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## THE <br> APOLOGIE, OR DEFENCEOFA

VERITY HERETOFORE PVBLISHED CONCERNING A MEDICINE CALLED AVRVM POTABILE, that is, the pure fub. fance of Gold, prepared, and made Potable and Medicinable without corroliues, helpefully giuen for the health of Man in moft Difeafes, bur efpecially suailcable for the ftrenghning and comforting of the Heart and vitall Spirits the performers of health:

## AS AN VNIVERSALL

 MEDICINE.Togetber with the plaine, and true Reafons, manifold and irrefragable Teftimonies of fact, confirming the Vniuerfalitie thereof. Andlafly, the manner and order of adminiffration orvfe of this Medicine in fundrie Infirmities.

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Francis Anthonie of London, Doctor in Phyficke.

> LONDON

Printed by Lobn Legatt,
1616.

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# THE PREFACE TO THE INDIFFERENT 

 and Iudicious Reader.

Lexander the Great; King of: Macedon, among fall otber blazons of bis bonour, liath ibis not the leaf: Tlbat is bearing of caunles,both his eares were open to botb parties, Plaintiffe, and Defendant: Thas being rigbtly inforo med, bis decijon of the contronero. fie wight be vpright, not partiall. As this is the duty of every learned andiudiciall Reader: So in this queftion of minie, il cunnot entcrtaine other thougbi, then expectanci of all integrity: Not onely to banc cares, and allother fenjes aneerfiad from the torgnes and quills of idly-learned flainderers, but alfo referued unto a generous equanimitic towards the neceffarie and equable reply of the Defendant.. Nor doubting therefore (gentle Reader) of this yon" dilpofition, I bave written, and dedicated to your bands ard bearts, to take, reade, digeft asid cherifo this Apologic of my Preparretion, and adminiftration of my Effence and Liquor of Gold, commonly called Aurum Potabile or Potable Golde: suith affarance of cenfure on my fide, though difaffing the 1. 3

## The Preface.

A-B-C-durie and Comicall Rayler. If therefore my malicio. ners haue berecofor foduced yow into finifier comftructions of this carye, it wow not your fault, brit their poffing malice, anticipating and foreftalling that better and true information, which this Apologie freely now offerceh, and earnefly in. treateth to be fo accepted. Many good men bane iufly com. plainedagainft the Pasquilling libertie of traducing landerers. If a fuifficient conclusion fiould effethericin, yea, or a mouing Inducemont: then yous with me muft needs confefle, that no virtue Ball baiue his due regard, no man of robatJoener defert, Seall bo fecure of his grod name. NAy contentment and fatisfartion preferruatire: my field and defence againft the tainted darts of fuch aduerfaries, Sall bee fecurvitic againft foule challenge, Impoffibilitic of attaint, the warrant of truth: which in ber nated Jimplicitic Ball main. taine me, in the uprightneff of a good conf ciesce againft all their attexapts, and by Gods grace. powerfully deliner me. In. toyou therefore (indifferent and incere Readers) I confecrate the protection both of this Treatife, and of the cMedicine it felfe therein handled. Becaufe, as no man is created folely for bis owne particular, but forithe profit and good of others; ( for nature bash made, and charitie commanded a vicinitic and neighbourbood betwixt all men) fo this being morserially akinde of vininerfall cMedicine: it ought sot to be reftrained from she publike tëder of profit toall men. Socrates being densanded what Countriman be was, anfwered, not only an Acberian but a Cofmopolitane, a Crtizen of that great Commonnealth, the whole world. Soongtstenery good Phyftion in the publake profeffion of bis facultic, not to buric bis calent in the foyle of one Cosntrey, but to remern, ber, that the very Character of his calling doib challenge the fruits of bis function for all the morld, So far as poffible catacitie ex. tendeth: Specially of this neereft communitic in Cbriftendome.

## The Preface.

dome. Let it not therefore feeme for ange vino yors, (worith) Readers) ibat without exception of Cowntrey or nation, I doe indefirstely appeale winto all, and in Juclo generaligy configie the fe frustions, wibtich long ftudy labor or cbiargeable experience hawe confirmed unto me, in mg profeffion and. Practiofe of Pbyfcke. Ariff. Aaithmorally (bus ibe fentẽce is dinine) Bonv quo cómunius,eó nielius. T he more cormo a goodibing is, the better in is. Of which followethone reafon of this my preSent act: Omne Donú quo melius,cö cómunicabilius. The better any gift is, the more cömunicable alfo ought it to be. And as it is $\int 0$ in nature it felf, foonght it so be in the difpën fation of the poffefour. I do wot berein fopropofe, and magnifie mine own endenours, of the perfection of this. Meducise by nyy felfe made, with a folitarie conceit, and ambitious preindice, as though no perfon elfe where were feized of the like (and peraduenture in a bigher degree of exaltation) but acknowledging Gods bleffings and gifts, to my felfe among ft many others, I may not hide my talent in the earth. But beffide the prefent ofes hereof in moft vrgent caules of bealth, do alfo wifh the pronoking, and virtsous emulation inothers, to incite their induftries in tbe fearch and labour of excellent neceffity for a common good. Alfothat jogenerall a Modicine may as generally be knowne to be bad, to the intent to be ved in all places. Thi opinion of esery excellent, both ancient, and moderne Phyfitions, concerning the virtue, power, efficacic and vfe of Potable gold, is conueffed in the ir orne writigns: who do bold furser, that no Phyfition can well fave the performing bonour of bis profeffion, without Potable gold, bowfoemer o. therms $\int$ e be befornibed with berball Medicines. In which kind alfo, God bath fored fo many particular adiumerts, for the reliefe of mans miferable maladies, that none ought to neglect the indagation of their virtues, the preparation of :heir parts, and adminijf tration of their Remedios. Which as

## The Preface.

Igladly and happily yfe in fic time and place, fo Ialfo comimend the like.vfestoothers, ewen with this Porable Gold, as is commonly y fedin fundry other Polychrefticicesior Panchreo ficke Medicines: : accoidinig to every prefent requifftion of occaffions and ciraumflances, byythe idurice of any rationalland experienced Phyfition. With wbicich profefion 1 offer and © Sutumit the reppect andacceptancice of my linuentionss, dow -s (firing yonall, with like regigard and faiour, to rok den 2u divicueime and embrace this my willand \$1:M a defire ofdoing good, andto 3 .inctrithul be proficiable to



## THE DIVISION OF THIS TREATISE.



Bout fue yeares paft I publifhed a fhort difcourfe for the Alfertion of Chymicall Phyfick, and of true Potablegold, containing thefe heades or Chapters. I. Whether gold may be fo diffolued, that it become truly potable. 2 . That the higheft and moft powerfull excellencie of Medicines is in Mettals. 3. That smongt all Mettals gold hath the prerogatiue, concerning the Phyficall vfe of Medicine. 4. Of what manner is the Art, and myltery to dilfolue gold, and diftill it vp: which commonly is called, Drawing ouer the helme. 5. That it were requifite by publike queftion taexamine and try thistruth of this Magifterie, that fo the mouth of all gainfayers might be ftopped. 6. That Potable gold deferueth the name of a Generallorvinuerfall Medicine: and of themanifold vfe; and efficacic of mine owne Potable goid.

This Treatife of mine, containing a finple, naked and plaine deliuerie of a limple and naked trath, and

## The firl Part.

therefore as fimply and plainly in words and fyle fet forth, though it really fatisfied both here and in forraine parts many learned men, Iudiciall louers of truth, yet it wanted not the common lot of all vertues, to finde maleuolent eyes and detracting encom. berers: fuch as may feeme either with blindezeale, or ignorant opinion of omnifcience, racher to repineat a fee loft, then defire the true knowledge of that, which they neuer intending tolabour for, yet ambitioully defire an imputation of criticall knowledge therein. The fand of this defcent waschiefely, if not only in London. The Iffue, nonc hauegreater caule to mournc for, then the Printers for want of vtterance, or rather they which bare the charge of printing: for vnto Iudiciall Readers, thofe labours of theirs, though they were tedious and naufeous, yet fome recreation followed in laughing at fo much obftetrication of fuch mountaines in the parturition of fuch ridiculous mice. I hope none will expect a cryquit anfwer of me to their moft powerfull arguments, being, in the moft modeft terme, a hamble of impotent and effrenat fcolding : but rather truth and matteragain ff falhood \& words, leauing their tongs and goofe-quils, to the iudgement and cenfure of their owne reformed and better aduifed hearts: of which my charitie perfwades me not wholly to defpaire: knowing fome learned gentlemen of the fame company, not the fame minde, ready to blufh at fuch a publication, which all the learned men of Chriftendom dolaugh: And who can fancy fuch barking Rhetoricke, wherein not only good words, are made the meafures of madnee, but precious houres are confumed in frothy rablings? Ifthey be fillof the fame fpisits, I wifh them thercof full contentment therein:

And that therefore they would in fome hollow craggy place fretch out their own fraines, that 1000.exchange of interell might bountifully returne them their delightfull termes and Syllogifmes in this their new Barbara. But this my Apologie fhall with much tranquillity, I hope, anfwer them, defend mine owne reputation and integritie, vindicate this verity queftioned; giue eftimation to potable gold, and make the vfe thereofmore common. According to which intentions I haue diuided this Treatife in three parts. In the firlt fhall be proued and maintained that which in my firft printed booke was deliuered concerning gold, that it may be made potable and medicinable, and beelteemed for a kinde of generall Medicine, or neere thereto. In the fecond I will fatiffie and fufficiently prooue by irrefragable teltimonies, and examples, that this my Medicine fo much canuafed, both is madeand doth confift of gold, and alfo performeth the true effects, mentioned to be incident vnto potable gold. In the third part I will hew and teach the way how to vfethis Medicine in euery particular difeafe. That all pacified and indifferent perfons, fauorers oftruth, and embracers of Gods bleflings, may enioy the fruition thereof. Some circumftancesallo - I haue hereunto annexed, fuch as are pertinent to this our intent.

It is a controuerfed queftion: Whether there bee or may bee made a generall of vniuerfall Medicine, good for all Difeafes. Many hold the negatiue. If they fpeake precifely of all Difeafes without diftinction, I fay as they doe, and confent. For there be ma: ny fatall, mortall and Incurable Difeafes, againt which all confultation and counfell of Phyficke is buotleffe. Therefore that my affertion of agenerall

Medicine

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## Of the firf Part.

Medicine be rightly vnderftood, I defire my meaning to bee truly and diltinctly taken. For I know that fome difeales be natiue and hereditarie: forne caufed by fome outward and fuperuenient chance or accident: fome proceeding of fimple diftemper:fome of hurnors ioyned therewith. Thofe which are natiue and hereditarie, aregenerally thought, and for the mof part be all incurable, though they may in fome kindereceiue alleuiation and eale: And fome of them alfo in the title of thofe which happen by fuperuenient accident: As luxations, lameneffe, Impotencies, want or fuperfluitie of fome ioynt, blindneffe, deafewelfe, Ambiguitieof fexe, \&c. And thefe fo farre as they be reftaurable and capable of Cure, are chiefely vnderthat part of this facultie which is called Sur. gerie, and requireth the hand, though not alwaies and in all cafes. But thofe Infirmities and Difeafes of the other kinde, proceeding of inward caufes within the body, fuch as, for the molt part, be all Maladies whereupon all Rationall Phy fitions are exercifed, if by adminittration of one Medicine they all I I meane, folong as they are accounted curable by Rationall Phyfitions)may be eafed, mitigated and perhaps perfectly cured,furely fuch Medicine, ought and may be accounted refpectiuely a generall Medicine. For as that Phyfition is to be accounted perfect, and a generall Maiter of his Art which knoweth according to his title, facultie and profeflion, how to cureall difeares, though he leaue and giue ouer fome as incurable, not for want of fitmeanes and skill in all cafes of poffibilitie, but through ineptitude and indifpofition of the fubiect being vncapable of redintegration: So allo that Thall, be accounted a Medicine vniuerfall, which cureth mof and the greateft difeafes, though
Of the firf Part.
not all : not through defect of efficacie in the Medicineit felfe, butrefpectiuely for the inhabilitie of the fubieq.

This alfo may be proued by reafon deriued from thofe Medicines of Rationall Phyfitians, which for the multiplicitie of their operatiue extent to many intentions, and curing of many difeafes, are called Polychrefta, that is, of many vfes. For if there be among them fuch as behelpful not to one only fingular affection, but to many different difeafes, why is it not likewife confequent and reafonable, that by help. of Art, a Medicine may be made much more comprehenflue of efficacie vpon difeafes? And as it may bee made to exceede in one degree, fo in 3.3.4. 100.and from Polychrefton, of many vfes, be Catholicon, vniuerfall, of all $v$ fes. The reafon is all oneto reafonable men.
If obiection be made, that fuch Polychreft is artificially made by compofition of many things, wherin are diuerfitie of natures. And this vniuerfall of one onely, which implieth an impolfibilitie of different and contrary operatiue faculties: to this $I$ anfwere; that Polychrefts are made out of Simples without commixtion: As from R heubarbe, Vineger, Lead; Niter, Vitriall, Opium, Camphire, and many other, wherof fome doe both loofe and knit, fome do heate and coole, fome haue other contrary effects,which appeare in their operations, and are tefififed by Writers. Thefe things being thus in impure mixtures and vnperfect bodies, what doubt can thiere be made of the high prerogatiue and fupreme excellencie of Gold, which all the learned and experienced antiquity, and the continued deriuation from thence wntothis day haue acknowledged and magnified forA. 3
the chiefe, ifnot only Treafurie, and rich Cabinet of vniuerfalitie and Panchrefticke Medicine: In which all the dowers of allother Medicines, whatfoeuer are written and experimentally found, be viited and naturally inclofed.

The fecond reafon.

Secondly, whereas the originall of molt difeafes fpringeth from that, which the Phyfitions call Inremperies, that is, a diltemperature,being efpecially in the firt qualities, hot, cold, moift or drie; there is no reafon to the contrary, but that one Medicine, being without excelfe or defec, in equall harmonie of all qualities moft temperate, and alfo powerfull in operation,may bee fufficient for the collection, qualifying, and rectifying of all and euery fuch diftemper. Such a like body is gold: which notwithftanding it be compounded ofthe foure Elements, jet is this in prerogatiue aboue all other naturall bodies, endowed with an exact temperament and equalitie of the compounding Elements, and Elementall qualities. Euery one to the other three, and all foure to and among themfelues by exact naturall equalitie and perfect mixture, are fo compounded to the perfection of this body, that it conftantly perfifteth in the fire without diminution. From this proportionall mixture of Elements refulteth a temperament of fupreme mediocritie : whereupon that our learned and famous countryman Roger Bacon, calleth Gold the meane betweene the foure fir $\xi$ qualities. Seeing therefore by Gods gift in the creation it confifteth of fo true an adequation and fubtile temperament, thismult needs appeare and new it felfe operatiuely in confequent cffects vp. onthofe firt qualities, and be powerfull againft all diftemperatures, whether hot or cold, moyit or dry, or any their combinations : Firf allaying and bri-
dling any excelfe therein, and fo by degrees and fucceffion ouercomming the whole difcord, and reftoring mediocritie of temperament betweene all. So that the generall Axiome or Rule of great Hippocrates is here magnified: That Difeafes are cured by Medicines contrarie to themfelues. For the meane betwixt two extremes is no lelfe contrarie to both and either of them, then one extreme to an other : and more powerfull in reduction, by how much it is more habituall and fixed in the vnfpotted mediocritie and equalitie. Let this be vnderfood of gold dilfolued and made potable, otherwife it is not operatiuc vpon thofe diftempered qualities in one kinde or other

Thethird Reafon concerneth the temper of the bodie to bee cured. Death (faith Galen) doth al- The ${ }^{3}$ third waies follow the vameafurable or exceffiue diftem-reafon. peratures of the Heart. So likewife doe Difeafes. For all parts of the bodie languilh with the Heart. Let vs therefore confider a little the Emperie of the Heart in mans bodie, how by his owne heate and vitall fpirit, it raigneth ouer, and in all parts of the bodic. Let vs alfo take into conlideration the diftemperature of other parts making impreffion vpon the Heart, and foare caufes of languihment and death. VVhich beeing on either fide certaine, then it malt alfo bee true, that if golde adminiftred doe reftore integritie of temperament to the Heart, the other parts and members of the bodie thall alfo receive comfort, frength, reftauration, and finally life to the whole bodie. VVherefore the firft office of euerie good Phyfition is, to haue fueciall regarde, to main-

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## The firf Part:

taine and $v$ phold the fírituall functions of his difea. fed patient, which all haue their originall from the heart. For if hefuffer them to quaile, and ouer much to bee deiected, all Cordialls will then come vafeafonably. Thatadmonition is iult and neceffarie Furff frengt ben and comfort the Heart, then apply for the Difeafe, if neede be: for oft times, the Heart being well corroborated, the Difeafe imminent vanifheth. But fome will aske, how gold, fo hard, folide and compact, and therefore indigeftable by any ftrength ofmans Itomacke,can palfe from thence to the heart, and flrengthen, comfort, rectifie and reftoreit; conconfidering that thefe and fuch like faculties come to it by the plentie of pure, cleere, and fubtill fpirits of the blood, which cannot be made of any thing not digefted both in the Stomack and Lyuer, and theretore not ofgold. In anfwer whereof I fay, that long and daily obleruation hath confirmed, that many thingsnaturally are effected by the hidden and fpecificall properties of fome things, whereof no vnderflanding of man can giue a certaine and vndifputable manifeft caufe or reafon. We fee the affinitic of natures betweene Iron and the Lode-fone, and the pointing of this to the North Pole. Of which kinde there be infinite exemplarie inftances. Neither doe the moft learned Phyfitions and beft Philofophers fo well agree vpon the reafons of thofe Purging Medicines which they call Electiue, as appropriate fpecially to one humour:and diuers others to fome fpeciall part of the bodie, yea and to fome fpeciall difeafes: but that a greatpart of them doe flie to thefe hidden and fpecificall properties; fome in the fame, fome in other termes. In which ranke if wee marfhall gold, what Lieuetenant will chide? He certainly mult be
fome ourerweening man, that will queftion thefe no ${ }^{-}$ blevertues ofgold, that hath read fo many notable and famous Authors for that affirmatiue alfertion; part whereofl haue cited in my other booke, being but one Rank of a whole Armie. Here I will only trouble the Reader with a few lines out of that famous Phyfition and excellent Philofopher Araald. Gold altereth the euill corsdition of mans body; clenfeth and reneweth it. The vertue of many things may come neere the particulars of the operation bereof, but no one performe it all. But potable gold alone is it which worketh thefe miraculous effects:this is not zubieet to corruption, but is agreeable tothe Complexion and temperament of man. It dothneither. beate, nor coole, nor moyffer,noor diry: but is temperate is all: temperature, and excceedethall thing sin durabilitie: : It helpetb a cold fomacke, and gineth courage to Cowards and fearefull hearts: It be lpeth the pafions of the Heart: - It is: goodasainft CMelanchoty: It comfortecth saturall heate anad tempereth the fame, neitber may any thing be compared to is orfupply the flead thereof. The vertue thereof is manififf in the fubllance of it. It clenjeth and clarifieth by reaforn of the naturall beate it bath. It giseth high aisd dupreame temperament abowe all other things, by reafon of the great temperament of it felfe: and beeing it lelfe moft durable, it caunjeth continiance and durabilitie, according to naturall poffibility in othenthings, and preferveth mans body. And becaunf eit is like to the Complexion of mens bodic, therefore if it be prepared as it ougbt, it mill ioynci and incorporate thereunto . But all the fecret is in the preparation of it, wbich the wife Philofophers baut conccaled. It confirmeeth and keepeth Jound the fubffunce of tbe Heart, and preferiech it and clarifiet b the fubffance of the pirits, and fendet th good bloodio tbe skin, and with a light and eafie abferfion preferueth besuty as in jouth. Thus he writeth, as alfo inother places of this

Author you may reade many admirable effects and vertues of gold both folide and potable. How gold is fo powerfall a Cordiall and fo generalla Medicine, is. held a very difficult queftion to finde the caufe and reafon thereof. Let euery mans opinion bee freeto himfelfe. I will without preiudice to any other briefely fhew you my opinion. I take it for granted that gold of all mixed bodies is moft equall and temperate in the Elements and elementall qualities, fo that moy flure with heat as agent, drineffe with coldnes as patient and fubied to action, are infeparably with naturall concordance perfectly ioyned. Wherefore gold is refpectiuely a body not only incorruptible in wa. ter, fire, ayre, and carth, and as it were an earthly image of eternitie, but alfo moft conuenient, agreeable, and as it were allied to and with the heart of man, which of his hot moyfture doth worke the vitall fpirits, and maintaine the arteriall beatings of the pulfe in all parts of the bodie. And this temperament of gold mult bee confidered two waies. Firt (as Scholers call it). Arithmetically: hence commeth the equalitie and equabilitie of qualities elementarie in the compact and folide body thereof, not refolued into the permanent forme of potable liquor. In this confideration it were very hard for learned Phyfitions that buildfo much vponand preife authoritie, to deny that gold hath and actiuely doth fhew many great effectiue vertues, feeing the Catalogue is fo great of many notable and famous Phyfitions which extoll the effects thereof, and atthis day doe ve it fo much, as of gold quenched in wine, boyled in broth, giueninlimell or foyle in Conferues and Electuaries. The hope and end thereof in all their intentions, is to Corroborate and comfort the heart. And this tempera-
temperature in and of gold is habituate and coelfen. tiall with the whole fubitance, matter and forme, in all the Elements both actiue and paffiue. And becaufe not the materiall but the formal Etfence is mot operatiue and profelfor of the nobleElements; fire and ayre, from whence refulteth in an indiffoluble bond, heate and moyfure fo friendly agreeable to mans nature. Thereforegold in his naturall coagulation and foliditie, cannot fo fully according to the inward power of his naturall efficacie and vertue, fhew and performe the effects thereof, as being refolued, opened, and made potable, that the Elements and elementall qualities may more freelyboth worke and bewrought vpon, and be brought from their po. tentiality to actiuitie in application to the body of man. For then the agent and formall vertues, fireand ayrebepredominant in their exaltation Whole propertie, being communicated \&applied to \& with the firits of our body, is to refrefh, comfort \&oftrengthen the heart: renew, reftore, and increafe the fpirits, by that wonderfull facultic, and neere equalitie as it were brotherhood which it hath to them. And this in the fecond confideration of the temperament of Gold Geometricall inthat differentrefpect, as the other is called Arithmeticall. In which that proportionate qualitie friendly and concordant to the heart and temperament of $m a n$, and that complexioned moyft heate or hot moyfture, is preualent or predominant. And one chiefereafon why Arnald before cited and very many others of enreprooueable authoritic, doe fo moch commend, and with a referued fecrecie admire the excellent dowers of gold, is, that being made potable, it reftoreth, augmenteth and preferueth that our bumidum radicale and calidum
innatum, Naturall heate and moyfture, (vnderfand them complexioned not diffinct) and fo with refpectiue póflibilitie, prolongethlife, and keepeth backe old age, I meane the fenfe of the defects and infirmities thereof.

