〔No. I-I-3〕

SCAP No. 800)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violations of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Tetsuji TACHI and Riichi YAMAMORI.

I. On special order given by Chief of Second Section, SIB, Secretary Yoshihiro NISHIMURA of Shin-etsu Branch Office initiated on August 1, 1950, an investigation to determine whether or not the subjects violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that they established SHIN SEIKATSU SHA (New life society) and published Shin Seikatsu (New Life), a periodical.

II. This inquiry revealed:

Tetsuji TATE and Riichi YAMAMORI were designated as persons falling under the Memorandum on October 16, 1947, and January 24, 1948, respectively.

The reason for their designations was that Tetsuji TATE had been Vice-Minister of Home Affairs, Director of GUNJIN ENGO KAI (Soldiers Relief Association) and Vicechmirman of DAI NIPPON KEIBO KYOKAI (Great Japan Protection and Defence Association) while Riichi YAMAMORI had been Branch Chief of TAISEI YOKUSAN KAI (the Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name:	Tetsuji TATE	Riichi YAMAMORI
Date of Birth :	August 18, 1889.	June 11, 1889.
Occupation:	Chairman of TOYAMAKEN ISOKU KAI (The Bereaved Families' Society in Toyama Prefecture); Director of Hokuriku Kenzai Kogyo K.K.(Hokuriku District Construction Building Materials Industrial Company Limited)	Farmer
Domicile:	826, Sanko, Shimo Village, Imizu County, Toyama Prefecture.	3170, Kotaka Kureha Village, Nebi County, Toyama Prefecture.
Address:	Ditto.	Ditto.

Activities:

a. Around the beginning of November 1949, these two purgees established SHIN SEIKATSU SHA (New Life Society) at 258, Sogawa, Toyama-City, of which the presidency TATE assumed and the office as standing advisor YAMAMORI took up.

Advocating improvement of life and realization of a new life, they published the first edition of Shin Seikatsu (new life), organ of the society, on December 10 that year and the second edition of it on March 1, that year to propagate the contents of the works of the society and distributed the copies of the editions to the members of the society.

In this way they occupied offices as executive members in a communication agency.

b. This is due to their having misbelieved that it was not a violation of the said Ordinance for them to publish pamphlets, which had no connection with politics, for the propaganda of their works.

c. SIB urged them to resign from the executive offices they hold in the Society or to suspend the publications of the above Shin Seiketsu, organ of the Society.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there were violations of Item 2 Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to the subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(No. 1-1-3)

(2SEC.No. 302)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Jin-ichi IIZUKA (飯塚仁一).

I. On an anonymous letter received on May 10, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Manager Katsuo OKA of Local Section of Fukushima Prefecture on July 16, 1950, and the result as in II has been obtained.

Subject is suspected of having participated in the town administration in connection with the recall question of the members of the Town Assembly.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 14, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of the Onahama Branch of the Ex-service Mens Association.

Name : Jin-ichi IIZUKA

Date of Birth : April 22, 1917.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 46, Sadanishi, Onahama Town, Iwaki County, Fukushima Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. Attending the Townspeople's Great Meeting held at Takagi Kan, Onahama Town, on September 23, 1949, subject made the following remark. "Muhei ONO and three other members of the Town Assembly

should be recalled as they did their dishonest act in connection with the exchange question of the school site and the levying of town resident tax."

b. Attending the Town Administration Announcement Meeting held under the auspices of the Town Assembly in the First Primary School, Onahama Town, on October 1, 1949, subject made the following remark.

"The town authorities should positively support the agricultural organizations without cooperating with the fishing organizations only. It will result in being the burden of the townspeople to make the purchase of the Town Office site without taking notice of the finance of the town."

c. Subject was present at the meeting of the report for the accomplishment of the recall of the foregoing ONO and three other members of the Town Assembly held in the foregoing Takagi Kan under the auspices of Kakushin Minshu Domei (Reform Democratic Alliance) on October 24, 1949, and criticized the town administration saying : "ONO and three other Town Assembly members did their dishonest act in connection with the purchase question of town office building and the levying of town resident tax."

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 Para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general.

—— Refer the case to the Chief Public Procurator of the Fukushima District Procurators' Office.

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 303)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kiyotaro SATO. (佐藤喜代太郎)

I. According to the recognition Fumio TAZAWA, SHUJI (Secretary), District Section, Iwate Prefectural Office, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by above mentioned secretary on May 26, 1950 and got the following result of II.

Kiyotaro SATO is acting a political movement on the construction problem of the Ota Village Junior High School.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 14, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the TAISEI-YOKUSAN-KAI OTA-MURA-SHIBU (The Imperial Rule Assistance Association Ota Village Branch.)

