

# Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 25.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JULY 12, 1897.

No. 112.

**NEW NOVELTIES.**

Some pretty things in—

**Jubilee Brooches, Stick Pins and Medals**

And a lot more fine Leather Belts, Sterling Silver Mounted Jubilee Buckles.

**Chaffoner, Mitchell & Co.** JEWELLERS  
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**MESSENGERS WANTED**—Requirements: over 17 years of age; owner of a bicycle; recommendation as to character. Wm. Christie, local manager, C.P.R. Co's. Telegraph. 1731

**REDUCED RATES**

—VIA—

**THE BLOODY TURK**

**A Horrible Situation Prevails in Armenia—A Reign of Butchery and Outrage.**

Startling Report From a Number of Armenians and Gregorian Bishops.

Paris, July 2.—Paris Charpentier, director-general of the French mission in the Levant, has received by way of the Caucasus and Tiflis a report prepared by a number of Armenian notables and Gregorian bishops on the situation in Armenia. It took a messenger who had the documents in charge nearly three months to get through the difficulties and dangers along the Turkish frontier, which was carefully guarded against all Armenians or Armenian sympathizers. The report, which is thirty printed pages, is very carefully prepared and goes fully into details.

According to the authors the Turks in Armenia, fearing European intervention, have abandoned the old practices of wholesale massacre, but during the last year there have been clandestine exterminations and the most terrible persecutions, especially in the more remote provinces. The Turks openly boast that they have sworn to wipe out the whole Armenian race, slowly but surely.

The document recites in detail the various forms of persecution. It appears that tax collectors seize the inhabitants if they do not pay everything demanded. "Women are taken through the street with chains around their necks and kept for days without food. In some cases they are fastened to pillars, and down wards they are beaten until the blood runs. In other cases their heads are tied behind their backs, and the cats, first made furious, are thrown into their bosoms. Often they are burned in various parts of their bodies with red hot irons."

"At the highways are guarded so as to prevent emigration. Not a single day passed without our hearing of a witness being somewhere within the unfortunate provinces some English subject. The Turks and Kurds enter houses of the Armenians in gangs, bind the men, then drag their wives, sisters and daughters before their eyes."

The document concludes with the despairing cry: "Our hope is dying out. God help us! May Europe have pity upon us!"

**THE EASTERN SITUATION.**

**The Sultan Asks Emperor William for Support.**

London, July 12.—The Times' Berlin correspondent says that the Sultan's telegram to Emperor William asked the Emperor "to consider the representations made by the Turkish ambassador at the German foreign office and support them in the European concert." Emperor William replied that he would examine these reports in a friendly spirit, but abstained from giving any assurance of his aid.

**FROM THE CAPITAL**

**Hon. Mr. Fisher to Inspect Experimental Farm and the Quarantine Station.**

**Paterson and Tarte on an Ontario Tour—Municipal Sensation in Ottawa.**

Ottawa, July 12.—Hon. Mr. Fisher leaves in two weeks for British Columbia, and after visiting the experimental farm there and inspecting the quarantine stations will go to Japan.

Collectors of customs have been notified that the orders respecting the collection of duty on repairs to vessels in foreign ports are cancelled. But otherwise advised, customs duties are not to be collected on ordinary repairs which go to make up the hull of Canadian vessels, nor on repairs to tackle or machinery there when made in a foreign port. This exemption from duty does not, however, apply to machinery from any country excepting the United Kingdom, for use on Canadian vessels if the machinery is of a class or kind made in Canada. If a Canadian vessel is rebuilt in a foreign port, the question of liability to duty should be reported to the department of customs for decision.

A dispatch from the colonial office to the governor-general deals with the new regulations which the British board of agriculture has adopted governing the importation of dogs. It is made a condition for the entry of a dog that a license shall first be obtained from the board certifying that it is free from disease. The law comes into force September 15.

Messrs. Paterson and Tarte have tonight for western Ontario on a tour of inspection. They will spend tomorrow in Toronto.

There was a cabinet meeting for the first of business this afternoon.

Eight aldermen of this city have resigned and two will be added to the number as soon as they return to the city. Messrs. Davidson and Foster. This leaves fourteen aldermen to do the business of the city. Ald. Powell may also resign. The trouble arose over the purchase of La France fire engines in preference to the whole city.

**Jammed for Time.**

**He Will Get There!**

*Jam! Jam! Not Jim Jam, but Red Currant Jam, Black Currant Jam, Apricot Jam and all Jams. We have the Fruit and Sugar to make Jam, and the bottles to hold Jam.*

Pint Jam Jars, 75c.  
Quart Jam Jars, 90c.  
Half Gallon Jam Jars, \$1.10.  
Apricots, per box, 90c.  
Peaches, per box, 90c.  
Sugar, 20 lbs. for \$1.00.

**DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.**

**Canadian Pacific Railway**

—TO—

St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City

**\$31.00**

**To TORONTO**

1st \$43.40 2nd \$41.70

**To MONTREAL and NEW YORK**

1st \$49.00 2nd \$47.00

To Boston and all U.S. and Canadian points at reduced rates.

Through First-class Sleepers and Tourist Cars to all Eastern points.

**Daily Without Change.**

For all particulars, apply to  
E. J. COYLE,  
Dist. Pass. Agent, GEO. L. COURTNEY,  
Vancouver. Agent.  
Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts., Victoria.

**WEILER BROS.**

Are showing the following

**New Goods**

A big line of Pictures. Some pretty Go-Carts. Specialties in Japanese Rugs. Comfortable Garden Chairs. Hammocks and Steamer Chairs.

Drilled Muslin Curtains (very pretty). Swiss Lace and other Curtains. Cretonnes, Mullins, Silks. Being the choicest selected in the Province.

**DRAPERY DEPARTMENT**

**WON'T ARBITRATE**

**Japan Ignores Hawaii's Proposition Regarding Settlement of Immigration Dispute.**

**Japanese Minister at Berlin Says His Country Is Not Opposed to Annexation.**

Washington, July 12.—Hawaii has offered to refer to arbitration the immigration question pending between herself and Japan, and the Tokyo government have so far ignored the proposition. The graphic information to this effect has been received at the state department, and will therefore possibly delay the report just published that Japan had agreed to arbitrate the vexed question she is discussing with the Hawaiian government. The Hawaiian authorities do not expect Japan to accept arbitration. There is general expectation in administration circles as to whether, if the senate ratifies the pending annexation treaty or fails to take action during the present session, this government will have to settle with Japan the immigration question.

London, July 12.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The Japanese minister here assures me that the idea of the adoption by Japan of defensive measures against American annexation of Hawaii is absurd."

**FRANCE AND GERMANY**

**Conclude a Convention for the Delimitation of Hinterland.**

Paris, July 12.—After seven weeks of difficult but friendly negotiations France and Germany have concluded a convention for the delimitation of Hinterland, between Fogo and Dabomey. By the terms of the convention France obtains the exclusive possession of Guernia, while Germany annexes Sandanne Mangue to Togolante.

**THE JAMESON RAID.**

**The South African Committee Revising the Chairman's Report.**

New York, July 12.—The London correspondent of the Tribune says: "The South African committee is revising Chairman Jackson's report, with Mr. Labouchere privileged to dissent from it, and Mr. Blake in retirement. It is confidently expected that in the main the report will re-affirm the conclusions of the Cape parliament, censure Mr. Rhodes, exonerate the colonial office, and casually mention Mr. Hawley's refusal to hand over the telegrams."

"There is more interest in the probable action of the commons than in the report itself. The opposition will raise a debate upon it, but probably without Sir William Harcourt's leadership. The best point is to be made against Hawley; but he is an agent, not a prince, and it is not probable that Mr. Rhodes will be brought back from the Cape to produce the telegrams. A strong effort will be made by the Radicals to have Mr. Rhodes expelled from the privy council, and in order to meet this attack the committee will ensure him in the report. Englishmen are weary of the subject, and only too anxious to have it buried and out of sight."

**Interest Increases**

As the Great Clearance Sale progresses at THE WESTSIDE. Everyone satisfied with the way we conduct our Sales, so they come day after day. We're busy adding more fuel to the fire of

**Great Price Reductions**

No "sale" goods prepared for you, but a great, bright new stock, offered at **TREMENDOUS DISCOUNTS FROM INTRINSIC VALUES.**

35c. Dress Tweeds at	15c!
10c. 36-inch Flannelettes	5c., etc!
Extra Heavy Pillow Cotton	10c!
Good Turk. Towels	10c!
Good Roller Crash	5c!
Flowered Dress Muslins	5c!
Good Corsets	25c and 50c!
More Blouses at	25c!
Two Thousand Card Lovely Buttons, per card	5c!
Fine Kid Gloves	75c!

Short Ends and Remnants from all branches of the store, Half Price, and in many instances at less!

**The Westside.**

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

**NEEDLESS ALARM**

**The Scare About India is Without Apparent Reason.**

New York, July 12.—A London cable to the Tribune says: "There has been something like a scare about India, but without apparent reason. Journalists have been writing as though another mutiny is imminent because two British officers were murdered at Pannah and the police were compelled to fire upon the rioters in the suburb of Calcutta. No Sepoys have been concerned in these affairs and there is no ground for apprehending an outbreak or a military revolution. Since 1857 India has been a military monarchy too strong to be overthrown. Evidently the people of India are more discouraged than irritable or resentful. The native races are temporarily disheartened by the plague and famine, but the unrest is not considered dangerous by the British government."

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

on Thursday evening, July 15, in aid of hall fund; doors open at 7:30 o'clock; admission free. Palmistry, magic lake, Saturnoscope, come early if you wish to consult La Gitana. 1712-44

**TO BUILDERS**—Doors and sashes at bed-rock prices. J. W. Mellor, Fort St. 1794

**BICYCLE REPAIRS** of all kinds done by us. We have the best plant of tools in the city for this work. If you have a cut tire or bad puncture we can vulcanize it good as new. J. Barnsley & Co., 110 Government street.

**MELLOR'S** bath tub enamel is the only reliable enamel for baths; new designs in wall papers. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas.

**LINSEED OIL**—Guaranteed pure English oil, at 65c. per gallon, in 4 gallon lots; pure lead, 30c. per 100 lbs., No. 1 Elephant, 35.00 per 100 lbs. J. W. Mellor, Fort St.

**SPECIAL REDUCED RATES**

**ALL POINTS EAST**

**The Great Northern Ry**

Will sell first class tickets to Chicago and all points East at very low rates, on the following dates: July 12th to 17th, July 19th to 22nd, 24th to 29th, and August 2nd, 5th and 9th. For all information write or call upon

**J. H. ROGERS, Agent,**  
75 Government Street.

**TERRIBLE RAILWAY DISASTER.**

**Train Wrecked Near Copenhagen Kills Forty Persons—Sixty Injured.**

Copenhagen, July 12.—A terrible railway disaster took place about midnight at Gjentofte. The express from Helsinki ran into a passenger train standing at the station, wrecked eight cars, killed forty persons, and injured sixty others. Most of the victims are of the artisan class. The dead and injured are being conveyed to this city.

**OUTBREAK IN BORNEO.**

**Matsalleh, the Rebel Leader, and His Followers on the Rampage.**

Labuan, Island of Labuan, North-west Coast of Borneo, July 12.—Matsalleh, the rebel leader, and sixty followers attacked and burned the government station at Gaya, at daybreak yesterday. They looted the town, sacked the treasury, securing £2,000, which was on deposit. Imprisoned the officers in charge and others, and killed the corporal of police. The British residents have gone to Gaya with a small force of Dyaks.

**DROWNING ACCIDENTS.**

**An Unusual Number Occurred at New York Yesterday.**

New York, July 12.—An unusual number of accidents occurred in the waters adjacent to New York yesterday. F. R. Hope, an Englishman, 26 years of age, ventured beyond his depth at Norton's Point and was drowned.

An unknown sloop foundered in a heavy blow off Long Beach, L. I., late yesterday. Half a dozen or more persons were seen on the vessel.

**NO HEADS BROKEN.**

Twelfth of July Celebrated Very Quietly in Belfast.

Belfast, Ireland, July 12.—The usual celebration in commemoration of the battle of the Boyne took place today. Twenty thousand Orangemen marched in the procession and great crowds filled the streets. There was no disturbance, and everything passed off in the most orderly fashion.

**ORIENTAL ADVICES.**

**The Foreign Colony at Tientsin Reported in Danger.**

San Francisco, July 12.—The Oriental steamer Doric arrived from China and Japan to-day two days ahead of time. She brought Yokohama advices to June 20th. The Japanese Mail gives a summary of the correspondence from Tientsin, which shows that the state of the foreign colony in that city is alarming. Three Chinese were killed in the last days of May on charges that they had stolen native children in order that they might serve as offerings.

The foundation of the new French cathedral (Catholic) was dedicated on June 20th.

A Tientsin correspondent says: "It is reported that a conspiracy has been formed to attack the foreign settlement on June 21st and burn the Roman Catholic cathedral. The consuls of various nationalities have deemed it prudent to telegraph the facts to their governments and ask the protection of men-of-war. The garrs leading from the foreign settlement to the Chinese quarter is closed every night at 1 o'clock. The Japanese gunboat Akaki is now at Taku, in response to requests from the Japanese consul. Chinese soldiers are quartered in various parts of the city for the purpose of checking the rioters."

**HIGH LIFE CIGARETTES**

CONTAIN NO ODOR OF NICOTINE. DO NOT STAIN THE FINGERS AND RETAIN FIRE.

**AT H. SALMON'S.**

THE GREAT STRIKE

The New York Journal Sees in It a Great Danger—Lies to Spread Rapidly.

President McKinley Called Upon to Take Steps to Bring About Arbitration.

New York, July 10.—The New York Journal contains a long editorial on the strike, its magnitude, importance, danger, and the duty of the government under the circumstances.

What threatens to be beyond comparison the greatest labor strike ever seen in the United States has been ordered. The coal miners of ten states are involved, and it is predicted that they will be joined by other wage-workers until the number of men directly concerned in this demand for better wages will reach half a million.

This simultaneous revolt of the coal miners of ten states is no spark. It is a fire of imposing dimensions, which, unless checked at the start, may become a terrible conflagration. Moreover, accident has nothing to do with the striking. The miners have been deliberate in their preparations, and gave warning weeks in advance of their intention to engage in the struggle upon which they have now entered.

No thoughtful man, caring either for his country or his own interests, can view the situation as it exists at this moment in the coal regions of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Tennessee, Alabama, Iowa and Kentucky without the gravest apprehensions. Behind every effect there is a cause, and behind this gigantic strike lie industrial conditions which are a menace to the republic.

The miners declare that if they continue to work at the wages now given them, they and their families must do without the necessities of life. They say that starvation is to be their fate without striking, they may as well starve while doing what they can to better their lot in the future. The mine operators, on the other hand, assert that they cannot pay more wages and do business at a profit. The miners aver that low as is the money return they receive for mining a ton of coal, they are cheated in its measurement by means of false scales, and by being compelled to trade at "company stores" and live in "company houses," exorbitant prices and rents are wrung from them, the penalty for refusal to submit being discharge. In these complaints the miners are supported by the reports of investigating legislative committees. It is pleaded that an operator who does not resort to these devices of extortion is at a 20 per cent. disadvantage in competing with the operator who does. But whatever the causes, it is self-evident that over a considerable portion of the Union the working population is living so near the edge of absolute want that desperation has become chronic. To look for contentment, home building, the proper education and upbringing of children—to look for good citizenship from these conditions is to expect to gather figs from thistles. A magazine ready to explode and do infinite mischief has been prepared, and there is ample reason to fear that the explosion is at hand.

