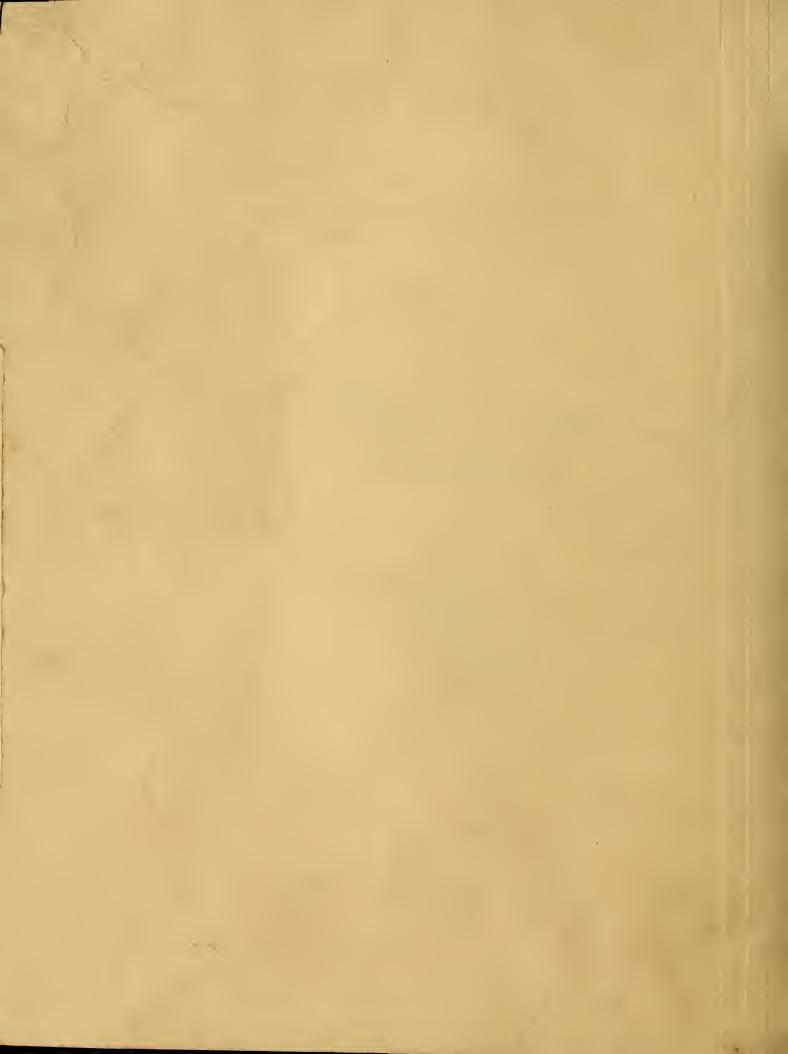
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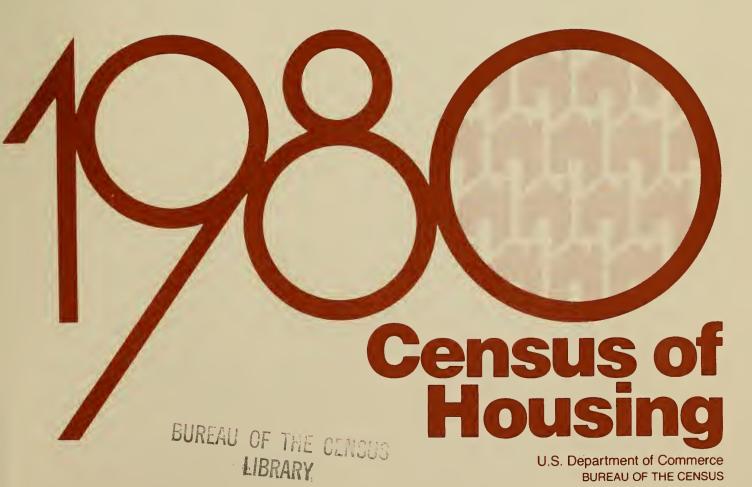
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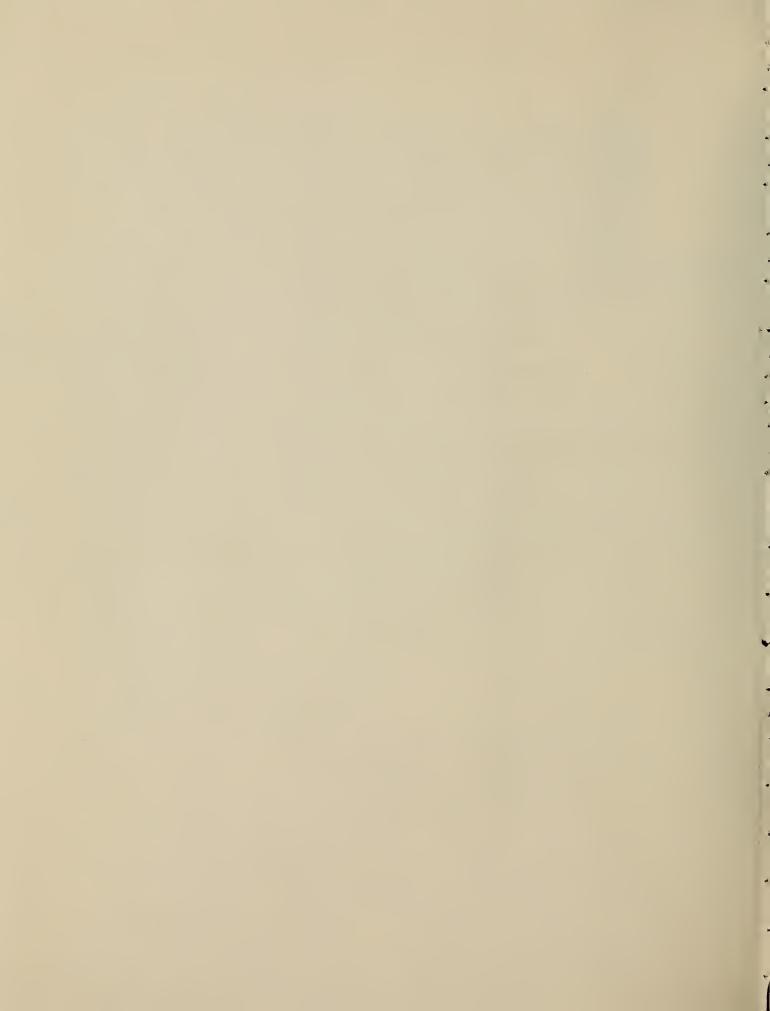
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

HC80-2-68

Issued September 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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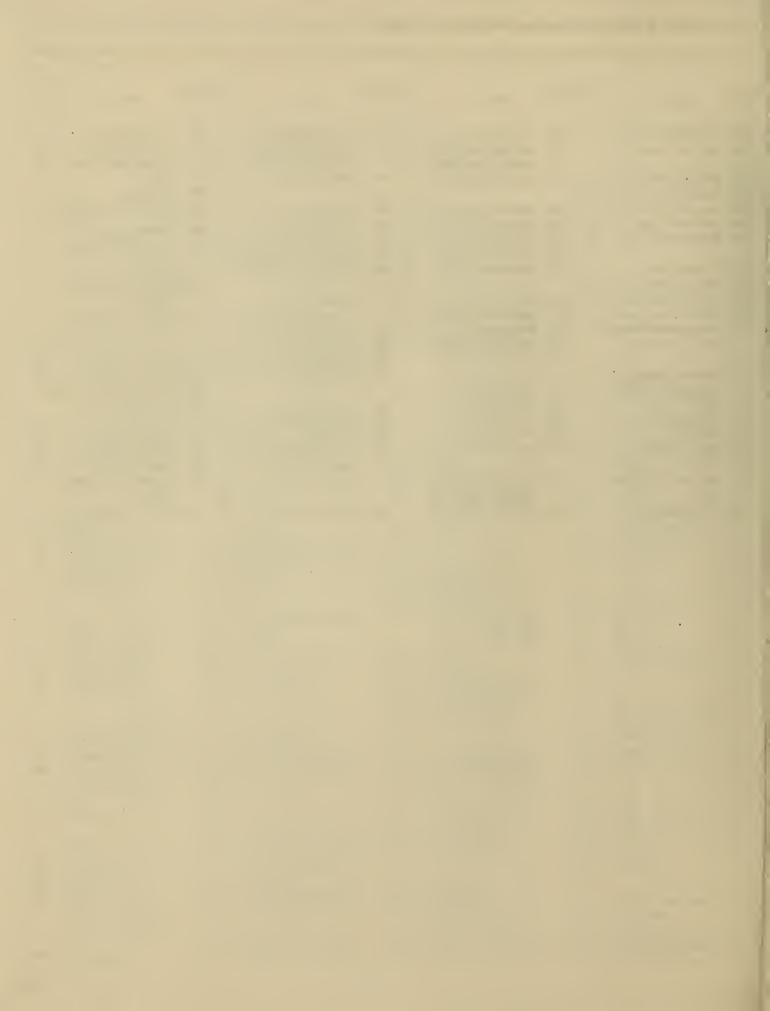
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В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed: other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-68

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Arrangement of Tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each
central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more.
The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for
all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant
units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown
only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII
of the Introduction for further information. To assist the
reader in using this report, the listings are presented as
follows

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on which dieta for the various reso (Specials origin because	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	×
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the	
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Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Boroughs, Census Areas, and Selected Places	XIV

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ſ			Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
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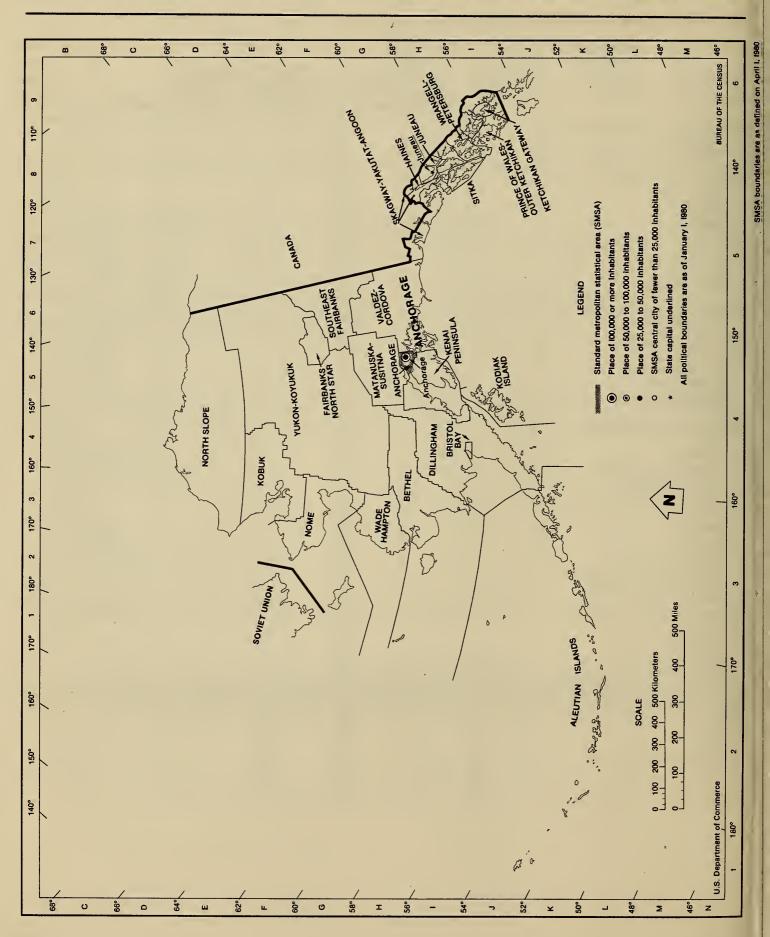
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	` Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	3	_ 4	_ 5	_
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	1 -	- - -	- 5 -	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5 -	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	= -	- - -	- 3	- - -	5 - -	6 -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	-	- - - -		4 4 -	5 - - -	6 - - -
household income	1	2	3	4	- -	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4	5 - -	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	=
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	- - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	. 7 -	_ _ _	9 - -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -		12 - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- 1	- -	9 -	- - -	- - 11	_ 12 _	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	1	- - -	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	-	-	9 —	10	11	- -	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 - 8	9	- - -		_ _ _	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.	for all househoup comprises	olds. Similar o	lata are showr f the area pop	n in the tables lister culation. For furthe	d below when there er explanation, see	e are 10,000 or the Introduction	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	-	-
Asian and Pacific Islander	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68		_ _

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Boroughs, Census Areas, and Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as -85+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

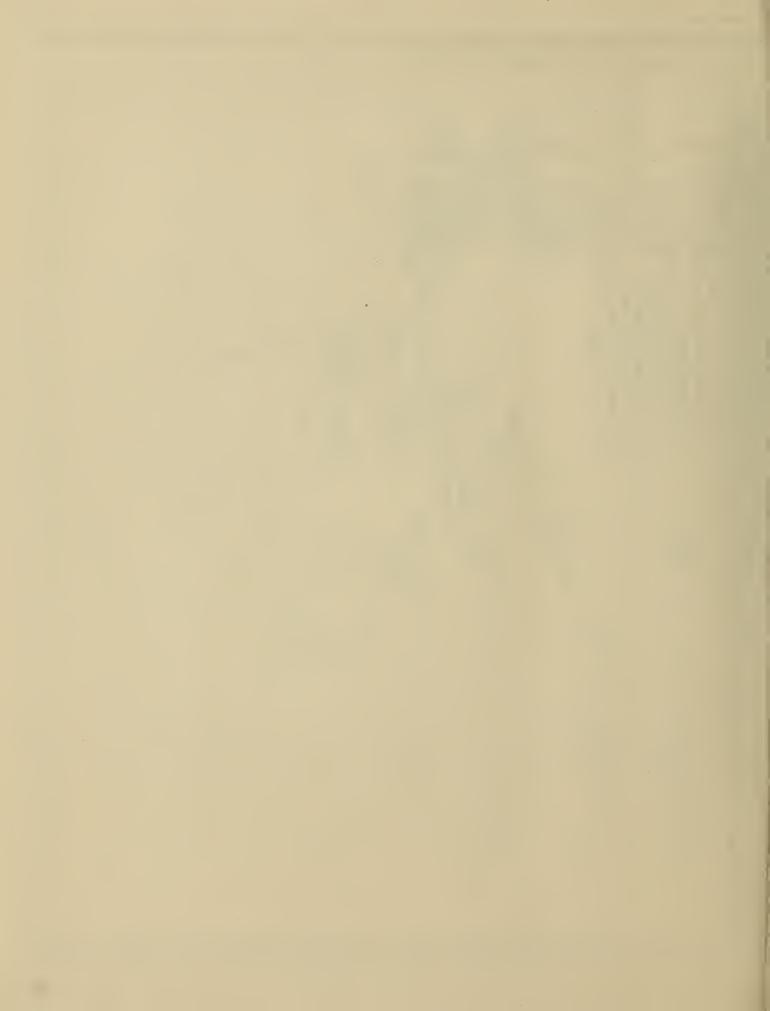


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 913	19	36	133	212	560	1 195	5 768	7 742	5 886	1 362	89 800	95 400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	18 244 364 5 358 5 813 6 270 439 2 334 149	 - 4 9	26 - 11 3 12 - 3	70 - 33 6 26 5 33	115 - 39 19 45 12 74 7	358 7 93 67 160 31 130	731 555 197 151 295 33 185 24	4 268 188 1 571 901 1 448 160 736 39	6 339 75 1 844 2 164 2 177 79 635 32	5 139 33 1 322 2 040 1 659 85 436	1 194 6 248 462 448 30 93	91 800 73 000 88 000 96 800 90 800 77 000 79 900 69 400	98 200 79 300 93 700 104 900 97 600 88 200 85 300 70 000
25 to 34 years	922 673 472 118 2 335 40 570 651 849 225 40.1	4 - 6 - - - 6 - 50.4	3 - 7 - 4 - 3 37.5	4 9 9 - 30 - 14 6 5 5 36.5	17 6 29 15 23 8 - - 15 51.8	43 43 19 13 72 6 14 21 31 -	60 38 46 17 279 4 51 69 103 52 42.3	335 206 126 30 764 9 224 188 269 74 38.5	257 213 114 19 768 13 210 240 257 48 39.7	164 130 99 24 311 - 39 107 148 17	39 24 30 - 75 - 14 20 27 14 42.2	80 000 83 100 81 500 64 400 79 700 61 100 79 000 83 700 80 600 69 200	86 800 87 000 87 600 74 100 84 100 61 300 80 600 87 800 85 200 82 400
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 572 9 902 4 515 3 004 920	4 5 10	9 21 - 6 -	17 51 14 35 16	23 60 52 44 33	53 183 121 131 72	224 379 251 233 108	1 134 2 259 1 104 946 325	1 494 3 598 1 568 902 180	1 318 2 742 1 196 516 114	296 604 209 181 72	92 000 91 900 89 200 82 100 73 900	98 800 97 600 94 300 88 100 85 500
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	718 1 698 3 761 4 871 4 961 6 904 6.6	4 11 - 4 - 4.0	12 13 8 3 - - 4.0	77 21 17 9 9 - 3.3	79 59 31 26 10 7 4.0	89 182 147 96 29 17 4.6	153 344 399 209 69 21 4.8	194 632 1 728 1 693 859 662 5.7	60 300 1 002 1 856 2 135 2 389 6.8	31 109 389 858 1 644 2 855 7.4	19 27 40 117 206 953 8.4	54 700 66 500 75 600 84 300 94 700 104 500	59 300 70 600 78 600 88 300 100 200 116 100
BEDROOMS None	73 694 3 488 10 420 6 937 1 301	- 15 4 - -	3 9 13 11 -	15 56 41 18 3	6 78 85 32 7 4	109 266 146 31 8	18 79 596 385 117	17 232 1 138 3 277 927 177	7 62 868 3 662 2 660 483	50 353 2 365 2 753 365	7 19 113 520 439 264	54 800 60 900 72 700 87 500 98 100 99 200	61 300 63 100 78 000 93 800 105 300 122 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	7 023 6 127 5 755 3 232 614 162	5 4 6 4 -	4 13 16 3 -	30 6 46 31 10	12 7 52 91 40 10	54 55 135 243 73	123 114 316 540 75 27	948 1 387 1 889 1 265 235 44	2 556 2 397 2 011 654 107 17	2 646 1 846 1 040 278 51 25	650 297 246 121 19 29	98 600 92 700 84 000 70 000 66 300 77 100	108 400 98 400 89 200 76 400 73 600 106 300
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$40,000 or more. Median	714 648 486 470 1 053 1 464 4 370 6 393 7 315 \$40 323 \$42 903	6 9	3 4 - 5 3 3 - - 13 8 \$40 000 \$31 946	36 9 12 23 9 13 21 4 6 \$13 533 \$17 072	24 25 19 5 37 25 48 29 \$24 583 \$27 074	38 31 30 14 57 87 145 98 60 \$25 958 \$28 604	66 28 49 98 155 148 318 162 171 \$26 520 \$30 145	158 234 175 156 329 459 1 485 1 814 958 \$34 229 \$35 668	223 170 83 93 288 469 1 507 2 376 2 533 \$41 164 \$42 177	128 111 91 63 157 199 759 1 640 2 738 \$47 780 \$49 625	32 27 27 13 55 52 110 238 808 \$56 390 \$71 335	82 400 79 000 77 100 73 000 78 900 79 600 82 600 89 600 99 200	83 700 86 000 86 200 77 400 86 800 83 700 87 000 93 500 109 600
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Mot computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	20 572 5 536 4 373 3 416 2 527 1 243 3 343 134 20.5 2 341 1 574 45 37 60 168	- - - - - 19 9 6	15 3 3 - 9 3 3 - - - 22.5 21 18 8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	72 24 9 7 8 12 12 12 22.1 61 28 4 5 5 5 15	102 46 25 11 16 - 160 110 62 27 - 8 8 8	340 120 779 41 26 12 18.2 220 148 5 5	872 230 1991 124 117 41 169 20.6 323 196 60 29 - - - 7	5 177 1 573 956 879 622 311 799 377 20.2 591 391 65 54 13 22 177	7 286 1 820 1 675 1 152 945 463 1 186 455 20.5 456 338 1 14 14 6 7	5 454 1 365 1 202 1 045 684 294 823 41 20.7 432 324 41 13 20 9	1 254 355 236 148 122 106 276 11 21.0 108 60 27 6	90 900 88 100 92 100 91 100 90 800 94 600 75 300 69 300 70 700 69 300 77 500 77 500 69 300 77 500 69 300 77 500 69 300 70 70 60 300 70 70 60 300 71 70 60 300 72 70 60 300 73 400 74 800 60 300 60 300	97 100 95 300 96 700 97 200 96 100 99 100 100 000 103 900 81 100 82 400 82 400 84 200 84 800 84 200 84 800 81 300 87 100
Not computed Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1,01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1,01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	22 747 485 166 30 22 913 21 985 209 180 796 3.5	10.4 15 4 4 19 15 	29 6 7 - 36 29 5 - 3 8.3	13.1 85 22 48 133 82 - - 33 24.8	206 27 6 212 156 7 7 24 11.3	522 37 38 9 560 469 13 13 38 6.8	7 10— 1 175 70 20 13 1 195 1 055 7 7 7 66 5.5	9 10— 5 741 187 27 5 768 5 503 13 13 214 3.7	7 731 88 11 7 742 7 525 109 85 216 2.8	5 881 37 5 886 5 799 41 41 155 2.6	1 362 7 - 1 362 1 352 1 352 14 14 41 3.0	90 000 72 300 44 300 48 900 89 800 90 400 90 000 81 100	95 800 69 900 46 200 44 000 95 400 96 500 98 200 86 100

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Uata are estimat	ies pasea on a	Sulliple, see ii	modochon, re	or meaning or a	Symbuls, see it	in Quochon. 14	or definitions o	i iciliis, see u	ppendixes A un	0 0]	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 ar mare	No cash rent	Median (dallars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	26 125	360	397	899	1 984	2 935	3 592	4 396	6 070	4 003	1 489	374
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-ceuple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	11 674 2 573 5 174 2 227 1 544 156 6 946	55 5 20 19 11 -	83 23 21 7 13 19	364 98 216 26 19 5	840 177 440 167 38 18 582	944 183 342 178 204 37	1 034 422 438 85 78 11	1 809 588 695 279 224 23 1 223	3 128 622 1 597 520 384 5 1 413	2 316 191 885 737 480 23 862	1 101 264 520 209 93 15	405 371 410 448 436 291
15 to 24 years	1 635 3 149 1 073 919 170 7 505 2 118 2 852 1 060 1 052	8 25 17 13 	46 20 15 53 21 159 13 50 14 27	47 109 52 88 41 198 10 81 37	147 279 53 89 14 562 131 157 71 142	958 262 371 182 114 29 1 033 384 324 120 130	273 513 135 170 27 1 440 491 532 154 199	332 503 202 177 9 1 364 419 520 194 207	297 812 179 118 7 1 529 436 664 218 172	160 407 216 79 - 825 109 447 191 72	235 63 110 22 18 22 153 38 46 19	448 436 291 356 350 370 368 327 221 352 342 372 371 335 253
65 years and over	423 29.9	34 48 36.2	55 42.6	33 31.9	61 30.5	75 29.6	64 28.1	24 28.6	39 29. 7	33.8	18 29.3	253
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	17 178 7 305 1 183 313 146	225 90 22 23	219 131 22 15 10	492 306 75 21 5	1 221 559 105 82 17	2 013 683 170 39 30	2 669 653 195 45 30	3 003 1 133 210 20 30	3 987 1 836 209 31 7	2 555 1 307 114 13 14	794 607 61 24 3	373 391 343 258 316
room	923 2 929 4 939 7 851 5 169 2 301 2 013 4.0	23 22 103 115 74 23 - 3.8	75 58 71 93 74 19 7 3.4	212 174 142 121 128 53 69 2.9	177 391 477 315 234 216 174 3.4	197 793 779 709 226 113 118 3.1	114 752 1 176 1 044 315 83 108 3.3	24 466 1 137 1 836 633 164 136 3.8	11 181 749 2 707 1 581 492 349 4.3	41 37 198 705 1 469 805 748 5.2	49 55 107 206 435 333 304 5.3	233 300 336 389 443 464 469
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All Income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	26 125 25 600 12 922 11 319 926 433 525 124 338 15 48	360 332 148 153 22 9 28 - 22 - 6	397 332 130 171 21 10 65 24 41 -	899 787 268 436 55 28 112 - 105 7	1 984 1 906 904 897 64 41 78 40 28	2 935 2 880 1 537 1 095 144 104 55 6 43	3 592 3 562 2 112 1 293 103 54 30 8 16	4 396 4 346 2 424 1 722 134 66 50 - 46 4	6 070 6 030 3 036 2 714 205 75 40 26 6	4 003 3 992 1 731 2 098 127 36 11 - 7 4	1 489 1 433 632 740 51 10 56 20 24 -	374 376 372 386 361 318 222 239 190 356 258
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per roam Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per roam	3 012 2 898 277 114 13	152 152 26 - -	103 88 17 15 -	181 163 21 18 7	331 315 19 16 -	411 404 33 7 -	470 456 19 14 6	546 523 39 23	437 426 53 11	226 226 23 - -	155 145 27 10 -	327 328 324 261 159
BEDROOMS None	1 194 7 342 10 296 5 885 1 265 143	23 121 132 68 16	107 109 96 59 26	252 276 182 162 27	240 820 381 421 122	239 1 618 717 270 85 6	174 1 944 1 158 232 84	40 1 506 2 267 479 89 15	18 650 3 686 1 546 145 25	41 151 1 242 1 990 512 67	60 147 435 658 159 30	237 317 400 460 472 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mabile hame or trailer, etc.	3 624 3 917 4 569 6 694 5 316 874 1 131	17 17 95 123 54 • 32 22	57 11 61 69 112 59 28	69 48 97 378 172 35	259 109 208 757 544 8 99	287 281 500 791 887 80 109	223 356 718 869 1 134 172 120	384 604 980 924 1 110 202 192	686 1 253 1 375 1 402 946 162 246	1 333 1 156 462 - 547 278 92 135	309 82 73 834 79 32 80	453 439 379 347 337 359 362
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	7 137 5 396 6 274 4 678 2 174 466	111 38 110 85 16	98 69 81 54 64 31	92 89 158 362 141 57	143 156 550 628 424 83	451 497 782 776 361 68	894 892 1 114 450 208 34	1 432 1 125 1 133 487 195 24	2 149 1 480 1 266 815 281 79	1 572 908 805 465 235 18	195 142 275 556 249 72	412 389 359 317 294 270
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3 4 or mare With elevator	25 438 687 531	360 - -	9 397 - -	899	1 948 36 11	2 890 45 38	3 360 232 181	4 282 114 56	5 893 177 177	3 934 69 54	1 475 14 14	375 360 375
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	4 754 3 960 3 337 2 809 2 201 3 039 4 266 1 759 25.2	132 80 67 42 8 17 14 	123 76 55 51 11 30 26 25 19.1	296 131 106 77 65 92 122 10 20.8	526 312 259 272 122 147 290 56 22.4	685 435 421 269 219 332 538 36 23.9	564 508 521 415 336 455 764 29 27.3	836 650 561 554 353 501 911 30 26.2	1 037 977 719 695 697 859 1 026 60 27.0	555 791 628 434 390 606 575 24 25.2	1 489	353 384 371 375 398 395 371 314
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearling equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	26 102 25 020 206 165	360 339 8 -	397 321 - -	899 772 - -	1 977 1 798 17 13	2 931 2 816 20 20	3 592 3 440 18 13	4 396 4 318 31 31	6 070 5 924 41 29	3 991 3 873 60 48	1 489 1 419 11 11	374 377 409 400

