## ESSENTIAL INFORMATION

## Please Read Before Ordering

## TRANSPORTATION

The customer pays all transportation charges from Putney. We pack the plants free with the exception of the balled and burlapped items which are packed at cost.

We ship by parcel post prepaid and ask you to remit the amount of postage as soon as you receive our notice of shipment.

Express shipments are sent charge collect unless you make a specific request that they be shipped prepaid. In such cases, please remit at once the amount we notify you we have advanced for the express charges.

## GUARANTEE

All plants are guaranteed true to name and free from disease. A certificate of inspection accompanies every shipment. Should any express shipment arrive in poor condition, obtain a "bad" order receipt from your express agent and notify us immediately. In the case of parcel post shipments damaged in transit, please notify us by return mail.

## PLANTING AND WATERING

Open the package and remove the plants as soon as received. Set them out at once, or for second best, heel them in. Fruit trees and dormant shrubs may be left in a cool cellar for a few days if the roots are kept moist in the packing material. Never wet the tops of strawberry plants; it rots the crowns. Plants which have been delayed in transit and have dried out considerably should be soaked overnight in a pail or tub of water before planting. A thorough soaking never hurts roses and fruit plants.

## VERMONT MAPLE SYRUP

Strictly pure 1951 Maple Syrup, made on our own farm. Ready late March.
GRADE A - $\$ 6.50$ per gallon: $\$ 3.25$ per half-gallon: $\$ 1.75$ per quart.
GRADE B - $\$ 6.00$ per gallon. More pronounced in flaror and darker in color. These prices are F.O.B. Putney.

Shipped by insured mail in strong cartons, this Maple Syrup makes a splendid gift.

## Wildflamers

WHITE BANEBERRY, Doll's Eyes, Actcea albo. Cream-whitce feathery flowers in May followed by clusters of glossy snow-white berries each tipped with a black dot. Lisht to dense shade in loaf mold. 2 ft . or taller.
RED BANEBERRRY, Actaca rubra. One of the most permanent and most desirable plants. Flufiy, white flower heads in May followed in July hy fruit of intense searlet turning to erimson. Rich moist soil in martial shade, 2 ft. AMERICAN COLUMBINE, Aguilegia canadensis. Searlet and gold, spurted little fower; berched airily, on slender stems in May and June. Look loveliest growing out of ledgepockets. Dous well in sun or shade in ar.y good soil. 1 to 2 ft .
JACK-IN-TIIE-PC'LIIT, Arisaema triphyllum. One of the most intezesting wild plants. Hooded hrown flowers striped green in May followed hy red berries late in the Summer. Moist woods soil in partial shate. 12 to 18 in.
GIREEN DRAGON, Arisacma dracontium. A little later flowering than Jack-in-the-Pulpit. If you have Jack you should have a Green I)ragon to guard him.

WILD GINCER, Asarum canadensc. Heartshaped, furzy, gray-green leaves. Tiny, deep maroon, thre metal flowers resting on the ground in late April and May. Rich woods soil. Partial shade. 3 to 4 in .


WILD GINGER


WHLD (ALLA, Calla palustris. Waxy white flowers like the old fashioned indoor Calla Lily, but not so large, Blooms in June. Cardinalred fruits. For the damp border or to edge a pool 5 to 9 in.
MARSH MARIGOLD, Coltha palusiris. Pots of radiant gold for the sunny bos-garden. Brilliant yellow flowers like large buttereups in May and early June.
HAREBELLS. Campanula rotundifolia. No fower has more grace than this one as it clings. dancing in the breeze, on a dry cliff. The small, blue bells are borne on delicate stems 9 to 12 inches high. Blooms from June until frost, preferring dry soil and full sun or very slight shade.

## MOCCASIN FLOWERS <br> The O:chid of the Noith

PINK MOCCASIN FLOWERS, Cypripedium acaule. Large, rose-pink morcasin-shaped flowers on strong, stiff stems, which rise from two or three large, basal leaves. One of the choicest Lady-slippers. Easily naturalized in dry shade, doing well among Fierns. It must have acid soil and is greatly helped by having a permanent mulch of pine nerdles above the roots. Late May and early June. 1 ft ., $\mathrm{i}^{\text {* }}$ cash; 3 for $\$ 2.00 ; \$ 7.50$ per doz.
YELIOW LADYSLIPPERS, Cypripedis", pubascens. The larger blossomed, yellow variety which fowers in May. The easiest cypripedium to domesticate. The clear yellow slippers are veined with brown and are fragrant. Grows in grood garden soil in sun or shade. 12 to Is in. 75. cach, 3 for $\$ 2.00, \$ 7.30$ a dozen.

SHOWY LADYSLIPPER, Cypripedium spectabile. Not so hard to grow after all. We have seen it thriving under an old pear tree in ordinary garden soil. Lovely eggshell-white flowers flushed with rose. 75 each, 3 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
BLUEBEADS, Clintonia borealis. A cluster of blue heads adorns the top of the flower stem in September. The primrose-yellow flowers appear the last of May. Broad, shiny, green leaves. A very decorative wildflower and one easy to grow if it is given acid soil and dense shade.
BUNCHBERRY, Cornus canadensis, An outstanding ground cover. Flowers are white. four-petaled and produced so freely that they form a sheet of white in Spring. The bunches of scarlet fruit ripen in late Summer. Moist, acid soil in partial shade.
DUTCHMAN'S BREECHES, Dicentra cucullaria. Pale yellow, quaintly formed, pendant flowers tipped deener yellow in the center appear in April and May. 6 to 9 in.
SHOOTING STAR, Dodecathian Media. This is a delightful contribution from the central West. Blossoms vary from white to purple. Shooting star likes full sun or open woods. May and June 1-2 ft.


TRAILING ARBUTUS


## DODECATHIAN MEDIA

DOG TOOTH VIOLET, Erythronium americanum. Large yellow flowers in May. Mottled leaves which disappear completely in the summer. Plant deeply in hard wood leaf mold. Move only when dormant. 6 to 10 in .

> TIRAILING ARBLTUS, Epigaea repens. May-flower. The flower the roughest woodsmen wear and the busiest farmers find time to pick a bunch and take home to their women-folk. Fragrant pink and white flowers very early in the Spring on evergreen foliage. Plant in acid soil in partial shade and cover with mulch of pine needles so thick that the plants are just visible through it. Plants are shipped with small balls of soil about the roots. 75 c each, 3 for $\$ 2.00 .12$ for $\$ 7.50$.

GAIAX, Galax aphylla. Valuable as a groundcover beneath Rhododendrons and Laurel. Lustrous, leathery leaves. White blossoms on 1 foot spikes in June. Evergreen, Spreats rapidly. Requires acid soil and shade.
CHECKERBERRY or WINTERBERRY, Gaultherid procumbens. A trailing plant with glossy green leaves and waxy white bell-shaped blossoms followed in Autumn by bright red berries. Acid soil and light shade Grows especially well under Pines.
CLOSED or BOTTLE GENTIAN, Genfiana andreasi. Rich, very dark blue, closed blossoms in Sentember. Neutral soil.
12 to 15 in .

MOUNTAIN GENTIAN, Gcntiana lincaris. A lighter, hrightel blue than the bottle Gentian. Blooms a month earlier and is found in open woods and pastures at high elevations throughout the Green Mountains. Especially fine for naturalizing among Balsam and Spruce. 10 to 12 in.

LARGE 1'URPLE FRINGE-ORCHID, Habcnoria fimbriata. Fragrant lavender spikes in late July and August. Prefers a damp spot among marsh ferns and grasses. 75 C each, 3 for $\$ 2.00, \$ 7.50$ per dozen.


PURPLE FRINGE ORCHID

ORANGE FRINGE ORCHID. Like the purple, but of a gorgeons tropical orange color. Will grow in a drier place. 75 e each; 3 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
SHARPLOBE HEPATICA. Hepatica acutiloba. Grows in nentral woods soil or leaf mold and blossoms at maple-sugating time here in Vermont. The foliage is evergreen and the blossoms vary from white to pink, blue and purple. Partial shade. 2 to 4 in.

ROINDLOBE HEPATICA, Hepatica triloba. Grows in very acid soil such as is found under Oaks. Flowers usually pale blue, sometime ranging into dark blue and even pink shades and tints. If you are sure to provide the proper soils for these two little harbingers of Spring, you will experience no difficulty with either.

BLUEFLAG, Iris versicolor. For sunny swamps or marshy spots. Rich, light blue flowers in June 2 to 3 ft .

VERNAL, 1R1S, Iris verna. Orange-crested skyblue flowers on 4 -inch stems in May. Grows naturally among such plants as Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Galax, requiring acid soil and a little shade. Fine rock garden plant.
MEADOW LILY, Lilium canadense. Our lovely native Lily with graceful drooping bell-shaped flowers in golden-yellow or orange-red. It grows from 3 to 6 feet and does best in a moist situation in partial shade or sun. Plant from 6 to 8 inches deep.
WOOD LILY, Lilium philadelphicum. The upright flowers are orange-scarlet with large, dark maroon spots. Does best in partial shade where the drainage is good. Flowers in June and July. Plant 5 inches deep. Acid soil. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. high.
CAIRDINAL-FLOWER, Lobelia cardinalis. Probably the most vivid colored wildflower. Intensely brilliant scarlet spikes of bloom in August. For naturalizing along hanks of streams or ponds or in good moist soil. Mulch with leaves in Winter when it is planted away from the water's edge. 2 to 3 ft .
LARGE BLUE LOBELIA, Lobelia syphilitica. A companion for the Cardinal-Flower and just as easy to grow. Bright blue blossoms. Occasionally a plant with white blossoms occurs.
PARTRIDGEBERRY, Mitchella repens. Dainty, trailing vine with shiny round green leaves and fragrant pink and white flowers in June. The Christmas-red berries appear in late Summer and last all Winter. The very best plant for terrariums. Easily grown in wood soil in open shade.
FORGET-ME-NOT, Myasotis scorpioides. The true Forget-me-not with cheery little hlue flowers and clean foliage. It will grow in rich, dark soil in sun or shade, but really belongs at the border of small streams and pools. Blossoms from June until frost.

SHOWY ORCHIS, Orchis spectabilis. One of the loveliest, most modest of wildflowers. A white, lower petal usually overhung with three orchid-purple ones. Several blossoms on each stem. Hard-wood leaf mold in partial shade. Deliciously scented. $\mathbf{7 5}$ c each, 3 for $\$ 2.00$, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
CREEPING PHLOX, Phlox reptans. Rose-pink flowers on short stems ahove creeping plants in late May and early June. One of the best to provide patches of pink among deciduous trees. It actually prefers poor, thin, acid soil at which most flowers would turn up their noses in disgust.
MAYAPPLE, Podophyllum peltatum. The single white fragrant fower, sometimes 2 inches across, has its beauty concealed by the immense peltated leaf above it. The fruit an inch or more in diameter, ripening in late Summer, is round and yellowish-green, edible if one likes the flavor, or rather lack of flavor, but the foliage and roots are said to be poisonous. Rich soil in light shade.

