

The Economist,

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL TIMES,

Bankers' Gazette, and Railway Monitor:

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THE FEDERATION OF EMPLOYERS.

THE "National Federation of Associated Employers" will be, we think, excellent if it is a small thing, and pernicious if it is a great thing; and as this may seem a rather paradoxical conclusion, we must explain carefully the reasons for which we adopt it.

That the large employers of labour should be dissatisfied with much of the present English sentiment, and much of the present English literature, is very natural. They cannot but feel that a disproportionate attention is given to the "working man." His rights are paraded and his claims obtruded, while the rights and claims of his employer are neglected. On the hustings and in Parliament, you will find fifty observations on the rights of labour for one on the rights of "capital." One would think, from much current doctrine, that it was the labourers exclusively who made this country, and that those who paid the labourers and set them to work had nothing to do with it. The organising mind is scarcely mentioned in comparison with the executing hand.

It is natural, too, that the great employers of labour should dislike the almost national position of the "Trades Unions." As the manifesto of the new Association puts it, Trades Unions have "a command of money and an imposing aspect of organization." "They organise frequent meetings." "They put a pressure on members of Parliament; they are endeavouring to get members of their own into Parliament; they have already a standing Parliamentary Committee, and 'active members of Parliament are energetic in their service'; they have the 'attentive ear of the Ministers of the day, and their communications are received with respectful attention.'" And all this organisation and this influence are strained to the disadvantage of the employer in every controversy which occurs. The labourers possess and use an effectual "agitator machine," but the employers have nothing comparable.

We cannot doubt that the employers are right to reform this. Few things can be better or more important than that they should have a good mouthpiece, a good means of pressing their case on the Legislature, an effectual organ for explaining their opinion and their wants to the public. Every Bill which comes into Parliament should be watched by a regular Association on the employers' behalf, just as it is by the Trades Unions on the labourers' behalf. If possible, though this is far more difficult, on every controversy there should be a clear and able statement of the employers' wishes, to stay the current of literary fashion, which predominantly sympathises with the wants of the labourers. On two questions now under discussion, the Law of Master and Servant and the Law of Conspiracy, nothing can be more important than that the whole subject should be fully seen, and that no decision should be made on a one-sided argument. And there is a real danger of this, for both political parties are bidding for the support of the operatives; every effort is being made to multiply Conservative working men as a counterpoise to the Radical working men; and the rights of capital may easily be disregarded and the whole nation easily injured by a defective law of industry, because members of Parliament, Whig and Tory, are competing for the votes of labourers.

Thus far the "National Association" has before it excellent and useful work. If it adheres to this, very few societies will a few years hence have attained more and better results. But we are not quite sure that it will adhere to it. There are some expressions in the manifesto which alarm us, for they

seem to contemplate a greater function, which, in our judgment, can never do much good, but may easily work extreme mischief. Thus we are told that "should the 'industrial civil war' waged by the Trade Union leaders continue to gather head and increase in intensity, and the employers be driven to the exercise of all their defensive powers, then it will be the office of the Council to guide and to lead them, with patience, prudence, and moderation, but with firmness and unflinching decision, in the use of such measures as—having first been voluntarily acquiesced in by the associations and firms composing the Federation—shall appear necessary to defeat the organised aggression which threatens the national prosperity." We are not sure, but we fear this means that if the Trades Unions combine and make a common purse in aid of strikes, this association will try to extend itself and make a bigger purse in aid of "lock-outs"—an attempt which would be a disaster in itself, and would be the parent of other disasters.

We do not believe that in the long run labour is at all stronger than capital; on the contrary, we believe that if capitalists conduct their affairs with decent caution and prudence, they are quite strong enough to resist any combination which can be united against them. But, on the other hand, we do believe that an association of labourers, like a Trades Union, has advantages which no league of employers can hope to rival, and with which, therefore, none should try to compete. The class of employers, we believe, is quite as strong as the class of labourers; but a federation of employers will commonly be weaker than a federation of labourers.

In the first place, it may seem odd at first sight to say so, considering the great wealth of some capitalists, but in fact the Association of Labourers has an advantage over that of capitalists in the first point of all, the raising of the money. The Trades Unions are, as we have often shown, two things—first, they are benefit societies, which give the ordinary advantages of a benefit society in case of age, death, or sickness; and secondly, they are strike societies, as we may call them, for advancing the interests of the labourer against the employer; and the premium for the two purposes—for the benefit purpose and for the combative purpose—is combined. There is a united premium for them both, and that premium is carried to a single fund. In consequence, the governors of the Trades Union have at their disposal for a strike a large sum of money raised for quite a different purpose; they can devote to a resistance of employers the funds retained by the operatives for sickness, burial, and old age. They can, if they choose, turn the "provident fund" into a "combative fund." We need not say that the employers have no similar resource. Their "provident fund" is the amount set apart for life insurance and for putting their families in the world; but this is yearly spent in premiums as it is wanted, and does not exist in a tangible shape—cannot be put into the hands of an association whose leaders can use it as they choose. In an association of capitalists against labourers the fighting fund must be subscribed as an exclusive subscription confined to fighting only; on the contrary, in an association of labourers against capitalists, the fighting fund is subscribed not only for that purpose, but for many others.

This contrast is the more important because, in general, the contentious expenditure is but a fraction, and the benefit expenditure by far the greater part of a Trades Union's outlay. At an occasional strike a great sum is spent on combative action, but in general very little goes in that manner; most of it is spent in aiding sickness, and in similar objects. But at a crisis the Trades Union gains in this way the use of a vast sum of money, and it is not easy for capitalists to obtain an equal one. The wealth of some capitalists is great, no doubt, but there is not the same facility for making it available. You cannot proceed indirectly as the workmen can, you must enforce it in another form—you must raise a particular fund for this purpose only. And when you come to arrange this you are met with a difficulty. There are all degrees in the wealth of capitalists, some are very rich, some moderately so, some struggling, some on the verge of bankruptcy. Are all these to subscribe equally to a strike-fund? If not, who is to settle the degrees; who can say how much A ought to contribute and how much B? An equal subscription would produce but little, for the small people would never lay down very much, and a large one could only be settled by a progressive tax on comparative rules which there is no one to adjust, and which no one would

endure. Possibly at a great crisis equality might not be thought of; great employers might come down with large sums and never care whether other people paid. But in the ordinary working of an association it would not be easy to raise a great fund; the richest people would often be the most penurious in a contribution from which nothing present was anticipated, and from which only distant consequences could be hoped.

And in the second place, not only is there a great difficulty in the raising of an employers' "combative fund," but there is also much greater difficulty in its expenditure. Capitalists, as we have seen, are of all sorts—very rich, rather rich, rather poor, very poor. Who is to settle, when the fight comes, how much each capitalist is to draw from the combative fund? No. 1 wants nothing at all; No. 2 can meet all his acceptances but one; No. 3 cannot meet his acceptances at all. Is No. 1 to receive nothing from the fund, No. 2 a little, No. 3 much? If all capitalists are to be effectually supported out of this fund, just as all labourers are from their fund, this ought to be the distribution; but it amounts to a steady bounty on poverty, which rich subscribers to the fund would never endure. In fact, a strike society of capitalists would have before it a much more complex problem than a society of labourers; the labourers need only be maintained in physical life—their body and soul need only be kept together; but the capitalists must be maintained not only physically but commercially—that is, their liabilities must be liquidated and all their debts paid out of the society's funds. Of course, the poor employer would like this very much; he would like having his acceptances paid for him exceedingly, but the rich employers would not tolerate it. They would not maintain in bad times the "low men" who had "cut in" and had depressed their profits in good times.

We have heard it asked why there was never an Employers' Federation before; why there never was a capitalist Union to fight the labourers' Union. But the reason is that the sound capitalists now make provision for strikes of labourers as for all other trade events. They consider them as one of the risks of their business, and they provide for that risk just as they do for others. The unsound capitalists do not so provide, and at every strike they fail in consequence; and so the trade is weeded. But if there were an immense association with a common purse, the prudent employers would have no advantage; the imprudent would be exposed to no ruin. Those who took all the proper precautions and those who took none would be maintained alike out of the common fund. Such an association has never been started because the interest of the most influential capitalists is opposed to it, and because, therefore, it would be sure to fail before long.

We hope, therefore, that the present "Federation" will be content to be small and useful, and not attempt to be large and mischievous. As an intellectual organ it may, if managed well, be excellent, but as a financial combatant it will almost certainly be ruined. And nothing can be more unfortunate than that an association of such magnitude should raise a formal quarrel between capital and labour, under conditions that would ensure an apparent victory to the latter and an apparent defeat to the former.

THE AMERICAN DEFICIT.

THE fact of the United States having a deficit causes a good deal of surprise. Only a year ago no finance seemed more prosperous than that of the Americans. In the last closed fiscal year, viz., for 1871-72, there had been a surplus of about eighteen millions sterling, and the debt had been largely reduced. The reduction between March 4th, 1869, and December 1st, 1872, or in rather less than four years, had been about 70,000,000*l.*, which was an average reduction of about eighteen millions per annum. These were great results, and the Americans very justly obtained credit for their good husbandry and economy, and patience in bearing taxation, by which only such results could be obtained. Now that we hear of a deficit it will be interesting to see what the fact is and what light the causes of it throw on the condition of America or the working of the governmental machinery in matters of finance.

The extent of the deficit appears in the first place to be officially exaggerated. According to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury the balance in the Treasury had been reduced nearly 30,000,000 dollars, or say six millions sterling, during the first quarter of the current financial year, while a

farther deficiency of 13,000,000 dollars, or upwards of two millions, was anticipated during the remainder of the year. For the following year, 1874-75, a deficit of 14,000,000 dols, or about 2½ millions sterling, was also looked forward to. But from the summarised accounts which we subjoin it will be seen that the real fact is not so unfavourable as this. The figures of the American Finance Minister include in the expenditure an appropriation of about 6,000,000 for the Sinking Fund; and omitting this item, as we do in the subjoined summary, it is found that the net deficit of the current year (part estimated) is reduced to 20,394,000 dols, or less than 4 millions sterling, while there is in reality an estimated surplus of 16,428,000 dols, or about 3 millions sterling, for the following year, and no real deficit at all. Mr Richardson, in fact, treats the appropriation for the Sinking Fund as an item of current expenditure, American law perhaps requiring him to do so; and the effect is to exaggerate a deficit during the current year and turn an estimated surplus into an estimated deficit in the year which follows it. We need hardly say that to look fairly at the actual position of American finance any exaggeration of this sort must be disregarded. Still, when all allowances are made, there is a deficit of 4 millions estimated for the current year, and the margin of surplus next year is much smaller than the world has been accustomed to look for in American finance since the close of the civil war. An important change of some sort must have occurred in the financial administration, whether that of Congress or of the Executive Department.

The change, it will be seen from our tables, has occurred on both sides of the account. A great surplus has been changed into a smaller surplus, or an actual deficit, both by a diminution of the receipts and by an increase of expenditure. Superficially, the diminution of the receipts is the most serious fact. The total falls from 364,000,000 dols in 1871-72 to 269,000,000 dols in 1873-4—a reduction of 95,000,000 dols, or about 18,000,000—almost the exact amount of the average annual surplus of the four years ending in 1872. The reduction in customs alone is from 216,000,000 dols to 190,000,000 dols, or about 5,000,000; and in internal revenue it is from 131,000,000 dols to 91,000,000 dols, or nearly 8,000,000. But the increase of expenditure is also very important. In 1871-2, omitting the debt interest, it was 153,000,000 dols; in 1873-4, it is estimated to be 180,000,000 dols—an increase of 27,000,000 dols, or about 5 millions sterling. This is a great increase in the expense of government in two years, and is evidently a main cause of the deficit which is now being felt. The aggregate expenditure has not increased so much, because the debt interest, owing to the surpluses of the previous two years, has been reduced; but it is important, nevertheless, to separate these two parts of the expenditure in order to see how it is that the reduction of the debt interest is insufficient to neutralise the deficit arising from a diminution of receipts. All the leading departments of the American Administration have, in fact, increased their expenditure. The War Department spends 48,000,000 dols, as against 35,000,000 dols in 1871-2; the Naval Department, 28,000,000 dols, as against 21,000,000 dols; and the increase in these two branches alone is thus about 20,000,000 dols, or nearly 4,000,000, which is four-fifths of the total increase.

Such is the state of the American deficit, and we have now to inquire what are its causes. The account we think necessarily deprives the Americans of some of the credit they have obtained in the past for their immense surpluses. If these surpluses had been obtained by deliberate pre-arrangement, it would hardly have been possible for so sudden a change as what has now occurred to have taken place. Otherwise the American people would have been convicted of an excessive desire to pay off their debt in one year, and an utter forgetfulness of this motive the next, and such sudden changes in the fixed policy of great States are improbable. The explanation, we believe, is that as the past surpluses to some extent came by chance, a fact which we have formerly more than once pointed out, so the present deficit comes by chance too. A large excess of taxation was retained because there was no sufficient discussion of the principles of finance, which would have shown the expediency of reducing taxes so as to relieve the burden on industry in preference to paying off the debt at an enormous present cost. The expenditure, in the same way, was cut down ruthlessly by an irresponsible body in a fit of economy without that careful

attention to details or mindfulness of the object of expenditure which a responsible executive must have practised. Hence these immense surpluses of past years which excited so much astonishment; and the reverse side of which it was impossible to make evident, owing to the happy circumstances of America, which make her economical blunders so much less fatal than those of an older country. But as the surpluses were never fully intended, so the present deficit comes in almost a haphazard way, and is certainly no indication on the part of the American people of an intention to depart from their past policy in financial matters, which includes a large reduction of the debt. It has simply arisen from a hasty and irresponsible remission of taxes on the one side, and an equally hasty increase of the appropriations for expenditure on the other—to a large extent because the previous reductions had been too severe—the whole being done without the nice adjustment of means to ends which would have been necessary if the changes had been made on the recommendation of a responsible executive. As regards the revenue, the remissions were magnified by a curious party movement. The financial history of the last two sessions of Congress was this—that a large free-trade party had been returned anxious to remove protective duties, but the protectionist party, which was somewhat stronger, agitated, and at length voted, for a remission of other taxes, so as to prevent any proper discussion of a large measure for dealing with protective duties. In pursuance of this policy tea and coffee and other articles of consumption were put on the free list, and the internal taxes were also reduced, the result being the enormous falling off in the yield above stated. We are not sure but that the expenditure was increased in part from a similar motive, there being enough popular support of a reduction of protective duties to render some action towards their removal necessary, unless that course was rendered impossible by the want of funds out, out of which the remission could be made. Still the free-trade party were able to carry a part of their programme, and the net result of the tactics of the two parties was a greater absolute reduction than either, in a financial view, would have advised. The result could hardly have been arrived at if the discussion had been carried on under the supervision of a responsible executive, answerable for the harmony and smooth working of the whole Government machine; such an executive would have resigned rather than propose a deficit; but the despotism of a Congress of opposing parties makes a chance result quite likely. As regards expenditure, the very magnitude of the increase in so short a period proves, we think, that there is something wrong. No responsible ministry, in a time of peace, would have ventured to propose estimates showing so large an increase without condemning their predecessors. We assume that what has been amiss was mainly a too severe reduction in former years, than which there is nothing in the end more costly as the present increase would prove; but if this is not the case, and the expenditure is now improperly increased, the case against the American Government becomes stronger. The conclusion would be that a pressure of public opinion in favour of economy one year causes a reduction of expenditure that threatens to throw the whole machine out of gear, and then the subject is forgotten, and the expenditure is rapidly and corruptly increased.

On the whole, therefore, the account necessarily diminishes the credit which the American people have enjoyed for good finance. A policy of great debt reduction, adopted and followed somewhat loosely and fitfully, is obviously not so creditable as a similar policy which is really the fruit of deliberation and settled design. As we now see, the policy is liable to be as lightly abandoned as it is taken up. But at the same time the actual present difficulty ought not to be exaggerated, or the conclusion come to that the past policy is being abandoned altogether. There is now a deficit, aggravated somewhat by the falling off of the yield of taxes, in consequence of the panic; but it is evidently a temporary deficit only. The American Finance Minister, in his estimate for 1874-5, very properly takes credit for an augmentation of revenue in consequence of the natural growth of the country, and at an early date this cause alone must put American finance to rights again. The augmentation may not in fact be so great as is estimated for next year, but it may fairly be counted upon; and with a little economy a régime of surpluses may again be commenced. We observe that the suggestion has been made to meet the present deficit by a loan, while Mr Richardson suggests new taxes; but the latter pro-

posal at least is based upon the anticipation of an artificial deficit for next year in consequence of the appropriation for the sinking fund. There is certainly no occasion for fresh taxes, disturbing the existing order of things, in order to pay off more debt, for these taxes in a year or two, as the revenue arguments, would require to be taken off; the object intended is not worth the cost; and any loan that may be required will manifestly be of small amount, if indeed the deficit, which is only four millions for the current year, cannot be met out of the enormous balances of the Government.

ACCOUNTS OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT FOR 1871-2 AND 1872-3; ACCOUNT WITH PART ESTIMATE FOR 1873-4; AND ESTIMATE FOR 1874-5.

	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.
	dols.	dols.	(Part Estimate.)	Estimated.
RECEIPTS.				
Customs	216,370,000	188,000,000	160,195,000	180,000,000
Sales of public lands	2,576,000	2,882,000	2,074,000	2,500,000
Internal revenue	139,642,000	113,729,000	91,010,000	105,000,000
Tax and circulation of national banks	6,523,000	6,830,000	6,091,000	6,200,000
Repayment of interest by Pacific railways	750,000	511,000	499,000	500,000
Customs, fines, &c.	1,195,000	1,965,000	1,230,000	1,500,000
Consular, patent, and other fees	2,284,000	1,577,000	1,504,000	1,500,000
Proceeds of Government property	4,412,000	1,837,000	1,394,000	1,500,000
Miscellaneous	4,412,000	4,657,000	3,508,000	4,000,000
Net ordinary receipts	364,094,000	322,177,000	268,954,000	305,700,000
EXPENDITURE.				
Civil and Miscellaneous	59,145,000	71,757,000	60,622,000	73,567,000
Foreign intercourse	1,839,000	1,571,000	1,106,000	2,350,000
Indians	7,062,000	7,352,000	8,509,000	7,000,000
Pensions	28,533,000	29,359,000	30,478,000	30,480,000
Military Establishment	35,372,000	46,323,000	47,795,000	50,000,000
Naval ditto	21,250,000	23,326,000	27,792,000	23,000,000
Interest on debt	117,358,000	104,751,000	107,052,000	101,875,000
Total (exclusive of redemption of debt)	270,560,000	285,239,000	289,344,000	289,272,000
Surplus	94,134,000	36,938,000	...	16,428,000
Deficit	...	...	20,394,000	...

THE PLANS OF THE FRENCH CONSERVATIVES.

THE Conservatives of the French Assembly have entered upon a path which will probably lead them far away from the principles they take their name from and which will probably also bring them to the brink of that abyss of revolution the horrors of which haunt their waking thoughts and trouble their dreams. After the agitations which succeeded the failure of the intrigue to bring back "Henry Fifth" had resulted in the vote conferring power on Marshal MacMahon for seven years, a manifest reaction—the weariness following over-excitement—was observed in French politics. If the Government of the Duc de Broglie had been wise enough to lay aside for a few weeks its tactics of "combat," if it had abstained from provocative measures, there was at least a chance that the temper of the country would have partially cooled down and acquiesced in the rule of the Assembly. And for a moment it seemed as though the Government were inclined to take this sagacious course. The Constitutional laws were indeed talked about, and an absurd amount of time was spent upon the balloting for the members of the Committee, but there was no apparent anxiety to press them on, even though the Electoral Bill included among them was to give the Right the guarantees for permanent authority, which even the Assembly that ousted M. Thiers, and established the Military Presidency for a reign of seven years, did not afford them. But then came the elections of the week before last; three representative constituencies had to send members to Versailles: a wealthy suburban district, supposed to be strongly Conservative, an agricultural department, and Finistère—the very centre of loyal and orthodox Brittany; and all three sent up strongly pronounced Republicans. The majorities were very large; the Bonapartists were badly beaten in the only place where they ventured to put forward a candidate formally devoted to Imperialism; but the Ministerialists were even more utterly routed. These events threw the Government and their supporters once again into a panic. Appalled to discover that the country, though quiet, still disapproved the intrigues, unsuccessful and successful, of the autumn, and distrusted the intriguers, the "Conservatives" have decided that "something must be done." The first thing to be done was to secure a strong and steady local pressure upon the electorate, and

this was aimed at by the law withdrawing from the electors the right of choosing the mayors, and for restoring this immense patronage, and all the power over popular opinion that it carries with it, to the Central Government. But in the opinion of the Conservatives in the Assembly, neither this nor any other measure failing to restrict the suffrage could be deemed satisfactory, or even safe. Not ever the numerous and active staff of prefects, the army of 37,000 mayors, and the auxiliary host of petty officials down to the *gard champêtre*, could be trusted to drill into secure discipline the millions of French voters who had shown that by some unaccountable aberration of human intelligence they might be tempted to vote for the Republic.

Accordingly, at the present moment, all the ingenuity of the French Ministerialists is bestowed upon the concoction of a plan for the restriction of the suffrage, and presently all their energy will be given to the task of carrying it. We may doubt, however, if the limitation is likely to be accepted by a majority of the Assembly. The experiences of the latter years of Louis Philippe's reign, and again of the period immediately preceding the *coup d'état* are discouraging, and it is certain that the politicians who now voted for the disfranchisement of some millions of voters—from whose mandate they had taken and exercised, with a bold denial of responsibility, supreme power—would henceforth be marked men in French politics. The arguments against granting universal suffrage are many and cogent, but when they come to be compared with the arguments against taking away universal suffrage when once granted, and above all when enjoyed during more than twenty years, they lose much of their force. "The gods do not take back their gifts." It is as dangerous to attempt to deprive a people of political rights which it has once exercised, as it would be for a Government to reduce to a diet of oatmeal or potatoes a population that had been accustomed to live on beans and bacon and beer. It would be to no purpose that a dietetic reformer might point out how Irishmen have subsisted on potatoes, and Scotchmen on porridge, by way of convincing a Cobbett that beans and bacon and beer were bad things. Nor would it be of any use to argue with a French peasant who has enjoyed the franchise—though for a great part of the time in name only—since the plebiscite of 1851, about the mischievousness of his having a share in the government of the country. And, in fact, such arguments, whatever might be their value in the case of other nations and different social systems, are not decisive in the case of France. It is not true in France that as you go higher in the social scale you get further and further away from the elements of revolution. The *rococo* aspirations of the Royalist parties, the aggressive tactics of the Clerical faction, and the timidity of the bourgeois, are, in truth, the greatest dangers to Conservatism, in the true, not the party sense, that France has to fear. The peasantry are the real French Conservatives, and they so vastly outnumber the Socialists and Radicals of the great towns, whose designs M. de Broglie and his colleagues profess to fear, that when they are united in support of any form of government there is the best guarantee of stability and order that can be secured for France. Now, every one of the proposals that have been put forward for the limitation or control of universal suffrage, whether by the disfranchisement of large bodies of electors or by the establishment of plural voting or otherwise, is aimed deliberately and almost avowedly at the peasantry, who have been making a bad use, as the Right contend, of their votes. If they should be carried, the Conservative strength of France, which during three years of terrible trials has endured the strain to the admiration, and, indeed, contrary to the expectation, of the world, would be broken; the mass of the peasantry would be thrown outside the lines of the Constitution, and would be under the strongest temptation to join with the Radicals in caballing against the Government; and this revolution would be attempted by an Assembly itself elected by universal suffrage. Is not this sham Conservatism which is something worse, because more demoralising, than the rant of the wildest Radicals? The Republic for which the peasants have voted, and which the Right wish to punish with disfranchisement, is a form of Government that has, for the present at all events, the best chance of permanence, because the people clearly desire it; while the Government that the Right would build on a restricted franchise would be an unknown quantity, an element perplexing every political calculation and disturbing progress of every kind by its uncertainties.

THE RUSH OF NEW FOREIGN LOANS.

THE "rush" by foreign States to borrow money in London is justly attracting a good deal of attention. Some months ago the anticipation of it had a great effect on the Stock Exchange prices of the more speculative foreign securities. There was a general decline, aggravated by special causes of discredit in particular cases, but largely owing to the great amount of the indebtedness which required to be funded—the threatened competition of incessant new issues. We have already witnessed the issue of a large instalment of the loans whose impending appearance was so heavily discounted. Egypt and Turkey were the first in the field, and with the largest issues, the prospect of a monetary disturbance being insufficient to delay them; but on the first signs of appeasement in the money market the other issues which were suspended have been making their appearance. Within the last four weeks Russia has appeared as a borrower of 15,000,000*l*; Hungary, 7,500,000*l*; Buenos Ayres, 2,000,000*l*; in addition to minor issues on behalf of foreign municipalities, or industrial companies organised in foreign states, and usually enjoying some sort of state guarantee. Uruguay is also announced as a borrower of about 6,000,000*l*, making the sixth state loan since the beginning of last July, and the fourth since the recent reduction of the Bank rate to 6 per cent. This is a great rush of borrowing, and as there are certainly a good many loans behind, the agitation which prevailed a little while ago in the foreign stock markets is proved to have been perfectly legitimate. There are some general characteristics of the movement which deserve to be remarked upon, and which rather enhance its significance to the large classes in this country who are interested in foreign securities.

The *first* and most important characteristic is the wholly exclusive, or almost wholly exclusive, nature of the appeal to the London money market. A few years ago the Paris market was a formidable competitor with that of London in floating the loans of foreign states. The minor continental bourses, and especially Frankfort and Amsterdam, were also keen competitors for the minor issues, principally of United States securities. Now London has a manifest monopoly of every new issue of any importance. The names of other foreign markets are mentioned in the prospectuses, but they obviously play a second part. The failure of the Egyptian and Turkish loans in London was admittedly a disastrous and almost fatal blow to the credit of these states. More lately, the indifference of the great financial houses to any market but London was shown by the hasty closing of the list of the Russian loan, before Berlin, though formally named in the prospectus, had any opportunity of subscribing. The appeal is to London, and to London almost alone, for the new money which foreign Governments want. This fact is clear, and the explanation of it appears also to be undoubted. To a certain extent it is no doubt owing to the inconvertible currency in France which has made all kinds of exchange business exceedingly difficult there. The negotiation of foreign loans is intimately mixed up with exchange business, bills being drawn against them, and the question of remittance being obviously important; so that a country with a stable and convertible currency like our own has a direct advantage in comparison with a country whose money is inconvertible paper. The gain of exchange business generally by London at the expense of Paris has also had the indirect effect of encouraging the negotiation of great loans here, and of all other large financial transactions, in consequence of the increase of floating money in London, which has been the necessary result of the transfer. The balances in London have been increased in order to do the new business, and the London money market is consequently larger for all purposes than it was before.

The necessity of bringing new loans to London is also in part explained by the magnitude of its own home issues which France is engaged in absorbing. The great French loans since the close of the war, amounting to about 240,000,000*l*, were subscribed all over Europe, but the holding abroad has been mainly intermediate, and the issues are being finally placed in France itself. This great competition effectually cripples French financial houses in undertaking a new operation for a foreign country. They can place no new issue in France itself, because all the savings of the country go into *rentes*, and they are at the same time burdened with quantities of the newly-created stock which are still on the way to the consumer.

But while these explanations go a certain way, they do not cover the whole ground. Germany, for instance, has not suffered from the special causes which have driven exchange and finance business from Paris to London. There must have been some other more general cause at work. And there can be little doubt what that general cause is. It is the overloading of the German and other continental bourses by new issues of all sorts during the last few years—an overloading which has resulted in large sales of *old* foreign securities on the London Stock Exchange during the present year. Between sales of that sort, and the introduction of a new issue, which is only a sale by the State or body primarily interested instead of by individual holders, there is no substantial difference. The appeal to London by foreign sellers of new as well as of old issues, is only another testimony to the solidity of the London stock and money markets, which has enabled them this year to stand the shock of successive financial crises from almost every great market with which they are directly and indirectly connected.

A *second* characteristic of the new issues, which is also significant of a change in the business analogous to the exclusive appeal to London, is the apparent tendency of the new business to fall into the hands of the older and larger houses. It would be invidious to mention names, but it has been observed that the larger houses, who had been rather obscured for a long time by the activity of younger rivals, are appearing more frequently before the public. The explanation can only be that the increased difficulty of the business, caused by the overloading abroad and the restriction of the field of operations, is favourable to the rich capitalist in the same way that any great fall in prices and securities operates in his favour. The necessity of borrowers and sellers is the opportunity of capitalists with large resources; and we are disposed to think that the frequent reappearance of the names of certain great houses is a sign that they have been enabled to make their own terms. The one characteristic of the present borrowing is, in fact, confirmatory of the other. The great necessities of foreign states, and the amount of overloading abroad, compelled an almost exclusive resort to London. The same necessities and overloading compel resort to the capitalists who are least committed, who have held aloof in the earlier phases of competition, and who are now free to use the larger means they possess in a field from which younger rivals, whose originally smaller resources are probably locked up, are involuntarily excluded.

The practical conclusions from this account of the present rush of borrowing are obvious. The *first* is that the present is probably a very good time for investment in such of the new issues as happen to be sound. The foreign States who are selling their newly-created securities are making a species of forced sale, and there could be no better time for those who are able to buy. Just as it is a good operation to buy depreciated securities in markets which are disturbed and depressed, as was the case on the London Stock Exchange little more than a month ago, so it must be good business now to take up new loans of good foreign states which are under a pressure to borrow. The misfortune for investors is, that the best States will either be able to postpone funding their indebtedness to a more propitious period, or the great capitalist will contrive to make the contract for the issue now, but delay offering it to the public, and so keep for himself the larger part of the profit from the rise of price. It is much to be feared, therefore, that little which is first rate among new issues will really come upon the market, just as there was little to be done in the recent semi-panic among the older issues. But whatever does come upon the market the investor will act wisely to look out for.

The *second* conclusion is that the danger of being seduced into bad business must also be very considerable, and that none of the precautions in lending to foreign states which investors ought to exercise can be safely neglected. There will be a disposition to invest, from confidence in the names of some of the agents who appear in the prospectuses; but no greater mistake could be made. These names are in no respect a guarantee of the character of the borrowers. With all the goodwill in the world, the best houses may make mistakes—as to the borrowers they are willing to introduce to the English public, and the latter in any case can never tell at what stage in the history of a house some falling off may occur, so that the trust which was safely placed yesterday may be misplaced to-day. The only security in all cases is the

fullest investigation and inquiry, irrespective of the agents by whom the borrower is introduced; and there is the more reason for this at the present time because the needs of the borrowers, which are likely to cause some good securities to be offered cheap, are so great as to render it also probable that the bad securities will be puffed by every sort of art. The situation of some borrowers being almost desperate, desperate expedients will be resorted to, and the intending lender may consequently fall into danger, perhaps where he seems most safe.

We need not re-enumerate the particular precautions upon which we have often insisted as essential to the safety of investors in foreign securities. The Spanish collapse, the failure of the South American issues, the recent depreciation of Turkish and Egyptian Stocks—have amply confirmed what we have so often urged as to the danger of lending to States which have no settled polity, or to those which are constant borrowers to pay the interest on their old loans. The latter point is still applicable, it is true, to almost all the issues now before the public, but it would be useless to reiterate warnings. The special danger at the present moment appears again to be the pretext of reproductive public works to be executed in the borrowing countries. Russia wants money for railways; the huge deficit in the Hungarian Budget, which renders borrowing necessary, is also stated to be caused by railway expenditure; the Buenos Ayres loan is explicitly for sanitary works and other improvements. The public will be entirely misled if they trust much to these representations, and are drawn away from the essential points of the character, resources, and actual solvency or insolvency of their proposed debtors. The object of a loan is nothing to an investor. What he has to look to is the security for his money, and in that view the question of works to be executed need hardly be considered. Their execution is at best a contingency, and very often, as a long experience has shown, does not take place as intended; so that the borrowing country is loaded with the debt, without having the resources to meet it which the lender counted upon. The fact that a particular country does spend large sums on public works and thereby augments its revenue, may be very important in a general view of its character as a borrower, but no particular promise in a prospectus is of any value, and any such promise should be entirely disregarded. Very little harm, we may add, will be done to foreign countries by the utmost caution in doling out new money to their Governments for public works. The investment of money in foreign countries is a difficult and delicate process, if profit is aimed at, and must be done very gradually. The capacity of any Government to spend new money profitably on public works is limited, and the fact of large borrowings for such an avowed purpose may almost be taken as a demonstration that somewhere there is waste. In refusing, therefore, to lend to some needy Foreign Governments which make a pretence of public works, the English capitalist does a real service to the people whom they govern; and it is the investor who hopes to combine a large profit to himself with the development of some half-civilised region, who really injures both himself and the foreign country to whose Government he is so lavish. All parties concerned will gain in the end by the severity of investors in judging the issues of Foreign Governments in the London Money Market. The only parties who gain by facile lendings are the agents who receive heavy commissions, and who have no farther concern but to "place" the loans they contract for.

BUSINESS NOTES.

FRENCH TAXES ON RAILWAYS.—A conference of representatives of French railway companies has just issued an interesting document which may be commended to the attention of the English railway companies. The latter complain bitterly of the passenger duty yielding to the State about half-a-million a year, and of the local rates to which they are also subject, and which affect them to about an equal amount; but what would they think if the State were to attempt reserving for itself as the price of the monopoly conceded to them a sum equal to what is reserved in France from a property much smaller in amount? The French railways

according to the document referred to, pay the undermentioned taxes to the State:—

	£
Tax upon passengers and quick trains	2,452,000
Land and trade licence taxes	117,000
Licences, permits, Customs fees, &c.	15,000
Commutation for stamp on shares and obligations	264,000
Transfer duty upon deeds	333,600
Tax upon the income of moveable property	272,000
Stamp upon tickets, &c.	597,000
Postal stamp upon letters of advice	33,000
Customs duties upon coal, coke, and raw materials	60,000
Expense of control and surveillance	99,000
Stamp duty on receipts.....	33,000

Total 4,275,000
And this is not all. The State, it is pointed out, effects by means of its conventions with the various companies important savings which amount nearly to 2,240,000*l.*, viz:—

	£
Postal Service	1,023,000
Conveyance of soldiers and sailors.....	927,000
— for the war department	85,000
— for the administration of finance	37,000
— of prisoners	56,000
Gratuitous conveyance of the agents of the indirect taxes and customs	22,000
Administration of telegraphic lines	88,000

Total 2,238,000
No doubt in England the Companies, in some cases, could make up an account similar to the last, but we doubt if the difference between the charge to individuals and to the state would be proportionately so great, and certainly it could not be shown that the State levies anything like a charge of 6½ millions sterling, although the English railway system does about twice the business of the French.

FRENCH TRADE SINCE THE WAR.—In the recent debate on the Budget of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce in the French Assembly, the Minister made an interesting statement as to the development of the French export trade since the war. The fact to which he called attention is one which has justly attracted some previous notice, viz., that the exports of France in the present year exceed by 20,000,000*l.* the exports in 1869, which, as the Minister puts it, was the most flourishing of the régime which preceded the present. The Minister recognises that much of the increase is due merely to a rise of price; but there is nevertheless, he asserts, an enormous progress, on which the French people have a right to congratulate themselves. The Minister also draws attention to the fact that the increase takes place under the régime of competition, and is in no way in protected industries, the only new advantage which French industry enjoys, as compared with former periods, being the absence of taxes on raw materials. The following is a list of the more important items in which the increase has taken place:—

	£
Tissues of silk	3,000,000
— wool.....	2,680,000
— cotton	400,000
Works in Leather, &c.	2,400,000
Jewellery and Gold work	880,000
Watch making	160,000
Tools and other works in metals.....	3,000,000

The principal increase is thus in articles of manufacture in which France has had a pre-eminence, that is, France has been able to develop her characteristic industries, but the Minister remarks as to the last item, that it is customary now in France to purchase articles for which recourse was formerly had to England. Such is the account of the French Minister, and it is certainly a remarkable one considering the shock which must have been given to French trade by the unhappy war of 1870-1, the fact that this has been a year of crisis in several countries with which France deals, and the additional circumstance that the France of 1873 is smaller by two manufacturing provinces with a population of more than two millions than the France of 1869. There are only two possible qualifications to the account, to which we think attention may be drawn, without questioning that the account, should be substantially satisfactory to the French people. One is that to some extent the apparent exports of France may have been increased by the loss of two provinces—what was formerly a home trade between one part of France and another becoming a foreign trade, and so swelling the totals of the latter. Is there any means of telling how much the diminished France of to-day exported to the lost provinces, as the amount, if it can be stated or guessed at, clearly falls to be

deducted in a comparison with the former period, a contrary rectification being also made in the former account in respect of the share which the lost provinces contributed to the former exports of France? The other qualification is that some of the increased exports may indicate no real increase of the industry of France, but may be a sign merely of diminished wealth. France must export more because of the large debt which she has contracted abroad as the result of the last war, and the interest of which she must pay. Does she pay the amount without any diminution of home consumption, or does the new debt abroad actually take something from the people which they formerly enjoyed? There is a suspicion that the latter may be the case, as the imports have certainly not increased as well as the exports, and it would be desirable to have the statistics of French trade and industry carefully analysed to see whether any weight is to be given to this qualification of the Minister's account.

INSURANCE ON CARGOES TO ARRIVE.—A case as to the rights of the seller and buyer of a cargo to arrive in the sum insured upon it when a total loss takes place has just been tried at the Guildhall before Mr Baron Bramwell and a special jury. The suit was one of interpleader—Hosegood and another v. Lloyd—and the dispute arose upon an insurance of a cargo of Californian wheat which the plaintiffs, who were corn merchants in Bristol, had bought from the defendant, who was a merchant in London. The price of the cargo was to be 60s per quarter, at which price the total value was 8,833*l*; but the freight amounted to 2,899*l*, so that the net sum which the seller would receive was reduced to 5,934*l*. The cargo was insured for 7,000*l*, and as the ship was totally lost, and the freight was consequently not payable, a sum of rather more than 1,000*l* in excess of the amount for which the defendants had sold the wheat became payable upon the policy, and this sum, less certain expenses, had been paid into court. It was now claimed both by the seller and the purchaser; the latter on the ground that all the interest in the cargo, including the benefit of the insurance, had passed to him by the sale; the former on the grounds—(1) that the contract had fallen through by the wheat not having arrived, so that the purchaser was only entitled to reimbursement of actual money paid, (2) that the whole interest in the policy had not been transferred, and (3) "that there existed a custom in the London wheat trade under which, when there was a total loss, the seller received the full amount of the insurance, and returned to the buyer the amount paid for the wheat, and further paid him an additional 2 per cent. on that amount." The jury found that no such custom existed, and the verdict was accordingly found for the plaintiffs (the purchasers) with leave to the defendant to move, so that the question of whether the contract of sale transferred the full benefit of the policy remains to be argued. So far as we can judge the decision which is desirable in business interests would certainly be one in confirmation of the verdict of the jury. There would be a manifest inconvenience in not regarding the contract for sale of a cargo as complete, and in allowing that the seller retained some sort of interest. According to all rational usage the sale can only be viewed as a present sale, after which the cargo is at the purchaser's risk, and if it is the sale of an insured cargo he is entitled to the benefit of the insurance. A different price would be given where the purchaser had to reinsure and where he did not require to do so. The seller in fact in such a case becomes a trustee under the policy for the purchaser, otherwise there is no *de presenti* contract of sale at all. The difficulty arises from the cargo being insured for more than the price at which the wheat was sold, and the Attorney-General, who was for the plaintiffs, made some severe remarks on the practice of over-insurance; but we need hardly say to business men that the fact of an insurance above the price of the actual sale does not prove over-insurance, which is a fact not easily determined, as the parties concerned may have had the fair hope of a large profit, while for many reasons well understood in the underwriting business, especially when cases of damage and particular average arise, it is extremely desirable that the insurances should be quite to the full amount. If there is a gross case of over-insurance, or the underwriters have been deceived about the value, we may be quite sure that the claims would be successfully disputed.

THE MINERAL PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.—The keeper of the Mining Records has just issued the introduction to his annual statistics of the mineral produce of the United Kingdom, from which we extract, according to our usual custom, the following summary:—

GENERAL SUMMARY of the RETURNS of the MINERAL PRODUCE of the United Kingdom received by the Mining Record Office in the year 1872.

Number of Mines.	Mineral.	Quantities.		Value. £
		Tons	cwts	
3,001	Coal*	123,497,316	0	46,311,143
266	Iron Ore	16,584,857	0	7,774,874
117	Copper Ore	91,983	0	443,738
162	Tin Ore	14,266	0	1,246,135
455	Lead Ore	83,968	3	1,146,165
63	Zinc Ore	18,542	12	73,951
35	Iron Pyrites (Sulphur Ores)	65,916	3	39,470
15	Arsenic	5,171	15	17,964
3	Wolfram	88	5	993
1	Cobalt	1	0	20
3	Manganese	7,773	0	38,865
1	Fluor Spar	80	12	40
5	Ochres, Umbers, &c.	3,326	15	8,227
1	Bismuth Ore	2	0	—
1	Chloride of Barium	65	0	130
25	Barytes	9,092	17	7,078
	Clays, blue and fire (estim.)	1,200,000	0	456,000
	Other earthy Minerals (esti.)	—	—	650
	Salt	1,300,497	10	654,748
	Coprolites (Estim.)	35,000	0	50,000

Total Value of the Minerals produced in the United Kingdom in 1872..... 58,913,541

* In the evidence given before the Select Committee of the House of Commons in 1873 on "the present dearth and scarcity of coal," it was said that the rise in wages added one shilling and sixpence to the cost of getting a ton of coal.

METALS obtained from the ORES enumerated, &c., in the United Kingdom in the year 1872.

Description of Metal.	Quantities.	Value. £
Pig Iron.....tons	6,741,929	£18,540,304
Copper.....—	5,703	583,232
Tin.....—	9,569	1,459,990
Lead.....—	60,455	1,209,115
Silver.....ounces	628,920	157,230
Zinc.....tons	5,191	118,076
Other Metals (estimated).....—	—	2,500
Total Value of Metals produced from the Ores of the United Kingdom in the year 1872.....	—	22,070,447

TOTAL VALUE of the METALS produced; COAL and other MINERALS raised, in the year 1872.

	£
Metal, value of, as above.....	22,070,447
Coal.....	46,311,143
Minerals, earthy, &c.....	1,811,826
Total value.....	70,193,416

The increase in Total Value, amounting to 12,871,523*l*, is chiefly due to the additional cost in "getting" each ton of coal.

In the introduction, it is explained that there have been some unusual difficulties in compiling the statistics, owing to changes in the mode of making the returns as to coal, which tend to make the apparent increase larger than the real increase, but pains have been taken to verify the correctness of the figures. As compared with the previous year, the data thus obtained present some points of interest. The aggregate value of the mineral produce has, in the first place, increased from 57,322,000*l* to 70,193,000*l*, or an increase of 12,871,000*l*, and upwards of 20 per cent., without any corresponding increase of quantities. This is found, on a detailed comparison, to arise mainly from the increased cost of producing coal, the production of which is estimated to have increased from 117,352,000 tons in 1871, to 123,497,000 tons in 1872, while the value has risen from 35,205,000*l* to 46,311,000*l*, or about 11,000,000*l* out of the above total increase of 12,871,000*l*. Perhaps it will excite surprise that the increase in the value of the coal is not greater, but it would appear from a note embodied in the above summary that the value is expressed as at the place of production, and is an estimate rather of the cost of production than of the actual market price. The rise of wages, it is noted, added 1s 6d per ton to the cost of getting the coal, and the increase of value, allowing for the increased quantity produced, is found to correspond pretty closely with this addition to the cost. The principal other item in the above increase of values, it will be observed, is in the production of pig iron, the value of which has increased from 16,668,000*l* to 18,540,000*l*, although the quantity has only increased from 6,627,000 tons to 6,742,000 tons, the increase of value corresponding to the increased value of the coal used in production. On this last point the following interesting note is made in the introduction:—

The consumption of coal in the iron manufacture is computed, upon the information furnished to the Royal Coal Commission, at the rate of

	f	c	f	c
Italian.....	61	50	61	95
Ottoman Fives	47	50	47	60
Ottoman, 1869	295	0	293	0
Russia, 1870	98		98	$\frac{1}{2}$
Spanish Exterior	18	$\frac{1}{2}$	17	$\frac{1}{2}$
United States 5-20	104	$\frac{1}{2}$	104	$\frac{1}{2}$
Peruvian	64	50	63	50
Honduras	40	0	40	0
Bank of France (cash).....	4375	0	4385	0
Comptoir d'Escompte	552	50	565	0
Credit Foncier	820	0	815	0
Credit Mobilier	327	50	316	25
Société Générale	540	0	527	50
Banque de Paris et des P. Bas	1077	50	1076	25
Parisian Gas	713	75	715	0
Northern Railway.....	1035	0	1040	0
Western	522	50	522	50
Orleans	832	50	832	50
Eastern	493	75	493	75
Paris-Mediterranean.....	866	25	887	50
Southern	620	0	615	0
South Austrian Lombard.....	373	75	371	25
Suez Canal.....	425	0	426	25

The International Monetary Conference between the four Powers which signed the Convention of 1865 has been fixed for the 8th January. The Italian Government has not yet appointed its delegates, but Belgium will be represented by M. Jacobs as first delegate, and Switzerland by MM. Herzog and Lardy. The French representatives have not yet been named, but in the course of an interesting discussion on the subject which took place in the Assembly on Tuesday, the Minister of Finance mentioned that he had fixed his choice on M. de Soubeyran, who had himself put to M. Magne the question which gave rise to the debate. The object of the conference about to be held is to obtain modifications in the convention, principally in Art. 4, which declares that the silver five-franc pieces of each of the four contracting countries shall be reciprocally received in the public offices of the others, and, failing to obtain a modification on that point, to terminate the convention, the motives for which have now ceased to exist. The convention was the result of the scarcity of small change from the drain of silver during the period 1860 to 1863, which induced the four Governments to remove the temptation to export silver coin by diminishing the intrinsic value of it by reducing the standard of the small change to 835 thousandths. At the same time the four Powers engaged to receive mutually the silver five-franc pieces, and gold coin of all values, both at a standard of 900 thousandths, in the public Treasury of each of the other countries, not foreseeing the eventuality of the relative value of the two metals fixed at 1 to 15½ ever becoming so much disturbed as to create a speculation in the exportation of coin from one country to another under cover of the treaty. The question of the convention is almost inseparable from that of the double standard, and M. de Soubeyran, who is opposed to any change in the latter, fearing that the Government might be led into contracting engagements for the future, when the delegates meet, asked M. Magne for an assurance that the subject should be reserved in its integrity for the parliament before any decision was come to, and that the Minister, in appointing the French delegates, would avoid choosing men of preconceived ideas, committed to a change of the present monetary system, which he believed would be at any time a work of difficulty, and at the present moment almost an impossibility. M. de Soubeyran added that even the discussion of the question of single gold standard would be a danger, as the present embarrassments would be aggravated by the fact going forth to the world that France contemplated making the change.

M. Magne admitted that the danger of an influx of a depreciated coin was very real. It would be in vain for Belgium to suspend the coinage of silver, or France to limit it, if Italy and Switzerland continued to manufacture it; each country could not protect itself so long as the others had the legal right of sending to it all their silver five-franc pieces. The Minister reassured the fears of M. de Soubeyran that the question of the demonetisation of silver coin might be brought forward in the Convention, by informing him that he, M. Magne, had selected him, M. de Soubeyran, as one of the French commissioners in the conference. It would be, he said, a madness at this moment to withdraw from the circulation 1,500 millions of silver specie which was playing so considerable a part in the exchanges. The harmony which should exist between the mass of coin on the one hand, and the mass of business transactions on the other, would be entirely destroyed. There was no gold to take its place, and the silver would be inevitably replaced by paper.

M. Wolowski said that he was gratified to hear that the adoption of a single gold standard was not to be taken into consideration in the conference, but he feared that a restriction of the coinage of silver would lead indirectly to a similar perturbation. The depreciation in the value of silver was,

he believed, accidental and transitory, and had hitherto been confined within narrow limits, and the measure proposed would precipitate the downward movement. A more simple remedy would be to denounce the convention, which was now without object. The monetary union of 1865 had a second motive, which had also disappeared; this was to arrive at an international coinage. The question then presented considerable difficulties, and they had since been increased. Germany and Sweden had introduced new monetary systems which had no connection with those of the other States; and Holland was about to do the same. Great fears existed of a diminution in the value of silver in the world. He feared that the contrary would be the case, and for this reason four great European States were under the regime of a forced paper currency, and aspired after the moment in which they would be able to resume payments in specie, and it was not towards gold that their eyes were turned, but towards silver, for they would never commit the enormous folly of all asking for gold at the same time, as by so doing they would drive gold up to an exorbitant price. If Russia was preparing for a loan of two milliards to enable her to return to a metallic circulation, she would employ silver. The Minister of Finance at Vienna had also recently told the speaker, M. Wolowski, that it could not be supposed that the Austrian Government would commit the immense mistake of resuming payments in specie and abolishing silver coin. The Treasury and the Austrian Bank, besides, possessed scarcely any but silver. The question had now been raised in a singular manner. Switzerland had become alarmed at the exportation of gold, and had indicated as the object of the monetary convention, the exclusive adoption of a gold currency. But there was this curious fact, that Switzerland had never struck a piece of gold, and possessed no gold coinage of her own. Switzerland had therefore no standing in the question.

M. Clapier spoke on the other side, and said that when the monetary conferences were opened shortly after the Act of 1865, all theorists and men not personally interested in the question, not only in France, but in England and in other countries, with the exception of M. Wolowski, were in favour of a single gold standard. (M. Wolowski here replied that M. de Laveleye, in Belgium, was of an opposite opinion.) The adoption of a gold standard, continued M. Clapier, would open an important perspective, this was the possibility of establishing a monetary convention with England by coining 25-franc pieces, the equivalent of the sovereign: France might then hope to share the enormous advantage England possesses of having a money current throughout the world. The Bank of France had not abstained from joining in the present speculation in the coinage of silver, for all her bullion of that metal had been recently converted into five-franc pieces, and the Bank now paid them out in place of notes. The only partisans of the double standard were those men who desired the continuation of a state of things which permitted profitable speculations on the fluctuations in the value of gold and silver, and who desired that the coming conference should only consist of men whose opinions were in conformity with their own interests.

M. André, a Regent of the Bank of France, said that the greater part of the silver recently coined and placed in the Bank reserve had been struck off not for that establishment but for the Treasury. That coinage was, however, practised within relatively restricted limits, and the amount was much less than appeared to be supposed by M. Clapier. With respect to the importation of silver coin from abroad, he said that it gave rise to serious inconveniences, and the abuse was chiefly committed by Italy. It besides continued, and might acquire considerable gravity, as a large sum remained to be received by the Treasury for the last instalments of the loan. It was therefore a matter of urgency to put an end to the practice, and if the Italian Government could be induced, in accord with the other governments, to restrict for a time the coinage of silver, the difficulty would, for the present, be averted.

This discussion shows that the opinion in favour of maintaining the double standard is gaining ground, as it was supported by four of the five speakers who took part in the debate. The engagement given by M. Magne, that the question shall not be raised in the coming conference, will deprive it of its chief importance, as the only question to be examined will be the restriction of the silver coinage. The convention does not expire until the 1st January, 1880, but if France and Belgium are in accord in wishing to denounce or modify it, the Governments of Italy and Switzerland would scarcely resist such a proposal; for notwithstanding the statement of M. André that the chief abuse comes from Italy, the quantity of Italian silver coin in circulation in France is quite insignificant, compared with the Belgian. The Bill presented to the Belgian Chambers to suspend the coinage of silver was voted unanimously by the Senate on the 18th, and has since been promulgated.

The Assembly commenced yesterday the general discussion on the budget of receipts for 1874, and important speeches were made by MM. Léon Say, Magne, and Wolowski, but from

want of space I must defer touching on this debate until next week.

A return of the receipts on the lines of railway in France during the first three quarters of 1873, has been issued by the statistical department of the Ministry of Public Works. The results for the three categories of lines were as follows:—

	Total.		Per Kilometre.	
	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.
	francs	francs	francs	francs
Old network.....	439,577,411 ...	439,285,261 ...	49,878 ...	48,936
New network.....	123,118,107 ...	115,870,427 ...	15,375 ...	15,545
Small companies...	8,231,194 ...	7,009,990 ...	8,757 ...	8,953

Total 590,926,712 ... 562,165,678 ... 32,722 ... 32,342

From the above total amounts is deducted the tax, which in the three quarters amounted to 47½ millions of francs in 1873, and to 42½ millions in 1872. The receipts in the third quarter of 1873, taken alone, were 209½ millions, against 198 millions in the second quarter, and 189 millions in the first. Of the great lines forming the old network, the Northern, Eastern, Lyons (Paris to Mediterranean), and Southern show an increase in the three quarters compared with 1872; the Western and Orleans a diminution. The receipts on the Northern were 77,165,072f, against 71,482,758f in 1872; or per kilometre respectively 67,100f and 63,884f, an increase of 5.04 per cent. The Eastern received 30,639,728f, against 29,878,234f in 1872; or per kilometre 52,363f and 57,904f respectively, an increase of 2.52 per cent. The Western yielded 48,019,688f in 1873, and 48,459,353f in 1872, or 53,355f and 53,844f per kilometre, a decrease of 0.91 per cent. The receipts on the Orleans line were 66,747,870f, against 70,358,330f in 1872, or 33,063f and 35,171f respectively, a diminution of 5.91 per cent. The returns on the Lyons were 198,714,912f in 1873, and 183,235,406f in 1872, or 52,542f and 48,928f per kilometre, an increase of 7.39 per cent. this year. The Southern yielded 33,310,315f in 1873 and 30,400,427f in 1872, or 41,847f and 38,191f per kilometre, an increase of 9.57 per cent. On the new network the Northern increased from 7,889,713f in 1872 to 8,087,493f in 1873, or per kilometre from 16,894f to 17,318f, an augmentation of 2.51 per cent. The Eastern increased from 37,578,248f to 38,198,994f, but the yield per kilometre declined from 23,097f to 22,751f, or a loss of 1.50 per cent. The Western rose from 21,196,845f to 22,053,709f, but the return per kilometre fell from 14,792f to 14,386f, a decrease of 2.74 per cent. The Orleans increased from 25,987,006f to 26,809,619f, and the yield per kilometre from 12,884f to 13,027f, a gain of 1.11 per cent. The Lyons rose from 7,177,118f to 9,334,615f, but the returns per kilometre declined from 10,744f to 10,299f, or a falling off of 4.12 per cent. The Southern increased from 12,417,860f in 1872 to 14,259,677f in 1873, and from 11,299f to 12,777f per kilometre, an improvement of 13.08 per cent. Although the gross returns of the various small independent lines increased by 1,221,204f from the length of new lines opened this year, the returns per kilometre fell from 8,953f to 8,757f. The total length of the lines on all three sections in working on the 30th September last was 18,340 kilometres, against 17,668 on the same date of 1872.

A return from the French Customs gives the following as the foreign trade of France during the first ten months of 1873, compared with 1872 and 1869, the year preceding the war:—

	IMPORTS.		
	1873.	1872.	1869.
	francs.	francs.	francs.
Articles of food ...	697,844,000 ...	677,489,000 ...	566,100,000
Raw materials and natural productions	1,764,452,000 ...	1,663,417,000 ...	1,624,523,000
Manufactures	289,759,000 ...	396,428,000 ...	220,904,000
Other articles ...	133,774,000 ...	147,295,000 ...	120,254,000
Total.....	2,885,829,000 ...	2,884,629,000 ...	2,532,781,000
EXPORTS.			
Manufactures	1,919,875,000 ...	1,727,216,000 ...	1,472,791,000
Articles of food, raw materials, and natural productions	1,234,001,000 ...	1,132,046,000 ...	900,546,000
Other articles ...	164,897,000 ...	168,058,000 ...	168,765,000
Total.....	3,318,773,000 ...	3,027,320,000 ...	2,571,902,000

The imports in the month of October amounted to 331 millions, against 339 in September, and 314 in August; the exports to 344 in October, 330 in September, and 326 in August. The imports in the ten months remained almost stationary, while the exports had increased by 291 millions, of which 192 millions were in manufactures.

The movement of the precious metals during the ten months of 1873 was as under:—

	Imports.	Exports.
	francs.	francs.
Gold bullion	30,470,800 ...	6,358,000
Gold coin	105,667,200 ...	244,326,400
Silver bullion.....	180,212,122 ...	9,560,786
Silver coin.....	51,443,329 ...	193,432,844
	397,793,551	453,678,030

The total imports of the precious metals in the same period of 1872 amounted to 343 millions; in 1871 to 253 millions; and in 1869 to 554 millions; the exports to 226 millions in 1872, to 393 millions in 1871, and to 229 millions in 1869. No returns were issued for the ten months of 1870.

In the month of October last, the payment of the indemnity having been terminated, the balance was again in favour of France, the imports having amounted to 61 millions, against 17 millions of exports.

The exportations of specie to Germany have almost ceased. They amounted —

	Gold Coin.	Silver Coin.
	francs.	francs.
In the first nine months to	177,065,600	152,139,242
In October to.....	10,006,400	67,616
	187,072,000	152,206,858

The Vienna journals state that the Syndical Chamber of the Bourse there has adopted an important modification in the negotiations of stocks and shares. Hitherto, as is the practice on the German Bourses, the purchaser, in addition to the price quoted, had to pay to the seller the amount of interest acquired; in future the system followed on the English and French money markets will be followed, and the rate of negotiation will include the interest accrued. The new regulation will be applied from the 1st January.

The following are the latest quotations of the produce markets at Havre per 50 kilos (1 cwt), duty paid:—

COTTON.—New Orleans low middling, 109f; good ordinary, 160f; Georgia low middling, 101f; Brazil Sorocaba fair, 105f; Oomrawtee good fair, 76f; Timnevelly, 78f; Bengal, 49f. Sales last week, 9,490 bales; importations, 12,980; stock, 83,990, of which 20,200 from the United States, against 230,320 and 45,900 at same date last year.

COFFEE (In bond).—Genaives, 126f; Cape Hayti, 126f 50c; Rio, 115f to 137f. Importations last week, 20,845 bags; deliveries, 17,963; stock, 84,866 against 88,551 at same date last year.

HIDES.—Monte Video salted cow, 76f; Rio Grande salted, 72f; dry, 125f; Lima salted cow, 71f; ox, 66f; Buenos Ayres dry, 147f 50c; Para salted, 62f 50c; Monte Video salted horse, 65f; Mexican kid, 13f to 14f per doz.

WOOL.—Buenos Ayres, new, 185f to 230f; Levant, 140f.

TALLOW.—Ox, 48f; sheep, 46f 50c.

TO READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

The Editor of the ECONOMIST cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Communications must be authenticated by the name of the writer.

The Bankers' Gazette.

BANK RETURNS AND MONEY MARKET. FRIDAY NIGHT.

On account of the occurrence of Christmas Day on Thursday and the usual bank holiday on the day after, the publication of this week's Bank return has been postponed till to-morrow (Saturday). It is, therefore, not given here as usual; but we subjoin, for the sake of reference, the ordinary comparative tables, with the figures for the present week left blank, so that they can be filled in by such of our readers as keep a file when the return is issued.

The following shows the amount of the Circulation, Bullion in both departments, Banking Deposits, Banking Securities, Reserve, and Rate of Discount, for three months ending 24th December, 1873:—

Date.	Circulation, excluding Bank Post Bills.	Coin and Bullion.	Deposits.	Securities in Banking Department.	Reserve.	Rate of Discount.
	£	£	£	£	£	%
Sept. 17	25,665,780	23,912,623	29,416,360	34,913,417	13,346,843	3½
24	25,298,260	23,536,767	29,456,519	35,055,699	13,238,507	4
Oct. 1	26,678,140	21,632,321	29,040,400	37,932,197	9,954,181	5
8	26,000,165	21,015,317	27,584,761	36,612,202	9,115,152	—
15	23,861,765	19,722,801	24,747,065	35,032,961	7,861,036	6
22	26,326,379	19,435,899	22,981,415	33,044,552	8,109,529	7
29	25,996,765	19,452,212	22,530,271	32,235,072	8,455,447	—
Nov. 5	26,308,395	19,379,683	22,357,428	32,473,062	8,071,288	9
12	25,918,030	19,338,651	24,080,953	33,874,752	8,420,571	—
19	25,273,139	19,975,156	23,010,777	31,480,542	9,702,026	9
26	24,791,150	21,039,793	23,965,065	30,826,556	11,249,643	8
Dec. 3	25,218,245	21,667,120	24,818,105	31,475,979	11,448,875	5
10	24,822,950	22,285,276	25,252,723	30,911,230	12,462,326	4½
17	24,727,430	22,477,563	25,120,888	30,475,266	12,750,133	—
24						

Subjoined is our usual table, affording a comparative view of the Bank returns, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the price of wheat, and the leading exchanges, during a period of four years, corresponding with the present date, as well as ten years back, viz:—

At corresponding dates with the present week.	Dec. 23, 1863.	Dec. 23, 1870.	Dec. 27, 1871.	Dec. 24, 1872.	Dec. 24, 1873.
Circulation, excluding bank post bills	£ 20,273,769	£ 23,050,345	£ 24,626,830	£ 35,040,050	£
Public deposits	10,206,514	8,101,171	9,086,223	10,453,541	
Other deposits	12,711,937	18,215,465	21,120,177	17,036,812	
Government securities	10,762,330	12,925,853	15,001,028	13,275,239	
Other securities	21,410,956	17,168,421	17,950,156	15,692,130	
Reserve of notes & coin	9,210,252	14,653,191	15,287,992	13,628,777	
Coin and bullion	14,217,067	22,703,536	24,014,822	23,666,857	
Bank rate of discount	7 %	2½ %	3 %	5 %	4½ %
Price of Consols	91½ xd	91½ xd	92½ xd	91½ xd	92 xd
Average price of wheat	41s 2d	62s 7d	55s 8d	56s 3d	61s 7d
Exchange on Paris (short)	25 27½ 35	...	25 69 75	25 52½ 62½	25 39 40
— Amsterdam ditto	11 17 17½	11 17½ 18	11 17½ 18	12 1 2	11 19 12 0
— Hamburg (3 months)	13 7½ 8½	13 10½ 11	13 9½ 10	2055	2060
Clearing-house returns .....	...	58,135,000	63,451,000	82,517,000	...

The amount of the "other" deposits, as compared with the "other" securities, showed, in 1863, a deficiency of 8,699,319*l*; in 1870, an excess of 1,077,044*l*; in 1871, an excess of 3,170,021*l*; and in 1872, a deficiency of 1,655,318*l*. In 1873, there is—*

* The amount of deficiency or excess in the present year is omitted as above explained.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

In 1863, the Bank rate was again reduced to 7 per cent., the higher figure having been only maintained for a few weeks. The Reserve had quickly augmented in response to the attraction, and the money market was comparatively easy for a time. Consols, depressed for the preceding two years by the stagnation in the cotton trade, showed some revival, and no great anxiety was felt just then as to the course of the Dano-Germanic quarrel.

In 1870, the demand for discount was active on account of the approaching close of the year; and the supply of money, abundant in consequence of the suspense at Paris, was reduced for the moment by the action of joint stock banks calling in their balances with a view to show a full reserve.

In 1871, the usual influences were at work to harden the money market. Prices had risen for all commodities, and at that time the shares of English railways also became much dearer from the same cause—an increased trade and prosperity.

In 1872, a reduction in the Bank rate was not unlooked for, though outside rates were nearly up to it, and a good business was done in the Discount Department. The Bank's weekly Return, however, showed it to be weakened by an unusually large demand for circulation, and such reduction was delayed.

The following are the principal items in the accounts of the undermentioned continental Banks for the latest week published compared with the previous statement*:

PRUSSIAN BANK—Week ending December 15.				
	Dec. 15.	Dec. 6.	Increase.	Decrease.
ASSETS.				
Coin and bullion	£ 35,517,000	£ 35,410,000	77,000	...
Discounts and advances	29,794,000	31,125,000	...	1,331,000
LIABILITIES.				
Notes in circulation	41,703,000	42,385,000	...	592,000
Deposits, &c.	4,494,000	4,438,000	...	34,000
Acceptances, enc.orsements, &c.	15,917,000	15,515,000	...	492,000
HAMBURG BANK—Week ending December 18.				
	Dec. 18.	Dec. 11.	Increase.	Decrease.
Deposits of bullion, &c.	984,000	1,030,000	...	46,000
AUSTRIAN NATIONAL BANK—Week ending December 17.				
	Dec. 17.	Dec. 10.	Increase.	Decrease.
ASSETS.				
Coin and bullion	£ 14,410,000	£ 14,457,000	...	47,000
Discounts and advances	23,858,000	24,269,000	...	411,000
LIABILITIES.				
Circulation	35,316,000	36,153,000	...	837,000
NATIONAL BANK OF BELGIUM—Week ending December 18.				
	Dec. 18.	Dec. 11.	Increase.	Decrease.
ASSETS.				
Coin and bullion	£ 4,117,000	£ 4,214,000	...	97,000
Discounts and advances	10,945,000	10,225,000	...	150,000
LIABILITIES.				
Circulation	11,822,000	11,913,000	...	91,000
Deposits	2,100,000	2,283,000	...	123,000

* Converting the thaler at 3s; the Dutch florin at 18s; the Austrian Rorta at 2s; the reichs-mare at 1s; and the franc at 25*¢* per *l*.

DISCOUNT AND MONEY MARKET.—There has been hardly any change since we last wrote except a slightly increased tendency to firmness owing to the near approach of the close of the year, while to-day some increase of demand has likewise been occasioned by the provision for the holidays. The rates have been firmly maintained at 4½ as the minimum

for two and three months' bank bills, and this afternoon there was no change, although at the very close the demand somewhat slackened, after having been very brisk during the day. The firmness is evidently temporary only, and with the beginning of the new year an easy money market is generally looked forward to. Many bills are being held back in expectation of easier rates when the dividends are paid, and the ease it is expected will also be increased by large arrivals of bullion within the next few days without any demand on a large scale having yet sprung up for export. The continental exchanges still remain in our favour, but the American exchange, after touching 108½, has fallen to 108½, so that the prospect has for the moment been weakened of the exchange rising to a point which would bring gold to this country.

As it has been arranged that the Bank return will not be published till Saturday, we are unable to comment upon it. There has been no circumstance, however, to cause any unusual changes, though the usual changes, we may remind our readers, are likely to be on a considerable scale both in the present returns and the next two returns following, on account of the quarterly and dividend payments and the customary efflux of coin and notes for holiday expenditure.

We subjoin our usual quotations for mercantile paper having various periods to run:—

Bank bills—3 months	4½	per cent.
Do 4 —	4½	per cent.
Do 6 —	4½	per cent.
Trade bills—3 months	4½	per cent.
Do 4 —	4½	per cent.
Do 6 —	4½ 5	per cent.

The allowances for money at the private and joint-stock banks and discount houses are as follows:—

Private and Joint Stock Banks at call	3½	per cent.
Discount houses at call	3½	per cent.
Do at seven days' notice	3½	per cent.
Do at fourteen days' notice	3½	per cent.

The discount quotations current in the chief continental cities are as follows:—

	Bank Rate.	Open Market.
	Per Cent.	Per Cent.
Paris	5	4½
Berlin	5	4
Bremen	5	5
Frankfort	4	3
Hamburg .....	...	4
Amsterdam	5	4½
Brussels	6	5
Leipzig	5½	6
Vienna	5	5
St Petersburg	6½	6½

THE STOCK MARKETS.—Owing to the Christmas holidays, the week's business has been confined to four days, and during those days it has generally been restricted. The Home Railway market has, however, again attracted a considerable amount of speculative attention, which has generally resulted in an upward movement; and the Scotch companies have advanced decidedly. In Foreign Stocks, apart from a fall in Peruvian, little worthy of special comment has occurred. Canadian Railway Stocks and shares have risen in quotations, Great Western of Canada closing buoyantly, owing to purchases for a considerable amount having been effected. Indian Guarantees and Foreign Railway Shares have varied very slightly throughout the week. United States Government Stocks have exhibited an improving tendency, while in the Railroad department, in which business was slack, the only noteworthy features have been the recovery in New York Central shares, and the fall in Atlantic and Great Western mortgages. For Banks, there has been a fair demand; and it may be pointed out that Edinburgh and Glasgow lists show a rapid rise in the Scotch stocks. In Finance and Discount shares but slight alterations have occurred; while Telegraph undertakings have, for the most part, remained dull, and Anglo-American stock has declined in market value. Crystal Palace stock has given way upon the dividend announcement, and provincial advices indicate that a heavy fall has taken place in John Brown and Co.'s shares, owing to the absence of an interim distribution. Such have been the most noteworthy features of the week in the Stock Markets; and it will be seen that, except in British Railways, the fluctuations have been far below the average. It may be mentioned that, although the London Exchange will be open on Saturday, Provincial Exchanges will be closed until Monday morning. The markets this (Wednesday) evening still presented a steady appearance.

ENGLISH GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—The movement in British and Indian Government Stocks has been very slight during the week, Consols being practically unchanged, and New and Reduced but $\frac{1}{8}$ higher. Bank Stock, however, has again experienced an upward movement, and has now attained the highest point during the year; and it may be mentioned that the Bank of Ireland Stock has recently advanced considerably upon the 14 per cent. dividend announced for the half-year.

	Money.		CONSOLS.		Account.	Exchequer Bills.
	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.		
Saturday	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	8s dis to 3s dis	
Monday	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	92	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	8s dis to 3s dis	
Tuesday	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	92	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	8s dis to 3s dis	
Wednesday	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	92	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	8s dis to 3s dis	
Thursday					Christmas Day.	
Friday					Bank Holiday.	

The following are the changes for the week, taking the latest unofficial prices for quotation:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Consols for money	91 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 xd	91 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 xd	—
Ditto 6th January	92 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7 xd	92 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7 xd	—
Reduced 3%	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
New 3%	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
Exchequer bills	98 3s dis	98 3s dis	—
Bank stock (last dividend 5%)	250 2	252 4	+ 2
India 5%, red. at par, July 5, 1869	106 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 xd	106 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 xd	—
Do 4%, red. at par, Oct., 1868	101	101	—
Metrop. l. Board of Works 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ % Consols	96 $\frac{1}{2}$ xd	96 $\frac{1}{2}$ xd	—

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—Quotations are unaltered in this department.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—Dulness has been the chief feature in Foreign Government Securities this week, and the most noteworthy operations have taken place in Peruvian, where a pressure of sales has produced a decided relapse, more especially in the 1871 Loan. In addition, Bolivian and Paraguayan have receded somewhat considerably, and Turkish Stocks have declined. On the other hand, there has been a fractional recovery in the Uruguay Loan from the fall of last week, upon the notification that a new Loan was impending. Costa Rica, Italian, Mexican, and Portuguese are likewise rather firmer. All the other Securities, it will be seen below, have not varied to any noticeable extent.

The following are the changes for the week, taking the latest unofficial quotations:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Argentine 6%, 1868	98 100	98 9	—
Ditto 6% Public Works, 1871	94 6	94 6	—
Austrian 5% Silver Rentes (less income tax)	65 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Brazilian 5% 1865	97 8	97 8	—
Ditto 5%, 1871	97 8	97 8	—
Bolivian 6%	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 40	- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Buenos Ayres 6%, 1870	91 3	91 3	—
Chilian 5%, 1873	90 2	90 2	—
Costa Rica 7%, 1872	29 31	32 4	+ 3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Danubian Principalities 7%, 1864	94 7	94 7	—
Ditto 8%, 1867	100 2	101 3	+ 1
Egyptian 7%, 1862	83 6	85 7	—
Ditto 7%, 1864	93 5	93 5	—
Ditto 7%, 1866 (Railway Debentures)	102 3	102 3	—
Ditto 7%, 1866 (Viceroy's Loan)	89 91	89 91	—
Ditto 9%, 1867	100 2	100 2	—
Ditto 7%, 1868	84 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	84 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	—
Ditto 7%, 1870 (Khedive Loan)	75 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	75 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	—
French National Defence Loan 6% 1870	101 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2	101 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2	—
Ditto 5%, 1871	91 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Honduras 10%, 1870	15 16	15 6	—
Hungarian 5%, 1872	72 3	72 3	—
Italian 5%, 1861 (less income tax)	60 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto 5% State Domain	88 90	88 90	—
Ditto 6% Tobacco Bonds	93 5	93 5	—
Japanese 9%, 1870	107 9	107 9	—
Mexican 3%	16 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	16 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	+
Paraguay 8%, 1871	32 4	31 3	- 1
Ditto 8%, 1872	29 31	28 30	- 1
Peruvian 6%, 1870	64 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4	61 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	- 3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto Consolidated 5%, 1872	53 4	51 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Portuguese 3% Bonds, 1863, &c.	44 4	44 4	+
Russian 5%, 1822	96 8	96 8	—
Ditto 5%, 1862	96 7	96 7	—
Ditto 5%, 1870	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Ditto 5%, 1871	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	- $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto 5%, 1872	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	- $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto, Anglo-Dutch, 5%, 1864 and 1866	97 8	97 8	—
Ditto 5%, Orel-Vitebsk Bonds	94 6	94 6	—
Ditto 4%, Nicolai Railway Bonds	78 9	78 $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto 5%, Moscow-Jaroslavl	94 6	94 6	—
Ditto 5%, Charkof-Azof Bonds	94 6	94 6	—
Spanish 3%	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2	—
Ditto 5%, 1870 (Quicksilver Mortgage)	79 81	79 81	—
Ditto 6% (Lands Mortgage)	59 60	59 60	—
Turkish 6%, 1854	86 8	86 8	—
Ditto 6%, 1858	58 62	59 61	—
Ditto 6%, 1862	69 71	69 71	—
Ditto 5%, 1865 (General Debt)	46 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	46 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	—
Ditto 6%, 1865	64 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	64 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Ditto 6%, 1869	55 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4	55 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4	—
Ditto 6%, 1871	60 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	60 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	—
Uruguay 6%, 1871	74 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	75 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ $\frac{1}{2}$
Venezuela 6%, 1864 and 1866	20 2	20 2	—

NEW LOANS.
 Egyptian 7%, 1873 7 5 dis 7 5 dis
 French National 5%, 1872 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 pm 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 pm
 Russian 5%, 1873 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 pm 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 pm
 Hungarian 6%, 1873 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 pm 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 pm

ENGLISH RAILWAYS.—In the face of the Christmas holidays, there has been a good inquiry for British Railway Stocks, and speculative operations in the Scotch companies

have been on an extended scale. It will be seen from the following enumeration of the week's fluctuations, that both North British and Caledonian, the latter notwithstanding a decided relapse on Wednesday, have risen in a marked degree, and in addition Midland, South-Eastern Deferred, Metropolitan District, and Chatham and Dover Stocks have noticeably advanced. Some dulness, however, was visible in Brighton Stock on Monday and Tuesday, owing to the depressed nature of the traffic returns. Great North of Scotland, Birmingham and Derby, and Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee Stocks have likewise, it may be mentioned, risen 2; and North Staffordshire and South Devon, 1; but Glasgow and South-Western has fallen 1. To-day (Wednesday) there was an advance of $\frac{3}{4}$ in Metropolitan District and South-Eastern Deferred; and of $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ in money and other leading Stocks. But there was a decline on realisations of 1 in Caledonian and $\frac{3}{4}$ in Great Eastern.

The following shows the principal changes for the week, in the quotations of ordinary stocks, comparing the latest unofficial prices:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Caledonian	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 3
Great Eastern	49 $\frac{1}{2}$ 50	49 $\frac{1}{2}$ 50 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ $\frac{1}{2}$
Great Northern	140 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 1	—
Ditto A	168 $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	169 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
Great Western	128 $\frac{1}{2}$	128 $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
Lancashire and Yorkshire	148 $\frac{1}{2}$	148 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
London and Brighton	89 $\frac{1}{2}$	89 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
London, Chatham, and Dover	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 1
Ditto Arbitration Preference	65 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	66 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	+ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
London and North-Western	155 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	155 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	—
London and South-Western	109 10	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshires	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Ditto Deferred	47 8	46 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	-
Metropolitan	67 $\frac{1}{2}$	67 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Metropolitan Districts	26 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	+ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto ditto Preference	63 4	63 4	—
Midland	137 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5	139 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5	+ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
North British	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 3 $\frac{1}{2}$
North-Eastern—Consols	175 $\frac{1}{2}$	176 $\frac{1}{2}$	+
South-Eastern	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 1
Ditto Deferred	92 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4	93 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4	+ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$

The quotations for the leading debenture stocks compare as follows with last week:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Great Eastern A 5%	113 5 xd	113 5 xd	—
Ditto 1867 Redeemable 5%	112 4 xd	112 4 xd	—
Great Western 5% Deb.	120 1	120 1	—
London and North-Western 4%	102 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
London and Brighton 4%	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
London, Chat., & Dover Arbitration 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ %	103 4	104 5	+ 1
Metropolitan District 6%	124 6	124 6	—

The traffic receipts on eighteen railways of the United Kingdom, of which a list is subjoined (including the principal railways), amounted for the week ending Dec. 20 to 917,564 $\frac{1}{2}$, being an increase of 58,820 $\frac{1}{2}$ on the corresponding week of last year. The aggregate receipts for the half-year to date are now 23,105,083 $\frac{1}{2}$, being an increase of 1,663,850 $\frac{1}{2}$ on the corresponding period of last year. The principal increases for the week have been—North-Eastern, 8,695 $\frac{1}{2}$; Caledonian, 8,040 $\frac{1}{2}$; North British, 5,582 $\frac{1}{2}$. London and Brighton shows a decrease of 103 $\frac{1}{2}$.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS.

	Week's Receipts.		Aggregate Receipts of Half-year to date.	
	Amount.	Inc. or Dec. on corresponding week in '72.	Amount.	Inc. or Dec. on corresponding per. in '72.
Bristol and Exeter	9,293	+ 926	255,502	+ 20,816
Great Eastern	45,793	+ 2,845	1,202,079	+ 87,738
Great Northern	55,817	+ 5,267	1,388,829	+ 130,097
Lancashire & Yorkshire	62,363	+ 2,674	1,570,409	+ 57,761
London, Chat., & Dover	15,180	+ 1,058	481,147	+ 31,649
London & North-Western	172,051	+ 6,740	4,320,057	+ 270,096
London & South-Western	30,851	+ 1,002	890,246	+ 44,999
London and Brighton	26,165	- 103	823,858	+ 63,444
Man., Shef., & Lincolnsh.	32,777	+ 3,351	802,463	+ 76,289
Metropolitan	8,592	+ 126	201,143 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 2,096 $\frac{1}{2}$
Metropolitan District	4,016	+ 165	94,656 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 3,476 $\frac{1}{2}$
Midland	101,484	+ 6,455	2,641,744	+ 258,714
North-Eastern	115,197	+ 8,695	2,969,447	+ 276,178
South-Eastern	30,189	+ 1,242	914,769 $\frac{1}{2}$	+ 34,166 $\frac{1}{2}$
*Caledonian	49,665	+ 8,040	1,118,922	+ 91,141
*Glasgow & Sth.-Westrn.	14,044	+ 1,011	341,990	+ 21,629
*Great Western	106,717	+ 3,744	2,237,675	+ 128,988
*North British	37,250	+ 5,582	850,147	+ 64,573
	917,564	+ 58,820	23,105,083	+ 1,663,850

* In these cases the aggregate is calculated from the beginning of August.
 † The aggregate published are for one day less this year than last.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS.—The following are the changes for the week:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Antwerp and Rotterdam	23 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	23 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	—
Osaka and San Francisco	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	—

	Closing Prices last Friday	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
Belgian Eastern Junction	25 3/8	25 3/8	...
Buenos Ayres—Great Southern	10 1/2	10 1/2	...
Dutch-Rhenish	25 1/2	25 1/2	...
Lemberg-Czernowitz	12 1/2	12 1/2	...
Mexican	6 1/2	6 1/2	...
Ottoman	8 1/2	8 1/2	...
Sambre and Meuse	13 1/2	13 1/2	...
San Paulo	23 1/2	23 1/2	...
South-Austrian and Lombardo-Venetian	14 1/2	14 1/2	...
Ditto 3% Obligations	10 1/2	10 1/2	...
BRITISH POSSESSIONS.			
East Indian	114 1/2	114 1/2	...
Grand Trunk of Canada	19 1/2	19 1/2	...
Ditto New Ordinary	23 1/2 dis	23 1/2 dis	...
Ditto Third Preference	35 1/2	35 1/2	...
Great Indian Peninsula	111 1/2	111 1/2	...
Great Western of Canada	16 1/2	16 1/2	...
Madras 5%	111 1/2	111 1/2	...

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—The changes for the week are as follows:—

	Closing Prices last Friday.	Closing Prices this day.	Inc. or Dec.
GOVERNMENT AND STATE STOCKS.			
United States 6% 5/20 Bonds, '62 (par 91 1/2)	92 1/2	92 1/2	+
Ditto 1865 Issue (par 91 1/2)	93 1/2	93 1/2	+
Ditto 1867 Issue (par 91 1/2)	94 1/2 xl	94 1/2 xl	...
Ditto 5% 10-40 Bonds (par 91 1/2)	91 1/2	91 1/2	+
Ditto 5% Funded Loan (par 91 1/2)	91 1/2	91 1/2	...
Massachusetts 5%, Sterling Bonds, 1900	94 1/2	94 1/2	...
Virginia New Funded	39 41 xl	39 41 xl	...
RAILROAD SECURITIES.			
Atlantic & Great Western First Mortgage	69 1/2	69 1/2	...
Ditto Second Mortgage (par 91 1/2)	53 1/2	51 1/2	-
Ditto Third Mortgage (par 91 1/2)	2 1/2	2 1/2	-
Ditto Leased Lines Rental Trust	89 90	87 9	-
Erie Shares (par 91 1/2)	36 1/2	36 1/2	+
Ditto 7% Consolidated Mort. (par 91 1/2)	83 4	82 3/4	-
Illinois Central Shares (par 91 1/2)	83 4	82 3/4	-
Illinois and St Louis Bridge 7% 1st Mort.	98 100	98 9	-
New York Central shares (par 91 1/2)	77 1/2	78 1/2	+
Pennsylvania 50 dol shares (par 40)	36 1/2	37 8	+
Ditto General Mort. 6% Bonds, 1910	99 9	98 9	-

JOINT STOCK BANKS.—There is a slight improvement in some of these shares, but transactions have been limited. Anglo-Hungarian have advanced 3/4; Bank of Egypt, 1; Colonial, 1; Land Mortgage of India Debentures, 1, Mercantile of the River Plate, 1/4; Alliance, 1/4; City, 1; Colonial, 5/8; London and Provincial, London and South-Western, 1/2; Merchant, 1/2. London and Hanseatic have lost their advance of last week, an advance erroneously noted here as a decline.

