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The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1857. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXX—WHOLE NO. 10,393.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar per square (ten lines, or less) for the first insertion, and half that sum for each subsequent insertion. Liberal deductions to those who advertise by the month, quarter or year.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, or charged less than by the month, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.
The privilege of changing advertisements is confined strictly within the line of the business, and to extent to one square every day.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 13.

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EUROPE.

THE NEWS BY THE ERICSSON.

The United States Mail steamer *Ericsson*, from Liverpool, May 27th, arrived at New York on the evening of the 10th inst.

The steamer *Khersonese*, Capt. Thompson, from St. Johns, Newfoundland, arrived at Liverpool, morning of the 22d ult. On the 17th, as the ship was going thirteen knots, the screw shaft snapped, and the remainder of the passage was made under canvas.

The amount of the defalcations of Charles Thurneyssen is not likely to be less than three millions of dollars.

The person whose failure in the provision and grain trade at Liverpool was announced last mail, is John Doherty. Liabilities £100,000; assets small.

Robert Orrell, of Cuerdon Mill, near Preston, manufacturer and spinner, has failed. Liabilities, £40,000.

The European and American company's steamship *Argo*, Capt. Benson, from Bremen, with upwards of 400 passengers, would sail from Southampton for New York, on Wednesday, the 27th.

The Cunard steamship *Lebanon*, from Quebec, with troops, arrived at Gravesend, at 5 P. M., on the 21st, having made the trip from port to port in 11 days and 6 hours.

Various statements have been in circulation respecting the unfitness of the United States frigate *Niagara* for the laying of the Atlantic telegraph cable. She is, however, expected to proceed to Liverpool, and we have no authentic information that she will do otherwise than was at first contemplated in respect to the shipment of the cable.

BRITAIN.—In Parliament, the subject most immediately of interest to the country has been the dower and pension of the Princess Royal. The annuity of £8,000 a year was passed without a division, Mr. Roebuck making a feeble remonstrance. The dowry of £40,000 in cash was brought before the Committee of Supply, when Mr. Conyngham moved, finally, that the pension be reduced from £8,000 to £6,000 a year, and secondly, that the dowry of £40,000 be omitted. Fourteen members voted with him on his first motion, and sixteen on the second. The bill was read a first time. In the House of Lords, a lengthened debate took place, in Committee, on the proposed amendment of the matrimonial law. Various enactments were voted in the Commons.

A new writ was moved for the seat of Thos. B. Baring, who is appointed a Lord of the Treasury. H. Berkeley gave notice that on an early day he would test the House on the question of the vote by ballot. Sir G. Pechell called attention to the increased importation of slaves into Cuba, and to the inadequate British force on that coast. Admiral Walcott testified to the difficult and hazardous nature of the service in attempting to suppress the slave trade on the Cuban coast. Lord Palmerston said that Lord Clarendon had very recently renewed his representations to the Spanish government upon this subject, and no effort would be wanting, as far as diplomatic negotiation could go, to induce the government at Madrid to take effectual steps to put down the trade. Both questions were then withdrawn over the Queen's birthday and "the Derby day."

SPAIN.—The Spanish Cortes has been the scene of most exciting debates. The incidents, written a Paris correspondent, which took place in the Spanish Senate on the 10th, 11th and 12th, give a good idea of how men attain honors and rise to power in that country. Of many hundred Generals whose names fill the Spanish army list, few there are who do not owe their rank to successful rebellion of some kind or other.

The sitting of the 10th was of a most exciting character. After some explanations of personal nature from Count Donnadieu, and a few words from Narvaez, who still gave the name of "most worthy Generals" to the rebels of 1854, and who implored them (for excellent reasons of his own) to drop the subject, Count Clonard pronounced a prayer which was not attended to. General Lara stood up to defend one of the governments which had been overturned by Narvaez—namely, that of the late Count of Alcoy, and to express his astonishment that General Narvaez, though he praised the conduct of the insurgent Chiefs in 1854, did not word of sympathy or approval for the Generals (of whom he was one) and the army who remained faithful to the constituted government. This hit told hard.

The Marquis de Miraflores defended the government of Bravo Murillo, of which he (the Marquis) was a member. He, at the same time, denounced strongly every species of insurrection, every species of revolution, including that of France of 1789, on which the throne of Napoleon III. is based, and he declared that he who recognizes revolutions must also recognize the disgusting *Causas Sandio* principle of the sovereignty of the people. In this course, of course O'Donnell and Narvaez were both comprised.