Name : Kiyotaro SATO

Date of Birth : November 20, 1883

Occupation : Farmer

Domicile : 352, Aza-Suginome, 30-jiwari, Ota Village, Hienuki County, Iwate Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. When the construction problem of the junior high school-house arised at Ota Village in around January, 1948, the Village authorities for their own part decided to appropriate the

amount sold of village forest to the expenditure of the school-house construction. Whereas, attending to the villagers' mass meeting held at the Village Primary School sponsored by the Village authorities on February 6 of that year, subject delivered there a speech of which purport is as follows,

" "To appropriate the amount sold of village forest which is the basic property of the Village to the building expenditure of the junior high school-house should be given up. And if it becomes to be built at a new site, it will be uneconomical because the night-duty room and others must be built also anew. Therefore we had better build it close to the present primary school-house."

b. When subject was requested by Tsunetaro HIDA, head of the NIHON SEMBAI-KOSHA OHA-SHUTCHOSHO (Japan Monopoly Corporation Ohama Detached Office), to distribute the election posters of candidate Shosaku SUGIYAMA who stood at the election of members of House of Councillors early in May, 1950 and the pamphlets titled as "Concerning the private management of tobacco." on the purpose to let him win the election, he acknowledged it.
At around that time,

1. He plastered one of the posters on the structure possesed by Ichijiro AMNE in front of the Village Office.

2. Giving a poster to tobacconists Kiyomatsu SAWADA, Shimogawahara and Tozo FUJITA, Sakasugi of the village respectively, he requested them the hanging the poster at the shop-front.

Thus subject took part in the political movement.

c. On May 31 of that year, visiting the Prefectural Election Administration Committee Executive Office Hienuki District Detached Office in the Iwate Prefecture Hienuki Regional Office, subject, saying to clerk Shichizaemon IZUMIZAWA as follows, went in and out of the Election Administration Committee Office and touched to the political movement.

"Although I do not know who will be sent to the polling-place of Ota Village at the time of the election of members of the House of Councillors, we will be much troubled if a man who, having no knowledge of election business, only holds his head too high. I wish that such a man who is able at least to lead those concerned with the election will be sent."

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article V of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

15 Para. 1

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

0 —— Prosecute by the chief public procurator of the Morioka Local Procuration Office.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 294)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August 3 , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : General Report of Investigation Conducted by Second Section, SIB from July 16 to July 31, 1950.

31 JUL

I.

a. Suspicion as to Shinji OKADA's having Escaped from Designation as a Person to Be Purged.

According to recognition by Secretary Shimpei TAKATSUMA of Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having escaped from being designated as a person falling under the Memorandum, in spite of his

(2SEC.No. 274)

(M.III-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicious violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Yakazu MIZOKUCHI. (溝口 宇)

I. On contribution received from Seiichi KONO, Bogakoji, Oita City, on June 6, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he participated in all the sphere of business of the Oita Branch Office, JIJI TSUSHIN SHA (Jiji Press), as an adviser of the office, since January 1950.

Secretary Tadashi YAMAMOTO, Kyushu Branch Office, SIB launched his investigation on this case, detected the following fact.

formerly occupying the positions of civilian administrator-general attached to the headquarters of the South Area Army and that attached to the headquarters of the Philippine Area Army.

b. Suspected Case of Continuing Influence by Yakazu MIZOGUCHI.

According to a suggestive letter sent by Seiichi KAWANO of Oita City to S I B, the subject person has been attending the Oita branch of the Jiji Tsushin Sha (The Jiji Press) as its counsellor since January this year, concerning himself with the business of the branch office gnerally.

c. Suspected Case of Morio WAKASUGI's Taking a Post in an Organization for Offering Information.

According to recognition by Secretary Shozo TAKAHASHI of the Hokkaido Branch of SIB, the subject person is suspected of

taking a post in the Hokkaido Shinkosha, an organization engaged in the work of publishing books for advertisement and propaganda, as chief of its propaganda section.

d. Suspected Case of Masami SHIGEMOTO's and Tsuneki MURATA's Taking-Posts in an Organization for Offering Information.

According to recognition by Local Secretary Yorio SERA of the Local Affairs Section, Hiroshima Prefectural Office, the subject persons are suspected of taking posts in the Hiroshima Bunkasha, a corporate juridical person engaging in works of news supplying and publishing books.

e. Suspected Case of Toshio NISHIO's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Secretaries Takeo EGAMI and Hideo KIKUCHI belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made a political activity

by delivering his opinion with the view of making Kenzo HORIKI, chief director of the Tetsudo Kosaikai (Mutual Help Society of the National Railway), successfully elected in the election of House of Councillors' membeers.

f. Suspected Case of Eifu MORIYA's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Secretary Hideo NAKANO belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject perosn is suspected of having made a political activity by delivering his opinion recommending secretary-general MATSUMURA of the ZENKOKU RYOJUTSU KYODO KUMIAI (National Cooperative Society of Curing Technics Practitioners) as candidate in the election of House of Councillors' members when he presented himself, as chief director of the same society, at its directors' meeting held at the Daiichi Giin Kaikan of the House of Representatives.

g. Suspected Case of Yasuji WATANABE's Assumption of a Public Office.

According to recognition by Secretary Koshiro TERAI belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having taken a public post as chief of the vessel-engineering division of the Maritime Safety Agency.

h. Suspected Case of Shuichi MITANI's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Local Secretary Yorio SERA of the Local Affairs Section, Hiroshima Prefectural Office, the subject person became a member of the Japan Communist Party and acted as a scrutineer in the opening of the ballot-box at Seto Village of Hiroshima Prefecture in connection with the election of House of Councillors' members.

i. Suspected Case of Fumito UOTA's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Local Secretary Yorio SERA of the Local Affairs Section, Hiroshima Prefectural Office, the subject person became a member of the Japan Communist Party and acted politically by concerning himself with the administrative affairs of his town connected with the inhabitant tax, etc.

j. Suspected Case of Jinichi IIZAKA's Political Activity.

According to recognition by an official of the Local Affairs Section, Fukushima Prefectural Office, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by concerning himself with administrative affairs of his town connected with a recall problem relating to members of the town council and other matters.

k. Suspected Case of Sozo ONO's Political Activity.

