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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNDG # 913012

28 Dec 50
OK

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Government Section
Public Administration Division

28 December 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR: Major Napier

SUBJECT: Status Report of Zaibatsu Appointees Examination Section, Prime Minister's Office

Report Received

Rpt No	Subject	Decision	Decision Date
197	Ueki Kenkichi	Granted 1 yr extension of term as liquidator of Godo Gyogyo K.K.	12 December 1950
198	Hata Sonosuke	Application Approved as non-Zaibatsu Appointee	18 December 1950
199	Yamane Benzo	Application Approved as non-Zaibatsu Appointee	18 December 1950
200	Mori Sakae	Application Approved as non-Zaibatsu Appointee	21 December 1950
201	Uyeda Kiyoji	Application Approved as non-Zaibatsu Appointee	16 December 1950

Recommendations:

a. Findings of the Committee appear correct and justifiable.

b. Recommend that we do not object to the above decisions.

A. A. J.

5 Incls: Rpts 197-201

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NND # 773012

No. 196

APPROVED
GODO GAISHA KABUSHIKI KAISHA
(United Fisheries Co., Ltd.)

December 5, 1950

SUBJECT: Application for Extention of the term of Office of Liquidator

TO : Prime Minister, Shigeru Yoshida

DATE : December 5, 1950

As the decision concerning the president of this company, KENKICHI UEKI, was made on June 18, 1948, that he falls under the status of an officer of the Zaibatsu Company, an application for approval to have KENKICHI UEKI remain in office as President of our company was submitted in pursuant to Art. 8, Para. 2 of the Law of Termination of the Zabatsu Family Control. Approval to remain in office till December 31, 1948 was granted. Since then, in Nov. 1948, our company was dissolved, and an application for approval to appoint KENKICHI UEKI as liquidator was submitted in accordance with Art. 8, Para. 4 of the Law of Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control. Approval for his assumption of the post from Jan. 1, 1949, till Dec. 31, 1949, was granted. Furthermore, in December of 1949, application for further extention was submitted and approval for continuance in office from Jan. 1, 1950 till Dec. 31, 1951 was granted.

Since then, under his initiative liquidation affairs of our company have been carried out, and despite the fact the termination of his term of office will become effective this coming Dec. 31, 1950, there still remain many large difficult problems to settle for which another year is expected to be required. The present circumstances are such that to execute the liquidation affairs smoothly and settle many of the difficult matters, the continuance of Kenkichi Ueki in his office, who as a liquidator has proven to be the motive element in the liquidation work, is a matter of utmost importance. Consequently, in pursuant to the proviso of Art. 8, Para. 4, we hereby beg to solicit Your Excellency's considerations to approve the extention of Liquidator Ueki's term of office for a period of one year.

REASONS FOR SUBMITTING APPLICATION

1. Reasons for requiring one year to complete liquidation affairs. Owing to the dissolution of the company, it was necessary to dispose 698 fishing licenses, land, buildings, ships and fishing gears (Total value ¥152,360,000) required for the operation of herring fishery. These fishing rights and properties were located throughout an area of over 120 "ri" (292.8 miles) within the jurisdiction of four government branch offices, i.e. Shiribeshi, Ishikari, Rumoi, and Soya. With regard to disposal of these assets, it was our policy to give priority to our joint enterprisers, operators of our fishing grounds under lease, employees of our company, and local fishery operators.

As the result of the great efforts exerted in the disposal of the above assets under the able leadership of Kenkichi Ueki, disposal amounting to 148,340,000 yen was completed. However, for the disposal of sixty-eight fishing licenses and fishery assets amounting to 4,020,000 yen, and the collection of the transacted amount of 3,690,000 yen, there are no prospects in sight. The problem of disposing a total of 7,710,000 yen of assets remains unsolved, and will have to be solved henceforth. This means that 5% of the total assets to be disposed still remain undisposed; furthermore, as the

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remaining problems are the most difficult to be encountered, the responsibility of the liquidator is very great. The reason for not being able to collect the transacted amount of 3,690,000 yen is that the purchasers do not have ample funds for payment. Moreover, it is our policy to give priority to the local fishermen in regard to the disposal of the assets of 4,020,000 yen (presently, these fishing rights and assets have been loaned to these operators), not to mention our consideration of the earnest desire on the part of the local fishery operators; but due to the poor results in herring fishing during this year and last year (last year 8,000 yen per 200 kan, this year, 5000 yen per kan), they have no purchasing funds on hand.

The fishing season for herring is April, May, and June, and prior to the opening of the season, the operators need large sums of fund in order to make fishing preparations such as obtaining the necessary material and supplies, recruiting fishermen, providing transportation and etc. The circumtances are such that not until the end of the fishing season can the prospects for financing the necessary purchase funds be foreseen. Consequently, it will be very difficult to made negotiations and settlement on the disposal of undisposed assets and the collection of the amounts receivable until the end of the fishing season next year (after July).

If fortunately abundant catches of herring is made next year, pressure on the financing of the above fund would be considerable relieved and settlement would be made easier, but as mentioned previously, the parties are located throughout a wide area which makes negotiation for the transaction difficult. In view of these conditions it is expected to require several months from July of next year.

The fluctuation in herring fishery, depending on the outcome of the catches, is so great that it is impossible to forecast the outcome. The result of this year and last year was very poor.

If the outcome of next year's fishing from Mar. to June is poor, the collection of the amount receivable, the disposal of undisposed assets will become difficult more than ever. This means that proper measures will have to be taken after the termination of next year's season till the end of the year; and it requires an excellent liquidator for such action.

Needless to say, the prolongation of liquidation affairs would be a great disadvantage for our company due to the requirement of extra personnel and office expenses, and it is imperative that they should be disposed of at an advantageous for the stockholders.

However, on the other hand, the disposal of the fishing rights and assets to the local fishery operators is strongly desired by them; moreover, it means their livelihood which prevent our transactions with other. Herein lies the difficulties concerning our disposal which will require a great deal of time to solve.

As previously stated, it is estimated to take another year to settle the disposal problems which is an important matter in our liquidation affairs.

2. Reasons necessitating the retention of Mr. Ueki in his post as liquidator:

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As above-mentioned, in order to carry out the liquidation affairs still about a year will be required to settle them owing to the existence of many difficulties.

It is a matter of utmost importance to have liquidator Ueki continue in his work in which he has proven to be indispensable, and the loss of his service would cause severe hardship in the execution of the liquidation affairs.

Mr. Ueki, who is an expert in the field of fixed-net herring fishery, was appointed the director of this company in 1934 and upon assuming the office of president in 1943 became very active in the administration of the company.

Since herring catches of our company constituted 16% of that in Hokkaido, it is by all means necessary to dispose out fishing licences and fishery assets to reliable and sound operators for the future development of herring fishery in our country. If by any chance we should make a blunder in our policy, and were taken advantage by the so-called "licence hunters" on the disposal of the said licences and properties, a root of evil would be left for the future of the herring fishery. We must, therefore, have as a liquidator a men well acquainted with the above enterprise.

Although, besides Mr. Ueki, there are three liquidator, Messrs. KURODA, Motoharu; YAMAGISHI, Kumitaro; SUNADA, Yaichiro; and one auditor, OTANI, Ishiro, Mr. Kuroda has been a director of this company since 1936, but on account of Mr. Ueki acting as director for Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd., Mr. Kuroda took charge of the work on behalf of Mr. Ueki operating under his supervision. However, since resigning from Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd. in Jun. 1947, Mr. Ueki himself participated in all the outside negotiations with Mr. Kuroda assisting him.

Messrs. Yamagishi, Otani and Sunada were appointed directors in 1946 and concurrently held the post of Chief of Operation-section, Chief of Business-section and Chief of Operation-area, respectively.

Having been in office as directors for only a short period, they actually supervised the execution of the work as chief of sections rather than acting as directors who participate in the administrative aspects of the business.

Especially, this year the catch of herring was very poor (Last year's catch - 47,400,000 Kan, this year's - 43,000,000 Kan). In addition, fish price has declined, and we have encountered difficulties in collecting the sales proceeds and in disposing the remaining assets. Despite of this, in comparison with last year, approximately an increase of 10,000,000 yen has been made in the sales proceed collected which is in the main due to Mr. Ueki's untiring efforts.

As to the early completion of the liquidation affairs we are endeavoring with our utmost to that end in order to curtail liquidation expenses which had amounted to 5,500,000 yen for the period from Dec. 1949 to Nov. 1950, and for next year also an amount approximating the foregoing is expected. Consequently, if the catch is poor next year, the matter of disposing the remaining assets of seven million seven hundred thousand odd yen, and collection of its proceeds will have to be settled as soon as possible, otherwise it will be impossible to cover the liquidation expenses incurred. To attain this end most advantageously, the continuance of Liquidator Ueki in his post is urgently required.

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Under such circumstances, there is no one but Mr. Ueki, a capable administrator and a herring fishery expert of our company, who can execute the difficult liquidation business. Accordingly, we filed an application for appointment of Mr. Kenkichi UEKI as Liquidator of the company when the company was dissolved, and an approval of his appointment was granted untill December 31, of this year. Up to the present, there has been no alteration in the composition of the said personnel. As mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs it is necessary by all means to have Mr. Ueki's service in order to settle the disposal problems which are expected to take a year.

We hereby beg to submit an application for the extention of term of liquidator.

GODO GYOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA

M. Kuroda

(M. Kuroda)
Representative-Liquidator

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

No. 196

APPROVED December 12, 1950
承　認　昭和25年12月12日

T. Bowe

NAME Konkichi Ueki

No. Name of Company Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.

受 25. 12. 5

日産

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して、いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

日本水産株式會社 第　　號

氏名 植木寛吉

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNUG # 113012

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）
ウエ キ ケン キチ
植 木 憲 吉

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）
該当事項なし

三、生年月日（年齡數え年）
明治十九年八月二日生（六十五才）

四、出生地（都道府縣）
兵庫縣氷上郡和田村和田

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）
兵庫縣氷上郡和田村和田七六ノ一

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號
東京都杉並区神戸町五五番地（電話 荻窪二六三三番）

七六ノ一

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12032 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

Questionnaire

1. Name (in full).

UEKI, Kenkichi

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known, (alias or penname).

None

3. Date of birtn (age).

August 2, 1886 (65)

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

76/1 Wada Wada-mura, Hikami-gun, Hyogo Prefecture.

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

55 Godo-cho, Suginami-ku, Tokyo.
Phone: Ogikubo (39) 2633

6. Permanent address (in full).

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第二頁

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、従屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位
（一）會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）
合同漁業株式會社（日産系）
（二）財閥會社、制限會社、従屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）
従屬會社
（三）地位
清算人
（四）就任の豫定日
昭和二十六年一月一日

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業
該当事項なし

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係
（一）關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）
該当事項なし
（二）指定者か指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無
該当事項なし

DECLASSIFIED AUTH: PUBL SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 779012

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.

a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

Godo Gyogyo Kabushiki Kaisha (Nissan)

b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected companv (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

Subsidiary

c. Position.

Liquidator

d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

January 1, 1951.

