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S. 1134

[Report No. 99-212]

To amend title 5, United States Code, to provide administrative civil penalties for false claims and statements made to the United States by certain recipients of property, services, or money from the United States, by parties to contracts with the United States, or by Federal employees, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 15 (legislative day, APRIL 15), 1985

Mr. COHEN (for himself, Mr. ROTH, Mr. NUNN, Mr. LEVIN, and Mr. CHILES) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

DECEMBER 10 (legislative day, DECEMBER 9), 1985 Reported by Mr. ROTH, with an amendment and an amendment to the title [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To amend title 5, United States Code, to provide administrative civil penalties for false claims and statements made to the United States by certain recipients of property, services, or money from the United States, by parties to contracts with the United States, or by Federal employees, and for other purposes. 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Program Fraud Civil 4 Penaltics Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. (a) The Congress finds that-

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6 (1) false, fictitious, and fraudulent elaims and
 7 statements in Government programs are a serious
 8 problem;

9 (2) false, fietitious, and fraudulent elaims and 10 statements in Government programs result in the loss 11 of millions of dollars annually by allowing ineligible 12 persons to receive Federal funds to which they are not 13 entitled;

14 (3) false, fictitious, and fraudulent elaims and
15 statements in Government programs undermine the in16 tegrity of such programs by allowing ineligible persons
17 to participate in such programs; and

18 (4) present civil and criminal remedies for such
19 claims and statements are not sufficiently responsive.
20 (b) The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to provide Federal agencies which are the vietims of false, fictitious, and fraudulent claims and statements with an administrative remedy to recompense
such agencies for losses resulting from such claims and
statements, to penalize persons who make, present, or

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submit such claims and statements, and to deter the
 making, presenting, and submitting of such claims and
 statements in the future; and

4 (2) to provide due process protections to all per5 sons who are subject to the adjudication of administra6 tive penaltics for false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims
7 or statements.

8 SEC. 3. (a) Title 5, United States Code, is amended by
9 inserting after chapter 7 the following new chapter:

10 "CHAPTER 8-ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES AND

11 ASSESSMENTS FOR FALSE CLAIMS AND STATE-

12 MENTS

"See

''801.	Definitions.
''802.	False claims and statements; liability.
''803.	Hearing and determinations.
''804.	Subpena authority.
	Judicial review.
''806.	Collection of civil penalties and assessments
''807.	Limitations.
''808.	Regulations.
	Reports.

- 13 "§ 801. Definitions
- 14 <u>"(a) For purposes of this chapter</u>
- 15 <u>"(1) 'authority' means</u>
- 16 ^{...}(A) an executive department;

17"(B) an establishment (as such term is de-18fined in section 11(2) of the Inspector General19Act of 1978) which is not an executive depart-

1	"(C) the United States Postal Service;
2	''(2) 'authority head' means
3	"(A) the head of an authority; or
4	"(B) an official or employee of the authority
5	designated, in regulations promulgated by the
6	head of the authority, to act on behalf of the head
7	of the authority;
8	"(3) 'claim' means any request or demand
9	"(A) made to an authority for property, serv-
10	ices, or money (including money representing
11	grants, loans, insurance, or benefits); or
12	"(B) made to a recipient of property, serv-
13	ices, or money from an authority or to a party to
14	a contract with an authority—
15	"(i) for property or services if the
16	United States-
17	"(I) provided such property or
18	services;
19	"(II) provided any portion of the
20	funds for the purchase of such property
21	or services; or
22	"(III) will reimburse such recipient
23	or party for the purchase of such prop-
24	erty or services; or

1	"(ii) for the payment of money (includ-
2	ing money representing grants, loans, insur-
3	ance, or benefits) if the United States—
4	"(I) provided any portion of the
5	money requested or demanded; or
6	"(II) will reimburse such recipient
7	for any portion of the money paid on
8	such request or demand;
9	"(4) 'statement' includes any written representa-
10	tion, certification, document, record, or accounting or
11	bookkeeping entry
12	"(A) with respect to a claim; or
13	"(B) with respect to—
14	"(i) a contract with, or a bid or proposal
15	for a contract with;
16	"(ii) a grant, loan, or benefit from;
17	"(iii) an application for insurance from;
18	Or
19	"(iv) an application for employment
20	with,
21	an authority, or any State, political subdivision of
22	a State, or other party acting on behalf of, or
23	based upon the credit or guarantee of, an author-
24	ity;

1	''(5) 'person' means any individual, partnership,
2	corporation, association, or private organization;
3	"(6) 'investigating official' means
4	${}$ (A) in the case of an authority in which an
5	Office of Inspector General is established by the
6	Inspector General Act of 1978 or by any other
7	Federal law, the Inspector General of that au-
8	thority; or
9	"(B) in the case of an authority in which an
10	Office of Inspector General is not established by
11	the Inspector General Act of 1978 or by any
12	other Federal law, any officer or employee of the
13	authority designated by the authority head to con-
14	duct investigations under section 803(a)(1) of this
15	title;
16	"(7) 'reviewing official' means any officer or em-
17	ployce of an authority—
18	"(A) who is designated by the authority head
19	to make the determination required under section
20	803(a)(2) of this title; and
21	"(B) who, if a member of the armed forces
22	on active duty, is serving in grade 0-7 or above
23	or, if a civilian, is serving in a position for which
24	the rate of basic pay is not less than the minimum

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1	rate of basic pay for grade GS-16 or above under
2	the General Schedule; and
3	"(8) 'hearing examiner' means any officer or em-
4	ployee of an authority—
5	"(A) who is appointed by the authority head
6	in the same manner as administrative law judges
7	are appointed pursuant to section 3105 of this
8	title; and
9	"(B) who, if a member of the armed forces
10	on active duty, is serving in grade O-7 or above
11	or, if a civilian, is scrving in a position for which
12	the rate of basic pay is not less than the minimum
13	rate of basic pay for grade GS-16 or above under
14	the General Schedule.
15	"(b) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subsection (a)—
16	"(1) each voucher, invoice, claim form, or other
17	individual request or demand for property, services, or
18	money constitutes a separate claim whether made, pre-
19	sented, or submitted separately or together with other
20	elaims;
21	"(2) each request or demand for property, serv-
22	ices, or money constitutes a claim regardless of wheth-
23	er such property, services, or money is actually deliv-
24	ered or paid; and

1	"(3) a claim shall be considered made, presented,
2	or submitted to an authority, recipient, or party when
3	such claim is made to an agent, fiscal intermediary, or
4	other entity, including any State or political subdivision
5	thereof, acting for or on behalf of such authority, recip-
6	ient, or party.
7	"(c) For purposes of paragraph (4) of subsection (a)—
8	"(1) each written representation or certification
9	constitutes a separate statement whether made, pre-
10	sented, or submitted separately or together with other
11	statements; and
12	"(2) a statement shall be considered made, pre-
13	sented, or submitted to an authority although such
14	statement is actually made to an agent, fiscal interme-
15	diary, or other entity, including any State or political
16	subdivision thereof, acting for or on behalf of such au-
17	thority.
18	<u>"§ 802. False claims and statements; liability</u>
19	"(a)(1) Any person who, on or after the effective date of
20	this chapter, makes, presents, or submits, or causes to be
21	made, presented, or submitted, a claim that the person knows
22	or has reason to know—
23	"(A) is false, fictitious, or fraudulent;
24	"(B) includes or is supported by any statement
25	which violates paragraph (2) of this subsection; or

1 ^{"(C)} is for payment for the provision of property 2 or services which the person has not provided as 3 elaimed,

4 shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalty that may
5 be prescribed by law, a civil penalty of not more than
6 \$10,000 for each such claim. Such person shall also be sub7 ject to an assessment, in lieu of damages sustained by the
8 United States because of such claim, of not more than twice
9 the amount of such claim.

