

D
0003980800
9



UC SOUTHERN REGIONAL LIBRARY FACILITY

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA





THE LIBRARY
OF
THE UNIVERSITY
OF CALIFORNIA
RIVERSIDE



UNIVERSITY
OF
PENNSYLVANIA

UNIVERSITIES AND THEIR SONS

UNIVERSITY
OF
PENNSYLVANIA

ITS HISTORY, INFLUENCE, EQUIPMENT AND
CHARACTERISTICS

WITH

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES AND PORTRAITS OF FOUNDERS,
BENEFACTORS, OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

GENERAL JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN, LL.D.

EX-PRESIDENT OF BOWDOIN COLLEGE AND EX-GOVERNOR OF MAINE

SPECIAL EDITORS

Approved by Authorities of the University

HISTORICAL

EDWARD POTTS CHEYNEY, A.M.
CLASS OF '83 PROFESSOR OF EUROPEAN HISTORY

BIOGRAPHICAL

ELLIS PAXSON OBERHOLTZER, PH.D.
CLASS OF '89 AUTHOR OF "THE REFERENDUM IN AMERICA"

INTRODUCTION BY

HON. WILLIAM T. HARRIS, PH.D., LL.D.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

ILLUSTRATED

BOSTON

R. HERNDON COMPANY

1902

24
a 2.

Copyright, 1901, by
R. HERNDON COMPANY

INTRODUCTION

IN the first volume of this work it was the intention to set forth the general character of a representative American University—the inspiring motive of its establishment, its organization and equipment, its historical progress and development, and its large influence as a public institution and as a power in the social order.

Part II of that volume was concerned with the personal factors of the case—the character of the men who, for the great service of their instruction, guidance and inspiration, whether in the communication of positive knowledge, or in the discipline of the powers, discernment of the aptitudes and cherishing of the nobler aspirations and faiths of their immediate pupils, deserve themselves to be cherished in lasting honor.

Following in order now are the ranks of those so highly favored in being the objects of all this interest and devotion. From the University we turn our regard to its Sons. And in doing this, it cannot be expected that a complete account can be given of the character and career of any; still less would it be possible, within the compass of the work, even to make mention of all whose names have been inscribed on these honored rolls. What is attempted here is an exhibition of the widely-varied results of the work of the University, in its office of instruction and education, as shown in its Alumni.

This is not a selection of what may be arbitrarily considered the best examples, but a broad illustration from the whole range of academic preparation seen in every department of active life. While it may not be doubted that those who are here presented have achieved some eminence in their respective fields of activity, it will be borne in mind that the great number of those not in this list have also in manifold good works illustrated the genial influences and positive benefits of their University training. Indeed the larger usefulness, and perhaps we should say the great and supremely justifying end, of the University lies in what does not easily respond to analysis, investigation or enumeration, but runs out into the thousand invisible but mighty influences that make up the daily life of man, and so have part in the development of human history.

The examples herein are, then, of a representative character—not only of the influence of University training, but of the varied active powers in human association for well-doing.

Although it is said by some — we think without sufficient reflection, or it may be from a too professional point of view — that the glory of a University is in what it offers to the best endowed, there is a broader truth revealed in this contemplation, which allows us to believe that the glory of a University is in what it does for all, of any grade and aptitude, who are objects of its concern, and in the remote effects upon the community at large.

The time is past when a University education necessarily implied a strict following of what was known as the “learned professions.” Indeed, this term itself has had large extension within recent years. Law, Medicine and Theology, which made the noble scope of the mediæval Universities, no longer bound the activities of the great schools which have inherited their name and still bear their prestige transported in place and broadened in scope. Journalism; Literary Authorship; Teaching, in its various lines and grades; Engineering, in the construction and handling of the fast developing applications of modern physical science; even more, perhaps, Research, Exploration, Invention, in all fields of observation; and among the elements, Forces of Laws of Action, whether in the physical or psychical spheres; all these demand a preparation for which the means and encouragements of the highest schools are none too ample. The successful prosecution of any of these aims may well deserve the rank of a “learned profession.”

In fact we might warrantably say that in these modern days Science, Philosophy and Art have all enlarged their content and their scope. Geology, Geography, Meteorology, Astronomy, have each revealed new aspects of the world; Biology, new reaches of life; Chemistry and Molecular Physics have opened to us glimpses of wondrous modes of action which we scarcely dignify by calling them laws, inasmuch as they seem like generative powers; the problems of Psychology are investigated on new lines, and even the traditions of history, in its monuments, relics and languages, are tried by new tests and lead to new grounds of conclusion.

We might go even farther, and advancing to the problems arising from associated human effort under modern conditions of material and historic development, consider how great a part must belong to the schools of learning, where should be set forth the principles on which human intercourse and effort are to be conducted — the practical points of intersection of economic and moral laws, — Self-Advantage and Self-Surrender. Among these concerns, susceptible of study — passing from simple to complex, from near to far — are such matters as banking; insurance; instrumentalities of communication and transportation; methods of exchange and use of products; the enfranchisement of industry and commerce, and the large handling of labor and capital necessitated by our complex civilization, — all economic considerations, in fact, affecting man's work and worth in the world.

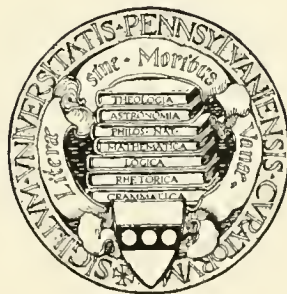
Nor can we stop short of taking into this account all the vast elements and interests which enter into the problems of modern politics, national and international, which demand the exercise of the highest powers and largest sympathies. The dealing with such interests and handling of such instruments is a great trust, the exercise of which will be held to strict account before the tribunals of history and of the Master of Life. Surely such things require the best that our great schools can give for doctrine, instruction and reproof. It is by such things that civilization advances — which is, or should be, a demonstration of the power and worth of Manhood.

What we have especially to remark here, without entering into discussion or detail, is the fact that in man's highest intellectual effort, in his mastery of knowledge, skill, and even of his own powers, he owes a large debt, whether recognized or not, to the great centres of instruction and discipline which make it their function to discover, produce, distribute and inculcate the truths that pertain to man's well-being. So related are human interests that no humblest worker in the associated effort, now so diversified and so widely correlated, can fail to be affected by what the masters of science and inspirers of ideals, as well as the captains of industry and enterprise, develop and devote to practical ends out of what they know of the laws of things and of man. And those who have profited as they were able by years of personal, intimate relations with the chosen masters of knowledge in centres of educational influence, going out into the world in their own work and on lines opened by the public need, become in turn not only producers of their specialty, but new centres of influence radiating their light and strength into the great common life to which they belong.

The whole reach and effect of these manifold activities it would be impossible to trace or estimate. But even by such mere sweep of the eye as we have given, and in such a list of names and services as is presented in these volumes, enough can be seen of the place and part in life of the Sons of our Universities to justify the foresight of the founders of these institutions, the generosity of their patrons and the fostering care of the State. Enough of the larger beneficial result than that limited to immediate individual advantage can surely be apprehended, to command not merely the affection of the alumnus, but the honoring regard of the community. It is this belief which justifies the publishers in presuming upon the kindly reception of the work which they have contemplated with more than a commercial interest, and to which they have devoted the best abilities at their command.

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN.

UNIVERSITY SONS



“It is needed that a great University keep in touch with the spirit of the nation. The time is past for cloister education. More and more in view of the requirements of the society in which we live, is the value of a University training measured by what it does in the making of a citizen. . . . The University can only keep the proud place she has won, by drawing her support from the whole country; and she can only receive that support because the country believes that her teaching and her influence develop true American manhood. Let that belief be lost, and all the millions in her treasury, all her departments equipped for instruction in every branch of learning, cannot save her leadership. . . . The University will be judged by her children.”

EDMUND WETMORE *at Harvard Alumni Dinner.*

UNIVERSITY SONS

MORRIS, Samuel Cadwalader, 1743-1820.

Class of 1760.

Born in Philadelphia, 1743; entered College of Philadelphia 1757, but did not graduate; merchant of Philadelphia; member Committee of Safety and Board of War; Captain in Pennsylvania Militia during Revolution; died in Philadelphia, 1820.

SAMUEL CADWALADER MORRIS, son of Samuel Morris and Hannah Cadwalader, and brother of John Morris of the College of Philadelphia, Class of 1759, was born in Philadelphia, May 29, 1743. He was a student in the College of Philadelphia with the Class of 1760, but left before the completion of his course, and entering upon mercantile life became a prominent merchant of Philadelphia. He was among the signers of the bills of credit issued by Pennsylvania in 1775, and was active in perfecting the military organization of the state. As a member of the Pennsylvania Committee of Safety, and of the Board of War at its organization, he assisted in equipping the state navy, and he was appointed by Congress to have charge of the prisoners of war within that state. He served as Captain in the Pennsylvania Militia, and commanded his company at the battles of Princeton and Trenton. He died in Philadelphia, in February 1820.

WEST, Benjamin, 1738-1820.

Class of 1757.

Born near Springfield, Chester county, Pa., 1738; student at University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1757; artist; produced about four hundred paintings of historical and sacred subjects, and some portraits; located in Philadelphia and New York until 1760, in Italy 1760-63, in England 1763-1820; a founder of the Royal Academy 1768, and its President 1792-1815; died 1820.

BENJAMIN WEST was born near Springfield, Chester (now Delaware) county, Pennsylvania, October 10, 1738, son of John and Sarah (Pearson) West. Of his early education there appears to be no very clear record; but it is known

that he was for a time a student in the College of Philadelphia, where he was a member of the Class of 1757, his term of study terminating before graduation. Every American has heard the interesting stories of West's early struggles to express his genius; his pen and ink sketch of his baby sister, made at the age of seven; his remarkable work done with the crude colors obtained from red and yellow clay furnished by friendly Indians; and the experiments with his mother's indigo and brushes fashioned by his own childish hand. At a later date he was delighted with a box of paints sent by a friend who had been at once impressed by the boy's genius; and still later he had his first technical instruction under William Williams, a painter of Philadelphia. West's earliest professional work was in the line of portraiture, and it was soon after his study in the University that he established himself as a portrait painter in Philadelphia; two years later he removed to New York City to engage in the same work. A notable product of this period in the painter's career is the portrait of Charles W. Peale, now owned by the New York Historical Society. In 1760 West left America for what was to be permanent residence abroad, the remainder of his life being spent in Italy and England. In the former country he was received with enthusiasm both by the ecclesiastical and artistic worlds, and there first developed the historical and sacred trend of his painting. He left for London in 1763, where as the English people had no important historical painter, he was soon the object of gratifying attention from the highest persons of the Kingdom. Through Dr. Drummond, Archbishop of York, he was presented to King George III, who was so pleased with the artist's painting, "Agrippa Landing with the Ashes of Germanicus," that he ordered the "Departure of Regulus from Rome," and bestowed upon the artist the honored place of painter to the King. In this position West executed many of his best histori-

cal scenes, and rapidly growing in fame became one of the founders of the Royal Academy in 1768. Of this institution he was President with slight interruptions, from 1792 to 1815, succeeding Sir Joshua Reynolds in that office. Benjamin West produced more than four hundred paintings in oil of subjects of historical and religious significance, in addition to his portraits. His work is generally conceded to be not of the highest order of genius, but expressive of courageous conception and considerable knowledge of technique and theory. Perhaps his greatest service to art was his radical breaking from conventional



BENJAMIN WEST

laws, as exemplified in his "Death of General Wolfe," where he repudiated the traditions of his contemporaries by clothing his subjects in the dress of their time instead of in the classic garbs demanded by the conventions then observed. But few of his pictures are to be seen in this country, the most notable being in the Pennsylvania Academy, Independence Hall of Philadelphia, the New York Historical Society and the Boston Atheneum. West was elected to the American Philosophical Society in 1768. In 1765 he married Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Shewell of Philadelphia, after whose death in 1817 he rapidly declined. He died in London, March 11, 1820, and was buried in St. Paul's Cathedral.

LATTA, James, 1732-1801.

Class of 1757.

Born in Ireland, 1732; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1757; Tutor in the College; Presbyterian clergyman; Third Moderator General Assembly Presbyterian Church in America; private and Chaplain in Pennsylvania Militia during Revolution.

JAMES LATTA, D.D., was born in Ireland in 1732, the son of James Latta and Mary Alison, and came to America at an early age with his parents, who settled near Elkton, Maryland. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1754, and was graduated with the Class of 1757, among his classmates being Jacob Duché, Jr., Francis Hopkinson, Samuel Magaw, John Morgan and Hugh Williamson, all of whom were afterwards officially connected with the future University, and Benjamin West, the artist. From 1756 to 1759 he was a Tutor in the College, at the same time studying theology with Dr. Francis Alison. In 1758 he was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Philadelphia, and in the following year was ordained and appointed to the destitute settlements of Virginia and Carolina. In 1761 he became pastor of a church at Deep Run, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he was stationed until 1770, resigning then to assume the charge of Chestnut Level, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, which he retained until his death. Here he established a school, which was acquiring celebrity when its progress was arrested by the Revolution, in which he served as a soldier and as Chaplain in the American Army. Mr. Latta was the Third Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in America, and was the author of a book of "Psalmody" and of various published writings. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him in 1799. His wife was Mary McCalla. He died at Chestnut Level, January 29, 1801.

ALLEN, Andrew, 1740-1825.

Class of 1759.

Born in Philadelphia, 1740; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1759; finished legal studies at the Temple, London; member Provincial Assembly and Council; Attorney-General of Pennsylvania; member Committee of Safety, and a founder of First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry; Trustee College of Pennsylvania; member Continental Congress 1776, but disapproved of independence, went over to the British, and was attainted of treason by Act of Assembly; died in London, Eng., 1825.

ANDREW ALLEN, son of Chief-Justice William Allen of Pennsylvania and Margaret Hamilton, was born in Philadelphia in 1740, and was

graduated at the College of Philadelphia with the Class of 1759. He then studied law with his father, finished his legal education at the Temple in London, England, was admitted to the Bar in Philadelphia and became a practicing lawyer in that city. He became a member of the Common Council of Philadelphia in 1768, was a member of the Provincial Assembly and of the Provincial Council from 1769 to 1775, Attorney-General of Pennsylvania 1769-1776, Recorder of Philadelphia 1774-1776, and a member of the Committee of Safety 1775-1776. In 1776 he was a member of the Continental Con-



ANDREW ALLEN

gress, but disapproving of independence, in June of that year he ceased to attend. He was one of the committee of three appointed by the Colonial Congress to go to New York and advise with the Council of Safety of the colony respecting the defence of that city, and was a strong advocate for Congressional measures, until the Royalist army had taken New York and driven Washington with his broken troops across the Delaware. Then alarmed for his personal safety, he went over to the British lines, took the oaths of allegiance to the King, and went to England. For this he was attainted and his landed estate forfeited under the confiscation act. The British Government compensated him with a pension of £400 per annum. He was for several years a

Trustee of the College of Pennsylvania and a member of the American Philosophic Society, and was one of the founders of the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry. His wife was Sarah, daughter of William Coxe of Philadelphia. He died in London, England, March 7, 1825.

TILGHMAN, Tench, 1744-1786.

Class of 1761.

Born in Talbot county, Md., 1744; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1761; merchant in Philadelphia; Captain in Pennsylvania Militia; Military Secretary and Aide to Gen. Washington; Lieutenant-Colonel Continental Army; merchant in Baltimore; died in Baltimore, 1786.

TENCH TILGHMAN was born in Talbot county, Maryland, December 25, 1744, the son of James Tilghman and Anne Francis. His father was a Provincial Councillor of Pennsylvania, and from 1775 to 1778 was a Trustee of the College of Philadelphia, where the son was graduated with the Class of 1761. After completing his education Tench Tilghman entered mercantile life in Philadelphia. In 1775 he was appointed Secretary and Treasurer of the commission sent by Congress to treat with the Six Nations and other Northern Indians. Early in 1776 he joined the army under Washington as Captain of a company of Pennsylvania Infantry, and in August of that year was made Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp to General Washington, in which capacity he served through the war, participating in all the battles in which the army was engaged. In May 1781 he was commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel, to take rank from April 1777, declining, from motives of delicacy, to take precedence of his seniors in the service by accepting rank from an earlier date to which he was entitled. On the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown he was sent by Washington to bear the dispatches announcing the event to Congress. For this service he was voted the thanks of Congress, a horse with accoutrements, and a sword. After the war Colonel Tilghman became a merchant in Baltimore. He married Anna Maria, a daughter of his uncle, Matthew Tilghman. He died in Baltimore, April 18, 1786.

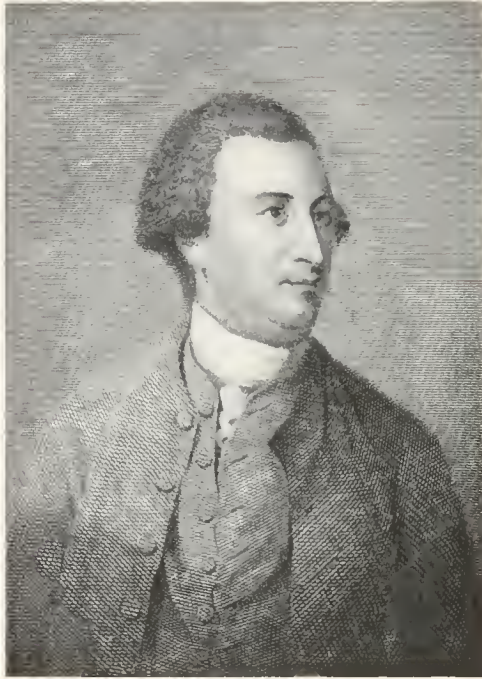
PACA, William, 1740-1799.

Class of 1759.

Born in Harford county, Md., 1740; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1759; studied law at Middle Temple, London; admitted to Bar, 1764; lawyer;

member Provincial Assembly and Council of Safety, Md.; member Continental Congress; signer Declaration of Independence; State Senator, Chief-Justice and Governor of Maryland; Judge United States District Court, Maryland; died in Philadelphia, 1799.

WILLIAM PACA, signer of the Declaration of Independence, was born in Harford county, Maryland, October 31, 1740, the son of John and Elizabeth Paca, and descendant of a wealthy planter on the east shore of Maryland, in which state the family had resided for several generations. He was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1759, and in 1762 became a student



WILLIAM PACA

at law in the Middle Temple, London, England. On his return to Maryland he was admitted to the Bar and engaged in practice. In 1775 he became prominent in his opposition to the Stamp-Act and all other measures of the British government for taxing the colonies without their consent. He was a member of the Provincial Assembly of Maryland from 1771 to 1774; a member of the Continental Congress 1774-1779, and signer of the Declaration of Independence; and on the adoption of the Maryland constitution was made State Senator, in which capacity he served 1777-1779. From 1778 he was Chief-Justice of the Superior Court of Maryland until 1780, when he became Chief-Justice of the Court of Appeals. From 1782 to 1786 he was

Governor of Maryland, and in 1788 he was a delegate to the State Convention that ratified the United States Constitution. In 1789 he was nominated by President Washington for Judge of the United States District Court of Maryland, and that office he filled until his death. Mr. Paca was a generous contributor from his private fortune to the patriot cause, and during the Revolution he served upon many important committees. His first wife was Mary, a daughter of Samuel Chew of Maryland; he married, second, Anna Harrison of Philadelphia. He died at "Wye Hall," Queen Anne county, Maryland, in 1799.

MUHLENBERG, John Peter Gabriel, 1746-1807.

Class of 1763.

Born in Montgomery county, Pa., 1746; entered College of Philadelphia, 1760; attended University of Halle, Germany; studied theology, and became a clergyman; Colonel, Brigadier-General and Major-General in Continental Army, 1775-83; Vice-President Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, 1785; member of Congress, Supervisor of Revenue, Pennsylvania; Collector of Port, Philadelphia; died in Philadelphia, 1807.

JOHN PETER GABRIEL MUHLENBERG was born in New Providence (now Trappe), Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1746, son of Rev. Henry Melchior Muhlenberg, D.D., and Anna Maria Weiser. His father was a German Lutheran clergyman, who emigrated in 1742 and was virtually the founder of the Lutheran Church in America. His mother was a daughter of J. Conrad Weiser, of Tulpehocken, Pennsylvania, the well-known Indian interpreter. John Peter entered the College of Philadelphia in 1760, but left before graduation to pursue theological studies at the University of Halle, Germany. While at Halle his military spirit prompted him to enlist in the German Army, but his friends secured his release, and he returned to America in 1766 and for a time preached to Lutheran congregations in the neighborhood of Philadelphia. In 1772 he became a clergyman of the Church of England and took charge of a parish at Woodstock, Virginia, where many Germans from Pennsylvania and New Jersey had settled. He went to England for Episcopal ordination, and on his return labored in Virginia until 1775, when he acceded to the solicitation of General Washington and accepted a Colonel's commission in the Revolutionary Army. It is related of him by a biographer that, after he had received his commission,

he took leave of his congregation in a sermon in which, having depicted eloquently the wrongs which the colonists had suffered from Great Britain, he said: "There is a time for all things — a time to preach, and a time to pray; but there is also a time to fight, and that time has now come." Then pronouncing the benediction, he threw off his gown, displaying a full military uniform. Proceeding to the door of the church, he ordered the drums to beat for recruits, and nearly three hundred of his congregation responded to the appeal. Col. Muhlenberg was sent with his German Regiment, the Eighth Virginia, to the relief of Charleston, South Carolina. Afterwards his regiment took part in the Southern campaigns, in which it was conspicuous for bravery and discipline, and its Colonel was promoted to Brigadier-General in 1777. He participated in the battles of Brandywine, Germantown, Monmouth, Stony Point and Yorktown, commanding the First Brigade of Infantry at the last-named engagement, and at the close of the war was made Major-General. Gen. Muhlenberg was Chairman of the Committee of Safety and a member of the House of Burgesses of Virginia in 1774, and a delegate to the Provincial State Convention in 1776. After the war he was elected a member and Vice-President of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, of which Benjamin Franklin was President. He served as a member of the First, Second and Third Congresses of the United States, 1789-1795, and again in the Sixth Congress, 1799-1801. In the latter year he was elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania, but resigned before taking his seat to accept an appointment by President Jefferson as Supervisor of Revenue for the District of Pennsylvania. In 1803 he became Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, October 1, 1807. A "Life of Major-General Peter Muhlenberg" was published at Philadelphia in 1849 by Rev. Henry A. Muhlenberg, D.D., grand-nephew of the General and United States Minister to Austria 1838 to 1840.

EVANS, Nathaniel, 1742-1767.

Class of 1762.

Born in Philadelphia, 1742; educated at the Academy and the College of Philadelphia; A.M., 1765; clergyman and missionary of the Church of England; author of various poems; died in New Jersey, 1767.

NATHANIEL EVANS, poet and clergyman, was born in Philadelphia, June 8, 1742, son of Edward and Rebecca Evans. His early education was acquired in the Academy of Philadelphia,

after which he served in a mercantile apprenticeship for a time, but abandoned it to enter the College of Philadelphia, as a member of the Class of 1762. He left the College before graduation, but was given the degree of Master of Arts, *gratiae causa*, in 1765. Going to England, he was ordained in the established church, and in 1765 returned to Philadelphia in the service of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. His career was short, however; he died in Gloucester county, New Jersey, in 1767, at the youthful age of twenty-five years. In the year of his death he published an edition of Thomas Godfrey's poems, with a memoir; and several years later, in 1772, selections from his writings, under the title of "Poems on Several Occasions," were published with a memoir by his friend the Rev. Dr. William Smith, Provost of the College of Philadelphia.

COOMBE, Thomas, 1747-1822.

Class of 1766.

Born in Philadelphia, 1747; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1766; clergyman; Assistant Minister United Churches of Philadelphia; Rector Donagh Henry, Ireland; Chaplain in Ordinary to the King; Prebendary of Canterbury; Rector of St. Michael's and Trinity the Less, London; D.D. Trinity College, Dublin; died in London, August 15, 1822.

THOMAS COOMBE, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 12, 1747, son of Thomas and Sarah (Rutter) Coombe. He was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1766, and in 1768 went to England, where he was ordained priest and appointed Chaplain to the Marquis of Rockingham. Returning to Philadelphia in 1772, he was for six years Assistant Minister of Christ Church and St. Peter's in that city. Until the Declaration of Independence he supported the cause of the colonies, but after its passage he felt that his ordination-oath prevented him from longer following that course. As a consequence he fell under suspicion, and finally was ordered to be arrested. But owing to the occupation of the city by the British, the order was not executed, and after the royal troops left, in 1778, he was granted permission to go to New York, and thence he sailed for England. From 1781 to 1783 he was Rector at Donagh Henry, Ireland. Subsequently he became Chaplain to the Earl of Carlisle, and in 1794 was appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King. In 1800 he was made Prebendary of Canterbury, and in 1808 he became Rector of St. Michael's, Queenhithe, and Trinity the Less, London.

Dr. Coombe was the author of a number of translations and published sermons, also of several poems, among them "Edwin, or the Emigrant," and "The Peasant of Auburn," an imitation of Goldsmith's "Deserted Village." He was the friend of Goldsmith, Dr. Johnson and Sir Joshua Reynolds. He was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1773. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him in 1781 by Trinity College, Dublin. He died in London, England, August 15, 1822.

BINGHAM, William, 1752-1804.

Class of 1768.

Born in Philadelphia, 1752; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1768; British Consul, St. Pierre, Martinique; U. S. Agent, Martinique; member Continental Congress; Speaker Pennsylvania Legislature; Speaker Pennsylvania Senate; U. S. Senator; Trustee College of Philadelphia; died in Bath, Eng., 1804.