According to a suggestive letter sent by a person named Gonpachi OKAMOTO, the subject person is suspected of having made political activity by concerning himself with a movement opposing to an electrification program.

l. Suspected Case of Continuing Influence by Hisao KAWATE.

According to a suggestive letter sent by a person named Seikichi ITO, the subject

person is suspected of having continued his controlling influence on the Hitachi Seiki K,K, (Hitachi Precise Instruments Manufacturing Co., Ltd.).

m. Suspected Case of Mitsuru NAMBA's Political Activity.

According to a suggestive letter sent by a person named Ringi KAMIICHI, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by concerning himself with administrative affairs of his town connected with aid given to the work of constructing roads and other matters.

n. Suspected Case of Tatsuo MITARAI's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Secretary Shimpei TAKATSUMA belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having joined a meeting which he held by inviting several members of the House of

Representatives with a view to causing reconciliation among House members from Oita Prefecture in connection with the candidacy of Masaji ICHIMATSU and Haruzo MURAKAMI in the election of House of Councillors' Members.

o. Suspected Case of Giichi MIURA's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Secretary Shimpei TAKATSUMA belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having contributed to the election campaign of Setsu NAGATA by delivering to the latter , through Tokusuke YAMANAKA, a sum of ¥ 3,800,000 which was part of the money accomodated to him by Mikitake ISHIKAWA, director of the Teikoku Bank, and by other quarters, being requested by Tatsuo MITARAI, Tokusuke YAMANAKA and Setsu NAGATA to offer funds for election campaign for NAGATA who was going to stand as candidate in the election of House of

Councillors' members.

p. Suspected Case of Kunitoshi TSUKUMO's Political Activity.

According to recognition by Secretary Takeo EGAMI belonging to Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made a political activity by advising Misao OKI to abandon his candidacy in the election of House of Councillors' members.

II.

a. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Isamu INAGAKI.

The case was transferred to chief prosecutor of the Nagoya District Prosecutor's Office.

b. Connection between Reikichi KITA and the February 26 Incident.

Investigation discontinued.

c. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Daikichi IWAYA.

Investigation discontinued.

d. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Minoru MORIKAWA.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

e. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shinzo TAKANASHI.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

f. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Hiroyasu MATSUO.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

g. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yoshihisa WAKABAYASHI.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

h. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Gisuke ABIRU.

Investigation discontinued.

i. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tadashi ITAGAKI.

The case was transferred to chief prosecutor of the Tokyo District Prosecutor 's Office.

j. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tomoharu NISHIMURA.

Investigation discontinued.

k. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Koji NISHIMURA .

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

l. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yoichiro ARAKI.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

m. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shigeto MOROZUMI.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

n. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shinji OKADA.

Investigation discontinued.

o. Movements of Mitsuji ITO.

Investigation discontinued.

p. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tsuneichi MURAKAMI.

The case was transferred to chief prosecutor of the Matsuyama District Prosecutor's Office.

q. Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Takeo SATO.

The offender was subjected to a strict warning.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

(2SEC.No.254)

(No. I-I-3)

a

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July 14, 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Isamu INAGAKI (稲垣勇).

I. On recognition of Secretary Ikki NAKANE of the Tokai Branch Office of SIB on June 7, 1950, and investigation was initiated by the said Secretary on July 1, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result of II has been obtained.

Subject made the election campaign by speaking in support of the candidate and requesting the voting on behalf of him when the election for the members of the House of Councillors held on June 4.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a Gendarme.

Name : Isamu INAGAKI.

Date of Birth : January 5, 1939.

Occupation : Station Official of the Nagoya Railway Company, Ltd.

Domicile : 366, Arine Ninowari, Tsushima City, Aichi Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. In April, 1948, subject became Clerk of the Suga Branch of the Workers Union of

the Nagoya Railway Company, Ltd., and in September the same year was elected to the post of Executive Committee member of the Headquarters of the said union, and he is still in that office at present.

b. At the time of the election for the members of the House of Councillors held on June 4, 1950, Yoshio KOSAKAI, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Union, offered himself as a candidate for the national constituency (an official candidate of the Social Democratic Party), and subject attended the recommendation speech meetings held at the Imaji Middle School, Nagoya City, on May 20, and at the Kaiso-in Buddhist Temple Komaki Town, Higashi Kasugai County, Aichi Prefecture, on May 20, and made a speech on each occasion in order to see him elected, the purport of which is as follow:

"From the viewpoint of the personality

and discernment, the candidate KOSAKAI is best suited for the member of the House of Councillors." Besides, joining the megaphone propaganda corps, he called to the passers-by in the streets of Nagoya City, and requested them to vote for him.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was a violation of Article 1-2 of the Welfare, Transportation and Home Ministries Ordinance No. 1, 1946.

IV. SIB proposes to Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procuration.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 260)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Connection between Reikichi KITA (北 岭吉) and February 26, Incident.

I. By the special order issued from G.S. G.H.Q. on July 7, 1950, Secretary Kuramochi of Second Section, S.I.B., initiated an investigation into the past movements of Reikichi KITA, specially his connection with the "Memorandum in Prison" written by Asaichi ISOBE, a person concerned in the February 26 Incident, on July 8, 1950, and has attained the following result.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jun. 26, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been an editor of the SOKOKU (Fatherland), a journal.

