SEATTLE GAZETTE

J. R. WATSON. SEATTLE, W. T.

Per Annum, in advance, \$4 00 Six months, 2 00 Bingle copies, 25

ADVERTISING RATES: One square, (ten lines or less) first insertion, \$2 50
Each subsequent insertion, por 1 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
EWHY per cent deducted to monthly advertisers.
Legal advertisers. must be paid in advance.
Aff-Legal Tender notes received at market value.

A SONG OF THE DAY.

One of the most popular dittles of the time, which is mug and whistled by every boy and played by every need at musto-supplianting "Dixie" and "Old John Brown"—is the following:

has Erown?—Is the following:
When Johnny comes marching home again;
Hurrah, hurrah;
WaT give him a hearty welcome then;
Historah, hurrah;
The men will cheer, the boys will shout,
The ladles they will all turn out,
And we'll all feel gay
When Johnny comes me: ching home.

The old church bell will peal with joy; The old church berl with pear with joy;
Hurrah, hurrah;
To welcope home our darling boy;
Hurrah, hurah;
The village lads and lasses say
With roses they will strew his way,
And we'll all feel gay
When Johnny comes marching home.

Got ready for the jubilee; Hurrah, burrah; We'll give the hero three times three; Hurrah, hurrah;

Harrah, Burrah;
The leared wreath is ready now
To place upon his loyal trow,
And we'll all feel gay
When Johnny comes marching home.

Let love and friendship on that day—
Hurrah, hurrah—
The choicest treasures then display;
Hurrah, hurrah,
And let each one perform some part
To fill with joy the warrior's heart,
And we'll all feel gay
When Johnny comes marching home.

A TWILIGHT WOOLNG.

It is an awful thing to lose a friend by marriage! To see him drop into your room cocasionally, always with a paper parcel under his arm, suggestive of lace and ribbons, instead of having him all to yourself, day in and day out. To know that the day in and day out. To know that the blue-breathed evening cigar will inevitably be abbreviated by "Oh, my wife will be anxious, if I'm not at home by eight arclock." To tell him about the pretty girl with the pink bonnet you met in the stage yesterday, and be generally confidential, and then find your tongue suddenly palsied by the conviction that he will tell his wife every word you have been saying. There's no use talking about the thing—it's actually indescribable.

Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't feel jealous when Jack Marclyffe got married [Do you suppose I didn't fee

pose that the green-eyed monster didn't inspire me with all sorts of nusmiable feel-ings toward the brown-eyed beauty who had cut me out so completely? It took me some time to reconcile myself to the new state of things. But when I found out that she didn't object to my sitting on the balcony with Jack-nay, that she actually lighted our cigars for us, and brought her little foot-stool and sat down beside us -that she laughed like a peal of merry bells at our bachelor chances and mishaps -and that she liked to have me come to dinner on Sundays, then I thought Jack's wife wasn't so bad an institution after all. And one day, when she brought out her tiny wicker work-basket, and stood on tiptoo to sew the loose button upon my coat,

Capitalated in good earnest.

'Jack," said I, ''your wife is—well not exactly an angel, for I don't believe in angels about the house—but the sweetest little woman I ever laid my eyes npou. You

on't be Jeslous, old fellow?"
"Jeslous—no P. said Jack, stretching his neck so as to look after the light, dis-But I'll tell von Arthur—you ought to see Mary's sister."
Sure enough, about two weeks afterward.

as I came in at the sweet briar-shadewed gate, and passed to look at the crimson clove pinks just opening their fringed petals, the silver-tones of another voice sound ed in the low-eaved piazza, and almost before I knew it, Jack Marclyffe's arm was through mine, and he was introducing me to a duplicate edition of his wife-a scarletlipped, arch-eyed girl in white muslin, with

a coral bracelet on her arm. For that moment I was gone-I didn't know whether I sat in Jack's easy chair or on the top of the rail-fence ; I said "No, I thank you," when Mrs. Jack asked me how I was—I stirred my cup of chocolate with a per-knife, and tried to put the table cloth into my pocket, instead of my handkerchief—and finally disgraced myself irre-vocably by putting the match-box into the depositing the baby on the marble mantle-piece.

" Good gracious, Mr. Arden !" exclaimed Marclyffe, " what is the matter ?"

I believe-I think-I've got a cold in my head !" faltered I, looking at the time straight at Agnes, who was playing with her coral bracelet, and pretending not to

laugh, "Jack," said I, that evening, as he went out to the gate with mc, "there's no use trying to mince matters—if I can't win Miss Agnes I shall take arsenic."

through the mill " himself.

Do you think she cares for me, Jack ?" I asked, plaintively, about a month afterward. I declare, honestly, I've the greatest mind in the world to jump off the pier, or hang myself, peaceably. Now what does hang myself, peaceably. Now what does she mean by firting with that red-whiskered Carew? Oh, Jack, do be merciful—tell me what you really think."

Your Marclyffe! I was about the thirtieth time he had been asked the same

"Why, how can I tell, Arthur? You might as well ask me to read the Hindoo alphabet as to decipher the mysteries of a woman's heart. Why don't you ask her

"Me ask her!" and the cold chills ran through me like veins of ice. "Jack I dare not for my life !"

Jack burst into a laugh.

"Well, I can't give any better advice," said he, "only remember, my boy, 'faint heart never won fair lady."

He turned away, and left me standing in the amber flush of the twilight, among

the crimson cluster of cinnamon roses, and the tall coronals of gleaming lilies. Up in the rosy sky the new moon hung, a curved thread of silver, and one bright star bore its lance of pearl against the radiant horizon. I looked absently upon the fair atmosphere—down at the blossoming garden of flowers, thinking in the midst of my perplexity how like the blue heaven was to Agnes' eyes, and marveling that the pink roses were so near akin to the dainty color that came and went upon her silk soft

Beside the low French window that opened upon the piazza door, I saw the flow of muslin drapery through the fragrant gloom —it was where Mrs. Marchyfie was wont to sit with her baby. I caught the refrain of the low, delicious cradle song she warbled in the tiny sleeper's ear. A bright thought struck me-I would take woman's wit into

my conusel. "Mary." said I, sitting down on the pie azza step, and leaning my head against the rose-wreathed pillar just opposite the win-"I wish you'd tell me what to do-I'm desperately in love with your sister Agnes, and—don't laugh now—I havn't the courage to tell her so."

I pansed an instant, and then went on,
"I love her better than life. No, that is not saying enough, I would die to make her happy. Oh, Mary, can't you give me a word of encouragement? I dere not tell her my love, because my beart sinks so in dread from the one little word "No!" Will she speak it, do you think ?"

There was no answer still.

"Mary, will she break my heart?"
I spoke with trembling accents, fresh from the deepest recesses of my soul—the very air seemed to sob around me as I ceas-One instant of silence in the soft, pulsing fragrance of midsummer twilight, and then there was a fluttering of light, azure robes, the fall of a fairy footstep. Ere I could look up, a soft white arm, gleaming with the clasp of a blood-red coral bracelet was around my neck—a shower of brown carls, nestled on my breast. "She will not -- she never will."

The voice was that of Agues Day; I held the coy, coquettish trembler to my

Life has been brimming with sweets ever since—many a golden moment has paused to sprinkle its chalice of joy around my feet-steps, as it passed into the world of by gones; but, in all my existence, there never came a second time like that.

"So. I'm really to have a brother-in-law," she said, putting aside the roses and coming forward just as the wicket fastening clicked under Jack's hand, and the fiery spark of his eigar flashed through the purple gleaming, slowly traveling up the gar-den walk.

'Hallo," said he, pausing abruptly as

Agnes tried valuly taining arm. "Oh, I see now! upon-my-word! for such a bashful young gentleman, you've been remarkably expeditious! Accept of my congratula-tions, Aggie—ditto, Arthur."

PRINTERS AND DOCTERS .- An Eastern paper very justly comments on neswpaper and medical credits: It is a notorious fact that doctor's bills and newspapers bills are the last accounts in the sum of almost every man's indebtedness which he thinks of pay Whatever may be his ability to pay ing. Whatever may be his ability to pay, no difference if the chest is filled with old rusty dollars, be thinks some indefinite time will do to settle the aforesaid accounts. People somehow have a traditionary notion that the practice of physic and publishing of newspapers are mere amateur professions, followed for amasement's sake, and for the cost of which little or nothing is expected. Yet there is not in the whole round of business, as far as we know, a more expensive employment than that of publishing a newspaper.

HORRIBLE!-" The Devil sowed tares, read Mrs. Siffkins from the Bible. "Ah," saidher, husband, "I wish you were like

A woman may be different to courts and courtiers, but not to courtship.

Jack squeezed my hand; he had " been Adventure of Capt. Speke with a Boa Constrictor.

At the earliest possible moment after our camp had been pitched, a hunt was set on foot, and Capt. Grant, myself and some attendants were soon making our way to the 'patch." There were no animals there when we arrived, except a few hippopotami, and we were therefore obliged to wait the coming of more palatable game. Our patience, however, was severely taxed, and after a long delay, we were about to "bag" hippopotamus, when one of our attendants, perched in a tree about half a mile distance, began waiving his blanket. This was a signal that game was approaching. We immediately drew into cover, and awaited the coming up of the latter.

We were not delayed long, for presently a long column of animals, from the elephant to the hos doo Epeared in view, trotting at a good pace to the river. Their flanks were soon presented to us, and each seeking his object, fired. McColl shot a fine buffalo cow, whilst Capt. Grant was equally successful with a hoo-doo, and several spears cast by our attendants, stopped the career of two different animals of the herd.

At this juncture, however, occurred an unexpected adventure, that finished our sport for that day. I had sprung forward, immediately after firing, in order to obtain s fair shot at a buge elephant that I wanted to bring down on account of his immense tusks. I got the desired aim, and pulled the trigger of my second barrel. At the moment of my doing so a wild cry of alarm, uttered by one of the blacks, called my attention. Glancing round, my eyes chanced to range up in the foliage of the tree beneath which Capt. Green and myself had lain for several hours previous,

My feelings may possibly be imagined as I beheld an enormous boa constrictor whose bideous head and neck projected some distance into view, showing that he was about to make a fatal spring.

