

RAAN

RENCONTRES
ANNUELLES 2024

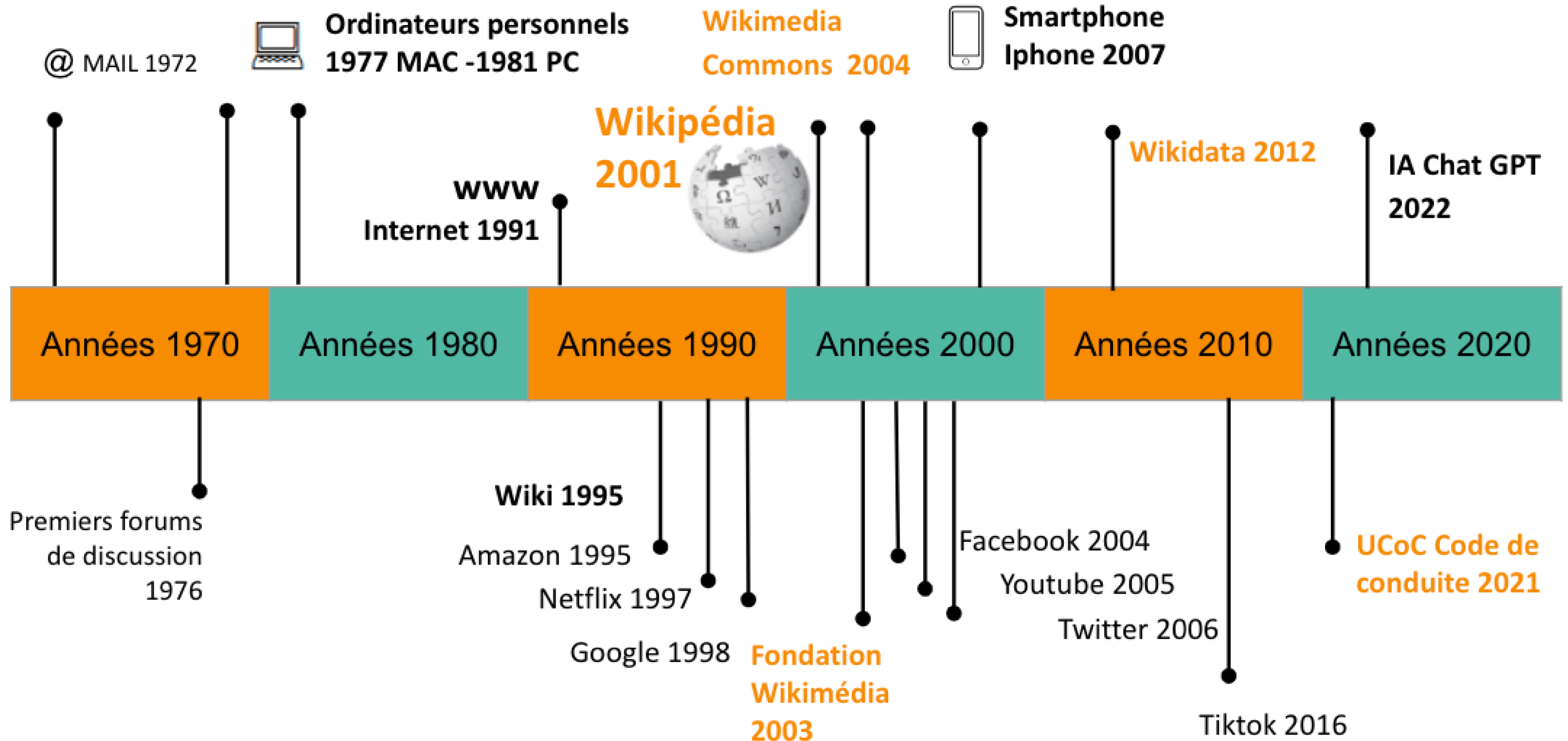


Florence Devouard
@anthere
fdevouard@anthere.org

Destination Wikimedia



Wikimédia dans l'évolution du numérique





15 janvier 2001

Seigenthaler incident

Le petit age glaciaire

Le grand confinement



2001-2005

2006-2012

2013-2020

2021...



La préhistoire

- La culture libre
- Le chaos créatif

L'antiquité

- Les valeurs
- Les premières règles
- .com ou .org ?

Les temps médiévaux

- Gérer la croissance
- Etre visible
- Grandir ensemble


Les temps modernes

- Le déclin des éditeurs
- Devenir respectable
- Quelle stratégie ?
- l'Afrique s'éveille
- Reconnaissance des organisateurs-trices


L'époque contemporaine

- Gérer la maturité
- Restrictions financières
- Subsidiarité ?
- l'IA

Bomis



Bomis.com



Création 1996


Disparition [2007](#)

Fondateurs [Jimmy Wales](#), [Tim Shell](#) et Michael E. Davis ([d](#))

Personnages clés [Jimmy Wales](#)
[Tim Shell](#)
Michael Davis

Forme juridique Private

Slogan Remember, if you aren't having fun, it isn't Bomis!

Siège social [St. Petersburg \(Floride\)](#)
 [États-Unis](#)

Actionnaires [Jimmy Wales](#)

Activité [Internet](#)

Produits [Portail Web](#)
[Publicité](#), photos érotiques et pornographiques

Effectif 10

Site web [www.bomis.com](#)

[modifier](#) - [modifier le code](#) - [voir Wikidata](#)



Wikipedia founders [Jimmy Wales](#) (left) and [Larry Sanger](#) (right)

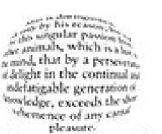


Page d'accueil de Wikipedia en décembre 2021

<https://nostalgia.wikipedia.org/wiki/HomePage>

HomePage

Revision as of 09:45, 20 December 2001 by [Malcolm Farmer \(Talk\)](#) (date) (diff) ← Older revision | [Latest revision \(diff\)](#) | [Newer revision → \(diff\)](#)



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

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Selected press coverage: [The New York Times -- December 9, 2001](#) [The New York Times -- September 20, 2001](#) - MIT's [Technology Review](#) (and [a letter](#))

Links: [Friends of Wikipedia](#)

Today is Thursday, [December 20](#), 2001, servertime (U.S. Pacific Time)

/Talk

Note: Unless you have the administrator password, you cannot currently edit this page. While this is unfortunate, it has turned out to be necessary to prevent vandalism of this page, which has occurred on several occasions.

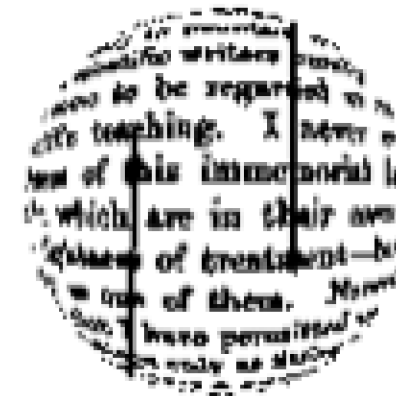
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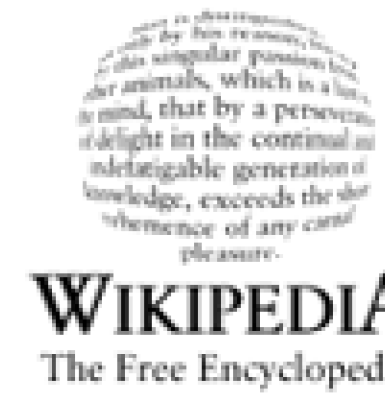
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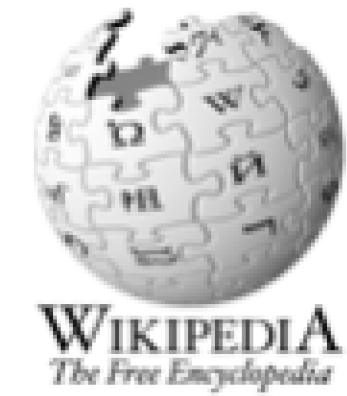
- Une réponse à un événement traumatique
- Le premier vote sur une méthode de vote...
- Le premier pas vers un projet plus international
- Une expérience en co-design



