottom~~

that his heart is taken up to it, and se-
 more upon it, than on any thing in
 this world. He had rather see the face
 of God, and live in his everlasting love
 and praises, than have all the wealth or
 pleasure of the World. He seeth that
 all things else are vanity; and nothing
 but God can fill the Soul: and there-
 fore let the world go which way it will,
 he layeth up his treasures and hopes in
 Heaven, and for that he is resolved
 to let go all. As the fire doth mount
 upward, and the Needle that is touch-
 ed with the Load-stone still turneth to
 the North: so, the Converted Soul is
enclined unto God. - Nothing else can
 satisfie him; nor can he find any Con-
 tent and Rest but in his Love. In a
 word, All that are Converted do
 Esteem and Love God better than all
 the World; and the heavenly felicity
 is dearer to them, than their fleshly
 prosperity. The proof of what I have
 said, you may find in these places of
 Scripture, *Phil.* 3. 18. 21. *Mat.* 6. 19,
 20, 21. *Col.* 3. 1, 2, 3, 4. *Rom.* 8.

5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 18. 23. Psalm 73. 25, 26.

Secondly, A wicked man is one that maketh it the principal business of his life to prosper in the World, and attain his fleshly ends. And though he may read and hear, and do much in the outward duties of Religion, and forbear disgraceful sins; yet this is all but upon the by, and he never makes it the trade and principal business of his life to please God, and attain everlasting glory; and puts off God with the leavings of the World, and gives him no more service than the flesh can spare; for he will not part with all for Heaven.

On the contrary, A converted man is one that makes it the principal care and business of his life to please God, and to be saved, and takes all the blessings of this life but as accommodations in his journey towards another Life, and useth the Creature in subordination unto God; he loveth an holy life, and longeth to be more holy; he hath no sin but what he hateth; and longeth, and prayeth, and striyeth to be rid of.

The drift and bent of his life is for God : and if he sin, it is contrary to the very bent of his heart and life, and therefore he rises again, and lamenteth it, and dare not wilfully live in any known sin. There is nothing in this World so dear to him, but he can give it up to God, and forsake it for him and the hopes of Glory. All this you may see in *Col. 3. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Mat. 6. 33. 20. Luk. 18. 22, 23, 29. Luk. 14. 18, 24, 26, 27. Rom. 8. 13. Galat 5. 24. Luke. 12. 21, &c.*

Thirdly, The soul of a wicked man did never truly discern and relish the mysterie of Redemption, nor thankfully entertain an offered Saviour, nor is he taken up with the love of the Redeemer, nor willing to be ruled by him as Physitian of his Soul, that he may be saved from the guilt and power of his sins, and recovered unto God; but his heart is insensible of this unspeakable benefit, and is quite against the healing means by which he should be recovered. Though he may be willing
to

to be *carnally* Religious, yet he never resigneth up his Soul to Christ, and to the motions and conduct of his Word and Spirit.

On the contrary, the *Converted* soul having felt himself undone by sin, and perceiving that he hath lost his peace with God, and hopes of Heaven, and is in danger of everlasting misery, doth thankfully entertain the tydings of Redemption, and believing in the Lord Jesus as his only Saviour, resigneth up himself to him for Wisdom, Righteousness, Sanctification, and Redemption. He taketh Christ as the Life of his Soul, and liveth by him, and useth him as his salve for every sore, admiring the Wisdom and Love of God in this wonderful work of mans Redemption. In a word, Christ doth even dwell in his heart by Faith, and the Life that he now liveth is by the faith of the Son of GOD, that hath loved him, and gave himself for him. Yea it is not so much that he liveth, as Christ in him. For these, see *Job. 1, 11, 12. & 3. 19, 20.*

Rom.

Rom. 8. 9. Phil. 3. 7, 8, 9, 10. Gal. 2. 20.
John 15. 2, 3, 4. 1 Cor. 1. 20. and 2. 2.

YOU see now in plain terms from the Word of God, who are the wicked, and who are the Converted. Ignorant people think that if a man be no swearer, nor curser, nor railer, nor drunkard, nor fornicator, nor extortioner, nor wrong any body in their dealings, and if they come to Church, and say their prayers, these cannot be wicked men. Or if a Man that hath been guilty of drunkenness, or swearing, or gaming, or the like Vices, do but forbear them for the time to come, they think that this is a Converted man. Others think, if a man that hath been an Enemy and scorner at godliness, do but approve it, and joyn himself with those that are godly, and be hated for it by the wicked as the godly are, that this must needs be a Converted man. And some are so foolish as to think they are Converted, by taking up some new and false opinion,
and

and falling into some dividing party, as Anabaptists, Quakers, Papists; or such like. And some think, if they have but been affrighted by the fears of hell, and had Convictions and Gripes of Conscience, and thereupon have purposed and promised amendment, and taken up a life of Civil behaviour, and outward Religion, that this must needs be true Conversion. And these are the poor deluded souls that are like to lose the benefit of all our perswasions: and when they hear that the wicked must *Turn* or *Die*, they think that this is not spoken to them; for they are not *wicked*, but are *Turned* already. And therefore it is that Christ told some of the Rulers of the Jews, who were graver and civiller than the common people, that *Publicans and Harlots do go into the Kingdom of God before them*, Matth. 21. 31. Not that an Harlot or gross sinner can be saved without Conversion; but because it was easier to make these gross sinners perceive their sin and misery, and the necessity

necessity of a change, when the civiller sort do delude themselves by thinking that they are converted already, when they be not.

O Sirs, Conversion is another kind of work than most are ware of: It's not a small matter to bring an earthly mind to Heaven, and to shew man the amiable excellencies of God, till he be taken up in such love to him, that never can be quenched; to break the heart from sin, and make him flie for refuge unto Christ, and thankfully embrace him as the Life of his Soul; to have the very drift and bent of the heart and life to be changed, so that a man renounceth that which he took for his felicity, and placeth his felicity where he never did before; and liveth not to the same end; and driveth not on the same design in the world, as formerly he did: In a word, he that is in Christ, is a *new creature*: *old things are past away, behold all things are become new*, 2 Cor. 5. 17. He hath a new understanding, a new will and resolution, new sorrows,

sorrows, and desires, and love, and delight; new thoughts, new speeches, new company (if possible) and a new Conversation. Sin that before was a jesting matter with him, is now so odious and terrible to him, that he flies from it as from Death. The World that was so lovely in his eyes, doth now appear but as vanity and vexation, God that was before neglected, is now the only happiness of his soul; before he was forgotten, and every lust preferred before him; but now he is set next the heart, and all things must give place to him: and the heart is taken up in the attendance and observance of him: and is grieved when he hides his face, and never thinks it self well without him. Christ himself that was wont to be slightly thought of, is now his onely hope and refuge, and he liveth upon him as on his daily bread; he cannot pray without him, nor rejoyce without him, nor think, nor speak, nor live without him. Heaven it self that before was lookt upon but as a tolerable reserve,

which

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which he hoped might serve turn as better than *Hell*, when he could not stay any longer in the world, is now taken for his home, the place of his only Hope and Rest, where he shall See, and Love, and praise that God that hath his heart already. *Hell* that before did seem but as a bugbear to frighten men from sin, doth now appear to be a real misery, that is not to be ventured on, nor jested with. The works of holiness which before he was weary of, and seemed to be more ado than needs, are now both his recreation and his business, and the trade that he lives upon. The Bible which was before to him but almost as a common book, is now as the Law of God, as a Letter written to him from Heaven, and subscribed with the name of the *Eternal Majesty*; it is the Rule of his Thoughts, and Words, and Deeds: the Commands are binding, the Threats are dreadful, and the Promises of it speak life to his soul. The godly that seemed to him but like other men, are now the excel-

excellentest and happiest on earth. And the wicked that were his play-fellows, are now his grief: and he that could laugh at their sin, is readier now to weep for their sin and misery, *Pf.* 16.3. and 15.4. *Pbil.* 3.18. In short, he hath a New End in his thoughts, and a New Way in his endeavours, and therefore his heart and life is new. Before his *Carnal Self* was his *End*: and his pleasure, and worldly profits, and credit were his *Way*: and now God and everlasting glory is his *End*: and Christ, and the Spirit, and Word, and Ordinances, Holiness to God, and Righteousness and Mercy to men, these are his *Way*. Before, *Self* was the chiefest Ruler, to which the matters of God and Conscience must stoop and give place: and now God in Christ, by the Spirit, Word, and Ministry, is the chief Ruler, to whom both *Self*, and all the matters of *Self* must give place. So that this is not a change in one or two, or twenty points; but in the whole soul: and the very end and bent of the Conversati-

on. A man may step out of one path into another, and yet have his face the same way, and be still going towards the same place: but 'tis another matter to turn quite back again, and take his Journey the clean contrary way to a contrary place. So it is here. A man may turn from drunkenness to thristiness, and forsake his good fellowship, and other gross disgracefull sins, and set upon some duties of Religion, and yet be going still to the same End as before, intending his carnal *Self* above all, and giving it still the Government of his Soul. But when he is Converted, this *Self* is denyed and taken down, and God is set up, and his face is turned the contrary way; and he that before was addicted to himself, and lived to himself, is now by Sanctification devoted to God, and liveth unto God: before he asked himself, what he should do with his time, his parts, and his estate, and for himself he used them: but now he asketh God what he shall do with them, and he useth

useth them for him. Before he would please God so far as might stand with the pleasure of his flesh, and Carnal Self, but not to any great displeasure of them. But now he will please God, let *Flesh and Self* be never so much displeas'd. This is the great change that God will make upon all that shall be saved.

You can say, that the Holy Ghost is your *Sanctifier*; but do you know what *Sanctification* is? Why, this is it that I have now opened to you: and every Man and Woman in the World must have this, or be condemned to everlasting misery. They must *Turn or Die*.

Do you believe all this Sirs, or do you not? Surely you dare not say, you do not; For 'tis past doubt, or denial; These are not Controversies, where one learned pious man is of one mind, and another of another; where one party saith this, and the other saith that: *Papists* and *Anabaptists*, and every Sect among us that deserve to be called Christians, are all agreed in this that I have said, and if you will not believe the God of Truth,
and

and that in a case where every Sect and party do believe him, you are utterly unexcusable.

But if you do believe this, how comes it to pass that you live so quietly in an unconverted state? Do you know that you are Converted? and can you find this wonderful change upon your souls? Have you been thus born again and made anew? Be not these strange matters to many of you? and such as you never felt upon your selves? If you cannot tell the day or week of your change or the very Sermon that Converted you, yet, Do you find that the work is done? and such a change indeed there is? and that you have such hearts as are before described? Alas, the most do follow their worldly business, and little trouble their minds with such thoughts. And if they be but restrained from scandalous sins, and can say, *I am no whoremonger, nor thief, nor curser, nor swearer, nor tippler, nor extortioner, I go to Church and say my Prayers,* they think that this is true Conversion, and they shall be saved

saved as well as any. Alas, this is foolish cheating of your selves. This is too much contempt of an endless Glory: and too gross neglect of your immortal souls. Can you make so light of Heaven and Hell? Your Corpses will shortly all lie in the dust, and Angels or Devils will presently seize upon your Souls, and every man and woman of you all, will shortly be among other company, and in another case than now you are; you will dwell in those houses but a little longer; you will work in your shops and fields but a little longer; you will sit in these seats, and dwell on this Earth but a little longer; you will see with those eyes, and hear with those ears, and speak with those tongues but a little longer, till the Resurrection-day; and can you make shift to forget this? O what a place will you be shortly in of Joy or Torment! O what a sight will you shortly see in Heaven or Hell! O what thoughts will shortly fill your hearts with unspeakable Delight or Horror!

What

What work will you be employed in? to praise the Lord with Saints and Angels, or to cry out in fire unquenchable with devils? And should all this be forgotten? And all this will be endless and sealed up by an unchangeable Decree: Eternity, Eternity will be the measure of your joys or sorrows, and can this be forgotten? and all this is true Sirs, most *certain true*: when you have gone up and down a little longer, and slept and awakt a few times more, you'l be dead and gone, and find all true that now I tell you: and yet can you now so much forget it! You shall then remember that you heard *this Sermon*, and that *this day*, from *this place*, you were remembered of these things; and perceive them matters a thousand times greater than either you or I could here conceive; and yet shall they be now so much forgotten?

Beloved friends, If the Lord had not awakened me to believe and lay to heart these things my self, I should have remained in the *dark* and *selfish* state

state, and have perished for ever: but if he have truly made me sensible of them, it will constrain me to compassionate you, as well as my self. If your eyes were so far opened as to see Hell, and you saw your neighbours, that were Unconverted, drag'd thither with hideous cries, though they were such as you accounted honest people on earth, and feared no such matter by themselves; such a sight would make you go home and think of it, and think again, and make you warn all about you as that damned worldling in *Luke 16.28.* would have had his Brethren warned, lest they come to that place of Torment: Why, Faith is a kind of sight; it is the eye of the Soul, the Evidence of things not seen: If I believe God, it is next to seeing: And therefore I beseech you excuse me, if I be half as earnest with you about these matters, as if I had seen them. If I must dye to morrow, and it were in my power to come again from another world, and tell you what I had seen, would you
not

not be willing to hear me? and would you not believe, and regard what I should tell you? If I might preach one Sermon to you after I am dead, and have seen what is done in the world to come, would you not have me plainly speak the Truth, and would you not crowd to hear me? and would you not lay it to heart? But this must not be; God hath his appointed way of Teaching you by Scripture and Ministers; and he will not humour Unbelievers so far as to send men from the dead to them, and to alter his established way; if any man quarrel with the Sun, God will not humour him so far as to set him up a clearer Light. Friends, I beseech you regard me now, as you would do if I should come from the dead to you; for I can give you as full assurance of the truth of what I say to you, as if I had been there and seen it with my eyes; For it's possible for one from the dead to deceive you: but Jesus Christ can never deceive you; the Word of God delivered in

Scripture, and sealed up by the Miracles and holy workings of the spirit, can never deceive you. Believe this, or believe nothing. Believe and obey this, or you are undone. Now as ever you believe the Word of God, and as ever you care for the salvation of your souls, let me beg of you this reasonable request, and I beseech you deny me not: that you would without any more delay, when you are gone from hence, remember what you heard, and enter into an earnest search of your hearts, and say to your selves, [*Is it so indeed? must I Turn or Die? Must I be Converted or Condemned? It's time for me then to look about me, before it be too late, O why did not I look after this till now? Why did I venturously pass off, or stubber over so great a business? Was I awake, or in my wits? Oh blessed God, what a mercy is it that thou didst not cut off my life all this while, before I had any certain hope of Eternal Life? Well, God forbid that I should neglect this work any longer. What state is my soul in? Am*

I Converted, or am I not? Was ever such a change or work done upon my soul? Have I been illuminated by the Word and Spirit of the Lord, to see the odiousness of sin, the need of a Saviour, the Love of Christ, and the Excellencies of God and Glory? Is my heart broken or humbled within me for my former life? Have I thankfully entertained my Saviour and Lord, that offered himself with pardon and life to my soul? Do I hate my former sinful life, and the remnant of every sin that is in me? Do I fly from them as my deadly Enemies? Do I give up my self to a life of Holiness and Obedience to God? Do I love it and delight in it? Can I truly say that I am dead to the World and carnal self, and that I live for God and the Glory which he hath promised? Hath Heaven more of my Estimation, and Resolution, than Earth? and is God the Dearest and Highest in my soul? Once I am sure, I lived principally to the world and flesh, and God had nothing but some heartless services which the world could spare, and which were the leavings

of the flesh. Is my heart now turned another way? Have I a new design, and a new end, and a new train of holy affections? Have I set my hopes and heart in Heaven? and is it now the scope, and design, and bent of my heart and life, to get well to Heaven, and see the glorious Face of God, and live in his everlasting Love and Praise? And when I sin, is it against the habitual bent and design of my heart? And do I conquer all gross sins, and am I weary, and willing to be rid of mine infirmities? This is the state of a converted Soul. And thus must it be with me, or I must perish. Is it thus indeed with me, or is it not? Is time to get this doubt resolved, before the dreadful Judge resolve it. I am not such a stranger to my own heart and life, but I may somewhat perceive whether I am thus Converted or not: If I be not, it will do me no good to flatter my soul with false conceits and hopes. I am resolved no more to deceive myself; but to endeavour to know truly off or on, whether I be Converted, yea or no, that if I be,

I may rejoyce in it, and glorifie my gracious Lord, and comfortably go on till I reach the Crown: and if I am not, I may set myself to beg and seek after the Grace, that should convert me, and may turn without any more delay; For, if I find in time that I am out of the way, by the help of Christ, I may turn and be recovered, but if I stay till either my heart be forsaken of God in blindness and hardness, or till I be catcht away by Death; its then too late. There is no place for Repentance and Conversion then; I know it must be now or never.]

Sirs, this is my request to you, that you will but take your hearts to task, and thus examine them, till you see, if it may be, whether you are Converted or not? and if you cannot find it out by your own endeavours, go to your Ministers, if they be faithful and experienced men, and desire their assistance. The matter is great, let not bashfulness nor carelesness hinder you. They are set over you to advise you, for the saving of your Souls, as Physitians ad-

wise you for the curing of your bodies. It undoes many thousands that they think they are in the way to salvation, when they are not: and think that they are Converted, when it is no such thing. And then when we call to them daily to *Turn*, they go away as they came, and think that this concerns not them; for they are turned already, and hope they shall do well enough in the way that they are in, at least if they do pick the fairest path, and avoid some of the foulest steps, when alas, all this while they live but to the World, and flesh, and are strangers to God and Eternal life, and are quite out of the way to Heaven. And all this is much because we cannot perswade them to a few serious thoughts of their Condition, and to spend a few hours in the examining of their states. Is there not many a self-deceiving Wretch that hear me this day, that never bestowed one hour, or quarter of an hour in all their lives, to examine their souls, and try whether they are truly Converted

verted or not? O mercifull God, that will care for such wretches that care no more for themselves, and that will do so much to save them from Hell, and help them to Heaven, who will do so little for it themselves! If all that are in the way to hell, and in a state of damnation, did but know it, they durst not continue in it. The greatest hope that the devil hath of bringing you to damnation without a Rescue, is by keeping you blindfold, and ignorant of your state, and making you believe that you may do well enough in the way that you are in. If you knew that you are out of the way to Heaven, and were lost for ever if you should die as you are; durst you sleep another night in the state that you are in? durst you live another day in it? Could you heartily laugh or be merry in such a state? What! And not know but you may be snatcht away to hell in an hour! Sure it would constrain you to forsake your former company and courses, and to betake your selves to the ways of holiness,

and the Communion of the Saints. Sure it would drive you to cry to God for a new heart, and to seek help of those that are fit to counsel you. There is none of you sure *that cares not for being damned.* Well then I beseech you presently make enquiry into your hearts, and give them no rest, till you find out your Condition; that if it be good, you may rejoyce in it, and go on: and if it be bad, you may presently look about you for recovery, as men that believe they must *Turn or Die.* What say you, Sirs? Will you resolve and promise to be at this much labour for your own Souls? Will you fall upon this self-examination when you come home? Is my request unreasonable? Your consciences know, it is not. Resolve on it then before you stir: Knowing how much it concerneth your Souls; I beseech you for the sake of that God that doth command you, at whose Bar you will shortly all appear, that you will not deny me this reasonable Request. For the sake of
those

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those Souls that must *Turn* or *Die*, I beseech you deny me not: even but to make it your business to understand your own Conditions, and build upon sure ground, & know off or on whether you are *Converted* or no, and venture not your Souls on negligent security.

But perhaps you'll say, What if we should find our selves yet unconverted, what shall we do then? This question leadeth me to my second Doctrine; which will do much to the answering of it, to which I shall now proceed.

Doct. 2. **I** *is the promise of GOD that the wicked shall Live, if they wil but Turn; Unfeignedly and thoroughly Turn.*

The Lord here professeth that this is it that he takes pleasure in, that the wicked *Turn and Live*. Heaven is made as sure to the *Converted*, as Hell is to the *Unconverted*. *Turn and Live*, is as certain a Truth, as *Turn or Die*. God was not bound to provide us a Saviour, nor open to us a door of Hope, nor call us to Repent and Turn

when once we had cast our selves away by sin. But he hath freely done it to magnifie his Mercy: Sinners, there are none of you shall have cause to go home, and say I preach Desperation to you. Do we use to shut up the door of Mercy against you? O that you would not shut it up against your selves! Do we use to tell you that God will have no mercy on you, though you turn and be sanctified? When did you ever hear a Preacher say such a word? You that bark at the Preachers of the Gospel, for desiring to keep you out of Hell, and say, that they preach desperation; tell me if you can, when you did ever hear any sober man say; that there is no hope for you, though you repent and be Converted? No, it is the clean contrary that we daily proclaim from the Lord; and who ever is born again, and by Faith and Repentance doth become a new Creature, shall certainly be saved, and so far are we from perswading you to despair of this, that we perswade you not to make any doubt of it. It is Life and not death, that is
the

the first part of our message to you: our Commission is to offer Salvation; certain Salvation, a speedy, glorious, everlasting Salvation, to every one of you: to the poorest begger as well as the greatest Lord: to the worst of you; even to drunkards, swearers, worldlings, thieves, yea to the despisers and reproachers of the holy way of Salvation: We are commanded by the Lord our Master, to offer you a pardon for all that's past, if you will but now at last return and live; we are commanded to beseech and intreat you to accept the offer and return; to tell you what preparation is made by Christ, what Mercy staves for you; what Patience waiteth on you; what thoughts of kindness God hath towards you; and how happy; how certainly and unspeakably happy you may be if you will. We have indeed also a message of wrath and death: yea of a twofold wrath and death: but neither of them is our principal Message: we must tell you of the wrath that is on you already

dy, and the death that you are born under, for the breach of the Law of works: but this is but to shew you the need of Mercy, and provoke you to esteem the Grace of the Redeemer. And we tell you nothing but the Truth which you must know: for who will seek out for Physick, that knows not that he is sick? our telling you of your misery, is not it that makes you miserable, but driveth you out to seek for Mercy. It is you that have brought this Death upon your selves. We tell you also of another death, even remediless, and much greater torment, that will fall on those that will not be Converted. But as this is true, and must be told you, so it is but the last and saddest part of our Message. We are first to offer you Mercy, if you will Turn: and it is only those that will not Turn, nor hear the voice of Mercy, that we must fore tell Damnation to. Will you but cast away your Transgressions, delay no longer; but come away at the Call of Christ, and be
Converted,

Converted, and become new creatures, and we have not a word of damning wrath or death to speak against you. I do here in the Name of the Lord of Life proclaim to you all that hear me this day, to the worst of you, to the greatest, to the oldest sinner, that you may have mercy and salvation, if you will but Turn. There is mercy in God, there is sufficiency in the satisfaction of Christ, the Promise is free and full, and Universal: you may have Life, if you will but Turn. But then, as you love your Souls, Remember what Turning it is that Scripture speaks of. It is not to mend the old House, but to pull down all, and build anew, on Christ, the Rock and sure Foundation. It is not to mend somewhat in a carnal course of life, but to mortifie the flesh, and live after the Spirit. It is not to serve the flesh and the world in a more reformed way without any scandalous disgraceful sins, and with a certain kind of Religiousness, but it is to change your Master, and your works and End, and

and set your face the contrary way, and do all for the life that you never saw, and dedicate your selves and all you have to God. This is the change that must be made, if you will live.

Your selves are witnessess now, that it is salvation and not damnation that is the great Doctrine I preach to you; and the first part of my message to you. Accept of this, and we shall go no further with you; for we would not so much as affright or trouble you with the name of damnation, without necessity.

But if you will not be saved, there's no remedy, but Damnation must take place. For there is no middle place between the two: You must have either Life or Death.

And we are not only to offer you Life; but to shew you the grounds on which we do it, and call you to believe that God doth mean indeed as He speaks: that the Promise is true, and extendeth Conditionally to you as well as others; and that Heaven is no fancy; but a true felicity.

If

If you ask, where is our Commission for this offer, among an hundred texts of Scripture, I will shew it you in these few.

First, You see it here in my Text, and the following Verses, and in the 18. of Ez. k. as plain as can be spoken. And in 2 Cor. 5. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21. You have the very sum of our Commission; [If any man be in Christ, he is a new Creature; old things are past away; behold all things are become new. And all things are of God, who hath reconciled us to himself by Jesus Christ, and hath given to us the Ministry of Reconciliation, to wit, that God was in Christ reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses to them; and hath committed unto us the word of Reconciliation: Now then we are Ambassadors for Christ, as though God did beseech you by us, we pray you in Christs stead, be ye reconciled unto God; for he hath made him to be sin for us who knew no sin, that we might be made the Righteousness of God in him.] So Mark. 16. 15, 16. [Go ye

ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature; He that believeth (that is, with such a Converting faith as is expressed) [and is baptized, shall be saved, and he that believeth not shall be damned.] And Luke 24. 46, 47. [Thus it behoved Christ to suffer, and to rise from the dead the third day, and that Repentance (which is Conversion) and Remission of sins, should be preached in his name among all Nations.] And Acts 5. 30, 31. The God of our Fathers raised up Jesus, whom ye slew and hanged on a Tree, him hath God exalted with his right hand, to be a Prince and a Saviour, to give Repentance to Israel, and forgiveness of sins. [And Acts 13. 38, 39. Be it known unto you therefore men and brethren, that through this man is preached unto you the forgiveness of sins; and by him all that believe, are justified from all things, from which ye could not be justified by the Law of Moses.] And lest you think this offer is restrained to the Jews; see Gal. 6. 15. [For in Christ Jesus neither Circum-

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cision availeth any thing, nor uncircumcision, but a new creature] And Luke 14. 17. [Come, for all things are now ready;] and ver. 23, 24.

