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CONTENTS

	<u>Pages</u>
* Prime Minister makes first visit to fire victims	1-2
* Washington satisfied at Viet Nam's new Government	2
* Social Directorate spends VN\$330,000 on social work	3
* Development projects in Phuoc Long	3
* American medical team helps check cholera in An Giang	4
* Translator wanted by ILO	4
* Two foreign firms import Vietnamese sea-foods	5
* 101 released from jail in Quang Ngai	5
* Rangers kill four V. C. in Cao Lanh	5
<u>Sports :</u>	
* Kjobenhavns Boldklub defeats Vietnamese All Stars 2-1; referee dies soon after match	6
<u>Feature :</u>	
* India selling more than ever before to Eastern Europe; four-fold increase in six years	7-9

PRIME MINISTER MAKES FIRST VISIT TO FIRE VICTIMS

Saigon, (VP) Feb. 9

Prime Minister Maj. Gen. Nguyen Khanh pledged yesterday his "government's readiness to support the people".

He made the pledge during a visit to the fire victims resettled at Phu Tho Hoa area, just outside Saigon. Representatives of the fire victims of Tan Quy Dong area (Khanh Hoi) were also present to welcome the Head of the Government. He took the occasion to present them symbolic Tet gifts, including cash.

Gen. Khanh declared that the Government would strive to realize a sound policy to meet the people's aspirations. He added that he was convinced "you would actively help the National Armed Forces and the Government in implementing a truly democratic and free regime in South Viet Nam and in reunifying our Fatherland". He wished them a happy new year.

The visit was made at 2 p. m. after he had introduced the new 19-member government to the public in the gardens of the Prime Minister's Office, and presided over the first Cabinet meeting.

Presenting symbolic gifts to the people, the Prime Minister who acted on behalf of both the Government and the National Armed Forces declared that although of minor value, they were an indication of the Administration's concern over the people, particularly at the approach of Tet (Lunar New Year's) celebration.

A representative of the local residents expressed appreciation for Gen. Khanh's move and pledged to unite themselves closely, to respect national discipline so as to make it possible for our country to defeat the Communists as rapidly as possible.

Earlier in his welcoming address, the chief of Gia Dinh province, Lt. Col. Huynh Van Ton, revealed that each of the families of the victims of the April, 1963 fire at Vinh Hoi area, got a 162 square metre plot of land and a bond which entitled them to buy VN\$1,300 worth of building material among other donations. After their houses were set up each of the families was also given VN\$1,000 in cash.

But this amount had proved insufficient, Lt. Col. Ton said. This made the Prime Minister to decide to raise the cash donations for each family to VN\$3,000.

PRIME MINISTER (2)

After presenting the donations, Prime Minister Khanh and his party, accompanied by Province Chief Lt. Col. Ton visited the homes of those resettled, offering to each one a cash donation of VN\$500 to help in repair work.

The Phu Tho Hoa has about 1,000 houses with about 900 families already resettled. Some 100 more houses are being built.

The Ministry of Public Works and Communication has been in charge of construction work at the Phu Tho Hoa and Tan Quy Dong areas, each of which now has one school and one maternity clinic. (DL-d)

WASHINGTON SATISFIED AT VIET NAM'S
NEW GOVERNMENT

Washington, (VP) Feb. 9

The announcement on the formation of the new Vietnamese Government and the first statements by Generals Nguyen Khanh and Duong Van Minh were warmly welcomed in Washington, according to Agence France Presse.

The Department of State circles expressed satisfaction particularly at the vigor with which Gen. Khanh had placed emphasis on the efforts of the new government to check Communist aggression.

This part of the statement, the circles noted, echoed the one made Friday by the Secretary of State Dean Rusk when he said he was convinced that the new Vietnamese government would help intensify war efforts, AFP reported.

Furthermore the U. S. felt satisfied that Gen. Duong Van Minh, the leader of the anti-Diem coup d'etat of November 1, 1963 retains his top position in the new regime. This was considered here as a guarantee of the unity in the Vietnamese Armed Forces, the French news agency said. (DL-d)

SOCIAL DIRECTORATE SPENDS VN\$330, 000 ON SOCIAL WORK

Saigon, (VP) Feb. 9

The Directorate General of Social Welfare has earmarked a VN\$330, 000 fund to buy gifts and to organize variety shows on the occasion of the Tet "Giap Thin" celebration, it was learned today.

The gifts have been distributed to the needy people in Saigon and in seven New Life hamlets in Bien Hoa (2), Gia Dinh (2), Long An (2), and Long Khanh (1) provinces, to the Bao An and Dan Ve, and to the dependents of combatants who have died in the battlefields.

