THE

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPTED
BY
A. LAVOIS.
NEW ORLEANS, MORNING, MAY 18, 1832.

THE THEATRE.

MR. DAWSON.

[illegible] entrusted with the care of letting the boxes of the *Orleans Theatre*, for the performance on Sunday evening, when the proceeds arising therefrom are to be applied to the benefit of the Orphans Asylum, and the whole having been engaged, and as many families who feel a desire to participate in this benevolent act, but who have not been able to procure seats, are every moment inquiring if no means can be adopted by which they can gain admittance, I would respectfully suggest to the public a plan which would go far to remedy the difficulty, and enable many persons to indulge their praiseworthy benevolence. It is to abandon the gallery exclusively to the use of the ladies. But this arrangement I do not feel myself authorised to make (without the sanction of the public. Should it meet their approbation, and the courtesy of the public has never been appealed to in vain on an occasion of this kind, it is not doubted that the measure intimated will afford the accommodation so generally and urgently desired.

JN. COLSSON,
Administrator of the Theatre.

To the Editor of The Bee.

SIR—The appeal made by Mr. COLSSON, administrator of the Orleans Theatre, to the gallantry of our public, will be answered in a manner worthy of the due to whom it is addressed. We speak with confidence when we assert, that there is not a person desirous of participating in the amusements of the evening and of adding his mite to the offering made at the shrine of humanity, who will not rejoice at affording any and every indulgement which may secure to the generous efforts of the amateurs the approving smiles of beauty. Besides, this is a case in which gallantry will be its own reward, and by adopting the expedient so happily suggested by Mr. Colsson, an assemblage of lovely faces, beaming with pleasure, will amply recompence the trifling inconvenience which may be suffered by

LES JEUNES GENS.

CONGRESS.

IN THE SENATE—MAY 2.

The chair laid before the senate a message from the president of the United States, inclosing printed copies of two treaties negociated with Mexico. Several memorials were presented by Mr. Hendricks, Mr. Tipton and Mr. Dudley. Mr. Tipton laid on the table a resolution instructing the committee on public lands to inquire into, and report, all the facts connected with certain sales of lands. Mr. Clay presented a memorial from the citizens of Missouri, asking for a donation of public lands for the establishment of a public seminary. The resolution reported on the previous day, by Mr. Chambers, from the committee on the District of Columbia, to appoint a committee, consisting of two members of the senate, and one member of the house of representatives, to prepare a code of law for the District of Columbia, was taken up and agreed to. Mr. Holmes laid on the table a resolution calling for information from the secretary of the Treasury, as to the particular collectors who have failed to make their returns, quarterly, to the department, according to the provisions of law, and as to the measures which have taken to enforce the performance of this duty.

The chair presented a report from the post master general, in reply to two resolutions, calling for information as to the causes of the detention of the mail on the road to New Orleans, which was referred to the committee on the post office. Mr. King, from the committee on the public lands, reported a bill for the relief of —— ——, daughter of a friendly Creek Indian, killed at Fort Meigs. Mr. Robbins, from the committee on the library, reported the joint resolution authorizing the president to employ an artist to execute a pedestrian statue of WASHINGTON, without amendment. Mr Benton laid a resolution on the table, relative to the printing of —— copies of the bank report for the use of the Senate. Mr. Moore made an unsuccessful effort to induce the senate to take up a private bill. After some conversation, and an understanding that the subject should be laid on the table at one o'clock, the senate postponed the previous orders of the day, and took up the bill to establish certain post roads, and discontinue others. At 1 o'clock, the bill was laid on the table, and the senate resumed the consideration of the pension bill. Mr. Hayne then concluded his observations in opposition to the bill. After Mr. Hayne had spoken two hours and a half, he closed, and the senate took up the general appropriation bill, and receded from those amendments on which the house insisted. Two reports were laid on the table from the secretary of the treasury, one enclosing a statement of tonnage, &c. of which 1500 copies were ordered to be received; and one relative to frauds in the introduction of sugar, which was ordered to be printed. Mr. Chambers gave notice that he should to day ask leave to introduce a bill granting certain lots to the Washington Orphan Asylum. The senate then adjourned.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT,

By and with the advice and consent of the senate.

George Bullit, to be register of the land office, for the district of lands, subject to sale at Jackson, in the state of Missouri, from the 6th of April, 1831, when his commission expired.

John Hays, to be receiver of public moneys, for the district of lands, subject to sale at Jackson, in the state of Missouri, from the 12th of May, 1832, when his present commission expired.

