## HEADQUARTERS U.S. STRATEGIC BOMBING SURVEY (PACIFIC) APO #234 C/O POSTMASTER. SAN FRANCISCO

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| INTERMOGRATION NO. 3333 (Obtain from Co.)   | PLACE Tokyo DATE 12 Nov 45 Time 1000   |
| Division of Originate   |  |
| Subject: Control of Lumber in Japan   |  |
| Personnel interrogated and background of Mr. Toyo MATSUO - Secretary in Ministry of A Mr. Sake SHIBATA - Forest Engineer in Forest  | ELICATIALE & LOISEAL.  |
| Where interviewed Metju Bldg Rm 361   |  |
| Interrogator Capt. Rosenblatt   |  |
| Interpreter Lt. (jg) Holmes   |  |
| Allied Officers Present Lt. Call  | THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF  |
| A COMPANY AND THE COMPANY AND | If you first and the second of |

Summary: The distribution of Lumber in Japan was controlled since 1941 though the Japan Lumber Co. Ltd., for special lumber and for urban areas and through a single Lumber Company or a federation of Lumber Companies for each prefecture. The Army and Navy received their lumber allotment. directly from the Munitions Ministry. The Army and Navy cutsomarily took 80 % of the planned production.

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# CAPITAL EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION BRANCH UNITED STATES STRATEGIC BOMBING SURVEY

12 November 1945

#### CONTROL OF LUMBER IN JAPAN

#### Personnel Interviewed:

Toyo MATSUO - Secretary in Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. Sake SHIBATA - Forest Engineer in Forestry Bureau.

Interrogator: Capt. Rosenblatt

Interpreter: Lt. (jg) Holmes

Allied Officers Present: Lt. Call

By continual questioning on the actual methods used by contractors, Army and Navy to procure lumber the following answer was obtained.

If contractor is to build a private building, residence, etc., he applies to the Prefectural Lumber office. The Prefectural Office make the allotment and the contractor get the lumber from the local lumber company.

If contractor is to build a factory, the procedures varies, depending on whether the factory is under military supervision or not. If the factory is uder the military, the contractor applies directly to the Munitions Ministry, which directly allocates the Lumber. If the factory is not under the military, the procedure is the same as for other civilian building.

If contractor is to work on direct Army or Navy installations, the Army or Navy brings the lumber to the site.

The flow of distribution differs slightly depending on whether the construction is to take place in a large urban area or in the provinces.

In the first case, the lumber is distributed through the Japan Lumber Company, because there is not easy supply close at hand; in the second case, the local lumber companies, after receiving O.K. from Prefectural Offices, distribute from local supply sources.

There are six district Forest Offices, which allocate and distribute lumber from the State Forests; the mm Imperial Forest Bureau does same for Imperial Forest. Both are for military (direct & indirect) use only.

The lumber law was first enacted in 1942, when special kinds (mine timbers, pulp, etc) were pooled and controlled. In 1943 all lumber pelled and controlled by the ministry.

The Army & Navy custionarily took 80% of planned production as their regular at the beginning of each year them took more at the end of each year, until more than 100% of planned production was going to military use alone. From this supply, themmilitary allotted some for the building of

Control of Lumber in Japan (Cont'd)

factories directly under their supervision.

The following data was submitted in writing in reply to questions submitted 6 New 1945.

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HEADQUARTERS
U.S. STRATEGIC BOMBING SURVEY
(PACIFIC)
APO 234

C/O POSTWASTER, SAN FRANCISCO

INTERROGATION NO. 383

PLACE: TOKYO

DATE: 12 Nov 45

ORDER SEC ARMY

Division of Origin: Capital Equipment and Construction.

Subject: Control of Lumber in Japan.

Personnel interrogated and background of each:

Mr. MATSUO, Toyo - Secretary in Ministry of Agriculture

and Ferestry.

Mr. SHIBATA, Sake - Forest Engineer in Forestry Bureau

Where Interviewed: Meiji Bldg. Rm-361.

Interrogator: Capt. Rosenblatt

Interpreter: Lt. (jg) Holmes

Allied Officers Present: Lt. Call

SUM ARY:

The distribution of Lumber in Japan was controlled since 1941 though the Japan Lumber Co. 1td., for special lumber and for urban areas and through a single Lumber Company or a federation of Lumber Companies for each prefecture. The Army and Navy received their lumber allotment directly from the Munitions Ministry. The Army and Navy customarily took 80% of the planted production.

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