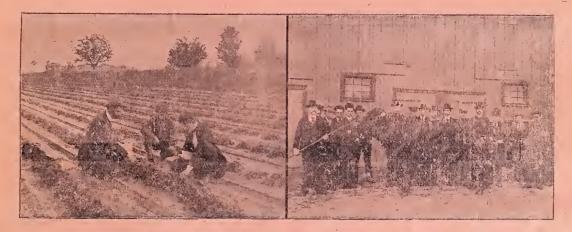


Vol. 21.

De Kalb, Illinois, March, 1904.

No. 3.



Judging Strawberries.

Judging Cattle.

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To my Buff Leghorns during the past eight years, in which they have been bred, probably exceed in number those awarded to any other breeds. I have this year for the first time, under color on females and females as good as the Buff Cochin, no one hae got better, at least I have not heard of it. Large circular free. Eggs \$2,

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The American

FANCIER and BREEDER.

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE DEVOTED TO POULTRY GULTURE.

Vol. 21.

DE KALB, ILLINOIS, MARCH, 1904.

No. 3.

The Incubator and Brooder-

Within the past few years the agricultural press of the country has urged the farmers very strongly to pay more attention to the products of the poultry yard, with the result that the poultry industry on the farm has taken wonderful strides. The result is principally due to the great use of artificial means, and now, by the use of ircubator and brooder, the farmer finds his flock of hens yielding a handsome profit.

The poultry industry, like all other branches of domestic economy, requires a thorough knowledge of the science, and a constant development of all branches of the business, in order to make it a complete success. The incubator and brooder on the farm of the agriculturist, are as useful as his reaper and binder to his crops, or as the cream separator to his dairy.

A vast field opens up before the poultryman. There is a constant demand for fresh eggs which cannot be supplied. People are willing to give aimost any price for eggs if they are only fresh. An incubator will hatch a fair per cent of the eggs put into it, while the brooder will raise nearly every chick. One brooder will accommedate one hundred chicks with less care than is required for a hen with a dozen chicks. There is no use denying the fact that a brooder raised chick is stronger and will mature faster than the chick raised by the natural mother. The fact has been proven time and again by the various agricultural experiment stations, and by our foremost breeders. There are a number of first-class incubators on the market, all of which will do all or nearly all claimed for them, but it is a lamentable fact that there are but very few first-class brooders on the market. A poor brooder is worse than no brooder at all. It is easy enough to hatch the chicks, but the trouble comes in raising them after they are hatched. A brooder to be a success, must conform to the principles laid down by nature as nearly as possible, while at the same time it must be both simple and easily operated. A brooder which will fluctuate in temperature is not a success, and should be avoided. It should be neither to hot nor to cold, but just right.

The greatest loss of life in the rearing of young chicks is in their being smothered to death by a poor system of ventilation. This will not occur in a brooder which is properly heated. The heat in the brooding chambar must be properly distributed to all parts of the hover uniformly, as it is a well-

known fact that the chicks will not crowd if these conditions prevail. The chicks must have a continued supply of fresh warm air, and if they are deprived of this necessary element their existence is short. The fresh air should be thoroughly warmed before coming in contact with the chicks, in order to prevent their being chilled. The hen, when hovering her chickens, warms the earth over which she is sitting, which in turn warms the chick, feet. The same principles should be applied in the brooder, and a double floor should be provided in which warm air is allowed to circulate, thus keeping the floor warm but not hot.

The day of the expensive brooder is past. The fact that a brooder costs from \$12 to \$30 does not make it better than one costing a less sum. It costs as much to make a brooder to be sold at \$5 as one at \$20, but the manufacturer is contented with a small profit, depending upon the large sales for his existing.

The time is not far distant when every progressive farmer will have his incubator cellar and his brooder house in connection with the rest of his farm buildings, and when that time comes the farmer will realize what a great opportunity he missed a few years ago.

About Bufi Cochius.

I have been silent a long time, but have not missed a copy of your paper.

The under dog (or chichen) have the sympathy but in this case the Buff Cochin does not get his dues. In all the issues of your paper not a word is said in favor of this best of all breeds for general utility.

Having bred Buff Cochins for nearly ten years, I believe I am competent to back them up for a fair shake.

