

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 26.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1897.

No. 29.

Ebony

OUR FIRST SHIPMENT OF FINE EBONY GOODS HAS ARRIVED.

Military Brushes, Manicure Brushes, Hair Brushes, Button Hooks, Hat Brushes, Shoe Horns, Cloth Brushes, Glove Stretchers.

In fact almost everything you may require. These goods are the best genuine Ebony, imported direct from France, Eibey, plain or silver mounted. Come early and get your choice.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

THE JEWELLERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Westside.

FALL STOCK

Coats, Capes

ETC.

IS NOW COMPLETE.

J. HUTCHESON & CO

MANTLE IMPORTERS.



Look Out for Burglars.



The mania for house breaking in other cities has reached Victoria. Be on your guard. Beware of strangers. You should patronize us. We bar all the doors and protect you from high prices and extortion.

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY:

Smith's Sodas, Cartoons, . . . 20c.
Pratt's Astral Oil, Tin . . . \$1.40
Cornmeal, 10 lbs 20c.
Rolled Oats, 9 lbs 25c.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

ANNOUNCEMENT

WM. STEWART,

THE LEADING LADIES' TAILOR

will shortly open up a branch establishment in Victoria especially adapted for the production of the finest garments known to the ladies tailoring trade.

Having secured the services of Miss Hampton, late of New York, whose knowledge and experience has been acquired with the finest designers from London and Paris, ladies can rest assured that all work entrusted to her care will receive that attention and skill which is the outcome of actual experience.

Our specialties will be Ladies' Evening Gowns, Opera Cloaks, Tea Gowns and our well known Ladies' Tailor, Mode, Garments. Special attention will be paid to harmonious colors with the complexion.

Everything will be done in the immediate future that will make this establishment the equal of the celebrated firms of Bedford and Worth. DUE NOTICE OF OPENING WILL BE GIVEN.

WHEN IN THE CITY

DON'T FAIL TO EXAMINE THE SAMPLES OF

40, 50 and 75c. Cloth Bound BOOKS

WE HAVE EXHIBITED IN OUR WINDOW

Dogs, Turkeys and Monkeys,

ETC., ONLY 5 CENTS EACH.

See Window No. 71 Government Street

T. N. Hibben & Co.

COAL. COAL.

New Vancouver Coal Co., Ltd.,
NANAIMO, B.C.

CITY COAL DEPOT
ESTABLISHED 1892.

VICTORIA AGENTS—KINGHAM & CO.

Office cor. Fort and Broad Sts., Telephone 527.

Double Screened Southfield Coal, \$3.00 per ton.
Double Screened New Wellington, 6.00 per ton.
Or 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city, weight guaranteed.

Double Screened Coal, \$5 per ton
Lump Coal, \$5.50 per ton.
Cemex Lump, for furnaces, \$5

W. WALKER,
Office Store St., opp. Telegraph Hotel

MACBETH:

Can't thou not minister to a mind diseased,
Pluck from the memory a rooted sorrow,
Raised out the written troubles of the brain;
And with some sweet oblivious antidote
Cleanse the stung'ed bosom of that pestilence
Which weighs upon the heart?

DOCTOR:

Yes, Mac! I can; Drink
TAMILKANDE TEA and
the deed is done.

TAMILKANDE TEA

LEAD PACKETS ONLY.
NEVER IN BULK.

Blue Label, 60c.
White " 50c.
Red " 40c.

SIMON LEISER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Speaks for itself.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MISS LILLIAN L. ARMSTRONG, Elocutionist and Vocalist, open for concerts, church engagements and recitals. Terms for lessons, etc. Address, 25 Fernwood Road, City. oct9-1w

LOST—On Government street, between new post office and Elford & Smith's brick yard, a brass bound level. Finder will please return the same to new post office.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Apply during the forenoon to Mrs. Cochrane, 139 Chatham street. oct9-1f

NO. 7 BLANCHARD STREET, sunny furnished rooms with modern conveniences. oct9-1w

GOLF—A large and well assorted stock of golf clubs to be had at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street.

MELLOR'S MIXED PAINTS—Absolutely pure and full-limpal measure guaranteed, \$1.50 per gallon. Mellor's Floor Paints same price. J. W. Mellor, 70-75 Fort street.

SECOND HAND GUNS bought and sold. Ammunition always on hand at Shew's Hardware, 57 Johnson street. sells

EIGHT FIVE CENTS BUYS A DOLLAR—of Mellor's Carriage Paint, ready mixed. Requires no varnishing. Paint your buggy while it's cheap. Mellor, 70-75 Fort street.

WINCHESTER RIFLES and ammunition of all kinds, suitable for the Klondike and sportsmen, at J. Barnsley & Co., 119 Government street.

\$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal, per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city. Hall, Geipel & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 82.

LINSEED OIL, 90c. per gallon in 4 gal. tins, guaranteed strictly pure oil. Window glass, sashes and doors selling cheap at Mellor's, 70-75 Fort street.

VICTORIA WOOD AND COAL YARD, cor. Government and Discovery. All kinds of fuel for sale at lowest current rates. Your order solicited. Delivery free. Also steam wood sawing done. Telephone No. 149. A. C. Howe. Telephone 318-2m

PURE WHITE LEAD \$6 per 100 lbs. No. 1 Elephant at \$5.50 per 100 lbs. Dry colors in oil, varnishes and brushes at lowest prices. J. W. Mellor, 70-75 Fort street.

Coal & Wood. BAKER & COLSTON (LATE G. GAWLEY & CO.) Wholesale office, Bellisville, Victoria, B.C. Double Screened Alexandra Coal, . . . \$5.00 ton. Do. Sack or Lump, Wellington, 5.00 ton. First Quality Dry Cordwood, . . . 3.25 cord. Full weight and measure guaranteed. All orders executed day received. Telephone in name, Gawley & Co., No. 407.

W. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

Under instructions I will sell at 85 CARR ST., JAMES BAY

MONDAY, OCT. 11, AT 2 P.M.

DESIRABLE FURNITURE

Including Oak Overmantel, Hall Stand, Lamp Writing Desk, Massive Oak Bed Set, Mattresses, Sideboard, Dining Table and Chairs, Kitchen and Centre Tables, Rockers, Lace Curtains, Carpets, Linoleum, Glassware, Crockery, Kitchens, Sideboard, Model Range with water coil (almost new), Garden Hoe, Lawn Mower, Garden Tools, and a host of other articles. Terms, cash (goods not on view until 12 o'clock day of sale). W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

VICTORIA THEATRE

One Night Only—Thursday, October 14.

The Peerless CORINNE

AND OPERA COMIQUE COMPANY. 50 PEOPLE.

Direction of Birk & Maeder, producing the Great New York Casino Success.

"AN AMERICAN BEAUTY," By Hugh Morgan and Gustave Kerker.

SEE The Gay Casino Girls—The Six Funny Comedians—The Circus at Newport—Curious on the Elephant—Cortina's \$75,000 Diamonds.

HEAR The Love Song—The Many Tonalities—The Brilliant Libretto—The Grand Chorus of 20 Voices—The Circus Absurdities.

ENJOY The Wealth of Magnificent Scenery—The Grist Transformation Scene—The Most Gorgeous of Costuming—The Most Popular Opera of the Decade—The Most Elaborate Production of the Day—The First Engagement in the West.

Prices, \$1 and \$1.50. Gallery 50c. Sale of seats opens on Tuesday morning, October 12, at 9 o'clock, at Jamieson's.

PERSONAL.

A. B. Gray is down from Nelson. J. McFarlane returned last evening from Vancouver.

Thos. C. Gray, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Briard.

Alex. McDermott is back from a business trip to Vancouver.

J. Butson and William Stein, of Vancouver, are at the Briard.

Hon. Justice McDougall came over from the Mainland last evening.

Chief Supt. of the city police, is again on duty after a well earned holiday.

C. H. Lugin, editor of the Colonist, returned last evening from New Westminster.

Rev. Murdoch McKenzie, a Presbyterian missionary on his way to Honan, China, is in the city.

S. Black, of Spuzzan, is at the Oriental. C. P. Miller is over from Seattle, and is a guest at the Oriental.

T. Richardson, of Laquetie Island, and Joseph Nightingale of Salt Spring Island, are guests at the Oriental.

Chief Supt. of the Victoria fire department, and Mrs. Deary returned last evening from a visit to the Mainland.

Capt. John and Mrs. McPhee, who have spent the past year in Victoria, left this morning for their home in the east. They were accompanied as far as Vancouver by their son, Capt. David McPhee.

Rev. Dr. Wardrop, of Guelph, Ont., at one time moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly of Canada, is a guest at the Briard. He is accompanied by his granddaughter, Miss Grier of Montreal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RUTHVEN WILL LECTURE

To-morrow (Sunday) evening to ladies and gentlemen, at 8 o'clock, in A.O.U.W. Hall, on "Abraham and Hagar," or "Ruth's Brutality to Woman."

SIDNEY WILSON, Secy.

A.O.F. Funeral Notice.

The members of Court Vancouver, No. 6755, A.O.F., are requested to meet at their hall on Sunday, Oct. 10th, at 1:45 p.m. sharp, to attend the funeral of the deceased wife of Brother G. L. Cullis. Members of Sister Lodges are cordially invited to attend. oct9

HOUSES FOR SALE.

7 roomed house, Bellisville street, \$1,500; brick house, corner Cadboro Bay road and Oak Bay avenue, \$2,100; 7 roomed house, Carr street, James Bay, \$1,400; cottage on Mitchell street, \$1,100; cottage on Belmont street, \$1,300; 5 roomed cottage on Stanley avenue, \$1,000; 5 roomed cottage, Spring Ridge, \$850. A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

LECTURE and STEREOPTICON EXHIBITION

Pictureque California

—BY— MISS HELEN KELLEHER INSTITUTE HALL, On Monday, October 11, at 8 p.m. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats at Lombard's, 59 cents. oct9-11

AUCTION SALE

W. JONES, AUCTIONEER.

Has received instructions from Mr. T. Cumming to sell at his residence, No. 48 Henry street, Rock Bay, at 2 p.m.,

WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCT 12, Costly Furniture,

comprising Oak Bedroom Set, Handsome Brussels Carpet, New Linoleum, Oak Extension Table and Chairs, Desirable Pictures, Curtains, Blinds, Papes, Choice Dinner Set, Air Tight Heater, Large Cook Stove, Agate, Enamel and other wares. All the above Furniture has only been in use six weeks. Also Horse, Buggy and Harness. Terms cash. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

SEVENTH ANNUAL BALL

Under the patronage of His Honor Lieut-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Bedford, Major Trotter and Officers of the Royal Marine Artillery, Lieut-Gregory and Officers of 1st Batt., 5th Regt. C. A.

GIVEN BY THE LADIES' AUXILIARY AT ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT ST.

Wednesday, October 27th

Commencing at 9 o'clock.

In aid of Fund for Children's Ward of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Ticket, admitting lady and gentleman, \$5. Can be had from any of the Committees or at T. N. Hibben's and Challoner & Mitchell's. oct9-11

A GREAT SUCCESS MAY BUILD BOATS

Proceedings at the Provincial Liberal Convention—The Election of Officers.

Every Constituency Well Represented—Strongly Opposed to the Turner Government.

New Westminster, Oct. 9.—The first day of the Provincial Liberal Convention was called to order at 3 o'clock yesterday by Mr. Aulay Morrison, M.P., Mr. J. Kerr acting as secretary, at St. Leonard's Hall.

After preliminary discussion the first Liberal association of British Columbia was formed, the office bearers to consist of president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, one vice-president for each Dominion electoral district, and three executive officers from each electoral district.

The election resulted as follows: For president, Wm. Templeman, 55 votes; E. P. Davis, 45 votes. For secretary, J. H. Kerr, 50; D. C. McGregor, 41. For treasurer, Dr. McEachern, by acclamation.

For Victoria—Vice-President, George Riley, 54; Dr. Milne, 12. Executive, E. V. Bodwell, 47; Col. Gregory, 45; R. L. Drury, 39. Not elected, Dr. Milne, 38; George Powell, 30.

For Vancouver—Vice-President, E. P. Davis; executive, James McQueen, J. H. Senkler and Wm. McCraney.

For Westminster—Vice-President, A. Henderson; executive, J. Oliver, A. S. Veddar and J. B. Kennedy.

For Vancouver Island—Vice-President, J. Suggitt; executive, Ralph Smith, J. Evans and J. Stevens.

For Cariboo—Vice-president, William Baillie; executive, J. Martin, D. O'Hara and R. G. McPherson.

On motion of Mr. Templeman, Messrs. Scalfie, Bostock, Morrison, Davis and Dr. McEachern were appointed a committee to draft an address to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his elevation to knighthood and his success in Great Britain.

At the evening session the following was adopted unanimously: Mr. George Riley moved: "That the members of the convention declare that they are emphatically opposed to the policy of the present British Columbia government as shown by legislation promoted by the government and by the actions of the executive, and they are of the opinion that their continuance in office is detrimental to the general welfare of the province." (Loud cheers.) Mr. McCutcheon, Kamloops, seconded.

Mr. John Johnstone, of Vancouver, moved, seconded by Mr. McPherson: "That in the opinion of this convention it is in the best interests of the Liberal party to support in all the constituencies of the province such candidates as declare themselves to be fully in accord with the resolution just passed."

Mr. Archer Martin moved in amendment: "That in the opinion of this convention the Liberals of this province should support no candidate in the forthcoming provincial campaign unless he is a Liberal and subscribes to Liberal principles." Mr. Burnett, of Vancouver, seconded Mr. Martin's amendment, which provoked a long discussion, many prominent Liberals favoring party lines, but it was defeated by a large majority, Mr. Johnstone's motion carrying amid great applause.

A committee on a platform was appointed, which reported this morning, the platform being approved and referred to the executive committee for final revision. The platform refers exclusively to provincial affairs.

The convention was a great success. Every section of the province was represented. Messrs. Ross, McKechnie and Dr. Walker were present from Nanaimo. The Kootenays and Cariboo were well represented. The greatest unanimity and enthusiasm prevailed, which was manifested by the full attendance up to the close at noon to-day.

Mr. Aulay Morrison, M.P., made an excellent chairman and was accorded a vote of thanks, and with three cheers for the Queen and three for Sir Wilfrid Laurier the first Liberal convention came to an end.

HEAVY ORDERS.

Goods to be Sent to Dawson City Over the Dalton Trail.

The American bark Colorado, which has been chartered by the Washington & Alaska Steamship Company to take a cargo of general merchandise to Alaska, will be here about the 15th inst. to load upwards of 100 tons of groceries and dry goods, which have been purchased from local merchants by Messrs. Smith & Huddard. It is the intention of these gentlemen to send a very heavy consignment of goods to Dawson City this winter, taking the goods in by sleds over the Dalton trail. They will also attempt to take in some horses and cattle. It is said that their orders to Victoria's merchants will total \$30,000.

United States Government Grant Canadian Permission to Build Vessels at St. Michaels.

Report That Great Britain Has Withdrawn From Sealing Conference Is Incorrect.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—The customs department of the United States government on behalf of some Canadians if they would be permitted to put a vessel together at St. Michaels. It is a flat-bottom boat which they wish to use on the Yukon river. The request has been promptly granted. It is only right to mention that the officials at Washington are always ready and willing to accommodate the department at Ottawa whenever it is possible for them to do so. A prominent official stated here to-day that the only exception was in the Behring sea question, and he remarked that politicians in the United States were responsible for this. There is an American sub-collector of customs at St. Michaels, so there will be no difficulty in transferring cargo to a smaller craft which is able to navigate the Yukon. Several parties have been asking for this information from the customs department.

A cable has been received by the Dominion government asking for papers, reports, etc., affecting the approaching conference at Washington over seal life in Behring sea. The report that Great Britain has withdrawn is incorrect.