His direction was certainly toward me and as he flashed from his position like a thunder-bolt, I gave myself up, for ere aid could be rendered me, fold after fold of the strong monster would have crushed my strong frame into a quivering pulp. I fell, seemingly caught in a whirlwind of dust, and a strange, indescribable scuffle ensued. In the midst of this terrible strife I suddenly became conscious-of a second victim, and even after the time that has elapsed since then, I still recollect with what vividuass the thought shot across my mind, that this second victim was Capt. Grant, my noble companion.

At last, after being thus whirled about for several seconds, each second seeming to be interminable there ensued a lull, a stillness as of death, and I opened my eyes, expecting to look upon those suexplored landscapes which are seen only in the country beyond the tomb. Instead of that I saw Capt. Grant levelling his rifle toward me, while standing beside and behind him were the blacks in every conceivable attitude of the most intense suspense.

In a moment I comprehended all. The huge serpent had struck a young buffalo cow, between which and him I had unluckily placed myself at the moment of firing upon the elephant. A most singular good fortune had attended me, however, for instead of being crushed into a mangled mass with the unfortunate cow, my left forearm ouly had been caught in between the buffalo's body and a single fold of the constric-The limb laid just in front of the shoulder at the foot of the neck, and thus had a soft bed of flesh, into which It was jammed, as it were, by the immense pressure of the serpent's body that was ironlike in hardness.

As I saw Grant about to shoot, a terror took possession of me, for if he refrained I possibly escape, after the boa released his folds from the dead cow. But should he fire and strike the reptile, it would in its Even as the idea came to me, I beheld Grant pause. He appeared to comprehend all. He could see how I was situated, that I was still living, and that my delivery depended on the will of the bos.

We could see every line on each others face, so close were we, and I would have shouted, or spoken, or even whispered at bim, had I dared, but the boa's head was within a few inches of mine, and the wink of an eyelid would perhaps settle my doom
—so I stared like a dead man, at Grant

Presently the serpent began gradually to relax his folds, and after re-tightening them several times as the crushed buffulo quivered, he unwound one fold entirely. Then he paused. The next ironlike fold was the one which held me prisoner, and as I felt it little by little unclusping, my heart stood still with hope and fear. Perhaps upon being freed, the benumbed arm, uncontrolled by my will, might fall from the cushion like bed in which it lay. And such a mishap might bring the spare fold around my neck or chest, and then farewell to the source of the Nile. Oh, how hardly, how desperately I struggled to command myself. I looked at Grant and saw him bandling his rifle anxiously. I glanced at the negroes and saw them standing as though petrified with astonishment. I glanced at the scrpcut's loathsome head and saw its bright, deadly

eyes watching for the least sign of life in

its prey.

The boa loosened its fold on my arm a hair's breath, and now a little more, until half an inch of space separated my arm and its motted skin. I could have whipped out my hand, but dared not take the risk. Atoms of time dragged themselves into ages, and a minute seemed eternity, and the next one was easing. Should I dash away now or wait a more favorable moment? I decided upon the former, and with lightning speed I bounded away toward Grant, the crack of whose piece I heard at the same instant. For the first time in my life I was theroughly overcome, and sinking down, I remained in a semi-conscious state for seve-

When I fully recovered, Grant and the over-joyed negroes held me up and pointed to the boa, who was still writhing in his death agonies. I shuddered as I looked upon the effect of his dying strength. For yards around where he lay, grass, bushes and saplings, and in fact everything except the more fully grown trees, were cut clean off as though they had been trimmed with an immense scythe. This monster, when measured, was fifty one feet two inches and a half in extreme length, while round the thickest part of the body its girth was nearly three feet, thus proving, I believe, to be the largest serpent that was ever anthentically heard of.

THE DAY OF JUDGMENT .-- A horse dealer in the "Gude Town" of auld Edinburg, having hired a horse to a limb of the law, the latter, either through bad usage or carlessness, killed the horse. The owner, of course, insisted upon payment for the animal by bill, if not convenient to pay by cash instanter. The huffling lawyer saw his way at once, and freely agreed to pay by bill, stating that "it must be of a late date."

The hostlery man, not over erudite, agreed, desiring him to fix his own time. All right—the lawyer immediately drew up a promissory note, making it payable at "the day of judgment."
But "de'il may care," as Burns says,

that day of judgment, somehow, was rather dilatory in making its appearance, and a suit of law was instituted.

Still all right—the lawyer rubbed his hands in exhultation, and with a bland smile, (as only a lawyer can do) requested

the presiding judge to look at the bill.

Judge—"The bill is perfectly good, and as this is "the day of judgment," I decree that you pay within twenty-four hours."

Quite a transformation in Mr. Shuffle's countenance took place at this mnexpected decision, his under-chopper fell a foot, and he slipped out of court as smooth as a snail over a cabbage leaf on a dewy morning.

ANTIDOTE FOR POISON.—The following may prove of much value, worthy at least of being cut out and preserved. It is enclosed in a letter to the London Times, from Dr. James Ebwards, a prominent London physician. He says :

"I enclose a simple, safe, and accessible prescription for the whole range of acid and corrosive poisons, and which, if promptly used, will almost invariably save life: Mix two ounces of powdered chalk or magnesia, or one ounce of washing soda, with a pint of milk, and swallow at one draught; then tickle the back of the throat with a feather or the finger, so as to produce vomiting. afterwards drink freely of hot milk and water and repeat the vomiting, so as to thoroughly wash out the stomsch. Any quantity of magnesia may be taken with safety, but soda in large quantities is injurious. I may add also, that the narcoties being excepted, milk alone is antidote for almost all the poisons, and especially if followed by vomiting."

TRACEDY AND FUN .- The manager of a Berlin theatre got up lately a drama in which a human head was to be offered to a tyrant. In order to produce as much effect as possible, he resolved to use a human head. stage was placed a table covered with cloth. on the table was a basin, and an actor con-cealed under the cloth, poked up his head through a hole in the table so as to seem to be placed in the basin. The effect was prodigious, the andience applanded and trem-pled. Unluckily a wag, who was behind the scenes, sprinkled some smulf on the basin. and just as the tyrant finished his address to the severed head of the enemy, the head replied by a hearty fit of sneezing, changing the audience from "grave to gay" with remarkable expedition.

A SWEET RELIC.—A petrified beehive was found near Grass Valley, Cal., with honey and bees all petrified. It was found seventy-five feet below the surface in a log two and a half feet in diameter and forty feet long. The Grass Valley National says: "The beehive is no matter of fancy, but of pure demonstration. Before us is a sample of the comb full of honey, all petrified. The normal thickness of the comb, the duplicate of the cells with their invariable bexigonal shape, are all before us as distinctly as if a fresh piece of boney-comb. all dripping and just cut from the box, had been brought and placed before our eyes on a sheet of

THE UNION IN GEORGIA.-Immediately after our army took possession of the city of Savannah, some of our printer soldiers started the Savannah Daily Loyal Georgian, all the secesh editors having "vamoosed the ranch." A few days subsequently, J. E. Hays, formerly connected with the N. Y. Tribune, launched the Savannah Republican and the first paper was merged into the

The Republican of the 29th, contains the proceedings of a public meeting called by the Mayor and a large number of influencial ritizens, to take into consideration matters relating to the present and future welfare of the city. Resolutions were adopted :

"First, that we accept the positive sur-render of the city, and in the language of the President of the United States, seek to have peace by laying down our arms and submitting to the national authorities under the Constitution, leaving all questions which remain to be adjusted by the peaceful means of legislation, conference and votes.

"Second, that laying aside all differences and burying by-gones, we will use our best endeavors to bring back the prosperity and

commerce we once enjoyed. "Third, we do not put ourselves in the position of a conquered city, saking terms of conqueror, but claim the immunities and privileges contained in the proclamation and message of the President, and all legislative

acts in Congress in reference to a people, "Fourth, That we ask the Government to call a Convention of the people, to say whether they wish the war continued.

'Fifth, That it is the unanimous desire of

all present that General. Geary be continued as military commander of the post, and that for his urbanity and kindness he is entitled to our thanks."

LANGUAGE OF THE STAR-SPANGLE BANNER -The stars of the new flag represented the constellation of "States" rising in the West, The idea was taken from "the constellation of Lyra," which, in the bands of Orpheus, signified harmony. The blue of the field was taken from the covenanters' banner in Scotland, significant also of the league and covenant of the United Colonies against oppression, incidentally involving the virtues of vigilance, perseverance, and justice. The stars were disposed in a circle, symbolizing the perpetuity of the Union; the ring, like the circling serpent of the Egyptians, signifying eternity. The thirteen stripes showed, with the number of the United Colonies and denoted the subordination of the States to the Union, as well as equality among themselves. The whole was the blending of the various flags previous to the Union Flag, namely: the red flags of the army and the white ones of the floating batteries. The red color, which in Roman days was the signal of defence, denotes daring; and the white purity.

What eloquence do the stars breath when their full significance is known. A new constellation! Union! Perpetuity! A cov-enant against oppression! Justice, equality, subordination, courage, and purity I

AN HONORABLE PEACE.-In his letter accepting the Union nomination for Governor of New York, Col. Fenton shows clearly all that is necessary to seure an honorable peace, as follows :

We want peace without dishonor. here let me say, friends, that there has been no time since the war began, but that peace could have been procured by the simple and honorable process of the rebels lying down their arms and returning back to their homes, peaceful and law-abiding citizens under the Constitution and the laws. Nor will there be any twenty-four hours during the continuance of this war, but that the country can have peace if the rebels will cease to fight, menace and disturb, and return to nee The love! neo e will have no peace which is produced by shaking hands rith rebels in arms over the bodies of our brave defenders who have fallen in the service, but upon honeable terms it would bu bailed with delight,

HINTS TO PEDANTS .- WIB. Cullen Bryant gave the following excellent advice to a young man who offered him an article for the Erening Post: "My young friend, I observe that you have used several Francis expressions in your article. I think if you will study the English language, that you will find it capable of expressing all the ideas you may have. I have slways found it so, and in all that I have written, I do not recall an instance when I was tempted to use a foreign word, but that on searching, I found a better one in my own language."

President Lincoln's reply to a petition of two hundred and fifty young people of Concord, Mass., under eighteen years of age, for the freedom of all the slave children, is a follows:

"Tell those little people I am very glad their young hearts are so full of generous sympathy, and that while I have not the power to grant all they ask, I trust that they will remember that God has, and that as it seems, He wills to do it."

A. Lincoln.

SEATTLE, MARCH 27, 1865.

