





by the Queenes Majefty and her Ladies at Whitehall, on Shrove Tuefday, 1634, by Inigo 5 Jones, Surveyor of his Majefty's Workes, and W. Davenant, her Majeftie's Servant. 4to. 2 half-morocco, 10s. 6d.

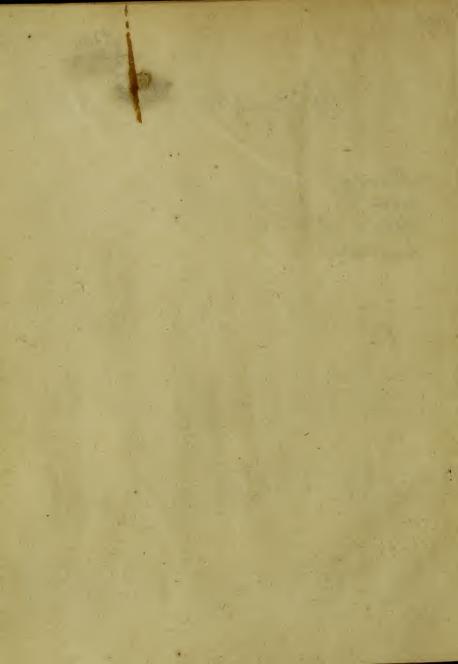
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## THE TEMPLE OF LOVE,

# A Masque.

Presented by the QVEENES Majesty, and her Ladies, at White-hallon Shrove-Tuesday, 1634.

By Inigo Iones, Surveyour of his Majesties Workes; and William Davenant, her Majesties Servant.

#### LONDON:

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## The Argument.

of the time when Indamora and her traine should arrive to effect this miracle; which though it seemes somewhat hard Doctrine to most young men, yet these being spirits of the highest ranke, for saking the false Magicians and their allurements, were resolved to entertaine themselves to contemplate on this Appari, fron untill the comming of the glorious Indian Queen. At whose sight they being inspired with chast flames might be permitted by their faithfull observance and legitimate affections to enter and enjoy the privileges of that sacred semple. Then Divine Poesie sends Orpheus her chiese Priest in a Barque (assisted by the Brachmani and Priests of the Temple, who meet him on the shores) to calme the Seas with his Harpe, that a maritime Chariot prepared by the Indian Seagods, might laser, and more swiftly convay them to atchieve this Noble dventure; after whose landing baving paid their Ceremonies by moving in harmonicall and numerous figures, Sunelis and Thelema (which intimate the understanding and the will) joyning together, the true Temple appeares, and Chast Love descends to invoke the last and living Heroe (Indamora's royall Lover) that hee may helpe and witnesse the Consecration of it.

# THE TEMPLE OF LOVE.

Tithe lower end of the Banquetting-house, oppolite to the State, was a Stage of lix foot high, and on that was railed an Ornament of a new Invention agreeable to the Subject; confifting of Indian Trophees: on the one side upon a basement sate a naked Indian on a whitish Elephant, his legges shortning towards the necke of the beaft, his tire and bases of severall coloured feathers, representing the Indian Monarchy: On the other side an Asiatique in the habit of an Indian border, riding on a Camell; his Turbant and Coat differing from that of the Turkes, figured for the Asian Monarchy: over these hung sheild like Compartiments: In that over the Indian was painted a Sunne rising, and in the other an halfe Moone; these had for finishing the Capitall of a great pillaster, which served as a ground to sticke them of, and bore up a large freeze or border with a Coronice. In this over the Indian lay the figure of an old man, with a long white haire and beard, representing the flood Tigris; on his head a wreath of Canes and Seage, and leaning upon a great Vrne, out of which runne water, by him in an extravagant posture stood a Tyger.

At the other end of this freeze lay another naked man, representing Meander, the famous River of Asia, who likewise had a great filver urne, and by him lay an

Vnicorne.

