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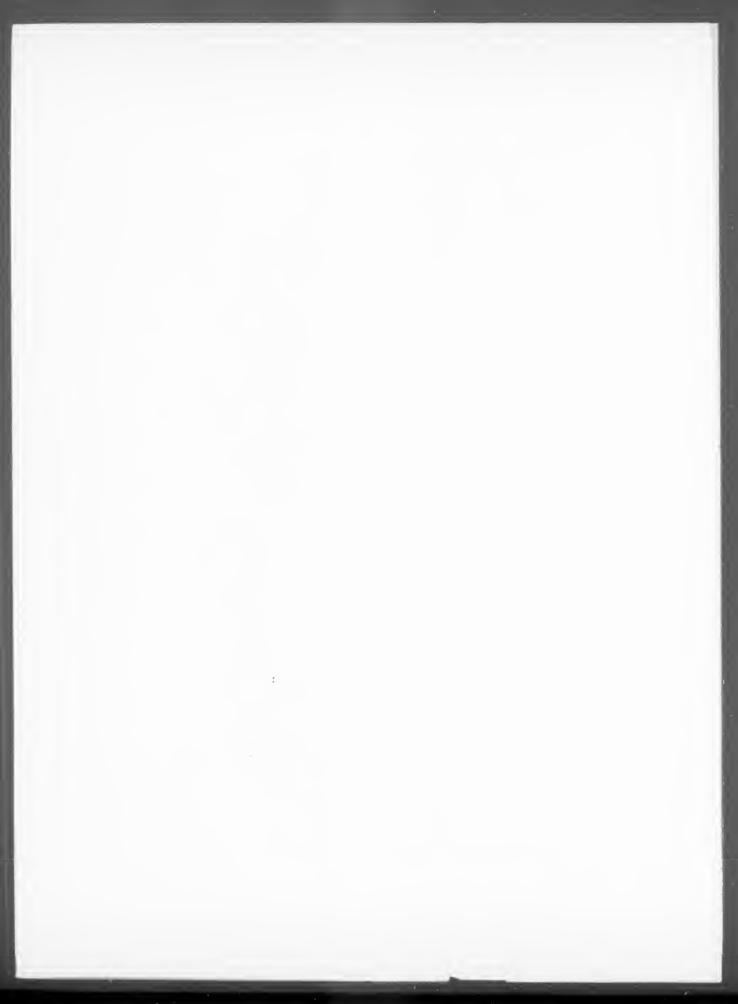
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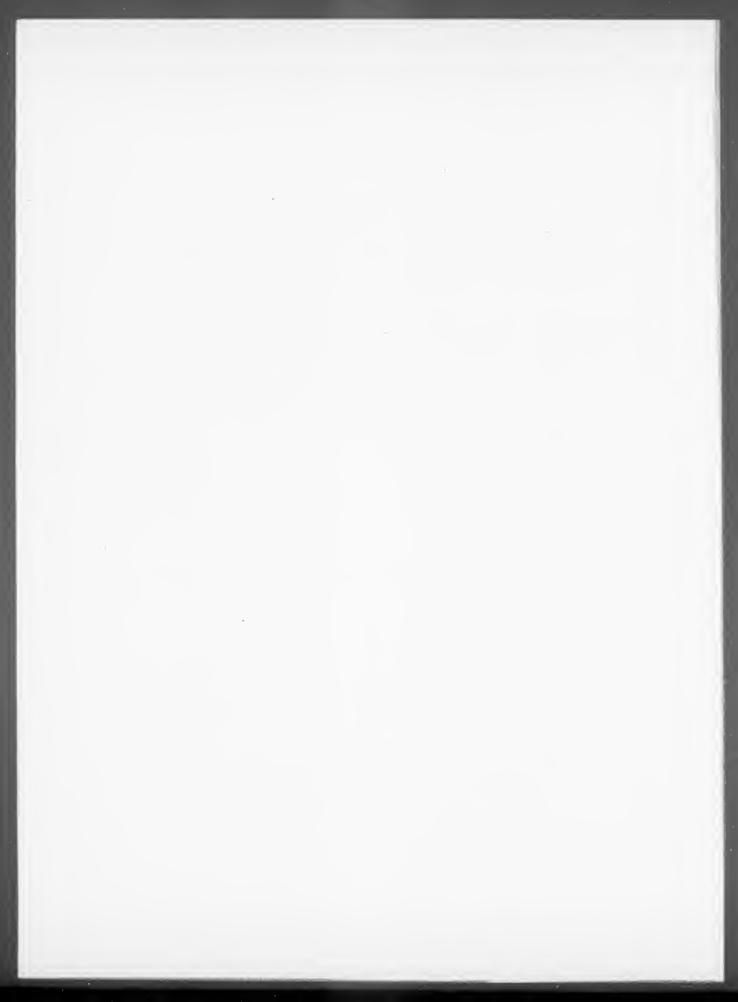
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# **Presidential Documents**

Title 3—

The President

Executive Order 13272 of August 13, 2002

# Proper Consideration of Small Entities in Agency Rulemaking

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1.** General Requirements. Each agency shall establish procedures and policies to promote compliance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) (the "Act"). Agencies shall thoroughly review draft rules to assess and take appropriate account of the potential impact on small businesses, small governmental jurisdictions, and small organizations, as provided by the Act. The Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration (Advocacy) shall remain available to advise agencies in performing that review consistent with the provisions of the Act.

Sec. 2. Responsibilities of Advocacy. Consistent with the requirements of the Act, other applicable law, and Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, as amended, Advocacy:

(a) shall notify agency heads from time to time of the requirements of the Act, including by issuing notifications with respect to the basic requirements of the Act within 90 days of the date of this order;

(b) shall provide training to agencies on compliance with the Act; and

(c) may provide comment on draft rules to the agency that has proposed or intends to propose the rules and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of the Office of Management and Budget (OIRA).

**Sec. 3.** Responsibilities of Federal Agencies. Consistent with the requirements of the Act and applicable law, agencies shall:

(a) Within 180 days of the date of this order, issue written procedures and policies, consistent with the Act, to ensure that the potential impacts of agencies' draft rules on small businesses, small governmental jurisdictions, and small organizations are properly considered during the rulemaking process. Agency heads shall submit, no later than 90 days from the date of this order, their written procedures and policies to Advocacy for comment. Prior to issuing final procedures and policies, agencies shall consider any such comments received within 60 days from the date of the submission of the agencies' procedures and policies to Advocacy. Except to the extent otherwise specifically provided by statute or Executive Order, agencies shall make the final procedures and policies available to the public through the Internet or other easily accessible means;

(b) Notify Advocacy of any draft rules that may have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Act. Such notifications shall be made (i) when the agency submits a draft rule to OIRA under Executive Order 12866 if that order requires such submission, or (ii) if no submission to OIRA is so required, at a reasonable time prior to publication of the rule by the agency; and

(c) Give every appropriate consideration to any comments provided by Advocacy regarding a draft rule. Consistent with applicable law and appropriate protection of executive deliberations and legal privileges, an agency shall include, in any explanation or discussion accompanying publication in the **Federal Register** of a final rule, the agency's response to any written comments submitted by Advocacy on the proposed rule that preceded the

final rule; provided, however, that such inclusion is not required if the head of the agency certifies that the public interest is not served thereby. Agencies and Advocacy may, to the extent permitted by law, engage in an exchange of data and research, as appropriate, to foster the purposes of the Act.

Sec. 4. Definitions. Terms defined in section 601 of title 5, United States Code, including the term "agency," shall have the same meaning in this order.

Sec. 5. Preservation of Authority. Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or affect the authority of the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to supervise the Small Business Administration as provided in the first sentence of section 2(b)(1) of Public Law 85–09536 (15 U.S.C. 633(b)(1)).

**Sec. 6.** Reporting. For the purpose of promoting compliance with this order, Advocacy shall submit a report not less than annually to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget on the extent of compliance with this order by agencies.

Sec. 7. Confidentiality. Consistent with existing law, Advocacy may publicly disclose information that it receives from the agencies in the course of carrying out this order only to the extent that such information already has been lawfully and publicly disclosed by OIRA or the relevant rulemaking agency.

Sec. 8. Judicial Review. This order is intended only to improve the internal management of the Federal Government. This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or equity, against the United States, its departments, agencies, or other entities, its officers or employees, or any other person.

A ~ Bc

THE WHITE HOUSE, August 13, 2002.

[FR Doc. 02-21056 Filed 08-15-02; 8:45 am] Billing code 3195-01-P

# **Rules and Regulations**

Federal Register

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

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# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 25

[Docket No. NM227; Special Conditions No. 25–208–SC1

Special Conditions: Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50; High-Intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF)

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Final special conditions; request for comments.

SUMMARY: These special conditions are issued for Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Havcock & Associates LLC. These modified airplanes will have a novel or unusual design feature when compared to the state of technology envisioned in the airworthiness standards for transport category airplanes. The modification incorporates the installation of Universal Avionics Systems Corporation EFI-640 Electronic Flight Instruments that perform critical functions. The applicable airworthiness regulations do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for the protection of these systems from the effects of high-intensity-radiated fields (HIRF). These special conditions contain the additional safety standards that the Administrator considers necessary to establish a level of safety equivalent to that established by the existing airworthiness standards. DATES: The effective date of these special conditions is July 29, 2002. Comments must be received on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments on these special conditions may be mailed in duplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Transport Airplane Directorate, Attention: Rules Docket (ANM–113), Docket No. NM227, 1601 Lind Avenue

SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; or delivered in duplicate to the Transport Airplane Directorate at the above address. All comments must be marked: Docket No. NM227. Comments may be inspected in the Rules Docket weekdays, except Federal holidays, between 7:30 a.m. and 4 p.m.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Meghan Gordon, FAA, Standardization Branch, ANM-113, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2138; facsimile (425) 227-1149.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

The FAA has determined that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable because these procedures would significantly delay certification of the airplane and thus delivery of the affected aircraft. In addition, the substance of these special conditions has been subject to the public comment process in several prior instances with no substantive comments received. The FAA therefore finds that good cause exists for making these special conditions effective upon issuance; however, the FAA invites interested persons to participate in this rulemaking by submitting written comments, data, or views. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the special conditions, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. We ask that you send us two copies of written comments

We will file in the docket all comments we receive, as well as a report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerning these special conditions. The docket is available for public inspection before and after the comment closing date. If you wish to review the docket in person, go to the address in the ADDRESSES section of this preamble between 7:30 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

We will consider all comments we receive on or before the closing date for comments. We will consider comments filed late if it is possible to do so without incurring expense or delay. We may change these special conditions in light of the comments we receive.

If you want the FAA to acknowledge receipt of your comments on these special conditions, include with your comments a pre-addressed, stamped postcard on which the docket number appears. We will stamp the date on the postcard and mail it back to you.

### Background

On June 5, 2002, Haycock & Associates LLC, 2558 Rittenour Court, Blacklick, Ohio, applied for a Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) to modify Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 (Falcon 50) aircraft. The Falcon 50 is a small transport category airplane. The Falcon 50 airplanes are powered by three Honeywell (Garrett) TFE-731-3-1C turbofans, and have a maximum takeoff weight of 38,800 pounds (40,780 pounds with Service Bulletin F50-191). This airplane operates with a 2-pilot crew and can hold up to 19 passengers. The modification incorporates the installation of Universal Avionics Systems Corporation EFI-640 Electronic Flight Instruments. The EFI-640 displays are replacements for the mechanical heading (HSI) and attitude (ADI) instruments. The avionics/ electronics and electrical systems installed in this airplane have the potential to be vulnerable to highintensity radiated fields (HIRF) external to the airplane.

## **Type Certification Basis**

Under the provisions of 14 CFR 21.101, Amendment 21-69, effective September 16, 1991, Haycock & Associates LLC must show that the Falcon 50 as changed, continues to meet the applicable provisions of the regulations incorporated by reference in Type Certificate No. A46EU, or the applicable regulations in effect on the date of application for the change. Subsequent changes have been made to § 21.101 as part of Amendment 21–77, but those changes do not become effective until June 10, 2003. The regulations incorporated by reference in the type certificate are commonly referred to as the "original type certification basis." The regulations included in the certification basis for the Falcon 50 airplanes include 14 CFR 21.29; 14 CFR part 25 effective February 1, 1965, as amended by amendments 25-1 through 25-34; § 25.255, as amended by amendment 25-42;

§§ 25.979(d) and (e), as amended by amendment 25-38; § 25.1013(b)(1), as amended by amendment 25-36: § 25.1351(d), as amended by amendment 25-41; and § 25.1353, as amended by amendment 25-42. In addition, the certification basis includes Special Conditions 25-86-EU-24, and additional requirements listed in the type certificate data sheet that are not relevant to these special conditions.

If the Administrator finds that the applicable airworthiness regulations (i.e., part 25, as amended) do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for the Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Haycock & Associates LLC because of a novel or unusual design feature, special conditions are prescribed under the provisions of § 21.16.

In addition to the applicable airworthiness regulations and special conditions, these Falcon 50 airplanes must comply with the fuel vent and exhaust emission requirements of 14 CFR part 34 and the noise certification requirements of 14 CFR part 36.

Special conditions, as defined in 14 CFR 11.19, are issued in accordance with § 11.38 and become part of the type certification basis in accordance with § 21.101(b)(2), Amendment 21-69, effective September 16, 1991

Special conditions are initially applicable to the model for which they are issued. Should Haycock & Associates LLC apply at a later date for a supplemental type certificate to modify any other model included on the same type certificate to incorporate the same novel or unusual design feature, these special conditions would also apply to the other model under the

provisions of § 21.101(a)(1), Amendment 21-69, effective September 16, 1991.

# **Novel or Unusual Design Features**

As noted earlier, the Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Haycock & Associates LLC will incorporate dual Electronic Primary Flight Displays that will perform critical functions. This system may be vulnerable to high-intensity radiated fields external to the airplane. The current airworthiness standards of part 25 do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for the protection of this equipment from the adverse effects of HÎRF. Accordingly, this system is considered to be a novel or unusual design feature.

#### Discussion

There is no specific regulation that addresses protection requirements for electrical and electronic systems from HIRF. Increased power levels from ground-based radio transmitters and the growing use of sensitive avionics/ electronics and electrical systems to command and control airplanes have made it necessary to provide adequate protection.

To ensure that a level of safety is achieved that is equivalent to that intended by the regulations incorporated by reference, special conditions are needed for the Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Haycock & Associates LLC. These special conditions require that new avionics/electronics and electrical systems that perform critical functions be designed and installed to preclude component damage and interruption of

function due to both the direct and indirect effects of HIRF.

# High-Intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF)

With the trend toward increased power levels from ground-based transmitters, plus the advent of space and satellite communications coupled with electronic command and control of the airplane, the immunity of critical avionics/electronics and electrical systems to HIRF must be established.

It is not possible to precisely define the HIRF to which the airplane will be exposed in service. There is also uncertainty concerning the effectiveness of airframe shielding for HIRF. Furthermore, coupling of electromagnetic energy to cockpitinstalled equipment through the cockpit window apertures is undefined. Based on surveys and analysis of existing HIRF emitters, an adequate level of protection exists when compliance with the HIRF protection special condition is shown in accordance with either paragraph 1 or 2 helow:

- 1. A minimum threat of 100 volts rms (root-mean-square) per meter electric field strength from 10 kHz to 18 GHz.
- a. The threat must be applied to the system elements and their associated wiring harnesses without the benefit of airframe shielding.
- b. Demonstration of this level of protection is established through system tests and analysis.
- 2. A threat external to the airframe of the field strengths indicated in the table below for the frequency ranges indicated. Both peak and average field strength components from the table are to be demonstrated.

Frequency	Field strength (volts per meter)	
	Peak	Average
10 kHz–100 kHz	50	50
100 kHz-500 kHz	50	50
500 kHz-2 MHz	. 50	50
2 MHz-30 MHz	100	100
30 MHz-70 MHz	50	50
70 MHz-100 MHz	50	50
100 MHz-200 MHz	100	100
200 MHz-400 MHz	100	100
400 MHz-700 MHz	700	50
700 MHz-1 GHz	700	100
1 GHz–2 GHz	2000	200
2 GHz-4 GHz	3000	200
4 GHz–6 GHz	3000	200
6 GHz–8 GHz	1000	200
8 GHz-12 GHz	3000	300
12 GHz-18 GHz	2000	200
18 GHz-40 GHz	600	200

The field strengths are expressed in terms of peak of the root-mean-square (rms) over the complete modulation period.

The threat levels identified above are the result of an FAA review of existing studies on the subject of HIRF, in light of the ongoing work of the Electromagnetic Effects Harmonization Working Group of the Aviation Rulemaking Advisory Committee.

## **Applicability**

As discussed above, these special conditions are applicable to Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 modified by Haycock & Associates LLC. Should Haycock & Associates LLC apply at a later date for a supplemental type certificate to modify any other model included on Type Certificate A46EU to incorporate the same novel or unusual design feature, these special conditions would apply to that model as well under the provisions of § 21.101(a)(1), Amendment 21–69, effective September 16, 1991.

# Conclusion

This action affects only certain features on Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Haycock & Associates LLC. It is not a rule of general applicability and affects only the applicant who applied to the FAA for approval of these features on

The substance of these special conditions has been subjected to the notice and comment procedure in several prior instances and has been derived without substantive change from those previously issued. Because a delay would significantly affect the certification of the airplane, which is imminent, the FAA has determined that prior public notice and comment are unnecessary and impracticable, and good cause exists for adopting these special conditions upon issuance. The FAA is requesting comments to allow interested persons to submit views that may not have been submitted in response to the prior opportunities for comment described above.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 25

Aircraft, Aviation safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements. The authority citation for these

The authority citation for these special conditions is as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701, 44702, 44704.

# The Special Conditions

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the following special conditions are issued as part of the supplemental type certification basis for the Dassault Aviation Mystere Falcon 50 airplanes modified by Haycock & Associates LLC.

1. Protection from Unwanted Effects of High-Intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF). Each electrical and of electronic system that performs critical functions must be designed and installed to ensure that the operational capability of these systems to perform critical functions are not adversely affected when the airplane is exposed to high-intensity radiated fields.

2. For the purpose of these special conditions, the following definition applies: *Critical Functions*: Functions whose failure would contribute to or cause a failure condition that would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on July 29, 2002.

#### Ali Bahrami.

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane
Directorate Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 02–20883 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-147-AD; Amendment 39-12848; AD 2002-16-09]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model 717–200 Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all McDonnell Douglas Model 717-200 airplanes. This action requires repetitive tests to detect failure of the solenoid operated shut-off valve (SOV) of the inboard and outboard spoiler actuator assemblies, and corrective action if necessary. This action is necessary to detect and correct conditions associated with high electrical resistance in the solenoid, which, in combination with the failure of a spoiler actuator, could result in reduced controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Effective September 3, 2002.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 3, 2002.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before October 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-147-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anmiarcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002-NM-147-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Aircraft Group, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1-L5A (D800-0024). This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Technical Information: Thomas Phan,
Aerospace Engineer, Systems and
Equipment Branch, ANM-130L, FAA,
Los Angeles Aircraft Certification
Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard,
Lakewood, California 90712-4137;
telephone (562) 627-5342; fax (562)

627–5210.

Other Information: Sandi Carli,
Airworthiness Directive Technical
Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687–
4243, fax (425) 227–1232. Questions or
comments may also be sent via the
Internet using the following address:
sandi.carli@faa.gov. Questions or
comments sent via the Internet as
attached electronic files must be
formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for
Windows or ASCII text.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA has recently been advised of failed tests of spoiler actuator assemblies due to failure of the solenoid-operated shut-off valve (SOV) on McDonnell Douglas Model 717–200 airplanes in service and

during final assembly. Analysis by the manufacturer indicates that these solenoids contain high electrical resistance, which can be detected only during a spoiler return-to-service (RTS) test. The cause of the high resistance is under investigation. The presence of high electrical resistance in the solenoid is considered a latent failure. The combined failure of the solenoidoperated SOV and the spoiler actuator will cause a single spoiler panel hardover, and could result in reduced controllability of the airplane.

### **Explanation of Relevant Service** Information

The FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 717 27A0025, dated June 11, 2002, which describes procedures for repetitive tests to determine the electrical resistance within the solenoid of the inboard and outboard spoiler actuator assemblies. Operators may choose to perform either a spoiler actuator RTS test or a spoiler system RTS test. Corrective actions for any failed test include replacing the spoiler actuator assembly with a new spoiler actuator assembly, and correcting all faults in the centralized fault display system (CFDS).

# Explanation of the Requirements of the

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design, this AD is being issued to detect and correct conditions associated with high electrical resistance in the solenoid of the spoiler actuator assembly, which, in combination with the failure of a spoiler actuator, could result in reduced controllability of the airplane. This AD requires accomplishment of the actions specified in the alert service bulletin described previously.

# **Interim Action**

This is considered to be interim action until final action is identified, at which time the FAA may consider further rulemaking.

# **Determination of Rule's Effective Date**

Since a situation exists that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable, and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

#### **Comments Invited**

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety and, thus, was not

preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Submit comments using the following format:

Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.

 For each issue, state what specific change to the AD is being requested.

• Include justification (e.g., reasons or

data) for each request. Comments are specifically invited on

the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002-NM-147-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft,

and that it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

# Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# **PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

#### 2002-16-09 McDonnell Douglas: Amendment 39-12848. Docket 2002-NM-147-AD.

Applicability: All Model 717-200 airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To detect and correct conditions associated with high electrical resistance in the solenoid of the spoiler actuator assembly, which, in combination with the failure of a spoiler actuator, could result in reduced

controllability of the airplane, accomplish the following:

### Repetitive Tests

(a) Within 60 days after the effective date of this AD, determine the electrical resistance within the solenoid of the inboard and outboard spoiler actuator assemblies by doing either a spoiler actuator return-to-service (RTS) test or a spoiler system RTS test, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 717–27A0025, dated June 11, 2002. Repeat either test thereafter at least every 550 flight hours.

#### Corrective Action

(b) If any failure is noted during any test required by paragraph (a) of this AD: Before further flight, perform applicable corrective actions (including replacing the spoiler actuator assembly with a new spoiler actuator assembly and correcting all faults in the centralized fault display system (CFDS)), in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 717–27A0025, dated June 11, 2002, and repeat the test until a successful complete RTS test has been achieved.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

#### Incorporation by Reference

(e) The actions must be done in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 717-27A0025, dated June 11, 2002. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Aircraft Group, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1-L5A (D800-0024). Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### **Effective Date**

(f) This amendment becomes effective on September 3, 2002.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 7, 2002.

#### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20514 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-159-AD; Amendment 39-12862; AD 2002-16-23]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 737–600, –700, –700C, –800, and –900 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Boeing Model 737-600, -700, -700C, -800, and "900 series airplanes. This action requires repetitive tests of the rudder pedal force or repetitive inspections of the rudder feel and centering unit to determine the condition of the inner spring; corrective action if necessary; and eventual replacement of the spring assembly on the rudder feel and centering unit with a new assembly, which would terminate the repetitive requirements. This action is necessary to prevent reduced rudder pedal feel and centering force, which, combined with failure of the outer spring of the spring assembly, could result in pilot-induced oscillation and consequent loss of control of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition. DATES: Effective September 3, 2002.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 3, 2002.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before October 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-159-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal

holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anmiarcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002–NM–159–AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, PO Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Technical Information: Douglas Tsuji, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM-130S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-1506; fax (425) 227-1181.

Other Information: Sandi Carli, Airworthiness Directive Technical Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687–4243, fax (425) 227–1232. Questions or comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: sandi.carli@faa.gov. Questions or comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA has received reports of low rudder pedal forces caused by a broken inner spring in the rudder feel and centering unit on some Boeing Model 737-600, -700, -700C, -800, and -900 series airplanes. The rudder feel and centering unit has two springs-an inner spring and an outer spring. Investigation of the broken springs revealed an incorrect manufacturing process used on a specific batch of inner springs. The outer springs were processed in separate lots, and no outer spring failures have been reported. Further investigation revealed broken inner springs on three delivered and four undelivered airplanes. In each case, the reduced rudder pedal centering force was caused by a failed inner spring. A preflight controls check conducted by the flight crew will detect reduced pedal force, which would indicate the failure of either spring. In the event that both the inner and outer springs fail, the pedal feel and centering forces will be lost. This condition, if not corrected, could

result in pilot-induced oscillation and consequent loss of control of the

### **Explanation of Relevant Service** Information

The FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1259, dated May 30, 2002. The alert service bulletin describes procedures for repetitive rudder pedal force tests to measure the pedal force, and repetitive inspections of the rudder feel and centering unit to determine if an inner spring is loose or broken. Operators may choose to do either the test or the inspection. The alert service bulletin also describes procedures for replacing the spring assembly on the rudder feel and centering unit with a new assembly, and adding the suffix "R" to the serial number to indicate that the spring assembly was replaced. Replacing the spring assembly is considered corrective action for incorrect pedal force or a loose/broken inner spring, and eliminates the need for the repetitive tests/inspections. The alert service bulletin also specifies that operators submit replaced spring assemblies and identifying information to the manufacturer. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the alert service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

## Explanation of the Requirements of the Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design, this AD is being issued to prevent reduced rudder pedal feel and centering force, which, combined with failure of the outer spring of the spring assembly, could result in pilot-induced oscillation and consequent loss of control of the airplane. This AD requires accomplishment of the actions specified in the alert service bulletin described previously, except as discussed in the following section.

This AD also requires that operators send replaced spring assemblies to Boeing. According to the alert service bulletin, receipt of all replaced spring assemblies will ensure that discrepant springs have been removed from service. However, since the alert service bulletin was issued, Boeing has advised that the replaced spring assemblies submitted by operators will be examined for the type and level of damage sustained, so that further action based on the findings may be developed if appropriate.

### Differences Between AD and Alert Service Bulletin

This AD includes Model 737-600 series airplanes. In the alert service bulletin, this model was identified in the Summary ("EFFECTIVITY"), but apparently inadvertently omitted in

paragraph 1.A.1.

In addition, the applicability of this AD includes airplanes having line numbers 948 through 1108. The effectivity of the alert service bulletin includes those same airplane line numbers-but "with some exceptions." Those exceptions include four airplanes that Boeing has since advised should be included in the service bulletin effectivity. Those four airplanes have line numbers between 948 and 1108 and are therefore subject to the requirements

# **Determination of Rule's Effective Date**

Since a situation exists that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable, and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

# **Comments Invited**

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety and, thus, was not preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Submit comments using the following format:

· Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.

 For each issue, state what specific change to the AD is being requested.

• Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic,

environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002-NM-159-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and that it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

#### Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# **PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2002-16-23 Boeing: Amendment 39-12862. Docket 2002-NM-159-AD.

Applicability: Model 737-600, -700. -700C, -800, and -900 series airplanes; certificated in any category; line numbers 948 through 1108 inclusive.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless

accomplished previously.

To prevent reduced rudder pedal feel and centering force, which, combined with failure of the outer spring of the spring assembly, could result in pilot-induced oscillation and consequent loss of control of the airplane, accomplish the following:

# **Test or Inspection**

(a) Within 10 days after the effective date of this AD, do the actions specified in either paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this AD, in accordance with Part A of paragraph 3.B. of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1259, dated May 30, 2002. Repeat either action at least every 20 days until the terminating action required by paragraph (b) of this AD has been done.

(1) Test the force of the rudder pedal. If the pedal force is outside the limits specified in the alert service bulletin: Before further flight, do the terminating action specified by

paragraph (b) of this AD.

(2) Perform a detailed inspection of the rudder feel and centering unit to determine the condition of the inner spring. If the inner spring is loose or broken: Before further flight, do the terminating action specified by paragraph (b) of this AD.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a detailed inspection is defined as: "An intensive visual examination of a specific structural area, system, installation, or assembly to detect damage, failure, or irregularity. Available lighting is normally supplemented with a direct source of good lighting at intensity deemed appropriate by the inspector. Inspection aids such as mirror, magnifying lenses, etc., may be used. Surface cleaning and elaborate access procedures may be required."

#### **Terminating Action**

(b) Except as required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD: Within 90 days after the effective date of this AD, replace the spring assembly on the rudder feel and centering unit with a new spring assembly, and ensure that the letter "R" is marked after the serial number; in accordance with Part B of paragraph 3.B. of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1259, dated May 30, 2002.

#### Reporting Requirement

(c) At the applicable time specified in paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of this AD: Submit the replaced spring assembly P/N 69-57900-5, if applicable, along with a report that includes identifying information to Richard Ranhofer, The Boeing Company, Spares Distribution Center, Repair and Overhaul Area SSA111, Building 2201, Door W10, 2201 South 142nd Street, SeaTac, Washington 98168; reference SB 737-27A1259. The report must include the airplane identification (line number, serial number, omni number, or registry number). and the serial number of the rudder feel and centering unit. This may be accomplished by submitting a completed Appendix B of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1259, dated May 30, 2002. Information collection requirements contained in this AD have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and have been assigned OMB Control Number 2120-0056.

(1) For airplanes on which the inspection is accomplished after the effective date of this AD: Send the spring assembly and the report within 30 days after replacing the spring assembly, as required by paragraph (a) or (b), as applicable, of this AD.

(2) For airplanes on which the spring assembly has been replaced prior to the effective date of this AD: Send the spring assembly and the report within 30 days after the effective date of this AD.

# **Spare Parts**

(d) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install on any airplane a rudder feel and centering unit with a spring assembly that has a part number 69-57900-5 and a serial number in the range 2900 through 3101 inclusive-unless the feel and centering unit's serial number includes the suffix "R" to indicate that the spring assembly has been replaced.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(e) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

#### Special Flight Permits: Prohibited

(f) Special flight permits, in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199), are prohibited for the operation of the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

### Incorporation by Reference

(g) The actions must be done in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1259, dated May 30, 2002. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, PO Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington: or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### **Effective Date**

(h) This amendment becomes effective on September 3, 2002.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August

#### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 02-20513 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001-NM-313-AD; Amendment 39-12852; AD 2002-16-13]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Dornier Model 328-100 and 328-300 Series **Airplanes**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration. DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Dornier Model 328-100 and 328-300 series airplanes, that requires replacement of the bolts with new bolts with wirelocking on the Support One of the rudder spring tab. This action is necessary to ensure replacement of improper bolts installed on the rudder spring tab that could back out over time, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition. DATES: Effective September 20, 2002.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the

regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 20, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Fairchild Dornier, Dornier Luftfahrt GmbH, PO Box 1103, D–82230 Wessling, Germany. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tom Groves, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-1503; fax (425) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Dornier Model 328–100 and 328–300 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on April 5, 2002 (67 FR 16331). That action proposed to require replacement of the bolts with new bolts with wirelocking on the Support One of the rudder spring tab.

#### Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

### Conclusion

The FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

### **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 53 Model 328–100 series airplanes and 20 Model 328–300 series airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Required parts will be supplied by the manufacturer at no cost to the operators. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$4,380, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD

were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

### Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2002–16–13 'Dornier Luftfahrt GMBH: Amendment 39–12852. Docket 2001– NM–313–AD.

Applicability: Model 328–100 series airplanes having serial numbers 3005

through 3119 inclusive, and Model 328–300 series airplanes having serial numbers 3105 through 3167 inclusive, excluding serial number 3164; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure replacement of improper bolts installed on the rudder spring tab that could back out over time, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the airplane, accomplish the following:

# **Bolt Replacement**

(a) Within 90 days after the effective date of this AD, replace the bolts with new bolts with wirelocking on the Support One of the rudder spring tab (including torquing the bolts to the proper setting), per the Accomplishment Instructions of Dornier Service Bulletin SB-328-55-351 (for Model 328-100 series airplanes); or SB-328J-55-058, Revision 1 (for Model 328-300 series airplanes); both dated April 10, 2001; as applicable.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.

# **Special Flight Permits**

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

#### **Incorporation by Reference**

(d) The replacement shall be done in accordance with Dornier Service Bulletin SB–328–55–351, dated April 10, 2001; or Dornier Service Bulletin SB–328J–55–058, Revision 1, dated April 10, 2001; as applicable. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a)

and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Fairchild Dornier, Dornier Luftfahrt GmbH, PO Box 1103, D–82230 Wessling, Germany. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in German airworthiness directives 2001–260 and 2001–261, both dated September 6, 2001.

#### **Effective Date**

(e) This amendment becomes effective on September 20, 2002.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 7, 2002.

## Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20511 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000-NM-333-AD; Amendment 39-12850; AD 2002-16-11]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 777 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Boeing Model 777 series airplanes, that requires inspection of certain aft axle pivot pins of the main landing gear (MLG) for heat damage and either reworking of damaged pins or replacement of damaged pins with new or serviceable pins. This action is necessary to prevent breakage of the aft axle pivot pin of the MLG, which could overload the center axle, causing the tires to blow out upon landing, and could disengage the aft axle so that it jams the gear in the wheel well, preventing proper extension of the MLG. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Effective September 20, 2002. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 20, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, PO Box 3707, Seattle,

Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Technical Information: Suzanne Masterson, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM-120S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2772; fax (425) 227-1181.

Other Information: Judy Golder, Airworthiness Directive Technical Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687–4241, fax (425) 227–1232. Questions or comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: judy.golder@faa.gov. Questions or comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Boeing Model 777 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on January 4, 2002 (67 FR 541). That action proposed to require inspection of certain aft axle pivot pins of the main landing gear (MLG) for heat damage and either reworking of damaged pins or replacement of damaged pins with new pins.

# Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

#### **Clarify Inspection Method**

One commenter requests that the FAA revise paragraph (a)(2) of the proposed AD because the description of one of the appropriate inspection methods as a "magnetic particle inspection" is incomplete. The commenter states that the term should be changed to "metallurgical inspection."

We partially concur with the commenter's request. We acknowledge that the magnetic particle inspection is only one part of the inspection procedures described in Figure 2 of Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777–32–0029, dated May 18, 2000. However, we find that the term "metallurgical inspection" is also not fully descriptive or inclusive of all of

the steps in the inspection process. For clarification of the acceptable inspection methods, we have revised the wording of paragraph (a)(2) of this final rule to state that the required inspection "must be done either by the Barkhausen Noise Inspection method for chromium-plated parts, or by following all of the procedures in Figure 2 of the service bulletin (including nital etching and a magnetic particle inspection), in accordance with the service bulletin."

#### Allow Installation of Serviceable Pins

One commenter requests that we revise paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of the proposed AD to allow installation of a serviceable aft axle pivot pin. The commenter states that this paragraph is confusing because it may be interpreted to allow installation only of the same aft axle pivot pin removed from the MLG or a new pin. The commenter would like to be allowed to remove the existing pin, and install either a new pin or a pin that has been inspected in accordance with the proposed AD.

We concur that both paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this AD need to be clarified as the commenter describes. It is not our intention to prohibit installation of a serviceable pin that has been inspected. Therefore, we have revised paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this final rule to allow installation of a new or serviceable aft axle pivot pin in the MLG. We have also revised the Summary section of this AD accordingly.

# **Extend Compliance Time for Follow-on Inspection of Pivot Pin**

One commenter requests that we extend the compliance time for the follow-on inspection for heat damage of any aft axle pivot pin with an EGL prefix, which would be required by paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of the proposed AD. The commenter states that operators should be allowed to remove and inspect the pins at the next maintenance opportunity, rather than "prior to further flight," as long as the action is done within the 18-month compliance time.

We concur that we need to clarify the compliance time for the follow-on removal and inspection of the aft axle pivot pin described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this AD. Inspecting an affected aft axle pivot pin for heat damage within 18 months after the effective date of this AD is acceptable for compliance with this AD. We have revised paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this AD to clarify our intent.

# Clarify Paragraph (a)(1)

One commenter suggests that we revise paragraph (a)(1) for clarification. The commenter states that an operator was confused by the applicability of that paragraph, "For airplanes which have line numbers 1 through 68 inclusive (designated as Group 1 airplanes in the service bulletin) and on which the aft axle pivot pin of the MLG has been replaced prior to the effective date of this AD." The operator interpreted this as meaning that the paragraph applies to airplanes with line numbers (L/Ns) 1 through 68 and higher. The commenter suggests a comma after the parenthetical phrase. We concur and have revised paragraph (a)(1) accordingly

# Credit for Actions Accomplished Previously

One commenter requests that we revise the proposed AD to provide credit for airplanes on which the actions in Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777-32-0029 were accomplished before the effective date of the AD. The commenter notes that, in the service bulletin, the manufacturer recommends compliance within 18 months after service bulletin release. Thus, many operators have already done the inspections in the service bulletin. The commenter states that the wording of the proposed AD would require operators that have already complied with the proposed requirements to request an alternative method of compliance (AMOC).

For similar reasons, the same commenter requests that we remove the airplane with L/N 1 from the applicability of this AD. The commenter points out that the "Group 1" inspection described in the service bulletin was accomplished on this airplane before it was delivered, and no subject aft axle

pivot pin was found.

We do not concur that any change is necessary. We give credit for actions accomplished before the effective date of an AD by means of the phrase "Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously," which appears in every AD. If an operator's maintenance records show conclusively that the aft axle pivot pin installed on an airplane has been inspected per the referenced service bulletin and found to be acceptable, no further action is required.

Specifically with regard to the airplane with L/N 1, though that airplane may have been delivered with a pin that is not subject to this AD, it is possible that a subject pin could be installed on that airplane after delivery. Therefore, L/N 1 must be included in

the applicability of this AD, so that it is subject to paragraph (b) of this AD, the "Spares" paragraph, which prohibits installation of a subject aft axle pivot pin unless it has been inspected per this AD.

We have made no change to the final rule related to these requests.

# **Eliminate Inspection in Spares Provision**

One commenter requests that we eliminate the inspection specified in paragraph (b), the "Spares" paragraph, of the proposed AD. The commenter states that the proposed requirement would impose an unnecessary inspection on all aft axle pivot pins with an "EGL" prefix, rather than only the suspect pins. The commenter notes that Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777-32-0029, dated May 18, 2000, was issued to address a finite number of pins, which were manufactured between November 1996 and October 1999. The commenter states that the root cause of the defect in this set of pins was identified and the supplier has corrected its process accordingly. The commenter is concerned about forcing operators to inspect pins produced after the process was corrected in October 1999.

Similarly, a second commenter requests that we revise paragraph (b) of this AD to exempt aft axle pivot pins purchased from the manufacturer after the release date of Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777–32–0029. The commenter notes that pins purchased from the manufacturer after the release of the service bulletin should not be subject to the identified unsafe condition. The commenter indicates that the manufacturer has advised that it is not necessary to inspect such pins.

We do not concur with these requests. While we have learned that the manufacturer is working to develop a method of tracking the subject pins, no such system is currently in place, so it is possible that some of the subject pins may have been procured as spares. Thus, we find it necessary to require inspection of any aft axle pivot pin having a serial number with the prefix "EGL." If a system is in place to track the pins, operators may request approval of an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. No change to the final rule is necessary in this regard.

# Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, we have determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes

previously described. We have determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

### **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 263 Model 777 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 73 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 4 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required inspection, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$17,520, or \$240 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

#### Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

# Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**2002–16–11 Boeing:** Amendment 39–12850. Docket 2000–NM–333–AD.

Applicability: Model 777 series airplanes, line numbers 1 through 263 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent breakage of the aft axle pivot pin of the main landing gear (MLG), which could overload the center axle, causing the tires to blow out upon landing, and could disengage the aft axle so that it jams the gear in the wheel well, preventing proper extension of the MLG, accomplish the following:

#### Inspection

(a) Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD: Perform the actions specified in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this AD, as applicable, in accordance with Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777–32–0029, dated May 18, 2000.

(1) For airplanes which have line numbers 1 through 68 inclusive (designated as Group 1 airplanes in the service bulletin), and on which the aft axle pivot pin of the MLG has been replaced prior to the effective date of

this AD: Inspect the serial number of the pivot pin.

(i) If the serial number of the pivot pin does not have the prefix of EGL, no further action is required.

(ii) If the serial number of the pivot pin does have the prefix of EGL, within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, perform the actions required by paragraph (a)(2) of this AD.

(2) For airplanes which have line numbers 69 through 263 inclusive (designated as Group 2 airplanes in the service bulletin): Remove the aft axle pivot pin, remove the lube insert from the aft axle pivot pin, and inspect the aft axle pivot pin for heat damage. The inspection must be done either by the Barkhausen Noise Inspection method for chromium-plated parts, or by following all of the procedures in Figure 2 of the service bulletin (including nital etching and a magnetic particle inspection), in accordance with the service bulletin.

(i) If heat damage is found by the inspection required by paragraph (a)(2) of this AD: Prior to further flight, re-work the existing aft axle pivot pin, re-install the existing lube insert, and re-install the reworked aft axle pivot pin or install a new or serviceable aft axle pivot pin in the MLG, in accordance with the service bulletin.

(ii) If no heat damage is found by the inspection required by paragraph (a)(2) of this AD: Prior to further flight, re-install the existing lube insert and re-install the existing aft axle pivot pin or install a new or serviceable aft axle pivot pin in the MLG, in accordance with the service bulletin.

#### Spares

(b) After the effective date of this AD, no person shall install an aft axle pivot pin having a serial number with the prefix "EGL" in the MLG, unless the pivot pin has been inspected as required by paragraph (a) of this AD.

### Alternative Methods of Compliance

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Gertification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD. if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a

location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

# **Incorporation by Reference**

(e) The actions shall be done in accordance with Boeing Special Attention Service Bulletin 777–32–0029, dated May 18, 2000. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, PO Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### **Effective Date**

(f) This amendment becomes effective on September 20, 2002.

lssued in Renton, Washington, on August 7, 2002.

#### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20510 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NE-17-AD; Amendment 39-12846; AD 2002-16-07]

# RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier-Rotax GmbH Type 912 F, 912 S, and 914 F Series Reciprocating Engines

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain serial numbers (SN's) of Bombardier-Rotax GmbH type 912 F, 912 S and 914 F series reciprocating engines. This action requires replacement of the valve spring retainers, part number (P/N) 854.182, with the new-reinforced valve spring retainers, P/N 854.184. This amendment is prompted by reports of several cracked valve spring retainers discovered in-service. The actions

specified in this AD are intended to prevent cracking of the valve spring retainers resulting in possible engine failure while in-flight.

**DATES:** Effective September 3, 2002. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the rule is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 3, 2002.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before

October 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NE-17-AD, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803-5299. Comments may be inspected at this location, by appointment, between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: "9-aneadcomment@faa.gov". Comments sent via the Internet must contain the docket number in the subject line.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Bombardier-Rotax GmbH, Welser Strasse 32, A—4623 Gunskirchen, Austria; telephone 7246—601—232; fax 7246—601—370. Information regarding this action may be examined, by appointment, at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Lawrence, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA. Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park; Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone 781 238–7176; fax (781) 238–7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Austro Control, which is the airworthiness authority for Austria, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain SN's of Bombardier-Rotax GmbH type 912 F, 912 S, and 914 F series reciprocating engines, that have been converted to a single valve spring arrangement. Austro Control advises that they have received reports of several cracks on valve spring retainers in-service. It has been discovered that during the starting procedure a delayed purging of the lubrication system could occur, which may result in cracking of the valve spring retainer. This condition can occur if one or more hydraulic valve tappets lose their oil prime and fill with air. This is possible at first engine run or at oil change. This condition can be

caused by improper purging of the lubrication system, non-compliance of starting and warming up instructions, unsuitable motor oil, or lack of maintenance. A detailed crack detection of the affected valve spring retainers is very difficult and would have to be performed repeatedly. Due to this fact, all affected engines must be equipped with reinforced valve spring retainers that are more resistant to cracking.

# Manufacturer's Service Information

Bombardier-Rotax GmbH has issued Mandatory Service Bulletin (MSB) No. SB-912-022/SB-914-011, dated March, 2001, that specifies procedures for replacement of valve spring retainers P/N 854.182. The Austro Control classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued AD No. 108, in order to assure the airworthiness of these Bombardier-Rotax GmbH engines in Austria.

# **Bilateral Airworthiness Agreement**

This engine model is manufactured in Austria and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of § 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the Austro Control has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the Austro Control, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United

# FAA's Determination of an Unsafe Condition and Required Actions

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other Bombardier-Rotax GmbH 912 F, 912 S, and 914 F series reciprocating engines of the same type design, this AD is being issued to prevent cracking of the valve spring retainers resulting in possible engine failure while in-flight. This AD requires replacement of valve spring retainers, P/ N 854.182, on engines with the single valve spring configuration, with newreinforced valve spring retainers, P/N 854.184. The actions must be done in accordance with the service bulletin described previously.

# Immediate Adoption of This AD

Since a situation exists that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable, and that good

cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

# **Comments Invited**

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety and, thus, was not preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002–NE–17–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Regulatory Analysis

This final rule does not have federalism implications, as defined in Executive Order 13132, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Accordingly, the FAA has not consulted with state authorities prior to publication of this final rule.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. It

has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and-placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

### PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2002–16–07 Bombardier-Rotax GmbH: Amendment 39–12846. Docket No. 2002–NE–17–AD.

### Applicability

This airworthiness directive (AD) is applicable to Bombardier-Rotax GmbH type 912 F, 912 S, and 914 F series reciprocating engines with the serial numbers (SN's) in Table 1 of this AD, and all engines that have been converted to a single valve spring arrangement at engine repair or general overhaul. Table 1 follows:

TABLE 1 .-- ENGINE SERIES BY SN

Engine model	Engine SN	
912 F	4,412.757 to 4,412.794 4,412.796 to 4,412.807	
912 S	4,922.534 4,922.536 to 4,922.552	
	4,922.554 to 4,922.577 4,922.579 to 4,922.636	
914 F	4,420.039 to 4,420.048 4,420.050 to 4,420.067	
	4,420.069 to 4,420.082 4,420.084 to 4,420.097	
	4,420.099 to 4,420.114 4,420.116 to 4,420.155 4,420.157 to 4,420.253	

These engines are installed on, but not limited to, Diamond Aircraft Industries.

DA20–A1, Diamond Aircraft Industries GmbH Model HK 36 TTS, Model HK 36TTC, and Model HK 36 TTC–ECO, Iniziative Industriali Italiane S.p.A. Sky Arrow 650 TC and Sky Arrow 650 TCN, Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Itda., Models AMT– 300 and AMT–200S, and Stemme S10–VT aircraft.

Note 1: This AD applies to each engine identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For engines that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

#### Compliance

Compliance with this AD is required as indicated, unless already done.

To prevent cracking of the valve spring retainers resulting in possible engine failure while in-flight, do the following:

#### Replacement Procedure

(a) Replace valve spring retainers part number (P/N) 854.182, of single valve spring configuration, with valve spring retainers P/N 854.184, in accordance with 3.1.1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Mandatory Service Bulletin (MSB) SB-912-022/SB-914-011, dated March, 2001, using the compliance times in the following Table 2:

TABLE 2.—COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

Engine flight hours (FH) on the effective date of this AD	Replace
(1) 0 FH (new engine)	Before installing on aircraft.
(2) 10 hours or less	Within 10 FH after the effective date of this AD.
(3) More than 10 but less than or equal to 25 FH.	Within 25 FH after the effective date of this AD.
(4) More than 25 FH	Before exceeding 100 FH.

(b) For engines that have had the oil system accessed during repair or maintenance, replace the valve spring retainers in accordance with 3.1.1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Mandatory Service Bulletin (MSB) SB-912-022/SB-914-011, dated March, 2001, within 10 FH after the effective date of this AD.

# **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Engine Certification Office (ECO). Operators must submit their requests through an appropriate

FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, ECO.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this airworthiness directive, if any, may be obtained from the ECO.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the aircraft to a location where the requirements of this AD can be done.

# Documents That Have Been Incorporated by Reference

(e) The replacements must be done in accordance with Bombardier-Rotax GmbH Mandatory Service Bulletin (MSB) SB-912-022/SB-914-011, dated March, 2001. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Bombardier-Rotax GmbH, Welser Strasse 32, A-4623 Gunskirchen, Austria; telephone 7246-601-232; fax 7246-601-370. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

**Note 3:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Austro Control airworthiness directive No. 108.

# **Effective Date**

(f) This amendment becomes effective on September 3, 2002.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on August 2, 2002.

#### Jay J. Pardee,

Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20266 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-CE-30-AD; Amendment 39-12856; AD 2002-16-17]

### RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Barry Aviation, LLC Model PZL-Krosno KR-03A "Peregrine" (Puchatek) Sailplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule; request for

comments.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to certain Barry Aviation, LLC

Model PZL-Krosno KR-03A "Peregrine" (Puchatek) sailplanes. This AD requires you to inspect to ensure that the correct horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings are installed, install the correct fittings if necessary, and incorporate a "NO LIFT" placard to the vertical stabilizer. This AD is the result of reports of cracks in the horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings on the affected sailplanes Analysis of these incidents reveals that incorrect fittings were installed. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent such cracks in the horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings, which could result in the horizontal stabilizer separating from the sailplane with consequent loss of control of the sailplane.

**DATES:** This AD becomes effective on August 30, 2002.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulation as of August 30, 2002.

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) must receive any comments on this rule on or before September 27, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-CE-30-AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. You may view any comments at this location between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. You may also send comments electronically to the following address: 9-ACE-7-Docket@faa.gov. Comments sent electronically must contain "Docket No. 2002-CE-30-AD" in the subject line. If you send comments electronically as attached electronic files, the files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

You may get the service information referenced in this AD from Barry Aviation, LLC, 11600 Aviation Boulevard, suite 16, West Palm Beach, Florida 33412. You may view this information at FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–CE–30–AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William O. Herderich, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office, 1895 Phoenix Boulevard, suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 303499; telephone: (770) 703–6082; facsimile: (770) 703–6097; e-mail: william.o.herderich@faa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Discussion

What Events Have Caused This AD?

The FAA has received several reports of cracked horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings on certain Barry Aviation, LLC Model PZL-Krosno KR–03A "Peregrine" (Puchatek) sailplanes. Polish manufacturer PZL-Krosno previously held the type certificate for these sailplanes.

Metallurgical analysis of one fitting indicated fatigue as the cause of the incidents. In 1993, PZL-Krosno issued a design note to specify the installation of horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings that had a flange of 3 millimeters (mm) thick instead of 1.5 mm thick.

All reports of cracked horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings incorporated horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings with a flange of 1.5 mm thick.

What Are the Consequences if the Condition Is Not Corrected?

Cracked horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings, if not prevented, could result in the horizontal stabilizer separating from the sailplane with consequent loss of control of the sailplane.

Is There Service Information That Applies to This Subject?

The following service information relates to this subject:

—Barry Aviation "Krosno KR-03A Glider" Service Bulletin No. 1-02, dated June 10, 2002: This document includes procedures for inspecting the stabilizer attachment fittings to ensure that the increased thickness flange fittings are installed and specifies replacement if necessary; and —WSK "PZL-Krosno" Service Bulletin

—WSK "PZL-Krosno" Service Bulletin No. BE-29/KR-03A/93, dated November 16, 1993: This document includes procedures for replacing the stabilizer attachment fittings with fittings that have increased thickness flanges and incorporating a "NO LIFT" placard to the vertical stabilizer.

# The FAA's Determination and an Explanation of the Provisions of This AD

What Has FAA Decided?

The FAA has reviewed all available information, including the service information referenced above; and determined that:

—The unsafe condition referenced in this document exists or could develop on other Barry Aviation, LLC Model PZL-Krosno KR–03A "Peregrine" (Puchatek) sailplanes of the same type design;

- —The actions specified in the previously-referenced service information (as specified in this AD) should be accomplished on the affected sailplanes; and
- —AD action should be taken in order to correct this unsafe condition.

What Does This AD Require?

This AD requires you to inspect to ensure that the correct horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings are installed, install the correct fittings if necessary, and incorporate a "NO LIFT" placard to the vertical stabilizer.

Will I Have the Opportunity To Comment Prior to the Issuance of the Rule?

Because the unsafe condition described in this document could result in the horizontal stabilizer separating from the sailplane with consequent loss of control of the sailplane, we find that notice and opportunity for public prior comment are impracticable. Therefore, good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

#### **Comments Invited**

How Do I Comment on This AD?

Although this action is in the form of a final rule and was not preceded by notice and opportunity for public comment, FAA invites your comments on the rule. You may submit whatever written data, views, or arguments you choose. You need to include the rule's docket number and submit your comments to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. We will consider all comments received on or before the closing date specified above. We may amend this rule in light of comments received. Factual information that supports your ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether we need to take additional rulemaking action.

Are There Any Specific Portions of the AD I Should Pay Attention to?

We specifically invite comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. You may view all comments we receive before and after the closing date of the rule in the Rules Docket. We will file a report in the Rules Docket that summarizes each FAA contact with the public that concerns the substantive parts of this AD.

How Can I Be Sure FAA Receives My Comment?

If you want us to acknowledge the receipt of your written comments, you must include a self-addressed, stamped postcard. On the postcard, write "Comments to Docket No. 2002–CE–30–AD." We will date stamp and mail the postcard back to you.

# **Regulatory Impact**

Does This AD Impact Various Entities?

These regulations will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, FAA has determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Does This AD Involve a Significant Rule or Regulatory Action?

We have determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and is not a significant regulatory action

under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket (otherwise, an evaluation is not required). A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

# Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. FAA amends § 39.13 by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

2002–16–17 Barry Aviation, LLC: Amendment 39–12856; Docket No. 2002–CE–30–AD.

(a) What sailplanes are affected by this AD? This AD applies to Model PZL-Krosno KR-03A "Peregrine" (Puchatek) sailplanes, serial numbers 03-01 through 03-24 and 04-01 through 04-20, that are certificated in any category.

Note 1: PZL-Krosno previously held the type certificate for these sailplanes.

(b) Who must comply with this AD? Anyone who wishes to operate any of the sailplanes identified in paragraph (a) of this AD must comply with this AD.

(c) What problem does this AD address? The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent cracking in the horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings, which could result in the horizontal stabilizer separating from the sailplane with consequent loss of control of the sailplane.

(d) What must I do to address this problem? To address this problem, you must accomplish the following actions:

Actions	Compliance	Procedures
<ol> <li>Inspect the horizontal stabilizer attachment fittings to ensure that the correct fittings are installed:.</li> <li>If part number (P/N) NS-03/08/93-01L/P attachment fittings (or FAA-approved equivalent part numbers) are installed, no further action is required by this paragraph.</li> <li>If the attachment fittings are P/Ns other than NS-03/08/93-01L/P (or FAA-approved equivalent part numbers), replace the fittings with the P/N NS-03/08/93-01L/P attachment fittings (or FAA-approved equivalent part numbers).</li> </ol>	Inspect within 10 hours time-in-service (TIS) after August 30, 2002 (the effective date of this AD). Replace prior to further flight after the inspection.	Inspect in accordance with Barry Aviation "KROSNO KR-03A Glider" Service Bulletin No. 1-02, dated June 10, 2002. Replace in accordance with WSK "PZL-KROSNO" Service Bulletin No. BE-29/KR-03A/93 dated November 16, 1993.
(2) Incorporate a "NO LIFT" placard to the vertical stabilizer.	Within 10 hours TIS after August 30, 2002 (the effective date of this AD).	Use paint or a permanent placard and add the words "NO LIFT" to both sides of the vertical stabilizer near the top and leading edge. Use letters that are at least .5 inch and a color that contrasts with the color of the airplane, e.g., use red on a blue airplane.

(e) Can I comply with this AD in any other way? You may use an alternative method of compliance or adjust the compliance time if:

(1) Your alternative method of compliance provides an equivalent level of safety; and

(2) The Manager, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), approves your alternative. Submit your request through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Atlanta ACO.

Note 2: This AD applies to each sailplane identified in paragraph (a) of this AD, regardless of whether it has been modified,

altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For sailplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if you have not eliminated the unsafe condition, specific actions you propose to address it.

(f) Where can I get information about any already-approved alternative methods of compliance? Contact William O. Herderich, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office, 1895 Phoenix Boulevard, suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 30349; telephone: (770) 703–6082; facsimile: (770) 703–6097; e-mail: william.o.herderich@faa.gov.

(g) Are any service bulletins incorporated into this AD by reference? Actions required by this AD must be done in accordance with WSK "PZL-KROSNO" Service Bulletin No. BE-29/KR-03A/93, dated November 16, 1993; and Barry Aviation "KROSNO KR-03A

Glider" Service Bulletin No. 1–02, dated June 10, 2002. The Director of the Federal Register approved this incorporation by reference under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may get copies from Barry Aviation, LLC, 11600 Aviation Boulevard, suite 16, West Palm Beach, Florida 33412. You may view this information at FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(h) When does this amendment become effective? This amendment becomes effective on August 30, 2002.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on August 6, 2002.

# Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20400 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001-NM-398-AD; Amendment 39-12851; AD 2002-16-12]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A330 and A340 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes, that requires revising the Limitations Section of the FAA-approved Airplane Flight Manual to ensure the flightcrew is advised of the proper procedures in the event of uncommanded movement of a spoiler during flight. Such uncommanded movement could result in reduced controllability of the airplane, and consequent significant increased fuel consumption during flight, which could necessitate an inflight turn-back or diversion to an unscheduled airport destination. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Effective September 20, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Information pertaining to this amendment may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dan Rodina, Aerospace Engineer,

International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2125; fax (425) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on May 23, 2002 (67 FR 36119). That action proposed to require revising the Limitations Section of the FAA-

action proposed to require revising the Limitations Section of the FAA-. approved Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) to ensure the flightcrew is advised of the proper procedures in the event of uncommanded movement of a spoiler during flight.

#### Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

#### Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

#### **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 5 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the required AFM revision, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$300, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

## Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

# § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**2002–16–12 Airbus:** Amendment 39–12851. Docket 2001–NM–398–AD.

Applicability: Model A330 and A340 series airplanes, certificated in any category; equipped with any spoiler servo control having part number (P/N)1386A0000–01 or 1386B0000–01, or P/N 1387A0000–01 or 1387B0000–01.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure the flightcrew is advised of the proper procedures in the event of uncommanded movement of a spoiler during flight, which could result in reduced controllability of the airplane and consequent significant increased fuel consumption during flight, and could result in an in-flight turn-back or diversion to an unscheduled airport destination, accomplish the following:

# Revision to Airplane Flight Manual (AFM)

(a) Within 10 days after the effective date of this AD, revise the Limitations Section of the FAA-approved AFM by including the procedures listed in Figure 1 of this AD. This revision may be done by inserting a copy of the following Figure 1 into the AFM:

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

# Figure 1

# "PROCEDURE:

- If the affected spoiler is not indicated extended amber:

  The spoiler is faulty in the retracted position. In such a case, the specific OEB procedure does not apply.
  - LDG DIST PROC......APPLY Multiply the landing distance by 1.1 for 3 or 4 spoilers lost per wing. Multiply the landing distance by 1.2 for 5 or 6 spoilers lost per wing.
- If the affected spoiler is indicated extended amber, apply the following procedure:

IN CRUISE

# **CAUTION**

Disregard FMGC fuel predictions, as they do not take the increase in fuel consumption into account.

- IN-FLIGHT TURN BACK/DIVERSION......CONSIDER In-flight turn back or diversion may have to be considered due to this fuel penalty.
- MAX ACHIEVABLE ALTITUDE DECREASE......CONSIDER With the maximum spoiler deflection, the maximum altitude in ISA conditions may decrease by 4,500 feet.

# FOR LANDING

- -VAPP.....NORM
- LDG DIST.....x 1.1"

Note 1: When the statement in paragraph (a) of this AD has been incorporated into the FAA-approved general revisions of the AFM, the general revisions may be incorporated into the AFM, provided the statement in this AD and the general revisions is identical. This AD may then be removed from the AFM.

#### Alternative Methods of Compliance

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager International Branch, ANM–116. FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in French airworthiness directives 2001–608(B) and 2001–609(B), both dated December 12, 2001.

#### **Effective Date**

(d) This amendment becomes effective on September 20, 2002.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 7, 2002.

#### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20512 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-NE-32-AD; Amendment 39-12847; AD 2002-16-08]

# RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pratt & Whitney Models JT8D-209, -217, -217A, -217C and -219 Turbofan Engines

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment supersedes an existing airworthiness directive (AD), that is applicable to Pratt & Whitney (PW) JT8D models -209, -217, -217A,

-217C and -219 turbofan engines. That AD currently requires initial and repetitive fluorescent magnetic particle inspections or fluorescent penetrant inspections of the combustion chamber outer case (CCOC) for cracks, and, if necessary, replacement with serviceable parts. Also that AD requires a one-time material verification of drain and Ps4 bosses, and, if necessary, replacement with serviceable parts. Finally, that AD requires replacement of CCOC's with welded-on bosses with improved, onepiece CCOC's. This amendment requires lower initial inspection thresholds for all CCOC's installed in any JT8D model –209, –217, –217A, –217C or –219 turbofan engine. This amendment is prompted by reports of cracked CCOC's that had accumulated fewer cycles in service than the initial inspection thresholds required by the current AD. Also, a CCOC part number was discovered with incorrect material not identified by serial number in JT8D Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) A6359, Revision 2, dated July 31, 2000. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent uncontained failure of the CCOC, which could cause release of debris, damage to the airplane, or fire. DATES: Effective September 20, 2002. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 20, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Pratt & Whitney, 400 Main St., East Hartford, CT 06108; telephone (860) 565–8770; fax (860) 565–4503. This information may be examined, by appointment, at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christopher Spinney, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone (781) 238–7175; fax (781) 238–7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A
proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal
Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39)
by superseding AD 99–26–06,
Amendment 39–11465 (64 FR 71280,
December 21, 1999), which is applicable
to Pratt & Whitney JT8D models –209,
–217, –217A, –217C and –219 turbofan
engines was published in the Federal
Register on February 14, 2002 (67 FR
6890). That action proposed to require

lower initial inspection thresholds for CCOC's part numbers (P/N's) 500023801, 797707, 807684, and 815830 installed in any JT8D model –209, –217, –217A, –217C, or –219 turbofan engines in accordance with PW JT8D Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) No. A6359, Revision 2, dated July 31, 2000 or PW JT8D ASB A6359, Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001.

#### Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

# **Understated Financial Impact**

One commenter states the FAA understates the economic impact to the operators by not accounting for ancillary costs realized when an engine is disassembled to remove a part, and that there are concurrent service bulletin requirements when adopting the one-piece CCOC.

The FAA partially agrees. The indirect costs associated with this AD are not directly related to this rule, and, therefore, are not addressed in the economic analysis for this rule. A full cost analysis for each AD, including such indirect costs, is not necessary since the FAA has already performed a cost benefit analysis when adopting the airworthiness requirements to which these engines were originally certificated. A finding that an AD is warranted means that the original design no longer achieves the level of safety specified by those airworthiness requirements, and that other required actions are necessary, such as inspections of existing CCOC's and replacement with a one-piece CCOC. Because the original level of safety was already determined to be cost-beneficial, these additional requirements are needed to return the engine to that level of safety and do not add any additional regulatory burden. Therefore, a full cost analysis would be redundant and unnecessary. However, the incorporation of the one-piece case does require additional modifications that were not incorporated in the original proposal economic analysis. That is, 15 additional work hours are required to install the one-piece case which adds an additional \$1,152,000 to the cost of the AD making the estimated total \$61,388,800.

### Tables 3 and 3A

One commenter requests acknowledgement or exclusion of Tables 3 and 3A of PW JT8D ASB No. A6359 as containing all of the serial numbered CCOC's with part number 797707. This would avoid possible confusion regarding the use of the tables.

The FAA agrees and since the tables are not inclusive of all part numbers, a Note 2 is added to the final rule to

exclude Tables 3 and 3A.

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes described previously. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

# New Revision to Service Bulletin (SB)

Since publication of the proposal, PW has issued PW JT8D SB No. 6291, Revision 4, dated May 30, 2002. The only change in PW JT8D SB No. 6291, Revision 4, is an address revision for PW receipt of the JT8D combustion chamber outer case (CCOC).

# **Economic Analysis**

There are approximately 2,624 Pratt & Whitney JT8D models -209, -217, -217A, -217C and -219 turbofan engines of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 1,280 engines installed on airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 2.5 work hours per engine to perform the required inspections, and 15 additional work hours to install the one-piece case, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Required parts will cost approximately \$46, 910 per engine. The 15 additional work hours do change the estimated total cost of the AD to the US operators. Based on these figures, the total cost of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$61,388,800.

# Regulatory Analysis

This final rule does not have federalism implications, as defined in Executive Order 13132, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Accordingly, the FAA has not consulted with state authorities prior to publication of this final rule.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3)

will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

 Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

# Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing Amendment 39–11465 (64 FR 71280, December 21, 1999) and by adding a new airworthiness directive, Amendment 39–12847, to read as follows:

**2002–16–08 Pratt & Whitney:** Amendment 39–12847. Docket No. 99–NE–32–AD. Supersedes AD 99–26–06, Amendment 39–11465.

Applicability. This airworthiness directive (AD) is applicable to Pratt & Whitney JTBD models -209, -217, -217A, -217C and -219 turbofan engines with combustion chamber outer case (CCOC), part numbers (P/N's) 500023801, 797707, 807684, and 815830 installed. These engines are installed on, but not limited to, McDonnell Douglas MD-80 series airplanes.

Note 1: This AD applies to each engine identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For engines that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (f) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance. Compliance with this AD is required as indicated, unless already done. To prevent uncontained failure of the CCOC,

which could cause release of debris, damage to the airplane, or fire, do the following:

#### Inspections

(a) Perform initial and repetitive fluorescent magnetic particle inspections (FMPI) or fluorescent penetrant inspections (FPI) of drain bosses and Ps4 bosses of the CCOC's for cracks, and, if necessary, replace with serviceable parts before further flight, in accordance with the procedures and intervals specified in paragraph 1.A. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW JT8D Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) A6359, Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001.

(b) For all CCOC's P/N 797707 inspect for

(b) For all CCOC's P/N 797707 inspect for proper Ps4 and drain boss material, and, if necessary, replace with serviceable parts before further flight, in accordance with the procedures and intervals specified in paragraph 1.B. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW JT8D ASB A6359, Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001.

Note 2: Tables 3 and 3A of PW JT8D ASB No. A6359 list associated serial numbers (S/N's) of part number (P/N) 797707, however, these tables should only be used as a reference as they are not a complete list of all parts. Operators, therefore, should verify the part numbers of their CCOC's in determining compliance with this AD.

# Effective Date for Computing Compliance Intervals

(c) Use the effective date of this AD for computing compliance intervals whenever PW JT8D ASB A6359, Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001, refers to the publication date of the ASB.

#### **Terminating Action**

(d) At the next part accessibility after the effective date of this AD when the CCOC has accumulated cycles-in-service greater than the initial inspection threshold specified in Table 1 of PW JT8D ASB A6359, Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001, replace the CCOC with a one-piece machined CCOC assembly, P/N 815556, in accordance with PW JT8D Service Bulletin (SB) 6291, dated May 20, 1997; or Revision 1 dated July 9, 1997; or Revision 2, dated August 27,1999; or Revision 3, dated August 31, 2001; or Revision 4, dated May 30, 2002. Installation of an improved, one-piece CCOC, P/N 815556, constitutes terminating action to the inspections required by this AD.

### Definition

(e) For the purpose of this AD, part accessibility is defined as an engine disassembly in which the CCOC is removed from the engine.

# **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(f) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Engine Certification Office. Operators must submit their request through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, ECO.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of

compliance with this airworthiness directive, if any, may be obtained from the ECO.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(g) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the

Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be done.

# **Documents That Have Been Incorporated By Reference**

(h) The inspections or replacements of the combustion chamber outer case (CCOC) must be done in accordance with the following Pratt & Whitney service bulletins:

Document No.	Pages	Revision	Date
ASB JT8D A6359	1-3	3	August 31, 2001
	4-5	2	July 31, 2000.
	6	3	August 31, 2001
	7	2	July 31, 2000.
·	8	1	July 30, 1999.
	9	2	July 31, 2000.
	10	1	July 30, 1999.
	11	2	July 31, 2000.
	12	1	July 30, 1999.
	13–16	2	July 31, 2000.
	1719	- 1	July 30, 1999.
	20–27	2	
	20-21	_	July 31, 2000.
otal pages: 27.	4.0	0	A 04 0004
SB JT8D 6291	1–2	3	August 31, 2001
	3	2	August 27, 1999
	4-5	3	August 31, 2001
	6	2	August 27, 1999
	7–8		August 31, 2001
	9–12	2	August 27, 1999
otal pages: 12.			
SB JT8D 6291	1-10	4	May 30, 2002.

This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Pratt & Whitney, 400 Main St., East Hartford, CT 06108; telephone (860) 565–8770, fax (860) 565–4503. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, New England Region. Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### **Effective Date**

(i) This amendment becomes effective on September 20, 2002.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on August 2, 2002.

### Jay J. Pardee,

Manager, Engine and Prapeller Directarate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20267 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4910–13–P** 

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-06]

Modification of Class E Airspace; St. Ignace, MI; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects an error contained in a direct final rule that was published in the **Federal Register** on Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40592). The direct final rule modified Class E Airspace at St. Ignace, MI.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 0901 UTC, August 8, 2002.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, AGL–520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018, telephone: (847) 294–7477.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### History

Federal Register Document 02–14980 published on Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40592), modified Class E Airspace at St. Ignace, MI. The document should have "established" Class E airspace at St. Ignace, MI. This action corrects that error.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the modification of the Class E airspace area as published in the **Federal Register** Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40592), (FR Doc. 02–14980), is corrected as follows:

1. On page 40592, Column 3;

a. Under the heading, correct "Modification of Class E Airspace; St. Ignace, MI" to read "Establishment of Class E Airspace; St. Ignace, MI".

b. Under summary, line 1, correct "modifies" to read "establishes".

c. Under summary, starting on line 10, correct "modifies existing controlled airspace" to read "establishes controlled airspace".

2. On page 40593;

a. Column 1, under supplementary information, line 2, correct "modifies" to read "establishes", and starting on line 5, eliminate the words "by modifying existing controlled airspace".

# §71.1 [Corrected]

b. Column 3, under the legal description, correct "AGL MI E5 St. Ignace, MI [Revised]" to read "AGL MI E5 St. Ignace, MI [New]".

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22, 2002.

#### Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02-20894 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 01-AGL-18]

# Establishment of Class E Airspace; Flint, MI; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Direct final rule; correction. SUMMARY: This action corrects an error in the summary and legal description of a Direct final rule that was published in the Federal Register on Monday, March 11, 2002 (67 FR 10841), Airspace Docket No. 01–AGL–18. The direct final rule established Class E Airspace at Flint, MI.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 0901 UTC, August 8, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, AGL-520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018, telephone: (847) 294-7477.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### History

Federal Register Document 02–5627, Airspace Docket No. 01–AGL–18, published on Monday, March 11, 2002 (67 FR 10841), established Class E Airspace at Flint, MI. An error in the summary and legal description for the Class E airspace for Flint, MI, was published. An incorrect radius was printed. The action corrects that error.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the errors in the summary and legal description for the Class E airspace, Flint, MI, as published in the **Federal Register** Monday, March 11, 2002 (67 FR 10841), (FR Doc. 02–5627), are corrected as follows:

1. On page 10841, Column 3, in the summary, correct "4.4-mile radius" to read "5.0-mile radius".

## §71.1 [Corrected]

2. On page 10842, Column 3, under AGL MI E2 Flint, MI [NEW] in the legal description, correct "4.4 = mile radius" to read "5.0 = mile radius"

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22,

## Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02-20893 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

# DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY.

#### **Customs Service**

19 CFR Part 177

[T.D. 02-49]

RIN 1515-AC56

AGENCY: Customs Service, Department of the Treasury.
ACTION: Final rule.

Administrative Rulings
AGENCY: Customs Service, Department

SUMMARY: This document adopts as a final rule, with some changes, proposed amendments to those provisions of the Customs Regulations that concern the issuance of administrative rulings and related written determinations and decisions on prospective and current transactions arising under the Customs and related laws. The regulatory changes involve primarily procedures regarding the modification or revocation of rulings on prospective transactions, internal advice decisions, protest review decisions, and treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions. The amendments are in response to statutory changes made to the administrative ruling process by section 623 of the Customs Modernization provisions of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John Elkins, Textiles Branch, Office of Regulations and Rulings (202–572–8790).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Background

Statutory and Regulatory Background

This document concerns amendments to part 177 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR part 177) regarding the issuance of binding administrative rulings to importers and other interested persons with regard to prospective and current transactions arising under the Customs and related laws. Rulings, determinations, or decisions under specific statutory authorities provided for in the Customs Regulations other than in part 177 (for example, in part 133 for enforcement actions regarding intellectual property rights, in part 174 for protests, and in part 181 for advance rulings under the North American Free Trade Agreement) are not affected by this document.

On December 8, 1993, the President signed into law the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103-182, 107 Stat. 2057) Title VI of that Act contained provisions pertaining to Customs Modernization and thus is commonly referred to as the Customs Modernization Act or "Mod Act." The Mod Act included, in section 623, an extensive amendment of section 625 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1625) which, prior to that amendment, simply required that the Secretary of the Treasury publish in the Customs Bulletin, or otherwise make available to the public, any precedential decision with respect to any Customs transaction within 120 days of issuance of the

decision. The regulations in part 177 currently incorporate the terms of 19 U.S.C. 1625 as they existed prior to enactment of the Mod Act.

The Mod Act amendment of section 1625 involved the following specific changes: (1) The existing text was designated as subsection (a), and in new subsection (a) the "120 days" publication time limit was changed to "90 days" and the text was modified to refer to "any interpretive ruling (including any ruling letter, or internal advice memorandum) or protest review decision;" (2) a new subsection (b) was added to provide for administrative appeals of an adverse interpretive ruling and interpretations of regulations prescribed to implement rulings; (3) a new subsection (c) was added to set forth specific procedures for the modification or revocation of interpretive rulings or decisions or previous treatments by Customs; (4) a new subsection (d) was added to provide that a decision that proposes to limit the application of a court decision must be published in the Customs Bulletin together with notice of opportunity for public comment prior to a final decision; and (5) a new subsection (e) was added to provide that the Secretary of the Treasury may make available in writing or through electronic media all information which contains instructions, requirements, methods or advice necessary for importers and exporters to comply with the Customs laws and regulations.

The new subsection (c) provisions require publication, in the Customs Bulletin and with opportunity for public comment, of any proposal to modify (other than to correct a clerical error) or revoke a prior interpretive ruling or decision which has been in effect for at least 60 days or which would have the effect of modifying the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions, require that interested parties be given not less than 30 days after the date of publication to submit comments on the proposed ruling or decision, and require that, after consideration of any comments received, a final ruling or decision be published in the Customs Bulletin within 30 days after the closing of the comment period, with the final ruling or decision to become effective 60 days after the date of its publication.

Publication of Proposed Regulatory Changes

On July 17, 2001, Customs published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 37370) a notice of proposed rulemaking setting forth proposed amendments to part 177 of the Customs Regulations which included amendments to Customs procedures in response to the changes made by section 623 of the Mod Act as well as organizational and substantive changes to clarify current administrative practice and otherwise improve the layout and readability of the present regulatory texts. The proposed changes involved principally the following areas: (1) The issuance of rulings and other written advice on prospective transactions; (2) the appeal of such rulings after issuance; (3) the modification or revocation of rulings on prospective transactions or of protest review decisions or of treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions; (4) the limitation of court decisions; (5) the issuance, appeal, and modification or revocation of internal advice decisions on current transactions; and (6) the treatment of requests for confidential treatment of business information submitted to Customs in connection with a request for written advice. Included in these proposed changes was a restructuring of part 177 under which new subpart A would consist of an overview section and a definitions section, new subpart B would concern prospective rulings, new subpart C would concern the internal advice procedure, new subpart D would deal with the disclosure of confidential business information, and present subpart B would be redesignated as subpart E.

The July 17, 2001 notice of proposed rulemaking prescribed a 60-day period for the submission of public comments on the proposed regulatory changes. On August 28, 2001, Customs published a notice in the Federal Register (66 FR 45235) extending the public comment period for an additional 30 days, that is, until October 17, 2001. A total of 18 commenters responded to the solicitation of comments in the notice of

proposed rulemaking.

The comments received by Customs were almost uniformly opposed to the organizational and substantive changes set forth in the notice of proposed rulemaking. Based on this overwhelmingly negative response, and because most of the changes proposed by Customs were discretionary in nature, that is, they were developed by Customs to address internal administrative concerns of Customs rather than statutory mandates, Customs has decided, with one exception, to withdraw those proposed changes rather than proceed with a final rule. This means that any future action taken by Customs in regard to those withdrawn proposals will be in the form of a new notice of proposed rulemaking that will

provide an opportunity for public comment before final action is taken on the proposals.

The one exception to withdrawal of the proposed changes concerns proposed § 177.21, which would implement the 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) provisions regarding the modification or revocation of prospective rulings, internal advice decisions, protest review decisions, and previous treatment of substantially identical transactions. For the reasons explained below, Customs has determined that it is essential to proceed with implementation of the terms of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) through appropriate regulatory standards.

Under the framework set forth by the Supreme Court in Chevron U.S.A. Inc. v. Natural Resources Defense Council Inc., 467 U.S. 837 (1984), which was applied by the Court to Customs Regulations in United States v. Haggar Apparel Co., 526 U.S. 380 (1999), a regulation promulgated by an administrative agency, if it represents the agency s statutory interpretation that fills a gap or defines a term in a way that is reasonable in light of the legislature's revealed design, must be given controlling weight and thus will receive judicial deference. The need for regulatory standards is particularly acute regarding the modification and revocation provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) in order to (1) Provide an appropriate regulatory basis for administrative procedures that Customs applies under the statute following passage of the Mod Act provisions, (2) provide guidance regarding the meaning of the statutory terms, in particular, the meaning of the term "treatment," (3) clarify the relationship between the procedures under 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and other legislative, judicial or administrative actions that have the same effect as a modification or revocation under that statutory provision, and (4) prescribe standards for the application of the statutory modification or revocation effective date provisions to Customs transactions.

As explained in detail in the preamble to the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking, proposed § 177.21 was drafted in order to set forth the Customs interpretation and application of the statutory modification and revocation provisions. That proposed text engendered a significant number of comments, which are discussed below. In addition, Customs performed an internal review of the proposed text after the close of the comment period (1) To determine whether additional clarification of the Customs position regarding the modification or revocation of treatments was necessary beyond any

changes suggested by the commenters and (2) as a consequence of the decision not to proceed with the proposed restructuring of part 177, to assess the manner in which the proposed § 177.21 text could best be included within the existing part 177 regulatory framework. The decisions taken as a result of that internal review are reflected in the discussion of the additional changes to the regulatory texts which follows the comment discussion.

#### Discussion of Comments

Of the 18 commenters who responded to the solicitation of comments on the proposed part 177 changes, 14 provided one or more specific comments on the proposed § 177.21 text. The comments are discussed below.

Comment: Five commenters took issue with the statement in the first sentence of proposed § 177.21(a) that a prospective ruling or an internal advice decision or a holding or principle covered by a protest review decision may be modified or revoked if found to be in error or not in accord with the current views of Customs. Three of these commenters argued that the regulations need more specific criteria (rather than only "if found to be in error or not in accord with the current views of Customs") in order for Customs to modify or revoke current rulings: Modification or revocation should be limited to situations where there has been a change in the law, or where the previous interpretation of Customs is construed to be erroneous as a matter of law, and not merely because Customs changes its mind. Another commenter stated that modification or revocation of rulings or decisions found to be "not in accord with the current views of Customs" should be limited to purely administrative positions and should not include derogation of a court ruling or other higher authority, because Customs cannot take a "current view" contrary to a higher authority, and the commenter suggested that this point should be clarified in the final regulations. One commenter stated that the words "not in accord with the current views of Customs" are too vague and should be replaced by a statement that the authority of Customs to modify or revoke is limited to situations where there are two or more inconsistent rulings, because this is how the words in question have historically been applied. Finally, one commenter pointed out that, even under the level of deference adopted in *United States* v. Mead Corp., 121 S. Ct. 2164 (2001), Customs is entitled to deference only if it has provided a well-thought-out

position, and this standard is not reflected in this proposed provision.

Customs response: Customs first notes that the phraseology in question, that is, "in error or not in accord with the current views of Customs," does not constitute a new regulatory standard but rather merely reflects a standard that has existed in the regulations for many years under 19 CFR 177.9(d)(1) Moreover, while the proposed § 177.21 text was intended to carry out the terms of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) as added by section 623 of the Mod Act, it is noted that the statutory amendment did not create new substantive standards that Customs must apply in deciding whether to modify or revoke a ruling, etc., but rather merely imposed certain procedural safeguards regarding modification or revocation actions. Therefore, Customs believes that the submitted comments are directed primarily to historical Customs practices rather than to new statutory standards imposed by the Mod Act changes. This being said, Customs in part agrees and in part disagrees with the points made by these commenters.

Customs agrees that, as a basic principle, a ruling, etc., should be modified or revoked if it is "erroneous as a matter of law," and, for that reason, the regulatory text in question continues to provide that, "if [a ruling is] found to be in error," modification/revocation authority will be exercised. The suggestion that Customs might modify or revoke a ruling for other than legal reasons is incorrect. All proposed modifications/revocations issued under 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) will be based upon the current views of Customs regarding the proper interpretation of the law.

The modification or revocation of a ruling or decision has always involved a purely administrative position, and nothing in the proposed regulatory texts purported to change that fact or to otherwise suggest that a modification or revocation might be in derogation of an applicable court decision or other higher authority. However, Customs believes that inclusion in the regulations of a statement on this point

is unnecessary.
Customs does not agree that the words "not in accord with the current views of Customs" have historically been applied

Customs" have historically been applied in modification or revocation cases only where there are two or more inconsistent rulings. The phrase in question has been applied by Customs in a variety of different circumstances not involving inconsistent rulings, including circumstances in which all extant rulings on a particular issue are consistent but legally incorrect. Therefore, the statement suggested by

the commenter should not be included in the regulatory text.

Finally, Customs does not believe that the issue of deference under the *Mead* case is appropriate for treatment in this regulatory context. The *Mead* case concerned the degree to which the courts may give deference to rulings issued by Customs, which is a function of the ruling itself and not the regulations under which the ruling is promulgated. The granting of deference is a matter for the courts to decide and is not a proper subject for these

regulations. Comment: Two commenters questioned whether the intent of referring to "prospective" rulings, as opposed to "interpretive" rulings as used in the statute, is intended to give greater breadth to the notice and comment regulation. If only related to prospective rulings, these commenters questioned how it can apply to internal advice rulings, which are considered current transactions, or to protest review decisions, which involve entries already liquidated. As to the reference to coverage of the regulation to protest review decisions, these commenters expressed uncertainty regarding how Customs intends to implement 19 U.S.C. 1625(c). They stated that they suspect that the new regulation is nothing more than an embodiment of existing practice whereby Customs Headquarters issues a section 1625 notice and comment when a holding or principle reflected in a previous protest review decision is modified or revoked, either by the issuance of a prospective ruling, or internal advice or protest review decision. The commenters felt that the interaction between the administrative rulings regulations, 19 CFR part 177, and the protest regulations, 19 CFR part 174, is highlighted by the comments here and, because of this, they expressed the belief that it would be appropriate for Customs simultaneously

to revise part 174 as well. Customs response: In the preamble portion of the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking Customs gave two reasons for referring to prospective rulings in the proposed § 177.21 text (see 66 FR 37374). First, the chosen terminology reflects a decision Customs has taken to use a prospective ruling as the means for carrying out a modification or revocation referred to in the statute or in the present regulatory text. Second, as regards what may be the subject of a modification or revocation, the reference to "prospective" (rather than "interpretive") rulings was intended to ensure coverage of all rulings issued under new Subpart B. Thus, under the proposed text, only a

prospective ruling issued under Subpart B (and not, for example, an internal advice decision issued under proposed Subpart C) could effect a modification or revocation. In light of the decision not to proceed with the organizational changes set forth in the proposed rulemaking, Customs has reconsidered the use of the word "prospective." Accordingly, the regulatory text will follow the statutory language and refers to "interpretive" rulings, which includes internal advice decisions.

As regards the commenters' concerns regarding the relationship between part 174 and part 177, they are correct that the proposed regulatory text in effect embodies present administrative practice except for the fact that, as explained above, Customs uses an interpretive ruling (but not an internal advice decision and not a protest review decision) as the modifying or revoking vehicle. With regard to the suggestion that parts 174 and 177 be revised simultaneously, Customs does not believe that this would be appropriate given the separate statutory bases for the two parts and the narrowed focus of this final rule document. However, the current administrative procedure will continue as regards the modification or revocation of a holding or principle contained in a protest review decision, and Customs at an appropriate future date will propose conforming changes to the part 174 texts to refer to the procedures embodied in the part 177 texts.

Comment: Customs should not modify or revoke any ruling in a manner that is adverse to an interested party unless the original ruling is clearly wrong, such as where a new law is passed, a provision in the HTSUS has been enacted, or a new court decision has been issued.

Customs response: Customs does not disagree with the suggestion that a ruling that is "clearly wrong" should be modified or revoked, and, for that reason, Customs retains in the regulatory text the authority to propose a modification/revocation if a ruling is found to be in error. Moreover, the commenter appears to entirely misconstrue the scope of both the statute and the proposed regulatory text. The Mod Act changes reflected in the 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) procedures were directed to discretionary decisions taken by Customs on its own initiative under its administrative authority and were not intended to affect legislative, judicial or other actions over which Customs has no control. It was for this reason that Customs included paragraph (d) of proposed § 177.21 which lists exceptions to application of the notice

requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c). The "clearly wrong" standard as suggested by the commenter would be too restrictive and contrary to the

legislative intent.

Comment: It should be more difficult for Customs to revoke an existing ruling, because importers need to be able to rely on rulings in order to plan their business. While the fact that a hardship can result from a sudden revocation of a ruling is not a new issue, it was recently raised in Heartland By-Products, Inc. v. United States of America and United States Beet Sugar Association, Slip Op. 99-110 (CIT 1999). Based on a ruling obtained from Customs that classified a sugar syrup in a tariff provision to which the tariff rate quota system of the U.S. sugar program did not apply, Heartland in 1997 invested \$10 million in a syrup importing and refining operation. Subsequently, domestic sugar manufacturers sought a reclassification of Heartland's syrup and Customs in 1999 published a notice of its intent to revoke the Heartland ruling, the effect of which would have been to raise the tariffs Heartland would have to pay by more than 7000 percent, thereby effectively forcing Heartland to shut down its operation. The Court of International Trade in its decision determined that Customs reclassification of the sugar syrup was arbitrary, capricious and an abuse of

Although Heartland is an extreme example, the sudden revocation of a ruling may raise important reliance issues. Due to the similarity between Internal Revenue Service private letter rulings and Customs rulings (in particular as regards their applicability only to the persons who requested them and as regards their validity only to the extent that the facts are correct), the sense of fair play that applies to IRS rulings (that is, that once issued, a ruling can be acted on with reliance and thus should not be disturbed) should also apply to Customs rulings. Moreover, based on a basic notion of fairness, the doctrine of equitable or regulatory estoppel should apply to, and thus should be a bar to, the revocation of rulings, particularly where a party has relied on a ruling to its detriment. Another possible solution to the detrimental reliance issue would be to adopt a binding declaratory ruling procedure similar to the declaratory judgment used by the courts, with the declaratory ruling being binding on Customs so that Customs could not change its position once the recipient has acted in reliance on the ruling. Another solution to detrimental reliance

might be to apply administrative equity principles involving hardship exceptions (when a substantial hardship on the petitioner would result), fairness exceptions (when a rule is unreasonable when applied to the petitioner) and policy exceptions (when the goal or purpose of the rule can be achieved by other means).

Customs response: Customs does not believe that the decision of the Court of International Trade in the Heartland case cited by this commenter serves as a proper example for the various points made by the commenter, because that decision was reversed by the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit in Heartland By-Products, Inc. v. United States and United States Beet Sugar Association, 264 F.3d 1126 (2001) and because that litigation remains pending as Heartland filed a petition for Supreme Court review on April 3, 2002.

While Customs would agree with the general proposition that importers need to be able to rely on rulings issued under part 177 in order to plan their business, that reliance has never been an absolute right. Section 177.9(a) of the Gustoms Regulations (19 CFR 177.9(a)), which predated the statutory changes made by the Mod Act, provides, among other things, that a ruling letter issued by Customs under part 177 is binding on all Customs personnel in accordance with the provisions of that section until modified or revoked and, in the absence of a modification or revocation which affects the principle of the ruling, may be cited as authority in the disposition of transactions involving the same circumstances. Thus, even before the Mod Act changes to 19 U.S.C. 1625, reliance on rulings was a qualified right.

With regard to the suggestions that it should be more difficult for Customs to revoke an existing ruling, that a hardship results from a "sudden" revocation of a ruling, and that principles of detrimental reliance, fair play, equitable or regulatory estoppel, binding declaratory rulings, and administrative equity should be applied, Customs believes that the public notice and comment and delayed effective date provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) reflect the full extent to which Congress believes that these principles should apply to Customs rulings. Accordingly, it would be inappropriate for Customs to adopt additional regulatory standards that might be inconsistent with the limited procedural safeguards established by Congress in the statute.

Comment: Three commenters argued that, as a matter of fairness and due process, Customs should publish a notice and allow public comment also in cases in which 60 days have not

passed since issuance of the ruling. Another commenter, after referring to the 60-day period during which no notice or comment period is contemplated, stated that the regulations should be clarified so that no notice or comment period will apply only in cases involving clerical errors because a change to the substance or logic of a decision should be subject to public notice and comments.

Customs response: The proposed regulatory text follows the statute in providing for public notice and comment procedures only in the case of a modification or revocation of a ruling that has been in effect for 60 or more days. That 60-day period was included in the Mod Act changes to section 1625 and, in Customs view, represents an implicit statement by Congress on the issue of fairness and due process when there is a change to the substance or logic of a ruling.

With regard to clerical errors, proposed § 177.21(d)(2)(i) follows the statute in providing that no publication (and thus no public notice and comment) is required if the modifying ruling corrects a clerical error.

Comment: One commenter suggested that, although the concept of distinguishing between rulings that have been in effect for less than 60 calendar days and those in effect for 60 or more calendar days is appropriate, proposed § 177.21(e)(1), which addresses rulings or decisions in effect for less than 60 days, should be modified to address a situation in which a person obtains a prospective ruling and orders goods in reliance on it, because that person should not have the ground rules changed with respect to goods that are covered by bona fide long-term contracts or are already ordered and/or en route to the United States on the date of issuance of the modification or revocation but that are actually imported on or after the date of issuance of the modification or revocation. Along a similar line, another commenter stated that proposed § 177.21(e)(1) fails to take into account the situation where an importer orders goods in reliance upon a ruling or decision only to have it modified or revoked without notice and opportunity to comment: the regulations should address this type of situation because to not do so could potentially result in a great hardship to an importer who dutifully followed a reasonable course of action.

Customs response: Customs believes that the issues of good faith reliance and potential hardship have been addressed by Congress in the changes to section 1625 made by the Mod Act. Congress expressly chose to make a distinction between rulings in effect for less than 60 days (for which public notice and comment and delayed effective date requirements do not apply in the case of a modification or revocation) and rulings in effect for 60 days or more (in which case modification or revocation is subject to public notice and comment and delayed effective date requirements). The provisions of proposed § 177.21(e)(1) merely reflect this distinction as regards the effective date for a modification or revocation of a ruling that has been in effect for less than 60 days.

than 60 days. In the preamble portion of the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking Customs stated that it was proposing "to eliminate the principle of detrimental reliance (which was a purely regulatory creation) from the Part 177 texts because the Mod Act statutory amendments regarding the modification or revocation of rulings and previous treatment (including the provision for a delayed effective date) accomplish essentially the same purpose and therefore should be viewed as replacing it." In view of this stated position, Customs does not believe that it would be appropriate to reinsert the concept of detrimental reliance in response to these comments. Furthermore, introduction of a detrimental reliance standard would be contrary to the regime created by

Congress in the statute.

In particular with regard to prospective rulings issued under Part 177, the terms of section 1625(c) implicitly encourage members of the trade community to exercise prudence in signing contracts before receipt of a needed ruling or during the 60-day period after issuance of the ruling, because there is always a possibility that the issued ruling will conflict with the expectations under the contract or will be modified or revoked to the recipient's detriment without advance notice during the 60-day period after issuance. The same need for prudence would apply in the case of a long-term contract signed more than 60 days after the issuance of a ruling because of the possibility that a later modification or revocation of the ruling could compromise the terms of the ongoing contract, and in this case the fact that the public notice and comment and delayed effective date provisions under section 1625(c) were followed might afford minimal benefit to the ruling recipient as regards his contractual obligations. Moreover, Customs would suggest that ruling recipients could mitigate the negative effect of a modification or revocation both during and after the 60-day period by including

escape clauses in their contracts which would provide a way out if Customs modified or revokes a ruling.

Finally, the commenters observations appear to be directed to situations in which a modification or revocation has a negative impact on the interests of the ruling recipient. However, there could be circumstances in which the modification or revocation militates in the favor of the ruling recipient.

Comment: Four commenters stated that reliance on publication of a proposed modification or revocation only in the Customs Bulletin creates a potential problem because there have been significant delays in distributing the Customs Bulletin beyond the normal 2-week delay and thus there is not sufficient time to respond to the proposed change. Therefore, these commenters suggested that Customs should commit to posting all proposed modifications or revocations at an Internet-accessible location, and two of these commenters suggested as an alternative that Customs should allow more time to comment. Two other commenters opined that the 30-day period for commenting is too short, and one of these commenters argued that a period of at least 60 days should be allowed for submitting comments on a proposed modification or revocation.

Customs response: Publication in the Customs Bulletin must remain the publication standard for legal purposes, including for purposes of establishing the start of the comment period, because that is the procedure prescribed in the statute. However, in recognition of the delays associated with Customs Bulletin publication and distribution, Customs has adopted two additional "heads up" procedures to alert interested parties to the impending modification or revocation action. One of these procedures involves posting the notice of the proposed modification or revocation on the Customs Internet web site. The other procedure involves writing to all parties identified in the notice of proposed action as recipients of the ruling or decision or treatment that is the subject of the proposed modification or revocation.

With regard to the 30-day comment period, which represents the minimum standard required by the statute, Customs did not opt for a longer period for several reasons. First, a longer comment period would only serve to delay the adoption of a final modification or revocation and thus would interfere with another important mission of Customs which is to ensure proper application of the law at the earliest practicable date. Second, the additional "heads up" procedures

mentioned above typically take place several days before Customs Bulletin publication and thus have the practical effect of extending the comment period by providing advance notice of the proposed action. Third, Customs does not believe that a longer period is needed, particularly in view of the fact that the affected parties already are generally knowledgeable regarding the issue raised in the proposed modification or revocation and therefore should not require an extended period of time in which to prepare a response to the proposed action.

Comment: Four commenters argued that the notice and comment provisions should not apply in the case of a ruling that is the subject of an appeal under proposed § 177.20 if transactions covered by the ruling have been held in abeyance pending a favorable decision on the appeal, because the ruling has not been applied to an actual transaction and thus should not be considered to be in effect for purposes of the 60-day period after which the notice and comment procedure is

required.

Customs response: Customs does not agree with the premise that underlies the position of these commenters, that is, that a ruling is not considered to be in effect if it has not been applied to an actual transaction. On the contrary, as stated in present § 177.9(a) and as repeated in proposed § 177.19(a), a ruling is generally effective on the date of issuance (a principal exception to this general rule would be a modifying or revoking ruling to which the statutory 60-day delayed effective date applies). Thus, the fact that an appeal of a ruling is pending does not delay the effective date of the ruling and therefore does not delay the running of the 60-day period after which a ruling may be modified or revoked only after the statutory public notice and comment procedures have been completed. Moreover, the position of Customs regarding the application to current transactions of a ruling undergoing an appeal was made clear in proposed § 177.20(e) which provided that the filing of an appeal "will not result in a suspension of liquidation in the case of current transactions" (while Customs might decide to delay liquidation pending a decision on the appeal, the decision to do so would be made based on operational considerations that are not a function of the part 177 texts).

Comment: Two commenters
complained that Customs appears to be
requiring that people come forward and
advise Customs that they have a ruling
when they are not specifically identified
in the published notice, but the statute

did not intend that such a burden be

imposed on the public.

Customs response: Customs believes that these commenters have misread the proposed regulatory text. Proposed § 177.21(b)(1), which concerns publication of the proposed action, provides in this regard that the notice will refer to all previously issued rulings that Customs has identified as being the subject of the proposed action and will "invite" any member of the public who has received another ruling involving the issue that is the subject of the proposed action to advise Customs of that fact. Nowhere does the regulatory text require a member of the public to respond to the notice. Moreover, proposed § 177.21(b)(2), which concerns the notice of final action, specifically provides that publication of a final modifying or revoking notice will have the effect of modifying or revoking "any" ruling that involves merchandise or an issue that is substantially identical in all material respects to the merchandise or issue that is the subject of the modification or revocation, including a ruling "that is not specifically identified in the final modifying or revoking notice. Therefore, an unidentified ruling recipient does not have to respond to the notice in order for the modification or revocation to apply to his ruling.

Customs further notes that even though a response to the notice of proposed modification or revocation is not required, there may be circumstances in which an affected ruling recipient not identified in the notice would prefer to respond to the notice. A response to the notice would mean that the ruling recipient would receive a final written decision on the proposed modification or revocation directly from Customs. Moreover, this would facilitate the exercise of the ruling recipient's option under proposed § 177.21(e)(2)(ii) to have the position reflected in the modification or revocation applied to his transactions upon publication of the final notice in the Customs Bulletin rather than 60

days thereafter.

Comment: Three commenters noted that the statute imposes a responsibility on Customs to publish notice and allow for comment when it contemplates modification or revocation of rulings. Thus, these commenters argued that it is incumbent upon Customs to identify the relevant rulings, either those directly involved or those affecting substantially identical merchandise or issues. The commenters believe that imposition of this burden on the importing community is antithetical to the role of Customs in the partnership created by

"informed compliance," and it imposes an impossible burden on the importing community which must speculate as to which rulings are covered. The commenters further complained that reference in current modification or revocation notices imposing an obligation on importers to come forward and speculate whether their rulings are "substantially similar" or risk being found not to have exercised "reasonable care" is again antithetical to the concept of "informed compliance," whereby Customs must clearly state its position so that the public knows what is expected of it.

Another commenter similarly argued that requiring the public to report to Customs rulings that are potentially affected by a proposed modification represents an onerous burden and puts importers in an impossible situation because proposed modifications do not specify the practice or position that is being altered: typically, there is a clear change in classification but there is no clear identification of the practice or policy being changed, and thus it requires gross speculation on the part of

importers.

Customs response: As pointed out in the preceding comment response, there is no requirement that a ruling recipient come forward in response to a notice of proposed modification or revocation. Therefore, Customs does not agree with the commenters that the proposed regulatory text imposes an onerous or impossible burden on the importing community. When Customs determines that a proposed modification or revocation action is appropriate, Customs first endeavors to identify all rulings that would be affected by the proposed action so that they may be identified in the notice of the proposed action. It must be recognized, however, that a review of the available records may not disclose all existing affected rulings—hence the invitation in the proposed regulatory text for other ruling recipients to come forward.

Customs also disagrees with the suggestions that the notices of proposed modification or revocation do not clearly state the position of Customs and do not clearly identify the practice or policy that is being changed. Customs believes that the published notices of proposed modification or revocation are, by-and-large, clear and complete on these points. What may not be clear is the extent to which the proposed action would affect rulings not identified in the notice that appear to be similar or related to the identified ones but that involve varying degrees of differences in the factual patterns or issues identified in the proposal. It is not possible for the

notice of proposed modification or revocation to be definitive in this area because what is involved is essentially a judgment call requiring a determination on a case-by-case basis. Moreover, it should be noted that while Customs issues thousands of rulings each year, the average importer receives only a handful of rulings during a given year; therefore, the importer is in a far better position to assess the impact of a proposed modification or revocation on the handful of its rulings than is Customs which is required to employ a much wider frame of reference. The invitation to the public to participate at the proposal stage, which also includes an opportunity to comment on the proposed action, can also serve as a mechanism for obtaining clarification

on this type of issue.

As concerns the comments regarding reasonable care, Customs notes that the exercise of reasonable care by importers at the time of entry is a requirement under section 484(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1484(a)), and therefore is not a direct function of the ruling modification or revocation process under 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and the proposed part 177 regulatory texts. Nevertheless, there is a connection between the exercise of reasonable care at the time of entry and the ruling modification or revocation process in that an importer who has a ruling that has been modified or revoked could be liable for a penalty under section 592 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1592), for failure to exercise reasonable care if he continues to enter his merchandise in accordance with the modified or revoked ruling after the modification or revocation has taken effect. This is the basic point of publishing modification or revocation proposal notices. Of course, the determination of whether an importer has failed to exercise reasonable care must be made on a case-by-case basis based on an assessment of all relevant factors, and it is for this reason that the proposed modification or revocation notice refers to "the rebuttable presumption of lack of reasonable care on the part of the importer or its agents" for failure to follow the result reflected in the notice.

Comment: One commenter claimed that the relationship between proposed § 177.21(c) and 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) is not clear because the notice provisions of the regulation are inconsistent with those of the statute, because the statute speaks of an established and uniform practice, and because, even though proposed § 177.21(d)(1)(viii) suggests that the provisions of proposed § 177.21 are inapplicable, there is an element

reminiscent of a "simultaneous equation" associated with the two provisions (the commenter asked in this regard whether, for example, Customs is attempting to state that a two-year period immediately prior to publication is insufficient to establish a uniform practice). This commenter argued that, therefore, the purpose of § 177.21(c) is unclear.

Customs response: Customs believes that the purpose of proposed § 177.21(c) is clear: it implements the terms of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) as regards the modification of treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions, which is subject to the same public notice and comment and delayed effective date requirements that apply in the case of a modification or revocation of a ruling or decision that has been in effect for 60 or more days. It does not implement or otherwise affect established and uniform practices referred to in 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) which were the subject of proposed new § 177.22.

The relationship between proposed § 177.21(c) and 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) involves separate statutory and regulatory contexts (the 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) provisions are presently dealt with in the Customs Regulations in 19 CFR 177.10(c)), and therefore they operate independently of each other. The notice and delayed effective date provisions are different in the two statutes (one provides for publication in the Federal Register and specifies a 30day delayed effective date and the other prescribes publication in the Customs Bulletin and a 60-day delayed effective date). Therefore, the two provisions cannot operate simultaneously, and it was for this reason (as well as for purposes of administrative efficiency) that Customs provided in proposed § 177.21(d)(1)(viii) that the publication and issuance requirements set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of proposed § 177.21 do not apply if a modification or revocation in effect results from publication of a final ruling regarding a change of established and uniform practice under 19 U.S.C. 1315(d). The 2year period for a treatment prescribed in proposed § 177.21(c) has no bearing on whether an established and uniform practice exists within the meaning of 19 U.S.C. 1315(d), and, furthermore, the standards for determining whether a treatment exists differ from those that apply in determining whether there is an established and uniform practice in that in the latter case the uniformity must be nationwide for all Customs transactions involving the issue in question. Accordingly, there is no "simultaneous equation" as regards the

statutory or regulatory provisions of these two programs.

Comment: Five commenters argued that "treatment" should not be restricted to the classification of merchandise, because other areas (for example, valuation, country of origin marking, entry, and carriers) also involve treatments. Along the same line, another commenter suggested that the definition of "treatment" as relating to the "classification of imported merchandise" should be changed to refer to "a consistent pattern involving imported merchandise" because not including other issues is unwarranted and is not a reasonable interpretation of 19 U.S.C. 1315(d).

Customs response: For the reasons stated in the preceding comment response, Customs does not agree with the suggested connection between "treatments previously accorded" under proposed § 177.21(c) which implements 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and "established and uniform practices" under 19 U.S.C. 1315(d). However, Customs agrees with the main point made by these commenters that "treatment" should not be limited to decisions involving the classification of imported merchandise. The regulatory text set forth in this final rule document has been modified accordingly

Comment: Five commenters objected to the statement in proposed § 177.21(c)(1)(ii) that a person may not claim as a treatment the treatment that Customs accorded to transactions of another person. These commenters made the following specific points in support of the proposition that a person should be able to claim as a treatment the treatment accorded to transactions of another person:

1. In light of the official doctrine of uniformity, it is unacceptable that treatment accorded to transactions of another importer should not be considered at all: so long as sufficient data of the importations of other importers is provided, those importations should be relevant in determining whether a treatment exists.

2. Customs should abandon the notion that treatment is personal and should retain the standard in the current regulation, § 177.9(e), which describes "modifying the treatment previously accorded by the Customs Service to substantially identical transactions of either the recipient of the ruling letter or other parties," because, as Customs noted in the notice of proposed rulemaking, Congress modeled section 1625(c) on that current regulation.

3. The proposed limitation of treatment to those who received the treatment will render section 1625(c)(2)

virtually meaningless since Customs has no means to identify specific parties who may have received a prior treatment and thus would not be required to publish a decision which modifies a prior treatment.

4. If this definition of treatment is retained, the effect will be negative for both Customs and the import community because it will increase the burden on both since it will serve to reinforce the requirement that importers seek their own binding rulings and not take the risk of relying on a ruling issued to another party.

issued to another party.

Customs response: Customs remains of the view that, for purposes of 19
U.S.C. 1625(c)(2) and the regulatory provisions thereunder, "treatment" must have reference only to the transactions of the person who is claiming the existence of the treatment and therefore cannot be claimed by a person who has had no transactions that have been the subject of the treatment under consideration.

Customs recalls that the Mod Act changes reflected in the text of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) were included at the insistence of the trade community to ensure that there would be a statutory protection against abrupt changes made by Customs without adequate prior notice, particularly where the change is to a ruling or decision issued by Customs, or to a pattern of actions taken by Customs on import transactions, on which a party has reasonably relied in pursuing its Customs transactions. Implicit in the Mod Act statutory changes was the idea that reasonable expectations created by the actions of Customs were entitled to some protection from subsequent actions taken by Customs. Thus, 19 U.S.C. 1625(c)(1) refers to the modification or revocation of "a prior interpretive ruling or decision which has been in effect for at least 60 days" and 19 U.S.C. 1625(c)(2) refers to the modification of "the treatment previously accorded by the Customs Service to substantially identical transactions."

For reasons of practicality, Customs disagrees with the suggestion of one of the commenters that importations of other importers should be relevant in determining whether a treatment exists so long as sufficient data regarding those importations is provided. In this regard, Customs notes that the proposed regulatory text in § 177.21(c)(1)(iii) set forth detailed requirements regarding the information that must be provided to Customs in connection with a claim that a treatment exists (for example, entry numbers and quantities and values of the imported merchandise) so that Customs may make an appropriate

determination on the claim. This type of entry information is treated by Customs as confidential business information that is not disclosed to the public, and therefore it would not be available to parties who are not privy to the transactions in question. Accordingly, persons attempting to rely on a treatment accorded to another person's transactions would be unable to meet the requisite burden of proof set forth in the proposed regulatory text. In fact, in many cases a person would not even know of the other person's transactions or would not be able to determine with certainty that the other person's transactions are substantially identical to his own.

With regard to the comment that Customs should abandon the notion that treatment is personal and rather retain the standard in present § 177.9(e), Customs believes that the commenter has misread the present text. That regulatory provision, which the commenter correctly notes was in part the genesis of the statutory "treatment" provision added by the Mod Act, refers to "treatment previously accorded \* \* \* to substantially identical transactions of \* \* \* other parties." The words "other parties" clearly relate only to parties who had transactions that received the treatment in question and not to parties who did not have transactions that received the treatment. Therefore, Customs believes that the proposed text is entirely consistent with the present § 177.9(e) text in making a clear connection between the person whose transactions received the treatment and the person who is claiming the treatment. Further, to grant a ruling or treatment universal applicability, as the commenter is proposing, would elevate each ruling or treatment to the level of an established and uniform practice and thus would render the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) redundant and a nullity.

Customs disagrees with the commenter who alleged that the limitation of treatment to those who received the treatment will render the statutory provision meaningless because Customs will not be able to identify specific parties who received a treatment and thus will not be required to publish a decision modifying the treatment. Customs did recognize that there would be instances in which Customs is not aware, prior to issuance of a contemplated prospective ruling, that the ruling would have the effect of modifying or revoking a previous treatment, and this type of scenario was directly addressed in proposed § 177.21(c)(2)(ii). Under the proposed text, an unidentified treatment recipient

would have the opportunity to write to Customs after the issuance of the ruling and obtain the protections afforded by the public notice and comment and delayed effective date provisions if an adequate case regarding the existence of the treatment is made.

The argument regarding the potential increased burden on Customs and the import community is not persuasive, for two reasons. First, even if the commenter's assumption were correct, the possibility of an increased burden on the government and on the private sector is not a sufficient basis for reaching a regulatory result that is not in accord with the underlying statutory text. Second, the decision of an importer whether to seek its own binding ruling or rely on a ruling issued to another party is a private business decision that has no effect on the issue of what constitutes a treatment.

For the above reasons, Customs believes that treatments under 19 U.S.C. 1625(c)(2) must relate to expectations created on the basis of a track record involving transactions of the person claiming the existence of the treatment.

Comment: The proposed regulatory provisions regarding the modification or revocation of previous treatments are at variance with the decision of the U.S. Court of International Trade in Precision Specialty Metals, Inc v. United States, 116 F.Supp. 2d 1350 (2000), in particular as regards what constitutes a 'treatment". In this regard, the Precision case simply states that a treatment may pertain to any "decision" made by Customs and, therefore, the provisions for a 2-year treatment period and for according diminished weight in the case of merchandise of smaller quantities or value and no weight in the case of informal entries are contrary to the judicially created standard. Moreover, as regards the 2-year treatment period, this requirement is unnecessary because importers who create the 2-year schedule will simply request the information from the Office of Strategic Trade in Customs under the Freedom of Information Act and, upon receipt of the information in Microsoft Access format, the importer would simply send the information back to Customs.

Customs response: The Precision Specialty Metals case involved a review of a denial by Customs of a protest against a decision of Customs to deny drawback on 38 entries of stainless steel trim and scrap. One of the issues addressed by the court was whether the payment of drawback on 69 previous entries of stainless steel scrap was a "treatment" under 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) which, if so, would mean that the decision on the protest was invalid if

Customs had not first published a proposed and final modification or revocation of that treatment as required by the statute. However, Customs notes that the decision cited by the commenter (referred to in this comment discussion as Precision I) did not involve a substantive ruling on the treatment issue because the court concluded that the importer had not presented the court with sufficient record evidence to conclude that all required elements of section 1625(c) were satisfied: the Court of International Trade addressed the merits of the treatment issue in a subsequent decision involving the same parties and the same 38 entries, Precision Specialty Metals, Inc v. United States, Slip Op. 01-148, decided December 14, 2001 (referred to in this comment discussion as Precision II). Nevertheless, the court in Precision I, in reciting the criteria that the court would use in analyzing the importer's claim for relief under section 1625(c), stated that "[t]he term 'treatment' looks to the actions of Customs, rather than its 'position' or policy,'' and that the term 'treatment" is "distinct from the terms 'ruling' and 'decision' '' which are covered elsewhere in section 1625(c). The *Precision I* court then stated: "This construction would recognize that importers may order their actions based not only on Customs' formal policy, 'position,' 'ruling' or 'decision', but on its prior actions. This construction furthers the stated legislative intent underlying § 1625(c).

In *Precision II*, the court specifically found that, in connection with "preliquidation reviews" of three of the earlier 69 drawback entries that were eventually liquidated for the full amount of drawback claimed, Customs had asked the importer for additional information and documentation on the exports involved. In response, the importer furnished Customs with additional information and documentation which showed that the exported material was stainless steel scrap. The court further found that the facts set forth in a stipulation of facts agreed to by the parties were sufficient to resolve the factual issues outlined in Precision I so that the court could resolve the "treatment" issue on a motion for summary judgment. The court, in concluding that the actions of Customs gave rise to a treatment under section 1625(c), specifically noted "the consistent trail of correspondence and submissions in which Precision and its agents describe the entries on which drawback was granted as 'scrap' and reiterated its holding in Precision I that "treatment" looks to the actions of

Customs rather than a "position" or "policy" of Customs.

Based on the facts that were under review in Precision I and Precision II, Customs does not agree with the commenter's assertion that the proposed regulatory text is contrary to the standard set forth by the court. On the contrary, it is the position of Customs that the proposed regulatory standard is consistent with the court cases because it requires an actual action on the part of Customs (as distinguished from nonaction on the part of Customs, for example, when an entry is liquidated automatically without Customs review or when an entry is liquidated by operation of law under 19 U.S.C. 1504). Moreover, as in the case of the three entries for which Customs purposely requested, received, and reviewed additional information bearing on the issue at hand in Precision II, the proposed regulatory text requires that Customs actually do something of significance in order to create a treatment (as distinguished from cases in which Customs gives at most cursory attention, such as informal entries and entries of small value or quantity). Therefore, the proposed regulatory text stands for the proposition that, in order for a person to be eligible for the protection afforded under 19 U.S.C 1625(c)(2), that person must be able to make a showing that Customs took a conscious, intentional and knowledgeable action that created an impression that could give rise to an expectation as regards future action by Customs. Customs believes that this is entirely consistent with the facts involved in Precision II.

Customs remains of the view that the principle reflected in the proposed text is necessary because it reflects the reality in which Customs operates. With over 18 million formal entries filed each year, almost all of which are filed electronically and the majority of which are not accompanied by invoices, Customs simply does not have the resources to review every transaction and at the same time facilitate the movement of goods in international trade. In the absence of a reasonable limitation on the circumstances in which a treatment may arise for section 1625(c) purposes as set forth in the proposed regulatory text, Customs believes that a number of potential negative consequences could result either separately or together: Customs would have to monitor all Customs transactions of whatever type arising over the preceding two years before issuing a ruling or decision to determine if section 1625(c) procedures are necessary; the number of times in which

Customs must initiate section 1625(c) procedures would increase drastically; the entry and liquidation process would suffer significant delays; and/or the prospective ruling and internal advice procedures would be scaled back or eliminated in their entirety. All of the foregoing results would be inconsistent with the objectives of the Mod Act and importers' responsibilities under 19 U.S.C. 1484(a).

As regards the 2-year period prescribed in the proposed regulatory text, Customs pointed out in the preamble portion of the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking that the proposed definition of "treatment" was drawn in part from the text of present § 177.9(e) which concerns the use of delayed effective dates in the case of ruling letters covering transactions or issues not previously the subject of ruling letters and which have the effect of modifying the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions. Customs expressed in this regard the belief that use of the present regulatory standards in this new regulatory text was appropriate because, given the similarity in language, it seemed clear that the present regulation served as the model for the subsequently enacted statutory text except that application of a delayed effective date was now mandated. Customs also in that preamble stated the view that all provisions regarding detrimental reliance should be removed from the Part 177 texts because they were superseded by the section 1625(c) provisions. These remain the views of Customs. Consequently, the 2-year period set forth in the proposed text, which reflects the period prescribed in the detrimental reliance provision for treatments in present § 177.9(e) is appropriate and should be retained. Finally, as regards the commenter's assertion regarding the use of the Freedom of Information Act to obtain the information to provide to Customs covering the 2-year period, Customs does not believe that importers will effectively be able to do this because Customs does not retain the necessary information in such a way that it would on its face demonstrate the existence of a treatment.

Comment: One commenter argued that Customs should adopt a reasonable standard for determining whether a "treatment accorded substantially similar transactions" exists. Customs should not follow through with its attempt to limit the standard for determining whether there has been such treatment. This commenter also asserted that the requirement that only

entries actually reviewed by Customs (as opposed to entries liquidated by operation of law, through bypass or other automatic liquidation procedure) will count is irrational. Another commenter claimed that the limitation of treatment to instances in which Customs made a deliberative decision, usually requiring a physical examination of goods, is not adequately justified by Customs and is as objectionable as the suggestion that, where there is a no change liquidation, there is no Customs decision to protest.

Customs response: For the reasons stated in the preceding comment response, Customs believes that the proposed text set forth a reasonable standard for determining whether a "treatment" exists, and Customs further suggests that the rationality of that approach is supported by the holding in Precision I that "treatment" looks to the actions of Customs. Similarly, Customs believes that the preceding comment response adequately justifies the deliberative decision standard reflected in the proposed text. Finally, the comment regarding no change liquidations and protest decisions involves a separate statutory and regulatory context and therefore is inapposite.

Comment: Based on the regulations as proposed, importers and other interested parties have little or no ability to require Customs to examine specific transactions. The review of transactions is the responsibility of Customs. Accordingly, the term "treatment" should include all importations. not just those which Customs has actually examined.

Customs response: While Customs generally agrees with the first two statements of this commenter, Customs disagrees with the commenter's conclusion. As indicated earlier in this comment discussion, Customs must deal with a very large number of import transactions each year and must at the same time facilitate international trade. It is simply impossible for Customs to facilitate trade and at the same time review all import transactions. Accordingly, Customs has adopted procedures, such as selectivity and bypass, which are intended to strike a workable balance between these two competing goals. As a result, the vast majority of import transactions do not receive Customs review. Since those unreviewed transactions receive no action on the part of Customs, they should not be considered to constitute a "treatment" within the meaning of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c).

Comment: Three commenters complained that the burden of proof to

show a treatment (a listing by entry number, quantity and value, port of entry, and date of final action by Customs) is too great. Moreover, these commenters suggested that if Customs is not totally uniform in its treatment, the proposed regulations would appear to excuse Customs from a finding that there is a treatment triggering rights to the public.

