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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Monday Morning, Feb. 28, 1848.

The Municipal Elections.

The *Bulletin* of Saturday dissents from proposition to commence forthwith the work of Municipal organization, but really, we think, without substantial reason. The first objection of our contemporary is, that we have still five weeks before us, and "that it would be a waste of time and energy to begin the contest now." But, however we may set down our good fortune to being the Whig party in such thorough trim, and so entirely prepared for a political struggle, as we are enabled to wait patiently till the very last moment, before commencing its organization. On the contrary, the Whigs usually require the stimulus of an active and early canvass to rouse them, and it is only when they are completely awakened to the importance of the contest, that their full party strength can be brought to bear at the polls. Moreover, four or five weeks is but scanty time for the work of nominations. There must be public meetings in each ward for the nomination of candidates for the Municipal Council, and the appointment of delegates who, in their turn, will have to select candidates for Recorders and for the Parish Courts. However soon the task be begun, we apprehend that it will hardly be finished before the middle or the end of March.

Another objection of the *Bulletin's*, is, that we have no ticket to vote every time we vote. This is an objection that the Whigs will not need to urge against us for Mayor, as Mr. Crossman was elected by the two consolidated and Democratic Boards. It may be true likewise, as the *Bulletin* asserts, that the nomination was made by a Whig caucus for Recorder of the Recorders and a Parish Council; and the Whigs would, if they have not already made their nominations, have the energy and zeal of their opponents to urge them to more than ordinary exertion, if they decree to escape defeat. But the objection of the *Bulletin* is, that the people are invited to record our Municipal affairs on questions which do not involve party issues to us, and we reply, that the "public" of New Orleans—the whole people of every shade of political opinion—are determined to make a party issue of it, and to give the ensuing election a political character. Every ward, municipality, and parish in the city is to be the scene of the strongest party appeals, and every possible incentive to party excitement. This does not seem to be a determination to bestow office on men of municipal affairs, irrespective of party—but, unless we evidence that the Locofoco party intend to nominate on party grounds, and make up the ticket in the same manner as we do, it is impossible