GIREEK-VALERIAN, Polemoniutn reptans. Beautiful, elear blue flowers in May and June on fern-like foliage a foot high. Grows in light shade or even in full sun in the North.

SOLOMONSEAL, Polygonatum biflorum. Blue berves in Autumn. Small green bell-flowers on graeefully arching leaf fronds sometimes 18 inches long in May and June. Hardwoods soil and dense shade.

GREAT SOLOMONSEAL, Polygonatum commutatum. Giant yellow bells in May and June on plants 3 to 4 feet high. Rich soil in light shade.

OCONEE-BELLS, Shortia galacifolia. One of the most attractive of the wildfowers. Pink tinged white, drooping bell-shaped flowers.
FALSE SOLOMONSEAL, Smilacina racemosa. Fluffy, white racemes of flowers on 2 -foot stalks in late May and early June. Later in the Summer the glossy red berries appear. One of the most easily grown wildflowers in sun or partial shade.


BLOODROOT
BLOODROOT, Sangıinaria canadensis. Plant these snow-white starry fowers in great masses under your Flowering Crabs and Hawthornes and along your shady paths, where they ean bloom with the Primroses and Violets in earliest Spring.
PITCHER-PLANT, Sarraceuia purparea. An eerie partly earniverous plant inhabiting the sphagnum swamps. The oddly shaped redbrown blossoms are borne on 1 -foot stems in June and July. The pitchers hold water in which insects are eaught and gradually assimilated. Easily grown in swamps. May be potted and raised indoors if kept wet enough.

FOAMFLOWER, Tiarella cordifolia. Feathery. white flowers in May on stems 6 to 8 inches high. A splendid ground cover in shade and well suited to roek garden planting.


## SNOW TRILLIUM

WAKEROBIN, Trillium crectum. Our own native, dark red Trillimm, at home in deep woods, generally growing along slones or ravines. About 1 foot tall, blossoming in Mry. Moist shade.

YELLOW TRILLIUM, Trillium flavam. Rare form from Tennessee. A strong grower with mottled leaves and male yellow fragrant flowers.

SNOW TIRILLIUM, Trillium grandifloram. Snow-white flowers oftern 3 to 4 inehes across. A beatiful plant for a semi-shady spot or for naturalizing beneath a tree.

PRAIRIE TRILLIEM, Triliam recurvatum, Rieh deep brownish red flowers with uniquely reeurved petals, in late May. Mottled leaves. Moist shade.

ROSE TRILLIUM, Trillinu sty!osum. Lovely rose eolor. Somewhat nodding.

PAINTED TIRILIIUM, Trillium undzlat:an. Blooms in late May, the fowers loeing white with a red eenter and red weining in the petals. One of the most beautiful Trilliums, Should be planted in acid soil in partial shade.

WOOD MERRYBELLS, Uularia perfoliata. Indigenous to rich mountain woods, but grows well in ordinary garden soil in partial shade. It grows from 1 to 2 feet tall, and the narrow, drooping bell-shaped fowers of canary-yellow, 1 to 2 inches long, are borne in early Spring. It is one of the most satisfactory wildfowers to grow

## VIOLETS

SWEET WIIITE VIOLET, Viola blanda. The tiny, white flowers on stems only 2 to 3 inches tall are very fragrant. Blossoms early in Spring. Moist soil in sun or partial shade.

CANADA VIOLET, Viola canadensis. White flowers with purple shading on stem only 2 to 3 inches tall are borne more or less continuously through Summer and Fall. Shade.

BIIRDSFOOT VIOLET, Viola pedata. Deep blue flowers on stems nearly a foot high. Finely cut foliage. Dry, sandy soil in sun or light shade.


## BI-COLORED BIRDSFOOT VIOLET

BI-COLORED BIRDSFOOT VIOLET, Lower petals violet-blue, upright petals velvety purplc. Onc of the most beautiful wildfowers grown. Easily adapted to sun or partial shade. In wall gardens, rock gardens or any low growing naturalistic planting. Prefers dry soil.

# TWO WORTHWHILE 

 GARDENING BOOKSBy George D. Aiken

Pioneering with Fruits and Berries: A book similar in purpose to Pioneering with Wildflowers, it answers a definite demand for practical information on the selection and planting of all kinds of fruits from apples through raspberries to strawberries.

Per copy, postpaid, \$2.25

Pioneering with Wildflowers: A best seller in the field of gardening literature. Its beautiful illustrations from photographs are alone worth the small price of the book. The text, expressly written to answer the many questions yearly addressed to the author by wild-flower experts and amateurs, tells a great deal about our native wildflowers, their habits and haunts and how to make them happy in gardens.

Per copy, postpaid, $\$ 2.75$

PINE NEEDLES. As a mulch for acid loving plants pine needles will be a great help. These are light and may be shipped by express. Price $\$ 1.50$ per two-bushel bag, $\$ 6.50$ for 5 bags.
SAWDUST. The quickest method of acidifying the ground is to add a quantity of sawdust. Fine mulch for raspberries, strawberries, hybrid blue-berries as well as acid loving wild flowers. $\$ 1.00$ per 2 bu . hag; 10 bags for $\$ 9.00$.

## Fardy Zerne

We urge the more generous planting of ferms. In shady places where nothing else will grow, for foundation plantings where snow breaks down shrubs and evergreens or for any informal little nook they add a touch of fresh cool northern woods. For naturalizing in large areas, we can furnish them in lots of 500 to 1,000 each, and on quantities of this sort we shall be glad to make special prices.


FERNS IN A SHADY CORNER

MAIDENHAIR, Adiantum pedatum. The daintiest of Ferns. Prefers rich hard wood leaf mold in partial shade. Fine for cutting. 10 to 15 in.
EBONY SPLEENWORT, Asplenium platynerron. Upright fronds, having ebony black stems. Fine for shady rockery. 6 to 12 in.
MAIDENHAIR SPLEENWORT, Asplenium trichomanes. Delicate tracery of fronds growing in spidery whorls out of the cracks and crevices in shady rocks and ledges. 3 to 6 in .
LADY FERN, Athyrium felixfemina. This is a very easily grown, graceful, 2 to $21 / 2$-foot Fern, preferring gartial shade but will succeed in full sun here in the North.
NARROWLEAF SPLEENWORT, Athyriam pycnocarpeon. A large clean looking Fern growing 2 feet or more in heisht and found in the company of the Crested Woodfern of the swamps.
SILVERY SPLEENWORT, Athyriznt thelyptcroides. The Silvery Spleenwort resembles the Lady Fern somewhat in size and shape but the spores on the fruit fronds give it a silvery sheen. It likes partial shade.

CUTLEAF GIRAPEFERN, Botrychium dissectam. This is a finer cutleaf variety than the Rattlesnake Fern.

TERNATE GRAPEFERN, Botrychium obliquum. The fruit spores are borne on a stalk separate from the leaf stem. Otherwise it is similar to Rattlesnake Fern and likes onen sun.
IRATTLESNAKE FERN, Botrychium virgimanum. Outspreading lacy fronds with a long arching cinnamon-brown fruit frond out of the center.

JAPANESE SILVER FERN, A lovely, rare fern of foreign origin. but perfectly hardy. Gradnally increases and can easily be divided. 6 to 12 in . fronds of soft silver grey.

ISERRY BLADDERFERN, Cystopteris bulbifera. It is nearly always found growing wild on the rocks by the side of small brooks. The long weeping fronds are over 2 feet in length.

FRAGILE IBLADDERFERN, Cystopteris fragilis. Upright growing frail appearing fronds. Partial shade. 6 to 10 in .

HAY゙SCENTED FERN, Dennsfedtia punctilobula. A Fern which forms dense mats of fratgrant fronds 1 foot tall and is one of the best for open xun or woods. When bruised the fronds give off an aroma like new-mown hay. This is a good larn for naturalizing.

CLINTON WOODFERN, Dryopteris clintoniana. A very large type of the Crested Woodfern growing to norarly 3 feet and almost evergreen.

CRESTED WOODFERN, Dryopteris crisfata. A rather uncommon Woodfern with dark green fronds from 1 to 2 feet tall and at home in shady swamps.

GOLDHE FERN, Dryopteris goldiana. This is the largest of all Woodferns with a chaffy str.m and rich dark green fronds from 2 to 1 fect tall. 75 each; 3 for $\$ 2.00 ; 12$ for $\$ 6.00$.

WINGED WOODFERN, Dryopteris hexagonoptera. Grows to Is inches with fronds nearly ats loroad as tall. Easily cultivated and inereases rapidly, but rave in the wilds. I)ry woods. 75 c each, 3 for $\$ 2.00,12$ for $\$ 6.00$.

FANCY FEIRN, Dryopseris intermedia. The Fern used extensively by the florist. It prefers the rich woods and attains a height of 2 feet.

OAKFERN, Dryoptcris linneana. A very tiny attractive 6 -inch Forn with branched fronds. it likes moist shade.

EVERGREEN WOODFERN, Dryopteris marginalis. The evergreen fronds are leathery and remain attractive throughout the Winter: This Fern likes the rich woods,

POLXSTICHCM BRAUNI, Braun Holly Fern. A chaffy stemmed derp green fern growing up to two feet in moist shate. 75 C each; 3 for $\$ 2.00 ; 12$ for $\$ 6.00$.

CINNAMON FERN, Osmunda cinnamomea. The immense fronds of this Fern are 4 fect tall with the fruit stem rising from the center of the plant. This is a Fern for partial shade or onen meadows.
INTERRUPTED FERN, Osmunda claytoma. Fruiting fronds appear in the middle of the giant stalks. As these turn dark they may easily be identified. Partial shade or sun.
ROYAL FERN, Osmunda regalis. This is considered by many the most leautiful of all Ferns. It grows to 3 feet in shady loges but is smaller in open land.
COMMON POIV1'ODY, Polypodium vulgare. This attractive 6 -inch evergreen lern forns mats on the shaded rocks.
(HLRISTMAS FLERN, Polysfichum acrosfichoides. A 12 to 18 -inch evergreen ${ }^{\text {Fermm called }}$ Dagger by florists. Fine for shaded rock gardens and may be grown indoors in Winter.

OSTRICH FERN, Pferifis nodulosa. This bern has graceeful plumes 4 to 6 -feet tall. and grows in moist hollows and atong the sunny brooks and ponds.