First, they are easily yarded and never fretful. This is one great reason why the town man should have them. Then, under right handling, they will lay eggs all winter. They are the very best incubators and will bear resitting twice. I never allow the chicks to run with the hen, but raise them all in home made hrooders and yards.

What is handsomer than a flock of fine Golden Buff birds, every one quiet and docile?

The town man has a fowl that simply can't be beat for table use, either in size, quality or color of meat. The egg is a large brown one, very meaty and heavy. The chicks are very easily raised, grow strong and healthy and are soon the hand-

somest birds to he found.

Some will say: "The Buff Cochin chick is weak." I say, No. Out of 150 hatched last season I raised, to full grown, 135 beauties. This did not take one fourth of my time, but I simply used common sense and care.

Will say furthur my Buff Cochins are laying steadily all winter and the yield is better than many 1 know of here who have breeds commonly supposed to be winter layers. Later on, with your permission, I will again, defend Buff Cochins and give my plans of feeding and care, both for the laying of eggs and the hatching and growth of chicks.—H. P. Tennant, in Poultry Success

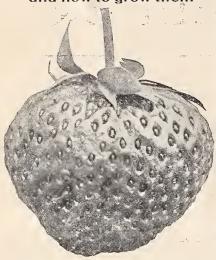
Nests For Laying Heus.

To make nests to prevent hens from eating eggs take three boards, two fourteen inches wide and one twelve inches wide. Nail these together for floor, putting the twelve inch one in the middle. rows of nests. 14 by 14, on the outside boards. Make lids for these nests, putting hinges at the upper side of the nest. Cover the space between the rows of nests with boards upon which you fasten hinges. This makes a building similar to a double corncrib, with driveway between. From this make a small hole just large enough for the hen to go through into the nest. It being rather dark in these nests, she will not stay longer than just to deposit her egg, for which purpose she thinks it is a nice, secluded place.-Ex.

GRIT.

It is necessary for all chickens young and old, fowls, turkeys, ducks and geese to have plenty of grit. Always have plenty of it where they can help themselves. It is not a good plan to mix it in the mash food excepting for young ducks, and for them use quantities of coarse sand. But this is only made use of where they are growing broiler ducks and they stuff and feed them so hard to make them grow fast that it is necessary to mix this kind of grit with their feed to enable them to consume enough to grow to unusual size in a very short time. In dry chick food or in day scratching food or with grain foods of all kinds no harm or injury will come of mixing some grit among it, for the chickens will pick out the grain from the grit and only take what grit they need or wish to have. They grind all their food with the grit and cannot exist for any length of time without it .- A. M. H.

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Feeding Capons and Pullets.

We have much difficulty in advising against too much food. The desire to force the pullets leads to excess of feed which does more harm than benefit. A young lady at New Brunswick, N. J., wrote on September 26th, in regard to feeding her pullets and capors. She desires the pullets to lay this fall, and says:

We have one flock of 124 chickens, fifty of which we have had capor ized. We wish to feed them so that the pullets will begin to lay this fall. As they have a large range we only feed them at night, giving them our quarts each of cracked corn, corn meal, bran, and wheat shorts. They act as though they want still more. We have gotten ground bone for them from a bone factory, and will also be able to get scraps, which are boiled together in cakes and then ground. Do you consider this method of feeding as good a one as we can follow, and would you eed capons and pullets alike, or would you confine the capons in a run and feed them only corn? Besides this flock we have twenty-four young chicks and forty old

When pullets are growing they should be fed no grain at all if they are on a range. Grain is more serviceable to hens that are laying because the yolk of the egg is composed largely carbonaceous matter, but pullets in summer, and which are on a range, should receive no grain, as it simply overloads them with fat and retards laying.

The object of the writer is to have the bullets laving by fall or rather before the vinter sets in cold. The feeding is correct xcept as to the grain. Meat, linseed meal (a little), bone and green food will be ample ind the pullets will grow if they are not afficted with lice.

In regard to capons they need no forcing intil about two weeks before intending to narket them. They will thrive on a smal olot, or confined, and should be made to cratch so as to keep in health. Meat and ne, cut clover or any bulky food, will erve well once a day in summer. In winter hey should have grain at night, as much as hey will eat. Capons should be kept growig, and they will thrive on nearly any kind of food until ready to be fattened. when they should then be fed three times a day, giving mixed ground grain, moistened, in the morning, wheat at noon, and corn at n ght, allowing them as much as they can eat. A fat capon always sells and brings a high price.

