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DESCRIPTIVE

CATALOGUE OF FRUITS,

CEERT LATEREECO

FLOWERING SHRUBS AND PLANTS,

CULTIVATED AND FOR SALE BY

ELLWANGER & BARRY,

AT THE

Mount Hope Botanic Garden and Nurseries,

SAINT PAUL STREET,

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE CEMETERY,

ROCHESTER, NEW-YORK.

ROCHESTER:
POWER PRESS OF THE DAILY ADVERTISER.
1946



ADVERTISEMENT.

Since we presented the last edition of our Catalogue to the public, a year ago, we have tested a large number of fruits in our own grounds, that have never before been fruited in this section of the country, and many of them rarely, if ever before, in the United States.

We have also enlarged our nurseries to a considerable extent, in order to be the more fully prepared to meet the increasing demands of the public for nursery productions. They cover at present Twenty-three Acres of land, most compactly planted with Fruit and Ornamental trees, shrubs and plants—and ten acres more, now in complete readiness, will be planted the ensuing Fall and Spring.

The universal interest that has been felt throughout all parts of this country, for a few years back in relation to fruit culture, has brought to notice many native varieties of the highest value; these, we have spared neither pains nor expense to collect, from every part, and they are now either tested, or in the course of being so, under our own observation. We have also perfect arrangements effected with the most eminent nurserymen of Europe, by which we will be furnished with every thing in the nursery line that may be new and valuable. During the past season we have imported seventy-five new varieties of Pears, twelve of Plums, twenty of Cherries, six of Apricots, &c., &c., all of the highest repute in Europe, and not to be had in this country; besides large quantities of new Roses, and other ornamental Plants, Trees, &c. We state these facts to show that we are earnestly endeavoring to carry out our design of making this the

The situation of our Nursery is one of the most favorable in the country for carrying on an extensive Nursery business. At the junction of the Erie and Genesee Valley Canals, directly on the Albany and Buffalo Railroad, and within two miles of the Steamboat Landing on Lake Ontario, it is obvious that we possess unequalled facilities for forwarding packages to any portion of the United States or Canada.

We have an advantage of eight days transportation over the Eastern Nurseries in regard to supplying the West, which, considering the time, risk, and extra cost, is an important consideration, and one to which we beg the attention of Western fruit growers and dealers in trees.

Furthermore, the Fruits and Fruit Trees of our section, are entirely free from many of the diseases so prevalent in the East—they are fresh and vigorous, as our large fair fruits fully attest.—The Apple tree canker-worm and borer, and the yellows among Peach trees, are comparitively little known. Besides, trees raised here in the north-western portion of New York, are, beyond a doubt, far hardier and better adapted to the climate of the Western States and the Canadas, than those raised on the warm soils and exposures bordering on the Atlantic Ocean. Experience has also proved that our trees succeed better in the colder portions of the Eastern States. We might refer to many experienced cultivators in the East, for proof of this, if necessary.

Our present stock has been propagated with every possible precaution to secure gennineness of sorts, and to exclude every variety that has proved of a worthless or doubtful character. The important operations of Grafting or Inoculating have been all performed by ourselves, or under our personal supervision. The Trees are vigorous and healthy, and we have the pleasure of officing them as worthy of public confidence. We do not profess to be infallible, but where we may have made mistakes we hold ourselves ready to rectify them as far as possible. It may be proper to remark, that the stock of some of the new and vory popular varieties is somewhat limited, and the trees smaller than those usually sent out.

Our collection of Ornamental Trees, Surubs and Plants, including a splendid stock of the finest new Roses and Double Dahlias, is very large, and comprises a great number of the leading and most desirable kinds cultivated. Additions are regularly made every year, by importation

and otherwise, of every thing new and fine. A separate catalogue of the Dahlias is published annually.

The Green House Department is very large and complete, during the past season it has been enriched with the finest new Roses, Geraniums, Fuchsias, Camellias, Cactus, Achimenes, Verbenas, and other popular beautiful plants. The prices are in all cases as low as at any other establishment in the country. To Florists, or amateurs forming new collections or enlarging their present ones, we are prepared to furnish plants on the most reasonable terms. A separate catalogue will be furnished.

Persons about establishing Nurseries in the West, or in any other section of the country, will be dealt with on the most accommodating terms. Large quantities of young Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Scions, Buds, &c., &c., will be furnished at the lowest prices. Those who purchase to sell again will be supplied at a liberal discount from the Catalogue prices.

The Transplanting Seasons are, October and November, in the fall, or from the fall of the leaf till the freezing of the ground; and in the spring, March, April and May, or from the thawing of the ground till the opening of the buds—periods that vary according to the weather. For all hardy deciduous trees, we would recommend early fall planting, as soon as trees can be removed with safety; the earth becomes firmly settled around them before winter sets in, and they are ready to start with the first movements of vegetation in the spring. Roads, too, are generally good early in the fall, and it is much easier for farmers who go after trees, to get them then, than in the spring. Spring planting is preferable for all tender trees and shrubs, but it should be done as early as possible, so that the roots may get established in their new position before the arrival of hot or dry weather.

The fall is the best season for transporting trees to Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and other parts in the West. They can be shipped from here in October and if it be unsafe or inconvenient to plane them when they arrive, they can be laid in carefully by the roots in a dry place where they will be equally protected from the winter winds and sun. If a good dry cool cellar can be had, the trees can be wintered in it with entire safety by placing the roots in earth. Our friends in the west will therefore do well to send their orders early in the fall, if possible, as lake, river and canal navigation, frequently does not open in the spring till navigation is considerably advanced and delays and obstructions are then of frequent occurrence.

Every tree and plant before being sent away is carefully labelled; and packing is done in the very best style, so that trees sent from here are as fresh after being sent 2000 miles, as when they were taken up in the Nursery. Charges for packing only made to cover cost of material. Packages shipped or delivered in all cases agreeable to directions; where it is left to us, we will forward be the most direct route, but in every case at the risk of the person ordering.

Those who are desirous of procuring a good selection of fruit, and possesses but a limited knowledge of varieties, will find it to their advantage to leave the selection mainly to us, stating, merely, the number wanted of Apple, Pear, Peach, &c., and if they think proper, the proportion of Summer, Auturm and Winter varieties. In such cases we pledge ourselves to furnish the best selection. Where particular varieties are ordered, it will be well for the person ordering to state, whether, in case we could not furnish the varieties, we are at liberty to substitute others equally as good. It frequently occurs that certain varieties are so run upon that the stock is soon exhausted.

All orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied with eash or a satisfactory reference, and all orders, letters of inquiry, &c., must be post paid, otherwise they will receive no attention.

Catalogues will be forwarded gratis to all post paid applications. Address "Ellwanger & Barry, Rochester, N. Y.

Hints on Transplanting and Management of Trees.

EVERY man who purchases a tree should make it a point to have it transplanted in the very best manner. The future value and even existence of the tree depends upon it. Better cast your money away at once than purchase trees, to be planted carelessly on an unprepared, unsuitable soil. Anxious that the trees sent from this establishment should succeed well, we solicit our customers to give, in every instance, their best attention to this matter of careful transplanting. Their own interests demand it.

For the benefit of those uninformed on the subject, we subjoin the following brief directions,

which, if carefully followed, will, as a general thing, ensure success:

Ist. Before you procure your trees, prepare the ground you intend to plant, in the best style. If it be a border in your garden where you intend to plant the finer fruit or dwarf trees, trench it to the depth of two feet, turning in a liberal supply of old decomposed manure. If it be orchard trees prepare your ground by a thorough, deep ploughing; if necessary, plow it twice or three times. It is much easier to put land in good order before trees are planted, than afterwards. But where circumstances will admit of it, orchard ground should be cropped one, or even two seasons before hand, with a view to its improvement and preparation.

2d. Prepare, in one corner of your field, a good heap of compost, by mixing fresh barn-yard manure, with an equal quantity of leaf mould from the woods, and muck, or peat; a quantity of leached ashes, if convenient, may be added; and where the land is not naturally calcareous, a small quantity of lime. This makes an excellent manure for trees. We use it extensively, and

recommend it from experience. It is cheap and within the reach of every farmer.

3d. When your ground is thus prepared, and your compost heap in readiness, you are ready for planting, which should be done as follows: Dig holes for your trees not less than three meta-tetter five feet square, and two feet deep, throw the sub-soil aside, and fill into the bottom of the hole, sufficient fine, friable surface mould, mixed with a couple of shovels full of the compost, to bring the surface mould, mixed with a couple of shovels full of the compost, to bring the surface mould, mixed with a couple of shovels full of the compost, to bring the surface mould, mixed with a couple of shovels full of the compost, to bring the surface mould, mixed with a couple of shovels full of the compost and the surface mould be sufficient to the sur

to a proper depth to receive the tree.

4th. Prune off, carefully, all the bruised or broken portions of roots, and place the tree in the spot prepared for it, in a perfectly upright position, spread out the roots carefully, in their natural order, and after having mixed two or three shovels full of the compost with the earth which should all be finely broken, fill it in. This must be done in such a way that every cavity will be filled up; when the roots are covered, a pail of water thrown in serves to wash the earth in among the roots; after the water has settled, fill in the remainder of the earth, and press it down gently with the foot; and thus the planting is completed.

5th. Trees should never be planted so deep but that when the earth settles, they will stand just as they did in the nursery. Deep planting is much practised, and is fatal to the health and vigorous growth of trees. The upper roots should be two or three inches below the surface—not more

in any case.

6th. In all cases where it may be apprehended that the wind will blow the tree about, so as to make an opening around the bottom, (as is the case generally with trees of even moderate size,) care should be taken to prevent it by tying the trees firmly to a stake, in such a manner as not to injure the bark. Some matting, or old cloth, may be put around the tree or between the tree and

the stake, ro prevent collision.

7th. WATERING is sometimes deemed necessary after spring planting, when a drought prevails; and, under such circumstances, if properly performed, may be very advantageous. But the common method of throwing it on the surface, is labor lost, and worse. Instead of penetrating the earth and affording nourishment to the thirsty roots, it quickly evaporates and leaves the tree in a more likely state of perishing than it was before. The earth becomes baked and completely impenetrable to atmospheric influence, so essential to vegetable growth. To give water properly and effectually, the surface should be removed to depth of two or three inches, and the water then poured in, and the surface-soil, finely pulverized, re-placed. It will be readily perceived that humidity will thus be preserved around the roots, and the evils above mentioned wholly avoided. Persons who care much for the success of their trees, will not grudge the little extra trouble. It is very seldom, however, that recourse need be had to watering, if planting is properly performed in the first place, as we have described,

8th. Mulching or covering the earth around the trees, as far as the roots extend, with litter or rough manure, to the depth of three or four inches, is one of the best methods of saving late spring-

planted trees. If trees are properly planted in the way we have directed, and the mulching is immediately performed, there is little danger of the tree, even if dry weather should ensue. It is much preferable to watering, but both are unnecessary except in cases of late planting, followed

by dry, hot weather.

9th. AFTER-CULTURE.-For several years after young trees are planted, the ground should be kept well cultivated around them, and if necessary, a top dressing of rotten manure should be spaded in by the extremities of the roots occasionally. Such attention as this, will bring trees quickly into productivenesss, while on the other hand, if they are neglected after planting, and the grass and weeds permitted to grow up around them and exhaust the soil of its nourishing properties; the trees become stunted, mossy, and most likely diseased, and if they are not cut down, they remain but to cumber the ground,

10th. PRUNING .- Trees in open orchard culture, require but little pruning. It is necessary to apply the knife, however, less or more, every season; suckers or shoots from the lower part of the tree, must be kept down; side branches springing from the body of the tree, must be removed; the head must be kept shapely and open, for the admission of light and air; and such limbs as cross each other, or rub against each other, must be removed. This may be done at a leisure season of the year, before the opening of the ground. The stone fruits, cherry, &c., should never be ent or wounded in the spring, when the sap is flowing rapidly, as then they are liable to "bleed," or "gum," which frequently proves fatal to them. They may be pruned safely at other times

-mid-summer is a good time, as then the wounds heal up rapidly.

11th. DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS.—The insects most annoying to the Horticulturist in our section are, the Caterpillar, Curculio, Aphis, and Slug-worm. The great point in destroying insects, is to commence the work of destruction early. The first mentioned, the Caterpillar, is a most voracious filthy insect. The Apple orchards in many sections of the country, for a year or two past, have been literally besieged with them. We have seen orchards, and even trees in dooryards, as destitute of leaves in May and June as they were in January, and frightfully loaded with these insects. The clumps of eggs should be gathered and destroyed in March or April before they hatch; if allowed to hatch, which they do about the middle of May, their nests may be removed with the hand, early in the morning, while they are all at home; or assome practice, they may be destroyed by saturating them with Ammonia, applied with a piece of cloth or sponge tied on the end of a stick that will reach into the tree.

The Curculio.—This is, in this country, the most troublesome of all insects to the fruit grower, the most difficult to subdue. It not only preys upon the Plum, Apricot and Nectarine, but even attacks the Cherry, Apple and Peach. The destruction of this insect calls for the most persevering efforts of all who desire to grow fruit successfully. The most effectual remedies within our knowledge, and we have tried many, are the following: As soon as the insects enteron their labors, which is readily known by their mark on the young fruit, shake or rather jar the trees effectually, having a cloth spread under them to receive the insects when they drop. Kill the insects immediately, and throw the diseased fruit to the hogs-repeat this operation daily, in the morning, as long as any are to be found We have seen fine erops of Plums saved this season by a proper following up of this method. It is recommended by some to strew salt on the ground around the trees early in the spring, in order to kill the insects in the ground before they emerge, and also at the time the injured fruit begins to drop, to kill the insect while moving from the fruit into the ground. We have no doubt but the application of salt in this way, will aid materially in arresting the ravages of this insect. Salt may be safely strewed around trees, to the depth of onefourth of an inch or more, and if it does not kill the Curculio, it will at least act as a fertilizer of the soil. Salt is good for the Plum tree.

Aphides .- These insects infest the young shoots of the Apple, Pear, Cherry, Plum, &c., during the summer, as well as Roses and other ornamental plants—but they are easily destroyed if taken in time. We use successfully, a mixture of soap suds and tobacco water, put on with a syringe or a white wash brush. For ornamental plants, where cleanliness is very desirable, a solution of Ammonia, (Smelling Salts) in water, in the proportion of about half an ounce to a quart,

put on with a syringe, is one of the best applications known.

The Slug worm attacks the foliage of the Pear and Cherry in the month of June, and if not destroyed in time, makes sad havoc. They may be destroyed at once by sprinkling them over with ashes or slacked lime. In destroying insects it is necessary to repeat all operations until the

work is complete.

CATALOGUE OF FRUITS.

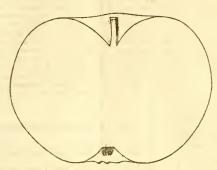


Fig. 1 .- Early Joe.

This is a new Seedling Apple from Bloomfield, Ontario Co., and originated in the same orchard as the famous Northern Spy. It is of a beautiful bright red color, on a pale yellowish ground; flesh, crisp, tender and juley; of equitative flavor; indeed it is esteemed the very best apple of its season—August to September.

APPLES.

PRICE, 25 CENTS EACH: \$18 TO \$20 PER 100.

The Apple is decidedly the staple fruit of this country. Our soil and climate seem so congeniate to it, that in no other country does it attain such perfection. American Apples are the first in the world. Its importance to the American Husbandman is every year increasing, in consequence of its value as an article of domestic cookery, for feeding and fattening farm stock, and for sale and exportation as an article of commerce.