M. Pidal, Minister of Foreign Affairs, closed the debate on the 10th, and displayed all the cutting sarcasm of his oratory. He denounced O'Donnell. As a traitor to the Moderate party, he denounced the insurrection of 1854; he denounced its head as a dictator; he denounced all who admitted having been accomplices in and in this term was necessarily included Narvaez, the head of the Government to which M. Pidal himself now belongs.

It would certainly be convenient to Narvaez if the discussion on such perilous matters were put a stop to, as most unpleasant disclosures may come out of them. But there are members in both Houses who will insist upon speaking, and we may yet have still more exciting passages.

Seizure of the Key of the Red Sea.

The Paris *Moniteur de la Flotte* announces that the British East India Company have taken possession of the island of Perim, in the straits of Babelmandeb, and completely commanding the entrance to the Red Sea. The British flag was hoisted there on the 14th of February, by Lieut. Hemingway, a troop, and the occupation is definite. The ostensible cause is, that two years since an English ship, which was wrecked on the coast, and the crew was pillaged by the natives. The East India Company summoned the chiefs of the Sanmalis to Aden to make reparation, and a treaty was concluded by which the Company was to occupy the island. An artillery garrison from India is already placed on the island.

General News.

The Paris *Journal des Debats* confirms the announcement previously made that the ratification of the treaty of peace between Britain and Persia has arrived at Constantinople, and (contrary to the assertions of the Brussels *Nord*) it contains no reservation.

It is asserted that the Protocol of the Neufchatel question was signed at Paris, evening of the 26th.

Preparations are making at Portsmouth for the reception of the Grand Duke Constantine.

The negotiations of the Mexican envoy with Spain are understood to be impeded by some failure in diplomatic form, which will have to be referred to Mexico to be rectified.

From the West Coast of Africa we announced that the French commander-in-chief on that station had occupied, in the name of the French government, the large tract of land called Dakar, said to be one of the most important in Senegal.

New postage regulations are issued by the English Post-office. Books and periodicals, British or foreign, may be sent through the British post, to the Falkland Islands and to Vancouver's Island, at the postage, and letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, at the same rate. Newspapers sent to or from Peru direct, or via Panama, are charged 1d. each. Spanish newspapers may be sent from one Peruvian port to another, by British packet, at one penny each.

The Turin correspondence says, that as many false reports are in circulation in respect to the relations between Austria and Sardinia, it may be as well to observe that things are in very nearly the same state as they were when Count Parr quitted Turin. The relations between Naples and England are better now than they were three or four months ago.

The exact state of the Holstein question is, that on the 15th or 16th, a messenger arrived from Copenhagen with a dispatch, in which it was stated that the newly-formed government would consider the Holstein estates in the month of August, and settle the questions relative to the provincial constitution, domains, &c., in a way that would satisfy the two great German powers. The contents of the dispatch induced Austria and Prussia to relinquish their intention of bringing the matter before the German Confederation, and of proposing to send troops into Holstein.

An important political decision has been announced by the British government. The doctrine of "once a subject, always a subject," is abandoned. The case of Mr. Lawless, a merchant of Granada, and a non-combatant in the late Nicaraguan troubles. He was dragged out of his house and shot by the Guatemalans, when they took Granada. He was formerly a British subject, but became a naturalized citizen of the United States. His mother applied to the British government for compensation for the loss of her son's life and property. The reply was that he had renounced his allegiance by becoming a citizen of the United States, and was not entitled to British protection.

THE PRESS IN GREECE.—The city of Athens has now seventeen newspapers issued regularly, besides four periodicals published semi-monthly. The papers are weekly and semi-weekly, and the eighteenth is to be started in a short time, under the editorial care of M. Kalopothakes. Athens became the capital in 1836, and had then only two or three thousand inhabitants; it has now a population of 36,000, and the removal of restrictions upon the press has produced a corresponding growth of periodical literature. With all these papers, however, there is not one issued daily, nor is there a publication removed from the influence of the Greek Church. So says the New York *Times*.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.—Col. Wm. Ash, of Franklin county, in Georgia, left home in January last, for Kentucky, with three thousand dollars, to purchase mules. Those last heard from he was at Smith's Landing, near Nashville, and it is feared he has been murdered for his money. Col. A. has represented his county for a number of years in the General Assembly of the State.