Thomas B Van Horne, to be register of the land office, for the district of lands, subject to sale at Piqua, in the state of Ohio, from the fifth of May, 1832, when his commission expired.

Uriah G. Mitchell, to be receiver of public moneys, for the district of lands, subject to sale at Calawba, in the state of Alabama, from the 17th of May, 1832, when his commission expired.

Benjamin S. Pope, to be receiver of the land office, for the district of lands, subject to sale at Huntsville, in the state of Alabama, from the 31st of April, 1832, when his commission expired.

Wade H. Greening, to be register of the land office for the district of lands subject to sale at Sparta, in the state of Alabama, from the 14th May, 1832, when his commission expired.

John S. Hunter, to be receiver of public moneys, for the district of lands, subjected to sale at Sparta, in the state of Alabama, from the 14th of May, 1832, when his commission expired.

BALTIMORE, May 4.

Destruction of Guayama.—We learn from Mr. Joseph Sterrit, supercargo of the brig Brazen, arrived from Ponce, Porto Rico, that the town of Guayama, in that island, was entirely consumed by fire about the 11th of April. The light was distinctly seen at Ponce. Letters detailing the event were received at the latter place which stated that the warehouses on the beach were uninjured. The brig Peillar has sailed from Ponce with a cargo of lumber for the relief of the sufferers.—*American.*

BANK OF ENGLAND.

The charter of the Bank of England is about to expire, and the question of its renewal will probably become at no remote period, a subject of elaborate discussion. At a late meeting of the court of proprietors, a semi annual dividend of four per centum having been voted, in reply to a demand by a proprietor for information respecting the renewal of the charter, the governor of the bank stated that ministers had given him to understand, that if there should be time at this session, after the conclusion of the discussions on the reform bill, it was their intention to move for the appointment of a select committee, to inquire into the subject of banking generally, in which committee the consideration of the bank charter must of course form a prominent feature. There is reason to presume therefore that the charter will not be renewed without material modifications, and a curtailment of its privileges. The charter of this bank has been prolonged from time to time for a period of 133 years. The capital was at first £1,200,000; it is stated to be now £14,580,300.

Boston Patriot.

The Liverpool Chronicle of March 31, contains the following paragraph:

Caution to British ship owners.—We publish the following as a caution to British ship owners trading to the United States of America: An opinion is entertained by many British merchants and ship owners, that under the treaty of commerce with the United States, whatever privileges are enjoyed by American vessels in the importation of produce into this country, the like privileges are enjoyed by British vessels in the ports of the United States; but the fact is otherwise. The navigation laws of this country permit the importation by foreign vessels, for home use, of articles, the growth, produce or manufacture of the country to which the vessel belongs; and some other articles are allowed to be imported by them, and bonded for exportation, and others, the importation of which is prohibited, [illegible] these cases is the vessel or cargo liable to forfeiture. It would however appear by the [illegible] act of the United States, that the importation of articles is prohibited, [illegible] in British vessels, or in such foreign vessels as truly and bona fide belong to the people of the country of which the goods are the growth, produce, or manufacture, and if foreign vessels bring any other goods to the ports of the United States, they are subject, with their cargoes, to be seized and condemned as a forfeiture to the United States—and such is the rigor with which the law is enforced, that a British vessel has recently been condemned in the admiralty court of Charleston, for having brought back from Liverpool two bales of cotton originally shipped from Charleston in a damaged state, and returned, for the purpose of exposing the fraudulent manner in which the cotton had originally been packed.

BOSTON, April 30.—Two recent trials have taken place in the district court of the United States, in this city, of much importance to the commercial and maritime class of our citizens. One was an action of debt, in the name of the United States, against the master of a ship and his surity, on what is called the Seamen's Bond, given at the custom house at the clearance, to return all the crew, which a master is obliged to do, unless discharged in a foreign port with consent to the American consul, or deceased, or absconded, or are impressed. The court decided that the burthen of proof was on the captain to prove one of the four justifications for not bringing back his whole crew, and the bond, 400 dollars, was forfeited unless he clearly made out one of these excuses in relation to any man not brought back. The defence in this case was, that the man absconded; and the facts proved were, that the vessel being ordered to sail from Hamburg in July last, at two o'clock in the morning, the crew in the afternoon before, received a few dollars to buy a few necessaries, and went on shore for that purpose, for which they had leave; some of them overstaid their time, and did not return that night. The ship was detained, and remained until the next day at two o'clock when she sailed, the captain, mate, and police having hunted for their sailors in vain. It was holden that this was no absconding; that leaving their clothes on board, and showing an eagerness to join the ship after she had sailed down the river, demonstrated it was only that heedless imprudence and fondness for dissipation which seem natural to sailors, and that the captain should have waited a longer period, or obtained the consent of the American consul to proceed on his voyage without them, and that mere overstaying time, not exceeding forty eight hours, was not absconding. Verdict, 400 dollars for the United States. A. Dunlap for the government, S. D. Parker for the defendants.