50 c each, 3 if one variety $\$ 1.25,12$ for $\$ 4.00,100$ for $\$ 20.00$ except as noted.

## Perenuials

## ACHILLEA-MILFOIL

THE PEARL. Pure white double flowers in large heads of bloom profusely borne all Summer. Especially fine for cutting. Does best in full sun, 1 to 2 ft . tall.

## ACONITE

ACONYTUM NAPELLUS, 3 to 4 ft . spikes of bright blue. June.

## AJUGA-BUGLE

CARPET BUGLE, $A$ reptans. A carpeting plant which will grow in shade. Brilliant blue flowers in Spring on glossy green foliage. A splendid ground cover for rock gardens. 3 to 4 in. tall.

## ALTHAEA-HOLLYHOCKS

HOLLYHOCKS are a delightful and essential part of any New England garden. Double red. white, yellow and pink.

## ALYSSUM-BASKET OF GOLD

ALYSSUM SAXATILE. A brilliant splash of yellow flowers above gray leaves in May. For the edge of the border or the sunny rock garden. 6 to 10 in . tall.

## ANCHUSA-BUGLOSS

Early Bugloss, A. barrelieri 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A true nerennial of medium height. Gentian blue flowers usually in bloom on Memorial Day.

## ANEMONE-WINDFLOWER

ELROPEAN PASQUEFLOWER, A pulsatilla. Violet-blue flowers in May followed by picturesque seed-balls bristling with silky strands. which are almost as attractive as the flowers. Fine for dry, stony soil in the rock garden. 9 to 12 in .

## AQUILEGIA-COLUMBINE

GOLDEN COLUMBINE, A. Chrysantha. Clear yellow long spurred blossoms ell Summer. The hardiest and longest lived of all the long spurred varicties. 3 ft .
CLEMATIS FLOWEIED COLUMBINE. $A$. Clematiflora. A beautiful blue and white Columbine.

HIRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT HYBRIDS. Gracefully holve, many colored, long spurred flowers. Colors lange through shades and tones of lavender mauve blue, purple, white, cream, yellow, pink and red. None more lovely.


BUTTERFLY WEED

SHORT SPCRRRED HYBRIDS. True perennials lasting for years. Adapted for shady spots but will thrive in full sun. Quaint short spurred flowers in many colors in blue and rose.
ROCKY MOUNTAIN COLUMBINE $A$. cacrulea. Sky blue and white long spurred flowers.

## ARABIS-ROCKRESS

MOUNTAIN ROCKCRESS, A. alpina. Our earliest perennial to bloom in the nursery. Snowy white carpets in late April. Excellent to plant with Tulins and the early Dwarf Iris. ALPINE FLOREI'LENO. About a week later than the above. Double white flowers like miniature stock. An excellent border and rock garden plant. Lovely planted with Dwarf Iris in furple or yellow.

## ARMERIA

Thrift, Sea Pink. A colorful rock garden or edging plant. Blossoms, shades of rose, from tufts of leaves.

## ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSABUTTERFLYWEED

Brillinnt orange flowers in July and August on "-foot stems. For hot dry locations. Will naturalize in fields or on dry banks.
$50{ }^{\text {c }}$ each, $\$ 1.25$ for $3, \$ 4.00$ per $12, \$ 25.00$ per 100 except as noted.

## HARDY ASTERS

BEECIIWOOD CIIALLENGEIR, best brilliant red prolific bloomer.

MT. EVEIREST, By far the best white aster. Very vigorous and free blooming.

HARIRINGTON'S PINK Silvery rose flowers in profuse clusters from septumber until heavy frosts. A truly fine, large plant for the open horder. 4 ft. or taller.

I'URILE NEW ENGLAND ASTER. Royal purple blooms in September.

IROSE NEW ENGLAND ASTER. Rose colored form of the above.

## AUBRETIA HYBRIDS

Colorful carpets of lavender-blue and rose in earliest Spring. Easily grown in wall gardens or dry sunny spots in the rock gardern. Lovely with early bulbs or White Arabis. 4 in. Mixed colors only.

## BAPTISIA - WILD-INDIGO

BLCE WILD-INDIGO, B. australis. A shapely. rounded plant with clusters of bea-like, dark blue flowers in June and July. 3 ft.

## BOLTONIA

VIOI,ET BOLTONIA, B. latisquana. Mauve pink. More graceful grower than the above. Not over $\overline{5}$ feet tall. Does not spread too fast.

## CAMPANULA-BELLFLOWER

CAIRATHIAN BELLFLOWER, C. carpatica. Blue or white bell-shaped flowers throughont the summer. A compact little plant for edging a rockery. From June to October.

P'EACHLEAF BELI,FLOWER, C. persicifolia, Blue and white bell-shaped flowers on tall graceful stocks. A true perennial. It's permancont in any cood sunny or half-shady location. June and July. 2 to 3 ft .

COVENTRY BELLLS, C. rapunculoides. Dainty spikes of lilac-blue, drooping blossoms in July and August. Will thrive in a neglected shady place or among shrubs.

## HARDY CARNATIONS

Red, white, pink, King of the Blacks, Dark red, mixerd.

## CENTAUREA

PEIRSIAN CENTAICREA, C. dealbata. kosepink flowers in July and August. 1 to 2 ft. MOUNTAIN BLUET, C, montana. Blue bache* lor button blossoms throughout the suminer. 12 to 18 in . high.
(EERASTIUM Snow in Summer, C. tomen. tosum. This little ground cover has attractive gray foliage through the season and in May and June is literally covered with miniature white flowers.

## CHELONI-TURTLEHEAD

PINK TURTLEHEAD, C. Iyoni. Satiny pink hood-shaped flowers in August and Sentember. Thrives well in moist or half-shady spots or will grow in full sunlight. Excellent for the Fall border.


PINK TURTLE HEAD

50 each, $\$ 1.25$ for $3, \$ 4.00$ per 12, $\$ 25.00$ per 100 except as noted.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

These are offered as not plants for Spring shipment. Will bloom this Summer. Large balled and burlapped field srown plants for fall salc at the nursery.
BURGUNDY - brilliant wine red
DEAN KAY - double rose pink
FLAXEN BEAUTY - peach-yellow. Ideal for bedding.
HEBE - single pink
LAVENDAR LAII - double soft lavenda*
MAJOR CUSHZON - double pink
MASQUERADE - silvery rose, darker center
MISTY MAID - delicate shell pink
NUGGETS - double ycllow
POLAK ICE - very hardy white
SEPTEMBER BRONZE - very early glowing bronze
SEPTEMBER CLOUD - snow-white, very early
SEPTEMEER GOLD - bright yellow

## CLEMATIS

SHIRUBBY CLEMATIS, Clematis recta, Closely similar to the Japanese Virgin's Bower excent in its low dense growth. Fine for training over low retaining walls or for the background of the perennial border. Cream-white. 754 each; 3 for $\$ 2.00$; 12 for $\$ 7.50$.
C. INTEGRIFOLIA. Bell-shaped blue flowers in August and September on low hushy plants. 8 to 12 in. in height. Fragrant. 75 each, 3 for $\$ 2.00,12$ for $\$ 7.50$.

## CONVALLARIA—LILY-OF-THE VALLEY

C. MAJALIS. Universal favorite of old-time and modern gardens. Succeeds in any shady spot and with no care at all bears the lovelist and most fragrant of flowers. Mulch them with manure and be surprised at the increase in size of blossoms.
ROSE LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY A most charming and unusual, light pink form.

## CORONILLA

CROWNVETCH, C. varia. Lovely clusters of soft pink, pea-shaped flowers borne all Summer on a vine-like plant. Very good for covering banks, stumps, rocks or stone walls.

## DELPHINIUMS—LARKSPUR

PACIFIC GIANTS. Most popular new strain in various shadcs of light blue shaded with rose, dark blue in single and double forets on giant spikes.
SIR GALAHAD. Glistening snow-white Delphiniums. Tall strong stocks and immense spikes.
SUMMER SKIES. Giant hybrids in all the shades of light shimmering blue.
BLACK KNIGHT. Mid-blue to dark navy-blue. Immense stocks with mammoth blossoms.

BELLLADONNA. Ever popular light bue Larkspur. Blossoms profusely at intervals all Summer. Many slender spikes making it most desirable for cutting. Grows to 3 to 1 ft . tall.
D. BELLAMOSLM. Dark blue form of above.

CHINESE. A bright Copenhagen-blue flower on 2 -foot stems. Blossoming throughout late July and Ausust. Indispensable for mid-summer.
CHINENSIS ALBA, Snow white, otherwise the same as above.

## DIANTHUS—PINKS

SWEET WILLIAM D. barbatus. Well-known biennial producing rich masses of color in June and July. Newport Pink, Crimson and White.
CHEDDAR PiNK, D. cacsius. Shapely sraygreen plants with delicate pink fragrant flowers. From the Cheddar Cliffs in England. Excellent rock garden and border want.
MAIDEN PINK, D. delfoides. Brilliant. Tiny velvety red flowers. Low growing mass of dark green foliage.
GARDEN PINKS, D. plumarius. Double and semi-ctouble flowers in various shades of pink and white. Very fragrant. The old-fashioned Clove Pink.


WHITE FOXGIOVE

## DICENTRA-BLEEDING HEART

FRIN(GED I3LEEDING IIEART, D. eximea. Fern-like foliage and old-rose flowers shaped like Dutchman's 13rerehes. In hloom every few weeks all summer. Will grow in martial shade. ()LD-FASHIONED BLEEDING HEART. Lovely double racemes of rose-pink hearts from Memorial liny through early July. 75 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.00 ; \$ 7.50$ per doz.

## DICTAMNUS-GASPLANT

D. AIBLS RCBBRA. Large dark green foliage somewhat like a Pcony with upright racemes of rose-pink Azalea-like flowers increasing in beatuty every year. June.
1). AlBUS. Pure white. Otherwise same as above. A most valuable mlant for the hardy peremnial border.

## DIGITALIS-FOXGLOVE

D. G1,ONINIA. The familar old-fashioned Foxglove. Either pink or white. Biennial.
D. AMIBIGUA. Pale yellow flowers. A true porennial. Very hardy and long lived. Blooms throughout the summer. 2 to 3 ft .

## ECHINACEA-PURPLE CONEFLOWER

E. PURP!'REA. Rose-mumpe, daisy-like petals with dark chocolate, cone-shaped centers. July and Augnst. 3 ft .

## ECHINOPS

GLOBETHISTLE. Steel blue fowers in August. Excellent color for combining with Phlox in the late Summer border. $\&$ to 5 ft . tall.