Table A - 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

					На	usehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	34 198	1 165	1 227	974	879	2 096	2 733	6 741	8 910	9 473	36 976	40 526	1 335
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Femule householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Femule householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	24 655 1 009 7 377 7 364 8 283 622 5 037 491 1 874 1 287 1 174 211 4 506 199 1 147 1 162 2 15 12 1 512 486 39.7	471 22 147 89 184 29 214 33 70 44 45 40 172 19 19 104 43.9	489 48 107 105 151 151 78 277 34 77 25 98 43 34 461 20 68 83 162 128 46.4	449 34 83 125 156 51 186 33 33 35 38 43 27 101 68 98 45 40.4	488 52 136 114 169 17 175 35 61 100 20 22 216 27 55 20 39 39,9	1 047 215 325 182 278 47 447 400 177 77 55 18 602 27 208 142 182 28 43 34.9	1 457 141 574 295 364 83 562 49 262 121 112 18 19 205 285 157 168 48	4 918 231 1 806 1 380 1 358 1 43 939 115 368 263 180 13 13 184 13 196 313 322 40 37.7	7 371 2 2551 2 304 2 208 87 1 062 555 404 306 286 11 11 11 11 11 11 217 6 93 3 110 237 31 38.7	7 965 45 45 1 648 2 770 3 415 175 37 420 383 310 25 333 20 99 102 104 8 42.7	40 903 24 583 37 505 43 567 44 562 25 231 31 627 21 312 31 381 37 926 35 290 13 637 20 910 13 632 20 920 20 524 23 182 22 020 22 020 21 0611	43 969 26 533 39 489 46 634 46 634 48 21 25 383 35 688 40 821 42 153 32 547 34 283 23 756 14 889 	616 33 204 126 224 224 243 43 74 60 66 - 476 50 132 32 185 77 41.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 708 15 371 6 230 3 760 1 129	266 459 160 184 96	221 507 230 178 91	254 314 201 136 69	194 362 161 107 55	542 855 419 168 112	705 1 211 407 325 85	1 667 3 077 1 209 604 184	2 099 4 232 1 495 832 252	1 760 4 354 1 948 1 226 185	35 028 38 014 38 436 38 026 27 316	38 843 41 117 41 803 41 465 33 811	343 499 200 193 100
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearting equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House hearting fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	33 935 934 263 76 34 185 32 466 345 290 33 824 8 558 25 266 34 185 26 204 345 4 860 2 434 342 6.0	1 140 32 25 - 1 165 1 078 13 9 1 083 422 661 1 165 829 27 142 157 10 5.3	1 219 51 8 	952 45 42 22 	853 47 26 8 879 786 27 8 8 861 406 455 879 638 24 103 97 17 4.7	2 066 60 30 1 923 29 29 2056 912 1 144 2 089 1 489 3 30 3 315 228 3 33 5.0	2 708 61 25 6 2 733 2 548 55 47 2 713 1 167 1 546 2 733 2 021 48 395 227 42 5.1	6 662 217 79 49 6 741 6 428 89 80 6 728 1 908 4 820 6 741 5 100 60 1 055 472 54 5.6	8 873 231 37 5 8 910 8 558 56 56 8 901 1 677 7 224 8 910 7 025 84 1 263 461 77 6.2	9 462 190 111 8 9 467 9 197 60 555 9 456 1 112 8 344 9 467 7 542 25 1 337 500 63 63 6.9	37 123 32 555 23 125 28 750 36 977 37 512 28 897 31 271 37 246 40 926 40 926 40 926 36 975 29 257 29 483 40 323	40 646 37 127 25 037 34 590 40 528 41 027 33 769 40 828 33 6591 40 828 40 764 25 951 44 228 33 488 34 635 44 27 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 4	1 321 71 14 - 1 335 1 244 22 18 1 265 455 810 1 335 934 36 165 190 10 5.3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 913 20 572 68 147 374 670 1 111 2 463 2 957 7 525 \$671 2 341 145 268 383 750 357 750 357 267	510 - 9 17 7 29 32 71 68 184 150 \$632 204 4 9 18 18 24 4 4 5 69 15 69 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	489 44 600 737 444 600 89 95522 159 21 21 21 21 18 31 27 15 21 \$137	368 - 44 300 277 83 66 51 1077 \$561 118 8 - 12 30 26 28 14 4 - \$134	399 - 18 27 29 32 67 81 66 67 97 \$533 71 - 11 68 8 8 8 12 \$123	870 - 27 20 75 49 95 191 195 218 \$588 183 - 55 30 50 45 16 12 \$141	1 464 1 255 11 15 61 107 232 157 271 340 \$589 209 22 12 3 29 26 72 9 36 \$159	3 893 25 41 77 150 210 438 584 1 224 4 \$652 477 150 120 57 49 \$147	5 921 4 25 5 33 99 301 678 882 2 150 \$680 472 18 23 231 77 62 \$179	6 867 24 12 78 153 293 728 839 1 492 3 248 \$731 448 - 16 18 22 41 150 146 55 \$192	41 105 32 860 25 865 29 167 27 870 32 292 36 188 34 920 36 904 40 321 29 128 29 128 17 422 25 568 17 422 25 567 35 295 43 549 32 318	44 069 38 979 705 32 705 33 343 39 880 40 757 41 955 42 179 49 810 17 705 25 762 23 653 17 705 25 762 23 653 35 097 44 211 38 55 5097	577 - 9 32 35 42 73 79 160 147 \$617 219 - 9 22 24 58 71 15 20 \$148
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent Mort computed Median Near mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Nort computed Median Near mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	20 572 5 536 4 373 3 416 2 527 1 243 3 343 134 20.5 2 241 1 574 307 126 45 37 60 168 24	510 - - - 376 134 50+ 204 - - 27 143 24 50+	489	368	399 - 31 49 37 282 - 46.4 71 32 11 8 20 11.6	870 5 48 70 82 92 573 40.7 183 55 108 13 - - - - 11.7	1 255 63 108 192 210 166 516 31.6 209 125 64 20 	3 893 323 599 767 1 038 572 594 - 26.2 477 408 64 5 5 5 - - 10—	5 921 1 270 1 704 1 609 910 280 148 - 20.0 472 - - - - - 10—	6 867 3 875 1 914 743 238 66 31 14.0 448 448	41 105 57 465 47 220 40 019 33 801 29 589 16 388 2500— 29 128 39 317 17 426 11 713 11 250 8 173 8 173 8 5 500 3 305 2500—	44 069 66 487 49 069 34 995 30 777 17 515 -1 983 42 680 18 809 13 606 10 110 7 664 7 047 3 644	577

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	200	-	700		Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	26 272	2 565	3 680	2 389	2 059	4 497	3 120	3 877	2 692	1 393	17 396	20 879	3 032
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Morried-couple families	11 768 2 583 5 218	431 130	1 406 615	1 055 340	902 281	2 210 480	1 587 367	2 047 259	1 381 76	749 35	19 702 14 337	23 235 16 390	737 242
25 to 34 years	2 255	153 74	615 592 85	518 163	454 119	480 1 136 355	367 708 343	259 918 530	566 374	173 212	18 724 · 24 807	21 608 27 810	242 307 114
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 549 163	68	85 78 36	163 31 3	43 5	190 49	343 157 12	304 36	349 16	329	31 994 17 128	33 801 20 094	68
Male householder, no wife present	6 981 1 635	652 210	925 276	652 184	464 147	987 266	849 214	1 046 207	944 107	462 24	18 769 15 007	22 592 17 143	658 234
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	3 168 1 073	234 86	361 109	276 65	213 36 37	495 116	358 165	505 1 6 3	500 204	226 129	20 068 23 650 20 302	24 108 27 009	234 228 83 97
45 to 64 years65 years and over	929 176	92 30	118 61	113 14	37 31	97 13	105 7	151 20	133	83	9 464	24 026 11 421	16
Female householder, no husband present	7 523 2 118	1 482 548	1 349 437	682 219	693 220	1 300 302	684 134	784 1 6 5	367 49	182 44	13 396 10 845	15 605 13 200	1 637 677
25 to 34 years	2 859 1 060	420 159	464 149	304 117	214 90	5 6 8 177	296 148	324 138	190 7 6	79 6	15 231 15 321	17 022 16 811	548 174
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 054 432	175 180	186 113	31 11	162 - 7	198 55	83 23	139 18	45 7	35 18	14 583 6 343	16 924 11 833	162 76
Medion age	29.9	28.4	27.7	28.3	28.6	29.2	31.1	31.8	33.8	37.8	•••		27.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	17 251	1 914	2 731	1 790	1 429	2 820	1 983	2 235	1 616	733	16 128	19 538	2 352
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	7 352 1 204	479 90	744 127	490 68	538 58	1 385 223	898 158	1 394 207	875 174	549 99	20 187 20 811	23 759 24 194	532 91
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	319 146	59 23	65 13	22 19	23 11	34 35	55 26	29 12	27	5 7	13 967 16 094	16 196 17 225	47
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	25 725 12 971	2 457 1 482	3 556 1 671	2 327 1 095	2 015 1 114	4 430 2 190	3 063 1 516	3 826 1 810	2 679 1 433	1 372 660	17 502 17 217	21 005 20 647	2 907 1 294
0.51 to 1.00	11 395 926	848 82	1 680	1 073 1 072 95	833	2 041 146	1 409	1 740 195	1 114	658 54	17 878 16 849	21 372 20 884	1 336
1.01 to 1.50	433	45	24	65 62	51 17 44	53 67	64 57	81 51	84	21	20 625 11 673	22 305 14 990	89
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	547 124 349	108 41	124 24 80	21 41	6 38	3 56	4 53	17 18	13 - 7	8 13	8 125 13 191	13 271	125 41
1.01 to 1.50	15 59	43 7 17	8 12	-	-	8	-	16	-6	- -	7 656 15 156	15 824 6 316 15 878	60 7 17
1.51 or more SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	37	17	12	_	_	٥	_	10		_	15 156	13 0/0	"
Heating equipment	26 249	2 565	3 680	2 382	2 059	4 485	3 116	3 877	2 692	1 393	17 403	20 884	3 032
Central system Air conditioning Central system	25 134 206	2 393	3 456 24	2 307 23	1 965 31	4 331 47	2 979 30	3 731 16	2 632 13	1 340 15	17 521 17 045	21 014 20 480	2 861 12
Vehicles available	165 23 432	1 693	24 2 891	2 056	12 1 832	47 4 279	3 021	3 671	2 643	15 1 346	18 150 18 632	21 715 22 072	2 165
2 or more	13 274 10 158	1 271 422	2 107 784	1 393 663	1 148 684	2 480 1 799	1 727 1 294	1 744 1 927	1 038 1 605	3 6 6 980	16 305 22 200	18 595 26 615	1 473 692
Utility gas	26 249 17 020	2 565 1 623	3 680 2 341	2 382 1 437	2 059 1 348	4 485 2 920	3 116 2 032	3 877 2 661	2 692 1 705	1 393 953	17 403 17 652	20 884 21 101	3 032 1 950
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	184 6 312	31 688	18 870	554	11 468	1 054	42 730	22 872	739	337	18 654 17 576	20 242 21 120	763
Other	1 845 888	165 58	314 137	210 177	151 81	304 165	174 138	240 82	221 19	66 31	16 091 14 7 22	19 894 17 246	213 62
Median rooms	4.0	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.7			3.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units CONTRACT RENT	26 125	2 545	3 659	2 353	2 057	4 478	3 099	3 866	2 679	1 389	17 413	20 899	3 012
Less than \$100	446	185	132	24	12	48	17	13	6	9	6 319	10 091	165
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	472 1 045	130 148	160 233	70 154	19 116	24 147	8 55	17 106	38 45	6 41	7 22 7 12 2 97	11 686 15 878	126 179
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 235 3 148	321 462	441 581	295 355	204 225	420 548	214 331	243 437	60 164	37 45 97	13 241 14 456 15 476	15 109 16 568	348 455
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 965 4 892	449 391 248 73 138	637 590 525 143	355 429 384 356	204 225 383 396 423	548 720 926 999	331 532 616	243 437 479 819	164 239 500 894	97 27 0	18 410	17 486 21 526	524 543
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	5 489 2 944	248 73	525 143	81	423 141 138	3/8	761 349 216	948 687 117	894 616 117	270 335 476 73	20 975 29 796 15 713	21 526 24 693 32 207 19 111	543 334 183 155
No cash rent	1 489 \$360	138 \$296	217 \$314	205 \$321	138 \$350	268 \$361	216 \$373	117 \$385	117 \$426	73 \$446	15 713	19 111	155 \$315
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	360 397	172 100	95 148	13 76	12 8	30 31	17 5	6 15	6 8	9 6	5 370 7 525 11 104	9 845 10 047	152 103
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	899	159	234 424	128 282	103 150	122 358	33 168	40 214	59 40	21 28	12 199	13 891 14 317	181 331
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 984 2 935 3 592	401 450	234 424 542 550 591	341 436	252 352	498 695	316 429	414 400	119 222	52 58	14 320 15 049 17 565	16 483 16 954	411 470
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	4 396 6 070	401 450 388 308 109	613	365 376	329 513	825 1 091	578 815	677 1 069	440 880	21 28 52 58 203 403 536 73	17 565 20 638 27 962	20 666 24 195	546 437
\$500 or moreNo cash rent	4 003 1 489	138	243 217	131 205	200 138	560 268	522 216	914 117	788 117		15 713	30 505 19 111	226 155
Median	\$374	\$306	\$325	\$327	\$363	\$372	\$391	\$410	\$444	\$470	•••	•••	\$327
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	4 754	. 5	30	58	59	241	323	1 173	1 620	1 236	38 796	41 532	51
15 to 19 percent	3 960 3 337	34 52	94 94	58 77 221	94 262	535 896	767 844	1 458 847	821 121	80	38 796 27 144 20 735	27 437 21 012	84 69
25 to 29 percent	2 809 2 201	34 52 50 19	249 224	302 370	314 424	1 026 883	631 247	237 34	-	_	16 967 15 355	17 057 15 110	78 120
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	3 039 4 266	74 1 903	789	826 294	650 116	629	71	-	-		11 987 5 512	12 029 5 531	84 69 78 120 158 2 027
Not computed	1 759 25.2	408 50+	1 953 217 50+	205 35.6	138 32.7	268 27.1	216 22.1	117 17.4	117	73 10—	13 397	16 176	425 50+
	25.2				V2./	27.1		.,,,					

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

71		Less than	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to	\$500 to	\$600 to \$749		Median
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$200	\$249	\$299	\$349	\$399	\$499	\$599	\$749	\$750 or mare	(dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 572	68	147	374	670	1 111	2 463	2 957	5 257	7 525	671
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 555 5 202	3	34	83	112	136	189	295	349	354	575
2 persons3 persons	4 632	3 30 12 18 5	34 42 43 19	83 109 89 57 15 21	205 98 167 52 23	136 280 268 230 105 59 25	684	295 703 661 855 289 98	1 237 1 302	1 912 1 645	666 673 682 711 683 653
4 persons5 persons	5 421 2 412	18 5	-	57 15	167 52	230 105	588 303 97	855 289	1 425 590	2 062 1 053 330	682 711
6 persons 7 persons	866 382	_	9 ~	21	23 13	59 25	97 66 22	98 51	229 101	330 126	683 653
8 or more persons	102 3.26	2.58	2.44	2.45	2.68	3.02	22 3.20	5 3.23	24 3.30	43 3.41	700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	16 676 357	38	60	229	436	830	1 981 57	2 325 68	4 342 124	6 435 95	684
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	5 138 5 508	7	16	39 34	63	97	358 565	710	1 621 1 391	2 227 2 486	718
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 440 233	17 8	31	144	. 118 223 25 79	234 445 54	957	668 845 34	1 170	1 608	649 718 721 607 438 646 600 701 645 556 521 571 494 683 607 517
65 years and over	1 967	21	46	57	79	119	201	312	36 488	644	646
25 to 34 years	128 821	11	8 ~ 9	8 11	23	17	90	38 129	35 193	347	701
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	601 394	7 –	24	13 25	23 32 19	31 71	80 24	77 61	171 89	181 81	556
Famale householder on husband present	1 929	9	5 4]	88	155	162	281	320	427	446	521 571
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	40 523	9	8	13 17	29	13	13 26	12 66	174	184	683
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	601 639	_	6	35	32 66	65 56	81 129	93 143	147 106	160 95	607 517
65 years and over Median age	126 39.4	37.9	9 51.6	23 49.4	28 48.4	28 48.6	32 44.4	39.4	37.4	37.8	355
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	4 348 9 537	14 29	6 40	25 98	35 87	44 207	196 604	327 1 300	1 051 3 075	2 650 4 097	750+
1970 to 1974	4 087 2 229	5 8	37 57	66 156	121 372	355 397	1 014 561	1 061 256	809 279	619	717 542
1959 or earlier	371	12	7	29	55	108	88	13	43	143 16	422 388
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	475 1 275	11	30 27	42 72	44 169	32 84	49 268	103 220	108 263	56 172	529 508
5 rooms6 rooms	3 277 4 383	8 19	45 41	98 76	182 110	258 255	437 457	553 651	909 1 310	787 1 464	529 508 609 667 717
7 roams	4 696 6 466	7 23	- 4	42 72 98 76 32 54 5.2	66 99	258 255 231 251	538 714	556 874	1 181 1 486	2 085 2 961	717 723
Median	6.7	6.3	4.9	5.2	5.2	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.5	7.1	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		0.5	07	20	,,		100	.54	2 00/	4.055	750 .
1975 to March 1980	6 691 5 846	25 23 8	27 19	23 44	11 48	65 220	193 716	456 1 089	1 836 1 594	4 055 2 093	750 + 672
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	4 998 2 554	8 - 12	19 74	123 150	315 252	516 244	979 488	833 495	1 192 544	1 013 307	672 565 514 489 475
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	385 98	12	8 -	25 9	24 20	56 10	77 10	76 8	69 22	38 19	489 475
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	15	-	_	_ 5	- 3	-	_	- 3	_	_	285
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	15 72 102	4 7	23	_ 1	39 5	16	3	Ě	_ 19	_	285 308 369 438 440 571
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	340 872	-	23 13 12 26	27 53 43	42 82	16 38 168	22 84 255	87 145	15 116	9 37	438
\$60,000 to \$79,999	5 177 7 286	20	56	178	360	419 339	817 931	1 042	1 630 2 166	655	571 684
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	5 454 1 254	21	5	6	37	117	316	610 81	1 109 202	3 233 907	750 + 750 +
Median	\$90 900	\$81 900	\$59 800	\$65 000	\$69 500	\$76 700	\$80 900	\$84 500	\$87 800	\$104 100	***
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	5 536	64	98	245	375	651	1 289	1 066	999	749	504
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	5 536 4 373 3 416	- 4	22 18		375 87 65	651 183 89 43 26	441 222 158	1 066 702 388	1 391 1 094	1 503 1 523	676 725
25 to 29 percent	2 527	-	-	44 13 14 13 39	65 40 17 78	43	158	388 235 103	746 310	1 291 709	750+
30 to 34 percent	1 243 3 343 134	=	9	39	78	111	65 263 25	449	681 36	1 713	750 + 750 + 625
Median	20.5	10—	12.0	12.4	13.8	13.4	14.6	17.9	21.0	24.9	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steam or hot water system	20 572 13 175	68 50 7 7	147 48 78	374 157	670 361	1 111 704	2 463 1 514	2 957 1 847	5 257 3 463	7 525 5 031	671 683
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	20 572 13 175 4 583 2 029		78 4	374 157 149 28	361 214 21	704 264 88 15 40	613 224	642 360	1 089 486	1 527 811	645 687
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	680	- 4	- 17	40 12	8 66	15 40	8 104	360 22 86 30	43 176	9 147	598 580
Air conditioning	141 112	-		7	-	_	20 20	13	38 38	41 34	683 645 687 598 580 634 663 556 671
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	29 - 20 572	- 68 57	147	5 374	670	ı mi	2 463	17 2 957	5 257	7 525	556 671
Utility ans	16 914 94		115	293	559 6	928	2 047	2 355 17	4 384	6 176 30	672
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	2 418	7	9	39 26 9	21 55 29	106 77	261 125	440 134 11	558 225	977	675 688 638
Other	960 186	4	17	9	29	_	30	11	56	30	638 536

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

The CASCA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
The SMSA	10101	Less man \$30	\$30 10 \$74	\$73 10 \$99	\$100 10 \$124	\$123 10 \$147	\$130 10 \$177	\$200 10 \$247	\$230 of filore	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 341	50	121	145	268	363	750	357	267	164
PERSONS IN UNIT	440	10	,,		70	00	100	20	20	120
1 person	442 802	19 24	17 44 52	57 35	78 101	92 120	120 276	20 106	39 96	139 164
3 persons	452 418	7	5	16 26	43 20	106 23 13	147 147	43 130	45 60	164 153 194 176 201
5 persons6 persons	119 51	_	3	7	21 5	13 13	43	39 19	7	176
7 persons	49	-	-	4	-	16	17	-	12	163 250+
8 or more persons Median	2.41	1.75	2.49	1.94	2.05	2.33	2.42	3.57	2.48	230+
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	1 568	26	84	71	152	214	518	297	206	173
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	220	17	20	12	21	23	66 57	40	21	163
35 to 44 years	305 830	9	10 30	27 20	22 72	108	57 328	93 145 19	48 118	190
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	220 305 830 206 367	19	20 10 30 24 23	12 27 20 12 38	22 72 30 67	48 108 35 108	328 67 74	19 14	19 24	113 163 190 177 151 133 130 143 146 126 126
15 to 24 years	21 101	5	5	4	-	7 38	-	14	5	130
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	72	6	2	11 7	16		21 26 16	<u>'</u> -	9	146
65 years and over	72 78 95	8	16	8	16 14 30 49	6 19 38 61		_	2	126
Female householder, na husband present	406	5 -	14	36	49	61	158	46	37	162
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	47 50	- 5	-	13	13	8	7	6	- 7	120
45 to 64 years	50 210 99	3 -	9	_	3]	30	33 94	27	19	180 169 143
65 years and over	52.6	41.4	52.0	23 44.3	\$6.1	30 23 53. 1	24 53.8	47.4	51.7	143
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										-
1979 to March 1980	224	7	12	27	26	48	55 117	19	30	146
1975 to 1978	224 365 428	20 5	12 24 21 55	28 37	36 40	48 52 63 117	117	83 90	47	146 160 169 171
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	775 549	10	55 9	27 28 37 30 23	26 36 40 72 94	117	125 252 201	121	118 67	171 159
ROOMS				•			20,		•	
1 to 3 rooms	243	10	3	61	66	32	50	9	12	118
4 rooms5 rooms	423 484 488	27	49	61 20 35 19 10	66 56 80 27 20	133	50 100 173 162 127 138	18	20 16 77	136 154 176 179
6 roams	488	13	28 16	19	27	133 86 84 21 27	162	18 66 90 45	77	176
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	265 438	_	16	-			138	129	33 109	207
Median	5.5	4.1	4.8	4.1	4.6	4.8	5.8	6.4	6.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										340
1975 to March 1980	332 281 757 678	17 10	22 19 39 31	21 11	10	50 28 106 145 54	101 105 252 219	. 57 56	28 42 99	160 180 172 151
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 ta 1949	757 678	5 6	39 31	47 46 20	70 107	106	252 219	56 139 66 24	99 58	172
1940 ta 1949 1939 or earlier	229 64	12	5	20	36 10 70 107 25 20	54	60	24 15	58 29 11	149 177
	04	_	,	_	20		13	13		"
VALUE less than \$10,000	19	5	6	4	_	_	_	4	_	69
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	21	-	8	7	3	-	3 15	-	-	84
\$30,000 to \$39,999	61 110	4	21 12	27	23	39	-	4	5	117
\$50,000 to \$59,999	220 323 591	26 7	12 11 15 18	27 24 19 42	46 54	39	41 112 279	39	19	127
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	591 456	- 8	18	42	15 23 46 54 76 24	39 39 77 116 70	2 79 167	14 39 20 111	40 69	109 117 127 147 158 186
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 ar more	432	-	23	17	27	27	124	135	79	199 250+
Median	108 \$75 300	\$47 500	\$51 000	\$54 400	\$58 400	\$65 100	\$77 000	\$98 000	\$100 300	230+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1.574			104	204	-005	524	200	117	142
Less than 10 percent	1 574 307	46	100 13	106 13	186 40	56	534 . 84	260 37	117 60	162 166
15 to 19 percent	126 45	-	5	- 8	14	26	43	8	30 12	171 210
25 to 29 percent	126 45 37 60	-	- 3	_	14	225 56 26 8 15 18	13	9	7	163
35 percent or more	168	=	-	18	10	35	53 16	19	33	166 171 210 163 143 170 188
Median	24 10—	10-	10—	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	11.0	100
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	2 341	50	121	145	268	383	750	357	267 155	164
Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 087 706	20	36 49	36 65 25 6 13	118 69 19	157 156	416 189	160 119	155 39	173 149 179
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	239 61	5	3	25 6	19 17	38 6	57 12	46 12	49 5	179 144
Other means	248 68	16	33	13	17 45 7	26	76	12 20 14	19	144 141 162 162
Central system	68	-	-	-	7	21 21	26 26	14	-	162
1 ar more individual roam units House heating fuel	2 341	50	121	145	268	383	750	357	267	164
Utility gas	1 532 49	35	64	97	196 14	244	531 8	222 12	143	162 138
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc	313 364	5 -	5 18	25 16	19	64 59	78 111	68 55	49 75	164 162 138 175 177 88
Other	83	10	28	'7	30 9	ű	22			88