In the midst of this border was fixed a rich Comparti-A 3 ment,

ment, behind which was a crimfon Drapery part of it borne up by naked Children tack'd up in severall pleats, and the rest was at each end of the Freeze tyed with a great knot, and from thence hung downe in foulds to the bottome of the pedestalls: In the midst of this Compartiment in an Ovall was written TEMPLY MAMORIS: all these figures were in their natural colours bigger than the life, and the Compartiments of Gold.

A Curtaine flying up the first Sceane was discover'd. in which appeared a spacious grove of shady trees; and a farre off on a mount with a winding way to the top was seated a pleasant bower environed with young trees, and in the lower part walkes planted with Cypresse, representing the place where the Soules of the Ancient Poets are fained to reside: the delight of this prospect was quickly diverted to the fight of a more strange apparision; for, out of the heaven by little and little broke foortha great Cloud of a Rosie Colour, which being come downe some little way beganne to open, and in it was seene sitting a beautifull woman; her garment was Sky-colourfet all with Starres of gold, her head was crowned with Laurell, with a spangled vaile hanging downe behind, and her haire in artificiall curles graciously dress'd, representing Divine Poesie, and by her amilke white Swanne, as the descends finging out of those venerable shades came forth a company of ancient Greeke Poets, as Demodicus, Famius, Homer, Hefied, Terpander, and Sapho a Poetesse in habits varied and of severall colours, with laurell wreaths on their heads. Divine Poesie sung this:

Divine Poesic.

(1.)

A Schearefull as the Mornings light,
Comes Indanaora from above,
To guide those Lovers that want sight,
To see and know what they should love.

(2.)

Her beames into each breast will steale, And search what eviry Heart doth meane, The sadly wounded shee will heale, And make the fouly tainted eleane.

(3.)

Rise you, from your darke shades below, That first gave words an harmony, And made false Love in Numbers stom, Till vice became a mysterie.

(4.)

And when I've purifi'd that Ayre
To which Death turn'd you long agoe,
Helpe with your voyces to declare
What Indamora comes to show.

The Poets.

Soule of our Science! how inspir'd we come? By thee restor'd to voyces that lay dumbe, And lost in many a forgotten Tombe.

D. Poefie.

Y'are spirits all; and have so long From slesh, and frailty absent bin, That sure though Love should fill your song, It could not rellish win of sinne.

#### The Poets.

Vex. not our sad remembrance with our shame! We have bin punish'd for ill-gotten same, For each loose verse, tormented with a slame.

#### D. Poesie.

Descend then, and become with me, The happy Organs to make knowne In an harmonious Embassie, Our great affaire to yonder Throne.

Shee being descended to the ground in a Majesticke pace, goes up to the State, attended by the fore-named Poets; and the Cloud that brought her downe, closeth as it ascends.

#### D. Poesie.

Thou Monarch of mens bearts rejoyce!
So much thou art below d in beaven,
That Fate hath made thy reigne her choyce,
In which Love's blessings shall be given.

#### The Poets.

Truth shall appeare, and rule 'till she resists Those subtle charmes, and melts those darker mists, In which Love's Temple's hid from Exorcists.

D.Poesie.

The Temple of Love.

D. Pocsie.

These Magithat with pleasant Arts
To their salse Temple led of yore
The noblest youth, with ring their Hearts
With lust full thoughts, shall be no more.

#### The Poets.

For Indamora with her beauties light, The truer Temple shall restore to sight, The false shall be obscur d in endlesse Night.

The Song after they have retir'd (playing on) their Instruments) by the Chorus of Poets.

(1.)

Take leave now of thy beart,
The beauty thou shalt straight survey
Will tempt is to depart
Thy royall breast, and melt away.
Yet when she finds thy breast is empty growne,
In just remorse shee'll fill it with her owne,
So nother heart can wourne, or stray.

(2.)

Backe to our shades we goe;
But see how heavily we move!
Alas! their feet are slow,
That leave the Object which they love.
Our dwelling is beneath, but those whose Bayes is chastely earn'd in thy corrected dayes,
Shall after death reside above.

