

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 31.

VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1900.

NO. 115.

Plated Knives and Forks

In buying plated knives, forks or spoons it pays to buy the best. We are now selling the best quality at very little more than the regular price of the poor goods. These goods will wear for years equally as well as sterling silver. If your table ware is getting shabby let us show you good goods at the lowest prices.

Challouer & Mitchell JEWELERS,
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A GOOD KICKER



Usually gets there where a less active individual is lost in the shuffle. You must have a good cause for a kick if you are not dealing with us and taking advantage of our prices.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR \$1.10 sack.
THREE STAR FLOUR \$1.10 sack.
FLAKE BARLEY 4 lbs. for 25c.
QUAKER OATS 2 lbs. for 25c.
TANGLEFOOT PLE PAPER 50c. box.
Leave your orders for Preserving Peaches.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools,
Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers,
Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

61 Yates Street, Victoria.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
WE MANUFACTURE BY WHITE LABOR.

Negligee Top Shirts, Tweed Pants,

And the Strong and Durable Ironclad Overalls, Blouses, Jumpers, etc.

21, 23, 25, 27, 29 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

FROM LIVERPOOL

THE AL SHIP

LYDERHORN

Sails During September

Freight rates with 10 per cent. primeage.
Weight, 15s. per ton; measurement, 12s.
6d. per ton.

R. P. RITNET & CO., LD.

Agents.

W. JONES

AUCTIONEER,
Real Estate and General Commission
Agent.

Furniture; Real Estate; Farm Stock sold
on commission; highest prices obtained;
satisfaction guaranteed. Furnished and
unfurnished residences to rent and for
sale in all parts. All business strictly con-
fidential.

THE CITY AUCTION MART,
73 and 75 1/2 Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

Spratt & Macaulay

SCOWS FOR HIRE BY THE
DAY OR MONTH.

Coal and Wood.

Weight and Measure guaranteed. Wood
cut, split and delivered at lowest prices.

OFFICES—

88 Government St. 32 Store St.

Telephone 404. Telephone 144.

BROOK'S BICYCLE SADDLES—Just re-
ceived a supply of the celebrated
Brook's Bicycles saddles, at John
Barnes & Co., 115 Government Street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP

50 acres, within 3 miles of Post Office, beautifully situated at head
of the Arm, large water frontage and well sheltered.

APPLY
40 Government St. **B.C. Land & Investment Agency.**

Real Bargains This Week

2 Lots fronting on Park, with 6 roomed
houses, 24 fruit trees, etc., for \$1,150.
5 roomed cottage, bath, pantry, hot and
cold water, 9 fruit trees, etc., East End,
only \$1,200.

TO LET—5 roomed cottage, Pandora
avenue, with water, \$2.
4 roomed house, North Park street, only
\$12.

3 roomed cottage, Johnson street, for \$3.
Modern stores and offices in MacGregor
Block, opposite Deland; rents moderate to
permanent tenants.

Private funds to loan at low rates. Fire
Insurance, etc.

F. G. MACGREGOR,
92 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Mount Sicker Townsite

THE FUTURE HIGHLAND OF VAN-
COUVER ISLAND.

The Mount Sicker Company has decided
to place their townsite on the market for
sale. For the next thirty days we will
sell corner lots at \$75 and inside lots at
\$50. Terms, one-third cash, one-third in
three months, one-third in six months,
and to the first ten purchasers who will
erect buildings on their lots we will make
a reduction of fifty per cent. in price of
lots. The townsite adjoins the celebrated
Lenora Mine, which is shipping sixty tons
of ore daily. This is a chance for invest-
ment not to be missed. Full particulars
can be obtained and plans seen at the
office of

F. G. RICHARDS & CO.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGT.
SOLE AGENTS.

Lee & Fraser

Real Estate Agents—

10-Roomed house and seven lots
for \$3,000

Belleville St., beautiful building
lot 1,200

Large lot, James Bay, for 500

5-Roomed cottage and large lot,
James Bay, price only 1,500

For Sale—One of the best chicken
ranches on Vancouver Island, consist-
ing of 15 acres, 6-roomed, hard
finished dwelling, good chicken
houses, etc., price only \$1,500, a snap.

7-Roomed, 2 story house, sewer
connection \$1,300

FIRE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

9 and 11 Troncoe Avenue, Victoria.

The name alone is a guaran-
antee of Purity and High-
Class Goods.



**Gooderham
& Worts'
1884
Special**

(DISTILLED 18 YEARS AGO)

Is the Oldest and Fin-
est Canadian Whisky
in the market. Ob-
tainable at all Hud-
son's Bay Stores.

**RELIABILITY.
PURITY,
ACCURACY**

Guaranteed when your prescription is
prepared by us.
JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST,
N. W. Cor Yates and Douglas Streets.

HASTIE'S FAIR

FOR
Stationery and
Confectionery
At the Bottom.

DEATH GROANS.

Reader! Just consider the number of merchants in those two lines alone giving
the People's Stamps, while our would-be rival have only two clothing and
one druggists house, using their stamps. This state of affairs enables the Peo-
ple's Company to make money and prosper. It does not need much guessing as
to where the rumors abound about DEATH-GROANS come from.

DRY GOODS,
Thos. G. Mason, 83 Douglas street.
Westcott Bros., 93 Douglas street.
G. A. Richardson & Co., 82 Yates street.
K. J. Soper, 291 Douglas street.
Mrs. T. Leonard, 208 Cook street.
Mrs. M. A. Vigor (Columbia House), 81
Douglas street.
Mrs. F. E. Hewartson, 28 Broad street.
A. N. Raby, 97 Douglas street.
Stevens & Jenkins, 84 Douglas street.
Mrs. Rickard, 21 East street.
C. E. Lamson, Colonial Block,
E. Ward, 124 Quadra.

CLOTHING AND MEN'S FURNISH-
INGS,
S. N. Reid, 122 Government street.
R. Williams & Co., Yates street.
W. & J. Wilson, 83 Government street.
A. Holmes, 78 Yates street.
H. Rutland, 57 Johnson street.
W. G. Cameron, 55 Johnson street.
Sea & Gowan, 80 Douglas street.
Allen & Co., (Fit-Reform), 73 Govern-
ment street.

**HOUDE'S
STRAIGHT CUT
CIGARETTES**
MANUFACTURED BY
B. HOUDE & CO., QUEBEC
Are Better Than the Best.

WE GIVE Wall Paper Sale!
DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS
FOR BALANCE OF JULY.
ALL PRICES REDUCED!
MELLOR'S STORE
76-78 Fort Street. Above Douglas Street.

WILL ADVANCE THIS MONTH

Allies May March to Relief of Foreigners
in Peking About the End
of July.

CHINESE SOLDIERS KILLING BOXERS

Scenes of Ruin and Desolation in Tien Tsin—Pigs and Dogs
Eating Bodies of Natives Which Lie Unburied
Among the Debris.

(Associated Press.)
London, July 25.—The tone of the
European press with regard to the
message dated July 4th, received here
yesterday from the British minister at Pe-
kin, Sir Claude Macdonald, continues
optimistic, and the endless and extra-
ordinary succession of Chinese dispatches
purporting to describe the situation
at Peking only serves to bewilder. How-
ever, the earlier unquestioning belief that
a massacre took place has, to some
extent, been shaken and it is now ad-
mitted, despite the heavy load of evidence
supporting the reports of the massacre,
that Sir Claude Macdonald's letter
disposed of the first story alleging that
the crime occurred June 30th, so Minis-
ter Conger's dispatch and other stories
reporting the legations safe July 10th,
14th and 16th, give some grounds for
assuming the possibility that the second
reports were also unfounded.

Belated Message from Conger.
Washington, July 25.—The following
has been received at the navy depart-
ment:
"Chee Foo, July 24.—Navigation
bureau, Washington: A written mes-
sage, signed Conger, and dated July 4th,
received at Tien Tsin on the 21st, says:
"Been besieged two weeks in British leg-
ation. Grave danger of general mas-
sacre by Chinese soldiers who are shelling
the legation daily. Relief soon, if
at all. The city is without government,
except by the Chinese army, who are
determined to massacre all foreigners in
Peking. Entry of relief forces into the
city will be hotly contested." (Signed)
Thomas."

The message is from Capt. Thomas,
commander of the Brooklyn.
Ruin and Desolation.
Tien Tsin, July 18, via Shanghai, July
24.—Col. Bower, of the British regiment;
Col. Wegank, of Russians, and Colonel
Aoki, of the Japanese, will form the
joint provisional government for the city
of Tien Tsin, which it was decided to
establish. They will be entrusted with
the task of bringing something like order
out of existing chaos.

Since the issue of the proclamation in-
viting well disposed Chinese to return to
their homes, a number have come back
to the city. Many native servants are
coming to the settlements and returning
to the services of their previous em-
ployers.
The native city this afternoon presents
an appalling spectacle of ruin and deso-
lation. The suburbs were destroyed by
fire, mostly caused by the shells of the
allies on the side facing the settlements.
It is believed that not a dozen houses
are intact, and all were a little damaged
by fire of the allies' artillery. A curious
spectacle is presented by a number of
mud hovels immediately under the wall
where the latter are showing signs of
having been hit.
Inside the city the damage was terrific.
The buildings nearest the wall were gut-
ted by fire and many were literally blown
to pieces by the shells of the allies.
Among the smoldering ruins are many
charred corpses which the pigs and dogs
are eating. The allies are busy remov-
ing the bodies.
Dozens of Chinese are digging in the
ruins for money and other valuables.
Most of the houses which are intact or
little damaged display the flags of one
or the other of the allied forces, the
Japanese and French flags predominat-
ing.

There have been many attempts to
imitate the flags, which, under other
circumstances, would be laughable. The
houses which do not display flags show
bits of cotton or paper bearing the
names of the allied nations and compli-
mentary sentences. The French, ap-
parently, are the favorites, many of the
pieces of cotton and papers displayed
bearing the inscription "France" or "Vive
la France," all unmistakably in the
handwriting of native clerks, formerly
employed by foreign Chinese firms.
It is stated that the Chinese losses
since the trouble broke out are 11,000,
most of whom have been killed by the
Boxers and soldiers.

The Boxers are said to be gathering in
large numbers in the neighborhood of
the Halkon arsenal, captured by Admiral
Seymour's column and now occupied by
Russian troops. The latter have suf-
fered several casualties through snipers
concealed in the woods in that vicinity.
Soldiers Attack Boxers.
Tien Tsin, July 20.—Chinese coming
in from the country report that the
Chinese soldiers are killing the Boxers
whenever the latter are seen, giving as
a reason that the Boxers drive them into
embarking on a hopeless struggle.
An intelligent Chinaman said he re-
garded this as a sign of widespread
dissension. It was only a matter of a
short time, he declared, before the same
state would exist in Peking. Then he
thought, Jung Lu, commander-in-chief
of the Chinese forces, and Prince Ching
would be able to regain influence to
make peace, especially if the foreigners
in the capital were safe.