Founding – late 2001 (tentative)



Late 2001 – 12 October 2003



13 October 2003 – 13 May 2010



13 May 2010 – present



15 janvier 2001



07 septembre 2004



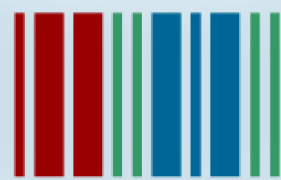
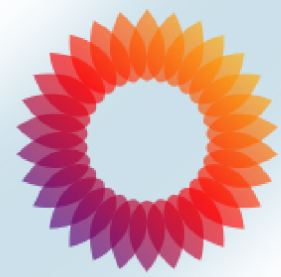
23 novembre 2003



27 juin 2003



12 décembre 2002



Novembre 2012

WIKIMEDIA
FOUNDATION

Première conférence internationale : Wikimania 2005

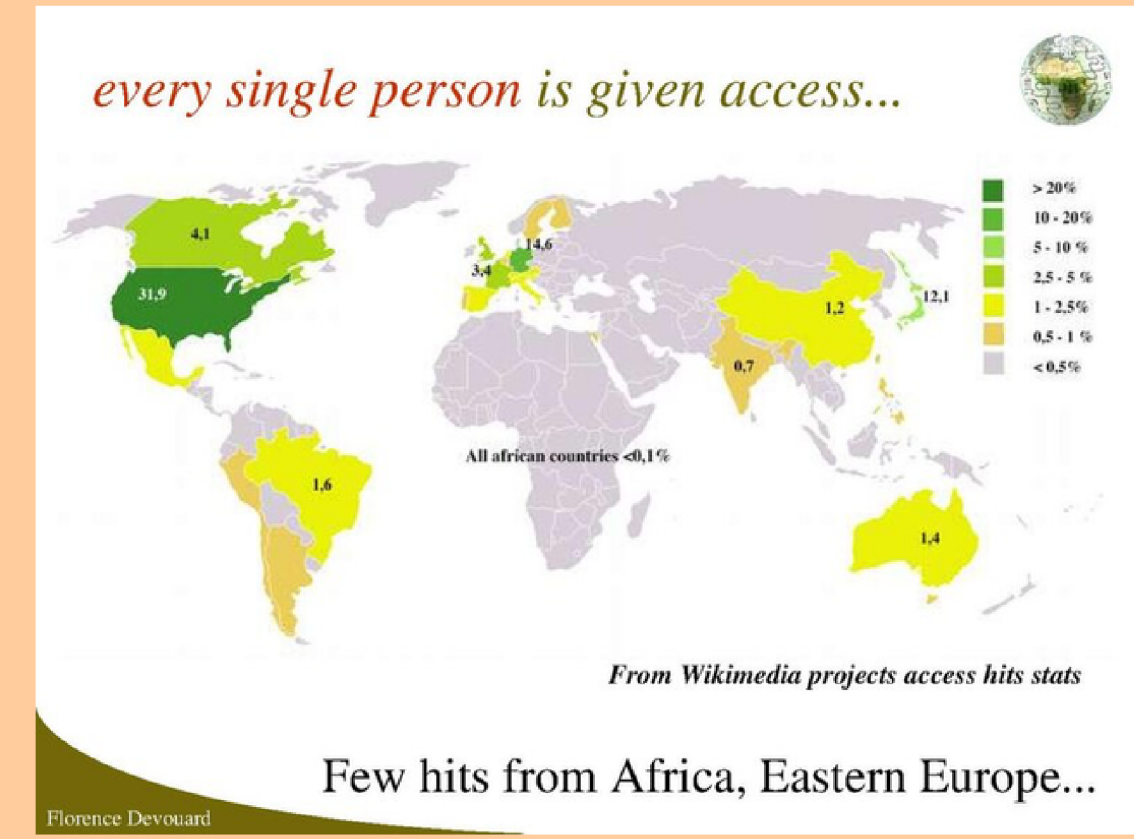
Quelques invités prestigieux : Richard Stallman, Ward Cunningham, Ross Mayfield etc.



Wikimedia in the developing world

Florence Devouard
Vice-chair
Wikimedia Foundation

Florence Devouard



every single person is given access...

Talking to people in their mother language

- Fulfude : <http://ff.wikipedia.org> - 2 articles
- Wolof : <http://wo.wikipedia.org> - 4 articles
- Yorube : <http://yo.wikipedia.org> - 40 articles
- Bambara : <http://bm.wikipedia.org> - 67 articles
- Kiswahili : <http://sw.wikipedia.org> - 70 articles
- Lingala : <http://ln.wikipedia.org> - 72 articles

- Arab : <http://ar.wikipedia.org> - 4000 articles
- Afrikaans : <http://af.wikipedia.org> - 4000 articles

- Portuguese : <http://pt.wikipedia.org> - 59 000 articles
- French : <http://fr.wikipedia.org> - 138 000 articles
- English : <http://en.wikipedia.org> - 650 000 articles

Xhosa, Zulu, Twi (tw), Akan (ak), Gikuyu (ki), Ewe (ee), Igbo (ig), Hausa (ha)...