THE UNION AND COPPERHEADISM.

There are at present in the United States but two parties-the Union and the Copperhead parties. -In the ranks of one of these, every citizen, whether he will or not, must of necessity take his place. We never have acknowledged, nor do we mean to acknowledge, that Democracy and Copperheadism are identical. The Copperhead party and press of the day assume the old name, and the leaders endeavor to foist themselves upon the country as pure Democrats. But since the breaking out of the rebellion it has been a thousand times demonstrated that they are as different as light from darkness, The first was a great national party, whose principles, whether expedient or not, when in issue, were never positively treasonable or disloyal. The latter, made up of unprincipled, fifth-rate politleians of all the old parties, is a treasonblackened organization whose whole aim is to oppose the Government and give aid and comfort to the rebellion. Some of the more despicable of the Copperhead party openly accept the name and glory in it; but others deabting the expediency of such open candot, repudiate the title, and claim to be Union Derocrats. Now a Union Democrat or Union Republican, at the present day is an impossibility; for there is not a single question, which ever distinguished the old parties from each other, now in issue before the American people, and such handles to Uniquiam as Democrat or Republican, or may other party name, are not only superfluous but deceitful. A man is either for the Union or against it; and if he is against he is as properly designated by the name Copperhead as by any other title expressive of meanness or treachery;

Copperheadism is, therefore, not Democracy, wild to denounce the one is by no means to make war upon the other. There are thousands of old Democrats among the firmest friends of the Administration and the Haion and there are far too many persons is the Union party who would more propcity rank with the Copperheads, The words and the works of the true Union tuan must harmonize, or no faith is to be put in him; he cannot talk loyalty and act treason; in times like the present.

In these times men live more in a few weeks, and even days, than in many years in the pest, Actions that were for tassly in a large degree harmless, or indifferent, now are fraught with consequences unifold, and immeasurable. Especially is this the case in the United States, where men use the ciective franchise. In former years of peace and prosperity, when the difference between parties was too-dle dee or two die dues; the use of the elective fruuchise might have been optional; men might then have voted for not, and might by their vales have sustained either party with comparitive impunity and innocence. But not onow; times are changed; and parties ave changed; and the character of men's ctions correspond with those changes. Tille Cannot be avoided. Obligations come asought. They cannot be ignored without wifel crime. The party that is not for he Government is against it. There is, here ean be no middle ground here. Every nan of gardor and intelligence sustains the Union party, positively, fully, unequivocally, Every set for it, may every vote, tells against he rebellion and for the integrity of the sation, as roully as every bullet fired into the ranks of the enemy on the battle field. Stery act, may every vote for the Copperead party favore the rebellion just as really agavery bullet fired into the Union ranks Late Union men every where understand Mi. Those who are decidedly Union do understand it ; the Copperheads will understand it also; and when they use the names of persons as candidates for positions of trust who are called Union, it is but to deceive and delude A cound every person who allows almself to be thus used, the folds of the make are wound until the Union feelings are all crushed out of him. He cannot remain a Union man, and act, in whole or part, with the allies of Jeff Davis & co. As correctly might you talk of cold fire or warm ice, or a pious Devil. It becomes the daty of every Union man to sustain the Union party. The suffering of every soldier, who starves in rebel prisons echo the cryanatain the Union party—the hope, the onle hope of the nation.

Theodore Tilton of the New York Independent, in letters from Chicago, volunteering some advice, says on the suffrage : Give the bellot to all who can read, and deny it to all who cannot, and advises the application of the rule to both whites and blacks.

[For the Sentile Gazette. [Chronicles of Ocyperopolis,

CHAPTIEM II.

Dankey returneth to Coppercials and speaketh fre-quently to his people - lic exalteth himself and railiet's his bushwhackers -- I'e goeth to the Sanhedran and maketh a law against the "Johns"-He selleth out to the Johns, and off-north the people-He waxeth wroth against the "Sawyer" and threaten eth him at a distance-fle buyeth a weapou and talketh course cously in thyme.

Now it came to pass when Donkey, which meaneth the " cow-hide member," had fled from the disgust of the clam-enters, he returned to the eastward of the mountains to Copperopolis, which is called Walla Walla.

And when the people began to assemble in public places to choose representatives to the Grand Sanhedrim, which is at Olympia, behold, Donkey was always in their midst.

And he spake again to his people, and poured out his spirit upon the multitude, like unto one afflicted with a bloody flux, and it pleased his his people, for the wise ones that understood him were of the same way of thinking, and the foolish were confounded by his superior foolishness.

Many things he said unto them concerning his journey to the country of the clam-eaters, and of his mighty works there: and he magnified himself hugely, and spat verdigris into the eyes of the multitude, which blinded them, and he took them by their noses and led them whither he would.

And there were among the followers of Donkey many skeedaddlers from Pike, who were called bushwackers in that country, and they were known to have fled from their country, be. tween two days, for their country's good; and these become the servants of Doukey, to follow him and do his bidding,

And it came 'to' pass that Donkey, which meaneth a "cow-bide member," was chosen by the people, and he went on his mission to the city of Olympia where all the wise men meet that are chosen to make laws for the peonle of the kingdom.

Now it came to pass that during the sitting of the wise men, Donkey had a law passed that displeased the nation of "Johns." Then Donkey returned to his people in the kingdom of Walla Walla, and said to them; many good and just laws have I made for you. But the "Johns" were not pleased. So they gathered themselves together and counseled one with another, and said to " Jim," a medicine man, go thou unto Donkey, which meaneth a cow-hide member," and say to him in this wise: Thou didst us much injustice to make such a law, but if thou wilt repeal this law three hundred pieces of silver thou shalt have.

And Donkey said, yea, vorily.

Now, after this, it came to pass that the cow-hide member" became filled with wrath and said many bad things about some of the people of the kingdom, and on many occasions he was heard to say in a loud voice, "I won't stand it. I'll cow-hide him."

And while Donkey was so enraged he beheld the "Sawyer" standing upon the side-walk in the city of Walla Walla. He then rushed across the street and into a "cow-hide" shop and made a purchase to the amount of fifty cents, and then went and sat in his office to meditate, while the Sawyer attended to business

And it came to pass that after the "Sawyer" ad remained in the city one day and one night he went to his house in Coppei.

And it was not till then that Donkey became full to overflowing with anger and bravery. He pranced fariously through the sireets, and affeys and every part of the city in search of the "Sawyer." He rent his clothes, he pulled his hair, and in the anguish of his heart cried with a braying voice:

I am a man of courage, And of high renown; So come along coppers, And see me thrack him brown

I'I' is the trick of the copperhead , party and namers to how! continually about the usurpation of the Administrations and dwell upon the corruptions and crimes of individuels in the Union ranks, while they never whisper a word against the rebeis or the rebellios. An Eastern democratic Journal

It is small to talk of the petty crimes of this or that man, bad enough to be sure, and not to be justified or tolerated-if one is silent upon that everlas ting crime of this gi gantic rebellion, which surpasses all other crimes in the world's history,

Should the Copperheads ever come into power and abolish Greenbacks and re-establish specie currency, it is presumed they will remove the Goddess of Liberty upon our coin and substitute a manacled

PAY UP.-All persons indebted for subscription to the GAZETTE are requested to pay up before the first of May next, as some changes in the uffairs of the paper, about that time, render a settlement ne-

An exchange says that Gen. Mclellan was in the same predicament at the ballotbox in November last, that he was in the field before Richmoud-he wanted a few

MISCILLANEOUS ITEMS

The deed of conveyance from the San Francisco Water Works Company to the Spring Valley Water Works Company required \$1,. 600 worth of revenue stamps.

Under the law of June, Federal Revenue Assessors will deduct the rental value of home steads owned and occupied, from the amount of taxable income of 1864.

Col. Charles A. May, the brave and dashing cavalry leader of the Mexican war, whose name will ever be associated with Monterey and Resaca de la Palma, died in New York on the 31st of December.

It is stated that the Government of Chile has opened all her ports on that coast to the vessels of every nation, to discharge and take on cargoes of any description. The measure goes into operation on and after the 1st of May, 1865.

It is said that the whole line of Gen. Grant's breast-works and fortifications; from Gen. Meade's extreme left to Gen. Butler's extreme right, is no less than thirty-five miles, and taking the sinuosities and the supporting lines into consideration, the whole work would measure nearly one handred miles in length.

The following authors died during the past year, viz : Wm. M. Thackeray, Nathanie Hawthorne, Walter Savage Landor, George P. Morris, Park Benjamin, Henry R. Schoolcraft Thos. Colley Gratten, Alaric A. Watts, Charles Sealsfield, John R. McCulloch, Ampere, Catherine Sinclair, Mrs. E. W. Farnham.

In the fight for the opening of the inland sca at Japan, the American steamer that was furnished has a single rifle parrot gun on board, and it did greater execution than the best Armstrong or Whitworth guns that belonged in the British fleet. Atbrass 80-pounder, captured from the Japanese, is to be sent to Wash ington as a trophy.

A process has been discovered in New York by which gas of a superior quality and high illuminating power can be generated from naptha, a residium of coal oil or petroleum, at s cost not to exceed sixty cents per thousand cu. bic feet. If the statements are true about potroleum we shall be the most enlightened people in the world.

Recently, while the Americans at Honolulu. Sandwich Islands, were anxiously looking out for news from the United States, a large clipper arrived from San Francisco, and, on being boarded by the news boat, the only reply of the Captain was, "there was a devil of a row in the United States [but he didn't learn the particulars."

The Camanche bas been tried; her] guns have been tried, and whenever Napoleon wants to try San Francisco harbor lit is thought this last Camanche will prove the most troublesome of her tribe, though the only one our Government can count on as an available ally.

Psychometry is one of the new phases of spiritualism.jby which the past is all reproduced in all its vividness and completeness. A lady psychometist lately described the structure of the moon, inspired by a bit of moonshine, though psychometry is said to be not all

A member of Gen. Meade's staff recently saw a ragged boy with an uncommon large muffler about the neck. He asked him what was the matter with him, and he replied that he had got the itch. The officer Binvestigated, and found important dispatches to Gen. Lee.

The relative strength of the North and the South may be very accurately measured by a comparison of the entire section in rebellion with the Empire State, at the late election New York gave 720,000 votes, which is within 185,796 votes of the total given in rebeldom in

There is a question as to how the word Nevada shall be abbreviated. The papers of that State say write it " Nev."