Obiection.
If it be obiected that this exact temperatureand equality of mixture in gold being füppofed, it canuot actively operatec r worke any thing in mans bodie, becaufe, as euery action commeth from or by meanes of fome predominant qualitie, fo equalitie without difparagement keepes all in an vndefeazeable bond of an irtefolublecompound. I anfiver thus. In cafes where theintemperature or diffemper of the difeafe (or the degree thereof in fome cafes) is not yet kriowne, the doctrine pofitiue and counfell of Phyfitions is, to ve and adminifter temperate Medicines; which fhall not be offenfiue manifeflly to any qualitie, but indifferent and allowable to all. If this be done with good aduife and reafon: in fuch like cafe, it muft needs be far more confonant toreafon, and behoouefull to thepatient, to give fuch a Medicine as is not only témperate by qualification, but fo prerogatiuely excellent therein, that it cannot lofe that temperature and the confequent efficacie thereof, by the force of any thing confonant or diffonant. Which is farre otherwife in all vegetables reputed equall in cemperament becaufe they are apt in fome cafes to caufe dangerous diftemperature in mans body. Examples are plentifull: Butforinftance take Mannait felfe reputed a very temperate laxatiue, yet very eafily it felfe turning into ahot Cholerick humour, and encreafing the fame, and the diftemperatures and difeafes confequent thereupon according to the difpofition and inclination of the body receiuing it. Of which
which there is no fearein the vee of gold, for the reafons aforefaid. Therefore whether the Tenure be: That Contraries be cured by Contraries, hauing refpect to the difeafe and the caufe thereof, the qualitie of the Medicine is remedy: Or that like are conferued by their like, with regard to the frength of the patient and comfort of the heart, according to the doGrine of Hippocrates: Gold (as hath beene prooued) mult needs bein both intentions the fitteft and molt conuenient Medicine and remedy for difeafes of what temper or difternper foeuer, being aduifedly gio uen : fpecially being Philofophically opened, refolued and made potable:
That there may bee a generall or vniuerfall Me dicineis alfo prooued, by confideration taken from the nature of the perfon difeafed, with reference to the difeafe. For if the difeafe be frong, like a heauie burden preffing the patient; and the poore patient weake not able to beare out the Critical day of happy iudgement of iffue of the maladie; I aske in this cafe what ought to be done. Certainly, ratherenable the body to the end of the Combate, by comforting and flrengthning the heart, then vainly attempt to remooue the log, and fuffer him to finke vnder the burden. For, not the Medicine, but nature alone is the true phy fition, curing all infirmities, iffhe be notoppreffed, or that fhe be fo releeued, that ftrength in her be maintained. It is not vnlike by comparifon vnto the charge of fumpter Mules or Pack-horfes, which oft times vfe to bee fed trauelling that they may endureto carry their burdens to the Inne, not difcharged vntimely of their packes. And by this meanes they neede not be valoaden at euery bayte; but proriendred vader their loads for the quicker difpatch.

So no difeafe is cured, the flrength not maintained: but contrarily by perfect Methode the ftrength and power of the body is by degrees to bee reftored and comforted, that the difeafe may be both refolued, and life maintained. To this purpofe did Arnoldius write in thefe words. The only intention of ancient Pbyfre tions wos, to give vigor and firengsh unto nature: Wl'o being Irengtbned, performeth what oouer is expedient. And by this meanes they neuer did onerthrow any man. Therefore never ceafe to worke mith Cordialls in adminiffration of Phyficke. This is the counfell of Arnald.
The fiftrem Moreouer, many difeafes proceed from obitructifon. ons of fome vifcous, hymie and mucilaginous mat: ter, not feparated in the velfels of concoction, by their imbecillity, either naturall, or accidentall. Therfore, if this obltruent matter be fubtiliated, the obAtruction fhall thereby be taken away, \& confequent: Iy both the difeafe and accidents of the difeafe cured. Of fuch kinds of Ob frucions, befides other difeafes; many kinds of fevers doe arife, burning, rotten, heetick, peltilent, \&cc. Alfo many and dangerous ficknelfes both hot and cold. Again(t which though Medicine made of vegetables doe often very much preuaile:yet becaufefor the molt part they be too weak, and leaue no folide and lafting impreffion : or contrariwife worke fo violently, and feldome without fome offence, fearce euer with fuch temper, gentlenes and fincerity as is requifite. Therefore that Medicine which being moft temperate and equally graduated to the Elementall harmonie of mans body, ought iuftly to be preferred both before them and all of that kind. For fuch one cannot by his coldnetre offend the complexioned parts, nor by his heate the hot $\because$ but by. opening and fo promotiuely taking away the Obltru. ction, be equally \& certainly profitable to all. Galess

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teacheth that the caule is to betake away, by finding out,and applying the true contrary of euery alterable nature. Asto cure any difeafe coming of and depending on Obfruction, is the diffoluing of matter obfiruent, \& opening the Obflruction. This counfell we ought to follow inal fuch cafes, in openingt at which is forcibly fhut. And then gentle and quict reftitution commeth of temperament to all dittempered parts. For, whether the excelfe were in heate orcold, the fpirits which were fhut ip in prifon, now fet at liberty, are refrefled, recouer their former vigor, and health to the whole body. If the blood (faith Hippocrat.) be ftopped in his courfe, and the fpirit with it, it caufeth chy Ineife, numme ife, giddines, loffe or hinderance of fpeach, heauines \& paine of the head \& convulfions, after which follow many kinds of the falling ficknes: which beaccounted cold difeafes. In briefe; it is hooft euident, that only Obfructions be the caufe of many and fundry difeafes, not only different, but directly contrary each to other. Therfore as one caufe brought them in, fo may one Medicine expell them.
But paufe a while. It may be demanded how hu- Obietion. mors fo exorbitât \& abounding as they do in the bodies of manymen, fhal be emptied from thence by the force of any medicine, whole faculty is nut tu expel or purge by the common palfage, and whofe intent is to be only frengthning and conforting the heart.

To which I anfwer: It is true, that in many difea- Solution. fes the abundance of humors are fuch caufes, that except they be purged away in due and conuenient time and order, it is fcarfe poffible to hope for a found recouerie: in vvhich cafe if fome gentle Purgation, together vvith the adminiftration of this vniuerfall Medicine be vfed, both the ftrength fhall be better maintained, fooner recouered, and the difeafe ouer-
come. Yet though no purgation be giuen, but onely this vniuerfall Medicine attimes adminiffred, fuch is the vertuc thereof, that Nature it felfe being frengthned and connforted aboue the malice of the offending humors and the difeafe, will expell the burden of thofe humors by the moft conuenient pallages which that cafe may require, whether it be by fiege, vomit, vrine, fweate, or other exitures. For the Phylition at tending, is not directer and Mafter, but minitter and feruant in fit adminiftration vnto nature : which being comforted and Atrengthned, will helpe her felfe beyond all hope and conceit of man, as hath bin often found to the admiration of the greateft Doctors which hitherto haue written, and happeneth daily in our owne experience. In all difeafes the Phyfitions part is, to promote the indeauour of nature to expel the offending humors by thofe palfages, which berfelfe fheweth and directeth; with difcretion betweene criticall and fymptomaticall euacuations, and of the conueniencie of a few circumftances following the particularities of the difeafe: Of this I could eafily and plentifully bring many irrefragable and demonftratiue reafons: but they may partly bee vnderftood by that which is already faid, and partly are written by diuers others graue and learned Authors. Therfore I wilfollow breuitie, \& only fet down a few lines out of that profound and fingular Philofopher Raymund Lully: who in the 32. Chapter of the Theorie of his Teftament writeth thus.Bleffed be our glorious and omnipotent God who bath giuce mankinde knowledge and vnderffanding to ioyne and integrate the confujfed partio cularitie of all Medicines mitsh onereall uniucr falitite, by which all things be and continue rectififed. Therefore Sonne I warre thee, if thous defireft to be a perfect Phyfition, fet not
thy Practife on the particularitics of Medicine, or itheparticular interitions of Physicke, becaufe they be confufed, and at this day not found nor perfect. For mature cannot evidure them, by resfon of their too much confufion, but is beft pleafedor fatisfied with and in one only corsdicune. Becaufe there is but one Medicine truly curing all informities, and comforting the pirituall vertues and ponvers of life, erc. And a little after in the fame. He that knowet h how to reduce moft particularities or: vertues (for the intention of Curing difeafes) vnto one vaiuerfalitic (of fubiett) Ball bee the moft excellent amongf Phyfitions. In particular CMedicines vertues bee confufed: but in ans vinuerfall, they bee reall, waited, and active, as the whole course of wature Soeweth. And this is Mediciva, cWedicinarsm, fuperlatively by excellencie and prerogatime the Medicine of Medicines. And bee that bath juch a Medicine, bath a pretions gifs of God. For it is an incomparable treafure. Thusfar Raymund: who though he there fpeake of that great and high Philofophicall fecret, yet he plainly witneffeth that there is in nature a vniuerfall Medicine: which whether it be made ofgold, or gold made of it, It mattereth not much, for either way it fufficiently proueth, the excellent properties of gold moft agreeable to mans nature; which hauing thus farre prooued, I will here end this firt part of this Treatife.

Hauing thus, vnto moderate and well tempered Iudgements (for my intent and purpofe in this treatife)prooued, that there hath bin, and thereforemay be a Panchrelticall Medicine, for which verymany learned are either fearchers themfelues, or witneffes of other mens happinesin attaining the fame: yet becaufe the peruicacie of fome is fuch; that againft experiment and fenfeit felfe, they will (peraduenture
confciou fy) pretend the Impoffibilitie \& maintaine the negatiue:\& fome againe, though yeelding a poffibilitie \& maintaining the affirmatiue, wil fight in the fhadow of one in Itance: contending, that thogh they grantedit may be ; yet this fubiect of mine, this my potable gold hath not either the true, or neere preparation of that forenowned and famouly mentioned Medicine, powerfull and auaileable in all difeafes that may happen to men : I will applie my felfe to their fatisfaction. My anfwer hall be breefe, and of twoforts. Firlt by Reafon: fecondly, by manifeft and cleeredemonftration of effects, of manifold experiments and witnelfes beyond exception : which be the maine pillers \& onely necelfary fubftructions of all knowledg in matter controuertible amongf men.

Concerning the proofes of reafon, I haue fuffciently fatisfied that point in my other booke in the fourth, fift, and fixt chapters. Yet further I pray confider here with me, that there bee many pathes leading to the fame Towne, and many waies to one and the fame end. Some in their endeauours and purfuite for the attaining of a vniuerfall Medicine labour in Minerals and thofe Mettals which refpectively bee called, and are vnperfect: Some in Salts:fome in vegetables,fome in the Animall kinde: cuery one dittying the found of the bellanfwerable to his owne tune. Let each of them therefore follow the Iffue of his owne labors. I force not againf them. Butfreely profelfe that in the perfwation of thofe reafons which haue lead mee, I refolutely fet downe my reft for this fcrutinie in naturall gold, and therein haue employed my Induftry: with what fuccelfe and happie IIfue, I appeale to the moft certaine, true and vacontrollable ludge and Doctreffe,

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which is experience. The centonary Fropperies of Alphabetaries, of Aurum now Aurum, fhall nothing abate the vindicting of this conftant truth, that by my preparation, Aurum non Aurum, gold hath beene fo altered in and from the compacqure and foliditie of his primitiue body; and in that refpect it may bee called, and truly is, non Aurum, not gold, but deltroyed, concerning the groffe body, and altered into a fubtile, penetrant and volatile nature, and fo exalted into thefull actiuitic of a mof precious Medicine, with all the powerfull explications of healthfull and helpfull my fteries which nature hath fealed in that body, andleft to the induftrious labour of manto vnfold. For gold is the Embleme of a magnificent and moft princely Pallace, drawing the beholders of his naturall lufter, to fearch what excellent Iewels bee contained within that outward wall of forich promifes. Which though they be many and admirable, yet: few attaine to the fruition thereof, becaufeby externe apparences, they ayme at the latent and hidden vertues: neither doe they know the right key to vnlock thatrich Cabinet. And although I cannot fufficiently declare, nor prize, all the faculties (which berefpeCtiuely innumerable) of this bountifull treafury:yet I may and doe confidently acknowledge and profelfe, that I haue found in vfe \& practife very many ofgreat worth; which a in themfelues, for the vife of men they be of greatworth, and eftimation, fo for them, man is reciprocally bound both to ackwowledg \& thankfully embrace, as Gods large bleffing; who commandeth vs to knock at thefe gates of Nature, that they may be opened vnto vs, that fo we may finde and en. ioy the treafures locked therein. What man amonglt thoufand bath found out and perfected the like $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ magifte- magifteriall fecret?Who is he among many, that hath not tyred his teeth in the hard fhell, neuer inabled by cracking it, to come to the fweet kernell, in which dwelleth this mellite and gentle liquor of gold? But I will leaue this digreffion, and returne to the intendet end.
.Reafon.
There is no queftion but that a Medicine made of naturall gold, diffolued without things corrofiue, and brought into a fubftance in forme like hony, and Medicinable, potable, anid difperfeable into any liquor, is both excellent, and iufly to be repuited potable gold. But this Medicine of mine, made and confifting in it felfe of gold, is fuch (as I haue before prooued and Thall further hereafter proue) therefore it is, and ought to be acknowledged for true potablegold. The propolition needeth none other proofe, then the confent of all famous writers of and vpon potable gold: The Affumption,whereupon the Inference and Conclufion dependeth, is prooued in my firft publifhed booke, as alfo out of manifent demonftration, not priuate, to my felfe, but publike in the fight of many, not onely once done, but fundry times iterated: : in which proceedings, the demonftratiue tokens mentioned in Art, are apparent : the Inftrumentall water which was in the forme of common water before it was put vpon the gold, in few daies becommeth tincted, with a deepe and ruddy colour, alfo when the Infrumien. tall water fo tincted, fhall be diftilled away, the folution of gold remaineth in forme of hony as by Philofo. phers is fpecificd. In the wholeniagifterie, Art or proceffe I haue not kept any thing fecret, faning the Infrumentall water as Raymuind tellifieth.: But fome will fay, If this be that true Potable gold, why do you make it common to others? Good Sirs,forfooth I an-
The firf tipart.
fwer, becaufe it is fuch, theréfore I make it common, concerning the vee: Which being profitable to all, challengeth theright and law of nature and charitic, to be communicated toal. But that other great fecret: of the Philofopher, not communicable to others, is onely profitable to the Author himelf. And therfore? let not this be the leffe precious insitfelfe, becaufein-1 numerable men receiue health and comfortthereby? : The funne giueth vifible light to the whole world. Is : it therefore an inferiour Planet vnto Mercniry which feldome appeares in the fight of men?

Againe. That Medicine which really performeth 2 , Reafon. thetrue and proper vnqueftioned effects of Aurutio pai: tabile being effentially made of the faid fubiect,ought: and needes shuft be accounted true potablegold:'But: this Medicinc of mine, hath produced thenotable? effects, only proper to potable gold. Therforelit mutt needes be the fanse. An affirmatiue argument from theeffect to the caule is good and frong: as likewife: from the caufe to the effect In the holy Scriptures; a Prophet thallibe uudged great, by his great warkes. As Elias, Elija; and the Apoifles raifed the dead, as our Sauiour Chrift did: (It being proper only tothe: power of God) whofe doctrine they as forerunners; thefeas fucceeders preached, in one verity, and the fame diuine gift. The Analogie and proportionall deduction of Tuference, is alike true in Arts and Sciw ences, and in all workes both of Nature and Art, whether lingular or conioyned.So our Potable gold, brought from the potentialitie of natures lock; vato. the actisitie which artifixill opening exciteth and manifefteth, is knowne hy hiş $\rho$ whe proper andinferg parableefficacies and effects, largely affirmed min other booke. The Affumption of this Argument,
drawing the conclufion, I will further heereafter, by examples confirme.

The third Reafon may be taken from the extraordinarie and wonderfull manner of working in the nature and refolution of gold, whereby it is brought from fixation, to volatility, and fo made potable. Thereforel fay thus: Whofoeuer can fo diffoluc the body of gold, that it fhallnot by any Art be reduced againe into fixed folide gold, but fo perfift; doubtles hath made potablegold, medicinable and profitable for the health of man:: But by Gods bleffings in my endeauours; I haue oftentimes done this,and flil can doe it: therefore doubtleffe I haue oftentimes made, and Itillcam make potablegold, medicinable and profitable formans health. The deperidence and connexion of this propofition flandeth in this : That gold in his primitiue, naturall, hard, compact body, cannotcommunicate his internall vertues in mans body; and therefore is not medicinable. For then the formalitic of gold is not loofened from the bride, or freedfrom the bodily prifon, and bonds of coagulation; andtherefore noteafily worke vpon the fubiect whereunto it is applied. But contrariwife, being vltimatly and irreducibly folute, it is then apt for action. So that ifthe fubflance of gold be exalted in his exuberate colour, it is a true token that it is made fubtile, attenuate; and therefore Medicinable; and that the aery and fiery parts, or Elementalitie thereof, are predominantouer the earthy and watery. And in this manner preferuing the naturall vnitie of the whole compound, doe draw them (not altering the compofition, but fubtiliating the fubflance) in the exalted fymbolifme of the fame Elements. The Alfumption hath the fame proofe and confirmation which the
other before : that is, my very often and almof daily experience, whereof, if need be I, can produce many eye-witnelfes of eminent rancke, and amongft them fome learned Phyfitions, againlt whom no one dare mutter an exception. But as Avicen in his booke de Anima, maketh three kinds of proofe. 1. Sophificall.2. Logicall, and 3. Serijble by fight: of which it is to be vnderftood, that by Sophifticall there hemea: neth not falfe or counterfeit cauillings. But leauing that apart, I will content my felfe with the other twaine. The Logicall part of which we hauchitherto difcourled by infe. rence of reafon: And now, will
we proceeede to thethird, being of fenfible and eye-witnelfedexperirnents.


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 EXPERIMENTS AND OCVLARE TESTIO $1 O$ OLES, CA FEVV DRAVVENOVI OF A GREAT NWMBER,BXWHICH the Wunderfull vertues of this my Pota-
ble gold in the Curirg of Difcales are fully Shewed, perbibited and auouched, by oculare and fenfible teftinonies, tree from allfuture challenge and queftion.

A PROTESTATIONOF THE Author, to the writers of thefe EpiItles or Letters following.


Onorable, Vorfhipfull and Worthy perions, I intreate your curtefies, and confiderate humanities, not to take in ill part or make linifter conltructio, that I haue without your fpeciall allowances \& warrants, publifhed thefe your letters written vnto me, concerning the effects and fuccelfes in the adminiftration of my Potable gold.
gold. Protelting hereby, that I entertaine not the lealt thought of wronging any of you; but beeing compulfarily enforced to the necelfarie defence of my Integritiẹand good name, intentiouly fcandalifed in the oppugning of this Medicine, which is the fubiect of this Difcourle. I pray you all willingly to confent to this auerrment ofyourowne confciences, and teltifying both the Innocenceie of mee, and vfefull neceffity of a Medicine prooued by your felues in fo many cafes ofdangers, left and forfaken after all other knowne Remedies rankly attempted: and prognolticaily repated defperate. Which your confents, I doubt not fhall record an honorable memo. rie of you, in the maintenance of fo neceffarie,
and healing truth.I hall neqer faile by any my habilities, to be ready in
any kinde of feruices of good offices towards you.
D Tranfmarine


## TRANSMARINE TESTIMONSIES.

 THE VSE OF THE POTABLE GOLD BROVGHT OVT OF ENGLAND, AND PRESENTED. TOHIS SACREDIMPERIALL Maieltie I doe approoue, by the happie fucce fle an troo cafes of mine experience. Irft, I gaue one ounce waight thereof to a yong man naturally ftrong, but then farre fpent with a malignant feuer, being febris inclsfa, with Idlencfle of his Braine. After taking thereof he flept, and in his nleepe, auoided through his mouth, foure long and round wormes, liuing and quicke. So was he quit and free both from the feuer, congelation, and diftemper of the Braine. Notwithftanding many Remedies had beene before prooued vpon him, and he hadlyen in this cafe foure weekes extremely ficke, in great dan. ger of death.

AN other alfo recouered by this potable gold; Who beeing polfelfed of a Quartane feuer, (which tooke him in the Autumne or fall of theleafe, and held him all winter) and was thereby fo weakened, that his frength feemed vtterly decayed, and ready to fall into a Dropfie. This man after many Purgations, tooke of me an ounce of this Potable gold, in the diftilled water of Cardsus Benedrctus: whereby hee fell into fo ftrange and vnaccuftomed〔weat, as I cannot reméber euer to haue read, or heard of the like. For befide that it was naturall, with out other impulfion, and fo abundant that two perfons had their handsfull in drying him, yet it focontinued 3. daies and 3 .nights. But the moft wonderfull thing of all was, that in this extraordinary fweat, and abltinence from meate the time of threedaies and nights, he was fo farre from fainting, for fo much as any perfon could obferue, that with this naturall and fpontaneall euacuation, he did euery houre waxe ftronger, luftier, and more cheerefull: And at the endof thefe daies, he was throughly recouered and in perfect health.