Florence Devouard

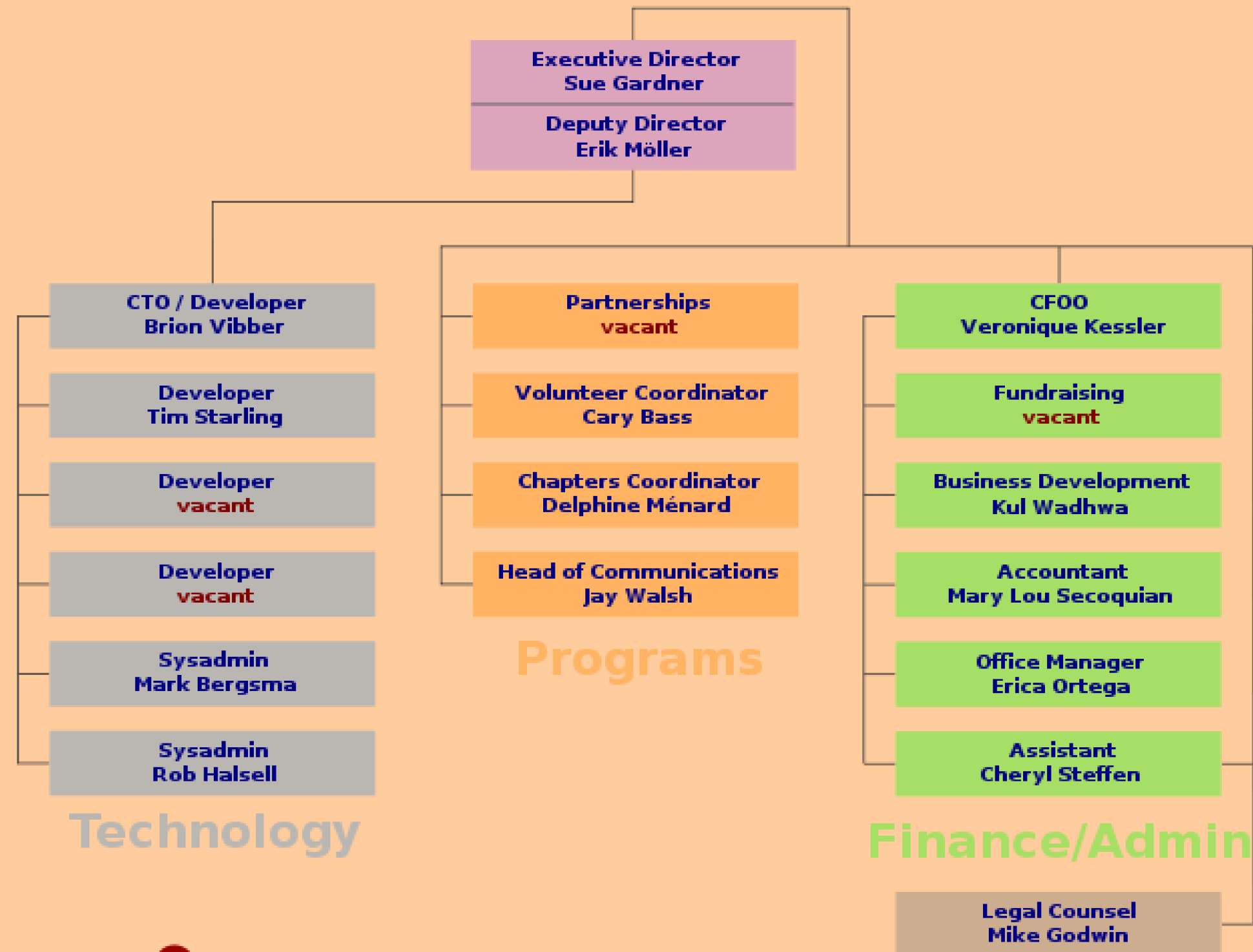
Adopt an african language wikipedia



- 10 millions of speakers... 74 articles...
- Victim of vandalism if not taking care of
- Interface in 3 languages !

Florence Devouard

Wikimedia Foundation Organization Chart 2008



Wikimedia Foundation
Organization Chart



15 janvier 2001

Seigenthaler incident

Le petit age glaciaire

Le grand confinement



2001-2005

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The Seigenthaler biography incident

Les conséquences durables de la découverte d'informations diffamatoires pendant 5 mois en 2005, par un journaliste sur l'article Wikipedia (en anglais) à son sujet
"Wikipedia est un outil de recherche défectueux et irresponsable"

- Une tempête dans la presse
- L'auteur est identifié (et licencié de son entreprise)
- Wales doit douloureusement expliquer la situation et présenter des excuses
- Policy: "biographies of living persons" et identification d'articles concernés
- Restrictions éditoriales pour la création d'article par les nouveaux éditeurs
- Création du status d'"oversight" et nouvelles fonctionnalités pour le "CheckUser"
- La création du système de semi-protection

- Etude qualitative du magazine Nature : Wikipedia versus encyclopédie Britannica (laquelle conclue à un niveau qualitatif comparable...)

Controverses en tous genres



Attempts to delete an article about the [wedding dress of Kate Middleton](#) led to a controversy on the English Wikipedia^[187] and the issue received some press coverage.^{[188][189]}

Tentative de censure de la page Wikipedia par la DCRI



The English-language Wikipedia page on January 18, 2012, illustrating its international blackout in opposition to SOPA



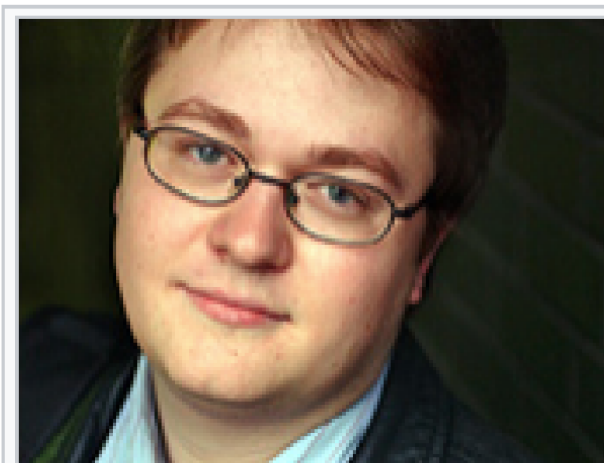
[Sue Gardner](#) at the [Wikimedia Foundation](#) on the evening of January 17, 2012, discussing the English Wikipedia blackout



Historian [Timothy Messer-Kruse's](#) experiences editing the article about [Chicago's Haymarket Affair](#) sparked debate over the role of truth, rather than "verifiability", on Wikipedia.



La station hertzienne de Pierre-sur-Haute. On distingue les deux tours militaires, la tour relais de TDF au centre, les bâtiments de vie, ainsi qu'une hélisation.



In September 2011, controversy arose when British writer and journalist [Johann Hari](#) admitted using Wikipedia to attack his opponents by editing the articles about them and inserting fabrications.^{[163][164]}



A 17th-century copy of a 14th-century Persian manuscript image of [Muhammad](#) prohibiting [Nasi'](#), one of the [depictions of Muhammad](#) which raised objections



The Wikipedia administrator [Essjay](#), whose claims about his identity and credentials were the subject of a *New Yorker* editorial in 2007

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✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
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✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
✓	✓	✗	✗	✗



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You have to attribute the original work



You can use the work commercially



You can modify and adapt the original work



You can choose license type for your adaptations of the work.