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

None

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.

a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (includiug relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

None

b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

None

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七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務內容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務內容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること
(1)本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率
(2)本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務內容（詳細に）	會社團體等の事業內容及び所在地
明治四一年十月	富山縣水產講習所技手			富山縣
〃 四三年三月				
〃 四三年四月	神戸市田村商店	社員		神戸市
〃 八月				栄町通四丁目丸の內二ノ一
〃 四三年九月	日魯漁業株式會社	〃		
大正三年七月				
〃 三年八月	日本汽船株式會社	支配人		神戸市
〃 六年七月				
〃 六年八日	合同工船株式會社	專務取締役		合名
〃 十年十日				工船鰹漁業
〃 十四年三月				栄町通四丁目丸の內二ノ一
昭和十一年八月				

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昭和九年十一月十八日	合同漁業株式会社	取締役	
〃 十二月十八日	〃	社長	
〃 二十三年十二月二十五日	〃	清算人	
〃 二十四年一月一日 至現在	〃	〃	
昭和十一年九月十二日	共同漁業株式会社	専務取締役	
〃 十二年二月十三日	日本水産株式会社	〃	
〃 十三年三月十二日	共立水産工業株式会社	常務取締役	
〃 十六年三月十八日	日本海洋漁業株式会社	副社長	
〃 十八年四月十八日	〃	〃	
〃 二十年十二月二十日	日本水産株式会社	社長	
〃 二十二年一月二十日	〃	〃	
昭和二十二年八月二十五日	〃	〃	
〃 二十五年十月	水産業小樽市色内町	〃	公職追放解除
	汽船トロール漁業 捕鯨業 工船蟹漁業	会長	
	事業開始ヨリ現在ニ至ル	〃	
	汽船トロール漁業 捕鯨業 工船蟹漁業ヲ経営ス	〃	
	東京都麹町区丸ノ内ニアリ	〃	
	静岡県田方郡中郷村	〃	
	台湾	〃	
	汽船トロール漁業 捕鯨業 工船蟹漁業	会長	
	事業開始ヨリ現在ニ至ル	〃	
	東京都千代田区有楽町二ノ四	〃	

10. Chronological record of profession and employment.

Note 1: "Organization or company" mentioned in this column include any organization or company other than Zaibatsu company. With reference to organizations, relationship with economic organizations such as union, association or conference etc. will particularly be given in detail.

Note 2: In case you did not, in fact, handle duties for which you have been authorized, duties and powers which you actually handled and name of the person who dealt with duties originally authorized for you will be given.

Note 3: With reference to the Zaibatsu company where you served as official or as a person accorded with the status of official, the following entries are additionally required.

a. Name and stock-holding percentage of stock-holders owning 10 per cent or more of the total stock of the company at the time of your assumption of office and retirement.

b. Name, position and dates of appointment and retirement of other officials of the company during the period when you served.

Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel.)	Duties and powers (in detail).	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.
Nov.1908 Mar.1910	Fisheries School Toyama Pref.	Teacher (engineer)		Toyama Prefecture
Apr.1910 Aug.1910	Tamura Co.			Kobe City
Sep. 1910 Jul.1914	Nichiro Gyogyo K.K.	Office staff		1 Marunouchi 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo.
Aug.1914 Jul.1917	Nippon Kisen K.K.	Office staff		Kobe City
Aug.1917 Oct.1921	Nippon Kisen K.K.	Manager		ditto.
Mar.1925 Aug.1936	Godo Kosen K.K.	Director General		Crab floating cannery industry; 1 Marunouchi 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo.

Nov.1934 Nov.1943	Godo Gyogyo K.K.	Director	Herring fishing; Ironai-cho, Otaru City.
Dec.1943 Dec.1948	Godo Gyogyo K.K.	President	ditto
Jan.1949 up to date	Godo Gyogyo K.K.	Liquidator	ditto
Sep.1936 Feb.1937	Kyodo Gyogyo K K.	Director General	Trawling, whaling, crab floating cannery industry, 1 Marunouchi 2-chome, Chiyoda-Ku, Tokyo.
Mar.1937 Feb.1941	Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.	Director General	On top of the above mentioned business, Ice-making & Coldstorage. Same address as above
Feb.1938 Dec.1945	Kyoritsu Suisan Kogyo K. K.	Representative Director	Leather industry Daiba, Nakagomura, Tagata-gun, Shizuoka Pref.
Mar.1941 Mar.1943	Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.	Vice-President	Same business as the above Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd. 2 Tamura-cho, 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo.
Apr.1943 Nov.1945	Nippon Kaiyo Gyogyo Tosei K.K.	Vice-President	Same business as above(Ice-making Coldstorage & Trading business were served to Teikoku Suisan Tosei K.K.) Same address as above
Dec.1945 Jan.1947	Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.	President	Same business as former Nippon Suisan 114, Minami Inari-cho, Taito-ku, Tokyo

Aug.1947 Temporarily designeted to be classified in "C" item

Oct.1950 De-purged

第五頁

十一、本人の役員就任當時その勤務した財閥會社と財閥又は財閥直系會社との間に役員としての就任についての事前承認を必要とする旨の取極の有無

（一）明文の取極の有無

該當事項なし

（二）本人の役員としての就任の事情の詳細、特にその就任につき財閥又は財閥直系會社が關與した事實の有無

該當事項なし

11. At the time of your assnmption of office as official, whether or not the arrangement that the previous approval be obtained from the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate regarding assumption of the position of official existed between the Zaibatsu company where you served and the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates.

a. Whether or not the arrangemeut existed in writing.

None

b. Details of circumstances under whicn you assumed the position of official; particularly whether or not the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate was concerned in approving your assumption of office.

None

第六頁

十二、本調査書作成年月日

昭和二十五年十一月二十七日

「この調査表の記載は眞實であり且つ完全であることを確言する、又私はこの調査表の重要な事項について虚僞又は事實をかくした記載があるときは財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられることを諒承してをる旨申し添える」

署名

12. Date

November 27, 1950.

13. I hereby certify that entries made in this questionnaire are true and complete. I further add that I understand that entries false or lacking full and cemplete disclosure on relevant or material matters in this questiornaire will subject me to penaly in accordance with the provisions of Article 31 of the Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control.

K. Ueki

Signa ture

12 December 1950

Report on Examination (Retention of Liquidatorship) No.197

Zaibatsu Appointees
Examination Section

1 Applicant:

UEKI, Kenkichi
Liquidator, Godo Gyogyo K.K.,
Nissan subsidiary.

2. Affected Position:

Managing director (September 1936 - February 1937),
Kyodo Gyogyo K.K., Nissan quasi-direct affiliate.

Managing director (March 1937-February 1941),
Vice-president (March 1941-December 1945),
President (December 1945-8 October, 1946),
Nippon Suisan K.K., Nissan quasi-direct affiliate.

3. Reason of Application:

The applicant, having been approved to remain in the position as liquidator of the Godo Gyogyo K.K., Nissan subsidiary company, until 31 December 1950, has applied for approval of retaining the said office for one year from 1 January 1951 to 31 December 1951 under the provisions of Article 8, para. 4 on the ground of uncomplete liquidation of the company.

4. As the result of examination it has been decided that the application be approved for the following reason.

Reason:

(1) As to the disposal of the assets owned by Godo Gyogyo which consists of the major part of its liquidation business, 5% of its total assets to be disposed of still remains unsettled (in monetary total amounting to 7.71 million yen consisting of uncollected sales money and fishery rights and fishing properties with scarce prospect of future disposal). The sales price is left uncollected because the purchasing fisheries have no cash for payment and fishery rights and fishing properties are prospected with scarce chance of disposal due to shortage in paying means on the part of fishermen desiring the purchase. Under these circumstances, not a few difficulties are being expected for these disposals and negotiations and settlements thereof have to be postponed until the prospective fishermen obtain enough

money to pay after the conclusion of fishing terms of the next year (three months, April through June). Thus the complete liquidation needs one more year at least.

(2) The applicant, being a fisherman to his core, is an expert in fixed-net fishery of herring which consisted the main operations of the company. The applicant, after appointed as its director in 1934, was continuously taking part in the important matters of management, particularly after 1943 when he was installed in presidency he was the central figure of management up to its dissolution and the present liquidation business is, therefor, being executed under his leading away to make his retention of the present post indispensable and necessary. Three other liquidators are now holding their positions in the company but all of them have had no experience of participation in the policy-making management as merely an assistant to the applicant when he was president or a chief of department or section in charge of routine transactions and no person is available at present to replace the applicant.

12 December 1950

Report on Examination (Retention of Liquidatorship) No.197

Zaibatsu Appointees
Examination Section

1 Applicant:

UEKI, Kenkichi
Liquidator, Godo Gyogyo K.K.,
Nissan subsidiary.

2. Affected Position:

Managing director (September 1936 - February 1937),
Kyodo Gyogyo K.K., Nissan quasi-direct affiliate.

Managing director (March 1937-February 1941),
Vice-president (March 1941-December 1945),
President (December 1945-8 October, 1946),
Nippon Suisan K.K., Nissan quasi-direct affiliate.

3. Reason of Application:

The applicant, having been approved to remain in the position as liquidator of the Godo Gyogyo K.K., Nissan subsidiary company, until 31 December 1950, has applied for approval of retaining the said office for one year from 1 January 1951 to 31 December 1951 under the provisions of Article 8, para. 4 on the ground of uncomplete liquidation of the company.

4. As the result of examination it has been decided that the application be approved for the following reason.

Reason:

(1) As to the disposal of the assets owned by Godo Gyogyo which consists of the major part of its liquidation business, 5% of its total assets to be disposed of still remains unsettled (in monetary total amounting to 7.71 million yen consisting of uncollected sales money and fishery rights and fishing properties with scarce prospect of future disposal). The sales price is left uncollected because the purchasing fisheries have no cash for payment and fishery rights and fishing properties are prospected with scarce chance of disposal due to shortage in paying means on the part of fishermen desiring the purchase. Under these circumstances, not a few difficulties are being expected for these disposals and negotiations and settlements thereof have to be postponed until the prospective fishermen obtain enough

money to pay after the conclusion of fishing terms of the next year (three months, April through June). Thus the complete liquidation needs one more year at least.

(2) The applicant, being a fisherman to his core, is an expert in fixed-net fishery of herring which consisted the main operations of the company. The applicant, after appointed as its director in 1934, was continuously taking part in the important matters of management, particularly after 1943 when he was installed in presidency he was the central figure of management up to its dissolution and the present liquidation business is, therefor, being executed under his leading away to make his retention of the present post indispensable and necessary. Three other liquidators are now holding their positions in the company but all of them have had no experience of participation in the policy-making management as merely an assistant to the applicant when he was president or a chief of department or section in charge of routine transactions and no person is available at present to replace the applicant.

No. 197

APPROVED December 18, 1950
承認 昭和25年12月18日
T. Baba

正

TO : Mr. Shigeru Yoshida,
Prime Minister.

受 25.12.13 付

FROM : HATA, Sonosuke

SUBJECT : Application in Accordance with the Provisions of Article 6, Law for Termination of Zaibatsu Family Control.

