DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

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Japan A-80

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
)
NUMBER 43)

13 September 1949

CIVIL AFFAIRS OPERATIONAL REPORTS

1. This operational directive lists all the recurring civil affairs operational reports required by this and higher headquarters. New reports which may be required by subsequent directives from this headquarters and changes in current requirements will be announced in appropriate changes to this directive.

2. Monthly Civil Affairs Activities Report (Reports Control Symbol MG-4).

a. Each civil affairs regional and district team will submit a civil affairs activities report for each calendar month. This report will be classified "Restricted". It will contain all information available up to and including the last day of the month.

b. Reports will be mailed by the reporting unit, direct to this headquarters, to arrive by the 15th of the following month.

c. This report will be carefully edited, giving special attention to the elimination of inconsequential and irrevelant material. It will present a summary of regional and district trends and matters significant on a regional or district basis. Successive reports will reflect the progress of the team's general mission and will be clear and concise. Since this is an informational report it should not repeat those things well known or covered by previous reports, but should contain only current significant trends and facts. Reports may be long or short depending upon the subject matter available. Recommendations or complaints on important specific problems will not be included, but will be made the subject of special reports. In such cases brief notations will be made in the appropriate annexes. The annexes of these reports will contain pertinent detail concerning indicated topics only when action has been taken thereon or important new information is available. All other annexes will be submitted in narrative form. Unlisted matters should be included in the annex most closely associated with the subject. Each annex will begin on a separate page and will contain in its heading the name of the reporting headquarters and the author. Both sides of the paper will be used in such a manner that the reverse side may be read when the sheet is turned from the bottom.

d. Regional and district team reports will consist of a basic letter report and titled annexes. Ten complete copies of the report, plus fifteen additional copies of Annex D will be submitted to this headquarters.

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(1) Basic letter will be a brief narrative not to exceed one sheet typed on both sides. It will contain brief resumes of activities, observations and trends of special significance only; i.e. those of national or prime regional or district importance which are covered in detail in the annexes.

(2) Annex A, Legal and Government Activities (Reports Control symbol CG8-01), will include important matters relating to:

(a) Japanese government administration, including, but not restricted to:

1. Local Japanese government administration, activities of governors, mayors and local assemblies.

2. Activities of local branches of national government and their relations to local governmental agencies.

3. Matters pertaining to Japanese courts and the administration of justice.

(b) Activities of national, regional or local political parties in prefectures, cities, towns and villages.

(c) Activities of local governmental groups, branches of national political administration headquarters, local youth or other groups, in connection with sponsoring political education.

(d) Instances of non-compliance by judges, procurators and police with code of criminal procedure and other laws.

(e) Instances of violations of the injunctions contained in the purge directives.

(f) Instances of non-compliance by the Japanese government with the requirements of directives of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

(g) Other important political, government or legal matters and comments.

(h) Elections.

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The following information concerning elections withint the Civil Affairs region or district will be submitted to include:

1. Filing and progress of any court action which contests the election or the right of the elected person to hold office.

2. Filing and progress of any court action concerning serous violation of election laws and court actions involving election violations where the elected candidate or an elected public official is directly involved.

3. Additional important information relative to any elections within the regional or district area to include an evaluation of important political trends as indicated by the election results.

4. The above requirements supersede those provisions for the reporting of information on elections in the monthly operational report as required by paragraph 7c Operational Directive 19, this headquarters, 2 April 1949, subject, "Elections and By-Elections", as amended.

(3) Annex B-1, Public Health Activities (Reports Control Symbol QPH-01), will contain when applicable to the following paragraphs, appropriate comments concerning port quarantine activities, chief factors retarding any constructive public health projects, evaluation of effectiveness of Japanese officials in carrying out public health programs, medical school surveys, additional programs undertaken to inform the public of good public health practices, any measure on the part of local Japanese that have proved particularly outstanding in creating a good public health progrem and other public health matters.

(a) Administration of health activities to include prefectural government organization, health center activities and hospitals.

(b) Veterinary affairs.

(c) Dental affairs.

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(d) Nursing affairs.

(e) Medical supply situation, including production, storage and distribution, where applicable.

(f) Preventive medicine activities, such as status of immunization programs, serious epidemics and effectiveness of control measures.

(g) Sanitary engineering activities, including water supply, sewage, garbage disposal and insect and rodent control.

(h) Laboratory activities, medical, dental and veterinary.

(i) Nutritional activities, such as nutritional levels in both city and rural areas and surveys.

(4) Annex B-2, Public Welfare Activities (Reports Control Symbol QPH-01), will be prepared as outlined in inclosure 1 to Operational Directive 6, this headquarters, 24 January 1949, subject: "Public Welfare".

(5) Annex D, Economics Summary (Reports Control Symbol MG 11 (R3)) will contain information listed under the following subject headings, as appropriate, to include only subjects on which specific surveillance action as required by appropriate directives has been taken. Negative reports will not be made. Reports will concisely summarize the subjects to include:

(a) Field trips, including prefecture(s), action taken, and time spent.

(b) Gist and highlights of important conferences.

(c) Observations, impressions and conclusions, with particular emphasis on trends and problems which indicate unsatisfactory progress in accomplishing Occupation objectives or specific non-compliance with directives of Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

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Agriculture
- Fertilizer Requirements
- Agricultural Reform
  - Land Reform
  - Cooperatives
- Extension Reorganization
- Staple Food Crop Collection

Fisheries
- Supplies
- Cooperatives

Forestry Conservation Program

Mining and Geology
- Mine Safety Program
- Mine Rehabilitation
- Production of Precious Metals

Price and Distribution
- Economics Investigation Board
- Restaurant Control
- Incentive Goods and Fertilizer Distribution
- Measures to Strengthen Staple Food Rations
- Perishable Food

Industry
- Production
  - Stimulation (Coal and Other Industry)
  - Use of Imported Materials
- Restricted Industry
  - Reparations
  - Explosives
  - Fertilizer
  - Petroleum Storage
  - Shipbuilding
- Construction
  - Building
  - Roads
  - Public Works
  - Electric Power

Control Associations

Customs, Immigration and Quarantine

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Labor
Labor Standards
Workmen's Compensation Insurance
Women's and Minor's Bureau
Employment to Unemployment
Labor Relations
Labor Education

(6) Annex K-1, Civil Education Activities (Reports Control Symbol MG 12) will contain pertinent factual information, on a region-wide basis, concerning work accomplished and the degree of success or failure in the activities listed below:

(a) School Education

1. Boards of Education, superintendents, and secretariats.

2. School reorganization, especially with reference to such matters in secondary schools as consolidations, districting, and scheduling.

3. In-service teacher training.

4. Teacher training institutions and other institutions of higher learning.

5. Private schools.

6. Adult education.

(b) Social education

1. Youth Affairs--Seinen-dan, Scouts, Clubs, Student Organizations, and other Youth Organizations.

2. Parent-Teacher Association.

3. Women's Affairs.

4. Teachers' Unions.

5. Other adult groups.

(c) Other important civil education matters.

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Operational Directive No. 43, Hq Eighth Army, 13 September 1949, Cont'd

(7) Annex E-2, Civil Information Activities (Reports Control Symbol QCIE-02) will contain in narrative form pertinent factual information concerning work accomplished and degree of success or failure in civil information activities. The headings listed below will be used as a guide in reporting, but information will not be limited to these headings. It is not contemplated that each report will include comments under all headings listed; the number of headings actually used will depend upon the information available. Trends, new techniques or those used successfully, problems solved, deterrents to accomplishing specific projects are of real interest, whereas isolated, unexplained statistical data are undesirable. Headings are:

(a) Priority programs (comment on each one)

(b) Operations of prefectural information sections (Other than program activities)

(c) Successful techniques

(d) Visual program

(e) Organizations utilized as media

(f) Media development

(g) Anti-totalitarian activities

(h) Problems and lessons learned

(i) Recommendations

(8) Annex F

(a) Annex F, Surveillance of Japanese Tax Administration, Reports Control Symbol MG-13, (reference Operational Directive 48, 48/1, 48/2 for 1948, this headquarters, subject: 'Surveillance of Japanese Tax Administration') will be submitted in narrative form by each civil affairs team and will contain the following information:

1. Major problems of tax administration.

2. Type and extent of operational assistance given

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local tax offices and/or regional financial bureaus by civil affairs teams, including a summary of visits made, suggestions made to tax office chiefs and other assistance given to tax officials.

3. Special Activities Reports will include:

a. Q-2, "Unit Occupational History Report", to include pertinent information of unit historical significance as outlined in paragraph 4a, Section II, Circular 64, 30 September 1948, subject: "Unit Occupational History Reports". All matters of an operational nature should be included in the monthly military government activities report (Reports Control Symbol MG-4).

b. MG-09, ""eekly Quarantine Report (Airport)", and MG-10, "Weekly Quarantine Report (Seaport)", submitted each Thursday in accordance with Operational Directive 32, this headquarters, 10 April 1947, subject: "Control of Entry and Exit of Individuals Into and From Japan".

4. Rescission: Operational Directive 53, this headquarters, 8 October 1948, subject: "Military Government Operational Reports", Operational Directive 53/1, 2 March 1949, and Operational Directive 53/2, 20 May 1949.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

WILLIAM F. DEAN
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Stebbins
/t/ STEBBINS
G-4

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30 copies to GAff Sect, Hq 8th Army

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Japan A-8

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AG 000.8 - BA

9 September 1949

SUBJECT: Permits for Use of School Facilities

TO : See Distribution

1. "Standards of Issuing Permission for Temporary Use of School Facilities," prepared by the Osaka City Board of Education, are forwarded for consideration by American and Japanese educators. Regulations are for short-time use of space not immediately needed for school purposes and for periods when school is not in session.

2. Similar regulations might be worked out by each board of education and publicized so community members know when and how authorization may be obtained and for what legitimate purposes. Responsibility for such authorization should be specifically named.

3. These suggestions are not directive, but are intended for consideration and possible adaptation by prefectural and local boards.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
Standards for use of school facilities
(one copy)

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

JPPM

Standards of Issuing Permission for Temporary Use of School Facilities

Osaka City Board of Education

The principal who issues permission for temporary use (not longer than one day) of school facilities must comply with the following provisions:

A. The permission will be issued in the following cases:

1. The purpose of using school facilities is authorized within the framework of relevant laws and ordinances.

2. Permission is applied for holding functions sponsored or supported by governmental and public offices or organizations of similar public nature.

3. Permission is applied for holding functions sponsored by Parent-Teachers Associations or Alumni Associations.

4. Permission is applied for holding functions conformable to those provided for in Article 5, Social Education Law.

5. Permission is applied for holding meetings attended exclusively by members of cooperatives, trade associations, labor unions, or other organizations and intended for dealing with proper business of the sponsoring organizations.

B. Of the functions and meetings even if they fall under any of the categories specified in Items 2 to 5, Paragraph A above, the following will be denied the issuance of permission:

1. Functions that are considered to be intended for political purpose of factional nature or for religious propagation.

2. Public performances sponsored by organizations other than Parent-Teachers Associations.

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

9 August 1949

Exceptional Application of Standards of Issuing Permission for Temporary Use of School Facilities

In items 2 to 5, Paragraph A of the instruction dated 5 August 1949 regarding the standards of issuing permission for the temporary use of school facilities, it is stated that no political party is authorized to use school facilities for political purpose. However, as for speech meetings promoted by assemblymen elected through popular vote and intended for making reports on assembly proceedings, the use of school facilities will be authorized, provided that talks are made only by elected assemblymen, not by other speakers.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AG 000.8 - BA

31 August 1949

SUBJECT: School Statistics

TO : See Distribution

1. Reference: Letter, Headquarters I Corps, Military Government Section, dtd 7 August 1948, subject: "Transmittal of Memoranda."

2. Figures are forwarded on educational statistics as of July 1949. Civil Education officers should send corrections to these figures through channels. Continued guidance to schools and to research sections of the Secretariat should help improve pupil-accounting and teacher-accounting procedures, and provide a basis for improved budgetary methods with precise cost per pupil at each school level being the basis for cost estimates and cost accounting.

3. The vast disproportion of schools in their own buildings between upper-and lower-secondary schools indicates the need of continued cooperation among the Japanese and their cooperation with Civil Affairs to improve the lower-secondary school and to secure more adequate buildings wherever possible. The parallel at other levels would be fullest possible use of primary and upper-secondary buildings and transfer to lower-secondary schools of all available buildings or rooms at the earliest possible date. Waste in building or room use continues to be a major problem as was suggested in the I Corps special study on school reorganization.