The money has also been used to help the students and Boy Scouts in Hue and Saigon to put on year-end variety shows. (DL-d)

DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN PHUOC LONG

Phuoc Binh, (VP) Feb. 9

A new, 9-classroom high school and a VN\$800, 000 public meeting hall have recently been completed in Phuoc Binh, the provincial capital of Phuoc Long, according to the local VP correspondent.

The VN\$3, 200, 000 school is located on a 1, 368 square metre site and has a boarding house.

The public meeting hall can accommodate up to 500 people and can be used for stage performances or movie shows, the VP correspondent said.

Meanwhile a hospital is being built at Duc Phong district town, in the same province, at a cost of VN\$660, 000 borne out by American Aid fund.

The six-ward hospital will be 22 metres in length and 9.5 metres in width.

In another development project, the provincial authorities have built 30 houses for local government employees here costing an estimated VN\$1, 680, 000 to the national budget. This raises to 96 the total number of such lodgings for white-collar workers who have rented them for between 150 and 300 piastres a month, the VP correspondent said. (DL-d)

AMERICAN MEDICAL TEAM HELPS CHECK CHOLERA IN AN GIANG

Long Xuyen, (VP) Feb. 9

An American medical team, jointly headed by Drs. Robert Utzinger and Emmanuel Voulgaropoulos, went to An Giang province yesterday to help local health authorities check the cholera epidemic.

The group brought along about 3 tons of medical equipment and anti-cholera solutions for supply to the An Giang Health Service. It has planned to stay there for three days to observe the development of the disease and cooperate with health authorities in carrying on the immunization drive for the benefit of local residents.

Up to Feb. 6, An Giang recorded 179 suspected cholera cases of which 55 were fatal. (DL-d)

TRANSLATOR WANTED BY I. L. O.

Saigon, (VP) Feb. 9

A translator is wanted by the International Labour Organization for its Switzerland head office or its affiliated agencies, it was announced today.

The translator will have to translate documents on economic, social and labour subjects into French. Besides a thorough knowledge of French, he must have a perfect command of English and know either German, Russian or Spanish.

The applicants must be of Algerian, Moroccan, Malagasy, Senegalese, Tunisian or Vietnamese citizenship and born between March 15, 1924 and March 17, 1941. They will have to take a writing test to be held by the ILO.

The salary will range from US\$6,130 to US\$9,870 a year besides a cost of living allowance from US\$368 to US\$888 and a family allowance fixed at US\$400 for the wife and US\$300 for each child.

Applications must be sent to the ILO, 154 Rue Lausanne, Switzerland, before March 16 through the Vietnamese Labour Ministry, 459 Tran Hung Dao Blvd. (CH-d)

TWO FOREIGN FIRMS IMPORT VIETNAMESE SEA FOODS

Saigon, (VP) Feb. 9

The Economy Ministry has just ratified a contract signed by the Kien Giang Sea-Fishing Cooperative to export to Singapore various sea foods at the following prices:

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| * Black turbot | Strait dollars 0.70 per kilo |
| * White " | " " 1.20 |
| * Polynemus or "Goc" fish | " " 1.21 |
| * "Eua" fish | " " 0.50 |

The importing firm is the C. C. Trading Company of Singapore.

Last December, the Ministry approved a similar contract signed between a foreign firm, the Sim Juam Huap and the Ca Mau Fishing Co-operative for the export of "goc" fish at S. D. 1.19 per kilo. (DG-d)

101 RELEASED FROM JAIL IN QUANG NGAI

Quang Ngai, (VP) Feb. 9

In implementation of the leniency measures ordered by the Military Revolutionary Council on the occasion of Tet, the Quang Ngai administration released 101 political detainees yesterday morning.

The freed people pledged to close ranks behind the MRC to fight against the Communists and to rebuild the country. (DG-d)

RANGERS KILL FOUR V. C. IN CAO LANH

Cao Lanh, (VP) Feb. 9

Tipped off by the local population, Rangers from Cao Lanh, Kien Phong province, killed four Viet Cong belonging to a reconnaissance cell, Friday morning, it was learned today.

The Rangers who swooped on the Viet Cong in a house at My Ngai village in the same district, seized three rifles including two Czech. No casualties were reported on the Rangers side. (DG-d)

Sports :

**KJOBENHAVNS BOLDKLUB DEFEATS VIETNAMESE ALL STARS
2-1; REFEREE DIES SOON AFTER MATCH**

Saigon, (VP) Feb. 9

In a single match here last night the Kjobenhavns Boldklub soccer team from Denmark beat Viet Nam All Stars 2-1. Sportswriters described last night's match watched by about 20,000 spectators as a beautiful and hard-fought one.