Customs response: Customs disagrees with the comment regarding the alleged burden, for two reasons. First, the regulatory standard reflected in the proposed text follows the text of present § 177.9(e)(2) in this regard, and Customs is not aware that importers have had particular difficulty in meeting the burden of showing reliance on previous treatment under that provision. Second, the proposed regulatory standard appears to be consistent with the evidence of treatment on substantially identical transactions that the court in Precision I deemed appropriate for section 1625(c) purposes. The court noted in this regard that the plaintiff did not meet the necessary burden when it failed to provide information regarding the dates, ports and nature of the earlier transactions and a clear description of

the merchandise at issue.

With regard to the issue of uniformity, several points should be noted. First, reference in the regulatory text to a "consistent pattern" in the definition of "treatment" was intended to apply only to the person claiming the treatment and not to actions of Customs involving substantially identical transactions of other persons. Moreover, there is nothing in the proposed text that requires 100 percent consistency. Customs avoided imposing a strict 100 percent requirement in recognition of the fact that a finding of reliance on a previous treatment could be reasonable even if the pattern of treatment was not entirely consistent, for example, where the actions of Customs were consistent over the entire 2-year period in all ports for a significant number of entries except for a relatively small number of isolated exceptions. On the other hand, Customs does not believe that a person should be able to claim the existence of a treatment for section 1625(c) purposes when there is no consistency in the pattern of actions by Customs, that is, when the general pattern is that different results have been reached in different ports, because the different actions of Customs can give rise to no expectation on the part of the importer regarding the specific treatment that his transactions will receive from Customs. Further, it should be noted that, in actual practice, Customs has never denied a claim of treatment based solely

on an importer not having had 100 percent consistent treatment: each determination has been based on consideration of all the relevant facts involved.

Comment: Three commenters argued that, in determining whether a treatment exists, Customs should not disregard outright informal entries or other entries where there is less scrutiny. These commenters noted that informal entries are allowed for low value shipments but that there are certain informational requirements for these low value shipments which allow Customs to use selectivity criteria to review those shipments, and they therefore suggested that informal entries should not be disregarded. Similarly, these commenters asserted that just because Customs does not choose to examine certain merchandise does not mean that the action of Custonis in liquidating entries is entitled to no weight. With regard to the statement that little weight will be given for treatment purposes to transactions that have small quantities or values, another commenter noted that test transactions are legitimate importations and that for some kinds of merchandise, such as machines, small quantities are the norm.

Customs response: As already pointed

out in this comment discussion, the key issue in determining whether a tréatment exists is whether, and if so the manner in which, Customs has taken action on past transactions. The reference in the proposed text to informal entries was made in a context in which there is no examination or review, and therefore the regulatory text would not preclude the consideration of informal entries on which Customs took specific action such as an examination of the merchandise or a detailed review of the supporting entry documentation. Moreover, the mere fact that Customs does not examine the merchandise does not mean that an action leading to a treatment cannot occur, because other actions by Customs, such as a review of the entry documentation or a request for additional information from the importer, can constitute adequate evidence of the existence of a treatment. Similarly, there is nothing in the proposed text that would preclude the consideration of "test transactions," and Customs further notes that transactions involving low quantity merchandise such as machines may be appropriate for consideration under the proposed text because their value probably would be significant and thus might warrant the specific attention of Customs. Finally, it should be noted that Customs

has cooperated with importers and their

counsel on "test transactions" or "test

shipments" in resolving Customs transaction issues. It would be disingenuous of importers to "blindside" Customs by using these test shipments as a basis for claiming that a "treatment" exists rather than advising Customs that a valid Customs transaction issue exists which warrants examination.

Comment: Customs should delete from § 177.21 paragraph (d)(1) which sets forth exceptions to the notice

requirements.

Customs response: Customs is firmly of the opinion that paragraph (d)(1) of the proposed text should be retained in its entirety for the reasons stated in the preamble portion of the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking, and Customs notes that the commenter provided no justification for its suggested change. The paragraph (d)(1) provisions are intended to avoid redundancy and to provide exceptions in the case of changes not occasioned by actions taken by Customs. The proposed text thus implicitly recognizes the true purpose of the section 1625(c) provisions which was only to protect importers and others from sudden actions taken by Customs. This intent was recognized in Precision II where the court, in discussing the relevant legislative history, noted the statement in Senate Report No. 103-189 that "importers have a right \* \* \* to expect certainty that the Customs Service will not unilaterally change the rules without providing importers proper notice and opportunity for comment." There is nothing in the statute or its legislative history that would suggest that Congress intended that the procedural safeguards set forth in section 1625(c) would apply in the case of rulings, decisions or treatments of Customs that are affected by subsequent laws passed by Congress or by subsequent actions taken by the President or other Executive Branch agencies or by subsequent decisions by the courts or by collateral public notice and comment procedures pursued by Customs under other authority. Rather, Customs believes that the opposite conclusion must be reached, and in this regard Customs notes that in Sea-Land Service, Inc. v. United States, 239 F.3d 1366 (Fed. Cir. 2001), the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit upheld the conclusion of the Court of International Trade that, where Customs made decisions as a result of a court decision that established a statutory interpretation that in effect modified or revoked previous Customs decisions, the notice and comment requirements of section 1625(c) did not apply and would serve no purpose because Customs was

bound by the court decision and had no discretion to modify the court decision and thus would be unable to respond to any comments it received.

Comment: Proposed § 177.21(d) appears to be inclusive. However, proposed § 177.21(d)(1)(iv) should be amended by adding the words "overturns or" after "which."

Customs response: Customs believes that the suggested change would result in a redundancy and therefore would not improve the text. The proposed text refers to a judicial decision "which has the effect of overturning the Customs position" in order to cover not only Customs positions that are directly affected by the judicial decision (for example, where a specific Customs ruling or decision is subjected to judicial review) but also cases in which the issue decided by the court has a substantive effect on rulings, decisions or treatments of Customs that are not directly at issue in the litigation. The suggested change in wording would appear to set forth a distinction without a difference (in other words, a judicial decision that "overturns" something equally has the "effect of overturning" that thing). Accordingly, no change should be made in this regard. This conclusion would comport with the facts and result under the Sea-Land case referred to in the preceding comment response.

Comment: Customs should not adopt the position that petitions filed under 19 U.S.C. 1516 can be decided using the procedures of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) if the petition is filed by a domestic party, Customs agrees with the position of the domestic party, and there is an outstanding ruling in conflict with this position. If a domestic party files under section 1516, Customs is obligated to decide the issue under that statute and to provide all involved parties with the procedural safeguards dictated in that statute. Customs should not subvert the provisions of section 1516 by substituting procedures established by

section 1625.

Customs response: The comment relates to paragraph (d)(1)(v) of proposed § 177.21 which provides that the publication and issuance requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) will not apply in circumstances in which a decision is published in the Federal Register as a result of a petition by a domestic interested party pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1516. Customs explained in the preamble to the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking that this provision was included because Customs did not believe that sound administrative practice would be well served by repeating in a 19 U.S.C.

1625(c) procedure what was already accomplished in a 19 U.S.C. 1516 context. Since the proposed regulatory text refers to, and therefore does not preclude, use of the 19 U.S.C. 1516 procedure, the commenter's stated concern does not relate to the wording of the regulatory text.

Rather, the commenter's concern appears to be directed to the related discussion in the preamble to the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking regarding the procedures Customs would follow in those infrequent cases that could potentially give rise to both statutory procedures. Customs stated in this regard that the following internal approach had been developed to avoid any possible conflict between the two procedures: (1) If Customs agrees with the position presented by a domestic interested party under 19 U.S.C. 1516, Customs will then attempt to determine whether there is an extant ruling, internal advice decision, protest review decision or treatment that is in conflict with that position and, if it is determined that a conflict exists, then Customs will initiate the 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) modification or revocation procedure; or (2) if the position of Customs differs from the position of the domestic interested party and that party contests the Customs position, the matter will be resolved in accordance with the 19 U.S.C. 1516 publication procedures. The commenter appears to take issue with the first alternative procedure to the extent that it indicates that Customs would pursue a modification or revocation under section 1625(c) in lieu of an action under section 1516.

Customs believes that the alternative procedures outlined in the preamble to the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking promote needed administrative flexibility and efficiency. Accordingly, Customs believes that the procedures outlined in the preamble to the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking are appropriate and therefore should be retained.

### Additional Changes to the Regulatory **Texts**

A. Additional Modifications to the Proposed § 177.21 Text

In view of the significant number of comments submitted on the issue of treatments under the proposed § 177.21(c) text, and based on further review of this issue, Customs has determined that some other changes, in addition to those mentioned in the above comment discussion, should be incorporated in the regulatory text adopted in this final rule document.

These additional changes, which Customs believes are necessary to address issues raised by the commenters or to otherwise clarify the intent behind the proposed text, involve the following:

1. The second sentence of paragraph (c)(1) has been revised to read "[t]he following rules will apply for purposes of determining under this section whether a treatment was previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions of a person." This change results in the removal of the definition of "treatment" in favor of a sequence of subparagraphs ((i) through (iv)) that set forth all operative standards for determining whether paragraph (c) applies. The reference at the end to identical transactions "of a person" is intended to reflect the necessary connection between the transactions and the person claiming the

treatment.

2. Subparagraph (i)(A), which has no direct counterpart in the proposed text, provides that there must be evidence to establish that there was "an actual determination by a Customs officer" regarding the facts and issues involved in the claimed treatment. This is intended to clarify the point made in the above comment discussion that, as supported by the conclusion reached by the court in Precision II, there must be some review or other action on the part of Customs. The words "actual determination" are intended to clarify that there must be a conscious, intentional, purposeful act by a Customs officer, as distinguished from a result that arises out of an involuntary event such as an automatic liquidation or a liquidation by operation of law.

3. Subparagraph (i)(B), which also has no direct counterpart in the proposed text, provides that there must be evidence to establish that the Customs officer making the actual determination "was responsible for the subject matter" on which the determination was made. This provision is a corollary to the subparagraph (i)(A) requirement and is necessary to ensure that actions taken by Customs officers that create treatments for section 1625(c) purposes involve the exercise of proper authority and supervisory control and thus accurately represent the policy of Customs. In other words, Customs believes that it would not be appropriate for a person to rely on the advice of a Customs officer for treatment purposes if that Customs officer has no official responsibility for, and therefore no particular competence in, the issue at hand (for example, a drawback liquidator should not be relied upon for advice regarding country of origin marking requirements). This position is

consistent with the facts involved in *Precision I* and *Precision II* and with the result reached by the court in *Precision II* in that the action taken by Customs that resulted in the creation of the treatment was taken by Customs officers assigned to a Customs office, that is, a drawback unit/office, specifically designated for the purpose of liquidating drawback entries.

4. Subparagraph (i)(C) follows the 2year period provision contained in the proposed text but incorporates a number of changes. The new text provides that there must be evidence to establish that over a 2-year period "preceding the claim of treatment" (rather than "prior to publication of the notice") Customs "consistently applied that determination on a national basis" (rather than requiring "a consistent pattern of decisions") as reflected in liquidations of entries or reconciliations "or other Customs actions" with respect to "all or substantially all of that person's Customs transactions involving materially identical facts and issues."
The "preceding \* \* \*" language merely reflects that the time the claim is made (which, under paragraph (c)(2)(ii) could occur after publication of the notice of proposed modification or revocation), rather than the date of publication of the notice by Customs, is more relevant in identifying the 2-year period for purposes of protecting the treatment rights of a person. The language that replaced the reference to a "consistent pattern of decisions" is intended (1) to avoid any uncertainty as regards what a "pattern" is, (2) to reflect the principle that, as pointed out in the comment discussion above and as reflected in the action taken by Customs on the 69 entries discussed by the court in Precision II, more is needed than merely a determination, that is, Customs must do something beyond making the determination, such as apply the determination in the liquidation of entries, and (3) to ensure that a treatment does not result from a geographically narrow application of a determination that is different from the action taken by Customs on that person's substantially identical transactions at other locations. The addition of the reference to "other Customs actions" is intended to clarify that Customs actions that can give rise to a treatment are not limited to liquidations. The words "all or substantially all" are intended to reflect the point made in connection with the above comment discussion that 100 percent consistency is not required for purposes of finding that a treatment exists with regard to a person's Customs transactions. Finally, the words "materially identical facts and issues" were included to clarify what is meant by the words "substantially identical" when used with reference to transactions in the introductory text of paragraph (c)(1).

5. At the end of subparagraph (ii), which repeats much of proposed paragraph (c)(1)(i), the words "import specialist review" have been replaced by "Customs officer review" to reflect the fact that review actions that can create treatments are not limited to actions of Customs import specialists.

6. Subparagraph (iii)(A) provides that Customs will not find that a treatment was accorded to a person's transactions if the person's own transactions were not accorded the treatment in question over the prescribed 2-year period. This provision represents a restatement, without substantive change, of the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(ii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) that treatment is provided to the principle reflected in proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iiii) the principle

personal. 7. Subparagraph (iii)(B) provides that Customs will not find that a treatment was accorded to a person's transactions if the issue in question involves the admissibility of merchandise. This provision has no direct counterpart in the proposed text and has been added to clarify the existence of the essential rule that the admissibility of merchandise is always determined at the time of importation and therefore cannot be the subject of a treatment for purposes of section 1625(c). The reason for this should be clear: in the case of merchandise that is not admissible (for example, because the merchandise has been found to exceed an applicable quantitative limit or has been found to constitute prohibited merchandise), an importer should not be allowed to continue to enter the merchandise in the United States in contravention of the applicable law regarding its nonadmissibility merely because Customs has failed to follow the publication procedures under section 1625(c).

8. Subparagraph (iii)(C) provides that Customs will not find that a treatment was accorded to a person's transactions if the person made a material false statement or material omission in connection with a Customs transaction or in connection with the review of a Customs transaction and that statement or omission affected the determination on which the treatment claim is based. This provision has no direct counterpart in the proposed text and has been added to ensure that a person cannot profit from the section 1625(c) treatment provisions in circumstances in which the claimed treatment rests on a false premise resulting from an act or

omission on the part of the person claiming the treatment. Customs believes that this rule is an appropriate expression of principles of equity and foir play.

fair play. 9. Subparagraph (iii)(D) provides that Customs will not find that a treatment was accorded to a person's transactions if Customs advised the person regarding the manner in which the transactions should be presented to Customs and the person failed to follow that advice. This provision has no direct counterpart in the proposed text. It has been added because Customs believes that it would be inconsistent with the reliance and consistency principles that underlie the treatment provisions for a person to claim a treatment that is inconsistent with specific advice provided by Customs. Moreover, even if Customs officers have taken determinative action on the person's individual transactions that is inconsistent with the advice provided elsewhere by Customs, the person should have no expectation that Customs will continue to take those

inconsistent actions in the future. 10. Subparagraph (iv) repeats the text of proposed paragraph (c)(1)(iii) regarding the burden of proof as regards the existence of the previous treatment but with the following changes: (1) In the first sentence, the words "burden of proof" have been replaced by 'evidentiary burden'' to avoid an overly strict standard; (2) in the second sentence, reference is made to "materially" (rather than "substantially") identical transactions to align on the language used in subparagraph (i)(C) as discussed above; and (3) at the end of the second sentence, the words "and, if known, the name and location of the Customs officer who made the determination on which the claimed treatment is based" have been added to specify other information, if available, that a person may use to convince Customs that the claimed treatment exists. In addition a third sentence has been added to the proposed text to provide that, in cases in which an entry is liquidated without any Customs review, the person claiming a previous treatment must be prepared to submit to Customs written or other appropriate evidence of the earlier actual determination of a Customs officer that the person relied on in preparing the entry and that is consistent with the liquidation of the entry. Customs believes that this provision, which is related to the standard under subparagraph (i) that there must be a determination of Customs that has been applied to transactions, is necessary in order to enable persons to demonstrate the

existence of a treatment when no specific determination was made on the person's individual transactions (an example would be where Customs issued a prospective ruling to another person and the person claiming the treatment followed that ruling in entering his identical merchandise and Customs liquidated those entries as entered and without review-presentation of the ruling to Customs would satisfy the regulatory standard).

11. Finally, at the end of the notice procedures in paragraph (c)(2)(i), the text regarding written confirmation has been simplified by referring to confirmation sent to each person identified as having had substantially identical transactions.\* \* \*''This change conforms the text to current administrative practice.

B. Modification of Present Part 177 To Accommodate the Final Modification/ Revocation Text

In light of the decision discussed earlier in this document to proceed with a final rule only as regards those proposed Part 177 regulatory changes that relate to the modification/ revocation provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c), the proposed § 177.21 text must have a new section designation in order to appear properly within the existing Part 177 structure. Accordingly, Customs in this final rule document has designated the new modification/ revocation section as § 177.12 (with a consequential redesignation of present § 177.12 as § 177.13) so that it will appear after both the provision that deals with the issuance of prospective rulings (§ 177.8) and the provision that concerns the issuance of internal advice decisions (§ 177.11), because issued prospective rulings and internal advice decisions may be the subject of a modification or revocation under the new section. In addition, some minor conforming changes have been made to the wording of paragraph (a) of new § 177.12 to reflect the fact that the other structural changes to Part 177 contained in the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking are not being adopted in this final rule document.

In addition, this final rule document makes a number of conforming changes to other existing sections within part 177 as a consequence of the addition of new § 177.12. These changes are as follows:

- 1. In the second sentence of paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(B) of "§ 177.2, the reference to "§ 177.12" has been changed to read "177.13."
- 2. The heading of § 177.9 has been revised to remove the reference to

modification or revocation which will no longer be "treated" in that section.

3. The last sentence of paragraph (a) of § 177.9 has been revised to reflect the proper reference to the new modification and revocation provisions and to refer to the Federal Register (rather than the Customs Bulletin) which is the publication medium mentioned in the referenced § 177.10(e).

4. The first sentence of paragraph (c) of § 177.9 has been revised to include exception language when the public notice and comment provisions of new

§ 177.12 apply.

5. Paragraph (d) of § 177.9 has been removed because it concerns the modification or revocation of ruling letters and therefore is entirely superseded by the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and new § 177.12.

6. Paragraph (e) of § 177.9, which concerns ruling letters modifying past Customs treatment of transactions not covered by ruling letters, has been removed because it also is entirely superseded by the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and new § 177.12. It remains the position of Customs that these paragraph (e) provisions formed the basis for the statutory treatment provision, and in this regard the following was stated in the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking (at 66 FR 37375) in discussing the definition of "treatment" in proposed § 177.21(c)(1):

In setting forth these regulatory standards, Customs has relied in part on the text of present § 177.9(e) which concerns the use of delayed effective dates in the case of ruling letters covering transactions or issues not previously the subject of ruling letters and which have the effect of modifying the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions. Customs believes that use of the present regulatory standards in this new regulatory text is appropriate because, given the similarity in language, it seems clear that the present regulation served as the model for the subsequently enacted statutory text except that application of a delayed effective date is now mandated.

7. Within § 177.10, which concerns the publication of decisions, the following changes have been made: (1) Paragraph (b), which concerns the establishment of a uniform practice by publication of a ruling in the Customs Bulletin, has been removed; (2) paragraph (c) has been revised: in order to remove the reference to a change of position in the paragraph heading; in order to remove the second sentence of paragraph (c)(1) which concerns Federal Register publication and public comment regarding a ruling that contemplates a change of practice resulting in the assessment of a lower

rate of duty; in order to remove the third sentence of paragraph (c)(1) which concerns rulings resulting in a change of practice but no change in the rate of duty; and in order to remove paragraph (c)(2) which concerns Federal Register publication and public comment regarding a contemplated ruling that has the effect of changing a position of Customs; and (3) the first sentence of paragraph (e), which concerns effective dates, has been revised to include exception language regarding modifications and revocations under new § 177.12. The changes to paragraphs (b) and (c) are substantively similar to changes reflected in the proposed revised Part 177 texts contained in the July 17, 2001, notice of proposed rulemaking. Customs explained in the preamble to that document in regard to those changes that, except in the case of an established and uniform practice where the proposed regulatory text was directly based on 19 U.S.C. 1315(d), it was proposed to remove all references to "uniform practice" or "practice" from the Part 177 texts. The principal reason for this was that the statutory and regulatory modification/revocation standards of 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and proposed § 177.21 had rendered these provisions redundant or otherwise unnecessary. Customs would further add that a failure to make these changes in § 177.10(b) and (c) in this final rule document will give rise to conflicts with the new § 177.12 procedures, not only in regard to the vehicle for publication (Federal Register versus Customs Bulletin) but also with regard to the circumstances in which publication of the contemplated ruling is required and when it would take effect. Since the new § 177.12 provisions devolve from a direct statutory mandate, Customs believes that they must take precedence.

Finally, although not directly related to 19 U.S.C. 1625(c) and new § 177.12, Customs notes that paragraph (a) of present § 177.10 and paragraph (b)(7) of present § 177.11 refer to publication or other availability within 120" days, whereas 19 U.S.C. 1625(a), which applies equally to prospective rulings and to internal advice decisions, requires publication or other availability within 90" days. In addition, paragraph (a) of present § 177.10 in two places refers to a precedential decision whereas 19 U.S.C. 1625(a) and new § 177.12 use the word interpretive. The regulatory texts in question have been amended in this final rule document to align on the statute and new regulatory

#### Conclusion

Accordingly, based on the comments received and the analysis of those comments as set forth above, and after further review of this matter, Customs believes that the proposed regulatory amendments regarding the modification and revocation of rulings, decisions, and treatments and regarding the publication of decisions should be adopted as a final rule with certain changes as discussed above and as set forth below. This document also includes an appropriate update of the list of information collection approvals (see the Paperwork Reduction Act portion of this document below) contained in § 178.2 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR 178.2).

### **Executive Order 12866**

This document does not meet the criteria for a "significant regulatory action" as specified in E.O. 12866.

### Regulatory Flexibility Act

Pursuant to the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), it is certified that these amendments will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The regulatory amendments primarily represent a clarification of existing statutory and regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the amendments are not subject to the regulatory analysis or other requirements of 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.

# **Paperwork Reduction Act**

The collection of information contained in this final rule has been reviewed and approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507(d)) under control number 1515–0228. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid control number assigned by OMB.

The collection of information in part 177 of the Customs Regulations is required in connection with the consideration of requests for, and issuance of, rulings or other written advice from Customs regarding the application of the Customs and related laws to current or future transactions, in connection with modifications or revocations of prior Customs rulings or treatments, or in connection with the issuance of country-of-origin advisory rulings and final determinations relating to Government procurement. Failure to provide the required information may preclude issuance of the requested advice by Customs or may preclude the

application of the requested relief or other action by Customs. The likely respondents are individuals and business or other for-profit institutions, including partnerships, associations, and corporations, and their authorized agents.

The estimated average annual burden associated with the collection of information under part 177 is 10 hours per respondent or recordkeeper. Comments concerning the accuracy of this burden estimate and suggestions for reducing this burden should be directed to the U.S. Customs Service, Information Services Group, Office of Finance, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20229, and to OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for the Department of the Treasury, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20503.

### **Drafting Information**

The principal author of this document was Francis W. Foote, Office of Regulations and Rulings, U.S. Customs Service. However, personnel from other offices participated in its development.

### **List of Subjects**

### 19 CFR Part 177

Administrative practice and procedure, Customs duties and inspection, Government procurement, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Rulings.

### 19 CFR Part 178

Administrative practice and procedure, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

### Amendments to the Regulations

Accordingly, for the reasons stated in the preamble, parts 177 and 178 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR parts 177 and 178) are amended as set forth below.

# PART 177—ADMINISTRATIVE RULINGS

1. The authority citation for Part 177 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 19 U.S.C. 66, 1202 (General Note 23, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States), 1502, 1624, 1625.

- 2. In § 177.2, the second sentence of paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(B) is amended by removing the reference § 177.12" and adding, in its place, the reference § 177.13".
  - 3. In § 177.9:
  - a. The section heading is revised;
- b. The last sentence of paragraph (a) is revised;

- c. The first sentence of paragraph (c) is revised; and
- d. Paragraphs (d) and (e) are removed and reserved.

The revisions read as follows:

# § 177.9 Effect of ruling letters.

- (a) \* \* \* See, however, § 177.10(e) (changes of practice published in the Federal Register) and § 177.12 (rulings which modify or revoke previous rulings, decisions, or treatments).
- (c) Reliance on ruling letters by others. Except when public notice and comment procedures apply under § 177.12, a ruling letter is subject to modification or revocation by Customs without notice to any person other than the person to whom the ruling letter was addressed. \* \* \*

# 4. In § 177.10:

a. In paragraph (a), the first sentence is amended by removing the number "120" and adding, in its place, the number "90" and removing the word "precedential" and adding, in its place, the word "interpretive", and the second sentence is amended by removing the words "a precedential" and adding, in their place, the words "an interpretive";

b. Paragraph (b) is removed and reserved; and

c. Paragraph (c) and the first sentence of paragraph (e) are revised to read as follows:

### § 177.10 Publication of decisions.

\* \* \*

(c) Changes of practice. Before the publication of a ruling which has the effect of changing an established and uniform practice and which results in the assessment of a higher rate of duty within the meaning of 19 U.S.C. 1315(d), notice that the practice (or prior ruling on which that practice was based) is under review will be published in the Federal Register and interested parties will be given an opportunity to make written submissions with respect to the correctness of the contemplated change.

(e) Effective dates. Except as otherwise provided in § 177.12(e) or in the ruling itself, all rulings published under the provisions of this part will be applied immediately.

5. In § 177.11, the first sentence of paragraph (b)(7) is amended by removing the number "120" and adding, in its place, the number "90".

### § 177.12 [Redesignated as § 177.13]

6. Section 177.12 is redesignated as § 177.13 and a new § 177.12 is added to

§ 177.12 Modification or revocation of interpretive rulings, protest review decisions, and previous treatment of substantially identical transactions.

(a) General. An interpretive ruling, which includes an internal advice decision, issued under this part, or a holding or principle covered by a protest review decision issued under part 174 of this chapter, if found to be in error or not in accord with the current views of Customs, may be modified or revoked by an interpretive ruling issued under this section. In addition, an interpretive ruling issued under this section may have the effect of modifying or revoking the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions. A modification or revocation under this section must be carried out in accordance with the notice procedures set forth in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of this section except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) of this section, and the modification or revocation will take effect as provided in paragraph (e) of this section.

(b) Interpretive rulings or protest review decisions. Customs may modify or revoke an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision that has been in effect for less than 60 calendar days by simply giving written notice of the modification or revocation to the person to whom the original ruling was issued or whose current transaction was the subject of the internal advice decision or, in the case of a protest review decision, to the person identified on the Customs Form 19 as the protestant or to any other person designated to receive notice of denial of a protest under § 174.30(b) of this chapter. However, when Customs contemplates the issuance of an interpretive ruling that would modify or revoke an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision which has been in effect for 60 or more calendar days, the following procedures will

(1) Publication of proposed action. A notice proposing the modification or revocation and inviting public comment on the proposal will be published in the Customs Bulletin. The notice will refer to all previously issued interpretive rulings or protest review decisions that Customs has identified as being the subject of the proposed action and will invite any member of the public who has received another interpretive ruling

or protest review decision involving the issue that is the subject of the proposed action to advise Customs of that fact. Interested parties will have 30 calendar days from the date of publication of the notice to submit written comments on the proposed modification or revocation and to advise Customs in writing that they are recipients of an affected interpretive ruling or protest review decision that was not identified in the

(2) Notice of final action. In the absence of extraordinary circumstances, within 30 calendar days after the close of the public comment period, any submitted comments will be considered and a final modifying or revoking notice or notice of other appropriate final action on the proposed modification or revocation will be published in the Customs Bulletin. In addition, a written decision will be issued to the person to whom, or on whose transaction, the original interpretive ruling was issued or, in the case of a protest review decision, to the person identified on the Customs Form 19 as the protestant or to any other person designated to receive notice of denial of a protest under § 174.30(b) of this chapter. Publication of a final modifying or revoking notice in the Customs Bulletin will have the effect of modifying or revoking any interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision that involves merchandise or an issue that is substantially identical in all material respects to the merchandise or issue that is the subject of the modification or revocation, including an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision that is not specifically identified in the final modifying or revoking notice.

(c) Treatment previously accorded to substantially identical transactions—(1) General. The issuance of an interpretive ruling that has the effect of modifying or revoking the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions must be in accordance with the procedures set forth in paragraph (c)(2) of this section. The following rules will apply for purposes of determining under this section whether a treatment was previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions of a

(i) There must be evidence to establish that:

(A) There was an actual determination by a Customs officer regarding the facts and issues involved in the claimed treatment;

(B) The Customs officer making the actual determination was responsible for the subject matter on which the determination was made; and

(C) Over a 2-year period immediately preceding the claim of treatment, Customs consistently applied that determination on a national basis as reflected in liquidations of entries or reconciliations or other Customs actions with respect to all or substantially all of that person's Customs transactions involving materially identical facts and issues:

(ii) The determination of whether the requisite treatment occurred will be made by Customs on a case-by-case basis and will involve an assessment of all relevant factors. In particular, Customs will focus on the past transactions to determine whether there was an examination of the merchandise (where applicable) by Customs or the extent to which those transactions were otherwise reviewed by Customs to determine the proper application of the Customs laws and regulations. For purposes of establishing whether the requisite treatment occurred, Customs will give diminished weight to transactions involving small quantities or values, and Customs will give no weight whatsoever to informal entries and to other entries or transactions which Customs, in the interest of commercial facilitation and accommodation, processes expeditiously and without examination or Customs officer review;

(iii) Customs will not find that a treatment was accorded to a person's transactions if:

(A) The person's own transactions were not accorded the treatment in question over the 2-year period immediately preceding the claim of treatment;

(B) The issue in question involves the

admissibility of merchandise;

(C) The person made a material false statement or material omission in connection with a Customs transaction or in connection with the review of a Customs transaction and that statement or omission affected the determination on which the treatment claim is based;

(D) Customs advised the person regarding the manner in which the transactions should be presented to Customs and the person failed to follow-

that advice; and

(iv) The evidentiary burden as regards the existence of the previous treatment is on the person claiming that treatment. The evidence of previous treatment by Customs must include a list of all materially identical transactions by entry number (or other Customs assigned number), the quantity and value of merchandise covered by each

transaction (where applicable), the ports of entry, the dates of final action by Customs, and, if known, the name and location of the Customs officer who made the determination on which the claimed treatment is based. In addition, in cases in which an entry is liquidated without any Customs review (for example, the entry is liquidated automatically as entered), the person claiming a previous treatment must be prepared to submit to Customs written or other appropriate evidence of the earlier actual determination of a Customs officer that the person relied on in preparing the entry and that is consistent with the liquidation of the

entry (2) Notice procedures—(i) When Customs has reason to believe that a contemplated interpretive ruling would have the effect of modifying or revoking the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions, notice of the intent to modify or revoke that treatment will be published in the Customs Bulletin either as a separate action or in connection with a proposed modification or revocation of an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision under paragraph (b)(1) of this section. The notice will give interested parties 30 calendar days from the date of publication of the notice to submit written comments on the proposed modification or revocation and will invite any member of the public whose substantially identical transactions have been accorded the same treatment to advise Customs in writing of that fact, supported by appropriate details regarding those transactions, within that 30-day period. Within 30 calendar days after the close of the public comment period, any submitted comments will be considered, notice of the final interpretive ruling or other final action on the proposed modification or revocation will be published in the Customs Bulletin. Written confirmation of the applicability of a final modification or revocation will be sent to each person identified as having had substantially identical transactions that were

accorded the same treatment.

(ii) If Customs is not aware prior to issuance that a contemplated interpretive ruling would have the effect of modifying or revoking the treatment previously accorded by Customs to substantially identical transactions, the interpretive ruling will be issued and generally will be effective as provided in § 177.19. However, Customs will, upon written application by a person claiming that the interpretive ruling has the effect of modifying or revoking the

treatment previously accorded by Customs to his substantially identical transactions, consider delaying the effective date of the interpretive ruling with respect to that person, and continue the treatment previously accorded the substantially identical transactions, pending completion of the procedures set forth in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section.

(d) Exceptions to notice requirements—(1) Publication and issuance not required. The publication and issuance requirements set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section are inapplicable in circumstances in which a Customs position is modified, revoked or otherwise materially affected by operation of law or by publication pursuant to other legal authority or by other appropriate action taken by Customs in furtherance of an order, instruction or other policy decision of another governmental agency or entity pursuant to statutory or delegated authority. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, the following:

(i) Adoption or amendment of a statutory provision, including any change to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States;

(ii) Promulgation of a treaty or other international agreement under the foreign affairs function of the United States;

(iii) Issuance of a Presidential Proclamation or Executive Order, or issuance of a decision or policy determination pursuant to authority delegated by the President;

(iv) Subject to the provisions of § 152.16 of this chapter, the rendering of a judicial decision which has the effect of overturning the Customs position;

(v) Publication of a decision in the **Federal Register** as a result of a petition by a domestic interested party pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1516 (see part 175 of this chapter);

(vi) Publication of an interim or final rule in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553;

(vii) Publication of a final interpretative rule in the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553 following public notice and comment procedures; and

(viii) Publication of a final ruling in the Federal Register in accordance with 19 U.S.C. 1315(d) and § 177.22 of this part relating to change of established and uniform practice.

(2) Publication not required. In the following circumstances a final modifying or revoking ruling will be issued to the person entitled to it under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section but Customs Bulletin publication under

paragraph (b) or (c) of this section is not required:

(i) The modifying ruling corrects a clerical error; or

(ii) The modifying or revoking ruling is directed to a ruling issued under subpart I of part 181 of this chapter relating to advance rulings under the North American Free Trade Agreement.

(e) Effective date and application to transactions—(1) Rulings or decisions in effect for less than 60 days. If an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision that is modified or revoked under this section had been in effect for less than 60 calendar days, the modifying or revoking interpretive ruling:

(i) Will be effective on its date of issuance with respect to the specific transaction covered by the modifying or revoking interpretive ruling; and

(ii) Will be applicable to merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after its date of issuance.

(2) Rulings or decisions in effect for 60 or more days. If an interpretive ruling or holding or principle covered by a protest review decision that is modified or revoked under this section had been in effect for 60 or more calendar days, the modifying or revoking notice will, provided that liquidation of the entry in question has not become final, apply to merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption:

(i) Sixty calendar days after the date of publication of the final modifying or revoking notice in the *Customs Bulletin* under paragraph (b)(2) of this section; or

(ii) At the option of any person with regard to that person's transaction, on and after the date of publication of the final modifying or revoking notice in the *Customs Bulletin* under paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(3) Previous treatment accorded to substantially identical transactions. A final notice that modifies or revokes the treatment previously accorded by \* Customs to substantially identical transactions:

(i) Will be effective with respect to transactions that are substantially identical to the transaction described in the modifying or revoking notice 60 calendar days after the date of publication of the final modifying or revoking notice in the *Customs Bulletin* under paragraph (b)(2) or paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section; and

(ii) Provided that liquidation of the entry in question has not become final, will apply to merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption:

(A) Sixty calendar days after the date of publication of the final modifying or revoking notice in the Customs Bulletin under paragraph (b)(2) or paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section; or

(B) At the option of a person who makes a valid claim regarding previous treatment, on and after the date of publication of the final modifying or revoking notice in the Customs Bulletin under paragraph (b)(2) or paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section.

# PART 178—APPROVAL OF INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS

1. The authority citation for Part 178 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 19 U.S.C. 1624; 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

2. In § 178.2, the table is amended by removing the listings for §§ 177.2, 177.5, 177.11, and 177.12 and adding, in their place, a listing for Part 177 to read as follows:

# § 178.2 Listing of OMB control numbers.

19 CFR sec- tion		Description	OMB contro No.	
*	*	*	* *	
Part 177		Issuance of administra- tive rulings on prospec- tive and cur- rent cus- toms trans- actions.	1515–0228	
*	*	*	* *	

# Robert C. Bonner.

Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: August 12, 2002.

Timothy E. Skud,

Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. [FR Doc. 02-20757 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4820-02-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **Coast Guard**

33 CFR Part 165

[CGD09-02-005]

RIN 2115-AA97

# Security Zones; Captain of the Port **Buffalo Zone**

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing four permanent security zones on the navigable waters of Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River in the Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone. These security zones are necessary to protect the Nuclear Power Plants and the St. Lawrence Seaway system from possible acts of terrorism. These security zones are intended to restrict vessel traffic from a portion of the St. Lawrence River and Lake Ontario.

DATES: This rule is effective August 16,

ADDRESSES: Comments and materials received from the public, as well as documents indicated in this preamble as being available in the docket, are part of docket (CGD09-02-005) and are available for inspection or copying at U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Office Buffalo, 1 Fuhrmann Blvd, Buffalo, New York 14203 between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LCDR David Flaherty, U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Office Buffalo, (716) 843-

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Regulatory Information**

On May 30, 2002, we published a notice of proposed ruleniaking (NPRM) entitled "Security Zones; Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone" in the Federal Register (67 FR 37748). We did not receive any letters commenting on the proposed rule. No public hearing was requested, and none was held.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal Register. The permanent security zones being established by this rulemaking are smaller in size than the temporary security zones currently in effect. By immediately implementing the smaller zone size, we will be relieving some of the burden placed on the public by a larger security zone.

### **Background and Purpose**

On September 11, 2001, the United States was the target of coordinated attacks by international terrorists resulting in catastrophic loss of life, the destruction of the World Trade Center, and significant damage to the Pentagon. National security and intelligence officials warn that future terrorists attacks are likely.

This regulation proposes to establish four permanent security zones: (1) Nine Mile Point and Fitzpatrick Nuclear Power Plants; (2) Ginna Nuclear Power

Plant; (3) Moses-Saunders Power Dam; and, (4) Long Sault Spillway Dam.

These security zones are necessary to protect the public, facilities, and the surrounding area from possible sabotage or other subversive acts. All persons other than those approved by the Captain of the Port Buffalo, or his designated representative, are prohibited from entering or moving within this zone. The Captain of the Port Buffalo, or his on scene representative, may be contacted via VHF Channel 16 for further instructions before transiting through the restricted area. In addition to publication in the Federal Register, the public will be made aware of the existence of these security zones, exact locations, and the restrictions involved via Local Notice to Mariners and Broadcast Notice to Mariners.

### Discussion of Comments and Changes

No comments were received and no changes are being made from the proposed rule in this final rule.

# **Regulatory Evaluation**

This rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. The Office of Management and Budget has exempted it from review under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040, February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10(e) of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary.

#### **Small Entities**

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601-612), we have considered whether this rule would have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This security zone will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities for the following reasons. This rule will not obstruct the regular flow of commercial traffic and will allow vessel traffic to pass around the security zone. In addition, in the event that is may be necessary, prior to transiting commercial vessels can request permission from the Captain of the Port Buffalo to transit through the zone.

### **Assistance for Small Entities**

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we offered to assist small entities in understanding the rule so that they could better evaluate its effects on them and participate in the rulemaking process. No comments or questions were received from any small businesses.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247).

### **Collection of Information**

This rule calls for no new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520.).

#### **Federalism**

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on State or local governments and would either preempt State law or impose a substantial direct cost of compliance on them. We have analyzed this rule under that Order and have determined that it does not have implications for federalism.

# **Unfunded Mandates Reform Act**

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

### **Taking of Private Property**

This rule will not affect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

### **Civil Justice Reform**

This rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

### **Protection of Children**

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and would not create an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that might disproportionately affect children.

### **Indian Tribal Governments**

This rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

### **Energy Effects**

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use. We have determined that it is not a "significant energy action" under that order because it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866 and is not likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. It has not been designated by the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs as a significant energy action, therefore it does not require a Statement of Energy Effects under Executive Order 13211.

#### **Environment**

We have considered the environmental impact of this rule and concluded that, under figure 2–1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.IC, this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A "Categorical Exclusion Determination" is available in the docket for inspection or copying where indicated under ADDRESSES.

### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

# PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

### §§ 165.T09–999, 165.T09–101, and 165.T09– 103 [Removed]

2. Add § 165.911 to read as follows:

# § 165.911 Security Zones; Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone.

(a) *Location*. The following are security zones:

(1) Nine Mile Point and Fitzpatrick Nuclear Power Plants. The navigable waters of Lake Ontario bounded by the following coordinates: commencing at 43°30.8′ N, 076°25.7′ W; then north to 43°31.2′ N, 076°25.7′ W; then eastnortheast to 43°31.6′ N, 076°24.9′ W; then east to 43°31.8′ N, 076°23.2′ W; then south to 43°31.5′ N, 076°23.2′ W; and then following the shoreline back to the point of origin (NAD 83).

(2) Ginna Nuclear Power Plant. The waters of Lake Ontario bounded by the following area, starting at 43°16.9′ N, 077°18.9′ W; then north to 43°17.3′ N, 077°18.9′ W; then east to 43°17.3′ N, 077°18.3′ W; then south to 43°16.7′ N, 077°18.3′ W; then following the shoreline back to starting point (NAD 33)

(3) Moses-Saunders Power Dam. The waters of the St. Lawrence River bounded by the following area, starting at 45°00.73′ N, 074°47.85′ W; southeast following the international border to 45°00.25′ N, 074°47.56′ W; then southwest to 45°00.16′ N, 074°47.76′ W; then east to the shoreline at 45°00.16′ N, 074°47.93′ W; then northwest to 45°00.36′ N, 074°48.16′ W; then northeast back to the starting point (NAD 83).

(4) Long Sault Spillway Dam. The waters of the St. Lawrence River bounded by the following area, starting at 44°59.5′ N, 074°52.0′ W; north to 45°00.0′ N, 074°51.6′ W, then south to 44°59.5′ N, 074°51.6′ W; then west back to the starting point (NAD 83).

(b) Regulations. (1) In accordance with § 165.33, entry into this zone is

prohibited unless authorized by the Coast Guard Captain of the Port Buffalo.

(2) Persons or vessels desiring to transit the area of the Nine Mile Point and Fitzpatrick Nuclear Power Plants or Ginna Nuclear Power Plant security zones must contact the Captain of the Port Buffalo at telephone number (716) 843–9570, or on VHF/FM channel 16 to seek permission to transit the area. Persons desiring to transit the area of Moses-Saunders Power Dam or Long Sault Spillway Dam security zones must contact the Supervisor, Marine Safety Detachment Massena at telephone number (315) 764-3284, or on VHF/FM channel 16 to seek permission to transit the area. If permission is granted, all persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Captain of the Port or his or her designated representative.

(c) Authority. In addition to 33 U.S.C. 1231 and 50 U.S.C. 191, the authority for this section includes 33 U.S.C. 1226.

Dated: July 19, 2002.

### P.M. Gugg,

Commander, Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Buffalo.

[FR Doc. 02–20756 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Coast Guard**

33 CFR Part 165

[CGD09-02-001]

RIN 2115-AA97

# Security Zones; Captain of the Port Chicago Zone, Lake Michigan

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing permanent security zones on the navigable waters of the Des Plaines River, the Kankakee River, the Rock River, and Lake Michigan in the Captain of the Port Zone Chicago. These security zones are necessary to protect the nuclear power plants, and water intake cribs, from possible sabotage or other subversive acts, accidents, or possible acts of terrorism. These zones are intended to restrict vessel traffic from portions of the Des Plaines River, the Kankakee River, the Rock River, and Lake Michigan.

**DATES:** This rule is effective on August 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments and material received from the public, as well as documents indicated in this preamble as being available in the docket, are part of

docket CGD09–02–001 and are available for inspection or copying at Coast Guard Marine Safety Office Chicago, between 7:30 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: MST3 Kathryn Varela, U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Office Chicago, at (630) 986–2175.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Regulatory Information**

On May 22, 2002, we published a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) entitled Security Zones; Captain of the Port Chicago Zone, Lake Michigan, in the Federal Register (67 FR 35939). We received six letters commenting on the proposed rule. No public hearing was requested, and none was held.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal Register. In response to the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, the Coast Guard implemented temporary security zones around critical facilities throughout the U.S. Some of those facilities included nuclear power plants, water intake cribs, and Navy Pier. Security zones around these facilities helps protect against the subversive type of activity that resulted in the World Trade Center and Pentagon attacks. Since the temporary security zone will expire on August 1, 2002, in order to continue ensuring security at these nuclear power plants, water intake cribs, and Navy Pier, this final rule must be implemented prior to the August 1, 2002 expiration. As such, it is necessary to make this rule effective less than 30 days after publication.

### **Background and Purpose**

On September 11, 2001, the United States was the target of coordinated attacks by international terrorists resulting in catastrophic loss of life, the destruction of the World Trade Center, and significant damage to the Pentagon. National security and intelligence officials warn that future terrorist attacks are likely. To protect from such, this regulation will establish permanent security zones on the navigable waters of the Des Plaines River, the Kankakee River, the Rock River, and Lake Michigan.

These security zones are necessary to protect the public, facilities, and the surrounding area from possible sabotage or other subversive acts. All persons other than those approved by the Captain of the Port Chicago, or his authorized representative, are prohibited from entering or moving

within the zones. The Captain of the Port Chicago may be contacted via VHF Channel 16 for further instructions before transiting through the restricted area. The Captain of the Port Chicago's on-scene representative will be the patrol commander. In addition to publication in the Federal Register, the public will be made aware of the existence of these security zones, exact locations and the restrictions involved via Local Notice to Mariners and the Broadcast Notice to Mariners.

### **Discussion of Comments and Changes**

During the public comment period. the Coast Guard received 6 comments on the proposed rulemaking. Three comments were concerned that the Donald C. Cook Nuclear Power Plants security zone would exclude fishermen from a good fishing area. Nuclear power plants are critical infrastructures throughout the country, providing electricity to millions of homes and cities. In addition, the plants pose a significant radiological hazard should their structural integrity be compromised. The Captain of the Port Chicago has determined that the best practice to ensure the safety of these facilities is to provide a clear area in which no vessels or persons are allowed access without specific permission from the Captain of the Port Chicago.

One comment stated concern that the security zones around Navy Pier and the Jardine Water Filtration Plant did not include the northside of the plant. Commenter concerned for the Commonwealth Edison vault that supplies electrical power to the Jardine Water Filtration Plant being directly above the waters edge. The Captain of the Port Chicago has taken under advisement and after review has determined that the present security zone boundaries are adequate for the current threat condition.

One comment received from the Palisades Nuclear Power Plant requesting changes to the security zone coordinates to match their northern and southern shoreline boundaries. The commenter noted that the current security zone for the Palisades Nuclear Power Plant did not match where their security barriers are placed, and for enforcement purposes recommended the change. The Coast Guard concurs with this comment and has identified the new northern and southern coordinates as 42°19'31" N, 086°18'50" W (northern shoreline), 42°19'07" N, 086°19'05" W (southern shoreline).

One comment recommended that the Navy Pier Southside Security zone be changed to only 150 feet from the Southern side to allow recreational

boaters a place to turn around, helping to alleviate congestion southeast of Navy Pier due to heavy vessel traffic waiting for the Chicago Lock. The Captain of the Port Chicago has determined that the present risk levels justify total elimination of the Navy Pier Southside security zone.

# **Regulatory Evaluation**

This Final Rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. The Office of Management and Budget has exempted it from review under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040, February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this proposal to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10(e) of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary.

# **Small Entities**

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612), we have considered whether this final rule would have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this final rule would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

These security zones will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities for the following reasons. This rule will not obstruct the regular flow of commercial traffic and will allow vessel traffic to pass around the security zone.

# **Assistance for Small Entities**

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we offered to assist small entities in understanding this final rule so that they can better evaluate its effects on them and participate in the rulemaking process. No comments or questions were received from any small businesses. Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and

Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247).

#### Collection of Information

This final rule would call for no new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

# Federalism

We have analyzed this final rule under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, and have determined that this rule does not have implications for federalism under that Order.

# **Unfunded Mandates Reform Act**

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 or more in any one year. Though this final rule would not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

### **Taking of Private Property**

This final rule would not affect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

### Civil Justice Reform

This final rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

### Protection of Children

We have analyzed this final rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and would not create an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that might disproportionately affect children.

### **Indian Tribal Governments**

This final rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order

13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments; because it would not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

# **Energy Effects**

We have analyzed this final rule under Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use. We have determined that it is not a "significant energy action" under that order because it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866 and is not likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. It has not been designated by the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs as a significant energy action.

### **Environment**

We have considered the environmental impact of this final rule and concluded that, under figure 2–1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.1C, this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation.

### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

# PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. Add § 165.908 to read as follows:

# § 165.908 Security Zones; Captain of the Port Chicago, Zone, Lake Michigan.

(a) Security zones. The following areas, defined by coordinates based upon North American Datum 1983, are security zones:

(1) Navy Pier Northside. (i) Location. All waters between the Navy Pier and the Jardine Water Filtration Plant shoreward of a line drawn from the southeast corner of the Jardine Water Filtration Plant at 41°53′36″ N, 87°36′10″ W, to the northeast corner of the Navy Pier at 41°53′32″ N, 87°35′55″

W; then following the Navy Pier, seawall, and Jardine Water Filtration Plant back to the beginning.

(ii) Regulations. The Captain of the Port Chicago will normally permit those U.S. Coast Guard certificated passenger vessels that normally load and unload passengers at Navy Pier to operate in the zone. However, should the Captain of the Port Chicago determine it is appropriate, he will require even those U.S. Coast Guard certificated passenger vessels which normally load and unload passengers at Navy Pier to request permission before leaving or entering the security zones. The Captain of the Port Chicago will notify these vessels via Broadcast Notice to Mariners if they must notify the Coast Guard before entering or transiting the security zone. As such, vessels that regularly operate within this zone are responsible for monitoring Broadcasts Notice to Mariners for the Chicago area. These broadcasts will be made by U.S. Coast Guard Group Milwaukee.

(2) Dresden Nuclear Power Plant. All waters of the Illinois River in the vicinity of Dresden Nuclear Power Plant encompassed by a line starting on the shoreline at 41°23′45″ N, 88°16′18″ W; then east to the shoreline at 41°23′39″ N, 88°16′09″ W; then following along the

shoreline back to the beginning.
(3) Donald C. Cook Nuclear Power Plant. All waters of Lake Michigan around the Donald C. Cook Nuclear Power Plant encompassed by a line starting on the shoreline at 41°58.656′ N, 86°33.972′ W; then northwest to 41°58.769′ N, 86°34.525′ W; then southwest to 41°58.589′ N, 86°34.591′ W; then southeast to the shoreline at 41°58.476′ N, 86°34.038′ W; and following along the shoreline back to the beginning.

(4) Palisades Nuclear Power Plant. All waters of Lake Michigan around the Palisades Nuclear Power Plant within a line starting on the shoreline at 42°19′07″ N, 86°19′05″ W; then northwest to 42°19′22″ N, 86°19′54″ W; then north to 42°19′24″ N, 86°19′43″ W; then southeast back to the shoreline at 42°19′31″ N, 86°18′50″ W; then following along the shoreline back to the beginning.

(5) Byron Nuclear Power Plant. All waters of the Rock River encompassed by the arc of a circle with a 100-yard radius with its center in approximate position 42°05′01″ N, 89°19′27″ W.

(6) Zion Nuclear Power Plant. All waters of Lake Michigan encompassed by a line starting on the shoreline at 42°26′36″ N, 87°48′03″ W; then southeast to 42°26′20″ N, 87°47′35″ W; then northeast to 42°26′53″ N, 87°47′22″ W; then northwest to the shoreline at

42°27′06″ N, 87°48′00″ W; then following along the shoreline back to the beginning.

(7) 68th Street Water Intake Crib. All waters of Lake Michigan within the arc of a circle with a 100-yard radius of the 68th Street Crib with its center in approximate position 41°47′10″ N, 87°31′51″ W.

(8) Dever Water Intake Crib. All waters of Lake Michigan within the arc of a circle with a 100-yard radius of the Dever Crib with its center in approximate position 41°54′55″ N, 87°33′20″ W.

(9) 79th Street Water Intake Crib. All waters of Lake Michigan within the arc of a circle with a 100-yard radius of the 79th Street Water Filtration Plant with its center in the approximate position 41°45′30″ N, 87°32′32″ W.

(b) Regulations. (1) Under § 165.33, entry into these zones is prohibited unless authorized by the Coast Guard Captain of the Port Chicago. Section 165.33 also contains other general requirements.

(2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instruction of the Captain of the Port Chicago or the designated on-scene U.S. Coast Guard patrol personnel. On-scene patrol personnel include commissioned, warrant, and petty officers of the U.S. Coast Guard on board Coast Guard, Coast Guard Auxiliary, local, state, and federal law enforcement vessels. Emergency response vessels are authorized to move within the zone but must abide by the restrictions imposed by the Captain of the Port.

(3) Persons who would like to transit through a security zone in this section must contact the Captain of the Port at telephone number (630) 986–2175 or on VHF channel 16 (121.5 MHz) to seek permission to transit the area. If permission is granted, all persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Captain of the Port or his or her designated representative.

(c) *Authority*. In addition to 33 U.S.C. 1231 and 50 U.S.C. 191, the authority for this section includes 33 U.S.C. 1226.

Dated: July 29, 2002.

### R.E. Seebald,

Captain, Coast Guard. Captain of the Port, Chicago.

[FR Doc. 02-20755 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-15-P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 72 and 75

[FRL-7259-9]

RIN 2060-AJ43

Revisions to the Definitions and the Continuous Emission Monitoring Provisions of the Acid Rain Program and the  $NO_X$  Budget Trading Program; Correction

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.

**ACTION:** Correcting amendments.

SUMMARY: This document contains corrections to the final regulations (FRL-7207-4), which were published in the Federal Register of Wednesday, June 12, 2002 (67 FR 40394). The regulations relate to Revisions to the Definitions and the Continuous Emission Monitoring Provisions of the Acid Rain Program and the NO<sub>X</sub> Budget Trading Program. The corrections are necessary to correct certain typographical errors and other minor issues.

DATES: Effective on August 16, 2002. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gabrielle Stevens, Clean Air Markets Division (6204N), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460, telephone number (202) 564–2681 or the Acid Rain Hotline at (202) 564–9620. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Background

On June 12, 2002, EPA published final revisions to various provisions in 40 CFR parts 72 and 75 (67 FR 40394). Based on a review of the final published package, EPA has identified certain technical errors in those revisions that are corrected through this notice.

### **Need for Correction**

As published, the final revisions to particular provisions in 40 CFR part 75 contain errors or omissions that may prove to be misleading and need to be clarified. The reason for these changes are as follows:

1. The appendices to 40 CFR part 60 provisions that contain test methods and specifications referenced in part 75 were reformatted, with significant section renumbering, on October 17, 2000 (65 FR 61743). In the June 13, 2001 proposed revisions to Part 75, EPA proposed to remove a requirement to use only the versions of certain test methods in appendices to 40 CFR part 60 that were effective as of 1995, 1996 or 1997, i.e. the revisions would remove

the restriction on the use of the most current, reformatted version of these Part 60 provisions (see 66 FR 31995-96, June 13, 2001). The June 12, 2002 final rule promulgated the revisions as proposed. However, the final revisions failed to make necessary conforming changes to the part 60 cross references that appear in part 75. The corrections in this notice update the part 60 cross references in part 75 to be consistent with the part 60 revisions. These corrections affect §§ 72.2 and 75.22, Appendix A, sections 1.1, 1.2, 6.5.6, 6.5.6.2, and 6.5.6.3, and Appendix E, section 2.1.2.1

2. ln § 75.16(e)(1), this notice corrects an omission in the amendatory language to add the word "rate" after "heat input." This correction is consistent with the proposed rule changes and changes to other subparagraphs in

§ 75.16(e).

3. In § 75.19(c)(1)(iv)(H), EPA revised the introductory text to clarify that the provisions apply only to units with "add-on" controls or dry-low  $NO_X$  technology. EPA had intended to repeat the words "add-on" in subparagraph (H)(3) for consistency and clarity, and adds those words as part of this

correction notice.

4. In § 75.19(c)(3)(ii)(G), there was a mistake in the amendatory language which suggested that the entire paragraph was being amended when in fact the reproduced text for that paragraph made clear that only a new sentence was being added. This correction notice reproduces the full section with the new sentence added at the end of the previously existing text. This correction also is consistent with the proposed rule revisions for this paragraph.

5. Ĭn § 75.19(c)(3)(ii)(H), a phrase used in various places in § 75.19 was mistakenly worded, and is corrected in

this notice.

6. In § 75.21(a)(7), the amendatory language specifies that certain text is to be added after certain words in the paragraph, but those words appear twice in the paragraph. To clarify the amendatory language, this correction reproduces the applicable sentence in its entirety.

7. In § 75.33(c)(7), this notice corrects a typographical error that occurred (a regulatory cross reference and the concluding period were left off the end

of the paragraph).

8. In § 75.71, EPA had intended to revise the section title, consistent with the proposed rule revisions, but the amendatory language did not specify a change in the title to the section, and thus the title published in the June 12, 2002 Federal Register was not modified

as intended (and as shown in the proposed rule revisions). This notice specifies the changes to the section title.

9. In Appendix B, section 2.3.2, paragraphs (d) and (f), EPA added language to account for units that are based on operating levels rather than load levels. However, amendatory language was dropped inadvertently that would have added the words "(or operating level)" after each occurrence of the words "load level" in Appendix B, section 2.3.2, paragraphs (d) and (f). The words "load level" do appear in the current text of these paragraphs, so this correction adds the applicable parenthetical phrase. This correction also is consistent with the proposed rule changes to these paragraphs.

10. In Appendix D, section 2.1.6.4, paragraph (a)(1), the revisions added a new second sentence but the amendatory language mistakenly failed to direct that the punctuation at the end of the existing text in the paragraph be changed from a semicolon to a period. This correction fixes that grammatical

error.

11. In Appendix D, section 2.3.3.2, third sentence, this notice corrects an omission (the words "or default SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate" should be inserted as applicable to the use of Equation D-5).

12. In Appendix D, the preamble to the final revisions indicates that compliance with certain provisions is not required until July 1, 2003 (see 67 FR 40417). However, the rule text discussed in the final preamble was mistakenly omitted. This notice corrects that error by adding an asterisk after "Gas Total Sulfur Content" in the first column of Table D–6, and adding the following footnote to the Table: "\*Required no later than July 1, 2003."

13. In Appendix F, section 2.3, this notice corrects a typographical error (the label for Equation F-3 was mistakenly omitted). This correction is consistent with the proposed rule changes.

### **List of Subjects**

### 40 CFR Part 72

Environmental protection, Acid rain, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Continuous emission monitoring, Electric utilities, Nitrogen oxides, NO<sub>X</sub> Budget Trading Program, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

# 40 CFR Part 75

Environmental protection, Acid rain, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Carbon dioxide, Continuous emission monitoring (CEM), Electric generating units (EGUs), Electric utilities, Nitrogen oxides, Non-

electric generating units (Non-EGUs), Non-load based units, NO<sub>X</sub> Budget Trading Program, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

### Robert Brenner,

Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of Air and Radiation.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, title 40, chapter I of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

### PART 72—PERMITS REGULATION

1. The authority citation for part 72 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7601 and 7651, et seq.

### §72.2 [Corrected]

2. In § 72.2, definition of "Equivalent diameter", revise the words "equation in paragraph 2.1" to read "Equation 1—1 in section 12.2".

# PART 75—CONTINUOUS EMISSION MONITORING

3. The authority citation for Part 75 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7601, 7651k, and 7651k note.

### §75.16 [Corrected]

- 4. ln § 75.16, paragraph (e)(1), insert the word "rate" after all but the last occurrence of the phrase "heat input".
- 5. Section 75.19 is corrected by:
  a. In paragraph (c)(1)(iv)(H)(3), adding
- the word "add-on" after the words "other types of";
  - b. Revising paragraph (c)(3)(ii)(G); and
- c. In paragraph (c)(3)(ii)(H), in the first sentence, removing the phrase "in an identical group of units" and adding, in its place, "in a group of identical units". The corrections read as follows:

# $\S\,75.19$ Optional SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions calculation for low mass emissions (LME) units.

(c) \* \* \* \*

(ii) \* \* \*

(G) The year-to-date cumulative heat input (mmBtu) for all fuels shall be the sum of all quarterly total heat input (Hlqtr-total) values for all calendar quarters in the year to date. For a unit

(HI<sub>qtr-total</sub>) values for all calendar quarters in the year to date. For a unit subject to the provisions of subpart H of this part, which is not required to report emission data on a year-round basis and elects to report only during the ozone season, the cumulative ozone season heat input shall be the sum of the quarterly heat input values for the

second and third calendar quarters of the year.

6. Section 75.21 is corrected by revising the first sentence of paragraph (a)(7) to read as follows:

# § 75.21 Quality assurance and quality control requirements.

(a) \* \* \*

(7) If the designated representative certifies that a particular unit with an SO<sub>2</sub> monitoring system combusts primarily fuel(s) that are very low sulfur fuel(s) (as defined in § 72.2 of this chapter) and combusts higher sulfur fuel(s) only for infrequent, non-routine operations (e.g., only as emergency backup fuel(s) or for short-term testing), the SO<sub>2</sub> monitoring system shall be exempted from the RATA requirements of appendices A and B to this part in any calendar year that the unit combusts the higher sulfur fuel(s) for no more than 480 hours. \* \* \*

### §75.22 [Corrected]

7. In § 75.22, paragraph (a)(4), remove the phrases "section 2", "section 3", "section 1.2", and "sections 2 and 3" and add, in their place, respectively, "section 8.1", "section 8.2", "section 2.2", and "sections 8.1 and 8.2".

### § 75.33 [Corrected]

8. In § 75.33, paragraph (c)(7), in the last sentence, add the words "§ 75.53" to the end of the sentence.

# §75.71 [Corrected]

9. In § 75.71, remove the words "emission rate" from the section title.

### Appendix A [Corrected]

10. In section 1.1, remove the phrase "section 3.1" and add, in its place, "section 8.1.1".

11. In section 1.2, remove the phrases "section 2.5 or 2.4" and "section 2.5" and add, in their place, respectively, "sections 11.5 or 11.4" and "section 11.5".

12. In section 6.5.6, introductory paragraph and paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3), and in paragraph (a) of sections 6.5.6.2 and 6.5.6.3, remove each occurrence of the phrase "section 3.2" and add, in its place, "section 8.1.3".

### Appendix B [Corrected]

13. In section 2.3.2, paragraphs (d) and (f), add the phrase "(or operating level)" after each occurrence of the phrase "load level".

# Appendix D [Corrected]

14. In section 2.1.6.4, paragraph (a)(1), remove the phrase "under § 75.6);" and add, in its place, "under § 75.6)."

15. In section 2.3.3.2, in the third sentence remove the phrase "content, in" and add, in its place, "content or default SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate in".

16. In section 2.4.1, Table D-6, remove the phrase "Gas Total Sulfur Content" and add, in its place, "Gas Total Sulfur Content\*" and add, as a footnote to the table, "\*Required no later than July 1, 2003."

# Appendix E [Corrected]

17. In section 2.1.2.1, remove the phrase "section 5.1" and add, in its place, "section 8.3.1".

# Appendix F [Corrected]

18. In section 2.3, add "(Eq. F-3)" as a descriptive label next to Equation F-  $^3$ 

[FR Doc. 02–20742 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### 40 CFR Part 180

[OPP-2002-0057; FRL-7193-6]

### Objections to Tolerances Established for Certain Pesticide Chemicals; Extension of Comment Period

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Availability of final rule objections; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: On June 19, the Agency announced the availability of, and sought public comment on objections submitted to EPA by the Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC) on certain pesticide tolerances. Due to the number and complexity of the issues raised in NRDC's objections, EPA is extending the comment period for 30 days, from August 19 to September 17, 2002.

**DATES:** Comments, identified by the docket control number OPP-2002-0057, must be received on or before September 17, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by mail, electronically, or in person. Please follow the detailed instructions for each method as provided in Unit I. of the

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket control number

OPP-2002-0057 in the subject line on the first page of your response.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Peter Caulkins, Registration Division, (MC7505C), Office of Pesticide
Programs, Environmental Protection
Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW.,
Washington, DC 20460; telephone
number: (703) 305–6550; fax number:
(703) 305–6920; e-mail address:
caulkins.peter@epa.gov.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. General Information

### A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. Potentially affected categories and entities may include, but are not limited to:

Categories	NAICS codes	Examples of potentially affected entities
Industry	111 112 311 32532	Crop production Animal production Food manufacturing Pesticide manufac- turing

This listing is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide for readers regarding entities likely to be affected by this action. Other types of entities not listed in this table could also be affected. The North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes are provided to assist you and others in determining whether or not this action might apply to certain entities. If you have questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

B. How Can I Get Additional Information, Including Copies of this Document and Other Related Documents?

1. Electronically. You may obtain electronic copies of this document, and certain other related documents that might be available electronically, from the EPA Internet Home Page at http://www.epa.gov/. On the Home Page select "Laws and Regulations," "Regulations and Proposed Rules," and then look up the entry for this document under the "Federal Register—Environmental Documents." You can also go directly to the Federal Register listings at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/.

2. In person. The Agency has established an official record for this action under docket control number OPP–2002–0057. The official record

consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received during an applicable comment period, and other information related to this action, including any information claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI). This official record includes the documents that are physically located in the docket, as well as the documents that are referenced in those documents. The public version of the official record does not include any information claimed as CBI. The public version of the official record, which includes printed, paper versions of any electronic comments submitted during an applicable comment period, is available for inspection in the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

# C. How and to Whom Do I Submit Comments?

You may submit your comments through the mail, in person, or electronically. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket control number OPP–2002–0057 in the subject line of the first page of your response.

1. By mail. Submit your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington,

DC 20460.

2. In person or by courier. Deliver your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA. The PIRIB is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305–3805

3. Electronically. You may submit your comments electronically by e-mail to: opp-docket@epa.gov, or you can submit a computer disk as described above. Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. Avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Electronic submissions will be accepted in WordPerfect 6, Suite 8, or ASCII file format. All comments in electronic form must be identified by docket control

number OPP–2002–0057. Electronic comments may also be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries.

# D. How Should I Handle CBI that I Want to Submit to the Agency?

Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. You may claim information that you submit to EPA in response to this document as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public version of the official record. Information not marked confidential will be included in the public version of the official record without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

### E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

- 1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
- 2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
- 3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.
- 4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.
- 5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.
- 6. Offer alternative ways to improve the final rule or collection activity.
- 7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this final rule extension.
- 8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket control number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and Federal Register citation.

# II. Background

### A. What Action is EPA Taking?

On Feburary 25, 2002, March 19, 2002, and May 7, 2002, NRDC filed objections with EPA regarding final rules establishing certain tolerances under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21

U.S.C. 346a, for the following seven pesticides:

- (1) Imidacloprid;
- (2) Mepiquat;
- (3) Bifenazate;(4) Zeta-cypermethrin;
- (5) Diflubenzuron;
- (6) Halosulfuron methyl; and
- (7) Pymetrozine.

NRDC's objections concern a number of issues under section 408 of the FFDCA including the additional 10x safety factor for the protection of infants and children and aggregate exposure to pesticide chemical residues. In the Federal Register of June 19, 2002, 67 FR 41628 (FRL-7167-7), the Agency announced the availability of, and sought public comment on these objections. EPA has received a request to extend the comment period. An extension was requested due to the broad nature of the NRDC objections documents and the large number of issues raised. The requestor felt that an extension to the comment period would give all interested parties the opportunity to develop detailed and comprehensive comments on these issues. The objections are available on EPA's website at http://www.epa.gov/ fedrgstr/EPA-PEST/2002/June/Day-19/ p15465.htm

The Agency provided a 60-day comment period, which was scheduled to end August 19, 2002. In response to the request for an extension, the Agency is extending the comment period on the NRDC tolerance objections to September

17, 2002.

### **List of Subjects**

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Tolerances.

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346(a).

Dated: August 8, 2002.

### James Jones,

Acting Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

· [FR Doc. 02–20748 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

# 40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-7259-4]

# National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan; National Priorities List Update

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

**ACTION:** Notice of Deletion for a portion of the Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply

Superfund Site from the National Priorities List (NPL).

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announces the deletion of a portion of the Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply Superfund Site in Brooklyn Center, Minnesota from the National Priorities List (NPL). The NPL is Appendix B of 40 CFR part 300 which is the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan (NCP), which EPA promulgated pursuant to Section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended. This action is being taken by EPA because it has been determined that Responsible Parties have implemented all appropriate response actions required for this portion of the Site. Moreover, EPA has determined that remedial actions conducted at this portion of the site to date remain protective of public health, welfare, and the environment.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 19, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Gladys Beard at (312) 886–7253, State
NPL Deletion Process Manager,
Superfund Division, U.S. EPA—Region
V, 77 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago, IL
60604. Information on the site is
available at the local information
repository located at: the Minnesota
Pollution Control Agency, 520 Lafayette
Rd. North, St. Paul, Minnesota 55155–
4194, (651) 296–6300, Monday through
Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30. Requests for
comprehensive copies of documents
should be directed formally to the

Regional Docket Office. The contact for the Regional Docket Office is Jan Pfundheller (H–7J), U.S. EPA, Region V, 77 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, IL 60604, (312) 353–5821.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The site to be partially deleted from the NPL is: Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply Superfund Site located in Brooklyn Center, Minnesota. A Notice of Intent to Delete for this site was published February 19, 2002 (67 FR 7326). The closing date for comments on the Notice of Intent to Delete was March 21, 2002. EPA received comments and therefore a Responsiveness Summary was prepared. The Responsiveness Summary was placed in the repository and with the Regional Docket Office.

A direct final notice of deletion was published on February 19, 2002 (67 FR 7279) which included the details of the partial deletion. While the direct final notice amendment is being removed in today's Federal Register, the details contained in the February 19, 2002 direct final deletion amendment describe the portion of the site being

deleted by this notice.

The EPA identifies sites which appear to present a significant risk to public health, welfare, or the environment and it maintains the NPL as the list of those sites. Sites on the NPL may be the subject of Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund (Fund-) financed remedial actions. Any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-financed remedial actions in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrant such action. Section

300.425(e)(3) of the NCP states that Fund-financed actions may be taken at sites deleted from the NPL in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrant such action. Deletion of a site from the NPL does not affect responsible party liability or impede agency efforts to recover costs associated with response efforts.

# List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Environmental Protection, Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Hazardous Waste, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Water pollution control, Water supply.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

### Bharat Mathur,

Acting Regional Administrator, U.S. EPA, Region V.

40 CFR part 300 is amended as follows:

# PART 300-[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); 42 U.S.C. 9601–9657; E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp.; p. 351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp.; p. 193.

### Appendix B [AMENDED]

2. Table 1 of Appendix B to part 300 is amended by revising the entry for "Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply Co, Brooklyn Center, Minnesota" to read as follows:

### TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION

State		Site name			City/County		Notes 1
	*	×	*	*	*	*	
MN	Joslyn Manufacturin	g and Supply Co	E	Brooklyn Center			Р

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> P=Sites with partial deletion(s).

[FR Doc. 02–20741 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

# 40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-7259-3]

National Oil and Hazardous Substance Pollution Contingency Plan; National Priorities List

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.

**ACTION:** Removal of direct final notice of deletion amendment.

SUMMARY: On February 19, 2002, EPA published a notice of intent to delete (67 FR 7326) and a direct final notice of deletion (67 FR 7279) for a portion of the Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply Superfund Site from the National Priorities List. The EPA is removing the direct final notice of deletion amendment due to adverse comments that were received during the public comment period. After consideration of the comments received, EPA is publishing today a notice of deletion in the Federal Register based on the

parallel notice of intent to delete. EPA will place a copy of the final deletion package, including a response to the comments (Responsiveness Summary) in the Site repositories.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This removal of the direct final notice of deletion amendment is effective as of August 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comprehensive information on the Site, as well as the comments that were received during the comment period can be obtain from Dave Novak, Community Involvement Coordinator, U.S. EPA, P19J, 77 W. Jackson, Chicago, IL, (312) 886–7478 or 1–800–621–8431.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gladys Beard, NPL Deletion Process Manager, U.S. EPA (SR–6J), 77 W. Jackson, Chicago, IL 60604, (312) 886– 7253 or 1–800–621–8431.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Information Repositories: Repositories have been established to provide detailed information concerning this decision at the following address: U.S: EPA Region V Library, 77 W. Jackson, Chicago, IL 60604, (312) 353–5821, Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 520 Lafayette, Saint Paul, Minnesota, Monday Through Friday, 8:00 to 4:30 p. m., (651) 296–6300.

### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Hazardous Waste, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Water pollution control, Water Supply.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

#### Bharat Mathur,

Acting Regional Administrator, EPA Region V.

For the reasons set out in this document, 40 CFR part 300 is amended as follows:

### PART 300—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); 42 U.S.C. 9601–9657; E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp., p. 351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923; 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 193.

# Appendix B to Part 300—National Priorities List

2. Table 1 of Appendix B to Part 300 is amended under Minnesota "MN" by revising the entry for "Joslyn Manufacturing and Supply Co" to read as follows:

TABLE 1.—GENERAL SUPERFUND SECTION

State		Site n			City/C	County	Notes
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
MN	Joslyn Man	ufacturing MN and	Supply Co	Brooklyn (	Center		

[FR Doc. 02–20740 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## 47 CFR PART 25

[IB Docket 01-96; FCC 02-123]

Policies and Service Rules for the Non-Geostationary Satellite Orbit, Fixed Satellite Service in the Ku-Band

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission has adopted licensing and service rules for entities to provide Fixed Satellite Service in the Ku-Band frequencies, specifically the 10.7-11.7 GHz, 11.7-12.2 GHz, 12.2-12.7 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz, 13.75-14.0 GHz, and 14.0-14.5 GHz frequency bands. System proponents currently on file are required to amend their proposals to comply with the adopted rules. Following a public comment period on the amendments, qualified systems will be authorized to operate. Upon launch, these new systems will provide a variety of data, video and telephony services in Ku-Band frequencies to U.S. consumers, for communications in the United States and around the world.

**DATES:** Effective August 16, 2002. Written comments by the public on the new information collections are due October 15, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: J. Mark Young, Attorney Advisor, Satellite Division, International Bureau, telephone (202) 418–0762 or via the Internet at myoung@fcc.gov. For additional information concerning the information collections contained in this document, contact Judith B. Herman at (202) 418–0214, or via the Internet at iboley@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Report and Order in IB Docket No. 01-96, FCC 02-123, adopted April 18, 2002 and released April 26, 2002. The complete text of this Report and Order is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-A257, Washington, DC. This document may also be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW. Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, telephone (202) 863-2893, facsimile (202) 863-2898 or via e-mail qualexint@aol.com. It is also available on the Commission's Web site at http://www.fcc.gov.

### Summary of the Report and Order

1. The Federal Communications Commission has adopted sharing and service rules for the non-geostationary satellite orbit, fixed satellite service (NGSO FSS) in the Ku-Band frequencies. These systems will provide a variety of data, video and telephone services to U.S. consumers, for communications in the United States and around the world.

2. The Commission adopted an innovative sharing technique that can accommodate all seven pending applications for this service in the available frequency bands. The Commission calls this technique avoidance of in-line interference events. Under this technique, each applicant, once licensed, will be authorized to operate its system in the entire available service spectrum, so long as it avoids causing harmful interference to other NGSO FSS systems.

3. The Commission anticipates that there will be predictable instances when the space station of one NGSO FSS system and the earth station of another system are arranged in a perfect line of communication, an occurrence called an in-line interference event. The sharing technique allows and encourages the two system operators to exchange space station orbit data in order to predict and avoid these events by any mitigation means preferred. In the event the systems cannot agree on a preferred avoidance method, the Commission requires that they split the available NGSO FSS service spectrum in the Ku-Band equally between the systems involved in the event, for the duration of the event. The Report and Order allows the first launched NGSO FSS system to choose its preferred equal portion of the spectrum to which its space station will resort when an in-line interference event arises.

4. The *Report and Order* adopts a technical definition of an in-line interference event so that systems can coordinate their orbits in advance. The Commission adopted an Earth-surface

based (topocentric) angular separation standard, with a 10-degree-avoidance angle between satellites of different networks

5. The Report and Order adopted blanket licensing procedures for NGSO FSS user Earth stations in the 11.7-12.2 GHz and 12.2-12.7 GHz downlink bands, and the 14.0-14.5 GHz uplink

6. The Report and Order adopted service rules for the NGSO FSS service, including required coverage latitudes on Earth and an implementation milestones schedule. Licensees will be required to file an annual report describing the status of satellite construction and launch dates and a description of the use made of each satellite in obit. The Report and Order also requires that applicants disclose orbital debris mitigation plans before licensing.

7. Applicants for NGSO FSS in the Ku-Band are required to amend their applications to comply with the rules adopted, on or before September 16, 2002. Following a public comment period, qualified systems will be

authorized to operate.

### Paperwork Reduction Act

8. This Report and Order contains new information collections. The Federal Communications Commission. as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden, invites the general public and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to comment on the information collection(s) contained in this Report and Order, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. This Report and Order has been submitted to OMB for review under the emergency clearance provisions of the PRA. The Commission, under the normal provisions of the PRA, invites the general public, and other Federal agencies to comment on the information collections contained in this proceeding prior to submitting it to OMB for review. Public and agency comments are due October 15, 2002. Comments should address: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimates; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

OMB Control Number: 3060-1014 (New Collection).

Title: Ku-Band NGSO FSS Satellite Service.

Form No.: Not applicable.
Type of Review: New collection. Respondents: Business or other forprofit entities.

Number of Respondents: 6. Estimated Time Per Response: 1-4

Frequency of Response: On occasion. Total Annual Burden: 84 hours. Total Annual Costs: \$87,395.

Needs and Uses: The information collected will be used by the Federal Communications Commission and interested members of the public to ensure compliance with the rules adopted for the NGSO FSS in the Ku-Band. Specifically, applicants for this new service will be required to file amendments to their applications to conform to the newly-adopted service rules. Without the required conforming amendments, the pending applications would not meet the NGSO FSS rules. The applicants will also be required to file applications for blanket Earth station authorization for multiple, technically identical Earth stations. These applications will allow the Commission and concerned cofrequency services to ensure that NGSO FSS Earth stations do not exceed power limits that protect other services. Licensees authorized in the NGSO FSS will be required to filed certifications that they meet scheduled milestones for constructing and launching their space stations. This information is required to ensure that licensees who do not build their licensed systems do not waste valuable public frequency resources. Finally, licensees will be required to file annual reports, which are also needed to ensure that valuable public frequencies resources are not wasted.

### Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification

9. The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, as amended (RFA), requires that a regulatory flexibility analysis be prepared for notice and comment rulemaking proceedings, unless the agency certifies that "the rule will not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities." The RFA generally defines "small entity" as having the same meaning as the terms "small business," "small organization," and "small governmental jurisdiction." In addition, the term "small business" has the same meaning as the term "small business concern" under the Small Business Act. A small business concern is one which: (a) Is independently owned and operated; (b) is not dominant in its field of operation;

and (c) satisfies any additional criteria established by the Small Business Administration (SBA)

10. The objective of the Report and Order and of this proceeding is to assign the NGSO FSS spectrum to satellite systems operators who can implement their proposals in a manner that serves the public interest. The final rules in the Report and Order will reduce regulatory burdens and, with minimal disruption to existing FCC permittees and licensees, result in the continued development of NGSO FSS and other satellite services to the public.

11. Neither the Commission nor the U.S. Small Business Administration has developed a small business size standard specifically for NGSO FSS licensees. The appropriate size standard is therefore the SBA standard for Satellite Telecommunications, which provides that such entities are small if they have \$12.5 million or less in

annual revenues.

12. The rules adopted in this Report and Order apply only to entities providing NGSO FSS. Small businesses will not have the financial ability to become NGSO FSS system operators because of the high implementation costs, including construction of satellite space stations and rocket launch, associated with satellite systems and services. Since the spectrum and orbital resources available for assignment are not open to new entrants, we estimate that only the seven applicants whose applications are pending will be authorized by the Commission to provide these services. None of the seven applicants is a small business because each has revenues in excess of \$11 million annually or has parent companies or investors that have revenues in excess of \$11 million annually.

13. Therefore, we certify that the rules adopted in this Report and Order will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The Commission will send a copy of this Report and Order, including this Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification, in a report to Congress pursuant to the Congressional Review Act. In addition, the Report and Order and this final certification will be sent to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration, and will be published in the Federal

Register.

### **Ordering Clauses**

14. Pursuant to sections 4(i), 7(a), 303(c), 303(f), 303(g), and 303(r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 157(a), 303(c), 303(f), 303(g), and 303(r), this

Report and Order is adopted, and part 25 of the Commission's Rules is amended.

15. The Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Reference Information Center, shall send a copy of this Report and Order, including the Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification, in a report to Congress pursuant to the Congressional Review Act, see 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); and shall also send a copy of this Report and Order, including the Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration. See 5 U.S.C. 605(b).

# **List of Subjects 47 CFR Part 25**

Satellites.

Federal Communications Commission.
William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

### **Rule Changes**

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR part 25 as follows:

# PART 25—SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS

1. The authority citation for part 25 continues to read:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 701–744. Interprets or applies Sections 4, 301, 302, 303; 307, 309 and 332 of the Communications Act, as amended, 47 U.S.C. Sections 154, 301, 302, 303, 307, 309 and 332, unless otherwise noted

2. Section 25.114 is amended by adding paragraph (c) (22) to read as follows:

# § 25.114 Applications for space station authorizations.

(c) \* \* \*

(22) Applications for authorizations in the non-geostationary satellite orbit fixed-satellite service (NGSO FSS) in the bands 10.7 GHz to 14.5 GHz shall also provide all information specified in § 25.146.

3. Section 25.115 is amended by adding paragraph (f) to read as follows:

# § 25.115 Application for earth station authorizations.

(f) User transceivers in the nongeostationary satellite orbit fixedsatellite service in the 11.7–12.2 GHz, 12.2–12.7 GHz and 14.0–14.5 GHz bands need not be individually licensed. Service vendors may file blanket applications for transceiver units using FCC Form 312, Main Form and Schedule B, and shall specify the number of terminals to be covered by the blanket license. Each application for a blanket license under this section shall include the information described in § 25.146. Any earth stations that are not user transceivers, and which transmit in the non-geostationary satellite orbit fixed-satellite service in the 10.7–11.7 GHz, 12.75–13.15 GHz, 13.2125–13.25 GHz, and 13.75–14.0 GHz bands must be individually licensed, pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section.

4. Section 25.146 is amended by adding paragraphs (g) through (m) to read as follows:

§ 25.146 Licensing and operating authorization provisions for the non-geostationary satellite orbit fixed-satellite service (NGSO FSS) in the bands 10.7 GHz to 14.5 GHz.

(g) System License. Applicants authorized to construct and launch a system of technically identical nongeostationary satellite orbit fixed satellite service satellites will be awarded a single "blanket" license covering a specified number of space stations to operate in a specified number of orbital planes.

(h) In addition to providing the information specified in § 25.114 above, each NGSO FSS applicant shall provide

the following:

(1) A demonstration that the proposed system is capable of providing fixedsatellite services on a continuous basis throughout the fifty states, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands, U.S.; and

(2) A demonstration that the proposed system be capable of providing fixedsatellite services to all locations as far north as 70 deg. latitude and as far south as 55 deg. latitude for at least 75 percent of every 24-hour period; and

(3) Sufficient information on the NGSO FSS system characteristics to properly model the system in computer sharing simulations, including, at a minimum, NGSO hand-over and satellite switching strategies, NGSO satellite beam patterns, NGSO satellite antenna patterns and NGSO earth station antenna patterns. In particular, each NGSO FSS applicant must explain the switching protocols it uses to avoid transmitting while passing through the geostationary satellite orbit arc, or provide an explanation as to how the power-flux density limits in § 25.208 are met without using geostationary satellite orbit arc avoidance. In addition, each NGSO FSS applicant must provide the orbital parameters contained in Section A.3 of Annex 1 to Resolution 46. Further, each NGSO FSS applicant must

provide a sufficient technical showing to demonstrate that the proposed nongeostationary satellite orbit system meets the power-flux density limits contained in \$ 25, 208, as applicable, and

contained in § 25.208, as applicable, and (4) A description of the design and operational strategies that it will use, if any, to mitigate orbital debris. Each applicant must submit a casualty risk assessment if planned post-mission disposal involves atmospheric re-entry of the spacecraft.

(i) Considerations involving transfer

or assignment applications.

(1) "Trafficking" in bare licenses issued pursuant to paragraph (g) of this section is prohibited.

(2) The Commission will review a proposed transaction to determine if the circumstances indicate trafficking in licenses whenever applications (except those involving pro forma assignment or transfer of control) for consent to assignment of a license, or for transfer of control of a licensee, involve facilities licensed pursuant to paragraph (g) of this section. At its discretion, the Commission may require the submission of an affirmative, factual showing (supported by affidavits of a person or persons with personal knowledge thereof) to demonstrate that no trafficking has occurred.

(j) Implementation Milestone Schedule. Each NGSO FSS licensee in the 10.7-12.7 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz and 13.75-14.5 GHz frequency bands will be required to enter into a noncontingent satellite manufacturing contract for the system within one year of authorization, to complete critical design review within two years of authorization, to begin physical construction of all satellites in the system within two and a half years of authorization, to complete construction and launch of the first two satellites within three and a half years of grant, and to launch and operate its entire authorized system within six years of authorization. Each NGSO FSS licensee in the 10.7-12.7 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz and 13.75-14.5 GHz frequency bands must submit certifications of milestone compliance within 10 days following a inilestone specified in its authorization.

(k) Reporting Requirements. All NGSO FSS licensees in the 10.7–12.7 GHz, 12.75–13.25 GHz and 13.75–14.5 GHz frequency bands shall, on June 30th of the first year following launch of the first two space stations in their system, and annually thereafter, file a report with the International Bureau and the Commission's Laurel, Maryland field office containing the following information:

(1) Status of space station construction and anticipated launch

date, including any major problems or delay encountered;

(2) Identification of any space station(s) not available for service or otherwise not performing to specifications, the cause(s) of these difficulties, and the date any space station was taken out of service or the malfunction identified.

(l) Replacement of Space Stations within the System License Term. Licensees of NGSO FSS systems in the 10.7–12.7 GHz, 12.75–13.25 GHz and 13.75–14.5 GHz frequency bands authorized through a blanket license pursuant to paragraph (g) of this section need not file separate applications to launch and operate technically identical replacement satellites within the term of the system authorization. However, the licensee shall certify to the Commission, at least thirty days prior to launch of such replacement(s) that:

(1) The licensee intends to launch a space station into the previously-authorized orbit that is technically identical to those authorized in its system authorization and

(2) Launch of this space station will not cause the licensee to exceed the total number of operating space stations authorized by the Commission.

(m) In-Orbit Spares. Licensees need not file separate applications to operate technically identical in-orbit spares authorized as part of the blanket license pursuant to paragraph (g) of this section. However, the licensee shall certify to the Commission, within 10 days of bringing the in-orbit spare into operation, that operation of this space station did not cause the licensee to exceed the total number of operating space stations authorized by the Commission.

[FR Doc. 02–20817 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 92

RIN 1018-AH88

Procedures for Establishing Spring/ Summer Subsistence Harvest Regulations for Migratory Birds in Alaska

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service or we) adopts regulations establishing procedures for

implementing a spring/summer migratory bird subsistence harvest in Alaska. The 1916 Convention for the Protection of Migratory Birds Between the United States and Great Britain (for Canada) established a closed season for the taking of migratory birds between March 10 and September 1. Residents of northern Alaska and Canada traditionally harvested migratory birds for nutritional purposes during the spring and summer months. The governments of Canada, Mexico, and the United States recently amended the 1916 Convention and the subsequent 1936 Mexico Convention for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Game Mammals. The amended treaties provide for the legal subsistence harvest of migratory birds and their eggs in Alaska and Canada during the closed season. This rule establishes procedures for implementing that change and for incorporating subsistence management into the continental migratory bird management program.

**DATES:** This rule is effective August 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The administrative record for this rule may be viewed at the office of the Regional Director, Alaska Region, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1011 E. Tudor Road, Anchorage, Alaska, 99503. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Fred Armstrong, (907) 786–3887 or Bill Ostrand, (907) 786–3849, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1011 E. Tudor Road, Mail Stop 201, Anchorage, Alaska 99503

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### What Events Led to This Action?

By the beginning of the twentieth century, this nation began to witness the depletion of many species of migratory birds. Commercial or "market" hunting took a significant toll as restaurant owners paid top dollar for wild birds and the millinery industry demanded large numbers of feathers for hats. Individual States did not establish regulations or other management programs to adequately protect the migratory bird resources.

In 1916, the United States and Great Britain (on behalf of Canada) signed the Convention for the Protection of Migratory Birds in Canada and the United States. The treaty prohibited market hunting and specified a closed season on taking migratory game birds between March 10 and September 1 of each year. In 1936, the United States and Mexico signed the Convention for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Game Mammals. The Mexico treaty prohibited the taking of wild ducks between March 10 and September 1.

Neither treaty, however, took into account and allowed for the traditional harvest of migratory birds by northern indigenous people during the spring and summer months. This harvest, which had occurred for centuries, was necessary to the subsistence lifestyle of the northern people and thus continued despite the closed season.

The Canada treaty and the Mexico treaty, as well as the other migratory bird treaties with Japan (1972) and Russia (1976), have been implemented in the United States through the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). The courts have construed the MBTA as prohibiting the Federal Government from permitting any harvest of migratory birds that is inconsistent with the terms of any of the migratory bird treaties. The restrictive terms of the Canada and Mexico treaties thus prevented the Federal Government from permitting the traditional subsistence harvest of migratory birds during spring and summer in Alaska. To remedy this situation, the United States negotiated Protocols amending both the Canada and Mexico treaties to allow for spring/ summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds by indigenous inhabitants of identified subsistence harvest areas in Alaska. The U.S. Senate approved the amendments to both treaties in 1997.

# What Will the Amended Treaty Accomplish?

The major goals of the amended treaty with Canada are to allow for traditional subsistence harvest and to improve conservation of migratory birds by allowing effective regulation of this harvest. The amended treaty with Canada allows permanent residents of villages within subsistence harvest areas, regardless of race, to continue harvesting migratory birds between March 10 and September 1 as they have done for thousands of years. The Letter of Submittal from the Department of State to the White House states that lands north and west of the Alaska Range and within the Alaska Peninsula, Kodiak Archipelago, and the Aleutian Islands generally qualify as subsistence harvest areas. Treaty language provides for further refinement of this determination by management bodies.

The amendments, however, are not intended to cause significant increases in the take of migratory birds relative to their continental population sizes. Therefore, the Letter of Submittal places limitations on who is eligible to harvest and where they can harvest migratory birds. Anchorage, the Matanuska-Susitna and Fairbanks North Star Boroughs, the Kenai Peninsula roaded

area, the Gulf of Alaska roaded area, and Southeast Alaska generally do not qualify as subsistence harvest areas. Limited exceptions may be made so that some individual communities within these excluded areas could qualify for designation as subsistence harvest areas for specific purposes. For example, future regulations could allow some villages in Southeast Alaska to collect

gull eggs. The amended treaty with Canada calls for creation of management bodies to ensure an effective and meaningful role for Alaska's indigenous inhabitants in the conservation of migratory birds. According to the Letter of Submittal, management bodies are to include Alaska Native, Federal, and State of Alaska representatives as equals. They will develop recommendations for, among other things: seasons and bag limits, methods and means of take, law enforcement policies, population and harvest monitoring, education programs, research and use of traditional knowledge, and habitat protection. The management bodies will involve village councils to the maximum extent possible in all aspects of management.

Relevant recommendations developed by the management bodies will be submitted to the Service and to the Flyway Councils. Restrictions in harvest levels for the purpose of conservation will be shared equitably by users in Alaska and users in other States, taking into account nutritional needs of subsistence users in Alaska. The treaty amendments are not intended to create a preference in favor of any group of users in the United States or to modify any preference that may exist. Neither do they create any private rights of action under U.S. law.

# What Has the Service Accomplished Since Ratification of the Amended Treaty?

In 1998, we began a public involvement process to determine how to structure management bodies in order to provide the most effective and efficient involvement for subsistence users. We began by publishing a notice in the Federal Register stating that we intended to establish management bodies to implement the spring and summer subsistence harvest (63 FR 49707, September 17, 1998). Public forums attended by the Service, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and the Native Migratory Bird Working Group were held to provide information regarding the amended treaties and to listen to the needs of subsistence users. The Native Migratory Bird Working Group was a consortium of Alaska Natives formed by the Rural Alaska

Community Action Program to represent Alaska Native subsistence hunters of migratory birds during the treaty negotiations. We held forums in Nome, Kotzebue, Fort Yukon, Allakaket, Naknek, Bethel, Dillingham, Barrow, and Copper Center. We led additional briefings and discussions at the annual meeting of the Association of Village Council Presidents in Hooper Bay and for the Central Council of Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes in Juneau. Staff members from Alaska national wildlife refuges conducted public meetings in the villages within their refuge areas and discussed the amended treaties at those meetings.

On July 1, 1999, we published in the Federal Register (64 FR 35674) a notice of availability of an options document, entitled "Forming management bodies to implement legal spring and summer migratory bird subsistence hunting in Alaska." This document described four possible models for establishing management bodies and was released to the public for review and comment. We mailed copies of the document to approximately 1,350 individuals and organizations, including all tribal councils and municipal governments in Alaska, Native regional corporations and their associated nonprofit organizations, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Federal land management agencies, representatives of the four Flyway Councils, conservation and other affected organizations, and interested businesses and individuals. We distributed an additional 600 copies at public meetings held in Alaska to discuss the four models. We also made the document available on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service web page.

During the public comment period, we received 60 written comments addressing the formation of management bodies. Of those 60 comments, 26 were from tribal governments, 20 from individuals, 10 from non-government organizations, 2 from the Federal Government, 1 from the State of Alaska, and 1 from the Native Migratory Bird Working Group. In addition to the 60 written comments, 9 of the 10 Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils passed resolutions regarding the four models presented.

On March 28, 2000, we published in the Federal Register (65 FR 16405) the Notice of Decision, "Establishment of Management Bodies in Alaska To Develop Recommendations Related to the Spring/Summer Subsistence Harvest of Migratory Birds." This notice described the way in which management bodies would be established and organized.

Based on the wide range of views expressed on the options document, the decision incorporated key aspects of two of the models. The decision established one statewide management body consisting of 1 Federal member, 1 State member, and 7-12 Alaska Native members, with each component serving as equals. Decisions and recommendations of the Council will be by consensus wherever possible; however, if a vote becomes necessary, each component, Federal, State, and Native, will have one vote. This body will set a framework for annual regulations for spring and summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds. Seven regional bodies, consisting of local subsistence users working within the framework, will forward their recommendations to the statewide management body. That body will act on those recommendations and forward its recommendations to the Service and to the Flyway Councils.

In April 2000, we met with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the Native Migratory Bird Working Group to discuss bylaws for the statewide management body. At that meeting, we decided to name the statewide management body the "Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council." On October 30, 2000, the Comanagement Council convened for the first time and began preparation for the development of recommendations for regulations to be implemented in spring of 2003. The regulations in this document will: (1) Provide the authority for the Co-management Council to operate; (2) establish the procedures by which the Co-management Council will conduct its business; (3) provide authority to the Co-management Council to make recommendations regarding applicability and scope of subsistence harvest and who is eligible to participate in subsistence harvest; (4) give the Co-management Council the authority to set up a process by which migratory birds can be used and possessed under subsistence harvest regulations; (5) define Regional management areas; (6) describe the relationship the rule has to the process for developing national hunting regulations for migratory birds, and (7) allow for future development of regulations pertaining to methods and means of harvest traditionally used for subsistence purposes. At future meetings, the Co-management Council will continue to develop recommendations on harvest and methods and means of harvest as necessary to protect the migratory bird resource.

# **Summary of Public Involvement**

This rule places into regulation many of the decisions that were published in the March 28, 2000, Federal Register Notice (65 FR 16405). Prior to that Decision Notice being published, we conducted an extensive public involvement process consisting of public meetings in many regions of Alaska. On April 8, 2002, we published in the Federal Register (67 FR 16709) a proposed rule to establish procedures for implementing a spring/summer migratory bird subsistence harvest in Alaska. The proposed rule provided for a public comment period of 46 days. We mailed copies of the proposed rule to more than 1,200 individuals and organizations that were on the project mailing list. We conducted two public meetings in Anchorage where people could ask questions or provide formal

By the close of the public comment period on May 24, 2002, we had received written responses from 11 entities. Four of the responses were from individuals, five from organizations, one from the Alaska Legislature, and one from the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. Several of the comments were of an editorial nature or suggesting alternative wording for clarification. We completed those changes when appropriate. Many comments requested or suggested changes to statements that came directly from the Protocol, the Senate Report, or the Letter of Submittal from the State Department to the White House. We declined to alter what we believed to be the intent of the Protocol. The following analysis addresses those comments that directly address the content of the proposed rule, and that do not conflict with the Protocol language.

### **Response to Public Comments**

Most sections of the proposed rule were addressed by commenters. This discussion addresses comments section by section beginning with those of a general nature.

### General Comments

A respondent requested that the regulations require research and monitoring and publication of an annual report on the findings. The ability to monitor the harvest is a major advantage of legalizing spring and summer subsistence harvesting of migratory birds and their eggs. Harvest monitoring will be expanded. The regulations state that the Alaska Migratory Bird Comanagement Council (AMBCC) will make recommendations concerning research and use of traditional

knowledge. Such recommendations will supplement research efforts currently being conducted. Research results will be published upon completion. Subsistence harvest data are published annually in the Service's Pacific Flyway Data Book. Accomplishing such activities continues to be a matter of policy. Regulating them appears unnecessary and restrictive.

An individual requested that the word "Native" be replaced throughout the regulations with the term "indigenous inhabitant." The Letter of Submittal differentiates between the two terms and, therefore, we chose to be consistent with the use of those terms as they are applied in the Letter. In order to be consistent with the Letter of Submittal, the term "Native" is used to identify the composition of the management bodies. The term "indigenous inhabitants" refers to the eligibility of residents in a designated harvest area as defined in the Letter of Submittal. The elimination of one term or use of one term over another would misconstrue the explicit intent of Congress when they ratified the Treaty amendments. The same commenter also requested that the definition of "Native" be removed from the definitions in § 92.4. Because the term "Native" will remain in the final rule, we will not delete the definition.

A respondent stated that the heading of subpart C, Methods and Means, was too limiting in scope, because other types of regulations not needing to be published annually would be in this subpart. We agree and have changed the heading in the final rule to read "General Regulations Governing Subsistence Harvest."

### Supplementary Information

A commenter noted that the Supplementary Information referenced sources other than the Protocol language. A Letter of Submittal prepared by the State Department accompanied the Protocol to the White House. Some of the language in this section referencing the Protocol actually is in the Letter of Submittal. Referencing in the final rule is clarified.

A commenter stated that the scope of these regulations would be clearer if they used the term "spring and summer hunting" rather than the word "subsistence." We believe that the language in the proposed rule clearly stated that these regulations apply only to the spring and summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds between the dates of March 10 and September 1. We have made the change, however, in those situations where it seemed to add clarification.

In the Supplementary Information we stated that the treaty amendments are not intended to create a preference in favor of any group of users in the United States. A commenter noted that the amendments do not create any rights to harvest birds. Both these points are stated in the Letter of Submittal. In the final rule, we have, therefore, added a statement that no private rights of action under U.S. law are created by the amended treaty.

In the section titled, "What Events Led to This Action?" we referred to subsistence zones. The Alaska Department of Fish and Game correctly noted that the term "zones" has a specific regulatory definition in part 20. To avoid confusion, we have referred to "subsistence harvest areas" in the final rule, and no longer use the term "zones."

In the paragraph addressing the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act, we stated that the cost to the partner organizations for coordinating the regional programs would be approximately \$300,000 for travel and associated costs for regional meetings. One comment stated that the cost would exceed that amount and requested that the figure be increased. As stated in this section, the Service has entered into grant agreements to help offset those costs. During the first year of this project, the regional partners charged less than \$150,000 to those grant agreements. No evidence exists at this time that the cost estimate quoted should be increased.

In the paragraph addressing Regulatory Planning and Review, we certified that this rule will not have an annual economic effect of \$100 million. Using figures from a published report. we estimated that the maximum economic value derived from the consumption of harvested migratory birds in the spring and summer would be approximately \$6 million. The Alaska Department of Fish and Game commented that we made assumptions in the calculations that led to an elevated value. We agree. The point of this paragraph is to demonstrate that the value is less than \$100 million. Therefore, we attempted to demonstrate that the highest estimate would be substantially less than \$100 million. Because of variations in data quality and quantity, and in species harvested throughout the State, statewide economic value estimates are not reliable. We therefore have added wording to the paragraph making clear that these figures are of little value for any purpose other than demonstrating a high-end economic impact for this project.

Section 92.3 Applicability and Scope

One commenter said this section would allow the State of Alaska to regulate the spring and summer subsistence hunt without regard for the provisions of the Treaties and regulations. We do not agree. In section 92.3(e), the regulations clearly state that any laws and regulations enacted by the State under its other authorities must be consistent with the applicable international conventions, including the Protocol, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and the regulations adopted under this part. The State could not implement subsistence hunting regulations that would conflict with this Federal rule.

Another commenter noted an error in the dates of the open season regulated by part 20. We stated that the open season is between September 1 through March 10. It has been corrected in the final rule to reflect that the open season is from September 1 through March 10 and, therefore, includes both dates.

# Section 92.4 Definitions

Two commenters requested changes to the definition of "immediate family." One noted that the definition included grandparents, but did not include grandchildren. "Immediate family" as described in the Letter of Submittal includes grandparents but not grandchildren. We agree that this is an oversight and have made the change to the definition in the final rule. The second commenter stated that the definition should include aunts, uncles, and cousins because extended family is important and is a part of Native traditions. Although the extended family may be important in traditional activities, the Letter of Submittal emphasizes the need to include immediate family members in the traditional migratory bird harvest, while meeting the purpose of the Protocol that states "\* \* \* it is not the intent of this Protocol to cause significant increases in the take of species of migratory birds relative to their continental population sizes." Expanding the definition of immediate family to include extended family would not be consistent with that

A commenter stated that a definition of "permanent resident" would be helpful to the understanding of eligibility under § 92.5. This is a term that was not defined in the Protocol language or in the accompanying documents. Since the writing of the proposed rule, the term has been defined by the AMBCC in a public meeting. We are, therefore, including that definition in the final rule. The same commenter stated that the regulation should be clear that the local

tribal government is the entity that is responsible for identifying the permanent residents in their respective communities. No entity has yet been given the responsibility for determining who qualifies as a permanent resident. Each individual is expected to apply the definition to his or her own situation. If questioned by an enforcement officer, proof of residency must be available.

A commenter requested that the term "tribal" be eliminated from the definition of "partner organization or regional partner." The commenter referenced a dispute regarding tribal status of Alaska Natives other than for certain statutory purposes. The commenter stated that there is no purpose for specifying tribal involvement in this rule and that "federally recognized tribes" will be included within the purview of the phrase "regional or local organization, or local government." Although "federally recognized tribes" or "tribal organizations" are not specifically identified in the Protocol language or the accompanying language, it is not clear that those terms would be considered included within the purview of the phrase "regional or local organization, or a local government." It is our intention that tribes and tribal organizations have the same opportunity as local governments and regional and local organizations to be partner organizations. It should be clear, however, that none of these entities has

preference in being so designated.
One commenter felt that the
definition of "non-wasteful taking" was
not adequate because the definition had
no requirement for preserving harvested
birds that were not immediately
consumed. The definition has been
changed to read, "\* \* \* consumed or
preserved for food."

A commenter stated a concern that the term, "for their own" in the definition of "subsistence" did not allow for traditional sharing and exchanging of birds among eligible subsistence users. Article II4(b)(i) of the amended Treaty states that harvesting \* \* shall be consistent with customary and traditional uses by such indigenous inhabitants for their own nutritional and other essential needs." The use of this term is essential for understanding that harvest is to be for certain subsistence needs only. The term, however, is intended to apply to eligible indigenous inhabitants collectively and not solely to individual users. The use of the term, therefore, does not restrict traditional sharing among eligible users. For further clarification we have changed "traditional harvest and use" to "traditional harvest or use."

At the request of a commenter, and for the purpose of clarification, we have added the words "during the spring and summer" to the end of the definition of the term "eligible person".

Section 92.5 Who is Eligible to Participate?

One commenter suggested additional wording in paragraph (a). The proposed rule states that any person may submit a petition to exclude a previously included community. Although the proposed rule states that the AMBCC will make recommendations regarding the petition, it is not clearly stated who is to receive the petition. Wording has been added to the final rule stating that petitions will first be considered by the appropriate regional management body before being acted on by the AMBCC.

The suggestion was made that in paragraph (b) we add the words "spring and summer" before the words "subsistence harvest area." The sentence now reads "\* \* \* may petition the Co-management Council through their designated regional management body for designation as a spring and summer subsistence harvest area."

We received several comments regarding paragraph (c). Several of those comments indicated that the paragraph was vague and that it did not adequately address the requirements of the amended Treaty, that we are to accommodate traditional spring and summer harvests without creating new traditions or increasing harvests. We have re-written the entire paragraph to accommodate those concerns. We also responded to a request for clarity by adding the words "spring and summer" to the heading of paragraph (c).

Numerous other comments addressed the five criteria in paragraph (c). Comments expressed concern that the 1916 date used in criterion (1) was too far back for data to be available when determining traditional use patterns. Also, some communities have moved and been renamed, and have developed a traditional use of migratory birds since 1916. They would be unable to successfully petition for inclusion. We agree that the earlier date, which was based upon the signing of the original migratory bird treaty with Canada, was too restrictive. The argument could certainly be made that communities with a demonstrated use pattern prior to the effective date of the amended treaty should be able to petition for inclusion. We have, therefore, changed the date from 1916 to 1999.

Several commenters stated that those criteria used to establish a traditional

subsistence harvest should not be limited to migratory birds, and that a subsistence use of other fish and wildlife species should be sufficient to qualify for a future subsistence harvest of migratory birds. We believe that eligibility for future subsistence harvest of migratory birds should be dependent upon past reliance on that same resource. One of the purposes of the amended treaty is to allow for the regulated continuation of past practices within designated subsistence harvest areas. We, therefore, will not add other fish and wildlife species to the list of criteria.

A request was made to change criterion (3) by adding the words "through oral traditions, family training, and cultural community activities or events." The purpose of the recommended change would be to better tailor the criteria to define the cultures and traditions of Alaska Native people. We believe, however, that the additional wording unnecessarily limits the manner in which such knowledge could be handed down through the generations. Criterion (3) remains unchanged in the final rule.

A commenter stated that paragraph (d) does not clearly identify where invited family members may participate. We feel the paragraph is clear on that point, but did need to state that participation requires the permission of the Village Council. Wording has been added accordingly.

Section 92.6 Use and Possession of Migratory Birds

A commenter stated that this rule should allow for the purchase of feathers for dance regalia, because that is part of the tradition of some Native cultures. Because the purchase and sale of migratory birds and their parts is a violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, it is not in the purview of this rule to allow for the purchase of feathers.

Section 92.10 Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council

A respondent asked that we add to the list of AMBCC roles and responsibilities the facilitation of the development of inter-regional conservation plans, harvest strategies, and management programs for shared populations of migratory birds. We believe this function is adequately stated in paragraph (c)(7).

Paragraph (c)(8) has been re-worded

Paragraph (c)(8) has been re-worded as suggested by a commenter in order to make it less awkward and to be clear that we are referring to the AMBCC regional representatives.

A commenter wanted more specific language in paragraph (d)(3) that all AMBCC meetings are open to the

public. Language has been added to the final rule to accommodate that request.

Section 92.11 Regional Management Areas

A commenter stated that identified partner organizations must be willing and able to coordinate the regional programs on behalf of all subsistence hunters within the region. We have added the word "all" to accommodate that request.

Section 92.12 Relationship to the Process for Developing National Hunting Regulations for Migratory Game Birds

A commenter stated that paragraph (b) was not clear in the intention that the annual regulations in subpart D would be published separately and apart from part 20 of title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Wording has been added to this paragraph to help clarify the issue. We intend that annual regulations published pursuant to part 20 and those published pursuant to part 92 will be subject to the same review process and submitted to the Federal Register at approximately the same time. They will be published, however, within their respective parts in the CFR. Section 92.30, paragraph (d), states that §§ 92.31-92.39 provide for the annual harvest of migratory birds and their eggs during spring and summer for subsistence users in Alaska. Text for those sections will be published in the Federal Register this fall, to be in place for the spring and summer of 2003.

### **Statutory Authority**

We derive our authority to issue these regulations from the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 (16 U.S.C. 703 et seq.), which implements the 1916 Convention, as amended, between the United States and Great Britain (for Canada) for the protection of migratory birds.

Specifically, these regulations are issued pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 712(1), which authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to "issue such regulations as may be necessary to assure that the taking of migratory birds and the collection of their eggs, by the indigenous inhabitants of the State of Alaska, shall be permitted for their own nutritional and other essential needs, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior, during seasons established so as to provide for the preservation and maintenance of stocks of migratory birds."

# **Effective Date**

Under the Administrative Procedure Act, our normal practice is to publish rules with a 30-day delay in effective date. But in this case, we are using the "good cause" exemption under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3) to make this rule effective upon publication in order to ensure conservation of the resource for the upcoming spring/summer subsistence harvest. The rule needs to be made effective immediately for the following reasons: (1) The AMBCC has spent a considerable amount of time developing recommendations to the SRC to legalize the spring/summer harvest of migratory birds in Alaska. The last meeting of the SRC for the 2002-03 season is scheduled to meet on July 31 and August 1, 2002, to consider these and other recommendations. These procedural regulations give the AMBCC the authority to provide recommendations. If this rule is not in effect when the SRC meets, a question of whether or not the recommendations are legal will arise and leave the AMBCC vulnerable to legal challenges; and (2) although it is very difficult to get three different and distinct groups of people together (state, federal and Alaska Native) with a common goal and be able to move forward as they have, all three parties to the AMBCC have a commitment to develop a management system that will provide conservation measures for the spring/summer harvest of migratory birds in Alaska. That commitment to conservation is the foundation for the AMBCC and success will be measured by the harmony that has been created. Anything to jeopardize it at this early stage of development could impact the structure of the AMBCC. The expediency of the publication of the procedural regulations will ensure that the AMBCC recommendations are heard and acted upon by the Service.

### Regulatory Planning and Review

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has determined that this document is not a significant rule subject to OMB review under E.O. 12866.

a. This rule will not have an annual economic effect of \$100 million or adversely affect an economic sector, productivity, jobs, the environment, or other units of government. A costbenefit and economic analysis is not required. This rule is administrative, technical, and procedural in nature, establishing the procedures for implementing spring and summer harvest of migratory birds as provided for in the amended Convention with Canada. The rule does not provide for new or additional hunting opportunities and therefore will have minimal economic or environmental impact.

This rule benefits those participants who engage in the subsistence harvest of migratory birds in Alaska in two identifiable ways: first, participants receive the consumptive value of the birds harvested and second, participants get the cultural benefit associated with the maintenance of a subsistence economy and way of life. The Service can estimate the consumptive value for birds harvested under this rule but does not have a dollar value for the cultural benefit of maintaining a subsistence economy and way of life.

The economic value derived from the consumption of the harvested migratory birds has been estimated using the results of a paper by Robert J. Wolfe titled "Subsistence Food Harvests in Rural Alaska, and Food Safety Issues," August 13, 1996." Using data from Wolfe's paper and applying it to the areas that will be included in this process, a maximum economic value of \$6 million is determined. This is the estimated economic benefit of the consumptive part of this rule for participants in subsistence hunting. The cultural benefits of maintaining a subsistence economy and way of life can be of considerable value to the participants, and is not included in this figure.

b. This rule will not create inconsistencies with other agencies' actions. We are the Federal agency responsible for the management of migratory birds, coordinating with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game on management programs within the State of Alaska. The State of Alaska is a member of the AMBCC.

c. This rule will not materially affect entitlements, grants, user fees, loan programs, or the rights and obligations of their recipients. The rule does not affect entitlement programs.

d. This rule will not raise novel legal or policy issues. The annual subsistence harvest regulations will go through the same National regulatory process as the existing annual migratory bird hunting regulations in 50 CFR part 20.

# Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of the Interior certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities as defined under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). An initial regulatory flexibility analysis is not required. Accordingly, a Small Entity Compliance Guide is not required. The rule legalizes a pre-existing subsistence activity, and the resources harvested will be consumed by the harvesters or persons within their local community.

# Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act, as discussed in the Regulatory Planning and Review section above.

a. This rule does not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more. It will legalize and regulate a traditional subsistence activity. It will not result in a substantial increase in subsistence harvest or a significant change in harvesting patterns.

The commodities being regulated under this rule are migratory birds. This rule deals with legalizing the subsistence harvest of migratory birds and, as such, does not involve commodities traded in the marketplace. A small economic benefit from this rule derives from the sale of equipment and ammunition to carry out subsistence hunting. Most, if not all, businesses that sell hunting equipment in rural Alaska would qualify as small businesses. The Service has no reason to believe that this rule will lead to a disproportionate distribution of benefits.

b. This rule will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions. This rule does not deal with traded commodities and, therefore, does not have an impact on prices for consumers.

c. This rule does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises. This rule deals with the harvesting of wildlife for personal consumption. It does not regulate the marketplace in any way to generate effects on the economy or the ability of businesses to compete.

# **Unfunded Mandates Reform Act**

We have determined and certify pursuant to the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) that this rule will not impose a cost of \$100 million or more in any given year on local, State, or tribal governments or private entities. A statement containing the information required by this Act is therefore not necessary.

Participation on regional management bodies and the Co-management Council will require travel expenses for some Alaska Native organizations and local governments. In addition they will assume some expenses related to coordinating involvement of village councils in the regulatory process. Total coordination and travel expenses for all

Alaska Native organizations are estimated to be less than \$300,000 per year. In the Notice of Decision, 65 FR 16405, March 28, 2000, we identified 12 partner organizations to be responsible for administering the regional programs. When possible, we will make annual grant agreements available to the partner organizations to help offset their expenses. The Alaska Department of Fish and Game will incur expenses for travel to the Co-management Council meetings and to meetings of the regional management bodies. In addition, the State will be required to provide technical staff support to each of the regional management bodies and to the Co-management Council. Expenses for the State's involvement may exceed \$100,000 per year, but should not exceed \$150,000 per year.

# **Paperwork Reduction Act**

This rule has been examined under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, and has been found to contain no information collection requirements. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### Federalism Effects

As discussed in the Regulatory Planning and Review and Unfunded Mandates Reform Act sections above, this rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment under Executive Order 13132. We worked with the State of Alaska on development of these regulations.

# Civil Justice Reform—Executive Order 12988

In accordance with Executive Order 12988, the Office of the Solicitor has determined that the rule does not unduly burden the judicial system and that it meets the requirements of Section 3 of the Order.

# **Takings Implication Assessment**

This rule is not specific to particular land ownership, but applies to the harvesting of migratory bird resources throughout Alaska. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12630, this rule does not have significant takings implications.

### Government-to-Government Relations With Native American Tribal Governments

In accordance with the President's memorandum of April 29, 1994, "Government-to-Government Relations With Native American Tribal Governments" (59 FR 22951), and Executive Order 13175, 65 FR 67249 (November 6, 2000), concerning consultation and coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, we have consulted with Alaska tribes, evaluated the rule for possible effects on them and have determined that there are no significant effects. This rule establishes procedures by which the individual tribes in Alaska will be able to become significantly involved in the annual regulatory process for spring and summer subsistence harvesting of migratory birds and their eggs. The rule will legalize the subsistence harvest for tribal members, as well as for other indigenous inhabitants.

# **Endangered Species Act Consideration**

Prior to issuance of annual spring and summer subsistence regulations, we will consider provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, (16 U.S.C. 1531–1543; hereinafter the Act) to ensure that harvesting is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any species designated as endangered or threatened or modify or destroy their critical habitats, and that it is consistent with conservation programs for those species. Consultations under Section 7 of this Act may cause us to change recommendations for annual regulations.

# National Environmental Policy Act Consideration

We determined that establishing the procedures for future development of subsistence harvest regulations does not require an environmental assessment because the impacts to the environment are negligible. We therefore filed a categorical exclusion dated April 30, 1999. Copies of the categorical exclusion are available at the address shown in the section of this document entitled, ADDRESSES. An environmental assessment will be prepared for the annual subsistence take regulations due to be published later as a proposed rule in the summer of 2002.

# Energy Supply, Distribution or Use (Executive Order 13211)

On May 18, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13211 on regulations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution, and use. Executive Order 13211 requires agencies to prepare Statements of Energy Effects when undertaking certain actions. Because this rule only allows for traditional subsistence harvest and improves conservation of migratory birds by allowing effective regulation of this harvest, it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866 and is not expected to significantly affect

energy supplies, distribution, and use. Therefore, this action is not a significant energy action and no Statement of Energy Effects is required.

# List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 92

Hunting, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Subsistence, Treaties, Wildlife.

