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Annex E-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948, cont'd.

- (3) The women's federation, fearing a loss of control, asked for a meeting with the Liaison Council and the Civil Education Officer. They petitioned that 11 members of the Federation be allowed to join the Liaison Council. This office agreed to allow one member on the Council, as previously invited but refused and suggested that the Ken Federation choose this representative by secret ballot.
- (4) On 21 October a short orientation was given by the Team Commanding Officer before the women went to their chosen Military Government Sections to decide schedules and programs.
- (5) On 29 October the Assistant Education Officer of Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region met with officers of the Federation of Women's Associations (Rengo Fujin Kai). She outlined the consultative and service functions of a democratic federation and gave suggestions for reorganization and improvement of the existing Federation. The present Federation has a membership of 50 women; one director and four trustees from each city and gun in the Ken. Present reorganization plans call for 20 women; two representatives from each city and gun federation. That various committees be formed with the membership open to anyone interested and with the delegates acting as chairman. Committees suggested such as reading and publicity, parliamentary and constitution could give valuable help to member organizations. That organizations can freely join or withdraw from the Federation.

On 30 October the same officer met with a women representative of the Social Education Section, the Federation of Women's Associations, the Women's and Minors' Bureau and the Ken Board of Education to plan three Women's Leadership Training Institutes for November.

b. Youth Groups:

- (1) The project to develop "try-out" youth groups based on interest rather than geographic factors received valuable assistance from the Assistant Civil Education Officer of the Gifu Military Government Team. Five representatives of Gifu interest groups and the Gifu Ken Social Education youth group adviser presented two training courses on 25 and 26 October attended by 40 local youth leaders.
- (2) This section and the Federation of Youth Associations sponsored a 2½ day Gun Youth Leadership Training Course for 150 young people. This conference was highly successful but many requests were received for written material in Japanese

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Annex E-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948, cont'd.

on different types of interest clubs and for a pamphlet of simple songs and games that can be enjoyed by small groups in rural areas. Materials will be prepared locally as time and personnel permit.

- (3) The Federation reports that membership has fallen off from a paper total last year of 110,000 members to 70,000 this year, and that actually there is a maximum of only 2,000 active members in Youth Associations.
- (4) The Civil Education Sections of Toyama and Ishikawa Military Government Teams sponsored a four day training course for Boy and Girl Scout leadership training, attended by 85 young people interested in scouting. Mr. Aikawa and Mr. Yamazaki from the Kyoto Nishi Hongangi Buddhist Temple Social Education Section attended and lectured. Classes ran from 0830 to 2130 with MG personnel in continuous attendance. Miscellaneous expenses, including the trip expenses of the Kyoto lecturers, and the meeting place were furnished by the Nishi Hongangi Buddhist Temple. No evidence of domination or control by the Buddhists have been uncovered as yet but the fact that 6 out of 17 Boy Scout Troops and four out of five Girl Scout Troops are sponsored by the Buddhists in this Ken makes continuous surveillance necessary.

c. Parent-Teachers Associations:

- (1) This officer met with the regular monthly meeting of the Parent-Teachers Association Guidance Committee and discussed routine activities.
- (2) On 20 October a meeting of the 27 primary and 10 lower secondary school Parent-Teachers Association representatives in Toyama City was attended. A Liaison Research Council (Renraku Kyogi Kai) was formed to maintain close contact in improvement activities.

4. Other Matters:

a. Eight of the 12 Student Council Tryout Schools were visited during the month. Two conferences were held to familiarize local teachers and principals with the organization and functions of a Student Council. Conferences featured demonstrations by tryout groups in the area, followed by a general discussion.

b. This office has cooperated with representatives of the Women's and Minors' Bureau in making plans for Minor Workers' Week, 1-10 November. Two leaflets were sent to all lower secondary schools to be studied by students

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Annex E-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948, cont'd.

in their Social Education classes. A check will be made of all students planning to work after graduation.

c. The Ken Social Education Section and three local newspapers sponsored a prize essay contest on "Ways of guiding Youth for the Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency".

d. The Ken Physical Education Section sponsored numerous conferences and athletic events during the month. The most important being an All-Japan School Physical Education Research Conference with 500 in attendance and a Tokai-Hokuriku Region Recreation Research Conference with 40 delegates present. Increasing effort by this Ken section to encourage and stimulate physical education activities for all community groups and organizations was noted.

e. Ninety-two (92) teachers were screened and passed during the month by the Prefecture Screening Committee.

f. The Region Civil Education Officer held a long conference with the men who are planning the Toyama University. This meeting revealed that no real unified University idea existed despite paper plans and the Prefecture donation of 60,000,000 Yen. Ideas for putting real energy into a consolidated university were outlined. General education and university extension work, especially in teacher training, was also discussed.

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QCIE-02HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX E-2To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 31 October 1948

Prepared By Walter Thoresen, DAC

CIVIL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES

1. Information Programs: As has been previously reported, the objective of the Civil Information Section is to develop the local Japanese media, with the ultimate aim of placing upon these media the entire responsibility for information. Reference is made to the Eighth Army (11 September 1948) and First Corps (25 September 1948) priority lists. During the month of October, emphasis was placed upon the following programs:

a. School Decentralization (Boards of Education): This information program continues to enjoy a great degree of success in this prefecture. The Civil Information Section translated two important documents -- a 49-page pamphlet entitled the "Code of Working Relationships for Officials and Employees of the School District of the City of Midland, Michigan" (published by authority of the Midland, Michigan, Board of Education) and numerous key pages (Signposts for Service and others) from a book entitled "School Boards in Action" (the 24th yearbook of the American Association of School Administrators). Copies were made available to each of the members of the prefectural school board and of the 15 local school boards by the school education section. Just as was done during the latter part of August and all throughout the month of September, during the first few days of October, the election management committee gave wide publicity to the school board election.

The Civil Information Officer visited 20 polling places in Toyama City on election day, 5 October; on the following day, acting as surveillance officer, he visited ten counting places. The people of the prefecture, as well as the officers of this Team, are extremely proud of their 16 school boards and of the fact that a large percentage of the voters turned out for the election.

On 1 and 2 October, meetings for the purpose of popularizing the school board law were held in two villages of this prefecture; 280 persons attended. This was the conclusion of the vast school board information program of September. On 15 October, most of the newly-elected school board members attended a sample school board meeting conducted by the Civil Education Officers of this Team and of the Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region. The Civil Information Officer attended. On 19 October, a member of the education section read and explained the significant provisions of the school board law to town and village officials of the 15 communities with school boards. Questions and answers were a part of the program. A meeting

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QCIE-02

Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948 cont'd.

of all of the school board members was held 29 October.

b. Crop Collection: This program also received great emphasis during the month. Early in the month, the regional plan for crop delivery was outlined by the Economics Officer and by the Civil Information Officer to the responsible officials. The Japanese conducted similar conferences on the gun level. As has been done in previous months, numerous copies of leaflets dealing with the extermination of harmful insects and beetles, and leaflets dealing with the curing of sweet potatoes were distributed. A total of 100,000 leaflets dealing with crop collection, incentive goods, and incentive money were distributed in all parts of the prefecture. Prefectural, gun, town, and village officials have met on several occasions for the purpose of drawing up concrete plans regarding the actual mechanics of food delivery. This Section has urged all of the media connected with educational circles to throw their weight into the drive. Newspaper and radio coverage for increased agricultural production and crop collection follows: 5 editorials, 63 news items, and 42 radio announcements.

As of 31 October 1948, 108 towns and villages had completed 100% rice delivery; 82 towns and villages had completed 100% delivery of sweet potatoes.

Cooperation with the Economics Section has been excellent. The Civil Information Officer feel safe in stating that all of the information media are taking an active part in this drive.

c. Political Reorientation:

(1) Local Autonomy: Phases 1 and 2 of the program received attention once again during the month of October. The Civil Information Officer has pointed out to the responsible officials that this is to be and, by all logical reasoning, should be a long-range and continuous program. Present plans in this prefecture have local autonomy projects scheduled through the month of February, 1949. A total of 19,180 persons attended lectures, sponsored by the Kencho sections, in 55 schools. Lecture meetings and discussions were held in 60 other schools under the direction of principals and teachers; a total of 32,784 persons attended these meetings. The Civil Information Officer repeats his prediction that by the end of the winter at least half of the prefectural population will have attended lectures and discussion meetings on local autonomy. Schools are concentrating on essays, compositions, posters, debates, and actual lessons on local autonomy. The Civil Information Officer attended several local autonomy meetings during the month and was considerably impressed thereby.

(2) Civil Liberties: With teachers and principals serving as lecturers, 66 primary schools and 17 junior high schools had lectures on civil liberties during a 13-day period in October. Total attendance was 35,723. Panel discussions on civil liberties were held in primary schools in four guns during the latter part of the month. Social education and local government

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QCIE-02

Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948 cont'd.

personnel served as lecturers to 4,348 members of the general public. A total of 2,000 copies of a poster dealing with the fundamental human rights as guaranteed by the New Constitution were distributed throughout the guns and cities. Newspaper publicity included 3 editorials and 21 news items.

(3) Code of Criminal Procedure: An extensive program to popularize the criminal code will be initiated during the month of November. Judges, procurators, lawyers, social education personnel, and others will take part. A great number of releases and statements received from higher headquarters have been translated by the most capable Civil Information Section translators and have been submitted to the Japanese officials as reference material.

d. Tax Collection: The four tax offices were once again extremely active in their information programs. All of the methods and devices mentioned in previous monthly reports of this Section were once again used. A thorough and complete discussion of the tax information program, this prefecture, would involve much more space than is available in this report; also, it would constitute a repetition of what has been reported before.

e. Child Welfare: In order to popularize the child welfare law, the public welfare section distributed 2,000 copies of posters, dealing with the law, to child welfare committees of the cities, towns, and villages; the branch offices of the Kencho; the child institutes and sanitation offices, and all of the city, town, and village offices.

This prefecture's place in the recent community chest drive should be common knowledge at this date in all of Japan. The program received the whole-hearted support of this Team, the Kencho, and all of the information media. Press coverage of welfare matters in general included 106 news items and numerous editorials.

f. Labor-Management Relations: With one possible exception, the Civil Information Officer finds nothing new to report. From 22 October to 9 November, twice each week, the labor section is conducting a labor school in one of the technical high schools of Toyama City; enrollement is reported to be 200. Labor weeklies are being distributed to unions and others. Conferences of an informative nature are being held. Slides are being shown.

g. Coal Production: Various releases and statements on increased coal production received by this Section from higher headquarters have been submitted to interested agencies.

h. Typhus and Diphtheria Control: This program will receive a tremendous "push" from the Civil Information Section in November. Plans submitted by the Kencho officials do not impress the Civil Information Officer.

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QCIE-02

Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948 cont'd.

2. Additional Information Activities:

a. Visual Education Program: A total of 15 SCAP-released films were shown by the visual education section to 10,850 members of the general public in 20 communities, using available space in schools, factories, and the prefectural assembly hall. The visual education section is being encouraged to plan programs wisely in accordance with suggestions and recommendations from higher headquarters. SCAP-prepared charts on "Labor Unions in England", "Leisure Time in America", "City Planning and Fire Prevention", and "Leading Causes of Fires in Japan" were exhibited in factories and schools. It has been estimated that 41,000 people saw these exhibits. Training and licensing of projectionists in the prefectural film library is proceeding satisfactorily.

b. Food Distribution (Fish and Vegetable): The anti-blackmarket committee once again gave its support to the prefectural women's new economic life movement committee. Lecture meetings were held in five widely-separated towns in the prefecture. A total of 5,000 pamphlets were distributed. Lists of official prices were published in the newspapers. It is interesting to note that the above-mentioned committee is also interested in the civil code and in the popularization of the provisions thereof.

c. Agricultural Cooperatives: Conference meetings on agricultural cooperatives were held by the agricultural cooperative section in 11 places in the prefecture. A total of 500 farmers attended these informative lectures which were given by agricultural technicians, clerks, and others.

d. Rural Land Reform: One of the leading newspapers sponsored a round-table conference on land reform; chairmen of city, town, and village farmland committees and clerks (200 in all) attended. A pamphlet entitled "Data on Farmland Reform" was distributed in 1,700 copies to farmland committees. The "Land Reform Journal" was distributed in 850 copies.

e. Police Reorganization: Lectures and round-table discussion meetings were held in 27 places in the prefecture. About 1,500 people attended these meetings, many of which were sponsored by young people's groups. Many of the schools are encouraging the pupils to write compositions on the new police system. This latter method is a very definite way to insure that the "folks at home" will hear something about the new police system.

f. Traffic Safety: All of the tried and true devices were used -- slides in the theatres, banners, traffic signs, thousands of posters, slogan contests in the schools, and so forth. With limited funds at their disposal, the officials did a remarkably good job. The public is once again "traffic safety conscious."

g. Pneumonia Control: Publicity included 3 editorials and 26 news items regarding the above matter. The schools are once again preaching the doctrine of health and hygiene. Physicians are encouraging the teachers in their work.

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QCIE-02

Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948. cont'd.

h. Fire Prevention: Thousands of posters and leaflets and hundreds of banners made their appearance from 7 through 17 October. Meetings were held in many towns and villages. A total of 35 news items and 3 editorials appeared in the newspapers.

i. Mayors' Conference: Total attendance at the mayors' conference on 8 October was approximately 670, of whom about 185 were women. During the morning hours (1000 to 1200), seven short talks, intended to bring the mayors and others "up to date", were given by the commanding officer and the chiefs of the various sections of the Team. In his talk, the Civil Information Officer emphasized the new information programs, the use of town criers, and "speeding" vital information to the people. The afternoon session of the conference (1300 to 1530) was devoted to questions and answers. The conference was considered to be quite successful and indeed stimulating and informative to all those attending.

j. Women's Activities: Reference is made to the Region-wide project dealing with the activities of Japanese women. On 21 October, two of the leading women of the prefecture, interested in Civil Information activities, reported to the Civil Information Officer and received a lengthy and complete orientation on the activities of his Section. The two women, soon to be joined by two more, were encouraged to visit the public relations office and the social education section. This they have done. Next they will visit the various information desks in the departments and sections, following which they will visit many of the information media. It is believed that the women will soon acquire an excellent understanding of the various programs and that they will want to take a leading part in these programs. Activities of women in this prefecture are mentioned in other paragraphs of this report and also in previous reports submitted by this Section.

k. Town Criers: A total of 244 "town criers" are now being used on various information projects in several towns and villages in each of the 8 guns of the prefecture. The Civil Information Officer considers the work of these volunteers excellent. The public relations office has taken a positive interest in this plan.

1. Newspaper Week: All of the newspapers, as well as numerous public and private agencies, took an active interest in this project, reminding the Civil Information Officer of the tremendous enthusiasm which developed as a result of the "newspaper week" sponsored by the "Kitanippon Shimbun" from 9 through 15 April 1948. Reference is made to this Section's report of April, 1948, and also of May, 1948.

3. Personnel and Other Matters: Mr. Dixon Avery, D.C, Civil Information Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region, visited this Team 8 October and attended the mayors' conference on that date.

Mr. Walter Thoresen, D.C, Civil Information Officer, this Team, visited the Ishikawa Military Government Team on 12 October, and attended

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 31 October 1948 cont'd.

the mayors' conference in Kanazawa on that same date.

In preparing this report, an attempt has been made to follow closely the recommendations made in Par 2 d (8), Operational Directive No. 53, subject: "Military Government Operational Reports", Headquarters, Eighth United States Army, 8 October 1948. An attempt has been made to include only significant matters.

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ROUTING & RECORD

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX E-2 to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report for Oct 48.

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
			CO	
			EX 2	Comment and return to Executive Officer.
			ADJ	
			C/C	Type comments in duplicate.
			M/C	
2	24 Nov	CIO	PE DO	Activity is noted in all priority programs with the exception of Daily Security Life.
			RE	
			SU	
			EC	
			LE	
			CI /	It is a bit difficult to determine in the report whether the CIO led in all the programs mentioned, or utilized the media that are part of CI activities, cooperating with other staff members in accomplishing the purposes of the programs. If the former is true, then the CIO is carrying an unnecessarily heavy load.
			PE	
			CH	
			CPC	
			PROC	
			FILE	

TMG No. 6

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MG-14HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX FTo Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 31 October 1948

Prepared By Lt T. Perkins & Mr. John J. Lewis (DAC)

FINANCE AND CIVIL PROPERTY1. Surveillance of Taxes:

By 31 October the taxation offices in Toyama Ken had collected ¥938,778,000.00 or 42.7% of anticipated amount to be collected for the fiscal year, 1948-1949. This headquarters does not agree with this figure, therefore, the Tax Surveillance Officer is investigating this matter. The Tax Surveillance Officer being new, most of the time has been spent in learning the tax problems. The Tax Surveillance Officer has visited all taxation offices, stressing collection of back taxes, and enforcement of the transaction tax.

2. United Nations Property:

The two (2) oil distribution points in this Prefecture, owned by the Rising Sun Oil Co, and the Standard Oil Co. were visited, and condition and appearances of these installations were satisfactory. Fire extinguishers and other fire fighting equipment were checked, and found to be in good repair. Personnel at the installations were instructed to check all fire extinguishers every twenty (20) days, and to take extra precaution against the possibility of spontaneous combustion.