WILLIAM BINGHAM was born in Philadelphia, March 8, 1752, son of William and Mary (Stamper) Bingham. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1765 and graduated with the Class of 1768. Being sent to Martinique as Agent by the Continental Congress, he soon after became British Consul at St. Pierre on that island, and several years later served for a period of five years, 1776-1781, as United States Agent there. In 1787-1788 he was a member of the Continental Congress; in 1790 and 1791 a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature, officiating as Speaker in the latter year; in 1794-1795 Speaker of the State Senate of Pennsylvania; and from 1795 to 1801 he was a member of the United States Senate from Pennsylvania, acting in 1797 as President pro tem. of that body. In 1793 he bought for a quarter of a million dollars more than two million acres of land in Maine, which he described in a pamphlet issued at the time. He was also the author of "A Letter from an American on the Subject of the Restraining Proclamation," published in 1794. He was made a member of the American Philosophic Society in 1787. From 1791 until his death, he was a Trustee of the College of Philadelphia. Mr. Bingham's wife was Anne Willing, daughter of Thomas Willing of Philadelphia, noted for her beauty and grace of manners, and for the magnificent hospitality which the means of her husband, at that time one of the wealthiest citizens of Philadelphia, enabled her to dispense. He died in Bath, England, February 7, 1804.

CADWALADER, Lambert, 1743-1823.

Class of 1760.

Born at Greenwood, N. J., 1743; attended College of Philadelphia, Class of 1760; merchant in Philadelphia; member Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania 1775, and Constitutional Convention 1776; served as Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel in the War for Independence; member Continental Congress, and of 1st and 2nd United States Congresses; died at Greenwood, 1823.

LAMBERT CADWALADER, son of Dr. Thomas Cadwalader, Provincial Councillor of Pennsylvania, and Hannah Lambert, was born in 1743 at Greenwood, near Trenton, New Jersey.



LAMBERT CADWALADER

He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1757, but did not graduate, and became a merchant in Philadelphia. At the beginning of the Revolution he was a member of the Common Council of Philadelphia, and was one of the signers of the Non-Importation Agreement. He was a delegate to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania in 1775, and in the following year was a member of the Constitutional Convention of that state. He served in the Revolutionary Army, first as Captain of one of the companies of the "Greens," in 1776 as Lieutenant-Colonel in the Third Pennsylvania Battalion, and later as Colonel of the Fourth Pennsylvania Line Regiment. At the capture of Fort Mifflin, New York, in November 1776, he was taken pris-

oner by the British, and on his release resigned from the army and retired to his estate at Greenwood. From 1784 to 1787 he was a member of the Continental Congress from New Jersey, and he also represented that state in the United States Congress from 1789 to 1795. Mr. Cadwalader was elected a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1768. His wife was Mary, daughter of Archibald McCall of Philadelphia. He died at Greenwood, September 13, 1823.

ARCHER, John, 1741-1810.

Class of 1768 Med.

Born in Harford county, Md., 1741; educated at West Nottingham Academy; graduated Princeton, 1760; studied theology and later medicine; graduated College of Philadelphia Med. School, 1768, the first in America to receive a medical diploma; member Maryland Legislature, 1768; practicing physician in Maryland from 1769; served in Revolution with rank of Major; member Maryland Constitutional Convention, 1776; Judge of Orphans' Court; Elector of State Senate, 1776; member Congress, 1800-07; died 1810.

JOHN ARCHER, M.B., first medical graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, was born near Churchville, Harford county, Maryland, May 5, 1741, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Stevenson) Archer. His parents were descended from English families who had first settled in America in the early part of the seventeenth century. After preparatory education at the Academy in West Nottingham of his native state, where he came under the instruction of Rev. Samuel Finley, then at the head of the Academy and later President of Princeton, John Archer graduated at Princeton with the Class of 1760, which included Dr. Benjamin Rush and Jonathan Bayard Smith, and received the Master's degree in course. There appears to have been some uncertainty as to a choice of professions after graduating at Princeton, for after abandoning a project to conduct a grammar school in Baltimore he applied himself to theological study in preparation for the ministry. This plan, too, was short lived. He preached no more than a trial sermon. Finally, determined to study medicine, he joined the Medical Department of the College of Philadelphia immediately after its organization in the spring of 1765. His studies were chiefly under the direction of Dr. John Morgan, a member of the new Medical Faculty. The name of John Archer bears the singular distinction of appearing on the first medical diploma issued from an Amer-

ican Medical College. He was one of the candidates who were made Bachelors of Medicine by the College of Philadelphia in 1768. A dispute as to which of the ten should be so honored was settled by hitting upon the alphabetical order of the names, as the only fair solution. Dr. Archer from 1869 almost up to the time of his death, September 28, 1810, was a successful and honored practitioner in his native country; indeed, his final choice seems to have been a wise one. He also became prominent in the political affairs of that eventful period, being elected to the Maryland Legislature



JOHN ARCHER

By courtesy of Maryland Medical Journal

in the year of his graduation in Philadelphia. An enthusiastic patriot and of commanding influence, he soon became a member of the more important Revolutionary committees and conventions, and in 1774 organized the first Militia Company of the country. During the war he rose to the rank of Major. From 1777 to 1790 he was one of the Commissioners of Peace for Harford county; in November 1776 he was chosen an Elector of the State Senate; in 1797 he was Presidential Elector-at-Large on the Jefferson ticket; he was for a time Judge of the Orphans' Court; from 1800 to 1807 he was a member of Congress. During all this activity in the duties of state-craft Dr. Archer con-

ducted a practice of his profession. His death was due to an attack of paralysis sequent to a fall and rheumatism.

SWIFT, John White, 1750-1812.

Class of 1767.

Born in Philadelphia, 1750; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1767; merchant in Quebec; Captain of a troop under Gen. Arnold, and wounded in the assault on Quebec, 1775; resigned from the army on the adoption of the Declaration of Independence; engaged in China trade; Purser of first American ship to enter the port of Canton; died in Bucks county, Pa., 1812.

JOHN WHITE SWIFT, son of John Swift, Collector of the Port of Philadelphia 1762-1772, and Magdalen Kollock, was born in Philadelphia, January 30, 1750, and was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1767, after which he engaged in mercantile business and in 1773 became a merchant in Quebec, Canada. In 1775, on the approach of Gen. Richard Montgomery's expedition sent for the conquest of Quebec, he joined the American forces, and in command of a troop under Gen. Arnold took part in the assault on the city. On his recovery from a severe wound received in that engagement, he was appointed by Gen. Wooster to the inspectorship of accounts and works at Montreal. From this post he resigned on the passage of the Declaration of Independence. He resumed mercantile pursuits, subsequently engaging in the China trade, and was Purser of the first merchant ship to enter the port of Canton under the American flag. He died in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in 1812.

COXE, John D., 1752-1824.

Class of 1769.

Born in Philadelphia, 1752; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1769; lawyer in Philadelphia; President Judge, Court of Common Pleas, 1800-05; died in Philadelphia, 1824.

JOHN D. COXE, son of William Coxe and Mary Francis, was born in Philadelphia, in 1752. At the age of fourteen he entered the College of Philadelphia, where he was graduated with the Class of 1769. He then studied law and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. In 1800 he was appointed to the Bench as President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Second District of Pennsylvania, in which office he served until 1805. His first wife was Grace, daughter of Thomas Riché. He married second, Mary, daughter of Richard Footman of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, October 17, 1824.

LATIMER, Henry, 1752-1819.

Class of 1770.

Born in Newport, Del., 1752; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1770; M.D. University of Edinburgh; physician and army surgeon; attached to the "Flying Hospital" of the Continental Army, 1777-83; died in Philadelphia, 1819.

HENRY LATIMER, M.D., son of James Latimer and Sarah Geddes, was born in Newport, Delaware, April 24, 1752. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1767 and was graduated in 1770, receiving his degree of Master of Arts in course, three years later. He then studied medicine, took his medical degree at the University of Edinburgh, and on his return to America engaged in the practice of his profession. During the Revolutionary War he served as Hospital Physician and Surgeon in the Continental Army, 1777-1783, and being attached to the "Flying Hospital," was engaged in all the battles of the Northern Department, from the Brandywine to Yorktown. After the war he resumed his medical practice in Delaware, which state he represented as a member of the Third Congress, 1794-1795, and as United States Senator 1795-1801. He married, first, Anne Cuthbert of Philadelphia; and second, Nancy, daughter of Richard Richardson of Delaware. He died in Philadelphia, December 19, 1819.

ABERCROMBIE, James, 1758-1841.

Class of 1776.

Born in Philadelphia, 1758; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1776; merchant in Philadelphia, afterward Episcopal clergyman; Assistant Minister United Churches, Philadelphia; Principal Philadelphia Academy; D.D. College of New Jersey; died in Philadelphia, 1841.

JAMES ABERCROMBIE, A.M., D.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 26, 1758. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1773, and was graduated in 1776, after which he studied divinity, but owing to an affection of the eyes abandoned his studies and engaged in mercantile business in Philadelphia. In 1793, however, he was ordained in the Protestant Episcopal ministry, and from 1794 until 1832 he was Assistant Minister of the United Churches of that denomination in Philadelphia. He was also Principal of the Academy of Philadelphia from 1810 to 1819. The degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon him by the College of Philadelphia in 1790, and that of Doctor of Divinity by the College of New Jersey (Princeton) in 1804. In 1796 he was elected a member of the

American Philosophical Society. He published "Lectures on the Catechism," and a number of sermons. He died in Philadelphia, June 26, 1841.

SENEY, Joshua, 1756-1798.

Class of 1773.

Born in Queen Anne's county, Md., 1756; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1773; lawyer; member House of Delegates; Chief-Justice Third District of Maryland; member of Congress, 1787-91; died in Maryland, 1798.

JOSHUA SENEY, son of John Seney, was born near Church Hill, Queen Anne's county, Maryland, March 4, 1756. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1770 and was graduated with the Class of 1773, after which he studied law and became a practitioner in his native state, where he served as a member of the House of Delegates, and subsequently as Chief-Justice of the Third Judicial District of Maryland. He was also a Representative to the Continental Congress 1787-1788, and to the First Congress of the United States in 1789-1791. His wife was Frances, daughter of Com. James Nicholson of the United States Navy, and sister of Mrs. Albert Gallatin. He died near Church Hill, Maryland, October 20, 1798.

BOZMAN, John Leeds, 1757-1823.

Class of 1776.

Born in Talbot county, Md., 1757; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1776; studied law at Middle Temple, London; lawyer; Deputy Attorney-General, Maryland; author of History of Maryland; died in Maryland, 1823.

JOHN LEEDS BOZMAN, son of John Bozman and Lucretia Leeds, was born at "Bellville," on Oxford Neck, Talbot county, Maryland, August 25, 1757. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1773 and graduated with the Class of 1776. After pursuing legal studies at the Middle Temple in London, England, he returned to Maryland and became an eminent lawyer of that state. From 1789 to 1807 he was Deputy Attorney-General of Maryland. He contributed numerous poems, essays and other articles to various journals, and was the author of "An Historical and Philosophical Sketch of the Prime Causes of the Revolutionary War," praising Washington at the expense of Franklin, which was suppressed on account of its partisanship. He also wrote, besides a number of published legal tracts, a "History of Maryland from 1633 to 1660," of which the introduction appeared

in 1811 and the complete work was issued some years after his death, in 1837. He died in Maryland, August 25, 1823.

GRIFFITTS, Samuel Powel, 1759-1826.

Class of 1779 80.

Born in Philadelphia, 1759; entered College of Philadelphia 1786 and graduated 1779; B.A. conferred by University of the State of Pennsylvania, 1780; studied medicine in Europe; physician in Philadelphia; Professor Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1792-96; died in Philadelphia, 1826.

SAMUEL POWEL GRIFFITTS, M.D., son of William Griffiths and Abigail Powel, was born in Philadelphia, July 21, 1759. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1786, and with other members of his class was examined for his degree in 1779 by the College. But on the eve of Commencement the State interfered, and the degrees were not conferred until 1780, and then by the University of the State of Pennsylvania. In 1781 he graduated as Bachelor of Medicine from the Medical Department of the University, and after further pursuing medical studies in London, Edinburgh and Paris, established himself in practice in Philadelphia, where he became one of the founders of the Philadelphia Dispensary. In 1785 he was elected to membership in the American Philosophical Society, and in 1787 he became a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, which he served as Secretary in 1788 and as Vice-President in 1818. From 1792 to 1796 he was Professor of Materia Medica in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He married Mary, daughter of William Fishbourne of Philadelphia, and died in that city, May 5, 1826.

CLARKSON, William, 1763-1812.

Class of 1781

Born in Philadelphia, 1763; graduated B.A. University of Pennsylvania 1781, M.D. 1785; physician and afterwards clergyman; a founder College of Physicians; Pastor at Bridgeton, N. J., and elsewhere; died in South Carolina, 1812.

WILLIAM CLARKSON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 7, 1763. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1778, taking his Bachelor's degree in 1781 and receiving that of Master of Arts in course, and was graduated from the Medical Department in 1785. He practiced medicine for a time in Philadelphia, where he was Attending Physi-

cian at the Philadelphia Dispensary in 1786, and was one of the founders of the College of Physicians in 1787. Subsequently he became a Presbyterian clergyman, and held pastorates in that denomination at Bridgeton, New Jersey; Schenectady, New York; Savannah, Georgia; and John's and Wadmalaw islands, South Carolina. His wife was Catharine, daughter of Gen. William Floyd, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. He died at John's Island, September 9, 1812.

McKEAN, Joseph Borden, 1764-1826.

Class of 1782.

Born in Newcastle, Del., 1764; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1782; member of Philadelphia Bar; Attorney-General of Pennsylvania; President Judge, District Court of Philadelphia; Trustee University of Pennsylvania, 1794-1826; died in Philadelphia, 1826.

JOSEPH BORDEN McKEAN, son of Hon. Thomas McKean and Mary Borden, was born in Newcastle, Delaware, July 28, 1764. His father was a signer of the Declaration of Independence, President of Delaware and Chief-Justice of Pennsylvania, President of Congress in 1781 and Governor of Pennsylvania from 1799 to 1808. The son entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1779 and was graduated in 1782, subsequently receiving the Master of Arts degree in course. He studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. During his father's term as Governor of Pennsylvania, he served as Attorney-General of the state. He was afterwards commissioned Associate Judge of the District Court in Philadelphia, and in 1818 became President Judge, in which office he served until his death. From 1794 to 1826 he was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. He was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1824. His wife was Hannah, daughter of Col. Samuel Miles of the Revolutionary Army. He died in Philadelphia, September 3, 1826.

DICK, Elisha Cullen, 1762-1825.

Class of 1782 Med.

Born near Marcus Hook, Pa., 1762; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1782; practicing physician in Alexandria, Va., 1782-1825; prominent in Masonic affairs; Mayor of Alexandria, 1804; physician in attendance upon George Washington; died 1825.

ELISHA CULLEN DICK, M.B., was born near Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, March 15, 1762, son of Archibald and Mary (Barnard) Dick.

His father occupied a notable position in Pennsylvania both on account of his wealth and from his distinguished military service during the Revolution, when he was Assistant Deputy Quartermaster-General in the Continental Army and Forage-Master for Chester county. His mother, who was first married to John Hewes, was connected with excellent colonial families of Chester county, Pennsylvania. Elisha C. Dick, after early training at home, entered the Medical Department of the College of Philadelphia with the Class of 1782, having as classmate Dr. Caspar Wistar, Jr. At graduation he received



ELISHA C. DICK

the degree of Bachelor of Medicine. At the solicitation of friends and relatives he settled in Alexandria, Virginia, for the practice of his profession, and there continued until his death. Dr. Dick's professional career was one of great activity and complete success, his thorough learning and notable proficiency winning the confidence of the best class of patients. He had the honor of being one of the two consulting physicians in the final sickness of General George Washington, and was with him during the last nine hours of his life. Almost of equal importance with his medical work, was Dr. Dick's labor in behalf of the Masonic order. He was one of the founders of the first lodge in Alexandria, chartered in 1783, and was Worshipful Master

of the organization from 1785 to 1788, retiring to be succeeded by General Washington. After one year he was again elected to the position and was successively reelected until 1799. In this capacity Dr. Dick was presiding officer at a number of notable occasions, when services were conducted under Masonic ceremonial; especially at the laying of the corner-stone of the "Ten Miles Square," or District of Columbia, on April 15, 1791, at Jones' Point, at the mouth of Hunting Creek, near Alexandria; at the laying the corner-stone of the Capitol; at the funeral of General Washington, and at the subsequent "Lodge of Sorrow." During the Whiskey Insurrection in Pennsylvania Dr. Dick commanded a company of cavalry which he had recruited in Alexandria. In 1804 he was elected Mayor of Alexandria. In religion Dr. Dick was successively Episcopalian, Presbyterian, and member of the Society of Friends. He was married in October, 1783, to Hannah, daughter of Jacob Hannum, of Darby, Pennsylvania, and had two children, Archibald Barnard, M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1808, and Julia Dick, who married Gideon Pearce, of Kent county, Maryland, and was the mother of United States Senator James Alfred Pearce. Dr. Dick died in Alexandria September 22, 1825; his wife surviving him eighteen years.

MORRIS, Anthony, 1766-1860.

Class of 1783.

Born in Philadelphia, 1766; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1783; studied law; member Philadelphia Bar; Speaker Pennsylvania State Senate; Special Agent of United States to Spain, 1813; Trustee University of Pennsylvania, 1806-17; died in District of Columbia, 1860.

ANTHONY MORRIS, son of Capt. Samuel Morris and Rebecca Wistar, was born in Philadelphia, February 10, 1766. His father, a grandson of the Quaker preacher Anthony Morris, was Captain of the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry in the Revolution, for which he was disowned by the Society of Friends. The son was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1783, studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and practiced for a time as a lawyer, but subsequently became a merchant in Philadelphia, and engaged extensively in the East India trade. In 1793 he was elected a member and made Speaker of the State Senate of Pennsylvania. Having in his official capacity signed the bill providing troops to suppress the Whiskey Rebellion, he was sub-

jected to discipline and disowned, like his father, by the Quakers, of which society he was a member. In 1813, under the administration of President Madison, he represented the United States on a special mission to Spain, where he remained for nearly two years. He was a Director of the Bank of North America in Philadelphia from 1800 to 1806, and from 1806 to 1817 he was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. His wife was Mary, daughter of James Pemberton of Philadelphia. He died at "Highlands," near Georgetown, District of Columbia, November 1, 1860.

GOLDSBOROUGH, Charles, 1765-1834.

Class of 1784.

Born in Caroline county, Md., 1765; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1784; lawyer; member of Congress, 1805-17; Governor of Maryland, 1818-19; died at Shoal Creek, Md., 1834.

CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH, son of Charles Goldsborough and Anna Maria Tilghman, was born in Caroline county, Maryland, July 15, 1765. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1781, and was graduated in 1784. The Master of Arts degree was conferred upon him in course. After graduation he studied law and entered the legal profession. From 1805 to 1817 he served as a Federalist in Congress, from which he retired to become Governor of Maryland. His first wife was Elizabeth, daughter of Judge Robert Goldsborough, a graduate of the College of Philadelphia in the Class of 1760, Attorney-General of Maryland and member of the Continental Congress; and his second was Sarah Yerbury, daughter of Charles Goldsborough. He died at Shoal Creek, near Cambridge, Maryland, December 13, 1834.

STUBER, Henry, 1770-1792.

Class of 1784

Born in Philadelphia, about 1770; graduated University of the State of Pennsylvania, 1784; B.M. Medical Department, 1788; clerk in Government office; studied law; author, and biographer of Franklin; died in Philadelphia, 1792.

HENRY STUBER was born in Philadelphia in or about the year 1770, of German extraction. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania as Bachelor of Laws in 1784 and from the Medical Department as Bachelor of Medicine in 1788, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course, in 1787. After graduation from

Medical School, while filling a clerkship in a Government office, he studied law and at the same time engaged in literary work. In the latter he developed a versatile scholarship and marked originality, but he overtaxed his physical powers and died in Philadelphia in May 1792. He was the author of a "Life of Dr. Benjamin Franklin," published in the "American Universal Magazine," and which his early death left unfinished. He also contributed many articles to periodical literature. The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon him by Brown University in 1790.

HOPKINSON, Joseph, 1770-1842.

Class of 1786.

Born in Philadelphia, 1770; graduated University of the State of Pennsylvania, 1786; lawyer in Philadelphia; member of Congress, 1816-19; United States District Judge, 1828-42; Trustee University of Pennsylvania; President Academy of Fine Arts, and Vice-President American Philosophical Society; author of "Hail Columbia;" died in Philadelphia, 1842.

JOSEPH HOPKINSON, LL.D., son of Hon. Francis Hopkinson, signer of the Declaration of Independence, a graduate of the College of Philadelphia in 1757 and subsequently a Trustee of that institution, was born in Philadelphia, November 12, 1770. His mother was Ann Borden, of Bordentown, New Jersey. He entered the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1783, graduating in 1786, and after studying law began practice in Easton, Pennsylvania, but in a short time returned to Philadelphia, where he was leading counsel in several important causes. He was elected to Congress as a Federalist in 1816, serving until 1819. In 1828 he became United States Judge for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and held that office until his death in 1842. He was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania from 1806 to 1819 and again from 1822 to 1842, and was for many years President of the Academy of Fine Arts of Philadelphia and Vice-President of the American Philosophical Society. He published many addresses and papers on legal and ethical subjects, and was the author of the national song "Hail Columbia." His wife was Emily, daughter of Governor Thomas Mifflin of the Class of 1760, University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Hopkinson held the degree of Master of Arts from his Alma Mater, received in course, and he was similarly honored by Columbia College in 1818 and by Harvard in 1831. His Doctor of Laws was conferred by the

College of New Jersey (Princeton) in 1818. He died in Philadelphia, January 15, 1842.

BACHE, Benjamin Franklin, 1769-1798.

Class of 1787.

Born in Philadelphia, 1769; educated abroad, and at University of Pennsylvania, graduating 1787; journalist; published "The General Advertiser," Philadelphia; died in Philadelphia, 1798.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BACHE, grandson of Benjamin Franklin, was born in Philadelphia, August 12, 1769. His father, Richard Bache, was the successor of Benjamin Franklin as Postmaster-General of the United States. His mother, Sarah, was the only daughter of Franklin, and was noted alike for her domestic virtues, her patriotic ardor and her philanthropy. At an early age he went abroad, accompanying his grandfather to Paris, and his preliminary education was acquired at schools in France and Geneva. He also learned the art of printing and of type-founding at the publishing house of the Brothers Didot in Paris. On his return to Philadelphia he entered the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated therefrom in 1787. In 1789 he established "The General Advertiser" in Philadelphia, afterward changed to "The Aurora and General Advertiser," which became one of the ablest and most influential journals of the time. He married Margaret Harman Markoe, and was the father of Dr. Franklin Bache, Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College; also of Richard Bache, Jr., Captain of Ordnance in the United States Army from 1819 to 1836. He died in Philadelphia, September 10, 1798.

MARTIN, William, 1765-1798.

Class of 1786 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1765; graduated in Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1786; practicing physician in Georgetown, Va., and in Chester, Pa., 1786-98; active in Masonic order; died 1798.

WILLIAM MARTIN, M.B., was born in Philadelphia, September 2, 1765, son of John and Mary Martin. His parents were emigrants from England and upon arrival in this country settled in Chester, Pennsylvania. He was given an academic education in his native city prior to entrance into College, and then entered the University of the State of Pennsylvania as a student of medicine. He graduated in 1786 with the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, and at once took up the practice of his profession in Georgetown, Virginia. After

three years he removed to the home of his parents, Chester, Pennsylvania, where he continued as a practicing physician until 1798, when he died of yellow fever contracted while treating members of the crew of a British vessel. In Masonic affairs Dr. Martin took an active interest, and was elected to a number of high offices. While in Georgetown he became Worshipful Master of the lodge in that place, and held the same office in Chester Lodge No. 69, A. Y. M. In later life Dr. Martin took up the study of law and pursued it so far as to be admitted to practice. He held the position of Justice of the Peace for the townships of Chester, Ridley, Middletown and Lower Providence in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. On the occasion of General George Washington's visit to the town of Chester while on his way to New York for his first inauguration as President, Dr. Martin was chosen to deliver the address of welcome on behalf of the citizens. Dr. Martin married Eleanor, daughter of Associate Judge John Crosby and Ann Peirce Crosby, residents of Ridley Quarries, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He died September 28, 1798.

MEASE, James, 1771-1846.

Class of 1787 Arts, 1792 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1771; graduated University of the State of Pennsylvania, College Department 1787, Medical Department 1792; physician in Philadelphia; first Vice-President Philadelphia Athenæum; active in American Philosophical Society, and Secretary Philadelphia Agricultural Society; author of various essays and lectures; died in Philadelphia, 1846.

JAMES MEASE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, August 11, 1771, son of John Mease and Esther Miller. Entering the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1784, he was graduated from the College Department in 1787 and from the Medical Department in 1792, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course. He settled in medical practice in Philadelphia, where he became an active member of the American Philosophical Society in 1802, serving in its Council and as one of its Secretaries; first Vice-President of the Philadelphia Athenæum, and Secretary of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society in 1813. He published, besides medical lectures and papers, "A Geographical Account of the United States," a "Picture of Philadelphia in 1811," "Observations on the Penitentiary System of Pennsylvania," and other essays. He married Sarah, daughter of Hon. Pierce Butler of South Carolina, and died in Philadelphia, May 14, 1846.

DUFFIELD, George, 1767-?

Class of 1787.

Born 1767; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1787; lawyer in Philadelphia; Register and Comptroller of Pennsylvania; Judge United States District Court, Territory of Orleans.

GEORGE DUFFIELD, son of Rev. George Duffield, D.D., and Margaret Armstrong, was born in 1767. He was the grandson of George Duffield, who about 1732 emigrated from Ireland to Pennsylvania, where he bought extensive lands. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1784 and was graduated in 1787, received his Master of Arts in course, and became a lawyer in Philadelphia. For many years he served as Register-General and Comptroller-General of the State of Pennsylvania. In 1806 he was appointed Judge of the United States Court for the Territory of Orleans. He was the father of Rev. George Duffield of the Class of 1811, University of Pennsylvania, an eminent Presbyterian divine and for many years a Regent of the University of Michigan.

SMITH, Samuel Harrison, 1772-1845.

Class of 1787.

Born in Philadelphia, 1772; graduated University State of Pennsylvania, 1787; journalist; Editor "New World," Philadelphia; founder and Editor "National Intelligencer," Washington, D. C.; Commissioner Internal Revenue, 1813; died in Washington, D. C., 1845.

