

UNIVERSITIES TO CONTINUE SPORTS

By JACK VELOCK. New York, June 22. The decision of the "Big Nine" (or the "Big Ten" as it will be henceforth with the return of Michigan university) to continue intercollegiate sports despite the war, is the choicest bit of collegiate news that has been given out since Uncle Sam tossed his sky-rocket into the ring and announced his entry into the world war.

Following President Wilson's recommendation that college sports be continued, the graduate managers of many big Eastern colleges got together in New York and discussed the advisability of planning ahead for the coming fall, and for the year 1918. When the session ended the consensus of opinion favored "efforts to continue competitive sports in so far as possible," but there was no definite plan made for continuing intercollegiate sports.

The coming football season will be the barometer through which the strength of collegiate athletics throughout the country may be gauged. Most every school of size has already completed its football schedule for the year, and though a few schools, notably Harvard, have announced that all athletic schedules and plans are at an end until conditions are more favorable, it is now a safe bet that the coming fall will see athletes flourishing in a large majority of our schools and colleges.

Freshmen May Play. There is a chance that the turnout for athletics will be larger than ever before, and all because of a growing sentiment among college officials to brush aside the freshmen rule, which keeps first-year men from playing on varsity teams.

Let down the bars for the freshmen is the cry in many sections of the country, and considering the all-important fact that the ranks of our athletes are bound to be greatly depleted by the needs of the army and navy, it appears that such a move would be the best thing for athletics.

The action taken by the Western conference at its Chicago session, when it endorsed the continuance of intercollegiate athletic relations, is held to have a stimulating effect. When war first came to us the armists wanted to drop all thought of athletics right away. They thought that the young manhood of the country would have something more serious than athletics to attend to. But President Wilson's timely statement favoring athletics saved the day for college sports.

Opinions expressed by leading figures in nearly every branch of sport indicate a general belief that in time of war sports become more important than at any other time, and this feeling, first expressed by those who have sports most deeply at heart, is growing stronger every day.

Let's have all the sports we can possibly support. Sports and the rich red blood of Americans go hand in hand, and we will need just as many red-bloods in the future as we do at present.

Mack's New Collegian. Frank French, University of Maine senior, is now a member of Connie Mack's Athletics. French is to get a trial in the Mackian outfield, and from all reports it appears that the Fox Cornutus McGilluddy has picked up another collegiate player.

French is a star in many branches of sports, having participated in track and field athletics, baseball, basketball and football at his alma mater. He is considered the greatest all-around athlete turned out by the University of Maine in years, and when it is remembered that he has been developed by no less a personage than Monty Cross, who recommended him to Mack, there is reason to give him the benefit of the doubt and say that he looks like a real find.

French is the third University of Maine man to be signed by Connie Mack, for Otis Lawry and H. Rowe both claim Maine as their mother school. If the new member of the Mackmen has the makings, Mack will bring them out and make a star of him, for there is no manager in baseball who can do more with college men than Connie Mack. When it comes to that he is in a class distinctly by his lonesome.

Cash Values in Baseball. If you were a baseball manager, which pair of players would you rather have—Ty Cobb and Grover Alexander, or Tris Speaker and Eddie Collins?

Maybe it's a hard question to answer, but any time you had to shell out the dough for players with the liberal hand that the Chicago and Cleveland clubs did for Collins and Speaker you would think a long time.

Speaker cost the Cleveland club in the neighborhood of \$65,000, the biggest sum ever paid for a ball player. Collins was sold to Comiskey for a cash sum said to have been \$50,000. The great Alex cost the Phillies

NEW ORLEANS WINS 14-INNING GAME

SOUTHERN LEAGUE. R H E. Nash, 000000200001-3 12 3. N. O. 1000000100002-4 6 0. Decatur and Marshall; Walker and Higgins.

First Game. L. Rock 2 20000000-4 10 2. Atlanta 0 20000000-2 8 0. Robinson and Chapman; Bressler and Perkins.

Second Game. L. Rock 0 10000331-8 9 1. Atlanta 0 1030021-7 6 0. Lebetter and Kennedy; Sheehan and Picinich.