What is to be done? The usual manner of dealing with strikes is to leave the parties to them to fight it out—to do nothing. On the average that is a safe enough plan. But in this instance the battle ground is too vast, the multitude of workers too enormous for the strike not to become a question of public moment, calling for intervention from the outside in order that justice may be served and the peace preserved. It is less a strike than an insurrection, and the whole nation has a vital interest in it.

Every man of sense, every man with a heart, cannot but feel that civilization owes something to these desperate workmen that it owes to itself and the order which is necessary to its existence. To support all efforts that can be made to arrest this stupendous strike and save the country from a repetition of the Homestead horror upon a vaster scale.

It seems that the government at Washington has a plain and immediate duty, one that makes as loud a demand upon its thought and energies as riot would make for the troops it would not and could not, hesitate to send. The congress of the United States may do no more patriotic and useful and humane thing than drop the tariff for a day and invite the mine owners and their hundreds of thousands of revolted men to arbitrate their disputes. And the president of the United States might, with entire propriety, and to the increase of his dignity, address himself to the same subject. The country has suffered enough and trade, it has undergone too much self-denial and privation from hard times, and has had its fortitude and patience tried too sorely to endure with calmness an obstinacy on either side to the quarrel that would stay its adjustment on equitable ground. The country is feverish elsewhere than in Pennsylvania.

The Journal respectfully calls upon President McKinley to take the initiative in recommending arbitration in the interest of labor, in the interest of capital, in the interest of justice and peace, and for the sake of the national well-being.

To prevent pale and delicate children from lapsing into chronic invalidity, to life, they should take Apple's Food together with plenty of wholesome food and outdoor exercise. What they need to build up the system is good red blood.

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring a portrait of a woman and the product name.

THE GREAT LABOR WAR.

The Dispute in the Engineering Trade in England.

London, July 10.—The dispute in the engineering trades seems likely to rank amongst the greatest labor wars. It is a deliberate test of strength between the associated employers and their men, with whom the trades unions are engaged to secure an eight hour day of work at the present nine hour wages; and unless there is some agreement reached 100,000 engineers will be idle within a week. The trades unions are prepared to spend £50,000 of their reserve fund in support of their claims.

IRELAND PACIFIED.

Mr. Balfour's Broad and Generous Scheme of Relief.

London, July 10.—In the house of commons yesterday, in the course of discussion on the Irish estimates, Mr. Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, after a fierce attack on the Irish board of works by Timothy Healy, made a statement as to the manner in which the government propose to spend the half million pounds voted by parliament for the development of the resources of Ireland.

The scheme, said the chief secretary, "proposed the construction of light railways through the congested districts of North Donegal, and to open up by means of steamboats and coaches a new tourist route right across the west of Ireland. A steamer service a hundred miles up the Shannon will begin on the 1st of August, while other lines of steamers and coaches will connect Killarney district with Connemara."

Then occurred a curious scene. The Nationalists, who had previously been abusing the government for its wanton disregard of Ireland, arose, one after the other, and effusively thanked Mr. Gerald Balfour for the broad and generous manner in which he had dealt with the problem, all admitting that he had done the best possible with the funds at his command.

In response to appeals by Irish members that the government should make some provision for a Catholic university in Ireland, Mr. Balfour, the first friend of the treasury, in a very sympathetic speech, admitted that the absence of a university was a hardship for Ireland, and said he would do his utmost in the direction of such an institution, but he said he was not in a position to make a definite promise.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Railway Construction—Montreal Matters.

Winnipeg, July 10.—Immigration Commissioner McCreary says that there is an agreement between the government and the C. P. R. to the effect that work on the Crow's Nest Pass railway will be given, as far as possible, to intending and desirable settlers, and he is in correspondence with his agents, the result of which may be the bringing from Scotland and Wales of between 2,000 and 3,000 able-bodied men. Between 30 and 40 Swedes came in from Duluth yesterday, expecting to get work on this railway.

Mr. W. Armstrong, of Vancouver, one of the best known Canadian contractors, who has been in the city for a few days, left for Montreal to-day to purchase construction machinery for the railway.

It is reported at Brandon that Chas. Whitehead, the well known contractor, has secured the contract for the rock work on the Crow's Nest Pass railway from the summit of the mountains to Nelson, B. C.

Montreal, July 10.—After two months' idleness, operations were resumed yesterday at C. Macdonald's big tobacco factory at Hochelaga, more than 1,000 hands starting work.

E. P. Walton, D.C.L., has been appointed Professor of Roman law and Dean of the Faculty of Law at McGill University, in place of Dr. L. H. Davidson, Q.C., who resigned.

Rosanna Therrien, a washerwoman, was shot and instantly killed by Xavier Charbonneau in a disorderly house last night. Charbonneau then shot and killed himself.

F. P. Buck, president of the Knot Hill mine, in the Boundary country, has wired the last payment on the property, amounting to \$12,000.

Toronto, July 10.—The Orange Order of British North America has decided to separate the regular business of the order from the mutual insurance branch, and in future Grand Secretary Lockhart will look after the purely administrative business of the order exclusively, while J. F. Leighton, of this city, will attend to the affairs of the mutual insurance.

Winnipeg, July 10.—David Black, reported to have come from British Columbia on mining business, to-day fell down a flight of stairs on Market street and received several severe bruises.

Perth, July 10.—The Conservatives of South Lanark have nominated Lieut. Col. Matthews, the present representative, as their candidate in the coming provincial election.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, etc., should try them.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

Advertisement for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, featuring a portrait of a man and the product name.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

The Trend of Commerce as Reported by Bradstreet and R. G. Dun & Co.'s Agencies.

Business Continues Dull in the United States—The Canadian Situation.

New York, July 10.—Bradstreet to-day says:

There is only a moderate volume of trade throughout the country, the more noteworthy change being the checked demand in the West and Northwest, due to the excessive heat and storms, continued favorable reports as to the cereal and other crop prospects, and disturbances in industrial lines, due to the strike of about 1,200,000 bituminous coal miners. The reluctance of West Virginia operatives to join in the strike complicates the situation.

The prospect of an early settlement of the tariff has strengthened the widespread feeling of hopefulness that autumn will bring a revival of consumptive demand.

Export of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States and Montreal this week amount to 2,250,000 bushels, compared with 2,775,000 bushels last week, and 2,167,000 bushels two weeks ago, 2,377,000 bushels three years ago, as contrasted with 4,134,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

There are 215 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, compared with 225 last week, 219 in the week last year, 225 two years ago, 223 three years ago, and as compared with 398 in the first week of July, 1893. There are thirty-four business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, compared with thirty-three last week.

Dun & Co. to-day says: The strike of the bituminous coal miners has taken 75,000 or more from work and threatens to restrict supplies of fuel in some quarters, though the West Virginia, and some other mines which declined to take part, claim to be able to meet the eastern demand. In the West the strike is by no means united, sustained, and the impression prevails that it will not last long.

The tin plate workers have settled the wage question and are again busy, and show a production of 4,500,000 boxes yearly, with a capacity of 6,250,000 boxes.

The bar mills have made trouble, but a general agreement to reduce the steel wages is expected without much delay. Western wool prices are such above those of seaboard markets. Montana scouring being sold, according to reports, at the equivalent of 42 cents at the East, against 38 cents at Boston, 40 cents at Philadelphia. There is a better demand for domestic wool in expectation of higher prices.

Speculation in reviewing the stock market to-day says:

Somewhat unsettled conditions have prevailed in speculation during the past few days, the fluctuations being narrow and the activity of the market depending altogether on the professional element. The foreign professional speculative interests, which bought our stocks during May and June, have apparently liquidated their holdings, and are now credited with having sold a considerable amount of stock for short account. Realizing subscribers apparently have exhausted, and there is no disposition to liquidate. Apart from the purchasing by shorts, whenever the market has shown weakness, there also would seem to be a demand for stocks at concessions in prices.

London on Friday took an unfavorable view of the reports from Washington City that a message on the currency question from the president had been withheld because it might create silverite opposition to the tariff bill. There was accordingly further foreign selling here, but our market absorbed the offerings and closed on Friday, was firm and slightly higher.

VOLCANIC JUMPING CASE.

Intentions of the Re-Leasers—Interesting Law Points Invo ved.

Grand Forks, July 7.—Now that all phases of the re-locating of the Volcanic Iron Cap and Wolverine claims have become public it is generally believed that the plan of Mayor Manly and Charles Cummins is successful, would have resulted in the greatest good to all who are financially interested in the case. The Chicago members of the Olive Gold Mining Company, it is understood, have advanced no funds for the development of the property.

Mayor Manly, it seems, was in a peculiar position. The property was held by him in trust for the Olive Gold Mining Company, and had never been transferred to the company. He was "off-hand" by a prominent attorney of Rossland that under these conditions it would not be necessary for him to take out a license to hold the claims. Later investigation into the law, however, raised a doubt as to this, and the morning of June 20 found him in a quandary. The re-location of the claims appeared to be the natural means of extrication from the difficulty. By this method the tangle of litigation would be gotten rid of; the additional cost of taking out a company's license would be avoided, the property be placed at once in such a shape that work could proceed upon it, and still be in the hands of those who now control it. The determination to relocate was therefore made, lest the act last this action was to be taken should leak out and other parties be on the ground prepared to declare themselves in on the claims' absolute secrecy was preserved. It would be easy to arrange a plan after the property was safe in their own hands again.

Charles Cummins carried out his part of the programme, staking the Volcanic and Iron Cap, and parties from Evans' camp, where the Wolverine is located, state that George Cummins and El. Titworth set stakes of the Wolverine. It had been previously reported that they staked the Morning Star, but miners acquainted with the locality state that the Morning Star and Wolverine are the same claim, it having been relocated in the latter name. So the plans in regard

Horrors of Dyspepsia

Sour Stomach, Heart Palpitation, Nervous, Sleepless

Now Able to Do All the Housework—What Cured Her.

The excellent qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a stomach tonic and appetizer enable it to relieve and cure dyspepsia even when cure seems hopeless. Read Mrs. Willett's letter:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour No. 1 stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very Weak and Nervous. About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time.' MRS. W. J. WILLET, Mt. Holly, N. C."

Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family."

STILL Praising Hood's. "C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family.' MRS. W. J. WILLET, Mt. Holly, N. C."

we have ever used in our family."

Advertisement for Hood's Sarsaparilla, featuring the product name and a small illustration of a bottle.

relocating the three claims were carried out.

There is now a question as to whether the license taken out by Dr. Avrill for the Olive Gold Mining Company, on July 1, will hold, on account of the day's grace not being granted where there are intervening interests. The fact that the claims were relocated the minute after as time ran out on the night of June 30, would, according to a legal opinion given in this city, operate to annul the license, which was not issued until several hours after the locations were made.

There is yet another question in connection with this affair which is now being considered. All of the three claims were transferred to the Olive-Gold Mining Company or its trustee, Mr. Manly, with the exception of a thirty-second interest, which is held by Judge McCall. If several parties own mining property in partnership and one lets his license run out, his interest reverts to the other owners. The Olive Gold Mining Company and Judge McCall together owned the Volcanic, Wolverine and Iron Cap, and as the company let its license expire, there is a question as to whose under the law, the whole property does not now belong to Judge McCall. It is claimed by some that that gentleman holds the key to the situation.—Rossland Miner.

ONE HONEST MAN. The Publisher: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed envelope the plan proposed by which I was permanently restored to health and made strong after years of suffering nervous weakness, lost vigor, unusual discharges, and lack of development. I have no scheme to extort money from any one. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks and I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain source of cure known to all. Unsolicited endorsements from my general friends who have been cured through my Free Advice: Mr. Mulford: "I saw your notice in the paper some time ago and wrote you about my case. Following your advice which you so kindly gave me, I am very glad to say that I am now perfectly cured. I wish that you were here to see me truly as your kind friend." "Heaven grant you a long and prosperous life, the wish of a cured friend." "Judge of my surprise to receive a kind letter of so valuable advice, absolutely free."

THE POPE AND LONDON SMOKE. In referring to the autograph letter which the Pope is sending by Monsignor Sambucetti, Archbishop of Corinth, to the Queen, we remarked that Leo XIII. is no stranger to the English court, but it is by no means generally known that the Pontiff once paid a personal visit to this country. Such, however, is the case, though the event occurred fifty years ago, when he was simply Monsignor Pecci, acting as Legate at the Belgian court, and when he was being consulted recently with regard to the building of the new cathedral at Westminster, he asked whether any white marble was to be used, adding, laughingly, "When I was at St. Paul's Cathedral they showed me some black marble, and said it was white. London seems to be far too smoky for white marble."—Westminster Gazette.

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronie Invalids Raised From Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nichols, 176 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c. Markdale—Geo. Crowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's ointment. Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveler, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's ointment. 00c. Lucan—Wm. Branton, garden, pin worms; all gone. Chase's pills. L'Amable—Peter Van Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment. Gower Point—Robson Barstad, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 00c. Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching rheumatism and suffering from disulphide; cured. Chase's Ointment. Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and bladder sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c. Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with bones, completely recovered. Chase's Pills. Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 39 years; cured, Chase's Pills. 25c. Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject to perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25c. Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmansson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Advertisement for VICTORIA PARLOR MATCHES, featuring the brand name in large letters.

A First-class Match at a Second-hand price... Ask your dealer for them THE E. B. EDDY COMPANY, Limited. HULL MONTREAL TORONTO

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, across Cochrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 25 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

WANTS.

WANTED—Salesmen in every district to handle reliable goods, new season, samples free. Salary from the start. For particulars write Lake Bros. Co., Montreal.

CYLINDER press feeder wanted.—Apply at the Province office. 10-12

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two Dixon hand drills (one perfectly new, never unpacked, the other in good condition); price \$100 each; cost \$150 each. Address Dir, Davidson & Russell, Victoria.

VICTORIA WOOD AND COAL YARD, cor. Government and Discovery. All kinds of fuel for sale at lowest current rates. Your order solicited. Delivery free. Also steam wood sawing done. Telephone No. 148. A. C. Howe 10-12

TO LET.

TO LET—The Commercial Hotel, Douglas street, from 1st June. Apply B. Porter & Sons, Douglas street.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday, June 20th, between the Dallas Road and Pembroke street, a chain bracelet set with pearls and rubies. Finder will kindly return to the Times office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEALS 50c.—Bromwich Hotel—Dining Room. Mrs. White, late of the Globe, Proprietress.

THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 204 Yates street, Victoria. Principals: Mrs. A. J. Longfield, F.V.C.M., Piano, organ, singing, violin and violoncello. Lessons on reasonable terms. Pupils can be visited at their residence, if required.

SMALL PARAGRAPHS set in type like this advertisement, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

A & W WILSON.

FLUMBERS AND GASFITZELS. Bell Bangers and Timbalis. Dealers in best quality of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, and other household articles. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 119

Advertisement for ROSES, featuring a drawing of a rose bush and the text "Largest stock, finest varieties, and best grown plants of Roses in the Province. Order for fall delivery taken now. Cut flowers at reasonable rates."

A. ONLSON, Oakland Nursery, VICTORIA, B. C. ESTABLISHED 1864.

Advertisement for Victoria Loan Office, 43 Johnson Street, featuring a drawing of a building.