COTTON MOVINGS, MISSING AND DESPITCH.—The particular attention of buyers is called to the sale of Cotton, per THE DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by Fay, Conrad & Co.'s auction room, No. 20 Old Levee-st. Terms at sale.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, June 16.—The Royal Mail steamship *Europa*, from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 6th inst., has arrived here, *en route* for Boston.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, June 6, P. M.—The Cotton market has been generally unchanged since the departure of the last steamer, and closed steadily last night. Our quotations are the same as by the *Canada*.

The sales of the week amount to 40,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took the first 4,500, and the latter 6,000 bales.

Breadstuffs are dull, all qualities having slightly declined.

Provisions closed steady.

Naval stores are active.

Consols for money closed at 89¼ to 94.

GENERAL NEWS.

The news by the Europa is very meagre, and of but little interest.

Parliament had assembled, but nothing of importance had been done.

ADDITIONAL BY THE EUROPA.

ARRIVAL OUT.

The steamer *Indian*, from Quebec, arrived out at Liverpool on the 4th.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, June 6.—Inferior qualities of Cotton show a decline. The sales on Friday amounted to 6,000 bales, exporters taking 1000 bales.

Orleans Fair, 8¼; Orleans Middling, 7 13-16; Mobile Fair, 8¼; Mobile Middling, 7 11-16; Upland Fair, 8d.

Flour closed very dull at a decline of 1s. to 2s. Wheat closed dull and 6d. lower.

Bacon closed dull—declined 2s. to 4s. Lard closed heavy at 63s.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

The Manchester markets have been interrupted by the holidays.

THE NIAGARA.

The United States steam-frigate *Niagara* has gone to Portsmouth for alterations.

BELGIUM.

Our latest advices from Belgium state that everything is quiet.

FOREIGN SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived at Liverpool from New Orleans—the *Cynosure* and *Shakspeare*.

At Cadiz—the *Danube*.

A REVOLUTION IN NEW YORK.

A Regiment of State Troops Under Arms.

MAYOR WOOD ARRESTED.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Mayor Wood has surrendered himself to the Coroner.

The 12th regiment of the State militia is under arms to preserve order.

Several policemen were bad y injured in an affray to-day—their recovery is doubtful.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

Mayor Wood has been arrested on a second warrant, without resistance.

Deputy Street Commissioner Turner and Capt. Bennett of the Mayor's police were arrested, and, with the Mayor, held to bail in the sum of $5000 each.

LATEST—ANOTHER CONFLICT EXPECTED

NEW YORK, June 17, 6 P. M.—The City Hall has been thronged all day, and another conflict between the two police forces has been expected.

Quiet, however, prevails at this time.

The City Hall is held by the Mayor's police. A habeas corpus in the Mayor's case is now arranging before Judge Russell.

The 12th regiment of New York militia is still under arms at the armories.

ARRIVAL OF THE FULTON.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The steamship *Fulton* from Havre has arrived. Her advices are anticipated.

DEPARTURE OF THE AMERICA.

BOSTON, June 17.—The Royal Mail Steamship *America* sailed for Liverpool this morning with $125,000 in specie.

BUNKER HILL ANNIVERSARY.

BOSTON, June 17.—The eighty-second anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill is now being celebrated on the most magnificent scale.

THE ORATION—THE PROCESSION.

The oration was delivered by the Hon. Ed. Everett and is pronounced to be one of his most eloquent efforts. The procession was very large and imposing. The ceremonies passed off very pleasantly.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Philip Frank Thomas has declined the Governorship of Utah because the salary is too small.

The place has not been offered to Major Hopkins, of Florida, as was reported. Col. Cumming will probably be appointed.

The Overland mail has given no indications of route. The Cabinet is said to be deliberating on the subject.

GEN. WALKER'S MOVEMENTS.

Gen. Walker has written a long letter to the President, which will probably come before investigation in regard to Capt. Davis's conduct. A letter from ex-Secretary Dobbin, confirmed by official documents, says that he did not use Walker's name in his instructions to Davis; his object in sending the *St. Mary's* to San Juan being to protect American interests in that quarter.

