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VOLUME 48

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1900.

NO. 81.

KINCAID-SMITH A VISITOR HERE

FORMER MEMBER FOR STRATFORD-ON-AVON

Not in Favor of Independent Canadian Navy—Refers to Joseph Martin.

Captain M. Kincaid-Smith, late of the 5th Light Infantry, formerly member in the British House of Commons for Stratford-on-Avon, is in the city, a guest at the Empress hotel. Capt. Kincaid-Smith, it will be remembered, resigned his seat in order to test public opinion on the question of compulsory military training, and in the result, three-cornered by-election, he lost to Joseph Martin, formerly of the city, now resident in London, who was a candidate in this fight and was defeated by Mr. Foster.

In an interview with the Times this morning Capt. Kincaid-Smith said that this was his first visit to British Columbia, though he frequently came to Canada, having property interests in Winnipeg. He was much impressed with what he had seen of Victoria, and was particularly struck with the evidence of this being the most English community in the whole of Canada. He had observed that such goods were on sale in the shops to a greater extent than in other cities in the Dominion he had visited, and the attire and manner of the people were distinctly English. This he attributed to the fact that this had been a British garrison town for some years and a naval base. He is of the opinion that it is a mistake for the Imperial government to withdraw its troops from the Dominion, as their presence in Canada would stimulate patriotism.

Captain Kincaid-Smith is an ardent imperial federalist. He believes that ultimately the consolidation of the Empire will have to be worked out on the lines of establishing an imperial council. He favors Canada being given representation in the Imperial Council to the same extent as Ireland. He is of the opinion, however, that the proposal to establish an independent Canadian navy is a mistake. On this point he said:

"Unless supreme control of the Empire's fleet is invested in one hand, half its potency is lost. If the Canadian navy develops into a fleet of battleships in contradistinction to the vessels intended for coast defence, it is perfectly obvious that the vessels being under separate control might be at the other side of the Atlantic and useless in the particular part of the world, probably European waters, where the life and death struggle for the world's supremacy is being fought."

(Concluded on page 15.)

READY NOW FOR THE TEST

SALT WATER SYSTEM TO UNDERGO INSPECTION

Anticipated That Insurance Rates Will Be Further Re- duced as Result.

It is hoped that it may be possible to make the long-delayed official test of the high pressure salt water system for fire protection purposes during this week. Preliminary tests have been made of the pumping machinery in charge of Superintendent Hutcheson, of the electric lighting system, and these have resulted satisfactorily. The expert who will make the inspection of the system for the Vancouver Island Board of Fire Underwriters is now at Portland, and is ready to come to Victoria at a moment's notice.

Certain interests in the city have been shading under the delay, which, however, is said to have been unavoidable, because it is believed that should the high pressure system prove as efficient as anticipated, a further reduction in insurance rates is probable. While the board of underwriters hold out no promises in this direction, it is held by most of the local agents that when the head office shall have received a favorable report there will be prompt recognition of the splendid facilities for fighting fire which Victoria now possesses, reducing the danger of a serious conflagration to a minimum, and that another reduction will be made promptly. In this connection it may be mentioned that the new fire fighting apparatus, for which orders had been placed some months ago, is arriving. These are two combination wagons and a truck.

Mayor Hall said this morning that he was anxious that the test should be made at the earliest possible date, and that he had inquired from Mr. Hutcheson as to the cause of the delay. He had been informed that Mr. Hutcheson had thought it well to get the engines working without a hitch before he brought the expert over from Portland, and had therefore been conducting some preliminary tests of the machinery. Another cause of the delay had been the non-arrival on time of some sections of the big pumps. As the situation is at present, therefore, the official test will be made sometime during the week.

INVESTORS ARE COMING HERE

LLOYD GEORGE BUDGET HELPING CANADA

F. B. Pemberton Tells of Mac- adam Motor Roads in England.

The investors of England are turning their eyes towards Canada largely as a result of the drastic nature of the Lloyd George budget. This is the opinion of F. B. Pemberton of this city, who has just returned from England, travelling by the C.P.R. and the Allan liner Victorian. It seems to be the opinion in England that the government will be returned with a small majority, and that the budget will go through. But this opinion was formed of course previous to the biennial election, which went against the government.

"Many of the investors," continued Mr. Pemberton, "will come here themselves to place their investments. There is the keenest interest being taken in British Columbia and in Victoria in particular. People now know exactly where there are, and many express their intentions of coming here to spend the rest of their days. They have now come to realize what a gigantic country Canada is."

"I had a conversation with one of the biggest millers in England. He told me that he had just received a consignment of Number 1 Northern wheat from the Canadian prairies, and that it was the best wheat he had ever seen. He said that they were unable to buy Number 1 Hard, for the Canadian millers kept all that for their own purposes."

"I met a great many of the heads of the great manufacturing concerns, and they all expressed the opinion that under the present non-tariff system the business was gradually going away from the country. The feeling in favor of protection is growing fast, and it is sure to become an accomplished fact in the very near future."

"I met Mr. Furner in London," continued Mr. Pemberton, "and he told me of the great interest that was being taken in British Columbia and especially in the fruit which was being exhibited in different parts of the country. The difficulty, however, was to get sufficient fruit to fill the space at the different exhibitions. They are thirty shows where it was intended to exhibit, but there was fruit enough for only fifteen."

"I spent five weeks in the country, and during that time I motored over a good deal of it. I found that all the trunk roads were made of bit, made the best road I have ever been on. It was a common thing on a straight smooth piece of road to run the machine at 60 miles an hour, but when there was a turn in the road, or a village to pass through, the machine was slowed down and the greatest care exercised. In London the limit of speed was 30 miles an hour, and drivers were not allowed to toot their horns when turning a corner unless there was some one in the way. The only regulation was that they must not drive in such a way as to be a danger to the public, and the result is excellent. An accident was reported all the time in England, and I was told that it was a very uncommon thing for an accident to occur. Even the Thames embankment is treated with tar macadam, and there is a tremendous traffic at that place."

"The use of taxicabs and motor cars is becoming very general in London, and the use of horses is being gradually dropped. Those which are being used are many of them on their last legs, and when they are finished with motors will take their places."

"They have had a very wet summer in England, and much of the grain was badly diseased with the rust. I was glad to be home once more. It is different on this side of the mountains. I found a number of British Columbians who were anxious to be here once more. There is something attractive about this country that acts like a lodestone to one who has once lived here."

RECORD REACHED FOR MONTH'S CLEARINGS

Eloquent Testimony as to the Progress and Expansion of Victoria.

Eloquent testimony as to progress and expansion of Victoria is furnished in the record of the bank clearings for the month just passed. The business transacted during October set a record as the highest in the history of the local clearing house, the figure being \$8,878,865—an increase over the previous month of over a million dollars, and over a million and a half in excess of October a year ago. As compared with the highest previous month on record—June of this year—last month's aggregate shows an increase of nearly half a million.

The total clearings for the month of October for the past five years are as follows:

1900	\$8,878,865
1901	\$7,262,659
1902	\$7,044,654
1903	\$6,783,017
1904	\$5,781,101

THREE FOOTBALL PLAYERS KILLED

SUCCUMB TO INJURIES SUSTAINED ON FIELD

Death of West Point Cadet Re- sults in Abandonment of Season's Games.

(Times Leased Wire.)
West Point, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Cadet Byrnes, of Buffalo, who was injured in Saturday's football game between the army team and Harvard, died early yesterday, and because of his death no more football will be played by West Point eleven this year.

This statement was made by Colonel Hugh L. Scott, superintendent of the United States Military Academy, late last night after a consultation with the athletic authorities of the academy on the death of Byrnes.

Colonel Scott sent the following message to the naval academy, where Cadet Earl Wilson, injured by a member similarly to Byrnes two weeks ago, is in a critical condition:

"Superintendent, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.: On account of sorrow of the loss of a member of our football team and out of respect to his memory, West Point desires to cease playing football for the remainder of the season. (Signed) H. L. Scott, colonel, U. S. A., superintendent."

The decision of Colonel Scott means the cancellation of the annual struggle between the army and navy, which was to have taken place at Franklin field, Philadelphia, on the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

The tragedy has brought poignant grief to officers and cadets.

Byrnes will be buried with military honors at the academy cemetery tomorrow morning. The service will be held in the Catholic chapel.

When President Lowell was seen in Boston to-day he refused to discuss Cadet Byrnes' death, and would not say whether football would be continued at Harvard.

As a result of the three deaths that have resulted from football in the last two or three days, it is generally believed here that a crusade against the game will be immediately inaugurated in the various universities and colleges.

Prof. Jordan's Views.

Stanford University, Cal., Nov. 1.—When President David Starr Jordan of Stanford heard of the death from football injury of Cadet Byrnes, of West Point, he said:

"The death of Byrnes will affect rugby football as played by Stanford and the University of California only as an additional argument against American football as a college sport."

Dies From Injuries.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—Michael Burke, 21 years old, of Shenandoah, Pa., died yesterday from injuries suffered in a football game Saturday.

Probably Fatally Injured.

Kokomo, Ind., Nov. 1.—In a football game between teams representing Kokomo and Noblesville yesterday, Ogle Seagraves of this city was probably fatally injured.

Injured in Game.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 1.—J. Berry, left guard for the Drake University football team, suffered a concussion of the brain in the game Saturday against Grinnell.

Another Death.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 1.—Roy Spay-



THE WEARY FINANCIER.
The Finance Minister—"It's no use. I've carried too many loads to tackle one like this."

WILL ADDRESS YOUNG LIBERALS

JOHN OLIVER IS TO SPEAK TO-NIGHT

Important Meeting to Be Held in Pioneer Hall.

John Oliver, leader of the Liberal party, arrived in the city this afternoon and will be the principal speaker at the meeting of the Young Liberal Club this evening in Pioneer Hall, Broad street.

This meeting will be an important one, for organization purposes, and it is very desirable that all members should be present. Mr. Oliver is expected to deal with some details of the railway contract, which have not yet been discussed and other speakers will also address the meeting.

HUNTER KILLED NEAR NANAIMO

Shotgun Discharged While Man Was Climbing Over Fence.

(Special to the Times.)
Nanaimo, Nov. 1.—A fatal hunting accident occurred near the city yesterday afternoon, Charles McNally being almost instantly killed by the contents of his shotgun entering his body, causing injuries that resulted in death forty minutes later. McNally, who came from New York, was visiting friends in Nanaimo.

Yesterday McNally went out in the district to hunt grouse and in climbing over a fence dragged the gun by the muzzle. The weapon was discharged, the contents entering McNally's body with fatal results.

The body will be shipped to New York for burial.

LIBERAL NOMINATING CONVENTION

Wednesday Night, Nov. 3rd

Broad St. Hall

TWO DOORS NORTH OF YATES STREET

ABSOLUTELY NO SECURITY GIVEN TO THE PROVINCE

Railway Agreement Dumb on Subject of First Mortgage—What a Railroad Man Thinks of the "Bargain."

Notwithstanding that the agreement made between Premier McBride and Mr. D. D. Mann contains not a word requiring a first mortgage on the line, the government press still insist that such a provision has been made.

The absence of this fundamental and all-important clause, as pointed out in the Times of Saturday, has fallen like a bombshell among the government supporters and a hurry call was sent out on Saturday night for some explanation from the Premier himself.

Not a syllable of explanation had he to make. He simply reiterated his statement made at the time of dissolution that "the province will have a first mortgage upon the lines of the Canadian Northern in British Columbia."

But he went further on some other points. He declared that Mr. Mann wanted to sign an actual contract, that the Premier preferred to not do so until just before the meeting of the house, but that no agreement contained "the core of the bargain."

If the country returns him to power it will be on that agreement, and he will regard that election as mandatory to complete an agreement with the Canadian Northern on the lines of the agreement. And the agreement contains not a word about securing the province by a mortgage of any kind!

A RAILWAY MAN'S OPINION.

"In going to the country on this agreement with Mr. Mann, the Premier is presuming a long way on his supposed strength in the country."

"The railway which Mackenzie and Mann propose to build under it is in no sense of the word a colonization road. Their intention in selecting the North Thompson and Fraser river route is not with a view to opening up a new territory for settlement. It is to secure an outlet through this province for the products of Alberta and Saskatchewan. Its construction is imperative as a part of Canadian Northern policy, and aid by the province is therefore unnecessary. When the great tracts requiring additional transportation facilities are remembered, aid to this railway becomes not only unnecessary but unwarranted."

The terms of the agreement, too, are altogether unsatisfactory. For instance the provision that the line shall be of the same standard as between Winnipeg and Edmonton means nothing at all. It should specify the maximum grades and the maximum curves. I have in my possession the specifications of the Dominion government for a road in British Columbia which received a subsidy of only \$3,200 a mile, and these details are set out in that document with the greatest minuteness. A thorough inspection was made, too, before a cent was paid over.

The greatest objection, however, lies in the absence of even the ordinary safeguards, so far as the province is concerned. Take for instance clause one, in which the government agrees to guarantee the bonds and interest thereon at four per cent, for \$35,000 a mile. Here no provision whatever is made that the province shall have a first, or any mortgage, and absolutely no limit is put on the bonding powers of the company. Under this clause the company can issue bonds for any amount they can obtain, and at the same time make the second issue of bonds a first charge on the railway to be constructed in this province. If on the other hand they give the province a first mortgage on the road they will be unable to float a loan for the remainder of the cost, which has to be raised somewhere. It is therefore evident that Mr. Mann not only will not, but he cannot, give the first mortgage which the Premier says he will.

"I fail to see the significance or the value of the last clause, which government organs run in black letters: 'Should the government of the province be called upon to pay any money under said guarantee, the Canadian Northern Railway Company agrees to indemnify the province from and against all such payments, and to make such payments a charge upon the whole system of the Canadian Northern Railway, the intention of both parties hereto being that such railway line shall be built without any cost or expense whatsoever to the province of British Columbia.'"

"This can only mean that the Canadian Northern will enter into an agreement to apply the surplus earnings from the lines in the other provinces to the payment of interest on this contract. But it is well known to railway men that a large portion of the earnings of the Canadian Northern at the present time is obtained from the carriage of its own materials and men for the construction of lines on the prairies and it is very doubtful were it not for this source of revenue they would be able to pay the fixed charges on that portion of the line already built. Moreover in order to complete their system they will have to build from Port Arthur to Parry Sound through a country like their British Columbia section, which will be non-productive. The surplus earnings of the prairie lines will also have to pay the interest on the construction, the cost of which will equal per mile the British Columbia section. What chance is there, for many years of the company being able to pay both?"

"Looking at the whole thing from a British Columbia point of view, the most serious case of the question is the resignations of the two best men in the government—two men who are not, like the public, in the dark in regard to the real nature of the negotiations which have been going on between Mr. McBride and Mr. Mann. I regard their withdrawal from the government as ominous, and as something which cannot be disregarded, particularly in view of the Premier's reluctance to bring down the document and its unsatisfactory character even when produced. Both Mr. Tatlow and Mr. Fulton are known to be strong, consistent party men—loyal to their leader and their party—and would retire from the government with great reluctance. The suggestion that they were influenced in their action by pressure from a rival corporation to the Canadian Northern is absurd to all who know the men."

"In my opinion the Premier is taking a most reprehensible course, first in asking for the verdict of the people on an arrangement which is not yet complete, second in misleading them as to its real terms, and lastly in giving them only a few weeks to consider a document which should have been submitted to, and discussed by the legislature, before he appealed upon it to the popular vote."

"T. W. PATERSON."

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White enamel douche cans, all sizes, with hard rubber shut-off tap.

Invalid Chairs, Kidney Trays, Antiseptic Cottons, Gauzes and Bandages, etc.

Hot Water Bottles and Syringes made of the best quality of rubber.

The antiseptic Spitting Cup, with refills, Southall's Obstetric Flannel Binder, Abdominal Supporters and Shoulder Braces always in stock.

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Just Arrived September Pack

14-lb. boxes BUTTER at each \$4.50, FRESH CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb. 35c, or 3 lbs. \$1.00, CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb. 30c, ASHCROFT POTATOES, per sack \$1.50, FRESH SAUSAGES, BOILED HAM and CRUMPETS daily.

THE WINDSOR GROCERY COMPANY

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE. GOV'T STREET.

Change of Time Schedule

Owing to the block paving on Government street, from Monday, November 1st, and until further notice, the Gorge car service will be as follows:

CARS LEAVE CITY at the hour and every 15 minutes thereafter. CARS LEAVE GORGE at 7 minutes past the hour and every 15 minutes thereafter.

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And so have COPAS & YOUNG, but the difference is that we are helping Victoria To-day, not To-morrow. Never wait to help along a good thing, but do it now. Patronize the Anti-Combine Grocers.