SAMUEL HARRISON SMITH, son of Jonathan Bayard Smith, member of the Continental Congress, founder and member of the first Board of Trustees of the University of the State of Pennsylvania, afterwards for many years a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania and subsequently a Trustee of Princeton (College of New Jersey), was born in Philadelphia in 1772. His mother was Susanna Bayard. He entered the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1784, and was graduated in 1787, taking the Master of Arts in course. He became a journalist in Philadelphia, where from 1796 to 1800 he was Editor of the "New World." On the removal of the seat of government in the latter year to Washington, District of Columbia, he went to that city and founded the "National Intelligencer," which he edited until 1818. In 1813 he was appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and served until the office was abolished. He published several essays and orations. The College of New Jersey conferred upon him the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1797. He died in Washington, November 1, 1845. His wife, Margaret Bayard, daughter of Col. John Bayard

of Philadelphia, was a distinguished leader of society in Washington, where her home was the resort of many of the early statesmen and several Presidents. She was also noted for her religious and charitable enterprises, and was a writer of facility, publishing a number of tales and biographical sketches. She died in 1844.

LOCHMAN, George, 1773-1826.

Class of 1789.

Born in Philadelphia, 1773; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1789; Tutor there, 1793-96; Lutheran clergyman; Pastor at Lebanon, Pa., and subsequently at Harrisburg, Pa.; President first Convention of the General Synod, 1821; died at Harrisburg, 1826.

GEORGE LOCHMAN, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 2, 1773, son of Nicholas Lochman and Maria Schneider. He entered the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1786 and was graduated with his Bachelor's degree in 1789, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course, 1792. After graduation he taught school and studied theology, and from 1793 to 1796 was a Tutor in the University. Upon receiving his license to preach he became Pastor of the Lutheran Church in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1815, also exercising a pastorate over several other congregations in the vicinity. In the latter year he assumed charge of the church at Harrisburg, over which he presided until his death. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Allegheny College (Pennsylvania) in 1819. In 1821 he was President of the first Convention of the General Synod, held at Frederick, Maryland. Dr. Lochman devoted much time to preparing young men for the ministry. He published various tracts, sermons and addresses. His son, Rev. Augustus Hoffman Lochman, D.D., was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1823, and succeeded him as Pastor of the church at Harrisburg.

WILSON, James Patriot, 1769-1830.

Class of 1788.

Born in Lewes, Del., 1769; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1788; lawyer, afterwards clergyman; Surveyor-General of Delaware; Pastor in Delaware, and subsequently of First Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia 1806-30; Trustee University of Pennsylvania, 1813-30; died in Bucks county, Pa., 1830.

JAMES PATRIOT WILSON, D.D., son of Rev. Matthew Wilson, D.D., and Elizabeth Creghead, was born in Lewes, Delaware, February 21, 1769. He was graduated at the University of the

State of Pennsylvania in 1788, and at graduation was tendered the position of Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the University, but declined because of feeble health. Returning to his native town he taught school and studied law, and was admitted to the Bar in 1790. For a time he was Surveyor-General of Delaware. He attained some eminence as a lawyer, but family bereavements turned his thoughts toward religion, and after being licensed to preach in 1804, he became Pastor of the three Presbyterian congregations at Lewes, Cold Spring and Indian River, Delaware, over which his father had for many years presided. In 1806 he accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, where he remained for nearly a quarter of a century, then retiring, on account of failing health, to his farm in Bucks county, Pennsylvania. He tendered his resignation in 1828, but it was not accepted until 1830, and in the meantime he occupied his pulpit occasionally, until his death, on December 9 of the latter year. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, and from 1813 to the end of his life was a Trustee of that institution. Dr. Wilson was author of many published essays and lectures. He was twice married; first to Elizabeth, daughter of John Woods of Lewes, Delaware, and second to Mary, daughter of David Hall of Delaware.

MILLER, Samuel, 1769-1850.

Class of 1789.

Born near Dover, Del., 1769; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1789; studied theology, and licensed to preach 1791; Associate Pastor First Presbyterian Church in New York City, 1793-1813; Moderator General Assembly, 1806; member of Faculty Princeton Theological Seminary, 1813-49; Trustee Columbia College 1806-13, and Princeton College 1807-50; prolific religious writer; died in Princeton, N. J., 1850.

SAMUEL MILLER, D.D., LL.D., was born near Dover, Delaware, October 31, 1769, son of Rev. John Miller, a Presbyterian clergyman, and Margaret Millington. He entered the Senior class at the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1788, and was graduated, as Latin Salutatorian, in 1789. Having prepared for the ministry, to which he was ordained in 1791, he was called in 1793 to the Associate Pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church in New York City, where he officiated until 1813, when he became Professor of Ecclesiastical History and Church Government in Princeton Theological Seminary, of which he was one of

the founders. This office he filled until the year before his death, when he was made Professor Emeritus. He was Moderator of the General Assembly in 1806, a Trustee of Columbia College from 1806 to 1813, and a Trustee of the College of New Jersey (Princeton) from 1807 to 1850. He received the degree of Master of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania, the College of New Jersey and Yale College; that of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Pennsylvania; and that of Doctor of Laws from Washington College (Maryland). He was a member of the American Philosophical Society, member of the historical societies of Massachusetts, New York and New Jersey, and a corresponding member of the Philological Society of Manchester, England. Dr. Miller was the author of many published addresses, also of a "Life of Jonathan Edwards," a "Memoir of Rev. John Rogers," "A Brief Retrospect of the Eighteenth Century," and of numerous religious works. His wife was Sarah Sergeant of Philadelphia. He died at Princeton, January 7, 1850.

BROWN, Jacob, 1775-1828.

Class of 1790.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1775; graduated University State of Pennsylvania, 1790; studied law in New York; teacher, surveyor, judge and soldier; Colonel and Brigadier-General New York Militia; Brigadier-General and Major-General and General-in-Chief United States Army; honored by Congress with vote of thanks and gold medal for victories over the British; died in Washington, D. C., 1828.

JACOB BROWN, soldier, was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, May 9, 1775, of Quaker ancestry. He graduated at the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1790, and after several years spent in teaching and land surveying, went to New York City, where he studied law, taught school, wrote political articles for the press, and for a time was Secretary to Gen. Alexander Hamilton. Later he settled in Jefferson county, New York, where he purchased land and became County Judge. His military experience under Hamilton led in 1809 to his being made Colonel of Militia, followed by advancement to Brigadier-General in the succeeding year. In 1812 he was appointed to the command of the frontier from Oswego to Lake Francis, and in October of that year he repelled the British attack on Ogdensburg, his headquarters. Declining at this time the offer of a regiment in the regular army, he assumed

command at Sackett's Harbor, where he defeated the British in May 1813. In July following he accepted the appointment of Brigadier-General in the United States Army, and a few months later was assigned to the command of the Army of Niagara. In the campaign of the succeeding summer, 1814, he took possession of Fort Erie, was victorious over Gen. Riall at Chippewa, and defeated Gen. Drummond at Lundy's Lane and again in a sortie from Fort Erie. At Lundy's Lane he was severely wounded. For his victories he was voted the freedom of the City of New York, and from Congress received a



JACOB BROWN

vote of thanks and a gold medal. After the war Gen. Brown was retained in command of the Northern Division of the army, and in 1821 became General-in-Chief of the Army of the United States. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, February 24, 1828, and was buried in the Congressional Cemetery.

RODNEY, Cæsar Augustus, 1772-1824.

Class of 1789.

Born in Dover, Del., 1772; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1789; admitted to Bar, 1793; practicing lawyer in Wilmington, Del.; member of Congress; Attorney-General of United States, 1807-11; Captain of Militia and one of the Committee of Safety, 1812-13;

U. S. Commissioner to South America, 1817; U. S. Senator, 1822-23; U. S. Minister at Buenos Ayres, S. A., 1823-24; died at Buenos Ayres, 1824.

CESAR AUGUSTUS RODNEY, son of Col. Thomas Rodney and Elizabeth Fisher, was born in Dover, Delaware, January 4, 1772. He was graduated at the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1789, after which he studied law, was admitted to the Bar in 1793, and engaged in practice in Wilmington, Delaware. He served two terms in Congress as a Representative elected by the Democrats, first in 1803-1805 and again in 1820-1822, and he was Attorney-General of the United States under President Jefferson from 1807-1811. In the War of 1812 he commanded a Delaware Company which served with credit on the frontiers of Canada, and in 1813 he was a member of the Committee of Safety in Delaware. In 1815 he was a State Senator of Delaware, from Newcastle county. In 1817 he was appointed by President Monroe as one of the commissioners sent to South America to investigate and report upon the propriety of recognizing the independence of the Spanish-American republics, which course he vigorously urged on his return to Washington. At the close of his second term in Congress he was chosen United States Senator, being the first Democrat to represent the State of Delaware in that capacity. He served in the Senate until 1823, when he was appointed United States Minister to the United Provinces of La Plata, South America. He died while occupying that post, at Buenos Ayres, June 10, 1824.

ENDRESS, Christian, 1775-1827.

Class of 1790.

Born in Philadelphia, 1775; graduated University of the State of Pennsylvania, 1790; Tutor in the University, 1792-95; Lutheran clergyman; Principal Congregational School in Philadelphia; Pastor at Easton and at Lancaster, Pa.; died in Lancaster, 1827.

CHRISTIAN FREDERICK LEWIS ENDRESS, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 12, 1775, son of Zachary Endress and Anna Maria Henrici. He was graduated at the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1790, and was a Tutor in the University from 1792 to 1795. Soon after graduation he began the study of theology, and in 1795 he was chosen Principal of the Congregational School of Zion and St. Michael in Philadelphia. This position he resigned in 1801 to become Pastor of the Lutheran Church at Easton, Pennsylvania. He was ordained

at Reading in 1802, and retained his charge at Easton until 1815, when he accepted the pastorate at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, made vacant by the death of Henry E. Michlenberg. Here his innovation of conducting the services in English resulted in the withdrawal of the Germans from his congregation; notwithstanding which defection, he held his pastorate until his death. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by the University of Pennsylvania in 1819. Dr. Endress was a notable contributor to the Lutheran journals, and was the author of several published religious works, besides sermons and commentaries. He died in Lancaster, September 30, 1827.

CARSON, John, 1773-1816.

Class of 1791.

Born in Philadelphia, 1773; graduated University State of Pennsylvania, 1791; Master and Lieutenant, United States Navy; died in Philadelphia, 1816.

JOHN CARSON, naval officer, was born in Philadelphia in 1773, son of Dr. John Carson and Agnes Hunter. His father, after graduating at the College of Philadelphia with the Class of 1771 and receiving his Medical degree at Edinburgh, Scotland, became an incorporator and original fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia and Surgeon of the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry, was from 1791 to 1794 a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, and in the year of his death was elected Professor of Chemistry in that institution. His mother was a native of Edinburgh, Scotland. The son entered the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1788, was graduated therefrom in 1791, and received the degree of Master of Arts three years later. Soon after graduation he entered the United States Navy, rising to the grade of Master in 1798 and Lieutenant in 1799. He married Ann, daughter of Capt. Baker of Philadelphia, and died in that city, February 4, 1816.

DICKEY, Ebenezer, 1772-1831.

Class of 1792.

Born in Oxford, Pa., 1772; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1792; Presbyterian clergyman; Pastor in Oxford, Pa., until his death in 1831; author of various tracts, and letters to the "Christian Advocate;" D.D. Princeton, 1823.

EBENEZER DICKEY, D.D., son of Samuel Dickey and Mary Jackson, was born in Oxford, Chester county, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1772,

and was graduated at the University of the State of Pennsylvania in 1792. He studied for the ministry, and was settled as Pastor over the churches at Oxford and Octorara, Pennsylvania, retaining his connection with the former church until his death. In 1822 he entered the Presbyterian connection, as did most of the associate Reformed clergy and their churches at that time. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by the College of New Jersey (Princeton) in 1823. Dr. Dickey was the author of a "Tract to Parents," a "Plea for Christian Communion," and a series of letters published in the "Christian Advocate" on "Travels in Europe for Health in 1820." His wife was Jane, daughter of John Miller of Philadelphia. He died in Oxford, the place of his birth, May 31, 1831.

IZARD, George, 1777-1828.

Class of 1792.

Born in South Carolina, 1777; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1792; served in U. S. Army 1794, and in French Army 1796-97; Captain Engineer Corps U. S. A. 1799-1802, and in Artillery 1802-03; Colonel of Artillery 1812, Brigadier-General 1813, Major-General 1814-15; Governor of Arkansas, 1825-28; died in Little Rock, Ark., 1828.

GEORGE IZARD, son of Ralph Izard, Revolutionary statesman, United States from South Carolina and friend of Washington, was born in South Carolina in 1777. His mother was Alice, niece of Lieutenant-Governor James De Lancey of New York. He was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1792, and after making a tour of Europe was appointed a Lieutenant in the Engineer Corps of the United States Army in 1794. In 1796-1797 he served in a similar capacity in the French Army. In 1798 he was Engineer of Fortifications in the harbor of Charleston, South Carolina. He was appointed Captain in the Engineer Corps of the United States Army in 1799, and Captain in the Artillery in 1802, serving also from December 1799 as Aide to Gen. Hamilton, until his resignation from the army in 1803. In 1812 he was re-appointed to the United States service as Colonel of the Second Artillery, becoming Brigadier-General in 1813 and Major-General in 1814. After ten years of private life he was in 1825 appointed Governor of the Territory of Arkansas, and held that office until his death. Gen. Izard's wife was Elizabeth Carter, daughter of James Parke Farley of Virginia. He died in Little Rock, Arkansas, November 22, 1828.

WILSON, Bird, 1777-1859.

Class of 1792.

Born in Carlisle, Pa., 1777; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1792; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1797; President-Judge Court of Common Pleas, 1806-17; Episcopal Rector at Norristown and Whitmarsh, Pa.; Professor Divinity General Theological Seminary, New York, 1821-50, and Emeritus Professor 1850-59; died in New York, 1859.

BIRD WILSON, D.D., LL.D., was born in Carlisle, Pennsylvania, January 8, 1777, son of Hon. James Wilson, LL.D., and Rachel Bird. He was graduated at the College of Philadelphia in 1792, studied law, and in 1797 was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. After practicing for a time he was appointed Commissioner of Bankrupt Law, and in 1806 became President-Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the Seventh District of Pennsylvania, comprising the counties of Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Bucks. He held this office until 1818, when he resigned to study theology under Bishop White of the Protestant-Episcopal Church, by whom he was ordained deacon and subsequently priest. For two years he was Rector of St. John's Church in Norristown and St. Thomas's in Whitmarsh, Pennsylvania. In 1821 he was elected Professor of Systematic Divinity at the General Theological Seminary of his denomination in New York City, and he served in that post actively for nearly thirty years, until 1859, when he was made Professor Emeritus. He was Secretary of the House of Bishops from 1829 to 1841. Dr. Wilson published many tracts upon theological subjects, and an edition of "Bacon's Abridgement of the Law." He also wrote a memoir of Bishop White (Class of 1765, College of Philadelphia), and collected and published the works of his father, Hon. James Wilson. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by the University of Pennsylvania in 1821, and that of Doctor of Laws by Columbia College in 1845. He died in New York City, April 14, 1859.

HOBART, John Henry, 1775-1830.

Class of 1793.

Born in Philadelphia, 1775; entered University of Pennsylvania, 1790; graduated at Princeton, 1793; Tutor in the College and Clerk of the Faculty, 1796-98; took orders in the Episcopal Church; Assistant, afterward Rector, Trinity Church, New York City; Assistant to Bishop Moore of New York, and succeeded latter as head of the Diocese; one of the founders General Theological Seminary, N. Y., and Professor of

Pastoral Theology and Sacred Oratory in that institution; distinguished religious writer of his day; died in Auburn, N. Y., 1830.

JOHAN HENRY HOBART, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 14, 1775. He was a descendant in the fifth generation of his first American ancestor, an early resident of Hingham, Massachusetts, and several members of the Hobart family were Puritan ministers. The first of the family to join the Episcopal Church was John Henry's grandfather. The death of his father left him when an infant wholly to the care of his mother, who was in a great measure the means of developing his character and desire for intellectual culture. He had so far advanced in his studies at the age of fifteen as to be admitted to the University of Pennsylvania, which he left, however, after a year and entered the Junior class at Princeton, where he took his Bachelor's degree in 1793 and his Master's in course. From 1796 to 1798 he acted as a Tutor in the College, and Clerk of the Faculty. Taking orders in the Episcopal Church as a deacon in the latter year, he served in a number of parishes before his ordination to the Priesthood in the year 1800. He soon after became an Assistant and subsequently Rector of Trinity Church, New York, which post he held until 1811, when he was selected to assist Bishop Moore, whom he succeeded in the Episcopate. Bishop Hobart continued in office for nineteen years, until his death, September 12, 1830, while visiting the parish in Auburn, New York. He was an eloquent preacher, an able churchman and a forcible defender of the Episcopal Church. In 1821 he was called to the Chair of Pastoral Theology and Sacred Oratory at the General Theological Seminary, which institution he assisted in establishing. In 1807 he was made a Doctor of Divinity by Union College of New York. Among his published works are "Companion for the Altar," "The Christian's Manual," "Clergyman's Companion," and others along similar lines. He also edited D'Oyly and Mant's Family Bible. His remains together with those of his wife were placed beneath the chancel of Trinity Church. His wife was Mary Goodwin, daughter of Rev. Thomas Bradbury Chandler, D.D., of Elizabethtown, New Jersey. His son, John Henry Hobart, S.T.D., was graduated at Columbia in 1836, and for many years occupied the post of Rector of Trinity Church in Fishkill, New York. He was the author of a number of works, and edited several of his father's productions.

LATTA, William, 1768-1847.

Class of 1794.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1768; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1794; Presbyterian clergyman; Pastor in Charlestown and Great Valley, Pa.; died in Great Valley, 1847.

WILLIAM LATTA, D.D., was born at Deep Run, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in 1768, son of Rev. James Latta, D.D., of the Class of 1757, College of Philadelphia. His mother was Mary McCalla. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1791, and was graduated with the Class of 1794, following which he studied for the ministry, and became a clergyman of the Presbyterian faith. For many years he was stationed in Chester county, Pennsylvania, as Pastor of the churches of that denomination in Charlestown and Great Valley, at which latter place he died, February 19, 1847. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Lafayette College in 1845. His wife was Mary Loyd, of Great Valley. Two brothers, Francis Alison Latta and John Ewing Latta, likewise Presbyterian clergymen, were also graduates of the University of Pennsylvania, in the Classes of 1790 and 1795 respectively.

BIDDLE, William Shepard, 1781-1835.

Class of 1797.

Born in Philadelphia, 1781; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1797; lawyer in Philadelphia; died in Philadelphia, 1835.

WILLIAM SHEPARD BIDDLE, son of Charles Biddle, Vice-President of Pennsylvania, and Hannah Shepard, was born in Philadelphia, February 21, 1781. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1794, and was graduated with the Class of 1797, after which he studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and engaged in practice in Philadelphia, where he attained considerable prominence in his profession. He was twice married, his second wife being Elizabeth B. (Hopkinson) Keating, a daughter of Hon. Joseph Hopkinson, LL.D., a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1786, and for many years a Trustee of that institution. Mr. Biddle died in Philadelphia, May 30, 1835.

KUHN, Hartman, 1784-1860.

Class of 1800.

Born in Philadelphia, 1784; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1800; merchant in Philadelphia; Trus-

tee University of Pennsylvania, 1836-60; died in Philadelphia, 1860.

HARTMAN KUHN, son of Dr. Adam Kuhn, Professor of Materia Medica and Botany in the Medical Department of the College of Philadelphia and University of Pennsylvania from 1768 to 1797, was born in Philadelphia, February 4, 1784. His mother was Elizabeth Markoe, daughter of Isaac Hartman of Philadelphia. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1797, and was graduated with the Class of 1800, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course, three years later. He followed a business career, and became a prominent merchant in Philadelphia. He was elected a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1840, and from 1836 to 1860 he was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. His wife was Ellen, daughter of James Lyle of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, November 6, 1860.

COX, John, 1788-1864.

Class of 1802.

Born in Philadelphia, 1788; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1802; studied law, but subsequently engaged in business; President Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company; died in Philadelphia, 1864.

JOHAN COX, son of James S. Cox and Charlotte Sitgreaves, was born in Philadelphia, January 24, 1788. In 1799 he entered the University of Pennsylvania where he took his Bachelor's degree on graduation in 1802, and his Master of Arts three years later. For a time he studied law, but abandoned it to enter business, and became a merchant in Philadelphia. From 1822 to 1829, and again from 1841 until 1844, he was President of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company of Philadelphia. His wife was Martha, daughter of Gen. William Lyman of Massachusetts, United States Consul at London, England. Mr. Cox died in Philadelphia, February 6, 1864.

POWEL, John Hare, 1786-1850.

Class of 1803.

Born in Philadelphia, 1786; educated University of Pennsylvania; merchant in Philadelphia; Secretary U. S. Legation in London, 1809-11; Brigade-Major of Volunteers, afterward Colonel and Inspector-General Regular Army, 1811-15; agriculturist and stock-breeder; State Senator of Pennsylvania, 1827-30; died in Newport, R. I., 1850.

JOHAN HARE POWEL, originally named John Powel Hare, was born in Philadelphia, April 22, 1786, son of Hon. Robert Hare and Margaret

Willing. In his youth he was adopted by his aunt, Mrs. Powel, whose name he assumed by legislative act in arriving at his majority. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1800, with the Class of 1803, but left before graduation to enter mercantile life. In 1809, while on a pleasure trip abroad, he became Secretary of the United States Legation at London. Returning to Philadelphia in 1811, he served for a time as Brigade-Major of Volunteers, and from 1812 to 1815 was Inspector-General with the rank of Colonel in the regular army. After his retirement from the army, and having declined a Brigadier-General's commission in the Columbian service, Col. Powel devoted himself for the rest of life to the development of agriculture and to importing and improving the breed of domestic animals in the United States. He was one of the founders and for many years Secretary of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, was a patron of the fine arts, and was one of the charter Trustees of Lafayette College in 1826. From 1827 to 1830 he served in the State Senate of Pennsylvania. He was the author of many papers relating to agricultural subjects, mainly published in the "Memoirs of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society." Col. Powel married Julia, daughter of Col. Andrew de Veaux of South Carolina. He died in Newport, Rhode Island, his summer home, June 14, 1850. His son, Col. John Hare Powel, a resident of Newport, has served as Mayor of that city, and was Colonel of the Newport Artillery Company from 1864 to 1877; his wife was Annie Emlen, daughter of Israel P. Hutchinson of Philadelphia.

REID, Robert, 1781-1844.

Class of 1805.

Born in Ireland, 1781; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1805; studied Theological Seminary of the Associated Reformed Church, New York; Pastor in Erie, Pa.; Chaplain U. S. N., on Perry's ship, Lake Erie, 1813; died in Erie, 1844.

ROBERT REID, D.D., was born near Belfast, Ireland, November 5, 1781, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1805, receiving his Bachelor's degree on graduation and the Master of Arts in course. He studied theology at the Seminary of the Associated Reformed Churches in New York City, and after ordination as a clergyman settled as Pastor at Erie, Pennsylvania, where he remained for the rest of his life. He was appointed Chaplain in the United States Navy in the War of 1812, and served on Commo-

dore Perry's flagship while on Lake Erie in 1813. Dr. Reid was the author of "Helps to Christian Devotions," "The Seven Last Plagues," and a number of published sermons and pamphlets. He was twice married, his second wife being Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Matthew Lind of Franklin county, Pennsylvania. He died in Erie, May 15, 1844.

DEBUTTS, Elisha, 1773-1831.

Class of 1805 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1773; came to America in childhood; early education in public schools of Va.; graduated in medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1805; practiced in Va. and Baltimore, Md.; Professor Chemistry in Medical College of Maryland, 1809-12; Professor Chemistry and Mineralogy in University of Maryland, 1812-31; died 1831.

ELISHA DEBUTTS, M.D., was born in Ireland in 1773, son of John DeButts, an officer in the English army. At an early age he was brought by his parents to America, his first home in this country being in Sharpsburg, Maryland. An uncle, Dr. Samuel DeButts, lived in Alexandria, Virginia, and it was here that Elisha was first sent to school, later receiving his first medical training under his uncle's tutelage. He entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1803, where he enjoyed the companionship of such classmates as John Esten Cooke, William Gibbons, Joseph Hartshorne, Joseph Parrish, Lewis Burwell and Daniel Legare. At graduation in 1805 Dr. DeButts presented a thesis on "The Eye and Vision," which was subsequently published, and was the recipient of a diploma with honors. For several years following graduation he practiced his profession near Alexandria, Virginia, after which he removed to Baltimore, Maryland, where he had always desired to make his permanent home. In that city he was soon elected to the Chair of Chemistry in the Medical College of Maryland, continuing in that position from 1809 to 1812. During the latter year the old Medical College was merged with the University of Maryland, and in this institution Dr. DeButts was Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy from 1812 until his death. In 1830 during a visit to England to buy equipment for his department, he had the honor to lecture before the Royal Institution of London. For two years Dr. DeButts was a physician to the Baltimore General Dispensary, and in 1830 was chosen a delegate to the Convention to revise the National Pharmacopœia. In the Transactions of

the American Philosophical Society, to which he was elected in 1821, he published "An Account of an Improvement in the Differential Thermometer of Leslie," which was reprinted in the Catalogue of Scientific Papers of the Royal Society of London. He was also the author of "Descriptions of Two New Voltaic Batteries" which appeared in "Silliman's Journal" in 1824. Dr. DeButts was twice married; first to Caroline Hesselus, and next to Sophia Rogers; by his first wife having one son, and by his second six children. He died in the spring of 1831 of pneumonia.

WHARTON, Thomas Isaac, 1791-1856.

Class of 1807.

Born in Philadelphia, 1791; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1807; studied law, and admitted to Bar; lawyer in Philadelphia; Captain of Infantry in War of 1812; Trustee University of Pennsylvania, 1837-56; author and editor of many legal works; died in Philadelphia, 1856.