For the reasons identified in the preamble, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service adds part 92 to subchapter G of chapter 1, title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations, to read as follows:

### PART 92—MIGRATORY BIRD SUBSISTENCE HARVEST IN ALASKA

# Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

92.1 Purpose of regulations.

92.2 Authority.

92.3 Applicability and scope.

92.4 Definitions.

92.5 Who is eligible to participate?

92.6 Use and possession of migratory birds. 92.7–92.9 [Reserved]

### Subpart B-Program Structure

92.10 Alaska Migratory Bird Comanagement Council.

92.11 Regional management areas.

92.12 Relationship to the process for developing national hunting regulations for migratory game birds.

92.13-92.19 [Reserved]

### Subpart C—General Regulations Governing Subsistence Harvest

92.20-92.29 [Reserved]

### Subpart D—Annual Regulations Governing Subsistence Harvest

92.30 General overview of regulations. 92.31–92.39 [Reserved]

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 703-712.

# Subpart A—General Provisions

# § 92.1 Purpose of regulations.

The regulations in this part implement the Alaska migratory bird subsistence program as provided for in Article II(4)(b) of the 1916 Convention for the Protection of Migratory Birds in Canada and the United States (the "Canada Treaty"), as amended.

### § 92.2 Authority.

The Secretary of the Interior issues the regulations in this part under the authority granted to the Secretary by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), 16 U.S.C. 703–712.

### § 92.3 Applicability and scope.

(a) In general. The regulations in this part apply to all eligible persons harvesting migratory birds and their eggs for subsistence purposes in Alaska between the dates of March 10 and September 1. The provisions in this part do not replace or alter the regulations

set forth in part 20 of this chapter, which relate to the hunting of migratory game birds and crows during the regular open season from September 1 through March 10. The provisions set forth in this part implement the exception to the closed season, which authorizes the taking of migratory birds in Alaska for subsistence purposes between March 10 and September 1.

(b) Land ownership. This part does not alter the legal authorities of Federal and State land managing agencies or the legal rights of private land owners to close their respective lands to the taking

of migratory birds.

(c) Federal public lands. The provisions of this part are in addition to, and do not supersede, any other provision of law or regulation pertaining to national wildlife refuges or other federally managed lands.

(d) Migratory bird permits. The provisions of this part do not alter the terms of any permit or other authorization issued pursuant to part 21

of this chapter.

(e) State laws for the protection of migratory birds. No statute or regulation of the State of Alaska relieves a person from the restrictions, conditions, and requirements contained in this part. Nothing in this part, however, prevents the State of Alaska from making and enforcing laws or regulations that are consistent with the regulations in this part, the conventions between the United States and any foreign country for the protection of migratory birds, and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and that give further protection to migratory birds.

#### § 92.4 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to all regulations contained in this part:

Alaska Native means the same as "Native," defined in section 3(b) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 16 U.S.C. 1602(b).

Co-management Council means the Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council, consisting of Alaska Native, Federal, and State of Alaska representatives as equals.

Eligible person means an individual within the State of Alaska who qualifies to harvest migratory birds and their eggs for subsistence purposes during the spring and summer.

Excluded areas are defined in § 92.5. Flyway Council means the Atlantic, Mississippi, Central, or Pacific Flyway Council.

Immediate family means spouse, children, parents, grandchildren, grandparents, and siblings.

Included areas are defined in § 92.5.

Indigenous inhabitant means a permanent resident of a village within a subsistence harvest area, regardless of

Migratory bird, for the purposes of this part, means the same as defined in § 10.12 of this chapter. Species are listed in § 10.13 of this chapter.

Native means the same as "Alaska Native" as defined in this section.

Nonwasteful taking means making a reasonable effort to retrieve all birds killed or wounded, and retaining such birds in possession between the place where taken and the hunter's permanent or temporary place of residence, or to the location where the birds will be consumed or preserved for food.

Partner organization or regional partner means a regional or local organization, or a local or tribal government that has entered into a formal agreement with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for the purpose of coordinating the regional programs necessary to involve subsistence hunters in the regulatory process described in

Permanent resident means any person whose primary, permanent home for the previous 12 months was within a subsistence harvest area in Alaska. Whenever absent from this primary, permanent home, the person has the intention of returning to it. Factors demonstrating a person's primary, permanent home may include: an address listed on an Alaska Permanent Fund dividend application; an Alaska license to drive, hunt, fish, or engage in an activity regulated by a government entity; voter registration; location of residences owned, rented, or leased; location of stored household goods; the residence of the person's spouse, minor children, or dependents; tax documents; whether the person claims residence in another location for any purpose; or status as a tribal member of a tribe in a subsistence harvest area.

Service Regulations Committee means the Migratory Bird Regulations Committee of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

State means State of Alaska.

Subsistence means the customary and traditional harvest or use of migratory birds and their eggs by eligible indigenous inhabitants for their own nutritional and other essential needs.

Subsistence harvest areas encompass customary and traditional hunting areas of villages in Alaska that qualify for a spring or summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds under this part.

Village is defined as a permanent settlement with one or more year-round

residents.

### § 92.5 Who is eligible to participate?

If you are a permanent resident of a village within a subsistence harvest area, you will be eligible to harvest migratory birds and their eggs for subsistence purposes in the spring and

(a) Included areas. Village areas located within the Alaska Peninsula, Kodiak Archipelago, the Aleutian Islands, or in areas north and west of the Alaska Range are subsistence harvest areas, except that villages within these areas not meeting the criteria for a subsistence harvest area as identified in paragraph (c) of this section will be excluded from the spring and summer subsistence harvest. Any person may request the Co-management Council to recommend that an otherwise included area be excluded by submitting a petition stating how the area does not meet the criteria identified in paragraph (c) of this section. The Co-management Council will forward petitions to the appropriate regional management body for review and recommendation. The Co-management Council will then consider each petition and will submit to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service any recommendations to exclude areas from the spring and summer subsistence harvest. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will publish any approved recommendations to exclude areas in

subpart D of this part.

(b) Excluded areas. Village areas located in Anchorage, the Matanuska-Susitna or Fairbanks North Star Boroughs, the Kenai Peninsula roaded area, the Gulf of Alaska roaded area, or Southeast Alaska generally do not qualify for a spring or summer harvest. Communities located within one of these areas may petition the Comanagement Council through their designated regional management body for designation as a spring and summer subsistence harvest area. The petition must state how the community meets the criteria identified in paragraph (c) of this section. The Co-management Council will consider each petition and will submit to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service any recommendations to designate a community as a spring and summer subsistence harvest area. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will publish any approved recommendations to designate a community as a spring and summer subsistence harvest area in subpart D of this part.

(c) Criteria for determining designation as a spring and summer subsistence harvest area. A previously excluded community may be included in the spring/summer harvest regulations if recommended by the Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management

Council. The Alaska Migratory Bird Comanagement Council will recommend designation of subsistence harvest areas based on a deliberative process using the best available information on nutritional and cultural needs and customary and traditional use. The Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council recommendations will accommodate traditional spring and summer harvests without creating new traditions or increasing harvest of migratory birds. Recommendations will be made based on the majority of factors and the weight of the evidence using the following criteria:

(1) A pattern of use recurring in the spring and summer of each year prior to 1999, excluding interruptions by circumstances beyond the user's

control;

(2) The consistent harvest and use of migratory birds on or near the user's permanent residence:

(3) A use pattern that includes the handing down of knowledge of hunting skills and values from generation to generation;

(4) A use pattern in which migratory birds are shared or distributed among others within a definable community of persons; a community for purposes of subsistence uses may include specific villages or towns, with a historical pattern of subsistence use; and

(5) A use pattern that includes reliance for subsistence purposes upon migratory birds or their eggs and that meets nutritional and other essential needs including, but not limited to, cultural, social, and economic elements of the subsistence way of life.

(d) Participation by residents in excluded areas. In cases where it is appropriate to assist indigenous inhabitants in meeting their nutritional and other essential needs, or for the teaching of cultural knowledge to or by their immediate family members, residents of excluded areas may participate in the customary spring and summer subsistence harvest in a village's subsistence harvest area with the permission of the village council. Eligibility for participation will be developed and recommended by the Comanagement Council and adopted or amended by regulations published in subpart D of this part.

#### § 92.6 Use and possession of migratory birds.

Harvest and possession of migratory birds must be done using nonwasteful taking. You may not take birds for purposes other than human consumption. You may not sell, offer for sale, purchase, or offer to purchase migratory birds, their parts, or their eggs

taken under this part. Nonedible byproducts of migratory birds taken for food may be used for other purposes only by individuals qualified to possess those birds. You may possess migratory birds, their parts, and their eggs, taken under this part, only if you are an eligible participant as determined in

#### §§ 92.7—92.9 [Reserved]

### Subpart B-Program Structure

### § 92.10 Alaska Migratory Bird Comanagement Council.

(a) Establishment. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service hereby establishes, as authorized by the Protocol amending the Canada Treaty, a statewide management body to be known as the Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council.

(b) Membership. The Co-management Council must include Alaska Native, Federal, and State of Alaska representatives, as equals.

(1) The Federal and State governments will each seat one representative. The Federal representative will be appointed by the Alaska Regional Director of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the State representative will be appointed by the Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. Regional partner organizations will seat 1 representative from each of the 7 regions identified in § 92.11(a), except that a region having more than 1 partner organization may send a representative from each partner organization for a maximum of 12 regional representatives.

(2) The Federal and State representatives and the collective Native representatives will each have one vote, for a total of three votes for the entire

council.

(c) Roles and responsibilities. The Comanagement Council is authorized to:

(1) Hold public meetings for the purpose of conducting business related to spring and summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds;

(2) Develop recommendations for regulations governing the spring and summer subsistence harvest of migratory birds and their eggs;

(3) Develop recommendations for, among other things, law enforcement policies, population and harvest monitoring, education programs, research and use of traditional knowledge, and habitat protection;

(4) Develop procedures and criteria by which areas and communities can be determined to be eligible or ineligible for a spring/summer subsistence

harvest;

(5) Provide guidelines to the regional management bodies each year for formulation of annual regulations;

(6) Consolidate regional recommendations and resolve interregional differences in order to prepare statewide recommendations:

(7) Establish committees to gather or review data, develop plans for Comanagement Council actions, and coordinate programs with regional

management bodies;

(8) Send regional representatives from the Co-management Council to meetings of the Pacific Flyway Council and to meetings of the other Flyway Councils as needed, and to meetings of the Service Regulations Committee;

(9) Elect officers; and

(10) Conduct other business as the Council may determine is necessary to

accomplish its purpose.

(d) Meetings. Meetings of the Comanagement Council will be open to the public. The Co-management Council

(1) Hold meetings at least twice

annually:

(2) Conduct meetings in accordance with bylaws approved by the Comanagement Council;

(3) Provide an opportunity at each meeting for public comment;

(4) Establish the dates, times, and locations of meetings; and

(5) Maintain a written record of all

meetings

(e) Staff support. Administrative support for the Co-management Council will be provided by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and will include, but not be limited to:

(1) Making arrangements for the meeting rooms and associated logistics related to Co-management Council

meetings;

(2) Preparing public notices announcing Co-management Council

(3) Maintaining records of discussions and actions taken by the Co-

management Council

(4) Coordinating with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game to provide technical information needed by the Co-management Council for its deliberations;

(5) Preparing documents and gathering information needed by the Comanagement Council for its meetings;

(6) Preparing the annual subpart D regulations package recommended by the Co-management Council for submission to the flyway councils and the Service Regulations Committee.

#### § 92.11 Regional management areas.

(a) Regions identified. The Alaska Regional Director of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service hereby establishes seven geographic regions based on common subsistence resource use patterns. You may obtain maps delineating the boundaries of the seven regions from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1011 E. Tudor Road, Anchorage, Alaska 99503. The regions are identified as follows:

(1) Southeast, Gulf of Alaska and

Cook Inlet:

(2) Aleutian/Pribilof Islands and Kodiak Archipelago;

(3) Bristol Bay

(4) Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta;

(5) Bering Straits:

(6) Northwest Arctic and Arctic Slope; and

(7) Interior.

(b) Regional partnerships. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will establish partner agreements with at least one partner organization in each of the seven regions. The partner organization identified must be willing and able to coordinate the regional program on behalf of all subsistence hunters within that region. A regional partner will:

(1) Organize or identify one or more management bodies within the region in

which it is located.

(2) Determine how the management body for the region should be organized, the manner in which it should function, its size, who serves on it, the length of terms, methods of involving subsistence users, and other related matters.

(3) Coordinate regional meetings and

the solicitation of proposals.

(4) Ensure appointment of a person to represent the region by serving on the Co-management Council. If a region consists of more than one partner organization, each partner organization may appoint a member to sit on the Comanagement Council.

(5) Keep the residents of villages within the region informed of issues related to the subsistence harvest of

migratory birds.

(6) Work cooperatively with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Alaska Department of Fish and Game to gather harvest data, numbers of subsistence users, and other management data and traditional knowledge for the benefit of the management bodies.

(c) Regional management bodies. (1) Regional management bodies must provide a forum for the collection and expression of opinions and recommendations regarding spring and summer subsistence harvesting of migratory birds. They must develop requests and recommendations from the region to be presented to the Comanagement Council for deliberation. They must provide for public

participation in the meetings at which recommendations and requests are formulated.

- (2) Requests and recommendations to the Co-management Council may involve seasons and bag limits, methods and means, law enforcement policies, population and harvest monitoring, education programs, research and use of traditional knowledge, habitat protection, and other concerns related to migratory bird subsistence programs.
- (3) Regional management bodies may be established specifically for the purpose of carrying out the responsibilities identified in this part, or they may be existing entities that can add these responsibilities to their existing duties.

# § 92.12 Relationship to the process for developing national hunting regulations for migratory game birds.

- (a) Flyway councils. (1) Proposed annual regulations recommended by the Co-management Council will be submitted to all flyway councils for review and comment. The Council's recommendations must be submitted prior to the SRC's last regular meeting of the calendar year in order to be approved for spring/summer harvest beginning March 11 of the following calendar year.
- (2) Alaska Native representatives may be appointed by the Co-management Council to attend meetings of one or more of the four flyway councils to discuss recommended regulations or other proposed management actions.
- (b) Service regulations committee. Proposed annual regulations recommended by the Co-management Council will be submitted to the Service Regulations Committee for their review and recommendation to the Service Director. Following the Service Director's review and recommendation, the proposals will be forwarded to the Department of Interior for approval. Proposed annual regulations will then be published in the Federal Register for public review and comment, similar to the annual migratory game bird hunting regulations (found in part 20 of this chapter). Final spring/summer regulations for Alaska will be published in the Federal Register in the preceding Fall.

§§ 92.13--92.19 [Reserved]

# Subpart C—General Regulations Governing Subsistence Harvest

§§ 92.20—92.29 [Reserved]

# Subpart D—Annual Regulations Governing Subsistence Harvest

# § 92.30 General overview of regulations.

- (a) The taking, possession, transportation, and other uses of migratory birds are generally prohibited unless specifically authorized by regulation developed in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. Therefore, harvesting migratory birds is prohibited unless regulations are established ensuring the protection of the various populations of migratory birds. Migratory bird population levels, production, and habitat conditions vary annually. These conditions differ within Alaska and throughout North America. Therefore, the regulations governing migratory bird hunting may include annual adjustments to keep harvests within acceptable levels.
- (b) The development of the regulations in this part, like the development of the annual migratory game bird hunting regulations in part 20 of this chapter, involves annual data gathering programs to determine migratory bird population status and trends, evaluate habitat conditions, determine harvests, and consider other factors having an impact on the anticipated size of annual populations.
- (c) The Service proposes annual migratory game bird hunting regulations in the Federal Register in the spring for seasons beginning September 1 of that year. Following consideration of additional biological information and public comment, the Service publishes supplemental proposals throughout the summer. These are also open to public comment.
- (d) Sections 92.31 through 92.39 provide for the annual harvest of migratory birds and their eggs during spring and summer for subsistence users in Alaska.

### §§ 92.31—92.39 [Reserved]

Dated: August 8, 2002.

David P. Smith,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 02–20717 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 011005244-2011-02; I.D. 081202C]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fisheries; Closure of Fishery for *Loligo* Squid

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the directed fishery for *Loligo* squid in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) will be closed effective 0001 hrs local time, August 16, 2002. Vessels issued a Federal permit to harvest *Loligo* squid may not retain or land more than 2,500 lb (1.13 mt) of *Loligo* squid per trip for the remainder of the quarter. This action is necessary to prevent the fishery from exceeding its Quarter III quota and allow for effective management of this stock.

DATES: Effective 0001 hours, August 16, 2002, through 0001 hours, October 1, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul H. Jones, Fishery Policy Analyst, 978–281–9273, fax 978–281–9135, e-mail paul.h.jones@noaa.gov.0

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the *Loligo* squid fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require specifications for maximum sustainable yield, initial optimum yield, allowable biological catch, domestic annual harvest (DAH), domestic annual processing, joint venture processing and total allowable levels of foreign fishing for the species managed under the Atlantic Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fishery Management Plan. The procedures for setting the annual initial specifications are described in § 648.21.

The 2002 specification of DAH for *Loligo* squid was set at 16,898 mt (67 FR 3623, January 25, 2002). This amount is allocated by quarter, as shown below.

### TABLE. 1 Loligo QUARTERLY ALLOCATIONS.

Quarter	Percent	Metric Tons
l (Jan–Mar)	33.23	5,615
ll (Apr–Jun)	17.61	2,976

TABLE. 1 Loligo QUARTERLY ALLOCATIONS.—Continued

Quarter	Percent	Metric Tons	
III (Jul-Sep)	17.30	2,923	
IV (Oct-Dec)	31.86	5,384	
Total	100.00	16,898	

Section 648.22 requires NMFS to close the directed *Lotigo* squid fishery in the EEZ when 80 percent of the quarterly allocation is harvested in Quarters I, II and III, and when 95 percent of the total annual DAH has been harvested. NMFS is further required to notify, in advance of the closure, the Executive Directors of the Mid-Atlantic, New England, and South Atlantic Fishery Management Councils; mail notification of the closure to all holders of *Loligo* squid permits at least 72 hours before the effective date of the closure; provide adequate notice of the closure to recreational participants in

the fishery; and publish notification of the closure in the Federal Register. The Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS, based on dealer reports and other available information, has determined that 80 percent of the DAH for Loligo squid in Quarter III, will be harvested. Therefore, effective 0001 hours, August 16, 2002, the directed fishery for Loligo squid is closed and vessels issued Federal permits for Loligo squid may not retain or land more than 2,500 lb (1.13 mt) of Loligo. Such vessels may not land more than 2,500 lb (1.13 mt) of Loligo during a calendar day. The directed fishery will reopen effective

0001 hours, October 1, 2002, when the Quarter IV quota becomes available.

# Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

### Virginia M. Fay,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 02–20866 Filed 8–13–02; 3:15 pm] BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

# **Proposed Rules**

Federal Register

Vol. 67, No. 159

Friday, August 16, 2002

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# **Agricultural Marketing Service**

#### 7 CFR Part 1001

[Docket No. AO-14-A70; DA-02-01]

Milk in the Northeast Marketing Area; Supplemental Notice of Hearing on Proposed Amendments to Tentative Marketing Agreement and Order

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule; Supplemental notice of public hearing on proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This document contains an additional proposal to be considered at a previously scheduled hearing to consider proposals that would amend certain pooling and related provisions of the Northeast Federal milk marketing order. The additional proposal seeks to amend the unit pooling provision by specifying that a secondary unit-pooled plant must be located within the marketing area and process at least 60 percent of total producer milk receipts as Class I or Class II products.

DATES: The hearing will convene at 8:30 a.m. on Tuesday, September 10, 2002. ADDRESSES: The hearing will be held at the Embassy Suites Hotel Alexandria, 1900 Diagonal Road, Alexandria, VA 22314 Telephone: 703–236–5900.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gino Tosi, Marketing Specialist, Order Formulation Branch. USDA/AMS/Dairy Programs, Room 2968, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., STOP 0231, Washington, DC 20250–0231, (202) 690–1366, e-mail gino.tosi@usda.gov.

Persons requiring a sign language interpreter or other special accommodations should contact Erik F. Rasmussen, Market Administrator, at 617–542–8966; e-mail: maboston@fedmilk1.com prior to the bearing.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This administrative action is governed by the

provisions of sections 556 and 557 of Title 5 of the United States Code, and therefore is excluded from the requirements of Executive Order 12866.

This notice is supplemental to the notice of hearing which was issued on July 26, 2002, and published in the Federal Register on August 1, 2002 (67 FR 49887).

Notice is hereby given that the aforesaid hearing will be held as scheduled at the Embassy Suites Hotel Alexandria, beginning at 8:30 a.m., on September 10, 2002, with respect to proposed amendments previously announced and to the additional proposed amendment to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order regulating the handling of milk in the Northeast marketing area.

The hearing is called pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR part 900).

The purpose of the hearing is to receive evidence with respect to the economic and marketing conditions which relate to the previously announced proposed amendments, and to the additional proposed amendment hereinafter set forth, and any appropriate modifications thereof, to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order

Evidence also will be taken to determine whether emergency marketing conditions exist that would warrant omission of a recommended decision under the rules of practice and procedure (7 CFR 900.12(d)) with respect to Proposals 1 through 14.

Actions under the Federal milk order program are subject to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). This Act seeks to ensure that, within the statutory authority of a program, the regulatory and informational requirements are tailored to the size and nature of small businesses. For the purpose of the Act, a dairy farm is a "small business" if it has an annual gross revenue of less than \$750,000, and a dairy products manufacturer is a "small business" if it has fewer than 500 employees. Most parties subject to a milk order are considered as a small business. Accordingly, interested parties are invited to present evidence on the

probable regulatory and informational impact of the hearing proposals on 'small businesses. Also, parties may suggest modifications of these proposals for the purpose of tailoring their applicability to small businesses.

The previously proposed amendments and the additional amendment to the rules proposed herein have been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. They are notintended to have a retroactive effect. If adopted, the previously proposed amendments and the additional amendment would not preempt any state or local laws, regulations, or policies, unless they present an irreconcilable conflict with this rule.

The Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act provides that administrative proceedings must be exhausted before parties may file suit in court. Under section 8c(15)(A) of the Act, any handler subject to an order may request modification or exemption from such order by filing a petition with the Department stating that the order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order is not in accordance with the law. A handler is afforded the opportunity for a hearing on the petition. After a hearing, the Department would rule on the petition. The Act provides that the district court of the United States in any district in which the handler is an inhabitant, or has its principal place of business, has jurisdiction in equity to review the Department's ruling on the petition, provided a bill in equity is filed not later than 20 days after the date of the entry of the ruling.

Interested parties who wish to introduce exhibits should provide the Presiding Officer at the hearing with (4) copies of such exhibits for the Official Record. Also, it would be helpful if additional copies are available for the use of other participants at the hearing.

# List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1001 Milk marketing orders.

# PART 1001—[Amended]

The authority citation for 7 CFR part 1001 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601-674.

The additional proposed amendment, as set forth below, has not received the approval of the Department.

Submitted by New York State Dairy Foods, Inc.:

Proposal No. 14:

1. Amend § 1001.7 by revising paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2), to read as follows:

## § 1001.7 Pool Plant.

\* \* sk:

(e) \* \* \*

(1) At least one of the plants in the unit qualifies as a pool distributing plant pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section;

(2) Other plants in the unit must process at least 60 percent of monthly receipts of producer milk, including Cooperative 9(c) milk, only as Class I or Class II products and must be located in the Northeast marketing area, as defined in § 1001.2, in a pricing zone providing the same or a lower Class I price than the price applicable at the distributing plant(s) included in the unit; and

Copies of this supplemental notice of hearing and the order may be procured from the Market Administrator for the Northeast Marketing Area, or from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1083, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, DC 20250, or may be inspected there.

Copies of the transcript of testimony taken at the hearing will not be available for distribution through the Hearing Clerk's Office. If you wish to purchase a copy, arrangements may be made with the reporter at the hearing.

From the time that a hearing notice is issued and until the issuance of a final decision in a proceeding, Department employees involved in the decisionmaking process are prohibited from discussing the merits of the hearing issues on an ex parte basis with any person having an interest in the proceeding. For this particular proceeding, the prohibition applies to employees in the following organizational units:

Office of the Secretary of Agriculture Office of the Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service

Office of the General Counsel

Dairy Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service (Washington office) and the Office of the Northeast Market Administrator

Procedural matters are not subject to the above prohibition and may be discussed at any time.

Dated: August 14, 2002.

Kenneth C. Clayton,

Acting Administrator, Agricultural Marketing

[FR Doc. 02-20955 Filed 8-14-02; 11:38 am] BILLING CODE 3410-02-P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-67-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A330 and A340 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY: Federal Aviation** Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking

SUMMARY: This document proposes the supersedure of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes, that currently requires an inspection of the parking brake operated valve (PBOV) of the main landing gear to identify the part and serial numbers, and follow-on actions if necessary. That AD also provides for optional terminating action for the requirements of the AD. This action would require accomplishment of the previously optional terminating action. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent leakage of the PBOV and consequent failure of the "blue" hydraulic system and alternate parking brake and emergency braking systems, which could affect elements of the hydraulics for flaps, stabilizer, certain spoilers, elevator, rudder, and aileron. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-67-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anmnprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002-NM-67-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France.

This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dan Rodina, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056, telephone (425) 227-2125; fax (425) 227-1149.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

 Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.

 For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being

requested.

• Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this. proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002-NM-67-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-67-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

### Discussion

On April 12, 2002, the FAA issued AD 2002-08-12, amendment 39-12720 (67 FR 19650, April 23, 2002) applicable to certain Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes, to require an inspection of the parking brake operated valve (PBOV) of the main landing gear to identify the part and serial numbers, and follow-on actions if necessary. AD 2002-08-12 also provides for optional terminating action (modification of affected PBOVs or their replacement with new PBOVs) for the requirements of the AD. That action was prompted by reports of PBOV leakage on certain Airbus Model A320 series airplanes. That same PBOV is installed on Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent PBOV leakage, which could result in failure of the "blue" hydraulic system and consequent failure of alternate parking brake and emergency braking systems. In addition, loss of the "blue" hydraulic system could affect elements of the hydraulics for flaps, stabilizer, certain spoilers, elevator, rudder, and aileron.

### **Actions Since Issuance of Previous Rule**

In the preamble to AD 2002–08–12, the FAA indicated that the actions required by that AD were considered "interim action" and that further rulemaking action was being considered. The FAA now has determined that further rulemaking action is indeed necessary, and this proposed AD follows from that determination.

#### **FAA's Conclusions**

These airplane models are manufactured in France and are type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of § 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement, Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the Direction Générale de l'Aviation Civile (DGAC), which is the airworthiness authority for France, has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the DGAC, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United

# **Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule**

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same

type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would supersede AD 2002-08-12 to continue to require an inspection of the main landing gear PBOV to identify the part and serial numbers, and follow-on actions if necessary. The proposed AD would also require the previously optional terminating action (modification of affected PBOVs or their replacement with new PBOVs), which would terminate the requirements of this proposed AD. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the service bulletins described previously (Airbus Service Bulletins A330-32A3139 and A340-32A4176, both Revision 01, dated November 23, 2001), except as discussed below.

### **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 9 airplanes of U.S. registry that would be affected by this proposed AD.

The inspection that is currently required by AD 2002–08–12, and retained in this AD, takes approximately 2 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the currently required actions is estimated to be \$120 per airplane.

The new modification/replacement that would be required by this proposed AD would take approximately 4 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed requirements of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$2,160, or \$240 per airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the current or proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

# **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal

would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

## The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing amendment 39–12720 (67 FR 19650, April 23, 2002), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), to read as follows:

Airbus: Docket 2002–NM–67–AD. Supersedes AD 2002–08–12, Amendment 39–12720.

Applicability: Model A330 and A340 series airplanes as listed in Airbus Service Bulletin A330–32A3139 or A340–32A4176, both Revision 01, dated November 23, 2001; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless

accomplished previously.

To prevent leakage of the parking brake operated valve (PBOV) and consequent failure of the "blue" hydraulic system and alternate parking brake and emergency braking systems, which could affect elements of the hydraulics for flaps, stabilizer, certain spoilers, elevator, rudder, and aileron, accomplish the following:

# Restatement of Requirements of AD.2002–08–12, Amendment 39–12720

Inspections/Follow-On Actions

(a) Within 7 days after May 8, 2002 (the effective date of AD 2002–08–12): Do a one-time detailed inspection to determine the part number (P/N) and serial number (S/N) of the PBOV of the main landing gear, according to Airbus Service Bulletin A330–32A3139 (for Model A330 series airplanes) or A340–32A4176 (for Model A340 series airplanes), both Revision 01, dated November 23, 2001; as applicable.

(1) If no P/N or S/N is identified as affected equipment according to the applicable service bulletin, no further action is required

by this AD.

(2) If any P/N or S/N is identified as affected equipment according to the applicable service bulletin: Before further flight, perform the follow-on actions (which may include a visual inspection for hydraulic fluid leakage at the PBOV, repair or replacement of the PBOV with a new or serviceable part if leakage is found, and an operational test) according to the applicable service bulletin. If the affected PBOV is not replaced, or if the PBOV is replaced with a part having the same P/N or S/N, repeat the inspection thereafter at the time specified by and according to the service bulletin, as applicable, until the part is replaced.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a detailed inspection is defined as: "An intensive visual examination of a specific structural area, system, installation, or assembly to detect damage, failure, or irregularity. Available lighting is normally supplemented with a direct source of good lighting at intensity deemed appropriate by the inspector. Inspection aids such as mirror, magnifying lenses, etc., may be used. Surface cleaning and elaborate access procedures may be required."

# New Requirements of this AD

PBOV Modification/Replacement

(b) Within 10 months after the effective date of this AD: Modify affected PBOVs, or replace them with new PBOVs, according to Airbus Service Bulletin A330–32A3139 (for Model A330 series airplanes) or A340–32A4176 (for Model A340 series airplanes), both Revision 01, dated November 23, 2001, as applicable. This modification terminates the requirements of this AD.

(c) Accomplishment of the actions before the effective date of this AD according to Airbus Service Bulletin A330–32A3139 or A340–32A4176, dated September 14, 2001, as applicable, is acceptable for compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (a) and

(b) of this AD.

## **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM\_116.

### **Special Flight Permits**

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 4: The subject of this AD is addressed in French airworthiness directives 2001–516(B) R1 and 2001–517(B) R1, both dated February 6, 2002.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 9, 2002.

#### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-20712 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001-NM-250-AD] RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier Model CL-600-2B19 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking; reopening of comment period.

SUMMARY: This document revises an earlier proposed airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Bombardier Model CL-600-2B19 series airplanes, that would have required replacement of the existing smoke detectors in the cargo compartment with new, improved smoke detectors. That proposal was prompted by mandatory continuing airworthiness information from a civil airworthiness authority. This new action revises the proposed rule by including spare part information. The actions specified by this new proposed AD are intended to prevent false smoke

warnings from the smoke detectors in the cargo compartment. A false smoke warning prompts the flightcrew to discharge fire extinguisher bottles, leaving those bottles depleted in the event of an actual fire. Repeated false smoke warnings create uncertainty as to whether an emergency landing and emergency evacuation of passengers and flightcrew is warranted.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by September 10, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2001-NM-250-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anmnprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2001-NM-250-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Bombardier, Inc., Canadair, Aerospace Group, PO Box 6087, Station Centreville, Montreal, Quebec H3C 3G9, Canada. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dan Parrillo, Aerospace Engineer, ANE-172, FAA, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York; telephone (516) 256-7505; fax (516) 568-2716.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained

in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2001–NM–250–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2001-NM-250-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

# Discussion

A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to add an airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Bombardier Model CL–600–2B19 series airplanes was published as a first supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register on April 3, 2002 (67 FR 15760). That action proposed to require replacement of the existing smoke detectors in the cargo compartment with new, improved smoke detectors.

# Actions Since Issuance of Previous Proposal

Since the issuance of the first supplemental NPRM, the FAA has determined that, as of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install Walter Kidde Aerospace smoke detectors having part number (P/N) 473052 on any airplane. Therefore, we have added this requirement to the second supplemental NPRM.

#### Conclusion

Since this change expands the scope of the first supplemental NPRM, we have determined that it is necessary to reopen the comment period to provide additional opportunity for public comment.

# **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 281 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this AD, that it would take approximately 2 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed replacement of the existing smoke detectors in the cargo compartment with new, improved smoke detectors, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. The cost of required parts is approximately \$4,136 (\$876 for one smoke detector kit and \$1,630 each for two smoke detectors). Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,195,936, or \$4,256 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

# **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this

action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49°U.S.C. 106(g). 40113, 44701.

### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

# Bombardier, Inc. (Formerly Canadair):

Docket 2001–NM–250–AD. Applicability: Model CL–600–2B19 series airplanes, serial numbers 7003 through 7480 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent false smoke warnings from the smoke detectors in the cargo compartment, which prompt the flightcrew to discharge fire extinguisher bottles, leaving those bottles depleted in the event of an actual fire, or which create uncertainty as to whether an emergency landing and emergency evacuation of passengers and flightcrew is warranted, accomplish the following:

## Replacement

(a) Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD: Replace the existing smoke detectors having part number (P/N) 473052, which are located in the cargo compartment, with new, improved smoke detectors having P/N 473597–19, in accordance with Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–26–016, Revision "B," dated August 10, 2001, or Revision "C," dated August 17, 2001.

### Spares

(b) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install Walter Kidde Aerospace smoke detectors having P/N 473052 on any airplane.

### Alternative Methods of Compliance

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, New York Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, New York ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the New York ACO.

## **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in Canadian airworthiness directive CF—2001–21, dated May 23, 2001.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 9, 2002.

### Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20711 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-53-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-10, DC-9-20, DC-9-30, DC-9-40, and DC-9-50 Series Airplanes; and Model DC-9-81 (MD-81), DC-9-82 (MD-82), DC-9-83 (MD-83), DC-9-87 (MD-87), and MD-88 Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC–9–10, DC–9–20, DC–9–30, DC–9–40, and DC–9–50 series airplanes; and Model DC–9–81 (MD–81), DC–9–82 (MD–82), DC–9–83 (MD–83), DC–9–87 (MD–87), and MD–88 airplanes. This proposal

would require replacement of the emergency power switch knob on the overhead switch panel in the flight compartment with a new, improved knob made of non-conductive material. This action is necessary to prevent the knob from conducting electricity, which could result in delivery of an electrical shock and consequent injury to flightcrew or maintenance personnel. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by September 30, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-53-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anmnprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002-NM-53-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Aircraft Group, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1–L5A (D800–0024). This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Technical Information: Elvin K. Wheeler, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM-130L, FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712-4137; telephone (562) 627-5344; fax (562) 627-5210.

Other Information: Judy Golder, Airworthiness Directive Technical Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687– 4241, fax (425) 227–1232. Questions or comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: judy.golder@faa.gov. Questions or comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

• Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.

 For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.

• Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002–NM–53–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

### Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–NM-53–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

#### Discussion

The FAA has received a report that a mechanic received an electrical shock during maintenance on the overhead switch panel on a McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-82 (MD-82) airplane. The mechanic was rotating the emergency power switch when he received the

electrical shock. Investigation revealed that terminals within the switch had shorted to the switch shaft. Due to the design of the emergency power system, this switch is not grounded. The capacity of the emergency power switch knob to conduct electricity, if not corrected, could result in delivery of an electrical shock and consequent injury to flightcrew or maintenance personnel.

The subject knob on certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-10, DC-9-20, DC-9-30, DC-9-40, and DC-9-50 series airplanes; and Model DC-9-81 (MD-81), DC-9-83 (MD-83), DC-9-87 (MD-87), and MD-88 airplanes; is identical to that on the affected Model DC-9-82 (MD-82) airplanes. Therefore, all of these models are subject to the same unsafe condition.

# **Explanation of Relevant Service Information**

The FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Alert Service Bulletin DC9—24A189, dated December 12, 2001, which describes procedures for replacement of the emergency power switch knob on the overhead switch panel in the flight compartment with a new, improved knob made of nonconductive material. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

# **Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule**

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other products of this same type design, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin described previously.

# **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 1,904 airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 1,079 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the proposed replacement, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Required parts would cost approximately \$250 per airplane. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$334,490, or \$310 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this proposed AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD

rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

McDonnell Douglas: Docket 2002–NM–53–, AD.

Applicability: Model DC-9-11, DC-9-12, DC-9-13, DC-9-14, DC-9-15, DC-9-15F, DC-9-21, DC-9-31, DC-9-32, DC-9-32 (VC-9C), DC-9-32F, DC-9-33F, DC-9-34, DC-9-34F, DC-9-32F (C-9A, C-9B), DC-9-41, DC-9-34F, DC-9-35F, DC-9-

9–51, DC–9–81 (MD–81), DC–9–82 (MD–82), DC–9–83 (MD–83), DC–9–87 (MD–87), and MD–88 airplanes; as listed in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin DC9–24A189, dated December 12, 2001; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent the emergency power switch knob from conducting electricity, which could result in delivery of an electrical shock and consequent injury to flightcrew or maintenance personnel, accomplish the following:

# Replacement

(a) Within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, replace the emergency power switch knob on the overhead switch panel in the flight compartment with a new, improved knob, having part number 4957249–9, made of non-conductive material, according to the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin DC9–24A189, dated December 12, 2001.

#### Spares

(b) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install an emergency power switch knob having part number 4957249–1, 4957249–501, or 4957249–503, on the overhead switch panel in the flight compartment of any airplane.

### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall suhmit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

# **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 9, 2002.

## Vi Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20710 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-10-AD]

R!N 2120-AA64

## Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 767–200 and –300 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the supersedure of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Boeing Model 767-200 and -300 series airplanes, that currently requires repetitive inspections to find discrepancies of the barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, and follow-on actions. For certain airplanes, the existing AD requires replacement of certain bolts with new bolts. The existing AD also provides for optional terminating actions for the repetitive inspections. This new action would reduce the compliance time for the inspections; change the torque specification; and mandate eventual replacement of all H-11 steel alloy barrel nuts and bolts with Inconel nuts and bolts, which would end the repetitive inspections. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to find and fix corroded, cracked, or broken barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the vertical fin attachment joint, loss of the vertical fin, and consequent loss of controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition. DATES: Comments must be received by September 30, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–NM-10–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m.,

Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002–NM–10–AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, PO Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Technical Information: Suzanne Masterson, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM-120S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2772; fax (425) 227-1181.

Other Information: Sandi Carli, Airworthiness Directive Technical Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687–4243, fax (425) 687–4248. Questions or comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: sandi.carli@faa.gov. Questions or comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

• Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.

 For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested. • Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002–NM–10–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

## Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002–NM-10–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

# Discussion

On September 14, 2001, the FAA issued AD 2001-19-04, amendment 39-12444 (66 FR 48538, September 21, 2001), applicable to certain Boeing Model 767-200 and -300 series airplanes, to require repetitive inspections to find discrepancies of the barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, and follow-on actions. For certain airplanes, that action requires replacement of certain bolts with new bolts. That action also provides for optional terminating actions for the repetitive inspections. The requirements of that AD are necessary to find and fix corroded, cracked, or broken barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the vertical fin attachment joint, loss of the vertical fin, and consequent loss of controllability of the airplane.

# Actions Since Issuance, of Previous Rule

In the preamble to AD 2001–19–04, we specified that the actions required by that AD were considered "interim action" until final action was identified, at which time we may consider further rulemaking. We have now determined that it is necessary to mandate the optional terminating actions, and this proposed AD follows from that determination.

Since the issuance of AD 2001-19-04, we have received information indicating that the torque specification of 2,000 inch-pounds specified in Boeing Service Bulletin 767-53-0085, dated May 14, 1998; and Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767-53A0085, Revision 1, dated July 1, 1999 (referenced in the existing AD as the sources of service information for accomplishment of the actions), is not sufficient to accurately detect corrosion of the barrel nuts and bolts. Therefore, the revised service information (below) increases the torque specification to between 3,700 and 4,100 inch-pounds, and recommends eventual replacement of all 16 H-11 steel alloy barrel nuts and bolts that attach the vertical fin with Inconel nuts and bolts, for all airplanes.

# **Explanation of Relevant Service Information**

We have reviewed and approved Boeing Service Bulletin 767-53A0085, Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002. The procedures in the service bulletin specify reducing the compliance time for the inspections specified in the existing service information (above); and modifying all airplanes to ensure that H-11 steel alloy barrel nuts and bolts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48 are replaced with Inconel nuts and bolts (in the existing service information, replacement of the bolts was recommended for Group 1 airplanes only). The procedures also specify that the torque check is now between 3,700 and 4,100 inch-pounds applied to each bolt, instead of the 2,000 inch-pounds specified in the existing service information. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

# **Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule**

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other products of this same type design, the proposed AD would supersede AD 2001-19-04 to continue to require repetitive inspections to find discrepancies of the barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, and follow-on actions. For certain airplanes, the proposed AD would continue to require replacement of certain bolts with new bolts. This new action would reduce the compliance time for the inspections; change the torque specification applied to affected bolts; and mandate the previously optional terminating action by eventual replacement of all H-11 steel alloy barrel nuts and bolts with Inconel nuts and bolts, which would end the repetitive inspections. The actions

would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the service bulletin described previously, except as discussed below.

# **Explanation of Change Made to Existing Requirements**

We have changed all references to a "detailed visual inspection" in the existing AD to "detailed inspection" in this proposed action.

# **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 549 airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 221 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD.

The actions that are currently required by AD 2001–19–04 take approximately 2 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the currently required actions on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$120 per airplane.

The inspections that are proposed in this AD action would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed inspections on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$13,260, or \$60 per airplane.

The replacement that is proposed in this AD action would take approximately 8 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts would cost approximately \$6,528 per airplane. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed replacement on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,548,768, or \$7,008 per airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the current or proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

### **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

## The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing amendment 39–12444 (66 FR 48538, September 21, 2001), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), to read as follows:

Boeing: Docket 2002-NM-10-AD. Supersedes AD 2001-19-04, Amendment 39-12444.

Applicability: Model 767–200 and –300 series airplanes, line numbers 1 through 574 inclusive, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (g)(1) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not

been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless

accomplished previously.

To find and fix corroded, cracked, or broken barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the vertical fin attachment joint, loss of the vertical fin, and consequent loss of controllability of the airplane; accomplish the following:

#### Restatement of Requirements of AD 2001– 19–04

Internal/External Detailed Inspections

(a) Do internal and external detailed inspections of the barrel nuts at the 16 locations that attach the vertical fin to body section 48 to find discrepancies (i.e., cracked or damaged sealant, signs of corrosion damage, cracked or broken barrel nuts). Do the inspections at the times specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD, as applicable; per Part 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Service Bulletin 767–53–0085, dated May 14, 1998; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–53A0085, Revision 1, dated July 1, 1999; or Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a detailed inspection is defined as: "An intensive visual examination of a specific structural area, system, installation, or assembly to detect damage, failure, or irregularity. Available lighting is normally supplemented with a direct source of good lighting at intensity deemed appropriate by the inspector. Inspection aids such as mirror, magnifying lenses, etc., may be used. Surface cleaning and elaborate access procedures may be required."

(1) For airplanes on which the inspections specified in paragraph (a) of this AD have been done within the last 3 years per Boeing 767 Maintenance Planning Document (MPD) D622T001, Items 5380–311–021 and 5380–312–021: Do the inspections at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(ii) of this AD.

(i) Within 3 years or 6,000 flight cycles after doing the most recent inspection per the

MPD, whichever comes first.

(ii) Within 45 days after October 9, 2001 (the effective date AD 2001–19–04,

amendment 39-12444).

(2) For airplanes on which the inspections specified in paragraph (a) of this AD have NOT been done within the last 3 years per Boeing 767 MPD D622T001, Items 5380–311–021 and 5380–312–021: Do the inspections within 45 days after October 9, 2001.

# Follow-On Actions

(b) If no discrepancy is found during any inspection specified in paragraph (a) of this AD: Before further flight, do a torque check of each of the 16 bolts in the barrel nuts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48 to determine if any bolt turns, per Part 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Service Bulletin 767–53–0085, dated May 14, 1998; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–53A0085, Revision 1, dated July 1, 1999; or Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002.

(1) If no bolt turns: Repeat the inspections required by paragraph (a) of this AD (and

applicable follow-on actions) every 3 years or 6,000 flight cycles, whichever comes first; until paragraphs (d) and (e) of this AD are

(2) If any bolt turns: Before further flight, do the actions specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(ii) of this AD, as applicable. Then repeat the inspections required by paragraph (a) of this AD (and applicable follow-on actions) every 3 years or 6,000 flight cycles, whichever comes first; until paragraphs (d) and (e) of this AD are done

(i) For all airplanes: Replace the barrel nut at that bolt with a new, Inconel barrel nut per Part 3 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. No further action is required for that barrel nut only.

(ii) For Group 1 airplanes: If an H-11 steel alloy bolt is installed with the affected barrel nut, replace the bolt with a new, Inconel bolt per Figure 5 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. No further action is required for that bolt only.

(c) If any discrepancy of any barrel nut is found during any inspection specified in paragraph (a) or (d) of this AD: Before further flight, do the actions specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this AD, as applicable.

(1) For all airplanes: Replace the affected barrel nut with a new, Inconel barrel nut per Part 3 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Service Bulletin 767–53–0085, dated May 14, 1998; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–53A0085, Revision 1, dated July 1, 1999; or Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002. No further action is required for that barrel nut only.

(2) For Group 1 airplanes: If an H-11 steel alloy bolt is installed with the affected barrel nut, replace the bolt with a new, Inconel bolt per Figure 5 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. No further action is required for that bolt only.

## New Requirements of this AD

Detailed Inspection/Torque Check

(d) Within 18 months after doing the initial inspections required by paragraph (a) of this AD, or within 90 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever is later: Do internal and external detailed inspections and a torque check (between 3,700 and 4,100 inchpounds of torque) of the barrel nuts at the 16 locations that attach the vertical fin to body section 48 to find discrepancies (i.e., cracked or damaged sealant, signs of corrosion damage, cracked or broken barrel nuts) per Boeing Service Bulletin 767-53A0085, Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002. Repeat the inspections and check after that every 18 months until paragraph (e) of this AD is done. As of the effective date of this AD, only Revision 2 of the service bulletin may be

Note 3: Accomplishment of the inspections and replacements before the effective date of this AD per Boeing Service Bulletin 767–53–0085, dated May 14, 1998; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–53A0085, Revision 1, dated July 1, 1999; is considered acceptable for compliance with the applicable actions specified in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this AD.

#### **Terminating Action**

(e) Within 36 months after the effective date of this AD: Replace all 16 H–11 steel alloy barrel nuts and bolts that attach the vertical fin to body section 48, with Inconel barrel nuts and bolts, per Boeing Service Bulletin 767–53 A0085, Revision 2, dated May 2, 2002. Such replacement ends the repetitive inspections required by this AD.

#### Spares

(f) As of the effective date of this AD: No person shall install, on any airplane, an Inconel vertical fin attach bolt, unless an Inconel barrel nut is installed at the same location; nor shall any person install an H–11 steel alloy attachment nut or bolt on the vertical fin on any airplane.

## Alternative Methods of Compliance

(g)(1) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

(2) Alternative methods of compliance, approved previously in accordance with AD 2001–19–04, amendment 39–12444, are approved as alternative methods of compliance with paragraph (a)(1) of this AD.

**Note 4:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

## **Special Flight Permits**

(h) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 9, 2002.

### Vi Lipski,

Manager Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 02–20709 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-09]

# Proposed Modification of Class E Airspace; Indianapolis, IN

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This Document proposes to modify Class E airspace at Indianapolis, IN. Area Navigation (RNAV) Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPS) to several Runways (RWYS) have been developed for Indianapolis International airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing these approaches. This action would increase the area of the existing controlled airspace at Indianapolis International Airport.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before October 4, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Regional Counsel, AGL-7, Rules Docket No. 02-AGL-09, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois. An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours at the Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, airspace Branch, AGL-520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018, telephone (847) 294-7568.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this document must submit with those comments a selfaddressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-09." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this document may be changed in

light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket, FAA, Great Lakes Region. Office of the Regional Counsel, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket. Availability of NPRM's

Availability of NPRM's
Any person may obtain a copy of this
Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)
by submitting a request to the Federal
Aviation Administration, Office of
Public Affairs, Attention: Public Inquiry
Center, APA-230, 800 Independence
Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, or
by calling (202) 267-3484.
Communications must identify the
docket number of this NPRM. Persons
interested in being placed on a mailing
list for future NPRM's should also
request a copy of Advisory Circular No.
11-2A, which describes the application
procedure.

## The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to 14 CFR part 71 to modify Class E airspace at Indianapolis, IN, increasing the radius of controlled airspace around the Indianapolis International Airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing instrument approach procedures. The area would be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9] dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an establishment body of technical regulations for which frequent and routing amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore this, proposed regulation—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact

on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

## List of Subject in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

## §71.1 [Amended]

\* \*

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

# AGL IN E5 Indianapolis, IN [Revised]

Indianapolis, Indianapolis International Airport, IN

(Lat. 39°43′02″ N., long. 86°17′40″ W.) Indianapolis, Greenwood Municipal, IN (Lat. 39°37′42″ N., long. 86°05′16″ W.) Indianapolis, Eagle Creek Airpark, IN (Lat. 39°49′51″ N., long. 86°17′40″ W.) Indianapolis, Helicopter VOR/DME 287°

Approach Point in Space (Lat. 39°42′12″ N., long. 86°06′28″ W.) Brickyard VORTAC

(Lat. 39°48′53" N., long. 86°22′03" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 7.9-mile radius of the Indianapolis International Airport, within a 7-mile radius of the Greenwood Municipal Airport, within a 6.3-mile radius of Eagle Creek Airpark, and within 2.6 miles each side of the Brickyard VORTAC 257° radial, extending from the 6.3-mile radius of the Eagle Creek Airpark and the 7.4-mile radius of the Indianapolis International Airport to 7-miles west of the VORTAC, and within a 6-mile radius of the Point in space serving the helicopter VOR/DME 287° approach.

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22, 2002.

## Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02–20897 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-10]

# Proposed Establishment of Class E Airspace; Milbank, SD

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This Document proposes to establish Class E airspace at Milbank, SD. An area Navigation (RNAV) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to Runway (RWY) 31 has been developed for Milbank Municipal Airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing this approach. This action would establish an area of controlled airspace at Milbank Municipal Airport.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before October 4, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Regional Counsel, AGL-7, Rules Docket No. 02-AGL-10, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois. An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours at the Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, AGL-520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018, telephone (847) 294-7568.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire.

Comments that provide the factual basis

supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this document must submit with those comments a selfaddressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-10." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this document may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket, FAA, Great Lakes Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

### **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Public Affairs, Attention: Public Inquiry Center, APA–230, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, or by calling (202) 267–3484. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRM's should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

## The Proposal

The FAA is considering an ameudment to 14 CFR part 71 to establish Class E airspace at Milbank, SD, by adding an area of controlled airspace around the Milbank Municipal Airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing instrument approach procedures. The area would be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface

are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J dated August 31, 2002, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an establishment body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore this, proposed regulation—(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

# §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 26, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

# \* \* \* \* \* \* AGL SD E5 Milbank, SD [New]

Milbank, Milbank Municipal Airport, SD (Lat. 45° 13′ 50″ N., long. 96° 33′ 57″ W.)

Watertown VORTAC

(Lat. 44° 58′ 47" N., long. 97° 08′ 30" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.4-mile radius of the Milbank Municipal Airport, and that airspace extending upward from 1200 feet above the surface within an area bounded on the north by lat. 45° 34′ 00″ N., on the west by long. 97° 30′ 00" W., on the south by 44° 38′ 00″ N., and on the east by the South Dakota/Minnesota border excluding that airspace within Watertown, SD, Class E airspace area, that airspace within the Ortonville, MN, Class E airspace area and that airspace area within the state of Minnesota.

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22, 2002.

### Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02–20896 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-11]

### Proposed Modification of Class E Airspace; Flint, MI

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This Document proposes to modify Class E airspace at Flint, MI. Area Navigation (RNAV) Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPS) to several Runways (RWYS) have been developed for Prices Airport, Linden, MI. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing controlled airspace at Bishop International Airport. DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 4, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Regional Counsel, AGL—7, Rules Docket No. 02—AGL—11, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois. An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours at the Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division,

Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, AGL–520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018, telephone (847) 294–7568.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this document must submit with those comments a selfaddressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-11." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this document may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket, FAA, Great Lakes Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Public Affairs, Attention: Public Inquiry Center, APA–230, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, or by calling (202) 267–3484. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRM's should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

# The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to 14 CFR part 71 to modify Class E airspace at Flint, MI, by increasing the radius of controlled airspace around the Prices Airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth is needed to contain aircraft executing instrument approach procedures. The area would be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an establishment body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore this, proposed regulation—(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

# PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 339.

# §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation

Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

## AGL MI E5 Flint, MI [Revised]

Flint, Bishop International Airport, MI (Lat. 42°57′56″ N., long. 83°44′36″ W.) Owosso Community Airport, MI (Lat. 42°59′35″ N., long. 84°08′20″ W.) Davison, Athelone Williams Memorial

Airport, MI (Lat. 43°01'45" N., long. 83°31'47" W.)

Linden, Prices Airport, MI (Lat. 42°48'27" N., long. 83°46'25" W.) PETLI LOM

(Lat. 42°58′05″ N., long. 83°53′25″ W.) Grand Blanc, Genesys Regional Medical Center, MI Point in Space Coordinates (Lat. 42°52′59″ N., long. 83°39′05″ W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 10.5-mile radius of the Bishop International Airport, and within 4.4 miles north and 7 miles south of the Flint ILS localizer west course, extending from the 10.5-mile radius area to 10.5 miles west of the PETLI LOM, and within a 6.4-mile radius of the Owosso Community Airport, and within a 6.4-mile radius of the Prices Airport, and within a 6.3mile radius of the Athelone Williams Memorial Airport, and within a 6-mile radius of the Point in Space serving the Genesys Regional Medical Center, excluding that airspace within the Detroit, MI, Class E airspace area.

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22, 2002.

Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02-20892 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-AGL-12]

Modification of Class E Airspace; Zanesville, OH; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation

Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects the assigned docket number and two errors under "addresses" "comments invited", contained in a NPRM that was published in the **Federal Register** on Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40627).

The NPRM proposed to modify Class E Airspace at Zanesville, OH.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Denis C. Burke, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, AGL–520, Federal Aviation Administration, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018, telephone: (847) 294–7477.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### History

Federal Register Document 02–14985 published on Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40627), proposed to modify Class E Airspace at Zanesville, OH. An incorrect docket number was assigned, and an incorrect docket number was referred to under "addresses" and "comments invited". This action corrects these errors.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the assigned docket number, and the errors under "addresses" and "comments invited" for the Class E airspace Zanesville, OH, as published in the Federal Register Thursday, June 13, 2002 (67 FR 40627), (FR Doc. 02–14985), are corrected as follows:

1. on page 40627, Column 1. in the heading under "4 CFR Part 71", correct "[Airspace Docket No. 01–AGL–21]" to read "[Airspace Docket No. 02–AGL–12]".

2. On page 40627, Column 1, under "addresses", correct "Rules Docket No. 02–AGL–04" to read "Rules Docket No. 02–AGL–12". § 71.1 [Corrected]

3. On page 40628, Column 2, Line 16, correct "01-AGL-21" to read "02-AGL-12"

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois on July 22,

Nancy B. Shelton,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Great Lakes Region.

[FR Doc. 02–20895 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-13]

Proposed Establishment of Class E5 Airspace; Marion, NC

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This notice proposes to establish Class E5 airspace at Marion, NC. A Area Navigation (RNAV) Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP), helicopter point in space approach, has been developed for McDowell Hospital, Marion, NC. As a result, controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain the SIAP.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 02–ASO–13, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO–520, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, telephone (404) 305–5586.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Walter R. Cochran, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5586.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-13". The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive

public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

## **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO-520, Air Traffic Division, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320. Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A which describes the application procedure.

## The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to establish Class E5 airspace at Marion, NC. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air' navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (Air).

# The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority**: 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

## §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows: Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward from 700 feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

# ASO NC E5 Marion, NC [NEW]

McDowell Hospital Point In Space Coordinates (Lat. 35°39′45″ N, long. 82°02′49″ W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface within a 6-mile radius of the point in space (lat. 35°39′45″ N, long. 82°02′49″ W) serving McDowell Hospital; excluding that airspace within the Rutherfordton, NC, Class E airspace area.

Issued in College Park, Georgia on August 1, 2002.

### Richard J. McClelland,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 02-20891 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-12]

## Proposed Establishment of Class E5 Airspace; Highlands, NC

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This notice proposes to establish Class E5 airspace at Highlands, NC. A Area Navigation (RNAV) Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP), helicopter point in space approach, has been developed for Highlands—Cashiers Hospital, Highlands, NC. As a result, controlled airspace extending upward

from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain the SIAP.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 02–ASO–12, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO–520, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, telephone (404) 305–5586.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Walter R. Cochran, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5586.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-12." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

# **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO-520, Air Traffic Division, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320. Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A which describes the application procedure.

# The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to establish Class E5 airspace at Highlands, NC. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant a preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (Air).

## The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

## §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward from 700 feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

## ASO NC E5 Highlands, NC [NEW]

Highlands—Cashiers Hospital, Point in Space Coordinates

(Lat. 35°03'18" N, long. 83°12'30" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface within a 6-mile radius of the point in space (lat. 35°03′18″ N, long. 83°12′30″ W) serving Highlands—Cashiers Hospital.

Issued in College Park, Georgia on August 1, 2002.

# Richard J. McClelland,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 02–20890 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-11]

# Proposed Amendment of Class E5 Airspace; Asheville, NC

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This notice proposes to amend Class E5 airspace at Asheville, NC. A Area Navigation (RNAV) Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP), helicopter point in space approach, has been developed for St. Josephs-Mission Hospital, Asheville, NC. As a result, additional controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground

Level (AGL) northeast of Asheville, NC is needed to contain the SIAP.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 02–ASO–11, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO–520, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, telephone (404) 305–5586.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Walter R. Cochran, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5586.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-11." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO–520, Air Traffic Division, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320. Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A which describes the application procedure.

## The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) to amend Class E5 airspace at Asheville, NC. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward from 700 feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

## ASO NC E5 Asheville, NC [Revised]

Asheville Regional Airport, NC
'Lat. 35°26′10″ N., long. 82°32′30″ W.
St. Josephs—Mission Hospital, Asheville,
NC, Point in Space Coordinates
Lat. 35°33′53″ N., long. 82°33′06″ W.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within 6 miles each side of Runway 16/34 centerline, extending 17 miles north and 21 miles south of the Asheville Regional Airport and that airspace within a 6-mile radius of the point in space (lat. 35°33′53″ N., long. 82°33′06″ W) serving St. Josephs—Mission Hospital.

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on August 1, 2002.

#### Richard J. McClelland,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 02-20889 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-10]

# Proposed Establishment of Class E5 Airspace; Franklin, NC

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This notice proposes to establish Class E5 airspace at Franklin, NC. A Area Navigation (RNAV) Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP), helicopter point in space approach, has been developed for Angel Medical Center, Franklin, NC. As a result, controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain the SIAP. DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 02–ASO–10, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO–520, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, telephone (404) 305–5586.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Walter R. Cochran, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5586.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address. listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 02-ASO-10." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Office of the Regional Counsel for Southern Region, Room 550, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia 30337, both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

## Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Manager, Airspace Branch, ASO-520, Air Traffic Division, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320. Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A which describes the application procedure.

## The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to establish Class E5 airspace at Franklin, NC. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9J, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (Air).

## The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows: Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward from 700 feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

## ASO NC E5 Franklin, NC [NEW]

Angel Medical Center, Franklin, NC Point In Space Coordinates

(Lat 35°10'37" N, long. 83°22'04" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface within a 6-mile radius of the point in space (Lat. 35°10′37″ N, long. 83°22′04″ W) serving Angel Medical Center.

Issued in College Park, Georgia on August 1, 2002.

### Richard J. McClelland,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 02–20888 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

# Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Parts 41, 48, and 145

[REG-103829-99]

RIN 1545-AX10

# Excise Taxes; Definition of Highway Vehicle

**AGENCY:** Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

**ACTION:** Extension of time for comments and requests for a public hearing.

SUMMARY: This document provides notice of an extension of time for submitting comments and requests for a public hearing concerning the notice of proposed rulemaking relating to the definition of a highway vehicle. This document extends the period for the submission of comments and requests

for a public hearing to December 4, 2002.

**DATES:** Written or electronic comments and requests for a public hearing must be received by December 4, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send submissions to: CC:ITA:RU (REG—103829—99), room 5226, Internal Revenue Service, POB 7604, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC 20044. Submissions may be hand delivered Monday through Friday between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to: CC:ITA:RU (REG—103829—99), Courier's Desk, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC. Alternatively, taxpayers may submit electronic comments directly to the IRS Internet site at http://www.irs.gov/regs.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On June 6, 2002, a notice of proposed rulemaking (REG-103829-99) was published in the Federal Register (67 FR 38913) relating to the definition of highway vehicle requesting submissions of comments and requests for a public hearing on September 4, 2002. The deadline for submitting comments and requests for a public hearing is extended to December 4, 2002.

# Cynthia E. Grigsby,

Chief, Regulations Unit, Associate Chief Counsel, (Income Tax and Accounting). [FR Doc. 02–20908 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

# Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

30 CFR Part 917

[KY-241-FOR]

## Kentucky Regulatory Program

**AGENCY:** Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM), Interior.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule; public comment period and opportunity for public hearing on proposed amendment.

SUMMARY: We are announcing receipt of a proposed amendment to the Kentucky regulatory program (the "Kentucky program") under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA or the Act). Kentucky proposes additions to its rules about sedimentation ponds and intends to revise its program to be consistent with the corresponding Federal regulations. This document gives the times and locations that the Kentucky program and proposed amendment to that

program are available for your inspection, the comment period during which you may submit written comments on the amendment, and the procedures that we will follow for the public hearing, if one is requested.

DATES: We will accept written comments on this amendment until 4 p.m., e.s.t. September 16, 2002. If requested, we will hold a public hearing on the amendment on September 10, 2002. We will accept requests to speak at a hearing until 4 p.m., e.s.t. on September 3, 2002.

ADDRESSES: You should mail or hand deliver written comments and requests to speak at the hearing to William J. Kovacic at the address listed below.

You may review copies of the Kentucky program, this amendment, a listing of any scheduled public hearings, and all written comments received in response to this document at the addresses listed below during normal business hours, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. You may receive one free copy of the amendment by contacting OSM's Lexington Field Office.

William J. Kovacic, Lexington Field Office, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 2675 Regency Road, Lexington, Kentucky 40503, Telephone: (859) 260–8400. Email: bkovacic@osmre.gov.

Department of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 2 Hudson Hollow Complex, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, Telephone: (502) 564–6940.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William J. Kovacic, Telephone: (859) 260–8400. Internet: bkovacic@osmre.gov.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background on the Kentucky Program II. Description of the Proposed Amendment III. Public Comment Procedures IV. Procedural Determinations

# I. Background on the Kentucky Program

Section 503(a) of the Act permits a State to assume primacy for the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations on non-Federal and non-Indian lands within its borders by demonstrating that its program includes, among other things, "a State law which provides for the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations in accordance with the requirements of the Act \* \* \*; and rules and regulations consistent with regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to the Act." See 30 U.S.C 1253(a)(1) and (7). On the basis of these criteria, the Secretary of the Interior

conditionally approved the Kentucky program on May 18, 1982. You can find background information on the Kentucky program, including the Secretary's findings, the disposition of comments, and conditions of approval of the Kentucky program in the May 18, 1982, Federal Register (47 FR 21404). You can also find later actions concerning Kentucky's program and program amendments at 30 CFR 917.11, 917.12, 917.13, 917.15, 917.16, and 917.17.

# II. Description of the Proposed Amendment

By letter dated June 25, 2002 (Administrative Record No. KY-1544), Kentucky sent us a proposed amendment to its program under SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.). Kentucky sent the amendment in response to our request for additional information in a letter dated February 23, 2001 (Administrative Record No. KY-1503). Kentucky added a new section to its sedimentation pond regulations at 405 Kentucky Administrative Regulations (KAR) 16:090 and 18:090 to establish performance standards for "other treatment facilities." New section 6 follows in its entirety:

"(1)(a) This section applies to "other treatment facilities" as defined in 405 KAR 16:001 (or 18:001).

(b) Other treatment facilities may be used in conjunction with sedimentation ponds.

(c) Other treatment facilities may be used in place of sedimentation ponds, if specifically approved by the cabinet for that purpose on a case by case basis.

(2) Other treatment facilities shall be designed to treat the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event unless a lesser design event is approved by the cabinet based on terrain, climate, other site-specific conditions and a demonstration by the permittee that the effluent limitations of 405 KAR 16:070 (or 18:070) section 1(1)(g) will be met.

(3) Other treatment facilities shall meet all requirements for sedimentation ponds, if the requirements can be appropriately applied to other treatment facilities. The cabinet shall determine the applicable requirements on a case by case basis depending upon the type of other treatment facilities. In every case, the other treatment facilities shall be designed, constructed, and maintained to: (a) Be located as near as possible to the disturbed area and out of perennial streams unless approved by the cabinet; (b) provide adequate sediment storage volume, as approved on a case by case basis by the cabinet based upon the anticipated volume of sediment to be

collected during the design precipitation event and a feasible plan for clean-out operations; (c) provide adequate detention time so that the discharges shall meet the requirements of 405 KAR 16:070 (or 18:070) section 1 (1)(g); (d) minimize short circuiting to the extent possible; and (e) provide periodic sediment removal sufficient to maintain adequate volume for the design event. The proposed plan for clean-out operations shall be included in the design and shall be approved if the cabinet determines it is feasible. The plan shall include a time schedule or clean-out elevations, or an appropriate combination thereof, sufficient to maintain adequate volume for the sediment to be collected during the design precipitation event.'

# **III. Public Comment Procedures**

Under the provisions of 30 CFR 732.17(h), we are seeking your comments on whether the amendment satisfies the applicable program approval criteria of 30 CFR 732.15. If we approve the amendment, it will become part of the State program.

# Written Comments

Send your written or electronic comments to OSM at the address given above. Your written comments should be specific, pertain only to the issues proposed in this rulemaking, and include explanations in support of your recommendations. We will not consider or respond to your comments when developing the final rule if they arereceived after the close of the comment period (see DATES). We will make every attempt to log all comments into the administrative record, but comments delivered to an address other than the Lexington Field Office may not be logged in.

### Electronic Comments

Please submit Internet comments as an ASCII or Word file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Please also include "Attn: SPATS No. KY-241-FOR" and your name and return address in your Internet message. If you do not receive a confirmation that we have received your Internet message, contact the Lexington Field Office at (859)260-8400.

# Availability of Comments

We will make comments, including names and addresses of respondents, available for public review during normal business hours. We will not consider anonymous comments. If individual respondents request confidentiality, we will honor their request to the extent allowable by law. Individual respondents who wish to withhold their name or address from public review, except for the city or town, must state this prominently at the beginning of their comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public review in their entirety.

## Public Hearing

If you wish to speak at the public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT by 4 p.m., e.s.t. September 3, 2002. If you are disabled and need special accommodations to attend a public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. We will arrange the location and time of the hearing with those persons requesting the hearing. If no one requests an opportunity to speak, we will not hold a hearing.

To assist the transcriber and ensure an accurate record, we request, if possible, that each person who speaks at the public hearing provide us with a written copy of his or her comments. The public hearing will continue on the specified date until everyone scheduled to speak has been given an opportunity to be heard. If you are in the audience and have not been scheduled to speak and wish to do so, you will be allowed to speak after those who have been scheduled. We will end the hearing after everyone scheduled to speak and others present in the audience who wish to speak, have been heard.

## Public Meeting

If only one person requests an opportunity to speak, we may hold a public meeting rather than a public hearing. If you wish to meet with us to discuss the amendment, please request a meeting by contacting the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. All such meetings are open to the public and, if possible, we will post notices of meetings at the locations listed under ADDRESSES. We will make a written summary of each meeting a part of the administrative record.

# **IV. Procedural Determinations**

# Executive Order 12630—Takings

This rule does not have takings implications. This determination is based on the analysis performed for the counterpart Federal regulation.

Executive Order 12866—Regulatory Planning and Review

This rule is exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866.

Executive Order 12988—Civil Justice Reform

The Department of the Interior has conducted the reviews required by section 3 of Executive Order 12988 and has determined that this rule meets the applicable standards of subsections (a) and (b) of that section. However, these standards are not applicable to the actual language of State regulatory programs and program amendments because each program is drafted and promulgated by a specific State, not by OSM. Under sections 503 and 505 of SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1253 and 1255) and the Federal regulations at 30 CFR 730.11, 732.15, and 732.17(h)(10), decisions on proposed State regulatory programs and program amendments submitted by the States must be based solely on a determination of whether the submittal is consistent with SMCRA and its implementing Federal regulations and whether the other requirements of 30 CFR parts 730, 731, and 732 have been met.

## Executive Order 13132—Federalism

This rule does not have Federalism implications. SMCRA delineates the roles of the Federal and State governments with regard to the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations. One of the purposes of SMCRA is to "establish a nationwide program to protect society and the environment from the adverse effects of surface coal mining operations." Section 503(a)(1) of SMCRA requires that State laws regulating surface coal mining and reclamation operations be "in accordance with" the requirements of SMCRA. Section 503(a)(7) requires that State programs contain rules and regulations "consistent with" regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to SMCRA.

Executive Order 13211—Regulations That Significantly Affect the Supply, Distribution, or Use of Energy

On May 18, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13211 which requires agencies to prepare a Statement of Energy Effects for a rule that is (1) considered significant under Executive Order 12866, and (2) likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. Because this rule is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866 and is not expected to have a significant adverse

effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy, a Statement of Energy Effects is not required.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule does not require an environmental impact statement because section 702(d) of SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1292(d)) provides that agency decisions on proposed State regulatory program provisions do not constitute major Federal actions within the meaning of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C).

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain information collection requirements that require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3507 et seq.).

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of the Interior certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). The State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an economic analysis was prepared and certification made that such regulations would not have a significant economic effect upon a substantial number of small entities. In making the determination as to whether this rule would have a significant economic impact, the Department relied upon the data and assumptions for the counterpart Federal regulations.

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. This rule: (a) Does not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million: (b) Will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local governmental agencies or geographic regions; and (c) Does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises. This determination is based upon the fact that the State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an analysis was prepared and a determination made that the Federal regulation was not considered a major rule.

## **Unfunded Mandates**

This rule will not impose an unfunded mandate on State, local, or tribal governments or the private sector of \$100 million or more in any given year. This determination is based upon the fact that the State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an analysis was prepared and a determination made that the Federal regulation did not impose an unfunded mandate.

## List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 917

Intergovernmental relations, Surface mining, Underground mining.

Dated: July 15, 2002.

#### Allen D. Klein,

Regional Director, Appalachian Regional Coordinating Center.

[FR Doc. 02–20820 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–05–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

# Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

### 30 CFR Part 948

[WV-096-FOR]

# **West Virginia Regulatory Program**

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Interior. ACTION: Proposed rule; reopening of public comment period.

SUMMARY: We, the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM) are reopening the public comment period on an amendment to the West Virginia surface mining regulatory program (the West Virginia program) under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA or the Act). The program amendment consists of changes to the Code of State Regulations as contained in House Bill 4163. We are reopening the comment period to provide an opportunity to review and comment on additional amendments provided by the State and provisions that we inadvertently omitted identifying as being part of the State's original submittal of this amendment. The amendment is intended to improve the effectiveness of the West Virginia program.

This document gives the times and locations that the West Virginia program and the proposed amendment to that program are available for your inspection, the comment period during which you may submit written

comments on the amendment, and the procedures that we will follow for the public hearing, if one is requested.

DATES: We will accept written comments on this amendment until 4 p.m. (local time); September 16, 2002. If requested, we will hold a public hearing on the amendment on September 10, 2002. We will accept requests to speak at a hearing until 4 p.m. (local time), on September 3, 2002.

ADDRESSES: You should mail or hand deliver written comments and requests to speak at the hearing to Mr. Roger W. Calhoun at the address listed below.

You may review copies of the West Virginia program, this amendment, a listing of any scheduled public hearings, and all written comments received in response to this document at the addresses listed below during normal business hours, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. You may receive one free copy of the amendment by contacting OSM's Charleston Field Office.

Mr. Roger W. Calhoun, Director, Charleston Field Office, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 1027 Virginia Street, East, Charleston, West Virginia 25301, Telephone: (304) 347–7158. E-mail: chfo@osmre.gov.

West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, 10 McJunkin Road, Nitro, West Virginia 25143, Telephone: (304) 759–0515.

The proposed amendment will be posted at the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection's Internet page: http://www.dep.state.wv.us.

In addition, you may review copies of the proposed amendment during regular business hours at the following locations:

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Morgantown Area Office, 75 High Street, Room 229, P.O. Box 886, Morgantown, West Virginia 26507, Telephone: (304) 291–4004 (By appointment only).

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Beckley Area Office, 323 Harper Park Drive, Suite 3, Beckley, West Virginia 25801, Telephone: (304) 255–5265.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Roger W. Calhoun, Director, Charleston Field Office, Telephone: (304) 347–7158. Internet address: chfo@osmre.gov.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background on the West Virginia Program II. Description of the Proposed Amendment III. Public Comment Procedures IV. Procedural Determinations

# I. Background on the West Virginia Program

Section 503(a) of the Act permits a State to assume primacy for the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations on non-Federal and non-Indian lands within its borders by demonstrating that its State program includes, among other things, "a State law which provides for the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations in accordance with the requirements of the Act" \* \* \*; and rules and regulations consistent with regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to the Act." See 30 U.S.C. 1253(a)(1) and (7). On the basis of these criteria, the Secretary of the Interior conditionally approved the West Virginia program on January 21, 1981. You can find background information on the West Virginia program, including the Secretary's findings, the disposition of comments, and conditions of approval of the West Virginia program in the January 21, 1981 Federal Register (46 FR 5915). You can also find later actions concerning West Virginia's program and program amendments at 30 CFR 948.10, 948.12, 948.13, 948.15, and 948.16.

# II. Description of the Proposed Amendment

By letter dated April 9, 2002 (Administrative Record Number WV–1296), the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) sent us a proposed amendment to its program under SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.). The proposed amendment consists of several changes to the Code of State Regulations (CSR) at 38–2, and the addition of new CSR 38–4, the Coal Related Dam Safety Rule, as contained in House Bill 4163.

We announced the receipt and provided an opportunity to comment on the amendment in the June 6, 2002, Federal Register (67 FR 38919) (Administrative Record Number WV–1311). In that announcement, we inadvertently omitted identifying some of the changes submitted by the State, including the new Coal Related Dam Safety Rule at CSR 38–4. Therefore, we are taking this opportunity to identify and provide an opportunity to comment on those amendments.

By letter and electronic mail dated June 19, 2002, WVDEP sent us additional amendments to its program that are contained in Senate Bill 2002 concerning changes to CSR 38–2 (Administrative Record Number WV–1316). Senate Bill 2002 was signed by the governor on June 21, 2002. Two of these amendments are intended to

satisfy the required program amendments codified at 30 CFR 948.16(ssss) and (mmmmm). The new amendments are summarized below.

New Proposed Amendments

CSR 38-2-3. Permit Application Requirements and Contents

Subdivision 3.25.a.4., concerning transfer, reinstatement, assignment, or sale of permit rights, is amended by adding the word "reinstatement" to the sentence: "Such findings will be based on information set forth in the application for transfer, assignment, or sale and any other information made available to the Secretary." As amended, the sentence reads, "Such findings will be based on information set forth in the application for transfer, reinstatement, assignment, or sale and any other information made available to the Secretary."

Subdivision 3.25.a.4 has also been amended by inserting the phrase "Except for reinstatement" at the beginning of the sentence that states "Such approval may be granted in advance of the close of the public comment period Provided \* \* \*." As amended, the sentence reads, "Except for reinstatement, such approval may be granted in advance of the close of the public comment period Provided \* \* \*." These changes are intended to satisfy the required program amendment codified at 30 CFR 948.16(ssss).

CSR 38–2–7. Premining and Postmining Land Use

Subdivision 38–2–7.5.j.6.A., concerning ground cover vegetation, is amended by deletion of the word "excessive" from the sentence, "The ground cover vegetation shall be capable of stabilizing the soil from excessive erosion." This revision is intended to satisfy the required program amendment codified at 30 CFR 948.16(mmmnm).

CSR 38–2–14.15 Performance Standards/Contemporaneous Reclamation

Subdivision 14.15.c.4., concerning areas that have been cleared and grubbed that exceed 30 acres, has been deleted.

Subdivision 14.15.g.5, concerning a detailed economic analysis for requests for variances, has been deleted.

Amendments Not Previously Identified for Public Comment

In general, and to be consistent with the West Virginia Code (W. Va. Code), the word "performance" has been deleted where it appeared before the word "bond." CSR 38–2–2.108. The definition of "Secretary" was added to mean the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or his authorized agent.

CSR 38–2–7. Premining and Postmining Land Use

Subdivision 7.4.a.1, has been amended to add that "Commercial forestry shall be established on areas receiving a variance from AOC." As amended, this subdivision provides in part that "Commercial forestry shall be established on areas receiving a variance from AOC and either commercial forestry or forestry shall be established on all portions of the permit area."

Subdivision 7.4.b.1.D.1 has been amended. We previously and incorrectly identified this revision as being an amendment to subdivision 7.4.b.1.C.7. Subdivision 7.4.b.1.D.1 was amended by adding the following language to the existing definition of soil:

O horizon means the top-most horizon or layer of soil dominated by organic material derived from dead plants and animals at various stages of decomposition; it is sometimes referred to as the duff or litter layer or the forest floor. Cr horizon means the horizon or layer below the C horizon, consisting of weathered or soft bedrock including saprolite or partly consolidated soft sandstone, siltstone, or shale.

CSR 38-2-14. Performance Standards

Subdivision 14.15.a.2 is new, concerns the general contemporaneous reclamation standards, and provides as follows:

All permit applications shall incorporate into the required mining and reclamation plan a detailed site specific description of the timing, sequence, and areal extent of each progressive phase of the mining and reclamation of the mining and reclamation operation which reflects how the mining operations and the reclamation operations will be coordinated so as to minimize the amount of disturbed, unreclaimed area, and to quickly establish and maintain a specified ratio of disturbed versus reclaimed area throughout the life of the operation.

Subdivision 14.15.b.5 pertaining to time, distance and acreage limits for multiple seam mining, was amended by adding the following sentence: "Regardless of the allowable limits contained in this section, any disturbed area other than those specified in subdivision 14.15.c of this rule must complete backfilling and rough grading within 180 days of final mineral removal."

Subdivision 14.15.b.6.A pertaining to disturbed acreage, including excess spoil disposal sites, was amended by adding the following language to the end of the first paragraph:

Where operations contemplated under this section are approved with incidental contour mining, which may include augering or highwall mining, the acreage must be calculated in the allowable disturbance authorized in this paragraph. The incidental contour pit length cannot exceed 3000 feet and backfilling/grading shall follow mineral removal within 180 days. Regardless of the allowable limits contained in the section fourteen of this rule, any disturbed area other than those specified in subdivision 14.15.c. of this rule must complete backfilling and rough grading with 180 days of final mineral removal. Operations required to comply with AOC+ guidelines or approved specific postmining land use requirements must complete backfilling and rough grading within 270 days of final mineral removal unless a waiver is otherwise granted by the Secretary pursuant to this section.

Subdivision 14.15.c. was amended to define reclaimed acreage, for purposes of this subsection, to also mean that portion of the permit area that "meets Phase I [bond release] standards."

Subdivision 14.15.c.1 which delineates certain portions of an operation that are not included in the calculation of disturbed area for purposes of contemporaneous reclamation, was amended by adding the following language at the end of the paragraph:

Provided, That with the exception of permanent haulroads, drainage control systems and material handling facilities (including but are not limited to such facilities as preparation plants, fixed coal stockpiles/transfer areas and commercial forestry topsoil areas) the total acreage of all other semi-permanent ancillary facilities cannot exceed ten percent of the total permit acreage.

Subdivision 14.15.c.3, also pertaining to exceptions to disturbed area, was amended by adding the following sentence to the end of the paragraph: "The Secretary may consider larger acreage for clearing operations where it can be demonstrated that it is necessary to comply with applicable National Environmental Policy Act requirements."

Subdivision 14.15.d.1, concerning excess spoil disposal fills, is new and provides as follows:

All fills must be planned for continuous material placement until designed capacity is reached and cannot have a period of inactivity that exceeds 180 days unless otherwise approved by the secretary on a permit specific basis to accommodate AOC+. post-mining land use or special material handling situations.

Subdivision 14.15.d.2, also concerning excess spoil disposal fills, is new and provides that "[t]he areas

where contour mining is proposed within the confines of the fill are not eligible for the exemption contained in 14.15 c.2."

New subdivision 14.15.d.3 was added to provide as follows: "Operations that propose fills that are designed to use single lift top-down construction shall bond the proposed fill areas based upon the maximum amount per acre specified in WV Code § 22–3–12(c)(1)."

New subdivision 14.15.e was added to

provide as follows:

14.15.e Applicability. Permit applications pending approval on the first day of January, two thousand three, shall within 120 days of permit approval have a mining and reclamation plan which is consistent with the criteria set forth in this subdivision. Permit applications which are submitted after the first day of January, two thousand three shall not be issued a permit without a mining and reclamation plan which is consistent with the criteria set forth in this subdivision.

14.15.e.1 After the first day of January, two thousand three, the mining and reclamation plan for all active mining operations must be consistent with the applicable time criteria set forth in this paragraph. Where permit revisions are necessary to satisfy this requirement, the revisions shall be prepared and submitted to the Secretary for approval within 180 days. Full compliance with the revised mining and reclamation plan shall be accomplished within twelve (12) months from the date of

the Secretary's approval.

14.15.e.2 After the first day of January, two thousand three, the mining and reclamation plan for mining operations which have approved inactive status or when permits have been issued but the operation has not started must be consistent with the applicable time criteria of this paragraph. Where the permit revisions are necessary to satisfy this requirement, the revisions shall be prepared and submitted to the Secretary for approval within 180 days. Full compliance with the revised mining and reclamation plan shall be accomplished within twelve (12) months from the date of the Secretary's approval.

14.15.e.3 The Secretary may consider contemporaneous reclamation plans on multiple permitted areas with contiguous areas of disturbance to ensure that contemporaneous reclamation is practiced on a total operational basis. In order to establish a method of orderly transition between operations, plans submitted on multiple permitted areas cannot add allowable disturbed areas in such a manner as to result in increased disturbed areas on a single operation unless a variance is obtained pursuant to subdivision 14.15.g.

Subdivision 14.15.g.2 pertaining to required elements of a permit applications seeking a variance from contemporaneous reclamation standards, was amended by adding the words "including a discussion and feasibility analysis of alternatives that

were considered" to the end of the paragraph.

New subdivision 14.15.g.5 was added to require the following additional element to a permit application for a variance from contemporaneous reclamation standards:

A detailed economic analysis including a discussion and feasibility analysis of possible alternatives that were considered must be submitted for variance requests that use economics as the basis for the request.

New subdivision 14.15.i was added to provide as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of this rule to the contrary, revision of the mining and reclamation plan contained in a permit is required prior to any change in mining methods which would substantially affect the standards contained in this section.

## CSR 38–4 Coal Related Dam Safety Rules

These rules are new, and establish general and specific rules for design, placement, construction, enlargement, repair, removal, or abandonment of dams in West Virginia that are also regulated under West Virginia Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act 22–3 and West Virginia Surface Mining Reclamation Regulations CSR 38–2 by the WVDEP. The new Coal Related Dam Şafety Rules were issued under the authority of W.Va. Code 22–14. The new rules consist of the following sections.

38-4-1 General.

38-4-2 Definitions.

38-4-3 Classification of dams.

38–4–4 Certificate of approval. 38–4–5 Application procedures.

38–4–6 Plans and specifications.

38–4–7 Design requirements

38–4–8 Subsidence evaluation.

38–4–9 Breakthrough potential evaluation.

38-4-10 Geotechnical considerations.

38-4-11 Structural considerations.

38–4–12 Construction or modification of dam.

38-4-13 Blasting.

38-4-14 Storm water discharge.

38–4–15 Erosion and sediment control.

38–4–16 Disposal of construction wastes.

38-4-17 Dust control.

38-4-18 Construction quality control.

38-4-19 Breaching of a dam.

38–4–20 Removal of a dam. 38–4–21 Abandonment of a dam.

38–4–22 Reduction of dam height to

, less than jurisdiction.

38–4–23 Enlargement of a structure to jurisdiction.

38-4-24 Sale or transfer of a dam.

38–4–25 Operation and maintenance.

38–4–26 Inspection, reporting and certification requirements.

38-4-27 Completion of construction.

38–4–28 Inspection of completed dam. 38–4–29 Inspection of dams with

serious problems.

38–4–30 Reporting requirements. 38–4–31 Inspection and certification requirements.

38-4-32 Monitoring plans.

38-4-33 Emergency warning plans.

38–4–34 Emergency procedures.

38–4–35 Inspection and enforcement. 38–4–36 Application fee for certificate

of approval of a dam.

# **III. Public Comment Procedures**

Under the provisions of 30 CFR 732.17(h), we are seeking your comments on whether the amendment satisfies the applicable program approval criteria of 30 CFR 732.15. If we approve the amendment, it will become part of the State program.

### Written Comments

Send your written or electric comments to OSM at the address given above. Your written comments should be specific, pertain only to the issues proposed in this rulemaking, and include explanations in support of your recommendations. We will not consider or respond to your comments when developing the final rule if they are received after the close of the comment period (see DATES). We will make every attempt to log all comments into the administrative record, but comments delivered to an address other than the Charleston Field Office may not be logged in.

## Electronic Comments

Please submit Internet comments as an ASCII or Word file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Please also include "Attn: SPATS No. WV-096-FOR" and your name and return address in your Internet message. If you do not receive a confirmation that we have received your Internet message, contact the Charleston Field Office at (304) 347-7158

## Availability of Comments

We will make comments, including names and addresses of respondents, available for public review during normal business hours. We will not consider anonymous comments. If individual respondents request confidentiality, we will honor their request to the extent allowable by law. Individual respondents who wish to withhold their name or address from public review, except for the city or town, must state this prominently at the beginning of their comments. We will make all submissions from

organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public review in their entirety.

# Public Hearing

If you wish to speak at the public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT by 4 p.m. (local time), on September 3, 2002. If you are disabled and need special accommodations to attend a public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. We will arrange the location and time of the hearing with those persons requesting the hearing. If no one requests an opportunity to speak, we will not hold a hearing.

To assist the transcriber and ensure an accurate record, we request, if possible, that each person who speaks at the public hearing provide us with a written copy of his or her comments. The public hearing will continue on the specified date until everyone scheduled to speak has been given an opportunity to be heard. If you are in the audience and have not been scheduled to speak and wish to do so, you will be allowed to speak after those who have been scheduled. We will end the hearing after everyone scheduled to speak and others present in the audience who wish to speak, have been heard.

# Public Meeting

If only one person requests an opportunity to speak, we may hold a public meeting rather than a public hearing. If you wish to meet with us to discuss the amendment, please request a meeting by contacting the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. All such meetings are open to the public and, if possible, we will post notices of meetings at the locations listed under ADDRESSES. We will make a written summary of each meeting a part of the administrative record.

# IV. Procedural Determinations

# Executive Order 12630—Takings

This rule does not have takings implications. This determination is based on the analysis performed for the counterpart Federal regulation.

# Executive Order 12866—Regulatory Planning and Review

This rule is exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866.

# Executive Order 12988—Civil Justice Reform

The Department of the Interior has conducted the reviews required by

section 3 of Executive Order 12988 and has determined that this rule meets the applicable standards of subsections (a) and (b) of that section. However, these standards are not applicable to the actual language of State regulatory programs and program amendments because each program is drafted and promulgated by a specific State, not by OSM. Under sections 503 and 505 of SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1253 and 1255) and the Federal regulations at 30 CFR 730.11, 732.15, and 732.17(h)(10), decisions on proposed State regulatory programs and program amendments submitted by the States must be based solely on a determination of whether the submittal is consistent with SMCRA and its implementing Federal regulations and whether the other requirements of 30 CFR Parts 730, 731, and 732 have been met.

## Executive Order 13132—Federalism

This rule does not have Federalism implications. SMCRA delineates the roles of the Federal and State governments with regard to the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations. One of the purposes of SMCRA is to "establish a nationwide program to protect society and the environment from the adverse effects of surface coal mining operations." Section 503(a)(1) of SMCRA requires that State laws regulating surface coal mining and reclamation operations be "in accordance with" the requirements of SMCRA, and section 503(a)(7) requires that State programs contain rules and regulations "consistent with" regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to SMCRA.

# Executive Order 13211—Regulations That Significantly Affect The Supply, Distribution, or Use of Energy

On May 18, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13211 which requires agencies to prepare a Statement of Energy Effects for a rule that is (1) considered significant under Executive Order 12866, and (2) likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. Because this rule is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866 and is not expected to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy, a Statement of Energy Effects is not required.

# National Environmental Policy Act

This rule does not require an environmental impact statement because section 702(d) of SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1292(d)) provides that agency decisions on proposed State regulatory

program provisions do not constitute major Federal actions within the meaning of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)).

## Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain information collection requirements that require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3507 et seq.).

# Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of the Interior certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). The State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an economic analysis was prepared and certification made that such regulations would not have a significant economic effect upon a substantial number of small entities. In making the determination as to whether this rule would have a significant economic impact, the Department relied upon the data and assumptions for the counterpart Federal regulations.

# Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. This rule: (a) Does not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million; (b) Will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers. individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions; and (c) Does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises. This determination is based upon the fact that the State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an analysis was prepared and a determination made that the Federal regulation was not considered a major rule.

### Unfunded Mandates

This rule will not impose an unfunded mandate on State, local, or tribal governments or the private sector of \$100 million or more in any given year. This determination is based upon the fact that the State submittal, which is the subject of this rule, is based upon counterpart Federal regulations for which an analysis was prepared and a

determination made that the Federal regulation did not impose an unfunded mandate.

# List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 948

Intergovernmental relations, Surface mining, Underground mining.

Dated: July 11, 2002.

### Tim L. Dieringer,

Acting Regional Director Appalachian Regional Coordinating Center.

[FR Doc. 02–20821 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-05-P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

## 40 CFR Part 55

[FRL-7260-6]

## Outer Continental Shelf Air Regulations; Consistency Update for California

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA").

**ACTION:** Proposed rule—consistency update.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to update a portion of the Outer Continental Shelf ("OCS") Air Regulations. Requirements applying to OCS sources located within 25 miles of states' seaward boundaries must be updated periodically to remain consistent with the requirements of the corresponding onshore area ("COA"), as mandated by section 328(a)(1) of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990 ("the Act"). The portion of the OCS air regulations that is being updated pertains to the requirements for OCS sources for which the South Coast Air Quality Management District (South Coast AQMD) and Ventura County Air Pollution Control District (Ventura County APCD) are the designated COAs. The intended effect of approving the OCS requirements for the above Districts is to regulate emissions from OCS sources in accordance with the requirements onshore. The changes to the existing requirements discussed below are proposed to be incorporated by reference into the Code of Federal Regulations and are listed in the appendix to the OCS air regulations. DATES: Comments on the proposed update must be received on or before

September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments must be mailed (in duplicate if possible) to: EPA Air Docket (Air-4), Attn: Docket No. A-93-16 Section XXVI, Environmental Protection Agency, Air Division, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne St., San Francisco, CA 94105.

Docket: Supporting information used in developing the rule and copies of the documents EPA is proposing to incorporate by reference are contained in Docket No. A–93–16 Section XXVI. This docket is available for public inspection and copying Monday-Friday during regular business hours at the following locations:

EPA Air Docket (Air-4), Attn: Docket No. A-93-16 Section XXVI, Environmental Protection Agency, Air Division, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne St., San Francisco, CA 94105.

EPA Air Docket (LE–131), Attn: Air Docket No. A–93–16 Section XXVI, Environmental Protection Agency, Air Docket (6102), Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington D.C. 20460.

A reasonable fee may be charged for

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine Vineyard, Air Division (Air-4), U.S. EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, (415) 947–4125.

# I. Background Information

A. Why Is EPA Taking This Action?

On September 4, 1992, EPA promulgated 40 CFR part 55,1 which established requirements to control air pollution from OCS sources in order to attain and maintain federal and state ambient air quality standards and to comply with the provisions of part C of title I of the Act. Part 55 applies to all OCS sources offshore of the States except those located in the Gulf of Mexico west of 87.5 degrees longitude. Section 328 of the Act requires that for such sources located within 25 miles of a state's seaward boundary, the requirements shall be the same as would be applicable if the sources were located in the COA. Because the OCS requirements are based on onshore requirements, and onshore requirements may change, section 328(a)(1) requires that EPA update the OCS requirements as necessary to maintain consistency with onshore requirements.

Pursuant to §55.12 of the OCS rule, consistency reviews will occur (1) at least annually; (2) upon receipt of a Notice of Intent under §55.4; or (3) when a state or local agency submits a rule to EPA to be considered for incorporation by reference in part 55. This proposed action is being taken in response to the submittal of rules by

Section 328(a) of the Act requires that EPA establish requirements to control air pollution from OCS sources located within 25 miles of states' seaward boundaries that are the same as onshore requirements. To comply with this statutory mandate, EPA must incorporate applicable onshore rules into part 55 as they exist onshore. This limits EPA's flexibility in deciding which requirements will be incorporated into part 55 and prevents EPA from making substantive changes to the requirements it incorporates. As a result, EPA may be incorporating rules into part 55 that do not conform to all of EPA's state implementation plan (SIP) guidance or certain requirements of the Act. Consistency updates may result in the inclusion of state or local rules or regulations into part 55, even though the same rules may ultimately be disapproved for inclusion as part of the SIP. Inclusion in the OCS rule does not imply that a rule meets the requirements of the Act for SIP approval, nor does it imply that the rule will be approved by EPA for inclusion in the SIP.

## II. EPA's Evaluation

A. What Criteria Were Used To Evaluate Rules Submitted To Update 40 CFR Part 55?

In updating 40 CFR part 55, EPA reviewed the rules submitted for inclusion in part 55 to ensure that they are rationally related to the attainment or maintenance of federal or state ambient air quality standards or part C of title I of the Act, that they are not designed expressly to prevent exploration and development of the OCS and that they are applicable to OCS sources. 40 CFR 55.1. EPA has also evaluated the rules to ensure they are not arbitrary or capricious. 40 CFR 55.12 (e). In addition, EPA has excluded administrative or procedural rules,2 and requirements that regulate toxics which are not related to the attainment and maintenance of federal and state ambient air quality standards.

three local air pollution control agencies. Public comments received in writing within 30 days of publication of this document will be considered by EPA before publishing a final rule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The reader may refer to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, December 5, 1991 (56 FR 63774), and the preamble to the final rule promulgated September 4, 1992 (57 FR 40792) for further background and information on the OCS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Each COA which has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce part 55, will use its administrative and procedural rules as onshore. However, in those instances where EPA has not delegated authority to implement and enforce part 55, EPA will use its own administrative and procedural requirements to implement the substantive requirements. 40 CFR 55.14 (c)(4).

# B. What Rule Revisions Were Submitted To Update 40 CFR Part 55?

1. After review of the rules submitted by South Coast AQMD against the criteria set forth above and in 40 CFR part 55, EPA is proposing to make the following new rule applicable to OCS sources for which the South Coast AQMD is designated as the COA (note:

no requirements that are not related to the attainment and maintenance of federal and state ambient air quality standards will be incorporated to regulate toxics):

Rule #	Rule names	Adoption date
1137	PM10 Emission Reductions from Woodworking Operations	02/01/02

2. After review of the rule submitted by Ventura County APCD against the criteria set forth above and in 40 CFR part 55, EPA is proposing to make the following rule revisions applicable to OCS sources for which the Ventura County APCD is designated as the COA:

Rule #	Rule name	Adoption date
10	Permits Required	5/14/02
26.1	New Source Review—Definitions	5/14/02
26.2	New Source Review—Requirements	5/14/02
26.3	New Source Review—Exemptions	5/14/02
26.6	New Source Review—Calculations	5/14/02
42	Permit Fees	5/14/02
74.6	Solvent Cleaning and Degreasing	1/08/02
74.23	Stationary Gas Turbines	1/08/02
74.24.1	Pleasure Craft Coating & Commercial Boatyard Operations	1/08/02

The following new rule was submitted and will be incorporated:

Rule #	Rule name	Adoption date
26.11	New Source Review—ERC Evaluation At Time of Use	5/14/02

The following rule was submitted but will not be incorporated because it is Administrative:

Rule #	Rule name	Adoption date
26.4	New Source Review—Emissions Banking	5/14/02

## III. Administrative Requirements

# A. Executive Order 12866

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted this regulatory action from Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review.

#### B. Executive Order 13045

Executive Order 13045, entitled Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), applies to any rule that: (1) is determined to be "economically significant" as defined under Executive Order 12866, and (2) concerns an environmental health or safety risk that EPA has reason to believe may have a disproportionate effect on children. If the regulatory action meets both criteria, the Agency must evaluate the environmental health or safety effects of the planned rule on children, and explain why the planned regulation is preferable to other potentially effective and reasonably feasible alternatives considered by the Agency.

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13045 because it does not involve decisions intended to mitigate environmental health or safety risks.

# C. Executive Order 13175

Executive Order 13175, entitled "Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments" (65 FR 67249, November 6, 2000), requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by tribal officials in the development of regulatory policies that have tribal implications." "Policies that have tribal implications" is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal government and the Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal government and Indian tribes.'

This proposed rule does not have tribal implications. It will not have substantial direct effects on tribal governments, on the relationship between the Federal government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal government and Indian tribes, as specified in Executive Order 13175.

Thus, Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this rule. In the spirit of Executive Order 13175, and consistent with EPA policy to promote communications between EPA and tribal governments, EPA specifically solicits additional comment on this proposed rule from tribal officials.

### D. Executive Order 13132

Executive Order 13132, entitled Federalism (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999) revokes and replaces Executive Orders 12612, Federalism and 12875, Enhancing the Intergovernmental Partnership. Executive Order 13132 requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by State and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have federalism implications." "Policies that have federalism implications" is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government." Under Executive Order 13132, EPA may not

issue a regulation that has federalism implications, that imposes substantial direct compliance costs, and that is not required by statute, unless the Federal government provides the funds necessary to pay the direct compliance costs incurred by State and local governments, or EPA consults with State and local officials early in the process of developing the proposed regulation. EPA also may not issue a regulation that has federalism implications and that preempts State law unless the Agency consults with State and local officials early in the process of developing the proposed regulation.

This proposed rule will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132, because it merely acts on a state rule implementing a federal standard, and does not alter the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established in the Clean Air Act. Thus, the requirements of section 6 of the Executive Order do not apply to this proposed rule.

E. Regulatory Flexibility Act, as amended by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (SBREFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 et. seq.

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) generally requires an agency to prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis for any rule that will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The RFA applies only to rules subject to notice and comment rulemaking requirements unless the agency certifies that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and small governmental jurisdictions.

This proposed rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities because consistency updates do not create any new requirements but simply act on requirements that the State is already imposing. Therefore, because the consistency update approval does not create any new requirements, I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

#### F. Unfunded Mandates

Under section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

("Unfunded Mandates Act"), signed into law on March 22, 1995, EPA must prepare a budgetary impact statement to accompany any proposed or final rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate; or to private sector, of \$100 million or more. Under section 205, EPA must select the most cost-effective and least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule and is consistent with statutory requirements. Section 203 requires EPA to establish a plan for informing and advising any small governments that may be significantly or uniquely impacted by the rule.

EPA has determined that the proposed action does not include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. This proposed Federal action acts on pre-existing requirements under State or local law, and imposes no new requirements. Accordingly, no additional costs to State, local, or tribal governments, or to the private sector, result from this action.

## G. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act

Section 12 of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) of 1995 requires Federal agencies to evaluate existing technical standards when developing a new regulation. To comply with NTTAA, EPA must consider and use "voluntary consensus standards" (VCS) if available and applicable when developing programs and policies unless doing so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical.

EPA believes that VCS are inapplicable to today's proposed action because it does not require the public to perform activities conducive to the use of VCS.

# H. Executive Order 13211 (Energy Effects)

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211, "Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use" (66 FR 28355 (Mary 22, 2001)) because it is not a significant action under Executive Order 12866.

# List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 55

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedures, Air pollution control, Continental shelf, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter,

Permits, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: August 5, 2002.

### Laura Yoshii,

Deputy Regional Administrator, Region IX.

Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 55, is proposed to be amended as follows:

# PART 55-[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 55 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Section 328 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*) as amended by Public Law 101–549.

- 2. Section 55.14 is proposed to be amended by revising paragraphs (e)(3)(ii)(G) and (H) to read as follows:
- § 55.14 Requirements that apply to OCS sources located within 25 miles of States' seaward boundaries, by State.
  - (e) \* \* \*
  - (3) \* \* \*
  - (ii) \* \* \*
- (G) South Coast Air Quality Management District Requirements Applicable to OCS Sources.
- (H) Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Requirements Applicable to OCS Sources.
- 3. Appendix A to 40 CFR part 55 is proposed to be amended by revising paragraph (b)(7) and (8) under the heading "California" to read as follows:

Appendix A to 40 CFR Part 55—Listing of State and Local Requirements Incorporated by Reference Into Part 55, by State.

#### CALIFORNIA

- (b) Local requirements.
- (7) The following requirements are contained in South Coast Air Quality Management District Requirements Applicable to OCS Sources (Part I, II and III): Rule 102 Definition of Terms (Adopted 10/
- Rule 103 Definition of Geographical Areas (Adopted 1/9/76)
- Rule 104 Reporting of Source Test Data and Analyses (Adopted 1/9/76)
- Rule 108 Alternative Emission Control Plans (Adopted 4/6/90)
- Rule 109 Recordkeeping for Volatile Organic Compound Emissions (Adopted 8/ 18/00)
- Rule 112 Definition of Minor Violation and Guidelines for Issuance of Notice to Comply (Adopted 11/13/98)
- Rule 118 Emergencies (Adopted 12/7/95) Rule 201 Permit to Construct (Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 201.1 Permit Conditions in Federally Issued Permits to Construct (Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 202 Temporary Permit to Operate (Adopted 5/7/76)

Rule 203 Permit to Operate (Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 204 Permit Conditions (Adopted 3/6/92)

Rule 205 Expiration of Permits to Construct (Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 206 Posting of Permit to Operate (Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 207 Altering or Falsifying of Permit (Adopted 1/9/76)

Rule 208 Permit and Burn Authorization for Open Burning (12/21/01) Rule 209 Transfer and Voiding of Permits

(Adopted 1/5/90)

Rule 210 Applications and Regulation II— List and Criteria Identifying Information required of Applicants Seeking a Permit to Construct from the SCAQMD (Adopted 4/ 10/98)

Rule 212 Standards for Approving Permits (Adopted 12/7/95) except (c)(3) and (e) Rule 214 Denial of Permits (Adopted 1/5/

90)

Rule 217 Provisions for Sampling and Testing Facilities (Adopted 1/5/90) Rule 218 Continuous Emission Monitoring (Adopted 5/14/99)

Rule 218.1 Continuous Emission Monitoring Performance Specifications (Adopted 5/14/99)

Rule 218.1 Attachment A—Supplemental and Alternative CEMS Performance Requirements (Adopted 5/14/99)

Rule 219 Equipment Not Requiring a Written Permit Pursuant to Regulation II (Adopted 11/17/00)

Rule 220 Exemption—Net Increase in Emissions (Adopted 8/7/81) Rule 221 Plans (Adopted 1/4/85)

Rule 301 Permit Fees (Adopted 5/11/01) except (e)(7)and Table IV

Rule 304 Equipment, Materials, and Ambient Air Analyses (Adopted 5/11/01) Rule 304.1 Analyses Fees (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 305 Fees for Acid Deposition (Adopted 10/4/91)

Rule 306 Plan Fees (Adopted 5/11/01) Rule 309 Fees for Regulation XVI Plans (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 401 Visible Emissions (Adopted 11/9/01)

Rule 403 Fugitive Dust (Adopted 12/11/98) Rule 404 Particulate Matter—Concentration (Adopted 2/7/86)

Rule 405 Solid Particulate Matter—Weight (Adopted 2/7/86)

Rule 407 Liquid and Gaseous Air Contaminants (Adopted 4/2/82)

Rule 408 Circumvention (Adopted 5/7/76) Rule 409 Combustion Contaminants (Adopted 8/7/81)

Rule 429 Start-Up and Shutdown Provisions for Oxides of Nitrogen (Adopted 12/21/90)

12/21/90) Rule 430 Breakdown Provisions, (a) and (e) only (Adopted 7/12/96)

Rule 431.1 Sulfur Content of Gaseous Fuels (Adopted 6/12/98)

Rule 431.2 Sulfur Content of Liquid Fuels (Adopted 9/15/00)

Rule 431.3 Sulfur Content of Fossil Fuels (Adopted 5/7/76)

Rule 441 Research Operations (Adopted 5/7/76)

Rule 442 Usage of Solvents (Adopted 12/ 15/00) . Rule 444 Open Burning (Adopted 12/21/01)

Rule 463 Organic Liquid Storage (Adopted 3/11/94)

Rule 465 Vacuum Producing Devices or Systems (Adopted 8/13/99)

Rule 468 Sulfur Recovery Units (Adopted 10/8/76)

Rule 473 Disposal of Solid and Liquid Wastes (Adopted 5/7/76)

Rule 474 Fuel Burning Equipment-Oxides of Nitrogen (Adopted 12/4/81)

Rule 475 Electric Power Generating
Equipment (Adopted 8/7/78)
Rule 476 Steam Generating Equipment

(Adopted 10/8/76)
Rule 480 Natural Gas Fired Control Devices
(Adopted 10/7/77) Addendum to

Regulation IV (Effective 1977)
Rule 518 Variance Procedures for Title V

Facilities (Adopted 8/11/95) Rule 518.1 Permit Appeal Procedures for Title V Facilities (Adopted 8/11/95)

Rule 518.2 Federal Alternative Operating Conditions (Adopted12/21/01) Rule 701 Air Pollution Emergency

Contingency Actions (Adopted 6/13/97) Rule 702 Definitions (Adopted 7/11/80) Rule 708 Plans (Rescinded 9/8/95)

Regulation IX—New Source Performance Standards (Adopted 5/11/01)

Reg. X National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 1106 Marine Coatings Operations (Adopted 1/13/95)

Rule 1107 Coating of Metal Parts and Products (Adopted 11/9/01)

Rule 1109 Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen for Boilers and Process Heaters in Petroleum Refineries (Adopted 8/5/88)

Rule 1110 Emissions from Stationary Internal Combustion Engines (Demonstration) (Adopted 11/14/97)

Rule 1110.1 Emissions from Stationary Internal Combustion Engines (Adopted 10/ 4/85)

Rule 1110.2 Emissions from Gaseous- and Liquid Fueled Internal Combustion Engines (Adopted 11/14/97)

Rule 1113 Architectural Coatings (Adopted 7/20/01)

Rule 1116.1 Lightering Vessel Operations-Sulfur Content of Bunker Fuel (Adopted 10/20/78)

Rule 1121 Control of Nitrogen Oxides from Residential-Type Natural Gas-Fired Water Heaters (Adopted 12/10/99)

Rule 1122 Solvent Degreasers (Adopted 9/ 21/01)

Rule 1123 Refinery Process Turnarounds (Adopted 12/7/90)

Rule 1125 Metal Containers, Closure, and Coil Coating Operations (adopted 1/13/95)

Rule 1132 Further Control of VOC Emissions from High-Emitting Spray Booth Facilitites (Adopted 1/19/01)

Rule 1134 Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen from Stationary Gas Turbines (Adopted 8/ 8/97)

Rule 1136 Wood Products Coatings (Adopted 6/14/96) Rule 1137 PM10 Emission Reductions from Woodworking Operations (Adopted 2/01/ 02)

Rule 1140 Abrasive Blasting (Adopted 8/2/85)

Rule 1142 Marine Tank Vessel Operations (Adopted 7/19/91)

Rule 1146 Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen from Industrial, Institutional, and Commercial Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters (Adopted 11/17/00)

Rule 1146.1 Emission of Oxides of Nitrogen from Small Industrial, Institutional, and Commercial Boilers, steam Generators, and Process Heaters (Adopted 5/13/94)

Rule 1146.2 Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen from Large Water Heaters and Small Boilers (Adopted 1/9/98)

Rule 1148 Thermally Enhanced Oil Recovery Wells (Adopted 11/5/82) Rule 1149 Storage Tank Degassing

(Adopted 7/14/95)

Rule 1168 Adhesive and Sealant Applications (Adopted 9/15/00) Rule 1171 Solvent Cleaning Operations (Adopted 10/8/99)

Rule 1173 Fugitive Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds (Adopted 5/13/94) Rule 1176 VOC Emissions from Wastewater

Rule 1176 VOC Emissions from Wastewate Systems (Adopted 9/13/96) Rule 1178 Further Reductions of VOC

Emissions from Storage Tanks at Petroleum Facilities (Adopted 12/21/01) Rule 1301 · General (Adopted 12/7/95)

Rule 1302 Definitions (Adopted 10/20/00) Rule 1303 Requirements (Adopted 4/20/01) Rule 1304 Exemptions (Adopted 6/14/96)

Rule 1306 Emission Calculations (Adopted 10/20/00)

Rule 1313 Permits to Operate (Adopted 12/7/95)

Rule 1403 Asbestos Emissions from Demolition/Renovation Activities (Adopted 4/8/94)

Rule 1605 Credits for the Voluntary Repair of On-Road Vehicles Identified Through Remote Sensing Devices (Adopted 10/11/ 96)

Rule 1610 Old-Vehicle Scrapping (Adopted 2/12/99)

Rule 1612 Credits for Clean On-Road Vehicles (Adopted 7/10/98)

Rule 1612.1 Mobile Source Credit Generation Pilot Program (Adopted 3/16/ 01)

Rule 1620 Credits for Clean Off-Road Mobile Equipment (Adopted 7/10/98) Rule 1701 General (Adopted 8/13/99)

Rule 1702 Definitions (Adopted 8/13/99) Rule 1703 PSD Analysis (Adopted 10/7/88)

Rule 1704 Exemptions (Adopted 8/13/99) Rule 1706 Emission Calculations (Adopted 8/13/99)

Rule 1713 Source Obligation (Adopted 10/7/88)

Regulation XVII—Appendix (effective 1977) Rule 1901 General Conformity (Adopted 9/ 9/94)

Rule 2000 General (Adopted 5/11/01) Rule 2001 Applicability (Adopted 2/14/97)

Rule 2002 Allocations for Oxides of
Nitrogen (NO<sub>X</sub>) and Oxides of Sulfur (SO<sub>X</sub>)

Emissions (Adopted 5/11/01)
Rule 2004 Requirements (Adopted 5/11/01)

except (l)
Rule 2005 New Source Review for
RECLAIM (Adopted 4/20/01) except (i)

Rule 2006 Permits (Adopted 5/11/01)
Rule 2007 Trading Requirements (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 2008 Mobile Source Credits (Adopted 10/15/93)

Rule 2010 Administrative Remedies and Sanctions (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 2011 Requirements for Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping for Oxides of Sulfur (SO<sub>X</sub>) Emissions (Adopted 5/11/ 01)

Appendix A Volume IV—(Protocol for oxides of sulfur) (Adopted 3/10/95)

Rule 2012 Requirements for Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping for Oxides of Nitrogen (NO<sub>X</sub>) Emissions (Adopted 5/ 11/01)

Appendix A Volume V—(Protocol for oxides of nitrogen) (Adopted 3/10/95)
Rule 2015 Backstop Provisions (Adopted 5/11/01) except (b)(1)(G) and (b)(3)(B)

Rule 2020 RECLAIM Reserve (Adopted 5/11/01)

Rule 2100 Registration of Portable Equipment (Adopted 7/11/97)

Rule 2506 Area Source Credits for NO<sub>X</sub> and SO<sub>X</sub> (Adopted 12/10/99)

XXX Title V Permits

Rule 3000 General (Adopted 11/14/97) Rule 3001 Applicability (Adopted 11/14/97)

Rule 3002 Requirements (Adopted 11/14/97)

Rule 3003 Applications (Adopted 3/16/01)
Rule 3004 Permit Types and Content
(Adopted 12/12/97)

Rule 3005 Permit Revisions (Adopted 3/16/01)

Rule 3006 Public Participation (Adopted 11/14/97)

Rule 3007 Effect of Permit (Adopted 10/8/93)

Rule 3008 Potential To Emit Limitations (3/16/01)

XXXI Acid Rain Permit Program (Adopted 2/10/95)

(8) The following requirements are contained in Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Requirements Applicable to OCS Sources:

Rule 2 Definitions (Adopted 11/10/98)
Rule 5 Effective Date (Adopted 5/23/72)
Rule 6 Severability (Adopted 11/21/78)
Rule 7 Zone Boundaries (Adopted 6/14/77)
Rule 10 Permits Required (Adopted 5/14/

02) Rule 11 Definition for Regulation II (Adopted 6/13/95)

Rule 12 Application for Permits (Adopted 6/13/95)

Rule 13 Action on Applications for an Authority to Construct (Adopted 6/13/95) Rule 14 Action on Applications for a Perm

Rule 14 Action on Applications for a Permit to Operate (Adopted 6/13/95) Rule 15.1 Sampling and Testing Facilities

(Adopted 10/12/93)

Rule 16 BACT Certification (Adopted 6/13/

Rule 19 Posting of Permits (Adopted 5/23/

72) Rule 20 Transfer of Permit (Adopted 5/23/

72)
Rule 23 Exemptions from Permits (Adopted 7/9/96)

Rule 24 Source Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Emission Statements (Adopted 9/15/ 92) Rule 26 New Source Review (Adopted 10/ 22/91)

Rule 26.1 New Source Review—Definitions (Adopted 5/14/02)

Rule 26.2 New Source Review— Requirements (Adopted 5/14/02)

Rule 26.3 New Source Review—Exemptions (Adopted 5/14/02)

Rule 26.6 New Source Review— Calculations (Adopted 5/14/02)

Rule 26.8 New Source Review—Permit To
Operate (Adopted 10/22/91)
Pule 26.10 New Source Periote PSD

Rule 26.10 New Source Review—PSD (Adopted 1/13/98)

Rule 26.11 New Source Review—ERC
Evaluation At Time of Use (Adopted 5/14/02)

Rule 28 Revocation of Permits (Adopted 7/ 18/72)

Rule 29 Conditions on Permits (Adopted 10/22/91)

Rule 30 Permit Renewal (Adopted 5/30/89) Rule 32 Breakdown Conditions: Emergency Variances, A., B.1., and D. only. (Adopted 2/20/79)

Rule 33 Part 70 Permits—General (Adopted 10/12/93)

Rule 33.1 Part 70 Permits—Definitions (Adopted 4/10/01)

Rule 33.2 Part 70 Permits—Application Contents (Adopted 4/10/01)

Rule 33.3 Part 70 Permits—Permit Content (Adopted 4/10/01) Rule 33.4 Part 70 Permits—Operational

Flexibility (Adopted 4/10/01)

Rule 33.5 Part 70 Permits—Time frames

Rule 33.5 Part 70 Permits—Time frames for Applications, Review and Issuance (Adopted 10/12/93)

Rule 33.6 Part 70 Permits—Permit Term and Permit Reissuance (Adopted 10/12/93) Rule 33.7 Part 70 Permits—Notification (Adopted 4/10/01)

Rule 33.8 Part 70 Permits—Reopening of Permits (Adopted 10/12/93) Rule 33.9 Part 70 Permits—Compliance

Provisions (Adopted 4/10/01)
Rule 33.10 Part 70 Permits—General Part 70

Permits (Adopted 10/12/93)
Rule 34 Acid Deposition Control (Adopted

3/14/95)
Rule 35 Elective Emission Limits (Adopted -11/12/96)

Rule 36 New Source Review—Hazardous Air Pollutants (Adopted 10/6/98)

Rule 42 Permit Fees (Adopted 5/14/02) Rule 44 Exemption Evaluation Fee (Adopted 9/10/96)

Rule 45 Plan Fees (Adopted 6/19/90) Rule 47 Source Test, Emission Monitor, and Call-Back Fees (Adopted 6/22/99)

Rule 45.2 Asbestos Removal Fees (Adopted 8/4/92)

Rule 50 Opacity (Adopted 2/20/79)
Rule 52 Particulate Matter-Concentration
(Adopted 5/23/72)

Rule 53 Particulate Matter-Process Weight (Adopted 7/18/72)

Rule 54 Sulfur Compounds (Adopted 6/14/94)

Rule 56 Open Fires (Adopted 3/29/94)
Rule 57 Combustion Contaminants-Specific

(Adopted 6/14/77)
Rule 60 New,Non-Mobile Equipment-Sulfur
Dioxide, Nitrogen Oxides, and Particulate
Matter (Adopted 7/8/72)

Rule 62.7 Asbestos—Demolition and Renovation (Adopted 6/16/92) Rule 63 Separation and Combination of Emissions (Adopted 11/21/78)

Rule 64 Sulfur Content of Fuels (Adopted 4/13/99)

Rule 67 Vacuum Producing Devices (Adopted 7/5/83)

Rule 68 Carbon Monoxide (Adopted 6/14/77)
Rule 71 Crude Oil and Reactive Organic

Rule 71 Crude Oil and Reactive Organic Compound Liquids (Adopted 12/13/94) Rule 71.1 Crude Oil Production and Separation (Adopted 6/16/92)

Rule 71.2 Storage of Reactive Organic Compound Liquids (Adopted 9/26/89) Rule 71.3 Transfer of Reactive Organic Compound Liquids (Adopted 6/16/92)

Rule 71.4 Petroleum Sumps, Pits, Ponds, and Well Cellars (Adopted 6/8/93) Rule 71.5 Glycol Dehydrators (Adopted 12/

13/94) Rule 72 New Source Performance Standards

(NSPS) (Adopted 4/10/01) Rule 73 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) (Adopted 04/10/01)

Rule 74 Specific Source Standards (Adopted 7/6/76)

Rule 74.1 Abrasive Blasting (Adopted 11/12/91)

Rule 74.2 Architectural Coatings (Adopted 11/13/01)

Rule 74.6 Surface Cleaning and Degreasing (Adopted 1/08/02)

Rule 74.6.1 Cold Cleaning Operations (Adopted 7/9/96)

Rule 74.6.2 Batch Loaded Vapor Degreasing Operations (Adopted 7/9/96)

Rule 74.7 Fugitive Emissions of Reactive Organic Compounds at Petroleum Refineries and Chemical Plants (Adopted 10/10/95)

Rule 74.8 Refinery Vacuum Producing Systems, Waste-water Separators and Process Turnarounds (Adopted 7/5/83) Rule 74.9 Stationary Internal Combustion

Engines (Adopted 12/21/93)
Rule 74.10 Components at Crude Oil

Production Facilities and Natural Gas Production and Processing Facilities (Adopted 3/10/95) Rule 74.11 Natural Gas-Fired Residential

Water Heaters-Control of  $NO_X$  (Adopted 4/9/85) Rule 74.11.1 Large Water Heaters and Small

Boilers (Adopted 9/14/99) Rule 74.12 Surface Coating of Metal Parts and Products (Adopted 9/10/96)

and Products (Adopted 9/10/96)
Rule 74.15 Boilers, Steam Generators and
Process Heaters (Adopted 11/8/94)

Rule 74.15.1 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters (Adopted 6/13/00) Rule 74.16 Oil Field Drilling Operations

(Adopted 1/8/91)
Rule 74.20 Adhesives and Sealants

(Adopted 1/14/97) Rule 74.23 Stationary Gas Turbines (Adopted 1/08/02)

Rule 74.24 Marine Coating Operations (Adopted 9/10/96)

Rule 74.24.1 Pleasure Craft Coating and Commercial Boatyard Operations (Adopted 1/08/02)

Rule 74.26 Crude Oil Storage Tank
Degassing Operations (Adopted 11/8/94)
Rule 74.27 Gasoline and ROC Liquid
Storage Tank Degassing Operations

Storage Tank Degassing Operations (Adopted 11/8/94)

Rule 74.28 Asphalt Roofing Operations (Adopted 5/10/94)

Rule 74.30 Wood Products Coatings (Adopted 9/10/96)

Rule 75 Circumvention (Adopted 11/27/78) Rule 100 Analytical Methods (Adopted 7/ 18/72)

Rule 101 Sampling and Testing Facilities (Adopted 5/23/72)

Rule 102 Source Tests (Adopted 11/21/78) Rule 103 Continuous Monitoring Systems (Adopted 2/9/99)

Rule 154 Stage 1 Episode Actions (Adopted 9/17/91)

Rule 155 Stage 2 Episode Actions (Adopted 9/17/91)

Rule 156 Stage 3 Episode Actions (Adopted 9/17/91)

Rule 158 Source Abatement Plans (Adopted 9/17/91)

Rule 159 Traffic Abatement Procedures (Adopted 9/17/91)

Rule 220 General Conformity (Adopted 5/9/95)

Rule 230 Notice to Comply (Adopted 11/9/99)

[FR Doc. 02-20867 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## 47 CFR Part 25

[IB Docket 01-96; FCC 02-123]

## Policies and Service Rules for the Non-Geostationary Satellite Orbit, Fixed Satellite Service in the KU-Band

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission has adopted licensing and service rules for entities to provide Non-Geostationary Satellite Orbit, Fixed Satellite Service (NGSO FSS) in the Ku-Band frequencies, specifically the 10.7-11.7 GHz, 11.7-12.2 GHz, 12.2-12.7 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz, 13.75-14.0 GHz, and 14.0-14.5 GHz frequency bands. The Commission proposes adopting a methodology by which NGSO FSS applicants will demonstrate that they meet limits on their interference into geostationary-satellite orbit systems operating in shared frequencies. The Commission seeks comment on the means and timing for implementing that methodology. The Commission also request comment on a refinement of the definition of an in-line interference event adopted in the Report and Order for the NGSO FSS.