- TAIT'S ENGLISH GRANULATED SUGAR 17 pounds for \$1.00, 100-pound sack \$5.60, FINE WHITE POTATOES, per sack 90c, Five sacks for \$4.00, CALGARY RISING SUN BREAD FLOUR Per sack \$1.75, C. & Y. INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER Three lbs., \$1.00. Per pound 35c, CHRISTIE'S SODA BISCUITS, per tin 30c, NICE ISLAND APPLES, per box \$2.00, OKANAGAN APPLES, Spys, Baldwins, Wagner or Russets, per box, \$2.25, McLAREN'S PEANUT BUTTER, per jar, 40c, 25c and 15c, CLEANED CURRANTS, 3 pounds for 25c, SEEDED RAISINS, Victoria Cross brand, the finest packed, 16-oz. packets, each 10c, Eleven packets for \$1.00, NEW ENGLISH MIXED PEEL, per pound 15c, ONTARIO TESTED EGGS, very good, dozen 35c, Three dozen for \$1.00, DAIRY BUTTER, per pound 25c, JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF, 16-oz. bottle 90c, PRIDE OF CANADA MAPLE SYRUP Quart bottle for 50c, NEY SMYRNA FIGS, per pound 15c, Ten-pound box for \$1.25

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Copas & Young

ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS Fort Street

Phones 94 and 133

On and after Wednesday next, until further notice, the temporary walk over the E. & N. railway bridge will be closed to pedestrians after 7 p.m. This is rendered necessary owing to the fact that the railway company requires to make some necessary repairs to the bridge. New plankings have to be laid and some timbers replaced, so that the public using the bridge may not be inconvenienced more than is absolutely necessary, it has been arranged to do the work during the night.

The Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 1426, will meet to-night in the A. O. U. W. hall for the conduct of general business. A full attendance is requested.

An interesting sermon was preached in the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning by Rev. J. R. Robertson, B. D., formerly of Revelstoke, and now under call to become pastor of the St. Andrew's church at Nanaimo. A meeting of the Presbytery will be held on Monday next to induct Mr. Robertson to his new charge.

YELLOW CEDAR LIMITS

Seven sections of yellow cedar averaging 25,000 ft. to the acre, with some hemlock, all sound and of excellent quality. Close to water on the east coast of Vancouver Island. For price, terms and full particulars apply to

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WILLIAM WAINWRIGHT IS VISITING CITY

Grand Trunk Pacific Official Here on Some Departmental Business.

Wm. Wainwright, second vice-president of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, is in the city, a guest at the Empress hotel. He is here on departmental business and will remain for a day or two. A Times reporter this morning Mr. Wainwright said that the affairs of the company were in most satisfactory shape. Commence just as soon as the portfollio, various branch lines on the prairies. It was hoped to be able to go ahead with the last section of the transcontinental line in this province with great rapidity in the spring.

Asked how soon a start would be made on the docks which the company intend erecting on the water front in this city, Mr. Wainwright said that work would commence just as soon as the plans for the same had been approved by the government at Ottawa. These plans were now before the government and therefore the work would be taken in hand almost immediately.

Mr. Wainwright had nothing to say about the new railway situation in British Columbia in view of the recent announcement of the provincial government.

NEW MINISTER HAS BEEN SWORN IN

It is Now Hon. Price Ellison, Chief Commissioner of Lands.

This morning Price Ellison was formally sworn in as a member of the local government, taking the portfolio of lands. Last week when Mr. Ellison was offered and accepted the portfolio, his honor the lieutenant-governor was not in the city. It became necessary, therefore, to postpone the formal ceremony until to-day.

The new minister does not intend to remain here long but will leave for Okanagan to further his campaign.

WILL BE BURIED HERE

Late Mrs. Jamieson's Body Will Reach Here by Steamer From San Francisco.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Jamieson, who died suddenly in San Francisco on the 28th inst., will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Stanton, Menzies street, next Saturday morning. The remains will arrive from California by the steamer Queen. Mr. Lockland Jamieson, grandson of the deceased, accompanying them.

Mrs. Jamieson was the widow of the late Michael Jamieson, an old-time city official, and both were well known to all old-timers, having resided in Victoria for many years. Deceased leaves three children to mourn her loss: Mrs. Herbert Stanton, of this city; Mr. Lockland Jamieson, of Honolulu; and Mr. Hector Jamieson, at present living in Louisiana; besides a grandson, Mr. Lockland Jamieson, Jr., with whom the late Mrs. Jamieson had been residing in San Francisco, and in her obedience to a request of the deceased is bringing the remains North in order that they may be buried at Ross Bay, alongside her husband and son Nell.

Chilian barque Ricart de Soler arrived from Iquique.

The Italian Dominie, who was arrested by the provincial police in connection with the death of Salvatore Andrea, has been released, as the police had no evidence on which to hold him. Dominie was held imprisoned from Sunday until Saturday last.

On Wednesday next there will be a high class concert in the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Esquimalt, under the auspices of the Good Templars. A number of entertainers from the city will take part, including Miss Sherrett, Miss Palmer, Miss McCallum, Messrs. Brown, Morrison and Semple. The accompanist for the evening will be Mrs. Lewis Hall. The mayor will preside.

TWO PASH IN RAILWAY TUNNEL

CONDUCTOR AND BRAKEMAN KILLED

Caboose and Five Freight Cars Are Buried by Cave-in.

(Times Leased Wire.) Dunsmuir, Cal., Nov. 1.—Conductor Ed. F. Richardson and Brakeman Charles Neate were killed or burned to death when tunnel No. 1, a mile south of Coram on the Southern Pacific Railway, caved in at 6:25 o'clock this morning, burying five cars and the caboose of freight train number 223, which was composed of 45 cars. After the cave-in, the caboose caught fire from the heating stove and the flames spread to the other cars. It is impossible to tell whether the two victims were killed outright by the cave-in or were burned slowly to death in their subterranean prison, after being injured. Men who rushed to the scene thought they heard Neate calling for aid and from this it is believed that he lived for some time after the accident. Both bodies were recovered, but were badly burned so that it was difficult to tell how seriously they were injured when the rock and earth toppled on to the train.

As soon as the accident occurred, the engineer, after having the couplings cut, rushed his locomotive to the nearest station for aid. The accident is attributed to the recent heavy rains, which have soaked the earth until the water has seeped through, combined with the jarring of the heavy freight train as it made its way through the bore. The theory is advanced that one of the cars may have been derailed and bumped against the timbers at the side of the tunnel, causing the accident.

TWO MORE BOMB OUTRAGES IN CHICAGO

Explosions in Buildings Occupied by Gambling Clubs.

(Times Leased Wire.) Chicago, Nov. 1.—Two bombs were thrown here last night in the downtown districts, in buildings occupied by gambling clubs. No one was injured, but many windows were broken and store stock was damaged.

The first bomb exploded in a building at 260 State street, and the other followed fifteen minutes later near the corner of LaSalle and Madison streets. In the State street building the Empire Club is located and in the latter the Worth Jockey Club. For two years bombs have been exploded intermittently in the vicinity of gambling houses and bookmakers' establishments in Chicago. It is regarded as a quarrel between syndicates of gamblers.

WOMAN AND CHILDREN REPORTED MURDERED

Posse Searching for Man Who Killed Farmer's Wife and Two Little Ones.

(Times Leased Wire.) Gimley, Man., Nov. 1.—A posse is searching to-day for an unidentified German who is reported to have murdered a woman and two children yesterday on a farm six miles north of this town. According to a report reaching here to-day the murders were committed by a German guest at the farmhouse, who after beating off the farmer and driving him from the house, murdered his host's wife and two small children and escaped to the woods. The names of the victims have not yet been learned.

UNWELCOME VISITOR FOUND IN HOUSE

Entered Residence During Absence of Owner—Is Believed to Be Deranged.

When Edward Krause a waiter at the New England hotel, returned to his home on Park Boulevard yesterday evening, a man was discovered lying under a bed in one of the bedrooms. Mr. Krause, on returning to his home about 9 o'clock, found that it had been entered and at once began a search.

The man was found under a bed, and at once the police were notified. He was taken to the police station in the patrol wagon where he was identified as a man who served a sentence at Hillside Avenue jail and was believed to be mentally deranged. He is now held at the police station pending an examination by medical men who will pass upon his sanity.

THE BELLINGHAM FIRE.

Bodies of Two Victims Recovered—Fifteen Other Persons Injured.

Bellingham, Wash., Nov. 1.—The fires of Frank Gorman and William Dawson, both brick layers, have been recovered from the ruins of this morning's fire. The total list of injured is fifteen. The total property loss is \$50,000.

CHURCH ROBBERS AND POLICE FIGHT

Engage in Pistol Fight With Officer After Stealing Collection.

(Times Leased Wire.) Seattle, Wash., Nov. 1.—Detected within a few minutes after they looted the vault of the First Presbyterian church at Seventh avenue and Spring street of more than \$500 in gold, silver and certified checks, three men fought a pistol duel with Sergeant of Police William West at the entrance to an alley on Spring street shortly before 4 o'clock this morning. Six shots were fired point blank at the officer, and he returned the fire. The trio then broke and fled.

Several minutes later Patrolman Ballard trapped one of the suspects in an alley off Eighth avenue. The prowler fired twice at the officer and was in the act of reloading his weapon when Ballard covered him. The suspect surrendered. At police headquarters he gave the name of William Williams. He is 29 years of age and gave his occupation as that of a laborer. An hour after Williams' capture another suspect, Fred Newmarch, was arrested in a pool-room on Third avenue. He is being held at the city jail. The third member of the gang is thought to have possession of the loot. He is still at large. The money taken represented the Sunday collection. The thieves left all their tools behind.

EXPLOSION KILLS THIRTEEN MINERS

Member of Rescue Party Succumbs to His Injuries.

(Times Leased Wire.) Johnston, Pa., Nov. 1.—With the death this afternoon of Robert Barr, one of the three men fatally injured in the explosion yesterday at the Cambridge Colliery's coal mine, the death list now totals thirteen. Twelve foreign mine workers were killed in the explosion. Barr and two other men who were in the mine at the time, by a perilous climb on life ladders through poisonous gas and falling slate up a stone wall, managed to reach a point of safety and subsequently were carried to the top of the shaft by rescuers. All three of the men, in addition to their injuries, inhaled poisonous gas. All of the dead bodies have been recovered. Mine officials refuse to discuss the accident, but it is supposed to have been the result of a dynamite explosion.

DETECTIVES ARE GUARDING CANDIDATES

Heny and Fickert Protected During Closing Day of San Francisco Campaign.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 1.—There is no "lull before the storm" in the campaign here, the hottest and in some respects, the most vicious the city has seen in many years. The battle centres between Francis J. Heny and Charles H. Fickert for district attorney, but the majority candidates have stirred up an unprecedented struggle. Thousands of agents of the various managers are at work to-day. Both Fickert and Heny are going about to-day guarded by armed detectives. The life of Heny, the district prosecutor, has been constantly in danger for three years and is even more sought now than ever before, is the statement of his friends.

The Fickert men allege that "hired sleuths," representing the forces behind Heny, are dogging the footsteps of Fickert. Heny is making the fight an opportunity to finish the graft prosecutions in which he has been engaged for three years. In the majority race, the money was offered to-day at 10 to 9 on P. H. McCarthy, the union labor nominee against the field.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WELL BUILT HOUSE, Tennyson road, 7 rooms, hall, tiled fire place, fine marble bath, etc. convenient, 1 acre lot, \$8,000. \$1,200 cash, balance to suit. Thompson & Co., 1112 Broad street. nl

FOR SALE—Substantial 6-7 roomed cottage to be slaughtered for cash, owner leaving, 300 feet frontage, north of City Hall, P. O. Box 68. nl

STRAYED—To my premises, 521 Francis Ave., an Alredale terrier dog. Owner can have him by paying expenses. F. Hawkins. nl

TO SPORTSMEN—Shooting and fishing gun license required. Good accommodation at the Kokislah Hotel, opposite E. & N. Station. nl

OSTRICH FEATHERS from \$1.50 each, beautiful plumes, just arrived from the States. Write and I will call on you with samples. Feathers, Times. nl

WANTED—Furnished bedroom in private house, with fire place, and breakfast, near City Hall preferred. Apply Box 65, Times. nl

DON'T FORGET the usual Monday night special agents, A. O. U. W. Hall, good music. Agents, 50c, ladies free. nl

FOR SALE—Lot 62129, on Third street, Work Estate, \$1,000 cash. Apply owner, 68 Burnside road. nl

TO OWNERS ONLY—Want a 7 room house, near Beacon Hill Park, on good lot; must be a smart, clean, particular. Work Box 68, Times Office. nl

Stay Home

WHY GO OUT EVENINGS

When you can purchase a Victor Gramophone for \$1 a week and enjoy yourself morning, noon and night, for years to come!

M. W. Waitt & Co., Ltd. The House of Highest Quality. Herbert Kent, Mgr. 1004 GOVERNMENT ST.



D. K. CHUNGGRANES, Ltd.

Phone 242 608 BROUGHTON ST. Near Govt. St. FISH: FRESH Salmon, Halibut, Cod, Smelts and Herrings. SMOKE D Halibut, Finan Laddock, Kipper, Herring, Bloater, etc. SALT: Colicahans, Black Cod, Mackerel, Salmon, Belles. FRUIT: California Peaches, Oranges, Grapes, etc. Local Plums. VEGETABLES: And all kinds of Poultry—fresh daily. OYSTERS: Esquimalt and Olympia Oysters—fresh every day; also Clams and Crabs.

OUR COAL IS ALL COAL!

Wellington Coal logo with a shovel and the word 'COAL'. PHONE 1377. ADDRESS 618 Trounce Ave.

Victoria Fuel Co.

WE TEACH THE BARBER TRADE to men and women thoroughly. Examinations, diplomas. Wages paid while learning. Low tuition rate. Write for free particulars. National Barber College, 68 Washington street, Seattle. nl

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE—Room and board or table board; home comforts; every accommodation for 12 or 14 men. Terms moderate. Two blocks from car service. Stanley House, 516 Hildside avenue, corner Bridge street. nl

FOR RENT—New 7 roomed bungalow, thoroughly modern, near Oak Bay Junction, 50 yards from Fort street car line, \$10 per month. Apply Box 488, Times. nl

SATISFIED STUDENTS our best advertisement. James Bay Academy, corner Medina and Simcoe streets. Phone 2041. nl

SEWING MACHINE AILMENTS skillfully doctored. Waites Bros., 601 Fort street. nl

IF YOUR COLLARS SAW YOUR HEAD OFF, send them to the Standard Steam Laundry, Ltd., and have them done right. Phone 1017. nl

WILSON REPAIRS SEWING MACHINES. 614 Cormorant. nl

STORE YOUR BOAT, launch or yacht with the Victoria Boat & Engine Co. Phone 305. nl

REWARD for description or information of gentleman who picked up white Persian kitten in front of Kingman's Drug Store, 1 P. M. Saturday, Oct. 30th. Call or phone King Edward Hotel. nl

FOR TRADE—37 acres, Salt Spring Island near Puffin Harbor, good orchard, two hundred apple trees, log house, barn, etc. will trade for city property. Telephone R155. nl

TONIGHT in First Presbyterian church ballroom, Hallowe'en concert, Scotch programme, best artists in city. Only a small fee get in—it's cheap and it's fun. Come on an' enjoy yourself. nl

TO RENT OR LEASE—Modern 5 room house, with 1 acre and fruit trees, Leach Ave., James Bay, \$25 month. T. McConnell, cor. Government and Post streets, upstairs. nl

BED LOUNGE, a bargain at \$25. Davies & Son, Phone 742, Fort. nl

SEWING COUNTER, \$5; new Victor talker, \$10. The Exchange, 718 Post street. nl

BOX MATRESSES and bedsteads, cheap at Kerr's, 710 Yates. nl

IT WOULD COST \$500 to duplicate a certain house to-day. This house is situated on a double lot on one of the best streets in the city. Let us worth at least \$500. As owner is anxious to sell at once, this property is offered to an immediate purchaser for \$200; any reasonable terms. Address Box 482, Times Office. nl

J. Scott Ross

Tenor Vocalist, Organist and Choralmaster First Congregational Church. VOICE CULTURE ORGAN PIANO PHONE L155. EASY TERMS.

The "BON-AMI"

Large shipments to hand of OLD COUNTRY BLANKETS, BEDDING, DOWN QUILTS, HOSIERY, LACES, RIBBONS and a large selection of NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS. \$50 to \$3.50 per pair. A cordially invited to the "BON-AMI" Late Co-op. 731 YATES ST. SHELLTON & SON, Proprietors.