J'écris des articles

Je corrige les fotes
d'orthographe
des autres

J'accueille les nouveaux
wikipédiens

J'améliore le style
des articles

Je bloque les vandales

Je suis dresseur d'un bot
qui lutte contre le vandalisme

Je répond aux courriers
de plaintes

Je suis patrouilleur

j'aide à organiser
les levées de fond

Je fais une recherche
d'impact

Je gère les serveurs
en tant qu'informaticien

j'organise un wikicamp

Je fais du plaidoyer
auprès de mon député

Je collabore avec mon
musée local

Je supprime les violations
de droits d'auteur

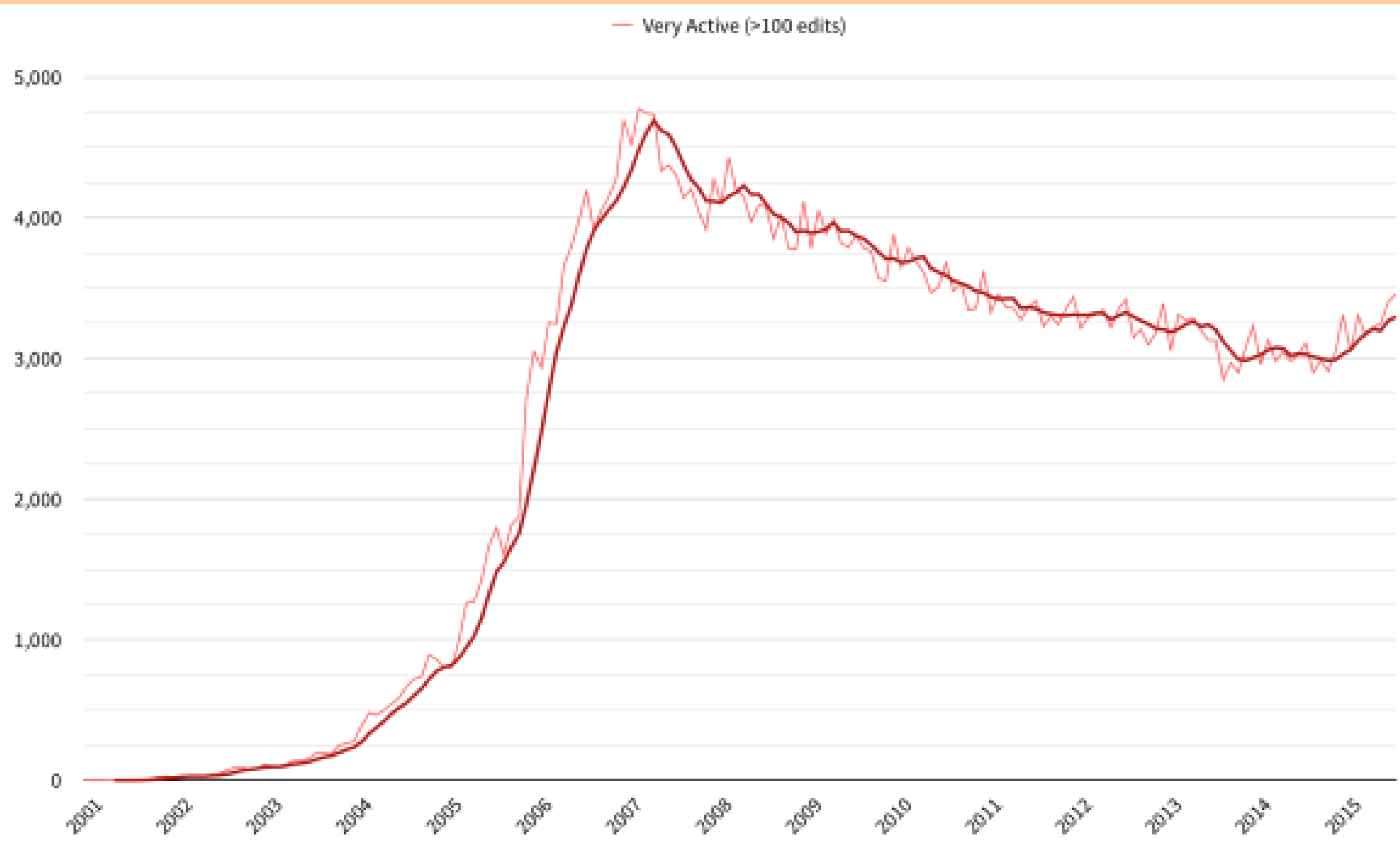
Ja participe aux
micro-financement
des groupes locaux

Je fais des formations
aux élèves dans les écoles

Je répond à la presse

J'organise des edit-a-thons

Editor decline on the English Wikipedia



Mais où sont les femmes ?

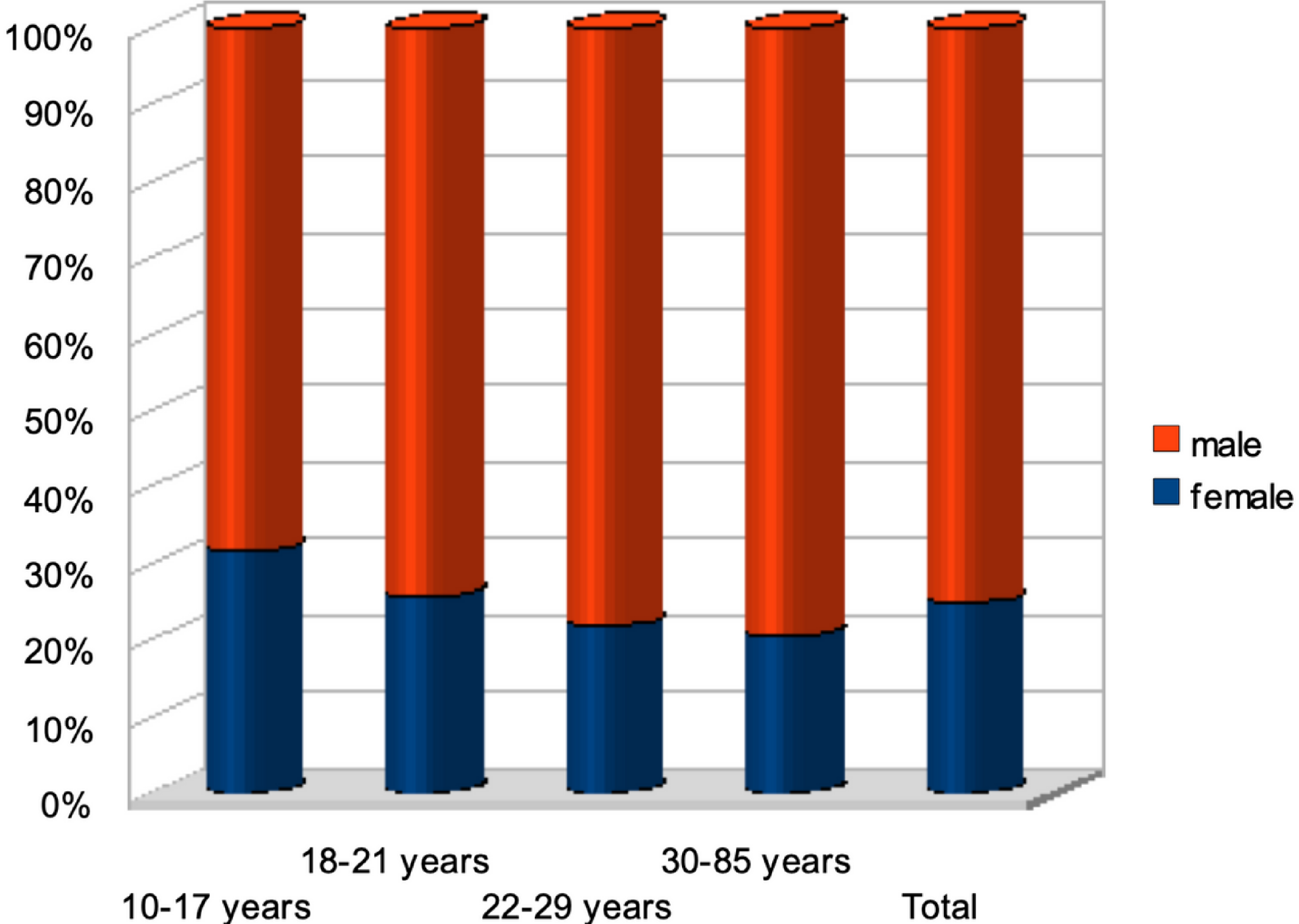


Figure 1: Gender structure of age cohorts - all respondents

Groupes d'utilisateurs de Wikimedia (146)

Les groupes d'utilisateurs sont des groupes de membres créés avec une personne de contact établie et un historique des projets, conçus pour être faciles à former.

AFC: AlsoCROWD User Group	AFT AdF Fandom	ALB Wikimedia Community User Group	AEB Wikimedians of United Arab Emirates User Group	AZE Wikimedians of Azerbaijan
BAE Wikimedians of Bahrain	BAK Wikimedians of Bangladesh	BAQ Wikimedians of Belgium	BDN Wikimedians of Bangladesh	BLT Check Lunch Table
BOL Wikimedians of Bolivia	BOS Wikimedians of Bosnia and Herzegovina	BSE Wikimedians of Belarus	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BZ Wikimedians of Belize
BUL Wikimedians of Bulgaria	BUN Wikimedians of Germany	BVI Wikimedians of the British Virgin Islands	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BZ Wikimedians of Belize
BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana

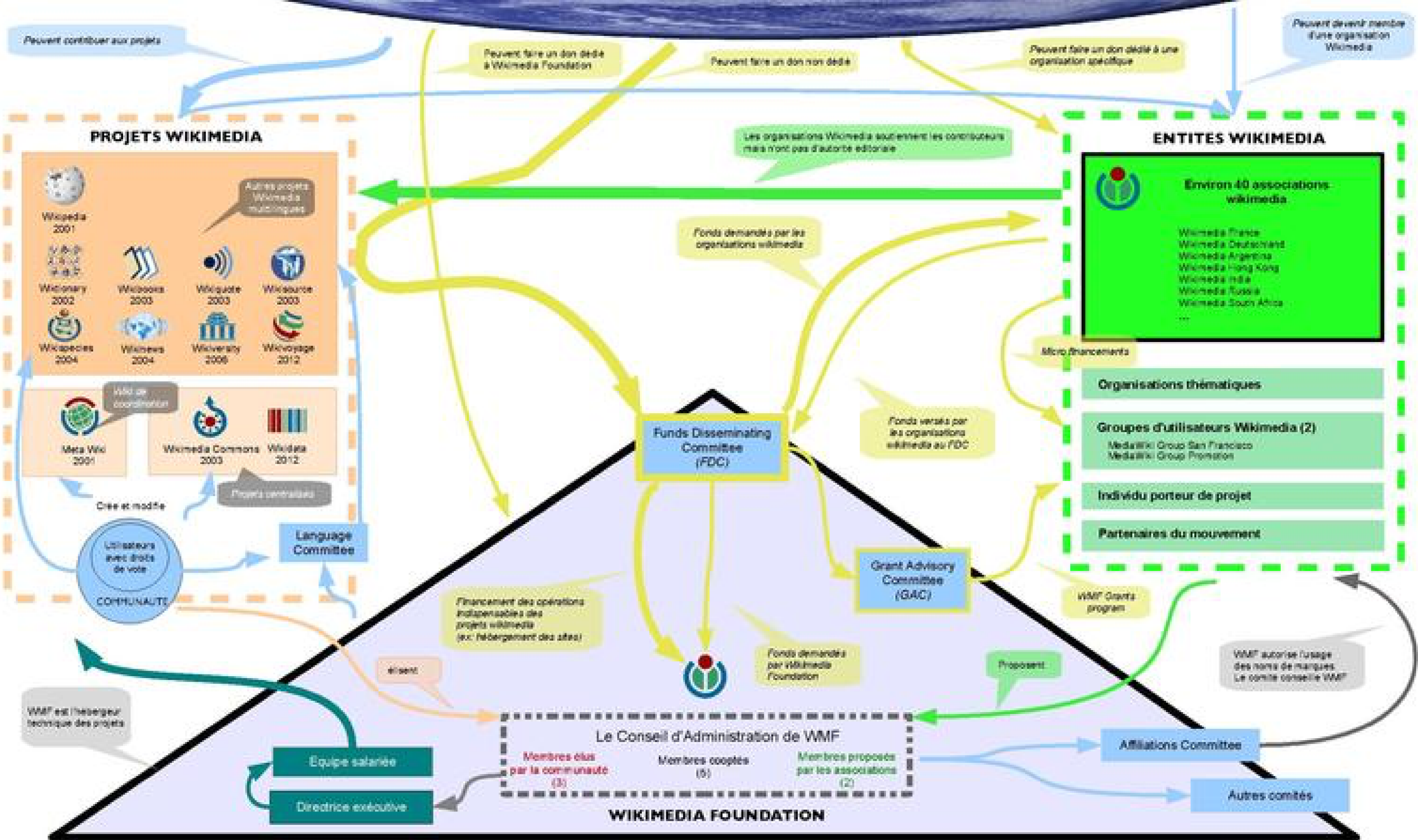
BUL Wikimedians of Bulgaria	BUN Wikimedians of Germany	BVI Wikimedians of the British Virgin Islands	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BZ Wikimedians of Belize
BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana
BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana
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BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana	BWA Wikimedians of Botswana

WIKISOURCE	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS
WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS
WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS
WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS
WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS

Wikimedia dans le monde
 > 200 organisations
 > 300 langues

if approved the banner will be on the home, on top of the main navigation bar on the top page of the regions.

WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS
WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS	WIKIMEDIANS



L'époque des grands plans stratégiques !

Wikimedia Strategic Plan

A collaborative vision for the movement through 2015



February 2011

1. Increase the Sustainability of Our Movement	2. Improve User Experience	3. Provide Safety and Inclusion	4. Ensure Equity in Decision-Making	5. Coordinate Across Stakeholders	7. Manage Internal Knowledge	9. Innovate in Free Knowledge
1. Support volunteers	9. Platform UX methodology	18. Code of Conduct	24. Movement Charter	29. Living documents to define responsibilities	35. Culture of documentation	41. Policy barriers to equity (notability)
2. Underrepresented communities	10. Community engagement for UX	19. Private incident reporting	25. Global Council	30. Communication & collaboration capacities	36. Movement wide knowledge base	42. Experimentation for knowledge equity
3. Increase movement awareness	11. Adaptable UX for various devices	20. Healthy community atmosphere	26. Regional and thematic hubs	31. Technology Council	8. Identify Topics for Impact	43. Technology, partnerships
4. Revenue and fundraising strategy	12. Accessibility	21. Safety assessment and execution plan	27. Flexible resource allocation framework	6. Skills and Leadership Development		37. Identify the impact of Wikimedia projects
5. Enterprise-level API	13. Newcomer resources	22. Develop capacity for legal advocacy	28. Guidelines for board functions/governance	32. Global approach for local skills development	38. Mitigations of misinformation	44. Learn and evaluate progress in strategy
6. Third party ecosystems	14. Peer communication and collaboration spaces	23. Platform safety (anonymization)		33. Leadership development plan	39. Bridge gaps in high-impact content	45. Comprehensive evaluation system
7. Revenue generation for movement	15. Platform functionality and documentation			34. Skills development infrastructure	40. Capacity to create high-impact content	46. Iterate change processes
8. Environmental sustainability	16. Cross-project tool development & reuse					47. Adaptive policies for structures & budgeting.
	17. Partnerships to develop Wikimedia API					

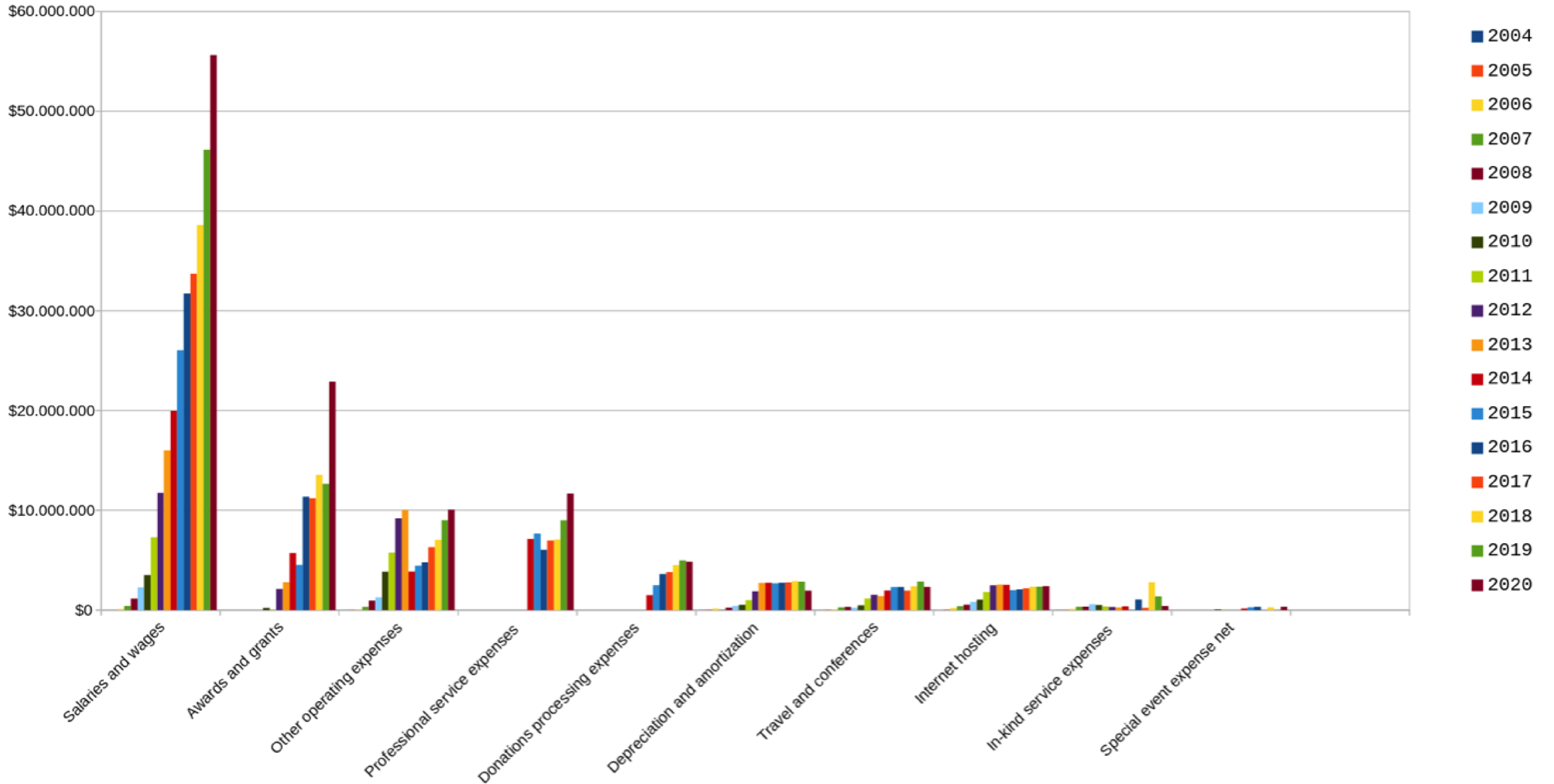
Wikimedia Movement Strategy Summary of recommendations & initiatives