The other case, in which the same counsel were employed, was an action against a sailor boarding house keeper, who was sued by the United States for a penalty of ten dollars per day for three days alleged to have been forfeited for harboring and secreting a sailor, who had signed shipping articles, and whose surety had taken his money, but not paid it to the sailor. There was much evidence in the case, and the jury found a verdict in favor of the defendant. It is not perhaps sufficiently known, that those who encourage desertion, and take any measures to harbor and secret a seaman (a practice not uncommon, and often very detrimental to merchants) incur this severe penalty of ten dollars a day for such an offence.—*Gazette.*

DEVASTATION OF LITERATURE.

It is remarkable that conquerors, in the moment of victory, or in the unsparing devastation of their race, have not been satisfied with destroying men, but have carried their vengence even to books.

The Romans burnt the books of the Jews, the Christians and the Philosophers; the Jews burnt the books of the Christians and Pagans; and the Christians burnt the books of the Pagans and the Jews. The greater part of the books of Origen, and the other heritics, were continually burnt by the orthodox party.

Cardinal Ximenes, at the taking of Granada, condemned to the flames five thousand Korans. The puritans burnt every thing they found which bore the vestage of Popish origin. We have on record many curious accounts of their holy depredations, of their maiming images, and erasing pictures. Cromwell zealously set fire to the library at Oxford, which was the most curious in Europe.

The most violent persecution which ever the Republic of Letters has undergone, is that of the Caliph Omar in the destruction of the Alexandrian Library, founded by Ptolomy Soter. After having proclaimed that the Koran contained every thing which was useful to believe and know, he caused the books to be distributed to the owners of the baths, to be used in heating their stoves; and it is said that they employed no other materials for this purpose during a period of six months.

At the death of the learned Peiresc, a chamber in his house was discovered filled with letters from the most eminent scholars of the age. Such was the disposition of his heirs, who inherited his estates, that although repeatedly entreated to permit them to be published, she preferred employing them for other purposes: and it was her singular pleasure to regale herself occasionally with burning those learned epistles, to save the expense of firing.

Even the civilization of the eighteenth century could not preserve from the savage and destructive fury of a disorderly mob, the valuable papers of the Earl of Mansfield, which were madly consigned to the flames during the disgraceful riot of June 1780.—*Curiosities of Literature.*

FROM THE GEORGIA PENITENTIARY. The New York Observer contains a letter from Messrs. Worcester and Butler to the Rev. Mr. Patton of New York It is dated 30th March. The following is an extract:

In regard to what awaits us, we have nothing certain to communicate to you. Of the refusal of the authorities of the state to regard the mandate of the supreme court, you have already heard. What measures will yet be taken, is a point undetermined. We expect to know in the course of a few weeks. And what will be the result of any step which we may take, is all uncertain to us. But let not our friends be anxious respecting us. We are but of small account in the scale. And if our happiness were even of great consequence, we are happy, and we trust in God that we shall continue to be happy while here. We feel that the object already attained in the decision of the supreme court, is an object worth not only all that we have suffered, but all that we shall suffer, should the whole sentence be executed upon us, which, however, we confess we cannot yet believe will be the case. But in regard to our country as well as in regard to the Indians, momentous interests are yet at stake, and we would have all christians pray, not that we may be delivered, but that the righteous may prevail, and our country be saved.

We may possibly be at liberty within a few weeks, and we may, on the other hand, be confined yet for nearly a year, or even for a longer period. But whether in prison or at liberty, we shall remain, with much affection and gratitude, your brethren in Christ,

S. A. WORCESTER,
ELIZUR BUTLER.

P. S. We ought perhaps to have mentioned the pleasing fact, that several individuals among our fellow prisoners give some reason to hope that they have experienced a saving change of heart.

We are authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the state legislature at the approaching election:

B. Z. Canonge, Charles F. Daunoy. Felix Lobatut, W. F. Duplessis, Jos. M. Kennedy, E. A. Canon, Albert Hoa, Antonio Ducros. James Dixon.

Mr. Editor, A great number of your subscribers beg you to insert the following ticket in your independent journal; it will receive the support of MANY ELECORS.