This appears to represent the general
opinion here as far as it is possible
to ascertain it.
In the meantime reliable news as to
events in Peking and whether the fore-
igners are alive is entirely lacking, or
is only obtainable from Chinese sources,
and this is most meagre and contradic-
tory.

It is now thought that the forward
movement of the allies will take place
earlier than was at first intended, possi-
bly by the end of this month. Nothing
definite, however, will be decided before
the arrival of General Sir Alfred Gase-
ley, commanding the Indian contingent.
A steamer which arrived from Peking yes-
terday, reported that the foreigners
were safe on July 10th, and that there
had been considerable fighting between
Boxers and soldiers inside the city.

Wounded Americans.
Tien Tsin, July 19, via Shanghai,
July 25.—Most of the American sick and
wounded have been taken in boats to
Taku, where they will embark on the

American hospital ship Solace for the
United States.

Refuse to Surrender.
Taku, July 21.—Chung Yi has un-
successfully tried to arrange with the
general commanding the Peh Tang force
for their surrender. The general refused
to surrender the forts. He said that
if the foreigners did not attack him he
would agree to maintain a neutral atti-
tude.

Sail for Home.
Montreal, July 25.—A cable dispatch
from Shanghai to Mr. James A. Osgill,
father of Mrs. (Dr.) Percy Leslie, one
of the Canadian missionaries who arriv-
ed with her husband at Shanghai from
Hunan a few days ago, says Dr. and
Mrs. Leslie leave Shanghai for home via
San Francisco to-day. The dispatch says
Dr. Leslie was injured while making his
escape from Hunan.

All Quiet At Steveston

But Preparations Are Being Made
for Militia to Go Under
Canvas.

Presence of Troops and Provin-
cial Police Keeps Rowdy Ele-
ment in Check.

The Anti-Japanese Feeling Has
Increased During Past
Few Days.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, July 25.—All was quiet at
Steveston this morning. The fish catch
was very light among the Japs, only
about seven to the boat being the regu-
lar take.
No attack was made by the white fish-
ermen, whose efforts are now centred
in making the fish meeting this after-
noon a success.

A white fisherman named Dunser was
arrested this morning for assaulting a
Jap, who drew a revolver on him.
It is probable that the military forces
will remain at Steveston for a week.
Lieut. Colonel Worsnop, in command,
sent this morning for ten men, and his men
will go into camp until the provincial and
municipal authorities are convinced that
their presence there is no longer neces-
sary.

No attack by the members of the Fish-
ermen's Union upon the Jap fishermen is
seriously anticipated, but the presence
of the militia, in addition to the pro-
vincial police, is believed to have a quiet-
ing effect upon those individuals, few
of whom are members of the union but
many of whom are professional agitators
from across the border, who have en-
deavored to play upon the passions of
the fishermen and prevent the adoption
of a wise and conservative course of ac-
tion.

Will MacClain returned to Steveston
this morning from Nanaimo. He stated
that the members of the Coal Miners'
Union would take up a collection for the
striking fishermen next Saturday night
and that the anticipated receipts would
be \$2,000.

From another source, however, came
the statement that the Nanaimo miners
had declined to make any contribution to
the fishermen, believing that the latter
had been badly advised in not accepting
the terms offered by the cannery last
Sunday.

The anti-Japanese feeling among union
men has been greatly accentuated by the
events of the last two days. This phase
of what in many quarters is considered
the defeat of the union fishermen, has
in it the deepest bitterness of the entire
situation.

COLOMBIA REVOLUTION.

Severe Fighting at Panama—Hospital
Filled With Wounded and
Dying Soldiers.

(Associated Press.)

New York, July 25.—Details of the
fighting in the outskirts of Panama are
given in a special to the Herald coming
via Galveston yesterday.

The dispatch says the revolutionists
rushed the suburbs early in the morn-
ing, and as the dispatch was being writ-
ten the rifle fire was sharp and contin-
uous, and the artillery fire heavy and se-
vere; that two men had been killed and
many wounded, and the Red Cross hos-
pital was filled with wounded and dying
soldiers.

Among the wounded was Gen. Lozada,
formerly in command of the troops, who
had taken refuge with the others on the
cruiser Leander on Saturday. He re-
turned to shore and took the place of a
private in the ranks, fighting with the
bravest.



Advertisement for Campbell's Prescription Store, located at the corner of Fort and Douglas Streets, Victoria B. C.

Replete With Romance

Miss Fitzgibbon Says That Canadian History Reads Like a Novel

Mr. Tait's Eloquent Elucidation of the Significance of the Flag.

The Victoria theatre was filled with a fashionable and representative audience last night at the public meeting held in connection with the National Council of Women.

When the speaker returned to France he carried back with him some natives. Since then, woman had been written largely on Canada's page.

Mr. Herbert Kent here rendered in good voice "tat-tat-tat-tat," the story of the British and Canadian flags.

Mr. Tait was introduced to give the story of the British and Canadian flags. He referred in opening to the pride which even children took in flags.

The motions of flags had significance. To raise them was an act of defiance; to lower them one of submission.

The need for the inculcation of patriotism had often been discussed, but in British dominions it required no inculcation.

Everyone was proud of his nationality. English, Irish, Scotch, French, etc. But all rejoiced as well in the term, Canadian (loud applause), and more still in the word Briton. (Renewed applause.)

Coming to the cross of St. George, the speaker said it dated from the defeat of the Spaniards by the English in 1480.

In beautiful language he referred to the valor of the old sea dogs of the Elizabethan period, and of how they singed the beards of the Spanish kings.

St. Andrew's cross dated from a battle between the Scots and the King of the West Saxons.

adopted toward the close of the 17th century. In the time of Henry II, 1172, it was adopted as the flag of the Fitzpatrick family.

The Union Jack to-day stood for a parliamentary union of the three peoples. It was under this meteor flag that Canada was won.

Mr. Tait spoke of the acquisitions made under the flag and paid a tribute to the part Ireland had played in the fighting of the imperial battles.

What had women to do with patriotism? They also suffered who only struggle for the white flag of peace.

Woman's interest in Canada dated from the sale of Queen Isabella's jewels to pay for Columbus's voyage.

When Carleton returned to France he carried back with him some natives. Since then, woman had been written largely on Canada's page.

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To Rescue Ministers

Why Military Expeditions Are Being Sent to China—Participation Not Considered.

Li Hung Chang Asserts That the French Representative in Peking is Alive

London, July 24.—The message from Sir Claude Macdonald, dated July 4th, appealing for relief, is regarded in London as only a prelude to the absolute confirmation of the massacre.

The Chinese minister, Sir Chih Chen Lo, had a long interview with Lord Salisbury this afternoon.

Despite the Chinese minister's statements and despite Sir Claude Macdonald's letter of July 4th, a strong impression continues to prevail at the foreign office that the ministers at Peking were massacred on July 6th.

The Associated Press correspondent is informed that not one scientific evidence is yet in the possession of the foreign office leading them to disbelieve the reports of the massacre.

As for the other powers, it is emphatically stated that they have unanimously agreed that they will not deliver the ministers alive to the Chinese.

Not a Bursting Cloud, but Simply a Heavy Rain.

The most destructive form of mountain storm is the so-called cloudburst, when the rippling brook suddenly becomes a roaring river.

British Sailors Killed.

Ten Tsin, Friday, July 13, via Chefoo, July 17, and Shanghai, July 24.

Chinese from the Walled City report that the foreigners are living in a state of siege.

Gen. Nelb was imprisoned because he opposed making war on the foreigners.

Army Against Foreigners.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those who work in the mines.

KITCHENER'S QUICK MOVE

It Saved a British Force From Capture at Leouu Spirit.

The London Standard correspondent throws light on Lord Kitchener's escape from capture.

Lord Kitchener's prompt action saved a small force of construction troops which had been sent to repair the bridge at Leouu Spirit.

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Distressing Diarrhoea

Can be promptly relieved and cured by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The pain and suffering the weakness and faintness associated with an attack of diarrhoea make it a distressing and for which prompt relief is desired.

The salutary action of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in giving almost instant relief from the pain, checking the too frequent and irritating stools, setting the stomach and bowels to work again.

Always ask for Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and refuse substitutes or imitations.

Notice is hereby given that the 31st July inst. is the LAST DAY for paying SEWER RENTALS.

Municipal Notice

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SEWERS RENTAL, 1900

Notice is hereby given that the 31st July inst. is the LAST DAY for paying SEWER RENTALS.

STODDART'S JEWELRY STORE

63 YATES STREET, ONE DOOR ABOVE BROAD STREET.

DANGER

It is dangerous to carry an unreliable watch, you are apt to miss your appointments.

ANDREW SHERET, Plumber

102 Fort St. Cor. Blanchard Telephone 67. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter.

"DARDANELLES"

A MARVELLOUS SUCCESS IN THE MANUFACTURE OF...

A Pure... Egyptian Cigarette

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. 15 Cts. PER PACKAGE

Victoria-Yukon Trading Co., LIMITED

Pioneers in the Lumber and Saw Building Industries on the Upper Yukon.

Dawson Rate War

Passengers reaching Skagway on steamers "City of Seattle" and "Anson" holding \$100.00 through tickets were very much increased.

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ANDREW SHERET, Plumber

102 Fort St. Cor. Blanchard Telephone 67. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

Washed Lump, \$4.25 Sack and Lump, \$5.50 Delivered. Also Anthracite Coal for Furnaces.

KINGMAN & CO., Telephone 67.

Provincial Parliament

Mr. Martin Says He Will Oppose Legislation Introduced to Amend Former Act.

Emergency Supply For Payment of Urgent Public Works Etc.

Victoria, B.C., Tuesday.

Today's session of the House was marked by a continuation of the tactics on the part of the leader of the opposition, which were foreshadowed Monday.

The questions down on the order paper to be asked by Mr. McInnes were answered by the Premier as follows: Regarding the appointment of a constable in the northern portion of North Nanaimo, the reply was that the government had not yet considered the matter.

Hon. Mr. Eberts asked leave to introduce a bill to amend the law respecting the liability of trustees. He also moved the first reading of the bill and it will be on the orders of the day for second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Turner's bill to amend the New Westminster Relief Act of 1890 and Mr. McInnes's bill relating to labor stand over to-day by request of the promoters.

The bill to amend the Small Debts Act (Attorney-General Eberts) was read a second time and referred to the committee of the whole House for consideration.

Hon. Mr. Eberts explained that the object of the bill was to amend the act in favor of the workmen that the actual proceeds of his labor to the extent of \$40 would be exempt from seizure for the protection of his wife and family.

The bill to amend the Small Debts Act (Attorney-General Eberts) was read a second time and referred to the committee of the whole House for consideration.

