DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Statistics

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/ay

22 July 1948

AG 014 - BA

SUBJECT: Survey of Reading and Writing Abilities of the Japanese

TO : See Distribution

1. The attached plan (inclosure 1) for the surveying of reading and writing abilities of the Japanese is forwarded for your information.

2. Military Government should urge the prefectural education authorities to give this program financial and moral support. The teachers who administer the tests are giving their time free and so should be reimbursed by the prefecture for any outlays they may have to make for travel and other expenses.

3. Though technical surveillance is not required of Military Government, it is recommended that, time permitting, the Civil Education Officer spot check the survey when it is finally given at selected local schoolhouses in your prefecture during August.

4. Furthermore, it is suggested that Military Government back local survey teams in getting out publicity on the survey, if necessary giving out a press interview based on material from the enclosed plan.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
As indicated.

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps
2 File, MG Sect, CE Div

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Information and Education Section
APO 500

AG 061.2 (8 Jul 48)CIE

8 July 1948

SUBJECT: Survey of Reading and Writing Abilities of the Japanese

TO: Commanding Officer, Military Government Section
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTENTION: Education Officer

1. The Educational Research Institute (Kyoiku Kenshusho), an agency under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education, in close cooperation with Civil Information and Education Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, is conducting a nation-wide survey of reading and writing abilities of the Japanese. The purpose of this project is to provide basic data for use in determining (a) illiteracy in Japan, (b) the empirical need for language revision, (c) the effectiveness of language education, and (d) the intelligibility of language in newspapers and other popular publications.

2. The survey, to be held in July and August, will take the form of administration of a standard test to a representative sample of the Japanese population. This survey is not in conflict with provisions of letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, AG 014.13 (14 Dec 46)CIE, subject: "Public Opinion Polls," dated 14 December 1946.

3. Survey operations will be carried out by local teams of Japanese trained by and working under the auspices of the Educational Research Institute. Plans under which they operate will include both technical directions and administrative suggestions. The technical directions have been devised by the Educational Research Institute and Civil Information and Education Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, and, in order to insure uniformity of results, may not be changed by local Japanese teams without express permission. Technical surveillance by Eighth Army Military Government is not required. The success of the survey, however, will depend in large part upon administrative success. Japanese teams will contact local units of Eighth Army Military Government and coordinate administrative plans with them. The aid and cooperation of Military Government will be of great value. It will be of assistance if local Japanese teams may, with Military Government sanction, (a) contact Japanese prefectural and local authorities, and (b) arrange for publicity for the survey with local Japanese authorities.

4. The contents of this letter are not to be construed as directive nor as granting additional authority.

1 Incl
Plan of Local Surveying

D. R. Nugent
D. R. NUGENT
Lt. Col., USMC
Chief, CIE Section

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

PLAN OF LOCAL SURVEYING

1. A survey project to test the reading and writing abilities of the Japanese was initiated by the Educational Research Institute of Tokyo, with the cooperation of Civil Information and Education Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, on 1 March 1948. Preparations, including pre-tests, were completed by late June. Actual survey operations, including training conferences for surveyors, will be carried out nationally during July and August. Final reports will be issued by early November. Preparations, as well as analysis and reporting of results, are being carried on under the direction of the Institute and CI&E, SCAP. During the actual survey period, however, Eighth Army Military Government will be concerned, inasmuch as survey operations will be carried out on a national basis.

2. Test papers have been formulated by Japanese scholars, assisted by newspaper and government representatives. The test seeks to measure reading and writing ability in terms of the language of newspapers and other such popularly-used documents as ration forms, etc., taken as a standard. The standard has been established through a comprehensive vocabulary count and sentence and paragraph construction analysis. Tests call, specifically, for the ability (a) to recognize from sound and to write both types of kana (syllabic script), (b) to write and recognize Chinese characters from sound, (c) to define the meaning of Chinese character vocabulary and to use that vocabulary in sentences and (d) to comprehend sentence and paragraph meaning. Completion of the test paper will require approximately one (1) hour.

3. The test will be given to a cross-section of the general adult Japanese population, defined as those persons between 15 and 64 years of age. School groups as such will be tested only in special cases. Standard sampling techniques will be used to select a total national sample of approximately 20,000, chosen so as to give proportional representation to those social and cultural factors--age, sex, education, occupation and residence--believed to influence reading and writing ability strongly. Two hundred and fifty survey spots--villages, towns, small cities, and sections of large cities--throughout Japan have already been selected as places in which to hold the surveys. In each spot, a previously-determined number of Japanese will be chosen at random as testees. Though testees will be chosen at random, it will be necessary to invite them to participate by name and, in order to ensure the validity of survey results, testing will be confined to those persons, in those spots, selected.

4. Surveying will be carried out under provisions of a technical plan that includes the following: (a) test papers, (b) names of survey spots and numbers of individuals to be selected as a sample in each spot, (c) directions for drawing and validating the sample and (d) directions for giving the test and handling test groups. Surveyors will be trained in provisions of the technical plan prior to actual surveying and will be required to adhere strictly to all parts of the plan except when express permission to do otherwise is received from the Institute and CI&E, SCAP.

5. Surveying will be carried out in the following manner:

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

(a) The country has been divided into 6 survey areas, namely: Hokkaido, Tohoku, Kanto (including Tokyo, Kanagawa, and Shizuoka Prefectures), Kinki-Tokai, Chugoku-Shikoku and Kyushu. (The boundaries of these areas are identical with those of Military Government Districts.) A reputable local scholar, with experience in testing, has been appointed by the Institute to be in charge of surveying in each area. Each such survey chief has formed a team of from 9 to 16 local scholars and students to carry out the work of training and supervising surveyors in his area. Surveyors will be teachers resident in the spots selected for survey.

(b) In the middle and latter parts of July, each area survey team will hold a series of two or three training conferences for surveyors at centrally-located spots within its area. Two teachers from each spot selected for survey will be invited to attend the conferences. Invitations and arrangements for travel will be coordinated by the local survey chief and the Educational Research Institute of Tokyo with prefectural Educational Research Institutes and Japanese educational authorities of the prefectures in which prospective survey spots exist. Each training conference will be of two days duration. Instruction will be carried out by personnel dispatched from the Educational Research Institute of Tokyo.

(c) Upon their return from the training conference, each pair of teacher-surveyors will make arrangements for and carry out the following schedule: (1) Local sampling between 5 and 10 August and (2) local testing between 10 and 20 August. These arrangements will necessitate securing the full cooperation of city or village authorities, local education officials and reputable publicity media. Teacher-surveyors will be aided in this by prefectural Educational Research Institutes and education officials, by letters from the Tokyo Educational Research Institute and by evidence that their work is sanctioned by CI&E, SCAP and by Eighth Army MG. The activities of teacher-surveyors will include the following:

(1) Training two other teachers from the locality as assistants to themselves.

(2) Sampling of individuals to be tested from ration or other up-to-date population records listing all inhabitants by name in a serial order. From these records, the specified number of names of individuals will be selected by random sampling technique and a list of the names prepared. (In order to ensure non-biasing of the sample, it will be necessary to select individuals and to check attendance at the test by name. However, testees will not be asked to affix their names to the test papers and the anonymity of test scores will be complete.)

(3) Arranging for the following local publicity: (a) Distribution to each person sampled of a letter, furnished by the Educational Research Institute of Tokyo, explaining the purpose of the survey, inviting the individual to attend and outlining such pertinent information as date, hour and place of the test, (b) announcement of particulars about the coming survey through available local publicity channels, such as newspapers, radio or bulletin boards.

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

(4) Arranging for a public building, usually the school of the teacher-surveyors themselves, to be lent them for holding the test.

(5) Carrying out testing. Tests will be given to groups. Prior to administration of the test itself, testees will be asked briefly for certain information required later for analysis concerning age, residence, occupation, education and general reading habits. In some cases, where a statistically-adequate turn-out of testees was not obtained at the scheduled tests, it will be necessary for testors to arrange another period and make efforts to have a satisfactory portion of the persons originally invited but unable to attend turn out for this meeting.

(6) Collecting test papers and information sheets and delivering them directly to the Educational Research Institute in Tokyo through area survey chiefs. In no circumstances will surveyors or area teams grade, analyze or similarly process these papers locally.

(d) In order to provide further guidance to teacher-surveyors, and in order to make an estimate of the degree to which technical plans were adequately carried out, the personnel of the area survey team, plus selected personnel from the Educational Research Institute of Tokyo, will observe a considerable number of actual operations throughout the sampling and testing periods.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

30

Memorandum:

For : Civil Education Officer, Kyoto Mil Govt Team

A certain number of schools have been selected in your prefecture for sites for the holding of literacy tests for people from 15 to 60 years from every class of society. These tests are for the purpose of determining (1) to what extent the Japanese are able to read and write the language of newspapers, magazines, official papers, etc; (2) to what extent their abilities are influenced by the use of Chinese characters, and different levels of polite forms. On the basis of this test, reforms in the language and in language education are to be brought about.

The Education Officer will call in the prefectural education chief and stress the importance of the examination and recommend prefectural support, both financial and moral, of the program.