Third Game. Chatt. 0 00002000-2 5 3. Mobile 0 2000300x-55 7 2. Merritt and Peters; Bennett and Griffith.

Fourth Game. Memphis 0 10000000-1 7 2. Birmingham 0 0001509x-15-0. McColl and Ruel; Ponder and Smith.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Brooklyn 0 00003000-3 6 2. Philadelphia 0 0101000-5 9 2. Bell and Miller; Oeschger and Burns.

Fifth Game. New York 0 11100000-3 9 0. Boston 0 0110201-5 10 0. Salter and Rariden; Neft and Gowdy.

Sixth Game. Chicago 3 00000000-3 6 0. Pittsburgh 2 00000101-4 10 0. Demaree and Elliott; Cooper and Fischer.

Seventh Game. Cincinnati 0 01022000-5 11 1. St. Louis 1 0001000x-2 6 4. Schneider and Wingo; Ames and Snyder.

Eighth Game. St. Louis 1 00002000-3 8 1. Detroit 0 0501021x-9 13 0. Groom, Wright, Rogers and Seaverid; Datus and Stanzak.

Ninth Game. St. Louis 0 00000011-2 5 6. Detroit 0 0000003x-3 8 6. Hamilton and Seaverid; Boland and Spitzer.

Tenth Game. Cleveland 1 00000000-1 1 2. Chicago 0 0000112x-1 7 2. Lambert and O'Neill; Faber and Schalk.

Eleventh Game. Boston 0 10001000-2 6 1. New York 0 00100000-1 3 2. Mays and Thomas; Shawkey and Walters.

Twelfth Game. Peila, 0 03101000-5 10 3. Washu, 2 0022000x-6 8 1. Seibold and Schang; Harper and Henry.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION. 13 Innings—R H E. Indianapolis 0 010001010020-5 11 2. St. Paul 0 000020100000-3 11 3. Fillingim, Lplam.

Fourteenth Game. Toledo, 0 30020002-7 12 3. Minneapolis 2 20000031-8 10 1. Brady, Williams.

Fifteenth Game. Louisville vs. Milwaukee, no game, rain. Columbus 0 10020000-3 6 1. Kan. City 1 0011011x-8 11 2. George, Sanders.

POSSOR OF STEEL. JIMMY IS ARRESTED. Having in his possession a steel jimmy, such as burglars use, and unable to give a satisfactory account of himself, George Meyers, 17, 497 South Front street, was arrested early yesterday morning by Patrolman George West, of the ninth precinct station, charges of being a dangerous and suspicious character, pending investigation, and violating the state act relative to having burglar tools in his possession, were made against him.

CHARGES MAN WITH VIOLATING LOTTERY LAW. George Litoff was arrested yesterday at 2916 Laurel street, by Detectives Mothe and Scheffler, charged with violating the lottery law. The detectives say that when they entered the yard they saw a man throw papers away. The papers were picked up by them and proved to be lottery paraphernalia. Litoff was found in the house and taken into custody.

NEW ORLEANS SEEKS CONVENTION FOR 1920. Efforts to have All Southern Christian Endeavor Convention to come to New Orleans for its meeting in 1920 were made Thursday night at the closing of the state meeting of the Endeavorers at First Presbyterian Church. About 5,000 delegates will be in attendance at the meeting here.

Memphis was chosen as the meeting place for 1918.

just \$750 and Ty Cobb was picked up by Detroit for the same amount of money. Looks like Cobb and Alex are the pair carrying the greatest value with them, yet they cost only one-tenth as much as the present "owners" of Collins and Speaker paid out to secure a title to their services.

Hoisted Flag of Louisiana Over Independence Hall

National Flag Day, the 100th anniversary of the making by Betsy Ross of the first American flag. Mr. W. O. Hart, a member of the executive committee of the American Flag Association, raised over Independence hall, in Philadelphia, the Louisiana flag a few months ago by Mayor Behrman.