First Vietnamese international referee Truong Van Ky who officiated at the match which ended at 11 p. m. died a few hours later of a brain haemorrhage. Well-known as the best Vietnamese referee, Mr. Ky was in his early 40's. He was also an athlete and his 11-second record of the 100-m dash race set in the early 1940's is still unbeatable.

The Vietnamese eleven displayed the most beautiful match in months last night. They opened the score first at the 13th minute. Centre forward Chieu got the ball from a corner penalty kick by Ngon and netted it for Viet Nam. In a similar development a few minutes earlier Chieu failed to score when he shot right at the goal frame pole. The first half ended with the host team leading 1-0.

At the second half Duc replaced left fullback Lam. This weakened the Vietnamese defence since Duc who was used to play as a centre halfback, had to move to the middle line. The visitors were determined to even the score since they had not lost any match in their present tour yet. At the 60th minute right inside Sorensen shot at the parallel bar and Vietnamese goalkeeper Rang managed to catch the ball in time.

After the 80th minute the Vietnamese players showed apparent signs of exhaustion and the Danes' pressure became stronger and stronger for the Vietnamese defence. Two minutes later left inside Danielsen got the ball from a corner penalty kick and evened the score for Denmark. Just two minutes before the final whistle, centre forward Klint chalked up the second score for the guest team.

Kjobenhavns Boldklub is scheduled to leave today for Hong Kong.

Feature :

**INDIA SELLING MORE THAN EVER BEFORE TO
EASTERN EUROPE; FOUR-FOLD INCREASE
IN SIX YEARS**

By V. M. Nair,
Reuters correspondent.

Russians and their East European allies are today buying more Indian goods than ever before.

In the past six years, India's trade with Eastern Europe has increased four-fold. In 1956, the volume of trade was 225,000,000 rupees (£16,875,000 sterling); in 1962, it was 936,000,000 rupees (£70,200,000 sterling).

During the next few years, Eastern Europe is likely to become one of the biggest customers for Indian goods. A series of new, long term trade agreements is now being concluded between India and individual countries of Eastern Europe. Each of these agreements envisages doubling the volume of present trade in the next three years.

To some extent, the spurt in Indo-East European trade is due to the increasing inflow of heavy machinery and capital equipment from these countries for Indian development projects. Almost all the imports are paid for in Indian goods.

All trade transactions are conducted at State level and payments are made in local currency.

In face of reports that some Indian goods sold to Eastern Europe against Indian currency have been finding their way to dollar and sterling areas through re-export, India has now sought, and secured, an undertaking that goods sold against payment in local currency will not be re-exported to hard currency areas.

The greatly expanded trade with Eastern Europe is one of the results of India's anxious search for new markets in which to sell her products in order to solve the adverse balance of payments problem and to replenish her depleted foreign exchange reserves.

This export promotion campaign has started paying dividends in other areas as well. New products of a fast-expanding engineering industry and traditional exports such as tea and jute are gradually finding their way into hitherto untouched markets in Southern Asia, South America, Africa and Europe.

INDIA SELLING (2)

The campaign has of late received added urgency because of India's acute need for additional foreign exchange to pay for defence equipment to meet a possible future Chinese attack.

Over 40 per cent of India's annual expenditure is now devoted to defence following the month-long Sino-Indian border fighting in the autumn of 1962. New Delhi has little foreign exchange with which to pay for import of capital equipment for development projects, let alone for additional purchases of defence equipment.

Part of the present crisis has been overcome through foreign aid, in outright grants and long term credits, from friendly countries. Indians are nevertheless anxious to expand their trade, to redress their mounting adverse balance of trade, and also to secure a firm foothold for their products in new markets.

But the growing tendency to put up tariff walls against foreign goods in most areas of the world, and India's own import restrictions to check the drain on foreign exchange reserves, have hampered export promotion efforts.

According to officials here, high tariff walls and quota restrictions have priced Indian goods out of some traditional markets, notably in Western Europe.

New Delhi is now trying to secure from the European Economic Community special tariff rebates on products of developing countries like India. Indians argue that, while they have been receiving substantial economic aid from the developed countries, the very purpose of such aid is nullified if the donors put up a solid tariff wall against Indian-made products.

Quota restrictions and tariffs on some Indian products have, as a result of these efforts, been relaxed by the Common Market countries. India is pressing for further relaxation of tariffs on a wider range of products to give her trade with Western Europe an added stimulus.

Although still far from adequate, India has been earning progressively higher amounts from her foreign trade. In 1962, Indian export earnings touched a record, for the decade, of 7,200,000 rupees (£540,000,000 sterling) as against 6,603,000,000 rupees (£495,225,000 sterling) in 1961.