10 "(2) Any person who, on or after the effective date of 11 this chapter, makes, presents, or submits, or causes to be 12 made, presented, or submitted, a statement that the person 13 knows or has reason to know—

14 <u>"(A) asserts a material fact which is false, ficti-</u>
15 tious, or fraudulent; or

16 <u>"(B)(i) omits a material fact,</u>

19 <u>"(iii) the person making, presenting, or submitting</u>
20 such statement has a duty to include such material fact
21 in the statement,

22 shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalty that may 23 be prescribed by law, a civil penalty of not more than 24 \$10,000 for each such statement. In the case of a statement 25 relating to a claim for money, such person shall also be sub-

jeet to an assessment, in lieu of damages sustained by the
 United States because of such statement, of not more than
 twice the amount of such claim.

4 ^{...}(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this sub-5 section, a determination of—

6 "(A) probable cause that a person is liable under
7 section 803(a)(2) of this title, or

8 "(B) liability under section 803 of this title, 9 may provide the authority with grounds for commencing any 10 administrative or contractual action against such person 11 which is authorized by law and which is in addition to any 12 action against such person under this chapter.

13 "(2) A determination referred to in paragraph (1) of this
14 subsection may be used by the authority, but shall not require
15 such authority, to commence any administrative or contrac16 tual action which is authorized by law.

17 "§ 803. Hearing and determinations

18"(a)(1) The investigating official of an authority may investigate allegations that a person is liable under section 802 19of this title and shall report the findings and conclusions of 20such investigation to the reviewing official of the authority. 2122"(2) If the reviewing official of an authority determines, based upon the report of the investigating official under para-23graph (1) of this subsection, that there is probable cause to 24believe that a person is liable under section 802 of this title, 25

the reviewing official may, in accordance with the provisions
 of subsections (b) and (c) of this section, refer the allegations
 of such liability to a hearing examiner of such authority for a
 hearing.

5 "(b)(1) Prior to referring allegations of liability to a 6 hearing examiner under paragraph (1) of subsection (a), the 7 reviewing official of an authority shall transmit to the Attor-8 ney General a written notice of the intention of such official 9 to refer such allegations and a statement of the reasons for 10 such intention.

11 "(2) A reviewing official may refer allegations of liabil12 ity to a hearing examiner under paragraph (1) of subsection
13 (a) if—

14 "(A) the Attorney General or an Assistant Attor 15 ney General designated by the Attorney General ap 16 proves the referral of such allegations; or

17 "(B) the Attorney General or an Assistant Attor18 ney General designated by the Attorney General takes
19 no action to disapprove the referral of such allegations
20 within—

21"(i) ninety days after the date on which the22Attorney General receives the notice required by23paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

24"(ii) such period as may be provided in a25memorandum of understanding entered into by the

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authority head and the Attorney General with respeet to such allegations.

3 "(3) A reviewing official shall not refer allegations to a hearing examiner under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) if the 4 Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney General designat-5ed by the Attorney General transmits a written statement to 6 7 the reviewing official which specifies that the Attorney General or such Assistant Attorney General disapproves the re-8 9 ferral of such allegations and states the reasons for such dis-10 approval.

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11 "(4) If the Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney General designated by the Attorney General transmits to an 12authority head a written finding that the continuation of any 1314 hearing under section 803 of this title may adversely affect any pending or potential criminal or civil action related to an 1516 alleged false, fictitious, or fraudulent elaim or statement under consideration in such hearing, such hearing shall be 17 immediately stayed and may be resumed only upon written 18 authorization of the Attorney General. 19

20 "(c) No allegations of liability under section 802 of this 21 title with respect to any claim or statement, made, presented, 22 or submitted by any person shall be referred to a hearing 23 examiner under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) if the review-24 ing official determines that the amount of money or the value 25 of property or services falsely, fictitiously, or fraudulently requested or demanded in such claim or statement exceeds
 \$100,000.

3 "(d) A reviewing official shall commence a hearing under subsection (e) of this section by mailing by registered 4 or certified mail, or by delivery, of a notice which complies 5with the provisions of paragraph (2)(A) of subsection (f) to the 6 person alleged to be liable under section 802 of this title. $\overline{7}$ "(e) The hearing examiner shall conduct a hearing on 8 the record regarding any allegation referred to the hearing 9 examiner by the reviewing official pursuant to subsection (a) 10 of this section to determine-11

- 12 "(1) the liability of a person under section 802 of
 13 this title; and
- 14 <u>"(2) the amount of any penalty and assessment to</u>
 15 be imposed on such person.

16 Any such determination shall be based on the preponderance
17 of the evidence.

18 "(f)(1) Each hearing under subsection (c) of this section
19 shall be conducted in accordance with—

20 <u>"(A) the provisions of subchapter II of chapter 5</u>
21 of this title (to the extent that such provisions are not
22 inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter); or

23 <u>"(B) procedures promulgated by the authority</u>
24 head under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

1	"(2) An authority head shall by regulation promulgate
2	procedures for the conduct of hearings under this chapter.
3	Such procedures shall include:
4	"(A) The provision of written notice of the hear-
5	ing to any person alleged to be liable under section
6	802 of this title, including written notice of—
7	"(i) the time, place, and nature of the hear-
8	ing;
9	"(ii) the legal authority and jurisdiction under
10	which the hearing is to be held;
11	"(iii) the matters of facts and law to be as-
12	serted; and
13	"(iv) a description of the procedures for the
14	conduct of hearing established under this para-
15	graph or established under subchapter II of chap-
16	ter 5 of this title, as the case may be.
17	"(B) The provision to any person alleged to be
18	liable under section 802 of this title of opportunities for
19	the submission of facts, arguments, offers of settlement,
20	or proposals of adjustment when time, the nature of
21	the hearing, and the public interest permit.
22	"(C) Procedures to ensure that the hearing exam-
23	iner shall not, except to the extent required for the dis-
24	position of ex parte matters as authorized by law-

1"(i) consult a person or party on a fact in2issue, unless on notice and opportunity for all par-3ties to the hearing to participate; or

4 <u>"(ii) be responsible to or subject to the super-</u> 5 vision or direction of the investigating official or 6 the reviewing official.

7 "(D) Procedures to ensure that the investigating 8 official and the reviewing official do not participate or 9 advise in the decision required under subsection (g) of 10 this section or the review of the decision by the au-11 thority head under subsection (h) of this section, except 12 as provided in subsection (i) of this section.

13 "(E) The provision to any person alleged to be
14 liable under section 802 of this title of opportunities to
15 present such person's case through oral or documenta16 ry evidence, to submit rebuttal evidence, and to con17 duct such cross-examination as may be required for a
18 full and true disclosure of the facts.

19 "(F) Procedures to permit discovery by any 20 person alleged to be liable under section 802 of this 21 title only to the extent that the hearing examiner de-22 termines that such discovery is necessary for the expe-23 ditious, fair, and reasonable consideration of the issues. 24 "(G) Procedures to permit any person alleged to 25 be liable under section 802 of this title to be accompa-

1	nied, represented, and advised by counsel or such other
2	qualified representative as the authority head may
3	specify in such regulations.
4	"(II) Procedures to ensure that the hearing is
5	conducted in an impartial manner, including procedures
6	to—
7	"(i) permit the hearing examiner to at any
8	time disqualify himself;
9	"(ii) permit the filing, in good faith, of a
10	timely and sufficient affidavit of personal bias or
11	other disqualification of a hearing examiner or re-
12	viewing official; and
13	"(iii) provide for the determination by the au-
14	thority head of a matter filed pursuant to clause
15	(ii) of this subparagraph as a part of the record
16	and decision in the hearing.
17	0
14	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci-
18	0
	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci-
18	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci- sion, including findings and determinations, after the conclu-
18 19	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci- sion, including findings and determinations, after the conclu- sion of the hearing. The hearing examiner shall promptly
18 19 20	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci- sion, including findings and determinations, after the conclu- sion of the hearing. The hearing examiner shall promptly send to each party to the hearing a copy of such decision and
 18 19 20 21 22 	"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci- sion, including findings and determinations, after the conclu- sion of the hearing. The hearing examiner shall promptly send to each party to the hearing a copy of such decision and a statement describing the right of any person determined to

1 <u>"(h)(1)</u> Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this sub-2 section and section 805 of this title, the decision, including 3 the findings and determinations, of the hearing examiner 4 issued under subsection (g) of this section are final.