TELEGRAPHS.—With the exception of a rise of 1/4 in Great Northern and Reuter's, these shares have suffered considerably from realisations. Anglo-American have fallen 2; Globe Trust, Ordinary and Preference, 1/2; Cuba, 1/4; West India and Panama, 1/4; Western and Brazilian, 1/2; Eastern, 3/8; Eastern Extension, 3/8.

MINES.—Among British mining shares, Devon Great Consols have fallen 1/4; Great Wheal Vor, 1/2; Wheal Granville, 1/2. In foreign mines, Richmond have advanced 1/4; Scottish Australian, 1/2; Flagstaff, 1/2. On the other side, Chontales are 1/4 lower; Eberhardt, 1/4; Russia Copper, 1/4; St John del Rey, 5; Vancouver Coal, 1/4.

MISCELLANEOUS.—With few exceptions the changes in the three days' business of this week are almost all of a fractional character and not numerous. The following have risen:—Share Investment Trust Deferred, Pelsall Coal, Rhymney Iron (new), and Fore Street Warehouse, each 1/2; Ifton-Rhyn Collieries, Pawson and Co., British and Foreign Tramways, and London ditto, each 1/4; Nantyglo and Blaina Iron have risen 5; Madras Irrigation, 2; and North British and Mercantile Insurance, 1 1/2; Foster, Porter, and Co., London Financial Association, North British, Australian Land, and National Steam Ship are each up 1; Lisbon Steam Tramways are up 1/2. On the other hand, these are lower:—Share Investment Trust Preferred, South Cleveland Iron, General Steam Navigation, and Mexican Mint, each 1; Ebbw Vale, United States Rolling Stock, Ocean Marine, City of Buenos Ayres Tramways, each 1/2; Ceylon Company (10 paid), 3/4; Credit Foncier of England (new) and International Financial, each 1/4; Wood Street Warehouse, Dublin and Glasgow Tramways, and Italian Irrigation, each 1/4; Crystal Palace Ordinary have fallen 4.

BULLION.—The following is taken from the circular of Messrs Pixley, Abell, Langley, and Blake on the transactions in bullion during the week:—

Gold.—The demand for Holland caused a withdrawal from the Bank of 25,000*l*. The orders for that quarter have since ceased, and as there are no other inquiries, the sum of 56,000*l* has been sent in. The "Schiehallion" has brought 46,000*l* from New Zealand, and the "Gwalior" 3,140*l* from Alexandria.

Silver.—The market has been gradually weakening, and the price may now be considered as 58d per oz standard. The amount to hand during the past few days is 52,860*l*, principally Doré, from New York.

Mexican Dollars.—The Dollars by the French steamer have been

received here; the demand is chiefly for China, and the quotation is 56 1/2d per oz at which price the 220,500*l* on English account have been sold.

Exchange on India for Banks' Drafts at 60 days' sight is 1s 9 3/4d per Rupee.

Quotations for Bullion.—Gold—Bar gold, 77s 9d per oz std; ditto fine, 77s 9d per oz std; ditto refineable, 77s 11d per oz std; South American doubloons, 73s 9d to 74s per oz. Silver—Bar silver, fine 4s 10 1/2d per oz std, last price; ditto, containing 5 grains gold, 4s 10 1/2d per oz std, last price; Mexican dollars, 4s 8 1/2d per oz.

According to the Gazette return of this evening, the movement in the precious metals during the week ended Dec. 23, has been as follows:—Gold—import, 78,875*l*; export, 88,708*l*. Silver—import, 353,429*l*; export, 61,175*l*.

CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.—We published a fortnight ago in a Supplement a statement for November of the weekly circulation of the English Private and Joint Stock Banks, and of the Irish and Scotch Banks. The following is a summary of the returns of the English Banks:—

	Authoris'd Issues.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
117 Private Banks	£ 3,874,621	£ 2,818,078	£ 2,817,090	£ 2,778,839	£ 2,746,709	£ 2,721,335
56 Joint Stk. —	2,738,640	2,339,602	2,457,510	2,449,837	2,433,124	2,391,710
173 Totals.....	6,613,261	5,157,680	5,274,600	5,228,676	5,179,833	5,113,045

AVERAGE WEEKLY CIRCULATION of these Banks for the MONTH ending November 29, 1873.

Private Banks	£ 2,776,410
Joint Stock Banks	2,414,357
Average weekly circulation of Private and Joint Stock Banks.....	5,190,767

During the last month the average circulation of the Scotch Banks was 6,392,810*l*, and of the Irish Banks, 7,478,402*l*; and including the average circulation of the Bank of England, the following is the total circulation of the United Kingdom for November:—

Bank of England, 4 weeks ending November 26	£ 25,572,690
English Private Banks, 5 weeks ending November 29	2,776,410
English Joint Stock Banks, 5 weeks ending November 29	2,414,357
Total for England	30,763,457
Scotch Banks to November 29	6,392,810
Irish Banks to November 29	7,478,402
Total for United Kingdom.....	44,634,669

On a comparison of these figures with those of the preceding month, ended October 25, it shows a total decrease of 828,594*l* in the circulation of the United Kingdom, viz:—

	Nov. 1873.	Oct. 1873.	Increase.	Decrease.
Bank of England	25,572,690	26,552,641	...	979,951
Private Banks	2,776,410	2,863,624	...	87,214
Joint Stock Banks	2,414,357	2,511,612	...	97,255
Total in England	30,763,457	31,927,877	...	1,164,420
Scotland	6,392,810	5,893,658	499,152	...
Ireland	7,478,402	7,641,728	...	163,326
Total	44,634,669	45,463,263	499,152	1,327,746
Less increase	...	...	499,152	...
Net decrease.....	...	...	...	828,594

As compared with the corresponding month of 1872, there are the following changes:—

AN INCREASE in the notes of the Bank of England of	£ 313,610
Private Banks of	36,644
Scotch Banks of	182,625
A DECREASE in the notes of the Joint Stock Banks of	£ 4,393
Irish Banks of	534,567
Net increase on previous year in United Kingdom	23,919

It also appears by the above returns that—

The English Private Banks are below their authorised issues	£ 1,095,211
The English Joint Stock Banks are below their authorised issues	324,283
Total below fixed issues	1,422,494
The Scotch Banks are above their authorised issues	3,643,519
The Irish Banks are above their authorised issues	1,123,905
Total above the authorised issues	4,767,447

The return of bullion in the Bank of England for the month ending November 26, gives an aggregate average in both departments of 19,933,321*l*. On a comparison of this with the return for the month ending October 29, there appears to be a decrease of 318,389*l*, and a decrease of 872,818*l*, as compared with the same period of last year. The stock of specie held by the banks in Scotland and Ireland during the month ending November 29 was 7,548,596*l*, being an increase of 644,514*l* on the previous month, and an increase of 7,491*l* on the corresponding period last year.

BANKERS' PRICE CURRENT.

BRITISH FUNDS, INDIAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Table with columns: Dividends Due, BRITISH FUNDS, Closing Prices. Includes entries for 3 per Cent. Consols, India Stock, and various government securities.

FOREIGN STOCKS, BONDS, &c.

Table with columns: Dividends Due, Foreign Stocks, Bonds, &c., Closing Prices. Lists securities from Argentina, Brazil, and various European countries.

FOREIGN STOCKS, BONDS, &c.—Continued.

Table with columns: Dividends Due, Foreign Stocks, Bonds, &c., Closing Prices. Continuation of foreign securities including Russian, Spanish, and Swedish bonds.

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Dividends Due, Colonial Government Securities, Closing Prices. Lists securities from British Columbia, Canada, and other colonies.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Table with columns: Dols, Name, American Stocks, Closing Prices. Lists various American stocks and bonds including United States, Virginia Stock, and others.

BANKS.

Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Dividend per annum, Name, Banks, Closing Prices. Lists various banks and their financial details.

BANKS—Continued.

Table of Banks with columns: Authorised Issue, Dividend per annum, Name, Share, Paid, Closing Prices. Includes entries like Bank of Constantinople, Bank of Egypt, Bank of Ireland, etc.

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.

Table of Telegraph Companies with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Closing Prices. Includes entries like Anglo-American, Brazilian Submarine, Cuba, Limited, etc.

DOCKS.

Table of Docks with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Closing Prices. Includes entries like East and West India, Hull, London and St Katharine, etc.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Table of Insurance Companies with columns: Authorised Issue, Dividend per annum, Name, Share, Paid, Closing Prices. Includes entries like Alliance Brit. & For., Atlas, Argus Life, etc.

GAS.

Table of Gas companies with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Closing Prices. Includes entries like Bombay, Limited, Do New, Continental Union, etc.

INDIAN RAILWAY DEBENTURES.

Table of Indian Railway Debentures with columns: Deben. Capital, Name, Closing Prices. Includes entries like Bombay, Baroda, and C. India, East Indian, Do, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Large table of Miscellaneous items with columns: Dividend per annum, Name, Share, Paid, Closing Prices. Includes sections for Bonds, Loans, and Trusts, Coal, Copper, Iron, &c., Commercial, Financial, and Industrial, and Shipping.

COURSE OF THE EXCHANGES.

	TIME.	TUESDAY, Dec. 23.		FRIDAY, Dec. 24.	
		Prices Negotiated on 'Change.		Prices Negotiated on 'Change.	
Amsterdam	Short.	11 19	12 0	11 19	12 0
Ditto	3 Months.	12 2½	12 3	12 2½	12 3
Rotterdam	—	12 2½	12 3	12 2½	12 3
Antwerp and Brusses	—	25 82½	25 87½	25 82½	25 87½
Paris	Short.	25 30	25 40	25 30	25 40
Ditto	3 Months.	25 65	25 70	25 65	25 70
Marseilles	—	25 67½	25 72½	25 67½	25 72½
Hamburg	—	2056	2060	2056	2060
Berlin	—	6 25½	6 26	6 25½	6 26
Leipsic	—	6 25½	6 26	6 25½	6 26
Frankfort-on-the-Main	—	110½	120	119½	120
Petersburg	—	31½	31½	31½	31½
Copenhagen	—	9 25	9 30	9 25	9 30
Vienna	—	11 62½	11 67½	11 62½	11 67½
Trieste	—	11 62½	11 70	11 62½	11 70
Zurich and Basle	—	25 80	25 90	25 80	25 90
Madrid	—	48½	48½	48½	48½
Cadiz	—	49½	49½	49½	49½
Seville	—	49½	49½	49½	49½
Barcelona	—	49	49½	49	49½
Malaga	—	48	48½	48	48½
Granada	—	48½	48½	48½	48½
Santander	—	48½	49	48½	49
Zaragoza	—	48½	48½	48½	48½
Bilbao	—	48½	48½	48½	48½
Genoa, Milan, and Leghorn	—	29 80	29 90	29 80	29 90
Venice	—	29 80	29 90	29 80	29 90
Naples	—	29 80	29 90	29 80	29 90
Palermo and Messina	—	29 80	29 90	29 80	29 90
Lisbon	90 Days.	62½	62½	62½	62½
Oporto	—	62½	62½	62½	62½

FOREIGN RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

	Latest Dates.	Rates of Exchange on London.	
Paris	Dec. 24	25.29 30	Short
Amsterdam	— 23	11.63	—
Frankfort	— 23	118½	—
Hamburg	— 23	20.28 gd	—
—	— 23	20.07 gd	3 months' date.
Berlin	— 24	6.21½	—
Vienna	— 23	113.70	—
St Petersburg	— 23	32½	—
Alexandria	— 13	94½	—
Constantinople	— 16	110½ 11	90 days' date.
New York	— 24	108½	60 days' sight.
Havana	— 6	105 10 % prem.	—
Jamaica	Nov. 25	1 % prem.	90
Rio de Janeiro	Dec. 4	26	—
Bahia	— 5	25½	—
Pernambuco	— 7	26	—
Buenos Ayres	Nov. 14	49½	—
Ceylon	— 27	1.10½ ¾	6 months' sight.
Bombay	Dec. 23	1.10½ ¾	—
Calcutta	— 24	1.10½ ¾	—

NOTICES AND REPORTS.

STOCKS.

Guatemala 6 per Cent. Bonds, 1869.—The Council of Foreign Bond-holders have arranged that 1/10s per 100l bond due on the arrear coupons of 1872 shall be paid within the present month. Messrs. Thomson, Bonar, and Co. will notify the same by advertisement.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Arica and Tacna.—The directors have declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. for the half-year, payable on the 29th inst.

Bombay, Barado, and Central India.—A resolution was passed at the meeting for consolidating all fully paid-up shares into capital stock.

East Indian.—The net profit for the half-year, including outstandings belonging to past half-years, is stated to be 839,044l. After providing for the guaranteed interest, the amount divisible between the Government and the Company is 167,753l, of which the Company's share is sufficient to pay a dividend of 6s 3d per cent., in addition to the guaranteed interest, and leaving a balance of 1,100l in hand. The working expenses for the half-year have been 37 per cent., against 38'66 per cent. in the corresponding period of 1872.

Great Eastern.—The promoters of the scheme recently rejected by the directors have issued a circular to the shareholders for the purpose of obtaining their consent to a modified form of the original scheme. Instead of turning the present stock into a perpetual 4½ per cent. preference, and raising the capital required by the issue of an equal amount of new ordinary stock at 20, it is proposed that the present ordinary stock should rank with the new ordinary until both receive 6 per cent.; besides having 4½ per cent. preference in perpetuity, the position of the two stocks should henceforth be made precisely similar to the other divided ordinary railway stocks—the B preferred to have 6 per cent. preference in perpetuity, and the A to take all dividend beyond this.

Honduras Inter-Oceanic, Limited.—A company has been registered under the above title, having for its object the completion of the Inter-Oceanic Railway, with a capital of 5,347,720l, in A, B, and C shares of 100l, 12l, and 20l respectively.

Illinois Central.—A dividend has been declared of 4 per cent. in currency, payable in New York on the 2nd February next.

Mexican.—The earnings for the half-year amount to 192,472l, and the expenditure to 111,498l, giving a net balance of 80,973l.

Varna.—Remittances having been received from the Turkish Government, the payment of interest on the Three and Six per Cent. obligations, and also a dividend of 10s per share on the fully paid-up shares, is announced.

BANKS.

Anglo-Austrian.—The coupon No. 16, due 1st January, will on that date be payable at the rate of 6 fl., Austrian paper currency, per share, at the short exchange on Vienna, free of income tax.

Bank of Constantinople.—An ad interim dividend of 6 per cent. per annum for the year ended 31st instant is announced, payable on and after the 1st proximo.

Bank of New Zealand.—The total available for division is stated to be 46,392l, from which the following appropriations are recommended, viz., dividend at 10 per cent. per annum, 30,000l; payment of bonus of 2s 6d per share, 7,500l; and 8,892l carried forward to the new profit and loss account.

Bank of New South Wales.—An available total is shown for the half-year ended 30th September of 78,223l, including the previous balance of 2,973l, and a dividend has been declared at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum, and 3,223l carried forward.

Imperial Ottoman.—The coupons due in January for the interim distribution of 10s per share may be presented at the London Agency.

National Bank of Scotland.—At the annual meeting at Edinburgh, the net profits for the official year were declared at 199,010l; the ordinary dividend of 13 per cent. also, both free of income tax. After paying these dividends the sum of 38,000l was added to the "rest," which is thus raised to 380,000l, and a balance of 13,625l was carried forward.

National of Australasia.—The sum available is 49,567l, and a dividend is recommended of 10 per cent. per annum; 2,000l is carried to reserve; a reduction of 5,000l is made on account of premises; and 9,567l is carried forward.

National of Scotland.—The profits for the year are stated to be 199,010l; and a dividend of 13 per cent. has been declared, and also a bonus of 3 per cent. for the year, both free of income tax; 38,000l was added to the "rest," now amounting to 380,000l; and 13,655l 14s 4d carried forward.

ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

Atlas Marine Insurance, Limited.—It is understood that a new Company will shortly be introduced under the above title, with a capital of 1,000,000l, in 40,000 25l shares, only half of which will, however, be at first issued.

Scottish Union Fire and Life.—The half-yearly dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, will be payable on the 2nd January.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

African Steamship.—A balance is shown for the half-year ended 31st October of 6,290l, and a dividend is recommended of 8s per share, carrying forward 923l. The expenditure on capital account, less amount written off for depreciation, is stated to be 294,636l.

Anglo-Argentine.—Scripholders are requested to forward their warrants to the liquidator, 45 Cornhill, for registration.

Assam.—An interim dividend of 5 per cent. is announced.

Canada Company.—A dividend is recommended of 2l per share for the half-year ending 10th January next, in addition to a sum of 1l per share as a tenth instalment in repayment of the paid-up capital. The receipts from sales of lands, conversions, rents, and interest, &c., during the year, amounted to 104,499l.

Crystal Palace.—The balance available for the year is stated to be 44,686l, and, after the deduction of interest and dividend on the debenture and preference stocks, a net sum is left of 13,838l; and a dividend is recommended of 1 per cent., the balance of 3,811l being carried forward.

Foreign and Colonial Government Trust.—The numbers are published of 17 certificates (fifth issue), drawn for redemption at par on the 1st prox.

Iron Ship Coasting Company, Limited.—A further dividend of 5s in the pound is payable on the 5th prox. to the creditors, at the offices of Messrs Thomson and Company, Mansion House buildings.

Italian Irrigation (Canal Cavour).—The numbers are published of 750 obligations drawn for payment on the 1st prox.

John Brown and Co.—The directors notify that in the present uncertain state of the iron trade, they do not consider it advisable to declare an interim dividend, and it has been decided to await the conclusion of the financial year, and the termination of certain engagements entered into by them.

Lehong Tea.—An interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum has been announced.

Malta and Mediterranean Gas.—An extraordinary meeting is called for the 5th prox., to confirm the special resolutions passed on the 15th inst. in favour of an increase of capital.

Montreal Steamship.—The directors have declared a dividend for the half-year ending the 31st December at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

M. Oldroyd and Sons, Limited.—Capital is invited to the amount of 750,000l, in shares of 10l each, to acquire a woollen

business which shall be carried on under the above name. It will consist of an amalgamation of the business heretofore carried on by M. Oldroyd and Sons, at Dewsbury, as woollen manufacturers and merchants, with that carried on by them in co-partnership with Messrs Blakeley and Latta, at Hunslet Mills, Leeds, as blanket manufacturers and merchants, some shares and interests in coal companies to be included. The vendors retain two-thirds of the share capital, and will remain at the head of the business.

Neuchatel Rock Paving, Limited.—In view of the projected amalgamation of this company with other concerns, a resolution has been passed for the voluntary winding-up of the company, and Mr Price, of Price, Holland, and Waterhouse, has been appointed liquidator.

National Steamship.—A dividend has been declared for the half-year ending the 31st December at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

New York City Loan, 1867.—Messrs N. M. Rothschild and Sons announce the payment, on and after the 1st prox., of the dividend then due.

North Metropolitan Tramways.—A meeting convened in pursuance of a requisition from the shareholders was held on the 22nd inst., when a resolution was passed by a small majority to the effect "that the accounts of the company be prepared in accordance with the Railway Regulation Act of 1868, and that the Board of Trade be requested to appoint an auditor." After some discussion, a resolution was carried "That Captain Scott, Mr Peat, Mr Young, and Mr Broomhall be appointed as inspectors to investigate into the affairs of the company, and report to an adjourned meeting on the 2nd of February next." The chairman demanded a poll on behalf of the directors, and the meeting was adjourned.

North Metropolitan Tramways.—At the adjourned meeting held for the purpose of declaring the state of the poll demanded by the directors upon two resolutions, the result was as follows:—Votes for the resolutions, 5,762; ditto against the resolutions, 6,714, showing a majority of 752 votes in favour of the directors.

Palace and Burlington Hotels.—The net profit for the half-year amounts to 6,866*l.*, out of which a dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. and a bonus of 6 per cent. have been declared, being at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum; 500*l.* is placed to dividend reserve, and 666*l.* carried forward.

Peel River Land and Mineral.—A second dividend is recommended of 2½ per cent., making 5 per cent. (inclusive of the interim dividend in July) for the year ended 30th June last.

St Thomas's Dock.—It has been determined to raise 20,000*l.* additional new capital, which is required for the completion of the dock (the original estimate for which has been greatly exceeded), and for other incidental expenses. It is proposed to raise the amount by 10 per cent. debentures issued at 80 per cent.

Railway and General Light Improvement.—The company succeeded in obtaining its patent in March last, and engaged premises and commenced manufacturing. The lamps are now in partial use on 13 railways, and it is stated there is reason to expect they will be generally adopted on those lines. An order for 100 signal lamps has been received from the Great Western Company.

Towns Drainage and Sewage Utilisation, Limited.—The Master of the Rolls has ordered a first dividend of 15s in the pound to the creditors.

United Linner and Vorwolle Asphalt.—The accounts for the year show a net profit of 8,636*l.*, and it has been resolved to declare a dividend of 6s per share, free of income tax, and to form with the balance (2,980*l.*) the nucleus of a reserve fund.

MINING COMPANIES

Birmingham (Blakeley Hall) Coal and Ironstone.—It is announced that the coupons due 1st January next on the debentures will be paid at the Birmingham Joint Stock Bank.

Braganza Gold, Limited.—The Master of the Rolls has appointed Mr Alfred A. Broad (Broad, Broad, and Paterson) official liquidator.

East Fordale Silver Lead, Limited.—Resolutions have been passed for a voluntary winding-up, and Mr R. Mitchell and Mr H. J. Wenham have been appointed joint liquidators.

Eberhardt and Aurora.—The half-year's interest, due 31st inst., upon the 10 per cent. debenture bonds will be paid in due course.

Sao Vicente Mining, Limited.—Scripolders are requested to forward their warrants for registration to the liquidator, Mr James Waddell, Mansion House chambers.

Since the issue of notice No. 54, dated the 1st instant, relative to the Australian mail service, the Government of Victoria have requested that correspondence for that Colony, which may be specially directed to be sent by the route of San Francisco, may be so forwarded. The public are therefore informed that any letters, newspapers, &c., for the Colony of Victoria, which they may wish to be forwarded by that route, must be specially addressed "via San Francisco."

The Postmaster-General of New South Wales having determined that any correspondence for that colony which may be specially addressed either via Point de Galle and Melbourne or via Singapore and Brisbane shall be so sent, the public are informed of this modification of the regulations announced in the Notice No. 54, issued on the 1st instant. It must be understood that all correspondence for New South Wales not otherwise specially addressed, will be forwarded via San Francisco.

FOREIGN MAILS.

Destinations.	Despatch of Next Mail from London.	Next Mail due.
Australia (South and West)	via Southampton...	Jan. 25 m Dec. 29
Victoria	via Brindisi	Dec. 26 m Jan. 19
Bermuda	via Halifax	Jan. 13 e — 11
Brazil, Montevideo, and Chili	via Liverpool	— 6 e Dec. 30
	(via Southampton)	— 9 m Jan. 18
Brazil, Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo	via Liverpool	— 19 e — 15
	(by French packet)	— 3 e Dec. 29
Canada	via Portland	— 1 e Jan. 2
Ditto	via United States	Dec. 27 m —
Canary Islands	via Liverpool	Jan. 2 e overdue
Cape of Good Hope, Natal, and Ascension	—	5 m Dec. 12
	(via Southampton)	— 1 m Dec. 29
China, Ceylon, and Singapore	via Brindisi	— m Jan. 5
	(by French packet)	Jan. 2 m — 11
Cape de Verdes and Portugal	via Southampton	— 9 m — 18
	(via Liverpool)	— 6 e Dec. 30
East Indies, Egypt, &c.	via Southampton	— 1 m — 29
	(via Brindisi)	— m — 29
Falkland Islands	—	Jan. 9 m —
Gibraltar and Malta	via Southampton	— 1 m — 29
Malta	via Italy	Dec. 27 m — 30
Ditto	via Marseilles	— 30 m Jan. 10
Madeira	—	Jan. 2 e overdue
Mauritius	by French packet	— 16 m Jan. 11
New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, & P. E. Island	via Halifax	Dec. 30 m Dec. 28
Newfoundland	—	— 30 e — 28
New South Wales and New Zealand	via San Francisco	Jan. 13 e — 29
	(via Brindisi)	Dec. 1 m Jan. 19
Queenland	via Southampton	Jan. 1 m Dec. 29
	(via Brindisi)	Dec. 1 e Jan. 19
St Helena	—	Jan. 15 m — 12
United States by Cunard packet	(New York)	Dec. 27 m —
—	(Boston)	— 30 m —
—	(New York)	— 30 e —
—	(New York)	Jan. 1 e —
West Coast of Africa	via Liverpool	— 2 e overdue
West Indies and Pacific	—	— 2 m Dec. 29
Bahamas	—	Dec. 27 e —
Honduras	—	Jan. 17 m —
La Guayra and Puerto Cabello	via Southampton	— 2 m — 29
	(via Liverpool)	— 5 e —
Mexico	via Southampton	— 2 m — 29
	(via Liverpool)	— 9 e —
Port au Prince and Cape Hayti	via Southampton	— 2 m — 29
	(via Liverpool)	— 9 e —
Santa Martha	via Liverpool	— 19 e —
Savanna	via Southampton	— 2 m — 29
Zanzibar	via Southampton	— 8 m Jan. 19
	(via Brindisi)	— 16 e — 12

MAILS ARRIVED.

LATEST DATES.

On December 19, from WEST AFRICA, per Honny—Lagos, Nov. 12; Funchal, Madeira, Dec. 11; Cape Coast Castle, Nov. 21; Accra, 20.
 On December 21, from INDIA, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, &c. via Brindisi—Port Chalmers, Oct. 30; Hokiika, 31; Levuka, 1; Sydney, Nov. 4; Brisbane, 1; Wellington, Oct. 29; Auckland, 28; Campbelltown, 31; Christchurch, 28; Invercargill, 31; Dunedin, 30; Townsville, 18; Nelson, 30; Bowen, 20; Greyouth, 31; Melbourne, Nov. 7; Geelong, 7; Queenscliff, 7; Hobart Town, 4; Launceston, 5; Adelaide, 7; Port Adelaide, 7; Perth, King George's Sound, 8; Albany, 13; Calcutta, 28; Bombay, Dec. 1; Madras, Nov. 29; Colombo, 26; Point de Galle, 28; Hong Kong, 13; Singapore, 19; Penang, 21; Batavia, 13; Beyrout, Dec. 11; Aden, 8; Suez, 14; Alexandria, 15.
 On December 21, from INDIA, ALEXANDRIA, &c. via Southampton—Calcutta, Nov. 21; Bombay, 24; Madras, 22; Point de Galle, 20; Aden, Dec. 1; Suez, 7; Alexandria, 8; Malta, 11; Gibraltar, 16.
 On December 21, from UNITED STATES AND NORTH AMERICA, per Egypt—Boston, Dec. 9; Chicago, 8; Detroit, 8; New York, 10; Philadelphia, 9; San Francisco, 2; Hamilton, 8; Kingston, 8; Montreal, 8; Quebec, 8; Toronto, 8; Halifax, 6.—Per Westphalia—Boston, Dec. 10; New York, 11; Philadelphia, 10; Hamilton, 9; Toronto, 8; Ottawa, 8; Bermuda, 6.
 On November 21, from WEST AFRICA, per Liberia—Fernando Po, Nov. 14; Lagos, 23; Accra, 25; Cape Coast Castle, 27; Cape Palmas, 30; Monrovia, Dec. 3; Sierra Leone, 5; Tenerife, 12; Madeira, 14.
 On December 24, from SOUTH AMERICA, per Patagonia—Rio Grande do Sul, Oct. 18; Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 25; Buenos Ayres, 15; Monte Video, 17; St Vincent, Dec. 7; Lisbon, 14.—Per Britannia—Santiago, Nov. 3; Valparaiso, 11; Buenos Ayres, 22; Monte Video, 23; Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 1; Bahia, 5; Pernambuco, 11; St Vincent, 13; Lisbon, 19.
 On December 24, from UNITED STATES AND NORTH AMERICA, per Austrian—Chicago, Dec. 10; Detroit, 11; Portland, 13; Hamilton, 11; Kingston, 12; Montreal, 12; Quebec, 12; Toronto, 11; Ottawa, 12; Fredericton, N.B., 11; St John, N.B., 12.

COMPARATIVE AVERAGES OF GRAIN.

The following is a statement showing the quantities sold and the average price of British Corn (Imperial measure), as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the week ended December 20, 1873, and for the corresponding week in each of the years from 1872 to 1869:—

	QUANTITIES SOLD.			AVERAGE PRICES.		
	Wheat	Barley.	Oats.	Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.
	qrs	bsls	qrs	bsls	qrs	bsls
1873.....	56,610	1	88,744	5	3,642	0
1872.....	53,276	2	71,277	3	5,759	3
1871.....	69,214	3	87,623	3	6,612	4
1870.....	67,006	0	89,179	7	5,833	1
1869.....	45,921	0	71,415	3	3,949	5
					43	5
					35	11
					26	3
					41	2
					36	9
					34	11
					23	6
					23	6

The Commercial Times.

POST OFFICE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Owing to detentions to which the mails for Malta, via Italy, are at present subjected by quarantine regulations and interruptions on the railway between Messina and Syracuse, it is necessary to despatch those mails from London every Saturday evening. Supplementary mails will be sent on the following Monday morning, on the chance of their reaching Syracuse in time for the Italian packet proceeding to Malta.

AVERAGES OF GRAIN.

The following is a statement showing the quantities sold and the average price of British Corn (Imperial measure), as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the week ended December 20, 1873:—

	Quantities Sold.	Average Price.
	qrs bush	s d
Wheat	59,610 1	61 7
Barley	88,744 5	44 7
Oats	3,642 0	26 3

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

The following is an account showing the quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the quantities of British and foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, exported from the United Kingdom in the week ended December 20, 1873:—

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM UNITED KINGDOM		
	England	Scotland	Ireland.	The United Kingdom	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Ex-ported.
Wheat.....	cwts 654,989	cwts 51,128	cwts 205,171	cwts 1,011,288	cwts 17,924	cwts 12,653	cwts 30,577
Barley.....	154,392	6,105	42,121	171,708	1,311	39	1,350
Oats.....	227,259	...	...	227,259	144	927	1,071
Eye.....	...	...	...	...	879	1,419	2,298
Pease.....	16,030	98	...	16,128	266	2	268
Beans.....	24,521	31,608	...	56,129	31	110	141
Indian corn.....	143,973	...	117,457	261,430	...	5,625	5,625
Buckwheat.....	3,950	29	...	4,019	...	...	...
Berse or Hdg.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Corn (ex-clusive of malt.)	1,224,254	88,118	434,749	1,747,121	20,555	20,557	41,112
Wheatmeal or flour.....	123,871	48,629	...	172,500	1,615	2,772	4,387
Barley meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat meal.....	29	...	...	29	417	...	417
Eye meal.....	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
Pea meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian corn meal.....	7	...	...	7	...	...	...
Buckwheat meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of meal.....	123,898	48,632	...	172,530	2,032	2,772	4,804
Total of corn & meal (exclusive of malt.)	1,348,152	136,750	434,749	1,919,651	22,617	23,329	45,946
Malt (entered by the quarter).....	qrs ...	qrs ...	qrs ...	qrs ...	qrs 1,955	qrs ...	qrs 1,955

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

Home markets continue inanimate, and sales of wheat are very limited as usual at the end of the year. Prices continue on the whole firm, the supply both at Mark lane and in the provinces has been limited. The recent advances obtained on Baltic wheat have been partly lost, and floating cargoes are offered for slightly less money; but these signs of depression are altogether temporary. The intervention of the holidays this week has virtually limited business to three days, and, as fair supplies have recently been laid in by millers, activity is not likely to revive till the new year. Prices fluctuate slightly at New York, but flour is again down, while wheat is higher in latest quotations. The same temporary stagnation prevails in France, and prices there have in many cases receded.

The cotton market has been quiet on such days as were not set apart as holidays; prices have fallen on account of the large arrivals of American, but sales have not been pressed, and for the moment there is no weakness. At Manchester the same circumstance has added to the dulness of trade, and reports from India have again been discouraging. The inquiry for export yarns has been fair, prices remaining rather steady in the absence of business.

Prices of wool are well kept up in the various provincial markets, but the demand in the three days' business of the week has been small, purchases being of an entirely hand-to-mouth character. Some export inquiry is to be found in the yarn department at Bradford, but in other respects the market is quiet without character. The market for colonial wool is also very flat, mainly from the absence of foreign buyers, and the year closes with stocks almost exhausted and prices considerably down. Affairs on the continent, and the bad trade which had prevailed for some time before the crisis in America, are the main causes of this unfavourable turn. This latter cause of depression appears, however, to be likely to grow rapidly less, later accounts from America representing a very rapid recovery there. Mills which were entirely stopped during the crisis are now again running, most of them full time, and all expect to be fully engaged by the new year, wool is, in consequence, rapidly rising in value there.

In the iron trade, the year now drawing to a close is looked upon as a great contrast to its predecessor, so far as activity in production is concerned. High prices and high wages have produced already an effect on the number of orders received, so great as to have made it plain to both workers and masters as a whole that a policy of exaction cannot be carried on indefinitely, and the recent settlement of wages for the coming quarter has slightly reduced wages both in South Staffordshire and the North of England, without exciting protest in

any quarter. It has for some time been thought that the new year will bring a revival in the demand for finished iron sufficient to set many laid-off factories once more to work, and so spread an activity throughout the iron trade which may prevent further decline in prices or production. There are at present only a few signs of that revival, and some expectations are entertained of a reduction on quarter-day; but in the meanwhile prospects are supposed to be better, and though further falls must occur in the price of fuel, the now empty books of many manufacturers are considered likely to be filled shortly at present prices.

EXTRACTS FROM TRADE CIRCULARS.

From Messrs W. Nicol and Co.'s Weekly Overland Circular, dated Bombay, Nov. 29.—On this side throughout the week there has been a firm market, and the ideas of holders have been freely met by exporters; latterly the market has been very strong, and some fair sales are reported. There is also a good demand for forward delivery cotton, but dealers have forced up prices considerably above the level at which the majority of exporters are inclined to operate. The week's sales amount to about 2,900 bales, a third of which is composed of Sawginned Dharwar, for which there has been a brisk demand at full rates. Most of the business still seems to be for continental account, and it would appear as if but very few English orders are at present in the market. Imports, &c.—The week's receipts amount to 8,254 bales, against 6,258 at the same time last year. Exports are 7,809 bales, against 3,013, and the quantity afloat in the harbour is 11,478 bales, against 1,205. Our estimated stock is about 18,500 bales, against about 27,500 bales. Crop Accounts—Most favourable reports are to hand from all the districts. The broach crop seems likely to be a very early one this season, and it is expected that the ginning season will have fairly set in by the middle of January. We append our quotations—Old cotton (market value, per candy, 784 lbs)—Dhollerah Bhownggur, ready, 186 rs; Sawginned Dharwar, 193 rs; Vingorla, 184 rs. New Cotton (market value, per candy, 784 lbs)—Omrawuttee (ordinary), January, 1874, delivery, 207 rs; ditto (Akote), February, 1874, 210 rs; Hingunghat (nominal) January, 1874, delivery, 240 rs; Broach (M. G.), March, 1874, delivery, 231 rs.

From the Cotton Circular of the Imperial Ottoman Bank, dated Alexandria, Dec. 13.—We have had a quiet and rather irregular Market during the past week, with prices generally in favour of buyers. Good stapled Cottons however continue very scarce, and command higher prices in proportion to other qualities. Quotations without change.

(From Messrs Helmuth Schwartz's wool price current, dated December 23.)—Trade in this country continues dull, and still more considerable depression prevails in Germany. Fair activity is, on the other hand, reported from France, and in the United States a marked revival has taken place after a long period of lethargy. The small stock—further reduced by re-shipments to this country—has begun to exercise an influence upon the tone of the market, and with the brisker inquiry prices for American domestic wools have risen fully 10 per cent. It is believed that with the turn of the year this improvement will further gain in strength, and in that case American competition, so long in abeyance, may again be felt in our spring sales.

(From Messrs Schmidt, Son, and Co.'s Havana Report, dated Dec. 6.)—During the first part of the month the sugar market remained quiet; the demand became active towards the latter part, and several large lots of centrifugal and molasses sugar, being the most inquired after, changed hands at rapidly improving prices. The stock of good suitable sugars is now almost exhausted. According to the last sales effected we must place our quotations as follow:—Common clayed sugar of current quality, 12 rs to 12½ rs No. 12; common clayed sugar of superior quality, 13 rs to 13½ rs No. 12; Derosne sugar, 12 rs to 12½ rs No. 12; centrifugal sugar in boxes, 13 rs to 13½ rs Nos. 10 to 12; centrifugal sugar in hds nominal, none left; molasses sugar in boxes, 7½ rs to 8½ rs Nos. 6 to 9; Muscovadoes, fair to good refining, 11 rs; whites, 16 rs to 17½ rs. The stock here amounts now to 82,585 boxes and 1400 hds, against 48,385 boxes and 77 hds at the same time of last year. At outports no sales of any importance have taken place for want of stock. The weather has been propitious for crop operations, but grinding has so far not become general. From almost all districts of the island complaints are received of the cane being uncommonly small and containing but little juice, from which cause it is generally believed the crop will be from 20 to 25 per cent. shorter than the last one. Freights—the demand for vessels has been moderately active throughout the month.

(From Messrs Lee, Hedges, and Co.'s Fortnightly Coffee Report, dated Colombo, Nov. 27.)—Plantation—Transactions during the fortnight have evinced great spirit, prices having further advanced for all descriptions, and estate crops especially. For the past week holders have shown no disposition whatever to quit, and the belief in increased values is so strong that any offer of the latter figure is firmly declined, many openly expressing their intention of holding for 25s,

which it seems likely we shall touch before long. The confirmed accounts of short crops in all producing countries and the steady development of consumption, notwithstanding the high rates now ruling, would naturally exercise a marked effect on our small market, but the rapid enhancement of rates during the past two months has quite exceeded the most sanguine expectations. Coffee is reaching Colombo in larger quantities than when we last wrote, but as compared with previous years the arrivals are very meagre, serving to prove how unmistakably short the season's outturn must be. Native coffee—Contracts are difficult to place, nearly all the sales effected being for small parcels in dealers' hands.

(From Messrs William Moran and Co.'s Indigo Report, dated Calcutta, Nov. 28.)—Two small public sales have been held, at which about 700 chests were offered. There was a brisk demand for all qualities, the finer sorts realising comparatively higher prices than inferior kinds. The first sale opened at an advance for middling and good descriptions of about 15 rs to 20 rs on the opening rates of last season, or about 7.8 rs to 10 rs per maund above last season's average prices; but at the second sale a further advance of fully 10 rs per maund was established. Of low qualities and Oudes, scarcely any have yet been offered. Compared with the rates of the London July sale, we consider prices here show an advance of 5d to 8d per lb for middling qualities, and 6d to 10d for good and fine descriptions, taking the current exchange of 1s 10½d per rupee.

The following statement shows the landings, deliveries for home consumption, and the stocks of the chief articles of colonial and foreign produce in London for the week ended December 20:—

	Landed.	Home Consumption.	Stock, 1873.	Stock, 1872.
Cocoa barrels and bags	780	1,016	48,272	35,530
Coffee tons	584	396	7,710	9,006
Molasses casks	382	324	4,111	9,227
Rum puncheons	650	659	18,945	22,696
Sugar tons	2,613	3,314	78,770	67,834
Cochineal serons, &c.	650	508	8,381	8,632
Jute bales	1,724	4,442	131,672	142,549
Cotton bales or bags	3,607	8,350	162,130	209,365
Rice tons	1,251	1,256	39,965	39,216
Sago tons	60	82	1,111	1,969
Saïpetre tons	121	125	4,027	2,594

Annexed are the statistics of the landings and deliveries for the year to date, as compared with 1872:—

	Landed.		Home Consumption.		Export.	
	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.
Cocoa.....barrels and bags	101,802	77,216	61,528	49,179	27,515	21,053
Coffee tons	68,576	59,575	20,488	20,015	40,004	48,454
Molasses casks	17,324	26,092	14,243	19,724	7,246	5,502
Rum puncheons	41,149	48,114	22,764	21,063	9,199	10,176
Sugar tons	245,356	269,976	227,533	176,124	5,852	5,714
Cochineal serons, &c.	21,262	22,216	22,025	15,081		
Jute bales	349,132	433,101	354,350	399,616		
Cotton bales or bags	282,556	442,078	330,214	390,258		
Rice tons	120,004	92,966	112,609	101,265		
Sago tons	1,038	1,471	2,449	1,923		
Saïpetre tons	11,905	11,240	10,124	10,826		

THE COTTON TRADE.

LIVERPOOL.—DECEMBER 23.

The cotton market, influenced by the unusually heavy receipts into the American ports, has been heavy and depressed throughout the week. Sea Island continues in improved demand at firm prices. American has been very freely offered, and has fallen generally ½d to ¾d per lb. Brazilian continues in moderate demand, and prices are partially ½d lower. Egyptian has been in fair request, but, having been freely offered, prices are in many instances ½d to ¾d easier. In West Indian the business has again been small, but values remain unaltered. Soft Peruvian continues neglected and rather easier, but rough kinds are firm at previous rates. African has declined ½d per lb. East Indian has been dull of sale with a considerable quantity offering. There has not, however, been much pressure to sell, and while current qualities are reduced ¼d and occasionally ½d per lb, quotations of most descriptions are unchanged.

In cotton "to arrive" and for future delivery the transactions continue numerous, but with lower prices. The latest quotations are—Delivery: American, any port, G.O.C., December, 8d; December-January, 8d—Shipment: any port, G.O.C., November 8½d; November-December, 8½d; January-February 8½d, 8½d; February-March, 8½d; L.M.C., November-December, 8½d; ship named, no clause, new crop, 7½d—Charleston, G.O.C., November, ship named, 8½d—Orleans, G.O.C., December-January, 8½d; L.M.C., February-March, 8½d—Dhollerah, Cape, F.M., M.F.C., O.T., December-January, 5½d—Oomrawuttee, Canal, G.F.N.M., M.F.C., O.T., January-February, 6½d per lb.

The sales of the week (four days), including forwarded, amount to 42,560 bales, of which 1,360 are on speculation, and 6,790 declared for export, leaving 34,410 bales to the trade.

Dec. 24.—The sales to-day will probably amount to about 10,000 bales, with a steady market.

PRICES CURRENT.

Descriptions.	Ord.			Good			Same Period 1872.		
	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb
Sea Island	16	18	21	22	26	33	20	24	35
Upland	6½	8½	...	...	...	...	10½	...	...
Mobile	6½	8½	...	...	...	...	10½	...	...
New Orleans	6½	8½	...	...	...	...	10½	...	...
Pernambuco	...	...	8½	9½	...	...	10½	...	11½
Bahia, &c.	...	...	8½	9½	...	...	10½	...	11½
Maranham	...	...	9	9½	10½	10½	10½	10½	11½
Egyptian	6	7	9½	10½	11½	11½	8½	10½	13
Smyrna	...	...	7½	7½	7½	7½	6½	8	8½
West India, &c.	7	7½	8½	9½	9½	9½	8½	10½	10½
Peruvian	8	9	10½	10½	11½	11½	9½	10½	10½
African	...	...	6½	6½	7	8	7½	8½	9½
Surat—Gin'dharwar	...	...	6½	6½	7½	...	7½	...	...
Broach	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Dhollerah	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Oomrawuttee	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Mangalore	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Comptab	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Madras—Tinnevely	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Western	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...
Bombay	...	...	5½	6	6½	...	7½	...	...

PRICES CURRENT.—DECEMBER 23, 1873.

Descriptions.	Ord.			Good			Same Period 1870.		
	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb	per lb
Sea Island	...	24	30	33	44	50	16	18	28
Upland	...	8½	9½	...	...	...	8½	...	...
Mobile	...	8½	10	...	...	...	8½	...	...
New Orleans	...	8½	10½	...	...	...	8½	...	...
Pernambuco	9½	9½	10½	12	8½	8½	9
Bahia, &c.	9½	9½	10½	12	8½	8½	9
Maranham	9½	10½	10½	12	8½	8½	9½
Egyptian	...	7½	8½	10½	11½	14½	6½	8½	10
Smyrna	...	7½	8½	8½	9	9½	6½	7½	8
West India, &c.	...	7½	8½	9½	10½	11½	8	8½	9½
Peruvian	...	7½	8½	10½	10½	11½	8	9	9½
African	7½	8	8½	8½	7	7½	7½
Surat—Gin'dharwar	7½	7½	8½	...	...	6½	7½
Broach	5½	6	6½	...	5	6½	7½
Dhollerah	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	7
Oomrawuttee	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	7½
Mangalore	5½	6	6½	...	5	6½	...
Comptab	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	...
Madras—Tinnevely	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	...
Western	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	...
Bombay	5½	6	6½	...	5½	6½	...

IMPORTS, EXPORTS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

	1872.	1873.
Imports from Jan. 1 to Dec. 23	3,291,025	3,493,147
Exports from Jan. 1 to Dec. 23	478,291	370,690
Stock, Dec. 23	385,680	474,540
Consumption from Jan. 1 to Dec. 23	3,088,389	3,096,739

The above figures show:—

An increase of import compared with the same date last year of	199,420
An increase of quantity taken for consumption of	7,350
A decrease of actual exports of	107,600
An increase of stock of	138,860

In speculation there is a decrease of 381,850 bales. The imports this week have amounted to 55,942 bales, and the quantity of American cotton reported at sea for Great Britain (including cable advices to date) is 332,000 bales, against 262,000 bales at the corresponding period last year. The actual exports have been 2,794 bales this week.

LONDON.—DECEMBER 24.

Annexed is a portion of the circular issued this week by the London Cotton Brokers' Association:—

Since our last the market has been dull, and prices generally are ½d per lb lower, both on the spot and for arrival.

PRESENT QUOTATIONS.

Description.	Ord.		Mid.		Fair to		Good to		Prices of Fair same time	
	to Mid.	Fair.	Fair.	Good Fair	Fine.	1872.	1871.	per lb	per lb	
Surat—Sawginned Dharwar	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Broach	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Dhollerah	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Oomrawuttee	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Mangalore	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Comptab	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Madras—Tinnevely	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Western	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Northern	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Cocoonada	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Coimbatore and Salem	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Bourbon Seed
Scinde	3½	3½	4½	5	5½	5½	6½	6½
Bengal	2½	3	4	4½	5	4	6	6
Rangoon	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6
West India, &c.	8	8	9	9	10	10	9	9
Brazil	8½	8½	9	9	10	10	9	9
African	6½	7	7	8	8	7	8	8
Australian and Fiji	7	8	8	8	9	9	9	9
Ditto Sea Island kinds	6	8	10	13	16	18	24	20
Tahiti	7	9	13	15	17	20	17	20

Sales to arrive—500 bales Tinnevely, at 5½d to 6½d, September to January, for good fair; 200 Western Madras, at 5½d, December shipment, for good fair; 300 Cocoonada, at 5½d, January-February, for fair red. Forward delivery—200 Tinnevely, at 6d, February-March, for good fair—total, 1,200 bales.

IMPORTS and DELIVERIES from Jan. 1 to Dec. 24, with STOCKS at Dec. 24.

	Surat and Seinde.	Madras.	Tinnevely.	Bengal & Rangoon.	China and Japan.	Other Kinds.	Total.
	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
IMPORTS	(1873 13,411	104,181	46,623	111,350	...	23,705	299,270
	1872 26,964	127,150	86,999	161,815	...	23,924	425,892
	1871 22,512	95,075	63,956	139,883	...	24,132	339,858
DELIVERIES ...	(1873 9,233	136,129	66,864	113,139	...	15,831	341,196
	1872 17,234	140,007	54,685	124,926	...	27,534	364,386
	1871 13,698	81,276	48,839	75,210	...	25,349	244,370
STOCK, Dec. 18.	(1873 12,898	26,145	37,309	98,416	...	11,236	186,004
	1872 18,084	49,145	66,585	87,049	...	2,036	222,899
	1871 11,730	49,833	31,703	69,625	...	9,419	163,312

COTTON APLAOT to EUROPE on December 24.

	London.	Liverpool.	Coast for orders.	Foreign Ports.	Total, 1873.	Total, 1872.
From—	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
Bombay .....	...	17,596	...	2,803	20,399	41,147
Kurrachee	271	...	...	...	271	255
Madras	33,271	4,163	...	1,000	38,434	31,972
Ceylon and Tuticorin	30,773	...	...	1,460	32,173	8,515
Calcutta	896	...	...	200	1,096	13,850
Rangoon .....	...	...	400	...	400	1,200
1873	65,211	21,759	400	5,403	92,773	...
1872	46,162	46,803	200	9,787	...	96,942

NEW YORK.

From Messrs Neill Brothers and Co.'s cable despatch, dated Tuesday, December 23:—

	To-day.	Last Thursday.
RECEIPTS—At Gulf ports	16,000	18,000
Atlantic ports	14,000	9,000
Total	28,000	27,000

PRICES to Liverpool, per sailing vessel, cost, freight, insurance, and six per cent.

	To-day.	Last Thursday.
New Orleans middling	8 1/2	8 1/2
Ditto, low middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
Mobile, middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
Ditto, low middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
Galveston, good ordinary	7 1/2	7 1/2
Ditto, low middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
Charleston, middling	8 1/2	8 1/2
Ditto, low middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
Savannah, middling	8 1/2	8 1/2
Ditto, low middling	8 1/4	8 1/4
New York, middling Uplands (per steamer)	9 1/2	8 1/2
Ditto, low middling (ditto)	8 1/2	8 1/2

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
New York, low middling Upland, future delivery	15 1/2	15 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Last week	15 1/2	16	16 1/2	16 1/2
RECEIPTS 7 days—At Gulf ports	87,000	68,000	31,000	...
Atlantic ports	71,000	58,000	45,000	...
Total	158,000	126,000	76,000	...

MARKETS IN THE MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS

BRADFORD.—The transactions in wool, in yarns, and pieces are on the smallest scale, and prices have been hardly tested. The tone, however, is cheerful, and prices generally are firmly maintained.

LEEDS.—Business has been brisker than usual immediately preceding Christmas. Both the Canadians and Germans were making up assortments as well as ordering goods for future delivery. Local merchants generally being engaged in stock taking, there was very little buying on their behalf.

ROCHDALE.—The attendance was not large, and very little new business was done. Stocks are low and prices proportionately firm. In the wool market prices are firm, but demand quiet.

DUNDEE.—Our trade continues to show symptoms of improvement. There has been rather more inquiry for flax goods at steady prices. Yarns have been in better request. Linens have been in moderate demand.

BELFAST.—Flax—The open markets continue largely supplied; the demand very animated, and prices firm for all descriptions. Yarns—Transactions have been more limited but still sufficient to prevent any increase in stocks; prices are firm. Linens, bleached and finished.—Home trade has not been active. American—Late advices announce a continued improvement, and some orders are coming to hand. Stocks, somewhat increased.

CORN.

AMERICAN GRAIN AND FLOUR MARKETS.
NEW YORK—DECEMBER 12.

The leading shipping grades of flour brought materially lower prices early in the week; several thousand barrels of common extras sold on Monday at \$6.45 to \$6.60; but on Tuesday the same brands again brought \$6.55 to \$6.75, and subsequently a further advance was asked. The receipts at the west show a large falling off, and the supply is nowhere large. The millers have encountered monetary embarrassments and have been obliged to limit their operations. Yesterday 1,000 barrels prime extra State sold at \$7. To-day there

was a moderate business in lines at \$6.75 to \$6.85. The wheat market has been buoyant for several days past. Early in the week there was a liberal movement in spring wheats; yesterday the prices rose further, but this advance, although favoured by easier ocean freights and strong foreign accounts, had the effect of checking business. The receipts at western markets have been quite liberal. To-day wheat was quiet and prices nominally unchanged. Indian corn advanced, and prime western mixed sold freely at 78c in store and afloat, but yesterday there was some reaction, with 77c accepted pretty freely for prime mixed in store. The receipts of corn at the west show some increase, and now compare favourably with last year. To-day the market was a shade firmer. Rye has been quiet. Barley has brought full prices, but sales have been slow. Oats have been feverish and unsettled, but latterly have advanced materially. The navigation of the Hudson River has been resumed, and a strenuous effort made to liberate the boats ice-bound in the canals with a good prospect of success.

The following are closing quotations:—Flour: Superfine State and Western, \$5.85 to \$6.25; extra State, &c., \$6.70 to \$7.00; Western spring wheat extras, \$6.60 to \$6.85; ditto winter wheat extra and double extras, \$7.00 to \$10.25; city shipping extras, \$6.85 to \$7.25; city trade and family brands, \$9.00 to \$10.25; Southern bakers' and family brands, \$9.50 to \$10.50; Southern shipping extras, \$7.50 to \$8.50; rye flour, superfine, \$5.60 to \$6.00; corn meal, Western, &c., \$3.85 to \$4.15 per brl. Grain: Wheat, No. 1 spring, \$1.61 to \$1.62; white, \$1.65 to \$1.85. Corn, white Western, 80c to 82c. Rye, \$1.05 to \$1.10. Oats, Chicago mixed, 56c to 59c. Peas, Canada, 98c to \$1.25 per bushel.

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:—

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time Jan. 1, 1872.
Flour	70,707	3,257,811	2,870,287
Corn meal	4,080	206,618	196,276
Wheat	388,680	31,356,725	15,533,328
Corn	125,848	24,213,375	40,499,548
Rye	1,270	960,242	487,338
Barley, &c.	10,660	2,324,053	4,988,365
Oats	124,075	10,688,444	12,134,723

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK.

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour	35,591	1,529,842	38,176	1,126,510
Corn meal	13,580	179,886	3,942	186,882
Wheat	585,706	26,136,868	343,602	12,516,570
Corn	261,102	14,814,846	193,484	25,369,159
Rye	32,556	1,034,876	...	686,757
Barley, &c. ....	...	40,048	...	22,659
Oats	3,540	42,420	103	32,706

The visible supply of grain, including the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation, at lake and sea-board ports, in transit on the lakes, the New York canals, and by rail, was, December 6, 1873:—

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.
In store at New York*	1,733,199	2,314,044	579,742	244,885
In store at Albany	10,000	40,000	35,000	182,000
In store at Buffalo	809,097	435,793	94,452	204,397
In store at Chicago	576,701	948,145	240,186	409,133
In store at Milwaukee	570,750	19,246	23,033	83,222
In store at Duluth	8,865	...	...	...
In store at Toledo	273,140	135,647	93,461	3,952
In store at Detroit	56,555	61,372	45,328	17,794
In store at Oswego*	770,912	350,739	1,040	213,142
In store at St Louis	14,201	30,026	67,307	57,573
In store at Boston	52,928	2,08,480	211,672	36,546
In store at Toronto	135,870	5,590	3,248	22,594
In store at Montreal	697,746	242,798	22,268	15,697
In store at Philadelphia†	280,006	220,606	100,000	145,000
In store at Baltimore	111,544	170,807	175,000	20,000
Lake shipments .....	...	...	...	...
Rail shipments for week	506,367	168,085	169,824	81,128
Amount on New York canals	1,560,000	1,100,000	470,000	341,000
Total	8,497,300	6,510,812	2,231,561	1,850,313
Total in store and in transit Nov. 29, 1873	7,415,958	6,435,267	2,342,994	1,838,101
Nov. 22, 1873	7,532,481	7,087,142	2,547,117	2,087,463
Nov. 15, 1873	8,470,331	8,788,421	2,844,271	2,035,457
Nov. 8, 1873	9,073,617	9,920,664	3,045,251	2,039,940
Nov. 1, 1873	8,611,908	10,472,784	2,634,435	1,940,777
Dec. 7, 1872	4,878,093	8,681,933	3,627,485	2,401,569

* Including stock afloat on canal boats. † Estimated.

LONDON MARKETS.

STATE OF THE CORN TRADE FOR THE WEEK.
MARK LANE, WEDNESDAY EVENING.

There has been very little passing in any department of the trade this week in consequence of the holiday influence, and the market is without any new feature of interest. From abroad there has not been anything to alter previous estimates as to future supplies, and with moderate imports, as well as home supplies, prices of both English and Foreign wheat, notwithstanding the restriction of business, have ruled firm. For fine Russian qualities rather dearer rates have indeed been

paid, though not in transactions of sufficient magnitude to establish quotations. A little uneasiness has been observable in the market for coast cargoes, but the principal holders are firm, and several cargoes have been withdrawn from offer, whilst the closing sales to-day were at full prices, including Milwaukee spring at 60s 6d, and Odessa Ghirka (steamer) at 59s 6d. Flour remains quiet without change. For barley and beans the tendency is against buyers. Peas continue dull of sale. Maize is again dearer: 38s is now the price of round, and 37s flat on the spot, the latter having sold off the coast up to 36s 10½d. Oats are well held, and, although at the moment a slow sale, are fully as dear as last week.

The corn exchange will be closed on Friday, and no further market will be held until Monday next.

SHIP ARRIVALS THIS WEEK.

	Wheat.	Barley.	Maiz.	Oats.	Flour.
	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	sacks.
English & Scotch	890	1150	...	149	...
Irish	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign	23170	10100	...	34480	7740

PRICES CURRENT OF CORN, &c.

WHEAT—English, white, new...	56 @ 68	OATS (continued)—	s	s
— red, new...	54	Scotch, Hopetown and potato	...	...
— white, old...	...	— Angus and Sandy	...	...
— red, old...	...	— common	...	...
Konigsberg and Dantzic fine	...	Irish, potato	...	...
— old	...	— white, feed	...	...
Konigsberg & Dantzic new...	64	— black	...	24 2/6
Rostock, Wisnar, &c., old...	...	Danish, kiln dried	...	27 2/6
Stettin and Hamburg	...	— Swedish	...	24 2/6
Dani-h and Holstein, New	...	— Finland	...	25 2/6
St Petersburg, Skonska, pr 496 lb	59	Archangel, St Petersburg	...	24 2/6
Common ditto	57	Riga	...	...
Kulanka	...	Dutch and Hanoverian, &c.	...	...
Marianopol and Berdiansk...	59	TARES—	...	...
Odessa	58	English, winter, new	...	...
Taganrog	58	Scotch, large	...	...
San Francisco, Chilean, &c.	60	Foreign, large	...	...
New Zealand and Australian	64	LINSEED CAKES—	...	...
American, winter	63	English	...	12 1/2
— spring	57	Foreign	...	10 1/2
BARLEY—English, malting, new	40	INDIAN CORN—	...	...
Scotch, malting	...	American, white	...	...
— grinding	...	— yellow and mixed	...	37
Danish, malting	...	Galatz, Odessa, and Ibraila	...	39
French do	42	— Trieste, Ancona, &c.	...	...
Foreign, distillin	42	Flour—Nominally	...	...
— stout grinding	...	town-made, delivered to the	...	...
Danube & Odessa, &c., pr 400 lb	32	baker	...	57
Egyptian, &c.	32 1/2	town-made, households and	...	...
BEANS—English	38	s-cards, delivered to the	...	...
Dutch, Hanover, and	43	baker	...	50 5/4
French	...	Country marks	...	43 4/7
Egyptian and Sicilian	...	Hungarian	...	...
PEAS—English, white boilers, new	43	French	...	43 5/2
English, grey, dun, and maple,	47 1/2	American and Canadian, fancy	...	...
new	...	brand	...	32 3/3
English, blue, new	...	Do, superfine to extra superior	...	30 3/1
Foreign, white boilers, new	43	Do, common to fine	...	...
— feeding, old	38	Do, heated and soured	...	...
RYE—English	31	OATMEAL—	...	...
Foreign, new	31	Scotch, fine	...	...
OATS—English, Poland & potato	34	— round	...	...
— white and black	...			

BLACK SEA, MEDITERRANEAN, AND OTHER ARRIVED CARGOES.

WHEAT—Sea of Azoff, Berdinsk,	8	8	BARLEY (continued)—	s	s
Marianopol	60 @ 61 1/2	60 @ 61 1/2	Danube & Od. Sea	...	31 6 @
Sea of Azoff, hard	57	58	Egyptian	...	...
— Taganrog, soft	...	...	Smythna, &c.	...	...
Odessa and Nicolaiel Ghirka	59	64	BEANS—	...	...
— hard	57	58	Egyptian, Sicilian, &c., pr 480 lb	...	...
— Polish	...	...	LENTILS—	...	...
Danube, soft	...	...	Egyptian and Sicilian	...	...
Galatz Ghirka	...	...	INDIAN CORN—Per 480 & 492 lb	...	...
Trieste	...	...	Galatz, Odessa, and Ibraila	...	37 1/2
S. Francisco, Chilean, pr 600 lb	60	60 1/2	American, yellow and white	...	36 1/2 3/7
American red winter, pr 480 lb	61	62 1/2	Sainouka and EGOS	...	...
— spring	59	61	RYE—Black Sea, &c., pr 480 lb	...	...
Egyptian	...	...	OATS—	...	...
BARLEY—	...	...	Swedish	...	32 1/2
Danish, kiln dried	...	...	Danish, new	...	...
— undried	...	...	Archangel & Petersburg	...	30 1/2

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS. TRANSACTIONS OF THE WEEK.

MINING LANE, WEDNESDAY MORNING.

[The markets are closed for the Christmas holidays, and there will not be any public sales in Mining lane until Tuesday, the 6th Jan., 1874.]

SUGAR.—The trade have restricted their operations as far as possible, and few public sales have taken place this week. Quotations are the same as before, the market being quiet. Of West India, only 285 casks sold yesterday, including some few parcels by auction. Crystallised Demerara, at 30s; low syrups, 20s to 21s. Low brown sorts have been in limited demand, but Jaggery is firm, owing to the reduced supply. Most of the parcels in public sale were withdrawn. Beet sugar has sold for delivery at rates rather under those previously current. The home deliveries in the kingdom last week were 11,300 tons, the landings 10,500 tons, leaving the stock about 189,000 tons, or 41,000 tons more than in 1872 at same time.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES OF SUGAR INTO LONDON Dec. 20, with Stocks on hand.

	1873	1872	1871	1870
Imported	245360	210000	191500	199520
Delivery—home use	227550	176130	210600	193750
Export	5850	5720	9030	11780
Stock	78770	67860	41140	70390

Mauritius.—369 bags were taken in above the value: Grainy dry dark grey, at 24s to 24s 6d; soft brown, at 20s to 21s per cwt.

Bengal.—1,142 bags withdrawn at high prices for Gurpatta of good to fine quality.

Egyptian.—1,164 bags chiefly sold: soft yellow, 23s 6d; brown, 18s 6d to 21s 6d.

Foreign.—By private contract, 209 casks Surinam sold at 23s 3d per cwt.

Refined.—The moderate quantity sold has been at steady prices for dry goods and pieces. No change to report in Clyde crushed.

RUM.—Sales have been so limited in extent that prices are almost nominal, with a dull market.

COCOA.—There have not been any public sales of West India. Guayaquil continues to meet with a good inquiry, and during the week 5,000 to 6,000 bags sold at 45s 6d to 57s per cwt for low to fine.

TEA.—The trade have taken very small supplies, but the market is firm; 1,187 packages by auction sold at previous rates. Further arrivals have taken place, making a heavy quantity during the past fortnight. Of Indian only 704 packages have been printed, which sold steadily.

COFFEE.—There have not been any public sales, and the supply in the hands of the importers is much reduced; but several arrivals from Colombo have taken place, including the first cargo of the new crop per steamer. These imports, amounting to about 1,800 tons, are not in the stock return annexed. The receipts of coffee in Rio are rather more liberal than expected from the heavy deficiency in the crop reported. Rather higher rates have been paid here: Native Ceylon, 107s 6d to 110s; Native East Indian, 109s; Plantation Ceylon, 120s to 125s; crops ditto, 117s. 30 tons Native Mysore to arrive sold at 112s per cwt.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES OF COFFEE to Dec. 20, with Stocks on hand.

	1873	1872	1871	1870
Imports	68000	59000	70800	69300
Delivery—home use	20400	20020	21460	20030
Export	49000	48160	53870	48620
Stock	7720	9670	19160	24200

RICE.—During the early part of the week a quiet tone pervaded the market, but yesterday there was some business done at rates on a par with the reduction last quoted. Yesterday a cargo of Rangoon, July sailing, sold at 11s, ex ship for the United Kingdom. On the spot, a few parcels chiefly Rangoon, at 11s 3d, and a parcel of low white Bengal at 11s 6d per cwt.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES OF RICE to Dec. 20, with Stocks on hand.

	1873	1872	1871	1870
Imports	120000	93000	85350	77550
Deliveries	112000	101950	102350	75360
Stock	39950	39420	36390	52000

SPICES.—The market for black pepper is quiet, with only small sales at previous rates, including Penang, at 7½d on the spot. White nutt, the stock being equal to nine months' deliveries. Singapore quoted 10½d to 11d per lb. There have been further arrivals of both. Zanzibar cloves inactive and prices unaltered. Some business done in Penang at 1s 9d per lb. There have not been any public sales during the week, and other spice remains dull.

SALTPETRE.—Business has been suspended, and the market is very dull. Prices nominally the same as last week.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES OF SALTPETRE to Dec. 20, with Stocks on hand.

	1873	1872	1871	1870
Imports	11600	11250	10750	11270
Total delivered	10140	10830	11450	13510
Stock	4030	2900	1700	2580

COCHINEAL.—At the public sales on Wednesday 745 bags Teneriffe, nearly two-thirds sold at steady prices. Silvers, 2s to 2s 3d; blacks, 2s 2d to 3s 1d; 25 bags Honduras, blacks, 2s to 2s 2d per lb.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES OF COCHINEAL to December 20, with Stocks on hand.

	1873	1872	1871	1870
Imports	21200	22220	2087	29290
Deliveries	22030	25100	31890	26700
Stock	830	8630	10200	12710

OTHER DRYSALTERY GOODS.—The transactions during the week have been small, 238 bales Gambier by auction were taken in at 33s for good pressed cubes. Privately 23s 10½d accepted for block, ex ship, and 24s per cwt on the spot.

SHELLAC.—Small sales at previous rates.

METALS.—There has been an absence of activity in these markets, but with few exceptions prices are unchanged. Some sales are reported in Straits tin at 120/ to 121½; to arrive, 120/ Banca, 118½; Australian, 118/ 10s. The market is now rather quiet. Copper steady. Chili bars, 82/ to 83½. Wataroo, 93/ to 93/ 10s cash. No change in English. Scotch pig iron, 107½ to 107 1/6, cash. Rails unsettled in price, but foreign orders are likely to increase soon after the turn of the year. Lead in very good demand. English, 24/ to 24/ 5s. per bar. Quicksilver, 19/ 10s per bottle.

OIL.—Olive has been quiet, with limited sales. Linseed easier in price, but meets a better demand, at 20/ 10s on the spot; 30/ 5s to 30/ 10s January to April. English brown rape steady, at 33/ 5s on the spot quiet, 34/ January to April; refined, 35/ 5s to 35/ 10s. Palm almost nominal. There has been less inquiry for copra-nut. Good Ceylon, 35/ 10s to 36/ 10s, but 35/ per ton accepted for cash. No change in sperm or other fish oils.

PETROLEUM has met a good demand. American reduced, 1s 1d to 1s 1½d per gallon on the spot and to April.

TURPENTINE steady. American at 31s 6d to 31s 9d per cwt.

JUTE.—A rather quiet tone now pervades the market. Some few sales have been made for arrival on previous terms. By the advices from Calcutt the total shipments to latest date were about 61,000 bales less than last year's.

TALLOW.—Petersburg has been steady in price, but rather quiet. New, 40s 9d to 41s; January to March, 41s 3d; March, 41s 9d to 42s; June, 42s 3d; October to December, 44s 6d. Old tallow quoted about 33s 9d per cwt. The next public sales will be held on the 2nd proximo.

PARTICULARS OF TALLOW.—Monday, December 22, 1873.

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
	cwts	cwts	cwts	cwts
Stock this day	40,051	30,391	36,588	38,152
Delivery last week	2,585	2,394	1,215	1,619
Ditto since 1st June	71,339	69,184	53,402	43,689
Arrivals last week	5,867	1,537	1,675	860
Ditto since 1st June	79,130	70,580	57,834	55,453
Price of Y.C.	45s 6d	49s 6d	44s 9d	40s 9d
Price of town	46s 6d	49s 6d	45s 0d	43s 6d

ADDITIONAL NOTICES.

GREEN FRUIT.—The reports of Messrs Keeling and Hunt states the market was again moderately supplied, and oranges of all descriptions maintained their former rates. Lemons in good demand. Barcelona nuts selling freely. Black Spanish and Brazil nuts scarce, market having been cleared. French chestnuts in fair request. Walnuts dull. Good inquiry for West India coker nuts. Little business done in Almeria grapes.

ENGLISH WOOL.—Skin wool sells freely; Matching's and Broke's quiet.

COLONIAL WOOL.—Prices firm; very little doing by private contract.

LEATHER.—A fair average trade in leather, for the season of the year, has been done during the past week. At Leadenhall on Tuesday there was a moderate supply of fresh goods, and with a limited attendance of buyers the transactions were generally unimportant. There was no change to note in prices.

SEEDS.—The trade rules steady, at unaltered quotations.

SILK.—Market quiet; no change in quotations.

HEMP.—Both Russian clean and Manilla remain in a quiet but steady state.

TOBACCO.—There is no change to report in the market for American tobacco. Buyers continue to operate only as in need, as holders of fine to good qualities show no disposition to submit to concessions. The small quantity of tobacco of good substance in the last imports causes this description to be held firmer. In substitutes and segar tobacco there has been a fair business done.

METALS.—There is strength in our market in all branches, but the approach of holidays checks operations. Copper is rather firmer than not. Tin steady. Spelter and lead unchanged. Tin plates firm at the advance.

METROPOLITAN CATTLE MARKET.

MONDAY, Dec. 22.—The total imports of foreign stock into London last week consisted of 5,400 head. In the corresponding week last year we received 5,384; in 1871, 3,961; in 1870, 7,695; in 1869, 8,588; and in 1868, 4,545 head.

The cattle market to-day has been a very restricted affair, owing to butchers having, in a great measure, already anticipated their Christmas requirements. The actual supply of stock offered has been very moderate, but it has been amply sufficient for the demand, which throughout has been characterised by quietness. From our own grazing districts the receipts of beasts have been very short. In all breeds sales have progressed quietly at about late quotations. On the foreign side of the market there have been a few Dutch and Danish animals, which have changed hands slowly at about the quotations previously current. The sheep pens have been but scantily supplied, but the supply does not fall short of expectations. There has been no feature in the trade, the demand ruling quiet on former terms. Calves have been in short supply and slow request at late rates. The pig trade has been nominal.

SUPPLIES ON SALE.

	Dec. 23, 1872.	Dec. 22, 1873.
Beasts.....	5,810	1,180
Sheep and lambs.....	3,810	6,950
Calves.....	100	100
Pigs.....	40	240

COAL MARKET.

	Dec. 22.	Dec. 21.
	s d	s d
Bolton Hartley.....	29 6	...
Walton d-Horton.....	29 9	...
Hetton.....	31 6	...
Kelloe.....	29 0	...
East Hartlepool.....	31 3	...
Russet's Hetton.....	29 6	...
Tunstall.....	29 3	...
South Kelloe.....	30 3	...
Tees.....	31 3	...

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

WOOL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24.—With the exception of about 1,100 balleets Peruvian, the sales have been of very limited character this week, owing to the holiday season, as well as to that of general stock taking. Public sales of River Plate sheep skins, will take place here on the 7th and 8th January, but the quantity to be offered had not yet been declared.

The Gazette.

TUESDAY, December 23.

BANKRUPTS.

- J. Caillet, Manchester, picture dealer.
- John Eyre, and Thomas Eyre, Long Buckby, Northamptonshire, shoe manufacturers.
- Thomas Leigh, Ashton-upon-Mersey, farmer.
- James Pringle, Aslington Farm, near Morpeth, farmer.
- Samuel Bartholomew Smith, West Cowes, Isle of Wight, hotel manager.

SCOTCH SEQUESTRATIONS.

- John Dick, Maybole and Irvine, boot manufacturer.

THE GAZETTE OF LAST NIGHT.

BANKRUPTS.

- James Ross, Queen's road, Peckham, hosier.
- Louis Bonbernard and Co., Saint Benet place, City, diamond dealer.
- George Trenchard, Little Britain, cheese factor.
- Robert Musk, Ilkeshall, blacksmith and innkeeper.
- Robert Hutchinson, Spennymoor, grocer.
- John Taylor, Facit, Rochdale, joiner.
- Joseph Wilson, Altrincham, boot maker.
- Alfred Fisher, Gosport, engineer.

STATEMENT

Of Imports, Exports and Home Consumption of the following articles in the 51 weeks ending Dec. 20, 1873, showing the Stock on Dec. 20, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

FOR THE PORT OF LONDON.

** Of those articles duty free the deliveries for Exportation are included under the head Home Consumption.

EAST AND WEST INDIA PRODUCE, &c.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
British Plantation.	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
West India.	87004	20135	1015	1494	73750	103787	18442	19567
Mauritius ..	10000	13047	607	731	14707	14740	4001	3093
Bombay & Pg.	20478	8038	327	456	6581	6317	4459	6209
Madras	10543	16543	97	798	6088	12797	5302	7527
Total B.P.	124885	144240	2046	3479	107726	137661	33324	33461
Foreign.	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Siam, &c.....	37709	31024	2082	552	20273	19882	22071	31364
Cuba & Hav.	8303	11309	1305	652	6512	12302	4089	3219
Brazil	9 98	13889	15	460	7805	12099	1611	3138
P. Rico, &c.....	5291	4773	176	704	3956	5171	2293	1588
Peru.....	24000	40022	...	5	24852	40271	5106	6000
Total Frgn	85091	101107	3664	2373	68308	80892	35539	45309
Grand Total	209976	245346	5714	5852	176034	218553	67863	78770

MOLASSES.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
West India..	16558	8397	2663	3562	6083	6281	3705	2129
Foreign	2487	265	83	61	1378	840	966	77
Total ...	19045	8662	2746	3623	8361	7121	4671	2206
MELADO...	10	97	...	...	20	80	3	20

RUM.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED & DELIVERED TO VAT.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	gals	gals	gals	gals	gals	gals	gals	gals
West India..	3419025	2740680	1419039	1277055	2022489	1851525	1750315	1337670
East India..	419475	358815	331035	259065	124200	134400	160830	116190
Foreign	111105	16200	89050	85515	29250	25805	61710	116190
Vatted	1771245	161330	1155320	632950	296415	390100	297225	309735
Total ...	5702150	481825	2998540	2554615	2472300	2600800	2273400	1770790

COCOA.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	cwt	cwt	cwt	cwt	cwt	cwt	cwt	cwt
R.Plantation	84703	107874	000	9747	61680	72788	20 94	46243
Foreign	26014	37774	22000	26271	7944	16331	2 501	23029
Total ...	110717	145648	22000	33018	73624	89119	40 95	69272

COFFEE.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
West India..	2156	3294	1005	2478	400	683	444	3442
Ceylon	32007	41274	20001	24533	11588	13316	4502	4117
East India..	11804	3021	3003	3031	5011	4214	2577	1709
Mocha	727	477	242	483	437	516	603	128
Brazil.....	5709	5844	5701	5526	3 3	200	358	297
Other Frgn.	6008	8009	6057	6713	1817	1400	827	1133
Total ...	58575	68376	48454	39094	20015	20188	9096	7716
RICE.....	9200	12000	...	...	10000	11000	3000	3000

PEPPER.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
White.....	1230	2179	...	...	1154	1501	801	1072
Black	9800	7000	...	...	8842	5974	2241	3080
NUTMEGS.	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs	pkgs
CAS. LIG..	4135	2501	...	...	3087	3442	2544	1328
CINNAMN.	10029	13356	...	...	7306	9204	10001	18172
	13312	13847	...	...	18137	16343	17000	15034
PIMENTO..	bags	bags	bags	bags	bags	bags	bags	bags
	20410	21047	...	...	17746	28103	37000	32075

RAW MATERIALS, DYESTUFFS, &c.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons
COCHINL.	22216	21262	...	...	25081	22025	8042	8881
LAC DYE..	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets
	8608	4045	...	...	5957	3914	10451	11192
LOGWOOD	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	18728	19047	...	...	15418	14783	6305	1503
FUSTIC ..	3098	1700	...	...	2633	2031	1142	606
INDIGO.	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets	cheets
East India..	22719	23123	...	...	21950	21580	10233	20142
Spanish	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons	serons
	13426	9949	...	...	12712	12060	5042	3020

SALTPETRE.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Nitrate of Potass ..	11240	11005	...	...	10826	10134	2504	4027
Nitrate Soda	7801	9003	...	...	6039	7527	2814	4209

COTTON.

	IMPORTED.		EXPORTED.		HOME CONSUMP.		STOCK.	
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
E. India, &c.	442078	282556	...	...	360256	330210	200005	162130
Liverpool, & all kinds	3204025	3437905	478291	367896	3809380	3062320	335080	458790
Total ...	3766103	3720061	478291	367896	4469636	3392534	545085	617920

COMMERCIAL TIMES.

WEEKLY PRICE CURRENT.

The prices in the following list are carefully revised every Friday afternoon by an eminent house in each department.

LONDON, FRIDAY EVENING.

Table listing various commodities such as Ashes, Cocoa, Coffee, Hides, Iron, and other goods with their respective prices and units.

Table listing various commodities such as Hides, Iron, and other goods with their respective prices and units.

Table listing various commodities such as Sago, Seeds, Spices, and other goods with their respective prices and units.

Table listing various commodities such as Refined sugar, Tea, and other goods with their respective prices and units.

The Economist's Railway and Mining Share List.

THE HIGHEST OFFICIAL PRICES ARE GIVEN.

RAILWAYS. ORDINARY SHARES AND STOCKS. Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Highest Price.

PREFERENCE SHARES AND STOCKS. Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Highest Price.

RAILWAYS. PREFERENCE SHARES AND STOCKS—Continued. Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Highest Price.

PREFERENCE SHARES & STOCKS, WITH DIVIDENDS CONTINGENT ON THE PROFITS OF EACH SEPARATE YEAR. Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Highest Price.

LINES LEASED AT FIXED RENTALS. Table with columns: Share, Paid, Name, Leasing Companies, Highest Price.

RAILWAYS. LINES LEASED AT FIXED RENTALS—Continued. Table with columns: Share, Paid, Name, Leasing Companies, Highest Price.

DEBENTURE STOCKS. Table with columns: Authorised Issue, Share, Paid, Name, Highest Price.

BRITISH POSSESSIONS. Table with columns: Share, Paid, Name, Leasing Companies, Highest Price.

* Failure of full dividends in any given 1-year not to be made good out of the profits of any subsequent 1-year.

RAILWAYS.

FOREIGN RAILWAYS.

Table of foreign railways with columns for Authorized Issue, Share, Paid, Name, and Highest Price.

FOREIGN RAILWAY OBLIGATIONS.

Table of foreign railway obligations with columns for Bond, Redeem, Name, and Highest Price.

RAILWAYS.

FOREIGN RAILWAY OBLIGATIONS—Continued.

Table of foreign railway obligations—continued with columns for Bond, Redeem, Name, and Highest Price.

BRITISH MINES.

Table of British mines with columns for Authorized Issue, Share, Paid, Name, and Closing Prices.

BRITISH MINES—Continued.

Table of British mines—continued with columns for Authorized Issue, Share, Paid, Name, and Closing Prices.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN MINES.

Table of colonial and foreign mines with columns for Authorized Issue, Share, Paid, Name, and Closing Prices.

OFFICIAL RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS.

Large table of railway traffic returns with columns for Capital, Revenue, Dividend, Receipts, and Miles open.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN.

Table of colonial and foreign railway traffic returns with columns for Name, Week ending, Receipts, and Total receipts.

The aggregate is reckoned in these cases for the half-year beginning 1st August. † Since 1st October.

HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT

Is the most durable and beautiful paint known, does not stain or discolour with the atmosphere of large towns, and by their process, which is patented, is cheaper than White Lead. It is especially adapted for painting iron, as, by virtue of a semi-galvanic action, it enters the pores and forms an amalgam of the two metals, which protects the Iron from decay or incrustation. It should be used instead of Red Lead, which is proved to be destructive to Iron exposed to Salt Water.

ADULTERATIONS.—Some Paint Grinders have been selling Zinc Paint adulterated with Sulphate of Barytes, in proportions varying from ten to thirty per cent. No workman can produce good work with such material. Those who have obtained the Patent White Zinc Paint from Grinders who have not adulterated it, will never willingly use any other Paint for their best work.

Each Cask of Pure White Zinc is stamped—
"HUBBUCK'S, LONDON, PATENT."

THOMAS HUBBUCK and SON, WHITE LEAD, OIL, PAINT, and VARNISH WORKS, 24 LIME STREET.
"For public schools, and all rooms occupied by children there will now be no excuse for using poisonous paints. Parents have remarked that their children on returning from the country to newly-painted houses have suffered in health. The reason is evident—the breath extracts the insidious poison from paint, and the lungs draw in the deadly vapour."—*Jour. Bull.*, September 11, 1851

TRELOAR AND SONS' NEW PREMISES,

No. 69 LUDGATE HILL, Next Door to their Old Warehouse,
Are NOW OPENED, with a large Assortment of Durable and Decorative FLOOR COVERINGS consisting of Cocoa-nut Fibre Matting and Mats, Cork Carpet, Oriental Matting, Floor Cloth, Kamptulicon, Linoleum, &c., in addition to the
SPECIALITIES IN COCOA-NUT FIBRE,
Which, for upwards of thirty years, have been identified with the name of
TRELOAR of LUDGATE HILL.

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Table Knives—Ivory, per doz, from 19s to 55s.
Electro Forks—Table, 26s to 42s; Spoons, 26s to 41s.
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Electro Tea and Coffee Sets, from 43 10s to 41s.
Dish Covers—Tin, 23s; metal, 65s; electro, £12
Electro Cruets, six-glass, from 32s to 45 5s.
Electro Liqueurs, from 40s to 45 5s.
Lamps—Moderator, Rock Oil, &c., from 7s.
Bronzed Tea and Coffee Urns, from 41s.
China and Glass—Dinner, Tea, and Dessert Services.