4. Most prefectures have many private schools, especially at secondary-grade levels. Considerable attention should be paid to these private schools, to their organization, to their equipment, and to their teaching procedures and results. Guidance to the Governors on private-school and higher-education sections should be frequent so that they may develop a sense of responsibility for these schools. Particular attention should be given to Korean private schools in those prefectures where they exist. Japanese law is clear in its requirement of 9 years of formal education for all children in approved schools. The Japanese are responsible for keeping children in approved schools and for bringing all schools, public or private, up to the standards established by law or by Cabinet Ordinance. The Civil Education officer can do much in developing a desire for accreditation and for living up to the laws by private schools and by the Governor's Education Section.

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5. Most prefectures have moved rapidly in the direction recommended by Hatsugaku 63 and 534 and the new curricula of the lower- and upper-secondary schools. Comprehensive schools have increased in most places over a year ago, with apparent growing understanding of the place the comprehensive school has in the community. Continued guidance on the part of the Civil Education officer and the Secretariat is indicated, with constant surveys of the needs of the children and the communities as a basis for what each school should teach.

6. The development of worthwhile try-out or experimental schools and study groups appears excellent from these statistics and from monthly reports and inspections. Continued attention should be given to these as a valuable part of in-service training. The try-out school may well be the chief contribution of the occupation to democratic education.

7. Statistics on Adult Education Courses in Democracy run through July. They are most satisfying in many prefectures as indicated by the results both in number and in monthly activities reports which show values received by participants. Many prefectures, however, are still at the starting stage of a program that should be continuous over a two-or three-year period. The course was organized and designed to reach 70% of the adult population of prefectures within I Corps. Some prefectures have already discontinued the courses after a single set of lessons. Others are establishing it on a semi-permanent basis with new courses beginning as soon as the old courses stop, the new ones enrolling persons who were not able to enter the previous course or courses. Others are providing continuation lessons for those who have found much value in the first 20 lessons, as well as new courses for those who have not previously participated. The total to date of 2,714,707 is for all attendants and should be divided by 20 to achieve the number who have actually completed all 20 lessons. That figure is too low for a 6-month period in an area comprising more than one-half of the population of Japan.

8. The continuous development of the Adult Education program will be emphasized by all team commanders.

9. Japanese officials and organizations should be urged to increase numbers of courses and frequency of meetings. It has been suggested that this course with slight modification may be used by unions for labor education. It can equally well be adapted to agriculture groups, fishing groups, white collar groups, nationality groups, Eta areas, and any other minority groups with special interests.

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Particular emphasis will be placed upon the enrollment of Koreans in the Adult Education Course in those areas having a large Korean colony.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
School Statistics
(one copy)

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I Corps Z/R
1 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 5013

QUARTERLY SURVEY OF EDUCATION STATISTICS

	1						2						3	
	Sch. Population Public			Sch. Population Private			No. of Teachers & Prins Public			Private			No. of Sch. inc. all Bran.	
	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	U.S.S.
CHUGOKU HIROSHIMA	265,642	115,305	39,204	0	11,402	9,546	7,849	4,000	1,327	0	0	771	664	264
OKAYAMA	209,952	96,105	39,240	1,426	77	5,910	6,229	3,347	2,040	31	8	250	514	252
SHIMANE	120,994	49,127	13,303	0	(191) 0	1,111	4,090	2,506	990	0	0	114	361	255
TOTTORI	77,692	38,873	12,311	0	0	764	3,027	1,758	630	0	0	40	279	101
YAMAGUCHI	301,729	91,235	25,100	0	4,639	3,240	5,937	3,498	1,309	0	190	134	395	251
KINKI MIYAGO	402,840	74,373	61,564	1,942	13,598	9,898	10,744	6,284	2,481	41	472	829	696	356
KYOTO	220,855	95,150	25,090	436	10,386	11,318	6,449	4,702	1,081	28	600	966	754	148
NARA	94,492	45,092	10,882	619	2,710	2,470	2,679	1,648	584	21	138	121	345	152
OSAKA	425,098	157,941	50,709	2,231	33,374	24,234	11,536	5,299	2,534	73	1,560	1,929	494	300
SHIGA	112,064	65,132	13,030	85	321	1,280	3,415	2,025	574	10	45	80	209	79
WAKAYAMA	131,927	65,404	15,523	0	499	567	4,243	2,655	645	0	23	73	437	208
KYUSHU FUKUOKA	460,651	199,617	57,058	8	0	0	12,861	7,245	2,841	0	0	0	577	268
KAGOSHIMA	282,586	132,306	38,782	0	175	1,267	7,556	6,100	2,034	0	63	63	552	293

Encl 1

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QUARTERLY SURVEY OF EDUCATION STATISTICS

	1						2						3	
	Sch. Population Public			Sch. Population Private			No. of Teachers & Prins Public			No. of Teachers & Prins Private			No. of Sch. Inc. all Bran.	
	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	Prim.	L.S.S.
KYUSHU														
KUMAMOTO	256,602	115,935	19,755	0	4,785	3,490	6,875	4,086	931	0	166	201	495	274
MIYAZAKI	153,713	73,216	16,970	0	502	40	4,490	2,532	664	0	31	9	341	171
NAGASAKI	200,637	96,802	17,664	42	5,343	3,208	5,688	3,358	811	7	288	310	478	267
OITA	169,711	80,643	26,284	230	841	1,362	9,161	2,435	137	23	67	126	468	252
SAGA	131,151	60,584	15,471	174	1,006	1,278	3,435	2,185	855	7	47	50	234	136
SHIKOKU														
EHIME	206,254	95,630	19,470	838	4,634	2,016	5,919	3,414	1,143	30	105	57	830	317
KAGAWA	126,019	59,477	20,330	0	2,441	2,370	3,788	2,285	1,121	0	Both	179	255	179
KOCHI	112,712	52,322	13,842	0	2,037	954	3,544	2,088	722	0	"	116	475	231
TOKUSHIMA	123,473	59,315	13,341	0	203	690	3,503	2,123	658	0	"	100	313	1[illegible]
TOKAI-HOKURIKU														
AICHI	537,967	192,026	42,357	0	13,748	15,967	11,456	7,570	2,259	0	763	1,149	661	322
FUKUI	97,225	46,530	10,505	495	831	300	3,193	1,696	509	24	0	91	421	194
GIFU	212,107	101,689	19,923	1,286	846	767	5,857	3,353	1,048	45	17	85	633	279
ISHIKAWA	121,892	55,539	14,728	0	1,303	949	4,307	2,258	710	0	88	88	466	257
MIE	195,481	94,286	23,119	387	721	340	6,400	3,460	1,138	17	177	21	435	177
TOYAMA	167,115	35,393	18,928	0	222	339	3,888	2,240	973	44	16	0	389	127

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

	4		5				
	No. of ISS in Own Bldg. (Independent)	Number of Upper-Secondary Schools	a. General or College Preparatory Only	b. Vocational Course Only	c. Comprehensive (Ea Student having 2 or more choice of Major Subjects)	d. Number Districted	e. No. Co-educ (w/boys & girls in same classes)
CHUGOKU HIROSHIMA	175	77	15	5	57	46	46
[illegible]YAMA	101	83	22	34	27	0	30
SHIMANE	109	42	7	12	9	21	17
TOTTORI	69	30	1	6	9	14	28
YAMAGUCHI	172	60	29	14	17	55	25
KINKI HYOGO	153	122	38	16	68	53	71
KYOTO	79	26	0	0	26	26	26
NARA	27	23	0	0	16	16	17
OSAKA	139	77	3	8	66	77	74
SHIGA	25	16	3	5	8	9	11
WAKAYAMA	91	24	6	1	18	21	22
KYUSHU FUKUOKA	117	121	60	48	13	82	51
KAGOSHIMA	175	74	21	28	32	unknown	76

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	4		5				
	No. of ISS in Own Bldg. (Independent)	Number of Upper-Secondary Schools	a. General or College Preparatory Only	b. Vocational Course Only	c. Comprehensive (Ea Student having 2 or more choice of Major Subjects)	d. Number Districted	e. No. Co-educ (w/boys & girls in same classes)
KYUSHU KUMAMOTO	117	42	15	7	7	22	26
MIYAZAKI	132	14	0	0	13	13	13
NAGASAKI	64	40	19	7	12	4	35
OITA	92	23	7	6	10	10	20
SAGA	43	22	9	9	1	10	13
SHIKOKU EHIME	146	57	35	10	12	0	10
KAGAWA	43	34	7	9	18	26	3
KOCHI	36	26	16	8	2	18	6
TOKUSHIMA	48	21	12	1	8	21	21
TOKAI-HOKURIKU AICHI	286	92	0	10	41	53	45
FUKUI	38	13	2	0	13	12	13
GIFU	112	36	7	5	24	26	27
ISHIKAWA	21	19	17	2	17	37	19
MIE	83	15	0	0	15	15	15
TOYAMA	64	22	0	0	22	22	22

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 5013

	6			7			8			9			10	
	No. of New Univ.	Student	Teachers	No. of Higher Sch.	Student	Teachers	No. of PTA's Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	No. of Student Govt. Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	No. of CPH's Main	Branch
CHUGOKU														
HIROSHIMA	2	1,040	814	16	4,364	712	634	56	54	667	233	77	101	0
OKAYAMA	2	910	399	7	1,933	334	474	241	67	514	237	67	126	0
SHIMANE	1	300	37	5	1,047	196	361	255	28	361	255	28	41	0
TOTTORI	1	320	24	4	944	123	211	100	16	211	100	16	104	149
YAMAGUCHI	1	734	269	2	684	95	395	251	60	395	251	60	43	20
KINKI														
HYOGO	9	5,813	634	17	4,471	153	634	360	118	691	425	85	75	165
KYOTO	14	11,306	800	33	10,697	710	303	124	31				114	0
NARA	3	463	208	1	164	14	311	141	23	311	141	23	85	0
OSAKA	10			27			488	310	157	485	227	160	108	21
SHIGA	10	282	22	0			209	79	16	209	79	16	16	0
WAKAYAMA	3	758	132	1	72	13	357	186	25	357	186	25	101	131
KYUSHU														
FUKUOKA	5	unknown	unknown	2	unknown	unknown	347	156	41	551	250	109	276	0
KAGOSHIMA	2	1,003	64	2	643	32	509	223	81	509	233	81	30	273

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

	6			7			8			9			10	
	No. of New Univ.	Student	Teachers	No. of Higher Sch.	Student	Teachers	No. of PTA's Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	No. of Student Govt. Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.	No. of CPH's Main	Branch
KYUSHU KUMAMOTO	2	1,286	380	0	0	0	118	63	23	495	274	44	168	296
MIYAZAKI	1	464	53	4	824	116	274	124	14	274	124	14	62	394
NAGASAKI	1	900	330	5	848	99	424	264	38	368	264	40	73	61
OITA	1	486	95	1	9	17	82	252	23	unknown	unknown	unknown	66	206
SAGA	1	392	29	3	838	133	175	98	0	177	135	22	112	897
SHIKOKU EHIME	3	1,169	57	1	367	37	435	276	37	445	291	57	105	0
KAGAWA	1	470	3	1	144	22	222	176	26	223	183	53	31	0
KOCHI	2	377	56	4	1,325	68	278	133	18	414	194	33	24	0
TOKUSHIMA	1	1,414	51	0	0	0	290	140	14	150	100	21	57	0
TOKAI- HOKURIKU AICHI	10	3,392	416	0	0		661	322	92	661	322	92	59	7
FUKUI	1	149	unknown	2	764	121	89	26	18	0	149	15	115	3
GIFU	3	773	92	4	2031	151	476	279	36	476	279	36	134	9
ISHIKAWA	1	845	96	0	0	0	370	223	25	370	223	25	125	300
MIE	1	450	155	6	1974	174	433	177	19	433	177	19	72	93
TOYAMA	1	604	86	0	0	0	320	105	26	320	105	26	75	9

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

	11			12	13		
	No. of Try-Out or Experimental Sch			Percentage of Pref. Budget given to Educ as of 1 July 1949	Adult Education Courses		
	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.		Sites	Sessions	Total attendance
CHUGOKU HIROSHIMA	22	21	0	37.7 %	281	2,154	145,371
OKAYAMA	56	55	18	28.1	141		7,283
SHIMANE	22	23	1	29.1	14		79,000
TOTTORI	24	8	13	24.8	19	825	43,877
YAMAGUCHI	5	5	5	37.8	85	556	(64,484)
KINKI HYOGO	17	10	9	41.5	192	1,089	85,847
KYOTO	26	17	6	41.4	312	1,704	263,666
NARA	16	3	2	42.17	200	4,000	(199,700)
OSAKA	50	21	4	42	257	507	278,472
SHIGA	13	1	1	42.8	557	3,124	(201,364)
WAKAYAMA	14	9	3	36.2	186	344	145,207
KYUSHU FUKUOKA	53	27	13	56	110	714	34,942
KAGOSHIMA	2	4	2	51.1	14	14	994