The bridge from San Francisco across Mis sion Bay is one mile long, and thirty feet wide it cost sixty thousand dollars.

Over eleven hundred of our office convicted of crimes, are cerving out their time on the Dry Tortugas Islands, near the Florida

Beef cattle are so scarce in California that Durham cows and others of improved grades are driven to the shambles. Good grass will soon cure that.

Company A, 8th regiment California State Volunteers; have been sent to man the works at the month of the Columbia river, on Cape Disappointment.

General Grant, on hearing that the citizens of Ohio were preparing al suitable testimony for General Sherman, ordered the sum of five hundred doffars to be subscribed for him toward the said object ;

The Vedette says that Mormonism, as taught by Brigham Young, includes not only polygamy; but human sacrifice; the latter to be as sumed " whenever circumstances render it con venient or necessary." The idea sounds tragic. very.

Over five hundred tons of cobble stones are daily shipped down the Sacramento river to San Francisco, to be used in paving streets, They will prove dangerous sometimes, perhaps, should a city mob prefer them to sherry cobblers, though not so pleasant to take.

Somebody estimates that over ten million hales of cotton are now stored in the Southern States. Doubtful; as three millions of bales used to be a large crop in good times, and it hasn't been a good time to raise cotten in the last four years.

Dave THEN OUT -The Toronto Globe says the best and cheapest way to prevent future raids of rebels in Canada upon American Territory is to drive the rebels, known to be lurking among them, from the country altogether. It says : they have abused Canadian bospitality, and have taken advantage of the kindness shown them to do much toward involving the two neighbors in difficulties, and wisely advocates driving the whole pack out of the provinces. To maintain a force along the borders sufficient to prevent the raids, it contends is too expensive : stipendiary magistrates, the police, and the detectives are all to be paid; but with an Alien act, an immense amount might be saved. We will not, continues the Globe, go so far as to say that the law would do away with the necessity for placing troops on the frontier, but we do say that a very few would suffice. The fact that the Government would be able to clap them in jail at a moment's notice, or expel them from the country, would make the Southern gentry particularly careful bow they conducted themselves

In a speech made at San Francisco some time since, the speaker closed with this peroration :

We have taught the Southern rebels their prond boast of blood and lineage, their arrogant assumption of superior valor on the battle-field, their claim of Anglo-Norman chivalry as a nobler heritage than our Saxon birth and blood is all a brazon lie. We shall have taught them (if there be any difference in our race) that the fair-haired and blue-eyed Saxon has no superior in civilization-no equal in the race of empire. (Great applause.) We have taught these arrogant Southrons,

There are lands beyond Pentland, There be Friths beyond Forth; If there be lords in the Southland, There be chiefs in the North."

A powerful party is growing up in Kentucky, determined to free the State from the burden and nuisance of slavery. May speedy success attend their exertions.

IRCOME AND ARNUAL TAX

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON and after the 1st day of April, 1866, I will proceed to make the annual assessment of income for the year ending Dec. 31, 1864, for licenses and all other annual assessments for the agar ending 1866. For the information of all yoncerned, the following section of the excise cot of June 80th, 1864, is inverted:

on of June Suin, 1855, is inserted;

5 117. "AND BE IT FURTURE ENACTED. That there shall be levied, collected, and paid annually upon the annual gains, or income of every person residing in the United States, or any citizen of the United States residing abroad, whether derived from any kind of property, rents, interests, dividends, salaries, or from any profession, trade, employment, or vocation, carried on in the United States or elsewhere, of from any other source whatever, except as hereinafter, mentioned, if such annual gains, profits, or income, exceed the sum of six hundred dollars; and a dety of seven and one half of one per cent per annual on the excess over six hundred dollars and not exceeding fire, thousand dollars; and a dety of seven and one half of one per cent per annual on the excess over from the per annual on the excess over from the contract of the exceeding fire, thousand dollars; and not exceeding the thousand dollars and not exceeding the thousand dollars and not exceeding an one per cent per annual on the excess over from the other per annual on the excess over from the contract of the day of the per centum on the excess over two thousand dollars, and not exceeding the time for levying collecting, and jaying said duty: Provingen, That income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, and other seconties of the United States, shall be included in estimating incomes under this section: Provingen, That only one deduction of six hundred dellars shall be made from the agregate income of all the neambers of any family comprised of parents and minor children, or husband and wife, except individual estate, gains, or later of the which income is estimated, shall be chargeable as income; any losses on sales of real estate purchased within the year. for which income is estimated, shall be deducted from the income of any course of the which income is estimated, shall be the part of the which income is estimated, shall be deducted from the income of any course residence of the which income is estimated, \$ 117. "AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED. That there shall be levied, collected, and paid annually upon the

The following instructions of a circular relative to the annual list is inserted, for the infor-thation of all persons concerned, and to show the necessity of promptness in the assessment:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE OF INT, REV.

WASHINGTON, February 22.1, 1864.

In order to ensure an early completion of the annual list for 1864, Assessors will instruct their Assistants at once to begin the collection of returns in their respective divisions. Alhough tax-payers are authorized to delay
making returns until the first Monday of May,
those who have not made their returns by that
day will be liable to assessment under the provisions of section 11 (14). Assistant Assessors
will transmit all returns to the Assessors after will transmit all ret will transmit an returns to the Assessor, after epitering 'the automate in their assessment books. As soon after the first Monday in May, as is practicably, each Assistant Assessor will make out his alphapetical list, and deliver the same to the Assessor. By the 14th (18) section of the excise law, this list is required to be delivered within thirty days after the first Monday. ered within thirty days after the first Monday in May.; The same section provides that any Assistant Assessor who fails to perform this duty within the time prescribed, not being prevented by rickness or other unavoidable accident, shall be discharged from office, and shall, moreover, forfeit and pay two bundred dollars, with costs of suit. It is boped that no occasion will arise for the enforcement of these negation

Form No. 11 should be distributed at the same time with forms 24 and 42, and applications for licenses should be received at the same time with returns of income and articles in schedule A.

Blank forms for the return of income, with

explanatory notes, which will aid parties in making up their returns, will be delivered or sent to all parties liable, by the Assistant Assessor of the respective-divisions, and should any further explanation be necessary, it will be the duty of the Assistant Assessor to impart

the same upon application. I cannot too earnestly urge prompt and full compliance with the requirements of the law, and by so doing it will not become necessary to inflict the penalties provided for a neglect or

to be cause. It is made my impersitive duty to enforce the law, and where parties become liable, from neglect or otherwise, to impose its penalties.

JOHN G. SPARKS,
U. S. ASSUSSON, W. T.
March 17th, 1865, no45-4w

OCCIDENTAL

HOTH. Seattle, King o., Wash, Ter, M. R. MADDOCKS.)
JOHN S. CONDON. PROFRIETORS.
AMOS BROWN.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL I is now open for the accommodation of the pullt is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

First Class House, The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT Is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR MIGHT. AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Win s, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

A ZPLENDID BILLIARD TABLE,

With Marble Bed and Combination Cashions, is con nected with the above establishment for the acc odation of its customers and the public generally. Seattle, March 20, 186

CONNOISEUR'S REMERITAN

THE UNDERSIGNED returns his thanks to I the inhabitant of Seattle and vicinty for their patronage, and calls their attention to the conversion of the SERTILE RESTAURANT into an

OYSTER SALOON

AND A VERITABLE

CHOP HOUSE.

He trusts that his long experience as caterer, his accustomed asiculty and desire to please the most fas. tidious, will merit a share of public patronage.

Seattle Feb. 25th, 1865.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTICESHIP

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JOSEPH WILLIAMSON and WILLIAM GREENFIELD is this day dissolved by minimal consent. JOSEPH WILLIAMSON.
Seattle, Jan. 21st, 1865. nod3-tf no43-tf

SEEDS: SEEDS!

W. MOXLIE has on hand and for sale a It a large association of Grass and Vegetable Seed, also Flower Seeds of all varieties, warnised pures in quantities from one once to a uno. Catalogues turnibed free of charge. Apply to ... R. W. MOXLIE. Olympia; CHAS, EAGLN, Seattle,

Election Notice

MOTICE is hereby given that an election Will be held at the Council Room of the Board of Trustees of the Town Seattle on the

FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL, 1865, For the election of Five Trustees; and one Marshall Judges : Frank Mathias, A. Hulbert, and M. R. Maddock. By order of the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle. HIRAM BURNETT,

President pro. tom.
Attest: Cnas. Eagan, Clerk. I Inoided

GOOD NEWS!

NORTH PACIFIC

的的自然性性

JUST ESTABLISHED IN SEATTLE

This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing

PORTER ALE

BABBB BBBBB

Which will be sold at the lowest eash prices. Legal tenders taken at market value.

Give us a Call—try for yourselves! BUTTERFIELD & CO. nots xief Seattle, Feb. 1st 1865,

GAZLAY'S PACIFIC MONTHLY.

This new and first class Monthly Magazine is published Every Month, at 34 Liberty atreet, New York. and sent to the Pacific States by the Steamer leaving New York on the 13th of the month in advance. date of publication. Every one in the Pacific States and Territories should take an interest in the success of the PARTRIC MONTHY V-solds from the local character and worth, it is the cheapest Magazine pub We will send the PACIFIC MONTHLY to address in the United States for ONE YEAR, postage pre-paid, upon the receipt of PIVE DOLLARS an GREENBACKS, or TWO DOLLARS AND & HALF

David M. Gazlay PUBLISHERS

34, Liberty Street, New York-

an be seen at the office of this Paper. BAT Dealers supplied by WHITE & BAUER, News

Agents, San Francisco; or the American News Company, 121 Na street, New York.

NOTICE!

I AM ABOUT TO RETURN TO THE ATLANTIC STATES for a short time, and have spointed H. A. ATENS my Attorney during injustence, bereby giving him full powers to transact and all backness in my name, as fully to all interest and purposes as I could do myself.

Scattle Peb. 3th 1883, D. HOBTON.

SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, MARCH T, 1865.

BETWEEN the irregularity of the overland mail and the telegraph, we have been unable to get any news, on publication day, for sev-eral weeks past. We hope for better arrangementy soon.