## GAILLARDIA-BLANKET FLOWER

G. GRANDIFLORA. Large single flowers usually crimson with yellow band. Flowers mofusely from June until frost.

## GYPSOPHILA—BABYSBREATH

BRISTOL FAIRY. Intensely snow-white fowers through most of the Summer. A splendid cut flower. 75 e each, 3 for $\$ 2.00, \$ 7.50$ per dozen.

## HELIANTIIEMUM-ROCK ROSE

FICKLE SUNROSE, H. mutabile, Bright green mounds of evergreen laves covered throughont the Summer with miniature flowers. Like single rosess in white, red, pink or yellow. Sun loving and drought resistant. Excellent rock garden plazt.


TAWNY DAY LILY

## HEMEROCALLIS-DAY LILY

BETSCHER HYBRIDS. Yellow and orange July. 3 ft .
LEMON DAY LILY', H. flava. The earliest bay Lily. Ieliciously scented. Golden yellow. June. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
AMUR DAY LILY, H. middendorff, Rich glowing orange flowers in July and early August. Beautiful companion for the deep blue Siberian Iris, Emperor.
LATE DAY LILY, H. thunbergi, Clear, lemonyellow flowers in late July and early August. 3 $f 1$.
CITRON DAY LHLY, $H$. citrina. Immense lemon-yellow flowers of a delicate and beantiful formation, like a flying bird. Very fragrant. Strong grower.
TAWNY DAY LILY, H. fulva. Orange with deep shadings. Splendid for naturalizing along old walls and under shade trees. July. 3 to 4 ft .

## HEUCHERA-CORAL BELLS

(CORAL BELIS, H. sanguinca. Coral red bells. June July. Is in.
RoSEA. Same as above except the bells are rose colored.

## HIBISCUS-ROSE MALLOW

GIANT MALLOW MARVELS. H. moscheutos. Huge single flowers shaped like Hollyhocks and similarly borne on stalks. Brilliant red, pink and white. July and August. I to $x$ ft. tall. Mixed colors only.

## HOSTA-PLANTAIN LILY

WHITE PIANTAIN Lily, $H$. plantaginca. A formal plant with large. bright green leaves and fragrant white flowers growing like trumpets from the stalks. 75 each; 3 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
THOMAS HOGG. Upright racemes of blue flowers. The rounded leaves have a clear white edge, $75 \hat{c}$ each; 3 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen. VARIEGATED DAY LILY. Green and white leaved plant. Much used as an edging in Victorian gardens. 75 cach; 3 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

## IRIS

CRESTED IRIS, Iris cristata. One of the finest little rock or wild garden plants. In early May the flowers make a sky-blue carpet flecked with sunny gold.

## DWARF IRIS

IIRIS PUMILA. Miniature bearded Iris, charming in Spring.

Iris pumila alba. White
Iris pumila atroviolacea. Red-purple.
Iris pumila lutca. Dwarf golden-yellow.
YELLOWFLAG IRIS, 1. pseudacorus. Yellow. Good for wet locations. 3 ft .
SIBERIAN IIRIS, 1. siberica. Narrow, grassy foliage with tall stems and flowers of various shades of blue and white. Free flowering and good for cutting. Adapted to all types of naturalizing.

Emperor. Midnight blue. July 4 ft .
Perry's Blue. Bright clear blue. July, 4 ft .
Snow Queen. Pure white. 3 ft .

## GERMAN IRIS

ALCAZAR. Pale blue standards. Purple falls. AUTUMN LEAVES. Pale orange and tan.
ARIADNE. Ruffled light blue.
BLUE VELVET. As the name implies. Velvety blue.
B. Y. MORIISON. Standards light blue, falls deep blue.
CAPRICE. Wine purple. Fragrance of grape juice.
CORONATION. Tall yellow, prolific bloomer.
CAMELLARD. Yellow shaded wine color.
CLUNY. Lavender blue.
CELESTE. Small clear light blue.
E. H. JENKINS. Huge blue.

FLAVESCENS. Soft yellow throughout.
FRIEDA MOHR. Lovely pink.
GUDRUN. White overlaid gold.
MME. CHOBAUT. Cream white with rosc and brown shadings.
MME. CHEREAU. White with blue feather stiching.
Marsil marigold. Bright lisht yellow standards. and chest nut brown falls.
QUEEN CATEIRINA. Fine lavender-blue.

* A large number of additional varieties may be scen and purchased at the Nursery.



## BUTTON GAYFEATHER

## LIATRIS-GAYFEATHER

BUTTON GAYFEATHER, $L$ scariosa. Lilac* purple flowers in tiny heads. Blooms in midAugust.
WHITE BUTTON GAYFEATHER. SNOW white. Splendid cut flower.
KANSAS GAYFEATHER, L. pycnostachya. Vivid lilac-rose flowers in dense spikes in August and September. Of easy culture in a sunny place. 3 to 4 ft .

## LILIUM——LILIES <br> For fall planting

MADONNA LILY', L. candidum. The Madonna Lily of Biblical times. So much loved throughout the years. Three to 5 -foot stalks and snowwhite blossoms having strongly recurwed petals. One of the most fragrant of Lilies Junc 75 c each; 2 for $\$ 2.00 ; \$ 7.50$ per dozen.
MORNING STAR LILY, L. concolor. Purest waxy recl shading to white at center. Star shaped wide open flowers. July, 2 to 3 ft .
IREGAL, LILY", L. regale. The very hest white garden Lily. Thrives for years if planted 6 inches or more in good garden soil. Beautiful in full sun. Blooms with Dulphinium and Oriental Poppies. A thoroughly hardy and reliable Lily: 75 e each; 2 for $\$ 2.00$; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
AMERICAN TURKSCAP LILY, L. superbum. Native Lily of easiest growth. Four to six feet tall with many flowers of rich flame-orange and recurved petals. Mid-Summer.

SHBERRAN ('ORAL LILYY, L. tenuifolium. Small intensely scarlct Lily of easy culture. Early June floweriag. 1 to 2 ft . tall.
TIGER LILY, L. tigrinum. Bright orange-red flowers with recurved netals, carried on 2 to 5 -foot stalks. Easily grown.

## LINUM-FLAX

PEIRENNIAL FLAX, L. perenne. Graceful plants with gray-green foliage and dancing, porcelain-hlue flowers, through May and Junc. Good in combination with Eearded Iris or Siberian Wallfower. 2 ft.

## LUPINUS-LUPINE

GALDDEN LUPINE, Mixed colors. Masses of bright clear colors on 2 to 3 -foot stems in June-July.

## LYCHNIS-CAMPION

MALTESE CROSS, L. chalcedonica. Heads of vivid scarlet bloom in July. Fine accent in the June border, 2 to 3 ft .

## MERTENSIA—COWSLIP

VIRGINIA cowsliP, Mertensia virginica. Beatutiful tubular flowers which are blue flushed with soft rose-pink and open to clear sky-blue. May. Top disappears after blooming. 2 ft . Avalable for Fall.

## MYOSOTIS—FORGET-ME-NOT

GARDEN FORGET-ME-NOT, M. alpestris. Entirely covered with bright blue blossoms in carly May. Beautiful with the early bulbs. such as white Narcissus or Tulips. Lovely planted under flowering trees or early blooming shrubs. Biennial seeding itself.

## PACHYSANDRA-EVERGREEN SPURGE

P. TEIRMINALIS, An evergreen ground-cover for sun or shade. Does a little better in shade. White flowers in Spring. A very useful plant for carpeting the ground in foundation plantings, under trees, etc. Small white flowers in Spring. 25 for $\$ 5.00,100$ for $\$ 15.00$.

## PAPAVER—POPPY

NOTE-Oriental Poppies should be planted only in the Fall when tormant. Not for Spring shipping.
ICELAND, $P$. nedicaule. Blooms freely throughout the siming and early summer.
OLVMPIC POIPY, $P$. pilosum. Abricotorange. Ilooms through the Summer.


BLUE PHOLX

## PHLOX—SUBULATA Moss Phlox

MOSS PHLOX, $P$. subulata. We offer these Spring carpets in vivid rose, male blue and snow white. Nothing better for the early touching up of your sunny rock sarden.
APPLE BLOSSOM. Apple blossom pink.
PHLOX ATROSANGUINEA. Harvard crimson.
BLUE PHLOX, P. divaricata. Various shades of soft blue. Florets an inch across on 9 to 12-inch stems. Either garden or rich woodsy soil. Late May.

## PHLOX

CHARLES CURTIS; sunset red. large head. does not fade in sun.
CAROLINE VANDENBERG: true lavendar hlue, large individual flowers.
DAILY SKETCH: light salmon, crimson eye. extra large trusses.
GEORGE STIPP: deep salmon with lighter eye, Does not fade.
LEO SCHLAGETER: early brilliant scarlet. Full rich heads of bloom.
MARY LOUISE: pure white, unusually large heads. By far the best white.
PAINTED LADY: peach color with wink blush. Very unique and lovely.

## PHYSOSTEGIAFALSE DRAGON-HEAD

P. VIRGINIANA. Tall, slim plant. I'lesh-pink to lavender-pink fower's on long spikes in August. 3 to 4 ft .
P. v. ALBA. White form of above.
P. v. VIVID. Lower growing, deep rose wriety. 15 in .

## SEDUM-STONECROP

GOLDMOSS, S. acre. Makes a very low carnet of golden green, mossy foliage in dry or stony soil. Covered with bright yellow flowers from May to July. Often planted between stepping stones and on ledges.
LEAFX STONECROP. S. dasyphyllum. Tiny bead-like blue-green leaves strung on low trailing stems.


## CHINESE BALLOONFLOWER

## PLATYCODON—BALLOON FLOWER

GRANDIFLORUM. Pure slate-blue.
P. G. ALBA. Buds which resemble small balloons, open to blue-veined white flowers like Dutch girls' starched hats. Long flowering season in Summer. 2 to 3 ft .

## PRIMULA—PRIMROSE

COWSLIP PRIMROSE, $P$. veris. Clusters of yellow. cream, orange and rose blossoms in May and June. 12 in.
POLYANTHA PRIMROSE, $P$. polyantha. Old-fashioned red and yellow Primrose. May.

## SALVIA-SAGE

AZURE SAGE, $S$. azurca. Tall branching plants bearing racemes of clear. light blue fowers in August and September, when good blue flowers are rare, 3 to 6 ft .

## SHASTA DAISY

SHASTA DAISV. Alaska. Handsome, large, daisy-like flowers with grolden centers. Blooms all Summer. 2 ft .
S. IIIDDENDORFFIANTM. One of the best trailing sedums. Rich bronzy foliage and bright sellow fowers in mill-Summer.
S. SARMENTOSUM. The fastest spreading Sedum. Light green mossy folinge covered with yellow flowers in early Summer. (Good in either sun or shade. An excellent ground cover. S. SPECTABILE, Showy Sedum. A taller growing Sedum 12 to 18 inches in height. Immense flat heads of pale nink flowers in August and September.
S. SPECTABILE, Brillianf. The same as above, but the flowers are dark rose.