After

After this, Divine Poesse, and the Poets retire, and goe forth; then the whole Sceane changethinto mist and Clouds, through which some glimpse of a Temple is hereand there scarcely discern'd.

#### The entry of the Magicians.

Out of hollow Caves from underground come forth three Magicians, one more eminent than the rest, their habits of strangefashions, denoting their qualities, and their persons deformed.

(1.) Tell me, thou wise Protector of our Art, Why dost thou walke with such a hideous brow? Darknesse, and Clouds doe hover o're thine eyes; Thou look'st as thou hadst suck'd the vapor of A poyl'nous Fenne, till it has made thee drunke, There's venom'd foame about thy lips.

(2.) Is thy belov'd
Old witch, dead and entomb'd? or hast thou heard
Ill newes from hell? Does the grand fiend
Chaine up thy spirits from thy use? Speake, Art
Thou not within thy Circle still a Soveraigne Prince?
When thou dost lift with magicke power thy white
Inchanted Scepter thus; doe not the thinne
Unbodied people bow and obey?

(3.) Othe Temple of Love! the mists that hid, And so reserved it from our sinfull use, (Whilst we seduced the more voluptuous race Of men, to give false worship in our owne) must be Dispelled! this is the sad ill newes; and it Is come from heaven! A sidling Deity

(Whom

(Whom for footh Divine Poefie they stile)
This morne proclaim'd it from a falling Cloud.

(2.) Who? Divine Poesie?

(3.) I know her well.

Shee's one that makes the holy Jigges, And facred Catches for the gods, when they Are merry with mif-takes of men, and laugh To fee us carelesse of their punishment.

(1.) But who shall bring this mischiefe to our Art?

(3.) Indamora, the delight of Destiny!

Shee, and the beauties of her Traine: who sure
Though they discover Summer in their lookes,
Still carry frozen Winter in their blood.

They raise strange dostrines, and new sects of Love:
Which must not wooe or court the Person, but
The Mind; and practise generation not
Of Bodies but of Soules.

(2.) Belceve me, my Magicall friends,
They must bring bodies with 'em that worship
In our pleasant Temple: I have an odde
Fantasticke faith perswades me there will be
Little pastime upon earth without Bodies.
Your Spirit's a cold Companion at midnight.

(1.) Have we so long misseled and entertain'd The youthfull of the world, (I meane their bodies) And now doe they betake themselves unto The dull imaginary pleasures of Their soules? This humor cannot last

(2.) If it should, we may rid our Temple
Of all our Persian Quilts, imbroyder'd Couches;
And our standing Beds; these (I take it) are
Bodily implements; our soules need 'em not.

But

But where shall this new Sect be planted first?

(3.) In a dull Northerne Ile, they call Britaine.

(2.) Indeed 'tis a cold Northerly opinion;
And I'le lay my life begot fince their late
Great Frosts. It will be long enough e're it
Shall spread, and prosper in the South! Or if
The Spaniard or Italian everbe
Perswaded out of the use of their bodies,
I'le give mine to a Raven for his Supper.

(3.) The Miracle is more increas'd, in that It first takes birth and nourishment in Court.

(2) But my good damn'd friend tell me? Is there not One Courtier will refent the cause, and give Some countenance to the affaires of the body?

(3) Certain yong Lords at first disliked the Phylosophy As most uncomfortable, sad, and new;
But soone inclin'd to a superior vote,
And are growne as good Platonical! Lovers
As are to be found in an Hermitage, where he
That was borne last, reckons above sourcescore.

To thelecome foorth in hast another Magician, in shape and habit differing from the other, and spake as followeth.

(1.) Here comes a brother of our misticke Tribe!

(3.) He knowes th'occasion of our griefe, and by

His hast imports discoveries more strange!

(4.) Newes!newes!my sad companions of the shade! There's lately landed on our fatall shore
Nine Persian youths, their habit and their lookes
So smooth, that from the pleasures i'th Elissan fields
Each female ghost will come, and enter in
Their sless againe, to make embraces warme.