## I doe witneffe this

Iohn Athmestettin Pubemheimb and Weyer,Dr. in Phyficke, and Phylfition to the Sacred Imperiall Maieftie.
D z Righte

## Right worfhipfull Sir.



Auingread your true Affertion of that high Medicine the Aurum Po. tabile, and heardrelation made of the ftrange and wonderfull effects of the fame, by my Lord Roffe his Maiefties Ambalfadour, Sir $N$. Drury.and Mr. Stafford, with diuers others noble and gentlemenof England that wereat this Election \& Coronation in Frankforth, I could \& wouldrotomit to vifit you with thefefew lines, humly intreating you, that for my pay, I might be partaker of this ro great a giftof God. And hauing vnderfood by theletters of Sir Heriery Cary,that 4. ounces of this high medicine are fould for twenty fhillings, thaue intreated this gentleman to lay out foure pounds fterling, that I might haue i6. ounces of it. The which, if I may attaine at your hands, as alfo the dofe, the manner aud time of cxhibiting it (forvinwilling would lerre contrary to your experience) I fhall ever hold my relfe boúnd and behoulding vnto you. Thus humbly befeching you that for common fudies fake, you would not let me faile of my Intreatie, I reft

> Your thorigh oriknowne yet eser loning friend IA E S M OS A N, Pbyfitiontobts flighineffe. CASSEI IN HESSEN THIS ISIUli. 1612.

RIght Worfhipful Sir, I thank you mof highly for your Aurum Porabile which you fent me: which indeede I do neuer vfe, but sin neceffitie, whenother Medicines will fhew no help at al.I haue tried thevertue thereof in extreame vomitings: In the paffion of the hart: In malicious and contagious Dyfenteries or bloody fluxes: In therifing or fuffocation of the mother, and the falling fickneffe by reafon thereof: In the Colike. In all which difeafes after all other helps inward and outward hauefailed, one dofe of this Medicine did effect fo much, thatallthefe patients after they had taken it, as it were in few houres recouered their health. I haue alfotried it, in that difeafe which is called Melaniboliahypiocondriaca (in Englifh Tome call it the Melancholie of the gutts) but have not found that effect as in the former. Yet it hath comforted the party maruelloufly.

From Sleufingen2 4 of Febr. 1612,

> Your eucr good fricnd
> Iames Mosan.

$$
\text { D } 3: \text { Worhip: }
$$



VVOrhipfull Dr. Anthony, you may thinke me either forgetfull, or vnthankfull for your manifold curtefies towards me. But the truth is, I can finde no conuenient meanes as I would, how to hew my thankfulnelfe; and therefore conltrained to die your debter.

- Your Aurum Potabile is an admirable Medicine in molt Dffeafes. I haue giuen it in the beginning of a Podagricall fit: Whereupon the patient fell into a Eweat, and therewithall his paine ceared, and the patient walked agaime in fhort fpace. Alfo in the blondy flux I haue vfed it, In the falling fickneffe: In the fuperfluous Menltruall flux of women: In the wormes of yong children; In the Meafels and fmall Pocks:Almoll in all the Difeafes of the Matrice, it is a moft excellent Remedie.Let all them that haue written againft it, talkeidely \& nothing to the purpofe. This grant them, that they haue read much, and write learnedly, but nothing to difprooue your Medicine: That little experience that I haue made of it, and others haue found, is fufficient to fhew their vanitic. SoI delire to be commended to you, \&c.

From Caffell this 16.0 Auguft. $1 \sigma_{14}$.

> Your moof loning friend
> Iames Mofanus.


V't that I may the better adnertife, deelare and fatisfie this relation by letters fent unto me from this faid noorthy, trily learned, andver. twoully adorncd gentleman Iames Mofan Doctor of Phyfcke, andprimate Ply fition in ordinary to the Land/grane of Heff. I thinke it not amiffe bere to infert that wotich came from an Englufo gentleman named Alexander Oldfield, then beeing in Germany; who in the yeare 1613. the 22. of Inly, incertaine letters fent to Sir Richard Norton Knight, andby bim Beswed untome, amongf oiber matterswritesh thus.
One thing I had almolt forgotten, which I intreate your Worfhip to certifie to my Lord', the Lord Bithip of Winchefter; that being at Hall the 28. of May, I met with the Landfgraue of Helfen his Dottor of Phyficke, which fpeakes Englifh very well(forhe proceeded his degreesin Oxford.) Andtalking with him about Phyficke, hee asked whether I knew Doctor Anthony. I told him that I had heard of him. Hetold me, that his Aurums Potabile was excellent Phyficke: and the firf experience that he had made ofit, was on a maide of 21 . yeares of age, which was fore troubled with the falling fickneffe, and fince that time fhe was neuer troubled with it, being now aboue a yeare paft.

Hegaue her one ounce therof at a time, and that felfe fameday the fell into the palfions of that Difeafe elewen times; \& (as I faid before) The neuer fel fince into them. Hee gaue it alfo to a childe not aboue foure monethes old, which was grieuoully troubled with that difeafe, and it helpt the childe prefently.

Alfohe gaue it to one that was troubled with the bloudy flux, and was broughtfo low with it, that no man thought he could haue recouered: he gaue him one ounce at a time, and that but onceonly, and inftantly he recouerd, and is very well.

Hegaue it alfo to a woman which was in childebed, and was exceeding weake with the fcouring, and nothing could ftay it but that Aurum Potabile. For as foone as flee tooke that, fhee recouered. This himfelfe reporteth, and wifheth that he dwelt neere vnto D. Anthony, that hemight haue Inough thereof as neede required.
ALEX.OLDEIELD.

SIr. I am perfwaded that you admire my long filence, which proccedes from no otherthen fundrie great bufineffes,\&c.I had occafion to recommend fome of your Aurum Potabile which 1 had formy proper vfe, to a principall gentleman here in the Emperours Court. By whofe meanes I baue bin of late much fentvato by fundrie principall perfons, fomedangeroufly fick, to impart it vnto them;namely the Baron of Crelfy, who had two fonnes ficke of the fmall Poxe : the Eldeft of about $x 9$. and the other of 17. yeares of age. The Eldeft died without taking any of the Aurum Potabile, becaufe they about him thought it was in vaine, and that they were both too farre ipent. The other, beeing as dangeroully ficke, tooke it, and is thereupon recouered. The father himfelfe not being well, hath likewife vfed it, and doth finde himfelfe much comforted, and wel againe by it. Many more in like manner. I haue beene fo liberall of my fore, thatit is almoft fipent. Many doe wifh I had fuch quantitie by me that they might haue a good part of it for their money. Wherefore fend mel pray you a good quantitie of the three forts, with the price therof. Send it either by fome of our Marchants that are to cometo this nextMart at Frankfurth,or elfe by fome frind of truftin the company of the Count Palatine, or the Lady Elizabeth, \&cc.

VIENNATHIS THIRD OP Feb. IGI2. Stile Brit.

Your very affured and louing friend. Sr. Steph. Lefeiur Knight, Em: bafjadour to the Emperour.

VVOrthy and learned friend, I write to you Iater then I iniended, becaufe 1 thought it not fit to deliuer my opinion before manifold experience made, in a matter of fuch worth and confequence. Experimestü fallax, as our great mafter Hippocrates teacheth. But now I will breefely fhew you the vertue and excellency of your medicine. The firftriall that I made of it, was on mine owne daughter about 16 . yeeres old: which for two continuall dayes, was much troubled with vomitings, keeping nothing that fhe eat or dranke. Alfo by reafon of in. toilerable inward torments fhe could not feepe one winke for the fpace of two daies and nights. In which her extremities, hauing vfed all other conuenient and commended medicinesto no purpofe, but altogether without any eale or mitigation of her paines, I betookemy felfe lafly to your medicine, as to a holy Anchor, and laft hope. She tooke the fame and kept it, and then nept alitle. Butafter 2. houres fhe caftagaine in great abundance, and fince fhe hath continued perfectly well.

The fecond trialli made thereof, was vpon a very worfhipfull gentleman, Sirwilliam Samuell Knight.He had a burning feauer, with great violence of continuall heat, fo that he vtterly roft all heepe:he had withall a weakeneffc in his kidneis, and could not make water. Sundry glifters were adminiftred vnto him, Purgations, vomits, and he was alfo let blood: All which (in my obferuation) were fo far fromy iuing him any eafe, that the difeafedid ffill grow ftronger, and all the
fymptomes or accidents euery day worfe and worle, and more grieuous. I perfwaded the giuing of your medicine. But at the firf I could not obtaine, that he mould take new and vnknowne thing. At lalt by che Importunitie of his friends, and the necellity of his difeafe ftilincrealing, he yeelded \&tookeit.In an inflant almoft, he felt a gentle remiffion of his heat, \&ra milde cooling; his fpirits comforted; his kidneis ftrengthned, fo that he made water in a reafonable good quantity. Since which time, he neuer ceafed to extoll this Medicine, though in troth, hauing beene long afflicted with a molt violent difeafe, he hath not as yet fully recouered hisftrength.

The third triall I made, was vpon a maid of noble familie, which being taken with dreadfull convulfions, after fome glifters taken, had alfo this medicine, and was thereby perfectly cured.

Laftly, I was defired to fend all the fore I had of this medicine, to a graue Matrone, a gentlewoman already fpent with oldage, and much fickneffe, being thenleft to Gods mercy as at her laft gafpe. She prefently after the taking of this medicine, found much eafe and comfortable ftrength in her foirits, though I thinke there be no polfible recouering her, fo fpentas is afore\{aid:farewell. \&c.

Gayton the 10. of Sept. 1611.

> Your loning friend, Ioh. Markes. $\mathrm{E}_{2} \quad$ Mater

## Thefecond Part.

MAfter Doctor Anthony, though I haue no acquaintance with you at all, yet being an eye witneffc of yourgenerall charity extended to the whole world, in bringing to the vfe of men the moft excellent quintelfence tor the rectify yng of nav ture, that the world (as I thinke) yet euer had, I am thereby imboldned to prefume of your fauour for fomefew graines of the fäme, which (for the feuerall operations that I haue feene thereof, in two fpeciall friends of mine, both at the point of death) fhall in my efteeme for euer be held in moft precious accompt. For you fhal vnderftand that about a tweluemoneth fince, I came to a brotherin lawes houfe of mine, óne Str William Samuell knight, of V pton in Nor-thampton-fhire, whom I found in great extremitie of ficknelfe, and thereby fo weakned with the continuall torment he was in,that all which were about him feared him greatly:hehad three Doctors of Phificke, yet could none of them minifter any thing to him to give him any cafe of historments, but rather tormented him more, vintillat laft, himfelfe remembred that one NTr. Markes had commended this memorable medi-1 cine of yours. Wh hich being brought, hee tooke, and it wrought fo miraculous an effect within the compalfe of two houres, as neither he nor I cuer faw before. For it infantly deliuered him of his paine, which feemed before intollerable:It gauc him reft, which for many daies and nights before he had bin barred of : It drew on an appetitc by litele and little, all meat before being loathfome vnto him : And (which is molt maruellous) whereas formerly, by his medicines excoriating thofe palfages, he feemed to enduregreat torture vpon euery prouocation to the foole : he had now in the day and night fiue fooles, and euery pro-
uocationwas now as delightfull vnto him, as the 0 ther were tormenting. Then did one of bis Phy fitions aduife, that now he fhould take fome Cordiall, to alfilt the faculties of nature being very weake. But when this was propounded vnto my brother by his wife, he vtterly refufed it. Neuertheleffe, it was fo farre forthvrged, as that he tooke it, the Phyfition bearing him in hand, that it was nothing elfe but Vnicornes horne, Bezoar ftone and fuch like. But after taking thereof, my brother fell againe into his formert ortures, and more vehement then before. Wherby he was enforced the felfe fame night to fend again vnto CNr. Markes; who relecued him asformerly he had done: fince which time (by Gods blefling) he hath continued well. After this manner an obltructed body was cured. It hath wrought a great effect in Sir Iohn Hunt Knight, of Leicefter. Shire, who lately was very low brought with a fluxe, together with a Burning feuer: and being neere vnto death, and voy de of all other helpe, he was releeued by the felfe fame Medicine only, and perfectly reftored. Mr. Doctor $A / \bar{F}-$ worth, who partly had feene, and partly heard thefe miraculous effects of this your Medicine, lying dangeroully fick at Oxford this laft Sommer, fent his Son in very great haft to Mafter Markes for fome portion of this your Medicine: his faid fonnefeared that at his returne, he Chould not finde him liuing But thankes beto God, he liueth, and is well : which is to be attributed intoyour Medicine, although peraduenture he will not acknowledge the fame, \&c.

KNighthorpin Leicester. Shire, lanuary,20. 1612.
Tour Ready and affured friend, Henry Skipmitth. E 3

## MACTE VIR PROBITATE, et Scientiâ fingulari.

MY wifesbrother Mr. Hew y skipwih, lately told me how friendly mention of me you made to him; Hemight very well haue reciprocated, and faid, how oft mention he hatt heard me make of you. Yet howfocuer, I muf euer acknowledge my felfe obliged to you in double bands. For in my lat grieuous and long languifhing fickineffe, when my then Phyfition Dr.C. ftaggered in his Iudgement of my Difeafe, and in the hope of my recouery hefeemed to quaile : yea when my felfe, and all my beholders did def paire of my life; then by Gods prouidence, a friend (telling the rare vertues of your Aurum Potabile) caufed two graines of the fame, to be diffolued in fuefpoonfuls of diftilled Endiue Water, and fo to be miniftred vntome. After receiuing thereof, within one houres fpace, it is incredible to be foken, what alleuiation I found of my languifhings, and what corroboration of all my vitall parts. In the morning I tooke it, and vntill night I felt a molt happy operation thereof. It procured fooles all that day, fo pleafingly as my foule could defire: vntil fuch time as that my Phylition (after he had taken his leaue of me for that night, I that I had now compofed my felf to reft) came againe vnto me, hauing vpon the point of a knife fomewhat which hee did put into my mouth, being then almoft afleepe. But about midnight when I did awake, I found my felfe relapfed as before. Then, vtterly defpairing of my life, I called (as I thought
thought my laft call) vnto my wife, intreating her to fend againe to my forefaid friend, to intreatehim to confider, whether in his Iudgement two graines were not too fmal a proportion to ouercome the malignitic of fo dangerous a Difeafe. He therefore gaue me this fecond time three graines, which fpeedily as before, and wonderfully did refrefh my fpirits, and therby my bodie was very foluble for the fpace of 7 . daies afier. And notwithftanding fundry euacuations cuery day, my ftrength daily increafed. Then was that Dr. exceedingly angry that I did entertaine his counfell no longer : fince which time he hath wrote an Englifh booke, vncharitably defaming me, and cauil ling againt that famous Medicine, which by the prouidence of God reftored vnto me both life and health. Now concerning the chiefe intention of thefe my letters, I pray you fend me 12 . graines ofyour poa able gold in fuch forme as my brother Mr. Henry Skipwithlately receiued from you. This bearer my friend Ghall giue you fatisfaction for the fame, \&ec. The Author of health is God, who perpetually preferue you, vnto whome he hath vouchfafed fuch fauour as to attaine vnto fo great a reflorer of health; and prolonger of life, as this Aurum Potabile appeareth to be. Farewell. Reu. Dr.

Vpton, 15. Feb. 1612.

> Your mof louing friend William Samuell.

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\text { E } 4 \text { Worthy }
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VVOrthy Sir. I am aduifed by that Reucrend Doctor, Mafter Doctor Hunton, in thefe parts highly accounted, to require in behalfe of our worthy friend, a knight, your helpe and aduice, in a deplored eftate, wherein hee now ftandeth. We defirealfo fome quantity of your $A u$ rum Potabile, with direction for the due adminiftration thereof. This gentleman difeafed is neere so yeares of age, of Cholericke conftitution. The firlt originall of his Infirmitie (as we coniecture) was by company of his wife being yong. Not long after in a Iourney which he tooke, when he was yet fcarfe fixe mylesfrom his houfe, he was conltrained oft times for to alight from his horfe. Then did he make water, and in his water either blood, or fome fubftance like vnto blood, peraduenture fpermaticall, which hath continued now many daies. Alfo cuen to this time he is vnable to retaine his vrine, by the Imbecillitie of his bladder as wee fuppofe. A Gonorrhe likewife be was fubiect vnto. He is notas yet free from any of thefe Infirmities. We expect fome helpefrom you. For your charges and counfell, this gentleman will giue you full content. My felfe alfo will be with you this next Terme, and will not be vnthankfull.

> Trent the ir. of Sept. I $\sigma$ r .

> Your moft loning friend, N.W. Phyfition.


MAfter Doctor Anthony you may call to minde; This letter if you pleafe; that about September laft paft, came from you wrote certaine letters vnto me. At which timel alfo receiued from you fiue ounces of your $A u$ himight himelfe. rum Potabile, to the praife of God, your commendation, and my great good. My Difeafes were mentioned in the former letters. Befides which I had allo a great fwelling from my hucchlebone vnto the foles ofmy feete. But it is without paine: peraduenture it came of cold, or with lying long time vpon my right Lide. I vnderltand by Mafter Doctor Hunton, that befides this Aurum Potabile which you fent me, you hauealfo the fubitance of gold in fornielike hony, I pray you fend me thereof, and the manner how to vse the fame. I doe feele (I praife God) a mitigation of all my paines and Infirmities throughout all my body : the fwelling which I mentioned duth daily decreafe: My vrine alfo I am able to retaine. This booke of yours Malter Doctor Humton requefted of me. Send me an other I pray you, your Itudies and endeauours God alwaies bleffe: farewell.

Blybrovigh Octob. 10. 16if.

Your friend. H. A.


THis genileman, of whom. I fall now next write, and whofe letters fent vinto me are extant, being Secretarie to the right honouable the Earle of Southampton, in bis owne words bad beene long ficke of a Quartane fencr: for Cure whercof be entertained a mojt learned Phyfition, who miniffred ynto bim a long time fuch Medicines as iverre appropriate: Neither yet bad be ouermaftered the fewer: sor neftored any frength unto the patient. Thendid ibis PhyIItion perfwade this gentlemars bis patient to vere my Aurum Potabile, mbich be did, and, and with good fucceffe. Whereupon, be wrote afterwards. unto me for more thereof, as followeth.
Sir I haue found fo much good vfe of your Aurum potabile, as makesme defiremore. For I mult trucly. fay, I haue gotten much ftrength fince I tooke it, and recoucred my firits exceadingly decaied by extremicie of fickneife : my ftore is not fo foent, but that I haue fome left in the Country, but my llay bath bin longerherethen I expected; and therfore nay be fup. plied from you with more eale then from thence. Which I delire may be fent by this bearer of the bef: Solhall I reft.

Sovthampton hovse this. 26. of Nouemb. 1611.

> Your very loning friexd; Thomas Kisley.

MAfter Doitor Anthony, I pray you make mefo much beholding vinto you as to beftow me this twentie hillings in thatfoueraignequintelfence which I had of you at my being with youFor(as I told you)I was to haue but one of thofeglaffes my felfe: which, one of my efpeciall friends hath had of mie; fo that now, I haue fcarcely one graine left. Sir Brian Caue Knight, was taken with a violent burning feuer: but after taking of this Medicine, he had only one fit, and then was perfectly well recouered. Alfo a feruant of mine ${ }^{2}$. had in like manner fo dangerous a Feuer, that at my comming home I found him at point of death. The onely taking of this Medicine hath fo purged him by an extraordinary Sweat, (that thankes be to God) he is at this time in a Iorney abroad with me, and finds his bodie in fa good temper asit was not of a Twelue moneth before, \&c.

Your affured friend to ope Henry Skipwith.

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SIr.Some few houres after your departure; Mafter Doct. Lewhnar came hither to my Lord Bifhop of Winchefter. And at fupper, atter my Lord had made fome relation of the proceedings and benefite hefound of your Aurum Potabile, Doctor Leroknar replied in the comendation therof,faying; That on Saturday laft paft, he being at Cowdry, came to a gentlewoman who was dead to the world, being both peechleffe and knowing no body; he gaue her one fpoonfull of your Aurumi Porabile, in that cafe as shee then was. And at the firft taking thereof, fhe fell into ftrange convulfions, wherein the continued two houres: and after he gaue her as much more, and then the fell into a great fweat: and 2 houres after, hegaue ber a fooonfulimore, \& fhe fell into a fine fleepe, and waking fhe faid, Giueme more of that: which was done; and the tooke good relt after. And the next day, he went to fee how fle did, and found her eating of a. Chicken. This hetold before my Lord Bibop, his brother, Doltor Steward of the Arches, Sir Thomas. Bilfon. my Lords fonne, and my felfe.

> WALTHAM THIS $8.5 .0 f$ Augult 161

> Your loring friend Tho.we bbes.

T$t$ His Doctor Lewknar, of whom mention is made in thefe former letters, did afterwards worite vnito me, de firing to bave more of my Potable gold. For this learned Ge ntleman, bad before fornd and feene the effects thereof in the Cure of bis daughter in law by marriage with bis Sonne, being firongly taken with the falling fickneffe. The caje whereof fet dorme in apart of bis letter to me, which I haue Shewed in the end of: $m y$ firf booke. Whereupon the aduerfaries botb to my felfe and the truth, base greatly accufed (I was about to ay Лlandered bim) as may appeare by an. otber letter of bïs fent unto me beginning thus.
Good Doftor Anthory, I haue beene bitterly taxed. for giuing teltimony of the good fuccelfe of your Aurumpotabile: which doth nothing at all daunt me. For I affuremy felfe, that Aurum potabile being rightly made(which few haue attained vnto) is a fingular medicine howfoeuer, I thinke yours (as I haue experienced) to be good. And therefore I pray you fend me two ounces by this my kinfman, and write vnto me what effect it worketh in womens monethly courfes, \& . And after it foloweth.

I doealfuredly promife you, that as I. Shall find the effect thereof good, all the Societie of the Colledge fhallnot auert me. Solikewife, fhall not any priuate rew: gard of friend Ihip, flattery or gaine, induce me at any time, to giue approbation to any dangerous or vncertaine medicine, \&c.