The fine new improved varieties, now so easily obtained, leaves no excuse for poor orchards. Every cultivator should see that his varieties are the most valuable to be had, that his labor, care,

and capital, may be advantageously expended.

Soil.—The Apple prefers a deep, heavy loam; on such a soil it is generally most productive, and attains the greatest perfection; but it accommodates itself to almost every soil. Henne we find it bearing fine crops on neglected gravelly spots and dry sands. And we often find orchards on steep hill-sides, and rocky places, unfit for general culture.

DISTANCE.—Thirty feet apart in orchards, as a general thing, is sufficient. Where the grounds are deep and rich, and the trees likely to attain a large size, forty feet is the proper distance.

Many are but recently added to our collection, and can be furnished only of smaller size, say two years old from the graft, these are distinguished by a *

A number of the finest varieties are grown on dwarf stocks. These bear soon and take up small

space-fine for small gardens.

ABREVIATIONS.—Color.—b., brown; d., dark; g., green; p., pale; r., red; rus., russet; st., striped; y., yellow. Use.—T., Table; K., Kitchen or Cooking; P., Preserves; T. K., both Table and Cooking.

8	Ellwanger & Barry's									
No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Use.	Season.	REMARKS.				
1 2	Astracan, White	w. r.	oblong. roundish.	T T	August.	Rich, tender, and fine flavored. Tended & fine flavor; productive				
	Astracan, Red Autumn Pearmain		roundish.	тк	September.	Large, handsome, and very fine. Rich and high flavored.				
6	Belle et Bonne Baldwin Bellflower, Yellow	r.	roundish. roundish. oblong.	T K T K	October. Nov. April. Nov. Mar.	Large, juicy, and good. [some. Highly esteemed; large & hand- Large, productive; fine flavored.				
8 9	Bellflower, White Benoni	p. y. r.	oblate. round.	TK	Nov. Feb. August.	Large, productive, and good. Goed bearer; high & fine flavor.				
11 12	Belmont	str. rus., r.	round. roundish. conical.	T K T	Dec. Feb. Oct. Nov. Oct. April.	Highly esteemed in Ohio. Very large; good for cooking. Esteemed; fine Canada variety				
14	Bough, Large Sweet Blenheim Pippin *Blush	r. y. str.	roundish. roundish. roundish.		August. Oct. Dec. Nov. Feb.	Very large and fine. Large, productive, and sweet. Handsome and fine.				
16 17	*Borsdorfer *Boxford	y. r. r. y. str.	oval. flat.	T T	Nov. Mar.	Fine popular German Fruit. Very fine and productive.				
18	Calville, White Summer or Calville blanche		_							
19	d'ete *Calville, White Winter or Calville blanche	р. у.	flat.	тк	Ang. Sept.	Handsome, and fine for cooking.				
20	d'hiver Calville, Rouge, or Red Calville		flat. flat.	T K		Beautiful and good. Tender, fine for cooking. [cider.				
22	*Canfield Cabashea	y. r. y. r.	roundish. roundish.	T K	Oct. Jan. Nov. Feb.	Rich and sweet; esteemed for Large, productive & handsome.				
24 25	Codlin, Keswick Corse's Indian Prince Cumberland Spice	p. y. d. r. p. y.	conical. conical. conical.	T K	Aug. Sept. November. Nov. Feb.	First rate for cooking. Esteemed in Canada. Tender, juicy and high flavored.				
3	*Court of Wick Dutchess of Oldenburgh,	y. r.	flat.	т	Oct. Jan. September.	High flavored; tree very hardy. Beautiful Russian—bears early.				
28 29	Drap d'Or, Dutch Mignonne,	p. y. y. r.	flat. roundish.	тк тк	October: Nov. Mar.	Productive and good. Fine flavored fruit—first rate.				
31	Dyer, Desriviere, Donnelan's Seedling,	r. y.	round. roundish. roundish.	TK T.		Excellent. A superior Canada Variety. A superior Canada Variety.				
	Early Harvest Early Red Margaret, or	y.	round.	тк	July.	Productive and fine flavored.				
35	Red Juneating Fall Jenneting Fameuse, or	r. y. r.	roundish. flat.	T T K	July. Oct. Jan.	Fine flavored. Very popular. Large, productive and fine.				
	Snow Apple, or Pom- me de Niege	g. r.	round.	т		Snowy white flesh—high flavor.				
38	FleinerGravensteinGreening, Rhode Island,	str.	oblong. roundish. round.	T K T K	Sep. Nov. Nov. Mar.	Large, productive and fine. Large, productive and tender. Well known—first rate.				
40	Greening, Yorkshire Gloria Mundi	g.	flat. roundish.	T K	Oct. Dec. Oct. Jan.	Excellent—productive. Very large.				
43	*Hawthorndean *Hoary Morning	p. y. str.	roundish.	тк	Sep. Oct. Oct. Dec.	Productive, and handsome. Good flavor—good for cooking.				
45	Irish Peach, or Early Crofton Ingestrie, Red	y. r.	round.	T T	Aug. Sep. Sep.	Fine early. [fruit. Pretty, juicy, fine flavored little				
46	Ingestrie, Yellow	р. у.	oblong.	т		Juicy, fine flavored little fruit.				

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No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Use.	Season.	REMARKS.
{}						
\$ 47	Jonathan, or					
}	Philip Rick		ovate.	- Т		Handsome; fine flavored.
	Kenrick's Autumn	p. g. r.		т		Productive and fine flavor.
49	Kilham Hill	str.	roundish.			Productive, large and good
50	King of Pippins,	y. r.	conical.	TK		Firm, juicy and good.
	Kerry Pippin		oval.	T	Sep. Oct.	
52	King	r. y.	round.	тк	Oct. Jan.	Large; productive; first rate.
33	Lady Apple, or Petit Api	F. 37	flat.	т	Nov. May	Highly esteemed for the dessert.
1	2 21 p	y.	arat.		landy.	o J the dessett.
\$ 54	*Lyman's Large Sum'er	v.	roundish.	тк	Aug. Sep.	Excellent; rich flavor.
3 55	Lippincot	str. r.w.		т	August.	Beautiful; productive fruit.
56	*Male Carle	y. r.	roundish.	т	Oct. Mar.	Very fine.
57	*Morgan's Favorite	str.	conical.	Т		Handsome and fine.
58	Michael Henry Pippin	у.	oblong.	тк		Large and fine flavored.
59	*Mother	r. y.	conical.	Т	Oct. Jan.	
60	*Maiden's Blush	y. r.	flat.	Т	sep. Oct.	New and excellent.
61	Nonsuch, Hubbardson's,	V	oblong.	т	Oct. Jan.	Very beautiful.
	Nonsuch, Hubbardson's, Nonpareil		roundish.			Crisp, juicy, and fine flavored.
	Northern Spy		conical.	T	Nov. June	Productive; best keeping apple.
1 64	Ortley	y. r.	oblong.	T	Nov. Ap.	Productive and fine.
\$ 65	*Paradise,Sum'er Sweet	g. y.	round.	т	Aug. Sep.	Large; sweet; juicy; very fine.
3 66	Pearmain, Scarlet,	y. r.	conical.	т	Aug. Oct.	Large; trees bear quite young.
67	*Pearmain, Blue	d. r.	conical.	тк		Large and productive; first rate.
	Pearmain, Herefordshire					
1	Or Winter, or Royal,		conical.	тк		Productive and five flavored.
1 19	Pearmain, Sweet	r.	conical.	TK	December.	Rich, sweet and juicy.
1 70	Pickman	p. y.	roundish.	т	Dec. Mor	Pleasant flavored.
	Porter		oblong.	т		Beautiful; first rate.
\$ 75	Pomme Grise	rus.	oblate.	т		Tender, juicy and good
	*Peck's Pleasant		roundish.	т	Nov. Mar.	Very fine; high flavor.
74	Pippin, American Golden	p. y.	roundish.		Nov. Mar.	Large and fine flavored.
75	Pippin, Blenheim	y. r.	round.	тк	Oct. Feb.	Beautiful and fine flavor.
76	Pippin, Holland	у.	oblong.	тк	Oct. Feb.	Large, beautiful and good.
	Pippin, Fall		roundish.		Oct. Dec.	Beautiful and highly esteemed.
	Pippin, English Golden,		round.	T	Dec May.	Small; high flavored. Much esteemed as a long keeper
80	Rippin, Green Newtown Pppin, Yellow Newtown	g. v. r.	oblate.	T K		Much esteemed as a long keeper
	Pippin, Ribstone		round.	TK		Very fine; rich flavor.
82	Pippin, Twenty Ounce,	y. r.	oblate.	Т	Oct. Jan.	Large and fine.
83	Pippin, Red Cheek	y. r.	conical.	тĸ	Nov. May.	Handsome, productive & good.
84	Pomme des Lisles	r. y.	round.	тк	Nov. April.	A fine Canada variety.
85	Reinette, Golden	r. y.	oblate.	т	Oct. Jan.	Beautiful, good & early bearer.
86	Reinette, Triomphante,	p. y.	oblong.	T K		Productive and fine flavored.
	*Reinette, d'Islande		WO 7: .		V 10	Torgo on June 1
	Reinette, d'Espagne		roundish.	TK		Large and excellent.
	*Red Canada Russet, Roxbury		conical.	T	Dec. Tue	Very fine great keeper
	Russet, Golden		oblate.	T K	Oct. May.	Very fine; great keeper. Excellent.
92	Russet, York	y. rus.	conical.	T K	Oct. Dec.	Large and productive.
93	Russet, English	y. rus.	ovate.	T	Nov. May.	
94	*Sam Young	y.	oblate.	T	Nov. Jan.	Juicy and rich; fine.
95	St. Lawrence	str.	roundish.	тк	Sep. Oct.	Beautiful Canada variety.
96	Seek-no-further	g. r.	conical.	тк	Nov. Feb.	Productive and fine.
97	Summer Rose	y. r. str.	oblate.	тк	August.	Productive and excellent.
98	Summer Queen	y. r. str.	conical.	T	Aug. Sep.	Excellent,
100	Spitzemberg, Æsopus	d. r.	oblong.	TK	Nov. April.	One of the best of apples.
100	Spitzemberg, Flushing.	y. r.	conical.	r K	Oct. Mar.	Fine, but inferior to foregoing.
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10		I	Ellwang	Barry's			
No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Use.	Season.	REMARKS.	
102 103 104 105 106 107 108	Spitzemberg, White *Summer Pippin. *Spring Greening *Scarlet Golden Pippin. Swaar Sapson, or Sops of Wine. *Sweeting, Ladies' Sweeting, Golden	y. p. g. y. p. y. r. str. y.	oblate. roundish. round. oblate. conical. roundish.	TK TK T	Sep. Oct. Nov. Apr. Oct. Nov. Nov. May. Aug. Sep. Nov. May. Aug. Sep.	Handsome and high flavor. Sub acid; fine flavor. Very large; productive and fine. Beautiful and productive. Productive and fine. Valuable and very popular. Sweet, fine flavored and good.	の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の
	Sweeting, Grafton Sweeting, Talman		conical.	T K		Good bearer. Valuable for cooking.	-

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August.

Nov.

Sept.

FOR ORNAMENT AND PRESERVES.

TK

No.	NAME.	Color.	Season.	REMARKS.
2 3 4 5	Large Red Siberian Crab "Yellow " " Small Red " " Cherry Crab. Golden Beauty Chinese Double flo'ring apple	Yellow and red. Red. r. y. Golden.	Sept. Oct	These are all beautiful, both in flower and fruit. They bear quite young, abundantly—the fruit is brilliantly solor'd and makes the finest preserves Beautifully double blosioms.

ADDITIONAL LIST OF APPLIES.

RECEIVED from various sources at home and abroad. Most of them are of American origin, and have been sent us with the highest commendations of nurserymen and fruit growers in various parts of the country. Some have been already tested here, and the others have all been grafted on standard trees, and the qualities will soon be known.

Those marked W., are from the west, mainly Ohio; those marked E., are from the eastern States; Fr. from France.

Young trees, 1 year old, can now be furnished of such kinds as are marked with a *, and the others will be offered in the fall of 1847.

*Bevan's Favorite, Boyden Sweet, (W) Bez d'Oie, (Goose Bill) Fr. Belle Thouin, Fr.

*Danver's Winter Sweet, (E.)

111 Sweeting, Pumpkin r. g.

112 Sweeting, Sawyer r. g.

many

Strawberry.....

113 Strawberry, Early, or Red Juneating of

114 Strawberry, Autumn, or

115 Sweeting, Pound

116 Towne from Boxford ...

118 *Tewkesbury Winter Blush....

120 Williams' Early.....

119 Wine

*Detroit Red.

*Minister, a splendid new early winter fruit,

Large, productive and tender.

bears well.

Fine for cooking.

July. Aug. Handsome, tender and good.

Oct. Nov. Large, productive and fine.

Sep. Jan. One of the best for baking.

Oct. Dec. Fine for cooking.
August. Productive and good.

Nov. June. Fine and very sprightly flavor

Sept. Oct. Sub acid; excellent flavor and

Excellent early variety.

Montalivet, Fr. Monarch, (W.)

*Norfolk Beaufin,

*Orange or Lowell, large and fine fall fruit,

*President, (W.)

Early Virginia Red Streak,

*Early Jack, (N. Y. seedling)

*Early Joe, a native of Western N. Y., one of the very finest summer apples.

Eustis, (E.) Frank's Pippin, (W.)

*Franklin's Golden Pippin, *Fall Harvey, (E.)

*Gate Apple, (W.)

*Green Sweeting, *Golden Ball, (E.) very fine new variety,

*Groveland Sweet, a splendid sweet, Granny Earle, (E.) said to be excellent,

*Hagloe, great eider fruit,

*Honey Sweet, (E.)

*Hawley, Hocking Seedling, (W.) *Hollow core Pippin,

Indian Rare Ripe, Tooles, large and handsome,

but of medium quality,

*Jersey Greening, Kelsey, (E.)

Lord Nelson, (Kirke's) large and fine,

Long John, (W.)

London Pippin, large and fine, from Va., Lebanon Sweet, (E.) fine winter sweet, *Princely, (E.) Progress, (E.)

Perennis, Fr.
Pigeonnet, Fr.

Pomme des lettres, Fr.

*Richardson, (E.) Red Cheek, (E.)

Reinette de Granville, Fr.

d'Islande, Fr.

Royal Red Short Stern Rallay, Fr.

*Sheep's Nose,

*Smith's Cider, Striped Sweet, (E.)

Superb Sweet, (E.) Scarlet Nonpareil,

Stoward, (E.) Table Greening, (E.)

Tinmouth, (E.)
Transparent Zurie, a beautiful Swiss apple

*Waxen Pippin, (W.) White Pearmain,

*White Seekno further, *Woolman's long Pippin,

Winter Sweet Pearmain.

PEARS.

PRICE-371 TO 50 CENTS EACH.—NEW AND RARE SORTS-75 TO 100 CENTS.



The very great and general interest, at present manifested in this country in relation to the culture of this delicious fruit, has encouraged us to add to our collection very largely. It now comprises a very large number of the finest American and Foreign varieties. We have a specimen tree in our grounds of every variety enumerated, and upwards of 100 of these have been fruited the present season.

We have a collection of the finest varieties, propagated on quince stocks, for garden culture, in the conical or quenouille form, (fig.2.) This beautiful method is now becoming universally adopted by amateurs. It has so far given complete satisfaction with us, and wherever clse it has been tested. It possesses these great advantages which cannot fail to recommend it to every one who desires tocultivate fine fruit.

lst. The trees may be planted eight feet apart, thus affording the proprietors of small gardens the means of enjoying a great variety of delicious fruit.