Name : Reikichi KITA.

Date of Birth : July 21, 1885.

Occupation : Writer.

Domicile : 61, Aza-minato, Ryotsu-machi, Sado County, Niigata Prefecture.

Addres : 3-1, Iogi, Suginami Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. The aforesaid memorandum was written two times. The first one was addressed to the writer's wife, to which he added a request to make its copies and to give them to Reikichi KITA, Fumio IWATA and a

few others. Its contents were his will, at the same time, a request of starting a movement for asking for Ikki KITA and Zei NISHIDA's life. He stated in its whole text, that the trial was unjust. The kita and Iwata, had its copy of photogravure respectively. The KEMPEI-TAI (Military Police) detecting that fact, attached great importance to it and began to exert pressure upon Iwata.

The then commander of the Shibuya Military Police Squad, however, made compromise with Iwata to bring the case to a close, the latter committing himself to keep the memorandum in strict secrecy.

The second "Memorandum in Prison" was sent to Mrs. Isobe again, which was mimeographed and secretly distributed among comrades.

In consequence, Reikichi KITA and so on were arrested by the Kempei-tai on a charge of violation of the Seditions Circulars Temporary Control Law on July 21, 1937.

The distribution of the copies, however, had not been done by him, but by Tomio IWATA's closest intimates. So, he was released after two day's detention.

b. As Kita was a member of Parliament, he collected and kept the said memorandum and other secret materials in order to disclose the secret trial of the military authorities at the Diet session.

All of such data, however, were confiscated on the occasion of his arrest, and he became unable to realize the intended disclosure of the said unjustness.

c. As the Kita family had made it the family constitution that its relatives should not ride in a ship, and as Reikichi KITA had been abiding by his father's lesson, he associated with his brother, Ikki KITA, not more closely than as mere brothers, and he was proved not to have had any special connection with the February 26 Incident by the articles in the journal, Sokoku, and so on.

Especially, as he stood for the First District of Niigata Prefecture in the Lower House Election in January, 1936, he went to the district for the election campaign, and returned to Tokyo on February 24, the same year. Therefore he was gessed not to have directly participated in the case from the fact of his not being in Tokyo till just before the incident.

d. Reikichi KITA was different from his brother, Ikki, and he is a moderate rightest thinker. It was popular as an episode concerning the Incident then that he was rejected by his brother, Ikki, to see him just before his execution. That fact proves that he did not participate in the case.

e. The names of officers of the organizations which had connection with Reikichi KITA.

(1) TAISHI DOSHI-KAI (Chinese Affairs Comrade Society)

Representative : Yoshihisa KUZUU (Purgee)

Chief Director : Iwakusu IDA (Purgee)

Standing Director : Ainosuke IWATA (Dead)

Hiroshi IKEDA

Tanenori IRIE (Purgee)

Shin-ichiro KAWAHARA

Inejiro TERADA (Purgee)

Yoshikazu MATSUKI (Purgee)

Takesaburo OSAWA (Purgee)

Hideo SHIMOSAWA (Purgee)

Sanriku MINAKAWA
(Purgee)

Kazushiro KOZAKI

(2) TEIDAI SHUKUSEI KISEI DOMEI

(Alliance for Imperial University Cleaning-up)

Representative : Iwakusu IDA
(Purgee)

Officer : Kiyozumi INOUE (Purgee)
Keiko MIMURO "
Muneki MINOTA "
Yoshitsugu TATEKAWA "
Takeo KIKUCHI "
Jun-ichiro KOBAYASHI "
Ainosuke IWATA "

(3) KYOKASHO CHOSA IINKAI

(Text Books Investigation Committee)

Chairman : Hidejiro NAGATA

Vice-Chairman : Masusaburo NOMURA
Hitoshi IMAMURA (Purgee)
Koichi MATSUMURA
Hisanojo KAMINUMA (Purgee)
Magoichiro WATANABE
Takematsu OKADA
Toshio SHIMADA (Purgee)

Jin-ichi KUSAKA (Purgee)

Yosaburo MIYAUCHI

Yoshitsugu YOSHIDA

Yasu TOGO

Hideichi SASAKI

Haruo HAYASHI

Tadasu JIMBO

Sen-ichi HISAMATSU

Shigeto HOZUMI

Reikichi KITA (Purgee)

Zennosuke TSUJI

Shichizo HORI

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 26/)

(No. I-I-3)

C

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Daikichi IWAYA (岩谷弟吉) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon a contribution of Misao UCHIYAMA arrived on April 13, 1950, Secretary Shozo TAKAHASHI of Hokkaido Branch Office, SIB, initiated on May 10, this year, an investigation to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 and of the Prime Minister's Office and the Agriculture and Forestry Ministry Order No. 2 of 1949 in that he was suspicious of doing political activity in holding an important

office at the Fishery Cooperative Association at Esashi Town and in making petition to the authorities concerned with regard to the question of adjusting the "hand-holding-net-fishery".

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of the YOKUSAN SONEN-DAN (Imperial Rule Assistance Adult Group) at Esashi Town, and of the Esahi Town Chapter, ZAIGO GUNJIN-KAI (Imperial Reservists Association).

Name : Daikichi IWAYA.

Date of Birth : December 7, 1908.

Occupation : Fishery

Domicile : Bangaichi, Aza-esashi Oaza-esashi-mura, Esashi Town, Esashi County, Hokkaido.