Fenders—Bright, 4s to £15 15s; Bronze, 3s 6d to £6 7s.
Stoves—Bright, Black, Register, Hot-Air, &c.
Coal-Scuttles and Vases, Boxes, &c.
Baths—Domestic, Fixed, and Travelling.
Bedsteads—Iron and Iron, with Bedding.
Gas-lights—2-light, 18s; 3-light, 52s; 5-ditto, £6 6s.
Kitcheners, from 3 feet, £3 5s, to 6 feet, £35.
Kitchen Utensils—Copper, Tin, and Iron.
Turnery Goods, Brushes, M-ts, &c.
Garden Tools—Lawn-mowers, Rollers, Hurdles, &c.

A Discount of 5 per Cent. for Cash Payments of £2 and upwards.

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TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.
H. J. NICOLL,
MERCHANT CLOTHIER AND OUTFITTER,
London—114, 116, 118, 120 Regent street, and
22 Cornhill.
Manchester—10 Mosley street.
Liverpool—50 Bold street.
Birmingham—39 New street.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
Complete preparations have been made for young gentlemen's outfits at home for the holidays. The stock comprises tasteful designs in suits for younger boys, and "regulation" suits as worn at Eton, Harrow, and other great schools. Overcoats in warm materials from one guinea.

TO GENTLEMEN.
Evening Dress Suits of the highest finish and fashion at
H. J. NICOLL, MERCHANT
Clothier and Outfitter,
London—114, 116, 118, 120 Regent street, and
22 Cornhill.
Manchester—10 Mosley street.
Liverpool—50 Bold street.
Birmingham—39 New street.

THE SHIRT, HOSIERY, AND HAT DEPARTMENT.
Great care has been taken in the selection of winter stock, and with special reference to the colours being suitable for each dress. Whether in the hats, hose, ties, or other articles, they will be found to harmonise with the particular tint of dress selected. The shirts and the underclothing are of superior quality, while the prices are most moderate.

RODRIGUES.—MONOGRAMS,
ARMS, CRESTS, and ADDRESSES Designed, and Steel Dies Engraved as Gems.
RUSTIC, GROTESQUE, and ECCENTRIC MONOGRAMS artistically designed for any combination of letters.
NOTE PAPER, and ENVELOPES stamped in colour, relief, and brilliantly illuminated in Gold, silver, and Colours in the highest style of art.
A VISITING CARD PLATE, elegantly engraved, and 100 superline cards printed for 4s 6d.
BALL PROGRAMMES, of novel and beautiful designs, arranged, printed, and stamped in the latest fashion.
BILLS OF FARE, GUEST CARDS, and INVITATIONS in great variety.
AT HENRY RODRIGUES
(STATIONER, HERALDIC DESIGNER, and ENGRAVER to the Royal Family),
42 PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.

ÆGIDIUS.—A NEW ELASTIC
OVER SHIRT, which will entirely dispense with the old-fashioned and ever-shrinking coloured flannel. The Ægidius is perfectly shrinkless, and made from the Æneæ Segovia wool. Sold by the inventors of the Eureka shirt. Patterns of Material and Self measure free by post from the Sole Makers, RICHARD FORD and CO., 41 and 44 Poultry, London.

BETTS' PATENT CAPSULES.—
NEW PATENTED MATERIAL.
"In the interest of those merchants who are concerned in Bottled Wines and Spirits, we call attention to the fact that Messrs Betts and Co., under their new patent, claim to possess the power of preventing not only the importation of unsealed Capsules, but of all Capsules on Bottles which in any way infringe their rights, either in form or the nature of material used."—WINE TRADE REVIEW.

Letters Patent Granted to William Betts, of No 1 Wharf road, City road, in the County of Middlesex, Capsule Manufacturer, for the Invention of a New Manufacture of a Material to be used in the Production of Capsules, and for other Purposes where Thin Flexible Metallic Sheets are Employed.
Patent Sealed the 31st March, 1868, and dated the 16th January, 1869.
London: Printed by Geo. E. Eyre and Wm. Spottiswoode, Printers to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.
Published at the Great Seal Patent Office, 25 Southampton buildings, Holborn, 1869.

CAUTION.—BETTS' PATENT
CAPSULES.—The public are respectfully cautioned that BETTS' PATENT CAPSULES are being infringed by Importations from abroad, Betts' name is upon every Capsule he makes for leading merchants at home and abroad. 1 Wharf road, City road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE
AND NATAL.—EXTRA MAIL SERVICE.—THE UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S ROYAL MAIL PACKETS SAIL from SOUTHAMPTON on the 5th, 15th, and 25th of each month.
The packet of the 15th calls at St Helena. The packets of the 5th and 25th correspond with Mossel Bay, East London, and Natal, and that of the 5th also with Mozambique and Zanzibar.
Fares to Cape Town, 30 Guineas and 20 Guineas; to Algoa Bay, 33 Guineas and 22 Guineas; to Natal, 37 Guineas and 25 Guineas.
Passengers and their baggage are taken from London to Southampton free of railway, dock, and agents' charges, &c.—Apply to Falconer and Mercer, 11 Leadenhall street, London; or at the Union Steamship Company's Offices, Southampton.



OVERLAND ROUTE

via MARSEILLES.—MESSRS GERIES MARITIMES DE FRANCE
—97 Cannon street.—French Mail
Steamers leave Marseilles, via Suez Canal, on the following Sundays, at 10 a.m. (calling at Naples for mails and passengers):—
TRAOUADY, Dec. 21
PELHO Jan. 4
MEI KONG Jan. 18
SINDH Feb. 1
ANADYR Feb. 15
TIGRE Mar. 1

The steamers of the 21st Dec., 18th Jan., and 15th Feb., connect at Aden with the steamers for Reunion and Mauritius, and those of the 4th Jan., 1st Feb., and 1st Mar., at Galle with the steamers for Pondicherry, Madras, and Calcutta.
For Alexandria and Naples every Thursday, noon.
For Constantinople every Saturday, 5 p.m.
For Algiers every Saturday, 5 p.m.
The Company's weekly steamers to Alexandria, connect at Alexandria with the English Mail Steamers from Brindisi to Bombay.
For passage, freight, and information apply to the COMPANY'S AGENT, 97 Cannon street, E.C.



OVERLAND ROUTE.—

The PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY book passengers and receive cargo and parcels by their steamers for—

	From Southampton.	From Venice (calling at Ancona).	From Brindisi.
Gibraltar.....	Every Thursday, at 2 p.m.	.....	.....
Malta.....
Alexandria.....	Every Thursday, at 2 p.m.	Every Friday morning, and every alternate Thursday.	Every Monday, 5 a.m.
Aden.....
Bombay.....
Galle.....
Madras.....
Calcutta.....
Penang.....
Singapore.....
China.....
Japan.....
Australia.....
New Zealand.....

Abatements are made in favour of Passengers on the eastward of Suez returning by the Company's Steamers within six or twelve months of their arrival. Passengers are now booked through, via Bombay, to the principal Railway Stations in India, and through tickets to Venice and Brindisi are issued at the Company's Office. Tickets to Brindisi only can also be obtained from Messrs Lebeau and Co., 6 Billiter street (South Italian Railway Office).
For Rates of Passage Money and Freight, and all other information, apply at the Company's Offices, 122 Leadenhall street, London, or Oriental place, Southampton.



STEAM SHIPS.—

The GENERAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S powerful and first-class STEAM SHIPS leave from St Katherine's Wharf for:—
HAMBURG—Every Wednesday and Saturday, Dec. 31 and Jan. 3 at noon. Saloon, £2; fore cabin, £1 5s. Extra vessels, carrying cargo only, leave also every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday morning. For particulars of freight apply to F. Stauschmidt and Co., 90 Lower Thames street.
HAVRE—Every Thursday, Jan. 1 at 8 a.m. Saloon, 11s; fore cabin, 8s.
ROTTERDAM and the RHINE—Every Wednesday and Saturday, Dec. 31 at noon; Jan. 3 at 9 a.m. Chief cabin, £1; fore cabin, 15s. Return tickets, 30s and 22s 6d.
ANTWERP, BRUSSELS, COLOGNE, and the RHINE—Every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at noon. Chief cabin, £1; fore, 15s. Return Tickets, 30s and 22s 6d. Brussels, 17s 3d; Cologne, 29s 6d. Leaving Antwerp for London every Tuesday, Friday, and Sunday at noon.
OSTEND, BRUSSELS, COLOGNE, and the RHINE—Every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Saturday, Dec. 30 at 10; 31 at 11 a.m.; Jan. 3 at noon. Leaving Ostend for London every Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday night. Chief cabin, 15s; fore, 12s. Brussels, 17s 6d; Cologne, 30s 6d.
BOULOGNE—Daily, except Monday. Dec. 28 at 7; 30 at 10; 31 at 11 a.m.; Jan. 2 and 3 at noon; 4 at 1 a.m. Chief cabin, 11s; fore, 8s.
From Irongate Wharf for:—
CALAIS—Dec. 30 at 10 a.m. Chief cabin, 11s; fore, 8s.
From London and Continental Wharf, 92 and 93 Lower East Smithfield.
EDINBURGH—Every Wednesday and Saturday, Dec. 31 and Jan. 3 at noon. Fares: Chief cabin, 29s; fore, 15s; deck, 10s.
NEWCASTLE—Every Wednesday and Sunday at 9 morning. Saloon, 12s; fore, 8s.
YARMOUTH—Every Wednesday, Dec. 31 at 2 p.m. Saloon, 8s; fore cabin, 6s.
From Custom House Quay.
HULL—Every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 morning. Chief cabin, 8s; fore, 6s. Return, 12s or 9s.
Offices: 71 Lombard street, and 37 Regent's circus, Piccadilly.

DINNEFORD'S
FLUID MAGNESIA.—The medical profession for thirty years have approved of this pure solution of Magnesia as the best remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Heartburn, Headache, Gout and Indigestion; and as the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, especially adapted for ladies, children, and infants. D I N N E F O R D and C O., Chemists, 172 New Bond street, London, and of all other chemists throughout the world.

SOUTH OF AUSTRIA AND UPPER ITALY RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has the honour to inform Proprietors that the following 349 shares, and 9,457 bonds (obligations) were DRAWN for REIMBURSEMENT in the public drawing, which took place at Vienna, on the 20th December, 1873:—

SHARES.	
Nos.	Nos.
341,301 to	341,400 100 shares.
478,301	478,400 100 —
497,701	497,800 100 —
704,252	704,300 49 —

Total 349 —
OBLIGATIONS.

SERIES A.	
Nos.	Nos.
27,741 to	27,757 17 obligations.
40,701	40,800 100 —
50,101	50,200 100 —
52,601	52,700 100 —
77,801	77,900 100 —
138,001	138,100 100 —

SERIES C.	
Nos.	Nos.
3,621 to	3,665 45 —
43,001	43,700 100 —

SERIES O.	
Nos.	Nos.
31,201 to	31,300 100 —
42,501	42,600 100 —
79,453	79,500 48 —
116,801	116,900 100 —
123,801	123,900 100 —
139,101	139,200 100 —

SERIES K.	
Nos.	Nos.
8,001 to	8,100 100 —
105,801	105,900 100 —
134,201	134,300 100 —
149,901	150,000 100 —
195,401	195,500 100 —
215,001	215,100 100 —
222,801	222,900 100 —
245,901	246,000 100 —
254,941	254,997 57 —

SERIES H.	
Nos.	Nos.
46,611 to	46,667 57 —
114,001	114,100 100 —
118,201	118,300 100 —
131,501	131,600 100 —
138,901	139,000 100 —
171,001	171,100 100 —
194,501	194,600 100 —
237,001	237,100 100 —
257,801	257,900 100 —

SERIES I.	
Nos.	Nos.
313,851 to	313,893 43 —
341,701	341,800 100 —
375,301	375,400 100 —
380,301	380,400 100 —
384,901	385,000 100 —
381,701	381,800 100 —
405,201	405,300 100 —
407,601	407,700 100 —
531,701	531,800 100 —
570,601	570,700 100 —
601,401	601,500 100 —
656,801	656,900 100 —

SERIES D.	
Nos.	Nos.
707,731 to	707,773 43 —
715,501	715,600 100 —
771,701	771,800 100 —
792,801	792,900 100 —
912,601	912,700 100 —
927,401	927,500 100 —
935,201	935,300 100 —
968,701	968,800 100 —
998,101	998,200 100 —
1,039,901	1,040,000 100 —
1,043,701	1,043,800 100 —
1,068,801	1,068,900 100 —

SERIES S.	
Nos.	Nos.
1,157,601 to	1,157,700 100 —
1,179,201	1,179,300 100 —
1,184,201	1,184,300 100 —
1,198,201	1,198,284 84 —
1,212,001	1,212,100 100 —
1,280,801	1,280,900 100 —
1,288,101	1,288,200 100 —
1,307,401	1,307,500 100 —
1,340,501	1,340,600 100 —
1,345,801	1,345,900 100 —
1,374,901	1,375,000 100 —
1,415,842	1,415,900 59 —

SERIES T.	
Nos.	Nos.
1,538,601 to	1,538,700 100 —
1,570,501	1,570,600 100 —
1,584,601	1,584,700 100 —
1,604,201	1,604,300 100 —
1,607,311	1,607,386 76 —
1,695,601	1,695,600 100 —

SERIES P.	
Nos.	Nos.
8,401 to	8,500 100 —
129,601	129,700 100 —
157,524	157,600 77 —
158,601	158,700 100 —
163,101	163,200 100 —
189,901	190,000 100 —

577

SERIES Z.	
Nos.	Nos.
1,740,501 to	1,740,599 100 obligations.
1,761,401	1,761,500 100 —
1,839,201	1,839,300 100 —
1,892,445	1,892,500 56 —
1,948,101	1,948,200 100 —
1,952,401	1,952,500 100 —

SERIES X.	
Nos.	Nos.
2,017,901 to	2,017,999 100 —
2,024,301	2,024,400 100 —
2,044,301	2,044,400 100 —
2,090,601	2,090,700 100 —
2,148,701	2,148,800 100 —
2,276,901	2,277,000 100 —
2,352,001	2,352,100 100 —
2,407,801	2,407,900 100 —
2,453,901	2,454,000 100 —
2,472,201	2,472,300 100 —
2,532,706	2,532,800 95 —
2,557,501	2,557,600 100 —
2,617,701	2,617,800 100 —
2,640,701	2,640,800 100 —

1,395 —
Total, 9,457 obligations.

The reimbursement of the shares at 500 francs each, and the delivery of the dividend shares, will be effected from the 1st May, 1874.

The reimbursement of the obligations at 500 francs, against the surrender of the original titles, will be made from the 2nd January, 1874, and for those of series X from the 1st April, 1874.

Those reimbursements will be effected at the under-mentioned places:—

Paris—MM. de Rothschild Frères.
Lyons—MM. P. Galline and Cie; and MM. Veuve Morin, Pons, and Morin.

No interests will be paid on the above titles from the date for the reimbursement.
Vienna, Dec. 20, 1873.

SOUTH OF AUSTRIA AND UPPER ITALY RAILWAY COMPANY.

Proprietors of all the series of Bonds (Obligations), Series X excepted, are informed that PAYMENT of the Half-year's Interest falling due on the 1st January, 1874, will be made from the 2nd, at the rate of 7 1/2 per cent. per Bond, at the following places:—

Paris—MM. de Rothschild Frères.
Lyons—MM. P. Galline and Cie, and Veuve Morin, Pons, and Morin.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PROPRIETORS OF BONDS OF THE SERIES O:—

The Coupons of the Series O being exhausted from the 1st January, 1874, proprietors of Bonds of that series are invited to present their titles at the same time as the last Coupon at the Offices where payment is made. Each title will be stamped with the date at which the new Bond will be delivered in exchange.

MERIDIONAL RAILWAYS OF ITALY.

Proprietors of Gold Bonds are informed that from the 1st January, will be made PAYMENT of the Coupon No. 8, of 15 lire in gold, falling due on the 31st December, and the reimbursement, at 500 lire in gold, of the Bonds Drawn at the 7th Drawing, which took place on the 1st October last, at the following places:—

Florence—At the Company's Central Offices.
Ancona—At the Company's Offices.
Naples—At the Company's Offices.
Milan—M. Jules Belinzaghi.
Turin—At the Italian Credit Mobilier.
Rome—At the Italian Credit Mobilier.
Genoa—At the Caisse Générale.
Leghorn—At the National Bank of the Kingdom of Italy.
Paris—Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.
Geneva—Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.
Florence, 15th December, 1873.

THE DIRECTION GENERAL.

MERIDIONAL RAILWAYS OF ITALY.

FOURTH DRAWING OF SHARES WHICH TOOK PLACE IN A PUBLIC SITTING ON THE 15th DECEMBER, 1873.

The following NUMBERS were DRAWN for Reimbursement at 500 lire, from the 1st January, 1874, and must be provided with all the Coupons falling due after that date. The bearers of the Shares Reimbursed will receive Dividend Shares in conformity with Art. 54 of the Company's statutes.

NUMBERS DRAWN.

Titles of 5 Shares.		Titles of 10 Shares.	
Nos. of the Titles.	Numbers of the Shares.	Nos. of the Titles.	Numbers of the Shares.
1173	15861	529	65281
7615	48071	2384	83831
7616	48076	4047	100470
		7566	135661
		9508	155071
		10350	163491
		11806	178051
		11861	178601

Florence, 15 December, 1873.
THE DIRECTION GENERAL.

Shares previously drawn and not yet presented for reimbursement. 2nd Drawing:—From 77541 to 77550; from 79371 to 79380. 3rd Drawing:—From 85221 to 35230; from 41686 to 41700; from 184891 to 185000; from 155421 to 185430.

MERIDIONAL RAILWAYS OF ITALY.

Shareholders are informed that the Coupon No. 7, of 12 lire 50c, for the half-year's interest falling due on the 31st December, will be PAID from the 1st January next, at the following places:—

Florence—At the Company's Central Offices.
Ancona—At the Company's Offices.
Naples—At the Company's Offices.
Milan—M. Jules Belinzaghi.
Turin—At the Italian Credit Mobilier.
Rome—At the Italian Credit Mobilier.
Leghorn—At the National Bank of the Kingdom of Italy.
Genoa—At the Caisse Générale.
Venice—MM. Jacob Levi and Sons.

Paris—At the Credit Industriel
Geneva—MM. Bonnaud and Co.
London—Messrs Baring Bros. and Co.

at the rate of exchange which will be announced.
From the same date of the 1st January, and at the Company's Central Offices in Florence only, will be effected also the Reimbursement of the Shares drawn at the Fourth Drawing on the 15th December, on which the interest will cease. Proprietors of the said Shares will receive a Dividend Share in exchange, in conformity with Art. 54 of the statutes.
Florence, 15th Dec. 1873.

THE DIRECTION GENERAL.

WILMINGTON AND WELDON RAILROAD COMPANY'S BONDS.

The Dividend on these Bonds, due 1st January, 1874, will be PAID on that or any succeeding day, between the hours of Ten and Two, at the Counting-house of Messrs Brown, Shipley, and Co., Founder's court, Lothbury, E.C., where Lists may be obtained.
Coupons must be left two clear days for examination.

CANTON COMPANY OF BALTIMORE 6 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

The Dividend on these Bonds due 1st January, 1874, will be PAID on that or any succeeding day, between the hours of Ten and Two, at the Counting-house of Messrs Brown, Shipley, and Co., Founder's court, Lothbury, E.C., where lists may be obtained.
Coupons must be left two clear days for examination.

BALTIMORE AND POTOMAC RAILROAD TRINELL BONDS, guaranteed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the Northern Central Railroad Company.—Messrs SPEYER BROS. hereby give notice, they are prepared to PAY the COUPONS due 1st January, 1874, less income-tax, on the above Bonds, at their office, on and after that date.

The Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
No. 1, Angel-court, London, E.C., December, 1873.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, £200,000, LONDON ISSUE.

The Coupons of the above, due 1st January, 1874, will be PURCHASED on and after that date at £7 each by the London Bank of Commerce (Limited), 5 Lothbury, London, E.C.
The Coupons must be left one clear day for examination.
London, 24th Dec. 1873.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY (California and Oregon Division).

Messrs Speyer Brothers hereby give notice, they are prepared to pay the coupon due 1st January, 1874, less income tax, on the above Bonds, issued by them, at their office, on and after that date.
The coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
1 Angel court, London, E.C., Dec. 1873.

CANADIAN CONSOLIDATED FIVE PER CENT. STOCK.

Messrs Baring Bros. and Co., and Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co., hereby give notice, that they will be prepared to pay the Interest due upon the inscription of the said Stock on the 1st January, 1874.
Dividend Warrants, payable at the Banking-house of Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co., will be delivered by them, upon application, to Proprietors, or their Registered Attorneys, who have not given instructions for forwarding the same.

Forms of Power of Attorney for the receipt of Dividends, and Letters authorising the transmission of Warrants to Proprietors or their Registered Attorneys can be obtained on application to Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co.
London, December 22, 1873.

SCINDE, PUNJAB, AND DELHI RAILWAY COMPANY.

At the Thirty-Fifth Half-Yearly General Meeting of the above Company, held at the London Tavern, Bishopsgate street, in the City of London, on Monday, the 22nd December, 1873,
W. P. ANDREWS, Esq., Chairman of the Company, presiding.

The following resolutions were carried unanimously:—

1. That this Meeting receive and adopt the report and accounts of the Directors.
2. That this Meeting consider it of the highest importance, in the interest of the public as well as of the shareholders, that the construction of the Indus Valley Line be committed to this Company, and that the Chairman be requested, and is hereby authorised, to make such representations to the Government, and to take such other steps, as he may think best calculated to promote the objects of this resolution.
3. That the thanks of the Proprietors are due to the Chairman and Directors for their able management of the affairs of the Company, and that the cordial thanks of this Meeting are tendered to W. P. Andrew, Esq., for his courteous conduct in the Chair this day.

W. P. ANDREW, Chairman.
S. H. R. PARRY, Secretary.
Gresham House, Old Broad street, London, E.C., 22nd Dec. 1873.

BANK OF CALIFORNIA.—THE
ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION are prepared to issue Drafts at sight on the Bank of California San Francisco, the terms for which may be ascertained at their office.
 Threadneedle street, 1872.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA
 (Limited).
 HEAD OFFICE—80 King William street, London.

BANKERS.
 Bank of England, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.
 The Bank grant Drafts, negotiate and collect Bills of Exchange payable at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, and Hong Kong, on terms which may be ascertained at their Office.

They undertake the purchase and sale of Indian Government and other securities, hold them for safe custody, and realise the interest and dividends as they become due. They also collect pay and pensions, and generally transact every description of banking agency business connected with India.

The Bank receive money on deposit for fixed periods, repayable at twelve months', six months', and fourteen days' notice.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).
 ESTABLISHED IN 1833.—CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas lane, Lombard street, London.
 BRANCHES in Edinburgh, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Kurrachee, Agra, Lahore, Shanghai, Hong Kong.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept at the Head Office on the terms customary with London bankers, and interest allowed when the credit balance does not fall below £100.

Deposits received for fixed periods on the following terms, viz. :—
 At 5 per cent. per annum, subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
 For shorter periods deposits will be received on terms to be agreed upon.

BILLS issued at the current exchange of the day on any of the branches of the Bank free of extra charge, and approved bills purchased or sent for collection.

SALES and PURCHASES effected in British and foreign securities, in East India stock and loans, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

Interest drawn, and army, navy, and civil pay and pensions realised.

Every other description of banking business and money agency, British and Indian, transacted.
 J. THOMSON, Chairman.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

Capital, 5,000,000 dol. All paid up.
 Reserve Fund, 1,000,000 dol.

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONG KONG.
 LONDON MANAGER—W. H. Vaehner, 32 Lombard street.

BANKERS—London and County Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Hong Kong	Hankow	Saigon
Shanghai	Yokohama	Singapore
Foochow	Hioogo	Bombay
Ningpo	Manila	Calcutta

The Corporation grant Drafts upon and negotiate or collect Bills at any of the Branches or Agencies; also receive Deposits for fixed periods, at rates varying with the period of deposit.

The Corporation issue Letters of Credit and Circular Notes, negotiable in the principal cities of Europe, Asia, and America, for the use of travellers.

They open Current Accounts for the convenience of constituents returning from China, Japan, and India.

They also undertake the Agency of constituents connected with the East, and receive for safe custody Indian and other Government Securities, drawing Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due.

Shareholders having their shares on the London register receive their dividends at the fixed rate of 4s 6d per dollar. Dividends are payable in London in April and October on receipt of the advice of meeting in Hong Kong, held in February and August.

ORIENTAL BANK
CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 30th August, 1851.
 Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000. Reserved funds, £500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
 DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN—George Arbuthnot, Esq.
 Sir Wm. J. W. Baynes, Bart. | Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
 Major-Gen. H. Polham Burn | Lester Robert Reid, Esq.
 Duncan James Kay, Esq. | W. Walkinshaw, Esq.
 CHIEF MANAGER—Charles J. F. Stuart, Esq.
 SUB-MANAGER—Patrick Campbell, Esq.

BANKERS.
 Bank of England, Union Bank of London, Bank of Scotland, London.

The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate or collect Bills payable at Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Foochow, Hioogo, Hongkong, Kandy, Madras, Mauritius, Melbourne, Point-de-Galle, Pondicherry, Port Elizabeth, Shanghai, Singapore, Sydney, Tollycherry, and Yokohama, on terms which may be ascertained at their Office. They also issue Circular Notes for the use of travellers by the Overland route.

They undertake the agency of parties connected with India and the Colonies, the purchase and sale of British and Foreign Securities, the custody of the same, the receipt of Interest, Dividends, Pay, Pensions, &c., and the effecting of remittances between the above-named dependencies.

They also receive Deposits of £100 and upwards for fixed periods, the terms for which may be ascertained on application at their Office.

Office hours, 10 to 3 Saturdays, 10 to 2.
 Threadneedle street London, 1873.

ANGLO-AUSTRIAN BANK.

Notice is hereby given, that this Bank will be prepared to pay, on and after the 1st January proximo, Coupon No. 16, due on that day, at the rate of 6 1/2 Austrian paper currency per share, at the short exchange on Vienna, free of income tax.

The coupon must be left at this office between the hours of 11 and 2 for examination three clear days previous to payment.

F. BOLDERMANN, General Manager.
 Anglo-Austrian Bank 31 and 32, Lombard street, London, E.C., Dec. 23, 1873.

THE LONDON BANK OF
TUNIS (Limited).

LONDON OFFICE—11 St Helen's place, London, E.C.

DIRECTORS.
 The Hon. Thomas C. Bruce, | John W. Larking, Esq.
 Sir Charles H. Mills, Bart., | Harvey Hacking, Esq.
 M.P. | John Stewart, Esq.

BANKERS—Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co.

Letters of credit granted, bills for collection and coupons encashed. All business connected with the Tunisian Regency transacted.
 E. WOODINGTON, Secretary.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

Notice is hereby given, that at a half-yearly General Meeting of the Proprietors of this Bank, held at Auckland on the 22nd October last, a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum and a Bonus of 2s 6d per share, being together equal to 12 1/2 per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital, were declared for the half-year ending 30th September.

The Dividend and Bonus upon the Shares on the London Register will be payable at the London office on and after Monday, the 29th instant. The Transfer Books will be Closed from this date until Monday, the 5th January, 1874, inclusive.

F. LARKWORTHY, Managing Director.
 No. 50 Old Broad street, London, Dec. 22, 1873.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN
BANKING COMPANY (Limited).

Capital, £1,600,000.
 Represented by 80,000 shares of £20 each.
 Reserve fund, £300,000.

BANKERS.
 The Bank of England,
 The London Joint Stock Bank.

Notice is hereby given, that this Bank will receive fixed deposits in sums of not less than £250 on the following terms :—

For six months certain, at the rate of Five per Cent. per Annum.

Interest payable half-yearly for twelve months certain, at Six per Cent. per Annum.—By order of the Board,
 O. FOA, Secretary.

27 Clement's lane, Lombard street,
 August 6th, 1873.

DEUTSCHE BANK.

(Registered in Berlin, as a Limited Company under Prussian Law.)

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP, 15,000,000 THALERS (£2,250,000).

RESERVE FUND, 334,537 THALERS (£50,000).

HEAD OFFICE BERLIN :—29 Burg Strasse.

LONDON BANKERS.
 National Provincial Bank of England.

LONDON SOLICITORS—Messrs Freshfields.

AGENCIES.
 Hamburg, Bremen, Shanghai, and Yokohama.

AGENTS IN NEW YORK.
 Messrs Knodlauch and Liechtenstein.

LONDON AGENCY.
 50 Old Broad street, E.C.
 MANAGER—G. Pietsch, Esq.

The London Agency is prepared to transact Foreign Banking Business of every description on terms to be ascertained at its Office.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF
AUSTRALASIA.

Incorporated by Acts of the Legislature of Victoria, South Australia, and Western Australia.
 Capital, £1,000,000. Paid-up, £660,000.
 Reserve fund, £205,000.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and DRAFTS granted on the Head Office at Melbourne and the following branches :—

IN VICTORIA.—Bacchus Marsh, Bairnsdale, Ballarat, Buninyong, Casterton, Clunes, Colac, Coleraine, Collingwood, Emerald Hill, Footscray, Geelong, Hamilton, Korait, Kyneton, Learmonth, Maffra, Penshurst, Pralran, Richmond, Sale, Sandhurst, Sandridge, Scarsdale, Stratford, Taradale, Warramboul.

IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.—Adelaide, Angaston, Auburn, Clare, Gawler, George Town, Kadina, Kapunda, Koorunga, Moonta, Mount Barker, Mount Gambier, Narracoorte, Nuriootpa, Penola, Port Adelaide, Port Augusta, Port MacDonnell, Port Wakefield, Saddleworth, Strathalbyn, Wallaroo, and Wilunga.

IN WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—Perth, Fremantle.

Approved Bills negotiated, or sent for collection, and all other banking business with the Australian Colonies transacted.
 T. M. HARRINGTON, Manager.
 149 Leadenhall street, E.C.

BANK OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1847.
 DRAFTS ISSUED upon Adelaide and the principal towns in South Australia. Bills negotiated and collected. Money received on deposit. For terms apply at the Offices, 54 Old Broad street, E.C.
 WILLIAM PURDY, General Manager.

BANK OF ROUMANIA.

Notice is hereby given, that on and after the 1st January, 1874, a distribution of 8s per share, being interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum on the paid-up capital of the Bank, will be made on account of the profits of the year 1873, against the delivery of the 8th coupon of the share certificates. The coupons must be entered on forms (which can be obtained on application) and left three clear days for examination.

Due notice will be given of the General Meeting of shareholders, to be held in conformity with the statutes, as soon as the accounts for the current year have been completed and audited.

C. R. PAGE, Secretary.
 London Agency—9 Moorgate street, E.C.

THE BANK OF ALEXANDRIA
 (Limited).

HEAD OFFICE,
 No. 8 Moorgate street, E.C.
 ALEXANDRIA OFFICE—Rue Cherif Pacha.
 Capital, £1,000,000, in shares of £10 each.
 Subscribed and Paid-up Capital, £500,000.

BANKERS.
 Bank of England,
 London and County Bank.

Letters of Credit granted on Alexandria, and payments made in Cairo and Suez.

Bills for collection encashed in any part of Egypt. Drafts on Alexandria negotiated, and the Purchase and Sale of Egyptian and all kinds of Securities undertaken.

Egyptian Government Bonds and Delegations collected in Cairo and Alexandria, and every kind of Banking Business connected with Egypt transacted.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on deposits for not less than 12 months.
 JOHN COW, London Manager.

THE UNITED DISCOUNT
CORPORATION (Limited).

Capital, £750,000; Called up, £300,000.

The Company's Rates for receiving money on deposit are as follows until further notice :—

At Call, THREE-AND-A-HALF PER CENT. per annum; at 7 or 14 Days' Notice, THREE-AND-THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT.

ARTHUR ROBERTS, Secretary.
 No. 34 Abchurch lane, Lombard street,
 December 11, 1873.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE
PARIS.

Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th of March, 1848, and by Imperial Decrees of 29th of July, 18th and 31st of December, 1866.

Recognised by the International Convention 30th April, 1862.

Capital fully paid up 80,000,000 francs ... £ 3,200,000

Reserved fund 20,000,000 francs ... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE—14 Rue Bergere, Paris.

Agencies at—

Lyons, Marseilles, Nantes, Mulhouse, and Roubaix (France), Brussels (Belgium), Alexandria (Egypt), Calcutta, Bombay, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Saigon (Cochin-China), Bourbon (Reunion), and Yokohama (Japan).

LONDON BANKERS.
 The Union Bank of London.

LONDON AGENCY—144 Leadenhall street, E.C.

MANAGER—Theo. D'omel.

SUB-MANAGER—H. Duval.

The London Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit, and purchases or collects Bills payable at the above-named places.

The Agency will conduct banking business of every description with the Continent, India, China, &c., &c., upon terms to be ascertained at the Office.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
AND PILLS.—These highly esteemed medicaments cannot be too strongly recommended for curing most of the maladies to which humanity is heir. For the proper development and nourishment of the human body, it is essential that the functions of the stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels be performed with order and regularity. Holloway's remedies readily ensure both these conditions. The powers of the stomach are greatly augmented, and good gastric juice secreted in abundance, when this ointment is diligently rubbed twice a day over the pit of the stomach. The pills and ointment enable it to extract all the food's nutritive matter, and to thoroughly digest most articles of food. In the most advanced cases of dyspepsia the salutary power possessed by these medicaments is most remarkable, and will fully realise the patient's hopes and the expectations of his friends.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.—

ANGLO-GERMAN ESTABLISHMENT, Bonn on-the-Rhine, founded in 1847.—The Principal, Herr THOMAS, prepares Gentleman's Sons for the Army, Civil Service, and Mercantile pursuits. German and French are constantly spoken in his establishment, where the comforts of an English home are provided by an English lady (Mrs Thomas). The highest references given.—Apply to Herr Director THOMAS Strauss, Bonn-on-the-Rhine.—Frequent escorts.

The Economist.
(GRATIS.)
SUPPLEMENT TO

Accounts Relating to Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the Six Months ended June 30, 1873.

I.—An Account of the Imports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, showing the Consumption of Duty-Paying Articles, in the Six Months ended June 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali.....cwt	38,139	48,231	61,272	71,451
Animals, Living—Oxen and Bulls.....No.	37,472	58,565	706,598	1,186,276
Calves.....	13,498	14,215	194,525	258,103
Sheep and Lambs.....	18,131	20,671	60,770	100,943
Swine.....	397,510	433,331	787,569	883,442
Bacon.....	3,693	17,452	13,007	59,966
Bark—For tanners' and dyers' use.....	1,218,412	1,759,098	2,463,027	3,469,525
Peruvian.....	187,177	259,437	73,896	92,384
Beef—Salted.....	12,397	22,276	123,808	220,434
Fresh or slightly Salted.....	116,238	135,806	267,258	263,656
Bones, whether burnt or not, or as animal charcoal—For Manure.....	26,889	35,265	63,473	81,145
Brimstone.....	49,189	26,451	319,084	170,123
Bristles.....	465,893	424,532	156,094	137,889
Butter.....	1,026,637	860,785	185,612	148,480
Caoutchouc.....	551,032	595,380	2,918,348	3,166,001
Cheese.....	84,488	80,713	985,975	936,528
Chemical Manufactures and Products unenumerated.....	232,370	339,890	668,615	1,014,002
Chicory { Imports.....value £	...	...	494,676	452,308
Clocks { Home Consumption.....cwt	55,859	58,612	38,856	44,328
Cochineal.....	47,811	50,442	230,354	193,288
Cocoa { Imports.....	190,006	183,353	261,818	238,959
Home Consumption.....lbs	20,060	18,265	306,830	332,012
Coffee—From Ceylon.....	10,432,147	10,508,084	1,475,821	1,779,719
Other British Possessions.....	3,922,591	4,470,372	537,204	823,188
Brazil.....	435,198	421,360	204,515	435,287
Central America.....	151,395	184,222	312,530	438,816
Other Countries.....	57,587	105,903	353,586	551,615
Total { Imports.....	73,245	96,205	2,883,656	4,028,625
Home Consumption.....	107,729	124,176	931,866	140,443
Total { Imports and Home Consumption.....	825,154	931,866	2,883,656	4,028,625
Home Consumption.....	140,443	145,187	931,866	145,187

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Copper—Ore—From Spain.....tons	4,967	2,417	75,001	42,331
Chili.....	275	6,125	10,756	95,441
Australia.....	1,208	2,152	15,148	30,061
Other Countries.....	17,170	15,150	257,109	290,967
Total.....	23,620	25,844	358,014	453,800
Regulus—From Chili.....	13,375	11,783	510,695	460,855
Other Countries.....	2,292	3,077	84,755	143,913
Total.....	15,667	14,860	595,450	604,768
Unwrought, or part Wrought—From Chili	11,659	8,760	1,064,479	766,183
Australia.....	5,989	6,367	572,107	592,768
Other Countries.....	5,667	2,045	511,168	180,775
Total.....	23,325	17,172	2,147,754	1,539,726
Corn—Wheat—From Russia.....cwt	7,908,329	5,350,047	4,568,671	3,335,432
Denmark.....	98,885	243,855	64,852	164,309
France.....	1,649,304	1,210,051	1,093,390	850,740
Austrian Territories.....	129,058	1,155,258	76,780	737,190
Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia.....	5,762	15,009	3,446	10,239
Egypt.....	489,164	244,736	260,896	143,437
United States.....	1,161,564	634,015	586,249	338,389
Chili.....	2,930,973	7,280,630	1,884,529	4,819,145
British North America.....	664,982	623,288	437,992	386,662
Other Countries.....	162,022	550,220	107,794	360,789
Total.....	436,799	1,344,159	285,584	899,328
Barley.....	15,636,842	18,651,268	9,370,163	12,045,660
Oats.....	7,036,697	5,444,833	2,729,028	2,340,857
Peas.....	5,632,269	5,505,091	2,046,183	2,149,767
Beans.....	454,855	694,143	196,528	295,881
Total.....	1,622,952	1,378,607	648,519	568,283

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Corn—(Com.)—Indian Corn or Maize...cwt	8,181,066	8,123,889	3,052,379	2,740,000
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany..	487,676	400,623	449,485	392,970
France	233,285	1,466,571	216,541	1,393,155
United States	208,428	465,339	160,413	413,013
British North America	39,385	110,367	35,151	98,593
Other Countries	477,310	951,094	468,693	914,825
Total	1,446,084	3,393,994	1,329,683	3,212,559
Indian Corn Meal	2,581	2,058	4,455	4,033
Cotton Raw—From United States	4,037,343	5,049,647	18,802,842	22,099,919
Brazil	703,615	338,884	3,321,741	1,542,776
Turkey	48,973	50,333	206,207	194,940
Egypt	929,434	992,132	4,565,925	4,729,399
British India	2,436,430	1,632,346	8,008,971	5,025,674
Other Countries	159,852	177,493	735,463	740,809
Total	8,315,647	8,240,835	35,691,149	34,333,516
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	...	...	864,149	814,585
Currents { Imports	168,573	102,546	221,154	137,825
{ Home Consumption	297,661	298,306	47,749	55,474
Cutch	2,158	2,547	1,073,972	1,388,975
Eggs	2,744,127	3,267,529	137,351	108,154
Fish, Cured or Salted.....cwt	135,579	127,441	1,009,710	1,073,677
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or	416,655	497,030	348,944	363,694
Codilla of—From Russia.....cwt	156,931	168,431	243,335	372,958
Germany	83,392	124,648	638,984	724,773
Holland	202,854	212,718	80,684	31,317
Belgium	35,658	15,436	2,321,657	2,566,419
Other Countries	895,590	1,018,263	...	...
Total .....	...	...	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wheat	26,000,737	6,007,860	37,481,285	8,049,527
Wheat Flour	3,711,561	1,047,563	5,728,096	1,636,599
Barley	5,648,878	1,581,684	12,175,361	3,409,101
Oats	7,621,668	2,735,161	9,151,788	3,327,923
Peas	1,636,300	881,804	2,920,474	284,756
Indian Corn	12,181,349	2,842,313	15,397,347	537,658
Total	60,787,307	15,397,347	74,705,850	14,253,563

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Gambier	12,176	11,000	245,593	253,838
Glass—Window and German Sheet, includ-	219,271	218,696	171,806	206,510
ing Shades and Cylinders	35,563	38,315	148,828	154,627
Flint	24,882	18,712	65,764	65,035
Plate, silvered or not	72,020	118,541	210,110	280,758
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old	58,543	72,541	575,200	825,627
Broken	24,659	20,052	64,905	71,241
Guano	42,372	29,383	237,544	138,572
Gun—Arabic	22,361	28,125	173,998	243,697
Lac, Seed, Shell, Stick, and Dye	90,669	124,984	226,990	346,853
Gutta Percha	116,511	84,045	40,081	21,640
Hams	133,996	46,225	241,367	72,122
Hats or Bonnets of Straw	140,546	171,338	295,080	346,750
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or	9,416	7,014	18,151	14,355
Codilla of—From Russia	24,807	19,698	31,035	23,345
Italy	81,732	135,205	183,871	297,655
Austrian Territories	79,952	137,136	147,117	236,925
British India	470,439	516,616	916,621	991,152
Philippine Islands	301,374	197,628	1,123,042	771,196
Other Countries	153,038	137,878	520,501	557,979
Total	454,412	335,506	1,643,543	1,329,175
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned,	58,839	91,852	169,953	306,794
Tanned, Curried, or in any way Dressed	32,230	35,626	101,262	125,991
—Dry—From British India	9,628	14,076	24,175	39,285
Other Countries	134,562	164,991	375,687	513,782
Total	235,259	306,545	671,077	985,852
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and	14,133,686	15,410,893	870,644	1,013,938
Brazil	59,594	47,638	295,127	208,727
Australia	77,100	64,829	2,258,601	1,919,645
Other Countries	25,554	24,597	261,458	316,005
Total	385,871	287,166	542,897	489,558
Iron Manufactures	2,443	5,976	31,432	85,155
Steel—Unwrought	2,517,269	2,453,768	2,627,698	1,964,696
Lead	518,720	462,080	1,183,444	997,768
Lead, Pig and Sheet	41,295	32,899	880,372	759,356
Leather Manufactures—	22,421	15,164	71,090	55,852
Boots and Shoes	613,786	499,261	813,414	651,197
Gloves, of Leather .....	...	...	...	...

Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the Ten Months from				
Principal Articles.	1871.		1872.	
	Sept. 1, 1870, to June 30, 1871.	Sept. 1, 1871, to June 30, 1872.	Sept. 1, 1872, to June 30, 1873.	Sept. 1, 1872, to June 30, 1873.
Wheat	26,000,737	6,007,860	37,481,285	8,049,527
Wheat Flour	3,711,561	1,047,563	5,728,096	1,636,599
Barley	5,648,878	1,581,684	12,175,361	3,409,101
Oats	7,621,668	2,735,161	9,151,788	3,327,923
Peas	1,636,300	881,804	2,920,474	284,756
Indian Corn	12,181,349	2,842,313	15,397,347	537,658
Total	60,787,307	15,397,347	74,705,850	14,253,563

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder	75,043	65,870	219,281	157,447
Root	50,529	24,908	128,897	53,482
Garancine	14,713	22,766	94,260	164,157
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	33,289	43,782	82,848	113,233
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	161,292	105,000	425,723	320,146
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba).....	934,561	1,064,496	734,542	831,125
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti.....tuns	6,485	7,147	314,593	332,075
Palm	431,862	419,315	775,329	737,424
Cocoa-nut	234,506	143,533	464,273	248,263
Olive	14,428	21,131	742,758	951,895
Seed, of all kinds	7,264	7,633	288,201	289,362
Turpentine	86,260	92,171	209,948	195,219
Oil Seed Cakes	76,223	69,239	697,238	647,932
Oranges and Lemons.....bushels	1,497,017	1,422,495	741,376	687,379
Paper for Printing or Writing—From Belgium	60,244	53,628	173,397	197,390
Holland	11,212	5,579	37,636	23,728
Sweden	14,946	23,912	22,112	35,892
France	4,853	11,270	22,966	39,865
Other Countries	5,629	6,490	12,292	17,535
Total	95,889	100,879	268,463	314,410
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From Belgium .....	...	...	38,340	46,067
Holland .....	...	...	44,555	45,424
France .....	...	...	29,982	38,568
Other Countries .....	...	...	65,646	83,836
Total .....	...	...	178,523	213,895
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined	8,946	22,822	149,108	380,948
Pork—Salted (not Hams)	159,858	164,383	323,660	355,383
Fresh	5,665	4,929	11,384	12,940
Potatoes.....	766,696	5,912,992	254,595	1,679,422
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits) .....	...	...	75,328	107,197
Ore .....	...	...	714,318	699,369
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore	274,028	274,439	299,150	355,404
Quicksilver	2,062,958	2,118,536	182,338	160,864
Rags and other Materials for making Paper —Linen and Cotton Rags	11,173	8,894	497,083	452,904
Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	63,708	57,172	97,373	43,633
Raisins { Imports	57,407	26,139	1,010,258	1,301,410
{ Home Consumption.....	86,367	85,455	...	...
Rice, not in the Husk.....	1,993,869	2,563,559	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Rosin	440,653	513,057	232,112	260,749
Saltpetre	202,055	155,299	254,720	207,061
Seeds—Clover and Grass	190,032	197,736	529,710	485,653
Cotton.....	126,017	146,382	1,066,244	1,139,546
Flax and Linseed	493,102	391,416	1,523,315	1,175,593
Rape	118,699	37,202	301,471	87,379
Silk—Raw—From China	524,707	857,637	514,638	887,898
British India.....	150,880	164,756	160,825	183,444
Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan	682,937	549,270	745,352	604,169
Other Countries	865,336	613,663	952,116	706,180
Total	2,223,860	2,185,320	2,372,931	2,381,691
Knubs or Husks of Silk, and Waste.....	18,823	15,356	356,688	243,108
Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed —From France	23,730	14,235	35,645	29,294
Other Countries	16,261	8,476	24,870	10,204
Total	39,991	22,711	60,515	39,498
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe —Broad Stuffs—From France...value £	...	...	1,625,843	1,769,693
Belgium.....	...	...	838,568	674,348
Other Countries .....	...	...	31,809	27,469
Total .....	...	...	2,496,220	2,471,510
Ribbons, Silk, or Satin —From France .....	...	...	685,066	516,279
Other Countries .....	...	...	101,557	161,032
Total .....	...	...	786,623	677,311
Ribbons, other kinds —From Belgium.....	...	...	99,939	123,890
Other Countries .....	...	...	53,355	145,401
Total .....	...	...	153,294	269,291
Plush used for making Hats.....	...	...	28,051	23,617
Of Countries out of Europe .....	...	...	126,350	152,069
Spices—Cinnamon	687,134	658,311	65,925	70,761
Ginger	21,546	18,192	44,485	47,875
Pepper	10,897,054	12,362,392	285,454	393,898

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed—				
{ Imports proof gallons				
{ Home Consumption.....				
Rum	3,295,603	3,197,211	348,924	333,439
{ Imports	1,996,995	2,391,307		
{ Home Consumption.....	2,048,314	3,314,760		
Brandy	1,707,875	1,911,527	739,614	1,118,518
{ Imports	797,011	1,084,853		
{ Home Consumption.....	353,875	525,671		
Other Sorts			95,422	103,323
Sugar—Refined { Imports .....cwts	847,035	1,042,196	1,540,423	1,831,849
and Candy... { Home Consumption.....	863,534	994,676		
Unrefined, Imports—From British West				
Indices and Guiana	1,584,655	1,638,921	2,115,835	2,052,095
British India	149,580	238,859	169,852	254,893
Mauritius	665,297	620,177	929,835	861,066
Spanish West Indies	738,147	695,591	1,029,116	894,798
Brazil	1,047,640	1,183,975	1,330,728	1,287,488
Java and Philippine Islands	525,752	615,422	664,394	727,964
Other Countries	1,378,253	1,510,725	1,825,091	1,949,541
Total	6,089,332	6,503,670	8,064,851	8,027,845
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption				
—1st Class.....	232,423	279,040	...	...
2nd Class	1,621,385	1,841,452	...	...
3rd Class	1,618,583	1,627,919	...	...
4th Class	2,626,721	2,333,131	...	...
Total	6,099,112	6,081,542	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and				
Guiana	69,859	49,017	40,945	24,063
Spanish West Indies	2,885	20,682	1,567	8,904
Other Countries	130,805	101,001	66,850	49,068
Total { Imports	208,549	170,700	109,362	82,035
{ Home Consumption.....	249,234	267,772		
Tallow and Stearine	758,172	625,160	1,634,338	1,309,304
Tar	20,798	27,374	19,651	35,445
Tea—British India.....lbs	9,304,357	8,193,813	677,995	595,644
China (including Hong Kong and Macao)	67,331,395	43,915,859	4,262,659	2,905,411
Other Countries	4,823,983	2,051,809	383,922	139,454
Total { Imports	81,459,735	54,161,481	5,324,576	3,640,509
{ Home Consumption	63,390,225	65,336,851		
Teeth, Elephants', &c.....cwts	5,568	6,307	164,295	205,892
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and				
Regulus.....	99,080	94,506	650,360	664,842

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured { Imports.....lbs	10,699,557	23,895,565		
{ Home Consumpt.....	21,153,739	22,039,129	431,778	791,171
Manufac. and Snuff { Imports.....	1,965,450	2,539,960		
{ Home Consumpt.....	528,179	605,928	590,432	729,291
{ Imports	1,000	2,083	320	1,346
{ Home Consumpt.....	20,029	18,837	339,613	329,525
{ Imports .....	...	...	164,328	191,559
Watches	7,643	11,167	5,225	7,287
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in	5,593	16,562	2,385	5,359
South Africa	238,306	224,966	39,208	36,182
Foreign—From Germany	338,957	331,094	239,789	217,728
Holland	1,880,308	2,489,781	542,598	678,194
France { Red	840,957	930,550	867,413	935,450
{ White	1,995,045	2,244,489	695,320	757,438
Portugal	46,349	39,863	26,244	20,267
Madeira	722,565	738,914	105,092	96,060
Spain { Red.....	3,720,340	3,637,894	1,349,548	1,311,783
{ White.....	375,578	358,571	82,174	68,329
Italy	94,615	90,031	48,264	46,263
Other Countries	10,286,256	11,113,882	4,003,260	4,180,540
{ Of Wine.....	4,665,593	5,569,635	1,368,487	1,566,035
{ Total	5,620,663	5,544,247	2,634,773	2,614,505
Wine Entered for Home Consumption—				
From France { Red.....	1,664,351	2,170,370	...	...
{ White.....	788,654	845,247	...	...
Portugal	1,637,839	1,714,848	...	...
Spain { Red.....	466,432	510,636	...	...
{ White.....	3,066,769	3,013,618	...	...
Other Countries	986,475	914,822	...	...
{ Of wine	8,610,520	9,169,541	...	...
{ Total	3,859,842	4,479,457	...	...
{ Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia.....loads	4,750,678	4,690,054	163,884	167,528
Sweden and Norway	77,584	72,100	327,050	592,715
Germany	199,216	282,222	424,951	491,735
British North America	141,788	131,077	42,421	55,608
Other Countries	10,935	13,657	653,034	909,950
{ Total	190,445	245,775	1,611,340	2,217,536
{ Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From	619,968	744,581	222,743	272,553
Russia	102,505	110,601	1,043,228	1,242,190
Sweden and Norway	490,350	466,952	161,952	334,151
British North America	59,835	106,829	271,016	326,147
Other Countries	77,999	82,525	1,698,939	2,175,041
{ Total	730,639	766,637		

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood-(Con.)--Staves of all dimensions, loads	17,514	26,590	£ 177,619	£ 267,913
Mahogany	16,500	23,692	177,779	277,708
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'-From Countries in Europe.....lbs	16,633,751	14,554,410	976,520	820,799
British Possessions in South Africa	17,375,826	17,622,963	1,104,425	1,217,569
British India	12,309,802	10,131,810	539,667	482,253
Australia	140,587,228	145,143,500	8,756,643	9,069,180
Other Countries	20,291,949	13,925,277	308,744	646,443
Total	207,198,556	201,377,960	12,279,999	12,212,244
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	2,226,662	1,911,008	303,942	221,223
Goats' Wool or Hair	2,392,652	2,254,559	255,309	256,984
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool.....	34,919,360	29,599,360	297,105	234,906
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	7,434,318	6,617,140	860,353	765,324

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Six Months ended June 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Bark, Peruvian	7,547	13,642	Silk Manufactures — Of Countries in Europe—Broadstuffs	64,990	46,185
Caoutchouc	25,013	23,590	Ribbons	5,609	9,171
Cocoa	2,592,238	2,799,833	Of Countries out of Europe	20,106	30,156
Cochineal	9,505	8,064	Spices—Cinnamon	541,839	461,998
Coffee	562,235	505,072	Pepper	6,583,533	5,236,969
Corn—Wheat	119,101	289,745	Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed	656,303	609,490
Wheatmeal or Flour	7,036	3,825	Brandy	175,021	170,583
Copper, Unwrought or part Wrought, tons	4,368	10,759	Other Sorts	235,458	129,594
Cotton, Raw—To Russia, Northern ports	104,583	63,640	Rum	526,153	530,698
Germany	301,534	176,503	Mixed in Bond	21,153	8,726
Holland	377,656	273,129	Sugar—Refined and Candy	79,199	69,462
Belgium	167,013	192,225	Molasses	13,819	38,272
France	146,952	78,098	Tallow and Stearine	50,868	26,751
Other Countries	75,139	75,478	Tea	18,830,561	15,029,469
Total	1,172,877	859,073	Tooth, Elephants', &c.	3,894	2,272
Cotton Manufactures..... value £	186,042	151,033	Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	24,556	11,538
Currents	44,159	69,940	Tobacco—Unmanufactured	6,995,624	7,372,145
Cutch	919	900	Manufactured, and Snuff	970,326	919,428
Gambier	978	2,708	Wine—Red	373,673	339,943
Guano.....	3,883	39,611	White	574,661	564,678
			Mixed in Bond	7,433	4,950
			Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	67,373,235	56,023,163

III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Six Months ended June 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia	114,036	112,270	£ 72,709	88,671
Germany	302,559	370,775	139,589	191,654
Holland	113,782	115,717	40,310	51,972
France	67,523	17,532	29,455	13,764
United States	1,090,005	1,143,336	591,809	742,829
Other Countries	485,871	499,545	271,707	336,901
Total	2,173,776	2,259,175	1,145,779	1,425,791
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores— Fire Arms (small).....No.	186,222	190,654	209,095	269,433
Gunpowder	9,726,195	8,115,035	224,979	269,172
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Mer- chandise	1,790,931	2,415,401	774,311	967,462
Beer and Ale—To United States	22,249	25,612	103,986	133,234
British West Indies and Guiana	16,347	16,564	60,141	60,896
British India	127,790	135,300	379,446	405,497
Australia	43,044	69,681	171,133	284,186
Other Countries	105,422	109,915	438,472	498,786
Total	314,852	357,072	1,178,178	1,382,599
Books, Printed.....cwt	32,385	34,876	367,455	388,189
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	33,150	34,361	169,078	135,968
Butter	24,974	21,576	142,932	126,606
Candles of all Sorts	3,406,426	2,841,127	112,332	96,411
Carriages—Railway Carriages for Passen- gers	129	287	18,782	63,011
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.....No.	1,174	1,312	90,820	109,326
Cheese	8,949	8,403	37,230	36,039
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured —To Russia	404,486	349,559	260,597	374,492
Sweden and Norway	301,332	351,773	176,659	405,976
Denmark	289,250	282,431	161,372	286,114
Germany	924,675	702,812	529,718	725,816
Holland	209,345	191,938	120,808	212,332
France	1,220,078	1,172,332	645,574	1,113,466
Spain and Canaries.....	358,218	392,613	252,952	408,329
Italy	479,680	396,917	275,308	412,809
Brazil	131,522	144,775	100,929	172,969
British India.....	240,373	198,793	166,920	231,642
Other Countries	1,887,121	1,865,067	1,279,293	2,076,643
Total	6,446,080	6,018,910	3,970,130	6,410,588
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers en- gaged in the foreign trade.....(two months)	...	514,652	...	...
Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland	27,493	21,765	127,877	101,738
Belgium.....cwt	15,073	13,454	69,348	64,489
France	34,220	33,801	163,258	156,470
British India.....	634	2,018	3,115	9,517
Other Countries	65,989	76,548	320,661	365,678
Total	143,409	147,586	684,259	697,892
Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated —To Germany	7,583	5,646	37,605	28,121
Holland	4,755	4,754	22,910	24,125
France	3,274	5,803	16,445	26,138
Italy	6,706	6,980	34,628	36,776
Turkey	9,176	15,657	46,648	78,837
Egypt	6,597	9,221	34,400	47,593
United States	859	2,286	4,354	11,371
British India	20,540	17,685	98,897	86,499
Other Countries	33,624	34,719	171,990	187,026
Total	93,114	102,751	467,887	526,486
Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	110,354	99,283	438,873	421,217
Total of Copper	346,877	349,620	1,591,019	1,645,595
Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	74,860	63,858	207,228	188,450
Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia.....lbs	991,720	1,255,760	82,477	114,026
Germany	23,031,621	19,137,148	1,997,119	1,616,772
Holland	22,049,987	22,275,108	2,259,829	2,062,307
France	3,117,228	2,340,735	368,661	287,565
Italy	7,604,650	11,094,110	465,829	590,051
Austrian Territories	1,337,670	1,853,500	71,449	100,697
Turkey	7,931,940	9,962,780	443,351	592,103
Egypt	3,017,625	3,514,110	215,247	247,423
China and Hong Kong	4,233,430	5,288,060	256,198	311,141
Japan	4,890,260	4,021,910	297,942	229,032
British India—Bombay	2,224,720	2,499,456	173,102	181,960
Madras	2,547,170	2,603,700	201,693	188,277
Bengal	6,645,870	6,446,700	522,231	458,963
Straits Settlements	789,510	1,145,110	67,948	81,600
Ceylon	44,350	100,700	3,072	7,839
Other Countries	7,809,724	9,995,869	625,627	723,620
Total	98,227,475	103,534,756	7,992,315	7,733,436

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany	48,531,719	32,558,467	1,059,622	747,846
Holland	17,023,236	26,083,953	413,899	560,852
France	55,537,043	58,443,940	1,134,203	1,023,698
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	34,472,510	40,917,520	536,200	592,133
Italy	32,929,190	46,054,140	584,174	775,730
Austrian Territories	5,873,600	8,806,600	99,646	146,861
Turkey	117,839,620	148,176,570	2,085,968	2,477,946
Egypt	95,819,180	104,449,730	1,353,406	1,432,469
West Coast of Africa	9,748,859	11,925,210	172,686	222,664
United States	96,179,443	76,448,636	2,425,145	1,847,424
Foreign West Indies	30,784,730	33,793,652	544,111	646,079
Mexico	8,824,500	16,552,000	159,184	308,983
New Granada	44,914,940	44,317,515	784,059	797,168
Brazil	88,590,895	75,577,916	1,619,690	1,397,687
Uruguay	32,607,090	9,427,660	250,483	182,702
Argentine Confederation	26,030,710	28,774,060	583,394	540,393
Chili	11,215,030	16,925,250	192,122	299,784
Peru	211,425,800	160,705,700	3,289,004	2,932,801
China and Hong Kong	11,749,800	9,822,250	179,517	202,796
Japan	13,455,600	9,822,250	225,847	168,129
Java	7,935,860	4,451,340	143,650	98,128
Philippine Islands	13,207,000	15,907,580	249,997	278,809
Gibraltar	10,100,100	13,009,400	136,576	179,907
Malta	13,970,110	12,332,626	301,353	265,883
British North America	18,975,444	19,390,527	315,924	333,690
West Indies and Guiana	12,230,780	9,876,350	278,325	229,263
Possessions in South Africa	104,846,300	104,832,205	1,403,279	1,378,441
British India—Bombay	15,601,260	20,210,060	229,884	296,270
Madras	287,973,580	309,129,189	3,626,526	4,022,749
Bengal	44,211,000	36,415,600	689,631	591,101
Straits Settlements	17,228,800	16,484,300	280,762	261,941
Ceylon	23,086,232	25,021,563	561,689	627,004
Australia	80,771,002	91,438,351	1,585,115	1,721,291
Other Countries	1,112,507,885	1,128,809,939	16,489,196	16,501,952
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached	534,677,680	562,627,856	11,091,748	11,285,748
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	10,074,368	7,814,322	361,336	289,544
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predomi- nating	1,657,259,883	1,699,252,117	27,942,280	28,077,244
Total	579,152	591,784	197,559	225,103
Hosiery—Stockings and Socks...doz. pairs Thread for sewing or stitching	3,879,045	4,045,836	669,200	729,253
Total value of Cotton Manufactures .....	...	...	30,206,801	30,632,735

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Fish—Herrings—To Germany	27,154	29,475	38,385	48,436
Other Countries	34,137	20,328	39,625	30,505
Total	61,291	49,803	78,010	78,941
Glass—Plate, Rough or Silvered, including Looking Glasses or Mirrors, Framed or not	994,754	1,143,077	109,075	161,886
Flint of all kinds	54,425	64,404	136,163	180,738
Bottles and Manufactures of Green or Common Glass	373,614	470,565	181,784	235,237
Other Manufactures, unenumerated	62,722	62,273	93,472	103,493
Hats of all kinds	327,341	337,635	454,123	479,459
Horses—To France	668	460	28,900	26,910
Other Countries	1,023	735	63,733	41,203
Total	1,691	1,195	92,633	68,113
Iron and Steel—Iron, pig—To Germany	143,578	146,743	587,959	862,766
Holland	168,106	189,868	750,915	1,264,408
France	55,074	62,353	224,718	309,103
United States	119,178	53,183	555,636	427,681
Other Countries	191,448	182,598	842,059	1,145,783
Total	677,384	634,745	2,961,287	4,009,741
Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Germany	7,374	19,203	74,822	238,780
Holland	4,110	8,383	43,839	106,878
France	520	2,142	5,816	25,193
Italy	11,344	8,395	106,689	106,026
Turkey	4,177	3,240	36,391	43,477
United States	38,048	20,535	392,018	268,509
British North America ..	22,019	19,205	237,051	244,638
British India	8,985	7,892	92,880	102,901
Australia	9,708	7,624	113,764	105,416
Other Countries	54,267	53,986	569,493	697,777
Total	160,552	150,305	1,672,763	1,939,595
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia	21,064	47,750	211,441	622,877
Sweden	8,144	15,876	80,524	195,388
Germany	16,722	26,375	231,629	359,617
Holland	2,117	8,241	29,042	114,917
France	232	2,139	3,876	29,444
Spain and Canaries	6,135	6,548	55,155	92,575
Austrian Territories	6,275	95	57,690	1,658
Egypt	10,167	1,667	101,466	19,348
United States	259,011	120,468	2,397,152	1,543,519
Spanish West Indies	633	2,718	5,500	34,756

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Con.)				
—To Brazil	12,407	3,963	100,703	53,728
Peru	21,491	5,467	187,721	79,352
Chili	1,352	2,908	16,800	41,750
British North America	28,298	29,774	319,113	387,673
British India	6,624	8,132	68,509	133,782
Australia	10,827	9,293	112,374	141,103
Other Countries	36,543	56,313	397,738	735,390
Total	448,042	347,757	4,376,433	4,586,877
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not.....	16,745	15,992	304,884	367,070
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	4,809	8,520	67,724	150,707
Germany	5,954	17,213	69,744	250,175
Holland	4,167	6,282	55,679	93,116
France	1,602	3,375	25,182	64,311
Spain and Canaries	2,748	2,430	37,991	37,830
United States	15,648	12,985	195,672	210,977
British North America	6,790	5,742	94,409	103,454
British India	9,935	6,277	133,227	115,372
Australia	8,989	10,410	174,555	252,391
Other Countries	35,849	35,256	552,889	658,788
Total	96,491	108,440	1,407,072	1,937,721
Tin Plates—To France	1,746	2,095	44,077	75,762
United States	48,869	49,645	1,442,815	1,624,657
British North America	1,741	1,619	55,621	57,202
Australia	2,194	2,231	70,982	82,950
Other Countries	8,849	11,253	260,371	400,004
Total	63,399	66,843	1,873,866	2,240,575
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufacturers (except Ordnance, unenumerated)—To Russia	6,712	21,846	110,625	297,889
Germany	12,268	18,251	160,013	327,063
Holland	7,404	8,710	117,728	141,869
France	2,393	2,601	56,495	69,480
Spain and Canaries	3,692	5,098	62,616	73,412
United States	6,589	7,136	134,160	164,121
British North America	10,473	8,135	168,000	195,036
British Possessions in South Africa ..	1,708	2,604	40,570	64,869
British India	11,221	9,533	205,454	175,048
Iron and Steel—(Con.)—Cast or Wrought, &c.—To Australia	9,576	14,528	188,686	318,986
Other Countries	57,906	42,222	863,980	882,347
Total	129,042	140,664	2,108,357	2,710,120
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	56,921	41,355	324,000	274,854
Steel, Unwrought—To France	1,569	1,478	58,138	61,152
United States	12,260	10,879	383,203	388,548
Other Countries	7,902	8,295	254,999	301,984
Total	21,731	20,652	696,340	751,384
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	5,301	5,314	281,624	349,149
Total of Iron and Steel	1,674,708	1,532,067	16,006,626	19,167,086
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia	4,124	2,736	79,780	62,264
France	808	804	16,137	18,270
United States	3,920	2,185	78,165	50,802
China and Hong Kong	6,447	1,248	122,071	28,112
British India	1,541	431	33,257	11,933
Australia	1,161	931	22,814	21,406
Other Countries	5,930	6,642	123,721	150,425
Total	23,931	14,977	475,965	343,212
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Unwrought	67,394	52,339	593,504	476,588
Wrought—Boots and Shoes—To Australia	104,578	106,884	275,384	318,410
Other Countries	179,599	164,646	535,391	553,865
Total	284,177	271,530	810,775	872,275
Other Articles unenumerated—To Australia	57,646	65,147	11,910	21,038
Other Countries	1,016,976	723,443	186,767	124,515
Total	1,073,722	788,590	198,677	145,553
<i>See also Saddlery and Harness.</i>				
Linen and Jute—Yarn—Linen—To Germany	3,122,508	3,522,968	318,177	332,904
Holland	1,971,590	2,290,442	119,165	124,545

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To				
Belgium	385,018	567,788	35,556	74,576
France	846,990	296,787	70,762	17,591
Spain and Canaries	5,680,355	6,093,383	322,606	314,528
Gibraltar	178,400	7,280	7,708	561
Other Countries	2,627,025	2,584,276	167,554	159,165
Total	14,811,886	15,362,924	1,041,528	1,024,170
Jute	6,356,054	5,630,566	132,312	94,132
Linen Manufactures—Peece Goods of all kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	193,149	74,630	7,805	5,094
Germany	3,754,210	3,388,167	157,647	130,132
Holland	422,010	494,400	19,241	31,668
France	2,484,332	2,078,603	101,020	96,264
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	972,160	940,610	29,399	26,775
Spain and Canaries	1,513,370	975,500	85,523	46,313
Italy	1,683,290	1,502,478	78,521	68,287
United States	66,345,560	58,993,517	2,232,299	1,676,916
Danish West Indies	12,774,884	11,114,700	290,780	430,901
Spanish West Indies	491,200	446,500	14,693	12,634
Hayi	997,100	908,830	22,748	22,748
Brazil	4,266,300	3,081,290	130,301	104,732
Chili	879,646	889,200	24,405	27,389
Peru	863,060	909,390	24,170	24,284
British West Indies and Guiana	1,961,710	2,666,199	44,910	62,207
British India	758,035	1,354,210	25,650	46,993
Australia	4,093,000	4,767,700	136,634	163,718
Other Countries	15,135,039	17,550,788	490,506	572,334
Total	115,746,339	108,297,493	3,791,316	3,420,389
Plain, Unbleached, or Bleached				
Checked, Printed, or Dyed, and Damasks or Diapers				
Total	3,841,916	3,939,169	129,987	129,000
Sailcloth and Sails	119,588,255	112,236,662	3,921,303	3,549,389
Thread for sewing	2,000,612	2,073,861	114,647	122,430
Total Value of Linen Manufactures	1,299,321	1,174,422	160,216	149,319
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds	37,007,624	44,704,656	657,597	760,535
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany	1,643,750	1,591,375	216,457	207,995
Holland	536,070	663,861	68,769	83,679
France	750,962	484,304	96,328	62,394
Spain and Canaries	187,452	96,430	24,679	12,685
Austrian Territories	515,384	128,720	70,447	16,549
Brazil	105,472	78,557	16,363	12,166
Principal Articles.				
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia	201,189	212,048	34,281	36,510
British North America	346,726	224,001	50,671	34,573
Other Countries	1,885,230	2,044,608	264,466	276,029
Total	6,172,245	5,523,904	842,461	742,590
Paper—Writing or Printing, and Envelopes—To British India	18,340	16,152	56,823	53,227
Australia	34,676	49,268	95,519	145,709
Other Countries	40,554	46,921	133,302	151,791
Total	93,570	112,341	285,644	350,727
Other kinds, except Hangings and Articles of Papier-Mâché—To British India	3,712	3,178	9,951	8,211
Australia	12,939	18,503	23,421	39,410
Other Countries	21,061	24,712	54,980	78,769
Total	37,712	46,393	88,352	126,390
Total of Paper	131,282	158,734	373,996	477,117
Rags (except Woollen), and other Materials for making Paper	16,167	9,070	295,092	166,200
Salt—Rock and White—To Russia	34,814	35,755	21,509	31,609
United States	67,099	107,309	44,892	109,215
British North America	48,764	30,995	24,811	26,631
British India	103,921	95,021	59,344	87,564
Other Countries	108,558	127,898	66,128	104,843
Total	363,156	396,978	216,684	359,862
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France, yards	9,840	4,369	2,830	1,154
Egypt	100,716	29,963	18,184	4,289
United States	489,594	236,637	60,441	20,441
British India	120,388	243,899	102,852	60,441
Australia	118,879	94,794	15,621	27,594
Other Countries	230,691	268,158	21,912	18,248
Total	1,070,108	877,820	212,965	165,633
Soap	113,885	89,335	149,093	116,705
Spirits, British and Irish—To France	5,155	7,515	643	941
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	38,029	241,610	4,754	30,203
Turkey	19,709	1,966	2,463	2,445
United States	36,688	34,734	4,586	4,342
British North America	120,475	122,532	15,074	15,316

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Con.)—To Australia	172,690	219,333	21,588	27,416
Other Countries	392,911	259,459	49,009	32,433
Total	785,657	887,149	98,117	110,896
Sugar, Refined and Candy	302,675	315,937	489,641	490,938
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	3,414	7,272	26,451	51,495
France	17,191	9,653	121,911	69,587
Turkey	3,249	3,138	25,147	23,021
United States	12,091	9,523	89,288	68,374
Other Countries	18,853	17,482	143,938	126,359
Total	54,798	47,068	406,735	338,736
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany...lbs	973,722	914,822	81,879	81,327
Belgium	817,979	380,753	71,330	33,167
France	441,292	257,444	36,310	21,684
United States	1,386,231	505,629	101,012	39,263
Other Countries	592,039	331,613	56,537	28,188
Total	4,211,263	2,330,261	347,068	204,629
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia ..	477,489	605,060	65,163	90,387
Germany	9,753,072	7,904,660	1,443,319	1,212,270
Holland	7,485,103	5,040,883	1,173,739	772,482
Belgium	360,164	161,018	54,606	25,324
France	1,242,028	945,602	213,294	177,987
Other Countries	808,568	961,017	106,090	138,815
Total	20,136,424	15,618,240	3,056,211	2,417,265
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—Woolens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels, &c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To Germany	2,004,068	1,972,834	382,063	400,445
Holland	545,888	415,760	98,278	82,146
France	2,514,846	2,462,122	572,874	420,034
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	117,852	133,650	21,811	22,053
Italy	919,740	507,340	126,395	69,416
United States	4,088,904	3,295,912	756,142	736,799
Brazil	825,916	986,390	83,650	95,520
Uruguay	214,695	350,200	26,841	47,889
Argentine Confederation	662,583	1,026,222	87,272	130,261
Chili	310,090	373,520	45,149	50,384
Peru	649,642	531,840	99,006	82,570
China and Hong Kong	1,032,967	1,152,190	134,201	168,364
British North America	1,234,963	915,381	172,720	130,141
India	422,107	551,329	64,930	78,231
Australia	1,045,520	1,364,845	168,556	226,491
Total	20,136,424	15,618,240	3,056,211	2,417,265
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—(Con.)—To Other Countries.....yards	2,434,155	2,898,826	377,567	503,151
All Wool	9,748,844	9,556,499	1,993,408	1,976,512
Wool mixed with other Materials { yards	8,416,825	8,191,374	2,022,190	322,841
lbs	9,275,092	9,381,853	1,194,765	209,509
Total	6,589,888	7,141,106	816,076	1,149,498
Total	19,023,936	18,938,352	3,216,955	2,983,069
Worsted Stuffs, all Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To Germany	15,006,713	15,332,480	4,345,365	4,345,365
Holland	48,422,760	27,298,913	610,904	322,841
Belgium	8,508,990	5,541,445	358,275	209,509
France	4,255,194	2,992,856	1,430,556	1,149,498
Italy	19,555,554	20,361,496	7,699,480	2,983,069
United States	8,895,310	7,699,480	307,457	289,479
China and Hong Kong	50,249,061	53,051,398	2,164,404	2,383,069
Japan	7,196,890	8,793,750	374,681	466,894
British North America	1,171,140	1,283,630	63,225	80,243
India	2,930,857	1,954,465	119,298	83,812
Australia	1,210,201	901,390	61,965	53,488
Other Countries	6,585,770	6,374,240	299,685	316,076
Total	17,369,441	18,751,199	741,371	819,822
Total	13,615,785	11,074,490	1,005,808	812,490
All Wool	5,350,669	4,337,054	9,871,578	7,338,753
Wool mixed with other Materials { yards	162,745,383	143,329,772	10,877,386	8,151,243
lbs	52,196,604	39,257,944	267,372	169,197
Total	176,361,168	155,004,262	11,148,960	8,320,000
Total	57,547,273	43,594,998	289,619	289,619
Blankets and Blanketing	2,771,470	2,838,612	187,979	169,197
Flannels	2,968,991	3,134,365	28,265	21,117
Carpets, not being Rugs—To Germany	3,492,541	3,008,918	22,543	28,759
Holland	1,295,376	1,091,969	54,691	27,044
France	166,289	107,802	1,020	424
Spain and Canaries	123,664	150,550	595,040	428,276
United States	377,887	161,285	14,230	27,952
Chili	8,892	3,158	37,451	36,155
British North America	81,410	167,350	30,284	46,310
Australia	302,047	274,630	92,878	118,386
Other Countries	212,050	333,000	876,402	734,453
Total	602,301	708,054	56,027	39,640
Total	5,557,274	4,727,800	876,402	734,453
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought	9,088,763	7,641,557	56,027	39,640
Total	58,878	32,963		

III.A.—Supplement to No. III. Account showing, as far as can be ascertained, the Quantities and Value of certain Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture first Exported to various Countries in Transit, and ultimately intended for other Destinations, in the Six Months ended June 30, 1873.

Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....	British India..... Australia..... Other Countries.....	... ... ...	£ 17,814 7,232 2,696	Cotton—Piece Goods—(Con.)—To U. S. New Granada (Isthmus of Panama)	British N. America... Central America... Peru... Other Countries... Total	23,914,500 11,285,600 695,400 6,714,100 18,695,100 9,779,400 396,300 10,175,700	£ 520,075 190,751 12,848 133,461 337,930 190,600 5,850 196,450	Linen—Piece Goods—(Con.)—To Egypt.....	Other Countries... Total British N. America U. S. (Pacific Ports) Central America Other Countries	... 167,170 2,088,600 519,200 151,700 142,900 813,800	£ ... 3,908 57,988 18,570 5,438 4,913 28,926 22,749 18,457 103
United States Books Printed, To Egypt	British N. America All Countries China & H. K. Kong Japan British India Other Countries	... 1,833 448,500 880,300 11,000	£ 27,742 60,223 23,431 24,950 50,453 700	Straits Settlements, Java Other Countries	Java Other Countries Total	9,779,400 396,300 10,175,700	£ 5,850 196,450	Silk Manufactures of all kinds—To Egypt.....	British India... Australia... Other Countries...	... ... ...	£ ... 1,932
Turkey Egypt	Total Russia, S. Ports Turkey China & Hong Kong Japan British India Other Countries	1,339,800 69,620 6,880 32,000 36,000 1,843,150 86,000	£ 76,103 3,681 390 1,920 2,160 160,912 11,100	Earthen and Chinaware, Porcelain and Pottery (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Egypt	B. N. America... British India... Australia... Other Countries Total	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	£ 1,932 27,341 53,365 768 81,474 354,148 9,412 35,996 45,408	Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—Woolen Cloths, Coatings, Duffels, &c.—To France... Egypt	British N. America China & H. K. gyds British India Other Countries Total	... 147,780 78,700 226,480	£ 41,309 72,835 26,327 11,909 38,236
China & Hong Kong	Total Japan Other Countries	2,004,030 154,900 145,900	£ 176,482 8,670 9,180	United States New Granada (Isthmus of Panama)	British N. America U. S. (Pacific Ports) Other Countries Total	... ... ... ...	£ 354,148 9,412 35,996 45,408	Worsted Stuffs, all wool, or of wool mixed with other Materials—To France	China & Hong Kong British India Australia Other Countries	73,140 50 30,810	£ 9,378 50 5,472
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To France	Total Foreign W. I. gyds China & Hong Kong Japan Java Philippine Islands British India Other Countries	300,800 884,600 26,111,200 6,102,300 659,900 ... 1,319,700	£ 17,850 16,078 356,211 102,795 10,125 ... 19,814	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—To United States New Granada (Isthmus of Panama)	Brit. N. America U. S. (Pacific Ports) Other Countries Total	... ... ... ...	£ 40,899 13,769 12,970 26,739 61,900	United States New Granada (Isthmus of Panama)	British N. America Peru Other Countries	104,180 1,244,110 4,725 49,530	£ 14,900 207,041 1,315 7,819
Turkey Egypt	Total Russia, S. Ports Turkey China & Hong Kong Japan British India Australia Other Countries	35,077,750 2,012,400 910,700 249,200 740,000 41,941,600 55,500 729,600	£ 505,923 37,928 14,027 3,750 18,666 576,316 1,200 10,544	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought—To United States Steel, Unwrought and Manufactures of Steel—To U. States Leather, Wrought—Books & Shoes—To Egypt	British N. America British N. America Australia...doz pairs Other Countries Total	3,146 378 31 1,231 1,262	£ 61,900 17,515 183 4,637 4,820	Worsted Stuffs, all wool, or of wool mixed with other Materials—To France	China & Hong Kong Japan British India Other Countries	54,255 2,152,890 1,087,250 33,970 3,274,119	£ 9,134 118,245 59,620 1,622 179,487
China & Hong Kong	Total Japan Philippine Islands Other Countries	44,626,600 1,448,100 10,489,300 ...	£ 624,283 36,660 253,220 ...	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France	French W. I. gyds Danish West Indies Other Countries Total	117,360 98,530 215,690 167,170	£ 2,627 3,470 6,097 3,908	China & Hong Kong; Japan Other Countries	Japan Other Countries Total	232,626 561,200 130,670 691,870 3,359,450 375,810	£ 11,987 25,300 7,550 32,850 149,137 49,534

2nd.—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....		48,304	33,518	Haberdashery, &c.—(Con.)—British West Indies and Guiana.....		118,020	131,589	Machinery, &c.—(Con.)—Other descriptions—To British India.....		133,296	198,779
British North America.....		100,879	93,141	Possessions in South Africa.....		176,102	202,700	Australia.....		78,762	107,781
India.....		229,622	222,471	Australia.....		101,868	112,902	Other Countries.....		805,524	1,085,599
Australia.....		27,552	43,369	Other Countries.....		606,856	706,123	Total.....		2,332,249	3,245,025
Other Countries.....		445,450	616,246	Total.....		515,811	514,654	Painters' Colours and Materials, unenumerated.....		560,399	513,011
Total.....		1,416,367	1,628,606	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—To Russia.....		60,723	71,512	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated.....		278,074	341,344
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores.....		255,165	189,664	Germany.....		169,980	174,077	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares.....		81,095	123,134
Caoutchouc, Manufactures of.....		468,674	451,323	Holland.....		55,577	58,056	Saddlery and Harness—To British Possessions in South Africa.....		24,035	46,542
Chemical Products, or Preparations, unenumerated.....		889,243	882,903	France.....		81,412	78,438	British India.....		14,545	13,811
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent Net.....		548,404	624,921	Spain and Canaries.....		50,789	49,897	Australia.....		51,609	74,349
Hosiery.....		356,294	349,872	United States.....		438,929	412,352	Other Countries.....		70,978	79,316
Other Manufactures, unenumerated.....		493,064	626,342	Spanish West Indies.....		54,557	73,571	Total.....		161,167	214,018
Earthen and China Ware, Porcelain and Porcelain (except Red Pottery and Brown Stoneware)—To Germany.....		24,746	51,791	Brazil.....		126,469	142,566	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany.....		60,913	32,208
France.....		40,235	33,891	Argentina Confederation.....		92,340	103,522	Holland.....		220,923	202,663
United States.....		387,632	375,258	British North America.....		133,172	108,032	France.....		77,468	59,014
Brazil.....		47,665	59,375	India.....		132,333	98,711	Other Countries.....		370,716	593,936
British North America.....		63,101	42,249	Australia.....		210,332	280,956	Total.....		16,719	26,354
India.....		37,585	36,370	Other Countries.....		723,884	776,729	Silk—Manufactures—Wholly of Silk—Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls—To France.....		6,345	9,306
Australia.....		51,123	102,921	Total.....		1,179,967	1,423,224	Egypt.....		27,146	4,149
Other Countries.....		281,282	365,537	Other Descriptions—To Russia.....		235,310	363,961	New Granada.....		2,727	5,239
Total.....		933,369	1,067,392	Germany.....		352,131	607,215	Other Countries.....		104,376	97,066
Fish.....		114,697	112,011	Holland.....		174,848	233,076	Total.....		140,594	115,760
Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Germany.....		43,419	66,397	France.....		125,114	222,007	Ribbons of all Kinds—To France.....		985	1,102
France.....		70,262	64,880	Belgium.....		253,463	291,004	Egypt.....		31,044	10,943
Egypt.....		130,851	92,180	Spain and Canaries.....		80,635	97,561	United States.....		46,534	42,133
United States.....		889,418	849,279	Egypt.....		93,166	38,016	British North America.....		17,561	8,821
Channel Islands.....		107,771	70,015	Total.....		398,495	350,466	Australia.....		17,819	31,239
British North America.....		398,495	350,466								

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.