Don't R

Of spoiling your POOR RAISINS

GOLD RI

FINEST QU ABSO

Your Deal

H

Fresh from the hives, do value of eggs and all TABLE JARS, each QUART JARS, each HALF-GALLON JARS

The Fam

Corner Ya

Card Cas

We have a good assortment of leathers and workmanship CARD CASES, in seal to PURSES, of the same There are also DOL CASES, PLAYING C at pleasing prices.

REDFE

1000 Government Str

TO

Remember AMBERI

ROBT. W WHOLE

Ship

FOR THAT HOME OF YOURS We also carry LIME, CEMENT and all BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.

Raymond & Sons 613 PANDORA ST. Phone 272

The Cassels-Percival Entertainers

Presenting an entertainment of magic, mirth and music. CAROLINE CASSELLS, Prima Donna Contralto. PERCIVAL, The Wizard. EVELINE FENWICK, Violinist. Institute Hall, View St. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd 1909

Plumbing & He

Good Advice Worth K The 'cool nights' are around but what preparations are made for keeping your comfortable than it was during the winter? It requires skill and experience in all good heating. We have that. Can we be of assistance to you? Our work guaranteed.

A. Sher Telephone 629 754

The Tay

Dealers in Lumber, Mill, Office and Yard. O. Box 628

MAPLE

Don't Run the Risk

Of spoiling your Christmas Pudding with POOR RAISINS. If you want the best order

GOLD RIBBON BRAND

**FINEST QUALITY
ABSOLUTELY CLEAN
PERFECTLY SEEDED**

Your Dealer Can Supply You

Honey

Fresh from the hives, do you know? Honey has twice the food value of eggs and almost five times the food value of milk.

TABLE JARS, each	25c
QUART JARS, each	85c
HALF-GALLON JARS, each	\$1.50

The Family Cash Grocery
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets

Card Cases and Purses

We have a good assortment of new shapes, all of the finest leathers and workmanship. CARD CASES, in seal Morocco, calf and alligator, from \$1.50 to \$7.50. PURSES, of the same kinds of leather, up from \$2.50. There are also DOLLAR CASES, BILL FOLDS, LETTER CASES, PLAYING CARD CASES, etc., of the same high quality at pleasing prices.

REDFERN AND SONS

Jewelers. 1009 Government Street. Victoria, B. C.

TO SPORTSMEN
Remember to Order Your
AMBERITE CARTRIDGES
Season opens October 1st.
ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD.
WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR B. C.

Ship Chandlery

We carry in stock everything FROM A NEEDLE TO AN ANCHOR. We aim at best goods at lowest prices. **LOGGER'S TOOLS A SPECIALTY.**

E. B. MARVIN & CO.
1206 WHARF ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

Plumbing & Heating

Good Advice Worth Knowing. The cool nights are around again, but what preparations have you made for keeping you home more comfortable than it was last year during the winter? It requires skill and experience to install good heating. We claim to have that. Can we be of any assistance to you? Our work always guaranteed.

A. Sheret
Telephone 629 754 Fort St.



The Taylor Mill Co.

LIMITED LIABILITY.
Dealers in Lumber, Sash, Doors and all kinds of Building Material. Mill, Office and Yards, North Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
O. Box 628 Telephone 564

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

JAPAN SECURES CONCESSIONS

AGREEMENT WITH CHINA REGARDING MANCHURIA

Mines Along Antung-Mukden Road to Be Exploited as Joint Enterprises.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—The full text of the Manchuria agreement by which Japan bound China in a tangle of concessions was made public here Saturday. It was the indirect cause of the recall of Charles R. Crane, whose resignation was asked after he had started for China as the American minister.

Section four of the agreement provides that "all mines along the Antung-Mukden road bed excepting those at Fushan Yental, shall be exploited as joint enterprises by Japanese and Chinese subjects."

The full effect of this provision will develop later when Japan takes advantage of the concessions. It may be interpreted as covering all mineral deposits in the region which the railroad traverses. This territory, it is said, will prove to be one of the richest mining districts in the world.

Another way the document is worded as to furnish strong ground for belief that it violates the "open door policy."

The agreement gives Japan a strangle hold on Manchuria, making it practically as completely subject to Japanese control as China herself is.

It was through the fact that the state department was conducting an investigation of the provisions of this agreement and his alleged premature and unauthorized announcement regarding it that Crane was removed.

TRIES TO INDUCE WIFE TO JOIN SUICIDE PACT

Husband Shoots Himself Because of Failure to Find Work.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 1.—Following his failure to induce his wife to join him in a suicide pact, Van Lewis Geiger, said to be a member of a prominent Denver family, is dead by his own hand and Mrs. Geiger is in a precarious condition brought about by a hysterical collapse.

According to a story told by Mrs. Geiger to physicians who were summoned, her husband was despondent because of his inability to find steady employment. She stated that he entered their rooms in Palmer street, carrying a bottle of carbolic acid.

"He told me he was tired of struggling, and that he was going to die," she said. "He wanted me to enter a death pact with him, because he refused to leave me to face the world alone after he had gone."

"He tried to make me drink half the poison, but I ran screaming into the hall for help. Then I heard a shot, and knew that Lewis had killed himself." Geiger shot himself through the head with a 38-caliber revolver. He was dead before physicians arrived. According to Mrs. Geiger the man's only relatives were his parents, who reside in Denver and a sister in Seattle.

SUFFRAGETTE OPPOSES MILITANT TACTICS

President of the Washington Tells of Plans of Campaign.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 1.—Washington suffragists are not going to adopt the militant tactics of the English suffragettes, according to a statement made by Mrs. Emma Smith Devoe, president of the Washington Equal Suffrage association, discussing the action of the Iowa suffragists in deciding to adopt the strenuous mode of warfare.

"We won't fight," said Mrs. Devoe. "We don't have to. We have obtained everything we wanted. The last legislature treated us very courteously. We are working now, not fighting, for we are carrying on a campaign for the election of November 8th, 1910. When our cause will be placed before the voters of the state."

"I am not criticizing the Iowa suffragists," continued Mrs. Devoe. "I understand the legislature in that state has not been favorable to the cause, but certainly such methods are not contemplated here. We are not fighters; we leave that to the men. We will canvass every voting precinct in the state through a central committee. She will then appoint an active representative in each precinct whose duty it is to secure the list of voters from the poll books. We will ascertain how each voter stands on the question of woman suffrage and by intelligent argument we expect to be successful in our effort to secure the ballot in Washington."

FRENCH BIRTH RATE.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The vital statistics for the first six months of the present year show an excess of deaths over births in France of 28,205. In 1908 the excess of deaths was 10,568, and this growing discrepancy has raised again a cry of alarm for the future of the French race, which is the only people of Europe experiencing depopulation. Dr. Jacques Terrillon, the statistician, proposes a heavy increase of tax upon families in which there are only one child or at least.

CHINESE FOUND ON HAWAIIAN LINER

Discovered in Hold When Steamer Was Three Days Out From Mexico.

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 1.—Found stowed away in the hold of the Hawaiian American liner Missourian eight Chinese have been brought to this port in iron and turned over to the immigration authorities by the ship's officers. The men were found when the Missourian was three days out of Salinas Cruz, Mexico.

According to the immigration authorities their presence on the liner may have divulged a favorite method of illegal entry through Mexican ports by ambitious Celestials.

SUPPOSED JAPANESE SPY IN PORTLAND

Found Sketch Propellor and Engine Parts of Dirigible War Balloon.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 1.—That Japan is still busy securing data regarding the coast fortifications and defenses is the belief in certain quarters of Portland.

A Japanese was discovered in the American tool works hidden in a dark corner, sketching the propeller and engine parts of a big dirigible war balloon that is being constructed here. It is the only airship being built in the United States following the lines of those constructed by Count Zeppelin of Germany.

On being searched by workmen, sketches of the engine parts and aerial propeller were found. These, with notes he had written, were confiscated and destroyed. He was then ejected from the shops.

Guards have been stationed around the iron works and no visitors are now admitted.

MEXICAN DETERMINED TO FIGHT DEPORTATION

Former Judge Will Assist in Defence of Alleged Alien Anarchist.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 1.—John S. Work, formerly judge of the California Supreme Court, will act as chief advisory counsel for L. Gutierrez de Lara, the Mexican Liberal, in the fight he will make against deportation. It was announced that Judge Work will work with Attorneys Clarence Melby and A. R. Holston in behalf of de Lara and probably conduct the examination of witnesses at his hearing before Immigration Inspector Ridgway. Ridgway has not yet announced the date of the hearing, but it is thought it will be scheduled late this week. De Lara has been busy securing witnesses among the Mexicans who listened to the address he delivered at the Los Angeles plaza the evening of his first arrest, October, 10th. It was charged that at this meeting he was guilty of anarchistic utterances, and he was arrested and held upon a charge of disturbing the peace until the arrival from Washington of an order to arrest him as an alien anarchist.

MAN KILLED AND BODY PLACED ON TRACK

Robbery Believed to Have Been the Motive for Crime.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 1.—The police of this city are searching for the murderer or murderers of John Kohl, a young man from Salt Lake, whose body was stripped and placed on the Southern Pacific railroad tracks by his slayers after he had been killed and robbed.

The young man left Salt Lake a few days ago to join his mother, who it is said, owns an orange grove about 75 miles from Los Angeles. When he left Utah he had a large roll of bills, which he showed to several persons before he departed.

When his mutilated body was found on the track no money or papers could be found.

Save Your Teeth

Prevent decay, receding gums and sensitiveness with the best preparation extant.

Wampole's Formolid-Magnesia
Rinse the mouth with this delightful wash night and morning and good, healthy teeth are assured.

25c and 50c AT

HALL'S Central Drug Store
N.E. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Telephone 201.

This store is a store of exceptional values, no matter where you go.

Campbells

THE FASHION CENTER
1010 GOVERNMENT STREET
We Ourselves the Better Service by Serving Others Best.

This store is a store of exceptional values, no matter where you go.

Graceful and Comforting Dressing Gowns, Bath Robes and Jackets

Now that the weather is getting cold and raw, we bring to your notice our new and more extensive display of dressing gowns, bath robes and jackets, made up in flannelette, cotton eiderdown, flannel, all wool eiderdown. All the daintiest shades are shown, such as pale blue, pink, reds, mauve, white, sky, cardinal, rose and blues.

- Children's Flannelette Bathrobes in fancy reds and pinks, turnover collars and cuffs, 3 to 8 years of age, at \$2.25
- Fancy Flannelette Kimonos, in pink only, ages 10 to 11 at \$3.25
- Teddy Bear Bathrobes in fancy blue and pink, ages 3 to 7, at \$2.50
- Eiderdown Robes in plain red and sky, for misses, ages 8 to 14, at \$3.00 and \$3.50
- Dressing Scaques in flannelette, with floral and stripe designs, in blue, red, mauve, pink and grey, at \$1.25 to \$1.65
- Eiderdown Dressing Scaques and kimonos in various shades, \$2.25 to \$2.75



Space will not permit of our adequately describing our beautiful showing in Ladies' Bathrobes and Jackets, but now that we are blessed with more room to properly display our offerings, we want you to come and see for yourselves. You will experience no difficulty in picking out just such a bathrobe or jacket that you have been looking for.

Dressing Jackets range in price from \$1.75 to \$3.50. Bathrobes range in price from \$1.75 to \$15.

SPECIAL NOTICE — We have just added to our exceptional stock of ladies' suits a line of remarkable value at \$25. These will soon disappear. We open at 8:30 a. m. and close at 6 p. m.; Saturdays 9:30 p. m.

This store is a store of exceptional values, no matter where you go.

The Ladies' Store **ANGUS CAMPBELL & CO., LTD.** 1010 Gov't St.

This store is a store of exceptional values, no matter where you go.

LAST WEEK! LAST WEEK!!

10th ANNIVERSARY FURNITURE SALE

This is the last week of our Great Tenth Anniversary Sale. Your opportunity to buy Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, etc., at so much less than regular prices is NOW. It will be months before the chance to buy at Sale Prices will again occur, so make sure of your furniture needs at Sale Prices. It is not too early to think of buying for Christmas presents. Don't forget that furniture makes a most useful and acceptable gift. We will store any goods purchased now until required free of charge. Free packing and shipping. Free city delivery.

Combination Desk and Bookcase
Golden selected 1/4 cut oak, neatly fitted desk with drawer and cupboard below, all with locks; bookcase has ample shelf-room. This is a high grade bookcase and the regular price was \$27.50.
SALE PRICE \$20.65

Hall Rack
Selected 1/4 cut Golden Oak Hall Rack, box seat, brass trimmings, with umbrella rack and drip pan, British bevel plate mirror 12 x 20. Regular price \$22.
SALE PRICE \$16.50
Hundreds of other bargains await your inspection.

Japanese Matting Squares
Fancy Japanese Bordered Squares, just the thing for bedrooms, 9 x 9 size. Regular price \$3.00.
SALE PRICE \$2.55
COCOA DOOR MATS
Fifteen per cent. discount from regular prices.
POLE TRIMMINGS AND EXTENSION RODS
Twenty per cent. discount from regular prices.

Smith & Champion

1420 Douglas St. Near City Hall Phone 718

EIGHT JAPANESE BANKS ARE CLOSED

Examiner Says Officials Loaned Money Without Security.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 1.—For the given reason that the officials are not conducting the banks properly, eight of the ten Japanese banks in California have been ordered closed recently according to Bank Superintendent Anderson. Anderson states that the banks have violated the fundamental principles of banking, having loaned out money to owners without security and many times having loaned to irresponsible persons.

NOTICE

MONDAY next will positively be the LAST DAY for paying taxes to receive the abatement of one-sixth.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer and Collector, Victoria, B. C., Oct. 30th, 1909.

NOTICE

Belleville street, between Government and Menzies streets, is closed to vehicular traffic until further notice.
C. H. TOPP, City Engineer, Oct. 27th, 1909.

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TIMES AD. CALENDAR

NOVEMBER

1

No one, unless a reader of advertisements, uses as much "grey matter" in spending money as is absolutely REQUIRED in earning it!

THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily (excepting Sunday) by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED. JOHN NELSON, Managing Director.

A NEWS-ADVERTISER BLUFF.

There have been no scandals in connection with the McBride administration of the affairs of British Columbia, says the Vancouver News-Advertiser, therefore the government should be assured of a majority at the coming general elections.

KNIFING MR. BORDEN.

Hon. R. P. Roblin, the rough-and-tumble Premier of Manitoba, announces in picturesque language that he loves Hon. George E. Foster as a brother.

A WORD OF WARNING.

Just a word to place electors on their guard. Two years and a half ago an article, prepared in Victoria, found insertion in a London financial journal.

MR. FLUMERFELT'S OFFER.

To the Editor: I note a reference to the proposed new theatre for Victoria, in Times of the 20th inst., from which article I quote:

NOMINATION ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT

On Wednesday evening there will be a mass meeting of city Liberals held in the Broad street hall, near Yates street, for the purpose of choosing candidates to contest the coming election.

LOCAL LIBERALS TO REDEEM CITY SEATS

Esquimalt Will Hold Its Convention at Colwood This Evening.

TREACHERY IN ESQUIMALT DISTRICT.

The manner in which Harry Helmcken secured the nomination for Esquimalt is being exposed in all its crookedness. The convention was packed with men who had been drummed up from the holes and corners of the district and brought to Colwood in vehicles and autos for which they did not pay.

PERSONAL.

William H. P. Sweeney, of Sweeney & McConnell, arrived home yesterday after a pleasant three weeks' visit to the East.

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PERSONAL.

William H. P. Sweeney, of Sweeney & McConnell, arrived home yesterday after a pleasant three weeks' visit to the East.

Have You Ever Stopped to Consider What It Means to You When Purchasing Your Clothing at This Store

Three Things Which Will Interest Every Man - Style, Quality of Materials and Finish. These are the most important items to consider. The men's clothing carried in stock by us is always reliable.

Our Boys' Clothing Section

Boys' Norfolk Suits at \$2.75. Boys' 3-Piece Suits at \$4.50. We make a specialty of boys' three-piece suits at \$4.50. They are made to wear well.

Men's New Toppers at \$12.50

Men's Overcoats from \$10 to \$25. Men's High Grade Hats, All Prices. The section devoted to Men's Hats includes the very latest blocks, imported from the world's foremost hat manufacturers.

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

THORPE'S SODA WATER. Made from Water Purified and Sterilized by the PASTEUR BERKFELD SYSTEM.

will run as an independent on a local option basis. The Socialists of the Kootenay had a meeting in Nelson on Friday night at which they decided to put J. H. Matheson in the field in Nelson city and M. Oliver in Ymir.