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

	11			12	13		
	No. of Try-Out or Experimental Sch.			Percentage of Pref. Budget given to Educ as of 1 July 1949	Adult Education Courses		
	Prim.	L.S.S.	U.S.S.		Sites	Sessions	Total attendance
KYUSHU KUMAMOTO	7	5	0	43 %	31	91	12,949
MIYAZAKI	10	10	3	35.7	541	981	45,739
NAGASAKI	7	8	0	43.1	95	618	49,081
OITA	3	2	1	35.9	25	212	10,530
SAGA	10	10	1	32.4	65	203	12,217
SHIKOKU EHIME	18	18	2	51	272	908 —	50,615
KAGAWA	1	0	0	38	117	161	13,982
KOCHI	0	0	0	44.1	609	1,148	46,445
TOKUSHIMA	11	9	2	26	25	104	11,395
TOKAI-HOKURIKU AICHI	68	30	1	44.5	210	285 —	373,750
FUKUI	10	9	1	24.1	25	—	(21,537)
GIFU	39	22	9	33.3	248	396 —	102,556
ISHIKAWA	14	13	4	32	251	131	193,576
MIE	2	2	1	40.88	386		(66,248)
TOYAMA	17	11	5	26	508		(153,860)
	Total 997			37.88 %	5,776	20,269	2,714,707

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

H-8

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

000.8 30 August 1949

SUBJECT: Revised Parent-Teachers Association Pamphlet

TO : Chief, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Chief, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Chief, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. Copies of the revised PTA pamphlet in English and Japanese are forwarded for use with Japanese education officials. These materials have been prepared by the Civil Education Officer, Shikoku Civil Affairs Region, and transmitted to this headquarters from I Corps.

2. It is suggested that the pamphlets be used in follow-up training for PTA groups in the attempt to help them understand the techniques of democracy.

3. These materials are not directive but are for your information and possible use.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

Incls: PTA Pamphlets
(1 Eng. & 2 Jap.)

7121 C

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A-8
Make during wk of Sept 11

EXO
EDUCATION

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25, (Osaka, Honshu)

LDL/rtn

000.8 REPORT Due 22 Sept 19 August 1949

SUBJECT: Check on Accuracy of School Statistics

TO : Chief, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Chief, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Chief, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Chief, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. Instances of schools, and possibly school systems, "padding" their enrollment figures apparently in an effort to gain increased apportionment of funds for teachers salaries, school lunch programs, and possibly for other purposes, have been reported to this headquarters. Regardless of the motive or intent, such practices cannot be condoned. Statistics that are inaccurate are without value. Inaccuracies resulting from fraudulent intent degrade statistics to the level of common dishonesty. The most insidious and dangerous enemy of popular government is dishonesty on the part of government officials. At this particular period in the evolution of popular government in Japan it is of the greatest importance that the officials and representatives of publicly supported agencies of the government live up to the highest standards of conduct and efficiency. The public schools, as the established agency of government, publicly supported to provide educational services for all the children of all the people, have inescapable and unparalleled opportunities in the performance of their designated functions. In the long run, public confidence determines public support.

2. It is desired that Civil Education officers give immediate attention to the type and degree of accuracy of statistics supplied to prefectural and national secretariats of education by individual schools and school systems. Perhaps prefectural school officials already have knowledge or indications of "padding" of school statistics by certain of their schools or school systems. As soon as practicable after the schools reopen in September, spot checks should be made by Civil Education officers. Prefectural school officials should be encouraged to make

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

additional spot checks. An actual head count of pupils is the only sure way to determine the accuracy of enrollment and attendance statistics. Results of these on-the-spot investigations will be submitted to this headquarters not later than 24 September, 1949.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL CROCKETT.

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Bpm

A-8

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AG 000.8 - BA

15 August 1949

SUBJECT: Sample Regulations for Prefectural or Local Boards of Education

TO : See Distribution

1. This sample regulation, referred to in Military Government Study #8 on Boards of Education, was prepared by the I Corps Civil Education Division in response to requests from regions and teams. It is intended as a model for revision of by-laws and regulations too hastily passed last November and December.

2. Thirteen sets of by-laws and regulations submitted by prefectural teams and the Board of Education Law are the bases for this model. In addition, elements deemed desirable by this headquarters for smoother operation of local Boards and Secretariats are incorporated.

3. These materials are not directive but are for your use with the Japanese in each prefecture as is deemed advisable.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
Sample By-Laws
(2 copy ea - Jap.
& Eng.)

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea CA Reg & Teams
2 AG Rec Sect, I Corps
2 8th Army

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A-8

C.E. OFFICER

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Civil Affairs Section
APO 343

22 August 1949

FOR CIVIL EDUCATION OFFICER:

Attached for your information is copy of "Ministry of Education Communications", dated 8 August 1949, containing all of the communications issued by the Ministry of Education and the titles of same from December 1948 through July 1949.

Distribution:

CG I & IX Corps
CE Officers all CA Regions
CE Officers all CA Team
CE Officers Hokkaido CA District

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

ARMY C.E. OFFICER

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Civil Affairs Section
APO 343

18 August 1949

FOR CIVIL EDUCATION OFFICER:

Attached is copy of August issue of Tokyo-to Shakai Kyoiku Joho (Tokyo-to Social Education Information).

Following are the titles of the articles covered in this issue:

"Foreword by USAMI, Takeshi, Supt. of Tokyo-to Board of Education.
"Youth Seeks The Way" by Capt Paul T. Dupell.
"Women's Adult Education" by Miss Fern de Vries.
"Youth Activities in Tokyo" by James K. Kobayashi.
"Outline of the Social Education Law" by YAMAMURO, Tomiko.
"Social Education Law and Civil Social Education Organizations" by TODA, Teizo.
"Social Education Law and Board of Education" by NAMIKI, Yoichi.
"Discussion Problems of Social Education Institutions" by NAMIKI, Yoichi, YAMAMURO, Tomiko, and TODA, Teizo.
"Five Obstacles" by KIZAKI, Shigeo.
"Reformation From Your Circumference" by SOKI Hisae.
"Seven Proposals" by MOCHIDA, Jiro.
"Discussion - What Is It That Is Obstructing Social Education?"
"Round Table Conference - The Direction of Women's Education."
"Round Table Conference - How Can We Prevent Juvenile Delinquency."
"Minutes Of the Green Shade Children's Club" Wako Child Culture Assn.
"How To Conduct a Movie Showing and Enjoy the Cool Breeze."

DISTRIBUTION:

CG I & IX Corps
CE Officers All CA Regions
CE Officers All CA Teams
CE Officer Hokkaido CA District

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

~~E.E. OFFICER~~

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS CIVIL INFORMATION OFFICER
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Information and Education Section

PRESS RELEASE:

STRASBOURG MEETING OF COUNCIL OF EUROPE REGARDED AS "ONE OF MOST MOMENTOUS OCCASIONS IN MODERN HISTORY"

WASHINGTON, (USIS)---Commenting on the Council of Europe session in Strasbourg, an editorial in The New York Journal American on August 12, "A United States of Europe," said in part:

Representatives of the 10 nations meeting in historic Strasbourg have held the first session of a "Council of Europe." This may be one of the most momentous occasions in modern history, for this may be the beginning of a United States of Europe.

The records of five centuries show that Europe, subdivided into many countries, has been little better than a cockpit of nationalistic wars which more than once have ensanguined world.

If there had been any confraternity and collaboration among the peoples of Europe, these international wars would probably never have occurred.

If, for example, Europe had been properly federated, Mussolini would not have been permitted to assault Ethiopia; Adolf Hitler's nazi movement would have been merely a local disturbance.....easily repressed; continents would not have been devastated and impoverished by Hitler's war; and the atheistic tyranny of communism would not threaten today to "bestride the world like a colossus."

# # #

MRS. KASENKINA, WHO LEAPED FOR FREEDOM FROM SOVIET CONSULATE A YEAR AGO, HOPES TO BECOME UNITED STATES CITIZEN

WASHINGTON, (USIS)---One year ago Mrs. Oksane Kasenkina, 53-year-old Russian school teacher leaped from the third floor window of the Soviet consulate in New York City trying to escape from returning to Russia against her will.

Mrs. Kasenkina has nearly recovered from her injuries which kept her in a New York hospital for ninety-nine days and near death for a considerable part of that time before making a miraculous recovery.

Recently interviewed at her New York apartment, she said she had almost completely recovered and that she felt wonderful after a whole year of freedom. Her gratification at having escaped the clutches of the Kremlin is tinged with sadness because of the fate she fears has come to her three sisters in Russia as a result of her break with the Soviet authorities.

"I believe my sisters in Russia are dead or have been sent to slave labor concentration camps," she said. "Although I am deeply wounded by this fear, I am glad, not sorry, for what has happened."

Mrs. Kasenkina said that she is studying English and looking forward to becoming a United States citizen. Since she originally entered the United States on a Soviet diplomatic passport and is now a political refugee, a special act of the United States Congress will be required to permit her to become a United States citizen.

During her convalescence, Mrs. Kasenkina has written a book "Leap to Freedom" concerning her life and intimate revelations of high Soviet officials. "The American people must know what communism in practice really means," she said.

MORE

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Information and Education Section

PRESS RELEASE:

RUSSIANS EATING LESS UNDER SOVIETS THAN CZARS

WASHINGTON, (USIS)---"Less than the Czarist Loaf," an editorial in The San Francisco Chronicle on August 3, said in part:

The power of the Soviet Union, as of any nation, large or small, rests ultimately on its ability to feed its people..... Inside the Soviet Union.....the facts about food supply are suppressed with all the ferocity of a totalitarian apparatus.

One of the major economic questions is to find out what the situation is, in order to estimate Soviet power and its prospects of enduring.

Merrill K. Bennett, one of the directors of the Stanford Food Research Institute, has attempted to do this. His conclusions, reached on the basis of a long-range study, boil down to this:

After more than three decades of Soviet management, the Russians are probably not eating as well now as in czarist times. The word "probably" must be used because we really have no close measures of the postwar improvement in food supplies that came with the improved crops of 1947 and 1948.

Prior to 1947 the "dismal picture" is clearer:

In 1909-14 under the czar the consumption of grains was about 570 pounds per capita per year.

In 1922, after the Bolshevik revolution and during the civil war, there came the low consumption point, with famine and deaths from famine of more than 5,000,000.

In the years just before 1928, the Russians ate better than they ever had before under communism; consumption was close to the czarist levels.

In 1928 began the violent and appalling process of farm collectivization which dealt a blow to Russian agricultural achievement from which it has never recovered.

In 1932 came a second famine. By 1939-40, just before World War II, the food situation was, in Bennett's words, "one of less abundance and variety than.....in the three years or so preceding the collectivization drive beginning in 1928."

He summarizes as follows:

"Since even in the relatively favorable pre-collectivization years food was hardly more abundant and varied than it had been in czarist times, it is proper to say that, up to 1941, the experience of socialized control during nearly two and a half decades had resulted in deterioration rather than in improvement of the food supply."

This is the "dismal picture." It is not what the Soviet masters planned nor is it what their propaganda would have the outside world, or their own people, believe. Yet these are the facts, carefully and objectively winnowed from Russian statistics that are distorted and that must be heavily discounted and pieced together as skillfully as possible.....

# # # # #

MORE

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Civil Information and Education Section

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MORE

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A-8 (5) (C) 25 July 49

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

COMPLETED STAFF WORK

1. Completed Staff Work is the study of a problem, and presentation of a solution, by a staff officer, in such form that all that remains to be done on the part of the head of the staff division, or the Chief, is to indicate his approval or disapproval of the completed action.

   The words "Completed Action" are emphasized because the more difficult the problem is, the more the tendency is to present the problem to the Chief or his Executive in piece-meal fashion. It is your duty as a staff officer to work out the details. You would not consult your Chief in the determination of those details, no matter how perplexing they may be. You may and should consult other staff officers. The product, whether it involves the pronouncement of a new policy or affects an established one, should, when presented to the Chief for approval or disapproval, be worked out in finished form.

2. The impulse which often comes to the inexperienced staff officer to ask the Chief what to do, recurs more often when the problem is difficult. It is accompanied by a feeling of mental frustration. It is so easy to ask the Chief what to do, and it appears so easy for him to answer. Resist that impulse! You will succumb to it only if you do not know your job. It is your job to advise your Chief what he ought to do, not to ask him what you ought to do. He needs answers, not questions. Your job is to study, write, restudy and rewrite until you have evolved a single proposed action — the best one of all you have considered. Your Chief merely approves or disapproves.