MONEY TO LOAN On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Oriental Alley. F. Landsberg, Prop. P. O. Box 906. 10-12-19

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867.) Funeral Director and Embalmer Government Street, Victoria.

PATENTS.

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. Agents receiving a special and distinguished notice from the public. Communications strictly confidential. Inventions of all kinds, mechanical, electrical, chemical, and agricultural, are given the most careful consideration. We have a well equipped Patent Office, and a large staff of experienced Patent Attorneys. 381 Broadway, New York.

Advertisement for JNO. MESTON, Carriage Maker, featuring a drawing of a carriage.

BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, between Johnson and Pico streets.

NOTICE. Montreal street, from Kingston street to Quebec street, is closed to traffic. H. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

Scientific American, largest circulation of any paper in the world. Published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays. Address: MUNN & CO., 381 Broadway, New York.

JAPAN AND HAWAII

The United States To Mobilize a Fleet at Honolulu to Checkmate Japan.

There is Serious Danger of Diplomatic Friction Between the Two Countries.

Chicago, July 10.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: There is serious danger of diplomatic friction between the United States and Japan over Hawaii.

It is understood that in their reply the Japanese government has received, the state department holds it in secrecy. It is known, however, that the reply is not so amiable as had been hoped for.

The reply of the Japanese government is of such tone and there are such suspicious movements of the Japanese warships that the administration is afraid Japan may be meditating some coup de force in Honolulu.

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None need be surprised if the warships of the United States and of Japan from an one another in Honolulu within the next few weeks. War is not expected by any member of the Washington government familiar with the facts, but it is admitted that the mobilization of naval craft at Honolulu would be sufficient to produce a hazardous situation.

During the last ten days the navy department has made special preparations of a quiet sort for the mobilization of our naval forces on the Pacific at Honolulu should the turn of diplomacy make such action necessary. At the present time the United States is not as strong in the Pacific waters as Japan.

It is admitted that the mobilization of naval craft at Honolulu would be sufficient to produce a hazardous situation. Already there is a good deal of animosity towards the United States on the part of the Japanese naval officers, and an overt act on their part might precipitate a great deal of trouble.

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North Saskatchewan river, 300 miles in extent. This calculation gives the result of \$300,000,000 on the basis of the river alone, not counting the benches or terraces. Under existing circumstances the benches are not worked. This calculation is based upon a total value per acre of \$2,250. An estimate made of the expenses and returns of mining on a flat adjoining the river shows a profit to the miner of \$70 a day. This would be under favorable circumstances than at present exist and on the basis of extracting all the gold from the gravel.

Practically the whole of the gold may be extracted from the black sand by the cyanide process. No attempt has been made to attack the benches or terraces by steam or hydraulic power. As a result of unsuccessful experiments a local type of small dredge has been evolved, and two American firms have each built dredges of twenty-five horse power, capable of lifting a ton per minute.

Mr. Cowie believes that there is a big thing in it for a capitalist who would put in a dredge costing from \$10,000 to \$15,000 and a crane plant for extracting the gold. He believes that placer mining is the most profitable and easiest of all forms of mining, and places it ahead of quartz mining. A large and valuable placer gold field exists in the region of the benches or terraces of the valley which Edgewater is the centre, but which has attracted very little attention.

Mr. Cowie said, and not a great deal inside the district. Regulations were recently promulgated by order-in-council governing placer mining, and one of the purposes of Mr. Cowie's visit to Ottawa was to have these amended in some respects. At present a claim extends in width 200 feet and 1,000 feet back. The size of the claims is held to be too small, especially if any one is expected to go in for improved processes and expend money. The claims are staked out at right angles to the river, and running back, but this is objectionable to the miner, because if they work out and come to a bar where gold will only be found in paying quantities they can only cross-cut it, instead of following it up.

A change is wanted in this respect so that the claims will run up and down with the river, and enable a bar to be worked up and down the full size of the claim. Mr. Cowie had interviews with Mr. Sifton and some of the officials of the department on Saturday, and brought these and other points to their attention. Mr. Cowie is a member of the executive of the Western Immigration Association, and is very deeply interested in the bringing of settlers to that country and its development. He believes very strongly that our past immigration policy has been a blunder. He is an advocate of putting Canada before the world in sections, and by speciality advertising each of its natural resources by itself and each section by itself, and sending out to Europe men to dwell on a particular section and a particular industry, and from these several sources he would expect a large sum of immigration.

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BROKE HIS ARM.

F. E. Sargeant, the Montana Financier, Injured at Sandon.

F. E. Sargeant, secretary of the Anacosta Copper Company, and W. L. Hoge, a partner of Marcus Daly in the banks of Anacosta and Butte, arrived in Sandon on Sunday, and put up at the Goodenough. They are both largely interested in the Payne mine, and as it rained all Sunday they passed the time in conference with A. W. Melrose, the vice-president of the company.

It is rumored that there are to be big things done at the Payne mine, and that the decision as to the tramway, whether it is to be a terrestrial or a celestial affair, is but one of them. There was a gleam of sunshine Monday morning and Mr. Sargeant donned a pair of blue jeans, on the neckers of which he strapped a pair of English expert yellow leggings, merely as a color contrast, and walked up to Barrie's livery stables under the circus tent near the depot. There he asked for a quiet horse, but exactly a cow, but still one in which the fiery ambition of youth had been somewhat quenched.

Mr. Sargeant gathered up the reins, caught hold of the pommel with one hand and the rear of the saddle with the other, and was about to give a spring when the horse sneezed. Mr. Sargeant's right arm slipped in two inches above the elbow.

This sounds ridiculous, but it is a matter of fact. The horse was not restive; Mr. Sargeant did not fall; he in some way, scarcely explainable, twisted his right arm and the horse sneezed. A few minutes later he was walking down the street back to the Goodenough hotel with his arm in the splinters that Dr. Powers had bandaged on to it, and he was carrying it as tenderly in his left hand as if it was something very hot. There was an expression on his face that was not benighted.

Mr. Sargeant is one of the best known men in Montana, not excepting John M. Burke and General Warren. He has been for years the confidential adviser and financial agent of both Marcus Daly and John B. Haggan, the California race horse breeder, and has signed checks for them that in total would run into eight or nine figures. He is a very tall man, and has the appearance of a man of fine constitution. He did not permit his broken arm to interfere with his business for more than a few hours.—New Denver Ledger.

If your child is attacked by croup, a plaster made with "Quicker" spread with a warm knife blade on canvas flannel, linen or cotton, will give more prompt relief from croup or any inflammation than camphorated oil, or mustard. In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quicker" plaster, covering the chest and neck well.

Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel complaint," says Mrs. E. E. Gregory, of Fredrickstown, Mo. "Our doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

To get relief from biliousness, indigestion, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

BEES AS WEAPONS OF WAR. History records two instances, according to Whitely Stokes, in which bees have been used as weapons against besieging forces. The first is related by Appian of the siege of Thimiscyra, in Pontus, by Lucullus in his war against Mithridates. Tartars were brought up, mounds were built and huge mines were made by the Romans. The people of Thimiscyra dug out these mines above, and through the holes cast down upon the workmen bears and other wild animals and hives or swarms of bees.

The second instance is recorded in an Irish manuscript in the Bibliothéque Royale at Brussels, and tells how the Danes and Norwegians attacked Chester, which was defended by the Saxons and some Gallic auxiliaries. The Danes were worsted by a stratagem; but the Norwegians, sheltered by hurdles, tried to pierce the walls of the town—when "what the Saxons and the Gaedil who were among them did was to throw down large rocks, by which they broke down the hurdles over their heads. What the others did to check this was to place large pots under the hurdles."

What the Saxons did next was to put all the beer and water of the town into the cauldrons of the town, to boil them, and spill them down upon those who were under the hurdles, so that their skins were peeled off. The remedy which the Locheans applied to this was to place hides outside on the hurdles. When the Saxons did next was to throw down all the bee hives in the town upon the besiegers, which prevented them from moving their hands or their legs from the number of bees which stung them. They afterwards deserted and left the city.—London Athenaeum.

BOVRIL Is the Product of Prime Ox Beef BOVRIL Forms a complete food for Brain, Blood, Bone and Muscle, and supercedes all ordinary Meat Extracts, for flavoring and enriching Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes. Sold by all first class Grocers and Druggists.

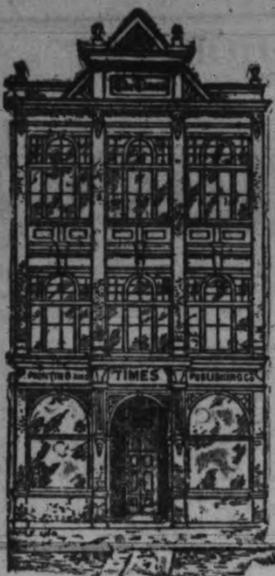
WHOLESALE DEPOT BOVRIL, LIMITED 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL

Texada City TOWNSITE. PLAN OF SALE. The Lots in Blocks numbered 2, 3, 6, 7, 12 and 13 will be sold as follows: Corner Lots at \$100 each; Inside Lots at \$100. Lots in Blocks numbered 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 14 will be sold for \$100 each for corner lots and \$75 each for inside lots. Terms will be one-third cash, balance payable in three and six months, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The property is held under Crown grant, and title is warranted. The vendor has contracted for the erection of a fine hotel, containing 20 rooms, at an expenditure of \$5,000, and to stimulate the quick building of Texada City, will give the hotel and ground upon which it stands (half an acre) as a prize to be drawn for among the first 500 paid-up purchasers of lots (each lot being entitled to one draw). The following well-known business men of Vancouver will superintend the drawing for the lot-holders: J. C. Keith, Esq., director of the Union Steamship Co., Vancouver; G. W. De Beck, Esq., director of Golden Cache Mines; J. H. Seymour, Esq., wholesale and retail druggist, Vancouver. The drawing will take place in Vancouver as soon as possible after the lots are sold, and the time and place of drawing will be advertised in the daily papers of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo. Parties contemplating investing in Texada City property are advised to make early application for lots, so as to take advantage of the drawing for the hotel, which is limited to the first 500 paid-up purchasers only. For further particulars apply to the following agents: A. ALLAYNE JONES General Agent, 612 Hastings Street, Vancouver. VICTORIA AGENTS: LEE & FRASER, 11 Troncau Alley. SEAMOUNT BOGGS & CO., 28 Broad St. A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government St. VANCOUVER AGENTS: C. S. DOUGLAS, 150 Cordova Street. D. F. DOUGLAS, Masonic Block. P. W. CHARLESON, 437 Hastings St.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD Are Fixed Upon South American Nervine. Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE. There's no question about it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier. This is proven by its wonderful cure of blood diseases.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. NOTICE. To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One-half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, in full payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to do so at once unless the first payment on their Claims, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers. LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner. Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.



The Daily Times.

LIAR LIEBES.

Mr. Liebes, who distinguished himself some time ago by fabricating colossal lies on behalf of the Alaska seal monopolists, has been again at work on the same lines. It is hard to see what any man can expect to gain by the use of such transparent falsehoods as he employs, since they are so easily exposed. In point of fact they expose themselves. On the previous occasion he represented himself and some coadjutor as having inspected the sealskins in the custody of the Hudson's Bay Company, a performance that was beyond the bounds of possibility. He could not have had access to the skins, and if he could have had such access he could not have counted them over in the time mentioned, much less inspected them one by one. Nor could he have told which were male and which were female seals if he had been able to look at the skins ever so carefully. Mr. Liebes in his last statement modifies his lies a little, but they are still palpable enough. As Collector Milne points out, it is impossible for Mr. Liebes or anyone else to distinguish the sex of the seal from which a skin has been taken after the skins have been cured, and the San Francisco merchant can hardly expect his wild tale to be accepted even by the most credulous. But, after all, Liebes' performances are less discreditable than those of Prof. Jordan, who poses as a scientist and a gentleman. It may be fortunate for the sealers that these two precious champions of the Alaska concern are at so great pains to expose their own characters to the public gaze. It is surely impossible that the utterances of such men will have weight with the Imperial government when it comes to a question whether the regulations are to be changed so as to further harass the Canadian sealers.

THE GOVERNMENT'S POWER.

The Colonist asserts that "if the Dominion government decides that the road from Pentiction to Boundary Creek must be built, it can discover a way of building it with the co-operation of the local government, though the Columbia & Western and the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern were never again heard of." This is a very comfortable doctrine to hold, but if it is correct we would like to know why it cannot be applied to the whole road from the Columbia to the coast. We are afraid, however, that it cannot be accepted as correct, for the simple reason that under our constitution money must be voted by parliament before it can be applied to any purpose by the government. From what appropriations could the government secure the necessary funds? There is no set aside for general railway building purposes, and the government is not at liberty to transfer money from one fund to another. Nor can it presume to pledge parliament in advance, particularly in the case of a railway that has no Dominion charter. That would give the senate a remarkably fine chance to show its power of blocking ministerial moves. But if this particular piece of road is all that is necessary, why do not Mr. Holme and his friends go to work and build it? They are under bond to do so, and we must suppose they are not prepared to forfeit their bond. Moreover, as we have pointed out on previous occasions, they represented when they received their charter that they were ready to build the road all the way from Pentiction to the Columbia without any bonus whatever. Should they not be all the more ready to do so now that they have secured a substantial subsidy from the province?

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

Convention Drawing to a Close—Reception at Oakland. San Francisco, July 12.—With the meetings to-day in the Mechanics' Pavilion, the most successful Christian Endeavor convention will be brought to a close. On Tuesday the visiting delegates, or a great majority of them, will attend a public reception, to which they have been specially invited by a committee representing the citizens of Oakland.

MOVING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A South African Mining Man Looking After Mines.

Rosland, B. C., July 8.—J. Jones Breyer, who has been chief mining engineer in South Africa for the London & Continental Mining Company, arrived here this evening. He intends spending the balance of the season in British Columbia looking through the mines already shipping ore and those where the workings have been heavy. Speaking this evening, he said: "I am not out here to purchase properties. My sole mission is to look thoroughly over the country, and after I have been able to form an opinion that will be satisfactory to myself at least, I shall return to London and make my report to the directors of the company. I shall make Victoria my headquarters, but shall spend the next few weeks in the Slovan district. I am surprised to learn that business is dull here. Before I left Africa for months every letter and paper arriving contained much about the gold fields in British Columbia. I know hundreds of first class mining men who have sold out their interests in Africa and are preparing to come out here this summer. We have heard the most wonderful stories of how quickly fortunes have been made upon small capital in Rosland. One reason you will find your camps crowded this season by Englishmen is that the field is practically closed in South Africa to the mining man of limited capital. Everything there is already in the hands of great, powerful corporations, who demand a percentage from all weaker concerns. Thousands of men who have made from \$10,000 to \$50,000 in Africa are on their way to British Columbia, expecting to invest and double their money within a few years. It will be folly for the present holders to attempt to part with wildcats on these men. Most of them are experienced, and while they are willing to pay a fair price for a good property, they have learned to avoid everything doubtful. Yes, I intend looking over the mining district of the state of Washington. It is quite a mistake to suppose Englishmen won't invest in the United States if the properties are right. We go where we can make money, regardless of nationality and its prejudices. One thing you may say: We would feel much more comfort in dealing with Americans if we could invest our money untrammelled by the unjust law that requires us to own property through agents who are American citizens. The alien law has cost the United States millions of dollars, and will cost her millions more unless those states where the law is in force abrogate it. I am leaving to-morrow for Nelson and the Slovan country, but shall return to Rosland in about three weeks' time."