5"(2) Within thirty days after the hearing examiner issues a decision under subsection (g) of this section, any 6 person determined in such decision to be liable under section 7 802 of this title may appeal such decision to the authority 8 head. The authority head may affirm, reduce, compromise, 9 remand, or settle any penalty and assessment determined by 10 the hearing examiner pursuant to this section. The authority 1112head shall promptly send to each party to the appeal a copy of the decision of the authority head and a statement describ-13 ing the right of any person determined to be liable under 14 section 802 of this title to judicial review under section 805 15of this title. 16

17 "(i) The reviewing official has the exclusive authority to 18 compromise or settle any allegations of liability under section 19 802 of this title against a person without the consent of the 20 hearing examiner at any time prior to the date in which the 21 hearing examiner issues a decision under subsection (g) of 22 this section. Any such compromise or settlement shall be in 23 writing. 1 "§ 804. Subpena authority

 $\mathbf{2}$ "(a) For the purposes of an investigation under section 803(a) of this title, an investigating official is authorized-3 "(1) to administer oaths or affirmations; 4 "(2) to require by subpena the production of all 5information, documents, reports, answers, records, ac-6 7 counts; papers, and data not otherwise reasonably 8 available to the authority; or 9 "(3) after notifying the Attorney General, to require by subpena the attendance and testimony of wit-10 nesses necessary to the conduct of such investigation. 11 12 "(b) For the purposes of conducting a hearing under see-13 tion 803(c) of this title, a hearing examiner is authorized— 14 "(1) to administer oaths or affirmations; and 15 "(2) to require by subpena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all informa-16 17 tion, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, papers, and other data and documentary evidence 18 19 which the hearing examiner considers relevant and ma-20terial to the hearing. "(c) In the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a sub-21

21 (c) In the case of containacy of relasar to obey a sub-22 pena issued pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section, 23 an investigating official or a hearing examiner, as the case 24 may be, may invoke the aid of any district court of the United 25 States in the district in which such investigation or hearing is 26 being conducted, or where the person receiving the subpena •§ 1134 RS

resides or conducts business. The district courts of the United
 States shall have jurisdiction to issue an appropriate order for
 the enforcement of any such subpena. Any failure to obey
 such order of the court is punishable by such court as con tempt.

6 "§ 805. Judicial review

7 "(a) Unless a petition is filed under this section, a deter8 mination of liability under section 803 of this title shall be
9 final and shall not be subject to judicial review.

"(b)(1) Any person for whom a determination of liability 10 under section 802 of this title has been made pursuant to 11 section 803 of this title may obtain review of such determina-12tion in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit in 13 which such person resides or in which the claim or statement 14 upon which the determination of liability is based was made, 15 presented, or submitted, or in the United States Court of 16Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. Such review 17may be obtained by filing in any such court a written petition 18that such determination be modified or set aside. Such peti-19tion shall be filed-20

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"(A) only after such person has exhausted all administrative remedies under this chapter; and

23 "(B) within sixty days after the date on which the
24 authority head sends such person a copy of the deci-

sion of such authority head under section 803(h)(2) of
 this title.

3 "(2) The elerk of the court shall transmit a copy of a petition filed under paragraph (1) of this subsection to the 4 authority head and to the Attorney General. Upon receipt of 5the copy of such petition, the authority head shall transmit to 6 the Attorney General the record in the proceeding resulting 7 in the determination of liability under section 802 of this title. 8 9 Except as otherwise provided in this section, the courts of appeals of the United States shall have jurisdiction to review 10 the decision, findings, and determinations in issue and to 11 affirm, modify, remand for further consideration, or set aside, 12in whole or in part, the decision, findings, and determinations 13 of the hearing examiner, and to enforce such decision, find-14 15ings, and determinations to the extent that such decision, findings, and determinations are affirmed or modified. 16

17 "(e) The findings of the hearing examiner with respect
18 to questions of fact, if supported by substantial evidence on
19 the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive.

20 "(d) Any court of appeals reviewing under this section 21 the decision, findings, and determinations of a hearing exam-22 iner shall not consider any objection that was not raised in 23 the hearing conducted pursuant to section 803(c) of this title 24 unless a demonstration is made of extraordinary circum-25 stances causing the failure to raise the objection. If any party 1 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court that additional
2 evidence not presented at such hearing is material and that
3 there were reasonable grounds for the failure to present such
4 evidence at such hearing, the court shall remand the matter
5 to the hearing examiner for consideration of such additional
6 evidence.

7 "(c) Upon a final determination by the court of appeals 8 that a person is liable under section 802 of this title, the 9 court shall enter a final judgment for the appropriate amount 10 in favor of the United States, and such judgment may be 11 recorded and enforced by the Attorney General to the same 12 extent and in the same manner as a judgment entered by any 13 United States district court.

14 "§ 806. Collection of civil penalties and assessments

15 "(a) The Attorney General shall be responsible for judi16 eial enforcement of any civil penalty or assessment imposed
17 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

18 "(b) Any penalty or assessment imposed in a determination which has become final pursuant to section 803 of this 1920title may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attor-21ney General. In any such action, no matter that was raised or that could have been raised in a hearing conducted under 22section 803(e) of this title or pursuant to judicial review 23under section 805 of this title may be raised as a defense, and 24 the determination of liability and the determination of 25

amounts of penalties and assessments shall not be subject to
 review.

3 "(e) The district courts of the United States and of any
4 territory or possession of the United States shall have juris5 diction of any action commenced by the United States under
6 subsection (b) of this section.

7 "(d) Any action under subsection (b) of this section may, 8 without regard to venue requirements, be joined and consoli-9 dated with or asserted as a counterclaim, cross-claim, or 10 setoff by the United States in any other civil action which 11 includes as parties the United States and the person against 12 whom such action may be brought.

13 "(c)(1) The United States Claims Court shall have jurisdiction of any action under subsection (b) of this section to 14recover any penalty and assessment if the cause of action is 15asserted by the United States as a counterclaim in a matter 1617 pending in such court. The United States may join as additional parties in such counterclaim all persons who may be 18jointly and severally liable with the person against whom 19such counterclaim is asserted. 20

21 "(2) No cross-claims or third-party claims not otherwise
22 within the jurisdiction of the United States Claims Court
23 shall be asserted among additional parties joined under para24 graph (1) of this subsection.

1 "(f) The Attorney General shall have exclusive author- $\mathbf{2}$ ity to compromise or settle any penalty and assessment the determination of which is the subject of a pending petition 3 pursuant to section 805 of this title or a pending action to 4 recover such penalty or assessment pursuant to this section. 56 "(g) Any amount of penalty and assessment collected 7 under this chapter shall be deposited as miscellaneous re-8 ceipts in the Treasury of the United States.

9 "§ 807. Limitations

10 "(a) No claim or statement alleged to be a false, fieti-11 tious, or fraudulent claim or statement shall be subject to 12 liability under section 802 of this title at any time after six 13 years after the date on which such claim or statement is 14 made, presented, or submitted.