An immense American flag, with the Louisiana flag below it, was raised, and two Confederate veterans, G. B. Sale of Memphis and General J. J. Tarleton of Little Rock, selected by Mayor Smith of Philadelphia for that purpose, joined with Mr. Hart in so doing. As the flag was raised a military band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," sung by 100,000 voices, which was followed by "Dixie" when the flag reached the top of the pole.

Just before the flag raising, and at 12 o'clock exactly, Mayor Smith tapped the Liberty bell thirteen times, the first time its sound was given out since February 22, 1862, the centennial of the birth of Washington.

The Smithsonian institution has issued the following:

Today probably several million American flags are waving serenely in the varied breeze of our spacious land, significant of the calm and dignified, yet deep and lasting, patriotism of the American people.

Not Carried by Army Until 1846. It seems that for many years the army did not carry the Stars and Stripes in battle, though it had been in general use as a garrison flag. The land forces during this period and before carried what was known as national colors or standards of blue, with the coat of arms of the United States, comprising an eagle surmounted by a number of stars, emblazoned thereon, with the designation of the body of troops.

In 1831, war department regulations gave the artillery the right to carry the Stars and Stripes. The infantry and cavalry still used the national standards, which remained the colors of the infantry until 1841 and that of the cavalry until 1867, when that branch of the army was ordered to carry the Stars and Stripes. From its adoption in 1777, however, naval vessels universally displayed the national flag.

The history of our flag thus indicates that the Stars and Stripes was not officially carried by our troops in battle until the period of the Mexican war, 1846-47. In that war a flag of thirteen stars and stripes was carried by the battalion of volunteers from Maryland and the District of Columbia, and the flag of Company I, Fourth regiment of Indiana infantry, of thirteen stripes, with an eagle in the field. Ten flags of the National museum collection pertain to the Civil war.

Other flags include some of the Spanish-American war, a flag used by Admiral Charles Wilkes, United States navy; a miniature flag carried by Captain C. F. Hall in the Arctic, 1861-1869; the American colors carried by Rear Admiral Peary in his Arctic explorations in 1909; the flag carried by the Smithsonian African expedition under the direction of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, in 1909-10; and numerous examples of the national ensign which has flown in notable engagements and during countless worthy achievements.

Flown at Sea by John Paul Jones. One of the first occasions for public display of the "Stars and Stripes" is said to have been on August 6, 1777, when the new flag was hoisted over the troops at Fort Schuyler, Rome, N. Y. John Paul Jones is said to have been the first to fly the "Stars and Stripes" over the high seas, on the Ranger, in November, 1777. The National museum has an early naval twelve-star type flag said to have been flown by John Paul Jones during the war of the Revolution.

From the time of the Revolution the stars and stripes in the flag have varied. There were thirteen stars during the Revolution, fifteen in the war of 1812, twenty-nine in the Mexican war, thirty-three to thirty-five in the Civil war, forty-five in the Spanish war, and forty-eight today. The stripes were changed first from thirteen to fifteen, and then back again to thirteen. It may be

surprising to know that our national flag is among the oldest flags of the nations, being older than the present British Jack, the French Tricolor, and the flag of Spain, and many years older than the flags of Germany and Italy, some of which are either personal flags or those of the reigning families.

"Star-Spangled Banner." The American flag of the highest historic and sentimental value to the whole country is in the National museum collections. It is the original "Star-Spangled Banner," which flew over Fort M'Henry in Baltimore harbor during the bombardment on September 13-14, 1814, and was the inspiration of Francis Scott Key's immortal poem, now sung as our national anthem. It is of the fifteen-star and stripe type, adopted after the admission of Vermont and Kentucky by an act approved by president Washington, January 13, 1791. The "Star-Spangled Banner" measures about thirty feet square, though it was probably somewhat longer, and is much battered and torn, with one star missing, possibly shot away.

From 1795 this form continued as the standard flag until President Monroe's administration, when Congress enacted that it should thereafter be of thirteen stripes and twenty stars, with the addition of a star for each new state, commencing July 4, 1818.

Not Carried by Army Until 1846. It seems that for many years the army did not carry the Stars and Stripes in battle, though it had been in general use as a garrison flag. The land forces during this period and before carried what was known as national colors or standards of blue, with the coat of arms of the United States, comprising an eagle surmounted by a number of stars, emblazoned thereon, with the designation of the body of troops.