Yow louing friend George Lewknar.

iThe fecond Part. Doubtnot(my good Cofen)but you much defire to heare what effects your Aurü Potabile hath performed in thefe parts. A certaine neere neighbour of mine, the wife of $R o . D$ orming, lay euen at point of death, after a long languifhing lickneffe (for fhee was prayed forin the Church.) Whereupon, my Sonne Barners \& I, went in the after noone to fee her. Shortly after our comming, fhe tooke a potion of a Phyfition thereprefent, which fodainly fhe caft vpp:at which I mufed. Then did her husband affirme, that for the fpace of amoneth before, hhe had not taken downe a fpoonfull of any thing, but fhe did likewife caft it vp. My Son did the importuneme,to giue her a fpoonful of your Aurumpotabile; which I was very loath to doe, feeing fhe feemed but a dead woman : and, it might be fomedifcredit to the medicine, \& to me. Yet at the laft Idid yeeld, fhe being defirous thereof:I gaue her therfore a fpoonfull, which ftaied with her contrary to all our expectations. And within a fhort time, whereas before fhe was fo cold, that they were forced tolay more cloathes on her, fhe came to a kind naturall heat. Thé we gaue her fomemace-ale with Aururpotabile, which he digefted, and afterwards mace-ale alone, which alfo Itaied with her. The 3 . day after, we fent to vilit her, who fent vs word that the fame day fhe had eatẽ the beft part of a Chické, \& did hope to come to vs fhortly, \&cc. You fhall alfo know that Mr. Bofwell a Minifter \& Preacher of Saffron Walden, did greatly importune mefor one ounce of Aurum potabile for his wife, being accounted paft Cure in a languifhing difeafe. And fhe by that only ounce receiued fo much comfort, that he fent vp to Lond.to you for more, \&rc

CovveING, 2 I.dieMaij.16II rour aflured louing cofen Tho. Wolridge, Inflice of peace.in Eflex.


A
Letter Sent to Mafter Ediward Smith of the Temple, Commellor at the common lawes, from Mafter George We thery; Secretary to the right honourable the Lord Sheffield, Lord Prefident of bis Maiefties Conncell eftabliged for the North parts.
Good Mafter Smith, my Lord would haue you fend prefently to Doetor Anthony, and delire him to fend his Lordfhip(with all poffible fpeed) the like quantity of his Aurum Potabile, as hefent the laft time, for that my Lord hathmademany trials of it; and will report much good thereof; which will turne greatly to MaAter Doctors aduantage, and the credit of his Medicine.

Yorke this 30. of Septemb. 1613.
Alvaics yours Goorge Wetliery.

ATrue Relation made by me Elias Holmes, of the manifold vertues of CTIGler DoEtor Anthonies Aurum Potabile, tryed by the command of the right honorirable, Edmund Lord Sbiffield, Lord Prcfident of Yorke.

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THe wife of Tobn Goulfbrough feruant to my Lord, lay very ficke fundry daies before my Lord had knowledge thereof. Then was I fent vnto her, whom I found languifhing and in great extremitie. Shee was greatly fweld in her; bodie, and had alfo a loofenelfe, fo that it palt from her almoft vnknowing to her. And further fhe was greatly diftempered in heat. She had taken no manner fultenance for 4 . or 5 . daies before, whereby fhee was growne fo weake, that Thee could not mooue her body but as the was helpt by others. Alfo her eyes were greatly fivelled: her fpeech could not be heard the length of the bed: Ahee defired nothing but drinke, taking no reft, neither night nor day.

The firft fooonfull that I gaue her, did fhew fmall effect whill I was with her, which was fome houre: but they which attended her, faid, that fome two houres after, it made her rift, and to voide a little water of her Stomacke. At euening I gaue her one other fpoonfull, and before I could feale vp the glatfe, fhe was in a little flumber, but it continued not long. Neucrtheleffe, fhee felt fo much eafe at her Stomack, that fhefaid, What is this that my good Lord hath fent me: for I giue God thankes I feele much eafe towards that I did: with that heprayed hartily for my Lord And both her fpeech and countenancefeemed better then before: Then about one of the clock at midnyght, fhe fell a fleepe, and llept two houres. The next morning, I gaue her the third fpoonfull; and after that fhe caft a little, aud in her cafting the tooke cold, which caufed her to cough, and made her fo ill and weake,that I thought my laboure was all loft. Her loofertes alfo held her fill. But it pleafed God to give fuch a bleffing vato this Medicine, that after the
taking of 4 . or 5 . fpoonfull more, her flux was thaide, her ftrength alfo recouered in fuch fort, that fhe was ableto fit vpright in her bed, and to receiue fultenance. Alfo, after three fpoonful more, fhee could en. dure to haue her clothes put on, and with a little heloe, to walke vp and downe the Chamber. Shee tooke inall 13 . Spoonfuls. Then did the acknowledge that fhee was perfectly well, giaing God thankes therefore: And to me fhee faid, Now Mafter Holmes Ipray you fpare.jour further labour, \&c.

THomas Taylor, one of my Lords houfhald feruants, about the fame time in the former yeere had an extraor dinary Maligne feuer $\& x$ of long A quotidian continuance. He was a very able and flrong maligne feuer. man: Neuertheleffe, it had fo weakned him, that he was fantly able to goe vpright: He could endure to take no fultenance for a long time. Often times alfo as amadman, he wouldarife out of his bed in the night feafon, and lye downe on the floore, and there lie, wntill fome body came by chance to helpe him.

This yeare he likewife fell into the fame Infrmity by all hgnes and tokens. His firlt fit continued fixe houres, with fuch violent paine at his heart, that he was enforced to cry out. My Lord was not willing that I hould giue him any thing this firlt fit. The next day after, when the former pafions began to affault him, ny Lord fent me vnto him, and I, gave him one fpoonfull of this Medicine. After which, he did fundry times calt-vp by vomit, avery filthy and cuill fubltance. When he bad donecalting, I gaue him another fpoonfall, and fo.herefted quietly, hauing an eafie fit which continued the face of three houres.
houres. Histhird fit camealfo ento him, then I gaue him one other fpoonfull, and within a quarter of an houre, he had a vomit. I gaue him one other fpoonfull, and he had one other vomit. I gaue him then an other, that is, three times one after an other, and three times he vomited: and then hewas prouoked to the ftoole. Whillt he was there, he had againe a very great vomit, being of diuers colors, and a mucilage or llymie fubitance. After thisvomit, I gaue him one other fpoonfull, and then he flept quietly, and had no more fits afterward.

A continual maligne feuer.

HEnry Kickinfon one of my Lords feruants, it pleafed God to vifite with an extraurdinary Quotidian feuer, hauing a fenfible paine in his bones, which made him fo fore that he could not abide one to touch him: and with the extremitis thereof, became euen mad and fenfele(le, not knowing any man. Alfo fo weake, that euery one of his friends expected death. He continued in this extrea: mitie a fortnight, before I was fent to him: In which time, he had taken little fuftenance. His bodyalfo was extreamely hot, and he tooke no reft.

After the firl fpoonfullthat I gaue him, within halfe an houre he fell afleepe, and flept the fpace of one houre, and when he awoke did caftalittle. At night I gave him one oither fpoonfull after which he flept two houres, and then fpake thefe words. Will not Thafter Holmes come againevnto me? andother fuch like fpeachesmanifettly approouing that he had found comfort by that which I had given him. Then did he giue thankes vnto God. All that I gauc him was eleuen fpoonfuls. So by little and little he amended,and became perfectly recoucred.

MAny others I could bere fet downe, which bave receised in thefe parts prefent releefe by this Medicine. Among the reft, my Lords Children both fonnes and Daughters, who fundry times and in fundry cafcs being affeEted, bave alwaies bene cured with this onely Remedy. Alfomy Lordhimjelfe by ve thereof, doth prenent many fits of the Stone which beret ofore be bath beene fubieCl vnto, and preferseth bis health therely; So likerwife doth my Lady.

LAftly for my felfe, being fubiect unto an extreame migrim in my head,as Phyfitions call it, but my difeafe is in this manner. Many times in the yeare,being in perfect health, I thall haue my fight fodenly taken away; fo fhall I continue halte an houre : then fhall $I$ haue a moft violent aking in my head, alfo a fleepineffe; then a kind of fupor firf in my lips and tongue, and foit goeth downe to my hands; I fretch them out like vntothe Palfey, and A dead Palley thus it holds me a good while: Then it will go downe into my legs. Ailthis while I hall haue a great defire to caff, but cannot, intill I haue beene in this fit fome 6. houres:and then with much adoe I fhall caft, and after once or twice calting I flall haue fome better eafe. As long as I am in that former extremitie, I hall fomtime farcely be able to fetch my breath, neither to Speake,nor vinderftand, nor heare wheat is fooken. But at the laft I fallaneepe, \& then I begin to be wel, \& yet not very wel, nor in perfect good health for the fpace of one whole weeke after. Now it pleafed God, that being at $L$ ond. in Decem. laft $1 \mathcal{I}_{13}$, being in prefence of my Lord, fuddenly I felt that my lightfailed me, my head aked, and that my fit approached necre. Whereupon I craued pardon of my Lord, being not able to goc forward with his bufineffe that I had then in hand. My Lord therefore commanded mee prefently to take fome Aurum Potabile; for it was then in my cuftodie. But 1 made the mixture fomewhat more effectuall of the gold, then I was accultomed to doe at other times. And within one quarter of an houre after taking thereof, my fpirits and fenfes were comforted: the cold, which at the firt poffelfed me, became temperate. Alfo I brake winde both vpward and downward. Likewife I had a defireto vomit, and an inclinationto fleepe: But my Lord would not permitme,caufing me to bee kept walking vp and downe. Whereby after the fpace of one houre I felt my felfe very well: only my head did ake a little. But (praifed be God)I did not fall into my vfuall fits. Furthermore, by taking that Aurum Potabile, I became loole bodied, whereas vfually I am accultomed to be bound. All thefe things (if neede require) I will bee ready vpon mine oath to auouch. Thus I doe end.

> Eveir sinceItookethis Medicine I have continued in good health, praifed be God. Feb. 4. 1614.

Your louing friend Elias Holmessattending my forefaid Lord in bis Clbamber.


IMaynot forget bere toremomber the right Rewerend fat ber in God, whofe learaing, pietie andvertue be fifficiently knowne, the Lord BiAbop of Winchefter, my Honourable good Patron: againft whofe teftimonie there can be no exception. His Lordhip is a moft antenticke witneffe of this my Potable gold, and tefifieth the vertives thereof to all perfors: and can (ifneede require) maintaine the fame to the greateft perfons of this Realme : bownot onely bimmelfe in the recouterx and maintenance of bis owne bodily bealth, much weakened with continuall ftudies, and the late great paines it conference of many copies; for the true tranglation of the boly Scriptures out of Hebrew into Englifh: but alfo verymary ot hers, re: ceining Aurum Potabile from bis pions charitie, baue beenefrom many and diuers difeales reconered, and reftored to their former bealth by ve thereof. But becaure the vocall and lively atteAation of bis Lord/hip, can more fatisfie any that require fatisfaction, then amy delinery by bis letters fent me, I will be paring in that point : and trouble the Reader onely witha fem of many, foere ing bow, and to whome, bis Lordfip in greateft seceffities, and dangerons dijeafes, did liberally beftow th is Potable gold, and commanded the of focts thereof to bebriefely et downe, as followeth.

Ir,being appointed bymy Lord \& Mr. to confer with diuers of this coutry, who have bin cured of fundry difeafes with Aurumpotabile, giuen vnto them by his Lordhip: I haue accordingly take the report of thofefew that wereneere thisplace, and with whom I might conueniently fpeake. Many more there are, that receiued good by it, which dwell remote from this place, with whom I hall fpeake as occafion fhall be offered, and leifure permit to do it. So hoping to be better furnifhed with thefe things againlt your comming into Hamphire, which is Shortly expected, I take leaue, refting,

> Your afsured friend to my power, Antbo. Lang ford Secretary to my Lord Bi/bopof Winchefter.

> BISHOPS WATHAMTHE laft of Nouember,IGIz.

GOod Siralthough it be vnufuall with me to offer exchange of words to flrangers, yet fince the heauenly prouidence hath defigned a part of noble skill, wherein I vnderfand you are lingular, ta be fome meanes of healthfull vfe vnto me, I thould hold it a iult forfeit of my recouered eftate, if I fhould Gileceany thing that appertaineth to the effecting it . I therefore cannot choofe but tell youhow
much I am bound to my Honourable good Lord of Winchefter, who firt of his good fauour vouchfafed me of your Ausrum potabile, fo well agrceing with ny difeafed body, as that I fhall become a Cultomervnto you for more of it. I find it very milde aboue all other Phyficke in operation, caufing a temperate fweat, and much allaying the violence of the offending humors. How highly I doe prize it, this my letter hall behoftage : defiring him from whofe vnfearchable power the vertue comes, to bleffeyou for it, to whofe further grace Ileaueyou; and reft

Your afsured friend Lucy lerwice, wife ento Sir Thi.Ieruice knight.

IWas ficke of an ague fome feuennight or there abouts, \& the I had two fuch fits, as 1 \& all that did A malignnant burning fuever: fee me, thought I could not haue efcaped death. Then I dranke a fpoonfull of Aurum potabile in the middle of mine extreame burning, and within a quarter of one houre after, the extreame paine in my ftomackeceafed, and I felt my felle very well:Only the heat remained with me about one lioure, which paine of the flomacke was wont to hold me 3 . or 4 . houres in the former fits. The next cay that my Ague fhould come, it came not all the day, vantill fuppertime. And fitting at fupper, it came very terribly vpon me, fo that I was driuen to go to bed. I was extremely fick. Then I called for a fpoonfull of Aurum potabile, and it wrought with me as it did before. I did alfo fweat fome three houres, and fol thanke God, he tooke his farewell.

Alex.Oldincld.

Sir


A long continuing quotidian witha vomiting.

$($Ir, the Difeafe of my Sonne was in this manner: Ittooke him once in 24. houres, with a colde fhiuering in the likenelfe of an Ague. Which colde helde him but a fhorttime. Afterward, hefell into an extreame heate, wita a vomiting which continued about 3 . or 4 . houres. In this manner he was daily perplexed the ipace of a Moneth or fue weekes, before hetooke the Aurum Potabile. Which at the firl taking, being at the beginning of his cold, ftayed his vomiting, and his fit was not fo extreme asit had beene before. And in this manner he tooke it 3.0r 4. fits immediately one after another, about the quantitie of a fpoonful or fomewhatleffe:and fill his fits didlelfon and decay, and lafly left him altogether.

Durlay Ianuary 10. 1612.

> Francis Fortefcue.

## A briefe colLECTION AND RELATIONOF <br> THOSE FEW AMONGST MANY,

THATHAVE TAKENAVRVCM POTABILE,INTHIS COVNTY of SOVTHAMPTON, truly related concerning the effect thercof, deliuered from their owne mouthes vnto me Anthony Langford.


Homas Wheeler of Waltham husbandman, aged 67. yeares, continued ficke the face of one moneth of a new difeafe very common at that time, whereof many died. This man likewife was in fo great perill of death Anaged man that the bell tolled for hirn, and, he was prayed for in the Church. In this his defperate cale, a fpoonfull of Aurum Totabbile was giuen vnto him, by which he felt fome prefent releefe, and fellin. to a gentle Sweat for an houre or twaine: Thentaking one other fpoonfull, he flept quietly the face ofan houre: A fter that a third fpoonfull, by u hich he had a vomit of a great quantity of flymic humors. And by fenfible degrees he recouered health, praifed be God, and is yet lyuing being of great yeares.

A continuall Dmund Laurence of Bifhops Waltham gentleburning feuer -iman, aged 36 . yeares,was perplexed with a burning feuer continuing two daies, and two nights without intermiffion ; he onely tooke one fpoonful or rather leffe in quantity of the Aurum POtabile, and by degrees hefoone returned into his for mer temper and health againe.

A continuall and tharp burning feuer.

GIles Ethericke Ycoman of the fame place, 40 . yeares of age, had a continuall and fharpe bur. ning feuer eight daies and nights. In all which time he could take no reft:he tooke two fpoonfuls of Aurum Potabile, and nept quietly the fpace of two houres the fame night. The next day towards euening, taking the like quantitie, he Ilept the whole night quietly, and recouered perfect heath.

A quotidian.

VVIlliam Hilles of Waltham aforefaid, Y eoman, aged 53 . yeares, hauing hadfiue fits of a quotidian, and beeing entred into the fixt, he tooke afpoonfull of Aurum Potabile, which puthim out of his colde fit, and made him fweat; and then taking as much more, it gauchim a good vomit and 2. or.3. ftooles: and thercupon fhorrly after hee nept quietly and recouered his fomacke, which both had failed him theformer 5. daies, and fince he hath. beenewell.

,Ohn Walter of the fame, 40. yeares of age, having $A$ tertian fehad 4. fits of a Tertian, and the fift fit being vpon uer. him; he tooke a good fpoonfull of Aurum Potabile. Whereupon within one houre after, his fit left him, and neuer troubled him fince.

The faid Iohn Walter, having 2. .poonfuls of Asrum Potabileleft, after he himfelfe was cured, hegaue the fame vnto a maide in Hambleton of 14 . yeares; who had languilhed of a tertianfeuer a quarter of a yeare before, and thereby was cured and had no more fits.

HEnry Hindle of LValtham,47. yeares aged,for the fpace of fue daies continually had a feuer without intermifion. He could not retaine any thing in all that time, that he did either eate or drinke. After the fift day, he tooke a fooonfull of the Aurum Potabile, which he did not caft vp as his other nutriments: but digefted it, and it puthiminto a fiweat that continued about 4 . houres: Then againe he tooke as much more, and did fweat 3 . houres more: After that he arofe, and being vp,he did vomit a pint of thicke vifcous flegme. Then afterthe fpace of two houres, he did eate of a peece of veale, which he retained and digefted. And the next day went abroad, and in fhort time recouered his former health which heinioyeth now.

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\mathrm{H}_{2} \quad \text { Iohn }
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A Paffion of the heart.

IOhn Cole of Waltham Mercer 43. yeares aged, was grieued with an extreame paine at his heart, fo that for thefpace of three daies he could neither take foode nor reft, and was growne fo weake, that euery man doubted his life. Afpoonfull of Avrum Potabile was giuen him by thofeabout him, hee not knowing what they gaue him. And after one houre, an other fpoonfull ; and a while after the third foonfull: By this meanes, he continued long in a fweat, and withintwodaies after was reftored to health.

THefe alfo whofe names are vnder written, haue all in their extremitie of fickneife, receiued Aurum Potabile, from my Lord Bihhop, and are well recouered: But hetherto I haue had. no conference with them. Howbeit it is molt cerm taine, that by meanes thereof, they were recouered. from fundry dangerousInfirmities.

> Robert Moore Mafter of Arts, of this now fener. Reviben Hamme gent. the like.
> The wife of $M r$. Armwood in the foreft, of the like. The wife of Mr. Cotton of Roche Court.
> The wife of Tobn Hawikef worth, cured of aftrange difeafe, whereof free bad long be fore lang wifbed. Richard Peckbam.
> Tho. Beale, about one bundred yeares of fage, and recouered ofthis niew agie, and is yel liuing. Edward Searle of Northampton gent. baning: long languibed of this new ague. Nisholas Prior.

IDoubt not but that thefo Teffimonies fo warranted, being but a fewe excmplarie proofes of very many, will fatisfie any underftanding and boneff reader. I intend not with a whole Calender or endleffe Catalogue, and withtedious reading of the famething ofien done, to weary the reader. Elfe I couldeafily Inlarge this Rosle: It being oertaine, that there is foarce any one Shire or LordSip in England, from whence I haue not birs Sent unto, for my potable gold, with which, Noblewen, gent lemen, and perfons of other rankes bawe bin diner $f y$ cured and releened, in their neceffo. ties of their bealths: Apparent it is, that it newer burt any, profied all, though all baue not recouered. We muft berein euer acknowledge the viresealed ordinance of God', not to bee controlled: by any Art or Induftrie of bumane Remedies. I defire therefore the patient Indifferencie of all Readers, toconfider and fawourably to Interpret the fe my proceedings. For I acknowledge and confeffe,that in ordinary Cures performed, no Rationall Phyfition ought to print the Galender of bis fucceffes, except in fome cure and peculiar cafe, which feldome bappening, may be light and InIr uction toothers (though many hawe fought fame i hereby) which was farre from my intent and purpofe. But the neceffitic of vindicating my Integritie, and the well knowne truth of the effects of my potable gold, bave made that neceefarily volunta. rie, whichbefore I newer entertained in priuate consfultation. For good wise needs no Bufh or H. 3 .

Signe.

Signe. And thefe be the motives why I Iffer this fmall affay. (I bope not nearifome to be readand obferued) beeing a bort mention of fome perfons and Difeafes, which baue receired prefent belpe by the vec of this so maligned Medicine: (my po. taible gold) I ay, a Sort mention, not of all, nor the greater part, nor in any necre proportion of number to the totall. For fome will not confent to bee samed: and fome 阬rialises may not be diuniged. cAndinforse refpect I am not very forward of mise owne nature to enlarge the malice of mytradiscers, by publifing fome Cures which cannot. pleafe them to beare of. Thus farre forth concer. nirg other mens teftimonics: I will proceede to mins onne practuse.

A$S$ the brighter the Sunne is, the more apparent be the fhadowes caufed by rolid \& thicke duskih bodies: fo, the more excellent \& fanious the glorie is, that is atchieued by things wel \& faithfully performed; the more it is fpurgald with the Kicking hecles of Enuie. As this is truein all actions and commercements of this life, foit hath notorioully and lauinhly bin practifed againftmein my proceedings. At the very firtt, this corroding fipite, fparing no man, this malicious detraction, enemic of truth, fet vp their whole reft in fuch fafhion as they could, to demolifh my faire building. But truth, that precious daughter of time, hath now vndertaken the quarrell,

> The fecond Part.
that will fay, nill they, fhee muft and will preuaile againft theirfurie, and maintaine her quiet nauigation, notwithftanding any guftes or formes, from their dry, and waterleffe Clowdes. And to the intent that euery vnpartiall, vnpreiudiced, and Intelligent reader, may the better vnderftand the caufe of thefe Impreffions, and the flate and firlt force of this controuerfie, which hath now enforced the publike atteffation of the vertues of this Medicine: I will as briefely and fparingly as may be, by one or two Inftances, declare the firt originall caufe.