CANADIAN BRIEFS.

Shooting Accident at Q'Appelle—Judge Berthelot Dead.

Q'Appelle, N. W. T., July 12.—The Scott, son of S. T. Scott, of the "Prospector," was accidentally shot to-day on some boys who were shooting at a mark with a small rifle. He was not seen by the lads who were shooting. The bullet entered his head an inch above the right ear. The bullet is still in his head, and his condition is very dangerous.

Montreal, July 12.—Judge Amable Berthelot, one of the oldest judges and one of the best known, died at his residence yesterday afternoon. The steamer Scotsman, with the Canadian contingent on board, was sighted at Father Point this morning.

BLOW PIPES FOR WAR.

The boy who selects pens from a blow-pipe may not know that a blow-pipe of large make is an implement of warfare in South America. It is used by the Indian tribes on the west coast, and it varies in length from ten to fifteen feet, and is made from one of the many species of hollow canes that grow in the forests of those districts. Its ammunition is of two kinds: First, arrows tipped with poison; and, secondly, pellets of dried clay. But the greatest danger of these overgrown pen-shooters is seldom more than twenty-five yards and they do not shoot accurately, owing to the irregularity of the bore.

A really terrible blow-pipe is used by the Dyaks of the Malay archipelago. These weapons are made of hard wood, are eight feet long, and nearly one and a half inches in diameter, and have a spear head fixed to them, so that they serve the double purpose of a spear and a blow-pipe. The bore is about a third of an inch, and is perfectly true throughout, while a thorn of the sago palm makes a natural arrow with a point almost as hard as iron. Feathered with jute and tipped with the deadly wound, these arrowheads have an extreme range of eighty yards, and can be aimed accurately at an object fifty yards away.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Law Society's quarterly preliminary examination commenced this morning before the examiner, Mr. Lindley Crease. There are more than the usual number of candidates.

The full court sat this morning to deliver judgments in two cases. In Aldous vs. the Hall Mines a new trial was ordered. The action was one of trespass brought by the plaintiff to enforce an adverse mineral claim under the Mineral Act of 1891. At the trial in the county court it was held that as the plaintiff had not shown that she had complied with the requirements of sec. 3 of the Mineral Act of 1890, chap. 23. In the matter of defining aer main line by posts or the basing of trees, she could not recover. Charles Wilson, Q.C., for the plaintiff, and E. P. Davis, Q.C., for the defendant. Conway vs. Independent Mining Co. This case is on the question of payment of contractors for sinking a shaft. The contract had not finished their contract and at the trial plaintiffs got judgment on a quantum meruit. The full court reversed the judgment with costs. L. P. Duff for appellant and Gordon Hunter for respondent.

Detroit, Mich., July 12.—Hon. Geo. V. N. Kothrovs, ex-minister to Russia, died this morning.

London, July 12.—Samuel Charles Alsopp (Baron Hindlip) is dead.

For Bargains go to the Sterling, Yates Street. Entire stock at clearing prices.

27th ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.

The 27th annual meeting of the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company was held in the town hall, Waterloo, Ont., on Thursday, May 27th, 1897. The attendance was a most representative one, including quite a large number of the policy holders in addition to the directors and the principal agents of the company throughout the Dominion. The president, Mr. I. E. Bowman, occupied the chair, supported by the manager, Mr. Wm. Hendry. On motion of Mr. Alfred Hoskin, Q.C., Toronto, seconded by Mr. Robert Melvin, of Guelph, Mr. W. H. Biddell, secretary of the company, acted as secretary of the meeting. The minutes of the last annual meeting were formally taken as read and adopted. The president then read the directors' report.

Your directors have the pleasure of submitting to you the following statements as their report of the business for the year ending the 31st December, 1896, and in doing so it affords them great satisfaction to be able to inform you that the uniform and uninterrupted success which has attended the company since its organization has continued during the past year to a very marked degree.

The report shows an increase in the number and amount of new policies issued as compared with the previous year, and there has also been a substantial increase in the premium income, the interest income, and in the surplus available for distribution among the policy-holders. The net premium income for 1896, including \$2,278 for annuities, was \$601,617.90, and we received for interest on our investments the sum of \$158,785.94, making the total income \$760,403.84. Although the rate of interest in first class securities continues very low, and great care is required in the selection of investments, yet the rate of interest earned on our assets during the past year was somewhat higher than the previous year, which shows that the funds of the company have been satisfactorily invested.

To total assets of the company at the close of the year were \$3,404,967.90, and the reserve required to be held by the company's standard is \$3,173,716, which affords a surplus of \$231,251.80. The surplus will be increased to \$358,800, if our reserves were based on the government standard of Hm. 4 1/2 per cent. instead of the Actuarial 4 per cent. The surplus earned by the company for the year has been quite satisfactory, amounting to \$94,005, of which \$71,225 have been paid to the members, and the balance has been added to the general surplus fund.

The company commenced issuing 20-year Distribution Policies in July, 1891, and the surplus belonging to this class is being kept distinct from the general surplus account.

During the past year 1,825 new policies were issued for assurance, amounting to \$2,838,250, and 82 applications for \$108,750 were received from persons whose health and family history were not up to our standard, and therefore had to be declined.

Our death rate for the year was somewhat higher than usual, the cause being largely accidental, there having been no less than 16 deaths from unforeseen accidents, involving losses to the amount of \$44,000, so that the ordinary normal death rate was much below the average. The executive committee has again carefully examined the securities and cash held by the company, and found them correct as reported by your auditors.

You will be called on to elect four directors in the place of C. M. Taylor, Robert Melvin, W. J. Kidd and Robert Baird, all of whom are eligible for re-election.

On behalf of the board, I, E. BOWMAN, President. In commenting on the report, Mr. Bowman said that the business for the past year had been very satisfactory indeed. There was an increase of some thing over \$200,000 in the amount of new policies issued, as compared with the previous year, and this augmentation in new business still continues, for during the first four months of the present year we issued \$1,016,650, an increase of \$180,000 worth of mortgages, guaranteed by the county of Huron, and to the fact that all our money was kept continuously invested during the whole year, so that at its close we had no funds lying idle in the banks. While competition for new business among existing companies has not decreased, there are a number of new ones springing up every day, which, doubtless, will tend to its intensity; but I am sure the Ontario Life will be able to hold its own against both old and new competitors, and without measurably increasing the cost of procuring a fair, if not liberal, share of business.

On the whole we have much cause for congratulation in view of the marked success that has attended the management of the company's affairs, and the efforts of its energetic staff of agents during the past year; and I think it may be fairly claimed that the company has now reached a position among life companies second to none, a position that is creditable to everyone identified in any way with the company.

Having presented the certificate of the examining committee, the president moved the adoption of the report, submitting the following: ABSTRACT OF ACCOUNTS FOR 1896: Income. Premiums, net, \$560,339.30; Interest, annuities, etc., 161,063.94; Total, \$721,403.24. Debitments. Payment to policy holders for death claims, endowments, \$74,884.92; Surplus, surrender values, 370,032.18; Expenses and taxes, 125,505.94; Total, \$1,230,503.12. Assets. Loan on first mortgages, \$1,832,054.00; Municipal debentures, 794,884.92; Loan on company's policies, 484,384.02; Real estate, 90,942.00; Cash on hand and in banks, 60,811.11; Other assets, 244,881.51; Total, \$3,404,967.90. Liabilities. Reserve, actuaries' 4 per cent, \$3,173,716.00; All other liabilities, 14,401.74; Total, \$3,188,117.74. Surplus. On company's standard 4 per cent, \$213,785.90; On Government standard 4 1/2 per cent, 358,800.00. Mr. Melvin, 2nd vice-president, in speaking to the motion, desired to express his pleasure, and that of the board, to see so many of our agents present to-day, and he thought it might be interesting to make a comparison with the position we occupied as Canadians away back in the forties with our position at the present time.

Having shown by reference to statistics that British and American offices transacted by far the largest proportion of life assurance in Canada at the time the Ontario Mutual Life began business in 1870, thus diverting large sums of money from the industries of the country to enrich foreign lands, and that our own companies for many years past have done the bulk of the life business in the Dominion, he felt sure it would be gratifying to every Canadian, and especially to every pioneer company, the Canada and the Ontario, that in a short time the Canadian companies have gained the confidence and support of their countrymen to such an extent that they have become able so largely to supply British and American companies. I do not mean to reflect in any way on either the British or American offices, for we know they are managed by competent, upright men, who are able and willing to meet their obligations; but I do feel proud of the fact that without any special favor or protection we have been able to reverse the position of affairs that existed in 1870.

This meeting are hereby tendered to the manager, secretary, officers and agents of the company for the faithfulness with which they have safeguarded the company's interests in their respective capacities during the present year. Mr. Britton spoke in complimentary terms of the excellent work done by the heads of the various departments, both at the head office and in the agency field, and of the efficient supervision over the whole by the manager. Continuing, he referred to a number of endowments which had recently matured on his own life in different companies, showing that the Ontario Mutual Life had given larger returns for the money invested than any of the other companies. The manager replied for himself and fellow-workers. All of us, he said, have endeavored to do our duty, and in so far as we have succeeded we are justified in feeling amply rewarded by the expression of confidence which has been passed. The responsibilities of managerial and official life are very heavy where the trust imposed is the conservation of the sacred interests of thousands of policy-holders. Some of us are getting up in years, and may not be here long to carry on the work, but others are young and whose hair is not so white, who will probably do better work than we have done; but so long as we are spared, I can assure you, we will do the very best we can for the interests of the company. On resuming his seat, Mr. Hendry was warmly applauded.

OTHER BUSINESS. A by-law to regulate the compensation to the directors having been submitted and considered, was passed unanimously. On motion of Mr. Kranz, ex-M.P., Beech, seconded by Mr. Geo. Diebel, merchant, Waterloo, Mr. J. M. Scully and Mr. George Davidson were re-appointed auditors for the present year. The singing of "God Save the Queen" brought to a close the 27th annual meeting of the company. The directors met subsequently and re-elected Mr. I. E. Bowman, president; M. C. M. Taylor, first vice-president; and Mr. Robert Melvin, second vice-president of the company for the ensuing year.

R. L. DRURY, Manager for British Columbia.

WE BELIEVE there is no better soap made than our Baby's Own Soap—care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason THE PROOF—Its immense sales. The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

VICTORIA METALLURGICAL WORKS AND ASSAY OFFICE, 43 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C. W.J.R. GOWELL, B.A., F.G.S., MINING ENGR. Sole Proprietor and Manager.

Mining Claims Reported On. Mining Shares for Sale. Van Anda, 10c.; Empress, 10c.; Raven, 10c.; I. X. L., 10c.; Victoria Texas, 25c.; Ivanhoe, 4c.; Capshaw Creek, 50c.; Iron Queen, 2c.; Golden Cache, \$1.00; Jole, 35c.; Athabasca, 25c.; Iron Mask, 42c.; Argo, 10c.; Monte-Cristo, 10c.; London Hill, 25c.; Nest Egg, 8c.; Slovan Queen, 10c.; Norway, 10c.; Wonderful, 10c.; Silver Bell, 6c.; Con. Sable Creek, 10c.; St. Elmo, 6 1/2c.; 2,000 St. Koverne (pooled stock), 8c.

A. W. MORE & CO., Mining Brokers, 88 Government St. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Mr. Fagien upon the premises known as the Hall Saloon, situated at Fort street, in the city of Victoria, to Wm. Cowling. JAMES D. ROBINSON, GEORGE JACQUES, Executors Estate C. Fagien.

EVERY MONTH ONE OF THESE BEAUTIFUL WHITE SEWING MACHINES Given Away TO USERS OF OUR SOAP. Remember, you don't have to save wrappers in this competition. FINDLEY & CO., MANUFACTURERS, VANCOUVER, B.C.

WILLIAM JONES General Auctioneer and Commission Agent. 133 GOVERNMENT ST., COR. PANDORA. FURNITURE, FARM STOCK AND REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER. All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Commissions solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash in any amount. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

WHEN YOU WANT A GOOD ALL-ROUND FAMILY SOAP—ONE WHICH WILL ANSWER EQUALLY AS WELL FOR THE LAUNDRY, TOILET OR BATH, ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE WHITE SWAN SOAP. AND YOU WILL FIND IT THE FINEST SOAP YOU EVER USED. MANUFACTURED BY W. J. PENDRAY.

PROTECT YOUR EYES. From bright sunlight and dust, by wearing a pair of our Perfected Smoke Glasses. They are restful and soothing to sensitive and weak eyes. See our large stock of Binoculars, Field and Marine Glasses. See the largest stock of Miners' and Magnifying Glasses ever shown in this province. F. W. NOLTE & CO., OPTICIANS, 137 FORT ST.

YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL CLUB. A meeting of the above association will be held on Wednesday Evening, July 14, at the club room, Adelphi Building. A full attendance of members is requested, as important business will come up for consideration. P. S. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

BE SURE and ask your grocer for a coupon with every 25-cent purchase of our soap and send them in by the end of each month. The drawing is conducted by outside parties. Inside no getting. FINDLEY & CO., MANUFACTURERS, VANCOUVER, B.C.

A large assortment of English Rockingham tea pots at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

See one line of Hand Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Razors, etc. Brown's Dispensary prescriptions, 100 Government street, near Yates street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Prov. cial News in a Condensed Form.

Smoke Bant's "Jubilee" and "M.B." Cigars.

Kops Cheer refreshes, stimulates, and acts as a genuine nerve tonic.

Remember the great Clearance Sale now going on at the Sterling, Yates street.

New goods, Keeler's marmalade and fine Canadian cheese. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street.

Two ordinary drunks were fined \$5 each this morning, this constituting the only business in the police court.

The Fifth Regiment band entertained a large audience at Beacon Hill yesterday, the programme as usual being a first-class one.

Don't miss the 24-act at Skene Lane's studio.

A dining room is to be added to H. Clay's confectionery shop and bakery on Fort street.

Mrs. George R. Raymond, of Nanaimo, and Miss Edna Jackson, of Seattle left Nanaimo at 10 o'clock Saturday morning and at 1 o'clock Saturday evening, having wheeled the whole way.

H.M.S. Imperieuse returned from Vancouver shortly after noon today. She has been there since July 1st and remained until yesterday to meet Mrs. Palliser, wife of the Admiral, who arrived from Great Britain.

The death occurred yesterday evening at St. Joseph's hospital of Mrs. Marion Collyer, wife of T. K. Collyer, of No. 60 Fort street.

The mystery which surrounded the disappearance of the Indian, the Star of China Hat, who disappeared from the steamer Barbara Boscovitch on her last trip north, has at length been cleared up.

As a Chinaman who is employed by Mr. E. E. Blackwood was returning on Friday night to his employer's residence he was held up by two highwaymen on Blanchard street, who relieved him of \$15, the contents of his pockets at the time. No trace of the robbers has yet been discovered.

Mr. James O'Leary has resigned the secretaryship of Alexandra Lodge, Sons of England, owing to his removal from the city. He has filled the position since the institution of the order, and his resignation was received with regret. Mr. J. G. Taylor has been elected his successor.