THOMAS ISAAC WHARTON, son of Isaac Wharton and Margaret Rawle, was born in Philadelphia, May 17, 1791, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, taking his Bachelor's degree on graduation and the Master of Arts in course, three years later. After a course of law study in the office of his uncle, William Rawle, he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar and entered practice in that city, where he became prominent in his profession and as a reporter of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. During the War of 1812 he served in the United States Army as a Captain of Infantry. He was Treasurer of the Law Association of Philadelphia from 1827 to 1841, and its Vice-Chancellor in 1854-1856, and from 1837 until his death he was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. He was also a member of the American Philosophical Society and of various historical associations. Mr. Wharton was for a long time Editor of the "Analectic Magazine," a contributor to Dennie's "Portfolio," and author of many legal reports and papers, besides various published addresses and memoirs, including one on William Rawle, LL.D. In association with Mr. Rawle and Joel Jones he codified the Civil Statutes of Pennsylvania, and with Thomas Sergeant and others he edited the "Law Library," published in 1833. He also edited, with Henry Wheaton, the Fifth American edition of Selwyn's "Abridgment of the Law of Nisi Prius." His wife was Arabella, daughter of John Griffith of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, April 7, 1856.

GREEN, Jacob, 1790-1841.

Class of 1807.

Born in Philadelphia, 1790; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1807, and Rutgers 1812; studied law, and began practice in Philadelphia; Professor of Philosophy, Experimental Chemistry and Natural History, College of New Jersey, 1818-22; Professor of Chemistry, Jefferson Medical College, 1822-41; author of various works on chemistry, electricity and astronomy; died in Philadelphia, 1841.

JACOB GREEN, M.D., LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 26, 1790, son of Rev. Ashbel Green, D.D., LL.D., President of the College of New Jersey (Princeton). From boyhood his inclinations were toward scientific pursuits, and at an early age he wrote a treatise on electricity which gave him a reputation. He also cultivated a taste for botany, and made a large collection of plants. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, and at Queens (Rutgers) College in 1812, receiving from both institutions the degree of Master of Arts in course. He studied law, and practiced for a time in Philadelphia, but in 1818 became Professor of Philosophy, Experimental Chemistry and Natural History in the College of New Jersey (Princeton). These chairs he resigned in 1822 to accept the Professorship of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College, which he held during the rest of his life. Dr. Green was the author of several works on chemistry and treatises on electricity, besides many valuable articles published in "Silliman's Journal." He held the honorary degrees of Master of Arts from Princeton, Doctor of Medicine from Yale, and Doctor of Laws from Jefferson Medical College. He died in Philadelphia, February 1, 1841.

SCHAEFFER, David Frederick, 1787-1837.

Class of 1807.

Born in Carlisle, Pa., 1787; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1807; Lutheran clergyman; Pastor at Frederick, Md., 1808-37; a founder and President General Synod Lutheran Church; Editor "Lutheran Intelligencer;" died in Frederick, 1837.

DAVID FREDERICK SCHAEFFER, D.D., son of Rev. Frederick David Schaeffer, D.D., and Rosina Rosenmiller, was born in Carlisle, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1787. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, received his Master of Arts in course, studied theology, was ordained by the Ministerium of Pennsylvania, and in 1808 became Pastor of the Lutheran Church in Frederick, Maryland, in which charge he continued through life. He was an able theologian and teacher,

directing the theological studies of many students, and active in all the enterprises of his denomination, as well as in many others. From 1826 to 1831 he was Editor of the "Lutheran Intelligencer," the first English periodical established by the Lutheran Church in this country, and in 1829 he was Principal of the Frederick Academy. He contributed to the establishment of the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and was one of the founders of the General Synod of the Lutheran Church, which he served as Secretary 1821-1829 and as President 1831-1833. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by St. John's College, Annapolis, Maryland, in 1836. Dr. Schaeffer's wife was Elizabeth, daughter of George Krebs of Philadelphia. He died in Frederick, May 5, 1837.

TURNER, Samuel Hulbeart, 1790-1861.

Class of 1807.

Born in Philadelphia, 1790; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1807; Episcopal clergyman; Rector in Chester, Md., 1812-17; Professor in General Theological Seminary, New York, 1818-61; Professor of Hebrew in Columbia College, 1830-61; died in New York, 1861.

SAMUEL HULBEART TURNER, D.D., son of Rev. Joseph Turner and Elizabeth Mason, was born in Philadelphia, January 23, 1790. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, taking his Master of Arts in course. He studied for the Episcopal ministry under Bishop White, by whom he was ordained deacon in 1811 and priest in 1814. In 1812 he became Rector of the Episcopal Church in Chester, Kent county, Maryland, and remained there until 1818, when he accepted an appointment as Superintendent of the Theological School of his denomination in Philadelphia, where he had Alonzo Potter, subsequently Bishop of Pennsylvania, as his first pupil. In 1818 he was appointed Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant-Episcopal Church in New York City. Three years later, on a reorganization of the Seminary, following its reestablishment in New York after a brief period of removal to New Haven, he was made Professor of Biblical Learning and Interpretation of Holy Scriptures, and in this post he served until his death. From 1830 until the end of his life he also held the Chair of Hebrew in Columbia College. Dr. Turner published a great number of works devoted mainly to scripture exposition, also numerous translations, sermons, tractates, and

articles contributed to various reviews. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Union College in 1820. His wife was Mary Esther, daughter of Burrage Beach of Cheshire, Connecticut. He died in New York City, December 21, 1861. His autobiography was published in New York two years after his death, in 1863.

GORDON, Thomas Francis, 1787-1860.

Class of 1808.

Born in Philadelphia, 1787; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1808; member Philadelphia Bar; declined a seat on the Bench of Supreme Court; author and historian; died in Beverly, N. J., 1860.

THOMAS FRANCIS GORDON, son of Elisha and Elizabeth (Francis) Gordon, was born in Philadelphia in 1787, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1808. He studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. An appointment as Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, which was tendered him, he declined on account of deafness. Mr. Gordon devoted much time to historical and archeological researches, and besides a "Digest of the Laws of the United States," he published a "History of Pennsylvania from its Discovery to 1776," "History of New Jersey from its Discovery to 1789," "History of America," "Cabinet of American History," "History of Ancient Mexico," and Gazetteers of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. His wife was Constance, daughter of John Baptist Clement Rosseau of Philadelphia. He died in Beverly, New Jersey, January 17, 1860.

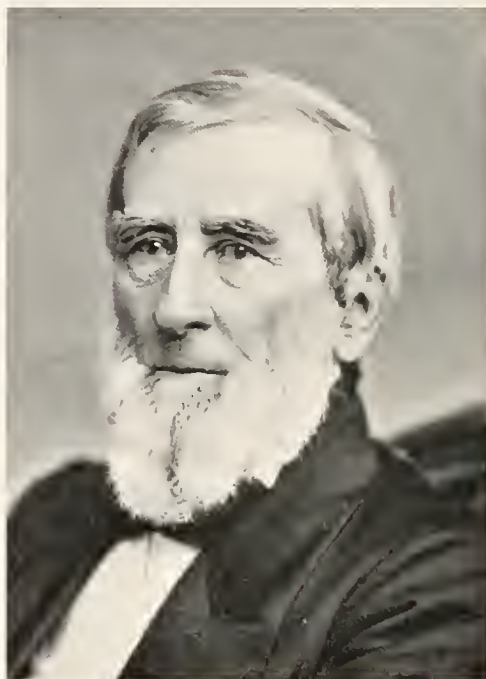
BACHE, Franklin, 1792-1864.

Class of 1810.

Born in Philadelphia, 1792; graduated University of Pennsylvania, College Department 1810, Medical Department 1814; Surgeon United States Army, 1814-16; physician in Philadelphia; Professor Chemistry Franklin Institute 1826-32, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy 1831-41, Jefferson Medical College 1841-64; President American Philosophical Society; joint author "United States Dispensatory;" died in Philadelphia, 1864.

FRANKLIN BACHE, M.D., son of Benjamin Franklin Bache (Class of 1787, College of Philadelphia) and Margaret H. Markoe, was born in Philadelphia, October 25, 1792. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1807, graduating from the College Department in 1810 and from the Medical School in 1814, and receiving the degree of Master of Arts from the University in course. In 1813 he entered the army as Surgeon's Mate, or

Assistant Surgeon. In the following year he was appointed Surgeon, and served until 1816, when he resigned to begin the practice of medicine in Philadelphia. He was Physician to the Walnut-Street Prison from 1824 to 1836, and to the Eastern Penitentiary in Philadelphia for ten years, from 1829 to 1839. In 1826 he became Professor of Chemistry in the Franklin Institute, a chair which he filled in that institution until 1832, in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy from 1831 to 1841, and in Jefferson Medical College from 1841 until his death in 1864. He was a fellow of the College of Physicians



FRANKLIN BACHE

of Philadelphia, and its Vice-President from 1855 to 1864; member of the American Medical Association and the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia; also a member and for two years President of the American Philosophical Society, and at the time of his death was President of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum corporation of Philadelphia. Dr. Bache was a prolific contributor to medical and scientific periodicals, and for nearly ten years was one of the editors of the "North American Medical and Surgical Journal." He published, among other works, a "System of Chemistry for the Use of Students of Medicine," and was the author, jointly with Dr. George B. Wood of the Class of 1815, University of Pennsylvania, of the "United States Dis-

pensatory." He died in Philadelphia, March 19, 1864. A memoir of him was published by Dr. Wood, his friend and associate, in 1865.

INGERSOLL, Edward, 1790-1841.

Class of 1808.

Born in Philadelphia, 1790; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1808; lawyer in Philadelphia; published a "Digest of Laws of the United States," and other legal works; author of poems and articles contributed to secular magazines; died in Florence, Italy, 1841.

EDWARD INGERSOLL, son of Hon. Jared Ingersoll and Elizabeth Pettit, was born in Philadelphia, July 27, 1890. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1805 and was graduated with the Class of 1808, after which he studied law and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. He compiled and published a "Digest of the Laws of the United States from 1798 to 1820," also an "Abridgment of Acts of Congress now in Force, excluding those of Private and Local Application." Mr. Ingersoll was the author of much graceful verse, his poems appearing, under the pen-name of "Horace," in "The Portfolio" and other Philadelphia magazines. He also contributed articles to "Walsh's Gazette" and other periodicals. He married Catherine Ann, daughter of John Hill Brinton of the Class of 1790, University of Pennsylvania. His death took place in Florence, Italy, July 7, 1841.

LESLIE, Charles Robert, 1794-1859.

Class of 1810.

Born in London, Eng., 1794; educated Philadelphia public schools and University of Pennsylvania; studied art under West and Allston; Professor of Drawing in West Point Military Academy, 1831-32; Professor of Painting in Royal Academy, London, 1848-51; eminent painter; died in London, 1859.

CHARLES ROBERT LESLIE was born in London, England, October 19, 1794, son of Robert Leslie and Lydia Baker. His father, a clockmaker of Philadelphia, was a personal friend of Franklin, Jefferson and other eminent men. Charles Robert was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, and at the University of Pennsylvania, which he entered in 1807 with the Class of 1810, but left before graduation and was apprenticed to the book trade. In 1813 he went to England to study art under Benjamin West and Washington Allston, and in the studios of those eminent painters he soon attained notice. The Royal Academy elected him an associate in 1821 and an academician in 1825. In

1831 he returned to the United States and became Professor of Drawing in the United States Military Academy at West Point, but after a year resigned and went back to England, owing it is said to the discontent of his English wife. He was elected a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1837. From 1848 to 1851 he was Professor of Painting in the Royal Academy at London. He died in London, May 5, 1859. Two of Mr. Leslie's paintings, "Cooke as Richard III." and "Murder of Rutland by Clifford," are in the Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts. But his most famous works are in the Vernon Collection in the National Gallery at London, and in the Sheepshanks Collection. They include the "Coronation of Queen Victoria," "May Day in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth," "Anne Page and Master Slender," "Sir Roger de Coverley Going to Church," and others. He published, in 1848, "Life and Times of Sir Joshua Reynolds." His sister, Eliza Leslie, was a somewhat noted authoress, and for many years edited "The Gift," a popular annual.

BIDDLE, Richard, 1796-1847.

Class of 1811.

Born in Philadelphia, 1796; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1811; studied law and admitted to Bar; practicing lawyer in Pittsburg, Pa.; member of Congress, 1837-41; author "Life of Sebastian Cabot;" died in Pittsburg, 1847.

RICHARD BIDDLE, son of Charles and Hannah (Shepard) Biddle, was born in Philadelphia, March 25, 1796. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1808 and was graduated in 1811, receiving the Master of Arts degree in 1815. He studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and engaged in practice in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he attained eminence in his profession. In 1837 he was elected a Representative to Congress from the Pittsburg district, and served until 1841. During a three-years residence in England, 1827-1830, he published a critical review of "Captain Basil Hall's Travels in North America." His "Memoir of Sebastian Cabot, with a Review of the History of Maritime Discovery," which brought to light many facts not hitherto generally known, was published in London in 1831. Mr. Biddle was a brother of Nicholas Biddle, a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania from 1818 to 1844. He married Ann Anderson of Pittsburg, and died in that city, July 6, 1847.

MASON, Richard Sharp, 1795-1874.

Class of 1812.

Born in Barbadoes, W. I., 1795; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1812; Episcopal clergyman; Rector in Newberne, N. C., 1818-29; President Hobart College, N. Y., 1830-35; President Delaware College, Newark, Del., 1835-37; Rector Christ Church, Raleigh, N. C., 1840-74; died in Raleigh, 1874.

RICHARD SHARP MASON, D.D., son of Philip Mason, was born in Barbadoes, West Indies, June 7, 1795, and at an early age was brought to Philadelphia by his parents to be educated. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1812, and received his Master of Arts from the University in 1816. Studying for the Protestant-Episcopal ministry, he was ordained deacon by Bishop White of Philadelphia in 1817, and in the following year became Rector of Christ Church in Newberne, North Carolina. He was made priest in 1820, and retained his charge in Newberne until 1829, when he accepted a call to become Rector of St. Matthews at Geneva, New York, and in the following year was elected President of Geneva College, now Hobart College, at that place. After five years at the head of that institution he was called to the Presidency of Delaware College, at Newark, Delaware. In 1840 he returned to North Carolina, assuming the Rectorship of Christ Church in Raleigh, where he labored for nearly thirty-five years, until his death. Dr. Mason received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Pennsylvania in 1830, and was similarly honored in the same year by Hobart College. He was the author of several works, including one on infant baptism, edited by his son. He died in Raleigh, February 21, 1874.

RAWLE, Francis William, 1795-1881.

Class of 1812.

Born in Philadelphia, 1795; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1812; A.M., 1816; Civil Engineer and iron manufacturer; Associate Judge Lycoming county, Pa.; President Equitable Mortgage Insurance Company of Philadelphia; Sergeant and Lieutenant First Pennsylvania Volunteers in War of 1812; died 1881.

FRANCIS WILLIAM RAWLE was born in Philadelphia, September 28, 1795, son of William and Sarah Coates (Burge) Rawle. His father was an eminent lawyer of Philadelphia, occupying many offices of great public importance and contributing extensively to legislative and to legal literature. Among the offices to which the

father was appointed were United States District Attorney for Pennsylvania under Washington; counsel for the United States Bank; Councillor of the American Philosophical Society; Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania; and President of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. Francis W. Rawle graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1812 and in 1816 was given the degree Master of Arts in course. The end of his College course came just at the opening of the War of 1812, and his services were at once enlisted with the First Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers of which he was Sergeant and then Lieutenant. His active career was at first devoted to the profession of civil engineering, and later he became extensively engaged in the iron industry. He was at one time Associate Judge of Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and again President of the Equitable Mortgage Insurance Company of Philadelphia. Mr. Rawle married Louisa, daughter of Charles Hall of Sunbury, Pennsylvania. His son, Henry Rawle, also studied and practiced civil engineering, becoming principal assistant engineer of the Western division of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad. Henry also became interested in the coal and iron business, and was Mayor of Erie from 1874 to 1876, and Treasurer of Pennsylvania from 1876 to 1878. Francis W. Rawle died near Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1881.

READ, John Meredith, 1797-1874.

Class of 1812.

Born in Philadelphia, 1797; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1812; lawyer, City Solicitor and member Select Council, Philadelphia; U. S. District Attorney, 1837-41; Solicitor U. S. Treasury, 1841-45; Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, 1846; Justice Supreme Court of Pennsylvania 1858-72, Chief-Justice 1872-73; one of the founders Republican Party; Grand Master of Masons of Pennsylvania; died in Philadelphia, 1874.

JOHN MEREDITH READ, LL.D., son of Hon. John Read and Martha Meredith, was born in Philadelphia, July 21, 1797, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1812. He studied law, became a member of the Bar of Philadelphia, and rapidly rose to prominence in his profession. He was a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature 1822-1824, City Solicitor of Philadelphia 1824-1827 and a member of the Select Council of that city from 1827 to 1830. From 1837 to 1841 he was United States District

Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and from 1841 to 1845 he served as Solicitor of the United States Treasury. In 1846 he became Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, and in that year was nominated by President Polk as an Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court; but his free-soil views having excited the bitter opposition of the Southern Senators, his name was withdrawn at his own request. In 1858 he was made a Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and in 1872 became Chief-Justice, serving in that position until his resignation in 1873, the year before his death. Mr. Read was one of the founders of the Republican Party in 1856, and his election to the Supreme Court in 1858 by thirty thousand majority was the first important victory won by the new organization. As a consequence he was brought forward in 1860 as a candidate for the Presidency, and at the Chicago Convention of that year he received sixty votes for the nomination; but he withdrew in favor of Abraham Lincoln, his personal efforts and influence throughout the Convention having been exerted wholly in Mr. Lincoln's favor. Judge Read was a member of the American Philosophical Society, and was Grand Master of the Masonic Order in Pennsylvania. The University of Pennsylvania gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1816, and the Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by Brown University in 1860. He was the author of many published opinions and addresses, among them one on the "Suspension of the Writ of Habeas Corpus," in 1863, which constituted the basis of the Act of March 3 in that year, enabling the President to suspend the writ in certain cases. Judge Read was twice married; first to Priscilla, daughter of Hon. John Marshall of Boston, Massachusetts, and second to Amelia, daughter of Edward Thomson of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, November 29, 1874.

LARDNER, Richard Penn, 1795-1882.

Class of 1813.

Born near Philadelphia, 1795; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1813; Treasurer Philadelphia & Reading Railroad; Second Lieutenant First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry; died in Philadelphia, 1882.

RICHARD PENN LARDNER, son of Hon. John Lardner and Margaret Saltar, was born at "Somerset," near Philadelphia, November 8, 1795. At the age of fifteen he entered the Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania, from which institution he was graduated with the Bachelor's degree in 1813 and received his Master of Arts in 1817. He became a prominent business man of Philadelphia, and for many years was Treasurer of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, also of the Frankford & Bristol Turnpike Company. He was Second Lieutenant in the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry. Mr. Lardner was twice married; first to Anna, daughter of Capt. James Tennant of the Royal Navy, and second to Anna, daughter of Dr. John H. Gibbon of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, May 19, 1882.

MUHLENBERG, William Augustus, 1796-1877.

Class of 1815.

Born in Philadelphia, 1796; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1815; Protestant Episcopal clergyman; Assistant Minister Christ's Church, Philadelphia, 1817-22; Rector St. James's Church, Lancaster, Pa., 1822-28; Principal Flushing, L. I., Institute, 1828-38; Principal St. Paul's College, Flushing, 1838-46; Superintendent and Chaplain St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, 1858-77; author of many religious writings, including famous hymns; D.D. Columbia, 1834; died 1877.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS MUHLENBERG, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 16, 1796, son of Henry William and Mary (Sheafe) Muhlenberg. He was graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1815, receiving the Master of Arts degree in course. Upon leaving College he took up theological study under Bishop White, and was made a deacon after one year. His first important charge was as Assistant Minister in Christ's Church of Philadelphia, where he remained from 1817 to 1822, receiving then a call to St. James's Church of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, where he held the rectorship for six years. From this time his attention was given especially to educational matters in which he had always felt a keen interest. In this connection it is a notable fact that Dr. Muhlenberg was the first to found a public school in the state of Pennsylvania outside of Philadelphia. He was also the founder, in 1828, of the Flushing, Long Island, Institute, of which he was Principal until its merger with St. Paul's College in 1838. Of the latter institution he was Principal and Rector from 1838 to 1846. In that year he became Rector of the Church of the Holy Communion in New York City, and soon after commenced his efforts to establish St. Luke's Hos-

pital. His labors in this noble work bore fruit in 1859, when the institution was opened at Fifty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, Dr. Muhlenberg becoming its first Chaplain and Superintendent — positions which he filled faithfully and efficiently until his death. Dr. Muhlenberg will long be famous in Ecclesiastical circles for his important work in enlarging and improving the hymnology of the Protestant Episcopal denomination; and as the author of well-known hymns, notably: "I would not live away;" "Like Noah's weary dove;" "Saviour who thy flock art feeding;" and "Shout the glad tidings." He was a fluent and capable writer, and his bibliography shows an extensive list of tracts, essays, poems and sermons. The following writings may be mentioned in addition to the hymns already referred to: Church Poetry, being Portions of the Psalms in Verse, and Hymns suited to the Festivals and Fasts, from Various Authors, New York, 1823; Christian Education, 1831; Music of the Church, in conjunction with Bishop Wainwright, 1847; The People's Psalter, 1847; Letters on Protestant Sisterhoods, 1853; Family Prayers, 1861; St. Johnland: Ideal and Actual, 1867; Christ and the Bible, 1869; The Woman and her Accusers, a sermon, 1870; Evangelical Catholic Papers. Dr. Muhlenberg was given the degree of Doctor of Divinity by Columbia University in 1834. He died in New York City, April 8, 1877.

ENGLES, William Morrison, 1797-1867.

Class of 1815.

Born in Philadelphia, 1797; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1815; studied theology, and licensed to preach 1818; Pastor Seventh Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia; Editor "The Presbyterian;" President Presbyterian Board of Publication; died in Philadelphia, 1867.

WILLIAM MORRISON ENGLES, D.D., son of Silas Engles and Annie Patterson, was born in Philadelphia, October 12, 1797, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1815. After studying theology with Dr. Samuel Brown Wylie and receiving his license to preach in 1818, he was engaged for a time in missionary work. Returning to Philadelphia in 1820 he became Pastor of the Seventh Presbyterian Church of that city and continued in this charge until impaired health caused his resignation in 1834. He then became Editor of "The Presbyterian," a position which he held for the rest of his life. In 1838 he was appointed Editor also of the books and tracts issued

by the Presbyterian Board of Publication, in which capacity he served until 1863, when he was made President of the Board. He published, among other works, "Records of the Presbyterian Church," a "Bible Dictionary," a "Sailor's Companion," and "The Soldiers' Pocket-Book," of which three hundred thousand copies were circulated during the Civil War. Dr. Engles received his Doctor of Divinity from Lafayette College in 1838. His wife was Charlotte, daughter of James Schott of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, November 27, 1867.

PETTIT, Thomas McKean, 1797-1853.

Class of 1815.

Born in Philadelphia, 1797; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1815; lawyer; City Solicitor of Philadelphia, 1820; Deputy Attorney-General, 1824-26; member Pennsylvania Legislature, 1830; member Select Council, 1831; Judge District Court of Philadelphia, 1832-35; Presiding Judge of same, 1835-45; United States District Attorney for Eastern District of Pennsylvania, 1845; Director United States Mint, 1853; died 1853.

THOMAS MCKEAN PETTIT was born in Philadelphia, December 26, 1797, son of Andrew and Elizabeth (McKean) Pettit. He graduated in the academic course of the University of Pennsylvania in 1815, receiving the University's Master of Arts degree in course. Taking up the study of law he was soon admitted to the Bar and rapidly advanced in his profession to a point where he became sought after for public offices. In 1820 he was elected City Solicitor of Philadelphia, and in 1824 Deputy Attorney-General for the State, holding the latter office for two years. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1830, and in 1821 again entered the service of his city as a member of the Select Council. From 1832 to 1835 he was Associate Judge of the District Court of Philadelphia and then for the next ten years acted as Presiding Judge of the same court. He was United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, declining thereafter further judicial positions which were proffered. In March 1853 he was appointed Director of the United States Mint and had been occupied with that work but one month when he died. In addition to many addresses, he published, in conjunction with Thomas Sergeant, "The Common Law Reports of England." Mr. Pettit was married to Sarah Barry, daughter of Commodore Richard Dale. He died in Philadelphia, May 30, 1853.

SCHMUCKER, Samuel Simon, 1799-1873.

Class of 1816.

Born in Hagerstown, Md., 1799; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Princeton Theological Seminary; Lutheran minister; preached in New Market, Va., 1820-26; taught in Theological Seminary of Lutheran Church, Gettysburg, Pa., 1826-64; Professor Intellectual Science, Pennsylvania College, 1832-33; author of many theological works; D.D. Rutgers, 1832; died 1873.

SAMUEL SIMON SCHMUCKER, D.D., was born in Hagerstown, Maryland, February 28, 1799, son of Rev. John George and Catherine (Gross) Schmucker. His father, a native of Germany, came to America in 1785, studied theology and became prominent in the Lutheran Church, helping to found the general synod of the church, acting as President of the Board of Directors of the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and for thirty years being an active worker for his denomination in this country. The son, Samuel Simon, closely followed the elder Schmucker's career, taking up his father's work where it had been ended. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1814, but remained only until the end of Sophomore year, leaving to enter theological studies. The University later conferred two degrees upon him *gratia causa*: Bachelor of Arts in 1819, and Master of Arts in 1823. After study with his father Dr. Schmucker entered the Theological Seminary at Princeton, New Jersey, where he graduated in 1820. His first charge was in New Market, Virginia, and he continued in the work there from graduation until 1826. His ordination was in Frederick, Maryland, September 5, 1821. Like his father he early became interested in the general affairs of the Lutheran Church and in the training of young men for the ministry. Besides doing active work in the organization of the general synod in 1821, he conceived and drew up the formulæ for the government and discipline of the church, which adopted by the general synod in 1827 has since been retained by the organization. At the Theological Seminary in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, which with his father he founded in 1826, he was Professor of Dogmatic Theology from the time of opening until his resignation in 1864. Later teaching experience was in Pennsylvania College, where he was Professor of Intellectual Science during one year from 1832. In 1846 he was sent as a delegate to the Evangelical Alliance in London, in this connection and at other times ardently striving for the establishment of an effective connection between the Lutheran Church

of Europe and that of America. His purpose was largely promoted by the publication in England and the United States of his Fraternal Appeal to the American Churches on Christian Union, 1838, which proposed a basis of union. Dr. Schmucker's published writings number more than one hundred, and cover a period of more than forty years of literary endeavor. Some of the principal ones are: Biblical Theology of Storr and Flatt, translation from the German, 1826; Elements of Popular Theology, 1834; Kurzgefasste Geschichte der Christlichen Kirche, auf der Gundlage der Busch'en Werke, 1834; Portraiture of Lutheranism, 1840; Retrospect of Lutheranism, 1841; The American Lutheran Church, Historically, Doctrinally, and Practically Delineated, 1851; Lutheran Manual, 1855; American Lutheranism Vindicated, 1856; Evangelical Lutheran Catechism, 1859; The Church of the Redeemer, 1867; The Unity of Christ's Church. Dr. Schmucker was honored with the degree of Doctor of Divinity by Rutgers College in 1832. He married twice: first Catherine Steenbergen, of Mt. Airy, Virginia, and second Esther Wagner of Philadelphia. He died at Gettysburg, July 26, 1873.