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		0.	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	34 198	11 412	9 219	8 455	4 924	188	26 272	7 159	5 421	6 284	6 942	466
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Median age	24 655 1 009 7 377 7 364 8 283 622 5 037 491 1 874 1 287 1 174 211 4 506 199 1 147 1 162 1 512 486 39.7	\$ 572 411 3 369 2 796 1 979 17 1 547 64 749 459 254 11 1 293 59 492 372 329 41 36.3	6 865 211 2 028 2 411 2 101 114 1 233 184 499 287 238 25 1 121 49 273 341 406 52 39.5	6 021 286 1 166 1 623 2 769 177 1 307 146 358 327 411 65 1 127 55 256 272 414 130 43.9	3 091 101 803 518 1 375 294 907 97 244 196 260 110 926 36 113 177 348 252 47.3	106 	11 768 2 283 5 218 2 255 1 549 1 633 6 981 1 635 3 168 2 073 929 176 7 523 2 118 2 859 1 060 1 054 432 29.9	2 892 812 1 197 491 370 22 2 004 582 892 330 184 16 2 263 833 789 285 222 134 28.8	2 169 476 888 428 350 27 1 606 309 752 297 228 20 1 646 488 618 253 212 75 30.2	2 633 524 1 066 557 437 49 652 494 677 219 218 44 1 999 556 808 310 273 52 29.8	3 894 721 1 991 735 382 65 1 588 233 770 222 273 90 1 460 237 612 181 322 108 31.2	180 500 76 44 10 10 17 77 5 5 26 6 6 155 4 32 31 25 53 33.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 708 15 371 6 230 3 760 1 129	3 934 7 478 - - -	1 655 3 894 3 670 —	1 398 2 651 1 762 2 644	696 1 311 764 1 072 1 081	25 37 34 44 48	17 251 7 352 1 204 319 146	5 707 1 452 - - -	3 557 1 583 281	4 075 1 731 395 83	3 652 2 490 500 170 130	260 96 28 66 16
1 room	213 361 1 536 4 503 7 442 6 500 13 643 6.0	103 63 413 1 319 2 778 2 033 4 703 6.0	35 50 266 1 047 1 930 1 707 4 184 6.3	26 144 510 1 043 1 509 1 736 3 487 6.1	42 96 328 1 068 1 206 972 1 212 5.3	7 8 19 26 19 52 57 5.8	940 2 956 4 952 7 866 5 193 2 313 2 052 4.0	192 746 1 448 2 629 1 393 427 324 4.0	155 599 1 025 1 871 1 123 315 333 4.0	237 815 1 275 1 778 1 124 550 505 4.0	276 766 1 106 1 528 1 483 948 835 4.4	80 30 98 60 70 73 55 3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	33 935 21 290 11 711 778 156 263 97 90 14 62	11 297 7 248 3 742 258 49 115 30 49 -	9 161 5 342 3 593 203 43 38 21 10 -	8 411 5 375 2 810 199 27 44 20 10 — 14	4 870 3 188 1 536 109 37 54 26 14 14	176 137 30 9 - 12 - 7	25 725 12 971 11 395 926 433 547 124 349 15 59	7 099 3 724 3 083 205 87 60 16 9	5 337 2 916 2 197 166 58 84 17 67	6 164 3 101 2 633 246 184 120 42 64 4	6 714 3 012 3 296 302 104 228 45 164 - 19	411 218 186 7 - 55 4 45 -
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	4 754 9 756 7 222 7 408 3 194 1 864 2.86	1 312 3 442 2 659 2 441 1 042 516 2.86 34 665	1 089 2 226 1 828 2 425 1 009 642 3.21 30 128	1 226 2 363 1 842 1 781 769 474 2.85 25 806	1 070 1 661 864 740 365 224 2.34	57 64 29 21 9 8 2.08	7 428 7 976 4 760 3 568 1 756 784 2.22	1 958 2 586 1 291 731 473 120 2.13	1 737 1 726 993 568 249 148 2.06	1 870 1 842 1 146 716 460 250 2.19	1 669 1 727 1 262 1 456 562 266 2.56	194 95 68 97 12 - 1.91 1 026
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	25 190 1 548 657 676 751 104 5 272	8 110 538 293 431 406 15	6 616 367 161 100 148 13 1 814	6 237 354 112 83 104 26 1 539	4 053 283 91 62 93 50 292	174 6 - - - - 8	3 771 3 917 4 569 6 694 5 316 874 1 131	658 995 1 607 1 304 1 930 433 232	625 767 1 310 998 1 242 183 296	955 1 228 1 070 1 464 956 196 415	1 426 910 576 2 740 1 072 40 178	107 17 6 188 116 22 10
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, fonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	34 185 17 357 10 902 3 894 313 1 719 345 290 55 34 185 26 204 345 4 860 2 434 342 1 333 3.9	11 412 5 319 3 613 1 973 450 92 85 7 11 412 8 436 116 2 404 220 136 343 3.2	9 206 5 106 2 667 952 49 432 121 91 30 9 206 7 243 107 1 312 477 67 270 2.9	6 455 4 789 2 434 709 102 421 86 68 18 8 455 6 645 74 823 831 82 411 4.9	4 924 2 061 2 103 254 102 404 46 46 - 4 924 3 733 48 310 788 45 281 5.7	188 82 85 6 3 12 - - 188 147 - 11 18 12 10 5.3	26 249 15 153 5 092 4 634 255 1 115 206 165 41 26 249 17 020 184 6 312 1 845 8 3 32 11.5	7 159 3 419 1 233 2 297 26 184 47 35 12 7 159 3 996 42 2 905 192 24 795 11.1	5 421 3 076 1 042 1 113 38 152 52 52 52 52 52 1 569 2 12 59 608 11.2	6 265 3 798 1 322 754 72 319 63 51 12 6 265 4 522 53 1 091 432 167 895	6 938 4 604 1 373 450 109 402 44 27 17 6 938 4 718 29 680 909 602 689 9.9	466 256 122 20 10 58 - - 466 257 67 100 36 45 9.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median Mean	1 165 1 227 974 879 2 096 2 733 6 741 8 910 9 473 \$37 164 \$40 526	354 260 179 135 553 807 2 272 3 367 3 485 \$40 318 \$43 634	201 295 307 249 542 743 1 890 2 461 2 531 \$37 226 \$40 095	346 329 294 296 556 627 1 532 1 904 2 571 \$36 964 \$40 696	264 315 187 191 439 535 1 014 1 138 841 \$30 435 \$33 998	28 7 8 6 21 33 40 45 \$31 538 \$36 352	2 565 3 680 2 389 2 059 4 497 3 120 3 877 2 692 1 393 \$17 396 \$20 879	651 905 619 507 1 141 911 1 087 888 450 \$18 832 \$22 522	545 632 381 424 881 775 876 599 308 \$19 103 \$21 565	777 903 578 473 1 013 612 951 664 313 \$16 747 \$20 376	519 1 121 759 601 1 433 784 921 523 281 \$16 366 \$19 276	73 119 52 54 29 38 42 18 41 \$11 971 \$18 350

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Owner-occupied I	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied	hausing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mabile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	34 198 2 218	25 190 800	3 736 1 418	5 272 -	26 272 779	3 771 119	3 917 48	4 569 48	6 694 317	5 316 197	874 50	1 131
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	24 655 1 009	19 853 398	1 871 142	2 931 469	11 768 2 583	1 886 151	1 935 359	1 914 469	3 842 896	1 664 591	117 23	410 94
25 to 34 years	7 377 7 364	5 785 6 387	585 372	1 007 605	2 583 5 218 2 255	824 462	777 401	793 427	1 994 707	629 160	23 31 8	170
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	8 283 622 5 037	6 826 457 2 754	667 105 1 011	790 60 1 272	1 549 163 6 98 1	427 22 1 063	377 21 1 005	199 26 1 066	197 48 1 275	255 29 1 885	50 5 352	12 335
15 to 24 years	491 1 874 1 287	176 1 071 769	77 374 281	238 429 237	1 635 3 168 1 073	196 555 179	232 544 140	304 433 213	294 643 107	461 722	65 113	90 44 12 335 83 158 60 30
35 to 44 years	1 174 211	613 125	229 50	332 36	929 176	98 3 5	89	100 16	206 25	320 321 61	54 85 35	4
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	4 506 199 1 147	2 583 54 622	854 17 242	1 069 128 283	7 523 2 118 2 859	822 154 429	977 205 481	1 589 449 633	1 577 508 548	1 767 522 606	405 159 89	386 121 73 79
35 to 44 years	1 162 1 512	727 935 245	166 287 142	269 290 99	1 060 1 054 432	115 78 46	163 115	239 202	212 212	228 282	24 61	79 104
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	. 486 39. 7	40.2	39.7	35.7	29.9	32.0	31.0	29.4	97 29.5	129 29.1	72 32.2	30.9
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	7 708 15 371 6 230	5 111 10 926 4 948	1 079 1 848 382	1 518 2 597 900	17 251 7 352 1 204	2 272 1 013 335	2 448 1 241 182	3 063 1 229 250	4 132 2 233 219	3 899 1 157 161	672 160 29	765 319
1960 to 1969	3 760 1 129	3 237 968	272 155	251 6	319 146	111 40	41 5	17 10	71 39	74 25	13	28 5 14
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	213 361	89 114	54 137	70 110	940 2 956	83 198	59 243	63 425	161	413 1 184	121 191	40
3 rooms	1 536 4 503	606 1 841	369 1 084	561 1 578	4 952 7 866	425 838	358 1 293	684 2 021	1 298 1 620	1 597 1 574	375 153	215 367
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	7 442 6 500 13 643	4 264 5 442 12 834	1 037 507 548	2 141 551 261	5 193 2 313 2 052	860 507 860	1 108 520 336	935 272 169	1 442 917 610	482 34 32	28 6 -	40 69 215 367 338 57 45 4.2
Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER RODM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6.0 33 935	6.5 24 992	4.7 3 70 1	4.6 5 242	4.0 25 725	4.9 3 653	4.5 3 859	4.1 4 537	4.3 6 540	3.2 5 168	2.8 862	1 106
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	21 290 11 711	15 881 8 597	2 639 907	2 770 2 207	12 971 11 395	1 899 1 646	2 138 1 547	2 175 2 124	2 847 3 276	2 805 2 057	555 267	552 478
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	778 156 263	432 82 198	115 40 35	231 34 30	926 433 547	94 14 118	134 40 58	176 62 32	299 118 154	187 119 148	5 35 12	31 45 25
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	97 90 14	81 67 14	16 13	10	124 349	19 64	38 16	20	35 112	12 116	12	45 25 12 9
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare BEDROOMS	62	36	6	20	15 59	35	-	-	-	20	-	4
None	226 1 559 8 356	96 762 3 989	60 424 1 849	70 373 2 518	1 211 7 377 10 330	125 668 1 192	66 542 1 802	78 1 116 2 300	214 1 659 2 605	558 2 590 1 835	130 594 121	40 208 475
3 4	14 788 7 773	11 557 7 373	1 151 190	2 080 210	5 921 1 285	1 210 507	1 284 177	860 215	1 882 315	296 30 7	23	208 475 366 35 7
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 496 1 165	1 413 772	62 138	21 255	148 2 565	69 293	46 213	465	19 576	671	175	172
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 227 974 879	706 543 500	174 94 92	347 337 287	3 680 2 389	383 232 196	315 216	601 318	1 262 840 614	828 616 499	175 110 98	181 69 75
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 096 2 733 6 741	1 131 1 646	292 384 728	673 703	4 497 3 120	609 444	245 560 561 863 602	357 883 632	1 228 741	918 514	73 138 73 56 97	161 155 192
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare	6 741 8 910 9 473	4 849 6 941 8 102	728 959 875	1 164 1 010 496	3 877 2 692 1 393	629 597 388	863 602 342	642 441 230	777 442 214	718 432 120	54	192 81 45
Medion Mean	\$36 976 \$40 526	\$40 339 \$43 072	\$34 462 \$41 388	\$25 215 \$27 750	1 393 \$17 396 \$20 879	\$21 646 \$25 589	\$23 549 \$26 208	\$17 554 \$20 851	\$15 202 \$18 153	\$15 202 \$17 778	\$14 349 \$18 751	\$16 543 \$19 195
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	34 185 17 357	25 190 15 385	3 736 1 821	5 259 151	26 249 15 153	3 765 1 512	3 91 7 2 367	4 569 2 829	6 677 4 681	5 316 3 306	874 411	1 131 47
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	10 902 3 894 313	5 778 2 770 191	756 1 006 19	4 368 118 103	5 092 4 634 255	1 188 469 90	839 600	817 757 47	688 1 099 30	618 1 284 13	93 370	849 55 62
Other meansAir conditioning	1 719 345	1 066 209	134 49	519 87	1 115 206	506 35 30	13 98 27	119 48	179 49	95 11	24	118 12
Central system Vehicles available	290 33 824 8 558	180 25 052 4 974	32 3 636 1 410	78 5 136 2 174	165 23 432 13 274	3 645 1 665	20 3 743 1 742	48 4 186 2 479	31 5 962 3 474	4 322 3 039	24 571 401	1 003 474
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos	25 266 34 185 26 204	20 078 25 190 19 976	2 226 3 736 2 266	2 962 5 259 3 962	10 158 26 249 17 020	1 980 3 765 2 615	2 001 3 917 2 770	1 707 4 569 3 211	2 488 6 677 3 699	1 283 5 316 3 482	170 874 422	529 1 131 821
Rattled tank or IP ags	345 4 860	161 3 295	30 1 313	154 252	184 6 312	22 604	30 860	28 1 144	73 1 568	7 1 598	452	24 86
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Water heating fuel	2 434 342 34 034	1 451 307 25 058	121 6 3 720	862 29 5 256	1 845 888 26 079	419 105 3 672	217 40 3 913	156 30 4 569	687 650 6 671	183 46 5 274	- 874	183 17 1 106
	23 881 618 8 784	18 784 287 5 404	2 179 20 1 435	2 918 311	14 370 321 10 178	2 238 54 1 229	2 574 70 1 133	2 674 26 1 768	3 032 98 2 919	2 867 21 2 250	379 483	606 52 396
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	738 13	570 13	86	1 945 82	809 401	137 14	112 24	78 23	292 330	126 10	12	52 -
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	27 631 17 083 6 830	21 803 14 065 5 302	2 263 978 449	3 565 2 040 1 079	15 775 10 779 6 737	2 421 1 689 982	2 587 1 760 992	2 863 2 031 1 232	4 744 3 468 2 334	2 327 1 275 883	206 82 42	6 2 7 474 272
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 4 years	2 030 1 565	1 331 1 047	265 167	434 351	3 075 2 591	345 310	474 423	751 623	745 617	527 421	51 46	182 151 73
With own children under 6 years	288 6 567 1 335	146 3 387 868	40 1 473 143	102 1 707 324	1 434 10 497 3 032	180 1 350 354	159 1 330 274	335 1 706 575	351 1 950 784	307 2 989 725	29 668 118	504 202
Percent below poverty level	3.9	3.4	3.8	6.1	11.5	9.4	7.0	12.6	11.7	13.6	13.5	17.9

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

	[Data are estimal	es basea on a s	somple, see intre	oduction. For the	aning of symbals,	see infroduction	ii. Por definition	is of ferms, see	oppelidixes A C	inu bj	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	34 198 2 937	4 754 -	9 756 1 392	7 222 727	7 408 367	3 194 251	1 193 127	535 67	1 36 6	2.86 2.61	104 543 9 077
1 to 3 rooms	2 110 4 503 7 442 6 500 5 857 7 786 6.0	989 1 200 1 310 689 314 252 4.6	657 1 815 2 417 2 047 1 529 1 291 5.5	199 819 1 551 1 558 1 369 1 726 6.2	188 425 1 434 1 426 1 633 2 302 6.6	56 166 465 458 666 1 383 7.2	21 56 195 218 222 481 7.0	22 57 97 99 260 7.4	- 13 7 25 91 8.5+	1.60 2.08 2.50 2.83 3.29 3.77	4 154 10 631 20 741 19 739 19 520 29 758
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	33 935 33 001 778 156 263 187 14 62	4 661 4 661 - 93 93 -	9 674 9 638 36 82 48	7 190 7 172 11 7 32 25 7	7 379 7 199 166 14 29 21	3 186 2 972 166 48 8 - - 8	1 183 921 246 16 10	526 359 145 22 9	136 79 44 13 - - -	2.87 2.81 5.69 4.94 1.97 1.51 6.72 2.41	103 897 98 731 4 449 717 646 354 114 178
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, defoched or offoched 2 or more Mobile home or froiler, etc.	25 190 3 736 5 272	2 392 1 157 1 205	6 671 1 381 1 704	5 579 600 1 043	6 249 371 788	2 724 148 322	976 61 156	481 12 42	118 6 12	3.13 2.01 2.34	81 367 8 921 14 255
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	22 913 19 36 133 212 560 1 195 5 768 7 742 5 886 1 362 \$89 800	1 997 3 38 73 115 251 673 555 234 55 \$76 600	6 004 9 9 23 81 194 386 1 581 2 020 1 415 286 \$88 300	5 084 6 15 24 11 92 207 1 440 1 709 1 246 334 \$89 300	5 839 3 37 18 61 210 1 284 2 027 1 775 424 \$93 400	2 531 	917 3 - 9 39 40 170 357 249 50 \$91 000	431 4 - 3 8 20 28 68 168 168 92 40 \$88 800	110 	3.18 2.58 2.90 2.73 1.91 2.35 2.40 2.94 3.26 3.53 3.51	74 362 86 178 372 547 1 741 3 326 17 186 25 277 20 431 5 218
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Wifth a mortgage Not mortgage Income in 1979 below poverty level	34 198 \$37 164 19.4 20.5 10— 1 335	4 754 \$21 717 24.7 27.4 10.6 308	9 756 \$36 083 19.3 21.0 10— 366	7 222 \$40 845 18.8 19.6 10— 273	7 408 \$40 945 19.4 20.1 10— 206	3 194 \$43 540 19.3 19.9 10— 113	1 193 \$43 041 18.3 18.6 10— 41	\$46 169 \$46 169 16.1 17.1 10— 28	136 \$46 522 18.5 19.2 17.5	2.86 2.48	104 543
Median income	\$2 810 50+ 50+ 50+	\$2500— 50+ 50+ 45.0	\$2500— 50+ 50+ 50+	\$2 956 50+ 50+ 27.2	\$3 519 50+ 50+ 50+	\$5 027 50+ 50+	\$4 208 50+ 50+ 50+	\$9 500 50+ 50+	-	 :::	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present ROOMS	26 272 4 023	7 428	7 976 2 545	4 760 806	3 568 362	1 756 168	516 74	214 43	54 25	2.22 2.29	65 047 10 621
1 room 2 rooms	940 2 956 4 952 7 866 5 193 2 313 2 052 4.0	774 1 739 2 275 1 884 537 137 82 3.0	118 840 1 822 3 192 1 384 372 248 3.9	32 211 540 1 621 1 410 575 371 4.5	124 188 874 1 136 698 548 5.0	16 42 90 206 532 354 516 5.5	- 33 67 157 107 152 5.5	- 4 10 26 62 112 6.6	12 11 8 23 6.0	1.11 1.35 1.61 2.14 2.98 3.60 4.09	1 115 4 569 8 904 17 852 15 802 8 391 8 414
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.00 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 725 24 366 926 433 547 473 15 59	7 166 7 166 - 262 262 -	7 868 7 776 - 92 108 82 - 26	4 668 4 448 200 20 92 69 11	3 548 3 251 184 113 20 5 4	1 707 1 363 206 138 49 39	500 243 224 33 16 16	214 112 88 14 -	54 7 24 23 - - -	2.22 2.15 4.88 4.42 1.61 1.40 3.18 2.79	63 974 57 584 4 496 1 894 1 073 868 66 139
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	3 771 3 917 4 569 6 694 5 316 874 1 131	755 830 1 154 1 406 2 359 579 345	1 157 1 287 1 422 1 890 1 704 237 279	722 870 949 1 259 671 33 256	585 544 601 1 296 413 — 129	389 250 368 545 95 18 91	94 80 61 213 42 - 26	54 50 7 79 19 - 5	15 6 7 6 13 7	2.48 2.38 2.30 2.54 1.68 1.25 2.29	10 588 10 050 11 392 18 485 10 340 1 261 2 931
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cosh rent Median	26 125 360 397 899 1 984 2 935 3 592 4 396 6 070 4 003 1 489 \$374	7 386 86 208 399 830 1 326 1 641 1 332 1 037 317 210 \$323	. 7 951 105 27 137 415 803 1 150 1 660 2 221 1 089 344 \$385	4 747 91 100 118 245 370 385 781 1 327 963 367 \$408	3 522 56 29 164 268 270 248 396 921 787 383 \$415	1 752 14 6 50 171 121 132 174 362 631 91 \$445	499 8 13 21 39 24 36 53 128 130 47 \$425	214 - 7 10 16 21 54 70 36 \$465	54 - 7 20 16 11 \$472	2.21 2.40 1.45 1.87 1.63 2.02 2.40 3.12 3.02	64 566 880 1 00C 2 146 4 376 6 204 6 742 9 315 16 275 12 881 4 747
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Income In 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income	26 272 \$17 396 25.2 3 032 \$3 407 50+	7 428 \$13 278 28.5 912 \$2500— 50+	7 976 \$20 172 22.8 789 \$3 676 50+	4 760 \$17 615 25.6 558 \$3 853 50+	3 568 \$18 833 24.4 458 \$5 269 50+	1 756 \$20 226 23.7 211 \$6 530 50+	\$16 \$20 317 23.1 74 \$8 077 50+	\$214 \$24 583 19.2 22 \$5 357 28.3	\$28 333 27.5 8 \$42 000 50+	2.22 2.27 	65 047