You see by this time that we are commanded to offer Life to you all, and to tell you from God, that if you will Turn, you may Live.

Here you may safely trust your Souls: for the Love of God is the Fountain of this offer, John 3. 16. and the blood of the Son of God hath purchased it: the faithfulness and truth of God is engaged to make the promise good: Miracles have sealed up the truth of it: Preachers are sent through the World to Proclaim it; the Sacraments are instituted and used for the solemn Delivery of the mercy offered, to them that will accept it: and the Spirit doth open the heart to entertain it, and is it self the Earnest of the full possession. So that the truth of it is past controversie, that the worst of you all, and every one of you, if you will but be Converted, may be Saved.

Indeed

Indeed, if you will needs believe that you shall be saved *without* conversion, then you believe a falshood: and if I should preach that to you, I should preach a lie: this were not to believe God, but the *Devil* and your own deceitful hearts. God hath his promise of Life, and the Devil hath *his* promise of Life: Gods promise is, [*Return and Live*] The Devils promise is [*You shall live whether you turn or not.*] The word of God is as I have shewed you [*Except ye be converted and become as little Children, ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, Mat. 18. 3. Except a man be born again, he cannot enter into the Kingdom of God, John 3. 3. 5. Without holiness none shall see God, Heb. 12. 14.*] The Devils word is [*You may be saved without being born again and Converted, you may do well enough without being holy; God doth but frighten you, he is more merciful than to do as he saith; he will be better to you than his word.*] And alas, the greatest part of the World believe this word of the Devil,

Devil, before the Word of God; just as our first sin and misery came into the World. God said to our first Parents, [*If ye eat ye shall die.*] And the Devil contradicteth him, and saith, [*Ye shall not die*] and the woman believed the Devil before God. So now the Lord saith, [*Turn or Die;*] And the Devil saith, [*You shall not Die, if you do but cry God mercy at last, and give over the acts of sin when you can practise it no longer.*] And this is the word that the world believes. O hainous wickedness, to believe the Devil before God!

And yet that is not the worst: but blasphemously they call this a *Believing and Trusting God*, when they put him in the shape of Satan, who was a lyer from the beginning; and when they believe that the Word of God is a lie, they call this a *Trusting God*, and say they Believe in him, and Trust on him for salvation: Where did ever God say, that the unregenerate, unconverted, unsanctified shall be saved? Shew such a word in Scripture. I challenge you,

you, if you can. Why this is the *Devils* word, and to believe it is to believe the *Devil*, and the sin that is commonly called *Presumption*: and do you call this a *believing and trusting God*? There is enough in the Word of God to comfort and strengthen the hearts of the sanctified; but not a word to strengthen the hands of wickedness, nor to give men the least hope of being saved, though they be never sanctified.

But if you will *Turn* and come into the way of Mercy, the Mercy of the Lord is ready to entertain you. Then Trust God for Salvation boldly and confidently, for he is engaged by his Word to save you. He will be a Father to none but his Children, and he will save none but those that forsake the World, the Devil, and the Flesh, and come into his Family to be members of his Son, and have Communion with his Saints. But if they will not come in, it is long of themselves: His doors are open: He keeps none back: He never sent such a message as this to any of you:

you: [*It is now too late: I will not receive thee, though thou be Converted.*] He might have done so, and done you no wrong: but he *did* not: he *doth* not to this day: He is still ready to receive you, if you were but ready unfeignedly, and with all your hearts to *Turn*. And the fulness of this Truth will yet more *appear* in the two following Doctrines, which I shall therefore next proceed to, before I make any further Application of this.

Doct. 3. **G**OD taketh Pleasure in **I**Mens Conversion and Salvation, but not in their Death or Damnation: he had rather they would Return and Live, than go on and die.

I shall first teach you how to understand this: and then clear up the truth of it to you.

And for the first, you must observe these following things, 1. A simple willingness or complacency is the first Act of the will, following the simple apprehension

bension of the *Understanding*, before it proceedeth to *compare* things together. But the *choosing* act of the *will* is a following act, and supposeth the *comparing practical Act* of the *Understanding*; and these two Acts may often be carried to *contrary Objects*, without any fault at all in the person.

2. An unfeigned willingness may have divers degrees. Some things I am so far willing of; as that I will do all that lyeth in my power to accomplish it: and some things I am truly willing *another* should do, when yet I will not do all that ever I am able to procure it, having many Reasons to dissuade me there from; though yet I will do all that belongs to me to do.

3. The will of a *Ruler*, as such, is manifested in *making and executing Laws*: but the will of a *man* in his *simple natural capacity*, or as *absolute Lord* of his *own*, is manifested in desiring or resolving of *events*.

4. A *Rulers will*, as *Law-giver*, is first and principally that his *Laws be obeyed*,

obeyed, and not at all that the penalty be executed on any, but only on supposition that they *will not obey his precepts*. But a Ruler will, as Judge: supposeth the Law already either kept or broken: and therefore he resolveth our rewards or punishment accordingly.

Having given you these necessary Distinctions, I shall next apply them to the Case in hand, in these following Propositions.

1. It is in the *glass* of the *word and Creatures*, that in this life we must know God: and so, according to the nature of man, we ascribe to him *Understanding and Will*, removing all the imperfections that we can, because we are capable of no higher Positive conceptions of him.

2. And on the same grounds we do (with the Scripture) *distinguish* between the *Acts of Gods Will*; as diversified from the respects or the objects, though as to Gods *Essence* they are all one.

3. And the *boldier*, because that
when

when we speak of Christ, we have the more ground for it from his Humane Nature.

4. And thus we say, that the *simple Complacency, Will, or Love* of God is to all that is *Naturally, or Morally good*, according to the *Nature and Degree* of its Goodness. And so he hath pleasure in the *Conversion and Salvation* of all, which yet will never come to pass.

5. And God as *Ruler and Law-giver* of the world, hath so far a *Practical Will* for their salvation, as to make them a *free Deed of Gift of Christ and Life*, and an *Act of Oblivion* for all their sins, so be it they will not unthankfully reject it; and to command his *Messengers* to offer this *Gift* to all the world; and persuade them to accept it. And so, he doth *all* that as *Law-giver or Promiser* belongs to him to do for their *Salvation*.

6. But yet he resolveth as *Law-giver*, that they that will not turn shall dye: And as *Judge*, when their day of grace is

is past, he will execute that Decree.

7. So that he thus unfeignedly willeth the Conversion of those that never will be Converted, but not as *Absolute Lord* with the fullest efficacious Resolution, nor as a thing which he resolveth shall undoubtedly come to pass, or would engage all his power to accomplish. It is in the power of a Prince to set a guard upon a murderer to see that he shall not murder and be hanged. But if upon good reason he forbear this, and do but send to his subjects, and warn and intreat them not to be murderers, I hope he may well say that he would not have them murder and be hanged; he takes no pleasure in it, but rather that they forbear and live. And if he do more for some, upon some special reason, he is not bound to do so by all. The King may well say to all the Murderers and Felons in the Land, [*I have no pleasure in your death, but rather that you would obey my Laws and live: but if you will not, I am resolved for all this, that you shall die.*]

The Judge may truly say to the Thief or murderer, [*Alas man, I have no delight in thy death: I had rather thou hadst kept the Law, and saved thy life: but seeing thou hast not, I must condemn thee, or else I should be unjust.*] So though God have no Pleasure in your Damnation, and therefore calls upon you to Return and Live; yet he hath Pleasure in the Demonstration of his own Justice, and the executing his Laws; and therefore he is for all this fully resolved, that, if you will not be Converted, you shall be Condemned. If God were so much against the death of the wicked, as that he were resolved to do all that he can to hinder it, then no man should be condemned: whereas Christ telleth you, that few will be saved. But so far God is against your Damnation, as that he will teach you, and warn you, and set before you life and death, and offer you your choice, and command his Ministers to intreat you not to Damn your selves, but accept his Mercy, and so to leave you without
excuse;

excuse; but if this will not do, and if still you be Unconverted; he professeth to you, he is resolved of your damnation, and hath commanded us to say to you in his Name, *Verse 8. O wicked man, thou shalt surely die!* And Christ hath little less than sworn it over and over, with a *Verily, verily, Except ye be Converted and born again, ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, Mat. 18. 3. John 3. 3.* Mark that he saith [*You cannot.*] It is in vain to hope for it, and in vain to dream that God is willing of it; for it is a thing that *cannot* be.

In a word, you see then the meaning of the Text, that God the great *Law-giver* of the world, doth take no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but rather that they Turn and Live; though yet he be resolved that none shall Live but those that Turn; and, as *Judge*, even delighteth in Justice, and manifesting his hatred of sin; though not in their misery which they have brought upon themselves, in it self considered: *Col. 3. 6.*

2. And for the *proofs* of the point, I

shall be very brief in them, because I suppose you easily believe it already.

1. The very *gracious nature* of God, proclaimed, *Exod. 24. 6. & 26. 6.* and frequently elsewhere, may assure you of this; that he hath no pleasure in your death.

2. If God had more pleasure in thy Death, than in thy Conversion and Life, he would not have so frequently commanded thee in his word to Turn; he would not have made thee such promises of Life, if thou wilt but Turn; he would not have perswaded thee to it by so many reasons. The tenour of his *Gospel* proveth the point.

3. And his Commission that he hath given to the Ministers of the Gospel, doth fully prove it. If God had taken more pleasure in thy damnation, than in thy Conversion and Salvation, he would never have charged us to offer you Mercy; and to teach you the Way of Life both publickly and privately; and to intreat and beseech you to turn and live; to acquaint you with your
sins;

sins, and foretell you of your danger, and to do all that possibly we can for your Conversion, and to continue patiently so doing, though you should hate or abuse us, for our pains. Would God have done this, and appointed his Ordinances for your good, if he hath taken pleasure in your death?

4. It is proved also by the course of his providences. If God had rather you were damned than Converted and Saved, he would not second his word with his works, and entice you by his daily kindness to himself, and give you all the mercies of this Life, which are his means to lead you to repentance, *Rom. 2. 4.* and bring you so often under his Rod, to force you into your wits: he would not set so many examples before your eyes; no nor wait on you so patiently as he doth from day to day, and year to year. These be not signs of one that taketh pleasure in your death. If *this* had been his delight, how easily could he have had thee long ago in Hell? How oft before

this, could he have catcht thee away in the midst of thy sins with a curse, or oath, or lye in thy mouth, in thy ignorance, and pride, and sensuality? When thou wast lost in thy drunkenness, or lost deriding the wayes of God; how easily could he have stopt thy breath, and tamed thee with his Plagues, and made thee sober in another world! Alas, how small a matter is it for the Almighty to rule the Tongue of the prophane railer, and tye the hands of the most malicious persecutor, or calm the fury of the bitterest of his enemies, and make them know that they are but worms? If he should but frown upon thee, thou wouldst drop into thy grave. If he gave Commission to one of his Angels to go and destroy ten thousand sinners, how quickly would it be done! how easily can he lay thee upon the bed of languishing, and make thee lye roaring therein in pain, and make thee eat the words of reproach which thou hast spoken against his servants, his Word,
his

his worship and his holy Wayes? And make thee send to beg their prayers whom thou didst despise in thy presumption? How easily can he lay that flesh under gripes and groans, and make it too weak to hold thy soul, and make it more loathsome than the dung of the Earth? That flesh which now must have what it loves, and must not be displeas'd though God be displeas'd; but must be humour'd in meats, and drink, and cloaths, whatever God say to the contrary; How quickly would the frowns of God consume it? When thou wast passionately defending thy sin, and quarrelling with them that would have drawn thee from it; and shewing thy spleen against the reprover, and pleading for the works of Darkness; how easily could God have snatcht thee away in a moment, and set thee before his dreadfull Majesty; where thou shouldst see ten thousand times ten thousand of glorious Angels waiting on his Throne? and have called thee there to plead thy Cause, and

asketh thee, *What hast thou now to say against thy Creator, his Truth, his Servants, or his holy ways? Now plead thy cause, and make the best of it thou canst. Now what canst thou say in excuse of thy sin? Now give account of thy worldyness and fleshy life, of thy time, of all the Mercies thou hast had. O how thy stubborn heart would have melted, and thy proud looks be taken down, and thy Countenance be appalled, and thy stout words turned into speechless silence, or dreadfull cries; if God had but set thee thus at his Bar, and pleaded his own-Cause with thee, which thou hast here so maliciously pleaded against! How easily can he at any time say to thy guilty Soul, [Come away and live in the flesh no more till the Resurrection] and it cannot resist? A word of his mouth would take off the poise of thy present life, and then all thy parts and powers would stand still: and if he say unto thee, [Live no longer, or live in Hell] thou couldst not disobey.*

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But God hath yet done none of this; but hath patiently forborn thee, and mercifully upheld thee; and given thee that breath - which thou didst breathe out against him, and given those Mercies which thou didst sacrifice to thy flesh, and afforded thee that provision, which thou spentest to satisfy thy greedy throat: he gave thee every minute of that time which thou didst waste in idleness, or drunkenness, or worldliness: and doth not all his Patience, and mercy shew that he desired not thy damnation? Can the Candle burn without the Oyl? Can your houses stand without the Earth to bear them? As well as you can live an hour without the support of God. And why did he so long support thy life, but to see when thou wouldst bethink thee of the folly of thy wayes, and return and live? Will any man purposely put Arms into his enemies hands to resist him? or hold a candle to a murderer that is killing his children, or to an idle servant that playes or sleeps the while?

Surely it is to see whether thou wilt at last Return and Live, that God hath so long waited on thee.

5. It is further ~~provided~~^{proved} by the sufferings of his Son, that God taketh no pleasure in the death of the wicked; Would he have ransomed them from death at so dear a rate? Would he have astonished Angels and men by his condescension? Would God have dwelt in flesh, and have come in the form of a servant, and have assumed Humanity into one person with the God-head? And would Christ have lived a life of suffering, and died a cursed death for sinners, if he had rather taken pleasure in their death? Suppose you saw him but so busie in preaching and healing of them, as you find him in *Mark 3. 21.* or so long in fasting, as in *Mat. 4.* or all night in prayer, as in *Luke 6. 12.* or praying with the drops of blood trickling from him instead of sweat, as *Luke 22. 44.* or suffering a cursed death upon the Cross, and pouring out his soul as a sacrifice for

for our sins: Would you have thought these the signs of one that delighteth in the death of the wicked?

And think not to extenuate it by saying, that it was only for his Elect. For it was *thy* sin, and the sin of all the World that lay upon our Redeemer; and his sacrifice and satisfaction is *sufficient* for all, and the fruits of it are offered to one as well as another; but it is true, that it was never the intent of his mind to pardon and save any that would not by faith and repentance be Converted. If you had seen and heard him weeping and bemoaning the state of disobedient impenitent people, *Luke 19. 41, 42.* or complaining of their stubbornness, as *Mat. 23. 37.* *O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, how oft would I have gathered thy Children together, even as a Hen gathereth her Chickens under her wings, and ye would not?* Or if you had seen and heard him on the Cross Praying for his Persecutors [*Father forgive them, for they know not what they do*] would you have suspected

suspected that he had delighted in the death of the wicked; even of those that perish by their wilful unbelief. When God hath so loved, (not only loved, but so loved) the world, as to give his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him, (by an effectual Faith) should not perish, but have Everlasting Life: I think he hath hereby proved against the malice of men and Devils, that he takes no pleasure in the Death of the wicked, but had rather that they would Turn and Live.

6. Lastly, If all this will not yet satisfy you, take his own word, that knoweth best his own mind, or at least believe his Oath: but this leadeth me up to the fourth Doctrine.

Doct. 4. **T**HE Lord hath confirmed to us by his Oath, that he hath no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but rather that he Turn and Live: that he may leave man no pretence to question the truth of it.

If you dare question his Word, I
hope

hope you dare not question his Oath. As Christ hath solemnly protested that the Unregenerate and Unconverted cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, *Mat. 18. 3. John 3. 3.* So God hath sworn that his pleasure is not in their death, but in their Conversion and Life. And as the Apostle saith, *Heb. 6. 13, 16, 17, 18.* Because he can swear by no greater than himself, he saith, *As I live, &c.* For men verily swear by the greater, and an Oath for Confirmation is to them an end of strife wherein God willing more abundantly to shew unto the heirs of Promise the immutability of his Counsel, confirmed it by an Oath, that by two immutable things, in which it was impossible for God to lye we might have a strong Consolation, who have fled for refuge to lay hold on the Hope set before us, which we have as an Anchor of the Soul both sure and stedfast. If there be any man that cannot reconcile this Truth with the Doctrine of Predestination, or the actual damnation of the wicked, that's his own igno-

rance: he hath no pretence left to deny or question therefore the truth of the point in hand: For this is confirmed by the oath of God, and therefore must not be distorted, to reduce it to other points: but doubtfull points must rather be reduced to it, and certain truths must be believed to agree with it, though our shallow brains do hardly discern the agreement.

Use.

I Do now intreat thee, if thou be an Unconverted sinner that hearest these words, that thou wouldest ponder a little upon the fore-mentioned Doctrines, and bethink thy self a while, who it is that takes pleasure in thy sin and damnation? Certainly, it is not God: he hath sworn for his part that he takes no pleasure in it. And I know it is not the pleasing of him that you intend in it. You dare not say, that you drink, and swear, and neglect holy duties, and quench the motions of the Spirit,

Spirit, to please God. That were as if you should reproach the Prince, and break his Laws, and seek his death, and say, You did all this to please him.

Who is it then that takes pleasure in your sin and death? Not any that bear the image of God, for they must be like-minded to him. God knows, its small pleasure to your faithful Teachers to see you serve your deadly enemy, and madly venture your eternal state, and wilfully run into the flames of Hell. Its small pleasure to them to see upon your souls (in the sad effects) such blindness and hard-heartedness, and carelessness, and presumption, such wilfulness in evil, and such unteachableness, and stiffness against the wayes of life and peace; they know, these are marks of death, and of the wrath of God, and they know from the Word of God, what's like to be the end of them: And therefore it is no more pleasure to them, than to a tender Physician to see the Plague-marks break out upon his Patient. Alas, to foresee
your

your everlasting Torments, and know not how to prevent them! To see how near you are to Hell, and we cannot make you believe it; and consider it! To see how easily, how certainly you might scape, if we knew but how to make you willing! How fair you are for everlasting salvation, if you would but Turn and do your best, and make it the care and business of your lives! but you will not do it. If our lives lay on it, we cannot persuade you to it. We study day and night what to say to you, that may convince you and persuade you, and yet it is undone: we lay before you the Word of God, and shew you the very Chapter and Verse where it is written that you cannot be saved except you be converted; and yet we leave the most of you as we find you: We hope you will believe the Word of God, though you believe not us, and that you will regard it when we shew you the plain Scripture for it: but we hope in vain, and labour in vain, as to any saving

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change upon your hearts. And do you think that this is a pleasant thing to us? Many a time in secret prayer we are fain to complain to God with sad hearts [*Alas Lord, we have spoken to them in thy Name, but they little regard us: we have told them what thou bidst us tell them concerning the danger of an unconverted state, but they do not believe us: we have told them that thou hast protested, that there is no peace to the wicked, Isa. 48. 22. and 57. 21. but the worst of them all will scarce believe that they are wicked; we have shewed them thy Word, where thou hast said, That if they live after the flesh they shall die, Rom. 8. 13. but they say, They will believe in thee, when they will not believe thee; and that they will trust in thee when they give no credit to thy Word; and when they hope that the threathnings of thy Word are false, they will yet call this a hoping in God: and though we shew them where thou hast said, that when a wicked man dieth all his hopes perish, yet cannot we perswade them from their deceitfull*

ceitful hopes, Prov. II. 7. We tell them what a base unprofitable thing sin is; but they love it; and therefore will not leave it. We tell them how dear they buy this pleasure, and what they must pay for it in everlasting Torment, and they bless themselves and will not believe it; but will do as the most do: and because God is mercifull, they will not believe him, but will venture their souls, come on it what will: We tell them how ready the Lord is to receive them; and this doth but make them delay their Repentance, and be bolder in their sin. Some of them say they purpose to repent, but they are still the same; and some say they do repent already, why yet they are not Converted from their sins. We exhort them, we intreat them, we offer them our help, but we cannot prevail with them; but they that were drunkards, are drunkards still; and they that were voluptuous flesh-pleasing wretches, are such still; and they that were worldlings, are worldlings still: and they that were ignorant, and proud, and self-conceited are so still.

Few

Few of them will see and confess their sin, and fewer will forsake it, but comfort themselves that all men are sinners: as if there were no difference between a Converted sinner and an Unconverted: Some of them will not come near us, when we are willing to instruct them, but think they know enough already, and need not our instruction: and some of them will give us the bearing, and do what they list; and most of them are like dead men that cannot feel; so that when we tell them of the matters of everlasting Consequence, we cannot get a word of it to their hearts. If we do not obey them, and humour them in baptizing the children of the most obstinately wicked, and giving them the Lords Supper, and doing all that they would have us, though never so much against the Word of God, they will hate us and rail at us: but if we beseech them but to confess and forsake their sins and save their souls, they will not do it. We tell them, if they will but Turn we will deny them none of the Ordinances of GOD, neither Baptism to their
chil-

children, nor the Lords Supper to themselves: but they will not hear us: they would have us to disobey God, and damp our own souls, to please them; and yet they will not turn and save their own souls to please God. They are wiser in their own eyes than all their Teachers; they rage and are confident in their own way; and if we would never so fain, we cannot change them. Lord, this is the case of our miserable neighbours, and we cannot help it: we see them ready to drop into Hell, and we cannot help it: we know if they would unfeignedly turn, they might be saved, but we cannot persuade them: if we would beg it of them on our knees, we cannot persuade them to it; if we would beg it of them with tears, we cannot persuade them: and what more can we do?

These are the secret complaints and moans that many a poor Minister is fain to make. And do you think that he hath any Pleasure in this? Is it a pleasure to him to see you go on in sin, and cannot stop you? to see you so
miserable

miserable, and cannot so much as make you sensible of it? to see you merry, when you are not sure to be an hour out of Hell? to think what you must for ever suffer, because you will not turn? and to think what an everlasting life of Glory you wilfully despise and cast away? What sadder thing can you bring to their hearts? and how can you devise to grieve them more?

Who is it then that you please by your sin and death? It is none of your understanding godly friends. Alas, it is the grief of their souls to see your misery, and they lament you many a time when you give them little thanks for it, and when you have not hearts to lament your selves.

Who is it then that takes pleasure in your sin? It is none but the three great enemies of God, whom you renounced in your Baptism, and now are turned falsely to serve.

1. The Devil indeed takes pleasure in your sin and death: For this is the very end of all his temptations. For this

his he watches night and day : You cannot devise to please him better, than to go on in sin : How glad is he when he sees thee going to the Ale-house, or other sin ; and when he heareth thee curse, or swear, or rail ? How glad is he when he heareth thee revile the Minister that would draw thee from thy sin, and help to save thee ? These are his delight.

2. The wicked also are delighted in it : For it is agreeable to their nature.

3. But I know, for all this, that it is not the pleasing of the Devil, that you intend even when you please him : but it is your *own flesh*, the greatest and most dangerous enemy, that you intend to please. It is the flesh that would be pampered, that would be pleased in meat, and drink, and cloathing, that would be pleased in your company, and pleased in applause and credit with the world, and pleased in sports, and lusts, and idleness ; this is the Gulf that devoureth all. This is the very god that you serve, (for the Scripture saith
of

of such, *that their bellies are their gods,* Phil. 3. 18.)

But I beseech you stay a little, and consider the business.

1. *Quest.* Should your Flesh be pleased before your Maker? Will you displease the Lord, and displease your Teachers, and your godly friends, and all to please your brutish Appetites, or sensual desires? Is not God worthy to be the Ruler of your flesh? If *He* shall not rule it, He will not save it: you cannot in Reason expect that he should.

2. *Quest.* Your *flesh* is pleased with your sin: but is your *Conscience* pleased? Doth not *it* grudge within you, and tell you sometimes that all is not well, and that your Case is not so safe as you make it to be? and should not your soul and conscience be pleased before that corruptible flesh?