Addres : Ditto

Activities :

a. The subject has been holding offices as auditor at the ESASHI GYOGYOH K. K. (Esashi Fishery Co. Ltd.) since April 8, 1948, as representative member at the GOMEI KAISHA ESASHI SUISAN

SHOKAI (Esashi Marine Products Co. Unlimited) since September 13, 1949, besides as representative at the Fishery Cooperative Association at Esashi Town since April 1, 1949, and as chairman at the ESASHI HATSUDOKI BUKAI (Esashi Motor Society) which is an organ of hand-holding-net-fishermen who have motor boats, since January 29, 1950, but those offices do not belong to the public office nor to the pohibited office.

b. September 27, 1949, he attended the First Extraordinary Representatives Meeting of the Esashi Fishery Cooperative Association held at the Pulbic Hall of Esashi Town, and was elected its chairman to participate in deciding upon the bill. The bill, however, was about matters within the Association, and so, his deed is not deemed as political activity.

c. February 6, thereabouts, 1950, Director Yashiichi SHIBANO of the foregoing Association and one other went up to Tokyo in order to made petition to the Fisheries Agency for the continuance of the aforesaid fishery in regard to the question of adjusting the fishery. On that occasion, he accompanied them, but he did so on business concerning

the said Fishery Company, and really did not participate in the adjusting question.

In these, circumstances, we have found no fact of his having made supplication or request to the office concerned in regard to the foregoing question.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No.262)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION
ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Minoru MORIKAWA (森川 稔) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On his own recognition, Secretary TAKAHASHI of Hokkaido Branch, SIB has initiated an investigation since July 3, 1950 to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947, in that Minoru MORIKAWA is working in KITA NIHON EIGA KABUSHIKI-KAISHA (North-Japan Motion Picture Co., Ltd.) and the result of No. II has been attained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Feb. 22, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular naval officer (A second lieutenant)

Name : Minoru MORIKAWA

Date of Birth : June 11, 1926.

Occupation : KITA NIHON EIGA KABUSHIKI KAISHA JUN SHAIN (A quasi-staff of North-Japan Motion Picture Co., Ltd.)

Domicile : No. 1, Nishi 14-chome, Minami 1-jo, Sappro City.

Addres : Same as above.

Activities :

a. The subject was employed on September 14 1949 in North-Japan Motion Picture Co. (located at Nishi 4-chome, Minami 1-jo, Sapporo City) conducting business of film production, distribution and

sale as a pupil Assistant-Cameraman. He was promoted on December 1 to the rank of quasi-staff and has engaged in business as a Assistant-Cameraman in the Company's studio.

b. As the subject was quite unfamiliar to the fact that the purgee's being employed in the cinema production company is a law violation, no further step but a strict warning will be given to him in addition to ordering him to leave the company immediately.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article No. 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No.263)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shinzo TAKANASHI. (高梨信蔵)

I. According to the contribution of an unknown person, Secretary OTA, Second Section, SIB initiated an investigation whether or not Shinzo TAKANASHI violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, on July 5, 1950, and got the result of II.

Shinzo TAKANASHI is in the survice of the International Economy Reserch Institute which is engaging in the publication of newspapers, magazines and pamphlets etc.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on May 22, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been the responsible person of the National Economy Research Institute.

Name : Shinzo TAKANASHI

Date of Birth : February 18, 1906.

Occupation : A staff of the World Information Service Co. Ltd.

Domicile : 64, Hasunuma-cho, Ota Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. Joining the World Information Service Co. Ltd., (Third floor of the Tokyo Manufactory Building, 5, Maki-cho, Chuo-ward, Tokyo Metropolis) which is engaging in holding lecture meetings, publication of

books and magazines and importation of foreign newspapers and magazines on October 15, 1948, subject, engaging in the raise of the subscriber of the WIS economic correspondence under the name of an adviser, was helping the proof-reading of the publications of the company.

b/ Misunderstanding that the raise of the subscriber, the canvassing business and the help of the proof-reading are not concerned with the news activity, subject joined the company. He, receiving the notice of the official in charge, resigned the company on July 8, 1950 and is behaving himself better at present. Therefore it is desirable only to warn him strictly.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 14 Para. 2 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3] (2SEC.No.264)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Hiroyasu MATSUO (松尾弘泰).

I. On information received from Masahiro ASAKURA, Shuji (secretary) of Nagasaki Prefecture on June 20, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he, being detected by the secretary on July 5, 1950, made representation movements to embassies of the allied powers concerning the expeditement of repatriation.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular army officer (a sublieutenant).

Name : Hiroyasu MATSUO.

Date of Birth : January 22, 1923.

Occupation : Somu (secretary general) of the Isahaya Seinen Domei (Isahaya Youth Alliance).

Domicile : 1838, Honjo, Orio-cho, Yawata City, Fukuoka Prefecture.