BANK.	Author- ised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.
Ashford Bank	11849	11202	10630	10110	9988
Aylesbury Old Bank	48461	19385	18859	18890	18600
Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	37223	15417	15288	15037	15031
Barnstaple Bank	17182	2337	2324	2298	2384
Bedford Bank	34218	28911	27977	27832	27712
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	27000	14446	15036	15487	15224
Boston Bank (Claydon and Co.)	75989	70623	67266	66551	68215
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	15161	11435	10862	10067	10105
Bridgewater Bank	10028	6976	6068	6181	5963
Bristol Bank	48277	16950	17014	16489	17610
Broceley and Bridgnorth Bank	26717	14607	15131	14227	13919
Buckingham Bank	20657	19010	18399	18131	18080
Bury and Suffolk Bank	82362	43402	39615	35988	35254
Banbury Bank	43457	23546	23230	22940	22637
Banbury Old Bank	55153	17401	17075	17303	17040
Bedfordshire Lightton Buzzard Bank	30829	33246	31735	30934	31441
Bacon Old Bank	68371	42702	42326	43365	43374
Brighton Union Bank	33794	17492	17055	16417	16520
Burlington and Driffield Bank	12745	12662	12016	12201	12260
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	3201	1730	1737	1760	1940
C. mbridge B-nk	25744	13639	12918	12648	13052
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	40910	41573	40283	40549	40073
Can-erbury Bank	33671	19756	19690	19173	19260
Colchester Bank	23082	12201	11550	11680	12075
Colchester and Essex Bank	48704	24204	23448	23383	24590
Cornish B-nk, Turo	49889	31085	30421	31207	31358
City Bank, Exeter	21527	11877	11895	11134	11504
Craven Bank, Settle	77154	74779	74815	73167	71794
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	38332	9936	10489	10130	10400
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	41304	31985	30748	30000	29272
Derby Old Bank	27237	28172	25741	25570	27098
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	20974	4912	4695	4354	4405
Driffield Bank	85318	85214	82714	80335	82301
Devonport Bank	10094	6217	5610	5919	5554
Dorchester Old Bank	48807	34500	33436	32673	32905
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	11280	82482	84231	83972	81939
East Riding Bank, Beverley	63392	63677	62050	62156	62599
Essex and Bishop's Stortford Bank	69637	35418	33392	33827	33930
Exeter Bank	37894	17909	17101	17361	17838
Farnham Bank	14202	5805	5695	5434	5782
Faversham Bank	6981	4905	4749	4430	4864
Go-ttingham Bank	6322	5065	5104	5555	6338
Guildford Bank	14524	12300	11827	11734	11714
Grantham Bank	30372	22932	23032	21428	20817
Hull and Kingston-on-Hull Bank	19979	19341	18854	18268	18398
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	66591	26221	2482	25019	24348
Horwich Bank	8778	4380	4549	4320	4825
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	87644	30580	30497	30270	30240
Ipwich Bank	21901	13847	14325	15630	15483
Ipwich and Needham Market Bank	80999	44371	43761	43248	43856
Kentish Bank	10885	15692	14948	14730	14730
Kingston and Radnorshire Bank	20050	21830	20775	19941	18947
Knaresborough Old Bank	21825	19674	19140	19580	20099
Kental Bank	44663	47711	43132	42186	40739
Leeds Bank	122381	120820	120101	117047	117047
Leeds Union Bank	130757	35185	35190	34452	35340
Leicester Bank	37459	28948	28298	27284	27773
Lewes Old Bank	32522	20410	19907	18920	19161
Lincoln Bank	48586	89629	87771	86635	86081
Llandovery and Llandilo Bank	100342	31526	31597	32449	32585
Loughborough Bank	32945	7120	7334	7359	7106
Lymington Bank	7359	2339	2368	2101	2093
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	45824	25694	25393	24040	23661
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	13917	9704	10610	11496	11160
Macclesfield B-nk	15760	9512	9458	9540	9576
Merionethshire Bank	10906	6182	5228	4480	4480
Miners' Bank	18989	10500	10893	10782	17440
Momnouth Old Bank	16385	3435	3030	2627	2545
Newark Bank	28788	24269	22893	21596	21422
N-wark and Skaford Bank	51615	45931	43143	41297	41865
Newbury Bank	36787	12695	12767	12436	11830
Newmarket Bank	23998	14596	13570	13402	13380
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	65119	78440	78062	76857	77825
Naval Ban-, Plymouth	27321	20746	19709	18336	18443
New Sarum Bank	15659	4383	4313	4652	4824
Nottingham Bank	31047	31107	30412	29272	30055
Oswestry Bank	18471	6905	7154	7198	6853
Oxford Old Bank	34391	27255	27033	26622	29550
Old Bank, Tonbridge	11883	9350	9621	9779	9158
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	11852	8901	7000	7237	6738
P-ase's Old Bank, Hull	48807	47993	48225	47798	47605
Penzance Bank	11405	7284	7522	8456	10130
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	37519	20564	20275	19945	20580
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	49271	21361	21408	21577	23707
Richmond Bank	6883	7090	6993	7039	6890
Royton Bank	16393	8556	8137	8244	8610
Rye Bank	29964	6326	6323	6426	6297
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	47646	18740	18465	17771	17789
Salon Bank	22338	4887	5153	5150	4840
Scarborough Old Bank	24813	24494	24016	22945	23670
Shrewsbury Old Bank	43191	22368	21790	21970	22758
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	4760	1931	1790	1781	1647
Southampton Town and County Bank	25559	7086	6749	6730	6718
Southwell Bank	14744	10574	9694	9518	9488
Stamford and Rutland Bank	31858	13451	13113	12752	12351
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	25336	22220	23030	22960	23358
Taunton Bank	29799	2710	2663	2615	2564
Taxistock Bank	13421	8336	8725	8035	8590
Thornbury Bank	10926	6476	6590	6467	6558
Trent-n and Devonshire Bank	13470	6359	6149	6480	7053
Thrapston and Kettering Bank	11559	10905	11315	11000	11150
Tring and Chesham Bank	13531	12417	12111	11602	11394
Towcester Old Bank	10801	4584	4635	4690	5030
Usion Bank, Cornwall	17003	9969	9440	9290	9753
Uxbridge Old Bank	25136	5845	5398	5146	5045
Wallingford Bank	17064	3786	3889	3843	4181
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	30504	22525	21563	21433	21497
Wellington Somerset Bank	6528	2758	2997	3554	4029
West Riding Bank	6158	43223	43028	41110	41317
Whitby Old Bank	14258	14154	14189	13942	13738
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	25892	8900	8409	8636	9304
Weymouth Old Bank	66461	11620	11335	11179	11245
Wicksworth and Derbyshire Bank	37902	37098	35009	35187	37962
Witcomb and Lincolnshire Bank	19713	35146	34108	34234	33284
Wiveliscombe Bank	47002	1888	1771	1715	1657

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)

BANK.	Author- ised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.
Worcester Old Bank	87448	36534	36932	38083	38408
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	53060	30623	30623	29453	28166
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	13229	7900	7900	6995	7153
York Bank	46387	36739	35558	34005	34036
	3926232	2028808	2575766	2543231	2551390

* In these cases, the figures not having been published, we have inserted the average of the approximate weeks.

ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.

BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	Author- ised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.
Bank of Westmorland	12225	11875	11230	10854	9645
Barnsley	9563	8769	8900	9245	9045
Bradford	49292	48720	47413	47815	46122
Bank of Whitehaven, Limited	9418	31773	30776	30634	29570
Bradford Commercial	32681	20330	18390	18147	18686
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourn Union	20084	48278	45308	44044	45341
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire	60701	9626	9793	9517	9992
Cumberland Union	10421	34769	32998	32757	33150
Coventry and Warwickshire	35395	16624	15943	16820	15986
Coventry Union	28734	15080	16390	16380	15281
County of Gloucester	16251	90315	9451	88200	87563
Carlisle and Cumberland	144352	25878	26207	25133	24373
Carlisle City and District	25410	19769	19718	19822	19745
*County of Stafford	19972	8516	8387	8188	8535
Dudley and West Bromwich	37696	37715	35365	32418	33899
Derby and Derbyshire	20093	18772	19273	18937	19653
Darlington District Joint Stock	26134	2471	25607	25562	26704
Gloucestershire	155920	141316	141161	140318	140382
Halifax Joint Stock	18534	18194	18261	18374	17881
Huddersfield	37354	31887	32497	33914	34163
Hull	29333	26749	26675	27107	27052
Halifax Commercial	13733	13127	13375	14114	14277
Halifax and Huddersfield Union	44137	40445	41021	40926	39485
Helston	1503	1486	1498	1501	1488
Knaresborough and Claro	20859	26953	26922	28491	27495
Leicester	64311	61247	61499	59586	57856
Leicestershire	86060	64422	62021	59604	59933
Lincoln and Lindsey	51620	50081	49057	50432	51185
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	13875	12000	11420	11285	11781
Ludlow and Tenbury	10215	8149	8691	8786	9439
Moore & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	35813	35539	36660	34688	34156
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	29477	26003	25260	24243	24060
North Wilts	69399	30146	35245	34362	33787
Northamptonshire Union Bank	84356	61995	59280	57388	61219
Northamptonshire	26401	21334	20682	20320	20603
North and South Wales	63951	57980	57195	57367	61085
Par's Leicestershire	59300	51021	48119	47248	47841
Sheffield	35843	34741	33641	33577	34116
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	55721	49944	47327	46991	47404
Struckey's Bristol and Somersetshire	356976	293389	288370	284940	284466

CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE following is a statement for June of the weekly circulation of the English Private and Joint Stock Banks, and of the Irish and Scotch Banks. Annexed is a summary of the returns of the English Banks:—

	Authoris'd Issues.	June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.
119 Private Banks.....	£ 3,926,232	£ 2,628,804	£ 2,575,766	£ 2,543,231	£ 2,551,390
56 Joint Stk. —	2,738,640	2,383,193	2,344,756	2,329,331	2,337,869
175 Totals.....	6,664,872	5,012,001	4,920,522	4,870,562	4,889,259

AVERAGE WEEKLY CIRCULATION of these BANKS for the MONTH ending June 28, 1873.

Private Banks	£ 2,574,799
Joint Stock Banks	2,348,287

Average weekly circulation of Private and Joint Stock Banks..... £ 4,923,086

During the last month the average circulation of the Scotch Banks was 6,064,384*l*, and of the Irish Banks, 6,925,904*l*; and including the average circulation of the Bank of England, the following is the total circulation of the United Kingdom for June:—

Bank of England, 4 weeks ending June 25.....	£ 25,254,165
English Private Banks, 4 weeks ending June 28	2,574,799
English Joint Stock Banks, 4 weeks ending June 28	2,348,287
Total for England	30,177,251
Scotch Banks to June 14	6,064,384
Irish Banks to June 14	6,925,904
Total for United Kingdom.....	43,167,539

On a comparison of these figures with those of the preceding month, ended May 31, it shows a total decrease of 846,970*l* in the circulation of the United Kingdom, viz:—

	CIRCULATION of NOTES for June, 1873, as compared with the previous Month.		Increase.	Decrease.
	June, 1873.	May, 1873.		
Bank of England	£ 25,254,165	£ 25,835,514	...	581,379
Private Banks.....	2,574,799	2,700,431	...	125,632
Joint Stock Banks.....	2,348,287	2,471,193	...	122,906
Total in England	30,177,251	31,007,138	...	829,917
Scotland	6,064,384	5,713,431	350,953	...
Ireland	6,925,904	7,293,910	...	368,006
Total	43,167,539	44,014,509	350,953	1,197,923
Less increase .....	...	...	...	350,953
Net decrease.....	...	...	...	846,970

As compared with the corresponding month of 1872, there are the following changes:—

An INCREASE in the notes of the Bank of England of	£ 150,214
— — — — — Joint Stock Banks of	408,545
— — — — — Scotch Banks of	347,551
Increase	906,310
A DECREASE in the notes of the Private Banks of	68,135
— — — — — Irish Banks of	619,154
Decrease	687,289
Net increase on previous year in United Kingdom	219,021

It also appears by the above returns that—

The English Private Banks are below their authorised issues	£ 1,351,433
The English Joint Stock Banks are below their authorised issues	390,353
Total below fixed issues	1,741,786
The Scotch Banks are above their authorised issues	3,315,113
The Irish Banks are above their authorised issues	571,410
Total above the authorised issues	3,886,523

The return of bullion in the Bank of England for the month ending June 25 gives an aggregate average in both departments of 21,454,214*l*. On a comparison of this with the return for the month ending May 28, there appears to be an increase of 352,514*l*, and an increase of 1,932,526*l*, as compared with the same period of last year. The stock of specie held by the banks in Scotland and Ireland during the month ending June 14 was 6,851,398*l*, being an increase of 163,850*l* on the previous month, and an increase of 151,237*l* on the corresponding period last year.

INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS, EXCHANGES, &c.

SIR,—I beg to invite the notice of your accomplished contributor, Mr Frederick Hendriks, to a view of the "new valuation of our sovereign by the United States," somewhat different to that which was promulgated on his authority in a recent issue of your paper.

The pound sterling, heretofore accepted by the American Government as equivalent to 4.84 dols. only, is now accepted at what is approximately its intrinsic value, 4.866½ dols. Consequently import duties, payable in English coin, are in effect reduced by at least ½ per cent. Again, 108.90 dols. (22½ dols. X 4.84 dols.) heretofore deemed equivalent to 22*l* 10s, is increased to 109½ dols. approximately.

That so-called par of exchange has heretofore been recognised as declaratory that 109½ gold dollars (arbitrarily appreciated at 4s 6d each) contain the same quantity of fine gold as 22½ sovereigns.

The assumption that we have been mulcted not only of the millions awarded at Geneva, but of an extra sum for converting the medium of payment into coined dollars, seems inconsistent with the foregoing data. No doubt the American Mint charge was formerly ½ per cent., although it has just been reduced to ¼ per cent.; but since no reduction from the intrinsic value of the British coin is now made, the sphere of its recognition as an international monetary standard becomes more and more extended.

It has long been customary for American mints to issue gold bars officially impressed with attestation of their gross weights, fine contents, and equivalents in dollars. It needs but to superadd attestation of their equivalents in pounds sterling, in order to make the bullion more acceptable than coin for international remittance, thereby saving costs of repeated recoinage—waste of material by abrasion or fraud, risks of counterfeits, &c.—and facilitating the adoption of an international unit of account, expressed by weight of bullion instead of by piece, as I have advocated for so many years after a manner proved to be practicable and convenient, e.g., the Mark Banco system.—Yours,

JACOB A. FRANKLEN.

SAVINGS' BANKS' RETURN.

THE following Return shows the amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the four weeks ending Saturday, July 5, 1873:—

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commissioners.
SAVINGS' BANKS:—		
In money and interest credited	£ 29,029 1 11	£ 155,542 19 11
To transfer certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks	347 1 1	...
By transfer certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks .....	...	1,223 0 1
Total.....	29,376 3 0	156,766 9 0
POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS:—		
In money and interest credited	74,557 7 0	31,306 2 2
To transfer certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks.....	1,223 0 1	...
By transfer certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks.....	...	347 1 1
Total.....	75,780 7 1	31,653 3 3
Total amount on July 5, 1873, at the credit of—		£ s d
The fund for the Banks for Savings	39,821,631	1 1
The Post Office Savings' Bank fund	20,573,001	16 9
Total	60,394,632	17 10
Ditto—by last monthly account	60,480,895	11 6

Reviews.

MARTEN'S SHANGHAI SILK TABLES FOR LONDON AND LYONS. Effingham Wilson, Royal Exchange. THESE Tables, of which this is the second edition, must be extremely useful to silk merchants, saving as they do a great deal of very troublesome calculation. By their means the cost in London or Lyons of any given quantity of silk, bought in Shanghai at prices ranging from 150 to 745 taels per picul, can be ascertained in a moment. The tables range from 5 to 13 per cent. for commission charges, freight, brokerage, insurance, &c., and over an exchange of from 5s 6d to 7s 1½d per tael, and they are drawn out both in French and English money.

A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF RAILWAY ACCOUNTS FOR THE SECOND HALF OF THE YEARS 1871-72. By WILLIAM WOOD. Effingham Wilson, Royal Exchange. THIS analysis is carefully done, and will enable anyone to see at a glance the actual state of every company of any importance in the country. For purposes of comparison, its range is, perhaps, rather too limited, the time having hardly arrived for estimating fully what the effect of recent circumstances will be upon the profits of railways.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The Select Committee of the House of Commons on Coal Supply held a sitting to receive the evidence of Mr J. B. Aitkin, of the firm of Berger, Spence, and Co. His firm, he said, have recently instituted an inquiry into the production of coal during the last year or two. They

found there had been a great increase in the number of men employed, but a decrease in the output per man. The great rise in prices was undoubtedly due to the enormous demand for iron on German and American account, no less than from 38 to 40 millions of tons of coal having been consumed in a single year in its manufacture. He agreed with previous witnesses that it was not an under-estimate to say it required 3 tons 8 cwt of coal to convert a ton of ore into pig iron, and another 3 tons 7 cwt to convert a pig into rolled iron. The high prices of late ruling in the iron market had had the effect of checking the foreign demand, and the pressure was not so severe as it had been.

Mr J. R. Scott, the Registrar of the London coal market, has published the following statistics of imports and exports of coal into and from the port and district of London, by sea, railway, and canal, during June, 1873:—

IMPORTS.					
By Sea.		By RAILWAY AND CANAL.			
Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.		
Total.....	367 ... 182,069	Total	387,433		
Imports during June 72	340 ... 171,450	Imports during June, 1872	368,965		
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.					
BY SEA.—Jan. 1 to June 30, 1872		Ships.		Tons.	
Jan. 1 to June 30, 1873		2,610	1,327,305	2,533	1,325,553
Increase in the present year		73	...	...
Decrease in the present year		...	1,752	...	
BY RAILWAY AND CANAL.—Jan. 1 to June 30, 1872		Tons.		Cwts.	
Jan. 1 to June 30, 1873		2,445,765	0	2,453,761	0
Increase in the present year		7,996 0		...	

EXPORTS.
Export list, showing the distribution of coal imported into the port or district of London during June, 1873:—

	Tons.
Railway-borne coal passing "in transitu" through district	61,553
Seaborne coal exported	50,345
Railway-borne coal exported	26,843
Total quantity of coal conveyed beyond limits of coal-duty district during June, 1873	138,741
Ditto, during June, 1872	114,668

IMPORTS and EXPORTS.
Comparative statement, from January 1 to June 30, 1872 and 1873:—

	Tons.	Tons.
Increase in imports by railway	7,996	6,244
Ditto by sea	1,752	6,244
Increase in exports	61,290	6,214
Do in imports as above	6,214	6,214
Net decrease in trade within the London district	55,046	...

The following is an argument used by the Metropolitan for the introduction of new gas systems to cities:—In 1871, the last year for which we have complete returns, the quantity of coal used by the London gas companies was 1,343,304 tons. In that year the population of London was 3,266,987. At the same time the urban population of England and Wales, including the metropolis, was 12,900,297. We should probably be within the mark if we computed the entire consumption of coal for gas purposes in England and Wales at 3½ times that of the metropolis, making, therefore, a total exceeding 4,700,000 tons for the year 1871. As the small towns are not included in the above estimate of the urban population, the gas manufacture may be, on that account alone, greater than we have calculated. The increase of the population since 1871 is another consideration. London is calculated to have a present population of 3,356,073. The entire urban population has probably grown more than 3 per cent. This would add 140,000 tons to the year's consumption of coal for gas purposes. Upon the whole, it is not unlikely that England and Wales now consume 5,000,000 tons of coal for the year's production of gas. Economy in gas manufacture is, therefore, equivalent to a considerable economy in the use of coal. It has been stated, and we are not aware of any contradiction or correction having followed it, that the cost of Gramme's magneto-electric light "is at present estimated at tenpence per hour." Comparing this with gas, we may commence by taking the price of the latter at 4s 2d per 1,000 for 14-candle gas. At this rate, tenpence would purchase 200 cubic feet of gas, equal to the light of forty gas jets for one hour, each jet consuming five cubic feet of gas in that space of time. It is perfectly certain that the magneto-electric light on the Clock Tower at Westminster far exceeded the light of forty candles, or even 400. May it not, therefore, be possible to apply this light to the ordinary purposes of illumination? But let the method be what it may, artificial light, cheap and good, is a necessity of civilization, and we cannot help hoping that the time is drawing near when the public will have the benefit of an illuminating agent somewhat cheaper and better than that which is now at their disposal.

The result of the Commissioners' inquiry into the law of building societies is, that they advise the present form of building societies, as distinct from joint stock companies, should be maintained, and the law amended. That the registrar should certify the societies, and have a limited discretion. That the exemption from stamp duties on mortgages should not apply to sums exceeding 200l. The privilege of paying small sums on intestacy without letters of administration should be raised to 50l. That the privilege of priority against the estates of deceased debtors should be abolished. That the limit of borrowing power should be two-thirds of the total value of the amounts for the time being secured on mortgage, or six months' subscription in the case of terminating societies, and that societies which take no interest should not contract loans. Also that the auditor should have power to audit accounts if requested by the society, to settle disputes, and to wind up societies. Legal remedies should be given for enforcing the right of withdrawal against the society, and that a proper system of penalties should be provided. There is no doubt that building societies have been of immense advantage to the least provident classes; and while they have given an impetus to the building of houses for the working

and lower and middle classes, they have promoted the investment of money on real or leasehold security.

The following is an account of the Quantity of Sugar Imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1872, stating the Quantity entered for Home Consumption:—

	Year 1872		
	Unrefined Sugar. Cwts.	Refined Sugar. Cwts.	All Sorts. Cwts.
Quantities imported into the United Kingdom:—			
From British Possessions	5,224,105 ...	365 ...	5,224,470
" Foreign Countries	8,552,591 ...	1,729,937 ...	10,281,528
Total	13,776,696 ...	1,729,303 ...	15,505,999

Quantities entered for Home Consumption ... 12,540,426 ... 1,765,733 ... 14,306,159
The net revenue derived during the year 1872 from duties on sugars of all sorts was 3,176,116l.

The banking circular of Messrs Jay Cooke and Co., of New York, June 4, contains the following:—It becomes more and more apparent that the course of our foreign trade during late months has been such as to call for quite moderate shipments of specie, and enable us to replenish the reduced stock of gold consequent on the exceptionally large outflow of last year. Recently we gave estimates, based on the commerce of this port since January 1, showing that our exports of produce have largely increased. To-day we have received official returns of the commerce of the United States, dating up to the close of January, from which we take the following:—

	Imports, Including Specie. dols.	Exports, Including Specie. dols.
January, 1873	55,395,000	62,843,000
— 1872	51,963,000	50,150,000
Increase	3,432,000	12,693,000
Excess of exports	—	7,448,000
— imports	—	1,813,000

Thus, during the first month of the year, we had an excess of exports over imports amounting to \$7,448,000, while, during the same period of last year, the imports exceeded the exports by \$1,813,000. Comparing the imports and exports of the seven months ending January 31, 1873, with the like period one year previous, we have the following result (the figures in all cases representing specie values):—

	Imports, 7 months, 1872-3. dols.	Imports, 7 months, 1871-2. dols.	Increase. dols.
Merchandise	364,786,000	332,170,000	32,616,000
Specie	14,386,000	6,764,000	7,622,000
Total	379,172,000	338,934,000	40,238,000
	Exports, 7 months, 1872-3. dols.	Exports, 7 months, 1871-2. dols.	Increase. dols.
Produce, &c.	285,908,000	253,967,000	31,941,000
Specie	59,369,000	33,137,000	26,232,000
Total	345,277,000	287,104,000	58,173,000
Total imports	379,172,000	338,934,000	40,238,000
— exports	345,277,000	287,104,000	58,173,000
Excess of imports	33,895,000	51,830,000	...

Thus, taking the merchandise and specie movements combined, the excess of imports over exports for the seven months ending with the close of last January, was \$33,895,000; while, for the same period of a year previous, the excess was \$51,830,000. It was during the later months of this period, however, that the improved balance between imports and exports began to appear; and the improvement has since been maintained to even a fuller extent, as will appear from the fact that, at this port alone, the exports of produce from January 1 to May 27 amount to \$111,300,000, against \$88,500,000 last year, while the imports of merchandise from January 1 to May 31 have been \$193,400,000 compared with \$203,700,000 last year, showing an increase of \$22,800,000 in the former, and a decrease of \$10,300,000 in the latter. The foreign movement in securities is a matter on which we cannot speak with equal definitiveness, as there is no record in this case to which we can appeal. We think it may be safely asserted, however, that the shipments of United States bonds this year have very largely exceeded those of last, while the negotiation of new loans in Europe has probably nearly equalled the like transactions of the first five months of 1872. We have alluded thus at length to our commercial and financial relations with foreign countries, because the change in this respect, which has been recently taking place, does not appear to be generally adequately appreciated.

The "American Iron and Steel Association," in its report of the product of that trade in 1872, states that the American rail mills during the year turned out 941,992 tons of railway iron, an increase over the preceding year of 168,259 tons (of this the product of steel rails was 94,070 tons). This production came from 16 States, the chief being Pennsylvania, 419,259 tons; Ohio, 121,923 tons; Illinois, 106,916 tons; New York, 82,457 tons; and Wisconsin, 37,284 tons. Smaller amounts were produced by Massachusetts, Maryland, Indiana, West Virginia, Missouri, Tennessee, Maine, Michigan, New Jersey, Georgia, and Kentucky. The report states that the building of American railways has not kept pace with the increased manufacture of rails. Thus, in 1871, there were 7,453 miles of new road built, while in 1872 there were only 6,043 miles.

The revenue returns of Victoria for the quarter and year ending with March are satisfactory. For the quarter, 978,120/ 9s 7d, an increase of 38,771/ 10s 7d on the corresponding quarter of the preceding year; and for the year, 3,803,683/ 4s 8d, an increase of 210,492/ 5s on the preceding year.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Corn—(Con.)—Indian Corn or Maize...cwt.	11,500,190	10,534,461	4,164,507	3,556,640
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany...	555,151	413,993	511,560	406,054
United States	287,620	1,553,364	289,111	1,479,455
British North America	253,043	621,614	198,127	547,063
Other Countries	112,672	206,020	97,079	180,866
Total	552,972	1,108,361	552,679	1,059,572
Indian Corn Meal	1,761,458	3,903,352	1,628,556	3,673,010
Cotton Raw—From United States	2,946	3,263	5,205	5,573
Brazil	4,258,396	5,747,623	19,845,793	24,830,322
Turkey	766,129	398,659	3,624,155	1,793,851
Egypt	50,873	213,019	194,943	194,943
British India	960,988	1,025,347	4,705,504	4,878,460
Other Countries	2,679,561	2,069,216	8,871,829	6,045,263
Total	213,711	298,492	973,029	870,635
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	8,928,758	9,439,671	38,233,359	38,633,479
Currents { Imports	168,951	115,944	953,449	948,332
Home Consumption	342,211	347,310	221,555	157,108
Eggs	2,473	5,218	55,234	111,973
Fish, Cured or Salted.....great hundreds	2,978,153	3,826,110	1,172,486	1,617,792
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia	178,951	171,344	199,356	257,788
Germany	592,815	794,183	1,431,636	1,697,212
Holland	159,692	175,652	354,727	379,446
Belgium	87,546	130,622	256,482	390,439
Other Countries	218,317	225,258	676,448	764,230
Total	38,054	19,708	85,076	39,932
Total	1,096,424	1,345,423	2,804,389	3,270,359

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Gambier.....tons	13,552	11,945	273,270	275,951
Glass—Window and German Sheet, including Shades and Cylinders	259,567	256,967	206,679	243,167
Flint	39,478	44,598	168,267	186,878
Plate, silvered or not	27,600	22,499	73,624	78,555
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old Broken	89,630	128,309	255,213	329,687
Guano	66,203	89,786	643,592	989,786
Gun—Arabic	27,361	27,129	73,621	85,663
Lac, Seed, Shell, Stick, and Dye	49,455	28,886	285,491	196,918
Gutta Percha	28,754	32,263	222,362	264,725
Hans	101,703	137,192	255,983	380,670
Hats or Bonnets of Straw	126,721	110,865	42,228	26,328
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia	226,589	110,312	411,230	188,926
Italy	161,863	180,492	338,443	364,923
Austrian Territories	11,082	7,014	21,012	14,355
British India	35,589	30,829	42,544	35,523
Philippine Islands	88,787	173,661	197,904	374,463
Other Countries	123,721	174,338	227,716	299,610
Total	647,631	676,646	1,238,849	1,277,800
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned, Tawed, Curried, or in any way Dressed—Dry—From British India	324,067	227,387	1,208,715	886,076
Other Countries	185,769	157,400	645,339	638,997
Total	509,836	384,787	1,854,054	1,525,073
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay	82,883	168,202	250,858	573,546
Brazil	55,850	84,373	170,836	230,374
Australia	10,653	17,352	26,425	48,486
Other Countries	159,644	180,967	446,210	563,137
Total	309,030	450,894	894,329	1,475,543
Tanned, Tawed, &c., or in any way dressed, lbs	15,619,416	17,510,500	1,003,257	1,146,630
Indigo	54,574	50,634	312,810	221,939
Iron and Steel—Iron—Bars Unwrought, tons	80,359	68,938	2,334,189	2,008,164
Iron Manufactures	40,046	34,060	419,047	440,860
Steel—Unwrought	453,069	336,313	639,976	560,614
Jute	3,464	6,294	44,749	91,405
Lead	2,757,740	3,139,882	2,852,096	2,495,925
Lead, Pig and Sheet	539,671	485,091	1,217,865	1,046,502
Leather Manufactures—	47,152	37,217	1,005,791	896,499
Boots and Shoes	26,278	20,927	83,908	79,019
Gloves, of Leather	699,009	573,213	928,127	753,491

Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the Eleven Months from

Principal Articles.	Sept. 1, 1870, to July 31, 1871.		Sept. 1, 1872, to July 31, 1873.	
	cwts.	qrs.	cwts.	qrs.
Wheat	30,632,857	7,077,041	35,544,878	8,202,694
Wheat Flour	4,053,674	1,146,249	2,951,820	843,377
Barley	6,171,920	1,728,196	11,543,788	3,232,260
Oats	9,107,751	3,311,918	11,177,263	4,064,459
Peas	913,473	202,994	961,105	213,579
Beans	1,881,858	439,101	3,120,180	728,042
Indian Corn	14,384,131	3,356,295	18,716,471	4,367,176
Total	77,408,669	20,000,000	100,000,000	25,000,000

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder	90,878	72,030	£ 263,587	£ 171,739
Roct	56,986	25,422	144,193	56,544
Garancine	19,524	25,218	126,465	181,757
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	35,708	47,561	87,427	123,270
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	185,974	192,059	485,434	391,192
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba).....	1,003,109	1,412,852	783,959	1,075,988
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti.....	8,845	9,433	422,047	430,770
Palm	511,311	513,106	915,922	902,585
Cocoa-nut	244,275	174,532	483,293	301,642
Olive	15,886	24,940	814,870	1,117,625
Seed, of all kinds	8,126	8,619	323,736	327,823
Turpentine	111,757	128,779	258,893	253,639
Oil Seed Cakes	87,532	80,936	802,865	760,133
Oranges and Lemons.....	1,536,399	1,443,070	768,026	701,322
Paper for Printing or Writing—From Belgium	72,687	60,331	208,769	219,283
Holland	13,064	6,607	43,619	27,732
Sweden	18,030	28,015	26,740	42,227
France	6,299	13,642	28,885	46,311
Other Countries	6,576	6,730	13,821	18,914
Total	116,656	115,375	321,834	353,567
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From Belgium .....	...	...	47,801	56,790
Holland .....	...	...	53,910	53,767
France .....	...	...	35,377	49,248
Other Countries .....	...	...	89,618	93,519
Total .....	...	...	217,706	253,324
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined	10,290	33,164	172,452	528,573
Pork—Salted (not Hams)	166,673	177,380	338,012	333,157
Fresh	5,675	4,936	11,406	12,949
Potatoes	1,025,648	6,245,351	353,005	1,829,153
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits) .....	...	...	82,105	112,587
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore	338,607	323,806	884,887	825,603
Quicksilver	2,222,190	2,244,711	319,950	378,817
Rags and other Materials for making Paper —Linen and Cotton Rags	13,552	9,713	221,090	172,993
Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	75,071	66,943	583,724	534,389
Raisins { Imports	58,365	26,864	98,604	44,262
{ Home Consumption.....	91,975	93,528		
Rice, not in the Husk.....	2,412,960	3,306,145	1,222,441	1,656,946

Principal Articles.

Quantities.

Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Rosin	502,332	586,610	£ 264,969	£ 297,806
Saltpetre	238,526	208,689	304,670	276,394
Seeds—Clover and Grass	191,299	201,729	532,735	494,959
Cotton.....	137,178	155,393	1,160,625	1,203,028
Flax and Linseed	589,026	486,252	1,804,943	1,450,682
Rape	134,538	49,145	342,209	115,306
Silk—Raw—From China	657,632	859,138	646,074	889,152
British India.....	201,991	184,305	218,615	203,133
Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan	882,537	607,770	964,912	688,429
Other Countries	973,162	692,584	1,072,470	801,333
Total	2,715,322	2,343,797	2,902,071	2,562,047
Knubs or Husks of Silk, and Waste.....	19,960	18,225	377,200	280,512
Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed—From France	24,529	20,031	36,742	36,499
Other Countries	17,716	9,529	26,682	11,478
Total	42,245	29,560	63,424	47,977
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe —Broad Stuffs—From France...value £	...	...	1,892,999	2,021,297
Belgium.....	...	...	1,032,941	890,571
Other Countries .....	...	...	39,457	38,280
Total .....	...	...	2,965,397	2,950,148
Ribbons, Silk, or Satin—From France .....	...	...	809,494	635,261
Other Countries .....	...	...	132,808	188,207
Total .....	...	...	942,302	823,468
Ribbons, other kinds—From Belgium.....	...	...	126,569	152,807
Other Countries .....	...	...	64,185	199,365
Total .....	...	...	190,754	352,172
Plush used for making Hats Of Countries out of Europe .....	...	...	29,881	24,639
Spices—Cinnamon	692,215	730,234	66,875	79,284
Ginger	24,603	22,921	53,279	60,129
Pepper	13,793,752	13,529,920	366,966	431,828

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed— Imports proof gallons Home Consumption.....	3,904,699 2,258,735	3,840,377 2,691,540	409,138	403,146
Rum Imports Home Consumption.....	2,269,424 2,104,265	3,801,793 2,265,943	825,202	1,285,588
Brandy Imports Home Consumption.....	899,125 406,150	1,165,347 605,476	111,710	111,710
Other Sorts Imports Home Consumption.....	986,394 1,029,773	1,305,778 1,269,998	1,800,228	2,264,873
Sugar—Refined, { Imports cwt and Candy... { Home Consumption.....	2,177,368 194,575	2,396,004 262,221	2,921,912 225,343	2,963,870 277,039
Unrefined, Imports—From British West Indies and Guiana	687,053	660,198	958,280	908,400
British India.....	1,226,694	1,147,104	1,735,049	1,450,520
Mauritius.....	1,202,765	1,423,339	1,518,212	1,517,247
Spanish West Indies	571,469	660,317	717,046	774,298
Brazil.....	1,449,251	1,695,668	1,919,834	2,179,398
Java and Philippine Islands	7,509,205	8,245,451	9,995,676	10,070,772
Other Countries				
Total				
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption —1st Class.....	251,966	377,070	...	...
2nd Class.....	1,832,371	2,177,331	...	...
3rd Class.....	1,834,793	2,054,906	...	...
4th Class.....	3,112,089	2,781,325	...	...
Total	7,031,219	7,390,632	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana	102,642	99,740	62,036	49,332
Spanish West Indies	3,411	20,862	1,780	8,961
Other Countries	188,517	167,119	90,940	80,965
Total { Imports Home Consumption.....	294,570 292,699	287,721 310,232	154,756	139,258
Tallow and Stearine	840,803	760,983	1,805,477	1,593,581
Tar	38,328	41,468	37,598	56,353
Tea—British India..... lbs China (including Hong Kong and Macao) Other Countries	9,882,300 86,247,770 5,966,684	8,752,308 51,867,011 2,818,550	721,275 5,686,913 462,469	634,749 3,489,469 187,245
Total { Imports Home Consumption	102,096,754 74,290,399	63,437,869 77,267,401	6,870,657	4,311,463
Tea, Elephants', &c..... cwt n, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus.....	6,448 114,027	7,329 102,325	191,873	242,833
Total				715,749

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured { Imports..... lbs Home Consumpt.....	16,316,498	33,045,649	623,588	1,068,201
Manufactured { Imports..... lbs Home Consumpt.....	24,658,981	25,770,779	677,664	895,043
Manufac. and Snuff { Imports..... cwt Home Consumpt.....	2,175,000	2,832,290	320	1,346
Turpentine, common	623,171	715,954	400,877	383,611
Valonia	1,000	2,083	195,729	220,268
Waxes	23,565	...	...	...
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in South Africa	9,803	12,754	6,203	8,364
Of Other British Possessions	6,558	17,611	2,797	5,786
Foreign—From Germany	295,393	277,147	47,901	44,285
Holland	413,774	371,261	271,561	244,836
France { Red	2,863,558	2,863,558	634,921	782,444
White	1,103,409	1,023,014	1,923,014	1,104,294
Portugal	985,186	1,103,409	815,480	838,382
Madeira	2,352,913	2,485,863	32,121	21,172
Spain { Red	58,759	41,150	120,056	108,790
White	836,750	806,993	1,646,540	1,580,180
Italy	4,425,976	4,383,954	101,786	86,907
Other Countries	485,521	452,055	56,045	52,078
Total	111,580	101,283	4,758,425	4,877,518
(Of Wine.....	12,270,988	12,917,038	1,690,541	1,770,452
Total { Red	5,468,649	6,272,049	3,157,884	3,107,066
White	6,802,339	6,644,989	...	...
Wine Entered for Home Consumption— From France { Red	1,961,738	2,563,180	...	...
White	922,398	987,843	...	...
Portugal	1,879,864	1,968,863	...	...
Spain { Red	546,434	595,088	...	...
White	3,554,357	3,503,870	...	...
Other Countries	1,158,715	1,076,687	...	...
Total	10,023,506	10,695,531	...	...
(Of wine.....	4,495,250	5,223,957	...	...
Total { Red	5,928,256	5,471,574	237,336	263,465
White	115,392	117,343	466,169	776,238
Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia, loads Sweden and Norway	274,265	364,952	515,334	611,922
Germany	167,751	160,888	340,070	564,173
British North America	84,688	119,814	765,016	1,032,476
Other Countries	220,082	281,435	2,323,925	3,248,274
Total	862,178	1,044,432	410,721	525,804
Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From Russia	185,788	200,575	1,591,356	1,907,080
Sweden and Norway	741,948	696,561	573,806	854,726
British North America	209,403	261,569	329,462	428,642
Other Countries	96,273	105,068	2,905,345	3,716,252
Total	1,233,412	1,263,773		

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood-(Con.)--Staves of all dimensions..loads	24,369	35,975	£ 236,029	£ 357,310
Mahogany	18,126	29,912	197,539	346,107
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'-From Countries in Europe.....	19,840,885	17,183,742	1,152,848	970,809
British Possessions in South Africa ..	19,163,375	22,339,954	1,226,364	1,519,922
India	13,924,286	12,878,520	615,577	573,083
Australia	153,582,710	162,125,961	9,543,493	10,169,903
Other Countries	22,695,512	16,353,621	1,036,287	765,700
Total	229,206,768	230,881,798	13,568,509	13,999,417
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	2,503,109	2,366,019	337,740	278,325
Goats' Wool or Hair	3,200,575	2,649,386	357,506	303,957
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool	41,460,160	34,507,300	342,285	275,473
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	8,343,102	7,735,474	962,814	892,430

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Bark, Peruvian	8,867	16,347	Silk Manufactures — Of Countries in Europe—Broadstuffs	86,254	51,114
Caoutchouc	35,766	28,595	Ribbons	7,920	11,385
Cocoa	3,477,831	3,387,755	Of Countries out of Europe	28,161	39,357
Cochineal	11,350	10,180	Spices—Cinnamon	611,564	519,506
Coffee	724,040	648,261	Pepper	8,373,952	6,016,394
Corn—Wheat	124,134	318,241	Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed — Rum	737,406	711,349
Wheatmeal or Flour	7,325	10,682	Brandy	207,966	218,211
Copper, Unwrought or part Wrought..tons	5,201	13,066	Other Sorts	280,000	144,730
Cotton, Raw—To Russia, Northern ports	122,068	87,286	Mixed in Bond	612,080	618,490
Germany	328,391	207,856	Sugar—Refined and Candy	22,874	11,049
Holland	412,104	308,484	Unrefined	82,542	82,067
Belgium	181,897	223,933	Molasses	22,498	41,848
France	164,721	106,146	Tallow and Stearine	56,044	31,093
Other Countries	88,931	102,365	Tea	21,917,746	17,645,223
Total	1,298,082	1,036,070	Teeth, Elephants', &c.	4,160	2,381
Cotton Manufactures..... value £	220,446	181,466	Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	29,111	14,753
Currants	51,788	83,054	Tobacco—Unmanufactured	8,359,817	9,128,621
Cutch	1,057	1,208	Manufactured, and Snuff	1,129,916	1,038,170
Gambier	1,499	3,265	Wine—Red	44,624	393,026
Guano.....	4,171	39,758	White	662,862	649,915
			Mixed in Bond	7,577	5,046
			Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	81,840,867	64,703,584

III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia				
Germany	144,756	154,668	£ 92,934	£ 116,962
Holland	364,941	443,489	167,778	228,678
France	126,335	143,725	46,100	63,242
United States	73,836	22,289	33,386	16,932
Other Countries	1,254,181	1,318,104	687,497	860,121
Total	572,717	590,400	323,808	396,385
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores—				
Fire Arms (small)	2,536,766	2,672,675	1,351,563	1,682,970
Gunpowder	215,495	215,334	249,679	309,928
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Merchandise	11,251,910	9,872,885	264,785	259,057
Total	2,082,041	2,722,727	906,035	1,122,716
Beer and Ale—To United States	24,989	29,283	123,552	154,640
British West Indies and Guiana	18,658	18,509	68,806	67,506
British India	130,342	147,291	330,939	444,366
Australia	51,481	76,295	206,468	312,862
Other Countries	118,024	124,176	513,413	569,022
Total	343,494	395,554	1,303,178	1,548,396
Books, Printed	39,112	42,882	442,755	471,633
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	39,534	43,643	204,050	249,529
Butter	29,539	25,179	168,993	148,255
Candles of all Sorts	4,124,772	3,282,842	139,203	112,511
Carriages—Railway Carriages for Passengers	131	307	19,182	68,331
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.	1,371	1,501	111,496	129,320
Cheese	10,151	9,526	42,478	40,899
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured				
—To Russia	529,362	415,646	357,506	443,131
Sweden and Norway	383,161	449,391	234,639	474,810
Denmark	357,581	340,550	295,304	340,272
Germany	1,189,272	895,811	792,225	918,436
Holland	258,756	238,437	154,934	263,621
France	1,373,958	1,377,894	747,931	1,290,716
Spain and Canaries	401,786	384,869	292,657	471,968
Italy	536,146	478,756	321,788	494,021
Brazil	150,596	192,520	117,145	227,367
British India	267,792	235,634	188,273	292,191
Other Countries	2,161,963	2,191,924	1,489,454	2,439,082
Total	7,610,313	7,200,532	4,820,506	7,625,615
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers engaged in the foreign trade.....(3 months)				
.....
Total	816,437	...	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland				
France	31,337	24,570	£ 148,205	£ 114,668
Belgium	18,419	17,304	86,017	82,403
British India	42,531	35,302	206,914	163,945
Other Countries	654	3,621	3,230	17,424
Total	73,695	83,724	362,790	398,989
Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated				
—To Germany	166,636	164,521	807,156	777,429
Holland	7,887	5,825	39,527	29,095
France	5,273	5,304	26,044	27,279
Italy	3,829	6,607	19,729	29,867
Turkey	7,565	7,700	39,856	40,706
Egypt	10,568	19,271	54,891	97,779
United States	8,738	10,016	46,659	51,647
British India	894	2,286	4,536	11,371
Other Countries	27,098	20,347	133,931	99,975
Total	39,581	42,036	206,591	226,090
Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	111,433	119,392	571,824	613,809
Total of Copper	125,876	121,560	511,130	520,790
Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	463,945	405,473	1,890,110	1,912,928
Total	86,072	73,885	242,802	219,680
Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia.....lbs				
Germany	1,187,510	1,615,650	190,477	151,401
Holland	25,801,741	22,119,982	2,217,969	1,840,108
France	25,169,287	26,005,618	2,584,421	2,397,140
Italy	3,553,578	2,585,325	411,717	321,607
Austrian Territories	9,100,820	13,132,010	485,999	700,145
Turkey	1,648,550	2,144,500	88,190	117,204
Egypt	9,786,510	11,407,880	549,352	612,160
China and Hong Kong	3,708,295	4,388,610	265,012	308,563
Japan	5,125,630	6,567,830	313,399	383,450
British India—Bombay	7,251,060	4,795,520	447,482	273,342
Madras	2,957,720	3,132,286	229,045	225,755
Bengal	2,927,870	3,056,900	235,530	219,988
Straits Settlements	8,016,670	8,143,100	637,007	580,124
Ceylon	1,032,910	1,332,710	88,223	98,147
Other Countries	73,250	108,700	5,222	8,845
Total	9,266,728	12,206,394	734,434	859,891
Total	116,608,129	122,737,945	9,394,079	9,097,870

Aug. 9, 1873.]

THE ECONOMIST.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany				
Holland	58,945,380	36,661,507	1,266,220	853,031
France	19,280,836	30,715,053	467,485	656,698
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	63,565,743	63,341,978	1,127,716	1,127,716
Italy	41,255,710	48,070,820	633,000	687,206
Austrian Territories	38,910,590	53,291,410	682,693	893,504
Turkey	7,393,200	10,064,400	128,058	167,519
Egypt	139,913,320	168,602,670	2,464,948	2,816,183
West Coast of Africa.....	119,656,880	131,388,530	1,669,649	1,739,654
United States	11,803,735	14,182,257	206,860	260,709
Foreign West Indies	102,278,443	83,667,435	2,631,569	2,043,448
Mexico	42,232,130	39,223,852	749,366	761,914
New Granada	9,685,260	20,370,400	175,628	372,231
Brazil	54,413,680	51,549,615	946,782	924,505
Uruguay.....	107,974,795	90,029,446	1,366,661	1,655,080
Argentine Confederation	17,119,050	11,413,480	317,426	221,945
Chili	39,344,990	34,065,660	721,206	642,068
Peru	34,809,410	37,937,780	582,064	622,261
China and Hong Kong	13,716,530	20,622,780	236,944	362,834
Japan	246,805,600	223,632,800	3,871,206	3,438,684
Java	14,575,800	14,634,347	225,715	242,699
Philippine Islands	14,415,000	10,860,050	243,607	188,786
Gibraltar	8,453,260	5,713,640	153,602	120,861
Malta	18,050,020	17,999,680	332,966	330,384
British North America	11,207,500	15,297,600	152,937	211,910
West Indies and Guiana	23,598,610	23,151,126	497,678	502,592
Possessions in South Africa	22,853,644	22,261,427	383,093	378,722
.....	14,461,660	12,275,250	329,684	284,943
British India—Bombay				
Madras	119,401,740	126,244,005	1,607,763	1,654,780
Bengal	18,201,860	23,704,360	275,461	346,681
Straits Settlements	361,769,880	381,119,089	4,882,874	4,977,433
Ceylon	54,908,100	48,376,200	866,433	774,733
Australia	20,347,800	18,614,800	336,876	297,787
Other Countries	26,924,832	28,663,563	654,599	721,478
.....	94,446,743	102,967,174	1,844,244	1,947,687
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached				
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	1,337,983,815	1,348,574,401	19,780,276	19,677,158
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predomi- nating.....	641,836,916	662,626,391	13,270,708	13,252,679
Total	12,900,640	9,463,392	445,443	356,829
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia				
Sweden	1,992,721,371	2,020,664,184	33,496,427	33,286,666
Germany	682,690	706,097	234,813	269,009
Holland	4,555,651	4,727,765	788,942	852,927
France .....	...	...	...	...
Spain and Canaries.....	...	...	...	...
Austrian Territories .....	...	...	...	...
Egypt.....	...	...	...	...
United States .....	...	...	...	...
Spanish West Indies .....	...	...	...	...
Total	190,814	175,581	2,036,123	2,264,213
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia				
Sweden	27,473	69,004	277,522	904,643
Germany	8,337	23,202	83,147	286,229
Holland	23,530	29,407	311,326	468,879
France	2,462	11,466	36,218	160,655
Spain and Canaries.....	255	2,205	4,566	31,707
Austrian Territories	6,339	7,159	56,800	100,259
Egypt.....	6,733	816	61,660	9,773
United States	10,173	3,090	101,576	36,478
Spanish West Indies	300,316	134,393	2,864,328	1,729,763
Total	1,006	2,718	9,842	34,756

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Con.)				
—To Brazil	12,840	6,109	104,992	80,239
Peru	22,204	5,528	195,863	81,075
Chili	2,075	3,220	24,525	46,014
British North America	45,572	36,105	518,396	460,949
British India	8,220	9,846	160,030	160,030
Australia	12,584	11,009	132,052	164,554
Other Countries	42,486	70,273	473,221	914,438
Total	532,605	425,550	5,344,727	5,604,841
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not	19,321	18,337	357,041	424,939
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	5,749	10,385	82,404	188,974
Germany	6,928	19,712	82,943	286,834
Holland	4,799	7,875	64,912	116,589
France	1,864	3,658	34,720	69,021
Spain and Canaries	3,148	2,931	44,215	47,013
United States	19,315	13,834	245,699	225,806
British North America	8,930	6,433	127,116	118,927
British India	11,327	6,889	155,853	127,311
Australia	10,833	12,222	216,016	300,355
Other Countries	41,572	41,419	651,930	777,324
Total	114,465	125,358	1,701,808	2,258,154
Tin Plates—To France	1,848	2,761	47,788	97,923
United States	54,106	58,462	1,617,098	1,907,112
British North America	2,232	1,899	73,252	67,693
Australia	2,750	2,647	93,948	98,144
Other Countries	10,337	13,355	311,329	471,553
Total	71,273	79,124	2,143,415	2,642,425
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufacturers (except Ordnance, unenumerated)—To Russia	8,633	26,638	138,502	371,030
Germany	14,650	20,757	193,057	371,557
Holland	8,165	9,840	132,636	161,816
France	2,722	3,107	65,907	81,934
Spain and Canaries	4,149	5,377	71,453	80,698
United States	8,013	9,524	163,113	208,888
British North America	12,964	10,607	219,885	238,837
British Possessions in South Africa	1,989	3,028	47,748	77,806
British India	12,681	11,158	230,926	206,004

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—(Con.)—Cast or Wrought, &c.—To Australia	11,432	17,455	231,257	384,642
Other Countries	65,989	50,412	1,016,905	1,051,959
Total	151,387	168,003	2,511,389	3,235,171
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	68,958	43,478	404,194	288,919
Steel, Unwrought—To France	1,849	1,633	69,264	68,842
United States	14,132	12,624	440,378	451,064
Other Countries	9,665	10,125	311,092	370,487
Total	25,646	24,382	820,734	890,393
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	6,333	6,158	339,343	412,628
Total of Iron and Steel	1,991,270	1,795,577	19,332,607	22,635,811
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia	5,553	3,499	108,178	80,144
France	887	968	17,833	22,029
United States	4,717	2,287	94,203	53,323
China and Hong Kong	6,599	1,917	125,117	43,797
British India	1,847	477	39,570	13,281
Australia	1,276	1,094	25,336	25,253
Other Countries	7,058	7,855	147,264	140,443
Total	27,937	18,097	557,501	418,240
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Unwrought	76,680	60,456	676,126	554,968
Wrought—Boots and Shoes—To Australia	123,397	127,972	326,590	350,548
Other Countries	206,942	188,453	617,229	635,338
Total	330,339	316,425	943,819	1,015,886
Other Articles unenumerated—To Australia	65,216	73,204	14,425	23,615
Other Countries	1,166,486	860,603	218,299	148,962
Total	1,231,702	933,807	232,724	172,577
See also Saddlery and Harness.				
Linen and Jute—Yarn—Linen—To Germany	3,662,988	4,035,958	366,441	362,834
Holland	2,366,590	2,616,602	148,105	143,105

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To				
Belgium	421,316	660,261	39,639	84,313
France	912,450	313,279	76,688	19,733
Spain and Canaries	6,624,775	6,879,803	374,398	352,877
Gibraltar	178,400	7,280	7,708	561
Other Countries	3,036,811	2,922,933	191,673	181,631
Total	17,203,330	17,436,116	1,204,652	1,175,054
Jute	7,283,609	6,477,706	153,060	107,976
Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	300,149	92,230	10,060	6,038
Germany	4,268,476	3,970,815	174,878	154,373
Holland	549,110	565,500	25,946	35,225
France	2,953,232	2,383,037	119,528	108,864
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	1,063,680	1,121,750	32,645	31,853
Spain and Canaries	1,681,370	1,087,600	95,249	53,522
Italy	1,912,320	1,753,248	89,508	75,291
United States	75,157,660	66,826,917	2,432,723	1,914,779
Spanish West Indies	18,480,184	12,219,130	413,106	480,990
Danish West Indies	572,200	544,500	16,903	16,927
Hayti	1,377,500	1,053,730	39,139	27,662
Brazil	5,135,180	3,725,750	157,045	129,535
Chili	1,111,646	956,930	35,475	27,219
Peru	1,057,390	1,115,140	39,351	32,879
British West Indies and Guiana	2,411,350	2,916,199	56,333	68,060
British India	985,935	1,451,210	36,928	50,431
Australia	4,776,000	5,743,790	159,194	198,815
Other Countries	19,133,449	20,806,966	616,016	676,943
Total	138,593,055	123,785,673	4,395,322	3,933,898
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany	4,333,676	4,558,679	145,725	151,608
Checked, Printed, or Dyed, and Damasks or Diapers	142,926,731	128,344,352	4,541,047	4,085,506
Total	2,352,022	2,562,893	134,249	150,987
Sailcloth and Sails	1,539,588	1,371,535	188,462	173,992
Thread for sewing .....	...	...	4,368,288	4,568,308
Total Value of Linen Manufactures	44,399,124	51,938,362	781,865	878,937
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds	1,782,893	1,750,429	235,139	228,442
Holland	653,874	738,831	83,936	93,066
France	811,023	539,592	104,387	69,174
Spain and Canaries	211,959	111,471	27,966	14,586
Austrian Territories	641,337	158,642	87,278	19,945
Brazil	132,110	93,469	20,619	14,331
Oil—Seed Oil—To France	6,125	8,231	764	1,030
Holland	44,364	267,869	5,465	33,485
France	25,663	5,272	3,207	658
Spain and Canaries	55,905	48,050	6,990	6,007
Austrian Territories	137,091	134,963	17,151	16,870
Brazil .....	...	...	...	...
Total	1,276,952	1,047,885	256,356	197,829
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad				
Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France	32,860	4,427	8,869	1,164
Egypt	108,452	33,063	20,517	4,969
United States	543,574	246,767	112,762	62,681
British India	135,419	249,903	18,214	28,586
Australia	152,879	141,224	27,898	25,584
Other Countries	303,768	372,501	67,996	74,845
Total	1,276,952	1,047,885	256,356	197,829
Soap	131,800	99,803	173,030	131,370
Spirits, British and Irish—To France	6,125	8,231	764	1,030
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	44,364	267,869	5,465	33,485
Turkey	25,663	5,272	3,207	658
United States	55,905	48,050	6,990	6,007
British North America	137,091	134,963	17,151	16,870

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Con.)—To				
Australia	212,794	261,594	26,602	32,699
Other Countries	463,998	288,023	57,895	36,004
Total	945,940	1,014,002	118,074	126,753
Sugar, Refined and Candy.....cwt	353,258	342,715	569,513	528,070
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	5,903	9,636	46,180	67,349
France	19,379	11,582	137,998	82,451
Turkey	4,437	3,593	34,928	23,149
United States	12,731	13,600	94,408	96,762
Other Countries	23,926	22,609	183,732	160,550
Total	66,376	61,020	496,846	433,261
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany ...lbs	1,036,262	1,377,238	88,169	124,744
Belgium	894,719	537,047	72,763	46,729
France	495,076	557,394	41,696	45,965
United States	1,521,001	588,153	111,092	45,633
Other Countries	683,874	459,275	64,433	37,914
Total	4,570,932	3,519,107	378,153	301,045
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia ..	820,089	1,014,620	111,375	148,396
Germany	11,057,810	9,331,516	1,653,908	1,425,490
Holland	8,312,273	5,971,723	1,306,680	913,186
Belgium	407,031	197,345	61,630	31,158
France	1,451,303	1,102,545	250,049	207,370
Other Countries	947,809	1,179,307	124,432	171,319
Total	23,026,314	18,797,056	3,508,074	2,896,019
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—				
Woolens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels,				
&c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool				
mixed with other Materials—To				
Germany	2,573,105	2,825,198	476,778	569,102
Holland	694,888	556,446	124,411	106,686
France	3,132,246	3,031,724	689,885	509,469
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	143,092	145,780	26,849	24,697
Italy	1,324,930	620,080	172,488	86,340
United States	4,508,504	3,847,952	886,135	910,482
Brazil	901,531	1,100,010	91,493	108,760
Uruguay	238,385	417,280	31,086	52,279
Argentine Confederation	737,413	1,083,622	97,967	136,941
Chili	407,770	485,990	56,763	62,054
Peru	747,184	645,110	114,141	100,943
China and Hong Kong	1,176,683	1,405,510	156,774	208,040
British North America	2,003,913	1,399,161	297,086	213,990
India	565,500	735,850	83,380	101,214
Australia	1,166,540	1,477,775	189,370	247,851
Total	22,826,314	18,797,056	3,508,074	2,896,019

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—				
(Con.)—To Other Countries.....yards	3,015,782	3,735,013	468,719	620,527
All Wool	11,682,717	11,806,747	2,459,930	2,494,309
Wool mixed with other Materials {	10,252,184	10,356,628	1,503,895	1,564,976
yards	11,649,844	11,716,754		
lbs	8,568,607	9,211,064		
Total	23,332,561	23,523,501	3,963,325	4,059,285
Worsted Stuffs, all Wool, or of Wool	18,820,791	19,567,692		
mixed with other Materials—To	56,600,170	31,149,201	5,069,888	2,168,216
Germany	9,872,000	6,297,245	711,013	359,741
Holland	4,945,694	3,289,049	420,329	225,006
Belgium	22,446,068	23,529,328	1,644,457	1,396,953
France	10,127,070	9,250,680	358,276	347,878
Italy	59,566,561	58,854,677	2,543,678	2,660,065
United States	8,789,770	10,607,180	449,630	563,522
China and Hong Kong	1,577,280	1,819,240	32,993	118,920
Japan	5,381,087	3,440,495	222,717	148,754
British North America	1,636,901	1,167,570	83,148	68,413
India	7,271,630	7,142,840	332,010	354,310
Australia	20,763,142	21,948,319	885,603	948,115
Other Countries	15,744,785	13,809,065	1,168,516	957,994
All Wool	6,287,624	5,306,624		
Wool mixed with other Materials {	193,232,588	164,686,758	11,639,226	8,331,899
yards	61,620,562	44,857,181		
lbs	208,977,373	178,495,824	12,807,742	9,289,893
Total	67,908,186	50,163,805		
Blankets and Blanketing.....	3,281,521	3,416,477	320,363	343,714
Flannels	3,618,862	3,791,433		
Carpets, not being Rugs — To	4,484,768	3,853,404	238,826	216,164
Germany	1,638,590	1,378,078		
Holland	263,339	159,509	36,423	32,249
France	144,007	174,310	26,417	33,364
Spain and Canaries.....	433,900	263,837	63,608	42,716
United States	20,502	25,358	2,395	3,451
Chili	4,263,864	3,225,271	688,860	494,536
British North America	92,910	201,190	16,795	33,327
Australia	452,857	391,230	55,279	50,793
Other Countries	243,970	409,690	34,605	57,243
Total	847,614	897,237	131,360	150,666
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought.....	6,702,963	5,747,632	1,055,743	898,345
Total	10,855,626	9,364,973	68,991	49,948
	73,114	40,385.		

Articles and Manufacture first

Articles and Manufacture first

Articles and Manufacture first

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Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)		Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Quantities	Value.
Countries of Ultimate Destination.			£	Countries of Ultimate Destination.		£	Countries of Ultimate Destination.		£	Countries of Ultimate Destination.		£
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....		...	20,041	Cotton—Piece Goods—(Com.)—To U.S....		23,914,500	520,075	Linen—Piece Goods—(Com.)—To Egypt.....		12,100	5,282	12,100
British India.....		...	7,232	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama)		7,820,300	13,474	United States.....		2,088,600	57,988	2,088,600
Australia.....		...	3,169	Straits Settlements, Java		11,400,100	6,640	New Granada.....		565,100	20,480	565,100
Other Countries.....		...	30,442	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....		...	1,577	Central America.....		175,300	6,193	175,300
Total.....		...	69,223	Haberdashery and Millinery, including Em-broidery and Needle-work—To Egypt.....		...	84,299	Other Countries.....		253,400	8,390	253,400
British N. America.....		1,934	25,301	United States.....		...	11,764	Total.....		999,700	35,313	999,700
All Countries.....		478,500	23,750	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama)..		...	41,923	British India.....		...	23,121	23,121
China & H.Kong, lbs		880,300	50,453	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated — To United States.....		...	40,899	Australia.....		...	18,457	18,457
Japan.....		29,000	1,745	United States (Isth. mus of Panama)..		...	14,971	Other Countries.....		...	103	103
British India.....		...	78,949	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought—To United States.....		3,146	61,900	Total.....		...	41,681	41,681
Other Countries.....		...	3,706	Steel Unwrought and Manufactures of Steel—To U. States		378	17,515	Total.....		...	72,835	72,835
Total.....		1,387,800	3,000	Leather, Wrought—Boots & Shoes—To Egypt.....		1,665	6,383	China & Hong Kong		...	33,255	33,255
Russia, S. Ports.....		6,880	1,920	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France		...	5,196	Japan.....		...	17,643	17,643
Turkey.....		32,000	2,160	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....		...	8,232	Other Countries.....		...	50,898	50,898
China & Hong Kong		36,000	2,029	Haberdashery and Millinery, including Em-broidery and Needle-work—To Egypt.....		...	11,764	Total.....		...	52	52
Japan.....		2,371,750	14,056	United States.....		...	11,764	China & Hong Kong		...	13,368	13,368
British India.....		103,600	220,817	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama)..		...	41,923	Australia.....		...	50	50
Other Countries.....		...	16,600	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated — To United States.....		...	53,657	Other Countries.....		...	5,957	5,957
Total.....		2,550,230	12,190	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought—To United States.....		...	40,899	Total.....		...	19,897	19,897
China & Hong Kong		193,000	28,730	Steel Unwrought and Manufactures of Steel—To U. States		...	14,971	Total.....		...	207,041	207,041
Japan.....		489,700	19,532	Leather, Wrought—Boots & Shoes—To Egypt.....		...	13,698	China & Hong Kong		...	1,665	1,665
British India.....		1,065,400	376,559	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France		...	5,196	Japan.....		...	10,529	10,529
Other Countries.....		6,312,400	107,451	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....		...	8,232	Total.....		...	12,134	12,134
Total.....		704,700	11,669	Haberdashery and Millinery, including Em-broidery and Needle-work—To Egypt.....		...	14,971	Total.....		...	139,275	139,275
Java.....		...	...	United States.....		...	28,669	Total.....		...	83,116	83,116
Philippine Islands.....		...	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama)..		...	61,900	Total.....		...	1,777	1,777
British India.....		1,993,700	29,901	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated — To United States.....		...	61,900	Total.....		...	224,168	224,168
Other Countries.....		...	...	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought—To United States.....		...	17,515	Total.....		...	4,013	4,013
Total.....		37,352,000	545,142	Steel Unwrought and Manufactures of Steel—To U. States		...	183	Total.....		...	9,576	9,576
Russia, S. Ports.....		2,529,400	16,144	Leather, Wrought—Boots & Shoes—To Egypt.....		...	6,383	Total.....		...	925	925
Turkey.....		1,954,600	5,322	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France		...	5,565	Total.....		...	14,814	14,814
China & Hong Kong		370,500	18,826	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....		...	3,036	Total.....		...	29,840	29,840
Japan.....		747,800	727,964	Haberdashery and Millinery, including Em-broidery and Needle-work—To Egypt.....		...	5,196	Total.....		...	8,970	8,970
British India.....		53,080,300	1,200	United States.....		...	3,036	Total.....		...	38,810	38,810
Other Countries.....		55,500	12,660	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama)..		...	5,196	Total.....		...	149,137	149,137
Total.....		59,990	782,316	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated — To United States.....		...	5,196	Total.....		...	49,534	49,534
China & Hong Kong		56,199,600	42,540	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought—To United States.....		...	8,232	Total.....		...	...	...
Japan.....		1,770,500	301,230	Steel Unwrought and Manufactures of Steel—To U. States		...	4,762	Total.....		...	...	...
British India.....		12,807,300	...	Leather, Wrought—Boots & Shoes—To Egypt.....		...	...	Total.....		...	...	...
Other Countries.....		...	...	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France		...	...	Total.....		...	...	...
Total.....		14,578,160	343,770	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....		...	...	Total.....		...	...	...

2nd—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Slips—To Egypt.....		54,909	38,364	Machinery, &c.—(Com.)—Other descrip- tions—To British India.....		153,938	246,604	Machinery, &c.—(Com.)—Other descrip- tions—To British India.....		153,938	246,604
British North America.....		132,870	125,905	Australia.....		87,530	134,325	Australia.....		87,530	134,325
Possessions in South Africa.....		266,819	261,966	Other Countries.....		568,265	1,297,366	Other Countries.....		568,265	1,297,366
India.....		31,498	53,830	Total.....		2,827,232	3,936,737	Total.....		2,827,232	3,936,737
Australia.....		539,407	743,778	Painters' Colours and Materials, unnu- merated.....		646,164	601,493	Painters' Colours and Materials, unnu- merated.....		646,164	601,493
Other Countries.....		653,174	698,451	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated.....		327,003	395,819	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated.....		327,003	395,819
Total.....		1,679,127	1,921,994	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares.....		101,739	144,182	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares.....		101,739	144,182
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores		285,176	221,862	Saddlery and Harness—To British Pos- sessions in South Africa.....		28,963	54,231	Saddlery and Harness—To British Pos- sessions in South Africa.....		28,963	54,231
Caoutchouc, Manufactures of.....		561,062	517,976	British India.....		17,295	16,274	British India.....		17,295	16,274
Chemical Products, or Preparations, un- enumerated.....		1,044,364	1,019,945	Australia.....		63,698	90,284	Australia.....		63,698	90,284
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent Net.....		657,883	733,959	Other Countries.....		83,372	91,454	Other Countries.....		83,372	91,454
Hosiery.....		428,579	429,442	Total.....		193,328	252,243	Total.....		193,328	252,243
Other Manufactures, unenumerated.....		571,178	762,468	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany.....		71,853	40,835	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany.....		71,853	40,835
Earthen and China Ware, Porian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery and Brown Stoneware)—To Germany.....		34,804	64,899	Holland.....		295,483	246,049	Holland.....		295,483	246,049
France.....		46,129	39,786	Belgium.....		88,950	67,295	Belgium.....		88,950	67,295
United States.....		463,500	438,781	France.....		471,405	679,092	France.....		471,405	679,092
Brazil.....		57,117	75,977	Other Countries.....		19,581	30,636	Other Countries.....		19,581	30,636
British North America.....		79,325	54,965	Total.....		947,281	1,063,837	Total.....		947,281	1,063,837
India.....		43,776	43,690	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk— Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls —To France.....		6,996	13,008	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk— Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls —To France.....		6,996	13,008
Australia.....		65,971	122,457	Egypt.....		31,159	4,149	Egypt.....		31,159	4,149
Other Countries.....		327,203	428,803	New Granada.....		3,849	7,100	New Granada.....		3,849	7,100
Total.....		1,117,915	1,268,458	Other Countries.....		130,227	112,398	Other Countries.....		130,227	112,398
Fish.....		132,820	127,418	Total.....		1,416,930	1,715,618	Total.....		1,416,930	1,715,618
Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Germany.....		50,273	86,318	Other Descriptions—To Russia.....		324,310	499,036	Other Descriptions—To Russia.....		324,310	499,036
France.....		87,118	76,237	Germany.....		433,714	736,179	Germany.....		433,714	736,179
United States.....		154,003	95,712	Holland.....		219,275	277,822	Holland.....		219,275	277,822
Channel Islands.....		121,116	80,563	Belgium.....		147,694	253,436	Belgium.....		147,694	253,436
British North America.....		555,280	519,749	France.....		301,810	334,361	France.....		301,810	334,361
				Spain and Canaries.....		94,531	108,591	Spain and Canaries.....		94,531	108,591
				Egypt.....		103,165	43,017	Egypt.....		103,165	43,017
				Total.....		1,715,618	1,715,618	Total.....		1,715,618	1,715,618
				Ribbon of all Kinds—To France.....		1,055	1,102	Ribbon of all Kinds—To France.....		1,055	1,102
				Egypt.....		36,281	46,980	Egypt.....		36,281	46,980
				United States.....		46,980	42,063	United States.....		46,980	42,063
				British North America.....		36,070	15,788	British North America.....		36,070	15,788
				Australia.....		23,041	43,734	Australia.....		23,041	43,734

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£
Silk Manufactures—(Con.)—Ribbons of all Kinds—Other Countries		13,591	16,352	Telegraphic Wires and Apparatus		171,013	899,647
Total		156,978	130,779	Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—Hosiery of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials		133,417	147,859
Other Articles of Silk only—To Germany		31,848	49,517	Small Wares and unenumerated Manufactures of Wool or Worsted		593,296	836,417
France		155,810	99,850	Total of Woollen and Worsted Manufactures		19,112,712	15,791,677
United States		62,785	73,882	Declared Value of British and Irish Produce Exported—Enumerated Articles		134,130,134	138,973,961
Other Countries		288,237	249,059	Unenumerated Articles		*8,479,000	9,770,000
Total		538,680	472,308	Total Value		142,609,134	148,743,961
Manufactures of Silk and other Materials—To Germany		14,400	20,328				
France		3,967	13,113				

* Estimated.

V.—An Account of the Declared Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Countries.	GOLD.		SILVER.		TOTAL OF GOLD AND SILVER.	
	Imports.		Imports.		Imports.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Russia	38,300	100,000	11,000	38,300	11,000	100,000
Germany	159,868	42,133	230,823	1,197,452	1,357,320	168,429
Holland	6,735	6,718	101,796	664,102	670,837	11,394
Belgium	236,245	7,100	34,450	158,927	305,172	40,480
France	146,268	338,895	679,661	289,755	436,023	1,257,368
Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	4,151	1,044,835	3,428	3,428	3,428	3,448
Spain and Canaries	32,522	2,000	2,903	1,023	5,171	19,014
Gibraltar	55,221	58,210	28,945	28,945	61,467	91,976
Malta	700	40,000	2,750	2,750	77,566	60,960
Turkey	7,040	300,000	400	400	1,100	7,080
Egypt	5,649	1,042,342	9,082	27,182	14,731	1,069,524
West Coast of Africa	55,441	47,588	2,000	325	55,766	49,588
British Possessions in South Africa	290	1,060	455	411	701	1,515
China (incl. Hong Kong) .....	...	55,816	21,930	60,955	60,955	161,509
Australia	3,511,709	5,174,912	9,534	14,023	3,525,732	5,184,446
British North America	35,000	2,756	10,110	13,479	48,479	12,866
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), & W. Indies	400,131	1,469,173	1,706,997	1,575,684	1,975,815	3,176,306
Brazil	69,584	35,585	40,886	63,272	132,856	76,471
United States	5,793,094	3,001,707	...	2,497,913	8,291,007	7,160,969
Other Countries	105,795	146,695	694,875	53,453	159,248	561,676
Total of Gold	10,656,703	11,500,914	6,654,971	7,613,975	17,311,674	19,114,889
Total of Silver .....	...	...	6,236,383	6,168,531	12,222,894	12,222,894

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.						ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)							
BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.					
		Week Ending						Week Ending					
		July 5.	July 12.	July 19.	July 26.			July 5.	July 12.	July 19.	July 26.		
Ashford Bank	11849	9683	9781	9827	10231	Worcester Old Bank	87448	38909	40374	40114	40298		
Aylesbury Old Bank	48461	18835	18626	19059	19232	Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	53000	28055	28435	28218	27126		
Baddeley and Biggleswade Bank	37223	14611	14209	14446	15131	Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	13229	7321	7233	7130	6540		
Barnstable Bank	17182	2356	2455	2657	2649	York Bank	46387	34375	33889	33512	33720		
Bedford Bank	34218	29306	30117	29400	29698		392032	2589046	2598079	2579650	2563124		
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	27090	14455	14576	15011	14702	* In these cases, the figures not having been published, we have inserted the average of the approximate weeks.							
Boston Bank (Clayton and Co.)	75069	69079	64086	63550	61583	ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.							
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	15161	9692	8977	8652	9005	BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.					
Bridgewater Bank	10028	6058	6023	6124	5939			Week Ending					
Bristol Bank	48277	18536	19194	19014	19570			July 5.	July 12.	July 19.	July 26.		
Broseley and Bridgnorth Bank	26717	10551	14330	15145	15620	Bank of Westmorland	12225	9410	9382	8785	9307		
Buckingham Bank	29057	18196	17981	18568	18065	Barnsley	5573	9286	9030	9037	8872		
Bury and Suffolk Bank	82362	36135	36828	48957	58962	Bradford	49292	50028	49710	49493	48970		
Banbury Bank	45457	22242	21928	21171	20926	Bank of Whitehaven	9418	30122	31322	31223	30130		
Banbury Old Bank	55153	16891	15856	15263	15310	Bradford Commercial, Limited	32981	19658	20515	20337	19477		
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	36829	31471	32263	31931	31808	Barton, Uttoxeter, and Ashburn Union	29084	43792	43029	40661	38110		
Brecon Old Bank	68271	48315	48223	46270	43505	Chatterfield and North Derbyshire	60701	10655	10786	10517	9835		
Brighton Union Bank	33794	17405	17420	16145	15775	Cumberland Union	10121	34210	35088	35108	35022		
Burlington and Driffield Bank	12745	12058	12030	12207	11968	Coventry and Warwickshire	35395	16731	18354	17293	16838		
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	3201	2291	2145	1919	1959	Coventry Union	28734	15410	16135	16170	16531		
Cambridge Bank	25744	13875	14827	13811	13698	County of Gloucester	16251	90834	91417	90644	90089		
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	49016	41315	40495	39745	38066	Carlisle and Cumberland	144352	23912	25021	25205	25362		
Canterbury Bank	33671	21743	23080	21418	21234	Carlisle City and District	25410	20258	19705	19793	20271		
Colchester Bank	25082	12725	12201	11603	11818	*County of Stafford	19972	8786	9533	9240	8800		
Colchester and Essex Bank	48704	25502	25071	26229	24914	Dudley and West Bromwich	37696	34406	35997	36230	35803		
Cornish Bank, Truro	49869	31325	32340	32785	32732	Derby and Derbyshire	20003	19035	18743	18804	17948		
City Bank, Exeter	21527	11850	11726	11424	11570	Darlington District Joint Stock	26134	25000	24100	24127	23901		
Craven Bank, Settle	77154	71102	72328	71983	72181	Gloucestershire	155920	139290	141207	138556	137317		
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	13332	11243	11346	10801	10485	Halifax Joint Stock	18534	1706	18075	17614	17639		
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	41304	28189	26995	27408	26670	Huddersfield	17354	34986	35676	35004	33930		
Derby Old Bank	27237	27384	27323	26782	27047	Hull	29333	13210	28866	29340	29879		
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	20674	4775	4660	4355	4069	Halifax Commercial	13793	41606	41533	41298	41514		
Darlington Bank	86218	83257	81975	80400	81804	Halifax and Huddersfield Union	44137	41608	41510	41002	40521		
Devonport Bank	10664	5155	5149	4949	5135	Helston	1503	1488	1400	1500	1475		
Dorchester Old Bank	48807	34000	34813	35704	34506	Knaresborough and Claro	28059	29676	26346	25839	25255		
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	112280	82517	80420	85800	87228	Lancaster	64311	56713	57254	57113	56626		
East Riding Bank, Beverley	63392	53181	55541	55714	54085	Leicestershire	80000	60459	61124	63343	56979		
Essex and Bishop's Stortford Bank	69637	36390	34894	33147	32973	Lincoln and Lindsey	51620	49265	50657	51172	50706		
Exeter Bank	37894	16642	16015	18334	17816	Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	13875	11405	12206	12945	11206		
Farnham Bank	14292	5979	6280	6221	6172	Ludlow and Tenbury	10215	8831	8452	8240	7855		
Faversham Bank	6681	5049	5290	5340	5691	Moors & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	35813	33663	34683	32713	32339		
Goehming Bank	6322	5597	5983	5875	5878	Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	29477	25981	24323	23828	24089		
Guildford Bank	14524	12155	12448	12075	11992	North Wilts	63939	28170	30141	32426	30385		
Grantham Bank	39372	20712	20122	20433	19607	Northamptonshire Union Bank	84556	60994	62147	60142	58683		
Hull and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	19079	10308	20050	19129	18637	Northamptonshire	26401	26993	28799	29444	29116		
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	66591	24390	24176	23935	24119	North and South Wales	63951	60276	61420	62667	59736		
Hertfordshire	5778	4474	4432	4305	4242	Parva's Leicestershire	69900	38226	52900	51732	51516		
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	38764	30441	29827	28042	28148	Sheffield	35843	36410	35649	36330	35392		
Ipswich Bank	21901	15069	15350	14650	14117	Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	55721	47095	45322	45268	44372		
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank	80699	43406	43321	43327	42460	Stuckey's Bristol and Somersetshire	356976	257767	297416	291075	292110		
Kentish Bank	19895	15710	16092	16078	15641	Shropshire	47951	42818	43683	42457	43501		
Kingston and Radnorshire Bank	26650	17554	17798	17029	16553	Stourbridge and Kidderminster	56830	48195	47168	47129	45856		
Knaresborough Old Bank	21825	19682	19156	20069	20391	Sheffield and Hallamshire	23524	20818	22200	22168	22865		
Kentish Bank	44663	41161	40575	40210	40125	Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock	52496	53027	52273	50661	51443		
Leeds Bank	139757	121501	124285	125950	129405	Swaledale and Wensleydale	54372	50020	49699	48215	46464		
Leeds Union Bank	37450	36359	37003	35955	34222	Wolverhampton and Staffordshire	35378	18894	20082	24110	22271		
Leicester Bank	32322	28207	27900	26425	25067	Wakefield and Barnsley Union	14604	13934	13842	13555	13877		
Levens Old Bank	44836	20373	20812	20881	20161	Whitehaven Joint Stock	31916	27993	27062	27021	27630		
Lincobank	100342	87145	88548	89955	86272	West of England & South Wales District	83535	80788	85947	82153	81894		
Llandoverly and Llandilo Bank	32945	30913	30008	27867	23544	Wilts and Dorset	76162	76211	76718	74726	74034		
Loughborough Bank	7359	7151	6812	6246	6415	West Riding Union	34029	33275	33933	34023	32905		
Lymington Bank	5038	2169	2126	2129	2180	Whitechapel and Ellesmere	7475	4235	3858	3690	3618		
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	42817	24376	24468	25097	25688	Worcester City and County, Limited	6848	921	788	804	680		
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	13917	11112	10835	10645	10333	York Union Banking	71240	71372	69766	70880	70795		
Macclesfield Bank	15760	10002	10484	10078	10411	York City and County	94605	89894	90752	91554	90220		
Merionethshire Bank	10906	3506	2937	2387	2358	Yorkshire	122532	119871	123393	118658	113317		
Miners' Bank	18688	17825	18243	18371	17891		2736640	2370172	2368446	2362365	2381673		
Momnouth Old Bank	16385	2604	2604	2945	2838	* Late Bilston District Banking Company.							
Newark Bank	28788	20740	20119	19781	19099	The subjoined returns show the average note circulation of the Scotch and Irish banks of issue during the four weeks ended July 12, 1873:—							
Newark and Sleaford Bank	51615	41210	40239	38052	36470	SCOTCH BANKS.							
Newbury Bank	36787	11837	12447	12025	12310	BANK.	Authorised Issue.	Average Circulation.	Average Amount of Coin held.				
Newmarket Bank	23098	14375	15497	14865	14140					Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh	343418	647759	406848
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	95519	80985	76652	74310	72847					Royal Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh	216451	681955	586497
Naval Bank, Plymouth	27321	19670	21390	20639	20639	British Linen Company, Edinburgh	438024	544103	288870				
New Sarum Bank	15659	4832	4902	4980	5217	Commercial Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh	374890	710936	470133				
Nottingham Bank	31047	31430	30115	30144	31474	National Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh	297024	554497	393663				
Oswestry Bank	18471	6906	7765	7265	6462	Union Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh	454346	752705	441666				
Oxford Old Bank	34391	29779	29120	29456	29005	Aberdeen Town and County Banking Co., Aberdeen	76133	176148	129656				
Old Bank, Toorbridge	13183	9258	10160	10575	9505	North of Scotland Banking Company, Aberdeen	154319	275750	152304				
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	11852	6626	6254	6396	6505	Clydesdale Banking Company, Glasgow	274321	509682	337515				
Pease's Old Bank, Hull	48807	49339	50020	49690	48800	City of Glasgow Bank, Glasgow	72921	600441	610699				
Penzance Bank	11405	10773	10440	10205	9917	Caledonian Banking Company, Inverness	53434	94537	63799				
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	37519	21154	21235	20426	20431	Total	2749271	5548810	3821550				
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	43271	23801	24217	24304	24170	IRISH BANKS.							
Richmond Bank	6889	6686	6195	5855	6192	Bank of Ireland	3738428	2927550	493656				
Royston Bank	16393	8994	8815	8315	7967	Provincial Bank of Ireland	927667	906977	388339				
Rye Bank	29864	6783	6917	6576	6712	Belfast Banking Company	281611	415813	245006				
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	47646	17372	17441	17227	17331	Northern Banking Company	243440	455123	290707				
Salon Bank	22338	5085	4935	4699	4950	Ulster Banking Company	431179	630982	405333				
Scarborough Old Bank	24813	24450	24428	24330	24114	National Bank	852269	1262400	762815				
Shewsbury Old Bank	43191	23990	24326	23815	23515	Total	6354464	6608845	2576656				
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	4789	1514	1606	1843	2073								
Southampton Town and County Bank	25350												

CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE following is a statement for July of the weekly circulation of the English Private and Joint Stock Banks, and of the Irish and Scotch Banks. Annexed is a summary of the returns of the English Banks:—

	Authoris'd Issues.	July 5.	July 12.	July 19.	July 26.
119 Private Banks.....	£ 3,926,232	£ 2,588,046	£ 2,598,079	£ 2,579,450	£ 2,563,124
56 Joint Stk. —	2,738,640	2,370,172	2,368,448	2,362,365	2,331,673
175 Totals.....	6,664,872	4,958,218	4,966,525	4,941,815	4,894,797

AVERAGE WEEKLY CIRCULATION of these BANKS for the MONTH ending July 26, 1873.