A cable was received to-day from Hon. Mr. Fielding, stating that he has placed a loan on the market for \$200,000, at 2 1/2 per cent. subsidized stock, payable yearly in the Bank of Montreal and the principal in 1947 at a minimum price of 91.

Fire has again broken out in the vicinity of Bear Brook, and fears are entertained that this village will be swept.

The prospectus for the new Canadian loan will be issued in London on Monday and tenders will be receivable up to Friday. The rate of interest will be 2 1/2 per cent.

The relief fund for sufferers by the recent forest fires in Hantsville and Prescott counties is mounting up, and merchant and private citizens have contributed large quantities of goods and clothing. Sympathetic messages of inquiry have been received from the Governor-General and prominent persons in different parts of the country.

A RUN ON THE BANK.

A Mild Bank Scare in Montreal Yesterday.

Montreal, Oct. 8.—There was an unaccountable run to-day on the City and District Savings Bank, one of the strongest financial institutions in the city, and several hundred depositors withdrew their accounts. They were all promptly paid and this had the effect of quieting the apprehensions of many.

Mayor Wilson Smith addressed a couple of hundred depositors on a street corner, and reassured them with some effect. The bank manager says the conduct of the people was very foolish, but the bank will pay every one who comes.

A SAD SEA TALE.

Awful Sufferings Endured by the Crew of the Wrecked Whaler Navarech.

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—The Chronicle says that the fate of the crew of the steam whaler Navarech, wrecked on the Arctic on August 11th, is no longer in doubt. As already known, the captain, his wife and the first and fourth officers, who succeeded in escaping from the vessel after she had been caught in the ice, were picked up by the United States revenue cutter Bear. The other thirty men on board the ill-fated vessel were supposed to have perished. The news of the death of these men and the rescue of the other sixteen was brought to this city by E. M. Diaz, one of the survivors, who came down on the steam whaler Bonanza from Port Barrow. Diaz, who is a Portuguese, relates harrowing tales of suffering and starvation in the ice-bound north.

After the Navarech had been nipped by icebergs, the captain, his wife and two officers had been fortunate enough to reach open water in the zig, the others stayed by the vessel as long as possible. The food supply at last became exhausted, and fourteen of the men died. Finally the vessel went to pieces and sank. Sixteen of the survivors tried to make their way south over the ice, and soon found themselves adrift on the ice. For twelve days they floated with the ocean currents, suffering the most intense torture and hunger. They were reduced to the verge of starvation, and in craving for food, ate the skins with which they were clothed. Finally, after all hope of rescue has been abandoned, the castaways were sighted by the steam whaler Thresher and quickly rescued. They were taken to Point Barrow and given every care and attention.

Diaz was brought to this city on the Bonanza, so his eyes might be treated, his slight having been seriously affected by the glare of the sun and ice. He was third mate of the vessel.

MINERS DISSATISFIED.

Hamilton (Pa.), Oct. 9.—The Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company's breaker employees struck yesterday because they given their checks they found that they were granted less than they claimed they were promised at the settlement of the recent strike. It is said that the officials offer no satisfactory explanation. 2,500 men will again be idle.

THEY BLAME CANADA

United States Attributes Great Britain's Attitude on International Questions to Canadian Pressure.

Present Status of the Silver Question and the Much Discussed Sealing Dispute.

London, Oct. 8.—The British government's answer to the proposals of the United States and France for bimetalism by international agreement will probably be ready within a fortnight.

Two months ago they were strongly in favor of the proposals of the United States and France as would have enabled those powers to convoke a monetary conference, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach obtained from the governor of the Bank of England a qualified assent to the conversion into silver of one-fifth of the reserve for the redemption of the note issue.

The Indian government was also consulted respecting the expediency of re-opening the mints to the free coinage of silver.

That answer has not yet been officially revealed, but it has been received in London, and is believed in diplomatic circles to be unfavorable to re-opening the Indian mints.

Not one word of this has yet appeared in print, and no official confirmation of it can be obtained, but it is currently reported among the best informed financiers that the Indian government has advised against re-opening the mints.

It is believed that it is the ministers will not have the courage to set against the advice of the Indian government, but will summon the French and American ambassadors and the British minister to London, and return metallic envoys without delay, and return a courteous but firm answer to the proposals for an international agreement for the maintenance of the par value of gold and silver.

Canada and Great Britain have refused definitely to take part in a sealing conference if representatives of Russia and Japan are allowed to participate in it.

When the diplomatic correspondence is published it will be evident that the state department has done everything in its power to enable Canada and Great Britain to attend a conference, which was declared to be purely consultative, and which would have had no binding force upon any maritime power taking part in it.

Canada has interposed her veto, and Great Britain, who on this question has no will of her own, has sanctioned it.

Lord Salisbury having received the original invitation of last July at the instance of Canada, now follows the lead of Ottawa in declining to meet Russia, Japan and the United States in a friendly conference for determining whether anything can be done for the protection of the fur seals.

The reasonable objection could be offered by the presence of the Russian and Japanese representatives, but Canada has adopted a differential tariff in favor of the British manufacturers and her espousal suffices to control the diplomacy of the foreign office on American questions.

The American ambassador is still sent to London in deference to old-time usage. He might with more propriety be accredited to Ottawa, where the English diplomacy on American questions really has its origin.

Obviously the state department can have no option except to proceed in a conference to which Russia and Japan are invited.

In an subsequently held, if it likes, a second or supplementary conference with Great Britain and Canada, and open the way for the revision of the existing regulations next year.

The holding of a second conference is a question which will depend upon the scientific information produced before the first conference.

If it be true, as the best experts in the fur trade in London admit, that 80 per cent of the calves now coming into this market show gunshot holes, and that the bulk of them are the furs of female seals, the speedy extinction of the herd cannot be long deferred.

If it be true that there are only 100,000 seals breeding on the seal islands or other grounds where there were once several millions of them, the herd has already lost its commercial value, and nothing short of the absolute prohibition of pelagic sealing for a decade, or longer, will restore it.

A second conference certainly will be superfluous if Canada be unwilling to allow the suspension of pelagic sealing.

MUCH DISCUSSED MEN

Threaten Trouble for Charterers of the Eliza Anderson.

Port Townsend, Oct. 8.—The schooner Sallor Boy, Captain Peterson, arrived last evening direct from St. Michaels, having left there on the 19th of September. The Sallor Boy brought nine passengers from the winter rather than south to the hardships incident to life at St. Michaels until the river opens in the spring.

Among the passengers was John Quinby Barnum, of Murray, Idaho. Barnum was one of the 80 passengers on the steamer Eliza Anderson, which was forced to run into Dutch Harbor in a distressed condition, where the now lives.

Regarding the steamer Eliza Anderson, Barnum said a recent launch of the old craft will never be permitted to leave there in the capacity of a passenger boat.

Barum said there had been no news direct from Dutch Harbor since St. Michaels for four weeks previous to his leaving, and no news can possibly be brought by river before next summer, as ice has already formed in the salt water at the mouth of the river, and the fresh water must certainly have been frozen to a considerable thickness at that time.

"In a month from now," said he, "I do not believe there will be a hundred persons left at St. Michaels, as nearly everybody is preparing to come back. A great many will come down on the steamer Portland, but a majority have left ere this on the three masted schooner Novelty, which was discharging cargo at St. Michaels when we left."

The passengers on the Sallor Boy from St. Michaels report that Mayor Wood, of Seattle, manager of the Humboldt expedition, and D. K. Howard, who had charge of the Eliza Anderson party, are practically prisoners in the hands of their irate passengers. Only the presence of the United States troops under Lt. Col. Randall is expected to avert serious trouble.

The feeling against both Wood and Howard is said to be bitter in the extreme, and the miners have appointed committees to guard both and see to it that they do not escape.

Thomas K. Clark, of Seattle, who was one of the passengers on the Sallor Boy, said:

"I would not be surprised to hear of the death of D. K. Howard at the hands of the miners. The feeling is growing more bitter against him every day."

The passengers of the Eliza Anderson paid their fare and freight to Dawson, but the Anderson was abandoned at Dutch Harbor, and the passengers were landed at St. Michaels by the schooner Barnoff with no prospect of getting further this winter. Then Mr. Howard announced that the expedition was a failure, and that he would not feed them until they reached Dawson, as his contract demanded. His declaration caused great dissatisfaction, and he will be fortunate if he gets out of there alive.

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OFFERS TO RESIGN

Weyler's Letter Tending His Resignation and Premier Sagasta's Acceptance of the Same.

Escape of Senorita Cisneros, Under Sentence of Banishment to a Penal Settlement.

Madrid, Oct. 8.—In the course of the cable message sent by Captain-General Weyler to Premier Sagasta placing his position in Cuba at the disposal of the government, he said:

"If the functions which the government has entrusted me with had been merely those of governor-general of Cuba, I could have hastened to have resigned, but the two-fold character of my mission and my duty as commander in the face of the enemy prevents my tendering a resignation."

"Nevertheless, although I can rely upon the absolute support of the constitutional party, as well as upon public opinion, this would be an unnecessary step, out of the confidence of the government, now more than ever necessary to me after the course of which I have been made the object by the members and journals of the Liberal party and by public opinion in the United States, which latter is largely influenced by the former."

This confidence would be necessary to enable me to put an end to the year, which has already been virtually concluded from our lines at Jucaro to Cape San Antonio."

Senor Sagasta replied: "I thank you for your explanation and value your frankness. I wish to assure you that the government recognize your services, and value them as they deserve; but it thinks a change of policy, in order to succeed, requires that the authorities should be at one with the ministry."

"This has nothing to do with the confidence felt in your ability by the government, for the Liberales have always said that the responsibility for a given order does not fall on those who carry it out, but on the government. I shall communicate your decision to the government shortly."

Madrid, Oct. 8.—The cabinet has decided upon the immediate recall of General Weyler from Cuba. A decree will be issued appointing Captain-General Blanco Arenas, Marquis of Pena-Piata, governor-general of the island. The Queen Regent will sign the decree tomorrow.

HAVANA ROMANCE.

Havana, Oct. 8.—The beautiful little patriot, Senorita Evangelina Casio Cisneros, heroine of the sensational adventure with the Spanish governor of the Isle of Hues, escaped on Wednesday night from the Casa de Recogidas (House of Scraps), where she had been confined for several months on a charge of conspiracy against the Empire.

Some of the details of the young Cuban's escape are quite romantic. It appears that a real estate agent named Mariano Fernandez, who was in charge of the adjoining house, declares that he recently rented it to two well dressed young men. The latter, who seemed highly respectable, hired the house for two months and paid the rent in advance. The young men seemed to be perfectly satisfied with their surroundings, and little or no notice was taken of them, in spite of the fact that the house was situated close to the prison in which the young woman was confined, under the dread sentence, according to report, of being sent to an African penal settlement.

When her rooms were searched the police found a knotted rope and a loaded revolver outside the window, through which she escaped. They also discovered a bed in the room, and as this apartment was her sleeping room, the authorities were inclined to believe that the sheet was used by the escaping prisoner to envelop herself, with the object of deceiving her room-mates, if she chanced to awaken them, into the belief that she was moving about in her night clothes.

The companions of the young Cuban woman say that the day before the senorita escaped she received a package believed to have contained drugged candies. In any case, the senorita, contrary to her usual custom, did not distribute the candies to her prison companions, but waited till Wednesday night, when she urged each of them to partake. The prisoners did so, and they express the conviction that some of the sweets were drugged for their soon afterwards fell into a deep sleep and were not awakened throughout the night, although the filling of the iron bars of the senorita's bedroom window must have caused enough noise to have awakened the prisoners under ordinary circumstances.

People living in the vicinity of the Casa de Recogidas have informed the authorities that they heard the noise of carriage wheels a little while before midnight on Wednesday, and it is believed the vehicle was used by the senorita and her friends to take them away.

The police are diligently investigating the escape, and all the Spanish authorities along the coast have been communicated with, in the belief that an attempt may be made to embark the senorita on some vessel leaving Cuba for the United States or elsewhere.

Did it ever occur to you whose hair is thin and constantly falling off that this can be prevented? Hall's Hair Renewer is a sure remedy.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than recorded any other proprietary medicine. This is simply because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with the superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Almost to the exclusion of all others. Try It Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Are the only pills to take Hood's Pills with Sarsaparilla.

HAWAIIAN ADVICES

Senator Morgan Addresses the Natives on the Benefits of Annexation.

San Francisco, Oct. 6.—The steamship China arrived this morning from Honolulu via Honolulu with the following Hawaiian advices:

Honolulu, Oct. 3.—The steamer China brought word that Councillor Akiyama, of the Japanese foreign office, attempted suicide at Yokohama on September 20th. At last accounts he was in a critical state.

Akiyama arrived here last May to assist Minister Shimamura in handling the Japanese annexation matter. He proved to be a bright young man and made many friends here. He was ordered home in July, and the impression got abroad that he had failed to accomplish what was expected of him by his government, and he had gone home in disgrace.

The supreme court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of the steamship China, and yesterday G. W. Macfarlane secured a Hawaiian register for the vessel.

Now that the China case has been disposed of the Pacific Mail company will send the Baracosta, now plying between Central American ports, and will make application for a Hawaiian register for her. The Baracosta is under a conditional register exactly the same as the China had, having been issued at London on the same date and under the same circumstances. There is no doubt that the Baracosta will get her register. Charlene, who is her owner, says she will come here next month.

Dr. Jeuneau K. Smith, brother of Attorney-General Smith, was murdered at Kalou, on the island of Kauai, September 21. A native named Kapee committed the deed. His brother, an accomplice, turned state's evidence.

The crime was a most cold-blooded one. Dr. Smith was at his desk engaged in writing, when a knock called him to the door, and as he stepped on the veranda the native shot him and then drove off. His victim lived for a few minutes.

The murder was committed because Smith had ordered Kapee's mistress to Honolulu to report as a leper suspect. This action incensed the native.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, addressed a large number of natives on September 30. He spoke of the benefits annexation would bring to the Hawaiians.

The French cruiser Duguay Trouin sailed for San Francisco to-day.

If your child is puny, fretful, troubled with glandular swellings, inflamed eyes, or sores on the head, face, or body, of course Ayer's Sarsaparilla is needed to expel the scrofulous humors from the blood. The sooner you begin to give this medicine the better.

Mother (in horror)—Oh, John! Don't you see what the baby is doing? He is sucking all the paint off that monkey on the stick!

Father (deep in paper)—Oh, that's all right. It only cost two cents—Puck.

I've been riding on an elevated for five years, and I've never offered a lady my seat.

"That you've never had any manners."

"That isn't it. I've never yet had a seat."—Harlem Life.

CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, you CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS First and most valuable in constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, which may also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels even if they only cured.

Headache, you CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS First and most valuable in constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, which may also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels even if they only cured.

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To Gild Refined Gold---

To paint the lily." Somehow laudatory adjectives appear to be a surfeit of words in describing E. B. Eddy's Matches. These words, "E. B. Eddy's Matches," seem to embrace all excellence, and to which any words of eulogy would be almost superfluous.

The E. B. Eddy Co., Limited.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER, 1897.

PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEC. 62, THE MUNICIPAL CLAUSES ACT 1896.

Table with columns for RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE. RECEIPTS includes Cash on hand, City debt, City salaries, etc. EXPENDITURE includes City debt, Municipal council, City salaries, etc.

City Hall, 7th Oct. 1897. Certified Correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

AMERICAN DEAD IN CUBA

Washington, Oct. 8.—Acting United States consul-general at Havana has informed the State Department that George S. Newton, a young American, formerly a watchmaker in Havana, who was wounded and captured by Spanish troops in August last, died in Havana September 30th, from the effects of his wounds and fever. His mother was in Ogden, Utah, at last accounts.