3. Looted Property:

The thirteen (13) CPC machines, which were looted from China, are now in the custody of the Nippon Stainless Steel Co., Takaoka Plant (42-12), and are cared for properly under provisions of SCAPIN 1219.

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ROUTING & RECORD

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX F to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report for Oct 48.

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
			CO EX 2 ADJ C/S	Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.
			PROC FILE	no comment

TMG No. 6

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MG-4HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301

30 September 1948

SUBJECT: Military Government Activities Report

TO : See Distribution

1. In compliance with paragraph 10, Annex 8, Administrative Order Number 20, Headquarters Eighth Army, and Operational Directive Number 71, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 10 December 1947, the Military Government Activities Report for the month of September 1948 is submitted.

2. Significant items of interest:

a. No new cases of Japanese B Encephalitis have been reported in the prefecture since 18 September. Of the 123 cases reported this year, 53 died, 56 have been cured, and no report has yet been received on the remaining 14. The epidemic is believed to have terminated.

b. The Civil Education, Civil Information, and Legal and Government Sections of Military Government as well as various Japanese agencies have been very active in making preparations for the first School Board Election, to be held on 5 October. Lectures, conferences, and discussion group meetings have been held, and wide publicity has been given to the program in order to obtain a large and intelligent vote during the School Board Election. This Prefecture will have 15 local school boards in addition to the prefectural board.

c. On 28 September a large leaflet drop was sponsored by the Civil Information Section with the assistance of three liaison planes from Kumaki Air Base. Over 500,000 leaflets covering the tax collection, land reform, school board, and crop collection programs were scattered over most of the communities in the prefecture.

Ovid E. Scott
OVID E. SCOTT
Major, FA
Commanding

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MG-4BASIC: Ltr, Hq Toyama Mil Govt Team, APO 301, Subj: "Military Government
Activities Report," dated 30 September 48.

9 Incls:

Annex A Political and Governmental Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QGS-01)

Annex B-1 Public Health Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QPH-01)

Annex B-2 Public Welfare Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QPH-01)

Annex C Labor Surveillance Report
(Reports Control Symbol QSS-02)

Annex D-1 Industry
(Reports Control Symbol MG-11) (R1)

Annex D-2 Natural Resources
(Reports Control Symbol MG-11) (R1)

Annex D-3 Reparations
(Reports Control Symbol MG-11) (R1)

Annex E-1 Civil Education Activities
(Reports Control Symbol MG-12)

Annex E-2 Civil Information Report
(Reports Control Symbol QCIE-02)

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1 - Tokai-Hokuriku MG Region
1 - 24th Inf Regt
2 - Ea Team of Region
1 - File

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QCS-01HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX ATo Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By Willie Brady, 1st Lt, FA

POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES1. Japanese Governmental Administration:

a. Five of the standing committees established by the prefectural assembly met during the month of September. The main problems discussed were those pertaining to allocation of delivery quotas for wheat during 1948, revision of firewood demand and supply adjustment law, rehabilitation of flood damaged areas, land reform, examination of the national health insurance system, disposition of excess school buildings caused by the plan for a merger of certain high schools, educational practices in the rural areas, and an increase in the budget for public safety.

b. During the month of September the Legal Government Officer made a survey of twenty-one cities and towns in Toyama Prefecture. The purpose of this survey was to determine the kind of legislation that had been passed by these cities and towns since May 1947. Mayors, officials, and assembly-men of several of these local bodies have been contacted concerning city legislation. Encouragement and advice has been given them with special emphasis on ordinances passed by other cities in this prefecture that are considered good and those that are suggested by this and higher headquarters.

c. Lectures and round table discussion meetings on police reorganization were held in 20 different places in the prefecture during the month of September. Police chiefs and other lectured on the new police system to a total audience of about 2,000. In the audience were heads of towns and villages, teachers, business men, representatives of women's groups, and others. During the first part of September a series of ten posters on the new police system was displayed in the leading department store of Toyama City. There were a total of ten news items and two editorials on this subject published by three local newspapers.

d. Lecture meetings designed to popularize the civil liberties were held in 32 places throughout the prefecture from the latter part of August through September. Approximately 6,000 people attended these meetings Seventy-five per cent of whom were women. The plan was set up by the Social Education Section. Personnel of this section also arranged two excellent radio broadcasts.

e. The Local Autonomy Program during the month of September was conducted in an excellent manner. Complete reports have not yet been received from all areas of the prefecture, but reports to date indicate that approximately 46,000 people in 223 different places throughout the prefecture attended meetings during the month. Discussions were conducted by mayors, assistant mayors, lawyers,

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QGS-01

Annex A to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

members of parent-teacher associations, school teachers, and many others. It is estimated that, when all the reports are in, the final figure for the month will be 75,000. Schools are concentrating on essays, posters, and actual lessons in local self-government. It is believed that many of the so called "little people" are attending meetings on Local Autonomy and that by the end of the year one half of the population of the prefecture will have attended one or more lectures and discussion meetings on this subject. The newspaper coverage has been excellent - 31 news items and 7 announcements. At a ceremony at the Kencho the president of the - Kitanippon Newspaper - awarded prizes to five school students whose essays had been judged to be of highest quality. The Civil Information and Legal-Government Officer have maintained close liaison with each other and with the Japanese on this program.

f. A considerable amount of interest was shown in the coming election for School Boards. A number of conferences, sponsored by Military Government and the Prefectural Government were held to explain this law to the people of the prefecture. In addition to the prefectural board there were 15 metropolitan units qualified to have school boards. The numbers of candidates for the different school board positions are as follows:

Prefecture 13; Toyama City 4; Takaoka City 9; five towns 5 each; two towns 4 each; five villages 5 each; and one village 6.

g. Matters pertaining to Japanese courts and the administration of justice:

The total number of untried and undecided cases at the end of August was 747. The simple courts had 526. The District Courts had 221. The total number of cases decided by all courts during the month was 664. The total number of cases received by all courts during the month was 869.

2. Other Important Comments:

a. On 10 September the police of Namerikawa responded to an emergency call from the director of the Chuetsu Denki Kogyo Company. Members of the labor union employed by the company had forced their way into the directors residence. The union representatives were dispersed without any conflict. The police promptly referred the case to the procurator, who recommended that both sides in the dispute refer their case to the local Labor Relations Committee.

b. S. K. Eaton, Lt Col, FA, and E. A. Cummings, Lt Col, INF, from Headquarters Eighth Army visited this section 28 September 1948.

c. The Tax Surveillance Officer visited taxation offices and lectured to the workers on the necessity of study to improve their own efficiency. They were also cautioned against accepting gifts and parties from taxpayers whom they would be called upon to assess. On 27 September, 400,000 leaflets were dropped from the three liaison planes over most of the communities in the

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QGS-01

Annex A to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt
Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

prefecture. These leaflets encouraged the payment of national and prefectural
taxes. By 30 September the taxation offices in Toyama Prefecture had collected
737,436,000 yen, or 46.5% of the total amount collected during the previous
fiscal year.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX A, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, Sept 48

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
				Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.
				2a. The Tokai L-G officer is in disagreement with action taken. The Japanese Procurator should be advised of the law of trespass, Breaking and Entering, Threats etc. The criminal act cannot be condoned by calling it a Labor Relations Problem. The action of the police was satisfactory. The action of the Procurator is extremely questionable.
				Forbes.

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QPH-01HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX B-1To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By William F. Little, Capt, MC

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES1. Administration:

a. The Model Health Center in Toyama City was officially opened with a simple ceremony on 16 Sept 1948. It is set up similar to the model demonstrated in Tokyo and in general is satisfactory although there is still a need for more Public Health nurses. Three clinical nurses are being trained in the health center at present to help with this shortage. On 22 Sept 1948 Capt Mintzer, the public health officer from Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, paid a visit to this team and inspected the health center. He recommended that clinic hours be more definitely established and publicized.

b. Reports from Public Health officials indicate that all sanitary associations have been dissolved and their work taken over by city or prefectural employees. There was no problem of disbursement of supplies since these associations in this prefecture were never used as distributing agent for public sanitary supplies and had no such supplies on hand. Several proposals for reforming voluntary associations have been discouraged by this office because it was felt they would be of little value and would afford an excellent opportunity for the renewal of a politically controlled organization.

c. On 23 Sept 1948 there was a general scientific meeting of the prefectural medical association attended by about 400 private practitioners. The Public Health officer of this team presented a paper on new drugs in America. An agreement was reached with the president of this association whereby information pertaining to public health matters can be quickly and easily distributed to the members who comprise about 90% of the doctors in this prefecture.

d. This prefecture has only one hospital where mental patients can be cared for and it is a private hospital. The prefecture has made an agreement with the director of this hospital to care for patients committed to an institution by law, since the old prefectural hospital was closed because of inadequate facilities.

2. Veterinary Affairs:

a. During this month there were 5 new cases of equine encephalitis all of which occurred early in the month. There were no other cases of communicable diseases of animals reported. These animals were all isolated and horses in the

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Annex B-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

area were given encephalitis vaccine.

b. The prefectural additions to the food inspection law were submitted to the sanitary committee of the prefectural assembly. The assembly is scheduled to meet in the latter part of October and the provisions should then become law. The delay was due to the fact that the welfare ministry instructions were not received until July of this year.

3. Nursing Affairs:

a. Miss Hubbell, the Public Health nurse from Tokai-Hokuriku Region, visited this team this month to inspect and assist the nursing affairs. Conferences were held with representatives from the various nursing groups and two of the larger hospitals were inspected in regard to nursing schools and other nursing activities.

b. During the month two lecture courses of 5 hours each were given to midwives in the prefecture to improve their handling of cases and to encourage physical examinations of pregnant women by a doctor before delivery.

4. Medical Supply:

a. A check on all insecticides revealed an adequate supply for the coming season under normal circumstances but an extra emergency supply will have to be requisitioned as a precaution in the event of an outbreak of an insect-borne disease.

5. Preventive Medicine:

a. During this month 23 new cases of Japanese B. Encephalitis were reported with the last one occurring on 18 Sept 1948. This brought the total number of cases reported this year to 123 cases. Of the 123 cases, 53 died, 56 have been cured and no report has been received on the other 14 reported cases. Since no new cases have occurred in the last 13 days of this month it is felt the epidemic is probably over but precautions have not been relaxed as yet. There was no definite pattern of case occurrence, and the cases are scattered over the whole prefecture with the largest concentration of cases in the two largest cities.

b. At a prefectural-wide Welfare conference, plans were made to establish tuberculosis control committees of ten members each in each of the cities and towns. These committees will have as their chief functions the dissemination of information for the prevention of tuberculosis and arranging for proper medical care of known cases. Also an attempt is being made to organize tubercular patients into an association which may help them obtain extra food and medical supplies. This latter group is a private organization led by a former inmate of one of the tuberculosis sanatoria who believes he can help his fellow sufferers. The organization was investigated by the Public Health Officer of this team and there appears to be no objection to it at present if they are not allowed to collect and distribute staple rationed foods as was at first proposed.

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Annex B-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

c. There was a remarkable drop in the number of syphilis reported in the first week of this month to about 1/3 of the average but the number rose to average for the rest of the month. There was no plausible reason for this sudden drop. Financial arrangements have been completed for the construction of a 60 bed V.D. hospital in Toyama City under prefectural supervision. This should be adequate in size to take care of the cases in this area. During the month two instances of girls working as prostitutes to pay off debts were uncovered, and the police report that both girls have left the house and their debts have been cancelled. It was also found that health certificates were being issued to girls starting work in a new "eating house" but that none were issued after this original. It was advised that this practice be stopped even if it is allowed by a prefectural regulation regarding such establishments.

6. Sanitary Engineering:

a. Mr. E. A. Turner, sanitary engineer from SCAP, visited this team for two days early in the month. Mr. Turner held several conferences with insect and rodent control officers and with the city planning sections. He also inspected some of the sanitary teams in their field work. In the two cities of this prefecture all of the sanitary teams are hired by the cities, and none work directly out of the health centers, although inspectors from the health centers check their work and make suggestions. The chief fault of these teams is that they often lack good leadership and waste time on useless projects.

b. A liquid chlorinator was installed in the Demachi public water supply system this month since this water had previously not been chlorinated. This still leaves three water supplies which are not chlorinated and every effort will be made to obtain these chlorinators.

7. Nutrition Affairs:

a. The compiled figures of a nutrition survey conducted in August indicate little change in the amount or type of food consumed since the last survey was made. The results of this survey have been forwarded to the Welfare Ministry.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX B-1, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

NOTE: This sheet will remain attached to all paper bearing on this subject, and will be filled in the File Section, this hq, upon completion of action. It will never be used for transmittal outside of this headquarters. Each notation will be numbered consecutively. Full width of the sheet will be used with separating line drawn full width below each memo.

ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
				<p>Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Comments</u></p>
	14 Oct 48	Capt. Mintzer	Executive Officer	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Very good report. 2. Keep in close touch with H.C. to see that clinics are scheduled. 3. Be sure that adequate supplies of 10% DDT dust & typhus vaccine are on hand. Typhus season is approaching. 4. Do not believe it is a good idea for tuberculous patients to form an organization. They tend to obtain too much power and dictate the policy of the hospital to the director. This case has arisen in one of the prefectures in this Region. Will discuss further on next visit.
	TRG NO. 6			

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QPH-01HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX B-2To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By H. M. Johnston, Sgt

PUBLIC WELFARE ACTIVITIES1. Public Assistance:

a. In relation to the figures for the month of August, statistics show a decrease of 802 persons receiving aid under the Daily Life Security Law. Despite the decreased number of relief recipients, figures indicate an increase in livelihood grants due to higher cost of living and the subsequent increases in individual grants.

The Prefectural Planning Committee has been studying the cost of living here and trying to establish a better standard on which the local officials may make decisions on their cases. Studies have shown it quite impossible to live on the present grant, (grants may be increased in the near future).

b. Four administrative reviews conducted this month reveal continued improvements. The filing system introduced to the welfare officials several months ago is working successfully throughout the prefecture. The Japanese are finally acknowledging the importance of good administration for an efficient welfare office. The Prefectural Welfare Office field workers have also been conducting administrative reviews and inspecting welfare institutions. Reports of their findings are being submitted to this office.

Administrative reviews conducted during the month by this office are attached.

2. Child welfare:

The Toyama Child welfare Center, which is at present located in the office of the Toyama Women Association, will soon move to its own office. The Foster Home Service Plan is showing a marked improvement in placing orphans into proper homes. Posters explaining the Foster Home Service are being placed in public buildings since the public has not been properly informed of this plan.

3. Welfare institutions visited:

(1) Japanese Red Cross Hospital	-	Toyama City
(2) Toyama National Hospital	-	Toyama City
(3) Demachi Day Nursery	-	Demachi Machi
(4) Tomari Kose Ryo	-	Tomari Machi
(5) Takaoka Occupation Agency	-	Takaoka City

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Annex B-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

- (6) Uozu Work Shop - Uozu Machi
(7) Fujikoshi Health Institution - Toyama City

Institutions visited still show a lack of trained managers. This office intends to hold special courses in the near future to improve this deficiency.

4. Homeless Persons:

a. On the night of 9 Sept, 13 vagrants were picked up at the Toyama Railway Station by Toyama City Welfare Officials. Investigation of these vagrants revealed that 5 of them were residents of Toyama while the other 8 were from other locations. Nine of these vagrants were returned to their responsible guardians, while the other 4 are still being held under the custody of the Prefectural Child Welfare Officials.

b. Two other vagrants were discovered on 26 Sept, both girls, 17 yrs old. They were temporarily accommodated at the Toyama Gakuen while contacts were being made with their responsible guardians. Both girls were returned to their homes in Osaka. The food consumed by them during their temporary stay was met by special rations.

5. Foreign Nationals:

There are now 14 foreign nationals residing in this prefecture, 12 Chinese, 1 American, and 1 German. The German is a Catholic priest, transferred from Ishikawa Prefecture on 28 Aug 48. Five spot checks were made by a representative of this office. No complaints or discrepancies were noted. Japanese officials were found to be complying with current directives.

6. Repatriation:

Repatriates returned to this prefecture total 30,329, of which 3,987 are receiving aid. Repatriates are met at the station by a reception committee with tea and refreshments. The repatriates are instructed to proceed to the Prefectural Government for advice as to housing and employment.

7. Other Important Welfare Matters:

a. Plans for the establishment of Unemployment Institutions:

Four unemployment institutions will be established at prefectural government expense as follows:

Toyama-shi - Manufacturing Imitation Pearls,
Takaoka-shi - Manufacturing Cloth,
Uozu - Manufacturing Cloth,
Shinminato - Manufacturing Imitation Pearls.

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Annex B-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

The total cost of these 4 institutions will be ¥3,000,000. All able-bodied persons now on relief will be able to make use of these institutions.

b. Mr. Dale L. Rose, Social Security Branch, SCAP, visited this team 20-22 Sept for the purpose of investigating National Health Insurance procedures in Toyama Prefecture. During his stay a conference was held with prefectural officials and all others concerned. Mr. Rose and Sgt Johnston of the Public Welfare Section visited three leading industries in Toyama Prefecture and discussed Social Security Insurance programs.

c. Community Chest:

This office believes that the Community Chest Drive in Toyama Prefecture will be successful.