SIr Adolfe Cary a knight,nobly defcended, being not well, fent for a Phyfition of great name and fame : whogauehimfuch Medicines as he thought fit, one being a Purgation, which didnot only clenfethe firft veines, but wrought fomewhat forceably. Within hort time after, the difeare was difcouered to be the fmall Pocks. But by the vnieafonable revulfion and indraught of that fo ftrong Purgation(as I thinke) and peraduenture by fome other weglect, naturefailed inthe fufficient expulfion of the pultules. Alrothofe exitures which appeared, fhortly after funke againe, or, as we commonly fay, went in. Hereupon, the Patientfellinto that extremitie, that the eminent perill of his life could not be hid, fo that all they that were abouthim defpaired vtterly of his recouery. Wherefore they fent to his brother, to call haftily for the Doctors beft accquainted with the

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\mathrm{H}_{4} \text { fate }
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fate of his body, which were two: Who miffing them both,neither knowing where to feeke either of them, and being very fenfible and heauy for his brothers defperate cafe,by chancemet with me in the way, intreats me to accompany him to his brother, thenlying dangeroufly ficke. But I hearing the names of thofeDoctors, was vnwilling to goe, being loth to giue offence: alfo that gentleman was at that time veterly vnknowne vnto me, whereby therather I excufed my felfe. He replied, that I was fufficiently knowne to him by a friend of his whom I had cured, and therefore inftantly perfifted, that in oo honeff and necellary and iuft a caufel would not refufe him. I confented, went with him; and being then euening I vifited the ficke gentleman his brother, and found thim in a molt deplorable fate, without fleepe or any other reff,raging and rauing. He tooke a fpoonfull of my Aurumpotabile, with which he prefently became quiet, of a more cheerefull countenance, and fell into agentle fleepe. After onehoure I gaue him an other fpoonfull, after which he fpake aduifedly, \& faid he was much comforted, \& fo fleept again, \& fweat naturally al his body ouer. And(which was the beft ligne) the Pocks or Puftuls did againe come out plentifully. I attended him all that night, \& at fit \& feafonable times gaue him my medicine, fometime pure of it felfe,fometimes mixed with broth orother coulenient liquor. The next morning,one of his firt Doctors comming \& finding me there with his patient, tooke thatfor his occafion to raile on me in vnfeeming termes. To whom it was anfwered, that I was vnwil. lingly and almoft compulfiuely brought thither, by the neeref of blood to the fick gentleman, \& with no leffe intreaty then others. But thefe Phy fitians were
fo far from conferring with me cöcerving the further health of this patient, whom they then found in very good es fe, that they both ioy ned, and would not bee quiet, before they had rid me thence, contrary to the will of the patient, and of thofe that were prefent. In what cafe and ftatel both found and left this gentleman,you haue hard. After my departure; what cooling, or aftringent, or otherwife qualified Syrupes, or Electuaries, or other forme of medicine they gaue him all that day I know not. But this I know, that the next night he relapfed into the fame cruell and defperate accidents, in which I formerly had found him, and from which I had reftored him:peraduenture, he fell into this relaps for want of that my medicine, fo powrefull in frengthning the heart, and expelling poyfon from it. For doubtleffe, the exitures being ftopped; and the poyfon returning from the outward parts of the body, whither nature had expelled it, to the heart, the fame accidents mult needes returne. Such relaples are molt dangerous, becaufe both the infection is Itronger, and the body weaker. And fo it appeared in this noble gentleman, by this his vntimely death. Then did thefe Phyfitions vnder whofe hands he died, bethinke themflues of fome ftratageme, to avoid the imputation imminent. One of them therefore haftneth to the Court, where he publifheth excufeof himfelfe, and accufation of me. And further caufeth me to bee cited to the Colledge of London Phy fitions, and with the eloquence of Tertullus very foutlyaccuerth me, as culpable of the death of this gentleman. Where I acquited my felfe, and maintained my innocency by foure lawfull witneffes, feruants and attendants of their late Mafter the deceafed knight: Who with one confent and contefta-

## Thefecond Part.

tion dilated : That I came to their faid Malterlying in his laft and extreame pangs, rauing after the exitures of the fmall pocks were friken in: That after I had with carefull and diligent attendance all that night adminiftred my potable Gold vnto him, as aforefaid the extremities of his paflions, and grieuoufneffe of accidents were much eafed and abated, he morequiet and in betterfenfe, and that the Pufules of his difeafe did againe plentifully breake out, by which meanes he was refpectiuely in good temper: And that the next day when the faid Phyfitions had excluded me, and giuen him their mixtures,all things turned to their old courle, he to his former extremities,and fo died. His Maieftie alfo had commanded 4. honourable perfons to be prefent at the Colledge in the hearing and debating of thefe actions now in queftion : that is, the right honourable the Lord Knewet, Sir Henry and Sir Philip Cary knights, brethren of Sir Adolph deceafed,and Sir William Godolphin knight; who findingit fully proued, how I found him (in the agony of death)how I left him (in good temper)how the other Doctorsreceiued him (in very good cafefor that difeafe) how they left him(dead, jtruly reported the whole matter to the Kings Maieffie as indeede ic was.What his Maiefties cenfure then was herein, and on whom he would lay this imputation of his death, may eafily be coniectured out of the manifeftations of the cauf. Alfo thofe two worthy brethren, meerefrangers to me at that time, liuing in honourable account and place,fo generoufly and vertuoully, that none dare entertaine any finifter thought again(t their finceritie;nor opinion that they will for any refoect whatfoeuer be induced to report any vntruth formenor any other: are alwaies ready to give fur-
ther fatisfaction, if any as yet be not fufficiently perfwaded of thefe proceedings. Reafonitfelfe, in one maine ground of Phy ficall indications doth teach vs, that, à iuvantibus st nocentibus, from fuch things as helpe, and fuch thingsas hurt, a molt inuincible argument is drawne, and concluded. Is it not a generall sule with all Phyfitions, to continue the vfe of thofe things which haue manifefly releeued and profited the patient(ifthere be no neceffarie exception)and to fly and forbeare the vfe of thofe which haue hurt, or doneno good? Natureteacheth brute beafts, to feeke fhadowed and cooleplaces, in the heat of fommer, becaufe their fenfe firdes eafe and refrefhing by the fhaddow, and hurt and annoyance by the parching funne. Apparant it is, that my Potablegold did euen miraculoufly refrefh; helpe, profite and comfort this difeafed gentleman, of whom this queftion firt grew. For his vnderftanding was thereby recouered: quietnelfe, reft, and fleepe procured: naturall and healthfull fweating caufed: and the poyfon of his difeafe driuen from the center and heart, whereby the pufules and exitures did againe appeare and come forth. All arguments and fignes of good eftate and temper in that difeafe did appeare as portending a perfect recouerie. On the other fide, whatfoeuer the Medicines adminiftred by thefe two other Doctors were, before or after my comming, I know not. But, moft certaine it is, that whatfoeuer they gaue, or howfocuer they handled the matter, much hurt fucceeded, euen the greatelt mifchiefe that may happentoa languinhing patient. For allthe concourfeof his former grieuous, direfull, and mortall fymptoinaticall accidents returnes with double ftrength, when his heart aud vital fipirits were not able to refift.

The friking in againe of the exitures, rauing, wreftling, and (which only remained to conclude the tragedie) Death it felfe, thelaft of all lines that man can draw: and a true line to draw and direct vndertanding men to the true caufe of his death. Thefecircumntances compulfarily wrung from me, be fufficient for the euidence of this verity to all men, that will not màlicioully fpurne againft apparant truth. But my traducers doe fill lipiderlike fucke poyfon in flead of hony, and force themfelues to an vnnaturall vomit of thefe humors againft this medicine, truly of gold, and truly potable. In which bitterneffe if they did not ftill perlift, againft their owne fcience, confcience, regard of vertue and veritie, wounding many honeft hearts, with falfe fuggeftions againtt my good name, and the innocuous worthinelfe of this Medicine, and defrauding many poore languilhing foules of the vfe and benefite thereof, I would, and furely gladly would, for their fakes, haue forborne the narration and report of this true forie: Which I am by them compelled to publifh for my Apologie.

Extreme vomiting.

MIttres Cicely Bouldred, a worthie gentlewoman, and virgine, attending in neere feruice our gracious Queene, in good fauour and account, fell licke, and had greiuous palfions. Vnto whome diuers of the molt famous Phy fitions of the Colledge were called. Who with great care, and their vtmoftskill, fparing no colt (as was fitting in fuch a place) adminittred all kinds of conducing Medicines, both Cordials, and other refpectiucly to the caufe of her difeale, and paffions: bothfuch as be ready in the
fhoppes; as others by fome fingularitie of Art prepared. Her paftions ftill continued, if not encreafed. Continuall vomiting, and reiection of whatfoeuer Shetooke, meate,drink,medicines: with fwoundings, torture, torments of ewery part of her body. A milerable and pitifull fpectacle, much lamented of many very honourable perfons. Shee could not reft nor fleepe night nor day. So that finking vnder the burden of this afflicion, with the violence and continuance thereof, her ftrength vtterly failed. Shee could not retaine fo much as one drop of any broth or other nourifhment. Her Stomacke by coniecture of all Phyfitions, was drawen together and fhut vp; without any power or faculty to performe the offices of nature. In this miferable eftate, this diftrelfed gentlewoman languifhed two whole monthes, without any cafe or releefe by the vfe of any the Medicines giuen her by the aduife of the faid Phyfitions: all things tending to a more defperate and Immedicable eftate. Whereupon the mother of this gentlewoman demanded of thefefaid Doctors, whether they had any hope to giue helpe, or at leaft wife eafe to her daughier; elfe fhe faid fhe would fend for $\mathcal{D}$ oEtor Anthony. Thofe Doctors hereupon limited themfelues to a certaine time, which they fpent in their vttermoft habilities to perform, to the intēt I hold not: be called. To which purpofe they commanded an $A$ pothecary to attend in the Clamber of the patient all the next day and night, and euery third houre to giue her a Cordiall. Then voluntarily they faid tothe mother,Send for Doct. Anthony if you will, and God fend. him good fuccelfe with your daughter. Then was I. fent for, and finding this gentlewoman in fo defperate a cafe, left and giuen ouer by all the Doctors of
the Colledge as not to be recouered, (for befides the aduife of thefe Six,there had beene publike confultations in the Colledge, as is requifite in fuch like cafes which fildome come in vfe)I defired God to bleffe my endeauours, and to continue his bleffings in the adminiffration of this my happy medicine. After a fmall time, vpon due and mature confideration of all things, I gaue her at the firt, not a whole fpoonfull of my Aurum potabile, as in other cafes, but much leffe, fearce a quarter fo much; which fhe calt vp againe with a vehernent force andtorture of her body. A little while after I gaue her as much more, which fhe cat vp in the fame manner as fhe did the firt. Againe I gaucit the third time, fome part of which fhee alfo calt vp, but kept fome, with a kind offtrife or conflict betweene the medicine and the maladie. Then I aduifed, that fhe fhould not further be troubled for a feafon, but to try if hee could now take a little reft or fleepe: So hhe difpofed her felfe thereunto, and flept foundly a whole houre; which diuers of great account then prefentcan witneffe. For the finored that we all heard: Which feemed Arange to all : confidering for a long time before fhee had takerino reft. When the waked, the faid that the found her felfe fomewhat better at eafe. Then(which was the fourth time) I gaue her halfe a fooonful, which fhe kept without any contending or trouble to her body. This gaueme, and many wortby gentlewomen there prefent, great hope of a good recoueric. Wherein (God be praifed) we were not decciued. For in all the other adminittring of this Medicine, orderly, as fhe was able to beare, increafing the quantitie, her fpirits were seleued, fhe daily recouered frength, all the paff:ons,fymptomes and accidents of ler difeafes ceafed,
her fickneife fully left her, and fhe recouered perfect health. Thus with the vfe of this happy Medicine, this gentlewoman was recouered; and cured of that dangerous difeafe, wherein thofe other Doctors had wearied themfelues, and forfaken her; at which her friends wondred,minereioyced, and othermalicious aduerfariesfretted: for which God be praifed. If they will call thee the effects of Iugling, and of a corrofiue Medicine, they will hardly finde any Cordiall amonglt all their Difpenfatories and Magiftrall prefcriptions. The caufe and effectare Effentiall Rela tiues.

THe Lady and wife of Sir Francis Leake Knight, Continuall being now conceiued of her firt childe, was vomiting and fallen intomany infirmities. Shee had a con-deftillation of tinuall and abundant flux at her mouth caufed Reume conti-. by collection of phlegmaticke and pituitous hu-nuing many mors: Alfo a continuall vomiting and calting, euer mogeths. after any food taken. Her fux ceafed not neither day nor night. She was brought to that weaknes $\&$ leannelfe in her body, that al herfriends thought the was in a confumption. During the time of this ficknes (which was fiue moneths) fhe vfed many medicines in hope ofremedy, but found none. And therefore iuftly feared eyther mifcarying her trauell, or the loffe of her owne life. Whereupon, by the perfwalion of fome friends, which knew right well the efficacie of my Potable gold, he tooke therof the third month before the time of her deliuery, and at feuerall times continued the vfeofit. By which meanes, her vomiting, \& flux of fpitting ceafed, herecouered frength

72 The fecond Part.
and good habit : and all the refl of the time of her childe bearing, continued in very good healthand difpofition. And in due time was deliuered of a faire and ftrong Sonne, which is yet liuing.

Perill in childbirth.

THe L ady and wife of Sir Edward Barret knight, and filter to the forenamed Lady, being in trauell of childbirth, in fuch hazard and extremities of hard labour, that both her Midwiues \& all other there prefent defpaired both of fafety and life of mother and child; by counfell of a great Ladie then in my chamber tooke ofmy Potable gold, and beyond the expectation of them all, was prefently deliuered of a child in good liking But the after burden ftayed, which in that weakenefle made them feare thelike danger. Therefore they gaue her the fame Medicine againe, by which the after burden followed, fhe recouered, and did well.

T1 His Medicine hath likeroife bixhappy and fucceffull to very many others, Weiomen in like cafes, euen after the childe bath beene dead in their bodies, and they gisen ouser in their laft extremities. So that it is farre poffible to finde any Medicise to match this in fuch cafes, whereof I will fet downe afew examples.

Childbirth:

THe wife of Ioreph Pemberton Haberdaher of Ipfwich in the Countie of Suffolke, was deliuered by meanes of this Potable gold, being in great extremitie and danger, by reafon of her hard labour.

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## The Second Part.

1 Hewife of Mafer Oratio Palualino, wa s recouered through hard labour in childe-birth.

TN like manner was the wife of $T$ bomas Blackeborne Citizen of $L$ ondon,when fhe had beene two daies in labour, fafely deliuered by this helpe.

THe wife of Nicholas Colman in Great Saint BarChildbirth tholmewes, was euen at the point of Death, and vpon the taking of this Aurum Potabile, was prefently deliuered, and her life preferued.

M Afer Foxton in Red Croffe freete, had his wife of the childe in her body being dead.

THe like Fcetus morturs, or dead birth, the wife of Dead birtho carried in her body three daies, neither could fhe be deliuered by any belpe, vntill hee tooke the Avrums potabile.
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THe wife of Mafter Harde dwelling vpon Saint Peters Hill in London, was deliuered of a dead childe, yet neuertheleffe fhe was till full of inrollerable pzines. Whercupon the wife of $M$. Fitefarret Efquire neeredwelling, gaue vnto her of my Aurum Potabile, the next day after her deliuery of that childe, at 9 . of the clocke in the morning. And the fame day at 2. of the clocke in theafter noone, Shee was deliucred of an other dead childe, and then prefently recouered.

Perill of Childbirth.

THe wife of Maff. Tobn Eingle of the Exchequer was in her trauell in great peril of death,vnto whom a graue gentlewoman there prefent at her labour, gaue ofmy Aurum Potabile; with which helpe, both fhee and the childe were faued.

Burning feuer in Childbirth.
$T$ He Lady and wife of Sir Yohn Pretiman knight, fo he could take no reft nor fleepe: And other very violent paffions the endured. She was not willing to take any manner of Medicine. Only Aurum Porabile fhee tooke, and was quickly reftored to health.

Burning feuer and bloody flux in Childbed. fame meanes cured of afeuer, with an exceffiue Childbeds; fcouring,lying in childbed.

THe wife of Mafter Iobn Sherington of London Preferuation Marchant, being with childe, had many palfi, of Aborte. ons and euident caufes, to make her feare abortiop or mifcarrying. Beeing therefore aduifed thereunto, fhe tooke of my Aurum Potabile, daily a proportionable quantitie, and went out her full time, receiued Gods bleffing in the fate deliuery of a faire childe.

Whereby it appeareth that this Medicine bath diuers vertues and faculties: Asincafe, both to promote the birth where it is ftayed, betbe birth aliue or dead: as allo to ftay and preuent abortion of miscarrying, vnto the full time and periode of the naturall birth, which in the power of the Medicine is but one: That is, the onely comforting, firenghtning, and enabling of nature, to promote and performe ber owne actions, which way foener is moft fir for the Cafety \& bealt' of the body, as in other cajes before bath beene obferived. Awd not only profirable to each mnother in all thofe former camfes, but tathe infunt alfo, as ball appeare by one Relation, which bere followeth.

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Perill in Childbirth.

He wife of Mafter Richard Browne Efquire, dwelling in the Blacke fryers, was long in labour of childbirth, and ingreat danger, notwithffanding fhe had two midwiues with her. A certaine gentlewoman and neighbour being then prefent, perfwaded to fend for fome of my Aurum Potabile, and to giue it her. One Midwife faid, he had better meanes to giue her. But when all meanes fayled, and fmall hopeofliferemained, then was my Aurum Potabile fent for. And after it was twice adminiftred vntoher, fhe was fafe deliuered of a liuing and well

The new borne Infant inidanger. liking childe, God be praifed. Thenext day following, the fame gentlewoman and neighbour, came to vilite the mother and childe, finding the childe in the Midwiues lap, not well, but languilhing and ill. The Midwife defired of this gentlewoman fome of the Aurum Potabile for to giue the childe. It was then asked, whether fhe, who had denied it vnto the mother the former day, would now giue it vnto fo yong aninfant? The Midwife anfivered, that hauing feene the admirable effect thereof the day before, he doubted not of fuccelfe in the childe. She gaueit therefore vnto the childe, mixed with brealtmilks, and the childe prefently amended.

If therefore (wch yong infants, which skantly baue Seene the light of the Sun, and bauc brought from the mothers nombe their ing firmitics , and not taken themby middiet or miforder, doe finde relecfe by this CMedicine; as alfo women in their conception, and in time of their deliuerie, and afiermards lying in cbildbed, as is euidently fot downe in.

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\text { The fecond Part. } \quad 77 .
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particularitie: Enen in this only cafe, it meriteth that account, that no Lady or gentlewoman of accompt, Should at any time bee unfurnifhed thereof,for the benefit of them felues, and their in. fants, in cafe of neceffltie:Seeing that no Medicine is more powerfull, more fecure, more pleafing to take.

SIr Lewis Lewknar knight, in the yeare of our Lord 1 GII, felldangeroully ficke with a cơtinuall bur- The Plague nig feuer, \& vehement paffions. He fent for two or Pettilence. famous Phyfitions of the Citic of London; which followed and plyed him fixe daies with al the conducible remediesthey could deuife, but without any fuccelfe. For they neither eafed his paffions, nor abated the burning heate and furie of the feuer: So that the patiet euery day waxed worfe \& worfe: at the laft, an Apollemeappeared in his groyne,atrue token in fuch a difeafe, of a peltilent and contagiousinfection: which at that time, though not fince, was very hot in London. Thereupon thefe Doftors excufed themfelues, in that they were tied to the attendance ofdiwerfe noble perfons, whom they were loth to infect. And therefore, were compelled to bid him farewell. And accordingly left this worthy gentlernan, to wrefle with this difeafe, for the cure of which they were waged, and by confcience thereunto tyed; and his trult in them.was repofed. They hauing thus taken their leaues, I was fent for, not knowing the difeafe, which could not long hide it felfe, hauing fuch manifeft tokens. Yet I thought it, againlt both charityand honeftie, now being with him, to forfake him. And therefore refolued (by the grace of God) with fome

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\mathrm{K}_{3} \text { power }
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78 Thefecosd Pare. powerfull and Arong Antidote, to expell the poyfon from his heart,und atterwards to proceede for his further recouery, as occafion fhould be miniftred. To which purpofe, I firlt gaue him fixe graines of my Ef. fence of gold, mixed appropriatly. After which, in a fimalltime, he began to fweate, which continued all that night, and a great part of the next day. The next night, and fo cuery day for 4 .daies mores I gaue againe the fame Medicine, in the fame quantity, which caufed abundant fweating, whereby both the malignitic of the feuer and the vonaturall heate was exceedingly abated:the A polteme, which was rifen very great, did daily decreafe, and at laft quite vanifhed, only with a certainefticticke plafter outwardly applied. Thus he was cured of this mortall and contagious difeafe, before ic was knowne abroad of what he was ficke: which I would not now haue publifhed, but that the Knight himfelfe, hath not beene fparing amongf his friendsto report both what his fickneffe was, and the ftory of his Phyfitions and recouery.

The Plague or Peftilence.

THeyeare before,I had likewife cured of the fame difeafe, with an Apolteme allo appearing, the Lady and wife of the fame worthy knight.