2d. The trees, being branched and bearing, from the ground to the top, never attain a great height, hence the fruit is easily gathered, and not subject to be prematurely blown off by winds.

3d. They come at once into bearing—almost invariably producing fruit the first, or at most, the second year after transplanting. We have now in our grounds, a large number of 3 and 4 year old trees, only one year transplanted, loaded with fine, full-grown, perfect fruit—they have elicited, during the present season, universal admiration.

For orchard culture, however, where large crops are desired, the ordinary standard system is, of course, preferable.

Soil.—The Pear succeeds well in a great variety of soils and situations; the most favorable,

however, is a moderately deep and rich loam, on a dry bottom or sub-soil; where soil happens to be too dry and loose, it should be deepened, by trenching, and improved, by a liberal mixture of heavy earth from another place. Those on the quince stock should, if possible, be planted on a rich deep and rather moist situation. Where such cannot be had, the soil should be trenched and deepened before planting, and mulching and watering with liquid manure resorted to in the summer.

DISTANCE.—In orchard culture, twenty or thirty feet is the usual distance—and in gardens on quince stocks, six to eight feet.

Pears should be gathered as soon as they have arrived at maturity, and be ripened in the house.

The flavor is improved, and they can be used much longer.

ABREVIATIONS... Color.—b., brown; c., crimson; d., dark; g., green; p., pale; o., orauge; r., red; rus., russet; y., yellow. Form.—obl., oblong; obt., obtuse; obv., obovate; pyr., pyriorm; obt. pyr., obtuse pyriform; turb, turbinate or top-shaded; rou., roundish. Texture.—Melling, those that dissolve in the mouth; Juicy, tender, but firmer fleshed than those called melting; Crisp, those of breaking texture.

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No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Texture	Season.	REMARKS.				
1	Angora*	y. r.	pyr.	juicy.	Nov. Mar.	Largest of Pears; new and rare.				
2	Ambrosia*	p. y.	obv.	melting.	Aug. Sep.	Fine early fruit.				
3	Ananas*	d. g.	pyr.	melting.	Sep. Oct.	High flavored, and good.				
	Ah! Mon Dieu*	p. y. r.	obv.	juicy.	7	Fine flavored.				
5	Andrews*	y.r.rus.	obv.	juicy.	Sep. Oct.	Very fine, good bearer.				
2.1	1				11	3				
6	Buffam	y. r.	obv.	melting.	Sep Oct	Fine, trees grow handsome.				
7	Beurre Duval	p. g.	obt.pyr.	melting.	Oct	Highly esteemed.				
8	Bourdon Musque	y.	pyr.	juicy.	August	Small and rather dry.				
9	Belissime d'ete, or	- 1								
	French Jargonelle*	y. r.	pyr.		August	Handsome, in use but a few days				
	Bloodgood *	y. rus.		melting.	July Aug	One of the best early fruits.				
	Bleeker's Meadow	у. с.	rou.	juicy.	Oct Nov	Fine, spicy flavor; very good.				
12	Bartlett, or Williams'									
	Bonchretien*			melting.	Sep	Large & productive; first rate.				
	Bezi de la Motte		obv.	melting.	Oct Nov	Excellent.				
14	Belmont	y. g.	obv.	juicy.	Oct	Excellent for baking; large.				
15	Belle et Bonne	g. y.	rou.	melting.	Sep	Very fine and large.				
16	Belle de Bruxelles, *				-					
	Belle d' Aout,									
	Belle of August	y. r.	pyr.	melting.	Aug	First rate; large and beautifui.				
17	Beurre, Diel*	y. b.	obt.pyr.	juicy.	Oct	Large, great bearer, and fine.				
18	Beurre, Coloma	g. y.	obt.pyr.	melting.	Aug	Very fine; great bearer.				
19	Beurre, de Capiaumont*	b. r.	obv.	melting.	Oct	Sweet, and fine flavored.				
20	Beurre, Romain	y. g. r.	rou.	juicy.	Sep	New and delicious.				
	Beurre, Easter	g. b	obv.	melting.	Jan	Large & delicious; keeps well.				
22	Beurre, Brown or			melting.						
	Golden*		obv.	melting.	Oct	A great bearer, and fine.				
23	Beurre, Bosc	y. rus.	pyr.	melting.	Sep Oct	Large, pretty, & a great bearer.				
24	Beurre, d'Amalis*	y. g. r.		melting.	Sep	Productive, rich and fine.				
	Beurre, Chaptal*		obv.		Oct	Productive and good.				
	Beurre, Bronzee*		rou.	crisp.	Dec	Large, juicy and sweet.				
27	Beurre, Golden of Bilboa	y. rus.	obv.	melting.	Sep	Handsome and good: esteemed.				
28	Beurre, Crapaud*	g. y.	obv.	melting.	Oct	New and excelleet.				
29	Beurre, d'Arremberg*.	p. g. y.	obv.	melting.	Nov	Excellent winter variety.				
	Beurre, de Waterloo*				0.00					
	Beurre, Gris*		obv.	juicy.		Productive and fine.				
	Bonchretien d'Bruxeles*	y. s.	rou.	melting.	Aug	Beautiful and fine flavored.				
	Bonchretien d'Auch*			1	Feb	Good for winter.				
	Bonchretien Summer*.		pyr.	juicy.	Aug Sep	Large, productive and sweet.				
	Bonchretien Winter*		obv.	juicy.		Excellect for baking.				
36	Bergamotte Easter	р. у.	[ro₊ obv	.melting.	Feb May	Productive; first rate for baking.				

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No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Texture	Season.	REMARKS.
37	Bergamotte Gansells*	v h	ro. obv.	juicy.	Sep	Large, rich flavored & first rate.
38	Bergamotte Cadette*	n. o. r.		melting.	Oct	Good bearer, and fine flavored.
39	Bergamotte Crapaud*.	P. 8. 1.				and mile signorous
40	Beaupresent d'Artois*.	y. b.	pyr.	melting.	Oct	good bearer and fine.
41	Blanquet, lonque queue*	3	13-		July Aug	
42	Cushing*	g. y. r.	obv.	melting.	Sep	Great bearer ; first rate.
43	Calebasse	y. rus.	pyr.	juicy.	Sep	Sugary and very productive.
44	Crassane	g.y.rus.	rou.	juicy.	Oct Nov	Large, sweet, and pleasant.
45	Colmar	р. у.	obt.pyr.	melting.	Dec	Excellent.
	Chaumontel *	y. r.	obl.	melting.	Nov Feb	Very fine.
47	Summer Rose,					
8	Rose Water, or					D 1 1 1 1
3	Caillot Rosa d'Ete.	y. rus.	rou.	juicy.	Sep .	Productive, and very fine.
48	Compte de Lamy,*	y. r.	ro. obv.	melting.	Sep Oct Nov Mar	New and exceedingly fine.
49	Catillac	b. y. r.		crisp.		Large, handsome and fine.
51	Dearborn's Seedling,* Dix,*	p. y.	turb.	melting. melting.	Oct Nov	One of the best early sorts. Large, productive, & very fine.
59	Doyenne White,	u. y.	ODI.	mercing.	OCT 110V	margo, productive, & very file.
5 0.0	St. Michael.					
3	Virgalieu	y. r.	obv.	melting.	Sep Nov	Unrivalled in quality.
53	Delices d'Hardenpont,*	b. y.	obt.pyr	melting.	Oct	First rate, a great bearer.
54	Dutchess d'Angouleme*	g. v.	obt. ob.		Oct	Large, productive, and fine.
55	Doyenne d'Ete,*	y. r.	obv.	juicy.	Sep	Excellent.
56	Dr. Hunt's Connecticut*	g. v.	rou.	juicy.	Oct Nov	Good for baking.
57	Echassery	p. g. y.	rou.	melting.	Nov Jan	Very fine.
58	Francreal, Summer, *	y. g.	obv.	melting.	August	Very delicious and fine.
59	Flemish Beauty,*	y. rus.	obv.	melting.		Large, and very excellent.
60	Frederickof Wirtemberg	y. r.	ob. py.	juicy.	Sep Oct	Large and delicious; first rate.
60	Fulton,	a.y.rus		juicy.	Oct Nov	Rich and fine flavored.
63	Figue or Fig	b. g.	oblong	juicy.	Sept	Good, in use but a few days.
64	Fique de Naples,	b. r.	obl. obv	melting.	November	Large and excellent.
65	Gendesheim	o. v.	ob. py.	melting.	Oct Nov	Large, rich and fine.
66	Geishirtle	v. rus.	obv.	melting.	Aug Sep	Esteemed finest flavor.
67	Girault,*	y.	obo.	melting	Aug Sep	Good, bears well.
	Glout Morceau	,		melting.	Dec	Delicious winter variety.
69	Glory of Cambrone,*	g. y.	obt. ov.	melting.	December	Large, sugary and rich.
70	Gros Romain,*	-				
71	Gratioli,*					
72	Henry the Fourth	g. y.	rou. py.	juicy.		Rich perfume.
13	Harvard		obl.	juicy.		Productive and fine.
74	Hessel, or Hazel	y. g.	obv.	juicy. melting.		Highly esteemed in Scotland. Excellent
76	Jargonelle, English * Jargonelle, French	y. b.	pyr. obv.	crisp.	August July Aug	Fine flavored.
77		p. y. r.	007.	CHap.	buly raug	I mo navored.
1	Bellissme d'ete					
78	Julienne	у.	obv.	juicy.	Aug Sep	Buttery and sweet; very good.
	Janette,*					, , , , ,
80	Long Green Swiss,*	g.	pyr.	juicy.	October	Large, rich, & abundant bearer.
81	Louise,Bonne	p. g.	pyr.	melting.		Large, sweet, and good.
	Louise Bonne de Jersey*		obl.	melting.	October	Large, productive, & very fine.
83	Messire Jean	y. rus.	obt pyr	crisp.	Nov Dec	Sweet, but rather coarse.
84	Marie Louise	y. rus.		melting.	Sep Oct	A fine bearer; rich flavored. Rich and fine.
	Monarch, Knight's Marie Louise Nova,*	y. r.	obv.	melting. melting.	January September	Exceeding productive; new.
	Madelaine, or	y. 1.	pyr.	merting.	September	productive, new.
1	Citron des Carmes,*	y. g.	obv.	melting.	July Aug	One of the finest, early.
88	Mouth Water		pyr.	juicy.	Sep Oct	Delicious.
89	Monsieur,*		1		•	
90	Marquise,*	b. g.	pyr.	crisp.	Nov Dec	
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Ellwanger & Barry's

No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Texture.	Season.	REMARKS.
2.0.						. }
91	Martin Sec,*	b. r.	pyr.	crisp.	Nov Jan	3
	Napoleon,*	p. g.	obt. py.	melting.	November	Excellent.
	New St. Germain,*	• 0				
	Nelis, Winter,*	у. b.	obv.	melting.	Dec Jan	Delicious, one of the best win-
	Orange Tulipe,	y. r.	rou.	crisp.	Sep	[ter varieties.
96	Orange Winter,*					
	Prince's St. Germain,*.	b.	obv.	juicy.	Nov Dec	Very fine, high flavored.
	Passe Colmar,*	y. b.	obt. py.		Nov Jan	One of the best winter varieties.
	Paquency,*	y. rus.	pyr.	melting.		Rich and high flavored.
	Pope's Scarlet Major, Pope's Quaker	r. y.	obt. py.	crisp. melting.	August October	Large and handsome, but dry. Juicy and agreeable.
	Pound, or Winter Bell,.	y. rus. g. b.		firm.	Dec Jan	Monstrous size; baking.
	Princess of Orange		obv.	crisp.	October	Beautiful and good.
	Petit Cuisse Madame,*		obv.	juicy	August	Early.
	Petit Blanquet,*		ODV	Jaicy	21ugust	Daily.
	Pucelle St. Onge,*		pyr.	juicy.	August	Small medium quality.
107		3.	PJ	Juley.	12ug ast	and modium quanty.
	Prince's St. Germain	y. b.	obv.	melting.	Dec Jan	Fine winter variety.
	Royal Winter,*					
1110	Rousselet Perdreau,* or					
á	Hatif	y. r.	pyr.	tender.	August	Pleasant; bears well.
	Rallay,*					
	Ritelle,*		1	1		1
	Swan's Orange,*			melting.		Large and first rate.
	Sanspeau, or Skinless		pyr.	juicy.	August	Very good.
	5 Seckel,*		obv	buttery.		First rate.
	St. Ghislain,*					
	7 Stevens' Genesee,*			buttery		Productive, large and very fine.
	Surpass Virgalieu,*		obv.	melting		Beautiful and fine.
	9 Summer Fare, 0 Sarazin,*		ODV.	juicy	August	Productive and good.
	Urbaniste,*		obv.	buttery	October	First rate.
	Virgalieu. [See White		05V.	buttery	Cotober	I list tato.
12.	Doyenne,]					
119	3 Wilhelmina *		obv.	melting	Feb Mar	Sweet and finely perfumed.
1 12	of the item and th	. 6. 7. 7	7 00711	T. CICIETY	11141	perfection many perfection.

ADDITIONAL LIST OF PEARS,

Now in the course of being tested and progagated. Among them are many of the very facest new varieties known. Trees of them all will be ready for sale in the autumn of 1847.

Althrop Crasanne,	Bergamot d'hiver,
Angelique de Rome,	Winter Bergamot,
Angleterre Noisette,	de Parthenay,
Archduc d'ete,	Sylvange,
Beurre du Rhine,	de la pentecote,
D'amalis panache,	Holland,
Van Marum,	d'Automne,
—— De Rans,	d'Espagne,
Beureall,	Bonne Aute,
— De Maline,	Bezi Vaet,
Van Mons,	Belle et Bonne de Zees,
Beauchamps,	Belle Adrianne.
Picquery,	Belle Cænnaise,
Beurre Bruneau,	Belle Audibert,
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Bonaparte, Bonchretieu Turc. Belle Henriette, Belle Alfroy, Belle Angevine, Cardinal, Charles d'Autriche, Columbia, Countess de Lunay, Colmar d'ete, Summer Colmar, Citron panache, Cavellier. Cure Crasanne d'ete, Doyenne panache, Doyenne 4 seasons, - d' hiver Alencon, – gris, St. Michael d'oree, Desse,

De Louvain,

Epine Dumas, Fortunce,

Fig d' Automne, Forelle, or Trout Pear,

De deux foix l'an, Delice de Gedoigne,

Fondante d' Automn, de Lille,

- de Charneuse,

Josephine de Maline, Louise de Boulogne, Liberale. Leon le Clerc. Luquet, Martin Sire. Muscadine, Mouille bouche. Malconnaitre, Miel, d' hiver, Nouvelle d'oeuf, Newtown Virgalien. Orpheline d' Engheim, Ocuf de Cygne, Swans Egg, Parfum d' hiver Poitean. Petre, Roi de Rome. Rostiezer. St. Lawrenge. Shakspeare Sieulle, Superfondante. St. Germain d'ete, Summer Virgalieu, St. Johns, small, early, St. Mesmin

Great King Louis,

Henricart,

PLUMS.

PRICE 50 CENTS EACH .- EXCEPT WHERE POTED.

The Plum succeeds best in a firm clayey soil though it flourishes and bears well on a great variety of soils. One of the finest crops of Plums we have seen this season, or ever, was en a dry lose sand bordering on Lake Ontario, under very good cultivation however.

The curculio is the great enemy of the Plum, see remarks in relation to it on page six.