An ice cream social will be given on Thursday evening in St. James' hall in aid of the hall fund. La Gitana, the palmist, will be there, and those who wish to have the lines of their hands read can consult her. Several other attractions are also promised.

Those who in bygone summers have paddled and swam about in the waters of the Arm are notified that they must not do so this summer except at Cutis point. The notice comes from the office of the provincial police that saving at that point they will not allow bathing in the waters of the Arm, and then bathers who swim there must wear combination bathing suits, short trunks and costumes which can be taken down in an envelope which will not be allowed.

At the half-yearly meeting of Court Northern Light, A. O. F., the following officers were elected to serve for the next six months: P.C.R. C. Pointer; C.R. S. A. Bentley; S.C.R. J. Sherbourne; treasurer, J. Trace; secretary, W. F. Fullerton; S.W., J. E. Deans; J.W., H. Hodgson; S.E., C. F. Jenkins; J.R., R. Sellick; court surgeon, Dr. F. J. Hall.

The "Badminton," late Manor House, Vancouver, under management of H. R. Stratton.

The hackmen of the city held their annual picnic yesterday at Langford. They started from the city in the Young America bus—which was comfortably filled with the hackmen and their friends—at nine o'clock and remained on the plains until about 7 o'clock in the evening, when they started back to the city, arriving home about 8:30. At the picnic they spent a most enjoyable time competing in the various pastimes. There was a large match, the teams, owing to the scarcity of sticks, being limited to four, a baseball match, wrestling contests and a lengthy programme of other sports. The inner man was also well looked after, for they took out a large quantity of refreshments. The picnic, judging from the opinions expressed by those present, was a very pleasant one.

Through the kindness of the Messrs. Dunsinon, the managers of the Protestant Orphan's Home, who are at present badly in need of funds, are enabled to announce an extension to North Saanich and Saanich on Saturday next. Messrs. Dunsinon have placed the steamer City of Nanaimo at the disposal of the managers, and she will leave their wharf at 2 p.m. the fare for the round trip being 50 cents, children half price. High tea, refreshments and ice cream will be served on board, by the ladies. This is an excellent opportunity to help a worthy institution which is in need. Tickets can be obtained at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s and R. Jameson's. A meeting of the ladies' committee will be held to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock at Mrs. Kent's residence, 180 Yates street, to arrange details.

Only 12 days more for \$4.00 "Carbonettes" at Skene Lane's. Bring the children.

Mr. O. E. Kendall, of New Westminster, and a very prominent Taoist student of McMaster's, has accepted a call to the pastorate of Emmanuel Baptist church made vacant by the resignation of the Rev. P. H. McEwen. Mr. Kendall will arrive in the city in time to conduct the usual services on Sunday next.

Walter Main's circus arrived from Vancouver this morning on the steamer Yosemite, the C.P.N. Company's freight carrier, which looked like a veritable Noah's Ark. The tents are pitched on the field on Douglas street, and this afternoon the first performances were given. The company have a large number of fine horses, and if the parade is any criterion, the show is a good one. After to-morrow evening's performance the Yosemite will take the circus to Nanaimo and from there back to Vancouver. The company have their own trail in the Terminal City, having arrived there yesterday.

The trial of Fred Jones, charged with breaking into and stealing from the store of John Wilson & Co., was this afternoon before Mr. Justice Drake. H. E. A. Robertson appears for the crown, and Archer Martin for the accused. At the conclusion of the evidence his lordship said that although a case of strong suspicion was made out, still he could not find the accused guilty. His lordship then mentioned the forgery case, of which Jones had been found guilty, but in which sentence had not been passed. Mr. Martin asked for clemency, saying that the young man had been drinking and late and smoking a cigarette in a day, and this had deadened his nerves. Three years in the penitentiary was the sentence.

The steamer Danube arrived at the outer wharf on her return from Naas river and northern way ports on Saturday evening about nine o'clock. She brings very little news from the canneries. At Skeena they are having a moderate run, but every cannery up to the present is behind with its pack as compared with last year. The news from Rivers Inlet is not better, for the salmon are not running very thick there; in fact it looks as if this season, as far as the northern canneries are concerned, is going to be a very dull one. The Danube brought very little freight, but a long list of downward passengers. Those who came down were: E. A. Cleveland, H. Olsen, Mr. Lord, M. A. Beach, J. A. Sparrow, E. A. Wadhams, A. Kithet, K. W. Ketchum, G. W. Mitchell, Peter Scott, W. T. Robertson, E. Washart, J. Lesseur, R. Anderson, G. McDonald, W. V. Walker, Mrs. Crosby, Miss Crosby, Miss G. Crosby, S. Banyan, Mrs. Banyan, Miss Anderson, Mrs. Saugstad, Mrs. Urseth, C. M. Richards, Mrs. Richards, Miss Paul, R. Merritt, J. Piercy, H. Salmon.

The Danube will sail for the north again on the 15th.

The steamers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company are still carrying all the passengers they can carry to San Francisco. The steamer Walls Walls of that line, which sails for the city at the Golden Gate to-morrow evening, was full up on Saturday, and since then the local passenger agents have been selling tickets to passengers, who will be obliged to travel without the comfort of a berth. There are quite a few of those already who will have to pass their nights in makeshift berths and sleep in hammocks or on mattresses stretched about the decks, and those still coming. The steamer Unatlati, which will arrive from San Francisco this evening, has also a very lengthy passenger list, for San Francisco, as well as Victorians, are taking advantage of the cut rates.

The Dominion government steamer Quadra went out this afternoon and placed a buoy on Brodie ledge, as at high tide very little of the wreck of the old San Pedro is showing above water. The work of removing the wreck is being rapidly carried on, but there is still quite a lot of her left there yet. Capt. Whitelaw and his wreckers have brought away about eight hundred tons of iron from the wreck, all of which is strewn about the end of the outer wharf. A lot of the wreckage has also fallen over into the deep, and will save the labor which would have been required to remove it. It will take fully a month yet, it is said, before the last of the old wreck is removed from the rock.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha Co.'s steamer Matsuyama Maru arrived at Seattle on Saturday after a quick voyage of 13 days and 6 hours from Yokohama. She brought about 1,200 tons of freight, which was made up for the most part of tea. There were but three saloon passengers, Mr. and Mrs. S. Howe and Mr. Thos. Kaiser, one second-class passenger and six steerage, three of whom were Europeans and three Chinese. On the way over the Matsuyama broke the Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of Japan on July 2 at 6:30 p.m. in latitude 50 degrees 50 minutes north, longitude 179 degrees 46 minutes east. The Empress reported "all well."

The steamship Empress of China will sail to-night for the Orient. Among her passengers will be: Rev. Mr. J. H. McLaren, R. G. Davison, W. S. Davidson, W. D. Hill, Mrs. A. C. Clark, M. Clarke, Mrs. Geo. Flood, L. J. T. and Mrs. Kerr, A. E. Deaux, Mada H. H. H. nurse and child, Mr. Copman, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Nichols, J. H. Bliss, secretary of Chinese language; Miss Oakley, C. J. Morre, M. S. Ran, Miss M. M. Williams, Miss A. Baldwin, Dr. A. R. Bell, Mrs. Bell, Mr. Attorney, Dr. Colt, Mr. Meredith, Rev. E. Hachens Katsiwaro and H. Russell.

The steamer Tees sailed for Abousoot and way ports on the West Coast at a late hour on Saturday evening. Capt. John Irving in command. Although not very heavily laden with freight she took a full list of passengers, including Mr. and Mrs. Lindham, Miss Green, Mrs. Fraser, F. W. Flint, M. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Spain, Mrs. Suelly, J. Johnson and wife, and Messrs. Pierce and Bond, who are going to Clayoquot to examine some mining property for a prominent Seattle gentleman.

The steamer Mande returned from Texas this morning. She carried at Co mo on her way down eight or ten tons of cargo of coal for the C. P. N. Co.'s use. The Mande brings the news that the new hotel being built at Texada is rapidly nearing completion. The super structure is all up and the building is now ready for the roof.

The cargo of the British bark Pomona, 1,762 tons, Captain Cundy, which loaded lumber at Moodyville, consists of 900,000 feet of rough lumber, valued at \$7,844.00. There were also 550 bundles of pickets and laths in the cargo. The Pomona will sail in a few days for Fremantle, Western Australia.

Captain J. G. Cox is in receipt of a letter from Yokohama, which, however, gives little news of the Victoria sealing fleet. The only Victoria schooner spoken since the fleet left in mid-June after their coast cruise was the Mermanid. She had 80 skins in addition to the 900 odd obtained on the Japanese coast.

The City of Kingston yesterday morning brought two carloads of oak lumber for use in the new parliament buildings. The lumber was imported from Vancouver. On Saturday the "hroug" was out loads of lumber which came from the same state for use in the new building of the Bank of Montreal in this city.

The steamer Walls Walls, sailing from here to-morrow evening, will have a big cargo. Besides her usual freight from the Sound she is taking 46 carloads of merchandise which came west on the C. P. R., and five carloads of concentrates from the Lanark mine, at Illecillewaet.

Captain Foye, of the ship Echo, which is loading lumber at Chemainus, is taking advantage of the stay of his ship at that port to take a trip to San Francisco. He will be a passenger on the Walls Walls to-morrow evening.

The American bark St. Kathines, Captain Melatosh, arrived down from Chemainus this afternoon in two of the tug Lorne, and is now lying off the outer wharf. The St. Kathines is laden with lumber for Shanghai.

The U.S.S. gunboat Adams arrived at Esquimalt on Saturday from Port Angeles. She will spend a few days in Esquimalt harbor, during which time her crew will enjoy general leave ashore.

The American ship Wachusett, Capt. H. G. Smith, sailed from Chemainus on May 5th laden with lumber for Sydney, Australia, arrived at her destination on July 8th.

According to a notification received by the local agents of the Pacific Coast S. S. Company the steamer Mexico of that line will make an extra trip to Alaska on the 25th inst.

A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general, returned yesterday from the Interior, where he has been on departmental business. Supt. Hussey will be home this evening.

The German bark Ardgowan, Capt. Ben, which sailed from Vancouver on April 5th, with lumber for Yapararao, arrived at Iquique on June 23rd last.

The steamer Pelican, of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, is expected to arrive from the Orient to-morrow.

A Missing Banker from Forest Grove, Ore., in a Hospital Here.

Portland, Ore., July 12.—Auto Pfanner, a banker of Forest Grove, Ore., who disappeared about six weeks ago, has been located in Victoria, B. C. Mr. L. Huff, the banker's brother-in-law, has informed the police that he was in the hospital at Victoria suffering from nervous prostration. Pfanner made an assignment of his property before he left, and an examination of his affairs showed that he was solvent and able to pay all his creditors in full.

Telephone queries to the two city hospitals to-day elicited the information that neither had a patient named Pfanner.

ROY Macgowan, of Vancouver, is at the Driad.

E. A. Wadhams, the Rivers Inlet cannery, is a guest at the Driad.

Fred Walker, of New Westminster, registered at the Driad last evening.

Capt. W. H. Soule, Miss Soule, Miss Cull and Miss McKay, of Vancouver, are at the Driad.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Drannie, of Vancouver, are spending a few days in this city visiting Victoria friends.

Robert Ward, of Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., after an absence of two years in Great Britain, arrived here on Saturday evening. He will spend some time here looking after his business interests.

Mrs. Saugstad, relict of the late Rev. C. Saugstad, formerly pastor of the Bella Coala colony, is at the Dominion. She is on her way to Minnesota, to straighten out the affairs in connection with her late husband's property there.

Grand Depot and Coal Yard, Capt. Sweepers at Weller Bros.

Your Prescription is prepared from PUREST MATERIALS With ABSOLUTE ACCURACY At a REASONABLE PRICE When entrusted to us. John Cochrane, Chemist, North-West Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Movements of a Day in Marine Circles—Danube Down From the North.

Natsuyama Maru Reports the Empress of Japan—Empress of China Sails This Evening.

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Grand Depot and Coal Yard, Capt. Sweepers at Weller Bros.

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Whew! But It's Hot! Of course it is, but if you will just take off that heavy woolen or cotton artery jacket in one of our cool alpaca coats, you will feel much more comfortable. Our stock of summer comfortables is complete. Everything since the best in the world after their kind. So don't suffer any longer. You know the way to our store.

Cameron,

The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

feet of rough lumber, valued at \$7,844.00. There were also 550 bundles of pickets and laths in the cargo. The Pomona will sail in a few days for Fremantle, Western Australia.

Captain J. G. Cox is in receipt of a letter from Yokohama, which, however, gives little news of the Victoria sealing fleet. The only Victoria schooner spoken since the fleet left in mid-June after their coast cruise was the Mermanid. She had 80 skins in addition to the 900 odd obtained on the Japanese coast.

The City of Kingston yesterday morning brought two carloads of oak lumber for use in the new parliament buildings. The lumber was imported from Vancouver. On Saturday the "hroug" was out loads of lumber which came from the same state for use in the new building of the Bank of Montreal in this city.

The steamer Walls Walls, sailing from here to-morrow evening, will have a big cargo. Besides her usual freight from the Sound she is taking 46 carloads of merchandise which came west on the C. P. R., and five carloads of concentrates from the Lanark mine, at Illecillewaet.

Captain Foye, of the ship Echo, which is loading lumber at Chemainus, is taking advantage of the stay of his ship at that port to take a trip to San Francisco. He will be a passenger on the Walls Walls to-morrow evening.

The American bark St. Kathines, Captain Melatosh, arrived down from Chemainus this afternoon in two of the tug Lorne, and is now lying off the outer wharf. The St. Kathines is laden with lumber for Shanghai.

The U.S.S. gunboat Adams arrived at Esquimalt on Saturday from Port Angeles. She will spend a few days in Esquimalt harbor, during which time her crew will enjoy general leave ashore.

The American ship Wachusett, Capt. H. G. Smith, sailed from Chemainus on May 5th laden with lumber for Sydney, Australia, arrived at her destination on July 8th.

According to a notification received by the local agents of the Pacific Coast S. S. Company the steamer Mexico of that line will make an extra trip to Alaska on the 25th inst.

A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general, returned yesterday from the Interior, where he has been on departmental business. Supt. Hussey will be home this evening.

The German bark Ardgowan, Capt. Ben, which sailed from Vancouver on April 5th, with lumber for Yapararao, arrived at Iquique on June 23rd last.

The steamer Pelican, of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, is expected to arrive from the Orient to-morrow.

A Missing Banker from Forest Grove, Ore., in a Hospital Here.

Portland, Ore., July 12.—Auto Pfanner, a banker of Forest Grove, Ore., who disappeared about six weeks ago, has been located in Victoria, B. C. Mr. L. Huff, the banker's brother-in-law, has informed the police that he was in the hospital at Victoria suffering from nervous prostration.

Pfanner made an assignment of his property before he left, and an examination of his affairs showed that he was solvent and able to pay all his creditors in full.

Telephone queries to the two city hospitals to-day elicited the information that neither had a patient named Pfanner.

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THE CITY HOUSE Clearance Sale WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY, JULY 5.

Twelve Cases New and Seasonable Goods opened within the last thirty days, comprising Black and Fancy Silks, Silk Striped French Delaines, Henrietta Serges, Crepons, Drills, Prints, Lace Curtains, Linens, Sheetings, etc., will be included in this sale.