Mating Breeding Stock.

It is important to select stock for breeding that is fully matured and the males and cmales should be mated for the best results. A Chicago subscriber refers to the subject in he following letter:

"I would like your advice on how to mate reeding stock for the best results to get pullets. Which are better, two year old they should they should they should the habit of their nests.

many to a pen, using Plymouth Rocks? Are Leghorn eggs supposed to be equal to Plymouth Rock eggs?"

There is no mode of breeding or mating by which one can secure a preponderance of pullets. There have been many suggestions and methods but they have failed. To get strong, healthy chicks use a male that is not less than a year old with hens that are at least two years old. In regard to the inquiry about Leghorn eggs we will state that we have never had reason to believe them inferior to eggs from other breeds.

Keeping Eggs for Sitting Purposes.

How long will eggs keep if you desire to use them for hatching? We tried an experiment in that direction. We kept the eggs in a place where they were as cool as possible, without freezing, the temperature not going below 40 degrees nor above 60 degrees and we turned them half around three times a week. Eggs that were kept in this manner for six-weeks hatched as well as those that were fresh, and the chicks were strong and active.

We have so f r said nothing of the farcy poultry-business. This is a department seprate from the market business in a way. nd yet closely related. Many sell eggs or hatching in spring, and supply market trade the rest of the year. The cull fowls are also sold on the market. The fancy poultry-business represents vast interests, but to give an estimate of it in figures would be almo t impossible. An illustration will suffice. In a leading poultry journal one can find the advertisements of some two thousand different breeders, each offering stock or eggs for sale. Then it must be remembered that there forty or fifty poultry journals, large and small, each containing the advertisements of at least several huntred breeders. Single fowls sell at from \$1 to \$25. Many sales are made at greater figures, and \$100 is not considered an junusual price for a fine male. Eggs for hatching vary from \$1 to \$10 per setting. Of course some come higher, even up to \$10 per egg. The fancy poultry-business is a great entesprise, with a substantial future.

It is these so-called far ciets who are, supplying the breeding birds and eggs to the farmers for their improved foundation stock. No one is better fitted to enter the fancy coultry-business than the farmer, as the call is for "farm range" stock, possessing good bone and strong constitution.

Everyone who keeps poultry should have a good sized yard in which the flock may be kept ou fined when it is desirable to do so. In fact I have reasons for believing that even on a farm it is profitable, to confict the fowls a large portion of every day. If this is done, the fowls soon become accustomed to being treated in this way and will not worty about being shut up. Under such conditions all the eggs are laid, where they should be and the hens do not get into the habit of wandering away and stealing

Squabs For Market.

Squabs are growing in popularity, and those who are prepared to raise them find he business very profitable. They require practically, no care, the parents attending to them from the day they hatch until ready to sell. They do not require warm houses, and, a pair of old pigeons will rear eight or ten pair of squabs every year. They are always in demand. During the summer the old birds require no food except what they themselves gather, while during the winter. months they thrive and grow fat on any kind of refuse grain. The squabs are reared in pairs and are marketed just as they are ready to leave the nest. They are dressed, cooked and served just like quail, and by many are considered more of a delicacy. Squab raising makes a very combination for poultry raising, and as they in no way interfere with poultry there is no reason why a few dozen pairs of pigeons should not be kept by every one who keeps poultry. Any kind of pigeons will do, but homers seem to have the preference.

The Pullets For Next Year.

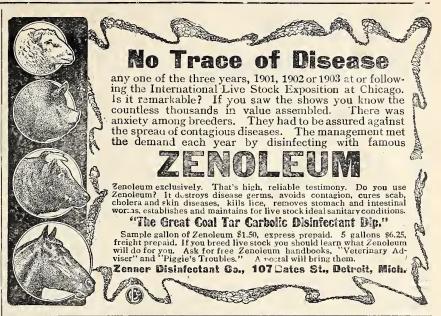
The foundation of success with fowls is to hatch all the pullets about the same time if possible or get them out early at least. Pullets of the large breeds should surely be hatched hefore March 15 or not later than May I. Attention is called to this matter, as there is now but little time left for doing so. If the hens do not become broody get. a small hundred egg incubator and provide a place for a brooder. By hatching as many as possible about the same time they will all be of the same age when winter comes and will also be more uniform in other respects, which will be much better than having them hatched at different perinds, with some of them too late to moture a d become profitable as winter layers. Sell or part with all of the cockerels as soon as they are large enough to be marketed and thus save cost and give the pullets more room - Western Poultry Journ 1.