CROUP QUICKLY CURED

Mountain Glen, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief.—F. A. Thornton. This celebrated remedy is for sale by Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale druggists, Victoria and Vancouver.

WANTS

WANTED—First class cook; no laundry work; housemaid kept; wages \$20; permanent situation to competent person. Address Mrs. (Dr.) McEachnie, Nanaimo, Oct 8.

WANTED immediately, respectable nurse girl. Apply to K., this office. 4910-11

WANTED—to rent, Calligraph typewriter. Must be in good condition. Address "Calligraph," this office. 4911

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two work horses. Apply Jennings Brothers, Brick Makers, Tolmie Avenue. Oct 8-9

FOR SALE—Farm, comprising about 45 acres, on Esquimalt Lagoon, fronting Royal Roads. For full particulars apply 25 Johnson street. Sept 13-14

FOR SALE—The fixtures, furniture and stock of the Hall Saloon, Fort street. Immediate possession given. Apply to Wm. Harrison, 47 and 60 Johnson street. Sept 13-14

TO LET

TO LET—The Commercial Hotel, Douglas street, from 1st June. Apply Mr. Porter & Ross, Douglas street.

VETERINARY

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Coll., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc., Office at Bray's Livery, 108 Johnson street. Telephone 122; residence telephone 117. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SOUVENIRER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocery. Cochrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 129.

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. DR. C. C. CHAMBERS, the celebrated Chiropractor and Medium, Chiropractic Hotel, Room 5. 4911

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, not in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are published at the rate of 10¢ per day.

A. W. WILSON, FLORISTS AND MANUFACTURERS. 211 Bannockburn Street, Victoria. Telephone 1212.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, October 7th, 1897.

To Canadian Artists.

Proposals are invited from Canadian artists only, for a statue of the late honorable Alexander Mackenzie, which the Government of Canada propose to erect in the grounds of the Parliament buildings at Ottawa.

The models, which should be of plaster or similar material, and not less than one foot in height, should be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works on or before the first day of January, 1898.

The general design of the statue is left to each competitor.

R. W. SCOTT, Secretary of State. Ottawa, 28th Sept., 1897.

To Canadian Artists.

Proposals are invited from Canadian artists only, for a statue of Her Majesty the Queen, which the Government of Canada propose to erect on the terrace in front of the Parliament buildings at Ottawa.

The models, which should be of plaster or similar material, and not less than one foot in height, should be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works on or before the first day of January, 1898.

The general design of the statue is left to each competitor.

R. W. SCOTT, Secretary of State. Ottawa, 28th Sept., 1897.

Public Notice.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of Section 60 of the Municipal Clauses Act, 1896, that the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria has by resolution passed at a meeting of the said Council held on the 4th day of October, instant, declared that two certain wooden buildings or structures with the sheds in front and outbuildings thereto belonging, situate, situate, and being upon the lot or piece of land known as the west part of Lot 180, Block I, Victoria City, and which said wooden buildings are known as Nos. 11 and 12 Johnson street, all being within the boundaries of the City of Victoria, are and the same and each and every of them are a nuisance and dangerous to public health, and it is ordered that the same shall be pulled down and removed by the owner, agents, lessee or occupier thereof, and in case of default by the said owner, agents, lessee or occupier thereof, within five days after publication of this notice in a daily newspaper published in such Municipality in conformity with this order it is hereby ordered that such pulling down and removal of the said buildings and structures shall be done by the sanitary officer of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria at the cost of the owner of such buildings and structures and that the payment of such cost and all expenses incidental thereto shall be enforced against the owner or owners thereof by the said Sanitary Officer in so much as the said cost of competent jurisdiction.

WILLIAM J. DOWLING, C.M.C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, October 7th, 1897.

THE SETTLERS' COAL CLAIMS

Continuation of the Evidence Before the Commission in Session at Nanaimo.

Interesting Points Brought Out in the Examination by Commissioner Rothwell and Mr. Pooley.

Hartolo Corso, sworn—I reside at Boat Harbor, I don't know the district. I have the land contained in the deed dated 26th October, 1892, from the E. & N. Railway Company, conveying to Ole Hansen for \$154 section 12, range 4, and fraction of section 12 in range 5, in Cedar district, subject to the usual reservations. I bought the property from Mr. Hansen. I have got the deed that Mr. Hansen gave me. It is dated 5th December, 1892, conveying from Hansen to Corso, subject to usual conditions and limitations in the grant from the crown. I don't know myself what I claim. I am just claiming the same as the rest. I think the rest are after the coal, and I am after the coal, too. I know what I was paying for when I bought from Hansen. I paid for the land. I don't know what I was complaining about. I cannot make it out.

The commissioner explained that he was here to listen to the claims of parties and they ought to know what they want to complain about.

The witness resumed—I am claiming the same as the rest of the settlers. When I got my deed from Mr. Hansen I thought I was getting the same as the rest of the settlers. I did not read the deed. I can not read, and it was not read to me. When I bought the land the lawyer acted for me. I don't remember whether Mr. Simpson informed me that under the deed Mr. Hansen did not get the mineral rights under the land, and I would not get them, but when I bought from Hansen I expected to get the coal, because Hansen told me. I don't know how long Hansen had been on the property.

By Mr. Pooley—My own ideas told me to come and make a claim. Thus Swan told me that the commissioner was here, and he told me to come. I guess I was satisfied with my land.

By the Commissioner—I first believed that I had rights to the coal under my land when I heard other people talk about it five or six years ago. It was after I bought the land from Hansen. When I bought the land from Hansen I intended to buy everything and the coal. I never made any complaint. The way it was stated in the deed I don't think that I have the coal. I never went to the railway company to ask if I had the coal nor to anybody else. I don't know whether I have the coal or not.

O. C. McKenzie (witness in Corso case) sworn—I live at Gabriola Island. I know the property claimed by Mr. Corso. I received the deed from the E. & N. Railway Company. I paid for 154 acres. Mr. Simpson sent the money to Victoria. I got out a pre-emption record for the property in the fall of 1887. A man named Michael Manly had the property before me. I don't know when he went there, but it must have been ten years ago. There was a log cabin on it—very old—when I got the land. Only the cabin and some slating had been done but it had grown up again. When I pre-empted the land I expected to get all there was, top and bottom. When I got the deed I did not read it nor was it read to me. I always thought I had the top and bottom. I thought I had it when I sold to Mr. Corso. At the time of the transfer to Corso I was not there. I had heard some talk that I would not get the coal rights. I made no protest. No one came to me except the people talking about it that thought we would not get the coal unless there was a new government. I could not say when I took it up.

By Mr. Pooley—When I got it from Mr. Manly I did not get a pre-emption paper. I know he got one because he told me so and Mr. Bate told me a little before I pre-empted the property. I put the pre-emption on because Mr. Bate told me I could have it as it was left by Mr. Manly. I did not pay Manly a cent for the land and when I took out my pre-emption record in 1887, I think that I am entitled to all the minerals under it. Before I took it up Manly must have given it up. Mr. Bate told me that I could get it. Mr. Bate had a pre-emption record near mine—about 440 yards away from mine.

Joseph Hoskins, sworn—I reside in Nanaimo. I have lived here four or five years. Before that I resided in Vancouver city for about twelve months, and before that I resided on my land in Wellington district. My claim is to try to get the coal right of the land described in that deed, dated 10th December, 1888, from the E. & N. Railway Company for \$104, lot 21, Wellington district, V.I., containing 164 acres, more or less, subject to the usual reservations of that company. My son went on it in 1878 as well as I can remember. It was taken up by my son. It might have been a year before, but I can not say for certain. I came into the government office with him. I cannot say for certain. It might have been a year and a half or two years after that. I cannot say if it was three years after. Mr. Bray was the government agent. I cannot say what was said. He took a book and struck off my son's name and put in mine. It has been in my name ever since. I did not take out a pre-emption record from Mr. Bray. I got a notice from some one to apply for the land. I don't know if it was in the Free Press or not. I cannot say if I did go in and apply for a pre-emption record. I got a certificate of improvement. Geo. Vipond and Peter Brennan made declarations for me. I can't remember if I brought them into Mr. Bray. If I remember right it was before I got the certificate that I and my son went to Mr. Bray. At any rate I was on the land before that. It joins land that I suppose is Mr. Earl's now—then it used to belong to Mr. Harvey.

Mr. Danesmuir's son-in-law—but when it was first taken up it belonged to John Brennan. The signature of Edward Hoskins on the petition to the Marquis of Lorne, now shown me, is my son's name. The land referred to in the petition adjoins the Harvey land—only a stream of water runs between the land. I cannot remember if I knew that my son signed the petition. At the time my son went on the land I lived in Wellington town. I went from Wellington onto Mr. Harvey's ranch. That was the land adjoining this property. I could not say what year that was. I don't know how many years ago; I cannot say positively, but I think that I resided on Mr. Harvey's land in 1882. I paid for this land myself. I paid Mr. Shaw. At that time he was station-master for the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company. When I paid for the land I expected to get a deed of the surface and of the bottom, too. I mean a deed without reservation. I was on it for years before I heard anything about it being reserved for a railway. When I went to Mr. Bray with my son I cannot say what he said. I first learned that I would not get the coal and mineral right when I got the deed. When I paid Mr. Shaw for the land I don't remember that he said anything about the minerals being reserved. At any rate, the first time I heard of the minerals being reserved was when I got the deed. I did not say anything about it. I did not intercede. I made no protest to the company nor to the provincial government. I and others sent James Patterson to protest to the Dominion government. I have not protested since that. I claim to-day that I am entitled to the coal and minerals under the land mentioned in the deed.

By Mr. Pooley—My son became possessed of the land in 1878. I cannot say how many years ago it was that I went to Mr. Bray. I did not become possessed of it in 1878. It was my son. I don't know if it was two, or three, or four years before I went in to Mr. Bray. I never knew that the minerals were reserved under the land until I got my deed. I heard a great deal outside about the minerals being reserved, but that won't do. What you hear outside is no note at all. When I paid Mr. Shaw the money I did not ask him if I would get the minerals. I had heard talk for years. I can't remember if I took out a pre-emption record. If I had not I would never have got the deed. I cannot remember going to Mr. Bray's office in 1884. I remember going to Mr. Bray's office when he put my name in the book instead of my son's. I have never seen it since. I cannot remember anything that Mr. Bray said at that time.

By the Commissioner—I own the land now. I am not living on it. No one is living on it at present. No person has cultivated it for me during the last 12 months. When I got it from my son there was a large root house and a cabin 12x14. There might have been three acres cleared then and a lot of fencing done, and a bridge had been built across the stream between my land and Halvey's. My son worked sometimes at one thing and sometimes at another. No particular trade. He had worked in the mines before the first explosion, but not since. I think it was in 1879. He worked in the mine at the time of the explosion. When he took up the land he worked in the mine. I have worked in the mine myself. The railway company has never interfered with my land.

In the claim of C. Bowater, Mr. Pooley stated that he was instructed not to appear in this case.

C. C. McKenzie (witness in C. Bowater's case), sworn, stated—I am a real estate agent in the city of Nanaimo. I am acquainted with C. Bowater, who lives at Cedar district. I was engaged by him to transact some correspondence for him with the E. & N. Railway Company. I don't remember what land it was about, unless I see the correspondence. The correspondence produced in it. The land paid for is 83 acres of land for which he got a deed, and 28 acres for which he did not get a deed. I searched Mr. Bowater's pre-emption record. I had all the papers. I sent them down to the Victoria office. They are enumerated in my letter of August 28th, 1895—My letter to the E. & N. Railway Company. It was Poppewell's pre-emption record, purchased from the estate of Poppewell. He had taken the explosion of 1887. He had killed a certificate of improvement on January 12th, 1886, from Mr. Bray. The number was 72. After E. Poppewell's death, letters of administration were issued to his brother, Amos Poppewell, on 30th December, 1887. The court ordered the sale of the estate for \$100 on 17th February, 1888. The land was sold to Bowater on the 20th March, 1888. The pre-emption record taken up by B. Poppewell contained 36 acres more than was conveyed in the deed to Bowater. The government agent issued a record for 123 acres, which included the 88 acres in the deed. The 36 acres had been acres in the deed. In acting for Mr. Bowater I applied to the company for the whole 123 acres. I wrote the first letter for him and signed his own name to it, dated 11th March, 1892. Mr. Gore was at that time land commissioner for the E. & N. Railway Company—not the Mr. Gore of the provincial office. The correspondence that I hold in my hand explains fully for my acting for Mr. Bowater and for the E. & N. Railway Company. Mr. Gore admitted that Mr. Bowater was entitled to select another 28 acres.

By the Commissioner—I paid the money to Mr. Bray. All was done through Mr. Bray. I had no interview or correspondence with Mr. Bray besides. The railway company offered Mr. Bowater other land, provided he took up the balance of the section at \$3 an acre. That offer was made in Mr. Gore's letter to me, 23rd September, 1892. I offered to take it if we were allowed to pay \$30 and the balance in a year. The reason he did not get it was because he never paid the \$50. Before I wrote Mr. Gore that Bowater would take the 64 acres and mentioned the time to pay for it, I had Bowater's authority to write it. He understood he could buy the 64 acres because of the 36 acres he had pre-empted. Nothing more was done at that time, and when he was able to pay the \$50 Mr. Solly was the land commissioner, and he refused to carry it out.

C. Bowater, recalled—by the Commissioner—The railway company still has my money for 36 shares. I am sure the railway company received it. I paid it to Mr. Shaw. Mr. McKenzie told me that the company were willing to give me the land in lieu of 36 acres. I don't know what section it was in.

There were 100 acres in the block, and I could have 64 acres more than my 36 for \$3 an acre. I authorized Mr. McKenzie to buy that 100 acres. I remember the terms. I was to pay \$50 down. I authorized Mr. McKenzie to make the offer to the company for me. I did not pay the \$50. I hadn't got \$50 then. I next offered to pay the \$50 18 months or two years after. I never got the 100 acres. When I applied they sent me word back that they were going to reserve it.

Samuel Bennie, sworn—I reside at Cedar district at my home. I have resided there since 1881. My home is what I purchased from Mr. Young, of Department Bay—He is Mr. Dunesmuir's head clerk at the present time. In my opinion I have 25 acres under the plan and crown grant to Mr. Young. I bought the crown grant from Mr. Young and his improvements in 1881. I am not a college bred chap, but I have a little common sense. I first purchased the property in 1881, range IV, and section 4 and improvements. I bought it. I paid Mr. Young \$1,000 for it. That was 25 acres. It was slashed and ditched, and according to my estimation, had a lot of improvements on it when I bought it. I am a farmer. The 25 acres are all cleared and under fence. The 25 acres were not cleared when I bought it. I paid for it—there was no getting it. When I bought the 130 acres from Mr. Young I bought all the saws and axes and everything else, and there was over an acre cleared, ditched and slashed. I did not get out a pre-emption record to my knowledge for it. I went in to Mr. Bray to get the 25 acres, as I thought they belonged to me and paid my \$2. I had paid the \$2 to Mr. Bray to get a pre-emption record. The land belonged to me and I wanted all the rights that belong to a Queen's subject. I paid the \$2 to make myself secure so that no other person could get the land. Mr. Bray gave me nothing. No paper. That was in 1888 or 1884 to the best of my knowledge. I'm not giving my solemn word. I did not want a certificate of improvements from Mr. Bray, but I paid my taxes after that to the best of my knowledge. I paid Mr. Young for it, and afterwards paid Mr. Shaw, an agent of the E. & N. Railway, \$25. I paid Mr. Shaw the same time as I paid my taxes to make sure that I would be recompensed for my work and labor. I did not ask for a deed of the land when I paid for it. I paid Mr. Shaw to make myself secure so that no one else could jump in. When I paid the \$25 I expected to get the improvements that I had paid 100 cents on the dollar for to Mr. Young in 1881, and all that belonged to it. I told you formerly that I paid Mr. Young \$1,000 cash—not paper—cash. After I bought the land I moved on it to make it a home for the rest of my life, the same as my forefathers. I did not receive notice to pay the money. I understood Mr. Shaw was the man we had to pay it to according to public opinion. When I paid the \$25 I was paying for the right of Mr. Young, that he had wrought for, labored for, and paid money for. I have the land cleared and fenced and make part of my living off it to-day. I am claiming Mr. Young's right that I ought to have under the crown and seal of Queen Victoria. I am claiming the 25 acres for which I am my deed and I want a Crown grant for the land and all that belongs to it.