The excrescences or "Black Gun" or "Knots" as they are sometimes called, to which the Plum tree is liable, may be effectually prevented by good culture and a prompt application of the

pruning knife, on the first indication of this malady

Where practicable, it is better to plant Plum trees by themselves, so that they can be enclosed and hogs be permitted to run amongst them and pick up the diseased fruit as it drope—besides remedies for insects &c., are easier applied under such circumstances, and the curculio that harbors amongst them will be less detrimental to other fruits, as when planted promiscuously.

If Those distinguished by a * will not be for sale till the fall of 1847—and the trees of some

Those distinguished by a * will not be for sale till the fall of 1847—and the trees of some of the new and rare sorts offered now are but small.

Described and rate sold officed note are par sind

DESCRIPTIVE COLUMNS EXPLAIN .- 1st Size.

2d Color.—b., blue; p., purple; g., green; r., red; y., yellow; w., whitish; pa., pale; d., dark:

3d Form -row, roundish; obl., oblong; obo., obovate.

4th Season .- b., beginning of the month; m., middle; e., end.

Ellwanger & Barry's

No.	NAME.	Size.	Color.	Form.	Season.	BEMARKS.
	Dingham #	large	v	obl	September	Large and very fine.
	Bingham,*Bleeker's Gage	large	у	rou	August	Excellent.
	Brevoort's Purple	large	p	oval		Juicy and fine flavor.
	Cherry Plum	small	r	round	e July	Handsome.
	Coe's Golden Drop	large	у	oval	October	Beautiful and excellent.
	Coe's Late Red	med	pa p	round	e October	Very fine ; late.
	Cooper's Large Red	large	d r	oval	September	Excellent.
	Columbia	large	P	rou	e Aug	Considered one of the best.
	Cruger's scarlet,*	med	r	rou	e Aug	Hangs well on the tree after ripe
10	Dennison's red,	med	r	rou	e Aug	New and excellent.
	Diapree rouge.*					- 9
3	Mimnis,	large	p	obl	August	Excellent.
12	Dennison's superb	med	уg	rou	m Aug	Rich and excellent.
13	Damson, Common	med	р	rou	September	1)
14	Damson, Large Early.	large	P	oval	e Aug.	For preserving.
15	Damson, Winter	small	P	rou	October	
	Double Flowing Sloe					Very beautiful shrub, ornament'l
	Duane's Purple	large	d r	obl	August	Large; fine fruit.
18	Diamond	large	p	oval	m Sep	Large and productive.
	Emerald Drop	med	g b	obl	September	Rich flavor.
	Elfrey,	small	b		September	A great bearer.
21	German Prune,		1	,	G	37 . 1 11 C . 1
	Quetsche	large	p	oval	September	Very valuable for drying.
	Gage, Green	med	g	rou	m Aug	Delicious. One of the best in the list.
	Gage, Imperial	large	уд	oval	m Aug	Productive and fine.
	Gage, Yellow	large	У	oval	m Aug e Aug	
	Gage, Bleeker's	med	У	rou	m Aug	Large and delicious.
	Gage, Blue	small	P	obl		Very fine for preserving.
	Gage, Scarlet	med	r	rou	e Aug	Large and delicious.
	Huling's Superb	large	уg	rou	September	Fine flavor and prolific bearer.
	Imperial Ottoman* Jefferson,	med	g	oval	e July	Handsome, new & unsurpassed.
	Jaune hative	small	y	oval	July	One of the earliest.
	Lawrence's Favorite	large	g	rou	August	First rate.
	Lombard, or	largo	0		.0	
00	Beekmam's Scarlet	med	pr	oval	e Aug	Very juicy and agreeable.
34	Lucombe's Nonsuch	large	g	rou	August	Productive.
	Large Black Imperial	large	d p	oval	Sep	Handsome.
	Large Black Montreuil,		p	rou	July	Handsome French variety.
	Mirabelle	small	y	rou	July	
	MagnumBonum, yellow		ру	oval	August	Large; much admired.
	Magnum Bonum, Red.	large	r	oval	August	Large and handsome.
	Orleans, Smith's	large	P	oval	e Aug	Large and very fine.
	Orleans, Early	med	P	rou	e July	Early and good.
	Peter's Yellow Gage	large	у	rou	August	Excellent.
	Purple Favorite,*	med	P	rou	e Aug	Fine, hangs leng.
	Queen Mother	small	r	rou	September	Small, but excellent.
	Royal de Tours	large	r	rou	e July	Rich and high flavored.
46	†Reine Claude.					
3	De Bavay\$1	large	g	rou	b Sep	A splendid new French Plum
1			1			equal in flavor to the Green
1		1				and much larger, measuring
}				1		6 inches in circumference.
48	Washington, Bolmar's	large	уд	rou	l e Aug	One of the best grown.

† This beautiful and excellent new Plum raised at Maline in France by M. Esperin, an old officer of Napoleon, is announced in the French pomological journals as one of the finest known, possessing the richness and delicacy of the Green Gage, and measuring 6 inches or more in circumference.

CHERRIES.

THE Cherry is the most delicious, early fruit, and is of the easiest possible cultivation. ceeds well in almost any soil, but a light, dry loam is most suitable. Distance, for the Heart, Bigarreau, and such fast growing sorts, twenty to twenty-five feet; for Morello, &c., being of low growth, from fifteen to eighteen feet.

Cherries should always be allowed to ripen fully, before picked for the dessert, otherwise their delicacy and fine flavor are lost. Birds, in some places are troublesome; for this we have found, by experience, one great remedy, viz: planting trees enough to allow the birds their share and have

enough left for ourselves.

DESCRIPTIVE COLUMNS EXPLAIN, 1st Prevailing Color.—b., black; d., dark; amb., amber; p.,

pale; r., red; y, yellow.
2d, Form.—hea., heart-shaped; obt. h., obtuse heart-shaped; rou., roundish; obl. h., oblong heart-shaped.

3d, Texture .- ten., tender; h. ten., half tender.

4th. Season .- b., beginning; e., end; m., middle of the month.

It may be noted that the season of Cherries ripening varies, from one to two weeks, according to the season.

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No.	NAME.	Color	Form.	Texture.	Season.	REMARKS.
1	American Amber	a male	roundish	tender	June	Beautiful and sweet.
	American Heart		1 . 1	h tender		Rich and excellent.
	Black Heart		hea	h tender		Very fine.
			obt h	tender		
	Black Eagle					Large, sweet and rich.
	Black Tartarian		obt h	h tender		
	Belle de Choisy		roundish	tender		Delicious.
	Belle et Magnifique		roundish	tender	m July	Acid, large late and fine.
	Black Mazzard	D	roundish	tender	m July	Small; good in its season.
9	Bigarreau de May, or	1	1. 1		25	0 44 1
10	Bauman's May	a r	obt h	tender	e May	One of the earliest.
10	Bigarreau, or					
	Graffion, or Yellow		14.1		т.	[cious.
	Spanish			firm		Very large, beautiful and deli-
11	Bigarreau, Large Red	r	obl h	firm		Rare and very fine.
	Bigarreau, Napoleon			firm		One of the largest and best.
	Bigarreau, Turkey			firm		Large and fine.
	Bigarreau, China					Rich and sweet.
	Bigarreau, Hildesheim		hea	firm		One of the latest; fine.
	Bigarreau, Lage Black.		hea	firm		Medium quality.
	Bigarreau, Madison		hea	tender	m June	Bears well; sweet and good.
18	Bigarreau, Mottled	уг	rou h	tender		Great bearer and very good.
	Carnation		roundish	tender		Good for preserving.
	Corone		rou h	tender	m July	Late and good flavor.
	Caldwell's White Heart.					
	Davenport's Early		hea	tender		Very fine.
	Downer's Late Red		roundish	tender	e July	Excellent.
24	Double flowering Dwarf.					Ornamental.
25	Double flowering Large.					Ornamental; beautiful.
	Edward's Black		hea	tender	July	Large and excellent.
	Early May		roundish	tender		Very early, but acid.
	Early White Heart		obl h	tender		Good and early.
29	Elton	y r	hea	h tender	m June	Large and very luscious.

Ellwanger & Barry's

No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Texture.	Season.	REMARKS.
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Early Richmond, or Kentish. Florence Fellow's Seedling Gridley. Herfordshire, White Late Duke May Duke Montmorency(See early	r pyr b wr r	roundish hea roundish hea obt h obt h	tender firm firm tender tender tender	e May	Esteemed for tarts and drying. Large, sweet, and good. Very productive and good. Very good. Valuable. Greatly esteemed.
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Richmond) Morello Sugar Spanish Weichsel Spanish Weichsel Spanish Wichsel Spanish Weichsel Transparent Guigne Tradescant's bl'k Heart or Elkhorn Waterloo White Tartarian White French Guigne Wilkinson Weeping, [beautiful]	dr dr py b	obt h roundish roundish heart hea obt h obt h rou hea	tender tender tender firm h tender tender tender tender	m June e June b July e July e June	First rate for cooking. Good, but acid. Sweet and fine late sort. Beautiful and good. Large and good. Productive and good. Beautiful; poor bearer. Small. Sprightly, and fine flavor. Very ornamental.

LIST OF CHERRIES.

In the course of propagation, and which will not be for sale till the fall of 1847.

Admirable de Soissons,
Belle d' Orleans,
— de Voiserie,
De Prusse,
Donna Maria,
Downton,
De Dampierre,
Du Nord, Nouvelle,
New Morello,
Early Black Bigarreau,
Early Parple Guigne,

Flesh Colored Bigarreau,
Holland Bigarreau,
Knight's Early Black,
Louis Philippe,
Le Mercier,
Late Black Guigne,
Manning's White Mazzard,
Merville de September,
Reine Hortense,
Tardive d' Argental,
White Ox Heart.

PEACHES.

PRICE, 25 CENTS EACH-\$18 TO \$20 PER 100.

The Peach is unsurpassed by any other fruit of the garden or orchard, in richness and beauty of appearance and delicious qualities; and mowhere in America can it be grown with less trouble or in greater perfection than in a large portion of Western New York.

The products of the orchards in this vicinity, the present season, as well as of the small gardens in this city, could not easily be surpassed. The increased attention which has been given to its culture for a few years back, and which is now given to it, will soon make our section as famous for its peaches as its apples.

There is every inducement for the culture of the Peach here on a large scale. We are surrounded by great tracts of country where it cannot be grown, and every facility exists, that could be desired for transporting fruit to all parts.

The Yellows, so fatal to the Peach tree in most of the Eastern and Southern Peach districts, is unknown here, except in rare cases, where it has been introduced with Eastern-grown trees. It every man's duty to guard with the utmost care, against this malady. Trees should be procured only from such sources as are known to be healthy, and entirely free from the yellows. Where a tree shows symptoms of this disease, it should be immediately destroyed. The symptoms are—premature ripening of the fruit, and the changing of the color of the leaves, to a pale, sickly yellow.

The Peach Worm is the only obstacle here, and it is easily overcome, as it affects only the bark just at the surface of the ground. Where its presence is suspected, the earth should be removed from the base of the tree, the worm traced out and destroyed, the affected part scraped clean with a knife, and the earth replaced. If this be done in the form of a hillock, a few inches higher than the scrface of the ground, it is easier removed afterwards. This should be done once or twice a year, until no trace of the worm is visible. A shovel full of ashes placed around the tree every spring and allowed to remain all summer, is found to keep off the worm. Ashes are favorable to the growth of the peach tree.

Soil.—The best soil for the Peach, is a deep mellow, and somewhat sandy loam. It also does

well on light, sandy soil. Clayev, moist soils are not at all suitable.

Culture.—The ground should be kept well cultivated, and in good condition. The trees should not be pruned up to high naked trunks, but allowed to branch from within three or four feet of the ground. See general remarks on Pruning.—Page 6.

DISTANCE .- The proper distance in orchards, is twenty to twenty-five feet apart, or about one

hundred trees to an acre.

The Descriptive Columns Explain, 1st. Size.-l., large; m, medium; s, small. 2d. Color.-r., red; y, yellow; w, white; y, greenish; pur, purple; pa, pale; o, orange. 3rd. Season.-b, beginning; e, end; m, middle of the month.

C., denotes Clingstones, all others are freestones.

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No.	NAME.	Size.	Color.	Season.	REMARKS.
1	Alberge, Yellow	L	v d r	August	Productive, rich and fine.
	Admirable	L	vr	September	Fine, vellow and excellent.
	Bergen's Yellow		-	September	Productive, handsome and good.
		L	у		
	Blood Cling, c	L	pur		Large; red fleshed; good for preserves.
	Cole's Early Red	M	red	August	Very fine.
	Crawford's Ey. Malocoton.		y r	August	Exceedingly fine.
	Cooledge's Favorite	L	red	August	First rate.
	Cable's Malacaton	L	y r	b Sept	Very large and fine.
	Cooper's Mammoti	L		e Aug	New, large and fine. [ingly pretty.
	Double Flowering				Ornamental; flowers like roses; exceed-
	Early York		wr	Angust	Beautiful and luscious.
12	Early Rose	31	r	August	Excellent.
13	Early Tillotson	м	v: r	b Ang	Rich and delicious; very fine.
14	Early Royal George	L	r w	August	First rate.
	Early Ann	5	7.0	b Aug	Esteemed for its earliness.
16	Early Purple	м	pyr	m Aug	One of the finest early varieties.
	George the Fourth		wr	e Aug	Excellent.
	Gross Mignonne	L	wr	e Aug	Large and very fine.
	Honest John	M	v r	m Aug	Productive and rich.
	Haine's Early Red	M	r	m Aug	Productive and good.
	Hoffman's Favorite		wr	August	Large and fine.
	Imperial White		wr	e Aug	Juicy and delicious.
	Jacque's Rareripe	L	y r		Large and exceedingly fine.
	Kennedy's Caroline, or		J 1	Deptember	Daige and exceedingly line.
~ 1	Lemon Cling c	L	77	September	Best clingstone.
95	Large Red Rareripe		wr	e Aug	
	Melocoton, Crawford's Sup				Very fine; old variety
			y r		Unrivalled.
	Melocoton, Red Cheek		y r		Beautiful; well known.
	Morris' White Rareripe		W		Juicy and very fine.
	New York Rareripe		r w		Excellent.
	Nagle's Favorite		y r		Excellent.
31	Noblesse	L	wr	e Aug	Delicious and productive.

ZU	ZU Ellwanger & Barry's											
No.	NAME.	Size.	Color.	Season.	REMARKS.							
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Old Mixon, Free. Orange Cling, c. Royal Kensington. Red Magdalen. Red Rarcripe Snow Peach Sweet Water or. Water's Early Waxen Rarcripe, or	L L L	wr or wr pyr wr w	e Aug b Sept e Aug September August	Large and excellent. Very productive and fine. Very highly esteemed. Very productive and good. Beaut.ful and fine. Excedingly luscious and fine.							
	Van Zandt's Superb	S	wr	Anonst	Beautiful and very good.							

## APRICOTS.

PRICE,......371 CENTS; ON PLUM STOCKS, 50 CENTS.

The Apricot is a most delicious fruit; valuable too, for its early ripening-immediately after the Cherry. Its cultivation is the same as for the Peach, it succeeds best when trained on walls.

The greatest difficulty is the curculio. [See remedy recommended on page 6.]

ABBREVIATIONS.—Color.—o, orange; y, yellow; r, red; d, dark; pur, purple. Form.—rou, round, or roundish. Season.—b, beginning; m, middle; e, end of the month.

Those marked * besides several new ones will not be saleable till the fall of 1847.