Buying Eggs of Pure Breeds.

Order your eggs early, so as to avoid de lay. Remember that the breeder may have no eggs when you write to him, and must wait for his hens to lay them. He will always fill the orders that reach him first in preference, and delay may result, for which he is not responsible. Do not wait till a hen becomes broody. It is better to send the order for the eggs and take the risk of procuring a setting hen when the eggs arrive. If they reach you to soon, keep them in a cool place and turn them daily. Do not delay your order, however, as you will not receive them too soon —W. F. J.

Rats in Poultry Houses.

If the poultry house is in such condition as to allow rats to run under the floor, the farmer may as well give up the poultry husiness. They are worse than any disease the



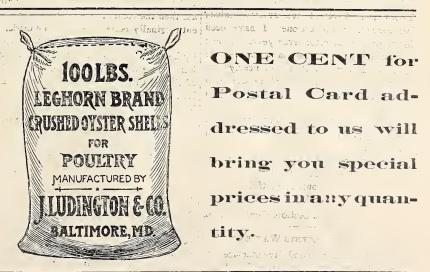
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fowls may have. When the house is built it is very easy to put wire netting such as is used for the small chicks, under the floors. If you have not done this, another easy way to keep out rats is to put in a cement

floor. It may cost more than fixing up the wooden floor, but it is safe against rats, and a wooden floor is not. If wire mesh is put in with the cement when the floor is laid it will be all the better.

The AMERICAN FANCIER and BREEDER

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By The AMERICAN FANCIER and BREEDER PUB., CO.

DEKALB. ILL., MARCH.

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CHAMBERLAIN'S PERFECT CHICK FEED IS BEYOND COMPARISON

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I received your sample of Clover Meal; it is nice. Your Chick Feed beats anything I ever saw. I raised five hundred chicks last year and never lost one. I have been in the poultry business seven years. I have a large ranch and a great many houses; one thousand head of fowl. I was nearly discouraged when I commenced to use your Chick Feed, now I don't dread the chick

I am going to send after two settings of White Leghorns as soon as I receive your catalogue.

You can use this for adv if you choose. I tell everyone I talk "chick" to

Yours respectfully, Mrs. J. G. Burdick.

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ZENOLEUM AGENTS WANTED

We wish to secu e good, live stockmen to interest themselves in the sale of Zenoleum, To those who can show plenty of good business for famous Zenoleum Dip and Disinfectant, we will offer a proposition that is sure to be interesting and profitable. Addiess for particulars at once, Zenner Disinfectant Co., 107 Bates St., Detroit, Mich.

seen marked advancement toward perfecting the work for the Illinois display at the World's Fair, so that the Illinois commissioners see things steadily assuming more satisfactory form.

A large part of the material for the special corn exhibit was got together through the general corn competition at the State Farmers' Institute at Decatur, at which more than fifty entries of the finest corn of the state were made as a neucleus for the St. Louis corn exhibit.

In the meantime also the state commi sioners have taken up the space in the agricultural building in which their exhibit is to be made, and have abandoned the space first in contemplation. The new position will be as favorable to the state as the one abandoned, and will save probably \$10,000 in expenditures.

The Illinois commissioners have also received an outline of what the display of the dairy department of the state university will be. This will be made in the educational building. It will include publication of the department on dairying, views of interiors and working operations, photographs of remarkable and average cows in the dairy herd, with records of feed and product, feeding charts and the like There will be samples of dairy feeds, showing composition and cost, together with models of silos. Examples of bacteria from dairy barns, daries and creameries, and of the dirt which falls into milk during the milking process will be shown in the exhibit on milk contamination. The whole exhibit will be worked out elaborately for educational purposes and will touch every feature of dairying upon its theoretical side.

The preparation of the mines and minerals exhibit of the state is progressing well and will be much more complete and elabor. ate than the committee and its superintendent originally believed it could be made.