There was, however, a comparative increase in exports to the United States of America in 1962.

INDIA SELLING (3)

Despite the substantial rise in trade with Eastern Europe, the United States and Britain continue to be the leading markets for Indian goods. In 1962, 40 per cent of India's total exports went to these countries.

India's basic exports are still primary products like tea and jute. The fluctuating world prices of these products have often upset India's export earnings. India is now trying, in co-operation with other primary producing countries, to stabilise the world prices of these products. At the same time, attempts are under way to diversify Indian exports to cut down the country's heavy dependence on primary products.

Indian-made sewing machines, bicycles, scooters and machine tools are now being exported to many countries of Asia and the West. Among other new items of export are ready-made garments, bananas and shoes, all of which have found ready buyers in Eastern Europe.

The Government is trying to stress the importance of quality control in the export trade and manufacturers have been asked to export their products only when they are of a high quality and durability comparable to those of similar goods produced elsewhere in the world.

C O N T E N T S

<u>A S I A :</u>	<u>Pages</u>
* Prince Sihanouk sends message to Pres. Johnson	F-1
* Rightwing-Pathet fighting in Xieng Khoang sector reported.....	1
* Pathet Lao reportedly will block any ICC's attempt to investigate ceasefire violations ,	2
* Pres. Macapagal leaves Manila for Phnom Penh	2
* Prince Sihanouk welcomes Pres. Macapagal	3
* 2 anti-Malaysian organisations propose Cambodia to replace Thailand in supervising Borneo ceasefire	3
* Demonstration in Jammu leaves several injured	4
* Gen. Ne Win arrives in New Delhi	4
* PI Gen. Romulo arrives in New Delhi	4
* Gen. Ne Win confers with PM. Nehru	5
<u>E U R O P E :</u>	
* Mr. Faure : France renders service to Western world by recognizing Peking	5
* France expected to nominate Charge d'Adfares for Peking soon	5 - 6
* PM. Home replies to Mr. Khrushchev's charges	6
<u>A M E R I C A S :</u>	
* U. S. protests deportation of 6 foreign members of Ghana University	6-7
* Pres. Dorticos : Cuba would lay claim to U. S. Naval Base at Guantanamo	7
* Att. Gen. Kennedy : U. S. ' role in Malaysian dispute is complete	7
<u>U N I T E D N A T I O N S :</u>	
* Mr. Thant decides in principle to name Thailand to supervise Borneo ceasefire	8

* Security Council meeting on Kashmir issue goes on F-8

A F R I C A :

* Somali-Ethiopian armed forces clash in border area 9

* Ethiopia declares state of emergency on border with Somalia.. 9

* Ghana expels 6 foreign members of Ghana University's academic staff 9

* Cameroun and problem of recognizing Red China 9-10

* Storm swoops down Tunisia's East coast : 12 killed, 15 injured. 10

* PM, Kenyatta : 11th Kenya rifles disbanded 10

* Ivory Coast desires to contribute to promote peaceful solution to Malaysian problem 10

* Ghana dissociated from anti-American demonstration outside U.S. Embassy 11

* Malaysian mission arrives in Accra 11

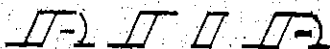
M I D D L E E A S T :

* Most urgent need in Cyprus : to find political solution 11

* UAR economic delegation visits Baghdad 11

F E A T U R E :

* Great decisions of 1964 12-13



PRINCE SIHANOUK SENDS MESSAGE TO PRES. JOHNSON

Phnom Penh, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

The Cambodian Chief of State, Prince Norodom Sihanouk told President Johnson that unless international steps were taken to cease any aggressions" against her, Cambodia will by forces to "modify her Neutralist status and seek assistance pacts with certain friendly great nations."

He did not say alignments, but diplomatic observers presumed he meant China.

The official Khmer Press Agency said today the Prince send messages to President Johnson, and also to the British and Russian Foreign Ministers and R. A. Butler and M. Andrej Gromyko as chairmen of the Geneva conference following alleged bombing of a Cambodian border village on February 4 by South Vietnamese forces.

Prince Sihanouk asked the co-chairmen for the immediate establishment of observation posts along the frontier to investigate alleged movements of Viet Cong across the border which are a pretext for "incessant murderous aggressions" of the Vietnamese.

RIGHTWING-PATHET FIGHTING IN XIENG KHOUANG SECTOR REPORTED

Vientiane, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Heavy fighting between Rightwing forces and pro-Communist Pathet Lao and Viet Minh is raging in the Xieng Khouang sector in the Southwest corner of the Plain of Jars, a Rightwing communique said today.

A Rightwing spokesman said Rightwing casualties had been "many" and there was not enough room in Vientiane hospitals for all the wounded. The Communist forces had left seven dead on the battlefield.