CONYNGHAM, John Nesbitt, 1798-1871.

Class of 1817.

Born in Philadelphia, 1798; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1817; lawyer; member Pennsylvania Legislature; President-Judge Court of Common Pleas, Luzerne county, Pa., 1859-71; President American Church Missionary Society, 1839-70; died in Magnolia, Miss., 1871.

JOHAN NESBITT CONYNGHAM, LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 17, 1798, son of David Hayfield and Mary (West) Conyngham. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1814, and was graduated from the College Department in 1817, receiving his Master of Arts in course, three years later. He studied law and became an eminent practitioner in his profession, subsequently serving for many years, from 1850 to 1871, as President-Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for Luzerne county, Pennsylvania. He also served as a member of the State Legislature of Pennsylvania, and from 1839 to 1870 he was President of the American Church Missionary Society. Judge Conyngham was the author of many published addresses. He was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1848, and the degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by the University of Penn-

sylvania in 1869. His wife was Ruth Ann, daughter of Gen. Lord Butler. He died at Magnolia, Mississippi, February 23, 1871.

MASON, James Murray, 1798-1871.

Class of 1818.

Born in Analosta, Fairfax county, Va., 1798; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1818; studied law at William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., 1819-20; lawyer; member Virginia House of Delegates, 1826-32; Presidential Elector, 1833; member Congress, 1837-39; United States Senator, 1847-61; Commissioner of Confederate States to England and France, 1862; died 1871.

JAMES MURRAY MASON was born in Analosta, Fairfax county, Virginia, November 3, 1798, son of General John and Anna Maria (Murray) Mason. He came of a line of ancestry which included many prominent patriots and statesmen. He was graduated in the regular academic course of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1818, and after fitting himself for the practice of law by a course of study at William and Mary College, he entered professional work in Winchester, Virginia. He first served in public office in 1826 when he was elected to the Virginia House of Delegates, and from that time until his death he was almost continually active in the affairs of state and nation. He continued in the House of Delegates for six years; in 1833 was a presidential elector on the Jackson ticket, and from 1837 to 1839 occupied a seat in Congress as a Jackson Democrat, declining reelection at the end of the term. In 1847 he was elected by the Virginia Legislature to the National Senate, and was twice reelected, retiring in 1861, upon the secession of his state. James M. Mason was a rigid and vehement partisan of the State Rights platform, and his speeches and efforts were enthusiastically given to the Southern cause. In the chronicles of American history his name will always be prominent in two important connections: first, as the author of the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850, and second as a principal in the famous Mason-Slidell episode of 1861. Mason had been appointed, with John Slidell, Confederate Commissioners to England and France, and while passing through the Bahama Channel on the British mail-steamer "Trent" was captured by Captain Charles Wilkes and imprisoned in Fort Warren, Boston Harbor. The commissioners were released on demand of the English government and subsequently reached their destination to plead the cause of the

Confederacy. After the close of the war Mr. Mason was in Canada for three years, returning to Virginia in 1868. He married Eliza Margaretta, daughter of Benjamin Chew. He died near Alexandria, Virginia, April 28, 1871.

POTTS, George, 1802-1864.

Class of 1819.

Born in Philadelphia, 1802; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1819; Princeton Theological Seminary, 1822; Presbyterian clergyman; preached in Natchez, Miss., 1823-35; pastor Duane Street Church, New York City, 1836-44, and of University Place Church, New York City, 1845-64; D.D. University of City of New York, 1838; died 1864.

GEORGE POTTS, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 15, 1802. At the age of four-teen he entered the University of Pennsylvania for academic study and graduated with the Class of 1819. Three years later he graduated from the Theological Seminary in Princeton, New Jersey. His first charge was the Presbyterian Church in Natchez, Mississippi, where he continued from 1823 to 1835. He then removed to New York, accepting a call to the Duane Street Church. Here he was pastor until 1844, and then took charge of the University Place Church, where he preached until his death. Dr. Potts' work on "No Church Without a Bishop," published in New York in 1845, was an exposition of his celebrated controversy with Bishop Wainwright of the Protestant Episcopal Church, on the subject of Episcopal ordination. His other published writings consist of sermons and pamphlets. Dr. Potts received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of the City of New York in 1838. He died in New York City, September 15, 1864.

WALKER, Robert James, 1801-1869.

Class of 1819.

Born in Northumberland, Pa., 1801; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1819; practicing lawyer in Pittsburg, Pa., and in Mississippi; United States Senator from Mississippi, 1836-45; Secretary United States Treasury, 1845-49; Governor Kansas, 1857-58; United States Financial Agent in Europe, 1863; practiced law in Washington, D. C., 1864-69; died 1869.

ROBERT JAMES WALKER was born in Northumberland, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1801, son of Judge Jonathan Hoge and Lucy (Duncan) Walker. His father was a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, of the high Court of Errors and Appeals, and of the United States District Court

of Pennsylvania. After graduation from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1819 he applied himself to the study of law, and in 1822 established a practice in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Four years later he removed to Mississippi where in addition to his practice he entered actively into politics, vigorously opposing the promoters of nullification and secession. In 1836 he was the successful Union candidate for the United States Senate, and while in the national Legislature he influenced the adoption of resolutions in the Mississippi Legislature denouncing nullification and secession

country, advocating the adoption of vigorous measures against the seceding states, at a time when the majority of leading men were still adhering to conservative ideas. Early in 1863 he became associated with James R. Gilmore in the publication of the *Continental Monthly*, a paper which Mr. Gilmore had established to advocate emancipation; in this organ some of Walker's most able political writings appeared. At this time he was also the financial agent for the United States in Europe and in that capacity he negotiated loans amounting to \$250,000,000. In 1864 returning to the United States he devoted himself to law work in Washington and to further political and financial writing, chiefly in the *Continental Monthly*. Mr. Walker married Mary Blichynden, daughter of Hon. Richard Bache, Jr. He died in Washington, D. C., November 11, 1869.



ROBERT J. WALKER

and declaring them to be treason. Reëlected in 1840, he frequently entered debate against John C. Calhoun, supporting the administrations of Andrew Jackson and Martin Van Buren. In the Senate Mr. Walker also became prominent in financial matters, opposing the Bank of the United States in its policy of distributing surplus revenue among the states. In 1845 he was appointed Secretary of the Treasury in the cabinet of President Polk, and retained that office until 1849. In 1857 Mr. Walker was elected Governor of Kansas, but resigned during the next year because of the corrupt and fraudulent conditions prevailing in the territory. During the events immediately preceding the Civil War Mr. Walker's voice was often heard in different parts of the

DARRACH, William, 1796-1865.

M.D. 1819.

Born in Philadelphia, 1796; spent two years University of Pennsylvania; passed Junior year to Princeton, graduating there in 1815; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1819; studied and travelled three years in Europe; practitioner in Philadelphia from 1822 until his death; President of the Pennsylvania Medical College; father of three sons who have distinguished themselves in medicine; died 1865.

WILLIAM DARRACH, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 16, 1796. He was the son of James Darrach of Philadelphia, the son of Thomas Darrach, a Scotch-Irishman who settled in Maryland prior to 1766. He was a descendant also of Colonel William Bradford, active during the Revolution, and of William Bradford who landed with William Penn and established the first printing press in the Middle Colonies. Dr. Darrach's education was begun at the grammar school of the University of Pennsylvania and was continued in the Collegiate Department of the University during Freshman and Sophomore years, when he passed over to Princeton for his junior year, graduating from that College in 1815. Selecting the medical profession, he commenced his studies in the office of Dr. Philip S. Physick and simultaneously attended the lectures in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Doctor of Medicine in 1819. After having served for nearly two years as Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Almshouse he sailed for Europe where he remained for three years, visiting most of the medical schools, hospitals and clinics of Scotland, England, France and Italy.

He attended lectures delivered by Dr. John Abernethy, Sir Benjamin Brodie, Sir Astley Cooper, Charles Bell and Herbert Mayo. In Paris he attended the clinics at the Hotel Dieu, La Charité, and the Hospital of St. Louis. He belonged to Blainville's class on Comparative Anatomy, Alibert's on Diseases of the Skin, La France's on Operations, and prosecuted the study of human and comparative anatomy in the Pavilion and Garden of Plants. In Italy Dr. Darrach received instruction from Row, Boyer, Gefféries, Larry and Scarpa. Returning to this country he began the practice of medicine in



WILLIAM DARRACH

Philadelphia, continuing the same until his death. For four years he was Physician of the Eye and Ear Infirmary, for seven years he held the same post in connection with the Philadelphia Dispensary and was Consulting Physician to the Dispensary until his decease. He was Physician also to the Howard Hospital, the Children's Southern Home and the Eastern Penitentiary. In 1843 he filled the Chair of Theory and Practice of Medicine in Pennsylvania Medical College and was subsequently elected to the Presidency of the College. His ability as a writer was marked. His most important publication is entitled: *Drawings of the Anatomy of the Groin*. Dr. Darrach was a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences, the Philadelphia

Medical Society, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia County Medical Society and the College of Physicians. He was twice married: first to Margaretta Monro, who was the daughter of Dr. George Monro of Wilmington, Delaware, and Jemima Haslet, daughter of Colonel John Haslet, killed at the Battle of Princeton, January 3, 1777. Seven children were the issue of this marriage, four daughters and three sons: Dr. George Monro Darrach, Dr. James Darrach and Dr. William Darrach, Jr., all distinguished physicians. Dr. Darrach was married the second time to Christiana Elizabeth Gobrecht, by whom there were six children, five sons and one daughter: Charles G. Darrach, Edward Fisher Darrach, Henry Darrach, Alfred Darrach, Francis L. Darrach and Eleanor Darrach. He died in 1865. The eldest of the three sons, who took up the study and practice of medicine, George Monro Darrach, was born in Philadelphia, February 20, 1827. He graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1848, completing the medical course at Pennsylvania College in 1850. He resides at Cumberland, Marion county, Indiana, where he is still engaged in active practice. On September 25, 1855, he married Maria Louise Hamilton, and had five children, of whom four are living. James Darrach, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 8, 1828. He graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1849 and from the Pennsylvania Medical College in 1852. During the war he was contract surgeon in charge of the Cuyler Hospital in Germantown in 1862. He practices his profession in Philadelphia. On February 18, 1862, he was married in Holy Trinity Church by Phillips Brooks to Sara Morris, daughter of Henry Morris and a granddaughter of Robert Morris, the Financier of the Revolution. They have had four children, of whom two are living. William Darrach, M.D., 2nd, was born August 22, 1839. He was graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1859 and from the Medical Department of the University in 1861. He served as Acting Assistant Surgeon at McClellan Hospital at Germantown during the war, and at a hospital in Winchester, Virginia. He was married on April 13, 1871, to Edith Romeyn Aertsen, daughter of James M. Aertsen of Philadelphia, by whom he had four children, two of them now living. He resided in Germantown until his death of pleuro pneumonia, January 28, 1881.

TROUBAT, Francis Joseph, 1801-1868.

Class of 1820.

Born in Philadelphia, 1801; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1820; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; author of legal works; died 1868.

FRANCIS JOSEPH TROUBAT was born in Philadelphia, July 14, 1801. His academic training was acquired at the University of Pennsylvania where he graduated in the Class of 1820. After law study he was admitted to the Bar and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. Besides conducting a successful practice Mr. Troubat produced a number of valuable treatises on legal subjects. He was the author, in conjunction with William H. Haley, of "Practice in Civil Actions and Proceedings in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania," two volumes, Philadelphia, 1825-1829; "Treatise on the Law of Limited Partnership in the United States," 1853; and "Treatise on the Law of Partnership," London, 1867. His further literary work consisted of his own editions of "English Exchequer Reports," Philadelphia, 1835; "Chitty on Contracts," 1835; and, with Ellis Lewis and William McCandless, the "New Law Library," fifteen volumes, Harrisburg, 1845-1849. Mr. Troubat died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, October 3, 1868.

CADWALADER, John, 1805-1879.

Class of 1821.

Born in Philadelphia, 1805; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1821; Philadelphia lawyer; member of Congress, 1855-57; Judge United States District Court, 1858-79; captain of a militia company during the Philadelphia riots of 1844; died in Philadelphia, 1879.

JOHN CADWALADER, LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, April 1, 1805, son of Gen. Thomas Cadwalader (University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1795) and Mary Biddle. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1818, receiving his Bachelor of Arts in 1821 and his Master's degree in course, three years later. After graduation he studied law with Horace Binney, was admitted to the Bar in 1825, and soon after became Solicitor of the United States Bank in Philadelphia. Upon retirement from this position, in which he conducted a number of important cases for the Government, he confined himself to private practice and became one of the best-known commercial lawyers in the United States. From 1833 to 1853 he was Vice-Provost of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. In 1844, during the Philadelphia riots of that year, he raised and commanded a company of militia composed

chiefly of lawyers. In 1855-1857 he served as a Representative to Congress, elected on the Democratic ticket. In 1858 he was appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the Eastern Department of Pennsylvania, and in this office he continued until his death. He was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1867, and in 1870 the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. His first wife was Mary, daughter of Hon. Horace Binney, LL.D.; his second was Mrs. Henrietta



JOHN CADWALADER

Maria Melvaine, a widow, daughter of Charles N. Bancker of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, January 26, 1879.

REED, William Bradford, 1806-1876.

Class of 1822.

Born in Philadelphia, 1806; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1822; practicing lawyer; Vice-Provost Law Academy of Philadelphia, 1840-41; member Pennsylvania Legislature, 1834-35; Attorney-General Pennsylvania, 1838; State Senator, 1841; Professor American History, University of Pennsylvania, 1850; United States Minister to China, 1857-58; author of numerous addresses and historical pamphlets; LL.D. Harvard, 1860; died 1876.

WILLIAM BRADFORD REED was born in Philadelphia, June 30, 1806, son of Joseph and Maria Ellis (Watnaugh) Reed. His father

was Attorney-General of Pennsylvania in 1810, and later Recorder of the City of Philadelphia. He graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1822, and then took up law study. In 1825 he went to Mexico as Private Secretary to Hon. Joel R. Poinsett, United States Minister to that country, and upon his return in 1827 entered law practice in Philadelphia. Professional success was soon achieved, and in 1838 his ability was recognized in an appointment as Attorney-General of Pennsylvania. Three years later he was elected to the State Senate. In 1850 Mr. Reed became Professor of American History in the University of Pennsylvania. In 1857 he was appointed Minister to China. In later life he removed to New York City and there followed a career of law practice and of legal writing. His writings appeared in the press of New York City; *The American Quarterly Review*; *The North American Review*; *The London Times* and other publications. He also published a large number of orations and addresses and some pamphlets on controversies in which he had taken part. Among the latter was "President Reed of Pennsylvania, a Reply to George Bancroft and Others," which was written to refute charges brought by historian George Bancroft against Joseph Reed, grandfather of the present subject, a prominent patriot in Revolutionary times, President of the Second Provincial Congress, and later President of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania. In answer to this pamphlet Bancroft published "Joseph Reed, an Historical Essay," in which he charged Reed with treachery to the American cause. The interesting controversy was terminated in 1867 by the appearance of Mr. Reed's "A Rejoinder to Mr. Bancroft's Historical Essay," in which it was shown that there had been a confusion of names. Mr. Reed also published "Life and Correspondence of Joseph Reed," two volumes, Philadelphia, 1847, and "Life of Esther de Berdt, afterward Esther Reed," 1853. He was made a Doctor of Laws by Harvard in 1860. He was twice married, first to Louisa Whelan, of Baltimore, Maryland, and second to Mary Love, daughter of Robert Rolston, of Philadelphia. He died in New York City, February 18, 1876.

SMITH, Persifor Frazer, 1808-1882.

Class of 1823.

Born in Philadelphia, 1808; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1823; admitted

to Bar, 1829; lawyer; clerk Orphans' Court, Chester county, Pa., 1835; District Attorney, Delaware county, Pa., 1839; member State Legislature, 1861-64; Reporter Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, 1866-80; died 1882.

PERSIFOR FRAZER SMITH was born in Philadelphia, January 23, 1808, son of Joseph and Mary (Frazer) Smith. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania at the age of twelve years, and graduated with the Class of 1823. Later he studied law and was admitted to the Bar of Pennsylvania in 1829. Mr. Smith was appointed Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Chester county in 1835; served as District-Attorney for Delaware county in 1839, and as a member of the State Legislature from 1861 to 1864; and was Reporter of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania for fourteen years from 1866. He rendered military service in a West Chester company of volunteers during the emergency of 1863. Mr. Smith published a large work of thirty-two volumes, entitled *Reports of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and Forms of Procedure, Philadelphia, 1862*. He married Thomasine S., daughter of George Ashbridge Fairlamb. His death occurred in West Chester, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1882.

JANEWAY, George Jacob, 1806-1889.

Class of 1824.

Born in Philadelphia, 1806; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1824, M.D. 1830; physician in Philadelphia, afterwards in New Brunswick, N. J., and New York City; Mayor New Brunswick, N. J., 1869-71; died in New Brunswick, N. J., 1889.

GEORGE JACOB JANEWAY, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 14, 1806, son of Rev. Jacob Jones Janeway, D.D., and Martha Gray Leiper. He was graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1824, and from the Medical Department of the same institution in 1830. Becoming a member of the Philadelphia Medical Society upon receiving his diploma, he was for a time Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, and then engaged in practice in that city. Subsequently he removed to New Brunswick, New Jersey, and later became a practitioner in New York City, joining the New Jersey State Medical Society in 1830 and the Medical Society of the City and County of New York in 1831. From 1869 to 1871 he was Mayor of New Brunswick, and he died in that city, September 16, 1889. His wife was Matilda, daughter of Gamaliel Smith of New York City.

WHARTON, George Mifflin, 1806-1870.

Class of 1823.

Born in Philadelphia, 1806; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1823; lawyer; President Board of Public Education of Philadelphia; President Select Council, 1856-59; United States District Attorney for Eastern Pennsylvania, 1857-60; Trustee of the University, 1841-68; died 1870.

GEORGE MIFFLIN WHARTON was born in Philadelphia, December 20, 1806, the son of William Fishbourne and Susan (Shoemaker) Wharton. He graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1823, having been, during his College course,



GEORGE M. WHARTON

Moderator of the Philomathean Society and Latin Salutatorian of his Class. He studied law after graduation from the University and soon became prominent, in the ranks of the legal profession in Philadelphia. He was Vice-Provost of the Law Academy of Philadelphia from 1845 to 1855. Mr. Wharton was active in public affairs, especially in matters relating to education, serving for many years as President of the Board of Public Education. One of the city school-houses, located on Third Street below Pine Street, bears his name. He served as President of Select Council of Philadelphia 1856-1859, and was appointed United States District Attorney for Eastern Pennsylvania by President Buchanan, occupying that position from 1857 to

1860. He was a member of the American Philological Society. Mr. Wharton was elected a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania in 1841, and served until 1868. He married Maria, daughter of John Markoe of Philadelphia, and died in that city, February 5, 1870.

REED, Henry Hope, 1808-1854.

Class of 1825.

Born in Philadelphia, 1808; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1825; studied law, and admitted to Bar, 1829; Assistant Professor English Literature, University of Pennsylvania, 1831; Assistant Professor Moral Philosophy, 1831-34; Professor English Literature and Rhetoric, 1835-54; Vice-Provost, 1845; author and editor; LL.D. University of Vermont, 1846; died 1854.

HENRY HOPE REED, LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 11, 1808, son of Joseph and Maria Ellis (Watmaugh) Reed. His ancestry included a line of illustrious patriots and statesmen, among whom was Joseph Reed, Adjutant-General in Washington's army, and one of the founders of the University of Pennsylvania. Reference is made to Dr. Reed's father in the sketch of his brother, William Bradford Reed, which also appears in this volume. The present subject was graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1825, educated himself in the law and was admitted to the Bar of Pennsylvania in 1829. Two years later he abandoned the legal profession, upon appointment as Assistant Professor of English Literature in the University of Pennsylvania. His subject was soon changed to Moral Philosophy, which he continued to teach as Assistant Professor until 1834. In 1835 he was advanced to the full Professorship of English Literature and Rhetoric, which chair he held until his death. In 1845 he served the University as Vice-Provost. The University of Vermont conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon him in 1846. As author and editor Dr. Reed performed an extensive and important literary labor. Early in his career he was brought into intimate relations with the poet Wordsworth, and during the life-time of the poet he assisted in the arrangement and publication of an American edition of his poems, Philadelphia, 1837; the preface to this work being written by Dr. Reed. He also wrote an extended article on Wordsworth in the *New York Review* in 1839, and after the death of the poet he supervised the publication of the American edition of "Dr. Christopher Wordsworth's Memoirs," two volumes,

Boston, 1851. Dr. Reed's most important original writing is to be found in several courses of lectures given at the University, and since his death published by his brother, William B. Reed, under the titles: "Lectures of English Literature from Chaucer to Tennyson," Philadelphia, 1855; "Lectures on English History and Tragic Poetry, as Illustrated by Shakespeare," 1855; "Lectures on the History of the American Union," 1856; and "Lectures on the British Poets," two volumes, 1857. Under his name as Editor appeared also: an edition of "Alexander Reid's Dictionary of the English Language," New York, 1845; "George F. Graham's English Synonyms," 1847; "Reprints from Thomas Arnold's Lectures on Modern History," 1845; "Lord Mahan's History of England from the Peace of Utrecht to the Peace of Paris," two volumes, 1849; and "Poetical Works of Thomas Gray." In 1854 while returning from Europe on the steamer "Arctic," he was lost at sea. Dr. Reed married Elizabeth White, daughter of Enos Bronson, of Philadelphia.

DAVIDSON, Robert Baldwin, 1808-1900.

Class of 1826.

Born in Philadelphia, 1808; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1826; employed in Bank of the United States; member Philadelphia Stock Exchange for many years; at one time oldest living graduate of University of Pennsylvania; died 1900.

ROBERT BALDWIN DAVIDSON was born in Philadelphia, September 22, 1808, son of William and Elizabeth (Baldwin) Davidson. He was born on the site of Robert Morris' magnificent colonial residence known as Morris' Folly, near Seventh and Sansom Streets. His grandfather, James Davidson, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, was Professor of Greek and Latin in the early years of the University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Davidson was prepared for College at Wylie and Engle's Academy, and entering the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania at the age of fifteen, graduated with the Class of 1826. His business career commenced with a position in the old Bank of the United States, where he continued until the Bank was abolished by President Jackson. In 1837 he was admitted to membership in the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, and in the same year went into business in partnership, with his father, as a stock broker. For upwards of one half a century Mr. Davidson was active in financial operations in Philadelphia. In 1889, after the death of James Patriot

Wilson, he enjoyed the distinction of being the oldest living graduate of the University of Pennsylvania. He married Sarah Caldwell, daughter of Major Nathaniel Donnell, of the Revolutionary Army. Mr. Davidson died at his home in Philadelphia, March 26, 1900, at the age of ninety-two.

SCHAEFFER, Charles Frederick, 1807-1879.

Class of 1827.

Born in Germantown, Philadelphia, 1807; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1827; Lutheran minister; preached at Carlisle, Pa., 1829-34, and at Hagerstown, Md., 1834-39; Professor Theology Capitol University, Columbus, Ohio, 1840-43; pastor at Lancaster, Ohio, 1843-45; at Red Hook, N. Y., 1845-51; at Easton, Pa., 1851-55; Professor German, Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, 1855-64; Professor Systematic Divinity and Pastoral Theology, Lutheran Theological Seminary, Philadelphia, and President of the Seminary, 1864-79; D.D. Pennsylvania College, 1850; died 1879.

CHARLES FREDERICK SCHAEFFER, D.D., was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, September 3, 1807, son of Rev. Frederick David and Rosina (Rosenmiller) Schaeffer. His father was a Lutheran clergyman and a Doctor of Divinity of the University of Pennsylvania. The son graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1827, and following the career of his father, turned to theological study, was ordained in 1829, and took a charge in Carlisle, Pennsylvania. In 1834 he removed to Hagerstown, Maryland, where a number of Lutheran congregations were under his charge until 1839. From this time his attention was given extensively to teaching; he was appointed Professor of Theology in Capitol University in Columbus, Ohio, in 1843, and continued for three years, when he went to the pastorate of the Church in Lancaster, Ohio; from this place he moved to Red Hook, New York, in 1845, and thence to Easton, Pennsylvania, in 1851, continuing in the latter place four years. From 1855 until 1864 Dr. Schaeffer was Professor of the German Language and Literature in Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, and from 1864 until his death he held the Professorship of Systematic Divinity and Pastoral Theology in the Theological Seminary of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, in Philadelphia, acting also as President of the institution during that period. In 1850 he was granted the degree of Doctor of Divinity by Pennsylvania College. Dr. Schaeffer was the author of numerous historical and theological writings, often in the form of short articles

or pamphlets. A valuable manuscript which he left was a complete System of Lutheran Theology. His published works include: "Manual of Sacred History," translated from the German, Philadelphia, 1855; "Luther's Small Catechism," a revised translation, 1856; "Inaugural Address at Gettysburg," New York, 1856; and "Arndt's True Christianity," translated from the German, 1868. He married Susan, daughter of Rev. John George Schmucker, D.D., of York, Pennsylvania. He died in Philadelphia, November 23, 1879.