15 "(b) A civil action to recover a penalty and assessment 16 under section 806 of this title shall be commenced within 17 three years after the date on which the determination of li-18 ability for such penalty and assessment becomes final.

19 "(e) If at any time during the course of proceedings 20 brought pursuant to this chapter the authority head receives 21 or discovers any specific information regarding bribery, gra-22 tuities, conflict of interest, or other corruption or similar ac-23 tivity in relation to a false claim or statement, the authority 24 head shall immediately report such information to the Attor-25 ney General, and in the case of an authority in which an Office of Inspector General is established by the Inspector
 General Act of 1978 or by any other Federal law, to the
 Inspector General of that authority.

4 "§ 808. Regulations

5"(a) Each authority head shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this 6 chapter. Such rules and regulations shall insure that investi-7 gating officials are not responsible for conducting the hearing 8 required in section 803(c) of this title, making the determina-9 tions required by subsections (e) and (g) of section 803 of this 10 title, or making the collections under section 806 of this title. 11 12"(b) The Attorney General may enter into a memorandum of understanding with the head of any authority to pro-13vide expeditious procedures for approving or disapproving the 14 referral of allegations under section 803(b) of this title and for 15referral of matters for action under sections 805, 806, and 16 807(d) of this title. Such memorandum of understanding may 17provide advanced authorization to refer allegations under see-18tion 803(b) of this title with respect to any particular type or 19 20elass of alleged false elaims or statements if not otherwise barred by section 807 of this title. 21

22 "§ 809. Reports

23 "(a) Not later than October 31 of each year, each inves24 tigating official shall prepare and transmit to the authority
25 head an annual report summarizing actions taken under this

chapter during the most recent twelve-month period ending
 the previous September 30. Such report shall include—

3 "(1) a summary of matters referred to the review4 ing official under section 803(a)(2) of this title during
5 such period;

6 <u>"(2) a summary of matters transmitted to the At-</u>
7 torney General under section 803(b)(1) of this title
8 during such period;

9 "(3) a summary of all hearings conducted by hear10 ing examiners under section 803(c) of this title, and the
11 results of such hearings, during such period; and

12 <u>"(4) a summary of the actions taken during such</u>
13 period to collect any civil penalty or assessment im14 posed under this chapter.

15 "(b) The authority head shall transmit each report re-16 ceived under subsection (a) of this section to the appropriate 17 committees and subcommittees of Congress in the same 18 manner as the reports of Inspectors General are transmitted 19 under section 5(b) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 on 20 October 31 of each year.".

(b) The table of chapters for part I of title 5, United
States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating
to chapter 7 the following new item:

1 SEC. 4: (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this 2 Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect 3 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

4 (b) Section 808(a) of title 5, United States Code (as
5 added by section 3(a) of this Act) shall take effect on the date
6 of enactment of this Act. Regulations required to be promul7 gated under such section 808(a) shall take effect 180 days
8 after the date of enactment of this Act.

9 That this Act may be cited as the "Program Fraud Civil10 Remedies Act of 1985".

11 SEC. 2. (a) The Congress finds that—

12 (1) false, fictitious, and fraudulent claims and
13 statements in Government programs are a serious
14 problem;

(2) false, fictitious, and fraudulent claims and
statements in Government programs result in the loss
of millions of dollars annually by allowing ineligible
persons to receive Federal funds to which they are not
entitled;

(3) false, fictitious, and fraudulent claims and
statements in Government programs undermine the integrity of such programs by allowing ineligible persons
to participate in such programs; and

24 (4) present civil and criminal remedies for such
25 claims and statements are not sufficiently responsive.

- 1 (b) The purposes of this Act are—
- (1) to provide Federal agencies which are the vic- $\mathbf{2}$ tims of false, fictitious, and fraudulent claims and 3 statements with an administrative remedy to recom-4 5pense such agencies for losses resulting from such claims and statements, to permit administrative pro-6 7 ceedings to be brought against persons who make, present, or submit such claims and statements, and to 8 9 deter the making, presenting, and submitting of such 10 claims and statements in the future; and
- (2) to provide due process protections to all per-11 sons who are subject to the administrative adjudication 12 13 of false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims or statements. SEC. 3. (a) Title 5, United States Code, is amended by 14 15inserting after chapter 7 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 8—ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES 16 FOR FALSE CLAIMS AND STATEMENTS

"Sec.

- "801. Definitions.
- "802. False claims and statements; liability.
- "803. Hearing and determinations.
- "804. Subpena authority.
- "805. Judicial review.
- "806. Collection of civil penalties and assessments.
- "807. Right to setoff.
- "808. Limitations.
- "809. Regulations. "810. Reports.
- 18

19

- "§ 801. Definitions
- "(a) For purposes of this chapter—
- "(1) 'authority' means— 20

1	"(A) an executive department;
2	"(B) a military department;
3	"(C) an establishment (as such term is de-
4	fined in section 11(2) of the Inspector General
5	Act of 1978) which is not an executive depart-
6	ment; and
7	"(D) the United States Postal Service;
8	"(2) 'authority head' means—
9	"(A) the head of an authority; or
10	"(B) an official or employee of the authority
11	designated, in regulations promulgated by the
12	head of the authority, to act on behalf of the head
13	of the authority;
14	"(3) 'claim' means any request, demand, or sub-
15	mission—
16	"(A) made to an authority for property, serv-
17	ices, or money (including money representing
18	grants, loans, insurance, or benefits);
19	"(B) made to a recipient of property, serv-
20	ices, or money from an authority or to a party to
21	a contract with an authority—
22	"(i) for property or services if the
23	United States—
24	"(I) provided such property or
25	services;

1	"(II) provided any portion of the
2 .	funds for the purchase of such property
3	or services; or
4	"(III) will reimburse such recipi-
5	ent or party for the purchase of such
6	property or services; or
7	"(ii) for the payment of money (includ-
8	ing money representing grants, loans, insur-
9	ance, or benefits) if the United States-
10	"(I) provided any portion of the
11	money requested or demanded; or
12	"(II) will reimburse such recipient
13	for any portion of the money paid on
14	such request or demand; or
15	"(C) made to an authority which has the
16	effect of decreasing an obligation to pay or ac-
17	count for property, services, or money;
18	"(4) 'hearing examiner' means—
19	"(A) in the case of an authority to which the
20	provisions of subchapter II of chapter 5 of this
21	title apply, an administrative law judge appointed
22	in the authority pursuant to section 3105 of this
23	title or detailed to the authority pursuant to sec-
24	tion 3344 of this title; or

1	"(B) in the case of an authority to which the
2	provisions of such subchapter do not apply, an of-
3	ficer or employee of the authority who-
4	"(i) is selected under chapter 33 of this
5	title pursuant to the competitive examination
6	process applicable to administrative law
7	judges;
8	"(ii) is appointed by the authority head
9	to conduct hearings under section 803 of this
10	title;
11	"(iii) is assigned to cases in rotation so
12	far as practicable;
13	"(iv) may not perform duties inconsist-
14	ent with the duties and responsibilities of a
15	hearing examiner;
16	"(v) is entitled to pay prescribed by the
17	Office of Personnel Management independ-
18	ently of ratings and recommendations made
19	by the authority and in accordance with
20	chapter 51 of this title and subchapter III of
21	chapter 53 of this title; and
22	"(vi) may be removed, suspended, fur-
23	loughed, or reduced in grade or pay only for
24	good cause established and determined by the
25	Merit Systems Protection Board on the