Louis Allard, Levi Pierce, S. D. Dixon, John R. Grymes, Z. Canonge, J. M. Kennedy, B. Marigny.

Communicated.—The following gentlemen will be supported at the next election for representatives by a

STRONG PARTY.

Zepher Cannonge, B. Marigny, F. Lubatut, E. A. Canon, Antonius Ducros, Lewis Allard.

We are authorized to state that the following persons will be supported at the July election for representatives:

Z. Canonge, Wm. F. Duplessis, Albert Hoa, B. Marigny, Antonio Ducros, S. Dixon, F. Lubatut.

Mr Editor—A great number of your subscribers wish to announce in your paper, that the following ticket will be supported at the next election for representatives, by a number of electors.

Louis Allard, L. Pierce, S. D. Dixon, B. Marigny, J. R. Grymes, Z. Canonge, J. M Kennedy.

INDEPENDENT TICKET. *Mr Editor*—Be pleased to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the state legislature, at the approaching election.

A GREAT NUMBER OF VOTERS.

Z. Canonge, F. Lubatut, Wm F. Duplessis, B. Marigny, Antonio Ducros, Albert Hoa, C. F. Daunoy.

CASTOR OIL, &c.—10 bbls. castor oil, and 3 bbls. beeswax, landing from steamer Atlantic, and for sale by GRAY, DURRIVE & CO.,
m 3 No 48, New Levee st.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS,

CLEARED.

Ship Ann Mary Ann Cash, Liverpool, — White & co
Ship Sultana, Washington, Cowes, — P Bilbany,
Schr Talma, Poole, New London, — Master,
Schr Signal, Heath, N York, — L H Gill,
Schr Tampico, Sanchez, Omoa, — J Dallas,

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Atlas, fm below, with schrs Champion and Helen Mar. Reports the Pilot as having ship Tennessee from N York in tow, outside.

Towboat Pocahontas, fm S W Pass, having towed to sea ships Cangos and Wm Badger—brought up packet ship St. Louis and schr Swaim—a ship off South Point standing in.

Ship St Louis, Storer, 23 days fm N York to J Webb and P Laidlaw—cargo to J Flood; J Webb; P Laidlaw; J & L Brewster; Peters & Millard; J Hagan & co; Thomson and Grand; W Newcomb; H H Jones; J. H Field & co. Passengers, 200 U S troops and officers.

Schr Champion, Crosby, fm Matamoros—cargo.

Schr Swaim, Green, fm Tobasco, with logwood.

Schr Helen Martha, Connell, fm Rio Grande, in ballast.

Steamer Orleans, Davis, from Louisville, with tobacco, lard, pork, whiskey, &c. to Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; N & J Dick & co; Townsley, Prieur & co; J G Stevenson; M F Maher; J L Wilcox; and owner on board. Passengers, Messrs. Eldred, Cleaveland, Ratcliff, Wood, Eddie, Herron, Burke, Gardiner, Robertson, Chenery, Glasson, Caseley, M'Gread, Riddle, Dougherty, Kernan, Conway, Connel and son, Nicholl, Richardson, lady, children and servt., Montford, Barker, and Wilson.

Steamer Talma, Shirley, from Manchester, with cotton, flour, hides, deerskins, &c. to Harris; Wright & co; M White; Bagley & Merritt; Reynolds, Byrne & co; Cooper, Caruthers & co; Wilcox & Fearn; J Hagan & co; Fisk, Watt and co; J Shirley; and owners on board.—50 pass.

A Flat boat from Alabama, with 375 bales cotton to owner on board.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Mogul was to sail from Boston for this port on the 30th May.

Ship Champion, hence, was met at sea on the 21st ult. lat 35, long 64.

Cleared at N York for this port, brig Billow.

Hence at N York, 3d inst. ship Mary, Allen, and brig Hunter. Cleared same day, ship Susan.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

☞ *Last night of the season but one.* ☜

MR. PAGE'S BENEFIT.

Friday evening May 18th, *ROB ROY; Or, Auld Lang Syne.* Mr. Caldwell as Rob Rob. Mr. Page as Baillie Nicol Jarvie. Old Gray as The Doncal Creiar; and Miss Placide as Helen MacGregor. Mr. Hernizen will sing his comic song "*New Orleans is a wonderful town.*"

To conclude with the laughable farce of the IRISHMAN IN LONDON. Murtoch Dr Lang, Mr. Page.

MR. CALDWELL'S BENEFIT.