The communique said the Communists launched a two-pronged attack on the Right-wing held ridge to the North of Xieng Khouang town.

There was also a "strong attack" on Right-wing positions in the area East of the Mekong river town of Thakhek yesterday, and fighting was continuing there.

PATHET LAO REPORTEDLY WILL BLOCK ANY ICC'S ATTEMPT TO INVESTIGATE CEASEFIRE VIOLATIONS

Tokyo, Feb. 8 (UPI)

The Laotian Communists have announced they will block any attempts by the International Control Commission (ICC) to investigate cease-fire violations, the New China News Agency reported Friday.

NCNA said this was made plain in the broadcast Thursday by the Pathet Lao radio.

The Chinese Communist news agency quoted the broadcast as saying it was "regrettable" that Neutralist Premier Souvanna Phouma asked the ICC to investigate reported Communist attacks in Central Laos.

The broadcast said "any proposal to the ICC without the consent of the Neo Lao Haksat (The Communist Pathet Lao), that is without the unanimous approval of the three sides, will be regarded as null and void. The ICC cannot carry out investigations in these areas on the basis of distortion of facts and slanders by one or two sides."

A separate NCNA dispatch from Vientiane said the Communist representative in the Laotian capital has informed Britain and Russia that it was "U. S. imperialists" and Rightwing forces who had kindled the war flames" in Central Laos.

PRES. MACAPAGAL LEAVES MANILA FOR PHNOM PENH

Manila, Feb. 8 (AP)

President Diosdado Macapagal left for Cambodia Saturday on what he called "a mission of transcendental importance to our people and to our region."

Macapagal's special Philippine air lines Viscount took off for Phnom Penh at 1:12 p. m. (05:12 GMT). There he will meet with Malaysian Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman in an attempt to restore relations between Malaysia and the Philippines.

Macapagal's state visit is scheduled to run through Feb. 13.

PRINCE SIHANOUK WELCOMES PRES. MACAPAGAL

Phnom Penh, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Philippines President Macapagal arrived today for a five-day state visit to Cambodia, including a two-day talks with Malaysian Premier Tunjku Abdul Rahman.

He was welcomed at the airport by the Cambodian Head of State Prince Sihanouk and the royal princesses who garlanded the President and Mrs. Macapagal with flowers.

Prince Sihanouk said in speech that Cambodian and Philippine friendship was endangered by -- "attempts presently being made by imperialists to divide us".

He congratulated President Macapagal for his policy "of cooperating with those nonaligned countries such as Indonesia and Cambodia, while pursuing an independent and truly national policy."

Prince Sihanouk expressed a hope that talks with the Tunku would be enable a three-power conference to be held attended by "our great and respected friend and brother, President Sukarno" (of Indonesia) resulting in a resolution of the "Malaysia affair."

President Macapagal replying thanked Prince Sihanouk, for his efforts in mediating in the Malaysian and Philippine differences, and said he was looking forward to meeting "that beloved and distinguished Asian leader, the Prime Minister of Malaysia."

2 ANTI-MALAYSIAN ORGANISATIONS PROPOSE CAMBODIA TO REPLACE THAILAND IN SUPERVISING BORNEO CEASE-FIRE

Djakarta, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Two anti-Malaysian organisations have proposed Cambodia to replace Thailand in supervising the Borneo ceasefire.

The Indonesian Antara news agency reported from Medan, North Sumatra, that the "anti-Malaysia front" and the "Malaysian independence fighters league" in a statement said that to implement the doctrine "Asian problems should be solved by Asians themselves," all foreign troops in Southeast Asia should be withdrawn and the Southeast Asia Treaty Organisation (SEATO) should be dissolved.

DEMONSTRATION IN JAMMU LEAVES SEVERAL INJURED

New Delhi, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Police used tear gas and made baton charges against demonstrators shouting slogans against Mr. Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed, the former Kashmir Prime Minister, after he had addressed meeting in Jammu, Kashmir, last night, press reports said today.

Several people, including policemen and a magistrate, were reported injured.

During his speech Mr. Bakshi said that Kashmir's accession to India was irrevocable, and that the ruling National Conference Party would become part of the Indian National Congress.

After the meeting the demonstrators threw stones at the windows of two hotels and at government buses and the local National Conference Party headquarters.

GEN. NE WIN ARRIVES IN NEW DELHI

New Delhi, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

General Ne Win Chairman of the Revolutionary Council of Burma arrived here today on a one-day informal visit for talks with Prime Minister Nehru.

General Ne Win's visit was arranged at short notice at his own request.

He was accompanied by a nine-member team of senior officials, aides and his wife.