(2.) I

(2.) I hopethese are no Platonicall Lovers, No fuch Carthusian Poets as doe write

Madrigals to the mind? more of thy newes!

(4.) The rest inferres small joy, and little hope: For though at first their youth and eager thoughts Directed them where our gay Altar stood, And they were ready too for facrifice, I cannot tell what luckleffe light inform'd Their eyes, but Lovestrue Temple straight they spy'd Through the ascending mists, and would have entered it To read grave frosty Homilies, And Anticke lawes of Chastitie, but that (As my swift Spirit brought me word) a voyce Sent from within bad them with reverence Desist till Indamora did appeare, for then Thegates would open, and the milts dry up: That thus conceal'd it from the generall view, Which now their expectation doth attend.

(3.) 'Tistime to wake our drowfie Art, and try If we have power to hinder Destinie.

Mount mount lour charmes! fetch me, whilst you aspire,

A Spirit of the Element of fire!

(2.) Me one of Ayre! (1.) The water me supplies! (4.) Mine from the center of the earth shall rise!

(3.) These shall infuse their sev'rall qualities

In men; if not t'uphold the faction of The flesh, yet to infect the queasie age With blacker sinnes: If we now we have joyn'd The force of all the Elements t'affift The horror of our will) shall not prevaile Against this hum'rous vertue of the Time, Nature, our weaknesse must be thought thy crime.

(2.) To

(2.) To these I'le adde a sect of moderne Divels: Fine precise Fiends, that he are the devout close At ev'ry vertue but their owne, that claime Chambers and Tenements in heaven, as they Had purchas'd there, and all the Angels were Their harbingers. With these I'le vex the world.

(3.) 'Tis well design'd! Thanks to thy courteous Art!
Let's murmure softly in each others eare,
And those we first invok'd, will straight appeare!
Enough! they come! to'th woods let's take our slight.

We have more dismall businesse yet e're night.

### The Antimasque of the Spirits.

#### I. Entry.

The fiery Spirits all in flames, and their vizards of a Cholericke Complexion.

The Airy Spirits with fanguine vizards, their gar-

ments and Caps all of feathers.

The Watery Spirits were all over wrought with

scales, and had fishes heads and finnes.

The Earthy Spirits had their garments wrought all over with leavelesse trees and bushes, with Serpents and other little Animals here and there about them, and on their heads barren rockes.

#### 2. Entry.

Brought in by the fiery spirits, were debosht and quarrelling men with a loose Wench amongst them.

#### 3. and 4. Enwy.

Brought in by the Spirits of Ayre, were of amorous men and women in ridiculous habits and Alchimists.

#### 5. Entry.

Brought in by the Spirits of Water, were drunken Dutch skippers.

#### 6. Entry.

Brought in by the Spirits of Eastb, were Witches, Viurers, and Fooles.

#### 7. Entry.

Was of a Moderne Divell, a sworne enemy of Poesie, Musicke, and all ingenious Arts, but a great friend to murmuring, libelling, and all seeds of discord, attended by his factious followers; all which was exprest by their habits and dance.

After these was an entry of three Indians of quality, of Indamora's traine in severall Arange habits, and their

dance as strange.

All these Antimasques being past, the Noble Perfian youths make their entry, apparelled in Asian Coats of Sea-greene embroydered that reached downe above their knees, with buttons and loops before, and cut up square to their hips, and returned downe with two short skirts; the sleeves of this Coat were large without seame,

feame, and cut short to the bending of the Arme, and hanging downelong behinde, trimm'd with buttons as those of the breast; out of this same a sleeve of white Sattinembroydered, and a Basis answerable to this sleeve, hung downein gathering underneath the shortest part of their Coat; on their heads Persian Turbants silver'd underneath, and wound about with white Cy-

presse, and one fall of a white feather before.