Mr. Caldwell respectfully announces to his patrons and the public in general, that in accordance with custom, his benefit will take place on the last night of the season, Saturday, May 19th, 1832, on which occasion will be produced, for the first time in the United States, a new drama called **MAURICE THE WOOD CUTTER.** Between the pieces, Mr. Harris of the Orchestre, will execute some variations on that difficult instrument, the FRAUCLAUD, accompanied by the whole Orchestre, which will be augmented on the occasion. Grand Overture by Rossini, full Orchestre. Miss Petre will sing a popular song. Mr. Hernizen will sing his song of New Orleans. Dance by Madame Edouard.

To conclude with Reynold's celebrated comedy of the *DRAMATIST.* Rapid, Mr. Caldwell.

☞ See bills.

NOTICE.—The subscriber has received by recent arrivals from the northern cities and Europe, an elegant and complete assortment of fine jewelry which he will sell on reasonable terms, at his store, corner of Conde and Dumaine streets. His assortment consists of ear rings, shirt buttons, breast pins, etc.
may 18 J. LASALLE.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has opened an office on Levee street, No. 77, between Toulouse and St. Louis, where he is prepared to transact the Commission Business. He will execute all orders in his line with zeal and promptitude, and trusts that his efforts will procure the public patronage and support. (may 18) MADELICE THOMAS.

CARTS, DRAYS & WHEEL BARROWS landing from ship Chester, for sale by
may 18 S. C. BELL.

CANVASSED HAMS.—40 hhds. cured expressly for family use, and of very fine quality, for sale by
may 18 STETSON & AVERY.

HOLLAND GIN.—10 pipes of very superior quality, warranted pure, for sale by
may 18 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st

EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool payable in London, Paris, Boston and Philadelphia, for sale by (may 18) TH NICOLET & CO.

FOR SALE, *entitled to debenture,* 6 tierces sugar, prior French loaf Sugar, double refined; 1 bale French cloth (Louviers), 1 do French Indiennes, bright colors, to be sold low to close a concern, by
E. & C. SORBE,
may 18 118 Royal st.

MARASCHINO.—Just received and for sale by the subscribers, 50 cases Rosolio Maraschino, warranted genuine.
E. JOHNS & CO. 113 Chartres-st.
may 18 And Corner of Camp and Common sts.

CHAMPAIGNE.—Landing from ship Aimable Marie from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscriber, 20 baskets, each containing 12 bottles, white Champagne wine. (may 18) J. B. LABATUT.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Madame L. Le Gros vs. Mlle. E. Rose.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 26th of May, at 5 o'clock, at the Principal, one Armour, seized in the above suit.
may 18 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

Madame Lacouture & Co. vs. Mlle. Smith.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 26th of May, at 5 o'clock, at the Principal, one Mahogany Table and a Looking Glass, seized in the above suit.
may 18 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

L. C. Hutchinson vs. W. M. Stewart & L. Johnson.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Monday, 28th of May, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, one Side board, one Sofa and Looking Glass, seized in the above suit.
may 18 L DAUNOY, Marshal.

John W. Collins vs. Loomis & Blocker.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 26th May, at 12 o'clock, at noon, at the corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, a gray Horse, seized in the above suit.
may 18 L DAUNOY, Marshal.

COURT OF PROBATES—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—On Tuesday the 19th of June, 1832, at 12 o'clock, I shall offer for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for account of the estate of the late Auguste Doucet,

A Lot of Ground situated in faubourg Marigny, situated in Levee street, between Mandeville and Espagne streets, having 30 feet front by 120 in depth, together with the buildings thereon.

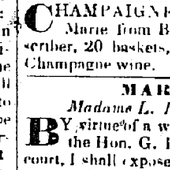
Terms: One fifth cash, and the balance at 1 and 2 years credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, and to be divided into shares, with special mortgage.

By order of court.
may 17 MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

☞ The act of sale to be passed by T. Seghers, at the cost of the purchaser.

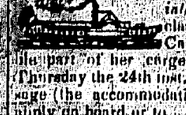
CHIGE, *BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,*

Begs leave to inform he public, his friends and customers, that he has received by the ship Bolivar, a large quantity of LEATHER, from one of the first manufacturers in Paris: also grey shoe and boot tops for the summer. He hopes that those who have heretofore honored him with their patronage will continue it, and he will do his utmost to obtain by his care and punctuality, a continuation of their patronage.
New Orleans, May 16.



REMOVAL.