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1	record after opportunity for hearing by such
2	Board;
3	"(5) "investigating official" means an individual
4	who—
5	"(A)(i) in the case of an authority in which
6	an Office of Inspector General is established by
7	the Inspector General Act of 1978 or by any
8	other Federal law, is the Inspector General of
9	that authority or an officer or employee of such
10	Office designated by the Inspector General;
11	"(ii) in the case of an authority in which an
12	Office of Inspector General is not established by
13	the Inspector General Act of 1978 or by any
14	other Federal law, is an officer or employee of the
15	authority designated by the authority head to con-
16	duct investigations under section 803(a)(1) of this
17	title; or
18	"(iii) in the case of a military department, is
19	the Inspector General of the Department of De-
20	fense or an officer or employee of the Office of In-
21	spector General of the Department of Defense who
22	is designated by the Inspector General; and
23	"(B) who, if a member of the Armed Forces
24	of the United States on active duty, is serving in
25	grade O-7 or above or, if a civilian employee, is

1	serving in a position for which the rate of basic
2	pay is not less than the minimum rate of basic
3	pay for grade GS-16 or above under the General
4	Schedule;
5	"(6) 'knows or has reason to know', for purposes
6	of establishing liability under section 802, means that
7	a person, with respect to a claim or statement—
8	" "(A) has actual knowledge that the claim or
9	statement is false, fictitious, or fraudulent; or
10	"(B) acts in gross negligence of the duty to
11	make such inquiry as would be reasonable and
12	prudent to conduct under the circumstances to as-
13	certain the true and accurate basis of the claim or
14	statement;
15	"(7) 'person' means any individual, partnership,
16	corporation, association, or private organization;
17	"(8) 'reviewing official' means any officer or em-
18	ployee of an authority—
19	"(A) who is designated by the authority head
20	to make the determination required under section
21	803(a)(2) of this title;
22	"(B) who, if a member of the Armed Forces
23	of the United States on active duty, is serving in
24	grade $O-7$ or above or, if a civilian employee, is
25	serving in a position for which the rate of basic

1	pay is not less than the minimum rate of basic
2	pay for grade $GS-16$ or above under the General
3	Schedule; and
4	"(C) who is—
5	"(i) not subject to supervision by, or re-
6	quired to report to, the investigating official;
7	and
8	"(ii) not employed in the organizational
9	unit of the authority in which the investigat-
10	ing official is employed; and
11	"(9) 'statement' includes any written representa-
12	tion, certification, document, record, or accounting or
13	bookkeeping entry—
14	"(A) with respect to a claim; or
15	"(B) with respect to—
16	"(i) a contract with, or a bid or propos-
17	al for a contract with;
18	"(ii) a grant, loan, or benefit from;
19	"(iii) an application for insurance from;
20	or
21	"(iv) an application for employment
22	with,
23	an authority, or any State, political subdivision
24	of a State, or other party acting on behalf of, or

1	based upon the credit or guarantee of, an author-
2	ity.
3	"(b) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subsection (a)—
4	"(1) each voucher, invoice, claim form, or other
5	individual request or demand for property, services, or
6	money constitutes a separate claim;
7	"(2) each claim for property, services, or money is
8	subject to this chapter regardless of whether such prop-
9	erty, services, or money is actually delivered or paid;
10	and
11	"(3) a claim shall be considered made, presented,
12	or submitted to an authority, recipient, or party when
13	such claim is actually made to an agent, fiscal inter-
14	mediary, or other entity, including any State or politi-
15	cal subdivision thereof, acting for or on behalf of such
16	authority, recipient, or party.
17	"(c) For purposes of paragraph (9) of subsection (a)—
18	"(1) each written representation or certification
19	constitutes a separate statement; and
20	"(2) a statement shall be considered made, pre-
21	sented, or submitted to an authority when such state-
22	ment is actually made to an agent, fiscal intermediary,
23	or other entity, including any State or political subdi-
24	vision thereof, acting for or on behalf of such authority.

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2 "(a)(1) Any person who makes, presents, or submits, or
3 causes to be made, presented, or submitted, a claim that the
4 person knows or has reason to know—

"(A) is false, fictitious, or fraudulent;

6 "(B) includes or is supported by any statement
7 which violates paragraph (2) of this subsection; or

8 "(C) is for payment for the provision of property 9 or services which the person has not provided as 10 claimed,

shall be subject to, in addition to any other remedy that may 11be prescribed by law, a civil penalty of not more than 12\$10,000 for each such claim. Such person shall also be sub-13ject to an assessment, in lieu of damages sustained by the 14 United States because of such claim, of not more than twice 1516the amount of such claim, or the portion of such claim, which 17is determined under this chapter to be in violation of the pre-18 ceding sentence.

"(2) Any person who makes, presents, or submits, or
causes to be made, presented, or submitted, a statement that
the person knows or has reason to know—

22 "(A) asserts a material fact which is false, ficti23 tious, or fraudulent; or

24 (B)(i) omits a material fact,

25 "(ii) as a result of such omission, such statement
26 is false, fictitious, or fraudulent, and

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1	"(iii) the person making, presenting, or submit-
2	ting such statement has a duty to include such materi-
3	al fact in the statement,
4	shall be subject to, in addition to any other remedy that may
5	be prescribed by law, a civil penalty of not more than
6	\$10,000 for each such statement.
7	"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of
8	this subsection—
9	"(A) a determination under section $803(a)(2)$ of
10	this title that there is adequate evidence to believe that
11	a person is liable under subsection (a) of this section,
12	or
13	"(B) a determination under section 803 of this
14	title that a person is liable under subsection (a) of this
15	section,
16	may provide the authority with grounds for commencing any
17	administrative or contractual action against such person
18	which is authorized by law and which is in addition to any
19	action against such person under this chapter.
20	"(2) A determination referred to in paragraph (1) of this
21	subsection may be used by the authority, but shall not require
22	such authority, to commence any administrative or contrac-
23	
-0	tual action which is authorized by law.

25 action to suspend or debar any person who is eligible to enter

into contracts with the Federal Government, a determination
 referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not be
 considered as a conclusive determination of such person's re sponsibility pursuant to Federal procurement laws and regu lations.

6 "\$ 803. Hearing and determinations

"(a)(1) The investigating official of an authority may
investigate allegations that a person is liable under section
802 of this title and shall report the findings and conclusions
of such investigation to the reviewing official of the authority.
The preceding sentence does not modify any responsibility of
an investigating official to report violations of criminal law
to the Attorney General.

"(2) If the reviewing official of an authority determines, 14 based upon the report of the investigating official under para-15graph (1) of this subsection, that there is adequate evidence to 16believe that a person is liable under section 802 of this title, 17 the reviewing official shall transmit to the Attorney General 18 a written notice of the intention of such official to refer the 19 allegations of such liability to a hearing examiner of such 20authority. Such notice shall include— 21

22 "(A) a statement of the reasons of the reviewing
23 official for the referral of such allegations;

24 "(B) a statement specifying the evidence which
25 supports such allegations;

1	(C) a description of the claims or statements for
2	which liability under section 802 of this title is
3	alleged;
4	"(D) an estimate of the amount of money or the
5	value of property or services requested or demanded in
6	violation of section 802 of this title; and
7	"(E) a statement of any exculpatory or mitigating
8	circumstances which may relate to such claims or
9	statements.
10	"(b)(1) A reviewing official may refer allegations of li-
11	ability to a hearing examiner if—
12	"(A) the Attorney General or an Assistant Attor-
13	ney General designated by the Attorney General ap-
14	proves the referral of such allegations; or
15	"(B) the Attorney General or an Assistant Attor-
16	ney General designated by the Attorney General takes
17	no action to disapprove the referral of such allegations
18	within 90 days after the date on which the Attorney
19	General receives the notice required by paragraph (2)
20	of subsection (a).
21	"(2) A reviewing official shall not refer allegations to a
22	hearing examiner if the Attorney General or an Assistant
23	Attorney General designated by the Attorney General trans-
24	mits a written statement to the reviewing official which speci-
25	fies that the Attorney General or such Assistant Attorney

General disapproves the referral of such allegations and
 states the reasons for such disapproval.

