

Jul 28

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
INFORMATION REPORT

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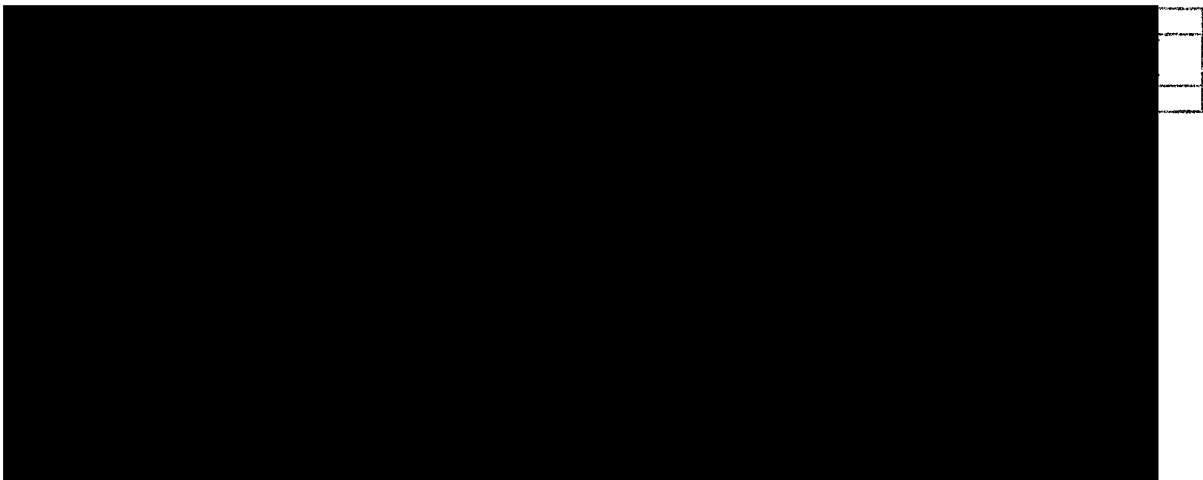
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East China

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NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW)
SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO. 25X1X

CIRCULATE



1. Recently¹ each village in the Wenchou and Linhai (121-07, 28-53) areas was required by the Chinese Communists to conscript from 10 to 20 physically fit young men for service in Korea. In early June, 7,000 of these recruits were receiving military training in the Tientai (121-02, 29-10) area and were soon to be sent to Korea.
2. Chinese Communist authorities in Wenchou were forcing the residents to hold large Resist America and Aid Korea demonstrations three times weekly.
3. Headquarters of the 103 Division was at Wenchou. In early May the 103 Division was reorganized from the hsien militia in the Wenchou area and from the Wenchou Garrison Regiment. On 1 June, the 309 Regiment, 103 Division, arrived at Huangtao (121-06, 27-59). The regiment has 15 motor junks, each equipped with 2 light machine guns, 1 bazooka and 11 rifles.
4. All the militia units of the Chekiang 5 and 6 Military District Commands were organized into independent battalions.
5. On 4 June, one battalion of the 130² Division, and 100 militia troops, in 2 motor junks and 10 small, ordinary junks, occupied Chikuanshan (嵛山) Island off the Chekiang coast and took large amounts of rice and firewood there. They immediately started digging in and setting up an anti-tank gun on the top of the mountain. On the same morning, one company of the 35 Army occupied Yanghsu (羊山) Island near Chikuanshan. These troops were equipped with two small artillery pieces and two heavy machine guns. There were 700 Chinese Communist troops on Chikuanshan and Yanghsu Islands, all of whom were new recruits and poorly equipped.
6. On 4 June, a motor vessel of the Nationalist Guerrilla 27 Column engaged an undetermined number of Chinese Communist motor junks in battle in the Chikuanshan area. The Chinese Communist vessels were forced to withdraw. A Nationalist