IHe Lady Edmonds widdow, about the age of 78. yeares, a Lady well knowne in Court: (folikewife extreame old are thofe that formerly are named) about three yeeres age. palt was fallen into a dropfie, with all the fymptomes thereunto belonging. Her belly, face, legs, hands, greatly
greatly fwelled:blood wafled and fpent: not freeefrom the I aundife, nor far from a Confumption. How dangerous her cafe was, is fufficiently knowne. She was perfectly reftored (praifed be God) in hort time, nothing beingminiffred vnto her, but only the Aurum potabile and Elfence of Gold. This Lady, fpared not either for coft,or due obferuation to preferue life and health, after that fhe had once found comfort thereby; for during the fpace of $\mathbf{1 2}$.daies at the firtt, Thee tooke cuery morning 3.graines of the Effence, diffolued in a fpoonfull of Aurumpotabile : and the like proportion was taken at night when the went to reft: Alfo before dinner and fupper, at each time one fpoonfull of the Aurump potabile alone. After 12.daies were fpent, and that her fomacke was amended, naturall reft returned, her frength increafed, the difeafe abated, and all the fate of her body bettered, then the Lady tooke of the Effence but once a day. And fo by: degrees all things in leffer proportion. Needfull it was, that this Lady hould take thefehelpes in greater proportion, then vfuall, partly in regard of the Infirmitie,being a capitall difeafe : partly alfo in regard of her yeeres, in which nature was not fo powerfull to ouercome the malady, as in youth.

SIr Thomas Parrey knight, Chancelor of theDiu. chy,and of his Maiefties priuy Councell, being Extreme of the age of 77 yeares, this laft winter was cough in age: much deiected in habilitie and Arength of body eue-flecpe. Iy waies. His appetiteabated, his neepe diminifhed, tormented with an extreame cough day and night, not able in many weekes together, to goe forth of his ' 4. houfe helpes oflearned Phyfitions, from time to time all the winter long. In February laft I was brought vnto this honourable perfon; and finding that the beft Medicines ordinarily, in vfe had nothing auailed, I perfwaded him to take of ny A Aurum Poiabile, whereunto he willingly condefcended. I gave him thereof in the morning in bed falting, as alfo one houre beforeDinner and Supper, at each time a fpoonfull. Alfo whereas vfually his fleepe was but two houres euery night, which was after he was fifflaid in bed, and then afterwards being once awaked, he flept no more all that night, but continually did lie coughing, vntill he arofe in the morning: my counfell was, that after his firlf fleepe, his Honor hould take two graines of the Eifence of golde, diffolued in one fpoonfull of the Aurum Potabile: which doing, he alwaies within halfe an houre, was at good and quiet reft, his Cough ceafed, and he lept quietly vntill lixe of the clocke in the morning. This courfe it pleafed him to continue vntillthe 12. of Aprill, in which time be daily gathered ftrength and habilitie of body to undergoe any feruiceof his Maieftie. And thus he continueth ftill to the praife of God.

Debilitie of retention of Sperme.

ACertaine yong gentleman, onely Sonne and heire vnto his Father being of great polfefl:ons, complained vntome that hisfperme paffed from him vnfenfibly both day and night, whereby his body was much enfeebled, his complexion altered, and a Confumption imminent. A marriage was tendered vnto this yong gentleman, being an heire alfo. Conditions agreed vpon by Parents on both fides,
fides, both for Dowre and Ioynter. The father of this gentleman being in feare of his fonnes life, was loath to makeany perfect Contract, vatill he had found Remedic for his fonne. Hee vfed the beft helpe that the Country could afforde, wherein heliued. But finding none, he brought $v p$ his fonne to Lon. don, vfed my counfell; and with the helpe of Aurum Patabile, the Effence of Golde, and a Solution of Pearle which in fuch cafe I doe vfe, he hath recouered perfect fate ofbody, is married, and hath IIfue. This Gentleman about twelue Moneths fince being in London, came to vifiteme, whome when I beheld I knew not vntill he had manifetted himfelfe vntome; fo greatly was his body altered eaen into a full vigor: and perfec conftitution.

THe wife of Mafter Robert Dixon,Secretary vnto Sir Henry Montague Knight, Recorder of the Citie of London, being deliuered in childbed, was polfetfed with a molt violent burning feuer. Shee had three Phyfitions of great woorth, who miniftred unto her fuch helpes, as Art could affoard in that cafe. Not preuailing, they left her being fenfeletfe. Then did the Lady Tanfield fend vnto me for fome of my Auru Potabile, which her LadiJ. caufed to begiuen vnto this gentlewoman. In hort time after fheefell into a fweate, not long after thee flept; and when thee did awake, thee had recouered both funce and fpeech, her burning feuer was allwaged, and in few daies after by Iudgement of al herfriends; Thee feemed palt all perill and danger of life. But Thortly after, rifing vp our of her bed, and fitting vpouer long, fhee tooke cold, fo that all the parts of her

82 The feconal Part. budy became colde \&were vtterly benummed, and without fenfe, her fpeech failed, \& her frength \& fpirits muchabated. The former worthy Lady being informed therof, did fend againe of my Aurum Potabile vnto her, whichinftantly put her into a fweat, after the was in bed, and by degrees reftored her unto perfect health. The famegentlewoman being lately deliuered of two daughters, fell into the like paffions both of heate and colde, and in each of thefe extremities was releeued with the Effence of Gold, as formerly She had beene, with Aurum Potabile.

Speech and fence loft.

MAfter William Rowdenthe Kings Maiefties feruant and Marthall of his Hall, 70 . yeares of age, orthereabout, with a continuall Ardent feuer which held him long, he was at the laft brought to that debilitie and weakeneffe, that he altogether kept his bed, tooke no reft day nor night, but for the molt part lay fenfeleffe, not knowing what was faid ordone unto him. In this extremitie I was brought, and it pleafed God that by thefe former helpes, he was recouered, and remaineth Itillin perfect health. gue.

MAfterWilliam Gore now Alderman \& Sheriffe of the citie of London, threefcore $y$ cares of age or thereabout, dwelling in Bow iane, for the fpace of many Moneths languished of a quartainefeuer. In which time, by prefcript of learned Phy fitions, he had taken fo many Medicines, that he vtterly abhorred all vfuall Phyficke. When be wasinformed
formed by fome of his well wifhing friends, that my Aurum Potabile, was very Cordiall, effectuall in operation, and not loathfomeor vnpleafing to take, he was refolued to makevfe thereof, although he had refolued neuer to ve any more Phyficke. But being diffwaded by fome of his Phylitions, my profeffed aduerfaries, he refrained the fpace of fome weekes, vntill meere neceffitie (by reafon of his fill continuing quartane, and his (trength daily abating) enforced him to fend for me. I miniftred vnto him at returne of his next fir, a fmall quantitie of my Airum Potabile. with 2. graines of the Effenceof golde; which gaue him fuch contentment during the time of his fit, that his feuer was much more tollerable then formerly it had beene, and himfelfe in farre better vigor after his fit. Thē did he much admire what reafon his Phy fitions could alleadge, for the difabling of that Medicine. To conclude, in very few fittes, this Medicine cleared him of his feuer, it brought him to quiet reft, rellored him to appetite, and brought him to good habilitie and ftrength of body. And vntillthistime, it is and hath beene a continuall releefe vnto him, whenfoeuer hee findeth himfelfe inclining to any manner of debilitie or ficknelfe.

ASinthis cajc, So bause ther dealt wish diuers of the Nobility of this land or bonowrable perfonages, who in extremity of their fickeneffe, bauing firlt vfed (and that fruitlefy) all the courfe of Pbyjicke which their Pbylitions in Art could daduife them) bane defired the belpe ofmy Aurum Potabile. But bauc beence divierted by malicious canillations of thofe, who rather
defire their owne lucre and gaine, then the life of their patients. Neuertheleffe fome of the ragh Honourable, not beeing daunted by their terriffings (more fit for cbildren and babes, thenfor men and woomen of vuderftanding). hawe made happie vfe thereof both in Court and Citie; als though for caufes convenient, it is not pubblicely diuniged, and yet peraduenture not vtterly filenced. But time, in bis due time, woll bring the truth to light.

MAfter Mathew Dale, Iuftice of Peace \& Iudge in Gilde Hall, 76 . yeares of age, hath fundry times beene troubled with an infirmitie incident to age : that is, want of Retention of his vrine. Whereby fometimes in the night feafon, he hath bin inforced more then twenty times to make water: whereby his naturall relt (which hould haue fultained nature) was taken from him : and confequently his ftomackefailed, \& his ftrength abated. V pon the vfe of Aurum Potabile, thefe extremities wereabated, and he continued vntill the end of his daies, in good ftate of body, anfwerable vnto his yeeres.

Confumption of the Luggs.

THewife of Mafter Nathew Dale, 70. yeares of age, hauing an infirmitic of the Lungs, altogether vncurable, was newertheleffe preferued in good ftate ofbody, many yeares with helpe of this Avrum Potabile.

## The fecond Part.

sIr William Hericke Knight, had by his Lady two Falling fickdaughters, the one after the other. Each of them being 20 . weekes of age, was taken with the Epilepfie orfalling ficknes, and died of that difeafe. After them, he had by his faid wife a third daughter; then did they change their Nurfe, fufpecting that fome defect might bein the Nurfes milke. When this daughter cameto the age of 6 . weeks, the Epileptical fits began topolfelfe this infant, and daily the fits increafed, vntill the difeafe came to the height. Then was the Nurfe\& child fent for hither to Londonghauig heard that I had cured fome in the like infirmity. The father vfed my help in this cafe. It pleafed God that with the helpe ofmy Aurum potabile and Effence of gold(with fome helpes giuen to the nurfe) I pertectly cured that Child of this dangerous infirmitie. This was done in the fpring time. Then I aduifed the Lady, that the like mould be done at next fall of the leafe: But that being neglected, the child vpon the fealt day of All-Saints next following, fell into the fame difeafe againe; which I likewife cured the fecond time. Since this time, being now foure yeeres palt, this child neuer had fit, praifed be God.

IN like manner, and of the fame infirmitie, a Sonne Falling fick. nefle. of Sir George Wright Knight, being a yeare old was cured by me, and many others, whereoffome fhall be mentioned in this treatife hereafter.

IOhn Tret, belonging to theright honourable Sir speech and Henry Hubbara Knight, Lord chiefe Iuftice of the fenfe loft Common-Pleas $4^{40}$. yeeres of age or thereabcut, after long ficknelfe, was at thelalt broughe what debilitie and weakneffe, that he lay depriued of fpeech

78 Thefecond Part. and fenfe. Thebell tolled for him: The feruants of the houfe had taken their leaue of him:no hope of life remained. Being in this manner at point of death, fome of my Aurumpotabile was put into his mouth: by which he was brought againe to fpeech, to fenfe, and laftly reftored to perfect health, being formerly. by iudgment of all, ordained for death. Of this caff, Raymusd Lally in his booke of the Quintelfence writeth in this manner. We terme thom dead menmot the $f_{6}$ which ab olutely are dead, but thofe of whom by the opinion of Phyfrions there is viter defpaire, So that they are forf aken by all Phystions, and the actions of life baue relinquilbed them, and be depriued offenfe. If fuch likemen( faith he) reputed thus dead men, Ball reconer life and bealth by a 2 wintefSence, then may they iuffly befaid to be venined from death.

Speech and renceloft N like manner was there an other, whofe name is Robert Brodbottome, a Citizen, 60 . yeares of age, neighbour vnto Sir Lexis Lewknar then dwelling in Alderfgate flreete; being likewife at deaths doore, the bell hauing tolled for him the fpace of three houres. The faid Knight, when he vnderffood that it tolled for his neighbour whom he well loued, fent him of my Aurumpotabile, willing the wife of the faid patient by any poffible meanes, to put the fame inte his mouth. Which being done, he fhorlly after fell in. to a fleepe,fweating in his fleepe,\& after his awaking, his fenfeand fpeech returned, and himfelfe recouered health, and yet isliuing.

> He dagghter and heire of Sir walter Coape knight, now $\rightarrow$ ady and wife of Sir Henry Richknight, being
ing then dangeroully ficke of the fmall Pocks(whereof many worthy Knights, Ladies, and gentlewomen haue mifcaried oflate) was prefently releeued by vfe of my Aurumpotabile, and the frmall Pocks expulfed plentifully.

lN the fmall Pocks alfo,and likewife in the meafels, diuers haue beene recouered, whofe only names I record, and none haue mifcaried to my knowledge which in due time haue embracedthe benefite of this. medicine.

The Lady andwife of Sir RichardOgleknight. A gentlewoman belonging to the Lady and wifo of Sir Edward Barret knight. Sir Henry Cartes Page.
Sir HenryCaries danightery of the meafels. The Some and herre of Sir Hemry Cary, of the frallpox.
A young daughter of Sir Richard Norton knight, of the Meisfels, whichbwore firiken in and recoiled. by cold taking whereby the child wass in great dan-

## ger.

A Kinfweman of Miftris Browne of Efex, widdow.
A Servant of Mafter Marff Efquire, then dwelling un Coliman-freete.
A Mand feruant, belonging to Ro. Dixon before mentioned.
An other maid fersiant of Mafter Dolin Mowns.
Marchant, dwelling neere vinto leaden billw Imo? An Infant of Mr. Price the Kings ferwant ? llea Daily

DAtly experiecce alfo bath taught vs of late, that very many both young and old bawe mi/caried of the Small Pox, ewem vnder the hands of the beft prattyed Pbysitions, alitioug's the cure of thems beaccounted no difficult matter: vnto whom, if tbis approused Medicine, Jo Yecure from danger: 10 powerffull incorroborating the Heart, and exc pelling the versersons malignitie of that $D_{3}$ eafe, bad beerie at band, and bad beene adminiftredin due time and forme, no doubt but (the vertue ex. pulfive being fortified in the patient, and the materiäll venenofrtiefubtiliated) if not alt, yet fome of them, might by this onily Medicmi baue beene recouered. As the vje bercof bath presuented death in many, fo likewnfe very many wanting the benefit thereof, in the flowre of their age peribed; which baue vfed purgatiue Medicines, rohole propertie is to draw malignant bumors from the externall parts, vnito the center of the body, and to the very. Heart it felfe. I leane this mattor to bee confidered of, by thofe mom inlike cafe it may concerne bercafter.

Vomiting of fuftenance in old age.

THeHonorable Lady and widdow Doretis Skot, fometime the wife of Sir Thomas Skot Knight: of the age of 78 . yeares, for the face of many daies couldretaine no manner of fuffenance, but initantly caft vp, by vomit what fouer thee receiaed. Neither could this be itayed by any Medicine minittred
vnto her. All meanes failing, my Aururr Potabile flaied this extremitie. And after taking thereof, fhee likewife tooke any manner of other fuftenance, and retained the fame. Hereby it may appeare,that this one and the fame Medicine, doth fometime procure vomit, when nature would be vnburdened, and at other cimes it fupprelfethvomit, when nature isfoinfeebled, that it would faine retaine nutriment for fuftentation,but cannot.

1 After Napper Efquire,dwellingin Oxford, 60 . taken with an extreme vomiting, with a fcooring likewife, which both continued the fpace of 2 . or 3 . daies commonly euery houre without intermifion vntill his body was vtterly exhaufted. Thē he became cofeeble and weake, that he was inforced to keepeh is bed many daies, vntill by degrees he recouered fome Arength againe. But when his body began to be repleate, then did he fall into his former paffions. In this manner he continued one whole yeare more. He vfed for Remedie, the counfell and aduife of Phyfio tions bothat Oxford and London. When all their meanes auailed not, then did he fend vinto me for my Aurum Potabile, which by the helpe of God preuailed in this cafe, to the great admiration of many.

THe wife of Mafer William Wijeman Counfellor at the Law, after her fafe deliuery in Childbirth, was polfelfed both with a feuer, as alfo with an extraM
ordinary ordinary and a dangerous flux; tamper Menfirua quim perfodes. Her fleepe alfo was thereby vtterly taken from her. By meanes whereof fhee was brought vnto great Imbecillitie and defpaire of life. In this dangesous cafe, after the fruitleffe helpe of ther Phylitio onsthe was recouered and perfectly reftored, with the EIfence of my golde in few daies.

Eflex Ague.

SIr Edward Barret Knight, hauing his abode fometime in Effex neere vnto the Marifhes (a Country much fubiect to Agues) was two feuerall times polfelfed with that kinde of feuer. And each time he was freed from that feuer, by the onely. helpe of my Aurum Potabile. Many alfo of his fer uants, more then ten at one feuerall time, haue beene taken with that Country feuer. One efpecially amongfthe relt, a woman, hauing chiefe gouernment oucr the family, was fogrieuoully afflicted therewith, that her fenfes were taken from her, and other fuch like accidents fo oppreffed her, that there remained. Imall hope oflife. Yet it pleafed God, that both fhee and thereft, in hort time were recouered (although the Agues of thofe parts doe commonly continue long:) as allo in onepart of Kent, where many haue beene releeued by my Aurum Potabile, after that all other meaues hauc failed.

Effer Ague.

MAfter Doctor Sanage, Doctor of the Ciuill Lawes, 56.yeares of age, lying fickein Effex of the like. feuer, fent forme to come downe vato him. Beeing.

## The ecoond Part.

now with him, and before I adminittred any thing vnto him, hee was ftrangely taken with convulfions and Crampes, in his hands, feete, legges, face and in all the exterior parts of his body, with extreme tortures, lamentable to beholde. I appeafed all thele fymptomes within the fpace of one halfehoure, with the Effence of my gold, which in fhort time brought him into a $S$ weat, and his Convulfions and Crampes ceafed, his feuer alfo was cured in very fhort time.

THe fame Doctor Sauage now lately within there two moneths, was taken with a malignant feuer, a Difeafe now common in fundry places. Hewas perfectly cured thereof, only with the Effence of golde. I gaue him thereof three graines, before the beginning of his fit, diffolued in fiae fpoonfuls of Endiue water with a little fugar: and the like quantitie in the middeft of his hot fit. This I did reiterate cuery fit vntill the fourth fit. In which time he was free from his ague. But afterwards he fellinto the like feuer againe, as allo into thofe former Convulfions, which could not by any helpe of Medicine be affwaged, vntill he was inforced to fend vnto me, 17. miles for the Effence ofgolde: which being taken gaue himp: efent releefe, admirable vnto them who were eye witnelies of the effect thereof.

MAfter Thomas Dyywood of Northokenden in Long languithe County of EIfex, 30 . yeeres of age, by fhing fickreafon of obflructions and other inward cau- neffe vpon fes,languifhed a long time, became very leane, and fo obftutions.

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84 \quad \text { The fecond Part. }
$$ into a confumption. Being therewith almolt fpent, my Aurimpotabile was prefentremedy to him, and he liueth now in good health.

Weakneffe after childbith. He wife of the faid Thomas Drywood, by the fame medicine recoutred from a great weaknelfe and decaied eltate, caufed by hard labour in childbirth, and ficknelfe afterwards.

Obituct.

ADaughter of theirs being about 4. yeeres old, hauing pined, and decaied long time of an vnknowne difeafe, vpon the taking of my Potable Gold, vomited vp a great quancity of vifcous tough matter, and then recouered prefently.

Obituct.

AYoung daughter of Iobw Fanne Citizen, dwelling in Alderfgate ftreete, being fiue yeeres old, by reafon of obltructionsin her liuer, fplene, and brelt, which had long continued;and was thereby much hindred in her breathing, tooke one ounce only of my pqtable gold, after which fhe caft vp much nimy fluffe,tough, like molten glaffe, that one could fcarcely cut with a knife, and prefently fhe amended, and fortly after became perfectly well.

Falling fick neffé.


Afterwilliam Snelling Filhmonger,dwelling in Thameftreete, had a young infant of a yeere old, who was grieuoully perplexed with the falling ficknes. His fits were frequent and oft, fome-

## The fecond Part:

fometimes 20. in one day. So that the parents befought God, to take him to his mercy, out of that fo great mifery. When diuers medicines had beene tried in vaine, hewas at the laft recouered by my Effence of gold, and neuer fince wastroubled with any fit, being more then 3 .yeeres paft.

AMaid feruant of the Lady and wife of $\operatorname{Sir} T$ bomas Smith knight, being 22: yeeres old, was afflicted with moft violent convullions, and fits like vnto the falling ficknelfe incelfantly day and night for a long featon : not finding any eafe by glifters, andmany other medicines giuen her by other Phyfitions. At laft fhe was by me cured of that fearefull difeafe by this my Medicine, and neuer felt it fince; three yeeres being paft.

AN Infant of a yeere and halfe old, daughter vn. Inward torto Sir Edward Barret knight, was long grieued ments and with fome inward torments and gripings in griping her belly. The Lady ' $P$ aget, Baronelfe, her grandmo-

94 Thefecond Pare. the good Lady, holding this Infant all that while in her lap, was faine forcibly to open her mouth, and poured in an other fpoonfull mixed with beere or ale. After which fhe caft againe a blackifh and ill fauoured תimy thicke fluffe. Then fhe was well and recouered.

Extreame debility.

MAfter Thomas Allin Efquire, more then 60. yeeres of age,being lodged in Broadftreete,hauing then languifhed a long time: at laft being neere fpent, hefentforme:and withmy Potable Gold efpecially, fome other dietary meanes being alfo prefcribed, he was perfectly reftored in few daies.

A guartane ague.

MAfter Smadl, gentleman,an Attourney at the law, and Itudent of Furniualls Inne, 32 .yeeres old, had lien ficke of a quartane feuer many moneths, and had alfo the iaundife. He finding no helpe ino. old, had lien ficke of a quartane feuer many, moneths,
and had alfo the iaundife. He finding no helpe in o-
ther medicines, wasin hort time perfectly cured by
my Aurumpotabile. my Aurimpotabile.

MAfter Thbomas Tutteßbame gentleman, aged 20 .
yeeres, fonne of Maffer Anthony Tuttefbame, booth
aple Inne, was likewife cured of a quartane ague,
y potable gold. After Thomas Tuttefbame gentleman, aged 20 .
yeeres, fomne of Mafter Anthony Tuttefbame, both
aple Inne, was likewife cured of a quartane ague,
y potable gold. of Staple Inne, was likewife cured of a quartane ague, by my potablegold.