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Revised: 12-10-47

ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW CHECK LIST

1. Welfare Office visited		Oswano	Isurugi	Demachi	Isurugi
2. Date of Visit		8 Sept.	8 Sept.	17 Sept.	24 Sept.
3. Population of Area		8,767	10,800	6,700	10,400
4. Case Load of Area					
Indoor		33	67	45	64
Outdoor		1	0	4	2
5. No. of Minsei-ian		7 (3)	20 (6)	15 (4)	18 (7)
6. No. of Paid Welfare Workers		1	3	3	2
past Two Months	7. a. No. of New Applications	2	4	5	0
	b. Applications Rejected	0	0	1	2
	c. Applications Approved	0	4	4	2
	d. Cases Discontinued	2	10	4	4
	e. No. of Appeals	0	0	0	0
	f. No. of Appeals Resulting in Case Opening	0	0	0	0
8. No. Cases Checked in Office During Review		33	60	35	64
9. No. of Families Checked by Japanese:		33	67	45	65
a. Last 30 days					
b. Last 60 days		66	134	90	130
c. No. not Checked During Last 60 Days		1	0	8	1
10. No. Cases Found During Review to Be: (under latest schedule)		26	67	0	0
a. Properly Budgeted					
b. Over Budgeted		0	0	0	0
c. Under Budgeted		0	0	0	0
d. Condition too Poor for Review to be Made		0	0	0	0
11. No. of Families Visited By MG Rep. In Connection with Review		4	9	7	4
No. of Discrepancies Found		0	0	0	1
12. Average Date Recipients Receives Aid		10th	15th	15th	15th
13. Was Assistance in Kind Disputed		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

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Administrative Review, cont'd

14. Data on Intake and Closing of Cases Past Two Months (see note 1)

Type of Assistance	Applications Received	Applications Rejected	Applications Approved	Aid Discontinued
Living Expenses	15	1	12	20
Medical Aid	21	0	21	10
Maternity Aid	1	0	1	1
Funeral Aid	3	0	3	3
Occupational Aid	5	0	5	5
Totals	45	1	42	39

15. Does each area (or all areas) visited have an adequate Binsei-in training program? Yes If not comment.

16. Is assistance in kind properly accounted for? Yes If not what is being done?

17. Give general conclusions regarding the Japanese welfare administration based upon this administrative review (or all administrative review conducted during this month.)

See Par 1 Annex B-2

Note: 1. This page should be filled out complete for each assistance office reviewed. Monthly report can be made using same form showing totals for all reviews conducted during the month.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET HEADQUARTERS TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu) SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX B-2, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
	15 Oct 48	PW	Ex	<p>Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.</p> <p>Very short report.</p> <p>Reference, Par 7a. It is suggested that a thorough investigation be made to determine the purpose of establishment of these institutions, and who are to be the recipients of the profits?</p>

TMG NO. 6

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QESS-02HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX CTo Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948LABOR SURVEILLANCE REPORT1. Identification:

- a. Prefecture covered: Toyama
- b. Report for month of: September 1948
- c. Individual preparing report: Kenneth R. Speas, Captain, FA

2. Labor Procurement:Extent to which labor requisitions are complied with by the Japanese:
100%3. Wages and Working Conditions - Labor Standards Law

a. The Labor Standards Bureau is currently undergoing a revision of its structure in accordance with instructions from the Labor Ministry, in order to improve the effectiveness of surveillance. The Bureau continues to operate below the authorized allowance in personnel due to an inadequate budget, and the Bureau reports that the activities of currently employed personnel are also limited by the budget.

b. Staffs of the Labor Standards Offices appear fairly efficient. They appear to be more energetic and sincere than was thought a month ago. Investigation is underway to determine whether an inadequate budget is affecting their efficiency.

c. The attitude of employers toward enforcement of the Labor Standards Law is improving, although many employers still remain critical. Their main point is that the Law insures workers' rights, while imposing regulations and responsibilities on the employers. They believe, therefore, that Japanese industrial rehabilitation can never be achieved as long as the Labor Standards Law is enforced. Other employers, especially in the middle and small scale commercial and industrial circles, are still pursuing profit, at the sacrifice of working conditions, and wages. Cooperation on the part of both labor and management is improving, however.

d. Unions are cooperating very well in the enforcement of the Labor Standards Law, except that certain influential unions have protested against any overtime duty. They base their protest on Article 32 (Working Hours), with no consideration being given to Article 33 (same subject), which makes certain exceptions.

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QESS-02

Annex C to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

e. 71 officials inspected 264 plants during the month. Some of the plants were inspected a number of times. 363 violations of the Labor Standards Law were detected as follows:

<u>Article</u>	<u>Cases</u>
110 (Reporting)	80
108 (Wage Ledger)	58
107 (Workers' Roster)	35
106 (Dissemination of Laws and Regulations)	27
95 (Order of Dormitory Life)	1
89 (Submission of Rules of Employment)	42
63 (Dangerous and Harmful Jobs)	2
61 (Working Hours and Rest Days of Women)	4
60 (Working Hours and Rest Days of Minors)	5
57 (Certificate of Minors)	25
54 (Supervisory Administrative Methods)	3
52 (Physical Examinations)	3
39 (Annual Vacation with Pay)	4
37 (Increased Wages for Overtime)	20
35 (Rest Days)	13
34 (Recess)	1
32 (Working Hours)	34
24 (Payment of Wages)	4
15 (Clarification of Working Conditions)	2
	<u>363</u>

Action taken in reference to the above consisted only of reprimands and advice. No cases were referred to the procurator.

f. No instances of forced labor were detected. The five cases reported under Article 60 (par e above) were instances of adverse child labor. A total of six cases pertaining to safety and sanitation is reported in Par e above, as violations of Articles 52 and 54.

g. A total of eight minor complaints was submitted to the Bureau by workers. Prompt investigation of these revealed a total of 18 violations by management. Action taken was in the form of reprimand and advice only.

4. Labor Relations:

a. There were no labor relations cases during the month where Occupation Force action was taken.

b. (1) On 10 September representatives of the Chuetsu Denki Kogyo KK Labor Union forced their entrance into the company director's residence after the company had refused to continue negotiation of the dispute. The police responded to the emergency call of the director, dispersed the union representatives, and remained temporarily on guard. However, there was no conflict between the police and the union members.

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QESS-02

Annex C to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

(2) The police promptly referred the above instance to the local procurator, who recommended that both sides in the dispute immediately refer their case to the local Labor Relations Committee.

(3) No action involving Labor Relations was referred to Japanese Courts during September.

c. During the month there were no complaints or allegations of employer domination or influence in labor union activity, nor was there any concerning discrimination against employees for labor union activity.

d. Not applicable.

e. The local Labor Relations Committee reported that six disputes were settled by conciliation during the month of September, leaving no cases pending. This is true only because the Japanese apparently make no differentiation between conciliation and mediation. An example of this is the Takaoka Automobile Industry Co. dispute, which was settled actually by mediation, after conciliation meetings had previously broken down. Two other cases, the Chuetsu Denki Kogyo KK, and the Tateyama Jukogyo KK, were reported as settled, when the only decision reached was that both sides would negotiate directly, during which time no aid from the committee would be enlisted. No settlement has been reached in either of these two cases.

f. No changes were made in the personnel of the labor relations committee during the month. The vacancies caused by the resignations of two management representatives on 30 Sug 48 have not been replaced.

g. One clerk, Miss Michiko Nagasawa, age 17 years, was added to the office of the Executive Secretary on 1 September. She had graduated from the Takaoka City Girls School in March. During the month the supplementary budget of ¥1,600 was received for allowances of labor relations committee members during the second quarter of the current fiscal year.

h. No improvement was noted in the types of labor agreements signed. None of the agreements checked gave reference to grievance machinery or contained peace clauses.

i. Trade union constitutions and by-laws are fair. All make specific reference to democracy within the union, and most of them provide for regular secret direct elections. Very few make reference to monthly meetings, or union trial procedure and financial statements.

j. No changes in the leadership of local, prefectural, or regional labor organizations were reported during the month.

5. Employment:

a. Unemployment was absorbed during September as follows:

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QESS-02Annex C to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt
Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

(1) New developments in private industry	570
(2) Public Works	12,145
(3) Vocational Training	4
(4) Other	32

b. Repatriation, immigration, and industrial readjustment contributed a total of 1,487 to unemployment, leaving the grand total of 19,362 still unemployed as of the end of the reporting period.

6. Labor Education:

a. A total of 17 lectures on labor topics was given during the month. 12 were sponsored by the prefectural government; 2 by employer associations; one by the Sodomei Labor Federation; and two by the Prefectural Zenro Congress. Subjects discussed were of a general nature, such as "Consultation Between Labor and Management in Medium and Small-Scale Enterprises". The president of the local Sanbetsu chapter addressed the Toyama Prefectural Zenro Congress on 17 September upon the subject, "The International Situation".

b. No demands for a permanent labor school have been recorded. The general public has thus far viewed the subject with total indifference. Even the prefectural authorities are hesitant to press the issue for fear the people will consider it as further interference into their affairs by officials. No summer labor school was held in this prefecture.

c. Supply of labor books and pamphlets in union offices, prefectural libraries, and CI&E reading rooms is far short of the demand.

d. The Japanese have not been specific in stating what material is most needed, except to say they are short of "everything". It is believed more specific data will be available in October.

e. Military Government has had to take the initiative in inspiring any activity or interest in the field of labor education. Considerable material received from the ESS was submitted to the Labor Administrative offices for reproduction, in whole or in part. The efforts and encouragement by Military Government had considerable influence upon the Japanese decision to organize a labor school to be conducted in this prefecture from 22 October to 9 November inclusive. Full details of the organization and curriculum will be reported upon next month.

7. The entire labor picture in this prefecture was affected during the month by two national disputes, the Densan workers and the government workers. Effects of the Densan dispute have been more marked and obvious. Every industry even remotely dependent upon Densan for their operation have taken advantage of this opportunity, to press new demands of their own, feeling they would not be able to function in case of a general Densan strike. That dispute is being closely watched by every labor faction in the Prefecture. The Densan workers themselves staged numerous demonstration and "wildcat" strikes in various phases

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QESS-02

Annex C to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

of the electrical industry, besides conducting slow-downs in others.

8. Recommendations: None

9. Other Labor Matters:

Under the energetic leadership of Miss Yoshiko Uo, the local branch of the Women's and Minors' Bureau has been very active this past month, especially considering the fact that the local branch consists of only three persons. Emphasis was centered upon women's activities in the rural and farming areas, in an attempt to elevate the daily living conditions of farm women. The Bureau's activities have spread to other fields, however, in an effort to discover evidence of feudalism and to advise how corrections can be made. Many speeches were made by Miss Uo, particular to farmers gatherings.

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ROUTING & RECORD
SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX C, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
				<p>Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.</p>
1	18 Oct 48	Lt. Parker THMG Region	Maj. Wilkins THMG Region	An excellent report.
	THMG NO. 6			

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MG 11 (R1)HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX D-1To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By John J. Lewis, DAC

(Economics Summary) INDUSTRY1. Electric Power:

During the month of September 363,325 KWH of electricity were produced by the hydro-electric plants. This is approximately 62% of estimated maximum production, or an increase of 45,638,027 KWH over the August production.

2. Fertilizer:

a. During September 5,427 tons of Ammonium Sulphate, 2,617 tons of Superphosphate and 4,509 tons of Calcium Cyanamide were produced by the five (5) fertilizer plants in this prefecture.

b. There were 380,032 kgs of Ammonium Nitrate, 1,195,275 kgs of Ammonium Sulphate, 485,329 kgs of Calcium Cyanamide, or a total of 2,176,126 kgs of chemical fertilizer received by designated dealers throughout the Prefecture for distribution to farmers during the month of September.

c. Visits to some of the storage places for fertilizer, especially in small-villages, revealed that some of the fertilizer was wet. At two different places the custodian of the warehouse claimed that the Ammonium Nitrate was wet when received at the rail head. Instructions have been issued to places storing fertilizer, through the Fertilizer Section of the Kencho, on the proper care and storage of commercial fertilizers.

3. Control Associations:

Investigations of the Aquatic Products Receiving Union (Suisanbutsu Niuke Kumiai), one of the associations listed in a list of possible control associations received from Hq, Eighth Army, revealed that there were twenty-nine (29) branches of this Association in Toyama Ken. The association is engaged in transporting fish in inter-prefectural shipments and supplying fish to fish mongers. The headquarters and business is handled by the Prefectural Fisheries Section. This association has control of a number of what are called "Commercial Associations", in addition to the twenty-nine branches, and all fish mongers have to belong to one of these associations to be able to obtain any fish for sale to the public. This association is directly under government control, and all fish mongers either belong to it or are not able to carry out normal business activities.

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MG 11 (R1)

Annex D-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

4. Critical Materials:

a. Excess amount of materials transferred to different industrial concerns are as follows:

(1) Transferred by means of coupons to Industrial Concerns:

Copper - - - - - 5 tons
Steel - - - - - 10 tons
Caustic Soda - -500 tons

Fishery Associations:

Nails - - - - -156 kgs
Wire - - - - -77.6 "
Galvanized Wire - - 5 kgs

b. During the month of September the EIB and the Military Government Economics Section made thirty-four (34) spot checks and found ten (10) violations. These violators are now being prosecuted.

5. Transportation Control:

a. Police check points and road blocks still operate successfully. On railroad shipments, especially of illegal textiles, it is a practice to wrap the textile in old or second-hand clothes and ship it by express. To eliminate this practice, the goods would either have to be wrapped in the presence of an express agent, or every package would have to be opened and inspected.

b. Through road blocks and other transportation control the Japanese Police confiscated 1932.9 kgs of rice, 229 kgs of beans, 104 kgs of wheat, 37 kgs of barley, 57 kan of white potatoes, and 52 kgs of sugar. This shows a decrease in the amount of staple foods confiscated through transportation control action over that of the previous month, and may be attributed to the fact that during the rice harvesting it was announced by the police that they would intensify their surveillance, a program which they have carried out. Apparently people engaged in transportation are waiting until the police relax their vigilance when they will try transporting illegal materials again.

6. Shipbuilding:

a. The Saga Shipyard, authorized to convert two (2) former Japanese Naval vessels into fishing boats, have completed 49% of one and expect to start work on the other during the first part of October.

b. The Nippon Kai Dockyard has repaired 15 vessels in their yard during September.

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MG 11 (R1)

Annex D-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

7. Imports and Exports:

Shipment of semi-cokes from Russian-held territory totalled 8,407 tons. Shipment of graphite from Korea totalled 1,088 tons. As of September there were approximately 34,000 kg tons of cargo waiting shipment by rail at the ports of Fushiki and Toyama. This cargo included, coal, semi-coke, graphite, lumber, cement, and general cargo. The port authorities claim that the freight cars received are not sufficient to handle all the cargo; for a few days they receive sufficient cars, and then the number of cars received drops to less than half the required amount.

8. Scrap Steel:

The scrap survey of iron and steel has been made by the Nagoya Commerce and Industry Bureau, Toyama Branch. This survey and spot-checking started 13 August 1948 and was completed on 30 September. Ten radio broadcasts and several press items publicized the survey and method of reporting. This publicity was carried out with the knowledge of the Civil Information Section. The five teams engaged in spot-checking are composed of experienced men, and they seem to be doing an efficient and thorough job. Of the 397 survey reports submitted to the Economics Section, ten were found to be incorrect. A total of 35,288 tons of scrap was reported.

9. Industry Production:

During the month of September the following materials were produced in Toyama Ken:

<u>NAME OF MATERIALS</u>	<u>NO. OF FACTORIES</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Steel	4	kg ton	3,407.06
Pig Iron	8	kg ton	3,901.488
Textiles			
Linen thread		lbs	194,474
Cotton "		"	3,175,863
Silk "		"	48,775
Linen Cloth		sq yd	42,009
Cotton "		"	4,067,806
Silk "		"	264,909
Rayon "		"	214,457
Manila Rope	2	lbs	113,723
Toys for Export	2	Yen	¥104,000.00

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MG 11 (R1)HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX D-2To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By Kenneth R. Speas, Capt, FA

(Economics Summary) NATURAL RESOURCES1. Agriculture:

a. As of 30 September the white potato collection had reached 130.7%; the wheat and barley collection 109.8%; the rice collection 31.8%; and the sweet potato collection 6.8% of their respective quotas.

b. Pre-planting quotas for wheat and barley have been forwarded to all villages, and approximately 90% of the farmers have received their individual quotas.

c. Late in the month the farmers rushed their rice into the collection points in order to take advantage of the 30 September deadline for the early delivery bonus. Many collection points remained open until 2400 hours daily to accommodate late arrivals.

d. Due to bad weather, considerable difficulty has been encountered in drying the rice. The average rice yield for the prefecture is 2 koku, 1 to, per tan. Yields are less in flood damaged areas. Affecting the crop collection is the fact that many farmers fear that if they turn in more than 100% of their quotas for next year will be increased. The farmers are being informed that this is not true.