3. *Quest.* But is not your *flesh* preparing for its *own displeasure* also? it loves the bait, but doth it love the hook? It loves the strong drink and
sweet

sweet morsels; it loves its ease, and sports, and merriment, it loves to be rich and well spoken of by men, and to be some body in the world: but doth it love the curse of God? Doth it love to stand trembling before his Bar, and to be judged to everlasting fire? Doth it love to be tormented with the Devils for ever? Take all together; for there is no separating sin and hell, but only by Faith and true Conversion; if you will keep one, you must have the other. If Death and Hell be pleasant to you, no wonder then if you go on in sin: but if they be not (as I am sure they be not) then what if sin were never so pleasant, is it worth the loss of Life Eternal? Is a little drink, or meat, or ease; is the good words of sinners, is the riches of this world to be valued above the Joyes of Heaven? Or are they worth the sufferings of Eternal fire? Sirs, these questions should be considered before you go any further, by every man that hath reason to consider, and that believes he hath a soul to save or lose.

Well

Well, the Lord here sweareth that he hath no pleasure in your death, but rather that you would Turn and Live: if yet you will go on, and die rather than Turn, remember it was not to *Please God* that you did it: it was to please the world, and to please your selves. And if men will damn themselves to please themselves, and run into endless Torments for Delight, and have not the wit, the hearts, the grace, to hearken to God or man, that would reclaim them, what Remedy but they must take what they get by it, and repent it in another manner, when it is too late! Before I proceed any further in the Application, I shall come to the next Doctrine; which giveth me a fuller ground for it.

Doct. 5. **S**O Earnest is God for the Conversion of sinners, that he doubleth his Commands and Exhortations with vehemency; Turn ye, Turn ye, Why will ye die?

This Doctrine is the Application of

the former, as by a Use of Exhortation, and accordingly I shall handle it. Is there ever an Unconverted sinner that heareth these vehement words of God? Is there ever a man or woman in this Assembly that is yet a stranger to the renewing sanctifying work of the Holy Ghost? (It is an happy Assembly, if it be not so with the most) Harken then to the voice of your Maker, and turn to him by Christ without delay. Would you know the Will of God? Why this is his Will, that you presently Turn. Shall the living God send so earnest a Message to his Creatures, and should they not obey? Harken then all you that live after the flesh, the Lord that gave thee thy breath and being, hath sent a Message to thee from Heaven; and this is his Message, [*Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?*] He that hath ears to hear, let him hear. Shall the voice of the Eternal Majesty be neglected? If he do but terribly thunder, thou art afraid. O but this voice doth more nearly concern

cern thee. If he did but tell thee, Thou shalt die to morrow, thou wouldst not make light of it. O but this world concerneth thy life or death everlasting. It is both a Command and an Exhortation. As if he had said to thee, [I charge thee upon the allegiance that thou owest to me thy Creator and Redeemer, that thou renounce the flesh, the world, and the Devil, and Turn to me that thou maist live. I condescend to intreat thee, as thou either lovest or fearest him that made thee : as thou lovest thine own life, even thine everlasting Life, Turn and Live : as ever thou wouldst escape eternal misery, Turn, Turn, for why wilt thou die ?] And is there a heart in Man, in a reasonable creature, that can once refuse such a Message, such a Command, such an Exhortation as this ! O what a thing then is the heart of man !

Hearken then all that love your selves ; and all that regard your own salvation ; Here is the joyfullest Message that ever was sent to the ears of

man, *Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?* You are not yet shut up under desperation. Here is mercy offered you; Turn and you shall have it. O Sirs, with what glad and joyful hearts should you receive these Tidings! I know this is not the first time that you have heard it; but how have you regarded it, or how do you regard it now? Hear all you Ignorant, careless sinners, the Word of the Lord! Hear all you worldlings, you sensual flesh-pleasers; you Gluttons and Drunkards, and Whore-mongers, and Swearers; you Railers and back-biters, Slanders and Lyars; *Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?*

Hear all you cold and outside Professors, and all that are strangers to the life of Christ, and never knew the Power of his Cross and Resurrection, and never felt your hearts warmed with his love, and live not on him as the strength of your souls; *Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?*

Hear all that are void of the Love of

of God, whose hearts are not toward him, nor taken up with the Hopes of Glory, but set more by your earthly prosperity and delights, than by the Joyes of Heaven; all you that are Religious but a little on the by, and give God no more than your flesh can spare; that have not denied your carnal selves, and forsaken all that you have for Christ, in the estimation and grounded resolution of your souls, but have some one thing in the world so dear to you, that you cannot spare it for Christ, if he require it, but will rather venture on his displeasure than forsake it; *Turn ye, Turn ye; why will you die?*

If you never heard it, or observed it before, Remember that you were told from the Word of God this day, that if you will but Turn, you may Live; and if you will not Turn, you shall surely die.

What now will you do, Sirs? What is your resolution? Will you Turn, or will you not? Halt not any longer be-

tween two opinions: If the Lord be God, follow him: if your flesh be God, then serve it still. If Heaven be better than earth and fleshly pleasures, come away then and seek a better Countrey, and lay up your Treasure where rust and moths do not corrupt, and thieves cannot break through and steal, and be awakened at last with all your might to seek the Kingdom that cannot be moved, *Heb. 12.28.* and to employ your lives on an higher design, and turn the stream of your cares and labours another way than formerly you have done. But if Earth be better than Heaven, or will do more for you, or last you longer; then keep it, and make your best of it, and follow it still. Sirs, are you resolved what to do? if you be not, I will set a few more moving Considerations before you, to see if reason will make you resolve.

Consider first, *What preparations Mercy hath made for your salvation:* and what pity it is that any man should be damned after all this. The
time

time was when the flaming sword was in the way, and the curse of Gods Law would have kept thee back, if thou hadst been never so willing to turn to God: The time was when thy self and all the friends that thou hast in the world, could never have produced thee the pardon of thy sins past, though thou hadst never so much lamented and reformed them. But Christ hath removed this impediment by the ransom of his blood. The time was that God was wholly unreconciled, as being not satisfied for the violation of his Law: But now he is so far satisfied and reconciled, as that he hath made thee a free Act of Oblivion, and a free deed of Gift of Christ and Life, and offereth it to thee, and intreateth thee to accept it, and it may be thine if thou wilt. For, *he was in Christ reconciling the World to himself, and hath committed to us the Word of actual reconciliation, 2 Cor. 5. 18, 19.* Sinners, we are commanded to do this Message to you all, as from the Lord, [Come

for all things are ready, Luke 14. 17.]
 Are all things ready, and are you unready? God is ready to entertain you, and pardon all that you have done against him, if you will but come. As long as you have sinned, as wilfully as you have sinned, as vainously as you have sinned, he is ready to cast all behind his back, if you will but come. Though you have been Prodigals, and run away from God, and have staid so long, he is ready even to meet you, and embrace you in his Arms, and rejoyce in your Conversion, if you will but Turn. Even the earthly worldling, and swinish drunkard, may find God ready to bid them welcome, if they will but come. Doth not this turn thy heart within thee? O sinner, if thou have an heart of flesh, and not of stone in thee, methinks this should melt it. Shall the dreadful infinite Majesty of Heaven even wait for thy returning and be ready to receive thee, who hast abus'd him, and forgotten him so long? Shall he delight in thy Conversion, that

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might at any time glorifie his Justice in thy damnation, and yet doth it not melt thy heart within thee, and art thou not yet ready to come in? Hast thou not as much reason to be ready to come, as God hath to invite thee, and bid thee welcome?

But that's not all; *Christ* hath done his part on the *Cross*, and made such way for thee to the Father, that on *his* account thou maist be welcome if thou wilt come. And yet art thou not ready?

A *Pardon* is ready expressly granted and offered thee in the *Gospel*. And yet art thou not ready?

The *Ministers* of the *Gospel* are Ready to assist thee, to instruct thee, and pronounce the absolving words of peace to thy soul; they are ready to pray for thee and to seal up thy pardon by the administration of the holy *Sacrament*: and yet art thou not ready?

All that fear God about thee, are ready to rejoyce in thy *Conversion*, and to receive thee into the *Communion* of *Saints*, and to give thee the

right hand of fellowship, yea though thou hadst been one that had been cast out of their society: they dare not but forgive where God forgiveth, when it is manifest to them by thy confession and amendment: they dare not so much as hit thee in the teeth with thy former sins, because they know that God will not upbraid thee with them. If thou hadst been never so scandalous, if thou wouldst but heartily be Converted and come in, they would not refuse thee; let the world say what they would against it. And are *all these ready* to receive thee, and yet art thou *not ready to come in?*

Yea, *Heaven* it self is ready: the Lord will receive thee into the glory of his Saints; as vile a beast as thou hast been, if thou wilt but be cleansed, thou maist have a place before his Throne: his *Angels* will be ready to guard thy soul to the place of joy, if thou do but unfeignedly come in. And is *God Ready, the Sacrifice of Christ Ready, the Promise Ready, and Pardon Ready?*

Ready? are Ministers ready, and the People of God ready, and Heaven it self Ready, and Angels Ready, and all these but waiting for thy Conversion; and yet art thou not Ready? What not Ready to live, when thou hast been dead so long? no: ready to come to thy right understanding, (as the Prodigal is said to come to himself, Luke 15. 17.) when thou hast been besides thy self so long? Not ready to be saved, when thou art even ready to be condemned? Art thou not ready to lay hold on Christ that would deliver thee, when thou art even ready to drown and sink into damnation? Art thou not ready to be saved from Hell, when thou art even ready to be cast remedilessly into it? Alas man! dost thou know what thou dost? if thou die unconverted, there is no doubt to be made of thy damnation: and thou art not sure to live an hour: and yet art thou not ready to turn and to come in? O miserable wretch! hast thou not served the Flesh and the Devil long enough?

enough? Yet hast thou not enough of sin? Is it so good to thee? or so profitable for thee? Dost thou know what it is, that thou wouldst yet have *more* of it? Hast thou had so many *Calls*, and so many *mercies*, and so many *blows*, and so many *examples*? Hast thou seen so many laid in the grave, and yet art thou not ready to let go thy sins and come to Christ? What! after so many convictions, and gripes of Conscience, after so many purposes and promises, art thou not yet ready to turn and live? Oh that thy eyes, thy heart were opened to know how fair an Offer is now made to thee! and what a joyful message it is that we are sent on, to bid thee Come, for all things are ready.

2. Consider also what *Calls* thou hast to *Turn* and *Live*. How many, how *loud*, how *earnest*, how *dreadful*, and yet what encouraging joyfull *Calls*?

For the principal Inviter, it is God himself. He that commandeth Heaven and Earth, commandeth thee to Turn; and

and presently without delay to Turn : he commands the Sun to run its course and to rise upon thee every morning ; and though it be so glorious a creature, and many times bigger than all the Earth, yet it obeyeth him, and faileth not one minute of its appointed time. He commandeth all the Planets and the Orbs of Heaven, and they obey ; He commandeth the Sea to ebb and flow, and the whole Creation to keep its course, and all obey him : The Angels of Heaven obey his Will, when he sends them to Minister to such silly worms as we on earth, *Heb. 1. 14.* And yet if he command but a sinner to *turn*, he will not obey him : He only thinks himself wiser than God, and He cavils and pleads the cause of sin, and will not away. If the Lord Almighty say the word, the Heavens and all therein obey him : but if he call but a drunkard out of an Ale-house, he will not obey : or if he call a worldly fleshly sinner to deny himself, and mortifie the flesh, and set his heart on a better Inheritance

heritance, he will not obey.

If thou hadst any love in thee, thou wouldst know the voice, and say, *Oh this is my Fathers Call! how can I find in my heart to disobey?* For the sheep of Christ do know and hear his voice, and they follow him, and he giveth them eternal Life, *John 10. 4.* If thou hadst any spiritual Life and Sense in thee, at least thou wouldst say, *This Call is the dreadful voice of God, and who dare disobey?* For saith the Prophet, *Amos 3. 8.* *The Lion hath roared, who will not fear?* God is not as man, that thou shouldst dally and play with him: Remember what he said to Paul at his Conversion, [*It is hard for thee to kick against the pricks, Acts 9. 5.*] Wilt thou yet go on and despise his Word, and resist his Spirit, and stop thine ear against his Call? Who is it that will have the worst of this? Dost thou know whom thou disobeyest and contendest with, and what thou art doing? It were a far wiser and easier task for thee to contend with the Thorns,

and

and spurn them with thy bare feet, and beat them with thy bare hands, or put thy head into the burning fire. Be not deceived, God will not be mocked, Gal. 6. 7. Whoever else be mocked, God will not: you had better play with the fire in your thatch, than with the fire of his burning wrath. For our God is a consuming fire, Heb. 12. 29. O how unmeet a match art thou for God! It is a fearful thing to fall into his hands, Heb. 10. 31. and therefore it is a fearful thing to contend with him or resist him. As you love your souls, take heed what you do. What will you say, if he begin in wrath to plead with you? What will you do, if he take you once in hand? Will you then strive against his Judgement, as now ye do against his grace? saith the Lord, Isa. 27. 4, 6. *Fury is not in me: (that is, I delight not to destroy you: I do it as it were unwillingly: but yet) who would set the Bryars and Thorns against me in battle? I would go through them; I would burn them together. Or let him*

take

take hold of my strength, that he may make peace with me, and he shall make peace with me] Its an unequal combat for the briers and stubble to make war with the fire.

And thus you see, *Who it is that calleth you*, that should move you to hear his Call and Turn: so consider also, *By what instruments, and how often, and how earnestly he doth it.*

1. Every Leaf of the blessed Book of God hath as it were a Voice, and calls out unto thee, *Turn and Live; Turn or thou wilt die:* How canst thou open it, and read a Leaf, or hear a Chapter, and not perceive God bids thee *Turn?*

2. It is the Voice of every Sermon that thou hearest: For what else is the scope and drift of all, but to call and perswade, and intreat thee for to *turn?*

3. It is the Voice of many a *motion* of the Spirit, that secretly speaks over these words again, and urgeth thee to *Turn.*

4. It is likely sometime it is the Voice of thy own Conscience. Art thou not some-

Sometimes convinced that all is not well with thee? and doth not Conscience tell thee that thou *must* be a new man, and take a new course, and often call upon thee to *Return*?

5. It is the voice of the gracious examples of the *Godly*. When thou seest them live an heavenly life, and fly from the sin which is thy delight, this really Calls on thee to *Turn*.

6. It is the voice of all the *Works* of God. For they also are Gods Books, that teach thee this lesson, by shewing thee his Greatness, and Wisdom, and Goodness, and calling thee to observe them, and admire the Creator, *Psal.* 19. 1, 2. *The Heavens declare the glory of God, and the Firmament sheweth his handy work; Day unto Day uttereth Speech, Night unto Night sheweth Knowledge.* Every time the Sun rise h up- on thee, it really calleth thee to *Turn*: as if it should say, [*What do I travel and compass the World for, but to declare to men the glory of their Maker, and to light them to do his work? And do I still*
find

find thee doing the work of sin, and sleeping out thy life in negligence? Awake thou that sleepest, and arise from the Dead, and Christ shall give thee Light, Ephes. 5. 14. The night is spent, the day is at hand: it is now high time to awake out of sleep: Let us therefore cast off the works of Darkness, and let us put on the Armour of Light. Let us walk honestly as in the day, not in rioting and drunkenness, not in chambering and wantonness, not in strife and envying; but put ye on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make no provision for the Flesh, to fulfill the lusts thereof, Rom. 13. 11, 12, 13, 14. (This Text was the means of Austins Conversion)

7. It is the voice of every Mercy thou dost possess. If thou couldst but hear and understand them, they all cry out unto thee, Turn. Why doth the Earth bear thee, but to seek and serve the Lord? Why doth it afford thee its fruits, but to serve him? Why doth the Air afford thee breath, but to serve him? Why do all the creatures serve thee
with

with their labours and their lives, but that thou mightest serve the Lord of them and thee? Why doth he give thee time, and health, and strength, but for to serve him? Why hast thou meat, and drink, and cloaths, but for his service? Hast thou any thing which thou hast not received? And if thou didst receive them; its reason thou shouldst bethink thee, *from whom*, and *to what end* and use thou didst receive them. Didst thou never cry to him for help in thy distress? and didst thou not then understand that it was thy part to Turn and serve him if he would deliver thee? He hath done his part, and spared thee yet longer, and tryed thee another and another year: and yet dost thou not Turn? You know the Parable of the unfruitful fig-tree, *Luke 13. 6, 7, 8, 9.* When the Lord had said, *Cut it down, why cumbereth it the ground?* he was intreated to trie it one year longer, and then if it proved not fruitful, to cut it down. Christ himself there makes the Application twice over,

over, ver. 3. & 5. [*Except y Repent, ye shall all likewise perish.*] How many years hath God looked for the fruits of love and holiness from thee, and hath found none? and yet he hath spared thee. How many a time by thy wilful ignorance; and carelesness, and disobedience hast thou provoked Justice to say, *Cut him down, why cumbereth he the ground?* And yet Mercy hath prevailed, and Patience hath forborn the killing damning blow to this day. If thou hadst the understanding of a man within thee, thou wouldst know that all this calleth thee to Turn. Dost thou think thou shalt still escape the Judgement of God? Or despisest thou the riches of his goodness, and forbearance, and long-suffering, not knowing that the goodness of God leadeth thee to repentance? but after thy hardness and impenitent heart, treasurest up unto thy self, wrath against the day of wrath, and revelation of the righteous Judgement of God; who will render to every man according to his deeds! Rom. 2. 3, 4, 5, 6. 8. More-

8. Moreover, it is the voice of every affliction to call thee to *make haste and Turn*. Sickness and pain cry *Turn*: and poverty, and loss of friends, and every twig of the chastising rod, cry *Turn*; and yet wilt thou not hearken to the Call? These have come near thee, and made thee *feel*; they have made thee *groan*, and can they not make thee *Turn*?

9. The very frame of thy *Nature* and *Being* it self, bespeaketh thy *Return*. Why hast thou *Reason*, but to *Rule* thy *flesh*, and serve thy *Lord*? Why hast thou an understanding soul, but to learn and know his will and do it? Why hast thou an heart within thee, that can love, and fear, and desire, but that thou shouldst fear him, and love him, and desire after him?

10. Yea thine own engagements by promise to the Lord, do call upon thee to *Turn* and serve him. Thou hast bound thy self to him by a *Baptismal Covenant*, and renounced the world, the flesh, and the Devil: this thou
 hast

hast confirmed by the profession of Christianity, and renewed it at Sacraments, and in times of affliction: And wilt thou promise and vow, and never perform; and Turn to God?

Lay all these together now, and see what should be the issue. The holy *Scripture* calls upon thee to Turn: the *Ministers* of Christ do call upon thee to Turn: The *Spirit* cries Turn: thy *Conscience* cries Turn: The *godly* by persuasions and examples cry Turn: the whole *world* and all the creatures therein that are presented to thy consideration cry Turn: The patient *forbearance* of God cries Turn; All the *Mercies* which thou receivest cry Turn: the Rod of Gods *Chastisement* cries Turn: Thy *Reason* and the frame of thy Nature bespeaks thy Turning; and so do all thy *Promises* to God; and yet art thou not resolved to Turn?

3. Moreover, poor hard-hearted sinner! Didst thou ever consider upon what terms thou standest all this while with him that calleth on thee for to Turn?

Turn? Thou art his own, and owest him thy self and all thou hast; and may he not *Command* his own? Thou art his absolute servant, and shouldst serve no other Master. Thou standest at his *Mercy*, and thy life is in his hand: and he is resolved to save thee upon no other terms: thou hast many malicious spiritual enemies, that would be glad if God would but forsake thee and let them alone with thee, and leave thee to their will: how quickly would they deal with thee in another manner? And thou canst not be delivered from them, but by Turning unto God: Thou art fallen under his wrath by thy sin already: and thou knowest not how long his patience will yet wait. Perhaps this is the last year; perhaps the last day: his sword is even at thy heart, while the word is in thine ear; and if thou Turn not, thou art a dead and undone man. Were thy eyes but open to see where thou standest, even upon the brink of Hell, and to see how many thousands are there already

already that did not turn, thou wouldst see that it's time to look about thee.

Well Sirs, Look inwards now, and tell me, how are your hearts affected with these offers of the Lord? You hear what is his mind; he *delighteth* not in your *death*: he calls to you, *Turn Turn*: it's a fearfull sign, if all this move thee not, or if it do but half move thee; and much more if it make thee more careless in thy misery, because thou hearest of the mercifulness of God. The working of the medicine will partly tell us whether there be any hope of the Cure. O what glad tidings would it be to those that are now in Hell, if they had but such a Message from God! What a joyfull word would it be to hear this [*Turn and Live*:] Yea what a welcome word would it be to thy self, when thou hast felt that wrath of God but an hour! Or, if after a thousand, or ten thousand years torment, thou couldst but hear such a word from GOD, [*Turn and Live*] and yet wilt thou
 now

now neglect it, and suffer us to return without our errand?

Behold sinners, we are sent here as the Messengers of the Lord, to set before you Life and Death: What say you? which of them will you choose? Christ standeth as it were by thee, with Heaven in one hand, and Hell in the other, and offereth thee thy choice: which wilt thou choose? *The voice of the Lord maketh the Rocks to tremble, Psalm 26.* and is it nothing to hear him threaten thee, if thou wilt not Turn? Dost thou not understand and feel this Voice, *Turn ye, Turn ye, Why will ye die?*] Why it is the voice of Love, or infinite Love, of thy best and kindest Friend, as thou mightest easily perceive by the motion; and yet canst thou neglect it? It is the Voice of pity and compassion. The Lord seeth whether thou art going better than thou dost, which makes him call after thee, *Turn, Turn*: He seeth what will become of thee, if thou turn not: He thinketh with himself,

As this poor sinner will cast himself into endless torments, if he do not Turn: I must in Justice deal with him according to my righteous Law; and therefore he calleth after thee, Turn, turn, O sinner! If you did but know the thousandth part as well as God doth, the danger that is near you, and the misery that you are running into, we should have no more need to call after you to Turn.

Moreover, this voice that calleth to thee, is the same that hath prevailed with thousands already, and called all to heaven that are now there: And they would not now for a thousand Worlds that they had made light of it, and not turned to God. *Now* what are they possessing, that Turned at Gods Call? *Now* they perceive that it was indeed the voice of Love that meant them no more harm then their salvation. And if thou wilt obey the same Call, thou shalt come to the same happiness. There be millions that must for ever lament that they Turned not, but

but there's never a soul in Heaven that is sorry that they were Converted.

Weil Sirs, are you yet resolved, or are you not? Do I need to say any more to you, What will you do? Will you Turn or not? Speak man in thy heart to God, though thou speak not out to me: Speak, lest he take thy silence for a denial. Speak quickly, lest he never make thee the like offer more. Speak *resolvedly*, and not *waveringly*; for he will have no *Indifferents* to be his followers. Say in thy heart now without any more delay, even before thou stir hence, [*By the Grace of God, I am resolved presently to turn. And because I know my own insufficiency, I am resolved to wait on God for his Grace; and to follow him in his wayes, and forsake my former courses and companions, and give up my self to the guidance of the Lord.*]

Sirs, you are not shut up in the darkness of Heathenism, nor in the desperation of the damned; Life is before you: and you may have it on rea-

sonable terms if you will; yea on free-cost if you will accept it. The way of God lieth plain before you; the Church is open to you; the company of the Godly is open to you; you may have Christ, and pardon, and holiness, if you will. What say you? Will you, or will you not? If you say nay, or say nothing, and still go on, God is witness, and this Congregation is witness, and your own Consciences are witnessess how fair an offer you had this day. Remember you might have had Christ, and would not. Remember, when you have lost it, that you might have had Eternal Life as well as others, and would not: and all because you would not Turn.

But let us come to the next Doctrine, and hear your Reasons.

Doct. 6. **T**HE Lord condescendeth to reason the Case with Unconverted sinners, and to ask them why they will die?

A strange Disputation it is, both as
to

to the Controversie; and as to the Disputants: 1. The Controversie or Question propounded to dispute of, is, *Why wicked men will damn themselves? Or, Why they will rather die than Turn? Whether they have any sufficient reason for so doing?*

2. The Disputants are *God and man: the most Holy God, and wicked Unconverted sinners.*

Is it not a strange Thing which God doth seem here to suppose *that any man should be willing to die, and be damned? Yea that this should be the case of all the wicked; that is of the greatest part of the world!* but you will say, *This cannot be; for Nature desireth the preservation and felicity of it self; and the wicked are more selfish than others, and not less; and therefore how can any man be willing to be damned?*

To which I Answer, 1. It is a certain Truth, that no man can be willing of any evil as evil, but only as it hath some appearance of good; much less

can any man be willing to be eternally tormented. Misery, as such, is desired by none. 2. But yet for all that, it is most true, which God here teacheth us, that the cause why the wicked die and are damned, is because *they will die and be damned.* And this is true in several respects.