浅野

October 1950

I, the undersigned applicant and former board chairman of the Nippon Cement Co., Ltd. (formerly Asano Cement Co., Ltd.) now residing at 194, Hase, Kamakura-shi, Kanagawa-ken, was in the position of standing director of the said Nippon Cement Co. for two years and four months from January 1942 to May 1944 to fall under the provisions of each item of Article 3, para. 2 of the Law for Termination of Zaibatsu Family Control.

I hereby file an application for approval, with pertinent documents attached herewith, of not being a Zaibatsu appointee in accordance with the provisions of Article 6, para. 1 of the Law in consideration of reassuming the former position as I was specially remitted, as of 13 October, from the designation as purgee under the "Imperial Ordinance concerning Prohibition of Assuming and Expulsion from Public Offices."

Sohnosuke Hata

Sonosuke HATA

198

(Translation)

TO : HATA, Sonosuke

FROM : Prime Minister

SUBJECT : Re. Application for Special Remittance of Designation as Falling under the Purge Directive.

Ko-so-tokumen Ko No. 3914 13 October 1950

It is hereby notified that the designation of you as falling under the purge directive in accordance with the provisions of Article 4, Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947 has hereby decided to be specially remitted as of this date.

Statement on Application

Applicant: . HATA, Sonosuke

Former chairman, Nippon Cement Co., Ltd.

(formerly Asano Cement Co., Ltd.)

194, Hase, Kamakura-shi, Kanagawa-ken.

In accordance with the provisions of Article 6, para. 1, I can produce satisfactory evidence for my duly coming under the item No. 2 of the said paragraph.

With respect to my having been specially remitted from the designation as purgee, I presume the benevolence has been granted after due consideration was paid on the fact that my wartime position as standing director in the Nippon Cement Co. was in effect a title given to a elder employee and my duties were only those of chief of General Affairs Department. This fact, I believe, is also applicable as the reason of application for approval of not being an appointee under the Law.

My appointment to official's position in the Nippon Cement Co. was not effected for the purpose of making me participate in the important management affairs in representation of the Zaibatsu interests as one of the appointee officials, as it is explained in detail hereafter.

. Instead, I was selected to the position in due order as one of the eldest employees to be in charge of duties as chief of General Affairs Department as a matter of fact. I was not allowed to take any slight part in the general management business.

The Asano Zaibatsu, in spite of its being called as Zaibatsu, was established by sheer efforts of the one person, Mr. Soichiro Asano, the first generation of this Zaibatsu family during his life-time and every enterprise throughout this business net was under throughgoing fraternal control of the family head. Nobody was allowed, therefore, to participate in the important business of the company except members of the family or those small numbers who had rendered financial assistance for any of the family enterprises.

My posterior, Yoshiro Tokune who was in the position of president of the Nippon Cement was approved of his not being an appointee on the ground that he was in the official's position promoted from the rank as employee.

The explanation for my not being an appointee is made as follows in view of my having been only an employee as a matter of fact.

A. Circumstances under which I was appointed to the position of official:

(I) Circumstances prevalent in the selection of officials in the company;

(1) Prior to 1936 ---

The entire positions of official were occupied by Zaibatsu family members, relatives thereof in blood or marriage and other big shareholders. (Please refer to Certificate No. 1)

(2) From 1937 to 1940 ---

The company took the first step of selecting its employees for officials' position in 1937 in conformity with the usual practice in the business world and Mitsuzo Fujii and Yonetaro Takiyama were first affected by this new enforcement. Mr. Fujii was an authority on ceramic technicality with past record as director with concurrent post as chief technician in the Aichi Cement Co. and of like position of director in the Fujii Lense Manufactory, while Mr. Takiyama was generally accepted as talented in business dealing from the time he was in the position of president of the Takiyama Co. (a partnership) which was the sole agent in dealing slate products of the company. The two forerunners were employed by the company in 1924 and 1925 respectively and was selected for the position of director each in representation of technical and general affairs department and this personnel composition remained until 1940. (Please refer to Certificate No. 2).

(3) After December 1940 ---

After the appointment of Fujii and Takiyama as first employees introduced into official's position as it was prevalent practice in the business community, the rule was established to select officials from among employees in due order of their service longevity.

(II) Difference between the two circumstances under which an appointee or official from employed ranks appointed to the position of official;

(1) Occupation record of appointees prior to the appointment to officials' position ---

(a) ASANO, Soichiro (second generation)

After seven years' service as ordinary employee, appointed as director and ten years in this position promoted to managing director in which he stayed for four years to be advanced to vice president and three years thereafter ascended to presidency.

(b) ASANO, Ryozo (younger borther of Soichiro)

Without going through the ranks as plain employee, started his career as director and seven years later assumed vice-presidency.

(c) ASANO, Hachiro (younger brother of Soichiro)

Similar to the above Ryozo, set out in his course as director without getting through rank and file and 13 years in the position assumed the position of managing director.

(d) ASANO, Kazuharu (heir to Soichiro)

Two years as ordinary employee, appointed as director.

The Zaibatsu appointee, as explained above, had no record as ordinary employee or if he had, had no part to take in actual transactions of minor business but ascended to the controlling post directly after short term as probationer. (Please refer to Certificate No. 5).

(2) Cource to appointment as official of employee ---

Ordinary employee had to pass up the following stairs to reach eligibility for official's position.

General Affairs line)
) Koin, 1st and 2nd class (lower class employee) — Junior clerk
Technical line) Junior technician

Senior clerk
(1st, 2nd and 3rd class)— Sanji — Riji
Senior technician

Employees were appointed to officials' positions according to the undermentioned general rule in due order of ranking keeping fair distribution of post to personnel of both the general affairs department and that of technical affairs.

(a) University graduate or with educational record commensurate therewith, with 20 years or more service with the company,

(b) Highest ranked among employees with record of chief of Head Office Department or of chief of 1st grade plant. (Please refer to Certificate No.3)

(3) Outstanding inequitable example in regard to appointment---

After the rule was established that officials had to be selected from among employees, several exceptions were made by appointment of family members of Asano or Yasuda. Of these Zengoro Yasuda, Hajime Yasuda (directors) and Junzo Saito, Toshio Otsuka (auditors) representing Yasuda Zaibatsu interests had never had any substantial contact with company's business before they were installed in the positions as it was customary with those Zaibatsu officials.

The appointment to directorship of Mr. Kazuharu Asano, heir to Mr. Soichiro Asano, was made when he was only 30 years old with merely two years in the company in conspicuous contrast with ordinary officials.

This was decided by Mr. Soichiro Asano intending to install his heir in official's position of a company under his control in spite of his heir's having not reached at reasonable age as his life was being exposed to perpetual danger under incessant air-raids and impending U.S. Forces landing when the war was being pressed to the doomed defeat (June 1945).

In this occasion I, as official from employee source, was ordered to resign upon receipt of only one telegram to my deep feeling of unfairness in treating ordinary employee - official.

These circumstances will be clearly understood in contrast with the circumstances under which I was appointed as detailed below.

(III) My appointment to official's position and my status;

(1) Employed history before the appointment ---

I was employed by the Nozawa-Gumi (Nozawa Co.), Foreign Trade Department in May 1910 upon graduation from the Tokyo Imperial University Law School to be engaged in studying trade business of agricultural products. In December of the same year, finishing the course of the study, I resigned from the company to take manager's post in the Hokkaido Kogyo K.K. (Hokkaido Enterprise Co., Ltd.) and resigned therefrom in May 1917. In June of that year I was employed by the Nippon Cement Co. (Asano Cement Co.) to be assigned to its Kawasaki Branch, miscellaneous affairs section as my start and served with the section for eight years as its chief. I was promoted in reward for the diligent service to manager of the Trade Section of Head Office's Business Department in 1925. Then in July 1930 was promoted as chief of the Miscellaneous Affairs Department and concurrently chief of its Miscellaneous Affairs Section,

distinguishing myself with reputation as the model employee of outstanding diligence with not one day of absence or delayed arrival at office.

(2) Circumstances under which I was appointed to the position of official in the Chosen Asano Cement Co.

When an affiliate was established in Chosen in August 1936 as Chosen Asano Cement K.K. I was selected for its managing director under presidency of Mr. Soichiro Asano to leave the post as chief of the Miscellaneous Affairs Department of the parent company, Asano Cement Co.

In effect the Chosen Asano Cement Co. was rather a plant of the parent company with independent name for the sake of convenience than a separate company affiliated with the Asano Cement. Its operation was entirely under the management of the parent company to be allowed no independent management, and in spite of my title as managing director I was only given authorities at the level of a manager of plant. My appointment to this position was made in view of my unrefutable eligibility in light of the before-mentioned general rule for selection of employee for official's position. With respect to the appointment there existed no "arrangement with the Zaibatsus or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates that

their previous approval should be obtained" nor did I, on the occasion of my appointment, in fact, obtain the previous approval of the Zaibatsus or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates, not to say my being "not a spouse, parent, child, brother or sister including a spouse of such person, of persons belonging to the Zaibatsu or their family members."

(3) Circumstances under which I was appointed to official's position in the Nippon Cement Co. ---

In January 1942 when the president of Asano Cement Co., Mr. Soichiro Asano was to be installed as president of the Cement Association and was ruled out of his current post of Asano president under the stipulations of the Association, I was ordered to return to the Asano Cement. In the personnel reshuffle made on this occasion I was appointed to the position of standing director retaining a post in the Chosen Asano Cement as plain director.

This appointment, as it was the case of the previous one to the Chosen Asano Cement's post, meant nothing more than mere order of transfer of an employee from a plant to the Head Office completely at variance with the case of Zaibatsu appointed officials. In fact

I was commissioned concurrently duties at the General Affairs Department as a plain employee and it was as if I returned to my former post of chief of General Affairs Department which I held prior to my assuming Chosen Asano's post. Irrespective of the title as standing director, I was only a procedural functionary with jurisdiction over miscellaneous, labor and stock affairs and was never allowed to take part in other important matters such as business operation, technical and accounting affairs.

(Please refer to Certificates No. 6 and 7)

B. Actual activities in executing duties as official:

(I) General circumstances under which officials of the company executed their duties;

(1) Zaibatsu appointee ---

In the Asano Zaibatsu, as it was tinted with pre-capitalistic color as stated before, the headman, Mr. Soichiro Asano was called as Socho (president) and other family members or spouses thereof dealt with every disposition under cover of president's authority.

(2) Employee official ---

Though the rule was established in 1940 in conformity with the general outside trend and from peculiarity inside the company, that official's position, when vacated, was to be replenished with employees, the

management authority still remained completely in the hand of the Zaibatsu and the appointment of employee to official's position was made only as a matter of titular reward for elder and talented employee. Official's title such as director or standing director was merely given for formality's sake and an official selected from employees was given a post of chief of one department at the same time as his main duties. These officials had no more power or authority than the other plain chiefs of department. When they attended at the board meeting, as required by the only privilege given to these officials, they were not allowed to utter their opinions except when ordered by superiors to explain on the business under their charges.

(Please refer to Certificate No. 8)

(II) Actual activities in executing my duties and its scope;

As it is mentioned above, I was only a procedural functionary in charge of miscellaneous, labor and stock affairs as assigned to the General Affairs Department and never allowed to participate in other important matters such as business operation, technical and accounting affairs to have had no chance of uttering a word in the name of director or standing director.