The Hon. Minister of Finance then moved that the following message from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor be received: "The Lieutenant-Governor transmits to the Legislative Assembly a schedule of emergency supplies for \$150,000 to provide for the payment of salaries, urgent public works and other necessary services for the financial year ending 30th June, 1901, all payments from which sum will form part of the estimates to be applied to the various services and votes for the said financial year, and recommends the same to the Legislative Assembly."

"Schedule.—The estimated sum of \$150,000 is required as an emergency supply to provide for the payment of salaries, urgent public works and other necessary services chargeable to the expenditure of the financial year ending 30th June, 1901. All payments made therefrom to form a part of the estimates for the financial year ending 30th June, 1901, to be submitted to the Legislative Assembly and applied to the various services and votes."

The message was received and referred to the committee of the whole House at the next sitting.

The official return of the Cassiar election was presented to the House and ordered to be printed in the Journals.

The leader of the opposition seized the opportunity to severely arraign Capt. Irving for his action in asking the courts to restrain the returning officer from making his official declaration. The application would, if successful, have deprived the constituency of representation for four years unless special legislation were introduced, said Mr. Martin, and all on the spiciest technical ground.

Hon. Mr. McBride replied in warm language defending Capt. Irving, who was not able to answer for himself in that place, which the speaker said made the attack appear in all the more unfavorable light.

The House then adjourned until Wednesday at 2 p.m.

Petitions Presented. Mr. Clifford presented a petition for a private bill to incorporate the Kitimat Caledonia Co. for the purpose of building a wagon road from the head of Kitimat Arm to Hazelton on the Skeena river.

The petition of the Lake Bennett Ry. Co. for a private bill to incorporate a railway from a point on Dyea river to Lake Bennett, south of the 60th parallel, was also presented by Mr. Clifford.

Mr. Price Ellison presented a petition from the Skeena Valley Ry. Co. for an act of incorporation. The petitions presented on Monday were read and received.

Notice of Motion. Mr. McInnes will ask the government on Thursday: What title has the government to the land upon which the Nanaimo court house is built?

On Thursday next Mr. McInnes will ask the government: Is it the intention of the government to send a judge to the Atlin district this season; also who are the "certain owners" referred to in the report of Thomas Morgan, inspector of Vancouver Island collieries, as follows: According to the act (53) publication of the detailed returns of a colliery can only be made with the consent of the owners thereof and as "certain owners" have refused such consent I am unable to give a detailed account of the output, etc.

Mines Report, 1899, page 829; also, is it the intention of the government to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act so that the said "certain owners" will not be permitted to prevent the publication of such details?

Mr. Gardin gives notice that he will ask the government on Wednesday: Is it the intention of the government to investigate the alleged fraudulent practices in the naturalization of Japanese recently arrived in this province?

Mr. Tatlow will on Thursday ask the government: Is it the intention of the government to amend the Public School Act so as to exempt from examination in other than professional subjects for second-class certificates High School students who have passed the matriculation examination of any affiliated university?

Mr. Tatlow will also ask on Thursday: Is it the intention of the government to cancel the present very unsatisfactory list of voters in the electoral district of the city of Vancouver?

Mr. Clifford will ask the Hon. Minister of Mines on Thursday: Is it the intention of the government to give notice to all gold commissioners, recorders, clerks in government offices in mining districts and constables that they will be liable to immediate dismissal if they directly or indirectly hold any interest in placer or mineral claims in the district in which they are employed; also, is it the intention of the government this session to amend the Placer Mining Act, as regards the size of the placer claims, 2nd, so as to prevent jumping?

Mr. Clifford on Thursday will ask the Hon. Attorney-General: When does the government intend sending a judge to the Atlin district to settle the mining disputes there regarding the ownership of mineral and placer claims; also, is it the intention of the government to appoint a recorder and constable for the new Porcupine mining district?

BRITISH COLUMBIA PHOTO ENGRAVING CO. FINE HALF TONE & ZINC ETCHING. OUR SPECIALTY. 26 Broad St. VICTORIA, B.C. NEWSPAPER CUTS AND DESIGNING.

Qualified Teachers

Results of the Recent Examinations in the Province at Last Announced.

Names of the Successful Candidates and the Rating They Secured.

The result of the teachers' examinations which were held in Victoria, Vancouver, Kamloops and Nelson the beginning of July have been announced. The examiners were F. H. Eaton, M.A.; John H. Kerr, B.A.; Ed. B. Paul, M.A., and W. Wilson, B.A.

ADVANCE FOR THE CAVALRY

There is one characteristic of modern warfare which a writer in Blackwood calls attention, which will add not a little to the moral effect of an attack of cavalry upon infantry.

INTENDED FOR OTHERS

Difficult to Believe Advice Applies to Us.

"While reading the morning paper at breakfast, I frequently read over the advertisement of Postum Food Coffee, and finally began to wonder if it was a fact that my daily headache and dyspepsia were due to coffee drinking."

"I never occurred to me that the warning fitted my case."

"I had been on the diet cure for more than ten years, having tried a strictly meat diet also a strictly vegetable diet and at other times left off breakfast for a time and again left off dinner, but all these efforts were futile in ridding me of the steady half-sick condition under which I labored."

"I had never once thought of overhauling 'dear old coffee,' but when it finally occurred to me to make the trial and take up Postum, I immediately discovered where the difficulty all these years came from. I now eat anything for breakfast, as much as I desire, doing justice to a good meal, and the same at lunch and dinner, with never a headache or any other disagreeable symptom. My only 'postum' now is to know that I have Postum served as it should be made, that is properly boiled. There is a vast difference between poorly made Postum and good."

"C. E. Hart, Alameda, Cal., insists that he owes his life to me because I introduced him to Postum. I have a number of friends who have been finally cured of stomach and bowel trouble of the most obstinate kind by Postum Food Coffee in place of regular coffee."

"Please do not use my name."

D. J. H., 1223 Bremen St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Qualified Teachers

Results of the Recent Examinations in the Province at Last Announced.

Names of the Successful Candidates and the Rating They Secured.

Table listing names of successful candidates and their marks for various subjects like English, Mathematics, etc.

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"Please do not use my name."

D. J. H., 1223 Bremen St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Rhodesians Engaged

Force Under Sir F. Carrington Drives Boers From Position on St. Louis River.

Ten Thousand Colonists Joined the Ranks of the Enemy During the War.

London, July 25.—A new element has entered into the South African campaign with the receipt of news that Gen. Carrington, with his Rhodesian force, has had his first fight, attacking the Boers and carrying their position on the St. Louis river on Monday after a sharp engagement. General Carrington lost four killed and 10 wounded.

London, July 24.—A line book has been issued containing the official correspondence with reference to the treatment of rebels in South Africa. It contains an interesting note by Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner, estimating the number of colonists who joined the Boers at 10,000. Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, lays down the rule that there should be no vindictiveness in the treatment of rebels, but that justice to the loyalists is the obligation of duty and honor.

An official dispatch received from Capetown to-day, dated Monday, says: "The railway forwarded is now clear of Boers. The line is slightly damaged, but will soon be clear. Capt. Fowler proceeds to-morrow to repair the telegraphic."

Martial Law.

Capetown, July 24.—In the Cape assembly today the government indignantly refused to accept a motion in favor of the repeal of martial law in Cape Colony made by Mr. John Xavier Merriman, former colonial treasurer.

Mr. Rose Innes generally expressed the readiness of the government to repeal the law whenever repeal should become practicable, but said that the time had not yet arrived.

The House cheered the government's decision.

THE BOYS IN AFRICA "EASE THEIR FEET"

With a FOOT ELM powder in each shoe. When the first Canadian Contingent was despatched to South Africa, they were supplied with "FOOT ELM," as it had been so wonderfully successful in preventing and curing swelling, blistering and chafing of the feet, as well as being of especial comfort to tired and tender feet.

These unhappy persons who suffer from rheumatism and dyspepsia should use Carrington's Heart and Nerve Pills, and I can now without hesitation say that they have been beneficial in relieving me of an obstinate and long-standing complaint affecting my heart and nerves.

MR. J. D. ROBINSON, DUNDAS, ONT. Gives His Honest Opinion of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mr. J. D. Robinson, a resident of Dundas, Ont., has found these pills to do all that is claimed for them and made the following statement of his case: "Some time ago I obtained a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and I can now without hesitation say that they have been beneficial in relieving me of an obstinate and long-standing complaint affecting my heart and nerves."

"I was troubled with sleeplessness, dizziness, palpitation and neuralgia for such a long time that I had really given up hope of a cure. Now that others may learn of the virtues of this remedy, I give my unqualified testimony."

"My honest opinion is that there is no cure so good for heart and nerve troubles as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are sold by all druggists.

ORIGIN OF THE MONTHS' NAMES. October, November and December. January was named after the Roman god, Janus, the deity with two faces. February comes from the Latin word februa, to purify. March was named after the Roman goddess Mars, and June was so called in honor of Juno. July was named in honor of Julius Caesar. August gets its name from Augustus Caesar. September is from the Latin septem, seven, this being the seventh month according to the old Roman calendar. October, November and December also retain the names by which they were known under the old calendar, when there were but ten months in the year—seto, novem and decem meaning eight, nine and ten.

Do you desire perfect satisfaction with your corsets? Of course you do. Then try a pair like those shown above. You can get a pair to fit you just as snugly and which will most tire you with the long wear they will give. The material, fit and finish cannot be surpassed. The E. T. is A. I.

CHINESE WARS.

The Chinese have never taken kindly to the "foreign devils," and ever since the war of 1841 with Great Britain, which left us in possession of Hongkong, they have made "sporadic" efforts to drive the unwelcome intruders from their sight. The great barrier of prejudice, superstition, contempt and hatred, has been difficult to scale, and as a matter of fact the interior of the country remains almost as impenetrable as ever to the Caucasian commercial adventurer and the trader. With all the great nations of the world hammering at these walls and threatening to raze them to the ground it seems in the end the Mongolian will have to yield and permit the forces which are so rapidly civilizing all the other inaccessible portions of the earth to find their way to the innermost parts of China; but the Chinese statesmen have not yet reconciled themselves to this innovation. They have appealed to the United States, and that country will intervene on their behalf with the powers on condition that proof be furnished that all is well with the foreign ambassadors in Peking. The chief rulers have undertaken to comply with this demand, and in spite of the scepticism of the world they succeed Russia may fume and Japan may rage, but at the command of the United States and of Great Britain the foreign armies must be withdrawn and the government given a chance to restore order in its own territory and to protect those who rely upon its good offices. That will mean a return to the "sphere of influence" and the "open door," and the pioneers of commerce and of civilization will undauntedly bore their way into the fastnesses of the heathen, until another uprising produces conditions almost parallel to those at present being dealt with.