By Mr. Pooley—I bought the land from Mr. Young in 1881. I have the deed of what I bought from Mr. Young, but not here. I can find them in an hour. I am claiming on 25 acres under the plan and grant from Mr. Young. I bought his improvements and paid for them. I have the grant from the Dominion government for 100 acres, but under the plan the 25 acres is not included in the crown grant from British Columbia dated 15th of February, 1871, in favor of C. N. Young, for 61 acres of section 5, range III, Cedar district, also certificate of title issued on 15th of September, 1892, in favor of C. Bennie and S. Bennie, for sections four and five, range III. I claim the minerals under the 25 acres or less in the crown grant from Mr. Young. I have no improvements on the surface of the 25 acres, which I wrought for, and have that along with the improvements I bought from Mr. Young.

By the Commissioner—After paying \$25 to Mr. Shaw for the 25 acres he did not offer me a deed for it. I did not ask for a deed for the land. Hearing the talk about the deeds of the company, I did not want the deed nor the land unless I got what belonged to me. Two years ago I cannot hold a piece of land in Cedar district in the S. W. corner of section 4, range IV, Cedar district. Also certificate of purchase No. 61, issued by the Island Railway Company, signed by A. Shaw, dated 28th of November, 1888, in favor of S. Bennie, for land in Cedar district, at the price of \$25.

S. Bennie, resumed—Produced an acknowledgment dated Nanaimo, Dec. 31, 1881, for and in consideration of the sum of \$1,000, I, Charles N. Young, of Wellington, B. C., transfer to S. Bennie, of Nanaimo, B. C., all right, title and interest in a certain parcel of land containing 100 acres in Cedar district, owned by me, and I pledge myself to deliver up at the first opportunity all the deeds in connection with the same property.

(Signed) C. N. YOUNG, F. YOUNG, Witnesses, J. FRAME, D. DAVIS. Also a deed dated 21st of October, 1883, from C. Bennie and S. Bennie, of sections 4 and 5, range III, in Cedar district, with everything appertaining thereto, containing 100 acres, for \$1,000, subject to the original reservations in deeds from the crown. Also a certificate of pre-emption, signed by Mr. M. Bray, of the registrar of the district of Nanaimo, dated 4th of April, 1887, in favor of S. Bennie for about 25 acres of land. I did not want any deed, so that any company can turn me off the land at any moment. That's the kind of a deed that the company agree to give, according to the estimation of the public, and I consider that I am entitled to a deed of everything above or below that land under the heavens. I am entitled to it under the plan. When I went to Mr. Bray I thought that that land was in the 100 acres mentioned in the crown grant, and I was entitled to it. I did not know that the improvements were outside the 100 acres. I found that the improvements that Mr. Young made were on this 25 acres of land, but not till long afterward. When I went to Mr. Bray for information I found that I was on the wrong land. I

went on and improved it. It is for this 25 acres that I want a crown grant of everything above or below land. None of the improvements made by Mr. Young were on the 100 acres. The railway company has never interfered with me on the land.

A Prominent U. S. Physician Praises Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Dr. M. Barkman, Binghamton, N. Y., writes: "Sent me 12 dozen more of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. I prescribe large quantities of it. It is a great remedy for tetter, salt rheum, eczema, and all skin diseases, and also a cure for piles. Price, 35 cents a box." Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Little Elmer (who is a great reader) writes: "Professors 'Broadhead' and 'Wet' my son? Little Elmer—'Pa, do you suppose Enoch Arden waited till he was sure that his wife had married again before he came back?'—Judge."

Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. P. E. Graham, of Gaars Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war, and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure, and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." This medicine can also be depended upon for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take, and never fails to effect a cure. For sale by Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale druggists, Victoria and Vancouver.

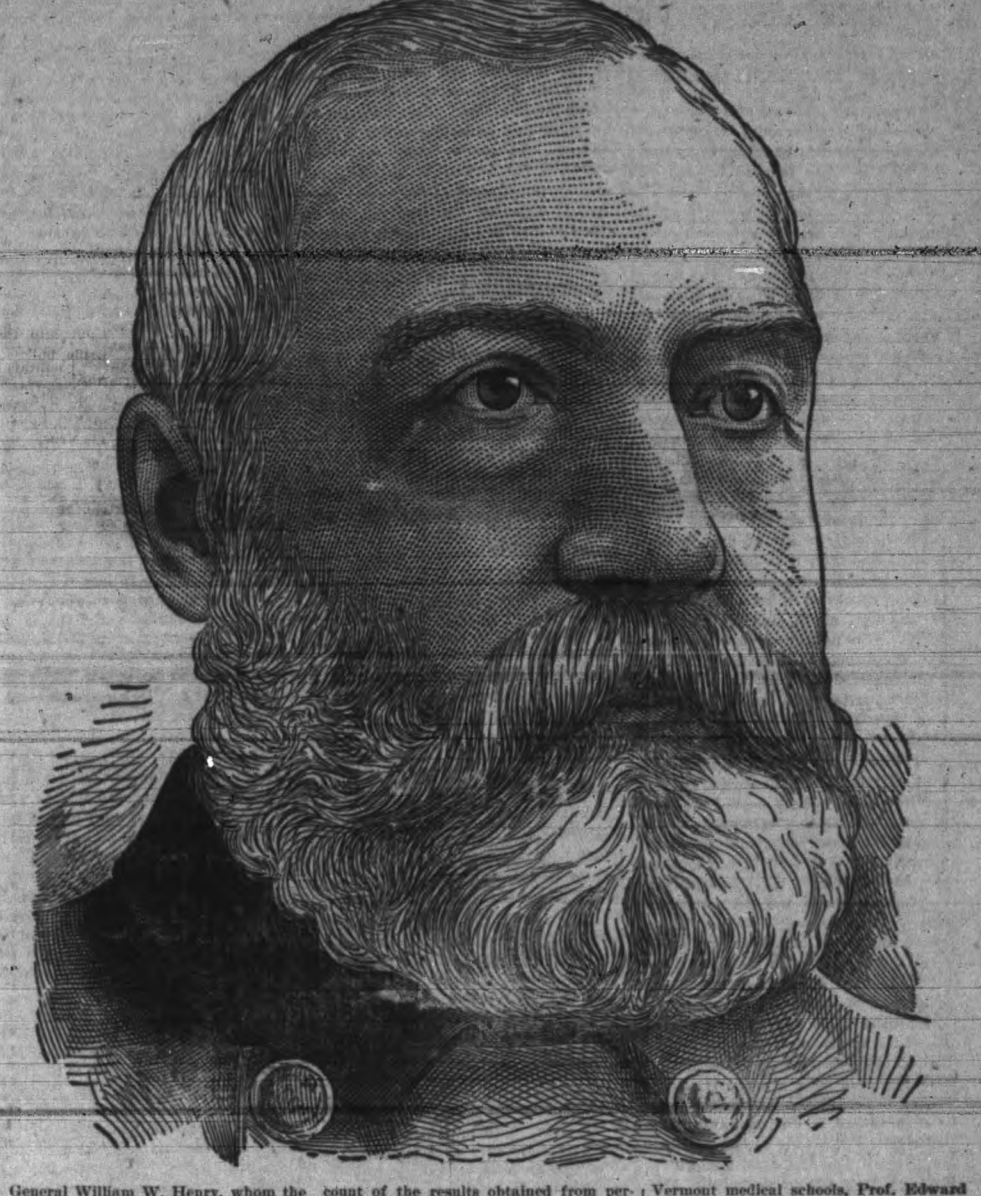
Ask your Grocer for particulars or Drop a postcard to Lever Bros., Limited, Toronto C. H. KING, Victoria, Agent for Sunlight Soap

WOULD YOU LIKE A Bicycle or a Gold Watch? 12 STEARNS BICYCLES AND 27 GOLD WATCHES ARE Given Away Every Month

SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS

Ask your Grocer for particulars or Drop a postcard to Lever Bros., Limited, Toronto C. H. KING, Victoria, Agent for Sunlight Soap

INDORSED BY GEN. HENRY. Newly Appointed Consul to Quebec City Recommends Paine's Celery Compound.



General William W. Henry, whom the president of the United States has appointed to be consul to Quebec, has been Grand Master of a Grand Lodge of Masons, is a member of the I.O.O.F. and G.A.R., having been the second to be elected department commander in his state of Vermont.

His war record was brilliant. Enlisting as a private, he was engaged in the first battle of Bull Run. He was promoted for bravery to first lieutenant, soon rose to be major, was promoted to a colonelcy, then became colonel, and in 1865 was brevetted brigadier-general for meritorious services during the war. He was wounded at the battles of Cold Harbor, Monocacy, and four times at the battle of Cedar Creek. He has been state senator from two different districts, was U. S. marshal for seven years, and mayor of Burlington for two terms.

Coming from such a man, such an endorsement as follows must be appreciated by anyone: Quebec, Sept. 7, 1897. To the Proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound:

It gives me great pleasure to indorse Paine's Celery Compound, both on account of the results obtained from personal use of the remedy and knowledge of the remarkable cures it has performed. I believe it has no equal in curing diseases of the nervous system and building up those who are weak and out of health. It has cured several friends of mine of rheumatism in its worst form, and I have no hesitancy in recommending it to all afflicted with that disease. Very truly yours, William W. Henry.

Desperate diseases, such as rheumatism, blood impurity, neuralgia or nervous debility, that bring down the strength of the whole body, can not be got rid of as one does a scratch or a sprain, by letting them cure themselves. Heart weakness, kidney disease, chronic headaches and enlarged liver and spleen are not self-terminating disorders. Like all the desperate diseases, they demand a thoughtful, scientific remedy. There never has been a remedy so thoroughly grounded in a knowledge of what the sick body needs in these diseases as Paine's Celery Compound. Paine's Celery Compound is the remarkable result of profound investigation and close medical study by that eminent professor of the Dartmouth and

Vermont medical schools, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D. It is the greatest nerve invigorator, blood purifier and regulator for the important organs of the body that has ever come to light. The languor, the nervousness and the pain in the region of the heart or the kidneys are cured by Paine's Celery Compound, because the origin of these disorders is easily traced to an impoverished condition of the nerves and a poor state of the blood. This great invigorator does nothing at haphazard. Its aim is to feed the exhausted nervous tissues as soundly and rapidly as is consistent with healthy digestion and assimilation, and step by step with this building-up process all over the body goes that other fully as vital work of driving off every trace of vicious humor and poisonous matter from the blood. In every case—and there are thousands of such cases throughout the country—where Paine's Celery Compound has cured rheumatism, nervous prostration, neuralgia or that very common "run down" condition—in every case recovery has been by this same building-up process, that omits no step in making the cure lasting—and for a lifetime.

X, who has not a reputation for scrupulous cleanliness, arrived the other day at the chateau of —, and some folks had the curiosity to examine his valise, where they observed the absence of hairbrush or toothbrush. "How is that?" said a guest to him. "You have not brought a toothbrush?" "Oh, no!" answered X. "But then I expected to stay only four days."—Le Figaro.

To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights in minerals—except coal and iron—and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after according to the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record can be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for surrendering Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to do so on or before the first payment on their Claims, on otherwise they will be deemed and treated as if they had.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO. NOTICE.

LEONARD B. HENLEY, Local Commissioner. Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

The Daily Times.

Published every day except Sunday, by the Times Printing & Publishing Co.

W. TEMPLEMAN, MANAGER.

Office 26 Broad Street
Telephone No. 45

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One month by mail or carrier..... \$1.00
One week by mail or carrier..... 25c
Twice-a-week Times, per annum..... \$1.50

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 11 o'clock a.m.; if received later than that hour, will be changed the following day.

All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor the Times."

THAT CLONDYKE TRADE.

Through the kindness of a British correspondent who enjoys exceptionally good opportunities of learning much as to what is going forward in both the newspaper and the commercial worlds there, we are informed that the special agents whom certain American cities have now selected for the purpose of keeping the names and the special advantages of those cities as outfitting places before the British public, are meeting with remarkable success. Our correspondent, while expressing surprise that the Canadian cities most directly interested in securing at least a share of the Clondyke outfitting trade, are doing nothing, refers admiringly to the bold, energetic and skilful tactics of the American agents. "They are all," he says, "most engaging and fluent talkers. While their American style is apt at first to repel a staid Britisher, it is impossible after a few moments to resist them; and it is really delightful to hear them lead up in the most adroit way to the main point." Our informant goes on to say that the propaganda of those gentlemen is not confined to public lectures, newspaper advertisements, handbills or posters, but ascends even to the lofty height of magazine and newspaper articles; wherein the claims of this or that town in the States are masterfully advocated. So cunningly worded are some of these articles that statements to the damage of Canadian rivals frequently appear. The American agents show all the indefatigable energy, the ingenuity, the resourcefulness and the enthusiasm for which the people of the United States are noted; and it cannot be denied that the campaign which they are carrying on so aggressively and so intelligently in the very territory, it might be said, the very camp and citadel, of the enemy, must result in a manner equally satisfactory to them and disastrous to their rivals. What the people of the British Columbia cities have to realize is the unpleasant fact that should they decide at last to accept the gage so defiantly thrown down to them by their commercial rivals they will not only have to strain every nerve to make the name and just claims of Victoria known throughout the length and breadth of the United Kingdom, but they will have to set to work systematically and laboriously to refute the false statements and correct the false impressions made by the American agents. Verily, while in British Columbia have been reaping; and, to lend variety to that pleasant and very useful agricultural duty, they have sown an abundance of tares among our wheat. The garnering of the wheat, when we wake up, if we ever do, will be a soft and easy task compared with the monstrous labor of eradicating those tares.

WELL DONE, WESTMINSTER.

If there is a town of the same size in Canada that can show a better record than New Westminster for whole some public spirit, genuine enterprise, resolute courage in face of adverse conditions and a more intelligent appreciation of its own advantages and resources we should like to hear it named. Once more has the Royal City demonstrated its talent for successful management of important undertakings. The annual agricultural show held at New Westminster this week has been, like all its predecessors, highly satisfactory to promoters, exhibitors and visitors alike. It is impossible to over-estimate the value of exhibitions such as that which closes at New Westminster today; more especially when they are conducted with so much skill and intelligence. Nobody in this province can be ignorant of the immense natural wealth of the Fraser valley, or can fail to recognize in some degree its illimitable possibilities. What it needs to make those resources known New Westminster is doing; nor can it be long before the fitting reward of its persistent exertions comes in the awakening of widespread interest in quarters where such awakening is likely to produce the greatest good. We heartily congratulate the Royal City upon what it has done and is doing in the cause of agricultural progress in the province. The Islanders who attended the Westminster exhibition must have been forcibly reminded of the splendid agricultural possibilities of Vancouver Island, which, with its genial climate, rich and fertile soil,

plentiful water supplies and excellent means of communication, offers to the farmer, the stock-breeder, the fruit-grower and the agricultural experimentalist a field surpassed by no other region in Canada. The day cannot be far distant when that consummation so devoutly to be wished by all of us, a population much more nearly commensurate with the supporting capacity of the island, shall find comfortable and happy homes here. We cannot doubt that such exhibitions as that upon which we have felicitated New Westminster help forward the realization of the idea just outlined.