This was also stipulated in the company's organizational

regulations and officials' assignments and responsibilities distributed at that time explain the circumstances as below.

(1) Decision on management policy ---

The highest level policy-making was decided by Zaibatsu members as president or managing director, allowing no participation of the standing director who came up from employee source. Instead employee-officials were only required to report on the matter under their charge when the president consulted and I, as the one, was no exception, only required to report upon consultation.

(2) Decision on request of construction ---

Decision on requested construction was being made at the Zaibatsu officials' conference presided over by the president and no authority with respect to this decision was conferred upon a standing director of employee origin. I, being allowed no participation in technical and accounting affairs, had absolutely no chance to inspect the specifications of a plan.

(3) Decision on personnel affairs ---

Decision with respect to personnel affairs being made by the Zaibatsu officials upon consultation with president's secretary who concurrently filed position of chief of Personnel Affairs Department, a standing director

of employee origin was not admitted to utter a voice on the matter.

(4) Despatching official letters ---

With regard to the important documents going outside the company only the president and managing director as Zaibatsu officials were authorized their voice and a standing director from employee had only inside letters for his disposal.

(5) Remunerations ---

Remunerations for officials were stipulated in the company's Article. Zaibatsu appointees were taking lion's share of the officials' bonus and were added by abundant secret expenses and by income from other concurrent posts in other companies while employed standing director could not sustain his home life on remuneration as official and was barely keeping the face as official on salary as an employee.

(6) Difference in daily treatment ---

One example of conspicuous differences prevailing in treatment of two kinds of officials was that an appointee could see the president any time freely to confer while an employed official with standing director status was required to submit a note on business he wanted to confer on with president through president's secretary to be informed of available time.

Besides, a Zaibatsu appointee or a capital-representing official could interrupt the conference of the president and an employed official to make the employed official exit the room. This, I presumed, was because they did not want to let the highest secrecy in management known to an employed official.

(7) Stockholding ---

Employed officials were scarcely able to afford to hold the stocks of the company and I for one held only 150 shares while appointees were all big shareholders.

(8) Control of Zaibatsu companies ---

The Asano Zaibatsu had not much Zaibatsu companies under designation and appointees, as a rule, held concurrent posts of official among these companies. On the other hand, employed officials were scarcely allowed to hold concurrent post in other Zaibatsu company and I had never dreamed of assuming another position in a designated Zaibatsu Company.

The fact that despite the title as standing director my actual competency and authority were merely those of a department chief or an employee is evidently justified by my above allegation, I presume.

Conclusion:

I have explained in the above with satisfactory evidences that it is utterly unreasonable if I were designated as appointee on the simple ground that I was in the position of standing director of the Nippon Cement Co. before the surrender in accordance with the provisions of Item No. 2 of Article 6, para. 1.

The objective of this Law to be terminated being the control of Zaibatsu family, only an employee throughout his entire service of 30 diligent years starting as a mere minor personnel in charge of miscellaneous procedural routine of a plant such as I was, could not conceivably fall under appointee stipulations which nobody within or outside the company think applicable to me.

Furthermore, though I had once been designated as purgee on the ground of my having assumed the position of standing director in the wartime Nippon Cement Co..I have been specially remitted from the designation upon approval of my excuse that I was no more than a chief of department or an employee despite the nominal title as standing director.

As a man who rendered half of his life to cement business and believing that my duty is to return to my former position fore more exertion, I hereby contend that I am not a Zaibatsu appointee.

Supplement

1. Circumstances under which I was appointed to the position of Board Chairman:

Upon the surrender in August 1945 all of the offices, plants and attached facilities of the Chosen Asano Cement Co., Ltd., located in Kokai-do, Korea were confiscated by the U.S.S.R. Forces. With this capture of my service place I was relieved of my duties to be detained with other employees and barely could escape from it after every effort to return to Tokyo in December 1945.

At that time, with dissolution of the Zaibatsu, Asano Zaibatsu's appointees were retired en bloc from the Nippon Cement Co. and my old colleagues were put in the staff officials' position such as presidency (occupied by Yoshiro Tokune - now chairman) and vice-presidency (filled by Kenji Ueda). These people, concerned about my financial plight after repatriation and rendering sympathetic assistance, helped select me to the position of director and with amendment to company's Article to set up board-chairmanship installed the newly elected director into this new post. Thus my appointment to this position effected only as means for relieving me out of my predicament ensued repatriation. In January 1946 I was put into chairman's seat.

I was in this position getting quite small sum of allowance up to April 1947 when I was removed from the post upon designation as falling under purge stipulations.

2. Actual activities in executing my duties as board-chairman:

After assuming the chairmanship my only business was to attend at board meetings and every management business of the company was transacted by the president leaving nothing for me to handle. Convocation of board meeting was made in the name of the president despite the company's Article which provided that the said meeting be called up by the chairman. As my chairmanship was given as means of relief as mentioned above and as it was stipulated in the Article, I was not authorized to take part in the transaction of substantial business operations.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 1)

October 1950

On List of Officials prior to 1936

It is hereby certified that the following list of officials of the Nippon (formerly Asano) Cement Co. in relation to their Zaibatsu or capital connection piror to 1936 is true and correct.

Chuji Egami

Standing director,
Nippon Cement Co.

Name:	Relation with Zaibatsu or his capital representation:
ASANO, Soichiro	The Soichiro Asano I.
OKAWA, Heisaburo	Representing Okawa Tanaka intérests.
YASUDA, Zenzaburo	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu
YASOSHIMA, Chikanori	Representing Shibusawa interests.
SHIRAISHI, Motojiro	Son-in-law of Soichiro Asano I.
ASANO, Yasujiro	1st son of Soichiro Asano (later assumed father's name to become Soichiro Asano II).

Name:	Relation with Zaibatsu or his capital representation:
ODAKA, Ugoro	Representing Odaka interests.
YASUDA, Zennosuke	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu (later assumed the name Zenjiro to become its second generation).
TOYOZAKI, Makoto	Representing Tokugawa interests.
KATSU, Sei	Representative of Tokugawa interests in succession of Makoto Toyozaki.
SHIBUSAWA, Takenosuke	Representative of Shibusawa Zaibatsu succeeding Chikanori Yasoshima.
YASUDA, Zenjiro	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu replacing Zenzaburo Yasuda.
YASUDA, Zengoro	Filled position vacated by deceased Zenjiro Yasuda I.
TANAKA, Eihachiro	Representing Okawa Tanaka interests.
ASANO, Ryozo	Second son of Soichiro Asano I.
KANEKO, Kiyota	Spousal relative of Soichiro Asano I.
ODAKA, Toyosaku	Representative of Odaka interests succeeding Kogoro Odaka.
SAKATANI, Yoshiro	Representing Shibusawa interests and go-between in economic circle.
KURATA, Kamekichi	Former member of Iwaki Mining Co., Asano affiliate and marital relative of Asano family.
SUZUKI, Monjiro	Son-in-law of Soichiro Asano I.
TAKEUCHI, Teisaburo	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu succeeding Zenjiro Yasuda II.

Name:	Relation with Zaibatsu or his capital representation:
ASANO, Hachiro	3rd son of Soichiro Asano I.
OTSUTAKE, Shigeo	Recommended by company's financial syndicate (Dai-ichi, Yasuda and Nippon Kogyo Banks)
TOKUGAWA, Makoto	Representative of Tokugawa interests replacing Sei Katsu.
SHIJO, Takehide	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu replacing Teisaburo Takeuchi.
MORI, Kozo	Representative of Yasuda Zaibatsu succeeding Takahide Shijo.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 2)

October 1950

On List of Officials from 1937 to 1940 inclusive.

I, former chief of the Secretariat of the subject company for the period as mentioned below, hereby certify that the officials of the Nippon Cement Co. between 1930 and 1940 were as listed below.

Shigeru Taniguchi

Managing director,
Daiichi Cement Co., Ltd.

List of Officials of Nippon Cement Co.

during 1930 through 1940.

Name	Position	Date of Assumption	Date of Resignation	Reason of Resignation
ASANO, Soichiro	President	2 December 1930	10 January 1942	Assumption of President of Cement Association
KANEKO Kiyota	Managing director	26 February 1927	24 December 1940	Debasement

Name	Position	Date of Assumption	Date of Resignation	Reason of Resignation
ASANO, Hachiro	Standing director	21 July 1930	8 December 1941	Promotion
OTSUTAKE, Shigeo	"	28 July 1931	26 May 1942	Retirement
SHIRAISHI, Motojiro	Director	July 1921	24 December 1945	Death
ASANO, Ryozo	"	20 July 1923	11 December 1945	Retirement
TANAKA, Eihachiro	"	"	16 March 1941	Death
SAKATANI, Yoshiro	"	26 February 1927	14 November 1941	"
MORI, Kozo	"	29 July 1936	12 January 1944	"
FUJII, Mitsuzo	"	27 January 1937	(in position)	
TAKIYAMA, Yonetaro	"	"	28 August 1940	Retirement
YASUDA, Zengoro	Auditor	20 January 1922	26 May 1942	Moved into directorship
ODAKA, Toyosaku	"	21 July 1925	4 January 1944	Death
TOKUGAWA, Makoto	"	28 January 1933	(in position)	
SHIBUSAWA, Takenosuke	"	27 January 1937	4 June 1946	Death

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 3)

October 1950

On List of Officials of Employee Origin

from December 1940 to 1947.

I, as was in the position of assistant chief of the General Affairs Department, Head Office of the Nippon Cement Co. (formerly Asano Cement Co.) and that of chief of the same department in charge of secretary affairs for the period between 1940 and 1947, hereby certify that the officials of the said company during the afore-mentioned period, with their histories and other details, are as listed below.

Shigeru Taniguchi

Managing Director,
Daiichi Cement Co.

Name	Position	Date of Assumption	Age at Time of Assumption	Term as Employee	Last Post as Employee	Time of Employment	Education Record
SAITO, Sakuzo	Director	December 1940	59	14 years 9 months	Chief of Supply Department	August 1926 (14 years with Toyo Kisen K.K.)	Toyo Kyokai University (now Koryo University)
NAKAGAWA, Hiroshi	"	"	54	27 years 9 months	Chief of Research Department	November 1913	Kyoto University, Manufacturing Chemistry Division.
ATOMI, Tomiji	"	"	52	17 years 9 months	Chief of Business Department	April 1923	Tokyo University, Economics Division
HORI, Sonosuke	"	January 1942	62	24 years 8 months	Chief of General Affairs Department	May 1917	Tokyo University, Law Division.
NINOMIYA, Yuzo	"	"	58	33 years 6 months	Chief of Slate Department	November 1908	Keio University, Economics Department.
TOKUNE, Yoshiro	"	"	47	21 years 6 months	Chief of Technical Department and Chief of Laboratory	August 1920	Kyushu University, Applied Chemistry Division.
UEDA, Kenji	"	June 1942	57	15 years 6 months	Chief of Operation Department	January 1927 (16 years with Toyo Kisen K.K.)	Tokyo School of Foreign Languages.