A NEW SHIP OF WAR.

Proposals will soon be issued for the building of one of the five ships of war by private contract.

WESTERN NEWS.

MORE TROUBLE WITH THE INDIANS.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—Our Fort Riley correspondent, under date of the 9th, says that the Cheyennes attacked and destroyed an emigrant train, about 100 miles West of Fort Riley, on the 6th. Four emigrants were killed and three wounded.

The Indians are in the rear of Col. Summer's force.

KANSAS AFFAIRS.

TOPEKA, June 12.—Both branches of the Legislature are busy perfecting the county and township organizations. Robinson's pardon had been sent in, but the Legislature was not disturbed.

BOLTON INDICTED.

MEMPHIS, June 17.—The examination of Bolton, who killed a man some days ago, is concluded, and the indictment for murder in the first degree sustained.

EARTHQUAKE.

MEMPHIS, June 17.—We felt a slight shock of an earthquake here yesterday.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—Nothing doing in Flour. Red Wheat $1 40 to $1 50. White, 28c. to 29c. Bacon Shoulders 10c. Oats 45c. Whiskey 21c.

SILVER INTELLIGENCE.

MEMPHIS, June 17.—The R. J. Ward and Peter Teilon have passed down, and the H. D. Newcomb, Antelope and Belfast up. The river is at a stand.

VICKSBURG, June 17.—The R. W. Adams passed down at 2, the Sunbeam at 10 last night, the Ward at 2, and the Kennett at 10 this morning.

LOUISVILLE, June 17.—The river is rising slowly. The largest boats can now go over the falls. Weather showers.

MEMPHIS, June 17.—The Lackland and Baltic have passed down, and the White and Tecumseh up. The river is rising.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, June 10, 1857.—A. Thompson, who has been appointed Consul at Southampton, and Mr. Fleurot, who has been appointed Consul at Bordeaux, are both attaches of the New York *Herald*, and were appointed at the request of Mr. Bennett. I also learn that the Chevalier Wikoff is promised a foreign appointment on the same grounds.

There are eight or ten applicants for Utah Judgeships.

No Governor nor other officers have yet been appointed for Utah.

Official and private advices assure the administration that there is no probability whatever that the peace of Kansas will be interrupted, and that the pending controversy promises a happy termination.

William B. Gere has been appointed United States Marshal for Minnesota, vice Irwin, resigned.

Mr. Jenkins will be superseded as Consul at Navigator's Islands.

HARRISBURG, June 10.—The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention met here yesterday, when Hon. Jas. Strong, of Berks county, and Jas. Thompson, of Erie, were selected as the party nominees for the vacancies on the bench of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, caused by the expiration of the term of Judge Lewis, and the resignation of Judge Black. A letter was read from Judge Lewis, declining the nomination which had been conferred upon him by a previous Democratic State convention.

CONCORDIA, June 10.—The Democratic State Convention has nominated Am P. Cate for Governor on the first ballot. Frederick Voss, of Walpole, was nominated for Railroad Commissioner. Resolutions were passed endorsing the last and all previous Democratic administrations; pledging an earnest support of President Buchanan; endorsing the Dred Scott decision, and advocating the repeal of the Maine law. The convention is full and harmonious.

BOSTON, June 10.—The meeting of merchants to-day in relation to the discontinuance of the advance wages to seamen referred the subject to a committee of ten. Letters were read from the Chamber of Commerce of Liverpool and New York, requesting co-operation in furtherance of the object, as a benefit to seamen as well as to the shipping interest.

HOBOKEN, N. J., June 16.—Com. John C. Stevens died of enlargement of the heart, at his residence in Hoboken, this afternoon, aged 73 years. He leaves property to the amount of several millions.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP TO EUROPE. The *National Intelligencer* has the following:

We are requested to state that the following are the only United States mail contractors authorized to convey the United States mail between New York and Europe, viz:

W. K. Collins & Co. between New York and Liverpool, touching the steamships Atlantic and Baltic, and such other steamships as may be substituted for them.

The New York and Havre Steamship Company, between New York and Havre, touching the steamships Arctic and Baltic; New York and Southampton, touching the steamships Arctic and North Star.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Jas. T. G. Hunt, Joseph Fitzgerald, found guilty of the murder of Bailey, was yesterday sentenced on appeal to the Supreme Court.