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

			Morried	couple families	•	-		Mole householder,	er, no wife pre	sent		速	Female householder,	2	husband present		
	Totol	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 (years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 3 years	35 to 44 45 years	to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
Owner-occupied housing units	34 198	1 009	7 377	7 364	8 283	622	167	1 874	1 287	1 174	1112	861	1 167	1 162	1 512	486	39.7
PERSONS IN UNIT person Pe	4 754 9 756 7 222 7 408 3 194 1 864 104 543	513 314 137 32 13 2.48	1 973 1 866 2 370 800 3.42 25 675	1 002 1 458 2 758 1 402 744 3.94 29 280	3 298 2 077 1 491 787 630 2.91 2.91	2.17 1.558	279 124 74 74 11.38 828	939 634 174 50 14 1 3 3 220	670 243 229 103 34 34 1.46 2 517	672 248 119 100 137 2 176	169 30 17.12 1.12 268	87 78 78 78 78 78 78 385	406 343 299 75 75 1.99 2 420	339 321 233 155 49 225 225 733	805 366 177 177 177 177 177 178 186	203 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	41.0 42.5 39.0 39.4 41.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	33 935 263 76	987 122 122 123	7 340 286 37 15	7 332 281 32 20	8 228 24 29	2401	15	1 84 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 265 10 22 -	174	1 23 1 28	66 1 1	1 25 14	1 150 12 12	1 503 15 9	984	38.0 38.7 38.7
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-occupied housing units Specified owner-occupied owner-occupied housing units Specified owner-occupied housing units Specified owner-occupied housing units Specified owner-occupied housing units Specified owner-occupied owner-occupied housing units Specified owne	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	35.7 25.2 27.7 7.7 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10	5 338 5 138 5 700 7 700 1 172 964 781 12 23,4 120 120 120 17 17 17	5 508 5 508 5 508 2 500 2 500 2 500 3 500 1 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5 2 4 4 4 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	28.2 28.2 28.2 28.2 28.2 28.2 28.2 28.2	20 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 6 5 1 5 6 5 1 5 6 5 1 5 6 5 1 5 6 5 1 5 6 5 6	22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	673 673 671 72 72 72 74 74 75 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	25.00 25.00 26.00	5. 5. 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66 8 7 1 1 4 2 18 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	23.2 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3	28.588888888888888888888888888888888888	28. 23. 23. 28. 28. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29		48 48888482
Renter-occupied housing units	26 272	2 583	5 218	2 255	1 549	163	1 635	3 168	1 073	626	921	2 118	2 859	1 060	1 054	432	29.9
н	7 428 7 976 4 760 3 568 1 756 1 784 65 047	1 203 893 889 389 98 98 7 151	1 388 1 321 1 494 719 3.42 18 094	402 404 404 514 240 3.96 8 951	668 373 272 137 137 4 667	230 230 4 4 230 4 4 230	792 579 186 186 68 68 1.54 2 885	1 734 1 017 309 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	701 206 103 43 12 1.27 1 683	684 177 26 177 18 18 1.18 13.28	170 6 1.02 1.33	895 847 272 272 86 7 11 1.69 3 855	1 002 886 506 263 164 1.98 6 413	433 244 194 105 39 39 1.90 2 261	673 188 109 109 11.28 1 715	34 25 25 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	31.3 28.7 28.7 31.3 33.6 36.2
PILIMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 725 1 359 547 74	2 550 143 33 13	5 129 489 89	2 236 201 19	1 533 129 16	89	1 579 37 56 8	3 073 29 28 28	1 015 11 58	88 1 4 8 1	165	2 082 81 36	2 809 129 50 8	1 041 25 19	- 054 34 1	415	30.0 20.5 27.9
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified rentrer-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent 50 percent More computed Medion	26 125 4 754 3 960 3 360 2 809 2 201 3 039 1 759 1 759	2 573 230 230 230 280 280 480 480 277 279	5 174 824 824 835 700 626 626 482 619 555 24.7	2 22 2887 244 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44	1 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 28	25. 27. 27. 27. 27. 28. 38.	1 635 159 227 227 227 260 280 182 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 2	3 149 834 834 834 834 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 837 837 838 838 838 838 838 838 838 838	1 073 334 243 123 152 152 18.9	919 347 388 885 995 995 995 995 995 995 995	170 181 182 183 183 184 185 186 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	2 118 157 179 224 224 201 201 265 782 762 36.2	2 852 268 268 373 361 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 27	1 060 1119 1177 1177 127 98 98 147 207 207 207 207	1 052 166 166 166 97 97 197 197 29.3	2 04888884€84	23.7.7 23.7.7 23.7.7 23.7.7 29.0 29.0 29.0 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

				Mole haus	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 754	2 729	279	939	670	672	169	2 025	87	406	339	805	388
PLUMBING FACILITIES Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 661 93	2 657 72	264 15	918 21	657 13	672 -	146 23	2 004 21	87 -	399 7	334 5	796 9	388
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	2 392 1 157 1 205	1 364 652 713	101 46 132	476 242 221	349 185 136	355 129 188	83 50 36	1 028 505 492	23 - 64	207 116 83	169 76 94	448 187 170	181 126 81
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 less than \$5,000	417 497 285	152 215	33 13 21 18	39 77 28	18 21 28	45 68 25 20	17 36 32	265 282 151	29 7 15	21 28	13 13 11	107 121 62	95 113
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	261 586 755 944	134 125 281 442	18 75 41 48	48 78 186 246	10 82 99 161	20 46 103 95	29 - 13 13	136 305 313	15 15 15	28 30 35 113 92 52 30	5 41 91 119	57 104 77 188	95 113 33 39 32 38 22 16
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 Medion	699 310 \$21 717 \$24 435	563 540 277 \$25 238 \$28 646	19 11 \$18 780 \$19 606	172 65 \$25 462 \$26 742	165 86 \$28 633 \$33 105	173 97 \$30 000 \$30 541	11 18 \$12 461 \$28 936	381 159 33 \$17 412 \$18 760	511 250 \$13 557	30 5 \$17 857 \$20 283	\$24 464 \$24 445	67 22 \$18 012 \$19 440	\$9 340 \$11 955
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	\$24 433	\$20 040	\$17 000	#20 742	\$33 103	\$30 J41	\$20 730	\$10.700	\$13 337	\$20 203	\$24 443	\$17 44 0	\$11 755
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	1 997 1 555	1 112 900	81 74 3	405 360	298 261	252 199	76 6	885 655	23 23	186 167	123 93	392 276	161 96
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	34 83	17 38 29	8 8	- 5	7	9 18	Ξ	17 45	8	Ξ.	- 4	9 24	17
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	112 136 189	63 90	=	6 42	20 14 38 53	9 43 10	-	83 73 99	- 9	20 15	14	24 50 31 43	13 28 32
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 ar more	295 349 354	185 221 254	17 26 12	42 73 97 137	53 45 84	42 53 15 \$525 53	- - 6	110 128 100	6	27 66 39	20 37 18	51 25 43	6
MedianNot mortgaged	\$575 442	\$617 212	\$606 7	\$684 45	\$597 37	\$525 53	\$750+ 70	\$510 230	\$469 -	\$649 19	\$634 30	\$435 116	\$382 65
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	19 17 57 78	14 9 27	Ξ	1]	2	7 8	8 8	8 30 25	=	7	5 - -	3 	5 23
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	78 92 120	27 53 51 37	7	7 6 14	9 6 5	14 7 12	23 25 6	41	Ξ	8	13	16 25 57	5 8 13
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	20 39 \$139	7 14 \$126	- \$138	7 - \$144	9 \$131	5 \$121	\$121	83 13 25 \$154	=	- \$116	5 7	8 7 \$162	11 \$122
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$137	\$120	\$130	ф1 44	\$131	\$121	\$121	\$134	_	.piio	\$188	\$102	\$122
Nith o mortgage	24.7 27.4 10.6	21.9 24.3 10—	36.1 29.6	24.9 25.9 10—	20.4 22.2 10—	15.7 19.4 10—	15.0 45.0 12.9	29.1 34.1 16.2	43.9 43.9	40.7 42.7 21.0	25.4 26.7 12.1	27.7 33.8 10—	31.3 45.7 19.8
Not mortgaged income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	308 6.5	115 4.2	50+ 33 11.8	23 2.4	18 2.7	41 6.1	-	193 9.5	29 33.3	12 3.0	1.8	93 11.6	53 13.7
Renter-occupied housing units	7 428	4 081	792	1 734	701	684	170	3 347	895	1 002	433	673	344
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	7 166 262	3 880 201	744 48	1 692 42	643 58	636 48	165 5	3 286 61	892 3	967 35	427 6	673 —	327 17
1, detached ar attached	755 830	489 521	66 113	250 251	80 87	58 70	35	266 309	38 73 155 187	119 122	33 46	43 55	33 13
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 154 1 406 2 359	574 756 1 303	125 144 249	220 354 525	137 77 240	76 156 234	16 25 55	580 650 1 056	289	182 180 307	46 72 98 144	123 108 224	33 13 48 77 92
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	579 345	249 189	45 50	65 69	34 46	70 20	35 4	330 156	120	53 39	24 16	61 59	72 9
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 305 1 289	531 682	162 184	206 244	61 94	72 99	30 61	774 607	259 165	102 172	83 64	150 119	180 87
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	899 710 1 234	511 314 566	123 74 99	217 154 286	65 25 88	92 30 80	14 31 13	388 396 668	133 152 127	170 87 266	68 41 92	13 116 149	4 - 34
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	764 685 416	566 497 492 362	113 15 22	286 215 249 121	101 94 139	61 120	7 14	267 193 54	27 21 11	123 62 20	59 26	44 66 16	34 14 18 7
\$50,000 or more	\$13 278 \$15 315	126 \$15 018 \$17 955	\$11 016 \$11 943	42 \$15 742 \$18 087	34 \$20 911 \$22 413	80 50 \$17 450 \$21 764	\$8 929 \$10 896	\$11 885	\$10 442 \$10 056	\$14 138	\$12 591 \$12 693	\$13 675 \$13 388	\$4 833 \$8 255
GROSS RENT								\$12 096		\$14 111			
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	7 386 86 208	4 055 29 132	792 30	1 724 6 20	701 10 8	674 13 53	164 21	3 331 57 76	895	995 12	433	673 9 21	335 48 43
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	399 830 1 326	297 490 657	41 123 183	75 219 234	52 48 148	88 86 69	41 14 23	102 340 669	6 72 247	21 87 176	25 48 90 82	28 90 101	22 43 55
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 641 1 332 1 037	758 752 602	149 135 78	234 342 357 303	104 149 125	136 102 89	23 27 9 7	883 580 435	281 166	312 153 183	82 91 45	151 146 85	48 43 22 43 55 57 24 32
\$500 ar more	317 210	179 159	8 45	102 66	49 8	20 18	22	138 51	90	37 14	48 4	20 22 \$325	11
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	\$323	\$323 24.5	\$299 31.3	\$340 25.3	\$339 19.5	\$307 17.6	\$216 24.9	\$322 33.0	\$322 39.9	\$331 29.4	\$331 31.9	\$325 32.2	\$255 36.3
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	912 12.3	381 9.3	118 14.9	137 7.9	43 6.1	67 9.8	16 9.4	531 15.9	198 22.1	82 8.2	65 15.0	110 16.3	36.3 76 22.1

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	1 411	563	381	467	Vacant for rent housing units	5 460	2 915	1 792	753
ROOMS .					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	222	.68	39	115	1 room	322	143	73	106
4 rooms5 rooms	356 333	118 147	98 98	140 88	2 rooms	849 1 518	350 793	363 480	136 245
6 rooms	223 117	110 36	47 45	66 36	4 rooms	1 934	1 135	645 183	154
8 or more rooms	160	84	54	22	5 rooms	619 104	353 80	24	-
Median	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.3	7 or more rooms	114 3.5	61 3.7	24 3.5	29 3.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES						5.5	5.7	3.3	3.0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 387	560	372	455	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	24	3	y	12	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 442 18	2 901 14	1 788	753
BEDROOMS						10	14	4	-
None	15 147	_	6	. 9	BEDROOMS				
2	498 529	38 152	42 122	67 224	None	385	156	98	131
34	529 204	266 96	146 63	117 45	2	2 052 2 315	998 1 361	777 733	277 221
5 or more	18	11	2	5	3 4	640 50	370	733 175	95 29
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	18	18 12	6	-
1975 to Morch 1980	936 258	366	218	352	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974	164	88 86	118 42	52 36	1975 to Morch 1980	1 734	1 107	454	173
1950 to 1959	47	23	3	21 6	1970 to 1974	1 313 1 073	809 579	388 350	116
1939 or earlier		_	-	_	1950 to 1959	856	305	453	98
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1940 to 1949	426 58	83 32	121 26	222
1, detached or attached	612	300 127	166	146 250	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler	501 298	136	124 91	71	1. detoched or attoched	403	214	109	80
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 ond 4	475 1 048	297 646	127 290	51 112
Central heating system	1 331	528	367	436	5 to 9 10 to 49	855 2 168	575 880	224 904	56 384
Other means	80	35	14	31	50 or more	248	159	47	42
					Mobile home or trailer	263	144	91	28
PRICE ASKED	500		,,,	104	RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	523	243	146	134	Specified vacant for rent housing units	5 450	2 915	1 792	743
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	- 9	-	-	-	Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	35 62	19 57	11	5
\$30,000 to \$39,999		=	-	=	\$150 to \$199	290	59	94	137
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	12 20	6	- 8	12	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	568 954	228 392	204 447	136 115
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	126 174	60 77	22 77	44	\$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	2 240 1 301	1 307 853	736 300	197
\$100,000 or more	182	100	30	52	Medion	\$346	\$360	\$326	\$284
Medion	\$91 200	\$90 700	\$90 900	\$92 500					

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

		Price osked	_ Specified		ale only hou			modelion: To			t vocant for		units	
The SMSA		THE GORES				Sing Onns			Nem uske	- орсанс	1 1000111 101	- noosing	, 011113	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollars)
Total	523	-	9	12	320	182	91 200	5 450	35	352	1 522	2 240	1 301	346
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	499 24	Ξ	9	9 3	308 12	182	92 500 47 500	5 432 18	35	. 352	1 508 14	2 236 4	1 301	347 259
BEDROOMS														
None	-	-	- 9	12	- 27	-	51 300	385 2 052	_ 14	124 114	155 853	92 866	14 205	243 306
3	48 61 233	=	-	-	27 52	9 77	72 100 93 600	2 315 640	21	77	415 91	1 089 187	713 330	370 405
5 or more	163	=	=	Ξ	156 67 18	96	107 900 84 000	40 18	Ξ	5	8	- 6	27 12	470 425
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							04 000					, ,		120
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	335 79	-	- 9	3	203	129 27	94 900 88 200	1 734 1 313	14	37 47	189 250	843 645	665 357	383 359
1960 to 1969	70 33	Ξ	É	3	43 55 19	12 14	73 900 81 700	1 063 856	15	38 92 133	369 460	467 223 47	189 66	336 269
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	6	_	-	6		= =	47 500	426 58	6	133	216 38	47 15	24	228 257
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more	523	-	9	12	320	182	91 200	393	6	28	60	135	164	382 344
Mobile home or trailer	•••	•••				•••		4 794 263	29 -	268 56	1 384 78	2 048 57	1 065 72	297

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	fnoto ore estima	ies pasea ou	o sample, se	introduction.	Tor media	g or symbols	, see illitoduc	non. For del	millions of Jer	ins, see oppen	dixes A ond 6		
Anchorage city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 913	19	36	133	212	560	1 195	5 768	7 742	5 886	1 362	89 800	95 400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	18 244	4	26	70	115	358	731	4 268	6 339	5 139	1 194	91 800	98 200
Married-couple families	364 5 358	=	11	33	-	7 93 67	55 197	188 1 571	75 1 844	33 1 322	6 248	72 000	98 200 79 300 93 700
35 to 44 years	5 813 6 270 439	- - 4	3 12	6 26 5	39 19 45 12 74 7	67 160 31	151 295	901 1 448 160	2 164 2 177	2 040 1 659 85	462 448 30 93	88 000 96 800 90 800 77 000	97 600
Male householder, no wife present	2 334 149	9 5	3	33 11	74	130 12	295 33 185 24 60 38	39	79 635 32	436 19	_	79 900 69 400 80 000	85 300 70 000
25 to 34 years	922 673 472	4	3 -	4 9 9	17 6	43 43	60 38	335 206 126 30	257 213	164 130	39 24 30	80 000 83 100 81 500	85 300 70 000 86 800 87 000 87 600
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	118 2 335	- - 6	7	30	29 15 23	43 43 19 13 72	46 17 279	30 764	114 19 7 68	99 24 311	75	64 400 79 700	74 100 84 100
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	40 570 651	-	4	14	8 -	6 14 21	51 51	9 224 188	768 13 210	- 39 107		61 100 79 000	74 100 84 100 61 300 80 600 87 800
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	849 225	6	3	6 5 5	15	31	69 103 52	269 74	240 257 48	148 17	14 20 27 14	83 700 80 600 69 200	87 800 85 200 82 400
median age	40.1	50.4	37.5	36.5	51.8	42.7	42.3	38.5	39.7	40.9	42.2	•••	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 572 9 902	4 5	9 21	17 51	23 60 52	53 183	224 379	1 134 2 259	1 494 3 598	1 318 2 742	296 604	92 000 91 900	98 800 97 600
1975 to 1978	4 515 3 004	10	6	14 35	44	121 131	251 233 108	1 104 946	1 568 902	1 196 516	604 209 181 72	91 900 89 200 82 100 73 900	94 300 88 100
ROOMS	920	-	_	16	33	72	108	325	180	114	72	73 900	85 500
1 to 3 rooms4 rooms	718 1.698	4 11	12 13	77 21 17	79 59	89 182	153 344	194 632 1 728	60 300	31 109	19 27	54 700 66 500	59 300 70 600
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms	3 761 4 871	4	8	17 9 9	79 59 31 26 10	182 147 96 29 17	344 399 209 69	1 728 1 693 859	1 002 1 856	389 858	40 117	66 500 75 600 84 300 94 700 104 500	78 600 88 300
8 or more rooms	4 961 6 904 6.6	4.0	4.0	3.3	7 4.0	17 4.6	21 4.8	662 5.7	1 856 2 135 2 389 6.8	1 644 2 855 7.4	206 953 8,4	104 500	100 200 116 100
BEDROOMS	3												
None	73 694 3 488	15	3 9 13	15 56 41	78 85	109 266	18 79 596	17 232 1 138	62 868	50 353	19	54 800 60 900 72 700	61 300 63 100 78 000
3 4	10 420 6 937	4 -	11	18	85 32 7	146 31	596 385 117	1 138 3 277 927	868 3 662 2 660	2 365 2 753 365	113 520 439 264	60 900 72 700 87 500 98 100 99 200	93 800 105 300 122 200
5 or more YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	1 301	-	_	-	4	8	-	177	483	365	264	99 200	122 200
1975 to Morch 1980	7 023 6 127	- 5	4 13	30 6	12	54 55	123 114	948 1 387	2 556 2 397	2 646 1 846	650 297	98 600 92 700 84 000	108 400 98 400
1930 to 1939	5 755 3 232	4	16 3	46 31	52 91	135 243 73	316 540 75	1 889 1 265	2 011 654	1 040 278	246 121	70 000 I	98 400 89 200 76 400
1940 to 1949	614 162	4 -	-	10 10	40 10	73	27	235 44	107 17	51 25	19 29	66 300 77 100	73 600 106 300
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	714	6	3	36 9	24	38	66	158	223	128	32	82 400	83 700
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	648 486 470	9 -	4 - 5	12 23	25 19 5	31 30 14	28 49 98	234 175 156	170 83 93	111 91 63	27 27 13	79 000 -77 100 73 000	86 000 86 200 77 400
313 000 to 319 999	1 053 1 464	-	3 -	13	37	57 87	155 148	329 459	288 469	157 199	55 52 110	78 900 79 600	86 800 83 700 87 000
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999	4 370 6 393 7 315	- - 4	13 8	21 4 6	25 48 29	145 98 60	318 162 171	1 485 1 814 958	1 507 2 376 2 533	759 1 640 2 738	238 808	73 000 78 900 79 600 82 600 89 600 99 200	93 500 109 600
Medion	\$40 323 \$42 903	\$8 472 \$16 282	\$40 000 \$31 946	\$13 533	\$24 583 \$27 074	\$25 958	\$26 520 \$30 145	\$34 229 \$35 668	\$41 164 \$42 177	1 640 2 738 \$47 780 \$49 625	\$56 390 \$71 335		
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	20 572		15	72	102	340	872	5 177	7 286	5 454	1 254	90 900	97 100
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	5 536 4 373	-	3 - 9	24 9 7	46 25, 11	120 79	230 191	1 573 956 879	1 820 1 675	1 365 1 202	355 236 148 122	88 100 92 100	95 300 96 700 97 200
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	3 416 2 527 1 243	Ξ	3 -	7 8 12	111	41 26 12	124 117 41	879 622 311	1 152 945 463	1 045 684 294	148 122 106	92 700 91 100 91 700	97 200 96 100 99 100
35 percent or more Not computed	3 343 134	=	_	12	16	62	169	799 37	1 186 45	823 41	276 11	88 100 92 100 92 700 91 100 91 700 90 800 94 600	100 000 103 900
Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	20.5 2 341 1 574	19	22.5 21 18	22.1 61 28	16.0 110 62	18.2 220 148	20.6 323 196	20.2 591 391	20.5 456	20.7 432 324	21.0 108	75 300	81 100 82 300
10 to 14 percent	307 126	6	_	4 5	7	43	60 29	65	338 54 14	41 13	60 27 6	77 500 69 300 70 700	82 400 77 500
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	45 37 60	- 4	- 3	4	8 - 8	-	-	54 13 22 17	6	20 9	=	73 400 77 500	84 200 84 800 51 000
35 percent or more Not computed	168 24	-	-	5 15 -	25	15	24 7	20 9	29 8	25	15	73 400 77 500 50 700 62 100 62 800	81 300 67 100
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10—	10.4	10—	13.1	10	10—	10—	10—	10	10	10		
1.01 or more persons per room	22 74 7 485	15	29 6	85 22 48	206 27	522 37	1 175 70	5 741 187	7 731 88	5 881 37	1 362 7	90 000 72 300 44 300	95 800 69 900
1.01 or more persons per room	166 30	19	7	48 8 133	212	38	20 13	27	11	5	1 262	44 300 48 900 89 800	46 200 44 000 95 400
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning	22 913 21 985 209 180	15	36 29 5	82 -	212 156 7	560 469 13 13 38	1 195 1 055 7	5 768 5 503 13	7 742 7 525 109	5 886 5 799 41	1 362 1 352 14	90 400 89 900	96 500 95 500
Income in 1979 below poverty level	796	- 6	- 3	33	7 24	13 38	7 66	13 214 3.7	85 216	41 155	14 41	90 000 81 100	98 200 86 100
Percent below poverty level	3.5	31.6	8.3	24.8	11.3	6.8	5.5	3./	2.8	2.6	3.0	•••	