Name	Position	Date of Assumption	Age at Time of Assumption	Term as Employee	Last Post as Employee	Time of Employment	Education Record
YAMAGUCHI, Riichiro	Director	June 1944	46	21 years 3 months	Chief of Personnel Department	April 1923	Kyoto University, Economics Division
INOUE, Eiki	"	"	46	"	Chief of South Affairs Department	"	Tokyo University, Mechanics Division
KOSUGI, Yoshiharu	"	June 1945	51	22 years 3 months	Chief of Slate Department	"	Tokyo University, Law Division
MATSUO, Seiju	"	April 1946	49	23 years 1 month	Chief of Moji Plant	"	Tokyo University, Mechanics Division
TANIGUCHI, Shigeru	"	"	48	22 years 1 month	Chief of General Affairs Department	February 1924	Tokyo University, Politics Division
MITANI, Minekichi	"	"	47	21 years 11 months	Chief of Kamiiso Plant	June 1924	Kyoto University, Electricity Division
OKUNO, Tomoyuki	"	"	46	21 years 9 months	Chief of Koharu Plant	September 1924	Kyushu University, Applied Chemistry Division

Name	Position	Date of Assumption	Age at Time of Assumption	Term as Employee	Last Post as Employee	Time of Employment	Education Record
HIRAOKA, Josuke	Director	April 1946	56	32 years 9 months	Chief of Accounting Department	August 1924	Keio University, Economics Department.
MAJIMA, Tatsui	"	July 1947	50	23 years 8 months	Chief of Materials Department	December 1923	Keio University, Economics Department.
TAKAKURA, Hosaku	"	"	52	24 years 4 months	Technical Superintendent	April 1923	Tokyo University, Mining Division
EGAMI, Chuji	"	"	44	23 years 3 months	Chief of Accounting Department	May 1924	Tokyo University, Economics Division.
TANAKA, Shigeyoshi	"	"	47	21 years 5 months	Chief of Personnel Department	March 1926	Kyoto University, Economics Division.
HOSOI, Junzo	"	"	"	21 years 4 months	Chief of Nishi-Tama Plant.	April 1926	Kyushu University, Applied Chemistry Division.
NAITO, Giichi	"	"	50	22 years 6 months	Assistant Chief of Production Department through Chief of Slate Department.	April 1921	Tokyo Higher Engineering School, Ceramic Division.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 4)

October 1950

I, being in the position of auditor of the Nippon (former Asano) Cement Co., Ltd. since 1933, hereby certify that the following fact is true and correct.

In 1937, for the first time, two employees were selected for the positions of director with the aim of enhancing employees' status. Thereafter, when there was a mid-term vacancy or new election for officials' position employees with talent and knowledge were selected for the position (except for the case of Hajime and Zengoro Yasuda who represented financial establishment and of Kazuharu Asano, heir to Soichiro Asano, first generation of the Zaibatsu).

Makoto Tokugawa

Auditor,
Nippon Cement Co.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 5)

October 1950

On Comparison of History of Zaibatsu Appointees
with that of Officials coming from Employee Rank.

It is hereby certified that the facts claimed in the letter on application in regard to the above subject matter are true and correct.

Keiichi Tajima

Chief of General
Affairs Department,
Nippon Cement Co.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 6)

October 1950

I hereby certify that, while I was in the position of director in the Asano Cement Co., Ltd. (now called Nippon Cement Co., Ltd.) from 1929 to 1945, there existed no agreement which required previous approval of the Asano Zaibatsu with respect to appointment of director in the said company or in any of its affiliates.

Also certified is that when Mr. Sohnosuke Hata was appointed to the position of managing director of the Chosen Asano Cement Co., Ltd. or to standing directorship of the Asano Cement Co., Ltd. no approval was obtained from the same Zaibatsu.

Hachiro Asano

13, Azabu Higashi
Toriizaka, Minato-ku, .
Tokyo.

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 7)

October 1950

It is hereby certified that:

There existed no agreement which required previous approval of this Company as a Zaibatsu concern with respect to an appointment of director in the Asano Cement Co., Ltd. (now Nippon Cement Co., Ltd.) or its affiliate, and when Mr. Sohnosuke Hata was appointed to the position of managing director and that of standing director of the Asano Cement Co., Ltd. no such approval was obtained from this Company.

Kabushiki Kaisha
Asano Honsha (sealed)

C E R T I F I C A T E (No. 8)

October 1950

Before the termination of war the board meeting was being steered under powerful voices of Zaibatsu appointees, even with title as plain director while standing director of employee origin were not fully allowed to utter his opinions except when consulted on special matters under his charge.

Makoto Tokugawa

Auditor,
Nippon Cement Co., Ltd.

No. 198

APPROVED December 11, 1950
承認 昭和25年12月11日

NAME HATA, Sohnosuke T. Ozawa

No. Name of Company

25. 12. 13 付

浅野

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して、いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

會社（第　　號）

氏名

第一頁

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）　はた　そう　之の　すけ　畑　惣　助

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）　なし

三、生年月日（年齡數え年）　明治十二年二月七日生

四、出生地（都道府縣）　東京都

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號　神奈川縣鎌倉市長谷一九四番地

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）　東京都豐島區巢鴨六丁目一、二九〇番地

Questionnaire

1. Name (In full).

HATA, Sohnosuke

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known. (alias or penname).

None

3. Date of birtn (age).

7 February 1879

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

Tokyo-to.

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

194, Hase, Kamakura-shi, Kanagawa-ken.

6. Permanent address (in full).

1,290, 6-chome, Sugamo, Toshima-ku, Tokyo-To.

第二頁

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、従屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位

（一）會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）

日本セメント株式會社（舊稱淺野セメント株式會社）

（二）財閥會社、制限會社、従屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）

財閥準直系會社

（三）地位

取締役

（四）就任の豫定日

本申請御許可あり次第

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業

なし

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係

（一）關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）

なし

（二）指定者が指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無

なし

淺野財閥

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.

a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

Nippon Cement Co., Ltd.
(formerly Asano Cement Co., Ltd.)
Asano Zaibatsu.

b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected company (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

Zaibatsu direct affiliate.

c. Position.

Director

d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

Upon approval of the application.

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

None

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.

a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (includiug relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

None

b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

Not applicable

七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務內容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務內容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること

(1)本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率

(2)本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務內容（詳細に）	會社團體等の事業內容及び所在地
明四三、七就 同四三、一二退	株式會社野澤組	研究社員	農產貿易研究	東京都日本橋貿易商
同同一二就 大六、五退	北海道興業株式會社	支配人	工場庶務、勞務	北海道留萌町 土地開發業
大六、六就 同一四	日本（舊淺野）セメント株式會社	川崎工場庶務課長	セメント聯合會關係事務	東京都深川區清澄町 セメント製造其他
自昭五、七 至昭二、八	本社營業部總務課事務長	本社庶務部長兼庶務課長	會社庶務、勞務、株式關係事務取扱	
昭二、八就 同一七、一退	朝鮮淺野セメント株式會社	專務取締役	社長の命により一般事務取扱	朝鮮黃海道鳳山郡文井面龍澤里 セメント製造販賣

同一九	一五歳退就	日本（舊淺野）セメント株式會社	常務取締役	朝鮮貴海道鳳山郡文井面龍潭里	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭一九・五	同	朝鮮淺野セメント株式會社	取締役社長	東京都丸の内大手町	右に同じ	右に同じ
同二〇・八	五歳就退	日本（舊淺野）セメント株式會社	取締役會長	東京都麹町區丸の内一の六	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭二三・四	四歳就退	淺野證券保有株式會社	取締役	富山縣伏木町	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭一六・一二	一二歳就退	臺灣セメント株式會社	取締役	三重縣四日市市	右に同じ	右に同じ
終戰と共に退		伏木木材工業株式會社	取締役	東京都麹町區丸の内一の六	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭一八・一二	一二歳就退	三岐鐵道株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ
終戰と共に退		中國石膏株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭二〇・一二	一二歳就退	會津鑛業株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ
同二〇・一一	一一歳就退	日本セメント株式會社	常務取締役	朝鮮貴海道鳳山郡文井面龍潭里	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭一七・一二	一三歳就退	朝鮮淺野セメント株式會社	取締役社長	東京都丸の内大手町	右に同じ	右に同じ
同二一・一二	一二歳就退	日本（舊淺野）セメント株式會社	取締役會長	東京都麹町區丸の内一の六	右に同じ	右に同じ
昭一七・一二	一三歳就退	淺野證券保有株式會社	取締役	富山縣伏木町	右に同じ	右に同じ
同二一・一二	一二歳就退	臺灣セメント株式會社	取締役	三重縣四日市市	右に同じ	右に同じ
		伏木木材工業株式會社	取締役	東京都麹町區丸の内一の六	右に同じ	右に同じ
		三岐鐵道株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ
		中國石膏株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ
		會津鑛業株式會社	取締役	右に同じ	右に同じ	右に同じ

庶務部場託を兼任し庶務、労務、株式關係事務取扱
代表權なし

日本セメント株式會社（親會社）の命により社務運營

取締役會長として取締役會の議事を統轄するも社務運營に關與せず
代表權なし
會社業務に參劃せるも非常任

10. Chronological record of profession and employment.

Note 1: "Organization or company" mentioned in this column include any organization or company other than Zaibatsu company. With reference to organizations, relationship with economic organizations such as union, association or conference etc. will particularly be given in detail.

Note 2: In case you did not, in fact, handle duties for which you have been authorized, duties and powers which you actually handled and name of the person who dealt with duties originally authorized for you will be given.

Note 3: With reference to the Zaibatsu company where you served as official or as a person accorded with the status of official, the following entries are additionally required.

a. Name and stock-holding percentage of stock-holders owning 10 per cent or more of the total stock of the company at the time of your assumption of office and retirement.

b. Name, position and dates of appointment and retirement of other officials of the company during the period when you served.

Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel.)	Duties and powers (in detail).	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.

Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel).	Duties and powers (in detail)	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.
July 1910	Kabushiki Kaisha Nozawa-gumi (employed)	Research personnel.	Study in trade of agricultural products.	Trade merchant; Nihon-bashi, Tokyo.
December 1910	Retired			
"	Hokkaido Kogyo K.K. (employed)	Manager		Land exprolation; Rumoe-machi, Hokkaido
May 1917	Retired			
June 1917	Nippon Cement K.K. (Asano Cement K.K.)	Chief of Miscellaneous Section, Kawasaki Plant.	Miscellaneous affairs, labor management in plant.	Manufacture of cement and others; Kiyozumi-cho, Fukagawa, Tokyo.
1925		Manager, Trade Section, Sales Dep't.	Matters concerning Cement Association	
July 1930 -- August 1936		Chief of Miscellaneous Affairs Dep't and Miscellaneous Section, Head Office.	Miscellaneous affairs, labor management and matters concerning stocks.	
August 1936-- January 1942	Chosen Asano Cement K.K. (Retired)	Managing director	General affairs under direction and order of president	Manufacture and Sales of Cement; Ryutan-ri, Bunsei-men, Hozan-gun, Kokaido, Korea.
January 1942 - May 1944	Nippon (Asano) Cement K.K. (Retired)	Standing director	Commissioned of Miscellaneous Affairs Dep't in charge of miscellaneous, labor affairs and matters concerning stocks; without representing power.	