PI GEN. ROMULO ARRIVES IN NEW DELHI

New Delhi, Feb. 8 (AP)

The President of Philippines University, Carlos P. Romulo flew here from Bombay Friday in the court of a seven-day tour of India a state guest.

He will be received by President Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Prime Minister Nehru next Monday and receive an Honorary Doctorate Degree from Delhi University Tuesday.

He will leave India Feb. 14.

GEN. NE WIN CONFERS WITH PM. NEHRU

New Delhi, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

General Ne Win, Chairman of Burma's Revolutionary Council had a one-hour meeting with Mr. Nehru today.

General Ne Win, who arrived here shortly after noon today on a one-day informal visit, drove to Mr. Nehru's official residence three hours later.

Only the two leaders were present at the meeting.

Official sources said General Ne Win expected to meet Mr. Nehru again in the morning before flying back to Rangoon shortly before noon.

EUROPE

MR. FAURE : FRANCE RENDERS SERVICE TO WESTERN WORLD BY RECOGNIZING PEKING

Paris, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Mr. Edgar Faure, former radical Prime Minister, said in a Transatlantic television interview tonight that France had rendered a service to the Western world by recognizing China.

Answering questions put by American journalist Joseph Kraft in New York, M. Faure said that American policy vis-a-vis China and in Viet Nam was in an impasse.

The American Government persisted in recognizing the Taiwan régime as the Government of China and persisted in ignoring a nation of 700 million persons.

It was a policy which could not be maintained indefinitely and France, by recognizing China, had "eased the way" for the West to normalise relations with the Peking régime.

FRANCE EXPECTED TO NOMINATE CHARGÉ D'AFFAIRES FOR PEKING SOON

Paris, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

The French Government is expected to nominate a Chargé d'Affaires for Peking "in a matter of days" a Government source said here today in answer to questions.

FRANCE EXPECTED ... (2)

Asked whether the French Government was contemplating breaking off relations with the Taiwan Government, a spokesman of the French Foreign Ministry told reporters :

"The French Government has not taken any steps to break off diplomatic relations with Taiwan.

"I might add to this that we have recognized the Government of Peking as the Government of China and this would appear to imply a certain number of consequences which, no doubt, will become manifest bit by bit in due course."

PM. HOME REPLIES TO MR. KHRUSHCHEV'S CHARGES

London, Feb. 8 (AP)

Prime Minister Sir Alec-Douglas-Home told Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev Saturday night that his charges of a planned Western military invasion and occupation of Cyprus were "as offensive as they are unfounded."

Sir Alec fired back in near record time a sharp reply to Khrushchev's note of Friday. The Soviet leader had called the proposal for a NATO peace-keeping force for Cyprus an imperialist plot to infringe the Mediterranean island's sovereignty. He told the West to keep out.

Sir Alec answered that Soviet views about Cyprus were "completely divorced from reality" and that Britain's "one object in Cyprus is to help maintain peace and security." He remanded the Soviet Premier that British troops already on the island were there at the request of the Cyprus Government. Then he told Khrushchev that the British needed no lessons on how to conduct themselves "in the spirit of the Charter of the United Nations."

Khrushchev also sent messages on Cyprus to U. S. President Lyndon Johnson, French President Charles de Gaulle and the Prime Ministers of Turkey and Greece.

A M E R I C A S

U. S. PROTESTS DEPORTATION OF 6 FOREIGN MEMBERS OF GHANA UNIVERSITY

Washington, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

The State Department today protest the deportation of six-members of the Ghana University faculty and said the action struck "a hard blow against academic freedom."

U. S. PROTESTS ... (2)

The Department said that Mr. William Mahoney, U. S. Ambassador to Ghana, had strongly protested against the deportation proceeding initiated against the four Americans of the six.

U. S. officials said deportation notices were served on the six on January 31 after the Ghana press and radio had called for the removal of Western-oriented persons from the University faculty.

PRES. DORTICOS : CUBA WOULD LAY CLAIM TO U. S. NAVAL BASE AT GUANTANAMO

Miami, Florida, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Cuban President Osvaldo Dorticos said last night his country would lay claim to the U. S. Naval Base at Guantanamo, Cuba, "at a time we consider convenient."

In a statement broadcast by Havana Radio and monitored here, the President said: "we will claim the base at the moment we consider convenient and will use the ways of international organisations that we will consider convenient for our claim."

ATT. GEN. KENNEDY : U. S. 'ROLE IN MALAYSIAN DISPUTE IS COMPLETE

Washington, Feb. 8 (AP)

U. S. Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy said Friday "The role of the United States is complete" in the Malaysian dispute, and it is now up to the countries involved to resolve their differences.