Derived from:
https://meta.wikimedia.org/wiki/Strategy/Wikimedia_movement/2018-20/Transition/List_of_Initiatives

2010-2015

2017-2030

Wikimedia Foundation's expenses evolution by rubrics in US dollars



Wikimedia Foundation's expenses evolution by type in USD

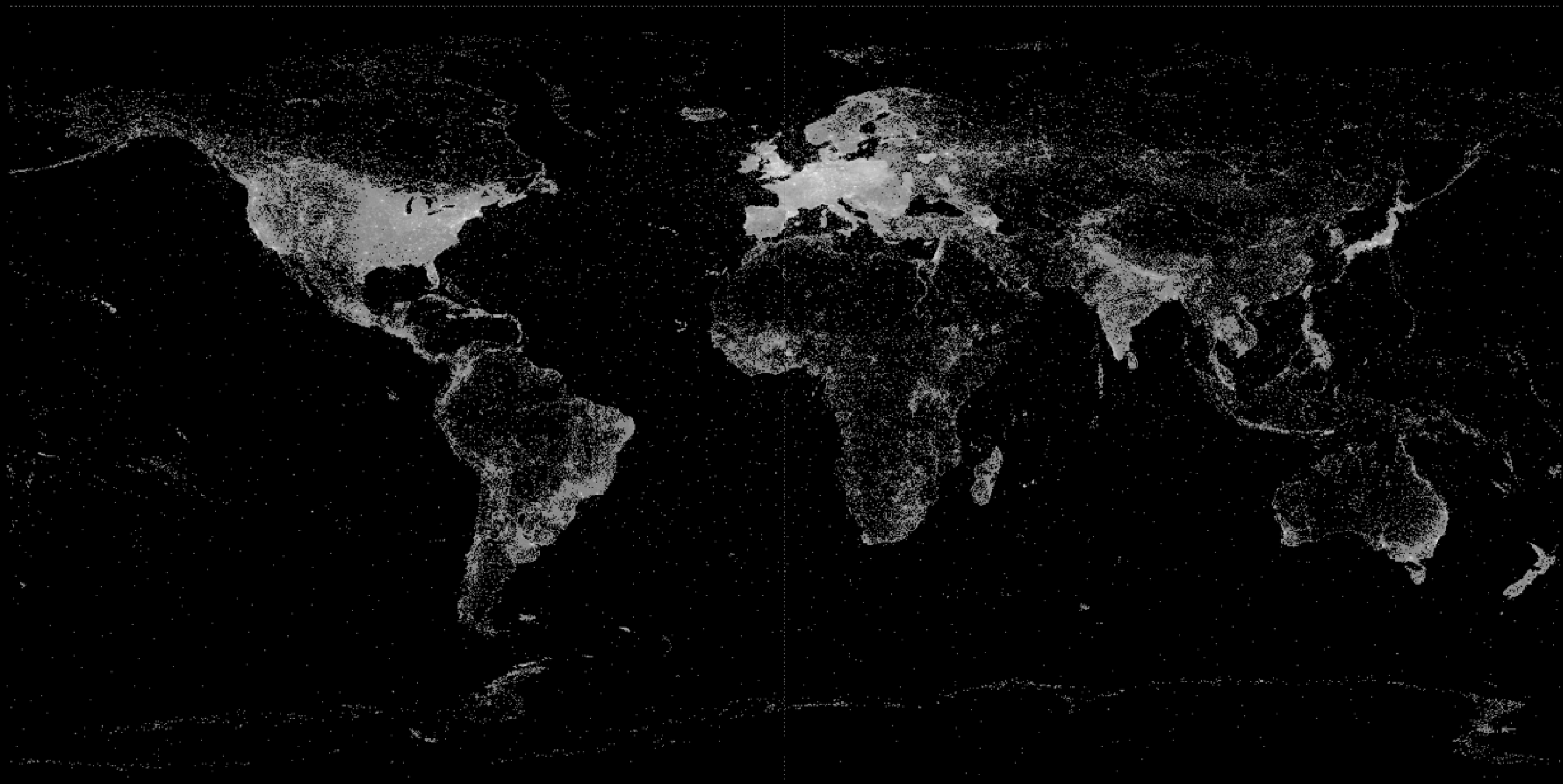
[More details](#)

[Lionel Scheepmans](#) - Own work

[CC BY-SA 4.0](#)

File: Wikimedia Foundation's expenses evolution by rubrics in US Dollars.svg

Created: 26 June 2018



Worldwide density of [geotagged](#) Wikipedia entries (2013)^{[[needs update](#)]}


[More details](#)


 [Kolossos](#) - Own work


Own work. Distribution of articles by geotag. Created from the data of [de:Wikipedia:WikiProjekt Georeferenzierung/Wikipedia-World/en](#) shows the count of entries by longitudinal and latitudinal in logical scale. Comparisons with: [Image:Geonames4.png](#) and [Image:Earthlights dmsp.jpg](#).

Capture d'écran

 [CC BY-SA 3.0](#)

 File: [Imageworld-artphp3.png](#)

 Created: 23 February 2013 (current version) 2 December 2006 (original upload date)

 Uploaded: 23 February 2013



Wiki Loves Women (WLW) vise à combler deux lacunes importantes dans les projets Wikimedia - les femmes et l'Afrique - en termes de contenu sur ces sujets et en termes de participation contributive.

- **Augmentation de contenu** sur les projets Wikimedia, qui concernent, célèbrent et intéressent les femmes ;
- **Sensibilisation aux question des fossés de genre et de représentation** grâce aux activations, événements et travaux avec les partenaires
- **Transfert de compétences clés en matière de contribution numérique et de connaissances :**
 - programme de mentorat destiné aux femmes africaines afin de développer leurs connaissances sur Wikimedia, en matière de gestion de projet, de communication et leadership.