1. Because they will go the way that leads to Hell; though they are told by God and Man whither it goes, and where it ends: and though God hath so often professed in his Word, that if they hold on in that way, they shall be condemned: and that they shall not be saved unless they Turn, *Isa. 48. 22. and 57. 21.* [*There is no peace (saith the Lord) unto the wicked; Isa. 59. 8. The way of Peace they know not; there is no Judgement in their goings; They have made them crooked paths: Whosoever goeth therein, shall know ^{no} Peace.*] They have the Word and the Oath of the living GOD for it, that if they will not Turn, they shall not enter into his Rest. And yet, wicked they are, and
wicked

wicked they will be, let God and man say what they will; Fleshly they are, and fleshly they will be: Worldlings they are, and worldlings they will be: though God hath told them that *the Love of the world is enmity to God*, and that *if any man love the world* (in that measure) *the Love of the Father is not in him*, Jam. 4. 4. 1 Joh. 2. 15. so that *consequently* these men are willing to be damned, though not directly: they are willing of the way to Hell, and love the certain cause of their Torment: though they be not willing of Hell it self, and do not love the pain which they must endure.

Is not this the Truth of your case Sirs? You would not burn in Hell, But you will kindle the fire by your sin, and cast your selves into it; you would not be tormented with Devils for ever; but you will do that which will certainly procure it, in despite of all that can be said against it. It is just as if you would say, *I will drink this Rassebane, or other payson: But yet I will not*

die. I will cast my self headlong from the top of a Steeple, but yet I will not kill my self: I will thrust this knife into my heart, but yet I will not take away my life. I will put this fire into the thatch of my house, but yet I will not burn it. Just so it is with wicked men; they will be wicked, and they will live after the flesh and the world, and yet they would not be damned. But do you not know that the means do lead unto the end? and that God hath by his righteous Law concluded that ye must repent or perish? He that will take poyson, may as well say plainly, *I will kill my self*; for it will prove no better in the end: Though perhaps he loved it for the sweetness of the Sugar that was mixt with it, and would not be perswaded that it was poyson, but that he might take it and do well enough; But it is not his conceits, and confidence that will save his Life. So if you will be Drunkards, or Fornicators, or Worldlings, or live after the flesh, you may as well say plainly, *we will be damned*:

verted, but think it more ado than needs, you may as well say plainly, you will be damned. For if you have found out a way to be saved without Conversion, you have done that which never was done before.

3. Yea, this is not all, but the *wicked are unwilling even of salvation it self*. Though they may desire somewhat which they call by the name of *Heaven*, yet *Heaven it self*, considered in the true nature of the felicity, they desire not; Yea their hearts are quite against it. Heaven is a state of perfect holiness, and of continual Love and Praise to God, and the wicked have no heart to this. The imperfect Love and Praise, and holiness which is here to be attained, they have no mind of: much less of that which is so much greater: The joyes of Heaven are of so pure and spiritual a nature, that the heart of the wicked cannot truly desire them.

So that by this time you may see on what ground it is that God supposeth that the wicked are willing of their
own

own destruction: They will not turn, though they must Turn or Die; they will rather venture on certain misery, than be converted; and then to quiet themselves in their sin, they will make themselves believe that they shall nevertheless escape.

2. And as this *Controversie* is matter of wonder (that ever men should be such enemies to themselves, as wilfully to cast away their souls) so are the *Disputants* too. That God should stoop so low, as thus to plead the case with man; and that man should be so strangely blind and obstinate, as to need all this in so plain a case, yea and to resist all this, when their own salvation lieth upon the issue.

No wonder if they will not hear us that are men, when they will not hear the Lord himself: as God saith, Ezek. 3. 7. when he sent the Prophet to the Israelites, [*The house of Israel will not hearken unto thee: For they will not hearken unto me: For all the house of Israel are impudent and hard-hearted.*]

No wonder if they can plead against a Minister, or a god'y neighbour: when they will plead against the Lord himself, even against the plainest passages of his Word, and think that they have Reason on their side: When they weary the Lord with their words, they say, *Wherein have we wearied him?* Mal. 2.

17. The Priests that despised his Name, durst ask, *Wherein have we despised thy Name?* And when they polluted his Altar, and made the Table of the Lord contemptible, they durst say, *Wherein have we polluted thee?* Mal. 1. 6, 7.

But, [*Who unto him (saith the Lord) that striveth with his Maker! Let the Potsheards strive with the Potsheards of the Earth; Shall the Clay say to him that fashioneth it; What makest thou?*] Isa. 45. 9.

Quest. But why is it that God will Reason the Cause with man?

Ans^r. 1. Because that man being a reasonable Creature, is accordingly to be dealt with, and by reason to be perswaded and overcome. God hath there-

therefore endowed them with reason, that they might use it for him. One would think a reasonable Creature should not go against the clearest and greatest reason in the world, when it is set before him.

2. At least, men shall see that God did require nothing of them that was unreasonable; but that what ever he commandeth them, and what ever he forbiddeth them, he hath all the right reason in the world on his side; and they have good reason to obey him, but none to disobey. And thus even the damned shall be forced to justifie God, and confess that it was but reason that they should have turned to him, and they shall be forced to condemn themselves, and confess that they had little reason to cast away themselves by the neglecting of his Grace in the day of their Visitation.

Use.

Look up your best and strongest Reasons, sinners, if you will make good your way: You see now with whom you have to deal. What saist thou, Unconverted sensual wretch? Darest thou venture upon a dispute with God? Art thou able to confute him? Art thou ready to enter the lists? God asketh thee, Why wilt thou die? Art thou furnished with a sufficient answer? Wilt thou undertake to prove that God is mistaken, and that thou art in the right? O what an undertaking is that! Why, either he or you is mistaken, when he is for your Conversion, and you are against it; He calls upon you to Turn, and you will not; He bids you do it presently, even to day, while it is called to day, and you delay, and think it time enough hereafter. He saith it must be a total change, and you must be holy, and new creatures, and born again; and you think that less may serve the turn,
and

and that its enough to patch up the o'd man, without becoming new. Who is in the right now? God or you? God calleth on you to Turn and to Live an holy Life, and you will not, by your dissolident Lives, it appears you will not. If you will, why do you not? Why have you not done it all this while? and why do you not fall upon it yet? Your wills have the command of your Lives. We may certainly conclude that you are unwilling to turn, when you do not Turn. And why will you not? Can you give any Reason for it that is worthy to be called a Reason?

I that am but a worm, your fellow-creature, of a shallow capacity, dare challenge the wisest of you all, to reason the case with *me*, while I plead my Makers cause: and I need not be discouraged, when I know I plead but the cause that *God* pleadeth, and contend for *him* that will have the best at last. Had I but these two General Grounds against you, I am sure that you have no good Reason on your side.

1. I am sure it can be no good reason, which is against the God of Truth and reason. It cannot be Light that is contrary to the Sun. There is no Knowledge in any Creature, but what it had from God; and therefore none can be wiser than God. It were damnable presumption for the highest Angel to compare with his Creator: What is it then for a lump of dirt, an ignorant sot, that knoweth not himself, nor his own Soul, that knoweth but little of the things which he seeth, yet that is more Ignorant than many of his neighbours, to set himself against the wisdom of the Lord? It is one of the fullest discoveries of the horrible wickedness of Carnal men, and the stark madness of such as sin, that so silly a mole dare contradict his Maker, and call in question the Word of God, Yea that those people in your Parishes, that are so beastly ignorant, that they cannot give us a reasonable Answer concerning the very Principles of Religion, are yet so wise in their
own

own conceit, that they dare question the plainest Truths of God, yea contradict them and cavil against them, when they can scarce speak sense, and will believe them no further than agreeth with their foolish wisdom.

2. And as I know that God must needs be in the right, so I know the *Case* is so palpable and gross which he pleaderh against, that no man can have reason for it. Is it possible that a man can have any Reason to break his Masters Laws? and reason to dishonour the Lord of Glory? and reason to abuse the Lord that bought him? Is it possible that a man can have any good reason to damn his own Immortal soul? Mark the Lords question [*Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?*] Is eternal death a thing to be desired. Are you in Love with hell? What reason have you, wilfully to perish? If you think you have some reason to *sin*, should you not remember that *Death is the wages of sin?* Rom. 6. 23. and think whether you have any reason to
undo

undo your selves body and soul for ever. You should not only ask whether you love the Adder, but whether you love the sting? It is such a thing for a man to cast away his everlasting happiness, and to sin against God, that no good reason can be given for it: but the more any one pleads for it, the madder he sheweth himself to be. Had you a Lordship or a Kingdom offered you for every sin that you commit, it were not reason, but madness to accept it. Could you by every sin obtain the highest thing on Earth that flesh desireth, it were of no considerable value to perswade you in reason to commit it. If it were to please your greatest or dearest friends, or to obey the greatest Prince on earth, or to save your lives, or to escape the greatest earthly Misery, all these are of no consideration, to draw a man in reason to the committing of one sin. If it were a right hand, or a right eye that would hinder your salvation, it is the gainfullest way to cast it away, rather than to

go to Hell to save it. For there is no saving a part, when you lose the whole. So exceeding great are the matters of Eternity, that nothing in this world deserveth once to be named in comparison with them: nor can any earthly thing, though it were life, or Crowns; or Kingdoms; be a reasonable excuse for the neglect of matters of such high and Everlasting Consequence. A man can have no reason to cross his ultimate End. Heaven is such a thing, that if you lose it, nothing can supply the want, or make up your loss: and Hell is such a thing, that if you suffer it, nothing can remove your misery, or give you ease and comfort. And therefore nothing can be a valuable consideration to excuse you for neglecting your own Salvation: For, saith our Saviour, *What shall it profit a man to win all the World, and lose his own Soul?* Mark 8. 36.

Oh Sins, that you did but know what matters they are that we are now speaking to you of! The Saints in Heaven

ven have other kind of thoughts of these things. If the Devil could come to them that live in the sight and love of God, and should offer them a Cup of Ale, or a Whore, or merry company, or sports to tice them away from God and Glory; I pray you tell me, How do you think they would entertain the motion? Nay, or if he should offer them to be Kings on the Earth; Do you think this would tice them down from Heaven! O with what hatred and holy scorn would they disdain and reject the motion! And why should not you do so, that have Heaven opened to your faith, if you had but faith to see it? There's never a soul in Hell but knows by this time, that it was a mad exchange to let go Heaven for fleshly pleasure; and that it is not a little mirth, or pleasure, or worldly riches, or honour, or the good Will or Word of men, that will quench Hell-fire, or make him a savor that loseth his soul. O if you had heard what I believe, if you had seen what I believe,
and

and that on the credit of the Word of God, you would say there can be no reason to warrant a man to damn his soul : you durst not sleep quietly another night, before you had resolved to Turn and Live.

If you see a man put his hand into the fire till it burn off, you'l marvel at it ; but this is a thing that a man may have Reason for ; as Bishop *Cranmer* had when he burnt off his hand for subscribing to Popery. If you see a man cut off a Leg or an Arm, its a sad sight ; but this is a thing that a Man may have good reason for : as many a man doth, to save his Life. If you see a man give his body to be burnt to Ashes, and to be tormented with strapadoes and racks, and refuse deliverance when it is offered ; this is an hard case to flesh and blood. But this a man may have good reason for ; as you may see in *Heb. 11. 33, 34, 35, 36.* and as many an hundred Martyrs have done. But for a man to forsake the Lord that made him, and for a man to run into
the

the fire of Hell, when he is *told* of it, and intreated to Turn that he may be saved; this is a thing that can have *no Reason* in the world that is *Reason indeed*, to justify or excuse it. For, *Heaven* will pay for the loss of any thing that we can lose to get it, or for any labour which we bestow for it. But nothing can pay for the loss of Heaven.

I beseech you now—let this word come nearer to your hearts. As you are convinced that you have no Reason to destroy your selves, so tell me what Reason have you to refuse to Turn, and live to God. What Reason hath the veriest worldling or drunkard, or ignorant careless sinner of you all, why you should not be as holy as any you know, and be as careful for your souls as any other? Will not Hell be as hot to you as to others? Should not your *own* souls be as *dear* to you as *theirs* to them? Hath not God as much *authority* over you? Why then will you not become a sanctified people as well as they?

O Sirs, when God bringeth the matter down to the very Principles of nature, and shews you that you have no more reason to be ungodly, than you have to damn your own souls: if yet you will not understand and Turn, it seems a desperate case that you are in.

And now either you *have* Reason for what you do, or you *have not*. If *not*; will you go on against Reason itself? will you do that which you have *no Reason* for? But if you think you have, produce them, and make the best of your matter. Reason the case a little with me your fellow-creature, which is far easier than to reason the case with God. Tell me man here before the Lord, as if thou wert to die this hour, Why shouldst thou not resolve to Turn this day, before thou stir from the place thou standest in? What Reason hast thou to deny, or to delay? Hast thou any Reason that satisfieth thine *own* Conscience for it? Or any that thou darest own and plead at the bar of God? If thou hast, let us hear them

them; bring them forth, and make them good. But alas, what poor stuff, what non-sense instead of reason do we daily hear from ungodly men? But for their necessity I should be ashamed to name them.

1. One saith, *If none shall be saved but such Converted and Sanctified ones as you talk of, then Heaven would be but empty, then God help a great many.*

Ans^w. What! It seems you think that God doth not know, or else that he is not to be believed! Measure not all by your selves; God hath thousands and millions of his Sanctified ones: but yet they are few in comparison of the World, as Christ himself hath told us, *Matth. 7. 13, 14. Luke 12. 32.* It better becoms you to make that Use of this Truth which Christ teacheth you; *Strive to enter in at the strait Gate; for strait is the Gate, and narrow is the way that leadeth unto Life, and few there be that find it; but wide is the Gate, and broad is the way that leadeth to destruction, and many they be that go*
in

in thereat.] Luke 13. 22, 23, 24.
 [Fear not little Flock (saith Christ to his sanctified ones) for it is your Fathers good pleasure to give you the Kingdom.] Luke 12. 32.

Object. 2. I am sure, if such as I go to Hell, we shall have store of company.

Ans^w. And will that be any ease or comfort to you? Or do you think you may not have company enough in Heaven? Will you be undone for company? Or will you not believe that God will execute his threatnings, because there be so many that are guilty? All these are silly unreasonable Conceits.

Object. 3. But are not all men sinners, even the best of you all?

Ans^w. But all are not Unconverted sinners. The godly live not in gross sins, and their very infirmities are their grief and burden which they daily long, and pray, and strive to be rid of. Sin hath not dominion over them.

Object. 4. I do not see that Professors are any better than other men; They will

over-reach, and oppress, and are as Covetous as any.

Ans^w. Whatever hypocrites are, its not so with those that are sanctified. God hath thousands and ten thousands that are otherwise: Though the malicious world doth accuse them of what they can never prove, and of that which never entred into their hearts. And commonly they charge them with heart-sins, which none can see but God; because they can charge them with no such wickedness in their lives, as they are guilty of themselves.

Obj. 5. But I am no whoremonger, nor drunkard, nor oppressor, and therefore why should you call upon me to be Converted?

Ans^w. As if you were not born after the flesh, and had not lived after the flesh as well as others! Is it not as great a sin as any of these; for a man to have an earthly mind, and to love the world above God, and to have an unbelieving unhumbed heart? Nay let me tell you more, that many persons

sons that avoid disgraceful sins, are as fast glued to the world, and as much slaves to the flesh, and as strange to God, and averse to Heaven in their more civil course, as others are in their more shameful notorious sins.

Object. 6. But I mean nobody any harm, nor do no harm: and why then should God condemn me?

Ans. Is it no harm to neglect the Lord that made thee, and the work for which thou camest into the world, and to prefer the creature before the Creator, and to neglect the grace that is daily offered thee? It is the depth of thy sinfulness to be so insensible of it. The dead feel not that they are dead. If once thou wert made alive, thou wouldst see more amiss in thy self, and marvel at thy self for making so light of it.

Object. 7. I think you would make men mad under pretence of Converting them: It is enough to rack the brains of sinful people, to muse so much on matters too high for them.

Answ. 1. Can you be madder than you are already? or at least can there be a more dangerous madness, than to neglect your everlasting welfare, and wilfully undo your selves? 2. A man is never well in his wits till he be Converted; He never knows GOD, nor knows sin, nor knows Christ, nor knows the world, nor himself, nor what his business is on Earth, so as to set himself about it, till he be converted. The Scripture saith that the wicked are *unreasonable men*, *2 Thes. 3. 2.* and that the wisdom of the world is *foolishness with God*, *1 Cor. 1. 20.* And Luke 15. v. 17. its said of the Prodigal, that when he came to himself, he resolved to Return. It is a wise world when men will disobey God, and run to Hell for fear of being out of their wits.

2. What is there in the work that Christ calls you to, that should drive a man out of his wits? Is it the Loving of God, and calling upon him, and comfortable thinking of the glory to come, and the forsaking of our sins,
and

and loving one another, and delighting our selves in the service of God? Are these such things as should make men mad?

3. And whereas you say that these matters are too high for us, you accuse God himself for making this our work, and giving us his Word, and commanding all that will be blessed to *meditate in it day and night*. Are the matters which we are *made for* and which we *live for*, too high for us to meddle with? This is plainly to unman us, and to make beasts of us, as if we were like them that must meddle with no higher matters than what belongs to flesh and earth. If Heaven be too high for you to think on and provide for, it will be too high for you ever to possess.

4. If God *should* sometimes suffer any weak-headed person to be distracted by thinking of Eternal things; this is because they misunderstand them, and run without a guide: and of the two, I had rather be in the case

of such an one, than of the mad unconverted world, that take their distraction to be their wisdom.

Object. 8. I do not think that God cares so much what men think or speak, or do; as to make so great a matter of it.

Answer. It seems then you take the word of God to be false, and then what will you believe? But your own reason might teach you better, if you believe not the Scriptures: For you see God set not so light by us, but that he vouchsafed to make us, and still preserveth us, and daily upholdeth us, and provideth for us: and will any wise man make a curious frame for nothing? Will you make or buy a Clock or Watch, and daily look to it, and not care whether it go true or false? Surely if you believe not a particular eye of Providence observing your hearts and lives, you cannot believe or expect any particular Providence to observe your wants and troubles, to relieve you. And if God had so little cared for you as you Imagine, you would never

never

never have lived till now: An hundred diseases would have striven which should first destroy you: Yea the Devils would have haunted you, and fetch you away alive, as the great fishes devour the less, and as ravenous Birds and Beasts devour others. You cannot think that God made man for no end or use: And if he made him for any, it was sure for Himself. And can you think he cares not whether his ends be accomplished, and whether we do the work that we are made for?

Yea, by this Atheistical Objection, you make God to have made and upheld *all the world* in vain. For what are all other lower Creatures for, but for man? What doth the Earth but bear us, and nourish us? and the Beasts do serve us with their labours and lives, and so of the rest. And hath God made so glorious an habitation, and set man to dwell in it, and made all his servants, and now doth he look for nothing at his hands? not care how he thinks, or speaks, or lives? This is most unreasonable.

Object. 9. *It was a better world when men did not make so much ado in Religion.*

Ans. It hath ever been the custom; to praise the times past. That world that you speak of, was wont to say, It was a better world in their fore-fathers dayes, and so did they of their fore-fathers: This is but an old custom; because we all feel the evil of our own times, but we see not that which was before us.

2. Perhaps you speak as you think: Worldlings think the World is at the best when it is agreeable to their minds: and when they have most mirth and worldly pleasure. And I doubt not but the Devil as well as you, would say, that then it *was a better world*: for then he had more service and less disturbance. But the World is at the best, when God is most loved, regarded and ob:yed. And how else will you know when the World is good or bad, but by this?

Object. 10. *There are so many wayes*

and
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and Religions that we know not which to be of, and therefore we will be even as we are.

Ans^w. Because there are many, will you be of that way that you may be sure is wrong. None are farther out of the way, than Worldly, Fleshly, Unconverted sinners. For they do not only err in this or that Opinion, as many Sects do, but in the very scope and drift of their lives. If you were going a Journey that your life lay on, would you stop or turn again, because you met with some cross wayes, or because you saw some travellers go the horse way, and some the foot way, and some perhaps break over the hedge, yea, and some miss the way? or would you not rather be the more careful to enquire the way? If you have some servants that know not how to do your work right, and some that are unfaithful, would you take it well at any of the rest that would therefore be idle and do you no service, because they see the rest so bad?

Object. 11. *I do not see that it goes any better with those that are so godly than with other men. They are as poor, and in as much trouble as others.*

Ans^w. And perhaps in much more, when God sees it meet. They take not earthly prosperity for their wages. They have laid up their Treasure and hopes in another World, or else they are not Christians indeed. The less they have, the more is behind; and they are content to wait till then.

Object. 12. *When you have said all that you can, I am resolved to hope well, and trust in God, and do as well as I can, and not make so much ado.*

Ans^w. 1. Is that *doing as well as you can*, when you will not Turn to God; but your heart is against his holy and diligent service? It is as well as you *will* indeed: but that's your misery.

2. My desire is, That you should Hope and Trust in God: But for what is it that you will Hope? Is it to be saved if you turn and be sanctified? For this you have Gods promise; and
therefore

therefore hope for it and spare not. But if you hope to be saved without Conversion and an holy Life, this is not to hope in God, but in Satan, or your selves. For God hath given you no such promise, but told you the contrary: but it's Satan and self-love that made you such promises, and raised you to such hopes.

Well, if these and such as these be all you have to say against Conversion and an holy Life, your *All is Nothing*, and worse than nothing: And if these and such as these seem Reasons sufficient to perswade you to forsake God, and cast your selves into hell, the Lord deliver you from such Reasons and from such blind understandings, and from such senseless hardened hearts: Dare you stand to ever an one of these Reasons at the Barr of God? Do you think it will then serve your turn to say, *Lord I did not Turn because I had so much to do in the world, or because I did not like the lives of some Professors; or because I saw men of so many minds.*

O how easily will the light of that day confound and shame such reasonings as these? Had you the World to look after? Let the World which you served now pay you your wages, and save you if it can. Had you not a better World to look after first? And were ye not commanded to seek first Gods Kingdom and Righteousness, and promised that other things should be added to you, Mat. 6. 33. And were ye not told, that godliness was profitable to all things, having the promise of this life, and of that which is to come? 1 Tim. 4. 8. Did the sins of Professors hinder you, you should rather have been the more heedful, and learned by their falls to beware, and have been the more careful, and not the more careless; It was the Scripture and not their lives, that was your Rule. Did the many opinions of the World hinder you? Why, the Scripture, that was your Rule, did teach you but one way, and that was the right way: If you had followed that, even in so much as was plain

plain and easie, you should never have miscarried. Will not such Answers as these confound and silence you? If these will not, G O D hath those that will: when he asketh the man, *Matt. 22. 12.* Friend, how camest thou in hither, not having on a wedding garment? that is, What dost thou in my Church among professed Christians, without an holy heart and life? What answer did he make? Why the Text saith, *He was speecchless*; he had nothing to say. The clearness of the case, and the Majesty of God, will then easily stop the mouths of the most confident of you, though you will not be put down by any thing that we can say to you now, but will make good your cause, be it never so bad. I know already that never a Reason that now you can give will do you any good at last, when your case must be opened before the Lord and all the world.

Nay, I scarce think that your own Consciences are well satisfied with your Reasons. For if they are, it seems then

then you have not so much as a *Purpose to Repent*. But if you do purpose to Repent, it seems you do not put much confidence in your Reasons which you bring against it.

What say you, yet Unconverted sinners? Have you any good Reason to give, why you should not Turn, and presently Turn with all your hearts? Or will you go to Hell in despite of Reason it self? -Bethink you what you do in time; for it will shortly be too late to bethink you. Can you find any fault with God, or his work, or wages? Is he a bad Master? Is the Devil whom you serve a better? or is the flesh a better? Is there any harm in an holy life? is a life of worldliness and ungodliness better? Do you think in your Consciences that it would do you any harm to be Converted and live an holy life? What harm *can* it do you? Is it *harm* to you to have the Spirit of Christ within you? and to have a cleansed purified heart? If it be bad to be holy, why doth God say, *Be ye holy,*

holy, for I am holy! 1 Pet. i. 15, 16. Lev. 20. 7. Is it evil to be like God? Is it not said, that God made man in his Image? Why this Holiness is his Image: This Adam lost, and this Christ by his Word and Spirit would restore to you, as he doth to all that he will save. Why were you Baptized into the Holy Ghost; and why do you Baptize your children into the holy Ghost as your Sanctifier, if you will not be sanctified by him, but think it an hurt to you to be sanctified? Tell me truly as before the Lord; Though you are loth to live an holy life, had you not rather die in the case of those that do so than of others? If you were to die this day, had you not rather die in the case of a Converted man, than of the Unconverted? of an holy and heavenly man, than of a carnal earthly man? and would you not say as Balaam, Numb. 43. 10. Let me die the death of the Righteous, and let my last end be like his? } And why will you not now be of the mind that you will be of then? First or last you must

must come to this, either to be Converted, or wish you had been when it is too late.