Since the war of 1841 there have been "rebellions" and uprisings in China, in which the lives of foreigners have been held as ransoms, outrages and torturings being the rule and the destruction of property the outcome. The culminating point was the "Arrow affair," the patience of Britain was exhausted, and war was declared in 1857. It is the boast of the Chinese that as a nation they are stable, and that their customs never change. A glance at the history of their relations with other powers reveals the fact that at least in some respects this is perfectly true. The same expatriating indifference as to the value of human life, the shifting, the procrastination, which provoked the war of 1850, is in evidence to-day, and it is a policy which bears the same fruit as did the crooked diplomatic tree of that time. France was then the only nation that was doing business in the Far East, and she joined with Britain in the complaints which were lodged against the peculiarities of Chinese diplomatic methods. This joint action has been called a prolongation of the war with Russia, which had been concluded only about three years before, but, as a matter of fact, Russia and the United States were also represented by war vessels at the scene of hostilities, although their officers were strictly enjoined not to take any part in the operations. The account of the events which occurred about this time is of the greatest interest to Britons and Americans, as it was during the progress of one of the engagements that an expression which has often been quoted since was first made use of.

In May, 1858, Lord Elgin had concluded a treaty at Tientsin, which it was agreed should be ratified in Peking the next year. But when Sir Frederick Bruce, the British minister, attempted to pass Taku for this purpose his vessels were fired on from the forts, which were thought to be impregnable, having been rebuilt with great care under the superintendence of European engineers. The envoy and his escort of course could not get past these, and they returned to Shanghai. When the news of this outrage reached Britain a large force was dispatched to China under Sir Hope Grant, with instructions to co-operate with the French in an attack on these forts. The naval attack commenced on June 25th, 1860, and the allies, with the contempt for the Chinaman and his methods which exists to this day, boldly assaulted the strong and well-defended works. The attempt was foredoomed to failure, and, although assisted by strong landing parties, after a bloody conflict the allies were repulsed.

During this engagement there were lying at the mouth of the Peiho a Russian gunboat and two American frigates, the Minnesota and the Mississippi, under the command of Commodore Josiah Tatnall. Their orders were that they were to watch rather than fight, and the Russian commander, with the strict attention to duty which he might expect under the circumstances, observed his to the letter. But the feelings of the American got the better of his judgment, and he heroically made his way through a fire that killed the coxswain of his craft to the side of the British admiral, who had been wounded, and lent the use of his boat to tow the loads of British marines into action, "excusing his breach of orders and international law by saying: "Blood is thicker than water." We have had another exemplification of the truth of these memorable words within the last few days by the spectacle of British and American soldiers fighting shoulder to shoulder against the same enemy, and there is no reason to doubt that, notwithstanding minor differences, those who speak one language, are of a common origin and are inspired by the same love of political

and religious liberty, will ever be found in antagonism to all the powers and influences which are arrayed against these heritages of the free-born.

The Premier did not mean to convey the idea, when speaking on the address, that the Turner government had been a good government and that it would be a good thing for the province to have it restored. When he spoke of it as having done more for the province than any other administration, he was stating his opinion of the utter uselessness of all previous governments. No person knows better than Mr. Dunsmuir that British Columbia will not tolerate a revival of Turnerism, and we believe he would be the last man to try to resurrect the corpse. The Premier has started well on his political career and will continue to gain public approval if he keeps in a straight course unburdened with legacies left by his predecessors. There are some loads that not even Mr. Dunsmuir can carry, and the record of the Turner government is one of them.

The fishermen on the Fraser river may have been badly advised by their leaders, nevertheless it is to be regretted that Canadian troops had to be called out practically for the purpose of permitting Orientals to take the places of our own people. Of course under the British flag the law makes no distinction between persons or races, and its majesty must be upheld. The Dominion labor commissioner did his best to bring the warring elements together and effect a settlement, but without avail, and from this fact the lesson may be drawn that it is absolutely necessary that a court should be constituted with the power to compel the compulsory arbitration of all industrial disputes. No individual or company with a good case need be afraid to submit a dispute to such a tribunal, and the gain to the community would be great.

Our American friends in the north are making the looked-for protest against the location of the Alaska boundary in any other position than along the line where they think it should be placed. Would it be possible to give our neighbors as much territory as would be satisfactory to them? The new boundary, it is well to remember, is merely provisional, and we are not without hopes that some glimmerings of the light of reason may yet penetrate to the fastnesses of the intellects of American statesmen and guide them into the paths of international rectitude. In that event we shall have an opportunity to gain our rights through the judgment of an impartial tribunal. We have never asked for more.

The principal changes proposed to be made in the law for the regulation of the liquor traffic by the bill now before the House are the elimination of the clause applying to the Japanese, which was the cause of the disallowance of the former act, and the reduction of the fee for hotels in rural districts. For a wholesale license it is proposed that the charge shall be two hundred dollars a year, for a hotel in a place with less than fifty inhabitants sixty dollars, and for all communities with a population in excess of that two hundred dollars per annum. Clause 44, providing that license-holders shall furnish securities for the payment of all fines and penalties for contravention of the act, has been dropped entirely.

The occurrences on the Fraser will not be likely to engender more cordial relations between the Oriental and Occidental races in Canada.

FRASER RIVER DISPUTE.

To the Editor: About the year 1893 the provincial government established a labor bureau office in the Board of Trade building for the purpose of regulating the supply and demand of labor.

In August, 1894, the government authorized enquiries to be made to ascertain whether the then Labor Conciliation and Arbitration Act met with the approval of employers of labor and employees, and if they considered that legislation in the direction of compulsory arbitration would tend to debar capital from being invested in the development of the industries of the province. Ninety-seven per cent. of the answers received were in favor of compulsory arbitration without penalties for enforcing the decision. The act was so amended by the officials under the supervision of Premier Davis and passed its second reading in the House. Previous to the third reading, however, a deputation, consisting of cattlemen, sawmill men and others, assembled at the Driad Hotel and waited upon the government. The result was the bill was withdrawn and there was to be no labor legislation passed that session. Shortly afterwards the labor bureau office was closed, as the money was needed for the purpose of providing the salary and maintaining the position of the agent-general in London.

I maintain, sir, that it is the duty of the government to frame such legislation as can be put in force by either party in a dispute. Should the dispute affect any of our large industries such as mining, canning, or lumbering, the government should compel the disputants to submit their grievance at once and then arbitrate instead of allowing the dispute to assume alarming proportions and probably result in riots and the loss of life. Had the amended act of 1894 been allowed to pass, the mine owners of Kootenay would have had no cause to complain, and the present fishery dispute would have been quickly and amicably settled.

It has just leaked out that a plot existed at the end of June to assassinate the Chinese minister in Paris and Yu Keng, also a member of the legation.

Less Than Half Pack

Statement of Latest Northern Salmon Returns Up to Sailing of Queen City.

Poor Run on Rivers Inlet and Also at Princess Royal Island.

This year's Northern salmon pack, interest in which is now the greater since the strike on the Fraser has practically suspended all fishing operations on the river, and is likely to result in a big shortage in the annual output, is not going to be nearly as large as it was last summer. In fact from present indications there will be little over a half pack. On Rivers Inlet the fish are not running any too plentifully at present, and here particularly will the shortage be felt, for last year the returns of the inlet were exceptionally good. Canneries on the Skeena will probably make a full pack, but the new cannery established on Princess Royal Island, near China Hat, is having a very poor run.

Robert Ker, of R. P. Rithet & Co., returned from the North on the steamer Queen City on Monday, and from information received from him the Times is enabled to publish a complete statement of the packs compiled from the latest reports received from the different canneries, as follows:

Table listing salmon pack returns for various locations including Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Alert Bay, and others, with values in dollars and cents.

Robbery The Motive

Indications of a Tussle Between Murdered Japanese and Thieves Up North.

Countrymen of Killed Offer a Reward for Arrest of Guilty Parties.

Further particulars of the murder of two Japs in the North, which was reported in yesterday's Times, are given by Robert Ker, who has just returned from a business trip to Rivers Inlet.

The scene of the murder was not Naas river as was stated, but Rivers Inlet, according to Mr. Ker, and the bodies of the two men had not been recovered up till the time he had left for Victoria.

The crime seems to be enshrouded in mystery, and the regrettable lack of police work done thus far in the case is another argument in favor of the new cutter proposed for Dominion service on the Coast. The two missing men were recent arrivals from the Orient, and had been employed in one of R. P. Rithet & Co.'s canneries on the Inlet. On the night of July 12th they had gone out fishing with others and were not missed till next day. Then their boat was found, revealing in part the story of their tragic fate.

The Japanese, too, were in a state of great indignation on being made acquainted with the tragedy. They at once held a meeting, and after lengthy discussion decided to offer a reward of \$250 for the arrest and conviction of the murderers. At first they talked of making the reward \$500. All were much incensed over the crime, and were determined to make every effort to apprehend the guilty.

When next day their boat was found, the Indian fishermen became greatly excited and were about to go on strike, but they soon learned that it was not of their number the murdered belonged.

The Japanese, too, were in a state of great indignation on being made acquainted with the tragedy. They at once held a meeting, and after lengthy discussion decided to offer a reward of \$250 for the arrest and conviction of the murderers.

"DREADNAUGHTS."—Pure Egyptian Cigarettes are fully appreciated by smokers. The enormous sale of this brand proves it. For sale everywhere, 15 cts. per pack.

China straw matting at 15 and 20 cents a yard, just the thing for campers and summer resorts, at Weller Bros.

FREE TO WOMEN. I will send to any lady a recent for patient or red points. It will be sent in a box. Absolutely harmless.

Mrs. Norton, 27 W. Ferry St. Buffalo.

"The greatest that has been" IS THE SALE OF

EMPIRE

Smoking Tobacco

For the reason that it's good. It does not bite the tongue.

A 5c plug is as big as a 10c. plug of other kinds.

For Sale everywhere 5, 10 and 15c. Plugs. Even the tags are valuable—save them.

SPENCER'S

Ladies' and Men's Tailoring.

We have secured as Manager, Mr. L. H. Tarrant, one of the foremost Sartorial artists in North America.

Mr. Tarrant will guarantee a perfect fit without the many try-ons necessary with some

We have now a good stock of fine English Cloths, and are ready to make up Ladies' Costumes and Men's Suits in the latest styles at reasonable prices.

Our Mail Order business is growing rapidly and customers all over B. C. are finding it is not at all necessary to send to Eastern Canada to supply their needs.

This department is managed as a distinct and separate business, and the interests of absent customers are faithfully studied. If you would like any of your friends to have the advantage of our Mail Order System let us have name and address and we will forward complete illustrated catalogue.

N.B.—Pants and Vest Makers wanted in Tailoring Department.

CORTICELLI SEWING SILK is a perfect silk on account of the perfectness of its parts.

Each thread is made up of one hundred strands of "neat" or "cacoan" silk. Each strand is tested by an infallible machine which stops automatically for the slightest flaw, knot or irregularity—a mistake the eye can't see this machine detects.

Every yard of Corticelli Sewing Silk must be perfectly smooth, strong, full letter A before it can get on a spool with our label.

That label is your guarantee of perfection in Sewing Silk.

For Sale Everywhere. Ask for it and see you get it.