## SEMPERVIVUM—HOUSELEEK

HENS AND CHICKENS. A quaint old-fashioned plant sometimes used for hordering walls or srowing in tubs. The leaves form densw rosettes and underneath these smaller rosettes apmear like mother hens with their broods of chickens.
SPIDFR HOUSELEEK, S. arachnoidcun. A tiny preen form of the Hen and ("hickens. Excellent for edging paths or flower borders or for the rock garden. Has a webby substance on the leaves giving it its name.


## GLOBE HENS AND CHICKENS

## TRADESCANTIA-SPIDERWORT

T. VIrGINIANA. Old-fashioned not very showy, but blooming all Summer in shady places or full sun in poor soil. Long, reedlike leaves and violet-purple flowers 1 to 2 inches across. Useful for filling "empty spaces" where nothing else does well. 2 ft.
T. VIRGINIANA ROSEA. Lighter green leaves and bright pink flowers.
T. VIIRGINIANA ALBA. Milk white flowers with light blue filaments. Lovely.

## TROLLIUS—GLOBEFLOVIR

GLOBEFLOWER, $T$, curopeus. Large lemon colored flower 1 to $1^{1}$. inches across on tall stems. Fine for cutting.

TROLLIUS. Orange hybrids. Huge flowers of bright orange.

## VERBASCUM—MULLEIN

PURILEE MULLEIN, $V$. phoeniceum. A biennial which reseeds itself. Slender spikes of rose or purple flowers. July. 12 to 18 in .

## VERONICA-SPEEDWELL

WOOLI.Y SIPEDDWELL, V. incana. A striking combination of silvery gray foliage and spikes of dark blue flowers in July. 1 ft .
V. LONGIFOLIA. 2 to 3 ft . Blue, long delicate spikes of dusky blue flowers in August. Fine with Phlox.

HUNGAKIAN SPEEDWELL, V. teucrium. A lower growing plant covered with bright gen-tian-blue flower spikes in late May and June. 12 in.
HAREBELL SIPEEDWELI, V. teucrium prostrata. Low growing with rich blue flowers. Excellent for rock gardens.
CULVERS-IROOT, $\boldsymbol{V}$. virginica. Spikes of white flowers in July and August. Grows in partial shade or full sum. 2 to 4 ft.


VERONICA LONGIFOLIA
$50 ¢$ each, $\$ 1.25$ for $3, \$ 4.00$ per 12, $\$ 25.00$ per 100 except as noted.

## VINCA—PERIWINKLE

BLUE MYRTLE, BOWLES VARIETY, $V$. minor. A slossy dark green leaved plant much used for carpeting the ground in shade where grass will not grow. It spreads from clumps and has attractive violet-blue flowers in Spring. The foliage is evergrech. Used a great deal in shady areas in cemeteries. Very hardy. 12 for $\$ 1.00 ; \$ 15.00$ per 100 .

## VIOLA

## Garden Violets <br> Hardy Pansies

JERSEY GEM. Flowers dark violet-blue almost purple. Full bloom from the first of May to October. Stems long enough for cutting. Especially handsome as a cut fower with Lily-of-the-Valley, Trollius, or other flowers.

CHANTREYLAND. Rich apricot, large flowers,

APRICOT. Beautiful rich apricot blossoms tinted orange in the centers. Combines with Jersey Gem.

GOLDEN YELLOW. A very free flowering golden-yellow variety rarely out of bloom all Summer.

WHITE PERFECTION. Pure white, blossoms profusely borne throughout the Summer.

BLUE PERFECTION. Miniature pansy-like flowers in many shades of light to bright blue. Fine for carpeting the ground or in rock garden.

VIOLA ROSINA. Sweet scented rose-pink, blooms frequently throughout the year.

ARKWIRIGHT RUBY. Free Flowering Ruby Crimson. Somewhat larger than ordinary violas.


VIOLA, JERSEY GEM

Price of Violas except Jersey Gem and Rosina, $\$ 2.50$ per $12 ; \$ 17.50$ per 100.

## PLANTING ADVICE

Prepare the soil deeply, and enrich with old manure, the older the bettcr. Plants should not be planted below the crown. Too deep planting is the cause of many failures. Be careful, too, to firm the soil about the roots. This point cannot be over-emphasized. Air space about the roots is fatal, especially when the planting is done in Fall.

## Herbs

## PERENNIAL HERBS

45 each, $\$ 1.25$ for 3, $\$ 1.00$ for 12

(IIIVES, Allinm schoenoprasum. Onion flavor'. Choped for salads and to flatvor cottagecherse. Rosy-purple fowers. An excellent edgring plant for the herb gurden.
CAMOMILE, Anthemis nobilis. For camomile tea. White daisy-like flowers.
WORMWOOD, Artcmisid absinthinm. Silky white leaves, yellowish flowers.
TARIEAGON, Artenisia dracunculus. Pungent leates used in scrambled e.ges, green peas atud Tarragon vinegar.
Ol.I WOMAN. Artemisia stelleriana. Silvery gray foliage which spreads rapidly. Aromatic. Usefnl as an edging plant.
FLORENCE FENNEL, Focmiculum dulce. Stalks with sawor of anise-flavored celery, may be eaten raw, and bulb-like leaf hases may be cooked.
IIYSSOP, Hyssopus officinalis, Leaves and tops for llyssop tea. Often grows as a pot plant.
ORANGE MINT. Deliciously sweet. Used for drinks.
PEIPERMANT, $M$. piperifa. To three fect with murple and white flowers. Leaves and stems for flavoring and distillation of Prppermint oil.
WOOLIS MINT. The tallest of the family. Round woolly gray leaves used in teal.
Sl'EARMINT, Mentha spicata, For mint jelly. iced-tea and other drinks. Also used in candy and icings.
HOREIIOUND, Marrubium vulgare. For making candies. Useful for coughs and colds.
LEMON BALA, Melissa officinalis. Aromatic leives used for seasoning liquors and in medicine.
CATNII, Nepeta cataria. Has a pungent odor and cats like to eat the leaves. 3 ft ., pale downy foliage and pale purple flowers.
RUE, Ruta graveolens. Attractive gray foliage and yellow flowers. Young leaves atre used in sandwiches.
IIORSE IRADISII, Radicula armoracia. Fleshy roots are grated for use as a relish with meats, laked beans and other foods.
SAGE. Salvia officinalis. Seasoning and for making sage tear.
BURNET, Sanguisorba canadensis. Flaworing herls.
TANSY, Tanacctnm vulgare. Used against worms and in bitters. Ants hate it.
CLRLY-IEAVED TANSY. Dark green leaves we daintily curled and feathered. Aromatic.
LEMON THYME, Thymus cierodorns. Foliage smells and tastes of lemon.
COMMON TIIYME, Thymus zulgaris, For use in somps, cheese and salads. One of the most useful herbs.

SCARLET TIIYME, Thymas serpyllam coccincum. (ompletely prostrate growth covered with bright rosy red flowers. Especially good for planting among stepping stones.
WOOLY THYME, Thymus laneginosa. Soft gray leaves. Prostrate growth. Especially fine for growing over dry rocks or hone dry crevices in rock yardens.
WHITE MOUNTAIN THYME, Thymus serpyllum albus. The best Thyme for planting between stepping stones and on terraces. Flat light green foliage and elouds of miniature white flowers.
THYMUS. Scrpyllum. Giows ahout one-half as high as Common Thyme. Much hardier and will stand abuse. Planted on terraces and along stepping stones.

## NOSE IIERBS

SOITTIIERNWOOD, Otd Man, Artcmisia abrotanum. Deliciously scented gray leaves. Old fashioned. Sometimes called Lad's Love.
SWELET MARY, Chrysanformum balsamifa tanacetoides or Bible L.caf. Fragrant long graygreen leaves. Used to he picked and taken to chureh to sniff at during the sermon.
lavenderr, Lavender vera. Fragrant dried f!owers are use: in sachets and for placing among linens.

## POT HERBS

MARIORAN, Origanum onites. Aromatic le:tves useful in seasonings.
PARSLEY, Petrosclinum hortense. For seasoning and garnishes.
ROSEMARY, Roscmarinum officinalis. Rich, pungent oflor and gray-green leaves, Makes delicious dressing for lamb roasts.

## ANNUAL HERBS

## Ready for Shipment June 1

## 35 c each, $\$ 1.00$ for 3, $\$ 3.50$ for 12

DILL, Anethmen graveolens. Useful in pickling. 1BORAGE, Borago officinalis. For garnishing.
CIIERVIL, Anthiscus cercfolium. A seasoning herb.
SWEET FENNEL, Focniculum officinale. Used the same as celery.
SWEET BASIL, Ocimum basilicum. Much used in seasonings.
IINOT MARJORAM, Origanum marjorana. Deliciously fragrant.
ANISE, Pimpinella anisum, Soeds used in flavoring.
SLMMER SAVORY, Satnreja hortensis. Desirable for meat dressings and in making of sausage.

# Hardy Shrubs 

## Hardy Azaleas - see page 24

JAPANESE BARBERRY, Berberis thunbergi. The most popular low hedging plant in the North. It will withstand 30 degrees below zero. The bright red berries stay on all winter. Autumn foliage is rich crimson. 12 to 1 s in. 45 c each, $\$ 4.25$ per. $10, \$ 10.00$ per 100.

BUDDLIEA. Alternifolia. An uncommon hardy Buddleia growing to eight feet with long gracefully arching branches literally covered with fragrant lilac colored flowers in late spring. 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.00$ each.
BUDDLEEA. He De France. A dark purple fragrant variety of the old Buddleia magnifica. 18 to 24 in. plants. $\$ 1.00$ each.

BUDDLEIA. Pink Charming. Long panicles of pink flowers. Grows to four feet or more. 75 C each. 2 to 3 feet $\$ 1.00$.
SWEET SHRUB, Calycanthus Florida. Leaves and chocolate colored flowers have spicy fragrance, June. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.
SWEET FERN, Comptonia Asplenifolia. Fragrant leaved shrub 2 to 3 ft . Grows in dry gravelly soil. 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.00$ each.
SWEET PEPPER BUSH, Clethra alnifolia. One of the most useful shrubs grown. Spikes of very fragrant white flowers are borne in August when there are few flowering shrubs. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.

## FLOWERING QUINCE, Cydonia japonica.

 Six-foot shrub with large orange-red blossoms in May and quantities of small golden-yellow Quinces in Autumn. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.SCOTCH BROOM, Cytisus scoparius. A small finely cut foliage plant, growing to four feet and bearing yellow pea shaped flowers from mid-summer to fall. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.00$ each.