LIBERALS IN CONVENTION.

The Liberal convention is an accomplished fact. Our dispatches show that one of the most successful political gatherings ever convened in British Columbia assembled yesterday in New Westminster. Representatives from all parts of the mainland and island met under the banner of Liberalism and enthusiastically acknowledged their adherence to the policy and leadership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. So far as the convention organized for Dominion politics and issues even Conservatives can have little to object to. The real point of interest to British Columbians is the resolution declaring opposition to the policy of the present provincial government, and that it is in the interest of Liberalism to support candidates holding that view. This resolution marks an advance in the policy of the party. It declares that Liberals, as a party, are opposed to the provincial government, and that the weight of their organized opposition would be found at the next election supporting candidates who are opposed to the government. This does not mean that all the elections shall be fought with Liberal candidates; that would be to ignore the excellent work done by the many Conservatives in the Opposition party. It means that the weight of the organized Liberal party shall be thrown against the party now in power, and that support shall be accorded to all candidates who undertake to oppose the Turner administration and who will support progressive measures.

THE POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE.

Field Marshal Lord Wolsley, commander-in-chief of the British army, has been giving utterance lately to statements which have caused profound interest, both in military and civil circles. Commanders-in-chief of the British army in the past have not been conspicuous for taking either the army or the public into their confidence, or for expressing their views upon matters concerning military policy. Hence, the published views of Lord Wolsley are all the more valuable and interesting that they are unique. Lord Wolsley's predecessor, the Duke of Cambridge, never in the whole course of his occupancy of the supreme post in the army, gave expression to any opinions about the army, either one way or the other. This reticence on the part of his grace has been warmly admired by those who are most intimately acquainted with the history of his regime, and who have enjoyed the advantage of contrasting that regime with the new order of things instituted by his successor two years ago. The latest "sensation" provided by Lord Wolsley for the delectation, or otherwise, of the British public and the British army, is his statement, emphatically expressed, too, that the presence of colors on the battlefields of the future will be impossible. He says:

"We have had most reluctantly to abandon a practice to which we attach great importance, and which, under past and gone conditions of fighting, was invaluable in keeping alive the regimental spirit upon which our British troops depend so much."

So, we may say farewell to "the pomp and circumstance of glorious war." No longer shall the soldier rally on the flag and find stimulation to fresh deeds of derring-do from looking upon its proud waving amid the battle smoke. The gay standards must be muffled up and put away forever, with all the romantic usage connected with them. The pretty spectacles of trooping the colors, hoisting the colors, and saluting the colors may still, of course, be carried on in the barrack square at headquarters, but in "war's magnificently stern array" they must not have any part. The reason for this is almost too obvious to require remark. The marvellous precision of modern weapons, the impossibility of fighting in masses; the imperative necessity of the widely extended, flexible line, and the enormous importance of "cover" have destroyed all the display part of military operations. And now that the colors have gone into the limbo of things antique and obsolete, the cold, critical gaze of the official eye is turned enquiringly, and with not too friendly a spirit, upon the gorgeous uniforms of some of the British regiments. The hostility of the war office officials to "the garb of Auld Gaul" is notorious; they have long striven to deplete the Highland regiments; and it is probably only the passionate protestations of Lord Archibald Campbell, the Marquis of Lorne and a few others among the Highland nobility, that have prevented the war office from putting "breaks" on John Highlandman long ago. But just as sure as anything can be, the thin end of the wedge having been inserted by the abolition of the beloved colors, the kilts, the feather bonnet and its distinguishing headdress, of the Highlanders; the brass helmet and the steel cutlass of the dragoons; the gay

dolman and the showy facings of the Hussars; the bearskin busbies and the towering shakos of the Guards and the Line, will have to go, and that before very long. Nay, we shall risk even a more shocking prophecy than that: it is our firm conviction that we are within measurable distance of the abolition of the red coat. Anyone who looks into the question of war; anyone who knows what a modern rifle or a modern field gun can be made to do by experts cannot fail to come very quickly, if sorrowfully, to the conclusion that every scrap of brilliant color must be suppressed on the battlefield, if our soldiers are to have any chance at all. Our struggles with the Boers have not been unfruitful in this respect. Despite the statements that have been plentifully distributed and copied respecting the inferiority of the Boers, contradicting the stories of their prowess with the rifle and their amazing cleverness in making use of any kind of "cover," the fact remains (we have had it personally from the mouths of men who fought and bled at Majuba Hill, at Laing's Nek and other fights, where every rifle bullet was meant to kill) that it is sheer madness to fight an army of marksmen such as the Boers are, who adopt the skirmishing line formation, with troops in mass, dressed in glaring colors and carrying steel weapons that slay every man who comes in their way. The Scriptural remark, "terrible as an army with banners," has no meaning nowadays; because an army with banners in these hard hitting days would only make a terrible fool of itself, and be put into the past tense as quickly as rifle-bullets could do it. Sentiment in military affairs has had its day. The warfare of the future will be a drab, unromantic thing, like a game of chess. "It is true," and we don't know altogether if "it's 'tis 'tis true."

Beauville's pushing young postmaster, Mr. Fairbrother, if all the evidence given against him be true, is a man who could change clothes with Kaiser-Wilhelm and be trusted to keep that young man's record free from flies and moss. Mr. Fairbrother read post cards habitually, but the evidence does not say what he remarked when he struck one written in shorthand or Greek and addressed to a man he didn't like.

Reformers who are howling for an eight-hours working day will learn with interest that Mr. Rudyard Kipling works ten hours every day; rewrites his work four or five times, and seldom leaves his desk before three in the morning. Mr. Kipling, to be sure, makes a little money by this sort of thing; and is not governed by strikes, unions or the like, and as long as the public majority considers him the man for their money, he will continue to write dialect stories and verses.

Interesting biographies of the late Barney Barnato and the late Colonel North have just been published. Colonel North attributed his success in life to his unflinching habit of punctuality. From the smallest to the greatest affairs in life he was always exactly on time. Barnato kept a note of every penny he spent from his early years. The satisfaction of knowing where his money went was the great stimulant for him. Yet there are men hanging around every club and every corner in the city who talk about luck and chance and other chimeras of that ilk.

A profound sensation has been caused in Eastern Canadian medical circles by the announcement that the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the province of Quebec, has passed a resolution declaring that all doctors acting as "lodge" or friendly and benevolent society physicians, shall be prohibited from practicing among the general public. The resolution says: "No physician shall be permitted to retain membership in this college or practice in this province who accepts such positions. The matter is on fire all over Quebec now, and the atmosphere is thick with quotations, citations, protestations, exasperations and condemnations. What the public want is information, and they can't get it.

The following is from the Province: "It is not pleasant to feel impelled to say that in connection with the customs house in Victoria, the aggressive and bullying tone adopted by one of the subordinate officials towards those who come under his jurisdiction has caused very general complaint among them. It is rumored that one of the clerks resigned on this account, preferring, as he puts it, to sacrifice his position rather than his self-respect; and it is said that others will follow his example if there is not a change in this regard. The offensive attitude of the official referred to towards the public has frequently been discussed in the city and the opinion has been generally expressed that he should either avoid trading on people's fears in the way he does, or be placed in some position where he will not have the opportunity of venting his ill humors on offending persons."

The Province has been misinformed. There is not a "subordinate official" in the Victoria customs house who can be fairly described as adopting an "aggressive and bullying tone" towards anyone. It is simply untrue to declare that any official's action there has caused any general complaint. We know most of the officials of the customs house, and we can say that they are as courteous and obliging as any set of officials we ever met.

ROSSLAND IN LINE.

Young Liberal Association Formed in the Magic City.

A meeting of the Young Liberals of Rossland was held in the Imperial block last evening. There was a good attendance. Alex. Miller being appointed chairman, with W. F. McNeil as secretary pro tem.

On motion it was decided to form an association to be known as the Young Men's Liberal Club of Rossland, to act as an auxiliary to the Liberal Association already in existence. Hewitt Bostock, M.P., was unanimously chosen honorary president, after which the meeting elected the following officers: President, W. Hart, McHarty; first vice-president, W. A. Blair; second vice-president, Alex. Miller; secretary-treasurer, E. J. Grant. Executive committee: J. M. Macrae, P. McE. Fyvie, J. S. Paterson, W. F. McNeil, A. M. Whitesides and J. H. Robinson.

The meeting adjourned until Monday, the 10th inst., at 8 p.m., in the Imperial block, when by-laws will be submitted and the work of organization fully completed.—Rossland Miner.

BOUGHT THE STEMWINDER.

A Valuable Fairview Property Acquired by Dier, Davidson & Russell.

Elmore Dier returned last evening from Fairview, where he has been employed for some time in the interests of Dier, Davidson & Russell, the mining engineers. Dier, during the term of the purchase by the Winchester Gold Mines Company of the celebrated Stemwinder claim, acknowledged to be one of the best free-mining propositions in the province to-day. The new purchase will be incorporated with the Winchester, and those who have already purchased those shares are to be congratulated, for only 150,000 shares of treasury stock will be disposed of now that the company has so materially increased the value of its holdings, and the price of shares is expected to advance immediately. A good deal of work has already been done on the Stemwinder, and its claim to be termed a mine in every sense of the word is unopposed by all who know anything of the property. Work will at once be vigorously pushed and a 20-stamp mill erected in a very short time. While the exact figure paid for the Stemwinder is not stated, it is understood that the price was a very high one. The Winchester is showing up remarkably well.

Mr. Dier says that everything is booming at Fairview, it being by all odds the liveliest mining camp in British Columbia to-day. Buildings are going up in all directions and population is pouring in very rapidly. Three saw-mills are running at full capacity.

At the Tin Horn everything is running smoothly. The new stamp mill is about completed and will start running about the 15th inst.

The large hotel being erected by Dier, Davidson & Russell and their new office buildings will shortly be ready for occupancy. The work of putting in the water system has been finished.

Pure, rich blood feeds the nerves. That is why Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures nervousness.

DEATH OF MR. ERB.

Well Known Victoria Business Man Passes Away Last Night.

The death occurred last night of Ludwig Emil Erb, vice-president of the Victoria-Phoenix Brewing Company, and one of the pioneer and most enterprising business men of the province. Mr. Erb had been ailing for several years, and a short time ago his medical advisers gave him but a few months to live. The deceased was born in Fulda, Prussia, where he resided until he was sixteen years of age, when he went to Bavaria. While in Munich he studied the theory of brewing at Liebig's College, and afterwards obtained a practical knowledge of the business in breweries in Bavaria, Austria and Hungary. He then went to Warsaw, where he had charge of a large brewing establishment for several years. From Warsaw he went to Constantinople to take charge of a business there, and from Constantinople he moved to Bucharest, Roumania, where he conducted a brewing establishment for two years. In 1885 he came to America, and for a year had charge of one of the largest breweries in New York. He then came west to San Francisco, where, after a few years' residence, he moved to British Columbia. He was in Lillooet when the Big Bend excitement broke out, and he started a brewery in Seymour City, at the head of Shuswap lake. When the Big Bend excitement failed, Mr. Erb went to Cariboo, where he took charge of the principal brewery in Barkerville, where he remained till the Mesquite creek excitement broke out, when he established a brewery there and conducted it till the mines were worked out. In the spring of 1876 he came to Victoria, and with his surviving partner, Mr. Joseph Loewin, succeeded the then well-known brewing firm of Vogel, Loerts & Himmen in the Victoria brewery, which in 1879 was taken over by the Victoria-Phoenix Brewing Company, in which Mr. Erb held a very large interest.

Mr. Erb had a large circle of friends, among whom he was very popular, being greatly appreciated for his liberality and fair dealings in all matters. He was a member of several societies. A widow, two daughters, Mrs. Joseph Wilson and Miss Erb, and two sons, who survive him, have the sympathy of the whole community in their bereavement. The deceased was 62 years of age.

The funeral will take place on Monday at 2:30 from the family residence, 268 Douglas street, and at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at 3.



THE DEAR LITTLE CHAPS—they feel "just lovely" after a bath with **BABY'S OWN SOAP**. No substitute will give their skin the exquisite softness, and freshness, and sweetness as this king of nursery soaps.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Manufacturers,
Montreal.

CAUTION: Baby's Own Soap will soon show the difference between it and many of its dangerous imitations.

A MICROBE'S WORK.

A microbe is about the smallest thing one meets in a day's journey, but it can do more harm for its size than anything known. Bolls, pimples, etc. are simply microbes in the skin which cause irritating blood disorders, if not stopped at once; and it is they that prevent wounds healing also. "Quickcure" kills the microbe immediately after application, and any sore heals rapidly where "Quickcure" is used.

Games

and Sports can be entered into with greater enjoyment when **ADAMS TUTTI FRUTTI** is used. It always thirsts and gives staying power.

Some dealers try to palm off imitations to obtain a big profit. See that the trade mark name.

Tutti Frutti

is on each 5c. package. Save coupons for latest books and prizes.



Naval Contracts.

Tenders will be received here, on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, until noon of Monday, the 25th Oct., 1897, for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, vegetables, soft bread and fresh water as may be required by H.M. ships lying at Vancouver; also for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, vegetable and soft bread as may be required by H.M. ships lying at Comox for twelve months certain from the 1st November, 1897.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Form of tender can be obtained at this office.

W. H. LOBB,
Naval Storekeeper,
Esquimalt Yard,
October 6th, 1897.

Drink the Best.

UNION LAGER BEER

Private Trade Specialty Catered For.

Depot, Victoria Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

TELEPHONE NO. 44.
P.O. BOX 215, VICTORIA.

GEO. B. HARRISON,
VICTORIA AGENT.

A. SHERET,

Plumber,

Gas and Hot Water Fitter.

102 FORT ST.
COR. BLANCHARD.

NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE.

FORT ST.

W. JONES,

Auctioneer.

Salerooms 133 Government St.
Open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Auction sales held at salerooms every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 o'clock. Auction sales arranged for and conducted at your residence on the shortest notice. Best prices obtained. Furniture bought for cash. Agent for steam tug "Lettie."

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

P. J. DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

81 Johnson St., Victoria.

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY.

Monday Evening, October 11.

First appearance here of the famous Comedian.

M. B. CURTIS

Supported by his metropolitan company presenting his original creation of

Sam'l of Posen

A DRUMMER UP TO DATE.

as played by him over 5,000 times. A comedy that has made a million!

Box, 50c., 75c., and 95c. Seats on sale at Jamieson's.

A. O. U. W. HALL.

COMING OCTOBER 11

For an indefinite period.

The Kickapoos

WITH THEIR COMPANY OF ARTISTS,
Giving a first-class and refined

VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT

Free to adults Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.
Wednesdays and Saturdays admission 10 cents. Children 50 cents each night.
Special Matinee every Saturday at 2:30 p.m.
Reserved seats every entertainment for ladies and their escorts without extra charge.

THE 30th ANNUAL EXHIBITION

—OF—
The Saanich Agricultural Society

Will be held in the Agricultural Grounds, South Saanich, on

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14 and 15.

First Day—Judging of Stock.
Second Day—Horse Show, grand ball in the evening. Tickets for ball \$1.
Special trains will leave Hillside Avenue for Saanich.

E. S. WILSON, President.
H. C. GIBB, Hon. Secretary.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE BUTYERIES AND CUSTARD MANUFACTURERS.

Miners' Outfits

A SPECIALTY.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Our Ladies' Toothbrush

SUITS PARTICULAR LADIES.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,

100 Government Street, Near Yates Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Moulders' tools at 80 Douglas st. 15 cent tea kettles, 15 cent dish pans and other cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

The "Badminton," late Major House, Vancouver, under management of H. R. Stratton.

There being no quorum present last evening the meeting of the Jubilee Hospital board was adjourned until this evening.