Shooting is in Full Swing. The deer and birds in splendid condition. We have the right GUNS, RIFLES and AMMUNITION. For you here. Come in and select them. Get in line right away or you'll miss the best of the bunch.

JUST RECEIVED. Carload of Shovels and Scoops. Jones, Burns and Olds. W. S. FRASER & CO. LIMITED. Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

SEARCHING FOR WIFE WHO ELOPED. Colorado Springs Man Says Woman Fled With \$500 of His Money.

Los Angeles. At the latter place he received information that the pair were headed for this city. Reinhardt told the police that he was back in bed at the time of the alleged agreement, but as soon as he was able to travel he began the pursuit. Police officers to apprehend the couple have been issued, and to-day Reinhardt started out on his own personal hunt.

Tightly Seal Your Jams and Preserves

And they'll keep for years fresh and good as the day you made them. For this, there is nothing to equal

PURE REFINED PARAFFINE
25c per brick

A product of petroleum, perfectly clean and pure, tasteless and odorless. Air-proof, water-proof and acid-proof. Call here and let us show you how simple a thing it is to keep Preserves and Pickles by this method.

CYRUS H. BOWES
CHEMIST,
122 GOVERNMENT ST.

Harris & Smith
Are in a position to put your
GUNS, RIFLES
OR REVOLVERS

In first-class shape for the season. Now is the time to have it in order.

We carry a full supply of GUNS, RIFLES AND SHELLS of Standard Makes.

Our Repair Department is up-to-date.

Come where you can get satisfaction.

1220 Broad St. Phone L138

IS COMPANY COMING?

What are you going to do about Dinner? You will doubtless need good claret and sherry or port wine. The easiest way out of the difficulty is to telephone your order to us.

We Make a Specialty of Choice Dinner Wines

Choice Clarets, Fine Old Ports and Sherries.

We have constantly a full line of the purest and best brands of liquors, liqueurs, wines, ales, porters and mineral waters, etc.

Capital City Wine Store
Tel. 1974. 1327 Douglas St., Corner Johnson.

BUILDING CONTINUES TO INCREASE IN CITY

Ten Months of This Year is Ahead of Whole of 1908.

The building returns for the month of October are for permits issued \$101,840, as against \$95,750 for October of last year. For the ten months of this year the building permits issued are \$232,785 in excess of those issued for the whole of last year. The increase this year over the same period last year is about sixty-nine per cent.

Recent building permits taken out are by Henry James, who will build a three-room house on Pine street, to cost \$800; George Calder, for a five-room dwelling on Coburg street, to cost \$1,500; to Miss J. Behnen, for alterations to Centre road dwelling, to cost \$1,000, and to Hibben & Co. for two stories and offices on Langley street, to cost \$15,000. Parfitt Brothers on Saturday took out a permit for a seven-room house on Belmont street, to cost \$2,500.

The comparative returns on the ten months of this year and the same period of last year are as follows:

Month	1909	1908
January	\$ 78,080	\$ 54,735
February	122,680	72,235
March	121,640	119,900
April	188,660	129,625
May	188,820	79,225
June	90,120	74,010
July	272,120	106,070
August	141,040	154,770
September	140,385	53,630
October	104,840	99,755
Total (10 mos.)	\$1,548,125	\$915,000

Bumper Bargains

A large consignment of Citrons and Pears just received.

CITRONS, per pound 3c
PEARS, 10 lbs. for 25c, or per box..... \$1.00

Bring your first of the month order for groceries to us. We will give it prompt and careful attention.

ACTON BROS.
550 YATES ST. Wide Awake Grocery TEL. 1061

LET US ESTIMATE ON YOUR
Wiring, Electrical Fixtures, ETC., ETC.

ONLY FIRST CLASS MATERIAL USED.
WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED. PRICES RIGHT

HAWKINS & HAYWARD
723 YATES ST. PHONE 643

TO LET

AN APARTMENT HOUSE FORT STREET

Containing twelve large rooms, some in suite; four bath rooms and other modern conveniences. Has been papered and kalsomined throughout. This can be fitted with roomers in one week. Rent and terms on application.

P. R. Brown, Ltd.
MONEY TO LOAN.
FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.
1130 BROAD ST.
Tel. 1074.

Local News

Do not forget that you can get an express or truck at any hour you may wish. Always keep your checks with you, as we will have you the day on each trunk you have to pay to baggage agents on trains and boats. We will check your baggage from your hotel or residence, also store it. See us before you make your arrangements. We guarantee to satisfy everyone on price and the way we handle your goods. We consider it a favor if you will report any overcharges or incivility on part of our help.

Pacific Transfer Company.
Phone 248, 50 Fort St.

Distinctiveness in LADIES' HAND BAGS

Just opened, a large shipment of LADIES' HAND BAGS, comprising an extensive assortment of exclusive models from the leading London and Paris makers RANGING IN PRICE FROM

\$5 to \$40

Our stock of ladies' elaborated gloves is now at its best.

Finch & Finch
The Exclusive Style Store.
1107 GOVERNMENT ST.
Tel. 1908.

KARNAK BRASS

Never before in this city has been shown such a beautiful and exclusive display of high art Brass Goods. See them in our window to-day:

Vases, Book Slides, Candlesticks, Dinner Gongs, Fern Dishes, Jardiniere, Umbrella Stands, Ash-Trays, Smokers' Sets, Tobacco Jars, Jewel Cases, etc., etc.

This beautiful and unique consignment embraces four different designs, each one very charming, i.e., "Lotus," "Isis," "Sphinx" and "Scarabeus." For Wedding and Holiday Gifts they offer countless, delightful suggestions. Prices, 50c. to \$25.

W. H. Wilkerson
The Jeweler
913 GOVERNMENT ST.
Tel. 1908.

LEADING PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND

Carnegie's Swedish Porter

Because it is the purest and most nourishing malt beverage on the market. Unrivalled for the invalid, and in cases of convalescence the finest restorative.

It combines the purity and strength of Dublin Stout with the full flavor of the London Porters.

Your Grocer Sells It

Round Oak Hot Air Furnaces have taken the grand prize at A.-Y.-P. Exposition. Look them up at Watson & McGregor's, 647 Johnson street.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes, Cures All Your Druggists Write For Free Booklet. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

Try the lunch at the Poodle Dog.

Cheap fuel, Millwood—Order now and have dry wood next winter. Cameron Lumber Co., Ltd. Phone 218.

Gillespie & Hart, 1115 Langley street, for fire marine, life, accident, employers' liability, automobile and all other insurance. Telephone 2040.

Lifebuoy Soap is delightfully refreshing for bath or toilet. For washing underclothing it is unequalled. Cleans and purifies.

Maypole creamery, 3 lbs. for \$1; fresh pork sausages, 20c per lb.; boiled ham, 40c per lb.—E. B. Jones, the independent cash grocer, cor. Cook and N. Park streets. Phone 712.

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Work will be started on the draining of the John street ravine, lying between Store street and the waterfront. The owners have consented to pay one-half the cost.

The Daughters of Pitt are holding their annual meeting this afternoon in the board of trade rooms. Reports for the year are being presented, and the Lord Bishop of Columbia is addressing the meeting.

On Saturday evening the members of the Conservative Association met, and during the meeting passed a resolution expressing their heartfelt sympathies with Premier and Mrs. McBride in the loss of their only son.

The remains of the late George P. Hull were sent on the Princess Charlotte to Seattle yesterday afternoon, where they are being cremated to-day. Services were conducted at 1 o'clock in the Hanna chapel by Rev. T. E. Holling.

The police returns for the month of October are as follows: Cases handled 140, of which there were arrests 61, summonses cases 25, unsound mind 4 and safe-keeping 50. There were 77 convictions recorded and one case sent for trial. The offences were divided as follows: Assault 5, assaulting police 1, breaking and entering 1, infraction of the shipping act 1, city by-laws 19, drunks 53, forgery 1, fighting 2, murder 1, obtaining money under false pretence 1, possession of stolen property 2, possession of intoxicants by Indians 2, stealing 5, vagrancy 3, unsound mind 4, safe-keeping 50. During the month the patrol wagon made a total of 95 runs.

MUSICAL EVENING.

St. Andrew's Young People Will Give Delightful Programme To-Night.

The Young People's Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will hold their regular weekly meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. The meeting will take the form of a musicale and all members and friends of the society are very cordially invited to be present. Following is the programme:

Vocal Solo Miss A. Robertson
Piano Duet Mrs. Simpson and Miss M. Simpson
Recitation Miss Cook
Song Master Albert David
Selection Sunday School Orchestra
Vocal Solo Mrs. Jesse Longfield
Reading Miss Lawson
Vocal Solo Mr. McIlwain

Stilenfit Tailoring

THE BEST FITTING CLOTHING MADE IN CANADA

FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN

SOLE AGENTS
McCandless Bros.
557 JOHNSON STREET
Lion Brand Clothing for Boys

We will have Fresh Daily

Cream Puffs, Eclairs, Charlotte Russe Drops, Charlotte Russe Cups, Trifles and Cream Dishes of all kinds to Order.

CRUMPETS, MUFFINS, BAPPS, BUNS, ETC. Try these toasted at our Tea Rooms.

CLAY'S
Tel. 101. 619 FORT ST.

Everybody's attractive in some way. We study them, then get that attractiveness into the picture. That is why you should get your Christmas Photos at Foxall's Studio, 1111 Government street.

Wednesday, November 3rd, will be the LAST DAY for the reduced price special at the Skene Lowe Studio. SIT NOW.

The Grange Lodge of the city will give a social and dance on November 5th, "Guy Fawkes Day" at the Foresters' new hall on Broad street. Speeches will be delivered by prominent men. A good programme of songs and music is assured. A first-class orchestra will be present and refreshments will also be provided.

To-night in First Presbyterian church schoolroom the annual Hallows-eve concert, under the auspices of the choir, which has for so many years been a feature of their work and looked forward to by the people of this city, whether of Scottish nationality or otherwise, will be held, commencing promptly at 8 o'clock. The programme will be rendered by an excellent array of talent, and it is safe to say, from a glance at those taking part, that the high standard attained by the choir in this concert will be maintained, if not exceeded. The various bands under the management of this concert has been placed, has always been fortunate in securing new attractions on each succeeding occasion. To-night those appearing for the first time are Mrs. Butler, Miss Carson and Miss M. Sexsmith. Mrs. Butler is well known by her connection with St. Andrew's Society concerts. Miss Carson is a new comer, residing in the suburbs. Miss M. Sexsmith is a member of First Presbyterian church choir, and is much sought after as a soloist. The others taking part are well known to Victorians. Miss Lawson (clown), Jesse Longfield (violinist), Wm. Gall (baritone), Will Brown (Scottish comedian), P. Gordon, G. H. Redman, H. McEneaney and J. G. Brown, the latter four forming a male quartette. Mrs. Lewis Hall will be accompanist. It is expected that the hall will be filled.

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Are you fully satisfied with your last season's Printing?

Have your catalogues brought thoroughly satisfactory returns? Not "pretty fair," but really live, profitable results?

Have your booklets been a source of pride and of profit to you? Or have you felt like apologizing whenever you mailed one out?

We don't ask what you paid. If your advertising matter has been very successful, it was worth a fair cost. And if it was not distinctly successful, it cost you too much, whatever you paid for it.

If your catalogues brought complete results; if your printer has been like a skilled partner in selling your goods; if his service has been fully satisfactory—

Stay with him.

But, if your advertising matter has been merely commonplace, and your stationary bit or miss; if you have had to put up with delays when you needed catalogues; and with unnecessary expense in incompetent or poor facilities when you needed powerful displays—

Then you owe it to yourself to let Sweeney & McConnell demonstrate on your work the real selling value of their quality printing.

Sweeney & McConnell
Printers, Binders and Rubber Stamp Manufacturers.
1207-1209 LANGLEY STREET.

DEPOSITS.

The B. C. Permanent Loan Company accepts deposits of \$1.00 and upwards, allowing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance.

The total amount of any portion thereof may be withdrawn at any time, cheques being supplied to each depositor for this purpose.

Paid up capital over \$1,000,000. Assets over \$2,000,000. Branch office, 1210 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

Merchants' Lunch from 12 to 2 p. m. at the Poodle Dog.

HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY

TRIANGLE BRAND

O.B.

CONTINUOUSLY SUPPLIED FOR 30 YEARS TO THE HOUSE OF LORDS

A record not equalled by any other Scotch Whisky on the market.

Hudson's Bay Co.
SOLE AGENTS FOR B. C.

Houses Built ON THE INSTALMENT PLAN

D. H. Bale
Contractor & Builder
COR. FORT AND STADACONA AVE.
Phone 1140.

W.B. SMITH
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER
577 WESSLEY ST.
RESIDENCE 1171

MOTOR LAUNCH BARGAIN

There has been put in our hands for sale an almost new motor launch, 25 feet long, 7 feet beam, 3 feet keel, Truscott 5 h. p. engine, reversible blades, best fitted cabin to accommodate six or more persons, has only been used three months, cost twelve hundred and fifty dollars.

Offered at \$600 Now

We also have a Buffalo Marine Engine, 3 months old, cost \$240; owner will take \$200 for it.

Thos. Plimley
110 GOVERNMENT ST.,
Opposite Spencer's, Victoria, B. C.

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Finch & Finch

Are you fully satisfied with your last season's Printing?

Have your catalogues brought thoroughly satisfactory returns? Not "pretty fair," but really live, profitable results?

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Then you owe it to yourself to let Sweeney & McConnell demonstrate on your work the real selling value of their quality printing.

Sweeney & McConnell
Printers, Binders and Rubber Stamp Manufacturers.
1207-1209 LANGLEY STREET.

MY COUSIN CARUSO

A new song you should hear at once—it will delight you. All the popular hits are here at popular prices.

Glad to try any over for you at any time.

FLETCHER BROS.
The Music House,
1231 GOVT. ST.

BROAD ST. HALL
2nd DOOR FROM YATES.
Has clear space of 60 ft. x 60 ft. Spring floor. Seats provided to the number required. Dining room connection. Hall may be booked for DANCES, ENTERTAINMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.
Prices Reasonable.

Apply 1210 DOUGLAS ST., 1207 BROAD ST., or
I. Waxstock, Prop.
1216 BROAD ST.

Clarence Hotel
Cor. Douglas and Yates St.
Centrally Located.

Comfortable, furnished rooms to rent. Hot and cold baths on each floor. All cars in city pass the door.

Rates 50c per day and up. \$2 per day and up.

We Are Now Located AT 755 Kane St.

Next Victoria Truck and Dray Stables

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION PHONE 552

THE **COLBERT PLUMBING & HEATING CO.** Limited.

Our Glass Front Hacks

Are the very best that can be had. RIDE IN THEM To be had any time of the day or night.

PHONE 693

We also do a general Livery business.

CAMERON & CALDWELL
JOHNSON ST., two doors above Douglas St.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

The best household coal on the market at current rates.

J. Kingham & Co.
1293 Broad St. Phone 647

TRY A CLASSIFIED WANT AD.

Imperial Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

CAPITAL AUTHORIZED \$10,000,000
CAPITAL PAID UP 5,000,000
RESERVE 5,000,000

Every description of Banking Business transacted, including the issue of Letters of Credit and Drafts on Foreign Countries.

Savings Bank Department

The current rate of interest allowed from date of opening account, and credited half-yearly.

BRANCHES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA:

ARROWHEAD REVELSTOCK NELSON MICHEL
GOLEEN GRANBY VANCOUVER NEW MICHEL
MOYIE KAMLOOPS FERNIE VICTORIA

Victoria Branch, Cor. Government and Yates Streets
J. S. GIBB, Manager.

Why Throw Away Your Money on a Poor Light? Use the New Air Light

100 per cent. more light at 60 per cent. less cost—steady, white and clean. Cost of installation moderate. No noise, no odor. No extra cost for insurance. Let us give you a price on STORE or HOUSE lighting. WRITE, CALL, OR PHONE US.

The Victoria Air, Light & Power Co.
736 FORT ST. PHONE 2132
Second Hand, Hollow Wire System—Lamps for Sale Cheap.

COME, GET A-BOARD

or anything else in the lumber line here and your mirror will show you a man well content with his lot—the house on his lot likewise. Whatever the house-builder or the carpenter desires—boarding, lath, shingles, joints, sash or doors we have. Our prices will astonish you only with their reasonableness.

Jas. Leigh & Sons

David St., Foot of Pleasant St.
Phone 397.

E. G. Prior & Co. Ltd. Ly.

Dealers in

RAILWAY AND CONTRACTORS' SUPPLIES, ROAD SCRAPERS, PICKS, SHOVELS, DRILL STEEL, WAGONS AND GENERAL HARDWARE.