## FEBRUARY DAPHNE, Daphae mezercum.

 Upright shrub growing to 3 feet in height. Almost before the snow is gone this shrub is covered with wine-colored flowers of indescribable fragrance. In late Summer it bears intensely scarlet fruit. 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25$ each.WINGED EUONYMUS, Euonymus alatus. Picturesque winged bark gives it a Japanese effect. It attains the height of a small tree and has the customary brilliant foliage. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.50$ each.

EUROPEAN BURNINGBUSH, E. Europacus. Un to 15 feet in height and of erect hahit, but the crowning glory is in the unbelievable profusion of gorgeous orange fruits which appear in October. These are held during the Winter but turn gray in color. The branches are used during the Winter for vases. moducing an interesting oriental effect. One of the most valuable and least known of our common shrubs. 3 to $1 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each.

SHOWY FORSYTHIA, $F$. infermedia spectabilis Upright grower to 10 feet with lirge. deep yellow flowers. The hest all round variety. 3 to 4 ft. $\$ 1.25$ each.

WEEPING GOLDENBELL, Forsythia suspensa. A weeping speries with long, trailing branches, for planting at the top of retaining walls and other locations where weeping type is desired. We have the true type which is often hard to get. 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.

WOODWAXEN, Genista tinctoria. Slender branches, deep green the year round. Bright yellow pea shaped flowers in June. 1s to 24 in . plants, $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 7,00$ per 10 .

HILLS OF SNOW HYDRANGEA, $H$. $\quad$ erborescens sterilis. 1mmense flower clusters, snow-white, in July and early August. Blossoms are borne on the new wood and it is ? common practice to cut this to the ground each Spring to increase the size of the flowers. 2 to 3 feet. $\$ 1.25$ each.

PEE GEE HYDRAN゙GEA. H. paniculata grandiflora. Large panicles of white flowers in August which turn pink later. Bush form. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.2 .5$ each.

BEAUTVBUSH. Kolksitza amabilis. A very graceful 4 to 6 -foot bush with arching branches, somewhat resembling Pink Weigcla. It flower's profusely but not until it has become well established. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each.

AMUR RIVER NORTH PIRIVET. Extremely cold winters have proven this variety absolutely hardy. 2 to 3 ft . 50 C each, $\$ 4.00$ per $10, \$ 30.00$ per. 100.

IBOLICM PRIVET. Rich. glossy. green oval leaves and trim, upright growth. A beantiful Privet though the top is not quite as hardy as the other. 2 to 3 ft . 50 C each, $\$ 3.00$ per 10. $\$ 25.00$ per 100.

TARTARIAN HONEYSCCKLE, Louicera $\ell$ dtarica. An extremely hardy shrub, growing to 10 feet with mink flowers in late Spring. Rapid grower. 1s to 24 in. $\$ 1.00$ each.
TARTARIAN IIONEYSCCKLE RUIBRA. A redflowered form of the ahove. $\$ 1.00$ each.

SWEET SY゙R1NGA, Philcdelphus coronarius. Grows to 12 feet. Creamy-whit. fragrant blossoms. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.

GOLDEN SYRINGA, $P$. foliis aureis. Dwarf Syringa with golden foliage. Compact habit. lolowers white and fragrant. 9 to 12 in . $\$ 1.00$ each.

VIRGINAL, SYRINGA, $P$. sirginale, Grows to 6 foet with immense double and single white flowers borne on the new yrowth both summer and Fiall. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.

SIIRLBIBY ('INQUEFOIL, Iotenfilla fruticosa. A dwatr shrub stelom over 3 fect. Single, yellow, strawherry-like flowers from July until October. 2 to 3 fi. \$1.00 each.

I'INK FLOWHEIN(: ALMOND, Pronus glandulosa stmersis. An old-fashioned. very hatrey shrub so common in cemeteriess and about athaudoned hothses. (olor, hright pink. is to 21 in. $\$ 1.25$ each.

WHITE FLOWERING ALMOND. Snow white. IS to $21 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25$ each.

ROSF: ACACIA, Robinia hispida. A dwarf pink flowered Locust growing only about 3 feet tall. sproads rapidly and is very useful for covering st(e.p) banks and barren spots. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each.

## SPIREA

TIIUNBEIRG SPIRAEA, S. thumbergi. Fine almost mistlike white flowers in earliest Spring. and the very fine foliage gives a plansing effect theoughout the year. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each.

KOREAN SIPIRAEA, S. trichocarpa. A new Spiraca somewhat resembling Vanhoutte, but blossoming three weeks later. 2 to 3 ft . \$1.25 each.

VANIIOITTE SIIRAEA, $S$. vanhouttci. The common white Spiraea with arching branches, commonly misaalled liridalwreath. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ .25$ each.

## SYRINGA-LILACS

COMMON LILAAC, S. sulgaris. Well known to (veryone, usually hossoming at Memorial Day in Niw England. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.50$ each.
(OMMON WHITE LIDAC, $S$. vulgaris alba. Grows taller than the purple form. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.30$ each.

14YBIRID LILAC's. Brautiful double flowering Firench Lilacs. 2 to 3 ft . plants $\$ 2.00$ each.

Belle de Nancy, a near pink
Chas, Joly. deep crimson
Katherine Ilavemeyer, near hue
Mme. LeMoine, pure white
Pres. Ciovy, double blue
Chas. 10th. violet red
Ludwig sifacth. murple V. red


## VIBURNUM CARLESI

## SYMPHORICARPOS

COMMON SNOWBERIRY, $S$. racemosus. Pale pink flowers in Spring, but the snow-white. fruit in Autumn and Winter are its most attractive feature. Will often grow under shate trees where other shrubs fail. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ each.

AMERICAN CRANBERIRYBUSH, Viburnum americanum. Grows to 10 fect. White flowers in June followed by bright scarlet fruit in Autumn. The fruit in the early days was used extensively for the same purposes as the common cranberry, 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each.

WHITE-ROD, $V$. cassino:des This 10 -foot native Viburnum has glossv, healthy foliage throughout the summer. White flower heads in June and black berries in At:tumn. 2 to 3 f1. \$1.25 each.

ARIROWWOOD, V. dentartum. Ten fect. Clossytoothed foliage. White flowers are followed hy intensely hlue fruit in September. 2 to 3 ft . \$1.2.5 each.

## WEIGELAS

CANDIDA, best white weigela, tall grower, flagrant. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$

IEVA RATHKE, dark red dwaff varioty. 2 to 3 ft. $\$ 1.25$

LiOSEA, lest pink varicty 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$
BRISTOL RUBY, Best red Weigeda. New, very hardy. T-8 ft . Blooms in June and July. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50$

All shrubs listed at $\$ 1.00$ each are 5 of one kind for $\$ 4.00$. Shrubs listed at $\$ 1.25$ each are 5 of one variety for $\$ 5.00$.

## Vines



PURPLE WISTERIA

WISTERIA, Purple. 2 yr.

## DUTCHMAN'S-PIPE

ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO. Vigorous vine with very large heart-shaped leaves suitable for shady places. Brownish, pipe-shaped flowers.

## AMPELOPSIS

BOSTON IVY, JAPANESE CIREEIER, $A$. triscuspidata. Extensively used for covering brick or stone buildings. The liest deciduous vine for this purposc, as it clings readily to smooth surfaces.

## TRUMPET CREEPER

TRUMPET CREEPER, Bignonia radicans. Gorgeous orange trumpets in August.

## BITTERSWEET

AMERICAN BITTELSWEET, Celastrus scandens. Strong, healthy native vine with gorgeous berries in Autum. Valuable for Winter bouquets.

## CLEMATIS

C. HENIRYII. Large cream colored flowers.
C. JACKMANI, Large flowers of dees nurble.
C. MME. EDOURD ANDRE, Rich ruby red.

## WINTERCREEPER

WINTERCREEPER, Esonymus radicans. An evergreen clinging vine with glossy folinge. Orange fruit.

BIGLEAF WINTERCREEPER, Euonymus vegctus. Most popular of evergreen vines. Thick glossy leaves and orange colored fruit.

## HONEYSUCKLE

TRUMPET HONESSUCKLE, Lonicera sempervirens. Intensely scarlet tubular blossoms 2 inches long. hornc throughout the Summer and Fall.

All vines priced at $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 9.00$ for 10 .

## Rases

The supply of good roses is very short this year. We are able to offer only the following varicties.


## ROSES

## CLIMBING ROSES

BLAKE: Plant patent \#10. A very hardy scarlet climber. Nometimes repeating hlooms in fall. \$1..50 cach.

CRIMSON RAMIBLER. Heep crimson, borne in clusters. \$1.25 each New Dawn. Shell pink, everblooming climber. \$1.50 each.

## HYBRID PERPETUALS

FIRAU KARL DI:USCHKI. Pure white large. $\$ 1.25$ each

## FLORIBUDAS

ELSF POULSEN. Everblooming wild rose pink, \$1.25 cach.

POULSEN'S YELLOW, Vigorous, semidouble, fragrant. \$I.25 each

IRED RIPPLES. Rippled petals, bright red. $\$ 1.25$ each.

## RUGOSA

AGNES. A hardy yellow rose originating in Canada, coppery yellow buts opening to fragrant amber yellow flowers which are semidouble. The first yellow Rurosa, a cross between Persian Yellow and Rugosa Alha. $\$ 1.50$ each.
F. J. GROOTENDORST. Clusters of crimson blossoms borne from June until frost. \$1.25 each.

## SHRUB ROSES

ROSA HUGONIS. Golden Rose of China. Blossoms with Spiraea Vanhouttei. Pale yellow single flowers. Very attractive, finely cut foliage. This rose makes a splendid ornamental shruh, as well as being used extensively as a hedge rose. $\$ 1.25$ each.

## HOUSE PLANTS

We have a good supply of bedding and house plants at the nursery - old fashioned geraniums, petunias, ivies, cacti, succulents and flowering annuals.

## Eroadleat Eucrorreens and Azaleas



Our nurseries are probably the farthest north point where broadleaf evergreens are grown extensively. These are acid loving plants. Soil not normally acid, can be made so, by the addition of leaf mold, peat, and rotten sawdust.
Whenever possible, we suggest that you drive to our nursery for this stock to avoid transportation costs. All broad leaf evergreens are dug with a ball of earth.

MOUNTAIN LAUREL, Kolmia latifolia. Fine bushy plants of this glorious evergreen shrub whieh enhanees the beauty of New England and the Appalaehian region in late spring and early summer. 12 to is in. $\$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 26.00$ per 10; 1 太 to 24 in . $\$ 4.50$ each, $\$ 42.50$ per 10 ; 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each, $\$ 5.00$ per 10.