The Ladies' Auxiliary under distinguished patronage, will be held at the Assembly Hall Wednesday, Oct. 27th.

We are going to have a hot time—hot time—at the old shop-to-day. Jackets, waterproofs, newest styles, lowest prices, at Partridge's 80 Yates st.

SCHLITZ, the beer that made Milwaukee famous, on draught, 5c per glass, at the Bank Exchange, the coolest, cleanest, coolest and cheapest restaurant in the city.

The Kamloops Copper Company is about to be incorporated to work the Golden Star mine, in which Messrs. B. Wehrhritz and A. T. Monteith are interested. The capital stock will be \$60,000 in ten-cent shares.

After giving the four boys in whose possession were found articles taken from a stolen valise, a severe lecture, Magistrate Macrae yesterday discharged them from custody, a few hours in the lock-up having made them quite penitent. The eldest boy was only 12 years of age, the others being under ten. Playing truant from school first led them into trouble.

Autumn Race Meeting at the Victoria Driving Park, October 16 and 17.

Colquitz Hall was attractively arrayed yesterday evening when the harvest thanksgiving services were held, grains, fruits and flowers being seen on all sides. A musical service which the congregation had prepared for the occasion was presented, and a sermon was delivered by Rev. J. B. Haslam, who was assisted at the services by Rev. Mr. Flinton.

Do not fail to see the grand stereopticon exhibition next Monday evening in Institute Hall, when Miss Helen Kelleher, the well known elocutionist, will give a bright and racy description of about 200 magnificently colored photographic views of the scenic wonders of semi-tropic California. These pictures will be projected on a screen, twenty feet square by the largest and most powerful dissolving view limelight stereopticon on the Pacific coast.

At the meeting of the Teachers' Institute held yesterday afternoon at South Park school an able paper was read by Mr. Butchart on "Composition." A discussion followed, in which Messrs. McNeil, Clayton and Campbell and Misses Cameron and Watson took part. The remainder of the session was occupied in replying to questions submitted through the "question drawer." The next meeting will be held in the Girls' Central School.

Rev. W. D. Barber officiated at the funeral of the late Capt. T. A. Elden, which took place yesterday. The chief mourners were Mrs. Elden, Mr. A. Martin, and Mrs. Anderson, while those who acted as pallbearers were Messrs. F. G. Heal, Clifford Little, J. Holmes, Robert Ridland, David Stevens and W. Trickey. A large number of sympathizing friends attended the funeral, including many of the neighbors of the deceased from the Saanich district. The late Capt. Elden was a native of Kent, Eng. He entered the merchant marine service at an early age and from an apprentice soon rose to the rank of captain. He commanded several merchant vessels, amongst which were the Hereford, the Dartmouth and the Zamora. In 1880 he forsook sea-faring life and came to Manitoba, where he engaged in farming. In 1892 he came to British Columbia, and since then he has been engaged in farming near Prospect lake. He leaves a widow and son and daughter to mourn his loss. The daughter is at Belmont, Manitoba, and the son amongst the argonautic host at Skegway.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR. PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

LIPTON'S TEAS for sale at Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

The most popular sauce in the world—Yorkshire Relish.

Oysters in any quantity—Eastern and natives—at the New England Restaurant.

Jackets, capes and walking hats in the newest shapes and colors at The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

The police yesterday found a horse, hitched to a cart, wandering around Victoria West. They are looking for an owner.

Another large consignment of jackets (ladies' and children's) just received. Call and inspect. Opening on Thursday. The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

We are going to have a hot time—hot time—at the old shop to-day. Dollar bill buys 14 yards flannelette at Partridge's, Lansdowne House, 80 Yates street.

An open meeting will be held at the Y.M.C.A. to-morrow afternoon, instead of the usual men's rally. The service will be conducted by the Rev. Canon Beauland, assisted by the members of his choir.

Tom, a West Coast Indian, was this morning fined \$25 for having a bottle of whiskey in his possession. Joe Grant, charged with supplying the liquor, was remanded until Monday.

At the concert to be given on Wednesday next at the South Park school in aid of the football and library funds of that school Mayor Reffern will take the chair. Many of the leading vocalists and musicians of the city will contribute to the programme.

All the Montana racing cranks will be here for the Autumn Meeting on the 15th and 16th.

The peerless Corinne and her famous opera company in the great New York Casino success, "An American Beauty," will be the attraction at the Victoria theatre on Thursday evening next. The engagement will be the event of the season in the operatic line, as this lyric novelty is unquestionably one of the most fascinating and sumptuous productions of the day.

The Full Court this morning gave judgment in re the winding up of the Atlas Canning Company. Some time ago the chief justice made an order for the winding up of the company. The company appealed on the ground that the petition was not in order. The Full Court set aside the winding up order. Mr. Justice Drake delivering judgment and Justice McCraith and McColl concurring. Mr. L. G. McPhillips, Q.C., for appellants and Mr. L. P. Duff for respondents. Judgment will be delivered on Tuesday in C.P.R. vs. Parke, et al., and in Stevens vs. South Vancouver.

Alfred Elliott, one of the colored swells of the lower Chatham street precinct, yesterday made two rounds of the neighboring saloons, and as a consequence went to sleep in an alleyway. When he awoke he found that \$50, a gold watch and a silver watch, (the always were two watches) had been extracted from his pockets, and to add insult to injury, he had been stripped of both his overcoat and his undercoat. He had Tiny Cole, who lives in the alleyway where he went to sleep, arrested on the charge of "stealing" him, but there was no evidence to support the charge, and the magistrate this morning dismissed it, with a warning to Elliott to keep sober when he gets another outfit, for he will have to get another, as at present he is hiding his nakedness with a long mackintosh.

At the second annual meeting of the Congregational church the congregation selected the following officers to act for them during the ensuing year: Deacons—Dr. Lewis Hall, David Sprague, John Oliver and William Scowcroft; trustees—George Carter, Alfred Howell and Samuel Arthur; secretary, William Scowcroft; treasurer, J. W. Fleming; superintendent of Sunday-school, David Sprague; membership committee—the deacons, pastor, and Mrs. Scowcroft and Mrs. Arthur; finance committee—Messrs. Fullerton, Fleming, Scowcroft, Howell, Higginbottom, Coates and Bleck; auditors—Messrs. Hall, Talbot and Scowcroft; music committee—Miss Arthur, Messrs. Sprague and Scowcroft and the pastor; reception committee—Messrs. Herbert, Arthur and A. E. Talbot. The reports from the different departments were all satisfactory, the financial statement showing a balance of \$50 in the hands of the treasurer and during the year a building fund was instituted and already \$100 has been subscribed to this fund.

The character of Sam'l of Posen in the comedy of that name, which M. B. Curtis and his dramatic organization will present in this city next Monday evening at the Victoria Theatre, is that of a young Hebrew drummer. The character is not a barbaque one, as has heretofore been portrayed upon the stage when Hebrews were personated, but is presented in a legitimate way. Sam'l of Posen is a magnificent type of the bustling, shrewd, sympathetic "commercial tourist," who is ever eager to sell a bill of goods, tell a good story and catch the next train. This particular drummer starts out in life as a street peddler and as a boy that he may support his aged mother, sells suspenders, jack-knives, handkerchiefs, and in fact, anything that can be disposed of at a fair profit. By exceptional industry and limitless perseverance he finally becomes the head of a big mercantile house. Miss Albena DeMer will be seen as Miss Celeste, a role that she originally created. C. L. Shavers, Miss Eynline Barr, Lovette Rockwell, E. A. Davis, Frank Daniels, Ben Coster and other well-known actresses and actors, belong to Mr. Curtis' supporting company.

A splendid stock of sporting goods just received direct from the best factories in England and the United States, comprising shot guns, rifles, shooting coats, etc., at Henry Stone & Son's, Gun-makers, 72 Douglas street.

Crossley's carpets, in all grades at Weber Bros'. We have just opened up another line of new goods.

FOR THAT COUGH TRY LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE. JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist, 117 W. cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

An important meeting of the W.C. T.U. will be held on Monday evening at the city hall.

The funeral of the late Thomas Kennedy, the young engineer who died at New Westminster on Thursday last, will take place to-morrow afternoon from Hanna's undertaking parlors.

News has been received from Parkville, about twenty-five miles from Nanaimo, telling of the death of John Hirst, who died from the effects of a dose of carbolic acid. Deceased was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Hirst, of Nanaimo, and 35 years of age.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Cullin will take place to-morrow afternoon from her late residence, 114 Superior street and later from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The members of Court Vancouver, A.O.F., of which lodge Mr. C. L. Cullin is a member, will attend the funeral.

Instead of Perseverance No. 1, I.O. O.F., holding a regular meeting in the Pandora street Temperance Hall on Tuesday evening next, they will hold an open lodge, to which they invite all their friends. Rev. P. C. L. Harris will address the meeting. A good programme of music and recitations will be provided.

Crowded houses greeted the opening exhibitions of the Lumiere Cinematographs in the New York block, on Yates street, yesterday afternoon and evening. The entertainments given are truly marvellous, comprising pictorial scenes from all parts of the world, full life size, and all in motion, exactly as in life. No exhibition of its character nearly so meritorious has heretofore been seen in Victoria. The performances are continuous during the hours of 1 to 5:30, and 7 to 10 p.m. The price of admission is 10 cents, and the management miss the truth little, if any, in claiming their show to be "the biggest 10 cents' worth on earth."

News has been received from San Francisco of the death of Judge H. M. Ball, who for nearly half a century took an active part in the affairs of the mining districts of the province. Mr. Ball came to British Columbia from Australia, where he had been in the imperial service as a captain. In 1850 Governor Douglas appointed him stipendiary magistrate and justice of the peace at Lytton, and as such he, in 1853, sat as a member of the first legislative council of the colony of British Columbia. He took a prominent part in settling what was called the Grouse creek war, but which was simply a dispute between the Canadian Company and the Grouse Creek Flume Company. The deceased was in 1872 appointed gold commissioner for Cariboo, his long experience among the miners particularly fitting him for that position. Mr. Ball, who was a native of England, was 72 years of age at the time of his death. He had resided in San Francisco for some years, drawing from the Dominion government a pension, as do all the old colonial officials.

A.O.U.W. Hall was well filled yesterday evening when Rev. J. C. Speer delivered his lecture on "Crawlers, Clutchers and Climbers," and as a result of the good attendance the funds of the Sunday-school of the Metropolitan church will take up more space than they did before the lecture was delivered. The opinion of the average man or woman is that lectures are as a rule dry, but if that opinion be correct, the lecture given by Rev. Mr. Speer must have been an exception, for it was most interesting, and the humorous anecdotes which were sandwiched in at intervals provoked many a laugh. The text of the lecture was first applied to the lower animals, showing the "crawlers, clutchers and climbers" of the animal kingdom; then it was applied to the character of the human race, and the "crawlers, clutchers and climbers" among men were dealt with at length. The sneaky, mean men were referred to as the crawlers; then they who used others for their advancement as the clutchers; the success being the honest men who won success by their own efforts. At the close of the lecture a vote of thanks to the lecturer was moved by Rev. A. B. Winchester and seconded by Dr. Lewis Hall. Rev. W. L. Clay occupied the chair.

AN ALARMING CONDITION Of a Gananogue Resident—Flesh Fall Off from 214 to 143—Abandoned by Physicians—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Saved His Life.

Four years ago Jacob Dewitta, of Hay Island, near Gananogue, was dragged almost to the verge of death by dreadful heart disease. Remembered faintly, physicians failed. He was given up to die. From rigorous manhood he had gone to a broken, dependent wreck. He procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, used it faithfully, and to-day he weighs 218 pounds, and lives to bless the day the great remedy was recommended to him. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Trunk braces will disappear like snow before a Chinook breeze when the Oregon, Washington and Montana cranks meet next Friday and Saturday at the Driving Park.

We are going to have a hot time—hot time—at the old shop to-day. Millinery—twenty-five per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city—Partridge, Lansdowne House, 80 Yates street.

Macintoshes. Wet weather will soon be here. You'll need a macintosh coat. We have a bargain. Blue or brown melton, check-lined, seams sewn and then taped on the inside; 27 in. buttoned cape; fast color, thoroughly reliable and guaranteed waterproof; as good a coat as you'll want to wear. \$10.00

Cameron (The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

MIOWERA ARRIVES Many Australian and New Zealand Miners EnRoute to the Clondyke. Hundreds More Will Follow Them in the Spring—The Salmon Ships.

The steamer Miowera of the Canadian-Australian line arrived at the outer wharf about 6:30 this morning from Sydney, Australia, via Wellington, New Zealand, Suva, and Honolulu. The Miowera left Sydney on September 13th and arrived at Wellington on the 18th, five days later. She experienced very heavy weather between these two ports, and when leaving the New Zealand port a heavy storm was encountered, but luckily no danger was sustained by the big liner. Wellington was left on the evening of the same day that the liner arrived, and at 8 o'clock next morning Suva was reached. After a stay of five hours here, the Miowera proceeded to Honolulu, arriving there on October 1st. Honolulu was left on the same evening, and after a pleasant run, the steamer arrived here this morning. After leaving Wellington fine weather was experienced during the remainder of the voyage. She brought about sixty saloon passengers and 120 second-class. Her second-class accommodation was all taken up, and many passengers were refused passage at Wellington on account of the lack of accommodation. The majority of the second-class passengers are bound to the Clondyke gold fields. But few of them left the steamer here, the greater number going on to Vancouver. These prospective miners are but the advance party of many hundreds who will take passage to this province in the spring en route to the gold lands. Old miners are rushing to Sydney and Wellington from the Kalgoolie, Coolgardie and other mining districts of Australia and New Zealand, and hundreds of these will soon make their way northward. The excitement over the rich Canadian gold lands is still unabated, and every line that is published concerning them is read with interest. The Miowera had but little freight for Victoria—50 bunches of oranges and a small amount of general merchandise.

This evening the British ship Iolanthe, Capt. Chamberlain, will proceed to Sturgeon in tow of the tug Lorne to commence loading her salmon cargo. The Swedish ship Lady Lisa, Capt. Svensen, will also leave for that port this evening. She will be towed up by the Clew, The Lady Lisa has already taken on a large number of cases of salmon while lying at the outer wharf. The German ship Kehreweider has completed her cargo, and she will sail about the beginning of next week.

The steamer Maude returned this morning from Union, to which port she took a cargo of hay from the Fraser. She brought down a full cargo of coal for the C.P.R. Company on her return voyage.

The first class buoy, No. 6, painted red, marking the foul ground off Point Wilson, has been drifted from its mooring and has been towed into Port Townsend. The buoy will be replaced in its position as soon as possible.

The steamer Farallon will sail from the outer wharf to-morrow morning for Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea. She will carry a number of passengers and a fair amount of freight northward.

FADS IN MEDICINE. There are fads in medicines as in everything else, and a "new thing" frequently sells for a short time simply because it is new. But in medicine, as in nothing else, the people demand, and will be satisfied only with positive, absolute merit. The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has stood its ground against all competition, and its sales have never wavered, and have remained steadily at the top, demonstrates, beyond any doubt, the intrinsic virtues of this medicine. The new things have come and gone, but Hood's Sarsaparilla rests upon the solid foundation of absolute merit and its power to cure, and its sales continue to be the largest in the world.

A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of la grippe, and recognizing it as dangerous, he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations included therein, we concluded to make a first trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic, and the result was a permanent and speedy cure. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent Cough Remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.—The Banner of Liberty, Libertytown, Maryland. For sale by Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale druggists, Victoria and Vancouver.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

EVERY PAIR A NUGGET. OUR STRICTLY UP-TO-DATE, RELIABLE, POPULAR PRICED SHOES. MOCCASINS, RUBBER SHEETS, ETC. A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

SALMON ARE RUNNING. FINE TROLLING OFF BROTHIE LEDGE AND THEREABOUTS. GET YOUR SPOONS AND LINES AT 78 GOVERNMENT STREET. FOX'S. N.B.—Any style and fitting you wish kept on hand.