China straw matting at 15 and 20 cents a yard, just the thing for campers and summer resorts, at Weller Bros.

FREE TO WOMEN. I will send to any lady a recent for patient or red points. It will be sent in a box. Absolutely harmless.

Mrs. Norton, 27 W. Ferry St. Buffalo.

WANTED—Waitress: At Dominion Hotel.

HELP WANTED—Ten good smart sewing girls for factory. Apply Lena & Leiser, 25 1/2 Yates street.

WANTED—Purchaser for debentures, bearing 10 per cent. interest, payable half-yearly. Security for principal and interest first-class. Address: P. O. Box 112, Victoria.

WANTED—Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, scrap iron, rope, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. B. Aaronsen, Agent.

LIGHT TEAM AND WAGON FOR SALE. Apply 69 View street.

LADIES—Free, harmless monthly regulator; cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R. 225, Millwauke.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Single or en suite. Apply 123 Vancouver street.

FURNISHED HOUSE—Best part of town, to rent, or available for news or board several desirable persons. Address "X," Times.

HOUSES TO LET—Water free; Stanley avenue, \$16; on Speed avenue, \$7; several cottages on McNeill street, on Pine street, Victoria, Wash., and on 2 story house on Vancouver street, \$8; on North Graham street, \$5; also houses for sale in all parts of the city. W. More & Co., 26 Government street.

MONEY TO LOAN—Trust money to loan at reasonable interest on good real estate security. Apply M. Victoria Post Office Box 401.

SEWER PIPE, FLOWER POT, ETC.—B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., Cor. Broad and Pandora, Victoria.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping taught.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplies at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, Masonic Hall, Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 120 P. M.

COAL AND WOOD. LUMP COAL, NUT COAL, SACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 494. Messrs. Holland & Co., Traders and Broad street.

JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cess-pools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; John Cochran, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 126.

MR. FROCK KEE, scavenger, will remove any kind of rubbish. No. 54 Piquart street, cor. Government street, City.

THE PIONEER OF CASH PRICES ON WALLPAPER, PAINTS, ETC., IS NOW

Slashing Prices On Wall Paper

MAKE YOUR SELECTION TO-DAY.

FORRESTER 82 Douglas St.

VICTORIA LAWN TENNIS CLUB ANNUAL TOURNAMENT AND CHAMPIONSHIP OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Commencing Monday, July 30, 1900, and Following Days. Grounds—Belcher Street.

PROGRAMME: GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES. Championship of British Columbia. Winner takes first prize and is entitled to play present holder of Trophy, Miss M. Goward, for championship of British Columbia. Winner of latter event is entitled to hold Shield for one year. Entrance fee, \$1.00.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES. Entrance fee \$2.00 each pair. 1st and 2nd prizes.

LADIES' SINGLES. Championship of British Columbia. Winner takes first prize and is entitled to play present holder of Trophy, Miss M. Goward, for championship of British Columbia. Winner of latter event is entitled to hold Trophy for one year. Trophy must be won three times before becoming the property of any holder. Entrance fee, \$1.00.

LADIES' DOUBLES. Entrance fee \$2.00 each pair. 1st and 2nd prizes.

MIXED DOUBLES. Entrance fee \$2.00 each pair. 1st and 2nd prizes.

Entries must be sent into and received by the Honorary Secretary on or before Thursday, 26th July, 1900. The Files of the Lawn Tennis Association of England will be observed. Entrance to grounds \$1.50 for the week, or 50 cents a day.

Entrance fees are in all cases payable in advance. ALEXIS MARTIN, Hon. Sec. V. L. T. C., 30 Government street.

AN EXCURSION AND PICNIC. Will be held at DUNCAN on SATURDAY, JULY 28th, under the auspices of the Masonic Fraternity. Members can procure tickets from the committee, J. W. Crookley, R. G. Wickham, P. J. Biehl, H. J. Ball, G. G. Glover, J. J. Hamilton, E. B. Paul, L. Tait, P. H. Russell, J. C. Horne, J. D. Day, J. F. Fudge, Pope Stationery Co., Paterson, Shaw, Co., Salmon, Pitt-Rivers, Wardrobe, Sea & Gear.

Paris Green

Is considered to be the best destroyer of the

Cut Worm

We will be glad to supply you.

Cyrus H. Bowes, Chemist.
98 GOVERNMENT STREET.
TELEPHONE 425. NEAR YATES ST.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, July 25-5 a.m.—The high barometer area which has been hovering off the American coast for several days is slowly spreading towards this province, where it will probably cause another hot and warmer spell. With the exception of a few showers west of the Cascades, the weather has been fair from the Pacific to the Great Lakes, cool on the Coast and hot between the ranges. Carbonic temperature of 96 and Eastern Washington 100 degrees.

Forecasts.

For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday. Victoria and vicinity—Moderate winds, mostly S. and S. W. fair, to-day and Thursday, lighter temperature. Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, fair and warm to-day and Thursday.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 57; minimum, 57; wind, calm; rain, trace; weather, cloudy.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 58; minimum, 56; wind, calm; rain, 0.1; weather, cloudy.
Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, clear.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.86; temperature, 62; minimum, 62; wind, 4 miles S.E.; weather, fair.
Burrville—Barometer, 29.82; temperature, 56; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, clear.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, 56; minimum, 54; wind, 12 miles S.W.; weather, clear.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Baseball, Caledonia Grounds, Saturday, 3 p.m. Victoria vs. Amities.

Hear Miss Webb and Mr. Hodson in high class song and story at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening.

Purchasers of bicycles, if looking for reputation, quality and value, inspect the Hambley Cycle Co., Broad and Broughton streets.

Scops are useful things in their way—the reporter loses them, the grocer uses them. When he sells you Hon-di-Ceylon Tea they are never needed—it's only sold in packets.

Preserving peaches. One of the latest shipments of Crawford (free stones) is expected to arrive here tomorrow. Would advise you to place your orders with your grocers at once, as this will be the best chance this season.

Call and inspect the fine stock of lawn tennis and cricket goods just opened at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street.

A letter from Nome states that the Wild Goose railway is completed and in operation for a distance of three and one-half miles out from Nome City. The road is being constructed by Charles D. Lane, the California millionaire, and perhaps the heaviest operator in all the Nome district.

A two-story frame dwelling, the property of T. M. Brayshaw, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The blaze was noticed by Officer Carow, who turned in the alarm, and the brigade made a quick run to the scene. A small cottage, occupied by R. Hughes, was scorched but not burned. The burned building has been unoccupied for some time.

Arrivals from Seattle say that large quantities of war material arrive almost daily in that city for China. From Jeffersonville, Ind., alone there is on its way to Seattle fifteen carloads of escort wagons, five hundred field ranges and twenty-five cars of other supplies. Twenty-five carloads are made up of all sorts of wearing apparel for soldiers and general supplies ranging from needles to coffins.

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—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Price 10c.

—Baseball—Game of the season. Caledonia Grounds, Saturday, 3 p.m.

Bicycle Repairs.—We undertake to have your work done on time. Hambley, Cyclery, Weller Bros.

—You will find it in the B.C. Guide. 5c per copy, 50c per year. In all book stores in B. C.

—An Italian was convicted in the city police court this morning of drunkenness and was fined \$5 and costs.

—This is the last day but five for Corona portraits at the reduced price of four dollars. Have you had yours taken? Skeue Lowe's studio.

—Miss Ethel Webb, elocutionist, and Mr. W. Graham Hodson, tenor soloist, give a recital in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening at 8.30. Silver collection.

—Our Hair Fanning Machine has arrived. Ladies' hair shampooed and dried in 15 minutes. Price of ordinary head of hair 50 cents, at Mrs. C. Kosche's, 53 Douglas street.

—See "Busch," the marvellous Aerialist, at 7 o'clock to-night.

—Don't fail to see Miss Lillian Howe at the Delmonico Music Hall and hear the "Gilded Daughters" and a "Bird in a Gilded Cage," introducing 21 beautiful life-like pictures with each song to-night.

—The funeral of the late Edward Madigan took place yesterday from St. Joseph's Hospital and later from St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral to Ross Bay cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Father Althoff. The following acted as pallbearers: M. Kain, B. Finnerty, M. Onda and J. Pullar.

—The death occurred at the Jubilee Hospital yesterday of Alex. Wallace, one of the pioneer miners of this province. He was a native of Scotland and had reached the age of 82 years. The funeral took place this afternoon from the R. C. Funeral-Publishing Co.'s rooms, Rev. A. B. Winchester officiating.

Superior Specimens of Summer Shirts! A case just to hand from New York. The S. Reid Co., Ltd.

An hour and a half with the best quality in rest and recreation to the weary business-burdened. Come then to St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening and hear the gracefully versatist Miss Webb, and the accomplished vocalist Mr. Hodson, in a recital at once artistic and uplifting. Commence at 8.30 sharp.

A man who claims that he is recently from the North was arrested by the police last night with a loaded revolver. He was in possession. This morning he told the court a half-hour story of being pursued by an enemy from Dawson to Victoria, and being obliged to carry the shooting iron for his own protection. The magistrate doubted the man's story, and sent him to jail for a month.

A. R. McFarlane and Miss Letitia Baker were married in Seattle on Monday. Rev. Mr. Damon officiated. The event having taken place at his residence, and Miss Belle T. Milne, who has been visiting friends in Seattle, acted as bridesmaid, while Mr. Gibson, a California friend of the young couple, supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. McFarlane are now spending their honeymoon in Seattle.

The fire brigade had another long run, due to a false alarm, this forenoon. The box from which the alarm was dispatched was situated at the corner of Burdick road and Douglas streets, and when the brigade reached the scene no one was in sight. These false alarms have become so frequent that the question of removing the keys from the boxes has become a subject of deliberation with the fire wardens and chief.

Ah Goy, a Chinaman, who was summoned two or three days ago for infraction of the health by-law, was this morning sentenced to a fine of \$20 which with interpreter's fees was augmented to \$25. Ah Goy had one of the filthiest duck yards and hen coops in town, and upon being arraigned yesterday told the court that since the issue of the summons he had had it cleaned. A remand was granted to allow the sanitary officer to investigate the truth or otherwise of the fellow's statement, when it was found that he had lied, and had done absolutely nothing toward cleansing the pen; hence the severity of the fine imposed this morning.

See Madeline Del Ray at Savoy to-night.

Workmen have been engaged for several days in painting the call boxes and hydrants of the fire department white instead of red as formerly. This it is hoped will do away with much of the confusion which has arisen, especially among Japs and Chinese, who frequently mistake the alarm box for letter boxes, on account of the similarity of the painting, red being in false alarms. The post-office department at Ottawa was consulted and it was found that red was the uniform color of these boxes throughout Canada. The local department therefore decided to employ white. The hydrants are much easier distinguished, especially by night, since the change, than formerly.