3. Do not worry your Chief with long explanations and memoranda. Writing a memorandum to your Chief does not constitute completed staff work, but writing a memorandum for your Chief to send to someone else does. Your views should be placed before him in finished form so that he can make them his views simply by singing his name. In most instances, completed staff work results in a single document prepared for the signature of the Chief without accompanying comment. If the proper result is reached, the Chief will usually recognize it at once. If he wants comment or explanation, he will ask for it.

4. The theory of completed staff work does not preclude a "rough draft" but the rough draft must not be a halfbaked idea. It must be complete in every respect except that it lacks the requisite number of copies, is double spaced, and need not be neat. But a rough draft must not be used as an excuse for shifting to the chief the burden

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

COPY

of formulating the action. The word "DRAFT" should be clearly indicated on the correspondence. A recommended way is:

D R A F T

placed in the upper right hand corner of the page.

5. The completed staff work theory may result in more work for the staff officer, but it results in more freedom for the Chief. This is as it should be. Further, it accomplishes two things:

   (a) The Chief is protected from half-baked ideas, voluminous memoranda, and immature oral presentations.

   (b) The staff officer who has a real idea to sell is enabled more readily to find a market.

6. When you have finished your "completed staff work", the final test is this:

   (a) If you were the Chief, would you be willing to sign the paper you have prepared, and stake your professional reputation on its being right?

   (b) If the answer is in the negative, take it back and work it over, because it is not yet "completed staff work."

a. (1) Staff memoranda on any subject contain the following parts:

   (a) Statement of the problem.

   (b) Facts bearing on the problem (include disadvantages as well as advantages, so that the Chief can judge the consequences of his decision).

   (c) Conclusions.

   (d) Recommendations.

   (2) The above parts must be present, no matter how condensed. This does not mean a long memorandum. Note that the Joint Chiefs of Staff required all staff memoranda, including those on the North African and Normandy invasions, to be no more than two typewritten pages in length. Detailed data and statistics have no place in a memorandum. They will be attached as appendixes, and reference made to them in the memorandum.

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b. (1) It is apparent that the effective staff officer may be virtually anonymous insofar as his superiors are concerned. He is, nevertheless, resourceful, imaginative, forceful, and mindful of the policies and preferences of those superiors. He fulfills his obligations on time and if advisable furnishes interim progress reports. He undertakes necessary work before he need be instructed to undertake it. He obtains concurrences of other staff officers concerned without fail. He anticipates his next move, his next job. He is a person with whom others like to to Business. Positive approach; examine all sides of a problem; don't start out with a negative attitude. Keep on schedule; be on time for appointments. "Do it now."

(2) The necessity for simplification as well as completion of staff actions is manifest. Every effort should be exerted to accomplish each action with the simplest means available and appropriate. Informal personal or telephone contacts should be used to the maximum extent. No action should be handled by letter which could be handled by routing slip. Whatever the task, Organize...Deputize...Supervise. Keep a notebook. Report completed actions.

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Hqrs A-80

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

LDL/sy

20 July 1949

SUBJECT: Regional Civil Education Conference

TO: Commanding Officer, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-3
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-4
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. In order that all American personnel engaged in Civil Education activities within Kinki Civil Affairs Region may have an opportunity to become better acquainted, provide assistance in the solution of common problems, and formulate definite goals and objectives toward the accomplishment of which all concerned shall devote their best efforts, it is deemed advisable to hold a Regional Civil Education Conference on Thursday, 28 July 1949, beginning promptly at 0930 hours, Civil Education Office, Headquarters Kinki Civil Affairs Region, Osaka.

2. As indicated in the attached inclosure, PROGRAM, REGIONAL CIVIL EDUCATION CONFERENCE, provision has been made for both serious and recreational endeavors.

3. In order that the necessary arrangements may be made for the luncheon on Thursday noon, 28 July, it is desired that a telephonic report be made to this headquarters not later than Tuesday, 26 July, as to the number of persons who will be in attendance.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

1 Incl:
Conference Program

GEORGE MINGRIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

PROGRAM
REGIONAL CIVIL EDUCATION CONFERENCE

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS RETION

Thursday, 28 July 1949

0930 Hours	Welcome	Colonel Wiley H. O'Mohundro Kinki Civil Affairs Region
1000 Hours	Roundtable Discussion	All Civil Education Personnel
1115 Hours	Summary and Statement ..... of Objectives	Lorenzo D. Langley Regional CE Officer
1200 Hours	Luncheon	New Osaka Hotel
1330 Hours	Tour of Inspection and "Testing" Dai-Nippon Brewery, Osaka City Suburbs.	
1530 Hours	Conference concluded; Tour completed.	

Encl #1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A-8

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

LDL/msy

014

13 July 1949

SUBJECT: Adult Education Kamishibai

To : Commanding Officer, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-3
Commanding Officer, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-4
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. The professional committee which has been working on the Adult Education Kamishibai has completed the first three sets of the series. One thousand (1,000) copies of each of the first three sets have been printed and are available for purchase and distribution by the Prefectural Social Education Sections.

2. The Daiwa Printing Company of Osaka, printers of the Kamishibai series, is supplying them at actual cost. Prices for the first three sets, now available, are as follows:

I.	Mars Invades the Earth	¥225.00
II.	The Divine Stone	¥225.00
III.	The Awakening Village	¥293.00

3. When complete, the Adult Education Kamishibai series will consist of twenty (20) sets. This material has been prepared with great care by professional educators and should prove valuable in group instruction of adults, particularly in farming and fishing villages. Designed for use with groups having the comprehension normally found among fourteen-year-olds, the Kamishibai series should prove useful in Social Studies classes of grade levels 5 to 9, as well as in Adult Education classes. Each set was prepared to illustrate individual lessons -- requiring approximately thirty minutes' presentation time -- in the Adult Education course.

4. According to present plans, the entire series of twenty sets should be completed and ready for distribution by the printer during the month of August. As additional sets become available, Teams will be notified.

5 Ks C

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Ltr, Hq Kinki Civ Affs Region, APO 25, subj: "Adult Education Kamishibai", dtd 13 Jul 49

5. Mr. Shiro Hirayama, a member of the Adult Education Kamishibai Committee, will be given a letter of introduction for use in his contacts with the Civil Education Officers and Social Education Sections of the various prefectures.

6. It is suggested that Social Education Sections give careful consideration to the suitability, availability, and quality of the Kamishibai series when making plans for Adult Education and Social Studies classes.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MIRARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

TO:

Osaka Mint, APO 25

CG Eighth Army, APO 343

CG 25th Division, APO 25

Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25

Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317

Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-4

Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-3

Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25

Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301

R.T.O., APO 25

REMARKS Education FH

Forwarded to Prof Social Sec. G.
18 July 1949 (Mima)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

To Hum
Education A-8

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

12 July 1949

SUBJECT: Appreciation

TO: Commanding Officer
Kyoto Civil Affairs Team
APO 301

1. I wish to express my appreciation for the favorable impression made upon the Commanding General, I Corps, on the occasion of his recent inspection of this Region. The appearance of personnel and activities brought high praise from those in the inspecting party.

2. The cooperative spirit and high standard of performance demonstrated during the orientation of the various section chiefs were particularly outstanding.

3. I wish to acknowledge this splendid example of cooperation and accomplishment of a common mission and to thank those individuals whose hard work made this inspection a success.

/s/ Wiley H. O'Mohundro
/t/ WILEY H. O'MOHUNDRO
Colonel Infantry
Commanding

COPY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

C. Education / Hqrs A-8 D

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

014

11 July 1949

SUBJECT: Welfare for Women Week

TO : Commanding Officer, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: CIVIL EDUCATION OFFICER

1. August 1 - 7 has been designated "Welfare for Women Week". This program, like the two which have preceded it - Minor Workers Week and Women's Week - is being sponsored by the Women's and Minor's Bureau of the Ministry of Labor.

The program of activities should deal with the education of the general public, as well as working women, in the laws and ordinances which set protective standards and which regulate conditions of employment. The Welfare and Education Ministries are issuing information and materials through their channels in support of the program.

2. It is desired the Team section heads of Labor, Welfare, Education and Information meet with the field representative of the Women's and Minor's Bureau to review and strengthen, if necessary, the projected plan of activities.

3. In addition, in view of the need for correlation between the various Japanese government sections concerned, it is desired that each Team section give practical suggestions to its opposite Prefectural section as to means and methods by which it can cooperate with the Bureau program.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Capt CE
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A-8 10pm

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

RSA/rtn

11 July 1949

SUBJECT: Summer CE Activities

TO : Commanding Officer, Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
ATTN: CIVIL EDUCATION OFFICER

1. Reference, Ltr Kinki Mil Govt Region dated 17 May 1947, subject: "A Suggested Standing Operating Procedure for Teachers Conferences".

2. Enclosed is a list of projected conferences for this summer and autumn to be held in the Kinki Region.

3. Eighth Army Priority list states school inspections shall be conducted "during periods when schools are in session". Inasmuch as most schools close between the 10th and 20th of July it may not be possible for the CE officer to make all of the required ten (10) inspections during either July or August. This headquarters desires therefore that the time normally devoted to making school inspections be spent in guidance of and participation in summer teacher re-education conferences.

4. The CE officer should check with the Superintendent of Education to see that an adequate schedule of teachers re-education conferences is planned for his own prefecture in order to reach as many teachers as possible during the summer. Suggested texts to be considered at some of these conferences are the Ministry of Education Handbooks on "Guidance" and "Desirable Characteristics of the New Lower and Upper Secondary Schools", which have now reached most schools.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

1 Incl:
As indicated.

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 5013

SCHEDULE OF EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCES TO BE HELD IN KINKI REGION

CONFERENCE	PLACE	DATE
Conference Concerning the Use of the "Japanese Language Primer" for the Sections for the Blind and the Deaf.	Osaka Osaka Prefectural School for the Blind. Kinki, Tokai, Chugoku, parts of Hokuriku & Shikoku.	June 21 & 22, 1949 Disregard
Conference on General Culture in the University (For University Professors)	Kyoto	July 18-20 and July 22-24, 1949
Short Courses for the Training of In-Service Teachers of the Schools for the Blind & Deaf. (Blind, General cos. Blind, Acupuncture and Massage)	Osaka Osaka Prefectural School for the Blind. Kinki, Tokai, Chugoku, part of Shikoku.	July 24-29, 1949
Short Courses for the Training of In-Service Teachers of the Schools for the Blind and the Deaf. (Deaf)	Osaka Osaka Prefectural School for the Deaf. Kinki, Tokai, Chugoku, part of Shikoku.	July 24-29, 1949
Health Education Leaders Training Course (Secondary Schools)	Osaka Approximately one-third of Japan (Other conferences in Tokyo & Kumamoto	August 2-5, 1949
A Course for Education to Slow-Minded Children.	Hyogo Kinki, Chugoku & Shikoku.	August 20-22, 1949
Workshop in Secondary Education	Otsu — Osaka, Kyoto, Nara, Wakayama, Hyogo, Shiga and Fukui Prefectures	Oct 3-8, 1949
Purpose of Short Courses and Conferences Concerning Education Mentally Retarded Children	Hyogo (Name of School to be decided) for Kinki, Chugoku, Shikoku.	Oct 20-22, 1949

CONFERENCE	PLACE	DATE
Workshop for Teachers of Elementary School	Nara Mie(25), Shiga(25), Kyoto(25) Osaka(25) Nara(50) Hyogo(25) Wakayama(25)	Oct 24-28, 1949
School Nurse Leaders Training Course	Kyoto For all of Japan	Mid-November, 1949
I.F.E.L. (Course for Professors of education, Teachers-Consultants, and University Administrators)	Kyoto (2nd Period) (Tokyo, 1st Period)	March 1 - May 31, 1950 (Sept 1-Nov 30, 1949)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 5013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Japan A-8

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

312 1 July 1949

SUBJECT: Proper Procedure in Writing Military Letters

TO: Commanding Officer Hyogo Civil Affairs Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer Kyoto Civil Affairs Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer Shiga Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-3
Commanding Officer Nara Civil Affairs Team, APO 25-4
Commanding Officer Wakayama Civil Affairs Team, APO 25

1. The military letter is used for communication with military and naval personnel and between activities of the Department of the Army, the Air Forces and Department of the Navy and may not be used for communication with other Government Departments or with civil agencies.

2. Pertinent factors in writing military letters are as follows:

a. Margins:

(1) When typed heading is used the top margin of the first page will be 3/4 inch (5 spaces down) as illustrated above. All succeeding pages will have a top margin of 1¼ (7 spaces down).