No Mails .- No mail has been received at dispoint from Stellacoom, overland, for two weeks past. What is the matter? Is it that the contract has run out, or that it is not conmenient for the contractor to send it during bad weather. Arriving here as it did, and ought to, in the middle of the week, greatly benefited the point in bringing news and mail matter. which now lies in the Steilacoom post office nearly a week behind its regular time and then brought down, we presume, on the Anderson. Our main dependence for Eastern news, so as to be able to publish before the steamer's arrival from up the Sound, was through this source. But now we are compelled either to publish without any news, except what we may chance to get by telegraph, or wait till the arrival of the steamer, and by so doing our down Sound mail is compelled to remain in this post. office a whole week. If Uncle Sam pays for carrying this mail we think it no more than just that such measures should be taken by the proper authorities to see that the contract is

* ROBBERY .- On last Thursday night the shanty of a person known here as " nigger John," was forcibly entered, during his absence, and a considerable quantity of clothing and blankets carried off. The thief disposed of the articles the next day to some Indians, upon whose persons they were noticed, which immediately gave cause of suspecting them of committing a robbery. Upon being questioned by the City Marshal they informed him that they had purchased them from a "Boston." Strong suspicion rests on certain parties, but as yet no arrest has been made.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—There will be an election next Monday for five Trustees of the town of Seattle. The following persons, all old residents, and all good Union citizens, have been put in nomination for the places: H. L. Yesler, D. T. Denny, H. Burnett, Joseph Williamson and John Denny. The notice of an election published in another column, calls also for the election of a town Marshal, but by the provisions of the charter of incorporation, we understand that the marshal and other town officers are to be appointed by the Board of

WENT ASHORE -From Capt. Wm. Daly, of the sloop Shurk, we learn that the schooner Triumph and the steamer , Flying Dutchman went ashore at a point near Utsalady, called Crescent Harbor, in the severe gale of last week. The Triumph is a new schooner, built at Victoria, and was on her trial trip. The Dutchman went ashore while trying to tow the was the damage sustained, or whether they succeeded in getting off.

Cor. Cock, an old resident of this Territory, Larriged here last week, on board the bark Nambeag, and paid our office a visit. The Colonel looks quite hale and hearty. He has been spending the winter in San Francisco, where his family is at present residing. He left on Thursday night, by the Anderson, for Olympia, where he intends making his future home, at which place his family will soon join

To MINERS. Mr. Foster and party, with an absayer from San Francisco, left here on Saturday last for the White River Mines. It is the intention to tap the Foster lead, forty feet below the surface, and test the ore on the spot. As the assayer will remain on the ground for some time it will afford claim-holders an opportunity to have their several claims thoroughly, tested without going to Victoria or San Francisco, which will be a great saving to them.

Wz see that property-holders in different parts of the city are busily engaged in laying fide walks in front of their property. This is in compliance with the new Ordinance, and we are glad to see the prompt manner in which our heitisens take hold of the matter. It is an improvement that is much needed to benefit as well as beautify the town,

THE bark Nahumkeag, Capt. Gove, twelve days from San Francisco, arrived at this port on Thursday last, with a few passengers and a small amount of freight. She left the same day for Port Blakely, at which place she will take in a cargo of lumber for San Branesco.

Cirr Janu-The contract for building the City Jail, has been let to Mr. Thos. Russel, of this place, who will immediately commence its construction.

The Equinoxial storm has been raging here for the past few days with unprecedented fury.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT .- Wounds, Scalds, Burus, and Irritating Sores - The peculiar ly mild, soothing, anti-inflammatory power exerted by this Ointment strongly recommends its use to all persons who have charge of children, Accidents will occur in the nursery in spite of the greatest caution and utmost vigilance. The scratch, the burn, or the scald, treated early with this Ointment, assumes no angry aspect, and never long tortures the little sufferer, whose very cry elites each bystander's compassion and pierces the parent's heart. Every nurse should consider this invaluable Ointment an essential to a well appointed nursery. Ofntment is applicable to any sore, whatever its character. It conducts to health as surely as the compass points to the north.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF SEATTLE, W. T.

ARRIVALS

March 20 .- Stmr. Eliza Anderson, Finch,

21-Bark Nahumkeag, Gove, San Fran-

"-Sloop Decatur, Fife, Tulalip. "-Schr. Rambler, Winsor, Port Blak-

ley. "-Sloop Shark, Campbell, Port Mad-

ison. "-Scow Minnehaha, Hill, Port Ludlow.

22-Schr. Nor'-Wester, Clendenin, Snohomish. 28-Sloop Shark, Daly, Port Madison.

"-Stmr. Eliza Anderson, Finch, Victoria.

"-Sloop Fashion, Bagley, Snohomish. "-Sloop Decatur, Fife, Freeport. 25-Scow Minnebaba, White River.

-Sloop Shark, Daly, Port Madison 21-At Port Madison, bark Caroline Reed, ———, San Francisco. DEPARTURES:

March 20-Stmr. Ehza Anderson, Fineh, Vic-

20-Stmr. J. B. Libby, Libby, Steils

21-Bark Nahumkeag, Gove, Port Blakley.

22-Sloop Shark, Campbell, Port Mad "-Scow Minnehaha, Hill, White River.

28-Scow Frowning Beauty, Perkins, Snohomish.

"-Schr. Rambler, Winsor, Olympia. 24-Stmr. Eliza Anderson, Finch,

Olympia, 24-Scow Nor-'Wester, Clendenin, Snohomish.

-Sloop Decatur, Fife, Freeport. "- Sloop Shark, Daly, Port Madison, 25-Sloop Fashion, Bagley, Snoho-

mish 26-Sloop Shark, Daly, Port Madison.

MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE SEATTLE GAZETTE

Seattle Prices.

SEATTLE, March 27, 1865. FLOUR-Best quality, \$16, per barrel. WHEAT-\$2 00 @\$2 25 per bushel. OATS-90c per bushel. HAY-\$25 per ton. POTATOES-100c per bushel. ON TONS-Sots 19 th. BUTTER-Fresh 50c @ 60% b. CHEESE-25 c W fb. AGGS-50 W doz.

San Francisco Wholesale Prices. San Francisco, March 7th. WHEAT-\$5 00 @ \$5 25 10 100 1b. OATS-21 @ 80 7 1b. BARLEY-SI @1810 W b. BRAN-\$40 @ \$48 per ton. MIDDLINGS-\$48 @ 52 \$ per ton. BREAD-5 @ 60 per th. CANDLES-18 @ 1840 per lb. COAL-\$14 @ \$20 ₽ ton. COFFEE-Rio 28c, Java 26c per lb. CORDAGE-14 @ 144c per lb. HIDES-11 @ 12c per lb. HAY- \$25 @ \$84 per ton. WOOL-Good to choice, 20 @ 231c 7 1b POTATOES-31 @ 81c 7 fb. BUTTER-Isthmus 85 @ 871, Fresh 48c. RICE-China No. 2 5to per ib. EGGS-86 @ 451c per doz.

Victoria Prices Current. VICTORIA, March 17.

FLOUR-Self-rising-\$15 00 7 bbl; Extra, OATMEAL-10c @ 111c. 7 tb. CORNMEAL-8 and 9c 7 1b. BEANS-White-510 7 fb BRAN-81c 70 th HAY-1; (a) 2 7 1b 7 halo WHEAT-firm, at 50 W to Wak BARLEY-84c W to OATS-8 @ 810 78 10 TEA-87 @ 40 7 to 7 chest COFFEE -28 @ 25 ₩ sk SUGAR-9 @ 15c W to W bbl or mat RICE-10 @ 12 7 b 7 sk

BUTTER-Fresh, 47 @ 50c # ib # best. HAMS-best; 18c % To P doz BACON-15 @ 220 7 10 7 doz

BATHS!

Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon, Two doors South of the Post Office, SEATTLE.

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS

Always in readiness. Wx. HEDGES, Proprietor.

FOR CASH---NEW GOODS---FOR CASH

YESLER, DENNY & CO.

Have just received a new and well selected stock of MERCHANDISE suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a continuance of the same upon the CASH SYSTEM, they find neccessary to adopt to sustain their basiness. Those who have money to pay for goods will rembember where they obtained them when they had one. After this date the credit system is closed with YESLER, DENNY & CO.

ORDINANCES

OF THE Town of Seattle.

ORDINANCE NO 13. An Ordinance in relation to Dogs.

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Seattle, That no dog, bitch or whelp shall be allowed or permitted to run at large within the limits of said town. And every owner or keeper of any dog, bitch or whelp, who shall per-mit the same too run or be at large, contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, shall pay a penalty of five dollars for each offense. Provided, that nothing in this ordinance shall authorize the destruction of any dog, bitch or whelp found running at large, it such dog, bitch or whelp shall be licensed or numbered as provided in the second section

of this ordinance. § 2. The town clerk is hereby instructed and it is made his duty upon the application of any person for a license for any dog bitch or whelp, upon receipt of three dollars for said liceuse for each dog, bitch or whelp, to issue license to such person, num-bering such license, which number, together with the word "licensed" and the owners name shall be put upon a collar of leather or brass, in plain characters, which collar shall be placed upon the neck of such dog, bitch or whelp, so licensed, such license to continue one year from date of license.

§ 3. Any person who shall put upon the collar of any dog, bitch or whelp the word licensed, or any number, without having first obtained a license as required by the preceding section of this ordinance, shall pay a penalty of twenty-five dollars, upon conviction before the committing magistrate of said town. And in case of default in payment of any fine, by any person convicted of violating the provision of the first part of this section the person so convicted shall be committed to the custody of the town marshal, and under his supervision work out such fine and cost of proceeding upon the streets of said town; being allowed therefor at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents

per day.

§ 4. No slut shall be permitted to run
at large while in heat, ander a penalty of
five dollars for each offense.

§ 5. It shall and may be lawful for the town marshal, and for such other person or persons as he may employ to kill and destroy any dog, bitch or whelp, found running at large, contrary to the provisions herein contained, receiving such compensation, there-for as the President of the Board of Trustees of said town may deem proper.

§ 6 Any person who shall molest, hinder or prevent the town marshal or any one in his employ in the discharge of the duty herein prescribed, shall forfeit and pay a fine of twenty-five dollars, and in case of failure to pay such fine imposed for the violashall be dealt with as provided for default of payment, in section three of this ordinance.

'§ 7, The town clerk shall pay over to the town treasurer, weekly, all monles re-ceived by him for licenses issued under this ordinance, deducting therefrom fifty cents for each license so issued, for his fee in issuing such certificate.