Inasmuch as two teachers from each testing center will have to come to Kyoto to be trained for the testing process, and inasmuch as the teachers are donating the time, the cost should be borne by the prefectures. The training conferences will be held on the 23rd to 26th at Kyoto University. The testing program will be on or about 10th of August, and will be in the following places in your prefecture:

Kyoto-shi: Shimokyo-ku
Higashiyama-ku
Ukyo-ku

Kuse-gun : Uji-cho
Tonosho-mura

You are invited to spot check some of the testing programs next month at any of the above places.

Ronald S. Anderson
RONALD S. ANDERSON
Civil Education Officer
Kinki Mil Govt Region

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

26 July '48.

Mrs. Akiyama reported orally:

Literacy Test.

District	Place	No. of Subjects
Kyoto City:		
Shimo Kyo	Ouchi Kujo Kodo	} 122
Higashiyama	Shimmichi Sankai	} 110
Ukyo	Sairin	55
Kuzegun:		
Uji	Todo	96
Tonoaho	Tono	83

(over)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Note:
Districts were decided by the central Government, while places by Prefectural Govt.

(S. Mima)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

File copy - Education

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AA/mo

AG 080 - EA

20 July 1948

SUBJECT: Government Subsidy of Private Agencies

TO : See Distribution

1. In Japan, in the past, it has been customary for the Social Education Section of the prefectural government to give office space to women's organizations (Fujin Kai) and youth groups (Sei Nen Dan). In addition the budget of the Social Education Section contained appropriations for the partial support of the abovenamed organizations. Furthermore, officials of the Social Education Section very often acted as officers of the women's associations and as advisors for the youth groups. This provision of office space, funds, and personnel by government for private agencies resulted inevitably in partial or full control of the organizations.

2. In all prefectures MG Civil Education has encouraged and urged the separation of private agencies from the support and control of government bureaus. Such a policy was based on Article 89 of the Constitution of Japan.

3. Attached is a statement of policy from GHQ, SCAP, dated 1 July 1948, subject: "Government Subsidy of Social Education Project."

4. Also attached for your information and use is a "Suggested List of the Functions of the Social Education Section, in relation to private agencies." This list was discussed briefly during the Civil Education conference in Kyoto, 7 June 1948.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

Wilder A. Johnson
CAPT. AGD.
FOR C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

2 Incls:
As indicated

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
3 AG Rec, I Corps
2 CE Div, MG Sect, I Corps

45

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Ltr, Hq Hyogo MG Team, subj, "Government Subsidy of Social Education Projects," 28 Feb 48

AG 121 (28 Feb 48)CIE 3rd Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS, APO 500, 1 July 1948

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Social education activities, including the printing and dissemination of information materials, expenses for conferences, public forums and other types of public meetings are considered to be legitimate functions of appropriate governmental agencies. Such activities must, however, be restricted to projects whose purpose it is to furnish needed information to all interested organizations or institutions.

2. Governmental subsidy of a specific private organization is unauthorized, and governmental control in any form over specific organizations, such as youth, men's, or residential organizations of any type is unauthorized. Such associations must function autonomously within the law without government interference, and should be physically separated from governmental offices. Matters of policy, personnel, leadership, program and machinery of organization should be autonomous in such associations and be completely divorced from governmental interference, control or domination, either direct or indirect.

3. For example, it would be illegal for a prefectural education office to furnish funds to print YMCA materials or materials for a particular women's association. It would be legal for such an office to expend public funds to print material discussing and offering suggestions as to how any individual in an autonomous association or group might conduct a meeting according to parliamentary procedures, and to make such materials available to those who wish to obtain them. It would be illegal for such an office to furnish funds for a meeting or a residential women's organization or of Boy Scouts. It would be legal for funds to be expended for government sponsored invitational meeting with voluntary participation by representatives of various organizations, educational groups, etc., to consider mutual problems.

4. It would be illegal for such an office to sponsor the federation of organizations at any level. It would be legal to make available to all groups information on the basic purposes behind democratic federations.

5. It would be illegal for any employee of a government office to use office time for carrying on the activities of any specific organization, or to use governmental postage and paper for such an interest. It would be legal to have a governmental employee use government time, paper, and postage to extend invitations to all interested groups to attend a meeting sponsored by an appropriate government agency.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

AG 121 (28 Feb 48)CIL, 1 July 1948, 3d Ind
Subj: Government Subsidy of Social Education Projects

6. It would be illegal for a government agency to make and distribute posters or any material concerning the election to public office of any individual, or stating that any group supports such an individual. It would be legal to prepare and distribute strictly non-partisan information concerning the mechanics of voting or suggesting methods for holding non-partisan meetings on election information.

7. It is illegal for the government to force any social education or information program of any type on a private organization. It is legal for a government agency to ask for participation by an organization in conducting an information campaign. However, in case of such request, whether for money or moral support, an organization may or may not agree to participate, depending on its program already in progress.

8. Your attention is directed to the fact that the Constitution of Japan itself controls such expenditures. Article 89 of the Constitution is as follows: "No public money or other property shall be expended or appropriated for the use, benefit or maintenance of any religious institution or association, or for any charitable, educational or benevolent enterprises not under the control of public authority."

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

/s/ J. F. Bradshaw
/t/ J. F. BRADSHAW
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AA/ay

16 July 1948

AG 461 - BA

SUBJECT: Youth organization Pamphlets

TO : See Distribution

Attached are pamphlets on American Youth Organizations received from Eighth Army for distribution. They are forwarded for your information and use in prefectural youth activities.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
1 set of various pamphlets

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

See book ~~Photos~~ Asst C E

JUL 19

INTER-OFFICE
C.O.
Exec.
Adj. 7 31
Econ.
C.I.+E.
Pub.Health
Pub.Welf.
Leg+Govt.
Chief Clerk
Maizuru
Team
File

Action
Info
Your File

Read. Initial
+return for
File

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

In-Service Trng

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHM/yy

16 July 1948

AG 000.8 - BA

SUBJECT: Pamphlet - In-Service Training of Teachers

TO: See Distribution

Enclosed is a copy of current Nara in-service training guide for use by your office and/or interested prefectural officials.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
As indicated

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Reg & Teams
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec

See I Corps Letters

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

20 June '48.

Enclosed copies were handed over to Miss Shimizu, pref. inspector, for possible use.

Irina

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/mo

AG 000.8 - BA

1 July 1948

SUBJECT: Music Note Book

TO : See Distribution

1. Enclosed herewith 5 copies of a music work book for the teaching of music in elementary grades edited by the Shiga Prefectural Education Research Institute. The elementary school advisor in this headquarters recommends the book as a means of stimulating appreciation of music.

2. It is suggested that Civil Education Officer turn them over to the prefectural education official in charge of music education for possible use in improving the quality of music instruction.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

5 Incls:
As indicated

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

1 Corps file

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHMc/ys
22 JUN 1948

000.8

SUBJECT: Use of American Batteries by Primary and Lower Secondary Students

TO: Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. Forwarded for your information and use, as it is believed that this material would be of use to Japanese schools in your area.

2. Many schools have asked Education Officers on Military Government Teams how to use the American gift batteries for experimental purposes, as many Japanese science teachers are unfamiliar with these American units. Education Officers, however, do not have such technical backgrounds, and little information or assistance could be given to the Japanese.

3. The experiments of the Miyazaki schools, it is felt, provide interesting materials for classroom use.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINS:

Josiah B. Miller
JOSIAH B. MILLER
Major, FA
Acting Adjutant

1 Incl:
As indicated (dup)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Extra copy

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AA/mc

19 JUN 1948

014

SUBJECT: Social Education Section

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

Request following information be furnished this office:

a. An analysis of the activities of the Social Education Section of the Ken Education Division.

b. A statement of the Social Education Section budget.

c. An outline of the use made by military government of the Social Education Section.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

JOSIAH B. MILLER
Major, FA
Acting Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Adult Ed

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/mo

11 JUN 1948

000.8

SUBJECT: Pre-Training Conferences for Leaders of Summer Sessions and Planning for Summer Sessions

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. Forwarded for your information is a copy of the schedule (Inclosure 1) of a series of conferences arranged by the Ministry of Education for training leaders of summer school sessions.

2. Wherever possible, the Civil Education Officer will exercise surveillance over the planning and execution of such conferences to insure that participants of the conferences represent the most progressive elements in normal schools.

3. After the conference the CE Officer will call in the administrators of the normal schools and other teacher training institutions and help them set up a schedule of summer conferences that will cover all major fields.

4. The conduct and materials of the summer courses should be of immediate practical usefulness to the teacher trainees. Care should be taken to see that the usual cultural or theoretical courses are reduced to a minimum.

5. The CE Officer will encourage the education officials to make the summer program the basis for a permanent program of teacher retraining.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

6. Because of the late arrival at this headquarters of this information, some of the conferences will have been completed by the time this letter reaches you. It will not, however, be too late for the CE Officer to guide and assist in the planning of a full summer schedule based on these pre-training conferences.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

1 Incl:
As indicated

J. E. ENGLEHART
Capt., AGD
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GMG/mo

26 MAY 1948

000.8

SUBJECT: Resume of Korean School Situation

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 719
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 917
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 719
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. Forwarded for your information are copies of a resume of the Korean school situation (Inclosure 1) from Headquarters Eighth Army.