DATES: Comments are due on or before September 30, 2002 and reply comments are due on or before October 15, 2002. ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. For filing instructions, see SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For more information regarding the proposed rule, contact J. Mark Young, Attorney Advisor, Satellite Division, International Bureau, telephone (202) 418–0762 or via the Internet at myoung@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in IB Docket No. 01-96, FCC 02-123, adopted April 18, 2002 and released April 26, 2002. The complete text of this *Further* Notice of Proposed Rulemaking is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-A257, Washington, DC. This document may also be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, telephone (202) 863-2893, facsimile (202) 863-2898 or via e-mail qualexint@aol.com. It is also available on the Commission's Web site at http://www.fcc.gov.

# Summary of the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

1. The rules proposed in the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking will not slow system development or deployment. The Commission's consideration of these additional issues will not excuse licensees' noncompliance with Commission milestones or otherwise justify any extension of time to meet those milestones.

2. The Commission's review of the record in this docket suggests that the Commission could optimize spectrum efficiency in this service by refining the angular separation definition of an inline interference event. The Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking requests comment on whether the definition should be changed for this reason. The record developed in the docket also informs the Commission of a significant amount of progress in International Telecommunications Union Radiocommunication (ITU-R) studies on the power flux density criteria that sets the bounds of NGSO and geostationary satellite orbit sharing in these Ku-Band frequencies. The Commission has consistently stated that all NGSO FSS licensees will be required to demonstrate that they collectively meet a limit on aggregate power flux

density, although the means for making that demonstration had not yet been developed. In the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission proposes to adopt the newly developed ITU-R methodology for NGSO FSS licensees, and seek comment on issues related to this new methodology.

## **Comment Filing Instructions**

3. Pursuant to §§ 1.415 and 1.419 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.419, interested parties may file comments on or before September 30, 2002 and reply comments on or before October 15, 2002. Comments may be filed using the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS), http://www.fcc.gov/e-file/ecfs.html, or by filing paper copies.See Electronic Filing of Documents in Rule Making Proceedings, 63 FR 24,121 (1998).

4. Comments filed through the ECFS can be sent as an electronic file via the Internet to http://www.fcc.gov/e-file/ ecfs.html. Generally, only one copy of an electronic submission must be filed. If multiple docket or rule making numbers appear in the caption of this proceeding, however, commenters must transmit one electronic copy of the comments to each docket or rule making number referenced in the caption. In completing the transmittal screen, commenters should include their full name, U.S. Postal Service mailing address, and the applicable docket or rulemaking number. Parties may also submit an electronic comment by Internet e-mail. To get filing instructions for e-mail comments, commenters should send an E-mail to ecfs@fcc.gov, and should including the following words in the body of the message, "get form <your e-mail address>." A sample form and directions will be sent in

5. Parties who choose to file by paper must file an original and four copies of each filing. If more than one docket or rule making number appear in the caption of this proceeding, commenters must submit two additional copies for each additional docket or rule making number. Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Service mail (although we continue to experience delays in receiving U.S. Postal Service mail). The Commission's contractor, Vistronix, Inc., will receive handdelivered or messenger-delivered paper filings for the Commission's Secretary at 236 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Suite 110, Washington, DC 20002. The filing hours at this location are 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners.

Any envelopes must be disposed of before entering the building. Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743. U.S. Postal Service first-class mail, Express Mail, and Priority Mail should be addressed to: 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary Federal Communications Commission. Comments and reply comments will be available for public inspection during regular business hours in the FCC Reference Center of the Federal Communications Commission, Room TW-A306, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554.

6. Parties who choose to file by paper should also submit their comments on diskette. These diskettes should be submitted to: Commission's Secretary, Marlene Dortch, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, The Portals, 445 Twelfth Street, SW., Room TW-A325, Washington, DC 20554. Such a submission should be on a 3.5-inch diskette formatted in an IBM compatible format using Word for Windows or compatible software. The diskette should be accompanied by a cover letter and should be submitted in "read only" mode. The diskette should be clearly labeled with the commenter's name, the docket number of this proceeding, type of pleading (comment or reply comment), date of submission, and the name of the electronic file on the diskette. The label should also include the following phrase "Disk Copy—Not an Original." Each diskette should contain only one party's pleading, preferably in a single electronic file. In addition, commenters must send diskette copies to the Commission's copy contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554.

# Initial Regulatory Flexibility Certification

7. The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, as amended (RFA), requires that an initial regulatory flexibility analysis be prepared for notice and comment rulemaking proceedings, unless the agency certifies that "the rule will not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities." The RFA generally defines "small entity" as having the same meaning as the terms "small business," "small organization," and "small governmental jurisdiction." In addition, the term "small business" has the same meaning as the term

"small business concern" under the Small Business Act. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 601(3), the statutory definition of a small business applies "unless an agency, after consultation with the Office of Advocacy of the Small Business Administration and after opportunity for public comment, establishes one or more definitions of such term which are appropriate to the activities of the agency and publishes such definition(s) in the Federal Register. A small business concern is one which: (a) Is independently owned and operated; (b) is not dominant in its field of operation; and (c) satisfies any additional criteria established by the Small Business Administration (SBA).

8. This Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking ("Further NPRM") seeks comment on two proposals. One proposal is to adopt a methodology by which non-geostationary satellite orbit, fixed satellite service ("NGSO FSS") applicants will demonstrate that they meet a limit on their interference into geostationary-satellite orbit systems operating in shared frequencies. The second proposal is to refine the definition of an in-line interference event to accommodate high-powered NGSO FSS systems. If commenters believe that the proposed rules discussed in the Further NPRM require additional RFA analysis, they should include a discussion of this in their comments.

9. Neither the Commission nor the U.S. Small Business Administration has developed a small business size standard specifically for NGSO FSS licensees. The appropriate size standard is therefore the SBA standard for Satellite Telecommunications, which provides that such entities are small if they have \$12.5 million or less in annual revenues.

10. Therefore, we certify that the proposals in this *Further NPRM*, if adopted, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

#### **Ordering Clauses**

11. Pursuant to sections 4(i), 7(a), 303(c), 303(f), 303(g), and 303(r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 157(a), 303(c), 303(f), 303(g), and 303(r), this Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking is adopted.

12. The Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Reference Information Center, shall send a copy of this Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, including the Initial Regulatory Flexibility Certification, in a report to Congress pursuant to the Congressional Review Act, see 5 U.S.C.

801(a)(1)(A); and shall also send a copy of this Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, including the Initial Regulatory Flexibility Certification, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration. See 5 U.S.C. 605(b). This initial certification will also be published in the Federal Register.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20818 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

#### 49 CFR Part 594

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

[Docket No. NHTSA 2002–12939; Notice 1] RIN 2127–AI77

# Schedule of Fees Authorized by 49 U.S.C. 30141

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This document proposes fees for Fiscal Year (FY) 2003 and until further notice, as authorized by 49 U.S.C. 30141, relating to the registration of importers and the importation of motor vehicles not certified as conforming to the Federal motor vehicle safety standards (FMVSS). These fees are needed to maintain the registered importer (RI) program.

**DATES:** You should submit your comments early enough to ensure that Docket Management receives them not later than September 13, 2002.

ADDRESSES: You may submit your comments in writing to: Docket Management, Room PL-401, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590. Alternatively, you may submit your comments electronically by logging onto the Docket Management System (DMS) website at http://dms.dot.gov. Click on "Help & Information" of "Help/Info" to view instructions for filing your comments electronically. Regardless of how you submit your comments, you should mention the docket and notice number of this document. You can find the number at the beginning of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For non-legal issues, you may call Mr. Luke Loy, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, Office of Safety Assurance, NHTSA (202–366–5308).

For legal issues, you may call Mr. Coleman Sachs, Office of Chief Counsel, NHTSA (202–366–5238).

You may call Docket Management at 202–366–9324. You may visit the Docket from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Introduction

On June 24, 1996, we published a notice in the Federal Register at 61 FR 32411 that discussed the rulemaking history of 49 CFR part 594 and the fees authorized by the Imported Vehicle Safety Compliance Act of 1988, Pub. L. 100–562, since recodified as 49 U.S.C. 30141–30147. The reader is referred to that notice for background information relating to this rulemaking action. Certain fees became effective on January 31, 1990, and have been in effect and occasionally modified since then.

The fees applicable in any fiscal year are to be established before the beginning of such year. We are proposing fees that would become effective on October 1, 2002, the beginning of FY 2003. The statute authorizes fees to cover the costs of the importer registration program, to cover the cost of making import eligibility determinations, and to cover the cost of processing the bonds furnished to the Customs Service. We last amended the fee schedule in 2000. See final rule published on September 19, 2000 at 65 FR 56497. Those amendments have applied in Fiscal Years 2001-2002.

The fees are based on actual time and costs associated with the tasks for which the fees are assessed, and reflect the slight increase in hourly costs in the past two fiscal years attributable to the 3.57 and 4.52 percent raise (including the locality adjustment for Washington, DC) in salaries of employees on the General Schedule that became effective, respectively, on January 1, 2001 and January 1, 2002.

## Requirements of the Fee Regulation

Section 594.6—Annual Fee for Administration of the Importer Registration Program

Section 30141(a)(3) of Title 49 U.S.C. provides that RIs must pay "the annual fee the Secretary of Transportation establishes \* \* \* to pay for the costs of carrying out the registration program for importers \* \* \* ." This fee is payable both by new applicants and by existing RIs. For an RI to maintain its registration, it must file a statement at the time it submits its annual fee affirming that the information it previously furnished in its registration

application (or in later amendments) remains correct (49 CFR 592.5(e)).

In compliance with the statutory directive, we reviewed the existing fees and their bases for the purpose of establishing fees that would be sufficient to recover the costs of carrying out the registration program for importers for at least the next two fiscal years. The initial component of the Registration Program Fee is the fee attributable to processing and acting upon registration applications. We have tentatively determined that this fee should be increased from \$345 to \$395 for new applications. We have also tentatively determined that the fee representing the review of the annual statement should be increased from \$177 to \$195. The adjustments proposed reflect our recent experience in time spent reviewing both new applications and annual statements with accompanying documentation, as well as the inflation factor attributable to Federal salary increases and locality adjustments in the past two years since the regulation was last amended.

We must also recover costs attributable to maintenance of the registration program that arise from our need to review a registrant's annual statement and to verify the continuing validity of information already submitted. These costs also include anticipated costs attributable to possible revocation or suspension of registrations.

Based upon our review of the costs associated with this program, the portion of the fee attributable to the maintenance of the registration program is approximately \$260 for each RI, an increase of \$21. When this \$260 is added to the \$395 representing the registration application component, the cost to an applicant equals \$655, which is the fee we propose. This represents an increase of \$71 from the existing fee. When the \$260 is added to the \$195 representing the annual statement component, the total cost to the RI is \$455, which represents an increase of

Sec. 594.6(h) recounts indirect costs that were previously estimated at \$13.90 per man-hour. This should be raised \$0.95, to \$14.85, based on the agency costs discussed above.

Sections 594.7, 594.8—Fees To Cover Agency Costs in Making Importation Eligibility Determinations

Section 30141(a)(3) also requires registered importers to pay "other fees the Secretary of Transportation establishes to pay for the costs of \* \* \* (B) making the decisions under this subchapter." This includes decisions on

whether the vehicle sought to be imported is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for import into and sale in the United States, and certified as meeting the FMVSS, and whether it is capable of being readily altered to meet those standards. Alternatively, where there is no substantial similar U.S.-certified motor vehicle, the decision is whether the safety features of the vehicle comply with or are capable of being altered to comply with the FMVSS. These decisions are made in response to petitions submitted by RIs or manufacturers, or pursuant to the Administrator's initiative.

The fee for a vehicle imported under an eligibility decision made pursuant to a petition is payable in part by the petitioner and in part by other importers. The fee to be charged for each vehicle is the estimated pro rata share of the costs in making all the eligibility determinations in a fiscal

Inflation and the small raises under the General Schedule also must be taken into account in the computation of costs. However, we have been able to reduce our processing costs through combining several decisions in a single Federal Register notice as well as achieving efficiencies through improved word processing techniques. Accordingly, we propose to maintain the fee of \$175 presently required to accompany a "substantially similar" petition at the same level, and to also maintain at the same level the \$800 fee that accompanies petitions for vehicles that are not substantially similar and that have no U.S.-certified counterpart. In the event that a petitioner requests an inspection of a vehicle, the fee will remain at \$550 for each of those types of petitions.

The importer of each vehicle determined to be eligible for importation pursuant to a petition currently must pay \$125 upon its importation, the same fee applicable to those whose vehicles are covered by an eligibility determination on the agency's initiative (other than vehicles imported from Canada that are covered by vehicle eligibility numbers VSA-80 through VSA-33, for which no eligibility determination fee is assessed). The importation fee varies depending upon the basis on which the agency made the import eligibility decision. For vehicles covered by eligibility decisions resulting from petitions under 49 CFR 593.6(b), based on the safety features of the vehicle complying with, or being capable of being modified to comply with all applicable FMVSS, the fee would remain at \$125. For vehicles

covered by eligibility decisions resulting from petitions under 49 CFR 593.6(a), based on the substantial similarity of the vehicle to a vehicle that was originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified by its manufacturer as complying with all applicable FMVSS, the fee would remain at \$105. Costs associated with previous eligibility decisions on the agency's own initiative will have been recovered by October 1, 2002. We would apply the fee of \$125 per vehicle only to vehicles covered by decisions made by the agency on its own initiative on and after October 1, 2002.

Section 594.9—Fee To Recover the Costs of Processing the Bond

Section 30141(a)(3) also requires a registered importer to pay "any other fees the Secretary of Transportation establishes \* \* \* to pay for the costs of—(A) processing bonds provided to the Secretary of the Treasury" upon the importation of a nonconforming vehicle to ensure that the vehicle will be brought into compliance within a reasonable time or if the vehicle is not brought into compliance within such time, that it is exported, without cost to the United States, or abandoned to the United States.

The statute contemplates that we will make a reasonable determination of the cost to the United States Customs Service of processing the bond. In essence, the cost to Customs is based upon an estimate of the time that a GS–9, Step 5 employee spends on each entry, which Customs has judged to be 20 minutes.

Because of the modest salary and locality raises in the General Schedule that were effective at the beginning of 2001 and 2002, we propose that the current processing fee be increased by \$0.45, from \$5.75 per bond to \$6.20.

Section 594.10—Fee for Review and Processing of Conformity Certificate

This fee requires each RI to pay \$16 per vehicle to cover the cost of the agency's review of any certificate of conformity furnished to the Administrator. However, if a RI enters a vehicle with the U.S. Customs Service through the Automated Broker Interface (ABS), has an e-mail address to receive communications from NHTSA, and pays the fee by credit card, the fee is \$6. Based upon an analysis of the direct and indirect costs for the review and processing of these certificates, we find that the costs for processing nonautomated entries have increased on the average of \$2 per vehicle. We are therefore proposing to increase the fee for recovering these costs to \$18. Since

there has been no change in the cost to the agency for processing automated entries, we propose to maintain the fee for recovering these costs at the current \$6 level. However, if an ABS entry contains one or more errors, the timesaving advantages of electronic entry are not realized. Accordingly, we are proposing to assess the full \$18 fee for processing certificates based on ABS entries with one or more errors. However, if an acceptable electronic correction of the erroneous entry is sent to NHTSA, we are proposing to assess a \$12 fee for processing the certificate.

#### Comment Period

Section 30141(e) provides that the Secretary shall review and make appropriate adjustments at least every 2 years to the fees, before the beginning of the fiscal year in which they are to become effective. In order to satisfy this statutory requirement of making adjustments before the fiscal year, we are reducing the ordinary 30 day comment period. Receipt of comments by September 13, 2002 will enable us to meet the deadline.

Effective Date

The proposed effective date of the final rule is October 1, 2002.

# **Rulemaking Analyses**

A. Executive Order 12866 and DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures

This rulemaking action was not reviewed under Executive Order 12866, "Regulatory Planning and Review." Further, NHTSA has determined that the action is not significant under Department of Transportation regulatory policies and procedures. Based on the level of the fees and the volume of affected vehicles, NHTSA currently anticipates that the costs of the final rule will be so minimal as not to warrant preparation of a full regulatory evaluation. The action does not involve any substantial public interest or controversy. There will be no substantial effect upon State and local governments. There will be no substantial impact upon a major transportation safety program. Both the number of registered importers and determinations are estimated to be comparatively small. A regulatory evaluation analyzing the economic impact of the final rule adopted on September 29, 1989, was prepared, and is available for review in the NHTSA

## B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The agency has also considered the effects of this action in relation to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. Sec.

601 et seq.). I certify that this action will not have a substantial economic impact upon a substantial number of small entities

The following is NHTSA's statement providing the factual basis for the certification (5 U.S.C. Sec. 605(b)). The proposed amendment would primarily affect entities that currently modify nonconforming vehicles and that are small businesses within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act; however, the agency has no reason to believe that a substantial number of these companies cannot pay the fees proposed by this action, which are either unchanged or only modestly increased from those now being paid by these entities, and which can be recouped through their customers. Costs to owners or purchasers for the alteration of nonconforming vehicles to conform with the FMVSS may be expected to increase (or decrease) to the extent necessary to reimburse the registered importer for the fees payable to the agency for the cost of carrying out the registration program and making eligibility decisions, and to compensate Customs for its bond processing costs.

Governmental jurisdictions will not be affected at all since they are generally neither importers nor purchasers of nonconforming motor vehicles.

# C. Executive Order 13132 (Federalism)

Executive Order 13132 on "Federalism" requires NHTSA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by State and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have federalism implications." Executive Order 13132 defines the term "Policies that have federalism implications" to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government." Under Executive Order 13132, NHTSA may not issue a regulation that has federalism implication, that imposes substantial direct compliance costs, and that is not required by statute, unless the Federal government provides the funds necessary to pay the direct compliance costs incurred by State and local governments, or NHTSA consults with State and local officials early in the process of developing the proposed regulation.

The proposed rule will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government as specified in Executive Order 13132. Thus, the requirements of section 6 of the Executive Order do not apply to this rulemaking action.

# D. National Environmental Policy Act

NHTSA has analyzed this action for purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act. The action will not have a significant effect upon the environment because it is anticipated that the annual volume of motor vehicles imported through registered importers will not vary significantly from that existing before promulgation of the rule.

# E. Civil Justice Reform

This proposed rule does not have a retroactive or preemptive effect. Judicial review of a rule based on this proposal may be obtained pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 702. That section does not require that a petition for reconsideration be filed prior to seeking judicial review.

# F. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104—4) requires agencies to prepare a written assessment of the cost, benefits, and other effects of proposed or final rules that include a Federal mandate likely to result in the expenditure by State, local, or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of more than \$100 million annually. Because a final rule based on this proposal would not have an effect of this magnitude, no Unfunded Mandates assessment has been prepared.

### G. Plain Language

Executive Order 12866 and the President's memorandum of June 1, 1998, require each agency to write all rules in plain language. Application of the principles of plain language include consideration of the following questions:

- —Have we organized the material to suit the public's needs?
- —Are the requirements in the proposed rule clearly stated?
- —Does the proposed rule contain technical language or jargon that is unclear?
- —Would a different format (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing) make the rule easier to understand?
- —Would more (but shorter) sections be better?
- —Could we improve clarity by adding tables, lists, or diagrams?

—What else could we do to make the rule easier to understand?

If you have any responses to these questions, please include them in your comments on this document.

# **Request for Comments**

# How Do I Prepare and Submit Comments?

Your comments must be written and in English. To ensure that your comments are correctly filed in the Docket, please include the docket number of this document in your comments.

Your comments must not be more than 15 pages long (49 CFR 553.21). We established this limit to encourage you to write your primary comments in a concise fashion. However, you may attach necessary additional documents to your comments. There is no limit on the length of the attachments.

Please submit two copies of your comments, including the attachments, to Docket Management at the address given at the beginning of this document, under ADDRESSES.

# How Can I Be Sure That My Comments Were Received?

If you wish Docket Management to notify you upon its receipt of your comments, enclose a self-addressed, stamped postcard in the envelope containing your comments. Upon receiving your comments, Docket Management will return the postcard by mail.

# How Do I Submit Confidential Business Information?

If you wish to submit any information under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential business information, to the Chief Counsel, NHTSA, at the address given at the beginning of this document under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. In addition, you should submit two copies from which you have deleted the claimed confidential business information, to Docket Management at the address given at the beginning of this document under ADDRESSES. When you send a comment containing information claimed to be confidential business information, you should include a cover letter setting forth the information specified in our confidential business information regulation, 49 CFR part 512.

# Will the Agency Consider Late Comments?

We will consider all comments that Docket Management receives before the close of business on the comment closing date indicated at the beginning of this notice under DATES. To the extent possible, we will also consider comments that Docket Management receives after that date. If Docket Management receives a comment too late for us to consider in developing a final rule (assuming that one is issued), we will consider that comment as an informal suggestion for future rulemaking action.

# How Can I Read the Comments Submitted by Other People?

You may read the comments received by Docket Management at the address and times given at the beginning of this document under ADDRESSES. You may also read the comments on the internet. To read the comments on the internet, take the following steps:

(1) Go to the Docket Management System (DMS) Web page of the Department of Transportation (http:// dms.dot.gov/).

(2) On that page, click on "search."
(3) On the next page (http://dms.dot.gov/search/), type in the four-digit docket number shown at the heading of this document. Example: if the docket number were "NHTSA-2000-1234," you would type "1234."

(4) After typing the docket number, click on "search."

(5) The next page contains docket summary information for the docket you selected. Click on the comments you wish to see.

You may download the comments. Although the comments are imaged documents, instead of the word processing documents, the "pdf" versions of the documents are word searchable. Please note that even after the comment closing date, we will continue to file relevant information in the Docket as it becomes available. Further, some people may submit late comments. Accordingly, we recommend that you periodically search the Docket for new material.

# List of Subjects in 49 CFR part 594

Imports, Motor vehicle safety, Motor vehicles.

# PART 594—SCHEDULE OF FEES AUTHORIZED BY 49 U.S.C. 30141

In consideration of the foregoing, 49 CFR part 594 would be amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for part 594 would continue to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141, 30166; delegation of authority at 49 CFR 1.50.

2. Section 594.6 would be amended by:

A. revising the introductory text of paragraph (a),

B. revising paragraph (b), C. changing the year "2000" in paragraph (d) to read "2002,"

D. revising paragraph (h); and E. revising paragraph (i). The revised text reads as follows:

# § 594.6 Annual fee for administration of the registration program.

(a) Each person filing an application to be granted the status of a Registered Importer pursuant to part 592 of this chapter on or after October 1, 2002, must pay an annual fee of \$655, as calculated below, based upon the direct and indirect costs attributable to: \* \* \*

(b) That portion of the initial annual fee attributable to the processing of the application for applications filed on and after October 1, 2002, is \$395. The sum of \$395, representing this portion, shall not be refundable if the application is denied or withdrawn.

\* \* \* \* \* \* hour for the period beginning October 1,

(i) Based upon the elements, and indirect costs of paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of this section, the component of the initial annual fee attributable to administration of the registration program, covering the period beginning October 1, 2002, is \$260. When added to the costs of registration of \$395, as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, the

costs per applicant to be recovered through the annual fee are \$655. The annual renewal registration fee for the period beginning October 1, 2002, is \$455.

3. Section 594.7 would be amended by revising paragraph (e) to read as follows:

# § 594.7 Fee for filing petitions for a determination whether a vehicle is eligible for importation.

(e) For petitions filed on and after October 1, 2002, the fee payable for seeking a determination under paragraph (a)(1) of this section is \$175. The fee payable for a petition seeking a determination under paragraph (a)(2) of this section is \$800. If the petitioner requests an inspection of a vehicle, the sum of \$550 shall be added to such fee. No portion of this fee is refundable if the petition is withdrawn or denied.

4. Section 594.8 is amended by revising the first sentence of paragraph (c) to read as follows:

# § 594.8 Fee for importing a vehicle pursuant to a determination by the Administrator.

\*

(c) If a determination has been made on or after October 1, 2002, pursuant to the Administrator's initiative, the fee for each vehicle is \$125. \* \* \*

5. Section 594.9 would be amended by reviving paragraph (c) to read as follows:

# § 594.9 Fee for reimbursement of bond processing costs.

(c) The bond processing fee for each vehicle imported on and after October 1, 2002, for which a certificate of conformity is furnished, is \$6.20.

6. Section 594.10 would be amended by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

# § 594.10 Fee for review and processing of conformity certificate.

(d) The review and processing fee for each certificate of conformity submitted on and after October 1, 2002 is \$18. However, if the vehicle covered by the certificate has been entered electronically with the U.S. Customs Service through the Automated Broker Interface and the registered importer submitting the certificate has an e-mail address, the fee for the certificate is \$6, provided that the fee is paid by a credit card issued to the registered importer. If NHTSA finds that the information in the entry or the certificate is incorrect, requiring further processing, the processing fee shall be \$18. If the importer electronically corrects the incorrect information, the processing fee shall be \$12.

Issued on: August 13, 2002.

# L. Robert Shelton,

Executive Director

[FR Doc. 02–20913 Filed 8–13–02; 3:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

# **Notices**

Federal Register

Vol. 67, No. 159

Friday, August 16, 2002

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

# **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

### **Agricultural Research Service**

# Notice of Intent To Seek Public Comment

AGENCY: National Agricultural Library, Agricultural Research Service, USDA. ACTION: Notice of issuance of a report for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the National Agricultural Library, Agricultural Research Service, USDA has issued the task force "Report on the National Agricultural Library 2001" for public comment. Comments received will be reviewed by the National Agricultural Research, Education, Extension and Economics Advisory Board and considered in the development of specific recommendations to the Department for the future management of the National Agricultural Library.

DATES: Submit comments September 16, 2002. Comments received after this date will be considered if it is practical to do so, but the USDA is able to ensure consideration only for comments received on or before this date. ADDRESSES: Address all comments concerning this notice to Dr. Susan McCarthy, Technical Information Specialist, USDA, ARS, National Agricultural Library, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Room 203, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Submit electronic comments to comments@nal.usda.gov. Copies of the Report can be obtained through the NAL Home Page address: http://www.nal.usda.gov/brp/ and are also available for on-site review in the Reading Room of the National Agricultural Library, Beltsville, MD. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan McCarthy, Phone: 301-504-5510, or FAX: 301-504-6951, or by E-mail:

smccarth@nal.usda.gov, please

reference this Notice in the subject line.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The task force "Report on the National Agricultural Library 2001" is being issued for a 30-day public comment period. The report represents the work of a task force to assess the National Agricultural Library (NAL) in pursuit of its legislated mandate to serve as the chief agricultural information resource of the United States ("Food, Agriculture, Conservation and Trade Act of 1990" codified at 7 USCS 3125a). The task force conducted an extensive study of the mission, management, programs and operations of the NAL. The study included stakeholder surveys, comparisons with other national library operations, and internal reviews. Through this report the task force laid the foundation for substantiative recommendations to the Department for the long-term management of NAL, an important information resource for the food, fiber, and agriculture enterprise. Information received through the public comment process will assist the National Agricultural Research, Education, Extension, and Economics Advisory Board (NAREEE Advisory Board) to develop recommendations for the Department of Agriculture to guide the future management of the NAL. The NAREEE Advisory Board is the official advisory board for USDA's Research, Extension, and Economics Mission Area and is able to provide consensus recommendations to the Department based on public input.

Specifically, USDA is seeking information through comments on the "Report of the National Agricultural Library 2001" regarding the preliminary recommendations issued in the Report. The recommendations relate to issues of: innovation in information services; organizational structure; planning and evaluation processes; and leadership. In addition, comments are sought on behalf of the comprehensive information support system needed for an efficient and robust food, fiber, and agriculture enterprise. Comments are sought on the need to create critical information services and programs not currently provided; or to cease redundant or nonessential services and programs. All responses to this notice will be summarized and provided to the NAREEE Advisory Board for consideration in the development of recommendations to the Department of

Agriculture. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Authority: 41 CFR Parts 101–6 and 102–3 Federal Advisory Committee Management; Final Rule.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

Caird E. Rexroad,

Acting Associate Administrator. [FR Doc. 02–20881 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-03-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

### **Commodity Credit Corporation**

Request for Public Hearing on 2002— Crop Cane Sugar Marketing Allotments and Allocations

**AGENCY:** Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of opportunity to request a public hearing.

The Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) is issuing this notice to advise sugarcane processors and growers that they may request a public hearing regarding 2002-crop cane State sugar marketing allotments and the allocation of cane State sugar marketing allotments to sugarcane processors under the Sugar Program. Sections 359c and 359d of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended by section 1403 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Pub. L. 107-171), require that the Secretary shall make cane State sugar marketing allotments and the allocation of cane State sugar marketing allotments to sugarcane processors after a hearing, if requested by the affected sugarcane processors or growers. If such request is made by affected parties by August 20, 2002, CCC will conduct a hearing on August 29, 2002, at 10 a.m., in the Jefferson Auditorium of the U.S. Department of Agriculture South Building, 1400 Independence Ave, Washington, DC. CCC will publicly announce the hearing if one is requested. Sugarcane growers, processors, and refiners, sugar beet growers and processors, sugar users, and all other interested parties would be welcome to attend if such hearing is held. State cane sugar marketing allotments and their allocation to sugarcane processors and sugar beet processor allocations will be announced before October 1, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Please send hearing requests to Thomas Bickerton, Economic and Policy Analysis Staff, United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Stop 0516, 1400 Independence Ave., SW, Washington, DC 20250–0504. Phone: (202) 720–6733. Fax: (202) 690–1480. E-mail:

Thomas. Bickerton @usda. gov.

Signed in Washington, DC, on August 13, 2002.

## James R. Little,

Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[FR Doc. 02-20928 Filed 8-13-02; 4:48 pm]

BILLING CODE 3410-05-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

#### **Forest Service**

# Ravalli County Resource Advisory Committee

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The Ravalli County Resource Advisory Committee will be meeting to discuss projects to fund this fiscal year. Agenda topics will include Project selection feedback, future project development and a public forum (question and answer session). The meeting is being held pursuant to the authorities in the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463) and under the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106–393). The meeting is open to the public.

DATES: The meeting will be held on August 27, 2002, 6:30 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Ravalli County Administration Building, 215 S. 4th Street, Hamilton, Montana. Send written comments to Jeanne Higgins, District Ranger, Stevensville Ranger District, 88 Main Street, Stevensville, MT 59870, by facsimile (406) 777–7423, or electronically to jmhiggins@fs.fed.us.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jeanne Higgins, Stevensville District Ranger and Designated Federal Officer, Phone: (406) 777–5461.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

# Lesley Thompson,

Acting Forest Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 02-20809 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### **Rural Utilities Service**

## Information Collection Activity; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Rural Utilities Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35, as amended), the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) invites comments on the following information collections for which RUS intends to request approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

DATES: Comments on this notice must be

received by October 15, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: F.
Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program
Development and Regulatory Analysis,
Rural Utilities Service, 1400
Independence Ave., SW., STOP 1522,
Room 4036, South Building,
Washington, DC 20250–1522.
Telephone: (202)720–9550. Fax: (202)

720–4120.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) regulation (5 CFR 1320) implementing provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) requires that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities [see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)]. This notice identifies information collections that RUS is submitting to OMB for

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to F. Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 1522, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20250-1522. Fax: (202) 720-4120.

• Title: 7 CFR Part 1789, Use of Consultants Funded by Borrowers.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0115.
Type of Request: Extension of a

 Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

 Abstract: Section 18(c) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (RE Act), as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) authorizes RUS to use consultants voluntarily funded by borrowers for financial, legal, engineering, and other technical services. Consultants may be used to facilitate timely action on loan applications by borrowers for financial assistance and for approvals required by RUS, pursuant to the terms of outstanding loans, or otherwise. RUS may not require borrowers to fund consultants. The provisions of section 18(c) may be utilized only at the borrower's request.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 2 hours per

response.

Respondents: Not for profit institutions; business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 6.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 12 hours.

• *Title:* Prospective Large Power Service.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0001.Type of Request: Extension of a

• Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

 Abstract: The RUS makes mortgage loans and loan guarantees to electric systems to provide and improve electric service in rural areas pursuant to the RE Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.). RUS electric borrowers often enter into special contracts with commercial and industrial consumers for the retail sale of electricity. These contracts typically require extensions to the borrower's electric system which may be financed with RUS loan funds, debt financing from another source, the borrower's own funds, sometimes called general funds, and/or funds provided by the consumer.

RUS review of these contracts is intended to protect the interests of the government as a secured lender and to foster the purposes of the RE Act. RUS Form 170, Prospective Large Power Service, provides RUS with information needed for this review.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 4 hours per

response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; business or other for-profit. Estimated Number of Respondents: 5. Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 20 hours.

• *Title*: Request for Approval to Sell Capital Assets.

• OMB Control Number: 0572–0020.

• *Type of Request:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

• Abstract: A borrower's assets provide the security for a Government loan. The selling of assets reduces the security and increases the risk to the Government. RUS Form 369 allows the borrower to seek agency permission to sell some of its assets. The form collects detailed information regarding the proposed sale of a portion of the borrower's systems. RUS electric utility borrowers complete this form to request RUS approval in order to sell capital assets when the fair market value exceeds 10 percent of the borrower's net utility plant.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 3 hours per

response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; business or other for-profit. Estimated Number of Respondents: 5. Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 15 hours.

• *Title:* Review Rating Summary, RUS Form 300.

• OMB Control Number: 0572-0025.

• Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

· Abstract: The RUS manages loan programs in accordance with the RE Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.). An important part of safeguarding loan security is to see that RUS financed facilities are being responsibly used, adequately operated, and adequately maintained. Future needs have to be anticipated to ensure that facilities will continue to produce revenue and that loans will be repaid as required by the RUS mortgage. A periodic operations and maintenance (O&M) review, using the RUS Form 300, in accordance with 7 CFR part 1730, is an effective means for RUS to determine whether the borrowers systems are being properly operated and maintained, thereby protecting the loan collateral. An O&M review is also used to rate facilities and can be used for appraisals of collateral as prescribed by OMB Circular A-129, Policies for Federal Credit Programs and Non-Tax Receivables.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 4 hours per response.

*Respondents:* Not-for-profit institutions.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 253.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 1,012 hours.

• *Title:* Lien Accommodations and Subordinations, 7 CFR Part 1717, Subparts R and S.

• OMB Control Number: 0572-0100.

• Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

· Abstract: The RE Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), authorizes and empowers the Administrator of RUS to make loans in the several States and Territories of the United States for rural electrification and the furnishing of electric energy to persons in rural areas who are not receiving central station service. The RE Act also authorizes and empowers the Administrator of RUS to provide financial assistance to borrowers for purposes provided in the RE Act by accommodating or subordinating loans made by the National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation, the Federal Financing Bank, and other lending agencies. 7 CFR part 1717, subparts R and S, sets forth policy and procedures to facilitate and support borrowers' efforts to obtain private sector financing of their capital needs, to allow borrowers greater flexibility in the management of their business affairs without compromising RUS loan security, and to reduce the cost to borrowers, in terms of time, expense and paperwork, of obtaining lien accommodations and subordinations.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1.64 hours per

response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; Business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 22.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.91.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 69 hours.

• *Title:* Mergers and Consolidations of Electric Borrowers, 7 CFR 1717, subpart D.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0114.

• Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

 Abstract: The RE Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), authorizes the RUS to make and guarantee loans for rural electrification.
 Due to deregulation and restructuring activities in the electric industry, RUS borrowers find it advantageous to merge or consolidate to meet the challenges of industry change. This information

collection addresses the requirements of RUS policies and procedures for mergers and consolidations of electric program borrowers.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 1.3 hours per response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institution; business or other for-profit. Estimated Number of Respondents:

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 7.9.

Éstimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 184 hours.

• Title: Financial and Statistical Report for Telecommunications Borrowers, RUS Form 479.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0031. Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: Each RUS telecommunications borrower signs a mortgage agreement that specifically requires the submission of annual audited financial statements. The information is provided on RUS Form 479.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 4 hours per response.

Respondents: Business or other forprofit; not-for-profit institutions. Estimated Number of Respondents:

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 3,200 hours.

• Title: 7 CFR 1744–E, Borrower Investments Telecommunications Loan Program.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0098. Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: The Rural Economic Development Act of 1990, Title XXIII of the Farm Bill, Public Law 101-624, authorized qualified RUS borrowers to make investments in rural development projects without the prior approval of the RUS Administrator, provided, however, that such investments do not cause the borrower to exceed its allowable qualified investment level as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in 7 CFR part 1744, subpart E. When a borrower exceeds these limits, the security for the Government's loans could be in jeopardy. However, in the interest of encouraging rural development, RUS will consider approving such investments that exceed a borrower's qualified investment level. This information collection covers those items that a borrower would need to submit to RUS for consideration of the

borrower's request to make a rural development investment.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 9.5 hours per response.

Respondents: Business or other forprofits; not-for-profit institutions. Estimated Number of Respondents:

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 238 hours.

*Title:* 7 CFR 1773, Policy on Audits of RUS Borrowers.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0095. Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: RUS, in representing the Federal Government as Mortgagee and in furthering the objectives of the RE Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), relies on the information provided by the borrowers in their financial statements to make lending decisions as to borrower's credit worthiness and to assure that loan funds are approved, advanced, and disbursed for proper RE Act purposes. These financial statements are audited by a certified public accountant to provide independent assurance that the data being reported are properly measured and fairly presented. Title 7 CFR part 1773 requires borrowers to furnish a full and complete report of their financial condition, operations and cash flows, in form and substance satisfactory to RUS, audited and certified by an independent certified public accountant, satisfactory to RUS, and accompanied by a report of such audit, in form and substance satisfactory to RUS.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 5.27 hours per response.

average 5.27 hours per response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit
institutions; business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents:
1,800.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 2.16.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 20,374 hours.

Copies of these information collections can be obtained from Michele Brooks, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, at (202) 690–1078. Fax: (202) 720–4120.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the requests for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

Hilda Gay Legg,

Administrator, Rural Utilities Service.
[FR Doc. 02–20803 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** 

**Rural Utilities Service** 

Information Collection Activity; Comment Request

AGENCY: Rural Utilities Service, USDA.
ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35, as amended), the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) invites comments on this information collection for which RUS intends to request approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

DATES: Comments on this notice must be

received by October 15, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: F.
Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program
Development and Regulatory Analysis,
Rural Utilities Service, 1400
Independence Ave., SW., STOP 1522,
Room 4036, South Building,
Washington, DC 20250–1522.
Telephone: (202) 720–9550. Fax: (202)
720–4120.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) regulation (5 CFR part 1320) implementing provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) requires that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities [see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)]. This notice identifies an information collection that RUS is submitting to OMB for extension.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to F. Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 1522, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20250-1522. Fax: (202) 720-4120.

This Notice covers two information collection packages which RUS proposes to combine into one collection. The collection will then be revised to include additional items that have been identified as burden on the public. The two collections are summarized as follows:

Title: Financial Requirements and Expenditure Statement, Electric.

OMB Control Number: 0572-0015.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently expressed collection.

currently approved collection.

Abstract: This collection is necessary to comply with the applicable provisions of the RUS loan contract. Borrowers submit requisitions to RUS for funds for project costs incurred. Insured loan funds will be advanced only for projects which are included in the RUS approved borrower's construction workplan or approved amendment and in an approved loan, as amended. The process of loan advances establishes the beginning of the audit trail of the use of loan funds which is required for subsequent RUS compliance audits.

compliance audits.

The RUS Form 595 is used as a requisition for advances of funds. The form helps to assure that loan funds are advanced only for the budget purposes and amount approved by RUS.

According to the applicable provisions of the RUS loan contract, borrowers must certify with each request for funds to be approved for advance, that such funds are for projects previously approved.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 11 hours per response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; business or other for profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 880.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 3.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 29,040 hours. Title: Inventory of Work Orders. OMB Control Number: 0572–0019. Type of Request: Revision of a

currently approved collection.

Abstract: When a prospective borrower requests and is granted an RUS loan, a loan contract is established between the Federal government, acting through the RUS Administrator, and the borrower. At the time this contract is entered into, the borrower must provide RUS with a list of projects for which loan funds will be spent, along with an itemized list of the estimated costs of these projects. Thus, the borrower receives a loan based upon estimated cost figures. RUS Form 219, Inventory of Work Orders, is one of the documents

the borrower submits to RUS to support actual expenditures and an advance of loan funds. The form also serves as a connecting link and provides an audit trail that originates with the advance of funds and terminates with evidence supporting the propriety of expenditures for construction or retirement projects.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1.5 hours per

response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; business or other for profit. Estimated Number of Respondents: 758.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 9.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 11,233 hours.

As previously discussed, the Agency intends to combine these two information collections into one collection as follows:

Title: Advance of Loan Funds and Budgetary Control and Other Related

Burdens.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0015. Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 4 hours per response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; business or other for profit. Estimated Number of Respondents:

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 11.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 32,550 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Michele Brooks, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, at (202) 690–1078. Fax: (202) 720–4120.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

Hilda Gav Legg,

Administrator, Rural Utilities Service. [FR Doc. 02–20804 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

### COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

# **Procurement List; Proposed Addition**

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase from People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Proposed addition to procurement list.

**SUMMARY:** The Committee is proposing to add to the Procurement List a service to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

Comments Must Be Received on or Before: September 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Jefferson Plaza 2, Suite 10800, 1421 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202–3259.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Sheryl D. Kennerly, (703) 603–7740.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published pursuant to 41 U.S.C 47(a) (2) and 41 CFR 51–2.3. Its purpose is to provide interested persons an opportunity to submit comments on the possible impact of the proposed action.

If the Committee approves the proposed addition, the entities of the Federal Government identified in the notice for each service will be required to procure the service listed below from nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

- 1. If approved, the action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the service to the Government.
- 2. If approved, the action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the service to the Government.
- 3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the service proposed for addition to the Procurement List. Comments on this certification are invited. Commenters should identify the statement(s) underlying the certification on which they are providing additional information.

The following service is proposed for addition to Procurement List for production by the nonprofit agencies listed:

### Service

Service Type/Location: Grounds Maintenance, Fort Douglas Cemetery, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NPA: Community Foundation for the Disabled, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Contract Activity: U.S. Army, 96th Regional Support Command, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Sheryl D. Kennerly,

Director, Information Management. [FR Doc. 02–20860 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6353–01–P

### COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

#### **Procurement List; Additions**

**AGENCY:** Committee for Purchase from People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Additions to Procurement List.

**SUMMARY:** This action adds to the Procurement List services to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** September 15, 2002. **ADDRESSES:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Jefferson Plaza 2, Suite 10800, 1421 Jefferson Davis Highway,

Arlington, Virginia 22202–3259. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sheryl D. Kennerly, (703) 603–7740.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 31, June 14, and June 21, 2002, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notice (67 FR 38065, 40909 and 42235) of proposed additions to the Procurement List.

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the services and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 46–48c and 41 CFR 51–2.4. I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the services to the Government.

2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the commodities and services to the

Government.

3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-WagnerO'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46-48c) in connection with the services proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

Accordingly, the following services are added to the Procurement List:

Service Type/Location: Administrative Services, USDA, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Raleigh, North Carolina.

NPA: Employment Source, Inc.,

Fayetteville, North Carolina.

Contract Activity: USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Riverdale, Maryland.

Service Type/Location: Base Supply Center, U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Lee, Virginia.

NPA: Virginia Industries for the Blind, Charlottesville, Virginia. Contract Activity: U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Lee, Virginia.

Service Type/Location: Embroidery of USAF Service Name Tapes, Emboss of Plastic Name Tags, Lackland AFB,

NPA: Delaware Division for the Visually Impaired, New Castle, Delaware.

NPA: Lions Industries for the Blind, Inc., Kinston, North Carolina.

Contract Activity: Lackland Air Force Base Contracting (AETC), Lackland AFB, Texas.

This action does not affect current contracts awarded prior to the effective date of this addition or options that may be exercised under those contracts.

#### Sheryl D. Kennerly,

Director, Information Management. [FR Doc. 02-20861 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6353-01-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1238]

### **Termination of Foreign-Trade** Subzones 84D and 84G; Houston, TX

Pursuant to the authority granted in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the Foreign-Trade Zones Board Regulations (15 CFR Part 400), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board has adopted the following order:

Whereas, on May 6, 1991 and December 20, 1991, the Foreign-Trade Zones Board issued grants of authority to the Port of Houston Authority, authorizing the establishment of Foreign-Trade Subzone 84D at the United General Supply Co., Inc. plant in Houston, Texas (Board Order 519, 56 FR 22150, 5/14/91) and Subzone 84G at the

Goodman Manufacturing Company, LP, plant in Houston, Texas (Board Order 553, 56 FR 67058, 12/27/91), respectively;

Whereas, the Port advised the Board on March 20, 2001 (FTZ Docket 48-2001), that zone procedures were no longer needed at these facilities and requested voluntary termination of Subzones 84D and 84G;

Whereas, the request has been reviewed by the FTZ Staff and the Customs Service, and approval has been recommended:

Now, therefore, the Foreign-Trade Zones Board terminates the subzone status of Subzone Nos. 84D and 84G respectively, effective this date.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 8th day of August 2002.

#### Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 02-20906 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1243]

### Approval for Expansion of Subzone 165A Phillips Petroleum Company (Oil Refinery); Borger, TX

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, Phillips Petroleum Company (Phillips), Subzone 165A, has requested authority to add capacity and to expand the scope of authority under zone procedures within the Phillips refinery in Borger, Texas (FTZ Docket 6-2002, filed 1/22/2002);

Whereas, notice inviting public comment has been given in the Federal Register (67 FR 4392, 1/30/02);

Whereas, pursuant to Section 400.32(b)(1) of the FTZ Board regulations (15 CFR part 400), the Secretary of Commerce's delegate on the FTZ Board has the authority to act for the Board in making decisions regarding manufacturing activity within existing zones when the proposed activity is the same, in terms of products involved, to activity recently approved by the Board and similar in circumstances (15 CFR 400.32(b)(1)(i)); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations would be satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest if approval is subject to the conditions listed below;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to add capacity and to expand the scope of authority under zone procedures within Subzone 165A, is approved, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, and subject to the following conditions:

1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the petrochemical complex shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.

2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings #2709.00.10, #2709.00.20, #2710.11.25, #2710.11.45, #2710.19.05, #2710.19.10, #2710.19.45, #2710.91.00, #2710.99.05, #2710.99.10, #2710.99.21, #2710.99.45, and which are used in the production of:

-Petrochemical feedstocks (examiner's report, Appendix "C");

-Products for export; and

—Products eligible for entry under HTSUS #9808.00.30 and #9808.00.40 (U.S. Government purchases).

Signed at Washington, DC this 8th day of August 2002.

# Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 02-20907 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-05-M

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# **International Trade Administration**

[A-122-503]

Iron Construction Castings from Canada: Notice of Final Results of **Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative Review** 

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: On July 9, 2002, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published a notice of initiation and preliminary results of its changed circumstances review of the antidumping duty order on iron construction castings from Canada. See Notice of Initiation and Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative

Review: Iron Construction Castings from Canada, 67 FR 45461 (July 9, 2002) (Preliminary Results). We have now completed that review. For these final results, as in the Preliminary Results, we determine that during the period covered by the Department's 99-00 antidumping duty administrative review of the order on iron construction castings from Canada (March 1, 1999 through February 29, 2000), the Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix foundries, which had been owned by various legal entities named as respondents in prior segments of this proceeding, were all unincorporated foundries owned by the same company, Canada Pipe Company Ltd.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 16, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Karine Gziryan or Howard Smith, AD/
CVD Enforcement, Group II, Office 4,
Import Administration, International
Trade Administration, U.S. Department
of Commerce, 14th Street and
Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington,
DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4081
and (202) 482–5193, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Applicable Statute and Regulations**

Unless otherwise stated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (April 2002).

#### **Background**

On April 12, 2001, the Department published in the Federal Register (66 FR 18900) the final results of the antidumping duty administrative review on iron construction castings from Canada covering the period March 1, 1999 through February 29, 2000. Canada Pipe Company Ltd. (or Canada Pipe) was the sole respondent in the 99-00 administrative review. On May 10, 2002, Canada Pipe submitted a written request that the Department clarify for the U.S. Customs Service (possibly in the context of a changed circumstances review) that the weighted-average margin calculated in the 99-00 administrative review applies to Canada Pipe's unincorporated plants (or foundries) that have "Bibby Ste-Croix," "Laperle," "Grand Mere," or simply "Bibby" in their names.

On July 9, 2002, the Department published a notice of initiation and preliminary results of its changed circumstances antidumping administrative review of the antidumping duty order on iron construction castings from Canada. See Preliminary Results. Interested parties were invited to comment on the preliminary results. On July 22, 2002, Canada Pipe submitted comments. See the "Comments" section below. No other parties submitted comments.

# Scope of Review

The merchandise covered by this review consists of certain iron construction castings from Canada, limited to manhole covers, rings, and frames, catch basin grates and frames, cleanout covers and frames used for drainage or access purposes for public utility, water and sanitary systems, classifiable as heavy castings under Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) item numbers 7325.10.0020, and 7325.10.0025¹. The HTS item numbers are provided for convenience and Customs purposes only. The written description remains dispositive.

#### Final Results of Review

Based on our analysis in the Preliminary Results, we find that during the 99-00 review period, the Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix foundries, which had been owned by various legal entities named as respondents in prior segments of this proceeding, were unincorporated foundries in the Bibby Ste-Croix Division of Canada Pipe Company Ltd. Moreover, we note that during the 99-00 antidumping duty administrative review of the order on iron construction castings from Canada, the Department reviewed sales of Canada Pipe Company Ltd., including its Bibby Ste-Croix Division. Thus, the antidumping duty deposit and assessment rates calculated in the 99-00 antidumping duty administrative review of Canada Pipe Company Ltd. should be applied to Canada Pipe Company Ltd, including its unincorporated foundries, Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix.

### Comment

Canada Pipe notes that the June 24, 2002 memorandum from Holly A. Kuga to Bernard T. Carreau states that the Laperle foundry, Grand Mere foundry and the Bibby Ste-Croix foundry should receive the same cash deposit and assessment rates as Canada Pipe Company Ltd., however the *Preliminary Results* published in the **Federal Register** only address the cash deposit rate. Canada Pipe assumes that this

omission was unintentional and urges the Department to clearly specify in the final results of this review that its finding applies both to cash deposit and assessment rates.

#### Department's Position

We agree with Canada Pipe and will instruct the U.S. Customs Service that any assessment rate calculated for Canada Pipe Company Ltd. also applies to Canada Pipe Company Ltd.'s sales of subject merchandise produced by its Laperle, Grand Mere and Bibby Ste-Croix foundries.

### Cash Deposit

Because the Department reviewed sales of Canada Pipe, including its Bibby Ste-Croix Division, in the 99-00 administrative review, the cash deposit rate for Canada Pipe from that review will apply to all entries of subject merchandise (including Canada Pipe's sales of subject merchandise produced by its Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix foundries) entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after April 12, 2001, the date of publication of the final results in the 99-00 administrative review. This deposit rate, 3.89 percent,2 shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the 2000-2001 administrative review which is being published concurrently with this notice.

#### Assessment

As noted above, the assessment rate calculated in the 99–00 antidumping duty administrative review of Canada Pipe Company Ltd. should be applied to Canada Pipe Company Ltd. as well as its unincorporated foundries, Laperle, Grand Mere and Bibby St. Croix.

#### Notification

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 352.305(a)(3). Timely notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

These final results and notice are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and section 351.216 of the Department's regulations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The scope reflects the HTS item numbers currently in effect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In the preliminary results of the changed circumstances review, we incorrectly stated that the cash deposit rate is 3.84 percent.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

#### Farvar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–20903 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# **International Trade Administration**

[A-122-503]

Iron Construction Castings from Canada: Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of final results of antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: On April 10, 2002, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on iron construction castings (ICC) from Canada (67 FR 17358). This review covers one manufacturer/exporter of the subject merchandise, Canada Pipe Company, Ltd. The period of review (POR) is March 1, 2000, through February 28, 2001.

Based on our analysis of the comments received, we have made no changes in the margin calculation. The final weighted-average dumping margin for the reviewed firm is listed below in the section entitled, "Final Results of Review."

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 16, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karine Gziryan or Howard Smith, Office of AD/CVD Enforcement, Office 4, Group II, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4081 and (202) 482–5193, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to 19 CFR Part 351 (April 2002).

### Background

On April 10, 2002, the Department published in the Federal Register the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on ICC from Canada. See Notice of Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Iron Construction Castings from Canada, 67 FR 17358 (April 10, 2002).

In response to the Department's invitation to comment on the preliminary results of this review, Canada Pipe Company, Ltd. (Canada Pipe or respondent) filed its case brief on May 10, 2002. No other interested parties filed case or rebuttal briefs.

The Department has conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Act.

#### Scope of Review

The merchandise covered by this review consists of certain iron construction castings from Canada, limited to manhole covers, rings, and frames, catch basin grates and frames, cleanout covers and frames used for drainage or access purposes for public utility, water and sanitary systems, classifiable as heavy castings under Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) item numbers 7325.10.0010, 7325.10.0020, and 7325.10.0025¹. The HTS item numbers are provided for convenience and Customs purposes only. The written description remains dispositive.

#### Period of Review

The POR is March 1, 2000, to February 28, 2001.

#### **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case briefs filed by parties to this administrative review are addressed in the "Issues and Decision Memorandum" (Decision Memorandum) from Bernard T. Carreau, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, Group II, to Faryar Shirzad, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated August 8, 2002, which is hereby adopted by this notice. A list of the issues which parties have raised and to which we have responded, all of which are in the Decision Memorandum, is attached to this notice as an Appendix. Parties can find a complete discussion of all issues raised in this review and the corresponding recommendations in this public memorandum, which is on file in the Central Records Unit, room B-099, of the main Department building. In addition, a complete version of the Decision Memorandum can be accessed

directly on the Web at http://
ia.ita.doc.gov. The paper copy and
electronic version of the Decision
Memorandum are identical in content.

### Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our analysis of comments received, we have made no changes in the margin calculation.

### Final Results of Review

We determine that the following weighted-average percentage margin exists for the period March 1, 2000, through February 28, 2001:

Manufacturer/Exporter	Percent Margin		
Canada Pipe Company, Ltd.	1.43 percent		

### Cash Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of this notice of final results of administrative review for all shipments of ICC from Canada entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for Canada Pipe Company, Ltd.2 will be the rate shown above; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not covered in this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if merchandise is exported by a firm other than the manufacturer and the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, prior reviews, or the original less-thanfair-value (LTFV) investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will be 7.5 percent, the "allothers" rate established in the LTFV investigation3. These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of administrative review for a subsequent review period.

#### Assessment

The Department shall determine, and the U.S. Customs Service (Customs)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The scope reflects the HTS item numbers currently in effect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As noted in the accompanying *Decision Memorandum*, the cash deposit rate calculated for Canada Pipe Company, Ltd. in this administrative review applies to Canada Pipe Company, Ltd., including its unincorporated foundries, Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The "all others" rate was incorrectly identified as 14.67 percent in both the preliminary results of this review (67 FR 17358) and the preliminary results of the review covering the period March 1, 1999 through Fehruary 29, 2000 (65 FR 76609).

shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), we have calculated importer-specific assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the importer-specific sales to the total entered value of the same sales. Where the assessment rate is above de minimis, we will instruct Customs to assess duties on all entries of subject merchandise by that importer. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to Customs.<sup>4</sup>

#### Reimbursement of Duties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

#### **Notification**

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

# Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

#### Appendix Issues in Decision Memorandum

#### Comments

- 1. Negative Dumping Margins
- 2. Application of Cash Deposit and Assessment Rates [FR Doc. 02–20904 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-S

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-533-813, A-560-802, A-570-851]

Certain Preserved Mushrooms From India, Indonesia, and the People's Republic of China: Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results in Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 16, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David J. Goldberger at (202) 482-4136, or Brian Smith at (202) 482-1766, Office 2, AD/CVD Enforcement Group I, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20230. **SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce is extending the time limit for the preliminary results of the administrative reviews of the antidumping duty order on certain preserved mushrooms from India, Indonesia, and the People's Republic of China, which cover the period February 1, 2001, through January 31, 2002.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# APPLICABLE STATUTE:

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce (the Department) regulations are to 19 C.F.R. Part 351 (April 2001).

Pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department shall make a preliminary determination in an administrative review of an antidumping duty order within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of the date of publication of the order. The Act further provides, however, that the Department may extend that 245-day period to 365 days if it determines it is not practicable to complete the review within the foregoing time period. The preliminary results are currently scheduled to be completed on October 31, 2002. However, the Department finds that it is not practicable to complete the preliminary results in these administrative reviews of certain preserved mushrooms from India, Îndonesia, and the People's Republic of

China within this time limit because additional time is needed to conduct verifications in all of these administrative reviews.

Therefore, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department is extending the time for completion of the preliminary results of these reviews until February 28, 2003.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Richard W. Moreland.

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–20905 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

International Trade Administration
[A-588-857]

Certain Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe From Japan: Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Preliminary results of changed circumstances review and notice of intent to revoke in part the antidumping duty order.

SUMMARY: On June 10, 2002, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") published a notice of initiation of a changed circumstances review and consideration of revocation, in part, of the antidumping duty order on welded large diameter line pipe from Japan with respect to certain welded large diameter line pipe as described below. See Certain Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Japan: Notice of Initiation of Changed Circumstances Review of the Antidumping Order, 67 FR 39682 (June 10, 2002) ("Initiation Notice"). We now preliminarily revoke this order, in part, with respect to future entries of certain welded large diameter line pipe as describe below, based on the fact that domestic parties have expressed no interest in the continuation of the order with respect to these welded large diameter line pipes. EFFECTIVE DATE: August 16, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Shireen Pasha, Import Administrati

Shireen Pasha, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0193.

### The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> These assessment instructions apply to Canada Pipe Company, Ltd. including its unincorporated foundries, Laperle, Grand Mere, and Bibby Ste-Croix.

the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations as codified at 19 CFR part 351 (2002).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 6, 2001, the Department published in the Federal Register the antidumping duty order on certain welded large diameter line pipe from Japan. See Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Japan, 66 FR 63368 (December 6, 2001) ("LDLP Order"). On April 17, 2002, BP America, Inc. ("BP America"), a U.S. importer, requested that the Department revoke in part the antidumping duty order on certain welded large diameter line pipe from Japan. Specifically, the U.S. importer requested that the Department revoke the order with respect to imports meeting the following specifications and sizes: In API grades X80 or above, having an outside diameter of 48 inches to and including 52 inches, and with a wall thickness of 0.90 inch or more; and, in API grades X100 or above, having an outside diameter of 48 inches to and including 52 inches, and with a wall thickness of 0.54 inch or more. BP America indicated that, based on its consultations with domestic producers, the domestic producers lack interest in producing these sizes.

American Cast Iron Pipe Co., American Steel Pipe Division; Berg Steel Pipe Corp.; and Stupp Corp., the petitioners in the underlying sales at less-than-fair-value investigation ("the petitioners'') (See LDLP Order), filed a letter on May 7, 2002, partially consenting to BP America's request. However, on May 21, 2002, the petitioners filed another letter rescinding their initial response and fully consenting to exclusion of these products from the order, i.e. in API grades X80 or above, having an outside diameter of 48 inches to and including 52 inches, and with a wall thickness of 0.90 inch or more; and, in API grades X100 or above, having an outside diameter of 48 inches to and including 52 inches, and with a wall thickness of 0.54 inch or more. On June 10, 2002, the Department published a notice of initiation of a changed circumstances review of the antidumping duty order on certain welded large diameter line pipe from Japan, meeting the

specifications mentioned above. See Initiation Notice.

Scope of Review

The product covered by this antidumping order is certain welded carbon and alloy line pipe, of circular cross section and with an outside diameter greater than 16 inches, but less than 64 inches, in diameter, whether or not stencilled. This product is normally produced according to American Petroleum Institute (API) specifications, including Grades A25, A, B, and X grades ranging from X42 to X80, but can also be produced to other specifications. The product currently is classified under U.S. Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTSUS) item numbers 7305.11.10.30, 7305.11.10.60, 7305.11.50.00, 7305.12.10.30, 7305.12.10.60, 7305.12.50.00, 7305.19.10.30. 7305.19.10.60, and 7305.19.50.00. Although the HTSUS item numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope is dispositive. Specifically not included within the scope of this investigation is American Water Works Association (AWWA) specification water and sewage pipe and the following size/grade combinations; of line pipe:

—Having an outside diameter greater than or equal to 18 inches and less than or equal to 22 inches, with a wall thickness measuring 0.750 inch or greater, regardless of grade.

—Having an outside diameter greater than or equal to 24 inches and less than 30 inches, with wall thickness measuring greater than 0.875 inches in grades A, B, and X42, with wall thickness measuring greater than 0.750 inches in grades X52 through X56, and with wall thickness measuring greater than 0.688 inches in grades X60 or greater.

—Having an outside diameter greater than or equal to 30 inches and less than 36 inches, with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.250 inches in grades A, B, and X42, with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.000 inches in grades X52 through X56, and with wall thickness measuring greater than 0.875 inches in grades X60 or greater.

—Having an outside diameter greater than or equal to 36 inches and less than 42 inches, with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.375 inches in grades A, B, and X42, with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.250 inches in grades X52 through X56, and with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.125 inches in grades X60 or greater.

—Having an outside diameter greater than or equal to 42 inches and less than 64 inches, with a wall thickness measuring greater than 1.500 inches in grades A, B, and X42, with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.375 inches in grades X52 through X56, and with wall thickness measuring greater than 1.250 inches in grades X60 or greater.

-Having an outside diameter equal to 48 inches, with a wall thickness measuring 1.0 inch or greater, in

grades X-80 or greater.

Preliminary Results of Review and Intent To Revoke in Part the Antidumping Duty Order

Pursuant to sections 751(d)(1) of the Act, the Department may revoke an antidumping or countervailing duty order, in whole or in part, based on a review under section 751(b) of the Act (i.e., a changed circumstances review). Section 751(b)(1) of the Act requires a changed circumstances review to be conducted upon receipt of a request, which shows changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a review. Section 351.222(g)(1) of the Department's regulations provides that the Department may revoke an order (in whole or in part) based on changed circumstances, if it determines that: (i) Producers accounting for substantially all of the production of the domestic like product to which the order (or part of the order to be revoked) pertains have expressed a lack of interest in the relief provided by the order, in whole or in part, or (ii) if other changed circumstances sufficient to warrant revocation exist.

The Department preliminarily determines that it is appropriate to revoke the order, in part, on certain welded large diameter line pipe from Japan with respect to the specifications and sizes mentioned above, because (1) the petitioners have uniformly expressed that they do not want relief with respect to this particular subproduct, and (2) there have been no contrary expressions from the remainder of the known LDLP producers.

Interested parties wishing to comment on these results may submit briefs to the Department no later than 30 days after the publication of this notice in the Federal Register. Parties will have five days subsequent to this due date to submit rebuttal comments, limited to the issues raised in those comments. Parties who submit comments or rebuttal comments in this proceeding are requested to submit with the argument (1) a statement of the issue and (2) a brief summary of the argument (no longer than five pages, including

footnotes). Any requests for a hearing must be filed within 30 days of the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** 

All written comments must be submitted in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303, and must be served on all interested parties on the Department's service list. The Department will also issue its final results of review within 270 days after the date on which the changed circumstances review is initiated, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.216(e), and will publish these results in the Federal Register. While the changed circumstances review is underway, the current requirement for a cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties on all subject merchandise, including the merchandise that is the subject of this changed circumstances review, will continue unless and until it is modified pursuant to the final results of this changed circumstances review or an administrative review.

This notice is in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216 and 351.222.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

# Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–20902 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

Fish and Wildlife Service

[I.D. 052102B]

Availability of the Simpson Resource Company Aquatic Habitat Conservation Plan/Candidate Conservation Agreement with Assurances and Draft Environmental Impact Statement, Del Norte and Humboldt Counties, California

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce; Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: Simpson Resource Company (Simpson), has submitted applications to NMFS and FWS (together, the Services) for an incidental take permit and an enhancement of survival permit (together, Permits) pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as

amended (ESA). Simpson has also prepared an Aquatic Habitat Conservation Plan/Candidate Conservation Agreement with Assurances (Plan) and a proposed Implementation Agreement. The Services also announce the availability of a draft Environmental Impact Statement (Draft EIS) for the Permit applications. The Permit applications are related to forest management and timber harvest in Del Norte and Humboldt Counties, CA, where Simpson owns lands or harvesting rights. The duration of the proposed Permits and Plan is 50 years.

The Services are furnishing this notice in order to allow other agencies and the public an opportunity to review and comment on these documents. All comments received will become part of the public record and will be available for review pursuant to section 10(c) of the ESA.

DATES: Public meetings will be held on September 4, 2002, from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.and 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. in Eureka, CA.Written comments on the Permit application, Draft EIS, Plan, and Implementation Agreement must be received on or before November 14, 2002

ADDRESSES: The public meetings will be held at the Red Lion Inn, 1929 4th Street, Eureka, CA 95501.Oral and written comments will be received at the meetings. Written comments may also be directed to Ms. Amedee Brickey (FWS) or Mr. James F. Bond (NMFS), both located at 1655 Heindon Road, Arcata, CA 95521 or sent by facsimile to (707) 822-8411. Requests for documents should be made by calling FWS at (707) 822-7201. Hardbound copies are also available for viewing, or partial or complete duplication, at the following libraries:(1) Eureka Main Library, 1313. 3rd Street, Eureka, CA; Telephone:(707) 269-1900; (2) Fortuna Branch, Humboldt County Library, 775 14th Street, Fortuna, CA; Telephone: (707) 725-3460; (3) Arcata Branch, Humboldt County Library, 500 7th Street, Arcata, CA; Telephone: (707) 822-5924; and (4) Crescent City Library, 190 Price Mall, Crescent City, CA; Telephone: (707) 464-9793. The documents are also available electronically on the Internet at http:// swr.nmfs.noaa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Amedee Brickey (FWS) at 707–822–7201 or Mr. James F. Bond (NMFS), at (707) 825–5176.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

Section 9 of the ESA and Federal regulations prohibit the taking of an

animal species listed as endangered or threatened. The term take is defined under the ESA to mean harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct.Harm has been defined by FWS to include "significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding, and sheltering."Consistent with FWS, NMFS has defined harm as an act which actually kills or injures fish or wildlife, and emphasizes that such acts may include "significant habitat modification or degradation which actually kills or injures fish or wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, spawning, rearing, migrating, feeding, or sheltering.

The Services may issue two types of

permits under section 10(a) of the ESA to non-federal landowners to take listed species, under certain terms and conditions.FWS's regulations governing permits for threatened and endangered species are promulgated in 50 CFR 17.32. and 50 CFR 17.22; NMFS' regulations governing permits for threatened and endangered species are promulgated at 50 CFR 222.307. The first of these two types of permits is the Incidental Take Permit, which is authorized under section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA.A proposed Incidental Take Permit must be accompanied by a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) that shows: (1) the taking will be incidental; (2) the applicants will, to the maximum extent practicable, minimize and mitigate the impacts of such taking; (3) the applicants will ensure that adequate funding for the conservation plan will be provided; (4) the taking will not appreciably reduce the likelihood of survival and recovery of the species in the wild; (5) such other measures the

currently unlisted species. The second of these two types of permits is the Enhancement of Survival Permit, which is authorized under section 10 (a)(1)(A) of the ESA.To implement this provision of the ESA, the Services issued a joint policy for developing Candidate Conservation Agreements with Assurances (CCAA) for unlisted species on June 17, 1999 (64 FR 32726). The FWS simultaneously issued regulations for implementing CCAAs on June 17, 1999 (64 FR 32706). A correction to the FWS final rule was announced on September 30, 1999 (64 FR 52676).CCAAs are intended

Services may require as necessary or

appropriate for the purposes of the

HCP.HCPs can address both listed and

to help conserve proposed and candidate species, and species likely to become candidates, by giving nonfederal landowners incentives to implement conservation measures for declining species. The primary incentive for CCAAs is an assurance that no further land, water, or resource use restrictions would be imposed should the species later become listed under the ESA. Prior to the Services entering into the CCAA and issuing a permit, the Services must determine that the benefits of the conservation measures to be implemented, when combined with the benefits that would be achieved if it is assumed that conservation measures were also to be implemented on other necessary properties, would preclude any need to list the covered species.

Though the names of these two permitting tools are different, the goals are similar, and the strategies for achieving those goals can overlap. Conservation strategies can, therefore, be developed to fulfill CCAA and HCP requirements in a single

conservation plan.

### **Current Proposal**

Simpson owns and manages approximately 457,000 acres of commercial timberland in Del Norte, Humboldt, and Trinity counties, CA.Approximately 413,000 acres of this property occurs in watersheds with habitat important to the conservation of salmonid species in the North Coast region of California, including, but not limited to, the Winchuck River, Smith River, Klamath River and its tributaries, Redwood Creek, Little River, Mad River, tributaries to Humboldt Bay, Eel River, the Van Duzen River and others.Some forest management and timber harvest activities have the potential to impact species subject to protection under the ÉSA

Simpson has developed a Plan, with technical assistance from the Services, to obtain Permits for their activities on approximately 413,000 acres of their commerical timberlands. Activities proposed for Permit coverage include the following: all aspects of timber harvest; forest product transportation; road and landing construction, use, maintenance and abandonment; site preparation; tree planting; silvicultural thinning; controlled burns; rock quarries and borrow pit operations; aquatic habitat restoration; and the management, harvest, and sale of minor forest products. The Permits and Plan would also cover certain monitoring activities and related scientific experiments in the Plan area. The duration of the proposed Permits and Plan is 50 years.

The proposed Incidental Take Permit would authorize the take of fish in three Evolutionarily Significant Units (ESUs) that are listed as threatened, incidental to otherwise lawful management activities: California Coastal chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) ESU, Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast coho salmon (O. kisutch) ESU, and Northern California steelhead (O. mykiss) ESU.Simpson is also seeking coverage of fish in three other unlisted ESUs (Klamath Mountains Province steelhead ESU. Upper Klamath/Trinity Rivers chinook salmon ESU, Southern Oregon and Northern California Coastal chinook salmon ESU) under specific provisions of the Permit, should these species be listed in the future.

The proposed Enhancement of Survival Permit would address coastal cutthroat trout (O. clarki clarki), rainbow trout (O. mykiss), southern torrent salamander (Rhyacotriton variegatus), and tailed frog (Ascaphus truei) under specific provisions of the Permit, should these species be listed in

the future.

The Services formally initiated an environmental review of the project through a Notice of Intent to prepare an EIS in the Federal Register on July 11, 2000 (65 FR 42674). The project proponent was Simpson Timber Company. In October of 2001, Simpson Timber Company announced that it planned to establish a separate company called Simpson Resource Company that would include all of the company's timberlands and directly related operations. The timberlands were transferred to Simpson Resource Company in December of 2001, and Simpson Resource Company is now the project proponent. The Notice of Intent also announced a 30-day public scoping period, during which other agencies, tribes, and the public were invited to provide comments and suggestions regarding issues and alternatives to be included in the EIS.Following this scoping period a Draft EIS was prepared which considers the No Action Alternative, the Proposed Action, and three additional action alternatives.

Under the No Action Alternative,
Permits would not be issued and
Simpson would remain subject to the
prohibition on unauthorized taking of
listed species. Under the Proposed
Action, the Services would issue the
Permits and Simpson would implement
their proposed Plan on 413,000 acres of
Simpson's California timberlands. Under
a Listed Species Only Alternative
(Alternative A), the Services would
issue Permits only for currently listed
species. The Simplified Prescriptions

Alternative (Alternative B) would provide coverage for the same species as the Proposed Action, with modified management obligations. The Expanded Species/Geographic Area Alternative (Alternative C) would expand the area of coverage and the number of species covered under the Permits. The No Action, Proposed Action, and other action alternatives are analyzed in detail in the Draft EIS.

Other alternatives were considered by the Services but not carried forward for detailed analysis during preparation of this EIS. The alternatives considered but not carried forward were:(1) broad application of generic management prescriptions; (2) extensive permit coverage for terrestrial species (in addition to those considered in Alternative C above); and (3) alternative permit terms. These alternatives were not selected for detailed analysis because they do not meet the Services' purposes and needs or the applicant's objectives, or they are beyond the scope of the EIS.

The Services invite the public to comment on the Plan and Draft EIS during a 90-day public comment period. This notice is provided pursuant to section 10(c) of the ESA and the Services' regulations for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 (40 CFR 1506.6). The Services are furnishing this notice in order to allow other agencies and the public an opportunity to review and comment on these documents.All comments received will become part of the public record and will be available for review pursuant to section 10(c) of the ESA.

Dated: July 30, 2002.

### Phil Williams.

Chief, Endangered Species Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service,

Dated: July 30, 2002.

### D. Kenneth McDermond,

Deputy Manager, California/Nevada Operations Office, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 1, Portland, Oregon [FR Doc. 02–20739 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22-S

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 081302A]

North Pacific Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and

Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The North Pacific Fishery Management Council's (Council) Vessel Monitoring Systems (VMS) Committee will meet.

DATES: The meeting will be held on August 30, 2002, from 10:30 a.m. until 5 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Federal Building, 709 W. 9th Avenue, Room 445, Juneau, AK.

Council address: North Pacific Fishery Management Council, 605 W. 4th Ave., Suite 306, Anchorage, AK 99501–2252.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Council Staff: 907–271–2809.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On Friday, August 30th, 2002 at 10:30 a.m., the Committee will meet to review the current VMS system and potential new systems and discuss current and future uses of technology for monitoring fisheries and enhancing vessel safety in a cost-effective manner.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before this group for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically identified in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the Council's intent to take final action to address the emergency.

# **Special Accommodations**

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Gail Bendixen, 907–271–2809, at least 5 working days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: August 13, 2002.

#### Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 02–20901 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP99-301-054]

# ANR Pipeline Company; Notice of Negotiated Rate Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 6, 2002, ANR Pipeline Company (ANR), tendered for filing and approval thirtytwo (32) negotiated rate agreements along with related agreements, including a Precedent Agreement (the "Agreements") between ANR and two utility subsidiaries of WE Energies, Wisconsin Electric Power Company and Wisconsin Gas Company. ANR tenders the Agreements pursuant to its authority to enter into negotiated rate agreements. ANR requests that the Commission accept and approve the Agreements by September 6, 2002, to be effective in accordance with the Precedent Agreement.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a motion to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.214 or 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such motions or protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http:// www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link.

#### Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20830 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EL02-115-000]

Avista Corporation, Avista Energy, Inc., Enron Power Marketing, Inc., Portland General Electric Corporation; Notice of Initiation of Proceeding and Refund Effective Date

August 13, 2002.

Take notice that on August 13, 2002, the Commission issued an order in the above-indicated docket initiating a proceeding in Docket No. EL02–115–000 under section 206 of the Federal Power Act.

The refund effective date in Docket No. EL02–115–000 will be 60 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20985 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. RP00-475-001, RP00-609-002 and RP96-129-016 (Not Consolidated)]

# CMS Trunkline Gas Company, LLC; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 5, 2002, CMS Trunkline Gas Company, LLC (Trunkline) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1, the pro forma tariff sheets listed on Appendix A attached to the filing.

Trunkline asserts that the purpose of this filing is to comply with the Commission's Order on Order No. 637 Settlement issued July 5, 2002 in Docket No. RP00–475–000, et al. 100 FERC ¶61,048 (2002).

Trunkline states that copies of this filing are being served on all affected customers, applicable state regulatory agencies and parties to this proceeding.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the

appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20836 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP02-405-000]

#### CMS Trunkline Gas Company, LLC; Notice of Proposed Changes in FERC Gas Tariff

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 1, 2002, CMS Trunkline Gas Company, LLC (Trunkline) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Second Revised Volume No. 1, revised tariff sheets as listed on Appendix A attached to the filing, to be effective September 1, 2002.

Trunkline states that this filing is being made to remove the currently effective surcharge pursuant to Section 23 (Miscellaneous Revenue Flowthrough Surcharge Adjustment) of the General Terms and Conditions in Trunkline's FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1. The currently effective Section 23 surcharge adjustment was approved by the Commission on August 31, 2001 in Docket No. RP01-449-000 (96 FERC ¶61,244) to be effective September 1, 2001. The currently effective Section 23 surcharge adjustment terminates August 31, 2002, and is not being renewed because in Trunkline's settlement filed on February 21, 2002 in Docket Nos. RP00-475-000, RP00-609-000 and RP96-129-000 (Not Consolidated), Trunkline agreed to revise Section 23 to provide for flow through of cash out revenues and penalties in excess of costs to non-offending shippers by means of a billing adjustment credit

instead of a surcharge adjustment. The settlement was approved by the Commission's Order on Order Nos. 637, 587–G and 587–L Settlement issued July 5, 2002 (100 FERC ¶61,048). Accordingly, it is necessary to eliminate the currently effective surchargers.

Trunkline states that copies of this filing are being served on all jurisdictional customers and interested

state regulatory agencies.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a motion to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.214 or 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such motions or protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Web at http:// www.ferc.gov using the "RIMS" link. select "Docket#" and follow the instructions (call 202-208-2222 for assistance). Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20839 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP00-333-003]

# Crossroads Pipeline Company; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 2, 2002, Crossroads Pipeline Company (Crossroads) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1, the revised tariff sheets listed on Appendix A, to the filing.

Crossroads states that this filing is being submitted in compliance with the Commission's July 3, 2002 Order (July 3 Order) in Docket No. RP00–333. In the July 3 Order, the Commission held that Crossroads' August 9, 2001 filing in this docket generally complied with the requirements of Order No. 637. However, the Commission required that Crossroads make certain compliance changes by filing actual tariff sheets within 30 days of the date of issuance of the July 3 Order. The instant filing reflects the required compliance changes.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20832 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. RP00-346-001 and RP01-16-001]

### Dauphin Island Gathering Partners; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 2, 2002, Dauphin Island Gathering Partners (Dauphin Island) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1, the revised tariff sheets identified at Appendix A to the filing.

Dauphin Island states that the revised tariff sheets are being filed to comply with the Commission's July 3, 2002 Order in the referenced proceeding,

which relates to Dauphin Island's previous filings to comply with Order Nos. 637, 637–A, and 637–B.

Dauphin Island states that copies of the filing are being served contemporaneously on all participants listed on the service list in this proceeding and on all persons who are required by the Commission's regulations to be served with the application initiating these proceedings.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202)502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,
Deputy Secretary.
[FR Doc. 02–20833 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP02-423-001]

Dauphin Island Gathering Partners; Notice of Tariff Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 2, 2002, Dauphin Island Gathering Partners (Dauphin Island) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1, Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 160, with an effective date of October 1 2002.

Dauphin Island states that this filing is submitted to replace First Revised First Revised Sheet No. 160 which was submitted on August 1, 2002 in error. Dauphin Island states that copies of the filing are being served contemporaneously on Dauphin Island's firm and interruptible customers and on all persons who are required by the Commission's regulations to be served with the application initiating these proceedings.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385 211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20840 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EL02-113-000]

El Paso Electric Company, Enron Power Marketing, Inc., Enron Capital and Trade Resources Corporation; Notice of Initiation of Proceeding and Refund Effective Date

August 13, 2002.

Take notice that on August 13, 2002, the Commission issued an order in the above-indicated docket initiating a proceeding in Docket No. EL02–113–000 under section 206 of the Federal Power Act.

The refund effective date in Docket No. EL02–113–000 will be 60 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20983 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP00-6-006]

Gulfstream Natural Gas System, L.L.C.; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on June 19, 2002, Gulfstream Natural Gas Company, L.L.C. tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1, the tariff sheets listed on the filing, with an effective date of May 28, 2002.

Gulfstream states that the filing is being made in compliance with the Commission's May 20, 2002 order accepting original tariff sheets filed by Gulfstream in this proceeding on March 27, 2002, as modified on April 29, 2002.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20822 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP00-6-008]

# Gulfstream Natural Gas System, L.L.C.; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 1, 2002, Gulfstream Natural Gas System, L.L.C. (Gulfstream), tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No.1, the revised tariff sheets listed in Appendix A to the filing.

Gulfstream states that the purpose of this filing is to comply with the Commission's July 2, 2002 Order on Compliance Filing.

Gulfstream states that copies of its filing have been mailed to all parties on the official service lists compiled by the Secretary of the Commission in these proceedings.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 203-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20823 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. ER02-768-000]

# Idaho Power Company and IDACORP Energy, Inc.; Notice of Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on July 15, 2002, Idaho Power Company and IDACORP Energy, Inc.; tendered for filing a Notice of Withdrawal.

Any person desiring to intervene or to protest this filing should file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385,214). Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date, and, to the extent applicable, must be served on the applicant and on any other person designated on the official service list. This filing is available for review at the Commission or may be viewed on the Commission's web site at http:// www.ferc.gov, using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number filed to access the document. For assistance, call (202) 508-8222. Protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper; see 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. Comment Date: August 22, 2002.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20824 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6717–01–P** 

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP99-274-007]

# Kern River Gas Transmission Company; Notice of Annual Threshold Report

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on July 31, 2002, Kern River Gas Transmission Company (Kern River) tendered for filing its Annual Threshold Report.

Kern River states that the purpose of this filing is to comply with the terms of its Settlement in this proceeding and with its tariff requirement to file an Annual Threshold Report, identifying the eligible firm shippers receiving credits and the amounts received.

Kern River states that it has served a copy of this filing upon each person designated on the official service list compiled by the Secretary in this

proceeding.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20829 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. RP00-474-002, RP01-17-005]

# Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, L.L.C.; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 2, 2002, Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, L.L.C. (Maritimes), tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1, the revised tariff sheets listed in Appendix A to the filing.

Maritimes states that the purpose of this filing is to comply with the Commission's July 3, 2002 Order on Compliance Filing in the captioned

proceeding.

Maritimes states that copies of its filing have been mailed to all parties on the official service lists compiled by the Secretary of the Commission in these

proceedings. Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20835 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP02-368-001]

### Midwestern Gas Transmission Company; Notice of Compliance Tariff Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 6, 2002, Midwestern Gas Transmission Company (Midwestern) tendered for filing to become part of Midwestern's FERC Gas Tariff, Third Revised Volume No. 1, the following tariff sheets to become effective August 1, 2002:

Substitute Second Revised Sheet No. 5 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 64 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 410 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 54 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 73 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 416A

Midwestern states that the purpose of this filing is comply with the

Commission's order dated July 31, 2002, 100 FERC ¶ 61,134, wherein the Commission directed Midwestern to file revised tariff sheets in accordance with its directives contained in the July 31 Order in this proceeding.

Midwestern states that copies of this filing have been sent to all parties of

record in this proceeding.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20838 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP00-305-010]

### Mississippi River Transmission Corporation; Notice of Negoitated Rates

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 1, 2002, Mississippi River Transmission Corporation (MRT) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Third Revised Volume No. 1, the following tariff sheet to be effective August 1, 2002:

Original Sheet No. 10G

MRT states that the purpose of this filing is to reflect the implementation of a new negotiated rate contract.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a motion to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.214 or 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such motions or protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http:// www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments. protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20831 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP02-453-000]

# Northwest Pipeline Corporation; Notice of Proposed Changes in FERC Gas Tariff

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 1, 2002, Northwest Pipeline Corporation (Northwest) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Third Revised Volume No. 1, the tariff sheets listed in its filing, to be effective October 1, 2002.

Northwest states that the purpose of this filing is to add a new rate schedule, Rate Schedule PAL, and related tariff provisions to Northwest's tariff to establish an interruptible park and loan service that will provide its customers with an additional option to help manage their transportation and balancing needs on the southern half of Northwest's system.

Northwest states that a copy of this filing has been served upon Northwest's customers and interested state regulatory commissions.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a motion to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.214 or 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such motions or protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at http:// www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20841 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EL02-114-000]

### Portland General Electric Company, Enron Power Marketing, Inc.; Notice of Initiation of Proceeding and Refund Effective Date

August 13, 2002.

Take notice that on August 13, 2002, the Commission issued an order in the above-indicated docket initiating a proceeding in Docket No. EL02–114–000 under section 206 of the Federal Power Act.

The refund effective date in Docket No. EL02-114-000 will be 60 days after

publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20984 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. RP00-459-002, RP01-32-002, RP01-477-005 and RP02-5-003]

# TransColorado Gas Transmission Company; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 5, 2002, TransColorado Gas Transmission Company (TransColorado) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1, the proposed tariff sheets listed on Appendix A to the filing.

TransColorado states that the filing is being made in compliance with the Commission's Order on Compliance with Order Nos. 637, 587-G and 587-L issued on July 5, 2002, (the July 5th order) in Docket Nos. RP00–459–000, RP01–32–000, RP01–477–000 and RP02–5–000.

The July 5th order approved, in part, TransColorado's pro forma tariff sheets filed August 15, 2000, and directed TransColorado to make further modifications. TransColorado tendered for filing, proposed actual tariff sheets that include the language in TransColorado's August 15, 2000, pro forma compliance filing as well as language that comports with the Commission's directives. These modifications are included in Original Volume No. 1 of TransColorado's FERC Gas Tariff proposed to be effective four months after issuance of a final order approving the tariff sheets in all of the Kinder Morgan Pipeline group to allow the modification of computer software and hardware in tandem.

This filing complies with the Gommission's directives, subject to the outcome of TransColorado's Request for Rehearing and Clarification to be filed on August 2, 2002, regarding several issues of compliance in this proceeding.

TransColorado states that a copy of this filing has been served upon its customers, the Colorado Public Utilities Commission and the New Mexico Public Utilities Commission.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC

20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Web at http://www.ferc.gov using the "RIMS" link, select "Docket#" and follow the instructions (call 202-208-2222 for assistance). Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20834 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. RP97-288-025 and RP02-507-001]

# Transwestern Pipeline Company; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 6, 2002, Transwestern Pipeline Company (Transwestern) tendered for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Second Revised Volume No. 1, the following tariff sheets to become effective September 6, 2002:

1st Revised Nineteenth Revised Sheet No. 48 Fourth Revised Sheet No. 83 Second Revised Sheet No. 85–91A 1st Revised Eighth Revised Sheet No. 72 Fourth Revised Sheet No. 84

Transwestern states that on March 12, 1997, in Docket No. RP97–288–000, Transwestern filed tariff sheets to give it the ability to negotiate rates in accordance with the Commission's Policy Statement on Alternatives to Traditional Cost-of-Service Ratemaking for Natural Gas Pipelines. Transwestern also states that the Commission accepted the tariff sheets in an order issued April 11, 1997. On October 24, 2001, the Presiding Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) in Docket RP97–288–009, et.al., issued an initial decision is this proceeding. The initial decision found

that Transwestern had complied with its current tariff in advertising and awarding of the capacity; however, the ALJ ordered Transwestern to "\* \* modify its tariff so that all posting, bidding, and award procedures are set forth in a separate provision with an appropriate caption." On July 17, 2002, the Commission issued an Order on Initial Decision and Compliance Filing which, Transwestern states, affirmed the ALJ's initial decision on modifying Transwestern's tariff, and in addition, required Transwestern to add language describing the availability and applicability of the recourse rate. Transwestern further states that the instant filing is made in compliance with the Commission's Order.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed in accordance with Section 154.210 of the Commission's Regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. This filing is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For Assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr., Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20828 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP00-489-002]

Young Gas Storage Company, Ltd.; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that on August 5, 2002, Young Gas Storage Company, Ltd. (Young) tendered for filing to its FERC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1, the following tariff sheets to become effective August 1, 2002:

Substitute Second Revised Sheet No. 46 Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 106A

The tendered tariff sheets remove the incidental sales provision from Young's Tariff.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before August 19, 2002. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceedings. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Web at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. Comments, protests and interventions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourage electronic filings. See, 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's Web site under the "e-Filing" link.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20837 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

# Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Notice of Application Ready for Environmental Analysis and Soliciting Comments, Recommendations, Terms and Conditions, and Prescriptions

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that the following hydroelectric application has been filed with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

a. Type of Application: New Major

b. Project No.: 233-081.

c. Date filed: October 19, 2001.

d. *Applicant:* Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

e. Name of Project: Pit 3, 4, 5 Project. f. Location: On the Pit River, in Shasta County, near the community of Burney

and the Intermountain towns of Fall River Mills and McArthur, California. The project includes 746 acres of lands of the United States, which are administered by the Forest Supervisor of the Shasta Trinity National Forest and the Forest Supervisor of the Lassen National Forest.

g. Filed Pursuant to: Federal Power Act 16 U.S.C. 791 (a)–825(r).

h. Applicant Contact: Mr. Randal Livingston, Lead Director, Hydro Generation Department, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, P.O. Box 770000, N11C, San Francisco, CA 94177, (415) 973–6950.

i. Commission Contact: Any questions concerning this notice should be addressed to John Mudre, e-mail address john.mudre@ferc.gov, or telephone (202) 502–8902.

j. Deadline for filing comments, recommendations, terms and conditions, and prescriptions: 60 days from the issuance of this notice

All documents (original and eight copies) should be filed with: Magalie R. Salas, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426.

The Commission's Rules of Practice require all intervenors filing documents with the Commission to serve a copy of that document on each person on the official service list for the project. Further, if an intervenor files comments or documents with the Commission relating to the merits of an issue that may affect the responsibilities of a particular resource agency, they must also serve a copy of the document on that resource agency.

Comments, recommendations, terms and conditions, and prescriptions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site (http://www.ferc.gov) under the "e-Filing" link

Filing" link.

k. This application has been accepted, and is ready for environmental analysis at this time.

l. The existing project consists of the following existing facilities: three hydraulically-connected developments, with a total of four dams, four reservoirs, three powerhouses, associated tunnels, surge chambers, and penstocks. The powerhouses contain nine generating units with a combined operating capacity of about 325 MW. No new construction is proposed.

The Pit 3 development consists of: (1) The 1,293-acre Lake Britton, with a gross storage capacity of 41,877 acre feet; (2) The Pit 3 Dam, with a crest length of 494 feet and a maximum

height of 130 feet; (3) A concrete tunnel in two sections, 19 feet in diameter with a total length of about 21,000 feet; (4) A surge tank; (5) Three penstocks about 10 feet in diameter and 600 feet in length; (6) A 47-foot by 194-foot reinforced concrete multilevel powerhouse; (7) Three generating units, driven by three vertical Francis turbines, with a combined normal operating capacity of 70 MW; and (8) Appurtenant facilities.

The Pit 4 development consists of: (1) The 105-acre Pit 4 Reservoir, with a gross storage capacity of 1,970 acre feet; (2) The Pit 4 Dam, consisting of a gravity type overflow section 203 feet in length with a maximum height of 108 feet and a slab-and-buttress type section 212 feet in length with a maximum height of 78 feet; (3) A 19-foot-diameter pressure tunnel with a total length of about 21,500 feet; (4) Two 12-foot-diameter penstocks about 800 feet in length; (5) A four-level 58-foot by 155-foot reinforced concrete powerhouse; (6) Two generating units, driven by two vertical Francis turbines, with a combined normal operating capacity of 95 MW; and (7) Appurtenant facilities.

The Pit 5 development consists of: (1) The 32-acre Pit 5 Reservoir, with a gross storage capacity of 314 acre feet; (2) The Pit 5 Dam, with a concrete gravity overflow structure 340 feet in length and a maximum height of 67 feet; (3) The 19-foot-diameter Tunnel No. 1; (4) The 48-acre Pit 5 Tunnel Reservoir, with a gross storage capacity of 1,044 acre feet; (5) The Pit 5 Tunnel Reservoir Dam, approximately 3,100 feet long and 66 feet high; (6) The 19-foot-diameter Pit 5 Tunnel No. 2; (7) Four steel penstocks about 8 feet in diameter and 1,400 feet in length; (8) A 56-foot by 266.5-foot reinforced concrete multilevel powerhouse; (9) four generating units, driven by four vertical Francis turbines, with a combined normal operating capacity of 160 MW; and (10) Appurtenant facilities.

m. A copy of the application is on file with the Commission and is available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the web at http:// www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, call (202) 502-8222 or for TTY, (202) 208-1659. A copy is also available for inspection and reproduction at the address in item h

above

n. The Commission directs, pursuant to Section 4.34(b) of the Regulations (see Order No. 533 issued May 8, 1991, 56 FR 23108, May 20, 1991) that all comments, recommendations, terms and conditions and prescriptions concerning

the application be filed with the Commission within 60 days from the issuance date of this notice. All reply comments must be filed with the Commission within 105 days from the date of this notice.

Anyone may obtain an extension of time for these deadlines from the Commission only upon a showing of good cause or extraordinary circumstances in accordance with 18 CFR 385.2008.

.All filings must (1) bear in all capital letters the title "COMMENTS", "REPLY COMMENTS"

"RECOMMENDATIONS," "TERMS AND CONDITIONS," or

"PRESCRIPTIONS;" (2) set forth in the heading the name of the applicant and the project number of the application to which the filing responds; (3) furnish the name, address, and telephone number of the person submitting the filing; and (4) otherwise comply with the requirements of 18 CFR 385.2001 through 385.2005. All comments,

recommendations, terms and conditions or prescriptions must set forth their evidentiary basis and otherwise comply with the requirements of 18 CFR 4.34(b). Agencies may obtain copies of the application directly from the applicant. Each filing must be accompanied by proof of service on all persons listed on the service list prepared by the Commission in this proceeding, in accordance with 18 CFR 4.34(b), and

385,2010. o. Procedural schedule: The

application will be processed according to the following Hydro Licensing Schedule. Revisions to the schedule may be made as appropriate.

Notice of application ready for environmental analysis-August 12, 2002;

Terms and Conditions in response to REA Notice due October-11, 2002;

Reply comment due date-November 25, 2002;

Notice of the availability of the draft EA-January 15, 2003;

DEA comments due—March 3, 2003; Notice of the availability of the final EA-April 15, 2003.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20825 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Notice of Application Ready for Environmental Analysis and Soliciting Comments, Recommendations, Terms and Conditions, and Prescriptions

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that the following hydroelectric application has been filed with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

a. Type of Application: Amendment

of License Application.

b. Project No.: 2030-036. c. Date Filed: June 29, 2001.

d. Applicants: Portland General Electric Company (PGE) and the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon (CTWS).

e. Name of Project: Pelton Round Butte Hydroelectric Project.

f. *Location:* The project is located on the Deschutes River in Jefferson, Marion, and Wasco Counties, Oregon. The project occupies lands of the Deschutes National Forest; Mt. Hood National Forest; Willamette National Forest; Crooked River National Grassland; Bureau of Land Management; and tribal lands of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon.

g. Filed Pursuant to: Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. 791(a)-825(r).

h. Applicant Contacts: Ms. Julie Keil, Director, Hydro Licensing, Portland General Electric Company, 121 SW Salmon Street, Portland, OR 97204, (503) 464-8864; and Mr. James Manion, General Manager, Warm Springs Power Enterprises, P.O. Box 690, Warm Springs, OR 97761, (541) 553-1046.

i. FERC Contact: Any questions on this notice should be addressed to Nan Allen at (202) 502-6128. E-mail address:

nan.allen@ferc.gov

j. Deadline for filing comments, recommendations, terms and conditions, and prescriptions: 90 days from the issuance of this notice. The 90day comment period is in response to the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) and U.S. Department of the Interior's (DOI) request due to fire emergencies in the vicinity of the project.

All documents (original and eight copies) should be filed with: Magalie R. Salas, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426.

The Commission's Rules of Practice require all intervenors filing documents with the Commission to serve a copy of that document on each person on the official service list for the project.

Further, if an intervenor files comments or documents with the Commission relating to the merits of an issue that may affect the responsibilities of a particular resource agency, they must also serve a copy of the document on that resource agency.

Comments, recommendations, terms and conditions, and prescriptions may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site (http://www.ferc.gov) under the "e-Filing" link.

k. This application has been accepted, and is ready for environmental analysis at this time.

l. The Round Butte development works consisting of: (1) the 440-foothigh, 1,382-foot-long Round Butte dam; (2) a 535,000-acre-foot reservoir with a normal pool elevation at 1,945.0 feet mean sea level; (3) a spillway intake structure topped with a 30-foot-high, 36foot-wide radial gate, and a 1,800-footlong, 21-foot-diameter spillway tunnel; (4) an 85-foot-long, varying in height and width, powerhouse intake structure; (5) a 1,425-foot-long, 23-foot-diameter power tunnel; (6) a powerhouse containing three turbine generating units with a total installed capacity of 247 megawatts (MW); (7) one unconstructed 70-kilowatt (kW) turbine generating unit with a 30-inch-diameter pipe and support structure, a 10-foot square platform, and a turbine discharge pipe; (8) a 12.5-kilovolt (kV), 10.5-milelong transmission line extending to the Reregulation dam, and a 230-kV, 100mile-long transmission line extending to Portland General's Bethel substation; and (9) appurtenant facilities.

The Pelton development consists of: (1) the 204-foot-high, 636-foot-long thinarch variable-radius reinforced concrete Pelton dam with a crest elevation 1,585 feet msl; (2) a reinforced concrete spillway on the left bank with a crest elevation of 1,558 feet msl; (3) Lake Simtustus with a gross storage capacity of 31,000 acre-feet and a normal maximum surface area of 540 acres at normal maximum water surface elevation of 1,580 feet msl; (4) an intake structure at the dam; (5) three 16-footdiameter penstocks, 107 feet long, 116 feet long, and 108 feet long, respectively; (6) a powerhouse with three turbine/generator units with a total installed capacity of 108 MW; (7) a tailrace channel; (8) a 7.9-mile-long, 230-kV transmission line from the powerhouse to the Round Butte switchyard; and (9) other appurtenances.

The Reregulating development consists of: (1) the 88-foot-high, 1,067-foot-long concrete gravity and impervious core rockfilled Reregulating dam with a spillway crest elevation of 1,402 feet msl; (2) a reservoir with a gross storage capacity of 3,500 acre-feet and a normal maximum water surface area of 190 acres at normal maximum water surface elevation of 1,435 feet msl; (3) a powerhouse at the dam containing a 18.9-MW turbine/generator unit; (4) a tailrace channel; and (5) other appurtenances.

The project is estimated to generate an average of 1.613 billion kilowatthours

m. A copy of the application is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at <a href="http://www.ferc.gov">http://www.ferc.gov</a> using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, call (202) 502–8222 or for TTY, (202) 208–1659. A copy is also available for inspection and reproduction at the address in item h above.

n. The Commission directs, pursuant to Section 4.34(b) of the Regulations (see Order No. 533 issued May 8, 1991, 56 FR 23108, May 20, 1991) that all comments, recommendations, terms and conditions and prescriptions concerning the application be filed with the Commission within 60 days from the issuance date of this notice.

Anyone may obtain an extension of time for these deadlines from the Commission only upon a showing of good cause or extraordinary circumstances in accordance with 18 CFR 385.2008. This 90-day notice includes a 30-day extension in response to the request filed by the USDA and DOI on August 5, 2002. All reply comments must be filed with the Commission within 135 days from the date of this notice.

All filings must (1) bear in all capital letters the title "COMMENTS", "REPLY COMMENTS",

"RECOMMENDATIONS," "TERMS AND CONDITIONS," or

"PRESCRIPTIONS;" (2) set forth in the heading the name of the applicant and the project number of the application to which the filing responds; (3) furnish the name, address, and telephone number of the person submitting the filing; and (4) otherwise comply with the requirements of 18 CFR 385.2001 through 385.2005. All comments, recommendations, terms and conditions or prescriptions must set forth their evidentiary basis and otherwise comply with the requirements of 18 CFR 4.34(b).

Agencies may obtain copies of the application directly from the applicant. Each filing must be accompanied by proof of service on all persons listed on the service list prepared by the Commission in this proceeding, in accordance with 18 CFR 4.34(b), and 385.2010.

o. Procedural schedule and final amendments: The application will be processed according to the following Hydro Licensing Schedule. Revisions to the schedule will be made as appropriate.

Notice of the availability of the draft EIS—May 2003;

Initiate 10(j) process—July 2003; Notice of the availability of the final EIS—November 2003; and

Ready for Commission decision on the application—April 2004.

Final amendments to the application must be filed with the Commission no later than 30 days from the issuance date of the notice of ready for environmental analysis."

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,
Deputy Secretary.
[FR Doc. 02–20826 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

#### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Notice of Application Tendered for Filing with the Commission, Soliciting Additional Study Requests, and Establishing Procedural Schedule for Relicensing and a Deadline for Submission of Final Amendments

August 12, 2002.

Take notice that the following hydroelectric application has been filed with the Commission and is available for public inspection:

a. Type of Application: New Major License.

b. Project No.: 2720–036.c. Date Filed: July 29, 2002.

d. Applicant: City of Norway, Michigan.

e. *Name of Project*: Sturgeon Falls Hydroelectric Project.

f. Location: On the Menominee River in Dickinson County, Michigan and Marinette County, Wisconsin. The project does not utilize lands of the United States.

g. Filed Pursuant To: Federal Power
Act 16 U.S.C. Sections 791(a)—825(r).

h. Applicant Contact: Ray Anderson, City Manager, City of Norway, City Hall, 915 Main Street, Norway, Michigan 49870, (906) 563–8015.

i. FERC Contact: Patti Leppert (202) 502-6034, or patricia.leppert@ferc.gov.

j. Cooperating Agencies: We are asking Federal, State, and local agencies and Indian tribes with jurisdiction and/or special expertise with respect to environmental issues to cooperate with us in the preparation of the environmental document. Agencies who would like to request cooperating status should follow the instructions for filing comments described in item k below.

k. Pursuant to Section 4.32(b)(7) of 18 CFR of the Commission's regulations, if any resource agency, Indian tribe, or person believes that an additional scientific study should be conducted in order to form an adequate factual basis for complete analysis of the application on its merit, the resource agency, Indian tribe, or person must file a request for a study with the Commission not later than 60 days from the date of this notice and serve a copy of the request on the applicant.

I. Deadline for filing additional study requests and requests for cooperating agency status: September 30, 2002.

All documents (original and eight copies) should be filed with: Magalie R. Salas, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426.

The Commission's Rules of Practice require all intervenors filing documents with the Commission to serve a copy of that document on each person on the official service list for project. Further, if an intervenor files comments or documents with the Commission relating to the merits of an issue that may affect the responsibilities of a particular resource agency, they must also serve a copy of the documents on that resource agency.

Additional study requests and requests for cooperating agency status may be filed electronically via the Internet in lieu of paper. The Commission strongly encourages electronic filings. See 18 CFR 385.2001(a)(1)(iii) and the instructions on the Commission's web site (http://www.ferc.gov) under the "e-Filing" link.

m. This application is not ready for environmental analysis at this time.

n. Description of Project: The existing project consists of: (1) a 270-foot-long concrete dam with spillway equipped with a 16.7-foot-high by 24-foot-wide Taintor gate and a 16.7-foot-high by 16-foot-wide Taintor gate; (2) a 126.5-foot-long concrete head-works structure; (3) a 400-acre impoundment with a normal pool elevation of 829.8 feet NGVD; (4) a 300-foot-long, 60-foot-wide power canal leading to; (5) a powerhouse containing four generating units with a total installed capacity of 5,136 kilowatts; (6) a 300-foot-long, 7.2-kV

transmission line; and (7) appurtenant facilities.

o. A copy of the application is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's website at http://www.ferc.gov using the "FERRIS" link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, call (202) 502–8222 or for TTY (202) 208–1659. A copy is also available for inspection and reproduction at the address in item h above.

p. With this notice, we are initiating consultation with the Wisconsin and Michigan State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPO), as required by Section 106 of the National Preservation Act and the regulations of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, 36 CFR 800.4.

Note: The above paragraph initiating consultation with the SHPOs may be unnecessary if that language was included in the pre-filing notice requesting preliminary terms and conditions.

q. Procedural schedule and final amendments: The application should be processed according to the following Hydro Licensing Schedule. Revisions to the schedule will be made as appropriate. Because the issues in this relicensing have been resolved prior to the final license application being filed, the staff does not anticipate issuing a draft environmental assessment (EA). Rather, comments, terms and conditions, recommendations, prescriptions, and reply comments, if any, will be addressed in an EA issued in the fall of 2003.

Issue Deficiency Letter—October 2002 Issue Acceptance letter—January 2003 Issue Scoping Document 1 for comments—February 2003

Request Additional Information—April 2003

Issue Scoping Document 2, if necessary—May 2003

Notice of application is ready for environmental analysis—May 2003 Notice of the availability of the EA— November 2003

Ready for Commission's decision on the application—November 2003

Final amendments to the application must be filed with the Commission no later than 30 days from the issuance date of the notice of ready for environmental analysis.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–20827 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7260-7]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request, NESHAP for Inorganic Arsenic Emissions From Glass Manufacturing Plants (Part 61, Subpart N)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), this document announces that the following Information Collection Request (ICR) has been forwarded to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval: NESHAP for Inorganic Arsenic Emissions from Glass Manufacturing Plants (Part 61, Subpart N), OMB Control Number 2060-0043, expiration date August 31, 2002. The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden and cost; where appropriate, it includes the actual data collection instrument.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments, referencing EPA ICR No. 1081.07 and OMB Control No. 2060–0043, to the following addresses: Susan Auby, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Collection Strategies Division (Mail Code 2822T), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001; and to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For a copy of the ICR contact Susan Auby at EPA by phone at (202) 566–1672, by e-mail at auby.susan@epamail.epa.gov or download off the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/icr and refer to EPA ICR No. 1081.07. For technical questions about the ICR contact Gregory Fried, OECA, by telephone on 202–564–7016.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: NESHAP for Inorganic Arsenic Emissions from Glass Manufacturing Plants (Part 61, Subpart N), OMB Control Number 2060–0043, EPA ICR Number 1081.07, expiration date August 31, 2002. This is a request for extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: The National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Inorganic Arsenic Emissions from Glass Manufacturing Plants (40 CFR part 61, subpart N) were proposed on July 20, 1983, and promulgated on August 4, 1986. The standards were amended on May 31, 1990, to add an alternative test method. These standards apply to each glass melting furnace that uses commercial arsenic as a raw material. These standards do not apply to pot furnaces. Also, rebricking is not considered construction or modification for the purposes of 40 CFR 61.05. This information is being collected to assure compliance with 40 CFR part 61, subpart N. In general, all NESHAP standards require initial notifications, performance tests, and periodic reports. Owners or operators are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. These notifications, reports, and records are essential in determining compliance, and are required of all sources subject to NESHAP. Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain a file of these measurements, and retain the file for at least two years following the date of such measurements, maintenance reports, and records. All reports are sent to the delegated State or local authority. In the event that there is no such delegated authority, the reports are sent directly to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Office.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR chapter 15. The Federal Register document required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on October 29, 2001 (66 FR 54514). No comments were received.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 141 hours per response. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing

and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities: Glass manufacturing plants that use commercial arsenic as a raw material.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 28.

Frequency of Response: Semiannually.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 4.524 hours.

Estimated Total Annualized Capital, O&M Cost Burden: \$98,000.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques to the addresses listed above. Please refer to EPA ICR No. 1081.07 and OMB Control No. 2060–0043 in any correspondence.

Dated: August 2, 2002.

# Oscar Morales,

Director, Collection Strategies Division. [FR Doc. 02–20868 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7260-9]

Agency Information Collection Activitles: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Risk Management Program Requirements and Petitions To Modify the List of Regulated Substances Under Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), this document announces that the following Information Collection Request (ICR) has been forwarded to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval: Risk Management Program Requirements and Petitions to Modify the List of Regulated Substances under section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA), OMB Control No. 2050–0144, expiring September 30, 2002. The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden and

cost; where appropriate, it includes the actual data collection instrument.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments, referencing EPA ICR No. 1656.09 and OMB Control No. 2050–0144, to the following addresses: Susan Auby, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Collection Strategies Division (Mail Code 2822T), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001; and to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For a copy of the ICR contact Susan Auby at EPA by phone at (202) 566–1672, by e-mail at auby.susan@epa.gov or download off the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/icr and refer to EPA ICR No. 1656.09. For technical questions about the ICR contact Sicy Jacob at EPA by phone at (202) 564–8019, by e-mail at jacob.sicy@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Risk Management Program
Requirements and Petitions to Modify
the List of Regulated Substances under
section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act
(CAA); EPA ICR No. 1656.09, expiring
September 30, 2002. This is a request for
extension of a currently approved

collection.

Abstract: The 1990 CAA Amendments added section 112(r) to provide for the prevention and mitigation of accidental releases. Section 112(r) mandates that EPA promulgate a list of "regulated substances," with threshold quantities and establish procedures for the addition and deletion of substances from the list of "regulated substances." Processes at stationary sources that contain a threshold quantity of a regulated substance are subject to accidental release prevention regulations promulgated under CAA section 112(r)(7). These two rules are codified as 40 CFR part 68.

This information collection request addresses the following information requirements: (1) Documenting sources' risk management programs and submitting a source risk management plan (RMP) under CAA section 112(r)(7). The regulations include requirements for covered sources to implement and maintain documentation for a risk management program and submit an RMP (including information on a source's hazard assessment, prevention program, and emergency response program) to EPA. (2) Collecting and submitting information to support

petitions to modify the list of regulated substances under CAA section 112(r)(3). The regulations include requirements for a petitioner to submit sufficient information in support of a petition to scientifically support the request to add or delete a chemical from the list of regulated substances. The Agency will use this information in making the decision to grant or deny a petition.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR chapter 15. The Federal Register document required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on April 16, 2002 (67 FR 18603). EPA did not receive any comments.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting burden will depend on the regulatory program tier into which sources are categorized. In this ICR, EPA estimates that only certain entities will be newly subject to the RMP during the three years covered by this ICR. For these newly affected sources, the public reporting burden for rule familiarization, is estimated to be 35 hours per source and 11 hours for other initial compliance. The respondent burden to prepare and submit an RMP is estimated to take 5.0 hours for retailers to 28 hours for complex chemical manufacturers. The respondent burden to maintain on-site documentation is estimated to range from 4.5 hours for retailers to 355 hours for complex chemical manufacturers. The reporting burden for CBI claims is estimated to be 9.5 hours for certain chemical manufacturing sources. The total respondent burden to become familiar with the rule, complete and submit (or revise) the risk management plan, maintain on-site documentation, and substantiate claims for confidential business information is estimated to be about 273,000 hours over three years, or an annual burden of 91,000 hours. The three-year burden estimated for 15 states that may be implementing part 68 program is 18,480 hours, or an annual burden of 6,160 hours. Therefore, the total burden for all sources and states is estimated to be 291,480 hours for three years, or an annual burden of 97,160 hours.

Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology

and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities: State, Local or Tribal Government, business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents:

Frequency of Response: Every 5 years. Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 97,160.

Estimated Total Annualized Capital, Operating/ Maintenance Cost Burden: \$6,700.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques to the following addresses. Please refer to EPA ICR No. 1656.09 and OMB Control No. 2050–0144 in any correspondence.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

#### Oscar Morales.

Director, Collection Strategies Division. [FR Doc. 02–20869 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7260-8]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; NSPS for Sulfuric Acid Plants

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), this document announces that the following Information Collection Request (ICR) has been forwarded to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval: NSPS for Sulfuric Acid Plants (40 CFR part 60, subpart H); OMB Control Number 2060–0041; expiration date August 31, 2002. The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden and cost; where appropriate, it includes the actual data collection instrument.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments, referencing EPA ICR No. 1057.09 and OMB Control No. 2060–0041, to the following addresses: Susan Auby, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Collection Strategies Division (Mail Code 2822T), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001; and to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Susan Auby at EPA by phone at (202) 566–1672, by e-mail at Auby.Susan@epamail.epa.gov or download off the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/icr and refer to EPA ICR Number 1057.09. For technical questions about the ICR contact Marcia Mia at EPA by phone at (202–564–7042), by e-mail at Mia.Marcia@epa.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: NSPS for Sulfuric Acid Plants (40 CFR part 60, subpart H); OMB Control No. 2060–0041; EPA ICR Number 1057.09; expiration date August 31, 2002. This is a request for extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: This ICR contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements that are mandatory for compliance with 40 CFR 60.80, subpart H, New Source Performance Standards for Sulfuric Acid Plants. This information notifies the Agency when a source becomes subject to the regulations, and informs the Agency that the source is in compliance when it begins operation. The Agency is informed of the sources' compliance status by semiannual reports. The calibration and maintenance requirements aid in a source remaining in compliance.

In the Administrator's judgement, sulfuric dioxide and acid mist emissions from the manufacture of sulfuric acid cause or contribute to air pollution that may reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. Therefore, New Source Performance Standards have been promulgated for this source category as required under section 111 of the Clean Air Act.

The control of sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) and acid mist requires not only the installation of properly designed equipment, but also the proper operation and maintenance of that equipment. Sulfur dioxide and acid mist emissions from sulfuric acid plants result from the burning of sulfur or sulfur-bearing feedstocks to form SO<sub>2</sub>,

catalytic oxidation of SO2 to sulfur trioxide, and absorption of SO2 in a strong acid stream. These standards rely on the capture of SO2 and acid mist by

venting to a control device.