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- guerrilla battalion commander and 4 guerrillas were killed in the battle.
7. By noon on 7 June, Sanp'an (三盤) and Tungt'ou (洞頭) Islands were captured by 1,000 Chinese Communist troops of the 35 Army who had attacked in 25 motor junks.
 8. The 181 Regiment, 61 Division, was in the Tsakou (121-22, 28-33) area.
 9. A regiment of Chinese Communist troops arrived at Luch'iao (路橋), (approximately 121-23, 28-36).
 10. Troops of the 103 Division, which captured Tungt'ou and Sanp'an Islands on 7 June, left these islands for Muangtao (121-06, 27-59) on 9 June with 100 young Nationalist prisoners.
 11. A battalion of Chinese Communist troops on Tanghsu and Chikuanshan Islands was equipped with four motor junks and approximately ten ordinary junks.
 12. There were approximately 10 Chinese Communist motor junks in each of the following areas: Shiht'ang (121-36, 28-17), Chaitou (蔡頭), K'annan (121-16, 28-06); and Sungmen (121-36, 28-22). All of these ports were closed to fishing boats and commercial traffic. Chinese Communist motor junks and gunboats were in daily practice maneuvers off the coast in the Sungmen and Ch'umea areas.
 13. Headquarters of the Chekiang Military District was at Hangchow with headquarters of the Military District Commands under it as follows: The first at Hangchow, second at Ningpo, third at Chihsing (120-45, 30-46), fourth at Chinhua (119-39, 29-07), fifth at Wenchou, and sixth at Linhai (121-C7, 28-53).
 14. In early June, headquarters of the 61 and 62 Divisions, 21 Army, were at Hangchow.
 15. Headquarters of an artillery regiment of the 35 Army was at Huangyen with battalions in the Haimen (121-25, 28-43)-Linhai area. The regiment had 9 (sic) mountain guns, 2 for regimental headquarters and 2 for each company, 4 mortars and 27x60 mm mortars.
 16. Nationalist troops under WU Shu-lin (吳壽麟), aboard the Nationalist Naval vessel HAI P'ING (海平) attempted to invade Nihsu (甯島) Island on 7 June, but encountered 4 small Chinese Communist Liberation (sic) gunboats near the island and engaged in battle for an hour. A Chinese Communist vessel was sunk, another was captured, 10 Chinese Communist troops were killed and 37 troops of the 8 Company, 3 Battalion, 308 Regiment, 103 Division, were captured. A platoon leader of the same company was among the men killed.
 17. The Nationalist naval vessel YUNG CHIA (永嘉) engaged in battle with the Chinese Communist gunboats off the Sanp'an Islands on 8 June, and a number of Chinese Communist vessels were damaged.
 18. On 8 June, a number of troops of the 104 Division, 35 Army, aboard 3 motor junks and escorted by 2 small gunboats, left Haimen and attempted to land on Kaotao (高島), a small Nationalist-held island, approximately 10 miles east of Shangp'an (121-35, 28-47). The Chinese Communists were forced to withdraw from the island without landing. The same morning another Chinese Communist unit attempted to land on Hsiaokaotao (小高島) approximately 1 mile north of Kaotao, and was forced to withdraw from the island without landing.

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19. On the evening of 11 June, Nationalist warships YUNG CH'UN (永春) and CHENG AN (正安) and the Nationalist gunboat HAI LI (海利) engaged in battle with 2 Chinese Communist converted 200-ton gunboats, and a 1,400-ton armored motor junk in the Huangch'iwan (黄岐湾) area, approximately 10 miles northwest of Matsu Island. The Nationalist warships had pursued the Chinese Communist vessels from the mouth of the Min River. The HAI LI joined the battle in the Huangch'iwan area. The Chinese Communist motor junk was destroyed and the gunboats were damaged. The coastal defense positions of the Chinese Communist Seacoast Defense Battalion (sic) with a total of 7 guns along Huangch'iwan were partially destroyed by the HAI LI when the battalion's guns fired on Nationalist vessels during the battle.
20. HSIA Yun-fei (夏雲飛) was commander of the 103 Division, and also commander of the Chekiang 5 Military District. Regiments of this division were disposed as follows: The 307 Regiment in the P'ingyang (120-33, 27-42) area, the 308 Regiment in the Julian (120-38, 27-49) area, and the 309 Regiment in the Futing (120-13, 27-20)-Hsiap'ua (119-59, 26-53) area.
21. On 1 June, Chinese Communist authorities added 20 additional motor junks to an undetermined number of vessels patrolling the coast in the Sungmen (121-36, 28-32)-Shumen (121-17, 28-15) area.
22. Recently⁷ Ch'engszu (浬東) Military District Command, which includes Ch'engszu and Saddle Islands and neighboring islands, was placed under the South Kiangsu Military District Command. It was formerly under the Chekiang Military District Command. The head of the Ch'engszu Military District Command is HSU Hsiao-ya (徐小玉). Under this command are 11 gunboats which were converted from fishing boats.

25X1A 1. [REDACTED] Comment. Possibly early May.

2. [REDACTED] Comment. Possibly 103 Division.

3. [REDACTED] Comment. Possibly anti-aircraft gun.

4. [REDACTED] Comment. Compare with the version that the Communists were forced to withdraw from Tungt'ou, but captured Saup'an, reported in

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5. [REDACTED] reports elements of 105 Division at Haimen, and 104 Division headquarters at Wenling in late May.

6. [REDACTED]

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7. [REDACTED]

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