Private Banks	£ 2,582,225
Joint Stock Banks	2,358,164

Average weekly circulation of Private and Joint Stock Banks..... £ 4,940,389

During the last month the average circulation of the Scotch Banks was 5,548,810*l*, and of the Irish Banks, 6,608,845*l*; and including the average circulation of the Bank of England, the following is the total circulation of the United Kingdom for July:—

Bank of England, 5 weeks ending July 30	£ 26,023,356
English Private Banks, 4 weeks ending July 26	2,582,225
English Joint Stock Banks, 4 weeks ending July 26	2,358,164
Total for England	30,963,745
Scotch Banks to July 12	5,548,810
Irish Banks to July 12	6,608,845
Total for United Kingdom.....	43,121,400

On a comparison of these figures with those of the preceding month, ended June 28, it shows a total decrease of 46,139*l* in the circulation of the United Kingdom, viz:—

CIRCULATION of NOTES for July, 1873, as compared with the previous Month.

	July, 1873.	June, 1873.	Increase.	Decrease.
Bank of England	£ 26,023,356	£ 25,254,165	769,191	...
Private Banks	2,582,225	2,574,799	7,426	...
Joint Stock Banks.....	2,358,164	2,348,287	9,877	...
Total in England	30,963,745	30,177,251	786,494	...
Scotland	5,548,810	6,064,384	...	515,574
Ireland	6,608,845	6,925,904	...	317,059
Total	43,121,400	43,167,539	...	832,633
Less increase .....	...	...	...	786,494
Net decrease.....	...	...	...	46,139

As compared with the corresponding month of 1872, there are the following changes:—

A DECREASE in the notes of the Bank of England of	£ 254,112
— — — Private Banks of	85,649
— — — Joint Stock Banks of.....	9,910
— — — Irish Banks of.....	817,368
Decrease	1,167,037
AN INCREASE in the notes of the Scotch Banks of.....	225,890
Net decrease on previous year in United Kingdom	941,147

It also appears by the above returns that—

The English Private Banks are below their authorised issues.....	£ 1,344,007
The English Joint Stock Banks are below their authorised issues	386,476
Total below fixed issues	1,724,483
The Scotch Banks are above their authorised issues	2,799,539
The Irish Banks are above their authorised issues	254,351
Total above the authorised issues	3,053,890

The return of bullion in the Bank of England for the month ending July 30 gives an aggregate average in both departments of 22,730,082*l*. On a comparison of this with the return for the month ending June 25, there appears to be an increase of 1,275,868*l*, and a decrease of 516,095*l*, as compared with the same period of last year. The stock of specie held by the banks in Scotland and Ireland during the month ending July 12 was 6,398,206*l*, being a decrease of 453,192*l* on the previous month, and a decrease of 38,247*l* on the corresponding period last year.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The committee on coal have ascertained various facts and formed various opinions. Of the former, some of the most important appear to be these. The recent disturbance in the minds of the workmen and the working of the Mines Regulation Act have together caused a reduction in the time of labour. According to the statistics available, which are only approximate for years preceding 1872, the quantity of coal raised per man had advanced from 309 tons in the year 1864 to 317 tons in 1871; but in 1872 the quantity fell to 299 tons. The evidence given in some individual cases shows that the quantity raised per man has diminished in the last year; and, on the whole, the committee think that the diminution in the yield per man employed in getting coal in the mine since 1871 is not much less than that shown in the table. Another fact brought out is, that there is no doubt of the capacity of existing collieries to keep up the present supply of coal, and that with an adequate provision of suitable labour the supply could be largely increased; but a period of time extending over several months

is requisite to open out or extend new workings and to qualify workmen who have been otherwise engaged for the special employment in the collieries. The committee have received sufficient evidence to show that the operations are now going on, stimulated by the present high prices, and they see no reason to doubt that in a short time the collieries now existing, and others likely to be opened, will be capable of producing a large increase of marketable coal. The committee would call particular attention to the evidence, showing that the double-shift system in working the collieries tends both to increased facility and greater economy in production. Some conclusions come to by the committee are as follows:—The aggregate result of labour will not be less in future than in former times. The double-shift system is advantageous, and it is to be hoped that it will be extensively adopted. The general conclusion to be drawn from the whole evidence is that though the production of coal increased in 1872 in a smaller ratio than it had increased in the years immediately preceding, yet if an adequate supply of labour can be obtained the increase of production will shortly keep pace with that of the last few years. Another branch of the subject is considered in the following way by the committee:—In London, as the largest example of the effect of the disturbance in the coal trade for domestic purposes, it appears from the evidence of a large coal merchant that the average prices at the present time, compared with preceding years, for the best house coal, taken as a standard, are as follows:—1868, 18s 7d; 1869, 18s 8d; 1870, 18s 6d; 1871, 19s 3d; 1872, 24s 11d; 1873, for five months, 32s 6d; but it is to be observed that these are the prices of coal bought in ship-loads and delivered into a barge, or on a wharf, over the ship's side, the coal tax being borne by the seller, and that the actual price to the consumer of coal delivered on his premises is generally taken in the trade to be about 5s or 6s above the wholesale market rate when it was low, and 6s or 7s now that it is high, to cover all the intermediate charges and losses. In London the price on the Coal Exchange reached 45s for two days in February last. The committee see no reason whatever to believe that any effort has been made by the colliery owners to restrict the supply of coal for the purpose of creating, by such artificial means, a scarcity in the market. The supply, they think, will accommodate itself to the demand without any aid or interference from Government, and such a course as the latter is deprecated.

An official return of vessels registered under the Merchant Shipping Acts in 1868 and in 1872 presents the following figures:—The total for the British Empire was:—In 1868, 36,864 sailing vessels, of 6,259,624 tons, and in 1872, 32,461, of 5,573,190 tons; in 1868, 3,477 steam vessels, of 977,292 tons, and in 1872, 4,343, of 1,640,639 tons—total sailing and steam vessels in 1868, 40,341, of 7,236,916 tons, and in 1872, 36,804, of 7,213,829 tons. The estimated number of the crews was 340,516 in 1868, and 329,405 in 1872. Comparing 1868 and 1872 it will be seen that the work is done with more steam and less sail. The number of registered sailing and steam vessels of the United Kingdom (exclusive of river steamers) actually employed in the home and foreign trade of the United Kingdom was 22,250, of 5,516,434 tons in 1868, and 22,554, of 5,761,608 tons in 1872. This last figure is the only one showing any material increase. The general deduction is, that our extra trade has been carried on with foreign vessels, while British shipping has decreased in tonnage and crews have been economised.

The Eastern Telegraph Company announce the opening of a duplicate cable from Cornwall to Spain, and a reduction of the rate. Messages intended for transmission by the new route should be ordered "via Falmouth and Vigo." Important telegrams for the South of Spain should continue to be sent "via Lisbon." The rate by this route remains unaltered until the 1st July, when it will be made a uniform one for all Spanish correspondence by both of the Eastern Companies' lines. On the same date the rate to Portugal will be reduced.

The return for 1871 of the Highway Boards in England and Wales places the total receipts at 1,438,977*l*, an increase of 44,657*l* on those of the preceding year; the total expenditure is 1,402,872*l*, an increase of 4,782*l*. The number of returns is reduced by 60, being now 15,382. The rates or assessments amount to 1,362,648*l*, and show an increase of 32,687*l*, the rest of the increase in the other receipts arising from miscellaneous sources. The principal items of expenditure are:—Manual labour, 506,388*l*; material, 368,632*l*; team labour, 195,425*l*; salaries, 101,073*l*.

As cotton has fallen in value, tea, coffee, jute, rice, and hides show a remarkable increase. In five years the export of Assam tea has just doubled, and the best authorities say that this figure will be increased threefold at the end of another five, not merely by extension of cultivation, but by improved agricultural and manufacturing methods. While the value of the jute export has risen to above 4,000,000*l* sterling, the nascent manufacturing enterprise of Bengal shows itself in the exportation chiefly to America, Australia, and the Straits Settlements of 188,212*l* worth of gunny bags and cloths, after supplying the enormous local demand.

A statistical report on the traffic of the stations belonging to the German Telegraph Union—which includes all Germany, with the exclusion of the kingdoms of Bavaria and Wurtemberg—has just been presented to the German Parliament. At the close of last year there were 13,219 German miles of wires (being 11,396 miles more than at the end of 1871), working over a superficial area of 8,155 German square miles. The number of the telegraph stations opened was 1,393, through which were forwarded 8,249,223 messages, the gross receipts amounting to 3,474,806 thalers. As the population of the Union was 34,353,511, it follows that 240 telegrams were sent off by every thousand inhabitants, who paid for them 101 thalers. The largest amount of business fell to the share of Berlin, where alone 727,927 thalers were received for messages, and of these 271,799 thalers were paid for 874,408 telegrams from the station in the Exchange, which, reckoning 300 working days in the year, gives an average of 2,915 messages per day. Second on the list stands Hamburg, where the receipts were 405,788 thalers, of which 226,156 thalers, or more than half, were produced by telegrams

to other countries, whilst the foreign telegraphic correspondence at Berlin only amounted to 183,490 thalers. The station at Bremen brought in 136,886 thalers, of which, however, only a very small part (3,193 thalers) were for telegrams to foreign countries.

The general instability of Hungarian banks has, according to a Vienna paper, necessitated the introduction of a branch of the Austrian National Bank into Pesth, and however much the feeling of the former country may have been against such a proceeding, it is recognised both by Austrian and Hungarian governments to be advisable. The privileges of the present National Bank will, it appears, be continued preliminarily for 10 years, and the new branch will be substantially under the same directorship as the head institution. The profits from this extension are expected to be substantial and to help the amortisation of the 80 million (fl) debt, which otherwise would necessitate a long continuance of the present institution's charter. It is not yet settled on account of the occasionally favoured opposition of private entrepreneurs, but a good deal of new capital will have to be subscribed in one form or another to gain such an establishment.

A report recently prepared at the British Legation in Pekin shows that between 1864 and 1871 the foreign trade of China increased from 31,590,026/ to 45,915,193/—namely, the imports into China from 15,388,073/ in 1864 to 23,457,028/ in 1871; and the exports from China from 16,201,953/ in 1864 to 22,458,165/ in 1871. The Customs revenue increased from 2,624,752/ in 1864 to 3,738,715/ in 1871. Mr Wade, the British Minister at Pekin, considers it indisputable that the British trader pays at least three-fourths of the Customs duties. The trade of the United States with China is stated at only 3,629,655/ in 1871; but Mr Malet, Secretary of Legation, states in the report that the progress of their trade with China since 1864 has been relatively greater than Great Britain's, and they are likely, eventually, to prove our most formidable competitors. The value of the imports of cotton goods into China has increased from 4,385,180/ in 1867, to 6,692,382/ in 1871, but the import of woollen goods declined in the same period from 2,217,367/ to 1,429,765/, and of imported metal from 1,213,380/ in 1870 to 731,564/ in 1871. The value of the silk exports from China in 1871 was 7,552,289/, and of tea 11,870,009/.

The annual average value of the trade of India with the United Kingdom and all foreign countries may be considered as 100,000,000/ sterling. The highest point ever reached by the sea-borne trade was in 1866-7, when the enormous price and enlarged supply of Indian cotton raised the value to nearly 124,000,000/, or 123,813,004/. Since that year the price of cotton, as well as the quantity exported, has steadily fallen to what may now be regarded as its normal level, yielding as it did last year only 14,022,108/, for 494,214,447lbs, against nearly 40,000,000/ sterling in 1866-7. The growth of the foreign trade is, perhaps, the most remarkable feature in the material progress of India, of which it is to a great extent the outcome. The East India Company's monopoly resulted up to 1813-14 in a trade of the value of only 7,000,000/ sterling that year. The year before the Mutiny, 1856-7, saw the trade at 55½ millions. The activity, healthy and unhealthy, created by the Mutiny campaigns raised this figure temporarily, but when the American war began to force England to India for more cotton at a high price, and to take jute and other produce in greater quantities, the value was 74½ millions in 1862-3. That rose annually to 92, to 117, and finally to 124 millions, when the unexpected close of the war sent it down, in 1867-8, to 95½ millions sterling. The annual average of the past five years has been about 100,000,000/. Since 1834-35 the trade of Bengal, Bombay, and Madras has thus increased comparatively:—

Year.	Bengal.	Bombay.	Madras.
	£	£	£
1834-35	6,803,955	5,889,446	1,648,891
1865-66	42,498,124	66,951,593	12,263,280
1872-73	41,186,472	34,254,648	16,354,703

If we turn to the smaller ports of Burmah and Sind the contrast is even more striking. Taking the year 1868-69 as our starting point, the trade of Kurrachee has fallen off to 997,186/ in 1872-73, having lost 579,246/ in value in the five years. That of British Burmah rose to 5,548,921/ last year, having gained 1,667,085/ in the five years, and that from so scanty a population as 2½ millions. But the wealth of India lies in its exports. The following table shows the advance during the last 20 years:—

	EXPORTS.		
	1850-51.	1864-65.	1872-73.
	£	£	£
Coffee	100,509	801,908	846,601
Cotton, raw	3,474,789	37,573,637	19,188,674
Cotton, goods	673,549	1,043,960	763,168
Indigo	1,980,886	1,860,141	1,823,926
Rice	752,294	5,573,537	3,709,719
Wheat & grain	324,444	382,871	236,378
Hides and skins	196,936	725,236	1,002,079
Jute	4,459,135	1,307,844	1,310,545
Opium	339,514	9,911,804	12,187,765
Seeds	619,319	1,912,433	2,155,711
Silk, raw	1,523,965	1,165,901	1,490,768
Sugar	68,285	765,110	92,113
Tea .....	...	...	705,591
Wool, raw .....	...	1,151,002	584,965

Great changes are proceeding in the commerce of our West Indian possessions, which are now sending us their tropical produce in immense quantities, and this has been to a considerable extent influenced by the introduction of steam shipping in the carriage of cargo which hitherto has been brought in sailing vessels. The Cunard Company are now running a regular line of steamers for the special necessities of this increasing traffic, and only last week the Trinidad, one of their steamships, arrived in the Clyde, and, in addition to the mails and passengers, was full of sugar, rum, cocoa, and whale-fins, which, until lately, was a species of cargo supposed to belong exclusively to sailing ships.

It seems that the Clearing House Banks of New York had only \$49,100,000 of legal tenders in their possession at the end of the past half-year. This amount is \$14,000,000 less than the average for the same date of the last two years; and in this respect they are in a much worse position for meeting the inevitable fall demand for local

discounts and for currency for the interior than ever before. If, therefore, a return of stringency is to be avoided, it is absolutely necessary that the banks be provided with some other form of reserve than legal tenders; and that requirement is being met by the Treasury through its sales of coin. The following statement shows the amount of Treasury gold sold during the first seven months of last year and this:—

	1873.	1872.
	dollars	dollars
January	5,000,000	2,000,000
February	6,000,000	2,000,000
March	6,000,000	none
April	6,000,000	4,000,000
May	6,000,000	10,000,000
June	7,000,000	8,000,000
July	5,500,000	4,000,000
Totals.....	41,500,000	30,000,000

The sales for the first seven months exceed those of last year by \$11,500,000; and at the same time the amount of coin in the banks is only \$4,800,000 more than a year ago, which amount does not by any means make up for the depletion in the legal tenders. The net result makes the banks in question by \$9,200,000 weaker than at the same time in the preceding years.

The construction of new railways is now being carried on with very great activity in Peru. Amongst the new lines, foremost in importance is that from Arequipa to Puno, the length of which is 222 miles, and the cost 6,000,000/. It is expected that this line will be completed during the present year. Another important line is that from Puno to Cuzco, which has just been commenced, and which will be completed next year. The length of it is 230 miles, and the cost 4,687,500/. The construction of a new line has also been commenced in Peru from Chimbote to Huaraz, the length of which is 172 miles, and the cost 4,500,000/. The date of completion, it is said, will be 1876. Other new Government railways being constructed in Peru are as follows:—Callao and Orayo, now about half finished, length 130 miles, cost 5,175,000/; Ilo to Moquegua, length 63 miles, cost 1,256,250/; and the Pacasmayo, Guadeloupe, and Magdalena line, the length of which is 83 miles, the cost 1,331,250/, and which, it is anticipated, will be completed during the present year. In addition to these railways in course of construction there are several other lines being built by private individuals. Amongst these may be mentioned the line from Lima to Pisco, the length of which is 144 miles, and the cost 1,875,000/; another is a line which will probably be finished in 1876, from Tacna to Bolivia, and which is 108 miles in length, and the construction of which will cost 1,125,000/. There are also being constructed a line from Paita to Pura, cost 337,800/, length 63 miles, and a line from Huacho to Sayan, which it is estimated will cost 450,000/, being 36 miles long. The completion of a railway has been effected from Lima to Huacho, the length of which is 89½ miles, and the cost 750,000/. In addition to the lines we have already enumerated, there are several other railways projected, which will be shortly commenced. Most of these have been originated by the State, and a few by private individuals. Altogether it is estimated that the total length of new railways projected in Peru, and the construction of which will be speedily commenced, is 1,529 miles, and the cost nearly 40,000,000/. The English railway companies are, too, already working in Peru. One line is from Arica to Tacna, with 6 per cent. security, which is 40 miles long; another similar line is from Callao to Lima, 15½ miles long. The cost of the construction of these two railways was about 1,125,000/. Calculating upon the data thus furnished with regard to Peruvian railways, the result is arrived at that there are now in the country lines traced with an aggregate length of 2,979 miles, and a total value of 71,671,875/, so that to every 10 square miles, and for each thousand inhabitants, there is one mile of railway. To the amount above stated, however, there should be added the sum of about 16,000,000/ spent chiefly upon water works, besides large sums required for the ramifications of some railways, and which, it is said, amount in the aggregate to the very large total of 23,000,000/.

The returns of the New South Wales revenue for the first quarter are also in every respect encouraging. The sudden advance of last year is fully maintained. The net increase on the quarter, as compared with the corresponding period of last year, is 203,953/. At this rate the gross total at the end of the year will show 800,000/ in excess of 1872's gross receipts (2,812,379/). This state of things will enable the Treasurer to abolish the *ad valorem* duties, and to get his loan (1,901,500/) on easy terms. The debentures are not to exceed 4 per cent. It is a somewhat anomalous fact that the price of debentures is higher in Sydney than in London. The Treasurer will, therefore, have his choice of a market. If the value of money is likely to rise in London, the colony will probably borrow the whole sum at once, and re-invest (for the expenditure will extend over three years). The Government is in no immediate need of money. Mining operations continue active. Three of the gold commissioners have sent in reports to the House. They all speak of the folly of promoters and shareholders, and concur in the high promises of the gold mining enterprise. Copper is being worked to great advantage, and tin in places. The report of the cattle inspector states that there has been an increase in sheep during the year of 1,107,684, so that the sheep now stand at 17,873,696.

The railroads of the United States show a very gratifying increase of earnings for the month of June. The gain has been especially large on Chicago and North-Western, Lake Shore, Central Pacific, St Paul, Erie, and Toledo, and Wabash. The increase is due principally to the very large amount of grain coming over the Chicago system of roads, and to the lateness of the opening of navigation, which was followed by a great rush of produce over the roads. The following statement gives the earnings of 18 roads:—Gross earnings in June, 1873, \$10,872,910; 1872, \$8,831,787; net increase 1873, \$2,031,120. The following statement shows the gross earnings from January 1 to June 30:—1873, \$56,884,585; 1872, \$51,849,405; net increase, \$5,035,180.

S U P P L E M E N T T O
The Economist.
(G R A T I S .)

Accounts Relating to Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873.

I.—An Account of the Imports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, showing the Consumption of Duty-Paying Articles, in the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.		Principal Articles.		Quantities.		Value.		
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	
Alkali.....cwt	58,434	68,392	103,600	107,950	Copper—Ore—From Spain	5,760	3,098	92,011	51,400	£	£
Animals, Living—Oxen and Bulls	70,186	84,321	1,342,720	1,705,850	Chili	376	8,298	13,596	134,847		
Cows	21,363	23,399	310,865	438,700	Australia	1,240	2,177	16,036	30,658		
Calves	27,129	32,645	91,454	161,137	Other Countries	23,070	22,201	381,096	370,844		
Sheep	572,482	606,605	1,142,222	1,251,586	Total	30,446	35,774	502,739	587,749		
Swine	10,388	40,415	33,905	131,653	Regulus—From Chili	17,800	14,634	712,925	622,670		
Bacon	1,441,417	2,031,881	2,946,132	4,050,930	Other Countries	3,189	4,383	119,915	198,834		
Bark—For tanners' and dyers' use	270,419	329,894	107,952	121,415	Total	20,989	19,017	832,840	801,504		
Peruvian	19,375	29,546	186,782	289,389	Unwrought, or part Wrought—From Chili	17,566	12,349	1,661,970	1,064,700		
Beef—Salted	131,743	154,492	230,419	298,606	Australia	7,119	7,954	687,383	737,802		
Fresh or slightly Salted	26,899	35,449	63,508	81,655	Other Countries	6,804	2,303	613,582	202,026		
Bones, whether burnt or not, or as animal	71,863	41,339	471,634	267,350	Total	31,489	22,606	2,962,935	2,004,528		
charcoal—For Manure	702,764	659,150	239,097	212,609	Corn—Wheat—From Russia	11,468,766	6,827,936	6,663,088	4,345,048		
Brimstone	1,715,005	1,482,115	316,800	239,925	Denmark	128,832	248,347	84,949	167,166		
Bristles	760,145	810,021	4,015,931	4,337,078	Germany	2,272,093	1,305,375	1,512,169	920,309		
Butter	107,026	98,014	1,233,576	1,105,254	France	333,123	1,169,103	207,653	746,837		
Caoutchouc	614,335	845,273	1,732,667	2,520,761	Austrian Territories	41,962	15,009	25,074	10,239		
Cheese	71,366	70,487	632,957	617,955	Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia ..	661,264	262,257	353,676	152,591		
Chemical Manufactures and Products un-	61,453	63,040	49,825	53,167	Egypt	1,582,352	974,738	786,341	529,555		
enumerated	254,431	264,490	307,108	282,877	United States	4,372,168	11,754,806	2,816,375	7,622,924		
Chicory { Imports	23,704	20,880	309,845	273,649	Chili	1,000,454	1,154,216	649,131	719,794		
Home Consumption	13,284,369	15,372,502	383,800	477,826	British North America	456,019	1,580,353	295,244	1,026,854		
Clocks	5,073,552	5,469,632	383,800	477,826	Other Countries	843,178	2,451,385	557,903	1,642,712		
Cochineal	529,331	608,700	1,794,050	2,570,087	Total	23,160,211	27,744,135	13,951,603	17,784,929		
Cocoa { Imports	234,354	220,115	832,891	968,793	Coffee—From Ceylon	8,347,612	6,162,668	3,205,631	2,624,178		
Home Consumption	76,974	127,333	972,622	522,559	Other British Possessions	7,920,361	8,816,902	2,867,000	3,498,227		
Coffee	132,963	182,271	593,456	814,478	Brazil	702,818	865,898	369,304	369,304		
Central America	123,489	153,730	418,427	673,903	Other Countries	2,012,299	1,885,480	298,492	783,546		
Other Countries	1,097,114	1,292,149	3,851,579	5,547,820	Barley						
Total { Imports	155,293	193,788			Oats						
Home Consumption					Peas						
					Beans						

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Corn—(Com.)—Indian Corn or Maize...cwt.	15,490,384	12,588,475	5,530,183	4,264,413
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany..	619,815	430,534	569,923	421,423
United States	239,682	1,574,090	343,024	1,509,794
British North America	301,210	750,172	239,437	657,651
Other Countries	164,491	265,892	143,075	233,140
Total	606,729	1,248,108	615,524	1,198,359
Indian Corn Meal	2,061,957	4,268,796	1,910,983	4,011,338
Cotton Raw—From United States ..cwt.	4,420,158	5,929,204	20,570,954	25,575,598
Brazil	823,661	461,143	3,892,126	2,073,104
Turkey	52,987	50,336	217,475	194,948
Egypt	982,279	1,058,262	4,800,681	5,923,100
British India	2,967,126	2,206,232	9,809,598	6,622,968
Other Countries	260,551	249,416	1,184,587	1,056,020
Total	9,505,862	9,957,593	40,475,331	40,545,748
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	...	...	1,052,548	1,060,522
Curants { Imports	219,374	122,315	286,416	165,291
Home Consumption	395,510	378,690	66,238	116,920
Cutch	2,956	5,478	1,302,870	1,797,759
Eggs	3,319,604	4,261,643	289,973	371,085
Fish, Cured or Salted.....cwt.	227,761	219,684	2,003,016	2,180,994
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or	836,468	1,014,640	363,487	408,450
Codilla of—From Russia	163,887	188,537	268,837	400,638
Germany	91,687	134,073	705,132	798,415
Holland	230,814	236,955	88,857	43,461
Belgium	40,689	22,224	3,429,329	3,831,358
Other Countries	1,363,545	1,596,429	...	...
Total .....	...	...	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Gambier.....tons	13,998	13,187	287,067	307,639
Glass—Window and German Sheet, includ-	298,665	287,309	246,089	272,456
ing Shades and Cylinders	43,453	50,219	187,937	206,611
Flint	29,869	25,283	81,948	88,627
Plate, silvered or not	101,692	143,711	286,585	371,288
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old	76,563	101,220	737,455	1,114,333
Broken	31,977	32,833	86,096	115,662
Guano	56,188	37,759	322,441	264,894
Gum—Arabic	29,872	32,470	235,061	271,050
Lac, Seed, Shell, Stick, and Dye	114,338	151,350	289,700	418,979
Gutta Percha	129,347	123,969	45,231	27,821
Hams	311,282	173,082	564,591	294,092
Hats or Bonnets of Straw	158,295	291,250	359,247	404,348
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or	11,776	7,101	22,615	14,513
Codilla of—From Russia	46,999	36,286	54,421	41,295
Italy	94,387	184,229	211,904	399,319
Austrian Territories	138,456	207,646	252,171	352,681
British India	770,715	809,585	1,455,949	1,506,248
Philippine Islands .....	...	...	...	...
Other Countries .....	...	...	...	...
Total .....	...	...	...	...
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned,	351,092	247,669	1,369,397	968,049
Tawed, Curried, or in any way Dressed	220,736	170,944	785,899	705,164
—Dry—From British India .....	...	...	...	...
Other Countries	571,828	418,613	2,095,296	1,673,213
Total .....	...	...	...	...
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and	120,091	205,532	381,365	690,158
Uruguay	75,516	98,488	228,140	339,283
Brazil	12,637	23,621	30,593	65,958
Australia	185,015	197,025	528,464	611,213
Other Countries	392,659	524,666	1,168,472	1,706,612
Total .....	...	...	...	...
Tanned, Tawed, &c., or in any way dressed, lbs	17,690,525	19,898,651	1,145,173	1,292,987
Indigo	56,476	51,336	321,789	225,427
Iron and Steel—Iron—Bars Unwrought, tons	81,813	71,613	2,366,630	2,073,682
Iron Manufactures	48,661	41,769	520,865	536,183
Steel—Unwrought	524,981	380,985	752,605	629,995
Jute	4,451	6,886	57,739	103,166
Lard	3,634,612	3,561,011	3,108,441	2,773,059
Lead, Pig and Sheet	547,323	501,359	1,233,077	1,081,984
Leather Manufactures—	52,915	40,641	1,131,845	981,617
Boots and Shoes	30,803	25,424	99,571	95,319
Gloves, of Leather	774,922	633,973	1,039,989	841,307

Principal Articles.	Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the Twelve Months from	
	Sept. 1, 1870, to Aug. 31, 1871.	Sept. 1, 1871, to Aug. 31, 1872.
Wheat	34,744,046	39,070,999
Wheat Flour	8,017,856	9,016,282
Barley	4,391,672	4,637,152
Oats	7,067,092	6,692,899
Peas	10,460,616	12,893,196
Beans	986,381	12,463,539
Indian Corn	2,191,921	241,406
Total	16,374,862	22,706,665

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder	100,147	77,683	290,511	183,221
Root	62,061	28,641	155,476	63,231
Garancine	27,150	27,793	179,241	198,242
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	37,715	49,494	91,378	128,135
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	214,248	173,209	548,463	504,166
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba)	1,117,796	1,558,711	860,223	1,184,069
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti...tuns	11,266	10,706	521,504	496,864
Palm	607,612	607,332	1,091,277	1,059,566
Cocoa-nut	284,279	187,324	555,735	323,436
Olive	16,839	27,860	861,217	1,238,090
Seed, of all kinds	9,822	9,453	378,228	360,396
Turpentine	142,582	156,805	313,718	298,508
Oil Seed Cakes	95,612	90,088	879,645	852,355
Oranges and Lemons.....bushels	1,558,387	1,454,203	781,933	710,384
Paper for Printing or Writing—From Belgium	83,400	65,943	238,494	239,919
Holland	15,289	7,736	51,301	32,231
Sweden	21,940	31,121	33,001	47,290
France	7,248	15,523	33,389	53,379
Other Countries	8,482	7,099	17,369	19,158
Total	136,359	127,422	373,554	391,977
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From Belgium .....	...	...	57,165	65,870
Holland .....	...	...	64,076	62,732
France .....	...	...	39,529	57,337
Other Countries .....	...	...	94,191	110,052
Total .....	...	...	254,961	295,991
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined	13,963	36,961	242,134	583,110
Pork—Salted (not Hams)	172,886	189,575	350,206	409,815
Potatoes	5,706	4,939	11,500	12,954
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits)	1,068,987	6,276,958	364,470	1,838,729
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore .....	...	...	88,567	118,856
Quicksilver	401,675	374,356	1,043,449	959,036
Rags and other Materials for making Paper	2,299,388	2,248,461	333,998	379,567
—Linen and Cotton Rags	15,961	10,788	261,259	192,013
Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	84,795	75,034	649,045	592,767
Raisins { Imports	78,502	36,579	139,088	60,724
{ Home Consumption	107,015	102,048	...	...
Rice, not in the Husk	3,042,964	3,761,141	1,532,261	1,887,440

Principal Articles.

Value.

Quantities.

Principal Articles.

Value.

Quantities.

Principal Articles.

Value.

Quantities.

Principal Articles.

Value.

Quantities.

Principal Articles.

Value.

Rosin	597,297	643,134	313,463	327,670
Saltpetre	261,189	243,770	336,051	321,206
Seeds—Clover and Grass	194,452	210,228	537,679	512,051
Cotton	146,828	159,121	1,232,948	1,230,343
Flax and Linseed	708,297	649,401	2,150,110	1,879,673
Rape	166,519	94,328	408,663	239,651
Silk—Raw—From China	924,974	1,094,103	924,839	1,122,597
British India	263,451	283,192	291,595	303,664
Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan	1,302,537	655,883	1,426,912	721,369
Other Countries	1,138,630	853,451	1,259,398	975,635
Total	3,629,622	2,886,629	3,902,744	3,123,265
Knubs or Husks of Silk, and Waste...cwts	21,009	20,155	398,499	308,505
Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed—From France	26,111	24,083	39,297	45,300
Other Countries	20,219	10,526	30,707	12,689
Total	46,330	34,609	70,004	57,989
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe —Broad Stuffs—From France...value £	...	...	2,142,383	2,271,915
Belgium .....	...	...	1,228,035	1,041,175
Other Countries .....	...	...	58,110	52,772
Total .....	...	...	3,428,528	3,365,862
Ribbons, Silk, or Satin—From France .....	...	...	909,611	792,030
Other Countries .....	...	...	159,833	221,527
Total .....	...	...	1,069,444	1,013,557
Ribbons, other kinds—From Belgium .....	...	...	150,372	197,385
Other Countries .....	...	...	76,157	256,704
Total .....	...	...	226,529	454,089
Plush used for making Hats.....	...	...	31,602	25,809
Of Countries out of Europe .....	...	...	173,873	207,373
Spices—Cinnamon	722,130	744,815	70,104	80,578
Ginger	28,947	23,529	67,395	61,680
Pepper	16,504,408	14,452,511	439,894	460,133

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed—				
{ Imports proof gallons				
{ Home Consumption.....				
Rum	4,681,666	4,539,177	497,936	479,130
{ Imports proof gallons	2,551,887	3,008,858		
{ Home Consumption.....	2,503,976	4,229,460		
Brandy	2,474,632	2,640,446	912,532	1,440,761
{ Imports cwts	966,620	1,243,857		
{ Home Consumption.....	456,617	673,112	120,421	129,786
Other Sorts				
{ Imports cwts	1,124,357	1,554,383		
{ Home Consumption.....	1,168,511	1,496,222	2,055,638	2,673,660
Sugar—Refined				
{ Imports cwts	2,718,111	3,016,391	3,635,143	3,727,027
{ Home Consumption.....	293,769	280,117	329,925	296,852
Unrefined, Imports—From British West Indies and Guiana	721,337	661,798	1,011,416	910,700
{ Imports cwts	1,858,996	1,736,941	2,620,651	2,187,665
{ Home Consumption.....	1,386,295	1,574,203	1,726,961	1,671,046
Brazil	612,872	710,574	768,477	825,434
Java and Philippine Islands	1,560,329	1,818,183	2,067,784	2,329,978
Other Countries				
{ Imports cwts	9,151,700	9,798,207	12,160,357	11,948,702
{ Home Consumption.....				
Total				
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption—				
1st Class	275,516	444,800	...	...
2nd Class	2,153,899	2,552,545	...	...
3rd Class	2,070,369	2,459,673	...	...
4th Class	3,536,032	3,206,572	...	...
Total	8,035,816	8,723,590	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana	139,230	126,561	84,082	62,471
Spanish West Indies	11,586	21,788	6,491	9,353
Other Countries	244,209	231,817	118,919	111,173
Total	395,025	380,166	208,592	182,997
{ Imports cwts	363,964	379,105		
{ Home Consumption.....	928,660	957,158	1,992,278	1,980,447
Tallow and Stearine	86,492	68,896	93,359	92,569
Tar				
{ Imports barrels	10,323,767	10,491,874	752,776	763,900
{ Home Consumption.....	102,311,077	69,568,095	6,823,375	4,771,116
Tea—British India	6,637,972	5,347,692	512,590	364,224
China (including Hong Kong and Macao)				
Other Countries	119,272,816	85,407,571	8,088,741	5,899,240
Total	85,658,203	88,080,837		
{ Imports cwts	7,413	7,772	218,150	257,527
{ Home Consumption.....	125,331	113,150	841,821	787,131
Tooth, Elephants', &c.....				
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus				

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured	23,824,618	47,741,531	908,954	1,564,876
{ Imports lbs	28,208,176	29,404,129		
{ Home Consumption.....	2,437,091	3,135,352	751,777	1,001,859
Manufac. and Snuff	710,401	809,734	320	1,346
{ Imports cwts	1,009	2,033	467,793	422,108
{ Home Consumption.....	27,455	23,586	218,764	248,972
Turpentine, common				
{ Imports cwts	10,107	13,624	6,424	8,830
{ Home Consumption.....	4,136	20,489	7,049	7,049
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in South Africa	12,898	20,489	4,136	4,136
{ Imports gallons	334,257	322,039	53,944	51,656
{ Home Consumption.....	453,219	393,869	295,907	265,060
Foreign—From Germany	2,444,775	3,073,884	711,079	839,443
Holland	1,098,358	1,204,954	1,143,293	1,208,654
France	2,543,821	2,751,227	885,806	927,740
{ Red	62,891	53,644	34,490	27,927
{ White	975,522	887,409	140,425	118,982
Portugal	4,997,307	4,891,382	1,818,886	1,760,130
Madeira	529,547	496,110	112,545	96,476
Spain	127,995	127,605	64,670	62,709
Italy				
Other Countries	13,590,667	14,242,297	5,270,705	5,374,656
Total	6,068,676	6,839,967	1,771,795	1,929,829
{ Red	7,523,991	7,402,330	3,498,910	3,444,827
{ White				
Wine Entered for Home Consumption—				
From France	2,237,915	2,794,869	...	...
{ Red	1,035,898	1,089,217	...	...
{ White	2,209,562	2,209,562	...	...
Portugal	2,118,094	2,209,562	...	...
{ Red	631,577	670,989	...	...
{ White	4,025,717	3,934,200	...	...
Spain	1,305,941	1,187,289	...	...
Other Countries	11,355,142	11,885,226	...	...
Total	5,105,668	5,784,035	...	...
{ Red	6,249,474	6,101,191	...	...
{ White	162,887	170,192	335,636	381,880
Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia—loads	330,516	433,755	570,590	936,438
Sweden and Norway	190,776	180,496	581,615	689,752
Germany	226,442	180,786	864,747	864,747
British North America	242,952	310,051	900,106	864,747
Other Countries	1,153,573	1,275,280	835,257	1,153,504
Total	347,385	315,048	3,223,194	4,026,321
Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From Russia	923,875	871,207	817,183	855,608
Sweden and Norway	394,821	396,517	1,998,512	2,418,853
British North America	111,197	122,196	1,081,390	1,294,052
Other Countries	1,177,278	1,704,998	374,812	501,114
Total			4,261,897	5,039,627

Principal Articles	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood-(Con.)--Staves of all dimensions..loads	33,355	45,700	£ 312,661	£ 446,164
Mahogany	20,704	33,786	223,786	332,414
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'-From Countries in Europe.....	25,323,764	20,112,775	1,451,573	1,142,530
British Possessions in South Africa ..	22,672,949	26,880,649	1,471,271	1,827,371
British India	15,295,177	14,210,409	677,068	644,809
Australia	161,641,453	174,084,180	10,067,618	11,022,421
Other Countries	25,716,670	19,180,333	1,198,873	898,144
Total	250,650,013	254,474,346	14,865,803	15,535,275
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	2,865,566	3,043,258	377,062	374,369
Goats' Wool or Hair	4,000,386	3,496,239	479,378	405,396
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool	46,800,320	38,834,880	363,604	312,632
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	9,267,080	8,752,283	1,071,966	1,003,962

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Bark, Peruvian	11,062	18,682	Silk Manufactures — Of Countries in Europe—Broadstuffs	114,031	55,603
Caoutchouc	42,426	34,635	Ribbons	9,896	12,400
Cocoa.....lbs	3,876,615	3,956,605	Of Countries out of Europe	34,912	40,879
Cochineal	13,845	12,167	Spices—Cinnamon	649,575	580,427
Coffee	845,070	846,589	Pepper	9,689,585	6,994,341
Corn—Wheat	133,278	453,755	Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed — Rum	869,964	859,738
Wheatmeal or Flour	7,664	18,654	Brandy	231,551	265,174
Copper, Unwrought or Part Wrought..tons	6,659	14,208	Other Sorts	321,248	167,191
Cotton, Raw—To Russia, Northern ports	152,367	168,620	Mixed in Bond	790,094	704,220
Germany	377,556	230,759	Unrefined	87,213	99,087
Holland	475,263	336,597	Molasses	27,106	46,095
Belgium	220,470	252,047	Tallow and Stearine	67,681	35,331
France	182,441	138,175	Tea	26,909,850	21,083,813
Other Countries	165,671	123,014	Teeth, Elephants, &c.....cwts	5,377	3,229
Total	1,513,768	1,178,892	Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	34,496	17,537
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	259,847	205,451	Tobacco—Unmanufactured	9,501,648	10,339,522
Curants	19,535	18,676	Manufactured, and Snuff	1,325,286	1,241,727
Catch	1,275	1,836	Wine—Red	515,709	441,555
Gambier	2,138	3,914	White	766,851	734,383
Guano.....	4,565	40,477	Mixed in Bond	7,783	5,048
			Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	99,298,330	88,718,593

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Woolen Manufactures—Of Goats' Wool or Hair, mixed or not with other Materials

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Wool, other than Goats', or of Wool mixed with Cotton — Cloths and Stuffs

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Yeast, dried

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Zinc, Crude, in Cakes.....tons

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Manufactures of, Unenumerated.....cwts

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Value of Articles Imported—Enumerated Articles

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Unenumerated

Principal Articles. 1872. 1873. Value. 1872. 1873.

Total Value

III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia	175,234	199,186	£ 113,496	£ 153,465
Germany	417,080	516,040	195,384	266,637
Holland	163,421	159,888	62,170	70,039
France	77,478	25,439	35,577	19,405
United States	1,434,393	1,508,277	796,689	988,629
Other Countries	663,377	639,557	379,363	448,206
Total	2,930,983	3,078,387	1,582,679	1,946,381
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores— Fire Arms (small).....No.	256,756	252,749	300,045	382,694
Gunpowder	13,516,390	11,189,267	316,929	293,388
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Mer- chandise	2,379,979	3,090,164	1,049,779	1,301,801
Beer and Ale—To United States	27,814	30,748	138,977	162,778
British West Indies and Guiana	19,514	20,530	72,039	76,327
British India	135,983	162,190	408,818	489,730
Australia	55,860	81,198	226,318	337,895
Other Countries	129,469	135,528	567,278	627,981
Total	368,580	430,194	1,413,430	1,694,711
Books, Printed.....cwt.	48,741	50,576	538,745	539,225
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	45,110	51,021	237,644	292,299
Butter	34,328	28,030	194,661	164,438
Candles of all Sorts	4,502,392	3,798,957	151,357	130,130
Carriages—Railway Carriages for Passen- gers	142	345	22,393	80,600
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.....No.	1,553	1,887	127,968	147,711
Cheese	11,639	11,027	48,621	47,219
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured —To Russia	623,867	500,519	441,125	531,005
Sweden and Norway	496,454	523,548	330,273	549,502
Denmark	440,462	380,185	272,856	376,879
Germany	1,436,265	1,077,680	898,342	1,098,031
Holland	309,799	289,313	195,084	177,305
France	1,514,319	1,280,710	854,740	1,477,419
Spain and Canaries.....	448,782	417,188	345,402	512,212
Italy	626,774	541,969	398,941	558,586
Brazil	171,107	229,628	138,670	269,581
British India.....	309,437	285,106	228,439	313,942
Other Countries	2,511,852	2,483,725	1,836,913	2,751,369
Total	8,889,118	8,309,571	5,940,785	8,755,831
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers en- gaged in the foreign trade.....(3 months)	...	1,055,216	...	...
Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland	37,959	27,554	£ 183,497	£ 128,563
Belgium.....	19,869	21,026	93,747	99,715
France	50,259	38,197	247,358	176,545
British India.....	3,154	3,625	16,280	17,447
Other Countries	80,879	96,024	387,800	456,400
Total	192,120	186,426	933,682	878,670
Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated —To Germany	8,630	6,557	43,902	32,750
Holland	5,387	6,104	26,858	31,445
France	4,137	6,686	21,726	30,272
Italy	8,821	8,126	47,124	42,856
Turkey	11,838	22,234	62,431	112,687
Egypt.....	9,497	10,998	50,591	56,636
United States	918	2,425	4,732	12,098
British India	28,763	20,846	144,415	102,559
Other Countries	47,871	51,295	256,742	274,402
Total	125,772	135,271	658,521	695,705
Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	140,766	147,038	582,544	631,701
Total of Copper	458,658	408,735	2,179,747	2,206,076
Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	99,007	84,215	279,502	250,610
Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia.....lbs	1,632,210	2,115,560	140,102	197,982
Germany	28,804,891	25,301,212	2,457,289	2,089,986
Holland	28,268,807	30,709,172	2,900,286	2,828,014
France	3,957,878	2,747,005	457,579	361,099
Italy	10,293,220	15,254,410	550,916	812,787
Austrian Territories	1,856,770	2,335,600	99,204	127,525
Turkey	11,818,310	12,706,480	663,259	684,137
Egypt.....	4,207,045	5,032,860	306,438	351,244
China and Hong Kong	5,728,430	7,508,080	350,788	437,047
Japan	8,901,960	5,881,430	550,287	313,321
British India—Bombay	3,033,560	3,994,026	275,859	286,860
Madras	3,491,770	3,611,250	273,230	258,080
Bengal	9,408,480	9,073,800	746,159	643,708
Straits Settlements	1,155,510	1,496,760	96,335	105,260
Ceylon	83,250	133,100	5,862	10,487
Other Countries	10,750,172	14,150,200	845,436	989,945
Total	134,032,263	141,750,935	10,719,129	10,497,483

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany	67,172,080	41,020,551	1,444,882	965,750
Holland	22,118,736	35,881,261	536,207	766,287
France	71,043,403	70,443,402	1,452,802	1,263,294
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	47,172,010	52,977,220	722,227	758,103
Italy	45,411,890	59,618,630	788,388	998,611
Austrian Territories	9,064,390	11,139,000	154,584	184,729
Turkey	164,493,320	192,826,968	2,864,825	3,203,807
Egypt	141,552,510	159,423,910	1,963,744	2,176,666
West Coast of Africa.....	14,690,655	16,238,657	260,066	296,300
United States	111,184,243	90,296,835	2,907,518	2,337,633
Foreign West Indies	53,526,320	47,867,852	934,310	937,633
Mexico	10,636,000	24,932,100	194,816	451,034
New Granada	63,874,880	61,575,615	1,115,015	1,114,654
Brazil	124,698,795	103,443,846	2,281,024	1,895,003
Uruguay.....	20,140,050	13,143,080	373,989	253,936
Argentine Confederation	44,046,790	37,339,360	811,113	708,754
Chili	43,092,110	42,056,080	712,386	691,023
Pern	15,922,130	23,499,280	277,656	412,484
China and Hong Kong	282,381,100	248,774,200	4,459,604	3,823,340
Japan	17,390,800	15,408,547	269,185	255,465
Java	8,954,660	12,786,750	259,211	220,834
Philippine Islands	21,237,520	6,298,640	163,429	133,537
Gibraltar	13,829,200	20,461,480	385,393	372,584
Malta	32,473,760	17,867,300	188,721	249,812
British North America	25,764,344	32,667,526	691,330	709,801
West Indies and Guiana	16,756,560	26,229,427	432,546	442,050
Possessions in South Africa	142,833,040	14,848,350	378,977	342,515
British India—Bombay	21,472,960	151,121,055	1,912,014	1,971,816
Madras	426,187,180	28,696,560	321,771	416,408
Bengal	66,188,100	442,720,133	5,447,769	5,783,577
Straits Settlements	22,193,100	58,231,800	1,046,989	921,519
Ceylon	29,349,932	22,551,600	370,119	358,548
Australia	111,199,043	31,063,463	716,524	780,820
Other Countries	1,563,027,015	119,016,933	2,150,663	2,244,233
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached	745,620,476	1,566,796,271	23,091,578	22,804,813
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	14,617,230	754,146,299	15,389,929	15,120,487
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predomi- nating.....	2,353,264,721	11,045,201	508,030	417,176
Total	4,207,697,975	38,989,637	38,342,476	38,342,476
Hosiery—Stockings and Socks...doz. pairs Thread for sewing or stitching	769,773	796,392	267,596	303,786
.....lbs	5,169,810	5,432,475	901,107	969,067
Total value of Cotton Manufactures.....	42,076,975	41,840,198		

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Fish—Herrings—To Germany	116,031	184,405	174,632	279,608
Other Countries	53,976	48,378	69,765	71,971
Total	170,007	232,783	244,397	351,579
Glass—Plate, Rough or Silvered, including Looking Glasses or Mirrors, Framed or not.....sq. ft.	1,343,716	1,501,078	148,902	214,512
Bottles and Manufactures of Green or Common Glass.....cwt.	73,247	86,399	186,250	246,197
Other Manufactures, unenumerated	485,228	593,786	236,700	297,373
Hats of all kinds	86,867	82,799	131,586	157,620
Horses—To France	422,863	425,274	592,489	613,415
Other Countries	987	666	42,735	30,830
Total	1,223	1,009	78,752	57,607
Iron and Steel—Iron, pig—To Germany, tons	200,572	191,415	875,861	1,119,988
Holland	230,565	236,852	1,098,373	1,366,383
France	66,917	68,043	289,375	337,256
United States	152,331	78,403	756,155	530,530
Other Countries	278,922	237,648	1,345,272	1,476,593
Total	929,307	812,361	4,365,046	5,090,769
Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Germany	10,161	22,240	105,520	277,305
Holland	5,302	10,729	56,664	136,654
France	603	2,252	6,905	26,731
Italy	14,757	13,186	147,357	167,053
Turkey	5,701	4,921	55,457	65,733
United States	49,316	21,574	534,898	283,997
British North America	35,116	23,889	394,390	304,957
British India	12,029	11,857	132,634	156,079
Australia	13,999	9,878	172,009	139,774
Other Countries	72,720	77,190	796,020	998,345
Total	219,704	197,716	2,401,914	2,556,763
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia	48,941	96,314	507,617	1,260,935
Sweden	28,525	32,782	88,682	344,939
Germany	2,694	14,751	376,108	443,304
Holland	307	2,215	41,253	199,466
France	8,377	7,558	5,276	32,158
Spain and Canaries	7,534	816	78,198	105,375
Austrian Territories	10,403	4,694	71,216	9,773
Egypt.....	340,321	141,330	105,256	58,873
United States	1,089	3,572	3,309,921	1,829,551
Spanish West Indies			10,918	45,708

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Con.) —To Brazil	13,434	7,130	110,764	94,427
Peru	24,700	7,047	219,378	98,644
Chili	2,590	3,395	28,610	48,249
British North America	59,050	42,399	667,354	543,352
British India	10,209	10,442	118,271	168,697
Australia	14,577	13,304	158,330	187,995
Other Countries	46,027	83,768	520,314	1,095,123
Total	627,587	499,456	6,417,466	6,590,557
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not	92,407	20,572	422,002	480,959
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	7,957	11,943	106,310	223,251
Germany	8,422	21,284	102,135	310,289
Holland	5,756	8,767	78,099	129,767
France	1,917	3,830	32,024	52,187
Spain and Canaries	3,574	3,353	52,151	53,729
United States	22,920	14,296	296,248	233,404
British North America	7,102	159,596	131,455	131,455
British India	12,793	7,963	181,291	147,139
Australia	12,426	14,184	292,038	346,582
Other Countries	47,179	46,403	764,775	873,263
Total	132,812	139,125	2,024,667	2,521,066
Tin Plates—To France	2,179	2,884	58,802	102,337
United States	63,739	64,353	1,961,467	2,092,538
British North America	2,839	2,271	97,776	80,912
Australia	3,159	2,857	110,293	105,607
Other Countries	11,786	14,935	364,943	523,790
Total	83,702	87,300	2,593,281	2,905,184
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufac- turers (except Ordnance, unnume- rated—To Russia	9,387	32,912	151,936	472,040
Germany	17,425	22,799	234,854	406,049
Holland	9,363	10,963	154,946	181,746
France	3,362	3,541	80,444	95,700
Spain and Canaries	4,399	5,708	77,268	88,400
United States	9,068	11,806	189,810	250,973
British North America	15,837	12,331	269,357	279,070
British Possessions in South Africa ..	2,235	3,329	55,558	87,030
British India	13,857	12,739	251,236	246,612
Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
Iron and Steel—(Con.)—Cast or Wrought &c.—To Australia	13,680	20,098	278,631	437,918
Other Countries	75,382	57,026	1,204,633	1,192,771
Total	173,995	193,482	2,946,733	3,734,309
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	75,747	47,598	451,213	308,998
Steel Unwrought—To France	2,136	1,909	80,109	80,733
United States	16,198	13,966	502,721	503,559
Other Countries	11,427	11,584	368,655	425,497
Total	29,761	27,459	951,485	1,009,789
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	7,353	7,128	393,539	480,297
Total of Iron and Steel	2,302,375	2,031,197	22,967,346	25,678,631
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia	6,678	4,765	128,963	109,134
France	990	989	19,800	22,479
United States	5,757	2,324	115,276	54,246
China and Hong Kong	6,695	2,155	127,186	49,382
British India	1,975	571	42,892	15,865
Australia	1,441	1,237	28,796	28,711
Other Countries	9,582	8,972	195,657	207,058
Total	33,118	21,013	658,570	486,875
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Un- wrought	87,932	69,710	782,679	540,411
Wrought—Boots and Shoes— To Australia	141,716	148,054	376,215	444,533
Other Countries	237,937	212,098	715,658	720,143
Total	379,653	360,152	1,091,873	1,164,676
Other Articles unenumerated— To Australia	81,598	100,985	17,612	29,109
Other Countries	1,320,954	988,898	254,655	173,096
Total	1,402,552	1,089,883	272,267	202,205
See also Saddlery and Harness.				
Linen and Jute—Yarn— Linen—To Germany	4,100,288	4,661,115	406,176	457,649
Holland	2,769,790	2,952,071	170,899	160,226

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To				
Belgium	486,966	797,551	45,401	102,392
France	1,049,138	326,258	86,922	21,688
Spain and Canaries	7,770,145	7,568,103	434,441	386,765
Gibraltar	178,500	7,480	7,718	584
Other Countries	3,466,038	3,160,073	219,070	199,549
Total	19,820,865	19,473,251	1,370,627	1,328,814
Jute	8,261,489	7,352,564	170,434	122,367
Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	343,849	127,764	12,727	7,523
Germany	4,789,076	4,572,789	193,982	176,540
Holland	740,010	667,600	30,630	38,839
France	3,340,636	2,827,261	134,861	126,938
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	1,212,840	1,227,340	38,167	34,522
Spain and Canaries	1,817,930	1,283,940	103,610	63,095
Italy	2,064,340	1,917,588	97,545	82,024
United States	85,105,660	76,261,117	2,678,986	2,201,561
Spanish West Indies	20,538,284	13,474,430	476,615	527,417
Danish West Indies	712,400	624,600	22,008	18,637
Hayti	1,852,000	1,436,930	50,600	35,662
Brazil	6,257,460	4,943,420	187,534	145,376
Chili	1,208,066	1,013,740	38,305	29,730
Peru	1,235,240	1,241,640	34,801	37,389
British West Indies and Guiana	2,706,490	3,291,899	64,920	76,341
British India	1,158,535	1,602,790	43,163	53,477
Australia	5,390,680	6,452,090	180,411	223,747
Other Countries	22,388,199	24,182,169	719,117	755,283
Total	157,850,039	141,252,248	4,944,528	4,490,141
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia				
Belgium	4,971,656	5,297,279	162,914	175,669
France	162,921,695	146,549,527	5,167,442	4,665,801
Spain and Canaries	2,768,162	2,954,874	157,462	172,595
Austrian Territories	1,784,947	1,560,160	217,906	200,717
Total .....	...	...	5,625,558	5,227,429
Saddle and Sails				
Thread for sewing	52,443,688	60,215,389	918,387	1,015,600
Total Value of Linen Manufactures	1,978,413	1,922,265	262,121	250,565
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds	724,544	802,591	93,009	100,848
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany	836,113	569,046	107,827	72,954
Holland	227,345	122,576	30,142	15,333
France	672,707	203,051	91,653	25,231
Spain and Canaries	149,951	106,405	23,637	16,259
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia				
Belgium	277,229	274,663	47,558	46,770
British North America	405,976	296,607	60,529	45,389
Other Countries	2,358,613	2,666,193	333,481	357,635
Total	7,630,891	6,963,397	1,049,557	931,534
Paper—Writing or Printing, and Envelopes				
—To British India	26,258	23,290	85,087	76,979
Australia	50,461	63,424	138,402	186,147
Other Countries	59,136	57,088	190,993	189,663
Total	135,855	143,802	414,482	452,789
Other kinds, except Hangings and Articles of Papier-Mâché—To British India				
Australia	5,001	4,190	13,362	10,315
Other Countries	19,097	24,732	36,210	51,377
Total	54,373	67,189	127,789	176,178
Total of Paper	190,228	210,991	542,271	628,967
Rags (except Woollen), and other Materials for making Paper				
Total	22,523	11,369	420,922	206,091
Salt—Rock and White—To Russia				
United States	60,378	63,694	38,491	56,982
British North America	94,885	152,301	66,994	157,177
British India	61,423	52,223	32,482	45,007
Other Countries	155,795	154,906	96,450	148,801
Total	149,499	160,736	93,876	132,967
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad				
Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France, yards	521,980	583,860	328,293	540,034
Egypt	33,485	6,335	9,065	1,500
United States	110,908	33,393	21,262	5,034
British India	606,654	259,928	127,882	66,760
Australia	147,739	276,844	20,209	32,486
Other Countries	160,839	142,964	29,501	25,959
Total	364,734	459,992	81,399	96,805
Soap				
Sprits, British and Irish—To France	1,424,359	1,179,486	289,318	228,544
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	153,893	111,138	201,171	148,087
Turkey	6,818	8,628	851	1,080
United States	54,966	303,797	6,797	37,976
British North America	28,947	5,433	3,617	678
Total	170,204	147,268	21,290	18,408

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Con.)—To Australia	247,809	294,323	30,990	36,790
Other Countries	544,614	304,588	67,972	38,075
Total	1,132,036	1,128,703	141,460	141,091
Sugar, Refined and Candy	397,042	372,828	638,432	571,091
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	8,623	11,323	65,437	78,487
France	21,478	13,113	133,883	92,377
Turkey	5,272	4,402	41,146	31,505
United States	14,160	18,489	105,538	131,286
Other Countries	27,389	26,091	210,724	183,572
Total	76,922	73,427	576,678	517,227
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany...lbs	1,292,332	2,132,418	109,126	200,015
Belgium	878,099	738,031	77,131	63,219
France	592,286	824,958	52,977	71,881
United States	1,356,991	633,617	111,892	49,325
Other Countries	788,616	548,387	73,395	45,275
Total	5,088,324	4,877,411	424,521	429,715
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia ..	1,346,609	1,393,393	185,229	199,405
Germany	12,679,147	10,762,095	1,898,014	1,648,912
Holland	9,039,672	7,206,246	1,423,746	1,104,253
Belgium	504,639	227,950	77,210	85,179
France	1,748,213	1,272,169	300,330	239,698
Other Countries	1,232,302	1,458,577	165,303	222,866
Total	26,550,642	22,320,430	4,049,832	3,459,283
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures— &c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To				
Germany	3,988,142	3,829,612	589,124	757,040
Holland	838,178	730,157	152,724	134,939
France	3,848,941	3,702,351	833,495	622,228
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	174,102	170,056	32,378	27,812
Italy	1,859,550	797,634	244,284	111,382
United States	5,214,934	4,227,027	1,074,351	1,028,130
Brazil	1,012,121	1,253,590	103,865	123,194
Uruguay	250,965	423,480	32,826	53,229
Argentine Confederation	788,383	1,103,962	105,175	139,935
Chili	475,173	535,170	66,060	66,106
Peru	827,364	720,110	129,353	109,113
China and Hong Kong	1,330,733	1,552,140	181,456	230,794
British North America	2,790,192	2,024,211	429,526	319,381
India	679,243	933,615	101,600	126,635
Australia	1,267,600	1,572,625	204,728	265,432
Total	30,988,142	28,220,430	4,049,832	3,459,283
Blankets and Blanketing				
Germany	3,927,099	3,920,707	383,751	389,640
Holland	4,344,592	4,318,253	296,432	292,549
France	5,574,528	4,673,292	44,119	45,158
Carpets, not being Rugs — To				
Germany	2,035,259	1,724,744	39,155	38,012
Holland	94,982	64,628	84,163	61,940
France	240,945	221,816	10,313	7,472
Spain and Canaries	165,767	195,079	841,680	582,747
United States	617,174	392,417	18,309	35,493
Chili	91,982	64,628	79,050	70,800
British North America	102,200	213,660	38,663	66,282
Australia	629,057	529,920	155,563	182,408
Other Countries	269,210	470,630	1,083,835	6,924,356
Total	1,053,512	1,083,835	155,563	182,408
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought				
Germany	8,407,511	6,924,356	1,302,025	1,090,312
Holland	13,462,917	11,312,061	74,477	56,562
France	77,143	46,234		
Total	21,947,571	18,282,651	1,376,502	1,146,874

III.A.—Supplement to No. III. Account showing, as far as can be ascertained, the Quantities and Value of certain Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture first exported to various Countries in Transit, and ultimately intended for other Destinations, in the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873.

Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt	British India	£	22,172	Linen—Piece Goods—(Con.)—To Egypt	Other Countries	12,100	£ 520
	Australia	...	7,232		Total	259,910	6,396
	Other Countries	...	3,495		British N. America	2,088,460	57,988
	Total	...	32,809		U. S. (Pacific Ports)	632,100	23,418
	British N. America	...	60,223		Central America	193,060	7,497
	All Countries	1,980	26,207		Other Countries	268,200	8,939
	China & H.Kong	498,500	27,800		Total	1,063,360	39,364
	Japan	930,300	53,631		British India	...	23,658
	British India	...	1,746		Australia	...	19,174
	Other Countries	29,000	...		Other Countries	...	103
Books Printed, To Egypt	Total	1,457,800	82,577	Silk Manufactures of all kinds—To Egypt	Total	...	42,935
	Russia, S. Ports	70,320	3,739		British N. America	...	72,835
	Turkey	9,180	569		China & H.Kong	236,930	42,354
	China & Hong Kong	32,600	1,920		British India	...	...
	Japan	56,000	3,230		Other Countries	231,500	34,274
	British India	2,683,650	226,292		Total	468,780	76,858
	Other Countries	109,500	14,831		China & Hong Kong	4,200	887
	Total	2,890,280	246,782		British India	121,940	15,624
	Japan	326,700	17,759		Australia	230	50
	Other Countries	263,800	16,530		Other Countries	47,410	8,280
China & Hong Kong	Total	590,500	34,280	Woolen Manufactures—Woolen Cloths, Coatings, Duffels, &c.—To France	Total	...	173,780
	Foreign W. I., yds	1,174,900	21,418		British N. America	1,244,110	297,941
	China & Hong Kong	30,199,000	419,139		Peru	5,725	1,605
	Japan	6,435,200	109,441		Other Countries	65,730	11,120
	Java	788,900	13,057		Total	71,455	12,725
	Philippine Islands	...	...		China & Hong Kong	2,761,630	159,313
	British India	...	...		Japan	1,574,650	101,100
	Other Countries	2,244,800	33,997		Other Countries	42,970	2,074
	Total	4,842,800	597,052		Total	4,382,310	262,487
	Russia, S. Ports	2,812,600	53,008		China & Hong Kong	...	...
Turkey	1,168,400	17,788	Japan	72,500	4,013		
China & Hong Kong	370,500	5,522	British India	189,280	10,698		
Japan	789,800	19,216	Other Countries	21,246	1,024		
British India	67,336,800	916,430	Total	283,026	15,785		
Australia	55,500	1,200	China & Hong Kong	664,300	30,730		
Other Countries	1,002,200	14,332	Other Countries	164,570	9,620		
Total	70,693,200	974,488	Total	828,870	40,350		
Japan	1,950,600	46,650	British N. America	3,359,450	149,137		
Philippine Islands	15,968,400	363,145	Other Countries	376,010	49,557		
Other Countries	...	...	Total	...	...
Total	17,919,000	409,795	United States	...	...
Egypt	...	...	Carpets—To U. States	...	...
British India	...	...	Other Countries	...	...
Total	...	...	Total	...	...

2nd—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Strops—To Egypt.....		56,514	42,970	Haberdashery, &c.—(Con.)—British West Indies and Guiana		158,358	178,646	Machinery, &c.—(Con.)—Other descriptions—To British India		165,450	289,184
British North America		189,369	166,423	Possessions in South Africa		252,022	296,341	Australia		105,322	159,522
Possessions in South Africa		300,443	302,735	India		148,779	173,218	Other Countries		1,130,623	1,459,142
India		43,512	64,846	Australia		813,079	958,701	Total		3,356,179	4,593,630
Australia		609,808	823,879	Other Countries		736,419	702,653	Painters' Colours and Materials, unenumerated		746,672	683,685
Other Countries		729,795	786,571	Total		4,498,325	4,502,890	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated		376,146	445,626
Total		1,929,441	2,187,424	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—To Russia		88,798	112,603	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares		119,491	161,786
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores		309,381	254,641	Germany		223,035	237,594	Saddlery and Harness—To British Possessions in South Africa		34,677	59,445
Caoutchouc, Manufactures of		657,663	592,802	Holland		77,703	80,974	British India		20,597	20,184
Chemical Products, or Preparations, unenumerated		1,205,073	1,157,298	France		113,832	105,912	Australia		72,377	106,826
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent Net		757,768	857,990	Spain and Canaries		68,087	65,156	Other Countries		96,042	101,813
Hosiery		497,882	495,424	United States		651,222	548,925	Total		223,593	288,268
Other Manufactures, unenumerated		663,985	871,455	Spanish West Indies		86,260	109,012	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany		78,915	44,499
Earthen and China Ware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery and Brown Stoneware)—To Germany		39,803	77,358	Brazil		171,331	186,454	Holland		339,483	275,284
France		54,346	45,814	Argentine Confederation		127,859	134,401	Belgium		94,833	73,513
United States		536,202	500,130	British North America		175,213	139,445	France		613,884	720,438
Brazil		68,661	86,371	India		285,886	368,425	Other Countries		22,519	36,668
British North America		90,668	65,338	Australia		985,052	1,043,399	Total		1,149,664	1,150,402
India		52,052	52,328	Other Countries		3,250,600	3,295,570	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk—Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls—To France		8,653	17,297
Australia		79,514	146,528	Total		142,748	188,316	Egypt		31,159	4,312
Other Countries		375,167	484,775	Linen Manufactures, unenumerated		205,708	158,634	New Granada		6,071	8,906
Total		1,296,473	1,458,642	Machinery and Millwork—Steam Engines—To Russia		60,070	89,304	Other Countries		153,163	130,284
Fish		160,571	149,411	France		108,911	189,637	Total		199,046	160,795
Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Germany		57,095	97,246	Spain and Canaries		64,359	103,865	Ribbons of all Kinds—To France		1,317	1,142
France		103,627	89,591	Brazil		941,637	1,244,086	Egypt		26,342	12,171
Egypt		158,663	99,682	British India		1,630,528	1,946,893	United States		54,010	43,917
United States		1,095,437	1,046,603	Australia		428,551	668,726	British North America		51,556	23,729
Channel Islands		137,274	92,791	Other Countries		504,303	854,231	Australia		52,095	52,095
British North America		837,572	767,438	Total		256,159	319,782	Total		1,317	1,142

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£
Telegraphic Wires and Apparatus		183,792	1,235,873
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures— Hosiery of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials		192,121	174,647
Small Wares and unenumerated Manu- factures of Wool or Worsted		733,983	982,032
Total of Woolen and Worsted Manufactures		22,930,378	18,354,020
Declared Value of British and Irish Pro- duce Exported—Enumerated Articles Unenumerated Articles		157,157,636	160,181,295
Total Value		167,166,636	171,401,295

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£
Silk Manufactures—(Com.)—Manufac. of Silk & other Materials—To United States Other Countries		159,840	56,271
Total		83,018	75,074
Total of Silk Manufactures		284,224	172,361
Stationery other than Paper—To United States		1,577,546	1,256,413
British India		59,111	66,872
Egypt		44,487	41,784
Australia		18,365	10,994
Other Countries		60,436	82,583
Total		225,186	226,960
Total		407,585	429,193

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£
Silk Manufactures—(Com.)—Ribbons of all Kinds—Other Countries		17,205	19,325
Total		192,549	152,379
Other Articles of Silk only—To Ger- many		38,963	58,197
United States		178,833	119,814
Other Countries		79,664	78,481
Total		334,949	285,838
Manufactures of Silk and other Mate- rials—To Germany		632,409	542,330
France		16,293	23,269
Total		5,073	17,747

* Estimated.

V.—An Account of the Declared Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Eight Months ended August 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Countries.	GOLD.				SILVER.				TOTAL OF GOLD AND SILVER.			
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Exports.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Russia	38,200	100,000	30,515	100,000	1,198,892	129,792	13,700	237,298	38,300	100,000	1,359,320	172,925
Germany	100,428	43,133	4,433	452,573	697,592	7,735	576,013	237,298	705,401	15,088	322,990	74,300
Holland	8,009	7,353	221,206	72,900	162,527	41,530	101,790	1,400	400,892	48,930	59,570	999,240
Belgium	238,365	7,400	1,500	98,600	420,999	986,363	58,070	900,640	862,382	1,398,112	1,670,374	3,101,483
France	441,383	411,749	969,657	431,264	3,702	5,202	700,717	2,670,219	5,202	1,217,625	1,225,098	1,225,098
Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	1,500	18,947	1,217,625	1,132,027	1,101	2,903	262,440	20,000	10,364	21,850	262,400	1,887,600
Spain and Canaries	9,269	56,525	2,000	2,000	32,349	45,298	5,210	3,000	69,046	98,823	7,210	5,000
Gibraltar	36,697	67,685	68,890	40,000	34,025	2,880	40	...	101,710	71,770	40,000	...
Malta	700	7,340	300,000	...	400	40	...	...	1,100	7,350	300,000	...
Turkey	5,912	1,067,942	806,634	988,041	9,295	27,382	4,382,541	2,091,806	15,207	1,095,324	5,189,175	3,079,847
Egypt	67,139	51,587	33,050	26,942	575	2,000	7,412	24,226	67,714	53,587	40,492	51,168
West Coast of Africa	296	1,460	1,034,775	214,250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British Possessions in South Africa (includ. Hong Kong)	4,082,831	6,215,649	2,500	18,000	556	455	74,025	43,950	846	1,915	1,108,860	258,200
Australia	35,000	2,756	2,500	...	60,955	124,000	38,760	313,055	60,955	179,816	38,760	313,055
British North America	442,458	1,649,802	3,514,832	404,667	14,623	14,840	32,320	36,829	4,097,454	6,230,489	32,320	36,829
Mexico, South America (ex- cept Brazil), & W. Indies	82,966	37,846	286,387	206,793	21,709	10,110	4,800	5,000	56,709	12,866	7,300	23,000
Brazil	7,187,681	3,111,147	495,505	1,310,102	1,648,150	2,122,964	104,765	84,845	2,090,608	3,772,766	3,619,597	488,512
United States	114,580	206,565	495,505	1,310,102	70,259	42,396	...	25	153,225	80,242	286,387	206,818
Other Countries	130,211	139,590	134,966	127,182	3,272,342	4,543,524	705,510	886,199	170,316	917,744	1,201,015	1,896,301
Total of Gold	130,211	139,590	134,966	127,182	7,705,590	8,823,593	7,085,033	6,923,563	207,266	742,183	2,950,500	2,947,695
Total of Silver	130,211	139,590	134,966	127,182	7,705,590	8,823,593	7,085,033	6,923,563	207,266	742,183	2,950,500	2,947,695

EXCISE.

QUANTITIES of the several ARTICLES CHARGED with DUTIES of EXCISE, and FREE of DUTY; the QUANTITIES EXPORTED; and the QUANTITIES RETAINED for HOME CONSUMPTION in the UNITED KINGDOM, in the HALF-YEAR ended 30th JUNE 1873, compared with the corresponding periods of the Years 1871 and 1872.

ARTICLES.	CHARGED with DUTY and FREE of DUTY.			EXPORTED to FOREIGN COUNTRIES upon which DRAWBACK has been Paid, and FREE of DUTY.			RETAINED for all PURPOSES of HOME CONSUMPTION.		
	1871.	1872.	1873.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1871.	1872.	1873.
ENGLAND AND WALES.									
CHICORY.....cwt	6,953	5,367	5,310	...	...	...	6,953	5,367	5,310
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	27,119,069	31,419,893	31,195,827	186,209	161,489	215,856	} 26,326,379	} 30,548,202	} 30,253,665
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	606,481	710,202	726,312			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	303,070	290,736	325,102	50,194	21,627	15,281				252,876	269,169	309,821
— for feeding cattle.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	27,422,139	31,710,629	31,520,929	842,884	893,318	957,443	26,579,255	30,817,311	30,563,486
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	4,785,124	5,289,037	5,853,165	114,180	127,668	129,413	} 4,670,944	} 5,161,369	} 5,723,752
Free of Duty for exportation.....	332,390	182,527	319,002	332,390	182,527	319,002			
TOTAL	5,117,514	5,471,564	6,172,167	446,570	310,195	448,415			
SUGAR (Home Made) .....cwt	3,801	21,602	34,455	...	...	...	3,801	21,602	34,455
Used in Brewing	126,320	108,986	264,173	...	...	...	126,320	108,986	264,173
— Distilling	869	...	...	...	...	...	869	...	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	44,822	33,629	53,195	...	...	...	44,822	33,629	53,195
SCOTLAND.									
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	1,561,726	1,788,399	1,848,263	35,312	33,799	...	} 1,412,170	} 1,625,212	} 1,706,888
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	114,244	129,388	141,375			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	2,180,358	2,483,254	2,586,156			
TOTAL	3,742,084	4,271,653	4,434,419	149,556	163,187	141,375	3,592,528	4,108,466	4,293,044
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	3,591,545	4,034,202	4,098,119	137,044	182,171	72,647	} 3,454,410	} 3,852,051	} 4,025,472
Free of Duty for exportation.....	394,511	450,117	668,524	394,511	450,117	668,524			
TOTAL	3,985,965	4,484,319	4,766,643	531,555	632,288	741,171			
SUGAR, used in Brewing .....cwt	2,329	1,808	2,662	...	...	...	2,329	1,808	2,662
— Distilling.....	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	60,808	67,039	57,144	...	...	...	60,808	67,039	57,144
IRELAND.									
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	1,659,214	1,889,852	1,883,787	...	...	...	} 1,636,078	} 1,859,125	} 1,847,428
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	23,136	30,727	36,359			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	731,471	964,660	1,058,585			
TOTAL	2,390,685	2,854,512	2,942,372	23,136	30,727	36,359	2,367,549	2,823,785	2,906,013
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	3,205,827	3,474,194	3,680,356	6,316	98	482	} 3,199,511	} 3,474,096	} 3,679,874
Free of Duty for exportation.....	70,105	58,194	152,030	70,105	58,194	152,030			
TOTAL	3,275,932	3,532,388	3,832,386	76,421	58,292	152,512			
SUGAR, used in Brewing .....cwt	11,813	12,127	18,661	...	...	...	11,813	12,127	18,661
UNITED KINGDOM.									
CHICORY.....cwt	6,953	5,367	5,310	...	...	...	6,953	5,367	5,310
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	30,340,009	35,098,144	34,927,877	221,521	195,288	215,850	} 29,374,627	} 34,032,539	} 33,807,981
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	743,861	870,317	904,046			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	3,214,899	3,738,650	3,969,843	50,194	21,627	15,281				3,164,705	3,717,023	3,954,562
— for feeding cattle.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	33,554,908	38,836,794	38,897,720	1,015,576	1,087,232	1,135,177	32,539,332	37,749,562	37,762,543
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	11,582,405	12,797,433	13,631,640	257,540	309,937	202,542	} 11,324,865	} 12,487,496	} 13,429,098
Free of Duty for exportation.....	797,006	690,838	1,139,556	797,006	630,838	1,139,556			
TOTAL	12,379,411	13,488,271	14,771,196	1,054,546	1,000,775	1,342,098			
SUGAR (Home Made) .....cwt	3,801	21,602	34,455	...	...	...	3,801	21,602	34,455
Used in Brewing.....	140,372	122,921	285,496	...	...	...	140,372	122,921	285,496
— Distilling	869	4	...	...	...	...	869	4	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	105,630	100,668	110,339	...	...	...	105,630	100,668	110,339

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.

BANK.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Aug. 2.	Aug. 9.	Aug. 16.	Aug. 23.	Aug. 30.
Ashford Bank	10377	10595	10899	10711	11030
Aylesbury Old Bank	19136	20010	19354	19753	19859
Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	15155	15296	15173	16069	16985
Barnstable Bank	2385	2297	2345	2261	*2322
Bedford Bank	28990	29399	28760	28455	28971
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	13855	14524	14563	14454	13943
Boston Bank (Clayton and Co.)	61646	61430	63310	62512	61210
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	9267	9390	9640	9676	9647
Bridgwater Bank	5647	5515	5463	5373	5396
Bristol Bank	19065	18970	18972	18125	17788
Brozeley and Bridgnorth Bank	14591	14615	13715	14060	13841
Buckingham Bank	17637	18115	18519	19073	20408
Bury and Suffolk Bank	73729	46220	36587	32542	31894
Banbury Bank	20630	19955	20459	21262	21821
Banbury Old Bank	15894	16534	16470	16480	16716
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	32469	30943	30657	30252	29950
Brecon Old Bank	44827	44893	42412	42030	42842
Brighton Union Bank	15521	16723	16785	15579	15006
Burlington and Driffield Bank	11912	12082	11844	11693	12155
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	1514	1541	1566	1614	1528
Cambridge Bank	12693	12511	12152	11456	11086
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	37870	38405	37132	37380	37980
Canterbury Bank	21860	21500	20908	21218	20933
Colchester Bank	11600	11995	11740	11174	10633
Colchester and Essex Bank	24500	24369	23649	23612	23900
Cornish Bank, Truro	31667	30612	30438	29945	29392
City Bank, Exeter	10925	11372	11175	10912	11517
Crayen Bank, Settle	72735	74429	75580	75570	75882
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	11444	12037	11463	10585	10262
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	27705	28245	29434	28963	31905
Derby Old Bank	27621	26996	25273	26038	27294
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	5065	5332	5096	4827	4927
Darlington Bank	80610	78327	77340	79685	80409
Devonport Bank	5381	4915	5030	5244	5348
Dorchester Old Bank	36224	37022	38735	37356	35250
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	87101	86536	84480	83218	82512
East Riding Bank, Beverley	53572	48358	49501	49834	50740
Exeter and Bishop's Stortford Bank	32339	33082	32929	31480	31759
Exeter Bank	18135	18665	17551	18092	17716
Farnham Bank	6006	5707	5461	5290	5307
Faversham Bank	5675	5614	5030	4922	5190
Gloucestrian Bank	6150	6575	6025	5920	6225
Guldford Bank	11621	11310	11090	10316	10682
Grantham Bank	18977	19614	19385	19853	19743
Hull and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	19801	19154	18965	18992	18578
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	23545	23619	23570	23747	23705
Harwich Bank	4248	4350	4310	4015	4060
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	26974	27186	27638	25874	25607
Ipswich Bank	13935	14369	13866	13606	13227
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank	42328	41984	41176	40981	40697
Kentish Bank	15187	15137	14510	14001	13969
Kingston and Radnorshire Bank	17713	19286	19747	18933	19483
Knarborough Old Bank	19915	19492	19484	19525	19043
Knaresborough Bank	30500	30799	41040	41503	42045
Leeds Bank	128619	131158	127075	123792	120546
Leeds Union Bank	33675	34065	34020	36389	37048
Leicester Bank	24514	24168	23479	23054	24146
Lewes Old Bank	20276	20771	20803	20456	21554
Lincoln Bank	84230	84620	83230	82535	80520
Llandoverly and Llandilo Bank	21509	21420	23275	24020	22906
Loughborough Bank	6717	6767	6744	6922	7257
Lymington Bank	2035	2017	2044	1915	1990
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	26071	25317	24620	24526	24738
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	10454	10233	10248	10125	10090
Macclesfield Bank	9904	9404	9740	9829	9995
Miners' Bank	17788	18349	18159	17547	17319
Momnouth Old Bank	2559	2636	2890	3006	2936
Newark Bank	19129	19371	18620	17584	16999
Newark and Sleaford Bank	36593	35900	35738	36005	35763
Newbury Bank	12035	12225	12054	11512	11482
Newmarket Bank	14009	13892	12991	12809	12879
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	72361	72176	69598	68655	70701
Naval Bank, Plymouth	26346	26389	18946	18593	18745
New Sarum Bank	5180	4692	4744	4429	4407
Nottingham Bank	30618	29783	28990	29075	29160
Oswestry Bank	6654	6569	6065	5715	5860
Oxford Old Bank	28624	27553	26627	25741	*27133
Old Bank, Tonbridge	9621	9792	9813	9410	9108
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	6775	6535	6208	5790	5643
Pease's Old Bank, Hull	48713	47929	46282	46488	48277
Penzance Bank	9164	8730	8493	8410	8151
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	19894	20132	19232	18898	19136
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	23009	23015	24291	23883	23786
Richmond Bank	6720	6596	6625	6012	5766
Royston Bank	7627	7420	7348	7512	7805
Rye Bank	6530	6546	6539	6275	6223
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	17480	17188	16938	16936	17042
Salop Bank	4830	4877	4759	4630	4503
Scarborough Old Bank	24357	23545	23715	24234	23878
Shrewsbury Old Bank	23406	22781	22954	22597	22888
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	2211	2100	1942	1983	1905
Southampton Town and County Bank	7686	7696	7295	7001	7142
Southwell Bank	10637	10547	10240	10216	9992
Stamford and Rutland Bank	11874	11777	12105	12287	12377
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	19793	18965	18954	18935	18590
Taunton Bank	2315	2270	2220	2222	2200
Tavistock Bank	8558	8390	8173	7879	7657
Thorbury Bank	6251	6325	6741	6229	6244
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	6555	5849	6133	6472	6525
Thrapston and Kettering Bank	11284	11818	11822	11540	11256
Tring and Chesham Bank	9916	10179	10635	11158	10491
Towcester Old Bank	5078	5146	4865	4793	4798
Union Bank, Cornwall	9443	8257	7878	7918	7750
Usbridge Old Bank	6081	6182	5610	5812	5765
Wallingford Bank	3065	3015	3590	3051	3061
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	21638	22395	22176	22467	22127
Wellington Somerset Bank	4590	4535	4465	4952	4194
West Riding Bank	49681	49778	39099	39691	46286
Whitby Old Bank	13882	13770	13670	13821	13824
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	3699	9725	9485	9362	9709
Wymouth Old Bank	12292	12316	12483	11739	11896
Wirksworth and Derbyshire Bank	36975	37612	37929	37605	38457
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	29870	30850	31390	3035	30745
Wivelcombe Bank	1936	1910	1882	1638	1756
Worcester Old Bank	39068	39011	38136	37783	38573

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)

BANK.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Aug. 2.	Aug. 9.	Aug. 16.	Aug. 23.	Aug. 30.
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	26518	25872	25295	25213	27042
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	6559	6672	6062	6127	6759
York Bank	33303	35111	34982	34200	33384
	2537113	2524921	2488382	2462935	2478016

NOTE.—The Merionethshire Bank is now withdrawn from the GAZETTE list. * In these cases, the figures not having been published, we have inserted the average of the approximate weeks.

ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.

BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Aug. 2.	Aug. 9.	Aug. 16.	Aug. 23.	Aug. 30.
Bank of Westmorland	9896	9298	9607	9779	9682
Barnsley	8799	8927	8875	8612	8626
Brafford	48221	48440	48274	48056	48675
Bank of Whitehaven, Limited	30940	30766	31045	31618	30669
Bradford Commercial	19195	19499	19652	19473	20930
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourne Union	38437	38730	39703	39105	39332
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire	9080	9212	9142	9545	9618
Cumberland Union	34217	34243	33820	34695	34595
Coventry and Warwickshire	10690	10664	10596	10589	10488
Coventry Union	15890	15005	14188	13652	14971
County of Gloucester	89185	88448	89764	86935	85873
Carlisle and Cumberland	25529	25519	25836	26132	24755
Carlisle City and District	19645	19962	20015	19762	20026
* County of Stafford	8722	9014	8905	8867	8869
Dudley and West Bromwich	35148	36319	36145	35887	36195
Derby and Derbyshire	18284	18819	17679	16907	16824
Darlington District Joint Stock	23645	23636	24589	25041	25217
Gloucestershire	134760	135321	134771	136881	140299
Hull and East Yorkshire	17548	18250	18160	18462	18371
Huddersfield	34130	34299	34721	34359	32929
Hull	28470	28562	26965	27335	28945
Hull and Commercial	14111	13830	13835	13604	13375
Hull and Huddersfield Union	39115	40020	41009	40866	39726
Helston	1511	1490	1510	1500	1465
Knarborough and Claxton	24513	24330	24244	24833	25600
Lancaster	55852	56589	56469	56892	57732
Leicestershire	54291	54217	51584	51125	52320
Lincoln and Lindsey	47657	46401	48545	49018	47620
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	11085	11385	10625	10650	10016
Ludlow and Tenbury	7555	7714	8440	7917	7551
Meors & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	34108	34617	33958	34343	34195
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	25300	25674	24399	23908	24964
North Wiltshire	29750	31331	33383	32698	32402
Northamptonshire Union Bank	57696	58958	58944	57618	60025
Northamptonshire	19333	20533	19933	18915	19195
North and South Wales	58314	58953	57644	57490	57275
Pars' Leicestershire	51717	51533	49740	47438	46348
Sheffield	35334	32423	33700	34897	35096
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	44015	43960	43945	43105	43996
Stukey's Bristol and Somersetshire	293503	298381	295659	291219	290119
Shropshire	40752	42667	41699		

T h e E c o n o m i s t .
(G R A T I S .)

S U P P L E M E N T T O

Accounts Relating to Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the Nine Months ended September 31, 1873.

I.—An Account of the Imports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, showing the Consumption of Duty-Paying Articles, in the Nine Months ended September 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.		Principal Articles.		Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali.....cwt.	65,499	76,973	118,174	123,480			6,233	3,237	£	56,427
Animals, Living—Oxen and Bulls.....No.	87,150	96,680	1,674,330	1,952,050			453	8,328	£	135,281
Cows.....	24,858	27,610	366,145	513,702			1,240	2,177	£	30,658
Calves.....	29,432	36,128	99,212	178,771			25,047	25,145	£	412,548
Sheep and Lambs.....	653,175	682,920	1,312,019	1,423,825			32,973	38,917	£	634,914
Swine.....	13,002	51,026	41,915	4,366,999			19,764	15,256	£	625,841
Bacon.....	1,532,224	2,160,353	3,146,416	4,366,999			3,934	4,928	£	218,626
Bark—For tanners' and dyers' use.....	331,385	351,853	131,263	130,222			23,398	20,184	£	844,467
Peruvian.....	20,719	33,390	206,008	330,247			19,788	13,589	£	1,172,097
Beef—Salted.....	145,117	166,919	253,795	322,044			8,064	8,315	£	771,968
Fresh or slightly Salted.....	27,266	55,722	64,346	82,498			7,247	2,373	£	207,952
Bones, whether burnt or not, or as animal charcoal—For Manure.....cwt.	75,517	47,496	496,313	311,132			35,099	24,277	£	3,298,674
Brimstone.....	826,307	708,139	278,106	228,352			19,788	13,589	£	1,867,155
Bristles.....	2,221,668	1,589,778	380,766	256,190			8,064	8,315	£	775,272
Butter.....	856,206	925,851	4,539,837	4,962,287			7,247	2,373	£	656,247
Caoutchouc.....	120,221	108,821	1,362,660	1,214,430			35,099	24,277	£	3,298,674
Chemical Manufactures and Products unenumerated.....value £	798,196	1,010,277	2,253,688	3,005,456			19,788	13,589	£	1,867,155
Chicory.....	75,972	78,688	713,326	672,877			19,788	13,589	£	1,867,155
Clocks.....	66,632	70,903	53,637	58,897			8,064	8,315	£	775,272
Cochineal.....	279,040	296,451	333,506	318,791			7,247	2,373	£	656,247
Cocoa.....	25,702	25,433	334,652	330,477			35,099	24,277	£	3,298,674
From Ceylon.....	13,604,782	17,000,054	403,981	529,106			12,983,710	7,319,200	£	7,583,886
From British Possessions.....	5,725,449	6,148,741	1,888,988	3,069,256			153,196	237,184	£	100,919
From Brazil.....	556,991	723,456	1,040,202	1,922,826			2,740,997	1,412,575	£	1,840,650
From Central America.....	292,507	232,819	375,813	532,912			743,560	1,169,193	£	480,377
From Other Countries.....	104,850	129,791	570,863	993,814			42,232	15,009	£	25,229
Total.....	143,985	223,977	474,173	716,764			727,543	279,974	£	387,914
Imports.....	136,783	164,041	474,173	716,764			1,777,045	1,136,748	£	881,505
Home Consumption.....	1,235,086	1,474,084	4,350,939	6,335,572			5,344,619	13,065,441	£	3,437,847
Total.....	206,533	217,166	4,350,939	6,335,572			1,170,359	1,317,840	£	824,258
Wheat—From Russia.....cwt.	12,983,710	7,319,200	7,319,200	4,577,332			1,637,662	2,013,042	£	1,321,974
Denmark.....	153,196	237,184	1,840,650	1,902,320			1,076,982	2,773,199	£	1,875,000
Germany.....	2,740,997	1,412,575	480,377	746,892			27,397,905	30,759,405	£	19,797,840
France.....	743,560	1,169,193	480,377	746,892			9,159,266	6,797,907	£	3,535,097
Austrian Territories.....	42,232	15,009	25,229	38,797			8,755,988	9,648,894	£	3,157,231
Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia.....	727,543	279,974	387,914	524,436			794,116	980,462	£	416,978
Egypt.....	1,777,045	1,136,748	881,505	1,248,601			2,247,627	2,173,803	£	906,388
United States.....	5,344,619	13,065,441	3,437,847	8,479,601						
Chili.....	1,170,359	1,317,840	767,768	824,258						
British North America.....	637,662	2,013,042	415,093	1,321,974						
Other Countries.....	1,076,982	2,773,199	717,628	1,875,000						
Total.....	27,397,905	30,759,405	16,638,816	19,797,840						
Barley.....	9,159,266	6,797,907	3,535,097	2,912,514						
Oats.....	8,755,988	9,648,894	3,157,231	3,833,397						
Peas.....	794,116	980,462	338,543	416,978						
Beans.....	2,247,627	2,173,803	896,023	906,388						

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Gambier.....	15,312	14,896	£ 316,996	£ 349,510
Glass—Window and German Sheet, including Shades and Cylinders.....	333,921	324,110	279,317	307,608
Flint.....	47,219	56,476	295,404	225,838
Plate, silvered or not.....	32,769	27,578	90,983	97,166
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old Broken.....	110,854	165,380	322,434	419,533
Guano.....	84,160	120,604	815,977	1,349,950
Gum—Arabic.....	34,857	44,559	94,395	145,637
Lac, Seed, Shell, Stick, and Dye.....	67,115	42,487	393,151	301,302
Gutta Percha.....	35,449	37,416	296,431	315,454
Hams.....	125,933	162,640	321,499	448,573
Hats or Bonnets of Straw.....	139,914	132,872	48,714	29,525
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....	332,308	240,462	658,438	423,834
Italy.....	178,852	209,330	371,571	419,310
Austrian Territories.....	12,072	7,109	23,339	14,530
British India.....	52,939	43,109	61,916	48,297
Philippine Islands.....	98,764	202,866	220,532	439,437
Other Countries.....	159,316	233,571	290,455	395,403
Total.....	864,251	936,447	1,626,251	1,743,781
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned, Tawed, Curried, or in any way Dressed—Dry—From British India.....	386,945	273,144	1,448,313	1,068,968
Other Countries.....	252,160	193,286	915,967	792,539
Total.....	639,105	466,430	2,364,280	1,861,507
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay.....	139,915	240,572	450,226	804,750
Brazil.....	94,413	112,841	286,893	384,885
Australia.....	13,886	24,932	33,715	69,810
Other Countries.....	202,325	214,255	579,968	658,068
Total.....	450,539	592,600	1,350,772	1,917,513
Tanned, Tawed, &c., or in any way dressed, lbs.	23,331,319	22,844,479	1,398,728	1,470,834
Hops.....	60,021	59,184	338,254	267,501
Indigo.....	83,299	77,921	2,398,627	2,215,306
Iron and Steel—Iron—Bars Unwrought, tons	54,641	49,375	592,824	640,606
Iron Manufactures.....	602,350	480,944	856,127	791,690
Steel—Unwrought.....	5,832	7,157	80,217	109,015
Java.....	3,352,920	3,805,094	3,384,232	3,000,900
Lard.....	590,182	534,638	1,240,024	1,162,172
Lead, Pig and Sheet.....	57,228	45,063	1,228,966	1,103,760
Leather Manufactures—Boots and Shoes.....	35,369	29,400	116,726	110,186
Gloves, of Leather.....	857,915	727,721	1,146,714	961,260

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Corn—(Com.)—Indian Corn or Maize.....cwt.	17,949,825	15,025,858	£ 6,393,720	£ 5,161,758
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany.....	700,581	463,707	644,283	455,741
France.....	508,668	1,577,774	455,029	1,504,746
United States.....	345,192	936,392	277,524	823,143
British North America.....	199,238	318,995	173,918	282,434
Other Countries.....	664,447	1,352,216	679,967	1,304,046
Total.....	2,418,126	4,649,084	2,230,721	4,370,110
Indian Corn Meal.....	3,948	4,676	7,215	7,175
Cotton Raw—From United States.....cwt.	4,490,228	6,149,690	20,890,374	28,451,147
Brazil.....	876,953	514,919	4,129,663	2,289,164
Turkey.....	52,957	50,506	217,475	195,498
Egypt.....	999,631	1,118,315	4,880,762	5,240,616
British India.....	3,297,386	2,558,147	10,849,429	7,664,966
Other Countries.....	275,945	394,189	1,250,393	1,283,179
Total.....	9,991,320	10,695,766	42,218,096	43,124,570
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	...	...	1,143,203	1,175,603
Currents { Imports.....cwt.	609,210	386,500	831,414	520,152
Home Consumption.....	569,475	487,934	91,383	133,315
Catch.....	4,096	6,371	1,426,921	1,962,791
Eggs.....	3,640,965	4,639,398	376,636	479,891
Fish, Cured or Salted.....cwt.	265,697	269,918	2,313,486	2,662,442
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....cwt.	969,163	1,235,245	371,503	437,633
Germany.....	167,215	202,842	278,874	411,217
Holland.....	95,269	137,526	729,640	841,918
Belgium.....	240,498	250,029	91,030	47,606
Other Countries.....	41,885	24,493	91,030	47,606
Total.....	1,513,970	1,850,135	3,784,533	4,400,216

Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the Month from	Sept. 1 to Sept. 30, 1872.		Sept. 1 to Sept. 30, 1873.	
	cwt.	qrs.	cwt.	qrs.
Wheat.....	3,842,084	886,695	4,237,694	977,929
Wheat Flour.....	204,127	58,322	101,763	108,654
Barley.....	459,134	128,568	811,654	177,867
Oats.....	1,253,501	455,819	835,627	302,543
Peas.....	33,965	7,548	91,298	25,439
Beans.....	328,634	76,681	54,910	67,275
Indian Corn.....	2,663,511	474,486	2,439,441	568,723

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder	103,805	79,382	298,981	187,161
Roet	67,353	31,296	168,294	75,998
Garancine	31,314	29,992	293,543	354,363
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	49,461	54,235	98,329	390,043
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	239,854	187,218	617,107	527,909
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Chalk)	1,253,339	1,739,319	964,263	1,247,800
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti.....tuns	12,050	11,840	562,166	1,247,800
Palm	714,166	680,284	1,282,612	2,392,078
Cocoa-nut	321,532	223,632	624,416	506,110
Olive	18,293	29,379	926,651	1,195,909
Seed, of all kinds	11,390	11,078	450,956	1,576,840
Turpentine	155,166	172,075	340,948	397,639
Oil Seed Cakes	193,185	100,165	948,683	722,689
Oranges and Lemons.....bushels	1,571,429	1,461,409	791,257	1,693,298
Paper for Printing or Writing—From Belgium	94,120	75,143	274,245	3,892,777
Holland	16,519	8,754	56,621	5,140,474
Sweden	23,959	34,267	36,081	1,387,379
France	7,617	17,791	35,038	315,215
Other Countries	8,535	7,718	17,654	397,639
Total	150,810	143,913	419,739	1,576,840
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From Belgium .....	...	...	64,413	1,576,840
Holland .....	...	...	76,195	1,576,840
France .....	...	...	44,534	1,576,840
Other Countries .....	...	...	102,036	1,576,840
Total .....	...	...	287,178	1,576,840
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined	18,142	41,302	306,298	84,178
Pork—Salted (not Hams)	180,109	199,985	364,236	37,072
Fresh	5,709	5,901	11,509	78,757
Potatoes	1,377,410	6,345,518	452,549	41,685
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits) .....	...	...	104,249	37,072
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore .....	...	...	1,138,903	14,340
Quicksilver	439,119	417,386	335,692	84,178
Rags and other Materials for making Paper	2,319,552	2,260,369	295,173	14,340
—Linen and Cotton Rags	17,775	12,293	689,122	84,178
—Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	91,515	81,405	216,101	14,340
Raisins { Imports	187,466	83,035	649,801	84,178
{ Home Consumption	167,841	127,380	340,253	14,340
Rice, not in the Husk	4,036,044	4,509,040	2,035,734	14,340

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Resin	633,478	690,124	314,370	354,363
Saltpetre	288,441	273,122	374,468	390,043
Seeds—Clover and Grass	202,836	217,993	556,785	527,909
Cotton	151,308	161,334	1,268,057	1,247,800
Flax and Linseed	891,921	833,599	2,681,814	2,392,078
Rape	199,208	158,062	506,110	420,754
Silk—Raw—From China	1,337,718	1,329,407	1,387,379	1,576,840
British India	284,131	368,394	315,215	397,639
Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan	1,591,337	657,083	1,744,612	722,689
Other Countries	1,555,634	1,054,283	1,693,298	1,195,909
Total	4,798,820	3,609,167	5,140,474	3,892,777
Knobs or Husks of Silk, and Waste.....cwts	22,650	22,127	423,055	334,117
Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed—From France	27,477	41,691	41,685	84,178
Other Countries	25,014	11,955	37,072	14,340
Total	52,491	53,646	78,757	98,518
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe —Broad Stuffs—From France...value £	...	...	2,408,052	2,657,467
Belgium .....	...	...	1,403,822	1,206,187
Other Countries .....	...	...	66,914	61,647
Total .....	...	...	3,878,788	3,925,301
Ribbons, Silk, or Satin—From France .....	...	...	1,016,370	965,352
Other Countries .....	...	...	188,686	259,940
Total .....	...	...	1,205,056	1,225,292
Ribbons, other kinds—From Belgium .....	...	...	173,605	226,597
Other Countries .....	...	...	97,497	292,125
Total .....	...	...	271,102	518,722
Plush used for making Hats.....lbs	...	...	38,132	26,465
Of Countries out of Europe .....	...	...	195,619	225,922
Spices—Cinnamon	738,863	799,814	71,916	85,280
Ginger	39,119	28,940	70,466	76,300
Pepper	20,589,133	16,354,231	552,454	516,401

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed—				
Rum { Imports .....proof gallons— { Home Consumption.....	5,631,386	5,121,073	600,466	541,237
Brandy { Imports { Home Consumption.....	2,879,116	3,395,680	984,934	1,584,326
Other Sorts { Imports { Home Consumption.....	2,683,160	4,584,722	130,939	129,868
Sugar—Refined { Imports .....cwt { Home Consumption.....	1,059,512	1,324,547	2,169,962	2,924,933
Unrefined, Imports—From British West Indies and Guiana	503,125	735,002		
British India	1,185,776	1,707,327		
Mauritius	1,273,628	1,661,371		
Spanish West Indies	3,115,503	3,450,750	4,136,776	4,251,827
Java and Philippine Islands	367,873	330,395	415,457	343,670
Other Countries	772,855	677,831	1,076,807	929,739
Total	2,488,536	2,460,901	3,473,039	3,070,461
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption	1,487,031	1,733,062	1,841,069	1,830,140
1st Class	740,644	770,770	910,286	878,184
2nd Class	1,076,703	1,940,736	2,200,918	2,480,053
3rd Class	10,649,145	11,364,445	14,054,352	13,754,074
4th Class	318,027	533,806	...	...
Total	2,402,480	2,931,193	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana	2,392,052	2,909,939	...	...
Spanish West Indies	4,036,094	3,707,280	...	...
Other Countries	9,148,653	10,082,212	...	...
Total	168,597	137,141	99,398	67,130
Tallow and Stearine	32,748	21,859	17,859	9,375
Tar	308,903	271,328	145,804	129,373
Tea—British India	510,157	430,328	263,061	205,878
China (including Hong Kong and Macao)	*425,628	*434,478	...	...
Other Countries	1,006,327	1,083,191	2,157,443	2,244,338
Total	123,256	152,744	137,460	206,618
Teeth, Elephants', &c. ....cwt	11,674,387	11,858,839	847,703	881,571
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	109,060,401	86,366,132	7,312,584	6,029,620
Tea	7,448,931	6,312,160	571,571	433,110
Total	128,183,719	104,537,131	8,731,858	7,344,301
Home Consumption	96,428,619	99,469,406	...	...
Total	8,531	8,887	249,335	301,558
Total	139,448	120,107	943,048	829,586

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured { Imports .....lbs { Home Consumption.....	29,230,840	62,155,417	1,032,502	2,043,657
Manufac. and Snuff { Imports { Home Consumption.....	31,674,226	33,156,733	819,454	1,113,893
Turpentine, common	2,743,413	3,506,161	320	1,701
Valonia	800,010	912,693	494,474	449,868
Watches	1,000	2,794	247,980	282,130
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in South Africa	29,110	25,107	...	...
Of Other British Possessions	10,532	14,508	6,850	9,110
Foreign—From Germany	13,274	22,497	4,423	7,864
Holland	376,641	348,322	61,364	55,959
France { Red	486,929	432,162	317,153	286,672
{ White	2,625,636	3,331,592	760,918	925,223
Portugal	1,197,433	1,331,808	1,253,586	1,337,254
Madeira	2,855,173	2,996,231	1,902,654	1,910,016
Spain { Red	65,725	56,352	36,187	29,491
{ White	1,039,251	1,044,038	149,366	142,187
Italy	5,504,738	5,471,827	2,004,528	1,960,274
Other Countries	548,255	548,042	117,407	106,736
Total	152,370	140,985	78,257	69,500
Of Wine	14,875,957	15,738,364	5,792,693	5,940,286
Red	6,631,170	7,512,302	1,950,043	2,125,019
White	8,244,787	8,226,062	3,842,650	3,815,267
Wine Entered for Home Consumption— From France { Red	2,466,639	3,050,211	...	...
{ White	1,138,341	1,199,687	...	...
Portugal	2,374,129	2,507,750	...	...
Spain { Red	719,533	767,615	...	...
{ White	4,450,822	4,402,512	...	...
Other Countries	1,431,108	1,320,901	...	...
Total	12,580,572	13,248,676	...	...
Of wine	5,690,092	6,444,110	...	...
Red	6,890,480	6,804,566	...	...
White	192,391	233,074	398,914	526,269
Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia, loads Sweden and Norway	357,734	505,847	620,741	1,099,176
Germany	290,412	293,671	609,025	780,880
British North America	275,229	221,450	1,111,178	1,076,763
Other Countries	254,540	329,096	892,020	1,217,340
Total	1,290,606	1,493,138	3,631,878	4,700,428
Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From Russia	443,521	481,962	1,064,155	1,384,006
Sweden and Norway	1,018,660	1,055,788	2,198,982	2,952,236
British North America	476,149	517,926	1,333,320	1,713,650
Other Countries	115,651	132,782	393,298	544,376
Total	2,053,981	2,188,458	4,989,755	6,594,268

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood-(Con.)--Staves of all dimensions..loads Mahogany	39,276 23,103	54,877 38,041	£ £	544,884 441,459
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'-From Countries in Europe.....	29,852,064	23,586,368	1,710,158	1,352,362
British Possessions in South Africa	24,749,204	31,325,860	1,608,098	2,138,930
British India	16,617,885	15,787,373	738,279	718,404
Australia	164,866,694	177,150,277	10,266,589	11,129,502
Other Countries	27,425,838	21,052,187	1,286,872	982,858
Total	263,511,685	268,902,065	15,609,996	16,392,056
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	3,039,643	3,376,970	404,592	420,407
Goats' Wool or Hair	4,607,748	4,186,112	531,423	486,504
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool	51,352,000	42,609,280	417,424	350,784
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	9,910,567	9,687,688	1,148,561	1,108,340

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Nine Months ended September 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Bark, Peruvian	12,425	20,209	Silk Manufactures -- Of Countries in Europe--Broadstuffs	124,953	66,564
Caoutchouc	46,590	40,649	Ribbons	15,236	13,149
Cocoa	4,305,798	5,204,254	Of Countries out of Europe	43,539	44,637
Cochineal	17,274	13,817	Spices--Cinnamon	762,606	716,729
Coffee	946,424	1,014,031	Pepper	11,623,227	8,142,150
Corn--Wheat	151,935	683,723	Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed -- Rum	1,019,960	998,329
Wheatmeal or Flour	8,971	32,074	Brandy	261,652	305,579
Copper, Unwrought or part Wrought..tons	8,059	15,910	Other Sorts	380,382	182,711
Cotton, Raw--To Russia, Northern ports	173,981	115,721	Mixed in Bond	891,214	828,504
Germany	421,284	260,185	Sugar--Refined and Candy	28,819	16,539
Holland	538,081	376,282	Unrefined	104,256	110,813
Belgium	266,881	284,188	Molasses	35,977	55,273
France	219,576	166,742	Tallow and Stearine	86,854	96,846
Other Countries	125,989	147,200	Tea	29,783,438	24,458,330
Total	1,745,792	1,550,318	Teeth, Elephants', &c.	5,602	3,633
Cotton Manufactures..... value £	280,265	227,183	Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	38,855	20,529
Currits	71,928	110,532	Tobacco--Unmanufactured	10,620,215	11,532,690
Cutch	1,506	2,278	Manufactured, and Snuff	1,459,912	1,410,096
Gambier	2,818	4,097	Wine--Red	573,717	491,700
Guano.....	4,758	41,592	White	870,220	848,042
			Mixed in Bond	8,350	6,779
			Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	106,742,617	99,805,846

III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Nine Months ended September 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia .....cwt	216,169	255,127	142,117	197,028
Germany	478,119	590,253	306,069	306,069
Holland	179,648	191,129	227,122	83,059
France	78,150	29,948	36,069	22,752
United States	1,622,821	1,683,219	911,013	1,103,631
Other Countries	739,868	762,820	429,968	509,783
Total	3,314,775	3,512,496	1,814,378	2,222,322
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores—				
Fire Arms (small).....No.	293,863	281,050	347,466	415,137
Gunpowder	15,530,895	12,623,770	375,136	329,321
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Merchandise	2,704,261	3,458,445	1,290,548	1,481,039
Beer and Ale—To United States .....brls	31,040	33,665	155,301	177,897
British West Indies and Guiana	20,584	21,821	76,534	82,029
British India	143,647	165,810	431,764	505,069
Australia	58,395	84,854	238,683	357,448
Other Countries	141,763	150,679	627,718	706,955
Total	395,429	456,829	1,530,100	1,829,998
Books, Printed.....cwt	57,572	59,974	628,698	699,852
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	51,666	56,899	275,971	328,764
Butter	38,941	32,837	191,524	191,524
Candles of all Sorts	5,066,138	4,604,900	170,829	156,716
Carriages—Railway Carriages for Passengers	160	418	26,166	105,444
Carriages—Railway Carriages, &c.....No.	1,705	2,060	147,696	165,796
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.....cwt	13,459	12,928	56,180	55,159
Total	19,097,523	9,444,461	7,208,767	9,624,972
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured				
—To Russia	720,230	565,305	542,499	596,611
Sweden and Norway	591,788	589,342	428,710	614,858
Denmark	524,393	427,850	338,722	426,159
Germany	1,652,429	1,229,251	1,103,892	1,238,505
Holland	358,675	340,634	236,930	371,559
France	1,657,441	1,779,987	991,661	1,655,302
Spain and Canaries	484,007	453,554	387,872	554,410
Italy	722,330	623,959	498,215	641,378
Brazil	209,371	278,912	189,547	337,381
British India.....	331,255	353,929	288,104	355,725
Other Countries	2,815,469	2,811,341	2,182,265	3,118,184
Total	19,097,523	9,444,461	7,208,767	9,624,972
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers engaged in the foreign trade.....(5 months)				
Total	1,986,677	1,386,677	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland .....cwt	42,276	31,551	205,065	146,988
Belgium.....	21,350	24,040	101,050	112,779
France	54,351	43,606	267,244	200,990
British India.....	3,154	3,675	16,280	17,677
Other Countries	87,693	104,933	431,382	492,959
Total	208,764	205,905	1,021,021	971,393
Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated—To Germany	9,662	7,693	49,229	38,348
Holland	5,798	6,414	28,401	33,221
France	4,230	6,707	22,230	30,401
Italy	9,387	8,673	50,339	45,648
Turkey	12,094	24,854	63,887	126,150
Egypt.....	10,977	11,622	54,170	61,034
United States	1,000	2,431	5,251	12,145
British India	30,146	24,128	152,303	118,507
Other Countries	52,816	57,797	283,809	307,740
Total	135,210	150,319	709,619	773,194
Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	155,696	168,136	648,255	720,289
Total of Copper	499,670	525,360	2,378,895	2,464,867
Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	111,538	94,595	315,007	280,381
Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia.....lbs	1,895,540	2,563,534	165,111	242,718
Germany	32,398,591	28,232,821	2,735,133	2,322,859
Holland	31,624,517	31,059,762	3,230,810	3,137,712
France	4,179,872	2,900,331	483,675	389,588
Austrian Territories	11,430,070	17,196,610	609,374	914,949
Italy	9,019,190	2,854,000	108,101	14,312
Egypt	13,129,090	14,329,670	738,672	772,652
Turkey	5,371,985	5,774,760	385,630	401,677
China and Hong Kong	7,115,450	8,178,680	439,784	476,163
Japan.....	10,712,160	6,017,150	696,069	390,829
British India—Bombay	3,804,760	4,504,646	288,425	323,631
Madras	4,168,870	4,416,050	306,223	323,753
Penang	10,436,880	9,890,000	869,404	703,718
Straits Settlements	1,426,610	1,623,930	130,682	114,525
Ceylon	86,250	131,160	6,312	11,950
Other Countries	12,149,741	15,986,394	961,256	1,113,426
Total	151,940,256	158,390,618	12,077,930	11,734,762

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany	73,806,680	43,917,157	1,590,015	1,039,396
Holland	24,437,836	40,735,461	592,709	808,109
France	77,187,614	79,272,322	1,587,682	1,419,992
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	51,765,510	58,991,250	793,203	847,770
Italy	51,882,790	67,222,230	895,941	1,120,935
Austrian Territories	10,077,400	12,506,900	173,565	209,460
Turkey	185,669,720	215,843,468	3,204,406	3,577,421
Egypt	173,257,410	180,997,210	2,491,840	2,459,668
West Coast of Africa	16,951,455	19,122,679	298,111	346,741
United States	118,359,943	96,600,535	3,111,813	2,396,068
Foreign West Indies	64,923,820	56,810,452	1,163,461	1,113,125
Mexico	11,798,800	28,331,500	217,170	521,102
New Granada	72,935,466	72,353,675	1,270,937	1,297,845
Brazil	140,056,555	120,268,546	2,563,041	2,197,994
Uruguay	22,702,350	42,1215	421,215	277,192
Argentine Confederation	48,140,190	40,919,180	888,889	772,474
Chili	50,049,160	49,945,280	810,236	821,365
Peru	18,149,930	26,025,380	319,376	453,069
China and Hong Kong	317,713,100	273,018,700	5,032,988	4,176,225
Japan	21,951,000	15,947,447	337,988	263,297
Java	19,094,800	13,836,350	327,681	240,291
Philippine Islands	9,382,060	6,374,940	172,000	136,177
Gibraltar	21,209,740	23,440,480	437,441	425,337
Malta	16,179,000	19,331,200	221,455	269,905
British North America	37,978,505	39,134,434	807,982	850,912
West Indies and Guiana	28,245,944	30,004,667	475,943	508,740
Possessions in South Africa	18,673,450	16,302,300	424,921	379,204
British India—Bombay	156,060,840	169,637,055	2,086,142	2,217,438
Madras	24,060,960	33,313,260	357,434	480,821
Bengal	482,601,180	502,390,613	6,216,250	6,560,844
Straits Settlements	73,724,000	65,357,250	1,173,658	1,036,495
Ceylon	24,130,400	26,882,600	403,008	416,593
Australia	31,162,532	32,747,322	762,519	825,613
Other Countries	126,384,692	141,586,093	2,459,837	2,656,441
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached	1,767,027,351	1,773,129,439	26,075,860	25,750,533
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	840,652,091	847,333,088	17,363,223	16,952,114
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predominating	16,026,590	12,500,659	560,854	472,427
Total	2,623,706,032	2,632,963,216	43,999,937	43,175,074
Hosiery—Stockings and Socks...doz. pairs	860,495	862,136	302,875	328,192
Thread for sewing or stitching	5,874,705	6,165,902	1,027,858	1,099,480
Total value of Cotton Manufactures .....	...	...	47,466,390	47,088,859

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Fish—Herrings—To Germany	301,534	386,695	450,173	565,384
Other Countries	77,188	66,794	89,643	97,939
Total	378,722	453,489	549,816	663,323
Glass—Plate, Rough or Silvered, including Looking Glasses or Mirrors, Framed or not	1,503,370	1,702,535	168,070	248,583
Flint of all kinds	83,841	97,235	214,051	277,076
Bottles and Manufactures of Green or Common Glass	541,521	670,575	264,320	336,952
Other Manufactures, unenumerated	95,726	92,575	147,563	152,258
Hats of all kinds	459,885	457,838	633,125	670,603
Horses—To France	1,214	797	52,970	47,770
Other Countries	1,343	1,164	84,611	78,852
Total	2,557	1,961	137,581	126,622
Iron and Steel—Iron, pig—To Germany, tons	230,311	209,855	1,041,165	1,226,029
Holland	257,256	255,054	1,245,321	1,679,235
France	70,790	74,254	312,054	431,031
United States	168,333	87,958	861,816	595,478
Other Countries	311,146	289,514	1,538,538	1,663,271
Total	1,038,436	896,635	5,018,894	5,595,034
Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Germany	11,604	23,334	122,187	292,435
Holland	5,829	11,236	64,804	144,160
France	730	2,258	8,461	20,847
Italy	15,592	15,689	158,614	195,586
Turkey	5,998	5,900	58,357	80,310
United States	53,599	21,958	590,709	292,332
British North America	41,538	27,792	476,796	305,765
British India	13,002	13,795	145,995	181,585
Australia	15,615	11,380	196,616	161,441
Other Countries	82,006	88,302	919,564	1,110,640
Total	245,513	221,644	2,742,703	2,871,131
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia	73,587	125,368	776,161	1,968,565
Sweden	10,453	35,316	107,180	428,318
Germany	32,642	34,151	428,960	463,105
Holland	2,869	15,729	45,150	213,622
France	457	2,254	7,637	33,369
Spain and Canaries	8,888	8,847	83,411	120,039
Austrian Territories	7,534	816	71,216	9,773
Egypt	11,888	6,237	123,506	81,006
United States	378,053	151,972	3,737,493	1,967,872
Spanish West Indies	1,109	4,446	11,185	55,537

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Con.)				
—To Brazil	15,745	11,665	130,837	144,402
Pern	25,774	7,732	231,688	108,244
Chili	2,609	3,855	28,909	53,590
British North America	68,739	49,313	794,389	628,872
British India.....	10,798	11,939	128,697	190,565
Australia	17,134	17,219	191,312	255,388
Other Countries	52,691	104,737	613,390	1,358,115
Total	720,970	591,596	7,511,121	7,783,382
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not	25,606	22,484	489,100	526,610
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	8,286	14,005	120,875	269,910
Germany	9,861	22,626	123,407	330,599
Holland	6,829	9,675	95,064	143,593
France	2,193	4,167	38,054	77,823
Spain and Canaries.....	4,209	3,565	63,458	57,717
United States	25,551	16,913	342,253	275,855
British North America	13,050	6,259	197,556	152,379
British India.....	14,717	9,053	213,761	166,477
Australia	14,410	16,160	303,642	392,912
Other Countries	54,205	52,025	906,804	978,813
Total	153,311	156,448	2,404,874	2,846,078
Tin Plates—To France	2,329	3,142	64,251	111,124
United States	72,188	71,237	2,262,852	2,306,927
British North America	3,434	2,793	120,897	98,676
Australia	3,600	3,157	127,738	116,052
Other Countries	13,407	17,096	425,476	595,713
Total	94,958	97,425	3,001,214	3,228,492
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufacturers (except Ordnance, unenumerated)—To Russia	11,048	37,882	173,603	569,267
Germany	20,301	24,515	274,259	439,224
Holland	10,070	12,100	169,209	200,628
France	3,836	3,969	92,794	104,829
Spain and Canaries.....	4,743	6,817	85,323	101,988
United States	9,969	13,828	214,470	286,742
British North America.....	18,868	14,786	328,525	329,315
British Possessions in South Africa	2,565	3,828	64,033	100,152
British India.....	15,624	14,543	287,844	276,136
Iron and Steel—(Con.)—Cast or Wrought, &c.—To Australia	15,718	22,313	333,171	488,927
Other Countries	84,062	66,166	1,359,586	1,391,062
Total	199,804	220,747	3,382,817	4,288,270
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	85,805	51,673	520,392	341,122
Steel, Unwrought—To France	2,318	2,082	87,205	89,383
United States	17,506	15,173	552,685	552,767
Other Countries	13,244	13,075	426,595	479,134
Total	33,068	30,330	1,066,485	1,121,284
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	8,412	8,008	453,081	542,814
Total of Iron and Steel	2,602,883	2,206,990	26,590,681	29,144,217
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia.....	7,218	5,629	139,767	129,699
France	1,194	1,110	23,987	25,348
United States	6,616	2,424	132,619	56,695
China and Hong Kong	6,969	2,479	132,798	56,834
British India.....	2,174	669	47,271	18,762
Australia	1,564	1,410	31,394	32,910
Other Countries	11,317	10,565	232,567	245,439
Total	37,052	24,286	740,403	565,687
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Unwrought	98,626	81,469	880,211	643,983
Wrought—Boots and Shoes—To Australia.....	158,540	169,288	421,522	507,940
Other Countries	268,760	238,357	809,543	810,386
Total	427,300	407,645	1,231,065	1,318,326
Other Articles unenumerated—To Australia	94,628	115,364	20,718	32,100
Other Countries	1,451,547	1,151,299	280,558	199,761
Total	1,546,175	1,266,663	301,276	231,861
See also Saddlery and Harness.				
Linen and Jute—Yarn—Linen—To Germany	4,550,888	5,212,669	448,363	518,349
Holland	3,082,990	3,290,631	189,051	180,448

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To				
Belgium	579,566	882,247	56,035	112,027
France	1,098,868	343,508	91,938	24,696
Spain and Canaries.....	8,575,500	8,444,633	477,455	429,552
Gibraltar	179,540	7,480	7,839	584
Other Countries	3,904,426	3,388,087	249,042	217,494
Total	21,971,778	21,569,255	1,519,723	1,483,150
Jute	9,838,505	8,427,921	200,665	140,595
Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	372,999	149,064	14,486	8,762
Germany	5,272,376	5,146,193	215,619	198,700
Holland	808,410	775,000	33,273	41,095
France	3,685,256	3,217,771	148,883	144,617
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	1,270,440	1,348,595	40,069	37,895
Spain and Canaries.....	1,992,514	1,955,200	114,842	68,301
Italy	2,215,240	2,069,858	105,974	89,193
United States	95,653,360	84,881,817	2,995,945	2,447,574
Spanish West Indies	23,861,284	14,760,630	573,951	571,502
Danish West Indies	813,400	809,100	25,324	23,498
Hayti	2,919,390	2,099,830	80,110	51,515
Brazil	7,109,760	4,984,120	210,906	166,634
Chili	1,374,466	1,192,690	43,867	36,429
Peru	1,358,240	1,342,940	38,372	40,519
British West Indies and Guiana	3,134,990	3,574,349	72,855	83,788
British India	1,317,355	1,687,990	49,333	58,355
Australia	5,755,480	7,019,990	192,562	244,749
Other Countries	25,940,225	28,509,508	826,522	918,888
Total	179,209,059	158,842,686	5,603,141	5,035,925
Total { Plain, Unbleached, or Bleached	5,646,126	6,101,869	179,752	196,089
{ Checked, Printed, or Dyed, and Damasks or Diapers	184,855,185	164,944,555	5,782,893	5,232,014
Sailcloth and Sails	3,136,027	3,379,288	177,812	196,808
Thread for sewing	2,041,230	1,757,642	248,733	225,178
Total Value of Linen Manufactures .....	...	...	6,366,716	5,866,838
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds.....yards	59,783,732	70,101,560	1,052,310	1,175,791
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany	2,195,583	2,220,362	292,283	290,063
Holland	785,444	889,091	101,148	111,715
France	857,927	623,698	110,766	79,637
Spain and Canaries.....	236,745	135,653	31,594	17,530
Austrian Territories.....	711,590	290,746	96,935	35,715
Brazil	167,402	116,941	26,381	17,808
Principal Articles.				
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia	319,054	310,947	55,402	52,702
British North America	421,550	333,486	62,979	50,908
Other Countries	2,588,261	2,974,965	367,375	389,301
Total	8,283,556	7,895,859	1,144,863	1,055,379
Paper—Writing or Printing, and Envelopes—To British India	28,370	26,688	93,314	88,024
Australia	59,857	73,516	165,545	215,464
Other Countries	68,744	64,536	220,598	216,275
Total	156,971	164,740	479,357	519,763
Other kinds, except Hangings and Articles of Papier-Mâché—To British India	5,787	5,659	14,908	13,683
Australia	22,367	27,443	41,905	57,739
Other Countries	35,888	43,009	93,429	131,610
Total	64,042	76,111	150,242	203,032
Total of Paper	221,013	240,851	629,599	722,795
Rags (except Woollen), and other Materials for making Paper	25,633	12,997	470,721	231,959
Salt—Rock and White—To Russia.....	63,770	72,627	41,135	64,426
United States	114,001	159,668	86,465	175,266
British North America	64,785	57,508	35,445	49,073
British India.....	179,165	174,941	118,535	169,744
Other Countries	179,997	178,819	110,050	148,940
Total	592,718	653,563	391,630	606,549
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad				
Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France,yards	33,597	8,575	9,106	2,021
Egypt	113,458	57,393	22,242	8,434
United States	659,355	275,178	139,700	71,630
British India.....	170,695	316,334	22,880	38,511
Australia	169,879	154,594	31,786	27,733
Other Countries	425,006	539,508	96,387	113,295
Total	1,571,990	1,351,582	322,101	261,624
Soap	173,758	137,178	227,468	179,807
Sprits, British and Irish—To France ..gals	7,428	9,673	927	1,211
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	88,298	330,351	10,957	41,295
Turkey	29,180	13,005	3,646	1,625
United States	116,257	114,008	14,660	14,259
British North America	205,845	178,866	25,745	22,358

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Con.)—To				
Australia	274,693	328,295	34,339	41,637
Other Countries	593,459	357,580	74,078	44,699
Total	1,315,160	1,331,838	164,352	166,484
Sugar, Refined and Candy	457,394	437,709	733,688	665,017
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	10,911	13,884	81,356	95,004
France	24,045	15,026	172,917	104,704
Turkey	6,546	5,002	51,041	35,443
United States	15,789	21,625	118,115	152,930
Other Countries	31,501	30,658	242,623	213,117
Total	88,792	86,196	666,952	601,198
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany...lbs	1,434,202	2,265,000	119,186	212,505
Belgium	970,399	825,863	86,938	69,359
France	691,408	955,734	65,535	82,287
United States	1,532,451	676,931	113,152	52,765
Other Countries	867,121	639,866	80,763	53,914
Total	5,515,581	5,363,454	465,514	471,450
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia	1,675,809	1,573,871	234,364	225,920
Germany	14,214,481	12,287,120	2,133,380	1,882,369
Holland	9,795,119	8,356,316	1,545,334	1,269,741
Belgium	566,830	242,114	87,277	37,821
France	1,943,685	1,455,093	337,684	274,633
Other Countries	1,468,289	1,778,158	205,319	272,633
Total	29,664,203	25,692,672	4,543,358	3,962,517
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—				
Woolens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels,				
&c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool				
mixed with other Materials—To				
Germany	3,330,012	4,260,635	643,314	827,939
Holland	947,808	819,137	172,298	149,388
France	4,415,815	4,148,691	954,078	763,715
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	221,698	211,589	39,151	34,398
Italy	2,329,030	978,604	302,148	136,640
United States	5,464,498	4,348,367	1,154,479	1,059,882
Brazil	1,166,641	1,363,680	120,190	135,017
Uruguay	285,545	425,170	37,964	53,579
Argentine Confederation	836,383	1,148,856	112,422	145,120
Chili	503,223	639,050	70,445	78,830
Peru	916,944	843,910	145,553	131,133
China and Hong Kong	1,525,413	1,678,260	208,464	246,952
British North America	3,229,786	2,353,231	495,373	375,693
India	825,723	1,197,985	124,143	159,927
Australia	1,351,460	1,850,686	220,428	318,399
Total	33,330,012	42,660,635	6,433,314	8,277,939
Blankets and Blanketing	4,482,774	4,390,237	444,176	437,540
Flannels	5,046,701	5,427,075	632,333	303,930
Carpets, not being Rugs —To	2,262,486	2,008,594	182,566	204,978
Germany	273,005	281,219	49,097	58,001
Holland	179,188	223,139	32,898	43,790
France	738,674	504,327	104,235	79,647
Spain and Canaries	164,092	153,108	19,423	19,377
United States	5,809,474	4,410,871	1,033,187	700,465
Chili	122,540	235,980	21,432	41,674
British North America	722,077	635,480	91,106	86,132
Australia	290,380	520,780	42,089	73,918
Other Countries	1,238,918	1,232,424	182,566	204,978
Total	9,538,258	8,217,528	1,576,983	1,397,982
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought	15,209,879	13,448,463	81,352	65,013
Total	82,991	51,477		

IIIa.—Supplement to No. III. Account showing, as far as can be ascertained, the Quantities and Value of certain Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture first exported to various Countries in Transit, and ultimately intended for other Destinations, in the Nine Months ended September 30, 1873.

Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....	British India	£ 26,963	...	Cotton—Piece Goods—(Cont.)—To U. S. ...	British N. America ...	23,914,500	520,075
	Australia	7,232	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama) ...	Central America ...	19,978,300	321,837
	Other Countries.....	4,443	...	Other Countries ...	Other Countries ...	899,400	16,634
	Total	38,618	...	Total	Total	10,639,100	206,775
United States	British N. America	69,223	...	Straits Settlements, Java	British N. America ...	30,676,800	545,246
Books Printed, To Egypt All Countries	China & H. Kong, lbs	2,136	...	Other Countries ...	Other Countries ...	13,793,900	263,996
Cotton, Yarn, & Twist —To France	Japan	568,500	...	Total	Total	529,900	7,690
	British India	943,900	...	Earthen and Chinaware, Parian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery & Brown Stoneware)—To United States.....	B. N. America, £	14,323,800	276,656
	Other Countries	37,000	...	Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needle-work—To Egypt	British India .....	...	37,823
	Total	1,489,400	...	United States	Australia .....	...	54,585
Turkey	Russia, S. Ports	73,520	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama).. Other Countries ...	Other Countries .....	...	2,757
Egypt	Turkey	9,180	...	Hardware and Cutlery, unmanufactured — To United States	British N. America .....	...	84,195
	China & Hong Kong	32,000	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama).. Other Countries ...	U. S. (Pacific Ports) .....	...	354,148
	Japan	76,000	...	Total	Other Countries .....	...	14,031
	British India	2,976,750	...	Total	Total .....	...	59,170
	Other Countries	112,500	...	China & Hong Kong Japan	China & Hong Kong .....	...	73,201
	Total	3,206,430	...	Foreign W. I. ... yds	Other Countries .....	...	40,899
China & Hong Kong	Other Countries	366,700	...	China & Hong Kong	British N. America .....	...	16,414
Other Countries	Total	320,600	...	Japan	U. S. (Pacific Ports) .....	...	15,984
Total	Other Countries	687,300	...	Philippine Islands	Other Countries ...	...	...
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds —To France	Foreign W. I. ... yds	1,293,600	...	British India	Total .....	...	32,398
	China & Hong Kong	34,388,200	...	United States	—To United States .....	...	61,900
	Japan	6,614,700	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama).. Other Countries ...	British N. America	3,146	...
	Philippine Islands	905,909	...	Hardware and Cutlery, unmanufactured — To United States	U. S. (Pacific Ports) .....	...	...
	British India .....	...	...	New Granada (Isth. mus of Panama).. Other Countries ...	Other Countries ...	...	...
	Other Countries	2,755,300	...	Total	Total .....	...	...
	Total	45,357,400	...	Iron & Steel—Iron, Unwrought & Wrought —To United States	British N. America .....	...	...
Turkey	Russia, S. Ports	2,997,300	...	Steel, Unwrought and Manufactures of	British N. America	3,146	...
Egypt	Turkey	1,210,300	...	Leather, Wrought—To U. States	British N. America	378	...
	China & Hong Kong	739,000	...	Boots & Shoes—To Egypt	Australia...doz pairs	31	...
	Japan	899,700	...	Other Countries ...	Other Countries ...	2,525	...
	British India	76,466,400	...	Total	Total	2,556	...
	Other Countries	55,500	...	Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France	French W. I. ... yds	175,360	...
	Total	1,267,400	...	Other Countries ...	Danish West Indies .....	...	...
China & Hong Kong	Other Countries	80,638,300	...	Total	Other Countries ...	144,830	...
Philippine Islands	Total	2,600,100	...	Egypt	Total	320,190	...
Other Countries	Other Countries	19,150,400	...	United States	British India	247,810	...
Total	Total	21,150,500	...	Carpets—To U. States	British N. America	10,342	...
				British N. America	British N. America	5,876	...
				Other Countries	Other Countries	6,231	...
				Total	Total	11,620	...
				United States	Total	870,870	...
				Carpets—To U. States	British N. America	42,725	...
				British N. America	British N. America	149,137	...
				Other Countries	Other Countries	49,557	...
				Total	Total	376,010	...

2nd—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....		62,917	49,856	Haberdashery, &c.—(Con.)—British West Indies and Guiana		177,517	199,843	Machinery, &c.—(Con.)—Other descriptions—To British India		182,418	341,248
British North America		226,056	219,813	Possessions in South Africa		279,650	333,169	Australia		115,767	188,754
Possessions in South Africa		337,530	342,217	India		179,734	204,064	Other Countries		1,253,261	1,633,719
India		57,792	77,071	Australia		874,016	1,026,715	Total		3,787,893	5,173,955
Australia		665,326	877,281	Other Countries		862,296	811,566	Painters' Colours and Materials, unenumerated		848,364	751,594
Other Countries		820,635	880,932	Total		5,097,062	5,138,697	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated		431,274	503,575
Total		2,170,286	2,447,170	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—To Russia		109,061	127,653	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares		143,392	181,547
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores		348,043	280,737	Germany		253,403	274,353	Saddlery and Harness—To British Possessions in South Africa		40,958	67,463
Caoutchouc, Manufactures of		744,642	670,977	Holland		87,528	90,274	British India		23,466	23,735
Chemical Products, or Preparations, unenumerated		1,376,819	1,323,296	France		126,757	120,865	Australia		82,646	123,080
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent Net		831,264	949,552	Spain and Canaries		76,566	70,893	Other Countries		108,352	114,276
Hosiery		547,356	543,298	United States		706,314	623,358	Total		255,422	328,554
Other Manufactures, unenumerated		757,100	993,293	Spanish West Indies		163,146	122,047	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany		86,075	47,949
Earthen and China Ware, Porian and Porcelain (except Red Pottery and Brown Stoneware)—To Germany		45,890	87,799	Brazil		193,583	214,100	Holland		378,290	306,593
France		59,910	51,468	Argentina Confederation		145,606	150,346	Belgium		99,830	82,809
United States		597,472	544,552	British North America		231,731	196,589	France		753,952	803,377
Brazil		76,118	93,337	India		196,589	155,776	Other Countries		25,057	39,244
British North America		108,888	76,828	Australia		332,996	411,468	Total		1,343,244	1,279,972
India		60,521	58,735	Other Countries		1,120,571	1,168,633	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk—Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls—To France		9,761	20,975
Australia		92,487	162,451	Total		3,683,851	3,726,865	Egypt		31,378	6,046
Other Countries		422,201	541,172	Linen Manufactures, unenumerated		157,278	212,838	New Granada		7,286	9,136
Total		1,463,487	1,516,342	Machinery and Millwork—Steam Engines—To Russia		233,527	180,102	Other Countries		174,451	145,313
Fish		189,292	175,768	France		18,710	31,233	Total		222,876	181,470
Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Germany		62,998	104,300	Spain and Canaries		23,010	59,659	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk—To France		9,761	20,975
France		121,211	103,275	Brazil		221,765	77,914	Egypt		31,378	6,046
India		171,759	108,481	British India		63,240	99,188	New Granada		7,286	9,136
United States		1,192,186	1,133,179	Australia		131,733	210,300	Other Countries		174,451	145,313
Channel Islands		159,016	108,293	Other Countries		1,048,905	1,449,957	Total		222,876	181,470
British North America		1,016,679	1,000,302	Total		1,809,657	2,223,106	Ribbons of all Kinds—To France		2,288	1,747
				Other Descriptions—To Russia		500,673	772,030	Egypt		38,257	14,044
				Germany		559,388	960,688	United States		56,970	46,766
				Holland		298,576	358,157	British North America		58,963	29,256
				Belgium		194,984	328,462	Australia		35,568	60,152
				France		436,132	405,646				
				Spain and Canaries		129,791	132,932				
				Egypt		116,903	52,319				

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£
Silk Manufactures—(Com.)—Ribbons of all Kinds—Other Countries			
	Total	213,591	174,030
Other Articles of Silk only—To Germany			
	France	44,233	64,803
	United States	195,476	144,199
	Other Countries	86,909	85,767
	Total	370,638	322,935
Manufactures of Silk and other Materials—To Germany			
	France	697,256	617,704
	Total	17,533	29,854
	France	5,153	2,614
Silk Manufactures—(Com.)—Manufac. of Silk & other Materials—To United States			
	Other Countries	172,767	63,523
	Total	91,270	86,339
Total of Silk Manufactures			
	Total	1,742,547	1,438,158
Stationery other than Paper—To United States			
	British India	68,478	75,458
	Egypt	48,985	47,943
	Australia	19,756	12,937
	Other Countries	72,409	94,359
	Total	256,998	258,961
Stationery other than Paper—To United States			
	Total	466,626	489,658

* Estimated.

V.—An Account of the Declared Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Nine Months ended September 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Countries.	GOLD.				SILVER.				TOTAL OF GOLD AND SILVER.			
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Exports.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Russia	38,300	33,306	33,306	125,600	1,903,192	133,922	16,400	520,150	38,300	...	49,706	645,750
Germany	161,308	45,533	5,153,902	6,203,584	993,948	8,555	873,363	250,498	1,364,500	179,455	6,027,265	6,454,082
Holland	10,009	7,433	221,200	72,900	165,907	46,330	101,790	1,400	1,003,957	15,988	322,990	74,300
Belgium	244,845	15,440	1,500	98,600	545,825	1,020,323	72,370	1,019,890	410,752	61,776	73,870	1,118,490
France	548,607	524,749	972,182	531,364	5,202	5,602	721,696	2,807,853	1,094,432	1,545,072	1,693,878	3,339,217
Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	1,500	77,447	1,246,025	1,300,827	1,279	2,903	250,000	105,081	6,702	5,602	1,496,025	1,405,908
Spain and Canaries	12,553	54,823	2,000	2,000	37,965	52,594	289,400	20,900	13,292	80,350	289,400	1,928,503
Gibraltar	42,804	77,640	78,000	...	39,674	2,880	10,210	3,000	80,769	107,417	12,210	5,000
Malta	77,063	77,640	300,000	...	39,674	2,880	...	...	116,737	79,920	78,000	...
Turkey	700	7,340	...	...	440	40	...	...	1,140	7,380	300,000	...
Egypt	6,686	1,316,842	824,599	1,012,631	10,175	27,382	4,550,758	2,255,051	16,861	1,344,224	5,375,357	3,267,682
West Coast of Africa	81,137	59,351	33,436	28,981	575	5,580	7,992	29,601	81,712	64,931	41,398	58,582
British Possessions in South Africa	290	3,450	1,036,275	214,250	556	544	74,525	44,550	846	4,004	1,110,800	258,800
China (includ. Hong Kong) .....	...	55,816	...	...	61,893	126,700	38,766	313,055	61,893	182,516	88,766	313,055
Australia	4,519,650	7,003,481	...	...	14,623	15,761	32,320	36,829	4,534,273	7,019,242	32,320	36,829
British North America	35,000	2,756	2,500	118,000	21,709	12,810	9,000	5,000	56,709	15,566	11,500	123,000
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), & W. Indies	486,946	2,016,198	3,620,652	428,238	1,804,951	2,389,034	106,255	89,698	2,291,897	4,405,232	3,726,937	517,936
Brazil	98,570	44,714	295,387	206,793	7,734	42,630	...	25	174,304	87,344	285,387	207,118
United States	7,189,187	3,126,527	698,005	1,623,052	3,520,156	4,780,075	710,530	387,849	10,709,343	7,906,602	679,057	679,057
Other Countries	119,440	232,319	698,005	1,623,052	58,881	797,547	...	...	178,321	629,866	1,409,135	2,010,931
Total of Gold	1367,4595	14671,269	14519,599	14551,810	8,562,685	9,471,212	7,565,339	7,892,430	22,237,280	24,142,481	22,384,938	22,444,240

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.

BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		—Week Ending—			
		Sept. 6.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 27.
Ashford Bank	11849	11190	11634	11652	11827
Aylesbury Old Bank	48461	20261	21083	21736	22557
Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	37223	18103	18402	18649	18582
Barnstaple Bank	17182	2221	2536	2690	2781
Bedford Bank	34218	28792	29406	30560	31151
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	27680	13479	14200	14178	14781
Boston Bank (Clayton and Co.)	75069	58765	58961	61580	63935
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	15161	10888	12708	14740	16057
Bridgwater Bank	10028	5459	5476	5619	5879
Bristol Bank	48277	17967	18350	18965	18583
Broceley and Bridgnorth Bank	29717	18288	13456	14314	14633
Buckingham Bank	29657	21818	21750	22677	21625
Bury and Suffolk Bank	82362	42163	40963	37888	39881
Banbury Bank	44467	22080	22323	22235	22444
Banbury Old Bank	55153	16480	17169	18112	18213
Bedfordshire Lighten Buzzard Bank	36829	30512	31250	31681	32200
Brecon Old Bank	68271	44653	46758	46842	51765
Brighton Union Bank	33794	16053	15895	16307	16470
Burlington and Driffield Bank	12745	12437	12723	12983	12591
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	3201	1444	1620	1663	1566
Cambridge Bank	25744	10822	10292	10287	10865
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	49916	38353	40593	40832	47710
Canterbury Bank	33671	29345	19000	19656	20709
Colechester Bank	25982	11479	11615	11630	12169
Colechester and Essex Bank	48704	24405	24340	25356	26035
Cornish Bank, Truro	40889	29645	30847	30320	31022
City Bank, Exeter	21527	10848	10810	11088	11238
Craven Bank, Settle	77154	76250	76799	77227	77800
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	13332	10252	9996	9725	12821
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	41304	31695	31820	31949	32468
Derby Old Bank	27237	29263	28807	27502	23220
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	20674	5037	4855	4792	4579
Darlington Bank	86218	80275	80543	82568	82555
Devonport Bank	10664	4938	5924	5146	5392
Dorchester Old Bank	48007	34010	34364	34687	35917
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	112280	81887	81109	81549	83880
East Riding Bank, Beverley	53992	4919	60194	51949	53425
Essex and Bishop's Stortford Bank	66637	34453	35827	35820	36324
Exeter Bank	37494	17967	17248	17498	17797
Farnham Bank	14292	5411	5426	5763	5760
Faversham Bank	6681	5161	4990	5365	6120
Godalming Bank	6322	5469	5187	4974	5145
Guildford Bank	14524	10415	10380	9727	9530
Grantham Bank	39372	19724	19782	20152	21437
Hull and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	19079	20294	19745	19907	19905
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	56391	24840	25622	26413	27582
Harwich Bank	5778	4081	4442	3955	4115
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	38781	26185	26843	27679	29095
Ipswich Bank	21901	15939	15986	16325	16802
Ipswich and Newham Market Bank	89669	45662	44774	44827	47384
Kentish Bank	10895	13846	13755	13555	14500
Kingston and Radnorshire Bank	20650	19477	20194	21109	23340
Knaresborough Old Bank	21245	18787	18996	18529	19086
Kental Bank	44693	44223	44994	44832	45055
Leeds Bank	130757	121534	121762	125970	131408
Leeds Union Bank	37459	36880	35778	35965	36728
Leicester Bank	32822	22650	22340	22992	24339
Lewes Old Bank	44396	21393	20878	20775	22369
Lincoln Bank	100342	84937	85864	92326	93133
Llandovery and Llandilo Bank	32945	20946	23103	26939	28328
Loughborough Bank	7359	7211	7407	7194	7140
Lynton Bank	50988	2273	1965	1874	1931
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	42817	24791	26639	27516	26946
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	13917	10910	10739	11655	11988
Macclesfield Bank	15760	9800	9768	9679	9572
Miners' Bank	18688	17647	18668	18712	18352
Monmouth Old Bank	16885	2474	3335	3187	3172
Newark Bank	28788	16694	16876	18409	19404
Newark and Slenford Bank	51615	39979	39090	42576	46040
Newbury Bank	36787	11664	11743	11314	11817
Newmarket Bank	23998	13282	13521	14400	14839
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	65519	76318	76845	77131	76705
Naval Bank, Plymouth	27821	18749	19339	19329	19304
New Sarum Bank	15659	4501	4575	4762	4787
Nottingham Bank	31047	28814	29734	29665	30824
Oswestry Bank	18471	5759	6053	6179	6515
Oxford Old Bank	34391	24695	23925	23928	24632
Old Bank, Tisbury	13189	9312	8909	8770	9188
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	11852	5649	5629	5491	5928
Pease's Old Bank, Hull	48807	49233	49740	49655	47825
Penzance Bank	11405	7879	8203	8524	8022
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	37519	19026	18915	18855	20048
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	43271	23520	23811	23895	24849
Richmond Bank	6889	5876	6267	6054	6254
Roydon Bank	16393	8237	8343	8333	8371
Rye Bank	29604	6968	6733	6694	6826
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	47646	16654	16654	17661	18380
Salop Bank	22338	4788	4740	4710	4469
Scarborough Old Bank	24813	23670	24672	24699	24392
Shrewsbury Old Bank	43191	22757	22415	22621	23107
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	4789	1796	1805	1635	1680
Southampton Town and County Bank	25359	7445	7658	7241	7165
Southwell Bank	14744	9732	9540	9533	9614
Stamford and Rutland Bank	31858	12455	12539	12765	13168
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	25336	18442	19484	19613	19835
Taunton Bank	29789	2161	2137	2120	2015
Tavistock Bank	13421	7980	8572	8915	9127
Thornbury Bank	10026	6019	5922	5695	5365
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	13470	6091	6179	6100	6348
Thrapston and Kettering Bank	11659	11444	10851	11670	11845
Tring and Chesham Bank	13531	10658	11295	11959	12265
Towcester Old Bank	10801	4930	4810	5118	5700
Union Bank, Cornwall	17093	7535	9047	9383	9448
Uxbridge Old Bank	25136	5869	5510	5339	5386
Wallingford Bank	17084	3559	3639	3830	3964
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	30504	22320	22115	21873	21567
Wellington Somerset Bank	6528	3609	4013	4373	4574
West Riding Bank	46158	46130	45449	43808	44856
Whitby Old Bank	14258	13477	13532	13897	14112
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	25892	9654	9538	9310	9552
Weymouth Old Bank	16461	12317	11029	11475	10495
Wicksworth and Derbyshire Bank	37602	37258	35046	35197	37472
Wilsford and Litchfield Bank	59713	30380	32061	34539	37725
Wiveliscombe Bank	7602	1915	1963	1892	1824
Worcester Old Bank	87448	39673	40304	42122	46054

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)

BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		—Week Ending—			
		Sept. 6.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 27.
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	53060	29975	30497	32935	34130
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	13229	7480	7209	7292	7397
York Bank	46387	32830	32962	32271	32438
	3904420	2510921	2540138	2589770	2677715

NOTE.—The Merionethshire Bank is now withdrawn from the GAZETTE list.
* In these cases the figures not having been published, we have inserted the average of the approximate weeks.

ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.

BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		—Week Ending—			
		Sept. 6.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 27.
Bank of Westmorland	12225	9390	9267	9575	10376
Bradley	9363	8734	8790	8977	9175
Bradford	49292	59215	50890	49274	49253
Bank of Whitechapel, Limited	32681	30428	29810	29800	30288
Bradford Commercial	29084	19691	19250	19642	20780
Rurton, Uttoxeter, and Ashboorn Union	60701	39494	38986	39939	39340
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire	10421	10605	10418	10509	10085
Cumberland and North Derbyshire	33395	33764	33810	34770	35594
Coventry and Warwickshire	28734	17649	16955	16511	16830
Coventry Union	16251	14885	15565	14896	15097
County of Gloucester	14432	86565	89440	89106	89415
Carlisle and Cumberland	25410	25306	24742	24249	26784
Carlisle City and District	19972	19868	19873	20062	19555
*County of Stafford	9418	8880	9274	9360	8969
Derby and West Bromwich	37696	36991	37713	37815	37100
Durley and Drayton	20993	18616	18781	18245	18994
Darlington District Joint Stock	26134	25410	26624	27090	24970
Gloucestershire	153920	142371	142821	149443	153598
Hull	18534	18258	18278	18130	17950
Huddersfield	37354	33088	34042	34039	34467
Hall	29333	29069	29985	30197	28263
Hull and Huddersfield Union	13733	13114	13435	13148	13946
Helston	44437	43248	40274	39651	38855
Knaresborough and Claro	1563	1470	1485	1490	1490
Lancaster	64311	25785	26321	26442	26983
Leicestershire	89093	69132	59088	67992	69584
Leicester and Loughborough	51620	48761	49552	53574	53421
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	13875	10555	10814	10767	10543
Leamington and Tenbury	10215	8776	8215	7736	7879
Moore & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	35813	33041	34193	34146	32141
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	29477	24675	24800	24538	25054
North Wilts	63939	32482	33446	34641	34229
Northamptonshire Union Bank	69399	56573	57335	58289	60818
Northamptonshire	26401	19016	18719	18474	18798
North and South Wales	63951	56746	59113	63962	64727
Par's Leicestershire	53900	48991	48355	48841	49355
Sheffield	35843	35448	36921	36849	34439
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	55721	44138	47417	47570	48180
Stukey's Bristol and Somersetshire	356976	296386	302030	303624	310671
Shropshire	47951	39349	40673	42521	41806

SAVINGS' BANKS RETURN.

The following Return shows the amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the four weeks ending Saturday, September 27, 1873 :—

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commission rs.
SAVINGS' BANKS:—		
In money and interest credited	£ 60,162 5 2	£ 65,709 10 1
To transfer certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks	730 10 8	...
By transfer certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	...	3,716 5 6
Total.....	66,892 15 10	69,425 15 7
POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS:—		
In money and interest credited	100,000 0 0	19,180 5 4
To transfer certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	3,716 5 6	...
By transfer certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks	...	730 10 8
Total.....	103,716 5 6	20,210 16 0
Total amount on September 27, 1873, at the credit of—	£	£
The fund for the Banks for Savings	39,786,214 17 9	39,786,214 17 9
The Post Office Savings' Bank fund	29,919,762 3 1	29,919,762 3 1
Total	69,705,977 0 10	69,705,977 0 10
Ditto—by last monthly account	60,625,004 11 1	60,625,004 11 1

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

The following is an account showing the quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the quantity of British and foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, exported from the United Kingdom in the week ended October 4, 1873:—

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM UNITED KINGDOM		
	England	Scotland	Ireland.	The United Kingdom	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Ex-ported.
Wheat	554,073	61,001	59,490	674,474	51,692	41,421	122,113
Barley	184,846	17,074	...	201,920	313	57	480
Oats	72,857	3,944	...	76,801	151	481	632
Rye .....	...	...	...	...	157	...	157
Peas	3,247	272	...	3,519	15	28	43
Beans	33,759	10,086	...	43,845	7	...	7
Indian corn	131,582	29,959	11,900	164,932	...	8,927	8,927
Buckwheat .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beer or bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of corn, ex-clusive of malt..	980,664	113,327	71,200	1,165,191	82,335	59,944	133,279
Wheatmeal or flour...	75,182	18,275	7,365	100,822	822	1,899	2,712
Barley meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat meal.....	...	...	...	...	109	...	109
Rye meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian corn meal.....	137	...	...	137	...	13	13
Buckwheat meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of meal	75,319	18,275	7,365	103,559	931	1,903	2,834
Total of corn & meal exclusive of malt	1,055,983	131,602	78,565	1,266,150	83,266	52,847	136,113
Malt, entered by the quarter	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs
...	...	...	...	...	861	...	861

COMPARATIVE AVERAGES OF GRAIN.

The following is a statement showing the quantities sold and the average price of British Corn (Imperial measure), as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the week ended October 4, 1873, and for the corresponding week in each of the years from 1872 to 1869:—

	QUANTITIES SOLD.			AVERAGE PRICES.		
	Wheat	Barley.	Oats.	Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.
1873.....	69,694 1	54,331 7	4,742 0	62 3	45 0	25 9
1872.....	73,802 4	24,406 2	3,571 7	58 10	43 1	22 4
1871.....	110,189 2	31,301 3	3,855 4	56 3	35 8	23 8
1870.....	86,232 4	65,111 6	4,638 5	46 5	36 11	21 11
1869.....	65,835 0	32,370 6	4,161 1	43 1	35 0	24 8

AVERAGES OF GRAIN.

The following is a statement showing the quantities sold and the average price of British Corn (Imperial measure), as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the week ended October 4, 1873:—

	Quantities Sold.	Average Price.
	qrs bush	s d
Wheat.....	69,694 1	62 3
Barley.....	54,331 7	45 0
Oats.....	4,742 0	25 9

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Mr J. R. Scott, the Registrar of the London coal market, has published the following statistics of imports and exports of coal into and from the port and district of London, by sea, railway, and canal, during September, 1873:—

By SEA.		By RAILWAY AND CANAL.	
Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.
Total.....	527	233,567	426,931
Imports during Sept. 72	543	169,201	399,950

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.

	Ships.	Tons.
By SEA.—Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1872	3,915	1,947,037
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1873	3,927	1,887,738
Increase in the present year	288	59,299

	Tons.	Cwts.
By RAILWAY AND CANAL.—Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1872.....	3,730,237	0
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1873.....	3,719,834	0
Decrease in the present year	10,403	0

EXPORTS.

Export list, showing the distribution of coal imported into the port or district of London during September, 1873:—

	Tons.
Railway-borne coal passing "in transitu" through district	73,112
Seaborne coal exported.....	41,789
Railway-borne coal exported	18,694
Total quantity of coal conveyed beyond limits of coal-duty district during Sept., 1873	133,595
Ditto, during Sept., 1872	150,554

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.

	1872.....	1873.....
Total distribution of coal from Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1873.....	1,262,722	1,215,538
Increase in the present year	47,184	

GENERAL STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.

	Tons.
Increase in coal exported during the present year	59,299
Less decrease in importation by railway.....	10,403
Deduct increase in coal exported	48,896
Total increase in trade within the London district during the present year	1,712

A statement of the receipts and payments in respect of the City's cash during the last ten years has lately been published by the Finance Committee of the Corporation. The receipts in that period amounted to 3,721,325*l*, of which 2,032,944*l* were ordinary, and 1,688,380*l* extraordinary receipts. The rents during the ten years amounted to 987,721*l*; the markets brought in 499,025*l*; the corn and fruit metage, 159,336*l*; the brokers' rents and fees, 61,862*l*; Mayor's Court fees, 61,143*l*; interest on securities, &c., 65,533*l*; reimbursements on account of prisons and criminal prosecutions, 62,929*l*; and sundry and casual receipts, 121,363*l*. Among the extraordinary receipts were 1,600,000*l* odd, being loans raised for great public improvements, or resulting from the sale of securities. The payments amounted in all to 3,709,938*l*. The ordinary payments were 1,653,440*l*, and the extraordinary payments 2,056,497*l*. The following were among the principal items:—Charges on the city's rental, 78,078*l*; charges on markets, duties, and brokers' rents, 596,397*l*; expenses of the magistracy, police expenses, prisons, and administration of justice, 532,536*l*; allowances to Lord Mayors, 60,973*l*; expenses of the Mansion House, 35,721*l*; salaries to officers, 126,503*l*; expenses of the Guildhall and Law Courts, 67,442*l*; charitable donations, pensions, and honorary rewards, 80,337*l*; and schools, 54,208*l*. Among the extraordinary payments were the following:—Metropolitan Cattle-market, 27,442*l*; erection of a pauper lunatic asylum, 59,018*l*; improvement of the Guildhall, 50,183*l*; contributions in aid of public improvements, 42,248*l*; reception of and wedding gift to the Princess of Wales, 34,354*l*; entertainment of the Prince and Princess of Wales, 16,690*l*; entertainment of the Sultan and Belgian Volunteers in 1867, 30,683*l*; Thanksgiving Day expenses, 9,617*l*; disbursement on account of supply of gas and water to the citizens, 23,461*l*; erection of new library and museum, 44,689*l*; improved dwellings for the labouring poor, 54,049*l*; construction of the Metropolitan Meat and Poultry Market, 305,495*l*; construction of the new Foreign Cattle-market, 229,957*l*; enlargement of Billingsgate, 22,534*l*; purchase of premises, 85,207*l*; debt discharged (Metropolitan Cattle-market), 355,000*l*; transfer to reserve fund, 263,853*l*; and investments (including a temporary investment of part of the Meat-market loan), 191,809*l*.

The Society for the Promotion of Scientific Industry advertises an exhibition of appliances for the economical consumption of fuel at Manchester, which will comprise:—1st. Appliances which may be adapted to existing furnaces, &c., whereby an actual saving is effected in the consumption of fuel. 2nd. Appliances which may be adapted to existing furnaces, &c., whereby waste heat is utilised. 3rd. New steam generators and furnaces, boilers and engine specially adapted for the

saving of fuel and appliances, whereby waste products are utilised, and the radiation of heat prevented, &c. The exhibition will include appliances used for manufacturing, agricultural, and domestic purposes. Either the apparatus itself, or diagrams, or models may be exhibited, and no limit is placed upon the class of article to be exhibited.

The number of plaints entered at the County Courts of England and Wales was, during 1872, 900,763, but plaints for sums exceeding 5s and under 40s predominated, and amounted to 525,523, or more than half the whole number. For sums exceeding 40s, 397,823 plaints were entered; for sums under 5s and above 1s, 66,064; for sums not exceeding 1s, 1,353. Imprisonments on account of these plaints occurred to the number of 6,993, 3696 of which were for sums not exceeding 40s. The east end of London appears to have been the scene of a large proportion of these plaints.

A detailed list of the exports of goods to the United States during the 7 months ending August 31, compared with the same period last year, gives the following result:—

	QUANTITY.			PRICE.		
	1872.	1873.	Difference.	1872.	1873.	Difference.
Alkali	1,254,181	1,318,104	+ 63,923	687,497	860,121	+ 172,624
Beer and ale.....	24,989	29,283	+ 4,294	123,552	154,640	+ 31,088
Copper—Wrought.....	894	2,286	+ 1,392	4,596	11,371	+ 6,775
Cotton manufac. yds.	102278443	83,067,435	-18611008	2,631,569	2,043,448	-588,121
Earthenware .....	...	...	...	463,590	438,781	-24,809
Haberdashery and millinery .....	...	...	...	980,141	940,074	-40,067
Hardware and Cutlery .....	...	...	...	519,141	479,805	-39,336
Iron—Pig.....	141,823	71,168	-70,655	693,569	482,590	-210,973
Bars, &c.	44,284	21,095	-23,189	469,873	276,659	-193,214
Railroad	360,316	134,393	-225,923	2,864,328	1,729,763	-1,134,565
Hoops	19,315	13,834	-5,481	245,699	225,806	-19,893
Tin plates	54,106	58,462	+ 4,356	1,617,098	1,907,112	+ 290,014
Cast or wrought	8,013	9,594	+ 1,581	163,113	208,888	+ 45,775
Steel—Unwrought	14,132	12,624	-1,508	440,378	451,064	+ 10,686
	581,989	321,170	-260,819	6,494,058	5,231,888	-1,212,170
Lead	4,717	2,287	-2,430	94,203	53,323	-40,880
Lincoln manufac. yards	75,157,690	66,826,917	-8,330,773	2,432,723	1,914,779	-517,944
Salt	76,763	128,763	+ 52,000	61,649	132,589	+ 70,940
Silk—Brend.....	543,574	246,767	-296,807	112,762	62,681	-50,081
Other .....	...	...	...	248,465	170,062	-78,403
				361,227	232,743	-128,484
Spirits	55,905	48,950	-7,955	6,990	6,007	-983
Stationery .....	...	...	...	45,453	58,199	+ 12,746
Tin—Unwrought.....	12,731	13,690	+ 959	94,408	96,762	+ 2,354
Wool	1,521,001	588,153	-932,848	111,092	45,693	-65,399
Cloths.....	4,508,504	3,847,952	-660,552	886,135	910,482	+ 24,347
Worsted.....	59,866,561	58,854,677	-1,011,884	2,546,678	2,690,065	+ 143,387
Carpets.....	4,263,864	3,225,271	-1,038,593	688,860	494,536	-194,324
				19,223,562	16,815,306	-2,408,256

In a paper read before the National Social Science Convention at Washington, General Walker, Superintendent of the Census, stated that the population of the United States in 1870 fell some 4,000,000 below the estimates of Wasson, De Bow, and others. The loss by war is computed to have been about 850,000; the check to the coloured population about 500,000, and the loss by the action of causes affecting habits of life among the people, and not incident to the war, 1,200,000. The principal of these causes are the restrictions of the marrying class in numbers, the procrastination of marriage, and the decreasing number of births after marriage. There are 10 States, including New England and Michigan, in which the birth-rate is small, the returns averaging one person under a year old to each 42 persons of all ages; 14 States where there is one such child in 33 inhabitants, and 13 States in which there is one to every 31 inhabitants. The Southern and Western States are most prolific. But this diminished birth-rate is moving westward. Still, however, the increase in each decade up to 1900 is estimated at 23 per cent. But the coloured population will not increase at this rate, and, perhaps, their increase will not exceed 10 per cent. From 1860-70 the coloured people increased less than 10 per cent., and the increase has been less in those parts of the South where the staple crops of cotton, tobacco, rice, and sugar are raised in the largest quantities. This is because they are leaving the plantations and congregating in cities. The Germans are increasing faster than the Irish by birth, the probability being that the proportion of foreign born to the whole population will decrease with each succeeding decade, while those of foreign parentage will increase. There has been a great increase of traders and persons engaged in transport, as compared with farmers and domestic servants. The increase in manufacturers in 10 years was 28 per cent., which the manufacturers themselves had increased 52 per cent., which is stated as showing that 24 per cent. of the gain was due to improved power and machinery. It is estimated that at the close of the present century the population of the United States will be between 69 and 84 millions, with the chances in favour of from 73 to 76 millions.

The German coin reform is likely, according to a Berlin paper, to cause a great addition to the business of government money order offices in that country on account of the extra facilities for sending amounts of money which a common valuation will afford. At the same time it is a matter for astonishment that such means have not already been greatly preferred to the clumsy mode of transmitting coin itself; the silver valuation now passing away placed the limits of money order convenience at the sum of 7/ 10s, but statistics show that coin has actually been transmitted in small sums to a large amount notwithstanding. Against 12,013,970 money orders issued not exceeding that amount, 7,634,268 transmissions *in natura* of such sums took place in 1872, and this latter amount represents 38.85 per cent. of the whole number of transmissions unaided by the Post Office. To the high tariff for sending amounts above 3/ 15s is the emission of what are

called "*wilden Cassenscheine*" ascribed. The new law will remedy these inconveniences by the introduction of the mark as the common standard, and the assimilation of the note system; and, on the other hand, would also secure the sending of large amounts by the money order system, by extending the limits to which amounts can be so sent to 50/ (1000 marks). The greatest proportion of the sums transmitted in coin have ranged up to this point, 12,000,000, against only 1,800,000 amounts above it; that is, one-eighth of the whole number of transmissions were for sums not exceeding 1000 marks. To secure this extra business the German Post Office has only to make some such reform.

At the recent meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute in Belgium, a historical paper was read concerning the rise of the iron trade in that country. The following is a short extract from it:—"During the Roman dominion iron was manufactured in many places in the country, where grindstones, pottery, and other antiquities were found along with cinder and iron, which established the period of their deposition. Between that time and the tenth century little was known concerning the iron manufacture, but documents were in existence which showed a prosperous condition of the Belgian iron trade. Permanent furnaces built of stone and lined with clay, and elevated above the surface, had replaced the underground affairs of the earlier ages. In the 12th century iron was made to perfection in the Netherlands. In 1560 no fewer than 35 blast furnaces and 85 forges were in operation throughout the country. Towards the middle of the last century charcoal became very scarce and expensive, as it did in England, and in both countries experiments were made to replace its use by that of coal. In the year 1800 circular blast furnaces replaced the octagonal ones in use until that period; their height was raised at the same time from 15 to 25 feet, and their product to the then enormous quantity of three tons per day. In 1817, John Cockerill, who is considered as the founder of the modern Belgian iron trade, started the works of Seraing, and in 1823 he erected the first genuine coke blast furnace, which until 1830 remained the only coke furnace in the province. In course of time railways and capital united to promote industry, and from the year 1830 until the present day the iron history of Belgium regularly increased in importance, and excluding a few dark years, such as 1839, 1843, and 1848, few nations could boast of such rapid progress. At the present time, Liège possesses 98 works, including six active blast furnaces, 55 foundries, 17 ironworks proper, 20 machine and special shops, and three steelworks, altogether employing 10,406 men. The product of these works for the year 1872 reached 178,375 tons of pig iron and 103,245 tons of finished iron. The first attempt at making steel dates from 1753. In 1861 Belgium produced 2,675 tons of steel, of which 100 tons only were made in Liège. In 1866 the quantity had increased to 3,820 tons. Last year, with Siemen's furnaces, at Sclessin and Bessemer Works, at Seraing, 15,284 tons of steel were made in the province of Liège alone, which was twice the amount made the year before. No doubt can be entertained that this special branch of manufacture will be considerably extended in Belgium. Already the new Bessemer works of Angleur are in full operation, and other establishments are about to be erected."

Illinois is almost out of debt. In 1860 the State owed nearly twelve million dollars, and during the war the equipment of troops and similar objects cost large sums, which temporarily increased the debt. All has been paid off since the war, however, excepting about two millions, which the State is now ready to pay, but is unable to do so because the holders will not surrender their bonds, which are not yet due. The revenues are in excess of her expenditures, and Illinois finances are generally in a very prosperous condition.

The receipts of the Custom House at Valparaiso amounted in the first half-year of 1872 and 1873 to the following amounts respectively:—1872, \$2,888,957; 1873, \$3,452,855; increase in 1873, \$564,797 76c.

The value of the gold imported from the Australian colonies has increased this year to a rather sensible extent, the value of the receipts to August 31 being estimated at 6,215,649/ as compared with 4,082,831/ in 1872, and 4,625,142/ in 1871. In these totals the month of August in each year figured for 1,040,737/ 571,122/ and 570,089/ respectively. Queensland is now producing gold at the rate of 210,000 ounces per annum. Quartz reefs at Yam Creek, 90 miles south of Port Darwin, in the northern territory of South Australia, are spoken of as rich. The gold fields of Auckland, New Zealand, have presented an improvement of late. The Hellver diggings, in Tasmania, have been almost deserted, owing to stormy weather. A rich discovery is said, however, to have been made on Bullock Creek, at the back of the Malahide estate, in the district of Fingal, Tasmania.