2. Fish and Vegetable Control:

During September the Economic Police reported 2,351 cases involving blackmarketing of controlled commodities. Over 20 of these were large cases. One involved 100 bales of rice, and another sea weed valued at ¥3,000,000.

Emphasis will continue to be placed upon the source of black-market goods, and in the coming months, upon the distribution of charcoal. The fish catch for September amounted to 398.329 tons.

Currently, the greatest shortage of materials essential to the fishing industry is rubber and textile goods (rain coats, boots, gloves, etc). However, the distribution of manila rope, cotton fishing net, and thread have improved. The fishery associations have received approximately 75% of their needs for the autumn fishing.

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MG 11 (R1)

Annex D-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team
period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

Effort is being made to secure materials for the fishermen, but due to the shortage in materials, the fishermen's needs will probably be met by the use of blackmarket goods.

3. Mining:

a. Coal production increased 35% over the August production figure, but it remains only 52% of maximum production. The repair of damaged machinery is much advanced over last month.

b. Lignite production is approximately 90% of maximum, or an increase of 15% over August.

c. Graphite production has increased approximately 5% over last month.

4. Agricultural Cooperative Associations

a. Two Agricultural Cooperative Associations were inspected by Military Government during September. The assets of these two have been transferred in accordance with applicable Agricultural Laws.

b. The extension program, under the Agriculture Improvement Service, has been organized to provide the farmers with a complete agriculture advisory service. General meetings are being held to discuss farmers' problems.

5. Land Reform:

Land sold to the tenants during September totalled 2,456.2 cho of paddy land and 194 cho of up-land. The total sold to date, including tax land, is 23,003 cho of paddy land, and 1,988 cho of up-land. 4,000 cho are expected to have been sold by 2 October.

6. Forestry:

a. Transporting forestry products from producing areas is receiving a high priority on all means of transportation. This will be continued until winter weather halts the operations. Many villages have received their wood and charcoal allocations, and the people are now stocking up for the winter. The Economic Crime Section of the National Rural Police will maintain surveillance on the shipment of charcoal and wood in order to keep it in legal channels.

b. There has been no change in the status of the reforestation program over last month.

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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301

ANNEX D-3

To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By John J. Lewis, DAC

(Economics Summary) REPARATIONS

1. During the month of September all plants under reparation control and custody were inspected at least once by Military Government and at least twice by personnel of the Reparations Section of the Toyama Prefectural Government for compliance with SCAPIN.

In aircraft plants, arsenals, and privately-owned munitions plants all machines in authorized use were inspected to see that provisions of OD 21, Hq Eighth Army were being followed.

The care and maintenance of all equipment and machines under reparation control and custody which were inspected was excellent.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX D-3, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
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		Econ Sec	Exe Off	No comment.

TMG NO. 6

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MG-12HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX E-1To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared By Charles F. Barratt, DAC

CIVIL EDUCATION ACTIVITIES1. School Decentralization:

a. The major share of work for this period was devoted to preparatory activities connected with Boards of Education. Military Government sponsored 21 key conferences in areas which will have local Boards this year. A short introduction by Military Government, a panel discussion presented by a team of 5 members, a Kamishibai, and appropriate movies reached over 10,000 citizens of the prefecture.

b. All school principals discussed the School Board Law with Parent-Teachers Associations and in local community meetings.

c. On 30 September one of the panel teams broadcast for 15 minutes over the local radio station, from 6:30 to 6:45 pm.

d. Statistics on the Prefectural and Local School Boards follow:

<u>Location</u>	<u>No. of Candidates</u>	<u>Population</u>
Toyama Prefecture	13	998,349
Cities - Toyama	4	144,229
Takaoka	9	136,837
Towns - Namerikawa, Nakaniikawa gun	4	13,609
Kamichi, " "	5	10,254
Oyama, " "	4	12,636
Himi, Himi gun	5	23,069
Demachi, Higashitonami gun	5	6,707
Fukuno, " "	5	12,585
Isurugi, Nishitonami gun	5	10,255
Villages - Minamikazumi, Nakaniikawa gun	4	2,611
Kamagafuchi, " "	4	2,405
Matsuzawa, Nishitonami gun	4	1,879
Nishifutomi, " "	6	1,810
Minamitani, " "	4	2,217
Mizushima " "	4	2,618

e. On the whole the calibre of the candidates is high. The only teacher running for office is the head of the Teacher's Union, who filed for the Prefectural Board. The mayor of a large village which will have a Board this year is also a candidate for the Prefectural Board.

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Annex E-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt
Team period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

2. Adult Education:

a. Women's Organization.

(1) A representative of Region Civil Education Section met with 13 local women leaders, talked about past activities and achievements, and discussed future plans. As a result of her suggestion, a selected group of 18 women representing 18 strong, independent organizations volunteered to attend orientation classes with the various Military Government sections. These women are above average in intelligence and have the free time to attend classes, attend conferences in other Prefectures, and to give worthwhile help to the Adult Education programs.

(2) The Civil Education Officer met with the Federation of Women's Associations (Rengo Fujin Kai) for basic discussion and orientation. Plans made for the next three months include: encouraging and helping local organizations to take part in such national programs as Simplification of the Wedding Ceremony, Anti-Blackmarket, the New Home Economics campaign, etc; moving their office out of the Prefectural Government Building, (this was accomplished on 28 September); visiting and finding out what women's organizations are doing in other prefectures (a women representative of the Social Education Section plans to visit Osaka, Nagoya, Shiga, Kyoto, and Mie during next month); and planning women's leadership training institutes and the follow-up of previous conferences.

b. Parent-Teachers Associations.

(1) A meeting with the Parent-Teachers Association Guidance Committee, consisting of representatives of the 18 model Parent-Teachers Associations, two representatives of the Teacher's Union, and two representatives of the Social Education Section, was held on 14 September and the following plans were made for the next three months: to publicize to all schools the standards of the model association; to encourage other Parent-Teachers Associations to petition to join, and if they meet the required standards, to admit them; to visit and advise schools which desire to make improvements; to sponsor gun-wide conferences during November; to visit and find out about good Parent-Teachers Associations in other prefectures to contribute articles to and receive Parent-Teachers Association magazines printed in other prefectures.

c. Youth Groups.

(1) The judging committee for essays on Local Autonomy announced the names of five upper secondary students on the 27th. The awarding of prizes with an appropriate ceremony was held on 30 September.

(2) Leadership training courses were held in the two major areas of the prefecture with over 200 leaders of independent groups and the Youth Association in attendance. Gun and local training courses will commence with the return of delegates from the Tokyo and Nagoya conferences.

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Annex E-1 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt
Team period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

(3) Boy and Girl Scout activities during the month included: 2 round-table conferences on Girl Scouting; the inspection of two Boy Scout Troops; the establishment of three new troops for boy's, bringing the total for boy's to 18 troops, girl's remaining at five; a meeting with the Council for the Construction of a Scout-house, which reported a fund of 1,600,000 yen available for future construction; two public exhibitions of scouting materials.

d. Citizen's Public Halls.

The committee to pick 5 outstanding Citizen's Public Halls announced their decision on 24 September and notified the Monbusho. Only four were found that satisfied the minimum Monbusho standards.

e. Culture Day.

50 heads of various groups in the prefecture together with officials of prefectural, local and municipal government offices met together on the 17 September to form a Cultural Group Council and to make plans for 3 November.

3. Other Matters:

a. The 1st All-Prefecture Athletic Meet was held for 4 days commencing on 9 September. Over 700 citizens participated in swimming, track and field, baseball, basketball, football, calisthenics, sumo, bicycle racing, rugby, boxing, wrestling, horseback riding, mountaineering and ping pong matches. Preliminaries were held in each gun and city. Some events were concurrently try-out eliminations for the Third National Athletic Meet.

b. Meetings were held with the personnel of prefectural and local office Education, Social Education and Physical Education Sections for evaluation of past activities and concrete planning for the next three months.

c. Takaoka city opened a community playground located in the city park. A large baseball field, tennis courts and a sumo ring are available for public use under the supervision of the city Social Education Section. Volleyball courts are scheduled to be finished in October.

d. A meeting of the 60 primary and 12 lower secondary try-out schools was held to investigate past activities. A special report on the findings of this meeting was sent to Region Headquarters.

e. This Section and the Public Welfare Section conferred with the local Red Cross representative in charge of Junior Red Cross activities. There is now one Junior Red Cross Association in the ninth grade of a lower secondary school. This representative had plans to establish associations in each grade of the "6-3-3" schools and by social pressure to force all students to join. It was suggested that Junior Red Cross activities be organized as an interest club, rather than on a grade or class basis, and that even though the activities are of a worthwhile nature, students should not be forced to join and pay dues.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX E-1, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

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ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
				Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.
				Fine report.
				Follow up PTA activity closely. If Toyama succeeds along these lines the project could be described to other prefectures as one way to improve present PTA's.

TMG NO. 6

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QCIE-02HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301ANNEX E-2To Monthly Military Government Activities Report
Period Ending 30 September 1948

Prepared by Walter Thoresen, DAC

CIVIL INFORMATION

1. Information Programs: As has been previously reported, the objective of the Civil Information Section is to develop the local Japanese media, with the ultimate aim of placing upon these media the entire responsibility for information. During the month of September, emphasis was placed upon the following programs:

a. School Decentralization (Boards of Education): Reference is made to Part I of this Section's monthly activities report for August, 1948, in which the Civil Information Officer predicted a great degree of success in this prefecture for the board of education program. It has been reported to this Section that this prefecture will have 15 of the 45 local school boards that will be established in all of Japan.

The information program has been one of the best thus far seen in this prefecture by the Civil Information Officer. In addition to tens of thousands of locally-prepared posters and some very excellent kamishibai, exhibits borrowed from Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region and posters borrowed from other teams were copied and reproduced to "boost" the program. The Civil Information Officer has forwarded numerous copies of locally-prepared posters to Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region and to Military Government, I Corps, for distribution (one to each team's civil information section) throughout Region and Corps. The Prefectural School Education Section, Social Education Section, and Local Affairs Section have worked diligently to get the information to the people. On 28 September, approximately 100,000 leaflets dealing with school boards were dropped, together with 400,000 other leaflets, by three airplanes over the cities, towns, and villages of the prefecture. From 28 August through 3 September, nine lecturers visited nine different localities and addressed a total of 657 persons; lectures were held under the auspices of the School Education Section. From 13 through 30 September, panel discussions were conducted in 21 places throughout the prefecture; at these discussions SCAP films were shown and kamishibai were used; a total of 10,000 attended. Discussion meetings were planned and attended by the Civil Education Officer and various representatives of the school education section. On 30 September, the panel discussion was broadcast over Radio Station JOIG.

All of the informational material sent to this Section by higher headquarters was translated, copied, and rushed to the various media of information. Articles were also prepared by the Civil Education Officer and the Civil

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

Information Officer. Articles have been issued in the name of the Commanding Officer, this Team, urging all the voters to attend the polls on 5 October and to use their vote just as they would use one of their most cherished possessions.

Newspaper and radio coverage (three local newspapers and one radio station) for the school board program follows: 56 news items, 4 editorials, 15 radio announcements.

b. Food Distribution (Fish and Vegetable): During the month of September, the Anti-Blackmarket Bureau printed and distributed 10,000 leaflets and 3,500 posters dealing with the maintenance of official prices.

The Prefectural Women's New Economic Life Movement Committee, mentioned in this Section's activities report for the months of July and August, 1948, held lecture-discussion meetings in six localities; total attendance was approximately 550.

Newspaper and radio coverage for the food distribution program (three local newspapers and one radio station) follows: 23 news items, 2 editorials, and 3 radio announcements.

c. Tax Collection: The four tax offices -- Toyama, Takaoka, Demachi, and Uezu -- showed considerable activity in their information programs. On various occasions, tax officers have come to the Civil Information Officer and to Lt Louis N. Roberts, Tax Surveillance Officer, for advice and guidance. From 26 August through 25 September, slides on the transaction taxes were shown five times each day in five theaters in the Toyama City area; about 20,000 people saw these slides. During the same period of time, about 20 meetings were held in the Toyama Chamber of Commerce and Industry building for the purpose of explaining the juridical personal taxes; about 3,000 persons attended. From 1 through 20 September, explanation meetings were held at the Toyama Municipal Office; collection of transactions tax stamps was discussed; pamphlets were distributed; social education officials of the prefecture and municipalities attended. From 10 through 25 September, five tax officials visited approximately 1000 business men for the purpose of explaining transactions taxes. Numerous posters from the national tax offices have arrived in this area.

From 26 August through 24 September, four-hour round-table conferences were held each day by members of the Takaoka Tax Office with members of the Takaoka branch of the Toyama Commerce and Industry Cooperative Union; fair reporting was discussed. From 26 August through 29 August, 420 posters were distributed to the banks, post offices, rail stations, and stores in the Kosugimachi area. From 28 August through 5 September, slides on the transactions tax were shown in nine theatres of the Takaoka area, four times each day, five to ten minutes each time; approximately 100,000 people saw these slides. From 25 August to 10 September, meetings for the purpose of explaining the transactions tax were held in 15 different places; about 800 business men and 250 business women attended. Each meeting lasted from three to four hours. On 30 August, 95 pamphlets on taxes were sent to 95 primary schools in the area. Teachers were

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

requested to teach their pupils something about taxes and their necessity. From 10 through 25 September, slides encouraging prompt payment were shown in eleven theaters in the Takaoka area, four times each day, five to ten minutes each day.

From 26 August through 2 September, the Demachi Tax Office showed a series of four slides in seven theaters; the slides dealt with transactions taxes; total attendance was about 11,000. Early in September, 308 posters dealing with these same taxes were distributed to 77 towns and villages. On 3 September, leaflets were distributed to 10,000 business men. On 10 September, posters were sent to post offices and other places selling stamps (110 in all) in the Demachi area. On the same date, 336 posters dealing with delinquent taxpayers were sent to all of the village offices and theaters in the area.

From 25 August through 21 September, eight slides on transactions taxes and four slides on delinquent taxes were shown (and later repeated) in ten movie theaters in the Uozu area. Circuit was repeated three times. About 38,000 saw these slides. On 13 September, 1100 posters dealing with transactions taxes and delinquent taxes were distributed to the railway stations, post offices, banks, barber shops, hotels, retail shops, and so forth in the Uozu area.

On 28 September, 300,000 leaflets on national and prefectural taxes were dropped from three airplanes over the cities, towns, and villages of the prefecture by the Economics Officer, the Tax Surveillance Officer, and the Civil Information Officer, this Team.

Newspaper and radio coverage for the tax collection program follows: 49 news items, 1 editorial, and 1 radio announcement.

d. Sanitation and Disease Control: During the month of September, the Prefectural Public Health Section accomplished the following: conducted lecture courses on prevention of venereal diseases at six towns and villages (total attendance - 590); distributed 3,000 posters on prevention of epidemics; lectured to 40 members of the local health center; showed slides on epidemics at 28 theaters (total attendance - 27,000); lectured to 30 dairy farmers on dairy sanitation at the Fukuno health center; delivered three-hour lectures to 30 barbers in Fukuno; lectured on sanitation to 100 hair dressers at the local health center; and lectured in five cities and towns to 800 doctors, pharmacists, and so forth on newly-enacted medical laws.

Newspaper and radio coverage for the various public health programs included 68 news items and 13 radio announcements.

e. Agricultural Cooperatives: During the month of September, conference meetings on agricultural cooperatives were conducted by the Prefectural Agricultural Cooperative Section in 27 different places in the prefecture. A total of 700 farmers and others attended these informative lectures, which were given by agricultural technicians, clerks, and others. Newspaper and radio coverage for the program follows: 18 news items, 1 editorial, and 1 radio

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

announcement. Useful information has been made available to the agricultural cooperative section by the Civil Information Section.

f. Rural Land Reform: On 4 September, the Rural Land Section held a meeting in the Kencho of the rural land committees of the towns and villages having 18 chobu or more of undisposed land. Officials were urged to complete the work before the end of the month; 125 persons attended the meeting. Officials of the prefectural section spot-checked 18 towns and villages where the work was going slowly. On 10 September, copies of "Data for Rural Land Reform" were distributed in 700 copies to city, town, and village rural land committees.

g. Political Information and Education: The program on boards of education mentioned in Paragraph 1a, by its very nature, includes much material on political information and education, as do the programs for civil liberties and local autonomy, mentioned in Paragraph 1h and 1k, respectively.

h. Civil Liberties: Lecture meetings designed to popularize the civil liberties were held in 32 places throughout the prefecture from 26 August through 23 September. The Civil Information Officer attended two of these meetings in remote villages. Total attendance at the 32 meetings was 5,724 -- 1,458 male and 4,266 female. The plan was set up by the Social Education Section. The Civil Information Officer believes that the people are taking an active interest in these new civil liberties. Many spirited discussions have been the result of these lecture-meetings. Two very excellent radio broadcasts were arranged on civil liberties by personnel of the social education section.

i. Labor-Management Relations: During September, the Labor-Management Section accomplished the following: distributed 630 copies of the labor weekly to labor unions and representatives of management on 1 September; distributed 1260 copies of the weekly on 7 September; collected "thoughts and impressions about 'future ways of labor'" on 1 September from labor union members; distributed 500 posters on friendly labor-management relations; discussed labor problems in the Kencho assembly hall with key members of labor unions on 3 September; showed slides on labor-management relations and conferred with representatives of labor and of management in Namerikawa, Isurugi, Oyama, Mizuhashi, Kamiichi, Takaoka, Yatsue, Himi, Tomari, and Uezu (total attendance - 338). Newspaper and radio publicity included 19 news items and 2 radio announcements.

j. Police Reorganization: During the month of September, lectures and round-table discussion meetings were held in 20 different places in the prefecture. Police chiefs and others lectured on the new police system to a total audience of about 2,000. In the audiences were business men, heads of towns and villages, teachers, representatives of women's groups, and other members of the general public. From 1 through 10 September, a series of ten posters on the new police system was displayed in the leading department store of Toyama City. Newspaper coverage included ten news items and two editorials.

k. Local Autonomy Program: Phases One and Two of the Local Autonomy Program received great impetus during the month of September. Incomplete reports from the eight guns and two cities indicate that approximately 46,000 people in

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

223 different places throughout the prefecture (from the largest city to the smallest buraku) attended forums and discussion meetings during the month. Discussions were conducted by mayors, deputy mayors, lawyers, members of parent-teachers' associations, school teachers, and others. The Civil Information Officer estimates that, when all the reports are in, the final figures for the month will reach 75,000. Schools are concentrating on essays, posters, and actual lessons in local self-government. Even greater results could have been obtained if the social education, school education, and local affairs sections had not been busy with the board of education program. It is believed that by the end of the winter at least half (500,000) of the prefectural population will have attended lectures and discussion meetings on local autonomy. Reference is made to Paragraph 1j of this Section's monthly activities report for August in which the Civil Information Officer predicted that the program "should reach a high peak during the month of September." Films were used in many of the above-mentioned places.