A quartane ague. $\longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow$ 4.yeeres old, lay dangerounfy ficke in Elfex, of the popular and vniuerfarie difeafe, ordinarie in thofe marifh countries, and could not endure to take

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take any medicines. He tooke my Effence of gold, with the aurum porabile at feuerall times, and was thereby perfectly cured.

THe daughter of Sir Anthony Capell knight, a a Confumpbout i 4. yeares old, after a long fickneffe fell tion.
Her father fent vntome for fome of my potable golde, wherewith thee wasin reafonable time perfectly recouered, and reflorcd to herformer health.

HRancis Wesnam of Darkinin the Countic of Surparts of his body. To whom Mafer Willian Radthe body. cliffe Efquire of the fame Towne, gauefome of $m$ g potable golde which hee had in Itore for his owne vfe,beeing oft times troubled with the Stone; by which meanes the faid Wornam recouered, and had perfect vfe both oflegs and hands.

AYong gentlemá To. Studolph, 17.yeares old,be- Specch Ioft, ing then with his mother(a widdow)dwelling and vomiting. neere the forefaid Darkin, was taken witha Palfey in his tongue; his fpeech was taken from him, and whatfoeuer he did eithereate or drinke, he calt it. vp. I was fentfor, and ftaied there fome three dayes. In which time, by intermilfiue adminittring of my Aurumpotabile, and Eifence of gold, his vomiting was ftaied, his fpeech recouered, and he perfectly cuzed. But I heard afteryards by fome of his friends.

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that.
that abouta yeare after he fell againe into the fame Difeafe, and died thereof before he could conueniently fend for any helpe.

Confumption of the Lungs.' ,

MAfter Tobn Cales, called Captaine Coles, about 44. yeares old, had long time beene troubled with a dangerous Difeafe of the Lungs,fhortnelfe of breath, coughing, and with it, fpitting of rotter matter, and feemed to bee in full Confumption. He was perfectly cured with the continued vfe of my Potablegolde.

Paley.

HEnry Smith feruant to Sir Edward Barret Knight, loft his fpeech by a Palfey, and fo fometime. Afterwards heperfectly recouered his fpeech againe, by helpe of noy Aurwm Potabile.

Quartane:

ASeruant of Sir Thomas Smith Knight, hauing beene long troubled with a quartane Ague, finding no helpe by other Medicines which had beene giuen vato him, was cured with my Potablegold.

Ilague.

ADaughter of Mafter Fitzzarret Efquire, dwelling vpon Sairt Peters Hill, was infected with thie Plague or Peftilence, and cured by the only vfe of my Eifence of golde,diflolued in my Aurum, Potabile with Carduus Water.

ELizabeth Elward, being allied vnto Edward Rugbam retainer to the Lord Kneuet, was likewife infected with the Plague, and becaufe the fame plague: Edward Rugham was continually attendant in White Hall vnder the Lord Knewet, the faid Lord therefore perforaded him tovfe my Aurum Potabile for his kinfwoman, being then in Edward Rughams houfe; which he did, and by it recouered his kinfwoman.

DIuers otber were alfo cured of the Plague at the Janse time.
A maide feruant belonging to criafter Tobn Morris, marchant, dwellingneecre unto Leaden Hall.
A fervant of $\operatorname{Sir}$ Edward Conway Knigbt.
Maff. Carre Comnfellor at the Law, dwelling ins Great Saint Bartholmewes.
A manferuant and a maide feruant in the boufe of Mijfris Randall widdow, dwelling on Saint Peters Hill.
Three eruants in the houfe of Sir william Hcricke Knight.
Mafer Arthur Lufon, Citizer in Paternofer Row.

THewife of Mafer Seabright of London, Efquire, being about $60 . y$ eares old, was often taken with Convulions with lofic of diuers and fundry pallions, as Convulfions, and para- fenfe. lyticall flupefactions of her fenfe of feeling; And had
beene fundry times releeued by my Potablegold. But to ouercome, \& vtterly to fupprelfe the great aboundance of thofe humors or matter, which caufed thefe fits fo often to returne, without being perfectly cureá, I aduifed her to take fometimes of my Effence of gold. Which when thee had taken, fhee cat vp a great quantitic of Melancholicke blacke \{tuffe. Since which time, fhe hath neuer beene troubled with any of thofe paflions.

Obftructions in a childe.

MAfer Tobn Sherington of London, Marchant, had a fonne about three yeares old,long time deiected and weake, and had receiued many Medicines againft the wormes and other caufes which were fufpected, but to no purpofe(for he daily grew worfe and worfe.) Atlaft thierefore, hauing taken my Potable golde a few daies, he caft vp a great quantity of tough, thicke, and vifcoushumors. After which(the matter of Obllructions being taken 2way) he prefently recouered perfect health.

A new borne lnfant.

ALfo ayong daughter then borne to this Mafter Sherington, being fixe moneths old, fell dangeroully ficke,and with the fame Medicine was reftored.

Plagae.

THe wife of Maf. Coles dwelling in Colmanfreete (after the death of her faid husband, who died of the Plague) Thee beeing then with childe, was alfo infected.
infected. And fearing in that cafe all frong Medicines, vfed only my Potable golde and the Effence; with sfe whereof by Gods grace fhe recouered; \& her childe faued, of which fhee was after fafely deliuered. The husband which tooke other Medicines, not this, died. The wife which refufed all other Medicines, and tooke only this,recouered; Notwithflanding the increafc of danger by her childbearing. Let the due confideration of this one cafe, flop the mouth of maliceit felfe, and informe the entions to glorifie God, for his great and good gifts beftowed \#ponmen.

EDmund Nuftum dwelling neere Charing-Croffe, fell into a dangerous lickneffe and long time continued therein. In this his diffreffe he fent for learned Phyfition of Londobs, well knowne: who ved his beft skilland endeauours, for recouery of this patient. But failing in his expectation, he tolde the patients wife, that hie mult hortly be a widdow, A worthy gentleman, their neighbour, pitying this cafe, fent his man to me in this ficke mans behaife. I came, and found the Apothecaric at the patients dore, newly come from hin, which faluted me with thefe, or the like words: You come tooo late, there is no good to be done. To whome I anfwered, that though I could doe no good, yet I would do no hurt. So when I came to the patient, and could no finde any likely fignes, nor hopes of life, I vndertook nothing concerning his recouery; neither promifed $f 0$ much as hope. Yet for a triall, I gaue him fome of my potable golde, and continued that adminiftration all

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> The fecond Part.
that night, once in three houres. It pleafed God that hee recouered, to the great admiration of all men.

NOtlong after, the only fonne of the aforefaid Apothecarie, (whofe name was Nathan Darbey) 17. yeares of age, was likewife taken with a violent burning feuer: He had the aduice and counfell, not onely of the faid Phyfition before fpecified, but alfo of many other of the Colledge. But the patient grew worfe and worfe, and at length became fpeechleffe, and was as it were vpon the threfhold, to take death by the hand. The father then, though in defpaire of his fonne, yet hauing feene the former effect, came haltily vntome, in the Sermon time being then the Sabbath day) imploring my aide for his fonnes recouerie, if yet it were pollible. His complaints preuailed. I gaue his fonne of thefe materials, iterated by degrees as the cafe required. God bleffed the meanes, and he recouered.

MAfter William Parkinton gentleman, likewife, diwelling neere vnto Charing-Croife, and futficiently well knowne, lay dangeroülly ficke, vfing the adiuce and helpe of the faid before mentioned Phy fition. He neglected no meanes of ordinary courfe prefcribed by Phylicke. Neuerthelefle the patient found fimall releefe. For the Phy fition himfeffe accounted him a dead man. Solikewife did his wife, and other his friends, Inthis forlorne eflate, I was called vnto him. I only gaue him of the Eifence of gold,
and the Aurum Potabils. And that God, who doth wound and heale: who bringeth vs to the brinke of the graue, and raifeth vs vp againe, by this meanes, as his reuealed ordinance, reftored him againe vnto perfect health.

BY theje three laff inftances, all diwellingneere unto one place, and almol, at one time, one Pbyfition being called unso them all, and they all for $\int$ aken by bim, is deplored: yet newertheLeffe, they all beeirg recouered, by the only belpe. of this Aurum Potabile: me muft of force ackerowledge the fame to bee an extroordinary bleffing fent from God, for releefe of thofe, who bawe erioyed the benefit thereof. Andlot no man depranse this Medicine, in that it is admiriftred $\int 0$ dinerfly. It ought rather to be bad in greater price. The neerer unto Implicitie, the neerer to veritic. Al So, in raine are many ibings vjed, when one ibing presailgth. As in all the courfe of our life this is true, $S$ oltkenife in adminifing of Phyficke. Therfore Damaifcen faith: It were a wicked falt to vfe a compound Medicine, where a smple profitety.

# CONCLVSION OF 

 THE SECOND PART. Ythefe euidencesjand manifold experience fincerely deliuered, partly taken and faithfully tranlated out of Latine letters,fent from feuerall parts beyond the feas; partly in Englifh verbally fet downe, as they cameto me, any reafonable man, not feduced by vaine oppofitions, nor willfully preiudicate, nor peruerlly malicious, may eafily, iudge, that this medicine, my Potable gold, is the molt wholefome, fafe, \&operative medicine, which at this day is knowne to be had in vfe : both for the cure of defperate and hopeleffe ficknelfes, when all helpe of man is accounted vaine : And for the wonderfull reftoring of the decaied ftrength, and languiThing powers of the body, with a fingular comforting ofthe heart: As alfo,for a Prophylacticke, and preferuer of healtb. Which fo being, the greater is their finne, which contrary to Gods commandement, Chriftian charitie, the loue of truth, their dutietowards their neighbour, and peraduenture their inward teftimony of their owne confcience, have fo virulently and defpitefully inueighed againt the true and vncontrollable virtues and effects thereof: And
in their walt papers. of impreff:on, haueattempted to fhew the power of malicious Rbetoricke, thereby to wrong that good, which they themfelues cannot tattaine vnto. Whereby, fo farre as their hatilitie and credibilitie could fretch, they haue notorioufly iniureds. not me only, but all forts, ranks, and degrees of peot ple, fubiect to the vnrefpectiue tyranny of fickneffes which maketh no difference betweene the Cottage and Pallace, the King and the Peafant. The wrong to me, is, that for my loue and truth, workes of charitie, good intentions towards all, and good deferts of as many as hauemade, or hereafter fhall make ve of the fruites of thefe my labours: they haue rewarded me, with that which is vnder my backbiterstongues,railing, for reuerence, reproch, for my good deeds, and flander,for a recompence. But the wrong done to others, hath many branches, and fearchethto the feate of greateft honour. For'though I dare not fay that it fhould haue beene otherwife, by the adminiftring hereoffthelengt th and number of all daies being की Gods hand)yet to thew their warme charitie agaiinft all things, not in their owne Apothekes, they would not fuffer our late yong Prince, worthy of immortall memorie, tovfe this fo famoully and aboue all excep tions approued medicine;notwithltanding in the vfe of all other, they found rot fo much as any hope. Ina defperate cafe, and a prognofticated life, all rules both of learning and charitie allow,yea and require the attempt of any meanes, notnoted of ill fufpicion:Much more fo publikely and manifoldly teftified, for the admirablegood effecis which it had wrought in diuers perfons. But that Rubricke(Propter dignitatem perfone. ofc.) Giue ordinary medicines to great perfós, to preferue the honour of the Phyfition, that he hath done:

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nothurt, foilicet, though he did nogood, is neither Prophylactickenor'Therapeuticke. We fay in Englifh: As.good neuer a whit as neuer the better. And fuch is their pious affection towards all others whom itmay concerne, that whatfoeuer happen, none of them will make vfe of this my potable gold, (which thoughnot properly, jet emphatically may be called a diuine Medicine : and certainly with more merit, then their Gratia Dei, Manus Cbrifii, Benedinta Medicamenta, Dininum Medicamentum) though it would faue a thoufand liues. Efleeming (as it feemeth) that good which is fo done withoutthe Seplafiallicke preparations, to be theirdifhonor, and delinement. Let all befoberly vfed, but where greateft need is, the beft and molt powerfull chofer. But the fearcher and iudge of all hearts willrecompence according to me. rit, to them, as to enemies of truth. And to the fincere louers thereof,acknowledging Gods mercies fhewed in the adminiftration of his owne guifts, their guerdon, which is the teltimony of a good confcience. If welooke backe, vnto the actions of certaine Phylitions of old time euen before the age of Galen, and the admirable medicines of fome of them : we fhall find notimpertinent to our purpofe, that of great Alexander King of Macedon, He(as Quintus Curtius in his third booke reporteth) in the extremitie of a molt dangerous and violent difeafe, defiring either prefent helpe or death, that he might hold his appointed day of battell with Darius King of Perfiafforthat purpofe, confulted with hisfriends and counfellors, what remedy might be found in this defperate cafc. The King dilliked al ordinary medicines, as too weake for hispurpole. The Phyfitions would allow none fuch as they called vaknowne. One Phyfition among the
relt, named Pbilip, being bornein the country Acarnaniaa part of Greece, offered Alexander to make him a medicine very fafe to be taken, which fhould fueedily reftorehim to health, though the other Phyfitions knew not what it was. P armenio a great Counfellour and fauorite of Alexanders, dillwaded his King from this medicine, (for he was vnwilling the King frould recouer as the fequell (hewed) and laboured to perfwadehim, that this $P$ bilipthe Phyfition was hired by Darius for 1000 , talents to poyfon him. Yet Alexander tooke that Phyficke, and finding the effect anfwerableto his promife, after his health fo fuddenly and beyond expectation recouered, did afterwards among other accufations, lay this for one againft $P$ arzmenio, as not wifhing him well; which altogether madevp that Iudgment which brought him to his end. And very honorablie, both rewarded andregarded Pbilip, to whom next vnder God, be attributed and acknowledged the preferuation of his life. The working ofthat medicine, in the fame place is defcribed, not vnlike to this of mine. In this manner, I' vero Medicamentum, Gre. So foone as the Medicine diffufedor Jpred it felfe intotbe veines, there might lejsurely, by little and little recouery and healthfuineffe be perceined in all the body. Firft the pirits arid beart reconcred their vigor, and after the body alfo, fooner then could be belcewed. For Alexwisder after be bad becse in this cafe three daies, Berwed himfelfe to bis Armie: which did not noore ardently or affectionatly fixe their cyes upon. Alexarder, then upon Pbilip who bad jo mexpectedly reflored bim to them: Euery one friuing who foould for $f$ give bins their right band, errbraceand thanke bim. Thus much Curtius.

Semblably it is fufficiently p: ooued and famoully manifeft, that very many great, Noble and Honou-
rable perfouages, both men and women, ficke either as Alexanderwas; or taken; with other more dangerous and violent difeafes, forfaken by allother Phyfitions, as vncurable, haue beene by the vfe of this Medicine, through Gods grace, in very fhort timerecoucred, and reftored to their perfect health. Therefore vnto you worthy and Honourable gentlemen, who as you are the Inheritors of Nobilitie, fo are you of gentle and noble difpofitions: to you I fay, I turne my felfe, relting affured, that you efteeme thefe ca. lumniating bablers, to haue faid nothingreall, mate: riall, and veritable againft me, howfoeaer they haue mooued their tongues and quills. They intend not in this cafe, your health, but my dammage : and would rather you were offered a filent facrifice in eternall heepe, then ftrike one faile, or vnlace one bonet blowen with the winde of their malicious breath, or leefe the price of a popular Recipe, for a Benedict Medicament, althoughit doe no good, fhall doe no hatme, Propter boneftatem Medici, that is,for the reputation of the Doctor: though euery day almof doe giue miferable experience, that by want of doing good, the mifchiefe increafeth; and fo with the reputation of the Doctor, the poore patient is lodged in hisgrauefend, which is harme enough, and the wort of a maledict Medicine. Therefore as I defire, fuI iultly hope, that you will difcerne betweene a blacke and a white: fallhood, and truth:light and darknetfe: That you will patronife, defend and reepe from oppreffion, both me and the truth. If there be any doube concerning the auouchment of the cures and good effects of this my potable gold, here fpoken of, you hase the reports, the particular names and places,and many of their ownehand writings I keepe ready at
all times, to be fhewed for your further contentments. And I am verily perfwaded, that all honeft perfons which haue beene recouered from their difeafes and infirmities by the good vfe of this my potable gold, will be fo thankfull to God for that benefit, as to acknowledge the meanes of their recouery, and not imitate thufe flent 9 . Pharifes clenfed from their Leprofie by our Sauiour: which is little leffe (if not equiualent) then againf their owne knowledge and confcience to deny. Of them you may know and be fatisfied, that it hath done good to all; hurt to none: That it is afafe, powerfull and pleafing Medicine: euen a Prince amonge all, analogifing with principalitie in this: That doing much good, yet of malicious and vnfhamefull perfons itis ill fpoken of as Princes oft times are. Let thefe worldling flanderers difprooue that I fay, or prooue the contrary, if they can. If not, then it is time they would be intreated, if not for confcience fake, yet at leaft for fhame (if they feare any)to be filent hereafter: though it were more for their honeft account, to recant in print. Thefegreat cures performed, realities, things of fact, ofreir times, in fundrie and diftant places, arid fundry and diuers perfons, in fundry and different difeafes, done and performed to the great good of many, and applauded by common atteftation, in all parts of the Realme, and many parts beyond the feas: This (I fay) cannot be pocketted as not done, norfo eafily vilified by a fine phrafe, alittle good Latine: Subflance or fence there is none in his writing, it is meere froth, and the deceiffull infide of a rotten Egge, or worm-eaten nut: good for nothing butto befogge the clece light of aknowne truth, and maintaine thie inured practife of learned fcolds. Surely, this is not,

108 The fecond Part.
White, in any tongue, Latine or Welch, howfoeuer verfified. Thefe teftimonies for me(which will daily increafe) Ihall lye and remaine to all pofterities as ho. nourable Trophies, fixed in the hearts of vnderftanding and honeft men; when thefe flagie chartlets of theirs, fhall not be vouchfafed an honeft eye or eare: but call by for walt paper, to ftop muftard pots, or other bafe offices. They are not able, toproduce one Inftance, of harme receiued by this Medicine. Wheras contrary, the chiefeft, moll polychrefticall, and greateft magnified compofitions (whereof (to fpeake truth) at this day the right Ingredients bee not knowne: and againft which fome learned Doctors haue learnedly written) haue their Imputations,wherin thecharge muft bee either vpon the Medicine it felfe, or vpon the Phy fitions. Whofe errors, if themfelues will not mend, I will not excufe. If obiection be made, that all hauenot recouered, which haue taken this Medicine of mine, but fome haue died:I confelfe that is true. But what then? Old Ageis irreuocable. Many difeafes alfo areeithereffentially incurable, or preuent all power of Medicines, either by the vehemencie or malignitie C Morbiacititifimis, or by thenegligence of timely helpe. Many alfo being eafily to be cured at the firlt, are made defperate and vncurable, by errors, either of Medicines directly hurffull, or at the leaft not helpfull, to the intollerable weakning of the poore patient, and triumph of the difeafe. Alfo Hippocratestelleth vs, that all difeafes be not curable. For the fatall and predeftinate houre is ineuitable. There refteth an vnknowne caure, which is the unfearchablecounfell of God, which wil not that all dif. eafes fhall be cured in al men. Thus much concerning thefecond part, we will now proceede to the third.


## THE THIRD PART SHEWING THE VSE OF THIS

 POTABLE GOLD.

Hat which Philip of Macedon, father of Alexander the great faid of gold : That with it all Cities, Citadells, Caltels, Forts, For trelfes and Bulwarkes, howfoeuer by nature, Art and munition thought impregnable, might be alfaulted, laid open and conquered: I may as truely, but to bettervfe, affirme of $A$ Asrum potabile, that is, of Goldmade intomedicine and reduced to the forme of a potable liquor, that it doth alfaile and oppugne all infirmities and inward difeafes of mans body (refpectiuely curable, as aforefaid.) That it alfodoth reftore, eltablifh, and confirme, the vigor and Itrength of mans body, with the naturall and vitall faculties thereof: If it be duely and con(1derately adminiftred, with fuch care, caution and judgement as becommeth the dignitic of a rationall Phyfition. For as the Captaine of an Army, hauing any peculiar exploite in hand, neglecteth no meanes, either by Military Difcipline, or Engines of warre, to accomplifli his intended purpofe; fo is the Phyfition

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## The third Part.

likewife bound to doe. 'And as the clandeftine enemy which lieth in Ambufh, and appeareth not in fight, is much more dangerous, then he that commeth in open face; folikewife, maany of our internall difeafes, whofe malignitielurkes in the inward parts, are more difficultly cured, then thofe which manifeft the vttermoft of their malice. And as in this age, both Armour and other Artillery for the feruice of warre, are farre different from thole of former times, fo that it were ridiculous now, either in offenfiue warre or defenfiue, to relinquih our Ordnance ofall forts,becaufe(in comparifon) they are but late inuentions, and to truft to the ancient military inftruments feruiceable among the Romens in thofe daies: Even fo, the capitall difeafes of this age, being for the moft part Complicati Morbi, whereas olim they werc fimplices, will hardly be extirpate, if we ouercuriouify do perfift in the prefcript rules and method of antiquitie, and tyeour felues only to their Medicines: feeing that daily experience doth teach.vs, that they performe not the effects promifed, and therefore, arefor the molt part adminiftred fruitlefly. Seeing therefore the indeuours of this age(being inforced thereunto by defect of thofe medicines) haue likewife added vnto Art, and haue inriched the fame with other materials medicinable, not formerly retained in common ve; or the fame, by moreartificiall preparation, haue exalted into a higher virtue: Were it not madnelfe (the validitie of the fame being fufficiently: experienced) to relinquifh thofe of a higher nature, and to vfe triuiall and fruitlefle medicines ? Let the Souldier make conuenient vfe of the Sword, Dagger, Helmet, Target, Pike, and fuch like(for they haue beene of long antiquity)but withall, let not Musket, Saker,

Mineon, Cannon, be neglecied, becaufe they arenew inuentions, in comparifon of the other. And let vs likewife approue, and retainein vfe, Electuaries, Sy rups, Pills, Powders, and whatfoeuer elfe by long approbation is pertinent to the expulfing of malignant humors the caules of maladies:yet, let not the virtues acknowledged by all antiquity to be inlident in gold, belealt regarded, which virtues do actually appeare in potable gold. Euery graduated Phylition is tied by folemne oath, as alfo by integrity of confcience, not to neglect any thing, tending to the recouery of his patient; But to vfe all manner of effectuall medicines, eithernew or old, whether of theirowneinuentions, or of other mens labours, being approued to be fecure and not naufeous: notreiecting the fame vpon any priuate confideration, either of preiudice ormalice. But leauing this digreffion, to theintent that euery body whom it frall concerne, may make the belt vfe, reapethe full fruition of all benefits which they can expect by this fo profitable and extraordinary gift of God, (although they cannot at all times haue the affiltanceand directing aduice of a learned Phylition, to prefcribeand order the adminill ration thereof, which were to be wifhed) 1 will here in this lat part of this Treatife, endeuour to helpe that defect: and teach themethod, manner, andrules, how, andin. what difeafes and paffions, it may mon profitably be adminiffred. Which though by many the letters fent me, before in this difcourfe fet downe, as alfo by the hiftories of many cures by my felfe and others therewith performed, it be reafonable piaine, yet I will drawitinto morediftinat and orderly delivery, according to the good will and meaning I haue: That by a generall helping medicine, a moft generall and

12 The third Part. vniuerfall benefite may be reaped.

Therefore be it knowne, that the vfe of this medicine is generally twofold, anfwerable to the twogemerall ends of Practicke Phylicke. One, to preferue the prefent health. The other, to recouer it, beeing broken or loft: by curing the Difeafes, and rooting out the caufes thereof.