WM. WILSON & CO., 73 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Sailing! Sailing! Our Summer Regatta is now going on, and the beautiful craft THE STERLING

is leading all others in the races. There are some pebbles on the beach that attract the attention of the people. Here they are:

DRESS GOODS / We are simply slaughtering Dress Goods. If you want a New Dress at a little cost here's the place to come.

GLOVES / Our past reputation in Gloves is well known. But we are now selling at prices that startle the public.

UNDERWEAR / We have always made this line a specialty. But we are now doing more than ever. All lines reduced to bedrock prices.

We have great pleasure in inviting you to our Summer Regatta. We can promise you a good time and value for your money. This is no old stock racket. Everything we have is new and up-to-date. Come early and get the pick.

The Sterling, 88 Yates St.

Are You Interested In Neat, Fashionable and Moderate-priced Footwear? If so, come and consult us—we've got it here in abundance. All colors, shapes, sizes and prices.

A. B. Erskine, Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

You Can't Do Better If you are in need of a New Suit, an Overcoat, a Pair of Trousers -- or anything in the Merchant Tailoring line -- you can't do better than see us. We carry a large, well-selected stock of the most fashionable fabrics for gentlemen's wear, and our prices are satisfactory to our clients.

A. Gregg & Son, Tailors, Yates St.

PURE FOOD ENSURES GOOD HEALTH There being so much cheap adulterated JAM on the market, we wish to let Housekeepers know that

Preserves prepared by Shell & Morris are Guaranteed Perfectly Pure. We exercise the greatest care in their manufacture, and employ the best skilled labor, which with select Fruit, Pure sugar, Sterilized Citric Acid, etc., and the automatic fruit cleaning machinery employed, make our Preserves the finest offered for sale.

A. SHERET FOR SALE. Gas and Hot Water Fitter

182 Fort Street, near Bligh Street. Some pretty Wickerwork baskets at Weiler's. Just a few of these useful articles.

J. PIERGY & CO. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS and CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS MINERS' OUTFITS A SPECIALTY VICTORIA, B.C.

HYPNOTISM AND CRIME.

To What Extent Can Their Relations Be Made?

There is a good deal of discussion these days about how far hypnotism can be made responsible for crime, to what extent an innocent person can be made to work the will of the evil minded through the power of suggestion. In a recent article in the Hypnotic Magazine, Dr. X. La Motte Sage, A. M., Ph. D., LL. D., writes:—

"From deductions made from long practical experience, I am inclined to believe that the ability of the hypnotist to cause the hypnotee to perform criminal acts is very small. Every day I am more impressed with the fact that it is impossible to cause one to do anything which is contrary to any well-settled moral principles. A recital of a few incidents may be more interesting than general inferences. A number of times I have had people under the hypnotic influence and suggested to them that they were drunk, and they absolutely refused to accept the suggestion. I insisted; but they argued that they never drank anything intoxicating, and it was folly to suppose that they were drunk. Try as hard as I would—and I did try very hard—I found myself utterly unable to impress the suggestion upon them. In one case I offered the hypnotee a glass of water, telling him it was wine, and that he was sick, and that he must drink it; but he would not. I told him it would save his life. He said he would die, then. I kept insisting, and finally he drank it up into his work. It is only fair to say, however, that in many other cases I have succeeded in making people think they were drunk who never drank in their lives, and who never touched intoxicating liquors, but they did not possess the prejudice of those previously referred to. "If a man has firmly made up his mind in his waking state he will not do a thing; the suggestions of the hypnotist avail practically nothing. I remember a young resident of Philadelphia whom his mother brought to me to hypnotize and to create in him an appetite for vegetables. He ate only meat and bread, and his physician thought that to be injurious. The young man was willing to be hypnotized, and very readily entered a deep stage of hypnosis, but, before going in, he stated that it would do no good; and I could not compel him to eat vegetables, even under hypnosis. When I would insist too hard he was thrown into his waking state, even in the face of my suggestions that he could not awaken. Subsequently, however, I reasoned with the young man in his natural state, and eventually got him to promise that he would endeavor to eat vegetables. I then hypnotized him, and my suggestions had better effect, though it was ten days or two weeks before I could create the desired appetite which I eventually succeeded in doing. Each time after I awakened him, however, I talked with him in his natural state, and told him how much better it would be for his health, etc. Hundreds of cases of this kind lead me to think that you must secure the willingness of the hypnotee before you need expect to accomplish much.

"I remember a case which came to me in Pittsburgh. A young man had been hypnotized by some friends, who were experimenting, and given the suggestion that the next day he would take ten dollars out of the safe of his employer at a certain time. He could easily have accomplished the act, as the cash was entirely in his hands, but he came to me shortly after the time he should have taken the cash, and stated he felt such a desire, but that he would not do it because he knew it was wrong, but he wondered why he should feel. He stated he had been hypnotized, but did not think criminal suggestions had been given. I put him under, however, and ascertained that they had, but dispelled the idea. When he was awakened, he thanked me and went on his way. I do not think that hypnotism can interfere with the free moral agency of an individual. It may create a desire, but in my judgment it is always within the power of the man hypnotized to resist, that is, if the suggestion is post-hypnotic. Just what might be accomplished in some cases when the person is actually in a deep state of hypnosis is a question of some doubt in my mind. "There are, possibly some people who would do some things (under hypnotic influence) which they would not do if they had entirely their own way, though I must plead some ignorance here, as through motives of prudence I have never experimented, except on simple things; and we must concede that, while the hypnotee might carry out some suggestion which was productive only of slight evil, still, when a suggestion were given that really amounted to much he would refuse. I cannot conceive why any man who has had practical experience with this subject can maintain that when a party is hypnotized he is reduced to a mere automaton; I can readily see why a novice might infer as much, but not an experienced hypnotist. "A USEFUL CAMERA. Photographic Apparatus to Take Pictures of Invisible Objects. As photography is employed to assist the astronomer in detecting the existence of the stars in the heavens which could not be seen by the naked eye with the aid of the telescope, so it is also used to secure accurate enlarged reproductions of minute objects which are revealed to man only by the aid of the microscope, says the San Francisco Chronicle. This development of the art of photography is of great assistance, not only to the microscopist, but also to the pathologist and histologist. A photomicrographic apparatus, as it is called, has been invented by G. G. Mason, secretary of the American Microscopical Society, which can be used for making negatives showing objects with a magnification of 15,000 times. The apparatus is very compact, being only about two feet in length, but will receive an objective of any power and photograph the most minute objects. The images are produced on a plate three and one-quarter by four and one-quarter inches. It is mounted on a single base board, so that the apparatus may be shifted at the will of the operator. To the standard of a microscope the camera box is attached in such a way that the box can be placed horizontally or inclined at any desired angle, like a telescope or microscope itself. Thus adjustments can be made providing for any required distance between the objective and the sensitive plate, so that the desired amplification may be readily secured. The mechanical stage is operated by the small chains which extend along the sides of the frame of the apparatus, and

the rotation of the objective polariscope, etc., and the focusing is affected by rods extending toward the rear of the camera box. By its means the operator, seated at the camera, can manipulate the instrument for focusing or searching the field for any particular object.

Love's Young Dream.

She (precluding it with a kiss)—So, you went down to see papa this morning about a rather—tender matter, eh? He (sweetly)—Yes, darling. She—And you poured forth your inmost soul? He—Yes, dear. I confessed everything. She—Made it perfectly explicit about your present position and your prospects for the future, eh? He—Made a clean breast of it all. She—Told plainly the sweet secret of my loving you in return, and only awaiting his sanction, and all that, eh? He—Yes, love. I quoted your own gentle love vows, and your resolves to stand by me through thick and thin forever. She—That's right. You certainly are very brave. How did he receive all these tender tidings? He (hesitatingly)—I—er—really—I don't know as yet. She (in amazement)—But you saw papa, did you not? He—Yes, I stood on the street corner and saw him come out of the office and go to get his lunch. She—And then you went to lunch with him, eh? Oh, how clever! He—No, I went up into his office and poured forth my soul—into his photograph. He's got it all by this time. She—Ah, that's what he meant then when at dinner to-night he said he took his hatchet and smashed his photograph to bits. He—Thank heaven! She—For what, pray? He—Just think! I might have been the victim. That's what I call escaping by the skin of my teeth. Come, darling, let's elope. (They do).—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Where He Got the Idea.

"There are sermons in stones," mused the minister. "That gives me an idea," he added to himself, and then he went to his study.

MAKING OF BALFOUR.

I know few men who in so short a time have entirely changed their reputation and also their methods as Mr. Balfour. He was nearly thirteen years a member of parliament without making any particular mark there. In the parliament in 1874 he was known as one of the younger generation of Churchmen and Tories, who come from the universities with their heads stuffed with all kinds of theological nonsense. Tall, very thin, with a thin face, and a manner that might be described as lackadaisical, he had in many respects the whole appearance and manner of the curate who has been the butt of the caricaturists and the satirists for two generations.

When he was appointed to the chief secretaryship of Ireland, there was a shout of derision from all quarters. The chief secretaryship of Ireland is one of those curious offices which brings every day to the nineteenth century politics of England some of the risks, ideas and conflicts that belonged to a past age of violence in England, and to such disturbed countries as Russia and France in our own times. It is not an office in which men fight their opponents in the tranquil atmosphere of conflicting ideas and rival speeches; physical force, revolution, and deadly conspiracy—popular outbreaks on the one hand, violent repression through the grim agencies of scaffolds and jails and police and soldiers on the other—these are the things which are associated with the office of governing Ireland. In addition, the chief secretaryship for Ireland has been associated with nothing but a succession of disastrous failures; and especially since the time when Ireland, conscious of her strength, has been unquiet and agitated and successful. In recent years the late Mr. Foster went to Ireland with one of the highest reputations of his time, and he left it a discredited politician and a broken man. His successor, the late Lord Frederick Cavendish, went there full of all the good intentions of a fine and lovable nature, and he found death through assassins within a few hours of his arrival on Irish shores. Sir George Pretyman went there a still younger man, with black hair and discredited. In short, the office is one haunted by ghosts. The figure of this tall, delicate, limp young man with the scented pocket handkerchief, facing such an office, appeared to everybody as grotesque and ridiculous a contrast as that of the top who vexed the soul of Hecateus by his contest mincing in face of valiantous saltpeper. It is one of the most unexpected things of modern history that such a man should have emerged from such a trial not broken either in health or in mind; and that instead of finding a grave for his reputation there, he should have built upon it the solid fabric of fame and eminence.—From the Celtic Tribes of the House of Commons, by T. P. O'Connor, in Harper's Magazine for June.

A Country Boy's Wit.

Any one who has ever been rash enough to attempt to make sport of the street gamin of a large city knows only too well what a fatal mistake it is, says the Youth's Companion, but one is not so well prepared to be made the victim of his own joke by an apparent unsophisticated country boy. A lad of 15 was driving along a country road, taking a load of calves to market when he observed a man and a woman of young folk who were evidently out for a pleasure excursion. The young men of the party, thinking to amuse themselves and their companions at the boy's expense, began to initiate the heating of the calves. But their merriment was of short duration, for without a moment's hesitation he called out to his would-be tormentors, as the vehicles were passing: "Oh, I know what you were before!"

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

MR. BOSTOCK AT KAMLOOPS.

The cordial reception tendered our representative, Heggitt Bostock, upon his return from Ottawa, marked not only the hearty approval of his supporters in this city of his personal efforts in behalf of the great constituency of Yale-Cariboo, but their sincere appreciation of the splendid services rendered in Canada by the Liberal government during the past session. Liberals of Yale-Cariboo have been satisfied with their representative and proud of the government which he helped to place in power. The past session saw the passage of measures fraught with incalculable value to the Dominion. Measures which must result in the speedy development of Canada's trade at home and abroad. The new reciprocal tariff, the fast Atlantic service, the cold storage project and the Crow's Nest Pass railway are measures which give to the past session an importance rarely if ever attained by any previous session of the Canadian parliament. In addition to these great works it is well known that strenuous efforts have been made by the government to put a stop to all unnecessary expenditures and, at the same time, to increase the efficiency of the civil service throughout the Dominion.—Inland Sentinel.

Premature silver locks can be restored to the natural color, as in youth, and the head kept clear of dandruff, by Hall's Vegetable Sulfur Hair Renewer.

AN ARIZONA GOLD YARN.

A Mexican named Juan Carillo, living near the line, in the southern part of this country, has made one of the most unique and valuable discoveries of the century. For many years there have been known to exist in the vicinity of his ranch gold placers, but owing to the fact of the fineness of the particles of gold it was never profitable to work them by the usual process of sluicing or with a rocker, the gold passing over the riffles instead of being caught and held below.

Below the spot where the prospecting was usually carried on was a saline deposit usually called "lick," where cattle and sheep would lick the clay and thereby derive the necessary amount of salt to assist in the process of digestion. Lately Mr. Carillo set apart a number of cattle for he fattened for beef, and for the purpose of drying the meat for winter use. A few days ago, being in need of fresh beef, he concluded to kill one that had been kept in the pasture where the lick was situated. After cutting the meat up and preparing some for drying purposes, he had the stomach prepared in the usual manner for tripe. After submitting it to the customary process for cleaning he discovered the entire lining of the stomach filled with some hard substance which completely filled a part of the gastric juices. A closer examination disclosed the fact that the substance was gold, and upon carefully washing and afterwards washing the product he found that he had nearly four ounces of the precious metal. The salt in the earth had chloridized the gold, and the inner lining of the stomach had acted in saving the metal; very much like a coarse blanket in the bottom of a sluice.

Mr. Carillo next experimented with sheep in the same manner and found the result was much the same, only the quantity of gold was less.

Instead of giving his stock salt, as formerly, he periodically turns them on the lick, and when he requires anything not produced on his ranch he simply kills a beef or mutton, takes the gold out of the stomach, and exchanges it at the nearest store for whatever he wants.—Tombstone Prospector.



CURE SICK HEAD

Sick headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing even if they only cured.

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, which they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels.

ache they would by almost precious to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head.

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we cure our great ills. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are directly, yet gentle and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price.

Aids digestion wonderfully Adams' Tutti Frutti.

Save coupons inside of wrappers for latest Books and Prizes. Some dealers try to palm off imitations on which they make more profit.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Table listing various agricultural products and their prices, including Wheat, Flour, Corn, and other grains.

Amputation Not in Favor.

Dr. A. Pearce Gould in his oration the other day before the Medical Society of London, alluded to the fact that amputation has become much less frequent in surgical practice. At best it is a confession of failure. "We have to admit that at times it is an inevitable step and may be a great boon to the patient, saving his life or health or freeing him from the incubation of a painful and useless member; but, all the same, it is a therapeutic tragedy, an irreparable disaster. Now, not so long ago, surgeons took a special interest, even a pride, in their cases of amputation. To-day, I venture to say, there are no operations in surgery that excite less enthusiasm than amputations, none which are felt to be more opposed to the whole spirit of surgical art; and a surgeon rarely approaches one without not only a certain mingling, but a painful sense of disappointment, if not of failure. The readiness with which he resorts to amputation is recognized to be a rough working test of a surgeon's uniteness to practice his art."—London Daily News.

KOOTENAY HAS MADE THE MOST STARTLING CURES OF RHEUMATISM EVER RECORDED. WRITE FOR PAMPHLET CONTAINING SWORN STATEMENTS.

S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO. HAMILTON TRANSPORTATION F. C. DAVIDGE & COY.