Kennedy spoke to newsmen after briefing the House Foreign Affairs Committee on his recent peace-making trip to the Philippines, Indonesia and Malaysia.

Kennedy was asked to comment on the fact that even while he was in Indonesia, President Sukarno told a cheering rally that Malaysia must be crushed.

Sukarno takes the view that Malaysia is a British puppet and Kennedy said he thinks the Indonesian chief had the smashing of that status in mind rather than military measures.

UNITED NATIONS

MR. THANT DECIDES IN PRINCIPLE TO NAME THAILAND TO
SUPERVISE BORNEO CEASEFIRE

United Nations, N. Y., Feb. 8 (AP)

U. N. Secretary-General U Thant announced Friday that he had decided in principle to name Thailand to supervise the Indonesian-Malaysian cease-fire in Borneo.

He made the announcement in identical published messages to the Foreign Ministers of Indonesia, Malaysia and the Philippines, who had asked him Thursday to take such action.

SECURITY COUNCIL MEETING ON KASHMIR ISSUE GOES ON

United Nations, N. Y., Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Pakistan today accused India of a "bloody plot to get rid of Muslim citizens from the (Indian) territory bordering East Pakistan."

The accusation was made by the Pakistan Foreign Minister, Mr. Zulficar Bhutto, when he replied in the Security Council here to a speech by the Indian Education Minister, Mr. M. C. Chagla, last Wednesday in the debate over Kashmir.

Mr. Bhutto's "plot" accusation was a reference to the recent Hindu-Muslim riots in West Bengal. He said there had been 550 inter-communal riots since India became independent.

He accused Mr. Chagla of saying last Wednesday that in the very nature of things, Muslims must hate Hindus and Hindus must hate Muslims.

Mr. Chagla had "consistently" ignored facts and "devoted himself to hurling irresponsible and wild charges against Pakistan" after having stated that the Council was not intended to be a platform for propaganda, Mr. Bhutto said.

A F R I C A

SOMALI-ETHIOPIAN ARMED FORCES CLASH IN BORDER AREA

Mogadishu, Somali, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Somali and Ethiopian armed forces have clashed in the border area, the Foreign Ministry here announced tonight.

Fighting was continuing but it was impossible to assess casualties at the present time.

The clash was located between the North Somalian City of Hargeisa and the Ethiopian town of Jijiga.

(The Ethiopian Information Ministry announced yesterday that more than 30 Somali "bandits" were killed on Wednesday out of a group of 300 which crossed the border and clashed with Ethiopian security forces in Jijiga province.

**ETHIOPIA DECLARES STATE OF EMERGENCY ON BORDER
WITH SOMALIA**

Addis Ababa, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Ethiopia today declared a state of emergency on the border with Somalia following an attack by Somali forces on an Ethiopian frontier post, it was announced here. Meanwhile Emperor Haile Selassie sent an urgent message to African heads of state to inform them of the border incident, which he described as "the latest in the series of incidents which have been provoked by armed bands from Somali."

**GHANA EXPELS 6 FOREIGN MEMBERS OF GHANA UNIVERSITY'S
ACADEMIC STAFF**

Accra, Ghana, Feb. 8 (UPI)

The Ghana Government announced Saturday it is expelling six members of the Academic staff of Ghana University -- five of them Americans -- and an Anglican Clergyman.

CAMEROUN AND PROBLEM OF RECOGNIZING RED CHINA

Yaounde, Cameroun, Feb. 8 (AP)

President Ahamdou Ahidjo said (sat) "if we had proof that Communist China is no longer interfering in our Internal Affairs, we could recognize it and vote for its admission in the United Nations."

CAMEROUN ... (2)

Ahidjo spoke at a news conference.

Cameroun is a former French territory, independent since 1960. So far no state in former French Africa has followed France's lead in recognizing the Peking régime.

STORM SWOOPS DOWN TUNISIA'S EAST COAST : 12 KILLED, 15 INJURED

Tunis, Feb. 8 (AP)

At least 12 Tunisian fishermen died and 15 others were reported missing Saturday after a savage storm swooped down in the country's East coast.

Waves up to 20 feet tall pounded at the beaches near Mahdia, South of Sousse, smashing fishing boats.

Authorities feared that more persons were lost in the storm, which started to batter the coast at dawn after several days of intermitten rain.

PM, KENYATTA : 11TH KENYA RIFLES DISBANDED

Nairobi, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

Mr. Jomo Kenyatta, the Kenya Prime Minister, said today that the 11th Kenya rifles, who mutinied at Lanet last month, would be disbanded and replaced by a newly-formed first battalion Kenya rifles.

Mr. Kenyatta, answering questions at a press conference here today, said it had been established that as a result of the Lanet troubles 100 men would be court-martialled and 170 dismissed.