Supporting the WikiAfrica and Open movements across Africa



Wiki in Africa est une organisation à but non lucratif, basée en **Afrique du Sud**. Elle fournit une structure légale et financière pour opérer des initiatives globales pour soutenir le mouvement **WikiAfrica**.

<https://www.wikiinafrica.org/>

Projet - Wiki Loves Women

Leadership programme: 28 femmes de 11 pays africains

Inspiring Open: podcast de 16 épisodes d'interviews de femmes africaines notables et inspirantes

Tell Us About Her drive: En 2022

- 2814 images de Wikimedia Commons améliorées
- 29 personnes impliquées
- 7414 éléments ajoutés à Wikidata

SheSaid

Citations de femmes célèbres sur Wikiquote. 7721 nouveaux articles sur les femmes, créés ou modifiés dans 11 langues différentes sur les 3 dernières éditions



Wiki Loves Women is a global project dedicated to bridging the gender gap on Wikipedia and other Wikimedia projects by increasing contributions from and content about historically marginalized women.

In very different ways, each Wiki Loves Women initiative celebrates the achievements of inspirational and successful women and makes them visible and accessible to a global readership. Inclusivity and diversity are only sustainable by ensuring gender balance among the leadership of Wikimedia communities. A gender-equal leadership will, in turn, motivate individuals to make high-quality contributions to the Wikimedia projects about women's achievements, history, and culture. Thus, Wiki Loves Women initiates drives that motivate women to be involved in the Wikimedia movement. It also trains and mentors Wikimedians in the leadership and organisational skills needed to lead their communities.

Tags: Women, Gender Equity, Gender Gap, Women Voices, Wikiquote, WikiWomen, Female Leadership, Capacity Building, Visible Women, Media Representation

Connect WITH US!

www.wikiloveswomen.org

@WikiLovesWomen WikiLovesWomen WikiLovesWomen



Wiki Loves Women – Developing Wikimedia Leaders

Since its launch in 2016, Wiki Loves Women has developed the skills needed by Africa's Wikimedia leaders, both male and female, to build their own communities around the subject of gender equity and women's knowledge.

Supported by the Goethe Institut, the project focused on building national leaders and communities in 6 countries through an intense activity-oriented program.

Learn more on [Meta: Wiki Loves Women](#)



In 2020, the in-country focus transformed into an online all-women Focus Group, comprised in 2023 of 18 women leaders from 9 African countries (and France).

Through monthly Working Sessions and online engagement, the Focus Group supports a practical, action-oriented, and mentored process to transfer the skills and knowledge required explicitly for community leaders to create gender equity programmes in their countries.

Learn more on [Meta: Wiki Loves Women/Focus Group](#)



SheSaid – Celebrating Women's Voices

Launched in 2020, SheSaid is an annual Wiki Loves Women drive on Wikiquote. Women's voices are often ignored and very rarely quoted. SheSaid is a global initiative that provides a more inclusive and diverse representation of women's experiences and perspectives by encouraging Wikimedia communities to add notable women's wise and inspiring words to Wikiquote.

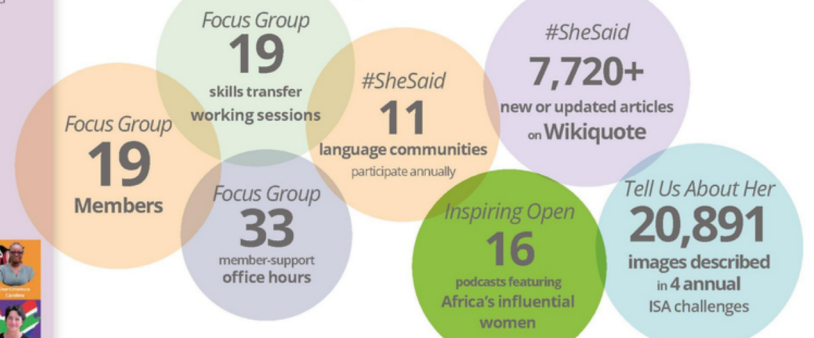


The impact of #SheSaid campaign on Wikiquote has been truly remarkable across the last three editions. So far, #SheSaid has resulted in 7,721 new or updated Wikiquote articles on women across 11 language Wikiquotes. This success reflects the collective effort and dedication of the Wiki Loves Women initiative and the different participating communities in celebrating and increasing the visibility of women leaders.

Learn more on [Meta: Wiki Loves Women/SheSaid](#)



Impact since 2016



Tell Us About Her – Visible Women

Tell Us About Her is an annual campaign on Wiki In Africa's ISA Tool that improves the captions and descriptions – and thus the 'searchability' – of photographs representing women uploaded to Wikimedia Commons. For four years during International Women's Month, women in different sectors are visibly celebrated. Women on the Frontline Climate (2023), Women in Architecture (2022), Women At Work (2021), and African Women Politicians and Activists (2020).

Learn more at [Commons:ISA Tool/Challenges](#)



Inspiring Open podcast – Honouring Inspiring Women

Launched in 2022, Inspiring Open is a podcast that celebrates Africa's influential women whose careers and personal ethics intersect with the Open movement. Each of the 16 dynamic women pushes Africa's boundaries by building communities and succeeding as a collective. The podcast gives these motivational leaders a voice.

The Inspiring Open podcast is available anytime, anywhere to amplify the motivational stories of each guest, spoken in their voice. Inspiring Open podcast was possible due to the support of the Goethe-Institut's 2021 International Relief Fund.

Listen to them on [podcast.wikiloveswomen.org](#)



Wiki Loves Women and its initiatives are created and managed by Wiki In Africa



Elevating Africa's Voices Globally
www.wikiinafrica.org



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Wiki In Africa is grateful for funding from the Wikimedia Foundation.



Wiki
Loves
Africa

La célébration visuelle annuelle de l'Afrique

Appels à candidatures

- Photographie
- Vidéo
- Audio



Toutes les photos, vidéos et enregistrements audio pris en Afrique ou liés au continent et en rapport avec le thème sont les bienvenus.

Date limite d'inscription: 30 avril 2024

INSCRIPTION : bit.ly/WLA24_Enter

L'AFRIQUE CRÉE 2024



File:By-nc-jp0 - v001 pt.01a.wikilovesafrica.org
by Lucas Tshikalil, CC BY-SA 4.0, via
Wikimedia Commons

Wiki Loves Africa (WLA) est un concours annuel visant à mettre en valeur le continent africain par des photographies, vidéos et audio.

Chaque année, les participants contribuent sur un thème spécifique (par exemple, les marchés, les rites de passage, les festivals, l'art public, la cuisine, l'histoire naturelle, l'urbanité, la vie quotidienne, les personnages remarquables, etc.).

Le concours est doté de prix.

<https://www.wikilovesafrica.net/>

Concours - Wiki Loves Africa

WIKI LOVES AFRICA
#PHOTOAFRICA

Wiki Loves Africa is Africa's largest photographic contest. Since 2014, Wiki Loves Africa has graphically redefined Africa – one photo, one video, and one audio at a time – reclaiming Africa's visual narrative on the internet.

An annual competition, Wiki Loves Africa invites anyone across Africa to contribute open-licensed media (photographs, video, and audio) relevant to that year's theme. By uploading their entries, participants experience Wikimedia Commons (often for the first time) and contribute media that editors can choose to illustrate articles on Wikipedia and other Wikimedia projects. The contest galvanises Wikimedia groups across Africa as they host visibility, training, and upload events for their communities.