Agents North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Shanghai). Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General Mercandise Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED).

Time Table No. 28, Taking Effect December 24th, 1896. VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday at 12:15 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. B. No. 1 train.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this Company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver, Seattle and Sitka, each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast ports and Queen Charlotte Islands.



Through tickets to Japan and China via the Northern Pacific Steamship Company. For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address: E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER "City of Kingston" Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147. 8:30 a.m. Victoria, 11:00 a.m. Seattle, 1:30 p.m. Tacoma, 4:15 p.m. Seattle, 7:15 p.m. Tacoma, 10:15 p.m. Seattle.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SATURDAYS. Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SUNDAYS. Leave Victoria at 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways

The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Leave Spokane at 8:00 a.m., 5:00 p.m. Leave Rossland at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. Leave Nelson at 11:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m.

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS. S.S. ROSALIE

Leave Victoria daily (except Sundays) at 8:30 p.m. returning leaves Seattle daily (except Sundays) at 8:00 a.m. For full information call on or address: J. E. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government St.

TRANSPORTATION.

Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

(C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.) Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows: Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:15 a.m. Daily. Badger State Express, Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 9 p.m., Chicago 9:55 p.m.

For Illustrated Folder FREE descriptive of Special Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Des Moines, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R.V.

S.S. "CITY OF NANAIMO"

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order: Lv. Victoria... Daily 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Comox... 7 a.m. Lv. Comox for Nanaimo... 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria... 7 a.m.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R.V.

TIME TABLE NO. 28. To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, March 22nd, 1897. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Table showing train schedules for Esquimalt & Nanaimo R.V., including departure and arrival times for various routes.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y.

The Company's elegant steamers UMATILLA, CITY OF PUEBLA and WALLA WALLA, carrying H. B. Mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., for San Francisco, at 9 p.m. July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; Aug. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; Sept. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26. Due at San Francisco, a.m. July 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; Aug. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; Sept. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29. Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., at 9 a.m. July 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; Aug. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; Sept. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28. Due at Victoria, a.m. July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; Aug. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; Sept. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26.

THE LIBRARY CAR ROUTE

ROCK-BALLAST-NO DUST. GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY. MEALS IN DINING CAR LA CARTE. America's Scenic Line.

THE DIRECT RAIL ROUTE

KOOTENAY MINING COUNTRY. Connections made at Duluth with NORTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT PASSENGER STEAMERS. FOR ALL PORTS EAST. Shortest line to ST. PAUL, CHICAGO and the WEST. Passengers have choice of morning or evening boat from Victoria.

FOR HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.

S.S. ROSALIE. Leave Victoria daily (except Sundays) at 8:30 p.m. returning leaves Seattle daily (except Sundays) at 8:00 a.m. For full information call on or address: J. E. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government St.

British Columbia.

COMAPLIX.

Revelstoke Herald. Comaplix, July 3.—Ninety-eight claims have been recorded in the Leideau district during the month of June. Several very promising samples of highly mineralized rock have been brought in by prospectors from Fish Creek lately. One sample assayed as high as ninety ounces in silver. A little capital and energy are the only requisites necessary to prospe...

KASLO.

The Kootenian. Somebody said a while ago that there would never be a smelter built at Kaslo because of the impossibility of obtaining fluxing ores, but there are some moneyed and practical men who have been sining up the situation, and have come to the conclusion that Kaslo is a rare good smelter site, and who are at the present time figuring on the proposition.

A meeting of the directors of the London Hill Company was held in the office of O. T. Stone on Saturday last, when the tunnel, which has been completed satisfactorily, was taken off the contractor's hands. It was decided to start work putting out the ore at once and to build an ore shed at Bear Lake. There is a good showing of ore in sight, and the directors are counting on shipping a carload a week to start with. The property is looking first rate, and the directors are naturally jubilant.

During the past few days another property tributary to Kaslo has been placed under active development work. We refer to the Lost Paradise group, behind the famous Blue Bell mine on Kootenay Lake, about nine miles from Kaslo. A contract has been let to sink on the lead a shaft six feet, and two shifts are now hard at work. Men will also be put on to strip the vein at intervals of 30 feet, the intention of the management being to thoroughly prospect the property, both on the surface and underground.

Duncan McPhail, Dan McPhail, Neil McPhail and Jim McDonald have a deal on with some Toronto capitalists for a \$50,000 bond on a group of seven claims on the Upper Duncan river. W. H. Goodwin, for Jack Redding, has just completed a deal by which J. R. H. Emmerton acquires the lead and the Euroka claims on Hooker creek.

Col. S. W. Ray, of Port Arthur, has been in Kaslo for a few days, and speaking of the Darcianes group said, "The machinery of a 90-horse-power boiler, three drill hand air compressors, No. Cameron pump, patent skip bucket, air pipe, steam pipe, wire rope, etc., is expected to arrive this week and will be immediately placed in position on the property. It is the intention of the company to push development and as many men will be put to work on the property as can be economically employed."

The development already done consists of 200 feet of shaft and 1,300 feet of drifts and raises. Two hundred and fifty tons of ore, giving smelter returns of 265 ounces in silver and 26 per cent. lead and 71 tons of second grade ore, return 140 ounces silver and 16 per cent. lead, have been shipped and about 500 tons of ore are low on the dump.

GOLDEN. Golden Era. This season is the wettest that has been experienced in the upper Columbia valley for a number of years. It is estimated that the farmers of the Windermere district will produce a million pounds of grain this season. J. Snowden has sold the Glen Craig claim, between Porcupine and Bear creeks, to J. D. S. Wallbridge, of Sandon.

Messrs. Moody and Connor report having found four leads in the course of their last prospecting tour of the Blue-water country. There is an immense traffic on the C. P. R. at present. We are informed there were 400 cars of freight between Golden and Banff waiting to be moved. A Campbell informs us that the crops around Golden are better this season than he has hitherto known them. We hear similarly good accounts from all parts of the Columbia valley.

Customs duties collected at Golden by C. H. Parson for the month of June amounted to \$783, the highest monthly return since Golden was made a place of customs entry. The inland revenue collected at Golden for the quarter ending June 30th amounted to \$2,021.63. Just as we go to press we learn that a woman has been taken by speck train to the C. P. R. hospital at Donald, who had been run into by an engine at Glacier station. Her arm was broken, and she was supposed to have sustained internal injuries of a serious character.

rails and turned over on its side. There were about 13 passengers in the car at the time, and all escaped unhurt, except a gentleman who had one of his arms slightly bruised. The under gear of the car appeared to be all right, and the cause of the accident is unaccountable.

ROSSLAND.

Rossland Miner. Roll & Grogan have some beautiful specimens of free gold in white quartz. They will not say where the ore comes from, as they are negotiating for the purchase of the property. The specimens are about the richest ever seen in Rossland.

The Fug mine, near Waneta, has been relocated by Jonathan White and J. B. Miller under the name of the Golden Lion. The claim was the property of the Columbia & Ontario Gold Mining Company, and the relocators are respectively the president and general manager of the company. It is presumed that the move of Messrs. White and Miller is caused by a desire to protect the company's interest until the arrival of a crown grant.

The ore has been found in the No. 1 tunnel of the Sunset No. 2. For some time a break in the vein has been causing a good deal of trouble. This has now been overcome and there has now been found a good body of ore running about 820 in gold. Telegrams were received in Rossland yesterday from parties in Toronto and Montreal making inquiries about the townsite of Robson. One of the telegrams asked that an option be obtained if possible on the entire Robson townsite. This is taken to mean that the C.P.R. has come to a definite conclusion concerning the establishment of the smelting industry at Robson. It has long been thought the C.P.R. would select Robson for this purpose. It has many natural advantages for the smelting business.

The continued absence of W. A. Campbell from the camp is arousing a good deal of comment, and it is reported that some sensational dispatches on the subject have found their way into outside papers. Mr. Campbell had very large interests here and in March was elected a member of Rossland's first board of aldermen. He has never qualified, and as far as the Miner knows has not indicated any intention of doing so. Upon inquiry the Miner has learned upon authority not to be disputed that Mr. Campbell has settled his obligations here and taken steps to close up his business. He probably does not intend to return to Rossland.

NEW DENVER.

The Ledger. McLean & Sons, of London, England, have leased 1 1/2 miles of placer ground along Cariboo creek, and will hunt for the yellow stuff on a large scale. G. W. McMahon has organized a company in Ironwood, Michigan, to work the Union and Emerald, two claims adjoining the Mountain Chief.

Considerable excitement has been created over a particularly rich find made last week on the Fidelity mineral claim, situated just back of Harris' ranch, on the lake shore, probably a mile and a half from New Denver. The locators of the property are Messrs. Bryan, Holtz and Williamson, and they have located a group of six claims adjoining that ought to be worth many thousands. The strike consists of a six or eight inch strata of solid galena running 100 odd ounces in silver and 77 per cent. lead. It is located in a section that has always been thought well of by mining men, and is believed to be an indicator, at least, of the long-lost ledge along the lake shore that so many have sought for in vain.

With a force of fifty work steadily progressing at the Currie, on the Galeana Farm, and before long this will be the best equipped mine in British Columbia. The shaft is down 225 feet, and from it 400 feet of drifting has been done, being done to catch the new surface showing at a depth of 200 feet. Gold and Eight Mile creeks have been dammed, and 18 inch water pipes laid. Two 6 foot turbines, a cage and 10 drill duplex compressor are expected in this week. The concentrator has been ordered in Chicago, and will be placed in position next month. By September the mill will be running, and the Currie placed on the already long list of Shocan shippers.

TROUT LAKE CITY. Trout Lake City, July 1.—E. L. Kinman recorded the discovery of a four foot lead of nickel ore last week. It was found three miles above Ferguson. An assay from float from the lead vent 7 per cent. in nickel. The formation is a talco-schist, which is right for this mineral. Specimens brought down from the lead for assay show millerite, an ore of nickel, which goes 20 to 30 per cent. The well known Sudbury nickel leads go as a rule from 2 to 4 per cent. Messrs. Byrnes and Doyle, two Spokane prospectors, have struck some more gold leads on Tenderfoot creek, south of the lake. They are driving a 100-foot tunnel on the Lilia, on the same creek, specimens from which have assayed as high as 882 in gold and 413 ounces in silver, and the claim is showing up very satisfactorily.

The country is being prospecting as it never was before, and locations are coming in to the recorder's office at the rate of over twenty a day. Building is going on in town as fast as the saw mill can supply the lumber.

FAIRVIEW.

Version News. The Strathmore Co. have appointed J. A. Munnich their manager. The Smuggler Co. cleaned up for the first time on the first of the present month, after putting 50 tons of their average ore through the Strathmore mill. The result was a brick of gold weighing 40 ounces, while the concentrate was of the richest kind. The mill will be moved to Everett after the next clean up. Messrs. Dier, Davidson & Russell have 15 four-horse teams on the road between the camp and Pentleton hauling the machinery for their stamp mill. This firm have purchased the Steamvinder from Sheehan & Gaskin. Last week there was a new strike made by Chas. Richter and Jack Allison, 12 miles from this camp, on Kruser mountain. A sample from the ledge assayed by Carr & Co. gave \$1,000.77 in gold, and the quartz seemed to be a free milling proposition. The ledge is in the neighborhood of 5 feet wide, well

defined and solid. It is certainly a remarkable find, running into the face of the mountain, affording a splendid chance for working it, and is within easy access of the Keremeos and Pentleton road. There are a number of claims adjoining it, a rough valuation of the quartz from these being \$25,500 in gold, \$10 in silver and \$4 in copper. Jack Costenay located on alongside for himself and Messrs. Shatford and Mangot, the off-day assay of which gives \$19 in gold, \$2.40 in silver and \$36.38 in copper.

REVELSTOKE.

Revelstoke Herald. J. Reighley and J. Frisby came in from the Jordan Pass on Monday, bringing some good looking rock from the upper lead of the St. Lawrence claim. They have been engaged in stripping the wash off the ledge, which shows up very well. They intend to put in some timbering as a start to a tunnel on the lead, on which they will do all their assessment work on their Jordan Pass claims this year.

The Herald congratulates Mr. W. J. Fairhall. It is true he is 1 year in the hospital with a broken leg, but he need not let a little thing like that annoy him any longer. Monday's train brought up Miss Mary Dorris, the girl he left behind in Peterborough, Ont., and the marriage was performed at the bedside of the injured man, by Rev. J. A. Wood. Mr. Fairhall was not suffering any pain at the time of the ceremony, and no doubt will make a speedy recovery under the careful nursing of his bride.

Strenuous efforts are being made to get the Orphan Boy scandal made the subject of a presentation by the grand jury, which is probably the only method of procedure by which its peculiarities can be adequately dealt with. The Herald hopes that with a view to the purification of the financial atmosphere surrounding the mining situation in this province, these efforts may be successful. A striking example is badly needed to convince the promoters of mining companies that these projects fall within exactly the same lines as any other business scheme, and cannot be handled with impunity for the enrichment of a few individuals at the expense of the two or three irresponsible men of straw, whose names figure on the prospectuses as secretaries, presidents, managers or whatever they choose to call themselves. If this object is obtained through the instrumentality, however unwilling, of the Orphan Boy Mining Company, its raison d'être in the scheme of things in general will for the first time become apparent.

VANCOUVER.

A man named Meyers, of Loughborough Inlet, 150 miles up the coast, is reported to have some specimens of rock that assay 230 ounces of gold to the ton. The finding on Friday night in the room occupied by the late John Lind in the Norden hotel for two letters addressed to a friend of his named Carl Nelson, leaves no doubt but that the deceased committed suicide. In what way is yet in doubt, though it is possible that he took poison.

An important deal in Golden Cache stock took place yesterday, whereby 10,000 shares of treasury stock were sold to an English syndicate at \$1.70 per share, and the money, \$17,000, deposited in the bank of British North America to the credit of the company. For some time past an English syndicate has been endeavoring to secure control of this mine, and its representatives have been picking up shares both here and in eastern Canada, and now they hold 100,000 shares, which were purchased at prices ranging from \$1.50 to \$2.25.

REVELSTOKE.

Kootenay Mail. A party of three, with Donald McIntosh as guide, went up Tuesday to the Orphan Boy. What they were after has not transpired. They were from Vancouver, somebody said.

It is said that C. E. Scumlin, leader of the Opposition in the British Columbia

legislature, will make a tour of this part of the province in the near future. Frank Vandell returned Thursday from a visit to Isaac creek, and speaks very highly of the mineral possibilities of that camp. He reports that the Bates boys have about ten or twelve claims on the mountain between Smith creek and Isaac creek, about twelve miles from Wüwam. The whole mountain is a mass of gold bearing ore, carrying some copper and silver. It is not at all unlike the War Eagle ore, and if it continues to hold the assay values already obtained, viz.: \$27, with 5 per cent. copper, it may yet turn out to be one of the coming camps in the country. There have also been several galena propositions already taken up, and some properties have changed hands. There is no doubt about the presence of the mineral, and work and money is needed now to prove it. The big lead on the Bates property runs nearly north-west and south-west (more south than west), and is a proposition of great merit. This new discovery is about 15 miles or so from Revelstoke, and will be soon another feeder to the town.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The tariff on salmon imported from the American side, which was half a cent a pound up to yesterday, has been taken off, and from the 10th inst. salmon is placed on the free list. The wholesale poisoning of dogs in this city is becoming serious, and every one who is a lover of our household companions should do all in his power to bring the evil-doers under the power of the law. No one would object to some of the worthless cures being got rid of, but in every case so far the poison has been selected for these victims highly valued and well known favorites.