(2) The left margin will be 1¼" (15 spaces elite type or 13 pica).

(3) The right margin will be 3/4" (9 spaces elite type or 7 pica).

(4) The bottom margin will be 1¼" (disregarding number at bottom of page).

b. The heading, including the subject, occupies the upper third of the sheet. File number and date are placed two spaces down from the bottom line of the typed heading, the subject line is placed another two spaced down, and the "THRU:" or "TO:" line is placed four spaces down from the subject. If there is a "THRU:" addressee, the "TO" line is placed four spaces down from it, as shown above. Four spaces from the last line of last addressee and the body of the letter are left blank, and five blank spaces, if only one addressee.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

c. The first page is not numbered. Pages are numbered consecutively, beginning with the second page as 2. Numbers are Arabic and are entered an inch from the bottom of the page. The number stands by itself and is not set off by dashes, parenthesis, or other punctuation.

d. The date of the letter will be written as indicated above. Whenever a suspense date is used it will be typed above the regular date and will also end at the right margin.

e. The subject will be a brief (ten words or less) statement of the subject matter and will be placed as indicated hereon. When the subject brief takes up more than one line, the second line is indented two spaces from the left margin of the subject.

f. Letters are address to the Commanding General or Commanding Officer of an organization, and not to a Staff Officer thereof, or to the Headquarters. When technical reports are called for or reply desired, the letter will direct that reply be addressed to the attention of the staff section concerned. For example:

TO: Commanding General
25th Infantry Division
APO 25
ATTENTION: AC of S, G-4

g. The address will be written in block from with open punctuation. When letters are routed to several addressees, the entire address of each is placed on a single line if possible.

h. Paragraphs will be numbered as follows:

1. xxxx

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

312
Subject: Proper Procedure in Writing Military Letters 1 Jul 49

312 1st Ind

Hq Kinki Civil Affairs Region, APO 25, 1 Jul 49

TO: Commanding Officer, Osaka Civil Affairs Team, APO 25

1. For information and compliance.

2. Letter APXAG 312.1, this headquarters, 1 December 1947, subject, "Military Correspondence," which covers in general the instructions governing the preparation of correspondence within this headquarters, is inclosed.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

/s/ George Minarik
/t/ GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

3 Incls:
Added 1 incl
3. Ltr 1 Dec 49

j. Whenever the signature is typed it will be placed five spaces below the command line or body and will start one space to the right of page center.

3. Indorsements become an integral part of the communication to which they are appended. They are numbered consecutively and follow the basis or preceding indorsement by two spaces. When a separate page or pages are required, sufficient identifying information is typed, beginning at the left margin 1½ inches from the top edge of the page, to prevent separation from the basic correspondence.

4. Abbreviations normally will not be used in a letter except for the heading.

5. The indiscriminate use of capitalization or underscoring within the body of a letter is not good practice. Proper nouns, names and titles only will be capitalized in accordance with normal procedure.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

/s/ George Minarik
/t/ GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A.P.M. A

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

GENERAL ORDERS)
:
NUMBER 5)

28 June 1949

REDESIGNATION OF KINKI MIL GOVT REGION

1. Pursuant to authority contained in letter, General Headquarters, Far East Command, AG3233 (21 Jun 49) DCS, 21 June 1949, subject: "Change in Designation of Military Government Sections and Teams", and General Orders No.86, Headquarters Eighth Army APO 343, dtd 23 June 1949, Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, Kinki Military Government Region is redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment Kinki Civil Affairs Region and the following units of Kinki Military Government Region are redesignated as indicated with station, as indicated, effective 1 July 1949:

PRESENT DESIGNATION	NEW DESIGNATION	STATION
Hyogo Military Government Team	Hyogo Civil Affairs Team	Kobe, Honshu, Japan APO 317
Kyoto Military Government Team	Kyoto Civil Affairs Team	Kyoto, Honshu, Japan APO 301
Nara Military Government Team	Nara Civil Affairs Team	Nara, Honshu, Japan APO 25-4
Osaka Military Government Team	Osaka Civil Affairs Team	Osaka, Honshu, Japan APO 25
Shiga Military Government Team	Shiga Civil Affairs Team	Otsu, Honshu, Japan APO 25-3
Wakayama, Military Government Team	Wakayama Civil Affairs Team	Wakayama, Honshu, Japan APO 25

2. Concurrently with the redesignation of these units, the Commanding Officer of each unit will be designated and referred to as Chief of the appropriate Civil Affairs Unit, e.g. "Chief, Kinki Civil Affairs Region".

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3. Using 1 July 1949 as date of redesignation, entries will be made in the "Record of Events" Section of the final and initial morning reports in accordance with paragraphs 33 and 37, AR345-400, (CORRECTED COPY), 18 April 1947.

4. Reassignment of personnel is not involved in this redesignation.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

OFFICIAL:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

DISTRIBUTION:
10 - Ea team
2 - Osaka Mint
2 - APO
2 - I Corps MG Section
2 - CG, I Corps
4 - AG
2 - CG, 25th Div
2 - CO, Kobe Base
2 - CG, 25th Air Arty

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Hqm A-8 Kdai

TELETYPE

21 June 49

TO : Commanding Officer Kyoto Military Government Team

FROM : Commanding Officer Kinki Military Government Region

Cite KMGR 372. Cite ICBA 836.

SUBJECT: Reporting on attendance at Adult Education Courses.

1. Reference letter Headquarters I Corps dated 28 December 1948, Subject : I Corps plan for the organization of adult education courses.

2. Each Team will present to this headquarters by 1 July, a special report on the present status of the adult education course including figures on number of sites, sessions, attendants by months to date as well as consolidated figures for same. In addition a brief evaluation of the effectiveness of the course with any supporting evidence will be included and any particularly successful ideas or practices such as for example, the use of special types of recreation should be described.

3. Hereafter above statistics will be kept up to date in annex E of the Monthly Activities Report.

End.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

To [redacted] Education A-8 [redacted] A.P.M. June 49

The following information received from Eighth Army:

Quote:

"Teachers of Local Govt schools are not National Public Service employees, and are therefore subject to the Trade Union Law. Under this law supervisors are not eligible for membership in trade unions and the civil service branch of SCAP Govt. Division has classified principals as supervisors.

Teachers of National Govt schools are National Public Service employees which law does not exclude supervisors from membership in Trade Unions.

The suggestion was made that further information could be had if reference was made to NPA regulations. These regulations are published in the Official Gazette." Unquote.

Received from Kinki by phone 0900, 20 June 49.

Sgt. Harrison

See me

PS

Teachers in schools under the Prefectures are mall. Most Primary E.S.S. and U.S.S. school teachers are municipal. Exceptions are normal school or U. school teachers in Primary E.S.S. or U.S.S. training schools

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Eddie

TELETYPE

21 June 49

TO : Commanding Officer, Kyoto Mil Govt Team

FROM : Commanding Officer, Kinki Mil Govt Region

Cite : 371

Following message from headquarters Eighth Army quoted for your information.

Teachers of local government schools are not national public service employees and are therefore subject to the trade union law. Under this law supervisors are not elligible for membership in trade union and the civil service branch of SCAP government division has classified principals as supervisors. Teachers of national government schools are national public service which law dose not exclude supervisors from membership in trade union. The suggestion was made that further information could be had if reference is made to NPA regulations 14-1, 14-2, 14-3. These regulations are published in the official gazette.

End.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

F.A.F.
cd.

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHM/mo

AG 014 - BA

6 June 1949

SUBJECT: Availability and Reproduction of Pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy."

TO: See Distribution

1. This headquarters has received many requests from American and Japanese agencies in reference to the availability, procurement, and reproduction of the pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy," prepared by Shikoku Region CE Section for Japanese organizations. Sample copies of English and Japanese editions have been forwarded to each region and team. Information as to availability and reproduction is clarified here for the information and use of all interested military government units.

INTER-OFFICE
C.O.
Exec.
Adj.
Econ.
Labor.
P.H.
C.Ed.
L.&G.
P.W.
C.Info.
Maizuru
Ch.Clk.
File
Action
Info.
Your File
Read. Initial & return for Central Files

2. Pamphlets may be ordered directly by Japanese public agencies -- usually boards of education -- from the Shikoku printer of the pamphlet:

Marugame Seihansho
Kami Jikata
Marugame-shi
Kagawa-ken.

The price of the pamphlet, including cost of shipping, is ¥42 each. The printer will check with Shikoku Region CE Section for approval of orders. This is to ensure against sale of pamphlets for profit.

3. If Japanese public agencies wish to have pamphlet reproduced, it is requested that permission be gotten from Shikoku Region CE Section. The reasons for this are: to prevent pirate editions of pamphlet, sale for profit, and inaccurate reproduction. It is further requested that pamphlet be reproduced exactly as it is with the exception of the enclosed corrections (Inclosure 1) which, of course, should be made in future editions of pamphlet. When making requests for permission to reproduce pamphlet, Japanese agencies should give the following information:

a. How many copies to be reproduced

b. How much will be charged for each copy

c. Responsible agency ordering reproduction (board of education, labor union, etc.)

d. Purpose of reproduction (use of pamphlet).

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Ltr, Hq I Corps, AG 014 - BK, dtd 6 June 1949 , subj: "Availability and Reproduction of Pamphlets, "Techniques of Democracy."

e. A statement to the effect that reproduction is not for profit,

f. A statement to the effect that pamphlet will be reproduced exactly including diagrams, cover, etc. (However, printer's mark may appear on back cover.)

Requests should be forwarded directly to CE Officer, Shikoku MG Region. Immediately upon receipt of a request, Shikoku Region will process request on forms already prepared (Inclosure 2) and will return forms to requesting agency through the nearest regional Military Government headquarters so that each region can keep informed on reproduction of pamphlet.

4. It is requested that two copies of reproduced pamphlet be forwarded to Shikoku Region CE Section.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

2 Incls:
1. Corrections to pamphlet, "Tech. of Democ."
2. Authorization forms for reprod. of pamphlet, "Tech. of Democ."

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea of ltr
1 ea of Incls
TO: Kyushu, Kinki, Chugoku & Tokai-Hokuriku MG Regions & Teams. ATTN: CE Officer
3 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHM/mo

AG 014 - BA

6 June 1949

SUBJECT: Availability and Reproduction of Pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy."

TO: See Distribution

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Ltr, Hq I Corps, AG 014 - BA, dtd 6 June 1949 , subj: "Availability and Reproduction of Pamphlets, "Techniques of Democracy."

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4. It is requested that two copies of reproduced pamphlet be forwarded to Shikoku Region CE Section.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

2 Incls:
1. Corrections to pamphlet, "Tech. of Democ."
2. Authorization forms for reprod. of pamphlet, "Tech. of Democ."

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea of ltr
1 ea of Incls
TO: Kyushu, Kinki, Chugoku & Tokai-Hokuriku MG Regions & Teams. ATTN: CE Officer
3 AG Rec, I Corps

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

CORRECTIONS TO BE MADE IN PAMPHLET "TECHNIQUES OF DEMOCRACY"

Use of the pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy," has turned up two or three errors or questionable points in the Japanese version and two confusing points in the English version. These points are as follows:

a. On page 44, Japanese edition, there is the following passage:

.....議長の承認を得た上 .....

meaning, "After being recognized by the Chairman.. ....."
On page 17 of the English edition, this passage reads:

"Any member may now rise and, after addressing the Chair,..... .."

The error is obvious. The Japanese should read:

... .「議長」と言ってから .....

This literally means:

"After saying, 'Mr. Chairman,'.... ... ...".

b. On page 170, Japanese edition, "Question of Order" is defined by:

進行上の問題

This seemingly conflicts with the Japanese equivalent given on page 169:

違反の有無

Although it actually does not conflict--the first term given above literally means: "A question relating to procedure" and the second means: "The existence or non-existence of a violation"--for the sake of preventing possible confusion, it would be better to omit the definition:

進行上の問題

c. On page 28, Japanese edition, third line from end of page, the characters: 員委會 are incorrectly written. They should be: 委員會

d. On page 41, English edition, and page 109, Japanese edition, is a special note on the use of the words "Chairman" and "President" in the pamphlet. This passage is somewhat inaccurate. The English should read as follows. The Japanese translation follows immediately after the English passage.