It is altogether probable that the excursion and picnic of C. P. R. employees this year will be held at Sidney park. The management have been in communication with Manager Patterson, of the V. & S. road, asking upon what terms they would dock a steamer at Sidney, and employ the company's park and dancing pavilion. They have all been placed at the disposal of the company free of charge by the V. & S., and it is understood that the Yosemite will be chartered for the outing. If this arrangement is carried

BLACK MAN AS CITIZEN.

In the Nineteenth Century, the Rev. J. S. Moffat has a very instructive article on the native problem in South Africa...

Here at least there is no pretence or hypocrisy; there is no affectation of pitying the black man as a citizen on a level with the white...

The respectable, civilized, progressive employer of labor, only one remove in color from a white man...

Thoughtful Native in South Africa sees hope for his people mainly in Imperial as against Colonial administration...

We have one choice of alternatives. We may allow the Boer to persist in regarding black men as a servile race...

Healthy Constitutional Growth, as we see them doing in Great Britain and in the United States...

When Shippo purchased that revolver which happily proved so useless in his inexperienced hands...

If an Italian or a Spaniard happened to witness a scene of the British stage he would smile...

He will find that he cannot hit once in a score of times a postage-stamp stuck on the wall at the height of an imaginary victim's bosom...

Instead, therefore, of the point going unerringly to its mark, it moves in a curve, which, almost invariably, will throw it clear of the point aimed at...

The expert grip upon the dagger is a singular one, but it achieves its object. He only takes the handle of the weapon with his thumb and first three fingers...

But the stiletto, rather than the dagger, is the ideal weapon of the assassin. Few people know what the true stiletto is like, and fewer still how it is manipulated...

In the first place it has no hilt, only a wooden handle, resembling that of the common chisel, but without the brass band. The blade—if blade it can be called—is a slender three-cornered thing, except for the rough texture, very like a file...

When the ill-fated Empress of Austria was stabbed the statement crept into some newspapers that she had actually been wounded with a file. A stiletto, of course, was used, but it was probably quite unfamiliar to many of the newspaper correspondents...

The stiletto handle is held in the palm with the thin blade pointing outwards and upwards. No force is needed, none indeed could be exerted in such a position. But the single terrible "poke" in the liver or the stomach is more than sufficient. It was from such a wound that President Carnot died...

Only one form of cutting weapon is properly held in the conventional stage fashion, and that is the terrible Spanish knife, used by the southern peasant for slicing his onions and his enemies. But this is employed in slashing cross-cut, and not, as a rule, in stabbing—London Express.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE. The young man who pays a portion of his yearly earnings into a RELIABLE COMPANY for an ENDOWMENT POLICY... LE & FRASER, 11 Troncoe Ave., VICTORIA, B.C.

You Can Not Reach Readers of THE TIMES Through Any Other Daily Publication. THE EVENING TIMES, VICTORIA, B.C.

E. & N. RAILWAY Intercolonial Railway. New Time Card TO TAKE EFFECT SATURDAY, MARCH 24TH. LEAVE VICTORIA. ARRIVE VICTORIA. Excursion Tickets ON SALE TO AND FROM ALL POINTS GOOD FROM SATURDAY UNTIL SUNDAY.

SS. CITY OF SEATTLE Sells for Skagway, calling only at Ketchikan and Juneau, every ten days. SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

TRANSPORTATION. Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. Ltd. Summer Excursions Cheap Rates. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC On and after SUNDAY, JUNE 10, S.S. 'ISLANDER' Will leave for Vancouver from the OUTER WHARF...

TRANSPORTATION. Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. Ltd. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 51—Taking Effect June 15th, 1900. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 7 a.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily at 1:30 o'clock p.m. or on arrival of C. P. N. Co. 1 train.

TRANSPORTATION. Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships Walla Walla, Umatic and City of Poughkeepsie, carrying 700 passengers, leave VICTORIA, B.C. 8 p.m. July 25, 28, 31, Aug. 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, 31, and every 3rd day thereafter.

Free Cure For Men. A new remedy which cures every case of weakness, varicocele, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. L. V. Knapp, 204 Hall Building, Detroit, Mich.

THE White Pass and Yukon Route PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. BRITISH YUKON RAILWAY CO. Canadian Development Company Ltd. THROUGH LINE SKAGWAY TO DAWSON.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Away To the Mountains ARE YOU taking a vacation? If so, we would like to send you some literature about our "Hot Springs," "The Great Glacier of the Selkirk," "The magnificent hotels there, operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway..."

O.R. & N. Oregon Short Line. LOWEST RATES. SHORTEST ROUTE. Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Denver. Pullman palace sleepers, upholstered tourist sleepers and new reclining chair cars steam heat, electric light.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT. HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government Street. Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Canada Won Seven Prizes

Mr. Robert Hamilton Tells of the Display of Fruit at Paris Exposition.

Magnificent Samples Sent From British Columbia—Hints to Packers.

The following report of the horticultural exhibit at Paris Exposition was forwarded to Hon. S. A. Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, Ottawa, by Mr. Robert Hamilton:

On my arrival here, March 24th, I reported against the use of the Palais d'Horticulture for the fruit exhibit, unless it was thought that being of concrete the rays of the sun would not strike directly upon the exhibit and would consequently be harmless, but I found that even in March on bright sunny days, the heat in the building was almost insupportable. However, as the British commission promised to have the building made suitable by shading and ventilating it, the commissioners determined to accept it. Some time was lost by this delay, and a further considerable loss of time was incurred by waiting for the paving of our portion of the building, which was never done. After waiting for some time, I suggested that we put down a floor of boards, which the commissioners decided to do. As soon as this was completed preparation was made for the installation of the fruit in the building. Meantime the fruit in solution was opened up, and the jars were made ready by washing; in some cases, relabelling, and in many cases by renewing the solution, after washing the fruit.

Although there had been a great loss of fruit on the voyage more than enough remained to make a good display. This when set up on the shelves was very much admired, especially the peaches and pears, but it was when the natural fruit arrived and was installed that wonder was expressed at the character of the fruit and its fine condition, after nine months' keeping.

The fruit reached Paris by the middle of March, and were, at first, placed in the Canadian Pavilion—Troadero. A few days later they were transferred to the Canadian portion of the Palais d'Horticulture and lay in the heated atmosphere of that building until the floor was put in and preparations for installation were completed.

On opening the cases of jarred fruit, it was found to be in a very bad condition, chiefly due, I believe, to very rough handling in shipment and transhipment; considering the battered appearance of the cases, it is surprising that any of the fruit reached its destination safely. The loss, I judge, was fully a third of the jars. With most careful handling that might have been obtained, and with the stoppers more firmly tied down, the rough handling would not have had such dire effect.

The lot from the Nappan experimental farm came through in splendid condition, and considering the tremendous land journey undertaken that from British Columbia, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories also came in an admirable condition—that from Ontario was perhaps in the worst condition, was due to the fact that the jars were not tightly sealed, and I need hardly say that from the experimental farm was all that could be desired. The very strong boxes that much of the fruit was packed in seem to have obtained to its injury. The most jarring cases, viz., those in which the empty jars had been packed by the manufacturer, came through in best order. Those cases were made of stiff three-quarter inch stuff, about four inches wide and had half-inch spacers between the pieces of wood in the ends—and three-quarter inch cross pieces at the corners. They were about 30 inches long and 20 inches wide and deep with a middle piece to prevent injury from bulging, and were firmly packed with the wild hay, the empty jars being packed in between these jars. This was harmful.

The leakage in many cases, where the bottles were not broken, was very great. In some cases the fruit was entirely dry. This, as I have already stated, was due to defective tying down. Had the notice "this side up" on the cases been observed, and the cases had been invariably kept right side up, most of the loss might have been obviated.

But, notwithstanding the losses sustained, we still had a splendid display. The light colored fruit turned out clean and bright generally, bleached to some extent, but none the less beautiful. The red apples, on the other hand were almost entirely brown—a dead leaf brown. The only jars of red apples that came through in fairly good color were some on which I had changed the liquid just before shipping from Montreal. A few are still good, but they are fast changing, though now that we have the glass shaded the change will be less rapid. Apples, grapes, cherries, and other colored fruit maintained their color very well and when the old fluid was poured off and the fruit was washed clean and a fresh solution was put on, looked almost as well as at first.

A good many of the lighter colored fruits softened, and became mush, while all the kinds suffered to some extent—peaches and raspberries suffered most. This was not, I think, necessarily due to the character of the solution nor carelessness in putting up, but probably to over ripe fruit, or to that and a too strong solution together with the long continued jolting. The jar, which seems to suit this exhibition work the best, is the one with neck and sides equally wide. It is the best one to fill and to pack and looks the best on the stands and tables. It is much more manageable than any of the other forms. I would say the same with

regard to the ornamental bottles, we don't seem to have any place for the short stubby or bellied ones.

The pint, two pints, four pints and six pints size are the most satisfactory, and fit into the general display perfectly. The pints were for almost all the small fruits, including cherries, beans, peas, etc. The two pints for many plums, small peaches and apples. The three pints size for larger plums, peaches and small pears, and the three quart size for very large plums, large peaches and small apples, a few six quart size for large pears and apples. Some of the long or deep ornamental glasses are invaluable for salient positions. The thick bellied glasses do not seem to suit the stands or tables at all.

All the solutions would, I believe, be improved by the addition of glycerine, especially for the more permeable fruit. The dark, tough-skinned fruits suffer less than the light ones. The peaches, light-colored plums, apples and yellow raspberries yield and lose form and firmness under the solutions at present in use. The solution used by the United States people gave better results on light colored fruits than ours, although very few of theirs came through in good condition. Their green and russet fruits kept their natural color, and the dark-skinned peaches looked as if gathered not more than a day or two. They used glycerine freely. Their men who put up the fruit improved in the form, but he is absent and I have not yet received them.

Our natural fruit reached us rather late, but in very fair condition, notwithstanding some of the varieties were long past their season, many of them were almost perfect. Many of them gave 80 per cent, to 90 per cent, of perfectly sound fruit. They had not lost in character or quality, but were firm, crisp and juicy and not wanting in aroma. Had they reached us in the first days of May we should have had much more credit from them.

The fine fleshed apples, Fameuse, McIntosh reds, Scarlet Pippin, Princess Louise and Wealthy were all but worthless; very few were saved, and those few which succumbed under the action of the horticultural building. Some of the cases from British Columbia were magnificent, large, well shaped and beautifully colored fruit, in flesh, crisp and well flavored.

Some of the Ontario and Nova Scotia varieties were almost equally good. The fruit from the Grimsby growers, Wolverton-Nelles and Pettit—was very fine, there was little loss on it. Some varieties from Nova Scotia also were nice, but not equal to the best Ontario or British Columbia fruit. Some cases also from Quebec were in excellent condition. Amongst the less known apple that provided to be good keepers, was a seedling one from a farmer named Boanepamp. At the time of gathering, it resembled a blue pearmain. It still resembles that variety, but not much as it did in the fall. It is of good appearance and good quality, very firm and solid. Another, also a seedling, that closely resembles Esopus Spitzenburg, from a Mme. Cloutier of Coteau St. Pierre, Montreal, kept in splendid condition, and is much admired.