§ 8. All fines collected by the committing magistrate under this ordinance shall be paid over, weekly, to the town treasurer, taking his receipt therefor.

§ 9. This ordinance to be in force from and after its passage. Passed March 11th, 1865.

HIRAM BURNETT. Pres. pro. tem., Board of Trustees.
Attest: Chas. Eagan, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 14.

An Ordinance relating to the sale of Spiritu-ous Liquors, Porter, Beer, vider or Ale, to Indians—Passed March 11th, 1865.

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Scattle, That it shall not be lawful for any person to sell or to give to any Indian any spirituous liquors, porter, beer, cider or ale, within the corpo-

rate limits of said town.
§ 2. Any person violating the preceding section of the ordinance, shall pay a penalty of not less than Fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, upon the conviction before the committing magistrate of said town, one mer when collected; and in default of payment of any fine imposed for violation of this ordinance the person offending shall be committed to the custody of the town marshal, and under his supervision, work out such fine and cost of proceeding, upon the streets of said town, receiving therefor two dollars and fiftyfrents per day.

This ordinance to be in force from and after its passage. HIRAM BURNETT.

Pres. pro, tem. of Board of Trustees, Attest. CHARLES EAGAN, Clerk.

YESLER, DENNY & CO.,

SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS.

LUBBER. FLOUR, COUNTRY PRODUCE.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

CROCKERY.

FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c. &c. Orders from abroad for all kinds or Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates

nol-tf

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING, COUNTRY PRODUCE

-AND-

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W.,T.

UNION

CLOTHING STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED (Successors to S. F. I. Cooms in the Union Clothern Store) would respectfully inform the public that having engager in the mercantile business, they are prepared to furnish everything in their line on

CASH PRINCIPLES, And at

REASONABLE PRICES A good variety of

MEN'S CLOTHING Consisting in part of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts,

Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c. ALSO

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And a well selected stock of BOOKS AND STATIONERY

All of which will be sold cheap for the SPONDULIE. Remember our motto is small profits and quick sales BAGLEY & SETTLE. Seattle Aug. 20th 1864.



THE CREAT REMERY OF THE AGE

HOLLOWAY'S CINTMENT

THE EFFECT OF THE CINTMENT ON THE SYSTEM.

To the very core and sentre of all diseases, which affect the human body, this remarkable, preparation penetrates. It disappears under the friction of the hand as sait disappears when robbed upon meat. The ungeant x forms its bealing errand rapidly, safe The ungeant I forms its bealing errand rapidly, safely, and without pain. Simple eruptions, open sores, hard tumours, scrofulus developments of all kinds, absesses, cancers, old wounds, see in fact, every species of inflammation or suppuration, whether in the skin, the faseh, the glands, or among the macketes, can be arrested in its destructive course and permanently cured without danger, by rubbing in this inestimable Ointment.

BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, SORES AND ULCERS.

In many Hospitals in Europe this celebrated remody is now used for the cure of old wounds, seres and ulcew; in Spain and Portugal, and in many parts of tally, the first Physicians regularly prescribe its use. It is a sovereign remedy for bad breasts and had legs; and likewise for all skins diseases. It is to be found in the chest of nearly every sailor, soldier and emigrant.

PILES, FISTULAS, STRUCTURES.

The above class of complaints is anrely removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in this Unitament. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient to merely smear the Chimment on the affected parts, but it must be rubbed in for some considerable time, two or three times a day, that it may be taken sate the system, whence it will remove any hidden some or wound as effectually as though it were palpable to the eye. Bread and water publices, after the rubbing is of the Chimment, will do great service. This is the only proper treatment for females in cases of cancer in the stomach, or for those who suffer from a general bearing down.

IMPRUDENCIES OF YOUTH ;-SORES AND ULCERS.

Blotches, as also awellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the violatment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and moving as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way these tokeplanets only dry up its one place to break out in notioner; whereas this Ontimest will remove the humour from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, aided by the use of the Pills, to insure a lasting cure.

DIPTHERIA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROATS, COUGHS AND COLDS.

Any of the above class of diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Olimment three times a day upon the skin covering the threat, offset and needs of the patient. The onyeant will soon penetrale the pores and give immediate relief. To allay the fever and present inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken hight and mornins. The Olimment will produce perspiration, which is so essential for removing fevers, sore throats, and those oppressions of the class which arise from Asthma, Brouchitis, and other causes.

BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES :-

Bad Legs. Corns. (Soft.) Rheimatlam, Bad Breasts, Caurers, Contracted and Soft Throats, Surious, Silf Joints. Sore Nipples, Bite of Mesqui Elephintiasis, Lees and Sand Fist-las, Cocoa-bay. Glaudular Swel. Tumours, Chilulains. Lumbago, Chapped Hands, Piles, Sold at the establishment of Parameters, Tumours, Tumours, Sold at the establishment of Parameters, Tumours, Tumours, Sold at the establishment of Parameters, Tumours, Tumours,

Sold at the establishment of Professon Hollowat. 224 Strand, (near Temple bar.) London; also by all respectable Draggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s, 1½d., 2s, 3d., 4s, 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.

* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

ESLEH, DENNYY & CO

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients in

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON, N E W S PORE

Snohomish City. SINCLAIR & CLEHRERIA

THE FROPRIETORS of this establishment respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish and the public generally that they have just received and will continue to receive fresh sup-

GENERAL MERCHANDISE. SUCH AS

DRY GOODS,

Coarse and Fine CLOPIING.

BOOTS AND SHOES

Groceries,

Provisions, Hardware. Outlery,

MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS

and almost every article of consumption NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.

In connection with their more Memra Sinclair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing schooner

"NOR.WESTER"

constantly plying between Snohomish Vinto ria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their own freight, and that of all who favor them with their patronage. This arrangement will enable them to sell their goods.

Cheaper for Cash than any house on Puget Sound.

CALL AND SEE. Spohomiah, Nov. 40, 1868.

he a coops NEW GOODS!!

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of I informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening

THE LABOLST STOCK OF COORS That has ever been brought to this Market.

Having had twelve years; experience in merchandis ing, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desired of the people in general. My stock committee in par-

English, French, and American Prints, French, all woel and English Merikos, Silk and wosted Poplins, Fancy and all-wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets,

Twilled, plain and Opera Fiannels, Brills, Sheetings, coarse and fine plain and cross - bar Mulls, Jackonetts, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawla.

Morning Caps.

Wool Scarfs and Hoods.

Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c.

Also, Fine and Heavy CLOTHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps,

Trunks and Valless, Feed-cutters,
Pearla and Boston Chipper Plows, Wheel-barrows, and a general assortment of HARDWARE, GROODRIES.

PROVISIONS.

And many other things too numerous to mention CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVEL

To TRADERS and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices. CASH, on delivery of Goods.

Produce will be taken in exchange for # mrket prices. In connection with the store I have a large Ware

bonse where I can store produce for those who may leafte it.
Seattle, Oct. 25th 1864. desire it.

LIVERY STABLE

Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECENTLY refitted this large and commodium stable, is now prepared to accommodate the citizens of Seattle and the public generally, with the best of SADDLE-HORSES.

BUGGIES,

TRAMS, &c., &c. HAY and OATS constantly on hand, for sule. Horses left at this stable will receive the best of

ttention.
All orders for harling promptly attended to.
All orders for harling promptly attended to.
Give him a all and get the world of your money.
L. V. WYLKOFF.
Seattle, July 30th; 1864. J. J. M'GILVRA,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW

SEATTLE, W. Y. Office, corner of Commercial and Mill

Medical Notices.

Under this heading all genuine, meritorious Medicines, and Medical Institutions, which are advertised in this paper, will be specially and appropriately noticed.

IN ANOTHER COLUMN will be found the adverthement of LE DOYEN'S Sarsaparilla. Yellow Dock and Iodine Alterative, for the depraved conditions of the blood. It claims to be a powerful lithontriptic as well, and if indeed it combines both properties for dis cases of the blood and correcting stony collections, it will be properly appreciated by our people after a sat-

Watt's Nervous Antidote, is the best sooth ing ayrup yet discovered, its effects upon a crying child are astonishing. Mothers need not be afraid to use it as it is a perfectly harmless preparation.

There is no doubt but that Watt's Nervous Antidote" has during the past three years cured more cases of Rheumatism than all the

Physicians in the country.

AN EXCELLENT INSTITUTION - We wish to call the especial attention of our readers to the materitisement of the ELECTROPATRIC INSTI-TUTE OF SAN FRANCISCO, to be found elsewher in our columns.

The mode of treatment at this Institute is different from that pursued at any other Medical Establish ment on the Pacific coast—NO POISONOUS DRUGS USED,

DR. J. H. JOBSELYN, the Resident Consulting Physician, has been connected with the Institute for five years and bears a very high, reputation as a Physician. His success in the treatment of DISEASES OF A PRIVATE NATURE has, during the past four years, driven nearly all the Quacks, who formerly bounded in Sau Francisco, to other localities.

Persons suffering from diseases, of whatever nature,

will do well to call upon Dr. Josselyn, at 645 Washagion, San Francisco, where he is always ready to give his advice GRATIS to those who may wish to consult him, either personally or by letter.

WATTS MERVOUS ANTIDOTE.

Irothes of the Press.

One of the greatest chemical discoveries of modern three is Watt's Nervous Antidote. This medicine is perfectly harmless in its effects, but at the same time acts so powerfully upon the nervous system that the worst cases of nerveus disorders are completely cared in a respective. Necada Transcript,

It is not like the thousand and one remedies It is not his the toolsand and one remedies obtained by the public that cure everything, but it is a specific remedy for all cases arising from nervous derangement. Its merits have been proved it numerous instances known to us, and many a bed-ridden invalid has been restored to health .- Police Gazette.

"This is one of the patent articles of the day which is easily seell worthy of the confidence of the public, and justly entitled to the popularity it enjoys.—S. F. Heraki.

It is the best thing we have yet found to produce a quiet and refreshing sleep. Nervous appropriate should try it by all means; it will burt no one, and is good for all.—American Eagle.

If the editors of the Eastern newspapers are to be believed, this is an extraordinary comcases of Rhomatism, Neuralgia, and all disrous system -Son Jose Patriot.

Watt's Nervous Antidote has the reputation of Seing one of the wonders of the age .- Paci-

It has been known to cure Rheumatism of long studing, even after the case had been given over as hopeless.—Oakland Nesse.