The athletic train rs at the state university have begun to prepare an exhibit on athletics, something which was not contemplated till very recently. It will embrace athletic records, photographs of famous atinletes of the institution and of players and athletes in action. Worked up as planed, it will be something entirely unique.

> IMFORTANT DECISION. BLACK BEN DAVIS AND GANO NOT IDENT'CAL.

Van Buren, Ark., Jan. 14, 1904 - To the Arkansas State Hor icultural Society -Gentlemen: Your committee appointed to investigate the origin of Black Ben Davis apple and the claim of some horticulturists that the apple is identical with the Gano, respectfully beg leave to report as follows:

We are thoroughly convinced, after a rigid investigation to the facts that the Black Ben Davis originated in Washington County, Arkansas, on a farm owned by Alexander Black, commonly known as the 'Parson ton, Berwyn, Ill.

St. Louis, March 1st-The past week has Black Farm;" that while it is of the Ben Davis type and has some characteristics of the apple known as Gano it is a separate and distinct variety.

> In substantiation of this opinion we herewith submit the following testimony, which testimony we feel certain has never been presented to any committee or body or horticulturists before, and thai if this this testimony had been secured by the Missouri Horticultural Committee their report would have been in accordance with our conclus-

> We ask that this testimony be filed with these findings as a part of this report. Respectfully submitted.

W. G. VINCENHELLER Committee J. E. REYNOLDS

We would like to call our readers attention to the advertisment of Stark Bros., and each sould send at once for their catalogue.

We have met hundreds of farmers, and know many personally, who find their poultry produces more for the money and time expended than any other farm product. For your information relative to poultryprofits ask the farmer or villager whose heus have paid the mortgage and schooled the children, or talk to the widow who has sustained herself and little ones from her poultry, and then, perhaps, provided herself with a more comfortable home than her husband could have done.

Before any hen is allowed to sit, all the nests should be thoroughly cleaned and supplied with fresh clean straw. Also a good coat of whitewash should be used and the season begun with a war on lice and filth.

Impure air in the poultry house is the cause of much disease. See to it that your house has proper ventilation.

A tight roof and a dry floor are essential for comfort and success in the poultry business.

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752765 Poultry House Joseph J. Edger-

WORLD'S FAIR FOULTRY SHOW.

The regular cash prizes offered for exhibits of poultry, pigeons and pet stock at the Universal Exposition of 1904 aggregate more than \$16,000. This large amount will be greatly increased by appropriations made by World's Fair commissions for state exhibits. One state, Missouri, has provided \$7,000 to cover special prizes and expense-connected with the State's poultry exhibits at St. Louis.

The Exposition prizes were never before nearly approached in amount at any poultry show or exposition; in fact they largely exceed with one exception the total sum offered by the leading State fairs for the combined live stock breeding interests, including horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry.

The specialty clubs of this and other countries are making a very successful convass for funds for special prizes for exhibits. One club gives assurance of its purpose to provide a prize fund of at least \$300 for its favorite variety.

The Universal Exposition has in a marked and complimentary manner recognized the poultry industry by placing the matter of receiving, cooping, feeding, exhibiting and returning the poultry, pigeons and pet stock at the World's Fair in the hands of a committee recommended for this purpose by the American Poultry Association. Chief Coburn has also highly honored the poultry fraternity by choosing as superindtendent of the poultry show Mr. T. E. Orr, the secretary and treasurer of the American Poultry Association.

The committee recommended by the American Poultry Association to assemble, exhibit and return the poultry shown at the World's Fair consists of Henry Steinmesh of St. Louis, T. F. McGrew, New York and U. R. I ishel, Hope, It d. This committee is composed of one of the most successful and experienced superintend nts of large poultry shows; a former secetary of the American Poultry Association and popular poultry an hor, and as the third member one of the largest and most successful breeders and excibitors. These are public-spirited gentlemen, noted for their enterprie, knowledge, and devotion to the best interests of the poultry industry the so creditably

The committee has prepared the following address to prospective exhibitors, which contains much valuable information;

"To exhibitors of poultry at the Universal Exposition of 1904;

"The undersigned committee of the American Poultry Association has completed arrangments with the Universal Exposition of 1904 whereby the committee is to receive, coop, feed, care for, exhibit and return to their respective owners upon the close of the show the poultry, pigeons and pet stock exhibited at the Louis mai Purchase Exposition, October 24 to Nov. 5, 1904

"The committee has arranged for new for the cows. This does not mean that any standard size coops of the proper size for farmer who will give himself the necessary

turkeys, geese, ducks, poultry, pigeons and pet stock and will provide at the Exposition grounds an ample supply to meet all requirments. The committee will also provide feed and water for all the poultry, pigeons and pet stock on exhibition and the necessary utens, is for the same, and furnish all necessary assistants.