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto are estimate	res posed on o	somple, see Ir	itroduction. Fo	or meaning or :	symbols, see II	ntroduction. H	or definitions o	r terms, see of	opendixes A on	ig R1	
Anchorage city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	26 125	360	397	899	1 984	2 935	3 592	4 396	6 070	4 003	1 489	374
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	11 674	55	83	364	840	944	1 034	1 809	3 128	2 316	1 101	405
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 573 5 174	5 20 19	83 23 21 7	364 98 216	177 440	183 342	422 438	588 695	622 1 597	191	264 520 209 93 15	405 371 410 448 436 291 356 350 370 368 327 221 322 342 372 371 335 253
35 to 44 years	2 227 1 544	19 11	13	26 19	167 38	178 204	85 78	279 224	520 384	885 737 480 23	209 93	448 436
65 years and over	6 946	63	19 155	337	18 582	37 958	1 118	1 223	1 413	862	15 235 63	291 356
15 to 24 years	1 033	8 25 17	46 20 15	47 109	147 279	262 371	273 513	332 503	297 812	160 407	110	350 370
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 073 919	13	53	52 88	53 89	182 114	135 170	202 177	179 118	216 79	22 18	368
65 years ond overFemale householder, no husband present	170 7 505 2 118	242 87	21 159 13	41 198 10	14 562 131	1 033 384	27 1 440 491	1 364 419	1 529	825 109	22 1 53	352
15 to 24 years	2 852 1 060	31 42	50 14	81 37	157 157 71	324 120	532 154	520 194	436 664 218	447 191	38 46 19	372 372
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 052 423	34 48	27 55	37 33	142	130	199	207	172 39	72	32 18	335
medicii oge	29.9	36.2	42.6	31.9	30.5	29.6	28.1	28.6	29.7	33.8	29.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	17 178	225 90	219	492	1 221	2 013	2 669	3 003	3 987	2 555 1 307	794 607	373
1975 to 1978	7 305 1 183	90 22 23	131 22	306 75	559 105	683 170	653 195	3 003 1 133 210	1 836 209	1 307 114	61	373 391 343 258 316
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	313 146	23	15 10	21 5	82 17	39 30	45 30	20 30	31 7	13 14	24 3	258 316
ROOMS 1 room	923	23	75	212	177	197	114	24	- 11	41	40	233
2 rooms	2 929 4 939	23 22 103 115	75 58 71	174 142	391 477	793 779 709	752 1 176	466 1 137	181 749	37 198	49 55 107	233 300 336 389 443 464 469
4 rooms5 rooms	7 851 5 169	115 74	93 74 19	121 128	315	709 226	1 044	1 836 633	2 707 1 581	705 1 469	206 435	389 443
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	2 301 2 013	74 23	19 7	53 69 2.9	234 216 174	226 113 118	83 108	164 136	492 349	805 748	206 435 333 304	464 469
Median	4.0	3.8	3.4	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.2	5.3	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979	26 125 25 600 12 922	360 332 148 153 22	397 332 130	899 787	1 984 1 906	2 935 2 880	3 592 3 562	4 396 4 346	6 070 6 030	4 003 3 992	1 489 1 433	374 376
0.50 or less	11 319	153	171	268 436	904 897	1 537 1 095	2 112 1 293	2 424 1 722	3 036 2 714	1 731 2 098	632 740	386
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	926 433 525	9 28	21 10	436 55 28 112	64 41 78	144 104 55	103 54 30	134 66 50	205 75 40	127 36 11	51 10	318
0.50 or less	124 338	22	65 24 41	105	40 28	6 43	8 16	46	26	7	56 20 24	239
1.01 to 1.50	15 48	- 6	7:	7	10	- 6	- 6	4	8	4	12	376 372 386 361 318 222 239 190 356 258
Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 012	152	103	181	331	411	470	546 523	437	226	155	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 898 277 114	152 26	88 17 15	163 21 18	315 19 16	404 33 7	456 19 14	39 23	426 53 11	226 23	145 27 10	327 328 324 261 159
1.01 or more persons per room	13	=	13	7	-	<u>-</u>	16	-	- "-	=	-	159
BEDROOMS None	1 194	23	107	252	240	239	174	40	18	41	60	237
2	7 342 10 296	121 132	109 96 59	276 182	820 381	1 618 717	1 944 1 158	1 506 2 267	650 3 686	151 1 242	147 435	317 400
4	5 885 1 265	68 16	59 26	162 27	421 122	270 85	232 84	479 89	1 546 145	1 990 512	658 159 30	460 472
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	143	_			_	0	_	15	25	67	30	500+
1, detached or attached	3 624 3 917	17 17	57 11	69 48	259 109	287 281	223 356	384 604	686 1 253	1 333 1 156	309 82	453 439
2 3 ond 4 5 to 9	4 569 6 694	95 123	61 69	97 378 172	208 757	500 791 887	718 869	980 924 1 110	1 375 1 402 946 162	462 547	73 834.	379 347
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	5 316 874	95 123 54 32 22	112 59 28	172 35 100	544 8	80	1 134	1 110 202 192	946 162	462 547 278 92 135	73 834. 79 32 80	379 347 337 359 362
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	1 131	22	28	100	99	109	120	192	246	135	80	362
1975 to Morch 1980	7 137 5 396	111 38	98 69	92 89	143 156	451 497	894 892	1 432 1 125	2 149 1 480	1 572 908	195	412
1960 to 1969	6 274 4 678	110 85	81	158 362	550 628	782 776	1 114 450	1 133 487	1 266	805 465	142 275 556	412 389 359 317 294 270
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 174 466	16	54 64 31	141 57	424 83	361 68	208 34	195 24	281 79	235 18	556 249 72	294 270
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	05 420	2/0		899	1.040	0.000	2 2/0	4 000	£ 002	3 934	1 475	275
1 to 3 4 or more With elevator	25 438 687 531	360	397	899	1 948 36	2 890 45 38	3 360 232 181	4 282 114 56	5 893 177 177	3 934 69 54	1 475 14 14	375 360 375
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	331					36	,01	36		54		
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	4 754	132	123	296	526	685	564	836	1 037	555		353
15 to 19 percent	3 960 3 337	80 67	123 76 55 51	131 106	312 259	435 421	564 508 521 415	836 650 561 554 353 501 911	977 719	555 791 628	:::	384 371
25 to 29 percent	2 201	42 8	51 11	77 65	272 122	269 219	415 336	353 353	695 697	434 390 606 575	:::	3/5 398
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	3 039 4 266 1 759	17 14	11 30 26 25	92 122 10	147 290	332 538 36	336 455 764 29	911 30	859 1 026	575 24	1 489	353 384 371 375 398 395 371 314
Median	25.2	18.0	19.1	20.8	56 22.4	23.9	27.3	26.2	60 27.0	25.2	1 469	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	26 102	360	397	899	1 977	2 931	3 592	4 396	6 070	3 991	1 489	374
Central heating system	25 020 206	339 8	321	772	1 798 17	2 816 20 20	3 440 18 13	4 318 31 31	5 924 41 29	3 873 60	1 419 11	377 409
Central system	165	ŀ	-	-	13	20	13	31	29	48	11	400

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Household income in 1979												
Anchorage city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	(dollors)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	34 198	1 165	1 227	974	879	2 096	2 733	6 741	8 910	9 473	36 976	40 526	1 335
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER					-								
Married-couple families	24 655 1 009	471 22	489 48	449 34	488 52	1 047 215	1 457 141	4 918 231	7 371 221	7 965 45	40 903 24 583	43 969 26 533 39 489	616 33
25 to 34 years	7 377 7 364	147 89	107 105	83 125	136 114	325 182	574 295	1 806 1 380	2 551 2 304	1 648 2 770	37 505	39 489 46 634	204 126
45 to 64 years	8 283 622	184 29	151 78	156 51	169 17	278 47	364 83	1 358 143	2 208 87	3 415 87	43 567 44 562 25 231	48 762 30 019	224
65 years and over	5 037 491	214 33	277	186	1 75 35	447 100	562 49	939 115	1 062 55	1 1 75 37	31 627 21 312	37 374 25 383	29 243 43 74
25 to 34 years	1 874 1 287	70 44	34 77 25	33 35 38 43 37	61 10	177 97	262 121	368 263	404 306	420 383	31 381 37 926	35 688 40 821	60 [
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 174 211	50 17	98 43		40 29	55 18	112 18	180 13	286 11	310 25	35 290 13 233	42 153 32 637	66
15 to 24 years	4 506 199	480 40	461 20	339 27	216 27 55	602 27	714 19	884 13	477	333 20 99	20 910 13 657	25 212 18 110	476 50
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 147 1 162	122 39	68 83	101 68	20	208 142	205 285	196 313	93 110	102	20 524 23 182	23 547 34 283	132 32 185
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 512 486	175 104	162 128	98 45	75 39	182 43	157 48	322 40	237 31	104	22 025 10 611	23 756 14 889	77
Medical age	39.7	43.9	46.4	40.4	39.9	34.9	36.4	37.7	38.7	42.7	•••		41.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	7 708	266	221	254	194	542	705	1 667	2 099	1 760	35 028	38 843	343 499
1975 to 1978	15 371 6 230	459 160	507 230	314 201	362 161	855 419	1 211 407	3 077 1 209	4 232 1 495	4 354 1 948	38 014 38 436	41 117 41 803	200
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 760 1 129	184 96	178 91	136 69	107 55	168 112	325 85	604 184	832 252	1 226 185	38 026 27 316	41 465 33 811	193 100
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	33 935 934	1 140 32	1 219 51	952 45	853 47	2 066 60	2 708 61	6 662 217	8 873 231	9 462 190	37 123 32 555	40 646 37 127	1 321 71
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	263 76	25	8 -	22	26 8	30	25 6	79 49	37 5	11 8	23 125 28 750	25 037 34 590	14
Heating equipment Central heating system	34 185 32 466	1 165 1 078	1 227 1 112	974 836	879 786	2 089 1 923	2 733 2 548	6 741 6 428	8 910 8 558	9 467 9 197	36 977 37 512	40 528 41 027	1 335 1 244
Air conditioning Central system	345 290	13	16		27 8	29 29	55 47	89 80	56 56	60 55	28 897 31 271	33 769 36 591	22 18
Vehicles available	33 824 8 558	1 083 422	1 122 523	904 431	861 406	2 056 912	2 713 1 167	6 728 1 908	8 901 1 677	9 456 1 112	37 246 26 756	40 828 30 203	1 265 455
2 or more	25 266 34 185 26 204	661 1 165	599 1 227	473 974	455 879	1 144 2 089	1 546 2 733	4 820 6 741	7 224 8 910	8 344 9 467	40 926 36 977	44 427 40 528	810 1 335
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	345	829 27	930 17	636 30	638 24	1 483 30	2 021 48	5 100 60	7 025 84	7 542 25	38 051 24 375	40 764 25 951	934 36
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 860 2 434 342	142 157	143 133	107 159 42	103 97 17	315 228	395 227	1 055 472	1 263 461	1 337 500	36 665 29 257 29 483	44 228 33 488 34 635	165 190
Other	6.0	10 5.3	4.9	5.1	4.7	33 5.0	42 5.1	54 5.6	77 6.2	63 6.9	29 463	34 033	10 5.3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 913	714	648	486	470	1 053	1 464	4 370	6 393	7 315	40 323	42 903	796
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less than \$200	20 572	510	489	368	399	870	1 255	3 893	5 921	6 867 24	41 105	44 069 38 979	577
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	68 147 374	9 17	37	= =	18	27	11 15 61	25 41 77	25 53	12 78	32 860 25 865 29 167	27 625	9
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	670 1 111	29 32	44 60	30 27	27 29	20 75 49	61 107	150 210	99 301	153 293	27 870 32 292	32 705 33 343 39 880	32 35 42 73 79 160
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	2 463 2 957	71 68	71 80	27 83 66 51	32 67 81	95 191	232 157	438 584	678 882	728 839	36 188 34 920	40 757 41 955	73
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	5 257 7 525	134 150	71 89 95 89	51 107	66 79	195 218	271 340	1 224 1 144	1 729 2 150	1 492 3 248	36 904 40 321	42 179 49 810	160 147
Median	\$671	\$632	\$532	\$561	\$533	\$588	\$589	\$652	\$680	\$731	•••		\$617
Not mortgaged	2 341 50	204 4	159 5	11 8	71 . .	183	209 22	477	472	448	29 128 22 941	32 653 19 705	219
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	121 145	9 18	21 21 18	12	11	5 25	3	29 19	18 23	16 18	25 568 17 422	25 762 23 687 24 345	24
\$100 ta \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	268 383 750	24 45 69	31 27	30 26 28 14	20 6 8	25 30 50 45 16	22 12 3 29 26 72 9	87 105 120	53 221	22 41 150	25 670 25 205	26 055 35 097	58 71
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	357 267	15 20	31 27 15 21	14	8 12	16 12	9 36	57 49	231 77 62	146 55	22 500 25 670 35 295 43 549 32 318	44 211 38 553	24 58 71 15 20
Medion	\$164	\$151	\$137	\$134	\$123	\$141	\$159	\$147	\$179	\$192			\$148
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979													-
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent	20 572 5 536	510 -	489	368 -	399 -	870 5	1 255 63	3 893 323 599	5 921 1 270	6 867 3 875	41 105 57 465 47 220	44 069 66 487	577
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	4 373 3 416 2 527	=	4	-	31	48 70	63 108 192 210	/6/	1 704	1 914 743 238	40 019	49 060 40 692	-
30 to 34 percent	2 527 1 243 3 343	374	9 476	21 347	49 37 282	70 82 92 573	166 516	1 038 572 594	910 280 148	66 31	33 801 29 589 16 388	34 995 30 777 17 515	6 6 431
Not computed	134 20.5	376 134 50+	50+	50+	46.4	40.7	31.6	26.2	20.0	14.0	2500-	-1 983	431 134 50+
Not mortgaged	2 341	204	159	118	71	183	209	477	472	448	29 128	32 653	219
Less than 10 percent	1 574 307 126	10	14 20	20 30 54	32 11	55 108	125 64 20	408 64 5	472 -	448	39 317 17 426	42 680 18 809	11 15
15 to 19 percent	45 37	-	20 26 20 28 26	5 5	20	13	-	-	-	=	11 713 11 250 8 173	13 606 10 110 7 664	-
30 to 34 percent	60 168	27 143	26 26 25	-	=	7	=	_	=	=	5 500 3 305	7 047 3 644	15 27 127 24
Not computed	24 10—	24 50+	24.9	15.8	11.6	11.7	10—	10-	10-	10—	2500—	3 044	24 50+
												•••	30 1

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

					Н	usehold incom	ne in 1979				-		
Anchorage city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	26 272	2 565	3 680	2 389	2 059	4 497	3 120	3 877	2 692	1 393	17 396	20 879	3 032
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER								1					
Married-couple families	11 768 2 583	431 130	1 406 615	1 055 340	902 281	2 210 480	1 587 367	2 047 259	1 381 76	749 35	19 702 14 337	23 235 16 390	737 242 307
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 218 2 255 1 549	153 74 68	592 85 78	518 163 31	454 119 43	1 136 355 190	708 343 157	918 530 304	566 374 349	173 212 329	18 724 24 807 31 994	21 608 27 810 33 801	307 114 68
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	163 6 981	652	36 925	652	43 5 464	49 987	12 849	36 1 046	16 944	462	17 128 16 769	20 094 22 592	658
15 to 24 years	1 635 3 168 1 073	210 234 86	276 361 109	184 276	147 213	266 495 116	214 358 165	207 505 163	107 500 204	24 226 129	15 007 20 068 23 650	17 143 24 108 27 009	234 228
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	929 176	92 30	118	65 113 14	36 37 31	97 13	105	151 20	133	83	20 302 9 464	24 026 11 421	83 97 16
65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	7 523 2 118	1 482 548	1 349 437	682 219	6 93 220	1 300 302	684 134	784 165	367 49	1 82 44 79	13 396 10 845	15 605 13 200	1 637 677
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	2 859 1 060 1 054	420 159 175	464 149 186	304 117 31	214 90 162	568 177 198	296 148 83	324 138 139	190 76 45	6 35	15 231 15 321 14 583	17 022 16 811 16 924	548 174 162
65 years and over Median age	432 29.9	180 26.4	113 27.7	11 28.3	7 28.6	55 29.2	23 31.1	18 31.8	7 33.8	18 37.8	6 343	11 833	162 76 27.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								•				-	
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	17 251 7 352 1 204	1 914 479	2 731 744 127	1 790 490 68	1 429 538 58	2 820 1 385 223	1 983 898 158	2 235 1 394 207	1 616 875 174	733 549 99	16 128 20 187	19 538 23 759 24 194	2 352 532 91
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	319 146	479 90 59 23	65 13	22 19	23 11	34 35	55 26	29 12	27	5 7	20 187 20 811 13 967 16 094	16 196 17 225	47 10
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 725 12 971	2 437 1 482	3 556 1 671	2 327 1 095	2 015 1 114	4 430 2 190	3 063 1 516	3 826 1 810	2 679 1 433	1 372 660	17 502 17 217	21 005 20 647 21 372	2 907 1 294
0.51 to 1.00	11 395 926 433	848 82 45	1 680 181 24	1 072 95 65 62	833 51 17	2 041 146 53	1 409 74 64	1 740 195 81	1 114 48 84	658 54	17 878 16 849 20 625	20 884	1 336 188 89 125
1.51 or more_ Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	547 124	108	124 24 80	62 21	44	53 67 3	57 4	51 17	13	21	11 673 8 125	22 305 14 990 13 271	125 41
1.01 to 1.30	349 15 59	43	8	41	38	56	53 -	18	7	13	13 191 7 656 15 156	15 824 6 316	41 60 7
1.51 or more SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	59	17	12	-	-	8	-	16	6	-	15 156	15 878	17
Heating equipment Central heating system	26 249 25 134	2 565 2 393	3 680 3 456	2 382 2 307	2 059 1 965	4 485 4 331	3 116 2 979	3 877 3 731	2 692 2 632	1 393 1 340	17 403 17 521	20 884 21 014	3 032 2 861
Air conditioning	206 165	7	24 24	23	31 12	47 47	30 20	16 16	13 13	15 15	17 045 18 150	20 480 21 715	12 12
Vehicles available	23 432 13 274	1 693	2 891 2 107	2 056 1 393	1 832 1 148	4 279 2 480 1 799	3 021 1 727 1 294	3 671 1 744 1 927	2 643 1 038 1 605	1 346 366 980	18 632 16 305 22 200	22 072 18 595 26 615	2 165 1 473
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas	10 158 26 249 17 020	422 2 565 1 623	784 3 680 2 341	663 2 382 1 437	684 2 059 1 348	4 485 2 920	3 116 2 032	3 877 2 661	2 692 1 705	1 393 953	17 403 17 652	20 884 21 101	692 3 032 1 950
Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	184 6 312	31 688	18 870	4 554	11 468	42 1 054	42 730	22 872	8 739	6 337	18 654 17 576	20 242 21 120	763 213
Other	1 845 888 4.0	165 58 3.4	314 137 3. 7	210 177 3.7	151 81 3.9	304 165 4.1	174 138 4.2	240 82 4.3	221 19 4.4	66 31 4. 7	16 091 14 722	19 894 17 246	62 3.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	26 125	2 545	3 659	2 353	2 057	4 478	3 099	3 866	2 679	1 389	17 413	20 899	3 012
CONTRACT RENT	20 ,20	200		2 050	2 00.	4 4.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2 0.7		4.0	20 0//	
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	446 472	185 130	132 160	24 70	12 19	48 24	17 8	13 17	6 38	9 6	6 319 7 227	10 091 11 686	165 126
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 045 2 235 3 148	148 321	233 441	154 295	116 204	147 420	55 214	106 243	45 60	41 37	12 297 13 241	15 878 15 109 16 568	179 348
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 965 4 892	462 449 391	581 637 590	355 429 384	225 383 396	548 720 926	331 532 616	437 479 819	164 239 500	45 97 270	14 456 15 476 18 410	17 486 21 526	524 543
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	5 489 2 944	248 73	525 143	356 81	423 141	999 378	761 349	948 687	894 616	335 476	20 975 29 796	24 693 32 207	348 455 524 543 334 183 155
No cash rent Median	1 489 \$360	138 \$296	217 \$314	205 \$321	138 \$350	268 \$361	216 \$373	117 \$385	117 \$426	73 \$446	15 713	19 111	\$315
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	360	172	95	13	12	30	17	6	6	9	5 370	9 845	152
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	397 899	100 159	148 234	76 128	8 103	31 122	5 33	15 40	8 59	6 21	7 525 11 104	10 047 13 891	103
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 984 2 935	320 401	424 542 550	282 341	150 252	358 498	168 316	214 414	40 119	28 52	12 199 14 320 15 049	14 317 16 483	331 411
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	3 592 4 396 6 070	450 388 308	591 615	436 365 376	352 329 513	695 825 1 091	429 578 815	400 677 1 069	222 440 880	28 52 58 203 403 536 73	17 565 20 638 27 962	16 954 20 666 24 195	546 437
\$500 or more No cash rent	4 003 1 489	109 138	243 217	131 205	200 138	560 268	522 216	914 117	788 117	536 73	27 962 15 713	30 505 19 111	103 181 331 411 470 546 437 226 155 \$327
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$374	\$306	\$325	\$327	\$363	\$372	\$391	\$410	\$444	\$470	•••.	•••	\$327
Less than 15 percent	4 754 3 960	5	39 94	58 77	59 94	241 535	323 767	1 173 1 458	1 620 821	1 236 80	38 796 27 144	41 532 27 437	51 84
20 to 24 percent	3 337 2 809	34 52 50 19	94 249	221 302	262 314	896 1 026	844 631	847 237	121	-	20 735 16 967	21 012 17 057	69 78
30 to 34 percent	2 201 3 039	19 74 1 903	224 789	370 826 294	424 650 116	883 629	247 71	34	=	Ξ	15 355 11 987 5 512	15 110 12 029 5 531	84 69 78 120 158 2 027
50 percent or more Not computed Median	4 266 1 759 25.2	408 50+	1 953 217 50+	205 35.6	138 32.7	268 27.1	216 22.1	117 17.4	117 13.7	73 10—	13 397	16 176	425 50+
Median	25.2	50+	50+	35.6	32.7	27.1	22.1			10-			50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	footo ole esime	arca boace on c	agripie, acc iiii	oubchull. For in	curing or symbol	ois, see introduct	ion. Tor definite	Jils Of Territs, Se	e oppendixes A	ana oj	
Anchorage city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 572	68	147	374	670	1 111	2 463	2 957	5 257	7 525	671
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons	1 555 5 202	3 30	34 42	83 109	112 205 98	136 280 268 230 105 59 25	189 684	295 703	349 1 237	354 1 912	575 666
3 persons 4 persons	4 632 5 421	3 30 12 18	34 42 43 19	89 57	98 167	268 230	684 514 588	295 703 661 855 289	1 302 1 425	1 645 2 062	666 673 682 711 683 653 700
5 persons	2 412 866	5	9	89 57 15 21	167 52 23 13	105	588 303 97	289	590	1 053	711
7 persons	382 102	=	-	-	13	25	66	98 51	229 101	126	653
8 or more personsMedian	3.26	2.58	2.44	2.45	2.68	3.02	66 22 3.20	3.23	24 3.30	43 3.41	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	16 676 357	38	60	229	436	830	1 981 57	2 325 68	4 342 124	6 435	684
25 to 34 years	5 138	7	16	39 34	63	97	358 565 957	710	1 621 1 391 1 170	95 2 227	718
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 440	17	3 <u>1</u>	144	118 223 25 79	234 445 54		668 845 34 312 38 129 77 61		2 486 1 608	649 718 721 607 438 646 600 701 555 521 571 494 683 607 517 355
65 years and over	233 1 967	8 21	46 8	6 57	75 79	119	201	34 312	36 488 35	19 644	438 646
Male householder, no wife present	128 821	3 11	8	8 11	_	17	7 90	38 129	35 193	644 29 347	600
35 to 44 years	601 394	7	9 24	13 25	23 32 19	31 71	80 24	77	193 171 89	347 181 81	645
45 to 64 years65 years and over	23	=	5	-	5	-	_	7	-	6	521
Female householder, no husband present	1 929 40	9 -	41 8	88	155	162	281 13	320 12	427	446	571 494
25 to 34 years	523 601	9 _	9	13 17	29 32	13 65	26 81	66 93 143	174 147	184 160	683
45 to 64 years	639 126	-	9	35 23	66 28	56 28	129 32	143	106	95	517
65 years and over	39.4	37.9	51.6	49.4	48.4	48.6	44.4	39.4	37.4	37.8	333
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	4 348 9 537	14	6	25	35 87	44	196	327	1 051	2 650	750+
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	4 087	29 5	40 37	98 66	121	207 355	604 1 014	1 300 1 061	3 075 809	4 097 619	542
1960 to 1969	2 229 371	8 12	57 7	156 29	372 55	397 108	561 88	256 13	279 43	143	750 + 717 542 422 388
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	475	11	30	42	44	32	49	103	108	56	529
4 rooms5 rooms	1 275 3 277	- 8	30 27 45	72	169 182	84	248	220	263 909	172 787	508
6 rooms	4 383	19	41	76	110	255	457	651	1 310	1 464	667
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	4 696 6 466	23 6.3	4	42 72 98 76 32 54 5.2	66 99	258 255 231 251	437 457 538 714	103 220 553 651 556 874	1 181 1 486	2 085 2 961	529 508 609 667 717 723
Median	6.7	6.3	4.9	5.2	5.2	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.5	7.1	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	4 (0)	05	07	00	,,		100	151	1 004	4.055	750
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	6 691 5 846	25 23	27 19	23 44	11 48	65 220	193 716 979	456 1 089	1 836 1 594	4 055 2 093	750+ 672
1960 to 1969	4 998 2 554	8	19 74	123 150	315 252	516 244	979 488	833 495 76	1 192 544	1 013 307	565 514
1940 to 1949	385 98	12	8	123 150 25 9	24 20	56 10	488 77 10	76	69 22	38	750 + 672 565 514 489 475
VALUE	70			,	20	10	10	٠	22	''	4/3
Less #- # \$10,000	_	_	_	_	~	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	15 72	4	- 22	5	3 39	-	- 2	3	-	-	285
\$30,000 to \$39,999	102	-	23 13 12 26	27 53 43 178	5	16	22 84	_	19	-	285 308 369 438 440 571
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	340 872	_	26	53 43	42 82	16 38 168	255 817	87 145	15 116	9 37	438
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	5 177 7 286	20 16	56 8	178 51	360 102 37	419 339	817 931	1 042 989	1 630 2 166	655 2 684	571 684
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	5 454 1 254	21	5	6	37	339 117	316 35	610 81	2 166 1 109 202	3 233 907	750+ 750+
Medion	\$90 900	\$81 900	\$59 800	\$65 000	\$69 500	\$76 700	\$80 900	\$84 500	\$87 800	\$104 100	730+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	5 534		00	245	275	451	1 289	1.044	999	749	504
15 to 19 percent	5 536 4 373	64	98 22	44	375 87	651 183	441	1 066 702	1 391	1 503	504 676 725
20 to 24 percent	3 416 2 527	4 -	18	13 14	65 40	89 43	222 158	702 388 235 103	1 094 746	1 523 1 291	725 750+
30 to 34 percent	1 243 3 343	-	- 9	13 39	17 78	43 26 111	65 263 25	103 449	310 681	709 1 713	750+ 750+
Not computed	134	-	-	6	8	8	25	14	36	37	625
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	20.5	10	12.0	12.4	13.8	13.4	14.6	17.9	21.0	24.9	
Heating equipment	20 572	68	147	374	670	1 1111	2 463	2 957	5 257	7 525	671
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	20 572 13 175 4 583	68 50 7	48 78	157	361 214	704	1 514 613	1 847	3 463 1 089	5 031 1 527	683
Other built-in electric units	2 029	7	/°4	149 28	21	264 88 15 40	224	360	486	811	687
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	105 680	- 4	17	40	8 66	15	8 104	22 86	43 176	147	598 580
Air conditioning	141 112	_	_	12	-	_	20 20	642 360 22 86 30 13	38 38	41 34	634 663
1 or more individual room units	29 20 572	_	-	5 374	670		2 463	17	_	7	556
House heating fuel	16 914	68 57	147 115	293	559	1 111 928	2 463	2 957 2 355	5 257 4 384	7 525 6 176	672
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	94 2 418	7	9	7 39	6 21 55	106	261	440	34 558	30 977 312	683 645 687 598 580 634 663 556 671 672 675 688 638
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc Other	960 186	<u>-</u>	6 17	39 26 9	55	77	261 125 30	134 11	558 225 56	312	638
	100			7	./		30				330