DOCUMENT NO. [illegible] SEC. 3(E) AND 3(F) OR (E) NND # 775012

Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel).	Duties and Powers (in detail)	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.
May 1944 — August 1945	Chosen Asano Cement K.K.	President	Management of Company under direction of parent company, Nippon Cement K.K.	
April 1946 — April 1947	Nippon (Asano) Cement K.K.	Chairman	Presiding over board meeting, no participation in actual business transactions; no power to represent company.	Marunouchi, Ote-machi, Tokyo.
December 1943- August 1945	Asano Securities Holding K.K.	Director	Non-standing; participated in business transactions.	1-6, Marunouchi, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo.
December 1941- August 1945	Taiwan Cement K.K.	"	"	"
December 1945- December 1946	Fushiki Lumber Industry K.K.	"	"	Fushiki-machi, Toyama-ken.
April 1943- December 1945	Mitsumata Railway K.K.	"	"	Yokkaichi-shi, Mie-ken.
March 1936 - December 1946	Chugoku Plaster K.K.	"	"	1-6, Marunouchi, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo.
March 1942 - December 1946	Aizu Mining K.K.	"	"	"

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNCC # 113012

十一、本人の役員就任當時その勤務した財閥會社と財閥又は財閥直系會社との間に役員としての就任についての事前承認を必要とする旨の取極の有無

無

(一) 明文の取極なし

(二) 本人の役員としての就任の事情の詳細、特にその就任につき財閥又は財閥直系會社が關與した事實の有無

私が日本（舊稱淺野）セメント株式會社の役員に就任した昭和十七年（一九四二年）當時同社は財閥と關係のない社員を已に多數役員に選んでゐた、私は入社後二十六年で取締役に就任したのであるが私と同時に就任した齋藤作藏は購買、經理を擔當し私は庶務、勞務、株式を擔當すべく選任されました

私が役員に就任當時その就任につき財閥直系會社たる淺野本社が關與した事實は全くなく又當時役員の選任事情が社會一般の趨勢と社内事情とによつて社員中の高級古參者の内から適任者を選ぶ先例となつて居たので當時は最早財閥の好惡によつて選任を左右出來ない社内事情となつてゐた

11. At the time of your assnmption of office as official, whether or not the arrangement that the previous approval be obtained from the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate regarding assumption of the position of official existed between the Zaibatsu company where you served and the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates.

a. Whether or not the arrangemeut existed in writing.

No arrangement existed in writing.

b. Details of circumstances under whicn you assumed the position of official; particularly whether or not the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate was concerned in approving your assumption of office.

At the time of my appointment to official's position in the Nippon Cement Co., Ltd. (formerly Asano Cement) in 1942, many officials were already selected from among the employees who had no connection with the Zaibatsu.

I was selected for the position of director after 26 years in the company since my employment to be in charge of miscellaneous and labor affiars and of matters with respect to stocks while one of my colleagues who was also selected to officials position at the same time was assigned to handle purchasing and accounting affairs.

The Zaibatsu or its direct affiliate, Asano Honsha was not concerned in approving my assumption of office. At that time the Zaibatsu had already lost its control in selecting the officials according to its private favoritism as the rule to select officials from among the elder ranking employees was already established in compliance with the outer trend prevalent in the general business circle and with the inside situations of the company itself..

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDS # 775012

十二、本調査書作成年月日

昭和二十五年十月　日

「この調査表の記載は眞實であり且つ完全であることを確言する、又私はこの調査表の重要な事項について虚僞又は事實をかくした記載があるときは財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられることを諒承してをる旨申し添える」

署名　太田惣之助　印

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

12. Date

13. I hereby certify that entries made in this questionnaire are true and complete. I further add that I understand that entries false or lacking full and cemplete disclosure on relevant or material matters in this questiornaire will subject me to penaly in accordance with the provisions of Article 31 of the Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control.

Signa ture

SECURITIES EXCH. ACT 1934 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) RULE 1 — 17302

一個人以上の株券所有者の調査書

日本セメント株式會社

前取締役會長　淺野總一郎

昭和三十二年三月三十一日現在

年月日	氏名	所有株数	株数(資本金)	百分比
昭二七、二、一〇	淺野同族株式會社 代表取締役社長　淺野總一郎	三八九五七	三四六三〇〇株 (一三二三〇〇〇円)	一・七九%
昭三二、三、三一	株式會社淺野本社 代表取締役社長　淺野總一郎	四九九四一三	三五三〇〇〇株 (一三八〇一〇〇〇円)	一・八二

以上

有註三ノ(1)に関する

前取締役會長　淺野總一郎

日本セメント株式會社

代表者　淺野　潔之助

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNCC # 775012

個人調査書第七項註三ノ(2)による
勤務期間に於ける他の役員一覧

氏名	地位	就任	退任	就任及退任
浅野總一郎	取締役社長(再)	昭一九、二五	昭二一、四二六	
浅野八郎	專務取締役	昭一六、一二、八	昭二〇、一二、一一	
乙竹茂郎	常務取締役	昭六、七二八	昭一七、五二六	
齋藤作藏	常務取締役	昭一七、一〇	昭一九、五、三	
德根吉郎	取締役	昭一七、一〇	昭二〇、六二八	
	監査役	昭二〇、六二八	昭二〇、一二一一	
	取締役	昭一九、五、三	昭二〇、六二八	
	常務取締役	昭一八、七二六	昭二一、四二〇	
白石元治郎	取締役	大一〇、七、	昭二〇、一二、二四	
淺野長三	取締役	大一一、七二〇	昭二〇、一二、一一	
金子喜代太	取締役	大一一、七二〇	昭一九、七二九	

森	廣	三	取締役
鹽	井	光	取締役
二	宮	祐	取締役
安	出	壽	監査役
			取締役
上	田	健	取締役
			常務取締役
			取締役副社長
安	田	一	取締役
井	上	英	取締役
			常務取締役
			代表常務取締役
			取締役社長
山	口	利	取締役
淺	野	一	取締役

昭	一	一	六	三	九	昭	一	九	一	三	
昭	一	一	一	三	七	現		任			
昭	一	七	一	二	〇	昭	一	八	三	二	八
昭	一	一	七	三	九	昭	一	七	五	二	六
昭	一	七	六	三	二	昭	二	〇	一	一	〇
昭	一	七	六	三	二	昭	一	九	五		三
昭	一	九	五		三	昭	二	一	四	二	七
昭	一	一	四	二	七	昭	二	一	四	三	〇
昭	一	九	六	三	二	昭	二	〇	一	一	〇
昭	一	九	六	三	二	昭	二	一	四	二	七
昭	二	一	四	二	七	昭	二	一	七	一	五
昭	二	一	七	一	五	昭	二	四	九		八
昭	二	四	九		八	現		任			
昭	一	九	六	三	二	昭	二	一	四	三	〇
昭	二	〇	六	三	八	昭	二	一	四	二	七

SECTION 16(a) OF THE 1934 SEC. 3(B) AND 3(E) OR (E) RULES # 179012

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

小杉義治	取締役	昭二〇、六二八	昭二一、四二七
	常務取締役	昭二一、四二七	昭二二、七一五
	専務取締役	昭二二、七一五	昭二四九八専務のみ退任
松尾正壽	取締役	昭二一、四二七	昭二二、七一五
	常務取締役	昭二二、七一五	昭二四九八常務のみ退任
谷口　禰	取締役	昭二一、四二七	昭二二、七一五
	常務取締役	昭二二、七一五	昭二四九八常務のみ退任
平岡讓助	取締役	昭二一、四二七	昭二二、七一五
	常任監査役	昭二二、七一五	昭二四三三常任のみ退任
三谷峰吉	取締役	昭二一、四二七	
	常務取締役	昭二四九八昇任	現任
奥野晉行	取締役	昭二一、四二七	
[illegible]	常務取締役	昭二四九八昇任	現任
瀧澤武之助	監査役	昭一六、六二七	昭二一、六一四
尾高豊作	監査役	大一四、七二一	昭一九、六四

徳川	監査役	取締役会長
藤原	監査役	取締役社長
大塚	監査役	取締役副社長

DESIGNATED U.S.C. TITLE 50 APP. SEC. 5(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

Name and stock-holding percentage of stock-holders owning 10 per cent or more.

(in compliance with 10. Note 3, a)

Date	Name	Number of shares	Total number of stock	Percentage
10 January 1942	President, representing Asano Family K.K., Soichiro Asano	389,597	2,466,200 (¥123,310,000)	15.79
25 June 1947	President, representing Asano Honsha, Soichiro Asano	499,412	2,520,000 (¥126,000,000)	19.81

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 5(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNDB # 775012

List of other officials during the period when I served.

(in compliance with 10. Note 3, b)

Name	Position	Date of appointment	Date of retirement
ASANO, Soichiro	President (re-appointed)	25 Feb. 1944	26 Apr. 1946
ASANO, Hachiro	Managing director	8 Dec. 1941	11 Dec. 1945
OTSUTAKE, Shigeo	Standing director	28 Jul. 1931	26 May 1942
SAITO, Sakuzo	Standing director	10 Jan. 1942	3 May 1944
	Director	3 May 1944	28 Jun. 1945
	Auditor	28 Jun. 1945	11 Dec. 1945
TOKUNE, Yoshiro	Director	10 Jan. 1942	26 Jul. 1943
	Standing director	26 Jul. 1943	20 Apr. 1946
	President	27 Apr. 1946	26 Jun. 1947
SHIRAISHI, Motojiro	Director	July 1921	24 Dec. 1945
ASANO, Ryozo	Director	20 Jul. 1923	11 Dec. 1945
KANEKO, Kiyota	Director	20 Jul. 1923	29 Jul. 1944
MORI, Kozo	Director	29 Jul. 1936	12 Jan. 1944
FUJII, Mitsuzo	Director	27 Jan. 1937	(incumbent)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 773012

Name	Position	Date of appointment	Date of retirement
NINOMIYA, Yuzo	Director	10 Jan. 1942	26 Feb. 1943
YASUDA, Zengoro	Auditor	29 Jul. 1922	16 May 1942
	Director	22 Jun. 1942	10 Dec. 1945
UEDA, Kenji	Director	22 Jun. 1942	3 May 1944
	Standing director	3 May 1944	27 Apr. 1946
	Vice-president	27 Apr. 1946	30 Apr. 1947
YASUDA, Hajime	Director	22 Jun. 1944	10 Dec. 1945
INOUE, Eiki	Director	22 Jun. 1944	27 Apr. 1946
	Standing director	27 Apr. 1946	15 Jul. 1947
	Representing managing director	15 Jul. 1947	8 Sep. 1949
	President	8 Sep. 1949	(incumbent)
YAMAGUCHI, Riichiro	Director	22 Jun. 1944	30 Apr. 1947
ASANO, Kazuharu	Director	28 Jun. 1945	27 Apr. 1946
KOSUGI, Yoshiharu	Director	28 Jun. 1945	27 Apr. 1946
	Standing director	27 Apr. 1946	15 Jul. 1947
	Managing director	15 Jul. 1947	8 Sep. 1949 (incumbent as plain director)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