The total quantity of gold exported from the colony of Victoria from October, 1851, to the end of the year 1871 was 39,487,563 oz, of the value of 157,950,252/ exclusive of 1,267,241 oz, which passed through New South Wales, Tasmania, and South Australia, and exclusive of the quantity used and manufactured in Victoria, which cannot be estimated. The quantity exported from New South Wales from 1851 to the end of 1871 was 9,903,964 oz, of the value of 38,231,121/; from Queensland, from 1st January, 1860, to 30th September, 1872, 876,726 oz, of the value of 3,190,320/; from New Zealand, from 1st April, 1856, to 30th September, 1872, 6,659,506 oz, of the value of 25,852,477/. The total of these values is 225,224,170/. The value of the gold raised in Victoria, from the discovery of the goldfields to the end of 1872, is estimated by the Department of Mines at 168,149,305/. The export of gold from Australia in the 15 years 1857-71, after deducting intercolonial imports, is estimated at almost exactly ten millions sterling a year.

The next mails for Australia and New Zealand will be despatched from London as follows:—Via Southampton, on the morning of Thursday, the 23rd October; via Brindisi, on the evening of Friday, the 28th October.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Economist
(GRATIS.)

Accounts Relating to Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873.

I.—An Account of the Imports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, showing the Consumption of Duty-Paying Articles, in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali.....cwt.	74,862	82,351	135,324	133,313
Animals, Living—Oxen and Bulls.....No.	100,259	110,273	1,930,298	2,226,502
Cows.....	27,082	31,642	403,461	589,731
Calves.....	30,825	39,382	103,977	194,760
Sheep.....	722,179	752,582	1,465,147	1,584,739
Swine.....	14,890	63,185	47,955	187,050
Bacon.....	1,627,866	2,312,760	3,350,745	4,705,439
Bark—For tanners' and dyers' use.....	389,537	431,769	152,820	164,444
Peruvian.....	22,655	37,781	225,892	371,178
Beef—Salted.....	138,176	174,882	275,809	336,315
Fresh or slightly Salted.....	30,674	38,029	72,526	88,101
Bones, whether burnt or not, or as animal charcoal—For Manure.....cwt.	83,144	54,052	547,190	353,880
Brimstone.....	878,056	728,379	293,139	235,692
Bristles.....	2,611,053	1,968,500	435,712	324,321
Butter.....	939,432	1,058,039	5,144,386	5,674,983
Caoutchouc.....	132,954	120,696	1,492,079	1,338,417
Cheese.....	911,249	1,162,104	2,592,504	3,454,925
Chemical Manufactures and Products unenumerated.....value £	...	...	793,054	760,023
Chicory { Imports.....cwt.	81,774	87,236	57,297	64,611
{ Home Consumption.....No.	73,448	78,367	375,134	345,812
Clocks.....	321,977	339,269	370,790	347,178
Cochineal.....	28,569	26,802	...	...
Cocoa { Imports.....lbs	14,171,237	17,959,870	422,576	558,850
{ Home Consumption.....	6,341,423	6,978,364	...	...
Coffee—From Ceylon.....	597,219	769,697	2,025,575	3,276,433
Other British Possessions.....	321,457	240,969	1,137,506	1,061,362
Brazil.....	116,653	131,396	418,608	539,416
Central America.....	145,451	225,765	577,593	1,001,673
Other Countries.....	146,807	172,179	507,255	750,744
Total { Imports.....	1,327,587	1,540,006	4,666,537	6,629,628
{ Home Consumption.....	234,483	243,286	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Copper—Ore—From Spain.....tons	6,306	3,561	100,531	66,239
Chili.....	488	12,260	17,446	203,566
Australia.....	1,240	2,204	16,036	31,048
Other Countries.....	28,055	27,724	468,704	442,467
Total.....	36,099	45,749	602,717	743,320
Regulus—From Chili.....	20,939	18,841	851,782	777,811
Other Countries.....	4,477	5,119	179,540	226,745
Total.....	25,416	23,960	1,031,322	1,004,556
Unwrought, or part Wrought—From Chili	21,578	15,767	2,015,093	1,385,845
Australia.....	8,890	9,752	851,092	907,004
Other Countries.....	7,621	2,645	689,155	231,554
Total.....	38,089	28,164	3,555,340	2,497,403
Corn—Wheat—From Russia.....cwt.	14,688,056	8,033,848	8,664,235	5,040,876
Denmark.....	350,055	267,822	237,240	180,854
Germany.....	3,402,556	1,656,028	2,303,333	1,179,421
France.....	1,891,905	1,169,193	1,220,019	746,892
Austrian Territories.....	42,232	29,730	25,229	18,616
Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia.....	745,424	303,445	400,138	178,077
Egypt.....	1,980,440	1,187,755	989,666	655,443
United States.....	6,386,928	15,277,836	4,122,396	9,925,082
Chili.....	1,247,441	1,449,052	824,881	906,818
British North America.....	997,117	2,718,139	657,306	1,793,193
Other Countries.....	1,384,398	3,180,640	925,249	2,163,599
Total.....	33,116,552	35,273,508	20,369,542	22,783,871
Barley.....	10,921,911	7,686,086	4,358,738	3,309,926
Oats.....	10,026,597	10,128,497	3,928,760	4,042,243
Peas.....	994,485	1,033,432	430,472	440,631
Beans.....	2,534,376	2,505,364	1,020,086	1,049,282

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
			£	£
Gambier.....	16,232	17,583	338,536	413,751
Glass—Window and German Sheet, including Shades and Cylinders.....	371,391	388,777	314,416	348,978
Flint.....	52,026	62,324	230,187	244,016
Plate, silvered or not.....	35,912	31,087	100,864	113,344
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old Broken.....	126,457	186,065	375,044	476,265
Guano.....	101,321	147,560	1,662,441	1,662,441
Gum—Arabic.....	38,903	51,133	108,312	164,142
Lac, Resin, Shell, Stick, and Dye.....	70,477	48,490	415,089	352,306
Gutta Percha.....	37,789	44,175	321,042	367,330
Hams.....	134,215	171,781	343,096	472,636
Hats or Bonnets of Straw.....	154,053	146,655	52,894	32,130
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....	410,707	288,285	746,566	513,496
Italy.....	181,508	218,225	376,785	435,916
Austrian Territories.....	12,239	7,249	23,589	14,880
British India.....	54,999	48,790	64,468	55,443
Philippine Islands.....	112,844	216,759	251,371	467,581
Other Countries.....	173,931	258,365	319,675	443,348
Total.....	946,228	1,037,673	1,782,454	1,930,664
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned, Tawed, Curried, or in any way Dressed—Dry—From British India.....	422,436	302,920	1,571,951	1,189,811
Other Countries.....	270,996	214,043	988,576	866,317
Total.....	693,432	516,963	2,560,527	2,056,128
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay.....	185,145	263,216	580,539	882,254
Brazil.....	107,691	126,592	331,835	420,213
Australia.....	14,446	26,416	35,165	73,133
Other Countries.....	217,506	223,186	625,971	700,258
Total.....	524,788	644,440	1,583,510	2,075,858
Tanned, Tawed, &c., or in any way dressed, lbs	23,133,104	26,805,874	1,497,451	1,666,901
Indigo.....	76,028	81,244	407,445	390,621
Iron and Steel—Iron—Bars Unwrought, tons	84,528	80,619	2,427,291	2,286,326
Iron Manufactures.....	66,220	55,456	726,321	719,613
Steel—Unwrought.....	668,709	534,567	959,688	882,632
Jute.....	6,419	7,541	88,922	116,588
Lard.....	3,452,956	4,072,943	88,922	116,588
Lead, Pig and Sheet.....	555,627	584,826	3,453,582	3,203,719
Leather Manufactures—	60,176	49,025	1,256,523	1,273,498
Boots and Shoes.....	39,924	33,463	1,289,817	1,206,529
Gloves, of Leather.....	937,940	813,055	131,048	124,371
			1,248,242	1,075,739

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
			£	£
Corn—(Con.)—Indian Corn or Maize.....cwt	20,553,505	16,634,758	7,320,151	5,776,123
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany.....	841,286	516,368	784,258	509,265
United States.....	750,045	1,595,364	674,645	1,522,433
British North America.....	439,941	1,147,164	375,715	1,009,998
Other Countries.....	239,201	373,763	208,257	333,552
Total.....	763,852	1,526,436	782,383	1,473,691
Indian Corn Meal.....	3,054,325	5,159,095	2,825,258	4,848,939
Cotton Raw—From United States.....cwt	4,788	6,019	9,131	8,946
Brazil.....	4,710,714	6,348,116	21,899,859	27,241,071
Turkey.....	920,878	559,819	4,335,950	2,464,275
Egypt.....	52,111	50,713	217,604	196,138
British India.....	1,053,312	1,217,181	5,140,910	5,703,367
Other Countries.....	3,537,819	2,983,880	11,617,992	8,950,667
Total.....	298,518	337,674	1,354,092	1,414,368
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	10,573,352	11,493,383	44,566,317	45,969,886
Currents { Imports.....cwt	868,692	697,457	1,240,272	1,296,454
Home Consumption.....	729,827	635,190	1,200,554	917,852
Cutch.....	4,473	6,643	99,917	138,831
Eggs.....	3,940,233	4,930,692	1,545,938	2,105,681
Fish, Cured or Salted.....	306,102	406,689	462,769	665,940
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....cwt	1,133,532	1,323,179	2,668,468	2,855,101
Germany.....	174,430	208,449	388,470	447,713
Holland.....	100,765	140,524	294,610	419,765
Belgium.....	258,366	266,529	782,897	898,412
Other Countries.....	42,495	26,016	91,936	50,036
Total.....	1,709,588	1,964,697	4,226,381	4,671,027

Principal Articles.	Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the two Months from	
	Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, 1871.	Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, 1873.
	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat.....	8,868,471	9,956,341
Wheat Flour.....	552,755	2,297,617
Barley.....	1,614,577	283,694
Oats.....	2,342,207	720,804
Peas.....	76,643	1,523,418
Beans.....	713,368	1,311,595
Indian Corn.....	4,644,542	1,181,395
		4,046,283

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder	109,148	84,045	£ 312,743	199,892
Roeft	89,110	54,222	112,364	112,364
Garancine	33,118	33,852	219,252	235,305
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	44,354	60,319	110,105	157,667
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	276,345	218,775	704,376	619,362
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba)	1,361,564	1,832,370	1,942,967	1,387,286
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti...tuns	14,607	14,672	688,884	637,781
Palm	837,685	743,349	1,505,908	1,298,938
Cocoa-nut	361,229	346,919	694,907	427,014
Olive	20,136	31,724	1,018,557	1,408,492
Seed, of all kinds	14,610	13,819	574,941	526,821
Turpentine	188,094	193,359	407,693	357,500
Oil Seed Cakes	115,702	113,357	1,072,216	1,081,216
Oranges and Lemons.....bushels	1,608,501	1,494,732	818,300	745,558
Paper for Printing or Writing—From				
Belgium	104,544	83,408	308,328	298,447
Holland	17,937	9,888	62,003	40,163
Sweden	28,020	37,786	42,145	57,321
France	8,588	20,126	39,621	69,474
Other Countries	9,251	8,470	19,450	22,615
Total	168,370	159,678	471,527	488,020
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From				
Belgium .....	...	...	73,055	82,836
Holland .....	...	...	83,826	81,336
France .....	...	...	50,787	78,627
Other Countries .....	...	...	117,814	136,743
Total .....	...	...	325,482	379,542
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined	22,180	45,148	376,677	705,802
Pork—Salted (not Hams)	185,619	210,052	376,246	454,281
Fresh	6,276	9,535	12,648	24,675
Potatoes	3,085,852	6,640,684	923,766	1,934,105
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits) .....	...	...	140,617	168,552
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore	467,626	454,555	1,219,059	1,155,351
Quicksilver	2,340,492	2,282,869	338,929	386,927
Rags and other Materials for making Paper				
—Linen and Cotton Rags	19,273	13,779	320,561	243,139
Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	95,630	86,296	730,858	694,969
Raisins { Imports	357,100	228,632	688,944	410,673
Home Consumption	273,039	194,631	...	...
Rice, not in the Husk.....tuns	4,739,987	5,149,892	2,387,656	2,532,553

Principal Articles.

Rosin

Saltpetre

Seeds—Clover and Grass

Cotton

Flax and Linseed

Rape

Silk—Raw—From China

British India.....lbs

Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan

Other Countries

Total

Knubs or Husks of Silk, and Waste.....cwwts

Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed—From France

Other Countries

Total

Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe

—Broad Stuffs—From France...value £

Belgium

Other Countries

Total

Ribbons, Silk, or Satin—From France

Other Countries

Total

Ribbons, other kinds—From Belgium.....

Other Countries

Total

Plush used for making Hats.....

Of Countries out of Europe

Spices—Cinnamon

Ginger

Pepper

Principal Articles.

Madder

Roeft

Garancine

Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh

Preserved otherwise than by Salting

Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba)

Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermaceti...tuns

Palm

Cocoa-nut

Olive

Seed, of all kinds

Turpentine

Oil Seed Cakes

Oranges and Lemons.....bushels

Paper for Printing or Writing—From

 Belgium

 Holland

 Sweden

 France

 Other Countries

 Total

Other kinds (except Hangings)—From

 Belgium

 Holland

 France

 Other Countries

 Total

Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined

Pork—Salted (not Hams)

 Fresh

 Potatoes

Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits)

Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore

Quicksilver

Rags and other Materials for making Paper

 —Linen and Cotton Rags

 Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres

Raisins { Imports

 Home Consumption

Rice, not in the Husk.....tuns

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed— { Imports proof gallons { Home Consumption.....	6,023,971	5,817,503	£ 634,680	£ 619,794
Rum	3,337,455	3,866,048		
Brandy	2,998,387	5,113,106	1,074,038	1,791,192
Other Sorts	3,192,100	3,460,673	151,052	143,941
Sugar—Refined { Imports .....cwt and Candy... { Home Consumption.....	1,321,088	1,931,623	2,419,592	3,280,124
Unrefined, Imports—From British West Indies and Guiana	494,393	3,711,355	4,411,566	4,577,119
British India.....	848,717	374,137	485,863	388,944
Mauritius	2,917,964	688,519	1,172,451	941,737
Spanish West Indies	1,638,133	2,858,852	4,033,584	3,562,115
Brazil	832,579	1,808,335	2,013,672	1,904,901
Java and Philippine Islands	1,810,193	814,702	1,011,700	915,372
Other Countries	11,798,567	2,143,699	2,346,160	2,715,085
Total		12,399,599	15,474,996	15,005,263
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption —1st Class.....	328,674	628,434	...	...
2nd Class	2,665,714	3,281,678	...	...
3rd Class	2,774,950	3,306,532	...	...
4th Class	4,659,928	4,199,851	...	...
Total	10,429,286	11,416,495	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana	177,927	144,142	103,811	70,219
Spanish West Indies	51,755	26,059	24,613	11,475
Other Countries	377,585	291,797	178,538	139,516
Total { Imports { Home Consumption.....	606,367	461,998	306,962	221,210
Tallow and Stearine	1,127,610	1,266,024	2,413,468	2,625,732
Tar	156,526	178,255	175,833	241,128
Tea—British India.....lbs China (including Hong Kong and Macao) Other Countries	13,716,824	15,290,176	996,865	1,166,413
Total { Imports { Home Consumption	123,563,397	104,442,344	8,350,472	7,339,990
Teeth, Elephants', &c.....cwt Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	8,074,943	7,635,809	618,367	525,539
Total { Imports { Home Consumption	145,355,164	127,368,329	9,965,704	9,031,942
Teeth, Elephants', &c.....cwt Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	168,061,069	111,423,730	273,026	350,213
Total	9,189	10,003	992,763	883,117

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured { Imports.....lbs { Home Consumption.....	34,249,055	72,454,763	1,264,883	2,392,596
Manufac. and Snuff { Imports { Home Consumption.....	35,566,505	37,117,965	917,511	1,189,299
Turpentine, common	3,255,575	3,683,973	320	1,701
Valonia	992,856	1,034,084	516,222	473,127
Watches	1,000	2,794	283,436	317,969
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in South Africa	30,394	...	7,576	9,824
Of Other British Possessions	11,909	15,842	4,587	8,431
Foreign—From Germany	13,512	24,114	69,287	64,052
Holland	437,502	405,727	346,103	313,466
France { Red	532,403	472,682	843,480	1,096,169
{ White	2,904,866	3,819,556	1,376,283	1,470,728
Portugal	1,313,720	1,470,891	1,151,788	1,118,185
Madeira	3,276,176	3,337,466	42,040	34,531
Spain { Red.....	76,340	65,936	162,659	147,594
{ White.....	1,134,806	1,083,069	2,169,796	2,182,520
Italy	5,963,055	6,100,301	131,016	112,890
Other Countries	619,604	577,867	88,159	74,584
Total	173,085	151,603	6,392,774	6,632,974
Wine Entered for Home Consumption— From France { Red	16,456,978	17,525,054	2,201,536	2,412,428
{ White	7,454,832	8,386,677	4,191,238	4,220,546
Portugal	9,002,146	9,138,377	...	...
Spain { Red.....	2,688,041	3,440,312	...	...
{ White.....	1,239,396	1,319,625	...	...
Other Countries	2,737,081	2,865,371	...	...
Total	811,681	869,297	...	...
Of wine	4,982,257	4,977,756	...	...
Total	1,581,961	1,456,619	...	...
Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia..loads Sweden and Norway	14,040,417	14,928,980	471,423	632,978
Germany	6,380,247	7,305,363	745,164	1,245,473
British North America	7,660,170	7,623,617	728,609	840,374
Other Countries	226,203	276,459	269,032	1,305,993
Total	238,680	220,159	944,629	5,323,856
Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From Russia	537,832	346,660	1,683,035	1,685,670
Sweden and Norway	1,499,068	581,650	2,690,097	3,417,043
British North America	544,095	1,208,998	1,697,567	2,188,090
Other Countries	1,238,540	607,118	434,010	593,072
Total	607,118	143,585	6,128,265	7,883,875

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Woolen Manufactures—Of Goats' Wool or Hair, mixed or not with other Materials .....	...	...	28,196	19,399
Of Wool, other than Goats', or of Wool mixed with Cotton—Cloths and Stuffs	600,236	321,785	2,061,992	1,273,124
Unenumerated	117,068	123,190	1,507,254	1,957,075
Yeast, dried	12,917	15,723	289,441	312,105
Zinc, Crude, in Cakes	202,642	197,540	260,970	376,636
Manufactures of, Unenumerated .....	...	...	281,445	289,451
Value of Articles Imported—Enumerated Articles .....	...	...	262,466,071	278,485,011
Unenumerated .....	...	...	30,657,118*	29,000,000*
Total Value .....	...	...	293,123,189	307,485,011

* Estimated.

Total Value compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood—(Con.)—Staves of all dimensions..loads	49,463	65,075	632,867	632,867
Mahogany	26,354	42,850	495,488	495,488
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—From Countries in Europe	33,234,910	28,805,701	1,892,998	1,629,952
British Possessions in South Africa	29,196,755	36,073,741	1,925,778	2,466,564
British India	17,341,665	17,341,665	750,661	787,466
Australia	16,892,194	181,058,275	10,392,254	11,483,139
Other Countries	29,497,663	23,905,708	1,396,426	1,096,375
Total	275,035,065	286,686,090	16,325,117	17,463,486
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	3,323,720	3,605,659	448,039	445,562
Goats' Wool or Hair	5,446,008	4,810,133	630,892	560,478
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool	55,780,480	47,337,920	453,985	392,923
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	10,464,678	10,945,410	1,215,450	1,245,215

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe—Broadstuffs	32,260	28,316	135,033	73,370
Ribbons	118,268	109,536	16,271	13,688
Of Countries out of Europe	622,812	675,595	50,023	53,217
Spices—Cinnamon	300,267	267,447	823,250	830,299
Pepper	67,367	78,278	13,608,789	9,472,712
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed—Proof galls	3,724	3,761	1,173,219	1,124,037
Rum	54,595	59,663	289,534	343,143
Brandy	13,269	12,628	408,986	201,775
Other Sorts	1,181	551	951,577	937,876
Mixed in Bond	212,162	172,415	30,652	18,249
Sugar—Refined and Candy	1,289	2,585	125,753	125,400
Unrefined	296,596	347,081	50,719	66,863
Molasses	21,725	14,302	103,368	37,691
Tallow and Stearine	19,149	30,884	34,090,030	27,914,989
Tea	527	932	5,843	3,934
Teeth, Elephants', &c.	2,082,065	1,948,499	42,029	23,084
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	29,075	105,735	11,764,820	12,736,981
Tobacco—Unmanufactured	2,547,627	2,847,389	1,587,491	1,630,311
Manufactured, and Snuff	23,493	13,283	650,592	567,289
Wine—Red	14,822	3,495	980,382	968,543
White	48,074	9,434	11,257	8,254
Mixed in Bond	2,723,257	2,299,319	127,405,930	107,694,606
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	3,505	37,802	...	...

Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.

Quantities.

Value.

Principal Articles.

Quantities.

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III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.		Principal Articles.		Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia	246,489	296,818	163,584	227,050	Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland	49,405	33,735	239,325	157,172	
Germany	538,423	685,360	258,255	353,902	Belgium	23,437	28,193	110,717	130,690	
Holland	196,957	221,367	75,781	94,701	France	59,968	49,211	292,962	226,686	
France	81,050	37,056	38,646	26,809	British India	3,166	3,696	16,340	17,778	
United States	1,807,956	1,869,086	1,018,785	1,223,030	Other Countries	98,953	111,888	485,434	530,796	
Other Countries	814,625	866,159	480,966	575,766	Total	234,929	226,723	1,144,805	1,063,102	
Total	3,685,500	3,975,846	2,036,047	2,501,258	Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated					
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores—Fire Arms (small)	331,639	307,263	406,715	450,753	—To Germany	10,236	8,560	52,273	42,647	
Gunpowder	16,974,790	13,880,161	413,780	366,488	Holland	6,366	6,929	31,230	34,364	
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Merchandise	2,981,231	3,860,150	1,332,118	1,666,654	France	4,253	6,782	22,360	30,839	
Beer and Ale—To United States	34,644	37,082	174,613	198,583	Italy	10,751	9,875	57,828	52,164	
British West Indies and Guiana	21,750	23,700	81,367	89,810	Turkey	13,665	29,268	71,923	149,113	
British India	148,540	168,818	452,798	519,970	Egypt	11,460	13,305	60,952	69,996	
Australia	62,936	90,866	257,976	387,997	United States	1,030	2,446	5,503	12,217	
Other Countries	156,695	166,839	702,391	788,119	British India	30,608	24,898	155,392	122,552	
Total	424,565	487,305	1,669,055	1,984,479	Other Countries	66,166	69,481	355,565	369,417	
Books, Printed	66,087	68,800	718,600	753,982	Total	154,535	171,244	813,026	883,309	
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	44,444	37,212	249,026	217,850	Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	168,205	188,561	698,999	805,541	
Butter	5,410,214	5,282,800	178,549	179,037	Total of Copper	557,669	586,528	2,656,830	2,751,952	
Candles of all Sorts	185	469	35,477	129,578	Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	121,670	104,574	346,956	311,106	
Carriages—Railway Carriages for Passengers	2,001	2,159	177,840	173,246	Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia	2,212,660	3,210,345	189,588	313,811	
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.	15,573	15,185	65,468	64,989	Germany	36,974,541	31,201,199	3,117,486	2,561,617	
Cheese	764,180	603,756	592,651	641,149	Holland	35,534,297	38,168,652	3,595,016	3,521,814	
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured—To Russia	660,209	661,940	500,992	687,478	France	4,692,943	3,335,951	539,529	434,583	
Sweden and Norway	575,426	478,550	407,913	468,948	Italy	13,032,580	19,495,080	691,197	1,033,368	
Denmark	1,844,488	1,386,883	1,288,491	1,399,470	Austrian Territories	2,219,734	2,766,800	118,696	150,568	
Germany	407,196	394,129	279,750	426,985	Turkey	15,232,090	16,563,180	892,725	888,928	
Holland	1,836,806	1,999,551	1,173,086	1,856,296	Egypt	6,622,935	6,016,460	472,037	431,026	
France	522,580	493,889	440,649	603,448	China and Hong Kong	8,252,260	8,810,880	598,330	511,175	
Spain and Canaries	805,834	691,717	585,873	705,063	Japan	11,312,560	6,769,250	702,757	380,965	
Italy	248,867	296,875	240,449	347,868	British India—Bombay	4,069,060	5,134,786	309,650	369,880	
Brazil	457,067	428,628	397,994	466,456	Madras	4,702,870	5,455,650	351,857	404,667	
British India	3,166,851	3,154,743	2,602,328	3,497,283	Bengal	11,101,480	10,656,500	882,039	767,926	
Other Countries	11,289,504	10,590,661	8,510,176	11,100,354	Strait Settlements	1,689,810	1,786,450	138,859	128,190	
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers engaged in the foreign trade	1,682,452	1,682,452	...	...	Ceylon	193,550	178,500	9,871	13,184
Total	11,289,504	10,590,661	8,510,176	11,100,354	Other Countries	14,012,865	17,921,815	1,099,787	1,248,887	
Total	171,796,235	177,471,498	13,589,415	13,150,589						

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany .....yards	79,466,480	46,329,257	1,729,753	1,105,665
Holland	26,952,436	45,175,261	647,522	957,731
France	84,757,914	84,735,822	1,747,978	1,527,565
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	58,248,710	65,389,750	885,184	943,843
Italy	59,702,600	74,816,330	1,014,890	1,236,193
Austrian Territories	11,722,705	13,608,900	199,603	227,206
Turkey	217,839,300	197,045,980	3,706,670	3,982,033
West Coast of Africa	195,836,310	241,154,952	2,689,427	2,696,485
United States	18,746,789	20,611,879	3,248,514	3,70,839
Foreign West Indies	76,968,620	100,080,635	1,281,851	1,240,922
Mexico	14,202,100	83,788,575	2,848,688	2,482,105
New Granada	15,774,755	136,678,406	472,034	297,304
Brazil	25,315,950	15,408,480	983,275	830,498
Uruguay	53,602,190	44,146,480	914,809	910,768
Argentine Confederation	55,433,760	55,171,180	358,026	513,418
Chili	20,207,630	29,637,280	5,417,992	4,556,863
Peru	341,239,525	298,416,720	392,440	267,813
China and Hong Kong	25,005,100	15,473,950	355,600	164,013
Japan	20,804,150	7,979,640	196,084	477,728
Java	10,374,680	26,549,880	496,993	296,752
Philippine Islands	27,857,640	21,124,100	262,251	902,315
Gibraltar	19,324,000	41,617,934	868,052	591,004
Malta	40,611,105	35,007,367	562,876	416,976
British North America	33,251,944	18,147,700	469,425	2,687,595
West Indies and Guiana	20,432,370	206,566,895	2,369,171	575,130
Possessions in South Africa	177,713,290	39,860,160	394,471	7,441,781
British India—Bombay	26,655,660	563,946,413	6,886,882	1,150,499
Madras	532,643,195	72,684,250	1,355,462	482,868
Bengal	85,364,500	31,145,400	457,782	916,533
Straits Settlements	27,851,200	36,307,622	863,055	3,008,474
Ceylon	35,219,132	161,510,840	2,811,436	902,315
Australia	145,032,880	1,990,698,321	28,974,165	28,873,387
Other Countries	1,968,417,372	942,705,127	19,418,005	18,727,113
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached	942,705,127	13,879,959	615,144	526,990
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	17,566,780	49,007,314	48,127,490	48,127,490
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predomi-	2,928,689,279	2,944,123,937	48,127,490	48,127,490
nating	951,351	942,959	836,210	355,231
Total	6,672,485	6,936,895	1,167,296	1,238,552
Hosiery—Stockings and Socks...doz. pairs	...	...	...	...
Thread for sewing or stitching .....	...	...	...	...
Total value of Cotton Manufactures	...	...	52,851,524	52,426,216

Principal Articles.

Fish—Herrings—To Germanybarrels
Other Countries
Total

Glass—Plate, Rough or Silvered, including Looking Glasses or Mirrors, Framed or not.....sq. ft.
Flint of all kinds.....cwt.
Bottles and Manufactures of Green or Common Glass.....
Other Manufactures, unenumerated

Hats of all kindsdozen
Horses—To FranceNo.
Other Countries

Iron and Steel—Iron, pig—To Germany, tons
Holland
France
United States
Other Countries

Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Germany
Holland
France
Italy
Turkey
United States
British North America ..
British India.....
Australia.....
Other Countries

Total

Railroad of all sorts—To Russia

Sweden

Holland

France

Spain and Canaries.....

Austrian Territories

Egypt.....

United States

Spanish West Indies

Quantities.

1872. 1873.

410,345 526,701
102,648 89,320
512,993 616,021

1,675,510 1,904,980
94,207 108,198
606,100 746,709
106,530 101,514
496,073 500,645

1,395 925
1,466 1,304
2,861 2,229

266,755 230,707
283,733 284,581
78,298 79,072
175,816 96,395
335,461 305,359
1,140,043 996,114

13,467 24,618
6,393 11,875
763 2,273
16,890 19,458
6,566 7,018
58,174 22,223
45,830 30,508
13,926 17,084
17,341 12,558
91,154 100,007

270,534 247,622

86,260 148,372
10,850 39,487
42,497 37,645
3,049 19,093
1,943 24,124
8,897 83,776
7,869 11,095
12,272 816
410,010 7,888

1,109 4,446

930,443 1,993,634
113,587 486,158
546,356 511,433
51,450 254,050
24,124 36,530
83,776 149,720
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128,816 104,169
4,106,643 2,075,639
11,185 55,537

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£ 609,197 767,834
132,067 128,579
741,264 896,413

£ 187,522 281,323
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167,612 166,889
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1,422,144 1,875,092
356,096 457,801
904,860 651,846
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5,616,965 6,211,413

143,337 309,290
73,131 152,335
8,993 27,054
176,152 242,823
66,164 94,783
652,936 295,383
534,073 391,244
158,673 224,993
222,086 178,410
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3,077,173 3,209,041

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4,446 11,185

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741,264 896,413

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1,422,144 1,875,092
356,096 457,801
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1,690,457 1,882,480
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8,993 27,054
176,152 242,823
66,164 94,783
652,936 295,383
534,073 391,244
158,673 224,993
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3,077,173 3,209,041

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83,776 83,776
11,095 11,095
816 816
7,888 7,888
160,036 4,106,643
4,446 11,185

3,209,041

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Con.)				
—To Brazil	16,340	13,757	£ 138,157	£ 167,743
Peru	30,701	8,438	286,756	116,910
Chili	2,692	3,953	30,970	54,707
British North America	72,352	52,423	838,060	676,214
British India	12,943	12,274	156,405	195,327
Australia	19,098	21,061	214,453	315,801
Other Countries	60,936	122,696	713,789	1,588,975
Total	799,818	666,469	8,448,654	8,792,080
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not	28,329	24,998	552,328	584,855
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	9,960	15,908	148,294	321,841
Germany	11,499	23,608	146,813	347,559
Holland	7,716	10,820	109,987	162,484
France	2,472	4,277	45,995	79,525
Spain and Canaries	4,757	3,912	74,299	63,025
United States	27,592	17,430	373,292	285,759
British North America	15,727	9,204	243,356	170,559
British India	16,325	10,970	242,702	199,953
Australia	16,283	18,045	353,731	438,256
Other Countries	60,641	58,997	1,042,085	1,089,979
Total	172,972	172,271	2,780,554	3,158,940
Tin Plates—To France	2,455	3,356	68,235	118,886
United States	78,633	76,415	2,490,223	2,469,506
British North America	3,754	3,061	133,544	108,558
Australia	4,049	3,501	146,297	128,675
Other Countries	15,142	19,311	492,297	666,594
Total	104,033	105,644	3,330,596	3,492,219
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufacturers (except Ordnance, unenumerated)—To Russia	15,211	41,768	226,423	629,821
Germany	23,147	26,154	317,455	467,940
Holland	11,359	14,127	193,671	236,334
France	4,205	4,292	102,864	114,287
Spain and Canaries	5,036	7,108	91,596	107,872
United States	10,875	17,601	240,477	349,878
British North America	21,022	16,467	378,708	365,543
British Possessions in South Africa	3,037	4,236	75,045	111,711
British India	15,047	15,665	336,450	301,798
Principal Articles.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—(Con.)—Cast or Wrought, &c.—To Australia	17,588	24,697	£ 378,612	£ 541,382
Other Countries	96,936	73,520	1,569,261	1,544,453
Total	226,463	245,635	3,910,502	4,771,019
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	92,781	56,531	564,688	373,165
Steel, Unwrought—To France	2,571	2,324	97,201	99,561
United States	19,516	16,594	623,275	608,820
Other Countries	15,461	14,737	499,416	537,895
Total	37,548	33,655	1,219,892	1,243,276
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	9,323	8,990	598,126	615,104
Total of Iron and Steel	2,881,844	2,557,929	30,009,478	32,454,112
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia	7,564	6,866	147,076	156,882
United States	1,629	1,110	32,896	25,348
China and Hong Kong	7,023	2,585	141,304	60,775
British India	6,978	3,095	133,014	71,146
Australia	2,457	875	55,929	24,882
Other Countries	1,744	1,527	35,146	35,735
Total	12,536	11,443	262,194	267,457
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Unwrought	39,831	27,501	806,659	642,225
Wrought—Boots and Shoes—To Australia	113,126	95,180	1,001,099	760,649
Other Countries	181,655	184,750	487,760	554,061
Total	300,545	262,096	905,442	889,019
Other Articles unenumerated—To Australia	482,200	446,846	1,393,202	1,443,080
Other Countries	101,918	129,897	22,184	35,301
Total	1,601,656	1,287,995	304,699	224,466
See also Saddlery and Harness	1,703,574	1,417,892	326,883	259,767
Linen and Jute—Yarn—Linen—To Germany	5,266,688	5,820,159	515,483	580,658
Holland	3,477,370	3,623,731	210,939	198,470

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To Belgium	794,431	995,617	74,411	127,561
France	1,386,691	373,133	169,116	27,891
Spain and Canaries	9,629,850	9,307,173	536,193	475,383
Gibraltar	179,540	7,680	7,839	595
Other Countries	4,476,085	3,695,877	281,516	243,332
Total	25,210,655	23,823,400	1,735,497	1,653,890
Jute	10,874,755	9,892,903	224,448	164,727
Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	406,889	193,464	16,160	10,895
Germany	5,724,676	5,540,693	234,462	215,640
Holland	868,610	834,600	34,988	42,915
France	4,023,092	3,603,041	162,922	159,556
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	1,379,560	1,481,685	43,401	41,100
Spain and Canaries	2,163,684	1,487,730	124,232	74,583
Italy	2,382,140	2,251,908	114,349	95,851
United States	103,727,200	92,144,217	3,221,770	2,676,081
Spanish West Indies	25,606,884	15,618,630	629,115	595,904
Danish West Indies	1,689,800	944,800	39,450	27,129
Haiti	3,674,390	3,335,030	101,081	83,371
Brazil	8,060,860	5,726,430	233,989	193,346
Chil	1,771,766	1,305,890	58,820	40,346
Peru	1,516,190	1,448,740	42,142	43,762
British West Indies and Guiana	3,523,690	4,037,149	82,324	95,654
British India	1,475,015	1,856,500	54,879	64,800
Australia	6,429,880	7,708,700	214,948	272,204
Other Countries	30,060,776	31,315,574	946,797	1,009,244
Total	197,673,486	173,614,152	6,150,027	5,513,178
Wool—Plain, Unbleached, or Bleached	6,211,626	7,220,629	196,102	229,203
Checked, Printed, or Dyed, and Damasks or Diapers	203,885,112	180,834,781	6,346,129	5,742,381
Total	3,504,870	3,744,500	199,746	218,685
Sailcloth and Sails	2,328,466	1,973,709	279,690	250,860
Thread for sewing .....	...	...	7,002,088	6,447,659
Total Value of Linen Manufactures	68,373,968	79,360,332	1,199,455	1,322,895
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds.....yards	2,482,896	2,509,848	332,107	327,393
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany	902,985	972,491	117,067	125,402
Holland	902,055	710,668	116,827	90,767
France	253,496	162,153	84,104	20,926
Spain and Canaries	729,699	457,697	99,397	56,392
Austrian Territories	194,161	125,371	30,549	19,246
Brazil	...	...	...	...
Principal Articles.				
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia	352,044	339,997	61,194	57,462
British North America	440,058	351,102	65,827	53,430
Other Countries	2,835,633	3,327,914	403,565	446,789
Total	9,063,027	8,957,241	1,260,637	1,194,807
Paper—Writing or Printing, and Envelopes				
—To British India	30,990	32,863	101,337	108,922
Australia	68,729	81,425	189,841	240,033
Other Countries	77,137	70,688	248,243	238,596
Total	176,856	184,976	539,421	587,551
Other kinds, except Hangings and Articles of Paper—Mâché—To British India	6,258	6,901	16,112	16,651
Australia	24,579	30,147	46,334	63,234
Other Countries	41,201	48,408	109,752	131,018
Total	72,038	85,456	172,198	230,903
Total of Paper	248,894	270,432	711,619	818,454
Rags (except Woollen), and other Materials for making Paper	26,878	14,475	505,061	237,339
Salt—Rock and White—To Russia	65,114	82,977	42,143	73,270
United States	136,466	205,488	99,515	211,893
British North America	66,962	59,958	37,265	51,071
British India	294,795	199,360	142,554	194,112
Other Countries	191,502	200,180	126,608	166,600
Total	654,839	747,963	448,085	696,946
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France.....yards	34,637	12,205	9,652	2,989
Egypt	115,625	57,393	23,263	8,434
United States	671,231	277,438	142,084	72,100
British India	221,147	358,804	29,969	44,685
Australia	190,539	178,594	35,367	32,366
Other Countries	475,086	583,481	108,730	122,988
Total	1,708,215	1,467,915	349,125	282,662
Soap	193,411	151,380	254,551	199,801
Sprits, British and Irish—To France	8,044	10,769	1,004	1,348
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	93,041	347,383	11,550	43,424
Turkey	29,841	20,756	3,729	2,594
United States	149,034	144,186	18,760	18,024
British North America	218,931	191,946	27,381	23,993

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Com.)—To				
Australia	302,615	365,607	37,829	45,701
Other Countries	664,799	384,243	82,996	48,682
Total	1,466,305	1,464,890	183,249	188,116
Sugar, Refined and Candy.....cwt	547,412	559,090	877,273	845,015
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	11,459	15,408	85,559	104,702
France	25,715	15,805	185,551	109,740
Turkey	7,439	5,821	57,856	40,637
United States	16,633	25,505	124,595	178,056
Other Countries	35,658	34,452	274,757	237,501
Total	96,904	96,991	728,318	670,636
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany ...lbs	1,551,543	2,413,850	128,727	227,677
Belgium.....	1,037,251	926,343	93,677	78,892
France	899,592	1,121,739	82,389	96,469
United States	1,773,251	760,461	124,212	58,525
Other Countries	960,887	720,707	89,730	61,419
Total	6,222,524	5,943,100	518,735	523,082
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia ..	1,866,149	1,731,287	262,750	249,640
Germany	15,662,921	13,762,380	2,370,632	2,118,773
Holland	10,689,499	9,629,751	1,677,270	1,468,770
Belgium.....	629,000	273,165	96,733	42,196
France	2,192,035	1,624,150	380,242	305,723
Other Countries	1,699,838	2,017,370	226,681	308,822
Total	32,649,442	29,038,103	5,014,308	4,493,924
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—				
Woolens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels,				
&c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool				
mixed with other Materials—To				
Germany	3,536,172	4,525,595	682,910	867,671
Holland	1,032,768	901,067	184,297	162,273
France	4,851,502	4,498,701	1,038,147	763,458
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	249,015	229,679	43,363	36,750
Italy	2,507,220	1,007,524	323,821	141,534
United States	5,595,608	4,452,817	1,185,907	1,084,178
Brazil	1,269,267	1,453,100	130,649	146,589
Uruguay	333,505	431,970	45,562	54,689
Argentine Confederation	883,763	1,214,096	119,532	154,496
Chili	536,047	685,410	75,070	85,103
Peru	1,030,444	938,910	163,783	147,193
China and Hong Kong	1,686,769	1,826,090	229,231	272,583
British North America	3,540,406	2,516,801	542,592	406,083
India	974,317	1,377,645	145,983	183,793
Australia	1,626,157	2,171,946	271,321	383,829
Total	32,649,442	29,038,103	5,014,308	4,493,924
Woollen and Worsted Manufactures—				
Woollens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels,				
&c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool				
mixed with other Materials—To				
Germany	4,525,595	901,067	184,297	162,273
Holland	1,032,768	901,067	184,297	162,273
France	4,851,502	4,498,701	1,038,147	763,458
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	249,015	229,679	43,363	36,750
Italy	2,507,220	1,007,524	323,821	141,534
United States	5,595,608	4,452,817	1,185,907	1,084,178
Brazil	1,269,267	1,453,100	130,649	146,589
Uruguay	333,505	431,970	45,562	54,689
Argentine Confederation	883,763	1,214,096	119,532	154,496
Chili	536,047	685,410	75,070	85,103
Peru	1,030,444	938,910	163,783	147,193
China and Hong Kong	1,686,769	1,826,090	229,231	272,583
British North America	3,540,406	2,516,801	542,592	406,083
India	974,317	1,377,645	145,983	183,793
Australia	1,626,157	2,171,946	271,321	383,829
Total	32,649,442	29,038,103	5,014,308	4,493,924
Blankets and Blanketing				
Germany	303,735	331,084	56,598	68,195
Holland	191,408	241,779	35,252	47,215
France	851,014	595,387	120,102	94,426
Spain and Canaries.....	196,092	173,118	23,972	22,109
United States	6,440,904	4,761,391	1,130,632	765,295
Chili	141,390	280,770	23,920	45,302
British North America	780,507	686,120	98,875	93,549
Australia	326,540	583,940	47,305	83,406
Other Countries	1,463,165	1,377,961	213,321	227,332
Total	10,694,665	9,031,550	1,749,977	1,446,829
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought	17,992,100	14,850,489	89,095	74,973
	89,536	60,588		

Principal Articles.

Quantities.

Value.

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III.A.—Supplement to No. III. Account showing, as far as can be ascertained, the Quantities and Value of certain Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture first exported to various Countries in Transit, and ultimately intended for other Destinations, in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873.

Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt	British India	£	26,963	Cotton—Piece Goods—(Com.)—To U.S.—New Granada (Isthmus of Panama)	British N. America	23,914,500	520,075	Linen—Piece Goods—(Com.)—To Egypt.....	Other Countries	12,300	£ 526
.....	Australia .....	...	7,232	.....	Central America	23,035,600	384,546	.....	Total	264,810	6,638
.....	Other Countries.....	...	4,448	.....	Peru	1,084,700	20,427	.....	British N. America	2,088,600	57,988
.....	Total .....	...	38,643	.....	Other Countries	12,923,500	248,575	.....	U.S. (Pacific Ports)	775,400	28,907
United States	British N. America .....	...	60,223	Straits Settlements. Java	Total	37,043,800	653,548	.....	Central America	264,900	9,493
Books Printed, To Egypt	All Countries	2,136	28,810	.....	Other Countries	14,450,100	282,896	.....	Other Countries	413,400	14,145
.....	China & H. Kong, lbs	596,600	32,735	.....	Total	642,600	9,095	.....	Total	1,453,700	52,545
Cotton, Yarn, & Twist —To France	Japan	1,144,700	64,688	.....	.....	15,092,700	291,991	.....	British India .....	...	31,663
.....	Other Countries	45,000	2,633	.....	Total .....	...	1,932	.....	Australia .....	...	19,174
.....	Total	1,786,300	100,056	.....	B. N. America, £ .....	...	...	.....	Other Countries.....	...	103
Turkey	Russia, S. Ports	78,520	4,174	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Total .....	...	50,940
.....	Turkey	11,280	616	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British N. America .....	...	72,835
.....	China & Hong Kong	32,000	1,920	.....	.....	...	...	.....	China & H. K. G. yds .....	...	51,267
.....	Japan	76,000	4,355	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British India .....	...	37,146
.....	British India	3,012,650	255,511	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	88,413
.....	Other Countries	118,800	16,238	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Total .....	...	887
.....	Total	3,250,730	278,640	.....	.....	...	...	.....	China & Hong Kong .....	...	19,316
China & Hong Kong	Japan	366,700	19,880	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British India .....	...	50
.....	Other Countries	348,800	22,400	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Australia .....	...	8,280
.....	Total	715,500	42,280	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	29,033
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds —To France	Total	1,461,800	27,082	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Total .....	...	207,041
.....	Foreign W. I. ... yds	35,976,000	494,411	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British N. America .....	...	1,605
.....	China & Hong Kong	6,909,000	117,706	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Peru .....	...	11,643
.....	Japan	963,609	15,404	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	13,248
.....	Philippine Islands.....	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	China & Hong Kong .....	...	194,968
.....	British India	3,225,800	47,001	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Japan .....	...	115,016
.....	Other Countries	48,536,200	701,604	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	2,519
Turkey	Turkey	3,518,700	64,975	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Total .....	...	312,503
.....	China & Hong Kong	739,000	20,130	.....	.....	...	...	.....	China & Hong Kong .....	...	4,013
.....	Japan	77,677,600	1,047,345	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Japan .....	...	14,955
.....	Australia	55,500	1,200	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British India .....	...	1,227
.....	Other Countries	1,507,700	23,441	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	20,195
.....	Total	82,285,600	1,124,520	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Total .....	...	31,365
China & Hong Kong	Japan	2,019,100	48,860	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	12,375
.....	Philippine Islands	21,283,800	469,280	.....	.....	...	...	.....	China & Hong Kong .....	...	43,740
.....	Other Countries .....	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Japan .....	...	1,489,137
.....	Total	23,302,900	518,140	.....	.....	...	...	.....	British N. America .....	...	49,557
.....	British India .....	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	Other Countries .....	...	376,010

2nd—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....		72,889	51,142	Haberdashery, &c.—(Con.)—British West Indies and Guiana.....		208,913	230,279	Machinery, &c.—(Con.)—Other descriptions—To British India.....		209,415	398,782
British North America.....		250,529	235,879	Possessions in South Africa.....		306,808	375,484	Australia.....		128,117	218,561
India.....		362,845	379,351	Australia.....		218,271	239,821	Other Countries.....		1,453,645	1,821,624
Australia.....		67,547	91,924	Other Countries.....		958,418	1,136,001	Total.....		4,473,361	5,850,470
Other Countries.....		755,061	972,614	Total.....		995,039	916,625	Painters' Colours and Materials, unenumerated.....		944,651	869,817
Total.....		2,422,330	2,709,689	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—To Russia.....		5,622,351	5,646,342	Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's Stores, unenumerated.....		486,199	561,216
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores.....		351,697	361,532	Germany.....		127,803	142,095	Plate and Plated Gilt Wares.....		165,405	200,474
Caoutchouc, Manufactures of.....		839,385	750,341	Holland.....		282,635	307,210	Saddlery and Harness—To British Possessions in South Africa.....		46,378	76,646
Chemical Products, or Preparations, unenumerated.....		1,554,059	1,469,273	France.....		97,273	101,718	British India.....		26,694	26,815
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent Net.....		899,163	1,016,301	Spain and Canaries.....		145,045	136,719	Australia.....		92,442	138,052
Hosiery.....		593,205	582,677	United States.....		86,885	79,645	Other Countries.....		123,968	128,589
Other Manufactures, unenumerated.....		848,336	1,105,965	Spanish West Indies.....		788,523	685,044	Total.....		289,482	370,093
Earthen and China Ware, Porcelain and Brown Stoneware)—To Germany.....		54,126	97,489	Brazil.....		117,308	135,095	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To Germany.....		95,646	57,413
France.....		63,662	57,628	Argentina Confederation.....		222,400	236,360	Holland.....		427,411	332,211
United States.....		659,005	595,553	British North America.....		163,305	159,717	Belgium.....		104,879	90,746
Brazil.....		82,243	106,782	India.....		272,582	231,263	France.....		883,853	913,192
British North America.....		126,561	89,868	Australia.....		220,690	177,706	Other Countries.....		29,603	44,345
India.....		67,473	65,473	Other Countries.....		371,957	453,048	Total.....		1,541,392	1,437,817
Australia.....		101,903	180,299	Total.....		1,266,172	1,312,827	Silk Manufactures—Wholly of Silk—Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Shawls—To France.....		10,834	23,680
Other Countries.....		484,866	599,334	Linen Manufactures, unenumerated.....		4,162,148	4,158,387	Egypt.....		33,378	6,060
Total.....		1,639,839	1,792,426	Machinery and Millwork—Steam Engines—To Russia.....		176,523	235,733	New Granada.....		9,008	9,958
Fish.....		219,779	194,552	France.....		272,765	202,276	Other Countries.....		198,372	168,383
Haberdashery and Millinery, including Embroidery and Needlework—To Germany.....		69,174	113,203	Spain and Canaries.....		19,459	34,590	Total.....		251,592	208,081
France.....		138,312	127,482	Egypt.....		33,570	64,792	Ribbons of all Kinds—To France.....		2,763	1,920
United States.....		195,773	110,436	Brazil.....		228,572	83,258	Egypt.....		42,140	14,044
Channel Islands.....		1,257,016	1,193,837	British India.....		72,977	104,068	United States.....		58,446	49,645
British North America.....		184,131	128,630	Australia.....		138,552	237,403	British North America.....		60,772	32,626
Total.....		1,090,496	1,074,544	Other Countries.....		71,811	130,481	Australia.....		37,338	71,205

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£
Silk Manufactures—(Con.)—Ribbons of all Kinds—Other Countries			
United States	25,111	25,732	
Other Countries	226,570	195,172	
Total			
Other Articles of Silk only—To Germany	46,421	68,700	
France	210,840	169,902	
United States	89,119	88,118	
Other Countries	405,479	349,277	
Total	751,859	675,097	
Manufactures of Silk and other Materials—To Germany			
France	17,928	34,787	
Total	5,540	31,456	
Principal Articles.			
Silk Manufactures—(Con.)—Manufac. of Silk & other Materials—To United States			
United States	182,133	73,759	
Other Countries	99,049	96,038	
Total	304,650	236,040	
Total of Silk Manufactures			
Stationery other than Paper—To United States	79,830	83,381	
British India	55,768	56,012	
Egypt	22,250	13,132	
Australia	81,322	108,880	
Other Countries	292,173	295,190	
Total	531,343	556,595	

V.—An Account of the Declared Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Ten Months ended October 31, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Countries.	GOLD.		SILVER.		TOTAL OF GOLD AND SILVER.	
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Russia	38,300	33,306	16,400	553,150	38,300	49,706
Germany	270,008	45,638	278,966	1,014,163	1,473,420	324,604
Holland	7,433	223,000	9,497	108,590	1,062,502	16,930
Belgium	245,586	30,660	59,470	102,370	418,613	90,130
France	981,865	986,005	628,747	1,036,783	1,610,612	2,022,788
Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	1,500	77,447	5,202	5,802	6,702	5,802
Spain and Canaries	44,354	56,184	1,309	2,973	14,215	80,420
Gibraltar	82,963	81,320	38,411	53,954	82,765	110,138
Malta	700	7,340	41,058	2,880	124,021	84,200
Turkey	6,986	1,317,642	440	40	1,140	7,380
Egypt	89,943	65,875	10,635	28,182	17,621	1,345,824
West Coast of Africa	290	18,400	6,919	6,080	96,882	71,955
British Possessions in South Africa (includ. Hong Kong)	5,034,281	7,570,081	581	644	871	19,104
Australia	35,000	3,497	89,455	44,550	61,893	238,297
China (includ. Hong Kong)	567,243	2,652,603	182,481	38,760	5,048,904	7,586,766
British North America	99,798	53,382	32,320	36,829	57,059	16,307
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), & W. Indies	7,233,677	3,152,201	22,059	12,810	2,879,910	5,239,612
Brazil	119,740	241,557	312,667	2,587,009	179,550	108,082
United States	119,740	241,557	79,752	54,700	114,025,29	6,269,150
Other Countries	148,754	164,231	58,978	988,748	178,718	1,200,305
Total of Gold	148,754	164,231	9,880,463	104,465,3	24,756,207	26,837,794
Total of Silver	148,754	164,231	9,880,463	104,465,3	24,756,207	26,837,794
Total of Gold and Silver	148,754	164,231	19,860,926	208,930,6	49,512,414	53,675,588

* Estimated.

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.

BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		Week Ending—			
		Oct. 4.	Oct. 11.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.
Ashford Bank	11849	12010	13212	13095	10475
Aylesbury Old Bank	48461	22554	23098	22927	21615
Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	37223	19491	19691	19624	19460
Barnstable Bank	17182	3061	3061	3020	3645
Bedford Bank	34218	32887	32890	32570	32354
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	27090	15124	15431	15766	15267
Boston Bank (Clayton and Co.)	75069	67801	72450	73738	72935
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	15161	14846	15275	14934	14570
Bridgwater Bank	10028	6296	6033	6355	6372
Bristol Bank	48277	20133	21418	21424	20600
Brocley and Bridgnorth Bank	26717	14636	14185	14689	14357
Buckingham Bank	22657	22644	26190	26325	26260
Bury and Suffolk Bank	82362	40007	42145	57109	63705
Banbury Bank	43457	24031	23727	23680	23494
Banbury Old Bank	55153	17673	18581	18394	18313
Bedfordshire Lightfoot Buzzard Bank	30829	33953	35408	35152	33353
Brecon Old Bank	68271	53307	53332	54480	55593
Brighton Union Bank	33794	18185	19457	19485	18028
Burlington and Dridfield Bank	12745	12690	12522	12698	12743
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	3201	1765	2063	1745	1315
Cambridge Bank	25744	11892	13057	13389	13378
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	49916	51387	52211	49653	48321
Canterbury Bank	33671	24845	27126	25406	23674
Colchester Bank	25082	12825	13169	12897	12466
Colchester and Essex Bank	48704	27054	27801	27092	28356
Cornish Bank, Truro	49869	33551	34650	34069	32874
City Bank, Exeter	21527	11386	12005	11980	11305
Craven Bank, Settle	77154	74311	77317	77074	75755
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	13332	12961	13334	12959	11959
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	41304	35046	39610	39700	39131
Derby Old Bank	27237	25085	28480	27538	25485
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	26674	4885	5037	5053	5265
Darlington Bank	86218	87777	87835	84954	83600
Devonport Bank	10664	5468	5855	5739	5396
Dorchester Old Bank	48807	36323	37640	39302	38750
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	112280	92754	93040	93025	92826
East Riding Bank, Beverley	53392	55518	55878	53309	51485
Essex and Bishop's Stortford Bank	69037	38516	37940	38985	37175
Exeter Bank	37804	18839	18704	17922	17920
Farnham Bank	14202	5905	6125	6072	6679
Faversham Bank	6681	7299	6540	6412	6105
Goading Bank	6322	5414	5312	5580	5365
Guildford Bank	14524	9915	10190	10370	10291
Grantham Bank	30372	22322	22584	23074	22647
Hull and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	19979	20240	20963	20515	19975
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	56591	30338	31745	31426	30961
Herwich Bank	5778	4406	4445	4575	4440
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	38764	30677	30302	30034	28357
Ipswich Bank	21901	15189	16222	16036	15263
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank	80699	50569	51018	51543	50221
Kentish Bank	19895	16815	17680	17387	18090
Kingston and Radnorshire Bank	20500	24637	24560	24126	23767
Knaresborough Old Bank	21825	19899	20407	21109	21704
Kent Bank	44663	43655	43972	44650	44223
Leeds Bank	130757	138273	136599	131921	127113
Leeds Union Bank	37459	37281	37818	38236	36245
Leicester Bank	32322	25650	26950	28239	27082
Lewes Old Bank	44336	25100	27948	26902	26674
Lincoln Bank	100342	99271	104717	100170	96334
Llandoverly and Llandilo Bank	32945	29337	28729	30036	31903
Loughborough Bank	7359	7415	7360	7734	7385
Lymington Bank	5038	2091	2216	2359	2483
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	42817	31089	33526	34425	34269
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	13917	12877	13177	13325	12718
Macclesfield Bank	15760	9796	9658	9897	10122
Miners' Bank	18088	18062	18597	18418	17741
Mommouth Old Bank	16385	3437	3432	3755	3605
Newark Bank	28788	20579	21302	21983	22314
Newark and Sleaford Bank	51015	50396	52245	53043	48997
Newbury Bank	36787	12184	12499	12652	12415
Newmarket Bank	23998	15176	15762	16085	15656
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	05519	90190	97599	98705	93747
Naval Bank, Plymouth	27321	20770	22328	23263	21494
New Sarum Bank	15659	5000	5311	5130	4927
Nottingham Bank	31047	32773	31533	30065	29364
Oswestry Bank	18471	6550	7020	7383	7193
Oxford Old Bank	34391	26185	26735	28875	29606
Old Bank, Tonbridge	13183	11500	12883	12452	11839
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	11852	6316	6626	6465	5945
Pease's Old Bank, Hull	48807	47978	51464	49114	47499
Penance Bank	11405	8596	9032	9553	8950
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	37519	21443	21843	23054	21249
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	43271	28331	26722	26256	26050
Richmond Bank	6880	6621	7192	6825	6574
Roydon Bank	16393	8335	8394	8505	9377
Rye Bank	29864	8181	8588	8593	7923
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	47646	19279	19550	20005	19875
Salop Bank	22338	4307	5185	5707	5383
Scarborough Old Bank	24813	24661	24697	24683	24665
Shrewsbury Old Bank	43191	23957	25472	24996	23919
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	4799	2070	2196	2424	2506
Southampton Town and County Bank	25359	7837	8230	8137	8246
Southwell Bank	14744	10437	10906	11074	11158
Stamford and Rutland Bank	31858	13459	14880	15455	15390
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	25336	20120	20138	21354	21377
Taunton Bank	29799	1995	1988	1971	1935
Tavistock Bank	13421	9037	9215	9303	9146
Thornbury Bank	10026	6169	6658	6883	7310
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	13470	7547	7350	7230	7271
Thrapston and Kettering Bank	11559	11481	11670	11322	11490
Tring and Chesham Bank	13531	12598	12778	12913	11873
Towcester Old Bank	10991	5295	5739	5859	5563
Union Bank, Cornwall	17093	9596	10660	11036	10324
Uxbridge Old Bank	25136	5171	5021	5184	5352
Wallingford Bank	17064	4089	4390	4412	4519
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	30594	22363	22595	22991	22661
Wellington Somerset Bank	6528	4417	4230	4448	4987
West Riding Bank	46158	48831	50269	45764	42211
Whitby Old Bank	14258	14048	14450	14412	13969
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	25892	9730	9884	9554	9611
Weymouth Old Bank	16461	11140	11160	11874	11774
Wirksworth and Derbyshire Bank	37692	39540	39243	37810	35852
Wishaw and Lincolnshire Bank	59713	49833	44947	47927	47472
Wiveliscombe Bank	7692	2525	2725	2947	2739
Worcester Old Bank	87448	51578	54872	55663	54899

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)

BANK.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		Week Ending—			
		Oct. 4.	Oct. 11.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	53906	37848	43035	43550	28045
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	13229	8135	9073	9920	9165
York Bank	46387	33471	32072	33993	39120
	3904320	2809605	2897894	2906262	2840734

NOTE.—The Merionethshire Bank is now withdrawn from the GAZETTE list.

ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.

BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	Authorised Issue.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.			
		Week Ending—			
		Oct. 4.	Oct. 11.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.
Bank of Westmorland	12225	11843	12377	12350	11590
Barnsley	9563	9581	9770	9882	9160
Bradford	49292	47981	49835	50784	48967
Bank of Whitehaven, Limited	32681	30455	32049	32338	32925
Bradford Commercial	29084	29480	30230	31929	29067
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourne Union	60701	42825	44070	44345	40921
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire	10421	9946	9868	10147	9856
Cumberland Union	33395	36467	35895	34083	33192
Coventry and Warwickshire	28734	29705	19510	19259	18841
County Union	16351	16234	16240	16353	15941
County of Gloucester	14352	95437	97510	96415	96159
Carlisle and Cumberland	25610	24581	28554	25751	27175
Carlisle City and District	19972	18937	19928	19956	19856
*County of Stafford	9418	9232	9560	9700	8388
Dudley and West Bromwich	37096	32844	28948	31684	33303
Derby and Derbyshire	29063	26904	20752	18353	18414
Darlington District Joint Stock	26134	23224	24792	28556	27352
Gloucestershire	15320	15501	157653	161482	158027
Halifax Joint Stock	18534	17914	17909	17891	17879
Huddersfield	37354	32941	32533	33685	34691
Hull	29333	27557	29331	30208	29883
Hull and Commercial	13733	13333	13161	13170	12965
Halifax and Huddersfield Union	44137	39495	40655	40776	40513
Keelton	1593	1508	1473	1495	1496
Knaresborough and Claro	29059	27148	28427	29041	26759
Lancaster	64311	62113	63758	63786	62716
Leicestershire	80900	69834	69617	66396	65626
Lincoln and Lindsey	51620	49639	49670	51435	51178
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	13875	11272	12989	12737	12407
Ludlow and Tenbury	10215	8248	8462	8406	8080
Moors & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	35813	35253	35075	34273	34413
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	29477	26133	27805	27942	28447
North Wilts	63939	55442	38970	38789	38833
Northamptonshire Union Bank	84356	62194	62877	65445	66708
Northamptonshire	26461	21016	20869	22094	20960
North and South Wales	63951	61385	62185	64252	63629
Parva's Leicestershire	59300	51659	52934	54306	52622
Sheffield	35843	34717	35912	36449	35376
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	55721	61019	59538	60393	48620
Stuckey's Bristol and Somersetshire	56976	32582	33497	32662	329182
Stroudshire	47951				

Reviews.

THE ORDNANCE SURVEY OF THE KINGDOM. By Captain H. S. PALMER. Edward Stanford, Charing cross. This little book is designed to serve as an explanation, for the public benefit, of the nature of the work known as the Ordnance Survey. The technicality of the subject presents an almost insuperable difficulty to such a purpose, but Captain Palmer has overcome it with fair success. There is much in his book which only the initiated can follow no doubt, still there is a good deal which anybody can understand quite enough to help the public to clear ideas of what this survey is. Its name gives no key, being one of those odd misnomers which are due to the haphazard way in which important departments are sometimes originated. Originally set on foot for the purpose of military surveying, the map-making branch of the Ordnance department has, amid many vicissitudes developed into an organisation for constructing the most elaborate maps of the Kingdom for general use, on various scales, from 25 inches to the mile downwards. It is also a great copying and printing department, where all sorts of old deeds, books, foreign charts, &c., are reproduced in fac-simile; and is generally a training school for surveyors and draughtsmen, who do good service to the country in every part of the world. The quality and utility of the maps produced by it are hardly so well known as they might be, but when a simple system of land-transfer becomes law its adoption will be not a little facilitated by the help which these charts will give in determining boundaries.

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

The following is an account showing the quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the quantities of British and foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, exported from the United Kingdom in the week ended November 8, 1873:—

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM UNITED KINGDOM		
	England	Scotland	Ireland.	The United Kingdom	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Ex-ported.
Wheat	588,153	131,059	159,379	878,591	49,512	32,826	82,338
Barley	117,610	12,078	...	129,688	2,988	512	3,500
Oats	157,650	...	...	157,650	122	611	733
Rye .....	...	...	...	...	178	132	310
Peas	1,458	...	...	1,458	252	...	282
Beans	41,202	9,202	...	50,404	49	...	40
Indian corn	218,127	...	72,762	290,889	...	3,829	3,829
Buckwheat	1,078	...	...	1,078	...	...	...
Beer or bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of corn, ex-clusive of malt...	1,125,308	152,429	232,141	1,509,878	53,122	37,910	91,032
Wheatmeal or flour	81,224	24,067	6,875	112,166	826	4,521	5,347
Barley meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat meal	488	...	...	488	32	...	32
Rye meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea meal .....	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
Bean meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian corn meal	214	...	...	214	...	...	...
Buckwheat meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of meal	81,920	24,067	6,875	112,868	855	4,521	5,386
Total of corn & meal (exclusive of malt)	1,207,228	176,496	239,016	1,622,740	53,987	42,431	96,418
Malt, entered by the quarter	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs
...	...	...	...	...	555	...	555

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

In the recently-concluded herring fishery of the past season in the North-East of Scotland, the total number of boats in the district was 5,361, manned by about 30,000 men and boys, employing little short of 6,000 miles of netting, and owning boats and materials roughly estimated to be worth 750,000*l.* and landing fish to the value, before being cured, of little short of 750,000*l.* sterling. The latter part of the season was marked by unfavourable weather, which put a premature period to the fishing, at a time, too, when prodigious shoals were known to be lying in the offing. As it is, the fishing proves to be the best ever known, but had the weather been as favourable during the last fortnight of the season as it was in the earlier portions, the yield would have been considerably greater. Not only has there been an unprecedented total catch over the North-Eastern seaboard of Scotland, but there is a considerable increase above the average in almost all the districts. The totals, as compared with former years, are as follows:—Catch in 1868, 387,149 crans; catch in 1869, 428,445 crans; catch in 1870, 624,948 crans; catch in 1871, 561,772 crans; catch in 1872, 569,878 crans; catch in 1873, 715,047 crans. These figures, however, comprehend only the Eastern and Western districts, where the fishing is prosecuted in the summer. On the Argyle, Ross, and Inverness coasts the fishing has still to yield its results. But judging by what is past, there is every reason to believe that the totals will be fully up to an average, in which event the Scotch herring fishing of 1873 will give the heaviest produce ever known. In a series of years the catch has been as follows, as supplied by the official statistics:—In 1860, the total cure was 637,000 barrels; in 1861, 680,000 barrels; in 1862, 771,000 barrels; in 1863, 654,000 barrels; in 1864, 680,000 barrels; in 1865,

600,000 barrels; in 1866, 680,000 barrels; in 1867, 780,000 barrels; in 1868, 638,000 barrels; in 1869, 660,000 barrels; in 1870, 800,000 barrels; in 1871, 780,000 barrels; in 1872, 750,000 barrels; in 1873, it is computed likely to amount to 950,000 barrels. The season gives on the whole another telling proof of the extent and value of the Scotch herring fishery, and corroborates the view suggested by lengthened experience and observation, that, with favourable weather, that fishing may be safely calculated to yield from 600,000 to 800,000 crans every year, representing a money value of from 900,000*l.* to 1,250,000*l.* employing vast numbers of fishermen, coopers, labourers, women, boat-builders, net-makers, and others, and yielding an excellent and wholesome article of diet.

Loans of considerable amount were made from the public purse in the financial year 1872-73 for aiding the prosecution of public works. The Public Works Loan Commissioners report loans of 293,758*l.* to School Boards under the Elementary Education Act; 129,500*l.* under the Harbours and Passing Tolls Act of 1861; 50,000*l.* for canals, rivers, and drainage; 21,568*l.* for workhouses; 20,350*l.* for law courts, gaols, and other public buildings; 16,000*l.* to Burial Boards. These Commissioners advanced 560,937*l.* in all in the year, and previous advances were repaid in the year amounting, with the interest, to 765,066*l.*; the loans outstanding exceed 8 millions in all. The Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland made advances amounting to 182,937*l.* in the year; 78,000*l.* to tenants for purchase of their farms, and to landlords for reclaiming waste lands and compensating tenants for improvements and for disturbance; 76,290*l.* for improvements of lands by drainage, erection of farm buildings and labourers' dwellings, planting for shelter, &c.; 13,962*l.* for glebe loans. The repayments in the year of former loans amounted to 152,664*l.* The Paymaster-General also reports, among loans for public works in Ireland not under the Commissioners of Public Works, 202,745*l.* advanced for lunatic asylums in the year 1872-73; sums amounting to 182,130*l.* former advances, were repaid in the year, leaving nearly a million and a half still outstanding. The advances made by the Irish Public Works Commissioners have reached, in all, nearly twelve millions; principal has been repaid amounting, with interest, to nearly seven millions, and nearly six millions have been remitted, the chief item being four-and-a-quarter millions, which had been advanced for the employment of the labouring poor under the Acts of 1846 and 1847.

The Finance Accounts show that the funded debt of the United Kingdom amounted, on the 31st March, 1873, to 726,584,423*l.* and the unfunded debt (in Exchequer Bills and Bonds) to 4,829,100*l.* making a total of 731,413,523*l.* which is above four-and-a-half millions less than at the corresponding period of the preceding year. The annual charge for interest on this debt and for management of the debt is rather more than twenty-two millions sterling; but the debt is really larger than the amount above stated, and the annual charge entailed by it exceeds 26,700,000*l.* because, in addition to interest on the permanent and floating debt—the funded and the unfunded—we pay upwards of four-and-a-half millions sterling as Terminable Annuities, whereby we discharge annually a part of the principal along with the interest. Upwards of 900,000*l.* of this payment for Terminable Annuities consists of life annuities, sold to the public at the National Debt office, and some of these are, of course, falling in and ceasing from time to time by the death of the annuitants. But the great item is that of over three-and-a-half millions for annuities granted for a term of years, ending in 1885.

The trade year of the Staffordshire potteries has not been a very prosperous one. There has been a considerable falling off in the trade with the United States, Canada, and France, but there has been a substantial increase in transactions with Brazil, Australia, Germany, and some other countries. The declared value of the exports of porcelain and earthenware for the nine months ending September 30—1,616,342*l.*—showed an increase of 152,855*l.* as compared with the declared value of the exports for the corresponding three quarters of 1872, which amounted to 1,463,487*l.* For the month ending September 30 the comparison is less favourable; in fact, there is a falling off, the figures being for 1872 167,014*l.* and for 1873 157,700*l.* The increased value of the exports for the nine months does not necessarily show an increase of profits to the manufacturers, the prices of the ware having been advanced to meet the enhanced cost of production. The home trade is steady, and unless the cost of production should be further increased, that department of the trade of the district is likely to continue good. The annual hirings have pretty generally been completed without further disputes than can be settled by the Board of Arbitration, to whom two or three trade questions have been referred by the operatives.

The reports of the Government mining registrars and surveyors for the quarter ended June 30, 1873, show that the mining industry is in a very prosperous state. From the information obtained by the surveyors and registrars from gold buyers and others, it appears that the total yield of gold obtained during the quarter was 283,248 oz. There were 35,806 alluvial miners, and these obtained 123,643 oz, but the 17,079 quartz miners obtained 159,605 oz. The number of miners at work during the quarter was 52,885, of whom 14,145 were Chinese. The deepest shaft in the colony is one sunk by a Stawell company, the Magdala, which early in September went 1,225 feet from the surface, and sinking was still being proceeded with. In August a very fine nugget was found in Eldorado claim, Smythesdale. The gross weight of it was 175 oz 12 dwt, and the estimated weight of pure gold 170 oz. It was obtained at a depth of 155 feet, and 250 feet from the nearest quartz reef. No fine gold was visible near where it was discovered.

The accuracy of the monthly Board of Trade statements of bonded goods has been questioned on several occasions, but the Commissioners of Customs, in their Seventeenth Report, lately issued, explain that the discrepancies which occasionally exist between the trade and official returns arise from one or two disturbing causes, the chief being that the "trade" stock accounts are generally "derived from dock companies' and wharfingers' returns at the large ports only, the remainder being estimated or ignored altogether, while the official returns properly include the transactions of every warehousing port in the United Kingdom."

The cost of collection of the taxes increases. In the financial year 1865-66 the inland revenue produced 39,066,923*l.*, and the cost of collection was 1,344,642*l.*; in the year 1872-73 the product had increased to 45,645,252*l.*, and the cost of collection to 1,657,805*l.* The Customs produced 21,140,117*l.* in 1865-66, and the cost of collection was 772,297*l.*; the product had fallen to 20,933,851*l.* in 1872-3, but the cost of collection had risen to 978,834*l.*; so that the collection of 60,207,040*l.* in 1865-66 cost only 2,116,939*l.*, but the collection of 66,579,103*l.* in 1872-3 cost 2,636,639*l.*

The Chancery Pay Office, which last year was called "The Accountant-General's Office," has been opened for the payment of dividends. The payment in cash to a certain amount, about 50*l.*, was continued to the benefit of the recipients, who had, before the Chancery Funds Act of 1872 was passed, after getting their checks, to proceed to the Bank of England for the money; now they are accommodated with cash in Chancery lane. In the year ended the 31st of October last there was paid into Court at the Chancery Pay Office 19,574,422*l.*, and 18,456,976*l.* paid out. On the various accounts the stock amounted to 60,422,116*l.*; cash, 3,535,670*l.*; and the balance of cash at the bank, 1,111,729*l.* The Consolidated Fund owed the suitors of the Court on the 1st of October last 2,423,340*l.*

The value of silver in America is thus compared by the *New York Bulletin*:—The following table will enable every one to set at a glance the legal and the true value here and in Europe of our various silver coins—a subject very little understood at the present moment:—

	Old Dollars.	Fractional Pieces.	New Trade Dollars.
Weight per 1,000 dols	895.40	893.75	875.
Legal value	1.00	1.00	not fixed
Intrinsic value in gold, according to legal standard—1 to 16	1.00	93.525	1.01815
Intrinsic value in gold, according to European legal standard—1 to 15½	1.03225	96.541	1.05010
Currency value, according to European legal standard with gold, 8½ prem.	111.999	104.747	113.936
Currency value at which the brokers purchase	1.06½	1.03	1.08½

The intrinsic value in gold, according to the European legal standard of 1 to 15½, is that which controls the exportation of our gold and silver coins. Silver, at the above intrinsic values, and gold at par, are equally advantageous for export to Europe, except that gold is transported by the steamers at a trifle less than silver, a slight difference against silver, of which we have taken no account.

Since the disturbance in financial matters, the money order department of the post office in America has greatly increased its business. Persons fearful that checks would not be honoured in legal tenders by the banks have gone to the post-offices and sub-stations and received orders for the maximum amount allowed to be drawn by one person in one day, in the full assurance that their orders would be cashed in legal tenders. The receipts from the issue of orders at the post-office on one day were \$80,417.47, and the disbursements \$53,080.95, all in legal tenders.

The following is the official statement of United States currency outstanding:—

	dols
Old demand notes	70,742
Legal tender notes, new issue	75,783,401
Legal tender notes, series 1869	280,214,599
One year notes of 1863	83,615
Two year notes of 1863	25,950
Two year cur. on notes of 1863	31,100
Compound interest notes	473,240
Fractional currency, first issue	4,340,694
Fractional currency, second issue	3,161,502
Fractional currency, third issue	3,424,498
Fractional currency, fourth issue, first series	20,773,640
Fractional currency, fourth issue, second series	9,323,955
Fractional currency, fourth issue, third series	5,196,100
Total	462,923,039

This is the greenback or legal tender currency. In addition, there is the currency of the national banks, amounting to about \$350,000,000 more.

Canadian papers notice that the Deck Load Act came into operation on the 1st of October. By it vessels for European ports are forbidden to carry timber on deck or over three feet of deals. With reference to vessels carrying cargoes to the West Indies, after the 15th of November they will not be allowed to carry cargo to a greater height than six inches above the main rail, if they are single decked vessels, nor in any case greater than 4ft 6in above deck. In the case of spar deck vessels no cargo will be permitted on the spar deck.

Messrs Norman Brothers, of Calcutta, have summarised the value of the goods trade of the fourteen treaty ports in China from the returns of trade published by the order of the inspector-general of customs at Shanghai in 1873; the statement includes the value of the imports and exports from and to Hong Kong, but does not include the trade of that place. Total foreign and coast trade of the 14 treaty ports, 125,104,000*l.* The gross value of the trade of the port of Shanghai was 7½ per cent. more than that of 1871, and the native produce of local origin exported was 20½ million taels, against 18½ million taels in 1871, an increase of 9 per cent. The net total foreign imports have declined, and were considerably less than in any year since 1866, being 10½ million taels in 1872, against 14½ million taels in 1871, a diminution of 46 per cent. The value of the import trade at Canton has generally declined considerably. Raw cotton, yarn, and cotton piece goods stand for less than in any year since 1866. Metals less than in any year since 1867. The diminution, as compared with 1871, is on raw cotton, 40 per cent.; on yarn, 18 per cent.; on piece goods, 36 per cent.; on metals, 12 per cent. The export trade in raw and thrown silk has progressed, and was 13 per cent. more in value compared with 1871. Tea shows 28 per cent. more value than in 1871. The comparative table of the trade of Amoy, from 1862 to 1872, shows that the import trade is much less than it was 7 years ago; the years 1864-67 all exceeded 1872; 1865 by 38 per cent., 1872 exceeded 1871 by 15 per cent. The export trade shows only fair progress, though in 1872 it was double what it was in 1862; it only exceeded 1863 by 6½ per cent., and 1871 by 6½ per cent.; the re-export trade is largely increasing. The value of the Fuchow trade

of 1872 was much the same as that of 1871. The value of the trade of Takow was less in 1872 than in 1866, and 13 per cent. less than in 1871; the exports were about the same in 1872-71, but 5 per cent. less than in 1870. The trade is also very small at Tamsui, where there has been little change. The value of the trade at Ningpo is increasing; the imports in 1872 were 7½ million taels, against 7 million taels in 1871, 8 per cent. more; whilst the exports were 10½ million taels in 1872, against 9 million taels in 1871, or 15½ per cent. more. Hankow seems to be making fair progress in cotton piece goods, but is falling back in woollen goods; this port is largely increasing its off-take of metals, but is going back in opium. The tea exported in 1872 was about the same in quantity as in 1871. The quantity of cotton and woollen goods, metals, and opium imported into Kiukiang shows favourably compared with the previous years, though there is no striking advance in any of the articles named; the export of tea in 1872 was 4 per cent. more in quantity than in 1871, and 6 per cent. more than in 1865. At Chinking there was a considerable increase in the quantities of cotton and woollen piece goods, opium, and metals imported in 1872. The import of cotton at Chefoo, in 1872, was 46 per cent. more in quantity than that of 1871; the quantity of cotton piece goods shows no increase in 1872; opium was 16 per cent. more in 1872 than in 1871; woollens were 43 per cent. more of pieces than in 1871. There is an important falling off of value in the import trade of Tientsin, which has not been so small since 1867 as in 1872, when it was 15½ million taels, against 17½ million taels in 1871, and 13½ million taels in 1867; in 1872 it was 12½ per cent. less than in 1871. The export trade of 1872 was larger than that of the 5 previous years, but less than in 1865-66, it was 43 per cent. more than that of 1871. At Newchwang the quantity of cotton goods imported was 77 per cent. more than in 1871; woollen goods 54 per cent. less than in 1871, and 48 per cent. less of metals compared with the same time. In forming this comparison, it must be remembered that the trade of the older treaty ports has been affected by the opening of new ones. It is said that there is likely to be a serious diminution in the export of China produce during this year, owing to the determination on the part of shippers not to pay such high prices as they have hitherto done; it remains to be seen which side will give in, should the exporters continue in the same mind, it must produce an important effect upon our Eastern exchanges.

The census of 1871-72 has shown that the population under the Government of Bengal, never before regularly enumerated, but estimated in the Administration Report of 1870-71 at 42,500,000, was in 1872 no less than 66,856,859, about two millions belonging to the tributary States. Half the area of the Bengal Government consists of the hilly and thinly-populated tracts of Chota Nagpur and Assam, with only 87 and 63 souls to the square mile; but the other half is one of the most densely-peopled countries in the world. In Bardwan there are 573, in Patna 553, in Rajshahi 500 souls to the square mile; in the United Kingdom 261, and 422 taking England alone. For the whole of Bengal, in the restricted sense of that word, the number is 430; for Behar 465. If the lands uncultivated or incapable of cultivation, or waste and marshy, are left out, the food-producing area cannot average less than 650 souls to the square mile, crops being excluded which are not food-producing. This enormous population inhabits a country which exports grain, so that the supply of food is abundant in ordinary years. In the North-West Provinces the new census gives the population at 30,769,056, and the density at 280 souls per square mile, 797 in the thickly-peopled district of Benares. In the Punjab the returns for 1872 give a population of over 17,600,000, with a density of 721 to the square mile. In Oude the returns of 1869 give 11,220,747, and a density of 465 to the square mile. In the Central Provinces the census of 1872 shows upwards of 9,000,000 souls, the density being 108 to the square mile. In the Berars, a portion of the Haidarabad territory, the population in 1867 was 2,231,565, or 132 to the square mile. The census of 1872 was very carefully taken in the Madras Presidency, and the population is stated at 31,311,142, or 221 to the square mile; of the four nationalities the Tamils are by far the most numerous, numbering about 16,000,000 souls, while about 8,000,000 speak Telugu, 5,000,000 Canarese, and 2,000,000 Malayalam. In the Bombay Presidency the return is given as exceeding 14,000,000. In British Burma the administration returns put the population at 2,562,323; the density is said to be 27 to a square mile in the whole of British Burma, and 53 in Pegu. The return for Mysore is 5,055,412, and for Curg 168,312 souls. The whole population of British India is supposed to be rather understated by the census, and, probably, falls little short of 200,000,000 souls.

The imports of Australasian gold have experienced a sensible increase this year. In September these imports amounted to 787,832*l.*, as compared with 436,819*l.* in September, 1872, and 488,335*l.* in September, 1871; and in the nine months ending September 30 this year, to 7,003,481*l.*, as compared with 4,519,650*l.* in the corresponding period of 1871, and 5,113,677*l.* in the corresponding period of 1871. A discovery of gold, which promises to be of some importance, has been made near Reedy creek, in New South Wales. Assays of gold-bearing stone from the Northern Territory of South Australia have yielded from 20oz to 50oz to the ton. Gold has been found in Kangaroo Island, South Australia. Some attention is being devoted to gold working in Tasmania; at the City of Hobart claim the crushing of 204 tons of quartz yielded 250oz of gold.

Advices from Sydney state, with reference to the New South Wales Budget, that the surplus of 1872 amounts to 124,000*l.*, after paying deficiency debt to the amount of 390,000*l.* A surplus is almost certain for 1873 of 655,000*l.* This carried forward to 1874 makes the estimated surplus for that year 200,000*l.*, after paying 334,000*l.* balance of deficiency debt, abolishing *ad valorem* duties, and reducing specific duties to 55 articles, and after providing for an additional expenditure of 170,000*l.*

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Economist.
(GRATIS.)

Accounts Relating to Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873.