No.	NAME.	Color.	Form.	Season.	REMARKS.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Breda. Black. Large Early. Moorpark. Musch. Orange,. Panache Jaune*. Panache blanche.* Royal tres tardif*.	or or o	rou rou oval rou rou rou	August e July b August b August	Very productive and fine; hardy. Hardy; good for cold climates. Large and delicious; tree, hardy. Large and very fine. Sweet and good. Productive and good.
10	Schuyler's Large* Turkey	уr	rou		Hardy and good. Productive, handsome, and good.

## NECTARINES.

PRICE, 371 CENTS.

The Nectarine is an exquisitely beautiful and delicious fruit-but is very liable to be destroyed by the curculio. Its cultivation is exactly similar to the Peach. [For remedy, see page 6.]

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No.	NAME.	Color.	Flesh.	Season.	REMARKS.
2 3 4 5	Boston, or Lewis	y r y r y r	free free cling cling cling free	b Sept Sept b Sept Sept Sept	New large and fine. Said to have been raised from a Peach-stone. One of the very finest. Beautiful fruit. Rich, productive, and fine. Excellent. One of the earliest and best.

QUINCES.

The Quince is an estimable fruit for Preserves, and highly valuable to the Cultivator, in districts mild enough for its culture, as a market fruit. It commands, in every market in this country, a large price. A rich, mellow and rather moist soil, is best adapted to it, with this and careful pruning now and again, it produces the most abundant crops and the finest fruit. In plantations, twelve feet apart, is the proper distance.

No.	NAME.	Form.	Season.	REMARKS.
3 4 5	Apple-Shaped. Pear-Shaped Portugal, Chinese. Japan, Scarlet. Japan, Blush Flowering.	oval oval	Winter October	Large and fine flavor. Large and good. Excellent; large and high flavored. Large; beautiful flowers and fruit. Ornamental; beautiful scarlet flowers. Beautiful blush flowers.

GRAPES.

The cultivation of the Grape is rarely even thought of throughout a large portion of this country, though both the Foreign and Native Varieties, under judicious management, might be produced abundantly. The Foreign Varieties can be raised under glass, in very cheaply constructed houses, without artificial heat.

We know of several such, recently erected for the culture of these Grapes for market. The Hardy Varieties every Farmer can raise as easily as he can Tomatoes, and may have an abundant supply throughout the season for his table and other uses.

Those marked * are the best adapted for out door culture of the Foreign varieties.

Soil. Culture.—Grapes require a rich, deep and dry soil, and should receive a liberal tepdressing of well rotted manure every year. They should be in an open situation, where the sun and light would have free access, and kept carefully trained up to trellis work or walls.

PRUNING.—The American Grapes require comparatively little pruning. In winter, the unripe wood should be all cut out, together with all shoots that seem to be unnecessary, or in the way.

HARDY AMERICAN GRAPES, FOR THE GARDEN.

No.	NAME.	Price.	Color.	Size.	REMARKS.
2 3 4 5 6	Alexander. Bland. Catawba,. Clinton. Isabella, Lenoir,. Ohio, or Segar Box	00 50 00 371 00 371 00 371 00 50	d red d red black purple purple	large large med large small	Productive, juicy, and good for wine. Excellent and fine flavor. Fine, musky flavor. Hardy, sweet, and good. Productive and generally esteemed. Excellent. Large clusters, sweet and good.

FOREIGN GRAPES, FOR VINERIES, &c.

No.	NAME.	Price.	Color.	Size.	REMARKS.
1 9	AffenthalerBlack Burgundy, or	\$00 50	black	large	Productive and sweet.
	New KlevnerBlack Wurtzburg	00 50			Very early, fine new German Grape Sweet; compact bunches.
4	Black Sylvaner	1 00			Very productive and good.

No.	NAME.	Price.	Color.	Size.	REMARKS.
5	Black Hamburg*	00 50	black	large	Popular; considered one of the best.
	Black Cluster*	00 37	black	small	Compact clusters.
7	Duke*	00 75	black	large	Very large and productive.
	Feldleiner*	00 50	red	large	Productive; one of the largest.
	Gross Blanche	00 .75	white	large	Very large and good.
10	Gray Muscadine	1 00	gray	med	New and exceedingly fine.
	Golden Chasselas*	00 50	white	large	Beautiful and hardy.
12	Red Malvasier	1 00	red	large	One of the best.
. 13	Red Urban	00 50	red	large	
14	Red Hans	00 50	red	large	Excellent.
15	Red Elbe	00 37	red	med	Bunches loose, fruit very sweet.
16	Red Muscadine	00 50	red	med	Sweet and fine flavor.
	White Muscadine	00 50	white	med	Early, productive and fine.
18	White Sylvaner,	00 50	white	med	Sweet and fine flavor
19	White Chasselas	00 37	white	med	Excellent.
20	Unger,	00 75	white	large	Exceedingly productive.
21	White Sweet Water*	00 50	white	med	Fine bearer.

Prices of Grapes.

Foreign varieties, selection left to us.	84	00	per dozen.
Do. do	25	00	per 100
Native varieties, excepting 6 & 7	3	00	per dozen.
Do. do	20	00	per 100.

CURRANTS.

There is no other Garden Fruit so easily cultivated as the Currant. All the varieties are uncommonly productive in any tolerable garden soil. Suckers or shoots from the root, or from beneath the surface of the ground, should not be permitted. The stems should be kept clear of branches, at least two feet from the ground; and the heads should be thinned out a little every winter, and receive now and then a dressing of manure. When the bushes have attained the age of six or seven years, the fruit becomes smaller and inferior in quality, when it is time to replace them with young ones.

No.	NAME.	Price Each.				REMARKS.
	Black English					
	Champagne Large Red Dutch		18 15			Beautiful pink fruit. Very large and good.
	Large White Dutch		20	2	00	Large beautiful fruit; very good.
	Large White Grape		50			Largest of white Currants.
	Large Fruited Missouri Lewis' Missouri		$\frac{371}{25}$			New; large fruit; showy flowers. Beautiful, yellow, fragrant flowers.

RASPBERRIES.

The Raspberry, next to the Strawberry, is the most delicious of the small Garden fruits. The early season of its ripening, (immediately after the Strawberries, and before other fruits are ripe.) enhances its value very much. Considering the high estimation in which it is universally held as a table fruit when gathered fresh from the bush, as well as for jams, jellies, preserves, and distilling purposes, it is surprising that its culture should be so much neglected. The few that come to our markets, command the most exorbitant prices. Not one farmer in an hundred, we might say five hundred, through our fine, mild region of country, has as yet thought of growing Raspberries, either for family use, or for sale.

Soil and Culture.—The soil of the Raspberry should be a rich, and somewhat sandy loam,

with an open exposure to the air and sun. Some growers recommend partially shaded situations, but we have generally found a deficiency of flavor in such places.

The plants or suckers should be planted in rows, four feet apart; or, in very small gardens, two and a half to three feet will do, and two and a half to three feet apart in the rows. When planted in this way two or three plants are usually put in the "hill"—forming a clump, or as gardeners call it, a "stool." Some Nurserymen recommend planting in double rows, eighteen inches apart in the row, and allow them to run together; but this "running together," according to our experience, is just the way to obtain small, poor fruit.

They should be regularly pruned every spring, cutting out all the old, weak, and dead wood and surplus shoots, leaving five or six of the strongest suckers; a few inches of the tops of these should also be cut off where they are weak and immature. The ground should be well spaded around them, and a top-dressing of manure given. The canes should be neatly tied up to stakes.

PROTECTION.—In the cooler portions of our State, and in Canada, the Raspberry is liable to be killed in the winter. To guard against this, the canes, may be tied to stakes, and covered with straw, or they may be laid down and covered with a few inches of earth, leaves, litter, or branches of evergreens.

A Raspherry plantation will last about six or seven years; a new one should be made in a new plane. To obtain a crop of late fruit, it is only necessary to produce new wood by cutting down the cause in the spring, to within a few inches of the ground.

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No.	NAME.				Pri		REMARKS.
140.	NAME.	E	a	ch.	pr.	loz.	REMARKS.
1	American White	01	nn	06	o n	50	Very productive, hardy and fine
					00		
2	American Black	1	00	06		50	Productive; of tolerable quality.
3	American Red		00	06		50	Large and fine for table.
	Antwerp -Red		00	124	1		Large; fine flavored; excellent.
	Autwerp White,			-			,
	Antwerp Yellow		00	124	1	00	Large, beautiful and first rate.
6	Double Bearing	(	00	25			Bears till late in the autumn.
7	Fastelf	1	00	375	3	0.0	New, and of the richest flavor.
	Franconia		00	25	2	0.0	Quite new; a splendid fruit.

## GOOSEBERRIES.

PRICE,...........20 to 25 CENTS EACH; -\$2,00 to \$2,50 PER DOZEN.

The cultivated varieties of English Gooseberries, are so numerous, and most of them of the same colors so similar, that we have not deemed it necessary to fill up our Catalogue with a list of names. Our collection is made up of the best Lancashire sorts of Red, Yellow, Green, and White. We import the finest varieties every year, and cultivate such kinds as we find to be free from mildew in our region.

CULTURE.—In the first place, the Gooseberry, to succeed well, MUST have a deep, rich and rather heavy moist soil—deep and rich, at any rate; and it must be kept rich by annual manurings.

Early in winter, they should be properly pruned, by thinning out the superfluous, old wood, and some of the new—leaving, on all sides, free access to the light and air—and the form of the bush should be well proportioned. Some of the best Gooseberry growers, practice cutting out nearly one half of the wood annually, where the bushes are in a thrifty condition.

The Gooseberry is valuable for Pies and Tarts very early in the season, and when ripe, is a fine table fruit. It should be cultivated with care in every garden.

## STRAWBERRIES.



#### Swainstone's Seedling.

The "Horticulturist," from which we copy the above figure, says, "this is certainly a Strawbery of the very highest playor, of great beauty of appearance, and an excellent bearer."

The Strawberry is universally esteemed the most delicious, as well as the most wholesome of fruits. Every proprietor of a garden, be it ever so small, should have his Strawberry bed, and give it regular, attentive culture.

Soll and Culture.—The best soil, is a deep, rich, mellow loam. When it is not of this character naturally, it should be made so, by trenching and manuring before planting.

Strawberry plantations can be made in April or May, in the Spring—and August and September in the Autunn. The latter season is to be preferred. The situation should be open to the sun and air. In planting in rows, which is the best method, the rows should be two or two and a half feet apart, and the plants from eighteen inches to two feet, in the rows. The largest growing sorts having the largest spaces. The runners must be cut off three or four times a year—and in the fall, a light dressing of manure should be spaded in between the rows. In the colder districts, the plants should be protected in Winter by putting rough manure or litter around them, leaving the top or centre of the plant uncovered; or, it does very well to cover the beds entirely with leaves or straw. Plantations should be renewed every fourth or fifth year at most. The following list comprises the newest and most estimable sorts at present known:

## Catalogue of Fruits.-Mulberries, Walnuts, Esculent Roots. &c.,

1 ~~~		······	Pri	CA	Pri	ce	
No.	NAME.	Season.			pr. 1		REMARKS.
1			-				
1	Alpine, Red Monthly	June. Nov.	80	25	81	00	Valuable for long bearing
5	Alpine, White Monthly.	June, Nov.	W.	25	1	00	Valuable for long bearing.
2	Alpine, Stoddard's Red.	June, Nov.		37	1	50	Remarkably large.   Improved seedlings
1	Alpine, Stoddard's Wh't	June, Nov.		37	1	50	Productive and fine. of the Alpines.
5	Alpine, Red Bush	June, July.		50	2	00	Without runners, \(\right)\) Fine for edging walks
6	Alpine, White Bush	June, July		50	2	00	Without runners, in the kitchen garden.
	British Queen, Myatt's.			50	3	00	New; very large and exceedingly fine.
	Bishop's Orange			25	1		Excellent.
9	Boston Pine.		2	00			A splendid new American Seedling.
	Burr's Seedling			50			New and fine, from Ohio.
	Deptford Pine		1	00			Quite new, and said to be very fine.
	Elton			50			Fine; late.
	Hudson Bay			25			Good; bears' carriage well.
	Hovev's Seedling			37			First rate; large and good.
	Keen's Seedling			25	1	50	Very productive and good.
	Myatt's Pine	e June.		50			High flavor; requires careful culture.
	Myatt's Eliza	e June.		75			New.
18	Old Scarlet	m June.		25	1	00	Very early and good. [some.
19	Princess Alice Maud			50			New English variety, large and hand-
20	Roseberry	m June.		50			Productive and fine flavored.
21	Ross' Phœnix	m June.		37			Productive and fine; one of the best.
22	Swainstone Seedling	e June.		50.			Excellent.
23	Wood, Red	June.					Valuable for long bearing.
24	Wood, White	June.		25	1	00	Valuable for long bearing

## Mulberries, Walnuts, Chestnuts, Filberts, &c.

No.	NAME.	Pric	e.	REMARKS.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Large Black Mulberry Multicaulis. Moretti, or Chinese Hybrid, Red, White and Black. White Italian. Madeira Nut, or English Walnut. Black Walnut. American Chestnut. Spanish do Filberts, many kinds. Papaw, or Custard Apple Common Berberry Holly leaved do (Mahonia Aquifolio)	50 to	$37\frac{1}{2}$ $37\frac{1}{2}$ $50$ $37\frac{1}{2}$ $37\frac{1}{2}$ $37\frac{1}{2}$ $37\frac{1}{2}$	Largest totage and sweet truit.  Large, fine table fruit; very sweet.  Very hardy.  Large and good.

## ESCULENT ROOTS, &c.

Asparagus Roots, largest and best kinds, \$1,00 per 100.

Artichoke, Green Globe, \$2,00 per dozen.

Horse Radish, \$2,00 per dozen.

Rhubarb, or Pie Plant, for tarts, a highly valuable early vegetable; should be in every garden; 18 cents each; \$2,00 per dozen.

Wilmot's Early Rhubarb, 25 cents each; \$2,00 per dozen.

Victoria, [Myatt's] Rhubarb, prodigiously large stalks, 50 cents each; \$4,50 per dozen. Sea Kale, \$2,50 per dozen.



European Larch, No. 39.

## DECIDUOUS ORNAMENTAL TREES.

The following assortment comprises the most beautiful trees adapted to our climate for ornamenting pleasure grounds, for streets, avenues, &c., those of the largest class are marked * and are the most desirable for streets and avenues.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
1	ÆSCULUS:	\$00 50	HORSE CHESNUT. White flowering	Fine regular form, beautiful variga-
2	*pallida	X S	_	ted flowers. Rapid growth, fine form and pretty pale greenish flowers.
3	flava			Spreading habit, showy yellow flowers.
4	pavia ACER:		MAPLE.	Showy fine flowers, slow growth.
$\begin{cases} 5 \\ 6 \end{cases}$	*saccharinum *rubrum	37 37	Sugar maple Scarlet flowering	A stately fine tree, well known Well adapted to wet places, showy
7	*dasycarpum; (large trees of this will be furnish'd cheap for streets, &c.)	37	Silvery leaved	scarlet flowers in April.  Very rapid grower and beautiful foliage.
8		50	European sycamore	
9	AILANTUS: *glandulosa	50	CELESTIAL Tree. Chinese Ailantus	A splendid lofty tree leaves 3 to 4 feet long and is never annoyed by insects.
10	ARALIA: spinosa AMYDDALUS:	37	ANGELICA. Prickly Ash ALMOND.	Curious, spiny wood.
11		50		Beautiful double blossoms in April, like roses.
12		50	Judas tree	Large foliage and pretty purple blossoms.