Name	Position	Date of appointment	Date of retirement
MATSUO, Seiju	Director	27 Apr. 1946	15 Jul. 1947
	Standing director	15 Jul. 1947	8 Sep. 1949 (incumbent as plain director)
TANIGUCHI, Shigeru	Director	27 Apr. 1946	15 Jul. 1947
	Standing director	15 Jul. 1947	8 Sep. 1949 (incumbent in plain directorship)
HIRAOKA, Josuke	Director	27 Apr. 1946	15 Jul. 1947
	Standing auditor	15 Jul. 1947	22 Dec. 1949 (incumbent in plain dauditorship)
MITSUYA, Minekichi	Director	27 Apr. 1946	
	Standing director	8 Sep. 1949 (promoted)	(incumbent)
OKUNO, Tomoyuki	Director	27 Apr. 1946	
	Standing director	8 Sep. 1949 (promoted)	(incumbent)
SHIBUSAWA, Takenosuke	Auditor	27 Jan. 1937	4 Jun. 1946
ODAKA, Toyosaku	Auditor	21 Jul. 1925	4 Jan. 1944
TOKUGAWA, Mokoto	Auditor	28 Jan. 1933	(incumbent)
SAITO, Junzo	Auditor	4 Jun. 1942	15 Oct. 1947
OTSUKA, Toshio	Auditor	24 Dec. 1945	17 Dec. 1946

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

18 December 1950

Report on Examination (Zaibatsu Appointee) No. 198

Zaibatsu Appointees
Examination Section

1. Applicant:

HATA, Sonosuke

2. Affected Position:

Standing Director (January 1942 - May 1944)
Board Chairman (April 1946 - 11 January 1947)
Nippon Cement K.K., Asano quasi-direct affiliate.

3. The application has been filed for approval of not being a Zaibatsu appointee in accordance with the provisions of Article 6 in consideration of assuming the position of director in the Nippon Cement K.K., Asano quasi-direct affiliate company. As the result of examination the application has been decided to be approved for the following reason.

Reason:

Standing director and board chairman of the Nippon Cement K.K.

(1) Circumstances under which the applicant was appointed:

The applicant, after graduation from the Tokyo University in 1910, was employed by the Nippon Cement (formerly Asano Cement) in 1917. In August 1936 when the Chosen Asano Cement K.K. (not a Zaibatsu Company) was established he was selected as its managing director while he was holding the post as chief of Miscellaneous Department and concurrently chief of Miscellaneous Section in Asano Cement's Head Office.

This Chosen Asano Cement was, in virtue, one of Asano Cement's plants company whose entire business were being operated under Asano Cement's direction. Thus the applicant was, despite his nominal title of managing director, only a plant manager. Actually he was only given authorities and responsibilities proper for such position and the appointment was only made to give a better treatment for a elder employee to be one of personnel shuffles within the bound of the Asano

with nominal title as an independent

Cement.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NND # 775012

Cement. Then in January 1942 the applicant was ordered to return to the Asano Cement to be appointed as standing director at the officials' shuffle ensuing the resignation of the president, Soichiro Asano. This was effected as a means of according better status in reward for his as long as 25 years' service since his employment (he was already 62 years old at that time) and was only a honorary and nominal remuneration as it was in the case of his selection for official's post in the Chosen Asano Cement.

Then in May 1944 he was again ordered to take charge of the Chosen Asano Cement as its president (like his former managing directorship in the company, the Chosen Asano Cement was being operated entirely under the direction of the Nippon Cement and his substance deserved only to a manager of plant). While he was in this position the war came to its end in August 1945 and the company was seized by U.S.S.R. forces by which the applicant, with other employees, was detained to escape from it at last in December of the same year returning to Tokyo. In January 1946 he was elected as board chairman of the Nippon Cement.

The selection for this position was made for the purpose of helping him financially considering his needful condition after his repatriation, promoted by his old colleagues who were then holding highest positions such as president, vice president and other staff officials after the all-out resignation of Zaibatsu officials due to the dissolution of the Zaibatsu effected at the time of his repatriation. At the share-holders general meeting in January 1946 he was elected as director and establishing a new position for chairman by amending the Article of the company the colleagues selected him to this new post as a convenient means of assisting and helping the applicant. At that time the Asano Zaibatsu was already dissolved to be allowed no participation in this matter. The company took this action entirely at its own discretion.

(2) Actual activities in executing duties:

The title of standing director of the Nippon Cement was given to the applicant only as honorary and nominal reward with no authority to represent the company and the applicant was never allowed to participate in the highest policy-making of the management. With the appointment to the position he was commissioned to be in charge of the General Affairs Department. During his whole tenure as standing director he was merely in charge of matters under jurisdiction of three sections of Miscellaneous Affairs,

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NNDG # 713012

Labor, and Stock and was never authorized to take part in the other important matters pertaining to business operation, technical problem and accounting. He, therefor, had never participated in the general and important management affairs.

The selection for chairmanship, being a matter of convenience aimed at financial help for the applicant, was not accompanied by authority to participate in the substantial business transactions and the entire operations of the company were being carried out by the president allowing no sharing of the applicant.

The applicant, designated as falling under provisions of purge directive on the ground of his having been in the position of standing director in the Nippon Cement, was specially remitted from the designation as of 13 October 1950.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652 SEC. 3(E) AND 5(D) OR (E) NND # 713012

18 December 1950

Report on Examination (Zaibatsu Appointee) No. 198

Zaibatsu Appointees
Examination Section

1. Applicant:

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with nominal title as an independent

Cement.

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED UNDER SEC. 3(E) AND 3(D) OR (E) NNDG # 775012

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The applicant, designated as falling under provisions of purge directive on the ground of his having been in the position of standing director in the Nippon Cement, was specially remitted from the designation as of 13 October 1950.

No. 200

APPROVED December 18, 1950
承認 昭和25年12月18日
T. Ogawa

Date December 15th , 1950

受 25. 12. 15 付

Mr. Shigeru Yoshida,
Prime Minister

三井

Dear Sir :

Re : Application pursuant to the provisions of Article 6 of the "Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control"

I was first appointed official of the company on May 29, 1945, when I became director. Then I was appointed to managing director on November 29, 1945, which I resigned on March 14, 1947. Also I was appointed to auditor of the Eirei Kagaku Kogyo K.K., a Mitsui associated concern, on June 22, 1945, which I resigned on August 15, 1945. Therefore though I am applicable under the provisions of Article 6 of the Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control, I hereby wish to submit my application pursuant to the provisions of Item 2, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Law, for your approval that I do not fall under the category of Zaibatsu official. The reason for application and questionnaire are submitted herewith

Yours very truly,

Benzo Hamane

Benzo Hamane
Former Managing Director
Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K.

Enclosures:

1. Reason for Application
   Annexes 1 Certificate of Mr. Taneki Hisamura, former President
   2 Certificate of Mr. Katsutaro Shibata, former President
   3 Certificate of Mitsui Honsha
   4 Certificate of Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K.
2. Questionnaire

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REASON FOR APPLICATION

1. Director and Managing Director of Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K.

1) Circumstances under which I assumed the positions.

Immediately after graduating from the Tokyo Commercial College in March 1917, I was employed by Mitsui Bussan K.K., where I was engaged in the sales of chemical fertilizer in the Business Department of the Head Office till October, 1934. In November the same year I was transfered to the Miike Chisso Kogyo K.K., where I supervised the sales as chief salesman of the said office, and also was requested to assume the position of chief salesman of the Head Office of the Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K. on part time basis. When Miike Chisso was amalgamated by Toyo Koatsu by merger in February 1937, I was formally employed by latter. Since then I successively held the position of Chief, Commercial Section, Chief, Miscelaneous Section, Chief, Business Department and so forth at the Head Office of Toyo Koatsu. At the time I was appointed to an official I was in the position of Chief, Production Department. As I had already reached my age limits a special measure had been taken to extend it for two years pursuant to the regulation of the company and had continued services as an employee, which made me the eldest among them. It was at the General Stockholders Meeting of May 1945 that I was elected an official. The ground on which I was elected was as a reward to an experienced senior who had carried out successful services ever since the founding of the company, and because of my modest charactor which would cause little friction among the employees. Thus Mr. Katsutaro Shibata, Managing Director, considered me appropriate for a director and recommended me to Mr. Taneki Hisamura, President, for his consideration. (Refer to annex 1 and 2)

The war terminated soon after I assumed the position of director. All officials retired and reelections of all directors and auditors were held on November 29, 1945. Mr. Shibata, in picking out a person to fill in the vacancy of managing director considered my age and long service and chose me. As mentioned above, my appointments to director and managing director were not made under any influence of the Mitsui Honsha, Mitsui Kagaku or Mitsui Zaibatsu, but on an independent standpoint of Toyo Koatsu; particularly at the time of my appointment to managing director, the Mitsui Zaibatsu had already announced its dissolution and neither Mitsui Honsha nor Mitsui Kagaku had anything to do with this appointment.

2) Actual performances of my duties.

As aformentioned I became an official of Toyo Koatsu on account of my long service and experience resulting from my sincere performance of

duties as a clerical employee since entering the Mitsui Bussan. Even after I became director I concurrently held the position of Chief, Production Department on account of my long clerical experience and engaged myself in supervision of material purchase, cost acounting, sales, and so forth. Upon the appointment to managing director, I was assigned to supervise the Production Department and the General Affairs Department, and, as was the case during the period of director, I followed the instructions of Mr. Katsutaro Shibata, President, in carrying out business affairs. Consequently, when a vacancy occured in the seat of Chief, General Affairs Department, I assumed it concurrently and engaged in work relating to document, miscelaneous, stocks and so forth.

In addition, my appointment to official took place near the end of the war, and Mitsui Honsha was so busily occupied in its own policies that it was impossible for them to exercise control or give assistance. Therefore, though Toyo Koatsu was systematically an indirect affiliate of Mitsui Honsha since October, 1944, this became merely superficial. Furthermore, since termination of the war, Mitsui Honsha ceased it practical functions and announced its dissolution. Since then there was no room for Mitsui Honsha to participate in the activities of Toyo Koatsu systematically too. Toyo Koatsu has been operated on an independent standpoint without any influence whatsoever from Mitsui Honsha. Therefore there was not a single case where Toyo Koatsu applied for approval of or reported to Mitsui Honsha in regard with excecution of important business activities, personnel matters and so forth. (Refer to annexe 3)

Also, I had no personal relation with Mitsui Zaibatsu nor had any particularly intimate friends or aquaintances. Therefore I myself received no control from Mitsui Honsha through personal relationship but made my own decisions in the performance of my duties without considering Mitsui Zaibatsu.

Moreover, Mitsui Kagaku, who at the termination of the war possessed 34.6% of the total stocks and who were the parent company of Toyo Koatsu, was still young and was obliged to cope with their own daily business, which deprived them of the ability or energy to execute concrete policies to materialize substantial control. Mitsui Kagaku personnel were merely appointed to officials of Toyo Koatsu in the sense of reward and such officials never took part in actual business. At the time I assumed the office of director, there were only four such officials perfunctorily, and although their seal impressions are found on some of the papers regarding bills of the Board of Directors, they were merely matters of formality and had nothing to do with the appointment of officials or important business affairs. (Refer to annex 4)

As above set forth, my actual business activities recieved no control or domination of the Zaibatsu or Zaibatsu concerns, but were in accordance with my own decisions based on my own experience.