"The committee, for all the necessary accommodations other than the barns, including coops, furniture and all services in connection with the shipment, feed, care and exhibition of poultry, pigeons and pet stock specified, and such as are usually provided for such exhibition, agree to accept from exhibitors in full for first class service and accommodations, one dollar for single exhibits including pet stock two dollars for each breeding pen, and fifty cents for each pigeon.

"The committee personally, and not the American Poultry Association, will assume all responsibilities to and for exhibition in corn ction with the exhibition of poultry, pigeons and pet stock, at the exhibition, but assumes no responsibility for the loss of exhibits in course of shipment, or by disease, handling or accident while on exhibition.

"The American Poultry Association is to receive of the fees collected from exhibitors any surplus, after payment of all expenses, including reasonable compensation to the committee, for cooping, feeding and caring for the exhibits as specified. The compensation to the committee for service rendered and the responsibilities assumed in connection with the foregoing shall be determined by the I resident and Secretary of the American Poultry association.

"For furthur information concerning the foregoing address Henry Steinmesch, Chairman, World's Fair grounts, St. Louis, Mo. Signed

HENRY STEINMESCH, Chairman

T. F. Mc Grew,

U. R. Fishel,

Committe of American Poultry Ass'n.

A FRAUD

A subscriber sends us a letter he received from a breeder of poultry of whom he proposed buying some stock. This breeder claims his hens lay from 280 to 300 eggs a year, many of them producing the large number. He officers to sell a pen for \$60 or a trio for \$6. The breeder who makes such claims condemns himself at once. Hens that will average even 280 eggs in a year could readily be sold for more than this breeder offers to take for a pen, but such hens are not for sale, for the very good reason that they do not exist.—C. P.

Hen Profits VS. Cow Profits.

"Two hundred hers will make a farmer as much clear money during the winter as five good cows. And it will not take half as much to keep them as will be required for the cows. This does not mean that any farmer who will give himself the necessary

schooling can safely figure on getting such returns from 200 hens as we have named every winter. We are acquainted with a good many farmers who, it seems to ns. could make use of this money, and it strikes us as one of the strangest things in the world why they dont reach out for it and put it in their pockets."—P. M. in This for That.

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Poultry Ereeders send 50c for a 20-paged monthly devoted to poultry, etc. Sample 3 cents "Michigan Poultry Breeder," Battle Creek, Mich. Or send 55 cents and receive Michigan Poultry Breeder," at d THF American FANCIER & BREEDER both 1 year.

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When we have placed with our customers the amount of treasury stock of any company necessary for its development, our labors and responsibilities have but just begun. We must stay with the property and our customers' finincial interests therein; must see that it is intelligently, economically and honestly operated; and, having a conditional interest in the profits of the property, secondary to the interests of our customers, if we followed any other policy than that of keeping strict supervision of its management, even although it might take a much longer time than was anticipated to demonstrate the actual value of the property and place it upon an independent dividend-earning basis, we would most assuredly be negligent not only of our customers' interest, but of our own as well.

The following remark recently made regarding our firm by one of the well-known financiers of New York was both flattering and appreciated, for it expressed what we are striving for:

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Security In Investments.

In a general way all investments may be divided into two classes: Eirst, the investment which is for the purpose of receiving a regular income; second, the investment which is for the purpose of making great prefits.

The man who buys stock usually takes one of these two positions with reference to his investmenter. If he has a sum of money on hand which he ili nks ought to le e.r. ing something he looks about to ful some stock which is a sure, safe investment, which he can dispose of without loss at any time, and which will yield him assmall annual dividend. Such an investor does not expect to become rich by holding such stock, nor does he wish to risk the wholer or any part of the morey he has thus invested. He has probably paid par value or over for such security and can sell it at any time for what it cost him. In other words, the purchase o such a stock is similar to buying United States bonds or putting his money in a savings bank at 3 per cent interest. He does not expect that his securities will be worth much more than he paid for them and is satisfied if he gets his money back when he wants it and has been drawing a fair income meanwhile.