No	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.		
	BETULA:		BIRCH.			
13		50		Graceful pendant branches.		
	CERCIS:		Daropean weeping.	soms.		
14		50	JUDAS TREE.	Large foliage and pretty purple blos-		
15		50	European red,	Dwarfish growth.		
	CATALPA:					
16		38	CATALPA.	Large handsome foliage and flowers.		
17	CERASUS:	50	CHERRY.	Bl. C C		
17	communis pleno	90	Large double flowering.	Regular fine form and beautiful, blossoms like white roses.		
18	avium pleno	50	Dwarf do	Low growth and pretty blush flowers		
19			Weeping cherry	Pretty round dense head and slender,		
				weeping branches.		
20	pleureur	1 00	Large weeping	Strong pendant branches bears sweet		
				red fruit, NEW.		
21	Lagrandiding to the total		Bird cherry	Variegated leaves & pretty pendant		
22	fol var,	50	variegated leaved do	blossoms.		
	CYTISSUS:		LABURNUM.			
23	laburnum	37	Golden chain	A beautiful tree maconnes of dayson		
20	laburnum	31	Golden enam	A beautiful tree, racemes of flowers pendant and bright vellow.		
24	purpurea,	50	Purple flowering	Beautiful purple blossoms.		
25	pendula		Weeping,	Forms pretty round head and slen-		
	(grafted on the com-		1 6,	der weeping branches, (like an um-		
	mon.)			brella.)		
-00	CHIONANTHUS:		WHITE FRINGE.			
26	virginica	50	Virginian	Handsome foliage and fine spikes of		
	CODVITO		DOCHTOOD	delicate white flowers.		
27	CORNUS:	97	DOGWOOD.	Cl Lit. g i		
	norida	31	White flowering	Showy white flowers in spring, and brilliant red berries in autumn.		
	FRAXINUS:		ASH.	binnant red bernes in autumn.		
28	*excelsion	37	European	3		
29	pendula	50a100	Weeping,	Curious branches, grow downwards.		
3(1	argentea	ā()]	Silvery leaved	Beautiful variegated foliage.		
31	aurea	50	Golden barked	Bright yellow bark, curious. Handsome upright tree.		
32	ann neanam	37	American	Handsome upright tree.		
33	FAGUS:		BEECH.	1		
34	sylvestrispendula,		Common beech			
35	parpurea,	75	Weeping do Purple leaved,	Strilling number foliogo		
36	asplenifolia,	75	Fern leaved	Curious and pretty foliage.		
	GLEDITSCHIA:		ACACIA.	carious and protty ronago.		
37	*tricanthos			Large spines and pretty light green,		
				delicate foliage.		
20	GYMNOCLADUS:			3		
38	canadensis	50	KENTUCKY Coffee.	A beautiful tree, red flowers.		
39	LARIX:	50	LARCH.	D 416 1 1 6		
40	*europea *americana			Beautiful conical form, rapid growth A handsome tree, does better in moist		
	waitifuana	01	American,	A handsome tree, does better in moist places.		
	LAURIS:			p.ucco.		
41	*sassafras	37	Sassafras	Picturesque form and beautiful lobed		
40				rlosey.		
42	liriodendron		Tulip tree, or	A magnificent tree, glossy foliage		
43	*tulipifera,	50	white wood	and beautiful tulip like flowers.		
44	MAGNOLIA:		MAGNOLIA.	D. CCLCE . C		
21	*acuminata	50	Blue flowering	Beautiful foliage & flowers & attains		
		1	1	gigantic dimensions, a noble tree.		
6						

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
45	*tripetela	\$1 to 2	Umbrella	Large foliage; white fragrant flowers
46	*macrophylla	\$1 to 2	Largest leaved	Leaves and flowers largest of all the
47 48	soulangeanaORNUS:	\$1 to 3	Soulanges, White fringe or flowering	Magnolias, a magnificent tree. Handsome white and purple flowers. Large clusters of fringe like blossoms
	suropaeus PLATANUS:	50	Ash,	curious and fine.
49	*americana POPULUS:	25		Rapid grower, large foliage.
50	*auriplia	50		Beautiful foliage, snow white under-
51	*alba	25	Common silvery leaved	neath, grows very rapidly.  Quite inferior to the above.
	POPULUS:		AbelePOPLAR.	(
52	*balsamifera,		Balsam or Tacmahac	Large rich foliage and rapid growth.
53	*fastigiata	25	Lombardy	Peculiarly erect and pyramidal in form.
}	PRUNUS:		PLUM.	
54	spinosa plena		Double flowering sloe	Elegant double white flowers, when in bloom the branches look like wreaths.
3	PYRUS:		MOUNTAIN ASH.	( like wreaths.
55	aucaparia	50	European	Fine form and foliage and large clus- ters of scarlet fruit.
56	americana	37	American	Foliage & fruit larger than the above, the trees of a more irregular habit.
57	malus			Trees are beautiful in flower & fruit.
58 59	" varsorbus		Yellow do Sorb or service tree	Beautiful yellow fruit Curious gray foliage, grows vigorously
\$ 55	PAWLONIA:	3,	BOID OF SELVICE LICE	Curious gray ionage, grows vigorously
60	imperialis,,	1 00	PAWLONIA.	NEW and splendid, of most ra- pid growth, monstrous leaves, and
}	ROBINIA:		ACACIA.	( beautiful fox-glove shaped flowers
61	pseudacacia	25		Handsome tree but is attacked by the
62	viscosa,,	37	Pink flowering	borer. Beautiful sweet flowers.
{	SALIX:	1	WILLOW.	
63	babylonica	25 to50	Weeping,	Beautiful drooping form quite pic- turesque.
64			Ring leaved	Curious ringlet shaped leaves.
65		25	Golden	Valuable for making baskets and
}	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			other willow work.
67	TILIA: *argentea,	75	LINDEN or LIME.	Leaves have a fine silvery hue.
68	,			Forms fine conical heads with dense,
{	• '		•	rich foliage and fragrant flowers.
69	americana		American	More irregular habit and large fo- liage.
70	*aurea	1 00	Golden barked	Curious yellow bark, beautiful in winter.
§ 71	pendula	1 00	Weeping	Has a beautiful drooping habit.
3	ULMUS:		ELM.	
{ 72	*americana	50	American white	A noble spreading picturesque tree branches pendant, one of our
{		1		( finest indigenous forest trees

### Catalogue of Ornamental Evergreen Trees.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
73	*campestris	50	English,	Fine pyramidal form, a beautiful tree
74	*montana	50	Scotch or witch,	Large foliage and fine spreading hab-
7.5	pendula	1 00	Weeping Scotch	it, rapid growth. Weeping fanlike branches.

## Ornamental Evergreen Trees.

Evergreens are desirable among, even, the smallest collections of ornamental trees on account of their beautiful winter verdure, as well as the shelter they afford at all seasons. Dwellings in exposed situations, gardens or other places requiring shelter, may be effectually protected by them.

The Pines and Firs, particularly those marked * are lofty fine growing trees, and will flourish in the poorest soils.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
	ABIES:		SPRUCE FIR.	Rapid growth, light green foliage large cones and graceful pen-
1	*excelsa	50	Norway	dant branches, one of the most
* 2	nigra	50	Black or double	Indigenous, slow grower quite infer- ior to the Norway.
. 3	*canadensis	50	Hemlock	A beautiful, well known, pictures- que tree, of our own forests, foliage very dark and dense.
4	alba JUNIPERUS:	25a50	White American	Silvery foliage, pyramidal form.
5		25a50	Red Cedar	Handsome conical tree, makes fine hedges planted young.
6	MAGNOLIA: grandiflora		MAGNOLIA. Laurel leaved	Large thick foliage, splendid, fragrant flowers; tender, requires
7	PICEA: balsamea		SILVER EIR. American	) protection.  Beautiful conical form, dark  green foliage, silvered under-
8	pectinata	50	European	) neath. Beautitul tree, grows slowly, foliage
	PINUS:		PINE.	elegantly silvered beneath.  Rapid growing fine tree, branches
9	strobus	50	White, or Weymouth	) icate green, finest native Pine.
10	pineaster	\$1a\$2	Cluster Pine	A very fine European Pine, pic- turesque in form, long foliage and clustering cones, very rare.
	THUYA:		ARBOR VITÆ.	[foliage,
11			Chinese	Elegant small sized tree; pale green Splendid conical form, deep green fo-
	(large trees, 75c to \$1.)		YEW.	liage, makes beautiful hedges.
13				Deep green sombre foliage, compact,
				with delicate scarlet berries.  Remarkably erect habit, foliage
14	Hibernica	1 00	Irish	similar to the English, rather tender; should be protected in winter.

## Ornamental Deciduous Shrubs.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
15	AMORPHA: fruticosa	25	INDIGO SHRUB.	Beautiful spikes of purplish flowers.
16	AMYGDALUS:	25	DWARF DOUBLE. Flowering Almond	A beautiful shrub, flowers like small
	BERBERRIS:		BERBERRY.	roses in great profusion.
17	vulgaris	25	Common	Beautiful in Autumn, when covered with a profusion of red berries.
18	CHIONANTHUS: virginica	50a\$1	WHITE FRINGE,	Beautiful clusters of fringed flowers.
19	CALYCANTHUS: laevigatus		CALYCANTHUS. Rough leaved	)
20 21	floridus grandiflorus COLUTEA:		Purple Fragrant Large monthly	Flowers very sweet; beautiful shrubs.
22 23	arborescens	25 50	Bladder senna	Handsome pea blossom shaped flowers; succeeded by seed vessels like bladders.
24	CORONILLA:			
25		37		Handsome yellow and red flowers like Colutea.
26	CORCHORUS: or Kerria japonica CORNUS:	25	CORCHORUS, or Japan Globe flower DOGWOOD.	Handsome globular yellow flowers.
27 28	sanguinea		Bloody	
29	CRATAEGUS:	4	HAWTHORN. European White	English white thorn, used for hedges;
30			Double White	makes a fine bush.  All beautiful, large sized shrubs
31	rosea	50	Pink flowering Scarlet flowering	flowers in greatest profusion, branches like delicate wreaths.
32	CYDONIA: or PYRUS		JAPAN QUINCE.	Brilliant scarlet; flowers in May.
33			Blush	Beautiful, much admired; blush flowers.
34	CYTISSUS:	<b>5</b> 0	CYTISSUS.	
35 36	leucanthustriflorus		Creamy Three flowered	All beautiful hardy shrubs, del-
37 • 38	purpureuselougatus	50	Purple Long branched	icate foliage and flowers.
39 40	falcatusmonstrosus	75 75	Sickle shaped	`
41 42	ruthenius purpureus pendulus		Weeping	Delicate and pretty.
43	scoparius		SCOTCH BROOM. PINK MEZEREON. Pink.	Pretty shrubs, bloom in March,
44 45	mezereumalbum		White	fragrant.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.			
46	DIRCA: palustris	50	Leather wood	Blooms early.			
47	DEUTZIA: scabra	37	White flowering Deutzia	A most beautiful shrub, flowers white, in the greatest profusion.			
	EUONYMUS:		STRAWBERRY, or Burning Bush				
48 49 50	americanus europaeus	25					
51	ELEAGNUS: angustifolius	50	OLEASTER. Narrow leaved	}			
52	fuseus	75 50	SILVER BELL Tree	Blooms in April, has a great profusion			
	HIBISCUS:		ALTHEA, or	of white, bell-shaped flowers.			
54 55	syriacussyriacus var		Rose of Sharon. Single red Single Rosy purple	These are all beautiful shrubs,			
56 57	purpurea pl		Double purple Double variegated	blooms in the Autumn when flowers are scarce.			
58 59	marginatus		Variegated leaved  HYDRANGEA. Oak leaved	Fine foliage and large clusters of			
				whitish flowers.  A beautiful plant, usually grown			
60	hortensis		Changeable	in pots and boxes; requires protection in open ground.			
•61	argenteaKERRIA:	50 25	SILVER BELL. CGRCHORUS, or	Striking, silvery foliage.			
62	japonicaLIGUSTRUM:	20	Japan Globe flower  COMMON PRIVET,	both in Spring and Autumn.			
63	vulgare LAURUS:	25	or Prim	Pretty spikes of white flowers succeeded by blue berries, much used for hedges.			
64	benzoinLONICERA:	25		Blooms early; wood quite spicy.			
65 66			Red Tartarian	Pretty early flowering; shrubs will grow any where.			
67 68	obovata	75 50	Chinese Purple & White Glaucous	Blossoms a long time; handsome. Very fine fragrant white flowers.			
69 70		50	SYRINGA. Fragrant Large flowering	Both very beautiful shrubs, snow			
71	nanus POTENTILLA	37	Dwarf white				
72 73		25 50	Shrubby	Handsome delicate foliage.			
74	mocrostaehya	50	DWARF WHITE,	Flowers in beautiful spikes; remain a long time.			
75	RHAMNUS:	37	ACACIA.	Beautiful rosy blossoms.			
76	catharticus	50	Black Buckthorn.	Eesteemed for hedges, has showy scarlet fruit, late in the fall.			
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32	32 Ellwanger & Barry's					
No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.		
77	RHUS:		or Smoke Tree	A most beautiful shrub; curi- ous fring'd flowers cover the whole bush in summer.		
78 79 80	varsanguineum	37 37	New large fruited	Yellow fragrant flowers, and large good fruit. Showy flowers, elegant shrub.		
81 82 83 84	salicifolia	25 25	Guelder Rose Sorb leaved White	All these are beautiful flowering shrubs, flourishing in any situation		
85 86				Pretty clusters of white berries a great part of the season. Profusely covered with red berries in		
87	6	25	Variegated leaved	Autumn and Winter.		
88	nigra varieg SYRINGA:	37	Variegated leaved  LILAC.			
89 90 91	purpureavulgarispersicaVIBURNUM:	37 25	Purple	Pretty well known shrubs of the easiest culture.		
92 93	opulus	25	Guelder Rose	Showy fine shrub, flowers like white globes. Showy scarlet fruit; used for pre-		
94	lantanoides			serves. Fine hoary foliage; very handsome growth.		

# Ornamental Evergreen Shrubs.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
	AUCUBA:		GOLD DUST TREE	
1	japonica	50	of Japan.	Large handsome foliage with golden spots and blotches, requires protection when young.
	BUXUS:		BOX TREE.	
2	arborescens,			A beautiful dense headed shrub.
3	v. argentea,		Silver striped	
4	variegata,			and highly ornamental.
5	myrtifolia	75		Fine dark green myrtle like foliage.
	KALMIA:		LAUREL.	4
6	latifolia			Beautiful foliage and flowers, does
		50		best in a peaty soil.
	MAHONIA:		MAHONIA.	10
7	aquifolia		Holly leaved Berberry,.	Curious pretty foliage, yellow flow-
	•			ers and scarlet berries.
	RHODODENDRON:		RHODODENDRON	
			or Rose Bay.	
8	maximum,			( Large glossy foliage and splen-
			Mountain Laurel	Large glossy foliage and splen- did rose colored blossoms.