2. Auditor of Eirei Kagaku Kogyo K.K.

1) Circumstances under which I assumed the position:

The predecessor of the Eirei Kagaku Kogyo K.K. was the Yung Li Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., a chemical fertilizer company of Republic of China, capitalized at 5,500,000 Yuan, which was occupied by the Japanese Armed Forces soon after the outbreak of the Chinese Incident and whose restoration was undertaken by Toyo Koatsu under theorders of the Armed Forces. Subsequently, the plant was confiscated by the Renovation Government of the Republic of China, and, inducing Japanese capital, Eirei Kagaku Kogyo K.K. was founded on May 8, 1939 upon the capital of 10,000,000 Yen, as a concerted Sino-Japanese enterprise.
The holdings of the capital stock were as follows.

Toyo Koatsu	4,000,000 Yen
Mitsui Bussan	2,000,000 "
	(investment in cash)
Renovation Government of the Republic of China	
	4,000,000 Yen
	(material investment of plant)

Eirei Kagaku had an office in Tokyo to handle purchases and liaison work with the government agencies. As the volume of the work was small and as the office could be run by a superviser alone, there were no member under the superviser. The office was merely nominal and in fact, it was nothing but a liaison office. However with such a poor structure, it was difficult to win social confidence. So they requested Toyo Koatsu, their big stockholder, to send a part time employee to them, to which I complied in the name of consultant. My position was nominal and I did not participate in any business matters.

When a vacancy occured in the office of auditor in June 1945, the managing staff of Eirei Kagaku considered it reasonable to appoint one auditor of a Japanese national, considering the fact that one was a Chinese, and as Toyo Koatsu was a big stockholder they requested the appointment of Toyo Koatsu personnel to the office of official. And, as I, though it was nominal, had connections with Eirei Kagaku, as aformentioned, assumed the office of auditor.

As above set forth, there was not the least participation or direction of the Zaibatsu or the Zaibatsu concern in my appointment to auditor, but was in compliance with the request of Eirei Kagaku.

2) Actual performance of my duties.

I was appointed to the office of auditor just because of their consideration to Toyo Koatsu, their big stockholder, and I myself had no particular desire to be appointed thereto. Therefore, after I assumed the office of auditor I had no intention of fulfiling the duties in reality, and thus I had never been to Shanghai where the Head Office was located but stayed in Tokyo as usual. Such being the curcumstances, I had never attended the meetings of the Board of Directors and I have never even impressed my seal on the papers as an official. The actual duties of the auditor were performed by Mr. Cho Shiso, a Chinese national, who had been in this

position and I was not only unnecessary to participate but also had no opportunity to do so. And in addition the war was terminated in August 1945 and the Eirei Kagaku was dissolved, wherefor I retired from the office of auditor. My term of auditor was only two months and I had no opprtunity to touch the actual business of the Company.

As above set forth I held the position of auditor of Eirei Kagaku, but the reality was that it was literally nominal and there was no performance of duties.

Annex 1

(Translation)

CERTIFICATE

December 13th, 1950

At the time Mr. Benzo Yamane, former Managing Director of Toyo Koatsu was appointed to director on May 29, 1945, I was president of the company. The appointment of Mr. Yamane was recommended by Mr. Katsutaro Shibata, Managing Director. He was appointed with view to reward his long experience and service in the company and because expectations were placed on his modest and sincere personality. Thus the appointment was not due to any Zaibatsu relation.

I was originally a technical officer of the army and I have held the position of lecturer at the Tokyo Imperial University. It was because I was requested on account of my capacity of Lt. General which was deemed to bring many conveniences, that I held concurrently the positions of director of Mitsui Kagaku, director of Toa Gosei Kagaku. Therefore I was not a dispatched official of the Mitsui Zaibatsu. And at the time Mr. Yamane was appointed to an official, Mitsui Honsha had completely lost control over the company and Mitsui Kagaku, their big stockholder, also had nothing to do with the recommendation of Mr. Yamane.

From the foregoing reasons I made my independent decision without considering the relation with the Mitsui associates, and requested Mr. Benzo Yamane to assume the office of director.

I certify that the above statement is true and correct.

Taneki Hisamura
former President
Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K.

Annex 2
(Translation)

CERTIFICATE

December 12th, 1950

At the time when Mr. Benzo Yamane, former managing director of Toyo Koatsu was appointed to director on May 29, 1945, I was a managing Director of the company. From the following reasons, I considered the appointment of Mr. Yamane to director most reasonable and recommended him to Mr. Taneki Hisamura, president, who agreed with me on it and carried it at the General Meeting of Stockholders and realized the appointment. That is, at that General Meeting of Stockholders, four directors were to be newly appointed and in order to comply to the merits rendered to the company and to realize a smooth operation of business, it was decided to have the four appointed from out of the employees. Mr. Yamane had taken charge of sales, in main, ever since shortly after the company was founded. He fulfiled his duties assiduously and sincerely. He served the positions of Chief, Commercial Section, Chief, Business Department, and was at the position of Chief, Production Department at the time. He had been working as an employee by a special measure taken to extend his age limits for two years pursuant to the regulations of the company because he had already reached his age limits in August 1944. He was the eldest and senior among the employees. Moreover he had no oppositions among the employees because of his modest and integral personality and he was respected by the employees. Firmly confident that the appointment of Mr. Yamane to director to be most reasonable, I recommended him.

Also, when Mr. Yamane was appointed to managing director on November 29, 1945, I was the president of the company. He was appointed upon the consideration of his long service to the company, his age and his characteristics. Such and nothing else was the ground on which he was appointed to director and managing director. There were no recommendation or consent of the Mitsui Zaibatsu or advice of the Mitsui Kagaku relating to it. I wish to add for confirmation that I had been devoted in the research of ammonia and methanol as an engineer at the Industrial Research Laboratory, when I was requested to join the Gosei Kogyo K. K. to give technical guidance to their activities. I complied to it, and by subsequent merger of Gosei Kogyo to Toyo Koatsu, I became an official of the latter. I was not a dispatched official of the Mitsui Zaibatsu.

I certify that the above is true and correct.

Katsutaro Shibata
former President,
Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K.

Annex 3
(Translation)

CERTIFICATE

December 12th , 1950

for Mr. Benzo Yamane
Former Managing Director,
Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K.

The Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K. is a subsidiary of the Mitsui Honsha (or Mitsui Gomei, Mitsui Somotokata). There have been neither written arrangement nor custom regarding direct supervision of business or dispatchment of officials etc. Mitsui Honsha has never been a stockholder of the Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K.

In October 1944, a system of indirect affiliates was established by which the Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K. K. was placed among the indirect affiliates. Thus the nominal system of exercising direct control over the company was established. But the period to the termination of the war being only ten months, the Mitsui Honsha was busily engrossed with policies to cope with the latter stages of the war. Therefore the system existed only in name and no actual control or assistance was effected.

On November 6, 1945 after the war, the directive for dissolution of the Mitsui Zaibatsu was issued by the Allied Powers. And the president of the Mitsui Honsha issued a statement of dissolution of the Honsha on the 8th of the same month. Since then, the relationships of the Mitsui companies with the Mitsui Hongha ceased to exist in name and in reality.

Therefore, it is quite clear that Mitsui Honsha took no part whatsoever in the appointment of Mr. Benzo Yamane to director at the General Meeting of Stockholders of the Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K. held on May 29, 1945 and his later appointment to managing director and his subsequent business performances.

I certify that above statement is true and correct.

Jun Taguchi, Liquidator
Mitsui Honsha, Ltd.

Annex 4
(Translation)

CERTIFICATE

December 12th, 1950

At the Twenty-Fourth General Meeting of Stockholders of Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K. held on May 29, 1945, two directors of our company, Toshika Hayashi and Kozo Hashimoto assumed the offices of director, and two directors of our company, Tominosuke Imai and Hiroshi Hayano (Chief, Production Division, Head Office) assumed the offices of auditor of the Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K., respectively. But these personnel were not dispatched to the company to participate in their business or in their personnel affairs from the standpoint of an influential stockholder, but to reward the services they had rendered our company.

Therefore, we did not direct them to perform actual business of Toyo Koatsu Kogyo K.K. Though there are some bills of the Board of Directors and other papers on which they have impressed their seals, these took place merely as matters of formality.

At this meeting, an officer of the said company, Mr. Benzo Yamane was appointed to director. But this had no connection whatsoever with us.

I certify that the statement contained herein is true and correct.

Yoshibumi Enomoto
President,
Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K.

No. 200

APPROVED December 18, 1950
承認 昭和25年12月18日

NAME YAMANE BENZO

No. Name of Company TOYO KOATSU KOGYO K. K.

受 25. 12. 15 付

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して。いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

東洋高圧工業株式會社 第 號

氏名 山根弁藏

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）　ヤマネ　ベン　ゾウ
　　山根　弁藏

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）
　　該當事項なし

三、生年月日（年齡數え年）
　　明治二十三年一月九日（六十一才）

四、出生地（都道府縣）
　　東京都

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號
　　東京都世田谷区世田谷四丁目七二一番地

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）
　　東京都港区本芝四丁目二三番地

Questionnaire

1. Name (in full).

YAMANE Benzo

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known. (alias or penname).

None

3. Date of birtn (age).

January 9, 1890 (61)

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

Tokyo

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

721 Setagaya 4-chome, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo

6. Permanent address (in full).

23 Motoshiba 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo

第二頁

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、從屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位

（一）會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）

東洋高圧工業株式會社

（二）財閥會社、制限會社、從屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）

財閥會社、直系

（三）地位

本店営業部囑託（但し役員と同等又は之に準ずる權限を有するものではなく單に相談に預る程度のものである）

（四）就任の豫定日

財閥關係役員でないことの御承認あり次第

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業

東亜商事株式會社清算人

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係

（一）關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）

該當事項なし

（二）指定者が指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無

該當事項なし

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.

a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

Toyo Koatsu Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha

Mitsui

b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected company (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

Zaibatsu Company

Direct affiliate

c. Position.

Part time employee of the Business Department of the Head Office (provided that no rights the same or similar to that those of officials will be given, but will be mere consulting services)

d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

After I am approved that I am not a Zaibatsu official

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

Liquidator, Toei Shoji Kabushiki Kaisha

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.

a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (includiug relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

None

b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

No

七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務内容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務内容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること

(1)本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率

(2)本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務内容（詳細に）	會社團體等の事業内容及び所在地
大正六、三、	東京高等商業學校卒業	細育支店見習	植物性油ノ販売	物品販売 東京都中央区日本橋室町二丁目一番地一
大、六、四、	三井物産株式會社			
同 七、七、	同	シヤトル出張員	同	
同 八、一〇、	同	本店營業部	化学肥料の販売	
同 九、一〇、	同	依願解雇		
昭和九、一一、	三池窒素工業株式會社	本店販売主任	販売業務の統括	窒素肥料の製造販売