Another that was brought to notice for the first time at the Centennial Exhibition and was then named "La Salle," that was found on the Fraser farm, on the Lower Lachine road, was as solid as when gathered in October and was perhaps the juiciest of the lot. It is of large size and good appearance and would always take the market. Several of the Newman seedlings also kept well and are highly colored. Amongst varieties that completely failed were Canada Reinette, Winter-Calville, Bellefleur, also under its name of Bishop's Pippin, from Nova Scotia, Swainzie, Bethel, Pewaukee, Mann, from some growers, though all right from Grimsby. Kings also were very poor.

Baldwins, Canada Baldwins, Winklers, Canada Reds, Fallawaters, Spies, Spitz, Russets—Golden, Rox, English, American, Nonpareils—Nonesuch, Westfields, Salomes, Ganos, Hibbardsons, Bon Davies, Newtons, Gox Orange, Blue Pearmain, Wagners, American Pippins—all did very well, many of them averaging up to 90 per cent, perfect.

The wrapped fruit was in many cases—but not in all—in the best condition. In far too many cases the fruit was wrongly named, and this occurred with some of the best growers' fruit. I believe it may have happened during the examination at Montreal, when several boxes may have been opened at once, that the wrong heads were put on. That, however, did not spoil the good looks of the fruit.

I hope I have not been too pessimistic and have led you to believe that the fruit is poor. Yesterday the jury awarded us five first prizes, one second and one third. We had first for a Dominion exhibit, first also for Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and British Columbia; second for New Brunswick and third for Prince Edward Island.

The fruits in solution have not yet been judged. The case of fruit from Mr. Ruzgles, of Florida, was a lamentable failure. We filled it up again and set it up for the public to examine. The models from British Columbia are very fine, but were injured in transit.

The horticultural tools exhibit is not as good as I could have wished. It is especially wanting in the small hand tools and is entirely lacking in pruning knives, pruning shears, grape thinning shears, etc., as well as in such things as small seed sowers, hand cultivators, etc.

The photos came to hand all right—and a good sized map of Canada procured from the educational department creates a good deal of interest, and calls up innumerable questions, especially on the gold producing regions.

A triumph of science that has come to stay, "DARDANELLES" Pure Egyptian cigarettes—For sale everywhere, 15 cents per package.

A patent has just been secured for a boot which is fastened at the back instead of at the front.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Dr. J. C. Watson

Mining News

East Kootenay.

Work on the Howe group on the opposite side of the lake is going ahead and the property is improving all the time.

The Hastings syndicate are developing their group of claims. There is a good showing of the Eureka, where it joins the Quantrell claims.

Extensive development is going on at the Bellevue mineral claim, owned by Peter & McKinnis. The prospect is showing up beyond expectations.

The claims of McFarlane and Woods, near the Howe group, are looking well. There are a large number of claims in the vicinity of the lake, all showing a greater or less amount of development.

A. S. McKinstry says the shaft on the Big Dipper, Kimberley, is now down 70 feet and it is the intention to continue this shaft to the 100-foot level.

While the ore body has not yet been considered the indicated lead to the belief that it may be struck at any time.

John Curran, from St. Mary's, brings in good reports from that section. He says all of the claims are looking well and have not been received yet.

His own claim on the north side of the lake, there is a ledge from four to eight feet in width and in the shaft there is eight feet of ore, and he is much encouraged with the outlook.

The Silver Belt mineral claim adjoins the Paradise on the southwest and runs southeast. The ledge can be traced its full length. At the discovery post an open cut has been made which shows two feet of carbonates and clean galena, from which seven average assays gave \$95 in all values. About 250 feet from the discovery post an open cut shows the ledge eight feet wide with about five feet of black sulphides and gray copper ore. Assay returns from this opening have not been received yet.

Messrs. Washburn and Fraser have returned from the Royal Crown, where they have been doing considerable development work. They have a tunnel in some 25 feet and have a showing of six inches of clean ore in the face. They gave us a fine specimen of the ore. The ledge is widening out. The hanging wall is quartz and lime and they have not as yet reached the lower wall. The ledge is traced for 150 feet.

Parties who visited the Big Chief recently express themselves as much pleased with the appearance of the property. One gentleman remarked that there was a large body of ore on the property, something over 28 feet in length, and should this ore carry value it will be one of the big things in East Kootenay. The work is now being done in the No. 2 tunnel, out on the lower or tunnel having for the time being been discontinued.

The Silver Crown adjoins the Silver Belt on the south and is on the same ledge. About 300 feet from the No. 1 post a tunnel has been started which will strike the ledge in about 30 feet. When this tunnel has been driven 200 feet a depth of 250 feet will have been acquired. An open cut on the north side of the mountain shows six feet of ore. On the top the ledge crops out plain above the level of the old mine, and the work, which is about 20 feet, on the south side an open cut shows carbonates. About 150 feet from this lead a parallel vein also runs through this property, which is about three feet wide and is well defined, showing clean galena ore from 12 to 18 inches. Assays from this lead gave 68 per cent, lead and 58 ounces of silver.

The Boundary, which adjoins the Boston, several open cuts have shown up a five-foot ledge of arsenical iron. The owners of the Eagle on the North Fork, received \$12.57 per ton net for the car of ore shipped to Trail recently.

The shaft on the Greyhound in Deadwood camp, is down 90 feet, all in ore. Crosscutting will be commenced at the 100-foot level.

Since finishing the raise in the west drift of the War Eagle, where a splendid ore body was found, work has been pushed on the east drift, and it is improving in appearance.

Both the Winnipeg and Golden Crown have been shipping steadily since the track was completed, and recent work on the J. and R. has uncovered some splendid ore. This discovery is close to the line of the Hard Cash, and it is understood the two claims will be worked together.

The Foothill lies between the Boston, Kingston and O. On this property an open rock cut has been run, tapping the ledge at a depth of nine feet. The exact width of the ledge is not known, but it has been traced for 15 feet with only the hanging wall in sight. It is also said to run very high in copper.

During the past month work has been progressing on the Boston, Kingston and Foothill mineral claims, situated near O. K., in Triple Lake camp. On the Boston a shaft has been sunk disclosing a 30-inch ledge of white quartz carrying tellurium and free gold. Several open cuts have also been run on this property.

John Massam, superintendent of the work on the Marguerite claim in Deadwood camp, reports that the new shaft on the property is down 30 feet. It is situated between the two ledges and about 50 feet from the old shaft. It will be continued down to the 100-foot level, when a crosscut will be run both ways to cut both ledges. Already three strata of ore from two to six inches in thickness have been encountered in the new shaft.

T. Corbell and Andy Hamilton have been working on the Roasting Glimet group on Beaver creek, west fork. They have run a 10-foot tunnel on the Glimet and have prospected the ledge on the surface for 500 feet. A 200-foot tunnel would give a depth of between 200 and 300 feet on the ledge. They have also done assessment work on the Monarch and Maid of Erin. The Monarch has a 2-foot ledge of quartz carrying copper and gold, assays running \$16 in gold and about 5 per cent, in copper. The work done has been surface crosscutting, and a 12-foot shaft.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try **Castoria's Little Liver Pills** and you will find a man who can stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

NO CURE NO PAY!



DR. McLAUGHLIN'S OFFER.

I am not giving Belts away. I am simply curing first and asking my pay afterward. I am doing this because I can do it. I have an Electric Belt that DOES CURE, and any honest man who will secure me can have my money back. If that fails? My Belt is twice as strong as any other, and it can be worn with comfort. It does not burn. Call and consult me to-day or send for my illustrated 30-page book, which tells my story honestly. Sent sealed free.

Republ. Wash., May 22, 1900.

Dr. M. A. McLaughlin, Dear Sir—Yours of the 15th at hand, and will say that I have improved very much. I have gained in strength 170 pounds. Yours respectfully,

W. GRAHAM.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Canadian Pacific railway is building freight and passenger stations here. The buildings are to be 24 by 30 feet in size.

KAMLOOPS.

An Indian woman named Tessie was killed by her husband, George St. Paul, here yesterday. Tessie and another woman left the reserve with a man named Basil George, and in a fit of jealousy Tessie's husband followed them and committed the murder.

BELLA COOLA.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)

The Queen City arrived on July 14th with a large amount of freight for Mr. Clayton and B. C. Merchandise Co. also quite an extensive outfit for an interior Indian. Among the passengers were Mr. Clayton and Dr. Spencer.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The stone masons on the postoffice block struck work on Monday morning because they were not given proper shelter from the fierce rays of the sun. Directly the men quit work, a shelter was put up, and the masons' hammers were busy at work again by 1 p.m.

May Evans, the prisoner who broke jail here in April last, was on Monday sentenced to three months' imprisonment for the offense, the term to run concurrently with the term she is at present serving.

Monday's Columbian says: Conductor Dan Starratt, of the local C.P.R. train, was temporarily laid off to-day, owing to an injury to his right arm, received while his train was coming in from the Junction. The injury was not the result of any railway accident, nor was it anything which could be guarded against. When the train was passing a point about 100 yards from the can factory crossing, some one on the railway bank threw an empty whisky bottle at the train, and it entered the car in which the conductor was at the time, and struck him on the right forearm. The blow was not severe enough to break any bones, but the muscles were badly bruised, and the wrist is now twice its normal size. It is understood the party throwing the bottle was unaware of the passing train, but the railway people have taken the matter up.

VANCOUVER.

On Wednesday last, Rev. E. E. Scott, pastor of Homer street Methodist church, united in marriage George E. Mitchell, manager of Miller & Co's bicycle shop on Bender street, and Miss M. Mackay, of Portlock, Ont.

The officers of the First Baptist church announce that Rev. M. Green, D.D., will continue as acting pastor for several weeks.

The meeting of the Vancouver labor party for the purpose of organizing with a view of attaining to political power, is scheduled to be held in the Labor Hall to-day.

Miss Annie D. Cross has been appointed to the public school at Kamloops and will assume her new duties at the opening of the coming term.

A contingent of Mounted Police is expected to arrive to-day on their way to the North. They are booked for the Amur, which sails on Thursday.

On Sunday, July 22nd, Walter H. Brown and Ina, his daughter, of E. Bann, of 718 Keefer street, were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents. Miss Amy Bevan acted as bridesmaid to her sister while the bride's cousins Gladys and Ruby Gregg, attended her as flower girls. C. L. Bennett acted as the groom.

IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

From Sivan Valley News, Brevard, N.C.

It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

HORSEMASTERSHIP.