MILLER, Edward, 1811-1872.

Class of 1828.

Born in Philadelphia, 1811; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1828; civil engineer; Chief Engineer Morris & Essex Canal 1836, New York & Erie Railroad 1840, Schuylkill Navigation Company 1845, Pacific Railroad of Missouri 1856; President Harrisburg & Lancaster Railroad 1843, North Pennsylvania Railroad 1856; died in Philadelphia, 1872.

EDWARD MILLER, son of William and Rachel (McLong) Miller, was born in Philadelphia, January 6, 1811. His father, a Philadelphia merchant of Scotch descent, and a member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry, was Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington from 1798 to 1803, and Secretary of the Marine Insurance Company of Philadelphia from 1803 to 1833. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1825, where he was chosen Moderator of the Philomathean Society, and was a mathematical honor-man. Graduating in 1828, and receiving his Master's degree in course, he adopted the profession of civil engineering, in which he soon acquired prominence and later eminence. He became Chief Engineer of the Morris & Essex Canal and of the Catawissa Railroad in 1836, of the Sunbury & Erie Railroad in 1839 and of the New York & Erie Railroad in 1840; President of the Harrisburg & Lancaster Railroad in 1843; Chief Engineer of the Schuylkill Navigation Company in 1845; Associate Engineer of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad in 1853; Chief Engineer of the North Pennsylvania Railroad in 1853, and its President in 1856; and Chief Engineer of the Pacific Railroad of Missouri in 1856. Mr. Miller was a member of the American Philosophical Society, and a corresponding member of the Geological Society of Pennsylvania. He published various essays, papers and reports on geological and engineering subjects, also a work entitled "Views on

Prophecy." His wife was Jessie Pattison, daughter of James Imbrie of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia, February 1, 1872.

BOOTH, James Curtis, 1810-1888.

Class of 1829.

Born in Philadelphia, 1810; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1829; studied at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and in Germany; chemist in Philadelphia; established there the first chemical laboratory for student instruction in the United States; Professor of Chemistry in Franklin Institute 1836-45 and University of Pennsylvania 1851-55; melter and refiner U. S. Mint, 1849-87; President American Chemical Society; author of "Encyclopedia of Chemistry," etc.; died in Haverford, Pa., 1888.

JAMES CURTIS BOOTH, LL.D., Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 28, 1810, son of George and Ann (Bolton) Booth. Receiving his preparatory education in classical schools of Philadelphia and at Hartsville Seminary, he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1826, and was graduated in 1829. After a year of further study at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn, New York, he spent three years in Germany, studying technical chemistry at Hesse-Cassel, Berlin and Vienna. In 1836 he returned to Philadelphia and established the first laboratory in the United States for instruction in chemical analysis and chemistry in its practical applications to the arts. In that year also he became Professor of Applied Chemistry in the Franklin Institute. Continuing in this post until 1845, he served in a similar capacity at the Central High School of Philadelphia 1842-1845, and subsequently at the University of Pennsylvania, 1851 to 1855. In 1849 he was appointed Melter and Refiner at the United States Mint in Philadelphia, a position which he retained for the remainder of his life. He was President of the American Chemical Society in 1883 and 1884, was a member of the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society, and its Professor of Horticulture in 1887; and belonged also to the Maryland Institute, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the American Philosophical Society and the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. He held the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Lewisburg, now Bucknell University, bestowed in 1867, and that of Doctor of Philosophy from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, conferred upon him in 1884. Dr. Booth published many papers covering a wide range of topics in the field of chemistry, and among other important works was the author of an "Encyclo-

pedia of Chemistry." His wife was Margaret M. Cardeza. He died in Haverford, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, March 21, 1888.

FRY, Joseph Reese, 1811-1865.

Class of 1830.

Born in Philadelphia, 1811; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1830; studied at Mt. St. Mary's College, Md.; lawyer; Editor Cincinnati Evening Express, and of Philadelphia North American; banker and broker in Philadelphia; author and translator of opera librettos; died in Philadelphia, 1865.

JOSEPH REESE FRY, son of William Fry and Ann Penrose Fleeson, was born in Philadelphia, April 23, 1811. He was educated at Mount Saint Mary's Seminary (now St. Mary's College), Emmittsburg, Maryland, 1824-1828, and in the latter year entered the Junior class in the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1830. He was Poet of his class. He studied law and began practice, but soon turned his attention to literary pursuits, becoming Editor of the Cincinnati Evening Express and later of the Philadelphia North American. Subsequently he engaged in business as a banker and stockbroker in Philadelphia. He wrote a libretto to the opera "Leonora," composed by his brother, William Henry Fry, a well-known musician and journalist of his time; translated the librettos of Bellini's "Norma" and Rossini's "Stabat Mater," and was the author and translator of several unpublished operas. He also wrote jointly, with Robert T. Conrad, a "Life of Zachary Taylor." Mr. Fry was largely instrumental in organizing the Union League Brigade of Philadelphia during the Civil War. He married Cornelia, daughter of James Nevins of Philadelphia, and died in that city, July 1, 1865.

WYLIE, Theophilus Adam, 1810-1895.

Class of 1830.

Born in Philadelphia, 1810; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1830; Reformed Presbyterian clergyman; teacher in Academic Department University of Pennsylvania, 1830-35; Professor Natural Philosophy and Chemistry Indiana University, 1837-52; Professor Mathematics and Astronomy Miami University, 1852-55; Professor Natural Philosophy Indiana University 1855-64, Professor Language 1864-67, Professor Natural Philosophy 1867-87, Emeritus, 1887-95; D.D. from three colleges; LL.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1861; died 1895.

THEOPHILUS ADAM WYLIE, D.D., LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 8, 1810, son of Rev. Samuel Brown and Margaret (Watson)

Wylie. His father was Professor of Hebrew, Greek and Latin Languages in the University of Pennsylvania from 1828 to 1845. After graduating from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1830, he became an assistant in the same department, at the same time studying theology. His theological studies were pursued further during two years at the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, from 1831 to 1833. Active work as a clergyman was soon abandoned to give place to educational pursuits. In 1837 he was called to Indiana University, where he was Pro-



THEOPHILUS A. WYLIE

fessor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry from 1837 to 1852, leaving in the latter year to take the chair in Mathematics and Astronomy at Miami University. At the end of three years he returned to Indiana University, and there held successive Professorships as follows: Professor of Natural Philosophy from 1855 to 1864, Professor of Language 1864 to 1867, and Professor of Natural Philosophy from 1867 to 1887. In 1887 he was honored with the rank of Emeritus Professor, in which standing he continued until his death. Dr. Wylie was on four occasions the recipient of honorary degrees, being made Doctor of Divinity by the College of New Jersey in 1861, by Monmouth College of Illinois in the same year, and by Miami University in 1865;

the Doctor of Laws degree was conferred upon him by the University of Pennsylvania in 1861. Besides numerous scientific writings Dr. Wylie published a "History of Indiana University." He was a member of the fraternity of Phi Beta Kappa. His wife was Rebecca, daughter of Col. Richard Dennis of the United States Army. He died in Bloomington, New Jersey, June 9, 1895.

FAIRES, John Wylie, 1813-1901.

Class of 1831.

Born at Willow Grove, Montgomery county, Pa., 1813; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1831; Greek salutatorian of his class; Principal of the Classical Institute of Philadelphia bearing his name, 1837-88; D.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1861; clergyman of the Presbyterian Church; at time of his death the oldest living graduate of the University of Pennsylvania; died in Philadelphia, 1901.

JOHAN WYLIE FAIRES, D.D., was born at Willow Grove, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, January 27, 1813, of Scotch-Irish Covenanter stock. His father, William Faires, died when he was five years old. His mother was Martha McNeilly. Young Faires was put to school at the classical academies of Rev. Dr. Samuel Wylie Crawford and Rev. Dr. Samuel Brown Wylie; the latter was his guardian, and placed him in the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in the Class of 1831. He was the Greek salutatorian of his class. Subsequently he was a student of theology in the Reformed Presbyterian Seminary, and taught for a time in the Deaf and Dumb Institution of Philadelphia. In 1837 he founded the Classical Institute from which, during the fifty-one years of its existence, over fifteen hundred scholars were graduated, many of them becoming prominent in political, professional, religious and business life. Among them are the late Dr. William Pepper, Dr. Robert Ellis Thompson, Samuel Dickson, Richard C. Dale, Hampton L. Carson, Effingham B. Morris, Prof. William A. Lambertson, Hon. Robert Adams, Rev. George T. Purves, James McCrea and Pember-ton S. Hutchinson. Dr. Faires was twice married, first to Elizabeth McKinley, by whom he had four children: William John Faires of the Class of 1864 of the University of Pennsylvania, Margaret Wylie, Theodore Wylie of the Class of 1871, and Benjamin McKinley Faires of the Class of 1875. He was married the second time in 1884, to Elizabeth Brinton Ely, daughter of Robert Ely of Lambertville, New Jersey. The University of Pennsylvania conferred the

degree of Doctor of Divinity upon this veteran educator in 1861. Dr. Faires was always a Presbyterian, preaching often from the pulpits of the churches in Philadelphia; from the age of eighteen until the year 1887 he was a member of the Wylie Memorial Church of Philadelphia, and from 1887 until his death was a member and also one of the Board of Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of that city. Dr. Faires was for several years a Vice-President of the Alumni Society of the Collegiate Department of the University of Pennsylvania. While in College he was a member of the Philomathean



J. W. FAIRES

Society and the Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity. He died in Philadelphia in April 1901, in his eighty-ninth year.

DUFFIELD, Thomas Wilmerton, Jr., 1812-1864.

Class of 1832.

Born in Philadelphia, 1812; student at University of Pennsylvania, College Department, 1828-31; studied law; practitioner in Philadelphia; served in Philadelphia Common Council 1856-58, and in Pennsylvania Legislature 1859-61; member Public School Board, Philadelphia; died in Philadelphia, 1864.

THOMAS WILMERTON DUFFIELD, JR., was born in Philadelphia in 1812, the fourth son of Thomas W. and Mary (Hassel) Duffield. He was descended from Benjamin Duffield, who

came from England to Burlington, New Jersey, in 1682, afterwards settling on a tract of land which he purchased in the Manor of Morland (now Bucks county), Pennsylvania, and which became known as "Benfield." His grandfather, Abraham Duffield, great-grandson of Benjamin, was a Lieutenant and afterwards Major of cavalry in the Revolutionary Army; and his father was Major in Col. Penrose's Regiment of Pennsylvania troops in the War of 1812. From this ancestry Thomas Wilmerton Duffield inherited the military spirit; and though never in war, he was Colonel of the local militia of Oxford township, Philadelphia county, Pennsylvania, and at the time of Lee's invasion of the state in 1863 was Captain of the Emergency Company. At the age of sixteen, in 1828, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he became a member of the Zelosophic Society. He continued his studies with the Class of 1832 until well into his Junior year, when he left College to devote himself to the study of law. After a due course of legal training he became a member of the Bar of Philadelphia in 1836, and settled in practice in that city. On the eve of his first appearance before a Philadelphia court, his father wrote him the following letter, which is of interest because of its quaint and sagacious advice:—

My son—

You will To-morrow *Probably* make your first appearance before the Court in your professional capacity. Let me Impress on you the necessity of being when you *rise* Composed, deliberate and to the point, without too much Circumlocution;—Confidence in yourself; a proper display of Gesture without Pomposity; a modest unassuming deportment will gain you the Esteem of the Bench and the Court at once. No retort if possible; to avoid it will prove your forbearance and be appreciated. I feel alive my dear Boy for the applause of all who may hear you.

I send Edwin in with your clothes, fearful otherwise that you may not get them. Good luck to you—

Yours Affec^t

T. W. DUFFIELD

first Politeness to the Bench has a good Effect.

Mr. Duffield was a member of the Common Council of Philadelphia from 1856 to 1858, a member of the Board of Control of Public Schools, and a member of the State Legislature of Pennsylvania for two terms, 1859-1860 and 1860-1861. He married, in 1847, Emma Laetitia Buckius, of Frankford, Philadelphia. Mr. Duffield died in Philadelphia, May 5, 1864. One son survives him, Charles W., an Episcopal clergyman in Boston, Massachusetts, and a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1872.

HOLLINGSWORTH, Jehu, 1814-

Class of 1832.

Born in Philadelphia, 1814; educated in Philadelphia schools and at University of Pennsylvania; in business in South America, 1833-36; commission and flour merchant in Cleveland, Ohio, 1836-42; in Zanesville, Ohio, 1842-62; in Philadelphia and New York City, 1862-1902; retired 1894.

JEHU HOLLINGSWORTH was born in Philadelphia, June 18, 1814, son of Samuel and Jane Porterfield (Smith) Hollingsworth. His line of ancestry in America is traced from Valentine Hollingsworth, an Anglo-Irish Quaker, who was born



JEHU HOLLINGSWORTH

in Armagh county, Province of Ulster, Ireland, in 1632, and came to America with William Penn in 1682 on the ship "Welcome," bringing his second wife, Ann Calvert, and their children from Belfast, Ireland. Valentine was a member of the Assembly of Pennsylvania for a number of years. His son, Samuel, born in Belfast in 1672, married Hannah Harlan in America in 1701, and was a member of the Assembly of Pennsylvania for several years. The son of Samuel and Hannah was Enoch, who married Joanna Crowley in 1725; their son, Jehu, married Ann Pyle in 1752; their son, Jehu second, married Hannah Shallcross in 1788; their son Samuel, second, married Jane Porterfield Smith in 1812. The son of this last union, Jehu third, is the

subject of this sketch. He was educated in preparation for College at Espy's Classical School in Philadelphia. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1829 as a Sophomore in the Class of 1832, but was obliged to leave before graduation, at the end of the Junior year, to attend to his father's business in Rio de Janeiro, South America. He remained in that country from 1833 to 1836, and then engaged in the commission business in Cleveland, Ohio. In 1842 he removed to Zanesville, Ohio, where he became extensively engaged in the manufacture of flour, building and owning a number of large mills. Twenty years later he moved to Philadelphia and thence to New York, where he also built several large flour mills. During the period from 1851 to 1884 Mr. Hollingsworth patented a dozen important inventions to facilitate the manufacture of flour and for other purposes. Later in life he has often been employed as an expert in the United States Courts to testify in important patent cases. He retired from active business in 1894. He has been a Republican in politics. He was married February 25, 1841, to Fanny Eloise Shorey, who died in 1884. His children were Samuel Shorey Hollingsworth, a graduate of Yale in the Class of 1863, and Professor of Law in the University of Pennsylvania until his death in 1894; and Mary Jean Porterfield Hollingsworth who married Albert Bullus, of New York City in 1881. Mr. Hollingsworth resides in New York City.

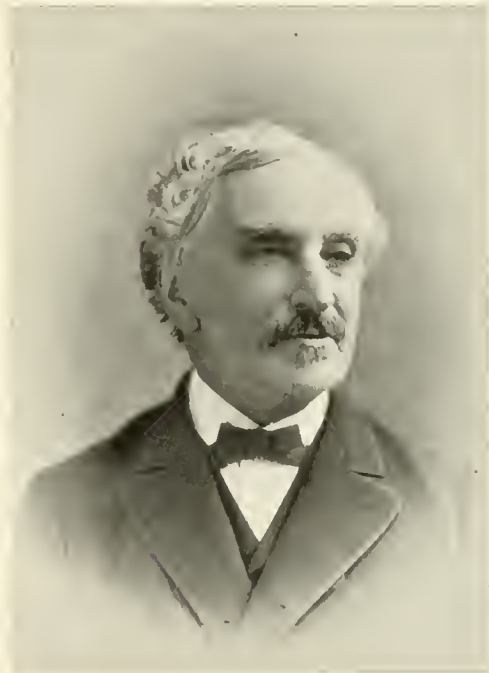
HOPKINSON, Oliver, 1812-

Class of 1832.

Born in Philadelphia, 1812; early education in schools of New Jersey, Philadelphia and Maryland; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1832; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Lieutenant-Colonel First Regiment, Delaware Volunteers, 1862-63; Colonel Fifty-first Pennsylvania, 1863.

OLIVER HOPKINSON was born in Philadelphia, July 24, 1812, son of Hon. Joseph Hopkinson, author of "Hail Columbia," and Judge of the United States District Court; and of Emily (Mifflin) Hopkinson. His grandfather, Francis Hopkinson, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, was a member of the first class of the old Academy and Charitable School, 1757, and was the first scholar to enter. His great-grandfather, Thomas Hopkinson, Judge of Vice-Admiralty for Pennsylvania, was one of the first Trustees and an earnest worker with Franklin in his early plans of foundation. Joseph, father of the present subject, was graduated in the Class of 1786, and later a

Trustee. Oliver, who is at the present writing the oldest living graduate of the University, was first educated at a school at Basking Ridge, New Jersey, later entering the Academy of Dr. Wiltbank of Philadelphia. His final preparation for College was obtained at Rock Hill Academy, Ellicott's Mills, Maryland, and from this school he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. After graduating in 1832 he commenced the study of law in the office of Hon. John Sergeant, but interrupted that work to enter the corps of civil engineers of Moncure Robinson, and in that



OLIVER HOPKINSON

connection he was for two years engaged in surveys in Pennsylvania and Virginia, notably in work for the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. At the end of two years he resumed law study in the office of William M. Meredith, of Philadelphia, and was admitted to the Bar in 1837. For many years he was engaged in active practice in Philadelphia and was concerned in many important cases, and as assistant to Mr. Meredith the United States District Attorney he conducted the famous trial of Alexander W. Holmes, one of the crew of the ship "William Brown," the defendant being accused of manslaughter on the high seas, for having thrown overboard from a life-boat a survivor of the wrecked vessel. Mr. Hopkinson was a member of the Vol-

unteer Corps, National Grays, and later in 1844 a lieutenant in the Cadwalader Grays of Philadelphia. He served in the Civil War as Lieutenant-Colonel of the First Delaware Regiment until slightly wounded at the Battle of Antietam, he resigned his commission "upon surgeon's Certificate," but when Lee invaded Pennsylvania in 1863 he again entered the service as Colonel of the Fifty-first Pennsylvania, or the Second Coal Regiment, as it was known. Mr. Hopkinson was married in 1845 to Eliza, daughter of William Swain, whose ancestors, of Huguenot descent, settled in Connecticut in the seventeenth century. Of their six sons, four are graduates of the University of Pennsylvania.

GIBSON, Charles Bell, 1815-1865.

Class of 1833 Arts, 1836 Med

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1815; studied in College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1829; graduated Medical Department, 1836; surgeon in Philadelphia; Professor of Surgery Washington Medical College (Baltimore) 1842-48, Hampden-Sidney College (Va.) 1847, Richmond Medical College (Va.) 1848-65; Surgeon-General, Va., 1861; Chief Consulting Surgeon in Richmond during Civil War, 1862-65; died in Richmond, 1865.

CHARLES BELL GIBSON, M.D., son of Dr. William Gibson, Professor of Surgery in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania 1819-1854, was born in Baltimore, Maryland, November 12, 1815. His mother was Sarah Charlotte Hollingsworth. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1829, and left at the end of his Freshman year; but after studying medicine elsewhere he returned to the University and was graduated from the Medical Department in 1836. He commenced practice in Philadelphia, and in 1838 was Resident Surgeon at the Philadelphia Hospital. In 1842 he was elected Professor of Surgery at Washington Medical College in Baltimore, and held that position until 1848, in the meantime officiating in a similar capacity at Hampden Sidney College, Virginia, in 1847. In 1848 he became Professor of Surgery in the Medical College of Richmond, Virginia, and was still occupying that chair at the outbreak of the Civil War. When Virginia seceded in 1861, he was made Surgeon-General of the State; and later, during the war, from 1862 to 1865 he was Surgeon of General Hospital Number One in Richmond, and the chief operator and consulting surgeon in the city. He died April 23, 1865, from heart disease induced by excessive labor and fatigue. Dr. Gibson

was the author of many medical essays and papers. His wife was Ellen, daughter of Manuel Eyre of Philadelphia.

LONGSTRETH, Henry, 1814-

Class of 1832.

Born in Burlington, N. J., 1814; educated at Walker School and Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1832; teacher for twelve years; publisher and bookseller in Philadelphia.

HENRY LONGSTRETH, son of Isaac T. and (Collins) Longstreth, was born in Burlington, New Jersey, July 11, 1814. He is a descendant of Ann Dawson, born in London, England,



HENRY LONGSTRETH

who was brought to America in 1710 at five years of age and later married Bartholomew Longstreth, also of English ancestry. Their son Isaac T. Longstreth was the father of Henry, the subject of this biographical notice. He was educated at the Walker School and at the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia until his preparation fitted him to enter the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1832 and received his Master's degree in course. For twelve years he taught school, preparing ex-Judge Brewster and other well-known men for the University. Later he became a successful publisher and bookseller in Philadelphia. In college Mr. Longstreth belonged to the Zelosophic Society, of which he is now the

oldest living member. He was at first a Whig in politics, and later a Republican. Throughout his long life he has never married. His home is in West Philadelphia.

GILPIN, William, 1814-

Class of 1833.

Born in Lancaster, England, 1814; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1833; cadet United States Military Academy, 1835; 2nd Lieutenant 2nd Dragoons, United States Army, 1836; 1st Lieutenant, 1836; Major of Missouri Volunteers, Mexican War, 1846; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1847-48; practicing lawyer in Missouri; Secretary Missouri Legislature, 1841-43; Governor Colorado, 1861.

WILLIAM GILPIN was born in Lancaster, England, October 4, 1814, son of Joshua and Mary (Dilworth) Gilpin. He graduated in



WILLIAM GILPIN

academic studies at the University of Pennsylvania in 1833, and then entered the United States Military Academy at West Point. After service in the Seminole War he was promoted to the first Lieutenantcy of the Second Dragoons, United States Army, in 1836. This commission he resigned in 1841, and settled in Independence, Missouri, to practice law, which he had studied with his brother. He was at once appointed Secretary of the Missouri Legislature and held that office two years from 1841. In 1844, with about one hundred pioneers, he founded the city which is now Port-

land, Oregon, drawing up articles of agreement for a territorial government. At the outbreak of the Mexican War he reentered the army, serving as Major of the First Regiment Volunteer Cavalry, from which rank he was advanced to that of Lieutenant-Colonel in 1847. He returned to Independence in 1851, and continued in legal and political work. In 1861 he was appointed the first Governor of the territory of Colorado. He published "The Central Gold Region," Philadelphia, 1859, and "The Mission of the North American People," 1873. Governor Gilpin married Mrs. Julia Pratt Dickinson, of Missouri.

CLYMER, Meredith, 1817-

Class of 1835 Arts, 1837 Med.

Born in London, England, 1817; student in College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1832-33; graduated Medical Department, 1837; practicing physician in Philadelphia and New York City; Professor Practical Medicine in Franklin Medical College (Philadelphia) 1845, Hampden-Sidney College (Va.) 1848-49, University City of New York 1851; Professor Nervous and Mental Diseases Albany Medical College, 1871-74; Physician to hospitals in Philadelphia and New York; Surgeon United States Volunteers, 1861-65; brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel, 1865; author and editor of many medical works; President Society of Alumni of Department of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania.

MEREDITH CLYMER, M.D., was born in London, England, June 6, 1817, son of George and Maria Gratiot (O'Brien) Clymer, and grandson of George Clymer, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania as a Sophomore in the Class of 1835, but transferred in Junior year to the Medical Department, from which he received the Medical Doctor's diploma in 1837. In 1839 he went abroad for further study, and for two years was under the instruction of the most eminent physicians of Paris, London and Dublin. His practice, which commenced in Philadelphia and was soon removed to New York City, has been chiefly specialized in diseases of the nervous system and the mind. For many years a practitioner of extraordinary success and wide reputation, he has performed an amount of professional work sufficient to fill the careers of two ordinary physicians. As early as 1843 he commenced teaching his profession as Lecturer on Physiology at the Philadelphia Medical Institute. In 1845 he was elected Professor of Practical Medicine at the Franklin Medical College of Philadelphia, and in 1848-1849 held the same chair at the Hampden-Sidney College

in Virginia. He was Professor of Practical Medicine at the University of the City of New York in 1851, and Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases at Albany Medical College from 1871 to 1874. His hospital service has been performed in the positions of: Physician to St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum in Philadelphia from 1842 to 1851; Physician to the Institute of the Blind in Philadelphia in 1842-1843; Physician to the Philadelphia Hospital from 1843 to 1846; and Consulting Physician to the same from 1846 to 1851. At the opening of the Civil War he entered the service as Surgeon in the Volunteer department, and continued through the years of the war in various positions; he was President of the Examining Board of the Army in 1862-1863, being also at that time in charge of the sick and wounded officers in Washington. In 1864-1865 he was Medical Director of the Department of the South. During his war service Dr. Clymer held the rank of Major, and in 1865 was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel for notably meritorious service. In addition to these duties of his busy career he still had room for the accomplishment of a large amount of literary work both as author and editor. He is the author of: "The Pathology, Diagnosis, and Treatment of Fevers," Philadelphia, 1846; "Notes on the Physiology and Pathology of the Nervous System, with Reference to Clinical Medicine," New York, 1868; "Lectures on Palsies and Kindred Disorders," 1870; "Ecstasy and other Dramatic Disorders of the Nervous System," 1870; "Hereditary Genius," 1870; "Epidemic Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis," 1872; "The Legitimate Influence of Epilepsy on Criminal Responsibility," 1874; also joint author of "Williams & Clymer's Diseases of the Respiratory Organs;" and author of many shorter articles in medical journals. He was Editor of the "Medical Examiner," of Philadelphia, from 1839 to 1844, and Associate Editor of the "Journal of Nervous and Mental Diseases" from 1879 to 1884. He has also published as Editor, "Carpenter's Human Physiology;" "Carpenter's Elements of Physiology;" "Aitkin's Science and Practice of Medicine;" and "Williams' Principles of Medicine." Dr. Clymer's affiliations with various organizations, both social and professional, is another evidence of the great activity of his life. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and a member of the Philadelphia Medical Society; the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the American Medical Association; the New York County Medical So-

ciety; the Neurological Society of New York, of which he was President from 1874 to 1876; the Medico-Legal Society of New York; the Alumni Society of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, of which he was Vice-President from 1875 to 1899, and is now President; the Alumni Society of the University of the City of New York; and one of the five honorary members of the Association of American Physicians. Dr. Clymer has been twice married; first to Virginia, daughter of J. P. Garéschi, of Wilmington, Delaware, and second to Eliza L., daughter of Andrew Snelling of New York.