J. P. BOUGENEL, has removed his saddlery Warehouse from Conti street to Conde street, No. 23, near St. Anne street, where, as hitherto, he will use every exertion to give satisfaction.
may 7—2m



FOR LOUISVILLE, *with intermediate landings.*—The fine class new steamer MOHAWK, Capt. Finlayn, has a considerable part of her cargo engaged, and will depart up Thursday the 24th inst. at 10 a. m. for freight or passage (the accommodations need no recommendation) apply on board or to
m 18 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

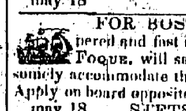
A large quantity of FREIGHT offered to any good boat bound for that place. Apply at No. 23 St Louis street.
may 18

PASSAGE FOR NANTES & BORDEAUX.

The ship ZILIA, Capt. J. Berger, having all her cargo engaged, will positively sail for the above ports on the beginning of next month. Touching first at Nantz and thence at Bordeaux, she will take passengers for either of those cities. This vessel having excellent accommodations, offers to passengers a very desirable conveyance—they may rely upon the care and attention of Messrs. Dillingham and Berger, on board. For terms apply to James Dillingham on board, or to
may 18 J. & L. GARNIER.

FOR BOSTON—*A Packet*—The copper'ed and fast sailing brig RUPEE, Capt. FOQUE, will sail to morrow, and can handsomely accommodate three or four cabin passengers. Apply on board opposite post 61, or to
may 18 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.

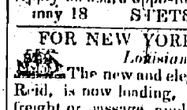
FOR NEW YORK—Packet of the 20th May.



Louisiana and New York Line.

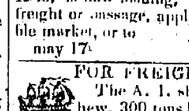
The new and elegant ship NATCHEZ, capt. Reid, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to FOSTER & HETTON,
may 17 77 Canal st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

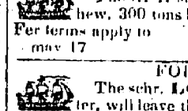


The A. 1. ship TUSCANY, capt. Mayhew, 300 tons burthen, now ready to take in. For terms apply to
may 17 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR MOBILE.



The schr. LOUISIANA, A. Smith master, will leave the Basin this day at 12 o'clock. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
may 17 No. 15 New Levee.



WINE.—For sale by J. B. LAPORTE, 12 half casks Haut Sauterne White wine, of the vintage of 1825, superior quality, imported in the ship Zelia: casks Chateau Margaux wine, of 1825, superior quality: do. Montferrant medoc of 1827, excellent quality: do. do. do. of 1829, do. may 17

CASTOR OIL, BEANS, &c.—10 bbls. castor oil, 10 do white beans, 27 bearskins, and 3 bbls. beeswax, in store and for sale by
GRAY, DURRIVE & CO.
may 17 38 New Levee st.

THE subscriber offers for sale a DRUGGIST'S CASE: containing 140 draws, the fronts of which are veneered with mahogany, each draw has crystal knobs, and is marked on a gold surface with black letters—also, an assortment of MEDICINES: all of which will be sold at low prices and advantageous terms if immediate application be made.

Also, two buckets of choice Leeches, received per bark Aurelie Marie, from Bordeaux,
may 17 FORESTIER.

JUST received per ship Harlequin, direct from the manufactures, 3 cases of Sheffield CUTLERY, suitable for this or the Mexican market, entitled to debenture, and will be sold low. Apply to
may 16 SAML. BARBER, 57 Canal st.

BLUE NANKEENS.—2000 pieces blue Nankeens, entitled to debenture, now landing and for sale by
may 16 YORKE, MACATESTER & CO.

WET NURSE.—A mulatress with a few breast of milk, and a healthy constitution, and warranted to be a good servant, can be had by applying at this office. may 15

THE Subscribers offer for sale the cargo of barque Amiable Marie, from Bordeaux, now landing opposite Conti street, viz: 2 pipes Cognac brandy, Dupuy and Co's. brand; 20 half pipes do do do.; 10 do. do. old Champaigne brandy; 75 bbls. white wine vinegar; 60 casks Montferand Medoc; 50 do Paucillac do. 90 do Medoc; 80 do St. Estiphe do; 25 do St. Emilion and Margaux Medoc; 50 bls. white wine, Graves and Barsac; 2000 cases claret medoc, St. Estephe do; 25 do do. Leyville, Latour and Lafitte, by 24 half bottles; 50 baskets white sparkling champaigne; 100 demijohns lentilles and millet; 100 do almonds, 50 gross mikstands, &c. the whole entitled to debenture.
P. E. & C. SORBE.
may 16 118 Royal street.

COURT OF PROBATES—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of the late Nathaniel Smith, and to all others whom it may concern, to shew cause, within ten days, why the account rendered by the curator of said estate, should not be homologated, and the said curator discharged from his trust—By order of the court, MARTIN BLACHE,
may 16 Register.