I.—An Account of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, showing the Consumption of Duty-Paying Articles, in the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.		Principal Articles.		Quantities.		Value.		
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	
Alkali.....cwts	83,086	90,086	152,250	146,917	Copper—Ore—From Spain	6,520	3,712	£	105,327	£	70,089
Animals, Living—Oxen and Bulls	108,372	117,333	2,090,594	2,371,734	Chili	508	12,755	18,026	210,820	18,026	210,820
Cows	28,047	33,712	418,230	638,529	Australia	1,254	2,211	16,286	31,178	16,286	31,178
Calves	32,299	41,648	108,570	206,627	Other Countries	31,935	30,151	540,679	487,065	540,679	487,065
Sheep and Lambs	782,244	812,863	1,602,447	1,727,084	Total	40,217	48,829	680,318	799,152	680,318	799,152
Swine	15,777	72,138	50,601	213,826	Regulus—From Chili.....	22,660	21,147	928,836	872,831	928,836	872,831
Bacon.....	1,698,109	2,470,540	3,500,276	5,044,751	Other Countries	5,019	5,278	200,890	238,540	200,890	238,540
Bark—For tanners and dyers' use	460,571	448,497	182,015	170,721	Total	27,679	26,425	1,129,726	1,111,371	1,129,726	1,111,371
Peruvian	25,332	42,100	254,241	414,601	Unwrought, or part Wrought—From Chili	25,234	18,018	2,321,601	1,542,589	2,321,601	1,542,589
Beef—Salted.....	173,824	188,899	302,021	362,615	Australia	11,222	10,237	1,060,949	953,800	1,060,949	953,800
Fresh or slightly Salted	33,252	41,217	78,815	95,880	Other Countries	8,289	3,390	751,917	294,807	751,917	294,807
Bones, whether burnt or not, or as animal	88,055	61,944	579,610	405,432	Total	44,745	31,645	4,134,467	2,791,196	4,134,467	2,791,196
charcoal—For Manure	934,091	817,634	313,408	267,045	Corn—Wheat—From Russia	16,324,297	8,823,188	9,677,921	5,556,857	9,677,921	5,556,857
Brimstone	2,903,671	2,155,319	480,011	357,357	Denmark	399,903	290,958	271,098	197,560	271,098	197,560
Bristles.....	1,030,249	1,166,461	5,620,513	6,261,532	Germany	3,649,164	1,847,572	2,478,065	1,320,307	2,478,065	1,320,307
Butter	145,044	134,393	1,628,655	1,476,289	France	2,468,500	1,170,507	1,591,789	747,731	1,591,789	747,731
Caoutchouc	982,084	1,260,892	2,804,581	3,769,234	Austrian Territories	54,732	29,730	33,979	18,616	33,979	18,616
Cheese	90,571	98,997	864,905	839,970	Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia ..	822,315	312,660	444,898	183,417	444,898	183,417
Chemical Manufactures and Products un-	82,313	87,994	62,964	73,079	Egypt.....	2,124,288	1,230,019	1,064,839	678,126	1,064,839	678,126
enumerated	349,395	366,643	403,955	381,103	United States	7,688,366	17,121,918	4,989,432	11,133,836	4,989,432	11,133,836
Clock { Imports	33,167	29,461	426,033	380,705	Chili	1,387,573	1,550,446	916,280	976,079	916,280	976,079
Home Consumption	15,320,175	18,766,732	455,054	581,917	British North America	1,406,374	3,422,361	927,096	2,262,895	927,096	2,262,895
Clocks { Home Consumption	7,217,308	7,784,710	2,166,426	3,446,494	Other Countries	1,740,123	3,444,049	1,165,335	2,342,405	1,165,335	2,342,405
Cochineal	33,167	29,461	426,033	380,705	Total	38,065,635	39,243,408	23,560,732	25,417,829	23,560,732	25,417,829
Cocoa { Imports.....lbs	638,450	806,824	2,166,426	3,446,494	Barley	12,757,474	8,377,767	5,163,465	3,622,170	5,163,465	3,622,170
Home Consumption.....	7,217,308	7,784,710	1,207,023	1,075,456	Oats	10,606,031	10,916,236	3,853,712	4,375,308	10,606,031	10,916,236
Coffee—From Ceylon	339,891	131,997	484,177	541,984	Peas	1,108,996	1,091,693	481,226	466,763	1,108,996	1,091,693
Other British Possessions	145,643	226,753	578,458	1,006,307	Beans.....	2,706,513	2,681,837	1,091,034	1,130,044	2,706,513	2,681,837
Brazil	153,243	179,416	533,331	781,532	Total { Imports	1,411,664	1,589,066	6,851,773		1,411,664	1,589,066
Central America	1,411,664	1,589,066	4,969,415	6,851,773	Home Consumption.....	261,230	267,151			261,230	267,151
Other Countries	261,230	267,151	4,969,415	6,851,773	Total { Home Consumption.....						

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Gambier.....	12,282	19,197	£ 385,379	£ 451,961
Glass—Window and German Sheet, including Shades and Cylinders.....	405,474	407,258	347,068	385,406
Flint.....	57,091	68,322	250,092	260,985
Plate, silvered or not.....	38,424	35,536	108,735	130,286
Manufactures unenumerated, and Old Broken.....	143,737	207,442	417,752	535,110
Guano.....	111,401	163,500	1,121,581	1,837,792
Gum—Arabic.....	41,064	58,940	116,664	186,107
Lac, Seed, Shell, Stick, and Dye.....	74,455	53,792	442,642	396,584
Gutta Percha.....	41,271	45,734	355,978	387,585
Hams.....	145,139	184,319	375,887	505,971
Hats or Bonnets of Straw.....	171,689	170,607	59,297	35,086
Hemp—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....	453,239	334,827	824,271	601,307
Italy.....	188,011	223,337	390,155	446,551
Austrian Territories.....	12,328	8,355	23,773	16,785
British India.....	57,579	51,480	67,204	58,700
Philippine Islands.....	137,000	240,459	399,917	515,867
Other Countries.....	192,155	287,425	352,680	493,271
Total.....	1,040,312	1,145,863	1,968,000	2,132,481
Hides, and Pieces thereof—Not Tanned, Tawed, Curried, or in any way Dressed—Dry—From British India.....	456,365	318,938	1,693,471	1,251,930
Other Countries.....	304,438	229,456	1,139,620	921,210
Total.....	760,803	548,394	2,833,091	2,173,140
Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay.....	220,116	274,142	705,690	920,617
Brazil.....	118,047	132,572	368,788	440,197
Australia.....	22,056	29,287	57,520	81,234
Other Countries.....	227,328	246,475	655,756	758,760
Total.....	587,547	682,476	1,788,754	2,200,808
Tanned, Tawed, &c. or in any way dressed, lbs.	25,756,900	29,057,622	1,670,183	1,810,855
Horns.....	109,033	107,337	558,378	527,567
Indigo.....	86,755	84,103	2,472,765	2,362,575
Iron and Steel—Iron—Bars Unwrought, tons	75,600	65,521	832,601	868,766
Iron Manufactures.....	725,647	601,418	1,051,755	990,350
Steel—Unwrought.....	6,541	8,069	90,120	126,277
Jute.....	3,840,304	4,208,631	3,782,842	3,355,418
Lard.....	558,756	601,629	1,263,815	1,313,486
Lead, Pig and Sheet.....	65,302	54,817	1,410,521	1,337,308
Leather Manufactures—	43,273	37,449	139,674	185,742
Boots and Shoes.....	994,406	885,542	1,322,386	1,184,902
Gloves, of Leather.....				

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Corn—(Con.)—Indian Corn or Maize.....cwt	22,803,684	17,468,737	£ 8,103,902	£ 6,083,111
Wheat Meal and Flour—From Germany.....	944,227	598,439	885,859	591,007
France.....	1,031,062	1,623,967	942,112	1,551,503
United States.....	589,595	1,289,044	491,861	1,135,263
British North America.....	283,073	417,645	373,732	373,732
Other Countries.....	833,338	1,652,212	853,265	1,608,107
Total.....	3,630,295	5,581,307	3,421,116	5,259,612
Indian Corn Meal.....	5,153	6,503	9,721	9,965
Cotton Raw—From United States.....cwt	5,100,276	6,835,992	23,688,555	29,179,978
Brazil.....	902,309	597,397	4,528,017	2,641,077
Turkey.....	52,772	50,904	220,106	196,821
Egypt.....	1,315,624	1,523,255	6,428,768	7,152,925
British India.....	3,792,328	3,111,593	12,404,744	9,320,790
Other Countries.....	348,095	363,619	1,588,756	1,523,869
Total.....	11,571,225	12,483,760	48,838,947	50,015,460
Cotton Manufactures.....value £			1,362,644	1,407,301
Currents { Imports.....cwt	1,038,439	872,460	1,444,392	1,138,494
{ Home Consumption.....cwt	825,006	782,409	120,247	141,536
Cutch.....	5,431	6,775	1,660,174	2,250,981
Eggs.....	4,207,450	5,249,438	559,109	719,880
Fish, Cured or Salted.....cwt	373,060	425,111		
Flax—Dressed, Undressed, and Tow or Codilla of—From Russia.....cwt	1,260,116	1,412,099	2,935,142	3,060,385
Germany.....	180,053	214,469	401,608	458,367
Holland.....	114,183	150,048	334,228	447,437
Belgium.....	282,801	293,393	865,864	995,774
Other Countries.....	44,134	28,877	95,694	54,449
Total.....	1,881,257	2,088,886	4,632,536	5,016,412

Principal Articles.	Quantities of Corn and Wheat Flour Imported in the Three Months from	
	Sept. 1 to Nov. 30, 1871.	Sept. 1 to Nov. 30, 1872.
Wheat.....	12,972,668 cwt.	14,905,424 cwt.
Wheat Flour.....	2,993,692 qrs.	3,439,713 qrs.
Barley.....	850,808 cwt.	1,418,338 cwt.
Oats.....	2,988,385 cwt.	4,410,132 cwt.
Peas.....	3,401,236 cwt.	2,658,670 cwt.
Beans.....	237,787 cwt.	90,263 cwt.
Indian Corn.....	1,056,763 cwt.	694,214 cwt.
Total.....	5,911,017 cwt.	7,313,500 cwt.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Madder .....cwt.	117,400	88,425	334,088	211,540
Root .....cwt.	98,513	64,248	244,643	132,038
Garancine .....cwt.	38,233	37,945	252,604	265,063
Meat, Unenumerated—Salted or Fresh	49,124	68,234	122,666	181,349
Preserved otherwise than by Salting	321,151	237,004	816,463	607,452
Nitre, Cubic (Nitrate of Cuba).....	1,513,156	2,092,833	1,155,663	1,560,924
Oil—Train, Blubber, and Spermacet.....tuns	17,060	16,671	787,911	723,307
Palm .....cwt.	924,298	853,644	1,658,887	1,485,464
Coccol-nut .....tuns	404,069	353,508	770,132	438,819
Olive .....tuns	21,967	33,457	1,100,580	1,485,425
Seed, of all kinds	16,926	15,922	668,023	665,741
Turpentine .....cwt.	195,568	208,206	421,404	380,300
Oil Seed Cakes .....tuns	125,494	126,004	1,171,790	1,204,398
Oranges and Lemons.....bushels	1,912,833	1,708,252	948,990	853,568
Paper for Printing or Writing—From Belgium.....cwt.	112,782	92,445	338,871	328,016
Holland	19,675	10,540	68,362	41,603
Sweden	31,783	40,554	48,215	61,646
France	9,513	22,467	43,718	78,809
Other Countries	10,556	8,935	23,031	23,635
Total	184,309	174,941	522,197	538,709
Other kinds (except Hangings)—From Belgium .....value £	...	...	80,139	90,756
Holland .....	...	...	94,567	90,515
France .....	...	...	55,122	92,142
Other Countries .....	...	...	130,455	156,081
Total .....	...	...	360,283	429,494
Petroleum, Unrefined and Refined .....tuns	24,327	52,199	413,197	807,229
Pork—Salted (not Hams) .....cwt.	193,432	228,231	395,185	495,039
Fresh	6,364	17,100	12,835	44,734
Potatoes.....	4,649,289	7,091,006	1,310,873	2,040,500
Poultry and Game, alive or dead (including Rabbits) .....value £	...	...	176,301	200,974
Pyrites of Iron or Copper, or Sulphur Ore	491,897	479,225	1,281,475	1,214,971
Quicksilver .....tuns	2,362,728	2,326,077	343,229	397,877
Rags and other Materials for making Paper —Linen and Cotton Rags.....tuns	20,727	15,437	346,508	271,042
Esparto and other Vegetable Fibres	100,618	92,767	770,464	754,250
Raisins { Imports .....tuns	537,350	341,526	1,022,525	599,635
{ Home Consumption.....	385,761	391,204	3,038,054	2,829,021
Rice, not in the Husk.....	6,055,188	5,762,988	3,638,054	2,829,021

Principal Articles.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Rosin .....cwt.	829,537	836,756	434,111	420,305
Saltpetre .....cwt.	326,289	309,906	422,194	409,144
Seeds—Clover and Grass	246,790	245,901	655,721	587,460
Cotton.....tuns	158,201	174,769	1,324,059	1,332,285
Flax and Linseed	1,308,939	1,222,761	4,069,471	3,492,131
Rape	225,163	238,093	571,261	634,861
Silk—Raw—From China	1,773,420	2,556,764	1,812,606	2,599,271
British India.....	366,689	507,664	403,667	544,732
Egypt, in transit from China, India and Japan.....	2,235,857	812,600	2,453,653	887,407
Other Countries	2,139,362	1,652,110	2,319,080	1,838,016
Total	6,515,328	5,529,138	6,989,006	5,869,426
Knubs or Husks of Silk, and Waste.....cwt.	28,362	27,770	525,285	404,859
Thrown, Dyed, or Undyed — From France	29,489	75,416	45,312	146,072
Other Countries	30,653	17,608	45,092	20,152
Total	60,142	93,024	90,404	166,224
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe — Broad Stuffs—From France...value £	...	...	2,863,285	3,404,462
Belgium.....	...	...	1,660,560	1,478,941
Other Countries .....	...	...	71,028	75,347
Total .....	...	...	4,594,873	4,958,750
Ribbons, Silk, or Satin — From France .....	...	...	1,147,877	1,238,653
Other Countries .....	...	...	243,690	309,962
Total .....	...	...	1,391,567	1,548,615
Ribbons, other kinds — From Belgium.....	...	...	227,194	266,414
Other Countries .....	...	...	120,081	330,701
Total .....	...	...	347,275	597,115
Plush used for making Hats.....	...	...	46,617	27,401
Of Countries out of Europe .....	...	...	252,899	269,995
Spices—Cinnamon.....lbs	1,010,244	968,899	104,907	104,857
Ginger	31,665	33,294	72,839	88,864
Pepper	25,234,973	20,513,506	680,313	640,597

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed—				
Rum { Imports .....proof gallons	6,182,901	6,175,306	619,403	661,166
{ Home Consumption.....	3,823,168	4,397,324		
Brandy { Imports .....proof gallons	3,208,091	5,678,290	1,183,638	2,012,840
{ Home Consumption.....	3,559,905	3,848,029		
Other Sorts { Imports .....cwt	1,277,315	1,514,958	161,397	153,728
{ Home Consumption.....	622,423	856,455		
Sugar—Refined { Imports .....cwt	1,525,396	2,110,081	2,782,666	3,577,269
and Candy... { Home Consumption.....	1,585,849	2,013,359		
Unrefined, Imports—From British West Indies and Guiana	3,357,926	3,780,447	4,466,404	4,661,368
British India.....	559,410	394,809	626,297	408,229
Mauritius.....	879,861	694,936	1,213,332	949,255
Spanish West Indies	3,064,361	3,073,953	4,238,542	3,838,910
Brazil.....	1,715,581	1,906,195	2,105,783	2,002,730
Java and Philippine Islands	1,034,049	872,787	1,249,577	963,035
Other Countries	2,114,520	2,440,184	2,740,097	3,067,925
Total	12,725,708	13,163,311	16,640,032	15,890,722
Unrefined, entered for Home Consumption—				
1st Class.....	381,555	689,071	...	...
2nd Class.....	3,030,746	3,591,534	...	...
3rd Class.....	3,068,257	3,588,959	...	...
4th Class.....	5,083,994	4,595,110	...	...
Total	11,564,522	12,464,674	...	...
Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana	178,892	144,469	104,692	70,358
Spanish West Indies	76,978	29,059	32,689	11,475
Other Countries	390,330	396,573	184,354	147,202
Total { Imports	646,260	477,101	321,735	229,035
{ Home Consumption.....	575,906	532,506		
Tallow and Stearine	1,250,183	1,395,176	2,571,527	2,884,653
Tar	172,481	209,068	196,987	288,491
Tea—British India.....lbs	15,643,615	17,629,761	1,136,295	1,361,183
China (including Hong Kong and Macao)	138,838,527	118,196,895	9,446,977	8,312,012
Other Countries	8,694,940	8,325,672	661,152	573,059
Total { Imports	163,177,082	144,152,328	11,244,424	10,246,254
{ Home Consumption	118,856,600	122,159,155		
Teeth, Elephants', &c.....cwt	10,539	11,740	322,808	427,048
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus.....	188,224	132,132	1,075,617	904,256

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Tobacco—Unmanufactd { Imports.....lbs	38,531,069	76,946,232	1,404,532	2,543,930
{ Home Consumpt.,	39,317,857	40,845,290		
Manufac. and Snuff { Imports	3,585,470	3,941,678	1,003,120	1,307,243
{ Home Consumption.....	1,002,394	1,133,561		
Turpentine, common	1,000	2,794	320	1,701
Valonia	31,151	27,104	529,784	487,485
Watches .....	...	...	312,226	363,592
Wine Imports—Of British Possessions in South Africa	12,366	17,806	7,844	10,652
Of Other British Possessions	26,225	36,360	8,600	11,451
Foreign—From Germany	493,895	461,492	78,235	71,044
Holland.....	581,038	520,552	377,223	344,493
France { Red	3,270,339	4,211,074	937,723	1,235,315
{ White	1,446,426	1,657,545	1,519,254	1,633,441
Portugal	3,778,016	3,692,118	1,330,923	1,233,556
Madeira.....	78,859	66,267	43,527	34,848
Spain { Red.....	1,255,972	1,269,207	180,552	175,248
{ White.....	6,507,530	7,305,173	2,362,523	2,592,338
Italy	684,709	648,532	142,734	127,200
Other Countries	190,566	163,476	98,546	81,477
Total	18,325,941	20,049,602	7,086,784	7,551,063
{ Of Wine.....	8,455,596	9,340,109	2,497,257	2,700,388
{ Red	9,870,345	10,709,493	4,589,527	4,850,675
{ White	2,970,583	3,786,994	...	...
Wine Entered for Home Consumption—				
From France { Red.....	1,361,002	1,460,623	...	...
{ White.....	3,046,890	3,189,623	...	...
Portugal { Red.....	910,227	965,613	...	...
{ White.....	5,489,457	5,521,035	...	...
Other Countries	1,737,704	1,608,109	...	...
Total	15,515,863	16,531,997	...	...
{ Red.....	7,083,667	8,088,932	...	...
{ White.....	8,432,196	8,443,065	...	...
Wood & Timber—Hewn—From Russia, loads	241,121	318,559	519,101	750,083
Sweden and Norway	472,833	674,637	834,351	1,489,186
Germany	253,352	257,234	778,847	985,171
British North America	401,969	316,648	1,618,476	1,543,776
Other Countries	282,139	373,137	992,982	1,415,321
Total	1,651,414	1,940,205	4,743,757	6,183,537
Sawn or Split, Planed or Dressed—From				
Russia	595,577	713,498	1,433,155	2,106,568
Sweden and Norway	1,397,707	1,486,055	3,046,656	4,276,417
British North America	714,131	818,019	1,999,493	2,691,412
Other Countries	132,752	159,662	453,869	661,037
Total	2,840,167	3,177,234	6,933,173	9,735,434

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Wood-(<i>Con.</i>)-Staves of all dimensions..loads	57,477	77,417	£ 554,307	£ 767,952
Mahogany	28,571	47,306	310,304	544,459
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'-From Countries in Europe.....	33,621,427	31,634,459	2,094,633	1,815,311
British Possessions in South Africa	33,143,775	39,701,840	2,208,753	2,710,991
Australia	17,486,130	18,312,374	778,954	831,233
Other Countries	170,425,103	183,969,964	10,642,292	11,660,354
Total	31,714,210	26,455,907	1,519,922	1,213,896
Alpaca, Vicuna, and Llama	289,390,645	300,074,544	17,244,554	18,231,766
Goats' Wool or Hair	3,623,025	3,983,710	487,908	491,317
Woolen Rags, torn up or not, to be used as Wool	5,810,791	5,513,411	676,369	642,711
Woolen Yarn for Weaving, Mixed or not with Silk	61,024,320	51,307,200	496,249	427,680
Total Value	10,923,314	11,877,027	1,268,856	1,348,966

* Estimated.

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Bark, Peruvian	16,882	26,723	Gun Lac, all kinds	35,381	30,842
Cacouche	56,710	50,913	Hemp, and Tow or Codilla of Hemp	127,024	122,661
Cocaine	5,621,459	6,376,174	Jute	706,143	728,980
Coffee	21,810	18,145	Hides, and Pieces thereof not Tanned, Tawed, Curried, or in any way dressed	340,554	284,794
Corn—Wheat	1,290,018	1,294,579	Wet	75,277	86,355
Wheatmeal or Flour	183,265	948,890	Hops	4,733	4,092
Copper, Unwrought or part Wrought..tons	9,791	53,683	Indigo	58,570	63,321
Cotton, Raw—To Russia, Northern ports	11,162	19,026	Iron & Steel—Iron—Bars, unwrought..tons	15,273	14,548
Germany	235,438	145,555	Oil—Cocoa-nut.....	1,350	574
Holland	534,521	331,853	Olive	239,856	191,624
Belgium	697,009	447,894	Palm	1,448	2,742
France	368,034	343,901	Paper—Writing or Printing.....	442,205	378,310
Other Countries	269,013	238,764	Unenumerated (except Hangings).....	23,557	15,855
Total	185,080	199,886	Petroleum, Refined or Unrefined.....	21,776	32,155
Cotton Manufactures.....value £	2,289,095	1,707,893	Quicksilver	543	1,009
Currents	312,759	259,373	Raisins	2,272,910	2,060,098
Cutch	84,146	132,144	Rice, not in the Husk.....	36,264	118,786
Gambier	2,383	2,860	Saltpetre	2,889,689	3,105,482
Guano.....	3,431	4,910	Seeds—Flax and Linseed	26,269	14,681
	5,386	4,910	Rape	21,907	9,224
			Silk—Raw	50,103	9,457
			Knubs or Husks and Waste	2,946,036	2,539,204
			Thrown	3,399	3,051
				39,823	19,619

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
Silk Manufactures—Of Countries in Europe—Broadstuffs	145,843	83,294	Spices—Cinnamon	884,681	902,441
Ribbons	17,428	14,364	Pepper	15,795,050	11,121,227
Of Countries out of Europe	56,255	57,049	Spirits, not Sweetened or Mixed	1,346,964	1,232,916
			Rum	320,554	366,989
			Brandy	435,364	224,904
			Other Sorts	1,083,627	1,054,494
			Mixed in Bond	32,305	24,284
			Sugar—Refined and Candy	161,133	187,418
			Unrefined	65,158	72,245
			Molasses	113,088	40,875
			Tallow and Stearine.....	86,961,266	30,616,228
			Tea	6,270	4,583
			Teeth, Elephants', &c.....	46,271	26,370
			Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, Bars or Slabs, and Regulus	12,838,082	13,957,820
			Tobacco—Unmanufactured	1,751,508	1,843,457
			Manufactured, and Snuff	727,244	622,855
			White	1,095,504	1,072,278
			Mixed in Bond	11,906	9,181
			Wool, Sheep and Lambs'	132,280,754	116,858,314

III.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom in the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.
1st.—Article Entered by Quantities and Value.

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.		Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Alkali—To Russia	261,253	311,853	174,566	235,775	Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, and Slabs—To Holland	51,293	36,090	248,118	167,973
Germany	616,023	773,028	298,061	396,258	Belgium	24,768	29,915	116,926	138,595
Holland	219,053	250,773	84,601	106,901	France	69,475	51,571	333,889	237,031
France	87,144	61,867	43,128	40,797	British India	3,166	3,696	16,340	17,778
United States	2,020,077	2,016,925	1,145,604	1,312,474	Other Countries	118,939	120,434	577,477	571,513
Other Countries	893,500	945,454	528,769	626,860	Total	267,641	241,706	1,292,750	1,132,890
Total	4,097,050	4,359,900	2,274,729	2,719,065	Wrought, or Manufactured, unenumerated				
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores—					—To Germany	10,670	10,541	54,377	51,342
Fire Arms (small)	362,518	334,139	441,911	484,547	Holland	7,016	6,950	34,398	36,073
Gunpowder	13,459,290	14,870,371	450,903	394,549	France	4,583	8,613	23,950	38,817
Bags and Sacks, Empty, for Packing Merchandise	3,348,720	4,148,001	1,492,376	1,801,641	Italy	12,138	12,336	65,288	65,508
Beer and Ale—To United States	40,285	41,677	203,380	222,171	Turkey	16,384	36,726	85,164	186,926
British West Indies and Guiana	24,805	28,328	93,120	107,999	Egypt	13,135	14,610	69,076	76,840
British India	153,420	173,665	475,141	542,803	United States	1,512	2,632	7,674	13,182
Australia	73,778	108,902	392,474	464,385	British India	31,164	28,264	158,239	129,509
Other Countries	177,764	185,082	796,880	870,550	Other Countries	73,782	76,929	335,249	404,283
Total	470,052	537,654	1,871,005	2,297,908	Total	170,384	194,701	893,415	1,002,483
Books, Printed	74,646	76,653	808,782	835,735	Mixed or Yellow Metal Sheathing	191,294	211,988	789,540	907,555
Brass, Manufactures of, not being Ordnance	62,758	74,074	341,262	440,955	Total of Copper	629,259	648,395	2,975,705	3,042,928
Butter	50,296	41,760	282,797	245,370	Cordage, Cables, and Ropes of Hemp, or like material	132,851	112,329	381,896	334,857
Candles of all Sorts	6,203,497	5,983,665	293,993	292,088	Cotton, Yarn, and Twist—To Russia	2,440,260	3,649,877	297,461	358,436
Carrriages—Railway Carrriages for Passengers	194	498	38,677	136,324	Germany	42,418,741	34,101,732	3,557,952	2,804,402
Railway Trucks, Waggon, &c.	2,076	2,395	186,739	198,839	Holland	40,724,977	42,403,153	4,989,409	3,908,145
Cheese	17,585	17,114	74,146	73,147	France	5,103,081	3,974,901	588,098	494,085
Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Fuel, manufactured					Italy	15,257,340	21,688,180	803,017	1,148,881
—To Russia	789,196	610,225	617,527	648,296	Austrian Territories	2,538,402	3,010,800	135,539	163,955
Sweden and Norway	729,052	718,349	569,812	743,836	Turkey	17,089,190	18,531,730	961,155	992,404
Denmark	620,974	521,455	459,317	510,742	Egypt	8,280,255	6,571,460	590,761	460,582
Germany	2,000,009	1,551,151	1,436,851	1,505,692	China and Hong Kong	8,938,260	9,673,980	545,424	564,370
Holland	449,393	433,620	318,680	409,054	Japan	11,727,360	6,974,550	726,811	392,106
France	2,017,587	2,206,477	1,344,655	2,055,051	British India—Bombay	4,301,060	5,767,386	326,445	413,283
Spain and Canaries	576,675	540,195	504,118	656,190	Madras	5,227,570	6,419,950	387,176	483,147
Italy	877,762	739,561	657,375	753,339	Bengal	11,530,590	11,394,100	914,955	823,012
Brazil	286,236	345,758	284,194	407,999	Straits Settlements	1,772,610	1,953,885	144,589	139,825
British India	518,766	465,317	465,317	527,633	Ceylon	236,550	184,350	16,206	13,558
Other Countries	3,515,341	3,407,818	2,972,770	3,770,032	Other Countries	15,873,864	19,949,615	1,244,341	1,398,836
Total	12,381,591	11,559,450	9,621,916	12,107,864	Total	193,460,110	196,308,949	15,240,339	14,558,977
Coals, &c., shipped for the use of steamers engaged in the foreign trade .....	...	1,937,823	...	...			

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Germany	87,274,280	48,732,757	1,890,270	1,171,518
Holland	31,822,336	48,917,233	746,335	1,038,929
France	95,135,334	96,704,022	1,948,036	1,710,455
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	65,611,310	71,245,450	992,665	1,027,818
Italy	13,078,605	14,456,100	1,134,973	1,309,868
Austrian Territories	247,797,600	265,132,997	4,191,758	4,376,559
Turkey	232,933,800	212,414,880	3,192,543	2,903,870
Egypt.....	21,461,289	21,418,279	375,875	384,817
West Coast of Africa.....	126,458,883	104,278,045	3,350,704	2,591,183
United States	85,222,620	67,290,552	1,543,626	1,309,133
Foreign West Indies	16,593,800	34,164,700	1,603,424	618,652
Mexico	91,670,095	92,092,575	1,908,424	1,624,697
New Granada	170,345,755	147,513,406	5,131,092	2,677,419
Brazil.....	27,665,850	16,299,580	514,887	882,142
Uruguay.....	58,702,750	47,015,280	1,077,066	1,002,910
Argentine Confederation	62,498,860	61,085,980	1,029,530	538,645
Chili	23,905,730	31,057,480	418,186	538,645
Peru	373,373,425	320,927,170	5,926,325	4,878,843
China and Hong Kong	25,696,300	20,354,847	380,227	294,453
Japan	23,159,250	16,799,350	196,484	180,083
Java	10,390,960	8,719,340	554,255	523,984
Philippine Islands	31,572,040	29,200,980	296,709	327,375
Gibraltar	22,009,000	23,304,600	914,300	914,300
Malta	41,150,705	42,264,194	875,021	649,016
British North America	37,618,644	88,634,267	638,520	445,264
West Indies and Guiana	22,353,670	19,288,300	513,481	445,264
Possessions in South Africa	190,985,090	243,469,295	2,531,838	3,172,511
British India—Bombay	39,193,760	44,380,260	429,332	639,593
Madras	570,425,095	608,839,313	7,368,946	8,021,090
Bengal	95,178,000	78,822,450	1,521,464	1,252,736
Straits Settlements	30,911,800	33,644,900	506,919	523,981
Ceylon	41,370,532	41,217,422	1,033,003	1,058,564
Australia	166,918,912	176,056,589	3,293,008	3,273,116
Other Countries	2,173,796,407	2,180,758,812	31,915,914	31,527,326
Wholly of Cotton—Unbleached or Bleached	1,044,946,899	1,009,626,860	21,471,089	20,103,827
Printed, Dyed, or Coloured	19,208,975	14,965,131	673,800	571,318
Of Mixed Materials, Cotton predomi- nating	3,237,952,281	3,205,350,803	54,060,803	52,202,471
Total	1,081,351	1,026,868	382,832	383,932
Hosiery—Stockings and Socks...doz. pairs	7,328,499	7,614,262	1,279,153	1,350,431
Thread for sewing or stitching .....	...	...	58,247,085	56,823,989
Total value of Cotton Manufactures .....	...	...	...	...

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Fish—Herrings—To Germany	477,300	553,944	702,983	807,959
Other Countries	129,315	120,946	161,617	163,619
Total	606,615	674,890	864,600	971,678
Glass—Plate, Rough or Silvered, including Looking Glasses or Mirrors, Framed or not.....sq. ft.	1,953,255	2,078,933	220,150	312,553
Flint of all kinds.....cwt.	104,195	116,722	273,164	334,397
Bottles and Manufactures of Green or Common Glass.....	685,100	825,547	336,025	418,390
Other Manufactures, unenumerated	119,701	109,606	188,941	180,611
Hats of all kinds	541,091	546,500	780,746	807,351
Horses—To France	1,518	976	66,030	58,113
Other Countries	1,618	1,469	97,236	97,636
Total	3,136	2,445	163,266	155,749
Iron and Steel—Iron, pig—To Germany, tons Holland	293,560	252,339	1,398,101	1,464,475
Holland	308,746	307,741	1,567,201	2,029,580
France	82,674	82,797	381,643	479,634
United States	185,846	99,098	965,698	669,608
Other Countries	360,665	330,287	1,836,689	2,031,702
Total	1,231,491	1,072,262	6,149,332	6,674,999
Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Germany Holland	15,631	25,922	169,093	326,196
Holland	7,612	12,631	88,131	163,218
France	1,163	2,335	13,931	20,281
Italy	18,508	21,276	195,136	266,754
Turkey	6,802	7,916	69,199	105,901
United States	62,357	22,689	711,106	302,691
British North America	46,780	31,156	546,029	399,684
British India.....	14,881	19,509	171,389	256,565
Australia	19,158	14,050	247,793	200,410
Other Countries	101,599	111,569	1,180,435	1,442,062
Total	294,491	269,153	3,392,242	3,492,762
Railroad of all sorts—To Russia	99,044	160,401	1,077,100	2,148,431
Sweden	11,964	45,960	180,045	568,243
Germany	49,336	38,512	631,710	527,241
Holland	3,655	19,922	61,010	265,898
France	2,091	2,441	26,477	37,796
Spain and Canaries	9,127	12,984	86,902	178,754
Austrian Territories	7,937	816	76,016	9,773
Egypt.....	12,916	10,239	136,172	188,747
United States	441,074	177,955	4,480,262	2,319,748
Spanish West Indies	1,768	4,446	18,763	55,537

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—Railroad of all sorts—(Com.)				
—To Brazil	19,132	14,429	162,552	175,275
Peru	32,906	8,438	310,967	116,010
Chili	2,712	4,588	30,619	62,074
British North America	76,204	54,534	889,681	702,204
British India.....	13,605	15,461	166,027	242,546
Australia	22,154	27,788	253,922	400,950
Other Countries	75,987	138,336	890,257	1,804,356
Total	881,610	737,250	9,428,082	9,748,283
Wire of Iron and Steel (except Telegraph Wire) galvanised or not.....	30,852	27,578	612,330	647,293
Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler and Armour Plates—To Russia	11,323	17,509	170,048	384,424
Germany	13,780	25,263	178,548	381,147
Holland	8,672	11,418	123,818	171,412
France	2,812	4,578	52,061	84,470
Spain and Canaries.....	5,509	4,408	88,495	70,270
United States	29,829	17,988	411,198	297,372
British North America	16,000	9,401	248,626	174,392
British India.....	17,017	13,846	256,190	248,279
Australia	18,218	19,710	406,896	477,904
Other Countries	68,281	64,239	1,194,778	1,199,429
Total	191,441	188,360	3,130,658	3,489,099
Tin Plates—To France	3,021	3,648	86,048	128,841
United States	82,486	80,866	2,619,311	2,606,820
British North America	3,907	3,240	139,565	114,244
Australia	4,662	3,914	172,289	143,697
Other Countries	17,177	21,306	568,327	730,690
Total	111,253	112,974	3,582,540	3,724,292
Cast or Wrought and all other Manufacturers (except Ordnance, unenumerated)—To Russia	16,746	42,294	245,641	644,259
Germany	25,618	27,192	363,163	490,470
Holland	12,383	15,153	212,010	258,922
France	4,755	4,674	117,919	126,027
Spain and Canaries.....	5,426	8,346	100,998	124,252
United States	12,209	21,050	277,756	412,279
British North America.....	21,536	16,840	393,701	374,218
British Possessions in South Africa	3,343	4,578	83,850	120,180
British India.....	19,129	17,252	360,359	339,258
Principal Articles.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Iron and Steel—(Com.)—Cast or Wrought, &c.—To Australia	20,280	27,826	449,491	601,194
Other Countries	106,130	78,851	1,760,414	1,665,548
Total	247,555	294,006	4,365,302	5,156,607
Iron, Old, for remanufacture	99,132	58,687	608,155	387,999
Steel, Unwrought—To France	2,825	2,457	107,043	104,848
United States	21,901	18,357	703,572	668,731
Other Countries	16,875	16,412	549,379	600,846
Total	41,601	37,226	1,359,994	1,374,425
Manufactures of Steel or Steel and Iron combined	10,367	9,780	567,276	676,725
Total of Iron and Steel	3,139,793	2,777,276	33,198,911	35,372,484
Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, and Tubing—To Russia.....	7,707	7,931	150,564	182,983
France	1,940	1,184	39,406	27,148
United States	7,590	2,635	153,292	62,923
China and Hong Kong	6,994	3,174	133,580	72,988
British India.....	2,542	1,091	57,469	31,079
Australia	1,875	1,613	37,956	37,905
Other Countries	13,515	12,110	283,973	283,869
Total	42,163	29,738	856,040	697,295
Leather—Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed—Unwrought	126,435	108,134	1,103,740	866,102
Wrought—Boots and Shoes—To Australia.....doz pairs	204,043	202,947	550,581	610,921
Other Countries	328,036	283,671	992,745	963,704
Total	532,079	486,618	1,543,326	1,574,625
Other Articles unenumerated—To Australia	112,640	136,800	24,845	38,524
Other Countries	1,712,184	1,394,302	326,416	244,123
Total	1,824,824	1,531,102	351,261	282,647
See also Saddlery and Harness.				
Linen and Jute—Yarn—Linen—To Germany	5,738,688	6,382,649	566,957	625,991
Holland	3,983,571	4,068,284	239,759	223,561

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Linen and Jute—Yarn—(Con.)—Linen—To				
Belgium	899,778	1,082,117	86,606	139,712
France	1,303,971	392,073	118,769	30,870
Spain and Canaries.....	10,863,750	10,216,793	605,045	521,922
Gibraltar	179,640	7,880	7,846	620
Other Countries	5,091,660	3,977,428	320,372	268,285
Total	28,261,088	26,127,224	1,945,354	1,810,961
Jute	11,842,285	10,860,702	245,095	182,051
Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all				
kinds (except sailcloth)—				
To Russia	434,589	201,264	17,490	11,305
Germany	6,148,376	5,965,278	252,100	234,821
Holland	932,410	943,475	37,362	46,599
France	4,402,512	3,757,481	175,512	166,947
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	1,515,300	1,632,885	46,990	44,786
Spain and Canaries.....	2,305,274	1,567,530	133,067	78,814
Italy	2,501,150	2,368,248	121,526	100,816
United States	111,472,000	97,400,679	3,423,368	2,810,230
Spanish West Indies	27,111,284	16,276,330	679,743	621,094
Danish West Indies	1,464,000	1,001,400	39,716	28,261
Hayti	4,276,090	3,870,230	117,521	97,758
Brazil	9,122,060	6,477,730	261,606	215,256
Chili	2,088,366	1,365,790	66,150	42,322
Peru	1,720,790	1,510,140	47,312	45,942
British West Indies and Guiana	4,004,590	4,438,249	94,970	105,507
British India	1,616,415	2,171,980	60,150	75,331
Australia	7,433,780	8,811,900	248,600	314,343
Other Countries	33,903,764	33,040,206	1,064,340	1,068,394
Total	215,858,574	184,984,851	6,676,210	5,864,747
{ Plain, Unbleached, or Bleached,			210,313	243,749
{ Checked, Printed, or Dyed, and			6,886,523	6,108,496
{ Damasks or Diapers			217,939	242,332
Total	222,372,760	192,800,095	303,116	273,760
Sailcloth and Sails	3,840,755	4,157,098		
Thread for sewing	2,513,793	2,170,186		
Total Value of Linen Manufactures			7,599,715	6,884,747
Jute Manufactures of all Kinds.....yards	76,072,638	87,676,013	1,331,174	1,454,911
Oil—Seed Oil—To Germany.....gals	2,830,537	2,838,750	379,749	368,267
Holland	1,078,381	1,102,625	140,423	138,206
France	966,494	758,498	125,369	97,022
Spain and Canaries.....	266,711	179,448	36,128	23,096
Austrian Territories.....	837,719	706,233	114,020	85,587
Brazil	208,825	146,707	32,903	22,517
Principal Articles.				
Oil—(Con.)—To Australia	382,538	386,687	66,518	64,658
British North America	440,298	359,386	65,887	54,523
Other Countries	3,164,899	3,667,657	451,402	489,841
Total	10,176,402	10,145,991	1,412,389	1,343,717
Paper—Writing or Printing, and Envelopes				
—To British India	32,372	37,382	107,031	124,135
Australia	78,869	90,166	219,103	268,155
Other Countries	85,455	75,090	275,683	254,161
Total	196,696	202,638	601,817	646,451
Other kinds, except Hangings and				
Articles of Papier-Mâché—To British				
India	7,029	7,951	18,007	18,949
Australia	27,593	33,166	52,203	68,726
Other Countries	45,015	53,867	122,760	169,851
Total	79,637	94,984	192,970	257,526
Total of Paper	276,333	297,622	794,787	903,977
Rags (except Woollen), and other Materials				
for making Paper	28,719	16,053	540,984	284,448
Salt—Rock and White—To Russia.....	65,947	83,594	42,949	73,964
United States	142,376	225,111	113,331	232,305
British North America	67,509	60,367	37,854	51,408
British India.....	215,129	211,736	151,948	206,425
Other Countries	297,526	217,293	140,592	183,133
Total	698,487	798,071	486,674	747,235
Silk Manufactures, wholly of Silk—Broad				
Stuffs of Silk or Satin—To France,yards	35,814	13,305	9,879	3,163
Egypt.....	123,903	57,393	25,182	8,434
United States	687,271	285,548	145,249	74,570
British India.....	338,085	403,874	40,171	52,364
Australia	217,249	206,494	40,417	38,535
Other Countries	504,928	608,901	115,231	127,460
Total	1,906,350	1,575,515	376,129	304,526
Soap	211,307	169,122	277,583	223,622
Spirits, British and Irish—To France...gals	9,231	11,755	1,152	1,471
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira.....	111,644	356,610	13,875	44,577
Turkey	36,646	27,208	4,557	3,401
United States	173,810	160,262	21,857	20,034
British North America	225,166	198,359	28,160	24,795

Principal Articles.	Quantities.		Value.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Spirits, British and Irish—(Con.)—To Australia	354,250	393,063	44,283	49,208
Other Countries	734,779	433,224	91,744	54,155
Total	1,645,344	1,581,081	205,628	197,641
Sugar, Refined and Candy	576,701	625,844	924,937	942,956
Tin, Unwrought—To Russia	12,123	16,656	90,496	112,454
France	28,662	16,662	206,240	115,266
Turkey	8,624	6,354	66,690	43,897
United States	18,225	28,035	136,385	195,977
Other Countries	39,792	37,398	305,669	255,893
Total	107,426	105,105	805,490	723,587
Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—To Germany...lbs	1,785,043	2,588,590	147,451	244,828
Belgium	1,077,166	1,043,063	96,973	89,590
France	1,009,617	1,252,619	91,420	107,210
United States	2,199,111	819,081	156,238	62,065
Other Countries	1,048,252	807,022	96,586	69,659
Total	7,119,189	6,510,315	589,168	573,382
Woolen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia ..	2,063,249	1,832,507	290,707	265,862
Germany	17,647,451	15,258,482	2,678,552	2,361,078
Holland	12,116,570	10,652,786	1,895,830	1,621,842
Belgium	683,144	299,219	104,061	45,743
France	2,418,911	1,776,540	421,005	333,474
Other Countries	1,780,703	2,160,339	247,983	330,061
Total	36,710,028	31,979,873	5,639,038	4,958,060
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—Woolens—Cloths, Coatings, Duffels, &c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To Germany	3,661,610	4,736,155	705,805	899,960
Holland	1,091,958	963,824	195,138	172,032
France	5,100,452	4,755,301	1,090,326	807,727
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	290,405	256,973	48,255	40,930
Italy	2,570,050	1,022,044	331,848	144,374
United States	5,886,648	4,663,017	1,237,266	1,122,268
Brazil	1,347,507	1,635,650	141,481	167,650
Uruguay	444,425	474,510	60,521	61,274
Argentine Confederation	1,172,953	1,318,366	152,864	169,156
Chili	606,257	744,440	83,832	94,119
Peru	1,123,634	984,310	180,223	154,943
China and Hong Kong	1,968,439	1,910,510	270,618	281,978
British North America	3,690,726	2,576,641	553,163	415,158
India	1,056,203	1,526,765	159,762	203,488
Australia	1,993,257	2,647,416	337,207	472,157
Total	36,710,028	31,979,873	5,639,038	4,958,060
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—&c., of all kinds of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To Germany	3,661,610	4,736,155	705,805	899,960
Holland	1,091,958	963,824	195,138	172,032
France	5,100,452	4,755,301	1,090,326	807,727
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	290,405	256,973	48,255	40,930
Italy	2,570,050	1,022,044	331,848	144,374
United States	5,886,648	4,663,017	1,237,266	1,122,268
Brazil	1,347,507	1,635,650	141,481	167,650
Uruguay	444,425	474,510	60,521	61,274
Argentine Confederation	1,172,953	1,318,366	152,864	169,156
Chili	606,257	744,440	83,832	94,119
Peru	1,123,634	984,310	180,223	154,943
China and Hong Kong	1,968,439	1,910,510	270,618	281,978
British North America	3,690,726	2,576,641	553,163	415,158
India	1,056,203	1,526,765	159,762	203,488
Australia	1,993,257	2,647,416	337,207	472,157
Total	36,710,028	31,979,873	5,639,038	4,958,060
Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—(Con.)—To Other Countries.....yards	6,017,633	5,851,866	980,021	972,179
All Wool	18,243,474	17,937,626	3,951,511	3,767,087
Wool mixed with other Materials	16,436,398	15,814,626	2,576,819	2,412,312
Total	34,679,872	33,752,252	6,528,330	6,179,399
Worsted Stuffs, all Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials—To Germany	82,671,910	41,439,269	7,416,414	2,649,110
Holland	14,125,354	9,553,100	1,002,474	519,819
Belgium	7,288,705	4,526,595	615,970	290,533
France	32,131,989	38,162,809	2,332,371	2,064,376
Italy	14,752,520	14,108,530	535,692	529,171
United States	91,232,901	83,185,177	4,005,464	3,803,295
China and Hong Kong	14,322,690	14,427,390	738,828	768,819
Japan	2,448,610	2,443,460	126,567	155,254
British North America	9,861,395	7,718,255	418,335	338,331
India	2,556,271	2,073,270	140,428	111,146
Australia	13,806,630	13,350,210	638,056	674,237
Other Countries	36,194,972	33,116,411	1,556,742	1,457,072
Total	24,575,229	21,672,061	1,791,193	1,461,288
All Wool	9,735,457	8,250,716	1,791,193	1,461,288
Wool mixed with other Materials	296,818,668	242,432,385	17,736,148	11,899,875
Total	321,393,897	264,104,446	19,527,341	13,361,163
Blankets and Blanketing	5,612,590	5,518,416	567,777	560,069
Flannels	7,797,625	6,054,775	422,168	402,592
Carpets, not being Rugs—To Germany	2,839,366	2,595,218	61,046	76,376
Holland	330,735	371,494	36,803	48,929
France	199,361	251,394	132,655	103,337
Spain and Canaries	941,970	649,417	27,346	24,405
United States	217,412	186,018	1,162,805	791,661
Chili	6,656,434	4,904,681	29,533	47,567
Argentine Confederation	186,780	293,490	101,254	95,558
Chili	800,797	699,160	58,280	97,177
Peru	409,760	683,180	237,367	244,015
Other Countries	1,623,707	1,480,370	1,847,389	1,529,025
Total	11,366,956	9,519,204	94,970	80,799
Zinc or Spelter, unwrought or wrought.....	18,094,450	15,685,961	1,847,389	1,529,025
Total	94,593	65,142	94,970	80,799

III.—Supplement to No. III. Account showing, as far as can be ascertained, the Quantities and Value of certain Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture first exported to various Countries in Transit, and ultimately intended for other Destinations, in the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873.

Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.	Articles and Countries to which First Exported (as stated in Table No. III.)	Countries of Ultimate Destination.	Quantities	Value.
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt.....	British India .....	...	£ 23,984	Cotton—Piece Goods— (Con.)—To Egypt.....	Other Countries	12,300	£ 526
	Australia .....	...	7,232		Total	272,610	6,910
	Other Countries.....	...	4,454		British N. America	2,165,800	60,668
	Total .....	...	33,680		U. S. (Pacific Ports)	879,000	33,493
United States	British N. America .....	...	62,539		Central America	309,800	11,271
Books Printed, To Egypt	All Countries	2,133	28,810		Other Countries	417,000	14,307
	China & H. Kong lbs	618,600	33,965		Total	1,693,400	58,981
	Japan	1,567,700	87,698		British India .....	...	31,805
	Other Countries	78,500	4,525		Australia .....	...	19,174
	Total	2,264,800	126,188		Other Countries.....	...	103
Turkey	Russia, S. Ports	80,520	4,274		United States .....	...	37,867
Egypt.....	Turkey	11,580	656		New Granada .....	...	54,585
	China & Hong Kong	32,000	1,920		Woolen Cloths .....	...	2,757
	Japan	76,000	4,355		Contings, Duffels, &c.—To France.....	...	95,239
	Other Countries	3,116,450	266,194		Egypt.....	...	367,640
	Total	12,470	16,969		Total	574,880	96,423
China & Hong Kong	United States	3,360,730	290,094		British India	4,200	887
	Japan	396,300	21,390		China & H. Kong	168,646	20,756
	Other Countries	366,800	23,995		Australia	230	50
	Total	736,100	45,295		Other Countries	47,410	8,280
Cotton Manufactures— Piece Goods of all kinds —To France	Foreign W. I., yds	1,650,200	30,458		Total	220,480	29,973
	China & Hong Kong	40,783,000	557,612		British N. America	1,319,410	218,031
	Japan	9,957,700	157,321		Peru	6,025	1,683
	Philippine Islands	1,298,800	19,862		Other Countries	73,530	12,318
	British India .....	...	...		Total	79,555	14,001
	Other Countries	4,264,600	60,792		China & Hong Kong	3,882,790	232,431
	Total	57,954,300	826,045		Japan	1,999,350	122,890
Turkey	Russia, S. Ports	3,737,900	61,986		British India .....	...	...
Egypt	China & Hong Kong	1,546,300	23,539		Other Countries	26,546	1,227
	Japan	739,000	10,130		Total	50,870	2,605
	Philippine Islands	829,700	20,726		China & Hong Kong	5,933,110	357,926
	British India	21,970,000	1,102,772		Japan	72,500	4,013
	Other Countries	55,500	1,260		British India	421,480	17,107
	Total	1,673,300	26,623		Other Countries	26,546	1,227
China & Hong Kong	Linen Manufactures— Piece Goods of all kinds (except Sail-cloth)—To France	86,277,800	1,184,330		Total	523,526	22,347
	French W. I., yds	2,028,600	49,229		Japan	679,100	31,365
	Danish West Indies (cloth)—To France	2,801,000	499,950		Other Countries	219,970	13,000
	Other Countries .....	...	...		Total	899,070	44,365
	Total	24,829,600	549,140		British N. America	3,481,250	155,587
	Egypt.....	...	...		British N. America	402,210	53,237

2nd—Articles Entered at Value.

Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.	Principal Articles.		1872.	1873.
		£	£			£	£			£	£
Apparel and Slops—To Egypt		82,847	52,008	Haberdashery, &c.—(Con.)—British West		238,138	252,301	Machinery, &c.—(Con.)—Other descrip-		224,224	481,084
British North America		259,054	242,514	Indies and Guiana		338,580	408,088	tions—To British India		148,449	245,432
Possessions in South Africa		392,038	408,289	India		246,625	269,772	Australia		1,661,992	2,000,458
India		75,394	107,924	Australia		1,164,670	1,354,673	Other Countries		5,088,929	6,495,885
Australia		915,092	1,181,080	Other Countries		1,108,306	1,002,246	Total		1,028,995	941,481
Other Countries		1,029,527	1,058,749	Total		6,174,111	6,134,927	Painters' Colours and Materials, unnu-		548,350	605,568
Total		2,753,952	3,051,164					merated		188,471	221,957
Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores		428,948	391,801	Hardware and Cutlery, unenumerated—				Pickles, Vinegar, Sauces, and Oilman's		51,125	85,394
Cautouchouc, Manufactures of		938,174	830,006	To Russia		142,835	153,029	Stores, unenumerated		30,181	50,162
Chemical Products, or Preparations, un-		1,721,049	1,603,850	Germany		317,478	337,943	Saddlery and Harness—To British Pos-		103,495	156,153
enumerated		952,356	1,066,601	Holland		110,713	116,960	sessions in South Africa		139,989	189,943
Cotton Manufactures—Lace and Patent		644,459	618,004	France		160,127	152,097	Australia		324,790	411,652
Net		927,482	1,202,550	Spain and Canaries		94,845	86,649	Other Countries		113,682	62,647
Hosiery		927,482	1,202,550	United States		873,067	746,822	Silk—Thrown, Twist, and Yarn—To		461,263	363,323
Other Manufactures, unenumerated		644,459	618,004	Spanish West Indies		132,227	145,890	Germany		117,755	97,111
Earthen and China Ware, Parian and		59,911	106,820	Brazil		246,129	257,504	Holland		1,004,620	990,203
Porcelain (except Red Pottery and		69,050	60,355	Argentina Confederation		180,392	172,758	Belgium		32,581	47,877
Brown Stoneware)—To Germany		751,727	649,761	British North America		291,974	239,853	France		1,729,301	1,561,161
France		93,830	117,252	India		240,282	200,312	Other Countries		10,912	25,221
Brazil		132,245	93,728	Australia		424,812	498,200	Egypt		34,509	6,081
British North America		73,553	69,970	Other Countries		1,427,543	1,454,512	New Granada		10,939	11,667
India		121,986	197,969	Total		4,642,334	4,562,529	Other Countries		221,214	177,776
Australia		545,935	656,421	Linen Manufactures, unenumerated		192,077	260,159	Total		277,574	220,745
Other Countries		1,847,737	1,952,276	Machinery and Millwork—Steam Engines				Ribbons of all Kinds—To France		2,868	1,974
Total		242,798	225,819	—To Russia		289,084	213,521	Egypt		45,425	14,044
Fish				France		19,908	36,664	United States		60,530	50,593
Haberdashery and Millinery, including				Spain and Canaries		82,933	63,133	British North America		62,801	32,626
Embroidery and Needlework—To				Egypt		234,410	87,999	Australia		41,149	79,060
Germany		75,415	118,261	Brazil		81,041	107,102				
France		150,600	141,803	British India		157,258	293,614				
Egypt		220,873	111,488	Australia		79,186	145,492				
United States		1,318,229	1,245,407	Other Countries		1,434,892	1,792,983				
Channel Islands		292,583	140,554	Total		2,378,652	2,746,508				
British North America		1,110,692	1,090,334	Other Descriptions—To Russia		792,945	1,017,891				
				Germany		734,046	1,164,210				
				Holland		372,125	448,288				
				Belgium		255,895	406,194				
				France		571,001	476,660				
				Spain and Canaries		177,336	149,498				
				Egypt		150,916	106,170				

Principal Articles.		Principal Articles.		Principal Articles.	
Silk Manufactures—(Con.)—Ribbons of all Kinds—Other Countries		Silk Manufactures—(Con.)—Manufac. of Silk & other Materials—To United States		Telegraphic Wires and Apparatus—Woolen and Worsted Manufactures—Hosiery of Wool, or of Wool mixed with other Materials	
1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
£	£	£	£	£	£
30,757	29,953	193,022	76,989	379,227	2,007,810
243,530	297,350	110,807	105,326	291,741	266,124
50,584	72,269	328,589	258,606	1,038,529	1,335,061
229,296	192,516	2,032,579	1,730,091	30,223,275	23,633,433
92,010	89,836	89,196	91,281	220,977,356	219,705,830
434,867	374,243	24,923	13,222	*14,468,000	16,220,000
806,757	728,864	93,479	121,968	235,445,356	235,925,830
18,654	40,471	330,243	325,070		
6,105	55,820	690,277	612,943		
Manufactures of Silk and other Materials—To Germany		Stationery other than Paper—To United States		Total of Woolen and Worsted Manufactures	
France		British India		France	
		Egypt		Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	
		Australia		Spain and Canaries	
		Other Countries		Gibraltar	
		Total		Malta	
				Turkey	
				West Coast of Africa	
				British Possessions in South Africa	
				China (includ. Hong Kong)	
				Australia	
				British North America	
				Mexico, South America (except Brazil), & W. Indies	
				Brazil	
				United States	
				Other Countries	
				Total of Gold	

* Estimated.

V.—An Account of the Declared Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Eleven Months ended November 30, 1873, compared with the corresponding period of 1872.

Countries.	GOLD.		SILVER.		TOTAL OF GOLD AND SILVER.	
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Russia	£ 38,300	£ 33,306	£ 16,400	£ 553,150	£ 38,300	£ 49,706
Germany	444,703	115,730	424,726	1,144,823	1,649,665	540,456
Holland	12,629	13,433	11,549	152,950	1,069,642	24,982
Belgium	297,586	101,555	84,464	204,856	531,043	186,619
France	2,093,501	1,333,325	803,777	1,111,688	2,807,278	2,445,013
Portugal, Azores, & Madeira	1,500	1,635,696	5,602	6,102	7,102	6,102
Spain and Canaries	13,918	77,447	6,102	442,700	16,144	84,460
Gibraltar	48,441	57,624	7,013	351,490	92,800	112,714
Malta	85,838	85,420	44,359	55,090	126,896	88,485
Turkey	700	7,568	41,958	3,065	1,140	7,608
Egypt	6,986	1,790,642	440	40	18,371	1,820,024
West Coast of Africa	100,275	68,295	11,385	29,382	107,194	75,118
British Possessions in South Africa	296	19,010	6,919	6,823	1,111	20,772
China (includ. Hong Kong)	5,375,069	8,104,347	821	1,762	61,893	522,855
Australia	35,000	3,497	61,893	461,167	61,893	522,855
British North America	612,478	2,847,465	20,556	25,582	5,395,625	8,129,929
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), & W. Indies	114,368	72,957	28,119	12,810	63,119	16,307
Brazil	8,110,739	3,159,313	2,523,559	2,709,108	3,136,037	5,556,573
United States	141,991	290,646	80,808	60,915	195,176	132,972
Other Countries	174,432	182,094	4,386,852	5,526,888	124,971	8,086,201
Total of Gold	18,209,462	18,801,714	59,909	1,002,902	201,900	1,293,548
Total of Silver	105,737,15	115,401,76	9,733,174	9,391,373	280,180	47,297
Total of Gold and Silver	287,946,338	285,548,888	285,946,338	285,548,888	285,946,338	285,548,888

EXCISE.

QUANTITIES of the several ARTICLES CHARGED with DUTIES of EXCISE, and FREE of DUTY; the QUANTITIES EXPORTED; and the QUANTITIES RETAINED for HOME CONSUMPTION in the UNITED KINGDOM, in the THREE QUARTERS ended 30th SEPTEMBER, 1873, compared with the corresponding periods of the Years 1871 and 1872.

ARTICLES.	CHARGED with DUTY and FREE of DUTY.			EXPORTED to FOREIGN COUNTRIES upon which DRAWBACK has been Paid, and FREE of DUTY.			RETAINED for all PURPOSES of HOME CONSUMPTION.		
	1871.	1872.	1873.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1871.	1872.	1873.
ENGLAND AND WALES.									
CHICORY.....cwt	9,341	6,925	6,853	...	...	...	9,341	6,925	6,583
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	27,981,571	33,020,806	32,974,933	332,628	241,968	353,119	} 26,854,444	} 31,903,493	} 31,624,907
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	794,499	875,345	996,907			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	324,474	304,071	351,191	65,182	35,707	25,273				259,292	268,364	325,918
— for feeding cattle.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	28,306,045	33,324,877	33,326,124	1,192,309	1,153,020	1,375,299	27,113,736	32,171,857	31,950,825
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	7,167,481	8,157,999	9,042,298	169,987	184,656	186,354	} 6,997,494	} 7,973,343	} 8,855,944
Free of Duty for exportation.....	407,406	323,086	442,258	407,406	323,086	442,258			
TOTAL	7,574,887	8,481,085	9,484,556	577,393	507,742	628,612			
SUGAR (Home Made) .....cwt	14,104	35,735	54,977	...	...	...	14,104	35,735	54,977
Used in Brewing.....	184,755	177,481	393,278	...	...	...	184,755	177,481	393,278
— Distilling.....	1,165	...	...	...	...	...	1,165	...	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	64,918	64,371	78,163	...	...	...	64,918	64,371	78,163
SCOTLAND.									
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	1,746,736	1,993,495	2,106,433	66,003	40,502	5,403	} 1,524,539	} 1,772,794	} 1,911,238
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	156,194	180,199	189,792			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	2,453,187	2,974,989	3,021,128	...	656	...				2,453,187	2,974,333	3,021,128
TOTAL	4,199,923	4,968,484	5,127,561	222,197	221,357	195,195	3,977,726	4,747,127	4,932,366
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	5,516,562	6,250,477	6,352,321	203,600	217,028	100,469	} 5,312,962	} 6,035,449	} 6,251,852
Free of Duty for exportation.....	566,509	748,373	1,036,458	566,509	748,373	1,036,458			
TOTAL	6,083,071	6,998,850	7,388,779	770,109	965,401	1,136,927			
SUGAR, used in Brewing.....cwt	3,502	2,787	4,101	...	...	...	3,502	2,787	4,101
— Distilling.....	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	89,123	103,160	92,959	...	...	...	89,123	103,160	92,959
IRELAND.									
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	1,718,562	1,924,332	1,957,730	...	...	...	} 1,686,135	} 1,878,525	} 1,905,488
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	32,427	45,807	52,242			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	764,496	1,032,234	1,089,487			
TOTAL	2,483,058	2,956,566	3,047,217	32,427	45,807	52,242	2,450,631	2,910,759	2,994,975
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	4,777,319	5,157,867	5,456,525	14,626	98	844	} 4,762,693	} 5,157,709	} 5,455,681
Free of Duty for exportation.....	98,400	134,146	204,243	98,400	134,146	204,243			
TOTAL	4,875,719	5,291,953	5,660,768	113,026	134,244	205,087			
SUGAR, used in Brewing.....cwt	18,539	17,355	27,369	...	...	...	18,539	17,355	27,369
UNITED KINGDOM.									
CHICORY.....cwt	9,341	6,925	6,853	...	...	...	9,341	6,925	6,853
MALT—Charged with Duty .....bushels	31,446,869	36,938,639	37,039,096	398,631	282,476	358,522	} 30,065,118	} 35,554,812	} 35,441,633
Do. used in Beer exported (estimated)...	...	...	...	983,120	1,101,351	1,238,941			
Free of Duty for distillation and exportation	3,542,157	4,311,294	4,461,806	65,182	36,363	25,273				3,476,975	4,274,931	4,436,533
— for feeding cattle.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	34,989,026	41,249,927	41,500,902	1,446,933	1,420,184	1,622,736	33,542,093	39,829,743	39,878,166
SPIRITS—Charged with Duty.....gallons	17,461,362	19,566,283	20,851,144	388,213	401,782	287,667	} 17,073,149	} 19,164,501	} 20,563,477
Free of Duty for exportation.....	1,072,315	1,205,605	1,682,959	1,072,315	1,205,605	1,682,959			
TOTAL	18,533,677	20,771,888	22,534,103	1,460,528	1,607,387	1,970,626			
SUGAR (Home Made) .....cwt	14,104	35,735	54,977	...	...	...	14,104	35,735	54,977
Used in Brewing.....	206,616	197,623	424,748	...	...	...	206,616	197,623	424,748
— Distilling.....	1,165	4	...	...	...	...	1,165	4	...
Molasses used in Distilling.....	154,041	167,531	171,122	...	...	...	154,041	167,531	171,122

CIRCULATION OF BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(From the LONDON GAZETTE.)

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS.

BANK.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
Ashford Bank	9861	10733	10401	10655	10118
Aylesbury Old Bank	21165	20521	19884	20205	20251
Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	19008	18230	17671	15379	15044
Barnstable Bank	3507	3455	3409	3363	3175
Bedford Bank	31747	30974	30182	30019	29211
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank	14990	15075	15110	15048	14657
Boston Bank (Clayton and Co.)	74557	73691	70543	73320	72295
Boston Bank (Gee and Co.)	14878	14229	15270	14655	14737
Bridgewater Bank	6139	5994	5918	5626	5628
Bristol Bank	19800	19181	18471	18557	17312
Broseley and Bridgnorth Bank	15610	15447	15393	14781	14981
Buckingham Bank	19540	20282	19211	19389	15692
Bury and Suffolk Bank	50826	50010	42336	38547	38231
Banbury Bank	23473	23497	22845	23240	23390
Banbury Old Bank	15143	19207	18852	18508	18310
Bedfordshire Lightfoot Buzzard Bank	33221	32670	32691	32880	32583
Brecon Old Bank	53086	54369	57972	58651	57259
Brighton Bank	19040	19300	18714	18358	17668
Burlington and Driffield Bank	12508	12401	12484	12750	12905
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	1306	1806	2365	1968	2044
Cambridge Bank	13085	12178	11998	11332	11621
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	48280	46839	46510	46116	41590
Canterbury Bank	22941	23375	23107	22959	23512
Colchester Bank	12331	12364	12606	12575	12735
Colchester and Essex Bank	28429	27895	27094	26729	26730
Cornish Bank, Truro	33192	34323	32830	32142	32788
City Bank, Exeter	11235	10799	11017	9940	9877
Craven Bank, Settle	76918	75790	75659	73654	74650
Derby Bank (W. and S. Evans and Co.)	11084	10643	8941	10381	11764
Derby Bank (Samuel Smith and Co.)	38178	36997	37188	39060	39070
Derby Old Bank	25635	27770	27700	27263	25334
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	5040	5028	4980	4466	4663
Darlington Bank	85196	80057	85033	85800	85120
Devonport Bank	5794	5720	5431	5014	5058
Dorchester Old Bank	38238	37885	38410	37410	34952
East Cornwall Bank, Liskeard	92292	93240	92438	90407	86466
East Riding Bank, Beverley	50629	51948	52595	54122	53479
Essex and Bishop's Stortford Bank	37200	37925	36368	35253	33644
Exeter Bank	17703	18672	18640	17590	16631
Farnham Bank	7050	6549	6144	6130	5745
Faversham Bank	5965	6065	5715	5200	5644
Goisham Bank	4930	5161	5102	4970	4873
Guildford Bank	10378	10330	10276	10198	10592
Grantham Bank	23176	22406	22322	22131	22207
Hull and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	19219	20181	19772	19923	19437
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	30915	30150	28810	29181	29401
Hartford Bank	4514	4111	3763	3720	3889
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	28769	29075	28572	28223	28244
Ipswich Bank	15507	15326	14836	14695	14320
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank	40138	47757	46834	46426	46010
Kentish Bank	18425	18944	17795	18111	17678
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	23790	24390	24092	24214	24550
Knaresborough Old Bank	21041	21753	21365	21390	21645
Kent Bank	44753	44151	44182	42785	43158
Leeds Bank	123957	125439	126394	128390	133259
Leeds Union Bank	36175	37439	35894	36668	36725
Leicester Bank	27714	26521	24075	24789	24669
Lewes Old Bank	26507	26955	26548	26546	26154
Lindon Bank	80153	91356	92397	93565	93921
Llandoverly and Llandilo Bank	32239	32184	32419	32853	32276
Loughborough Bank	6510	6405	7100	7297	7392
Lymington Bank	2465	2640	2408	2472	2422
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	34042	32505	31759	31023	31271
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	11970	11889	11982	10835	11000
Macclesfield Bank	9670	9490	9649	9846	9740
Miners' Bank	18300	19003	18392	16814	16734
Monmouth Old Bank	3508	3491	3525	3540	3673
Newark Bank	22966	24329	24324	24875	24851
Newark and Sleaford Bank	50627	52905	47657	47773	47280
Newbury Bank	12088	11643	11292	11263	11255
Newmarket Bank	10505	10855	10416	10697	10129
Norwich and Norfolk Bank	91365	90228	89323	88641	81641
Naval Bank, Plymouth	21062	21089	20200	20017	19687
New Sarum Bank	4470	4246	4067	3830	3692
Nottingham Bank	30687	31690	30705	29867	29230
Oswestry Bank	6849	6878	6425	6727	6610
Oxford Old Bank	30175	29105	29245	28857	28547
Old Bank, Tisbury	11393	11450	11049	11109	10835
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	6490	6621	6310	6397	6011
Pease's Old Bank, Hull	47102	48850	49357	48885	47909
Penzance Bank	9615	10002	9849	9361	9134
Reading Bank (Simonds and Co.)	19875	19292	18702	19139	18735
Reading Bank (Stephens, Blandy, & Co.)	25505	25199	24333	23620	23101
Roydon Bank	6603	7264	6912	6539	6366
Rye Bank	9069	9019	8276	8365	8342
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	7810	9297	8949	8150	8143
Salop Bank	10898	20100	20396	20664	21053
Scarborough Old Bank	4966	5104	4985	4942	4644
Shrewsbury Old Bank	24711	24647	24678	24767	24426
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	23651	24281	24227	24445	22972
Southampton Town and County Bank	2578	2128	1745	1877	1550
Southwell Bank	8092	7675	7859	7627	7054
Stamford and Rutland Bank	11602	10855	10685	10832	11048
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	14889	14700	15845	15025	14204
Tavistock Bank	21064	21225	21598	21000	20580
Thornbury Bank	9129	9318	9671	8821	8014
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	7032	6278	6339	5945	5588
Thrapston and Kettering Bank	7656	7445	7354	6952	6469
Tring and Chesham Bank	11375	10752	11645	11328	11547
Towcester Old Bank	11169	11445	12005	11565	11235
Union Bank, Cornwall	5645	5559	4862	4570	4554
Uxbridge Old Bank	10131	11398	11763	11293	10708
Wallingford Bank	5333	5414	5168	4619	4700
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	4409	4482	4477	4384	4401
Wellington Somerset Bank	22302	22881	23734	23165	23390
West Riding Bank	3905	4228	4129	3429	3185
Whitby Old Bank	41731	45367	45998	46488	46651
Wincchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	13925	13774	14188	14480	14406
Weymouth Old Bank	9472	9689	9255	8711	8871
Wirksworth and Derbyshire Bank	11420	11265	10499	9990	9699
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	34056	33195	34751	36725	36935
Wiveliscombe Bank	45900	46927	45204	42673	42214
Worcester Old Bank	2642	2621	2648	2479	2437
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	53416	52910	49634	46689	45225
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank	37573	36280	39056	35165	34518

ENGLISH PRIVATE BANKS—(Continued.)

BANK.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	40661	40419	41270	41153	42858
York Bank	2818078	2817090	2778839	2746709	2721335

NOTE.—The Merionethshire and Taunton Banks are now withdrawn from the GAZETTE list.
* In these cases, the figures not having been published, we have inserted the average of the approximate weeks.

ENGLISH JOINT STOCK BANKS.

BANK OR BANKING COMPANY.	AVERAGE CIRCULATION.				
	Week Ending				
	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
Bank of Westmorland	11673	11545	11647	11361	11239
Barnsley	8699	9270	9602	9544	9372
Bradford	47180	48850	49240	51905	46796
Bank of Whitehaven, Limited	32874	33452	32310	30175	28966
Bradford Commercial	19858	19691	19613	19850	20130
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourne Union	47319	47107	46161	44850	44570
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire	10500	10550	10415	10277	10265
Cumberland Union	84711	86350	84103	82533	82256
Coventry and Warwickshire	18845	18167	16727	17743	16148
Coventry Union	15192	16064	16329	14400	16170
County of Gloucester	98471	98031	95315	92010	89764
Carlisle and Cumberland	23282	24892	26570	26053	24598
Carlisle City and District	20006	19790	19060	19419	20087
*County of Stafford	8296	9009	9141	9032	8660
Dudley and West Bromwich	35453	35272	35813	36196	35629
Derby and Derbyshire	19201	20322	19875	19145	19798
Darlington District Joint Stock	23430	23696	28291	25759	24615
Gloucestershire	140035	140331	140394	139846	136695
Halifax Joint Stock	17823	17783	17776	17758	17740
Huddersfield	33014	32903	32939	32910	33974
Hull	23414	28910	28902	29506	28689
Halifax Commercial	13071	13404	13563	13580	13055
Halifax and Huddersfield Union	39980	39973	40728	40325	40084
Helston	1493	1476	1528	1506	1485
Knaresborough and Claro	28085	28608	27502	27452	28008
Lancaster	62449	63121	63039	61977	61257
Leicestershire	65181	62829	61883	63689	64446
Lincoln and Lindsey	45574	46880	50185	52885	52541
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire	11737	13021	12238	12556	11405
Leam and Tenbury	8304	8461	8210	8020	7669
Moore & Robinson's Nottinghamshire, L.	34984	34103	31938	30016	29321
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	28126	27685	27466	26900	27368
North Wilts	36244	35963	35994	35545	34665
Northamptonshire Union Bank	67473	66250	64899	63705	61670
Northamptonshire	21040	20792	21431	20270	19803
North and South Wales	60999	62830	64602	63307	63000
Parva Leicestershire	53110	54901	53649	51384	51617
Sheffield	34859	35684	35666	34411	34638
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston	41548	44898	51625	45625	54850
Stuckey's Bristol and Somersetshire	32684	329480	320728	31319	306355
Shropshire	43434	44685	43447	42020	42353
Stourbridge and Kidderminster	50662	53628	48246	45122	46019
Sheffield and					

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

The following is an account showing the quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the quantities of British and foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, exported from the United Kingdom in the week ended December 6, 1873:—

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM UNITED KINGDOM		
	England	Scotland	Ireland	The United Kingdom	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Ex-ported.
	cwts	cwts	cwts	cwts	cwts	cwts	cwts
Wheat	780,373	130,439	409,803	1,320,614	22,126	18,337	40,463
Barley	114,275	12,278	...	126,553	1,303	...	1,303
Oats	215,055	...	...	215,055	65	414	479
Rye .....	...	...	...	...	482	...	482
Peas	28,731	13,424	...	42,155	318	3	321
Beans	44,872	25,362	...	70,234	...	...	...
Indian corn	161,678	...	163,408	325,086	...	40	40
Buckwheat	1,424	...	...	1,424	...	...	...
Beer or bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of corn, ex-clusive of malt...	1,346,406	190,502	573,211	2,110,121	24,294	18,794	43,088
Wheatmeal or flour...	103,394	17,509	6,750	127,653	673	1,092	1,765
Barley meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat meal	42	4	...	46	92	...	92
Rye meal	10	...	...	10	...	...	...
Pea meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian corn meal	210	...	...	210	...	...	...
Buckwheat meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of meal	103,656	17,513	6,750	127,919	765	1,092	1,857
Total of corn & meal exclusive of malt	1,450,064	208,015	579,961	2,238,040	25,059	19,886	44,945
Malt, entered by the quarter	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs	qrs
...	...	...	...	...	480	...	480

and withdrawal of savings, there were in the 11 months ended the 31st of July last only 2,148 offences and outrages specially reported, as compared with 2,422 in the 11 months ended the 31st of July, 1872—the pressure had, in other words, been attended with a diminution of crime. In reference to crime in counties and districts, it is stated that the great problem indicated by the Irish statistics in 1872 is how to deal with town crime to guard against such dangerous developments as were exhibited at the recent fire in Dublin. The population in Ireland in 1871 was 5,402,759; the offences disposed of summarily last year 211,470, being a proportion of 391.4 in each 10,000 of the population. The excess of town crime is a feature in the present tables. There were two persons sentenced to death in Ireland last year, neither of whom were executed. Of 29,121 of both sexes in prison last year in Ireland 12,700 could neither read nor write. Last year in Ireland the total cost of repression of crime was 1,336,388*l.*, of which 929,705*l.* was for police, 334,246*l.* for persons in confinement, and 72,437*l.* for prosecutions.

The American Iron and Steel Association held their annual meeting in Philadelphia on the 20th of November, and, from their report, it appears that the following was the production of various classes of iron and steel in the United States for 1872 and 1873, the latter being partially estimated:—

	1872.	1873.
	tons.	tons.
Pig iron	2,830,070	2,635,434
Iron and steel rails	941,909	850,000
Other rolled and hammered	1,000,000	980,000
Forges and bloomeries	58,000	50,000
Cast steel	32,000	28,000
Bessemer steel	110,500	140,000

The estimate is made of the mileage of new railway track for 1873 at only 3,000 miles, a decrease of 50 per cent. compared with last year. The culmination of railroad construction in this country was in 1871, when the number of miles built was 7,779. The reaction began in 1872, when 6,427 miles were built. For 1874 the new mileage is estimated at 3,000, the same as for 1873. In the course of the meeting the Hon. D. J. Morrell, M.C., the President of the Cambria Ironworks at Johns town, Pennsylvania, said that the American supply of steel rails was now equal to the demand. Among the resolutions adopted was one attributing the prosperity of the American iron trade to the protective tariff. Another referred to the growth of iron shipbuilding, as demonstrating the beneficent influences of the American registry laws, and also opposed free trade in ships.

In the annual report of the United States Bureau of Education, a comparatively new branch of the National Government, the Commissioner (General Eaton) shows that according to the Census returns of 1870, over 17 per cent. of the adult males of the country were illiterate, and over 23 per cent. of the adult females. Of the younger population, 10 to 21 years old, 20 per cent. were illiterate; 20.45 per cent. of the males, 19.65 per cent. of the females. Of the whole population, 10 years old and upwards, 20 per cent. were illiterate; 10.26 per cent. of the males, 21.87 per cent. of the females. The returns do not state the number under 10 years old who cannot read or write, but the Commissioner of Education is of opinion that out of the 38,558,371, the population of the United States of all ages, 12,135,799, or 31.47 per cent., must be excluded from any estimate which would ascertain the number who were able, through reading and writing, to exchange information with others for the guidance of their conduct. This lamentable state of things, the Commissioner thinks, is due in a great measure to the selfishness of those who have the power to increase the facilities for the education of the masses. He gives an account of the public school expenditure in the several States and Territories, and mentions Delaware as the only State in the Union without any provision for State supervision of education. In the old slave States the coloured population could not fail to be illiterate, and a lack of means is an obstacle universally encountered by the friends of education in the South. Some of the most successful enterprises there, like that at Wilmington, and the various institutions aided by the American Missionary Association, and other benevolent organisations, are due to outside, Northern liberality. Among the effective co-operative instrumentalities is the Peabody fund. Alaska is mentioned as lying entirely outside of all organised efforts for education. The Commissioner recommends that the whole or a portion of the net proceeds arising from the sale of public lands shall be set aside as a special fund, and its interest be divided annually, *pro rata*, between the people of the several States and Territories under such provisions, in regard to the amount, allotment, expenditure, and supervision, as Congress, in its wisdom, may deem fit and proper.

The report of the Bureau of Statistics at Washington states that the total number of immigrants who arrived at the ports of the United States during the year ended June 30, 1873, was 459,863, of whom 275,792 were males and 184,011 females. Died on the voyage, 567. Immigrants under 15 years of age, 104,672; 15 and under 40 years of age, 288,272; 40 years of age and upwards, 66,859. Of the total number arriving during the year 307,334 landed at New York, 58,917 at Huron (Michigan), 31,676 at Boston, 20,917 at San Francisco, 17,897 at Baltimore, 6,304 at New Orleans, and 4,524 at Portland. Nationalities—From England, 74,801; Ireland, 77,344; Scotland, 13,841; Wales, 840; Jersey Island, 13; Isle of Man, 4—total from the British Isles, 166,743. From Germany, 149,671; Austria, 5,765; Sweden, 14,303; Norway, 16,247; Denmark, 4,931; Netherlands, 3,811; Belgium, 1,176; Switzerland, 3,107; France, 17,798; Spain, 541; Greece, 8,715; Hungary, 1,347; Russia, 1,560; Poland, 3,338; China, 20,292; Canada, 31,711; Nova Scotia, 3,919; Azores, 1,161; Australia, 1,130; balance scattering. Occupations—Professional, 2,986; skilled, 48,792; miscellaneous, 168,718; not specified, 4,868; without occupation, chiefly women and children, 234,943.

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COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Mr J. R. Scott, the Registrar of the London coal market, has published the following statistics of imports and exports of coal into and from the port and district of London, by sea, railway, and canal, during November, 1873:—

IMPORTS.			
By SEA.		By RAILWAY AND CANAL.	
Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.
Total	459	237,484	461,946
Imports during Nov. '72	447	228,413	409,021
Imports during Nov., 1872			
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.			
By SEA.—Jan. 1 to Nov. 30, 1873		Ships. Tons.	
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30, 1872		4,864	2,410,636
		4,480	2,315,945
Increase in the present year		384	94,791
By RAILWAY AND CANAL.—Jan. 1 to Nov. 30, 1873		Tons. Cwts.	
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30, 1872		4,692,454	0
		4,591,734	0
Increase in the present year		100,720	0

EXPORTS.
Export list, showing the distribution of coal imported into the port or district of London during November, 1873:—

Railway-borne coal passing "in transit" through district	Tons.
Sea-borne coal exported	70,372
Railway-borne coal exported	60,534
	28,271

Total quantity of coal conveyed beyond limits of coal duty district during Nov., 1873

Ditto, during Nov., 1872	159,177
	120,980

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.

Total distribution of coal from Jan. 1 to Nov. 30, 1873	1,581,912
1872	1,495,013
Increase in the present year	86,899

GENERAL STATEMENT, 1872 and 1873.
Increase in coals imported by sea during the present year

Increase in importation by railway	100,720
	195,511
Deduct increase of coal exported	86,899
Total increase in trade within the London district during the present year	108,612

The valuation for county assessments in the year ended Michaelmas, 1872, was 93,785,769*l.*, and the police assessment 63,958,565*l.*. The reason why the police assessment is so much less than the county assessment arises from the circumstance that the Metropolis and several large towns support their own force. Compared with the preceding year, the difference was more than last year by 1,637,323*l.* in county assessment, and 1,265,949*l.* police. Last year the receipts were 2,583,199*l.*, against 2,537,473*l.* in 1871, showing an increase of 45,726*l.*. The expenditure last year was 2,515,579*l.*, and in 1871, 2,544,521*l.*, being a decrease 28,942*l.*. The amount of loans effected upon the security of the rates, and outstanding at Michaelmas, 1872, was 3,361,512*l.*

The criminal statistics of Ireland show that, compared with 1871, the decrease is 111, or 17.6 in malicious offences against property. Malicious offences against property stood at a minimum of 526 in 1867, rose to a maximum of 764 in 1870, but in 1872 fell to 520, or below the minimum reached in 1867, showing a subsidence of this class of offence, in which the Irish statistics are usually more unfavourable than those of England and Wales. There was an increase of 105 in riots and breach of the peace last year compared with the preceding, which arose from the party riots at Belfast. A table shows that the outburst of agrarian crime which occurred in 1869 and 1870 has undergone a remarkable diminution. It is stated that notwithstanding the unfavourable character of the harvest last year, producing pressure on the poor

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