2. It is desired that, subject to the policy established in the Army Commander's press release (Inclosure 2) the Korean school problem be left in the hands of the Japanese for the time being. At a future date the situation will be reviewed in the light of what the Japanese have accomplished.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

2 Incls:
1. Resume of Korean School Situation.
2. Press Release by Lt Gen Eichelberger.

J. E. ENGLEHARDT
Capt., AGD
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

RESUME OF KOREAN SCHOOL SITUATION

1. The following resume of the present Korean school situation is furnished for your information.

a. Under the provisions of Japanese school laws, Koreans must either send their children to Japanese public schools or must establish private Korean schools which meet the following requirements:

(1) Teachers in private Korean schools must be screened by prefectural teacher screening committees.

(2) Private Korean Schools must be organized according to the School Education Law which sets up the 6-3-3-4 plan of school organization.

(3) The curriculum of Korean private schools must meet the basic minimum requirements set up by the Ministry of Education for all private schools. This includes the use of Japanese textbooks which have been selected by the Ministry of Education and approved by SCAP, which causes the instruction in the basic curriculum to be conducted in the Japanese language. Korean schools are allowed, however, to give instruction in Korean language, history, etc., outside of the regular curriculum.

(4) Korean schools are subject to Article VIII of the Fundamental Law of Education, which states that "schools prescribed by law shall refrain from political education or other political activities for or against any specific political party."

(5) Korean schools must obtain the approval of prefectural governors in order to operate as such. Rescinded

b. The school laws have been disobeyed by the Koreans in some areas in the following ways:

(1) Refusing to have their teachers screened.

(2) Refusing to use approved Japanese textbooks.

(3) Refusing to comply with the basic minimum requirements of the curriculum as set up by the Ministry of Education.

(4) Refusing to submit applications for permits to operate their schools to prefectural governors.

Incl 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

c. The Koreans made demands for complete autonomy for their schools. They objected to having their teachers screened. They demanded that all instruction be in the Korean language. They also demanded the right to select their own textbooks, set up their own curriculum, and manage their own schools free from Japanese authority.

d. The Koreans can still operate their own schools if they will comply with the provisions of Japanese law stated in paragraph a, above. Upon compliance, schools that have been closed can re-open. If these schools do not comply with the law, they will remain closed and the Korean children will have to attend Japanese public schools under the compulsory attendance law (Article IV, the Fundamental Law of Education).

e. The teacher screening directives (SCAPINS 178 & 212) were issued to the Japanese Government in October 1945. The Fundamental Law of Education and the School Education Law were both enacted in March 1947. However, no attempt was made by the Japanese to enforce the school laws as they apply to Koreans until the fall of 1947. Based on a request for the legal status of Korean schools, the General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, on 19 November 1947, stated that "Koreans resident in Japan are subject to Japanese Law. Prefectural officials are empowered to enforce Japanese Law without reference to the Japanese National Government." The same communication also stated that the Japanese Ministry of Education had been requested to clarify for prefectural officials the legal status of Korean schools. In January 1948 the Ministry of Education issued Kangaku #5 and Hatsu Teki #9 to prefectural governors. These two documents contained the instructions outlined in paragraph a, above.

f. Upon receipt of the above documents several prefectural governors notified Korean schools to comply with the law by certain specified dates. The Koreans ignored the orders. The governors then ordered the Korean schools closed under the authority contained in Article XIII of the School Education Law, which states: "The competent authorities may order the closing of schools in any of the following cases:

(1) In cases where they have intentionally violated the provisions of laws and ordinances.

(2) In cases where they have acted against the instructions issued by the competent authorities in compliance with the provisions of laws and ordinances.

(3) In cases where they have not conducted teaching for more than six months."

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

g. Following an outbreak of violence in Kobe over the closing of Korean schools, a conference on the Korean school situation was held on 26 April 1948 at the General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. As a result of this conference, the Ministry of Education was given a copy of General Eichelberger's press release in Kobe on 26 April 1948 (inclosure 2) and told that there would be no change in present policy in regard to enforcing Japanese school laws as they apply to the Koreans.

h. On 3 May 1948, officials of the League for Koreans Residing in Japan signed an agreement with the Ministry of Education which included the following points:

(1) The education of Koreans shall be based on the education standard law and the school education law.

(2) Korean schools shall apply for permission to operate as private schools with the provision that special Korean education will be given within the limits of autonomy granted private schools by the Ministry of Education.

2. The actions described in paragraphs 1g and 1h, above, have placed the responsibility for the enforcement of Japanese school laws as they apply to Koreans directly upon the Ministry of Education.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

PRESS RELEASE

by

LT GENERAL EICHELBERGER

Issued at Kobe, 26 April 1948

"On Saturday, April 24, approximately 1,000 Koreans gathered outside the Kensho building in Kobe where the governor, the mayor and the chief of police were holding a conference.

"By their unlawful acts and assault upon these Japanese officials they coerced the governor to acquiesce to their demands relative to:

"Firstly - release of the Koreans held for trial for unlawful acts (resisting the school regulations).

"Secondly - an agreement not to prosecute the released alleged violators of the law.

"Thirdly - vacation of the court order relative to the Korean schools.

"Fourthly - an agreement to take no action against the Koreans making the aforementioned demands.

Such agreements exacted under force and coercion have no legal status. I do not recognize as binding any agreement or promise made under duress.

Became Mob Action

"In this case, the fact is that this Korean demonstration degenerated into mob action to such an extent that civil government ceased to function during a certain period. Owing to the unlawful severing of telephone communications, the occupational authorities were unable to communicate with the key Japanese officials.

"Such action is inimical to the occupation policies and to the security of the occupation.

"As commanding general of the Eighth Army, I am taking cognizance of the aforementioned unlawful actions and have directed prosecution of certain individual Koreans by military commissions and/or provost court.

"In the case in question, certain foreign nations, who by their own free choice, are residing in Japan - where they are gaining their

Incl 2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

livelihood - have struck at the very fundamental elements of civilization by their action with respect to the duly elected representatives of the Japanese people.

"There can be no civilization without law and order. There can be no law and order without law enforcement and obedience of the law.

"There will be no compromise with such subversive mob action no matter from what source it may arise. I hold the leaders of all groups particularly responsible when by their example they set the pattern for uncivilized behavior. Their punishment will be proportionately severe."

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Education

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHMc/mo

13 MAY 1948

461

SUBJECT: Handbook, In-Service Training

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. Forwarded for your information and possible use in planning continuing in-service training courses.

2. The Handbook has been prepared by a Hyogo Committee composed of Education Section representatives, Normal School teachers, and representatives of teachers' unions and professional associations.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

1 Incl:
As indicated

J. E. ENGLEHARDT
Capt., AGD
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

8

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Eighth Army, AG 091(Japan)(MG-L), Subj: "Examination for Positions in the Japanese National Personnel Commission", dtd 24 Apr 48.

AG 091 - BA 1st Ind RFS/tn

Hq I Corps, APO 301, 10 May 48

TO: See Distribution

1. Attention is invited to basic communication for your information and necessary action.

2. This headquarters has been informed that examinations will also be held in Nagoya, and the representatives (paragraph 5, basic letter) will arrive in Nagoya on or about 10 May.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

Wilder A. Johnson Jr.
WILDER A. JOHNSON
Capt., AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team,
I Corps, Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

AG 091 (Japan)(MG-L)

24 April 1948

SUBJECT: Examination for Positions in the Japanese National Personnel Commission.

TO : Commanding General
I Corps, APO 301

1. The following is provided for your information. Two competitive examinations, open to all the citizens of Japan, will be held 27 June 1948, in six different localities for the purpose of selecting 350 new employees who will join the staff of the National Personnel Commission on 1 August. One examination will be for the purpose of selecting persons to be trained as expert technicians in government personnel work and the other will be for the purpose of selecting clerical workers. The two examinations will be so scheduled that applicants, if they so desire, may take both. The examinations will be held in each of the following cities:

Kure, or Hiroshima
Tokyo
Osaka
Fukuoka
Sendai
Takamatsu
Sapporo

2. The new Public Service Law for Japan takes effect on 1 July 1948, and the National Personnel Commission is making ready to put the Law into full operation on that date. As the result of a previous examination held on 15 January 1948, the National Personnel Commission selected 225 persons who have already gone through a course of training and who will soon take up their duties as members of the staff of the Commission. The Law requires that examinations must be held for entrance to all positions in the Japanese Civil Service.

3. Persons to be eligible to take these two new examinations must be graduates of a middle school, a junior college or a university. Each applicant must fill out and file, with the National Personnel Commission in Tokyo, an application form. The information called for on the form requires the name of the school, the college and the university attended and the date of graduation in each case. It also requires a statement of the experience of the candidate since graduation from school, college or university. A formal announcement of the examinations, containing full information about it will be published early in May.