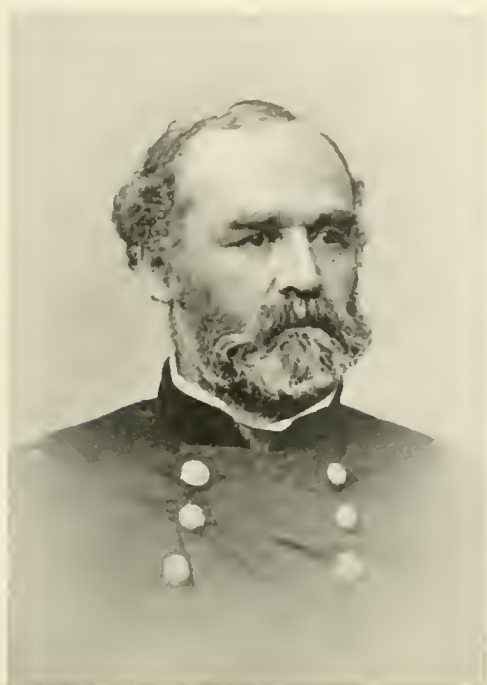
MEIGS, Montgomery Cunningham, 1816-1892.

Class of 1835.

Born in Augusta, Ga., 1816; studied at University of Pennsylvania; left in 1832 to enter the United States Military Academy at West Point, from which he graduated in 1836; Second Lieutenant First Artillery, 1836; First Lieutenant Engineer Corps, 1838; engaged in constructing forts and other government works; Supervising Engineer Potomac Aqueduct 1852-60, United States Capitol extension 1853-59, Fort Jefferson at Tortugas 1860-61, and again on Potomac Aqueduct in 1861; Chief Engineer Fort Pickens Relief Expedition, 1861; Colonel Eleventh Infantry, Brigadier-General and Quartermaster-General United States Army, 1861; Brevet Major-General, 1863; retired, 1882; died in Washington, D. C., 1892.

MONTGOMERY CUNNINGHAM MEIGS was born in Augusta, Georgia, May 3, 1816, son of Dr. Charles Delucena Meigs, Professor of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, and Mary Montgomery. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1831, but left at the close of his Freshman year to become a cadet in the United States Military Academy at West Point, from which he graduated in 1836, and was promoted to Second Lieutenant in the First Artillery in 1836 and to First Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers in 1838. After constructing several forts and other important works, he was appointed Supervising Engineer of the devising and construction of the Potomac Aqueduct, from Great Falls to Washington, a work on which he was engaged from 1852 to 1860. He supervised the construction of the United States Capitol extension by new wings and dome from 1853 to 1859, and the building of Fort Jefferson at Tortugas in 1860-1861. In the latter year he was again engaged upon the Washington Aqueduct. At the beginning of the Civil War he was appointed and served, in April 1861, as Chief Engineer for

organizing and conducting an expedition for the relief of Fort Pickens, Florida. He was made Colonel of the Eleventh Infantry, Brigadier-General and Quartermaster-General, successively, in 1861, and in 1863 was made Brevet Major-General United States Army, for distinguished services. How General Meigs discharged the duties of this office is told in his written address to the corps, when placed on the retired list of the Army, in 1882. He said in part:—"The corps has been expanded till leavened by the knowledge and spirit and integrity of the small body of officers who



M. C. MEIGS

composed it early in 1861, — it showed itself competent to take care of the supplies and transportation of a great Army, during four years of most active warfare. It moved vast bodies of soldiers over long routes; it collected a fleet of over one thousand sail of transport vessels upon the great rivers and upon the coast; it constructed and equipped a squadron of river iron-clads which bore an important part in the operations of the Army in the West, and after having proved its practical power and usefulness, was accepted by the Navy, to which such vessels properly belonged; and it, at the close of hostilities, returned to their homes over a million and a quarter of men. During this time the corps applied to the wants of the Army

over nineteen hundred and fifty-six millions six hundred and sixteen thousand dollars, and used this vast sum with less loss and waste from accidents or fraud than ever before attended the expenditure of such a treasure." After his retirement General Meigs planned and built the New Pension Building, and with Professor Baird designed the National Museum, at Washington. He was a fellow of the National Academy of Sciences, and a Regent of the Smithsonian Institution. Throughout the war he enjoyed the confidence and support of the President to a marked degree. Secretary Seward fully appreciated his services, as the following extract from a letter written in 1867, introducing him to officers of the diplomatic service abroad, will testify:—"The prevailing opinion of this country sustains a firm conviction which I entertain, and on all occasions cheerfully express, that without the services of this eminent soldier, the national cause must either have been lost or deeply imperilled in the late civil war." Although born in Georgia, he was a Pennsylvanian in fact, having been brought by his parents to Philadelphia when a few months old. He married Louisa, daughter of Comm. John Rodgers, United States Navy. He was an honorary member of the Union League of Philadelphia, a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion and a member of the American Philosophical Society. He died in Washington in 1892, and was buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

BREWSTER, Benjamin Harris, 1816-1888.

Class of 1834.

Born in Salem county, N. J., 1816; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Princeton; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Vice-Provost Law Academy of Philadelphia, 1858-62; United States Commissioner to Cherokee Indians, 1846; Attorney-General Pennsylvania, 1867-69; Attorney-General United States, 1881-85; LL.D., Princeton, 1867; died 1888.

BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, LL.D., was born in Salem county, New Jersey, October 13, 1816, son of Francis Enoch and Maria (Hampton) Brewster. On both sides he was the descendant of an illustrious line of ancestry, the paternal line being from Elder Brewster of the Mayflower company. At the age of fourteen he entered the University of Pennsylvania, as a student in the College Department with the Class of 1834. At the end of Freshman year he left Pennsylvania and entered Princeton College where he was graduated in 1834. Law study followed and in January 1838

he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. He achieved an unusual success in his professional practice and became widely known for great brilliancy as a prosecutor. In 1846 he was appointed a commissioner, under President Polk, to examine claims against the United States presented by the Cherokee Indians. From 1858 to 1862 he was Vice-Provost of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. For two years, from 1867 to 1869, he was Attorney-General of Pennsylvania. In 1881 he was appointed, by President Arthur, Attorney-General of the United States. Continuing in that office until 1885, he was



BENJAMIN H. BREWSTER

engaged in the famous Star Route trials in behalf of the Government. Mr. Brewster received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Princeton College in 1867. His first wife was Elizabeth Von Myrbacke de Reinfeldts, of Prussia; his second, Mary, daughter of Robert J. Walker, of the Class of 1819, University of Pennsylvania. Their son is Benjamin Harris Brewster, Jr., of the Class of 1891, University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Brewster died in Philadelphia, April 4, 1888.

BRONSON, William White, 1816-1900.

Class of 1836.

Born in Philadelphia, 1816; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1836, and Episcopal Theological Seminary in New York City 1840; Episcopal clergyman; died in Philadelphia, 1900.

nary in New York City 1840; Episcopal clergyman; died in Philadelphia, 1900.

WILLIAM WHITE BRONSON was born in Philadelphia, December 7, 1816, son of Enos and Mary (White) Bronson. His mother was a daughter of Bishop William White, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1765, for whom the son was named. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1832, becoming a member of the Zelosophic Society, and was graduated with his Bachelor's degree in 1836. He then studied for the ministry, graduating at the Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York City in 1840, and became a clergyman of that denomination in Philadelphia. Rev. Mr. Bronson was the author of a "Memoir of Rev. Bird Wilson, D.D., LL.D.," and of various published lectures. Besides the Master of Arts degree given him by the University of Pennsylvania in course, in 1839, he was similarly honored by Trinity College (Connecticut) in 1848. His wife was Mary Chapman, daughter of Thomas Ash of Philadelphia. He died in Philadelphia in 1900.

WYLIE, Theodore William John, 1818-1898.

Class of 1836.

Born in Philadelphia, 1818; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1836; Instructor in College Department, 1836-40; Presbyterian minister; Assistant-Pastor First Reformed Church in Philadelphia, 1843-52; Pastor from 1852; Professor in Theological Seminary of Reformed Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, 1847-69; D.D. University City of New York, 1859; died 1898.

THEODORE WILLIAM JOHN WYLIE, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 3, 1818, son of Rev. Samuel Brown and Margaret (Watson) Wylie. His father, Pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, was associated with the University of Pennsylvania as Vice-Provost from 1834 to 1845, and as Professor of Hebrew, Greek and Latin from 1828 to 1845. After graduating from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1836, he was appointed to a teaching position in the University and continued there for four years, at the same time fitting himself in theological studies in preparation for work in the ministry. In 1843 he joined his father as Assistant-Pastor in the work of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, where after his father's death in 1852, he continued with much success and increasing honors

as Pastor of this historic parish, which is now known as the Wylie Memorial Church. An important feature of Dr. Wylie's career was his professional work as occupant of the Chair of Exegetical History and Evangelical Theology at the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, his service in this position extending from 1847 to 1869. He was the author of a "Greek, Latin and English Vocabulary," "The God of our Fathers," and "Washington a Christian," and was the editor of the "Juvenile Missionary Intelligencer," the "Missionary Advocate"



THEODORE W. J. WYLIE

and the "Banner of the Covenant." From 1861 to 1865 he was a member of the United States Christian Commission. He was made a Doctor of Divinity by the University of the City of New York in 1859. Dr. Wylie was twice married; first to Louisa, daughter of Hon. Matthew B. Lowrie, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and second to Jessie Young, daughter of James Grant of Stirling, Scotland. He died June 11, 1898.

DRAPER, John William, 1811-1882.

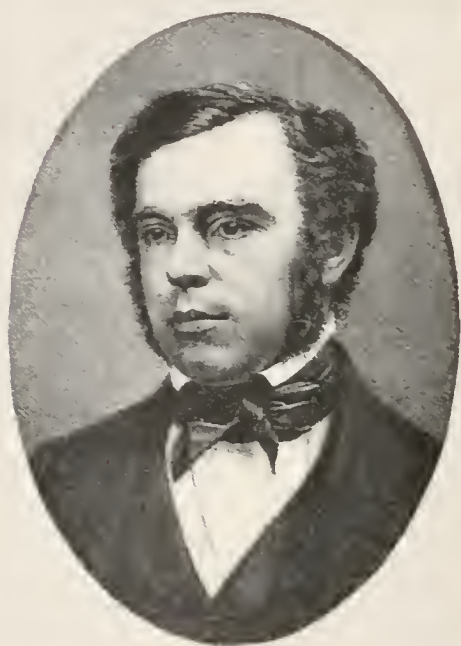
Class of 1836 Med

Born near Liverpool, England, 1811; attended University of London; came to United States, 1832; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1836; Professor

Chemistry and Natural Philosophy Hampden-Sidney College, 1836-38; Professor Chemistry and Natural History, New York University, 1838-82; made many scientific discoveries; first to use daguerreotype process in making portraits; author of many writings on philosophy and science; LL.D. College of New York, 1860; died 1882.

JOHN WILLIAM DRAPER, M.D., LL.D., was born in the Parish of St. Helen, near Liverpool, England, May 5, 1811; his father, the Rev. John C. Draper, being a clergyman of the Wesleyan denomination, who was greatly interested in chemistry and astronomy, and possessed a Gregorian reflecting telescope. John W. Draper at the age of eleven was sent to a public school at Woodhouse Grove, then supported by the Wesleyans. Here young Draper studied with marked success and distinguished himself so that he was selected in 1824 to deliver the customary address from the school to the Wesleyan Conference which met in that year at Leeds. The University of London having been opened for instruction in 1829, Draper was sent there to study chemistry under Dr. Turner. The death of Draper's father cut short these studies and had otherwise a most incisive influence upon his life. The mother determined, in 1832, to cross the Atlantic and join her kindred in the State of Virginia, where there was a colony of Methodists. They settled in Christiansville, Mecklenburg county, young Draper devoting himself entirely to research, for in him the impulse towards solving the problems of nature directly and to pursue the vista of problems opened up by the solution of the initial problem was very strong. These early inquiries were largely concerned with the nature of capillary action. The winters of 1835 and 1836 he spent in Philadelphia, attending the medical lectures in the University of Pennsylvania, and gaining the friendship of Dr. Robert Hare, who taught physics and chemistry in that institution, as well as of Dr. J. K. Mitchell, Professor of Chemistry in the Jefferson Medical College. He did much work of scientific observation in the laboratories of both, graduating at the former institution as Doctor of Medicine in March 1836. His thesis clearly was in line with his previous work. It dealt with Glandular Action, and discussed the passage of gases through various barriers not having visible pores, such as soap bubbles. Two papers covering much the same ground appeared shortly afterward: The first, "Experiments on Endosmosis" came out in the Journal of the Franklin Institute for March and July

1836; the second, "Experiments on Absorption," was printed in the American Journal of the Medical Sciences for May 1836. Draper was then twenty-five years old. The attainments and powers thus manifested resulted in his appointment as Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy in Hampden-Sidney College, Prince Edward county, Virginia. Here he remained for three years. In 1839 he was called to New York. It was indeed the proposed organization of a Medical School in connection with the University of the City of New York which caused the authorities of that institu-



JOHN W. DRAPER

tion to invite him to New York. With this was coupled the direct and definite post of teaching Chemistry in the Undergraduate College. As the organization of the Medical Faculty was delayed, it was only in 1841 that his association with the chemical instruction in that school began. In both College and Medical School Draper lectured in conjunction with his own experiments; the students themselves were not directly placed at the work of observing for themselves. The necessity of entertaining not less than instructing, particularly in the case of the vast classes of the Medical College, really inducted Draper at an early stage of his academic career into the pursuit of literary polish and excellence in many of his popularizations of

scientific doctrines, and laid the foundations of his authorship in lines of work which may be fairly designated as digressions from his scientific pursuits. Up to 1850 he was Secretary of the University Medical School. In that year he succeeded Dr. Valentine Mott as President of the Medical College. In the fire of May 1866, Dr. Draper lost his extensive library, his lecture notes and the notebooks which contained the results of his experimental investigations, as well as his entire collection of chemical, physical and physiological apparatus; he estimated his pecuniary loss at \$15,000. A fire at Harper's in 1853 destroyed almost the entire edition of his scientific memoirs and essays up to 1844. In 1873 Dr. Draper ceased to lecture at the Medical School, but continued teaching chemistry in the College at Washington Square until 1881, a year preceding his death. It cannot be seriously undertaken in this brief sketch to give an adequate presentation of the vast array of original contributions to science by Dr. J. W. Draper. It seems to be the consensus of opinion among scientific men now living that Draper's contributions to physics far outweighed in solidity and importance those which he made in the domain of chemistry. In the domain of physiology he held that the theses of physics and chemistry were absolutely sufficient to explain the biological processes noted in that science. This work was noticed, reproduced, or reported in the scientific publications of Great Britain and France, and in a few journals of Germany as well as of Italy, particularly in the decade between 1840 and 1850. On May 25, 1875, Dr. Draper received the two Rumford Medals of gold and silver, bearing the following inscription: "Awarded by the American Academy of Arts and Sciences to John William Draper for researches on radiant energy." The Hon. Charles Francis Adams, President of the American Academy of Sciences, on presenting these medals said: "In an elaborate investigation, published in 1847, Dr. Draper established experimentally the following facts: (We shall here only enumerate the five most important; there are ten mentioned in the address). "1. All solid substances, and probably liquids, become incandescent at the same temperature." "2. The thermometric point at which substances become red hot is about 977° Fahrenheit." "3. The spectrum of an incandescent solid is continuous; it contains neither bright nor dark fixed lines." "4. From common temperature, nearly up to 977° Fahrenheit, the rays emitted by

a solid are invisible. At that temperature they are red, and the heat of the incandescing body being made continuously to increase, other rays are added, increasing in refrangibility as the temperature rises." "5. Dr. Draper claims, and we believe with justice, to have been the first to apply the daguerreotype process to taking portraits." Of European scientists who recognized and appreciated Draper's researches may be mentioned the Italian Melloni, the Englishman Herschel, the Swede Berzelius, the Germans Bunsen, Kirchhoff, and others. Among the learned societies of Europe who honored Dr. Draper with membership, were the Academia dei-Lincei of Rome and the Physical Society of London. Dr. Draper married, when he was but twenty years of age, in 1831, Antonia, daughter of Dr. Gardner of Rio Janeiro, Attending Physician of the Emperor Dom Pedro I.; of his three sons, John Christopher, Henry and Daniel, the second probably excelled in scientific research, particularly in the domain of astronomical photography. From 1848 to his death he lived at his own country-seat in Hastings on-the-Hudson. He died in Hastings, January 4, 1882, and was buried at Greenwood. The most widely read of Dr. Draper's books is perhaps his "History of the Intellectual Development of Europe." He also wrote a "History of the Civil War," in which he brought forward the theory that the widely differing political convictions of the North and South were mainly due to the difference of climate; physiological determination, in fact, thus illustrating his peculiar and particular philosophy of history.

the Baileys and the Canbys, all well-known Quaker names, represented by men prominent in the earlier local history of Philadelphia county. Dr. Wilson received his early education at private schools in Holmesburg, completing his collegiate training at Bolmar's Academy, then located at West Chester, Pennsylvania. He graduated in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1837, and following graduation was for one year Acting Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University. He then entered the practice of his profession in Holmesburg where he continued until appointed Assistant Surgeon in the



JOSEPH WILSON, JR.

WILSON, Joseph, Jr., 1816-1887.

Class of 1837 Med.

Born in Holmesburg, Philadelphia, 1816; educated at Bolmar's Academy, West Chester, Pa.; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1837; Acting Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania, 1837-38; practicing physician in Holmesburg, 1838-42; Assistant Surgeon, United States Navy 1842, and continued in the service until 1878, retiring as Medical Director with rank of Captain; died 1887.

JOSEPH WILSON, JR., M.D., was born in Holmesburg, Philadelphia, January 6, 1816, son of Dr. Joseph and Mary Paul (Shallcross) Wilson, of Quaker ancestry in both lines of descent. Stephen Wilson, the first of the family in America, went to Bucks county, Pennsylvania, by way of New York, before the arrival of William Penn. Among the ancestors are the Shallcrosses, the Pauls,

United States Navy in 1842. The following year while awaiting orders, he was in practice in Frankford, Philadelphia. From 1843 Dr. Wilson's active life was spent in the Naval service, the record of his promotions and rankings being as follows: Entered as Assistant Surgeon, May 13, 1843; Passed Assistant Surgeon, ranking Lieutenant, March 1848; Surgeon, ranking Lieutenant-Commander, April 19, 1857; Medical Inspector, ranking Commander, May 23, 1871; Medical Director, ranking Captain, June 27, 1873; retired at the age limit in January, 1878. Dr. Wilson was first ordered to duty on the Pacific coast, where he remained four and a half years, that period including the period of the Mexican War. During a portion of this time he was de-

tached and assigned to land duty as Chief Surgeon on the staff of General John C. Fremont who was then in command in California. In 1848 he was ordered to duty on the flagship Savannah of the African Coast Blockading Squadron. In 1850 he was recalled to duty at the Washington Navy Yard, and after two years there he was assigned to Commodore M. C. Perry's Japan Expedition, during which he was very favorably mentioned in Perry's official dispatches. From 1855 to 1857 he was stationed at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, and was then, on the Vandalia, again ordered to the Pacific Coast Station, continuing until 1859. In 1860 he was attached to the Powhatan in the Gulf of Mexico; from 1861 to 1863 with the Michigan on Lake Michigan; and from 1863 to 1865 on the Vanderbilt on the Atlantic coast. In 1866 he became Surgeon in charge of the Norfolk Hospital, and two years later, Fleet Surgeon of the South Atlantic Squadron. For four years from 1871 he was Medical Director of the Naval Hospital in Chelsea, Massachusetts. Dr. Wilson during his term of service performed more than the usual amount of sea duty; and while on shore duty was invariably assigned to additional service on examining boards, and in this connection he is most favorably remembered by present medical officers of the Navy. He was a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. He wrote two eminently successful books: *Naval Hygiene*; and *Easy Lessons in Sanitary Science*. He was married in 1850 to his cousin, Elizabeth Love. Dr. Wilson died March 7, 1887.

where he was fitted for the University of Pennsylvania in which he was matriculated in 1834. He was graduated after the regular four years' course in 1838 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course and at first turned to mercantile life, but after a year spent in the counting house of Potts & Garwood, shipping merchants, and a voyage to Brazil he entered his father's office as a law student. In 1842 he was admitted to the Bar, but after following his profession for ten years removed to the country to take charge of some landed interests. He now resides in



HOWARD N. POTTS

POTTS, Howard Newcomb, 1819-

Class of 1838.

Born in Philadelphia, 1819; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1838; A.M. in course; studied law with his father; admitted to the Bar, 1842; author of articles on legal subjects, essays and verses.

HOWARD NEWCOMB POTTS was born in Philadelphia, October 4, 1819. His father was Nathan Rhoades Potts who was a lineal descendant of David Potts who came to Pennsylvania from Montgomeryshire, Wales, about 1690 and married Alice Croasdale. His mother was Mary Ann (Cole) Potts, a daughter of John Cole, the son of John Cole whose father Walter Cole came from Enniskellen, Ireland, and settled in Pennsylvania about 1740. Mr. Potts entered the preparatory school of the University of Pennsylvania in 1830

Philadelphia. Mr. Potts has published a series of articles on "Naturalization," "Eminent Domain" and "Railroad Corporations," together with essays, verses and articles on miscellaneous matters. He is a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Franklin Institute, the Department of Archæology and Palæontology of the University of Pennsylvania, the General Alumni and the Athletic associations of the University of Pennsylvania, the Howard Houston Hall Club of the University, the University Gun Club and the University Club of Philadelphia. In politics he has been a Whig and Republican. In 1851 Mr. Potts married Mary Adelaide Sommer. He resides in Philadelphia.

WHARTON, Francis, 1820-1889.

Class of 1838.

Born in Philadelphia, 1820; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Yale; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Assistant Attorney-General Pennsylvania, 1845; Professor Historical Jurisprudence and English Literature, Kenyon College, 1856-63; Protestant Episcopal clergyman; Rector St. Paul's Church, Brookline, Mass.; Professor Theology in Seminary of Protestant Episcopal Church, Cambridge, Mass.; Lecturer on International Law, Harvard University; Solicitor for Department of State, Washington, 1885-89; D.D. Kenyon College, 1866; LL.D. University of Edinburgh, 1883; author of legal and theological books; died 1889.

FRANCIS WHARTON, D.D., LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 7, 1820, son of Thomas Isaac Wharton, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1807, and an eminent lawyer of the Philadelphia Bar; and of Arabella (Griffith) Wharton. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania as a Sophomore in the Class of 1838, leaving in Junior year to go to Yale. Here he graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1839—the degree of Master of Arts being conferred in 1856. After fitting himself for the practice of law and entering upon professional work in Philadelphia he abandoned the law to become Professor of Historical Jurisprudence and English Literature in Kenyon College, where he continued from 1856 to 1863. His interest then turned to theology and after study he was ordained in the Protestant Episcopal Church. Removing to Massachusetts, he was chosen rector of St. Paul's Church in Brookline, and in addition to his work there, accepted a call to the Chair of Theology in the Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Cambridge. During this period he was also Lecturer on International Law at Harvard University. He resumed law work in later life, and was appointed Solicitor to the Department of State at Washington in 1885, continuing in that office until his death. Mr. Wharton was for many years a diligent writer, and his bibliography contains several theological books and a large number of legal works which have become standard. A partial list of his books comprises: "A Treatise on the Criminal Law of the United States," Philadelphia, 1846, 6th edition, 1868; "The State Trials of the United States during the Administrations of Washington and Adams," 1849; "Precedents of Indictments and Pleas Adapted to the Use both of the Courts of the United States and those of the Several States," 1849, 2nd edition, 1857; "A Treatise on the Law

of Homicide in the United States," 1855; "A Treatise on Medical Jurisprudence, with Dr. Moreton Stillé," 1855, 2nd edition with additions by Alfred Stillé, 1860; "Treatise on Theism and Modern Skeptical Theories," 1859; "The Silence of Scripture, a Series of Lectures," 1867; "A Treatise on the Conflict of Laws," 1872; "The Law of Agency and Agents," 1876; "A Digest of International Law," 1886. He also edited several volumes of law reports, and in association with Charles E. Lex, was Editor of "The Episcopal Recorder in Philadelphia." The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Kenyon College in 1866, and that of Doctor of Laws by the University of Edinburgh in 1883. He was associated with various organizations of a legal nature, among others the Institute of International Law. Mr. Wharton was twice married: first to Sydney, daughter of Comegys Paul of Philadelphia, and second to Helen Elizabeth, daughter of Lewis Richard Ashhurst, of the Class of 1824, University of Pennsylvania. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, February 21, 1889.

ENGLISH, Thomas Dunn, 1819-

Class of 1839 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1819; educated at academies and under private tutors; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1839, turned his attention to literature; advocated the annexation of Texas, 1842; wrote "Ben Bolt," 1843; opposed the Know-Nothing party, 1855; member New Jersey Legislature, 1863-64; member of Congress, 1890-94; author of numerous plays and poems, and a prolific contributor to newspapers and periodicals.