On 30 September, the Civil Information Officer attended a ceremony at the Kencho at which the president of the "Kitanippon Shimbun" awarded prizes to five school students, from scattered parts of the prefecture, whose essays had been judged to be of high quality.

Newspaper and radio publicity on local autonomy included 31 news items and 7 radio announcements.

2. Additional Information Activities:

a. Increased Agricultural Production: On 8 September, the Commanding Officer, Economics Officer, and Civil Information Officer attended ceremonies at the Kencho in which mayors of towns and villages with the most exemplary records in summer crops collection were officially commended by the governor. On the same date the above-mentioned officers attended the dedication of a large "rice delivery tower" which had been erected near the Toyama railway station. The matters mentioned above have been publicized in the national newspapers.

On 10 September, the agricultural affairs section distributed to gun and city officials 400 copies of a leaflet dealing with insecticides. On 12 September, the same section distributed 400 copies of a leaflet dealing with injurious insects; distribution was to gun and city officials. On 14 September, 10,000 copies of a leaflet dealing with wheat and barley fertilizers were distributed to 10,000 persons in all of the burakus. On 16 September, 5,000 copies of a leaflet on storing sweet potatoes were distributed to the burakus. On 27 September, a short course on curing and storing sweet potatoes was conducted at Yuda-mura, Higashitonami-gun; agricultural technicians of the gun, towns, and villages attended. The following day, the same course was repeated at Kyoden-mura, Shimonikawa-gun. From 15 through 25 September, 2,400 farmers in 40 towns and villages were visited by members of the section. Matters discussed were wheat planting, sweet potato storage, and fertilizers. The drive to dispose of withered leaves and stalks in connection with the insect control plan (mentioned in this Section's monthly activities report for August,

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948 cont'd.

1948) ended 15 September. A total of 10,000 farmers and secondary school pupils took part.

On 23 September, the Economics Officer, the Tax Surveillance Officer, and the Civil Information Officer dropped 100,000 leaflets on food collection from three airplanes flying over the prefecture. See also Paragraphs 1a and 1c, this report.

Newspaper and radio coverage for the increased agricultural production plan and the food collection plan follows: 88 news items, 8 editorials, and 64 radio announcements.

On 26 September, the town of Tomari in Shimonikawa-gun reached 100% of its rice collection quota. Believing that perhaps this town is first in Japan, the Civil Information Officer flashed the item to the I Corps Public Information Office.

b. SCAP-Prepared Charts: During the month of September, SCAP-prepared charts on "Home Education" were exhibited at three widely-separated primary schools in the prefecture. Total attendance was 3,400. From 16 through 23 September, charts entitled "City Planning and Fire Prevention" and "Leading Causes of Fire in Japan" were exhibited in eight schools in the prefecture; total attendance was 11,000.

c. Yen Savings: On 8, 15, 18, and 22 September, lectures on yen savings were conducted in Johana, Himi, Sakurai, and Takaoka, respectively, by the secretary of the Toyama local currency stabilization drive committee and a member of the Nagoya finance bureau. As of the writing of this report, attendance had not been reported to this Section. During the month, 5,000 posters on yen savings were distributed through the financial agencies and local offices. On 15 September, a large "yen savings tower" was dedicated near the Toyama railway station. Radio publicity on yen savings included 5 spot announcements.

d. Fire Prevention: From 1 through 25 September, fire prevention meetings were held at the fire stations in Nei, Toyama City, Johana, Iwase, Fukunitsu, and Himi; attendance at these meetings was approximately 200. Plans are being made for a prefecture-wide fire prevention week in October.

e. Visual Education Program: On 24 September, the Visual Education Center, a part of the prefectural library, was completed. At the present time 14 16mm projectors and 12 projection screens, received late in September from the Tokai-Hokuriku Region Visual Aid Center, are being stored there pending notification from Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region authorizing their release to using agencies. Equipment is being utilized to further the instruction of projectionists. Reference is made to letter, Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region, dated 5 August 1948 (AG 000.76, subject: "Distribution of 16 mm Projection Equipment".)

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Annex E-2 to Monthly Military Government Activities Report, Toyama Mil Govt Team, period ending 30 September 1948, cont'd.

From 1 through 30 September, 15 SCAP-released films were shown by the visual education section to a total of 15,770 members of the general public in 33 communities throughout the prefecture, using available space in the schools, temples, factories, and the prefectural assembly hall.

From 13 through 30 September, three films -- A Day at School, Everyone's School, and Seeds of Destiny -- were shown in 21 communities throughout the prefecture to a total of 10,000; these showings were in conjunction with the vast information plan regarding boards of education, mentioned in Paragraph 1a, this report.

On 29 September, a lengthy report on the effectiveness of films was forwarded by the Civil Information Officer to the Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region.

f. Special Reports: Reference is made to letter, I Corps (AG 319.1), 29 September 1947, subject: "Special Reports." During the month of September, the Civil Information Section submitted three special reports to higher headquarters as follows: "Special Report on Prefectural Information Activities" (48/CI/IM/#1), 16 September 1948; "List of Obscene and Pornographic Magazines with Names and Addresses of Publishers" (48/CI/IM/#2), 20 September 1948; and "Letter from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., New York, to Editor, Hokuriku Yukan Newspaper, Toyama, and submitted by said newspaper to Civil Information Officer, this Team" (48/CI/G/#1), 21 September 1948.

g. Other Informational Statistics: Radio publicity not previously mentioned in this report was given the following subjects: conservation of electricity, 8 announcements; imported foods, 8 announcements; community chest, 2 announcements. Public welfare matters received 59 news items (three local newspapers) and 2 editorials.

All of the releases, statistics, and articles received by this Section from higher headquarters have been released to the information media, and good use has been made of them.

3. Personnel and Other Matters: 1 October marked the 16th month that Mr. Walter Thoresen, DAC, has been on duty with this Team. Originally the Civil Information and Education Officer, Mr. Thoresen has been serving in the capacity of Civil Information Officer since 5 March 1948.

On 14 September, Miss Dorcas Cordill, DAC, Civil Education Section, Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region, visited this Section and conferred with the Civil Information Officer on women's activities within the prefecture.

On 28 September, Lt Col S. K. Eaton and Lt Col E. A. Cummings, Headquarters, 8th Army, visited this Section and conferred with the Civil Information Officer on various matters pertaining to media of information within the prefecture.

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ROUTING & RECORD SHEET

HEADQUARTERS
 TOKAI-HOKURIKU MIL GOVT REGION
 APO 710 (Nagoya Honshu)

SECURITY CLASS _____

SUBJECT: ANNEX E-2, to Toyama Mil Govt Team Activities Report, September 1948

FILE NO: _____

NOTE: This sheet will remain attached to all paper bearing on this subject, and will be filled in the File Section, this hq, upon completion of action. It will never be used for transmittal outside of this headquarters. Each notation will be numbered consecutively. Full width of the sheet will be used with separating line drawn full width below each memo.

ITEM NO	DATE	FROM	TO	REMARKS
				Comment and return to Executive Officer. Type comments in duplicate.
2	19 Oct	CIO	EO	1. A good report showing the enlarged scope of CI activities and progress.

TMG NO. 6

copy sent to files
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MG-13HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

319.1

6 September 1949

SUBJECT: Civil Affairs Activities Report

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Civil Affairs Section

1. In compliance with Par 10, Annex 8, Administrative Order No. 21, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 15 April 48, and Operational Directive No. 53, dated 8 October 1948, Headquarters Eighth Army, the Civil Affairs Activities Report for the month of August 1949 is submitted herewith.

2. On 9 August the quarterly conference of prefectural mayors was held. This conference was well attended, with approximately 800 Mayors present. Keen interest was evident throughout the conference, especially during the period devoted to questions from the audience.

3. This prefecture experienced during the month an unprecedented drought, a condition which the older citizens state is the worst in the past 35 years, and which for a time threatened to have a serious adverse effect on the rice crop. Recent rains have provided relief and most of the affected fields have been revived. Contingent upon normal weather conditions, a normal yield of rice is anticipated.

4. The two manufacturing plants reported last month under a lock-out have settled their labor disputes, with the Labor Relations Committee largely instrumental in achieving this agreement. In the settlement of these labor disputes several precedents were established which may prove of far reaching influence. (See Annex C)

Joseph A. Brunner
JOSEPH A. BRUNNER
Major, Inf
Chief

9 Incls

1. Annex A Legal and Government Activities
(Reports Control Symbol (GS-01))

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MG-4

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Toyama Civil Affairs Team, APO 301, Subj: "Civil Affairs Activities Report", dtd 6 Sep 1949, Cont'd.

- 2. Annex B-1 Public Health Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QPH-01)
- 3. Annex B-2 Public Welfare Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QPH-01)
- 4. Annex C Labor Surveillance Report
(Reports Control Symbol QESS-02 (R 3))
- 5. Annex D Economics Summary
(Reports Control Symbol MG-11 (R 2))
- 6. Annex E-1 Civil Education Activities
(Reports Control Symbol MG-12)
- 7. Annex E-2 Civil Information Activities
(Reports Control Symbol QCIE-02)
- 8. Annex F Surveillance of Japanese Tax Administration
(Reports Control Symbol MG-13)
- 9. Annex F-1 Finance and Civil Property
(Reports Control Symbol MG-23)

DISTRIBUTION:

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CG, I Corps 3
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CO, 24th Inf Regt (ATTN: S-2) 1
Ea Team Tok-Hok Civil Affairs Region 2
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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

ANNEX A

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period ending 31 August 1949

LEGAL AND GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES

Author: 1st Lt Ralph M. Longbotham, Jr.

1. Japanese Government Administration:

a. Prefectural Assembly

On the 4th of August the prefectural assembly met in ordinary session. A motion was made by the left wing elements to withdraw Bill #62 dealing with the establishment of a personnel quota for employees of the prefectural assembly. Five members supported the withdrawal and the motion was defeated. Other matters brought before the assembly were purely of a routine matter. During the month there were eleven meetings of standing committees covering various aspects of government.

b. Cities

(1) Toyama

As in the prefectural assembly means of reducing government employees are being sought. A bill was passed limiting the number of personnel to be hired by the city. This was opposed only by the members sympathetic to the left.

(2) Takaoka

From August 18 to August 27 the Takaoka City Assembly was in session. Of the eight by-laws passed four pertained to revision of local tax laws both on the subject of levying them and collection. There is a definite attempt to eliminate the defects now existent in present legislation.

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BASIC: Annex A to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

c. Courts

The total number of untried and undecided cases at the end of the month of August was 417. The Simple Courts had 91 and the District Courts had 328. Total cases received during the month were 584. Cases decided during the month totaled 594. Again, as last month, the courts increased the total number of decisions but the number of cases received also increased. This month the courts were barely able to effect a slight reduction of the backlog. A study now in progress has thus far revealed a great percentage of time is spent by judges in administrative duties. The survey is being continued in order to determine the most effective means of combating the threat of an increasing backlog. Cases in the procurators offices at the end of the month totaled 1,857 indicating that alertness to this situation is necessary.

2. Political Parties

a. Communist

The communists have been active in attempting to get wide-spread attention for Russian films showing in local theaters. The most recent example was "The Hero of the Plain" (Sogen No Eiyu) which had been awarded the Stalin prize. Vigorous advertising was promoted by the cultural division of the labor council and hundreds of wall newspapers were posted. However, when the picture was shown there was very limited attendance.

The Communists were inactive during the recent Agricultural Land Commissions election. Only in one instance did they actively campaign and this was at Kosugi-machi. Party members were sent from Toyama-shi and attempted a street meeting hoping to take advantage of people gathered for a dance on August 14. The general public showed no interest.

The National Ordinance passed on the 11th of August regarding the return of repatriates has had a favorable effect on both the repatriates themselves and the Communist welcoming groups. Interviews with returnees indicate that previous disturbances were organized by a few and the majority of repatriates participated simply out of fear and not out of sympathy with the Communist philosophy. This is borne out by the large percentage of repatriates who upon arriving in their home community quickly shed all vestiges of Soviet indoctrination. The reason for the lack of Communist welcoming committees on the scale previous, has more

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BASIC: Annex A to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

behind it than the issuance of the National Ordinance. Public reaction to greetings which forcibly excluded relatives from participation until after the Communists were through with the returnees was most unfavorable. Press publicity aided in this reaction. The Communists sensing that much more was being lost than gained by their tactics have taken a quieter course.

The Communist Party has also refrained from disturbances in the recent discharge of more government employees from the telephone and telegraph offices. It was feared that mass demonstrations and refusal to accept discharges would be widespread. All unions had been alerted according to reports from the National Rural Police and they had intended to present a unified front in protest. However, this never materialized.

b. Socialists

The only activity of note was concerning a protest lodged with the Mayor of Toyama-shi in regards to a law passed setting up limitations and standards for personnel to be hired by the city. The text of the complaint actually did not criticize the law but the method by which it was passed. It was introduced and passed in an extraordinary session and the four Socialist members of the assembly complained that there was insufficient deliberation and discussion. The complaint lodged with the mayor was rejected.

c. Democrat-Liberals

The prefectural branch of the Democrat-Liberal Party has initiated a campaign within its youth organization to combat communism. The formation ceremony was held in the ken assembly hall on 2 September. The purpose will be to extend counter propaganda which will be coordinated, especially over gun and city levels. An attempt will be made to anticipate Communist moves in order to out-manuever them.

3. Other matters

a. By-elections

For information regarding the Agricultural Land Commissions Election see special report submitted by this office to Headquarters Eighth Army dated 28 August 1949. Information copies were sent to I Corps and Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region.

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BASIC: Annex A to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

Several minor elective positions were filled during the month.

b. Police

During the early part of August the NRP completed construction of a pistol firing range. On the 30th of August a familiarization course was fired by most of the members of the force. As many of the police have never fired a weapon this training is urgently needed. It will not only prepare them for the day when they will again be armed but it will increase their esprit de corps and self confidence. Instruction for the course was given by representatives of the Toyama NRP who have recently returned for an extensive training period in Tokyo.

c. Visitors

Lt Col Harrell Reagan, Legal and Government Officer of Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region visited this office on 9 August 1949.

1st Lt George Cornelious, from GHQ, SCAP, visited this office during routine prison inspection on 14 August 1949.

Mr. V. Kilgore from GHQ, SCAP, visited this office during inspection of police communications operations on 26 August 1949.

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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

ANNEX B-1

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 31 August 1949

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES

Author: Capt Joseph A. Creati

1. Administration.

a. A meeting was held on 10 August attended by chiefs of the county and city Doctors Association, at which time the following was discussed:

- (1) Methods to overcome the economic crises as pertain to the health insurance system.
- (2) Custody of narcotic drugs.
- (3) Guidance and inspection of insurance doctors.

b. A meeting was held by the Social Research Committee and discussions were held on improving the method of payments of medical fees under the social insurance system.

c. Namerikawa Welfare Hospital (Branch of Takaoka Agricultural Hospital) is planning to build a communicable disease hospital costing approximately ¥1,000,000. Since the hospital presently has a section that could be utilized as an isolation ward, it was suggested that this money be utilized in constructing a central kitchen system. Hospital officials agreed that the central kitchen system would be of great benefit to the hospital, and that this would be given considerable thought in making their final decision.

d. Yatsuo Health Center held a total of 11 training courses, lectures, and exhibitions covering the operations and functions of public health centers, with a total attendance of 2,798. At this time, 243 sheets of printed material was distributed among the audience.

e. It was recommended to Health Centers located near bathing beaches that they establish medical aid stations in order to afford protection for the bathers during the summer months. Protection and

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BASIC: Annex B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

assistance of this kind has never been afforded the public in this locality before and it has been greatly appreciated, especially since 2 lives were saved by means of resuscitation and injection of stimulants - one boy at Shima Beach, (Himi-gun), and one boy at Iwase Beach, (Toyama City) - and a total of 150 cases treated for minor injuries.