Owners or operators of sulfuric acid plants subject to NSPS are required to make the following one-time-only reports: Notification of the date of construction or reconstruction; notification of the anticipated and actual dates of startup; notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the regulated pollutant emission rate; notification of demonstration of the continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS); notification of the date of the initial performance test; and the results of the initial performance test. After the initial recordkeeping and reporting requirements, semiannual reports are required if there has been an exceedance of control device operating parameters.

Owners or operators are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. These notifications, reports and records are required, in general, of all sources subject to NSPS. No new facilities are estimated to become subject to the standard during the next

three years.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR chapter 15. The Federal Register document required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on October 29, 2001 (66 FR 54514); no comments were received.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to be 220 hours per facility. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able

to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities: Sulfuric Acid Plants.

Estimated Number of Respondents:

Frequency of Response: Semiannually and on-occasion.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 23.320 hours.

Estimated Total Annualized Capital, O&M Cost Burden: \$477,000.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques to the following addresses. Please refer to EPA ICR Number 1057.09 and OMB Control Number 2060-0041 in any correspondence.

Dated: August 2, 2002.

#### Oscar Morales.

Director, Collection Strategies Division. [FR Doc. 02-20870 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

[ER-FRL-6632-1]

# **Environmental Impact Statements; Notice of Availability**

Responsible Agency: Office of Federal Activities, General Information (202) 564-7167 or www.epa.gov/compliance/ nepa Weekly receipt of Environmental Impact Statements Filed August 5, 2002 Through August 9, 2002 Pursuant to 40 CFR 1506.9.

EIS No. 020339, DRAFT EIS, AFS, MN, Holmes/Chipmunk Timber Sale Project, Implementation, Superior National Forest, LaCroix Ranger District, Saint Louis County, MN, Comment Period Ends: September 30, 2002, Contact: John Galazen (218) 666-0020.

EIS No. 020340, DRAFT EIS, AFS, AZ, Kachina Village Forest Health Project, Implementation, Improving Forest Health and Reducing Wildfire Potential on National Forest System Land in the Coconino National Forest, Mormon Lake Ranger District, Coconino County, AZ, Comment Period Ends: September 30, 2002, Contact: Tammy Randall-Parker (928) 774–1147.

This document is available on the Internet at: http://www.fs.fed.us/r3/ coconino/nepa.

EIS No. 020341, FINAL EIS, DOE, WA, OR, Wallula Power Project and

Wallula-McNary Transmission Line Project, Construction and Operation, 1300 megawatt(MW) Natural Gas Fired Combustion Gas Turbine Facility and a new 500-kilovolt(kV) Transmission Line and Upgrade of the McNary Substation, US COE Section 10 and 404 Permits, Walla-Walla Co., WA and Umatilla Co., OR, Wait Period Ends: September 16, 2002, Contact: Donald L. Rose (503) 230-3796.

This document is available on the Internet at: http://www.efsec.wa.gov EIS No. 020342, FINAL EIS, FRC, ID, Four Mid-Snake River Hydroelectric Projects, Applications for New License for the Existing Projects: Shoshane Falls-FERC No. 2778, Upper Salmon Falls-FERC No. 2777, Lower Salmon Falls-FERC No. 2061 and Bliss-FERC No. 1975, Snake River, ID, Wait Period Ends: September 16, 2002, Contact: John Blair (202) 219-2845.

This document is available on the Internet at: http://

www.rimsweb1.ferc.gov. EIS No. 020343, DRAFT EIS, SFW, CA, Natomas Basin Habitat Conservation Plan, Issuance of Incidental Take Permit and the Adoption of an Implementing Agreement or Agreements, Natomas Basin, Sacramento and Sutter Counties, CA, Comment Period Ends: September 30, 2002, Contact: Vicki Campbell (916) 414-6600.

EIS No. 020344, FINAL EIS, AFS, NM, Viveash Fire Timber Salvage Project, Proposal to Harvest a Portion of the Fire-Killed Trees, Pecos/Las Vegas Ranger District, Santa Fe National Forest, NM, Wait Period Ends: September 16, 2002, Contact: Chris Napp (505) 757-6121.

This document is available on the Internet at: http://www.fs.fed.us/r3/sfe/. EIS No. 020345, DRAFT EIS, COE, KS, Kansas Highway 10 (commonly known as South Lawrence Trafficway) Relocation, Issuance or Denial of Section 404 Permit Request, Lawrence City, Douglas County, KS, Comment Period Ends: September 30, 2002,

Contact: Robert J. Smith (816) 983–3656. EIS No. 020346, DRAFT EIS, EPA, LA, Marrero-Lafitte Waterline Modification of the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between USEPA and Jefferson Parrish, LA, Approval or Denial, Jefferson Parrish, LA, Comment Period Ends: September 30, 2002, Contact: Robert D. Lawrence (215) 655-8150.

EIS No. 020347, DRAFT EIS, SFW CA, Aquatic Habitat Conservation Plan and Candidate Conservation Agreement with Assurances to Conserve Habitat for and Mitigate Impacts on Six Aquatic Species, USFWS Enhancement of Survival Permit and an USMFS

Incidental Take Permit Issuance, Humboldt and Del Norte Counties, CA, Comment Period Ends: November 19, 2002, Contact: Amedee Brickey (707) 822–8136.

This document is available on the Internet at: http://www.swr.nmfs.noaa.gov/.

#### **Amended Notices**

EIS No. 020248, DRAFT EIS, COE, CA, Bolinas Lagoon Ecosystem Restoration, Proposal to Removal up to 1.5 Million Cubic Yard of Sediment from the bottom of Lagoon to Allow Restoration of Tidal Movement and Eventual Restoration of Tidal Habitat, Marin County, CA, Comment Period Ends: October 1, 2002, Contact: Roger Golden (415) 977–8703. Revision of FR Notice Published on 7/19/2002: CEQ Comment Period Ending 8/15/2002 has been extended to 10/1/2002.

EIS No. 020304, FINAL EIS, NOA, CA, San Francisco Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve, Proposes to Designate Three Sites: China Camp State Park, Brown's Island Regional Parks District, and Rush Ranch Open Space Preserve, Contra Costa, Marin and Solano Counties, CA, Wait Period Ends: August 26, 2002, Contact: Laurie McGilvray—ext 15 (301) 713–3132.

Revision of FR Notice Published on 7/ 19/2002: CEQ Wait Period Ending on 8/ 19/2002 has been Extended to 8/26/ 2002

Dated: August 13, 2002.

Joseph C. Montgomery,

 $\label{lem:complex} \textit{Director, NEPA Compliance Division, Office} \\ \textit{of Federal Activities.}$ 

[FR Doc. 02–20862 filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[ER-FRL-6632-2]

# Environmental Impact Statements and Regulations; Availability of EPA Comments

Availability of EPA comments prepared pursuant to the Environmental Review Process (ERP), under Section 309 of the Clean Air Act and Section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act as amended. Requests for copies of EPA comments can be directed to the Office of Federal Activities at (202) 564–7167.

An explanation of the ratings assigned to draft environmental impact statements (EISs) was published in FR dated April 12, 2002 (67 FR 17992).

### **Draft EISs**

ERP No. D-AFS-J65363-MT Rating EC2, Post Fire Vegetation and Fuels Management Project, Fuel Reduction, Bark Beetle Sanitation and Maintenance, and/or Restoration of Vegetative Communities, Beaverhead Deerlodge National Forest, Wisdom and Pintler Ranger Districts, Beaverhead and Deerlodge Counties, MT.

Summary: EPA expressed environmental concerns about proposed harvests in the Tie and Trail Creek drainages based on impacts to wetlands and the riparian areas. Monitoring to measure the effectiveness of harvesting for the prevention of spruce beetle epidemics should be included as well as additional seeding and revegetation and coordination with Montana Department of Environmental Quality.

ERP No. D-BLM-J02039-MT Rating 3, Montana Statewide Conventional Oil and Gas and Coal Bed Methane Gas Exploration and Development Management Plan within the Bureau of Land Powder River and Billings Resources Management Plan Areas and the State of Montana, Implementation, MT.

Summary: EPA concluded that the Draft EIS is inadequate based on the deficiencies in the water quality analysis; specifically by not addressing water management practices needed to assure attainment of water quality standards under the Clean Water Act. In addition, impacts to air quality, Tribal communities and their natural resources, and wildlife have not been adequately analyzed. EPA recommended: (1) Adopting the scientific analyses of water quality criteria being prepared by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality and the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, (2) preparing a Watershed Management Framework for each watershed and (3) including all additional key information in a Revised or Supplemental Draft EIS.

ERP No. D-BLM-165358-WY Rating EU3, Powder River Basin Oil and Gas Project, Extraction, Transportation and Oil and Natural Gas Resources Sale, Application for a Permit to Drill (APD), Special Use Permit and Right-of-Way Grants, Campbell, Converse, Johnson and Sheridan Counties, WY.

Summary: EPA found the potential environmental impacts of the preferred alternative Environmentally Unsatisfactory based on degradation of water quality and subsequent impacts to irrigated agriculture. In addition, the Draft EIS did not adequately consider an alternative that would meet state water quality standards. EPA recommended: (1) Adopting the scientific analyses of

water quality criteria being prepared by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality and the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, (2) prepare a Watershed Management Framework for each watershed and (3) include all additional key information in a Revised or Supplemental Draft EIS.

ERP No. D-COE-K30031-CA Rating EC2, Imperial Beach Shore Protection Project, Shore Protection and Prevention of Damage to Adjacent Beachfront Structures, Silver Strand Shoreline, City of Imperial Beach, San Diego County, CA.

Summary: EPA expressed environmental concerns and requested additional information on alternative sources of sand for beach nourishment and water quality survey and monitoring efforts for the project.

ERP No. D-FHW-K40251-CA Rating EC2, Butte 70/149/99/191 Highway Improvement Project, Update State Route 149 to Four-Lane Expressway from 70 north of Oroville to Route 99 south of Chico, Funding, Right-of-Way Acquisition, and US Army Section 404 Permit Issuance, Butte County, CA.

Summary: EPA expressed environmental concerns that cumulative impacts and induced growth impacts are not thoroughly analyzed. Impacts to resources such as habitat, water and air quality should be analyzed in further detail.

ERP No. DA-NOA-G64002-00 Rating LO, Reef Fish Fishery Management Plan, Secretarial Amendment 1, 10-Year Rebuilding Plan for Red Grouper, with Associated Impacts on Gag and Other Groupers, Gulf of Mexico.

Summary: While EPA has no objection to the action as proposed, it did request clarification information on protective measures on threatened and endangered species, especially sea turtles, that may become entangled in the fishing gear.

### Final EISs

ERP No. F-AFS-L65343-ID

Whiskey Campo Resource Management Project, Implementation, Elmore County, ID.

Summary: No formal comment letter was sent to the preparing agency.

ERP No. F-BLM-K65235-AZ

Las Cienegas Resource Management Plan, Implementation, Las Cienegas National Conservation Area (NCA) and Sonoita Valley Acquisition Planning District, AZ.

Summary: No formal comment letter was sent to the preparing agency.

### ERP No. F-FHW-H40171-NE

Lincoln South and East Beltways Project, Circumferential Transportation System Completion linking I–80 on the north and US 77 on the west, Funding and US Army COE Section 404 Permit and NPDES Permit Issuance, Lancaster County, NE.

Summary: EPA's environmental concerns were adequately addressed in the FEIS, therefore EPA has no objections to the proposed action.

### ERP No. F-FRC-J03014-00

Kern River 2003 Gas Transmission Project, Expansion of the existing (KRGT) Interstate Pipeline System from southwestern Wyoming to southern California, Right-of-Way Grant, NPDES and US Army COE Section 404 Permits Issuance, (FERC Docket NO. CP01–422– 000), WY, UT, NV and CA.

Summary: No formal comment letter was sent to the preparing agency.

#### ERP No. F-GSA-E80003-GA

Chamblee Campus Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Expansion, Atlanta Metro Area, City of Chamblee, Dekalb County, GA.

Summary: While EPA has no objection to the action as proposed, it did request that our previous comments on the draft EIS be further addressed during the final project design and implementation phase.

### ERP No. F-HUD-C85043-NY

1105–1135 Warburton Avenue, River Club Apartment Complex Development and Operation, Funding, City of Yonkers, Westchester County, NY.

Summary: EPA has no objection to the action proposed as our previous issues have been adequately addressed.

### ERP No. F-NOA-A91067-00

Deep-sea Red Crab (Chaconne quinquedens) Fisheries, Fishery Management Plan, Development and Implementation, Norfolk Canyon in the south to the Haque Line in the north, Continental United States and Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ).

Summary: EPA has no objection to the action as proposed.

Dated: August 13, 2002.

# Joseph C. Montgomery,

Director, NEPA Compliance Division, Office of Federal Activities.

[FR Doc. 02-20863 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

### [FRL-7260-2]

ISCMEM Interagency Steering Committee on Multimedia Environmental Modeling; Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The annual public meeting of the Federal Interagency Steering Committee on Multimedia Environmental Modeling (ISCMEM) will convene to review progress by the working groups and to discuss initiatives for FY 2003.

**DATES:** September 12, 2002, 9:30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

ADDRESSES: U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) (Thomas Jefferson Auditorium), 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Designated Federal Official: Gary J. Foley, 919–541–2106; General Information: Dave Brown, 706–355–8300.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Background**

On July 5, 2001, six Federal agencies entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on research and development of multimedia environmental models. The MOU establishes a framework for facilitating cooperation and coordination among the following agencies (the specific research organization within the agency is in parenthesis): U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Engineer Research and Development Center); U.S. Department of Agriculture (Agricultural Research Service); U.S. Department of Energy (Office of Science and Technology); U.S. **Environmental Protection Agency** (Office of Research and Development); U.S. Geological Survey; and U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research) in research and development (R&D) of multimedia environmental models, software and related databases, including development, enhancements, applications and assessments of sitespecific, generic, and process-oriented multimedia environmental models as they pertain to human and environmental health risk assessment. Specifically, the MOU supports the exchange of technical information through data bases, information systems, clearinghouses, conferences, workshops, activities for developing a

common model-data framework, collaboration on scientific projects supporting the modeling framework, and other means pertaining to multimedia model development, enhancements and applications focusing on environmental risk assessments.

#### Goals of the MOU

Provide a mechanism for the cooperating Federal Agencies to pursue a common technology in multimedia environmental modeling with a shared scientific basis; Reduce redundancies and improve the common technology through exchange and comparisons of multimedia environmental models, software and related databases; Seek mutual benefit from their respective R&D programs related to multimedia environmental model development and enhancement activities, and to ensure effective exchange of information between their technical staff and contractors; Facilitate the establishment of working partnerships among the cooperating Federal Agencies' technical staff and designated contractors in order to enhance productivity and mutual benefit through collaboration on mutually-defined research studies such as the development of a common modeldata framework; Develop high-quality research and modeling products and commit to following established quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) procedures.

# Focus of the MOU

Exchange of information related to multimedia environmental modeling tools and supporting scientific information for environmental risk assessments, protocols for establishing linkages between disparate databases and models, and development and use of a common model-data framework; Research and development programs include development and field applications of a wide variety of software modules, data processing tools, and uncertainty assessment approaches for understanding and predicting contaminant transport processes including the impact of chemical and non-chemical stressors on human and ecological health.

# **Public Meeting Purpose**

The annual public meeting provides an opportunity for the scientific community, other Federal and State agencies, and the public to be briefed on the progress of the MOU working groups and their initiatives for the upcoming year, and to discuss technological advancements in multimedia environmental modeling. Copies of the

agenda are available upon request to Dr. Dave Brown, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Exposure Research Laboratory, Ecosystems Research Division, 960 College Station Road, Athens, Georgia 30605–2720; telephone number: (706) 355–8300; fax number: (706) 355–8302; e-mail address: brown.dave@epa.gov.

### **Meeting Synopsis**

The tentative agenda is for the ISCMEM Chair to report on two inîtiatives: progress on establishing Web sites for technology transfer; and new participating Federal agencies. The four MOU working groups: Software System Design and Implementation; Uncertainty and Parameter Estimation; Modeling Reactive Transport; and Watershed Modeling will report on their progress during the year. A series of three technical presentations will focus on: "Modeling Frameworks-G.I.S. Integration" be presented by Olaf David, PhD., Research Scientist, Colorado State University/Agricultural Research Service, USDA, Fort Collins, CO; "Multi-Objective Parameter Estimation and Uncertainty Analysis for Watershed Modeling" to be presented by Steve Markstrom, U.S. Geological Survey in Denver, CO; and "Object Modeling System 1 (OMS) Implementation Implications for Technology Transfer and E-Government" to be presented by Jack Carlson, Director, Information Technology Center, Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA, Fort Collins, CO.

#### Access

The USDA Jefferson Auditorium is located on the first floor of the South Agriculture Building at 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC between the fourth and fifth wings. To access the Jefferson Auditorium, please use the fourth wing entrance on Independence Avenue. The most convenient transportation to the meeting venue is via Metro. Please take Metro to the Smithsonian stop on the Blue or Orange Lines, exit via the Independence Avenue escalator. proceed west on Independence Avenue to the South Agriculture Building and enter through the wing 4 which is the visitors entrance. Please inform the security personnel that you are attending the public meeting on multimedia modeling in the Jefferson Auditorium.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

David S. Brown,

Chief, Regulatory Support Branch.
[FR.Doc. 02–20871 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7260-5]

### EPA Science Advisory Board; Notification of Public Advisory Committee Meeting

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, notice is hereby given that the Metals Assessment Panel of the US EPA Science Advisory Board (SAB) will meet on the dates and times noted below. All times noted are Eastern Daylight Time. All meetings are open to the public, however, seating is limited and available on a first come basis. Important Notice: Documents that are the subject of SAB reviews are normally available from the originating EPA office and are not available from the SAB Office—information concerning availability of documents from the relevant Program Office is included

# Metals Assessment Panel (MAP)— Meeting Dates

The Metals Assessment Panel of the EPA Science Advisory Board (SAB), will meet September 10–12, 2002 in the Dewey room on the plaza level of the Hilton Crystal City at Ronald Reagan National Airport, 2399 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202 (Tel. 703–418–6800). The meeting will begin by 9 a.m. on Tuesday September 10 and adjourn no later than 5 p.m. on Thursday September 12.

Purpose of the Meeting—The EPA Science Advisory Board (SAB, Board) announced in 67 FR 38957–38959, June 6, 2002 that it had been asked to undertake a review of EPA's draft Action Plan for the "Framework for Metals Assessment and Cross-Agency Guidance for Assessing Metals-Related Hazard and Risk." The background, charge, and description of the review documents appear in the above referenced Federal Register notice and are also available at the SAB Web site (www.epa.gov/sab).

Charge to the Subcommittee—The charge for this review was published in 67 FR 38957–38959, June 6, 2002.

Availability of Review Materials: The review documents and their availability was published in 67 FR 46505–46506, July 15, 2002.

For Further Information-Any member of the public wishing further information concerning this meeting or wishing to submit brief oral comments (10 minutes or less) must contact Kathleen White, Designated Federal Officer, EPA Science Advisory Board (1400A), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460; telephone (202) 564-4559; FAX (202) 501-0582; or via e-mail at white.kathleen@epa.gov. Requests for oral comments must be in writing (e-mail, fax or mail) and received by Kathleen White no later than noon Eastern Daylight Time on Tuesday, September 3.

# **Providing Oral or Written Comments at SAB Meetings**

It is the policy of the EPA Science Advisory Board to accept written public comments of any length, and to accommodate oral public comments whenever possible. The EPA Science Advisory Board expects that public statements presented at its meetings will not be repetitive of previously submitted oral or written statements. Oral Comments: In general, each individual or group requesting an oral presentation at a face-to-face meeting will be limited to a total time of ten minutes (unless otherwise indicated). For teleconference meetings, opportunities for oral comment will usually be limited to no more than three minutes per speaker and no more than fifteen minutes total. Deadlines for getting on the public speaker list for a meeting are given above. Speakers should bring at least 35 copies of their comments and presentation slides for distribution to the reviewers and public at the meeting. Written Comments: Although the SAB accepts written comments until the date of the meeting (unless otherwise stated), written comments should be received in the SAB Staff Office at least one week prior to the meeting date so that the comments may be made available to the committee for their consideration. Comments should be supplied to the appropriate DFO at the address/contact information noted above in the following formats: one hard copy with original signature, and one electronic copy via e-mail (acceptable file format: WordPerfect, Word, or Rich Text files (in IBM-PC/Windows 95/98 format). Those providing written comments and who attend the meeting are also asked to bring 25 copies of their comments for public distribution.

General Information—Additional information concerning the EPA Science Advisory Board, its structure, function, and composition, may be found on the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Object Modeling System information can be viewed at: http://xml.gov/efforts/oms.htm.

SAB Web site (http://www.epa.gov/sab) and in The FY2001 Annual Report of the Staff Director which is available from the SAB Publications Staff at (202) 564–4533 or via fax at (202) 501–0256. Committee rosters, draft Agendas and meeting calendars are also located on our Web site.

Meeting Access—Individuals requiring special accommodation at this meeting, including wheelchair access to the conference room, should contact the DFO at least five business days prior to the meeting so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

#### A. Robert Flaak,

Acting Deputy Staff Director, EPA Science Advisory Board.

[FR Doc. 02–20872 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission, Comments Requested

August 8, 2002.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork, burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before October 15, 2002. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it

difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Judith Boley Herman or Leslie Smith, Federal Communications Commission, Room 1–C804 or Room 1–A804, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554 or via the Internet to jboley@fcc.gov or lesmith@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collection(s), contact Judith Boley Herman at 202–418–0214 or via the Internet at jboley@fcc.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control No.: 3060-0207. Title: Part 11 "Emergency Alert System (EAS).

Form No.: N/A.

Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.
Respondents: Business or other for-

profit, not for-profit institutions. Number of Respondents: 22,000 respondents; 1,144,000 responses. Estimated Time Per Response: .017—

40 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement and recordkeeping requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 38,585 hours. Total Annual Cost: \$8,250,000.

Needs and Uses: On February 22, 2002, the Commission adopted a Report and Order in EB Docket No. 01-66 (67 FR 18502). This Report and Order amended Part 11 rules to revise the technical and operational requirements for the Emergency Alert System (EAS). Many of these amendments were intended to enhance the capabilities and performance of the EAS during state and local emergencies, which will promote public safety. This Report and Order amended the EAS rules to make compliance with the EAS requirements less burdensome for broadcast stations, cable systems and wireless cable systems. The Report and Order also eliminated rules that were obsolete or no longer needed.

Part 11 contains rules and regulations providing for an EAS. The EAS provides the President with the capability to provide immediate communications and information to the general public at the national, state and local area level during periods of national emergency. The EAS also provides state and local government and the National Weather Service with the capability to provide immediate communications and information to the general public concerning emergency situations posing a threat to life and property.

Part 11 describes the required technical standards and operational

procedures of the EAS for AM, FM and TV broadcast stations, cable systems, wireless cable systems and other participating entities and includes recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The information will be used by FCC staff as part of routine inspections of broadcast stations. Accurate recordkeeping of this data is vital in determining the location and nature of possible equipment failure on the part of the transmitting or receiving entity. Furthermore, since the national level EAS is solely for the President's use, its proper operation must be assured.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20793 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

[FEMA-1421-DR]

Colorado; Amendment No. 2 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of a major disaster for the State of Colorado (FEMA-1421-DR), dated June 19, 2002, and related determinations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 6, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rich Robuck, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2705 or Rich.Robuck@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that the incident period for this disaster is closed effective August 6, 2002.

(The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 83.537, Community Disaster Loans; 83.538, Cora Brown Fund Program; 83.539, Crisis Counseling; 83.540, Disaster Legal Services Program; 83.541, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 83.542, Fire Suppression Assistance; 83.543, Individual and Family Grant (IFG) Program; 83.544, Public Assistance Grants; 83.545, Disaster Housing Program; 83.548, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.)

Joe M. Allbaugh,

Director.

[FR Doc. 02-20815 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718-02-P

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

[FEMA-1425-DR]

Texas; Amendment No. 11 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of a major disaster for the State of Texas (FEMA-1425-DR), dated July 4, 2002, and related determinations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 31, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rich Robuck, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2705 or Rich.Robuck@fema.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is hereby given that the incident period for this disaster is closed effective July 31, 2002

(The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 83.537, Community Disaster Loans; 83.538, Cora Brown Fund Program; 83.539, Crisis Counseling; 83.540, Disaster Legal Services Program; 83.541, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 83.542, Fire Suppression Assistance; 83.543, Individual and Family Grant (IFG) Program; 83.544, Public Assistance Grants; 83.545, Disaster Housing Program; 83.548, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.)

Joe M. Allbaugh,

Director.

[FR Doc. 02–20816 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6718–02-P

### **FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

# Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank

indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than September 6, 2002.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Susan Zubradt, Assistant Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198–0001:

1. First Centralia Bancshares, Inc., Centralia, Kansas; to acquire up to 11.8 percent of the voting shares of Morrill Bancshares, Inc., Sabetha, Kansas, and thereby indirectly acquire Morrill State Bank & Trust Co., Sabetha, Kansas; Morrill & Janes Bancshares, Inc., Hiawatha, Kansas; Morrill & Janes Bank & Trust Co., Hiawatha, Kansas; Onaga Bancshares, Inc., Merriam, Kansas; The First National Bank of Onaga, Onaga, Kansas; Century Capital Financial, Inc., Kilgore, Texas; Century Capital Financial - Delaware, Inc., Wilmington, Delaware; and City National Bank, Kilgore, Texas.

In connection with this application, Applicant also has applied to acquire voting shares of FBC Financial Corporation, Claremore, Oklahoma, the parent of 1st Bank o Oklahoma, Claremore, Oklahoma. and thereby engage in operating a savings association, pursuant to § 225.28(b)(4)(ii) of Regulation Y.

In addition, Applicant also has applied to engage *de novo* through First Trust Company of Onaga, Onaga, Oklahoma, in trust company functions, pursuant to § 225.28(b)(5) of Regulation Y

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, August 12, 2002.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc. 02-20792 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6210-01-8

# **FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisition of Shares of Bank or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the office of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than August 30, 2002.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Julie Stackhouse, Vice President) 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480–0291:

1. Gary A. Gerber, Rick H. Gerber, Jim E. Gerber, all of Exeland, Wisconsin; and Mahala A. Earnhart, Hewitt, Wisconsin; to acquire voting shares of Chippewa Valley Agency, Ltd., Winter, Wisconsin, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Chippewa Valley Bank, Winter, Wisconsin.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, August 12, 2002.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 02–20791 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

# GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

### **Transportation Management**

**AGENCY:** Office of Governmentwide Policy, GSA. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The General Services
Administration (GSA) is proposing to
develop several instructional chapters to
supplement 41 CFR part 102–117 and
incorporate the information into the
U.S. Government Freight Transportation
Handbook. The chapters will be
published one at a time. This
publication is not intended to change, or
open for comment, 41 CFR part 102–117
and 41 CFR part 102–118, as previously
published. This chapter will discuss the
transportation process without using a
Government Bill of Lading for domestic

shipments and emphasize the use of electronic commerce. This chapter is available for review at www.gsa.gov/transportationpolicy. A paper copy may be obtained by contacting Elizabeth Allison on 202–219–1729 or elizabeth.allison@gsa.gov.

**DATES:** Comments should be received by August 30, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Written comments may be addressed to Elizabeth Allison, Office of Governmentwide Policy (MTL), General Services Administration, 1800 F Street, NW., Room 1221, Washington, DC 20405. Send e-mail comments to: elizabeth.allison@gsa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Allison, Program Analyst, Transportation Management Policy Program, Office of Governmentwide Policy, General Services Administration, at 202–219–1729 or Internet e-mail at elizabeth.allison@gsa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Background

The General Services Administration (GSA) published Federal Management Regulation (FMR) part 102–117 (41 CFR part 102–117), Transportation Management, at 65 FR 60059, October 6, 2000, and FMR part 102–118 (41 CFR part 102–118), Transportation Payment and Audit, at 65 FR 24568, April 26, 2000. The final rules included the retirement of the Optional Forms 1103 and 1203, the Government Bill of Lading (GBL) for domestic use and encouraged the use of electronic commerce.

For nearly 100 years, the Government Bill of Lading (GBL) was the primary document used to acquire transportation or transportation services in the Government. The mechanics of business transactions without a GBL must be fully understood to ensure a smooth transition to standard business practices; to move toward electronic commerce; to ensure transportation bills are auditable in the future and continue to protect the Government interest.

The purpose of this chapter is to provide information, promote industry understanding and heighten the knowledge base of the Government transportation manager. The chapter will assist the managers in fulfilling their roles and responsibilities related to the transportation management program and provide instructive information to complement the Federal Management Regulation (FMR) parts 102–117 and 102–118 (41 CFR parts 102–117 and 102–118). This chapter does not include directives or procedures that are specific to the mission of an agency.

### A. Request for Comments

The General Services Administration (GSA) is seeking comments on this handbook chapter that covers the process of acquiring transportation. Comments will not be accepted on the underlying regulations. Transportation service providers and other interested parties are urged to participate by returning comments. Federal agencies are asked to help solidify the roles and responsibilities of the transportation manager and the transportation service provider moving Government freight and household goods.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

### Ted I. Bembenek, Ir.,

Director, Transportation Management Policy Division (MTL).

[FR Doc. 02-20788 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820-23-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Program Announcement 02079]

### Alaska Anemia Intervention and Treatment Program; Notice of Award of Funds

### A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the award of fiscal year (FY) 2002 funds for a grant program for Alaska Anemia Intervention and Treatment.

The purpose of the program is to reduce iron deficiency anemia rates of Alaska Native children in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta and Bristol Bay regions of Southwest Alaska, focusing on the potential relationship between Helicobacter pylori infection and iron deficiency anemia. This program addresses the "Healthy People 2010" focus areas Maternal, Infant, and Child Health and Immunization and Infectious Diseases.

#### **B.** Eligible Applicants

Assistance is provided only to the Alaska Department of Health and Social Services. No other applications were solicited. The House of Representatives Conference Report accompanying the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill ending September 30, 2002, and For Other Purposes (H.R. 3061, 107th Congress), recognized the unique qualifications of the Alaska Department of Health and Social Services for

carrying out the activities specified in this grant (H.R. Rep. 107–342).

#### A. Funds

Approximately \$494,494 is being awarded in FY 2002. It is expected that the award will begin on or about August 1, 2002, and will be made for a 12-month budget period within a one year project period.

# D. Where To Obtain Additional Information

Business management technical assistance may be obtained from: Sharon Robertson, Grants Management Specialist, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2920 Brandywine Road, Room 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–4146, Telephone number: 770–488–2748, Email address: sqr2@cdc.gov.

For program technical assistance, contact: Michael Klatt, Associate Director for Management & Operations, Arctic Investigations Program, National Center For Infectious Diseases, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 4055 Tudor Centre Drive, Anchorage, AK 99508, Telephone number: 907–729–3406, Email address: mlk2@cdc.gov.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

#### Sandra R. Manning,

Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [FR Doc. 02–20811 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Program Announcement 02049]

# Johns Hopkins Center for Civilian Biodefense Strategies; Notice of Award of Funds

### A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the award of fiscal year (FY) 2002 funds for a grant program for Johus Hopkins Center for Civilian Biodefense Strategies.

The purpose of the program is to continue support for the Johns Hopkins Center for Civilian Biodefense Strategies (JHCCBS) in development of national medical and public health policies and structures to protect the civilian population from bioterrorism. This program addresses the "Healthy People 2010" focus area Immunization and Infectious Diseases.

### B. Eligible Applicant

Assistance is provided only to the JHCCBS. No other applications were solicited. The House of Representatives Conference Report accompanying the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill Ending September 30, 2002, and For Other Purposes (H.R. 3061, 107th Congress), recognized the Johns Hopkins Center for Civilian Biodefense Strategies unique qualifications for carrying out the activities specified in this grant (H.R. Rep. 107–342).

#### C. Funds

Approximately \$988,987 is being awarded in FY 2002. The award will begin on or about September 1, 2002, and will be made for a 12-month budget period within a project period of one year.

# D. Where To Obtain Additional Information

Business management technical assistance may be obtained from: Sharon Robertson, Grants Management Specialist, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2920 Brandywine Road, Room 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–4146, Telephone number 770–488–2748, email address sar2@cdc.gov.

For program technical assistance, contact: Cyndi Shaffer, Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road, Atlanta, GA 30333, Telephone number 404–639–0131, e-mail address csw3@cdc.gov.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

### Sandra R. Manning,

Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [FR Doc. 02–20810 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# **Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**

[Program Announcement 02204]

University of Louisville Center for Deterrence of Biowarfare and Bioterrorism; Notice of Award of Funds

# A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the award of fiscal year (FY) 2002 funds for a cooperative agreement program for the University of Louisville (UoL), Center for Deterrence of Biowarfare and Bioterrorism (CDBB).

The purpose of the program is to develop communication and epidemiological capabilities that will facilitate detection and response to bioterrorism in protection of public health, provide effective education for health care providers in defense against bioterrorism, and conduct research to deter bioterrorism through enhanced medical and public health response capabilities. This program addresses the "Healthy People 2010" focus areas of Public Health Infrastructure and eliminating health disparities.

### B. Eligible Applicant

Assistance is provided only to the University of Louisville, Center for Deterrence of Biowarfare and Bioterrorism. No other applications were solicited. The House of Representatives Conference Report accompanying the Departments of Labor, Health, and Human Services, and **Education and Related Agencies** Appropriation Bill ending September 30, 2002, and For Other Purposes (H.R. 3061, 107th Congress), recognized the University of Louisville's unique qualifications for carrying out the activities specified in this grant (H.R. Rep. 107-342).

#### C. Funds

Approximately \$1,483,481 is being awarded in FY 2002. It is expected that the award will begin on or about August 1, 2002 and will be made for a 12-month budget period.

# D. Where To Obtain Additional Information

To obtain business management technical assistance, contact: Sharon H. Robertson, Grants Management Specialist, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2920 Brandywine Rd, Room 3000, Mailstop K-75, Atlanta, GA 30341-4146, Email address: sqr2@cdc.gov.

For program technical assistance, contact: Gail Williams, MPH, CHES, Public Health Practice Program Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 4770 Buford Hwy. NE, Mailstop K–38, Atlanta, GA 30341–3717, Telephone number: 770–488–8166.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

#### Sandra R. Manning,

Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [FR Doc. 02–20813 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Program Announcement 02111]

Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS) Surveillance and Prevention Project in the Republic of South Africa (RSA); Notice of Award

#### A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the award of \$150,000 in fiscal year (FY) 2002 for a cooperative agreement program for Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS) Surveillance and Prevention Project in the Republic of South Africa (RSA) with the Foundation for Alcohol Related Research (FARR) Project in collaboration with the National Health Laboratory Services (NHLS) and the University of Witwatersrand. The award is anticipated to begin in August 2002, with a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to three years.

The purpose of the program is to: (1) Develop an ongoing surveillance system for FAS; (2) estimate the prevalence of FAS in South African Provinces; (3) investigate and implement strategies for prevention; (4) complete needs assessments detailing the availability of and gaps in alcohol prevention and treatment services for women and intervention services for children; and (5) develop local epidemiology capacity through training of key study staff.

The Foundation for Alcohol Related Research (FARR) Project in collaboration with the National Health Laboratory Services (NHLS) and the University of Witwatersrand is the most appropriate and qualified agency to conduct activities under this Cooperative Agreement because:

1. FARR is the only organization in South Africa that can perform this activity. They are recognized by the South African National Department of Health as the only organization doing FAS epidemiologic research.

2. FARR was established in 1996 as a non-government (#97/00190/08) organization (NGO) whose mission is the prevention of FAS through surveillance, training, clinical diagnostic services, and epidemiological research

3. The FARR leadership was the first to identify children with FAS in South Africa and bring international attention to the extent of the problem there.

4. FARR's goals and objectives are to prevent FAS through the exchange of information, enabling collaborative

research, consultation and assistance to health care providers in the nine provinces. They have trained health care providers in all provinces and continue to develop surveillance systems to monitor trends and evaluate prevention efforts. FARR has five specific aims in its charter: (1) To evaluate the pathogenesis of FAS in atrisk South African communities; (2) to investigate the prevalence, psychosocial factors and disabilities associated with FAS; (3) evaluate the costs of FAS to exchequer of South Africa; (4) to set up prevention/intervention programmes in order to lessen the frequency of FAS, reduce the prevalence of alcohol abuse, prevent secondary disabilities, and educate the public on the dangers of alcohol-abuse during pregnancy; and (5) to increase capacity, expertise and knowledge of FAS in health professionals and the general public.

# B. Where To Obtain Additional Information

To obtain business management technical assistance, contact: Cynthia Collins, Contracts and Grants Management Specialist, International & Territories Acquisition & Assistance Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2920 Brandywine Road, Room 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–4146, Telephone: (770) 488–2757, Email address: coc9@cdc.gov.

Program technical assistance may be obtained from: Karen Hymbaugh, Telephone: (770) 488–7373, E-mail address: kxh5@cdc.gov or Connie Granoff, Telephone: (770) 488–7513, E-mail address: clg4@cdc.gov, National Center on Birth Defects & Developmental Disabilities, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 4770 Buford Highway NE., Atlanta, GA 30341–3724.

Dated: August 7, 2002.

# Sandra R. Manning,

Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [FR Doc. 02–20812 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS-R-191]

### Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly known as the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Type of Information Collection Request: Extension of a currently approved collection; Title of Information Collection: Granting and Withdrawal of Deeming Authority to National Accreditation Organizations and Supporting Regulations at 42 CFR 488.4 to 488.9 and 400.201; Form No.: CMS-R-191 (OMB# 0938-0690); Use: The information required is necessary to determine whether a private accreditation organization is equal to or more stringent than those of the conditions of participation or coverage for a fee-for-service provider or supplier, excluding clinical laboratories; Frequency: Quarterly, On occasion; Affected Public: Not-for-profit institutions, businesses or other forprofit; Number of Respondents: 5; Total Annual Responses: 28; Total Annual Hours: 451.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/ prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786-1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 30 days of this notice directly to the OMB desk officer: OMB Human Resources and Housing Branch, Attention: Brenda Aguilar, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

#### John P. Burke III,

Paperwork Reduction Act Team Leader, CMS Reports Clearance Officer, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs, Division of Regulations Development and Issuances. [FR Doc. 02–20794 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS-485]

### Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly known as the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection

Type of Information Collection Request: Extension of a currently approved collection; Title of Information Collection: Home Health Services Under Hospital Insurance, Manual Instructions and Supporting Regulations in 42 CFR 409.40-.50, 410.36, 410.170, 411.41-.15, 421.100, 424.22, 484.18 and 489.21; Form No.: HCFA-485 (OMB# 0938-0357); Use: The "Home Health Services Under Hospital Insurance" is a certification and plan of care used by the Regional Home Health Intermediaries to ensure reimbursement is made to Home Health agencies only for services that are covered and medically necessary under Part A and Part B. The attending physician must sign the HCFA-485 (OMB 0938-0357) authorizing the home services for a period not to exceed 60 days; Frequency: Other: Every 60 days; Affected Public: Business or other forprofit; Number of Respondents: 6,892; Total Annual Responses: 4,750,000; Total Annual Hours: 1,583,333.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/ prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 30 days of this notice directly to the OMB desk officer: OMB Human Resources and Housing Branch, Attention: Brenda Aguilar, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: August 6, 2002. John P. Burke, III,

Paperwork Reduction Act Team Leader, CMS Reports Clearance Officer, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs, Division of Regulations Development and Issuances. [FR Doc. 02–20795 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–03-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS-10049]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly known as the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to

be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden

Type of Information Collection Request: Reinstatement, without change, of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired; Title of Information Collection: Assessing the CMS Fall Campaign; Form No.: CMS-10049 (OMB# 0938-0851); Use: CMS will collect information 3 times during its fall media campaigns to assess the campaign. CMS will conduct the survey via telephone, visits to our Web site, and by monitoring of our 1-800-MEDICARE number.; Frequency: Once; Affected Public: Individuals or households; Number of Respondents: 10,800; Total Annual Responses: 10.800: Total Annual Hours: 2,700.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS Web site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/ prdact95.htm, or e-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786-1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 30 days of this notice directly to the OMB desk officer: OMB Human Resources and Housing Branch, Attention: Brenda Aguilar, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

John P. Burke III,

Paperwork Reduction Act Team Leader, CMS Reports Clearance Officer, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs, Division of Regulations Development and Issuances. [FR Doc. 02–20856 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS-10065]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly known as the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection

Type of Information Collection Request: New Collection; Title of Information Collection: Making Good Choices Survey; Form No.: CMS-10065 (OMB# 0938-NEW); Use This is a request for clearance for a survey "Making Good Choices about Medicare Health Plan Survey". As part of the continuous quality improvement effort for the National Medicare Education Program (NMEP), this survey will be used to assess the impact of new educational materials developed for individuals who are turning 65 and entering the Medicare program. The measures and educational materials are based on the Transtheoretical Model of Change (TTM, the "stage model"), which has been applied and proven effective in facilitating behavior change in a wide range of health behaviors including smoking cessation, exercise acquisition and mammography screening. The materials are designed to increase new enrollees' readiness to compare their health plan options and make an informed choice. The use of an investigational design in the present study (one group will receive the materials, another will not) will allow CMS to determine whether the materials increase readiness to make an informed choice, self-efficacy, knowledge about the Medicare program, information seeking, and satisfaction with health plan choice. It will assist CMS with its national educational campaign to inform beneficiaries about their health plan choices. Frequency: Once with follow-up; Affected Public: Individuals or Households; Number of Respondents: 1350; Total Annual Responses: 1350; Total Annual Hours: 1012.5 hours.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS Web Site address at <a href="http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/">http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/</a>

prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 30 days of this notice directly to the OMB desk officer: OMB Human Resources and Housing Branch, Attention: Brenda Aguilar, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: August 6, 2002.

# John P. Burke, III,

Paperwork Reduction Act Team Leader, CMS Reports Clearance Officer, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs, Division of Regulations Development and Issuances. [FR Doc. 02–20857 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Administration for Children and Families

# Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Title: Head Start Impact Study.

OMB No.: New collection.

Description: The Administration on
Children, Youth and Families (ACYF),
Administration for Children and

Families (ACF) of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), is requesting comments on plans to conduct the Head Start Impact Study. This study is being conducted under contract with Westat, Inc. (with the Urban Institute, American Institutes for Research, and Decision Information Resources as their subcontractors) (#282-00-0022) to collect information for determining, on a national basis, how Head Start affects the school readiness of children participating in the program, as compared to children not enrolled in Head Start, and to determine under which conditions Head Start works best and for which children. The Head Start Impact Study involves 10 waves of data collection.

The first two waves occurred during the field test in fall 2001 and spring 2002. The field test involved approximately 500 first time enrolled three- and four-year-old preschool children across eight grantee/delegate agencies representing different community contexts. The children participating were randomly assigned to either a Head Start group (that receives Head Start program services) or a comparison group (that does not receive Head Start services but may enroll in other available services selected by their parents or be cared for at home). Waves three through 10 will involve data collection for the full-scale study. The Head Start Impact Study is a

longitudinal study that will involve approximately 5,000-6,000 first time enrolled three- and four-year-old preschool children across an estimated 75 nationally representative grantee/ delegate agencies (in communities where there are more eligible children and families than can be served by the program). Data collection for the fullscale study will begin in fall 2002 and extend through spring 2006 with child assessments, conducted in the fall and spring of the Head Start years and in the spring of the kindergarten and first grade years, and parent interviews conducted in the fall and spring of each year. Interviews/surveys with program staff/care providers, and quality of care assessments will be conducted in the spring of each year. This schedule of data collection is necessitated by the mandate in Head Start's 1998 reauthorization (Coats Human Services Amendments of 1998, Pub. L. 05-285) that DHHS conduct research to determine, on a national level, the impact of Head Start on the children it serves.

Respondents: Individuals or households, Head Start Agencies, school districts, and other child care providers.

Annual Burden Estimates: Estimated Response Burden for Respondents to the Head Start Impact Study—fall 2002, spring 2003, fall 2003, spring 2004, fall 2004, spring 2005, fall 2005, and spring 2006.

Instrument	Number of re- spondents	Number of re- sponses per respondent	Average burden hours per re- sponse	Total burden hours
Year 1 (fall 2002):				
Parent Interviews	5,111	1	1.00	5,111
Child Assessment	5,111	1	0.9166	4,685
Teacher Ratings	613	5	0.0833	255
· Center Directors/Principals	307	1	1.00	307
Classroom Teachers	613	1	0.50	307
/ear 1 (spring 2003):				
Parent Interviews	4,599	1	1.00	4,599
Father Questionnaire	4,599	1	0.50	2,300
Child Assessments	4,599	1	0.9166	4,216
Teacher Ratings	966	5	0.0833	403
Family Service Workers	368	1	0.50	184
Education Coordinators	368	1	0.50	184
Center Directors/Principals	368	1	1.00	368
Classroom Teachers	736	1	0.50	368
Other Care Providers	230	1	0.50	115
Year 2 (fall 2003):				
Parent Interviews	4.139	1	1.00	4,139
Child Assessments	2,287	1	0.9166	2,096
Year 2 (spring 2004):	,			
Parent Interviews	3.910	1	1.00	3,910
Child Assessments	3.910	1	0.0833	3,584
Teacher Ratings	803	5	0.0833	335
Family Service Workers	165	1	0.50	83
Education Coordinators	165	1	0.50	83
Center Directors/Principals	350	1	1.00	350
Classroom Teachers	700	1	0.50	350
Other Care Providers	103	1	0.50	52
Year 3 (fall 2004): Parent Interviews		1	1.00	3.519

Instrument	Number of re- spondents	Number of re- sponses per respondent	Average burden hours per re- sponse	Total burden hours
Year 3 (spring 2005):				
Parent Interviews	3,519	1	1.00	3,519
Child Assessments	3,519	1	0.9166	3,226
Teacher Ratings	704	. 5	0.0833	293
Principals	352	1	1.00	352
Principals Classroom Teachers	704	1	0.50	352
Year 4 (fall 2005): Parent Interviews	1,667	1	1.00	1,667
Year 4 (spring 2006):				
Parent Interviews	1,667	1	1.00	1,667
Child Assessments	1,667	1	0.9166	1,528
Teacher Ratings	333	5	0.0833	139
Principals	167	1	1.00	167
Principals	333	1	0.50	167
Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:				13,745

Note: The 13,745 Total Annual Burden Hours is based on an average of 200203, 200304, 200405, and 200506 estimated burden hours.

#### **Additional Information**

Copies of the proposed collection may be obtained by writing to the Administration for Children and Families, Office of Administration, Office of Information Services, 370 L'Enfant Promenade, SW., Washington. DC 20447, Attn: ACF Reports Clearance Officer.

### **OMB Comment**

OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collection of information between 30 and 60 days after publication of this document in the Federal Register. Therefore, a comment is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent directly to the following: Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer for ACF.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Robert Sargis,

Reports Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 02-20786 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

### **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

# **National Institutes of Health**

# National Cancer Institute; Notice of Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(a) of the Federal Adivsory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of a meeting of the National Cancer Institute Director's Consumer Liaison Group.

The meeting will be open to the public, with attendance limited to space available. Individuals who plan to attend and need special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other reasonable accommodations, should notify the Contact Person listed below in advance of the meeting.

Name of Committee: National Cancer Institute Director's Consumer Liaison Group.

Date: September 5, 2002.

Time: 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Agenda: To discuss reports of the working groups, determine agenda for October

Place: 6115 Executive Blvd, Rockville, MD 20852. (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Elaine Lee, Executive Secretary, Office of Liaison Activities National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, 6116 Executive Boulevard, Suite 300 C, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301/594-3194.

Any interested person may file written comments with the committee by forwarding the statement to the Contact Person listed on this notice. The statement should include the name, address, telephone number and when applicable, the business or professional affiliation of the interested person.

Information is also available on the Institute's/Center's home page: deainfo.nci.nih.gov/advisory/dclg/dclg.htm, where an agenda and any additional information for the meeting will be posted when available.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.392, Cancer Construction; 93.393, Cancer Cause and Prevention Research; 93.394, Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research; 93.395, Cancer Treatment Research; 93.396, Cancer Biology Research; 93.397, Cancer Centers Support; 93.398, Cancer Research Manpower; 93.399, Cancer Control National Institutes of Health,

Dated: August 9, 2002.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-20847 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND **HUMAN SERVICES**

### **National Institutes of Health**

### National Cancer Institute; Notice of **Closed Meeting**

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The contract proposals and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the contract proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Cancer Institute Špecial Emphasis Panel, N01-CN-25005-20 Recompetition: Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)

Date: September 5-6, 2002. Time: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate contract proposals.

Place: Neuroscience Center, 6001 Executive Blvd., Conference Room B, Rockville, MD 20852.

Contact Person: C. Michael Kerwin, PhD., Scientific Review Administrator, Special Review & Logistics Branch, Division of Extramural Activities, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, 6116 Executive Boulevard, Room 8057, Msc 8329, Bethesda, MD 20892-8329, 301-496-7421, kerwinm@mail.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.392, Cancer Construction: 93.393, Cancer Cause and Prevention Research: 93.394. Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research; 93.395, Cancer

Treatment Research; 93.396, Cancer Biology Research; 93.397, Cancer Centers Support; 93.398, Cancer Research Manpower; 93.399, Cancer Control, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: August 2, 2002.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-20851 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### National Institutes of Health

# National Cancer Institute; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Cancer Institute Initial Review Group, Subcommittee G—Education.

Date: October 22-24, 2002.

Time: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: Holiday Inn—Georgetown, 2101 Wisconsin Avenue, NW., Washington, DC

Contact Person: Harvey P. Stein, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Grants Review Branch, Division of Extramural Activities, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, 6116 Executive Boulevard, Room 8107, Bethesda, MD 20892. (301) 496–7841.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.392, Cancer Construction; 93.393, Cancer Cause and Prevention Research; 93.394, Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research; 93.395, Cancer Treatment Research; 93.396, Cancer Biology Research; 93.397, Cancer Centers Support; 93.398, Cancer Research Manpower; 93.399, Cancer Control, National Institutes of Health, Dated: August 2, 2002.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-20852 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### National Institutes of Health

# National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute Special Emphasis Panel, Mentored Patient Oriented Research Career Development Award.

Date: September 26-27, 2002.

Time: 7 p.m. to 5 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: Double Tree Hotel, 1750 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD 20852.

Contact Person: Robert B. Moore, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Review Branch, Room 7192. Division of Extramural Affairs, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD 20892. 301–435–3541. mooreb@nhlbi.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.233, National Center for Sleep Disorders Research; 93.837, Heart and Vascular Diseases Research; 93.838, Lung Diseases Research; 93.839, Blood Diseases and Resources Research, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: August 9, 2002.

#### LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02–20849 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### National Institutes of Health

# National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute Special Emphasis Panel, October 1, 2002, 7:30 p.m. to October 2, 2002, 5 p.m. Hyatt Regency Bethesda, One Bethesda Metro Center, Bethesda, MD 20814 which was published in the Federal Register on July 26, 2002, FR 67 48929.

The meeting date will change to November 12, 2002, 7:30 p.m. to November 13, 2002, 5 p.m., and the meeting location will change to the Bethesda Marriott Suites, 6711 Democracy Boulevard, Bethesda, Maryland, 20817. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

### LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02–20850 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140–01+M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# **National Institutes of Health**

# National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences; Notice of Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of a meeting of the National Advisory Environmental Health Sciences Council.

The meeting will be open to the public as indicated below, with attendance limited to space available. Individuals who plan to attend and need special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other reasonable accommodations, should notify the Contact Person listed below in advance of the meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and/or contract proposals and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications and/or contract proposals, the disclosure of which would

constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Advisory Environmental Health Sciences Council. Date: September 9–10, 2002.

Open: September 9, 2002, 8:30 a.m. to 5

Agenda: Discussion of program policies and issues.

Place: NIEHS, Rodbell Auditorium, Building 101, 111 Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

Open: September 10, 2002, 8:30 a.m. to 10 a.m.

Agenda: Discussion of program policies and issues.

Place: NIEHS, Rodbell Auditorium, Building 101, 111 Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

Closed: September 10, 2002, 10:15 a.m. to adjournment.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: NIEHS, Rodbell Auditorium, Building 101, 111 Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

Contact Person: Anne P. Sassaman, PhD, Director, Division of Extramural Research and Training, National Institute of Environmental Health, Sciences, National Institutes of Health, P.O. Box 12233, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, 919/541–7723.

Information is also available on the Institute's/Center's home page: www.niehs.nih.gov/dert/c-agenda.htm, where an agenda and any additional information for the meeting will be posted when available. (Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.113, Biological Response to Environmental Health Hazards; 93.114, Applied Toxicological Research and Testing; 93.115, Biometry and Risk Estimation-Health Risks from Environmental Exposures; 93.142, NIEHS Hazardous Waste Worker Health and Safety Training; 93.143, NIEHS Superfund Hazardous Substances-Basic Research and Education; 93.894, Resources and Manpower Development in the Environmental Health Sciences, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: August 9, 2002.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-20846 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

**National Institutes of Health** 

National Institute of Child Health and Human Development; Notice of Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(a) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of a meeting of the National Children's Study of Environmental Effects on Health Advisory Committee.

The meeting will be open to the public, with attendance limited to space available. Individuals who plan to attend and need special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other reasonable accommodations, should notify the Contact Person listed below in advance of the meeting.

Name of Committee: National Children's Study of Environmental Effects on Health Advisory Committee.

Date: September 12-13, 2002.

Time: 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Agenda: Presentations and discussion of proposed hypotheses for the NCS, study design issues, and the structure and function of ongoing workgroups. Opportunity may be provided for public comments at the discretion of the Chair. Those interested in attending, contact ncs@mail.nih.gov by September 5th. Those allocated a seat will be notified on September 9th via phone or e-mail.

Place: Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Station Building, Conference Room A, Second Floor, 2800 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA 22202.

Contact Person: Peter M. Scheidt, MD, Medical Officer, Division of Epidemiology, Statistics and Prevention Research, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, NIH, 6100 Executive Boulevard, Room 7B03, Bethesda, MD 20892. (301) 451–6421. ncs@mail.nih.gov.

(Sata) 451 'Referential Manager's (Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.209, Contraception and Infertility Loan Repayment Program; 93.864, Population Research; 93.865, Research for Mothers and Children; 93.929, Center for Medical Rehabilitation Research, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: August 9, 2002.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 02–20848 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4736-N-10]

Notice of Proposed Information Collection for Public Comment—Public Housing Homeownership Program

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The proposed information collection requirement described below will be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is

soliciting public comments on the subject proposal.

DATES: Comments Due Date: October 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB Control number and should be sent to: Mildred M. Hamman, Reports Liaison Officer, Public and Indian Housing, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW., Room 4238, Washington, DC 20410–5000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mildred M. Hamman, (202) 708–0614, extension 4128, for copies of the proposed forms and other available documents. (This is not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department will submit the proposed information collection to OMB for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 3.5, as amended).

This Notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information to: (1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (3) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

This Notice also lists the following information:

Title of Proposal: Public Housing Homeownership Program.

OMB Control Number: 2577–0233.

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: Under the Public Housing Homeownership Program, Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) make available public housing dwelling units; public housing projects, and other housing projects available for purchase by low-income families for use as principal residences by such families. Families who are interested in purchasing a unit must submit applications to the PHA or purchase and resale entities (PREs). A PRE must prepare and submit to the PHA and

HUD a homeownership program before the PRE may purchase any public housing units or projects. The PRE must demonstrate legal and practical capability to carry out the program, provide a written agreement that specifies the respective rights and obligations of the PRE and the PRE. The PHA must develop a homeownership program and obtain HUD approval before it can be implemented, provide supporting documentation and additional supporting documentation for acquisition of nonpublic housing for homeownership. PHA applications can be submitted electronically via the Internet. PHAs will be required to maintain report annually on the public homeownership program.

Agency form numbers, if applicable:

Members of affected public: Local and State Governments, individuals and households.

Estimation of the total number of hours needed to prepare the information collection including number of respondents, frequency of response, and hours or response: 50 respondents (PHAs); annual submission per PHA; average hours for PHA response is 40 hours; the total reporting burden is 27,367 hours.

Status of the proposed information collection: Extension, with changes, additional documentation Required.

Authority: Section 3506 of the paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

Michael Liu,

Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

[FR Doc. 02–20798 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4210–33–M

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4736 N-11]

Notice of Proposed Information Collection for Public Comment for Public and Indian Housing Information Center (PIC) Survey

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant for Public and Indian Housing, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The proposed information collection requirement described below will be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is soliciting public comments on the subject proposal.

DATES: Comments Due Date: October 15, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Mildred M. Hamman, Reports Liaison Officer, Public and Indian Housing, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW., Room 4249, Washington, DC 20410—5000

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mildred M. Hamman, (202) 708–0614, extension 4128. (This is not a toll-free number). For hearing- and speechimpaired persons, this telephone number may be accessed via TTY (text telephone) by calling the Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 (toll-free).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department will submit the proposed information collection to OMB for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35, as amended).

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information to: (1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (3) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of the appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information

technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

This Notice also Lists the Following Information:

Title of Proposal: Public and Indian Housing Information Center (PIC) Survey.

OMB Control Number: 2577-.

Description of the Need for the Information and Proposed Use: The Department of Housing and Urban Development's Office of Public and Indian Housing will conduct a survey designed to collect feedback from the PHA Staff on the Public Housing Information Center (PIC) and to use the feedback as a tool to improve PIC. To better assist the users of PIC the survey will provide the much-needed information to make the system more effective.

Agency form numbers: None.

Members of the Affected Public: Approximately 10,000 Pubic Housing Agency staff and approximately 600 Native American and Alaskan Tribal staff will be invited to participate in the Public and Indian Housing Information Center (PIC) survey.

Estimation of the Total Number of Hours Needed to Prepare the Information Collection including the Number of Respondents, Frequency of response, and hours of response: The survey will take its participants approximately 20 minutes to complete the survey. Approximately 30% of those invited to take the survey will voluntarily take it on an annual basis. In total, the Department expects this survey will have a total annual reporting burden of 1,060 hours.

Status of the Proposed Information Collection: New.

Authority: Section 3506 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. chapter 35, as amended.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

Michael Liu,

Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

BILLING CODE 4210-33-M



### Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

# Public and Indian Housing Information Center (PIC) FIELD OFFICE SURVEY 2002

Organization:	Housing Authority	Staff HUD	Field office Stat	ſſ
	HUD Headquarters			
	•			
I am aDirector	Sr. Management Sta	aliStali	_Other (Specify	)
Total number of year	rs in affordable housin	g field		
My office location is:				
State		City		
Zip code				
1.0 Please rate your	frequency of usage of	usage of the follo	wing PIC sub-m	odules.
1.1 User Prof	ile			
Daily	2-3 times a week	4- 5 times a weel	Monthly _	_Never
1.2 Systems A	Administration			
Daily	2-3 times a week	4- 5 times a weel	K Monthly _	Never
1.3 Event Tra	acking System (ETS)			
Daily	2-3 times a week	4-5 times a week	k Monthly _	Never
1.4 Risk Asse	essment System			
Daily	2-3 times a week	4- 5 times a wee	k Monthly _	Never
1.5 Housing	Authority			
Daily	2-3 times a week	_ 4- 5 times a wee	k Monthly _	Never
1.6 Developm	nent			
Daily	2-3 times a week	_4-5 times a wee	k Monthly _	Never
1.7 Executive	summary			
	T)	1 010		

Page 1 of 13

1.

Note: For Questions 3.1 through 12.3 please indicate you're level of agreement with the statements by making a hash mark indicating your response. In cases where a question not is applicable to you please indicate so by checking the square box next to "Not Applicable". The area marked "For office use only" should be left blank for training staff use. Below is an example for your ready reference:

Strongly

agree



### 3. Ease of Use



disagree



#### Comments:

### 3.2 It is easy to input data in PIC.



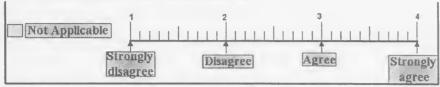
Comments:

### 3.2 PIC is organized to help me do my job better.



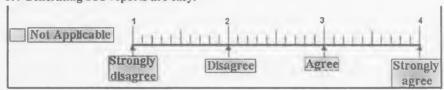
Page 3 of 13

3.3 The "Online Guided Tour" is a helpful tool.



Comments:

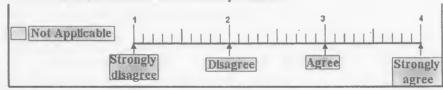
3.4 Generating PIC reports are easy.



Comments:

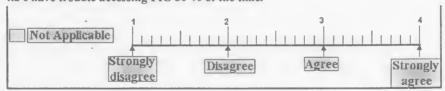
### 4. Availability/Reliability

4.1 PIC is a reliable tool for me to use in my business.



Comments:

4.2 I have trouble accessing PIC 50 % of the time.



Page 4 of 13

Note: For Questions 3.1 through 12.3 please indicate you're level of agreement with the statements by making a hash mark indicating your response. In cases where a question not is applicable to you please indicate so by checking the square box next to "Not Applicable". The area marked "For office use only" should be left blank for training staff use. Below is an example for your ready reference:

3.1 My office working condition is satisfactory.



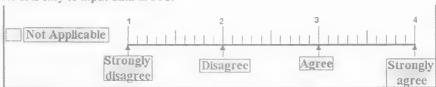
### 3. Ease of Use

3.1 It is easy to locate information in PIC.



Comments:

3.2 It is easy to input data in PIC.



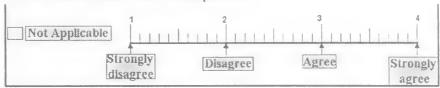
Comments:

3.2 PIC is organized to help me do my job better.



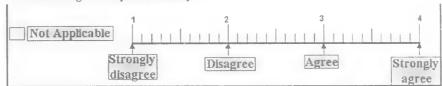
Page 3 of 13

3.3 The "Online Guided Tour" is a helpful tool.



Comments:

3.4 Generating PIC reports are easy.



Comments:

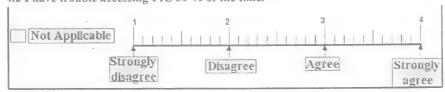
### 4. Availability/Reliability

4.1 PIC is a reliable tool for me to use in my business.

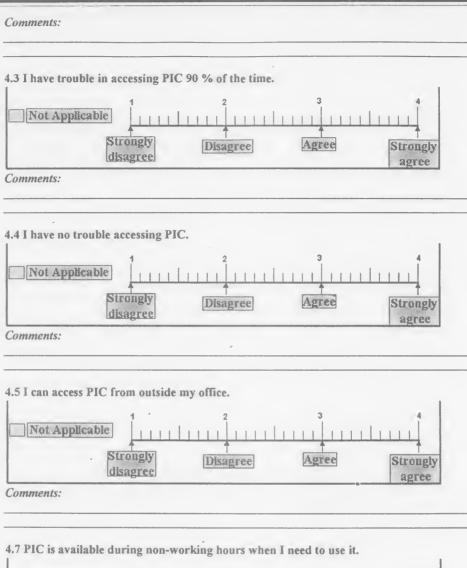


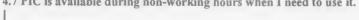
Comments:

4.2 I have trouble accessing PIC 50 % of the time.



Page 4 of 13







Page 5 of 13

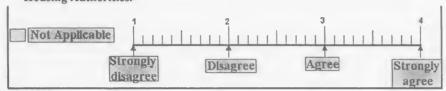
### 5. Functionality

5.1 The SEMAP sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably measure the performance of Section 8 Housing Authorities.



Comments:

5.2 The Risk Assessment sub-module in PIC allows me to identify and manage high-risk Housing Authorities.



Comments:

5.3 The Housing Authority sub-module in PIC allows me to monitor and manage Housing Authorities.



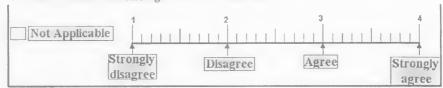
Comments:

5.4 The Development sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably monitor and manage public housing inventory.



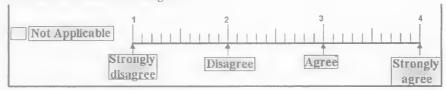
Page 6 of 13

4.3 I have trouble in accessing PIC 90 % of the time.



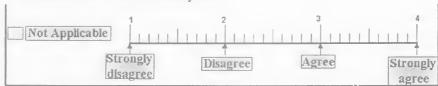
Comments:

4.4 I have no trouble accessing PIC.



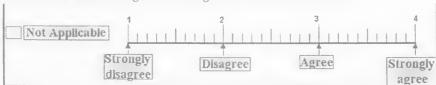
Comments:

4.5 I can access PIC from outside my office.



Comments:

4.7 PIC is available during non-working hours when I need to use it.



Comments:

Page 5 of 13

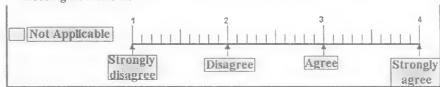
### 5. Functionality

5.1 The SEMAP sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably measure the performance of Section 8 Housing Authorities.



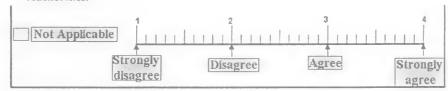
Comments:

5.2 The Risk Assessment sub-module in PIC allows me to identify and manage high-risk Housing Authorities.



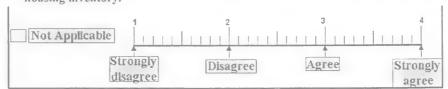
Comments:

5.3 The Housing Authority sub-module in PIC allows me to monitor and manage Housing Authorities.



Comments:

5.4 The Development sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably monitor and manage public housing inventory.



Page 6 of 13

5.5 The Form 50058 Submission sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably update tenant data.



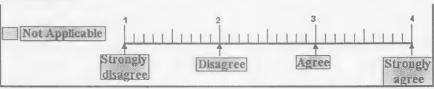
Comments:

5.6 The Form 50058 Reports sub-module in PIC provides me with useful management reports.



Comments:

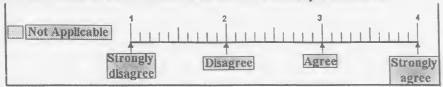
5.7 The Executive summary page provides me with useful information on Housing Authorities.



Comments:

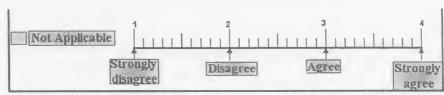
### 6. Flexibility

6.1 I have found uses for PIC other than those I was initially trained to use.



Comments:

6.2 PIC allows me to extract data in a format that I find useful.



Comments:

6.3 PIC allows me to use variety of data from other HUD computer systems (i.e. HUDCAPS and REAC subsystems).



Comments:

### 7. Support/Services

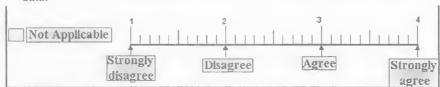
7.1 I am satisfied with the quality of help that I get from the PIC on-line help text and guided tours.



Comments:

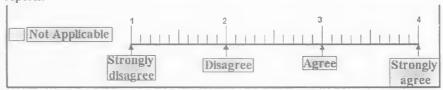
Page 8 of 13

5.5 The Form 50058 Submission sub-module in PIC allows me to reliably update tenant data.



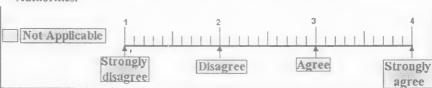
Comments:

5.6 The Form 50058 Reports sub-module in PIC provides me with useful management reports.



Comments:

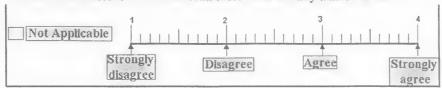
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Comments:

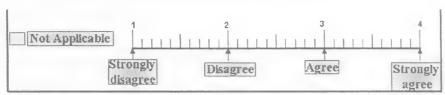
6. Flexibility

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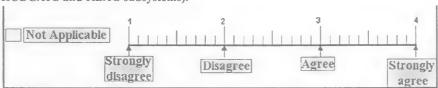
Comments:

6.2 PIC allows me to extract data in a format that I find useful.



Comments:

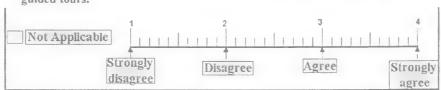
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Comments:

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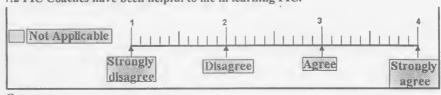
7.1 I am satisfied with the quality of help that I get from the PIC on-line help text and guided tours.



Comments:

Page 8 of 13

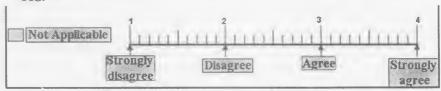
7.2 PIC Coaches have been helpful to me in learning PIC.



Comments:

### 8. Business linkage

8.1 A strong relationship exists between my work activities and the capabilities provided in PIC.



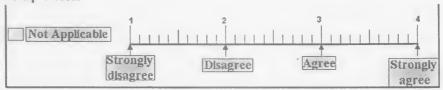
Comments:

8.2 My job consists of many activities that can be done with the PIC system.



Comments:

8.3 My job consists of many activities for which I would like to use PIC, if new capabilities were provided.



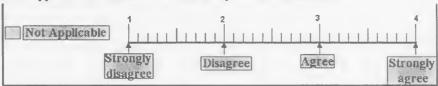
Page 9 of 13

8.4 Without PIC, my office would need more resources to meet office goals.



Comments:

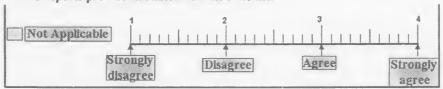
8.5 I support the continued use of PIC in my work environment.



Comments:

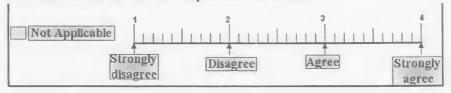
### 9. Report Writing

9.1 PIC reports provide valuable information to me.



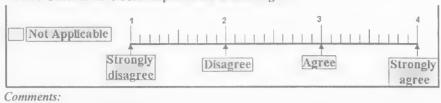
Comments:

9.2 I am satisfied with the current reports available in PIC.



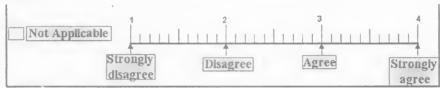
Page 10 of 13

7.2 PIC Coaches have been helpful to me in learning PIC.



### 8. Business linkage

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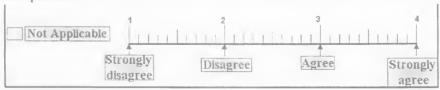
Comments:

8.2 My job consists of many activities that can be done with the PIC system.



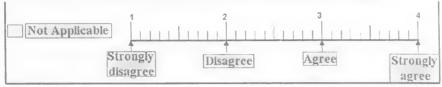
Comments:

8.3 My job consists of many activities for which I would like to use PIC, if new capabilities were provided.



Page 9 of 13

8.4 Without PIC, my office would need more resources to meet office goals



Comments:

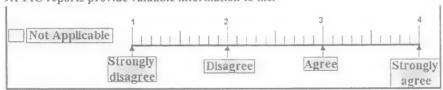
8.5 I support the continued use of PIC in my work environment.



Comments:

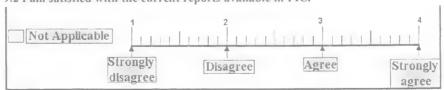
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Comments:

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Page 10 of 13

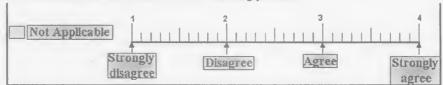
9.3 I would like to expand the reporting capabilities in PIC.



Comments:

### 10. Training

10.1 I am satisfied with the level of PIC training provided.



Comments:

10.2 More training is necessary for me to become an effective user of PIC.



Comments:

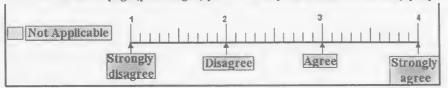
### 11. Communication

11.1 I receive reliable information about PIC.

Page 11 of 13

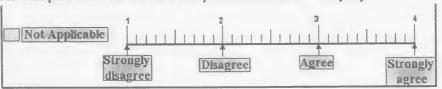


11.2 PIH PIC home page (pic.hud.gov) provides adequate information for my purposes.



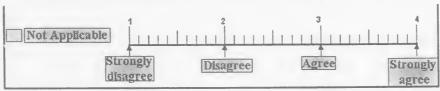
Comments:

11.3 Adequate channels exist for me to provide feedback about my experiences with PIC.



Comments:

11.4 Feedback that I provide about PIC is usually acted upon in a timely manner.

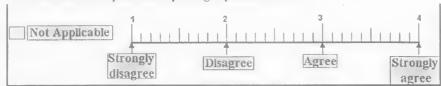


Comments:

12. Information Security

Page 12 of 13

9.3 I would like to expand the reporting capabilities in PIC.



Comments:

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Comments:

10.2 More training is necessary for me to become an effective user of PIC.

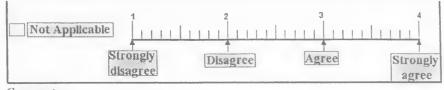


Comments:

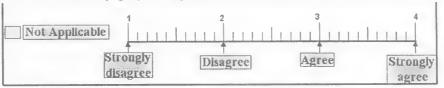
### 11. Communication

11.1 I receive reliable information about PIC.

Page 11 of 13

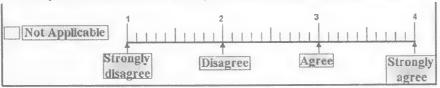


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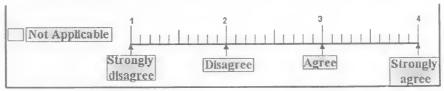
Comments:

11.3 Adequate channels exist for me to provide feedback about my experiences with PIC.



Comments:

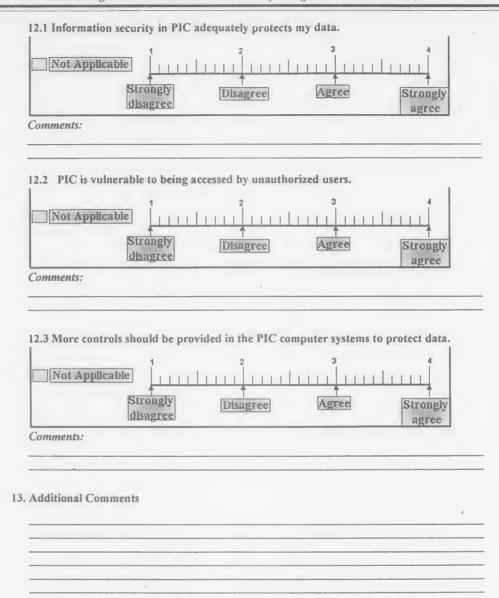
11.4 Feedback that I provide about PIC is usually acted upon in a timely manner.



Comments:

12. Information Security

Page 12 of 13



Thank you for completing this survey. You responses will be kept confidential. Please remember to forward your completed survey to Louis J. Blazy, 451 7<sup>th</sup> Street SW, Room # 4234, Washington, DC 20410 by pouch mail.

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# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4736-N-09]

Announcement of OMB Approval Number for Application for Designation of State or Locally Developed Public Housing as "Covered Units" Eligible for Inclusion in the Federal Public Housing Program

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, HUD.

**ACTION:** Announcement of OMB approval number.

**SUMMARY:** The purpose of this notice is to announce the OMB approval number for applications for the designation of State or Locally Developed Housing as "Covered Units" eligible for inclusion in the Federal Public Housing Program. In response to recent court decisions issued by the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York and U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit directing HUD to implement the federalization mandate of section 519, HUD will notify all eligible Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) in the state of New York that they may request the Department federalize their State and locally developed public housing units. Eligible PHAs will submit to HUD information for those units to be included under the Federal public housing program.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sherry Fobear-McCown, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20410, telephone (202) 708–0614, extension 7651. This is not a toll-free number. For hearing- and speech-impaired persons, this telephone number may be accessed via TTY (text telephone) by calling the Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 (toll-free).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 235, as amended), this notice advises that OMB has responded to the Department's request for approval of the information collection for application for designation of State or locally developed public housing as "Covered Units" eligible for inclusion in the Federal Public Housing Program. The OMB approval number for this information collection is 2577–0239 which expires 10/30/2002.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Dated: August 9, 2002.

Michael Liu,

Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

[FR Doc. 02-20797 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### **Bureau of Indian Affairs**

#### Law and Order on Indian Reservations

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice—Intent to reassume judicial jurisdiction.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of the Bureau of Indian Affairs' intent to reassume judicial jurisdiction for the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma and administer court cases under the Court of Indian Offenses for the Southern Plains Region.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** August 21, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Terry Bruner, Tribal Government
Officer, Southern Plains Regional Office,
Bureau of Indian Affairs, P.O. Box 368,
WCD Office Complex, Anadarko,
Oklahoma 73005, (405) 247–6673 ext
209, Fax 405–247–9240; or Ralph
Gonzales, Branch of Judicial Services,
Office of Tribal Services, Bureau of
Indian Affairs, 1849 C Street, NW., MS
4660 MIB, Washington, DC 20240, (202)
208–4401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published in accordance with the authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs under part 209, Chapter 8, of the Departmental Manual (209 DM 8).

On May 29, 2002, the Otoe-Missouria Tribal Council, on behalf of the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma, adopted Resolution No. OMTC #05-29-02 FY2002, pursuant to 25 CFR 900.240-242. This resolution retrocedes the tribe's Public Law 93-638 contract for court funds to the Bureau of Indian Affairs and transfers all pending cases, except those limited under 25 CFR 11.104, to the Court of Indian Offenses for the Southern Plains Region. The Court of Indian Offenses for the Indian tribes located in western Oklahoma (now serviced by the Southern Plains Region) was established in response to the decisions of United States v. Littlechief, No. CR-76-207-D, and State of Oklahoma v. Littlechief, 573 P.2d 263 (Okla. Crim. App. 1976), which held that the State of Oklahoma lacked jurisdiction over matters occurring on trust or restricted lands (44 FR 37502).

This Court of Indian Offenses continues to serve those tribes located in western Oklahoma that have not established tribal courts. Due to the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma's retrocession and closing of its tribal court, a jurisdictional vacuum has been created, which necessitates the Bureau of Indian Affairs immediately reassuming jurisdiction within the Indian country of the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma in order to protect lives, persons, and property of people residing within that jurisdiction until such time as the tribe reestablishes its tribal court consistent with 25 CFR 11.100(c). For this reason. effective August 21, 2002, the Bureau of Indian Affairs reassumes judicial jurisdiction for the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma.

Dated: August 2, 2002.

Neal A. McCaleb,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.
[FR Doc. 02–20853 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–4J–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

#### **Minerals Management Service**

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submitted for Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of extension and revision of information collection forms.

SUMMARY: To comply with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), we are notifying the public that we have submitted to OMB for review and approval the revised forms MMS–123 and MMS–123S, and the revised and renamed forms MMS–124, MMS–125, and MMS–133. The modifications are an integral part of the new "E-Forms Permit Process" that we are developing to provide an electronic option for drilling and well permitting and information submission.

**DATE:** Submit written comments by September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments directly to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for the Department of the Interior (reference appropriate OMB control number for the form you are commenting on), 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503. Mail or handcarry a copy of your comments to the Department of the Interior; Minerals Management Service; Attention: Rules Processing Team; Mail Stop 4024; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 20170—

4817. If you wish to E-mail comments to MMS, the address is: rules.comments@MMS.gov. Reference the appropriate OMB control number in your subject line. Include your name and return address in your message and mark it for return receipt.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alexis London, Rules Processing Team, Engineering and Operations Division, telephone (703) 787-1600.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Titles-OMB Control Numbers: For the renamed forms, the new titles are listed and the current titles are shown in parenthesis.

Form MMS-123, Application for Permit to Drill (APD)-1010-0044. Form MMS-123S, Supplemental APD

Information Sheet—1010-0131. Form MMS-124, Application for Permit to Modify (APM) (replaces Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells)-1010-0045.

Form MMS-125, End of Operations Report (replaces Well Summary Report)-1010-0046.

Form MMS-133, Well Activity Report (replaces Weekly Activity Report)-1010-0132

Abstract: The Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1331 et seq. and 43 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to prescribe rules and regulations to administer leasing of the OCS. Such rules and regulations will apply to all operations conducted under a lease. Operations on the OCS must preserve, protect, and develop oil and natural gas resources in a manner which is consistent with the need to make such resources available to meet the Nation's energy needs as rapidly as possible; to balance orderly energy resource development with protection of human, marine, and coastal environments; to ensure the public a fair and equitable return on the resources of the OCS; and to preserve and maintain free enterprise competition.

This notice pertains to the previously listed MMS forms that are used to submit information required under 30 CFR part 250, subpart D, Drilling Operations; subpart E, Well-Completion Operations; subpart F, Well-Workover Operations; subpart P, Sulphur Operations; and the new subpart Q, Decommissioning Activities. Responses are mandatory. No questions of a "sensitive" nature are asked. MMS will protect proprietary information according to 30 CFR 250.196 (Data and information to be made available to the public), 30 CFR part 252 (OCS Oil and Gas Information Program), and the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C.

552) and its implementing regulations (43 CFR part 2)

On May 1, 2002, we published a Federal Register notice (67 FR 21718) announcing that we were renaming and revising the forms. As required by the PRA, the notice explained why we collect and how we use the information on each form. The notice provided the required 60-day comment period, detailed the changes to the forms, and published the draft forms as appendices.

We explained that to implement the Government Paperwork Elimination Act and to streamline data collection, MMS must develop systems to provide electronic options for lessees and operators to use in submitting information and requesting approvals. This year, we expect to begin pilot testing the electronic submission of drilling and well information in a new "E-Forms Permit Process." In developing this system, we have determined that some revisions are needed to the drilling and well information forms discussed in this notice. The new names on three of the forms and changes to the paper forms are intended to acquaint the users with, and duplicate as closely as possible, the E-Forms Permit Process, which we anticipate will be fully implemented in FY 2003. Although initially the E-Forms Permit Process will be an alternative to submitting the paper forms, we expect that eventually it will eliminate the paper forms.

In response to the May 1 Federal Register notice, we received comments from the Offshore Operators Committee (OOC) which represents 107 member companies, both large and small, involved in the exploration, drilling, and production of oil and gas on the OCS. In addition, to resolve some of the issues and address concerns, we held discussions with the OOC committee members who reviewed the forms and who will most likely be involved in pilot testing the E-Forms Permit Process. We received no comments from individual oil and gas companies. We did receive comments from three service companies that do business with the offshore oil and gas companies: Energy Graphics, Inc., IHS Energy Group Information Services, and E & P Datasmith. Energy Graphics and IHS Energy had minimal comments. E & P Datasmith provided several comments and suggestions but also requested clarification of some data elements or posed questions. We have sent a separate response to this company to provide clarification and respond to the questions. The following discusses the general comments and our responses.

Many of the comments from the OOC and E & P Datasmith were more in the form of requesting clarification on some of the data elements. It was suggested that definitions be supplied on the forms or in instructions for completing the forms. Based on the comments, where appropriate, we did clarify data elements on the forms. To accommodate other clarifications that did not lend themselves to making changes to the forms, MMS is revising the "Field Operations Reporters Handbook,' which is the instructional guide to filling out the current forms. It will be updated to reflect the changes to these forms and available concurrent with issuing the new forms.

Both OOC and E & P Datasmith commented on the proposed change to reporting in North American Datum (NAD) 83 versus NAD 27 values. The OOC commented that reporting in NAD 83 format for well location coordinates should be optional in order to maintain consistency between well permitting forms and other required documents that reference NAD 27 coordinates. E & P Datasmith was not opposed to reporting in NAD 83 reference values but suggested some guidance to avoid potential database problems and misrepresentations. MMS will require NAD 83 information only in the case of drilling a new well or sidetrack. For any drilling operation, directional information is normally provided and the respondent should be able to provide that information in NAD 83 format with little difficulty. Information in NAD 27 format will be required on the location plat submitted with the form MMS-123. The MMS will do the conversion internally and verify the location. To accommodate the comments and further eliminate duplicate data elements among the forms, we eliminated directional information data elements on form MMS-124 and provided the option for reporting in either NAD 27 or NAD 83 on form MMS-125.

Energy Graphics and IHS Energy commented that certain data elements that were eliminated from the form MMS-123 as duplicative with form MMS-123S, previously contained information available to the general public. They were concerned that the information would no longer be available. To accommodate this concern, a "public information" copy of the form MMS-123S will be available

the same as with form MMS–123. IHS Energy wanted MMS to retain the eliminated data element for "field name" on the forms so that they can tell whether or not the well is a "wildcat" and what the new field name will be if

there is a new discovery. We did not retain this data element as it is not used in the permit approval process. However, the information is available to the public. MMS assigns field names and enters the results into a data base. The list is updated monthly and the public can access the data base from the MMS internet site or from the MMS regional Public Information Office.

Based on our review of the comments, we have finalized the forms for submission to OMB for approval. The changes between the final versions and the proposed versions published for

comment are minimal. Both the proposed versions and the final forms include changes to renumber the data fields on all forms, eliminate some data fields that were either duplicative or no longer needed, rename some sections and data fields, relocate data fields from one form to another, and add some data fields. The final forms are attached as appendices 1–5 to this notice.

Frequency: Forms MMS-123, MMS-123S, MMS-124, and MMS-125 are on occasion; form MMS-133 is daily or weekly by region.

Estimated Number and Description of Respondents: Approximately 130 Federal OCS oil and gas lessees.

Estimated Reporting and Recordkeeping "Hour" Burden: We estimate the following burdens for submitting the paper copies of these revised forms. It should be recognized that when the new E-Forms Permit Process is fully implemented, we expect it will reduce burden hours. However, these anticipated burden reductions are not yet determined, as they will depend on the upcoming pilot testing.

Form No.	Hour burden per form	Estimated annual No. of forms	Total annual burden
MMS-123	21/2	1,315	3,288
MMS-123S	11/2	1,315	1,973
MMS-124	11/4	13,570	16,963
MMS-125	1	3,230	3,230
MMS-133	1	10,000	10,000

Estimated Reporting and Recordkeeping "Non-Hour Cost" Burden: We have identified no "nonhour cost" burdens associated with the subject forms.

Public Disclosure Statement: The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.) provides that an agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Until OMB approves a collection of information, you are not obligated to respond.

Comments: Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.) requires each agency "\* \* \* to provide notice \* \* \* and otherwise consult with members of the public and affected agencies concerning each proposed collection of information \* Agencies must specifically solicit comments to: (a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the agency to perform its duties, including whether the information is useful; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) enhance the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the

information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

In addition to publishing the required Federal Register notice previously discussed to comply with the public consultation process, the PRA statement on the current forms and at 30 CFR 250.199 explain that MMS will accept comments at any time on the information collection burden of our regulations and associated forms. We display the OMB control number and provide the address for sending comments to MMS.

If you wish to comment in response to this notice, you may send your comments to the offices listed under the ADDRESSES section of this notice. OMB has up to 60 days to approve or disapprove the information collection but may respond after 30 days.

Therefore, to ensure maximum consideration, OMB should receive public comments by September 16, 2002.

Public Comment Policy: Our practice is to make comments, including names

and home addresses of respondents, available for public review during regular business hours. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from the record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the record a respondent's identity, as allowable by the law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. However, we will not consider anonymous comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

MMS Information Collection Clearance Officer: Jo Ann Lauterbach, (202) 208–7744.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

John V. Mirabella,

Acting Chief, Engineering and Operations Division.

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-P

### APPENDIX 1 - FORM MMS-123

artment o Managen		

API WELL NO ASSIGNED TO THIS WELL

OMB Control Number 1010-0044 OMB Approval Expires XX/XX/2005

PROPOSAL TO DRILL		Permit to Drill  2. MMS OPERATOR NO.	3. OPERATOR NAME and ADDRESS
	K 🗆 BYPASS 🗆 DEEPEN	2. WING OF ENATORING.	S. Of EIVA. OIL TARRE SHO ADDITES
WELL NAME (CURRENT)	5. SIDETRACK NO. (CURRENT)	6 BYPASS NO (CURRENT)	
PROPOSED START DATE	8 PLAN CONTROL NO. (NEW WE	ELL ONLY)	
. API WELL NO. (CURRENT S	IDETRACK / BYPASS) (12 DIGITS	)	
WELL AT TOTAL	DEPTH (PROPOSED)	WEL	L AT SURFACE
0 LEASE NO		15. LEASE NO.	
1 AREA NAME		16. AREA NAME	
2 BLOCK NO		17. BLOCK NO.	
3 LATITUDE (NAD 83)	14. LONGITUDE (NAD 83)	18. LATITUDE (NAD 83)	19 LONGITUDE (NAD 83)
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30 CFR 250 1617 c) and (d)		a attachments required by 50 or 1	230.4:4(b) (Inough (g) (ii
23. AUTHORIZING OFFICIAL		24 TITLE	
25 AUTHOR-ZING SIGNATUR	RE	26 DATE	
	,		

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (PRAI) STATEMENT: The PRAI (44 U.S.C. 1501 e.get) returned us to inform you that we collect this information is costan knowledge or equipment using understanding or equipment and or processing understanding or equipment and or processing using understanding or equipment and or processing using each or management or equipment and or processing using each or management under processing using each or processing using each or processing understanding using each or processing using using understanding understanding

FORM MMS-123 (September 2002 - Supersedes all previous versions of form MMS-123 which may not be used.) Page 1 of 1

U.S. Department of the Interlor Minerals Management Service (MMS)

OMB Control Number 1010-0131

APPENDIX 2 - FORM MMS-123S

Orrieng Fluel Type 108 base water base synthetic) 12 ELEVATION AT KB 13 H<sub>2</sub>S DESIGNATION

C) KNOWN C) UNKNOWN C) ABSENT
14 H<sub>2</sub>S ACTIVATION PLAN DEPTH F (TVD) O YES O NO Casing Test (po) MW Used for Test (ppg) 11. WATER DEPTH 18. Will you maintain quantities of mud and mud material (including weight materials and additives) sufficient to raise the entire system mud weight % ppg or more? 18 CONTACT E-MAIL ADDRE Annulari Diverter (pei) Ram (pei) Rated BOP Working Pressure Annuari (pst) Kam (pst) 10. RIG TYPE MOP Siza (in) 6 TYPE OF WELL

(1) EXPLORATORY | DEVELOPMENT

(2) EXPLORED | 8 BYPASS NO (PROPOSED) Supplemental APD Information Sheet Worl need Reting (per) 16. ENGINEERING DATA MW 7 SIDETRACK NO (PROPOSED) 9 RIG NAME Top of Liner OW 3 BOTTOM LEASE NO (PROPOSED) Safety Factors 0 MA.S.P. (U.W) Type of Connection 2 API WELL NO (PROPOSED) (12 digits) Wangrit (#/#) 4 TOTAL DEPTH (PROPOSED) Stee (kn) 16 CONTACT NAME Caking Indicate d Surface Ho's 8'4's (10)

FORM MMS-1238 (September 2002 - Su

Page 1 of 1

### APPENDIX 3 - FORM MMS-124

U.S. Department of the Interior
Minerals Management Service (MMS)

OMB Approval Expires XX/XX/2005

### APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO MODIFY (APM)

	(Replaces	Sunary Notic	es and	Reports on Wel	)	
1. TYPE OF SUBMITTAL  ☐ REQUEST ☐ SUBSEQ  APPROVAL REPORT		2. MMS OPERA	TOR NO.	3. OPERATOR NA	ME and ADDRE	ESS due itm <sub>e</sub> Afre
4 WELL NAME	5. SIĎETRACK NO.	6 BYPASS NO				
7. API WELL NO. (12 digits)	8. START DATE (Proposed	9. PRODUCIN		10. WELL STATUS	11. WATER D (Surveyed)	EPTH 12. ELEVATION AT KE (Surveyed)
WELL	AT TOTAL DEPTH			WEL	L AT SURF	ACE
13. LEASE NO.			16. LE	ASE NO.		
14 AREA NAME			17. AR	EA NAME		
15 BLOCK NO.			18. BL0	OCK NO.		
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23 CONTACT NAME			24 CO	NTACT TELEPHONE	: NO.   25. COM	NTACT E-MAIL ADDRESS
26. AUTHORIZING OFFICIA	L ring and		27. TIT	LE		
28. AUTHORIZING SIGNAT	URE		29 DA	TE		
	TH	IS SPACE FO	RMMS	USE ONLY		
APPROVED BY		TITLE			DATE	

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (PRA)STATEMENT: The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seg requires us to inform you that we collect this information to obtain Involvinge of equipment and procedures to be used in drilling well-completion, workness and production operations. MMS uses the information to evaluate and approve or disapprove the adequate of the equipment and/or operations are procedures to safety perform the propriety operation that propriets operation are covered under 30 C 913 E.A. approver, payed to consider to propriet year. The propriets year that are covered under 30 C 913 E.A. approver, payed to consider to propriet year. The propriets year that are covered under 30 C 913 E.A. approver, payed not considered to propriet year. The propriets year are not required to respond to a collection of information unless of displays a currently valid DMB Control Number. Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 1% hours per response including the time for revening restructions, guidening and intervel my of the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to the information Collection Clearance Officer Mail Stop 4230, Minerals Management Service. 1849 C Street N.W., Washington, DC 2024.0.

FORM MMS-124 (September 2002 - Supersedes all previous versions of form MMS-124 which may not be used ) Page 1 of 1

#### APPENDIX 4 - FORM MMS-125

U.S. Department of the Interior OMB Control Number 1010-0046
Minerals Management Service (MMS) Vin 21 C. Alexander Interior Properties Company (MMS) OMB Approval Expires XX/XX/2005

### END OF OPERATIONS REPORT (Replaces Well Summary Report)

1 COMPLETION WAS ABANDONMENT CCC	JAKOVEK	API WELL NO. (12	digits)	3. PRODUCIN INTERVAL CO		4. OPERATOR NAME and ADDRESS (Sub-thing Office)			
5. WELL NAME 6.	SIDETRACK NO.	7. BYPASS NO.	8. MMS						
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9. LEASE NO.			14. LEA	SE NO.					
10. AREA NAME			15 ARE	EA NAME					
11. BLOCK NO.			16. BLC	OCK NO.					
12. LATITUDE ( NAD 83 / NAD 27)	13. LONGITU (□ NAD 8	DE 3 / 🗆 NAD 27)	17. LA1	18. LONGITUDE ( NAD 83 / NAD 27)					
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19. WELL STATUS 20. TYPE	L STATUS DATE	22. KOP (	MD) ST/ BP		TOTAL DEPTH (Surveyed)				
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24. TOP (MD)		TOM (MD)		26. TOP (TVD)	LETIO	27. BOTTOM (TVD)			
28. RESERVOIR NAME			29. N	AME(S) OF PRO	DDUCING	FORMATION(S) THIS COMPLETION			
		SUBSEA	COMP	ETION					
30. PROTECTION PROVIDED  ☐ YES ☐ NO		31. BUOY INS	STALLED IN	0	32	TREE HEIGHT ABOVE MUDLINE			
	HYE	ROCARBON	BEARI	NG INTERV	ALS				
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43. TYPE OF OBSTRUCTION	44	PROTECTION				ICTION HEIGHT
		□ YES	□ NO	□ YES □ NO	ABOVE	MUDLINE
47. CONTACT NAME			48. 0	ONTACT TELEPHONE NO.	49. CONTAC ADDRESS	T E-MAIL
50. AUTHORIZING OFFICIAL Time or	prat i, im	3)	51. T	TLE		
52. AUTHORIZING SIGNATURE			53 D	ATE		

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (PRA) STATEMENT: The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seg requires us to inform you that we collect his information to obtain forwisedge of equipment and procedures to be used in offling operations. MMS uses the information to evaluate and approve or disapprove the adequaty of the equipment and/or procedures to safely perform the croposed divining operations. Presentes are membrately (43 U.S.C. 3304): Proprietally after all are convented united to SCP (25 19 S.A. an approxymally not consistent to solve some or interview to insport of a collection of information unities if disapples a currently valid OMB Control Number Public reporting butter for this form a estimated to everage it hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions gathering and maintaining data and completing and reviewing the form. Therefore comments regioning the business maintaining the state and completing and reviewing the form. Therefore comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments regioning the business and control instructions of the comments region of the comm



#### APPENDIX 5 - FORM MMS-133

U.S. Department of the Interior OMB Control Number 1010-0132

Minerals Management Service (MMS) OMB Approval Expires XX/XX/2005

## WELL ACTIVITY REPORT (Replaces Weekly Activity Report)

BEGINNING DATE: ENDING DATE: REPORT IS NOT TO EXCEED 7 DAYS (1 WEEK) IN DURATION

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7. RIG NAME	OR PRIM	MARY U	NIT (e.g., wii	reline un	ıt, coil	tubing uni	t, etc.)			8. W	ATER DE	PTH	9 ELE	EVATION A	T KB
		-		10.0	CUR	RENT V	NELLE	ORE	INFORM	IATIC	N				
	-	-	SURFAC	E		-					BO	TTOM			
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WELLBORE	STAI		TD DATE	STAT	rus	END DA	ATE	MD	TV	D D	MW PPG	LAST		LAST BO	
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			-	11. W	ELL	BORE	HISTO	RICA	LINFOR	MAT	ION _				3 1
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	(IN)						(psi	)	(EMW)						
		-													

MELL	ACTIVITY	DEDODT	(Continued)

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					+			-	.,
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								1	
SERVICE COMPANY OPERATIONS COMPLETED  TOOL LOGGING METHOD LOG TOOL CODE  TOP  TOP  14. IDENTIFY OTHER OPEN HOLE DATA COLLECTED  YES NO									
	14. IE	ENTIFY C	THER OPEN	HOLE DA	TA C	OLLECTED			
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VELOCITY SURVEYS		PAL	EO SAMPLES			SIDEWALL SA	MPLES		
CONVENTIONAL CORES		LITH	IO SAMPLES			GEOCHEM SA	MPLES		
		15.	WELL ACTIV	ITY SUMN	IARY	,			
		Provide	a daily summa	ary of well	activi	ties.			
							•		

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1985 (PRA) STATEMENT. The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seg. requires us to "norm you, their we collect this information to obtain knowledge of exupment and procedures to be used in diving operations. MMS uses he information to evaluate and approve or disapported the advanage of the experiment and/or procedures to safely perform the procedure drining operation. Responses are invalidately 40 U.S.C. 3104. Procrisingly state are covered under 50 OFF 250: 196. Analyze you not consist or storost and a person or not required to respond to a collection of information unless it designly a currently valid OMB Control Number. Public reporting but first for this form is estimated to average; hour personnel excluding the time for reviewing misting-classe relating and analyze registering and reviewing the form. Direct commercinging the Europe days of the Soft of the form to the Information Collection C exaginor Officer, Marl Stoo 4/200 Mixeralls Management Service. 1949 C Street N.W. Washington DC. 20240

MMS FORM MMS-133

Page 2 of 2

# INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[USITC SE-02-025]

### **Sunshine Act Meeting**

TIME AND DATE: August 27, 2002 at 9:30 a.m.

**PLACE:** Room 101, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20463, Telephone: (202) 205–2000.

# STATUS: Open to the public. MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

- 1. Agenda for future meeting: None.
- 2. Minutes.
- 3. Ratification List.
- 4. Inv. Nos. 731–TA–965, 971–972, 979, and 981 (Final) (Certain Cold-Rolled Steel Products from Australia, India, Japan, Sweden, and Thailand)—briefing and vote. (The Commission is currently scheduled to transmit its determination and Commissioners' opinions to the Secretary of Commerce on or before September 6, 2002.)

5. Outstanding action jackets: None. In accordance with Commission policy, subject matter listed above, not disposed of at the scheduled meeting, may be carried over to the agenda of the following meeting.

Issued: August 13, 2002. By order of the Commission:

#### Marilyn R. Abbott,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 02–20959 Filed 8–14–02; 11:32 am] **BILLING CODE 7020–02–P** 

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[AAG/A Order No. 282-2002]

# Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Department of Justice, proposes to modify the following system of records entitled "National Automated Immigration Lookout System (NAILS) last published April 4, 2001 (65 FR 17928)." The INS has modified this system of records to include two new routine use disclosures (i.e., K and L).

Routine use K allows officials and employees of federal agencies or entities to have access to necessary INS information to assist them with their operations. Routine use L allows disclosure to assist in conducting national intelligence and security investigations. In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4) and (11), the public is given a 30-day period in which to comment on the system of records. The

Office of Management and Budget (OMB), which has oversight responsibility under the Act, requires a 40-day period in which to conclude its review of the system. Therefore, please submit any comment by September 16, 2002. The public OMB and the Congress are invited to submit any comments to Mary Cahill, Management Analyst, Management and Planning Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530 (Room 1400, National Place Building).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a the Department has provided a report to OMB and the Congress.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

#### Robert F. Diegelman,

Acting Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

#### Justice/INS-032

#### SYSTEM NAME:

National Automated Immigration Lookout System (NAILS).

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSE OF SUCH USES:

K. To officials and employees of a federal agency or entity which has a need for information relevant to a decision concerning the hiring, appointment, or retention or an employee, the issuance or retention of a security clearance; the execution of a security or suitability investigation; the classification of a job; or the issuance of a contract, grant, or benefit.

L. To other federal agencies for the purpose of conducting national intelligence and security investigations.

[FR Doc. 02–20859 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

### **Antitrust Division**

### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—the Digital Subscriber Line Forum

Notice is hereby given that, on July 16, 2002, pursuant to section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 et seq. ("the Act"), The Digital Subscriber Line Forum ("DSL") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership status. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending

the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Carrier Access Corporation, Boulder, CO; Chaos Telecom, San Diego, CA; Consultronics, Concord, Ontario, Canada; Delta Networks Taipei, Taiwan; Inventel, Paris, France; Ki Consulting & Solutions, Rudsjoterassen, Sweden; LSI Logic, San Jose, CA; Pulsent Corporation, Milpitas, CA; Telefonica CTC Chile, Santiago, Chile; Tenovis GmbH & Co. KG, Frankfurt, Germany; and Uniden America Corporation, Fort Worth, TX have been added as parties to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and DSL intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On May 15, 1995, DSL filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the Federal Register pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on July 25, 1995 (60 FR 38058).

The last notification was filed with the Department on April 24, 2002. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on July 19, 2002 (67 FR 47571).

### Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.
[FR Doc. 02–20796 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

### Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Requested

ACTION: 30-day notice of information collection under review; Extension of a currently approved collection; Application for Registration (DEA Form 224); Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 224a); and Affidavit for Chain Renewal (DEA Form 224B).

The Drug Enforcement
Administration (DEA) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on

June 10, 2002, Volume 67, Number 111, Pages 39744–39745, allowing for a 60-day public comment period.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment until September 16, 2002. This process is conducted in accordance

with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503. Additionally, comments may be submitted to OMB via facsimile to 202–395–5806.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more

of the following four points:
(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary

collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

# Overview of This Information Collection

(1) Type of information collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) The title of the form/collection: Application for Registration (DEA Form 224); Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 224a); and Affidavit for Chain Renewal (DEA Form 224B).

(3) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:

Form No.: DEA Forms 224, 224a, and 224B.

Applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection: Office of Diversion Control, Drug

Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:

Primary: Business or other for-profit. Other: Not-for-profit institutions; State, Local or Tribal Government.

Abstract: All firms and individuals who distribute or dispense controlled substances must register with the DEA under the Controlled Substances Act. Registration is needed for control measures over the legal handlers of controlled substances and is used to monitor their activities.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply:

 $DEA-224:67,451 \text{ responses} \times .20$ hours (12 minutes per response) =

13,490 hours.

DEA-224a: 357,410 responses × .20 hours (12 minutes per response) = 71,502 hours.

DEA-224B: 48 responses × 5 hours per

response = 240 hours.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 85,232 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice, Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, 601 D Street, NW., Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

### Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 02-20802 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comments Requested

ACTION: 30-day notice of information collection under review; Extension of a currently approved collection; Application for Registration (DEA Form 225); Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 225a); Affidavit for Chain Renewal (DEA Form 225B)

The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork

Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on June 10, 2002, Volume 67, Number 111, Page 39746), allowing for a 60-day public comment period.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment until September 16, 2002. This process is conducted in accordance

with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503. Additionally, comments may be submitted to OMB via facsimile to 202–395–5806.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

# Overview of This Information Collection

(1) Type of information collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) The title of the form/collection: Application for Registration (DEA Form 225); Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 225a); Affidavit for Chain Renewal (DEA Form 225B).

(3) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:

Form No.: DEA forms 225, 225a, 225B

Applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection: Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief

abstract:

Primary: Business or other for-profit. Other: None.

Abstract: The Controlled Substances Act requires all persons who manufacture, distribute, import, export, conduct research or dispense controlled substances to register with DEA. Registration provides a closed system of distribution to control the flow of controlled substances through the distribution chain.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply:

 $\widetilde{DEA}$ =225: 1,353 responses × 0.5 hours (30 minutes per response) = 676.5

hours.

DEA-225a: 10,019 responses × 0.5 hours (30 minutes) per response = 5,009.5 hours.

DEA-225B: 7 responses × 1 hour per response = 7 hours.

Total Annual Burden Hours: 5,693

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 5,693 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice, Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, 601 D Street, NW., Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 02–20800 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## **Drug Enforcement Administration**

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Requested

**ACTION:** 30-day notice of information collection under review; Extension of a currently approved collection; Application for Registration (DEA Form 363) and Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 363a).

The Drug Enforcement

Administration (DEA) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on June 10, 2002, Volume 67, Number 111, Pages 39745–39746 allowing for a 60-day public comment period.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment until September 16, 2002. This process is conducted in accordance

with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503. Additionally, comments may be submitted to OMB via facsimile to 202–395–5806.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

## Overview of This Information Collection

(1) Type of information collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) The title of the form/collection: Application for Registration (DEA Form 363) and Application for Registration Renewal (DEA Form 363a).

(3) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:

Form No.: DEA—Forms 363, 363a.

Applicable component of the

Department sponsoring the collection:
Office of Diversion Control, Drug
Enforcement Administration, U.S.

Department of Justice.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief

abstract:

*Primary:* Business or other for-profit. *Other:* Not-for-profit institutions.

Abstract: Practitioners who dispense narcotic drugs to individuals for maintenance or detoxification treatment must register with the DEA under the Narcotic Addiction Treatment Act of 1974. Registration is needed for control measures and is used to prevent diversion.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply:

DEA 363: 100 responses × .5 hours =

50 hours.

*DEA 373a*: 1,151 responses × .5 hours = 575.5 hours.

Total Annual Burden Hours: 625.5 hours.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 625.5 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice, Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, 601 D Street, NW., Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

#### Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of

[FR Doc. 02–20801 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

#### **Immigration and Naturalization Service**

### Agency Information Collection Activities: Extension of Existing Collection; Comment Request

**ACTION:** 60-day notice of information collection under review; Affidavit of Financial Support and Intent to Petition for Legal Custody for Pubic Law 97–359 Amerasian; Form I–361.

The Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for sixty days until October 15, 2002.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more

of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected: and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) Title of the Form/Collection: Affidavit of Financial Support and Intent to Petition for Legal Custody for Public Law 97–359 Amerasian.

(3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Form I–361. Adjudications Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Primary: Individuals and households. The information on this form is used in support of Form I–360 (Petition for Amerasian, Widow(er), or Special Immigrant) to assure financial support for Public Law 97–359 Amerasian. The affidavit is used only to sponsor individuals eligible for immigration under Public Law 97–359.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 50 responses at 30 minutes (.5)

per response.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 25 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or additional information, please contact Richard A. Sloan 202-514-3291, Director, Regulations and Forms Services Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service, U.S. Department of Justice, Room 4034, 425 I Street, NW., Washington, DC 20536. Additionally, comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time may also be directed to Mr. Richard A. Sloan.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Patrick Henry Building, 601 D Street, NW., Suite 1600, Washington,

DC 20530.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

Richard A. Sloan,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20806 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Immigration and Naturalization Service** 

Agency Information Collection Activities: Extension of Existing Collection; Comment Request

**ACTION:** 60-day notice of information collection under review; Petition for Approval of School for Attendance by Nonimmigrant; Forms I–17.

The Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for sixty days until October 15, 2002.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected: and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information

collection:

(1) Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) Title of the Form/Collection: Petition for Approval of School for Attendance by Nonimmigrant.

(3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Forms I-17, I-17A and I-17B. Adjudications Division,

Immigration and Naturalization Service.
(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Primary: Businesses or other for-profit. The information is used by learning institutions to determine acceptance of nonimmigrant students, as well as INS to establish a list of names and locations of schools or campuses within school systems or districts with multiple locations, which schools are bona fide institutions of learning.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 322 responses at 1 hour per response.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 322 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or additional information, please contact Richard A. Sloan 202–514–3291, Director, Regulations and Forms Services Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service, U.S. Department of Justice, Room 4034, 425 I Street, NW., Washington, DC 20536. Additionally, comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response

time may also be directed to Mr. Richard A. Sloan.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Patrick Henry Building, 601 D Street, NW., Suite 1600, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

#### Richard A. Sloan,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[FR Doc. 02-20807 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-10-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Immigration and Naturalization Service** 

Agency Information Collection Activities: Extension of Existing Collection; Comment Request

**ACTION:** 60-day notice of information collection under review; Request for Verification of Naturalization; N-25.

The Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for sixty days until October 15, 2002.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies' estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

- (1) Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.
- (2) Title of the Form/Collection: Request for Verification of Naturalization.
- (3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Form N–25. Adjudications Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Primary: Individuals or households. This form is used to obtain information from the records of a clerk of court which may be needed by a person applying for benefits under various provisions of the I & N Act.
- (5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 1,000 responses at 15 minutes (.25) per response.
- (6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 250 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or additional information, please contact Richard A. Sloan 202-514-3291, Director, Regulations and Forms Services Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service, U.S. Department of Justice, Room 4034, 425 J Street, NW., Washington, DC 20536. Additionally, comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time may also be directed to Mr. Richard A. Sloan.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, 601 D. Street, NW., Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: August 9, 2002.

## Richard A. Sloan,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[FR Doc. 02–20808 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

**Employment and Training Administration** 

Labor Surplus Area Classification Under Executive Orders 12073 and 10582

**AGENCY:** Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice of addition to the Labor Surplus Area List.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to announce an addition to the labor surplus area list for Fiscal Year (FY) 2002. Decatur City, Illinois is added to the list under the exceptional circumstance criteria effective August 1, 2002.

DATES: August 1, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gay Gilbert, Division Chief, U.S.
Employment Service, Employment and Training Administration, 200
Constitution Avenue, NW., Room C 4512, Washington, DC 20210.
Telephone: (202) 693–3046.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of Labor regulations implementing Executive Orders 12073 and 10582 are set forth at 20 CFR part 654, subparts A and B. These regulations require the Assistant Secretary of Labor to classify jurisdictions as labor surplus areas pursuant to the criteria specified in the regulations and to publish annually a list of labor surplus areas. These regulations also provide for designation as a labor surplus area under exceptional circumstances criteria. Pursuant to those regulations, the Assistant Secretary of Labor is hereby publishing an addition to the annual list of labor surplus areas for FY 2002.

Civil jurisdictions included		
ecatur City.		
)		

For the convenience of the public, the Labor Surplus Area list is posted on the Internet at www.doleta.gov.

Dated: August 1, 2002.

### Emily Stover DeRocco,

Assistant Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 02-20911 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

#### Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good case is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used

in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department.

Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room S-3014, Washington, DG 20210.

## Modification of General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of the decisions listed to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the Federal Register are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

#### Volume I

Connecticut			
CT020001	(Mar.	01,	2002
CT020002	(Mar.	01,	2002
CT020003	(Mar.	01,	2002
CT020004	(Mar.	01,	2002
CT020005	(Mar.	01,	2002
Valuma II			

## Volume II

Marvland
MD020034 (Mar. 01, 200)
Virginia
VA020052 (Mar. 01, 2002
VA020099 (Mar. 01, 2002

## Volume III

Kentucky			
KY020001	(Mar.	01,	2002)
KY020002	(Mar.	01,	2002)
KY020003	(Mar.	01,	2002)
KY020004	(Mar.	01,	2002)
KY020007	(Mar.	01,	2002)
KY020025			
KY020027			
KY020028			
KY020029	(Mar.	01.	20021

#### Volume IV

Illinois
IL020001 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020002 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020003 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020004 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020006 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020008 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020009 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020011 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020012 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020013 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020014 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020015 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020016 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020023 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020040 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020042 (Mar. 01, 2002)
IL020046 (Mar. 01, 2002)
Michigan
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## **General Wage Determination Publication**

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage determination Issued Under the Davis-Bacon And Related Acts". This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically at no cost on the Government Printing Office site at www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon. They are also available electronically by subscription to the Davis-Bacon Online Service (http://

davisbacon.fedworld.gov) of the
National Technical Information Service
(NTIS) of the U.S. Department of
Commerce at 1-800-363-2068. This
subscription offers value-added features
such as electronic delivery of modified
wage decisions directly to the user's
desktop, the ability to access prior wage
decisions issued during the year,
extensive Help desk Support, etc.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be puchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the six separate Volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the State covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates will be distributed to subscribers.

Dated: Signed at Washington, DC this 8th day of August 2002.

Terry Sullivan,

Acting Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations.

[FR Doc. 02-20567 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

## NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice: (02 -096)]

## Notice of Agency Report Forms Under OMB Review

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). SUMMARY: The National Aeronautics and Space Administration, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This information collection provides data used in the Agency's accrual accounting and costbased budgeting systems, maintained as required under Federal law.

DATES: All comments should be submitted within 60 calendar days from the date of this publication.

ADDRESSES: All comments should be addressed to Ms. Shelley Meredith, Code BFZ, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546–0001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Nancy Kaplan, NASA Reports Officer, (202) 358–1372.

Title: NASA Contractor Financial Management Reports.

OMB Number: 2700-0003. Type of review: Extension.

Need and Uses: The NASA Contractor Financial Management Reporting System is the basic financial medium for contractor reporting of estimated and incurred costs, providing essential data for projecting costs and hours to ensure that contractor performance is realistically planned and supported by dollar and labor resources. The data provided by these reports is an integral part of the Agency's accrual accounting and cost-based budgeting systems required under 31 U.S.C. 3512.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit, not-for-profit institutions.

Number of Respondents: 850. Responses Per Respondent: 12. Annual Responses: 10,200. Hours Per Request: 9 hrs. Annual Burden Hours: 91,500. Frequency of Report: Quarterly; Monthly.

Patricia Dunnington,

Deputy Chief Information Officer, Office of the Administrator.

[FR Doc. 02–20909 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01-P

## NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

Institute of Museum and Library Services; Solicitation of Public Comments on Guidelines for Ensuring and Maximizing the Quality Objectivity, Utility, and Integrity of Information Disseminated by the Institute of Museum and Library Services

**AGENCY:** Institute of Museum and Library Services.

**ACTION:** Notice and request for public comment.

SUMMARY: The Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS) announces that its draft Guidelines for Ensuring and Maximizing the Quality, Objectivity, Utility, and Integrity of Information Disseminated by the Institute of Museum and Library Services have been posted on its Web site, www.imls.gov. IMLS invites public comments on its draft Guidelines and will consider the comments received in developing its final Guidelines.

**DATES:** Comments are due on or before September 15, 2002. Final Guidelines are to be published by October 1, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to the Office of General Counsel, Institute of Museum and Library Services, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20506, nweiss@imls.gov.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Nancy E. Weiss, General Counsel, telephone 202–606–5414, nweiss@imls.gov. Hearing-impaired individuals may contact IMLS by TDD/TTY at 202–8636.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 515 of the Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act for FY 2001 (Pub. L. 106–554) requires each Federal agency to publish guidelines for ensuring and maximizing the quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of the information it disseminates. Agency guidelines must be based on government-wide guidelines issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) (see 67 FR 8451–8460). In compliance with this statutory requirement and OMB instructions, IMLS has posted its draft Information

Quality Guidelines on its Web site

(www.imls.gov).

The Guidelines describe the agency's procedures for ensuring the quality of information that it disseminates and the procedures by which an affected person may obtain correction of information disseminated by IMLS that does not comply with the Guidelines. IMLS invites public comments on its draft Guidelines and will consider the comments received in developing its proposed final Guidelines, which must be submitted to OMB for review. The agency's final Guidelines are to be published by October 1, 2002. Persons who cannot access the draft Guidelines through the Internet may request a paper or electronic copy by contacting the Office of the General Counsel.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Nancy E. Weiss,

Federal Register Officer, National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities, Institute of Museum and Library Services.

[FR Doc. 02–20790 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-261]

Carolina Power & Light (CP&L), H.B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant, Unit No. 2; Notice of Acceptance for Docketing of the Application and Notice of Opportunity for a Hearing Regarding Renewal of License for an Additional 20-Year Period, Facility Operating License No. DPR-23

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) is considering an application for the renewal of Facility Operating License No. DPR-23, which authorizes the Carolina Power & Light (CP&L) Company to operate the H.B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant (HBRSEP), Unit 2, at 2300 megawatts thermal. In this application, HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, is referred to as the Robinson Nuclear Plant (RNP). The renewed license would authorize the applicant to operate RNP for an additional 20 years beyond the period specified in the current license. The current operating license for RNP expires on July 31, 2010.