"(3) If the Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney 3 General designated by the Attorney General transmits to an 4 authority head a written finding that the continuation of any 5hearing under section 803 of this title with respect to a claim 6 or statement may adversely affect any pending or potential 7 criminal or civil action related to such claim or statement, 8 such hearing shall be immediately stayed and may be 9 resumed only upon written authorization of the Attorney 10 General. 11

12 "(c) No allegations of liability under section 802 of this 13 title with respect to any claim made, presented, or submitted 14 by any person shall be referred to a hearing examiner under 15 paragraph (1) of subsection (b) if the reviewing official deter-16 mines that—

17 "(1) an amount of money in excess of \$100,000;
18 or

19 "(2) property or services with a value in excess of
20 \$100,000,

21 is requested or demanded in violation of section 802 of this
22 title in such claim or in a group of related claims which are
23 submitted at the time such claim is submitted.

24 "(d)(1) On the date on which a reviewing official is
25 permitted to refer allegations of liability to a hearing examin-

er under paragraph (1) of subsection (b), the reviewing offi-1 2cial shall mail, by registered or certified mail, or shall deliver, a notice to the person alleged to be liable under section 3 802 of this title. Such notice shall specify the allegations of 4 liability against such person and shall state the right of such 5person to request a hearing with respect to such allegations. 6 "(2) If, within 30 days after receiving a notice under 7 paragraph (1) of this subsection, the person receiving such 8 notice requests a hearing with respect to the allegations con-9 tained in such notice— 10

"(A) the reviewing official shall refer such allegations to a hearing examiner for the commencement of
such hearing; and

''(B) the hearing examiner shall commence such
hearing by mailing by registered or certified mail, or
by delivery, of a notice which complies with paragraphs (2)(A) and (3)(B)(i) of subsection (f) to such
person.

19 "(e) Any hearing commenced under paragraph (2) of
20 subsection (d) shall be conducted by the hearing examiner on
21 the record in order to determine—

22 "(1) the liability of a person under section 802 of
23 this title; and

1	"(2) if a person is determined to be liable under
2	such section, the amount of any penalty and assess-
3	ment to be imposed on such person.
4	Any such determination shall be based on the preponderance
5	of the evidence.
6	"(f)(1) Each hearing under subsection (e) of this section
7	shall be conducted—
8	"(A) in the case of an authority to which the pro-
9	visions of subchapter II of chapter 5 of this title apply,
10	in accordance with—
11	"(i) the provisions of such subchapter to the
12	extent that such provisions are not inconsistent
13	with the provisions of this chapter; and
14	"(ii) procedures promulgated by the author-
15	ity head under paragraph (3) of this subsection;
16	or
17	"(B) in the case of an authority to which the pro-
18	visions of such subchapter do not apply, in accordance
19	with procedures promulgated by the authority head
20	under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.
21	"(2) An authority head of an authority described in
22	subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) shall by regulation pro-
23	mulgate procedures for the conduct of hearings under this
24	chapter. Such procedures shall include:

1	"(A) The provision of written notice of the hear-
2	ing to any person alleged to be liable under section 802
3	of this title, including written notice of—
4	"(i) the time, place, and nature of the
5	hearing;
6	"(ii) the legal authority and jurisdiction
7	under which the hearing is to be held; and
8	"(iii) the matters of facts and law to be
9	asserted.
10	"(B) The provision to any person alleged to be
11	liable under section 802 of this title of opportunities for
12	the submission of facts, arguments, offers of settlement,
13	or proposals of adjustment when time, the nature of the
14	hearing, and the public interest permit.
15	"(C) Procedures to ensure that the hearing exam-
16	iner shall not, except to the extent required for the dis-
17	position of ex parte matters as authorized by law—
18	"(i) consult a person or party on a fact in
19	issue, unless on notice and opportunity for all
20	parties to the hearing to participate; or
21	"(ii) be responsible to or subject to the super-
22	vision or direction of the investigating official or
23	the reviewing official.
24	"(D) Procedures to ensure that the investigating
25	official and the reviewing official do not participate or

advise in the decision required under subsection (g) of
 this section or the review of the decision by the author ity head under subsection (h) of this section, except as
 provided in subsection (i) of this section.

5 "(E) The provision to any person alleged to be 6 liable under section 802 of this title of opportunities to 7 present such person's case through oral or documentary 8 evidence, to submit rebuttal evidence, and to conduct 9 such cross-examination as may be required for a full 10 and true disclosure of the facts.

"(F) Procedures to permit any person alleged to
be liable under section 802 of this title to be accompanied, represented, and advised by counsel or such other
qualified representative as the authority head may
specify in such regulations.

16 "(G) Procedures to ensure that the hearing is
17 conducted in an impartial manner, including proce18 dures to—

19"(i) permit the hearing examiner to at any20time disqualify himself; and

21 "(ii) permit the filing, in good faith, of a
22 timely and sufficient affidavit alleging personal
23 bias or another reason for disqualification of a
24 hearing examiner or a reviewing official.

"(3)(A) Each authority head shall promulgate by regu-

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2 lation procedures described in subparagraph (B) of this para3 graph for the conduct of hearings under this chapter. Such
4 procedures shall be in addition to the procedures described in
5 paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection, as the case
6 may be.

7 "(B) The procedures referred to in subparagraph (A) of
8 this paragraph are:

9 "(i) Procedures for the inclusion, in any written 10 notice of a hearing under this section to any person al-11 leged to be liable under section 802 of this title, of a 12 description of the procedures for the conduct of the 13 hearing.

14 "(ii) Procedures to permit discovery by any 15 person alleged to be liable under section 802 of this title only to the extent that the hearing examiner deter-16 17 mines that such discovery is necessary for the expeditious, fair, and reasonable consideration of the issues. 18 Procedures promulgated under this clause shall prohib-19 it the discovery of the notice required under subsection 20(a)(2) of this section. Procedures promulgated under 2122this clause shall provide that requests for discovery under this clause shall not be denied unreasonably. 23

24 "(4) Each hearing under subsection (e) of this section
25 shall be held—

1

"(A) in the judicial district of the United States
in which the person alleged to be liable under section
802 of this title resides or transacts business;
"(B) in the judicial district of the United States
in which the claim or statement upon which the allegation of liability under such section was made, presented, or submitted; or

8 "(C) in such other place as may be agreed upon 9 by such person and the hearing examiner who will 10 conduct such hearing.

"(g) The hearing examiner shall issue a written deci-11 12sion, including findings and determinations, after the conclusion of the hearing. Such decision shall include the findings 13 of fact and conclusions of law which the hearing examiner 14 relied upon in determining whether a person is liable under 15 this chapter. The hearing examiner shall promptly send to 16each party to the hearing a copy of such decision and a state-17ment describing the right of any person determined to be 18 liable under section 802 of this title to appeal the decision of 19 20the hearing examiner to the authority head under paragraph (2) of subsection (h). 21

22 "(h)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this sub-23 section and section 805 of this title, the decision, including 24 the findings and determinations, of the hearing examiner 25 issued under subsection (g) of this section are final. "(2)(A) Within 30 days after the hearing examiner
 issues a decision under subsection (g) of this section, any
 person determined in such decision to be liable under section
 802 of this title may appeal such decision to the authority
 head.