Addres : 466, Izumi-cho, Isahaya City, Nagasaki Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Subject got a position of the secretary general of the Isahaya Youth Alliance, in front of the Isahaya

Station, Isahaya City, Nagasaki Prefecture, which aims at the sympathy and the relief with the wounded and invalids and repatriates, the expeditement of repatriation and the solution of vagabond problem on June 30, 1946.
In June, 1947, making the representation for expeditement of repatriation, carrying the signature collection book with him at the Bankoku Kirisuto-kyo Seinenkai (International Y.M.C.A.), Tokyo Metropolis, and around in May, 1950, requiring the immediate sending back of the repatriates in U.S.S.R. district visiting the embassy of U.S.S.R., Tokyo Metropolis, thus he as a representative of the above mentioned organization conducted an expediting movement of repatriation.

b. Being unable to bear seeing the miserable status of the repatriates, the bereaved family members and the juvenile

vagrants, he, from his chivalrous spirit, conducted the above mentioned activities. Receiving the notice of the officials in charge, he immediately resigned the post of the above mentioned alliance and pledged himself not to have any relation with all the political activities hereafter. Therefore it is desirable to stop at giving a warning only.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15 para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(SEC.No.-265-)

[No. I-I-3]

g

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yoshihisa WAKABAYASHI.(若林嘉久)

I. On information received from the Toyama City Democratization Alliance on May 9, 1950, by Secretary Rikiji KOSHII of the Shinetsu Branch, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947 in that he got the result of II on July 3, 1950.

Yoshihisa WAKABAYASHI is serving as a non-regular member of the staff of the Toyamashi Kokumin Kenkohoken Kumiai (Toyama City National

Health Insurance Association) which belongs to the supervision of the Toyama City Office and from which he resigned as a person corresponds to the Memorandum.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 24, '48.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the head official of the Taiseiyokusankai Toyama-shibu (Imperial Rule Assistance Association Toyama Branch).

Name : Yoshihisa WAKABAYASHI

Date of Birth : February 4, 1892.

Occupation : Non-commissioned staff of the Toyama City National Health Insurance Association.

Domicile : 77, Momoi-cho, Toyama City, Toyama Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. Although subject resigned the chief of the Shinkoka (Advancement Section) of the Toyama City Office on March 6, 1948, he got a position

as a non-commissioned staff of the Toyama City Health Insurance Association in August of the year, and went in and out to serve at the office of the association located in an annex (2, Shin-sogowa, Toyama City) of the city office which was his last place of employment.

b. Subject was misunderstanding that to serve at the above mentioned office may be permitted for the reasons as follows:

1. As being a non-commissioned staff.
2. The working place is different from that he lastly resigned.

Therefore it is desirable only to warn him strictly.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was/not~~) a violation of Article 13 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

O —— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 266)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Gisuke ABIRU (胆森義竜) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On information received from Masatsugu KOBAYASHI, Secretary Rinzo NAKAMURA of Kanto Branch, S.I.B. initiated on July 2, 1950, an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947 in that he made a false declaration in the questionnaire, and the result of No. II has been attained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was not designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on ~~The reason for his designation was that he had been~~

Name : Gisuke ABIRU

Date of Birth : May 30, 1889,

Occupation : Farmer,

Domicile : 509, Okura, Okura Village, Katori County, Chiba Prefecture.

Addres : Same as above.

Activities :

a. He did not report the fact that he had been in the post of an acting-chief of Okura Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association from March to May 16 in 1941, in the questionnaire, submitted on March 31, 1947, by him to the Chiba Prefecture Screening Commission.

The questionnaire was necessary to his successive staying on the offices of the Okura Village Farmland Committee, the Okura Village Council and the directorship of the Okura Village Agricultural Association which he was holding at that time.

b. He was acting during the above-said periods for the Village headman as a JOYAKU or an Assistant-Head of Village due to the vacancy of the headman's post. Consequently, he dealt with the affairs of the Branch-chief of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association in behalf of the village headman, not being appointed the Branch-chief formally. That was the reason why he did not full it in the queationnaire.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

O —— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No.267)

(No. I-I-3)

i

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tadashi ITAGAKI (板垣 正).

I. On recognition of Keizo MIYAKOSHI and Shuji TAMAI, Constables of the Totsuka Police Station, on May 12, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Secretary KOZUMA of Second Section, SIB, on May 16, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result of II

has been obtained. Subject is making the election campaign as a constituent member of the Ochiai cell of the Japan Communist Party.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on May 25, '50.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a Commissioned Officer of the Regular Army (Sub-Lieutenant).

Name : Tadashi ITAGAKI.

Date of Birth : July 1, 1938.

Occupation : None.

Domicile : 864, Kashiwagi 4-chome, Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Addres : 843, Shimocchiai 2-chome, Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. When the election for the members of the House of Councillors was held on June 4, 1950, subject desired to see Kaoku

HOSOKAWA who stood as an official candidate of the Japan Communist Party (national constituency), and Makoto HORI who stood as an official candidate of the Laborers and Farmers Party (Tokyo Metropolis) to be elected. For that purpose, he made his appearance as a speaker at the election Oratorical meeting for the foregoing two candidates, HOSOKAWA and HORI, held at the Higashi Toyama Primary School located in Toyama-cho, Tokyo Metropolis on May 30 the same year. In the course of the following purport of the speech he made for about half an hour from 9 p.m. to the hearers, he laid stress upon his own experience, "The detained lives in the Soviet Union was not so miserable as said in Japan, but it was rather pleasant lives" and at the same time he stated, "The present policy of anti-soviet and anti-communism of the Japanese Government will lead Japan to the

war by suppressing the Japan Communist Party again. In the present day of Asia, the racial unification front is growing larger and stronger day by day, and we Japanese too must support the two "sensei" (masters), HOSOKAWA and HORI, who have offered themselves as the candidates aiming at the foregoing unification front so as to sent them to the National Diet."

b. On June 2 the same year he made a speech of the same purport as stated above for about, forty minutes from 9 p.m. to some sixty hearers at the election oratorical meeting for those two candidates held at the Fourth Ochisi Primary School.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15, paragraph 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

0 —— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator-general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No.268)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July - , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Tomoharu NISHIMURA. (西村友晴).