In 1831, war department regulations gave the artillery the right to carry the Stars and Stripes. The infantry and cavalry still used the national standards, which remained the colors of the infantry until 1841 and that of the cavalry until 1867, when that branch of the army was ordered to carry the Stars and Stripes. From its adoption in 1777, however, naval vessels universally displayed the national flag.

The history of our flag thus indicates that the Stars and Stripes was not officially carried by our troops in battle until the period of the Mexican war, 1846-47. In that war a flag of thirteen stars and stripes was carried by the battalion of volunteers from Maryland and the District of Columbia, and the flag of Company I, Fourth regiment of Indiana infantry, of thirteen stripes, with an eagle in the field. Ten flags of the National museum collection pertain to the Civil war.

Other flags include some of the Spanish-American war, a flag used by Admiral Charles Wilkes, United States navy; a miniature flag carried by Captain C. F. Hall in the Arctic, 1861-1869; the American colors carried by Rear Admiral Peary in his Arctic explorations in 1909; the flag carried by the Smithsonian African expedition under the direction of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, in 1909-10; and numerous examples of the national ensign which has flown in notable engagements and during countless worthy achievements.

Big Camp at Chalons Where Americans May Be Trained

"If, as has been announced, the first American troops sent to France are to undergo intensive training in the great military camp at Chalons they will learn the trade of modern trench warfare in one of the most historic regions of Europe," says a geography bulletin issued today by the National Geographical society from its Washington headquarters.

The great camp of Chalons lies midway between the now shattered city of Rheims and the great champagne trade center, Chalons-sur-Marne. The cathedral city lies eighteen and a half miles by rail to the northwest, and the wine market town sixteen and a half miles to the southeast. Paris is less than 100 miles in an airline to the west.

The camp, which lies in the fertile Champagne plain, embraces nearly five square miles (29,650 acres). It was established sixty years ago by Napoleon III, and from 1857 to 1870 was an important center. It was here that Marshal MacMahon (afterward president of the French republic) formed the army of Chalons after the first reverses of the French in the year 1870, and from this camp that he marched to the Meuse and was subsequently surrounded by the Germans and forced to surrender at Sedan.

"Troops detrain for the Camp de Chalons at the little station of Mourmelon on the Thiems-Chalons-sur-Marne railway. The plain lies to the left of the railway line.

"Chalons-sur-Marne, the city of 30,000 inhabitants from which the camp derives its name, will ever be gratefully associated in the minds of enlightened peoples with the great battle of Chalons, fought on the Catalonian fields to the south of the town 451, A. D. This battle, reckoned by Sir Edward Creasy as one of the 'fifteen decisive battles of the world,' was fought by the Romans and Visigoths as allies against the devastating hordes of Huns under Attila, the 'scourge of God,' of whom it was declared that grass never grew again where once the hoof of his horse had trod.

"Attila's host is said to have numbered 700,000. To oppose the invaders the Visigoths, under King Theodoris, and the Romans, Franks, Burgundians and Italians, under Aetius, laid aside their own differences. Theodoris was slain in the great conflict which followed, but the Huns were driven back across the Rhine after sustaining losses variously estimated at from 100,000 to 300,000 warriors. This battle settled the fate of western Europe, insuring the perpetuation of its control by Christian races rather than by the pagan Huns from Scythia."

"The Sodalities of the Sodalities Union of the Archdiocese of New Orleans will hold their quarterly meeting Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock at the church of the Immaculate Conception in Baronne street.

NEGRESS CHARGED WITH STEALING FROM STORE. Picking up silk underwear from a counter in a Canal street department store yesterday afternoon, Carrie Williams, a negress, 2910 Belmont place, walked out and was arrested at the Terminal station by Detectives Gregson and Magullo. A woman in the store saw the negress steal the goods and reported the theft to the manager, Carrie Williams confessed and was charged with petty larceny.

TWO MILLIONS TO FARMERS. Loans to the amount of \$2,000,000 will be distributed by July 1 through the Federal Loan Bank, according to an estimate of the officers. At present the bank is making loans at the rate of \$100,000 per day.