It is a great discovery as thousands that have been relieved by it can bear testimony.—Naps

It is a splendid preparation.—Amador Dis-It is unquestionably the greatest medical discovery of the age. Monterey Gazette.

Dr. Watt's Nergous Antidote cures more perverse diseases then all the physicians on the Paoific Coast.—Jacksonville (Oregon) Sentinel.

Emeryans.—This terrible and painful disease is very readily oured by the use of "Watt's Neivous Antidots," it affords immediate relief and ourse completely in a few weeks.—San Jose Patriot.

This remarkable medicine does not contain Ann remarkacie medicine does not contain aughting injurious to the system, being compend of vegetable substance entirely. It contains no mercury or opium, and yet its effects are like magic; under the influence of it, the patients acress (Second quiet and he falls asleep.—Solano Press.

Parsens who have suffered for years with physical debility are relieved at once by the use of this medicine, and in a short time are completely

pert to he ilth and rigor. - Quincy U The Antidote will gure rheumstism, peanral-

gia and in fact all diseases arising from derange mentof the nervous system.—Placereille Dem For the cure of all diseases having their

watt's Nervous Antidots will be found to be in infallible remedy. For sale by all Druggists.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Agents, Clay and ets, and for sale at retail by all Des no 42-m3 gists.

The California Fly Killing Liquid

Fly Paper kills its thousands.—The Liquid Ply Killer its same of thousands. This preparation for killing files gives the greatest satisfaction of anything every staced. It is now improved to the highest killing point. It is of such a nature, and so speedy in its effects, that the files will not spot the walts and windows which makes those of the other preparations so discotionable.

Grang & Brigham, Redington & Co., E. Hall & Co. C. Langiny & Co., & R. H. McDonald San Francisco Agents. Depot U. S. Brag Store, Cor. Pine an Enarracy St.

Adam's German Tente and Aromatic Bit se .- These bitters are highly refined, grateful to the taste, warming stimulating and invigorating to the the faste, warming stimulating and invigorating to the debilitated system. They are a thoroughly medicated compound, powerful and concentrated, and have been houself to their present state of efficiency by nearly twenty years experience and are beyond question, one of the hist measure for all diseases of the digestive argains, Where the system has been reduced by fewers, etc., they-will prove one of the most valuable amailtaries for a speedy and permanent restoration to houselfs and steemach. Price 50 ets. per Bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Grocors.

The Greatest Medical Discovery

OF THE AGE!

A CERTAIN & SPEEDY CURE

....FOR ALL....

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS!

THIS MEDICINE IS OF A PURELY VEGETABLE preparation and has never been known to fail in effecting a permanent cure in the

Ague, Anxiety, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, Convulsions, Cholic, Dysentery, Delirium Tremens, Men-

tal or Physical Debility, Dyspepsia, Fits, Gout, Headache, H ysterics, Heart Disease,

Palsy, Imbecility, Impotency, Suppressed Menses Neuralgia, Pleurisy, Restlessness,

St. Vita's Dance, Stricture, Tic Dolereux, and Whooping Cough, & c.

Columns of certificates of cures might be published afficient to satisfy the most skeptical, that this medicine is all that its discoverer claims for it.

ns with any of the above diseases, will do well to give it a trial before re-dosing themselves with mineral poisons; that, while they sometimes afford temporary relief, always leave behind them the seeds of some other disease, often times far worse than that which they are given to cure.

Watts Nervous Antidote

Is a perfectly harmless preparation, and can be given to an infant without fear of injury. In fact there are many persons who give it to crying babies as a soothing syrup, with miraculous effect. The Anti-dote is for sale at wholesale, by

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Corner of Front and Clay Streets, San Francisco, and at retail by all respectable Druggists.

HOWARD PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 587, SACRAMENTO ST., SAN FRANCISCO. Two doors above the What Cheer House, adjoining the Banking House of Donahoe, Kelly & Co.

Consultation, by letter or otherwise, FREE!

ESTABLISHED for the cure of dis-cases of a private nature, such as Gonorrbea, Syphilis, Spermatorhea, Mercurial Complaints, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Rheuma-tism, Fever and Ague, Skin diseases, Seminal Emmisions, and all diseases brought on by indulgence or by

THE HOWARD INSTITUTE is under the immediate charge of Dr. P. Howard, who has become justly celebrated, by his successful treatment of diseases of the above nature, WITHOUT THE USE OF MERCURY, IN ANY FORM!

In re-opening this old and popular Institute once nore to the people of the Pacific Coast, the Doctor is governed by a desire not only to afford an asylum to the afflicted, but to SUPPRESS QUACKERY, which has for late so holdly and impudently come before the pee

They claim to have certificates of remarkable cases or some before unheard-of distinction of foreign be stowing, of European education and European remedies, thus misleading the afflicted, who are not aware of the atter uselessness of foreign remedies and pracice, when applied to diseases in this variable climate.
Of such pretenders, the Doctor warns those seeking

ceive you, and ruln your health. To his old patrons and the public in general, the tor would say, they can rely upon his known skil and integrity, as heretofore, with every assurance of a speedy and permanent cure, in all possible cases.

medical seller, to beware; for they but seek to de-

The Doctor's charges are moderate, and suited to so means of the patient. The HOWARD INSTITUTE is located in the cester of the city, and is fitted up with every conveni-ence for the comfort of the afficied. The patient will here find everything to his wish, and can enter and leave the Institute without fear of observation.

Persons residing in the interior, who may prefer being curved as home, by sending a careful descrip-tion of their disease, togother with a statement of the length of time they bave been afflicted, can have their medicines carefully put up and sent to any part of the Pacific Coast, by Express or Mail, together with full and explicit directions so as to enable them to bring about a speedy and permanent cure, without entailing upon them the necessity of visiting this city.

All letters should be addressed to DR. P. HOWARD

HOWARD INSTITUTE.

No. 532, Commercial St. San Francisco, Cal. as The DOCTOR himself opens and answers all letters, and correspondents can rely upon the strictest secrecy. Consultation, by letter or otherwise,

To The Ladies:

When a female is in trouble, of whatever nature, or afflicted with a disease, such as Weakness of the Back and Limbe. Pairs Is the Head, Dinness of Sight, Loss of Mascular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Irritability, Nervousness, Urinary Difficulties, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, all diseases of the Womb, Hysteria, Sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go at once, or write to Ds. Howard, at his Medical Institute. Let no PALES DELICACY prevent you, but apply immediately, and save yourself from paintin sufferings and premature death.

The Doctor's office is so arranged that he can be

The Doctor's office is so arranged that he can be consider without fear of discovery.

DR. HOWARD'S FEMALE PILLS have-come to be universally acknowledged the only compound to be depended upon for the removal of all cases of Suppression, Irregularity, or Obstructions, of whatever nature, and of however long standing.—Ladies having reason to believe they are pregnant, should be careful to avoid using them, as they would surely cause a miscarriage. They will be forwarded to any part of the Pacific Coast, upon the receipt of \$5 per box.

All letters must be addressed to
DR. P. HOWARD,
HOWARD INSTITUTE, No. 537, Sacramento Street, San Francis

THE HOWE

SEWING MACHINES.

adapted for every variety of sewing in

FAMILIES OR MANUFACTORIES.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Original Inventor and Putantee. Established, 1845 - Improved by A. B. Howe, 1862

The Howe machine is well known, and its intrinsic worth creates a demand wherever it is introduced. Large numbers have been sold throughout the States of California, Oregon, Mexico and the Sandwich Islands, and we confidently assert that there is not a machine made that has given the universal satisfaction that this has.

tion that this has.

It is capable of performing the entire range of sewing, from the lightest to the heaviest fabric, in the most perfect manner; and if a person having one, becomes obliged to use it to gain a livelihood, it is in every way the best adapted to use on all kinds of sewing of any machine made, while many of the machines sold are found to be unfit for many kinds of work which one is called upon to perform who uses a machine to earn their living with.

Letter A .- With Fictures Complete. Price \$60 00 We recommend this Machine principally for Family Sewing, but it is extensively used by Shirt and Dress Makers, and for Tailoring. Shoe Binding or Gaiter-Fitting. Any garment can be made with this Ma-chine.

A Pearl-With Fictures Complete, -Price \$ 75. 00 This Machine is the same size as the A, but it is silver plated and elegantly ornamented in pearl. It silver piated, and elegatury ornamened in pear. As has a double top, with cover, locking securely, which is very desirable in families where there are children, or where the Machine is not used every day.

Letter B - With Fictures Complete - Price \$85.00 This Machine is principally used for the heavier grades of Tailoring and Boot and Shoe Work, or Carriage Trimming; Runs light and rapid and does fine work well. It has a much larger shuttle than the smaller Machines.

Cylindar-With Fictures Complete. Price \$ 140. Cylindar-With Facture Companies

This Machine is used exclusively on leather—for Boot and Shoe work of any grade, it has no superior. In appearance and durability the work is superior to that done by hand. It uses a smaller needle than can possibly be used in any other Machine.

DEMING & CO.

NO. 8 MONTGOMERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Great Medica Discovery LE DOYEN'S

SARSAPARILLA, YELLOW DOCK AND

Iodyne Alterative

Blood, Liver and Glands

FOR CURE OF

Scrofuous, Syphilitic, and Mercurial diseses Of sores, skin diseases and all other diseases which are caused by an impure state of the BLOOD.

WONDERFUL CURE OF SCROFULOUS WHITE SWELLING! A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have re-ulted from the use of this remedy. Le Doyen's Europarilla,

For Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It attendates the vital functions into vigorous action and thus overgomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that it will do for them all that medicine

Bad Legs, Old Sores and Ulcers. Cases of many years' standing that have pertinact-ously refused to yield to any other remedy or treat-ment, have invariably succumbed to a few doses of this powerful alterative.

Eruptions on the Skin, Arising from a bad state of the blood, or chronic diseases are eradicated and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this alternative. It surpasses in its power to dispel rashe and disfigurements of the face.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Agents,
Wholessie Druggists, Front st., San Francisco, Sold by all Druggists.

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE!

A Certificate of Cure that every one should Read!

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1, 1864.