NOTE: In English, as in Japanese, there is a distinction between the words "President" and "Chairman." But in Japan the elected head of an organization (Kaichō, 會長) often does not preside at meetings. Instead, a chairman (Gichō, 議長) is chosen whose temporary job it is to preside. This practice of having an organization president

Incl 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

who does not preside at meetings has arisen because it was thought that in this way undue influence of the president on the opinions and decisions of the members might be prevented. (In Japan, very often the most influential persons of communities were chosen heads of organizations.) But if the president is a good president and truly wished to represent the organization and to express and execute its will, he will never influence the opinions and voting of the organization's members. He will always be objective and will never express his own opinions while presiding at meetings of the organization. The president should preside at meetings. This is part of his responsibility. It is believed that a careful study of this pamphlet and understanding of the basic principles involved will clarify this whole problem.

註。「會長」やchairmanの區別のあるのは英語でも、日本語でも同じだが、日本では團体の選擧された長（會長）は主宰しないことがしばしばある。その代りに會議の主宰をする chairman（議長）が選ばれる。團体における役目とする會長がある、こういうやり方が起ったのは會員の意見や決定に會長が不當な影響を及ぼすのを防げると考えたからである。（日本ではその地域で一番有力な人物が團体の長に選ばれることが極めて多い。）然し會長がよき會長であれば、又ぼんたうにその團体を代表してその意志を表現遂行することを欲するのであれば、彼は會員の意見や、表決に影響を及ぼすやうなことは決してしないであろう。役は團体の會議を主宰してゐる間、必ず客觀的であり、決して自分の意見をあらわしはしないであろうし、またあるべきものである。これが彼の責任の一部なのである。このパンフレットの注意深い研究とその中に含まれてゐる原則の理解は、この問題をくまなく解明するであらうことを信ずるものである。

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
Shikoku Military Government Region
APO 1050

_____ 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Authorization to Reproduce Pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy" (Japanese)

TO : Commanding Officer
_____ Military Government Region
APO _____
ATTN: CE Officer

1. Transmitted herewith authorization to reproduce pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy," in Japanese.

2. Request for reproduction of subject pamphlet was requested by _____ in letter to this headquarters, _____ 1949. Specifications as to the extent of this authorization are contained in authorization itself. Corrections of pamphlet are also enclosed.

3. It is requested that enclosed authorization be forwarded to the CE Officer, _____ Military Government Team. The CE Officer, _____ Military Government Team may then authorize _____ to reproduce the pamphlet. It is further requested that two copies of the reproduced pamphlet be forwarded to this headquarters, attention of CE Officer.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

EARL L. TURBYFILL
Major Inf
Executive Officer

1 Incl:
Auth. for Reprod.
of Pamph.,
"Tech. of Dem."

Incl 2

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
Shikoku Military Government Region
APO 1050

_____1949

SUBJECT: Reprinting of Pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy" (Japanese)

TO : Commanding Officer
_____ Military Government Team
APO _____
ATTN: CE Officer

1. A request for reprinting of the Japanese version of pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy," has been received by this headquarters.

2. Authorization is hereby given to _____ to reproduce the pamphlet, "Techniques of Democracy," in Japanese. This authorization is limited to _____ copies to be sold for ¥ _____ each under the supervision of _____. It is understood that reproduction of this pamphlet is authorized on the condition that it not be a profit-making venture.

3. It is requested that two copies of the reproduced pamphlet be sent to the CE Officer, Shikoku Military Government Region.

4. Attached as Inclosure 1 to this letter are corrections to be made when reprinting the pamphlet.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:
Corrections of J. edition of Pamph., "Tech. of Dem."

EARL L. TURBYFILL
Major Inf
Executive Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
Shikoku Military Government Region
APO 1050

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FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

EARL L. TURBYFILL
Major Inf
Executive Officer

1 Incl:
Auth. for Reprod.
of Pamph.,
"Tech. of Dem."

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
Shikoku Military Government Region
APO 1050

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TO : Commanding Officer
_____ Military Government Team
APO _____
ATTN: CE Officer

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FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:
Corrections of J. edition of Pamph., "Tech. of Dem."

EARL L. TURBYFILL
Major Inf
Executive Officer

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

8 8 0

1 Jan.

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHM/ea

AG 014 - BA

6 June 1949

SUBJECT: Pamphlet, Discussion - A Technique of Democracy

TO: See Distribution

1. Forwarded for your information and possible use is a revised edition of "Discussion - A Technique of Democracy," prepared by Civil Education Section of Shikoku Region.

2. The introduction has been changed in the second edition. The first edition was sent to all regions and teams during the summer, 1948. Only the introduction is being distributed in English, but the entire new pamphlet has been forwarded in Japanese.

3. These materials are not directive but may be used with or by the Japanese at the discretion of the military government team. Japanese copies may be purchased through the printer or through civil education section, Shikoku Military Government Region.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel AGD
Adjutant General

Incls:
Pamphlet, "Discussion - A Technique of Democracy." (English & Japanese)

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea of ltr
1 ea of Eng copy of Incl.
2 ea of Jap copy " "
TO: Kyushu, Kinki, Chugoku & Tokai-Hokuriku MG Regions & Teams. ATTN: C. E. Officer
3 AG Rec I Corps

1 copy and pamphlets in Info File

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

A-8

Kyoto

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

AA/rtn

014

16 May 1949

SUBJECT: Girl Scout Conference

TO : Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. Mrs. D.S. Calkins, who has been serving as a volunteer with the Japanese Girl Scout Committee in Tokyo will be in Kobe on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th of June. She will meet with Girl Scout leaders and members of Girl Scout committees to discuss program planning, with particular emphasis on practice in knot-tying, trail blazing, and training in other activities for which leaders have felt a need.

2. The meetings will be open to leaders of all troops within Kinki Region. It is requested that you notify the Girl Scout leaders of your prefecture of the meeting. This office should know by Friday, May 20th, the total number of leaders who will be attending from each prefecture. To expedite receipt of this information, notification to this office should be by telephone call. The time for and the location of meeting place has not yet been decided. This information will go out as soon as it is known.

3. This will be a particularly good training opportunity for the Girl Scout leaders of the area and it is hoped that many of them will be able to attend one or more of the meetings to be held by Mrs. Calkins.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Capt CE
Adjutant

2422
~~2199~~.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

O D O Q icn

Excerpt

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

10 May 1949

MISCELLANEOUS LETTER
NUMBER 2

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

111. Civil Education

SCAP AND 8TH ARMY INTERPRETATIONS OF JAPANESE SCHOOL LAWS.

a. Koreans have requested in some prefectures that their children be given separate class-rooms in Japanese schools. Under the present law, the Koreans may not have separate class-rooms or separate Korean teachers in public schools.

b. There should be no subsidies to the private schools by the prefectures. They may grant loans if they wish, but in general they should be discouraged from doing so because this is not a proper function of prefectural governments.

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

AA/rtn
1n
26 April 1949

080

SUBJECT: Study of Social Organizations

TO : Commanding Officer, Nara Military Gowernment Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Gowernment Team, APO 3[illegible]
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO317
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 2[illegible]
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 2[illegible]
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Govt Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. Reference Ltr 1 Corps, 10 February 1949, subject, "Studies of Mil Govt Programs"; Ltr Kinki Mil Govt Region, 11 March 1949, subject "Standardization of Studies ofMil Govt Programs".

2. The following organizarion should be covered in the report on Social Organizations due this headquarters May 20:

PTA
Youth Groups
Women's Groups
CPH

3. Under the appropriate headings listed in the second reference above, the following material should be submitted for each type of organization:

a. Structure (Evaluation ofpresent organizational patterr in comparison with former ; i.e. PTA -- supporters Assoc.)
b. Membership (Voluntary, quasi-voluntary, compulsory)
c. Program
d. Reliance on government direction
e. Weaknesses
f. Accomplishments
g. Greatest needs

4. The following inclosures to the report should be included:

a. Four copies in English of prefectural government directives (if any) issued to encourage or enforce Ministry ofEducation documents Hatsu Kyo #83 (Digest), and Hatsu Sha "15 (Digest). (See Education in the New Japan, Vol II, Appendix, pps 146-147, and p.153)

None to enforce Hatsu-Kyo #83
" " " Hatsu-Sha #15

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

b. Four copies in English of a typical constitution of each of the typesof organizations discussed.

5. Discuss briefly what activity or activities of Civil Education have been most effective work with these organizations.

6. State what Regional assistance could be of most help to teams in their work with adult organizations.

BY ORDER OFCOLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

Const. CPA.

old Dist
youth (Prof ~~Dist~~
Dist.

PTA

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Kinki.

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

RSA/rtn

000.8

6 May 1949

SUBJECT: Visual Materials for Adult Education Course

TO : Commanding Officer, Kyoto Military Government Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25
ATTN: Civil Education Officer

1. Inclosed herewith is a list of film slides selected for possible use with the lectures of the Adult Education Course.

2. The individual manufacturer or distributor may be contacted through the prefectural film library.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

George Minarik

GEORGE MINARIK
Capt CE
Adjutant

1 Incl:
List of film slides.

Where?

SPS

4845

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Social Ed.

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

AA/rtn

000.76

18 April 1949

SIBJECT: Printing of Booklet, "Techniques of Democracy".

TO : Commanding Officer, Nara Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Shiga Military Government Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Osaka Military Government Team, APO25
Commanding Officer, Hyogo Military Government Team, APO 317
Commanding Officer, Wakayama Military Government Team, APO 25
ATTN : Civil Education Officer

1. A printer in Osaka will reproduce in Japanese the booklet put out by Shikoku Military Government Region, "Techniques of Democracy". The name and address of the printer are:

Nakagawa Printing Company (Nakagawa Insatsusho)
Naka, 2-chome, Dojima, Kita-ku, Osaka City
Telephone: Fukushima 1562 and 1598

2. The price per copy of the booklet will be 40 yen. The target date for the completion of the printing is April 27.

3. The printer requests that each prefecture collect the booklets it has ordered. The total cost of the order should be paid to the printer at the time of collection.

4. The order is based on the figures listed below:

Wakayama	500	copies
Shiga	550	"
Osaka	1650	(City 600, Prefecture 1050)
Nara	300	
Hyogo	1000	
	4000	

5. The above information should be given to Social Education Section chiefs.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Capt CE
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

1 - Corps Letter

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

AG 333 - BA

18 April 1949

SUBJECT: Inspection of Military Government Teams

TO: See Distribution

1. When the Commanding General inspects a military government team, it is desired that the team commander set up a schedule of inspection based on the following:

a. Inspection of all officers and men under arms and in ranks - about 10 minutes.

b. Talk by the Commanding General to the assembled important members of the local prefectural and city governments and heads of Military Government sections - about 5 minutes.

c. Conference between the Commanding General with the top local Japanese officials - to include the governor, the mayor, chiefs of municipal and rural police, Head of Public Safety Commission and liaison officer - about a half hour.

d. Conference of Commanding General and the chiefs of the Military Government team sections and of I Corps Military Government sections - about and not to exceed one hour.

e. Inspection by Commanding General of the physical installations of the team - about one hour. Inspection of the physical installations will include all buildings and facilities other than dependent quarters. All facilities such as supply rooms, mess halls, PX's, shops, offices, etc., should be open and prepared for inspection. Vehicles should have hoods up and tools displayed.

f. Conference and visits by team section chiefs, I Corps Military Government section chiefs and Japanese prefectural counterparts, when not otherwise engaged as indicated above, to Japanese installations of interest.

2. The order of inspection should be determined by the local team commander. It is desired that sufficient overlapping time be provided by the team commander to insure that the Commanding General does not have to wait in case of a phase of the inspection is completed early.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

3. For the conference among the heads of the Military Government sections, it is desired that each chief of section present briefly a description of what he is doing, what his problems are, and his recommendations for improving the effectiveness of his particular programs.

4. Notes should be prepared by Japanese officials who have problems or special matters to bring to the attention of the Commanding General. Notes should also be prepared by the chiefs of the various sections and by the team commander covering those matters which they intend to discuss in their presentations, or to which they desire to call attention. A copy of each section head's notes should be furnished to his I Corps counterpart and a bound copy of all notes should be furnished to the Commanding General.

5. The inspection of a team will ordinarily take about three hours. Where regional and prefectural teams are located in the same vicinity, one and a half hours should be allowed for the combined meeting of the section heads of both teams with Military Government section heads of I Corps - 50 minutes being allowed the prefectural team and 30 minutes the regional team. The overall time in this case will be about three and one half hours. When less than three (or 3½ in the case of combined region and prefectural teams) hours are available, the talk mentioned in paragraph 1 b will be omitted and the time allowed for the inspections covered in paragraphs 1 c, 1 d and 1 e will be cut in about equal proportions to fit the available time.