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto are estimate:	s basea on a samp	pie, see introducti	on, For meaning	or symbols, see i	infoduction. For c	reminions or term	is, see oppendixes	A und bj	
Anchorage city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Ancherage city										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 341	50	121	145	268	383	750	357	267	164
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	442	19	17	57	.78	92	120	20	39	139
2 persons 3 persons	802 452 418	24	44 1 52	57 35 16	101	120	276 147	106	96 45	154 153 194 176 201
4 persons	418	7	5	26	43 20 21	23	147	130 39	60	194
5 persons6 persons	119 51	_	3	7	21 5	106 23 13 13	43	39 19	7	176
7 persons	49	_	_	4		16	17	1 1	12	163
8 or more personsMedian	8 2.41	1.75	2.49	1.94	2.05	2.33	2.42	3.57	2.48	250+
	2.41	1.73	2.47	1.74	2.03	2.33	2.42	3.57	2.40	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			4.							
Married-couple families	1 568	26	84	71	152	214	518	297	206	173 113 163 190 177 151 133 130 144 126
25 to 34 years	220	17	20 10	12	21	23	66	40	21	163
35 to 44 years	305 830	- 9	10	27 20 12	22	48 108	57 328	93	48 118	190
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	830 206	-	30 24 23	12	22 72 30 67	35	67	145 19	19	151
Male householder, no wife present	367	19 5	23	38 4	67	108	74	14	24 5	133
25 to 34 years	21 101	_	5	11	7	38	21	14	5	143
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 years and over Female householder, no husband present	72 78	6	2 16	7 8	16 14	19	26 16		9 5	146
65 years and over	95	8	_	8	30 49	38	11	_	_	126
Female householder, no husband present	406	5	14	36	49	61	158	46	37	162
25 to 34 years	47	Ξ	_	13	13	8	7	6	_	120
35 to 44 years	50 210	5	- 9	-	31	30	33 94	5 27	7 19	120 180 169
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	99	_	5	23	5	23	24	8	11	143
Median age	52.6	41.4	52.0	44.3	56.1	53.1	53.8	47.4	51.7	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	224	7	12	27	26	48	55 117	19	30	146
1975 to 1978	365 428	20 5	24 21 55	28 37 30 23	36	52 63	117 125	83 90	5 47	160 169 171
1960 to 1969	775	10	55	30	· 40 72	117	252	121	118	171
1959 or earlier	549	8	9	23	94	103	201	44	67	159
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	243	10	3	61	66	32	50	9	12	118
4 rooms	423	10 27	3 49	20	56 80	133	100	18	20	136
5 rooms6 rooms	484 488	13	28 16	20 35 19	80 27	133 86 84 21 27	173 162	66 90 45 129	16 77	136 154 176 179 207
7 rooms	265	-	9	10	27 20	21	127	45	33 109	179
8 or more rooms	438 5.5	4.1	16 4.8	4.1	19 4.6	4.8	138 5.8	129	6.8	207
	5.5		4.0	7	7.0	4.0	5.0	5.4	5.5	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						50				1/0
1975 to Morch 1980	332 281	17 10	22 19	21 11	36 10	50 28	101 105	57 56	28 42	160 180
1960 to 1969	281 757	5	39 31	47	70	106	252 219	56 139	99	172
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	678 229	12	31 5	46 20	107 25	145 54	60	66	42 99 58 29	180 172 151 149 177
1939 or earlier	64	-	5	_	20	-	13	24 15	īi	177
VALUE										
less than \$10 000	19	5	6	4	_	_	_	4	_	69
\$10,000 to \$19,999	21	-	8	7	.3	7	.3	-	-	84
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	61 110	4	21 12	27	15 23	39	15		5	109
\$40,000 to \$49,999	220 1	26 7	21 12 11 15 18	27 24 19	15 23 46 54 76 24	39 39 77 116	41	14 14 39 20	19	69 84 109 117 127 147 158
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	323 591	7	15	19 42	54 76	177	112 279	39	40	147 158
\$80,000 to \$99,999	456	8	'7	-	24	70	167	111	69	186
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	432 108	-	23	17	27	27	124	135	79 55	199 250+
Medion	\$75 300	\$47 500	\$51 000	\$54 400	\$58 400	\$65 10Ó	\$77 000	\$98 000	\$100 300	2304
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 574	46	100	106	186	225	534	260 37	117	162
10 to 14 percent	307 126	4	13 5	13	40 14	56 26	84 43	37 8	60 30	166
20 to 24 percent	45 37	_		8	4	8	-	13	12	162 166 171 210 163 143 170 188
25 to 29 percent	37	-	- 3	-	14	15 18	13 7	9	7	163
30 to 34 percent	60 168		3	18	10	35	53	19	33	170
Not computed	24 10—	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	16 10—	10-	8 11.0	
	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	10	10-	11.0	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Steam or hot water system	2 341 1 087	50 9	121 36	145 36	268 118	383 157	750 416	357 160	267 155 39 49 5	164 173 149 179 144 141 162 162
Central warm-air tumoce or electric heat ourns	706	20	36 49	65 25	69 19	156	416 189	160 119	39	149
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	239 61	5	3	25 6	19 17	38 6	57 12	46	49	179
Other means	248	16	33	13	45	26	76	20		141
Air conditioning	68 68	-		-	7 7	21 21	26 26	46 12 20 14	-	162
Centrol system1 or more individual room units	-	_	-		_	-	-		-	-
House heating fuel	2 341	50 35	121 64	145 97	268 196	383	750 531	357	267 143	164
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1 532 49	-	6	_ 1	146	244	8	12	_	138
Electricity	313	5	5	25 16	14 19 30	64 59	8 78 111	357 2222 12 68 55	49 75	164 162 138 175 177 88
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	364 83	10	18 28	7	30 9	7	22	- 33	- 73	88

Table B -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0\	vner-occupied h	nausing units				Rei	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
Anchorage city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	34 198	11 412	9 219	8 455	4 924	188	26 272	7 159	5 421	6 284	6 942	466
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	24 655 1 009 7 377 7 364 8 283 622	8 572 411 3 369 2 796 1 979	6 865 211 2 028 2 411 2 101 114	6 021 286 1 166 1 623 2 769 177	3 091 101 803 518 1 375 294	106 - 11 16 59 20	11 768 2 583 5 218 2 255 1 549 163	2 892 812 1 197 491 370 22	2 169 476 888 428 350 27	2 633 524 1 066 557 437	3 894 721 1 991 735 382	1 80 50 76 44 10
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	5 037 491 1 874 1 287 1 174 211 4 506 199 1 147 1 162 1 512 486 39.7	1 547 64 749 469 254 11 1 293 59 492 372 329 41 36.3	1 233 184 499 287 238 25 1 121 49 273 341 406 52 39.5	1 307 146 358 327 411 65 1 127 55 256 272 414 130 43.9	907 97 244 196 260 110 926 36 113 177 348 252 47.3	24 8 11 - 39 - 13 - 15 11 55.1	6 981 1 635 3 168 3 1073 929 176 7 523 2 118 2 859 1 060 1 054 432 29.9	2 004 582 892 330 184 16 2 263 833 789 285 222 134 28.8	1 606 309 752 297 228 20 1 646 488 618 253 212 75 30.2	1 652 494 677 219 218 44 1 999 556 808 310 273 52 29.8	65 1 588 233 770 222 273 90 1 460 237 612 181 322 108 31.2	131 17 77 5 26 6 155 4 32 31 25 63 33.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 708 15 371 6 230 3 760 1 129	3 934 7 478 - - -	1 655 3 894 3 670 —	1 398 2 651 1 762 2 644	696 1 311 764 1 072 1 081	25 37 34 44 48	17 251 7 352 1 204 319 146	5 707 1 452 - -	3 557 1 583 281 -	4 075 1 731 395 83	3 652 2 490 500 170 130	260 96 28 66 16
ROMS 1 room	213 361 1 536 4 503 7 442 6 500 13 643 6.0	103 63 413 1 319 2 778 2 033 4 703 6.0	35 50 266 1 047 1 930 1 707 4 184 6.3	26 144 510 1 043 1 509 1 736 3 487 6.1	42 96 328 1 068 1 206 972 1 212 5.3	7 8 19 26 19 52 57 5.8	940 2 956 4 952 7 866 5 193 2 313 2 052 4.0	192 746 1 448 2 629 1 393 427 324 4.0	155 599 1 025 1 871 1 123 315 333 4.0	237 815 1 275 1 778 1 124 550 505 4.0	276 766 1 106 1 528 1 483 948 835 4.4	80 30 98 60 70 73 55 3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	33 935 21 290 11 711 778 156 263 97 90 14 62	11 297 7 248 3 742 258 49 115 30 49 - 36	9 181 5 342 3 593 203 43 38 21 10 - 7	8 411 5 375 2 810 199 27 44 20 10 -	4 870 3 188 1 536 109 37 54 26 14 14	176 137 30 9 - 12 - 7 - 5	25 725 12 971 11 395 926 433 547 124 349 15	7 099 3 724 3 083 205 87 60 16 9	5 337 2 916 2 197 166 58 84 17 67	6 164 3 101 2 633 246 184 120 42 64 4 10	6 714 3 012 3 296 302 104 228 45 164 -	411 218 186 7 - 55 4 45 - 6
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	4 754 9 756 7 222 7 408 3 194 1 864 2.86	1 312 3 442 2 659 2 441 1 042 516 2.86 34 665	1 089 2 226 1 828 2 425 1 009 642 3.21 30 128	1 226 2 363 1 842 1 781 769 474 2.85 25 806	1 070 1 661 864 740 365 224 2.34	57 64 29 21 9 8 2.08 473	7 428 7 976 4 760 3 568 1 756 784 2.22	1 958 2 586 1 291 731 473 120 2.13	1 737 1 726 993 568 249 148 2.06	1 870 1 842 1 146 716 460 250 2.19	1 669 1 727 1 262 1 456 562 266 2.56	194 95 68 97 12 - 1.91 1 026
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	25 190 1 548 657 676 751 104 5 272	8 110 538 293 431 406 15	6 616 367 161 100 148 13 1 814	6 237 354 112 83 104 26 1 539	4 053 283 91 62 93 50 292	174 6 - - - - 8	3 771 3 917 4 569 6 694 5 316 874 1 131	658 995 1 607 1 304 1 930 433 232	625 767 1 310 998 1 242 183 296	955 1 228 1 070 1 464 956 196 415	1 426 910 576 2 740 1 072 40 178	107 17 6 188 116 22 10
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units	34 185 17 357 10 902 3 894 313 1 719 345 290 55	11 412 5 319 3 613 1 973 57 450 92 85	9 206 5 106 2 667 952 49 432 121 91 30	8 455 4 789 2 434 709 102 421 86 68 18	4 924 2 061 2 103 254 102 404 46 46	188 82 85 6 3 12 -	26 249 15 153 5 092 4 634 255 1 115 206 165 41	7 159 3 419 1 233 2 297 26 184 47 35	5 421 3 076 1 042 1 113 38 152 52 52	6 265 3 798 1 322 754 72 319 63 51	6 938 4 604 1 373 450 109 402 44 27 17	466 256 122 20 10 58 -
House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	34 185 26 204 345 4 860 2 434 342 1 335 3.9	11 412 8 436 116 2 404 320 136 363 3.2	9 206 7 243 107 1 312 477 67 270 2.9	8 455 6 645 74 823 831 82 411 4.9	4 924 3 733 48 310 788 45 281 5.7	188 147 — 11 18 12 10 5.3	26 249 17 020 184 6 312 1 845 888 3 032 11.5	7 159 3 996 42 2 905 192 24 795 11.1	5 421 3 527 54 1 569 212 59 608 11.2	6 265 4 522 53 1 091 432 167 895 14.2	6 938 4 718 29 680 909 602 689 9.9	466 257 6 67 100 36 45 9.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Lass than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 165 1 227 974 879 2 096 2 733 6 741 8 910 9 473 \$37 164 \$40 526	354 260 179 135 553 807 2 272 3 367 3 485 \$40 318 \$43 634	201 295 307 249 542 743 1 890 2 461 2 531 \$37 226 \$40 095	346 329 294 296 556 627 1 532 1 904 2 571 \$36 964 \$40 696	264 315 187 191 439 535 1 014 1 138 841 \$30 435 \$33 998	28 7 8 6 21 33 40 45 \$31 538 \$36 352	2 565 3 680 2 389 2 059 4 497 3 120 3 877 2 692 1 393 \$17 396 \$20 879	651 905 619 507 1 141 911 1 087 888 450 \$18 832 \$22 522	545 632 381 424 881 775 876 599 308 \$19 103 \$21 565	777 903 578 473 1 013 612 951 664 313 \$16 747 \$20 376	519 1 121 759 601 1 433 784 921 523 281 \$16 366 \$19 276	73 119 52 54 29 38 42 18 41 \$11 971 \$18 350

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Committee of the Commit	C	Owner-occupied h	ausing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Anchorage city	Total	1 unit, detached ar attached	2 or more units	Mabile hame ar trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached ar attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 ta 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or mare units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condaminium housing units	34 198 2 218	25 190 800	3 736 1 418	5 272 -	26 2 72 779	3 771 119	3 917 48	4 569 48	6 694 317	5 316 197	874 50	1 131
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	24 655 1 009	19 853 398	1 871 142	2 931 469	11 768 2 583	1 886 151	1 935 359	1 914 469	3 842 896	1 664 591	117 23	410 94
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	7 377 7 364	5 785 6 387 6 826	585 372	1 007 605 790	5 218 2 255	824 462	777 401	793 427	1 994 707	629 160	31 8	170
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	622 5 037	457 2 754	667 105 1 011	60 1 272	1 549 163 6 981	427 22 1 063	377 21 1 005	199 26 1 066	197 48 1 27 5	255 29 1 885	50 5 352	12 335
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	491 1 874 1 287	176 1 071 769	77 374 281	238 429 237	1 635 3 168 1 073	196 555 179	232 544 140	304 433 213	294 643 107	461 722 320	65 113 54	44 12 335 83 158 60 30
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 174 211	613 125	229 50	332 36	929 176	98 35	89	100 16	206 25	321 61	54 85 35	4
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	4 506 199 1 147	2 583 54 622	8 54 17 242	1 069 128 283	7 523 2 118 2 859	822 154 429	977 205 481	1 589 449 633	1 577 508 548	1 767 522 606	405 159 89	386 121 73 79
35 to 44 years	1 162 1 512	727 935	166 287	283 269 290 99	1 060 1 054	115 78	163 115	239 202	212 212	228 282	24 61	79 104
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	486 39.7	245 40.2	142 39.7	35.7	432 29.9	32.0	13 31.0	29.4	97 29.5	129 29.1	72 32.2	30.9
1979 to March 1980	7 708 15 371	5 111 10 926 4 948	1 079 1 848 382	1 518 2 597 900	17 251 7 352 1 204	2 272 1 013	2 448 1 241 182	3 063 1 229	4 132 2 233	3 899 1 157	672 160 29	765 319
1970 ta 1974 1960 ta 1969 1959 ar earlier	6 230 3 760 1 129	3 237 968	272 155	251 6	1 204 319 146	335 111 40	41 5	250 17 10	219 71 39	161 74 25	13	28 5 14
ROOMS 1 room	213 361	89 114	54 137	70 110	940 2 956	83 198	59 243	63 425	161	413	121 191	
2 rooms	1 536 4 503	606 1 841	369 1 084	561 1 578	4 952 7 866	425 838	358 1 293	684 2 021	646 1 298 1 620	1 184 1 597 1 574	375 153 28	40 69 215 367 338 57 45 4.2
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 ar more rooms	7 442 6 500 13 643	4 264 5 442 12 834	1 037 507 548	2 141 551 261	5 193 2 313 2 052	860 507 860	1 108 520 336	935 272 169	1 442 917 610	482 34 32	28 6	338 57
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.0	6.5	4.7	4.6	4.0	4.9	4.5	4.1	4.3	3.2	2.8	
O.50 or less	33 935 21 290 11 711	24 992 15 881 8 597	3 701 2 639 907	5 242 2 770 2 207	25 725 12 971 11 395	3 653 1 899 1 646	3 859 2 138 1 547	4 537 2 175 2 124	6 540 2 847 3 276	5 168 2 805 2 057	862 555 267	1 106 552 478
1.01 to 1.50	778 156	432 82	115 40	231 34	926 433	94 14	134 40	176 62	299 118	187 119	5 35	31
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	263 97 90	198 81 67	35 16 13	30 - 10	547 124 349	118 19 64	58 38 16	32 8 20	154 35 112	148 12 116	12 12	45 25 12 9
1.01 to 1.50	14 62	14 36	6	20	15 59	35	4	4	7	20	=	4
BEDROOMS None	226 1 559	96 762	60 424	70 373	1 211 7 377	125 668	66 542	78 1 116	214 1 659	558 2 590	130 594	40 208
2	8 356 14 788 7 773	3 989 11 557 7 373	1 849 1 151 190	2 518 2 080 210	10 330 5 921 1 285	1 192 1 210 507	1 802 1 284 177	2 300 860 215	2 605 1 882 315	1 835 296	121 23 6	40 208 475 366 35 7
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 496	1 413	62	21	148	69	46	-	19	30 7	-	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 165 1 227 974	772 706 543	138 174 94	255 347 337	2 565 3 680 2 389	293 383 232	213 315 216	465 601 318	576 1 262 840	671 828 616	175 110 98	172 181 69
\$10,000 ta \$12,499 \$12,500 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999	879 2 096	500 1 131	92 292	287 673	2 059 4 497	196 609	245 560 561 863 602	357 883 632 642	614 1 228	499 918		75 161 155 192 81
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	2 733 6 741 8 910	1 646 4 849 6 941	384 728 959	703 1 164 1 010	3 120 3 877 2 692	444 629 597	863 602	642 641	741 777 442	514 718 432	73 138 73 56 97	192 192 81
\$50,000 or more	9 473 \$36 976	8 102 \$40 339	875 \$34 462	496 \$25 215	1 393 \$17 396	388 \$21 646	\$23 549	230 \$17 554	\$15 202	120 \$15 202	54 \$14 349	\$16 543 \$19 195
Mean SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	\$40 526 34 185	\$43 072 25 190	\$41 388 3 736	\$27 750 5 259	\$20 879 26 249	\$25 589 3 765	\$26 208 3 917	\$20 851 4 569	\$18 153 6 677	\$17 778 5 316	\$18 751 874	1 131
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	17 357 10 902 3 894	15 385 5 778 2 770	1 821 756 1 006	151 4 368 118	15 153 5 092 4 634	1 512 1 188 469	2 367 839	2 829 817 757	4 681 688 1 099	3 306 618 1 284	411 93 370	47 849
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	313 1 719	191 1 066	19 134	103 519	255 1 115	90 506	600 13 98	47 119	30 179	13 95	_	55 62 118
Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	345 290 33 824	209 180 25 052	49 32 3 636	87 78 5 136	206 165 23 432	35 30 3 645	27 20 3 743	48 48 4 186	49 31 5 962	4 322	24 24 571	12 12 1 003
2 or more	8 558 25 266 34 185 26 204	4 974 20 078	1 410	2 174	13 274 10 158	1 665 1 980 3 765 2 615	1 742 2 001	2 479 1 707	3 474 2 488	3 039 1 283	401 170	474 529
Bottled, tank, or LP ags	345	25 190 19 976 161	2 226 3 736 2 266 30	2 962 5 259 3 962 154	26 249 17 020 184	2 615 22	3 917 2 770 30	4 569 3 211 28	6 677 3 699 73	5 316 3 482 7	874 422 -	1 131 821 24
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	4 860 2 434 342	3 295 1 451	1 313	252 862 29	6 312 1 845 888	604 419	860 217	1 144 156 30	1 568 687 650	1 598 183 46	452 	86 183 17
Water heating fuel	34 034 23 881	307 25 058 18 784	3 720 2 179	5 256 2 918	26 079 14 370	105 3 672 2 238	40 3 913 2 574	4 569 2 674	6 671 3 032	5 274 2 867	874 379	1 106 606
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	618 8 784 738	287 5 404 570	20 1 435 86	311 1 945 82	321 10 178 809	54 1 229 137	70 1 133 112	26 1 768 78	98 2 919 2 292	21 2 250 126	483 12	52 396 52
OtherFamily householder	13 27 631	13 21 803	2 263	3 565	401 15 775	14 2 421	24 2 587	23 2 863	330 4 744	10 2 327	206	627
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	17 083 6 830 2 030	14 065 5 302 1 331	978 449 26 5	2 040 1 079 434	10 779 6 737 3 075	1 689 982 345	1 760 992 474	2 031 1 232 751	3 468 2 334 745	1 275 883 527	82 42 51	474 272 1 82
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	1 565 288	1 047 146	167 40	351 102	2 591 1 434	310 180	423 159	623 335	617 351	421 307	46 29	151 73
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	6 567 1 335 3.9	3 387 868 3.4	1 473 143 3.8	1 707 324 6.1	10 497 3 032 11.5	1 350 354 9,4	1 330 274 7.0	1 706 575 12.6	1 950 784 11.7	2 989 725 13.6	118 13.5	202 17.9
Pennate nouseholder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 030 1 565 288 6 567 1 335	1 331 1 047 146 3 387 868	40 1 473 143	434 351 102 1 707 324	3 075 2 591 1 434 10 497 3 032	180 1 350 354	474 423 159 1 330 274	751 623 335 1 706 575	745 617 351 1 950 784	421 307 2 989 725	51 46 29 668 118	182 151 73 504 202 17.9

Table B — 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Logia are estima	103 00300 011 0 3	dilipie, see illiit	Addenosi. To me	aring or symbols,	Jee miliodociio	n. Tor deminion	3 01 1011113, 366	appendixes A o	oj	
Anchorage city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Med	an Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	34 198 2 937	4 754	9 756 1 392	7 222 727	7 408 367	3 194 251	1 193 127	535 67	1 36 6	2 2	86 104 543 61 9 077
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	2 110 4 503	989 1 200	657 1 815	199 819	188 425	56 166	21 56	22	-	2	60 4 154 08 10 631
5 rooms	7 442 6 500 5 857 7 786	1 310 689 314 252	2 417 2 047 1 529 1 291	1 551 1 558 1 369 1 726	1 434 1 426 1 633 2 302	465 458 666 1 383	195 218 222 481	57 97 99 260	13 7 25 91	2	50 20 741 83 19 739 29 19 520 77 29 758
MedionPLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.0	4.6	5.5	6.2	6.6	7.2	7.0	7.4	8.5+	•	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	33 935 33 001 778 156	4 661 4 661 -	9 674 9 638 - 36	7 190 7 172 11	7 379 7 199 166 14	3 186 2 972 166 48	1 183 921 246 16	526 359 145 22	136 79 44 13	2 5	87 103 897 81 98 731 69 4 449 94 717
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	263 187 14	93 93 —	82 48	32 25 -	29 21 -	8 - -	10		-	1 1 6	97 646 51 354 72 114
1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	62 25 190	2 392	34 6 671	7 5 579	6 249	2 724	5 976	481	118		41 178 1 13 81 367
2' or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 736 5 272	1 157 1 205	1 381 1 704	1 043	371 788	148 322	61 156	12 42	12	2	01 8 921 34 14 255
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 913 19 36	1 997 - 3	6 004 9 9	5 084 6 15	5 839 - 3	2 531 - 3	917 - 3	431 4 -	110 - -	2	18 74 362 58 86 90 178
less fron \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$10,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or \$149,999	133 212 560	38 73 115	23 81 194	24 11 92	37 18 61	8 12 39 65 532	9 39	3 8 20	1	2 1 2	73 372 91 547
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 195 5 768 7 742 5 886	251 673 555 234	386 1 581 2 020 1 415	207 1 440 1 709 1 246	210 1 284 2 027 1 775	1 939	40 170 357 249	20 28 68 168 92	20 38 44	2	40 3 326 94 17 186 26 25 277 53 20 431
\$150,000 or more	1 362 \$89 800	\$76 600	286 \$88 300	\$89 300	\$93 400	831 173 \$94 000	\$91 000	\$88 800	\$93 900		53 20 431 51 5 218
All income levels in 1979	34 198 \$37 164	4 754 \$21 717	9 756 \$36 083	7 222 \$40 845	7 408 \$40 945	3 194 \$43 540	1 193 \$43 041	535 \$46 169	\$46 522		86 104 543
household income	19.4 20.5 10—	24.7 27.4 10.6	19.3 21.0 10—	18.8 19.6 10—	19.4 20.1 10—	19.3 19.9 10—	18.3 18.6 10—	16.1 17.1 10—	18.5 19.2 17.5		: ::
Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income. Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	1 335 \$2 810	\$2500—	\$2500—	\$2 956	\$3 519	\$5 027	\$4 208	\$9 500	=		48
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 45.0	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 27.2	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + -	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ -	=		:: :::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	26 272 4 023	7 428 -	7 976 2 545	4 760 806	3 568 362	1 756 168	516 74	214 43	54 25	2 2	22 65 047 29 10 621
ROOMS 1 room	940 2 956 4 952	774 1 739 2 275	118 840 1 822	32 211 540	124 188	16 42 90	- - 33	- - 4	-	1	11 1 115 35 4 569 61 8 904
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	7 866 5 193 2 313	1 884 537 137	3 192 1 1 384 1 372	1 621 1 410 575	874 1 136 698	206 532 354	33 67 157 107	10 26 62 112	12 11 8	2	14 17 852 98 15 802 60 8 391
7 or more rooms	2 052 4.0	82 3.0	248 3.9	371 4.5	548 5.0	516 5.5	152 5.5	112 6.6	6.0		09 8 414
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 725 24 366 926	7 166 7 166 —	7 868 7 776	4 668 4 448 200	3 548 3 251 184	1 707 1 363 206	500 243 224	214 112 88	54 7 24	2	22 63 974 15 57 584 88 4 496
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	433 547 473 15	262 262	92 108 82	20 92 69	113 20 5	138 49 39	33 16 16	14 - -	23 - -	1	42 1 894 61 1 073 40 868 18 66 79 139
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	59	_	26	11	11	10	_	Ξ.		2	
1, detached or attached3 and 45 to 9	3 771 3 917 4 569 6 694	755 830 1 154 1 406	1 157 1 287 1 422	722 870 949 1 259	585 544 601 1 296	389 250 368 545 95	94 80 61 213	54 50 7 79	15 6 7 6	2 2	48 10 588 38 10 050 30 11 392 54 18 485
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	5 316 874 1 131	2 359 579 345	1 890 1 704 237 279	671 33 256	413 - 129	95 18 91	42 - 26	19	13 7	1	54 18 485 68 10 340 25 1 261 29 2 931
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	26 125	7 386 86	7 951 105	4 747 91	3 522	1 752 14	499 8	214	54	2	21 64 566 40 880
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	360 397 899 1 984	208 399 830	27 137 415	100 118 245	56 29 164 268 270	6 50 171	13 21 39	7 10 16	7 - -	1	45 1 000 87 2 146 89 4 376
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 935 3 592 4 396	1 326 1 641 1 332 1 037	803 1 150 1 660	370 385 781	248 396	121 132 174	21 39 24 36 53 128	21	-	1 2	68 6 204 63 6 742 02 9 315
\$400 to \$499	6 070 4 003 1 489 \$374	1 037 317 210 \$323	2 221 1 089 344 \$385	1 327 963 367 \$408	921 787 383 \$415	362 631 91 \$445	128 130 47 \$425	54 70 36 \$465	20 16 16 11 \$472	3	40 16 275 12 12 881 02 4 747
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income	26 272 \$17 396	7 428 \$13 278	7 976 \$20 172	4 760 \$17 615	3 568 \$18 833	1 756 \$20 226	\$16 \$20 317	214 \$24 583	54 \$28 333	2	22 65 047
Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income	25.2 3 032 \$3 407	28.5 912 \$2500—	22.8 789 \$3 676	25.6 558 \$3 853	24.4 458 \$5 269	23.7 211 \$6 530	23.1 74 \$8 077	19.2 22 \$5 357	27.5 8 \$42 000	2	27
Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	28.3	50+		