I. On Special order received from G.S. on June 18, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by secretary KIYOSUKE, Kyushu Branch on July 8, 1950, and got the result of II. Tomoharu NISHIMURA's movements at the Sasebo Fukuin Zanmushoribu (Sasebo Demobilization Remaining Business Liquidation Division) which is the place he is in service.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on December 28, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular navy officer (a Commander).

Name : Tomoharu NISHIMURA,

Date of Birth : July 25, 1908.

Occupation : Secretary of the Ministry of Welfare.

Domicile : 1,656, Oaza-shiida, Shiida-Town, Chikujo County, Fukuoka Prefecture.

Addres : Nishi-13, Shiroyama, Kawatana Town, Higashisonaki County, Nagasaki Prefecture.

Activities :

The Saseho Fukuin Zanmushoribu (Saseho Demobilization) Remaining Business Liquidation Division) under the head of the Division is Divided to three sections General Affairs Section, Demobilization Business

Section and Finance Section and has in tolal one hundred and thirty six staffs of eighteen ex-officers (nine commissioned officers and nine non-commissioned officers)or men and the important positions like, the head and the chiefs of the sections and the chiefs of the subsections are all occupied by the ex-commissioned officers. This status naturally results from the characterstic of the business of the government in charge of demobilization because the business largely relies upon the former leaders who were in charge of the military operations, the station and movements of troops and men at that time and does not worth to be suspected.

b. Investigating actually the personnel administration like promotion, appointment, dismissal and officialtrip and management of the business, there could not have been recognized the fact of one-sided treatment towards ex-army officials Originally this division is destined sooner or later to be abolished like other government offices in charge of demobilization. Of course there is no net appointment. The fact that the officials are changing their occupation through a connection is the real state of affairs. The personnel retrenchment also is now

covered with these voluntary resignation and so one-sided treatment is out of question.

Although the periodical and special official trips are undertaken mainly by the ex-commissioned officers, it is also inevitable as the responsible persons of respective business are occupied with them. And this tendency also does not worth to be suspected.

c. Tomoharu NISHIMURA in question is at the position of the chief of the Demobilization Business Section of the Division. Investigating the reputation concerning him in the Division, we cannot find any facts that he treat differently his subordinates according to their former occupations. Although he being reticent, scrupulous and somewhat nervous, there cannot be found in him the disposition which is to be taken as a defect by the Division members.

d. According to the dissolution of the Navy Department and the naval stations, the Division has a special history of its start placing the nucleus on the staffs of the Sasebo Naval Personnel Division, the Naval Station and the Naval Paymasters' Division. Therefore, it is perceptible that a little bit of smell of the Navy still at present remains there in the Division and we can

think that this atmosphere would brew out the opposing feelings between the non-ex-officers or non-ex-civilians in the service and those in some degree. At present it seems, however, that the confrontation is not appeared above the surface.

e. Therefore, any one-sided treatment towards ex-commissioned officers which is to be taken up as a problem is not recognized and also, concering Tomoharu NISHIMURA, such tendecy is not to be perceived. Moreover the contributor Hajime UMINO, 171, Mine Osaka-machi, Saseho City is obscure in its true character. It seems that he used a false name.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

0 —— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No.270)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 1947, by Koji NISHIMURA. (西村 洪治)

I. On recognition by Seishiro HAYASHI, Shuji (Secretary) of the Investigation Section of Osaka Prefectural Office, SIB initiated an investigation on July 4, 1950 to determine whether on not the su subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he, as detected by the Secretary, engaged in election campaign for Moric TANAKA who stood as candidate for the House of Councillors' Election.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 20, 147. The reason for his designation was that he had been Branch chief of YOKUSAN KAI (The Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name : Koji NISHIMURA

Date of Birth : September 21, 1885.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 565, Nakano Tatetsu-Town, Naka Kawachi County, Osaka

Addres : Same as above.

Activities :

a. Intending to enable Morio NAKATA, candidate from Osaka Prefectural constituency, to win in the House of Councillors Election held on June 4, this year, the interested persons, headed by

Kyuichi NISHIO of the Alumuni Association of Osaka Prefectural Yao High School opened on June 1, that year, a recommenders' speech meeting on June 1 that year at Nanbu Primary School, Tatetsu-Town. At the meeting the subject, together with the above NISHIO and others, signed his name as recommender to NAKATA for bulletin.

b. The fact is that the subject consented to sign his name as recommender to NAKATA at the request of his friend Kyuichi NISHIO, sponsor of the above speech meeting as he was a member of the alumuni Association of which the above NAKATA was chairman, and that he was unconscious of his act being a violation of the said Imperial Ordinance.

This being the case no fact is recognized that he positively engaged in any other election campaign than this.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Item I of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 27/)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Yoichiro ARAKI (荒木與市郎)

I. Based upon the recognition by a member of the investigation section of the Wakayama Prefectural Office on June 22, 1950, Secretary Sayoji ORITA of the Kinki Branch, SIB, initiated an investigation on July 6, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Oreinance No. 1, 1947 in that he is under suspicion of having displayed the political activities concerning the problem of non-confidence in the village head-man.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the Tawara Village Chapter of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : Yoichiro ARAKI.

Date of Birth : December 13, 1886.