3	No.	NAME.	PRI	ICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER
		Archinto	\$0	50	Fine cream color.
		Adeline		50	7 -111
		Baroness Amelia		371	Fine pink.
		Bella Traversi		371	Deep red.
		Belle Marguerette		$\frac{37\frac{1}{2}}{50}$	Red; large and fine.
		Barbot		50	Reddish rose with a yellow centre.
		Bon Silene		50	White, with pink tinge. Changeable purple; large and fine.
		Blush, or Odorata		371	Fine blush; very fragrant.
		Bougere		50	Bronzed rose; very fragrant; large.
		Bride of Abydos		75	White, shaded with rose; superb.
		Caroline		75	Blush, with yellowish centre.
		Camelia		50	Pure white.
		Carnea		50	Flesh colored.
		Clara Sylvain		50	Creamy white; large.
		Compte de Paris	1	00	Pale rose; very fine.
		Devoniensis		00	Straw color; buff centre; very fine.
		Duc de Orleans		50	Deep cherry color; shaded.
		Daniel Webster		50	Blush white.
		Favart	1	4 -	Blush; new and very fine.
		Fragolletta		00	Superb rose; fine form.
		Gigantesque		50	Shaded pale rose; very fine.
		Goubalt		50	Bright rose; shaded; very fine.
		Hymenee		50	White, with fawn centre.
		Hortensia		50	Flesh colored.
		Lady Warrender		75	Fine blush white.
		La Pactole	1	00	Beautiful lemon color; quite distinct.
2	22	Lilicina		50	Creamy white.
12	23	Miranda		50	Straw color, with rosy centre.
32	24	Prince d' Esterhazy		50	Pale rose, large, very fine.
2	25	Purpurea		371	Purple.
2	26	Princess Marie		50	Yellowish rose; beautiful.
		Roi de Siam		50	Pure white; large and double.
		St. Claude		$37\frac{1}{2}$	Creamy rose.
		Smithii	1	00	Fine yellow.
		Strombio		50	White and blush; very large.
		Taglioni	1	00	Beautiful yellowish white.
		Priomph de Luxembourg		50	Buff and rose; superb; very large.
		remont		50	Delicate tinged nankin.
32	34	Yellow, or Lutescens		75	Pale sulphur yellow; large and fine.

#### CLASS VI.--NOISETTE ROSES.

The Noisette Rose is distinguished by the immensely large clusters in which its flowers are produced, numbering frequently, forty to fifty flowers and buds in a single corymb. They, like the three classes preceding, flower in the open ground the whole summer; and most of them are hardy enough to withstand our winters by being sheathed up with straw, or laid down and covered with leaves or litter. They should have a deep and very rich soil. Chromatella and Solfatare have created more excitement among Rose funciers, than any other recent production. They are really splendid. We have now (Sept. 28.) a splendid bloom of both in the open ground.

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
236 237 238	Admiral de Rigney Amie Vibert Champney, or Blush Conque de Venus Cloth of Gold, or Chromatella	50 50 50	Vivid crimson; fine and double. Pure white; clusters; large and beautiful. Blush, blooms profusely. White; rosy centre. Deep yellow; large; of vigorous growth; one of the most unique and splendid roses; said to be the finest in the world.

No.	NAME:	PRICE.	. COLOR AND CHARACTER.			
241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252	Fellemberg Lady Byron Lafayette Lamarque Lutea La Biche Miss Smithson Monstreuse Ophire Philemon Pompone Odoratres Sarmenteuse Triomph de Bolwiller	50 50 50 50	Beautiful bright crimson. Blush, nearly white. Blush, sperb pale lemon color; nearly white. Splendid yellow; large. Pale flesh, delicate & pretty, flowers large Fine blush. Lemon color, large, superb. Buff, or Chamois, splendid. Light crimson; whitish centre. Sweet scented. Blush white; very fine. Creamy white, tinged with purple; double			
253	Solfatare	1 00	Splendid saffron yellow; a beautiful rose			

Ellwanger & Barry's

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## PEONIES.

This is a beautiful class of hardy flowers, and none of easier culture, or will succeed with less care. They will do well in any ordinary garden soil. The roots of the herbaccous species should be planted two or three inches below the surface, and may remain for several years without removal. They increase annually in size and abundance of flowers, and are beautiful objects in the flower garden among low shrubs or herbaccous plants, or when formed in elevated clumps on lawns.

The following list comprises a beautiful assortment. Nos. 1, 2, 10, 19, and 20, are splendid, showy, and much admired varieties.

### HERBACEOUS PEONIES.

#### TREE PÆONIES.

(PÆONIA MOUTAN.)

This class of Pæonies is quite distinct from the preceding, forming shrubs four to five or six feet in height, spreading and bushy, and loaded with large, showy flowers of unrivalled beauty. No choice collection of shrubs can be at all complete without the Tree Pæony.

No.	BOTANIC NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME AND DESCRIPTION.	
1	PÆONIA: banksii	\$1 to 2 00	Chinese Double Blush; large and splendid;	
2	rosea odorata	2 to 3 00	very fragrant. Chinese Rose Colored; very large; semi- double; fragrant flowers.	
3	papaveracea	1 to 2 00	Chinese Poppy Flowered; single white, with purple centre; very large.	

# CARNATIONS AND PICOTEES.

PRICE, 25 TO 50 CENTS EACH.

Twelve varieties, (selection left to us,)	\$3	00
Twelve best varieties, (selection left to us,)		
Twelve hest varieties, (selected by the purchaser.)	. 6	00

Next to the Rose, this is perhaps the most interesting class of Flowers in the Catalogue. Their brilliant and diversified hues, and delightful perfume, ensure for them universal admiration. The facility with which new varities are produced from seed, together with the attention bestowed on them by Horticulturists, have rendered the number of varieties cultivated, in Europe particularly, almost innumerable.

Our collection embraces a large number of very beautiful varieties, including upwards of sixty new seedling Picotees. these are much more fragrant and hardy than the Carnation and the flowers expand more regularly.

## PINKS.

PRICE......121 CENTS EACH; \$1 PER DOZEN.

Our collection of Pinks includes all that are really desirable for border ornaments, viz: Clove Pink, and varieties; Double Pheasant-eyed, and varieties; Chinese, or Indian; Sweet William, or Poetic Pink; Double Chinese; Feathered; Red Moss; Thrit, or Sea Pink, &c.

### DOUBLE GARDEN PINKS.

A great variety. Price, 183 to 25 cents each; \$1 50 to \$2 per dozen.

# BULBOUS FLOWER ROOTS.

A full assortment always on hand. Hyacinths, double and single, 20 to 25 cents each; \$20 to \$25 per hundred.

Tulips, double and single, 12 to 25 cents each; \$12 to \$25 per hundred.

Crocus, assorted, per dozen, 50 cents; \$3 per hundred.

Crown Imperial, per dozen, \$3 to \$4.

Lilies, per dozen, \$2 to \$3.

Gladiolus, or Sword Lily, 12 cents each; \$1 to \$1 50 per dozen.

Iris, or Fleur de Lis, 25 cents each; \$2 50 per dozen.

Tuberose, 25 cents each; \$2 50 per dozen.

Mexican Tiger Flower, 25 cents each; \$2 50 per dozen.

## DOUBLE DAHLIAS.

Those marked * 25 cents; others 50 cents each, except where marked.

Twelve superb varieties, (selected by us,)...... 4 50

The Dahlia is the Queen of Autumn Flowers. No plant in our gardens manifest so wonder-

fully the influence of culture and propagation as the Dahlia.

In its color, form, size, and habit there is almost an endless variety. Some are snowy white, others nearly coal black; some golden yellow, others scarlet, dazzling with its brilliancy; then there are all sorts of mingling of colors that fancy could possibly suggest. In the size and form there is also the same variation.

The culture is extremely simple. The soil should be a light, rich loam. The roots should be planted about two inches below the surface, and as they advance in growth, neat stakes should be provided for them, and the stems and branches kept tied up. The roots are as easily preservedas potatoes, if taken up when the frost has killed the tops, and put away on a dry shelf, in a cellar, or packed in a box or barrel of dry sand, secure from frost or moisture.

The following superb varieties, have been carefully selected with regard to their beauty, varie-

ty, and distinctness of character.

New varieties are added yearly, of which young plants in pots can be furnished in May. These bloom better than old roots.

ALICE HAWTHORNE, (Drummond,) white *Blandina, beautiful lilac cupped.

tipped with lavender purple, prize flower. Admiral Stafford, (Trentfield,) very dark finely Charles XII, (Miller,) Plum color distinctly tip-

cupped petals and good form.

purple very fine.

Anna Minerva, (Girling) bright rose, very fine. *Andrew Hofer, Maroon, Superb flower.

Asmodeous, (Wheeler,) very dark puce, curious and pretty.

*Beauty of Kent, (Trentfield,) shaded rose, fine

Beauty of Suffolk, bronze and purple, fine form and habit.

edged with purple, splendid show flower. Burnam Hero, (Church,) crimson, cupped, su- Emma Noke, (Keynes,) blush white, very full

perb flower.

form and habit, first class, show flower.

*Bowling green Rival.

*Broadwood, (Elphinstone's) fine purplish lilac.

Conservative, scarlet, very bright and showy.

ped with white, a striking splendid variety. Aurantia, (Sparry,) beautiful orange buff, fine Coronation, (Harrison,) crimson shaded with

*Count of Paris. buff.

CLEOPATRA (Atwell,) beautiful bright yellow

superb show flower.

CINDERELLA, (Dubras,) cherry tipped with clear white, fancy variety, very fine.

Donna Antoni, purple tipped with white, beautiful fancy variety.

*Duke of Bedford.

Beauty of Wakefield, (Barret,) white, beautifully Elizabeth, (Schuchardt,) salmon tipped with pink petals cupped, fine form.

flower, splendid cupped petals-extra fine.

Blue Bonnet, (Brown's) bright purple fine full Engenia, chrome yellow, tipped with violetfine.

> Eximia, (Girling,) bright rosy pink, beautiful show flower.

### Catalogue of Double Dahlias.

*England's Defiance, purple AIRY QUE red very fine Frances, white *Grace Darlin Glory of Alten Great Mogul, *Golden Sovere. Henry Clay, (Se ped, considered Hector, (Schmitz Horace Binney, ( HARLEQUIN, margin of brillian one of the finest D ILLUMINATOR, variety, white edged constant. King of Sarum, (Keyne form and habit. King of Lilacs, (Girling cupped and fine form. LADY SALE, (Smith's scarlet, brilliant colors, *Lady Bathurst, white showy good habit. *Lady Stuart. Lady Alice Peel, (Jacks fine. Lady Harland, rosy lilac, La Tour d' Auvergne, or petals, very large and s mense head of flowers, a Lord Howden, rosy bronz flower *Lord Morpeth, beautiful pt MARCHIONESS OF OR white tipped with violet p habit and a free bloomer, Madam Miellez, (Keynes,) ed with purple. *Madam Bavais, (Girling. white, cupped and fine for Model, (Bourne,) dark purple Mrs. Shelly, (Mitchell,) dan habit.

*Mrs. Rushton, white tippe great bloomer. *Marillo, ruby red, fine full

*Miss Percival, clear white, *Mazeppa

MADAM WALLNER, (Gi with broad tip of pure whi Mary, (Dodd's.)

* Matchless, very dark mar

### Ellwanger & Barry's

proper selecr. The taller roots of most of

ced prices.

Very pretty, bloom profusely, nearly the whole summer.

Make pretty edging for ver beds.

			A1 1		731 .
Catalogue	of Urnamer	ital Climbing	Shrubs	and	Plants.

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No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
9	ponticum		Pontic purple	Large beautiful trusses of purple blossoms.
10 11	baccata		English, Irish	Both have beautiful dark green foliage, the Irish is remarkable
12	ULEX: europaeus		FURZE OR WHIN. European	Fretty yellow blossoms, requires a little protection.

# Ornamental Climbing Shrubs and Plants,

FOR COVERING WALLS, ARBORS, &c., &c.

No.	BOTANICAL NAME.	PRICE.	COMMON NAME.	REMARKS.
1 2 3 4	AMPELOPSIS: hederacea BIGNONIA: radicans	\$0 50 25 50	BIRTHWORT.  AMERICAN IVY. or VIRGINIA CREEPER SCARLET TRUM- PET FLOWER Chinese large do CLEMATIS. or	climber. A rapid fine climber with brill- int flowers. Flowers larger than above, but it is not so hardy.
	ceruleaGLYCINE:	25 37	Virgin's Bower European sweet scented White flowered Red flowered Blue flowered	
9 10	LONICERA:	37	IVY. European	Fine climbers, somewhat tender. The Irish has large fine foliage.  Beautiful sweet scented flowers, blooms all summer.
12 13 14 15	periclymena	25 25	Oak leaved	Vow strong and
16	3-1	25 37	CanadianYellow trumpet monthly	A sub evergreen, blooms a long time, of exquisite fragrance. Showy straw colored, vigorous. Brilliant, flowers all the season.
18		31	WISTARIA, or	
19	sinensis	50a75	GLYCINE	One of the most beautiful of all climbers.

## ROSES.

During the past year we have enriched our collection of Roses with the finest new varieties in the several classes, particularly the splendid Hybrid Perpetuals and Bourbons.

The attention which is now given to the culture of the Rose in this country, and more particularly in Europe, is, every year, creating new and splendid varieties, which we will continue to procure as early as practicable.

The Hybird Perpetuals are, at present, the favorites. Of these we have now a fine collection, many of the new varieties have cost us within the last year \$3 00 each.

In order to facilitate to our patrons the making of selections, we have arranged the Summer and Perpetual Roses in separate Divisions, and these Divisions in separate Classes, so that their peculiar characters and habits may be the more readily distinguished; and with the same view, we have prefixed to each Class a few explanatory remarks.

Soil AND CULTURE.—Roses cultivated in the garden, should have a rich, deep soil, and somewhat heavy. All, except the class of "Hybird China," should be regularly pruned in March cutting out the surplus shoots, and shortening the remaining one till within five or six eyes of the bottom of the last year's growth. In the spring, as early as possible, they should be spaded and manured with well-rotted manure; at the same time, all the suckers that have grown up around the roots should be removed; then a good bloom may be expected.

### DIVISION I.

# Summer Roses—Flowering in June and July.

#### CLASS I .-- PROVENCE, OR CABBAGE ROSES.

(Rosa Centifola.)

This class is, perhaps, better known than any other. Who has not admired the beauty and fragrance of a fine, old Cabbage Rose, that still remains beautiful, amidst all the surrounding changes and improvements? This class have all remarkably large and fragrant flowers, and are generally somewhat pendulous, caused by their size and weight.

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
2 3 4 5 6 7	Anemoniflora Blush, Belgic Childing's Provence Cabbage, or Provence Grand Agate Royal Striped Unique White Unique, or White Provence	37½ 37½ 50 37½ 50	Rose; anemone form; curious. Pale blush; flowers profusely in clusters. Red; large and showy. Rose; large, very full and double. Pale flesh color; large and very double. Bright rose; globular; large and fine. White, with small pink stripes; double. Pure white; large and double.

#### CLASS II .- HYBRID OR CHINA ROSES.

This is a splendid class of Roses, produced by hybridizing the hardy Garden Roses and the Chinese, Bourbon, Tea-scented, Noisette, &c. Their growth is extremely rapid and vigorous; their foliage luxuriant and rich. They are admirably adapted for Pillar Roses, and for covering trellises, as their shoots, on a suitable soil, attain from five to eight feet high. They also form beauti

ful standards when budded on other stocks. They combine a greater variety of color, form and fragrance than any other class; are perfectly hardy, and remain much longer in bloom than the common Summer Roses. A few of the shoots should be thinned out every spring; and the soil kept rich by a dressing of well rotted manure.