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of ferms, see appendixes A and B]

						-			do age 's	DIN V COVIDIO	-			-		f	ſ
			Worried-cc	d-couple fomilies	Sa			Mole householder,	no wife	present		2	Femole householder,	der, no husband	d present		
Anchorage cmy	Totol	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 6 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over	Median age
Owner-occupied housing units	34 198	1 009	7 377	7 364	8 283	229	16#	1 874	1 287	1 174	1112	199	1 147	1 162	1 512	486	39.7
PERSONS IN UNIT I person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 5 persons Medon Total persons	4 754 9 756 7 222 7 408 3 194 1 864 104 543	513 314 137 32 13 2.48 2.88	1 973 1 866 2 370 800 368 3.42 25 675	1 002 1 458 2 758 1 402 744 29 280	3 298 2 077 1 491 787 630 2.91 27 083	2.17 1.558	279 124 74 14 138 828	939 694 174 174 16 150 3 220	670 243 229 103 34 1.46 2 517	672 248 119 100 18 1.37 2 176	169 30 12 1.12 288	87 78 28 28 1.66 1.66	406 343 343 75 75 1.99 2 420	339 321 273 155 45 2.25 2.25 2.73	805 360 360 179 130 17 17 17 17 186	263 202 - 1 25.1.2888	41.0 42.5 39.0 39.4 41.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use. 1.01 or more persons per room. Lacking complete plumbing or exclusive use. 1.01 or more persons per room.	33 935 934 263 76	997	7 340 286 37 15	7 332 281 32 20	8 228 24 29 44 83	612 4 10	476	1841 16 33	1 265 10 22 -	1 174 10 -	33 88	66111	1 133 25 14	1 150 38 12	1 503	88 9 1 1	39.7 38.0 38.7 38.7
MUNICAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTRITY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortagge	22 913 20 572	357	5 358 5 138	5 813 5 508	6 270 5 440 5 440	23.53	149	922	673	394	8E 82	\$\$,	230	651 109	639	225	39.4
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 99 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent Not computed Not compute	20.55 20.55 3 416 2 527 3 343 3 343 20.5	22 103 27 112 1.72	700 1 172 1 015 964 494 781 781 23.4	233 293 19.6 19.6		63 63 63 63 63 63 63	29.7 63 29.7	25 25 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	25 101 122 100 18.4	5.8 8 8 5 8 8 6 5	2 2 2 5	35.8 35.8	36.73333348	28.7 28.7 28.7 28.7 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50	282233328 2832333333	33,58,622 - 72	33.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9
Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Median	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	22 182 12 17 101	3422	882 284 285 285 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286	23 23 33 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	43.0	0-176385	01 888 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	577 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	13. 1 1 80 25 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.		25 12 - 9 - 12 - 6 25 12.9 - 1 - 1 - 6 - 1	255 7 2 2 2 2 3 2 5 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	26.00 26.44 27.00 20.00	24.52 12.68 10.0	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
Renter-occupied housing units	26 272	2 583	5 218	2 255	1 549	163	1 635	3 168	1 073	929	176	2 118	2 859	1 060	1 054	432	29.9
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 persons	7 428 7 976 7 976 3 568 1 756 784 65 047	1 203 893 889 98 98 7 151	1 388 1 321 1 494 1 494 1 719 296 3.42 1 8 094	402 404 404 514 240 33,6 8 951	668 373 272 137 137 99 2.79 4 667	102 39 123 4 4 233 4 423	792 579 186 68 68 4 4 4 2 1.54 2 885	1 734 1 017 309 82 82 26 1.41 4 962	70] 206 103 123 127 1 683	684 26 177 1.18 1.328	170 6 1.02 1.02 1.73	895 847 272 272 86 7 7 1.69 3 855	1 002 886 506 263 164 1.98 6 413	433 244 194 105 11.90 2 261	673 188 109 41 24 11.28 1 715	25 25 25 1.1.3 26.1.1 1.1.3	28.7 33.6 33.6 33.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lodying complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	25 725 1 359 547 74	2 550 143 33 13	5 129 489 89	2 236 201 19	1 533 129 16	163	1 579 37 56 8	3 073 29 95 28	1 015 11 58	88 45 1	165	2 082 81 36	2 809 129 50 8	1 041 25 19	1 054 34 1 1	415	30.5 27.9 27.9
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 26 to 29 percent	26 3 3 4 4 754 3 3 3 75 2 2 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2 573 230 337 280 319 200	5 174 824 835 700 626	2 587 326 149 149 149	286 286 165 1138 102	15. 27. 27.	1 635 229 267 203 182	834 4 494 4	1 073 334 243 123 96 47	919 347 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138	77 27 37 18 7	2 118 157 179 234 224	2 852 268 373 420 361	1 06 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1662 168 100 97 88	នឹ 24888	28.7.7.2.6 28.8.7.7.2.6 28.8.7.7.2.6
30 of y percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	25.2 25.2	279 279 29.7	555 533 24.7	165 165 221 19.7	87 102 17.2	21.8	280 280 27.9	22.2 22.2	152 22 18.9	18.5 18.5	22 24.5	782 782 76 36.2	283 665 110 29.3	207 46 27.9	197 197 29.3	34.5	27.7

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

•				Male hous				on. For definiti		Female hou			
Anchorage city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 754	2 729	279	939	670	672	169	2 025	87	406	339	805	388
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 661 93	2 657 72	264 15	918 21	657 13	672 -	146 23	2 004 21	87 -	399 7	334 5	796	388
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 392 1 157 1 205	1 364 652 713	101 46 132	476 242 221	349 185 136	355 129 188	83 50 36	1 028 505 492	23 - 64	207 116 83	169 76 94	448 187 170	181 126 81
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999.	417 497 285 261	152 215 134 125	33 13 21 18	39 77 28 48	18 21 28 10	45 68 25 20	17 36 32 29	265 282 151 136	29 7 15	21 28 30 35 113	13 13 11	107 121 62 57	95 113 33 39
\$12,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999	586 755 944 699	281 442 563 540	75 41 48 19	78 186 246 172	82 99 161 165	46 103 95 173	13 13 13	305 313 381 159	15 15 -	113 92 52 30	41 91 119 46	104 77 188 67	95 113 33 39 32 38 22 16
\$50,000 or more	\$21 717 \$24 435	\$25 238 \$28 646	\$18 780 \$19 606	\$25 462 \$26 742	\$28 633 \$33 105	\$30 000 \$30 541	\$12 461 \$28 936	\$17 412 \$18 760	\$11 250 \$13 557	\$17 857 \$20 283	\$24 464 \$24 445	\$18 012 \$19 440	\$9 340 \$11 955
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	1 997 1 555	1 112 900	81 74	405 360	298 261	252 199	76	885 655	23 23	186 167	123 93	392 276	161 96
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	3 34 83	3 17	3 8 8	5	- 7	9 18	=	17	8	Ē	- - 4	- 9 24	- - 17
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	112 136 189 295	38 29 63 90 185	- - 17	6 42 73	20 14 38 53	43 10 42	=	45 83 73 99 110	- 9 6	20 - 15 27	14 - 20	50 31 43 51	13 28 32 6
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	349 354 \$575	221 254 \$617 212	17 26 12 \$606 7	42 73 97 137 \$684 45	14 38 53 45 84 \$597 37	42 53 15 \$525 \$3	\$750+ 70	128 100 \$510 230	\$469	27 66 39 \$649	20 37 18 \$634 30	51 25 43 \$435 116	- \$382
Not mortgaged	442 19 17 57	14 9	-	11	6 2	7 8	8 - 8	5 8 30	=	- - 7	5 - -	3	65 5 23
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	57 78 92 120 20	27 53 51 37 7	7	7 6 14 7	9 6 5	14 7 12	23 25 6	25 41 83 13	=	4 8 -	- 13 5	16 25 57 8	5 8 13
\$250 or more Medion	39 \$139	14 \$126	\$138	\$144	\$131	\$121	\$121	25 \$154	Ξ	\$116	7 \$188	7 \$162	11 \$122
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage	24.7 27.4	21.9 24.3	36.1 29.6	24.9 25.9	20.4 22.2	15.7 19.4	15.0 45.0	29.1 34.1	43.9 43.9	40.7 42.7	25.4 26.7	27.7 33.8	31.3 45.7
Not mortgaged	10.6 308 6.5	10 115 4.2	50+ 33 11.8	10— 23 2.4	10— 18 2.7	10— 41 6.1	12.9	16.2 193 9.5	29 33.3	21.0 12 3.0	12.1 6 1.8	10— 93 11.6	45.7 19.8 53 13.7
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	7 428	4 081	792	1 734	701	684	170	3 347	895	1 002	433	673	344
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	7 166 262	3 880 201	744 48	1 692 42	643 58	636 48	165 5	3 286 61	892 3	967 35	427 6	673 -	327 17
1, detached or ottached	755 830 1 154	489 521 574	66 113 125	250 251 220	80 87 137	58 70 76	35 - 16	266 309 580	38 73 155	119 122 182	33 46 72 98	43 55 123 108	33 13 48 77 92
5 to 9	1 406 2 359 579 345	756 1 303 249 189	144 249 45 50	354 525 65 69	77 240 34 46	156 234 70 20	25 55 35 4	650 1 056 330 156	187 289 120 33	180 307 53 39	98 144 24 16	108 224 61 59	77 92 72 9
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 305 1 289	531 682	162 184	206 244	61 94	72 99	30 61 14	774 607	259 165	102 172 170	83 64 68	150 119	180 87
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	899 710 1 234 764 685	511 314 566 497	123 74 99 113	217 154 286 215	65 25 88 101	99 92 30 80 61	31 13 7	388 396 668 267	133 152 127 27	87 266 123	41 92 59	13 116 149 44	34 14 18
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	416 126 \$13 278	492 362 126 \$15 018	15 22 -	249 121 42	94 139 34	120 80 50 \$17,450	14 -	193 54 - \$11 885	21 11 	62 20 514 138	26 - \$12 591	66 16 \$13,675	7
GROSS RENT	\$15 315	\$17 955	\$11 016 \$11 943	\$15 742 \$18 087	\$20 911 \$22 413	\$17 450 \$21 764	\$8 929 \$10 896	\$12 096	\$10 442 \$10 056	\$14 138 \$14 111	\$12 591 \$12 693	\$13 675 \$13 388	\$4 833 \$8 255
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 386 86 208 399	4 055 29 132 297	792 - 30 41	1 724 6 20 75	701 10 8 52	674 13 53 88	164 - 21 41	3 331 57 76 102	895 - - 6	995 - 12 21	433 _ _ 25	673 9 21 28	335 48 43 22
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	830 1 326 1 641	490 657 758	123 183 149	219 234 342	48 148 104	86 69 136	14 23 27	340 669 883	72 247 281	87 176 312	48 90 82	90 101 151	43 55 57 24
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 332 1 037 317 210	752 602 179 159	135 78 8 45	357 303 102 66	149 125 49 8	102 89 20 18	9 7 - 22	580 435 138 51	166 90 33	153 183 37 14	91 45 48 4	146 85 20 22	24 32 - 11
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	\$323	\$323	\$299	\$340	\$339	\$307	\$216	\$322	\$322	\$331	\$331	\$325	\$255
1979	28.5 912 12.3	24.5 381 9.3	31.3 118 14.9	25.3 137 7.9	19.5 43 6.1	17.6 67 9.8	24.9 16 9.4	33.0 531 15.9	39.9 198 22.1	29.4 82 8.2	31.9 65 15.0	32.2 110 16.3	36.3 76 22.1

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B1

	[Data are estim	ures basea on	a sumple, see	introduction.	For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of	rernis, see app	endixes A dnd	oj	
Anchorage city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Anchorage city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	3 413	563	381	467	Vocant for rent housing units	5 460	2 915	1 792	₱ 753
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	222	68	39	115	1 room	322	143	73	106
4 rooms5 rooms	356 333	118 147	98 98	140	2 rooms	849 1 518	350 793	363 480	136 245
6 rooms	333 223 117	110 36	47 45	66 36	4 rooms	1 934 619	1 135 353	645 183	154
8 or more rooms	160	84	54	22	5 rooms	104	80	24	83
Median	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.3	7 or more rooms	114 3.5	61 3.7	24 3.5	29
PLUMBING FACILITIES						0.0	5,	0.0	0.0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 387	560	372	455	PLUMBING FACILITIES			100	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	24	3	y	12	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 442	2 901	1 788	753
BEDROOMS						10	14		_
None	15 147	38	6 42	9 67	BEDROOMS				
2	498	152	122	224	None	385 2 052	156 998	98 777	131 277
4	529 204	266 96	146	117 45	2	2 315	1 361	733	221
5 or more	18	íĭ	2	5	3 4	640 50	370 18	175	95 29
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	ĭ8	12	ŏ	-
1975 to Morch 1980	936 258	366 88	218	352 52	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974	164	86	118 42	36	1975 to March 1980	1 734	1 107	454	173
1950 to 1959	47	23	3	21 6	1970 to 1974	1 313 1 073	809 579	388 350	116 144
1939 or earlier	_	-	-	_	1950 to 1959	856	305	453	98
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		,			1940 to 1949	426 58	83 32	121 26	222
1, detached or attached	612	300	166	146 250	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or trailer	501 298	127 136	124 91	250 71	1, detached or attached	403	214	109	80
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2	475 1 048	297 646	127 290	80 51 112
Central heating system	1 331	528	367	436	5 to 9	855	575	224	56
Other means	80	35	14	31	10 to 49 50 or mare	2 168 248	880 159	904 47	384 42
		_	_	_	Mobile home or trailer	263	144	91	28
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	523	243	146	134	Specified vacant for rent housing units	5 450	2 915	1 792	743
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	- 9	-	-	-	Less than \$100	35 62	19 57	iĩ	5
\$30,000 to \$39,999		-1	-		\$150 to \$199	290	59	94	137
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	12 20	6	- 8	6	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	568 954	228 392	204 447	136 115
\$60,000 to \$79,999	126	60	22 77	44	\$300 to \$399	2 240	1 307	736	197
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	174 182	77 100	30	20 52	\$400 or more	1 301 \$346	853 \$360	300 \$326	148 \$284
Median		\$90 700	\$90 900	\$92 500					

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d—Specified	d vocant for	rent housing	units	
Anchorage city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Totol	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or mare	Median (dollars)
Total	523	-	9	12	320	182	91 200	5 450	35	352	1 522	2 240	1 301	346
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	499 24	Ξ	9	9 3	308 12	182	92 500 47 500	5 432 18	35	352	1 508 14	2 236 4	1 301	347 259
BEDROOMS														
None	48 61 233 163 18	-	9 - - - -	12 - - - -	27 52 156 67 18	- 9 77 96	51 300 72 100 93 600 107 900 84 000	385 2 052 2 315 640 40 18	14 21 - -	124 114 77 32 5	155 853 415 91 8	92 866 1 089 187 -	14 205 713 330 27 12	243 306 370 405 470 425
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	335 79 70 33 6	=	9 - - - -	3 - 3 - 6 -	203 43 55 19 -	129 27 12 14 -	94 900 88 200 73 900 81 700 47 500	1 734 1 313 1 063 856 426 58	14 - 15 6 -	37 47 38 92 133 5	189 250 369 460 216 38	843 645 467 223 47 15	665 357 189 66 24	383 359 336 269 228 257
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	523 		· 9	12	320 	182	91 200 	393 4 794 263	6 29 -	28 268 56	60 1 384 78	135 2 048 57	164 1 065 72	382 344 297

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	70 363	14.6
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Anchorage city	70 363	14.6



Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A —
STATES	A -
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A -1
Census Designated Places	A -1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-
Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	Λ_1

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B-1	Persons	B-6
LIVING QUARTERS	B-1	Rooms	B-6
Housing Units	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6
Comparability With 1970	D-1	Bedrooms	B-6
	D 2	STRUCTURAL	
Census Housing Unit Data	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Group Quarters	B-2		B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-		Year Structure Built	
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-		Stories in Structure	B-6
ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY		Plumbing Facilities	B-6
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CHARACTERISTICS.....

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the guestionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. **Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage - The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census question naire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

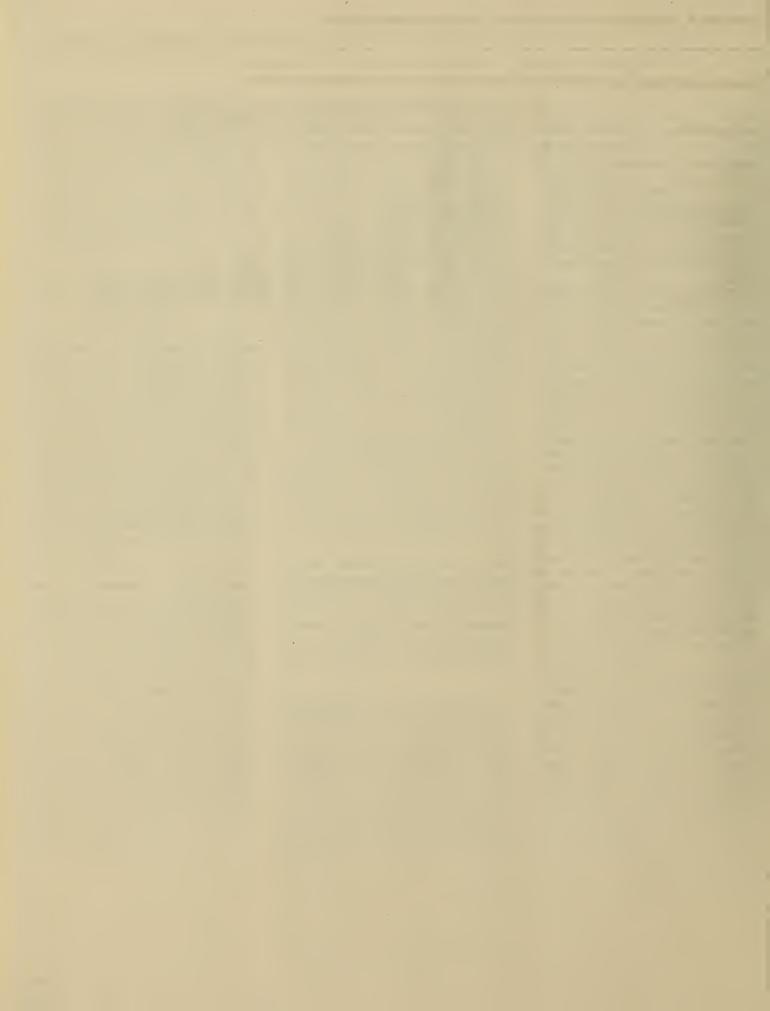
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

C Partle Nath	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••							• • •.
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • • •
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
2 persons	4,723	4,723	•••	•••			• • •		•••	
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •		• • •	•••		• • •	
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844				•••		
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382		• • •		•••	
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	•••	• • •		•••
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512		• • • •	
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	• • • •	•••
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	• • • •
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique: the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$_{(x+y)} = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard **Errors**

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMA

The estim cation w ratio estin in the a sample p For any teristic to the weigh housing u possessed family or based or family n holders. unit rec weight to all chara weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county In small counties with a boundaries. sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type The second stage used two groups. householders and nonhousegroups: holders. The third stage could potentially 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

in housing unit

Persons in group quarters

Davagna in Havaina Unita With a

nates which appear in this publi- were obtained from an iterative mation procedure which resulted assignment of a weight to each person or housing unit record.	1 2 3 4 5	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit 3 persons in housing unit 4 persons in housing unit 5 to 7 persons in housing unit 8 or more persons in housing unit
given tabulation area, a charac- total was estimated by summing that assigned to the persons or units in the tabulation area which the characteristic. Estimates of	6-10	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit
r household characteristics were n the weights assigned to the members designated as house- Each sample person or housing		through 8 or more persons in housing unit Persons in All Other Housing
cord was assigned exactly one of be used to produce estimates of acteristics. For example, if the given to a sample person or	11 12-16	Units 1 person in housing unit 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons

17

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

White Race
Persons of Spanish Origin
Male
0 to 4 years of age
5 to 14 years of age
15 to 19 years of age
20 to 24 years of age
25 to 34 years of age
35 to 44 years of age
45 to 64 years of age
65 years of age or olde
Female
Same age categories as
groups 1 to 8
groups 1 to 6
Persons Not of Spanish Origin
Same age and sex cate
gories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each The three stages of stage III group. adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit

6-10

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons

in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
12-16 persons in housing unit

2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish
Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
1	Renter
	White Race
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish
92-102	origin Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above) 169-190 Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

1 Vacant for Rent Vacant for Sale 3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this promost estimated characteristics to levels simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation sample will, for the most part, be confor the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING **ERROR**

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage-It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- cedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of below what would have resulted from procedure is that the estimates from the sistent with the complete-count figures
- · A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- · A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household: or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Slze	of public		<u>2</u> /				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22
250 500 1 000	25 - -	30 35	35 45 55	35 45 65	35 50 65	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70	35 50 70
2 500 5 000	-	-	-	80	95 110	110 140	110 150	110 150	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 + 160
10 000 15 000 25 000	-	=	=	Ξ	=	170 170 -	200 230 250	210 250 310	220 270 340	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350
75 000 100 000	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	310	510 550	570 630	590 670	610 700	610 700	610 710
250 000 500 000	-	· -	-	-	=	-	-	Ξ,		790	970 1 120	1 090 1 500	1 100 1 540	1 100 1 570
1 000 000 5 000 000 10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	=	-	2 000	2 120 3 540 -	2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-1n-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage					
, or com age	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0	1.8 2.4	1.5 2.1	1.3 1.7	1.0 1.3	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

iPercent of persons or housing units in sample1

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.8	0.6
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.7	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked.	iii	0.7	0.5
Tenure	1.2	0.8	0.6
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.6
Stories in structure	1.0	0.7	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.7	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.8	0.6
Year structure built	1.1	0.8	0.5
Year householder moved into	'•'	0.0	0.0
housing unit	1.1	0.8	0.6
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.6
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.8	0.6
Rooms	i.i	0.8	0.6
Telephone in housing unit	i.i	0.8	0.6
Air conditioning	i.i	0.8	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.8	0.6
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.8	0.6
Gross rent as a percentage of household		0.0	0.0
Income in 1979	1.1	0.8	0.6
Mortgage status and selected		•••	0.0
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.8	0.6
Household income	1.1	0.8	0.6
Poverty status: Housing	iši	0.8	0.6
Existence of complete plumbing for		•••	3.3
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or angraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the day By the week	4
Every other wee	k 2

If rent is paid;	Divide rent by:
4 times a year 2 times a year	3 6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished besements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tenk or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exect costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({ }) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is now inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.
Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse
Mechanic	Auto engine mechan

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
 - Pill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

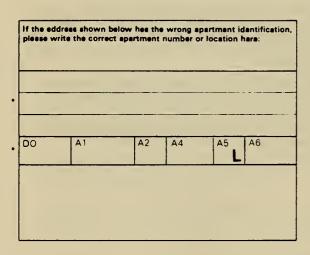
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital.
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

staying o	r visiting l	nere and	d had no	other he)(
		· · ·			_
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Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box \square .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