CP&L submitted an application to renew the operating license for RNP, on June 17, 2002. A Notice of Receipt of Application, "Carolina Power & Light (CP&L), H.B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant, Unit No. 2; Notice of Receipt of Application for Renewal of Facility Operating License No. DPR-23 for an Additional 20-Year Period," was

published in the Federal Register on July 18, 2002 (67 FR 47410).

The NRC staff has determined that CP&L has submitted information, in accordance with 10 CFR 54.19, 54.21, 54.22, 54.23, and 51.53(c), that is complete and acceptable for docketing. The current Docket No. 50–261 for Operating License No. DPR–23, will be retained. The docketing of the renewal application does not preclude requesting additional information as the review proceeds, nor does it predict whether the Commission will grant or

deny the application.

Before issuance of the requested renewed license, the NRC will have made the findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the NRC's rules and regulations. In accordance with 10 CFR 54.29, the NRC will issue a renewed license on the basis of its review if it finds that actions have been identified and have been or will be taken with respect to (1) managing the effects of aging during the period of extended operation on the functionality of structures and components that have been identified as requiring aging management review, and (2) timelimited aging analyses that have been identified as requiring review, such that there is reasonable assurance that the activities authorized by the renewed license will continue to be conducted in accordance with the current licensing basis (CLB) and that any changes made to the plant's CLB comply with the Act and the Commission's regulations.

Additionally, in accordance with 10 CFR 51.95(c), the NRC will prepare an environmental impact statement that is a supplement to the Commission's NUREG-1437, "Generic Environmental Impact Statement for License Renewal of Nuclear Power Plants' (May 1996). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.26, and as part of the environmental scoping process, the staff intends to hold a public scoping meeting. Detailed information regarding this meeting will be included in a future Federal Register notice. The Commission also intends to hold public meetings to discuss the license renewal process and the schedule for conducting the review. The Commission will provide prior notice of these meetings. As discussed further herein, in the event that a hearing is held, issues that may be litigated will be confined to those pertinent to the foregoing.

Within 30 days from the date of publication of this Federal Register notice, the applicant may file a request for a hearing, and any person whose interest may be affected by this proceeding and who wishes to participate as a party in the proceeding

must file a written request for a hearing and a petition for leave to intervene with respect to the renewal of the licenses in accordance with the provisions of 10 CFR 2.714.

The most recent version of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, published January 1, 2002, inadvertently omitted the last sentence of 10 CFR 2.714(d) and subparagraphs (d)(1) and (2), regarding petitions to intervene and contentions. Those provisions are extant and still applicable to petitions to intervene. Those provisions are as follows: "In all other circumstances, such ruling body or officer shall, in ruling on—

(1) A petition for leave to intervene or a request for hearing, consider the following factors, among other things: (i) The nature of the petitioner's right under the Act to be made a party to the proceeding. (ii) The nature and extent of the petitioner's property, financial, or other interest in the proceeding. (iii) The possible effect of any order that may be entered in the proceeding on the petitioner's interest.

(2) The admissibility of a contention, refuse to admit a contention if: (i) The contention and supporting material fail to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b)(2) of this section; or (ii) The contention, if proven, would be of no consequence in the proceeding because

it would not entitle petitioner to relief." Interested persons should consult a current copy of 10 CFR 2.714, which is available at the Commission's Public Document Room, located at One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike (first floor) Rockville, Maryland, and on the NRC Web site at http://www.nrc.gov (the Public Electronic Reading Room). If a request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene is filed by the above date, the Commission or an Atomic Safety and Licensing Board, designated by the Commission or by the Chairman of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, will rule on the request(s) and/or petition(s), and the Secretary or the designated Atomic Safety and Licensing Board will issue a notice of hearing or an appropriate order. In the event that no request for a hearing or petition for leave to intervene is filed by the above date, the NRC may, upon completion of its evaluations and upon making the findings required under 10 CFR parts 51 and 54, renew the licenses without further notice.

As required by 10 CFR 2.714, a petition for leave to intervene shall set forth, with particularity, the interest of the petitioner in the proceeding and how that interest may be affected by the results of the proceeding, taking into consideration the limited scope of

matters that may be considered pursuant to 10 CFR parts 51 and 54. The petition must specifically explain the reasons why intervention should be permitted with particular reference to the following factors: (1) The nature of the petitioner's right under the Act to be made a party to the proceeding; (2) the nature and extent of the petitioner's property, financial, or other interest in the proceeding; and (3) the possible effect of any order that may be entered in the proceeding on the petitioner's interest. The petition must also identify the specific aspect(s) of the subject matter of the proceeding as to which petitioner wishes to intervene. Any person who has filed a petition for leave to intervene or who has been admitted as a party may amend the petition without requesting leave of the board up to 15 days before the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, but such an amended petition must satisfy the specificity requirements described above.

Not later than 15 days before the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, a petitioner shall file a supplement to the petition to intervene that must include a list of the contentions that the petitioner seeks to have litigated in the hearing. Each contention must consist of a specific statement of the issue of law or fact to be raised or controverted. In addition, the petitioner shall provide a brief explanation of the bases of each contention and a concise statement of the alleged facts or the expert opinion that supports the contention and on which the petitioner intends to rely in proving the contention at the hearing. The petitioner must also provide references to those specific sources and documents of which the petitioner is aware and on which the petitioner intends to rely to establish those facts or expert opinion. The petitioner must provide sufficient information to show that a genuine dispute exists with the applicant on a material issue of law or fact. Contentions shall be limited to matters within the scope of the action under consideration. The contention must be one that, if proven, would entitle the petitioner to relief. A petitioner who fails to file such a supplement that satisfies these requirements with respect to at least one contention will not be permitted to participate as a party.

Those permitted to intervene become parties to the proceeding, subject to any

limitations in the order granting leave to intervene, and have the opportunity to participate fully in the conduct of the hearing, including the opportunity to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses.

Requests for a hearing and petitions for leave to intervene must be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, Attention: Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff, or may be delivered to the Commission's Public Document Room, located at One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike (first floor), Rockville, Maryland, by the above date. Because of the continuing disruptions in delivery of mail to United States Government offices, it is requested that petitions for leave to intervene and requests for hearing be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commission either by means of facsimile transmission to 301-415-1101 or by e-mail to hearingdocket@nrc.gov. A copy of the request for leave to intervene and request for hearing should also be sent to the Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and because of continuing disruptions in delivery of mail to United States Government offices, it is requested that copies be transmitted either by means of facsimile transmission to 301-415-3725 or by email to OGCMailCenter@nrc.gov. A copy of the request for hearing and petition for leave to intervene should also be sent to Mr. John Moyer, Vice President, H. B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant, Carolina Power and Light Company, 3581 West Entrance Road, Hartsville, SC

Nontimely filings of petitions for leave to intervene, amended petitions, supplemental petitions, and/or requests for a hearing will not be entertained absent a determination by the Commission, the presiding officer, or the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board that the petition and/or request should be granted based upon a balancing of the factors specified in 10 CFR 2.714(a)(1)(i)—(v) and 2.714(d).

Detailed information about the license renewal process can be found under the nuclear reactors' icon of the NRC's Web page at <a href="http://www.nrc.gov">http://www.nrc.gov</a>.

A copy of the application is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, located at One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike (first floor), Rockville, Maryland, or on the NRC Web site from the NRC's Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS). The ADAMS Public Electronic Reading Room is accessible from the NRC Web site at http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html. The staff has verified that a copy of the license renewal application for the RNP is also available to local residents at the Hartsville Memorial Library, in Hartsville, SC.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 12th day of August, 2002.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

#### Pao-Tsin Kuo,

Program Director, License Renewal and Environmental Impacts Program, Division of Regulatory Improvement Programs, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 02-20845 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

### Request To Amend a License to Export Highly-Enriched Uranium

Pursuant to 10 CFR 110.70(b)(2)
"Public notice of receipt of an application," please take notice that the Nuclear Regulatory Commission has received the following request to amend an export license. Copies of the request are available electronically through ADAMS and can be accessed through the Public Electronic Reading Room (PERR) link <a href="https://www.nrc.gov/NRC/ADAMS/index.html">https://www.nrc.gov/NRC/ADAMS/index.html</a> at the NRC Homepage.

A request for a hearing or petition for leave to intervene may be filed within 30 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Any request for hearing or petition for leave to intervene shall be served by the requestor or petitioner upon the applicant, the Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington DC 20555; the Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555; and the Executive Secretary, U.S. Department of State, Washington, DC 20520.

In its review of the request to amend a license to export special nuclear material noticed herein, the Commission does not evaluate the health, safety or environmental effects in the recipient nation of the material to be exported. The information concerning this amendment request follows.

#### NRC EXPORT LICENSE APPLICATION

	Descri	ption of material	End use	
	Material type	Total qty	End use	destination
Name of Applicant Date Application: Transnuclear, Inc., July 18, 2002  Date Received, Application Number, Docket Number: July 18, 2002, XSNM03060/02, 11005070	Highly-Enriched Uranium (93.60%).	Total quantity of HEU authorized for export remains unchanged.	To revise schedule & quantity of HEU authorized for export each calendar year for the MAPLE Reactors and to extend expiration date to 12/31/07. HEU used to produce medical radioisotopes.	Canada.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Dated: Dated this 9th day of August 2002 at Rockville, Maryland.

Edward T. Baker,

Deputy Director, Office of International Programs.

[FR Doc. 02–20842 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

## **Draft Regulatory Guide; Issuance, Availability**

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission has issued a draft regulatory guide for public comment. Regulatory Guides are developed to describe and make available to the public such information as methods acceptable to the NRC staff for implementing specific parts of the NRC's regulations, techniques used by the staff in evaluating specific problems or postulated accidents, and data needed by the staff in its review of applications for permits and licenses.

This draft guide, temporarily identified by its task number, DG—1117 (which should be mentioned in all correspondence concerning this draft guide), is Draft Regulatory Guide DG—1117, "Control of Combustible Gas Concentrations in Containment." This draft guide is being developed to propose guidance acceptable to the NRC staff on meeting the requirements of a proposed amendment to 10 CFR 50.44. The Proposed Section 50.44 would provide requirements for the mitigation of combustible gas generated by a beyond-design-basis accident.

This draft guide has not received complete staff approval and does not represent an official NRC staff position.

Comments may be accompanied by relevant information or supporting data. Written comments may be submitted to the Rules and Directives Branch, Office of Administration, U.S. Nuclear

Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555. Copies of comments received may be examined at the NRC Public Document Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD. Comments will be most helpful if received by October 16, 2002.

Comments received after this date will be considered if it is practical to do so, but the NRC is able to assure consideration only for comments received on or before this date.

You may also provide comments via the NRC's interactive rulemaking web site through the NRC home page. This site provides the ability to upload comments as files (any format) if your web browser supports that function. For information about the interactive rulemaking web site, contact Ms. Carol Gallagher, (301) 415–5905; e-mail CAG@NRC.GOV. For information about the draft guide and the related documents, contact Mr. D.C. Cullison at (301) 415–1212; e-mail DGC@NRC.GOV.

Although a time limit is given for comments on this draft guide, comments and suggestions in connection with items for inclusion in guides currently being developed or improvements in all published guides are encouraged at any time.

Regulatory guides are available for inspection at the NRC's Public Document Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD; the PDR's mailing address is USNRC PDR, Washington, DC 20555; telephone (301) 415-4737 or (800) 397-4205; fax (301) 415-3548; email PDR@NRC.GOV. Regulatory guides are posted on NRC's web page, <http://WWW.NRC.GOV> in the Electronic Reading Room. Requests for single copies of draft or final guides (which may be reproduced) or for placement on an automatic distribution list for single copies of future draft guides in specific divisions should be made in writing to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, Attention: Reproduction and Distribution Services Section; or by email to cDISTRIBUTION@NRC.GOV>;
or by fax to (301) 415–2289. Telephone requests cannot be accommodated. Regulatory guides are not copyrighted, and Commission approval is not required to reproduce them.

(5 U.S.C. 552(a))

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 8th day of August 2002.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission Mabel F. Lee,

Director, Program Management, Policy Development and Analysis Staff, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research.

[FR Doc. 02-20844 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

## OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION

Guidelines for Ensuring and Maximizing the Quality, Objectivity, Utility, and Integrity of Information Disseminated by Federal Agencies

AGENCY: Overseas Private Investment Corporation ("OPIC").

ACTION: Publication of, "Guidelines for Ensuring and Maximizing the Quality, Objectivity, Utility, and Integrity of Information Disseminated by Federal Agencies on OPIC's Web site."

**SUMMARY:** The Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC or agency) in accordance with section 515 of the Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Pub. L. 106-554; H.R. 5658) as implemented by the final guidelines published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, on September 28, 2001 (66 FR 49718) and on January 3, 2002 (67 FR 369) (and reprinted in their entirety on February 22, 2002, 67 FR 8452), "Guidelines for Ensuring and Maximizing the Quality, Objectivity, Utility, and Integrity of Information Disseminated by Federal Agencies," has posted its draft guidelines on the OPIC Web Site, http://www.opic.gov/generalopic/GuidelinesIntro.htm.

This agency's information quality guidelines explain how such guidelines will ensure and maximize the quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of information, including disseminated by OPIC. The guidelines also detail the administrative mechanisms that will allow affected persons to seek and obtain appropriate correction of information maintained and dissemianted by OPIC that does not comply with the OMB or agency guidelines.

**DATES:** Comments on the draft guidelines should be received by September 6, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Dev Jagadesan, Department of Legal Affair, Overseas Private Investment Corporation, 1100 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20527, e-mail: information quality@opic.gov, (202) 336–8428.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Connie M. Downs,

Corporate Secretary, Overseas Private Investment Corporation. [FR Doc. 02–20805 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

#### RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

### Actuarial Advisory Committee With Respect to the Railroad Retirement Account; Notice of Public Meeting

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Public Law 92-463 that the Actuarial Advisory Committee will hold a meeting on August 23, 2002, at 10 a.m. at the office of the Chief Actuary of the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board, 844 North Rush Street, Chicago, Illinois, on the conduct of the 22nd Actuarial Valuation of the Railroad Retirement System. The agenda for this meeting will include a discussion of the assumptions to be used in the 22nd Actuarial Valuation. A report containing recommended assumptions and the experience on which the recommendations are based will have been sent by the Chief Actuary to the Committee before the meeting.

The meeting will be open to the public. Persons wishing to submit written statements or make oral presentations should address their communications or notices to the RRB Actuarial Advisory Committee, c/o Chief Actuary, U.S. Railroad Retirement Board, 844 North Rush Street, Chicago, Illinois 60611–2092.

Dated: August 12, 2002. Beatrice Ezerski.

Secretary to the Board.

[FR Doc. 02-20814 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7905-01-M

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. IC-25698; File No. 812-12835]

# The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, et al.; Notice of Application

August 12, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").

**ACTION:** Notice of application for an order of approval pursuant to section 26(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and an order of exemption pursuant to section 17(b) of the 1940 Act from section 17(a) of the 1940 Act.

Applicants: For purposes of the order requested pursuant to Section 26(c), The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States ("Equitable"), Separate Account A of Equitable ("Separate Account A"), Separate Account FP of Equitable ("Separate Account FP"), Separate Account No. 45 of Equitable ("Separate Account 45) and Separate Account No. 301 of Equitable ("Separate Account 301") (collectively, the "Section 26 Applicants"). For purposes of the order pursuant to Section 17(b), Equitable, Separate Account A, Separate Account FP, Separate Account 45, Separate Account 301, Separate Account No. 66 of Equitable ("Separate Account 66") (the separate accounts are collectively referred to herein as the "Separate Accounts" and individually as a "Separate Account") and EQ Advisors Trust (the "Trust") (collectively with Equitable and the Separate Accounts, the "Section 17 Applicants;" together with the Section 26 Applicants, "Applicants").

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order (a) approving the proposed substitution by certain insurance company separate accounts of Class IA shares of the EQ/Balanced Portfolio for Class IA shares of the EQ/ Alliance Growth Investors Portfolio and Class IB shares of the EQ/Balanced Portfolio for Class IB shares of the EQ/ Alliance Growth Investors Portfolio (the "Substitution") and (b) to permit certain in-kind transactions in connection with the proposed Substitution. (The EQ/ Balanced Portfolio is referred to herein as the "Replacement Portfolio." The EQ/ Alliance Growth Investors Portfolio is

referred to herein as the "Removed Portfolio.")

Filing Date: The application was filed on May 30, 2002.

Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the application will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Secretary of the Commission and serving Applicants with a copy of the request personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on September 5, 2002 and should be accompanied by proof of service on Applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request and the issues contested. Persons may request notification of a hearing by writing to the Secretary of the Commission.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549.
Applicants: c/o Peter D. Noris, Executive Vice President and Chief Investment Officer, The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, 1290 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10104, and Mark C. Amorosi, Esq., Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP, 1800 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20036.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Cowan, Senior Counsel, or Zandra Bailes, Branch Chief, Office of Insurance Products, Division of Investment

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application; the complete application may be obtained for a fee from the Public Reference Branch of the Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549 (tel. (202) 942–8090).

Management, at (202) 942-0670.

### Applicants' Representations

1. Equitable is a New York stock life insurance company that has been in business since 1859. Equitable is a wholly owned subsidiary of AXA Financial, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the AXA Group, the holding company for an international group of insurance and related financial services companies.

2. Equitable serves as sponsor and depositor for each of the Separate Accounts. Separate Account A, Separate Account 45 and Separate Account 301 fund certain variable annuity contracts. Separate Account FP funds certain variable life insurance policies. Separate Account 66 funds group pension and profit-sharing plans under group

annuity contracts issued by Equitable. (The variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies funded by the Separate Accounts are collectively referred to herein as the

"Contracts.")

3. Each Separate Account is a segregated asset account of Equitable and, with the exception of Separate Account 66, is registered with the Commission as a unit investment trust under the 1940 Act. Separate Account 66 is excluded from registration under the 1940 Act pursuant to Section 3(c)(11) of the 1940 Act. Separate Account 66 is not a Section 26

Applicant.

4. The Trust is organized as a Delaware business trust and registered as an open-end management investment company under the 1940 Act. The Trust is a series investment company and currently has 39 separate series (each a "Portfolio" and collectively, the "Portfolios"). Equitable currently serves as investment manager ("Manager") of each of the Portfolios. Both the Removed and Replacement Portfolios are series of the Trust. The Trust currently offers two classes of shares, Class IA and Class IB shares, which differ only in that Class IB shares are subject to a distribution plan adopted and administered pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under that distribution plan, up to 0.50% of the average daily net assets attributable to the Class IB shares of each Portfolio may be used to pay for distribution and shareholder services. The distributors for the Class IA and Class IB shares of each Portfolio are AXA Advisors, LLC ("AXA Advisors") and AXA
Distributors, LLC ("AXA Distributors"). Under the Distribution Agreements with respect to the promotion, sale and servicing of shares of each Portfolio, payments to AXA Advisors and AXA Distributors, with respect to activities under the distribution plan, are currently limited to payments at an annual rate equal to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of each Portfolio (including the Removed and Replacement Portfolios) attributable to its Class IB shares.

5. The Manager has retained investment sub-advisers ("Advisers") to provide day-to-day investment advisory services for each of the 39 current Portfolios. The Trust has received an exemptive order from the Commission that permits the Manager, or any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control (within the meaning of section 2(a)(9) of the 1940 Act) with the Manager, subject to certain conditions, including approval of the Board of Trustees of the Trust, and without the

approval of shareholders to: (a) Select new or additional Advisers for each Portfolio; (b) enter into new investment advisory agreements with Advisers ("Advisory Agreements") and/or materially modify the terms of any existing Advisory Agreement; (c) terminate any existing Adviser and replace the Adviser; and (d) continue the employment of an existing Adviser on the same contract terms where the Advisory Agreement has been assigned because of a change of control of the Adviser.

6. Equitable, on its own behalf and on behalf of the Separate Accounts, proposes to exercise its contractual right to substitute a different eligible investment fund for any of the current Portfolios offered as funding options under the Contracts. In particular, the Section 26 Applicants propose to substitute Class IA and Class IB shares of the Replacement Portfolio for Class IA and Class IB shares of the Removed

Portfolio, respectively.

7. The Section 26 Applicants propose the Substitution as part of a continued and overall business plan by Equitable to make its Contracts more competitive and thus more attractive to existing Contract owners, and to prospective purchasers. The Substitution is also intended to simplify the prospectuses and related materials with respect to the Contracts and the investment options available through the Separate Accounts. Additionally, the Substitution will substitute shares of the Replacement Portfolio for shares of the Removed Portfolio, which has substantially similar investment objectives, policies and risks as the Replacement Portfolio. Furthermore, Equitable believes that the Substitution ultimately may enable it to reduce certain of the costs that it incurs in administering the Contracts by consolidating overlapping and duplicative Portfolios. Finally, the Substitution is designed to provide Contract owners with an opportunity to continue their investment in a substantially similar Portfolio without interruption and without any cost to them. In this regard, Equitable will bear all expenses incurred in connection with the Substitution and related filings and notices, including legal, accounting, brokerage and other fees and expenses. On the effective date of the Substitution ("Substitution Date"), the amount of any Contract owner's or participant's Contract value or the dollar value of a Contract owner's or participant's investment in the relevant Contract will not change as a result of the Substitution.

8. The Replacement Portfolio has substantially similar investment objectives, policies and risks as the Removed Portfolio. The investment objective of the Replacement Portfolio is to seek to achieve a high return through both appreciation of capital and current income. The investment objective of the Removed Portfolio is to seek to achieve the highest total return consistent with the Adviser's determination of reasonable risk. The Replacement Portfolio invests primarily in publiclytraded equity and debt securities and money market instruments depending on economic conditions, the general level of common stock prices, interest rates and other relevant considerations, including the risks associated with each investment medium. The Removed Portfolio, like the Replacement Portfolio, allocates varying portions of its assets to a number of asset classes. Each Portfolio's equity investments consist primarily of common stocks of large U.S. companies. The Replacement Portfolio's debt investments consist principally of investment grade bonds, notes and debentures. The Removed Portfolio's fixed income investments may include long and short-term debt securities, preferred stocks and dividend-paying common stocks. Each Portfolio may invest up to 20% of its assets in foreign securities.

9. The Replacement Portfolio's holdings, over time, are expected to average approximately 50% in fixed income securities and approximately 50% in equity securities. The Removed Portfolio's holdings, on average, are expected to be allocated 70% to equity securities and 30% to debt securities. However, actual asset mixes for each Portfolio are adjusted in response to economic and credit market cycles. The Replacement Portfolio employs multiple Advisers (including Alliance Capital Management, L.P. ("Alliance"), which is also the Adviser to the Removed Portfolio), each of whom is responsible for investing its Allocated Portion. Equitable expects that, in connection with the proposed Substitution, it will allocate the assets of the Removed Portfolio to the portions of the Replacement Portfolio that are advised

by Alliance.

10. The principal risks of investing in the Replacement and Removed Portfolios are substantially similar in that the equity investments of each Portfolio consist primarily of securities of large capitalization U.S. companies, and the fixed income investments consist primarily of investment grade corporate securities. The primary risks associated with an investment in the Replacement Portfolio are asset

allocation risk, derivatives risk, equity risk, fixed income risk, foreign securities risk, leveraging risk, liquidity risk, multiple adviser risk, portfolio turnover risk, securities lending risk, small-cap and mid-cap company risk, and value investing risk. The primary risks associated with an investment in the Removed Portfolio are the same. with the minor differences that the Removed Portfolio also lists convertible securities risk and growth investing risk and does not list multiple adviser risk or small-cap and mid-cap company risk. Applicants believe that these do not represent significant differences between these Portfolios since, for example, the equity investments of each of these Portfolios consist primarily of securities of large capitalization U.S. companies and each has some small-cap and mid-cap company risk. Thus, Applicants believe that, after the proposed Substitution, a Contract owner or participant who allocated value to the Removed Portfolio would continue to have value allocated to a Replacement Portfolio with substantially similar investment objectives and policies, and would have assumed a substantially similar level of risk.

11. The charts below compare the advisory fees, total expenses and asset

sizes of the Class IA and Class IB shares of the Replacement Portfolio and the Removed Portfolio for the one year periods ended December 31, 2000 and 2001. The charts also show the pro forma expenses of the Replacement Portfolio assuming that the Substitution had been in effect for the year ended December 31, 2001. The management fee schedule for the Replacement Portfolio is identical to that of the Removed Portfolio. In addition, the management fee, as a percentage of net assets, of the Replacement Portfolio was identical to that of the Removed Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2001, and was lower than that of the Removed Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2000. The net total expense ratio of each class of shares of the Replacement Portfolio was slightly higher than that of the corresponding class of shares of the Removed Portfolio for the one year period ended December 31, 2001, but was lower for the year ended December 31, 2000. As discussed below, it is expected that each class of shares of the Replacement Portfolio will have a lower total expense ratio than the corresponding class of shares of the Removed Portfolio as a result of the Substitution. This is due to the

increased size of the Replacement Portfolio and a corresponding decrease in its management fee as a result of the Portfolio's assets exceeding higher breakpoints in its management fee schedule.

12. Applicants note that, as further set forth below, the Replacement Portfolio's assets have increased over the last two years, while the Removed Portfolio's assets have either remained stable (Class IB) or declined (Class IA) over that same time period. Applicants state that the proposed Substitution would replace the Removed Portfolio with the Replacement Portfolio, which will have a much larger asset size after the Substitution. Generally speaking, larger funds tend to have lower expenses than comparable funds that are smaller. This is because, with a larger asset size, fixed fund expenses are spread over a larger base, lowering the expense ratios. Also, larger funds may have lower trading expenses, potentially resulting in higher returns. Applicants anticipate that the total expense ratio of each class of shares of the Replacement Portfolio will be lower than that of the corresponding class of shares of the Removed Portfolio as a result of the Substitution, as set forth in the following charts.

	Replacement portfolio EQ/balanced portfolio (Class IA)		Removed portfolio EQ/growth investors portfolio (Class IA)		Combined port- folio (Pro forma)—	
	One year period	One year period	One year period	One year period	One year period	
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	
	12/31/2000	12/31/2001	12/31/2001	12/31/2001	12/31/2001	
Net assets (in billions)	\$1.9	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$1.8	\$3.9	
	0.52	0.57	0.54	0.57	0.55	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.06	
Total expenses (in percent)	0.59	0.65	0.60	0.63	. 0.61	

<sup>1</sup>The management fee for the Replacement Portfolio on an annual basis is equal to 0.600% of the first \$1 billion; 0.550% of the next \$1 billion; 0.525% of the next \$3 billion; 0.500% of the next \$5 billion; and 0.475% thereafter. The management fee schedule for the Removed Portfolio is the same.

	Replacement portfolio EQ/balanced portfolio (Class IB)		Removed portfolio (	Combined port- folio (Pro forma)—	
	One year period ended 12/31/2000	One year period ended 12/31/2001	One year period ended 12/31/2001	One year period ended 12/31/2001	One year period ended 12/31/2001
Net assets (in millions)	\$41 0.52	\$359 0.57	\$326 0.54	\$325 0.57	\$684 0.55
Rule 12b–1 fee (in percent)  Other expenses (in percent)	0.25 0.07	0.25 0.08	0.25 0.06	0.25 0.06	0.25
Total expenses (in percent)	0.84	0.90	0.85	0.88	. 0.86

13. In connection with the Substitution, the Section 26 Applicants will file with the Commission prospectuses and prospectus supplements that notify Contract owners and participants of Equitable's intention to substitute the Replacement Portfolio for the Removed Portfolio. The prospectuses and prospectus supplements, as appropriate, also will describe the Substitution, the Replacement and Removed Portfolio and the impact of the Substitution on fees and expenses at the underlying fund level. The Section 26 Applicants will send the appropriate prospectus or prospectus supplement, as appropriate, containing this disclosure to all existing and new Contract owners and

participants.

14. At or after the time the Commission approves the Application, the Section 26 Applicants will send to existing Contract owners and participants a supplement to the relevant Contract prospectus that discloses to such Contract owners and participants that the Application has been approved. Together with this disclosure, the Section 26 Applicants will send to any of those existing Contract owners and participants who have not previously received a prospectus for the Replacement Portfolio a prospectus and/or prospectus supplement for the Replacement Portfolio. New purchasers of Contracts will be provided with a Contract prospectus and/or supplement containing disclosure that the Commission has issued an order approving the Substitution, as well as a prospectus for the Replacement Portfolio. The Contract prospectus and/ or supplement and the prospectus and/ or prospectus supplement for the Trust, including the Replacement Portfolio, will be delivered to purchasers of new Contracts in accordance with all applicable legal requirements.

15. Contract owners and participants will be sent a notice of the Substitution before the Substitution Date. The notice will inform Contract owners and participants that the Substitution will be effected on the Substitution Date and that they may transfer assets from the Removed Portfolio (or from the Replacement Portfolio following the Substitution Date) to another investment option available under their Contract without the imposition of any applicable transfer charges, limitations, fees, or other penalties that might otherwise be imposed for a period beginning thirty (30) days before the Substitution Date and ending no earlier than thirty (30) days following the Substitution Date and such transfers will not count against the limit, if any, on the number of free transfers permitted under the Contracts. Within five days after the Substitution Date, Equitable will mail: (a) A written notice to all Contract owners and participants affected by the Substitution informing them that the Substitution was completed and restating that they may transfer assets from the Replacement Portfolio to another investment option available under their Contract free of any applicable transfer charges, limitations, fees, or other penalties that might otherwise be imposed through a date at least thirty (30) days following the Substitution Date and such transfers will not count against the limit, if any,

on the number of free transfers permitted under the Contracts; and (b) a confirmation of the transactions.

16. The Substitution will be effected by redeeming shares of the Removed Portfolio in-kind on the Substitution Date at their net asset value and using the proceeds of those in-kind redemptions to purchase shares of the Replacement Portfolio at their net asset value on the same date ("In-Kind Transactions"). The In-Kind Transactions will be done in a manner consistent with the investment objectives, policies and diversification requirements of the Replacement Portfolio and the Removed Portfolio. Equitable, in consultation with the Replacement Portfolio's Adviser, will review the In-Kind Transactions to ensure that the assets are suitable for the Replacement Portfolio. All assets and liabilities will be valued based on the normal valuation procedures of the Removed Portfolio and the Replacement Portfolio, as set forth in the Trust's registration statement.

17. No transfer or similar charges will be imposed by the Section 26 Applicants and, on the Substitution Date, all Contract values will remain unchanged and fully invested. Contract owners and participants will not incur any fees or charges as a result of the proposed Substitution, nor will their rights or Equitable's obligations under the Contracts be altered in any way. All expenses in connection with the proposed Substitution, including any brokerage, legal, accounting, and other fees and expenses will be paid by Equitable. The proposed Substitution will not impose any tax liability on Contract owners or participants or cause the Contract charges currently being paid by Contract owners and participants to be greater after the proposed Substitution than before the proposed Substitution. All Contractlevel fees will remain the same after the proposed Substitution. The proposed Substitution will not alter in any way the benefits, including tax benefits to Contract owners and participants, or Equitable's obligations under the Contracts. In addition, the proposed Substitution will not be treated as a transfer for purposes of assessing transfer charges or computing the number of permissible transfers under the Contracts.

18. The Section 26 Applicants request that the Commission issue an order pursuant to Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act approving the substitution of: (i) Class IA shares of the EQ/Balanced Portfolio for Class IA shares of the EQ/ Alliance Growth Investors Portfolio; and (ii) Class IB shares of the EQ/Balanced

Portfolio for Class IB shares of the EO/ Alliance Growth Investors Portfolio. The Section 17 Applicants request that the Commission issue an order pursuant to Section 17(b) of the 1940 Act granting an exemption from Section 17(b) to the extent necessary to permit the In-Kind Transactions.

### **Applicable Law**

Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act

1. Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act prohibits the depositor of a registered unit investment trust that invests in the securities of a single issuer from substituting the securities of another issuer without Commission approval. Section 26(c) provides that "[t]he Commission shall issue an order approving such substitution if the evidence establishes that it is consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of this title.

2. Applicants represent that the proposed Substitution involves a substitution of securities within the meaning of Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act. The Applicants, therefore, request an order from the Commission pursuant to Section 26(c) approving the proposed

Substitution.

- 3. Applicants state that Equitable has reserved the right under the Contracts to substitute shares of another eligible investment fund for any of the current Portfolios offered as funding options under the Contracts. Applicants represent that the prospectuses for the Contracts and the Separate Accounts contain appropriate disclosure of this right. The Section 26 Applicants have reserved this right of substitution both to protect themselves and their Contract owners in situations where either might be harmed or disadvantaged by events affecting the issuer of the securities held by a Separate Account and to preserve the opportunity to replace such shares in situations where a substitution could benefit Equitable and its Contract
- 4. Applicants state that the Replacement Portfolio and the Removed Portfolio have substantially similar investment objectives, policies and risks. In addition, Applicants maintain that the proposed Substitution retains for Contract owners the investment flexibility that is a central feature of the Contracts, and any impact on the investment programs of affected Contract owners, including the appropriateness of the available investment options, should therefore be

5. Applicants also maintain that the ultimate effect of the Substitution would be to consolidate overlapping and duplicative investment options in a single Portfolio. This consolidation will permit Equitable to present information to its Contract owners and participants in a simpler and more concise manner. The anticipated streamlining of the disclosure documents should provide Contract owners and participants with a simpler presentation of the available investment options under their Contracts and related financial information.

6. Thus, Applicants state that the Substitution protects the Contract owners and participants who have allocated Contract value to the Removed Portfolio by: (a) Providing an underlying investment option for sub-accounts invested in the Removed Portfolio that is substantially similar to the Removed Portfolio; (b) providing such Contract owners and participants with simpler and more focused disclosure documents; and (c) providing such Contract owners and participants with an investment option with an identical management fee and total expense ratio as the current investment option.

7. Applicants assert that the proposed Substitution is not of the type that Section 26(c) was designed to prevent. Unlike traditional unit investment trusts where a depositor could only substitute investment securities in a manner which permanently affected all the investors in the trust, the Contracts provide each Contract owner and participant with the right to exercise his or her own judgment, and transfer Contract values and cash values into and among other investment options available to Contract owners and participants under their Contracts. Additionally, the Substitution will not, in any manner, reduce the nature or quality of the available investment options. Moreover, the Section 26 Applicants will offer Contract owners and participants the opportunity to transfer amounts out of the affected subaccounts without any cost or other penalty that may otherwise have been imposed for a period beginning thirty (30) days before the Substitution Date and ending no earlier than thirty (30) days after the Substitution Date. Applicants conclude that the Substitution will not result in the type of costly forced redemption that Section

26(c) was designed to prevent.

8. Applicants assert that the proposed Substitution is also unlike the type of substitution that Section 26(c) was designed to prevent in that by purchasing a Contract, Contract owners and participants select much more than a particular underlying fund in which to invest their Contract values. They also

select the specific type of insurance coverage offered by the Section 26 Applicants under the applicable Contract, as well as numerous other rights and privileges set forth in the Contract. Contract owners also may have considered Equitable's size, financial condition, and its reputation for service in selecting their Contract. These factors will not change as a result of the proposed Substitution.

9. Applicants state that the significant terms of the proposed substitution are as follows:

a. The Replacement Portfolio has substantially similar investment objectives, policies and risks as the Removed Portfolio, providing Contract owners and participants with a means to continue their investment goals and risk expectations;

b. The total expense ratio for the Class IA and Class IB shares of the Replacement Portfolio will be equal to or less than that of the corresponding Class IA and Class IB shares of the Removed Portfolio, assuming that the assets of the Replacement Portfolio do not decrease significantly from the present asset level. In this regard, Equitable will waive its management fee with respect to the Replacement Portfolio and/or reimburse expenses incurred by the Replacement Portfolio during the twenty-four months following the Substitution to the extent necessary to ensure that the total expense ratios for any period (not to exceed a fiscal quarter) of the Class IA and Class IB shares of the Replacement Portfolio do not exceed 0.63% and 0.88%, respectively, of the Replacement Portfolio's average daily net assets (on an annualized basis);

c. Investments in the Replacement Portfolio may be temporary investments for Contract owners and participants as each Contract owner and participant may exercise his or her own judgment as to the most appropriate investment alternative available. In this regard, the proposed Substitution retains for Contract owners and participants the investment flexibility which is a central feature of the Contracts. Additionally, for a period beginning thirty (30) days before the Substitution Date, and ending no earlier than thirty (30) days after the Substitution, Contract owners and participants directly affected by the Substitution will be permitted to transfer value from the Replacement Portfolio or the Removed Portfolio to another investment option available under their Contract free of any otherwise applicable transfer charges, limitations, fees, or other penalties that might otherwise be imposed and such transfers will not count against the

limit, if any, on the number of free transfers permitted under the Contracts;

d. The Substitution will be effected at the relative net asset values of the shares of the Removed Portfolio and the Replacement Portfolio, without the imposition of any transfer or similar charge by the Section 26 Applicants, and with no change in the amount of any Contract owner's or participant's Contract value or in the dollar value of his or her investment in such Contract;

e. Contract owners and participants will not incur directly or indirectly related fees or charges as a result of the Substitution. Equitable will bear all expenses incurred in connection with the Substitution and related filings and notices, including legal, accounting, brokerage and other fees and expenses. The Substitution will not cause the Contract fees and charges currently being paid by existing Contract owners to be greater after the Substitution than before the Substitution;

f. The Substitution will not be counted as a new investment selection in determining the limit, if any, on the total number of Portfolios that Contract owners and participants can select during the life of a Contract;

g. The Substitution will not alter or affect the insurance benefits or rights of Contract owners or participants or the terms and obligations of the Contracts;

h. Contract owners and participants would not incur any adverse tax consequences as a result of the Substitution;

i. Contract owners and participants affected by the Substitution will be sent written confirmation of the Substitution that identifies the Substitution made on behalf of the Contract owner or participant within five days following the Substitution:

j. For those Contract owners or participants who were Contract owners or participants on the date of the Substitution, Equitable will not increase sub-account or Contract expenses for a period of twenty-four months following the Substitution Date; and

k. Contract' owners and participants may withdraw amounts under the Contract or terminate their interest in a Contract, under the conditions that currently exist, including payment of any applicable withdrawal or surrender charge.

#### Section 17(a) of the 1940 Act

1. Section 17(a)(1) of the 1940 Act prohibits any affiliated person of a registered investment company, or any affiliated person of such a person, acting as principal, from knowingly selling any security or other property to that company. Section 17(a)(2) of the 1940

Act generally prohibits the same persons, acting as principals, from knowingly purchasing any security or other property from the registered

investment company.
2. Section 17(b) of the 1940 Act provides that the Commission may, upon application, issue an order exempting any proposed transaction from Section 17(a) if: (a) The terms of the proposed transactions are reasonable and fair and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned; (b) the proposed transactions are consistent with the policy of each registered investment company concerned; and (c) the proposed transactions are consistent with the general purposes of the 1940 Act.

3. The Section 17 Applicants request an order pursuant to Section 17(b) of the 1940 Act exempting them from the provisions of Section 17(a) to the extent necessary to permit them to carry out

the In-Kind Transactions.

4. The Section 17 Applicants submit that the terms of the proposed In-Kind Transactions, including the consideration to be paid and received are reasonable and fair and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned. Applicants state that the In-Kind Transactions will be effected at the respective net asset values of the Removed Portfolio and the Replacement Portfolio, as determined in accordance with the procedures disclosed in the registration statement for the Trust and as required by Rule 22c-1 under the 1940 Act. Applicants further state that the In-Kind Transactions will not change the dollar value of any Contract owner's or participant's investment in any of the Separate Accounts, the value of any Contract, the accumulation value or other value credited to any Contract, or the death benefit payable under any Contract. After the proposed In-Kind Transactions, the value of a Separate Account's investment in the Replacement Portfolio will equal the value of its investments in the Removed Portfolio (together with the value of any pre-existing investments in the Replacement Portfolio) before the In-Kind Transactions.

5. Applicants state that the Section 17 Applicants will assure themselves that the In-Kind Transactions will be in substantial compliance with the conditions of Rule 17a-7. To the extent that the In-Kind Transactions do not comply fully with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 17a-7, the Section 17 Applicants assert that the terms of the In-Kind Transactions provide the same degree of protection to the participating companies and their

shareholders as if the In-Kind Transactions satisfied all of the conditions enumerated in Rule 17a-7. The Section 17 Applicants also assert that the proposed In-Kind Transactions by the Section 17 Applicants do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned. Furthermore, the Section 17 Applicants represent that the proposed Substitution will be consistent with the policies of the Removed Portfolio and the Replacement Portfolio, as recited in the Trust's current registration statement.

6. Applicants also assert that the proposed In-Kind Transactions are consistent with the general purposes of the 1940 Act and that the proposed In-Kind Transactions do not present any conditions or abuses that the 1940 Act

#### Conclusion

was designed to prevent.

For the reasons set forth in the Application, the Section 26 Applicants and the Section 17 Applicants each respectively state that the proposed Substitution and the related In-Kind Transactions meet the standards of Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act and Section 17(b) of the 1940 Act, respectively, and respectfully request that the Commission issue an order of approval pursuant to Section 26(c) of the 1940 Act and Section 17(b) of the

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20854 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010-01-P

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-46335; File No. SR-OCC-2002-07]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; the **Options Clearing Corporation; Notice** of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change **Relating To Clearing Security Futures Transactions and Arrangements With Associated Clearinghouses** 

August 9, 2002.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),1 notice is hereby given that on May 9, 2002, The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), and on August 9, 2002, amended, the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below,

#### I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The proposed rule change would amend OCC Rule 1303 to provide that OCC may agree with an associate clearinghouse to open one or more omnibus accounts to enable its clearing members to clear trades in futures, which include security futures, and futures options, through the facilities of OCC. In addition, the proposed rule change requests approval of OCC's agreements with OneChicago, LLC ("OCX") and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange ("CME") with respect to clearing security futures transactions.

#### II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, OCC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. OCC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.2

(A) Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

Under OCC's Rule 1303, OCC may open one or more omnibus accounts with an associate clearinghouse ("ACH") for the purposes of enabling the ACH's clearing members that are not OCC clearing members to clear transactions in security futures through the ACH rather than directly through OCC. Affiliates of OCC clearing members are permitted to clear transactions in security futures through the ACH through January 1, 2003. The principal purpose of the proposed rule change is to extend this same accommodation to OCC clearing members and to provide that the initial period during which either OCC clearing members or their affiliates may clear through an ACH will end one year from the date when general trading in security futures commences rather than on a specified date. OCC also seeks

which items have been prepared primarily by OCC. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

<sup>1 15</sup> U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Commission has modified parts of these statements

Commission approval of the Agreement for Clearing and Settlement Services between OCC and OCX ("OCX Clearing Agreement") and the ACH Agreement between OCC and CME.

#### 1. Background

OCC is preparing to clear security futures for a number of markets, including certain national securities exchanges that presently clear options through OCC and certain futures exchanges that are notice-registered as national securities exchanges under Section 6(g) of the Act. In SR-OCC-2001-07, OCC filed detailed rules for the clearance of security futures, including Rule 1303, which provides that OCC may agree with an ACH to carry omnibus accounts for the ACH in which the ACH may clear security futures transactions for certain of its clearing members.3 In SR-OCC-2001-07, the Commission also approved the Agreement for Clearing and Settlement Services between OCC and Nasdaq Liffe Markets, LLC<sup>4</sup> ("NqLX Clearing Agreement").5

## 2. Amendments to Rule 1303

Under current Rule 1303(a), an OCC clearing member that is also an ACH clearing member may not clear its security futures transactions through the ACH. Additionally, Rule 1303(b) currently provides that affiliates of OCC clearing members that are eligible to become OCC clearing members may not continue to clear security futures through an ACH past January 1, 2003.6

OCC has learned that some OCC clearing members may initially have difficulty clearing security futures through OCC because the systems that they use to clear futures contracts are configured to interface with the clearing systems of commodity clearing organizations and not with OCC's systems. To accommodate these clearing members, OCC is proposing in this filing to amend Rule 1303(a) to allow OCC clearing members that are members of an ACH to clear security futures

through the ACH for a period of time while systems issues are resolved.

As in the case of affiliates of OCC clearing members, an OCC clearing member that elects to clear through an ACH would be permitted to do so only for the period specified in Rule 1303(b). That period was initially set to end on June 1, 2002, and was later extended to January 1, 2003.7 Because the commencement of trading in security futures has repeatedly been postponed, OCC is proposing in this rule filing to set the grace period at "one year after the commencement of general trading in security futures." OCC believes that this is a reasonable period of time for OCC clearing members and their affiliates to make the necessary arrangements to clear security futures directly through OCC. OCC nevertheless retains the ability under Rule 1303(b) to consent to a longer grace period if the circumstances of individual firms so require. As amended, Rule 1303 would continue to permit a clearing member of an ACH that is neither an OCC clearing member nor an affiliate of an OCC clearing member to clear through the ACH indefinitely.

## 3. OCX Clearing Agreement

OCX is a joint venture among CME, the Chicago Board Options Exchange, and the Chicago Board of Trade. OCX and OCC have entered into the OCX Clearing Agreement so that OCC may clear and settle security futures transactions that take place on OCX.<sup>8</sup> OCC seeks Commission approval of the OCX Clearing Agreement because it varies in several material respects from the NqLX Clearing Agreement approved by the Commission last year.<sup>9</sup> Significant differences are discussed below.

New Section 6(b), "Clearing Members and Associate Clearinghouses," of the OCX Clearing Agreement requires OCC to designate CME as an ACH for OCX, subject to the terms of the ACH Agreement between OCC and CME (which terms are summarized below). The NqLX Clearing Agreement contains no similar provision. Section 6(b) of the OCX Clearing Agreement also provides

that all present OCC clearing members and their successors may clear trades executed on OCX. However, future OCC clearing members will not be allowed to clear OCX trades without prior approval from OCX. OCX may require that future OCC clearing members become members of OCX as a condition to being allowed to clear trades on OCX. The NqLX Clearing Agreement contains no similar provision.

Section 10(b), "Risk Margin Offsets,"

Section 10(b), "Risk Margin Offsets," of the OCX Clearing Agreement states that OCC will not make OCX products fungible with products traded on other markets, exchanges, or electronic trading platforms unless OCC is required to do so by law or has received prior written approval from OCX. The NqLX Clearing Agreement contains no similar provision.

Section 13, "Financial Arrangements," of the OCX Clearing Agreement states that OCC will charge clearing fees for trades executed on OCX to OCX rather than to clearing members. However, OCX will be required to pass OCC's fees through to OCC clearing member(s) on sides of OCX trades that are cleared directly through OCC.10 OCX negotiated a discount to the fees OCC normally charges for clearing services in exchange for giving up the right to participate in any year-end fee reductions or rebates. OCX may, however, opt into OCC's regular rebateeligible fee structure on a prospective basis at any time. The discount is greater for trade sides cleared through CME as an ACH reflecting the fact that CME is sharing the clearing function and the associated risk. OCC will charge no clearing fees when both sides are cleared through CME.

Paragraph (b) of Section 14, "CME as Associate Clearinghouse," of the OCX Clearing Agreement prohibits OCX from soliciting or providing incentives for CME members to clear OCX trades through CME rather than OCC. The reason for this restriction is discussed below in connection with related provisions of the ACH Agreement.

## 4. ACH Agreement

OCC and CME have entered into the ACH Agreement <sup>11</sup> so that CME may act as an ACH for purposes of clearing and settling transactions of certain CME clearing members on OCX. The ACH Agreement provides that CME generally will be treated as an OCC clearing member but with important exceptions. First, Section 2, "CME an Associate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Securities Exchange Act Release No. 44727 (August 20, 2001), 66 FR 45351 (order approving rules for clearance of security futures.) SR–OCC–2001–07 also amended Article I of OCC's By-Laws to include within the definition of "associate clearinghouse" a "derivatives clearing organization regulated as such under the Commodity Exchange

<sup>4</sup> Previously Nasdaq LIFFE, LLC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Securities Exchange Act Release No. 44727 (August 20, 2001), 66 FR 45351.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For purposes of Rule 1303, an entity shall be deemed to be an affiliated entity of a clearing member if the clearing member owns, directly or indirectly, at least 50% of the equity in such entity or if at least 50% of the equity of the clearing member and in such entity is, directly or indirectly, under common ownership.

<sup>7</sup> Securities Exchange Act Release No. 45946 (May 22, 2002), 67 FR 36056 [File No. SR-OCC-2001-

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 8}\, \rm The$  OCX Clearing Agreement is attached as Exhibit A to OCC's filing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A blackline version showing the differences between the NqLX Clearing Agreement and the OCX Clearing Agreement is attached as Exhibit A– 1 to OCC's filing. OCC has filed with the Commission an amended and restated version of the NqLX Clearing Agreement, which has been amended to provide that OCC will clear and settle commodity futures (specifically, broad-based index options) traded on NqLX.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This requirement enables OCC to police "the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its participants" required under Section 17A(b)(3)(D) of the Act.

<sup>11</sup> Attached as Exhibit B to OCC's filing.

Clearinghouse," states that CME may clear through its accounts at OCC only security futures traded on OCX. Second, Section 3, "Applicability of the Rules," makes clear that CME is bound only by certain OCC rules, which generally speaking are those that apply to OCC's clearance and settlement of security futures contracts and to OCC's right to suspend clearing members including an ACH with certain modifications set forth in the ACH Agreement. CME is not subject to OCC's by-laws and rules requiring deposits to OCC's clearing fund and requiring risk margin deposits. Likewise, under Section 6, "Risk Margin; Clearing Fund Contributions; Security Deposits," OCC is not required to contribute to CME's clearing fund or to post margin with CME.

Given that each clearing organization has credit exposure to the other, OCC and CME have determined that the cost of a mutual posting of collateral by each with the other would outweigh any benefits to be obtained. Although OCC is exposed to some uncollateralized credit risk with respect to CME (and vice versa), that risk is considered minimal because CME's clearinghouse division is a registered derivatives clearing organization subject to regulation and oversight by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is believed by OCC to be well run and highly creditworthy. Sections 3(c), "Applicability of the Rules," and 10, "Application of Chapter XI of the Rules," of the ACH Agreement provide that if CME fails to deliver securities or funds to OCC, breaches certain of its obligations under the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA") or the ACH Agreement, or is in such financial or operational difficulty that OCC believes suspension of CME as an ACH is required, OCC may without notice liquidate all positions in the CME ACH omnibus accounts regardless of whether any CME clearing member is in default to CME. OCC may then apply the proceeds from the CME Proprietary Account (described below) against all obligations of CME under the ACH Agreement and the proceeds from the CME Customer Account (described below) against all obligations in that account.

Where both sides of a matched trade are submitted to OCC for the accounts of regular OCC clearing members, CME will have no role in the transaction. Where one side of a matched trade is submitted for the account of a regular OCC clearing member and the other is submitted for the account of a CME clearing member, the CME member's transaction will clear in the ACH

account and CME as ACH will be the OCC clearing member on the trade. If both sides of a matched trade are cleared through CME, there will be no effect on the open interest on OCC's books, and OCC will have no obligation on the trade except to the limited extent described below in the case of delivery obligations on physically-settled stock futures. The rights and obligations of CME members with respect to security futures cleared through CME be determined under the rules of CME, but Section 4(a) of the ACH Agreement requires that CME's rules provide that the terms of security futures cleared by CME will be identical to the terms of security futures cleared by OCC and that any adjustments to the terms of outstanding contracts must be identical and take effect at the same time to ensure fungibility and maintain a balanced open interest at both clearing organizations.

Section 8, "Allocation of Clearing Responsibilities," of the ACH Agreement is consistent with the terms of OCC Rule 1303 as proposed to be amended in this filing. It is intended to permit the use of the ACH arrangements by CME members only to the extent that clearing through OCC directly might reasonably impose a hardship. An OCC clearing member that is or that has an affiliate that is a CME clearing member may clear through CME until one year after the commencement of security futures trading, at which point all trades of such entity must be cleared through OCC unless OCC consents to an extension of time. However, where a futures affiliate of an OCC clearing member is substantially larger than the clearing member, OCC has agreed to permit the affiliate to clear through CME indefinitely on the ground that where the principal business of the consolidated entities is a futures business it is inappropriate to compel all security futures clearing to be directed through the securities affiliate.12 A CME clearing member that is not an OCC clearing member and is not an affiliate of an OCC clearing member may clear its security futures trades through CME indefinitely. By generally requiring firms that are OCC clearing members or that have affiliates that are OCC clearing members to take the necessary steps to clear their security futures activity directly through the OCC clearing member, the ACH Agreement limits the mutual uncollateralized exposure between OCC and CME and minimizes the number of transactions that require coordinated

12 Proposed Interpretations and Policies .01 to

clearance and settlement by two clearing organizations. <sup>13</sup> For the same purpose of minimizing unnecessary use of the ACH arrangement, the OCX Clearing Agreement as noted above prohibits the ACH from soliciting its members to clear transactions through the ACH rather than through OCC.

In order to comply with the customer segregation rules under the CEA Section 9(a), "Maintenance of CME Accounts," of the ACH Agreement requires CME to have two accounts at OCC, one for proprietary positions and one for customer positions. Each will function as an omnibus account containing the positions and margin carried by CME members for whom CME acts as an ACH. The "CME Proprietary Account" will carry only transactions of persons whose accounts on the books of the carrying CME clearing member are "proprietary accounts" as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.3(y). The "CME Customer Account" will carry only transactions of customers of CME clearing members and will be subject to the customer protection provisions of the CFTC. In accordance with those provisions, Section 9(b) of the ACH Agreement provides that OCC will have a lien on the positions in the CME Customer Account as security for CME's obligations to OCC only with respect to positions and transactions in that account. In contrast, OCC will have a lien on and security interest in the positions in the CME Proprietary Account as security for all obligations of CME to OCC under the ACH Agreement.

As noted above, OCC has agreed in Section 4 of the ACH Agreement to perform a limited role in connection with delivery obligations of CME clearing members arising from physically-settled security futures in CME member accounts. CME will require each of its clearing members that trades physically-settled security futures to enter into arrangements satisfactory to OCC through which an OCC stock clearing member will agree to act on the CME clearing member's behalf for the purpose of settling through the facilities of National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC") or otherwise delivery obligations arising from maturing security futures contracts in its accounts at CME. Promptly following

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> In approving OCC's previous ACH arrangement with the Associate Clearing House Amsterdam, the Commission stated, "As a general matter, the Commission believes that OCC-issued options should be cleared through full OCC clearing members and not through intermediaries created only for clearing purposes." Securities Exchange Act Release No. 24832 (August 21, 1987), 52 FR 32377, n.16 (File No. SR–OCC–87–9).

the close of trading on the last trading day prior to maturity of any series of physically-settled security futures, CME will notify OCC of the identity of each OCC clearing member that will be obligated to receive or to deliver stock on behalf of CME members and the quantity of each underlying stock to be received or delivered. OCC will include these receive and deliver obligations with the other receive and deliver obligations of its clearing members in its reports to NSCC in accordance with OCC Rule 913. In the event that settlement is rejected by NSCC for any reason, settlement will be completed between the delivering and receiving OCC clearing members in accordance with OCC's rules, but CME will be responsible to OCC for any loss reasonably determined by OCC to have been incurred by it as a result of an OCC clearing member default in connection with settlements arising from security futures contracts in CME clearing member accounts. OCC will not require the delivering OCC clearing member or receiving OCC clearing member to deposit margin with OCC with respect to settlements attributable to security futures in CME clearing member accounts but will instead look to the credit of CME.

OCC believes that the proposed rule change, OCX Clearing Agreement, and ACH Agreement are consistent with the requirements of Section 17A of the Act because they promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in the clearance and settlement of securities transactions, remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a national system for the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, and in general, protect investors and the public interest.

(B) Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

OCC does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition.

(C) Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were not and are not intended to be solicited with respect to the proposed rule change, and none have been received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within thirty five days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to ninety days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

(a) By order approve the proposed rule change or

(b) Institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

## VI. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Section, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC 20549. Copies of such filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of OCC. All submissions should refer to the File No. SR-OCC-2002-07 and should be submitted by September

For the Commission by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority. 14

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-20855 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010-01-P

## 14 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

### DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 4098]

Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs; Notice: Grants/Grantsmanship Workshop

SUMMARY: The State Department's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs sponsors and administers a wide range of academic, professional and cultural exchange programs and activities promoting ties between the people of the United States and people from 140 countries around the world. In an effort to broaden the base of participation in its different programs and activities, the Bureau announces that it will be holding a grants/ grantsmanship workshop, inviting representatives from nongovernmental organizations and institutions to learn about the Bureau's different international exchange grant program opportunities. The Bureau is particularly interested in meeting representatives of organizations that have not previously participated in Bureau programs. The workshop will take place on September 26, 2002, from 1:30 pm to 4:30 pm in the Discovery Ballroom of the Holiday Inn, 550 C St., SW., Washington, DC.

## Additional Information

Interested organizations and institutions should contact David Levin at (202) 619–5386 or by e-mail at dlevin@pd.state.gov by September 23, 2002 to complete registration and reserve a place at the workshop.

Dated: August 12, 2002.

Patricia S. Harrison,

Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State. [FR Doc. 02–20858 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–05-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

Approval of Noise Compatibility Program: Lake Charles Regional Airport, Lake Charles, LA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces its findings on the noise compatibility program submitted by the Airport Authority Board of Calcasieu Parish (AABCP) under the provisions of Title 49, U.S.C., Chapter 475 and 14 CFR part 150. These findings are made in recognition of the description of Federal and nonfederal responsibilities in Senate Report No. 96–52 (1980). On February 5, 2002, the FAA determined that the noise exposure maps submitted by the AABCP under Part 150 were in compliance with applicable requirements. On August 2, 2002, the Administrator approved the noise compatibility program. All of the recommendations of the program were approved.

**EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective date of the FAA's approval of the Lake Charles Regional Airport noise compatibility program is August 2, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mike Saupp, Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas, 76137, (817) 222–5645. Documents reflecting this FAA action may be reviewed at this same location.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA has given its overall approval to the noise compatibility program for Lake Charles Regional Airport, effective August 2, 2002.

Under Title 49 U.S.C., section 47504 (hereinafter referred to as "Title 49"), an airport operator who has previously submitted a noise exposure map may submit to the FAA a noise compatibility program which sets forth the measures taken or proposed by the airport operator for the reduction of existing noncompatible land uses within the area covered by the noise exposure maps. Title 49 requires such programs to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties including local communities, government agencies, airport users, and FAA personnel

Each airport noise compatibility program developed in accordance with Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) part 150 is a local program, not a Federal Program. The FAA does not substitute its judgment for that of the airport proprietor with respect to which measures should be recommended for action. The FAA's approval or disapproval of FAR part 150 program recommendations is measured according to the standards expressed in part 150 and Title 49 is limited to the following determinations:

a. The noise compatibility program was developed in accordance with the provisions and procedures of FAR part

b. Program measures are reasonably consistent with achieving the goals of reducing existing noncompatible land uses around the airport and preventing the introduction of additional noncompatible land uses;

c. Program measures would not create an undue burden on interstate or foreign commerce,, unjustly discriminate against types or classes of aeronautical uses, violate the terms of airport grant agreements, or intrude into areas preempted by the Federal Government; and

d. Program measures relating to the use of flight procedures can be implemented within the period covered by the program without derogating safety, adversely affecting the efficient use and management of the navigable airspace and air traffic control systems, or adversely affecting other powers and responsibilities of the Administrator prescribed by law.

Specific limitations with respect to FAA's approval of an airport noise compatibility program are delineated in FAR part 150, § 150.5. Approval is not a determination concerning the acceptability of land uses under Federal, state, or local law. Approval does not by itself constitute an FAA implementing action. A request for Federal action or approval to implement specific noise compatibility measures may be required, and an FAA decision on the request may require an environmental assessment of the proposed action. Approval does not constitute a commitment by the FAA to financially assist in the implementation of the program nor determination that all measures covered by the program are eligible for grant-in-aid funding from the FAA. Where Federal funding is sought, requests for project grants must be submitted to the FAA Airports Division Office in Fort Worth, Texas.

The AABCP submitted to the FAA on September 10, 2001, the noise exposure maps, descriptions, and other determination produced during the noise compatibility planning study conducted from August 17, 1999 through September 10, 2001. The Lake Charles Regional Airport noise exposure maps were determined by FAA to be in compliance with applicable requirements on February 5, 2002. Notice of this determination was published in the Federal Register on March 5, 2002.

The Lake Charles Regional Airport study contains a proposed noise compatibility program comprised of actions designed for implementation by airport management and adjacent jurisdictions from the date of study completion to the year 2006. It was requested that the FAA evaluate and approve this material as a noise compatibility program as described in Title 49. The FAA began its review of

the program on February 5, 2002 and was required by a provision of the Act to approve or disapprove the program within 180 days (other than the use of new flight procedures for noise control). Failure to approve or disapprove such program within the 180-day period shall be deemed to be an approval of such

The submitted program contained six proposed actions for noise mitigation on and off the airport. The FAA completed its review and determined that the procedural and substantive requirements of Title 49 and FAR part 150 have been satisfied. The overall program, therefore, was approved by the Administrator effective August 2, 2002.

Outright approval was granted for all of the specific program elements. Approved elements development of a voluntary runway use procedure, continuation of noise abatement flight procedures, and zoning actions and requirements.

These determinations are set forth in detail in a Record of Approval endorsed by the Administrator on August 2, 2002. The Record of Approval, as well as other evaluation materials and the documents comprising the submittal, are available at the FAA office listed above and at the administrative offices of the AABCP.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, August 6, 2002.

Naomi L. Saunders, Manager, Airports Division.

[FR Doc. 02–20900 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

Noise Exposure Map Notice: Denver International Airport, Denver, CO

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces its determination that the noise exposure maps submitted by Denver International Airport (DEN) under the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 47503(a) and 14 CFR part 150 are in compliance with applicable requirements.

**EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective date of the FAA's determination on the Denver International Airport noise exposure maps is August 5, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Dennis Ossenkop, FAA, Airports
Division, ANM-611, 1601 Lind Avenue,
SW., Renton. Washington, 98055-4056.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA finds that the noise exposure maps for Denver International Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements of part 150, effective August 5, 2002.

Under 49 U.S.C. 47503(a), an airport operator may submit to the FAA a noise exposure map that meets applicable regulations and which depicts noncompatible land uses as of the date of submission of such maps, a description of projected aircraft operations, and the ways in which such operations will affect such maps. 49 U.S.C. 47503(a)(1) requires such maps to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties in the local community, government agencies and persons using

the airport.

An airport operator who has submitted a noise exposure map that has been found by FAA to be in compliance with the requirements of Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) part 150, promulgated pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 47503(a), may submit a noise compatibility program for FAA approval which sets forth the measures the operator has taken or proposes for the reduction of existing non-compatible uses and for the prevention of the introduction of additional noncompatible uses. The FAA has completed its review of the noise exposure maps and related descriptions submitted by DEN. The specific maps under consideration are Figures 5-1 and 5-2 in the submission. The FAA has determined that these maps for Denver International Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements. This determination is effective on August 5, 2002. FAA's determination on an airport operator's noise exposure maps is limited to the determination that the maps were developed in accordance with the procedures contained in Appendix A of FAR part 150. Such determination does not constitute approval of the applicant's data, information or plans, or a commitment to approve a noise compatibility program or to fund the implementation of that program.

If questions arise concerning the precise relationship of specific properties to noise exposure contours depicted on noise exposure maps submitted under 49 U.S.C. 47503, it should be noted that the FAA is not involved in any way in determining the relative locations of specific properties with regard to the depicted noise contours, or in interpreting the noise exposure maps to resolve questions concerning, for example, which properties should be covered by the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 47507. These

functions are inseparable from the ultimate land use control and planning responsibilities of local government. These local responsibilities are not changed in any way under part 150 or through FAA's review of noise exposure maps. Therefore, the responsibility for the detailed overlaying of noise exposure contours onto the maps depicting properties on the surface rests exclusively with the airport operator which submitted those maps, or with those public agencies and planning agencies with which consultation is required under 49 U.S.C. 47503(a)(1). The FAA has relied on the certification by the airport operator, under section 150.21 of the FAR part 150, that the statutorily required consultation has been accomplished.

Copies of the noise exposure maps and of the FAA's evaluation of the maps are available for examination at the

following locations:

Federal Aviation Administration, Independence Avenue, SW., Room 615, Washington, DC.

Federal Aviation Administration, Airports Division, ANM-600, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington, 98055-4056.

Denver Airports District Office, 26805 E. 68th Ave., Suite 224, Denver, CO 80249–6361.

Denver International Airport, Airport Office Building, 8500 Pena Boulevard, Denver, Colorado.

Questions may be directed to the individual named above under the heading, FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

Issued in Renton, Washington, August 5, 2002.

#### Lowell H. Johnson,

Manager, Airports Division, ANM-600, Northwest Mountain Region. [FR Doc. 02–20899 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### Planned Modification of the Houston Class B Airspace Area; TX

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of public meetings.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the rescheduling of three fact-finding informal airspace meetings to solicit information from airspace users, and others, concerning a plan to modify the Class B airspace area at the George Bush Intercontinental Airport/Houston, TX. The purpose of these meetings is to

provide interested parties an opportunity to present views, recommendations, and comments on the plan to modify the Houston, TX, Class B airspace area. All comments received during these meetings will be considered prior to any revision or issuance of a notice of proposed 'rulemaking.

TIMES AND DATES: Meetings. These informal airspace meetings will be rescheduled to Tuesday, October 15, 2002, at 6 pm–9 pm; Wednesday, October 16, 2002, at 6 pm–9 pm; and Tuesday, October 22, 2002, at 6 pm–9 p.m. Comments must be received on or before November 26, 2002.

ADDRESSES: On October 15, 2002, the meeting will be held at Fletcher Aviation, at the William P. Hobby Airport, 9000 Randolph, Houston, TX 77061. The October 16, 2002, meeting will be held at the Academic Room 126 at the North Harris College, 2700 W.W. Thorne Drive, Houston, TX 77073. The October 22, 2002, meeting will be held in the Terminal Building at the West Houston Airport, 18000 Groschke, Houston, TX 77094.

COMMENTS: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Manager, Air Traffic Division, ASW-500, Federal Aviation Administration, Southwest Region Headquarters, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Fort Worth, TX 76137-4298.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Caroline Carey, Houston ATCT, George Bush Intercontinental Airport/Houston, 2700 West Terminal Rd., Houston, TX 77032; telephone (281) 209–8603.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Meeting Procedures**

(a) These meetings will be informal in nature and will be conducted by one or more representatives of the FAA Southwest Region. A representative from the FAA will present a formal briefing on the planned Class B airspace area modification. Each participant will be given an opportunity to deliver comments or make a presentation at the meetings. Only comments concerning the proposal to modify the Class B airspace area will be accepted.

(b) These meetings will be open to all persons on a space-available basis. There will be no admission fee or other charge to attend and participate.

(c) Any person wishing to make a presentation to the FAA panel will be asked to sign in and estimate the amount of time needed for such presentation. This will permit the panel to allocate an appropriate amount of time for each presenter.

(d) These meetings will not be adjourned until everyone on the list has had an opportunity to address the panel.

(e) Position papers or other handout material relating to the substance of these meetings will be accepted. Participants wishing to submit handout material should present three copies to the presiding officer. There should be additional copies of each handout available for other attendees.

(f) These meetings will not be formally recorded.

#### Agenda for the Meetings

 Opening Remarks and Presentation of Meeting Procedures.

—Briefing on Background for the Planned Modification of the Class B Airspace Area at the George Bush Intercontinental Airport/Houston, TX.

-Public Presentations and Discussions.

-Closing Comments.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 12, 2002.

Reginald C. Matthews,

Manager, Airspace and Rules Division. [FR Doc. 02–20884 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

[Summary Notice No. PE-2002-50]

## Petitions for Exemption; Summary of Petitions Received

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of petition for exemption received.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to FAA's rulemaking provisions governing the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for exemption, part 11 of Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR), this notice contains a summary of a certain petition seeking relief from specified requirements of 14 CFR. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of, and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition.

**DATES:** Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before September 5, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the petition to the Docket Management System, U.S. Department of Transportation, Room Plaza 401, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC

20590–0001. You must identify the docket number FAA–2002–12894 at the beginning of your comments. If you wish to receive confirmation that the FAA received your comments, include a self-addressed, stamped postcard.

You may also submit comments through the Internet to http://dms.dot.gov. You may review the public docket containing the petition, any comments received, and any final disposition in person in the Dockets Office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Dockets Office (telephone 1–800–647–5527) is on the plaza level of the NASSIF Building at the Department of Transportation at the above address. Also, you may review public dockets on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Susan Boylon (425–227–1152), Transport Airplane Directorate (ANM– 113), Federal Aviation Administration, 1601 Lind Ave SW., Renton, WA 98055–4056; or Vanessa Wilkins (202– 267–8029), Office of Rulemaking (ARM– 1), Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591.

This notice is published pursuant to 14 CFR 11.85 and 11.91.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 13, 2002.

#### Donald P. Byrne,

Assistant Chief Counsel for Regulations.

#### **Petitions for Exemption**

Docket No.: FAA-2002-12894.
Petitioner: Lockheed Martin.
Section of 14 CFR Affected: SFAR 88.
Description of Relief Sought: To
permit five Lockheed Model DC-9-30
(C9-B) military airplanes to operate
until June 2003 without meeting the
requirements of SFAR-88.

[FR Doc. 02-20885 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

[Summary Notice No. PE-2002-51]

## Petitions for Exemption; Summary of Petitions Received

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of petition for exemption received.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to FAA's rulemaking provisions governing the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for exemption, part 11 of Title 14, Code

of Federal Regulations (14 CFR), this notice contains a summary of a certain petition seeking relief from specified requirements of 14 CFR. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of, and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition.

**DATES:** Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before September 5, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the petition to the Docket Management System, U.S. Department of Transportation, Room Plaza 401, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001. You must identify the docket number FAA–2002–12904 at the beginning of your comments. If you wish to receive confirmation that the FAA received your comments, include a self-addressed, stamped postcard.

You may also submit comments through the Internet to http://dms.dot.gov. You may review the public docket containing the petition, any comments received, and any final disposition in person in the Dockets Office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Dockets Office (telephone 1–800–647–5527) is on the plaza level of the NASSIF Building at the Department of Transportation at the above address. Also, you may review public dockets on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Annette Kovite (425–227–1262), Transport Airplane Directorate (ANM– 113), Federal Aviation Administration, 1601 Lind Ave. SW., Renton, WA 98055–4056; or Vanessa Wilkins (202– 267–8029), Office of Rulemaking (ARM– 1), Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591.

This notice is published pursuant to 14 CFR 11.85 and 11.91.

Dated: Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 13, 2002.

#### Donald P. Byrne,

Assistant Chief Counsel for Regulations.

#### **Petitions for Exemption**

Docket No.: FAA-2002-12904.
Petitioner: Gulfstream Aerospace
Corporation.

Section of 14 CFR Affected: 14 CFR

25.813(e).

Description of Relief Sought: To permit the installation of pocket doors between passenger compartments in the Gulfstream Aerospace Model GV–SP airplane.

[FR Doc. 02–20886 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

Policy Statement No. ANM-02-115-15; Certification of Passenger Seat Armrests

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed policy; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces the availability of proposed policy that clarifies current FAA policy with respect to certification of passenger seat armrests.

**DATES:** Send your comments on or before September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Address your comments to the individual identified under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jayson Claar, Federal Aviation Administration, Transport Airplane Directorate, Transport Standards Staff, Airframe and Cabin Safety Branch, ANM-115, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2194; fax (425) 227-1320; e-mail: jayson.claar@faa.gov.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Comments Invited**

The proposed policy is available on the Internet at the following address: http://www.faa.gov/certification/aircraft/anminfo/devpaper.cfm. If you do not have access to the Internet, you can obtain a copy of the policy statement by contacting the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

The FAA invites your comments on this proposed policy. We will accept your comments, data, views, or arguments by letter, fax, or e-mail. Send your comments to the person indicated in FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. Mark your comments, "Comments to Policy Statement ANM—02—115—15."

Use the following format when preparing your comments:

Organize your comments issue-byissue.

• For each issue, state what specific change you are requesting to the proposed policy.

• Include justification, reasons, or data for each change you are requesting.

We also welcome comments in support of the proposed policy.

We will consider all communications received on or before the closing date for comments. We may change the proposed policy because of the comments received.

### Background

The proposed policy provides additional guidance with respect to compliance with § 25.785(d), Amendment, 25–88, for transport category airplane passenger seat armrests, and is specifically aimed at documenting an alternative to current policy and guidance for demonstrating compliance with that section for seat armrests which may be struck by persons seated behind them.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on July 29, 2002.

#### Vi L. Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 02–20898 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Discretionary Cooperative Agreement To Advance Occupant Protection Technology in Passenger Vehicles

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, DOT.

Action: Announcement of Discretionary Cooperative Agreement to Advance Occupant Protection Technology in Passenger Vehicles.

SUMMARY: The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) announces a discretionary cooperative agreement to advance occupant protection technology in passenger vehicles. NHTSA solicits applications from for-profit organizations (small or large), non-profit organization and educational institutions. One of NHTSA's objectives is to develop and evaluate new technologies and methodologies, which have the potential for improving the crashworthiness of passenger vehicles and protecting their occupants. NHTSA seeks to establish a collaborative research effort with a qualified research organization to meet the above objective.

**DATES:** Applications must be received at the office designated below by 3 p.m. on or before September 16, 2002.

**ADDRESSES:** Applications must be submitted to the National Highway

Traffic Safety Administration, Office of Contracts and Procurement (NAD-30), ATTN.: Henrietta R. Mosley, 400 Seventh Street SW., Room 5301, Washington, DC 20590. All applications submitted must include a reference to NHTSA Cooperative Agreement Number DTNH22-R-01-2-07292.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: General administrative questions may be directed to Henrietta R. Mosley, Office of Contracts and Procurement. All questions and requests for copies may be directed by e-mail at hmosley@nhtsa.dot.gov or by telephone at (202) 366-9570. Programmatic questions should be directed to Mr. Ron Pack, Crashworthiness Research, NHTSA, Room 6226 (NRD-11), 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590, (202) 366-4697. Interested applicants are advised that no separate application package exists beyond the contents of this announcement.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Statement of Work

Background

Each year in the United States, more than 40,000 deaths and millions of injuries occur as the direct result of motor vehicle traffic crashes. As part of its mission to alleviate this toll, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration vigorously conducts an extensive research program to develop and evaluate new technologies and methodologies, which have the potential for improving the crashworthiness of passenger vehicles and protecting their occupants. NHTSA is conducting crashworthiness research to develop new or enhanced injury countermeasures.

## Objective and Purpose

The proposed cooperative research agreement program seeks to establish collaborative research efforts between NHTSA and a qualified research organization to study advanced methodologies for occupant protection in passenger vehicle crashes. The collaboration will include problem definition, sharing of scientific and technical data, joint research and the development of new methodologies and technologies for occupant crash protection. Research areas could include, but are not limited to, the following:

- —Advanced frontal occupant restraints.
- —Advanced air bag inflator and/or air bag inflation methodologies.
- Adaptive air bag systems to tailor bag deployment over the expected range of crash severities, occupant sizes,

occupant ages, occupant positioning, etc.

—Advanced occupant seating systems.—Ejection mitigation technologies.

 Intrusion resistance countermeasures.
 Coupling of air bag inflation with anticipatory crash sensing

technologies. –Improved vehicle crash sensing

methodologies

 Integration of the above in production/near production vehicles to show feasibility and evaluate performance.

The above list of potential programs constitutes only a sampling of the potential research areas. Applicants are also encouraged to suggest other areas that are believed to provide the potential for practical improvement over current occupant crash protection and are most amenable to the special skills and experience of the applicant.

The program shall include a maximum of three phases including the following: (1) Preliminary studies identifying the system performance improvement desired, an estimate of additional production costs related to the improvement, the benefits to be appreciated from such improvement, and the approximate magnitude of national injuries and fatalities now occurring due to the absence of the improvement. (2) Prototype development and establishment of reliable production costs. (3) Prototype demonstration. The duration of each phase will vary according to current state-of-the-art, and in some instances, may be overlapped.

#### **NHTSA Involvement**

NHTSA will be involved in all activities undertaken as part of the cooperative agreement program and will:

1. Provide one professional staff person to be designated as the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), to participate in the planning and management of the cooperative agreement and coordinate activities between the cooperative agreement participant organization and the NHTSA.

2. Make available information and technical assistance from government sources, within available resources and as determined appropriate by the COTR.

3. Provide liaison with other government agencies and organizations, as appropriate.

4. Stimulate the exchange of ideas, problems, and solutions among cooperative agreement recipients who agree to such sharing, and if appropriate, NHTSA contractors and other interested parties; and

5. Share nonproprietary information developed at Government expense with the scientific and industrial community.

Number of Cooperative Agreements, Award Amounts and Period of Support

Depending on the merits of the applications received, NHTSA anticipates awarding multiple cooperative agreements for a base period of twelve (12) months with three (3) one (1) year option periods. Offerors should clearly identify the timeline for their proposed effort. It is anticipated that individual award amounts shall range from \$25,000 to \$150,00 (not to exceed \$150,000) per twelve (12) month period. Upon completion of the base period, NHTSA may choose to extend the period of performance under this agreement for the three (3) additional twelve (12) month periods, subject to availability of funds and satisfactory progress. Funds allocated for these cooperative agreements are not intended to cover all of the costs that will be incurred in completing the project. Applicants should demonstrate a commitment of financial or in-kind resources to support the proposed project.

## Eligibility Requirements

In order to be eligible to participate in this cooperative agreement program, an applicant must be a for-profit organization (small or large), a non-profit organization, or an educational institution. Consortiums of organizations from any of the above categories may apply. Regardless of the type of organization applying for Federal assistance, no fee or profit will be allowed.

### Application Procedure

Each applicant must submit one original and three copies of its application package to: DOT/National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Office of Contracts and Procurement (NAD-30), ATTN: Henrietta R. Mosley, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room 5301, Washington, DC 20590. An additional three copies will facilitate the review process, but are not required. Applications are due no later than 30 days after the appearance of the announcement in the Federal Register. The applicant shall specifically identify any information in the application, which is to be treated as proprietary, in accordance with the procedures of 49 CFR 512, Confidential Business Information. Applications must include a reference to NHTSA Cooperative Agreement Number DTNH22-02-R-07292. The proposal shall not exceed 35 pages, not including budget proposal,

letters of endorsement or support, and resumes. Only complete application packages received on or before 4 p.m. on September 16, 2002 will be considered.

### **Application Contents**

1. The application package must be submitted with OMB Standard Form 424 (REV. 7-97), including 424A and 424B), Application for Federal Assistance, with the required information filled in and assurances signed (SF 424B). The OMB Standard Forms SF-424, SF-424A, and SF424B may be downloaded directly from the OMB Internet Web site: http:// www.whitehouse.gov/OMB/grants/ index.html. While the Form 424-A deals with budget information, and Section B identifies Budget Categories, the available space does not permit a level of detail, which is sufficient to provide for a meaningful evaluation of the proposed costs. A supplemental sheet should be provided which presents a detailed breakdown of the proposed costs (direct labor, including labor categories, level of effort and rate; direct material, including itemized equipment; travel and transportation, including projected trips and number of people traveling; subcontracts with similar cost detail, if known; and overhead costs) as well as any costs which the applicant proposes to contribute in support of this effort. The budget should detail costs for each year of the proposed project. Applicants shall assume that awards will be made by September 30, 2002 and shall prepare their applications accordingly.

2. The application shall include a program narrative statement, which addresses the following:

a. A description of the research to be pursued which addresses:

a. The objectives, goals, and anticipated outcomes of the proposed research effort;

b. The method or methods that will be used;

c. The source of crash and injury statistics to be used;

d. The vehicle occupant protection population and crash modes to be addressed;

b. Organizational plan detailing a plan of action on how the proposed work will be accomplished. The plan should include a time line of projected activities and milestones. The proposed program director and other key personnel should be identified, including a description of their qualifications and their organizational responsibilities.

c. A description of the facilities and equipment currently available or to be

obtained for use in the conduct of the proposed research and development effort.

d. A description of the applicant's previous experience or on-going research program that is related to this

proposed research effort.

e. A detailed schedule and budget for the proposed research effort, including any cost-sharing contribution proposed by the applicant as well as any additional financial commitments made by other sources.

f. A statement of any technical assistance, which the applicant may require of NHTSA in order to successfully complete the proposed

program.

### Application Review Process and Evaluation Criteria

Initially, all applications will be screened to ensure that they meet the eligibility requirements and to ensure that applications contain all information required by the Application Contents Section of this Notice. An Evaluation committee will then evaluate each complete application from an eligible recipient. The applications will be evaluated using the following criteria:

1. Understanding the Problem (30%). The applicant's understanding of the purpose and unique problems represented by the research objectives of this cooperative agreement program as evidenced in the description of their proposed research and development effort. Specific attention shall be placed upon the applicant's stated proposed development and demonstration effort.

2. Technical Merit (30%). The potential of the proposed research effort accomplishments to make a timely and an innovative and/or significant contribution to occupant protection technology knowledge as it may be applied to saving lives and reducing injuries resulting from motor vehicle crashes. The technical merit of the proposed research effort will include the feasibility of the approach, practicability, planned methodology, and anticipated results.

3. Financial Merit (20%). Financial merit will be estimated by the cost of the cooperative agreement to be borne by NHTSA and the in-kind contribution provided by the applicant as compared

to the anticipated benefits to vehicle crash occupants.

4. Facilities and Equipment (10%). The adequacy of facilities and equipment identified to accomplish the proposed research.

5. Program Staff (10%). The adequacy of the organizational plan for accomplishing the proposed research effort, including the qualifications and experience of the research team, the various disciplines represented, and the relative level of effort proposed for professional, technical, and support staff.

#### Terms and Conditions of the Award

1. Prior to award, the recipient must comply with the certification requirements of 49 CFR part 29-Department of Transportation Government-wide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Government-wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants). The protection of the rights and welfare of human subjects in NHTSA-sponsored experiments is governed by 49 CFR part 11. Any recipient proposing the use of human subjects must satisfy the requirements of 49 CFR part 11 prior to award of the cooperative agreement. The cooperative agreements will include the provisions of Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) part 52 contract clause 52.227-11 Patent Rights Retention by the Contractor (short form). 2. Reporting Requirements

## a. Written Research Reports

The recipient shall submit research reports every two months suitable for public dissemination which shall be due 15 days after the reporting period, and a final research report within 45 days after completion of the research effort. An original and three copies of each of these research reports shall be submitted to the COTR.

#### b. Oral Briefings

The recipient shall conduct semiannual oral presentations of research results for the COTR and other interested NHTSA personnel. These presentations will be conducted at the NHTSA Office of Vehicle Safety Research, Washington DC. An original and three copies shall be submitted to the COTR.

#### c. Data Reports

Dynamic and other data measured in research, development, and prototype evaluation and demonstration tests will be provided by the recipient within 3 weeks after the data is obtained, in the format of a data package as described below. The recipient may be relieved of the data package report requirement for certain activities by agreement from the COTR.

A data package consists of high speed film, paper test report, and magnetic tape complying with NHTSA Data Tape Reference Guide. The NHTSA's Crashworthiness Division maintains a Vehicle Crash Test and a Component Data Base, which it provides upon request to the public, including educational institutions and other research organizations.

To facilitate the input of data as well as the exchange of information, the recipient must provide the magnetic tape in the format specified in the "NHTSA Data Tape Reference Guide". A copy of this document may be obtained from the programmatic information contact or on the NHTSA Web site: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov.

3. During the effective performance period of the Cooperative Agreements awarded as a result of this announcement, the agreements shall be subject to NHTSA's General Provisions for Assistance Agreements; the cost principles of OMB Circular A–21, A–122, or FAR 31.2, as applicable to the recipient, and the requirements of 49 CFR part 29. Each agreement with a non-profit organization or an educational institution shall also be subject to the general administrative requirements of 49 CFR part 19.

An electronic copy of this document may be downloaded by accessing the **Federal Register** home page at http://www.nara.gov/nara/fedreg and the Government Printing Office database at http://www.acess.gpo.gov/su\_docs.

Issued on: August 9, 2002.

#### Joseph N. Kanianthra,

Director of Office of Vehicle Safety Research. [FR Doc. 02–20882 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

## Corrections

Federal Register

Vol. 67, No. 159

Friday, August 16, 2002

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains editorial corrections of previously published Presidential, Rule, Proposed Rule, and Notice documents. These corrections are prepared by the Office of the Federal Register. Agency prepared corrections are issued as signed documents and appear in the appropriate document categories elsewhere in the issue.

On page 52092, in the first column, under the **DATES** section, in the fourth line, "October 8, 2002" should read "October 7, 2002".

[FR Doc. C2-20146 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

2. On page 50613, in the second column, in footnote 1, in the seventh line, "dBa" should read "dBA".

[FR Doc. C2-19691 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services** 

42 CFR Parts 405, 410 and 419

[CMS-1206-P]

RIN 0938-AL19

Medicare Program; Changes to the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and Calendar Year 2003 Payment Rates; and Changes to Payment Suspension for Unfiled Cost Reports

Correction

In proposed rule document 02–20146 beginning on page 52092 in the issue of Friday, August 9, 2002, make the following correction:

## **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

29 CFR Part 1926

[Docket No. H-011G]

RIN No. 1218-AB89

Hearing Conservation Program for Construction Workers

Correction

In proposed rule document 02–19691 beginning on page 50610 in the issue of Monday, August 5, 2002 make the following corrections:

1. On page 50612, in the second column, in Table 1., in the third column, the heading "Excess organization Risk (%) 3" should read "Excess Risk (%) 3".

### **DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[REG-124256-02]

RIN 1545-BA82

Earnings Calculation for Returned or Recharacterized IRA Contributions

Correction

In proposed rule document 02–18452 beginning on page 48067 in the issue of Tuesday, July 23, 2002, make the following correction:

§1.408 A-5 [Corrected]

On page 48070, in  $\S$  1.408A-5, A-2(c)(6), in the second column, in *Example 1*, in the second paragraph, in the fifth line, "( $\S$ 225,000+ $\S$ 240,000)" should read "( $\S$ 225,000- $\S$ 240,000)".

[FR Doc. C2-18452 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505-01-D



Friday, August 16, 2002

Part II

# Department of Housing and Urban Development

Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless; Notice

## DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4730-N-33]

## Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for possible use to assist the homeless.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mark Johnston, room 7266, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW, Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 708–1234; TTY number for the hearing- and speechimpaired (202) 708–2565 (these telephone numbers are not toll-free), or call the toll-free Title V information line at 1–800–927–7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In

accordance with 24 CFR part 581 and section 501 of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411), as amended, HUD is publishing this Notice to identify Federal buildings and other real property that HUD has reviewed for suitability for use to assist the homeless. The properties were reviewed using information provided to HUD by Federal landholding agencies regarding unutilized and underutilized buildings and real property controlled by such agencies or by GSA regarding its inventory of excess or surplus Federal property. This Notice is also published in order to comply with the December 12, 1988 Court Order in National Coalition for the Homeless v. Veterans Administration, No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.).

Properties reviewed are listed in this Notice according to the following categories: Suitable/available, suitable/ unavailable, suitable/to be excess, and unsuitable. The properties listed in the three suitable categories have been reviewed by the landholding agencies, and each agency has transmitted to HUD: (1) Its intention to make the property available for use to assist the homeless, (2) its intention to declare the property excess to the agency's needs, or (3) a statement of the reasons that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use as facilities to assist the homeless.

Properties listed as suitable/available will be available exclusively for homeless use for a period of 60 days from the date of this Notice. Where property is described as for "off-site use only" recipients of the property will be required to relocate the building to their own site at their own expense. Homeless assistance providers interested in any such property should send a written expression of interest to HHS, addressed to Brian Rooney, Division of Property Management, Program Support Center, HHS, room 5B-41, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857; (301) 443-2265. (This is not a toll-free number.) HHS will mail to the interested provider an application packet, which will include instructions for completing the application. In order to maximize the opportunity to utilize a suitable property, providers should submit their written expressions of interest as soon as possible. For complete details concerning the processing of applications, the reader is encouraged to refer to the interim rule governing this program, 24 CFR part

For properties listed as suitable/to be excess, that property may, if subsequently accepted as excess by GSA, be made available for use by the homeless in accordance with applicable law, subject to screening for other Federal use. At the appropriate time, HUD will publish the property in a Notice showing it as either suitable/available or suitable/unavailable.

For properties listed as suitable/ unavailable, the landholding agency has decided that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use to assist the homeless, and the property will not be available.

Properties listed as unsuitable will not be made available for any other purpose for 20 days from the date of this Notice. Homeless assistance providers interested in a review by HUD of the determination of unsuitability should call the toll free information line at 1-800-927-7588 for detailed instructions or write a letter to Mark Johnston at the address listed at the beginning of this Notice. Included in the request for review should be the property address (including zip code), the date of publication in the Federal Register, the landholding agency, and the property number.

For more information regarding particular properties identified in this Notice (i.e., acreage, floor plan, existing sanitary facilities, exact street address), providers should contact the appropriate landholding agencies at the following addresses: ARMY: Ms. Julie Jones-Conte, Headquarters, Department of the Army, Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management, Attn: DAIM-MD, Room 1E677, 600 Army Pentagon,

Washington, DC 20310–0600; (703) 692–9223; (These are not toll-free numbers).

Dated: August 8, 2002.

John D. Garrity,

Director, Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs.

#### Title V, Federal Surplus Property Program Federal Register Report for 8/ 16/02

#### Suitable/Available Properties

Buildings (by State)

Alabama

Arabana
Bldg. 60113
Shell Army Heliport
Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362–5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199520156
Status: Unutilized
Comment: 4000 sq. ft., 1-story, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

#### Alaska

Bldgs. 09100, 09104–09106
Fort Richardson
Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020158
Status: Unutilized
Comment: various sq. ft., concrete, most
recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.
5 Bldgs.
Fort Richardson 09108, 09110–09112, 09114
Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020159
Status: Unutilized
Comment: various sq. ft., concrete, most
recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 09128, 09129
Fort Richardson
Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020160
Status: Unutilized
Comment: various sq. ft., concrete, most
recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.
Bldgs. 09151, 09155, 09156

Bldgs. 09151, 09155, 09156
Fort Richardson
Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020161
Status: Unutilized
Comment: various sq. ft., concrete, most
recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 09158
Fort Richardson
Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020162
Status: Unutilized
Comment: 672 sq. ft., most recent use—
storage shed, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 09160–09162 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020163 Status: Unutilized Comment: 11,520 sq. ft., concrete, most

Comment: 11,520 sq. ft., concrete, most recent use—NCO-ENL FH, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 09164, 09165 Fort Richardson

Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020164

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2304 & 2880 sq. ft., most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 10100 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505–6500 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020165

Status: Unutilized
Comment: 4688 sq. ft., concrete, most recent
use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 00390 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030067

Status: Excess

Comment: 13,632 sq. ft., off-site use only. Bldgs. 01200, 01202 Fort Richardson

Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030068

Status: Excess

Comment: 4508 & 6366 sq. ft., most recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01204 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030069 Status: Excess

Comment: 5578 sq. ft., most recent use-VOQ transient, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 01205-01207 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030070 Status: Excess

Comment: various sq. ft., most recent usehazard bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 01208, 01210, 01212 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030071

Status: Excess

Bldgs. 01213, 01214

Comment: various sq ft., most recent use—hazard bldg., off-site use only.

Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030072

Status: Excess Comment: 11,964 & 13,740 sq. ft., most recent use-transient UPH, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 01218, 01230 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030073 Status: Excess Comment: 480 & 188 sq. ft., most recent use-hazard bldgs., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 01231, 01232 Fort Richardson

Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030074

Status: Excess

Comment: 458 & 4260 sq. ft., most recent use-hazard bldgs., off-site use only.

Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030075 Status: Excess

Comment: 615 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01237 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030076 Status: Excess

Comment: 408 sq. ft., most recent use—fuel/ pol bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01272 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030077 Status: Excess

Comment: 308 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 08109 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030080 Status: Excess

Comment: 1920 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 21001 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030081 Status: Excess

Comment: 3200 sq. ft., most recent use—family housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. 22001 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030082 Status: Excess

Comment: 1448 sq. ft., most recent usefamily housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. 22002 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030083

Status: Excess Comment: 1508 sq. ft., most recent usefamily housing, off-site use only.

NG Noorvik Noorvik Co: AK 99763-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110075 Status: Unutilized Comment: 1200 sq. ft., most recent use—armory, off-site use only.

Bldg. 00229 Fort Richardson Ft. Richardson Co: AK 99505-6500 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120085

Status: Excess

Comment: 13,056 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Bldg. 30012, Fort Huachuca Sierra Vista Co: Cochise AZ 85635-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199310298 Status: Excess

Comment: 237 sq. ft., 1-story block, most recent use-storage

Bldg. S–306 Yuma Proving Ground Yuma Co: Yuma/La Paz AZ 85365–9104 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199420346 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4103 sq. ft., 2-story, needs major rehab, off-site use only.

Bldg. 503, Yuma Proving Ground Yuma Co: Yuma AZ 85365-9104 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199520073 Status: Underutilized

Comment: 3789 sq. ft., 2-story, major structural changes required to meet floor loading & fire code requirements, presence of asbestos, off-site use only.

2 Bldgs. Fort Huachuca Sierra Vista Co: Cochise AZ 85635– Location: 15542, 15546 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010082

Status: Unutilized Comment: 552 & 400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent userestrooms, off-site use only.

Fort Huachuca Sierra Vista Co: Cochise AZ 85635-Location: 15544, 15552 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010083 Status: Unutilized

2 Bldgs.

Comment: 9713 & 2895 sq. ft., presence of

asbestos/lead paint, most recent useclassrooms, off-site use only. Bldg. 15543

Fort Huachuca Sierra Vista Co: Cochise AZ 85635-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010084 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 416 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-rec. shelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. 76910 Fort Huachuca Sierra Vista Co: Cochise AZ 85635-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110077 Status: Excess Comment: 2001 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/

lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use only.

California Bldg. 341 Presidio of Monterey Monterey Co: CA 93944-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910094 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 371 sq ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—office, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 204–207, 517 Presidio of Monterey Monterey Co: CA 93944–5006 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020167 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4780 & 10950 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—

classroom/admin/storage, off-site use only. Bldgs, 18026, 18028

Monterey Co: CA 93451–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130081

Status: Excess

Camp Roberts

Comment: 2024 sq. ft. & 487 sq. ft., concrete, poor condition, off-site use only.

#### Colorado

Bldg. F-107 Fort Carson

Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130082

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10,126 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T–108 Fort Carson Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130083

Status: Unutilized Comment: 9000 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T–209 Fort Carson Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130084 Status: Unutilized Comment:

400 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—maint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. T–217
Fort Carson
Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130085
Status: Unutilized
Comment: 9000 sq. ft., poor condition,

Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913-

Comment: 9000 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.

Bldg. T–218
Fort Carson

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130086 Status: Unutilized Comment: 9000 sq. ft.. poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.

Bldg. T–220 Fort Carson Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130087

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 690 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—heat plant, off-site use only.

Bldg. T–6001 Fort Carson Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130088 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4372 sq. ft., poor condition, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—vet clinic, off-site use only.

#### Georgia

Fort Benning
Fort Benning
Fort Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011704
Status: Unutilized
Comment: 4574 sq. ft.; most recent use—
clinic; needs substantial rehabilitation; 1

Bldg. 1252, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220694

Status: Unutilized Comment: 583 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—storehouse, needs major rehab, offsite removal only.

Bldg. 4881, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220707 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2449 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—storehouse, need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4963, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220710 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6077 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—storehouse, need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 2396, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220712

Status: Unutilized Comment: 9786 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—dining facility, needs major rehab, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4882, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220727

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6077 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—storage, need repairs, off-site removal only.

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220728

Status: Unutilized Comment: 6077 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—storage, need repairs, off-site removal only:

Bldg. 4977, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220736 Status: Unutilized use—offices, need repairs, off-site removal only. Bldg. 4944, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220747 Status: Unutilized Comment: 6400 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—vehicle maintenance shop, need

Comment: 192 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent

use—vehicle maintenance shop, need repairs, off-site removal only. Bldg. 4960, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905—

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220752

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3335 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—vehicle maintenance shop, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4969, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220753 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8416 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—vehicle maintenance shop, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4884, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220762

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2000 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—headquarters bldg., need repairs, off-

site removal only.
Bldg. 4964, Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220763
Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2000 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—headquarters bldg., need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4966, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220764 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2000 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—headquarters bldg., need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4965, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220769 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7713 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—supply bldg., need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4945, Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220779
Status: Unutilized

Comment: 220 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—gas station, needs major rehab, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4979, Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220780

Status: Unutilized Comment: 400 sq. ft., 1 story, most recent use—oil house, need repairs, off-site removal only.

Bldg. 4023, Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199310461

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2269 sq. ft., 1-story, needs rehab, most recent use-maintenance shop, offsite use only.

Bldg. 4024, Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199310462

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3281 sq. ft., 1-story, needs rehab, most recent use-maintenance shop, offsite use only.

Bldg. 11813 Fort Gordon

Fort Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199410269

Status: Unutilized Comment: 70 sq. ft.; 1 story; metal; needs rehab.; most recent use-storage; off-site use only.

Bldg. 21314 Fort Gordon

Fort Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199410270

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 85 sq. ft.; 1 story; needs rehab.; most recent use-storage; off-site use only.

Bldg. 12809 Fort Gordon

Fort Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199410272

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2788 sq. ft.; 1 story; wood; needs rehab.; most recent use-maintenance shop; off-site use only.

Bldg. 10306

Fort Gordon Fort Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199410273

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 195 sq. ft.; 1 story; wood; most recent use-oil storage shed; off-site use

Bldg 4051, Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199520175 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 967 sq. ft., 1-story, needs rehab, most recent use-storage, off-site use only. Bldg. 322

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199720156 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9600 sq. ft., needs rehab, most -admin., off-site use only. recent use-

Bldg. 1737 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199720161 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1500 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2593 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720167

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 13644 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-parachute shop, off-site use

Bldg. 2595 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199720168 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3356 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—chapel, off-site use only. Bldgs. 2865, 2869, 2872

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199720169

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 1100 sq. ft. each, needs rehab, most recent use-shower fac., offsite use only.

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720184

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3148 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-vehicle maint. shop, off-site use only.

8 Bldgs

Fort Benning 4700-4701, 4704-4707, 4710-

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720189

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6433 sq. ft. each, needs rehab, most recent use—unaccompanied personnel housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4714 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720191

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1983 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-battalion headquarters bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 4702

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199720192

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3690 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—dining facility off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4712-4713

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720193

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1983 sq. ft. and 10270 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—company headquarters bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 305

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199810268 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4083 sq. ft., most recent userecreation center, off-site use only.

Bldg. 318

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810269

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 374 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use—maint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1792

Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199810274

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10,200 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1836

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810276

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2998 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 4373

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Årmy Property Number: 21199810286

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 409 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-station bldg. off-site use only.

Bldg. 4628

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810287

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5483 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 92

Fort Benning

Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830278

Status: Unutilized Comment: 637 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 2445

Fort Benning

Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830279

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2385 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—fire station, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4232

Fort Benning

Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830291

Status: Unutilized Comment: 3720 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-maint. bay, off-site use only.

Bldg. 39720

Fort Gordon

Ft. Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930119

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1520 sq. ft., concrete block, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent

use-office, off-site use only. Bldg. 492

Fort Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930120

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 720 sq. ft., most recent use—admin/maint, off-site use only.

Bldg. 880

Fort Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930121 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 57,110 sq. ft., most recent useinstruction, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1370 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930122 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5204 sq. ft., most recent usehdqts. bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 2288 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930123

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2481 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 2290 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930124 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 455 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2293

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930125 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2600 sq. ft., most recent usehdqts. bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 2297 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930126

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5156 sq. ft., most recent useadmin.

Bldg. 2505 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930127

Status: Unutilized Comment: 10,257 sq. ft., most recent userepair shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2508 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930128

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2434 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2815

Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930129

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2578 sq. ft., most recent usehdqts. bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 3815 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930130

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7575 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 3816

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930131

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7514 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5886 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930134 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 67 sq. ft., most recent use-maint/ storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 5974-5978 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930135

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 400 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5993 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930136

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 960 sq. ft., most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5994 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199930137 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2016 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-1003 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030085

Status: Excess

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1005, T-1006, T-1007 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030086

Status: Excess

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1015, T-1016, T-1017 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030087

Status: Excess

Comment: 7496 sq ft., poor condition, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1018, T-1019

Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030088

Status: Excess

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1020, T-1021

Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030089

Status: Excess

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-1022 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030090

Status: Excess

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-supply center, off-site use

Bldg. T-1027 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030091 Status: Excess

Comment: 9024 sq ft., poor condition, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-1028 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030092

Status: Excess

Comment: 7496 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1035, T-1036, T-1037 Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030093

Status: Excess

Comment: 1626 sq ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1038, T-1039

Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030094 Status: Excess

Comment: 1626 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1040, T-1042

Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030095

Status: Excess Comment: 1626 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1086, T-1087, T-1088

Fort Stewart

Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31514-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030096

Status: Excess

Comment: 7680 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 223 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040044

Status: Unutilized Comment: 21,556 sq. ft., most recent use-

gen. purpose Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040045

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 20,220 sq. ft., most recent use-

gen. purpose Bldg. 2051 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040046 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6077 sq. ft., most recent use-

Bldg. 2053

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040047 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 14,520 sq. ft., most recent usestorage

Bldg. 2677 Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040048 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 19,326 sq. ft., most recent usemaint. shop

Bldg. 02301 Fort Gordon

Ft. Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140075 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8484 sq. ft., needs major rehab, potential asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Hawaii

P-88

Aliamanu Military Reservation Honolulu Co: Honolulu HI 96818-

Location: Approximately 600 feet from Main Gate on Aliamanu Drive.

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199030324

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 45,216 sq. ft. underground tunnel complex, pres. of asbestos clean-up required of contamination, use of respirator required by those entering property, use

limitations Bldg. T-337 Fort Shafter

Honolulu Co: Honolulu HI 96819-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199640203

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 132 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01227 Schofield Barracks Wahiawa Co: HI 96786-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220104

Status: Unutilized

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 525 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4334 Schofield Barracks Wahiawa Co: HI 96786-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220105

Comment: 7402 sq. ft., concrete, needs repair, most recent use—housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. 06508 Schofield Barracks Wahiawa Co: HI 96786-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220106 Status: Unutilized Comment: 1140 sq. ft., most recent use-

Bldg. 54 Rock Island Arsenal Rock Island Co: Rock Island IL 61299—

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199620666 Status: Unutilized

office, off-site use only.

Comment: 2000 sq. ft., most recent use-oil storage, needs repair, off-site use only.

Bldg. AR112 Sheridan Reserve Arlington Heights Co: IL 60052–2475 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110081 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1000 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Rock Island Arsenal Rock Island Co: IL 61299–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220107

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 107 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-390 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199740295 Status: Unutilized Comment: 4713 sq. ft., presence of lead based paint, most recent use-swine house, off-

site use only. Bldg. P-68 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820153 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2236 sq. ft., most recent use vehicle storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-321 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820157 Status: Unutilized Comment: 600 sq. ft., most recent use— picnic shelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-809 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820160 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 39 sq. ft., most recent use—access control, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-830 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820161 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5789 sq. ft., most recent use—underground storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-831 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820162 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5789 sq. ft., most recent useunderground storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-243 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830321 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 242 sq. ft., most recent useindustrial, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-242 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920202

Status: Unutilized Comment: 4680 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P–223 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930146

Status: Unutilized Comment: 7,174 sq. ft., most recent use storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-236 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930147 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4563 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-241 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930148 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5920 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-257 Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930149 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5920 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Kentucky Bldg. 02813 Fort Knox Ft. Knox Co: Hardin KY 40121Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030102

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 60 sq. ft., needs rehab, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—shed,

#### Louisiana

Bldg. 8423, Fort Polk Ft. Polk Co: Vernon Parish LA 71459-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199640528 Status: Underutilized Comment: 4172 sq. ft., most recent usebarracks Bldg. 8449, Fort Polk Ft. Polk Co: Vernon Parish LA 71459-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199640539 Status: Underutilized Comment: 2093 sq. ft., most recent useoffice

Maryland

Bldg. 907

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120092 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2306 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Fort George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120093 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3663 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 918

Fort George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-5115 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120095

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2331 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—admin/ classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 930

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120097

Status: Unutilized Comment: 3108 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-

site use only. Bldg. 938 Fort George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-5115 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120098 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1676 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 2837

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120101

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7670 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg.,0310A

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005-5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120103

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 120 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 00313

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005–5001 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120104 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 983 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 00340

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005-5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120105

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 384 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 0459B

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005–5001 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120106 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 225 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-equipment bldg., off-site use

Bldg. 00785

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005–5001 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120107 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 160 sq. ft., poor condition, most recent use-shelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. E3728

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005-5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120109

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2596 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-testing facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. 05213

Aberdeen Proving Ground

Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005-5001 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120112

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 200 sq .ft., poor condition, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. E5239

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005–5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120113 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 230 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. E5317

Aberdeen Proving Ground

Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005-5001 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120114 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3158 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-lab, off-site use only.

Bldg. E5637

Aberdeen Proving Ground Aberdeen Co: Harford MD 21005–5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120115

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 312 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-lab, off-site use only.

Bldg. 503

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–5115 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130092

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 14,244 sq. ft., needs rehab, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-training, off-site use only.

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130097

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs rehab, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use medical clinic, off-site use only.

Fort George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–5115

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130098

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7718 sq. ft., needs rehab, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use heat plant, off-site use only.

Bldg. 219

Ft. George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140078

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8142 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 229

Ft. George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140079

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2250 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 287

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140080

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 294

Ft. George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140081

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3148 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-entomology facility, off-site use only.

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140082

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3557 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-chapel, offsite use only.

Bldg. 949

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200140083

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2441 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 979

Ft. George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140084 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2331 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1007

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140085

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3108 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 2212

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140086

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9092 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 3000 Ft. George G. Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140087

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10,663 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 00546

Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220109

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5659 sq. ft.. possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 00939

Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220110

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8185 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 02206 Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 29755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220111

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3075 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use

Bldg. 02207

Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220112

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6855 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. 02266

Fort Meade
Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220113

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10,080 sq. ft., possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 02271

Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220114

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10,080 sq. ft., possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 04675

Fort Meade

Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220115

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1710 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-rental store, off-site use only.

## Massachusetts

Army Soldier Systems Center Natick Co: Middlesex MA 01760

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210037

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1000 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Missouri

Bldg. T599

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199230260

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 18270 sq. ft., 1-story, presence of asbestos, most recent use-storehouse, offsite use only.

Bldg. T2171

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199340212

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., 1-story wood frame, most recent use-administrative, no

handicap fixtures, lead base paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. T6822

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199340219 Status: Underutilized

Comment: 4000 sq. ft., 1-story wood frame, most recent use—storage, no handicap fixtures, off-site use only.

Bldg. T1497

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199420441

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., 2-story, presence of lead base paint, most recent use-admin/ gen. purpose, off-site use only.

Bldg. T2139

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199420446

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 3663 sq. ft., 1-story, presence of lead base paint, most recent use-admin/ gen. purpose, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2191

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199440334 Status: Excess Comment: 4720 sq. ft., 2 story wood frame, off-site removal only., to be vacated 8/95, lead based paint, most recent use-

barracks.

Bldg. T-2197

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199440335

Status: Excess Comment: 4720 sq. ft., 2 story wood frame, off-site removal only, to be vacated 8/95, lead based paint, most recent use-

Bldg. T590

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199510110

Status: Excess Comment: 3263 sq. ft., 1-story, wood frame, most recent use-admin., to be vacated 8/ 95, off-site use only.

Bldg. T2385

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199510115

Status: Excess

Comment: 3158 sq. ft., 1-story, wood frame, most recent use-admin., to be vacated 8/ 95, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-2340 thru T2343 Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199710138

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 9267 sq. ft. each, most recent use-storage/general purpose

Bldg. 1226 Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730275

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1600 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1271

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730276

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1280

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730277

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1281

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730278

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1282

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730279

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1283

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730280

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1284

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730281

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1285

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730282

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1286

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730283 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1287

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Cc: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730284

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1288

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730285 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-dining facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1289

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730286

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 430

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810305

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4100 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-Red Cross facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. 758

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810306

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 759

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199810307

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 760

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810308

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 761-766

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810309

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft. each, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useclassroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1650

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810311 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1676 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-union hall, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2170

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810313

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 2204

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810315 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3525 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 2225

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810316

Landholding AGENCY: Army

Status: Unutilized Comment: 820 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2271

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Property Number: 21199810317 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 256 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2275

Fori Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810318

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 225 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2318 Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810322

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9267 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 4199

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810327

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 401

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agrncy: Army Property Number: 21199820164

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9567 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 856

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820166

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 859

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820167

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1242

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820168

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1265

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820169

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 1267

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820170

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1277

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820171

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 1277

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820172

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldgs. 2142, 2145, 2151-2153

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820174

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, off-

Bldg. 2165

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820178 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-dayroom, offsite use only.

Bldg. 2167

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820179

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldgs. 2169, 2181, 2182, 2183 Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199820180

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, offsite use only.

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820181

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-admin., offsite use only.

Bldg. 2187

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820182 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-dayroom, offsite use only.

Bldgs. 2192, 2196, 2198

Fort Leonard Wood Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820183

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-barracks, offsite use only.

Bldgs. 2304, 2306

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820184 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1625 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 12651

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199820186

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 240 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1448

Fort Leonard Wood

Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830327

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8450 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-training, offsite use only.

Fort Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830328

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 808 sq. ft., concrete, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2270

Fort Leonard Wood

Co: Pulaski MO 65473-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830329

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 256 sq. ft., concrete, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 6036 Fort Leonard Wood

Pulaski Co: MO 65473-8994 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910101

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 240 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Bldg. 9110

Fort Leonard Wood Pulaski Co: MO 65473-8994

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910108

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 6498 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-family quarters, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 9113, 9115, 9117 Fort Leonard Wood Pulaski Co: MO 65473-8994 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910109 Status: Underutilized

Comment: 4332 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-family quarters, off-site use only.

Bldg. 493

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930158

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 26,936 sq. ft., concrete, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestore, off-site use only.

#### Montana

Bldg. 00405 Fort Harrison

Ft. Harrison Co: Lewis/Clark MT 59636-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130099

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3467 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, security limitations

Bldg. T0066 Fort Harrison

Ft. Harrison Co: Lewis/Clark MT 59636-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130100

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 528 sq. ft., needs rehab, presence of asbestos, security limitations

#### New Hampshire

Bldg. KG001

Grenier Field USARC

Manchester Co: Rockingham NH 03103-7474 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030104

Status: Excess

Comment: 18,994 sq ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use-classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. KG002

Grenier Field USARC

Manchester Co: Rockingham NH 03103-7474

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030105

Status: Excess

Comment: 20,014 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use-storage/store, off-site use only.

Bldg. KG003

Grenier Field USARC

Manchester Co: Rockingham NH 03103-7474

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030106

Status: Excess

Comment: 3458 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—veh. maint., off-site use

#### New Jersey

Bldg. 178

Armament R&D Engineering Center Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806–5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199740312

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2067 sq. ft., most recent use—research, off-site use only.

Bldg. 732

Armament R&D Engineering Center Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199740315 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9077 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 3219

Armament R&D Engineering Center Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806–5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740326

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 288 sq. ft., most recent use-snack bar, off-site use only.

Bldg. 816C

Armament R, D, & Eng. Center

Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806-5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130103

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 144 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

### New Mexico

Bldg. 00304

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220116

Status: Excess

Comment: 594 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent useequipment bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01711

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220117

Status: Excess

Comment: 80 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent use-car wash bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01716

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220118

Status: Excess

Comment: 208 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent use-car wash and shed, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01758

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220119

Status: Excess

Comment: 2160 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usecontractor bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01796

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220120 Status: Excess

Comment: 1200 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent use—

admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 21238 White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220121

Status: Excess

Comment: 675 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usesentry station, off-site use only.

Bldg. 30724

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220122

Status: Excess

Comment: 255 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent use-rote bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg, 30740

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220123 Status: Excess

Comment: 466 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent use-

admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 30775 White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220124 Status: Excess

Comment: 864 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 30779

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220125 Status: Excess

Comment: 188 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, off-site use only.

Bldg. 30780

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220126

Status: Excess

Comment: 960 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usemaint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. 31725

White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220127

Status: Excess

Comment: 4640 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 31741 White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220128

Status: Excess

Comment: 1920 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usemaint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. 31754 White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220129 Status: Excess

Comment: 2400 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usewarehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 31765 White Sands Missile Range Dona Ana Co: NM 88002 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220130 Status: Excess

Comment: 107 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos, most recent usewater plant bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 801 US Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996-1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030108 Status: Unutilized Comment: 27,726 sq. ft., needs repair, possible lead paint, most recent usewarehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-181 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130129 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3151 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-housing mnt., off-site use only.

Bldg. T-201 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130131

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2305 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-admin., off-site use only. Bldg. T-203

Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130132

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2284 sq. ft., needs rehab, most

recent use-admin., off-site use only. Bldg. T-252 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130133 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-253, T-256, T-257 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130134

Status: Unutilized Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-271, T-272, T-273

Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130135 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-274 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130136 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2750 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—BN HQ, off-site use only.

Bldgs, T-276, T-277, T-278 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130137 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-744, T-745 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130138 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5310 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-barracks, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-1030 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130139 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 15606 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-simulator bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-2159 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130140 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1948 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-waste/water treatment, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2442 Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130141

Status: Unutilized Comment: 4340 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—vet facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2443 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130142 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 793 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use—vet facility, off-site use only.

Quarters 372 U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996-1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130143 Status: Unutilized Comment: 1248 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos, most recent use—quarters

Quarters 1000 U.S. Military Academy
Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130144 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2800 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos, most recent use—quarters Bldg. 691

U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130145 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2561 sq. ft., needs repair, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 709 U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130146 Status: Unutilized Comment: 1666 sq. ft., needs repair, possible

asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg, 759 U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130147 Status: Unutilized Comment: 11,942 sq. ft., needs repair, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent

use—community center, off-site use only. Bldg. 1280

U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130148 Status: Unutilized Comment: 2760 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos, most recent use—quarters

Bldg. 1664 U.S. Military Academy Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996–1592 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130149

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 800 sq. ft., needs repair, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-401, T-403 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210042 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2305/2284 sq. ft., needs repair. most recent use-battalion hq bldg., off-site

Bldgs. T-404, T-406, T-407 Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210043

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2000/1144 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. T-430

Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210044

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2731 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

4 Bldgs.

Fort Drum

T-431, T-432, T-433, T-434 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210045

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. T-435 Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210046

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2731 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-437, T-438

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210047

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-439, T-460

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210048

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2588/2734 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

4 Bldgs. Fort Drum

T-461, T-462, T-463, T-464 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210049 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. T-465 Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210050 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2734 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—Co Hq Bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-405, T-408 Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210051

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1296 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

6 Bldgs. Fort Drum T-410, T-411, T-412, T-416, T-417, T-418 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210052

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

Bldgs. T-421, T-422

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210053

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2510 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

Bldgs. T-423, T-424

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210054 Status: Unutilized

Comment. 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

7 Bldgs.

Fort Drum

T-441, T-442, T-443, T-444, T-446-T-448 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210055

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

6 Bldgs.

Fort Drum

T–451, T–452, T–453, T–454, T–456, T–458 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210056

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

5 Bldgs. Fort Drum

T-471, T-472, T-473, T-474, T-477 Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210057

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-enlisted barracks AN TR, offsite use only.

Bldgs. T-420, T-445, T-470

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210058 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2510 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-dining facility, off-site use

Bldgs. T-440, T-450

Fort Drum

Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210059

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—dining facility, off-site use

Bldg. T-478

Fort Drum Ft. Drum Co: Jefferson NY 13602-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210060

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4720 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—classroom, off-site use only.

North Carolina

Bldg. C5536

Fort Bragg

Ft. Bragg Co: Cumberland NC 28310-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130150

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 600 sq. ft., single wide trailer w/ metal storage shed, needs major repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use only.

Ohio

Quarters 120

Defense Supply Center Columbus Co: Franklin OH 43216–5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200140089 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5670 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of lead paint, most recent use-residence, off-site use only.

Oklahoma

Bldg. T-838, Fort Sill 838 Macomb Road Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199220609

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 151 sq. ft., wood frame, 1 story, off-site removal only, most recent use—vet facility (quarantine stable).

Bldg. T-954, Fort Sill

954 Quinette Road

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240659

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3571 sq. ft., 1 story wood frame, needs rehab, off-site use only, most recent use-motor repair shop.

Bldg. T-3325, Fort Sill 3325 Naylor Road

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240681 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8832 sq. ft., 1 story wood frame, needs rehab, off-site use only, most recent use-warehouse.

Bldg. T1652, Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199330380

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1505 sq. ft., 1-story wood, possible asbestos, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T5637 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199330419

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1606 sq. ft., 1 story, possible asbestos, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-4226

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199440384

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 114 sq. ft., 1-story wood frame, possible asbestos and lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-1015, Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73501-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199520197

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 15402 sq. ft., 1-story, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-366, Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199610740

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 482 sq. ft., possible asbestos, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Building T-2952

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199710047

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4,327 sq. ft., possible asbestos and leadpaint, most recent use-motor repair shop, off-site use only.

Building P-5042

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199710066

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 119 sq. ft., possible asbestos and leadpaint, most recent use-heatplant, offsite use only.

4 Buildings

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Location: T-6465, T-6466, T-6467, T-6468

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199710086 Status: Unutilized

Comment: various sq. ft., possible asbestos and leadpaint, most recent use-range support, off site use only.