Mesars. Crane & Brigham, Druggists, corner of Clay and Front streets: and Front streets:

GENTIEMEN: I notice an advertisement in the newspapers, that you are the Agent for Watt's Pervous Antidote, and being satisfied that there are many persons in this State suffering with Rheumatism. that would gladly avail themselves of any preparation that would pladly avail themselves of any preparation that would cure them. I thought it a duty I owed to suffering humanity, to make a statement of my case. Some eight years since, while working on a railroad I strained my back severely, in attempting to lift car wheel, being in a profuse perspiration at the time, and being compelled to go home without a coat, I took a severe could which eventually brought on the Rheumalism, and which kept me confined to the house took a severe coid which eventually brought on the Rhemmatism, and which kept me confined to the boars a large portion of the time for several years. I consulted most of the leading physicians in Sacramento, and in this city, visited the Warm Springs at Alameda, tried the various compounds that are advertised as cares for this terrible disease, but all to no purpose. My-complaint, instead of getting better, grew worse, my left leg became partially paralyzed, the pains in my back and chest became so intense, that I often wished my-self dead. I could not sleep more than two hours of a night, my appetite failed me, and I grew emaclated day after day, until finally, I made up my mind that my trusbles would soon be over. While hobbling down Clay street one day in 1862. I met a gentleman with whom I was formerly acquaint ed. He inquired the natures of my disease, and upon being informed, stated that he had some years before born similarly afflicted in Washington, and that he had cured himself by the use of Watt's Nervous Antidote. This was the first time that I had learned of the medicine, and I had determined to give it a trial. tidote. This was the first time that I had learned of the medicine, and I had determined to give it a trial. I procured a half dozen bottles, and before I had used two of them, I could skep all night, my appetite improved, and I felt considerable easier. Encouraged by the apparent improvement, I determined to person the tone of it, as I was "my only hope." I did so, and used it at intervals for two years. I found its effect slow, but sure, until now, I am entirely curdid so, and used it at intervals for two years. I found its effect slow, but sure, until now, I am entirely cured. I nave not had an attack of rheamatism for six months. My back is as strong and well as ever, my leg is as good as new, my appetite altogether too good for my pocket, and I am physically as strong as I was new years ago, and feel myself able to whip any man of my size and age in the city.

Hoping this plain statement of my sufferings and ultimate ours will fall under the eye of some one similarly afflicted that he may be benefitted by my experience. I am geutlemen, your most obedient.

Norz.—The gentleman who wrote the above cardoes not wish his name to appear in print, but it will be given to tho e who may wish to see him personally.

WATTS! NERVOITS ANTIDOTE

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE

s for sale at Wholesale by CRANF. & BRIGHAM, orner of Clay and Front streets, San Prancisco, and y respectable Druggists everywhere. 3m-no 42

Important Medical Notice.

THE ELECTROPATHIC

INSTITUTE.

645 Washington St., Below Kearuf St.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Established February 1860, by an Association

of Scientific Gentlemen, for the cure of

DISEASES

and for the suppression of

QUACKERY.

THE great object of the establishment of the Institute was to assume to the afflicted scientific and honorable treatment where they would be safe from the wiles of empiries, who not only rob them of their money, but fill them with poisonous minerals, thereby destroying what little of the constitution was left from

the ravages of disease. the ravages of disease.

The result thus far has generally exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders, so liberal has been the patronage of the public that the Resident and Consulting Physician

J. H. JOSSELYN M. D., has been able to reduce the price of cure very materially.

ally.

The Institute combines with its practice both the use of Venetable Medicines and the Electropathic Sys use of Vegetable Medicines and the Electropathic Sys-tem, that is, the use of Electricity and the celebrated Electro-Magnetic Bath.

The most powerful auxiliery in the removing of virus from the system yet discovered.

It is not necessary to enumerate the discases treated at the lastitute pail discases, no matter what may be their name, and nature, will be treated in the most scientific manner.

VENEREAL.

This terrible scourge can be entirely eradicated by the system practiced at the Institute in a much shorten the transfer of the system practiced at the Institute in a much shorten the system of the can would acrise any one who has ever been afflicted and who may have any fears that a cure was not affected, or that there is some of the virus still remaining, to call or write and consult him, and they can at once have their mind relieved and should there be any trouble a cure can be warranted:

TO FEMALES.

Females afflicted or is trouble will find at the Insti-tute one who can understand and sympathize with them in their afflictions, and one who will render them prompt assistance, no matter may be the trouble or disease, with the utmost dispatch and secreey. Irregularities attended to promptly and by the most approved methods.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.

That soul destroying disease can be cured in a very short time by the system practised at the Institute and a perfect cure warranted.

Medicines sent to all parts of the State. Oregon, Nevada Territory, and in fact everywhere within the range of Express facilities.

All letters answered promptly and with pleasure when directed to J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D.

when directed to J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D.
Resident Physician, Electropathic Institute, Washington street, San Prancisco.
Dr. Josselyn has no connection with any other establishment in California.
Remember the number 645 Washington st. No 34

IF YOU ARE SICK, READ THIS!

Modern Chemistry has given to the world many new and valuable compounds, and the Physician should have a proper knowledge of the chemistry of life, that he may with safety prescribe that which is best suited to meet the wants and supply the demands of animal economy, thereby arrest ing the disease and effecting a cure, much

and without injury to the constitution. DOCTOR A. BALL has accepted the proffered aid of science in isolating and concentrating active principles in rendering medicinal agents safe, prompt, efficient and pleasant; the old, usual, nauscating and bulky drugs he discards

DOCTOR BALL has been engaged in the general practice of medicine for forty years, and having had great success in the treatment of the following discases, has determined to advertise for the benefit of

suffering humanity. Syphilis and Gonorrhea-In all their complications and stages, DR. BALL has a new and val-nable remedy which will readily cure in one-fourth the usual time. Pottassium, Mercury and Balsams discarded.

BALL has a specific. Rheumatism-DR. BALL has a specific for this errible disease which will be a relief in a few hours

and a core in ten days. Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Poisions, Piles &c skillfully treated and permanently cured, in one-fourth the time usually required in such cases.

Lencorrhoen and the thousand and one diseases with which woman is often afficted, DR. BALL has successfully-treated, by disearding all the old unsetta-factory remedies, and substituting pleasant and efficient medicines which set like a charm. In a law Acut ines wi h act like a ch ent medicines which set like a charm. In a few days the check begins to bloom like the rose, and in two or three weeks, cheerfulness, activity and health are the inevitable results. DR. BALL has correspondents in London. Paris, and Boston, who supply him with all the new and valuable medicinal agents as soon as approved by the great Medical Light.

DR. BALL is not a Quack he is a regularly educated Physician, of forty years standing; and has a diploma, which he will be pleased to exhibit to those who may wish to examine it.

Persons living at a distance, by sending a description of their complaint, can have mediciaes put up it tion of their complaint, can have medicines put up i a package, and sent by mail or express, in such manner, as not only to insure safety, in transitu. by so that no one would suspect what are the contents.— References will be sent, by mail, to those who ma-wish to enquire as to the Dector's ability, before pla-ting themselves under his charge.

A. BALL, M. D., 328, Montgomery Street, [Between California and Pine Streets,]

ar Consultations, personal or by letter, PREE!

San Francisco, California

J. J. KNOWLTON H. W. CHENEY J. J. KNOWLTON & CO.,

ADVERTISING AGENTS, North East Corner of Montgomery and Cali-fornia Streets, over Pacific Bank, San Francis-

Agents for the SEATTLE WEEKLY GA-[no25

SEATTLE

DRUG STORE.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE of Post Sound is called to our EXTENSIVE STOCK S

DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES

Our relations with houses in California afford in facilities for buying unsurpassed by any house out aide of San Francisco. Our stock of

Patent Medicines.

Cannot be excelled in variety, and consists in part of AYERS', TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUTSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFETBERG'S and CRANE & BRIGHAM'S

Sarsaparillas

Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Verm fuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea. Brown's Bronchial Trochees, Soothing Syrup, Plea Powder, Mustang Linament, Hembold's Buchu, Paiss Killer, Osgood's Collagogue, Ayers' Ague Cure,

Clove Anodyne, Seidletz Powders. Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem & R Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hostetters, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,

Jayne's Ayers' Gractienberg, Brandredth's, Wright's Mott's, McLane's, Moffatts and Lee's

PILLS

Gracfenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Jung Bal sam, Holloway's Ointment and Pills. Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Bakers Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Off, Bachelders ado Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Bay:
Rum, Salt Petre, White and Brown Glue, Shellag
Be-swax, Honey, Burnett's Coccaine, Russin Salve

Green Mountain Olatment, Opedeldoc, Sniphur, Salts,

Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iedide Pottas ium, Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesis Pearl Barley, Arrowroot,

Concentrated Potash. ACIDS

Sulphurie Acid. Muriatic Acid. Nitrie Acetic Phosphoric " Citrio Tartario Acid.

Sago, Tapioca, Farina, Pearl Barley, Cooper's Isinglass,

A full assortment of cooing extracts.

Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet

Marjoram, &c. &c. Brown's Essence of Valerian, Wistar's Balana Wild

Cherry, Catarrh Snuff, Macaboy Snuff,

CAMPHENE, TURPENTINE AND ALCOHOL. By the gallon, can or case;

Genuine Downer's

COALOIL

Wholesale or Retails The above enumeration comprises but a small por o n of the goods now on hand and for sale at the

LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.

Our assortment of TOILET ARTICLES is unexcelled Comprising,
Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps,
Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs. Lubin Extracts.

Brown Winsor Scaps, Coal Oil Lamps, and Shades, Hanging and Stand Lamps, Hand Lamps, Side Lamps, with Reflectors, &c.

Our stock of CHEMICALS is most complete and re are prepared to filterders from Marchants of Phy-icians on the most liberal terms. KELLOGG & BRO.

DVCILLE HOLEP AND

RESTAURANT OLYMPIA, .W. T.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN AND POPULAR HOUSE having been TROROUGHLY REPOVACED and newly furnished, is now propared to enter tain guests in greater countert and in a more sprome modating manner than any other he The house will be conducted on the

RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE, Meals after 8 oclock, Extra.

An adjoining Cottage has been leased and reside where a large number can be accommodated with d clean beds and well-ventillated rooms ar Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the

REBECCA HOWARD. UNITED STATES MAIL YACHT

MARIA,

JOHN COSGROVE, COMMANDER, Runs regularly, once a week between, Post Made son, Whidby's Island and Utsalady, carrying Freigh and Passengers. Apply on board.

attitud seedence wit to als