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4. It is desirable, if possible, to make arrangements in each of the cities where the examinations are to be held for the following:

a. A suitable representative (Japanese national) of the National Personnel Commission should be designated in each of the cities. Such person must be in thorough sympathy with the purposes of the new public service law, must be familiar with the conditions in his own city, and must bear a good reputation and above all must be honest and trustworthy.

b. A school or a building with a hall or rooms with desks and benches or chairs where candidates may be assembled for the examination must be found and reserved for use of 27 June. It is desirable that such school or building be located as soon as possible so that applicants may be informed as to where to report for the examinations.

c. Plans should be made for local advertising of the examinations not only in the cities where they are to be held, but also in surrounding cities and Prefectures. Such advertising, if possible, should be in the public press, on the radio, and posted on bulletin boards.

5. Present plans are for a representative of the Civil Service Division, Government Section to go with two Japanese representatives of the National Personnel Commission to each one of these cities for the purpose of making arrangements for the above. The tentative schedule is as follows:

Kyoto	30 April ?
Osaka	3 May
Kure	5 May
Fukuoka	7 May
Takamatsu	11 May
Sendai	14 May
Sapporo	18 May

6. Further instructions will be issued upon receipt of a command letter which is expected to be received from GHQ, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

/s/ R. Schafer
/t/ R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AA/tn

1 MAY 1948

080

SUBJECT: Model Youth Leadership Training Conference

TO : Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. In order to assist the Civil Education Officers in implementing the 8th priority item of the current I Corps Military Government Plan for the guidance of youth groups, the Kinki Military Government Region is holding a two-day model youth leadership training conference under the direction of Mr. Don Typer, CI&E Section, SCAP, on 13th and 14th of May, 1948, in Kyoto.

2. Request that each team Civil Education Officer invite a minimum of ten (10) promising youth leaders under the age of 30 years for attendance, together with two representatives from the social education section. Care should be taken to invite approximately an equal number of women and men. A Military Government representative from each team Civil Education Division will attend. Each team should provide priority on tickets for the Japanese delegates traveling by train.

The conference will convene at 1300 on Thursday, 13 May.

3. The meeting will be held at Enrakuji Temple on top of Mt. Hiei where delegates will be housed. Delegates can reach this temple by cable car from either side of the mountain, Yase in Kyoto Prefecture, or Sakamoto in Shiga Prefecture. It will be necessary for Japanese delegates to bring lunch for May 13th and rice for four meals. Due to religious regulations of the Temple, delegates should bring no meat or fish. The soups vegetables and condiments will be provided by local Japanese officials. The cost per delegate will be ¥150.00 which will include charges for room, bedding (for night of May 13th) cooking, fuel, water, and light. The temple will furnish overnight accommodation for delegates who wish to remain May 14, charge for this additional night is not included in the charge of ¥ 150 named above.

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4. The Civil Education officers will observe the Institute during the two-day meeting and then gather together on the third morning, 15th May, 1948, at the Kyoto Hotel for a half day regional Civil Education Conference. Reservations for civil education officers have been made for the nights of May 13th and 14th at the Kyoto Hotel.

5. The names of Military Government Civil Education Section officers attending the conference must be submitted to this Headquarters prior to May 4, 1948. Travel orders for the named officers will be issued by this Headquarters.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

1 Incl:
Direction Map

J. E. ENGLEHARDT
Capt, AGD
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

BASIC: Ltr, GHQ, SCAP, AG 000.8 (19 Apr 48) CIE, subj: "Investigation of Japanese School", dtd 19 April 1948.

AG 000.8 - BA 2nd Ind RSA/mo

Hq I Corps, APO 301, APR 28 1948

TO: CO, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713

1. Forwarded for investigation and report as required in paragraph 3 of basic communication.

2. Mr. Nogami, formerly professor of Kyoto University, and head of Gakushikai, has been associated with questionable characters before.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

1 Incl:
n/c

H. C. HANSHAW
C. W. O. U.S.A.
ASST. ADJUTANT GEN

Illegal Correspondence School.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

3249

AG 000.8 (19APR48)CIE

APO 500
19APR48

SUBJECT: Investigation of Japanese School

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Enclosed is a copy of an article from a newspaper, The Yomiuri, dated 3 April 1948, subject: "The Ministry of Education has Started to Investigate Illegal Correspondence Courses."

2. If the statements contained in the article are based on facts, it appears that provisions of AG 350 (22 Oct 45) CIE, (SCAPIN - 178), subject: "Administration of the Educational System of Japan," have been violated.

3. It is desired that an investigation be made of the allegations and that a report of findings be submitted.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

1 Incl
Article from The Yomiuri,
dtd 3 Apr 48. (dup)

J. F. Bradshaw
J. F. BRADSHAW
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

AG 000.8 (MG-CE) 1st Ind 26 APR 1948

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343

MG

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded for compliance with paragraph 3 of the basic communication.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

R. Schafer
R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

The YOMIURI, 3 April 1948

(Translation of article)

THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION HAS STARTED TO INVESTIGATE ILLEGAL CORRESPONDENCE COURSES

The Ministry of Education has started to investigate the following illegal correspondence courses in Kyoto.

1. Kyoto University of Literature:

Location: Horikawa, Shimokyo-ku, Kyoto City.
President: NOGAMI, Toshio (Litt. D.)
Head of Professors: HIRAHARA, Hokudo (P. D.)

The advertisement in the newspapers says that "you can finish university course through correspondence course and that the study of philosophy through correspondence course is more interesting than reading novels". School fees for four years are ¥5000. ¥2500 should be paid in advance on entrance. In the regulations it is provided that those who have finished the whole course are to be entitled to A. B. It appears that the bachelor's degree and the name "Kyodai" (Kyoto University) will play a trick on the youths who are lovers of learning.

2. Kyoto University of Literature:

Location: c/o Kyoto College,
Kujo Toji-machi
Shimokyo-ku, Kyoto City.
President: NOGAMI, Toshio

School fees are ¥1800 for one year. In the regulations it is provided that the students of the course are to be endowed with the same title and privilege as those to be given to the regular students.

The Ministry of Education is indignant over the following points:

1. The two courses are not authorized by the Ministry of Education;

2. The free use of the name "University" which has been prohibited from April 1947 in accordance with Article 83 of the School Education Law;

3. The two courses have already provided for the bachelor's degree and the same title as that of regular students, while the Ministry of Education is still working on the credits to be given to those who have finished the entire course.

Moreover, the regulations of the philosophy course of the Kyoto University are too exaggerated and incredible. The two supporters of the University, "The Faculty of the Correspondence Normal College" and "The Business Department of Japan Education Society" seem to be visionary ones. Besides, the money problem

Incl 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

involved in the matter aroused the suspicions of the Ministry. The Ministry has sent a telegram twice to the president of the Kyoto University of Literature in Horikawa and ordered him to present himself at the Ministry of Education. However, it has received no answer. On the second of April, the Ministry finally asked the Education Department of the Kyoto Prefectural Government to make inquiry of the two courses. The strange thing in this case is that the presidents of the two universities are one and the same man, Mr. Toshio NOGAMI, (Litt. D.), emeritus professor of Kyoto University.

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Incidents Reference Nishi Honganji Temple Program, etc.

(1) G-3
(2) MG
(3) G-2

The incidents described in the attached papers have reached ridiculous proportions and it is felt that immediate corrective action should have been taken by the commanders concerned. In this connection, it must be definitely understood by all personnel, military and civilian including families, that the lawful order of a military policeman in the execution of his office must be unequivocally obeyed. Abrogation of any orders or instructions to military police may only be through military police command channels or by direct order of the Commanding General or Chief of Staff.

The following action reference attached incident is directed:

1. Investigation of the military police incident by Commanding Officer, Kinki Mil Govt Region. If Military Police order was disobeyed as alleged, appropriate action will be taken.

2. G-3 will insure that any I & E program which involves Japanese groups or agencies is cleared by G-2 prior to program becoming firm. G-2 can then consult with Mil Govt or other intelligence agencies and coordinate any surveillance considered necessary if program is cleared.

3. G-3 and Mil Govt will inform respective principals that permitting personal animosities to influence or interfere with official performance of duty will not be tolerated.

E. H.
22 Apr 48 / C/S

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Policy

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/ay

5 MAR 1947

000.3

SUBJECT: Travel of Missionaries

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

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C.I.&E. 1
Pub.Health
Pub.Welf.
Leg+Govt. 1
Chief Clerk
Maizuru
Team
File
Action
Info ✓
Your File ✓
Read, Initial + return for File

1. Neither this headquarters nor Headquarters I Corps is authorized to write orders on missionary personnel (either operating or representative) for the purpose of securing their transportation on allied military trains. This information was secured by this headquarters from Religion Division, Civil Information and Education, SCAP, through Civil Information and Education Division, Military Government Section, Headquarters Eighth Army. Identical information was received by G-1 Section, Headquarters I Corps, from Transportation Section, Headquarters Eighth Army.

2. Missionaries desiring transportation on allied military trains may receive authority for such travel by contacting G-1 Section, SCAP or Religion Division, Civil Information and Education Section, SCAP. The missionary should contact either of these agencies by letter stating fully and clearly the destination desired and the nature and purpose of their business. To insure receiving the proper authority by the desired departure date, action should be initiated at least two weeks in advance.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

Robert A. Smith, 1st Lt, FA
for J. E. ENGLEHARDT
Captain, AGD
Adjutant

76 (40)

adm. Policies

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

To Education

COPY

I Corps Bldg letter

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

CAE/ay

4 March 1948

AG 014 - BA

SUBJECT: Organization of Japanese "Community Council" or "Citizens' Committee".