The secret of the staying power of the mounted Boer lies, apparently, in the fact that he is not a better horseman, but a better horsemaster than the British trooper or artillery driver. He knows to an ounce how much he can safely take out of his mount, and never ceases on the beast beyond that point. He nurses him always, tends him carefully at every opportunity, and knows how to doctor him the moment he is knocked out. Among our men—excepting probably the colonial irregulars—scarcely a man is ignorant of the effects of abuse of his horse. The majority of the mounted infantry have probably never had any

instruction whatever in the management of horses outside stables. Nor is the prevailing ignorance confined to the rank and file. If only officers understood the necessities of nursing horses under a heavy and prolonged strain, they would see that the right thing was done; but competent witnesses affirm that, though there are conspicuous exceptions, here and there, the average cavalry or artillery officer never gives his attention to such matters, apparently regarding the management of the horses in his command as a menial matter, to be left to the rank and file. I have even heard it said that the smarter and more successful of our cavalry generals would have done much better if he had given more attention to the mysteries of "horse-mastership."—London Truth.

There are 2,000 miles of railway in Cape Colony.

You can buy Eave Troughs and Conductor Pipe

from us—cheaper than you can make them, and you're always sure of perfect quality and fit.

We use only the best brands of Galvanized Steel Plate, and in addition to our many stock lines will make any special pattern to order.

Our Corrugated Expansion Conductor Pipe is ahead of any other pipe made—it allows for contraction and expansion and comes in 10 feet lengths without cross seams.

Why not write for our Catalogue and Price List?

Metallic Roofing Co. Limited
MANUFACTURERS, TORONTO.

Mortgage Sale.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 26th inst. for the purchase of those parcels of land situated in the District of Victoria (now City of Victoria), in the Province of British Columbia, and known as Lots 6 and 7, subdivision of Section 20, and 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 8

Following The Boers

Who Have Evacuated Positions and Are Falling Back on Lydenburg.

The British Advance on Middleburg is Not Likely to Be Contested.

(Associated Press.) Brinkhorst Spruit, July 24.—The Boers, having got wind of the British advance, evacuated their positions and are reported to be moving to the north-east towards Lydenburg, whither Kruger is going.

A portion of the Boers remain north of Bushbuck, whence they will attempt to interrupt communications on this line. The bridges here and smaller bridges to the west have been destroyed.

The British force comprises two brigades under Gen. Frensham and a brigade and a half under Gen. Hamilton. It is not likely that the advance upon Middleburg will be contested.

The Boers remaining upon their farms state that most of the burghers are anxious to bring matters to a finish, but that the foreigners are persistent.

For Invalidated Canadians.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, July 25.—In reply to a cablegram from Lord Strathcona yesterday, the deputy minister of militia at once cabled—110 to each of the 15 invalidated Canadians in London, England. This is the first time that the government has shown interest in the welfare of the difference of Imperial and Canadian pay.

Progressing Favorably. Ottawa, July 25.—Lord Strathcona reports all Canadians invalided to Netley hospital, England, except Pte. G. W. Willoughby, Third Prince of Wales Dragoon, seriously ill from enteric fever, and progressing favorably.

Private W. E. Price, 15th field battery, died of enteric fever on July 21st.

THE PASSING THROUGH.

Arrivals of the Day at City Hotels—Gossip of the Corridors.

Mr. S. E. Lang, B.A., inspector of public schools, from Manitoba, accompanied by Mrs. Lang, is in the city for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Lang are spending a summer holiday in the Coast cities, and as this is their first visit they are much interested in the beauties of the Pacific province. Mr. Lang is one of the most progressive educationists of the province of Manitoba, and takes a leading part in the training of the teachers of that province, conducting one of the Normal school sessions yearly. He was very much surprised to learn that a province so progressive as British Columbia had no institution taking the place of the Normal school, although it is very much interested in the school system of this province, which differs in many important details from that of his home province. Some of the distinctive features of the system here he is much in favor of. Mr. and Mrs. Lang are staying at the Dominion.

Several of the members of the Brandon City teaching staff arrived in the city last evening from Vancouver. They are visiting the West during the summer holidays, having come on the special teachers' excursion inaugurated by the C. P. R. They spend a few days in Victoria and then pass on to the other coastal cities, returning here and then going to Vancouver on their way home. They came by way of the main line of the C. P. R., and will return through the Crow's Nest Pass route. Among the members of the party are Miss L. McKinnon, Miss Magee and Miss Glendinning.

Rear Admiral Kautz, commander-in-chief of the United States navy forces on the Pacific Coast, arrived yesterday afternoon and, with Mrs. Kautz and L. M. Garrett, flag lieutenant on the man-of-war "Albatross," is at the Grand Hotel. The admiral's vessel, the "Albatross," is now at Port Angeles.

Mrs. (Capt.) Thos. Whelan and son leave on the Amur this evening on a visit to White Horse and Dawson, Capt. Whelan being master of the C. D. Co.'s steamer Victoria, on White Horse and Dawson route.

Mrs. A. D. Whittier has returned from a visit to Seattle. She was accompanied by Mrs. F. W. Harbut, of that city, who will spend a few weeks in Victoria, the guest of Mrs. Whittier.

Dr. Stephen White, a United States army surgeon, and his brother, Wilson White, are here from Oakland, Cal., on a tour of the Coast. They are registered at the Dominion.

J. B. Donald, of Greenwood, B. C., is at the Dominion, being in the city in the interest of securing a telephone franchise for the Kootenay country.

F. S. Malby, representing the Ladang Mining Company of Dawson, is at the Dominion again and is making extensive purchases of goods in this city.

J. T. Robinson, secretary of the Kamloops Agricultural Society, is visiting Victoria, and is at the Grand Hotel.

Mrs. J. F. Betts, of New Westminster, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Alexander, 132 Quadra street.

Rev. R. J. Bone, pastor of the Church of England at Dawson, and Mrs. Bone, are at the Dominion.

Samuel M. Robins arrived down from Nanaimo by the noon train.

L. McLean, a Vancouver contractor, is at the Dominion.

Ald. G. McKennell, of Nanaimo, is at the Dominion.

FOUR CHILDREN DEAD.

The Result of an Explosion on a Yacht.

(Associated Press.) Syracuse, N. Y., July 25.—As a result of the steam explosion in the yacht Tribby in lock No. 3, on the Oswego canal yesterday afternoon, Mr. and Mrs. John Spink are bereft of their entire family.

The dead are Iva, Gladys, Harold and Fern, aged 9, 7, 4 and 2 years respectively. The death of Gladys and Iva occurred almost simultaneously last evening.

The baby, Fern, died after midnight, and Harold's death occurred early this morning. Each child was fearfully scalded and suffered great agony while it lasted.

The mother of the children is at St. Joseph's hospital in a precarious condition. She is calling continually for the children.

To Decide A Wager

How a Quebec Grocer Was Victimized by a Couple of Sharpers.

Belleville Banker Dead—Impri-soned for Loitering Near the Welland Canal.

(Associated Press.) Quebec, July 25.—Crop conditions in the country surrounding Quebec are of the most encouraging nature.

The facts have just been learned of the unique manner in which a suburban grocer was victimized by two young sharpers a few days ago. The sharpers walked into the store, bought a gallon of molasses for the purpose, they said, of deciding a wager whether a soft foot out of one of them would hold that quantity. The storekeeper agreed to act as judge. The molasses was poured into the hat, but did not hold even half a gallon. Thereupon the loser said: "I guess I lose," and immediately lifted the hat and clapped it on the head of the grocer, and while the latter was rubbing the molasses out of his eyes, the sharpers made away with \$40 contained in the till.

Ottawa, July 25.—McLeod Stewart, a promoter of the Georgian Bay canal, has issued a card to the electors of Carleton county offering himself as a candidate in the Conservative interest at the general elections.

Leut. Col. Domville, M.P., announces himself as a candidate again for King's county, N. B., not being at all desirous of assuming any government position which in certain quarters, it was rumored, would be forthcoming.

In view of the large quantity of binder twine on hand at Kingston penitentiary, the department of justice, which has charge of the factory, has arranged to send a carload to the Northwest to give an opportunity to farmers there to purchase at favorable prices. If a success, a train load of twine will be sent.

Exciting Messrs. Simon, Herber and Sutherland, all members of the cabinet will be out of town holidaying by the end of the week.

Toronto, July 25.—Conservative organizers are making preparations for the holding of a series of political picnics in September, patterned after those of 1877-78.

Winnipeg, July 25.—Strang's building, occupied by McDonald, Ross, electrician, was damaged by fire this morning. The front of the building being forced out by accumulated gases which caused a terrific explosion. The McDonald's loss is \$8,000.

Belleville, July 25.—Geo. M. Stewart, well-known banker connected with the Ontario Bank branch here, is dead, aged fifty-one years. He was suffering from spinal disease.

Welland, July 25.—John Lennon, giving his place of residence as Bay City, Mich., arrested for loitering on and refusing to go away from the Welland canal, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment this morning.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes titles like Athabasca, Black Tail, Grand and Golden Cr., etc.

The Belle Isle coal mine strike was ended yesterday morning. The men practically gained what they demanded.

To Exclude Orientals

Mr. McInnes Introduces a Bill, Having That Purpose in View.

Mr. Smith Wants Some Information in Regard to the Strike.

The opposition was in caucus this morning discussing the provisions of the bill relating to labor, which W. B. McInnes, M.P.P., is to present to the House. Last evening they met to take into consideration those who should be nominated on the committee of the House. It was decided to name E. C. Smith, Oliver and Munro on the standing committee on agriculture foreosted by Mr. Hayward during the debate on the address.

It is reported that E. C. Smith is likely to desert the opposition and join forces with the government in order that his constituents may participate in the benefits derived from being represented by a government supporter.

On the reassembling of the House this afternoon, Ralph Smith moved the adjournment of the Legislature for the purpose of asking the government what were the reasons which led it to dispatch a force of men to the Fraser river, and asking that the House be placed in possession of those reasons. Mr. Smith deprecated the calling out of the militia, but otherwise his speech was a moderate request for information. As the Times goes to press, Hon. R. McBride is replying to Mr. Smith. It is expected that the opposition will take advantage of the position to attempt to enlist the support of independent members who have hitherto held aloof from them.

The feature of the week promises to be Mr. McInnes's labor bill, which is designed to exclude Orientals, and which the opposition believe the government cannot refuse to accept. The Times is enabled to give a draught of this bill this afternoon. It is as follows:

- 1. This act may be cited as the Labor Act. 2. In construing this act the following expressions shall have the following meanings respectively unless inconsistent with the context: "Employer" shall mean and include any person or body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, liable for the wages of a laborer. "Employer" shall mean and include every person engaged in manual labor. "Government work" shall mean any work done by or on behalf of the government, payable by the government, or authorized to give a draught of this bill this afternoon. It is as follows: 1. This act may be cited as the Labor Act. 2. In construing this act the following expressions shall have the following meanings respectively unless inconsistent with the context: "Employer" shall mean and include any person or body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, liable for the wages of a laborer. "Employer" shall mean and include every person engaged in manual labor. 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