Few medicines have held their ground so successfully as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During the past fifty years, it has been the most popular of all cough-cures and the demand for it to-day is greater than ever before. Prompt to act and sure to cure.

Reasons Why Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the Best.

- 1. Because it affords almost instant relief in case of pains in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus. 2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most severe cases of dysentery and diarrhoea. 3. Because it is the only remedy that will cure chronic diarrhoea. 4. Because it is the only remedy that will prevent bilious colic. 5. Because it is the only remedy that will cure epidemic dysentery. 6. Because it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon in cases of cholera infantum. 7. Because it is the most prompt and most reliable medicine in use for bowel complaints. 8. Because it produces no bad results. 9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take. 10. Because it has saved the lives of more people than any other medicine in the world.

HERE IS A KICK.

To the editor: I have been reading your excellent paper for a long time, and in the main I find it a very satisfactory newspaper, but here is one feature that aggravates me beyond measure and makes me swear (sometimes) that I will stop that sheet. The notice that I copied in of those reading notices, which begin with an interesting new way from and end up with "the best and most popular route between St. Paul and Chicago are the best dining car service in the world, is via the Wisconsin Central lines." The statement is truthful enough, and I suppose that J. G. Ford, G.P.A., Milwaukee, Wis., or Geo. S. Batty, general agent, 240 Stark st., Portland, Ore., finds this a good way to meet and inform the travelling public of the advantages of travelling over their lines. Yours, truly,

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FITCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
**Absolutely Pure.**  
 Celebrated for its great strengthening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

**SPORTING INTELLIGENCE**

**THE WHEEL.**  
 The Victoria Wheelmen's Club held their second meet of the season at the Oak Bay Grounds on Saturday afternoon, and although the day was an ideal one for the meet it did not draw a very large crowd. The different races were well contested and several new provincial records made. In the professional race George Sharick of Tacoma, as usual, had things his own way. In these races there was not a single entry from a Victoria professional; in fact but one professional resident on this side of the line—W. W. Gray of Nanaimo—competed. It is time that local professionals—who surely are not merely ornamental—got in and kept a few prizes in the city. At every meet held for some time past the prizes have gone to a few American riders who came over and had things their own way, local professionals, for reasons which are presumably known to themselves, not even competing against them. In the amateur races it was E. A. Wolff's day. He won the one-third mile amateur and the five mile, placing a new mark for the Victoria track on each, as will be seen in the summary which is appended. The mile amateur went to Hunter, of Nanaimo, with Wolff second. The race meet on Saturday was scarcely over before the wheelmen began to discuss the next meet. They propose to hold a Northwest championship meet shortly, arrangements for which will be made at the meeting of the club to be held on Tuesday evening. The summary of the races is as follows:

Notice race, one mile amateur—P. R. Daniels, Victoria Wheelmen, won; G. Sone, Victoria, 2. Time—2:36.  
 One-third mile, professional—First heat: J. A. Jones, Tacoma, won; E. W. Davies, Everett, 2. Time—2:30. Second heat: George Sharick, Tacoma, won; W. W. Gray, Nanaimo, 2. Time—2:35. Final: George Sharick, won; W. W. Gray, 2. Time—2:37.  
 One-third mile, amateur—First heat: E. A. Wolff, Victoria Wheelmen, won; W. Hunter, Nanaimo, 2. D. Christopher, Victoria, 3. Time—48. Second heat: W. E. Penwill, Victoria, won; Theo. Bryant, Wellington, 2. Rods, Camrose, Wellington, 3. Time—53. Final: E. A. Wolff, won; D. Christopher, 2; W. E. Penwill, 3. Time—49.  
 One mile, professional—First heat: Geo. Sharick, Tacoma, won; James A. Jones, Tacoma, 2. Time—2:20. Second heat: W. Bartholomew, Tacoma, won. Time—2:21. W. W. Gray and J. Sharick qualified by pacing. Final: George Sharick, won; W. Bartholomew, 2; J. Sharick, 3. Time—2:16.  
 One mile, amateur—First heat: W. Hunter, Nanaimo, won; H. Tyler, 2. Time—2:24. Second heat: Theo. Bryant, Wellington, won. Time—2:31. D. Christopher and E. A. Wolff qualified by pacing. Final: W. Hunter won; E. A. Wolff, 2. Time—2:13.  
 Boys' race, one mile, amateur—F. Jenkins, Victoria, won; Nason, 2. Time—3:06.  
 Lap race, two miles, professional—Geo. Sharick won; W. Bartholomew, 2; W. W. Gray, 3. Time—4:33. 4:3.  
 Five miles, amateur—E. A. Wolff won; W. Hunter, 2; H. Tyler, 3. Time—13:18. Track, A1; wind, light; referee and starter, F. E. Alley.

**NEW RECORDS ESTABLISHED.**  
 One third mile, amateur—E. A. Wolff, Victoria, 38.  
 Five miles, amateur—E. A. Wolff, Victoria, 13:18.  
 One mile, professional—George Sharick, Tacoma, 2:16.  
 Two mile, professional—George Sharick, Tacoma, 4:33. 4:3.  
 All from standing start, in competition: the one mile professional and five miles amateur paced; the third amateur and two miles, professional, un-paced.

**THE PRIZE WINNERS.**  
 Professional—George Sharick, three firsts (\$50); W. Bartholomew, two seconds (\$25); W. W. Gray, one second and one third (\$15).  
 Amateur—E. A. Wolff, two firsts and one second; W. Hunter, one first and one second; P. R. Daniels, one first; F. Jenkins, one first; D. Christopher, one second; G. Sone, one second; W. E. Penwill, one third; and H. Tyler, one third.

**LACROSSE.**  
**THREE EACH.**  
 A senior championship lacrosse match was played at Vancouver on Saturday between Vancouver and New Westminster, and resulted in a draw, each team winning three games. After the two hour limit an additional half hour was played, but neither team scored. Here is the summary:

Game.	Team.	Scored by.	Time.
1	Vancouver	Campbell	25 min
2	Vancouver	Quinn	1
3	New West.	Gibb	7
4	New West.	Lewis	7
5	Vancouver	Campbell	12
6	New West.	S. Peete	13

**CRICKET.**  
 A misunderstanding having arisen between the Albion and R.M.A. teams, their league match, which was on for Saturday afternoon, will be played at some future date.

**VICTORIA WOLF.**  
 The Victoria Cricket Club defeated the team from the city banks on Saturday afternoon at the Caledonia Grounds by a score of 22 runs. The Victoria Cricket Club, who batted first, totalled 119 for their innings. The two best scores being those of S. F. Morley, who put up 42, and F. W. Thomas, who was

not out for 20. W. P. Gonch, Q. H. D. Warden and A. P. Laxton each had double figures opposite his name. The bankers scored 97, of which G. S. Holt contributed 34, and W. A. Lobb and H. B. Haines 11 each.

**AT NOTTINGHAM.**  
 Nottingham, July 12.—A cricket match between the Gentlemen of Philadelphia and a Nottingham eleven began here this morning. The former won the toss and went to the bat. When the game was interrupted for luncheon, Philadelphia had scored 138 runs for two wickets down.

**THE TURF.**  
**MATCH RACES.**  
 Carrie S., the great Vancouver trotting mare, will be down on Thursday to finish her preparation at the Driving Park for the sweepstakes race on Saturday next between herself, Conde and Wilma. As a good deal of work has been done on the track to put it in record breaking shape the winner of the free-for-all-trot will have to go very near to record time, and second only in interest to it will be the match race at three-quarters of a mile between Confectioner and Black Beauty, owners to ride, Bright Eyes and Jim Murphy are also matched for \$ 00 in a half-mile and repeat race, unless unless rumor is wrong, the mare will turn the tables on her erstwhile conqueror. Thompson, race-for-sailors will also be a great drawing card.

**BASEBALL.**  
**"KID" BALDWIN DEAD.**  
 Cincinnati, O., July 12.—Word has been received from Longview, a member of the team of the "Kid" Baldwin, once the famous catcher of the Cincinnati baseball club.

**Cable News.**  
 London, July 12.—The Queen on Saturday at Windsor Castle received Senator Wolcott, ex-Vice-President Stevenson and General Paine, members of the United States bi-metallic commission. Five thousand wrought nail makers in South Staffordshire and North Worcestershire have struck for a ten per cent. advance in wages.

Nanaimo, Nicaragua, July 12.—Today President Zelaya gave a successful reception in honor of the fourth anniversary of the revolution which made him president of Nicaragua and placed the Liberals in power. Among the guests were Hon. Lewis Baker, and Mr. John Baker, U. S. minister, the secretary of the United States legation, and all the foreign consuls except the British.

Paris, July 12.—The supreme council of education has adopted a proposal by which foreigners are enabled to obtain doctors' diplomas by undergoing an examination at the French universities.

**American.**  
 Youngstown, Ohio, July 12.—Thomas Edmunds, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania railway gravel train, was arrested yesterday on the charge of an alleged murder. He was charged with the murder of a man in the rear seat of the passenger coach yesterday. He was shot through the head and shot him through the head. The murderer then jumped from the train and escaped.

Springfield, Ill., July 12.—One thousand six hundred miners, who have been working in Springfield district, returned to work today. This return was decided upon at a delegates' meeting yesterday, attended by more than 1,000 and 500 other mine workers. Only three mines were not represented.

**LAKE MYSTERIES.**

"I believe there is a subterranean river running from Lake Superior through Lakes Huron and Michigan, under Lake Erie, and emptying into Lake Ontario," said a man from up the State. "There is no other theory by which certain mysteries of the Great Lakes may be explained. The surface of Lake Superior is about 650 feet above tide, while its bed is 200 feet below the level. Lake Huron's surface is 50 feet below that of Lake Superior, and its bed is about on a level with Lake Superior's bed. Lake Erie's surface is nearly as high as Lake Michigan's, being 565 feet above tide, but its bed is also above tide, it being 350 feet above the ocean level, consequently its bed is 250 feet higher than the beds of Lakes Michigan, Huron and Superior. The surface of Lake Ontario is the lowest of all the lakes, being less than 500 feet above tide, but its bed is two hundred and sixty feet below the ocean level, or on about the same level with Lakes Michigan, Huron and Superior. So there is a continuous fall from Lake Superior to Lake Ontario, and all the known outlet that the upper lakes have is in the comparatively insignificant Detroit river. It does not seem within the bounds of physical possibility that the Detroit river could dispose of all that great volume of water from above, or its banks withstand the enormous pressure of that immense volume, and the theory of the existence of the subterranean river such as mentioned, seems to me not only plausible, but the existence of that stream is a necessity. All the St. Lawrence river fishes are found in every one of the Great Lakes except Lake Erie. Why? Because they follow the course of the subterranean river, passing three hundred feet beneath the bottom of Lake Erie, and enter the waters of Lake Michigan, thence to be distributed to the other lakes above it.

"The lakes above Lake Erie have frequent but irregular flux and reflux of their waters, corresponding with ocean tides. What is the explanation of the mystery of those erratic lake tides? Simply, according to my opinion, that the subterranean river becomes occasionally obstructed by great obstacles that are occasionally separated from the lake bottoms and moved down. Then the supplementary outlet for the great volume of water above for the outlet, the Detroit river, being insufficient for the purpose, the waters are dammed back, and the lakes rise. At last the underground obstructions are swept away by the irresistible pressure, the subterranean river flows naturally once more, and the dammed waters of the upper lakes subside. This is the whole mystery of the rise and fall of the tides in the great lakes."—N. Y. Sun

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others whose occupations give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for tired liver and biliousness. One in a dose. Try them.

**LIEBES' RAMBLING**

Canadian Sealers Have Lots of Evidence to Refute His Wild Statements.

False Returns Made Out by United States Officials at Washington.

Because the Victoria sealers have not been rushing into print with denials of the wild, rambling statements of Prof. David Starr Jordan and Mr. Liebes, of the Anaska Commercial Company, it is not to be supposed that they are allowing themselves plenty of time to pass. They have plenty of evidence to submit to the authorities, and will do so in due time. What Mr. Liebes says is taken, very little notice of, he being an interested party, whose sole object is to try and destroy the pelagic sealing industry.

Collector Milne's name having been mentioned by Mr. Liebes in an interview called from London and published in the Times on Saturday evening, that gentleman was seen. Mr. Liebes said the collector was imposed upon by the sealers, and that if the skins were examined it would be found that the returns were false. Mr. Liebes knows, or ought to know, that it is utterly impossible to tell a male from a female seal after it has been in salt two months; the marks being obliterated. The only one who can tell one skin from the other is the man who does the skinning, and he only while he is doing the skinning. A test was made here some time ago a number of skins being examined, and it was found impossible to tell one from another. The United States government also made a test, some skins taken off Cape Flattery being examined by experts. The man who killed the seals laughed at the returns made by the experts.

Another fact that Mr. Milne called attention to was that a pamphlet circulated by Prof. Jordan contained false returns. It was issued with the object of trying to prove that the collector's returns of the catch of Victoria sealers was wrong. To this the United States officials inserted the catch of American sealers, among others the St. Lawrence, of Puget Sound, in the list of Canadian vessels.

As to Jordan's fencing and branding scheme, the sealers just laugh at that, as they regard it as a mere attempt at other feeding grounds, and the far seal monopoly, which Liebes, assisted by the United States government, is trying to form, will be made an impossibility. As the collector said, no other government would lend themselves to such a proposal, it being a violation of a solemn treaty, which does not expire for two years. In conclusion Mr. Milne said he was ready to stand by the sworn statements of the sealers.

Prof. Thompson, the British commissioner, is not in a position to reply to the attack made on him by Mr. Liebes, but in his case also the sealers have plenty of evidence to submit, showing that he was right. Mr. R. Maynard, who visited the rookeries some years ago, is one disinterested witness to the fact that most of the seal pups are killed by the seal storms.

Captain Cox does not say so himself, but there were witnesses of a lively interview between the captain and Prof. Jordan during the professor's visit to Victoria. Prof. Jordan was sneaking around incovertly, trying to gather information. He ran up against the captain and got a dressing down that he will not forget for a month. He did not like to be told that the United States reminded one of an Italian organ-grinder, and Mr. Foster of the monkey, who was going around with the tin cup trying to get them to help poor Mr. Liebes and his company.

**SEE**

1896 REPORT OF THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASS. COY.

A RECORD BEATER. GEO. D. SCOTT, Provincial Manager, No. 42 Fort Street.

Money to Loan on Mortgage. PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL (INCORPORATED 1893.)

Tenders for Supplies. Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from 1st August, 1897, to 31st July, 1898, for the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, Vegetables, Groceries, Bread, Milk, Drugs, Wood and Scavenger Work. Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before noon of July 20, 1897. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Forms of tender can be obtained on application to H. M. YATES, Secretary, 47 Langley street.

McGill University MONTREAL. Session 1897-8.

The curriculum comprises courses in Arts (including the Donalds Special Course for Women), Applied Science, Medicine, Law, and Veterinary Science. Matriculation Examination and Scholarship Examinations held in August and September. Sept. Applied Science, 16th Sept.; Law, 17th Sept.; Veterinary Science, 22nd Sept. Copies of the Calendar, containing full information, may be obtained on application to the Secretary.

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