Thomas Handley, tried and found guilty of larceny, with a recommendation to mercy, was sentenced to one week's imprisonment and a fine of $1 by Judge Merrick, the latter remitted.

Mary Quil was tried for the murder of Margaret Kelly, who is alleged to have been killed by her in a fit of jealousy on the 24 of February inst. Wm. S. Wright, Esq., appeared for the defendant, and Messrs. Vaughan and James Byrne, Esqs., appeared for the defense. The jury were unable to agree on a verdict up to the close of the court, and were consequently locked up for the night.

The examination of Henry Bonsignour, f. m. c., for the killing of his cousin, Armand Bonsignour, on the 31st of April, was completed and the case submitted to the criminal court for trial for manslaughter.

COURTESY OF COURTS.—Judge Eggleston, of the Fifth Criminal Court, yesterday sentenced Mr. George P. Bowers, Jr., to prison for twenty-four hours for contempt of his Court in striking Wm. Fenner, Esq., at or near the door to the court-room, on the 15th inst., in the presence of a full audience. The cause of the difficulty, we hear, grew out of legal proceedings had in the case by Mr. Bowers, in the course of an argument in Court.

Sentenced. Crowe.—*Committed.*—Charles Shelby, for committing a violent assault upon a female, a charge of having fraudulently obtained $450 from St. Francis, by means of a spurious check; which Mr. Drew, an honest man, refused to be bled, upon the Louisiana State Bank, where he had no money on deposit. The giving of the check as endorsed by O. Miller, the obtaining of the money under false pretences, and the refusal of the bank to pay the check, on the ground that it—the bank—already had drawn his account, were proved. It was urged, in defense, that a person is criminally liable only for a defrauding a party accused with intent to defraud the bank, not an individual, as charged in the affidavit. (The latter case.) Ann further, that there was no false pretence, as Meade had $200 in the bank when the check was drawn, on the 6th inst., and, notwithstanding the check was post dated to the 7th instant, the bank had to the meantime paid two sheets of blank for $200 and $300 respectively. His check for $450 was withdrawn by $300 when the check to Francis was presented in bank. Upon this showing, the Recorder considered that the money obtained from Francis under false pretences, and accordingly committed the accused for trial in the Criminal Court. Bail $500.

DISCHARGED.—Andrews, the dangerous cripple, accused by Mrs Mary Jane Greene of having set fire to her house with one Cassidy, was discharged, as the evidence proved it was urged by the negro to Andrews' control. The Recorder spoke of having had nothing in aggravated charge, and would have done so but for regard of her sex.

Bonsignour was again tried and dismissed a charge of perjury against L. L. Nyer and Emile Bouillaon, also case of breach of trust against L. L. Nyer, in which Bonsignour charges Miss Lallemand and Louis Baldesvell.

Recorder Adams has'd Richard Glenn to bail to answer to a charge of having burglariously attempted to break into the residence of Jacob Werther, on Annunciation st., and in the interest thereof to visit the premises with design to murder the occupants.

DROWNED.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of an old negress belonging to J. C. David, and found dead in the Canal Carondelet. Verdict, "drowned."

Notice.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICS' FAIR ASSOCIATION.

A Regular Adjourned Meeting of this Association will be held THIS EVENING, Thursday, June 18, 1857, at half-past 7 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE.

The public generally are respectfully invited to attend, and all the members are expected to be present.

HINOR KEMMER, Pyndicat.
C. H. HORTON, Secretary. jel5 11

Agricultural and Mechanics' Fair Association of Louisiana.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of this Association held at the Exchange, on Thursday evening, June 18, 1857, W. F. Coleman, Esq., in the chair—eight members present—the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That public notice be given through the daily papers, that the officers of said Association be required to deliver over to their successors in office, on the 1st day of July next, all the books, papers and other property of said Association in their possession.

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The following officers of the Association are as follows:

WM. KEE, Vice President.
J. R. RUSHMORE, 1st Vice President.
C. F. BELL, 2d Vice President.
C. H. BORTON, Treasurer.
C. H. HORTON, Secretary.

Executive Committee.

Hon. J. Perkins, Sr. | R. G. Ray Nelson.
Mr. Wm. F. Coleman. | Dr. A. E. Waddesham.
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