Bldg. T-208

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730344

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 20525 sq. ft., possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-training center, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-214

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730346

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6332 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-training center, offsite use only.

Bldg. T-810

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730350

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7205 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-hay storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-837, T-839

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730351

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 100 sq. ft. each, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-934

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730353

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 402 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. T-1177

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730356

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 183 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-snack bar, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-1468, T-1469

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730357 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 114 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. T-1470

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730358

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3120 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T–1940 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730360

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1400 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldgs. T-1954, T-2022

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730362 Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 100 sq. ft. each, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2184

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730364

Status: Unutilized Comment: 454 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2185

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730365

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 151 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—fuel storage, offsite use only.

Bldgs. T-2186, T-2188, T-2189

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730366

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1656-3583 sq. ft., possible. asbestos/lead paint, most recent usevehicle maint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2187

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730367

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1673 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2209

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730368

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1257 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-2240, T-2241

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730369

Status: Unutilized Comment: approx. 9500 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-2262, T-2263

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730370

Status: Unutilized Comment: approx. 3100 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-

maint. shop, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-2291 thru T-2296

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730372

Status: Unutilized Comment: 400 sq. ft. each, possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-

site use only. Bldgs. T-3001, T-3006

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730383

Status: Unutilized Comment: approx. 9300 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-3314

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730385 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 229 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. T-3323

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503–5100 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730387

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8832 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. T-4281

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730392

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9405 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldgs. T-4401, T-4402

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730393

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2260 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. T-4407

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730395

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3070 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-dining facility, offsite use only.

4 Bldgs

Fort Sill #T–4410, T–4414, T–4415, T–4418 Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503–5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730396

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1311 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use only.

5 Bldgs.

Fort Sill #T-4411 thru T-4413, T-4416 thru T-4417

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730397

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1244 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-showers, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-4421

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730398

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3070 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-dining, off-site use

10 Bldgs

Fort Sill #T-4422 thru T-4427, T-4431 thru T-4434

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730399 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2263 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-barracks, off-site use only.

6 Bldgs

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100 Location: #T-4436, T-4440, T-4444, T-4445, T-4448, T-4449

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730400

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1311—2263 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent useoffice, off-site use only.

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Location: #T-4441, T-4442, T-4443, T-4446, T-4447

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730401

Comment: 1244 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead

paint, most recent use-showers, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-5041

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730409

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 763 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldgs. T-5044, T-5045 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730410

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1798/1806 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-class rooms, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-5420

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730414

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 189 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-fuel storage, offsite use only.

Bldgs. T-7290, T-7291

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730417

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 224/840 sq. ft., possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-kennel, offsite use only.

Bldg. T-7775

Lawtoń Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199730419

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1452 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-private club, offsite use only.

Bldg. P-599

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910132

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1400 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-clubhouse, off-site

Fort Sill

P-617, P-1114, P-1386, P-1608

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910133

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 106 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-utility plant, offsite use only.

Bldg. P-746

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910135

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6299 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use

Bldgs. P-2581, P-2773

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910140

Status: Unutilized Comment: 4093 and 4129 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent useoffice, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-2582

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910141

Status: Unutilized Comment: 3672 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use

Bldgs. P-2912, P-2921, P-2944

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910144

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1390 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. P-2914

Fort Sill Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910146

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1236 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

only.

Bldg. P-3469

Fort Sill Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910147

Status: Unutilized Comment: 3930 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-car wash, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-4064

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910149

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1389 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-5086

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910152

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 6453 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—maintenance shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-5101

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910153

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 82 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-gas station, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-6430

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910156

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2080 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range support, offsite use only.

Bldg. T-6461

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910157

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 200 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-range support, offsite use only.

Bldg. T-6462

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199910158

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 64 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-control tower, offsite use only.

Bldg. P-7230 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910159

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 160 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-transmitter bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. S-4023

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010128

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1200 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-706

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120119

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 103 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. P-747 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120120

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9232 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-lab, off-site use

Bldg. P-842

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120123

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 192 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. T-911

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120124

Status: Unutilized

Comment; 3080 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. P-1390

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120125

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 106 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-utility plant, offsite use only.

Bldg. P-1672

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120126

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1056 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-2362 Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503–5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120127

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 64 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-gatehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-2589

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120129 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3672 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. T-3043

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120130

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 80 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-guard shack, offsite use only.

Bldg. S-4749

Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130152

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1438 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-weather station, off-site use only.

South Carolina

Bldg. 3499

Fort Jackson

Ft. Jackson Co: Richland SC 29207-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730310 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3724 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-admin.

Bldg. 2441

Fort Jackson

Ft. Jackson Co: Richland SC 29207-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199820187 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2160 sq. ft., needs repair most

recent use-admin.

Bldg. 3605 Fort Jackson

Ft. Jackson Co: Richland SC 29207-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199820188

Status: Unutilized Comment: 711 sq. ft., needs repair, most

recent use-storage

Bldg. 1765

Fort Jackson

Ft. Jackson Co: Richland SC 29207-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030109

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1700 sq. ft., need repairs, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usetraining bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-6615

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199440454

Status: Excess Comment: 400 sq. ft., 1 story concrete frame, off-site removal only., most recent use-

detached garage

Bldg. 7137, Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: El Paso TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199640564

Status: Unutilized Comment: 35,736 sq. ft., 3-story, most recent

use—housing, off-site use only. Bldgs. P-605A & P-606A

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730316

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2418 sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos/lead paint, historical category, most recent use-indoor firing range, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-5122

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199730331

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3602 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, historical category, most recent use—instruction bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. P–1382 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199810365

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 30,082 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-5123

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830350

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2596 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-instruction, offsite use only, historical significance.

Bldg. P-6150

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830351 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 48 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use—pumphouse, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P-6331, P-6335, P-6495

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830353 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 36 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use—pumping station, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-8000

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830354

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1766 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

9 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: #P8001, P8008, 8014, 8027, 8033,

8035, 8127, 8229, 8265

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830355

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2456 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: #P8003, P8011, 8012, 8019, 8043,

8202, 8204, 8216, 8235, 8241, 8261

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830356

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2358 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P-8003C, P-8220C

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830357

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1174 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-8004

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830358

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2243 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000 Location: #P8005, 8101, 8107, 8141, 8143,

8146, 8150

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830359

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1804 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

7 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: #P8009, 8024, 8207, 8214, 8217,

8226, 8256

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830361

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2253 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000 Location: #P8009C, 8027C, 8248C, 8256C

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830362

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 681 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: #P8012C, 8039C, 8224C Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830363 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1185 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8016

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830364

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2347 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: #P8021, 8211, 8244, 8270, 8213,

8223, 8243, 8266

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830365

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 249 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-8022

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830366

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1849 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

5 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000 Location: #8022C, 8023C, 8106C, 8127C,

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830367

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 513 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000 Location: #P8028C, P8143C, P8150C

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830370

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 838 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: #P8035C, P8104C, 8236C

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830372

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1017 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: #P8102, 8106, 8108

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830375

Status: Unutilized Comment: approx. 2700 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use—

housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8109, P8137

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830376

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1540 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatementrequired, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8112, P8228

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830378

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1807 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site

use only. 3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: P8116, 8151, 8158

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830380 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1691 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8117

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830381

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1581 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

8 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000

Location: #P8118, 8121, 8125, 8153, 8119,

8120, 8124, 8168

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830382

Status: Unutilized

Comment: various sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use—

housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8122, P8123 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830383

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 1400 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8126

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830384

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1331 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

8 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000 Location: P8131C, 8139C, 8203C, 8211C,

8231C, 8243C, 8249C, 8261C

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830386

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 849 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8133, P8134

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830387

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 2000 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8135, P8136

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830388 Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 1500 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: #P8144, 8267, 8148, 8149

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830389 Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 2200 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8171

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830392

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1289 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site

Bldg. P8172

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830393

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1597 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8173, P8174 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830394

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 2200 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent usehousing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8174C

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830395

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 670 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use—detached garage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8175

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830396

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2220 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8200

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234–5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830397

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 892 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-officers quarters, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8205

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830399 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1745 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: #P8206, 8232, 8233

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830400

Status: Unutilized

Comment: approx. 2400 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use housing, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8245

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830401

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2876 sq. ft., fair. hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

Bldgs. P8262C, 8271C

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830403

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1006 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-detached garage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P8269

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830404

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2396 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site use only.

20 Bldgs.

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Location: #P8271, 8002, 8018, 8025, 8037, 8100, 8130, 8132, 8138, 8140, 8142, 8145, 8147, 8210, 8212, 8221, 8242, 8247, 8264,

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830405

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2777 sq. ft., fair, hazard abatement required, most recent use-housing, off-site

use only.

Bldg. 919

Fort Hood Ft. Hood Co: Coryell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920212 Status: Unutilized Comment: 11,800 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use-Bde. Hq. Bldg., off-site use

Comment: 3373 sq. ft., needs repair, most

only.

Bldg. 3959

Fort Hood Ft. Hood Co: Coryell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920224

Status: Unutilized

recent use—admin., off-site use only. Bldgs. 3967-3969

Ft. Hood Co: Coryell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army

Fort Sam Houston

Property Number: 21199920228

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5310 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 3970-3971

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Coryell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920229

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3241 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-2375A Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020202 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 108 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 92043 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020206

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 450 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 92044 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200020207

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1920 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 92045 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200020208

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2108 sq. ft., most recent use—maint., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-8219 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200030110

Status: Excess

Comment: 2456 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-family house, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4469 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030116 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 5310 sq. ft., most recent usebarracks, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1281 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110091

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 25,027 sq. ft., most recent use—cold storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 3656 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110093

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1806 sq. ft., most recent use-igloo str. inst., off-site use only.

Bldg. 7113 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110094

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 14,807 sq. ft., most recent use—nursery school, off-site use only.

Bldg. 7133 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110095

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 11,650 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 7136 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200110096

Comment: 11,755 sq. ft., most recent use-vet facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. 7146

El Paso Co: TX 79916-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110097

Comment: most recent use-oil storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 7147 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110098

Status: Unutilized

Comment: most recent use-oil storage, offsite use only.

Bldg. 7153 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110099

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 11924 sq. ft., most recent usebowling center, off-site use only.

Bldg. 7162 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110100

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3956 sq. ft., most recent usedevelopment center, off-site use only.

Bldg. 11116 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110101

Status: Unutilized Comment: 20,100 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 7113 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220132 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8855 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-child development center, off-site use only.

Bldg. T5900 Camp Bullis

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78257– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220133

Status: Excess

Comment: 9876 sq. ft., possible lead paint, most recent use-theater/training bldg., offsite use only.

Bldg. T6111

Camp Bullis San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78257– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220134 Status: Excess

Comment: 521 sq. ft., possible lead paint, most recent use-gas station, off-site use

Bldg. T5002 Camp Bullis

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78257-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220135

Status: Excess

Comment: 370 sq. ft., presence of lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 107, 108

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220136 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 13,319 & 28,051 sq. ft., most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 120

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220137

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1450 sq. ft., most recent usedental clinic, off-site use only.

Bldg. 134

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220138

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 16,114 sq. ft., most recent use—auditorium, off-site use only.

Bldg. 56305

Fort Hood Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220143 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2160 sq. ft., most recent useadmin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 56402 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220144

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2680 sq. ft., most recent use—recreation center, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 56403, 56405

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220145 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 480 sq. ft., most recent use—shower, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 56620, 56621

Fort Hood Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220146 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1120 sq. ft., most recent use—shower, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 56626, 56627

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220147

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1120 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldg, 56628 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220148

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1133 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldgs, 56630, 56631

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220149

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1120 sq. ft., most recent use—shower, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 56636, 56637

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220150

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1120 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldg. 56638 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220151

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1133 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 56703, 56708

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544– Landholding Agency: Array

Property Number: 21200220152

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1306 sq. ft., most recent use-

shower, off-site use only. Bldgs. 56750, 56751 Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220153

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1120 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldg. 56758

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220154

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1133 sq. ft., most recent useshower, off-site use only.

Bldg. P2789

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220155

Status: Excess

Comment: 25,784 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, provider responsible for hazard abatement, most recent use dining, Historic Preservation requirement,

off-site use only.

Bldg. P6202 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220156

Status: Excess

Comment: 1479 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, provider responsible for hazard abatement, most recent use-officer's family quarters, off-site use only.

Bldg. P6203

Fort Sam Houston San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220157 Status: Excess

Comment: 1381 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, provider responsible for hazard abatement, most recent use-military family quarters, off-site use only.

Bldg. P6204 Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220158

Status: Excess

Comment: 1454 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, provider responsible for hazard abatement, most recent use-military family quarters, off-site use only.

Virginia

Bldg. 178 Fort Monroe

Ft. Monroe Co: VA 23651-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199940046

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1180 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T246

Fort Monroe Ft. Monroe Co: VA 23651– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199940047 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 756 sq. ft., needs repair, possible lead paint, most recent use-scout meetings, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 1516, 1517, 1552, 1567

Fort Eustis

Ft. Eustis Co: VA 23604-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130154

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 & 4720 sq. ft., most recent use-dining/barracks/admin, off-site use

Bldg. 1559

Fort Eustis

Ft. Eustis Co: VA 23604-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130156

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P00151

Fort A.P. Hill

Bowling Green Co: Caroline VA 22427-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130157

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1098 sq. ft., most recent usehousing maint., off-site use only.

Bldg. TT0135

Fort A.P. Hill

Bowling Green Co: Caroline VA 22427– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130158

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2144 sq. ft., needs major rehab, most recent use-thrift shop, off-site use only.

Washington

13 Bldgs., Fort Lewis

A0402,CO723, CO726,CO727,CO902,

CO903,CO906,

CO907,CO922,CO923, CO926,CO927,C1250

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630199

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-barracks, off-site use only.

7 Bldgs., Fort Lewis AO438, AO439, CO901, CO910, CO911,

CO918, CO919

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630200

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1144 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-dayroom bldgs., off-site use only.

6 Bldgs., Fort Lewis CO908, CO728, CO921, CO928, C1008, C1108

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630204

Status: Unutilized Comment: 2207 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-dining, off-site use

Bldg. CO909, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630205

Status: Unutilized Comment: 1984 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use

Landholding Agency: Army

Bldg. CO920, Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433–9500

Property Number: 21199630206 Status: Unutilized Comment: 1984 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-admin., off-site use

Bldg. C1249, Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433–9500

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630207

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 992 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1164, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433–9500 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630213

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 230 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1307, Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630216

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1092 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. 1309, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630217

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1092 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use

Bldg. 2167, Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433–9500

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199630218

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 288 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-warehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4078, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630219

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 10200 sq. ft., needs rehab, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usewarehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 9599, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-9500

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630220

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 12366 sq. ft., possible asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-warehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. A1404, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199640570

Status: Unutilized Comment: 557 sq. ft., needs rehab, most

recent use-storage, off-site use only. Bldg. A1419, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199640571

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1307 sq. ft., needs rehab, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. EO202

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199710149

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 992 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. EO347

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199710156

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1800 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use

Bldg. B1008, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720216

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7387 sq. ft., 2-story, needs rehab, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-medical clinic, off-site use only.

Bldgs. B1011-B1012, Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199720217

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 992 sq. ft. and 1144 sq. ft., needs rehab, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-office, off-site use only.

Bldgs, CO509, CO709, CO720

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199810372

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1984 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, needs rehab, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Fort Lewis

CO511, CO710, CO711, CO719

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810373

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1,144 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, needs rehab, most recent usedayrooms, off-site use only.

11 Bldgs. Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433— Location: CO528. CO701, CO708, CO721, CO526, CO527, CO702, CO703, CO706,

CO707, CO722 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810374

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2207 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, needs rehab, most recent usedining, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5162

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830419

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useoffice, off-site use only.

Bldg. A0631

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830422 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2207 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usedayroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. B0813

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830427

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useoffice, off-site use only.

Bldg. B0812

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199830428 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 1144 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usedayroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5224

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199830433 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use educ. fac., off-site use only.

Bldg. U001B

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920237

Status: Excess Comment: 54 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usecontrol tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U001C

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920238

Status: Unutilized Comment: 960 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use supply, off-site use only.

10 Bldgs.

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Location: U002B, U002C, U005C, U015I, U016E, U019C, U022A, U028B, 0091A,

U093C

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920239

Status: Excess

Comment: 600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use range house, off-site use only.

6 Bldgs.

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Location: U003A, U004B, U006C, U015B, U016B, U019B

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920240

Status: Unutilized Comment: 54 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usecontrol tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U004D

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920241

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 960 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—supply, off-site use only.

Bldg. U005A Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433— Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920242

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 360 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

Bldgs. U006A, U024A

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920243

Status: Excess

Comment: 1440 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—shelter, off-site use only.

Bldgs. U007A, U021A

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920244

Status: Excess

Comment: 100 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

7 Bldgs. Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Location: U014A, U022B, U023A, U043B, U059B, U060A, U101A

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920245

Status: Excess

Comment: needs repair, presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use—ofc/tower/ support, off-site use only.

Bldg. U015J

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920246

Status: Excess

Comment: 144 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U018B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920247

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 121 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range house, off-site use only.

Bldg. U018C Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920248

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 48 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. U024B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920249

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 168 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U024D Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920250

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 120 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use ammo bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. U027A

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA –

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920251

Status: Excess

Comment: 64 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—tire house, off-site use only.

Bldgs. U028A-U032A

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920252

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 72 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U031A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920253

Status: Excess

Comment: 3456 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—line shed, off-site use only.

Bldg. U031C Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920254

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 32 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. U040D Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920255

Status: Excess

Comment: 800 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range house, off-site use only.

Bldgs. U052C, U052H

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920256

Status: Excess

Comment: various sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range house, off-site use only.

Bldgs. U035A, U035B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920257 Status: Excess Comment: 192 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use shelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. U035C

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920258

Status: Excess

Comment: 242 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range house, off-site use only.

Bldg. U039A

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920259

Status: Excess

Comment: 36 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U039B

Fort Lewis Co. Pierce WA 09

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920260

Status: Excess

Comment: 1600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—grandstand/bleachers, off-site use only.
Bldg. U039C

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920261

Status: Excess
Comment: 600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence
of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—
support, off-site use only.

Bldg. U043A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920262

Status: Excess

Comment: 132 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range house, off-site use only.

Bldg. U052A Fort Lewis

For Lewis
Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433—
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920263

Status: Excess
Comment: 69 sq. ft., needs repair, presence
of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—
tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U052E

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920264

Status: Excess

Comment: 600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. U052G

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920265

Status: Excess

Comment: 1600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—shelter, off-site use only.

3 Bldgs. Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433— Location: U058A, U103A, U018A Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920266 Status: Excess

Comment: 36 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usecontrol tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U059A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920267

Status: Excess

Comment: 16 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usetower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U093B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920268

Status: Excess

Comment: 680 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent userange house, off-site use only.

4 Bldgs. Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Location: U101B, U101C, U507B, U557A

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920269

Status: Excess Comment: 400 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use only.

Bldg. U110B

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920272

Status: Excess

Comment: 138 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use support, off-site use only.

6 Bldgs.

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Location: U111A, U015A, U024E, U052F, U109A, U110A

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920273 Status: Excess

Comment: 1000 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use support/shelter/mess, off-site use only.

Bldg. U112A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920274

Status: Excess

Comment: 1600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useshelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. U115A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920275

Status: Excess

Comment: 36 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usetower, off-site use only.

Bldg. U507A Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920276

Status: Excess

Comment: 400 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usesupport, off-site use only.

Bldg. U516B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920277

Status: Excess

Comment: 5000 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useshed, off-site use only.

Bldg. F0022B Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920280

Status: Excess

Comment: 3100 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. C0120 Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920281 Status: Excess

Comment: 384 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usescale house, off-site use only.

Bldg. A0220

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920282

Comment: 2284 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useclub facility, off-site use only.

Bldg. A0334 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920284 Status: Excess

Comment: 1092 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usesentry station, off-site use only.

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Location: C1002, C1003, C1006, C1007,

C1022, C1023, C1026, C1027, C1207, C1301, C13333, C1334

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920287

Status: Excess

Comment: 2360 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usebarracks, off-site use only.

Bldg. D1154 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920289

Status: Excess

Comment: 1165 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useday room, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01205

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920290

Status: Excess

Comment: 87 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorehouse, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01259 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920291

Status: Excess

Comment: 16 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01266

Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920292

Status: Excess

Comment: 45 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useshelter, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1445 Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920294

Status: Excess

Comment: 144 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usegenerator bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 02082 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920295

Status: Excess

Comment: 16 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 03091, 03099

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920296 Status: Excess

Comment: various sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-sentry station, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 03100, 3101 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920297

Status: Excess

Comment: various sq .ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 4040 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920298

Status: Excess

Comment: 8326 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useshed, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4072, 5104

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920299

Status: Excess

Comment: 24/36 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use

Bldg. 4295

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920300

Status: Excess

Comment: 48 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5170 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920301

Status: Excess

Comment: 19,411 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-store, off-site use only.

Bldg. 6191 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920303

Status: Excess

Comment: 3663 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useexchange branch, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 08076, 08080

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920304

Status: Excess

Comment: 3660/412 sq.ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, off-site use

Bldg. 08093

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920305

Status: Excess

Comment: 289 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use boat storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 8279

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920306

Status: Excess

Comment: 210 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use fuel disp. fac., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 8280, 8291

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920307

Status: Excess

Comment: 800/464 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 8956

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199920308

Status: Excess

Comment: 100 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 9530

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920309

Status: Excess

Comment: 64 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use sentry station, off-site use only.

Bldg. 9574 Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920310

Status: Excess

Comment: 6005 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent useveh. shop., off-site use only.

Bldg. 9596

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920311

Status: Excess

Comment: 36 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent usegas station, off-site use only.

Bldg. 9939

Fort Lewis

Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-

Landholding AGENCY: Army

Property Number: 21199920313 Status: Excess

Comment: 600 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent userecreation, off-site use only.

#### Land (by State)

Georgia

Land (Railbed)

Fort Benning
Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199440440

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 17.3 acres extending 1.24 miles, no known utilities potential.

#### New York

300 acres

U.S. Military Academy

Highlands Co: Orange NY 10996-1592 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200040070

Status: Unutilized

Comment: Approx. 300 acres, contains wetlands and rare flora.

#### South Carolina

One Acre

Fort Jackson

Columbia Co: Richland SC 29207-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200110089

Status: Underutilized Comment: Approx. 1 acre.

Old Camp Bullis Road Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199420461

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7.16 acres, rural gravel road.

#### Suitable/Unavailable Properties

Buildings (by State)

Alabama

Bldgs. 1001-1006, 1106-1107

Fort Rucker

Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362-5138

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210027 Status: Unutilized

Comment: Approx. 9000 sq. ft., poor condition, lead paint present, most recent use-warehouses, off-site use only.

Fort Rucker 116, 512, 3721, 3903, 1114.

1405A, 1423

Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362-5138 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210028

Status: Unutilized

Comment: Various sq. ft., poor condition, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most

recent use-admin., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 1102, 1104, 6021

Fort Rucker

Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362-5138

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210029

Status: Unutilized

Comment: Various sq. ft., need rehab, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-heat plant bldgs., off-site use

only.

Bldg. 01433 Fort Rucker

Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220098

Status: Excess Comment: 800 sq. ft., most recent use-office, off-site use only.

#### Georgia

Bldg. 4090

Fort Benning

Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199630007

Status: Underutilized Comment: 3530 sq. ft., most recent use-

chapel, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2410

Fort Gordon

Ft. Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200140076 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8480 sq. ft., needs rehab, potential asbestos/lead paint, most recent use-

storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 20802

Fort Gordon Ft. Gordon Co: Richmond GA 30905–

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210078

Status: Unutilized Comment: 740 sq. ft., needs repair, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Kansas

Bldg. P-295

Fort Leavenworth

Leavenworth Co: Leavenworth KS 66027-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199810296

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 3480 sq. ft., concrete, most recent use-underground storage, off-site use

only. Bldg. P-469

Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth Co: KS 66027– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210031

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 625 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-471

Fort Leavenworth

Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210032

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 4535 sq. ft., most recent userepair shop, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-485 Fort Leavenworth

Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210033

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2006 sq. ft., most recent use—instructional, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-486

Fort Leavenworth

Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210034

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 960 sq. ft., most recent use-instructional, off-site use only.

Bldg. S-496

Fort Leavenworth

Leavenworth Co: KS 66027-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200210035 Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7134 sq. ft., most recent usevocational, off-site use only.

Bldg. 2172

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040059

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 2892 sq. ft., most recent use—operations, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4219, 4227

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544— Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220139

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 8056 & 10,500 sq. ft., most recent use-admin., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4229, 4230, 4231

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220140

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9000 sq. ft., most recent use-hq. bldg., off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4244, 4246

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220141

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 9000 sq. ft., most recent use-

; storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 4260, 4261, 4262

Fort Hood

Ft. Hood Co: Bell TX 76544-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220142

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 7680 sq. ft., most recent usestorage, off-site use only.

Washington

Bldg. 03272

Fort Lewis

Tacoma Co: Pierce WA 98335-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220160

Status: Unutilized

Comment: 21,373 sq. ft., most recent usehangar, off-site use only.

Land (by State)

North Carolina

.92 Acre—Land Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point

Southport Co: Brunswick NC 28461-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199610728

Status: Underutilized

Comment: municipal drinking waterwell, restricted by explosive safety regs., New Hanover County Buffer Zone.

10 Acre-Land

Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point Southport Co: Brunswick NC 28461-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199610729

Status: Underutilized

Comment: municipal park, restricted by explosive safety regs., New Hanover

County Buffer Zone.

257 Acre-Land

Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point Southport Co: Brunswick NC 28461–5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199610730

Status: Underutilized

Comment: state park, restricted by explosive safety regs., New Hanover County Buffer

24.83 acres—Tract of Land

Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point Southport Co: Brunswick NC 28461-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199620685

Status: Underutilized

Comment: 24.83 acres, municipal park, most recent use—New Hanover County explosive buffer zone.

#### **Unsuitable Properties**

Buildings (by State)

Alabama

16 Bldgs.

Redstone Arsenal

Redstone Arsenal Co: Madison AL 35898–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040001-

21200040012, 21200120018,

21200220002-21200220004

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area Extensive

deterioration.

23 Bldgs., Fort Rucker Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219330003,

219520058, 219740004, 219740006, 219830002, 21200010010, 21200040013,

21200130001, 21200220001, 21200230001

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 25203, 25205-25207, 25209

Fort Rucker

Stagefield Areas

Ft. Rucker Co: Dale AL 36362-5138

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219410020

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured area.

Bldg. T00401

Fort McClellan Ft. McClellan Co: Calhoun AL 36201–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140001

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Gas chamber.

Bldg. 28152

Rucker Hartford Co: Geneva AL 36344-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200230002

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

8 Bldgs., Fort Wainwright

Ft. Wainwright AK 99703-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219710090, 219710195-

219710198, 219810002, 219810007,

21199920001

Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material Secured area Floodway

(Some are extensively deteriorated).

32 Bldgs.

Navajo Depot Activity Bellemont Co: Coconino AZ 86015-

Location: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona

on I-40 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219014560-219014591 Status: Underutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

10 properties: 753 earth covered igloos; above ground standard magazines

Navajo Depot Activity

Bellemont Co: Coconino AZ 86015-Location: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona

on I-40.

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219014592–219014601

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Secured Area. 7 Bldgs.

Navajo Depot Activity

Bellemont Co: Coconino AZ 86015-5000

Location: 12 miles west of Flagstaff on I–40 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219030273–219030274, 219120177–219120181

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

9 Bldgs. Camp Navajo Bellemont Co: AZ 86015 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140002– 21200140010

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material Secured Area.

Bldgs. 14471, 15373
Fort Huachuca
Ft. Huachuca Co: Cochise AZ 85613
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200220005—
21200220006
Status: Excess
Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Arkansas

102 Bldgs., Fort Chaffee Ft. Chaffee Co: Sebastian AR 72905–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219630019, 219630021, 219630029, 219640462–219640477, 21200140011–21200140014 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Person: Executive determined on the second section of the section of th

21200140011–21200140014 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

California

Bldg. 18
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant 5300
Claus Road
Riverbank Co: Stanislaus CA 95367—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219012554
Status: Unutilized
Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area.

11 Bldgs., Nos. 2–8, 156, 1, 120, 181

Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant Riverbank Co: Stanislaus CA 95367— Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219013582–219013588, 219013590, 219240444–219240446

219013590, 219240444–219240446 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Bldgs. 13, 171, 178 Riverbank Ammun Plant 5300 Claus Road

Riverbank Co: Stanislaus CA 95367– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219120162–219120164

Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area. 27 Bldgs. DDDRW Sharpe Facility

Tracy Co: San Joaquin CA 95331– Landholding Agency: Army

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219610289, 21199930021,
21200030005–21200030015, 21200040015,
21200120029–21200120039, 21200130004
Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

Bldgs. 29, 39, 73, 154, 155, 193, 204, 257 Los Alamitos Co: Orange CA 90720–5001 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219520040 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 1103, 1131, 1120, 341, 1160 Parks Reserve Forces Training Area Dublin Co: Alameda CA 94568–5201 Landholding Agency: Army

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219520056, 219830010, 21200110021–21200110022

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

10 Bldgs. Sierra Army Depot Herlong Co: Lassen CA 96113– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199840015, 21199920033–21199920036, 21199940052–21199940056

Status: Underutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area.

449 Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts Co: San Obispo CA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199730014, 219820192–
219820235
Status: Excess

Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

27 Bldgs.
Presidio of Monterey Annex
Seaside Co: Monterey CA 93944–
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199940051,
21200130005

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

41 Bldgs. Fort Irwin Ft. Irwin Co: San Bernardino CA 92310– Landholding Agency: Army

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920037– 21199920038, 21200030016–21200030018,

2119920038, 21200030016-21200030018, 21200040014, 21200110018-21200110020, 21200130002-21200130003, 21200140015, 21200210001-21200210005

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

Colorado

Bldgs. T–317, T–412, 431, 433 Rocky Mountain Arsenal Commerce Co: Adams CO 80022–2180 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219320013–219320016 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

Ft. Carson Co: El Paso CO 80913–5023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219830020–219830030, 21199910008, 21199930022,21199930025, 21200130006–21200130011 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 00087, 00088, 00096 Pueblo Chemical Depot

40 Bldgs. Fort Carson

Pueblo CO 81006–9330
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200030019–
21200030021
Status: Unutilized
Reason: Extensive deterioration.
Flatiron Facility
Colorado Army Natl Guard
Longmont Co: Weld CO 80504–9404
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230003
Status: Unutilized
Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Georgia

Fort Stewart
Sewage Treatment Plant
Ft. Stewart Co: Hinesville GA 31314—
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219013922
Status: Unutilized
Reason: Sewage treatment.
Facility 12304

Fort Gordon Augusta Co: Richmond GA 30905— Location: Located off Lane Avenue Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219014787 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Wheeled vehicle grease/inspection rack.

174 Bldgs. Fort Gordon Augusta Co: Richmond GA 30905–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219220269, 219410050– 219410060, 219410071–219410072,

21200230007–21200230015 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

3 Bldgs., Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219220335–219220337 Status: Unutilized Reason: Detached lavatory.

16 Bldgs., Fort Benning Ft. Benning Co: Muscogee GA 31905 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219520150, 219610320, 219720017–219720019, 219810028.

219720017–219720019, 219810028, 219810030, 219810035, 219830073, 219830076, 21199930031–21199930037, 21200030023–21200030027 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration. 22 Bldgs.

Fort Gillem Forest Park Co: Clayton GA 30050– Landholding Agency: Army

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219620815, 21199920044–
21199920050, 21199930026, 21200040020,
21200140016–21200140017.

21200220011-21200220012, 21200230005-21200230006 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area.

Bldg. P8121, Fort Stewart Hinesville Co: Liberty GA 31314

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199940060 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive Deterioration. 3 Bldgs., Hunter Army Airfield Savannah Co: Chatham GA 31409-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219630034, 219830068, 21200120042

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

4 Bldgs., Fort McPherson Ft. McPherson Co: Fulton GA 30330–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200040016-21200040018, 21200230004

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Hawaii

14 Bldgs. Schofield Barracks

Wahiawa Co: Wahiawa HI 96786-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219014836-219014837,

219030361, 21200220013, 21200230018 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Most are extensively deteriorated).

Bldg. T-1305 Wheeler Army Airfield Wahiawa HI 96857-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219610348 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration. 5 Bldgs. Fort Shafter Honolulu Co: HI 96819-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200030029– 21200030031, 21200230016–21200230017

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

7 Bldgs.

Kahuku Training Area Kahuku Co: HI 96731 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200140023-21200140027

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

7 Bldgs Dillingham Military Rsv Waialua Co: HI 96791 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220014— 21200220020

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Rock Island Arsenal

Rock Island Co: Rock Island IL 61299–5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219110104-219110108, 219210100, 219620427, 219620428, 21200140043-21200140046

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Some are in a secured area, Some are extensively deteriorated, Some are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.

15 Bldgs. Charles Melvin Price Support Center Granite City Co: Madison IL 62040-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219820027, 21199930043-21199930053 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Floodway.

Newport Army Ammunition Plant Newport Co: Vermillion IN 47966-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219011584, 219011586-219011587, 219011589-219011590, 219011592-219011627, 219011629-219011636, 219011638-219011641, 219210149–219210151, 219220220, 219230032–219230033, 219430336–

219430338, 219520033, 219520042, 219530075-219530097, 219740021-219740026, 219820031-219820032, 21199920063

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some are extensively deteriorated.)

Atterbury Reserve Forces Training Area Edinburgh Co: Johnson IN 46124-1096 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219230030–219230031 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

103 Bldgs.

Iowa Army Ammunition Plant Middletown Co: Des Moines IA 52638-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012605-219012607, 219012609, 219012611, 219012613, 219012615, 219012620, 219012622, 219012624, 219013706-219013738,

219120172-219120174, 219440112-219440158, 219520002, 219520070, 219610414, 219740027, 21200220022, 21200230019-21200230023

Status: Unutilized

Reason: (Many are in a Secured Area) (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.)

27 Bldgs., Iowa Army Ammunition Plant Middletown Co: Des Moines IA 52638 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219230005–219230029, 219310017, 219340091

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

37 Bldgs.

Kansas Army Ammunition Plant Production Area

Parsons Co: Labette KS 67357-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219011909-219011945 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material). 121 Bldgs.

Kansas Army Ammunition Plant Parsons Co: Labette KS 67357-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219620518–219620638

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Bldg. P-417

Fort Leavenworth Leavenworth KS 66027-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219740029 Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration, Sewage pump station.

Kentucky

Bldg. 126

Lexington-Blue Grass Army Depot Lexington Co: Fayette KY 40511-Location: 12 miles Northeast of Lexington, Kentucky.

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011661 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area, Sewage treatment facility.

Bldg. 12

Lexington-Blue Grass Army Depot Lexington Co: Fayette KY 40511-Location: 12 miles Northeast of Lexington Kentucky.

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011663

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Industrial waste treatment plant.

291 Bldgs., Fort Knox Ft. Knox Co: Hardin KY 40121-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110028, 21200130026–21200130029, 21200220030–21200220055, 21200230024

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

29 Bldgs., Fort Campbell Ft. Campbell Co: Christian KY 42223-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110030-21200110049, 21200140048, 21200140053,

21200220029, 21200230029-21200230030 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

528 Bldgs.

Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doylin Co: Webster LA 71023-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219011714-219011716, 219011735-219011737, 219012112, 219013863-219013869, 219110131, 219240138-219240147, 219420332, 219610049-219610263, 219620002-

219620200, 219620749-219620801, 219820047-219820078 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material) (Some are extensively deteriorated).

41 Bldgs., Fort Polk

Ft. Polk Co: Vernon Parish LA 71459-7100

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920070,

21199920078, 21199940074, 21199940075, 21200110050-21200110051, 21200120058, 21200130030-21200130043, 21200140054 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration (Some are in Floodway.)

Maryland

45 Bldgs.

Aberdeen Proving Ground

Aberdeen City Co: Harford MD 21005-5001

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011417, 219012610, 219012637-219012642, 219012658-219012662, 219013773, 219014711, 219610480, 219610489-219610490, 219730077-219730078, 219810070-219810121, 219820090-219820096, 21200120059-21200120060, 21200140055

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Most are in a secured area, (Some are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material) (Some are in a floodway) (Some are extensively deteriorated).

21 Bldgs.

Ft. George G. Meade Ft. Meade Co: Anne Arundel MD 20755–

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219710186,219740068-219740076, 219810065,21199910019, 21199940084, 21199940086, 21200140056-21200140060

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

12 Bldgs.

Woodstock Military Rsv

Granite Co: Baltimore MD 22163-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200130044-

21200130052 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 00602, 00605 Adelphi Lab Center

Adelphi Co: MD 20783

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220056-

21200220057 Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area.

Massachusetts

Bldg. 3462, Camp Edwards Massachusetts Military Reservation Bourne Co: Barnstable MA 024620-5003

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219230095

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 1211 Camp Edwards Massachusetts Military Reservation

Bourne Co: Barnstable MA 02462-5003

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219310020

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Facility No. 0G001

LTA Granby Granby Co: Hampshire MA

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219810062

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 5755-5756 Newport Weekend Training Site

Carleton Co: Monroe MI 48166-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219310060-219310061

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

13 Bldgs.

Fort Custer Training Center 2501 26th Street

Augusta Co: Kalamazoo MI 49102-9205

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220058– 21200220062

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Selfridge ANG Base Selfridge Co: MI 48045-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930059,

21199940089-21199940093, 21200110052-21200110055 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area. Minnesota

160 Bldgs.

Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant New Brighton Co: Ramsey MN 55112-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219120166, 219210014-219210015, 219220227-219220235,

219240328, 219310056, 219320152-219320156, 219330096-219330106,

219340015, 219410159-219410189, 219420198-219420283, 219430060-

219430064, 21200130053-21200130054

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.) (Some are extensively deteriorated).

Missouri

83 Bldgs.

Lake City Army Ammo. Plant

Independence Co: Jackson MO 64050-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219013666–219013669, 219530134-219530138, 21199910023-21199910035, 21199920082, 21200030049

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material).

St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant 4800 Goodfellow Blvd.

St. Louis Co: St. Louis MO 63120-1798 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219120067-219120068, 219610469-219610475

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some are extensively deteriorated.)

8 Bldgs.

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood Co: Pulaski MO 65473-

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219430070-219430075, 219830116, 21199910020-21199910021

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material (Some are extensively deteriorated.)

Nevada

Bldg. 292

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant Hawthorne Co: Mineral NV 89415-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219013614

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Bldg. 396

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Bachelor Enlisted Qtrs W/Dining Facilities Hawthorne Co: Mineral NV 89415– Location: East side of Decatur Street—North

of Maine Avenue

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219011997 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within airport runway clear zone, Secured Area.

39 Bldgs.

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant Hawthorne Co: Mineral NV 89415-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012013, 219013615– 219013643,

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some within airport runway clear zone; many within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material).

Group 101, 34 Bldgs.

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant Co: Mineral NV 89415-0015

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219830132

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material Secured Area.

129 Bldgs.

Armament Res. Dev. & Eng. Ctr.

Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219010442-219010474,

219010476, 219010639-219010664,

219010680-219010715, 219012428,

219012430, 219012433-219012466,

219012469, 219012475, 219012763-

219012765, 219014306-219014307,

219014311, 219014313-219014321, 219140617, 219230123, 219420006,

219530147, 219540005, 219540007, 219740110-219740127, 21200130057-

21200130063

Status: Excess

Reason: Secured Area (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.) (Some are extensively deteriorated) (Some are in a floodway).

9 Bldgs.

Armament Research

Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199940094-

21199940099

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Unexploded ordnance, Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 432

Ft. Monmouth Ft. Monmouth Co: NJ 07703-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200110056

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 1222F

Picatinny Arsenal

Dover Co: NJ 07806-5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220063

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

New Mexico

Bldgs. 01885, 21536

White Sands Missile Range

White Sands Co: Dona Ana NM 88002-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200230025-21200230026 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

New York

Bldgs. 110, 143, 2084, 2105, 2110 Seneca Army Depot Romulus Co: Seneca NY 14541-5001 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219240439, 219240440–

219240443 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area, Extensive

deterioration. Parcel 19

Stewart Army Subpost, U.S. Military Academy

New Windsor Co: Orange NY 12553-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219730098

Status: Unutilized Reason: Within airport runway clear zone.

Bldg. 12 Watervliet Arsenal Watervliet NY

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219730099

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 134

Watervliet Arsenal Co: Albany NY 12189-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199840068 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

Bldgs. 4056, 4275 Stewart Army Subpost New Windsor Co: Orange NY 12553–

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199930061

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Sewage pump station.

Bldgs. 201-205, 231, 219, 217 Orangeburg USARC

Orangeburg Co: Rockland NY 10962-2209 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200140063 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

13 Bldgs. Youngstown Training Site Youngstown Co: Niagara NY 14131-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220064-21200220069

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

North Carolina

85 Bldgs. Fort Bragg Ft. Bragg Co: Cumberland NC 28307-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219620478, 219620480, 219640074,219710102-219710111, 219710224, 219810167, 219830117,

21199930062-21199930067, 21200040032-21200040037, 21200140064

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 16, 139, 261, 273 Military Ocean Terminal Southport Co: Brunswick NC 28461-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219530155, 219810158– 219810160 Status: Unutilized

North Dakota

Bldgs. 440, 455, 456, 3101, 3110 Stanley R. Mickelsen Nekoma Co: Cavalier ND 58355-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199940103– 21199940107

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Ohio

190 Bldgs.

Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant Ravenna Co: Portage OH 44266-9297

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012476–219012507, 219012509-219012513, 219012515, 219012517-219012518, 219012520, 219012522-219012523, 219012525-219012528, 219012530-219012532, 219012534-219012535, 219012537,

219013670-219013677, 219013781, 219210148, 21199840069-21199840104,

21199930070-21199930072 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area

7 Bldgs.

Lima Army Tank Plant Lima OH 45804-1898 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219730104-219730110 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area. Bldgs. T-423, 37 Defense Supply Center Columbus Co: Franklin OH 43216-5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220070, 21200230027

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Oklahoma

548 Bldgs.

McAlester Army Ammunition Plant McAlester Co: Pittsburg OK 74501-5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011674, 219011680,

219011684, 219011687, 219012113, 219013981-219013991, 219013994, 219014081-219014102, 219014104, 219014107-219014137, 219014141-219014159, 219014162, 219014165-219014216, 219014218-219014274, 219014336-219014559, 219030007-

219030127, 219040004, 21199910039-21199910040

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material).

2 Bldgs Fort Sill

Lawton Co: Comanche OK 73503-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219510023, 219730342

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration

McAlester Army Ammunition Plant

McAlester Co: Pittsburg OK 74501-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219310050–219310052,

219320170-219320171, 219330149-219330160, 219430123-219430125, 219620485-219620490, 219630110-219630111, 219810174, 21200210023

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area (Some are extensively deteriorated).

11 Bldgs.

Tooele Army Depot Umatilla Depot Activity

Hermiston Co: Morrow/Umatilla OR 97838-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012174–219012176, 219012178-219012179, 219012190-219012191, 219012197-219012198,

219012217, 219012229 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area.

34 Bldgs. Tooele Army Depot

Umatilla Depot Activity Hermiston Co: Morrow/Umatilla OR 97838–

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219012177, 219012185– 219012186, 219012189, 219012195– 219012196, 219012199-219012205, 219012207-219012208, 219012225,

219012279, 219014304-219014305, 219014782, 219030362-219030363,

219120032, 21199840107-21199840110, 21199920084-21199920090

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

Pennsylvania

59 Bldgs. Fort Indiantown Gap

Annville Co: Lebanon PA 17003-5011

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219640337, 219730122– 219730128, 219740137, 219810178-219810193

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Defense Distribution Depot

New Cumberland Co: York PA 17070-5001 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219830135, 21199940108-21199940112, 21200030060, 21200110058-21200110063,

21200130070-21200130072, 21200140071, 21200220071-21200220073, 21200230028

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Rhode Island

Bldg. 104 Army Aviation

North Kingstown Co: Washington RI 02852 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200120064

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

South Carolina

40 Bldgs., Fort Jackson

Ft. Jackson Co: Richland SC 29207 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219440237, 219440239, 219620312, 219620317, 219620348,

219620351, 219640138-219640139, 21199640148-21199640149, 219720095, 2119730145-2119730130, 219730132, 219730145-219730157, 219740138, 219820102-219820111, 219830139-219830157

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Tennessee

35 Bldgs. Holston Army Ammunition Plant

Kingsport Co: Hawkins TN 61299-6000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012304–219012309, 219012311-219012312, 219012314, 219012316-219012317, 219012319, 219012325, 219012328, 219012330, 219012332, 219012334-219012335, 219012337, 219013789-219013790, 219030266, 219140613, 219330178,

219440212-219440216, 219510025-219510028, 21200040038, 21200230035-21200230036

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Some are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material).

Milan Army Ammunition Plant Milan Co: Gibson TN 38358– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219240447-219240449, 219320182-219320184, 219330176-219330177, 219520034, 219740139 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

Bldg. Z-183A Milan Army Ammunition Plant Milan Co: Gibson TN 38358-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219240783 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.

9 Bldgs.

Fort Campbell
Ft. Campbell Co: Montgomery TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220023-21200220025, 21200230031-21200230034 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Texas

20 Bldgs. Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant Highway 82 West Texarkana Co: Bowie TX 75505-9100 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012524, 219012529, 219012533, 219012536, 219012539-219012540, 219012542, 219012544-219012545, 219030337-219030345

Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable of explosive material. Secured Area.

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Karnack Co: Harrison TX 75661-Location: State highway 43 north Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219012546, 219012548, 219610555–219610584, 219610635, 219620244-219620287, 219620827-219620837, 21200020054-21200020070

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area (Most are within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material).

16 Bldgs., Red River Army Depot Texarkana Co: Bowie TX 75507-5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219420314–219420327,

219430094-219430097

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area (Some are extensively

deteriorated). 3 Bldgs., Fort Sam Houston San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219640172, 219640177,

219640182, Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive Deterioration.

Bldgs. T-2916, T-3180, T-3192, T-3398, T-

Fort Sam Houston

San Antonio Co: Bexar TX 78234-5000

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219330476-219330479,

219640181 Status: Unutilized Reason: Detached latrines.

80 Bldgs., Fort Bliss El Paso Co: El Paso TX 79916– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219730160-219730186, 219830161-219830197

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Starr Ranch, Bldg. 703B Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Karnack Co: Harrison TX 75661-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219640186, 219640494 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Floodway.

Bldgs. 4555, 4554 Tooele Army Depot Tooele Co: Tooele UT 84074–5008 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012166, 219030366, Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. S–4301 Tooele Army Depot Tooele Co: Tooele UT 84074-5008 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219012751 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area.

4 Bldgs. Dugway Proving Ground Dugway Co: Toole UT 84022-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219013997, 219130012, 219130015, 21200120065 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area.

51 Bldgs Dugway Proving Ground Dugway Co: Toole UT 84022-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219339181-219330182, 219330185, 219420328-219420329, 21199920091-21199920101 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Bldgs. 3102, 5145, 8030 Deseret Chemical Depot Tooele UT 84074-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219820119–219820121 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Extensive deterioration.

Virginia

324 Bldgs. Radford Army Ammunition Plant Radford Co: Montgomery VA 24141-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219010833, 219010836, 219010839, 219010842, 219010844, 219010847-219010890, 219010892-219010912, 219011521-219011577 219011581-219011583, 219011585, 219011588, 219011591, 219013559-219013570, 219110142-219110143,

219120071, 219140618–219140633, 219440219-219440225, 219510031-219510033, 219610607-219610608, 219830223-219830267, 21200020079-21200020081, 21200230038

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material. Secured Area

13 Bldgs. Radford Army Amniunition Plant Radford Co: Montgomery VA 24141– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219010834-219010835, 219010837-219010838, 219010840-219010841, 219010843, 219010845-219010846, 219010891, 219011578-

219011580 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material. Secured Area. Latrine, detached structure.

U.S. Army Combined Arms Support Command

Fort Lee Co: Prince George VA 23801-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219240107, 219339210, 2129330219–219330220, 219330225– 219330228, 219520062, 219610597, 219620497, 219620866-219620876, 219630115, 219740156, 219830208-219830210, 21199940129-21199940131,

21200030062, 21200040040, 21200110064, 21200120067, 21200230037 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration (Some are in a secured area.)

16 Bldgs.

Radford Army Ammunition Plant Radford VA 24141-

Radiord VA 24141 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219220210–219220218, 219230100–219230103, 219520037

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Bldg. B7103-01, Motor House Radford Army Ammunition Plant Radford VA 24141-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219240324

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area. Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material. Extensive deterioration.

56 Bldgs. Red Water Field Office Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Radford VA 24141-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219430341–219430396 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material. Secured Area.

17 Bldgs. Fort A.P. Hill

Bowling Green Co: Caroline VA 22427– Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219510030, 219610588, 21199930079, 21200040041-21200040042, 21200110067-21200110069, 21200120066, 21200210024, 21200220074

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area. Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 2013-00, B2013-00, A1601-00 Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Radford VA 24141– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219520052, 219530194

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

11 Bldgs. Fort Belvoir

Ft. Belvoir Co: Fairfax VA 22060-5116

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910050-21199910051, 21199920107, 21199940117-21199940120, 21200030063-21200030064,

21200130075-21200130077

Status: Unutilized Reason: Extensive deterioration.

6 Bldgs., Fort Eustis Ft. Eustis Co. VA 23604– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200210025– 21200210026

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 448, Fort Myer Blog. 446, 101 Myer Ft. Myer Co: Arlington VA 22211–1199 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010069

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

7 Bldgs. Fort Monroe

Ft. Monroe Co: VA 23651-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220076-

21200220079 Status: Excess

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

26 Bldgs. Blackstone Co: Nottoway VA 23824-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200220080–

21200220092 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Washington

660 Bldgs., Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-5000

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219610006–219610007, 219610009-219610010, 219610012,

219610042-219610046, 219620512-219620517, 219640193, 219720142-219720151, 219810205-219810242, 219820130-219820132, 21199910063-

21199910080, 21199920125-21199920181, 21199930080-21199930105, 21199940134,

21200120068, 21200130080,

21200140072-21200140073, 21200210075, 21200220097

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

10 Bldgs., Fort Lewis

Huckleberry Creek Mountain Training Site

Co: Pierce WA

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219740162–219740171 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. 415, Fort Worden

Port Angeles Co: Clallam WA 98362-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910062 Status: Excess

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Bldg. U515A, Fort Lewis Ft. Lewis Co: Pierce WA 98433-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199920124 Status: Excess

Reason: Gas chamber.

13 Bldgs.

Yakima Training Center Yakima Co: WA 98901– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200010074, 21200120069-21200120076, 21200120084,

21200210074 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Wisconsin

Badger Army Ammunition Plant Baraboo Co: Sauk WI 53913-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011094, 219011209-219011212, 219011217

Status: Underutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Friable asbestos, Secured Area.

153 Bldgs.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant Baraboo Co: Sauk WI 53913-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219011104, 219011106, 219011108-219011113, 219011115-219011117, 219011119-219011120,

219011122-219011139, 219011141-219011142, 219011144, 219011148-219011208, 219011213-219011216,

219011218-219011234, 219011236, 219011238, 219011240, 219011242, 219011244, 219011247, 219011249,

219011251, 219011256, 219011259, 219011263, 219011265, 219011268,

219011270, 219011275, 219011277, 219011280, 219011282, 219011284, 219011286, 219011290, 219011293,

219011295, 219011297, 219011300, 219011302, 219011304–219011311,

219011317, 219011319-219011321, 219011323

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Friable asbestos, Secured Area.

4 Bldgs.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant

Baraboo Co: Sauk WI Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219013871–219013873, 219013875

Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area.

22 Bldgs.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant Baraboo Co: Sauk WI

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219013876-219013878, 219220295-219220311, 219510065,

219510067 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area.

743 Bldgs.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant Baraboo Co: Sauk WI 53913-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219210097-219210099,219740184-219740271, 21200020083-21200020155

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area.

124 Bldgs.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant Baraboo Co: Sauk WI 53913-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219510069–219510077

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration.

Bldgs. 2153, 2158

Fort McCoy

Ft. McCov Co: Monroe WI 54656-5136 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200230039

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration.

Land (by State)

Alabama

23 acres and 2284 acres

Alabama Army Ammunition Plant 110 Hwy. 235

Childersburg Co: Talladega AL 35044-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219210095-219210096 Status: Excess

Reason: Secured Area.

Indiana

Newport Army Ammunition Plant East of 14th St. & North of S. Blvd. Newport Co: Vermillion IN 47966– Landĥolding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219012360

Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area.

Maryland

Carroll Island, Graces Quarters Aberdeen Proving Ground

Edgewood Area

Aberdeen City Co: Harford MD 21010-5425 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219012630, 219012632 Status: Underutilized

Reason: Floodway, Secured Area.

Minnesota

Portion of R.R. Spur

Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant

New Brighton Co: Ramsey MN 55112– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219620472 Status: Unutilized Reason: Landlocked.

New Jersey

Land

Armament Research Development & Eng. Center

Route 15 North

Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219013788

Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Spur Line/Right of Way Armament Rsch., Dev., & Eng. Center Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806–5000 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 219530143 Status: Unutilized Reason: Floodway.

2.0 Acres, Berkshire Trail Armament Rsch., Dev., & Eng. Center Picatinny Arsenal Co: Morris NJ 07806–5000 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199910036 Status: Underutilized

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area.

Ohio

0.4051 acres, Lot 40 & 41 Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant Ravenna Co: Portage OH 44266–9297 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219630109 Status: Excess Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or

explosive material.

Oklahoma

McAlester Army Ammunition Plant McAlester Co: Pittsburg OK 74501– Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219014603 Status: Underutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material.

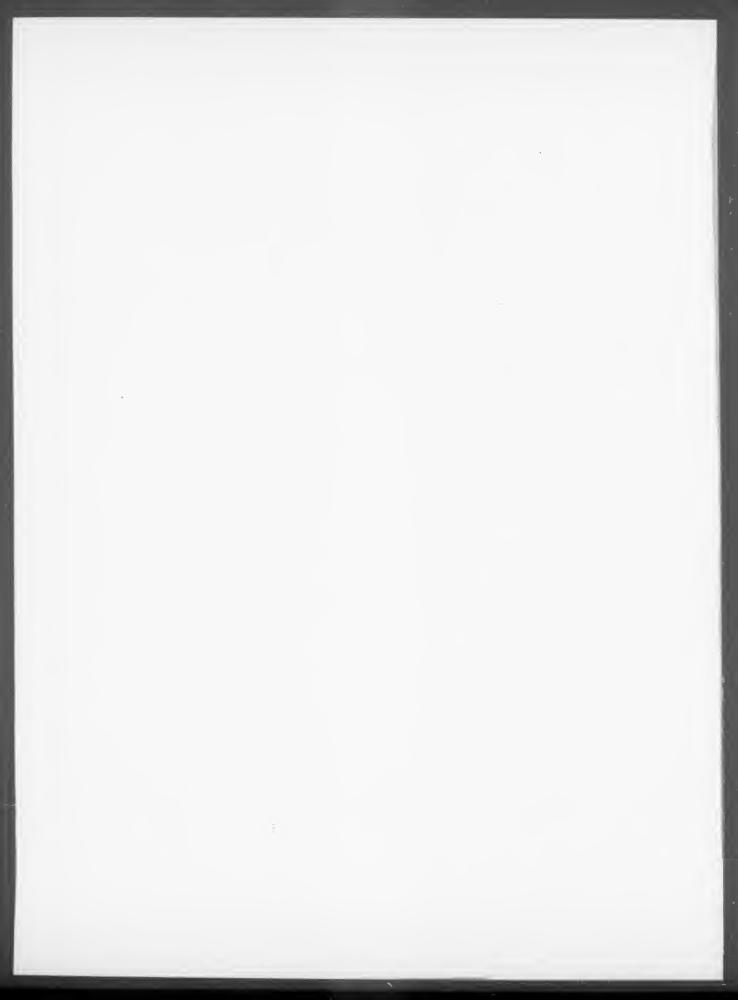
Texas

Land—Approx. 50 acres Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant Texarkana Co: Bowie TX 75505–9100 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 219420308 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Training Land (3.764 acres) Camp Swift Military Rsv. Bastrop Co: TX Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200130073 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area.

Wisconsin

Land
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo Co: Sauk WI 53913–
Location: Vacant land within plant
boundaries.
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 219013783
Status: Unutilized
Reason: Secured Area.

[FR Doc. 02–20677 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4210–29–P





Friday, August 16, 2002

Part III

# Department of Education

34 CFR Part 222 Impact Aid Programs; Final Rule

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

#### 34 CFR Part 222

RIN 1810-AA94

#### Impact Aid Programs

**AGENCY:** Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Department of Education.

**ACTION:** Final regulations.

SUMMARY: The Secretary issues these final regulations to implement a new Impact Aid discretionary construction grant program, which is authorized under section 8007(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (the Act), as amended by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. The program provides competitive grants for emergency repairs and modernization of school facilities to certain eligible school districts that receive Impact Aid funds. These final regulations incorporate statutory requirements and provide requirements for applying and qualifying for, as well as spending, the Federal funds provided under this program. These final regulations apply only to the fiscal year (FY) 2002 grant competition.

**DATES:** These regulations are effective September 16, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Catherine Schagh, Impact Aid Program, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20202-6244. Telephone: (202) 260-3858 or via Internet, at: Impact.Aid@ed.gov.

If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), you may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339.

Individuals with disabilities may obtain this document in an alternative format (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, or computer diskette) on request to the contact person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: These final regulations implement the new discretionary Impact Aid construction grant program, which is authorized under section 8007(b) of the Act, as amended by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Pub. L. 107–110, enacted January 8, 2002).

The purpose of the program is to assist eligible Impact Aid school districts in meeting the emergency or modernization needs of their school facilities.

The following is a summary of the regulatory provisions, such as interpretations of statutory text, or

standards and procedures for the operation of the program, that the Secretary believes are necessary for implementing the statute. We discuss substantive issues under the sections of the regulations to which they pertain. Generally, we do not address regulatory provisions that are technical or otherwise minor in effect.

Section 222.172 What Activities May an LEA Conduct With Funds Under This Program?

The regulations detail the types of construction activities that recipients of emergency and modernization grants may conduct with grant funds. These provisions also clarify that both emergency and modernization grants may only be used for new construction when an LEA holds title to an existing facility and when the proposed construction meets the standards detailed in the regulations for determining that improving a current facility is more costly than replacing it.

Section 222.173 What Activities Are Prohibited?

Section 222.173 specifies the various types of activities that may not be supported with grant funds under this program. The statute prohibits using grant funds for acquiring real property but allows for the new construction of a building in limited circumstances. Since a building is also typically considered to be real property, the provision clarifies, consistent with the authorizing statute, that grant funds cannot be used to acquire an interest in real property except when the Secretary determines under § 222.173 that construction of a new building will be permitted.

Section 222.176 What Definitions Apply to This Program?

The regulations define the term "emergency" to include health and safety conditions that present an immediate threat to the building's occupants, as well as those conditions that will present health and safety hazards in the very near future. The definition also provides examples of some of the types of health and safety conditions that the Secretary anticipates the emergency grants will address.

The provisions clarify that "modernization" grants must be used to repair, renovate, alter, or extend facilities in order to support a contemporary educational program that is consistent with the laws, standards, or common practices in the LEA's State. Since the Secretary anticipates that the need for these grants will exceed the amount of available funds, this

provision clarifies that the Secretary does not intend that these grants be used to fund facility modernization projects that exceed a State's standards.

Eligibility

The statutory eligibility criteria for emergency and modernization grants are complex and further complicated by funding provisions that specify, in descending priority order, two emergency grant and two modernization grant eligibility categories. These regulations provide details on each of the four eligibility categories so that applicants can determine under which funding priority their application will be considered. This will be particularly important for applicants to consider because the statute mandates that the Secretary must first use available funds for applications in the first priority. After all eligible applications in the first priority have been funded, the Secretary considers applications in the second priority, followed by the third and fourth priorities in descending order.

How To Apply for a Grant

The statute does not specify a complete application process; the regulations provide for an application that requests objective and subjective information that will be used to rank applicants. An applicant will also be required to agree to certain assurances that are contained in the application package. In addition, the Secretary, before making final award decisions, will request detailed data on the funds that the highest-ranked applicants have available to contribute to their proposed projects. The regulations specify that the applications will be based on student and fiscal data from the preceding fiscal year, unless satisfactory fiscal data from that year are not available.

#### **How Grants Are Made**

The Department will review applications separately among the four funding priorities. Panel reviewers will rank the applications by category based on the selection criteria and any other applicable factors that will be detailed in an application closing notice published in the Federal Register.

Prior to making final funding decisions and determining final grant amounts, the Secretary may verify certain data with applicants' States and will also assess available resources for all highly ranked grantees, limitations on the grant awards for certain grantee categories, and the availability of inkind contributions.

As detailed in the "Eligibility" portion of the regulations, the Secretary will generally fund all eligible

applications in the first application priority group before funding applications in each of the next three groups. This will vary if the remaining funds are insufficient to fund another project in the highest-priority group but adequate to fund a project in the next priority group. The next-ranked applicants in the higher-priority group will be offered the opportunity to accept funds for a portion of their projects before lower-priority projects are funded. If they accept the lower grant amount, they would forfeit the right to have their applications carried over and considered for funding in the next year's competition. However, they could submit new applications for the next year for the remainder of their projects.

#### **Executive Order 12866**

#### Potential Costs and Benefits

Under Executive Order 12866, we have assessed the potential costs and benefits of this regulatory action. The potential costs associated with the regulations are those resulting from statutory requirements and those we have determined to be necessary for administering this program effectively and efficiently. Elsewhere in this SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section we identify and explain burdens specifically associated with information collection requirements. See the heading Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

In assessing the potential costs and benefits—both quantitative and qualitative—of this regulatory action, we have determined that the benefits justify the costs. We have also determined that this regulatory action does not unduly interfere with State, local, and tribal governments in the exercise of their governmental functions.

## Summary of Potential Costs and Benefits

The Secretary believes that these regulations are necessary to clarify complex statutory provisions. The costs associated with these provisions are not only minimal but also justified in terms of the benefits.

#### Waiver of Proposed Rulemaking

Under the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553), the Department generally offers interested parties the opportunity to comment on proposed regulations. However, in order to make timely grant awards for FY 2002, the Secretary has decided to issue these final regulations without first publishing proposed regulations for public comment. These regulations will

apply to the FY 2002 grant competition only. The Secretary takes this action under section 437(d)(1) of the General Education Provisions Act.

At a later date the Assistant Secretary plans to publish a notice of proposed rulemaking for this program and offer interested parties the opportunity to comment. The proposed regulations would apply to grant competitions under the program beginning in FY 2003

#### Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

The Secretary certifies that these regulations will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The small entities that would be affected by these regulations are small LEAs receiving Federal funds under this program. However, the regulations would not have a significant economic impact on the small LEAs affected because the regulations will not impose excessive regulatory burdens or require unnecessary Federal supervision. The regulations would impose minimal paperwork burden requirements for applicants and minimal requirements with which the grant recipients must

#### Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

Sections 222.183, 222.184, 222.185, and 222.186 contain information collection requirements. As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507(d)), the Department of Education submitted a copy of the information collection "Impact Aid Discretionary Construction Grant Program" to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for its review and approval. OMB has granted provisional clearance on the information collection requirements associated with this grant application. The Department nevertheless continues to seek public comment on these information collection requirements.

The Department will use the information collected in the application to determine whether applicants meet the basic eligibility requirements of section 8007(b) of the Act, to determine whether the applicant is requesting an emergency or modernization grant, and to determine which of the four priorities described in the statute applies to the individual application. In addition, information on the application will be used to evaluate applications within each of the four priorities. Among the criteria the Secretary is required to consider are the applicant's total assessed value of real property that may be taxed for school purposes, its use of

bonding capacity, and the nature and severity of its need for funds.

Since the statute requires applicants to apply for funds, the Department would not be able to award these funds without the application to collect the required information.

We collect information only once for each school for which the applicant seeks funds. We estimate annual reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information to average 3.3 hours for each respondent for 250 applicants, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Thus, we estimate the total annual reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection to be 1,453.5 hours.

If you want to comment on the information collection requirements, please send your comments to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503; Attention: Desk Officer for U.S. Department of Education. You may also send a copy of these comments to the Department representative named in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION section of this preamble.

We consider your comments on this proposed collection of information in—

• Deciding whether the proposed collection is necessary for the proper performance of our functions, including whether the information will have practical use;

• Evaluating the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the proposed collection, including the validity of our methodology and assumptions;

• Enhancing the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the information we collect; and

• Minimizing the burden on those who must respond. This includes exploring the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Your comments will be considered for the FY 2003 competition. To ensure that OMB gives your comments full consideration, we ask that you send comments concerning the collection of information contained in these regulations between 30 and 60 days after publication of this document in the Federal Register.

#### Intergovernmental Review

This program is subject to Executive Order 12372 and the regulations in 34 CFR part 79. One of the objectives of the Executive Order is to foster an intergovernmental partnership and a strengthened federalism. The Executive Order relies on processes developed by State and local governments for coordination and review of proposed Federal financial assistance.

This document provides early notification of our specific plans and

actions for this program.

#### **Electronic Access to This Document**

You may view this document, as well as all other Department of Education documents published in the Federal Register, in text or Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet at the following site: www.ed.gov/ legislation/FedRegister.

To use PDF you must have Adobe Acrobat Reader, which is available free at this site. If you have questions about using PDF, call the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO), toll free, at 1-888-293-6498; or in the Washington, DC, area at (202) 512-1530.

You may also view this document in PDF at the following site: http:// www.ed.gov/offices/OESE/ImpactAid/.

Note: The official version of this document is the document published in the Federal Register. Free Internet access to the official edition of the Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations is available on GPO Access at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/ index.html.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 84.041C Impact Aid Discretionary Construction Grants.)

#### List of Subjects in 34 CFR Part 222

Education, Education of children with disabilities, Educational facilities, Elementary and secondary education, Federally affected areas, Grant programs-education, Indianseducation, Public housing, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, School construction, Schools.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

#### Susan B. Neuman,

Assistant Secretary for Elementary and Secondary Education.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Secretary amends title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations by adding a new subpart L to part 222 to read as follows:

#### PART 222—IMPACT AID PROGRAMS

1. The authority citation for part 222 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7701-7714, unless otherwise noted.

2. Add subpart L to part 222 to read as follows:

#### Subpart L-Impact Aid Discretionary **Construction Grant Program Under Section** 8007(b) of the Act

#### General

- 222.170 What is the purpose of the Impact Aid Discretionary Construction grant program (Section 8007(b) of the Act)?
- 222.171 In general, what LEAs may be eligible for Discretionary Construction grants?
- 222.172 What activities may an LEA conduct with funds received under this program?
- 222.173 What activities are prohibited? 222.174 What other prohibitions apply to these funds?
- 222.175 What regulations apply to recipients of funds under this program? 222.176 What definitions apply to this

#### Eligibility

program?

222.177 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for an emergency grant under the first priority?

222.178 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for an emergency grant under the second priority?

222.179 Under what circumstances may an ineligible LEA apply on behalf of a school for an emergency grant under the second priority?

222.180 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for a modernization grant under the third priority?

222.181 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for a modernization grant under the fourth priority?

222.182 Under what circumstances may an ineligible LEA apply on behalf of a school for a modernization grant under the fourth priority?

#### How To Apply for a Grant

222.183 How does an LEA apply for a grant?

222.184 What information must an application contain?

222.185 What additional information must be included in an emergency grant

222.186 What additional information must be included in a modernization grant application?

222.187 Which year's data must an SEA or LEA provide?

#### How Grants Are Made

- 222.188 What priority may the Secretary establish?
- 222.189 What funding priority does the Secretary give to applications?
- 222.190 How does the Secretary rank and select applicants?
- 222.191 What is the maximum award amount?
- 222.192 What local funds may be considered as available for this project?
- 222.193 What other limitations on grant amounts apply? 222.194 Are "in-kind" contributions
- permissible?

#### Conditions and Requirements Grantees Must Meet

222.195 How does the Secretary make funds available to grantees?

222.196 What additional construction requirements apply?

Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7701-7714, unless otherwise noted.

#### General

#### § 222.170 What is the purpose of the Impact Aid Discretionary Construction grant program (Section 8007(b) of the Act)?

The Impact Aid Discretionary Construction grant program provides competitive grants for emergency repairs and modernization of school facilities to certain eligible local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Impact Aid funds.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

#### § 222.171 In general, what LEAs may be eligible for Discretionary Construction grants?

(a) Applications for these grants are considered in four funding priority categories. Complete information about the specific requirements for each priority is detailed in §§ 222.177 through 222.182.

(b)(1) Generally, to be eligible for an emergency construction grant, an LEA

(i) Enroll a high proportion (at least 40 percent) of federally connected children in average daily attendance (ADA) who reside on Indian lands or who reside on Federal property and have a parent on active duty in the U.S. uniformed services:

(ii) Have a school that enrolls a high proportion of one of these types of

students;

(iii) Be eligible for funding for heavily impacted LEAs under section 8003(b)(2) of the Act; or

(iv) Meet specific numeric requirements regarding bonding

capacity.

(2) The Secretary must also consider such factors as an LEA's total assessed value of real property that may be taxed for school purposes, its availability and use of bonding capacity, and the nature and severity of the emergency

(c)(1) Generally, to be eligible for a modernization construction grant, an

LEA must-

(i) Be eligible for Impact Aid funding under either section 8002 or 8003 of the

(ii) Be eligible for funding for heavily impacted LEAs under section 8003(b)(2) of the Act:

(iii) Enroll a high proportion (at least 40 percent) of federally connected children in ADA who reside on Indian lands or who reside on Federal property and have a parent on active duty in the U.S. uniformed services;

(iv) Have a school that enrolls a high proportion of one of these types of students;

(v) Meet specific numeric requirements regarding bonding capacity; or

(vi) Be eligible for funding under section 8002 of the Act (payments for

Federal property).

(2) The Secretary must also consider such factors as an LEA's total assessed value of real property that may be taxed for school purposes, its availability and use of bonding capacity, and the nature and severity of its need for modernization funds.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.172 What activities may an LEA conduct with funds received under this program?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an LEA may use emergency grant funds received under this program only to repair, renovate, or alter a public elementary or secondary school facility used for free public education to ensure the health, safety, and well-being of students and

personnel.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an LEA may use modernization grant funds received under this program only to repair, renovate, alter, or extend a public elementary or secondary school facility used for free public education to provide school facilities that support a contemporary educational program for the LEA's students at normal capacity, and in accordance with the laws, standards, or common practices in the LEA's State.

(c)(1) An emergency or modernization grant under this program may be used for the construction of a new school facility but only if the Secretary

determines—

(i) That the LEA holds title to the existing facility for which funding is

requested; and

(ii) In consultation with a grantee, that partial or complete replacement of the facility would be less expensive or more cost-effective than improving the existing facility.

(2) When construction of school facilities is permitted, emergency and modernization funds may be used for new school facilities that are used for free public education. This may include

(i) Construction of instructional, resource, food service, and general or administrative support areas, so long as they are a part of the instructional facility; and (ii) Purchase of initial equipment, machinery, and initial utility connections.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

#### § 222.173 What activities are prohibited?

The Secretary does not fund the following activities under this grant:

(a) Improvements on facilities for which the LEA does not have full title or other interest.

(b) Repair, renovation, alteration or construction for stadiums or other facilities that are primarily used for athletic contests, exhibitions, and other events for which admission is charged to the general public.

(c) Except in the limited circumstances as provided in § 222.172(c), when new construction is permissible, acquisition of any interest

in real property.

(d) Maintenance costs associated with any of an LEA's school facilities.
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

### § 222.174 What other prohibitions apply to these funds?

Grant funds under this program may not be used to supplant or replace other available non-Federal construction money. These grant funds may be used for emergency or modernization activities only to the extent that they supplement the amount of construction funds that would, in the absence of these grant funds, be available to a grantee from non-Federal funds for these purposes. Examples follow:

Example 1. "Supplanting": An LEA signs a contract for a \$300,000 roof replacement and plans to use its capital expenditure fund to pay for the renovation. Since the LEA already has non-Federal funds available for the roof project, it may not now use a grant from this program to pay for the project or replace its own funds in order to conserve its capital fund.

Example 2. "Non-supplanting": The LEA above that has the \$300,000 roof commitment has also received a \$400,000 estimate for the replacement of its facility's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system. The LEA has not made any commitments for the HVAC system because it has no remaining funds available to pay for that work. Since other funds are not available, it would not be supplanting if the LEA received an emergency grant under this program to pay for the HVAC system. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

### § 222.175 What regulations apply to recipients of funds under this program?

The following regulations apply to the Impact Aid Discretionary Construction program:

(a) The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) as follows:

(1) 34 CFR part 75 (Direct Grant Programs) except for 34 CFR 75.600 through 75.617.

(2) 34 CFR part 77 (Definitions that Apply to Department Regulations).

(3) 34 CFR part 79 (Intergovernmental Review of Department of Education Programs and Activities).

(4) 34 CFR part 80 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments).

(5) 34 CFR part 81 (General Education Provisions Act—Enforcement).

(6) 34 CFR part 82 (New Restrictions on Lobbying).

(7) 34 CFR part 85 (Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)).

(b) The regulations in 34 CFR part 222, including subpart L.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3)

## § 222.176 What definitions apply to this program?

(a) In addition to the terms referenced in 34 CFR § 222.2, the following definitions apply to this subpart:

Bond limit means the cap or limit that a State may impose on an LEA's capacity for bonded indebtedness. For applicants in States that place no limit on an LEA's capacity for bonded indebtedness, the Secretary shall consider the LEA's bond limit to be ten percent of its total assessed valuation.

Construction means:

(1) Preparing drawings and specifications for school facilities;

(2) Repairing, renovating, or altering school facilities;

(3) Extending school facilities as described in § 222.172(b);

(4) Erecting or building school facilities, as described in 222.172(c); and

(5) Inspections or supervision related to school facilities projects.

Emergency means a school facility condition that is so injurious or hazardous that it either poses an immediate threat to the health and safety of the facility's students and staff or can be reasonably expected to pose such a threat in the near future. These conditions can include the need to repair, replace, or install: a roof; electrical wiring; a plumbing or sewage system; or heating, ventilation, or air conditioning; or to bring a school facility into compliance with fire and safety codes.

Level of bonded indebtedness means the amount of long-term debt issued by an LEA divided by the LEA's bonding

Minimal capacity to issue bonds means that the total assessed value of

real property in an LEA that may be taxed for school purposes is at least \$25,000,000 but not more than \$50,000,000.

Modernization means the repair, renovation, alteration, or extension of a public elementary or secondary school facility in order to support a contemporary educational program for an LEA's students in normal capacity, and in accordance with the laws, standards or common practices in the LEA's State.

No practical capacity to issue bonds means that the total assessed value of real property in an LEA that may be taxed for school purposes is less than

Total assessed value per student means the assessed valuation of real property per pupil (AVPP), unless

otherwise defined by an LEA's State.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

(b) *Definitions in EDGAR*. The following terms used in this subpart are defined or referenced in 34 CFR 77.1:

Applicant
Application
Award
Contract
Department
EDGAR
Equipment
Facilities
Fiscal year

Grantee Grantee

Project Public

Real property Recipient

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b) and 1221e-3)

#### Eligibility

## § 222.177 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for an emergency grant under the first priority?

An LEA is eligible to apply for an emergency grant under the first priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if it—

(a) Is eligible to receive formula construction funds for the fiscal year under section 8007(a) of the Act;

(b)(1) Has no practical capacity to issue bonds;

(2) Has minimal capacity to issue bonds and has used at least seventy-five percent of its bond limit; or

(3) Is eligible to receive funds for the fiscal year for heavily impacted districts under section 8003(b)(2) of the Act; and

(c) Has a school facility emergency that the Secretary has determined poses a health or safety hazard to students and school personnel.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.178 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for an emergency grant under the second priority?

Except as provided in § 222.179, an LEA is eligible to apply for an emergency grant under the second priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if it—

- (a) Is eligible to receive funds for the fiscal year under section 8003(b) of the Act:
- (b)(1) Has federally connected children living on Indian lands equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in average daily attendance (ADA) in its schools; or
- (2) Has federally connected children with a parent in the U.S. uniformed services equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA in its schools;
- (c) Has used at least seventy-five percent of its bond limit;
- (d) Has an average per student assessed value of real property taxable for school purposes that is below its State average; and
- (e) Has a school facility emergency that the Secretary has determined is a health or safety hazard to students and school personnel.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

#### § 222.179 Under what circumstances may an ineligible LEA apply on behalf of a school for an emergency grant under the second priority?

An LEA that is eligible to receive section 8003(b) assistance for the fiscal year but that does not meet the other eligibility criteria described in § 222.178(a) or (b) may apply on behalf of a school located within its geographic boundaries for an emergency grant under the second priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if—

(a) The school—

(1) Has children living on Indian lands equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA; or

(2) Has children with a parent in the U.S. uniformed services equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA;

(b) The school has a school facility emergency that the Secretary has determined is a health or safety hazard to students and school personnel;

(c) The LEA has used at least 75 percent of its bond limit; and

(d) The LEA has an average perstudent assessed value of real property that may be taxed for school purposes that is below its State average.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.180 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for a modernization grant under the third priority?

An LEA is eligible to apply for a modernization grant under the third priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if it—

- (a) Is eligible to receive funds for the fiscal year under section 8002 or 8003(b) of the Act;
- (b)(1) Has no practical capacity to issue bonds;
- (2) Has minimal capacity to issue bonds and has used at least 75 percent of its bond limit; or
- (3) Is eligible to receive funds for the fiscal year for heavily impacted districts under section 8003(b)(2) of the Act, and
- (c) Has facility needs resulting from the presence of the Federal Government, such as the enrollment of federally connected children, the presence of Federal property, or an increase in enrollment due to expanded Federal activities, housing privatization, or the acquisition of Federal property.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.181 What eligibility requirements must an LEA meet to apply for a modernization grant under the fourth priority?

An LEA is eligible to apply for a modernization grant under the fourth priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if it—

- (a)(1) Is eligible to receive funds for the fiscal year under section 8003(b) of the Act; and
- (i) Has children living on Indian lands equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA in its schools; or
- (ii) Has children with a parent in the U.S. uniformed services equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA in its schools; or
- (2) Is eligible to receive assistance for the fiscal year under section 8002 of the Act:
- (b) Has used at least 75 percent of its bond limit;
- (c) Has an average per-student assessed value of real property that may be taxed for school purposes that is below its State average; and
- (d) Has facility needs resulting from the presence of the Federal Government, such as the enrollment of federally connected children, the presence of Federal property, or an increase in enrollment due to expanded Federal activities, housing privatization, or the acquisition of Federal property.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.182 Under what circumstances may an ineligible LEA apply on behalf of a school for a modernization grant under the fourth priority?

An LEA that is eligible to receive a payment under Title VIII for the fiscal year but that does not meet the other eligibility criteria described in § 222.181 may apply on behalf of a school located within its geographic boundaries for a modernization grant under the fourth priority of section 8007(b) of the Act if—

(a) The school-

(1)Has children living on Indian lands equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA; or

(2) Has children with a parent in the U.S. uniformed services equal to at least 40 percent of the total number of children in ADA;

(b) The LEA has used at least 75 percent of its bond limit;

(c) The LEA has an average perstudent assessed value of real property taxable for school purposes that is below its State average; and

(d) The school has facility needs resulting from the presence of the Federal Government, such as the enrollment of federally connected children, the presence of Federal property, or an increase in enrollment due to expanded Federal activities, housing privatization, or the acquisition of Federal property.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

#### How To Apply for a Grant

## § 222.183 How does an LEA apply for a grant?

(a) To apply for funds under this program, an LEA may submit more than one application in a fiscal year. Examples follow:

Example 1: An LEA would submit two applications if it wants to receive both an emergency and a modernization grant for one

particular school facility.

Example 2: If an LEA has five schools and seeks emergency grants to replace a roof and a boiler in one school and to replace windows in a second school, it should submit two applications'one for each of the two school facilities that the LEA wants to renovate.

(b) An application must-

(1) Contain the information required in §§ 222.184 through 222.186, as applicable, and in a **Federal Register** closing date notice that the Secretary will publish; and

(2) Be timely filed in accordance with the provisions of the Secretary's published closing date notice.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0657) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.184 What information must an application contain?

An application for an emergency or modernization grant must contain the following:

(a) The name of the school facility the LEA is proposing to repair, construct, or

modernize.

(b)(1) For an applicant under section 8003(b) of the Act, the number of federally connected children described in section 8003(a)(1) enrolled in the school facility for which the LEA is seeking a grant; or

(2) For an applicant under section 8002 of the Act, the total enrollment (based on the fall State count date) for the preceding year in the LEA and in the school facility for which the LEA is

seeking a grant.

(c) An identification of the LEA's interest in, or authority over, the school facility involved, such as an ownership interest or a lease arrangement.

(d) The original construction date of the school facility that the LEA proposes

to renovate or modernize.

(e) The dates of any major renovations of that school facility and the areas of the school covered by the renovations.

(f) The proportion of Federal acreage within the LEA.

(g) Fiscal data including the LEA's—

(1) Maximum bonding capacity;(2) Amount of bonded debt;

(3) Total assessed value of real property for school purposes;

(4) State average assessed value per pupil of real property that was taxed for school purposes;

(5) Local real property tax levy, in mills or dollars, that was used for capital expenditures; and

(6) Sources of funds available for the proposed project.

(h) A description of the need for funds and the proposed project for which a grant under this subpart would be used, including a cost estimate for the project.

(i) Applicable assurances and certifications identified in the approved grant application package.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0657) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.185 What additional information must be included in an emergency grant application?

In addition to the information specified in § 222.184, an application for an emergency grant must contain the following:

(a)A description of the deficiency that poses a health or safety hazard to occupants of the facility.

(b) A description of how the deficiency adversely affects the occupants and how it will be repaired.

(c)(1) A statement signed by an appropriate local official, as defined below, that the deficiency threatens the health and safety of occupants of the facility or prevents the use of the facility.

(2) An appropriate local official may include a fire marshal, city zoning official, State building inspector, military installation official, Indian Health Service official, contractor, or other individual who is responsible for inspecting school facilities and identifying the health and safety deficiencies. An appropriate local official may not include a staff person or other individual associated with an applicant LEA.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0657) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.186 What additional information must be included in a modernization grant application?

In addition to the information specified in § 222.184, an application for a modernization grant must contain a description of—

- (a) The need for modernization; and
- (b) How the applicant will use funds received under this program to address it

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0657) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## §222.187 Which year's data must an SEA or LEA provide?

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary will determine eligibility under this discretionary grant program based on student and fiscal data for each local educational agency from the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the applicant is applying for funds.
- (b) If satisfactory fiscal data are not available from the preceding fiscal year, the Secretary will use data from the most recent fiscal year for which data that are satisfactory to the Secretary are available.

#### How Grants Are Made

## § 222.188 What priority may the Secretary establish?

In any given year, the Secretary may assign extra weight for certain systems or emergency and modernization conditions by identifying the systems or conditions and their assigned weights in a notice published in the Federal Register.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.189 What funding priority does the Secretary give to applications?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary gives funding priority to applications in the

following order:

(1) First priority is given to applications described under § 222.177 and, among those applicants for emergency grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the emergency.

(2) After all eligible first-priority applications are funded, second priority is given to applications described under §§ 222.178 and 222.179 and, among those applicants for emergency grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the emergency.

(3) Third priority is given to applications described under § 222.180 and, among those applicants for modernization grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the need for modernization.

(4) Fourth priority is given to applications described under §§ 222.181 and 222.182 and, among those applicants for modernization grants, priority is given to applications based on a rank order of the application quality factors referenced in § 222.190, including the severity of the need for modernization.

(b)(1) The Secretary makes awards in each priority described above until the Secretary is unable to make an approvable award in that priority.

(2) If the Secretary is unable to fund a full project or a viable portion of a project, the Secretary may continue to fund down the list of high-ranking applicants within a priority.

(3) The Secretary applies any remaining funds to awards in the next

priority.

(4) If an applicant does not receive an emergency or modernization grant in a fiscal year, the Secretary will, subject to the availability of funds and to the priority and award criteria, consider that application in the following year along with the next fiscal year's pool of applications. An example follows:

Example: The first five applicants in priority one have been funded. Three hundred thousand dollars remain available. Three unfunded applications remain in that priority. Application #6 requires a minimum of \$500,000, application #7 requires \$400,000, and application #8 requires \$300,000 for a new roof and \$150,000 for related wall and ceiling repairs. Applicant #8

agrees to accept the remaining \$300,000 since the roof upgrade can be separated into a viable portion of applicant #8's total project. Applications #6 and #7 will be retained for consideration in the next fiscal year and will compete again with that fiscal year's pool of applicants. Applicant #8 will have to submit a new application if it wishes to be considered for the unfunded portion of the current year's application.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

### § 222.190 How does the Secretary rank and select applicants?

(a) To the extent consistent with these regulations and section 8007(b) of the Act, the Secretary will follow grant selection procedures that are specified in 34 CFR §§ 75.215 through 75.222. In general these procedures are based on the authorizing statute, the selection criteria, and any priorities or other applicable requirements that have been published in the Federal Register.

(b) In the event of ties in numeric ranking, the Secretary may consider as tie-breaking factors: the severity of the emergency or the need for modernization; for applicants under section 8003 of the Act, the numbers of federally connected children who will benefit from the project; or for applicants under section 8002 of the Act, the numbers of children who will benefit from the project; the assessed valuation of real property per student compared to the LEA's State average; and available resources or non-Federal funds available for the grant project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

### § 222.191 What is the maximum award amount?

(a) Subject to any applicable contribution requirements as described in §§ 222.192 and 222.193, the procedures in §§ 75.231 through 75.236, and the provisions in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary may fund up to 100 percent of the allowable costs in an approved grantee's proposed project.

(b) An award amount may not exceed

the difference between-

(1) The cost of the proposed project; and .

(2) The amount the grantee has available or will have available for this purpose from other sources, including local, state, and other Federal funds. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

§ 222.192 What local funds may be considered as available for this project?

To determine the amount of local funds that an LEA has available under § 222.191(b)(2) for a project under this program, the Secretary will consider as available all LEA funds that may be used for capital expenditures except \$100,000 or ten percent of the average

annual capital expenditures of the applicant for three previous fiscal years, whichever is greater.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.193 What other limitations on grant amounts apply?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and § 222.191, the amount of funds provided under an emergency grant or a modernization grant awarded under this subsection to an eligible LEA is subject to the following limitations:

(1) The award amount may not be more than 50 percent of the total cost of

an approved project.

(2) The total amount of grant funds may not exceed four million dollars during any four-year period. An example follows:

Example: An LEA that is awarded \$4 million dollars in the first year may not receive any additional funds for the following three years.

(b) Emergency or modernization grants to LEAs with no practical capacity to issue bonds as defined in § 222.176 are not subject to the award limitations described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.194 Are "in-kind" contributions permissible?

(a) LEAs that are subject to the applicable matching requirement described in § 222.193(a) may use allowable third party in-kind contributions as defined below to meet the requirements.

(b) Third party in-kind contributions mean property or services that benefit this grant program and are contributed by non-Federal third parties without charge to the grantee or a cost-type contractor under the grant agreement.

(c) The provisions of 34 CFR 80.24 govern the allowability and valuation of in-kind contributions, except that it is permissible for a third party to contribute real property to a grantee for a project under this program, so long as no Federal funds are spent for the acquisition of real property.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## Conditions and Requirements Grantees Must Meet

## § 222.195 How does the Secretary make funds available to grantees?

The Secretary makes funds available to a grantee during a project period using the following procedure:

(a) Upon final approval of the grant proposal, the Secretary makes available 10 percent of the total award amount to the grantee.

- (b) After the grantee submits a copy of the emergency or modernization contract approved by the grantee's governing board, the Secretary makes available 80 percent of the total award amount to a grantee.
- (c) The Secretary makes available up to the remaining 10 percent of the total award amount to the grantee after the grantee submits a statement that—
- (1) Details any earnings, savings, or
  - (2) Certifies that-
- (i) The project is fully completed; and
- (ii) All the awarded funds have been spent for grant purposes; and
  - (3) Is signed by the-

- (i) Chairperson of the governing board;
- (ii) Superintendent of schools; and
- (iii) Architect of the project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b))

## § 222.196 What additional construction requirements apply?

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a grantee under this program must comply with—
- (1) The general construction legal requirements identified in the grant application assurances;
- (2) The prevailing wage standards in the grantee's locality that are established by the Secretary of Labor in accordance

- with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 USCA 276a, et seq.); and
- (3) All relevant Federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations.
- (b) A grantee that qualifies for a grant because it enrolls a high proportion of federally connected children who reside on Indian lands is considered to receive a grant award primarily for the benefit of Indians and must therefore comply with the Indian preference requirements of section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination Act.
- (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 7707(b) and 1221e-3)
- [FR Doc. 02-20651 Filed 8-15-02; 8:45 am]

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Friday, August 16, 2002

Part IV

# Department of the Interior

Fish and Wildlife

50 CFR Part 20

Migratory Bird Hunting; Proposed Frameworks for Late-Season Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations; Proposed Rule

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 20

RIN 1018-Al30

Migratory Bird Hunting; Proposed Frameworks for Late-Season Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule; supplemental.

SUMMARY: The Fish and Wildlife Service (hereinafter Service or we) is proposing to establish the 2002—03 late-season hunting regulations for certain migratory game birds. We annually prescribe frameworks, or outer limits, for dates and times when hunting may occur and the number of birds that may be taken and possessed in late seasons. These frameworks are necessary to allow State selections of seasons and limits and to allow recreational harvest at levels compatible with population and habitat conditions.

**DATES:** You must submit comments on the proposed migratory bird hunting late-season frameworks by August 30, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on these proposals to the Chief, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, room 634-Arlington Square, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, DC 20240. All comments received, including names and addresses, will become part of the public record. You may inspect comments during normal business hours in room 634, Arlington Square Building, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Blohm, Acting Chief, or Ron W. Kokel, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, (703) 358–1714.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Regulations Schedule for 2002**

On March 19, 2002, we published in the Federal Register (67 FR 12501) a proposal to amend 50 CFR part 20. The proposal provided a background and overview of the migratory bird hunting regulations process, and dealt with the establishment of seasons, limits, the proposed regulatory alternatives for the 2002–03 duck hunting season, and other regulations for migratory game birds under §§ 20.101 through 20.107, 20.109, and 20.110 of subpart K. On June 11, 2002, we published in the Federal Register (67 FR 40128) a second

document providing supplemental proposals for early- and late-season migratory bird hunting regulations frameworks and the proposed regulatory alternatives for the 2002–03 duck hunting season. The June 11 supplement also provided detailed information on the 2002–03 regulatory schedule and announced the Service Migratory Bird Regulations Committee (SRC) and Flyway Council meetings.

On June 19-20, we held open meetings with the Flyway Council Consultants at which the participants reviewed information on the current status of migratory shore and upland game birds and developed recommendations for the 2002-03 regulations for these species plus regulations for migratory game birds in Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, special September waterfowl seasons in designated States, special sea duck seasons in the Atlantic Flyway, and extended falconry seasons. In addition, we reviewed and discussed preliminary information on the status of waterfowl as it relates to the development and selection of the regulatory packages for the 2002-03 regular waterfowl seasons. On July 17, we published in the Federal Register (67 FR 47224) a third document specifically dealing with the proposed frameworks for early-season regulations and the final regulatory alternatives for the 2002-03 duck hunting season. We will publish a rulemaking establishing final frameworks for early-season migratory bird hunting regulations for the 2002-03 season in late August.

On July 31 and August 1, 2002, we held open meetings with the Flyway Council Consultants at which the participants reviewed the status of waterfowl and developed recommendations for the 2002–03 regulations for these species. This document deals specifically with proposed frameworks for the late-season migratory bird hunting regulations. It will lead to final frameworks from which States may select season dates, shooting hours, areas, and limits.

We have considered all pertinent comments received through August 1, 2002, in developing this document. In addition, new proposals for certain lateseason regulations are provided for public comment. Comment periods are specified above under DATES. We will publish final regulatory frameworks for late-season migratory game bird hunting in the Federal Register on or about September 16, 2002.

#### **Population Status and Harvest**

The following paragraphs provide a brief summary of information on the

status and harvest of waterfowl excerpted from various reports. For more detailed information on methodologies and results, complete copies of the various reports are available at the address indicated under the caption ADDRESSES or from our website at http://migratorybirds.fws.gov.

Status of Ducks

Federal, provincial, and State agencies conduct surveys each spring to estimate the size of breeding populations and to evaluate the conditions of the habitats. These surveys are conducted using fixed-wing aircraft and encompass principal breeding areas of North America, and cover over 2.0 million square miles. The Traditional survey area is comprised of Alaska, Canada, and the northcentral U.S., and includes approximately 1.3 million square miles. The Eastern survey area includes parts of Ontario, Quebec, Labrador, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, New York, and Maine, an area of approximately 0.7 million square miles.

#### **Breeding Ground Conditions**

In summary, below average winter and spring precipitation in the prairies and parklands and cold spring temperatures in eastern North America resulted in generally poorer habitat conditions for breeding waterfowl this year than in 2001. Dry conditions were reflected in the number of ponds counted this year. Total May ponds (U.S. prairies and Canadian prairies and parkland combined) were  $2.7 \pm 0.1$ million, which is the second lowest count recorded since this estimate was first calculated in 1974, when this estimate was first recorded, 41% below last year's estimate of  $4.6 \pm 0.1$  million, and 45% below the long-term average. This value was 41% below last year's estimate of  $4.6 \pm 0.1$  million, and 45%below the long-term average  $(4.9 \pm 0.1)$ million). May ponds in Canada (1.4 ± 0.1 million) and the U.S.  $(1.3 \pm 0.1)$ million) were below 2001 estimates -48% in Canada and -32% in the U.S) and their long-term averages (-58% in Canada and -16% in the U.S). Canadian May ponds were the lowest recorded since surveys began in

In both the traditional (northcentral United States, western Ontario, prairie Provinces and States, Yukon, Northwest Territories, and Alaska) and eastern survey areas (the northeastern United States, eastern Ontario, Quebec, and the Canadian Maritimes), most regions entered into the spring of 2002 with a water deficit remaining from winter.

Spring rains helped recharge wetlands in most of the Northeast, but conditions remained very dry in the West. Western Montana, southern Saskatchewan, and much of southern Manitoba and southern and central Alberta were hardest hit by drought. Fewer ponds available to nesting birds caused crowding on remaining ponds. Relative to other parts of the prairies, the Dakotas were fair. Permanent wetlands remained in good condition following the wet period of 1993-2001. However survey results suggest that many prairie-nesting species such as mallards, shovelers, pintails, and blue-winged teal, flew over the prairies and parklands to the boreal forest, where wetland conditions are more stable. Cold spring temperatures also negatively affected nesting waterfowl this year. Winter-like conditions hit the entire surveyed area in early May, when snowstorms and cold temperatures caused birds to halt migration for several weeks. Snow and cold may have caused some nest loss in the prairies and parklands. Spring ice break-up was several weeks late over many of the northern survey areas. Break-up was so late in parts of the Northeast that biologists predicted little nesting activity in these areas. Conditions in northern Canada were generally good, but cold temperatures likely had a negative impact on early nesting species such as mallards, greenwinged teal, and pintails.

The only region where habitat conditions for breeding waterfowl improved over last year was Alaska, due to warmer post-thaw temperatures than last year. However, rapid ice melt may have caused flooding of nests in parts of Alaska as well as Labrador.

Weather and habitat conditions during the summer months can influence waterfowl production. Good wetland conditions increase renesting and brood survival. During late May and early June, many parts of the prairies, including Montana, the western Dakotas, and southern Saskatchewan and Alberta received substantial precipitation. Though this late rain and snow may have encouraged good reproductive effort by late-nesting species such as gadwall, many of the earlier nesting ducks likely bypassed the prairies altogether. For those ducks that did nest, this late water should improve brood-rearing conditions, as brood and duckling survival tends to increase with higher wetland densities. Results of the July Production Survey indicate that the number of ponds in Prairie Canada and the north-central U.S. combined was 1.8 ± 0.1 million ponds. This was 36% below last year's estimate of  $2.9 \pm 0.1$ million ponds, and 33% below the long-

term average. July ponds in Prairie Canada were at  $1.0\pm0.1$  million. This was 46% below last year's estimate of  $1.8\pm0.07$  million and 43% below the long-term average. July ponds in the north-central U.S. were estimated at  $0.84\pm0.04$  million. This was 19% below last year's estimate of  $1.0\pm0.06$  million, but similar to the long-term average

Breeding waterfowl habitat conditions in the eastern survey area were highly variable, but all areas experienced a warm, dry winter. In the New York, Eastern Ontario and Southern Quebec survey area the winter of 2001-2002 was warm and dry, and drought conditions persisted throughout much of this region. Waterfowl returned early to this region, but early spring habitat conditions were poor. However, several weeks before and during surveys, cooler temperatures and increased precipitation were the rule, and wetland habitat conditions greatly improved. A similar weather pattern was reported for western Ontario. Maine and the southern Maritimes experienced a warm, dry winter, and above normal temperatures and precipitation in early spring that produced good to excellent conditions for breeding ducks. By contrast, Newfoundland and Labrador experienced a late, cool spring. In Newfoundland, temperatures moderated and good waterfowl production was expected, but extended cold, stormy weather in Labrador made for poor nesting conditions.

#### **Breeding Population Status**

In the traditional survey area, total duck abundance was 31.2 ± 0.5 million birds. This was 14% below last year's estimate of 36.1 ± 0.6 million birds, and 6% below the long-term (1955-2001) average. Mallard abundance was 7.5 ± 0.2 million, similar to the 2001 estimate of 7.9 ± 0.2 million, and essentially identical to the long-term average. Bluewinged teal abundance was  $4.2 \pm 0.2$ million, which was 27% below last year's estimate of  $5.8 \pm 0.3$  million, but similar to the long-term average. Gadwall  $(2.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ million}, -17\%)$ , shovelers  $(2.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ million}, -30\%)$ , and pintails  $(1.8 \pm 0.1 \text{ million}, -46\%)$ were below 2001 estimates. Wigeon (2.3  $\pm$  0.1 million), green-winged teal (2.3  $\pm$ 0.1 million), redheads  $(0.6 \pm 0.1)$ million), canvasbacks (0.5 ± 0.1 million), and scaup  $(3.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ million})$ were unchanged from 2001 estimates. Gadwall (+37%), green-winged teal (+28%), and shovelers (+10%) all remained above their long-term averages, whereas wigeon (-12%), pintail (-58%), canvasback (-14%), and scaup numbers (-34%) were below

long-term averages. Northern pintails and scaup were the lowest and second lowest counts on record, respectively. The redhead estimate was similar to the long-term average.

In the eastern survey area, the 2002 total duck population estimate for this area was  $4.4 \pm 0.3$  million birds, 32% higher than last year's  $(3.3 \pm 0.3)$ million), and 41% higher than the 1996-2001 average. Numbers of most individual species were similar to those of last year, with the exception of mergansers  $(0.8 \pm 0.1 \text{ million}, +90\%)$ and green-winged teal (0.7 ± 0.1 million, +174%), which increased compared to last year. Mergansers (+68%) and greenwinged teal (+102%) were also above their 1996-2001 averages, as were scoters  $(0.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ million}, +178\%)$ . Estimates for all other species were similar to last year's estimates and to long-term averages.

#### Breeding Activity and Production

The number of broods in the northcentral U.S. and Prairie Canada combined was 352,600, 35% lower than last year's estimate, and 25% below the long-term average. The number of broods in Prairie Canada and the Northcentral U.S. were 54% and 37% below last year's estimates, respectively. Brood indices in Prairie Canada were 69% below the long-term average, while brood counts were 12% above the longterm average in the north-central U.S. The brood index in the Canadian boreal forest was 21% higher than last year's, but 16% below the long-term average. The late-nesting index, the number of pairs and lone drakes without broods seen during July surveys, was 9% higher than last year, but 43% lower than the long-term average, for all areas combined. The late-nesting index was down 12% and 33% relative to last year in boreal Canada and the north-central U.S., respectively, but up 32% in Prairie Canada, perhaps reflecting late rains there. However, the late nesting index was below the long-term average by more than 60% in boreal Canada and the north-central U.S., and by 24% in prairie Canada.

#### Fall Flight Estimate

The size of the mid-continent mallard population, which is comprised of mallards from the traditional survey area, plus Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, was 8.5 million birds. This is similar to that of 2001 (8.7 million). The 2002 mid-continent mallard fall-flight estimate is 8.9 million birds, statistically similar to the 2001 estimate of 9.7 million birds. These estimates were based on revised mid-continent mallard population models, and

therefore, differ from those previously published.

See section 1.B. Regulatory Alternatives for further discussion on the implications of this information for this year's selection of the appropriate hunting regulations.

#### Status of Geese and Swans

We annually assess the population status and productivity of 30 populations of North American Canada geese (Branta canadensis), brant (B. bernicla), snow geese (Chen caerulescens), Ross's geese (C. rossii), emperor geese (C. canagicus), whitefronted geese (Anser albifrons) and tundra swans (Cygnus columbianus). Reproductive performance of several goose populations likely were impacted by colder and dryer than average conditions during spring migration in 2002. The timing of snowmelt in most areas of the Arctic was near average, but arrival to nesting areas and initiation of nesting for many goose populations were delayed by adverse migration conditions. In the Hudson Bay Lowlands and northern Quebec, a cold and snowy May delayed nesting and reduced production for several populations. Throughout most of Alaska, Wrangel Island, and the northwestern Canadian mainland the timing of snowmelt was early and conditions for nesting geese and swans were very favorable. Of the 25 populations for which current primary population indices were available, 11 populations (Atlantic Population, Aleutian, and 4 resident populations of Canada geese; greater snow geese; Pacific and Mid-continent Whitefronted Goose Populations; Atlantic brant; and Eastern Population tundra swans) displayed positive trends, and only Short Grass Prairie Population Canada geese displayed a significant negative trend over the most recent 10year period. Forecasts for production of young across the Arctic and subarctic in 2002 varied regionally, but generally will be improved in western areas and reduced in eastern areas compared to

#### Waterfowl Harvest and Hunter Activity

During the 2001–02 hunting season, duck stamp sales in 2001 were slightly below sales in 2000. United States waterfowl hunters hunted about 8% more days and bagged about 9% fewer ducks, 5% more geese and 27% fewer coots than in 2000. Duck stamp sales totaled 1,659,485 (slight decrease) and 13,933,700 ducks (–9%), 3,225,300 geese (+5%), and 142,700 coots (–27%) were harvested during 14,999,000 hunter-days (+8%). Persons buying

duck stamps for hunting averaged 8.8 days afield (+8%) and bagged an average of 8.4 ducks (-9%) and 2.0 geese (+6%) each. The five most commonly harvested duck species were mallard (37%), gadwall (11%), green-winged teal (10%), blue-winged/cinnamon teal (9%), and wood duck (8%).

In the Atlantic Flyway, duck stamp sales totaled 310,092 (+1% from 2000), and 1,626,300 ducks (-13%), 612,100 geese (+40%), and 12,100 coots (-37%) were harvested during 2,269,600 hunterdays (+9%). Persons buying duck stamps for hunting averaged 7.5 days afield (+6%) and bagged an average of 6.0 ducks (-14%) and 2.1 geese (+34%) each. The three most commonly harvested duck species in 2001 were mallard (25%), wood duck (22%), and green-winged teal (9%).

In the Mississippi Flyway, duck stamp sales totaled 739,387 (-1%), and 6,630,900 ducks (-16%), 1,060,000 geese (-13%), and 103,700 coots (-21%) were harvested during 7,647,300 hunter-days (+8%). Persons buying duck stamps for hunting averaged 10.0 days afield (+8%) and bagged an average of 9.4 ducks (-15%) and 1.6 geese (-10%) each. The three most commonly harvested duck species were mallard (38%), gadwall (13%), and blue-winged teal (12%).

In the Central Flyway, duck stamp sales totaled 364,538 (+2%), and 3,446,500 ducks (+6%), 1,189,800 geese (+19%), and 15,100 coots (-42%) were harvested during 3,043,000 hunter-days (+15%). Persons buying duck stamps for hunting averaged 8.0 days afield (+12) and bagged an average of 7.7 ducks (+6%) and 3.1 geese (+22%) each. The three most commonly harvested duck species were mallard (38%), gadwall (16%), and green-winged teal (10%).

In the Pacific Flyway, duck stamp sales totaled 287,138 (+2%), and 2,168,200 ducks (-5%), 354,900 geese (-11%), and 11,800 coots (-35%) were harvested during 1,984,400 hunter-days (no change). Persons buying duck stamps for hunting averaged 8.1 days afield (+3%) and bagged an average of 9.3 ducks (-2%) and 1.5 geese (-9%) each. The three most commonly harvested duck species were mallard (44%), green-winged teal (14%) and wigeon (13%).

In Alaska, duck stamp sales totaled 10,068 (-1%), and 61,900 ducks (-12%) and 8,600 geese (+30%) were taken during 54,700 hunter-days (+3%). Persons buying duck stamps for hunting averaged 5.0 days afield (+3%) and bagged an average of 6.3 ducks (-8%) and 0.9 geese (+35%) each. The three most commonly harvested duck species

were mallard (38%), wigeon (23%), and northern pintail (15%).

## Review of Public Comments and Flyway Council Recommendations

The preliminary proposed rulemaking, which appeared in the March 19 Federal Register, opened the public comment period for migratory game bird hunting regulations. The supplemental proposed rule, which appeared in the June 11 Federal Register, defined the public comment period for the proposed regulatory alternatives for the 2002-03 duck hunting season. The public comment period for the proposed regulatory alternatives ended June 21, 2002. Lateseason comments and comments pertaining to the proposed alternatives are summarized below and numbered in the order used in the March 19 Federal Register document. We have included only the numbered items pertaining to late-season issues and the proposed regulatory alternatives for which we received written comments. Consequently, the issues do not follow in direct numerical or alphabetical order.

We received recommendations from all four Flyway Councils. Some recommendations supported continuation of last year's frameworks. Due to the comprehensive nature of the annual review of the frameworks performed by the Councils, support for continuation of last year's frameworks is assumed for items for which no recommendations were received. Council recommendations for changes in the frameworks are summarized below.

We seek additional information and comments on the recommendations in this supplemental proposed rule. New proposals and modifications to previously described proposals are discussed below. Wherever possible, they are discussed under headings corresponding to the numbered items in the March 19, 2002, Federal Register document.

#### 1. Ducks

Categories used to discuss issues related to duck harvest management are: (A) Harvest Strategy Considerations, (B) Regulatory Alternatives, (C) Zones and Split Seasons, and (D) Special Seasons/ Species Management. The categories correspond to previously published issues/discussion, and only those containing substantial recommendations are discussed below.

#### B. Regulatory Alternatives

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council and the Lower-

Region Regulations Committee of the Mississippi Flyway Council recommended adoption of the "liberal" regulations package for duck hunting seasons in 2002-03.

The Upper-Region Regulations Committee of the Mississippi Flyway Council and the Pacific Flyway Council recommended adoption of the "moderate" regulations package for duck hunting seasons in 2002-03.

The Central Flyway Council recommended the adoption of the "liberal" regulatory package with the exception of the framework closing date. The Council recommended a framework closing date of the Sunday nearest January 20.

Service Response: Developing duck hunting regulations that are biologically sound and broadly supported by conservation professionals and the public is always a challenge. This year is especially challenging for a number of

reasons:

(1) Water conditions in the important prairie nesting area of mid-continent North America have deteriorated dramatically from last year, and pond numbers in May in southern Canada were the lowest on record. However, duck breeding population estimates this spring declined only slightly, and remained near their long-term average.

(2) Some important revisions have been made this year to the Adaptive Harvest Management (AHM) protocols that are used to suggest the appropriate regulatory alternative. Most importantly, empirical corrections have been made for the positive bias in estimated growth rates of mid-continent and eastern mallards (for more details about these corrections, refer to the reports available on the AHM website at http:// migratorybirds.fws.gov). Although there were initial indications of the bias in. estimated growth rates of mid-continent mallards as early as the late 1970s, predictive population models were not used to help set hunting regulations. With the advent of AHM and the expanded use of population dynamic models to help recommend regulations, it has become necessary to correct these models for any source of bias. The biascorrection resulted in a slightly more conservative regulatory strategy (i.e., the regulations prescribed for a range of population and pond levels) than used in the past for mid-continent mallards. However, correction for the bias would not have changed the selection of hunting regulations since 1995 because population and pond numbers were so high. The bias correction has had little effect on the outlook for regulations in the Atlantic Flyway, which are based on the status of eastern mallards. The

source of the bias in mallard growth rates remains unknown, but monitoring programs used to estimate survival and reproductive rates are being carefully scrutinized.

(3) Earlier this year, we considered a number of possible changes to the set of regulatory alternatives (very restrictive, restrictive, moderate, and liberal) (see the July 17, 2002, Federal Register). The only change we adopted was an extension of opening and closing framework dates in the "moderate" and "liberal" regulatory alternatives. The initial prediction is that these extensions will cause harvest rates of mid-continent and eastern mallards to increase by 15% and 5%, respectively.

Drought conditions in key breeding areas, the correction for the positive bias in estimated growth rates of mallards, and framework-date extensions all tend to lead to more conservatism in hunting regulations through the AHM process. To assist the Service and Flyway Councils in developing a regulatory proposal for the 2002-03 season, the AHM Working Group derived an optimal AHM regulatory strategy for the three western Flyways (Mississippi, Central and Pacific Flyways). The strategy used the revised population models and associated model weights for mid-continent mallards, harvest and population objectives, and the 2002 regulatory alternatives specified in the July 17, 2002, Federal Register. Based on a mid-continent population size of 8.5 million mallards (traditional surveyed area plus the States of Minnesota, Michigan, and Wisconsin) and 1.44 million ponds in Prairie Canada, the AHM prescription for the Pacific, Central, and Mississippi Flyways in 2002 is the "liberal" alternative.

Similarly, the AHM Working Group calculated an optimal regulatory strategy for the Atlantic Flyway based on the revised population models and associated weights for eastern mallards, harvest objectives, and the regulatory alternatives specified in the July 17, 2002, Federal Register. Based on a breeding population size of 1.0 million eastern mallards, the AHM prescription for the Atlantic Flyway in 2002 is the

"liberal" alternative.

Considering the low numbers of ponds in May, these results were somewhat unexpected. However, the weight of biological evidence suggests that mallards can support harvest rates associated with the 2002 "liberal" regulatory alternative (the observed harvest rate on adult male midcontinent mallards during the 2001–02 "liberal" season was 11%, and with framework-date extensions it is

expected to be 14%). We are comfortable that most other duck species can also support the hunting opportunity afforded by the "liberal" regulatory alternative. Generally, harvest rates of most duck species are lower than those for mallards. Therefore, we are proposing the "liberal" regulatory alternative for all four Flyways (the details of Flywayspecific season lengths, bag limits, and framework dates are provided later in this document).

Nonetheless, it is increasingly apparent that the long-term success of AHM will depend heavily on our collective ability to account more rigorously for the harvest potentials of duck species other than mallards. This need is particularly evident in a year like this, when some species remain below objective levels and when production of most duck species is expected to be poor. Therefore, we believe that a general solution to this problem must be the highest priority of the AHM Working Group. In the meantime, we will not hesitate to take regulatory action to restrict hunting opportunities on species whose population status is of concern (e.g., pintails, canvasbacks, black ducks, scaup). Such restrictive actions are being proposed this year for some duck species (see section D. Special Seasons/ Species Management below for details).

With regard to the Central Flyway's recommendation to limit the framework-date extension to the earliest opening date, we note that the specifics of the regulatory alternatives were finalized in the July 17, 2002, Federal Register. One of the primary goals of AHM has been to establish these alternatives early in the year, so that debate in the late-season process can be focused solely on selection of an

alternative.

D. Special Seasons/Species Management

iii. Black Ducks

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended allowing States to increase the daily bag limit on black ducks to 2 per day for up to 30 consecutive hunting days, provided the black duck season is closed for an equivalent number of days. During the remainder of the season, the black duck bag daily bag limit would be 1 bird per day. Both two-bird bag days and closed days could be split into no more than two segments.

Service Response: We remain concerned about the status of black duck populations and believe the International Harvest strategy should be completed before other regulatory alternatives are implemented. Further, we do not support allowing regulatory options because of the difficulty in assessing whether or not these options are in fact harvest-neutral. This proposal would allow States, or portions of States, several different combinations of bag limits from 2 to 1 bird daily, and include a period of season closure. We believe this option would add considerable complexity (zones within States, combinations of days and bags, etc.) and greater uncertainty during a time in which framework dates have been extended. The effects of framework-date extensions are expected to result in some additional harvest. We do not have the necessary harvest monitoring in place to assess all aspects of this proposal, including possible changes in the harvest distribution of black ducks within the Atlantic Flyway. We suggest that the Atlantic Flyway work within the guidelines being developed by the International Harvest Strategy Working Group.

#### iv. Canvasbacks

Council Recommendations: All four Flyway Councils recommended that the Canvasback Harvest Management Strategy be changed so that hunting seasons would be open if the population model predicts a subsequent-year breeding population of 400,000 or more. The objectives from the 1994 strategy would be modified as follows:

1. the goal for the size of the breeding population should be 540,000 birds, consistent with the North American Waterfowl Management Plan,

2. the strategy should permit a greater possibility for a sustained sport harvest than has occurred recently using a closure threshold of 500,000, and

3. the amount of harvest in any one year should not result in a predicted spring population lower than 400,000, allowing harvest opportunity on this prairie nesting species at reasonable levels above and below long-term population levels.

4. full-length canvasback seasons with 1-bird limits should be offered to all flyways when the breeding population is predicted to be above the closure threshold; however, the option of abbreviated canvasback seasons within basic duck seasons should be considered when harvest reduction is likely to sustain the breeding population above 400,000 birds.

With the above changes in mind, the Atlantic Flyway Council recommended a limited canvasback hunting season of 20 days in the Atlantic Flyway, the Mississippi Flyway Council recommended a limited canvasback hunting season of 20 days in the Mississippi Flyway, the Central Flyway Council recommended a limited canvasback hunting season of 25 days in the Central Flyway, and the Pacific Flyway Council recommended a limited canvasback hunting season of 38 days in the Pacific Flyway during the 2002–03 season, with a daily bag limit of one bird per day.

Service Response: For canvasbacks, we continue to support the harvest strategy adopted by the Service in 1994, and believe that it should be used to guide seasons this year. The 2002 spring breeding population estimate was 487,000, which was lower than the objective level of 500,000. The number of ponds in prairie Canada was 1.44 million, the lowest recorded in the history of the survey. Because predicted production is directly proportional to the abundance of ponds in Canada in May, we expect recruitment to be among the lowest ever experienced. Even with no harvest during the 2002-03 season, the canvasback model predicts the spring population will be below 500,000 in 2003. Thus, we believe that the season on canvasbacks should be

In review of canvasback management, it is clear that this species has some unique biological attributes that have resulted in a long history of special harvest-management considerations necessary to maintain the population at the desired level. Canvasbacks have low recruitment potential and are very sensitive to drought conditions.

Further, the current population objective of 500,000 has a long history. This level was first established in a 1976 Environmental Assessment. This objective was then used in the National Species of Special Emphasis document, the National Waterfowl Management Plan, and the most recent 1983 Environmental Assessment. We believe that the current goal of 500,000 has served us well in managing this population over the past three decades.

Last year, our objective was to allow some hunting opportunity while maintaining the 2002 spring population level above the 500,000 objective level. That objective was not achieved with a breeding population already below 500,000 and with a very poor production outlook, we believe a season closure this year is warranted.

#### v Pintails

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended that the pintail season be limited to 20 days with a bag limit of one bird per day in the states of Georgia, Florida, North Carolina and South Carolina. States

could select these days during any time period within their regular duck season.

The Upper-Region Regulations Committee of the Mississippi Flyway Council recommended a 45-day season, while the Lower-Region Regulations Committee a 30-day season.

The Central Flyway Council recommended a 1-bird daily bag limit for pintails for the entire duck season.

The Pacific Flyway Council recommends the Service adopt the "restrictive" package season length (60 days) and allow States to split those seasons, consistent with existing zone and split regulations, for pintails in the Pacific Flyway in 2002–03.

Service Response: We appreciate the time and careful attention by the Flyway Councils to the situation we currently face regarding appropriate pintail harvest regulations this year. The record low numbers, combined with the poor production forecast, have convinced us that a departure from the pintail harvest strategy is justified, as was evidenced by the majority of Council recommendations we received this year. Therefore, we propose that the restrictive season length be used for pintails in all four Flyways. Further, we support the recommendation that the restrictive pintail season may be split according to applicable zone/split configurations approved for each State during the last open season.

#### vi. Scaup

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic, Mississippi, and Central Flyway Councils recommended a daily bag limit of three scaup for the 2002–03 hunting season.

The Pacific Flyway Council recommended a daily bag limit of four scaup in the Pacific Flyway for the 2002–03 hunting season.

Service Response: In 1999, the Service restricted the bag limit of scaup to 3 in the Atlantic, Mississippi, and Central Flyways and 4 in the Pacific Flyway. During the past 3 seasons, harvest has been 210,700, 300,700, and 388,900, respectively. In addition, age ratios in the harvest over the last few years have suggested reduced productivity for scaup (the lowest on record in 2000).