Our Stock of Fall and Winter Goods is Now Complete. FULL LINES OF Tweeds, Nobby-Overcoatings, Fashionable Trouserings, Serges and Worsteds. Newest Patterns and Weaves. A. GREGG & SON, Tailors, Yates Street.

SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY THE SOLE AGENTS ARE R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Wharf St.

SUNDAY SERVICES. Emanuel Baptist church, Rev. O. Kendall, pastor—Services morning and evening, the pastor preaching. Morning subject, "Despondency in Christian Conflict; its Cause, Effects and Cure." Evening subject, "And It Was Right." B.Y.P.U. Monday evening a devotional meeting.

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—Sabbath services: 11 a.m., Rev. M. McKenzie, missionary, from Honan, China; 7 p.m., Rev. Dr. Wardrop, of Guelph, Ont.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, pastor—Rev. Dr. Wardrop, Guelph, Ont., ex-moderator of the general assembly, will preach at 11 a.m., and the Rev. Mr. McKenzie, who is returning to the mission field to Honan, China, after a furlough spent in Canada and Scotland, will preach at 7 p.m.

Congregationalists hold their second anniversary services in Temperance Hall, Pandora avenue. The pastor, Rev. P. C. L. Harris, will preach at both services, the morning text being Psalm 127.1, and the subject for the evening discourse, "Help From the Hills." Besides the special hymns, the anthems will be as follows: A.M., "I Need Thee, Precious Jesus," W. H. Pontius; P.M., "My Redeemer Liveth." Theo. H. Northrup: "God is My Salvation," A. Bierly. An open session of the Sunday school will be held at 2:30 p.m., at which short addresses will be delivered. Y.P.S.C.E. meets immediately at the close of the evening service.

Baptist Mission, Burdick Road—Service at 7 o'clock. Mr. A. Huggert will preach. Subject, "The Penalty of Sin."

Calvary Baptist Church—Rev. Ralph W. Trotter, pastor. Services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. to-morrow, and Sunday-school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Rev. A. B. Winchester will preach at the evening service. The usual services will be held during the week.

Metropolitan Methodist Church—Rev. J. C. Speer, pastor. 11 a.m., Rev. G. G. Swinerton will preach. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. 7 p.m., the pastor will preach. Subject, "Pictures of Christ," second sermon in the series.

Theological Society, 28 Broad street. William Building—Public lecture at 8:15 p.m., subject, "Impersonality of the Christ."

A LIFE PRESERVER Dick's Boots and Shoes. THOROUGHLY WATERPROOF. THEREBY PREVENTING SICKNESS THROUGH DAMP FEET. The Only Address, 91 Johnson Street.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE PRICE OF CLOCKS AND WATCHES HAVING BEEN ADVANCED 25 PER CENT., NO ADVANCE WILL BE MADE BY US ON FORMER PRICES UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. S. A. STODDART, DIRECT IMPORTERS, 68 YATES ST.

TO LET. 6 roomed house, Randall street, \$5. 5 roomed house, Zandee street, \$5. 6 roomed house, Pandora street, \$5. 7 roomed house, Oak Bay avenue, \$5. 7 roomed cottage, Jubilee avenue, \$12.50. 5 roomed house, 1/2 acre land, Oak Bay avenue, \$12.50. 10 roomed house, Pandora street, \$15. 6 roomed house, Oak Bay avenue, \$15. 6 roomed house, Chatham street, \$10. 9 roomed house and stable, Victoria West, \$15. 4 roomed house, Dallas Road. 11 roomed house, Guelph Road, \$15. 8 roomed furnished house, Guelph street, \$22. And houses in all parts of Victoria. Beaumont Boggs & Co., 28 BROAD STREET.

THEY WERE QUITS.

How the Humane Act of a Common Soldier was Rewarded.

An Austrian ship was conveying soldiers to Mexico and was in the Adriatic when the cook, in a fit of delirium...

On arriving in Mexico, the cook to which the doctor belonged was ordered to Yucatan, then a perfect hotbed of deadly disease.

It was a terrible predicament. To remain where they were was certain death. The commander decided upon striking camp before sunrise, hoping to come upon water during the day.

As soon as the men were out of sight of the encampment, the ex-cook handed his flask to the doctor and said: "Take a draught, sir; it will give you strength."

"How did you come by this?" demanded the doctor, sternly. "For water had been doled out to the command by the teaspoonful."

Martin stammered, pretending that he had not felt the want, and so had saved his allowance; but the truth soon came out. The noble fellow had endured all the agony of thirst to save his share of water for the man to whom he owed his life.

"I accept only on condition that we share it," said the doctor; and grasping his companion's hand, he added: "We are quits! Any one can take a header and help a fellow-creature out of the water, but what you have done not one in a million would attempt."

Water was ultimately found by the two devoted men, and a supply brought to the perishing encampment. It is pleasant to record that in due time Martin received a commission as lieutenant.

PECULIAR AND PERTINENT.

It is expected in Tokio that Japan's budget next year will show a deficit of 25,000,000 silver dollars.

In St. Louis there is enough vacant and unused land to make a strip 125 feet wide and nearly 900 miles long.

The number of young fishes transferred last year from the hatcheries to the waters of Wisconsin was 7,000,000.

A telegraph and telephone line between Chicago and Milwaukee is owned by the patrons, who pay 5 cents for each message.

Denmark has labor unions comprising 88,000 members. The Swedish unions have a membership of 7,000, the Norwegian of 12,000 laboring men.

The King of Corea has sent 30 young men to Russia to learn the language of that country. On their return they are to be employed as officials.

Pitcairn island now contains 120 inhabitants, the descendants of the well known English mutineers and Tahitian women. Only 40 of the inhabitants are men.

A Kansas City young man of American parentage, whose Christian name was Moses, has had it changed to Moke, which may or may not be an improvement.

It is impossible for the makers of imitation and adulterated package dyes to put up colors for home dyeing work that can give any degree of satisfaction to the public.

Scientific men of the highest attainments in the chemistry of colors give the benefit of their knowledge and researches for the preparation of Diamond Dyes and the protection of those who use them.

Common dyes are gross frauds and are sold by dealers for the sake of extra profit. Diamond Dyes, though they cost vastly more to prepare, are made to give satisfaction to millions by their perfect qualities.

Beware of the dealer who says his crude dyes are equal to the wonderful Diamond Dyes. Goods colored with Diamond Dyes are fast to soap, water and sun; of no other dyes is this true.

For cases of nervousness, depression, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, try Carter's Little Pills. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in the market.

SCIENCE AND SKILL

Devoted to The Preparation Of Diamond Dyes.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

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"77" COLDS

A Fall Cold needs attention, or it may "hang on" all Winter long. If "77" is taken in time it will surely "break up" a Cold in twenty-four hours.

No. 10 for Dyspepsia

Indigestion, Weak Stomach. Dr. Humphrey's Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

Icebergs sometimes last 200 years before they entirely melt away. More than 90 per cent. of the railway passengers of England travel third class.

Paving blocks made of meadow grass are now manufactured. Their inventor was a clergyman, and the meadow grass impregnated with oil, tar and resin, is pressed into blocks and finally bound with iron straps.

It has been calculated that a fluent speaker utters between 7,000 and 7,500 words in the course of an hour's uninterrupted speech. That means about 125 words a minute.

The daily income of the Czar of Russia is \$25,000; of the Sultan of Turkey, \$18,000; of the Emperor of Austria, \$10,000; of the German Emperor, \$8,000; of the King of Italy, \$6,500; Queen Victoria, \$6,500; the King of Belgium, \$6,500; the President of France, \$5,000; President of the United States, \$125.

The longest commercial distance at which the telephone is now operated is from Boston to St. Louis, a distance of 1,400 miles. This makes the line more than twice as long as any one in Europe.

Insurance against accident and sickness is made compulsory upon all citizens of Switzerland. By order of parliament a report has just been made out and published concerning the unclaimed funds in the keeping of the various government departments at the present moment.

UNCLAIMED FUNDS IN ENGLAND.

The London correspondent of the New York Tribune, the chancery division of the supreme court of judicature has in its possession over \$300,000,000 after paying during the last two years, \$85,000,000 to successful claimants.

The Irish court of chancery holds some \$50,000,000 of unclaimed moneys, while the unclaimed government stocks and accumulated dividends retained by the treasury department amount to \$28,000,000. Unclaimed dividends in bankruptcy are figured at \$5,000,000. All these funds are used by the British government until claims thereto have been satisfactorily proved.

An endeavor will be made when parliament meets to transfer to the state the custody of unclaimed funds in the hands of bankers and others. These funds are known to amount to a colossal sum, far exceeding the total amount of unclaimed money now in the keeping of the government.

Can Work All the Time. "My daughter was suffering with tartar of the stomach, and tried many different prescriptions without benefit. Finally she began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it helped her at once. She has taken fifteen bottles and is now able to work all the time. We prize Hood's Sarsaparilla very highly." Anna Merrill, Eaton, Que.

HOOD'S PILLS act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cures all liver ills. 25 cents.

PRESIDENT FAURE'S BATH. President Faure's bath is troubling the French Republic. He is not content with the British tub, but wishes all over and uses a douche. He insists on having a bath compartment in his private train, and asks for one at five places where he stops. It cost the town of Valence \$1,200 to fit up a bath on the occasion of the President's recent visit.

MAKES THE DEAF TO HEAR. Almost Miraculous in Its Efficacy. Chronic Catarrh Induced Deafness. Dr. Agnew's Cathartic Powder Restores the Hearing With All Its Acuteness.

John MacLennan, Walhoback Bridge, N. S., says: "I was afflicted with catarrh, which left me very deaf, but after using one bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cathartic Powder my catarrh had left me, and I now hear as well as I ever did. It is painless and delightful to use. I got relief in ten minutes after making first application."

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt

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A BY-LAW

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrears for Two Years.

Whereas, it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria upon which Municipal taxes have been due and in arrears for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes:

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed whenever taxes on any land or improvements or real property have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list (in duplicate) of all the lands or improvements or real property liable under the provisions of this by-law to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set out in the same, and the Mayor shall authenticate such list by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Corporation, and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed, under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land or improvements or real property for the arrears due thereon with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property for taxes, to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands or improvements or real property to be sold and shall include therein in separate columns a statement of the proportionate amount chargeable on each lot for (1) the amount of taxes unpaid up to the date of the passing of this by-law; (2) the Collector's commission, authorized by this by-law to be paid him and the cost of advertising and contingent expenses of sale, and (3) the total amount of taxes and costs for which the property is liable to be sold; and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in two daily newspapers published in the City of Victoria.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for the taxes, on a day, at a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least one month before the day of sale, serve, or cause to be served, a notice of the intended sale and of the consequences thereof, in writing, or partly in print and partly in writing, signed by the Collector, on the person, or if more than one, then on each of the persons who at the time of the service thereof appeared on the Register of the City of Victoria as owner and also on all persons having a registered charge on the real property to be sold; or substituted service shall be effected in such manner as any Judge of the Supreme Court may direct. The Collector shall also, at least one month before the day of sale, post a notice similar to the said advertisement at the principal entrance to the City Hall, Victoria, and in the Post Office building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be a day to be named by the Collector in the said advertisement not earlier than thirty-one days nor later than three months after the first publication in two daily newspapers of such list, exclusive of the day of such publication, and such sale shall take place at the Council Chambers in the City Hall, in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at 12 o'clock noon: Provided always, that if the Collector shall from any cause whatever be unable to effect service of any notice of sale, in the manner herein directed or to effect substituted service as directed by any such Judge, he may postpone the sale of the property or parcel of land in respect of which he is unable to effect such service, from time to time, and shall give notice of such adjourned sale by advertisement in the newspapers in which the original notice was advertised, or he may withdraw the said property or parcel of land from the sale, and in either case shall proceed with the sale of the remaining lands or improvements or real property in the manner herein directed.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands or improvements or real property no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the lands or improvements or real property as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference upon payment by any person who offers to sell first, and in offering such lands or improvements or real property for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale, or any adjournment thereof, to sell any such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale or adjournment thereof adjourn the sale until a day to be publicly named by him not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in the newspapers in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay the Collector the amount of the purchase money the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

13. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1897."

Passed the Municipal Council the 20th day of September, 1897. Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 24th day of September, A.D. 1897. (L.R.) C. E. REDFERN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. NOTICE. The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 27th day of September, A.D. 1897, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

give notice by advertisement in the newspapers in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands or improvements or real property previously offered for sale for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

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WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

JNO. MESTON.

Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED).

Time Table No. 25, Taking Effect December 24th, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 11:15 o'clock, or on arrival of O. F. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Monday at 7 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Pumper Pass, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 11:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 4 o'clock. For Pumper Pass, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this Company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month, at 9 o'clock. When sufficient documents offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE. Steamer "Tea" leaves Victoria for Alberca and other ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month. The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notice.

G. A. CARLETON, JNO. IRVING, General Agent, Manager.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

The Company's elegant steamers UMATILLA, CITY OF PUEBLO and WALLA WALLA, carrying H. B. M. Mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., for San Francisco, at 8 p.m., Oct. 1, 8, 11, 18, 21, 28, 31, Nov. 5, 8, 15, 22, 25, 30, Dec. 3, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Feb. 6, 13, 20, 27, Mar. 6, 13, 20, 27, Apr. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, May 7, 14, 21, 28, Jun. 4, 11, 18, 25, 31, Jul. 5, 12, 19, 26, 31, Aug. 5, 12, 19, 26, 31, Sep. 5, 12, 19, 26, 31, Oct. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Nov. 7, 14, 21, 28, Dec. 5, 12, 19, 26, 31.

The elegant steamers DURBAN and GLEN OF TOULKA leave VICTORIA for Alaska Sept. 27, Oct. 7, 12, 22, 27, Nov. 6, 11, 21, 26, Dec. 6, 11, 21, 26. Due back at Victoria Oct. 9, 19, 24, Nov. 3, 8, 23, Dec. 3, 8, 13, 23, Jan. 2, 7. The company reserves right to change, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITCHIE & Co., Agents, 61 and 63 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C. J. F. TROWBRIDGE, P.S. Supt., Seattle, GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., S. F.

F. C. DAVIDGE & COY Agents North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Marine). Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents. IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise. Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

TRANSPORTATION.

THERE IS ONLY ONE DIRECT ROUTE


Eastern + Canadian and U.S. Points

You save time and money by travelling via the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

800 PACIFIC RAILWAY

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SUES HER FATHER TO DAWSON FOR \$40

Mrs. Jennie Wants to Recover Stocks from Colonel Landes.

Prays for Judgment for \$10,000—Grounds Upon Which the Suit is Based.

The private as well as the business affairs of Col. Henry Landes, of Port Townsend, one of the best-known men in the State, will be tried in court if a suit which his daughter, Mrs. Leticia Jennie of Vancouver, B.C., began against him yesterday in the Federal court is allowed to go to trial, says the P.I. Mrs. Jennie sues her father and her stepmother to recover the value of valuable stocks which, she charges, her father gave her and later converted to his own use and to the use of his wife.