It is almost impossible to find a stock which will answer these requirments of sitety and security and 't the sam time have a chance of leaping aip inevalue to many timewhat was paid for it

On the other hand the investor may wish to place his mon-v in some stock selling at a low figure and which may become worth ten times or a hun leed times what he paid for it. If he buys such a stock; it should be for the purpose of making hig profits. There must be an element of risk, and this element is always in inverse ratio to the element of security and safety. In this class are the investments in stocks of mining and oil companies. Some years ago for instance, the investor of this kind could have hought at from 10 to 50 cents a share the stocks of some of the greatest mining and oil companies now in existance, worth at the present day from \$50 to \$100 a share

A third class of investments might be said to exist which combines to some extent the characteristics of the two kinds mentioned. This class would be of course, the ideal chance of large profits; and it is the wish relation,

of every investor when he puts his money in stock that he can get it back at any time and that he has meanwhile a chance of making large gains. But he must realize at the same time that the stock is probably in cone of the two classes mentioned and he must be willing to take the chance if he wants big returns.

In mining and oil industries there exist the same possibilites of failage or success as in any business, and the only sensible course for the shrewd investor is to eliminate as far as possible the chan e of failure in the company in which he invests by finding out all he can about it before he buys stock. By making a proper investigation before he buys he is able to determine whether or no he will have a fair deal, and if the has this it is all he can ask for and all he does ask for.

If he is vestigates first, finds out about the company's property, its prospects, who are the men back of it, and how his men-y will be devoted, he is enabled to eliminate the element of chance as far as it can be clim n ated in the business world.

In arranging vous rests, remember that every pair of pigcons need two, for good breeders lay again long before their young can fly. There must be a partition between these nests so that the young "cannot crawl in among their parents while on eggs.

Don't make nests for your birds as you would for a hen; scatter the material on the floor, for the birds will do the building I prefer to use half gallon milk crocks for my nests, and in these I put a base of pine sawdust and a few tobacco stems, and let the birds build their own rests over this, carry. ing the straw which I have scattered in the flying pen. The pine sawdust and tobacco stems are invaluable to keep out insects.-W.

A pair of pigeons lay two eggs and then set eighteen gays. The male bird takes his turn and sets from about 9 o'clock in the morning till about 4 o'cl ck in the after n or. Then the female attends to the nest urtil the n xt morning. Don't handle the eggs every day, jut see how they are getring along. On the fifth day after the secord egg has been laid you can jest them by holding up to the light. If they are dark they are fertile but if they look clear and white, throw them away and let the pair try again.

Pine sawdust is a valuable article to keep around a pigeon loft. If there is anything that lice and mites dispise it is sawdust;" the smell of the pine tar will drive them to their hiding places. It is good to use as a bed for the nests also. The excrements from a pair of half-grown and thriving squabs will soon transform a nest into a veri table quagmire, and by using a good layer of sawdust in and around the nest it can be investment, combining security with the transformed into a sweet and sanitary con-



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Aurora Has \$1,600 Ore.

RICH STRIKE AT DEPTH IN A MEXICAN PROPERTY.

ENSENADA, Mex., Jan. 1.-News just received from the Alamo camp states that a tremendos strike of rich ore has been uncovered on the Aurora group. The Aurora company, under the management of Douglas, Lacey & Co., have for the last six months been devoting all their energies to the opening up of this remarkable group of mines.

It has been a theory that the different veins in these mines, which are divided by dykes, would converge at a depth of 400 or 500 feet, and that although the ore so far of extraction, which on account of isolation company.

encountered is of excessive value, the values would become greater with depth and the final converging of the several veins into a permanent and solid vein.

This result has been accomplished. Ore ranging up into \$1,600 to the ton has been found and the whole vein on an average assay test runs \$650 to the ton. The estimated value of the ore now exposed in the Princesa alone, on a low calculation, is over

This group of mines, despite their richness, are badly handicapped on account of lack of power for milling purposes. It costs \$6 per ton for wood alone to mill every ton of ore at Alamo, to say nothing of the cost

from every advantage of civilization, is excessively high.