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

Greater Than Prince Rupert

FIRST OFFERING OF TOWN LOTS AT

FORT GEORGE

The geographical and commercial centre of Central British Columbia—metropolis of a splendid WHEAT AND MIXED FARMING COUNTRY.

Gateway to NECHACO, BULKLEY, FRASER, PEACE RIVER AND OTHER VALLEYS. Also of CARIBOO and YUKON mining districts.

HALF WAY BETWEEN EDMONTON AND PRINCE RUPERT ON LINE OF THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Title to lots guaranteed and insured by the government of the Province of British Columbia.

A Limited Number of Lots will be Sold at \$100 Each

Payable \$10 down and \$10 per month.

Write quick for maps, plans and official information.

Natural Resources Security Company, Ltd.

401 WINCH BLDG., VANCOUVER, B. C.

SUCCUMBS TO WOUND.

Woman Who Shot Husband and Herself Dies in Hospital.

Goldfield, Nev., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Webb Parkison, who shot and killed her husband, a local broker, last Thursday, died last night of a wound inflicted by herself at the time of the shooting.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops discharges in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. Blower free. Accept no substitutes. Agents: Dr. J. S. Gibb, 736 Fort St., Victoria.

Mrs. Parkison was charged with the killing of her husband by the coroner's jury, but although she retained her senses to the last she would make no statement.

MOTORING DISTANCES.

The following shows the distances from Victoria of different points on Vancouver Island:

Point	Miles
Alberni	113
Colwood	8
Cowichan	36
Duncan	62
Esquimalt	49
Goldstream	49
Ladysmith	59
Nanaimo	73
Shawnigan	87

VICTORIA WAS THIRD HIGHEST

PRODIGIOUS GROWTH OF WESTERN CITIES

Calgary and Edmonton Show Enormous Gains in Building Permits.

Considering the point to which the season has advanced, and, especially the remarkable series of preceding monthly gains, September, as regards operations in the building line, was a period of unusual activity and development. Comparative figures, as supplied by the construction department, place the average gain for the month at 49 per cent., and, although five of the twenty cities reporting showed a falling off, the losses were widely scattered, and detracted but little from the well-balanced and highly satisfactory condition which obtained in general. The results in the west, were particularly gratifying, and only one city in that section is listed among the places in the Dominion which suffered a decline. This decrease fell to the lot of Brandon, which after a most lively period for some time back, dropped behind her last year's figures for the month, to the extent of 42 per cent. On the other hand, not only was a marked forward movement evident in all parts, but the gains made in almost every instance were such huge proportions as to most strikingly reflect the prodigious growth which the entire western section of the country is at present undergoing.

The largest increase for the month is noted in the case of Calgary, which follows her extraordinary gains of the preceding months by another mighty advance of 377 per cent.; Edmonton is second in this respect, with an increase of 309 per cent., which overwhelmingly wipes out the loss sustained in the month of August; while Victoria again repeats her previous successes by registering an advance of 160 per cent., the third highest increase tabulated for the month.

Aside from the splendid progress made in these places, other cities which showed substantial headway, were Vancouver and Winnipeg, which augmented their big season's gain by an additional advance of 135 per cent. and 90 per cent. respectively. Regina also comes well to the fore by over-reaching last year's figures for the month to the extent of 32 per cent.; and Lethbridge, although failing to submit corresponding figures for September, 1908, shows by the high total recorded, amounting to \$95,000 that this city is pressing onward at a most remarkable pace. Winnipeg issued permits aggregating in value \$801,050, as against \$481,200 in the corresponding period last year, while Vancouver shot ahead of her 1908 figures for the month by a margin of \$440,025.

Despite the set-backs noted in the case of Toronto and Peterboro, which were 3 per cent. and 13 per cent. in order named, the situation throughout Ontario proved to be highly satisfactory and steadfast. Berlin registered a gain of 150 per cent.; Hamilton 71, London 15, Port William 10 per cent. and Port Arthur recorded a total for permits issued during the month of \$271,000, which amply attests to remarkable expansion which is taking place in this rapidly growing city. This is the first reversal Toronto has experienced in eight months, and Peterboro's decline comes only after a series of uninterrupted gains.

In the east, Montreal has again annexed a gain, this time adding 3 per cent. to her credit. Operations in Montreal this year have been unusually active and an idea as to the progress which has been made may be imagined from the fact that the metropolis has so far this year carried on building operations involving the expenditure of \$6,595,711 as compared with \$2,809,078 in the corresponding period in 1908. Halifax, however, was hit hard, suffering a decrease of 85 per cent., which doubled that of any other loss noted for the month. St. John also recorded a loss, that of 19 per cent., but Sydney on the other hand loomed up strongly with a gain of 90 per cent., the fifth consecutive increase which this thriving city has recorded.

As yet there seems to be no indication of any decided break. On the contrary, the reports from the country at large show that the architects and builders are unusually busy, and while the volume of work is not as heavy as in the spring and summer, there is at least a proportionately greater amount in prospect through the Dominion than at any other fall season in the past. The returns for September, 1908, and 1909, are as follows:

City	Building Permits for Sept., 1908	Building Permits for Sept., 1909	Increase, Per Cent.
Berlin	\$4,000	\$9,600	150.00
Brandon	\$3,250	\$3,390	42.92
Calgary	\$80,737	\$8,900,377.44	11,000.00
Edmonton	\$65,129	\$20,425,308.31	31,300.00
Esquimalt	\$51,935	\$47,190	10.08
Halifax	\$7,000	\$10,311	47.29
Hamilton	\$181,950	\$106,150	71.40
Lethbridge	\$5,000
London	\$4,800	\$7,000	45.83
Montreal	\$76,940	\$82,275	6.16
Peterboro	\$46,485	\$5,250	11.29
Pl. Arthur	\$21,000
Regina	\$3,300	\$6,175	87.67
St. John	\$5,500	\$9,550	73.00
Sydney	\$18,205	\$33,900	86.79
Toronto	\$1,046,056	\$1,092,500	4.43
Vancouver	\$764,520	\$2,045,185.59	268.00
Victoria	\$140,395	\$233,000.92	66.20
Windsor	\$7,000
Winnipeg	\$81,050	\$81,200	66.46
Total	\$5,736,671	\$33,324,229	49.72

CANADA'S BUILDING AT FAIR.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 1.—Bids for the sale of the Canadian building at the exposition grounds, erected at a cost of about \$30,000, will be called for in a few days. The exhibits are nearly all packed and will be shipped to Brussels, where the Universal International exposition of Brussels will be held next year.

LOCAL OPTIONISTS AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Temperance People May Place a Ticket in the Field.

Persistent rumors are afloat to the effect that ex-Alderman Gleason will be asked to stand as a candidate for mayor in the interests of the local option movement. Temperance workers of the city have for some weeks been holding meetings in the various wards of the city and it is said to be their intention to place an entire ticket in the field—nominees for every seat at the aldermanic board, including the office of mayor.

There is a certainty that the forthcoming municipal contest will prove one of the most exciting in the history of the city. It is conceded on all sides that should ex-Mayor Morley run it would be hard to pick the winner from the four who would then be offering for mayor, the others being leaving Mr. Gleason out of the calculation, W. E. Oliver, Ald. Turner and Ald. Henderson. Mr. Morley refuses, however, to satisfy the curious ones as to his intentions in the matter.

THE YOUNG MAN AND THE CITY

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer of Thursday contains the following suggestive editorial on "The Young Man and the City." The editor says:

Discussing the forthcoming annual meeting of the National Municipal League in Cincinnati, Secretary Woodruff speaks hopefully of the growing interest of the young men of to-day are taking in municipal problems. "This new and favorable attitude of young men," he says, "is a good sign. The correctness of the view is too obvious to require special emphasis."

At the same time it may be worth while to consider some of the possibilities of this new field of study for young men. What more interesting or more profitable study can the young man pursue than he may find in those problems which develop in urban centres. The young man who masters the science of municipal government will realize opportunities for service of the highest and most enduring character. The American state, on account of a steady weakening of state power and a proportionate strengthening of the power of the federal government is now a much more limited field than the average large city. The charters of cities are more liberal than they used to be. States have realized that cities can handle many problems, once lying wholly within the purview of state authority, more efficiently and satisfactorily than the state can handle them, and hence, the tendency has been to broaden the control of municipalities over municipal problems.

Moreover, congressional enactments, under the broad authority of the commercial clause of the constitution, have served to increase the powers and responsibilities of municipal governments. While the federal government is now exercising powers and performing duties not contemplated by the framers of the charter, there is, from a democratic standpoint, a compensatory factor in the federal policies which have tended to broaden the authority of municipalities to deal with problems of the most intimate and vital concern to people living in urban centres.

In every branch of the public service, in American cities to-day there is a demand for talent of the highest order, and hence, young men cannot devote their time more profitably to any study than to a study of municipal problems. It requires now the same genius and intelligence, the same mastery of the science of government, to govern a state or a nation; indeed, the opportunities for constructive statesmanship, it may be safely said, are now to be found in the great urban centres of this nation, and it is encouraging to know that the young men of the country realize it.

Weak Kidneys Kill Quickly.

Are You Irritable, Depressed?
Does Your Back Ache?
Have You Nervous Fears?

Any Illness of the Kidneys Means a Sick Body All Over. Note the Symptoms.

Are you weak? Feel tired out? Have you aches and pains? Does your back drag? Are your joints painful? Have you rheumatic pains? Are your ankles weak, swollen? Any puffiness under your eyes? If you have any of the above symptoms, give your overworked kidneys help at once. They are diseased, but can be restored by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Thousands of men and women use Dr. Hamilton's Pills every day—thousands have added years to their life by this best of all kidney medicines. Mrs. W. U. Rossett, wife of a well known merchant in Kensington, writes as follows: "Ten years ago my kidney trouble started. I suffered dreadful pains in my spine and around my waist, my back feeling as if hot iron were running through it. I couldn't sleep, had no appetite, was pale, thin and very nervous. Cruel headaches, and despondency added to my burden. Not until I had used Dr. Hamilton's Pills did I get any relief. They proved capital and helped me immediately. Eight boxes made me well and now I do my own housework, feel and look the picture of health. My complete restoration to health is certain with Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Manroche and Butternut, refuse substitutes, 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers or The Cattarhose Company, Kingston, Ont.



NEW VICTOR RECORDS OUT TO DAY

EVERYWHERE

Nothing like VICTOR RECORDS for Quality, Smoothness and Durability

DOUBLE-FACED RECORDS 10-inch

- MUSIC ON BOTH SIDES
- (a) Experiences in the Show Business (No. 16354) (b) Don't Be an Old Maid, Molly (No. 16360)
 - (c) Foolish Questions (No. 16353) (d) Red Head (No. 16369)
 - (e) Do They Think of Me at Home (No. 16355) (f) The Vacant Chair (No. 16361)
 - (g) White Wings (No. 16350) (h) My Fungy Boy (No. 16359) (i) When I Marry You (No. 16358)
 - (j) Berlin Echoes—March Two-Step (No. 16357) (k) Chitiribirin Waltz (No. 16357)
 - (l) Ocean Breezes Waltz (No. 16355) (m) Little Willie (No. 16359)
 - (n) Strawberries (No. 16359) (o) When I Dream in the Gloaming of You (No. 16363)
 - (p) When We Listened to the Chiming of the Old Church Bell (16363) (q) The Huskin' Bee (16363)
 - (r) The Hat My Father Wore on St. Patrick's Day (No. 16365) (s) Lady Love (No. 16366)
 - (t) Dixie Land, I Love You (No. 16366)

DOUBLE-FACED RECORDS 12-inch

- (a) Villa Song (Lehar) from "The Merry Widow" (No. 3208)
- (b) Then You'll Remember Me (No. 3208)
- (c) Spring (Grieg) (No. 3208)
- (d) Evening Bells—1891 (No. 3208)
- (e) I Long to See the Girl I Left Behind (No. 3208)
- (f) The Silted Gallery Boy (No. 3208)

SINGLE RECORDS

- L'Orchestre Symphonique Paris
- Faust—Prelude (No. 5016)
- Faust—Ballet Music (No. 5015)
- The November Pryor March
- Forest King March (No. 5741)
- Victor String Quartet
- Le Secret d'Amour (No. 5742)
- Duet by Miss Jones and Mr. Murray
- I'm Glad I'm a Boy—I'm Glad I'm a Girl (No. 5743)
- Two New Lauder Records
- Comic Songs by Harry Lauder
- Rob. Roy Macintosh (No. 5001)
- Foot the Noo ("I've Seen something in the Bottle") (No. 5007)
- Harry Macdonough and Haydn Quartet
- Lonesome (No. 5743)
- Mlle. Korsoff, Soprano
- of the Opera Comique Paris, with orchestra
- Il Bacio (Waltz Air, "The Kiss") (No. 5723)
- Victor Light Opera Company
- Gems of "The Dollar Princess" (No. 3724)

NEW RED SEAL RECORDS

- Two Wagner Numbers by Gadecki
- Johanna Gadecki, Soprano
- Die Gotterdammerung—Flight from Valhalla (No. 8185)
- (Immolation Scene)
- Siegfried—Ewig war ich (Deathless Was I) (No. 8186)
- (Brunnhilde's Appeal to Siegfried, Act III)
- Luiza Tetrazzini, Soprano
- Apple (No. 9200)
- Wilhelm Backhaus, Pianist
- Prelude (No. 7145)
- Bianche Arral, Soprano
- Lombardi—Polonaise (No. 7146)
- Herbert Witherspoon, Bass
- Meistersinger—Was Duftest doch der Pfluder (No. 7145)
- (The Scat of Elder Flower)
- Papa!—Char-Freitag's Zauber (No. 7144)
- (Good Friday Spell Scene from Act III)
- Leo Slezak, Tenor
- Die Lotusblume ("The Lotus Flower") Schumann (No. 6120)
- Cavalleria Rusticana—Agnus Dei von der Mutter (Turkida's Farewell to His Mother)
- Verdi
- Manon—raam (The Dream) (No. 6120)

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DEFENDS PUBLIC SCHOOL.

French People Counseled to Remain Calm Under Attacks.

Paris, Nov. 1.—M. Briand in an eloquent discourse Saturday night at the dedication of the home of the Educational League, at which President Fallieres and several of the ministers were present, announced that one of the government's principal pre-occupations would be the protection of the public schools, whose enemies are the real enemies of the republic. He counseled the people to be calm under attacks, as he was convinced that the country's enemies were setting a trap and hoped to win over public opinion through excesses of passion and anger at the defenders of the public schools. Pointing out that the last struggle was not with the church, but against those who pretended to direct the church, M. Briand declared that France will never obey orders from the outside, and that Catholic France, which does not view religion as the instrument of a political propaganda, never will permit the exercise of brutal

force against public institutions

to which the nation is dedicated.

"The public schools," he continued, "are the hope of the future security of France, and if their enemies succeed in undermining the schools it is the republic itself which will be weakened. The government will strive to secure adequate laws, but the support and defence of the people will be most efficacious."

THE BARTON MYSTERY.

Hamilton, Nov. 1.—Was the unknown woman whose body was found four years ago this month in a hickory grove on the mountain top in Barton township a victim of Frederick Gehardt, alias Otto Mueller, self-confessed murderer, arch-bligamist, and alleged by New York police to be a blue-beard who made a business of marrying women and putting them out of the way for their money? Witnesses who saw the Barton murderer as he walked towards Hamilton after the crime when shown portraits of Mueller declared that they bore a striking resemblance to the man wanted for the local mystery, and there are other features in the case which would justify

the provincial authorities in making an investigation in the hope of clearing up one of the province's most mysterious unsolved crimes. Mueller is the man who murdered Anna Luther, whose skeleton was found near Islip, Long Island, recently.

—The Cecilia choir, under the leadership of Miss Cordelia Grylls, has now been well organized, and will meet this evening at 8.30 o'clock in the parlors of the Balmoral hotel. Regular practices will be held every Monday evening at 8.30 o'clock at the hotel.

Halifax Shredded Codfish
With a ten cent package you can make a tasty fish-bait breakfast, enough for the whole family.

MAKE ALL MISERY IN STOMACH VANISH BY TAKING A LITTLE DIAPEPSIN NOW

No Indigestion, Gas, Heartburn or Headache Five Minutes Later.

If you had some Diapepsin handy and would take a little now your stomach distress or indigestion would vanish in five minutes and you would feel fine.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, out-of-order stomach before you realize it.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lays like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion. Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a little just as soon as you can. There

will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and besides there will be no undigested food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it prevents fermentation and takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there. Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is at your drugstore waiting for you.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure almost any case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any other stomach disturbance.