2. Preventive Medicine.

a. During the month of August 26,500 persons were administered small-pox vaccinations and 213,500 persons were administered typhoid inoculations throughout the prefecture.

3. Nursing Activities.

a. Visits to hospitals by Miss N. Ulmer, Regional public health nurse, revealed that this prefecture has suddenly become Communicable Disease Hospital Conscious. Every village and town is planning to build one. None of the ACD Hospital plans, either in effect or on paper, conform to the principles of isolation. No provisions are made to sterilize dishes, bedding, clothing, etc. There is little or no disinfection of feces and other body discharges. The patients' families live in the room with them, care for them, and do the cooking and dish washing. The two primary principles of an ACD Hospital are completely lost. There is neither isolation nor scientific care given the patient. The records are so poorly kept that it is impossible to determine what the patient load or the expenditure has been. In some areas there is already a section of the hospital suitable for an ACD unit with the addition of sterilizers and a good general cleaning. In other areas there is already a unit in a general hospital that gives better service to the community than these "Pest Houses." In short, these hospitals are spending billions of yen each year and serving only as a source of contamination to the community.

b. Miss N. Ulmer held a conference with prefectural school nurses at the Atago primary school, discussing the mission of school nurses, public health nurses, and midwives. A total of 42 attended this conference.

4. Environment Sanitation.

a. Prefectural sanitary officials conducted a training course for sanitary inspectors within the Isurugi-machi health center area on 1 August, and the following instructions were given:

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BASIC: Annex B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

- (1) Methods for controlling rodents and insects.
- (2) Nature and use of insecticides.
- (3) Disease-carrying insects.

The same training course was given in Takaoka health center, and in Fukuno health center on 5 August. It was requested that each health center designate a model controlling area for rodents and insects.

5. Veterinary Activities.

a. The following is a report of live stock diseases for the month of August:

<u>Diseases</u>	<u>Animal</u>	<u>No. of cases</u>	<u>Location</u>
Anthrax	cow	1	Higashitonami-gun
Acute enterites	cow	1	Nishitonami-gun
B. Encephalitis	horse	1	Nei-gun

6. Jap B. Encephalitis.

a. Three cases of Jap B. Encephalitis have been reported as follows:

<u>City, town or village</u>	<u>Gun</u>	<u>No. of cases</u>
Toyama-shi	Toyama	1
Oyama-cho	Nakaniikawa	1
Oyama-mura	Kaminiikawa	1

Since mosquitoes are the common virus carriers of this disease, necessary preventive measures have been taken to destroy mosquito breeding places within the areas affected.

7. Visitors.

a. Miss N. Ulmer, Regional public health nurse, visited this section for a period of one week beginning 1 August (see par 3 a and b above).

b. Capt V. Harry Adrounie, Preventive medicine, Hq I Corps, visited this section on 4 August and inspected the water and beach facilities at Himi for possible bathing beach for the use of personnel of this team.

c. Mr. Wright, Regional sanitation engineer, visited this section on 22 August and held a conference with prefectural Public Health Chief.

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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

ANNEX B-2

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 31 August 1949

PUBLIC WELFARE ACTIVITIES

Author: Capt Joseph A. Creati

1. Public Assistance.

a. A total increase of 533 public assistance recipients for the month of July is attributed as follows: 496 poor and needy, 24 unemployed, and 13 temporarily disabled from injuries received during working period. An increase of ¥1,492,000 compared with that of June is a result of new recipients as stated above and the payment of balances subsequent to the enforcement of the 10th revision of the D.L.S.L.

2. Administrative Reviews.

a. Administrative reviews were made in Fukuoka-machi (Pop 6,100), Isurugi-machi (Pop 10,190), Johana-machi (Pop 5,000), and Tsuzawa-machi (Pop 3,126).

b. Welfare records reviewed in above towns revealed accurate accounting, and entries in individual case files kept up to date. Although 199 records inspected were found to be accurate and up-to-date, inspection of 13 household recipients indicated that the majority were not receiving sufficient financial aid to meet present necessary expenses. Since the welfare sections of above towns have carried out re-screening of recipients in accordance with the 10th amendment of the D.L.S.L., it was apparent that recipients were not aware or familiar with procedure or channels involved in making appeals. These facts were brought to the attention of officials concerned for necessary action. Immediate steps were taken by the mayor of Tsuzawa-machi by holding a meeting of all Minsei-in, advising and warning them to carry out their mission more faithfully and vigorously. They also decided to hold a liaison meeting of Minsei-in at least once a month.

c. Although above towns have been re-screened, entire prefecture has not yet completed re-screening. Thus it has been recommended that all

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BASIC: Annex B-2 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

cities, towns and villages make a report to Kencho welfare officials, notifying them as follows:

- (1) If re-screening has been completed.
- (2) If re-screening has been started, but not completed, when completion may be expected.
- (3) If re-screening has not been started, the reasons for not complying with previous request to do so.
- (4) When re-screening will be started, and when completion may be expected.

Failure to complete this program has brought unnecessary hardship to a great number of destitute people who have been entitled to receive this additional aid since June. It has further been recommended that recipients of financial aid be requested to maintain a monthly record of expenditures which will enable officials to determine the sufficiency of aid being given in each case. This record will be maintained on standard forms which will be issued by each city, town or village at the time of the monthly financial allowance payment, and will be substantiated by authentic receipts. Entries will be spot-checked by the Minsei-in who will also give any necessary assistance to families in maintaining their records correctly and accurately.

3. Child Welfare.

a. On 3 August, 68 diplomas were presented to women having completed a 24 day course in Day Nurseries, at the Shinjo Babies Health Hall.

b. The Himi-machi Health Center, upon recommendation, has established two medical aid stations at Shimao Beach, Miyata-mura. In this connection, the railroad cooperated voluntarily in contributing material and labor for the erection of life-guard towers. The Mayor has cooperated by placing floating red flags indicating the danger zone (deep water), which is also patrolled by boats; and by roping off an area for children. Protection and assistance of this kind has never been afforded the public at this beach before, and it has been greatly appreciated, especially since a child was saved from drowning within the first week of operation.

c. A conference was held by the Prefectural Chief of Child Welfare in Toyama and Takaoka on the 23rd and 24th respectively, discussing the revision of the child welfare law which became effective 15 June 1949. The total attendance of these two conferences was 430.

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BASIC: Annex B-2 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

4. Welfare Institutions Visited.

a. During August, 5 welfare institutions were visited, two of which were welfare workshops located in Takaoka City. Inspection revealed that employees were subject to a 20% wage deduction which was used to defray the cost of thread, needles, buttons, snaps, hooks and eyes, sewing machine repairs, and utilities. One workshop in Toyama has ceased this practice as of last month. Since the source of income of the workshops located in Takaoka City is derived from mending clothes for the general public and as there are approximately 10,000 destitute people in that city, it was recommended that this type of work be discontinued, and that cloth be requisitioned from the Central Government in order that a finished product of wearing apparel can be produced and distributed to the needy. By so doing, welfare officials would be able to maintain a wage level standard which is impossible under the present system of piece work brought in by the public; elimination of the 20% deduction would be possible and supplies previously paid for by this deduction could be requisitioned and supplied by the Central Government instead. Necessary corrective action has since been taken, in that the 20% wage deduction has been discontinued and a fixed wage pay system instituted. Attempts are being made to requisition cloth from the Central Government in order to manufacture finished products for wearing apparel.

b. Last month's re-screening of inmates at the Toyama Shonen Gakuin (reformatory for boys) resulted in the release of 4 boys.

c. At the present time, the above reformatory is 3% self-supporting due to its farm products. There is considerable land utilized for strawberry and flower beds and it was suggested that this land be converted and utilized for the farming of vegetables, thus obtaining 3 to 4 crops a year. It was agreed among the officials that by so doing, the above 3% would be increased to 6%. It was also suggested that the flowers be planted around the building and along the walks instead.

5. Homeless Persons.

a. It was discovered on 24 August in Moriyama-machi that a man and woman were living in a cave. Town welfare officials were notified of this matter and action was taken on 25 August, at which time the man and woman were removed to a welfare institution in Shinminato-machi.

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BASIC: Annex B-2 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

6. Social Insurance.

a. A general meeting of the prefectural health insurance managing commission was held at the Kencho Assembly Hall on 23 August with an attendance of 200, at which time discussions were held on the operations and functions pertaining to the national health insurance.

7. Disaster Plan.

a. Water controlling drills were held in this prefecture by the Public Works Dept at the most dangerous areas along the banks of the following large rivers: Sho-gawa, Joganji-gawa, Kurobe-gawa, Jina-gawa, and the Ida-gawa. Participants were neighboring river conservation union members, fire combat teams, womens associations, and residents of each locality, with an average cost per drill of ¥5,000. A critique followed each drill and emphasis was placed upon water control; studies were made of the destroyed river banks, and the application of emergency repairs. Although drills are conducted yearly, the current drill has contributed much towards the protection of river banks, and the improvement in knowledge of technical matters.

8. Foreign Nationals.

a. Foreign nationals residing in this prefecture as of 31 July are as follows:

Koreans	2,418
Chinese	8
Formosans	4
Filipino	1
German	1
American (Nisei) ...	1
	<u>2,433</u>

9. Repatriates.

a. The total number repatriated for the month was 347. The station master and prefectural authorities concerned with repatriation have come to an agreement on the following:

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BASIC: Annex B-2 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

- (1) Prohibiting of any political and/or labor organizations from going onto the platform.
- (2) Prohibiting the carrying of flags other than the national flag onto the platform.
- (3) Relief, and serving of tea and cakes to be minimized.

Enforcement of the above 3 points has to date successfully eliminated any and all disorders that might occur upon welcoming repatriates, and has presented a brighter and more cheerful atmosphere to returning repatriates.

10. Other Important Welfare Matters.

a. A conference was held at the Kencho Building on 9 August of all the Mayors of this prefecture, at which time a forty minute speech was made stressing the necessity of improving existing recreational playground facilities. Due to the economic situation, and in order to make this program a success with no cost to the government, emphasis was placed on obtaining voluntary local contributions, consisting of labor, financial, and material in kind.

b. Community Chest.

A general meeting was held at the prefectural building with an attendance of 50 people (majority of the membership present), at which time the following was decided:

- (1) The community chest fund raising campaign would be carried out jointly with the Red Cross during the month of October.
- (2) During August and September, wide publicity would be given by all press and radio agencies, plus the displaying of red feathers, posters, bills, and badges.
- (3) The number and types of qualified institutions to receive aid from this fund.

c. LARA Goods.

10 cans of cod liver oil were received and distributed, one per public health center. Surveillance disclosed that there was no abuse nor misuse of supplies, and that there were no problems in its distribution.

d. Visitors.

Mr. Dan Britton, D&C, Regional Welfare Section visited this team on 9 August 49.

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QESS-02 (R3)HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)ANNEX CLABOR SURVEILLANCE REPORT1. Identification

- a. Prefecture covered: Toyama
- b. Report for month of: August 1949
- c. Name of individual preparing report: John J. Dorociak
2d Lt, Inf

2. Labor Procurement and Occupation Force Workers

- a. Extent of compliance by Japanese with labor requisitions:
100%
- b. None

3. Labor Standards Law

- a. The administrative problems remain virtually the same. They are lack of adequate transportation, lack of funds and proposed personnel cuts.
- b. The efficiency of the staff appears to be high in spite of all the set-backs they are faced with.
- c. Supervisory visits are not adequate. This is the result of the lack of good transportation. This office was informed that it would take approximately two years to inspect each plant assigned to the inspection office with the present facilities. This is far from adequate.
- d. The attitude of some of the employers is improving. Possibly this is the result of Labor Education along these lines.
- e. There were 46 complaints from workers of violations of the Labor Standards Law, the majority of which were violations of Art 24 (Payment of Wages).

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QESS-02 (R 3)

BASIC: Annex C to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, cont'd.

f. Four cases were reported to the Procurators Office for prosecution during the reporting period. These cases were prosecuted without undue delay. This is a sign of complete cooperation between the Procurators and the Labor Standards Bureau.

g. The two largest violations of the Labor Standards Law were; 255 violations of Art 42 (Safety), and 231 violations of Art 43 (Health and Sanitation). There were no reported cases of "Forced Labor" or "Child Selling".

4. Workmen's Compensation Insurance Law

a. When a claimant submits his claim, it is investigated thoroughly as to his average wage, number of holidays, the extent of injury and as to whether or not he was injured while executing his duties. The employers pay-roll is attached to the claim.

b. There are 6 large cases of delinquency in the payment of premiums. This amounts to ¥2,220,000. The main alibi for this delinquency is that they have no funds because of out-standing credits and a poor financial status because of the lack of business.

c. The delinquent employers are pressed by the Prefectural Officials and an effort is made to secure a promise to pay by a certain date. If payment is not made the property is to be attached. During the reporting period, there were no attachments.

5. Women's and Minor's Bureau

a. The Women's and Minor's Bureau spent a very active month. The first week being devoted to the Women's Activities Week. This program consisted of round-table discussions, conferences, and meetings. This Office feels that the program was quite successful.

b. Three conferences were attended by this Office and there was evidence that the program was planned and operated with the inclusion of women and minors.

c. The inclusion of women in Union activities is still a sore spot. Much effort is being devoted to the subject but the results are very hazy or completely non-existent.

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QESS-02 (R 3)

BASIC: Annex C to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, cont'd.

6. Employment Security and Unemployment Insurance Program

a. Two conferences were held with the Employment Security Prefectural Officials during the reporting period. The main topic of discussion was to publicize the program to the presently unemployed and those who expect to become unemployed through rationalization of industry and government employees. There were no speeches or press statements during the month.

- b. (1) The efficiency of the Employment Security Office staff has not changed noticeably in spite of the ever increasing burden upon them by the gradual increase of the number of unemployed in the prefecture.
- (2) Occupational information is being disseminate through such media as newspapers, posters, and radio.
- (3) The premium collections were 89%, a slight decrease as compared with last month. The practice of employers diverting payments to their own interests rather than turning them in to the Insurance Collection Section has not been remedied. 3,555 persons received 88,518 payments amounting to ¥9,226,080.
- (4) There were no cases of illegal labor recruitment or Labor "Bosses" reported during the month.
- (5) There were 18 persons graduated from vocational training institutions during the month. Of this number, 5 persons were placed in jobs.
- (6) Unemployment is growing daily. 14,739 persons are presently unemployed. 477 persons of the above mentioned are due to Repatriates, Immigrants and Industrial adjustment. Day labor has increased slightly due to the greater demand for longshoremen since Fushiki Port has increased it's activities.
- (7) The local labor market analysis shows that there are more applicants for employment in the fields of: Manufacturing 649 persons, Commerce, 119 persons, and Receptionists 76 persons, than any other profession.

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QESS-02 (R 3)BASIC: Annex C to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, cont'd.7. Labor Relations

a. The Labor Policy Section has submitted to this office evidence in verification of past reports, of violations of Art 2 of the Trade Union Law; Unions borrowing money from management for payment of full time union officials. This evidence was forwarded to the Regional Labor Officer. There were 5 large Unions violating this article the majority being Densan affiliates.

b. There were 8 cases handled by the Local Labor Relations Committee during the reporting period. Though the cases were small in number, they were large in scope. In the settlement of these cases, many precedents were set that will serve as an example in the settlement of future disputes.

c. Constitutions remain poor as previously reported. An effort was made during the reporting period to encourage Labor Unions to have general meetings more often and thus inform the rank and file members of the Union's activities. This will create a greater interest by the members and thus protect the autonomy of the Union lest it become a puppet, controlled by a few radical elements within the union.

d. Changes in Union leadership cannot be reported since the revised Trade Union Law does not require Unions to register and report changes in leadership to the Labor Policy Section.

e. All programs directed toward the inclusion of women in union activities are meeting with the same result; very slight. Results will not be truly known during the stay of the Occupation Forces in Japan. It will be gradual over a long period of time.

f. The situation existing in Toyama Prefecture is that the majority of the large enterprises are merely branch plants whose main offices are outside of the prefecture thus making it difficult for the Labor Policy section to gain too great of a result from all efforts directed toward improving labor agreements. The majority of these agreements are written at a higher than prefectural level. However, an earnest effort is being made to make the local unions conscious of what a good labor agreement should include in the way of Grievance Machinery and Collective Bargaining procedures in hopes that it may have a bearing, however slight, on improving existing contracts and future agreements.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, cont'd.

g. The two most significant labor disputes reported last month have both been settled during the reporting period. They were the Hodogaya Chemical and Tetsudokiki Companies. The Hodogaya Chemical dispute was settled on 15 Aug 49. The Labor Relations Committee was instrumental in affecting the settlement. The Tetsudokiki Company (Railroad Goods Mfg Co), dispute was settled on 23 Aug 49. A precedent was set in the settlement of this dispute since this was the first case of "Production Control" since the revision of the Trade Union Law. Terms of the agreement, in part, state that the workers shall receive no wage for the term of "Production Control". All other proposals of the company, i.e.; 20% personnel cut and 20% wage cut for the remainder, were accepted by the Union. It is hoped by this office that this will serve as an example and a stimulant for good honest labor relations.

h. General observations and recommendations:

None

8. Labor Education

a. Lectures on labor topics totaled 12 for the reporting period. The main topic of discussion was the revised labor legislature. Also included in that number were topics dealing with labor standards and women's welfare.

b. The supply of Labor books is adequate in union offices and prefectural libraries. It was noted that the CI&E reading room in Toyama City had none. This situation was reported to the proper officials.

c. No specific kind of literature is presently needed.

d. This office is continuing to visit both management and labor officials at plants throughout the prefecture. The main topics discussed at these small conferences are; Collective Bargaining, Grievance Machinery, revised Labor Legislature, Labor Standards and inclusion of women in union activities. A conference was attended at the Labor Policy Office with the executives of all main Labor Unions in the prefecture. The main topic was the democratization of labor unions.

e. The year-around labor education program of the Labor Ministry is progressing as scheduled.

f. General Observations and Recommendations with respect to labor education activities: None

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, cont'd.