For the 2002–03 season, we recommend that these restrictions be maintained. We remain concerned about the status of this species, and will continue to support ongoing research efforts that are attempting to clarify those factors responsible for the decline in numbers and work with the technical committees of the Flyway Councils to improve our collective abilities to guide the harvest management of this species.

#### 3. Mergansers

Council Recommendations: The Central Flyway Council recommends that the season on mergansers run concurrently with the duck season, with a daily bag/possession limit of 5, of which no more than 1 may be a hooded merganser. The possession limit will be twice the daily bag limit. Shooting hours for mergansers will be one-half hour before sunrise to sunset.

Service Response: We concur with the recommendation.

#### 4. Canada Geese

#### B. Regular Seasons

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council had several recommendations concerning Canada goose populations in the Atlantic Flyway. For the North Atlantic Population (NAP), the Council recommended the establishment of high and low harvest areas within the existing NAP goose zone. They recommended the NAP season frameworks would be October 1 to January 31 with a 60-day season and a 2-bird daily bag limit in high harvest zones, and a 70-day, 3-bird daily bag limit in low harvest zones.

For Atlantic Population (AP) hunting regulations, the Council recommended liberalization of season frameworks in 2002-03 to include a 45-day season with a daily bag limit of 2 geese in the New England and Mid-Atlantic regions, with a framework opening date of the last Saturday in October and a closing date of January 31. In the Chesapeake region, the season length would be 45 days with a daily bag limit of 1 goose and a framework opening date of November 15 and a closing date of January 31. Remaining AP harvest areas (Northeast Hunt Unit in North Carolina and Back Bay, Virginia) would remain closed.

The Atlantic Flyway Council also recommended allowing regular seasons designed to maximize harvest of Resident Population (RP) Canada geese in designated areas of the Atlantic Flyway beginning in 2002. Regular seasons in designated RP harvest areas of Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, North Carolina, and Virginia, should be 70 days with a 5bird daily bag limit. In Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, the framework opening and closing dates would be November 15 to February 15. In New York and Connecticut, the framework dates would be the last Saturday in October to February 15. In North Carolina, the framework dates would be October 1 to February 15. The season would be subject to annual

evaluation of band-recovery and harvest

The Upper- and Lower-Region Regulations Committees of the Mississippi Flyway Council recommended that the opening date for regular goose seasons in all States, except Michigan and Wisconsin, be as early as the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21, 2002) if the duck hunting season framework dates are extended to the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21, 2002). The Committees also recommended a number of changes in season lengths, bag limits, zones, and quotas for Canada geese. All of these changes are based on improved population status and current management plans.

The Central Flyway Council recommended that the regular seasons for all species of geese in all Central Flyway States be as early as the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21, 2002) if the duck hunting season framework dates are extended to that date.

The Pacific Flyway Council recommended extension of the late goose season framework closing date for the Pacific Flyway to the last Sunday in January. In Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming, the Council also recommended extension of the late goose season framework opening date to the Saturday nearest September 24, and an increase of the season-length to 107 days. In addition, the Council proposed several minor area and/or season length changes. The specific changes are summarized as follow:

1. For all States, extend the regular goose season framework ending date to the last Sunday in January;

2. For Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming, extend the regular goose season framework opening date to the Saturday nearest September 24, and increase the length of goose seasons to

3. In California's Northeastern Zone, increase the white-fronted and cackling Canada goose season length from 44 days to 100 days;

4. In California's Southern California Zone, establish the Imperial County Special Management Area and extend the white goose season ending date to the first Sunday in February in this

5. In California's Balance-of-State Zone, increase the goose season length from 79 to 86 days;

6. In California's Balance-of-State Zone, allow a 9-day Canada goose season in Del Norte and Humboldt counties: 7. In southeast Oregon, clarify wording of the Harney, Klamath, Lake, and Malheur goose zone (no change in regulations); and

8. In western Oregon, modify closed zones in Lincoln and Coos Counties to allow general fall goose hunting, and modify the zone description for the Northwest Permit Goose Zone.

Service Response: We concur with the above recommendations

#### C. Special Late Seasons

Council Recommendations: The Upper- and Lower-Region Regulations Committees of the Mississippi Flyway Council recommended that Minnesota be allowed to continue their special December experimental Canada goose season in 2002 to gather additional information. The Committees also recommended that Ohio's special late Canada goose season be granted operational status in 8 counties beginning the first Saturday after January 10th, for a maximum of 22 days, with a daily bag of 2 Canada geese.

Service Response: We concur with the recommendations.

#### 6. Brant

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended that the 2002–03 season for Atlantic brant be 60 days in length with a 3 bird daily bag limit and with a framework opening date of the Saturday closest to September 24, and a closing date of January 31.

Service Response: We concur with the recommended change.

#### 8. Swans

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended the Service propose a season, or some other measure, to allow hunters participating in tundra swan seasons to substitute mute swan for tundra swan in the seasonal bag limit.

For the 2002–03 season, the Pacific Flyway Council accepts the swan frameworks outlined in the Service's Environmental Assessment (dated June 15, 2001) entitled "Proposal to establish operational/experimental general swan hunting seasons in the Pacific Flyway."

Service Response: Given the action of the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit in December 2001, the provisions of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act now apply to mute swans.

Management of this species could involve a number of options, including hunting (others include issuance of depredation permits, establishment of a depredation order, etc.). Consideration of hunting, however, will require the development of proper NEPA

documentation, including the development of an Environmental Assessment, and Section 7 (endangered

species) consultations.

This is comparable with those steps we follow for all other hunted species. We recognize the efforts of the Atlantic Flyway to prepare a Flyway management plan for mute swans and encourage the development of other Flyway plans that would help the Service and the Councils to establish effective hunting season frameworks.

#### 10. Coots

Council Recommendations: The Central Flyway Council recommends that the season on coots run concurrently with the duck season, with daily bag/possession limits of 15 and 30, respectively. Shooting hours for coots will be one-half hour before sunrise to sunset.

The Pacific Flyway Council recommended outside dates, season length, and zones be the same as duck season frameworks.

Service Response: We concur with the recommendations.

#### **Public Comment Invited**

The Department of the Interior's policy is, whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rulemaking process. We intend that adopted final rules be as responsive as possible to all concerned interests and, therefore, seek the comments and suggestions of the public, other concerned governmental agencies, nongovernmental organizations, and other private interests on these proposals. Accordingly, we invite interested persons to submit written comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the proposed regulations to the address indicated under the caption ADDRESSES.

Special circumstances involved in the establishment of these regulations limit the amount of time that we can allow for public comment. Specifically, two considerations compress the time in which the rulemaking process must operate: (1) The need to establish final rules at a point early enough in the summer to allow affected State agencies to adjust their licensing and regulatory mechanisms; and (2) the unavailability, before mid-June, of specific, reliable data on this year's status of some waterfowl and migratory shore and upland game bird populations. Therefore, we believe that to allow comment periods past the dates specified is contrary to the public interest.

Before promulgation of final migratory game bird hunting

regulations, we will take into consideration all comments received. Such comments, and any additional information received, may lead to final regulations that differ from these proposals. You may inspect comments received on the proposed annual regulations during normal business hours at the Service's office in room 634, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia. For each series of proposed rulemakings, we will establish specific comment periods. We will consider, but possibly may not respond in detail to, each comment. However, as in the past, we will summarize all comments received during the comment period and respond to them in the final

#### **NEPA Consideration**

NEPA considerations are covered by the programmatic document, "Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement: Issuance of Annual Regulations Permitting the Sport Hunting of Migratory Birds (FSES 88–14)," filed with the Environmental Protection Agency on June 9, 1988. We published a Notice of Availability in the Federal Register on June 16, 1988 (53 FR 22582). We published our Record of Decision on August 18, 1988 (53 FR 31341). Copies are available from the address indicated under the caption ADDRESSES.

Additionally, issues pertaining to swan hunting in the Pacific Flyway were covered under a separate NEPA document, "Swan Hunting in the Pacific Flyway," issued June 14, 2001, with a Finding of No Significant Impact issued June 14, 2001. Copies are available from the address indicated under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### **Endangered Species Act Consideration**

Prior to issuance of the 2002-03 migratory game bird hunting regulations, we will consider provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543; hereinafter the Act) to ensure that hunting is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any species designated as endangered or threatened or modify or destroy its critical habitat and that the proposed action is consistent with conservation programs for those species. Consultations under Section 7 of this Act may cause us to change proposals in this and future supplemental proposed rulemakings.

#### **Executive Order 12866**

While this individual supplemental rule was not reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the migratory bird hunting regulations are economically significant and are annually reviewed by OMB under Executive Order 12866.

Executive Order 12866 requires each agency to write regulations that are easy to understand. We invite comments on how to make this rule easier to understand, including answers to questions such as the following: (1) Are the requirements in the rule clearly stated? (2) Does the rule contain technical language or jargon that interferes with its clarity? (3) Does the format of the rule (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing, etc.) aid or reduce its clarity? (4) Would the rule be easier to understand if it were divided into more (but shorter) sections? (5) Is the description of the rule in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of the preamble helpful in understanding the rule? What else could we do to make the rule easier to understand?

Send a copy of any written comments about how we could make this rule easier to understand to: Office of Regulatory Affairs, Department of the Interior, Room 7229, 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20240. You may also email comments to: Exsec@ios.doi.gov.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

These regulations have a significant economic impact on substantial numbers of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). We analyzed the economic impacts of the annual hunting regulations on small business entities in detail and issued a Small Entity Flexibility Analysis (Analysis) in 1998. The Analysis documented the significant beneficial economic effect on a substantial number of small entities. The primary source of information about hunter expenditures for migratory game bird hunting is the National Hunting and Fishing Survey, which is conducted at 5-year intervals. The Analysis was based on the 1996 National Hunting and Fishing Survey and the U.S. Department of Commerce's County Business Patterns, from which it was estimated that migratory bird hunters would spend between \$429 million and \$1.084 billion at small businesses in 1998. Copies of the Analysis are available upon request from the address indicated under the caption ADDRESSES.

## Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This rule is a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. For the reasons outlined above, this rule has an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more. However, because this rule establishes hunting seasons, we do not plan to defer the effective date under the exemption contained in 5 U.S.C. 808(1).

#### Paperwork Reduction Act

We examined these regulations under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The various recordkeeping and reporting requirements imposed under regulations established in 50 CFR part 20, Subpart K, are utilized in the formulation of migratory game bird hunting regulations. Specifically, OMB has approved the information collection requirements of the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program and assigned control number 1018-0015 (expires 10/31/2004). This information is used to provide a sampling frame for voluntary national surveys to improve our harvest estimates for all migratory game birds in order to better manage these populations. A Federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

#### **Unfunded Mandates Reform Act**

We have determined and certify, in compliance with the requirements of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act, 2 U.S.C. 1502 et seq., that this rulemaking will not "significantly or uniquely" affect small governments, and will not produce a Federal mandate of \$100 million or more in any given year on local or State government or private entities. Therefore, this proposed rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.

## Civil Justice Reform—Executive Order 12988

The Department, in promulgating this proposed rule, has determined that this rule will not unduly burden the judicial system and meets the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988.

#### **Energy Effects—Executive Order 13211**

On May 18, 2001, the President issued an Executive Order 13211 on regulations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution, and use. Executive Order 13211 requires agencies to prepare Statements of Energy Effects when undertaking certain actions. While this supplemental proposed rule is a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866, it is not expected to adversely affect energy supplies, distribution, or use. Therefore,

this proposed action is not a significant energy action and no Statement of Energy Effects is required.

#### **Takings Implication Assessment**

In accordance with Executive Order 12630, this proposed rule does not have significant takings implications and does not affect any constitutionally protected property rights. This rule will not result in the physical occupancy of property, the physical invasion of property, or the regulatory taking of any property. In fact, this rule will allow hunters to exercise otherwise unavailable privileges, and, therefore, reduces restrictions on the use of private and public property.

#### Federalism Effects

Due to the migratory nature of certain species of birds, the Federal Government has been given responsibility over these species by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. We annually prescribe frameworks from which the States make selections and employ guidelines to establish special regulations on Federal Indian reservations and ceded lands. This process preserves the ability of the States and Tribes to determine which seasons meet their individual needs. Any State or Tribe may be more restrictive than the Federal frameworks at any time. The frameworks are developed in a cooperative process with the States and the Flyway Councils. This allows States to participate in the development of frameworks from which they will make selections, thereby having an influence on their own regulations. These rules do not have a substantial direct effect on fiscal capacity, change the roles or responsibilities of Federal or State governments, or intrude on State policy or administration. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 13132, these regulations do not have significant federalism effects and do not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

#### List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 20

Exports, Hunting, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation, Wildlife.

The rules that eventually will be promulgated for the 2002–03 hunting season are authorized under 16 U.S.C. 703–712 and 16 U.S.C. 742 a–j.

Dated: August 8, 2002.

#### David P. Smith,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

#### Proposed Regulations Frameworks for 2002–03 Late Hunting Seasons on Certain Migratory Game Birds

Pursuant to the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and delegated authorities, the Department has approved frameworks for season lengths, shooting hours, bag and possession limits, and outside dates within which States may select seasons for hunting waterfowl and coots between the dates of September 1, 2002, and March 10, 2003.

#### General

Dates: All outside dates noted below are inclusive.

Shooting and Hawking (taking by falconry) Hours: Unless otherwise specified, from one-half hour before sunrise to sunset daily.

Possession Limits: Unless otherwise specified, possession limits are twice the daily bag limit.

#### Flyways and Management Units

#### Waterfowl Flyways

Atlantic Flyway—includes Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Mississippi Flyway—includes Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.

Central Flyway—includes Colorado (east of the Continental Divide), Kansas, Montana (Counties of Blaine, Carbon, Fergus, Judith Basin, Stillwater, Sweetgrass, Wheatland, and all counties east thereof), Nebraska, New Mexico (east of the Continental Divide except the Jicarilla Apache Indian Reservation), North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming (east of the Continental Divide).

Pacific Flyway—includes Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and those portions of Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, and Wyoming not included in the Central Flyway.

#### Management Units

High Plains Mallard Management Unit—roughly defined as that portion of the Central Flyway which lies west of the 100th meridian.

Definitions: For the purpose of hunting regulations listed below, the

collective terms "dark" and "light" geese include the following species:

Dark geese-Canada geese, whitefronted geese, brant, and all other goose species except light geese.

Light geese—snow (including blue)

geese and Ross' geese.

Area, Zone, and Unit Descriptions: Geographic descriptions related to lateseason regulations are contained in a later portion of this document.

Area-Specific Provisions: Frameworks for open seasons, season lengths, bag and possession limits, and other special provisions are listed below by Flyway.

Compensatory Days in the Atlantic Flyway: In the Atlantic Flyway States of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, where Sunday hunting is prohibited statewide by State law, all Sundays are closed to all take of migratory waterfowl (including mergansers and coots).

#### **Atlantic Flyway**

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots

Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the last Sunday in January (January

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: 60 days, except pintails which may not exceed 30 days, and daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 4 mallards (2 hens), 3 scaup, 1 black duck, 1 pintail, 1 mottled duck, 1 fulvous whistling duck, 2 wood ducks, 2 redheads, and 4 scoters.

Closures: The season on canvasbacks and harlequin ducks is closed.

Sea Ducks: Within the special sea duck areas, during the regular duck season in the Atlantic Flyway, States may choose to allow the above sea duck limits in addition to the limits applying to other ducks during the regular duck season. In all other areas, sea ducks may be taken only during the regular open season for ducks and are part of the regular duck season daily bag (not to exceed 4 scoters) and possession limits.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit of mergansers is 5, only 1 of which may

be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15

Lake Champlain Zone, New York: The waterfowl seasons, limits, and shooting hours shall be the same as those selected for the Lake Champlain Zone of Vermont.

Connecticut River Zone, Vermont: The waterfowl seasons, limits, and shooting hours shall be the same as those selected for the Inland Zone of New Hampshire.

Zoning and Split Seasons: Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Virginia may split their seasons into three segments; Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and West Virginia may select hunting seasons by zones and may split their seasons into two segments in each

#### Canada Geese

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: Specific regulations for Canada geese are shown below by State. Unless specified otherwise, seasons may be split into two segments. In areas within States where the framework closing date for Atlantic Population (AP) goose seasons overlaps with special late season frameworks for resident geese, the framework closing date for AP goose seasons is January 14.

Connecticut:

North Atlantic Population (NAP) Zone: Between October 1 and January 31, a 60-day season may be held with a 2-bird daily bag limit in the H Unit and a 70-day season with a 3-bird daily bag in the L Unit.

Atlantic Population (AP) Zone: A 45day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

South Zone: A special experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag

Delaware: A 45-day season may be held between November 15 and January 31 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Florida: A 70-day season may be held between November 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Georgia: In specific areas, a 70-day season may be held between November 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily

Maine: A 60-day season may be held Statewide between October 1 and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit. Maryland:

Resident Population (RP) Zone: A 70day season may be held between November 15 and February 15, with a 5bird daily bag limit. The season may be split 3-ways.

AP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between November 15 and January 31 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Massachusetts:

NAP Zone: A 60-day season may be held between October 1 and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit. Additionally, a special season may be held from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2bird daily bag limit.

New Hampshire: A 60-day season may be held statewide between October 1 and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag

New Jersey:

Statewide: A 45-day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held in designated areas of North and South New Jersey from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

New York:

Southern James Bay Population (SJBP) Zone: A 70-day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31, with a 2bird daily bag limit.

NAP Zone: Between October 1 and January 31, a 60-day season may be held with a 2-bird daily bag limit in the High Harvest areas and a 70-day season with a 3-bird daily bag limit in the Low

Harvest areas.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit in designated areas of Chemung, Delaware, Tioga, Broome, Sullivan, Westchester, Nassau, Suffolk, Orange, Dutchess, Putnam, and Rockland Counties.

AP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

RP Zone: A 70-day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

North Carolina: SJBP Zone: A 70-day season may be held between October 1 and December 31, with a 2-bird daily bag limit, except for the Northeast Hunt Unit and Northampton County, which is closed.

RP Zone: A 70-day season may be held between October 1 and February 15 with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Pennsylvania:

SJBP Zone: A 40-day season may be held between November 15 and January 14, with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Pymatuning Zone: A 35-day season may be held between October 1 and January 31, with a 1-bird daily bag limit. RP Zone: A 70-day season may be

held between November 15 and January 31, with a 5-bird daily bag limit. AP Zone: A 45-day season may be

held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held from January 15 to February 15 with a 5-bird

daily bag limit.

Rhode Island: A 60-day season may be held between October 1 and January 31, with a 2-bird daily bag limit. An experimental season may be held in designated areas from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag

South Carolina: In designated areas, a 70-day season may be held during November 15 to February 15, with a 5-

bird daily bag limit.

Vermont: A 45-day season may be held between the last Saturday in October (October 26) and January 31 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Virginia:

SJBP Zone: A 40-day season may be held between November 15 and January 14, with a 2-bird daily bag limit. Additionally, an experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between November 15 and January 31 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

RP Zone: A 70-day season may be held between November 15 and February 15 with a 5-bird daily bag

Back Bay Area: Season is closed. West Virginia: A 70-day season may be held between October 1 and January 31, with a 3-bird daily bag limit.

#### Light Geese

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: States may select a 107-day season between October 1 and March 10, with a 15-bird daily bag limit and no possession limit. States may split their seasons into three segments, except in Delaware and Maryland, where, following the completion of their duck season, and until March 10, Delaware and Maryland may split the remaining portion of the season to hunt on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays only.

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: States may select a 60-day season between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and January 31, with a 3-bird daily bag limit. States may split their seasons into two segments.

#### Mississippi Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots

Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the last Sunday in January 20 (January 26).

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: 60 days, except that the season for pintails

may not exceed 30 days and the season for canvasbacks is closed. The daily bag limit is 6 ducks, including no more than 4 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be females), 3 mottled ducks, 3 scaup, 1 black duck, 1 pintail, 2 wood ducks, and 2 redheads.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit is 5, only 1 of which may be a hooded merganser. In States that include mergansers in the duck bag limit, the daily limit is the same as the duck bag limit, only one of which may be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15

Zoning and Split Seasons: Alabama, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin may select hunting seasons by zones.

In Alabama, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin, the season may be split into two segments in each zone.

In Arkansas, Minnesota, and Mississippi, the season may be split into three segments.

Split Seasons: Seasons for geese may be split into three segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese require Mississippi Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval and a 3-year evaluation by each participating

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, und Limits: States may select seasons for light geese not to exceed 107 days with 20 geese daily between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and March 10; for white-fronted geese not to exceed 86 days with 2 geese daily or 107 days with 1 goose daily between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the Sunday nearest February 15 (February 16); and for brant not to exceed 70 days with 2 brant daily or 107 days with 1 brant daily between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and January 31. There is no possession limit for light geese. Specific regulations for Canada geese and exceptions to the above general provisions are shown below by State. Except as noted below, the outside dates for Canada geese are the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and January 31.

Alabama: In the SJBP Goose Zone, the season for Canada geese may not exceed 50 days. Elsewhere, the season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days in the respective duck-hunting zones. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Arkansas: In the Northwest Zone, the season for Canada geese may extend for 33 days, provided that one segment of

at least nine days occurs prior to October 15. In the remainder of the State, the season may not exceed 23 days. The season may extend to February 15, and may be split into two segments. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Illinois: The total harvest of Canada geese in the State will be limited to 64,100 birds. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese. The possession limit is 10

Canada geese.

(a) North Zone—The season for Canada geese will close after 80 days or when 9,300 birds have been harvested in the Northern Illinois Quota Zone, whichever occurs first.

(a) Central Zone—The season for Canada geese will close after 80 days or when 12,800 birds have been harvested in the Central Illinois Quota Zone,

whichever occurs first.

(c) South Zone-The season for Canada geese will close after 80 days or when 16,100 birds have been harvested in the Southern Illinois Ouota Zone. whichever occurs first.

Indiana: The season for Canada geese may extend for 60 days, except in the SJBP Zone, where the season may not exceed 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Iowa: The season may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada

Kentucky: (a) Western Zone-The season for Canada geese may extend for 56 days (71 days in Fulton County), and the harvest will be limited to 10,300 birds. Of the 10,300-bird quota, 6,700 birds will be allocated to the Ballard Reporting Area and 2,575 birds will be allocated to the Henderson/Union Reporting Area. If the quota in either reporting area is reached prior to completion of the 56-day season, the season in that reporting area will be closed. If the quotas in both the Ballard and Henderson/Union reporting areas are reached prior to completion of the 56-day season, the season in the counties and portions of counties that comprise the Western Goose Zone (listed in State regulations) may continue for an additional 7 days, not to exceed a total of 56 days (71 days in Fulton County). The season in Fulton County may extend to February 15. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Pennyroyal/Coalfield Zone—The season may extend for 50 days. The

daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese. (c) Remainder of the State—The season may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Louisiana: The season for Canada geese may extend for 9 days. During the season, the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose and 2 white-fronted geese with an 86-day white-fronted goose season or 1 white-fronted goose with a 107-day season. Hunters participating in the Canada goose season must possess a special permit issued by the State.

Michigan: (a) Mississippi Valley Population (MVP) Zone—The total harvest of Canada geese will be limited to 46,400 birds. The framework opening date for all geese is September 16 and the season for Canada geese may extend for 21 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(1) Allegan County GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 25 days or when 1,400 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(2) Muskegon Wastewater GMU-The Canada goose season will close after 25 days or when 450 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) SJBP Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 16 and the season for Canada geese may extend for 30 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(1) Saginaw County GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 50 days or when 2,000 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The

daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.
(2) Tuscola/Huron GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 50 days or when 750 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(c) Southern Michigan GMU-A special Canada goose season may be held between January 4 and February 2. The daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese.

(d) Central Michigan GMU—A special Canada goose season may be held between January 4 and February 2. The daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese.

Minnesota: (a) West Zone—(1) West Central Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. In the Lac Qui Parle Zone, the season will close after 40 days or when 12,000 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. Throughout the West Central Zone, the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(2) Remainder of West Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada

(b) Northwest Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(c) Remainder of the State-The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(d) Special Late Canada Goose Season—An experimental special Canada goose season of up to 10 days may be held in December, except in the West Central and Lac qui Parle Goose zones. During the special season, the daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese, except in the Southeast Goose Zone, where the daily bag limit is 2.

Mississippi: The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese.

Missouri: (a) Swan Lake Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 77 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Southeast Zone-The season for Canada geese may extend for 77 days. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that at least 1 segment occurs prior to December 1. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(c) Remainder of the State-

(1) North Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 77 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that 1 segment of at least 9 days occurs prior to October 15. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(2) Middle Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 77 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that 1 segment of at least 9 days occurs prior to October 15. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(3) South Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 77 days. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that at least 1 segment occurs prior to December 1. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

Ohio: The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days in the respective duck-hunting zones, with a daily bag limit of 2 Canada geese, except in the Lake Erie SJBP Zone, where the season may not exceed 35 days and the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose. A special Canada goose season of up to 22 days, beginning the first Saturday after January 10, may be held in the following counties: Allen (north of U.S. Highway 30), Fulton, Geauga (north of Route 6), Henry, Huron, Lucas (Lake Erie Zone closed), Seneca, and Summit (Lake Erie Zone closed). During the special season, the daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Tennessee:

(a) Northwest Zone-The season for Canada geese may not exceed 71 days, and may extend to February 15. The

daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese. (b) Southwest Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(c) Kentucky/Barkley Lakes Zone-The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(d) Remainder of the State—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada

Wisconsin: The total harvest of Canada geese in the State will be limited to 48,500 birds.

(a) Horicon Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 16. The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 18,000 birds. The season may not exceed 94 days. All Canada geese harvested must be tagged. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese, and the season limit will be the number of tags issued to each permittee.

(b) Collins Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 600 birds. The season may not exceed 68 days. All Canada geese harvested must be tagged. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese, and the season limit will be the number of tags issued to each permittee.

(c) Exterior Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 21. The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 25,400 birds, with 500 birds allocated to the Mississippi River Subzone. The season may not exceed 94 days, except in the Mississippi River Subzone, where the season may not exceed 71 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose. In that portion of the Exterior Zone outside the Mississippi River Subzone, the progress of the harvest must be monitored, and the season closed, if necessary, to ensure that the harvest does not exceed 25,400

Additional Limits: In addition to the harvest limits stated for the respective zones above, an additional 4,500 Canada geese may be taken in the Horicon Zone under special agricultural permits.

Quota Zone Closures: When it has been determined that the quota of Canada geese allotted to the Northern Illinois, Central Illinois, and Southern Illinois Quota Zones in Illinois; the Ballard and Henderson-Union Subzones in Kentucky; the Allegan County, Muskegon Wastewater, Saginaw County, and Tuscola/Huron Goose Management Units in Michigan; the Lac Qui Parle Zone in Minnesota; and the Exterior Zone in Wisconsin will have been filled, the season for taking Canada geese in the respective zone (and associated area, if applicable) will be closed by either the Director upon giving public notice through local information media at least 48 hours in advance of the time and date of closing, or by the State through State regulations with such notice and time (not less than 48 hours) as they deem necessary.

#### **Central Flyway**

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots

Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the last Sunday in January (January 26).

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits:

(1) High Plains Mallard Management Unit (roughly defined as that portion of the Central Flyway which lies west of the 100th meridian): 97 days, except pintails which may not exceed 39 days, and a daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 5 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be hens), 1 mottled duck, 1 pintail, 2 redheads, 3 scaup, and 2 wood ducks. The last 23 days may start no earlier than the Saturday nearest December 10 (December 7). The season on canvasbacks is closed.

(2) Remainder of the Central Flyway: 74 days, except pintails which may not exceed 39 consecutive days, and a daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 5 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be hens), 1 mottled duck, 1 pintail, 2 redheads, 3 scaup, and 2 wood ducks. The season on canvasbacks is

closed.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit is 5 mergansers, only 1 of which may be a hooded merganser. In States that include mergansers in the duck daily bag limit, the daily limit may be the same as the duck bag limit, only one of which may be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15

coots

Zoning and Split Seasons: Kansas (Low Plains portion), Montana, Nebraska (Low Plains portion), New Mexico, Oklahoma (Low Plains portion), South Dakota (Low Plains portion), Texas (Low Plains portion), and Wyoming may select hunting seasons by zones.

In Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming, the regular season may be split into two segments.

In Colorado, the season may be split into three segments.

#### Geese

Split Seasons: Seasons for geese may be split into three segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese require Central Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval, and a 3year evaluation by each participating State.

Outside Dates: For dark geese, seasons may be selected between the outside dates of the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the Sunday nearest February 15 (February 17). For light geese, outside dates for seasons may be selected between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and March 10. In the Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (East and West) of Nebraska, temporal and spatial restrictions consistent with the experimental late-winter snow goose hunting strategy endorsed by the Central Flyway Council in July 1999, are required.

Season Lengths and Limits:

Light Geese: States may select a light goose season not to exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for light geese is 20

with no possession limit.

Dark Geese: In Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and the Eastern Goose Zone of Texas, States may select a season for Canada geese (or any other dark goose species except white-fronted geese) not to exceed 95 days with a daily bag limit of 3. Additionally, in the Eastern Goose Zone of Texas, an alternative season of 107 days with a daily bag limit of 1 Canada goose may be selected. For white-fronted geese, these States may select either a season of 86 days with a bag limit of 2 or a 107-day season with a bag limit of 1.

In South Dakota, for Canada geese in the Big Stone Power Plant Area of Canada Goose Unit 3, the daily bag limit is 3 until November 30 and 2 thereafter.

In Colorado, Montana, New Mexico and Wyoming, States may select seasons not to exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for dark geese is 5 in the aggregate.

In the Western Goose Zone of Texas, the season may not exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for Canada geese (or any other dark goose species except white-fronted geese) is 5. The daily bag limit for white-fronted geese is 1.

#### Pacific Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, Coots, Common Moorhens, and Purple Gallinules

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: Concurrent 107 days and daily bag limit of 7 ducks and mergansers, including no more than 2 female mallards, 1 pintail, 4 scaup, 2 redheads. The season on pintails is closed, except one pintail may be included in the daily bag limit for 60 days within the Pacific Flyway duck season. A single pintail may also be included in the 7-bird daily bag limit

for designated youth-hunt days. The season on canvasbacks is closed.

The season on coots and common moorhens may be between the outside dates for the season on ducks, but not to exceed 107 days.

Coot, Common Moorhen, and Purple Gallinule Limits: The daily bag and possession limits of coots, common moorhens, and purple gallinules are 25, singly or in the aggregate.

Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21) and the last Sunday in January (January 26)

Zoning and Split Seasons: Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington may select hunting seasons by zones.

Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington may split their seasons into two segments.

Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, and Wyoming may split their seasons into three segments.

Colorado River Zone, California: Seasons and limits shall be the same as seasons and limits selected in the adjacent portion of Arizona (South Zone).

#### Geese

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: California, Oregon, and Washington: Except as subsequently noted, 100-day seasons may be selected, with outside dates between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 28), and the last Sunday in January (January 26). Basic daily bag limits are 3 light geese and 4 dark geese, except in California, Oregon, and Washington, where the dark goose bag limit does not include brant.

Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming: Except as subsequently noted, 107-day seasons may be selected, with outside dates between the Saturday nearest September 24 (September 21), and the last Sunday in January (January 26). Basic daily bag limits are 3 light geese and 4 dark geese.

Split Seasons: Unless otherwise specified, seasons for geese may be split into up to 3 segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese and white-fronted geese require Pacific Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval and a 3-year evaluation by each participating State.

Brant Season—A 16-consecutive-day season may be selected in Oregon. A 16-day season may be selected in Washington, and this season may be split into 2-segments. A 30-consecutive-day season may be selected in California. In these States, the daily bag

limit is 2 brant and is in addition to dark goose limits.

Arizona: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3.

Northeastern—The daily bag limit is 3 geese and may include no more than 2 dark geese; including not more than 1 cackling Canada goose or 1 Aleutian -Canada goose.

Southern California Zone—In the Imperial County Special Management Area, light geese only may be taken from the end of the general goose hunting season through the first Sunday in

February (February 2).

Balance-of-the-State Zone-An 86-day season may be selected. Limits may not include more than 3 geese per day, of which not more than 2 may be whitefronted geese and not more than 1 may be a cackling Canada goose or Aleutian Canada goose. Three areas in the Balance-of-the-State Zone are restricted in the hunting of certain geese:

(1) In the Counties of Del Norte and Humboldt, the open season for Canada geese may be 9 days. The daily bag limit shall contain no more than 1 Canada goose, cackling Canada goose or

Aleutian Canada goose.

(2) In the Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (West), the season on white-fronted geese must end on or before December 14, and, in the Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (East), there will be no open season for Canada geese.

(3) In the San Joaquin Valley Special Management Area, there will be no open

season for Canada geese.

Oregon: Except as subsequently noted, the dark goose daily bag limit is 4, including not more than 1 cackling Canada goose or Aleutian Canada goose.

Harney, Klamath, Lake, and Malheur County Zone-For Lake County only, the daily dark goose bag limit may not include more than 2 white-fronted

Western Zone—Special Canada Goose Management Area, except for designated areas, there will be no open season on Canada geese. In the designated areas, individual quotas will be established that collectively will not exceed 165 dusky Canada geese. See section on quota zones. In those designated areas, the daily bag limit of dark geese is 4 and may include no more than 1 Aleutian Canada goose.

Closed Zone: Those portions of Coos and Curry Counties south of Bandon and west of US 101 and all of Tillamook

County.

Washington: The daily bag limit is 4 geese, including 4 dark geese but not more than 3 light geese.

Southwest Quota Zone-In the Special Goose Management Area, except for designated areas, there will be no open season on Canada geese. In the designated areas, individual quotas will be established that collectively will not exceed 85 dusky Canada geese. See section on quota zones. In this area, the daily bag limit of dark geese is 4 and may include 4 cackling Canada geese. In Southwest Quota Zone Area 2B (Pacific and Grays Harbor Counties) the dark goose bag limit may include 1 Aleutian Canada goose.

Colorado: The daily bag limit for dark

geese is 3 geese.

Idaho: Northern Unit-The daily bag limit is 4 geese, including 4 dark geese, but not more than 3 light geese.

Southwest Unit and Southeastern Unit—The daily bag limit on dark geese

Montana:

West of Divide Zone and East of Divide Zone—The daily bag limit of dark geese is 4.

Nevada: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3 except in the Lincoln and Clark County Zone, where the daily bag limit of dark geese is 2.

New Mexico: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3.

Utah: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3.

Wyoming: The daily bag limit for dark

geese is 4.

Quota Zones: Seasons on dark geese must end upon attainment of individual quotas of dusky Canada geese allotted to the designated areas of Oregon and Washington. The September Canada goose season, the regular goose season, any special late dark goose season, and any extended falconry season, combined, must not exceed 107 days, and the established quota of dusky Canada geese must not be exceeded. Hunting of dark geese in those designated areas will only be by hunters possessing a State-issued permit authorizing them to do so. In a Serviceapproved investigation, the State must obtain quantitative information on hunter compliance of those regulations aimed at reducing the take of dusky Canada geese. If the monitoring program cannot be conducted, for any reason, the season must immediately close. In the designated areas of the Washington Quota Zone, a special late dark goose season may be held between the Saturday following the close of the general goose season and March 10. In the Special Canada Goose Management Area of Oregon, the framework closing date is extended to the Sunday closest to March 1 (March 3). Regular dark goose seasons may be split into 3

segments within the Oregon and Washington quota zones.

In designated areas of Utah, Nevada, and the Pacific Flyway portion of Montana, an open season for taking a limited number of swans may be selected. Permits will be issued by States and will authorize each permittee to take no more than 1 swan per season. The season may open no earlier than the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 28). The States must implement a harvest-monitoring program to measure the species composition of the swan harvest. In Utah and Nevada, the harvest-monitoring program must require that all harvested swans or their species-determinant parts be examined by either State or Federal biologists for the purpose of species classification. All States should use appropriate measures to maximize hunter compliance in providing bagged swans for examination or, in the case of Montana, reporting bill-measurement and color information. All States must achieve at least an 80percent compliance rate, or subsequent permits will be reduced by 10 percent. All States must provide to the Service by June 30, 2003, a report covering harvest, hunter participation, reporting compliance, and monitoring of swan populations in the designated hunt areas. These seasons will be subject to the following conditions:

In Utah, no more than 2,000 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than the second Sunday in December (December 8) or upon attainment of 10 trumpeter swans in the harvest, whichever occurs earliest. Utah must enter into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Service regarding harvest monitoring, season closure procedures, and education requirements

for swan seasons in Utah.

In Nevada, no more than 650 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than the Sunday following January 1 (January 5) or upon attainment of 5 trumpeter swans in the harvest, whichever occurs earliest.

In Montana, no more than 500 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than December 1.

Tundra Swans

In the Central Flyway portion of Montana, and in North Carolina, North Dakota, South Dakota (east of the Missouri River), and Virginia, an open season for taking a limited number of tundra swans may be selected. Permits will be issued by States that authorize the take of no more than 1 tundra swan per permit. A second permit may be issued to hunters from unused permits

remaining after the first drawing. The States must obtain harvest and hunter participation data. These seasons will be subject to the following conditions:

#### In the Atlantic Flyway

—The season will be experimental.

—The season may be 90 days, from October 1 to January 31.

—In North Carolina, no more than 5,000 permits may be issued.

—In Virginia, no more than 600 permits may be issued.

#### In the Central Flyway

—The season may be 107 days, from the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 28) to January 31.

—In the Central Flyway portion of Montana, no more than 500 permits may be issued.

—In North Dakota, no more than 2,000 permits may be issued.

—In South Dakota, no more than 1,500 permits may be issued.

#### Area, Unit, and Zone Descriptions

Ducks (Including Mergansers) and Coots

Atlantic Flyway

Connecticut:

North Zone: That portion of the State north of I–95.

South Zone: Remainder of the State. *Maine*:

North Zone: That portion north of the line extending east along Maine State Highway 110 from the New Hampshire and Maine border to the intersection of Maine State Highway 11 in Newfield; then north and east along Route 11 to the intersection of U.S. Route 202 in Auburn; then north and east on Route 202 to the intersection of Interstate Highway 95 in Augusta; then north and east along I—95 to Route 15 in Bangor; then east along Route 15 to Route 9; then east along Route 9 to Stony Brook in Baileyville; then east along Stony Brook to the United States border.

South Zone: Remainder of the State.

Massachusetts:

Western Zone: That portion of the State west of a line extending south from the Vermont border on I–91 to MA 9, west on MA 9 to MA 10, south on MA 10 to U.S. 202, south on U.S. 202 to the Connecticut border.

Central Zone: That portion of the State east of the Berkshire Zone and west of a line extending south from the New Hampshire border on I–95 to U.S. 1, south on U.S. 1 to I–93. south on I–93 to MA 3, south on MA 3 to U.S. 6, west on U.S. 6 to MA 28, west on MA 28 to I–195, west to the Rhode Island border; except the waters, and the lands 150 yards inland from the high-water mark, of the Assonet River upstream to

the MA 24 bridge, and the Taunton River upstream to the Center St.-Elm St. bridge shall be in the Coastal Zone.

Coastal Zone: That portion of Massachusetts east and south of the Central Zone.

New Hampshire:

Coastal Zone: That portion of the State east of a line extending west from the Maine border in Rollinsford on NH 4 to the city of Dover, south to NH 108, south along NH 108 through Madbury, Durham, and Newmarket to NH 85 in Newfields, south to NH 101 in Exeter, east to NH 51 (Exeter-Hampton Expressway), east to I—95 (New Hampshire Turnpike) in Hampton, and south along I—95 to the Massachusetts border.

Inland Zone: That portion of the State north and west of the above boundary and along the Massachusetts border crossing the Connecticut River to Interstate 91 and northward in Vermont to Route 2, east to 102, northward to the Canadian border.

New Jersey:

Coastal Zone: That portion of the State seaward of a line beginning at the New York border in Raritan Bay and extending west along the New York border to NJ 440 at Perth Amboy; west on NJ 440 to the Garden State Parkway; south on the Garden State Parkway to the shoreline at Cape May and continuing to the Delaware border in Delaware Bay.

North Zone: That portion of the State west of the Coastal Zone and north of a line extending west from the Garden State Parkway on NJ 70 to the New Jersey Turnpike, north on the turnpike to U.S. 206, north on U.S. 206 to U.S. 1 at Trenton, west on U.S. 1 to the Pennsylvania border in the Delaware River.

South Zone: That portion of the State not within the North Zone or the Coastal Zone.

New York:

Lake Champlain Zone: The U.S. portion of Lake Champlain and that area east and north of a line extending along NY 9B from the Canadian border to U.S. 9, south along U.S. 9 to NY 22 south of Keesville; south along NY 22 to the west shore of South Bay, along and around the shoreline of South Bay to NY 22 on the east shore of South Bay; southeast along NY 22 to U.S. 4, northeast along U.S. 4 to the Vermont border.

Long Island Zone: That area consisting of Nassau County, Suffolk County, that area of Westchester County southeast of I–95, and their tidal waters.

Western Zone: That area west of a line extending from Lake Ontario east along the north shore of the Salmon River to

I–81, and south along I–81 to the Pennsylvania border.

Northeastern Zone: That area north of a line extending from Lake Ontario east along the north shore of the Salmon River to I–81 to NY 31, east along NY 31 to NY 13, north along NY 13 to NY 49, east along NY 49 to NY 365, east along NY 365 to NY 28, east along NY 28 to NY 29, east along NY 29 to I–87, north along I–87 to U.S. 9 (at Exit 20), north along U.S. 9 to NY 149, east along NY 149 to U.S. 4, north along U.S. 4 to the Vermont border, exclusive of the Lake Champlain Zone.

Southeastern Zone: The remaining portion of New York.

Pennsylvania:

Lake Érie Zone: The Lake Erie waters of Pennsylvania and a shoreline margin along Lake Erie from New York on the east to Ohio on the west extending 150 yards inland, but including all of Presque Isle Peninsula.

Northwest Zone: The area bounded on the north by the Lake Erie Zone and including all of Erie and Crawford Counties and those portions of Mercer and Venango Counties north of I–80.

North Zone: That portion of the State east of the Northwest Zone and north of a line extending east on I–80 to U.S. 220, Route 220 to I–180, I–180 to I–80, and I–80 to the Delaware River.

South Zone: The remaining portion of Pennsylvania.

Vermont:

Lake Champlain Zone: The U.S. portion of Lake Champlain and that area north and west of the line extending from the New York border along U.S. 4 to VT 22A at Fair Haven; VT 22A to U.S. 7 at Vergennes; U.S. 7 to the Canadian border.

Interior Zone: That portion of Vermont west of the Lake Champlain Zone and eastward of a line extending from the Massachusetts border at Interstate 91; north along Interstate 91 to U.S. 2; east along U.S. 2 to VT 102; north along VT 102 to VT 253; north along VT 253 to the Canadian border.

Connecticut River Zone: The remaining portion of Vermont east of the Interior Zone.

West Virginia:

Zone 1: That portion outside the boundaries in Zone 2.

Zone 2 (Allegheny Mountain Upland): That area bounded by a line extending south along U.S. 220 through Keyser to U.S. 50; U.S. 50 to WV 93; WV 93 south to WV 42; WV 42 south to Petersburg; WV 28 south to Minnehaha Springs; WV 39 west to U.S. 219; U.S. 219 south to I–64; I–64 west to U.S. 60; U.S. 60 west to U.S. 19; U.S. 19 north to I–79, I–79 north to I–68; I–68 east to the Maryland

border; and along the border to the point of beginning.

Mississippi Flyway

Alabama:

South Zone: Mobile and Baldwin Counties.

North Zone: The remainder of Alabama.

Illinois:

North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Iowa border along Illinois Highway 92 to Interstate Highway 280, east along I—280 to I—80, then east along I—80 to the Indiana border.

Central Zone: That portion of the State south of the North Zone to a line extending east from the Missouri border along the Modoc Ferry route to Modoc Ferry Road, east along Modoc Ferry Road to Modoc Road, northeasterly along Modoc Road and St. Leo's Road to Illinois Highway 3, north along Illinois 3 to Illinois 159, north along Illinois 159 to Illinois 161, east along Illinois 161 to Illinois 4, north along Illinois 4 to Interstate Highway 70, east along I-70 to the Bond County line, north and east along the Bond County line to Fayette County, north and east along the Fayette County line to Effingham County, east and south along the Effingham County line to I-70, then east along I-70 to the Indiana border.

South Zone: The remainder of Illinois. *Indiana*:

North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Illinois border along State Road 18 to U.S. Highway 31, north along U.S. 31 to U.S. 24, east along U.S. 24 to Huntington, then southeast along U.S. 224 to the Ohio border.

Ohio River Zone: That portion of the State south of a line extending east from the Illinois border along Interstate Highway 64 to New Albany, east along State Road 56 to State Road 56, east along State Road 56 to Vevay, east and north on State 156 along the Ohio River to North Landing, north along State 56 to U.S. Highway 50, then northeast along U.S. 50 to the Ohio border.

South Zone: That portion of the State between the North and Ohio River Zone boundaries.

Iowa

North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Nebraska border along State *Highway* 175 to State *Highway* 37, southeast along *State* Highway 37 to U.S. Highway 59, south along U.S. 59 to Interstate Highway 80, then east along I–80 to the Illinois border.

South Zone: The remainder of Iowa. *Kentucky:* 

West Zone: All counties west of and including Butler, Daviess, Ohio, Simpson, and Warren Counties.

East Zone: The remainder of Kentucky.

Louisiana:

West Zone: That portion of the State west and south of a line extending south from the Arkansas border along Louisiana Highway 3 to Bossier City, east along Interstate Highway 20 to Minden, south along Louisiana 7 to Ringgold, east along Louisiana 4 to Jonesboro, south along U.S. Highway 167 to Lafayette, southeast along U.S. 90 to the Mississippi State line.

East Zone: The remainder of

Louisiana.

Catahoula Lake Area: All of Catahoula Lake, including those portions known locally as Round Prairie, Catfish Prairie, and Frazier's Arm. See State regulations for additional information.

Michigan:

North Zone: The Upper Peninsula. Middle Zone: That portion of the Lower Peninsula north of a line beginning at the Wisconsin border in Lake Michigan due west of the mouth of Stony Creek in Oceana County; then due east to, and easterly and southerly along the south shore of Stony Creek to Scenic Drive, easterly and southerly along Scenic Drive to Stony Lake Road, easterly along Stony Lake and Garfield Roads to Michigan Highway 20, east along Michigan 20 to U.S. Highway 10 Business Route (BR) in the city of Midland, easterly along U.S. 10 BR to U.S. 10, easterly along U.S. 10 to Interstate Highway 75/U.S. Highway 23, northerly along I-75/U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, easterly along U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border.

South Zone: The remainder of Michigan.

Missouri:

North Zone: That portion of Missouri north of a line running west from the Illinois border (Lock and Dam 25) on Lincoln County Highway N to Missouri Highway 79; south on Missouri Highway 79 to Missouri Highway 47; west on Missouri Highway 47 to Interstate 70; west on Interstate 70 to U.S. Highway 54; south on U.S. Highway 54; south on U.S. Highway 50; west on U.S. Highway 50 to the Kansas border.

South Zone: That portion of Missouri south of a line running west from the Illinois border on Missouri Highway 34 to Interstate 55; south on Interstate 55 to U.S. Highway 62; west on U.S. Highway 62 to Missouri Highway 53; north on Missouri Highway 51; north on Missouri Highway 51; north on Missouri Highway 51 to U.S. Highway 60; west on U.S. Highway 60 to Missouri Highway 21; north on Missouri Highway 21 to Missouri Highway 72; west on Missouri Highway 72 to Missouri Highway 32; west on Missouri Highway 32; west on Missouri Highway 32; highway 65; north on U.S. Highway 65 to U.S. Highway 54; west on U.S. Highway 54 to the Kansas border.

Middle Zone: The remainder of Missouri.

Ohio:

North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Indiana border along U.S. Highway 30 to State Route 37, south along SR 37 to SR 95, east along SR 95 to LaRue-Prospect Road, east along LaRue-Prospect Road to SR 203, south along SR 203 to SR 739, east along SR 739 to SR 4, north along SR 4 to SR 309, east along SR 309 to U.Š. 23, north along U.S. 23 to SR 231, north along SR 231 to U.S. 30, east along U.S. 30 to SR 42, north along SR 42 to SR 603, south along SR 603 to U.S. 30, east along U.S. 30 to SR 60, south along SR 60 to SR 39/60, east along SR 39/60 to SR 39, east along SR 39 to SR 241, east along SR 241 to U.S. 30, then east along U.S. 30 to the West Virginia border.

South Zone: The remainder of Ohio.

Tennessee:

Reelfoot Zone: All or portions of Lake and Obion Counties.

State Zone: The remainder of Tennessee.

Wisconsin:

North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Minnesota border along State Highway 77 to State 27, south along State 27 and 77 to U.S. Highway 63, and continuing south along State 27 to Sawyer County Road B, south and east along County B to State 70, southwest along State 70 to State 27, south along State 27 to State 64, west along State 64/27 and south along State 27 to U.S. 12, south and east on State 27/U.S. 12 to U.S. 10, east on U.S. 10 to State 310, east along State 310 to State 42, north along State 42 to State 147, north along State 147 to State 163, north along State 163 to Kewaunee County Trunk A, north along County Trunk A to State 57, north along State 57 to the Kewaunee/Door County Line, west along the Kewaunee/Door County Line to the Door/Brown County Line, west along the Door/Brown County Line to the Door/Oconto/Brown County Line, northeast along the Door/Oconto County Line to the Marinette/Door County Line, northeast along the Marinette/Door County Line to the Michigan border. South Zone: The remainder of

Wisconsin.

Central Flyway

Kansas:

High Plains Zone: That portion of the

State west of U.S. 283.

Low Plains Early Zone: That area of Kansas east of U.S. 283, and generally west of a line beginning at the Junction of the Nebraska border and KS 28; south on KS 28 to U.S. 36; east on U.S. 36 to KS 199; south on KS 199 to Republic Co. Road 563; south on Republic Co. Road 563 to KS 148; east on KS 148 to Republic Co. Road 138; south on Republic Co. Road 138 to Cloud Co. Road 765; south on Cloud Co. Road 765 to KS 9; west on KS 9 to U.S. 24; west on U.S. 24 to U.S. 281; north on U.S. 281 to U.S. 36; west on U.S. 36 to U.S. 183; south on U.S. 183 to U.S. 24; west on U.S. 24 to KS 18; southeast on KS 18 to U.S. 183; south on U.S. 183 to KS 4; east on KS 4 to I-135; south on I-135 to KS 61; southwest on KS 61 to KS 96; northwest on KS 96 to U.S. 56; west on U.S. 56 to U.S. 281; south on U.S. 281 to U.S. 54; and west on U.S. 54 to U.S. 183; north on U.S. 183 to U.S. 56; southwest on U.S. 56 to U.S. 283.

Low Plains Late Zone: The remainder

of Kansas.

Montana (Central Flyway Portion):
Zone 1: The Counties of Blaine,
Carbon, Carter, Daniels, Dawson, Fallon,
Fergus, Garfield, Golden Valley, Judith
Basin, McCone, Musselshell, Petroleum,
Phillips, Powder River, Richland,
Roosevelt, Sheridan, Stillwater, Sweet
Grass, Valley, Wheatland, Wibaux, and
Yellowstone.

Zone 2: The remainder of Montana. *Nebraska:* 

High Plains Zone: That portion of the State west of highways U.S. 183 and U.S. 20 from the South Dakota border to Ainsworth, NE 7 and NE 91 to Dunning, NE 2 to Merna, NE 92 to Arnold, NE 40 and NE 47 through Gothenburg to NE 23, NE 23 to Elwood, and U.S. 283 to the Kansas border.

Low Plains Zone 1: That portion of the State east of the High Plains Zone and north and west of a line extending from the South Dakota border along NE 26E Spur to NE 12, west on NE 12 to the Knox/Boyd County line, south along the county line to the Niobrara River and along the Niobrara River to U.S. 183 (the High Plains Zone line). Where the Niobrara River forms the boundary, both banks will be in Zone 1.

Low Plains Zone 2: Area bounded by designated Federal and State highway's and political boundaries beginning at the Kansas-Nebraska border on U.S. Hwy. 73; north to NE Hwy. 67 north to U.S. Hwy 136; east to the Steamboat Trace (Trace); north to Federal Levee R-562; north and west to the Trace/ Burlington Northern Railroad right-ofway; north to NE Hwy 2; west to U.S. Hwy 75; north to NE Hwy. 2; west to NE Hwy. 43; north to U.S. Hwy. 34; east to NE Hwy. 63; north and west to U.S. Hwy. 77; north to NE Hwy. 92; west to U.S. Hwy. 81; south to NE Hwy. 66; west to NE Hwy. 14; south to U.S. Hwy 34; west to NE Hwy. 2; south to U.S. Hwy. I-80; west to Gunbarrrel Rd. (Hall/ Hamilton county line); south to Giltner Rd.; west to U.S. Hwy. 281; south to U.S. Hwy. 34; west to NE Hwy 10; north to County Road "R" (Kearney County) and County Road #742 (Phelps County); west to County Road #438 (Gosper County line); south along County Road #438 (Gosper County line) to County Road #726 (Furnas County Line); east to County Road #438 (Harlan County Line); south to U. S. Hwy 34; south and west to U.S. Hwy. 136; east to NE Hwy. 10; south to the Kansas-Nebraska border.

Low Plains Zone 3: The area east of the High Plains Zone, excluding Low Plains Zone 1, north of Low Plains Zone 2.

Low Plains Zone 4: The area east of the High Plains Zone and south of Zone 2.

New Mexico (Central Flyway Portion): North Zone: That portion of the State north of I–40 and U.S. 54.

South Zone: The remainder of New Mexico.

North Dakota:

High Plains Unit: That portion of the State south and west of a line from the South Dakota border along U.S. 83 and I–94 to ND 41, north to U.S. 2, west to the Williams/Divide County line, then north along the County line to the Canadian border.

Low Plains: The remainder of North Dakota.

Oklahoma:

High Plains Zone: The Counties of Beaver, Cimarron, and Texas.

Low Plains Zone 1: That portion of the State east of the High Plains Zone and north of a line extending east from the Texas border along OK 33 to OK 47, east along OK 47 to U.S. 183, south along U.S. 183 to I—40, east along I—40 to U.S. 177, north along U.S. 177 to OK 33, west along OK 33 to I—35, north along I—35 to U.S. 412, west along U.S. 412 to OK 132, then north along OK 132 to the Kansas border.

Low Plains Zone 2: The remainder of Oklahoma.

South Dakota:

High Plains Unit: That portion of the State west of a line beginning at the

North Dakota border and extending south along U.S. 83 to U.S. 14, east along U.S. 14 to Blunt-Canning Road in Blunt, south along Blunt-Canning Road to SD 34, east to SD 47, south to I–90, east to SD 47, south to SD 49, south to Colome and then continuing south on U.S. 183 to the Nebraska border.

North Zone: That portion of northeastern South Dakota east of the High Plains Unit and north of a line extending east along US 212 to the Minnesota border.

South Zone: That portion of Gregory County east of SD 47, Charles Mix County south of SD 44 to the Douglas County line, south on SD 50 to Geddes, east on the Geddes Hwy. to U.S. 281, south on U.S. 281 and U.S. 18 to SD 50, south and east on SD 50 to Bon Homme County line, the Counties of Bon Homme, Yankton, and Clay south of SD 50, and Union County south and west of SD 50 and I-29.

Middle Zone: The remainder of South Dakota.

Texas:

High Plains Zone: That portion of the State west of a line extending south from the Oklahoma border along U.S. 183 to Vernon, south along U.S. 283 to Albany, south along TX 6 to TX 351 to Abilene, south along U.S. 277 to Del Rio, then south along the Del Rio International Toll Bridge access road to the Mexico border.

Low Plains North Zone: That portion of northeastern Texas east of the High Plains Zone and north of a line beginning at the International Toll Bridge south of Del Rio, then extending east on U.S. 90 to San Antonio, then continuing east on I–10 to the Louisiana border at Orange, Texas.

Low Plains South Zone: The remainder of Texas.

Wyoming (Central Flyway portion):

Zone 1: The Counties of Converse, Goshen, Hot Springs, Natrona, Platte, and Washakie Counties; and the portion of Park County east of the Shoshone National Forest boundary and south of a line beginning where the Shoshone National Forest boundary meets Park County Road 8VC, east along Park County Road 8VC to Park County Road 1AB, continuing east along Park County Road 1AB to Wyoming Highway 120, north along WY Highway 120 to WY Highway 294, south along WY Highway 294 to Lane 9, east along Lane 9 to Powel and WY Highway 14A, and finally east along WY Highway 14A to the Park County and Big Horn County

Zone 2: The reminder of Wyoming.

Pacific Flyway

Arizona—Game Management Units (GMU) as follows:

South Zone: Those portions of GMUs 6 and 8 in Yavapai County, and GMUs 10 and 12B–45.

North Zone: GMUs 1–5, those portions of GMUs 6 and 8 within Coconino County, and GMUs 7, 9, 12A.

Northeastern Zone: In that portion of California lying east and north of a line beginning at the intersection of the Klamath River with the California-Oregon line; south and west along the Klamath River to the mouth of Shovel Creek; along Shovel Creek to its intersection with Forest Service Road 46N05 at Burnt Camp; west to its junction with Forest Service Road 46N10; south and east to its Junction with County Road 7K007; south and west to its junction with Forest Service Road 45N22; south and west to its junction with Highway 97 and Grass Lake Summit; south along to its junction with Interstate 5 at the town of Weed; south to its junction with Highway 89; east and south along Highway 89 to main street Greenville; north and east to its junction with North Valley Road; south to its junction of Diamond Mountain Road; north and east to its junction with North Arm Road; south and west to the junction of North Valley Road; south to the junction with Arlington Road (A22); west to the junction of Highway 89; south and west to the junction of Highway 70; east on Highway 70 to Highway 395; south and east on Highway 395 to the point of intersection with the California-Nevada state line; north along the California-Nevada state line to the junction of the California-Nevada-Oregon state lines west along the California-Oregon state line to the point of origin

Colorado River Zone: Those portions of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Imperial Counties east of a line extending from the Nevada border south along U.S. 95 to Vidal Junction; south on a road known as "Aqueduct Road" in San Bernardino County through the town of Rice to the San Bernardino-Riverside County line; south on a road known in Riverside County as the "Desert Center to Rice Road" to the town of Desert Center; east 31 miles on I-10 to the Wiley Well Road; south on this road to Wiley Well; southeast along the Army-Milpitas Road to the Blythe, Brawley, Davis Lake intersections; south on the Blythe-Brawley paved road to the Ogilby and Tumco Mine Road; south on this road to U.S. 80; east seven miles on U.S. 80 to the Andrade-Algodones Road;

south on this paved road to the Mexican border at Algodones, Mexico.

Southern Zone: That portion of southern California (but excluding the Colorado River Zone) south and east of a line extending from the Pacific Ocean east along the Santa Maria River to CA 166 near the City of Santa Maria; east on CA 166 to CA 99; south on CA 99 to the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains at Tejon Pass; east and north along the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains to CA 178 at Walker Pass; east on CA 178 to U.S. 395 at the town of Inyokern; south on U.S. 395 to CA 58; east on CA 58 to L-15; east on L-15 to CA 127; north on CA 127 to the Nevada border.

Southern San Joaquin Valley Temporary Zone: All of Kings and Tulare Counties and that portion of Kern County north of the Southern Zone.

Balance-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of California not included in the Northeastern, Southern, and Colorado River Zones, and the Southern San Joaquin Valley Temporary Zone.

Zone 1: Includes all lands and waters within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, including private inholdings; Bannock County; Bingham County, except that portion within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; and Power County east of ID 37 and ID 39.

Zone 2: Includes the following Counties or portions of Counties: Adams; Bear Lake; Benewah; Bingham within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; those portions of Blaine west of ID 75, south and east of U.S. 93, and between ID'75 and U.S. 93 north of U.S. 20 outside the Silver Creek drainage; Bonner; Bonneville; Boundary; Butte; Camas; Caribou except the Fort Hall Indian Reservation; Cassia within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Clark; Clearwater; Custer; Elmore within the Camas Creek drainage; Franklin; Fremont; Idaho; Jefferson; Kootenai; Latah; Lemhi; Lewis; Madison; Nez Perce; Oneida; Power within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Shoshone; Teton; and Valley Counties.

Zone 3: Includes the following Counties or portions of Counties: Ada; Blaine between ID 75 and U.S. 93 south of U.S. 20 and that additional area between ID 75 and U.S. 93 north of U.S. 20 within the Silver Creek drainage; Boise; Canyon; Cassia except within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Elmore except the Camas Creek drainage; Gem; Gooding; Jerome; Lincoln; Minidoka; Owyhee; Payette; Power west of ID 37 and ID 39 except that portion within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Twin Falls; and Washington Counties.

Nevada:

Lincoln and Clark County Zone: All of Clark and Lincoln Counties.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Nevada.

Oregon:

Zone 1: Clatsop, Tillamook, Lincoln, Lane, Douglas, Coos, Curry, Josephine, Jackson, Linn, Benton, Polk, Marion, Yamhill, Washington, Columbia, Multnomah, Clackamas, Hood River, Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Morrow and Umatilla Counties.

Columbia Basin Mallard Management Unit: Gilliam, Morrow, and Umatilla

Counties.

Zone 2: The remainder of the State. *Utah*:

Zone 1: All of Box Elder, Cache, Daggett, Davis, Duchesne, Morgan, Rich, Salt Lake, Summit, Unitah, Utah, Wasatch, and Weber Counties and that part of Toole County north of I–80. Zone 2: The remainder of Utah.

Washington:

East Zone: All areas east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat County.

Columbia Basin Mallard Management Unit: Same as East Zone.

West Zone: All areas to the west of the East Zone.

Geese

Atlantic Flyway

Connecticut:

NAP L-Unit: That portion of Fairfield County north of Interstate 95 and that portion of New Haven County: starting at I–95 bridge on Housatonic River; north of Interstate 95; west of Route 10 to the intersection of Interstate 691; west along Interstate 691 to Interstate 84; west and south on Interstate 84 to Route 67; north along Route 67 to the Litchfield County line, then extending west along the Litchfield County line to the Shepaug River, then south to the intersection of the Litchfield and Fairfield County lines.

NAP H-Unit: All of the rest of the State not included in the AP or NAP-L

descriptions.

AP Unit: Litchfield County and the portion of Hartford County, west of a line beginning at the Massachusetts border in Suffield and extending south along Route 159 to its intersection with Route 91 in Hartford, and then extending south along Route 91 to its intersection with the Hartford/Middlesex County line.

South Zone: Same as for ducks. North Zone: Same as for ducks.

Maryland:

SJBP Zone: Allegheny, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Washington counties and the portion of Montgomery County south of Interstate 270 and west of Interstate 495 to the Potomac River.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State. *Massachusetts*:

NAP Zone: Central Zone (same as for ducks) and that portion of the Coastal Zone that lies north of route 139 from Green Harbor.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State. Special Late Season Area: That portion of the Coastal Zone (see duck zones) that lies north of Route 14, east of St. George Road, and east of the Powder Point Bridge.

New Hampshire: Same zones as for ducks.

New Jersey:

North—that portion of the State within a continuous line that runs east along the New York State boundary line to the Hudson River; then south along the New York State boundary to its intersection with Route 440 at Perth Amboy; then west on Route 440 to its intersection with Route 287; then west along Route 287 to its intersection with Route 206 in Bedminster (Exit 18); then north along Route 206 to its intersection with Route 94: then west along Route 94 to the tollbridge in Columbia; then north along the Pennsylvania State boundary in the Delaware River to the beginning

point.

South—that portion of the State within a continuous line that runs west from the Atlantic Ocean at Ship Bottom along Route 72 to Route 70; then west along Route 70 to Route 206; then south along Route 206 to Route 536; then west along Route 536 to Route 322; then west along Route 322 to Route 55; then south along Route 55 to Route 553 (Buck Road); then south along Route 553 to Route 40; then east along Route 40 to Route 55; then south along Route 55 to Route 552 (Sherman Avenue); then west along Route 552 to Carmel Road; then south along Carmel Road to Route 49; then east along Route 49 to Route 555; then south along Route 555 to Route 553; then east along Route 553 to Route 649; then north along Route 649 to Route 670; then east along Route 670 to Route 47; then north along Route 47 to Route 548; then east along Route 548 to Route 49; then east along Route 49 to Route 50; then south along Route 50 to Route 9; then south along Route 9 to Route 625 (Sea Isle City Boulevard); then east along Route 625 to the Atlantic Ocean; then north to the beginning

New York:

Special Late Season Area for Canada Geese: All of Tioga and Broome Counties; and that area of Chemung County lying east of a continuous line extending southeast along Route 224 from the Schuyler County line to Route 34, then south along Route 34 to the New York-Pennsylvania boundary; and that area of Delaware, Sullivan, and Orange Counties lying southwest of a continuous line extending east along State Route 17 from the Broome County line to U.S. Route 209 at Wurtsboro and then south along Route 209 to the New York-Pennsylvania boundary at Port Jervis, excluding areas on or within 50 yards of the Delaware River between the confluence of the West Branch and East Branch below Hancock and the mouth of the Shingle Kill (3 miles upstream from Port Jervis); and that area of Orange, Rockland, Dutchess, Putnam and Westchester Counties lying southeast of a continuous line extending north along State Route 17 from the New York-New Jersey boundary at Suffern to Interstate Route 87, then north along Route 87 to Interstate Route 84, then east along Route 84 to the northern boundary of Putnam County, then east along that boundary to the New York-Connecticut boundary; and that area of Nassau and Suffolk Counties lying north of State Route 25A and west of a continuous line extending northward from State Route 25A along Randall Road (near Shoreham) to North Country Road, then east to Sound Road and then north to Long Island Sound and then due north to the New York-Connecticut boundary

Long Island (NAP) Zone: Same as

Long Island Duck Zone.

Southwest (SJBP) Zone: All of Allegany, Cattaraugus, and Chautauqua Counties; and that area of Niagara, Erie, Genesee, Wyoming, Livingston, Yates, Steuben, Schuyler, Chemung and Tioga Counties lying south and west of a continuous line extending from the New York-Ontario boundary near Lewiston east along Interstate Route 190 to Route 31, then east along Route 31 to Route 78 in Lockport, then south along Route 78 to the Niagara-Erie County boundary (Tonawanda Creek), then east along the Niagara-Erie County boundary to Route 93, then south along Route 93 to Route 5, then east along Route 5 to Crittenden-Murrays Corners Road, then south along Crittenden-Murrays Corners Road to the NY State Thruway, then east along the Thruway to Route 98 at Batavia, then south along Route 98 to Route 20, then east along Route 20 to Route 19, then south along Route 19 to Route 63, then southeast along Route 63 to Route 246, then south along Route 246 to Route 39, then southwest along Route 39 to Route 19A, then south and east along Route 19A to Route 436, then east along Route 436 to Route 36 in Dansville, then south along Route 36 to Route 17, then east along Route 17 to Belfast Street in Bath, then east along Belfast Street to Route

415 (Washington Street), then east along Route 415 to Route 54, then northeast along Route 54 to Steuben County Route 87, then east along Route 87 to Steuben County Route 96, then east along Route 96 to Steuben County Route 114, then east along Route 114 to Schuyler County Route 23, then east along Route 23 to Schuyler County Route 28, then southeast along Route 28 to Route 409 at Watkins Glen, then southeast along Route 409 to Route 14, then south along Route 14 to Route 224, then southeast along Route 224 to Route 34 at Van Etten, then south along Route 34 to the New York-Pennsylvania boundary. AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

North Carolina:

SJBP Hunt Zone: Includes the following counties or portions of counties: Anson, Cabarrus, Chatham, Davidson, Durham, Halifax (that portion east of NC 903), Iredell (that portion south of Interstate 40), Montgomery (that portion west of NC 109), Northampton (all of the county with the exception of that portion that is both north of US 158 and east of NC 35), Richmond (that portion south of NC 73 and west of US 220 and north of US 74), Rowan, Stanly, Union, and Wake.

RP Hunt Zone: Includes the following counties or portions of counties: Alamance, Alleghany, Alexander, Ashe, Avery, Beaufort, Bertie (that portion south and west of a line formed by NC 45 at the Washington Co. line to US 17 in Midway, US 17 in Midway to US 13 in Windsor, US 13 in Windsor to the Hertford Co. line), Bladen, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Caldwell, Carteret, Caswell, Catawba, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Columbus, Craven, Cumberland, Davie, Duplin, Edgecombe, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Gates, Graham, Granville, Greene, Guilford, Halifax (that portion west of NC 903), Harnett, Haywood, Henderson, Hertford, Hoke, Iredell (that portion north of Interstate 40), Jackson, Johnston, Jones, Lee, Lenoir, Lincoln, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Martin, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Montgomery (that portion that is east of NC 109), Moore, Nash, New Hanover, Onslow, Orange, Pamlico, Pender, Person, Pitt, Polk, Randolph, Richmond (all of the county with exception of that portion that is south of NC 73 and west of US 220 and north of US 74), Robeson, Rockingham, Rutherford, Sampson, Scotland, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Vance, Warren, Watauga, Wayne, Wilkes, Wilson, Yadkin, and Yancey.

Northeast Hunt Unit: Includes the following counties or portions of counties: Bertie (that portion north and east of a line formed by NC 45 at the Washington Co. line to US 17 in

Midway, US 17 in Midway to US 13 in Windsor, US 13 in Windsor to the Hertford Co. line), Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Hyde, Northampton (that portion that is both north of US 158 and east of NC 35), Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington.

Pennsylvania:

Resident Canada Goose Zone: All of Pennsylvania except for Crawford, Erie, and Mercer counties and the area east of I-83 from the Maryland state line to the intersection of US Route 30 to the intersection of SR 441 to intersection of I-283, east of I-283 to I-83, east of I-83 to intersection of I-81, east of I-81 to the intersection of US Route 322, east of US Route 322 to intersection of SR 147, east of SR 147 to intersection of I-180, east of I-180 to intersection of US Route 220, east of US Route 220 to the New York state line.

SJBP Zone: Erie, Mercer and Crawford Counties except for the Pymatuning Zone (the area south of SR 198 from the Ohio state line to intersection of SR 18 to intersection of US Route 322/SR 18, to intersection of SR 3013, south to the Crawford/Mercer County line).

Pymatuning Zone: The area south of SR 198 from the Ohio state line to intersection of SR 18 to intersection of US Route 322/SR 18, to intersection of SR 3013, south to the Crawford/Mercer

County line.
AP Zone: The area east of I–83 from the Maryland state line to the intersection of US Route 30 to the intersection of SR 441 to intersection of I-283, east of I-283 to I-83, east of I-83 to intersection of I-81, east of I-81 to the intersection of US Route 322, east of US Route 322 to intersection of SR 147, east of SR 147 to intersection of I-180, east of I-180 to intersection of US Route 220, east of US Route 220 to the New York state line.

Special Late Canada Goose Season Area: The SJBP zone (excluding the Pymatuning zone) and the northern portion of the AP zone defined as east of US Route 220 from the New York state line, east of US Route 220 to intersection of I-180, east of I-180 to intersection of SR 147, east of SR 147 to intersection of US Route 322, east of US Route 322 to intersection of I-81, north of I-81 to intersection of I-80, and north of I-80 to the New Jersey state line.

Rhode Island:

Special Area for Canada Geese: Kent and Providence Counties and portions of the towns of Exeter and North Kingston within Washington County (see State regulations for detailed descriptions).

South Carolina:

Canada Goose Area: Statewide except for Clarendon County and that portion

of Lake Marion in Orangeburg County and Berkeley County.

Vermont:

Same zones as for ducks.

Virginia:

AP Zone: The area east and south of the following line—the Stafford County line from the Potomac River west to Interstate 95 at Fredericksburg, then south along Interstate 95 to Petersburg, then Route 460 (SE) to City of Suffolk, then south along Route 32 to the North Carolina line.

SIBP Zone: The area to the west of the AP Zone boundary and east of the following line: the "Blue Ridge" (mountain spine) at the West Virginia-Virginia Border (Loudoun County-Clarke County line) south to Interstate 64 (the Blue Ridge line follows county borders along the western edge of Loudoun-Fauquier-Rappahannock-Madison-Greene-Albemarle and into Nelson Counties), then east along Interstate Rt. 64 to Route 15, then south along Rt. 15 to the North Carolina line.

RP Zone: The remainder of the State

west of the SJBP Zone.

Back Bay Area: The waters of Back Bay and its tributaries and the marshes adjacent thereto, and on the land and marshes between Back Bay and the Atlantic Ocean from Sandbridge to the North Carolina line, and on and along the shore of North Landing River and the marshes adjacent thereto, and on and along the shores of Binson Inlet Lake (formerly known as Lake Tecumseh) and Red Wing Lake and the marshes adjacent thereto.

West Virginia:

Same zones as for ducks.

Mississippi Flyway

Alabama:

Same zones as for ducks, but in

SJBP Zone: That portion of Morgan County east of U.S. Highway 31, north of State Highway 36, and west of U.S. 231; that portion of Limestone County south of U.S. 72; and that portion of Madison County south of Swancott Road and west of Triana Road.

Arkansas:

Northwest Zone: Benton, Carroll, Baxter, Washington, Madison, Newton, Crawford, Van Buren, Searcy, Sebastion, Scott, Franklin, Logan, Johnson, Pope, Yell, Conway, Perry, Faulkner, Pulaski, Boone, and Marion Counties.

Illinois:

Same zones as for ducks, but in

North Zone: Northern Illinois Quota Zone: The Counties of McHenry, Lake, Kane, DuPage, and those portions of LaSalle and Will Counties north of Interstate Highway 80.

Central Zone: Central Illinois Quota Zone: The Counties of Grundy, Woodford, Peoria, Knox, Fulton, Tazewell, Mason, Cass, Morgan, Pike, Calhoun, and Jersey, and those portions of LaSalle and Will Counties south of Interstate Highway 80.

South Zone: Southern Illinois Quota Zone: Alexander, Jackson, Union, and

Williamson Counties.

Rend Lake Quota Zone: Franklin and **Iefferson Counties.** 

Indiana:

Same zones as for ducks, but in addition:

SJBP Zone: Jasper, LaGrange, LaPorte, Starke, and Steuben Counties, and that portion of the Jasper-Pulaski Fish and Wildlife Area in Pulaski County.

Same zones as for ducks.

Kentucky:

Western Zone: That portion of the State west of a line beginning at the Tennessee border at Fulton and extending north along the Purchase Parkway to Interstate Highway 24, east along I-24 to U.S. Highway 641, north along U.S. 641 to U.S. 60, northeast along U.S. 60 to the Henderson County line, then south, east, and northerly along the Henderson County line to the Indiana border.

Ballard Reporting Area: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the northwest city limits of Wickliffe in Ballard County and extending westward to the middle of the Mississippi River, north along the Mississippi River and along the low-water mark of the Ohio River on the Illinois shore to the Ballard-McCracken County line, south along the county line to Kentucky Highway 358, south along Kentucky 358 to U.S. Highway 60 at LaCenter; then southwest along U.S. 60 to the northeast city limits of Wickliffe.

Henderson-Union Reporting Area: Henderson County and that portion of Union County within the Western Zone.

Pennyroyal/Coalfield Zone: Butler, Daviess, Ohio, Simpson, and Warren Counties and all counties lying west to the boundary of the Western Goose Zone.

Michigan:

MVP Zone: The MVP Zone consists of an area north and west of the point beginning at the southwest corner of Branch county, north continuing along the western border of Branch and Calhoun counties to the northwest corner of Calhoun county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Eaton county, then northerly to the southern border of Ionia county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Clinton county, then northerly along the western border of Clinton County continuing northerly

along the county border of Gratiot and Montcalm counties to the southern border of Isabella county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Midland county, then northerly along the west Midland county border to Highway M-20, then easterly to U.S. Highway 10, then easterly to U.S. Interstate 75/U.S. Highway 23, then northerly along I-75/ U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, then easterly on U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border.

SJBP Zone is the rest of the state, that area south and east of the boundary described above.

Tuscola/Huron Goose Management Unit (GMU): Those portions of Tuscola and Huron Counties bounded on the south by Michigan Highway 138 and Bay City Road, on the east by Colwood and Bay Port Roads, on the north by Kilmanagh Road and a line extending directly west off the end of Kilmanagh Road into Saginaw Bay to the west boundary, and on the west by the Tuscola-Bay County line and a line extending directly north off the end of the Tuscola-Bay County line into Saginaw Bay to the north boundary. Allegan County GMU: That area

Allegan County GMU: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the junction of 136th Avenue and Interstate Highway 196 in Lake Town Township and extending easterly along 136th Avenue to Michigan Highway 40, southerly along Michigan 40 through the city of Allegan to 108th Avenue in Trowbridge Township, westerly along 108th Avenue to 46th Street, northerly ½ mile along 46th Street to 109th Avenue, westerly along 109th Avenue to I–196 in Casco Township, then northerly along I–196 to the point of beginning.

Saginaw County GMU: That portion of Saginaw County bounded by Michigan Highway 46 on the north; Michigan 52 on the west; Michigan 57 on the south; and Michigan 13 on the east.

Muskegon Wastewater GMU: That portion of Muskegon County within the boundaries of the Muskegon County wastewater system, east of the Muskegon State Game Area, in sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, and 32, T10N R14W, and sections 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 24, and 25, T10N R15W, as posted.

Special Canada Goose Seasons: Southern Michigan GMU: That portion of the State, including the Great Lakes and interconnecting waterways and excluding the Allegan County GMU, south of a line beginning at the Ontario border at the Bluewater Bridge in the city of Port Huron and extending westerly and southerly along Interstate Highway 94 to I–69, westerly along I–69 to Michigan Highway 21, westerly along Michigan 21 to I–96, northerly along I–96 to I–196, westerly along I–196 to Lake Michigan Drive (M–45) in Grand Rapids, westerly along Lake Michigan Drive to the Lake Michigan shore, then directly west from the end of Lake Michigan Drive to the Wisconsin border.

Central Michigan GMU: That portion of the Lower Peninsula north of the Southern Michigan GMU but south of a line beginning at the Wisconsin border in Lake Michigan due west of the mouth of Stony Creek in Oceana County; then due east to, and easterly and southerly along the south shore of Stony Creek to Scenic Drive, easterly and southerly along Scenic Drive to Stony Lake Road, easterly along Stony Lake and Garfield Roads to Michigan Highway 20, easterly along Michigan 20 to U.S. Highway 10 Business Route (BR) in the city of Midland, easterly along U.S. 10 BR to U.S. 10, easterly along U.S. 10 to Interstate Highway 75/U.S. Highway 23, northerly along I-75/U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, easterly along U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border, excluding the Tuscola/Huron GMU, Saginaw County GMU, and Muskegon Wastewater GMU.

Minnesota:
West Zone: That portion of the state encompassed by a line beginning at the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 60 and the Iowa border, then north and east along STH 60 to U.S. Highway 71, north along U.S. 71 to Interstate Highway 94, then north and west along I–94 to the North Dakota border.

West Central Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH), 29 and U.S. Highway 212 and extending west along U.S. 212 to U.S. 59, south along U.S. 59 to STH 67, west along STH 67 to U.S. 75, north along U.S. 75 to County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 30 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 30 to the western boundary of the State, north along the western boundary of the State to a point due south of the intersection of STH 7 and CSAH 7 in Big Stone County, and continuing due north to said intersection, then north along CSAH 7 to CSAH 6 in Big Stone County, east along CSAH 6 to CSAH 21 in Big Stone

County, south along CSAH 21 to CSAH 10 in Big Stone County, east along CSAH 10 to CSAH 22 in Swift County, east, along CSAH 22 to CSAH 5 in Swift County, south along CSAH 5 to U.S. 12, east along U.S. 12 to CSAH 17 in Swift County, south along CSAH 17 to CSAH 9 in Chippewa County, south along CSAH 9 to STH 40, east along STH 40 to STH 29, then south along STH 29 to the point of beginning.

Lac qui Parle Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 212 and County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 27 in Lac qui Parle County and extending north along CSAH 27 to CSAH 20 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 20 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 40, north along STH 40 to STH 119, north along STH 119 to CSAH 34 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 34 to CSAH 19 in Lac qui Parle County, north and west along CSAH 19 to CSAH 38 in Lac qui Parle County, west and north along CSAH 38 to U.S. 75, north along U.S. 75 to STH 7, east along STH 7 to CSAH 6 in Swift County, east along CSAH 6 to County Road 65 in Swift County, south along County 65 to County 34 in Chippewa County, south along County 34 to CSAH 12 in Chippewa County, east along CSAH 12 to CSAH 9 in Chippewa County, south along CSAH 9 to STH 7, southeast along STH 7 to Montevideo and along the municipal boundary of Montevideo to U.S. 212; then west along U.S. 212 to the point of beginning.

Northwest Zone: That portion of the state encompassed by a line extending east from the North Dakota border along U.S. Highway 2 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 32, north along STH 32 to STH 92, east along STH 92 to County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 2 in Polk County, north along CSAH 2 to CSAH 27 in Pennington County, north along CSAH 27 to STH 1, east along STH 1 to CSAH 28 in Pennington County, north along CSAH 28 to CSAH 54 in Marshall County, north along CSAH 54 to CSAH 9 in Roseau County, north along CSAH 9 to STH 11, west along STH 11 to STH 310, and north along STH 310 to the Manitoba border.

Special Canada Goose Seasons:
Southeast Zone: That part of the State within the following described boundaries: beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 52 and the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence along the U.S. Highway 52 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 57; thence along STH 57 to the municipal boundary of Kasson; thence along the municipal boundary of Kasson County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 13, Dodge County; thence along

CSAH 13 to STH 30; thence along STH 30 to U.S. Highway 63; thence along U.S. Highway 63 to the south boundary of the State; thence along the south and east boundaries of the State to the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence along said boundary to the point of beginning.

Missouri: Same zones as for ducks but

North Zone: Swan Lake Zone: That area bounded by U.S. Highway 36 on the north, Missouri Highway 5 on the east, Missouri 240 and U.S. 65 on the south, and U.S. 65 on the west.

Middle Zone: Southeast Zone: That portion of the State encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of Missouri Highway (MO) 34 and Interstate 55 and extending south along I-55 to U.S. Highway 62, west along U.S. 62 to MO 53, north along MO 53 to MO 51, north along MO 51 to U.S. 60, west along U.S. 60 to MO 21, north along MO 21 to MO 72, east along MO 72 to MO 34, then east along MO 34 to 1 - 55

Ohio: Same zones as for ducks but in addition:

North Zone: Lake Erie SJBP Zone: That portion of the State encompassed by a line beginning in Lucas County at the Michigan State line on I-75, and extending south along I-75 to I-280, south along I-280 to I-80, east along I-80 to the Pennsylvania State line in Trumbull County, north along the Pennsylvania State line to SR 6 in Ashtabula County, west along SR 6 to the Lake/Cuyahoga County line, north along the Lake/Cuyahoga County line to the shore of Lake Erie.

Tennessee

Southwest Zone: That portion of the State south of State Highways 20 and 104, and west of U.S. Highways 45 and

Northwest Zone: Lake, Obion and Weakley Counties and those portions of Gibson and Dyer Counties not included in the Southwest Tennessee Zone.

Kentucky/Barkley Lakes Zone: That portion of the State bounded on the west by the eastern boundaries of the Northwest and Southwest Zones and on the east by State Highway 13 from the Alabama border to Clarksville and U.S. Highway 79 from Clarksville to the Kentucky border.

Wisconsin:

Same zones as for ducks but in addition:

Horicon Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of State Highway 21 and the Fox River in Winnebago County and extending westerly along State 21 to the west boundary of Winnebago County, southerly along the west boundary of

Winnebago County to the north boundary of Green Lake County, westerly along the north boundaries of Green Lake and Marquette Counties to State 22, southerly along State 22 to State 33, westerly along State 33 to Interstate Highway 39, southerly along Interstate Highway 39 to Interstate Highway 90/94, southerly along I-90/94 to State 60, easterly along State 60 to State 83, northerly along State 83 to State 175, northerly along State 175 to State 33, easterly along State 33 to U.S. Highway 45, northerly along U.S. 45 to the east shore of the Fond Du Lac River, northerly along the east shore of the Fond Du Lac River to Lake Winnebago, northerly along the western shoreline of Lake Winnebago to the Fox River, then westerly along the Fox River to State 21.

Collins Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of Hilltop Road and Collins Marsh Road in Manitowoc County and extending westerly along Hilltop Road to Humpty Dumpty Road, southerly along Humpty Dumpty Road to Poplar Grove Road, easterly and southerly along Poplar Grove Road to County Highway JJ, southeasterly along County JJ to Collins Road, southerly along Collins Road to the Manitowoc River, southeasterly along the Manitowoc River to Quarry Road, northerly along Quarry Road to Einberger Road, northerly along Einberger Road to Moschel Road, westerly along Moschel Road to Collins Marsh Road, northerly along Collins Marsh Road to Hilltop Road

Exterior Zone: That portion of the State not included in the Horicon or Collins Zones

Mississippi River Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway and the Illinois border in Grant County and extending northerly along the Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway to the city limit of Prescott in Pierce County, then west along the Prescott city limit to the Minnesota border.

Rock Prairie Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Illinois border and Interstate Highway 90 and extending north along I-90 to County Highway A, east along County A to U.S. Highway 12, southeast along U.S. 12 to State Highway 50, west along State 50 to State 120, then south along 120 to the Illinois

Brown County Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Fox River with Green Bay in Brown County and extending southerly along the Fox River to State Highway 29, northwesterly along State 29 to the Brown County line, south,

east, and north along the Brown County line to Green Bay, due west to the midpoint of the Green Bay Ship Channel, then southwesterly along the Green Bay Ship Channel to the Fox

Central Flyway

Colorado (Central Flyway Portion): Northern Front Range Area: All lands in Adams, Boulder, Clear Creek, Denver, Gilpin, Jefferson, Larimer, and Weld Counties west of I-25 from the Wyoming border south to I-70; west on I-70 to the Continental Divide; north along the Continental Divide to the Jackson-Larimer County Line to the

Wyoming border.
South Park/San Luis Valley Area: Alamosa, Chaffee, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Fremont, Lake, Park, Teller, and Rio Grande Counties and those portions of Hinsdale, Mineral, and Saguache Counties east of the Continental Divide.

North Park Area: Jackson County. Arkansas Valley Área: Baca, Bent, Crowley, Kiowa, Otero, and Prowers Counties.

Pueblo County Area: Pueblo County. Remainder: Remainder of the Central Flyway portion of Colorado.

Eastern Colorado Late Light Goose Area: that portion of the State east of Interstate Highway 25.

Nebraska:

Dark Geese North Unit: Keya Paha County east of U.S. 183 and all of Boyd County, including the boundary waters of the Niobrara River, all of Knox County and that portion of Cedar County west of U.S. 81. Where the Niobrara River forms the boundary, both banks will be in the north Unit.

Platte River Unit: That area south and west of U.S. 281 at the Kansas/Nebraska border, north to Giltner Road (near Doniphan), east to NE 14, north to NE 91, west to U.S. 183, south to NE 92, west to NE 61, north to U.S. 2, west to the intersection of Garden, Grant, and Sheridan counties, then west along the northern border of Garden, Morrill, and Scotts Bluff Counties to the Wyoming

Northcentral Unit: That area north of the Platte River Unit and west of U.S.

East Unit: The remainder of Nebraska.

Light Geese-

Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (West): The area bounded by the junction of U.S. 283 and U.S. 30 at Lexington, east on U.S. 30 to U.S. 281, south on U.S. 281 to NE 4, west on NE 4 to U.S. 34, continue west on U.S. 34 to U.S. 283, then north on U.S. 283 to the beginning.

Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (East): The area bounded by the junction of U.S. 281 and U.S. 30 at Grand Island, north and east on U.S. 30 to NE 92, east on NE 92 to NE 15, south on NE 15 to NE 4, west on NE 4 to U.S. 281, north on U.S. 281 to the beginning.

Remainder of State: The remainder portion of Nebraska.

New Mexico (Central Flyway Portion): Dark Geese—

Middle Rio Grande Valley Unit: Sierra, Socorro, and Valencia counties. Remainder: The remainder of the

Central Flyway portion of New Mexico. South Dakota:

Canada Geese—

Unit 1: Statewide except for Units 2, 3 and 4.

Big Stone Power Plant Area: That portion of Grant and Roberts Counties east of SD 15 and north of SD 20.

Unit 2: Brule, Buffalo, Charles Mix, Gregory, Hughes, Hyde, Lyman, Potter, Stanley, and Sully Counties and that portion of Dewey County south of U.S. 212.

Unit 3: Clark, Codington, Day, Deuel, Grant, Hamlin, Marshall, and Roberts Counties.

Unit 4: Bennett County.

Texas:

West Unit: That portion of the State laying west of a line from the international toll bridge at Laredo; north along I–35 and I–35W to Fort Worth; northwest along U.S. 81 and U.S. 287 to Bowie; and north along U.S. 81 to the Oklahoma border.

East Unit: Remainder of State.

Wyoming (Central Flyway Portion):
Dark Geese—

Area 1: Hot Springs, Natrona, and Washakie Counties, and the portion of Park County east of the Shoshone National Forest boundary and south of a line beginning where the Shoshone National Forest boundary crosses Park County Road 8VC, easterly along said road to Park County Road 1AB, easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 120, northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 294, southeasterly along said highway to Lane 9, easterly along said lane to the town of Powel and Wyoming Highway 14A, easterly along said highway to the Park County and Big Horn County Line.

Area 2: Converse County.

Area 3: Albany, Big Horn, Campbell, Crook, Fremont, Johnson, Laramie, Niobrara, Sheridan, and Weston Counties, and that portion of Carbon County east of the Continental Divide; that portion of Park County west of the Shoshone National Forest boundary, and that Portion of Park County north of a line beginning where the Shoshone National Forest boundary crosses Park County Road 8VC, easterly along said road to Park County Road 1AB, easterly

along said road to Wyoming Highway 120, northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 294, southeasterly along said highway to Lane 9, easterly along said lane to the town of Powel and Wyoming Highway 14A, easterly along said highway to the Park County and Big Horn County Line.

Area 4: Goshen and Platte Counties.

Pacific Flyway

Arizona:

GMU 1 and 27 Game Management Units 1 and 27.

GMU 22 and 23: Game Management Units 22 and 23.

Remainder of State: The remainder of

California:

Northeastern Zone: In that portion of California lying east and north of a line beginning at the intersection of the Klamath River with the California-Oregon line; south and west along the Klamath River to the mouth of Shovel Creek; along Shovel Creek to its intersection with Forest Service Road 46N05 at Burnt Camp; west to its junction with Forest Service Road 46N10; south and east to its Junction with County Road 7K007; south and west to its junction with Forest Service Road 45N22; south and west to its junction with Highway 97 and Grass Lake Summit; south along to its junction with Interstate 5 at the town of Weed; south to its junction with Highway 89; east and south along Highway 89 to main street Greenville; north and east to its junction with North Valley Road; south to its junction of Diamond Mountain Road; north and east to its junction with North Arm Road; south and west to the junction of North Valley Road; south to the junction with Arlington Road (A22); west to the junction of Highway 89; south and west to the junction of Highway 70; east on Highway 70 to Highway 395; south and east on Highway 395 to the point of intersection with the California-Nevada state line; north along the California-Nevada state line to the junction of the California-Nevada-Oregon state lines west along the California-Oregon state line to the point of origin.

Colorado River Zone: Those portions of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Imperial Counties east of a line extending from the Nevada border south along U.S. 95 to Vidal Junction; south on a road known as "Aqueduct Road" in San Bernardino County through the town of Rice to the San Bernardino-Riverside County line; south on a road known in Riverside County as the "Desert Center to Rice Road" to the town of Desert Center; east 31 miles on I–10 to the Wiley Well Road; south on

this road to Wiley Well; southeast along the Army-Milpitas Road to the Blythe, Brawley, Davis Lake intersections; south on the Blythe-Brawley paved road to the Ogilby and Tumco Mine Road; south on this road to U.S. 80; east seven miles on U.S. 80 to the Andrade-Algodones Road; south on this paved road to the Mexican border at Algodones, Mexico.

border at Algodones, Mexico.
Southern Zone: That portion of southern California (but excluding the Colorado River Zone) south and east of a line extending from the Pacific Ocean east along the Santa Maria River to CA 166 near the City of Santa Maria; east on CA 166 to CA 99; south on CA 99 to the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains at Tejon Pass; east and north along the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains to CA 178 at Walker Pass; east on CA 178 to U.S. 395 at the town of Inyokern; south on U.S. 395 to CA 58; east on CA 58 to I–15; east on I–15 to CA 127; north on CA 127 to the Nevada border.

Imperial County Special Management Area: The area bounded by a line beginning at Highway 86 and the Navy Test Base Road; south on Highway 86 to the town of Westmoreland; continue through the town of Westmoreland to Route S26; east on Route S26 to Highway 115; north on highway 115 to Weist Rd.; north on Weist Rd. to Flowing Wells Rd.; northeast on Flowing Wells Rd. to the Coachella Canal; northwest on the Coachella Canal to Drop 18; a straight line from Drop 18 to Frink Rd.; south on Frink Rd. to Highway 111; north on Highway 111 to Niland Marina Rd.; southwest on Niland Marina Rd. to the old Imperial County boat ramp and the water line of the Salton Sea; from the water line of the Salton Sea, a straight line across the Salton Sea to the Salinity Control Research Facility and the Navy Test Base Road; southwest on the Navy Test Base Road to the point of beginning.

Balance-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of California not included in the Northeastern, Southern, and the Colorado River Zones.

Del Norte and Humboldt Area: The Counties of Del Norte and Humboldt.

Sacramento Valley Special
Management Area (East): That area
bounded by a line beginning at the
junction of the Gridley-Colusa Highway
and the Cherokee Canal; west on the
Gridley-Colusa Highway to Gould Road;
west on Gould Road and due west 0.75
miles directly to Highway 45; south on
Highway 45 to Highway 20; east on
Highway 20 to West Butte Road; north
on West Butte Road to Pass Road; west
on Pass Road to West Butte Road; north
on West Butte Road to North Butte
Road; west on North Butte Road and
due west 0.5 miles directly to the

Cherokee Canal; north on the Cherokee Canal to the point of beginning.

Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (West): That area bounded by a line beginning at Willows south on I-5 to Hahn Road; easterly on Hahn Road and the Grimes-Arbuckle Road to Grimes; northerly on CA 45 to the junction with CA 162; northerly on CA 45/162 to Glenn; and westerly on CA 162 to the point of beginning in Willows.

San Joaquin Valley Special Management Area: That area bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of Highway 5 and Highway 120; south on Highway 5 to Highway 33; southeast on Highway 33 to Crows Landing Road; north on Crows Landing Road to Highway 99; north on Highway 99 to Highway 120; west on Highway 120 to

the point of beginning. Western Canada Goose Hunt Area: That portion of the above described Sacramento Valley Area lying east of a line formed by Butte Creek from the Gridley-Colusa Highway south to the Cherokee Canal; easterly along the Cherokee Canal and North Butte Road to West Butte Road; southerly on West Butte Road to Pass Road; easterly on Pass Road to West Butte Road: southerly on West Butte Road to CA 20; and westerly along CA 20 to the Sacramento

Colorado (Pacific Flyway Portion): West Central Area: Archuleta, Delta, Dolores, Gunnison, LaPlata, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, San Juan, and San Miguel Counties and those portions of Hinsdale, Mineral, and Saguache Counties west of the Continental Divide.

State Area: The remainder of the Pacific-Flyway Portion of Colorado.

Idaho: Zone 1: Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone

Counties.

Zone 2: The Counties of Ada; Adams; Boise; Canyon; those portions of Elmore north and east of I-84, and south and west of I-84, west of ID 51, except the Camas Creek drainage; Gem; Owyhee west of ID 51; Payette; Valley; and Washington.

Zone 3: The Counties of Blaine; Camas; Cassia; those portions of Elmore south of I-84 east of ID 51, and within the Camas Creek drainage; Gooding; Jerome; Lincoln; Minidoka; Owyhee east of ID 51; Power within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; and Twin

Zone 4: The Counties of Bear Lake; Bingham within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; Bonneville, Butte; Caribou except the Fort Hall Indian Reservation;

Clark; Custer; Franklin; Fremont; Jefferson; Lemhi; Madison; Oneida; Power west of ID 37 and ID 39 except the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge;

Zone 5: All lands and waters within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, including private inholdings; Bannock County; Bingham County, except that portion within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; and Power County east of ID 37 and ID 39.

In addition, goose frameworks are set by the following geographical areas:

Northern Unit: Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone Counties.

Southwestern Unit: That area west of the line formed by U.S. 93 north from the Nevada border to Shoshone northerly on ID 75 (formerly U.S. 93) to Challis, northerly on U.S. 93 to the Montana border (except the Northern Unit and except Custer and Lemhi Counties).

Southeastern Unit: That area east of the line formed by U.S. 93 north from the Nevada border to Shoshone, northerly on ID 75 (formerly U.S. 93) to Challis, northerly on U.S. 93 to the Montana border, including all of Custer and Lemhi Counties.

Montana (Pacific Flyway Portion): East of the Divide Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of the State located east of the Continental Divide.

West of the Divide Zone: The remainder of the Pacific Flyway portion of Montana.

Nevada:

Lincoln Clark County Zone: All of Lincoln and Clark Counties.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Nevada.

New Mexico (Pacific Flyway Portion): North Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of New Mexico located north of

South Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of New Mexico located south of Ī-40.

Southwest Zone: Douglas, Coos, Curry, Josephine, and Jackson Counties.

Northwest Special Permit Zone: That portion of western Oregon west and north of a line running south from the Columbia River in Portland along I-5 to OR 22 at Salem; then east on OR 22 to the Stayton Cutoff; then south on the Stayton Cutoff to Stayton and due south to the Santiam River; then west along the north shore of the Santiam River to I-5; then south on I-5 to OR 126 at Eugene; then west on OR 126 to Greenhill Road; then south on Greenhill Road to Crow Road; then west on Crow Road to Territorial Hwy; then west on

Territorial Hwy to OR 126; then west on OR 126 to OR 36; then north on OR 36 to Forest Road 5070 at Brickerville; then west and south on Forest Road 5070 to OR 126: then west on OR 126 to Milepost 19, north to the intersection of the Benton and Lincoln County line, north along the western boundary of Benton and Polk counties to the southern boundary of Tillamook County, west along the Tillamook County boundary to the Pacific Coast.

Northwest Zone: Those portions of Clackamas, Lane, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, and Washington Counties outside of the Northwest Special Permit Zone and all of Lincoln County.

Closed Zone: Those portions of Coos and Curry Counties south of Bandon and west of U.S. 101 and all of Tilamook and Lincoln Counties.

Eastern Zone: Hood River, Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Morrow, Umatilla, Deschutes, Jefferson, Crook, Wheeler, Grant, Baker, Union, and Wallowa Counties.

Harney, Klamath, Lake, and Malheur County Zone: All of Harney, Klamath, Lake, and Malheur Counties.

Washington County Zone: All of Washington County.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Utah.

Washington:

Area 1: Skagit, Island, and Snohomish Counties.

Area 2A (SW Quota Zone): Clark County, except portions south of the Washougal River; Cowlitz, and Wahkiakum Counties.

Area 2B (SW Quota Zone): Pacific and Gravs Harbor Counties.

Area 3: All areas west of the Pacific Crest Trail and west of the Big White Salmon River which are not included in Areas 1, 2A and 2B.

Area 4: Adams, Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, Kittitas, Lincoln, Okanogan, Spokane, and Walla Walla Counties.

Area 5: All areas east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River which are not included in

Wyoming (Pacific Flyway Portion): See State Regulations.

Bear River Area: That portion of Lincoln County described in State regulations.

Salt River Area: That portion of Lincoln County described in State regulations.

Eden-Farson Area: Those portions of Sweetwater and Sublette Counties described in State regulations.

Swans

Central Flyway

South Dakota:

Aurora, Beadle, Brookings, Brown, Brule, Buffalo, Campbell, Clark, Codington, Davison, Deuel, Day, Edmunds, Faulk, Grant, Hamlin, Hand, Hanson, Hughes, Hyde, Jerauld, Kingsbury, Lake, Marshall, McCook, McPherson, Miner, Minnehaha, Moody, Potter, Roberts, Sanborn, Spink, Sully, and Walworth Counties.

Pacific Flyway

Montana (Pacific Flyway Portion): Open Area: Cascade, Chouteau, Hill, Liberty, and Toole Counties and those portions of Pondera and Teton Counties lying east of U.S. 287–89.

Nevada:

Open Area: Churchill, Lyon, and Pershing Counties.

Hah

Open Area: Those portions of Box Elder, Weber, Davis, Salt Lake, and Toole Counties lying west of I–15, north of I–80 and south of a line beginning from the Forest Street exit to the Bear River National Wildlife Refuge boundary, then north and west along the Bear River National Wildlife Refuge boundary to the farthest west boundary of the Refuge, then west along a line to Promontory Road, then north on Promontory Road to the intersection of SR 83, then north on SR 83 to I–84, then north and west on I–84 to State Hwy 30, then west on State Hwy 30 to the Nevada-Utah state line, then south on the Nevada-Utah state line to I–80.

[FR Doc. 02–20713 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–55–P





Friday, August 16, 2002

Part V

# Department of Education

Office of Special Education Services; National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research—Research Fellowships Program; Inviting Applications for New Awards for Fiscal Year (FY) 2003; Notice

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

[CFDA No.: 84.133F]

Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services; National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research—Research Fellowships Program; Notice Inviting Applications for New Awards for Fiscal Year (FY) 2003

Purpose of the Program: The purpose of the Fellowships Program is to build research capacity by providing support to highly qualified individuals, including those who are individuals with disabilities, to conduct research about the rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities. Fellows may conduct original research in any area authorized by section 204 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended. Fellows must address problems encountered by individuals in their daily lives that are due to the presence of a disabling condition, problems associated with the provision of rehabilitation services to individuals with disabilities, and problems connected with the conduct of disability research.

The program provides two categories of fellowships: Merit Fellowships and

Distinguished Fellowships.

(a) To be eligible for a Distinguished Fellowship, an individual must have seven or more years of research experience in subject areas, methods, or techniques relevant to rehabilitation research and must have a doctorate, other terminal degree, or comparable academic qualifications.

(b) To be eligible for a Merit Fellowship, an individual must have either advanced professional training or independent study experience in an area that is directly pertinent to

disability and rehabilitation.

Applicants are not required to submit a budget with their proposal. These are one Full Time Equivalent (FTE) awards. The applicant must work principally on the fellowship during the year. We define one FTE as equal to 40 hours per week. The applicant cannot receive support through any other Federal Government grants during this period.

Eligible Applicants: Only individuals who have training and experience that indicate a potential for engaging in scientific research related to the solution of rehabilitation problems of individuals with disabilities are eligible.

**Note:** Institutions are not eligible to be recipients of Fellowships.

Deadline for Transmittal of Applications: October 15, 2002. Applications Available: August 16, Maximum Award Amount: Merit: \$45,000; Distinguished: \$55,000.
Estimated Number of Awards: 10.

. Note: The Department is not bound by any estimates in this notice.

Project Period: 12 months.
Page Limitation: The application must
be limited to no more than 24 pages
double spaced.

**Note:** The Secretary will reject without consideration or evaluation any application for a Research Fellowship that does not adhere to the 24 pages double spaced limit.

Applicable Regulations: The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR), 34 CFR parts 74, 75, 77, 81, 82, 85, 86, and 97; and 34 CFR part 356, Disability and Rehabilitation Research Fellowships.

**Note:** Applicants need to put their Social Security Number in Block #2 on the 424 form in place of the DUNS Number.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This priority reflects issues discussed in the New Freedom Initiative (NFI) and NIDRR's Long-Range Plan (the Plan). The NFI can be accessed on the Internet at: http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/freedominitiative/freedominiative.html.

, The Plan can be accessed on the Internet at: http://www.ed.gov/offices/

OSERS/NIDRR/Products.

#### Selection Criteria

In evaluating an application for a new grant under this competition, we use selection criteria chosen from the selection criteria in 34 CFR part 356. The selection criteria to be used for this competition will be provided in the application package for this competition.

#### **Application Procedures**

Note: Some of the procedures in these instructions for transmitting applications differ from those in the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) (34 CFR 75.102). Under the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) the Department generally offers interested parties the opportunity to comment on proposed regulations. However, these amendments make procedural changes only and do not establish new substantive policy. Therefore, under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(A), the Secretary has determined that proposed rulemaking is not required.

Instructions for transmitting applications will be provided in the application package.

Pilot Project for Electronic Submission of Applications

In FY 2003, the U.S. Department of Education is continuing to expand its pilot project of electronic submission of applications to include additional formula grant programs and additional discretionary grant competitions. The Research Fellowships Program—CFDA 84.133F is one of the programs included in the pilot project. If you are an applicant under the Research Fellowships Program, you may submit your application to us in either electronic or paper format.

The pilot project involves the use of the Electronic Grant Application System (e-APPLICATION, formerly e-GAPS) portion of the Grant Administration and Payment System (GAPS). We request your participation in this pilot project. We shall continue to evaluate its success and solicit suggestions for improvement.

If you participate in this e-APPLICATION pilot, please note the

following:

Your participation is voluntary.
You will not receive any additional point value or penalty because you submit a grant application in electronic

or paper format.

• Do not wait until the deadline date for the transmittal of applications to submit your application electronically. If you wait until the deadline date to submit your application electronically and you are unable to access the e-APPLICATION system, you must contact the Help Desk by 4:30 p.m. Washington DC time on the deadline date.

• Keep in mind that e-APPLICATION is not operational 24 hours a day every day of the week. Click on Hours of Web Site Operation for specific hours of

access during the week.

• You will have access to the e-APPLICATION Help Desk for technical support: 1–888–336–8930 (TTY: 1–866–697–2696, local 202–401–8363). The Help Desk hours of operation are limited to: 8 a.m.-6 p.m. Washington DC

time Monday-Friday.

• If you submit your application electronically by the transmittal date but also wish to submit a paper copy of your application, then you must mail the paper copy of the application on or before the deadline date to: U.S. Department of Education, Application Control Center, Attention: CFDA # 84.133F, 7th and D Streets, SW., Room 3671, Regional Office Building 3, Washington, DG 20202-4725.

 You can submit all documents electronically, including the Application for Federal Assistance (ED 424 Standard Face Sheet), Budget Information—Non-Construction Programs (ED 524), and all necessary assurances and certifications.

• Within three working days of submitting your electronic application, fax a signed copy of the Application for Federal Assistance (ED 424 Standard Face Sheet) to the Application Control Center after following these steps:

1. Print ED 424 from the e-APPLICATION system.

2. Make sure that you sign the form as the institution's Authorizing

Representative.

3. Before faxing this form, submit your electronic application via the e-APPLICATION system. You will receive an automatic acknowledgement, which will include a PR/Award number (an identifying number unique to your application).

4. Place the PR/Award number in the upper right hand corner of ED 424.

5. Fax ED 424 to the Application Control Center at (202) 260–1349.

• We may request that you give us original signatures on all other forms at a later date.

You may access the electronic grant application for the Research Fellowships Program at: http://e-grants.ed.gov.

We have included additional information about the e-APPLICATION pilot project (see Parity Guidelines between Paper and Electronic Applications) in the application package.

#### **For Applications Contact**

Education Publications Center (ED Pubs), P.O. Box 1398, Jessup, MD 20794–1398. Telephone (toll free): 1–877–433–7827. FAX: (301) 470–1244. If

you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), you may call (toll free): 1–877–576–7734.

You may also contact ED Pubs via its Web site: http://www.ed.gov/pubs/edpubs.html or its e-mail address (edpubs@inet.ed.gov). If you request an application from ED Pubs, be sure to identify this competition as follows: CFDA number 84.133F.

Individuals with disabilities may obtain a copy of the application package in an alternative format by contacting the Grants and Contracts Services Team, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., room 3317, Switzer Building, Washington, DC 20202–2550. Telephone: (202) 205–8207. If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), you may call the Federal Information Relay Services (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339. However, the Department is not able to reproduce in an alternative format the standard forms included in the application package.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Donna Nangle, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., room 3412, Switzer Building, Washington, DC 20202–2645. Telephone: (202) 205–5880 or via Internet: Donna.Nangle@ed.gov.

If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), you may call the TDD number at (202) 205–4475.

Individuals with disabilities may obtain this document in an alternative

format (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, or computer diskette) on request to the contact person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

#### **Electronic Access to This Document**

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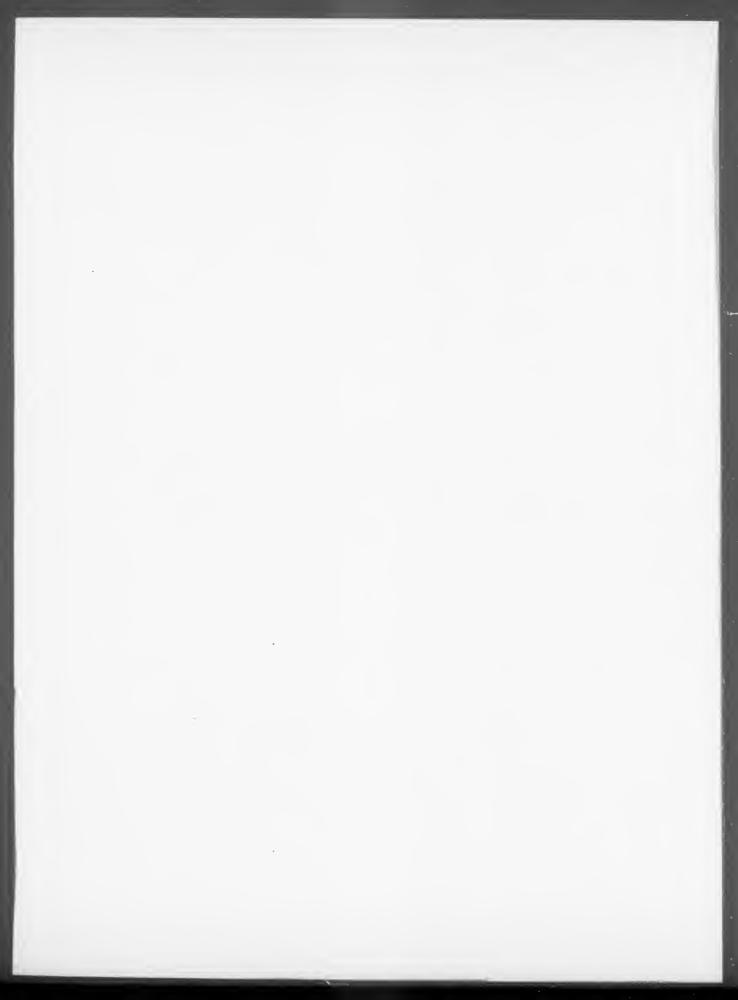
Program Authority: 29 U.S.C. 762(e).

Dated: August 13, 2002.

Loretta Petty Chittum,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services. [FR Doc. 02–20910 Filed 8–15–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000-01-P





Friday, August 16, 2002

## Part VI

## The President

Notice of August 14, 2002—Continuation of Emergency Regarding Export Control Regulations



Federal Register

Vol. 67, No. 159

Friday, August 16, 2002

### **Presidential Documents**

Title 3-

The President

Notice of August 14, 2002

**Continuation of Emergency Regarding Export Control Regulations** 

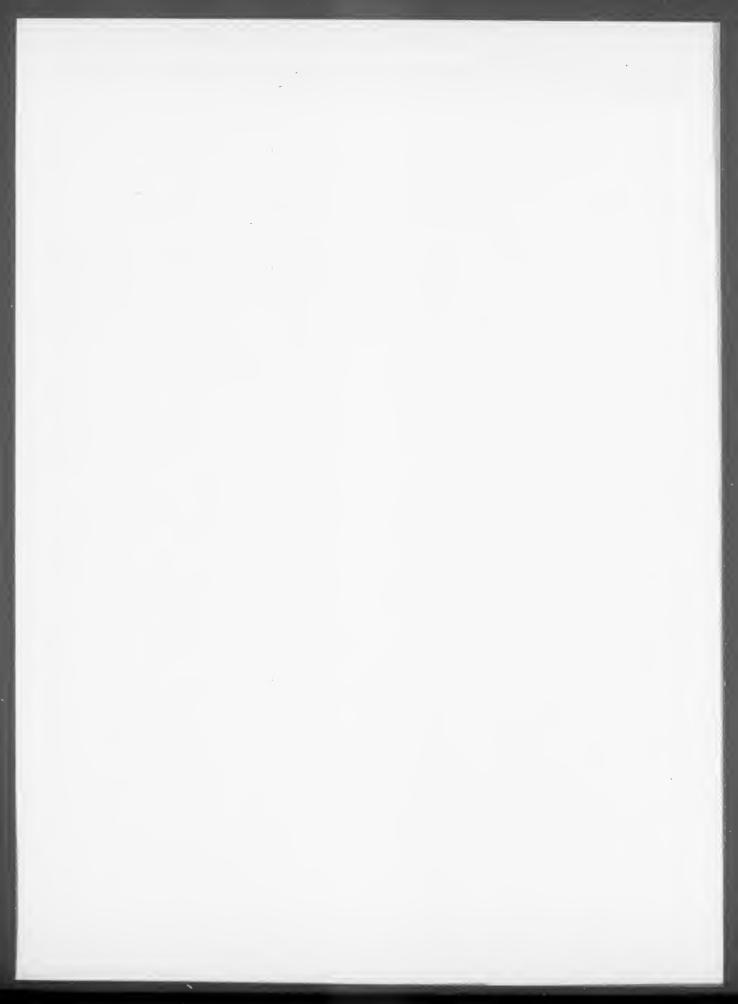
On August 17, 2001, consistent with the authority provided me under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), I issued Executive Order 13222. In that order, I declared a national emergency with respect to the unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States in light of the expiration of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 et seq.). Because the Export Administration Act has not been renewed by the Congress, the national emergency declared on August 17, 2001, must continue in effect beyond August 17, 2002. Therefore, in accordance with section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)), I am continuing for 1 year the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13222.

This notice shall be published in the Federal Register and transmitted to the Congress.

Aw Be

THE WHITE HOUSE, August 14, 2002.

[FR Doc. 02-21124 Filed 08-15-02; 11:30 am] Billing code 3195-01-P



### Reader Aids

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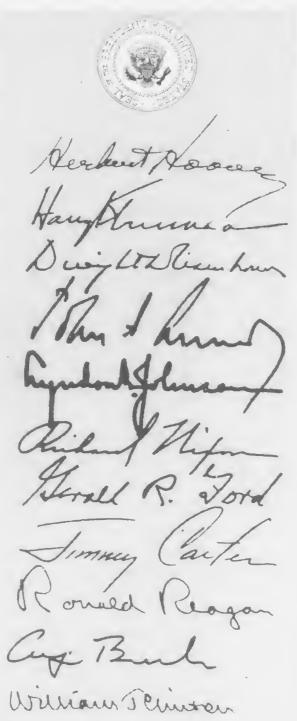
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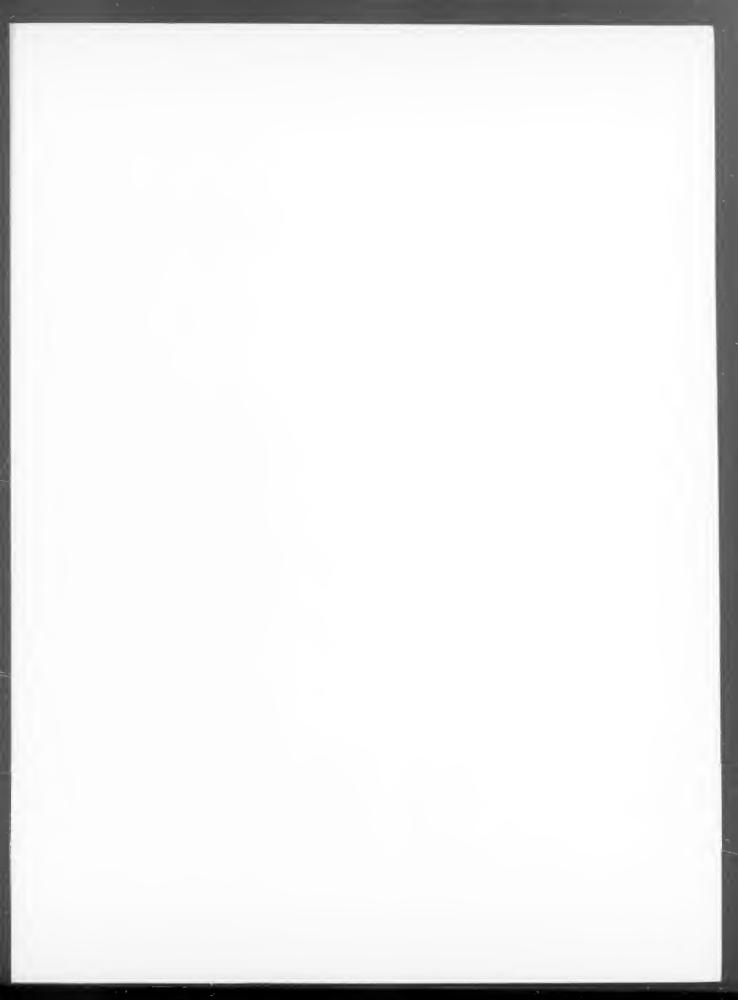
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