THE DESIGNING OF GERMAN CITIES

Useful Hints Gathered From Civic Methods in That Country.

Frederick Law Olmstead, the famous park designer and architect, has been taking a post-graduate course in Europe, and there he finds many ideas which might well be copied on this side of the Atlantic. With the bureaucratic tendencies of Germany we are all more or less familiar, says the Toronto Mail and Empire, and it has been pointed out in this column that the civic efficiency that is there the rule rather than the exception, is expensive, not in the high salaries paid to individuals, but in the host of officials that is necessary to enforce the thousands of laws and regulations to which the citizens of Germany are obliged to conform. Moreover, it may well be doubted if an Anglo-Saxon community is temperamentally suited to a bureaucracy, however benevolent its intentions. These objections being stated to any general adoption of German civic methods, there is no reason why we should not gather a useful hint here and there from the observations of such an authority as Mr. Olmstead.

One thing that struck him was the division of the city streets into three classes—main streets, secondary streets and residential streets. The plans of any given building are governed rather by the character of the street wherein it is to be erected than by the individual tastes of the owner. Where the street is laid out in the common rectangular lot, the shape of the building must conform to the shape of the land. In city extensions new streets must be planned with as few gradients and deep cuttings as possible; and also with the idea of preventing long, straight lines of streets. Sites for churches and schools must be provided as far as possible in the main streets, and the general in Europe was the ownership by a city or other community of large blocks of suburban property. Often these blocks are forests or meadows, which have been in the possession of the neighboring cities from time immemorial as grazing lands, or as sources of fuel. As the growth of cities has made them more valuable, they have been carefully husbanded and used as recreation grounds. The final state of development is reached when city landlords become exorbitant. Then the city will sell a block of its preserve for building purposes, or lease it to the next generation in the same way.

Dusseldorf has a special land fund department, with a credit of a million and a quarter dollars for the purchase of outside land; but Mr. Olmstead doubts whether such a fund would be wisely and honestly administered in an American city. As the Germans do not disdain to make a profit out of their land dealings, the idea might not prove generally acceptable to advocates of public ownership.

One of the purposes in view in the system of district building regulations, which forms a feature of recent city planning in Europe, is to give every lot owner a fair degree of assurance as to the sort of business that may be carried on or structures that may be erected in his district. That is to say, every man is given by the State some such guarantee as a man pays for in Canada when he buys into a "restricted" district. There are certain streets in Toronto where the title to the land prescribes the value of the house to be erected, but usually these are without this protection. It is, therefore, in the power of anyone on such a street as Jarvis street north, for instance, to start a livery stable, or a cheap tenement, that will do hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of damage to the neighborhood, which has the protection of the property owners' only protection. The property owners have no probability that such a business would not pay. But it is not safe to depend absolutely on this principle, for there is not a laundry now in the most desirable section of Jarvis street.

As Germany is one of the greatest industrial countries in the world, no one will need to be told that manufacturers are not fairly even generally treated by the municipalities. In their proper districts they are care-

MOVING MISSISSIPPI TO A NEW CHANNEL

St. Paul is Doing Work to Get Room to Grow.

For the first time in history, the Mississippi river—"Father of Waters"—is to be lifted from its immemorial bed and given a new man-made channel in which to flow. The river has suffered alterations of course before, but these have been principally through government control works, tending to deepen channels and provide better navigation, and in no instance have they removed the river from its ancient bed. The task is one of huge magnitude, and will require several years of work, but it must be done, for the city of St. Paul is crowding the river and must move it or cease to grow.

The situation of St. Paul is peculiar. Its railway terminals, comprising the yardage and central station of ten great lines, lie in a valley flanked by high bluffs at right angles to the present course of the river. Land not used for railway purposes is wholly occupied by factories, warehouses, the city's business, wholesale houses and for other commercial purposes. So rapidly has been the city's growth, that almost before the congestion was anticipated, this district has grown too small to hold the business and must expand, or the city will suffer the division of its wholesale and railway district and the dispersion of many industries to outlying tracts. This is bad enough, but still more serious problem is offered by the railways themselves. The train movements in and out of the St. Paul station are second only to those of Boston. The railways have insufficient room to handle their business, the terminals are insufficient and space must be given at once.

But one solution is open. The river must move. To this end a commission headed by the city engineer, has practically decided upon plans which include the cutting of a new channel and the filling in of the present river-bed, the total area of which, equal to 700 ordinary city blocks, will be brought on the hither side of the Mississippi and added to the business district in which the congestion is greatest.

The river flows directly through St. Paul, giving the city sixteen miles of water front. Just below the centre of the city it describes a great curve, directly across which the new channel will be constructed. The river will be shortened nearly half-a-mile, and its new bed will reach the present channel again far below the city and just above South St. Paul, the packing centre. The sides of the new channel will be lined with concrete and on its northern end, near the central portion of the city, parallel slips will be constructed to afford facilities for the future river traffic, and these in turn will be provided with suitable warehouse sites. With the work completed no city on the Mississippi will have better facilities for handling river traffic, a better river harbor, or more convenient river wharves than St. Paul, for half a century the head of Mississippi river navigation.

Curiously enough the cost will not be great, comparatively. The land through which the new channel will be cut is not expensive and is annually overflowed by high water. The land comprising the present river bed, when reclaimed, will be enormously valuable, so valuable, in fact, that no one has yet attempted to put a figure on it. It will add space to the heart of the railway terminals, which since they could not be bought, are practically beyond price. The engineers believe the land recovered from the "Father of Waters" will be worth considerably more than the total cost of the whole work of changing the channel. Preliminary estimates set the cost of the new channel, with slips and retaining walls, at \$3,500,000, to which must be added \$500,000 for bridges.

The Mississippi at St. Paul is a third of a mile in width. The new channel will be of less width but of greater depth. It is believed that plans can be completed in time to commence work in the spring. At the same time, St. Paul expects to obtain a new \$1,000,000 passenger station, which will probably occupy a site in the centre of the bed the river now occupies.

The Mothers' Club will meet in Spring Ridge school on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. R. Van Munster will speak on nature and childhood, and there will be a musical programme.

HOW TO MAN CANADA'S NAVY

TORONTO MAN HAS ADVANCED A SCHEME

Thinks Newfoundland Naval Reserve Will Solve Knotty Problem.

H. B. Mosdell, of Toronto, writes as follows in a recent issue of the Standard of Empire:

As an outcome of the recent Imperial defence conference it is understood that Canada has undertaken to provide a fleet of warships to aid in the defence of her own seaboard and merchant marine. According to the plan outlined in press dispatches, British cruisers, manned by seamen from the regular navy, are to be loaned by the Admiralty to form the nucleus of the proposed fleet. Canada is then to build, equip and man her own ships. With the establishment of new shipbuilding yards or the elaboration of those already in existence, the mechanical part of the creation of the new flotilla will not be so very difficult of accomplishment; the big problem will be to man the ships with an efficient personnel.

Despite the fact that so large a proportion of the population of the Maritime provinces of the Dominion gains a livelihood from the sea, nothing has been done by either the Federal or the Imperial authorities to take advantage of the sailorly qualities so required and adapted them to purposes of naval defence. Furthermore, it is stated, and to the accompaniment of strong argument, that very few of this fishy population are actually willing to submit themselves to a course of naval instruction. The fishermen of the Maritime Provinces is essentially a lover of home. Recent years have brought to him a great measure of prosperity. His surroundings are pleasant, attractive, and comfortable in the extreme. His work is of such a nature that he is never away from home more than about ten or twelve hours at a time, and it pays him better than any other ordinary occupation could possibly be expected to do. The British fleet has nothing to offer to offset the attractions of home life in the prosperous fishing sections of the Maritime Provinces. The Canadian fisherman has acquired a very considerable bump of independence with long-continued prosperity, and having known practically no master but himself in all his experience, will be a somewhat difficult subject for an officer to train in the ways of discipline on board a man-of-war. Also the establishment of a naval reserve in Halifax or one of the other Atlantic ports is more likely to benefit the United States fleet than that of Great Britain, for life on board the ship flying the Stars and Stripes has at any rate the reputation of being far more enjoyable and being better paid than that led by the men who serve under the Union Jack.

The key to this difficult problem is to be found in the fishing population of Newfoundland. Men and conditions there form a direct contrast to those existing in the Maritime Provinces of Canada. The home ties of the Newfoundlanders are far less binding than those of his Canadian neighbor. His avocation takes him generally about a thousand miles away from home in the spring, and he spends the whole of the season on the rough, unattractive coast of Labrador. About the middle of or end of November he returns home, and from then until about the beginning of May he spends his time in enforced idleness. Not is his work so speciously remunerative. His master provides him with a fishing outfit and with the bare necessities of life during the season. He has to provide his own clothing, and also to make provision for the family he leaves at home. At the end of the season he receives a wage that may, if the voyage has been a profitable one, amount to \$150—say \$3. His life during the winter months is dull and irksome, and especially so to the younger folk. Of amusements there are practically none, and even if this were not the case he could ill afford to be extravagant with such small capital on hand. In recent years it has become the custom for the younger men and women to spend the winter months in Canada or the United States, where they secure employment that enables them to pay living expenses and also to save up a little money to take home with them in the spring. This expedient is permanent, the majority going back to engage in the season's fishing. For the bulk of Newfoundlanders strongly prefer following the avocations of their forefathers to spending their time on the land in the countries to the west of their island.

A Sea-Going People. The total population of the island is less than 250,000. Of these upwards of 60,000 gain a living directly from the sea. At least 40,000 are able-bodied seamen whose sea-going experience ranges from ten to forty years. Strange that the Admiralty should have so long neglected such promising material. Infinitely stranger still that it should have flouted the islanders in almost every international dispute and done everything to stamp out their loyalty to the British throne. France has long recognized the importance of her fisheries in these latitudes. She held on to part of the coast of Newfoundland as long as Downing street would hand her out modus vivendi in the face of the protests of the Newfoundland government. Her fishermen received a bounty on all fish caught that generally exceeded the marketable value of the article itself, and at one time almost ruined the Newfoundland fishermen, who do not receive this kind of support from either the local or the Imperial governments. The present fisheries dispute between the islanders and the United States is caused by the fact that the latter government excluded fish caught by Newfoundlanders from their markets, while they wish to enjoy equal privileges with Canadians in the Newfoundland coast fisheries. A most selfish policy, but one intended to encourage the fishing population of the New England states with the idea

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Belleriver, Que.—"Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I would not be alive. For five months I had painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the uterus, and the best doctors said I must submit to an operation, because I had a tumor. I went back home much discouraged. One of my cousins advised me to take your Compound, as it had cured her. I did so and soon commenced to feel better, and my appetite came back with the first bottle. Now I feel no pain and am cured. Your remedy is deserving of praise."—Mrs. EMMA CHATEL, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec.

Another Operation Avoided. Adrian, Ga.—"I suffered untold misery from female troubles, and my doctor said an operation was my only chance, and I dreaded it almost as much as death. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me without an operation."—LENA V. HENRY, R.F.D. 3.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases.

of providing lots of material for the manning of the navy. It was not till 1890 that the Admiralty gave any signs of having recognized the pre-eminence of importance of the fish-erfolk of Newfoundland to the Imperial navy. Then, at the very urgent and persistent request of Sir H. H. Murray, at that time governor of the island, they established the nucleus of a naval reserve. How grudgingly they adopted his suggestion may be gathered from the fact that they stipulated that the enrolment should not exceed 700 men, and that they sent over an antiquated gunboat to provide the necessary training quarters for the recruits. Think of the farsightedness of the policy of providing for the training of less than 1,000 capable seamen when they could have had more than twenty times that number, and practically every man would have been available for service in the British navy at any time within five years, for there was very little possibility of their drifting to any other fleet.

Imperial Service. The popularity of the movement soon became very apparent. The best material offered itself, and the limit of enrolment was soon reached. Financially the inducements offered were very small, but there were other things that counted for much with the young fishermen: The retaining fee of \$30 was not the convincing attraction, but he was glad to spend a month on the training ship in St. John's, where life was much more pleasant than at some of the fishing villages, where there was little to relieve the tedious months of idleness. The opportunity of training for the service of the Empire also appealed to the loyalty of the people, for, despite all statements to the contrary, loyalty is one of the deepest and inalienable sentiments that mould the character of the Newfoundlanders. The annual month of training was always arranged so that each detachment could return home before the opening of the fishing season. During the period of training the men are provided with food and clothing, and receive in addition sixty cents per day. Each man has a full period of five years, and at the end of that time, if physically fit, may be re-enrolled for an equal period if he so desires.

Life on board the training ship is in all respects similar to that on one of the regular ships of the navy. The men are, of course, practically conversant with all exacting duties of a seaman's life. Many of them are also very good shots, for the fisherman has ample opportunity to use the gun either on the wild seafowl or on the partridge and deer that abound on the Newfoundland moors. The recruits, therefore, prove especially responsive to training. They are thoroughly drilled in the management of the big guns and in the proper employment of small arms. The course of training results in a wonderful improvement of the physique of the young fisherman, add a squad of reservists on parade, acting at some of the public functions, always receives generous applause for their splendid appearance from the citizens of St. John's.

Method of Training. Every autumn a detachment of about fifty reservists is sent to the West Indies on a six months' cruise in one of the British cruisers which does fishery protection duty on the Newfoundland coast during the summer. This is a trip that few reservists care to miss. To many of them it is the first time they ever left the shores of their island home. Hence there is something especially alluring to them in the idea of looking on foreign parts from the deck of a British man-of-war. Their association with the regular bluejacket during a cruise of this length makes the reservists most capable in all their duties that fall to the lot of the sailor on board one of the big modern warships. Their capabilities are the subject of much praise by all the English officers who have handled them. They prove willing and persistent in the performance of all the tasks assigned by their superiors.

That respect for authority that makes it unnecessary to station more than one police officer in a Newfoundland town

Capital Furniture Co.'s Clearance Sale Bargains

These are bargains of a truly bargain character—reductions and special offerings that stand out boldly and serve as guide posts to liberal money saving. These goods quoted below are of a timely sort, well calculated to stir the buying instincts of discerning homemakers. Lots of other bargains, too. Come and see.



EARLY ENGLISH BUFFET Surfacted oak finish, with large British plate mirror; two top drawers, celerettes and spacious linen drawers at foot. Unrivalled value at our regular price, \$22.50. An enormous bargain for \$16.85

DRESSER AND STAND Fine surfaced oak with British plate mirror and three large drawers. Large washstand to match. Regular price \$22.50. Special bargain \$16.45

GOLDEN OAK SIDEBOARD Surfacted golden oak, handsomely carved, with large cupboard and linen drawers, excellent value at regular price, \$20. A fine bargain at \$15.10

Come in and look, anyway. A visit places you under no obligation to purchase.

JAP MATTINGS

This is a special purchase—fine, new stock, 30c yard quality. Special Sale Price, per yard \$18c

CARPETS, SQUARES AND RUGS

Not a yard, not a square that does not offer an unrivalled buying suggestion. Don't fail to see these values.

GO-CARTS AND CARRIAGES

We must clear these to make room for Christmas stock, therefore we offer them 25% off regular prices.

DRESSER AND STAND

Highly polished surfaced oak. Grand value at its regular price, \$15.50. Special Cash Price \$12.25

DRESSER AND STAND

Golden oak finish, with British bevelled plate mirror and three large drawers. Regular value \$15. Special price \$11.75



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Plants never freeze in a home heated by COLE'S HOT BLAST

You know where plants never freeze it doesn't get cold. Cole's Hot Blast maintains a continuous fire; it will hold fire over Saturday night to Monday morning; it will keep fire over night with a hot full of coal. With this stove you need only open a draft when a stove keeps on heating long after you have shut it off. Remember, that it part of the guarantee. The patented construction of the Original Hot Blast stove enables the manufacturer to guarantee it to remain always a-light. Lots of satisfaction, isn't it? Don't expose your plants to cold. No need of losing your children! Don't kindle fires daily. Call and let us show you.

Note this—you cannot shut off or control ordinary stoves promptly because, though you do shut the air out of the main draft, air is coming in through dozens of small cracks, giving the fire a draft, which is in no way controlled. You notice this when a stove keeps on heating long after you have shut it off. The patented construction of the Original Hot Blast stove enables the manufacturer to guarantee it to remain always a-light. Lots of satisfaction, isn't it? Don't expose your plants to cold. No need of losing your children! Don't kindle fires daily. Call and let us show you.

The unequalled fuel saving, the heat radiation, the even temperature, the holding of fire, are all the result of the patented features in the construction of this remarkable stove which cannot be used in making any other stove; and the Patented Hot Blast draft which burns the waste gases in the fuel. Soft coal, as you know, is half gas. The makeup of the stove is interesting. Read up on the chimney. In Cole's Hot Blast the hot blast draft on top of the fire burns the coal from the top—burns the gas. Makes the coal last twice as long.