TO: See Distribution

1. References:

a. Community Chest Council

(1) Public Health and Welfare Technical Bulletin No. 4, subject: "Financing of Public Welfare Activities in Japan", dated September 1947.

(2) Section II Public Health and Welfare Weekly Bulletin No. 50, dated 8 - 14 December 1947.

b. Child Welfare Board.

(1) Child Welfare Law (Translation of Japanese Law)

(2) Section I Public Health and Welfare Weekly Bulletin No. 47, dated 16 - 22 November 1947.

(3) Section I Public Health and Welfare Weekly Bulletin No. 56, dated 18 - 24 January 1948.

c. Disaster Relief Board.

(1) Disaster Relief Law No. 118, dated 18 October 1947.

(2) Section II, Public Health and Welfare Weekly Bulletin No. 48, dated 23 - 29 November 1947.

d. Private Welfare Agencies.

Public Health and Welfare Technical Bulletin No. 10, subject: "National Disaster Law (Law No. 118)", dated January 1948.

COPY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

COPY

Ltr, Hq I Corps, AG 014 - BA, subj: "Organization of Japanese "Community Council" or "Citizens' Committee", dtd 4 March 1946, cont'd.

2. Reference organizations have been well developed in many prefectures. In order to increase the general effectiveness of their programs, an agency should be established to coordinate their activities. Information pertaining to the objectives, functions and organization of such an agency is attached as Inclosure 1. In this connection, it is pointed out that a coordination agency of the type outlined should not be installed until reference organizations have been successfully developed.

3. The establishment and functioning of "Community Councils" or "Community Committees" will be of particular interest to the Public Welfare, Civil Education and Public Health Sections of military government teams. These sections should take the lead in this project since they are the "Social Sections". The coordinated effort of the entire team is essential, however, if maximum results are to be achieved.

4. It is desired that each military government team encourage the establishment of "Community Councils" or "Citizens's Committees" within each city of the prefecture. The establishment of such agencies in towns and villages is not considered advisable until the city councils or committees have been successfully organized and are in productive operation.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

/s/ C. C. Carter
/t/ C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
As indicated.

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

"COMMUNITY COUNCIL" OR "COMMUNITY COMMITTEE"

1. General

a. Community Organization in its comprehensive sense is a deliberate effort to help service groups to develop a unity of purpose and action. This means the organization of all community resources for a better way of life for its citizens. It tries to assist groups in formulating clear welfare objectives and in enlisting the interest and support of other groups in behalf of the objectives or some mutually acceptable modification of them.

b. There are many definitions for the word community. It can be a group with a common interest, such as religion, politics, or any other common belief or attitude. However, the word community as used in this discussion means the citizens within a political boundary such as a City, Town, or Village.

c. It is frequently thought that any community council should restrict itself to health and welfare activities only. This is erroneous; it must include also the interests of education, economics, and law. As a family cannot function without using all of the above mentioned resources, so a community (which is a family unit many times multiplies) must, if it is to function adequately, organize these forces to make them applicable and available to all.

2. Functions of Community Council

a. There are give functions which a community organization ("Community Council" or "Citizens' Committee") should perform:

(1) Determine facts

(2) Coordinate activities

(3) Direct joint action

(4) Improve the quality of services of both public and private health and welfare groups.

(5) Establish public relations.

b. At no time should the council set itself up to give service as such, but should locate the agency which should carry on the needed service. If there is no agency available to render the needed service, it should encourage the establishment of such agency.

c. The following list gives an idea of the scope of activities and projects that the council can develop:

Incl: 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

(1) Improving Public Service

Councils may frequently discover ways by which public services can be extended to areas not yet reached, or new forms of public service that can be introduced. Some of these services might be improved sanitation, fire protection, probation, improved public welfare, police, libraries, or even schools.

(2) Improving Community Conditions

Councils can be of inestimable help in using their influence to control the circulation of salacious literature, the sale of liquor to minors, gambling etc. They may be an effective weapon in control of the blackmarket. Community Councils can be most effective in studying "Sweat Shops" where children are employed. They can make recommendations for the improving of housing, health, or sanitation conditions of the community. They may be an effective tool for controlling the showing of undesireable motion pictures.

(3) Health and Safety Programs

Clinics for children and mothers, health education might be promoted, needy families discovered, traffic conditions improved, and safety programs conducted.

(4) Recreation Facilities

Councils may develop new play grounds, improve existing ones, secure new equipment and new facilities. They could recommend improvements to proper authorities or plan athletic meets.

(5) Employment for youth

Unemployment is one of the major problems confronting any community. They may conduct a campaign to improve vocational training facilities in schools, as well as secure counseling and placement service. They may aid in the establishment of employment bureaus.

(6) Group Organization

Councils may meet social and educational needs by organizing and supervising community functions, social outings, drama classes, young married peoples' clubs, etc. They might even sponsor the organization of junior Community Councils.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

(7) Educational Opportunities for Adults

Councils may assist adults by organising adult education classes, public forums, consumer education classes, and night schools. They may organise community orchestras, community theatres, or motion picture estimate service.

(8) Fund Raising Activities.

Council should study the community needs and could be an effective organ for the control of fund raising projects. All fund raising projects should be cleared through this committee.

(9) Institutional Standards.

The minimum standards for institutions as set up by the Minister should be studied, and institutions visited to see that these standards are met. Recommendations for changes in the prescribed standards could be prepared.

3. Organization of Council

a. The citizens should be encouraged to organize a council with a constitution and written rules or by-laws, so that no one group or interest can control the council.

b. The council must be kept relatively small in membership to keep it from getting unwieldly. It is believed that the membership for a large city should not exceed forty (40) members, with an executive committee of from ten (10) to fifteen (15) members. The biggest handicap of all attempts at organising such a council to date in Japan is that it becomes too large. No particular group should have more than four (4) members on the council. This does not preclude the requesting of special studies and efforts from the citizens of the community by the council.

c. The following is a Proposed Organization Chart of the "Community Council" or "Citizen's Committee".

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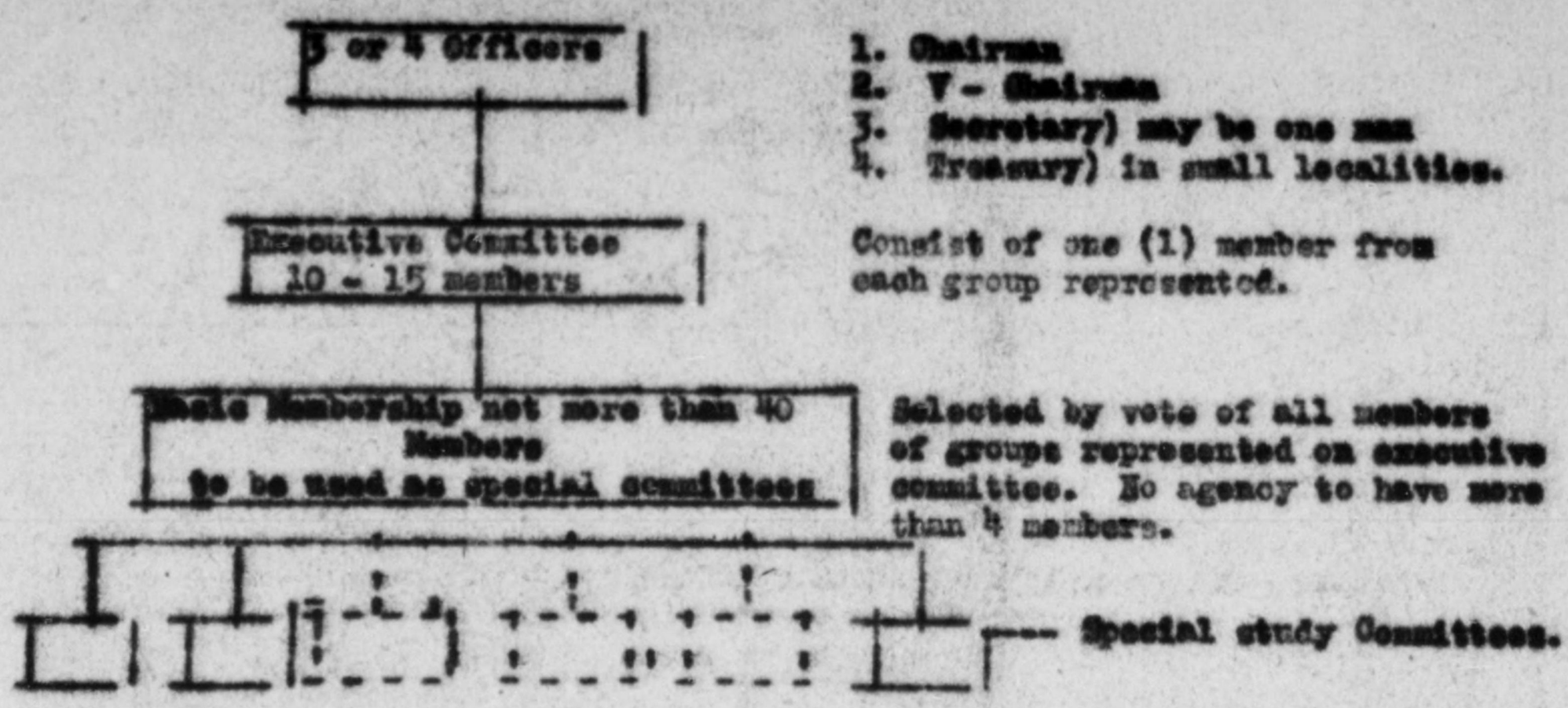

Community Citizens at large may be called on in limited number to help in specific studies when approved by Chairman of the study Committee.