6. Regional team commanders will be furnished railroad or car time schedules to include detraining times for various places in the region. Modifications desired in the schedule provided for above will be telephoned to regional commanders by this headquarters.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COULTER:

C.C.CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Gf all in C.E. A-12 LFG

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

MESSAGEFORM

Date : 1 April 1949
File No: AG 230.145-E
Office of Origin: G-4

FROM: CG I CORPS, APO 301
TO : SEE DISTRIBUTION

PRECEDENCE: ROUTINE
INITIALS: CPB/yy

SUBJECT : Establishment of 48-hour Work Week for Japanese Labor Furnished the Occupation Forces.

The following Eighth Army radio is quoted for your information and compliance: "Cite DX 77253 GA. Effective 1 April 1949 the normal work week is established as 48 hours for labor furnished by the Japanese Government and directly employed by the Occupation Forces. Six work days per calendar week will be considered normal. Sundays and holidays may be included as a part of the six-day work week. Adjustment of hours worked per day or days worked per week may be made to meet operational needs. Overtime rate is authorized only for time worked in excess of 48 hours per week."

COULTER

OFFICIAL:

/s/ C. C. Carter
/t/ C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:
"C"

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Kinki Letter

1 April 1949

1. Initial Conference : It is desired that an immediate planning conference be held with Team Civil Education, Civil Information, and Public Health Officers in attendance. Present plans of Prefectural health department for the clean-up week should be reviewed and methods of implementing and improving them decided upon. A subsequent conference with Japanese health, education, information, engineering, and legal officials should then be held to insure full inter-sectional cooperation in the program.
20-26 April '49.

2. Techniques of Implementation :

A. In order to reach the largest possible audience it is considered advisable to use the schools as a media of information. Prefectural, city, and local school boards should be urged to prepare short, simply written leaflets (not more than one page) for distribution to the schools. If possible one copy should be provided for each class room and the matter considered in each class. Pertinent portions of these leaflets, perhaps a new theme each day, might be written on school room blackboards. School superintendents should be encouraged to send letters to all school principals urging them to "push" the program in their schools. It could very well start off with a school clean-up compaign introduced by a special assembly program. School children should then be encouraged to carry information on the clean-up week back to their homes.

-over-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

B. Police and fire department officials should be encouraged to employ inexpensive announcements and streamers for display outside their buildings. Perhaps they could also publicize the "week" with sound trucks and megaphones.

C. Prefectural and municipal public works departments (Dobokuka) should be encouraged to make transportation, particularly trucks and cars, available to city health departments in support of the clean-up drive. Additional transportation might be hired from private trucking companies to assist in removing the debris resulting from home and ditch cleaning.

This copy based on Ltr. Hq Kinki Mil Govt Region APO 25, subj: "Spring Clean-up Week, 1949" dtd 28 Mar '49.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Kyoto Prefectural Government
Anti-Epidemics Section

March 24, 1949

TO : Col. Wiley H. O'Mohundro,
Kinki Military Government Region

SUBJECT: Plan of Kinki District Environment
Cleaning Week Campaign

I. Purpose: Seasonable extermination of winter-surviving vermin and rats, and simultaneously beautification of Kyoto City and preliminary drive to Summer-time anti-epidemics counter-measure.

II. period: April 20 (Wednesday) - 26 (Tuesday), 1949.

III. District covered: Throughout Kyoto Prefecture.

IV. Functions: April 20 (Wednesday) for every household cleaning day.
21 (Thursday) for lavatory cleaning day, and rats and vermin extermination day.

22 (Friday) for the same.

23 (Saturday) for rivers and drains cleaning day.

24 (Sunday) for the same.

25 (Monday) for parks, roads, fire-ruined sites and fire-breaks cleaning day.

26 (Tuesday) for the same.

V. persons responsible for execution:

Every Mayor, and town and village master.

VI. Way of execution:

Every mayor, and town and village master shall establish the operation plan upon liaison with the Public Health Center chiefs under the respective jurisdiction so that the plan can meet every local requirement, with the aim of popularization of sanitation thought as well as of the meaning of the campaign among the general public.

Especially the all-out activities by the Sanitation unit, the operation unit and the cleaning unit, and also the volunteer service corps shall be taken into account.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Furthermore, the following ways shall be refered to for the sake of effectivation:

1. Propagation Medium:

a. Radio.

Besides the B.K. broadcast by the Kinki District Anti-Epidemics Official, the local broadcasting through O.K. shall be utilized if possible.

b. Poster.

Besides the busiest quarters within a city, markets, food-distribution points etc. shall be selected for the place of postering.

c. Standing placard.

The busiest quaters of a city, rail road stations, electric car junctions etc. shall be used for the place of putting up standing placards.

d. Oral delivery, sign-board or circulating board.

Progagation by word of mouth through a sanitation thought popularization organization or sanitation unit independent from any old sanitation association or any old block association official, and a sign-board or circulating board for every block shall be utilized.

2. Popularization through school boys and girls, and volunteer service.

Request shall be made to every school upon liaison with the Education authorities to the effect that school boys and girls will recognize necessity of every household's environment cleaning, and that they will collect and destroy the larvae of mosquitos and flies as object-lesson materials, and that they will clean the drains and the like themselves.

Education of parents through the mouths of school boys and girls is desirable.

3. Co-operation with religions organizations through their volunteer service activities.

(1) Household cleaning.

a. Cleaning of inside and outside of a household; weeding; burial of vacant bottle, broken pieces of china-ware; change of garbage box, its repair or its covering.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

b. To notify to the public that this cleaning drive is independent from the cleaning practice based on the cleaning Law.

c. All-out activities of every city's, town's and village's cleaning unit and operation unit, and perfection of dust collection.

(2) Lavatory cleaning.

a. Cleaning of every home lavatory, washing of stool, and cleaning of contour of night-soil reservoir.

b. Cleaning of public latrine shall be carried out under responsibility of public bodies, cities, towns or villages, or by hands of volunteer service corps.

c. To carry out perfect collection of night soil by the city's, town's or villager's collector or any private collector. previous liaison with them shall be made.

(3) Extermination of mosquitos and flies:

a. To take into service school boys and girls if possible.

b. To give a prize-money or to buy up if the budget allows.

(4) Cleaning of rivers and drains.

a. Cleaning of home drains, burial of dirty mud, and repair of drain-cover.

b. A sanitation unit and operation unit shall give guidance over cleaning of drains and sewers. public sewers shall be cleaned by sanitation units on volunteer service corps.

c. Rivers shall be cleaned by the day-workers employed by cities, towns or villages.

In Kyoto city, stress shall be laid on cleaning of the canal Horikawa.

(5) Cleaning of parks, roads, fire-ruined site and fire-breaks.

a. Weeding on the roads around the home.

b. Cleaning of parks and other vacant lots shall be carried out by the dwellers in their neighborhood, school boys and girls, or volunteer service corps.

The environment sanitation Inspectors and Cleaning Inspectors shall make each inspection tour throughout the city district concerned and give guidance and supervision over the cleaning practice.

CHUKYO TSUCHIYA
Director of public Health
Dept., Kyoto-fu Office.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

RJA/sy

000.8

24 March 1949

SUBJECT: Osaka School of Social Work

TO : See Distribution

INTER-OFFICE
C.O.
Exec.
Adj.
Econ.
Labor
P.H.
Ed.
L.&G.
P.W.
C.Info.
Maizuru
Ch.Clk.
File
Action
Info.
Your File
Read, Initial & return for Central Files

1. The Osaka School of Social Work will begin its third 3 months course on 20 April 1949. The final date for filing applications for admission is 16 April 1949. Applications should be submitted in writing to the school on prescribed form obtainable at the school.

2. Qualifications for admission to the three (3) months course are:

a. Those who are presently employed in public welfare in any governmental unit in Osaka prefecture.

b. From other prefectures those who have had one (1) year of experience in social work.

c. Those who are interested in the field and are deemed qualified by the school fit to take the training.

3. In the three (3) months course shortly to be completed there are 52 persons from 4 prefectures of Kinki Region. It is suggested that Team Officers consult with the appropriate officials regarding the best use of these persons, and that their performance be closely watched for evaluating the validity of the training and for promotion, when indicated, to more responsible positions in the administration.

4. It is hoped that each prefecture will be stimulated to arrange for educational leave for some of the more promising employees to attend the next three (3) months course. Special reports on significant aspects of this subject will be forwarded to this headquarters.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

Harry H. Jackson

HARRY H. JACKSON
1st Lt Inf
Asst Adjutant

DISTRIBUTION:
2 - ea Kinki Region MG Team
2 - CG, I Corps
1 - File

2022

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Give a

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

WT/kk

17 March 1949

SUBJECT: Zenshinza Show Troupes

TO : All Team Commanders

INTER-OFFICE
C.O. [illegible]
Exec. [illegible]
Adj.
Econ.
Labor
P.H.
[illegible]
L.S.
P.W.
[illegible]
Maizuru
Ch.Clk.
File
Action
Info.
Your File

Read. Initial & return for Central Files

1. The following information was delivered to the Regional Civil Information Officer by a reliable source:

"It is reported in the Osaka Asahi (8 March Issue) that the entire members of the Zenshinza Troupe, one of the leading show groups, held a ceremony of joining in the Communist Party on 7 March 1949 at their Headquarters building at Kisshoji-cho, Musashino City, Tokyo Prefecture.

"During last year, the Zenshinza Troupe had presented their shows at various lecture-halls at very many high schools, colleges and universities throughout Japan. They also gave quite a number of performances at various grammar schools. Their shows and plays were usually welcomed enthusiastically and well attended by the students and intellectuals, as their slogan is 'The best entertainment for the Masses with the cheapest charges'.

"The writer, however, is of the opinion that their affiliation with the Communist Party will change the nature of the plays that they will adapt on the stage in the future and a certain portion of their earning, which will be mostly from students and intellectuals, will be contributed to the Communist Party.

"The Zenshinza Troupe is boarding together in a large dormitory and they even have their own training facilities for their children; consequently, these minors will be so trained as to be strong members of the future Communist Party."

2. The "writer", mentioned above, is the writer of the note delivered to the Regional Civil Information Officer.

3. This message is furnished you for your information and as a guide for possible future surveillance of the above-mentioned troupe.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINAMIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

2352.431

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu) WT/kk

15 March 1949

SUBJECT: Youths' Day - 5 May

TO : All Team Commanders

1. Reference is made to information copy of letter, Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region, dated 11 January 1949, subject: "Youths' Day - Tokai-Hokuriku Region". Copies were sent to all Teams in this Region. (copy attached)

2. A similar program should be encouraged in the Kinki prefectures this year. However, every effort should be made to insure that the program does not become a drain on the prefectural budget. Instead of attempting to fill all public offices with boy and girl office holders, the scope of the program might be confined to a small number of public offices.

3. It is thought that civic-minded individuals and groups should be encouraged to take responsibility for the program. Newspapers, Chambers of Commerce, and industry organizations of businessmen, or YMCAs might be willing to cooperate in making the program a success. The newspapers, especially, should be "sold" on the news value of such a project. As soon as initial plans are formulated, an adequate amount of publicity is desirable in order to bring those plans to fruition.

4. The theme of the program might well be stated as "strengthening the foundations of freedom through emphasis on the rights and obligations of citizenship. The following, with slight modifications, is taken from a pamphlet published for American Education Week (November 7 - 13, 1949): "Freedom will survive if children of all ages learn in the classrooms that the entire story of man reflects his age---old struggle to gain, protect, and expand his freedom; that man can remain free only if he understands the priceless heritage of freedom, learns its obligations, and accepts the responsibility to preserve and strengthen it."

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

1 Incl:
1 Ltr T-H MG Region
w/1 Incl

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

014 11 Jan 1949

SUBJECT: Youths' Day - Tokai-Hokuriku Reg.

TO : Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710
Commanding Officer, Gifu Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Mie Mil Govt Team, APO 710
Commanding Officer, Ishikawa Mil Govt Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Toyama Mil Govt Team, APO 301
Commanding Officer, Fukui Mil Govt Team, APO 301

1. The first region-wide observance of Youths' Day in Japn occurred in this region on 5 May 1948. On that day 778 prefectural and 21,364 city, district, town and village offices were held by boys and girls elected or selected from 2,040 schools with a student registration of 555,500. The plan of enabling the boys and girls of the communities to serve as officials for a day was originated by this headquarters, patterned after "Boys' Day", "Boy Mayor" and similar ceremonials familiar to the Americans. Weeks of preparation by Japanese officials and Military Government teams in this region produced a resoundingly successful event which culminated in colorful and festive attention by many communities.

2. It is the desire of this headquarters that steps be taken immediately to plan and promote the second region-wide observance of Youths' Day on 5 May.

3. Plans should be initiated immediately by the appropriate Military Government and Japanese prefectural officials to prepare for the Youths' Day occasion. The boys and girls of the high school and junior high school should participate in the program. In view of the fact that the school year ends in March, plans for including material in the curricula to instruct the students in good citizenship, local autonomy and local officialdom should be offered to Japanese educational officials and a preliminary step for the 5 May activity.