Burns Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Cobs

A. & W. WILSON

Sole Agents - Broad Street

The name "COLE'S" on the feet door of every stove—none genuine without it.

For Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Cobs



IN THE MATTER OF THE "NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT" (BEING CHAPTER 13 OF REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1906).

TAKE NOTICE that The Grand Trunk Pacific Town and Development Company, Limited, in pursuance of section 7 of the above Act, has deposited the plans of wharf and a description of the proposed site thereof to be constructed upon part of and in front of Lots seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), and part of fourteen (14), Block seventy (70), Victoria City in the Province of British Columbia with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa in the Province of Ontario, and a duplicate of each in the office of the Registrar-General of Titles at Victoria, British Columbia, (being the registrar of deeds for the district in which such work is proposed to be constructed).

And take notice that at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, application will be made to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof. Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this 23rd day of October, 1909.

D'ARCY TATE, Solicitor for the Applicant.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, IN LUNACY.

In the Matter of the Lunacy Act, and in the Matter of James R. Jamieson, a Lunatic, Not So Found by Inquisition. Notice is hereby given that, under an order made by the Hon. Mr. Justice Irving, dated the 13th day of October, 1909, I, the undersigned, was appointed committee of the estate of the above named James R. Jamieson. All persons having claims against said estate are required to send particulars of same, duly verified, to me, and all persons who are indebted thereto are required to pay to me such indebtedness forthwith. WM. MONTEITH, Committee of the Estate of James R. Jamieson. Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 18th day of October, 1909.

PORTLAND CANAL SHORT-LINE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Take notice that the first meeting of the shareholders of the Portland Canal Short-Line Railway Company will be held at the office of Budwell & Lawson, in the City of Victoria, on Saturday, the 30th day of November, 1909, at 2 P. M. T. P. HOPKINS, M. E. STEWART. Victoria, B. C., October 15th, 1909.

HALLOWEEN FUN

By A. R. Parkhurst Jr.



The Hallowe'en Rite

The soid guidwife's well horded nits, Are round and round divided. An' monie lads' and lassies' fates Are then that night decided.

Some kinde couthe side by side, An' burn the gither trimly; Some start awa wi saucy pride, An' jump out ower the chimley Fu high that night."

To be of Irish or Scotch extraction is to feel the keen delight in all Celtic customs and add certain zest to the spells and incantations of that truly Celtic tradition which sets aside the 31st of October as the night of doom, when ill or some fortune lurks in lake roof or candle light. Unquestionably All Hallow Even, or Hallowe'en, is a relic of pagan times, dating back to the days when the Druids were accustomed to kindle sacred fires on the eve of November 1st that they might ward off evil spirits as, in the popular imagination of those and later times, this has always been considered the high carnival season for witches, fairies and the immaterial principle in humanity to wander abroad. Supernatural influences prevail and divination by means of mystic ceremonies is at its highest power then.

In some parts of England and Ireland they still call it "Nutcrack Night" and many pastimes are indulged in by gossamers and colleens whereby their fates are decided. In games played that night nuts are brought into play and by these little tokens many a match is decided then and there. For instance—desiring to ascertain if one's sweetheart is faithful, let each one place a nut upon the grate, naming it for a lover. If the nut jumps or cracks the maiden or swain is proved false, but if it blazes and burns merrily he or she loves. If nuts named for a boy and a girl burn together they will be married.

This bit of verse may be recited when this game is in progress: These glowing nuts are emblems true, Of what in human life we view. The ill-matched couple fret and fume, And thus in strife themselves consume; Or from each other mildly start, And with a noise forever part. Put see the happy happy pair.

The Magic Wish Candles

Of genuine love and truth sincere, With natural fondness while they burn, Still to each other kindly turn. And as the vital sparks decay Together gently sink away. Till life's fierce ordeal being past Their mingled ashes rest at last.

A custom still prevalent in Scotland is "pulling kale stalks." Couples journey to the fields-hand in hand, blindfolded each person must pull the stalk that first comes to hand. The future partner is bound to be stout or slender, short or tall, according to the size of the stalk selected. The quantity of earth or turf clinging to the roots of the stalk decides the size of the dowry or fortune, while the taste of the pith determines the temper of the mate selected. Finally, the stalks are placed in a row over the door, and it is believed that the Christian names of all those who enter during the evening will be identical with those of the future life partners. "Three Dishes," or "Luggies," is another Scottish observance still in favor in the Highlands. Two of these are filled, respectively, with clean and dirty water; the third is left empty. They are arranged in a row and placed upon the hearth. Each palpitating lover, blindfolded, advances in turn and tremblingly dips his hand into a bowl. If it is in the clean water he will surely wed the maiden of his choice; if in the foul, a widow will fall to his lot; but

if, sad fate, he strikes the empty bowl, single blessedness will be his fate for ever more.

There are hundreds of old customs, equally primitive, still indulged in in England, Scotland and Ireland, and many of the Hallowe'en games that have found their way to this side of the water are modifications of these. Hallowe'en is generally observed in the United States, but it is the New Englander, perhaps—that grim and unimaginative Puritan—who lays more stress on the superstitions of the night. Jack-o'-lanterns fit hither and thither o'er hill and dale and through graveyards than any other type of American. In later years the preparations for Hallowe'en have been far more elaborate than in the days of our grandfathers. Now, the parlor and dining-room are liberally and tastefully decorated and, as on other autumn festivals, the flowers and vegetables of this season play an important part in the color and decorative scheme. Of course, the pumpkin is the vegetable which has more possibilities along these lines than any other, and it is everywhere to be seen. Soup plates and platters are fashioned from them, and their "too grotesque and weird masks" can be cut from this vegetable where a skilled carver wields the knife. Autumn leaves in the first blush of their frost-tinted glory are always brought into use and no decoration where Dame Nature



Jumping the Candles

twelve he marries," the chant continues. No apple is supposed to have less than 12 seeds.

Another charming diversion is to go into the garden and walk about, sowing hemp seed, the while chanting: "Hemp seed, I sow thee; hemp seed, I sow thee; hemp seed, I sow thee and him that is to be my true love come after me and show thee." Then, by looking over her left shoulder, she will see her future husband.

If a dumb cake is desired for a charm the girls must meet in the kitchen between 11 and 12 o'clock. Each girl must place a handful of wheat flower upon a sheet of white paper and sprinkle it over with as much salt as she can hold between finger and thumb. Then one of the party must make them into dough, being careful not to use spring water. Then each girl must roll her dough out into a thin flat cake and mark her initials upon it with a new pin. The cakes having been placed before the fire, each must take a seat before her respective cake. This must all be done before 11 o'clock, and between that hour and midnight the cake can be turned once. When the clock strikes 12 the husband of her who is to be married first will enter the kitchen and approaching the row of cakes he will place his hand upon that part of the cake upon which her name is scratched. Throughout the whole ceremony not a word must be spoken, hence the name "dumb cake."

chamber are quite as attractive to them in which the sterner sex were permitted to take part earlier in the evening. Each girl upon arriving in her boudoir should pluck two roses with long stems, naming one for herself and the other for her lover. She must then retire to her sleeping-room without speaking to anyone and kneeling beside her bed repeat the following lines, gazing, meanwhile, intently at her lover's rose:

"Twine, twine and intertwine, Let my love be wholly thine. If his heart be deep and true, Deeper grow his roses' hue."

If her swain be faithful the color of the rose will at once grow darker and bluish more intense. The last rite of all for the Maid of Hallowe'en, and to many this has proved the most satisfactory and convincing test of all, is that with the glass of water. The identity of the maid's lover cannot long remain in doubt with this test carefully and well executed. A glass of water containing a small silver of wood is placed on a little stand at the bedside. In the night she will dream of falling from a bridge into a river; but scarcely will she touch the water when her future husband, whose face she can plainly see, will leap after her and rescue her. This done can any of us fail to believe in the Little God of Love? All hail then to Hallowe'en!

WORSER.

Jings—You look very dependant. Why don't you consult a physican? Bings—I did—and I'm more dependant than ever. Jings—Why? Bings—Thinking about how I'm going to pay his bill.

When duty calls on a man he is apt to be out.

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A TEACHER ON EDUCATION FADS TO MAKE A LIVING NOT THE WHOLE END

Professor McNaughton, of McGill, Talks to Montreal Convention.

The fetish of modern America, utilitarianism, was attacked at the teachers convention in Montreal by Professor MacNaughton, of McGill university, in an address entitled "Fads in Modern Education." It was a brilliant address, gently caustic and incisive, its chief features being a defence of the study of classics and of Greek more especially, from a practical standpoint, and an onslaught on the doctrine that to earn a living is the whole end of education. Professor MacNaughton pointed out that education was of far wider scope and should develop the higher faculties. The whole extent of it, he said, was not adequately expressed in any formula short of the declaration of the Westminster catechism: "God and enjoy Him forever. For the working man Professor MacNaughton emphasized the need of aims in culture beyond the requirements of his ordinary vocation. The working man, said the professor, had a soul to develop.

self, or if they don't you can do very well without them. A hot direct pursuit is the surest plan to scare them away. The shy and fugacious goddess Luck eludes the hob-nailed tread, the flat foot and the stinging hug of her too robust Cyclops.

"There is no region in which a premature and covetous concentration upon mere lucre is so absurdly out of place and so certain to defeat even its own narrow ends (especially if you take the larger viewpoint of a whole nation's interests), as in the matter of education.

In the second place, which is, perhaps, one aspect of the other over again, utilitarianism forgets that a man is not a beaver whose one business in life is to lay logs. He is a complex creature with multifarious relations to an infinite universe of intelligence and things. His competence to bread-winning labor may be much more restricted than a beaver's or a Polynesian Islander's. But he is a man all the same. If he is employed in a shoe factory, he will, it is to be hoped, go far afield in his leisure from his bootpeg. Spinoza, the spectator of all time and existence, supported himself by grinding optical glasses. Chas. Lamb was a clerk in the Indian office, in which John and James Mill also were officials. Our workman is not very likely to range so widely, but it will infallibly be a bad business if he does not range at all. For what Carlyle says is true, "He is an infinite shoeblack." He has in him potencies that are not less than boundless and terrific. If you doom him to dullness and vanity, if the better part of him be stamped out and atrophied, there is a slumbering volcano in him not to be guarded against by external repression or by any conceivable number of policemen, fleets and armies on the lid, but capable of breaking out in widespread devastation. It was just this sort of man who made the French revolution. Woe to the society whose arrangements would make an ant of him without taking steps to secure the ant's stinglessness.

After advising a foundation of culture by getting off by heart some really good pieces from our literature, including a few chapters of the English Bible, Professor MacNaughton proceeded: The utilitarian proclaims as his great principle—that the object of education is to fit the boy for the battle of life. Yes, of course—it is. But the battle of life is not a mere battle for a living. It is much wider than that. The whole extent of it is not adequately expressed in any formula short of the magnificent declaration of the Westminster catechism—that man's chief end is to glorify God and to enjoy Him forever. There is really very little fear about a living. Anybody with two legs and arms, at least in our country, can be confidently counted on to make a living. He can do that with one hand. The great fear is that he will never enter into life. If I could read my son's horoscope and knew beyond

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TRIP OF INSPECTION.

W. J. Bowman, professor of agriculture in the University of the State of Iowa, who has been making an exhaustive investigation of conditions in the Fraser and Nechaco valleys, accompanied by W. A. Lewthwaite, the well-known land operator of Vancouver, arrived from Fort George by the steamer Quesnel, says the Quesnel Observer.

Professor Bowman stated that after a tour of a great section of the upper country, between Tachick Lake and Fort George, along the Nechaco and up the Stewart river, he finds that the soil is of a very fine quality, and of a class to quickly germinate vegetable life.

Mr. Bowman regards the future of the whole upper country in a most favorable manner; there is, he said, a great deal of very good land along these valleys, and whilst there are also areas of "jack pine" country, which is practically worthless, from an agricultural point of view, the good fertile lands prevail everywhere.

Mr. Bowman is taking down a large collection of samples of the soil, etc., gathered during his tour of investigation, which he will be able to test in a scientific manner and deliver a technical report upon their nature.

There was a practical value in the higher development, said Professor MacNaughton. "To make a people industrially effective, he said, you must make them intelligent. And they will never be intelligent unless a considerable number of them seek and love wisdom for her own sake and not merely as the dray horses for their provision carts.

"The great fallacy in the utilitarian view of education," said Professor MacNaughton, "is on the one hand that it fails to take account of the fact of the very frequent fertility of frontal attacks. There are many things, in themselves quite desirable to secure, wealth is one of them, happiness is another, popularity is a third, the favor of the fair sex is a fourth, and there are many others like fame and eloquence and wit and artistic effect generally, which cannot best be gained, or most surely, by driving straight at them. They are all essentially by-products. Take them in flank and they are likeliest to fall to you. Go your ways, steering by the lights, with your eye on the world objects of which these are but reflections and they will come of them-

question that he was doomed to some such narrow lot as to be a plumber or professor, do you think I would make him play with gas pipes or start thumping a dead from his earliest years? Heaven forbid that I should take the sure way to make him a drudge or a prig.

In regard to the opponents of classical education, Professor MacNaughton said: "To depreciate and consign to the lumber room what competes with his own enthusiasm is the vice of the anti-classicist. We do not claim that all boys should learn Greek, but we claim that a fair proportion should have opportunity of learning it, that it is a matter of considerable consequence for many people who are at all ambitious of taking a respectable place in the ranks of civilized humanity that there should be among them a leaven and a remnant of cultivated persons who can read Homer and the New Testament in the original Greek. It will be pretty generally admitted that at least a large number of these two books has a fairly strong claim on the permanent considerations of mankind.

"School activities outside school hours" was the theme in the evening before a large gathering of Dr. William Maxwell, superintendent of schools, New York. Dr. Maxwell stated that of the 4,250,000 population of New York State, the greater number of children in New York were non-English-speaking. So English had to be taught to these children as a foreign language. At all times since New York has been a large melting pot of foreign immigration. Up to thirty years ago this migration had been principally from the neighborhood of the Baltic, but since that date it had been from the Mediterranean. These citizens and their children had to be trained into American citizens.

The problem of developing character was not rendered easier by the conditions of New York. Urban populations tended to degenerate. So in New York they had made provision by public playgrounds for the natural

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The C. Turnbull Co. of Galt, Limited, Galt, Ontario, Manufacturers—Established 1899

News of Greater Great Britain



United Kingdom

POOR LAW COMMISSION.

LONDON.

Yet another appendix volume has been issued in connection with the inquiry of the Poor Law Commission. It contains the report of Cyril Jackson on the effects of unemployment or assistance given to the "unemployed" since 1898 as a means of relieving distress outside the Poor Law in Ireland.

Mr. Jackson was assisted by Mr. J. S. Nicholson, and the two gentlemen made careful personal investigations over a wide area. They say that the time available to them was not sufficient, but the impression which they formed is decidedly that the Unemployed Workmen Act is not adapted to meet Irish needs. The grounds of this conclusion are partly suggested in the following paragraphs:

"We can only say that the amount of relief work given in the towns has been small, and has had but little effect. We cannot think that the poverty in the Irish towns can be sensibly affected by this employment relief. In Ireland there is a very strong family feeling, and the poor help each other even more extensively than in England. As far as we have been able to judge the real Irish problem is a rural one. Tiny holdings and large families make the small Irish farmer's lot a very hard one, and relief works in the towns may attract from the country some of the laborers whom the larger farmers need. With the large charities existing in the towns much can be done to relieve distress. In the winter, unemployment due to large trade fluctuations seems very little in evidence. Belfast, where we might expect to find signs of it, has been expanding its trade for many years."

On the subject of emigration Mr. Jackson states that the stream of emigrants who have passed to the United States, and to a much smaller extent to other countries during the last 60 years, has effectively relieved the labor market of any absolute surplus; but it may be doubted whether, during the last few decades, at any rate, the departure of so many of the most enterprising Irish men and women has not had a more serious effect in checking development than in relieving pressure. That in the country districts there is a dearth rather than any surplus of labor seems to be fairly well established.

REDMOND AND THE ISSUE.

LONDON.

John Redmond, M.P., addressed a large meeting in the Pavilion, Ashton-under-Lyne, under the auspices of the local Liberal association.

After remarking that the only thing in the present political situation that was certain was the fact that we were on the very eve of a general election, and the sooner it came the better, Mr. Redmond said:—"I am here to-night to say to all whom it may concern—Liberals as well as Conservatives, that when the general election comes, Home Rule for Ireland shall and must be amongst the leading issues submitted to the electorate of the country."