FOR sale by the subscribers, landing from brig Com. Barry, 4 cases Bologne Sausages; 3 do. assorted French Locks; 2 bales large size Cotton Blankets, superior quality; 200 empty Demijohns; Corks, &c.
P. E. & O. SORBE'
may 15 118 Royal st.

SEWING SILKS, SILK HOSE, &c.—4 cases white silk patent hose, superior quality; 2 do. do. do. embroidered do; 8 cases high coloured Sewing silks; suitable for Mexican markets, and entitled to drawback; for sale by P. E. & O. SORBE',
may 15 118 Royal street.

PARIS

FANCY AND PERFUMERY STORE.

(FALSE HAIR OF ALL KINDS,) BRUSHES, GLOVES, CANES, ETC. ETC.,

Corner of Chartres and Jefferson streets, No. 147.

THE subscriber has just received by the Bolivar, an assortment of very fresh Perfumery, consisting of Cream of bitter almonds, rose soap, alm nd do., otto of roses and jessamines, extract of Mousseline, Portugal violette, Lavender and other waters, Libon powder, and the Mucilage, recommended for changing the hair: Orient and Ceylon powder for the teeth, &c., superior powder, rose and jessamin scented, superior pomatum, &c. &c.

A general assortment of first quality BRUSHES, such as hair, tooth, coat, beard, skin, shaving, and many other kinds.

Also, gum elastic Suspenders, with gold and silver buckles, several dozen of gold, black and emanel Shirt Buttons, latest fashions,

An elegant assortment of COMBS and FALSE HAIR, of all kinds. He continues to manufacture all articles in his line. ☞ The above articles are of the latest fashions.
may 15 GAUTHIAC.

SATURDAY next will be drawn the 10th class of the Catholic Church Lottery, capital prize 10,000 dollars. For lucky numbers apply at

FELTON'S

Lottery and Exchange Office; No. 11, St. Philip st,
may 14

TO-MORROW!

NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.
10th CLASS FOR 1832.

The drawing will take place on Saturday, 19th of May 1832.

PRIZES.		DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1	OF	10,000	IS	10,000
1	OF	3,000	IS	3,000
1	OF	1,500	IS	1,500
1	OF	1,000	IS	1,000
1	OF	800	IS	800
1	OF	623	IS	623
6	OF	500	ARE	3,000
6	OF	300		1,800
6	OF	200		1,200
156	OF	50		7,800
156	OF	20		3,180
624	OF	8		4,992
7800	OF	4		31,200

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $4 00
Halves 2 00
Quarters 1 00

J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*
may 7 No. 119, Chartres street.

LANDING from ship Zilia from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscriber:
40 casks 1st quality Medoc Claret
12 casks superior do.
8 tierces do. 1 case Horn Combs.
may 8 J. B. LABATUT.

BY HEWLETT & RASPILLIER,
AND
H. J. DOMINGON.

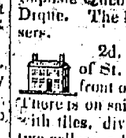
Valuable City Property

FOR SALE.

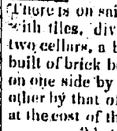
ON WEDNESDAY, 30th May inst., will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange Coffee House, at half past 12 o'clock, to close a concern,

1st, A LOT situated in this city, corner of Bienville and Dauphin, measuring 103 feet front on Bienville street by 77 feet 4 inches deep on Dauphine street, with three HOUSES, each divided into four rooms, two closets on a gallery, and double Kitchen—the whole built with brick and covered with shingles—bounded on one side by the property of Baptiste Quecowessa, and on the other by that of Mr. Dique. The banquets to be at the cost of the purchasers.

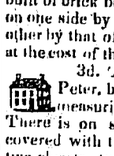
2d. A LOT situated in this city, corner of St. Peter and Dauphine, measuring 40 feet front on the first by 72 feet front on the latter. There is on said lot a BRICK HOUSE covered with tiles, divided into four apartments, two closets, two cellars, a brick Kitchen, the upper part of which is built of brick between posts. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Madame Montemi, and on the other by that of Baptiste Asenard. The banquets are at the cost of the purchaser.



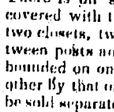
3d. A LOT situated in this city, in St. Peter, between Dauphine and Burgundy streets, measuring 60 feet front by 71 deep more or less. There is on said lot two BRICK HOUSES, covered with tiles, each divided into four apartments, two closets, two cellars, a kitchen built of bricks between posts and covered with tiles. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Wm. Broom, and on the other by that of Francois Jognac. These houses will be sold separately, and the banquets will be at the cost of the purchasers.