RACING RESULTS AT LATONIA

FIRST RACE—Claiming, \$700; maiden 3-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Miles Finlen, Gentry, 12:00, 6:00, 1:40; Santo, Murphy, 11:50, 2:40; Ginger, Quill, Morris, 9:40. Time, 1:15 1-5. Scratched: Sandy Lad, Trapper, Adelia, Dirigible, Fight Fair, Fonescade, Dick West, Buffington, Flash of Steel.

SECOND RACE—Claiming, \$700; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Little Rollo, Murphy, 35:50, 14:20, 6:30; Miss Benora, Hanover, 15:00, 8:60; Stripes, Carroll, 6:50, Time, 1:02 2-5. Scratched: Nolte, Tom Tit, Acherman, Walter Dent, Koran, Pretty Baby, Blue Water.

THIRD RACE—Claiming, \$700; four-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Sister Susie, Dirsch, 9:40, 3:10, 2:90; Shine, Hunt, 2:50, 2:50; Black Beauty, Tudor, 5:00, Time, 1:15 1-2. Scratched: Sun Maid.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, \$1000; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Bolster, McDermott, 21:50, 13:40, 5:10; Irma Selzer, Murphy, 9:50, 4:20; Brownie McDowell, Gentry, 2:50. Time, 1:01. Scratched: Free Cutter.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, \$1,000; Ross-moyn's Purse; three-year-olds and up; mile and seventy yards. Gipsey George, Connolly, 11:60, 1:60, 2:70; Water Witch, Murphy, 3:30, 2:40; Dorothy Dean, 2:30. Time, 1:41 1-5. No scratches.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming, \$700; four-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Burckshot, Dishmon, 4:60, 3:10, 2:60; Big Fellow, Kelsey, 5:10, 3:30; Brizz, Barrett, 4:20. Time, 1:14 2-5. Scratched: Busy Joe, Biddy.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; four-year-olds and up; mile and three-sixteenths. Fly Home, Hanover, 4:60, 3:00, 2:60; GHT Field, Barrett, 5:70, 3:80; John Hurrey, Kelsey, 6:00. Time, 2:01 1-5. No scratches.

RACING RESULTS AT JAMAICA

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs. Elizabeth H., Collins, 15, 6, 3; Golden Glow, Troise, 10, 4, 2; Confession, Schuttlinger, 12, 5, 2. Time, 1:13 2-5. Also ran: Genesis, Imperialor, Bend, Photo, Spear Lance, Peep Shot, Pollyanna, Plaudito, Hickory Nut, Jean McNeill, Lady Edwina.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Hwfa, Troise, 3, 1, 1-2; Master McGrath, Collins, 3, 1, 1-2; First Ballot, Klimmer, 20, 8, 1. Time, 1:13 2-5. Also ran: Genesis, Imperialor, Bend, Photo, Spear Lance, Peep Shot, Pollyanna, Plaudito, Hickory Nut, Jean McNeill, Lady Edwina.

THIRD RACE—Four-year-olds and up; mile and seventy yards. Blue Thistle, Pickens, 4-5 2-5; Miss Kruter, Ober, 10, 4, 2; G. M. Miller, Collins, 10, 4, 1. Time, 1:15. Scratched: Deener and Sam McMeekin.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap; three-year-olds and up; mile and a sixteenth. Garbage, McGraw, 10, 3, 1; Nylon, Buxton, 8, 2, 3-5; Airman, McAlon, 10, 3, 1. Time, 1:16 2-5. Scratched: The Finn.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds; mile and seventy yards. Starlike, Troxler, 2, 3-5, 1-3; Sandstone II, Buxton, 8, 3, 1; Muckross, Loftus, 7-2, 6-5, 3-5. Time, 1:16. No scratches.

SIXTH RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs. Thistle, Loftus, 11-10, 3-5, 1-3; Gamba, Campbell, 20, 6, 2; The Wife, Schuttlinger, 12, 3, 1. Time, 1:00 1-5. Scratched: All Bright.