Their Dance ended, the mist and Clouds at an instant disappeare, and the Sceane is all changed into a Sea somewhat calme, where the billowes moving sometimes whole, and sometimes breaking, beat gently on the land, which represented a new and strange prospect; the nearest part was broken grounds and Rockes, with a mountainous Countrey, but of a pleasant Aspect, in which were trees of strange forme and Colour, and here and there were placed in the bottome severall Arbors like Cottages, and strange beasts and birds, farre unlike the Countrey of these parts, expressing an Indian Landschape. In the Sea were severall I-lands, and a farre off a Continent terminating with the Horrizon.

Out of a Creeke came waving forth a Barque of a gracious Antiquedesigne, adorn'd with Sculpture sinishing in Scrowles, that on the poope had for Ornament a great Masque head of a Sea-god; and all the rest enrich'd with embosh'd worke touch'd with silver and gold. In the midst of this Barque sate orpheus with his Harpe, he wore a white robe girt, on his shoulders was (tyed with a knot) a mantle of Carnation, and his head crowned with a lawrell garland: with him, other persons in habits of Sca-men as pilots and guiders of the Barque.

## The Temple of Love. 3. and 4. Entry.

Brought in by the Spirits of Ayre, were of amorous men and women in ridiculous habits and Alchimists.

#### 5. Entry.

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#### 6. Entry.

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#### A Persian Page comes leaping in.

HEy! hey! how light I am? all foule within?
As my dull flesh, were melted through my skinne?
And though a Page, when landed on this shore,
I now am growne a briske Ambassadour!

C

From

From Persian Princes too, and each as sierce A Lover, as did ever figh in verse! Give audience then, you Ladies of this Ile! Lord how you lift your fannes up now, and smile ! To thinke (forfooth) they are so fond to take So long a journey for your beauties fake! For know, th'are come! but fure, e're they returne, Will give your femallships some cause to mourne! For I must tell you, that about them all There's not one graine, but what's Platonicall! So bashfull that I thinke they might be drawne (Like you) to weare close Hoods, or vailes of Lawne. My Master is the chiefe that doth protect. Or (as some say) misse-lead this precise sect. One heretofore that wifely could confute A Lady at her window with his Lute. There devoutly in a cold morning stand Two howres, praying the fnow of her white hand; So long, 'till's words were frozen'tweene his lips; And's Lute-strings learnt their quav'ring from his hips. And when he could not rule her to's intent, Like Tarquin he would proffer ravishment. But now, no feare of Rapes, untill he find A maydenhead belonging to the mind. The rest are all so modest too, and pure; So virginly, so coy and so demure, That they recreat at killing, and but name Hymen, or Love, they blush for very shame! Ladies! I must needs laugh! you'le give me leave Thope; and tisto thinke how you deceive Your felves with all this precious art, and care Tane in your glasse to dresse your lookes, and haire! When

When (in good faith!) they heed no outward merit,
But fervently relolve to wooe the Spirit!
Hah! doe you all looke melancholy now?
And cast a Cloud of anger o're the brow?
'Tis time to flye, and my best swiftnesse use,
Lest kill'd with pinnes, and Bodkins for my newes.

The Page retires, and the Noble Persian youths make their entry, apparelled in Asian Coats of Seagreene embroidered that reached downe above their knees, with buttons and loops before and cut up square to their hips, and returned downe with two short skirts; the sleeves of this Coat were large without leame, and cut shortto the bending of the Arme, and hanging downelong behinde, trimm'd with buttons as those of the breast; out of this came a sleeve of white Sattin embroidered, and the Basis answerable to the sleeve, hung downein gathering underneath the shortest part of their Coat; on their heads they wore Persian Turbants silver'd underneath, and wound about with white Cypresse, and one fall of a white feather before.