4. In order to perpetuate the observance of Youths' Day in this region, at least, it is suggested that the scope of the entire program, as far as the holding of office by the youthful aspirants, be confined to a lesser number of public offices, instead of endeavoring to fill all public offices for that day with boy and girl office holders. Selecting the more important offices for students to fill for the day will add greater prestige to the students holding them as well as emphasize the importance of the offices. Another factor would be the curtailment of costs involved, the elaborate organization work required for so large an undertaking, and greater cooperation by the initiators and administrators of the program. The schools could conduct their own assemblies, for example,

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

without using prefectural or city or town halls as a part of the pregram. A determination and desision must be made initially by the planners to create something that will be carried on and not fall because of heavy stress and strain on the part of those who are most likely to be the guiding and assisting hand for the immediate present.

5. Every assistance will be given by this headquarters to achieve the purpose of Youths' Day. A plan for the education section of the MGT is attached. A copy of the story on Youths' Day as appearing in Stars and Stripes, 10 Oct 1948, is attached. A civil information plan will be forwarded under separate cover.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DUMONT:

GERALD J. FICO
Captain Inf
Adjutant

1 Incl:
CE Plan

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

YOUTHS' DAY

Civil Education Plan

1. In general the activities if Youths' Day as observed in this region will be about the same as that held in 1948. Emphasis will be placed on the knowledge of the students of basic democratic institutions, such as the Constitution which make it possible for such activities as observed on Youths' Day. The elections should be stirring and eventful, but must not miss the idea that Youths' Day activity is a basic lesson in citizenship training.

2. Since good citizenship is a broad topic it might be well to concentrate attention on a certain topic. The proximity of Constitution Day (3 May) and Youths' Day (5 May) makes for a very natural linking of themes for the two days. So Youths' Day 5 May 49 should future not only Youth Governors and other officials but a general understanding, by these Youths of what the Constitution of Japan Means to them.

3. A recent survey indicates that the students lack an understanding of their school government constitutions. This lack means that the students must undertake a more serious study before they can appreciate the significance of Constitution and Youths' Days.

4. A conference between Civil Education and Japanese educational and local government officials should be inaugurated at once to prepare a well rounded program which will reach a public acme on 5 May. The following suggestions should be considered.

5. The number of offices to be filled on 5 May, in what communities, the number of schools that will participate in electing those youthful officials, how they will elected (direct balloting or by voting for electors who will vote for candidates for office), the limitation to high schools and junior high schools in participation, the inclusion of boys and girls as candidates, the limitation of one official per office (No co-governor, co-mayor, etc.) and other matters vital to a successful program should be discussed during the conferences with Japanese educational and local government officials and the Civil Education officer.

6. A series of faculty and student conferences should be held to give each school body material upon which the faculty and students can work in organizing and vitalizing school government. By the end of April such a series of conferences should have been held in sufficient frequency to provide every student with a knowledge of the meaning and functioning of the Constitution, election procedures, parliamentary procedure and student activity. This knowlege is desirable prior to the time of selection, by vote or otherwise, of students as officials for the day on the fifth of May.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

7. Teachers of social studies should be urged to cooperate by emphasizing the study of the Constitution during April. This study will fit in very well with the student activity in school government reorganization.

8. The school Board should be urged to print copies of the Japanese Constitution for distribution in sufficient copies for every classroom engaged in its study.

9. Large copies of the Constitution might be prepared and placed in a conspicuous place in each school.

10. The school Board, daily newspaper, civic organizations and other agencies might sponsor essay contest on the subject of "What the Constitution of Japan means to me".

11. A student candidate for office on 5 May might be required to have an understanding of the meaning of the Constitution as per-requisite for running for office.

12. Successful candidates might deliver speeches on the Constitution during Youths' Day exercises at the school or public forum.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Youth Ed

Memo to All Regional Team Civil Information Officers:

1. The Tokai-Hokuriku Region is conducting its second Youth's Day May 5, 1949. Their regional plan is attached for your information and possible use.

2. Some of the ideas might be incorporated into currently running civil liberties or local autonomy programs as well as discussed with team Civil Education and Legal and Government Officers.

WBK

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

014 11 Jan 49

SUBJECT: YOUTHS' DAY - Tokai-Hokuriku Reg.

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710
Commanding Officer, Gifu Mil Govt Team, APO 25
Commanding Officer, Mie Mil Govt Team, APO 710
Commanding Officer, Ishikawa Mil Govt Team, APO 301
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2. It is the desire of this headquarters that steps be taken immediately to plan and promote the second region-wide observance of Youths' Day on 5 May.

3. Plans should be initiated immediately by the appropriate Military Government and Japanese prefectural officials to prepare for the Youths' Day occasion. The boys and girls of the high school and junior high school should participate in the program. In view of the fact that the school year ends in March, plans for including material in the curricula to instruct the students in good citizenship, local autonomy and local officialdom should be offered to Japanese educational officials and a preliminary step for the 5May activity.

4. In order to perpetuate the observance of Youths' Day in this region, at least, it is suggested that the scope of the entire program, as far as the holding of office by the youthful aspirants, be confined to a lesser number of public offices, instead of endeavoring to fill all public offices for that day with boy and girl office holders. Selecting the more important offices for students to fill for the day will add greater prestige to the students holding them as well as emphasize the importance of the offices. Another factor would be the curtailment of costs involved, the elaborate organization work required for so large an undertaking, and greater cooperation by the initiators and administrators of the program. The schools could conduct their own assemblies, for example,

57/13 JAN 1949

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Tanaka

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12. Successful candidates might deliver speeches on the Constitution during Youths' Day exercises at the school or public forum.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

CORRECTION

THIS DOCUMENT

HAS BEEN REPHOTOGRAPHED

TO ASSURE LEGIBILITY

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

014

11 Jan 49

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TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710
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BY ORDER OF COLONEL DUMONT:

GERALD J. FICO
Captain, Inf.
Adjutant

2 Incls:
CE Plan
Pub. Story

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

Japan A-B Q

KINKI LIAISON & COORDINATION OFFICE

Prefectural Building
Osaka

Memo (For Col. O'Mohundro)

14 March, 1949

Remarks by I Corps MG Personnel
at LCC Directors Conferance in Kyoto,
8 March, 1949

I Col. Burns, Commanding Officer

1. Economic Recovery:

a. An austerity program should be put into practice all over the country. For example, expenditure on entertainments in prefectural budget may need a review.

b. More attention should be directed towards ful l utilization of indigenous raw materials with a view to encouraging as much export as possible of manufactured goods using imported materials.

c. The functions of Economic Recovery Commissions to be set up within I Corps Z/A should include:

(i) To study various measures to be taken in order to attain the objectives of Nine-Point Principles.

(ii) To study remedial steps to be taken to minimize unfavourable effects which are expected to take place as a result of application of Principles.

d. It is very important to include representatives from labor in the Commission.

2. Police System:

(To a report that new police system is not working smoothly.) The difficulty seems to lie in financial situation. Although it is well understood that small local autonomous entities are not well off to provide adequate fund for police activities, it should be borne in mind that, as a matter of theory, it is much better that each community made financially responsible for the maintenance of its own police force.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

3. Prefectural Public Information Section:

It is not the intention of Occupation authorities to see that, as a result of establishment of this new section, financial burden to prefectural government be aggravated to a great extent.

4. Sale of Automobiles to Japanese:

(To a report that authorization to sell American cars to Japanese is desirable in view of shortage of means of transportation among Japanese,) Manufacturers in the United States are opposing much disposition of cars imported by Occupation personnel.

5. Communistic Activities:

Give: Full information about tactics adopted by Communists. Their propaganda include in many cases half-lies. Fight against such half-lies.

6. Tax Collection:

Urge the people to keep their records of business so that unnecessary disputes between tax-payers and tax officials be eliminated. Use information activities on this point.

7. Transfer of Senior High Schools:

Only solution will be to set up a special committee composed of same number of representatives from both Prefectural and Municipal school boards with a neutral member.

8. Korean Mob:

It may be worthy considering to import the American system of "Deputising", by which necessary number of citizens may be used to supplement police force in case of necessity.

9. Use of MG Experts:

Many experts assigned to MG Units are available to Japanese officials for assistance and advice. Make full use of them, and also accompany these experts when they make inspections, which will enable Japanese officials to learn the methods and techniques adopted by them.

II Col. Nelson, Econimic Officer

1. Removal of Reparations Equipments:

It is essential to select good contractors for packaging and crating. There have been cases in which troubles were caused by contractors not being sufficiently qualified.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

2. Road Constructing Equipments:

MG Teams are receiving many applications from prefectural governments for loan of such equipments, but 1800 pieces are reported to have been sold to Japanese Government, which must be available for use by Japanese authorities concerned. Only when road is designated for the use of the Occupation Forces are involved, such request may be considered by Regional Engineer.

3. Inventory of Critical Materials:

If surplus critical materials discovered by investigation last year are not fully utilized yet, expedite the distribution of such for use by legitimate consumers. EIB should play a prominent role in the handling of this matter.

4. Crop Collection:

Over-quota delivery of rice should be completed by 31 March. Japanese officials concerned should review the whole program once more is collaboration with MG personnel.

III Maj. Rolls, Legal & Government Officer

1. By-elections:

Urge the people to vote. It is vitally important to maintain high rate of voting if victory by minority group is to be avoided.

IV Maj. Turner, Civil Education Officer

1. Mis-use of School Buildings:

The present situation must be straightened out as soon as practicable. Many cases of use by City or Town Offices need investigation.

2. Buildings for Junior High Schools:

Transfer of school buildings, when necessary, from senior high schools to junior high schools should be encouraged.

V. Capt. Hunsicker, Public Health Officer

1. Health Centre:

Outdoor activities of health centre should be encouraged, for publicity as well as for duty.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

2. Hospital Construction:

Many projects for hospital construction are reported, while only 70% of the present accomodations is in use. Actual need must be estivated before such construction plans are taken up, especially under present financial and material circumstances.

VI Capt. Clark, Civil Information Officer

1. Public Information Section:

It is to be noted that the Occupation Forces policy on this matter is "not to encourage nor to discourage" establishment of such section in the set up of prefectural governments.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

RECEIVED 14 MAR 1949

HEADQUARTERS
KINKI MIL GOVT REGION
APO 25 (Osaka, Honshu)

312.2 11 March 1949

SUBJECT: Standardization of Studies of Military Government Programs

TO : See Distribution

1. Transmitted herewith as Inclosure #1 is a model of the form that will be used in forwarding Studies of Military Government Programs to this headquarters.

2. Studies will be prepared as prescribed and forwarded by letter of transmittal.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL O'MOHUNDRO:

GEORGE MINARIK
Captain CE
Adjutant

INTER-OFFICE
C.O.
Exec.
Adj. 1 Incl
Econ. a/s
Labor
P.H.
Sup.
L.&C.
P.W.
C.Inf.
Matsuru
Ch.Clk.
File
Action
Info.
Year File
Read. Initial & return for Central Files

DISTRIBUTION: Rec'd 15 March.
10 - ea Team.
1 - ea Section of this Hq
1 - File

413

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

(Team Heading)

APO

File No

(date)

SUBJECT: Study of (Study Title) Program

TO : Commanding General
I Corps
APO 301 (Or to this headquarters in the case of Teams)

Study of (Study Title)

Conducted by (Mil Govt Personnel who wrote study)

1. References : (Pertinent OD's, etc.)

2. Purpose : (A brief statement to orient the reader on the topic under discussion)

3. Discussion ; (Under this heading will come pertinent data and statistics plus discussion of the study based in I Corps MG outline)

4. Conclusion : (To be drawn from discussion)

5. Recommendations : (To aid in better evaluating and increasing the effectiveness of the program)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS
APO 301 (Kyoto, Honshu)

GHMc/jn

AG 000.8 - Ba

11 March 1949

SUBJECT: Chapters 5, 6, Handbook for Pupil Guidance in the Upper and Lower Secondary Schools.

TO: See Distribution

1. Attached are chapters 5 and 6 of the handbooks, "Pupil Guidance in the Upper and Lower Secondary Schools," the book distributed by this headquarters 24 January 1949. Chapters 3 and 4 were mailed 7 February 1949.

2. These materials should be used with the books and chapters already sent, as part of the MG approach to guidance in the schools.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL COUTER:

C. C. CARTER
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

1 Incl:
Chapter 3 & 4 Subject book

DISTRIBUTION:
2 ea MG Region & Team (2 copies)
I Corps Z/R
3 AG Rec, I Corps