9. General Observations

None

10. General Recommendations

None

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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

ANNEX D

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period ending 31 August 1949

ECONOMICS SUMMARY

Authors: Capt Julius A. Knight, Economics Officer
1st Lt Teddy B. Akins, Asst Economics Officer
Sgt Bernard E. Duquette, Sub Section Chief

1. Agriculture

a. General

Rice harvest has begun in two guns within the prefecture. During the month of August the Prefecture suffered its most serious drought in 35 years. Recent rains have revived a portion of the damaged rice fields affected by the drought. Assuming normal weather conditions prevail the prefecture will have a normal production of rice this year.

A central government representative of agriculture and forestry visited the prefecture during the month to make a study of the experiments being conducted in Shimoniikawa Gun in regards to the sandy soil and cold water area that has greatly hampered successful rice crops in that area. Close surveillance is being maintained in the above area, and it is the opinion of this office that by utilizing the information gained in the experiments production can be greatly increased.

The following listed fertilizer was received and distributed during the month of August.

Ammonium Sulphate	1,529,709,015 Kg
Ammonium Nitrate	42,093,761 Kg
Calcium Cyanide	549,135,000 Kg
Superphosphate	2,433,773,708 Kg
Imported Potassium	269,571,930 Kg

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BASIC: Annex D to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

b. Land Reform

During the month of August the prefecture land commission decided to purchase 8 districts totaling 638,504 tan of land for 44,103 yen. At present 130 cho of land is being surveyed in order to be sold. During the month there was 78.29 cho registered in the prefecture.

c. Agriculture Co-ops Associations

Of the 364 cooperatives 264 conducted elections during the month of August.

Charges of embezzlement have been made against the Federation Credit Agricultural Cooperative Association. The amount of 2,430,000 yen is involved.

d. Agriculture Extension

On the 30th and 31st of this month extension agents held a demonstration at the experimental station in Toyama. The demonstration was attended by approximately 4,000 people most of whom were farmers. Most farmers showed great interest in the displays of various types of farm machinery and equipment. The agents and assistants were very efficient in their methods of explaining the numerous experiments with 2-4-D and DDT. The farmers showed great interest in the demonstration and asked many questions. It is without question, one of the most successful and beneficial operations this area has had on a very limited amount of money.

The 4 H clubs continue to be active working very close and in conjunction with the extension agents of the prefecture.

2. Food Collection

a. Cereals

The harvest of both rice and sweet potatoes has been started with only a limited amount turned in at present. The summer grain collection is now 137.3% and that of white potatoes is 115.4%.

3. Food Distribution

Imported wheat and barley was received and distributed. There were 694 cases of foodstuff violations reported and 581 were referred to the procurator for action.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

The consumption of meat by type, quantity consumed, and quantity consumed per capita, per day for period of 26 July - 26 August is as follows:

<u>Kind of Livestock</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Quantity Kgs</u>	<u>Quantity per Capita in Grams per day</u>
Cattle	92	16,056.8	0.52
Horses	72	12,251.3	0.40
Pigs	433	23,920.1	0.77
Calves	9	13.1	0.00042
TOTAL	611	52,402.0	1.69

4. Fishing - Fish Control

The fish catch during the month of August totaled 1,042 tons or 825 tons less than the month of July. Several articles of incentive goods were received and distributed during the month.

The N.R.P. made 39 investigations and found only 4 violations.

5. Fishing Cooperatives Associations

The average fisherman is highly in favor of the newly organized fishing cooperatives. The old organizations are rapidly being dissolved and it is believed that the new ones will be organized by the dead line. Fishing cooperatives are making every effort to secure fishing equipment for fishermen.

6. Mining and Geology

a. Mining

Mining production in August was: Raw Limestone 400 tons; Graphite 634 tons; Lignite 1,425 tons.

7. Incentive Goods

Acting on the recommendations of this team the incentive goods program is now under central control in the Kencho. Allocated incentive goods were received and distributed. No violations have been noted.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.8. Forestry

During August 904,830 Kgs of charcoal and 18,902 Koku of firewood was produced.

Lumber produced totaled 12,403 koku with additional 18,305 koku being imported. Veneer produced totaled 347,637 sq ft.

Pine bark beetle is not a serious threat in this prefecture at this time.

9. Transportation Control

No violation of critical materials was reported during the month.

10. Electric Power

Electric power produced during the month of August totaled 284,248,261 KWH. This shows a decrease of 90,585,801 KWH of that produced during July. An established loss of 751 man hours, and 688,795 KWH was sustained by stoppage of operation for repairs.

Due to existing water supply the Hydro plants have operated at only 60% of maximum capacity.

Preliminary construction has been started on the new plants to be constructed in the prefecture.

11. Construction and Public Works

During August 27 building permits were issued for commercial type structures and 2 for dwellings. Registration of 58 commercial type structures and 128 for dwellings under 30 tsubo were constructed. The government reported 13 violations of the building law.

During the month 620 meters of road were repaired and of the 13 bridges undergoing repairs 5 were completed. Repair work on 23 dikes was also finished.

Construction of a water works project from Takaoka to Fushiki is in progress and 4,500 meters of pipeline has been laid. Completion of one (1) pumping station is estimated during September.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

12. Critical Materials

During August the following critical materials were purchased and sold.

<u>PURCHASED</u>	<u>SOLD</u>
Steel 8,550 Kg	Non ferrous metal 150 Kg
Secondary steel ... 2,660 Kg	Steel 13,633 Kg
Scrap iron 107,000 Kg	Secondary steel 3,321.71 K
Fabrics 5,641 Yds	Fabrics 71 Yds
Yarn 3,695 Lbs	Yarn 8,050 Lbs
Nets 10,025 Lbs	Nets 321.25 Lbs
Clothes 67 Pcs	Glass sheets 47 Sts

Police authorities reported 32 violations involving 80 persons. These cases were forward to the procurator's office for further investigation.

13. Imports and Exports

During August ten (10) Japanese SCAJAP commercial charter ships arrived at Fushiki port with 12,549 k/tons of semi-coke from Russia. Discrepancies noted, overage 166 k/tons in accordance with ships manifest. Approximately 135,840 tons of coal is stored at the docks of Fushiki and Toyama Ports awaiting shipment.

The Towā Kureha Livestock farm are preparing plans for the exporting of angora rabbit fur to the United States through their shipping agent the Tokyo Seni K.K. Co., Ltd.

The Phosphorous Chemical Industry exports ten (10) tons of Red Phosphorous per month and it is anticipated that they will be exporting twenty (20) tons within the next two months.

The Kosugi Plant of Maruyama KK Industry is exporting 40% of the Carred Clothing which is manufactured at their plants.

14. Critical Industry

Mr. Ospensky, ESS, GHQ inspected the Nippon Kai Dockyards to survey the dock installation, labor problems, financial difficulties and shortage of raw materials. Their main problems at present is insufficient funds and contracts. Mr. Ospensky suggested that they submit a petition to the central government to obtain contracts.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

Fertilizer companies produced 7,110 k/tons of ammonium sulphate, 6,020.625 k/tons of calcium cyanide and 2,414 k/tons of superphosphate.

The Nippon Kai Dockyards completed repairs on 2 electric passenger cars with engines. Eleven (11) CPC tank cars and 2 electric passenger cars are undergoing rapirs.

Industrial production report is as follows:

Steel	2,965.710 tons	Linen cloth	58,488 Sq yd
Pig iron	1,692.317 tons	Cotton "	4,454,573 "
Linen thread	158,814 lbs	Silk "	244,651 "
Silk thread	37,801 lbs	Rayon "	349,710 "
Cotton thread ...	3,942,037 lbs	Manila rope	123,420 "

It is anticipated that there will be an increase in production when the construction of the six (6) hydro electric plants and two (2) dams is resumed. The chief bottlenecks in production of critical industry is due to shortage of funds, raw materials and electric power.

One (1) warehouse was completely destroyed at the Sasazu Spinning Mill on 30 August and estimated lost of 171 bales of cotton yarn, (1 bale - 400 lbs) valued at ¥4,500,000. Investigation is being made by the NRP to determine the cause of the fire.

15. Elimination of Control Associations

In compliance with reference from I Corps this headquarters submitted a final list of all control association up to 31 July, that were not previously reported.

No action has been taken by the prefectural government to liquidate the Toyama Ken Commerce & Industry Cooperative Association and its ten (10) associated branches. Investigation of these associations has been completed by Ken Officials and police authorities. Investigation revealed that these associations are not conducting control activities. Surveillance will be exercised by the authorities in accordance with operational directives.

16. Reparations

All plants under reparational control and custody were visited and found to be complying with appropriate SCAPINS and ODs. The Nippon Soda Co., Ltd, Takaoka have received their reconversion permit to produce sulphuric acid.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

The Toa Gosei Kagaku, Takaoka plant code No. 42-11 was damaged by fire which started 1310, 24 August 1949, at their Benzyl Chloride Plant. The cause of the fire was determined when one (1) condenser reflux broke causing the benzyl chloride gas vapors to mix with the oil which is used for heating the flask by means of electric plates. High winds caused the fire to spread and destroy four (4) chemical processing machines, damaged estimated at ¥70,000. No reparations equipment or buildings were damaged by the fire.

Twelve (12) of the 15 reparations plants are in operation and producing necessary products for the rehabilitation of Japanese economy.

The Tateyama Heavy Industry received an order for 17 Railway Tenders of different types from the Mocambique Railway Co, South Africa. This contract at present is under negotiation.

17. Ship Building

Approximately 27% of a 120 gross ton steel lighter is completed. Completion of building and the repairing of wooden and steel vessels during the month at Saga Ship Yards is as follows:

<u>UNDER CONSTRUCTION</u>		<u>COMPLETED CONSTRUCTION</u>	
Two wooden vessels	15 tons	One wooden vessel	40 tons
One wooden vessel	80 tons	One wooden vessel	19 tons
<u>UNDERGOING REPAIRS</u>		<u>COMPLETED REPAIRS</u>	
Three wooden vessels	19 tons	Five wooden vessels	19 tons
One " vessel	10 tons	One wooden vessel	15 tons
One " "	15 tons	One wooden vessel	4 tons
One " "	22 tons	One " "	14 tons
One steel vessel	18 tons	One steel vessel	29 tons
One " "	48 tons		
One " "	13 tons		
One " "	15 tons		

The Nippon Kai dockyards completed the repairs on three (3) steel vessels totaling 2,376 tons and 3 are undergoing repairs totaling 3,715 tons.

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MG-12HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)ANNEX E-1To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 31 August 1949CIVIL EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

Author: Charles F. Barratt, DAC, CAF-9

1. Boards of Education:a. Prefectural board activities. One special and one regular meeting was held.

A special session of the prefectural assembly increased secretariat expenses by 2,028,071 yen to 14,165,321 yen and decreased money for teacher allowances by 27,302,770 yen for a net loss of 25,274,699 yen during the current fiscal year. No other budget items were changed. The increase was necessary so that school board employees paid as teachers and included in teacher quotas could be reclassified and hired as board employees; the decrease due to teacher reductions. The reduction lowers the percentage of the educational budget in relation to the total prefectural budget to 25.8%. National Government subsidy of the total educational budget is 37%.

Secretariat reorganization remains unsettled. Day and night duty allowances for all teachers were increased 53% (retroactive to April, 1949) over the amount paid under the old salary base of 3,700 yen following Ministry of Education notification agreeing to pay one-half of the increase.

b. Board and Superintendent Conferences. Six delegates from the prefectural and the city boards attended the national school board conference in Tokyo on 26 August. Delegates reported: (1) Discussion was primarily on national government subsidies for new lower secondary school construction; (2) A decision to observe a national "6-3 day" prior to the convocation date of the special session of the national diet; (3) The formation of a National School Board Liaison Association (Zenkoku Kyoiku Iin Kai Kyogi Kai), maintaining a full-time office in Tokyo to act as a pressure group against the reduction of teacher quotas, to encourage provisions for a separate educational tax as part of the*RESTRICTED*

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BASIC: Annex E-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

School Finance Law, and to submit suggested amendments to the Board of Education Law.

Toyama was host to a regional conference for Superintendents of schools on 30 August called for the primary purpose of hearing from the Aichi Superintendent who represented this Region at the National Superintendent's Conference in Sendai on 13, 14 August. He reported as follows: (1) That National Government school building subsidies should be reestablished; (2) That teacher pupil ratios should be 1.6 teachers per class for lower secondary schools and 2.2 for upper secondary schools (50 students per class); (3) That the Ministry of Education should not give so much attention to the upper secondary schools at the expense of primary and lower secondary schools; (4) That nurse-teachers, teachers on sick leave, and clerical personnel should not be included in Ministry of Education teacher quotas; (5) That teacher quotas for part-time upper secondary schools should not be reduced; (6) That the question of whether principals can or cannot be members of the Teacher's Union has not been decided in Tokyo as yet; (7) That a National Education Week probably will be held the first week in October stressing the first anniversary of the Board of Education Law; (8) That each Prefectural Board should submit a monthly report to the Ministry of Education; (9) That each prefectural delegate present had reported the present status of day and night duty allowances in their individual prefectures; (10) That Social Education Advisory Committeemen should draw remuneration equal to the amount received by prefectural government department chiefs, Osaka recommended 20 committee members and Aichi 11, both with two year terms of office. He relayed a Ministry of Education questionnaire asking for the amount of remuneration and traveling expenses paid to prefectural board members and superintendents, the organizational structure of prefectural board secretariats, and budgets for 6-3-3 and special schools. Delegates from prefectures in this region discussed tuition fees; the number, remuneration and election of Social Education Advisory Committees; the number, personnel and subsidies for Citizen's Public Halls, libraries, and exhibition galleries; personnel, subsidies and budgets for teacher's sanatorium; the number, teachers, and tuition for part-time upper secondary schools. Attendants decided that entrance examinations into upper secondary schools would be necessary for lower secondary students graduating next April, that because of school districts, examinations to some schools might be more difficult than to those of others, so that equalization difficulties must be solved by prefectural boards. Delegates decided to hold bi-monthly conferences, the next one scheduled for Gifu in October. The Prefectural

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

Superintendent and the Chief of the Superintendent's Office attended a regional Superintendent's Conference on 9 and 10 August in Shizuoka Prefecture. The establishment of local boards of education, regulations for school boards, interpretation of Article VIII of the Fundamental Law of Education, the number of full-time teacher union officials, the "6-3" school budget, the enforcement of the Certification Law, and other current education problems were discussed. The Aichi Superintendent of schools carried the recommendations of this group to the All Japan Superintendent's Conference later on in the month.

c. Teacher transfer.

Retired

	<u>Principals</u>	<u>Teachers</u>	<u>Assistant teachers</u>	<u>Total</u>
Upper Secondary School	0	2	1	3
Lower Secondary School	1	18	1	20
Primary School	3	19	12	34
TOTALS	4	39	14	57

Transferred

	<u>Principals</u>	<u>Teachers</u>	<u>Assistant teachers</u>	<u>Total</u>
Upper Secondary School	2	16	0	18
Lower Secondary School	7	44	3	54
Primary School	7	76	27	110
TOTALS	16	136	30	182

Two meetings with prefectural local office education section chiefs and one with all local school board superintendents were held on teacher distribution and transfer.

2. Inservice Training:

a. Summer conferences were held as scheduled in last month's activity report. In addition a 3 week Ministry of Education approved conference for nurse-teachers and school nurses addressed during a morning session by the Public Health Nurse of Toyama - Ishikawa CAT's, a school inspection evaluation meeting for teacher consultants, and a meeting of the committee preparing new courses of study for science instruction in the primary and lower secondary schools were held.

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BASIC: Annex E-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

This officer and 44 prefectural educators attended the Niigata secondary school workshop. Japanese report the following helpful points gained: (1) The learning of effective study methods, how to classify research topics and organize study groups, how to maintain liaison between study groups, how to be an effective member or chairman of a study group; (2) The extent to which topics are studied in Tohoku region so as to better evaluate education in this prefecture; (3) Demonstrations were extremely helpful, especially the unit kitchen demonstration for home-making, an understanding of the relationship between home-making and vocational subjects was achieved.