Occupation : Agriculture and fishing.

Domicile : 461, Shimotawara, Tawara Village, Higashimuro County, Wakayama Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

A. He attended the villagers' mass rally held at the Shimotawara Youngmen's hall, under the sponsorship of the Tawara Village Comrade's Society on February 3, 1950, when the non-confidence bill against

the villageheadman and village assembly members with the following reasons was placed;

1. The land which was designated to be used for pioneers by Wakayama Prefectural authorities was exchanged for a part of the village-owned land without the resolution of the village assembly.

2. The village head-men had been delivered to the procurator's office because he had been keeping rice which was bought by the village authorities to serve to the guests.

When the above non-confidence bill was going to be resolved, the subject took part in the decision of the bill by stating that the non-confidence in the both parties should be resolved separately.

B. The subject was misunderstanding that the above acts would not be against the Ordinance and any other positive act concerning the said problem was not found. Moreover, he has been in good behavior since he found his fault.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 (Para. 1) of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC No. 272)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shigeto MOROZUMI. (両角 茂人)

I. Based upon the recognition by Tamotsu MIYAZAWA, member of the investigation section of Nagano Prefectural Office on June 27, 1950, the same person initiated an investigation on July 5, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he conducted the election campaign for Yoshinaga SASAKI, candidate, in the Upper House election.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 22, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the Toyohira Village Chapter of the Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association.

Name : Shigeto MOROZUMI

Date of Birth : July 27, 1904.

Occupation : Agriculture.

Domicile : 980, Misakuta, Toyohira Village, Suwa County, Nagano Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. In the Upper House election of June 4, 1950, the subject introduced 40 electors living at Toyohira Village, including Yozaemon IMAI to Yoshinaga SASAKI, national candidate, and signed his name

in the letter of recommendation for candidate SASAKI, as one of the recommenders.

b. At the request of Hisao KOBAYASHI, his relative, he introduced the names of electors among his friends and also carelessly consented to sign his name in the letters of recommendation for the election campaign, to be sent to the electors. We could not find any other fact which shows his positive activities for the election campaign and his above activities were carelessly displayed by him without knowing that these activities were against the Ordinance.

Moreover, he has been in his good behavior since he found that his acts were against the Ordinance.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.
Para. 1.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 273)

(No. 1-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Shinji OKADA. (岡田信次)

I. Upon receiving a suggestive letter sent by a person named Kazuo HAYAMI dwelling at Shimmei-cho, Bunkyo Ward, Tokyo, on July 7, 1950, Secretary TAKAZUMA, Second Section of SIB, initiated an investigation on July 17, 1950, to determine whether he has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 or not in connection with the suspected affair mentioned below.

"Shinji OKADA was a military civil governor during the Pacific War and is a person who is latently under the Memorandum."

II. This inquiry revealed :

Shinji OKADA is not a person falling under the Memorandum.

Name : Shinji OKADA

Date of Birth : December 13, 1898.

Occupation : Member of the House of Councillors.

Domicile : 558, Kitasenzoku-cho, Ohta Ward, Tokyo.

Address : Ditto.

Activities :

The foregoing person was in the posts of a military civil governor attached to the Headquarters of the Southern Area Army and a military civil governor attached to the Headquarters of the Philippine Area Army during the period from June 28, 1944 to February 14, 1945, but these two posts do not come under the criteria under which any person will be designated as a person who falls under the Memorandum defined in Category 6, Appendix 1, Cabinet and Home Affairs Ministry Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of ~~Article~~ ~~of~~ the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 275)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Mitsuji ITO. (伊藤光次)

I. An investigation based upon an article of the Akahata (Red Flag) dated Jan. 16, 1950, was started on July 7, 1950, by SIB to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 in that he, as detected by Kiyoshi KIYOSUKE, Secretary of Kyushu Branch Office, SIB, attended a meeting of Kyushu Area Council of NIPPON NOMIN KUMIAI (Japan Farmers Union) as representative of Saga Prefecture and took part in a conference regarding a statement opposing the government policy.

II. This inquiry revealed :

The Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on February 1, 1948. The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of Tosu Machi Branch of YOKUSAN SONEN DAN (The Imperial Rule Assistance Youths Association)

Name : Mitsuji ITO

Date of Birth : November 5, 1900.

Occupation : Farmer, advisor to Showa Insatsu k.k. (Showa Printing Company Limited)

Domicile : 1,384-1 Todoroki, Tosu-Town, Miyaki County Saga Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

On January 12, 1950, when a meeting of Kyushu Area Council of NIPPON NOMIN KUMIAI (Japan Farmers Union) was held at the office of the union in Fukuoka City, the subject who had happened to be at the office on a matter of printing business

which he had been asked by the Council, listened to the meeting waiting for the termination of it.

Such being the case no fact is recognized that he himself took part in the conference or made a speech at the meeting.

b. The subject had already resigned from office as member of Saga prefectural standing committee of the said Union before November 1948, and no fact so far has been detected that he attended any other meeting of the council than this after that.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of ~~Article~~ ~~of~~ the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 276)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 by Tsuneichi MURAKAMI (村上 恒一).

I. On recognition by Secretary Yoshibumi MATSUOKA of the Shikoku Branch Office, SIB, on May 10, 1950, an investigation was initiated by the said Secretary on July 4, 1950, and the result of II has been obtained.

Subject is suspected of having made his political activity concerning the draining work of the Dozan River placed under prefectural management.