······	·····	
No. NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
9 Aureti 10 Aurora 11 Beauty Ethereal 12 Bonne Genevieve. 13 Bizarra de la China. 14 Celine 15 Colonel Fabvier 16 Cericette. 17 Contard 18 Convesard. 19 Dutchess of Montebello 26 El zabeth. 21 Fulgens, or Malton 22 Favariens	\$00 50 75 75 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Blackish purple, globular and double. Crimson purple; white striped; cupped. Bright rosy crimson; cupped. Purple and crimson shaded; very double. Crimson purple; globular and double. Rose; cupped; very large and double. Bright rose; cupped, large and double. Beautiful bright red; cupped and double. Bright rose; globular, large and double. Dark crimson cupped and double. Deep blush; large and double. Light blush; double and fine. Fiery crimson; globular and double. Fine rose; large and showy.
23 (George the Fourth, (Rivers') 24 Hybrid Blanche 25 Helen de Bourbon 26 King of Prussia 27 King of Roses 28 La Tourtereile, or Parny 29 Lady Stuart 30 Lydia 31 London Pride 32 Miralba 32 Miralba 33 Marsellina 34 Nelly 35 Parabier 36 Parigot 37 Royal Greatness 38 Russleyanum 39 Stadholder Sinensis 40 Triomphe d' Abbeville 41 Violet Blue 42 Victor Hugo 43 Violaceum	1 00 50 50 50 50 50 75 50 75 50 75 75 50 75 50 75 50	Velvet crimson; dark, large and double. Pure white; cupped, double and fine. Bright crimson; large, double and fine. Purplish red. Rosy lilac; white stripe; double. Beautiful dove color; cupped and double. Delicate blush; globular and large. White, tipped with red; very pretty. Bright pink; changing to purple. Blackish crimson; compact and double. Rosy pink; fine. Fine blush; double. Brilliant pink; large and double. Brilliant crimson; cupped and double. Brilliant red; blooms in large clusters; fine Blush; large and double. Rosy pinle; fine. Fine violet; purple. Rosy pilac; globular, large and double. Violet red.

#### CLASS III .- MOSS ROSES.

(Rosa Muscosa.)

This is a lovely class of Roses. A Moss Rose-bud is one of the most strikingly beautiful productions of the floral world, and none more universally esteemed. The flowers of the new sort, are, most of them, very beautiful. No. 5 blossoms all the summer, in large clusters: the buds are very pretty. No. 54 is a splendid new perpetual, blooms all the season; a great novelty. All the class are extremely beautiful.

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
45 46 47 48	Alice Le Roy. A feuille Agathe. A feuille Luisantes. Common. Crimson. Charlotte du Sor.	1 00 1 50 50 1 00	Large rosy lilac; double and fine. Blush; blooms in clusters, full and double Fine rose; full and double, bud in centre. Lare and double; rose color; blooms freely. Bright crimson; very mossy, beautiful. Fine bright rose; cupped, superb.

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No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
51 52 53 54	Cristata, or Crested Carne Helen Mauget. Luxembourg Perpetual Red, Mauget Perpetual White	1 00 1 50 1 00 2 00	Rose; beautiful crested buds. Bright crimson; very mossy, fine. Bright rose; cupped and double. Rich crimson; very fine. [mer. Slendid bright rosy red; blooms all sum- Pure white; occasionally striped; blooms all summer in large clusters. [mired.
57	Partout, or Moss Moss	2 00	Rose, leaves and buds very mossy; ad- Light crimson; new and fine. Rich crimson; buds beautiful.

Ellwanger & Barry's

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#### CLASS IV .-- HYBRID PROVENCE ROSES.

The flowers of this class are as perfect and beautiful as it is possible for any thing to be. No. 60, 61, and 63, and indeed the whole five varieties below, are really superb, and should be in every good collection of Roses.

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
60 61 62	Dutchess D'Orleans. Fleur blanche. General Foy. Globe Hip La Voluptue.	1 00 1 00 1 00	Blush; pink centre; beautiful. Superb white; cupped and double. Crimson; large and double. Pure white; cupped and beautiful. Brilliant rose; cupped and double.

#### CLASS V .-- FRENCH ROSES.

(Rosa Gallica.)

This is a very interesting class, including most of the superb, much-admired Dark, or what are termed Black Roses. Nos. 64, 66, and 69, are very dark and fine; the others are beautiful new varieties.

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No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
	African Black		Dark maroon; superb.
66	Black Mogul	50	Very dark; nearly black. Black and red; fine double.
68	Duc D'Orleans, ponctue	75	Bright rose; spotted; beautiful.
	Rivers' Superb Tuscany Village Maid		Dark velvet crimson; large and double. Red and white varigated; fine.

CLASS VI .-- DAMASK ROSES.

(Rosa Damascena.)

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
72 73 74	Goliah. Margined Hip Madame Hardy Painted Damask Prince William the Fifth	1 00 75	Pure white, edged with pink; semi-double. Pure white; cupped, large and double. Creamy white, edged with purple. Bright red; cupped and very double.

CLASS VIL -- CLIMBING ROSES.

§ I .- MICHIGAN, OR PRAIRIE ROSE. (ROSA RUBRIFOLA.)

These new Native Roses have already attained a superiority in rank over all other varieties of Climbers. Their rapid, vigorous growth—ten to twelve feet in a season—their luxuriant foliage, and their large clusters of magnificent flowers, together with their perfect hardiness in every part of our country, are sufficient to render them universally popular. A few years ago, and we had only the Single Flowering Michigan or Detroit, (which is still beautiful.) A few years hence, and we will undoubtedly have numerous seedlings, still surpassing those we now have. No. 77 is, in our opinion, the "Queen" of Climbing Roses, as well as "Queen of the Prairies."

No.	NAME.	PRI	CE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
	Common Michigan	\$0	25 50	Brilliant pink; changeable; single. Deep pink, with white stripes; very large
	Beauty of the Prairies,		50	and double; flowers in great clusters. Rose color, with blush centre.
	Perpetual Pink, (Feast's) Elegans, (Buist's)			Superb pink, changing to purple. Red, changing to blush or white.

δ II.—AYRSHIRE. (ROSA AYRSHIREA.)

This class is remarkable for its long, slender shoots—growing in a season from ten to fifteen feet.
They are all quite hardy, and have small, delicate, pretty flowers. They are fine climbers, and are well adapted for covering walls and trellies.

Į	No.	NAME.	PRI	CE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
	82 83	Blush		50 50	Delicate blush; very pretty. Shaded; white. Fine pink. Pure white; very double.

& III .- BOURSAULT ROSES. (ROSA MULTIFLORA BOURSAULTII.)

These are wonderful hardy, vigorous growers, and free bloomers. They are very highly esteemed for training on pillars.

No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
86	Amadis, or New Crimson	371	Deep crimson; large and fine. Pale flesh color, pink centre; vigorous. Bright pink

CLASS VIII .-- SCOTCH ROSES.

(Rosa Spinosissima.)

This is a small, neat, and delicate class of Roses, very distinct in their leaves, flowers, and habit. They bloom generally in the month of May before the Rose season has opened. All quite hardy.

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No.	NAME.	PRI	CE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
86 87 88 89	Hercules. Lady Hooker. Countess of Denmore. Bicolor Painted Lady Princess Elizabeth		37½ 50 37½ 50	Dark pink; semi-double. White. Blush. Blush and white. White, striped with red, fine double. Pink, double and good.

#### MISCELLANEOUS ROSES.

No.	NAME.	PRI	 СЕ.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
	Austrian Briar	\$0	50 50	Deep yellow; single. Yellow and Copper colored; very fine.
93	Double Yellow Harrison		00 75	Fine deep yellow; double. Creamy white; large and double.
95	Celestial do, (new.)		75 50	Beautiful pale blush.  Pure white, fine.
97	Madam Campan Persian Yellow		75 00	Rose, with white spots; very beautiful.  Deep orange; the finest yellow; superb.
99	Felicete Perpetuelle, [climber] Greville's superb Multiflora, do		50 50	Creamy white; very fine. [ters. Changeable, red and blush; flowers in clus-
	Single Pink Sweet Briar		25	Pink; grows very rapidly.

#### TREE, OR STANDARD MOSES.

PRICE, FROM \$1 50 TO \$3 00 EACH.

These comprise some of the choicest Chinese Monthly, Tea-scented and Hardy Roses, budded on stocks 3 to 5 feet high. These are splendid objects for planting in rows along the walks of a garden or pleasure ground, or for standing on lawns, or in the centre of beds of flowers.

II n addition to the varieties of Roses already enumerated, we have a great number of older ones, but very fine, which we will supply at 25 to 50 cents each; where a dozen is taken, we will put a good assortment at \$3,50.

### DIVISION II.

# Perpetual, or Autumnal Roses.

#### CLASS I .- PERPETUAL MOSES.

This class is perfectly hardy, and will stand the rigors of even a Canadian climate without protection. It continues in bloom from June till November.

( m	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
No.	NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	Bernard. Claire du Chatelet. D'Angers. Ernestine Autior. Four Seasous, Blush Four Seasons, White Louis Phillippe Rose du Roi. Rose du Roi, fleur Violette. Queen of Pespetuals.	\$0 75 75 50 50 50 75 75 1 00 50	Beantiful pink, dwarf; very fragrant. Purplish red; globular and double. Rose; large; cupped; cluster flowering. Beantiful pink. Rose; cupped and donble. White; expanded and large. Dark c:imson; expanded and large. Superb deep crimson; very fragrant. Fine violet. Fine besh; cupped and very double.
1	Quice I of 2 charecters in the control of the contr		Trans mestr, cupped and rery assesses

#### CLASS II .-- HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

This is a charming class of Roses. They are perfectly hardy, vigorous growers, with large, rich for large. Flowers of fine form, brilliant colors, and exquisite fragrance; and in bloom from June till November. They are truly, the greatest triumph of art in the improvement of the Rose.

No. NAME.	PRICE.	COLOR AND CHARACTER.
112 Augustine Mouchelet 113 Baron Prevost 114 Clementine Seringe 115 Counte de Pavio 116 De	1 00	Deep purplish rose; cupped, Large, cupped, pale rose. Pale rose, very fragrant, large.

I 00

50

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50

1 00

1 00

1 00

59

Bright changeable crimson.

Deep crimson, with a violet tint.

Fawn colored rose; much admired.

Pale flesh, with a shado of fawn; large.

Dark purplish crimson.

Deep purple; superb.

Superb lilac rose.

Pale flesh; fine.

14/ Imperas.

148 Le Grenadier .....

150 Marshall Villiers.....

155 Souvenir de la Malmaison.....

151 Mrs. Bosanquet.....

152 Paul Joseph.....

153 Princess Clementine.....

154 Queen of the Bourbons .....

149 Madam Despres .....

### CLASS IV .-- CHINESE OR BENGAL ROSES.

DAILY, OR EVER-BLOOMING.

Though these are mostly cultivated as Green House, or Parlor Plants, yet their beauties are much more fully developed when planted in the border, or in beds in the Flower Garden; there they afford a profusion of flowers throughout the whole summer and autumn, until every thing is wrapt up in winter. By covering them with a box, or with earth, or with rough manure, they may be safely left out all winter; on the return of spring, they may be uncovered, the decayed forth their blossoms

### CLASS V .-- TEA-SCENTED ROSES.

This class is held in the highest estimation by all lovers of the Rose, not only for their delight-flagrance, which give them their name, but for their large and very beautiful flowers. Like the preceding classes, they flourish well in the open ground, and flower profusely all summer. The ground for them should be mellow, light, and highly manured. Where it is desirable to leave them out during winter, they can be protected in the same way as recommended for the Bengals and Bourbons.

No.	BOTANIC
-	
105	LYTHRUM
127	salicaria.
128	chalcedo
129	
130	
131	bungeana
132	
133	flore alba
134	punctata
135	didyma
136	fistulosa.
10~	PAPAVER:
137 138	orientale bracteatuu
139	croceum
140	aurea
	PENSTEMO
141	campanula
142 143	pubescens
144	venustus pulchella .
145	digitalis
146	atrorubens
	PHLOX:
147	suaveolens
148	alba,
149 150	setacea paniculata
151	maculata.
152	ovata,
153	divaricata
154	elegans
155	acuminata
156 157	carolina fortunata
101	POLEMONIU
158	cœruleum.
159.	album
160	reptans
161	album POTENTILL
162	atrosangui
163	aurea
164	Intea
	PYRETHRU
165	parthenium
166	PRIMULA:
166 167	purpurea lilacea plei
168	rubra,
169	veris
170	polyanthus
	RANUNCUL
171 172	acris, pl aconitifoliu
173	repens
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These are beauful profuse flowering plants, deserving a place in the smallest collection.

y edging, lilac flowers.

llow flowers.

plant.

9 varieties.

tty trailing plants, ren green through the er,myrtle-like foliage.

Splendid plants, flower stems from 3 to 6 ft. high covered with white bell shaped blossoms.

For list of Verbenas, Petunias, Fuchsias, Salvias, retriotropes, and other fine border plants that require to be housed in the winter—and also for tender Bulbous Roots, such as Amaryllis, Gladiolus, Tiger Flower, Tuberose, &c., see Green House Catalogue. The Verbens and Petunias are beautiful plants, blooming all summer; no garden should be without them. We have all the finest new varieties, and will furnish fine plants at \$2,00 per dozen—in Spring without pots \$1 50. Fuchsias, young plants in Spring for bedding out, \$2,00 per dozen.

# GREEN HOUSE PLANTS.

Our stock of Green House Plants is unusually large and fine, including the splendid new varieties of Geranium (Pelargonium,) Fuchsia, Calceolaria, Verbena, Cactus, Cammellia, Japonica, Chinese Azalea, Heaths, Magnolias, Oranges, Lemons, Rhododendrons, Cinerarias, Chrysanthemums (Artemisia.) Myrtles, Oleanders, Cape Jasmines, and all the new and popular Plants cultivated in Green Houses. The list of Geraniums includes about thirty new seedlings, very fine. raised by ourselves, and flowered the past season for the first time.

Collections or assortments of Plants will be furnished as cheap as they will be found at any other establishment in the State

Cataloges of the whole Green House Department will be forwarded, gratis, to all post paid applications.

# Fruit Trees for Dwarfs, Pyramids, Espaliers, &c.

Trees of the various Fruits suitable for Garden Culture, in the form of Dwarfs or Pyramids, or for training to walls or trellises, in the open ground or under glass can always be furnished, of the best varieties. The increasing demand for Pears on Quince stocks, has induced us to adopt this system of propagation extensively; and we can now supply a large number of the finest varieties in that form. [See remarks on bottom of page 11, on the peculiar advantages of this method.]

# Hedge Plants.

Hawthorn, (English,) according to size, 50 cents to \$1,00 per 100; \$4 to \$6 per 1000. American, best sorts, \$5 to \$8 per 1000.

Yellow Locust, according to size, \$3 to \$6 per 100.

Honey Locust, or Three Thorned Acacia, \$6 to \$8 per 1000.

Privet, or Prim, for hedges, \$5 per 100; scions, \$2 per 100.

American Arbor Vitæ; makes beautiful evergreen hedges, \$10 to \$20 per 100 according to size.

Red Cedar; makes fine hedges; \$5 to \$10 per 100.

# Scions and Cuttings.

Scions of Fruit Trees for grafting, will be furnished, packed in the best manner, at the following prices :- Apples, 25 cts. per doz. ; Pears, 50 cts. ; Plums, 50 cts. ; Cherries, 50 cts. ; the price of the dozen scions, being equal to the price of a tree of the same sort, Large quantities will be supplied of the more common sorts at low prices, if they are ordered early in the winter. Scions of Grape Vines, \$ 5 to \$10 per 100. Cuttings of the best species of Basket Willow, \$5 per 1000

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