But what is it that you are afraid of losing if you Turn? Is it your *Friends*, you will but *change* them : God will be your *Friend*, and *Christ*, and the *Spirit* will be your *Friend*, and every *Christian* will be your *Friend*, You will get *one Friend* that will stand you in more stead than all the friends in the world could have done. The friends you *lose*, would have but ticed you to Hell ; but could not have delivered you : But the *Friend* you get will save you from hell, and bring you to his own eternal rest.

Is it your *pleasures* that you are afraid of losing? You think you shall never have a merry day again, if once you be Converted. Alas that you should think it a greater pleasure to live in foolish sports and merriments and please your flesh, than to live in the Believing thoughts of Glory, and in the Love of God, and in Righteousness and Peace, and Joy in the Holy Ghost,

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Ghost, in which the state of Grace consisteth! *Rom. 14. 17.* If it be a greater pleasure to you to think of your Lands and Inheritance (if you were Lords of all the Country) than it is to a child to play for pins: why should it not be a greater Joy to you to think of the Kingdom of Heaven being yours, than of all the riches or pleasures of the world? As it is but foolish Childishness that makes Children so delight in Gawds, that they would not leave them for all your Lands: so it is but foolish worldliness, and fleshliness, and wickedness, that makes you so much delight in your Houses, and Lands, and Meat, and Drink, and Ease, and Honour, as that you would not part with them for the heavenly delights. But what will you do for pleasure when these are gone? Do you not think of that? When your pleasures end in horror, and go out with a stinking snuff, the Pleasures of the Saints are then at the best. I have had my self but a little taste of the heavenly

ly

ly pleasures in the fore-thoughts of the blessed approaching day, and in the present perswasions of the Love of God in Christ: but I have taken too deep a draught of earthly pleasures, (so that you may see, if I be partial, it is on your side:) and yet I must profess from that little experience, that there is no comparison: there is more joy to be had in a day (if the Sun of Life shine clear upon us) in the state of Holiness, than in an whole life of sinful pleasures, I had rather be a door-keeper in the house of God, than to dwell in the tents of wickedness, Psal. 84. 10. *A day in his Courts is better than a thousand any where else, Ps 84. 10.* The mirth of the wicked is like the laughter of a mad man that knows not his own misery: And therefore Solomon saith of such laughter, *It is mad: and of mirth, What doth it?* Eccles. 2. 2. And Eccles. 7. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. *It is better to go to the house of mourning, than to go to the house of feasting: for that is the end of all men, and the living will lay it*

to his heart. Sorrow is better than laughter : for by the sadness of the countenance, the heart is made better. The heart of the wise is in the house of mourning; but the heart of fools is in the house of mirth : It is better to hear the rebuke of the wise, than to hear the song of fools; For as the crackling of thorns under a Pot, so is the laughter of the fool.] All the pleasure of fleshly things, is but like the scratching of a man that hath the Itch: it is his disease that makes him desire it : and a wise man had rather be without his pleasure, than be troubled with his Itch. Your loudest laughter is but like that of a man that is tickled : he laughs when he hath no cause of Joy. And it is a wiser thing for a man to give all his Estate and his Life to be tickled to make him laugh, than for you to part with the Love of God, and the comforts of Holiness, and the hopes of Heaven, and to cast your selves into damnation, that you may have your flesh tickled with the pleasures of sin
for

for a little while Judge as you are men, whether this be a wise mans part. It is but your carnal un sanctified nature that makes an holy life seem grievous to you, and a course of sensuality seem more delightful. If you will but Turn, the Holy Ghost will give you another *Nature and Inclination*; and then it will be more pleasant to you to be rid of your sin, than now it is to keep it: and you will then say, that you knew not what a comfortable life was till now, and that it was never well with you, till God and holiness were your delight.

Quest. **B**UT how cometh it to pass that men should be so unreasonable in the matters of salvation? they have wit enough in other matters; what makes them so loth to be converted that there should need so many words in so plain a case, and all will not do, but the most will live and die Unconverted?

Ans. To name them only in a few words,

words, the Causes are these.

1. Men are naturally *in Love* with earth and flesh, they are born sinners, and their nature hath an enmity to God and godliness, as the Nature of the Serpent hath to a man: And when all that we can say goes against an habitual inclination of their Natures, no marvail if it little prevail.

2. They are in *Darkness*, and know not the very things which they hear. Like a man that was born blind, and hears an high commendation of the light: but what will *Hearing* do, unless he sees it? They know not what God is, nor what is the power of the Cross of Christ, nor what the Spirit of holiness is, nor what it is to live in love by faith: They know not the certainty, and suitableness and excellency of the heavenly inheritance. They know not what Conversion, and an holy mind and Conversation is, even when they hear of it. They are in a mist of ignorance. They are lost and bewildred in sin: like a man that hath lost himself

in the night, and knows not where he is; nor how to come to himself again, till the day light do recover him.

3. They are wilfully confident that they need no *Conversion*, but some *partial amendment*; but that they are in the way to Heaven already, and are *Converted* when they are not. And if you meet a man that is quite out of his way, you may long enough call on him to turn back again, if he will not believe you that he is out of the way.

4. They are become slaves to their flesh, and drowned in the world to make provision for it. Their lusts and passions, and appetites have distracted them, and got such an hand over them, that they cannot tell how to deny them, or how to mind any thing else. So that the drunkard saith, *I love a cup of good drink, and I cannot forbear it.* The glutton saith, *I love good cheer, and I cannot forbear.* The fornicator saith, *I love to have my lust fulfilled, and I cannot forbear.* And the gamester loves to have his sports, and he cannot for-

forbear. So that they are become even captivated slaves to their flesh, and their very wilfulness is become an impotency, and what they would not do, they say they cannot. And the worldling is so taken up with earthly things, that he hath neither heart, nor mind, nor time for Heavenly: but as in *Pharaohs* dream, *Gen. 41. 4.* the lean kine doth eat up the fat ones; so this lean and barren earth doth eat up all the thoughts of Heaven.

5. Some are so carried away by the stream of evil company, that they are possessed with hard thoughts of a godly life, by hearing them speak against it: or at least they think they may venture to do as they see most do: and so they hold on in their sinful wayes; and when *one* is cut off and cast into Hell, and *another* snatcht away from among them to the same condemnation; it doth not much daunt them, because they see not whether they are gone: poor wretches, they hold on in their ungodliness, for all this: for they
little

little know that their companions are now lamenting it in torments, In *Luke* 16. the rich man in hell would fain have had one to warn his five Brethren, lest they should come to that place of Torment. Its like, he knew their minds and lives, and knew that they were halting thither, and little dreamt that he was there, yea and would little have believed one that should have told them so. I remember a Passage that a

Mr. R. Rowly of
Shrewsbury upon
Acham-bridge.

Gentleman yet living told me he saw upon a bridge over *Severn*. A Man was driving a flock of fat Lambes, and something meeting them, and hindring their passage, one of the Lambes, leapt upon the wall of the bridge, and his legs slipping from under him, he fell into the stream: the rest seeing him, did one after one leap over the bridge into the stream, and were all, or almost all drowned: Those that were *behind* did little know what was become of them that were gone before, but thought they

they might venture to follow their Companions : but as soon as ever they were over the wall , and falling head-long the case was altered. Even so it is with Unconverted carnal men. *One* dyeth by them and drops into hell, and *another* follows the same way , and yet they will go after them, because they think not whither they are gone. Oh but when death hath once opened their eyes, and they see what's on the other side of the wall, even in another world, then what would they give to be where they were !

6. Moreover , they have a subtile malicious enemy , that is unſeen of them, and plaies his game in the dark : and it is his principal buſineſs to hinder their Conversion, and therefore to keep them where they are , by perſwading them not to believe the Scriptures, or not to trouble their minds with theſe matters : or by perſwading them to think ill of a godly life, or to think that its more ado than needs, and that they may be ſaved without Con-
K
verſion,

version, and without all this stir; and that God is so merciful, that he will not damn any such as they; or at least that they may stay a little longer, and take their pleasure, and follow the world a little longer yet, and then let it go, and repent hereafter. And by such juggling deluding cheats as these, the Devil keeps the most in his captivity, and leadeth them to his misery.

These, and such like impediments as these, do keep so many thousands Unconverted, when God hath done so much, and Christ hath suffered so much, and Ministers have said so much for their Conversion: when their Reasons are silenced, and they are not able to answer the Lord that calls after them, [*Turn ye, Turn ye, why will ye die?*] yet all comes to nothing with the greatest part of them: and they leave us no more to do after all, but to sit down and lament their wilful misery.

I Have now shewed you the Reasonableness of Gods Commands, and the

the unreasonableness of wicked mens disobedience. If nothing will serve turn, but men will yet refuse to Turn, we are next to consider who it is long of, if they be damned. And this brings me to the last Doctrine, which is;

Doct. 7. **T**hat if after all this men will not Turn; it is not long of God that they are condemned, but of themselves, even their own wilfulness. They die because they will die, that is, because they will not Turn.

If you will go to hell, what remedy, God here acquits himself of your blood; it shall not lie on him if you be lost. A negligent Minister may draw it upon him; and those that encourage you, or hinder you not in sin, may draw it upon them; but be sure of it, it shall not lie upon God. Saith the Lord concerning his unprofitable Vineyard, Isa. 5. 1, 2, 3, 4. [Judge I pray you, betwixt me and my Vineyard: What could have been done more to my Vineyard, that I have not done in it?]

When he had planted it in a fruitful soil, and fenced it, and gathered out the stones, and planted it with the choicest Vine: what should he have done more to it? He hath made you men, and endued you with Reason; he hath furnished you with external necessities, all creatures are at your service: He hath given you a righteous perfect Law. When you had broke it, and undone your selves, he had pittie on you, and sent his Son by a miracle of condescending mercy to dye for you, and be a sacrifice for your sins, and he *was in Christ reconciling the world to himself.* The Lord Jesus hath made you a deed of gift of himself, and eternal life with him, on the condition you will but accept it and return. He hath on this reasonable condition offered you the free pardon of all your sins: he hath written this in his Word, and sealed it by his Spirit, and sent it you by his Ministers: they have made the offer to you an hundred and an hundred times, and called you to accept it,
and

and to turn to God. They have in his name entreated you, and reasoned the case with you, and answered all your frivolous objections. He hath long waited on you, and staid your leisure, and suffered you to abuse him to his face. He hath mercifully sustained you in the midst of your sins : he hath compassed you about with all sorts of mercies : He hath also intermixt afflictions, to mind you of your folly and call you to your wits : And his Spirit hath been often striving with your hearts, and saying there, [*Turn sinner, Turn to him that calleth thee : Whither art thou going ? What art thou doing ? Dost thou know what will be the end ? How long wilt thou hate thy friends, and love thine enemies ? When wilt thou let go all and Turn, and deliver up thy self to God, and give thy Redeemer the possession of thy soul ? When shall it once be ?*] These pleadings have been used with thee. And when thou hast delayed, thou hast been urged to make haste, and God hath called to thee, [*To day*

while it is called to day, barden not thy heart: Why not ~~use~~ without any more delay?] Life hath been set before you; The Joys of Heaven have been opened to you in the Gospel; The Certainty of them hath been manifested; The certainty of the everlasting Torments of the damned hath been declared to you. Unless you would have had a sight of *Heaven and Hell*, what could you desire more? Christ hath been as it were set forth crucified before your eyes, *Gal. 3. 1.* You have been an hundred times told that you are but lost men till you come unto him; As oft as you have been told of the evil of sin, of the vanity of sin, the world, and all the pleasures and wealth it can afford; of the shortness and uncertainty of your lives, and the endless duration of the Joy and Torment of the life to come. All this, and more than this have you been told, and told again, even till you were aweary of hearing it, and till you could make the lighter of it, because you had so often heard

it,

it, like the Smiths dog, that is brought by custom to sleep under the noise of the hammers, and when the sparks do fly about his ears; and though all this have not converted you, yet you are alive, and might have mercy to this day, if you had but hearts to entertain it. And now let Reason it self be Judge; whether it be long of God or you, if after all this you be unconverted and be damned? If you *die now*, it is because you will die. What should be said more to you? Or what course should be taken, that is liker to prevail? Are you able to say and make it good, *We would fain have been converted and become new creatures, but we could not; we would fain have forsaken our sins, but could not; we would have changed our company, and our thoughts, and our discourse, but we could not.* Why, could you not if you would? What hindered you but the wickedness of your hearts? Who forced you to sin? or who did hold you back from Duty? Had not you the same teach-

ing, and time, and liberty to be godly as your godly Neighbour had? Why then could you not have been godly as well as they? Were the Church-doors shut against you? or did you not keep away yourselves? or sit and sleep, or hear as if you did not hear? Did God put in any exceptions against you in his Word, when he invited sinners to return; and when he promised mercy to those that do return? Did he say, [*I will pardon all that repent, except thee?*] Did he shut you out from the liberty of his holy Worship? Did he forbid you to pray to him any more than others? You know he did not. God did not *drive* you away from him, but you forsook him, and run away your selves. And when he called you to him, you *would* not come. If God had *excepted* you out of the general promise and offer of mercy, or had said to you: [*Stand off, I will have nothing to do with such as you: Pray not to me, for I will not bear you: If you repent, never so much, and cry for mercy*



never so much, I will not regard you:]
If God had left you nothing to trust
to but desperation, then you had a
fair excuse. You might have said, [*To
what end should I repent and turn, when
it will do no good?*] But this was not
your case. You might have had Christ
to be your Lord and Saviour, your
Head and Husband as well as others,
and you would not: because you felt
not your selves sick enough for the
Physician, and because you could not
spare your disease: In your hearts you
said as those Rebels, Luke 19. 14. [*We
will not have this man to reign over us.*]
Christ would have gathered you under
the wings of his Salvation, and you
would not, Matth. 23. 37. What desires
of your welfare did the Lord express
in his holy Word? With what com-
passion did he stand over you and say,
[*O that my people had hearkened unto
me, and that they had walked in my
wayes! Psal. 81. 13. O that there were
such a heart in this people, that they
would fear me, and keep all my Com-*

mandments alwayes, that it might be well with them and with their children for ever! Deut. 5. 20. [O that they were wise, that they understood this! and that they would consider their latter end!] Deut. 32. 29. He would have been your God, and done all for you that your souis could well desire; but you loved the world and your flesh above him, and therefore you would not hearken to him; though you complemented with him, and gave him high Titles, yet when it came to the closing, you would have none of him, Psalm 81. 11, 12. No marvel then if He gave you up to your own hearts Lusts, and you walked in your own counsels. He condescends to reason, and pleads the case with you, and asks you, [What is there in me or my service that you should be so much against me! What harm have I done thee sinner! Have I deserved this unkind dealing at thy hand? Many mercies have I shewed thee; for which of them dost thou thus despise me? Is it I, or is it Satan that is thy enemy?]

Is it I, or is it thy carnal self that would undo thee? Is it an holy life, or a life of sin that thou hast cause to fly from? If thou be undone, thou procurest this to thy self, by forsaking me the Lord that would have saved thee, Jer. 2. 17. Doth not thy own wickedness correct thee, and thy sin reprove thee, that thou may'st see that it is an evil and bitter thing that thou hast forsaken me? Jer. 2. 19. What iniquity have you found in me, that you have followed after vanity and forsaken me? Jer. 2. 5. 6. [He calleth out as it were to the brutes to hear the Controversie he hath against you, M.c. 2. 3 4, 5. Hear O ye mountains the Lords Controversie, and ye strong foundations of the earth; for the Lord hath a Controversie with his people, and he will plead with Israel. O my people what have I done unto thee, and wherein have I wearied thee? testifye against me, for I brought thee up out of Egypt, and redeemed thee, &c. Hear O Heavens, and give ear O Earth, for the Lord hath spoken. I have nourished and brought

brought up children, and they have rebelled against me. The Ox knoweth his owner, and the Ass his Masters crib: but Israel doth not know, my people doth not consider! Ah sinful Nation, a people laden with iniquity, a Seed of evil doers! &c. Isa. 1. 2, 3, 4 [Do you thus requite the Lord, O foolish people and unwise? Is not he thy Father that bought thee? Hath he not made thee and established thee? Deut. 32. 6.] When he saw that you forsook him even for nothing, and returned away from your Lord and Life, to hunt after the chaff and feathers of the World, he told you of your folly, and called you to a more profitable employment, Isa. 55. 1, 2, 3. [Wherefore do you spend your money for that which is not bread, and your labour, for that which satisfieth not? Hearken diligently unto me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your soul delight it self in fatness. Encline your ear, and come unto me: bear and your soul shall live, and I will make an everlasting Covenant with you, even the sure

sure mercies of David — Seek ye the Lord while he may be found: call ye upon him while he is near. Let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts, and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him: and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon, ver. 6 7.] And so Isa. 1. 16, 17, 18. And when you would not hear, what complaints have you put him to, charging it on you as your wilfulness and stubbornness! Jer. 2. 12, 13. [Be astonished O heavens at this, and be horribly afraid. — For my people have committed two evils: they have forsaken me the fountain of living waters, and hewed them out cisterns, broken cisterns that can hold no water.] Many a time hath Christ proclaimed that free invitation to you, Rev. 22. 17. [Let him that is a thirst come: and whoever will, let him take the water of life freely.] But you put him to complain after all his offers: [They will not come to me that they may have life, John 5. 40.] He hath invited you to feast with

with him in the Kingdom of his grace; and you have had excuses from your grounds, and your cattle, and your worldly business; and when you would not come, you have said you could not: and provoked him to resolve that you should never taste of his Supper, Like 14. 15, to 25. And who is it long of now but your selves? and what can you say is the chief cause of your damnation, but your own *Wills*? You would be damned. The whole case is laid open by Christ himself, *Prov. 1.* from the 20. to the end. [*Wisdom cryeth without, she uttereth her voice in the streets, she cryeth in the chief place of Concourse; — How long ye simple ones will ye love simplicity, and the scorner delight in their scorning, and fools hate knowledge? Turn ye at my reproof; behold I will pour out my spirit unto you, I will make known my words unto you. Because I have called and ye refused, — I have stretched out my hands, and no man regarded, but ye have set at naught all my counsel, and would none*

of

of my reproof: I also will laugh at your calamity, I will mock when your fear cometh: when your fear cometh as desolation, and your destruction cometh as a whirlwind; when distress and anguish cometh upon you; then shall they call upon me; but I will not answer; they shall seek me early, but they shall not find me. For that they hated knowledge, and did not choose the fear of the Lord. They would none of my counsel: they despised all my reproof: Therefore shall they eat of the fruit of their own way, and be filled with their own devises. For the turning away of the simple shall slay them, and the prosperity of fools shall destroy them. But whose hearkeneth to me shall dwell safely, and shall be quiet from the fear of evil.] I thought best to recite the whole Text at large to you, because it doth so fully shew the cause of the destruction of the wicked. It is not because God would not teach them; but because they would not learn. It is not because God would not Call them, but because they would not

Turn at his reproof. Their wilfulness
is their undoing.

Use.

FROM what hath been said, you
may further learn these following
things.

1. From hence you may see, not
only what blasphemy and impiety it
is, to lay the blame of mens destruction
upon God; but also how unfit these
wicked wretches are to bring in such
a charge against their Maker. They
cry out upon God, and say, He gives
them not grace, and his threatnings
are severe, and God forbid that all
should be damned that be not Con-
verted and sanctified: and they think
it hard measure that a short sin should
have an endless suffering? and if they
be damned, they say they cannot help
it: When in the mean time, they are
busie about their own destruction,
even cutting the throat of their own

Turne Backward to His ^{souls,} *Clima*

souls, and will not be perswaded to hold their hands. They think *God* were *cruel*, if *he* should damn them; and yet they are so *cruel* to *themselves*, that they *will run* into the fire of *Hell*; when *God* hath told them it is a little before them, and neither intreaties, nor threatnings, nor any thing that can be said, will stop them. We see them almost undone: Their careless, worldly, fleshly lives do tell us that they are in the power of the Devil; we know if they dye before they are Converted, all the world cannot save them; and knowing the uncertainty of their lives, we are afraid every day lest they drop into the fire. And therefore we intreat them to pittie their own souls, and not to undo themselves when mercy is at hand, and they *will not* hear us. We intreat them to cast away their sin, and come to *Christ* without delay, and to have some mercy on themselves, but they will have none. And yet they think that *God* must be *cruel*, if he condemn them. O wilful wretched sinners

ners ! It is not *God* that is *cruel* to you ; it is *you* that are *cruel* to your selves. You are told you must *Turn or burn*, and yet you *Turn not*. You are told that if you will needs keep your sins , you shall keep the *Curse of God* with them : and yet you *will* keep them. You are told that there is no way to *Happiness* but by *Holiness*, and yet you *will not* be Holy. What would you have *God* say more to you ? What would you have him *do* with his *Mercy* ? He offereth it you , and you will not have it. You are in the ditch of sin and misery, and he would give you his hand to help you out , and you refuse his help : he would cleanse you of your sins , and you had rather keep them. You *love* your lust, and *love* your gluttony , and sports , and drunkenness , and *will not* let them go. Would you have him bring you to *Heaven* whether you will or no ? Or would you have him bring you and your sin to heaven together ? Why that's an impossibility ; you may as well

well expect he should turn the Sun into Darkness. What, an un-sanctified fleshly heart be in Heaven! it cannot be: *There entereth nothing that is unclean*, Rev. 21. 27. For what Communion hath light with darkness, or Christ with Belial? 2 Cor. 6. 14. 15. All the day long hath he stretched out his hands to a disobedient and gainsaying people, Rom. 10. 25. What will you do now? Will you cry to God for mercy! why, God calleth upon you to have mercy upon your selves, and you will not. Ministers see the poysoned Cup in the drunkards hand, and tell him, *There is poyson in it*, and desire him to have Mercy on his soul, and forbear, and he will not hear us: drink it he must and will: he loves it, and therefore though Hell comes next, he saith, he cannot help it. What should one say to such men as these? We tell the ungodly careless worldling, *It is not such a life that will serve the turn, or ever bring you to heaven. If a Bear were at your Back, you would mend your pace,*
and

and when the curse of God is at your back, and Satan and Hell are at your back, will you not stir, but ask, *What needs all this ado? Is an immortal soul of no more worth? O have mercy upon your selves!* But they will have no mercy on themselves, nor once regard us. We tell them, the end will be bitter. Who can dwell with the everlasting fire? And yet they will have no mercy upon themselves. And yet will these shameless wretches say, that God is more merciful than to condemn them, when it is themselves that cruelly and unmercifully run upon Condemnation, and if we should go to them with our Hats in our hands, and intreat them, we cannot stop them. If we should fall down on our Knees to them, we cannot stop them; but to Hell they will, and yet will not believe that they are going thither. If we beg of them for the sake of God that made them, and preserveth them; for the sake of Christ that died for them; for the sake of their own poor souls, to
pitty

pitty themselves and go no further in the way to Hell, but come to Christ while his armes are open, and enter into the state of Life while the Door stands open, and now take mercy while mercy may be had; they will not be perswaded. If we should die for it, we cannot get them so much as now and then to consider with themselves of the matter, and to Turn. And yet they can say, *I hope God will be merciful.* Did you ever consider what he saith, *Isa. 27. 11.* [*It is a people of no understanding, therefore he that made them will not have mercy on them; and he that formed them will shew them no favour.*] If another man will not cloath you when you are naked, and feed you when you are hungry, you will say, he is unmerciful. If he should cast you into prison, or beat and torment you, you would say he is unmerciful. And yet you will do a thousand times more against your selves, even cast away both soul and body for ever, and never complain of your own unmercifulness.

Yea and God that waited upon you all the while with his mercy, must be taken to be unmerciful, if he punish you after all this. Unless the holy God of Heaven will give these wretches leave to trample upon his Sons blood, and with the Jews, as it were again to spit in his face, and do despite to the Spirit of Grace, and make a jest of sin, and a mock at holiness, and set more light by saving mercy, than by the filth of their fleshly pleasures, and unless after all this he will save them by the mercy which they cast away, and would none of, God himself must be called unmerciful by them. But he will be justified when he judgeth; and he will not stand or fall at the bar of a sinful worm.

I know there are many particular cavils that are brought by them against the Lord; but I shall not here stay to answer them particularly, having done it already in my *Treatise of Judgment*, to which I shall refer them. Had the disputing part of the world been

as careful to avoid sin and destruction, as they have been busie in searching after the cause of them, and forward indirectly to impute it to God, they might have exercised their wits more profitably, and have less wronged God, and sped better themselves. When so ugly a Monster as sin is within us, and so heavy a thing as punishment is on us, and so dreadful a thing as Hell is before us, one would think it should be an easie question, who is in the fault, and whether God or man be the principal or culpable cause? Some men are such favourable judges of themselves, that they are proner to accuse the Infinite Perfection and Goodness it self, than their own hearts; and imitate their first Parents that said, [*The Serpent tempted me, and the woman that thou gavest me, gave unto me, and I did eat,*] secretly implying that God was the cause. So say they, [*The understanding that thou gavest me, was unable to discern; the will that thou gavest me, was unable to*
make

make a better choice, the objects which thou didst set before me, did entice me, the temptation which thou didst permit to assault me, prevailed against me.]