Criticisms of the conference were: (1) Workshop topics were not sent to participants in time for adequate preparation, at least 4 or 5 weeks should be allowed, too many suggested topics were received, some from the Ministry of Education and some from Niigata officials, research and prepared reference materials were wasted as all topics were changed and completely new topics announced on the opening day of the conference, delegates had no reference materials for the new topics; (2) Time schedules for topic discussion were not skilfully arranged, topics were ambiguous and general, delegates could not work leisurely and carefully, at least one more day was necessary; (3) It is desirable in the future that those who belong to the same discussion groups be billeted in the same hotel; (4) Information concerning the date of the conference was received in June, too late to include traveling expenses in the budget, great difficulty was experienced in obtaining travel expenses, in the future conferences of this nature should be announced prior to the preparation and approval of the education budget thus eliminating the necessity for supplementary budgets.

b. Conferences outside the prefecture.

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>No. of people</u>	<u>Days</u>
Upper Secondary School Curriculum	Tokyo	Ministry of Education	1	3
Teacher screening	"	"	1	3
Physical Education	"	"	1	4
All Japan TC Assoc	"	M of Ed, CI&E	1	4
Land area of LSS's	"	M of Ed	3	8

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MG-12BASIC: Annex E-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>No. of people</u>	<u>Days</u>
Physical Education	Tokyo	M of Ed	2	4
Allowances of Board employees	Fukui, Kanazawa	-	2	2
Liaison Conference	Shizuoka	Superintendents' Association	2	5
Survey of basic subjects	Tokyo	Ministry of Education	1	4
Secondary School Workshop	Niigata	CI&E, Ministry of Education	44	10
Democratic Labor Unions	Tokyo	Ministry of Education	1	7
Correspondence Education	Nagoya	"	1	3

3. Social Education:

a. Women's Affairs. The assistant education officer, this region, met with the prefectural federation of women's associations on 9 August to discuss the forthcoming election of federation officers. Later in the month nominating and election committees were established and 15 September set as the date for the prefecture-wide election.

Core women organized in working teams, reporting from 7 of the ten guns and cities in the prefecture, conducted 73 classes during the month which reached 6,163 women.

b. Youth Affairs. The assistant education officer this region, the prefectural youth advisor and members of this section visited 2 try-out youth groups. Members of this section visited 12 groups during the month. Activities were obviously staged for our benefit and indicated little or no inclination to completely reorganize along democratic lines, but rather an effort to fit democratic techniques into feudalistic structure and control patterns. Objective standards are needed and will be developed in the near future. Organizations realize the dangers of subversive infiltration but fear that this infiltration may be accomplished during the confusion created in the reorganization process.

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BASIC: Annex E-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

The prefectural agriculture extension section reports the formation of 9 new 4-H clubs with a membership of 223. Totals are now 68 organizations, including 2 local federations with a membership of 4,815 young people. This office continues to give guidance in activities, program planning, procedures, and policies.

c. Adult Education Courses recommenced during the month but no statistics on sites, sessions, and attendance are available at the time of writing.

d. Social Education Law. Five prefectural social education officials attended the regional conference at Gifu prefecture, 1 to 5 August to hear Ministry of Education interpretation and explanation of the new law. Section members are now preparing regulations for presentation to and approval by the prefectural assembly probably during September. Conference schedules to popularize the law have been made and will commence on 5 September. Social Education Advisory Committees will probably be established in October.

e. Public libraries. A member of the social education section attended the Osaka study meeting sponsored by the Japan Library Association. A follow-up conference for 100 librarians in the prefecture is being planned for early in September.

f. Mayor's Conference. The assistance education officer this region addressed the conference on the Importance of Adult and Social Education and assisted this officer in answering questions concerning Civil Education.

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QCIE-02HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)ANNEX E-2To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 31 August 1949CIVIL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES

Author: 1st Lt Fred R. Bayer

1. Priority Programsa. Tax Collection

- (1) During the month the local press carried 23 news articles and 5 editorials concerning the payment of taxes, also the Radio put out 3 spot broadcasts. There were 41 meetings with attendance of 965. These meetings were held giving information why people should pay taxes. At the same time 1,171 posters and 2,740 pamphlets and leaflets were distributed. A program is being set up by this section, the PRO and Film librarian. It is the making of charts, then photographing them and making slides. This is in line with tax collection and food collection program. If it works satisfactorily it will be used in other priority programs.

b. Political Reorientation

- (1) The first part of the month a trip was made to Futomiyama by the CI and L&G Officers. The purpose for this trip was giving information and enlightening the people of this mountain area on the Constitution and Laws concerning Local Autonomy. Approximately 150 men, women and children attended this meeting. At meetings like this I stress the point that the women should take as much interest in governmental affairs as the men. In doing this it tends to create a more equal basis between the men and women.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

(2) Mayors Conference

A Mayor's Conference, jointly sponsored by Toyama Civil Affairs Team and the Prefectural Government, was held on the 9th of August. Those attending were Ken and local government officials, school boards, local judges, chiefs of health centers, representatives of women's groups, police chiefs, nurses and businessmen. Between 750 and 800 attended, including approximately 75 women.

The meeting was opened by introductory speeches by the Chief of Civil Affairs, Governor and Chief of the PRO. The rest of the morning was devoted to CI&E films. In the afternoon lectures were given by the Asst Civil Education Officer from Tokai-Hokuriku Region, the Legal and Government and Public Welfare Officers from this team. The last hour was spent on questions and answers. This conference was considered very informative and most successful. The importance of this conference was publicized by the PRO.

(3) By-elections

On the 18th August an election was held for local agriculture land reform committees. An intensive information program was put out by the PRO, using suggestions from this Section. Information was disseminated through posters, spot broadcasts and newspaper articles encouraging the people to get out and vote. There was an 85% vote. 20 election districts will hold a reelection within 60 days, because the candidates did not reach the required number.

c. Production, collection and distribution of food

This program has received 101 news items and 17 editorials in local newspapers. In addition to this there has been 15 spot broadcasts totaling 41 minutes. 56 meetings have been held with a total attendance of 8,427. 20 of these meetings were sponsored by the Agriculture Cooperative Union. Also 1,990 leaflets and pamphlets were distributed during this period. 23 news articles and 2 local broadcasts for 14 minutes each were devoted for the betterment of Agricultural enterprises.

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BASIC: Annex E-2 to Civil Affairs Activities Report
Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

2. Other Programs

a. Health Center Development and Utilization

- (1) Public health and sanitation was covered by 42 news articles, 4 editorials and 2 local radio programs on the same subject for a total of 36 minutes. Six meetings were held with attendance of 1,461. 20,400 posters were distributed along with 200 press advertisements. 19 articles were published on child welfare and 10 meetings held with an audience totaling 2,000. At the same time 2,000 leaflets and pamphlets were distributed.

b. Women's Week

- (1) Several articles and editorials were published for, "Women's Week", held in this prefecture the 1st thru 7th of August. The local radio allotted 15 minutes for a round table discussion on what the working women seek.

3. Media Development

A short conference was held with the Mayor and Vice-Mayor of Demachi concerning the problems of taxes and food collection. He conducts a town meeting twice a month to discuss these problems, as well as others. Films are being made available for these town meetings. The mayor stated it creates more interest in the meetings if films are shown. The average attendance is 50 people.

4. Visitors

Captain Hawke and his PRO Staff from Fukui visited Toyama the 8th and 9th of August. The purpose for this visit was to see how this section and the PRO Section coordinate activities.

Mr. David A. Ward, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Information Officer made a routine visit to this section on the 23rd of August.

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TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)ANNEX FTo Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period ending 31 August 1949SURVEILLANCE OF JAPANESE TAX ADMINISTRATION

Author: Hideo Murakami, DAC, CAF-6

1. Major Problems

Delinquent accounts still remain a major problem in all tax offices. As of 20 August, 44% of the total reassessments issued in FY 48-49 remained uncollected. This figure represents a 1.5% decrease from July. In an effort to substantially decrease the backlog of delinquent accounts, attachment proceedings have been accelerated and show promise of obtaining excellent results. On 1 August, the Uozu Tax office initiated an attachment campaign directed at 2500 top delinquents. It was reported that when officials arrived to execute attachments 68% of the accounts contacted paid up, with many more indicating intention to pay before attached property could be sold. The Demachi Tax office has started similar action and has reported similar results. Stronger attachment campaigns are being urged as past and present operations indicate that delinquents must be shown that attachment proceedings can and will be instigated in order to clear off delinquent tax accounts.

The reassessment of this year's provisional returns is expected to begin on or about 20 Sept. To date comparatively few taxpayers have submitted corrected returns despite repeated appeals by tax officials and wide publicity given the necessity for correct returns. This disappointing development promises to result in another complicated administrative problem adding further confusion to an already difficult tax campaign.

The previously reported lack of aggressive court action in the prosecution of tax evaders improved during August. After six months of legal jockeying, a decision in the important test case involving one WAHEI IMOTO, indicted and tried for intentional fraudulent return of his income, was finally rendered. Imoto was found guilty of both tax evasion and hoarding of rationed goods (which led to his conviction as

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

a tax evader) and was fined ¥100,000 and given a five month suspended sentence. The trial of five other cases involving violations of tax laws is continuing. It is believed that decisions in these cases will be forthcoming shortly and that future cases will be handled faster now that the test case has ended successfully.

A problem of far reaching consequences was discovered during the month involving the non-payment of some ¥4,600,000 taxes by the Prefectural Trade Farming Cooperative League (KEN HAMBAI NOGYO, KYODO RENGU KAI). Affiliated farm associations such as KOREN, BUNKOREN and SEISANREN are also under investigation for supposedly non-payment of taxes. Investigators report that the non-payment is not an intended attempt to evade payment but is due to a peculiar accounting system utilized by the farm associations. The prosecution of non-paying farm associations will have an adverse effect on the Co-op Association program and will no doubt destroy many years of hard work if carried to court. The Tax Administration Bureau and the tax office Chiefs are continuing investigations and are attempting to gain a mutual understanding of the accounting system whereby needed changes can be made and the present amount of outstanding taxes can be collected without legal action.

A difficult problem of investigating sources of income was reported during August in cases of organizations and Corporations issuing dividends to stockholders. It is believed that parent organizations are declaring dividends under the guise of loans which are being so recorded in all records. A fishing company under the jurisdiction of the Takaoka Tax office is now under investigation by the procurators for alleged violations of this nature. It is realized that this practice is possible, and if widespread could result in serious damage to the tax program. It has been suggested that a system of periodic checks be put into effect in order to check into records and dealings of all organizations declaring dividends.

The present lot system of addressing taxpayers is causing a gross waste of time in locating taxpayers by mail or personal calls by collectors. It is the opinion of all tax offices that a graduated house number system, as used in the states, would greatly facilitate the work of the tax officials.

The low transaction tax returns by business men is an ever increasing problem facing the officials due to difficulty in investigating and proving violations. The Toyama Tax office estimates that only 25% of the actual tax collected is being reported and turned in. Little relief of the situation can be seen until a change in system of

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

bookkeeping can be affected. An encouraging trend noted lately was the discovery of 12 violators involving ¥56,000. Violators were fined from 20 to 40 times the original for a total of ¥1,130,000.

The previously reported problems of inexperienced tax office personnel, lack of transportation, lack of storage space and general attitude of the tax payers remain the same.

2. Operational Assistance

All tax offices were visited during the month. Discussions and conferences were held on main problems and difficulties encountered in the present collection program. Suggestion was made to all tax offices to study and obtain the public opinion on the advisability of installing a single type bookkeeping system for each type business. Opinions were favorable in most cases but found little encouragement among the farmers, who have little or no knowledge of keeping records of any kind. Prefecture wide conferences are being held among the small and middle class businessmen who are generally in favor of the idea. It is believed that a single type system in this group would lessen the tax administrative burden from 20 - 40%. Since the announcement of the Shoup recommendations the tax officials and taxpayers alike realize the need of a better system of bookkeeping on the part of the taxpayers.

A study is being made as to what effect the Shoup recommendations would have on the prefecture revenue picture, if passed into law. The Shoup recommendations would cut the prefecture revenue approximately ¥470,000,000 or about 22% of the total source of revenue by eliminating residence, business, land, house and real estate acquisition taxes from the present list. Despite the above, authorities feel that the promulgation of such taxes as the wealth tax, and price increase tax in place of the present business tax, and others, will counterbalance the lost revenue.

Wide publicity is being given all phases of the program with special emphasis on the necessity for correct returns and the use of the tax deposit system.

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HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)

ANNEX F-1

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 31 August 1949

FINANCE AND CIVIL PROPERTY

Author: Sgt 1/c Bernard E. Duquette

1. United Nations Nationals Property

Inspection of property owned by the Rising Sun Oil Co. Ltd., was made during the month. Maintenance and repair work was found satisfactory.

2. Restoration of United Nations Nationals Property

The Standard Vacuum Oil Co. Ltd., Toide Machi was restored to its original owner during the month in accordance with SCAPIN 6105-A/15.

3. Looted Property

No further instructions concerning looted property were received by this headquarters during the reporting period.

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HEADQUARTERS TOKAI-HOKURIKU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, APO 710, U. S. Army

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS: This form will remain attached to the correspondence to which it pertains. Entries and pages (when extra pages are required) will be numbered consecutively. A line will be drawn completely across the sheet after each separate notation.

SUBJECT: Annex A to Toyama CAT Activities
Report for August 1949

FILE NO:

<p>TO: Legal & Govt Sec</p>	<p>Comment and return in duplicate to Executive Officer.</p>	<p>FROM: Adj Sec DATE: 17 Sept 49</p>
<p>Exec.</p>	<p>No comment. <i>JBSullivan</i></p>	<p>Legal & Government Section</p>

775013

HEADQUARTERS TOKAI-HOKURIKU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION, APO 710, U. S. Army

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS: This form will remain attached to the correspondence to which it pertains. Entries and pages (when extra pages are required) will each be numbered consecutively. A line will be drawn completely across the sheet after each separate notation.

SUBJECT: Annex A to Toyama CAT Activities FILE NO:
~~Report for August 1949~~

TO: Legal & Wovt Sec	Comment and return in duplicate to Executive Officer.	FROM: Adj Sec DATE: 17 Sept 49
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QGS-01HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA CIVIL AFFAIRS TEAM
APO 301 (Toyama, Honshu)ANNEX ATo Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period ending 31 August 1949LEGAL AND GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES

Author: 1st Lt Ralph M. Longbotham, Jr.

1. Japanese Government Administration:a. Prefectural Assembly

On the 4th of August the prefectural assembly met in ordinary session. A motion was made by the left wing elements to withdraw Bill #62 dealing with the establishment of a personnel quota for employees of the prefectural assembly. Five members supported the withdrawal and the motion was defeated. Other matters brought before the assembly were purely of a routine matter. During the month there were eleven meetings of standing committees covering various aspects of government.

b. Cities(1) Toyama

As in the prefectural assembly means of reducing government employees are being sought. A bill was passed limiting the number of personnel to be hired by the city. This was opposed only by the members sympathetic to the left.

(2) Takaoka

From August 18 to August 27 the Takaoka City Assembly was in session. Of the eight by-laws passed four pertained to revision of local tax laws both on the subject of levying them and collection. There is a definite attempt to eliminate the defects now existent in present legislation.

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Toyama Civil Affairs Team, period ending 31 August 49, Cont'd.

c. Courts

The total number of untried and undecided cases at the end of the month of August was 417. The Simple Courts had 91 and the District Courts had 328. Total cases received during the month were 584. Cases decided during the month totaled 594. Again, as last month, the courts increased the total number of decisions but the number of cases received also increased. This month the courts were barely able to effect a slight reduction of the backlog. A study now in progress has thus far revealed a great percentage of time is spent by judges in administrative duties. The survey is being continued in order to determine the most effective means of combating the threat of an increasing backlog. Cases in the procurators' offices at the end of the month totaled 1,857 indicating that alertness to this situation is necessary.

2. Political Parties

a. Communist

The communists have been active in attempting to get widespread attention for Russian films showing in local theaters. The most recent example was "The Hero of the Plain" (Sogen No Eiyu) which had been awarded the Stalin prize. Vigorous advertising was promoted by the cultural division of the labor council and hundreds of wall newspapers were posted. However, when the picture was shown there was very limited attendance.

The Communists were inactive during the recent Agricultural Land Commissions election. Only in one instance did they actively campaign and this was at Kosugi-machi. Party members were sent from Toyama-shi and attempted a street meeting hoping to take advantage of people gathered for a dance on August 14. The general public showed no interest.

The National Ordinance passed on the 11th of August regarding the return of repatriates has had a favorable effect on both the repatriates themselves and the Communist welcoming groups. Interviews with returnees indicate that previous disturbances were organized by a few and the majority of repatriates participated simply out of fear and not out of sympathy with the Communist philosophy. This is borne out by the large percentage of repatriates who upon arriving in their home community quickly shed all vestiges of Soviet indoctrination. The reason for the lack of Communist welcoming committees on the scale previous, has more

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