GIREAT LACREL, Rhododendron Maxinum. Still only a limiter supply of large sized plants of this sreat white rhododendron lut lots of plants up to one foot which will be ready in a eouple more gear's. 2 to 3 ft. plants. \$5.00 each, $\$ 17.50$ per 10 .

CATAWABA RHODODENDIRON, Rhododen. dron catarbicusc. This IRhododendron is the hardiest and most reliable of all the species. The foliage is broad and very handsome. The flowers open lecep erimson and fade to erim-son-purple as they age. 12 to 14 in . $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 32.50$ per 10.1 th $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.00$ each, $\$ 42.50$ per 10.

CAROLINA RIHODODENDIRON, Rhododendron caroliniantm. This is the freest fowering of all the speeies. Blooms profusely when very young. The color is elear light pink and is the earliest to flower. Blossoms ahout the last of May. Foliage is small and tinged with hronzr. We find this one does much better planted in half shade. Is to 24 in . $\$ 5.00$ each, $\$ 17.50$ per 10.

MOLNTAIN FETTERBCSH, Picris floribund. Of low, spreading habit. These lushes with their large evergreen leaves are eovered with a profusion of white lily-of-the-valles like flowe-s in early Spring. Perfectly hardy and used extensively to lighten somber evergreen plantingrs. 12 to 18 in . $\$ 3.00$ eaeh, $\$ 27.50$ per $10 ;$ is to 21 in . $\$ 5.00$ eaeh, $\$ 45.00$ per 10.

DROOPING LEECOTHOE, Lencothoc catesbaci. Grows 3 to 4 ft . with arehing branehes. Rieh bronze kreen leathery leaves with white Lily of the Valley like flowers. Best in shade. 15 to Is in. $\$ 2.50$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per $10 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 32.50$ per $10 ; 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ .5 .00$ each, $\$ 45.00$ per 10 .

SWEET AZALEA, Azalen arborescens. Strong growing shrub to ten feet. Fragrant white flowers with bink stamens. 2 to 3 ft . 5.000 each, $\$ 45.00$ per 10.

FLAME AYALEA, Azalca Iutca. Large flowe:s ranging from yellow to orange red. Grows 6 to sft. tall. 2 to 3 ft . plants $\$ 6.00$ each, $\$ 55.00$ per 10 .

AZALEA ROSEA. The familiar fragront Swamp Pink or Mt. Pink native in New England. Deep rose flowers almost eover the bush in late May. Will srow in either wet ground or dry. in either sun or shade providing th. soil is aeid and the roots are kent mulehed. 15 to 21 in . 5.00 each, $\$ 37.50$ per 10.

PINK SHELL AYALEA, Azalca saseyii. Clear light pink fowers before the leaves open in carly May. One of the Joveliest things imaginable lout not fragrant. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 5.00$ eaeh, $\$ 1.5 .00$ per 10 .

WHITE SWAMP AZAIEA, Azalea siscosa. A sweetly fragrnnt white Azalea which hooms throushout the Summer. Exeellent for swamp or marsh plantings. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 4.00$ cach, 537.50 per 10.

## SPECIMEN AZALEAS

Whe have available a limited number of large azaleas in all the above varieties. These specimen plants will run from 4 to 6 ft . in height and are sold at from $\$ 10.00$ to $\$ 35.00$ each. If interested, let us know your wants.

BAYBERRY, Myrica caroliniensis. A low growing shrub grown for the grayish-white waxy herries which remain on during the winter. Baybery candles are made from the wax of this mant. 18 to 24 in . $\$ 3.00$ each.

RHODORA, Rhodora canadensis. The native lavender form of the Azalea family. Grows 3 to 4 feet in height in any acid soil. Excellent for naturalizing around pools or along the edges of woodland paths. 2 to 3 ft . B. and B. \$2.50 each.

Prices of all broadleaf evergreens and azaleas are for stock taken at the nursery.

Packed at cost for shipping.


SWEET AZALEA


## Caniferous Euergreens

Prices of all coniferous evergreens are for stock taken at the nursery Paeking charges will be at cost for express or freight shipments.


#### Abstract

ABIES BALSAM FIR. A. balsamea. A symmetrical blue-green tree, the fragrance of which is so noticeable in the forest. Of great commercial value at Christmas time because from the twigs of this evergreen are made the finest Christmas wreaths and the needles are also used for making the fragrant balsam pillows. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$


SILVER FIR. $A$. concolor. The beautiful silvercolored Fir tree from the Rocky Mountains. Many consider it more beautiful than the Blue Spruce. Large sizes only. Prices of trees 5 to 10 ft . on request.

## CHAMAECYPARIS

GREEN-PLUMED CYPRESS. C. plumosa. A fluffy roundish-growing tree of medium height. 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$ each.

## JUNIPERUS

PFITZER'S JUNIPER. J. chinensis pfilzcriana. A low, useful semi-erect species attaining a height of four to five feet and not subject to windburning. 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.00$ each.

ANDORRA JUNIPER. J. depressa plumosa. A more prostrate and softer form of Spreading Juniper. The foliage turns purple in autumn. 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50$ each; 18 to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$ each. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each.

## PICEA

COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE, $P$. pungens. This tree is exactly like the Colorado Blue Spruce except in color: Extremely hardy with dense growth. 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00$ each; 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 4.00$ each; 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 5.00$ each.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. $P$. pungens glauca. The well known Colorado Blue Spruce. Symmetrical specimens which are an ornament to any lawn or landscape. 15 to 24 in . $\$ 4.00$ each; 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$ each.

NORWAY SPRUCE. $P$. excelsa. The most rapid growing Spruce with wide, spreading pendulous branches, The cones are very ornamental, growing 5 to 8 inches long. Useful for wind-breaks, landscaping or even low-growing hedges. 18 to 24 in . $\$ 2.00$ each. 2 to 3 ff . $\$ 2.75$.


PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE

## PINUS

NOLWAY PINE. $P$. resinosa. An extremely vigorous species of rapid growth. Freest of all from any insect or disease. Makes a large tree. is to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00$ each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$ each; 3 to 4 ft. $\$ 5.00$ each; 5 to 6 ft . $\$ \mathrm{~S} .00$ each.

## TAXUS

JABANESE YEW. T. cuspidata capitata. llardy, upright growth, and dense, dark green, handsome foliage. Slow-growing, good for low hedges, foundation panting, or for garden use. 15 to 1 s in. $\$ 1.00$ each; 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 5.00$ each.

JABANESE YEW. T. cuspidata, Hardy, like the above, but of more spreading habit. 15 to is in. $\$ 1.00$ each.

111(lis IVW゙. Taxus Midia Hicksii, Columnatr form with a distinct urright growth. Jark green needles. 15 to $1 s \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 1.00,18$ to 21 in . $\$ 1.50$.

## THUJA

1'VRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE. $T$. occidontalis pyramidalis. 13right rich green. 15 to is in. S2.00 each: 1 to to 21 in . $\$ 2.50$ each; 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 3.50$ each; 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 4.50$ each.

GLOBE ARIBORVITAE, T. occidentalis woodwardii. Small, roundheaded type, very populat for tubs and formal planting. 12 to 15 in . $\$ 2.00$ each: 15 to 1 in in. $\$ 2.50$ each.


GLOBE ARBOR VITAE

## TSUGA

HEMLOCK. $T$. canadensis. One of the most beautiful of evergreens, as well as being useful and very hardy. Used for tall or low hedges. For windbreaks or sereens, or for evergreen plantings of any nature. 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.00$ each; $1 \times$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00$ each: 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.00$ each: 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 5.00$ each; $\&$ to 5 ft. $\$ 6.50$ each.


CANADIAN HEMLOCK

## Shade and 7 lowering 7 rees

SOFT or 1RED MAPLE, Acer rubrum. Light gray bark and white wood. This is the Maple that turns fire red in the Fall. Red blossoms before the leaves come out early in the Spring. 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 2.50$ each. 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each.

SUGAR MAPLE, Acer saccharum. One of the finest of all shade trees. From this the famous Maple Syrup is made. Its gorgeous orange foliage is the crowning glory of the New England hillsides in Autumn. 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 2.50$ each; 8 to 10 ft .3 .50 each; $\$ 22.50$ per 10.10 to 12 ft . $\$ 5.00$ each, $\$ 45.50$ per 10 .

CANOE BlRCH, Betula papyrifera. The glistening white bark of the Canoe Birch against dark green hemlocks makes a lovely picture. Ideal background for your wild garden or shady glen. For Spring planting only. 6 to 8 ft. $\$ 2.50$ each.

WHITE FR1NGE TREE, Chionanthus virginica. Shrub-like tree very lovely. Dark green klossy foliage and delicate sprays of white fringy flowers. Very fragrant. Early summer. 2 to 3 f1. $\$ 1.50$ each.

RED FLOWERING CRAB, Malus atrosanguinea. Habit of growth similar to above but the red buds open into pale red flowers. 3 to 5 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each.

SARGENT'S CRAB, Malus sargenti. A wellrounded symmetrical little tree having myriad snow-white flowers followed quickly ly great clusters of long-stemmed scarlet fruit. 4 to 5 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each.

HOPA CRAB, Malus hoppi. Double red flowers and red fruit. Grows to 15 feet. 1 to 5 ft . trees $\$ 3.00$ each.

PURILE LEAVED PLLM, Prunus Nenport. Very hardy purple-leaved small tree having snow-white flowers and deep red calyses. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each.

BALM OF GILEAD, Populus candicans. Very fast growing long lived tree. The leaves are deliciously fragrant during the summer rains. 10 to 12 ft . $\$ 3.50$ each. $\$ 30.00$ per 10 .

WEEPING WILLOW, Salix dolorosa. Rapid growing and very beautiful tree of legend and song. 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 3.00$ each.

EUROPEAN MT. ASH, Sorbus aucuparia, Small tree, large flat heads of white flowers in May and flat clusters of orange colored herries all Fall. $\mathcal{f}$ to $\overline{\mathrm{j}} \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$.


SUGAR MAPLE

## 7 uut 7rees



## APPLES

$\$ 1.25$ each: $\$ 11.50$ per 9 ': 2 yr. $5^{\prime}-7^{\prime} ; 11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$

BALDWIN. Deep red, Winter apple of highest quality.
CORTLAND. A McIntosh hybrid. Extremely hardy. Excellent pollenizer. A better keeper than MeIntosh.

DELICIOUS, High quality winter apple. Best for desert. Somewhat sweet.
EAILY MCINTOSH. One of the better McIntosh seedlings. Fruit similar to its parent but ripening the latter part of August in southern Vermont. An ideal early apple.
FAMEUSE. Old-fashioned Snow apple. Late September.