Some 370 were found to be loyal and would be retained.

IVORY COAST DESIRES TO CONTRIBUTE TO PROMOTE PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO MALAYSIAN PROBLEM

Abidjan, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

President Felix Houphouët-Boigny, President of the Ivory Coast today "expressed his desire to contribute in whatever way he could", to promote the achievement of a peaceful solution to the Indonesian-Malaysian problem, according to a communiqué issued here.

The joint communiqué was issued at the end of a three-day visit to the Ivory Coast by a Malaysian delegation headed by the Singapore Prime Minister, Mr. Lee Kuan Yew.

GHANA DISSOCIATED FROM ANTI-AMERICAN DEMONSTRATION OUTSIDE U. S. EMBASSY

Accra, Feb. 8 (Reuter)

The Ghana Government said tonight it dissociated itself from and "deeply regrets" the anti-American demonstrations outside the American Embassy here last Tuesday.

The Government's regrets were contained in a statement issued by the Foreign Ministry here.

(The U. S. State Department said on Wednesday that it had accused the Ghana Government of having "instigated, inspired or countenanced" the anti-American demonstrations.

MALAYSIAN MISSION ARRIVES IN ACCRA

Accra, Ghana, Feb. 8 (AP)

Malaysia's 11-man goodwill mission led by Premier Lee Kuan Yew of Singapore arrived Friday night for a two-day visit during which they will hold talks with President Nkrumah.

M I D D L E E A S T

MOST URGENT NEED IN CYPRUS : TO FIND POLITICAL SOLUTION

Nicosia, Feb. 8 (AP)

The most urgent need in the Cyprus situation is to find a political solution, the leader of the Greek Cypriot delegation at the London conference on Cyprus said here Saturday on his return.

Glafkos Clerides told newsmen at Nicosia airport : "the question of an international force for Cyprus is a secondary new".

Clerides declined to comment on report of fresh British-American proposals designed to meet objections by President Makarios to the original British-American plan.

He said these proposals must be considered by the Cypriot Government first.

UAR ECONOMIC DELEGATION VISITS BAGHDAD

Beirut, Lebanon, Feb. 8 (AP)

UAR Economy Minister Ahmed Zendo met for one hour within Iraqi President Abdelsalam Aref in Baghdad Saturday, Baghdad Radio said. Zendo is in Baghdad with a delegation to explore possibilities for improving economic relations between the two countries.

F E A T U R E

GREAT DECISIONS OF 1964

(Editor's note -- The United States faces great decisions in its foreign policy around the globe. This and subsequent dispatches, prepared by veteran United Press International reporters and writers, will deal with eight of these major problems. The opening dispatch examines the overall question: "world Communism -- how great the danger?")

The fragmentation of world Communism has presented new problems to U. S. policy makers, but cannot be said to have eased the Communist threat.

Nikita Khrushchev's policy of co-existence as opposed to Red China's determined support of violent revolution and the violent propagandá war between the two could, in fact, tempt either into new adventures upsetting to the West.

Further, recent events in Zanzibar, taken over by a Leftist regime in January, proves that Moscow and Peking can work together when it comes to achieving the ultimate goal of each, which is the victory of world Communism.

It even demonstrates that the two can employ their differences to mutual advantage. Were violent revolution fails, then infiltration and economic penetration might do the trick.

In either event it would be a victory for world Communism, now estimated to have 40 million card-carrying members.

Zanzibar provides Communism with a valuable bridgehead to East Africa. Fidel Castro's take-over of Cuba on new year's day, 1959, was a major Communist victory.

But otherwise it also must be said that in some areas of the world the Communist drive either has been blunted or turned back. No nation yet ever has voted itself into Communism voluntarily, suggesting that even among the poorest and least developed peoples, Communist promises of instant riches have not been entirely effective.

A new prosperity practically has eliminated the threat of Communism in Western Europe.

GREAT DECISIONS OF 1964 (2)

Castro not yet has been able to export his violent revolution to other nations of Latin America.

American men and money are battling to turn back Communism in Southeast Asia, with the outcome admittedly still in the balance.

And among the Communist nations themselves, a rising nationalism seems to guarantee that world Communism never can return to the monolithic state that it was in the time of Lenin and Stalin.

In the violent ideological quarrel between the two red giants, each professes to represent the teachings of Karl Marx and N. Lenin.

As a sidelight, it is interesting to note that Lenin never met Marx and was but a boy of 13 when Marx died.

If theory of "dialectic materialism" which all Communists claim is the key philosophy.

In general, it holds that ideas and social structures all stand upon and economic base and that capitalism is only one of the final phases in the development of society.