In a reference to the Irish Land Bill, he said:—"If the House of Lords finally destroy Mr. Birrell's Land Bill, retrubution will come upon them, as it has come upon them in every similar instance in the past. You may ask me what will happen? The Irish Land Bill as it stands to-day, if the Lords stand by their mutilation of it, is absolutely dead. I say that in this instance a more fatal and deadly step was never taken than will be the rejection and destruction of this bill by the House of Lords. If the House of Lords, reject this bill, I ask the people of Ireland to put the responsibility for what ever may happen upon the right shoulders. All I say for the present is this—and I say it quite plainly to the House of Lords, to the Irish landlords, and everyone concerned—that this bill is wrecked in Ireland will not tamely submit to it."

DOVER NAVAL BASE.

LONDON.

It is not generally realized that the naval harbor works at Dover have been in hand for twelve years. Dover was used as a base for the fleets which the Romans maintained for the suppression of the pirates of Northern Europe. Sir Walter Raleigh recommended Dover for development as a naval base, and Henry VIII. did much for its benefit, building a new pier there.

In more recent times Dover has been the subject of much talk and comparatively little action. Three Royal Commissions sat on a proposal to build a harbor there in the middle of last century—one in 1840, another in 1844, and a third in the following year. All that resulted, however, was the Admiralty Pier, begun in 1847 and not completed until twenty years after.

Many years later the Dover harbor board brought forward a scheme for the commercial development of the port, and their plans were actually sanctioned in 1851. Soon after, however, they were modified owing to the decision of the Admiralty to construct there a "national harbor of refuge," the contract for which was let to Messrs. Pearson and Son in 1855, and which the Prince of Wales opened recently.

The work has been a tedious one, and it is open to doubt—in naval circles, to openly expressed doubt—whether the place will ever be worth what has been spent on it. The result of the twelve years' work is a naval harbor 610 acres in extent, and a tiny commercial harbor (by courtesy) of eighty acres. The harbor is enclosed by the admiralty pier, 4,000 feet long, the "eastern arm," 3,320 feet long, and the detached southern breakwater, 4,200

South Africa

LAND FOR FARMS.

PIETERMARITZBURG.

The policy of the various state governments in Australia of acquiring for farming purposes land which is not being put to its most effective use under its present occupancy is being adopted in Natal. Under the Land Acquisition Bill just submitted to parliament it is provided that the government may purchase or expropriate suitable land for the purpose of settlement.

Land leased to natives or Indians is deemed unbeneficially occupied for the purpose of this measure.

It is confidently expected that the bill, if passed, will lead to a considerable measure of closer settlement, with much consequent benefit to the state and to the community.

Border Restrictions.

Emphatic protests are being made against the drastic regulations which have been put into force on the Cape border by the government of Cape Colony prohibiting traffic from Natal, except by certain towns. Trade is paralyzed in certain districts in the south.

Union and Defence.

In the course of an interview Colonel E. M. Greene, K.C., foreshadowed that an annual money grant would be voted by the union parliament of South Africa towards the cost of Empire defence. He stated that when its advantages were fully appreciated the cadet system of Natal would be copied by all the other states of the empire.

RECORD OF PROGRESS.

PIETERMARITZBURG.

An excellent and extremely encouraging record of progress is afforded by the official statistics which have just been published. In the first place the accounts for the year show a surplus—a small one, it is true, but the fact that after a series of lean years there is a surplus at all must be deemed very gratifying.

The revenue amounted to £2,567,958, and expenditure to £2,530,576, leaving a balance of £37,382. Of this amount a sum of £34,950 was removed to contingencies fund in respect of revenue issues, leaving a net surplus for the year of £2,432. At one time it seemed improbable that we should have to face a further deficit, but thanks to prudent financial administration, to the exercise of wise economies, and to the greatly improved railway receipts during the latter portion of the financial year, the treasurer has been able to balance accounts with something to the good.

The population of Natal has risen from 1,184,285 to 1,206,286, of which 91,443 were Europeans, 286,264 natives, and 116,678 Asiatics. The total is the largest yet recorded. In 1908 there were 2,774 miles of railways in Natal, and the receipts totalled £1,832,862, against an expenditure of £1,240,319. In 1907 the receipts were £1,837,704, and the expenditure £1,268,142. The Post office and telegraph receipts were £212,986, and the expenditure was £183,499, as against £222,485 and £197,985, respectively.

The shipping for 1908 was 972 vessels of 2,507,186 tons in the aggregate inwards, and 971 vessels, of 2,510,896 tons outwards. This is little below the best shipping year, 1905, when 1043 vessels were entered inwards. In 1892 the number was only 45. The imports for the year amounted in value to £7,903,412, as against £5,704,222 in 1907, exclusive of bullion and specie to the value of £427,247, as compared with £357,224. The exports totalled £7,831,367, as compared with £8,209,701, and specie and bullion exported amounted to £1,791,107, as against £1,839,371. In 1908 there were under cultivation 885,209 acres of land as against 567,893 in 1907. In 1908 the colony possessed 47,677 horses, 538,413 cattle, and 945,477 sheep while in 1907 the figures were 39,789, 416,527, and 753,759 respectively, so that there has been an all-round improvement. The coal-mining returns show that the output for the colony was 1,669,774 tons, of a pit-mouth value of £737,17.9 while in 1907 the figures were 1,530,043 tons, and £690,391.

INDIA

COTTON EXPERIMENTS.

CALCUTTA.

Some interesting experiments have been carried out by the agricultural department in Sind with the growth of United States cotton. These experiments are distinct from the ones introduced Egyptian cotton in the Jamrao area. The United States product has a short period of growth, is hardy, and has a good staple; for which there is practically an unlimited demand in England. Indigenous Sindhi cotton, on the contrary, has a short, rough staple and is largely used on the continent for mixing with wool in the manufacture of carpets, etc. The area selected for these trials are Lar, in South Hyderabad, Nasrat and Dad Canals in the North Hyderabad, and a little in Sukkur. The United States cotton sown shows a luxuriant growth. It flowers a month to six weeks earlier than the Sindhi cotton. Its cultivation appears promising, and the present results at least justify the union regulations. In North Hyderabad twelve experimenters were supplied with seed and have cultivated from one to four acres each. An inspection has shown that in nearly all cases its growth is very flourishing. Ultimate success, however, will depend on the produce yielded.

Punjab Irrigation Project.

It is understood that the forecast of the revised estimate of the triple canal project of the Punjab shows a very large excess (about two hundred lakhs of rupees) over the original. Of this the largest item of excess is in connection with the cross drainages of the Upper Jhelum canal. At the time the project was framed the engineers did not possess sufficient statistics regarding the volume of water conveyed by several large torrents which cross the alignment of this canal, but observations made during construction have shown that the maximum discharges of these streams were under-estimated in the first instance. Although the cost of this large and daring irrigation project will be considerably enhanced, the work, if the anticipated receipts remain the same, will still be highly productive and contribute largely to the prosperity of the province.

Evils of Sedition.

In the course of a notable speech of warning against the dangers of sedition to the subjects of the Dewas State, Junior Branch, his Highness Raja Malhar Rao, said it had given him inexpressible satisfaction to observe that the state had as yet been altogether free from the baneful contagion of the deadly distemper of sedition against the benign British government, which distemper in several of its odious forms more or less troubled some of the neighboring states, as well as many parts of British India. "I am extremely proud to state," he said, "that this reflects great credit on the subjects of this state, and I earnestly trust that in the future as in the past it will be their constant care, as well as the end and aim of their very existence, to

maintain the same prestige of being true to time-honored traditions of this state by remaining loyal and devoted to the paramount power which is the reservoir and the true fountainhead of strength, security, and prosperity of this state as of other native states in India."

Wireless Station.

The installation of a small Marconi wireless telegraphy station to work in conjunction with the apparatus fitted to the two new P. and O. liners has been started near the Back Bay Baths, Bombay.

Newfoundland

BOOK POST REDUCED.

ST. JOHN.

The official announcement by Sir Edward Morris, the prime minister, that the British government had intimated the reduction of the postal rate on magazines, book packets, and printed matter generally to one penny per pound between Great Britain and Newfoundland has given the liveliest satisfaction here.

The anomalous regulation under which Newfoundland was debarred from a privilege already enjoyed by Canada has always been indefensible, though the British Postmaster-General, in reply to repeated appeals, has always hitherto declared that the reason for the concession made to Canada—the easy access to the Dominion of United States publications—was nonexistent in the case of Newfoundland.

The Newfoundland postmaster-general pointed out that under existing conditions British publications were chiefly sent by freight to the island, and paid no postage at all, so that the concession sought would really be wholly additional revenue; but this argument appeared to carry no weight with the authorities at Home. It was also pointed out that Newfoundland was flooded with cheap United States publications at the expense of British books and periodicals, and that the decline of British trade and the increase of United States trade with Newfoundland might be very largely traced to this fact.

These arguments, supported by the strong representations made by Sir E. Morris during his visit to London, have at length proved effective, and the news has been warmly welcomed in the island.

The Modus Vivendi.

But little interest is excited by the announcement that the British government has agreed with the United States to renew the modus vivendi. In view of the fact that the whole question is shortly to come before the Hague Tribunal, the renewal is regarded as a purely formal and temporary measure which will have no ultimate effect upon the questions at issue.

The inauguration of the great 30,000 horse-power pulp mill at Grand Rapids has already had a most stimulating effect upon British and United States capitalists, the government having received many inquiries from interested investors, as there is wood enough on the island to provide work for fifty other such factories. Newfoundland may yet become the paper-making country for the world.

Unearned Increment.

Economists have for generations past suggested this levy upon the unearned increment of land as a fair and proper form of taxation. The plain man, who knows how the system of landlordism works, must assuredly agree with the economists. "It is only fair," says the Duke of Bedford's agent, "that the landlord should receive a portion of the increased value on the change taking place." Whatever may be fair, the landlord more often obtains the whole than a portion. But it is only fair, we add, that of whatever increment he receives from the operation of causes due to the community, the community should claim a portion towards meeting the needs of the state.—London Chronicle.

Senor Ferrer's Teachings.

We must assume, in fairness to the Spanish government, that the contention that the teachings of Senor Ferrer were directly responsible for unsettling the minds of the people of Barcelona to the extent that resulted in the recent outbreak was established, and, much as we may regret the fate of a philanthropic and misguided enthusiast, such as Senor Ferrer appears to have been, there is no reason on any ground except that of an absolute humanitarianism, for condemning the government or the tribunal that decreed his execution.—Fall Mail-Gazette.

Unionists' Battery.

The chief business of Unionists must lie during the next few weeks in the constituencies. In the House of Commons the amended Finance Bill will be conducted through its report stage with greater or less celerity, according to the temper of the government; but it does not appear from the utterances of His Majesty's ministers that any important modification of that egregious instrument will be considered. It will be the task of the Opposition to expose the true character of the government amendments, as they so admirably dissected the original provisions, which, according to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, represented the fine flower of the combined intellect of the Cabinet. But the duty of all Unionists outside the house is to prepare for the approaching general election. They must win it, and win it on Tariff Reform.—London Chronicle.

The Postal Union.

The formation of the Universal Postal Union was commemorated by the unveiling of a symbolic monument at Berne, where the first Congress was held in 1874. Since then the union has made wonderful progress, and now Mr. Henniker Heaton's dream of a universal penny postage for letters, although still a vision of the future, seems likely to be one day realized. France, which is rather conservative in such matters, will, it is said, shortly make an important advance by raising the limit of weight for the minimum postage charged under the union regulations. M. Millorand, the French minister of public works, and who is also head of the post office, was one of his country's representatives at the Berne celebrations. Speaking at a banquet there, he gave some interesting figures showing the growth of the postal service in consequence of the reduction and equalization of rates. The number of mail letters exchanged in the decade prior to 1875 was 47 millions. Between 1875 and 1880, as the result of the establishment of the Postal Union, it had risen to 104 millions, while during the first seven years of the present century no fewer than 335 millions of letters had been exchanged.—Irish Independent.

The Two Policies.

A Tory government certainly would require less revenue, and we will suppose, as we said, that their objects are the same. One party proposes to tax the imported goods, most of the raw material, on which our manufactures depend, and the food of the people, which the workers must pay for out of their wages. The other party will raise the money by a surtax on extreme wealth, by duties on inheritance, and by percentages on the unearned increase of land values. In which case (to use Sir John Brunner's words again) will the burden fall on the shoulders that can bear it?—London Daily News.

Spain and Morocco.

A policy of aggressive advance in Morocco would add a further element of tension to international relations, and it might provoke a further recrudescence of jealousies and rivalries from which neither Spain nor Morocco has anything to gain. We cannot for a moment credit the suggestion that Spanish statesmen, while alive to these risks, are prepared to incur them in order to divert public attention from internal affairs. That is a suicidal proceeding which invariably recalls with disaster on its authors.—London Daily Mail.

Morocco Still a Menace.

It would be a thing fraught with grave menace to the peace of the world if the troops of King Alfonso were in the end to find beyond their power the task of subduing the Rif bandits. But of this we need have little fear. The very traditions of race are sufficient to assure a waiting world that when Spaniard and Moor meet there can be but one final result.—Daily Telegraph.

maintain the same prestige of being true to time-honored traditions of this state by remaining loyal and devoted to the paramount power which is the reservoir and the true fountainhead of strength, security, and prosperity of this state as of other native states in India."

Wireless Station.

The installation of a small Marconi wireless telegraphy station to work in conjunction with the apparatus fitted to the two new P. and O. liners has been started near the Back Bay Baths, Bombay.

Mind Your Own Business And Put Others in Mind of It!

It's a Long Time Since the Days of Cariboo

Time was when the Victoria merchant thought he didn't need advertising. He knew all the miners who came down from Cariboo in the winter, for he played black-jack with them in a back room of the hotel. Later, conditions became stereotyped, and he expressed his lack of enterprise by the reflection that "everybody knows me anyway."

Modern Shoppers 'Know Not Joseph'

Victoria has increased in population from 22,000 to 40,000 in the past four or five years. What does that mean? Simply that apart from the natural changes, a new city has sprung up with all the needs that inevitably follow. Thousands of new kitchens to stock, new tables to spread, new homes to furnish, new people to clothe and feed and house. Count the new faces on the streets. Where do these people go to shop? The answer is obvious. To the stores and shops which seek their trade. The stores which advertise are naturally the ones which catch the trade, for while there may be some poor shops that do advertise, there are very few good shops that don't.

Methods of 'Fifty-Eight Gone Like the Dodo

Some of the best firms in the city—and the most enterprising—were doing business in '58. But they are not using '58 methods now. They are modern and up-to-date. They are holding their own with the new banks, new clothing stores, new butchers, new druggists, etc., that have invaded the local field. They enjoy the advantage of long standing in the community and of the prestige which comes from years of honorable dealing.

Advertising Never Takes a Day Off

But prestige is a fickle thing—hard to gain and hard to maintain. The merchant or manufacturer must continue his leadership as an advertiser, or he will surely drop from the public mind. It has been demonstrated time and again that few proprietary articles can be so firmly established as to need no longer the aid of advertising. Some manufacturers have assumed that they were so placed that their goods would be their own advertisement, only to discover that prestige diminished the moment the effort to sustain it ceased.

There Are No Frontiers In Advertising

Those frontiers of trade territory which personal salesmanship has always had to acknowledge are absolutely banished by the advertising methods. An advertisement goes everywhere. A stove was recently sold by mail to a man on an island in the Pacific who rowed it laboriously from his nearest station and post office to his island home.

No Day Without An Advertisement

Advertising, like liniment, doesn't do much good when applied with a feather. It needs to be rubbed in for results. Apply it through the right mediums to the right people at the right time, and keep on rubbing it in until returns begin to come. Then, still keep on a rubbing.

If You Don't Advertise Your Business The Sheriff May

A shipbuilder who would construct a staunch vessel all ready to take to the water, and then forbear to launch it on

the plea that he couldn't afford to buy the tallow wherewith to grease the ways, would speedily be the central figure of a lunacy commission's inquiry and the occupant of a padded cell. Yet why should such a man be subject to restraint when merchants run at large who have laboriously put together their little barques for adventure upon the seas of business, and left them high and dry upon the margin of the flood that others successfully navigate, because forsooth, they "cannot afford to advertise"? Every business man can afford to advertise. He who thinks he cannot is the victim of a costly hallucination which a first-class daily newspaper like the Times can infallibly help him to dispel.

Every Advertisement Hits Somebody; Some Hit Everybody. Don't Let the Public Guess; Tell Them

FOR FIRST AID IN PUBLICITY CONSULT THE TIMES