McINTOSH. Most nopular apple in America. Be sure to plant another variety such as Redt Astrachan. Wealthy or Cortland with it as it is not self-pollenizing. Season, Sentember to Thanksgiving.

WEALTHY. One of the hardiest and most reliable varieties planted as a filler and pollenizer for McIntosh. Fruit striped, of grood quality, ripening in September.

YELIOW TRANSPARENT. About the earliest kood variety. Semi-drawf, bearing very young and ripening in July.

HYSLOI CRAB. Tall srowing old-fashioned Crab-apmle with bright red fruit. Best for jellies and meserves. This tree has a very beautiful tall spreading growth and is used a great deal in landscape plandings around oldfashioned houses. The bloom is snow white and entirely covers the tree.

NORTHERN SPY. Our hardiest Winter apple. Still hixh in popularity and of finest quality. Large red striped fruit. It is best in Winter.

RED ASTRACHAN. One of the hardiest varieties and one of the most useful. Red fruit ripening in August. Tree very vigorous.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. A green Winter apple wonderful for pies. Excellent keeper.

## DWARF APPLES

This year we have a fair supply of Dwarf Apple trees for people who can't wait for standard trees to come into bearing or who do not have room to plant large growing trees.

Varieties:
Delicious
Northern Spy

## McIntosh

## Khode Island Greening

Price 2 year, ${ }^{5}$ s in . diameter trees $\$ 3.25$ each.

## APRICOTS

MOORPARK. A large deep yellow variety with red cheek. Fine flavor-ripens mid-August.

EARLY GOLDEN. High quality freestone variety. Pale orange in color: Early.
Note: Plant two varieties of apricots to insure cross pollination. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 18.00$ per 10 .

## CHERRIES

Two-year trees, 4 to $6 \mathrm{ft.} \$$,2.50 each
MONTMORENCY. The best red sour cherry, ripening after Early Richmond goes by. Standard quality. Ideal for cooking.

## PLUMS

Two-ycar tree, $\$ 2.00$ each
ABUNDANCE. Hardy pink to red fruited plum. Late July,

BURBANK. Tart red camning plum. Umbrellashaped tree.

GREEN CAGE. One of the highest quality plums. Sweet yellow-green fruit in siptember.

STANLEY PKUNE. One of the best of new plums of the prume type, Extra good for cooking or cating out of h:ind. Heavy producer. Ripens in early September.

## PEACHES

One-year trees, 4 to 6 ft ., $\$ 1.25$ each, 10 for $\$ 10.00$

ELBERTA. Standard commercial variety for New England. Mid-season to late. Yellow freestone.

BELLE OF GEORGIA. One of the hardiest peaches. Hish quality. White freestone.

GOLDEN JEBILEE. A new yellow prach of exceptionally high quality, which ripens in early August. Freestone.

RED HAVEN. Large early yellow fe-shet peach with red skin. August.

## PEARS

## Two-year trees, 4 to 6 ft ., s 2.00 ench

BARTLETT. The best commercial varicty. Needs another tree for pollenizing. Colden yellow. Ideal for canning. Middle September.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. The earliest and most nopular home varicty. Yellow fruit with red chceks. Very juicy and delicious. August.

SECKEL. A small, very sweet, high quality near.

DWARF PEARS. Come into bearing very young and take up little space, 2 year trees. Bartlett. Clapp's Faworite, Seckel. \$3.00 each.

## NUT TREES

BUTTERNUT. The well-known Northern nut tree so much used in making maple sugar irostings and candy. 3 to 1 fi., $\$ 1.50$ cach, $\$ 13.50$ per 10.

BLACK WALNUT. A valuable timber tree as well as being an excellent nut producer. Perfectly hardy here, 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 13.50$ per 10.

CIINESE CHESTNUT. A blight resistant Chestaut, elaimed to be perfectly hardy. Now being widely planted to take the place of the American Swect Chestnut which was destroyed by the blight some years ago. A little larger than the American Chestnut but equally swect. 3 to $\$ \mathrm{ft}$. irces, $\$ 2.50$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per 10.

## QUINCE

$$
\text { Two-year trees, } \$ 2.50 \text { esteh }
$$

ORANGE, Large solden vellow fruit which ripens wily in October. Excellent for mowerwes and canning. Makes apple saluce taste twice as good.

## Berry Plants

## RASPBERRIES

After many years of shor supply, we are now able to offer raspberry plants in greater supply and variety. However, if you wish a large number, we suggest ordering early as supply is still quite limited.

Price of all varieties $\$ 1.75$ per $12, \$ 3.00$ per 25 ; $\$ 10,00$ per 100 : l'ifty of one rarity at hundred rates.

LATHAM. The most erasily grown and hardiest varicty. Mid-season to late. Excellent quality. Best variety for commereial planting in this locality.

INDIAN SUMMER. The earliest and sweetest variety. Yields tremendous crops in early Summer. Sometimes bears a fair Fall crop which gives it its name. For home use this is a fine variety to plant with Latham, giving a good suceession of herries from early summer on.

GOLDEN QUEEEN. Y'llow honey colored berries. Deliciously sweet. Mid-season.
NEWBURGH RASPBEREI, A splendid canning berry. Ilolds its color and shape after procersing. Latre heavy berries of delicious flavor: Branching canes of medium to low yrowth.

TAYLOR. One of the finest red raspberries Tigorous growth, heavy yielding, large herries, high quality and strongly resistant to disease mid-season.

CUMBERLAND, A fine blackeap that has stool the te'st of ycrar's midseason.

## STRAWBERRIES

IIOWARD 17 (I'remier). Early, mroduces large quantities of large, attractive, luscions berries. Grows well on light soils and stants dry weather hetter than some. This is the variety most planted.
CATSKILL. Midseason. Immense quantities of fine fruit on large, vigorous plants. Widely adapted to soil and climate. Catskill is a sure cropper.
Sl'ARKLE. Medium sized round herries, and attractive sparkling skin. Excellent for freezing. Midseason.
FAIRLAND. Large, dark red berries of good flawor. A little later than Howard 17. Makes many runners.
All strawherry plants, 25 for $\$ 1.00, \$ 2.50$ per hundred, $\$ 20.00$ ner thousand.

## POTGROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Many people think that best results are obtained by planting potgrown Strawberry plants in August and September, as these plants will bear a fairly good crop the following season. We will have available for delivery in August and September, 1951, potgrow plants. $\$ 3.50$ per $2.5 ; \$ 12.00$ per 100 .

## RHUBARB

EARI,Y SCARLET. The old-fashioned Strawberry Rhubarh. Very parly, Small bright red of the most delicious flavor and appealing color. 50 C each, 3 for $\$ 1.25, \$ 1.50$ per 12 .

## ASPARAGUS

MARY WASHINGTON. The best variety for home or commerjcal use. Very large and delicious. Two-year No. i plants. $\$ 1.50$ per $25, \$ 4.00$ per $100, \$ 30.00$ per 1000 .



## ORDER BLANK

## THE AIKEN NURSERIES PUTNEY, VERMONT


NUMBER $\mid$ NAM E OF PLANT

## BLACKBERRIES

SNYDER. The hardiest variety. Be sure to let this thoroughly ripen before picking. \$1.7.5 per $12, \$ 3.00$ per $25, \$ 10.00$ per 100 .

## GRAPES

Price of all grapes 2 year No. 1 vines $50 c$ each: 3 of one kind $\$ 1.25 ; 10$ for $\$ 3.50$.

CONCORD. Highest quality large blue grapes. In some seasons too late to ripen in Vermont.

DELAWARE. Delicious quality. A small red grape.

MOORE'S EARLy. Similar to Concord but ripens much earlier. Large blue.

WORDEN. An excellent substitute for Concord. Extremely hardy and early large blue grape.

PORTLAND. High quality and early greenish white grape for table use.

NIAGARA. Old-fashioned, still most reliable white grape.

BRIGHTON. Unusually hardy and reliable. Mid-season red grape.

FREDONIA. A new grape of highest quality. Deep blue, almost black, and very early.

## HYBRID BLUEBERRIES

Hybrid Blueberries are increasingly popular and can be successfully grown in the home garden if mulched with old sawdust or pine needles and given plenty of moisture. However. they will not tolerate wet, boggy ground. In addition to their usefulness as fruit, they make an attractive hedge or specimen plant, the foliage turning a deep red in autumn, and the woody stems the same color in winter. Grows to a height of 4 to 5 feet.

PEMBERTON: One of the newer raricties. Mid season. The fruit is large and of good flavor.

JERSEY: late, large and very molific. One, of the older kinds.

BURLINGTON. A cross between Rubel and Pioneer. Berries are medium to large. Has good keeping qualities,

RANCOCAS: midseason, large light blue berries. Very productive.

RLBEL: vigorous, large berries in carly July. 18 1021 in. plants. $\$ 1.25$ each. $\$ 9.00$ per 10.

## Vegetable Plants

This year we are again offering Vegetable plants to the mail order trade. They will be packed in wet moss and thus arrive in good condition for immediate planting. Following are the varieties available:

## TOMATOES

BCRPEEANA EARLY IIYBRID. Quality excellent, flavor mild, Productive. $\$ 1.00$ per doz.
BONNY BEST. Early large. Heavy yielder. EARLIANA. Excellent early tomato.
JOHN BAER, CERTIFIED. Me-dium large. smooth and firm. Very productive.
MARGLOBE. Probably the best all round tomato. Flavor slightly sweet.
RUTGERS. One of the most popular varieties. for canning or juice.

## PEPPERS

CALIFORNIA WONDER. Very prolific, wry good quality.

## EGG PLANT

NEW HAMPSHIRE. Early especially recommended for short season.

## BRUSSELLS SPROUTS

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED. Very popular. fine for freezing.

## BROCCOLI

CALABRESE. Matures in 85 days, be cut over and over.

## CAULIFLOWER

EARLY SNOWBALI. Very firm heads mature in 60 days.

## CELERY

GIANT PASCAL. Tall thick solid, stringless stalks with nutty flavor.

## CABBAGE

GOLDEN ACRE, Matures in liz days, solid round heads, I to 5 ths. each.

DANISH ROUNDHEAD, late fall or wintar cabbage, fine guality.

SAVOY CABBAGE. Prrfection drumhead. Mild, most pleasing flavor. The round heads grow to 10 inches across, 7 or 8 inches dere and weigh 6 to 7 lbs. Leaves deern green crumpled. very attractive.
We will have large potted vegretable mants for sale at the Nursery. All ahove mlants execpt the Burpeeana Early Hybrid, are prieed at 60 C per dozen.