"(B) Any authority head reviewing under this section 6 the decision, findings, and determinations of a hearing exam-7 iner shall not consider any objection that was not raised in 8 the hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (e) of this sec-9 tion unless a demonstration is made of extraordinary circum-10stances causing the failure to raise the objection. If any party 11 12demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority head that additional evidence not presented at such hearing is material 1314 and that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to present such evidence at such hearing, the authority head 15shall remand the matter to the hearing examiner for consider-16 ation of such additional evidence. 17

"(C) The authority head may affirm, reduce, reverse, 18 compromise, remand, or settle any penalty and assessment 19 determined by the hearing examiner pursuant to this section. 20The authority head shall promptly send to each party to the 21 appeal a copy of the decision of the authority head and a 22statement describing the right of any person determined to be 23liable under section 802 of this title to judicial review under 24section 805 of this title. 25

"(i) The reviewing official has the exclusive authority to
compromise or settle any allegations of liability under section
802 of this title against a person without the consent of the
hearing examiner at any time after the date on which the
reviewing official is permitted to refer allegations of liability
to a hearing examiner under subsection (b) of this section
and prior to the date on which the hearing examiner issues a
decision under subsection (g) of this section. Any such compromise or settlement shall be in writing.

10 "§ 804. Subpoena authority

"(a)(1) For the purposes of an investigation under
section 803(a)(1) of this title, an investigating official is
authorized—

14 "(A) to administer oaths or affirmations; or

"(B) to require by subpoend the production of all
information, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, papers, and data not otherwise reasonably
available to the authority.

"(2) In conducting an investigation under section
803(a)(1) of this title, the Inspector General of an authority
may require by subpoend the attendance and testimony of
witnesses if—

23 "(A) such Inspector General transmits a written
24 notice to the Attorney General specifying that—

1	"(i) such attendance and testimony are nec-
2	essary to the conduct of such investigation; and
3	"(ii) such Inspector General will require by
4	subpoena such attendance and testimony; and
5	"(B) within 45 days after the Attorney General
6	receives the notice required by subparagraph (A) of this
7	paragraph, the Attorney General or an Assistant Attor-
8	ney General designated by the Attorney General does
9	not transmit to such investigating official a written
10	statement disapproving such subpoena.
11	"(3)(A) An Inspector General of an authority may not
12	delegate the authority of such Inspector General under para-
13	graph (2) of this subsection to require by subpoena the at-

14 tendance and testimony of witnesses to any officer or employ-15 ee of the authority.

16 "(B) For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (2),
17 the term 'Inspector General' means an Inspector General of
18 an authority in which an Office of Inspector General is es19 tablished by the Inspector General Act of 1978 or by any
20 other Federal law.

21 "(4) Each subpoend issued under paragraph (2) of this
22 subsection shall—

23 "(A) prescribe a date, time, and place at which
24 oral testimony shall be commenced;

"(B) describe the procedures under which, in ac cordance with this section, such testimony will be
 taken; and

4 "(C) identify the investigating official who shall
5 conduct the investigation.

6 "(5)(A) Any investigating official before whom oral tes-7 timony is to be taken shall put the person giving such testi-8 mony under oath or affirmation and shall personally, or by 9 any individual acting under the direction and in the presence 10 of such investigating official, record and transcribe the testi-11 mony of such person.

"(B) Any investigating official before whom oral testi-1213mony under this section is to be taken shall exclude from the place where the testimony is to be taken all persons except the 14 person giving the testimony, the attorney for the person 15giving the testimony, the attorney for the investigating offi-16 cial, any person who may be agreed upon by the investigating 17 official and the person giving the testimony, and any stenog-18 rapher taking such testimony. 19

20 "(C) The oral testimony of any person taken pursuant 21 to a subpoena issued under paragraph (2) of this subsection 22 shall be taken in the judicial district of the United States in 23 which such person resides or transacts business, or in such 24 other place as may be agreed upon by such person and the investigating official before whom the oral testimony of such
 person is to be taken.

3 "(D) Any person compelled to appear under a subpoena
4 issued under paragraph (2) of this subsection may be accom5 panied, represented, and advised by an attorney. The attor6 ney may advise such person, in confidence, either upon the
7 request of such person or upon the initiative of the attorney,
8 with respect to any question asked of such person.

9 "(E)(i) After the testimony of any person is fully tran-10scribed, the investigating official shall afford the person (who may be accompanied by an attorney) a reasonable opportuni-11 ty to examine the transcript of such testimony. The transcript 1213shall be read to or by such person, unless such examination 14 and reading are waived by such person. Any changes in form or substance which such person desires to make shall be en-15tered and identified upon the transcript by the investigating 16 official with a statement of the reasons given by such person 17 for making such changes. The transcript shall then be signed 18 by such person, unless such person in writing waives the 19signing, is ill, cannot be found, or refuses to sign. 20

21 "(ii) If the transcript is not signed by the person within
22 30 days after the date upon which the person is first afforded
23 a reasonable opportunity to examine the transcript, the inves24 tigating official shall sign the transcript and state on the
25 record the fact of the waiver, illness, absence of such person,

or the refusal to sign, together with any reasons given for the
 failure to sign.

3 "(F) The investigating official shall certify on the tran4 script that the person giving testimony was duly sworn by the
5 investigating official and that the transcript is a true record
6 of the testimony given by such person.

7 "(G) The investigating official shall furnish a copy of
8 the transcript (upon payment of reasonable charges for the
9 transcript) to the person giving testimony.

10 "(H) Any person appearing for the taking of oral testi-11 mony pursuant to a subpoena issued under paragraph (2) of 12 this subsection shall be entitled to the same fees and mileage 13 which are paid to witnesses in the district courts of the 14 United States.

15 "(b) For the purposes of conducting a hearing under
16 section 803(e) of this title, a hearing examiner is
17 authorized—

18 "(1) to administer oaths or affirmations; and

19 "(2) to require by subpoend the attendance and 20 testimony of witnesses and the production of all infor-21 mation, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, 22 papers, and other data and documentary evidence 23 which the hearing examiner considers relevant and ma-24 terial to the hearing.

1 "(c) In the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section, 2an investigating official or a hearing examiner, as the case 3 may be, may request the Attorney General to invoke the aid 4 of any district court of the United States in the district in 5which such investigation or hearing is being conducted, or 6 7 where the person receiving the subpoena resides or conducts business. The district courts of the United States shall have 8 jurisdiction to issue an appropriate order for the enforcement 9 of any such subpoena. Any failure to obey such order of the 10 court is punishable by such court as contempt. 11

12 "\$ 805. Judicial review

13 "(a)(1) A determination by a reviewing official under
14 section 803 of this title shall be final and shall not be subject
15 to judicial review.

"(2) Unless a petition is filed under this section, a determination under section 803 of this title that a person is
liable under section 802 of this title shall be final and shall
not be subject to judicial review.

20 "(b)(1)(A) Any person for whom a determination of li-21 ability under section 802 of this title has been made pursuant 22 to section 803 of this title may obtain review of such determi-23 nation in53

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1	(i) the United States Court of Appeals for the
2	circuit in which such person resides or transacts
3	business;
4	"(ii) the United States Court of Appeals for the
5	circuit in which the claim or statement upon which the
6	determination of liability is based was made, present-
7	ed, or submitted; or
8	"(iii) the United States Court of Appeals for the
9	District of Columbia Circuit.
10	"(B) Such review may be obtained by filing in any
11	such court a written petition that such determination be
12	modified or set aside. Such petition shall be filed—
13	"(i) only after such person has exhausted all ad-
14	ministrative remedies under this chapter; and
15	"(ii) within 60 days after the date on which the
16	authority head sends such person a copy of the decision
17	of such authority head under section 803(h)(2) of this
18	title.
19	"(2) The clerk of the court shall transmit a copy of a
20	petition filed under paragraph (1) of this subsection to the
21	authority head and to the Attorney General. Upon receipt of
22	the copy of such petition, the authority head shall transmit to
23	the Attorney General the record in the proceeding resulting
24	in the determination of liability under section 802 of this

25 title. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the courts

of appeals of the United States shall have jurisdiction to 1 review the decision, findings, and determinations in issue 23 and to affirm, modify, remand for further consideration, or 4 set aside, in whole or in part, the decision, findings, and determinations of the hearing examiner and the authority 5head, and to enforce such decision, findings, and determina-6 tions to the extent that such decision, findings, and determi-7 nations are affirmed or modified. 8

9 "(c) The findings of the hearing examiner with respect 10 to questions of fact shall be final and conclusive, and shall 11 not be set aside unless the decision of the hearing examiner is 12 arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not 13 in accordance with law, or if such findings are not supported 14 by substantial evidence.