Their Danceended, the mist and Clouds at an instant disappeare, and the Sceane is all changed into a Sea somewhat calme, where the billowes moving sometimes whole, and sometimes breaking, beat gently on the land, which represented a new and strange prospect; the nearest part was broken grounds and Rockes, with a mountainous Countrey, but of a pleasant Aspect, in which weretrees of strange forme and Colour, and here and there were placed in the bottome severall Arbor's like Cottages, and strange beasts and birds, farre unlike the Countrey of these parts, expressing an Indian Landschape. In the Sea were severall I-

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The Song of the Brachmani, in answer to orpheus his Harpe,

(1.)

Hearke! Orpheus is a Sea-man growne,
Nowinds of late have rudely blowne,
Norwaves their troubled heads advance!
His Harpe bath made the winds so mild,
They whisper now as reconciled,
The waves are sooth d into a dance.

(2.)

See bow the list ning Doiphins play!

And willingly mistake their way,

As when they beard Arions straines!

Whom once their scaly Ancestor,

Convay'd upon his backe to shore,

Andtooke his musicke for his paines.

(3.)

Wee Priests that burne Loves Sacrifice,
Our Orphous greet with ravish'd eyes;
For by this calmenesse we are sure,
His Harpe doth now prepare the way,
That Indamora's voyage may
Be more delightfull, and secure.

(4.)

And now the inchanted mists (hall cleare,
And Loves true Temple straight appeare,
(Long hid from menby sucred power,)
Where Noble Pirgins still shall meet,
And breath their Orizons, more sweet
Than is the Springs ungather'd flower.

The Barque having taken port, the Masquers appeare in a Maritime Chariot made of a spungie Rockstuffe mixt with Shells, Soa-weeds, Corrall, and Pearle, borne upon an Axletree with golden wheeles without a rimme with flat spokes like the blade of an Ore comming out of the Naves. This Chariot was drawne by Seamonsters, and sloated with a sweet motion in the Sea:

Indamora

Indamora Queene of Narfinga fate enthron'd in the highest part of this Chariot, in a rich seat, the backe of which was a great Skallop Shell. The habit of the Masquers was of Isabella Colour, and Watchet, with Bases in large paines cut through, all over richly embroyder'd with silver, and the dressing of their heads was of silver, with small falls of white feathers tipp'd with Watchet. This sight thus moving on the water, was accompanied with the musicke and voyces of the Chorus.

(I.)

Shecomes! each Princesse in her traine bath all I hat wise enamor'd Poets, beauty call!
So sit and ready to subdue:
That had they not kind hearts which take a care
To free, and counsel, whom their eyes ensuare,
Poore Lovers would have cause to rue.

(2.)

More welcomethan the wandring Sea-mans starre,
When in the Night the Winds make cause less e warre,
Vntill his Barque so long is tost,
That's sayles to ragges are blowne, the Maine-yard beares
Not sheet enough to wipe, and dry those teares
He shed to see his Rudder lost.

The Song ended, all the forepart of the Sea was in an instant turn'd to dry land, and Indamora with her Contributary Ladies descended into the roome, and made their entry. Then for entermedium the Musicke began againe, and sung this Song.

The

The Song.

The Planets thoughthey move so fast, have power to make their swiftnesse last,
But see, your strength is quickly gone!
Tet move by sense and rules of Art,
And each hath an immortall part,
Which cannot tire, but they have nonce

(2.)

Let then your soft, and nimble feet
Lead and in various figures meet
Those stranger Knights, who though they came
Seduc'd at first by false desire,
You'le kindle in their breasts a fire
Shall keepe Love warme, yet not enflame.

(3.)

At first they were your beauties prize,
Now offer willing sacrifice.

Vnto the Vertues of the minde,
And each shall we when they depart,
A lawfull though a loving heart,
And mish you still both strict and kinde.