4. Recommended Approach by Mil Govt Teams

a. It is absolutely necessary for all sections of the Military Government Teams to be sold on the idea of the community organization for the desired results to be obtained from the Japanese. However, it is believed that the Welfare Officer, Civil Education Officer and Punlic Health Officer should be the military government coordinators of the project. If the Military Government Team does not act as a team but as independent units, attempts to build team work in the Japanese Community will not be successful.

b. The coordinators of the program must understand the community and know something of tis educational industrial, housing, health, and legal resources. They can get this information from the other members of the Military Government Team.

c. The Coordinating military Government Welfare Civil Education and Public Health officers must have their plans well outlined before they approach the team sections. As they discuss the plans they can gather important facts about the community. They can learn who are the leading Japanese in the various fields. Undoubtly, each section will have in mind some project which they will think most important for a council to study. Great care must be taken not to move too rapidly with the work for the council. We must bear in mind that the Japanese people are not used to the freedoms which have been the foundation of democracy. Though they may agree that certain ideals and methods are right and are needed, they will and should move slowly.

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d. One of the first attempts on the part of the Japanese citizenry to organize in the field of welfare has been the Community Chest Program. There are organizations of this program in every sizable community. This may be the logical place to start the Community organization. Even though this group is known to have been topheavy with governmental officials, rather than composed of private citizens as it should have been, the welfare officer should try to select the most interested private citizens from the Community Chest Committee to help in the basic organization. At all times we should be sure that the Community Council remains a group predominately composed of private citizens.

If the community Chest Committee has made a study of the financial needs of the community from a welfare standpoint, instances were surely found where groups, institutions, and individuals were working at cross purposes or where their work was overlapping. This results in waste of money, man-power, and ends in confusion.

e. In advising the Japanese on the organization of a "Community Council", the first step is to get together a group of interested, influential citizens, each representing one of the fields mentioned in par 5 below, and a member from each of the two main social workers organizations, namely - "All Japan Welfare Workers Federation" (ZEN-NIHON MINSEI-IIN RENMEI) and the "Japan Social Work Association (NIPPON SHAKAI JIGYO KYOKAI) and the Mayor or Governor.

f. There must be in the group some Governmental officials, They should be in the monority, but it is of primary importance that they be on the council. Without them a cleavage might develop between the public and private groups. This would couse the whole idea of Community Organization to bog down.

g. Military government should set the time of the first few meetings and help the Japanese in organizing. Gradually, as the council finds its way, military government representatives make their visits less regularly, perhaps only on invitation from the council.

5. Proposed outline for the organization period.

a. Select a group on advice of the Military Government Team Section (Parenthesis shows MG Section who should recommend)

*(1) Chairman of the Community Chest Committee (Welfare)

(2) A Leading Educator, PTA official, and CPH official (Civil Education

*(3) Head of the Japan Social Work Association in the area (NIPPON SHAKAI JIGYO KYOKAI) (Welfare)

*(4) Chairman of Local Child Welfare Board (or Child Welfare Officer) (Welfare)

*(5) Chairman of Local Disaster Relief Board (Welfare)

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*(6) Head of All Japanese Welfare Workers Federation (Welfare)
(ZEN NIHON MINSEI-IIN REMMEI)

(7) Chief of Police, and Courts (Particular Juvenile) (Legal & Govt)

(8) Public Welfare Officer (Welfare)

(9) Public Health Officer (Health)

(10) Mayor of Community or Governor (CommandingOfficer)

(11) Womens Clubs, Nursing Associations, YMCA, YWCA, PTA, etc as deemed desirable locally.

Note * A preliminary interview should be held with at least these people prior to the first meeting, for organizational purposes.

b. First Meeting - time - as soon as possible after each member has been interviewed.

(1) Meeting should be called by one member of the group, preferably not a governmental official.

(2) Military Government CE, Welfare and Public Health Officers should attend.

(3) Have leader discuss need for community organization.

(4) CE or Public Welfare or Public Health Officer discuss organization of Community Council.

(5) Open discussion

(Military Government Representatives should note these points.

1. Does the group appear vitally interested? If not get suggestions for other members.

2. Who appears to be outstanding leaders? Keep in mind for nominating committee and temporary constitution & rules committee.

3. Do private citizens appear to give way to governmental officials? If so keep reiterating that council is non-governmental.)

(6) Suggestions from Military Govt. Representatives on:

(a) Voting for temporary constitution and rules committee (Get assistance from legal officer on constitution and by-laws)

COPY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

COPY

(b) Nominating committee and proposed organization

a. Officers & names of positions ie, Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary, and Treasury. (Term 1 Year)

b. Executive Committee: One person from each group represented on original committee. (Term of office should be set so that all terms will not expire at same time.

c. Chairman of executive committee, and chairman for special committees.

d. Select date for next meeting and subjects to be taken up at the next meeting in a out two weeks.

e. Have members return to their organizations and discuss community council or committee with their organizations. Bring comments to next meeting.

c. Second meeting. (Two weeks after first meeting)

(1) Have each group member discuss the reaction of his group to the plan of the community council.

(2) Discussion on points raised by the different groups.

(3) Suggested constitution and rules or By-Laws considered. (Have copies for each group member to carry back to their group for discussion. Have each group represented send suggestions to chairman of constitution committee).

(4) Selection of Nominating Committee. (Ballots to be sent to each group leader for distribution to his group. Leave blanks for additional names) In voting, stress secret ballot.

(5) Hold an open discussion.

d. Third Meeting

(1) Nominating Committee announces election of officers and Executive Committee.

(2) Officers take office.

(3) Adoption of Constitution and By-Laws (Members return to groups for election of members of each group to form basic membership. No group to have more than 4 representatives.)

COPY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

COPY

e. Fourth Meeting of Executive Group (with basic membership group present)

(1) Basic member ship to be divided into departments and/or committees for special study. Each department to elect a chairman.

(2) For first study pick a vital topic. (For example: Allocation of Community Chest Funds, Publicity for Disaster Relief Plan, or Child Welfare Law Administration).

(3) Instruct chairmen of study committees to turn in study to the executive committee chief by a certain time. (Make this time adequate for first study.)

(4) Set time for meeting of executive committee to consider results of the study with resulting recommendations to consider action that should be taken or recommendation to be made.

COPY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

0 0 0 0

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

Corps Policy

CHM/mo

3 MAR 1948

000.8

SUBJECT: Education Materials

TO : Commanding Officer, Fukui Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25

1. Enclosed is a copy of translation into Japanese of quotations from Education For All American Youth, EPC publication. They include "Education for Civil Competence," "Principles of Teacher Education and Selection," "Science," "Imperative Educational Needs of Youth," and "Life, Liberty, etc."

2. These were prepared by Miyazaki Military Government Team at the request of teachers, as discussion bases. Schools in the prefecture are using them for in-service training.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

1 Incl:
As indicated

J. E. ENGLEHART
Capt., AGD
Adjutant

See Teachers In-service training

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

8 0 a 0 I Corp Policy File

Information activities

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/tn

20 February 1948

AG 000.8 - BA

SUBJECT: Request for Information on CE Projects. See ~~Monthly~~ Special Reports File

TO : See Distribution

1. For the purpose of bringing up to date the data in this headquarters on Civil Education Activities, the following information is requested by ~~30~~ 29 February 1948.

2. Teacher Screening.

a. Number of teachers presently employed in prefecture.

b. Number of teachers screened to date.

c. Number of teachers purged or disqualified. (whether they appealed or not)

d. Number of teachers who have appealed to the Central Inquiry Committee.

e. Number of cases returned by the Central Inquiry Committee for more evidence.

f. Number of appealed cases upheld by Central Inquiry Committee.

3. Location (name of City, Town, etc.) of all CI&E Reading Rooms, not including SCAP Information Libraries, within prefecture.

4. Location (name of city, town, etc.) of all Citizens Public Halls within prefecture.

5. Junior High Schools.

a. Total number of junior high schools within prefecture.

b. Number of schools housed in independent buildings.

#7. (7)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

c. Number of schools attached to old system secondary schools.

d. Number of schools attached to primary schools.

e. Number of Junior High School buildings now in process of being built.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

W. N. Hornish

W. N. HORNISH
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RSA/mth

AG 000.8 - BA

17 February 1948

SUBJECT: Suggested Procedure in Planning an In-Service Training Program

TO: See Distribution

1. References:

a. Paragraph 2,d, (1), of Operational Directive No. 19, Headquarters Eighth Army, subject: "Civil Education Program", dated 26 February 1947.

b. Annex E to I Corps Military Government Plan for 15 February - 30 June 1948, Priority No. 3.