Connect WITH US!
www.wikilovesafrica.net
@WikilovesAfrica #WikilovesAfrica

9 years of impact

- 1.278 billion views of Wiki Loves Africa's images (tracked from Jan 2017-23)
- 101,601 images entered by 10,153 competitors under a free licence
- 362+ training and upload events held by Wikimedia Communities across Africa
- 31 Wikimedia Communities participate regularly
- Wiki Loves Africa images submitted from 55 countries
- Wiki Loves Africa image awarded 3rd place in the Wikimedia Commons' 2021 Picture of the Year

Every year, a new Wiki Loves Africa theme is chosen by the community. Each theme encapsulates a universal, visually rich and culturally specific topic.

Wiki Loves Africa themes:

- 2023: Climate and Weather
- 2022: Home and Habitat
- 2021: Health and Wellness
- 2020: Africa on the Move
- 2019: Play
- 2017: People at Work
- 2016: Music and Dance
- 2015: Cultural Fashion and Adornment
- 2014: Africa's Cuisine

A Wiki Loves Africa image is exhibited in the Journeys Through Our People Heritage at UNESCO Paris.

Countries in which Wikimedia communities have hosted Wiki Loves Africa events. Map does not show Great and Small.

Wiki Loves Africa is a Wiki in Africa project.

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Wiki In Africa

- plus de **102,026 images sous licence libre** ont été téléversées par plus de **11,165 personnes** de **55 pays**

- **32 communautés Wikimedia communities** de **26 pays africains** ont hébergés des évènements participatifs, formations-actions, chasses photos, téléversements, cérémonies etc.

- Au moins **357 évènements participatifs** ont été organisés par les communautés participantes entre **2014 et 2023**.

https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Commons:Wiki_Loves_Africa/fr



Le **WikiChallenge Écoles d'Afrique** est une **compétition** annuelle dédiée aux élèves de 9-13 ans dans plusieurs pays africains francophones.

L'objectif est d'apprendre la façon dont le savoir est constitué en contribuant à l'**encyclopédie Vikidia**.

Les élèves des écoles participantes sont invités à écrire des articles encyclopédiques sur un sujet relatif à leur environnement proche.

Le concours s'adresse aux établissements faisant partie du réseau des Écoles Numériques d'Orange en utilisant tablettes, raspberry Pi, les ressources Kiwix et la plateforme d'édition de wiki en mode déconnecté (**WikiFundi**).

5 Editions du WikiChallenge (2017-2023)

- 11 pays participants
Burkina-Faso, Cameroun, Côte d'Ivoire, Guinée-Conakry, Madagascar, Mali, Niger, RDC, Sénégal, Tunisie et Maroc
- 457 établissements participants
- 467 textes proposés par les enfants et publiés sur Wikidia
- 2607 photos, dessins et vidéos publiées
- 62 établissements gagnants, pour le bénéfice direct des centaines d'élèves et du personnel qui les fréquentent
- Compétences acquises pour tous les élèves participants

WikiChallenge Écoles d'Afrique



Empowering African students through knowledge sharing

"The child shall have the right to freedom of expression: this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of the child's choice."

—ARTICLE 13 OF THE CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD

WikiChallenge Écoles d'Afrique engages students from primary schools across Africa in contributing to Wikia, the encyclopedia for 8- to 13-year-olds that anyone can improve. It encourages them to create and improve articles on topics related to African culture, history, environment, and more. It promotes knowledge sharing, digital literacy, and cultural diversity.

WikiChallenge Écoles d'Afrique plays a crucial role in empowering Africa's youth, promoting digital literacy, and fostering a sense of ownership over their cultural heritage. It contributes to the growth of Africa-focused content online and ensures African perspectives are included in the global knowledge landscape.

The specifics

- Targets students aged 8-13 in French-speaking Africa
- Organized within the official education framework
- Open to schools members of the Digital Schools Network of the Orange Foundation
- Free writing theme, but encourages contributions on local cultural, historical, and environmental topics
- Texts and illustrations are published under free licenses on Wikia and Wikimedia Commons, and
- Winning institutions receive prizes, ranging from € 2,500 to €5,000 per schools to spend on educational materials or school infrastructure.

Impacts and benefits

- Promotes educational engagement and active learning among African students
- Amplifies online representation of African culture, history, and knowledge
- Fosters cross-cultural understanding and appreciation among students
- Enhances digital skills and familiarity with online platforms like Wikipedia, Wikimedia Commons, and YouTube
- Empowers students to become contributors and creators of knowledge
- Builds teamwork and collaboration among participants
- Provides a platform for students to showcase their talents and creativity
- Increases access to information about Africa for a global audience
- Inspires a sense of pride and ownership in African heritage and identity, and
- Finally, the prizes offered to the winning schools improve the quality of the studying environment of hundreds of children.



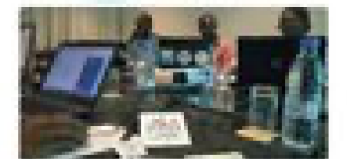
Connect with WIKICHALLENGE!



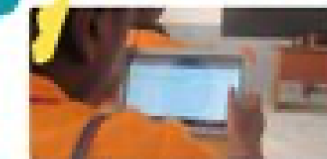
Impact since 2017



1 Students are invited to participate in the challenge by submitting interesting articles, in doing so they not only expand their own knowledge, but also contribute to the global information commons. Their work is shared on Wikia and other Wikimedia projects.



2 The digital resources created in the challenge are shared, organized, and made available on Wikimedia Commons. In addition to the online platform, the challenge also provides physical resources like books, posters, and the Wikia and Wikimedia community.



3 The participating schools are given access to digital resources like books and educational materials, such as online libraries, Wikia, and other Wikimedia projects. The challenge also provides physical resources like books, posters, and the Wikia and Wikimedia community.



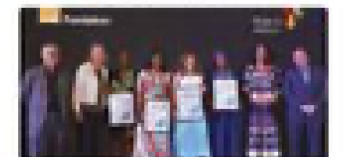
4 A dedicated team of volunteers supports the challenge, providing technical assistance, training, and ongoing support.



5 Students receive prizes and recognition for their work. The challenge also provides physical resources like books, posters, and the Wikia and Wikimedia community.

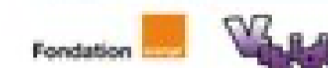


6 At the end of the challenge, awards ceremonies are organized in all schools to celebrate the participating students. The recognition acknowledges their creative contributions and fosters the pride and ownership in their work.



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International partners



Partnering Wikimedia Usergroups



WikiChallenge Écoles d'Afrique is a Wiki In Africa project.



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Wiki In Africa is a project of the Fondation Orange and the Wikimedia Foundation.

**Wiki In Africa's
programs address the
following key gaps
and sectors in
innovative, engaging,
and fun ways:**

Representation Gaps • Multimedia – Wiki Loves Africa

Gender equity – Wiki Loves Women

Youth activation – WikiChallenge Ecoles d'Afrique + WikiAfrica OERs

Access via technological solutions – WikiFundi + ISA Tool

Volunteer development and community immersion – WikiAfrica Hour

Training with Heritage professionals – WikiAfrica Heritage





Wiki
Franca

Francophonie
A partir de 2012-13



La rencontre francophone
A partir de 2016



Rencontres africaines
A partir de 2014

Les communautés africaines dans l'écosystème Wikimedia

Forces et opportunités

- Jeunesse enthousiaste
- Des thèmes encore peu traités sur l'encyclopédie
- Soutient des autorités ?
- Acquisition de compétences
- Réseau international
- Expériences valorisées sur les CV
- Premier VISA pour l'étranger :)

Faiblesses et challenges

- Connectivité (internet et électricité)
- Se heurtent aux processus déjà en place
 - accès au status d'administrateur
 - blocage technique des adresses IP
 - sources orales versus écrites
 - ...
- Le retard/décalage relatif au soutien financier
- Gouvernance parfois décalée au regard des normes américaines ou européennes