It is currently reportly that within the next six months the Douglas Lacey company will build at Ensenada a large power plant sufficient in capacity to operate their five mines and other outside mines now shut down on account of lack of fuel and power The business men, banks and manufacturers are elated over the report that the power plant will be built in this city and the land for the site, they say, will be donated, and it will be guaranteed that Ensenada falone will take sufficient power from the new plant to pay all operating expenses. The income from the mines at Alamo would in that ease be net. In its conception it was intended to locate the new plant in the Pineries. about twenty miles north of the Aurora and Viznaga mines, but a careful survey of the situation seems to make it much more advanageous to locate the power plant here. In the first place, the cost of freighting the electric machinery to the Pineries from the Coast would not be less than \$20,000; and, further, no power could be utilized anywhere except at the mines.

Now, with the electric power plant here, enough power can be sold to pay all pay all operating expenses, while the telephone poles from Ensenada to Alamo can he used without additional cost for stringing the wire and oil will save fully 25 per cent. over the cost of the wood at the Pineries, which from time to time must become more and more expensive, as the wood is cut away from the neighborhood of the plant. Should the oil supply, on the other hand, fail (which is not at all likely) there will be sufficient supply from up the coast that can be had at the present time as low as the cost of the wood at the Pineries.

With this big power plant in operation-1,000 H. P .-- the mines at Alamo could well afford to pay the same price for electric power as they now pay for wood, which is \$6 per cord, for they would have what they can never have under present conditions-enough wood to mill one-quarter of the ore supply, for it will be an easy matter to mill 150 tons of ore per day, and this power plant should be one of the largest dividend industrials in the country.

It is not a mill that is depending upon the market or sale value of its products is always worth \$20 to the ounce and the demand never lessens. That this power plant will have an increasing tonnage is evident by the constant increasing output of these valuable mines. It has been rumored that a syndicate has made an offer of several millions of dollars for the properties in the Alamo district controlled by the Aurora

American Poultry

Our Matings still produce the Winners, and win the Prizes for our Patrons.



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Wing of "Match Mark Prince" at the head of one of our breeding nens. Match ark Prince is a most remarkable bird in color and Markings, Clear, even surface color and nearly perfect in Eye, Comb. Legs and Shape. We value Match Mark Prince at \$10000 on account of his valuable breeding qualities, a ated with high scorine 'Blue Bird' hens and pullets. A limited number of eggs from this mating at \$100 per 13° \$7.00 per 26

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for. The youngest cockeral had the finest backle! ever saw, and
also clear yellow legs, nice comb and a strong bay eye. They were
well barred to the skin, let me know soon. Yours truly,

A. N. HILLS.

U - IVE SITY PLACE, NEB., Feb. 17, 1901.

F. M. M NGER, De Kalb, 111. F. M. M. NEER, De Kaio, 111.

D ar S r.-I bought some eggs of you some years ago, I like the stock better than from any I have been able to get since. Please send me catalogue and prices. Yours truly, W. H. INGRAHAM.

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he coming season are made up of the finest and most beautiful specimens in each variety we have ever used. These yards are selected from over 1,000 inhe birds, and contain large, well matured and vigorous specimens, neary all of them prize winners. We pack eggs in new baskets an lin such a manner that they will go safely long distances by Express, to any part of the continent and hatch, just as well as at home. I guarantee eggs to arrive in good order. I have shipped eggs to nearly every State and Territory, and in almost every case with good results, as I send eggs that are fresh and well fertilized by strong and vigorous male birds, and I know a good per cent of them will hatch if proper care is given. Eggs from Barred Plymouth Rocks from such sires as "Match Mark," "Blue Prince 2d," "Hero Prince 2d," "Sweepstakes 21" "Blue Jay," \$4.00 per 13; \$7.00 per 26. Five other high scoring sires, such as "Prince Lea," "Champion Prince," "High Mark' and "Hustler" \$3.00 per 13; \$5.00 per 26 Figss from White Plymouth Rocks, Silver and White Wyandottes, White and Brown Leghorns \$3.00 per 13; \$5.00 per 26. Turkeys eggs 50 cents each, from eight special matings. Eggs in large numbers a matter of correspondence. Birds hatched from our mitings have won the highest honors in every State in the Union.

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