2. In order to assist those Civil Education Officers who have not yet set up their teacher re-education program, the following steps are suggested:

a. Call in the Chiefs of the Prefectural Education Department and School Education Section and explain the nature and necessity of an in-service training program.

b. Assist them in drawing up a comprehensive plan for the schools of the entire prefecture, including study outlines, bibliographies, and questions on the basic texts (see Kyoto Education Research Institute pamphlets handed out at CI&E conference).

c. Have the Chief of Education Department call a meeting of the school inspectors, normal school principals, and officers of the teachers union at which time the C E Officer can explain the plan in detail and outline the responsibilities of each group.

(1) The Chiefs of Education and school inspectors should take a brief training course with the C E Officer in the methods and materials of an in-service training program. They will then have the responsibility of touring the remote areas, holding conferences and mass meetings, and spreading the doctrine of in-service training. They can also give assistance particularly to schools which are improperly carrying on the program.

(2) The normal school principals will help in the planning of the program and will provide leadership in its execution. Normal school research groups called "Kyoiku Kenkyu Kai", which will be legally operating from 1 April 1948, will also be given the job of enriching the course and working out additional teaching materials. Workshop groups, such as those sponsored by SCAP, CI&E, should also be encouraged to assume leadership in the prefectural program. Normal school teachers will each adopt 2 or 3 primary schools whose in-service training programs they will attend and assist. Such teachers can then use their observations of the real needs and difficulties of teachers as a basis for reforming the whole normal school curriculum.

(3) The teachers union will be urged to support the in-service program as a means of improving the professional abilities of teachers. They will be encouraged to develop research or study sections to work out materials on specialized topics such as teachers' health, school budgets and taxes, etc.

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Pub.Welf.
Leg+Govt.
Chief Clerk
Maizuru
Team
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Action
Info
Your File
Read. Initial +return for File

See I Corps

#36

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

36

Ltr, Hq I Corps, file AG 000.8 - BA, subject: "Suggested Procedure in Planning an In-Service Training Program" dtd 17 February 1948.

d. The C E Officer, in cooperation with the school education chief, should introduce the course to representatives from all schools in large mass meetings spotted strategically around the prefecture. The new course should also be well publicized in the newspapers and over the radio.

e. The in-service training groups in each school should be informally conducted by teachers and principals working in rotation. Discussion should be free . Reports of progress achieved and difficulties encountered should be made monthly to the prefectural Education Section, and can then be abstracted for the C E officer, so that he can exercise surveillance over the program. A general review and test should be held at the end of the course. The courses should be enlivened by visiting lecturers, demonstrations of classroom techniques or projects, excursions to try-out schools and other institutions, listening to national radio programs on in-service training.

f. The in-service training course should be tied in with the national radio program, called the Teachers' Hour, being broadcast on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 1530 - 1600, and featuring an in-service series. If it is impossible for the whole faculty to listen to the program the principal should ask one teacher to listen and report on it to the faculty group. Many schools will have difficulty acquiring a radio; where it is impossible to have one for permanent use, the school should borrow a set temporarily from some parent or individual in the community.

g. The C E Officer should spot check in-service training meetings of teachers during his regular school inspections.

h. Private schools, including Korean schools should also have in-service training programs. Some prefectures have already found them remiss; so they should be especially surveyed.

i. For the in-service training of secondary school teachers use "The Handbook on In-Service Training of Teachers" (available, according to SCAP, in March). This lists specific projects for the new school year, April 1948 - April 1949.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL EWING:

W. N. HORNISH
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Regs & Teams
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

Policy

RSA/mth

000.8

13 FEB 1948

SUBJECT: Status of Korean Schools

TO: Commanding Officer, Fukui Mil Govt Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Nara Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Mil Govt Team, APO 25

The status of schools operated by Koreans in Japan has been clarified by two recent notifications, 1. Kangaku #5, 2. Hatsu Teki #9, dispatched from the Ministry of Education, Japanese Government, to all prefectural governors. Copies of these notifications are attached as inclosures for your information.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

F. Englehardt
F. ENGLEHARDT
Capt. AGD
Adjutant

2 Incls:
As noted.

Co, Kyoto Mil Govt Team
Co, Hyogo Mil Govt Team
Co, Fukui Mil Govt Team

35

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

Feb '48
REA/mth

000.8

SUBJECT: Invoices Containing Lists of United States Armed Forces Institute Texts for Distribution to Japanese Schools

TO: Commanding Officer, Osaka Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Fukui Mil Govt Team, APO 713
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Mil Govt Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Nara Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713
~~Commanding Officer, Wakayama Mil Govt Team, APO 25~~

1. Forwarded for your information are invoices containing lists of United States Armed Forces Institute texts which have been distributed to Japanese schools through the Ministry of Education. Each of the enclosed sheets is for a different school, of normal school and college grade.

2. All books have been cleared by GHQ, SCAP, and no ban is placed on their use.

3. The C E Officer will request the prefectural education section to examine the lists and certify that the entire allotment has arrived in each school. Report on this will be included in Annex E to Monthly Activities Report for March 1948.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DEVINE:

J. E. ENGLEHARDT
Captain, AGD
Adjutant

Incls:
Invoices as indicated.

Ok. Texts to Ministry of Education APO 713

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

1-Corps Letter Jan 48

I CORPS

Civil Information & Education Conference

on

LONG RANGE PLANNING

FIRST DAY		JANUARY 7, 1948
0930 - 0945	Introductory	Col J. G. Devine SMGO. I Corps
0945 - 1030	Plans and Programs of CI&E, SCAP	Lt Col D. R. Nugent Chief, CI&E, SCAP
1030 - 1045	Questions & Discussion	Lt Col D. R. Nugent
1045 - 1100	Recess	
1100 - 1130	School Finance	Dr. A. K. Loomis School Administration & Finance Unit, CI&E, SCAP
1130 - 1200	Questions & Discussion	Dr. A. K. Loomis
1330 - 1400	Teacher Re-education	Mr. E. R. Cades CI&E Officer, Kyoto M G Team Dr. V. Carley Higher Education Unit CI&E, SCAP
1400 - 1430	Questions & Discussion	Mr. Cades and Dr. Carley
1430 - 1500	Health & Safety Education in Elementary Schools	Mr. R. S. Anderson CI&E Officer, Kinki M G Region
1500 - 1515	Questions & Discussion	Mr. R. S. Anderson
1515 - 1530	Recess	
1530 - 1615	The New Secondary Schools	Mr. M. L. Osborne Secondary Education Unit CI&E, SCAP Mr. R. Bowers Acting CI&E Officer Aichi M G Team
1615 - 1630	Questions & Discussion	Mr. Osborne and Mr. Bowers

SECOND DAY		JANUARY 8, 1948
0800 - 0830	Eighth Army's Priority Program for Information and Education	Lt Col S. V. Satterwhite CI&E Officer, Eighth Army
0830 - 0900	Questions & Discussion	Lt Col S. V. Satterwhite
0900 - 0930	Boy & Girl Scouts and Youth Groups	Mr. D. M. Typer Youth Groups Officer CI&E, SCAP
0930 - 1000	Questions & Discussion	Mr. D. M. Typer
1000 - 1015	Recess	
1015 - 1100	Audio-visual Aids	Mr. F. B. Judson Media Education Officer CI&E, SCAP Mr. E. R. Johnson CI&E Officer, Osaka M G Team
1100 - 1130	Questions & Discussion	Mr. Judson & Mr. Johnson
1330 - 1400	Temporary Conference Groups & Boards of Education	Dr. A. K. Loomis CI&E, SCAP
1400 - 1445	Questions & Discussion	Dr. A. K. Loomis
1445 - 1500	Student Body Self-Government	Mr. O. Vogt Asst. CI&E Officer Kagoshima M G Team Mr. M. L. Osborne CI&E, SCAP
1500 - 1515	Questions & Discussion	Mr. Vogt and Mr. Osborne
1515 - 1530	Recess	
1530 - 1630	The Three-months Plan 15 Feb - 15 May	Mr. R. S. Anderson CI&E Officer, Kinki M G Region Mr. J. McElhaney CI&E Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku M G Region Mr. R. Schmolze CI&E Officer, Kyushu M G Region

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

AG 230.741 (CP) 22 December 1947

SUBJECT: Federal Employees' Loyalty Program

TO : Commanding Officer
Kyoto MG Team
APO 713

1. In accordance with Executive Order 9835, dated 21 March 1947, a complete loyalty investigation must be instituted on all Department of the Army civilians.

2. Records in Civilian Personnel Section indicate that your unit employs 11 DAC's. Accordingly, we are enclosing 11 SF 84's and SF 86's to be accomplished on each DAC. These forms are to be typed and must be completed and returned direct to Civilian Personnel Section, Headquarters 8th Army, APO 343, not later than 15 January 1948, in order to comply with deadline date set by the Department of the Army. All forms must be typed.

3. Employee will sign only one carbon copy of SF 84, under Item 16. On the SF 84, Item 14 is to be omitted, and the Code No. on SF 86 is to be omitted.

4. Extreme care must be exercised to obtain clear and accurate fingerprints on the SF 86. The Provost Marshal in your area has been instructed to assist in the preparation of this form. Each organization employing DAC personnel will contact the local Provost Marshal for instructions on the time for employees to report for fingerprinting.