LOUISIANA DELEGATION FOR FOOD CONTROL BILL

The Louisiana delegation in congress is solidly behind the food control bill, according to reports from Washington. Senator Vardaman and Representative Sisson, of Mississippi are opposing the measure, it is said.

"It is better for our people to have food control by the government than to have food control by the food gamblers, commercial highwaymen and allies of the kaiser," said Congressman L. Lazard, of the seventh Louisiana district.

NEGRESS CHARGED WITH STEALING FROM STORE

Picking up silk underwear from a counter in a Canal street department store yesterday afternoon, Carrie Williams, a negress, 2910 Belmont place, walked out and was arrested at the Terminal station by Detectives Gregson and Magullo. A woman in the store saw the negress steal the goods and reported the theft to the manager, Carrie Williams confessed and was charged with petty larceny.

TWO MILLIONS TO FARMERS

Loans to the amount of \$2,000,000 will be distributed by July 1 through the Federal Loan Bank, according to an estimate of the officers. At present the bank is making loans at the rate of \$100,000 per day.

RACING ENTRIES AT LATONIA

FIRST RACE—Purse \$800; maiden two-year-olds. Five furlongs. Acheron 108, Macheron 108, American 109, Flounce 109, Chick Barkley 112, Quilo 112, Biscuit Tortoni 109, Clairvoyant 109, Lucky B. 112, King Provato 112, Dragon Rock 112, Butcher Boy 112. Also eligible: Unar 112, Nib 112, Dirty Face 109, Tippo Sahib 112, Phoneta 109, Benefactor 109, George Duncan 112. SECOND RACE—Claiming; \$700; three-year-olds and up. Six furlongs. Mike 91, Nephthys 102, Fan G. 103, Fascinating 105, Liberator 110, John, Jr. 99, J. Rufus 103, Primero 105, Fulguree 109, Douglas S. 111. THIRD RACE—Claiming; \$700; 3-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Ophelia W. 99, Water War 102, Stephen R. 101, Othello 107, Billy Joe 111, Trusty 101, xFleurette 103, Busy Joe 106, Amazo 110, Arch Plotter 112. FOURTH RACE—Purse, \$800; Linwood Handicap; 3-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Royal H. 106, Vogue 111, Marion Gosby 110, Hodze 123. FIFTH RACE—\$1,500 added; Merchants' selling stake; 3-year-olds and up; mile. Eddie Henry 106, Impressive 101, Jane Straith 103, Bribed Veler 104, Kinney 107, b Lady Rotha 108, Bradley's Choice 112, Dr. Barlow 98, Queen Errant 101, a Bob Heasley 103, Dr. Samuel 107, b Sleeth 117, J. J. Murdoch 112, Money Maker 113, a H. Perkins & Co. entry; b W. H. Baker entry. SIXTH RACE—Purse, \$1,000; Madisonville Handicap; 3-year-olds and up; one mile and an eighth. Piatt 95, Tokay 100, Cudgel 111, Guy Fortune 99, Faux Col 104, Manager Waite 115. SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; \$800; 3-year-olds and up; mile and a sixteenth. xKneward 99, Col. Marchion 106, Valor 107, Youghie 114, Intone 110, Queen Apple 104, Zim 106, Julia L. 108, Arthur Middleton 111. Weather, clear; track, fast. xApprentice allowance claimed.

CONTRACT FOR CANTONMENT. Contractor Chisolm Receives a Government Award. J. O. Chisolm, New Orleans contractor, yesterday returned from Anniston, Ala., where he was awarded a contract involving \$20,000 for the construction of an army cantonment in the Alabama town. He is the only New Orleans contractor who bid on this work.

He received a telegram Friday, however, that the work would be for a cantonment of 30,000 men instead of the 1,200 men contained in the first contract. Mr. Chisolm at once began to make preparations to build for the additional lumber. Thursday night the first shipment of materials was made to Anniston and it will be followed Friday night by another shipment of a carload of mechanics, timekeepers, etc.