And some are so loth to think that God can make a self determining creature, that they dare not deny him that which they take to be his prerogative, to be the determiner of the Will in every sin, as the first efficient immediate physical cause. And many could be content to acquit God from so much causing of evil, if they could but reconcile it with his being the chief cause of good; as if truths would be no longer truths, than we are able to see them in their perfect order and coherence: because our ravelled Wits cannot set them right together, nor assign each truth its proper place, we presume to conclude that some must be cast away. This is the fruit of proud self-conceitedness, when men receive not Gods truth as a child his lesson, in an holy submission to the omniscience of our Teacher, but as Censurers that are too wise to learn.

Obj.

Object. But we cannot Convert our selves till God convert us : we can do nothing without his grace : It is not in him that willeth, nor in him that runneth, but in God that sheweth mercy.

Ans^w. 1. God hath two degrees of mercy to shew : the mercy of Conversion first, and the mercy of Salvation last : the latter he will give to none but those that *will* and *run*, and hath promised it to them only. The former is to make them *willing* that were *unwilling* : and though your own *willing* and endeavours deserve not this grace ; yet your *wilful* refusal deserveth that it should be denyed to you. Your *disability* is your very *unwillingness* it self, which excuseth not your sin, but maketh it the greater. You *could* Turn if you were but truly *willing* : and if your *wills* themselves are so corrupted, that nothing but effectual Grace will move them, you have the more cause to seek for that Grace, and yield to it, and do what you can in the use of means, and not neg-

lect it, or set against it. Do what you are able first, and then complain of God for denying you grace if you have cause.

Object. But you seem to intimate all this while that man hath free-will.

Answer. The dispute about free-will is beyond your capacity, I shall therefore now trouble you with no more but this about it. Your will is naturally a free, that is, a self-determining faculty, but it is vitiously inclined, and backward to do good; and therefore we see by sad experience that it hath not a vertuous moral freedom. But that is the wickedness of it, which deserveth the punishment. And I pray you let us not be fool our selves with opinions. Let the case be your own. If you had an enemy so malicious, that he falls upon you, and beats you every time he meets you, and takes away the lives of your children, will you excuse him, because he saith, [*I have not free-will, it is my nature; I cannot choose, unless God give me grace?*] If you have a servant that robbeth.

robbeth you, will you take such an answer from him? Might not every Thief and Murderer that is hanged at the Assize give such an answer, [*I have not free will, I cannot change my own heart: what can I do without Gods grace?*] and shall they therefore be acquit? If not, why then should you think to be acquit for a course of sin against the Lord?

2. **F**ROM hence also you may observe these three things together. 1. What a subtile tempter Satan is. 2. What a deceitful thing Sin is. 3. What a foolish creature corrupted Man is. *A subtile tempter* indeed, that can perswade the greatest part of the world to go wilfully into everlasting fire, when they have so many warnings and dissuasives as they have. *A deceitful thing is sin* indeed, that can bewitch so many thousands to part with everlasting life, for a thing so base and utterly unworthy! *A foolish creature is Man* indeed, that will be so cheated

of his salvation for nothing; yea for a *known nothing*; and that by an enemy, and a known enemy. You would think it impossible that any man in his wits should be persuaded for a trifle to cast himself into the fire, or water, or into a coal-pit, to the destruction of his life. And yet men will be enticed to cast themselves into Hell. If your natural lives were in your own hands, that you should not die till you would kill yourselves, how long would most of you live? And yet when your everlasting life is so far in your own hands under God, that you cannot be undone till you undo yourselves, how few of you will forbear your own undoing? Ah what a silly thing is Man! and what a bewitching and befooling thing is Sin?

3. **F**ROM hence also you may learn, that it is no great wonder if wicked men be hinderers of others in the way to heaven, and would have as many Unconverted as they can, and
 would

would draw them into sin, and keep them in it! Can you expect that they should have any mercy on others, that have none upon themselves? and that they should much stick at the destruction of others, that stick not to destroy themselves? They do no worse by others, than they do by themselves.

4. **L**astly: you may hence learn, that the greatest enemy to Man is himself; and the greatest judgement in this life that can befall him, is to be left to himself; and that the great work that Grace hath to do, is to save us from our selves; and the greatest accusations and complaints of Men should be against themselves; and that the greatest work that we have to do our selves, is to resist our selves; and the greatest enemy that we should daily pray, and watch, and strive against, is our own carnal hearts and wills, and the greatest part of your work, if you would do good to others, and help them to heaven, is to

save them from themselves, even from their own blind understandings, and corrupted wills, and perverse affections, and violent passions, and unruly senses. I only name all these for brevity sake, and leave them to your further consideration.

WELL SIRs, Now we have found out the great Delinquent and Murderer of souls, (even mens Selves, their own wills) what remains but that you judge according to the evidence, and confess this great iniquity before the Lord, and be humbled for it, and do so no more? To these three ends distinctly, I shall add a few words more. 1. Further to convince you. 2. To humble you. And 3. To reform you, if there be yet any hope.

1. We know so much of the exceeding *gracious nature of God*, who is willing to do good, and delighteth to shew mercy, that we have no reason to suspect *him* of being the culpable cause of our death, or to call him
cruel:

cruel; He made all good, and he preserveth and maintaineth all; the eyes of all things do wait upon him, and he giveth them their meat in due season; he openeth his hand, and satisfieth the desires of all the living, *Psalm 145. 15, 16.* He is not only *righteous in all his wayes,* (and therefore will deal justly) *and holy in all his works,* (and therefore not the author of sin) but [*He is also good to all, and his tender mercies are over all his works.*] *Psalm 145. 17, 19.*

But as for *man,* we know his mind is dark, his will perverse, his affections carry him so headlong, that he is fitted by his folly and corruption to such a work as the destroying of himself. If you saw a Lamb lie killed in the way, would you sooner suspect the *sheep,* or the *dog* or *wolf,* to be the author of it, if they both stand by? Or if you see an house broken and the people murdered, would you sooner suspect the *Prince* or *Judge,* that is wise and just, and had no need, or a *known*

Thief or Murtherer? I say therefore as James 1. 13, 14 15. [Let no man say when he is tempted, that he is tempted of God, for God cannot be tempted with evil, neither tempteth he any man, (to draw him to sin) but every man is tempted when he is drawn away of his own lust, and enticed. Then when lust hath conceived, it bringeth forth sin; and sin when it is finished, bringeth forth death.] You see here, that sin is the brat of your own concupiscence, and not to be fathered on God; and that death is the off-spring of your own sin, and the fruit which it will yield you as soon as it is ripe. You have a Treasure of evil in your selves as a Spider hath of poyson, from whence you are bringing forth hurt to your selves, and spinning such webs as entangle your own souls. Your Nature shews, its you that are the cause.

2. Its evident that you are your own destroyers, in that you are so Ready to entertain any Temptation almost that is offered you. Satan is scarce

readier

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readier to move you to any evil, than you are ready to hear, and to do as he would have you. If he would tempt your understanding to error and prejudice, you yeild. If he would hinder you from good resolutions, it is soon done. If he would cool any good desires or affections, it is soon done. If he would kindle any lust or vile affections and desires in you, it is soon done: If he will put you on to evil thoughts, or words, or deeds, you are so free that he needs not rod or spur; if he would keep you from holy thoughts, and words, and wayes, a little doth it, you need no curb. You examine not his suggestions, nor resist them with any resolution, nor cast them out as he casts them in, nor quench the sparks which he endeavoureth to kindle: but you set in with him, and meet him half way, and embrace his motions, and tempt him to tempt you. And its easie to catch such greedy fish that are ranging for a bait, and will take the bare hook.

3. Your destruction is evidently long of your selves, in that you Resist all that would help to save you, and would do you good, or hinder you from undoing your selves. God would help and save you by his Word, and you resist it, it is too strict for you. He would sanctifie you by his *Spirit*, and you resist and quench it. If any man reprove you for your sin, you fly in his face with evil words; and if he would draw you to an holy life, and tell you of your present danger, and give him little thanks, but either bid him look to himself, he shall not answer for you; or else at best, you put him off with an heartless thanks, and will not Turn when you are perswaded. If Ministers would privately instruct and help you, you will not come at them; your unhumbled Souls do feel but little need of their help. If they would Catechize you, you are too old to be Catechized, though you are not too old to be ignorant and unholy. Whatever they can say to you for your good, you

you are so self-conceited and wise in your own eyes, (even in the depth of ignorance) that you will regard nothing that agreeth not with your present conceits: but contradict your Teachers, as if you were wiser than they; you resist all that they can say to you, by your ignorance and wilfulness, and foolish Cavils, and shifting evasions, and unthankful rejections, so that no good that is offered can find any welcome acceptance and entertainment with you.

4. Moreover, its apparent that you are self-destroyers, in that you draw the matter of your sin and destruction even from the blessed God himself. You like not the contrivances of his Wisdom: You like not his Justice, but take it for cruelty: You like not his Holiness, but are ready to think he is such a one as your selves, *Psal. 50. 21.* and makes as light of sin as you: You like not his Truth, but would have his Threatnings, even his peremptory Threatnings prove false. And his good-
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ness which you seem most highly to approve, you partly resist, as it would lead you to Repentance, and partly abuse to the strengthening of your sin; as if you might the freelier sin, because God is Merciful, and because his Grace doth so much abound.

5. Yea you fetch destruction from the blessed Redeemer, and Death from the Lord of life himself. And nothing more emboldneth you in sin, than that Christ hath died for you; as if now the danger of death were over, and you might boldly venture: As if Christ were become a servant to Satan and your sins, and must wait upon you while you are abusing him: and because he is become the Physitian of souls, and is able to save to the utmost all that come to God by him; you think he must suffer you to refuse his help, and throw away his Medicines, and must save you whether you will come to God by him or no: so that a great part of your sins are occasioned by your bold presumption upon the death of Christ.

Not

Not considering that he came to Redeem his people from their sins, and to sanctifie them a peculiar people to himself, and to conform them in Holiness to the Image of their Heavenly Father, and to their Head, *Mat. 1. 21. Titus. 2. 14. 1 Pet. 1. 15, 16. Col. 3. 10, 11. Phil. 3. 9, 10.*

6. You also fetch your own destruction from all the Providences and works of God. When you think of his Eternal fore knowledge and Decrees, it is to harden you in your sin, or possess your minds in quarrelling thoughts, as if his Decrees might spare you the labour of Repentance and an holy life, or else were the cause of your sin and death. If he afflict you, you repine; if he prosper you, you the more forget him, and are the backwarder to the thoughts of the life to come. If the wicked prosper you forget the end that will set all reckonings strait; and are ready to think, its as good be wicked as godly. And thus you draw your death from all.

7. And

7. And the like you do from all the *Creatures and mercies of God* to you. He giveth them to you as the Tokens of his Love, and furniture for his service, and you turn them against him, to the pleasing of your flesh. You eat and drink to please your appetite, and not for the **Glory of God**, and to enable you for his Work. Your Cloathes you abuse to pride. Your Riches draw your hearts from Heaven, *Phil. 3 18*. Your Honors and applause do puff you up : If you have health and strength, it makes you more secure, and forget your end. Yea, other mens mercies are abused by you to your hurt. If you see their Honors and Dignity, you are provoked to envy them. If you see their riches, you are ready to covet them. If you look upon beauty, you are stirred up to lust. And its well, if **Godliness** be not an eye-sore to you.

8. The *very gifts that God bestoweth* on you, and the *Ordinances of Grace* which he hath instituted for his Church,

Church,

Church, you turn to sin. If you have better parts than others, you grow proud and self-conceited; If you have but common gifts, you take them for special Grace. You take the bare hearing of your Duty for so good a work, as if it would excuse you for not obeying it. Your Prayers are turned into sin, because you regard iniquity in your hearts, Psal. 66. 18. and depart not from iniquity when you call on the Name of the Lord, 2 Tim 2. 19. Your prayers are abominable, because you turn away your ear from hearing the Law. Prov. 28. 9. And are more ready to offer the Sacrifice of fools, (thinking you do God some special service) than to hear his Word and obey it, Eccles. 5. 1. You examine not your selves before you receive the Supper of the Lord, but not discerning the Lords Body, do eat and drink judgement to your selves, 1 Cor. 11. 28, 29.

9. Yea, the persons that you converse with, and all their actions, you make the occasions of your sin and destruction

tion. If they live in the fear of God, you hate them. If they live ungodly, you imitate them: If the wicked are many, you think you may the more boldly follow them; If the godly be few, you are the more emboldned to despise them. If they walk exactly, you think they are too precise; If one of them fall in a particular temptation, you stumble upon them, and turn away from holiness, because that others are imperfectly holy; as if you were warranted to break your necks; because some others have by their heedlessness sprained a sinew, or put out a bone. If a hypocrite discover himself, you say, *They are all alike*, and think your selves as honest as the best. A Professor can scarce slip into any miscarriage, but because he cuts his finger, you think you may boldly cut your throats. If Ministers deal plainly with you, you say they rail. If they speak gently or coldly, you either sleep under them, or are little more affected than the seats you sit upon.

If any errors creep into the Church, some greedily entertain them, and others reproach the Christian Doctrine for them, which is most against them. And if we would draw you from any antient rooted error, which can but plead two, or three, or six, or seven hundred years custom, you are as much offended with a motion for reformation, as if you were to lose your lives by it, and hold fast *old* errors, while you cry out against *new* ones. Scarce a difference can arise among the Ministers of the Gospel, but you will fetch your own death from it. And you will not hear, or at least not obey the unquestionable Doctrine of any of those that jump not with your conceits: *One* will not hear a Minister, because he readeth his Sermons; and another will not hear him, because he doth not read them. *One* will not hear him, because he saith the Lords Prayer: and another will not hear him, because he doth not use it. *One* will not hear them that are for Episcopacy,
and

and another will not hear them that are *against* it. And thus I might shew it you in many other cases, how you turn all that comes near you to your own destruction; so clear is it that the ungodly are self-destroyers, and that their perdition is of themselves.

ME thinks, now upon the consideration of what is said, and the review of your own waies, you should bethink you what you have done, and be ashamed and deeply humbled to remember it. If you be not, I pray you consider these following Truths:

1. To be your own destroyers, is to sin against the deepest Principle in your Natures, even the Principle of self-preservation. Every thing naturally desireth or enclineth to its own felicity, welfare or perfection. And will you set your selves to your own destruction? when you are commanded to love your Neighbours as your selves: it is supposed that you naturally

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ly love yourselves. But if you love your Neighbours no better than your selves, it seems you would have all the world be damned.

2. How extreamly do you cross your own intentions! I know you intend not your own damnation, even when you are procuring it; you think you are but doing good to your selves, by gratifying the desires of your flesh. But alas, it is but as a draught of cold water in a burning Feaver, or as the scratching of an itching wild-fire, which encreaseth the disease and pain. If indeed you would have pleasure, or profit, or honour, seek them where they are to be found, and do not hunt after them in the way to Hell.

3: What pitty is it, that you should do that against your selves, which none else in Earth or Hell can do! If all the world were combined against you, or all the Devils in Hell were combined against you, they could not destroy you without your selves, nor
make

make you sin but by your own consent. And will you do that against your selves which no one else can do? You have hateful thoughts of the Devil, because he is your enemy, and endeavoureth your destruction. And will you be worse than Devils to your selves? Why thus it is with you, if you had hearts to understand it; When you run into sin, and run from godliness, and refuse to Turn at the Call of God, you do more against your own souls, than men or Devils could do besides. And if you should set your selves, and bend your wits to do your selves the greatest mischief, you could not devise to do a greater.

4. You are false to the trust that God hath reposed in you. He hath much entrusted you with your own salvation: and will you betray your trust? He hath set you with all diligence to keep your hearts; and is this the keeping of them? *Prov* 4. 23.

5. You do even forbid all others to pity you, when you will have no pity
on

on your selves : If you cry to God in the day of your calamity, for Mercy, Mercy ; What can you expect, but that he should thrust you away, and say, [*Nay, thou wouldest not have mercy on thy self : Who brought this upon thee but thy own wilfulness ?*] And if your Brethren see you everlastingly in misery, how shall they pity you that were your own destroyers, and would not be dissuaded ?

6. It will everlastingly make you your own Tormenters in Hell to think on it, that you brought your selves wilfully to that misery. O what a griping thought it will be for ever to think with your selves, [That this was your own doing ! That you were warned of this Day, and warned again, but it would not do : That you wilfully sinned, and wilfully turned away from God : That you had time as well as others, but you abused it : You had Teachers as well as others, but you refused their instruction : You had holy Examples, but you did not imitate

imitate them : You were offered Christ, and Grace, and Glory, as well as others, but you had more mind of your fleshly pleasures : You had a price in your hands, but you had not an heart to lay it out, *Prov. 17. 16.* Can it choose but torment you to think of this your present folly ? O that your eyes were opened to see what you have done in the wilful wronging of your own souls ! and that you better understood those words of God, *Prov. 8. 33, 34, 35, 36.* *Hear instruction and be wise, and refuse it not : Bless'd is the man that heareth me, watching daily at my gates, waiting at the posts of my doors ; For who-so findeth me, findeth life, and shall obtain the favour of the Lord. But he that sinneth against me, wrongeth his own soul : All they that hate me love Death.]*

ANd now I am come to the Conclusion of this Work, my heart is

is troubled to think how I shall leave you; lest after this the flesh should still deceive you, and the world and the Devil should keep you asleep, and I should leave you as I found you, till you awake in Hell. Though in care of your poor souls, I am afraid of this, as knowing the obstinacy of a carnal heart: yet I can say with the Prophet *Jeremy 17. 16.* [*I have not desired the wofull day, the Lord knoweth.*] I have not with *James* and *John* desired that fire might come from heaven to consume them that refused *Jesus Christ*, *Luke 9. 54.* But it is the preventing of the Eternal fire that I have been all this while endeavouring: And O that it had been a needless work! That God and Conscience might have been as willing to spare me this labour, as some of you could have been. Dear friends! I am so loth you should lie in everlasting fire, and be shut out of Heaven, if it be possible to prevent it, that I shall once more ask you, What do you now resolve? Will you

Turn

Turn or die? I look upon you as a Physician on his Patient in a dangerous disease: that saith to him, [*Though you are far gone, take but this Medicine, and forbear but these few things that are hurtful to you, and I dare warrant your life; but if you will not do this, you are but a dead man.*] What would you think of such a man, if the Physician and all the friends he hath, cannot perswade him to take *one* Medicine to save his Life, or to forbear one or two poysonous things that would kill him? This is your case. As far as you are gone in sin, do but now Turn and Come to Christ, and take his Remedies, and your souls shall live. Cast up your deadly sins by Repentance, and return not to the poysonous vomit any more, and you shall do well. But yet if it were your bodies that we had to deal with, we might partly know what to do for you. Though you would not consent, you might be held or bound, while the Medicine were poured down your throats,

throats, and hurtful things might be kept from you. But about your souls it cannot be so; we cannot Convert you against your wills. There is no carrying mad men to Heaven in Fetters. You may be *Condemned against your wills*, because you *sinned with your wills*: but you cannot be *saved against your wills*. The wisdom of God hath thought meet to lay mans salvation or destruction exceeding much upon the choice of their own wills: that no man shall come to Heaven, that chose not the way to Heaven; and no man shall come to Hell, but shall be forced to say, *I have the thing I chose; my own will did bring me hither*. Now if I could but get you to be willing to be *thoroughly*, and *resolvedly*, and *Habitually willing*, the work were more than half done. And alas, we must lose our *Friends*, and must they lose their *God*, their *Happiness*, their *Souls* for want of this? O God forbid! It is a strange thing to me, that men are so *inhumane* and *stupid* in the greatest

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matters

matter, that in lesser things are very civil and courteous, and good Neighbours. For ought I know, I have the Love of all, or almost all my Neighbours, so far, that if I should send to ever a man in the Town, or Parish, or Country, and request a reasonable courtesie of them, they would grant it me; and yet when I come to request of them the greatest matters in the world, for themselves, and not for me, I can have nothing of many of them, but a patient hearing. I know not whether people think a man in the Pulpit is in good sadness or not, and means as he speaks: For I think I have few Neighbours, but if I were sitting familiarly with them, and telling them of what I have seen, or done, or known in the World; they would believe me, and regard what I say: But when I tell them from the infallible Word of God, what they themselves shall see and know in the World to come, they shew by their Lives that they do either not believe it, or not
much

much regard it. If I met ever an one of them on the way, and told them, yonder is a Coal-pit, or there is a Quick-sand, or there are Thieves lie in wait for you; I could perswade them to turn by. But when I tell them that Satan lieth in wait for them, and that sin is poyson to them, and that Hell is not a matter to be jested with: they go on as if they did not hear me. Truly neighbours, I am in as good earnest with you in the Pulpit, as I am in any familiar Discourse; and if ever you will regard me, I beseech you let it be here. I think there is never a man of you all, but if my own *Soul* lay at your *wills*, you would be willing to save it (though I cannot promise that you would leave your sins for it.) Tell me, thou Drunkard, art thou so cruel to *me* that speak to thee, that thou wouldst not forbear a few Cups of Drink, if thou knewest it would save my *Soul* from Hell? Hadst thou rather I did burn there for ever, than thou shouldst live soberly as other men

do? If so, may I not say, Thou art an unmerciful monster, and not a man? If I came hungry or naked to one of your doors, would you not part with more than a cup of Drink to relieve me? I am confident you would: if it were to save my life I know you would (some of you) hazard your own. And yet will you not be entreated to part with your sensual pleasures for your own salvation? Wouldst thou forbear an hundred Cups of Drink, man, to save my life if it were in thy power, and wilt thou not do it to save thy *own Soul*? I profess to you Sirs, I am as hearty a beggar with you this day for the saving of your own souls, as I would be for my own supply, if I were forced to come a begging to your doors. And therefore if you would hear me then, hear me now. If you would pity me then, be entreated now to pity your selves. I do again beseech you, as if it were on my bended knees, that you would hearken to your Redeemer, and *Turn that you may*

may live. All you that have lived in ignorance, and carelessness, and presumption to this day: all you that have been drowned in the cares of the world, and have no mind of God and Eternal Glory: all you that are enslaved to your fleshly desires, of meats, and drinks, sports, and lusts: and all you that know not the necessity of Holiness, and never were acquainted with the Sanctifying Works of the Holy Ghost upon your souls; that never embraced your blessed Redeemer by a lively Faith, and with admiring and thankful Apprehensions of his Love, and that never felt an higher Estimation of GOD and Heaven, and an heartier Love to them, than to your fleshly prosperity and the things below: I earnestly beseech you, not only for my sake, but for the Lords sake, and for your souls sakes, that you go not one day longer in your former Condition, but, look about you, and cry to GOD for converting Grace, that you may be made new Creatures,

and may escape the Plagues that are a little before you. And if ever you will do any thing for me, grant me this request, to Turn from your evil wayes and live. Deny me any thing that ever I shall ask you for my self, if you will but grant me this. And if you deny me this, I care not for any thing else that you would grant me. Nay, as ever you will do any thing at the request of the Lord that made you and redeemed you, deny him not this, For if you deny him this, he cares for nothing that you shall grant him. As ever you would have him hear your prayers, and grant your requests, and do for you at the hour of death and day of judgement, or in any of your extremities, deny not his request now in the day of your prosperity. O Sirs believe it, Death, and Judgement, and Heaven, and Hell are other matters when you come near them, than they seem to carnal eyes afar off. Then you would hear such a Message as I bring you with more awakned regardful hearts.

Well,

WELL, though I cannot hope so well of all, I will hope that some of you are by this time purposing to Turn and Live; and that you are ready to ask me, as the Jews did Peter, *Acts 2. 37.* when they were pricked in their hearts, and said, [*Men and Brethren what shall we do? How might we come to be truly converted? We are willing, if we did but know our Duty. God forbid that we should choose destruction, by refusing Conversion, as hitherto we have done.*]

If these be the thoughts and purposes of your hearts, I say of you as God did of a promising people, *Deut. 5. 28, 29.* [*They have well said, all that they have spoken; O that there were such an heart in them that they would fear me, and keep all my Commandments alwayes!*] Your purposes are good: O that there were but an heart in you to perform these purposes! And in hope hereof, I shall gladly give you direction what to do, and that but briefly,

that you may the easier Remember it for your practice.

DIRECTION I.

IF you would be Converted and saved, labour to understand the necessity and true Nature of Conversion: For what, and from what, and to what, and by what it is that you must-Turn.