5. In addition, Forms SF 79 and WD AGO 643A (in duplicate) must be accomplished on each DAC hired after 30 September, 1947. These will be mailed to you under separate cover with a list of the DAC's for whom these forms are to be executed.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

Incls:
As Indicated

RAY E. STOLTZ
Major, MSC
Actg Asst Adj Gen

15

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

correspondence

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

MEMORANDUM:

TO : Colonel Devine

INSPECTION OF CI&E SECTION, KYOTO MIL GOVT TEAM
28 Nov 1947

Thorouch check with Mr. Elliott Cades, CAF-11, CI&E Officer, indicates:

1. Shortage of one Educational Specialist, CAF-7, and imminent departure of one Educational Specialist, CAF-7.

2. OD #92 of 1946, and OD #1 and #19 of 1947 are understood and policies iterated are being carried out.

3. Files are suitably arranged and recently revised under supervision of Mr. Cades. Charts, maps and diagrams fill all available space in the office. The CI&E office personnel are operating under a handicap of inadequate office space.

4. The Information Program is receiving the almost full-time supervision of Mr. Low, CAF-7, who is holding press conference each Saturday, and is at the present time, emphasizing rice collection and black market activities program.

5. The section chief, at the present time, is working on a plan of in-service training for teachers and is closely supervising the prefectural school budget.

6. The following points were noted and/or recommendations are made:

a. Par 7 b of OD #67 gives authority for using Japanese educational films and projectors.

b. A definite program of in-service training for teachers including augmentation of the Normal School curriculum in Pedagogy and Educational Psychology has been undertaken. The faculty of the Normal School is inspecting the actual problems of teachers in the field in order to make recommendations on contemplated change of Normal school curriculum.

Incl 1

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c. The prefectural school budget is being analyzed by the section chief and assistance and guidance is being given to prefectural authorities.

d. The electricity shortage hampers the adult education program.

e. New issue of Educational Reference Texts was received and is being utilized.

f. Assistance and guidance has been given in the establishment of Labor Libraries.

g. Financial necessity may force senior high schools to be co-educational.

h. Meetings have been held and assistance is being given on Health and Safety curricula in elementary schools.

i. Five troops of Boy Scouts are in the process of being formed by the Japanese but have not been approved by Central Committee which operates under SCAP guidance.

j. Present Prefectural Education Chief is weak; Governor understands situation and is looking for replacement.

k. Three (3) Japanese Projectionists, Japanese Education Specialists, and 1 Publicity Man (Japanese) should be added to this section in the near future.

s/ Charles A Page
t/ CHARLES A PAGE
Major, Inf
CI&E Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

8

23(2)

BASIC: Ltr, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713, subj: "High Taxes now required on non-profit programs for public purpose", 25 Sep 47

Mil Gov 000.8 5th Ind BEM/lfln

HEADQUARTERS IX CORPS, APO 309, 17 NOV 1947

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army Headquarters, APO 343

Noted with interest.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

9809

Francis C. Park
FRANCIS C. PARK
CWO, USA
ASST. ADJ. GEN.

1 Incl:
n/c

AG 012 (MG-I) 6th Ind

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343 25 NOV 1947

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

Your attention is invited to the 3rd indorsement.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL RYDER:

B-MG.

HQ. I CORPS
AG 012

R. Schafer
R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl:
n/c

AG 012 - BA 7th Ind RSA/mth

Hq I Corps, APO 301, DEC 17 1947

TO: CO, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713

1 Incl:
n/c

B/H 68125

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

BASIC: Ltr, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, APO 713, subj: "High Taxes now required on non-profit programs for public purpose", 25 September 1947

AG 012 (25 Sept 1947)CIE 3d Ind

8137

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS, APO 500,
31 OCT 47

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343.

Policy regarding tax exemption for educational activities is considered a matter for the Japanese Government to decide. The Ministry of Education has been informed of pertinent facts in basic letter and is negotiating with the Ministry of Finance in an attempt to determine action considered by the Japanese Government to be appropriate.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

A. J. Rehe

1 Incl
n/c

A. J. REHE
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

AG 012 (MG-I) 4th Ind

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343 7 NOV 1947

TO: Commanding General, IX Corps, APO 309

Your attention is invited to the preceding indorsement.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL RYDER:

R. C. Schafer

1 Incl:
n/c

R. C. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A2395

BASIC: Ltr, Kyoto Mil Govt Team, subj: "High taxes now required on non-profit programs for public purpose.", dtd 25 September 1947.

AG 012 - BA 1st Ind RBT/tn

Hq I Corps, APO 301, 30 SEP 1947

TO: CG, Eighth Army, APO 343

4725

Recommend approval paragraph 7, basic communication.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

O. H. Schmidt
O. H. SCHMIDT
MAJOR AGD
ASST.ADJ.GEN.

1 Incl:
n/c

AG 012 (MH-I) 2nd Ind 18 OCT 1947

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343

TO: Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500

It is recommended that entertainments given by schools for educational purposes be exempt from entertainment taxes.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

8

R. Schafer
R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

1 Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

KYOTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 713 (Kyoto, Honshu)

File 012

BSM/tk

25 September 1947

SUBJECT : High taxes now required on non-profit programs for public purpose.

TO : The Commanding General I Corps, APO 301
Attn: CI&E Officer:

1. The supplementing of government funds for education in Japan is a pertinent problem. Many schools, to pay for urgently needed repairs, have planned programs for which a small charge was made.

2. The teachers and students have provided the entertainment, doing all planning and producing, and tickets for the program were sold among the interested neighborhood families.

3. These programs are not for personal profit but are held primarily in public interests.

4. It has repeatedly been called to the attention of this office that a large portion of the revenue must be given as tax to government authorities.

5. A specific instance can be quoted where Takagamine Primary School gave a program realizing 20,000 yen. Of this 10,000 yen must be paid in tax. After routine expenses were made (renting of hall, printing, etc.,) a net revenue of 2,000 yen was left to be used for school repairs. A copy of the petition is attached hereto.

6. Such policy of taxation is contradictory to democratic principles and discourages the initiative of those planning programs for public benefit.

7. This office recommends the matter for careful consideration by SCAP and suggests that a definite policy be established whereby performances given for benefit of school building and repair fund be legally exempt from amusement tax.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Thomas R. Harbin
THOMAS R. HARBIN
1st. Lt., Inf.
Adjutant.

1 Incl: As indicated in 5.

61413

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

TAKAGAMINE PRIMARY SCHOOL 15 Sept. '47.

SUBJECT: Petition.

TO : Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team.

Please over-look our impoliteness to submit our petition in this manner. On September 14, we teachers and students of the Takagamine Primary School held the meeting of fairy tale and juvenile play in order to collect funds for repairing the school building, at Press Hall Karasumaru Marutamachi Sagru.

Though this school is small in its scale (202 students, and 7 teachers(, it costs ¥200,000 to repair and beautify the school building (window-glass, ceiling, floor, mats, etc.,) Of course, we are requesting the people of this school district for their cooperation along this line, however, it is very difficult to collect the desired sum of money, for the people of this school district are not so large. (335 families) Under these circumstances we have planned positively to raise money by holding entertainment meeting.

Admission fee is ¥ 10 per capita, and sum of total revenue is about 20,000 Yen from which 10,000 Yen are reduced as tax and 8,000 Yen as expenditure. We held the meeting not for proft making but for public purpose, and we believe that we must be exempted from tax-paying. We hope that you will kindly sympathize with our situation mentioned above, and help and support us.

MASAO KUBO.

Principal.

Representing all the teachers and students of Takagamine Primary School.

Incl 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

OUTLINE OF ACCOUNTS

Revenue expected	20,000 Yen
Expenditure	18,000 "
Tax	10,000 "
Renting fee of Press Hall	4,000 "
Consumption and Miscellaneous	2,500 "
Printing	1,500 "
Net revenue	2,000 "

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

3-15 Dec 47

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

RBT/tn

AG 000.8 - BA

21 October 1947

SUBJECT: Adult Education Conferences

TO : See Distribution

It is desired that you submit, as a part of your Monthly Activities Report for November 1947, a brief account of accomplishments in adult education resulting from Adult Education Conferences held during the summer of 1947, including a statement of action taken by CI&E.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL WOODRUFF:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

OCT 22 1947

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2 CG, Eighth Army, APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Sec

31

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

OCT 10 1947

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Legal + Govt. ____
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Read, Initial + return for File

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

S-15 November 1947

AG 000.8 - BA

9 October 1947

SUBJECT: Roster of Qualified Candidates for Prefectural Education Section Positions

TO: See Distribution

1. From time to time important positions within prefectural education sections become vacant. In such instances, military government will urge the appointing official (governor, prefectural education chief, etc.) to observe the principle that replacements should be professionally qualified educators.

2. With a view to having on hand in anticipation of such vacancies a central roster of such qualified educators, it is desired that your headquarters submit a list of such personnel known by you and including the following data: name, address, how well known, brief description of experience, brief description of any outstanding abilities, and brief description of present occupation. It is desired that such list submitted to reach this headquarters by 15 November 1947.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL WOODRUFF:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

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30