Those who are familiar with the affairs of the Landes family say that Col. Landes and his daughter are not on speaking terms, and that recently Mrs. Jennie's husband, who is Landes' son-in-law, had a rough-and-tumble fight with Col. Landes, which came near resulting very seriously. It has been asserted that Col. Landes' second marriage caused the trouble between him and his daughter. Another story is that Col. Landes was very much displeased when his daughter married her present husband, who is a poor man, when she could have made, from a financial standpoint, a much more profitable marriage. "The proceedings which Mrs. Jennie began yesterday are in the form of a bill in equity to compel Col. and Mrs. Landes to bring into court certain papers of the Landes Estate Company, so that the court may ascertain just what has become of certain stock belonging to her. In her bill, which was prepared by Attorney W. F. Hays, Mrs. Jennie says she is 23 years of age. She resided, she states, with her father until 1895, when she went to Victoria, B.C., where, on August 29, 1896, she married Louis H. Jennie. Later they moved to Vancouver, B.C., where they now make their home. The mother of the plaintiff, Col. Landes' first wife, died in 1888, leaving a will. Later Col. Landes, on his own application, was made the guardian of his daughter. In December, 1889, Col. Landes married again.

It is alleged that in October, 1894, Col. Landes gave his daughter as a gift 74 shares of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Port Townsend. Later, it is alleged, Col. Landes had his daughter endorse the stock to him, he promising to keep it in trust for her. Mrs. Jennie says she had every confidence in her father, and did not suspect. Notwithstanding that the daughter has repeatedly asked for an accounting her father has refused to render it.

August 1, 1896, if the bill in equity is true, Col. Landes wrongfully and without the knowledge of his daughter transferred her stock to his present wife, Christina Landes, for the purpose of cheating and defrauding his daughter. Mrs. Jennie alleges that the stock is worth \$7,400, and that the annual dividends which Col. Landes has collected and for which he has not accounted amount to \$740.

It is further alleged in the bill that in April, 1894, the Landes Estate Company was organized with a capital stock of \$50,000, having for its trustees Col. Landes, his wife, and Mrs. Jennie. The company owned land in Jefferson county worth \$200,000. Col. Landes transferred all his property to the company. He issued a small portion of stock to himself, considerable to his wife, and the balance of the \$50,000 to Mrs. Jennie. Mrs. Jennie's bill in trust. He now refuses to account for the same. Mrs. Jennie alleges that her father has transferred all of his possessions to his present wife, so that it would be beyond the legal reach of his daughter should she obtain a judgment against him.

dent of the Times, referring this morning to the statement of the Figaro that the powers have agreed to collectively ask England to evacuate Egypt, says: "No power has approached England on the subject of Egypt for a long time. France tried to get Russia to support her, but only received Russia's earnest advice to do nothing with regard to Egypt beyond diplomatic negotiations." London, Oct. 8.—The St. James Gazette says that the British war office has elaborated a plan by which the volunteers of Great Britain will be liable for service abroad in case of war. Hitherto it has been impossible to call on them for duty abroad, except for the defence of the colonies and in exceptional cases.

Berlin, Oct. 8.—Professor Staby, assisted by the military balloon corps, experimenting with Marconi's wireless telegraphy, succeeded perfectly yesterday, in spite of adverse atmospheric conditions, in exchanging messages without wires at a distance of twenty-one kilometres.

THE BOATMEN'S NOVA SCOTIA STEAMSHIP COMPANY—NO AMERICANS NEED APPLY.

Seattle P. I. "Writes Up" the Proposition—One Boat on Ocean and River Trips.

A proposition to transport people to Dawson City at a fare of \$40 each, has attracted some attention on the Sound, not only by reason of the nominal passage fee named, but as well by the peculiar manner in which the scheme is being brought to public notice, says the P.I.

A catchy advertisement appeared recently in the Victoria Colonist. It offered transportation to Dawson City "by the best, safest, most comfortable and cheapest all-water route from Seattle, Victoria and Nanaimo, via ocean and Yukon river, March 15th next, at the rate of \$40, including meals and 200 pounds of baggage, but no blankets; by the first class steamer chartered for one trip only by the Yukon Mining & Mercantile Company, Ltd., of London, for the transportation of their own general merchandise, tools, machinery and men to Dawson City and other points on the Yukon."

The foregoing information was displayed to catch the public eye, especially the \$40 item. The following paragraph completed the advertisement: "People without means, wishing to go to the Yukon, on arrival at Dawson City will find the company well pleased to enter into some agreement with them to furnish all provisions and outfits to go prospecting."

"The steamer will stay three months at Dawson City, and will then return to the south. The fare on the return trip will be \$40 only for the people who go up March 15th next."

"Reserve your berth now. A very limited number of passengers will be accepted."

The advertisement appeared in a Victoria paper, yet for further particulars the public was referred to "Mr. P. Williams, general manager of the Yukon Mining & Mercantile Company, P. O. Box 542, Seattle." As soon as the advertisement was brought to the notice of the Post-Intelligencer, search was instituted for "Mr. P. Williams." He could not be found through the ordinary channels, but a letter addressed through the post office box received a response from Mr. Williams, stating that his "temporary office" was in the Russell block.

There a reporter called yesterday afternoon in search of information. Mr. Williams proved to be a foreigner, with a pronounced German accent. On his desk was a pile of letters. Almost his first question was: "What is your nationality?" "American," responded the reporter. "We cannot take you," said Mr. Williams promptly. "No Americans; only Englishmen. You see it is an English company. The fare charged is only nominal, but the passengers must agree to give to the company a one-twentieth interest in all claims they may discover on the Yukon. It is on that account that we wish Englishmen as there will be no trouble with the Canadian government. You are no prospector, eh? We want prospectors; English prospectors. The company makes nothing from the sale of passages. It will profit by the labors of those who go north in its vessels, and general merchandise will be shipped to the Yukon for stores to be located by the company at Dawson City and other points."

"From your advertisement one would think you intended to make the entire voyage from the Sound to Dawson City in one steamer. How can you get a single vessel combining seaworthiness with the light draft necessary for the navigation of the Yukon?" "Not so fast," interrupted Mr. Williams. "There is my idea. We will have the steamer New York, or at least when we purchase the steamer in San Francisco, we will name it the New York. It will be fitted by carpenters with two hulls, a round bottom outside and a flat bottom inside. When we get to St. Michaels we will remove the round, or deep water, hull, and there you have it, the flat bottom, all ready for the river. When we come down again there is our round hull waiting. We clap it on over the flat bottom and we are ready for the ocean. A great idea, don't you think so? It took well in London, where I have just been. They are crazy about Alaska. A company can be formed on any kind of a proposition in a week."

A SHOOTING AFFRAY

Thomas Cummings Fires Three Shots at Hallet Bailey This Afternoon.

Two of Them Go Wide of the Mark and the Other Grazes Bailey's Leg.

Thomas Cummings, a sealer who returned home on the Umbria on Wednesday last, made an attempt in the Poodle Dog restaurant this afternoon to kill Hallet Bailey, a clerk in Messrs. Erskine, Wall & Co.'s grocery store. Cummings fired three shots at Bailey out of a 38 calibre revolver, only one of the three shots coming near the mark, and that one simply grazing Bailey's leg.

The two men went to the restaurant together, shortly after one o'clock, and seated quite tranquilly. They went into one of the private rooms and had been there for fully an hour, talking very quietly, when those in the restaurant were startled by a rattling of dishes, and Bailey rushed out into the main dining room. Cummings was close behind him, but in cooling out of the private room fell. As soon as he could get up he fired two shots at Bailey, who by this time was right out in the dining room. Where the two bullets went nobody knows, but W. Speed, who was sitting just at the entrance, and who was between Cummings and Bailey, says the shot came very near him. Cummings seemed determined upon catching Bailey with the third shot, for he steadied himself, and holding the revolver with both hands, took deliberate aim. The bullet went between Bailey's legs, grazing one of them, and passed through the glass door into the street. Mr. H. G. Hall, who was standing at the street door, stepped back just in time to miss the bullet.

Cummings went off with some friends and was walking along Broad street with them when arrested by Constable Cameron. Bailey remained around the restaurant for some time and then went off to have his wound dressed.

A woman, Cummings' wife, is at the bottom of the trouble. Before she married Cummings she and Bailey were father thick; some say they were engaged. According to Cummings' story, before he left on this season's cruise he provided his wife with a well-furnished house, left her with considerable money and an order to draw \$50 a month out of his salary. When he returned he found that his home had been broken up and that his wife had gone to San Francisco. He says Bailey was responsible for this, and hence the shooting.

What occurred in the private room just before the shooting does not appear exactly clear. It seems, however, that they were discussing Cummings' troubles when Cummings pulled his revolver and said to Bailey, "You're a dead man." Bailey jumped through the door, upsetting the table, and Cummings made after him and fired as related above.

No charge has yet been entered against Cummings.

IN TENNYSON'S TIME

Biography of the Late Poet Laureate Which is Attracting Attention in London.

His Desire for Friendly Relations With the United States—Letters From the Queen.

London, Oct. 9.—The biography of the late Lord Tennyson, the poet laureate, which is attracting much attention now, is contained in two thick volumes full of interest and repeatedly emphasizes the poet's regard for the United States and his earnest desire that the parent country and offshoot will forever dwell in unity.

Writing to Longfellow, Tennyson said: "We English and Americans should all be brothers, as some other among nations can be, and some of us, come what may, will always be, so I trust."

Tennyson's biographer writes that Emerson, Walt Whitman, Lowell and Oliver Wendell Holmes were counted among his friends, and through them he kept alive the spirit of kinship of their countrymen. The American biographer further says they not only loved him with affection, but also loved him with pipes.

Our I's and....

....Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier, that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has "Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Any doubt about it? Send for "Curebook" It kills doubts and cures doubts. Address J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

in-law Lorne's birthday. As I gazed upon my sons Albert and Arthur and the bonnie helms I could not but feel sad in thinking that their hour of trial might come, and I earnestly prayed God to spare my sweet Beatrice and the husband whom she so truly loves and gazes for long time to each other. In 1881 no real friend of any kind was made in our circle. However, God's hand has been heavy since then on me. My mother, husband, children and home-friends have been taken, yet I still endure, and I shall try to do so. I pray you could have seen the wedding. Everyone says that it was "the prettiest ever seen."

Writing to Tennyson regarding the passage conferred upon him, the Queen said it "was a mark of my recognition of the great service you have rendered literature, which has so great an influence upon the world at large."

Her Majesty added: "How I wish you could suggest a means of crushing the horrible publications whose object is to promulgate scandal and calumny with which they invest themselves."

After a visit to Queen Victoria Tennyson wrote to her: "During our conversation I felt much of that true friendship which binds human beings together, whether they be kings or cobblers."

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

LACROSSE. VANCOUVER WON.

Vancouver defeated the New Westminster team at New Westminster yesterday by a score of 2 to 1.

FOOTBALL. SCHOLARS VICTORIOUS.

The high school team defeated the Columbian at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon in the second match in the junior league series, by a score of 2 to 0. Cessford and Borde were the two who kicked the pignik between the posts. These two players put up the best of the school game, while those who did the best work for the Columbian were Turner, Patton, Wilson and Fell. Mr. Holden acted as referee. The next match in this series will be played at the hill on Saturday afternoon next, when the Boys' Brigade will meet the South Park school team.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—H. A. Rose, H. Rose, Mrs. Rose, Miss Rose, Mrs. G. H. Moore, F. Miller, V. G. Hall, E. Carlin, J. F. Gilmore and wife, E. Wilding, Mrs. J. Brock, T. Lee, C. B. Gline, C. Miller, F. C. Lowe, W. P. Dickert, C. M. Thompson, C. W. Wilson.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Justice McCright, W. D. Steele, J. W. McFarland, John Colclough, J. Joseph, H. Heigerson, F. J. Hill, Miss Bell, B. E. Paucot, Miss E. Wilson, Dr. Wardrop, J. Bradley, Mrs. G. B. Clark, G. B. Clark, A. H. Phillips, N. Black, Thos. Horrold, Mrs. J. W. Morrison, E. Taylor, J. F. Holtz, W. H. Price, Chief Deary and wife, J. Free, R. Beauchamp, J. Galt, H. H. Welsh, A. B. Gray, Mr. Jaynes, J. C. Newbury, G. H. Lurgin, N. P. Shaw, J. A. Thomson, A. McDermott, J. Hunsdon, M. J. Anderson, Miss Ger, G. F. Cane, Mrs. Cane, O. J. Mitchell, A. McKellop, H. Nott, Miss Ellington, J. E. Skinner and wife, M. McKenzie, Mrs. Sander, J. G. Beck, R. O. Dier, C. J. Oleylard, T. R. Brown.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—H. A. Rose & Co., D. H. Ross & Co., G. Hunter, Wilson Bros., Langier & H. Bros., G. Powell & Co., E. J. Saunders, H. Clarke, Val & Books, Ostell & Morris.

Morris' STRAIGHT CUT CIGARETTE TOBACCO

IS ALL THE GO.

15c. per Box, with Papers.

Morris' Mammoth Tobacco Store.

CARPETS.

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE AT

WEILER BROS.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

Agents for Crossley's world-renowned Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets. Fine designs and colorings, in different grades and styles. Large stock of Hearth Rugs, Mats, etc., to suit everybody.

THE K LONDYKE GOLD FIELDS ARE IN CANADA.

Goods purchased elsewhere than in Canada are subject to Customs Duty on entering the Yukon. Strong force of Customs Officers and Mounted Police stationed at the Passes. Customs Certificates on purchases in Canada will prevent any delay from Canadian or United States officials.

VICTORIA, British Columbia,

Is the best place to fit out and sail from. All Steamboats going North start from or call at Victoria.

G. A. KIRK,
President B. C. Board of Trade.

JAMIESON'S CLOSING OUT SALE

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY

NOVELS.

25c. Pocket Novels..... Each
Colonial Libraries..... 40c.
Some odds and ends of 25c., 50c., and 75c. novels at 10c.

INKS.

Stafford's or Sandford's, quart..... 60c.
Stafford's or Sandford's, pint..... 35c.
Stafford's or Sandford's, half pint..... 25c.

LETTER PADS.

"Scorcher," 100 sheets..... 25c.
"Maplehurst," 100 sheets..... 25c.
"Fibrous Flaxine," linen, 100 sheets..... 25c.
"Sandringham," vellum, 100 sheets..... 25c.
"Greenax Bond," 100 sheets..... 25c.
"Century Bond," 100 sheets..... 30c.
Note Pads at..... 10c., 15c. and 30c.

PENS.

Gillett's 404, per box..... 50c.
Esterbrook's Falcon, per box..... 60c.
Esterbrook's Pacific Railroad, per box..... 60c.
Esterbrook's Easy Writer, per box..... 60c.
Esterbrook's United States pen, per box..... 60c.

ENVELOPES.

No. 125-6, per 1,000..... 60c.
No. 127-7, per 1,000..... 60c.
Columbian-6, per 1,000..... 60c.
Columbian-7, per 1,000..... 60c.
Lansdowne-6, per 1,000..... 60c.
Lansdowne-7, per 1,000..... 60c.

LETTER OR CARD FILES..... 60c.
Letter or card, complete..... 60c.

KRINKLED TISSUE.

Ordinary, per roll..... 30c.
Variegated, per roll..... 30c.

The store has only "Incense" Everything in the store is marked down to "GET TO GO" PRICES.

H. KURTH,
Brewer and Bottler of **BEER, ALE AND STOUT**

Try our Milwaukee Lager.

128 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.
P.O. BOX 105

GEO. D. SCOTT,
Mines, Insurance, Finance

Private Funds to Loan.
B.C. Mgr. London & Lancashire Life.

42 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

ESTABLISHED 1854

Victoria Loan Office
42 JOHNSON ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security Business strictly confidential.
Private entrance, Oriental Alley.
F. LAYBURN, Proprietor.
P. O. Box 908

JAMIESON, Books and Stationery, 51 Government Street

FOR SALE.

On Pender Island 2,121 acres of inland farms, grass and pasture land, some cleared, with coal and mineral rights at \$100 per acre. Title, Crown Grant.

The Island abounds with game, the boys with fish. For further particulars see Directory. Apply
H. J. ROBERTSON,
National Hotel.