## THE VSE OF POTABLE GOLD in preferuation of health.



LL the Phyfitions and learned men, both before in my firft printed booke, and here in this alledged, as alfoalmof innumerableo. thers, whofe names I omit to auouch, for breuitie, agree in this: That Auram Potabile is the beft Medicine, and moll profitable Inftrument for the conferuation of health, in all kinde of complexionable temperaments; That it partly fupprefleth and fuffereth notluxurivully to bud, fhoot out,and bring their fruit ynto ripeneffe, any feedes, or latent rootes of ficknefles, lurking in mans body, whereunto any proneneffe or aptitude hereditarie, or otherwife accidentall,make them obnoxious: That it reduceth to mediocritie,inordinate diftemperatures, cither in excelfe or defect: That it refrefheth, vigorateth, and flrengthneth the heart; reftoreth, and increafeth the vitall fpirits: aduanceth the force and and generation
of good blood, multiplieth geniture feede, and habilitie of prolification in both fexes; banifhing ferility, preuenting abortions, and prouiding quicke,eafy, and Cafe deliueries in childbed,fupprelfeth the infirmities of age : preferueth the vigor of youth. It were vnnecelfary to heape arguments in confirmation hereof, being in it felfe fo authentically warranted by famous authors, and manifeftly witnelfed by many experiences. Particularly, it is a preferuatiue againft the Falling fickneffe,the A poplexie, Leprofie, Plague,Dropfy, Cancer, Gout,Stone, and all manner offeuers in all ages and fexes. And infome, it expelleth(or rather enableth the body to expell) by conuenient and molt naturall palfages, the antecedent matter or humors; from and by whichany difeafes depending vpon fuch materiall caufes might fpring, and fo by preuention, preferueth health.

Butit is to be knowne and obferued, that this Medicine of gold, though made of one body, yet is refer- forme. ued and vfed in three formes and conliftences; which not being knowne, there may be much mittaking and errour in the vfe and adminiftration thereof.

Firf, when the gold is dilfolued in the proper menfluall or inftrumentall water, this water is diltil. led away from the diffolued gold, vntill it be in the bottome in the forme or confiftence of a liquid gum or hony, deepely coloured (as Raymund Luilly cals it) \& molt vnctuous. To which, the fpirit of wine is then put, and by folution thereot, tinctedvery red and deepe coloured. That tincted fpirit of wine is gently decanted, or powred off, and fo referued by it felfein a glaife. And is called the Phyficall Tincture of gold. And nay fo, in fmall roome, and with no burden bee caried whither any man pleafe. And this we call the firl forme.

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Take

The fecond forme.

The third forme.

Take one ounce of this tincted fpirit, mixe it with 16. ounces of generous wine (or if you pleafe, of any other liquor.) And this being fo mixed is called that Potablegolde, of which fo often mention hath beene hitherto made. One, or two fpoonfuls of this at one time, and fometimes a whole ounce, I accultome to giue;in luch cafes and Difeafes as aforefaid.
The third forme is this,and thus made. That tincted red firit of wine, in which the diffolued gold is taken vp from the whitefeces, or refidence, is put into aft glaffebody with a head. And with a gentle heate of a Balnerm, the firit is drawne off, vntill the fubftance in the bottome of the glaffe be dry. Then doe I put on frefh fpirit of wine, fetting it in digeftion certaine daies. In which time it will caft off an other refidence. This procelfe is reiterated, and at euery fuch folution and diftillation, the feculent refidence. muft be feparated from the pure, vntill itleaue no refidence at all. Then is it called the Quintelfence or Effence of God, which I doevfe to adminifter in the quantity of 2 . or 3 . or more graines, and doe difolue it in fome appropriate liquor or other mix? ture conducent.

Sothat any, that is defirous to makevfe of this my: Medicine, may haue either the Potablegold, or the Tincture ofgold, or the Effence of gold, or all; and apply them in allmanner of needfullvfes, as occafion thall require.
They therefore that fhall take it for preferuation, may vfe it in the fimpleft \& leaft curious order \& fafhion. That is, to take of the Aurut Potabile one ortwo fpoonfuls, together falting, and in bed, if they may, elfe in the morning after they be vp; the oftner, the better. Vfe giuesinftruction, from that common Indication aforefaid, $A$ I wernatibus et nocentibuis, corc, From things.
things that helpe and hurt, cuery ane is directed. Therefore whofoeuer after twice or thrice taking? hath found benefit thereby, he may proportion himfelfe, in moderate increafing ordiminifhing the dofe or quantitie, according to bis owne hability and conftitution. For, in increaling the quantitie of this, there is no danger, fo it be within any bounds of mediocritie, not exorbitantly exuberate: which is farre otherwifeinall or moft part of other fimples and compolitions, whether meerely Medicaments, or Midicamentall nutriments, as are Oximel, Saffron, Methridate, Treacle,all Cordiales and Purges whatfocuer. -

Alfo a conuenient time to take it (efpecially in thofe that haue weake (tomacks) will be one houre or two before dinner or fupper, or after fupper, at bed time (for it doth both helpe digeftion, and procure fleepe) according as the circumftances fhall require or fuffer.

In precaution of Lunarie Difeafes, fuch ashaue their exacerbations \& fits according to the quarters; changings, \& full of the Moone, as Epilepres, Defluxio ons, inordinate Menftruals and fuch like: The rule is; for this lalt, to take it neere the time of courfe: In the other,3.4. or 5.daies before the new and full Moone:

If it be defired for the more particularappropriating of this Medicine to any particular caufe, to take: it not fo fimply of it felfe, but mised. Then let fuch, either by their owne knowledge, or the appointment of fomeexperienced Phyfition, mise it with fome Specificall water, decoction, extraction, or otherwife formed Medicine, according to the neceflitic of euery particular caufe and occafion : Or with forme compound water, approoued for that Difeafe, or Polyy chreftall to the fame, and others, in neighbourhood and linke of caufes to it.

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# THE VSE OF Avrvm 

## POTABILE IN SVNDRY

INFIRMITIES.


He difeafed perfon that fliall vfe this Medicine, may take it in the fame proportio or dofe, as formerly is fet downe, or fomewhat greater or leife, according to the condition of the partie, and fate of his Difeafe. Commonly one fpoon-
The dofe. full of the Aurum Potabile is giuen at onetime : or fixe or eight droppes of the Tincture of gold, mixed in fome appropriate liquor: and of the Elfence of Gold, two orthree graines. Where necelfitie fhall require, thefe dofes may be doubled, ormore; as of the Aurums Potabile, two or three fpoonfull vnto a full ounce : of the Effence foure graines or fixe: Ofthe Tincture in like refpect. Alfo in fome perfons greatly debilitated, and not able wellto retaine, a fmall quantity is firf to be attempted, and then by degrees increafed, as by former examples may plainly appeare. Alfo this Ef: fence of gold is very fitting and conuenient for very yong infants but newly borne, in any Difeafe whatfoeuer, being ordered in this maner. Take one graine of the Effence, dilfolue it in one or two fpoonfull of breftmilke orin fome diftilled water as hal be fitting:

## The third Part.

giuethe childe part of that mixture at the firft : after a while giueit more. This is fecurely giuen, the third or fourth day after the birth; fo is likewife the Aurum Potabile in a fmall quantitie, and mixed wirh fome other liquor, not with milke: neither muft the childe fucke within two houres after, lelt the wine in the potable gold, foould curdle the milke.
Thefeadminiftrations are to be giuen intermiffise. How oft. ly, fometime euery fecond, third, or fourth houre, as the prefent cafe fhallrequire: vntill of the operation appeare with good fignes, the abating of the paffions, diminifhing of the Difeafe, and recouerie of Arength.

It may begiuen at al times, mof commonly in the when to be morning falting, or an houre before repalt. Likewife giuen. after meate to preuent a furfet. For it hel peth digeftion, and preuenteth fickneifes following fuch repletions. To procure fleepe it is giuen at bed-time; or if neceflitie vrge, in any other houre of the night or day: being effectually a true Anodine, of contemperation without fupefaction, not narcoticke.

The Effects of this Medicine : corroboration of Effets. theheart : reflauration of the vitall firits decaied and enfeebled: which apparantly is manfelt, by quiet and fweete fleepe mof commonly following; asalfo by mitigation of paine, and appealing of violent paff:ons: fometime by a milde and gentle fweat enfuings fometimes by vomit, and reicction of malignant vifcous humors: alfo by plentifull euacation ot vrine, as alfo by reltraint thereof, where the retention is weake. And though fildom, yet fomtimes by aloofenelfe of the belly: but very oft, by flaying inordinate fluxes. And euery of thefe functions, though contrary fome one to other, are directed and performed by the meere mocion of Nature it felfe, being ftrengthned;

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vigorated, and ennabled, by the virtue of this Medicine.

Let thus much fuffice, for the fimple, or very fimply mixed vfe of this Medicine. Butalthough in this forme taken and ved, it giueth great furtherance towards the curing of any malad', as by many particular experiments hath beene related, in which fildome tirnes any addition of peculiar effect hath beene adminiftred: yet becaufe of the great varietie, difference and diuerfitie of difpofitions, natures, places, difeafes, times, and countries; and becaufe prefcription ought not to preiudicate, the skill and iudgement of all men; Therefore to fupply thefe differences, I doe leaue free to the iudgement and difcretion of euery rationall experienced Phyfition, toadminifter this medicine, with any kind of Waters, Liquors, Syrups, Conferues, Electaaries, or other medicines fimple or compound, fuch as they fhall vpongood grounds and experience, know or iudge moft appropriate, fpecificall, conuenient, and agreeing to the prefent circumftances of the difeafe, nature, $2 x$ quality of the patient, \& neceflity of his flate.We give no prefeript of Method,or limitatió of proceedings vnto Phyfitions; they being prefent, know what is needfull, whatrequifite, in order, time and place: what in each refpect is to be done, what to beleft vndone. But where a competent Phyfition is not at hand, as in Country villages,or fuch like places,there fome admonition or direction is expedient.
It is well knowne among learned men, what effect, efficacy, and force, is attributed to that Medicine which is called Vniuerfall, in that high degree whereof writers make mention; that it performeth great and admirable effect, not only vpon mans body, but alfo vpon Mettals, as appeareth by thefe words of Raymund Lully: The quinteffence of goid, aficy dit tul-
ling away of theinftrumentall water, will remaine in the bottome of the glalle, very pure, and feparated from all impurity, thicke in the confiftence of hony, or of gumme, deepely coloured and very vnctuous, greatly auaileable,both for Medicine of many body', as alfo of Mettals. But this Medicine of ours, hath his preparation onely pertinent to the vfe of man. Neuertheles feeing that, both that Medicine ofRaymund Lul$l y$, and this of mine, haue all the virtue incident vnto them deriued from gold, and from the forme thereo, as from one fountaine and foundation; therefore it will not beimpertinent, to prefcribe the fame vfe and manner of adminiftring of this medicine of mine, which Raymund doth vnto his. For if the agent caufe beone in them both; the manner of vfe may allo be the fame. He preferibeth a fpeciall vfe in thefe words. Mixethis Effence of gold in a quantity of white wine, when you will giue it to a Phlegmaticke conftitution, efpecially in the Winter feafon. If to a Cholericke, giue it in faire water : to a Melancholike, in broth, wherein mutton is decocted: If he be of a Sanguine complexion, in cleare white wine: And this thall be a preuention againft infirmities, and their bodies frall be rectified againft the diftemper of the feafon. Ifyous giue this medicine to thofethat are fiskejlet the mixfure be more effectuall of the Medicine. Neither be thou greatly troubled(faith he) to know the perfect ftate of the difeafe. For nature it felfe is wife and prouident by her owne inftinct, and hath inuefted to this ftone being dilfolued, fufficient virtues, to rectifie that which is amilfe in nature. My fonne, this medicine is powerfull, both againgt botte difeajes, and cold, naturall, and accidentiall, \&c. Thefe words and other hereunto tending Raymund fetteth downe, which we out ofour experience haue found to be anfwerable to this
our intent. Neuerthelelfe wee acknowledge, that fometimes extraordinary fymptomes doe occurre, which threaten prefent danger of death, it they bee not fpeedily preuented: As is, extreme heate,extremitie of cold, great thirl, lacke of fleepe, inordinate fluxes, and fuch like. All which by the good pleafure of God, are mitigated and af (fwaged by this only Medicine ofmine. And yet many things may be appropriately added heresnto,\& pertinét for the expuling of eueryDifeafe. Therfore, ifthe patiēt haue a repleate body, that neceffity require fome euacuation to bee made; gentle,\& not violet purges,fitting the humor offending, are to be adminiftred:Sometime the body hath neede by vrine or fweat to bereleeued: which both, although this Aarim Potabile docin fort performe yet in fome cafes it is to be helped. If fuxe be caufed in the nether ventricle, vnto which a Medicine receiued at the mouth cannot fpeedily penetrate, then a clenfing, and aftringent Glifter will be expedient.If fleepe bewanting, that necelfarily muft be regarded. Andalthough this Medicine doth for the moft part by a fecret proprietietherin procure fleepe, yet if neede be,let other helps be adioyned. Blood
letting in conuenient time mult not be neg-
lected. Other things pertinent, I referre to the difcretion of them, whome it fhall
concerne.

## THE CONCLVSION

 OF THIS TREATISE. Auing thus, ingenuoully, plain ly, and fully (as I hope) fatisfied all indifferent and vapartiable Readers, of the caufe of this difcourfe, concerning the generall and extraordinarie effects of this Medicine: and of the threekinds thereof: of my vee in adminiltration thereof, inall Difeafes, fexes, ages and circumftances: together with the libertie and cautions in further extent, and mixture with other Medicines: I now returnein the Conclufion, wnto fuch Readers, to whome I haue and euer fiall, dewote, confecrate and dedicate all my ftudies, labours and induftrie, commending vnto you the right conftruction, and gencrous acceptance, without any finilter detortion, of my good and vifpotted intendements, not retorted againt my traducers, with any malicious virulence, but extorted by meere compulfion, for the neceifary challenge, and defence of my good name,oppugned by two Doctors, though neuer expugnable by them, nor the laudatorie verlifiers, chaunting pro formáabsque materiâ. Let them enioy the glory of their Eloquence, or rather loquence, with ill applyed Phrafes. I defire none other contentment in this
queftion, then the publike teftimony of a conltant truth. Truth willfurely liue, preuaile, flourifh. It is like the gentle and fweete Marierome, manifoldly excellent for many vertues. Which but rubbed in the hand, yeeldeth an excellentfent, comfortable to all fenfes. Of which hearbit is written, that if fwine be enforced, with full fent of open noftrels to takethe finell, it is mortall to them, and caufeth them to die. Surely this isafecret in Nature, that a thing fo good initfelfe; and fo agreeably helpefull to good men, fhould by the malice, or brutifhneffe of a Swinifh nature be accounted poyfon. This is a true Embleme of my Medicine, which being helpfull to all, hurtfull to none, yet there arefound fuch, as profeffe hatred to the very name thereof:and fo turne that generall preferuatiue, to their priuate poyfon of rancor. But herein that common rule of Philofophy, is not vnfitly analogifed vpon them: Nutriers connertitur in naturam nutritijet non contra. The nourifhment is couerted into the nature of the body nourihed, but not contrarily. So likewife the enuious man, whatfoeuer hee beholdeth with his malicious Eye, though extraordinary good of jt felfe, yet hee conuerteth it to his owne peruerfe difpofition, which is euill. As may well appeare in the Bee,and the Spyder, this fucking poyfon, and the other hony out of the felfe fame flower. Let all thefe things be confidered, by the indifferent and Iudicious Reader, and with equall ballance let him peife truth with fallehood, finceritie with deceit, notinclining cither to hatred or adulation, but with free minde and integritie of confcience, let fentence be pronounced. Among good men there oughtto be good dealing. It may peraduenture bee that fome doubts may bee mooued, or cauilling allegations
againtt the tract of this Treatife in fome point or other, but furely fuch as will be vtterly vnprofitable to the fickepatient,' who is to be relecued by healthfull Medicine, and not by fubtilitie of Argument. Where fore ifI Mould endeauourto anfwer euery friuolous andidle obiection, I thould both abufe the Reader, and thinke mine owne time euill fpent. Some few things I defireto admonim the Reader: Firl, fauourablic to conftrue and interpet the intent of thefe my proceedings, \& notraffly, vpon any mans words or writings, to condemne the verity of this matter now in queltion. Alfo, if any thing in this Treatife be contained, which feemeth not anfwerable vnto euery mans capacitie or iudgement, that fuch perfon would bepleafed, firft, to admonilh mee thercof by priuate letters, or otherwife, that I may in thofe doubts yeeld him fatisfaction, before hee doe publikely oppugne the truth. Furthermore, if thefe things to fome, feeme of fmallmoment, I humbly intreatethem, to produce better in place for the vfe of the languining patient (prouided alwaies that it bee no leffe approued by: time and experience) and in the mean time, whileft wee liue in expectation thereof, let the Common-wealth receiuebenefit by this, without their let or preiudice.

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AN APPENDIX RESERDED FOR THEIVDICIOVS

READER.


$T$ is generally well knowne,that Mathew Gwinne, in the Preface of that his Invectiue booke againft me, did, in moft inftant manner, follicite the Kings Maieftie, forthe fuppreffion of this Medicine my Potable gold. His Inducements, and motiues were in thefe words. Tollunturvnà Medici, orc. The Pbyjotions of this Citie, the Chyrurgians, and the Apothecarieswill all decay, and in manner bo fubuerted, if this one vniuterfall Medicine of Anthony doe prewaile. He entorceth the fame as yet: further: Let your Maieftie eftablifo this, leaft the Archytectionicall order of the Pbyytions, (for I doe produce. his owne words) the Polychreftallo order of the Chyrsergiv ans:the lsoneft, learned, o wealthy order of the London Apothecaries, be either confuf ed, or vitcrly confounded, by the Intrufion of thole whoprepare Medicises Chymically. How vniult this petition is, and how preiudiciall vato ve. ritie it felfe, and vnto true Art (whereof the A pothecaries haue but a fhaddow) who feeth not? If God hatb.
hathgranted vnto this our age, an extraordinary bleffing, more feruiceableforthe health of man, and much more auaileable then all other Medicaments hitherto retained in cómon vfe,ought it to be exploded by the practitioners in Phyficke, or to be reieefed of the patient in hisvtter diftreffe, becaufe the likelucre and gaine doth not to them aforefaid redound, as by other drugges ordinarily prefcribed? IVas that elect Veffel(mentioned in holy writ)iultly fcourged and vtterly filenced, becaufe by his words and admonition, the handicraffimen, employed about that idoll of Diana, were likely to lofe fome part of theirvfuall lucre and gaine? (I hope it is not vnlawfull in this cafe, to compare profane with facred actions.) Nay rather contrariwife. If this vniuerfall Medicine, hall approoue it felfe by daily experience to be vniuer\{ally effectuall, then being retained in vfe, both Phyfitions, Chyrurgions, and Apothecaries, will the rather beaccepted of, and the more reuerenced: Neither will that three-foldorder, bee either confufed, or confounded herewith, but rather confirmed, and better fetled in generall account. For $\frac{r}{}$ thefe three, when they fhall be called to the ficke patient, would at their entrance (as the ancient Ethnick Senators vfed to doe, when they entred the Senate houfefor confultations of the Weale publike) thake off xmulation, Enuy, and ouermach defire of filthy: lucre: then the Phyfition thould finde in this Medicine, fuch helpe in defperate Difeafes, as both he and his languilhing patient mould reioyce at the fruites thereof. The Chyrurgians likewife, in fome cafe of theirs, asin Faintings, Swoundings, Convulli. ons, Crampes,and where fleepe and reltare wanting, whereby great feebleneffe and deiection of Spirits Q 3 doe. docenfue, fhould then make perfect experience and tryall, of what validitie this Medicine is. Then alfo the Apothecarie Thould lofe no part of his honeflie, of his learning, nor of his fubftance and riches, hauing by him this Medicine, as a laft refuge for the relecfe of his forlorne patient. The Apothecarie is carefull, to haue in euery corner of his fhoppe, diuers and fundrie contemptible drugges, loathfome to molt men, now in this age ofours. My defire is not to detract any thing from them in their gaine or skill, but rather to adde thereunto, and the behalfe of the Common wealth, vnto whom I doe here dedi- ${ }^{-}$ cate,confecrate and offer, all there my labours; and whatfouer elfe is in my power.

## FINCIS.