Charles E. Wermuth, a local accountant who has been appointed division auditor for the contractors' cantonments in the South, is hiring a number of local timekeepers, traffic men and bookkeepers. About twelve left Friday noon for San Antonio, Tex., where a cantonment is being constructed near Fort Sam Houston to house some 25,000 men. It is said about 25 more employees will be sent over to San Antonio in a few days.

RACING ENTRIES AT OTTAWA

FIRST RACE—Ages not given; five furlongs. Peerless 119, Lord Herbert 108, Senator Brodick 105, Fern Handley 105, Lady Elben 105, Bencher 102, Miss Sweep 101, Miss Bryn 100. SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up at one mile. 114, Silk Bird 110, Hampton Dame 110, King Dover 106, Old Pop 106, Britanna 97, Isabele H. 96. THIRD RACE—Steeplechase; four-year-olds and up; about two miles. Rhomb 113, New Haven 131, Never Fear 141, Kynosure 138, March Court 135, Queed 133, Sin Tram 140. FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up at a mile and a sixteenth. 119, Runes 117, Hauberck 117, aHubbub 111, aWaukega 104, Opera Glass 112, Fruit Cake 112, Fountain Fay 107, King Neptune 103, Candle 107. xPress entry. FIFTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Tjajan 117, Gordon 116, Bachelor's Blend 110, Harbard 107, Miramichi 105, Saion 107, Verda B. 105, Lady London 105, Commensia 105, Miss Gayle 105, Broom Corn 101, Gardome 104, Meelicka 106, Costumer 106, Eddie Henry 106. SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; mile and a sixteenth. Mr. Mack 112, Harry Lauder 100, Boxer 108, Fairly 107, Pepper Sauce 108, Lynn 108, Edith Baumann 104, Rustling Brass 109, Comfellow 103, Minda 102, Clara Morgan 100, Lady Ward 91. SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds up; a mile. Reprobate 104, Jack Reeves 101, Phil Unger 101, Dolina 99, Tigra 98, Blue Fox 93, Hazel Nut 97. Weather, clear; track, fast. xApprentice allowance claimed.

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs. Tit for Tail, 9:40, 3:90, 3:40; Sam Pickel, 2:80, 2:60; Fleetwood, 3:80. Scratched: Dalwood.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds; six furlongs. Rhymer, 12:30, 4:50, 3:80; Camanche, 1:60, 3:40; Kathryn Grey, 3:40. No scratches.

THIRD RACE—Steeplechase; four-year-olds and up; two miles. Welshman, 18:80, 7:80, 4:50; Colonetta, 9:10, 7:50; Reddest, 6:90. No scratches.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; one mile. Stetem, 4:10, 3:40, 2:40; Corn Broom, 3:90, 2:90; Hampton Dame, 2:70. Scratched: J. W. Huntley.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth. Alhena, 5:10, 3:30, 2:60; Sam Slick, 4:70, 3:30; Colina, 2:70. No scratches.

RACING RESULTS AT OTTAWA

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs. Tit for Tail, 9:40, 3:90, 3:40; Sam Pickel, 2:80, 2:60; Fleetwood, 3:80. Scratched: Dalwood.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds; six furlongs. Rhymer, 12:30, 4:50, 3:80; Camanche, 1:60, 3:40; Kathryn Grey, 3:40. No scratches.

THIRD RACE—Steeplechase; four-year-olds and up; two miles. Welshman, 18:80, 7:80, 4:50; Colonetta, 9:10, 7:50; Reddest, 6:90. No scratches.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; one mile. Stetem, 4:10, 3:40, 2:40; Corn Broom, 3:90, 2:90; Hampton Dame, 2:70. Scratched: J. W. Huntley.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth. Alhena, 5:10, 3:30, 2:60; Sam Slick, 4:70, 3:30; Colina, 2:70. No scratches.

DIES AFTER YEAR'S ILLNESS

Meyer Dreifus, 63, chief clerk of the parish prison, died early Friday after an illness of nearly a year. Mr. Dreifus died in the Touro infirmary, where he underwent an operation. Funeral will be held at 4 p. m. Friday, services at the home of his brother, Dr. E. Dreifus, 1109 Carondelet street. Mr. Dreifus was unmarried.