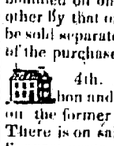
4th. A LOT situated at the corner of Bourbon and Orleans streets, measuring 34 feet front on the former by 71 feet on the latter, more or less.—There is on said lot a large frame HOUSE, divided in 5 apartments, a gallery and kitchen. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Madame Dubois, and on the other by that of Mr. Favrot. The banquets to be at the cost of the purchaser.



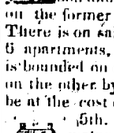
5th. A LOT forming the corner of Dumaine and Dauphine streets, measuring 61 feet front on the former and 60 feet on the latter, more or less. There is on said corner lot a HOUSE built of bricks between posts and covered with tiles: it is divided into four apartments, 2 closets and 2 cellars; two frame kitchens, and at the extremity of the lot on Dauphin street, there is a wooden building divided into 5 rooms. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Mr. De la Rosa, and on the other by that of Mr. Achilles Burel. The banquets to be at the cost of the purchasers.



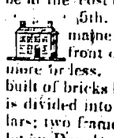
6th. A LOT situated in Bourbon street, between Ursuline and St. Philippe, measuring 60 feet front by 90 in depth, or thereabout.—There is on said lot a HOUSE built of bricks between posts, covered with looked tiles, divided for three locations, and a kitchen composed of three rooms, built of brick, with terrass roof. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Mr. L. Sigeur, and on the other by that of Mr. Wm. Escofleur. The banquets to be at the cost of the purchaser.



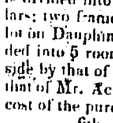
7th. A LOT situated on St. Philippe street, between Bourgogne and Rampart, measuring 26 feet front by 60 feet deep, more or less. There is on said lot a wooden House, divided in three apartments, bounded on one side by the property of Mr. Duriol and on the other by that of Mr. S. Amand. Banquets at the cost of purchaser.



8th. A LOT situated in St. Philippe street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, measuring 60 feet front by 120 feet deep, bounded on one side by the property of Mr. L. Séjour, and on the other by that of the heirs of Celeste Moxant. There is on this lot two frame HOUSES divided into two apartments two closets, and small rooms fronting on the street.—Possession to be given on the 15th of June next. Banquets at the cost of the purchaser.



9th. A LOT situated in St. Philippe, between Royal and Bourbon streets, measuring 30 feet front by 60 feet deep, more or less.—There is on said lot a BRICK HOUSE covered with looked tiles, divided in four apartments, two closets, a gallery, with story kitchen, covered with tiles, containing 4 rooms, bounded on one side by the property of Mr. Fauché Cougot, and on the other by that of Mr. St. Laurent.



10th. A LOT situated on Royal, between St. Philippe and Dumaine streets, measuring 30 feet front by 45 feet deep, more or less.—There is on said lot a STORE built of bricks, with a terra roof, measuring about 30 feet square. Said property is bounded on one side by that of Mr. Fauché Cougot, and on the other by that occupied by Madame Bayon. The banquets are paid.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Six, twelve, eighteen and twenty four months credit, payable in notes satisfactorily endorsed, and bearing mortgage on the property until final payment.

☞ The acts of sale to be passed before Louis T. Caire, notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. Purchasers will give their notes, divided into shares to suit the vender, from the day of sale. may 16

SALE OF DE LA RONDE'S PLANTATION,
TO BE NAMED
VERSAILLES.

HEWLETT & RASPILLER AND DOMINGON, Auctioneers,

WILL sell at auction, at the New Exchange, on Saturday, 26th instant, at noon,

A PORTION OF THE LANDS

of said plantation, situated six miles below town, and so advantageously known, as regards its situation and the elevation of the ground, unparallelled even at a great distance from the neighborhood of New Orleans.

A plan of the property will be exhibited at the Exchange several days previous to the day of sale, and the amateurs of agreeable locations for country seats, are requested to visit the spot, where all the information they may require will be given.

The division of property is made in lots of about one arpent front by six in depth, more or less according to their situation. A part are fronting the river, and will be sold with the privilege to the extensive batture. The height of the land is such that little or no levee is required. The other lots, one of which is 3 acres by about six in depth with the extensive mansion, out buildings and garden of the plantation, fronting De La Ronde and Lake Borgne's avenues, each fifty feet wide, with eighty feet between them, reserved in the centre of the plantation for the canal of Versailles, intended to communicate from the river to the beautiful bayou Bienvenu, which empties itself into Bourne. By referring to the maps of the vicinity of New Orleans it is evident that