Consider in what a lamentable condition you are till the hour of your Conversion, that you may see it is not a state to be rested in. You are under the guilt of all the sins that ever you committed; and under the wrath of God, and the curse of his Law; you are bond-slaves to the Devil, and daily employed in his work, against the Lord, your selves, and others: you are spiritually dead and deformed, as being void of the holy life, and nature, and Image of the LORD. You are unfit for any holy work, and do nothing that is truly pleasing unto God. You are without any promise or assurance

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rance of his protection: and live in continual danger of his Justice, not knowing what hour you may be snatcht away to Hell, and most certain to be damned if you die in that condition. And nothing short of Conversion can prevent it. What ever civilities, or amendments, or vertues are short of true Conversion, will never procure the saving of your souls. Keep the true sense of this natural misery, and so of the necessity of Conversion on your hearts.

And then you must understand what it is to be Converted: It is to have a new heart or Disposition, and a New Conversion.

Quest. 1. For what must you Turn?

Ans^w. For these ends following, which you may attain: 1. You shall immediately be made living Members of Christ, and have interest in him, and be renewed after the Image of God, and be adorned with all his graces, and quickned with a new and heavenly life, and saved from the tyranny

of Satan, and the Dominion of sin, and be justified from the curse of the Law, and have the pardon of all the sins of your whole lives, and be accepted of God, and made his Sons, and have liberty with boldness to call him Father, and go to him by prayer in all your needs, with a promise of acceptance; you shall have the Holy Ghost to dwell in you, to sanctifie and guide you: You shall have part in the brother-hood, communion and prayers of the Saints: You shall be fitted for Gods service; and be freed from the Dominion of sin, and be useful and a blessing to the place where you live; and shall have the promise of this life, and that which is to come. You shall want nothing that is truly good for you, and your necessary afflictions you will be enabled to bear; you may have some taste of Communion with God in the Spirit; especially, in all holy Ordinances, where God prepareth a Feast for your souls; shall be Heirs of Heaven while you live on Earth
and

and may foresee by faith the everlasting glory, and so may live and die in peace; and you will never be so low, but your happiness will be incomparably greater than your misery.

How precious is every one of these blessings, which I do but briefly name, and which in this life you may receive!

And then 2. at Death your Souls shall go to Christ, and at the day of Judgment both Soul and Body shall be Justified and Glorified, and enter into your Masters Joy: where your Happiness will consist in these particulars.

1. You shall be perfected your selves: your immortal bodies shall be made immortal, and the corruptible shall put on incorruption; you shall no more be hungry, or thirsty, or weary, or sick: nor shall you need to fear either shame, or sorrow, or death, or hell. Your souls shall be perfectly freed from sin, and perfectly fitted for the knowledge, and love, and praises of the Lord.

2. Yours.

2. Your imployment shall be to behold your glorified Redeemer, with all your holy fellow Citizens of Heaven: and to see the Glory of the most blessed God, and to love him perfectly, and be beloved by him, and to praise him everlastingly.

3 Your Glory will contribute to the Glory of the *New Jerusalem*, the City of the Living God, which is more than to have a private felicity to your selves.

4. Your Glory will contribute to the Glorifying of your Redeemer, who will Everlastingly be magnified and pleased in you that are the travail of his Soul: and this is more than the Glorifying of your selves.

5. And the Eternal Majesty, the Living God, will be glorified in your Glory: both as he is magnified by your praises, and as he communicateth of his glory and goodness to you, and as he is pleased in you, and in the accomplishment of his glorious work, in the glory of the *new Jerusalem*: and of his Son.

All this the poorest beggar of you that is Converted, shall certainly and endlessly enjoy.

2. You see *For* what you must Turn : Next you must understand *From* what you must Turn : And that is (in a word) From your *Carnal Self*, which is the end of all the Unconverted. From the flesh, that would be pleased before God, and would still be enticing you thereto. From the World, that is the bait; and from the Devil that is the Angler for souls, and the deceiver. And so from all known and wi'ful sins.

3. Next you must know *To what* end you must Turn ; And that is, To God as your End ; to Christ as the way to the Father ; to Holiness as the way appointed you by Christ ; and so to the use of all the helps and means of grace afforded you by the Lord.

4. Lastly, you must know *By what* you must Turn. And that is by Christ as the only Redeemer, and Intercessor ; and by the Holy Ghost as the Sanctifier :

Sanctifier : And by the Word as his Instrument or Means : And by Faith and Repentance as the means and duties, on your part to be performed. All this is of necessity.

DIRECTION II.

IF you will be Converted and Saved, *be much in secret serious consideration.* Inconsiderateness undoes the world. Withdraw your selves oft into retired secrecy, and there bethink you of the end why you were made, of the life you have lived, the time you have lost, the sin you have committed, of the love and sufferings, and fulness of Christ; of the danger you are in, of the nearness of death and judgement; and of the certainty and excellency of the Joyes of Heaven; and of the certainty and terror of the torments of Hell; and the Eternity of both: and of the necessity of Conversion and an holy life. Steep your hearts in such Considerations as these.

DIRECTION III.

IF you will be Converted and saved, attend upon the Word of God, which is the ordinary means. Read the Scripture, or hear it read, and other holy writings that do apply it, constantly; attend on the publick preaching of the Word. As God will lighten the world by the Sun, and not by himself alone without it: So will he Convert and save men by his Ministers, who are the Lights of the world, *Acts* 26. 17, 18. *Mat.* 5. 14. When he hath miraculously humbled Paul, he sendeth him to Ananias. *Acts* 9. 10. and when he hath sent an Angel to Cornelius, it is but to bid him send for Peter, who must tell him what he is to believe and do.

DIRECTION IV.

Take your self to GOD in a course of earnest constant Prayer: Confess and lament your former lives, and

and beg his Grace to illuminate and Convert you. Beseech him to pardon what is past, and to give you his Spirit, and change your hearts and lives, and lead you in his wayes, and save you from temptations. And ply this work daily, and be not weary of it.

DIRECTION V.

Presently give over your known and wilful sins. Make a stand and go that way no further. Be drunk no more: but avoid the place and occasion of it. Cast away your lusts and sinful pleasures with detestation. Curse, and swear, and rail no more: and if you have wronged any, restore as *Zachew* did. If you will commit again your old sins, what blessing can you expect on the means for Conversion?

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DIRECTION VI.

Presently, if possible, change your Company, if it have hitherto been bad. Not by forsaking your necessary Relations, but your unnecessary sinful companions; and joyne your selves with those that fear the Lord, and enquire of them the way to Heaven, *Acts* 9. 19, 26. *Psalm* 15. 4.

DIRECTION VII.

Deliver up your selves to the Lord Jesus as the Physitian of your souls, that he may pardon you by his blood, and sanctifie you by his Spirit, by his Word and Ministers, the instruments of the Spirit. He is the Way, the Truth, and the Life; there is no coming to the Father but by him, *John* 14. 6. Nor is there any other name under Heaven, by which you can be saved, *Acts* 4. 12. Study therefore his Person and Natures, and what he hath done and suffered for you and

and what he is to you : and what he will be, and how he is fitted to the full full supply of all your necessities.

DIRECTION VIII.

IF you mean indeed to Turn and Live, *Do it speedily without delay.* If you be not willing to Turn to day, you be not willing to do it at all. Remember you are all this while in your blood, under the guilt of many thousand sins, and under Gods wrath, and you stand at the very brink of Hell; there is but a step between you and death. And this is not a case for a man that is well in his wits to be quiet in. Up therefore presently, and fly as for your lives: as you would be gone out of your House if it were all on fire over your head. O, if you did but know what continual danger you live in, and what daily unspeakable loss you do sustain, and what a safer and sweeter life you might live, you would not stand trifling, but presently Turn.

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Multitudes miscarry that wilfully delay when they are convinced that it must be done. Your lives are short and uncertain; and what a Case are you in; if you dye before you thoroughly turn! You have staid too long already; and wronged God too long, sin getteth strength and rooting while you delay. Your Conversion will grow more hard and doubtful. You have much to do; and therefore put not all off to the last, lest God forsake you, and give you up to your selves, and then you are undone for ever.

DIRECTION IX.

IF you will Turn and Live, do it *unreservedly, absolutely, and universally*. Think not to capitulate with Christ, and divide your heart betwixt him and the world; and to part with some sins, and keep the rest: and to let go that which your flesh can spare. This is but self-deluding: you must in heart and resolution forsake all that you

you have, or else you cannot be his Disciples, *Luke* 14. 26, 33. If you will not take God and Heaven for your portion, and lay all below at the feet of Christ, but you must needs also have your good things here, and have an earthly portion, and God and Glory is not enough for you; it is in vain to dream of Salvation on these terms: For it *will not be*. If you seem never so Religious, if yet it be but a *Carnal* Religiousness; and the fleshes prosperity, or pleasure, or safety be still *excepted* in your devotedness to GOD; This is as certain a way to Death, as open prophaness, though it be more plausible.

DIRECTION X.

IF you will Turn and Live, do it *Resolvedly*, and stand not still deliberating, as if it were a doubtful case. Stand not wavering, as if you were yet uncertain, whether GOD, or the flesh be the better Master; or whether
 Heaven

Heaven or Hell be the better End; or whether sin or holiness be the better way. But away with your former lusts, and presently, habitually, fixedly Resolve: Be not one day of one mind, and the next of another; but be at a point with all the world, and Resolvedly give up yourselves and all you have to God. Now while you are reading or hearing this, Resolve. Before you sleep another night, Resolve. Before you stir from the place, Resolve. Before Satan have time to take you off, Resolve. You never turn indeed till you do Resolve; and that with a firm unchangeable Resolution.

So much for the Directions.

AND now I have done my part in this work, that you may Turn at the Call of God and Live. What will become of it, I cannot tell. I have cast the seed at Gods command; but it is not in my power to give the increase.

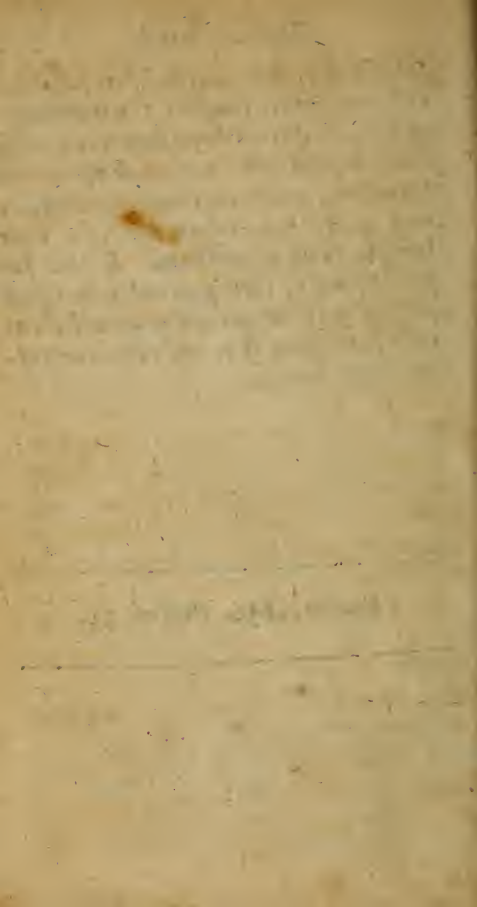
crease. I can go no further with my Message: I cannot bring it to your hearts, nor make it work: I cannot do your parts for you, to entertain it and consider of it: Nor I cannot do Gods part, by opening your hearts to cause you to entertain it: Nor can I shew you Heaven or Hell to your eye sight, nor give you new and tender hearts. If I knew what more to do for your Conversion, I hope I should do it.

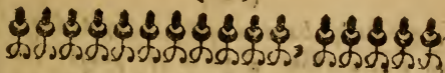
But O thou that art the gracious Father of Spirits, thou hast sworn thou delightest not in the death of the wicked, but rather that they turn and Live; deny not thy blessing to these Perswasions and Directions, and suffer not thine Enemies to triumph in thy fight; and the great deceiver of Souls to prevail against thy Son, thy Spirit, and thy Word. O pity poor unconverted sinners, that have not hearts to pity or help themselves: Command the blind to see, and the deaf to hear, and the dead to live: and let not sin and death be able

to

to resist thee. Awaken the secure, Resolve the unresolv'd; Confirm the wavering; and let the eyes of sinners that read these lines, be next employed in weeping over their sins; and bring them to themselves and to thy Son, before their sin have brought them to perdition. If thou say but the word, these poor endeavours shall prosper to the winning of many a soul; to their everlasting Joy, and thine everlasting Glory, Amen.

Finitur, 1656. Decemb. 31.





Three Prayers ; One for Families : another for a Penitent Sinner : And another for the Lords Day. For the use of those only who need such helps.

Reader,

TWO Reasons moved me to annex these prayers : 1. I observe that abundance of people who have some good desires, do forbear through disability to worship God in their families, who I hope would do it, if they had some such helps. And though there be many, such extant, yet few of these poor families have the Books : And I can give them my own at a little cheaper rate, than I can buy others to give them.

2. Some that seem to have been brought to true Repentance and newness of life, by Gods blessing on the reading

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of

of my Books, have earnestly intreated me, to write them a form of prayer for their families, because long disuse hath left them unable to pray before others.

For the service of God, and the good of men, I am contented to bear the censures of those, who account all forms or Book-prayers to be sins. For in an age when Pride (the Father) and Ignorance (the Mother) have bred Superstition (the Daughter,) and taught men to think that God as fondly valueth their several Modes of speaking to him, as they do themselves; and thinketh as contemptuously of the contrary as they; the question whether form or no form, Book or no Book, hath been resolved into such Tragical and direful effects, that I were too tender if a censure should discourage me.

If I live to write a Family-Directory, perhaps to these I may add many more.

*A Prayer for Morning and Evening
in Families.*

O GOD, the Infinite Eternal Spirit, most Perfect in Power, Wisdom and Goodness! though mortal eyes cannot behold thee, nor any created understanding comprehend thee; thou art present with us, and seeest all the secrets of our hearts; Our sins and wants are known to thee! But thou requirest our confessions as the exercise of our repentance, and our petitions as the exercise of our desires and filial dependance upon thee! And O that our souls were more fit for thy Holy presence, and for this great and holy work! O thou whose mercy inviteth miserable sinners to come unto thee, by the new and living way; meet us not in thy justice as a consuming fire, but accept us in thy righteous and beloved Son, in whose Mediation is our trust.

Thou who art the Great Creator of all things, didst make us in thine Image, to know thee, to love thee, and to serve thee: But sin hath corrupted all our powers, and turned them from thee, and against those holy ends and uses, for which thou didst create us: In sin we were conceived, and in sin we have lived, increasing our original guilt and misery. Though we knew that thou art our *Owner*, we have lived as if we were at our own disposal: we have called thee our King and Ruler; but we have rebelled against thee, and obeyed our carnal wills and appetites: Thou art Goodness and Love it self; and the author of all that is good and amiable, in all the world. And our souls should have loved thee, with fervency and delight: But our hearts have been estranged from thee, and have sought delight in worldly vanities, and in the pleasing of our fleshly minds and lusts. This deceitful world, hath had our love, our care,
our

our thoughts, our words, our time, our labour, as if it had been our home and portion, and we had been to continue here for ever, whilst our G d and our immortal souls have been neglected. Thou hast made us capable of endless Glory, and called us to seek it, and to set our hearts above on thee: But we have lived as if we believed not thy word, and have despised the joyes of Heaven which thou hast offered us; and preferred these short and sensual pleasures. We have trifled in thy Worship, and served thee hypocritically with our lips alone: we have taken thy dreadful name in vain: we have mispent thy holy day: we have dishonoured our superiors, and neglected our inferiors: our family which should have been ordered in holiness as a Church of God, hath been a house of vanity, worldliness and discontent: Our *thoughts* have been guilty not only of vanity, folly and confusion, but of malice, and of unclean and filthy lusts. Our tongues have

been guilty, not only of idle and foolish talk; but also of wrathful words and railings, of filthy and immodest speech, and of evil speaking and backbiting others, and of many a lie. We have not Loved our neighbours as our selves; nor done by all others, as we would have had them done by us: But we have been all for our *carnal selves*, Proudly desiring our own exaltation and esteem: and Covetously desiring our own commodity; and sensually desiring *pleasure* to our selves; whilst we have too little cared for the corporal or spiritual good of others. We have been very backward to love our enemies; and heartily to forgive a wrong: We have been unprofitable abusers of thy talents, and have wasted our precious times in vanity, and done but little good in the world.

And though thy wonderful mercy hath given us a Redeemer, and in him a sufficient remedy for our sins; and thou hast posed the understandings
of

of men and Angels, in this strange expression of thy *Wisdom* and thy *Love*; yet have we staggered at thy word in Unbelief, and stupidly neglected this great salvation. How carelessly have we heard and read thy Gospel? How little have we been affected with all the *Love* and *Sufferings* of our Saviour? We could have been thankful to one that had saved our lives, or enriched us in the world: But how unthankful have we been to him, who hath done so much to save our souls from endless misery: Alas our hard unhumiliated hearts, do make light of our sins and of thy just displeasure, and therefore make light of Christ and Grace. And it is just with thee to deny us for ever, the mercy which we set so light by.

But deal with us O Lord according to thy Goodness, and according to our great necessity, and not according to our desert. We have sinned as *men*, but be thou merciful as *God*. Where our sin aboundeth, O let thy

grace abound much more ! Thou gavest mankind a Saviour when we were thine enemies ; and thou wast in Christ reconciling the world unto thy self : And it is thy great design to glorifie thy wonderful love and mercy, by the advantage of our great unworthiness and misery ; and to forgive much, that we may love thee much. And if after all this we should doubt of thy willingness, to forgive believing penitent souls, we should greatly wrong the riches of thy grace. Thou soughtest us, when we sought not after thee ! And it is by thine own command that we seek thee, and beg thy mercy : And thou givest us the very desires, which we pour out before thee : Thou beseechest us to be reconciled, and to receive thy grace : And shall we question then whether thou art willing to give it ? There is enough in the Sacrifice and Merits of thy Son, to expiate our sins, and justifie penitent believers in thy sight. Thou hast

made

Forward. S Page. 9

made him the infallible Teacher of thy Church : He is a King most fit to Rule us, to defend and justifie us : Thy Spirit is the sanctifier of souls : And thy Love is sufficient to be our everlasting felicity and rest. We therefore humbly give up our selves, to Thee our GOD : To thee our Father, our Saviour, and our Sanctifier ; Beseeching thee to receive us upon the terms of thy Covenant of Grace. Remember not against us our youthful folly, ignorance and lusts : Forgive our secret and our open sins : Our sins of negligence, rashness and presumption : Especially those sins, which we have deliberately and wilfully committed, against our knowledge, and the strivings of thy grace. Renew and sanctifie us throughly by thy Spirit : Take from us the old and stony hearts, and give us hearts more tender and contrite, more teachable and tractable : And give us the Divine and heavenly nature, and make us Holy in the Image of thy Holiness :

Cause us to resign and devote our selves and all that thou givest us, entirely to thee as being thine *own*. Bring all the powers of our souls and bodies, into a full subjection to thy *Government*. O shew us thine infinite Goodness and perfections, and the wonderful mercy which thou hast given us in Christ; and shed abroad thy Love upon our hearts by the Holy Ghost, that we may be constrained by thy Love, to Love Thee above all things, with all our heart, and soul, and might. Let the beams of thy Love so fire our hearts, that we may Love thee fervently, and delight to love thee, and taste the beginning of the heavenly felicity and pleasures in thy Love, and may perceive that we can never Love thee enough; but may still be longing to Love thee more! we dare not say. [O that we could Love thee as thou art worthy] for that is above both men and Angels: But O that we could Love thee as much as we would Love thee! till we come to that most
 blef-

blessed state, where we shall Love thee
 more than now we can desire ! If we
 had never sinned in word or deed, the
 want and weakness of our Love to
 thee, is a sin which we can never suf-
 ficiently lament ; and the very shame
 of our corrupted natures ; and a bur-
 den that we cannot bear ! We crave
 no other felicity in this life, than to
 know thee better, and Love thee
 more. Give us the Spirit of adoption,
 which may possess us with all childlike
 affections to thee, as our Reconciled
 God and Father in Christ. Cause us
 to make thee our Ultimate End, and
 to seek thy Glory in all that we do.
 Let it be our chiefest study, in all
 things to please thee, to promote thy
 Kingdom, and to do thy will. Set
 up thy Glory above the Heavens, and
 let thy name be sanctified in all the
 earth. Convert the Heathen and In-
 fidel world, and let their Kingdoms
 become the Kingdoms of thy Son.
 Give wise and holy Rulers to the
 Nations ; and let the Gospel of Jesus,

go forth as the Sun, to the enlight-
 ning of all the quarters of the Earth.
 O that the world, which is ruled by
 the malicious Prince of darkness,
 might receive and obey thy holy
 Laws; and in the beauty and harmo-
 ny of holiness, be made more like
 the Saints in Heaven. Reform the
 Churches which are darkned and de-
 filed, and cast down that tyranny, un-
 godliness, heresie and schism, which
 keep out Knowledge, Holiness and
 Peace. Preserve and bless the Re-
 formed Churches; especially in these
 Kingdoms where we live. Bless the
 King and all in authority: Teach
 our Teachers; and give both able and
 faithful Pastors, to all the Congrega-
 tions of these Lands. And give the
 people obedient, pious and peaceable
 minds. Cause us to seek first thy
 Kingdom and righteousness; and let
 all other things be added to us. Give
 us all necessaries for the sustaining of
 our natures; and make us contented
 with our daily bread; and patient,
 if

if for our sins we want it. Teach us to improve our precious time, and not to spend it in idleness or sin: but to dispatch the work upon which our endless life dependeth; and to live as we shall wish at last that we had lived. Let our daily sins be daily and unfeignedly repented of; and be daily pardoned through Jesus Christ: And let us live in the belief of his mediation, according to our continual necessities. Let thy exceeding Love and pardoning mercy teach us to Love our neighbours as our selves; and to Love our enemies, and to pardon wrongs, and to do good to all according to our power. Strengthen us in our warfare against the flesh, the world and the Devil; that we may not only resist, but overcome. Keep us from the baits and snares of sin; and let us not thrust our selves into temptations. Save us from Ignorance and unbelief, from ungodliness and hypocrisie; from pride and worldliness, and slothfulness, and all
 sinful

sinful pleasing of the flesh. Cause us
 to worship thee, in holiness, and
 reverently to use thy dreadful name;
 and to remember the keeping holy
 of thy day. Keep us from sinful
 disobeying our Superiours; and all
 unfaithful neglecting our inferiours;
 and from injuring any in thought,
 word or deed: Keep us from sinful
 wrath and passions: from all unchasti-
 ty in thought, desire, words or acti-
 ons. Keep us from stealing and de-
 frauding others: from lying, slander-
 ing and backbiting; and mortifie that
 selfishness, which would set us against
 our neighbours welfare: Keep us from
 the judgements which we deserve; and
 let all afflictions work together for our
 good. O help us to spend this transi-
 tory life, in a faithful preparation for
 our death: And let our hearts and
 conversation be in Heaven: And for-
 sake us not in the time of our extre-
 mity; but take our departing souls to
 Chr.st.

Add in the Morning.

Protect, Direct
and bless us this
day, in all our
lawful wayes and
labours, that in the
Evening we may
return thee joyful
thanks, through
Jesus Christ our
only Saviour: In
whose words we
summe up all our
prayers: *Our Fa-
ther which art in
Heaven, Hallowed*

*be thy Name: Thy Kingdom come; Thy
Will be done; on Earth as it is in Hea-
ven. Give us this day our daily bread:
And forgive us our trespasses, as we for-
give them that trespass against us. And
lead us not into temptation: but deliver
us from evil: For thine is the Kingdom,
the Power and the Glory, for ever. Amen.*

Add in the Evening.

Preserve us this
night, and give us
such rest of bo-
dy and mind, as
may fit us for the
labours of the
following day, for
the sake of Jesus
Christ our Savi-
our, In whose
words we summe
up our requests.
*Our Father which
art in Heaven, &c.*

*A Confession and Prayer for a Penitent
Sinner.*

O Most Great, most Wise and Gracious God; though thou hatest all the workers of iniquity, and canst not be reconciled unto sin; yet through the mediation of thy blessed Son, with pity behold this miserable sinner, who casteth himself down at the footstool of thy grace: Had I lived to those high and holy ends, for which I was created and redeemed, I might now have come to thee in the boldness and confidence of a Child, in assurance of thy Love and favour: But I have played the fool and the rebel against thee. I have wilfully forgotten the God that made me, and the Saviour that Redeemed me, and the Endless Glory which thou didst set before me: I forgot the business which I was sent for into the world; and have lived as if I had

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had been made for nothing, but to pass a few dayes in fleshly pleasure, and pamper a carcase for the worms: I wilfully forgot, what it is to be a man, who hath Reason given him to rule his flesh, and to know his God, and to foresee his death, and the state of immortality: And I made my Reason a servant to my senses, and lived too like the beasts that perish. O the precious time which I have lost, which all the world cannot call back! O the calls of grace which I have neglected! and the reachings of God, which I have resisted! The wonderful Love which I unthankfully rejected; and the manifold mercies which I have abused, and turned into wantonness and sin! How deep is the guilt which I have contracted! And how great are the Comforts which I have lost! I might have lived all this while, in the Love of thee my gracious God: and in the delights of thy holy word and wayes: in the daily sweet foresight of Heaven,
and

and in the joy of the Holy Ghost ; If I would have been ruled by thy righteous Laws : But I have hearkned to the flesh , and to this wicked and deceitful world ; and have preferred a short and sinful life, before thy Love and endless Glory.