The Masquers having a while reposed, danced their second Dance, which ended, and the Queene being seated under the Stateby the King, the Sceane was changed into the true Temple of Chast Love; this Temple instead of Columnes had termes of young Satyrs bearing

ring

ring up the returnes of Architrane Freeze and Coronice all enrich'd of Gold-Imiths worke, the further part of the Temple running farre from the eye was defign'd of another kind of Architecture, with Pillasters. Neeches, and Statues; and in the midst a stately gate adorn'd with Colomns and their Ornaments, and a Frontispice on the top, all which seemed to bee of burnish'd gold. Into this Temple enters Sunesis and Thelema; Sunesis a man of a noble Aspect, and richly attir'd; his garment of Cloth of gold reaching downe below his knees, and girt with a tucke at the wast, with wide sleeves turn'd up; his mantle of Watchet fastned on both shoulders, and hanging downe long behind, a garland of Sinope on his head, with a flame of fire issuing out of it, his Buskins were yellow, wrought with gold. Thelema a young woman ina Robe of changeable filke girt with severall tuckes, under her breast, and beneath her wast, and great leaves of filverabout her shoulders hanging downe to the midst of her Arme; upon her head a garland of great Marigolds, and puffs of filver'd Lawne betweene. And ather shoulders were Angels wings, these sung this Dialogue, assisted by the Chori.

The Song.

Sunesis and Thelema.

Sunesis.

Ome meli thy soule inmine, that when unite, We may become one virtuous appetite.

Thelema.

First breath thine into me, thine is the part

More beavenly, and doth more adorne the heart.

Both.

Thus mix'd, our love will ever be discreet,

And all our thoughts and actions pure,

When perfect Will, and strengthned Reason meet,

Then Love's created to endure.

Chorus.

Were Heaven more distant from us, we would strive To reach't with Pray'rs to make this Vnion thrive.

Whilst his Song continued, there came softly downe from the highest part of the heaven a bright and transparent Cloud, which being come to the middle part of the Ayre it opened, and out of it came Amianteres, or Chast Love slying downe, clad all in Carnation and White, and two garlands of Laurell in one hand, and crown'd with another of the same; whilst he descended the Cloud closeth againe and returnes upwards, and is hidden in the heavens; Chast Love being come downe to the earth, was accompanied by Sunesis and Thelema, Divine Poesie, Orpheus, and the rest of the Poets up to the State, the great Chorus following at a distance, where they sung this Song.

The Song.

Amianteres, or Chast Love.

(1.)

WHilft by amixture thus made one,
Yare th' Embleme of my Deitie,

And now you may in yonder Throne, The patterne of your Vnion see.

(2.)

Softly as fruitfull showres I fall, And th' undiscern' d increase I bring, Is of more precious worth than all A plenteous Summer pages a Spring.

(3.)

The benefit it doth impart,

Will not the barren earth improve,

But fructifie each barren heart,

And give eternall growth to Love.

#### Sunesis.

To CHARLES the mightiest and the best,
And to the Darling of his breast,
(Virbo rule b' example as by power)
May youthfull blessings still increase,
And in their Off-spring never cease,
Till Time's too old to last an hower.

#### Chorus.

These wishes are so well deserv'd by thee, Andthought so modest too by Destinie, That heaven hath seal'd the grant as a Desree.

After which they all retire to the Sceane, and Indimora and her Ladies beginne the Revels with the King and the Lords, which continue the most part of the night. Thus ended this Masque which for the newnesse

of the invention, variety of Sceanes, Apparitions, and richnesse of habits was generally approved to be one of the most magnificent that hath beene done in England.

## . The Masquers Names.

## The Queenes Majesty.

Lady Marquesse Hamilton.
Lady Mary Herbert.
Countesse of Oxford.
Countesse of Berkshire.
Countesse of Carnarwan.
Countesse of Newport.
Lady Herbert.

Lady Katherine Howard.
Lady Anne Carre.
Lady Elizabeth Feilding.
Lady Thimbleby.
Mistris Dorothy Savage.
Mistris Victorie Cary.
Mistris Nevill.

## The Lords and others that presented the Noble Persian Youths.

The Duke of Lenox.
Earle of Newport.
Earle of Desmond.
Viscount Grandeson.
Lord Lussell.

Lord Doncaster.
Master Thomas Weston.
Master George Goring.
Master Henry Murrey.

FJNJS.