	T	PERSON in column 1	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3 PERSON in column 2			
Here are the OUESTIONS for ANSWERS		Last name	Last name			
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initia			
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife			
3. Sex Fill one	circle.	O Male Female	○ Male			
4. Is this perso		 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	O White O Asian Indian D Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan Filipino E Korean O Korean O Indian (Amer.) Print tribe ■			
a. Print age at a	and fill one circle. the spaces, and fill one circle	a. Age at last birthday 1	a. Age at last birthday 1			
6. Marital statu		Oct.—Dec. 9 9 9 Now married Separated Widowed Never married Divorced	Oct.—Dec. 9 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
7. Is this perso origin or de Fill one circle		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 			
attended re any time? kindergarten, ei	ary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
regular scho attended? Fill one circle If now attend person is in. i	highest grade (or year) of cool this person has ever ever ever ever ever ever ever eve	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school — Skip question 10	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school			
	rson finish the highest rear) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)			

	NOW PLEASE ANSW	VER QUESTIONS H1-H12 Page 3
PERSON in column 7 Lest name	If you listed more than	R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial		H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?
If relative of person in column 1: O Husband/wife O Father/mothe		O Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a one-family house —
O Son/daughter O Other relative Drother/sister	Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No	a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O Yes O No
If not related to person in column 1: O Roomer, boarder O Other O Partner, roommate nonrelative O Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or In a hospital? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes O No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. O No	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.)	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday	5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer	○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 9 0 9 0	H5. Do you enter your living quarters — O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? O Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	\$25,000 to \$27,499
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	What is the monthly rent? If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms 3 rooms 9 or more rooms	○ \$50 to \$59
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	H8. Are your living quarters — Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$110 to \$119
Highest grade attended: O Nursery school O Kindergarter	THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF	······································
O Nursery school O Kindergarter Elementary through high school (grade or year 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		nits D. Months vacant F. Total persons
College (academic year)	O First form O Year	round use O Less than 1 month O 1 up to 2 months O 2 up to 6 months
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	I I I I I I I Vacant 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 Page Nat	ont O 1 year up to 2 years 2 2 2
Never attended school-Skip question 1 Now attending this grade (or year)	444 4 444 O Usual home O Rente	ale only do r sold, not occupied for occasional use O 2 or more years A 4 4 4 5 5 5
O Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	GGG GGGG Group quarters O Other	1. 0 0 Mail return 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 2 Pop./F 7 7 7
CENSUS A. OI ON OO	888 8888 O Continuation O Yes	O No OO 999

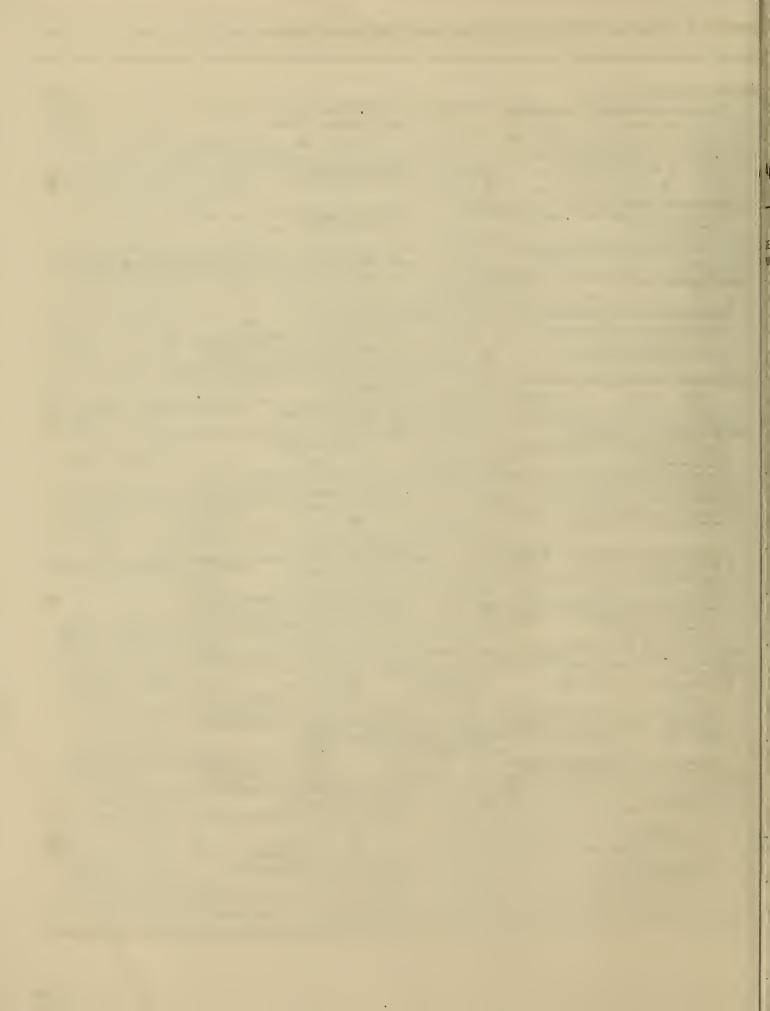
H13. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. A mobile home or trailer A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses A building for 2 families A building for 5 to 9 families H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Wood Other fuel Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	CENSUS
O A mobile home or trailer O A one-family house detached from any other house O A one-family house attached to one or more houses O A building for 2 families O A building for 3 or 4 families O Coal or coke O Wood O Cher fuel O Coal or coke O Wood O Cher fuel O Coal or coke O Wood O Coal or coke O Coal or co	USE
A mobile home or trailer A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses A building for 2 families A building for 3 or 4 families Serving the neighborhood Wood Other fuel Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	
O A one-family house detached from any other house O A one-family house attached to one or more houses O A building for 2 families O A building for 3 or 4 families O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Other fuel O Steed in the fuel is used most for water heating?	H22a.
O A one-family house attached to one or more houses O A building for 2 families O A building for 3 or 4 families D Electricity O No fuel used O No fuel used O No fuel used	000
O A building for 2 families O A building for 3 or 4 families Milian fuel is used meet for water heating?	III
h Which first is used most for water besting?	a a a
O A building for 5 to 9 families b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3 3
	9 9 9
O A building for 10 to 19 families O Coal or coke	5 5 5
O A building for 20 to 49 families Serving the neighborhood Wood	666
O A building for 50 or more families O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Other fuel	7 7 7
O Electricity	888
O A boat, tent, van, etc. O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
Which first leavest and for anything	11001
H14s. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	H22b.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	000
1 to 3 — Skin to H15 7 to 12 Serving the neighborhood	III
O 4 to 6 13 or more stories O das: bottled, tank, or LP O Other fuel	8 8 8
© Electricity O No fuel used	3 3 3
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	444
1200 Miles and the costs of william and close for the costs of the cos	5 5 5
O Yes O No a. Electricity	
s on op O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
H15a. Is this building — Average monthly cost Clectricity not used	9 9 9
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	- 3 3 3
On a place of 1 to 9 acres? b. Gas c. On OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	000
Average monthly cost	I i i
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products c. Water	2 2 2
from this place amount to — \$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	0 0 0
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	7 5 5 5
O todayld in control of the control	666
H16. Do you get water from —	7 7 7
Yearly cost	888
O A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? O An individual drilled well? H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities?	9 9 9
An individual dug well? An individual dug well? are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	1100.1
O Some other source (a spring, creek, river, clstern, etc.)? O Yes No	H22d.
Some date graphing steet, mer, entern, etc.).	0000
H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer? H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	IIIII
O Yes, connected to public sewer Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3333
O No, connected to septic tank or cesspool O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	4444
O No, use other means O 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	5555
110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	16666
H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was H25. How many bethrooms do you have?	7777
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. A complete bethroom is a room with flush toilet, bethtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.	8888
O 1373 W 1360 O 1360 W 1363 O 1340 W 1343	9999
O 1975 to 1978 O 1950 to 1959 O 1939 or earlier A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
5 13/0 til 13/4	-
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	
Able house (a season)	0000
Complete bathcom, plus half bath(s)	IIIII
0 1979 or 1980 0 1950 to 1959 0 2 or more complete bathrooms	8888
O 1975 to 1978 O 1949 or earlier H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3333
O 1970 to 1974 O Always lived here	9999
O 1000+1000	5555
○ 1960 to 1969 ○ Yes ○ No	GGGG
O 1960 to 1969 O Yes O No H20. How are your living quarters heated? H27. Do you have air conditioning?	2223
H20. How are your living quarters heated? H27. Do you have air conditioning?	10000
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. M27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system	8888
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. O Steam or hot water system H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit	9999
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. O Steam or hot water system O Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	9999
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. O Steam or hot water system O Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	9999
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	0000
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	0000
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in well, ceiling,	0000 0000 0000
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, ceilling, or baseboard) H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles	9999 0000 1111 2222 3333 4444
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles	9999 0000 1111 2222 3333 444 5555
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, 2 romore individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	9999 0000 1111 2222 3333 444 5555 6666
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	9999 0000 IIII 2222 333 444 5555 6666 7777
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, 2 romore individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	9999 0000 IIII 2222 333 4444 5555 6666

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

R YOUR HOUSEHOLD				Pag
Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is — • A mobile home or trailer	ent your unit or this is a p H30 to H32 and turn to p	page 6.		
). What were the real estate taxes on this property last year? \$.00 OR O None	Also include paymo	ents on a contract to purc ortgages on this property.	y payment to the lender? hase end to lenders holding No regular payment requ	
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property? \$.00 OR O None	d. Does your regular payments for re-		mount entered in H32c)	page 6
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property? Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt Yes, contract to purchase No — Skip to page 6	e. Does your regular payments for fire	aid separately or taxes n ar monthly payment (a a and hazard insuranc	mount entered in H32c) e on this property?) include
O. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? O Yes O No	O No, insuran	nce paid separately or no	Please turn to page	9 6
FOR CENSUS	(1) 2. S.S. I I I 2. Yes 3 3 3 0 5 6 No 7 0 8 9	1 1 1 S.S. 1 2 3 3 3 3 Yes 3	4. 3 2. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 0 8 9 9 9 9	4. Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
	4 2.	1 1 1 S.S. 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 Yes 3	4. 6 2. 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 0 8 9 9 9	4. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
	2.	4. GQ. □ Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø S Ø Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø Ø S Ø Ø S Ø Ø S Ø S Ø Ø S Ø S Ø Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S Ø S	H30. H31.	H32c. Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9

Page 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No Attending college? Yes No	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business? O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1950 to 1959 0 1970 to 1974 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1950	service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If 'service was In National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide. Yes No — 5kip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)	Hours 23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14 b. What is this language?	 February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) World War I (April 1917—November 1918) Any other time 	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.) c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well Well Not at all	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	or children she has adopted. O O O O O 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once?	Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work <u>last week</u> ?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16	b. Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Öther — Specify
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No FOR CENSUS	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? (Yes	Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	23.

RSON 1 ON PAGE 2						Pag
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually — O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	CENSUS USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person days, at a paid job or in a busine		CEN	ISUS U	SE ONLY
○ Drive alone — SkIp to 28 ○ Drive others only ○ Share driving ○ Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes	○ No — Skip to 31d	31b. ⊘ ⊘	31c.	31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1			Il	111	11
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	5.5	b. How many weeks did this person Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, of		S S	s s	l s s
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7 or more	044	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, a		33	33 44	33
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	111 5 5		Weeks	55	5 5	155
25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	, G G	c. During the weeks worked in 1979	9, how many hours did	6	66	6
or business last week?	1V 8 8	this person usually work each we	eek?	7	? ? 8 8	?
O Yes, on layoff	099		Hours	9	99	9
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. O No	201	1000		20.	·	
	22b. 2 ⊘ ⊘	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 was this person looking for work		32a.		32b. 0000
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	1 1		Weeks	11	-	1111
O Yes O No — Skip to 27	S S	~~~~		s s		8888
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	33	32. Income in 1979 —		33		3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" of	shove the dollar amount	5 5		5555
No, temporarily ill No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	GG	If exact amount is not known, give bes		66		GGGG
O Yes, could have taken a job	7 7	received jointly by household members	, see instruction guide.	?? 88:		7777
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	97	During 1979 did this person recei	ve any income from the	30		9999
O 1090 O 1979 O 1970 to 1974	20	following sources?			A O	O A O
0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier 31d	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - person receive for the entire year		32c.	- 1	32d.
O Never worked	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bon		00		0000
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before		SS	1	5555
Describe clearly this person's chief jou activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	dues, or other items.		3 3		3 3 3 3
this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	GHJ	○ Yes → \$.00	99		4444
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	O No (A	nnual amount – Dollars)	55	551	5555
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partners		? ?	7 7	2777
28. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	000	practice Report net income a		88		8888
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	○ Yes → \$.00	99	99 i	9999
	III		nnual amount - Dollars)		 	
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	266	c. Own farm Report net income after operating exp	penses. Include earninas as	32e.	!	321.
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 3	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.			11	0000
Describe the activity at location where employed.	1.75	○ Yes → §	.00		8.8	5 5 5
	6.6	O No TA	nnual amount – Dollars)	I .	33	333 444
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	6.8	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or			55	555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	C) 61	Report even small amounts credited to	o an account.		66	666
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	○ Yes → \$ ○ No · 7	.00		7 7 ¦ 8 8 ¦	777
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW O	(A	nnual amount - Dollars)		99	999
29. Occupation	29.	e. Social Security or Railroad Retire		32g.	 	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	NPQ	○ Yes → \$ ○ No	.00.	00		0000
	000	(A	nnual amount - Dollars)	1 1	I I	I I I I
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid Dependent Children (AFDC), or of			33	3333
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments		44		4444
	UVW	○ Yes → \$.00	5.5	5 5	5 5 5 5
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	○ No (Ā	nnual amount – Dollars)	66	9 9	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) 30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, v		88	1	8888
Employee of private company, business, or	000	pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly		99	99	9999
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions O	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as		=		0 A O
Federal government employee	II	or the sale of a home.		I I	I I	111
State government employee	3 3 3	O Yes \$.00	S S	S S	5 5 5
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	444	■ ○ No (A	nnual amount - Dollars)	33	33	1
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total incor	ne in 1979?	5 5	5 5	
professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated	666	Add entries in questions 32a	.00	66	66	666
Own business incorporated	8 8 8	through g; subtract any losses.	nnual amount - Dollars)	??	??	
Working without pay in family business or farm O	909	If total amount was a loss,	OR O None	88	88	
		write "Loss" above amount.				



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
UBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance
	HC80-S1-1, Supp
Reports F-1 PHC80-1. Block Statistics F-1	Reports
	Evaluation and Refe
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2 PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	
	Reports
teristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metro-	PHC80-E, Evalua
politan Statistical Areas F—2	Research Repor
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R, Refere
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R1, Us
	PHC80-R2, Hi
Congress F-2 PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, AI
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Index of Ind
nomic, and Housing	Occupations
Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, CI
PHC89-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Ind
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	PHC80-R5, G
the state of the s	Identification
Population Census Reports F-2 PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Scheme
	COMPUTER TAPES .
	Summary Tape Files
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2
	STF 3
Population Characteristics F-2 PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4
Social and Economic	STF 5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tay
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Pop
Detailed Population	Counts
	Master Area Refe
Characteristics F-3 PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF
	Geographic Base
Reports F-3 PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Ma
Reports F-3	(GBF/DIME)
	Public-Use Micro
Trousing ochisus ricports	Samples
HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Spec
torrottos or riodsing offices	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MICROFICHE
General Housing	
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche .
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche .
Detailed Housing Characteristics F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F—3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 198
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing a
nents of Inventory Change F_3	forms: printed report

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
tial Finance	F-4
HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	_
Reports	F-4
Evaluation and Reference	_
Reports	F-4
PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
Research Reports	F-4
PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
PHC80-R2, History	F-4
PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
Index of Industries and	- 4
Occupations	F-4
PHC80-R4, Classified	
Index of Industries and	F-4
Occupations	r-4
PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code	
Scheme	F-4
COMPLIED TARES	F-4
COMPUTER TAPES	F_4
Summary Tape Files	F-4
STF 1	F-4
STF 2	F-4
STF 4	F-5
STF 5	F_5
Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
P.L. 94-171, Population	·
Counts	F-5
Master Area Reference Files	
1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
Geographic Base File/Dual	
Independent Map Encoding	
(GBF/DIME)	F-5
Public-Use Microdata	
Samples	F-5
Census/EEO Special File	F-5
MAPS	F-5
MICROFICHE	F-5
STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	F-5

of the 1980 Census of Popu-Housing are issued in three ted reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing **Census Reports**

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports. which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists off reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, thee District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virginia Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islandss and the remainder of the Trust Territory, of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists: of four chapters for each area, chapters: A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates: based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented im chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V/reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent in Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outellying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are: issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county, subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's)) SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, ijourney to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States. American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in loose-leaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is an separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgini Islands of the United States, American I Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands; and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are: issued on a State-by-State basis and are: followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the: technical documentation of the specific: file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing and data. Data are summarized for the United the States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-At reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells off detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-Al reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells off data on various population and housing) subjects collected on a sample basis. They areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include thoses shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 3,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

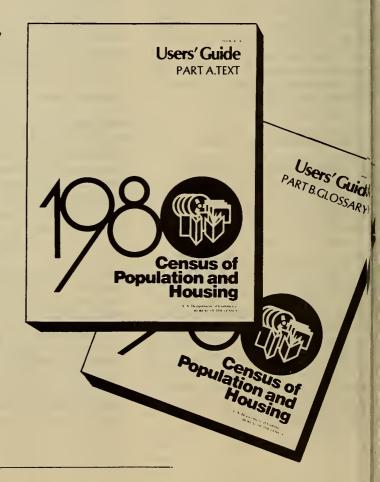
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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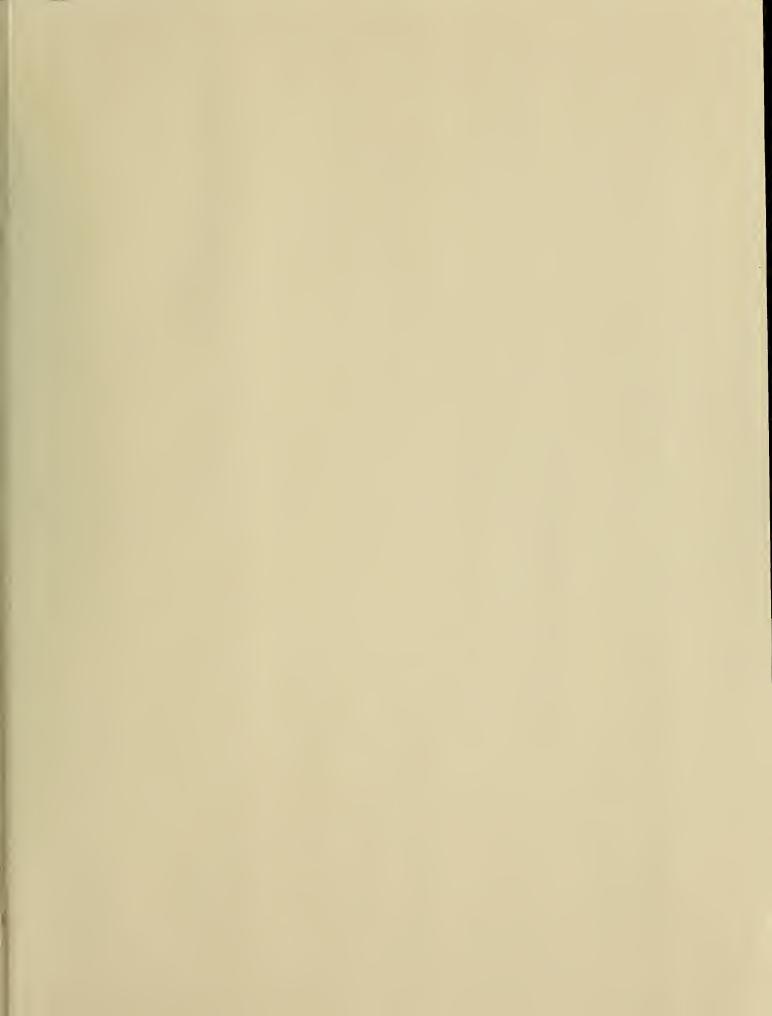
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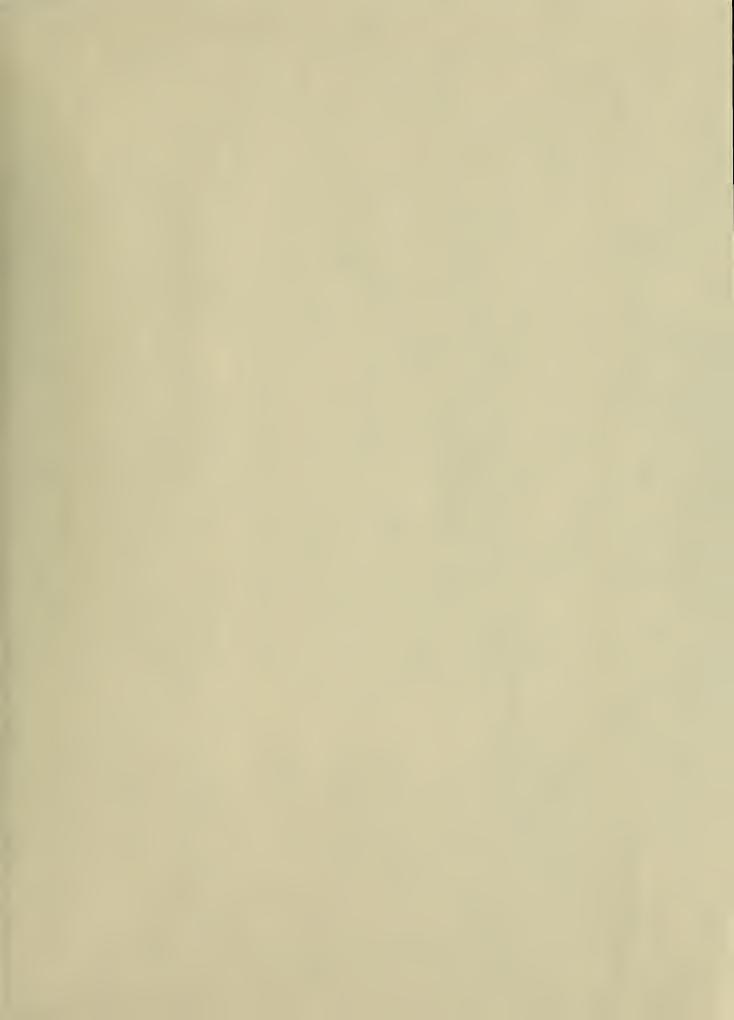
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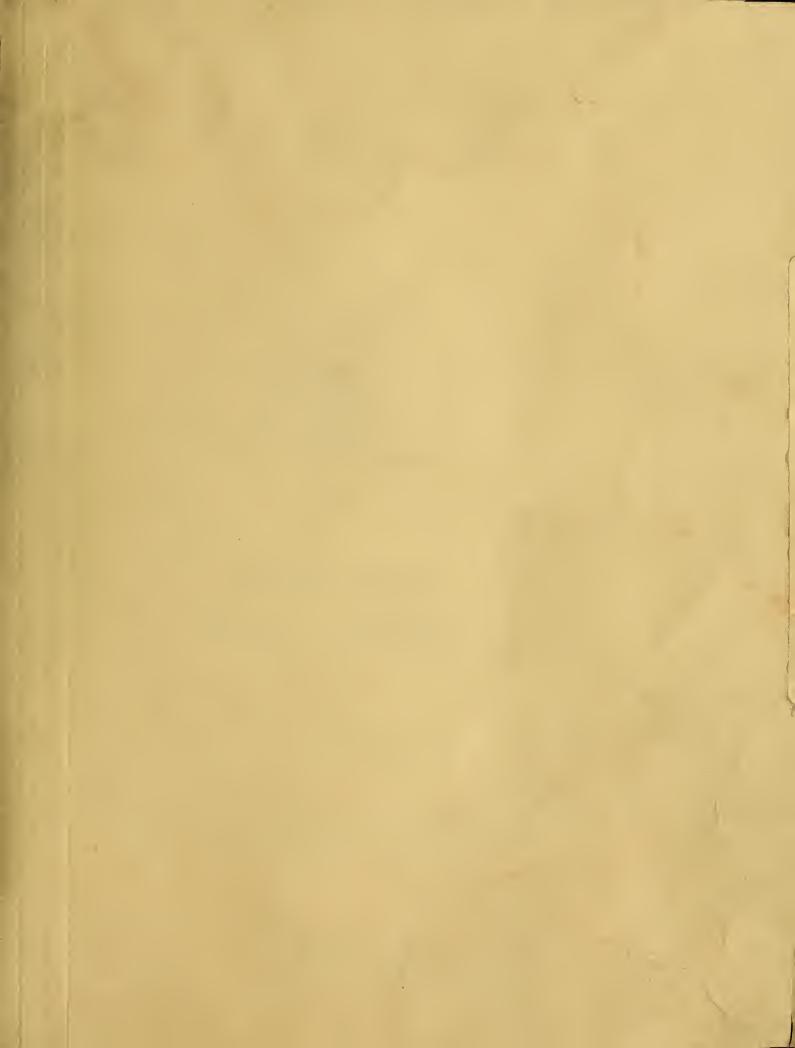












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