Alas, what have I been doing since I came into the world ? Folly and sin have taken up my time. I am ashamed to look back upon the years which I have spent : and to think of the temptations which I have yielded to : Alas, what trifles have enticed me from my God ? How little have I had for the holy pleasures which I have lost ? Like *Esau* I have prophane-ly sold my birthright for one morsel : To please my fancy my appetite and my lust , I have set light by all the joyes of Heaven ; I have unkindly despised the goodness of my Maker ! I have slighted the love and grace of my Redeemer ! I have resisted thy holy Spirit, and silenced my own conscience, and grieved thy Ministers and
my

my most faithful friends! and have brought my self into this woful case, wherein I am a shame and burden to my self; and God is my terror, who should be my only hope and joy.

Thou knowest my secret sins, which are unknown to men! Thou knowest all their aggravations! My sins O Lord have found me out! My fears and sorrows overwhelm me! If I look behind me, I see my wickedness pursue my soul, and as an army ready to overtake me and devour me! If I look before me, I see thy just and dreadful judgement, and I know that thou wilt not acquit the guilty: If I look within me, I see a dark defiled heart! If I look without me, I see a world still offering fresh temptations to deceive me; If I look above me, I see thine offended dreadful Majesty: and if I look beneath me, I see the place of endless torment, and the company with which I deserve to suffer. I am afraid to live, and more afraid to dye.

But

But yet when I look to thine abundant Mercy, and to thy Son, and to thy Covenant, I have hope. Thy Goodness is equal to thy Greatness: Thou art Love it self: and thy mercy is over all thy works: So wonderfully hath thy Son condescended unto sinners, and done and suffered so much for their salvation, that if yet I should question thy willingness to forgive, I should but add to all my sins, by dishonouring that matchless mercy which thou dost design to glorifie. Yea more, I find upon record in thy word, that through Christ thou hast made a Covenant of Grace, an Act of Oblivion, in which thou hast already conditionally but freely pardoned all: granting them the forgiveness of all their sins, without any exception, when ever by unfeigned faith and repentance, they turn to thee by Jesus Christ. And thy present mercy doth increase my hope, in that thou hast not cut me off, nor utterly left me to the hardness of my heart,

but

but shewest me my sin and danger before I am past remedy.

O therefore behold this prostrate sinner, which with the Publican smiteth on his breast, and is ashamed to look up towards Heaven; O God be merciful to me a sinner. I confess not only my original sin, but the follies and tary of my youth, my manifold sins of ignorance and knowledge, of negligence and wilfulness, of omission and commission: against the Law of Nature, and against the Grace and Gospel of thy Son! Forgive and save me O my God! for thy abundant mercy, and for the sacrifice and merit of thy Son, and for the promise of forgiveness which thou hast made through him: for in these alone is all my trust. Condemn me not, who condemn my self. O thou that hast opened so precious a fountain for sin and for uncleanness, wash me thoroughly from my wickedness, and cleanse me from my sin. Though thy justice might send me presently to Hell, let
 mercy

mercy triumph in my salvation. Thou hast no pleasure in the death of sinners, but rather that they repent and live ! If my repentance be not such as thou requirest, O soften this hardened flinty heart, and give me repentance unto life. Turn me to thy self, O God of my salvation, and cause thy face to shine upon me ! Create in me a clean heart, and renew a right Spirit within me ! Meet not this poor returning prodigal in thy wrath, but with the embracement of thy tender mercies ! Cast me not away from thy presence, and sentence me not to depart from thee with the workers of iniquity. Thou who didst patiently endure me when I despised thee, refuse me not now I seek unto thee, and here in the dust implore thy mercy ! Thou didst convert and pardon a wicked *Manasseh*, and a persecuting *Saul* ! And there are multitudes in Heaven who were once thine enemies ! Glorific also thy superabounding grace in the forgiveness of my abounding sins.

I ask not for liberty to sin again, but for deliverance from this sinning nature. O give me the renewing Spirit of thy Son, which may sanctifie all the powers of my soul ! Let me have the new and heavenly birth and nature ; and the Spirit of adoption to reform me to thine Image, that I may be holy as thou art holy. Illuminate me with the saving knowledge of thy self and thy Son Jesus Christ. O fill me with thy Love, that my heart may be wholly set upon thee ; and the remembrance of thee may be my chief delight. Let the freest and sweetest of my thoughts run after thee ! And the freest and sweetest of my discourse be of thee ; and of thy Glory and thy Kingdom, and of thy word and wayes. O let my treasure be laid up in Heaven, and there let me daily and delightfully converse. Make it the great and daily business of my devoted soul, to please thee, and to honour thee, to promote thy Kingdom, and
to

to do thy will : Put thy fear into my heart that I may never depart from thee ! This world hath had too much of my heart already : Let it now be crucified to me , and I to it, by the Cross of Christ. Let me not love it, nor the things which are therein : but having food and rayment, cause me therewith to be content. Destroy in me all fleshly lusts ; that I may not walk after the flesh, but the Spirit. Keep me from the snares of wicked company, and from the counsel and wayes of the ungodly. Bless me with the helpful communion of the Saints ; and with all the means which thou hast appointed to further our sanctification and salvation. O that my wayes were so directed that I might keep thy Statutes. Let me never return again to folly, nor forget the Covenant of my God ! Help me to quench the first motions of sin, and to abhor all sinful desires and thoughts ; and let thy Spirit strengthen me against all temptation, that I
 may

may conquer and endure to the end. Prepare me for sufferings, and for death and judgement, that when I must leave this sinful world, I may yield up my departing soul with joy, into the faithful hands of my dear Redeemer! that I be not numbered with the ungodly who die in their unpardoned sin, and pass into everlasting misery; But may be found in Christ, having the righteousness which is of God by faith; and may attain to the resurrection of the just: That so the remembrance of the sin and miseries from which thou hast delivered me, may further my perpetual thanks and praise, to thee my Creator, my Redeemer and my Sanctifier.

And O that thou wouldst call and convert the miserable Nations of Idolaters and Infidels; and the multitudes of ungodly hypocrites, who have the name of Christians, and not the truth and power and life! O send forth labourers into thy harvest, and let not Satan hinder them. Prosper thy

O

thy

thy Gospel and the Kingdom of thy Son, that sinners may more abundantly be converted to thee, and this Earth may be made liker unto Heaven: That when thou hast gathered us all into Unity in Christ, we may all with perfect Love and Joy ascribe to thee the Kingdom, the Power and the Glory, for ever and ever. *Amen.*

Praise and Prayer for the Lords Day.

GLORIOUS Jehovah, Thou art infinitely above the Praise of Angels; much more of such sinful worms as we: Far be it from our hearts to think, that thou needest any thing that we can do, or that all our praise can add unto thy blessedness! But thy Love and mercy hath advanced us to this honour, and made our own felicity our duty: For all that are far from thee shall perish; but it is good for us to draw near to thee! And lest the vanities and business of this world

world should hinder us, thou hast appointed us this thy special day, that our composed minds might be taken up, with thy Love and praise, and might attend the Lord without distraction, and might fore-taste our Everlasting Rest. O be thou now to thy servants souls, the Spirit of Life, the Spirit of Light, and Love and Power! That the Heavenly Life may quicken us to this holy and heavenly work; that by faith we may see thee in thy own communicated Light; and that our Love may rise with fervour and delight, through the sweet communication of thy Love: And that all within us which doth resist, may be overpowered by thy strength, which is manifested in our weakness; That so the sacrifice of our persons and our praise, which we humbly offer at thy command, may be such as are fit for thine acceptance, through Jesus Christ.

Thou and thou alone art G O D; the immortal, and invisible Spirit;

Eternal and infinite in Being and Per-
 fections! Before the forming of the
 world, from everlasting to everlasting
 thou art God. Thy understanding is
 infinite: Thou perfectly knowest thy
 self and all things; but art compre-
 hended by none! Thy will is Good;
 yea, Goodness it self, and perfect Love:
 Loving thy self and all thy works!
 Thou art the Almighty, and nothing
 is too hard for thee. Thou art the
 Creator of all the world; Thou
 broughtest all things out of nothing!
 Thou spakest the word, and they
 were made! Thou gavest their being
 to the glorious Angels, and all the in-
 tellectual Spirits; All the Heavens
 were made by thee! Thou saidst, Let
 there be Light, and there was light:
 Thou madest the Sun, and all the
 Stars: Thou gavest them their won-
 derful powers, and their offices, that
 by their Light and Heat and Motion,
 they might be for life and action, and
 for times and seasons here below;
 How glorious art thou O Lord in
 these

these' thy wondrous works ! the greatness, the glory and the virtues whereof, are so far beyond our dark apprehensions. The higher Spirits who better know them, and possess the high and glorious mansions, do better praise thee the great Creator, whose word did form that noble frame when the morning Stars did sing together, and all the Sons of God did shout for joy. Thou madest the Earth, the Land and Sea, and all the creatures that dwell therein : All Fowl and Fishes; Beasts and Plants; in wonderful variety, beauty and virtue hast thou made them all : The Air and clouds, the thunder and lightning, the rain and snow, the winds and earthquakes : the marvellous motions of the Sea, are all thy great unsearchable works, The smallest worm or flower doth far surpass our knowledge ! How then should mortals comprehend, the greatness, and harmonious order of the work ? How thou hast founded the earth up-

on nothing ? And what is in the depths thereof ? How thou movest and maintainest and preservest the order of the universal frame ! And causest the sweet and powerful influences, of the fiery and celestial parts, upon the things below ? How thou shuttest up the Sea with sandy doors ; and makest the clouds to be its garments, and the darkness as its swaddlingband : and saist, Hitherto, and no further shalt thou come ! How great O Lord, and manifold are thy works : In perfect Wisdom, Goodness and power thou hast made them all.

But it is Man whom thou hast made, the noblest inhabitant of this lower world : Thou breathest into his body the breath of life, and he became a living soul ! Thou madest him little lower than the Angels, that thou mightest crown him with glory and honour : Thou gavest him dominion over the works of thy hands ; and hast put all things below as under his feet. Thou madest him in
 thine

thine image, with an Understanding Mind, and an unforced will, and executive power; to *Know* and *Love* and *Serve* thee, his most Wise, and Good and Great Creator. Thou placedst him in this lower world; that he might pass through it to the blessed presence of thy Glory: Thou becamest a *Father* to him, being his *Owner*, his *Ruler* and his *Chiefest Good*; even his great *Benefactor*, and his ultimate end: That he might live in absolute *Resignation*, *Subjection* and *Love* to thee. Thou gavest him in *Nature* and in thy precept, a *Law* which was holy, just and good, that by following thy conduct, he might please thee and attain to full felicity; Thou didst furnish him with all things necessary to his obedience, and oblige him by the abundance of thy blessings. But he quickly fell from his innocency and honour, by turning from his God: He believed the false and envious Tempter, even when he accused thee of falsehood and

of envy : As if all thy wondrous works and mercies, had not proved thee to be True and Good. Thus did man foolishly requite the Lord, and forsook the rock of his salvation : And by one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin. But mercy rejoiced against judgement, and thou didst not let out all thy wrath : but with the sentence of death, thou didst joyn the Promise of a Redeemer. O that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works for the children of men !

As thou gavest the mercies of the Promise to the Fathers; so in the fullness of time thou didst send thy Son; He came and took our nature to his Godhead : Being conceived by the Holy Ghost; made of a Woman, under the Law : Born of a Virgin : He made himself of no reputation; but took upon him the form of a servant, and was made in the likeness of men. O wonderfull condescending Love ! Angels proclaimed it; and Angels ad-

Goe Backward to this; mire

mire it, and search into it ; and in the Churches Glass they still behold the manifold wisdom of God : how low then should Redeemed sinners fall, in the humble admirations of this Grace ! How high should they rise in the thankful praise of their Redeemer.

He came on earth and conversed with men, to make known to men the invisible God, and the unseen things of the world above : He came as the Light and Saviour of the world ; to bring to light immortality and life. He was holy, harmless and undefiled ; separate from sinners, and fulfilling all righteousness ; that he might be a meet High Priest and effectual Saviour of sinners. He taught us by his perfect doctrine and example, to be humble, obedient, and to contemn this world : to deny ourselves, and bear the Cross, that we may attain the everlasting crown of glory. He humbled himself to the false accusations and reproach of sinners, and to the shameful and bitter death

death of the Cross, to make himself a Sacrifice and propitiation for our sins, and a ranfome for our guilty souls, that we might be healed by his stripes. O matchless Love, which even for enemies, did thus lay down his precious Life! He hath conquered and sanctified, death and the grave to all believers. He therefore took part of flesh and blood, that he might by death destroy the Devil that had the power of death; and deliver them who through the fear of death, were all their life time subject unto bondage. He hath procured for mankind a Covenant of Grace, and sealed it as his testament with his blood. And now there is forgiveness with thee, that thou maist be chearfully feared and obeyed in hope. It was thine own Love to the world, O Father, which gave thine only begotten Son, that whosoever truly believeth in him, should not perish, but have everlasting life. Thou wast in Christ reconciling the world unto thyself,

self, and not imputing their sins unto them. Thou hast committed the word of reconciliation to thy Ministers, to beseech sinners even in thy name, and in the stead of Christ, to be reconciled to thee. Thou commandest them to offer thy mercy unto all, and by importunity to compel them to come in, that thy house may be filled, and thy blessed feast may be furnished with guests. Thou refuseth none that come to thee by Christ: Thou denyest thy mercy to none but the obstinate and final rejecters of it. Thou givest eternal life to them who were the Sons of death; and this life is in thy Son: For he is able to save to the uttermost, all that come to thee by him. To as many as receive him thou givest power, to become the Sons of God. Thou givest them also the Spirit of thy Son; even the Spirit of adoption, to renew them to thy holy image, that they may be like their Heavenly Father; to sanctifie them to thy self,

and

and by shedding abroad the love upon their hearts, to draw up their hearts in love to thee. Thou makest them a peculiar people to thy self, and zealous of good works, for which thou dost regenerate them. Thou givest them all repentance unto life; and crucifiest the flesh and all its lusts: Thou teachest them to live soberly, righteously and god'y, and savest them from this present evil world; and mortifiest their sinful love thereof; that thou maist have their love, and be their felicity. O with what Love hast thou loved poor rebellious sinners, that they should be converted and made the Sons of God? yea, heirs of Heaven, and co heirs with Christ; that when we have suffered with him, we may be glorified with him!

Thou dost build thy Church upon the Rock, the blessed Mediator; that the power of Hell may not prevail against it. Thou hast made him its Teacher, Priest and King: Of him we learn to know thee and thy will.

By

By him we have our peace, our acceptance and access to thee. He is the Lord of the dead and the living: Thou hast delivered all things into his hands, and made him Head over all things to the Church. When he ascended up on high, he appointed his Ministers, to gather, and order, and edifie this universal Church, which is his body: He gave his Apostles the infallible Spirit, to lead them into all truth; and the Spirit of *power* to be his witnesses by Miracles to the world! They have taught us all things whatsoever he commanded them; and committed that Doctrine in the Sacred Scriptures, to those Pastors and Teachers, whom thou hast appointed to preserve and Preach it, and to feed thy flock to the end of the world. And though sin, alas, hath wofully defiled, and Schism divided, these thy Churches; yet art thou among them and bearest with their infirmities, and givest them thine Oracles; and callest them to holiness, love and peace

and knowest thy wheat among the chaff.

O that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wondrous works for the children of men! How glorious art thou O Lord in holiness! to be revered in the assemblies of the Saints, and honoured of all that are about thee? Holiness becometh thy house for ever: In thy Temple shall every man speak of thy glory. We bless thy name O our great Creator! We bless thy name our gracious Redeemer! We bless thy name most Holy Spirit. O that our souls could with greater thankfulness magnifie the Lord, and our Spirits rejoyce in God our Saviour! Who hast pittied us in our lost estate, for thy mercy endureth for ever. We thank thee for our being! We thank thee that thou hast redeemed us from sin and Hell! We thank thee that thou hast brought us by Baptism into thy Covenant and Church! We thank thee for these high and sacred priviledges; that

that we are not forraigners or strangers among the Heathen and Infidel world, but fellow-Citizens with the Saints, and of the household of God: That we may stand in the presence of thy holiness, and praise thee in the assemblies of believers, and are not banished from these sacred societies and works! A day in thy Courts is better than a thousand! We had rather be door-keepers in the house of God, than to dwell in the Pallaces of wickedness. Blessed are they that know the joyful sound, and fruitfully live under the dews of Heaven; They shall walk O Lord in the light of thy countenance; In thy name shall they réjoyce all the day, and in thy righteousness shall they be exalted: For thou art their glory and their strength; and in thy favour they shall be safe and glad and great.

But especially those whom thou hast brought into the invisible Church of the regenerate, can never sufficiently

ently magnifie thy grace. When we lived as without thee in the world, and never sincerely loved or desired thee; but followed our fleshly lusts, and the deceitful vanities of the world; When God was not in all our thoughts, and we had no pleasure in thy holy wayes; When we despised grace, and resisted thy Spirit, and went on adding sin to sin: Then didst thou pity us in our blood! Thou sentest us thy word: Thou madest it powerfull on our hardened hearts; Thou broughtest us to consider of our state and wayes; and gavest us some relenting and contrition. It is comfortable to us to review, the strivings and victories of thy grace: the meltings of thy mercy, and the comforts of thy Love! When we feared lest our sins would have been our damnation, and that thou wouldst never receive such wretched rebels; how freely didst thou pardon all? How graciously didst thou embrace us? delighting

God to this mark L. 10

to shew mercy, and overcoming our hearts with the greatness of thy love? O how many sins didst thou forgive? What work had thy Spirit to do, upon these ignorant, proud and selfish minds? Upon these carnal, worldly and disobedient hearts? How many mercies, preservations, comforts, hast thou since that time vouchsafed us? How many desires hast thou first given us, and then accepted from us? How many afflictions hast thou shortned or sanctified. How many joyful or profitable hours, have we had with thee alone in secret? and with thee and thy people in the Communion of Saints? Many O Lord are thy wondrous works, and thy thoughts of mercy to thy servants: If we would reckon them in order and declare them, they are more than can be numbered. And after all these as Priests to God, we are here to offer thee the Sacrifice of praise; rejoicing in thee our portion and salvation.

And when this short and troublesome

Some life is ended, we have thy promise that we shall rest with thee for ever. If in this life only we had hope, we should be of all men most miserable. But thou wilt conduct us through this Wilderness, and guide us by thy counsel, and bring us in season to thy glory. For thou hast not given us these faculties to seek thee, and know thee and Love thee and delight in thee in vain: Thou wilt surely perfect nature and grace, and cause them to attain their end. The great undertaking, work and sufferings of our Redeemer shall not be in vain. Thy sealed promise shall not be broken. Thy Spirit hath not in vain renewed us, and sealed us to that blessed day: Nor shall thy pledge, and earnest, and witness within us, prove deceits. These desires and groans shall not be lost; And these weak beginnings of Light and Love, do foreshew our full fruition and perfection. This seed of grace portendeth glory: And the foretastes of Love, do tell us that we shall

be

be happy in thy Love for ever. Our hope in thy goodness, thy Son, and thy Covenant, will never leave us frustrate and ashamed.

We therefore bless thy name O Lord, as those that are redeemed from Death and Hell! as those who are advanced to the dignity of thy Son! as those whom thou savest from all their enemies; but especially from *our selves*, and from our sins! We bless thy name, as those who are entering into glory! and hope to be with Christ for ever! where sin and sorrow, enemies and fears, shall be shut out, and shall molest our souls no more for ever!

We foresee by faith that happy day! We see by faith the *New Jerusalem*! the innumerable Angels! the perfected spirits of the just! their glorious Light! their flaming Love! their perfect harmony! We hear by faith their joyful Songs of thanks and praise. Lately they were as low and sad as we: in sins and sorrows; in manifold weakness,

ness, sufferings and fears ! But by faith and patience they have overcome ! And in faith and patience we desire to follow our Lord and them ! The time is near : This flesh will quickly turn to dust, and our delivered souls shall come to thee ? Our life is short ! and our sins and sorrows will be short ! Then shall we see with open face ! and in thy light we shall have light ! We shall no more groan, and cry out in darkness, O that we could know the Lord ! Then shall we love thee with pure, unmixed perfect love ! and need no more to groan and cry, O that our souls were enflamed with thy love ! Then shall we praise thee with thankful alacrity and joy, which will exceed our present apprehensions and desires !

O blessed streams of Light and Love, which will flow from thy opened glorious face, upon our souls for ever ! How far will that Everlasting Sabbath, and those perfect praises, excell these poor and dull endeavours !

As

As that triumphant City of God excelleth, this imperfect, childish, discomposed Church.

Quicken O Lord our longings for that blessed state and day ! O come Lord Jesus ! Come quickly ! and fulfill thy word ; that we may be with thee, where thou art, and may behold thy glory ! Stay not till faith shall fail on earth. Stay not till the powers of darkness conquer all the remnant of thine inheritance, and make this world yet liker unto Hell ; nor till the godly cease, and the faithful fail from among the children of men ! O when shall the world acknowledge their great Creator and Redeemer ; and abhor their Idols, and cease from their unbelief ! When shall the rest of the Heathens and Infidels, be thy sons inheritance and the Kingdoms of the world become his Kingdom ! O when shall Heaven be made the pattern of this earth ! and men delight to do thy will ! When shall the proud, the worldly and the sensual, renounce their deceits, and walk

walk humbly and holily with their God? And the fool whose heart denyeth the Lord, and calleth not upon thee, but catcheth up thy people as bread, return unto thee, and fear thy name, and fight no more against his Maker! Hasten O Lord the salvation of thy people, and keep them in uprightness and patience to the end. Have mercy upon all the ignorant and unreformed Churches in the world! Deliver them from the Eastern and Western tyrannie, which keepeth out the means of knowledge and reformation! And restore them to the primitive purity, simplicity and unity, that their light may shine forth, to the winning of the Heathen and Infidel world, whom now their pollutions drive from Christ! Preserve and repair the Churches which are reformed; and revive among them knowledge, holiness and peace. Bless these Kingdoms with the light and power of the Gospel, and with peace. O bless the King and all in authority, with the wisdom, holi-
ness

ness and prosperity, which are needful to their own, and to the common good! And keep the Subjects in their duty to thee and their superiors: that we may live a quiet and peaceable life, in all godliness and honesty. Let all the Congregations be blessed with burning shining lights: And let the buyers and sellers be cast out of thy Temple. And let not the malice of Satan, or the Sacrilege of men, be able to hinder the Gospel of thy Kingdom, nor alienate thy devoted faithful labourers, from thy harvest work.

Give us the necessaries of this present life, and a contented mind with what thou givest us! And kill in us our worldly love, and fleshly lusts.

Teach us to live daily by faith on our Redeemer. And by him let us have continual access to thee; and the daily pardon of our daily sins: and a heart to love and pardon others.

O save us from all the suggestions of Satan; and from the snares of this world,

world, and the allurements of sinners; and from all the corrupt inclinations of the flesh. And give us not up to sin, nor to our own concupiscence: nor to the malice of Satan, or of ungodly men: nor to any destructive punishment which our sin deserves!

O teach us to know the work of life, and the preciousness of our short and halty time! and to use it as will most comfort us at our last review: Teach us so to number our dayes, as that we may apply our hearts to wisdom! And not like fools, to waste in vain, those precious hours, on which Eternity dependeth; and which all the world cannot call back. Let us do thy work with all our might; especially in our particular Callings and relations: Let us make our Calling and Election sure, and spend our dayes in the delightful exercise of faith, hope and love: Keep us still watchful and in a continual readiness for death and judgement, and longing for the coming of our Lord. Let our hearts and conversations be in Heaven, from whence we look for our glorious Redeemer; In whose words we sum up all our prayers—*Our Father which art in Heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy will be done; on Earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread; And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation: but deliver us from evil. For thine is the Kingdom, the Power and the Glory; for ever. Amen.*

Wouldst have a friend,
dost know what friend is best
have God thy Friend
who parts all thy Rest.

Twenty thousand
copies of this excellent
piece of practical
divinity were sold in
one year - it has
also been translated
into all the European
languages, and into
the Indian.

Elizabeth

I should rather be the
author of "Mr. Baxter's
call to the unconverted
than the author of
Milton's Paradise-Lost

"Dr. Watts