"(d) Any court of appeals reviewing under this section 15the decision, findings, and determinations of a hearing exam-16iner or an authority head shall not consider any objection 17 that was not raised in the hearing conducted pursuant to sec-18tion 803(e) of this title unless a demonstration is made of 19 extraordinary circumstances causing the failure to raise the 20objection. If any party demonstrates to the satisfaction of the 21court that additional evidence not presented at such hearing 22is material and that there were reasonable grounds for the 2324 failure to present such evidence at such hearing, the court shall remand the matter to the hearing examiner for consider ation of such additional evidence.

"(e) Upon a final determination by the court of appeals
that a person is liable under section 802 of this title, the court
shall enter a final judgment for the appropriate amount in
favor of the United States, and such judgment may be recorded and enforced by the Attorney General to the same
extent and in the same manner as a judgment entered by any
United States district court.

10 "§ 806. Collection of civil penalties and assessments

"(a) The Attorney General shall be responsible for judicial enforcement of any civil penalty or assessment imposed
pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

14 "(b) Any penalty or assessment imposed in a determina-15tion which has become final pursuant to section 803 of this title may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attor-16 ney General. In any such action, no matter that was raised 17 or that could have been raised in a hearing conducted under 18 section 803(e) of this title or pursuant to judicial review 19 20under section 805 of this title may be raised as a defense, 21and the determination of liability and the determination of 22amounts of penalties and assessments shall not be subject to 23review.

24 "(c) The district courts of the United States and of any
25 territory or possession of the United States shall have juris-

diction of any action commenced by the United States under
 subsection (b) of this section.

3 "(d) Any action under subsection (b) of this section
4 may, without regard to venue requirements, be joined and
5 consolidated with or asserted as a counterclaim, cross-claim,
6 or setoff by the United States in any other civil action which
7 includes as parties the United States and the person against
8 whom such action may be brought.

9 "(e)(1) The United States Claims Court shall have ju-10 risdiction of any action under subsection (b) of this section to 11 recover any penalty and assessment if the cause of action is 12 asserted by the United States as a counterclaim in a matter 13 pending in such court. The United States may join as addi-14 tional parties in such counterclaim all persons who may be 15 jointly and severally liable with the person against whom 16 such counterclaim is asserted.

"(2) No cross-claims or third-party claims not otherwise
within the jurisdiction of the United States Claims Court
shall be asserted among additional parties joined under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

21 "(f) The Attorney General shall have exclusive author-22 ity to compromise or settle any penalty and assessment the23 determination of which is the subject of a pending petition24 pursuant to section 805 of this title or a pending action to25 recover such penalty or assessment pursuant to this section.

"(g) Any amount of penalty and assessment collected
 under this chapter shall be deposited as miscellaneous re ceipts in the Treasury of the United States.

4 "\$ 807. Right to setoff.

5"(a)(1) The amount of any penalty or assessment which has become final under section 803 of this title, or for which 6 a judgment has been entered under section 805(e) or 806 of 7 this title, or any amount agreed upon in a settlement or com-8 promise under section 803(i) or 806(f) of this title, may be 9 deducted from any sum, except for a refund of an overpay-10 ment of Federal taxes, then or later owing by the United 11 12States to the person liable for such penalty and assessment. "(2) The authority head shall transmit written notice of 13 each deduction made under this paragraph to the person 14 15liable for such penalty and assessment.

16 "(3) All amounts retained pursuant to this paragraph
17 shall be remitted to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit
18 in accordance with section 806(g) of this title.

19 "(b) An authority head may forward a certified copy of 20 any determination as to liability for any penalty or assess-21 ment which has become final under section 803 of this title, a 22 certified copy of any judgment which has been entered under 23 section 805(e) or 806 of this title, or a certified copy of any 24 settlement or compromise under section 803(i) or 806(f) of this title, to the Secretary of the Treasury for action in ac cordance with subsection (a) of this section.

3 "§ 808. Limitations

4 "(a) A hearing under section 803(d)(2) of this title with
5 respect to a claim or statement shall be commenced within six
6 years after the date on which such claim or statement is
7 made, presented, or submitted.

8 "(b) A civil action to recover a penalty and assessment 9 under section 806 of this title shall be commenced within 10 three years after the date on which the determination of li-11 ability for such penalty and assessment becomes final.

"(c) If at any time during the course of proceedings 12 brought pursuant to this chapter the authority head receives 13or discovers any specific information regarding bribery, gra-14 tuities, conflict of interest, or other corruption or similar ac-15tivity in relation to a false claim or statement, the authority 16 head shall immediately report such information to the Attor-17 ney General, and in the case of an authority in which an 18 Office of Inspector General is established by the Inspector 19 General Act of 1978 or by any other Federal law, to the 20Inspector General of that authority. 21

22 "\$ 809. Regulations

23 "(a) Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this
24 chapter, each authority head shall promulgate rules and regu25 lations necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter.

Such rules and regulations shall insure that investigating
 officials and reviewing officials are not responsible for con ducting the hearing required in section 803(e) of this title,
 making the determinations required by subsections (e) and
 (g) of section 803 of this title, or making the collections under
 section 806 of this title.

"(b) The Attorney General may enter into a memoran-7 dum of understanding with the head of any authority to pro-8 vide expeditious procedures for approving or disapproving the 9 referral of allegations under section 803(b) of this title and 10 for referral of matters for action under sections 805 and 806 11 12 of this title. Such memorandum of understanding may provide advanced authorization to refer allegations under section 13 803(b) of this title with respect to any particular type or class 14 of alleged false claims or statements if not otherwise barred 15 by section 808 of this title. 16

17 "§ 810. Reports

18 "Not later than October 31 of each year, each authority 19 head shall prepare and transmit to the appropriate commit-20 tees and subcommittees of the Congress an annual report 21 summarizing actions taken under this chapter during the 22 most recent twelve-month period ending the previous Septem-23 ber 30. Such report shall include—

24 "(1) a summary of matters referred by the inves25 tigating official of the authority to the reviewing offi-

cial of the authority under section 803(a)(1) of this
 title during such period;

3 "(2) a summary of matters transmitted to the At4 torney General under section 803(b)(1) of this title
5 during such period;

6 "(3) a summary of all hearings conducted by 7 hearing examiners under section 803(e) of this title, 8 and the results of such hearings, during such period; 9 and

10 "(4) a summary of the actions taken during such
11 period to collect any civil penalty or assessment im12 posed under this chapter.".

13 (b) The table of chapters for part I of title 5, United
14 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating
15 to chapter 7 the following new item:

"8. Administrative Remedies for False Claims and Statements..... 801.".

16 SEC. 4. This Act and the amendments made by this Act 17 shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act, and 18 shall apply to any claim or statement made, presented, or 19 submitted on or after such date.

Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide administrative civil remedies for false claims and statements made to the United States by certain recipients of property, services, or money from the United States, by parties to contracts with the United States, or by Federal employees, and for other purposes."





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Calendar No. 455

^{99TH CONGRESS} S. 1134

[Report No. 99-212]

A BILL

To amend title 5, United States Code, to provide administrative civil penalties for false claims and statements made to the United States by certain recipients of property, services, or money from the United States, by parties to contracts with the United States, or by Federal employees, and for other purposes.

DECEMBER 10 (legislative day, DECEMBER 9), 1985

Reported with an amendment and an amendment to the title