THOMAS DUNN ENGLISH, M.D., LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 29, 1819. His father was Robert English and his mother was before marriage a Miss Kempstone. The English family is of Irish extraction; the name is a corruption of Angelos, the Norman adventurer who married the daughter of an Irish chieftain, and became the founder of a prolific line. Dr. English is a direct descendant of Joseph English, who was converted to Quakerism in Ireland by William Penn, went with his brother Henry to Gloucestershire in England, was admitted to the Society of Friends there, and in 1682 came with his brother to America. He obtained two grants of land in New Jersey; one at English's Creek in Burlington county, which though now in strange hands is still known as "The English Farm," and one at English's Creek in what is now Atlantic county. He also had a grant of

land in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, but purchased a place in Byberry, Philadelphia county, where he resided part of the year. Thomas Dunn English acquired his early education at Wilson's Academy in Philadelphia and the Friends' Academy in Burlington, New Jersey, and subsequently pursuing his studies under the direction of Parnell Davis and other private tutors. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1836, he was graduated in 1839 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1842 Dr. English was called to the Philadelphia Bar, and he has since practiced both



THOS. DUNN ENGLISH

professions, law and medicine, with more or less success, but drifted into literature, journalism and politics, in each of which he is better known than through his professional practice. Like Oliver Wendell Holmes, he relieved the monotony of his professional life by contributing to the newspapers, and at the age of sixteen years his writings were acceptable to the Philadelphia journals; but unlike his distinguished contemporary, he participated quite actively in political affairs. His first important political move (1842) was to advocate the annexation of Texas. In 1844 the contest for President was between Mr. Polk and Mr. Clay. It was known that the vote would be close in the State of New York, and the electoral vote of that state

would decide the result. Dr. English was sent as a confidential agent to secure the influence of the Custom House at New York, and the post-offices through the state controlled by Tyler men, in favor of Mr. Polk. He succeeded in his mission, and the result was that the Clay electors were defeated by a meagre majority of a little over five thousand, and thus Mr. Polk became President of the United States. Dr. English vigorously opposed the Know-Nothing party in 1855 and as a delegate to the Augusta Democratic Convention of Virginia, being then a resident of that state, at a crisis in the session, he made the turning speech which assured the nomination of Mr. Wise, whose election turned the tide of Know-nothingism which had threatened to sweep the Union. As a Representative to the New Jersey Legislature for the years 1863-1864 he acquired the prominence of leadership in that body. In 1890 he was elected a member of Congress from New Jersey, and was reelected in 1892. Politically he is a Democrat. For more than sixty years Dr. English has been identified with American literature, and for nearly that length of time has occupied a position of prominence. Besides a large number of plays, over a thousand poems and an immense amount of editorial and other essays, with numerous tales, he has written four novels: "Walter Woolfe," "1844," "Ambrose Fecit" (all out of print) and "Jacob Schuyler's Millions," the latter printed anonymously, and a volume of "Fairy Tales." Of his poems, among the most familiar are "The Logan Grazer," "The Canoe Voyage," "The Wyoming Hunter," and "Ben Bolt." A part of his poems have been issued in groups, under the titles of "American Ballads," "Battle Lyrics," and "Select Poems," the latter a subscription edition. The song of "Ben Bolt," written in 1843 at the request of Nathaniel Willis, then Editor of the New York Mirror, was composed fortuitously as it were, when its author was not in the vein. This song is well known to the majority of English-speaking people, and was used with excellent effect by Du Maurier in the popular novel of "Trilby" but has to some extent overshadowed the author's more ambitious efforts. Dr. English resides in Newark, New Jersey. He is one of the Vice-Presidents of the Society of American Authors; an honorary member of the American Archeological and Numismatic Society, of which he is one of the original founders, also of the Essex District Medical Society, and of the Alpha Chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa; a member of the American-Irish Historical Society, and of other

scientific and historical organizations. He still keeps alive his interest in the University of Pennsylvania, and on the occasion of the sixtieth anniversary of his graduation, he addressed three of its Alumni societies, each of which received him with the cordiality due to a distinguished Alumnus. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by William and Mary College, July 4, 1876. Dr. English married Annie Maxwell Meade, daughter of the late John Maxwell, and widow of the late Rev. S. R. Meade of Philadelphia. Mrs. English, who was an accomplished musician, died in 1889. Their youngest son, Edgar, died in 1901; the remaining children are Arthur, Florence and Alice English, the first two being married.

MONTGOMERY, Henry Eglinton, 1820-1874.

Class of 1839.

Born in Philadelphia, 1820; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1839; Attaché United States Legation to Denmark, 1841-42; studied at General Theological Seminary of Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City, 1842-43; rector All Saints' Church, Philadelphia, 1846-55; rector Church of the Incarnation, New York City, 1855-74; D.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1863; died 1874.

HENRY EGLINTON MONTGOMERY, D.D., son of John Crathome and Elizabeth Henrietta (Philips) Montgomery, was born in Philadelphia, December 9, 1820. He was a member of the Class of 1839 in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and at graduation was awarded the honor of the Valedictory. He studied law for two years, but abandoned that pursuit for theology. In 1841-1842 he was in Denmark as Attaché of the United States Legation. The following year was devoted to study in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York City. He was ordained by Bishop Alonzo Potter in 1846, and in that year went to his first charge at All Saints' Church in Philadelphia. After nine years he accepted a call to the rectorship of the Church of the Incarnation in New York City, and there continued up to the time of his death. Dr. Montgomery was always a hard worker, refusing to accept an assistant in his ministry in the large and growing parish in New York, and entering actively the work of many missionary and home societies. He was Vice-President of the New York City Missionary Society, a member of the Board of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal

Church, and member or manager of many charitable organizations. He was made a Doctor of Divinity by the University of Pennsylvania in 1863. He married Margaret Augusta, daughter of Judge James Lynch, of New York City. He died in New York City, October 15, 1874.

THAYER, Martin Russell, 1819-

Class of 1840.

Born in Petersburg, Va., 1819; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1840; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; member Congress, 1863-67; Judge District Court of Philadelphia, 1868-74; President Judge Court of Common Pleas No. 8, Philadelphia county, 1875-97; Prothonotary Philadelphia county Common Pleas Courts, 1897- ; LL.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1892; University of Pennsylvania, 1896; writer on political, literary and historical subjects.

MARTIN RUSSELL THAYER, LL.D., was born in Petersburg, Virginia, January 27, 1819, son of Martin and Mary Call (Russell) Thayer. After preparatory training at Mount Pleasant Classical Institution at Amherst, he entered Amherst College as a Freshman in 1834. Leaving Amherst College in the Sophomore year he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1838, as a Junior of the Class of 1840. In College his high scholarship won him various honors, including election to the learned body of Phi Beta Kappa, and the award of the Valedictory oration at graduation. His class included many men who like himself became eminent in after life: Rev. Edwin Harwood, Dr. Allen Voorhees Lesley, William Bower Taylor, Edward Floyd de Lancey, Major-General Joseph Rodman West, and others. After graduation Judge Thayer at once commenced the study of law, and in 1842 was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia. Here he continued to practice during a period of twenty years, his extraordinary success bringing him the benefits of high reputation and laying the foundation for his work in the judicial field. In 1863 he was elected to the National House of Representatives on the Republican ticket, and continued to represent his state in Congress during the critical years of the war and the reconstruction period from 1863 to 1867. His Congressional work included service on several important committees, notably the Committee on Bankrupt Law, and as Chairman of the Committee on Private Land Claims. He took a prominent part in the debate of the House. His powerful speech in support of the Reconstruction Bill, by which the Confederate States were converted into military districts for the restor-

ation of order, has been highly complimented in James G. Blaine's "Twenty Years of Congress." In 1862 Mr. Thayer was appointed a Commissioner to revise the revenue laws of Pennsylvania, a work which he ably performed. In 1867, after refusing further nomination for Congress, he was appointed Associate-Judge of the District Court of the City and County of Philadelphia, succeeding Hon. George Sharswood, and in the following year he was elected by the people Judge of the District Court. In 1875 he became by provision of the new Constitution President Judge of the Court of



MARTIN R. THAYER

Common Pleas, No. 4, for Philadelphia county. By successive reëlections he continued on the bench as President Judge of that court for twenty-two years, retiring after a service upon the Bench of thirty years in 1897. In that year he assumed at the request of the Judge the duties of his present office as Prothonotary of the Philadelphia Courts of Common Pleas. Among the honorary positions which Judge Thayer has held are those of President of the Board of Visitors to the United States Military Academy at West Point, and Vice-Provost of the Law Academy of Philadelphia since 1873. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by Jefferson Medical College in 1892, and by the University of Pennsylvania in 1896. Judge Thayer

has for many years given a part of his time to literary work, his writings covering a broad field of intellectual interest. He has published: "The Duties of Citizenship," 1862; "The Great Victory: its Cost and Value," 1865; "The Law Considered as a Progressive Science," 1870; "On Libraries," 1871; "The Life and Works of Francis Leiber," 1873; "The Battle of Germantown," 1878; and many pamphlets on historical, political and literary subjects. He has been married three times: first to Elizabeth W., daughter of Thomas K. Wallace, of Philadelphia; second to Sophia Dallas, daughter of Edmund Carmick Watmough, of Philadelphia; and third to Julia, daughter of Rev. Reuben Lindsay Coleman, of Virginia.

HARWOOD, Edwin, 1822-1902.

Class of 1840.

Born in Philadelphia, 1822; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1840, and General Theological Seminary in New York City 1844; Episcopal clergyman; Rector at Oyster Bay and East Chester, N. Y., and in New York City; organized Church of the Incarnation, New York City, 1852; Professor in Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., 1854-59; Rector Trinity Church, New Haven, Conn.; one of the translators and editors "Lange's Commentary on the Bible;" D.D. Trinity College (Conn.), 1862; died at New Haven, Conn., 1902.

EDWIN HARWOOD, D.D., son of Lilburn and Sarah Anne (Pierson) Harwood, was born in Philadelphia, August 21, 1822, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1840. In College he was a member of the Philomathean Society, and was made a member of the Phi Beta Kappa on graduation. After studying at Andover (Massachusetts) Theological Seminary for two years, 1840-1842, he went to New York and was graduated at the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in that city in 1844. He was Rector for a time at Oyster Bay, Long Island, from 1844 to 1846, and subsequently at East Chester, New York, which charge he left to become Rector of St. James' Church in Hamilton Square, New York. In 1850 he took charge of Grace Chapel out of which was in 1852 organized the Church of the Incarnation in New York City, over which he officiated until called in 1854 to the Chair of New Testament Interpretation in the Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown, Connecticut. This post he held until 1859, when he became Rector of Trinity Church in New Haven, Connecticut, a relationship which continued until his death. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon

him by Trinity College, Connecticut, in 1862. Dr. Harwood was a member of the Society of Biblical Exegesis, the Archeological Society of America and the New Haven Colony Historical Society. He was the author of many published sermons and papers, including essays on "Archbishop Tillotson" and the "Historic Episcopate," and was one of the translators and editors of "Lange's Commentary on the Bible." He married Marion Eckford, daughter of Dr. James E. DeKay, and had six children. Dr. Harwood died on January 12, 1902 at his home in New Haven, Connecticut. His wife and all his children died before him.

DE LANCEY, Edward Floyd, 1821-

Class of 1840.

Born in Mamaroneck, N. Y., 1821; educated at University of Pennsylvania, at Geneva (now Hobart) College, N. Y., and at Harvard Law School; practiced in Albany, N. Y., and then in New York City, retired; one of the founders of the Bar Association of the City of New York, and Vice-President of the St. Nicholas Club of New York; Lieutenant-Governor of the Society of Colonial Wars, New York; Chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York Historical Society; member of the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia, of the Biographical Society of New York, and of several social organizations.

EDWARD FLOYD DE LANCEY was born in Mamaroneck, New York, October 23, 1821. His parents were William Heathcote De Lancey, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania and first Bishop of Western New York, and Frances, second daughter of Peter Jay of New York and Mamaroneck. His great-grandfather was James De Lancey, Governor of the Province of New York and Chief-Justice of the same, who was the eldest son of Etienne De Lancey, a native of Caen, Normandy, France, driven from his native country by the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, who came to New York in 1685. Edward F. De Lancey entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1836, but left at the close of the Freshman year and went to Geneva (now Hobart) College, New York, and there graduated in 1843. The years 1845-1846 were spent at the Harvard Law School, after which, in December 1846, he was admitted to the Bar and practiced for two and one half years in Albany, New York. In 1850 he removed to New York City, where he continued in active practice until his retirement in 1881, and where he still resides. Mr. De Lancey was one of the founders of the Bar Association of the City of New York, has served as

President of the St. Nicholas Society and Vice-President of the St. Nicholas Club, and is a member of various social clubs and organizations. He is Lieutenant-Governor of the Society of Colonial Wars of New York, Chairman of the Executive Committee and Foreign Corresponding Secretary of the New York Historical Society, also a member of the Westchester County Historical Society, the Huguenot Society, the New York Geographical Society, the Archeological Institute of America and the Royal Historical Society of England. He has been an extensive traveller in Europe, Asia and Africa as



EDWARD F. DE LANCEY

well as in North America, and has published a "History of Mamaroneck, New York," also various memoirs, besides editing Jones' "History of New York during the Revolution," "Secret Correspondence of Sir Henry Clinton," etc. He married, in 1848, Josephine Matilda de Zeny, of Geneva, New York, and had six children: Caroline de Zeny, Frances Munro, William Heathcote, Edward Etienne, Josephine 1st and Josephine 2nd.

BREWSTER, Frederick Carroll, 1825-1898.

Class of 1841.

Born in Philadelphia, 1825; educated in private school and University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1841;

admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1844; President of the Law Academy, 1845; City Solicitor, 1862-66; Judge Court of Common Pleas, 1866-69; Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, 1869-73; President Alumni Society, College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1868; LL.D., 1870; published various law books, biographies, essays, translations and reviews; died in Charlotte, N. C., 1898.

FREDERICK CARROLL BREWSTER, LL.D., son of Francis E. Brewster, a distinguished member of the Philadelphia Bar, was born in Philadelphia, May 15, 1825, and received his early education at the old Friends' Select School in that city, where he was trained and fitted for College. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1838 and pursued the four-years course, graduating with honors at the age of sixteen, in 1841. On finishing his College course he entered upon the study of law in his father's office, and three years later, September 7, 1844, was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. At once the young lawyer commanded marked success in his practice, and it was not long before he acquired a professional standing that placed him at the head of the Bar of his state. In 1845 he was elected President of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. His practice was largely confined to the civil courts, but in his early career he was interested as counsel in some of the most noted criminal trials of that time. His cases, both civil and criminal, were managed with an application and thoroughness, and argued with an earnestness and sincerity, that rarely failed to secure for him the purpose desired. Until 1862 Mr. Brewster had held no public office, having steadfastly declined to enter the political arena, although repeatedly pressed for nomination. At that period legal questions of vital importance were being forced to the surface by the Civil War, public financial interests of a magnitude hitherto unknown were demanding attention, and the need was recognized of committing the city's interests to absolutely safe hands. The Democratic Party having placed in nomination for City Solicitor their best available man, Hon. William L. Hirst, the Republicans, without consulting Mr. Brewster, nominated him for the office. An independent movement, outside of party influences, was organized by the merchants and business men of the city to endorse the nomination, and he was elected by a large majority, assuming the duties of the office January 1, 1862. His course as City Solicitor gave to that office a credit and importance which had not hitherto been accorded to it. Among his noteworthy official acts

were the successful management of the great suit in which the heirs of Stephen Girard sought to overturn the will of the founder of Girard College; the Chestnut-Street Bridge Case, in which the right of the city to bridge the Schuylkill was so seriously questioned that only a bare majority of one of the United States Supreme Court judges saved to Philadelphia this invaluable privilege; and the Broad Street cases, in which he secured this splendid highway against the encroachments of all street-railways. During his public service in behalf of Philadelphia, Mr. Brewster conducted also many



F. CARROLL BREWSTER

private causes, and his argument list in the Supreme Court was always a heavy one. At the close of his first term as City Solicitor, in 1865, he was reëlected, but his second term was brief. The Legislature having provided for the election of another member of the judiciary in the Philadelphia courts, Mr. Brewster was elected to the office in October 1866. As Judge he presided over many celebrated trials with remarkable fairness and ability, and his judicial record was pure and unsullied. After serving on the bench for more than three years, he was appointed by Governor Geary to the office of Attorney-General of the Commonwealth, which he filled during the years 1869-1873, conducting many cases of great importance, some of them

involving the determination of intricate questions of constitutional law. Upon retirement from the Attorney-Generalship, he resumed active practice, and to the very day of his death was concerned in cases involving far-reaching decisions and great interests. Judge Brewster was a popular law preceptor, his system of instruction was careful and thorough, and the ninety and more students from his offices that have been admitted to practice entertained for him, besides great respect, a strong tie of affection and good-fellowship. Year by year it was the custom for preceptor and students to meet together in social reunions, and in 1894 the latter organized as "The Associated Students of F. Carroll Brewster," forming a unique corporation which promises to continue strong and active while its members live. In the midst of his professional duties Judge Brewster found time to compile and publish various contributions to legal lore, including "Brewster's Digest of Pennsylvania Reports;" "Brewster's Reports," four volumes; Blackstone's Commentaries for American students in the form of questions and answers; "Brewster's Practice," six volumes, a treatise on practice in the courts of Pennsylvania; and a series of articles on the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania published in the *Medico-Legal Journal*. He also published "Molière in Outline" and "Disraeli in Outline," the first being a translation of Molière's most important works with introductions and notes and arguments of the plays, and the latter a biography of Lord Beaconsfield with an abridgment of his novels. Judge Brewster was an extensive traveller, and had visited nearly all parts of the civilized world. He was a classical student and linguist of no mean ability, familiar with the Latin and Greek poets in their own tongue, and speaking French, German, Spanish and Italian fluently. He was also preëminently a social man, and at the time of his death was a member of the Union League and the Art Club of Philadelphia, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, the Law Association of Philadelphia, and the only honorary member of the Five O'clock Club of that city. In October 1894 one of the law clubs of the University Law School was named in his honor, the "F. Carroll Brewster Law Club." He always maintained an active relation with the University and frequently evidenced his warm interest in its welfare. For a number of years, beginning with 1868, he was President of the Alumni Society of the College Department. In

June 1871 he was the orator at the laying of the cornerstone of the new University buildings in West Philadelphia. He was honored by the University in 1870 with the degree of Doctor of Laws. Judge Brewster died at Charlotte, North Carolina, December 30, 1898. He married, in 1850, Miss Emma Barton, who died in 1882. Surviving him are three sons and two daughters: F. Carroll Brewster, Jr., and Francis E. Brewster, both of the Philadelphia Bar; Dr. William B. Brewster of Red Bank, New Jersey; Mrs. Alfred Guillou of Hueneme, California; and Mrs. Henry Finney of Philadelphia.

RAWLE, William Henry, 1823-1889.

Class of 1841.

Born in Philadelphia, 1823; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1841; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Quartermaster-Sergeant Landis' Battery, United States Volunteers, 1863; Vice-Provost Law Academy of Philadelphia, 1865-73; Vice-Chancellor Law Association of Philadelphia, 1880-89; LL.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; died 1889.

WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, LL.D., son of William Rawle, an eminent lawyer of the Philadelphia Bar, Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania from 1836 to 1855, and of Mary Anna (Tilghman) Rawle, was born in Philadelphia, August 31, 1823. He graduated in academic studies at the University of Pennsylvania in 1841, and after law study with his father was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia in 1844. Up to the time of his death he continued to practice his profession in Philadelphia. In the "emergency" calls of 1862 and 1863 Mr. Rawle entered military service, in the second instance being Quartermaster-Sergeant in Landis' Battery of United States Volunteers. From 1865 to 1873 he was Vice-Provost of the Philadelphia Law Academy, and from 1880 until his death he was Vice-Chancellor of the Law Association of Philadelphia. He was a member of the American Philosophical Society, and of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, of which his father had been Vice-President for many years. In the Library Company of Philadelphia he occupied the positions of Secretary and Director. Mr. Rawle received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania in 1882. He published: "The Law of Covenants for Title," Philadelphia, 1852; the third American edition of John W. Smith's "Law of Contracts," 1853; the same with additional notes by George Sharswood, 1856; the second American edition of Joshua Williams' "Law

of Real Property," 1857; "Equity in Pennsylvania," a lecture, together with "The Registrar's Book of Governor William Keith's Court in Chancery," 1868; "Some Contracts in the Growth of Pennsylvania in English Law," 1881; Oration at Unveiling of the Monument Erected by the Bar of the United States to Chief-Justice Marshall, 1884; and "The Case of the Educated Unemployed," 1885. Mr. Rawle was twice married: first to Mary Binney, daughter of Hon. John Cadwalader, University of Pennsylvania, 1821, and second to Emily, daughter of Gen. Thomas Cadwalader, University of Pennsylvania, 1795. He died in Philadelphia, April 19, 1889.

FINLETTER, Thomas Knight, 1821-

Class of 1843.

Born in Philadelphia, 1821; studied at Lafayette College; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1843; lawyer in Philadelphia; member Pennsylvania Legislature, 1848-50; Public School Director, 1849-54; Assistant City Solicitor, 1860-65; Judge of Court of Common Pleas since 1870, President Judge since 1886.

THOMAS KNIGHT FINLETTER, LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 31, 1821, son of Thomas and Margaret (Dickson) Finletter. His father came of a Scotch family who settled in the north of Ireland and thence emigrated to America about 1812, where his grandfather established himself in Philadelphia as a textile manufacturer. After fitting himself by a preparatory training he entered Lafayette College in 1838, where he studied for two years. Then returning to Philadelphia, he entered the Sophomore class of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1843, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course, three years later. Soon after graduation he began the study of law with Judge William A. Porter of Philadelphia, and in 1845 he was admitted to the Bar. His early legal career was successful, and he soon came into political prominence by the active interest he manifested in the politics of his district. He was elected a Representative to the State Legislature, and served for two sessions, 1848-1850, during the first term drafting and introducing the "Ten Hours Labor Bill" which became a law at the same session. From 1849 to 1854 he was a Public School Director in one of the districts of Philadelphia, and from 1860 to 1865 he was Assistant City Solicitor. In 1870 he was elected Judge of the Court of Common

Pleas of Philadelphia county, which then included the Courts of Oyerand Terminer, the Quarter Sessions and the Orphans' Court. At the expiration of his term, in 1875, he was reelected and made Judge of the Court of Common Pleas Number Three. In 1886 he became President Judge, in which office he has served continuously ever since. At his last reelection, in 1900, he was the unanimous choice of the conventions of both political parties, having already been twice similarly honored. Judge Finletter was made a Doctor of Laws by Jefferson Medical College, the honor being conferred upon



THOS. K. FINLETTER

him in 1871. He married, in 1859, Martha M., daughter of Archibald McIlroy, a prominent manufacturer and former Alderman of Philadelphia, and has three children: Thomas D. Finletter, Penna. '82 Arts; Leonard Finletter, Penna. '85 Arts, Penna. '87 Law; and Helen B., wife of Charles F. Clement, Harvard '86.

BRUEN, Edward Baldwin, 1823-

Class of 1842.

Born in Newark, N. J., 1823; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1842; studied at Union Theological Seminary of New York City and at Princeton Theological Seminary, 1843-46; ordained in Presbyterian Church, 1848; Pastor Southwark First

Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, 1848-74; Pastor Church of the Atonement, 1874-

EDWARD BALDWIN BRUEN, son of James and Catharine (Baldwin) Bruen, was born in Newark, New Jersey, July 17, 1823. He is descended from Robert Le Bruen, of Stapleford, England, in a line of ancestry whose first representative in this country was Obadiah Bruen, born 1606, who came to America in 1639, entered a freeman of Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1649; founded Gloucester in that state and was its Recorder for ten years; thence removed to Connecti-



EDWARD B. BRUEN

cut and was one of the Patentees of that colony; and in 1666 purchased from the Indians the land where now stands the city of Newark, and died there in 1681. From this point the heads of families have been: John, born in 1645; Eleazer, born in 1675; Eleazer, born in 1694; Caleb, born in 1735, and James, the father of Edward B., born in 1780. Mr. Bruen's early education was in the schools of Philadelphia, and he was there prepared for the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania where he graduated in 1842. His theological studies were first pursued at the Theological Seminary in Princeton, New Jersey, and later in the Union Theological Seminary of New York City, where he graduated in 1846. On April 10 of the same year

he was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of New York, and on June 25, 1848, he was ordained to the Ministry by the Philadelphia Presbytery. Installed as Pastor of the Southwark First Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia on the day of his ordination, he was for many years in charge of that church. In 1874 he was called to his present charge as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of the Atonement in that city. In politics Mr. Bruen is a Republican. He was married, June 27, 1848, to Rebecca Guest, daughter of Thomas Roberts Tunis, and has four children: Edward Tunis, James, Eliza Guest and Catharine Anna Bruen.

CHANNING, William Francis, 1820-1901.

Class of 1844 Med.

Born in Boston, 1820; educated in Boston schools, Harvard College, and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania; engaged on geological surveys in New Hampshire and Michigan; devoted much time to scientific pursuits, mainly in the field of electricity; associated with Drs. Graham and Bell in the invention of the telephone; author of several books on electrical subjects and of many periodical contributions; died in Boston, 1901.

WILLIAM FRANCIS CHANNING, M.D., born in Boston, Massachusetts, February 22, 1820, was the son of William Ellery Channing, the noted Unitarian clergyman, and Ruth (Gibbs) Channing. He received his early education in the public schools of Boston, and entered Harvard College; but the scientific bent of his mind impelled him to the study of medicine, and after a career at Harvard he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1844. Previous to his course at Pennsylvania he had served in 1841-1842 as assistant on the first geological survey ever made of the State of New Hampshire, and later, in 1847, he served in a similar capacity on a survey of the copper region of the Lake Superior country. In 1842 and 1843 he was associated with Dr. Henry I. Bowditch in the editorship of the *Latimer Journal* at Boston. Dr. Channing was much more deeply interested in the possibilities of his profession and of the entire wide field of science than in the practice of medicine, to which he never devoted much time. He was happily endowed with a fortune which, though not large, was enough to enable him to pursue his scientific researches. Electricity, the investigation of which was in its infancy from 1840 to 1860, attracted him immensely. Its possibilities opened a promising field

to his prophetic vision which he was not slow to enter on. He began soon after his graduation from Pennsylvania the researches which he continued almost without interruption until death. From 1845 until 1851 he was connected with Moses G. Farmer in the invention and perfection of a fire-alarm telegraph system. The patent to the system now in almost universal use, known as the Gamewell system, was issued in 1857. He gave, as a princely offering to his native city of Boston, the right to use the system, and sold the other rights to Gamewell, from whom it now takes its name. In 1861 Dr. Channing moved to Providence, Rhode Island, and associated himself with Prof. Graham Bell and Dr. E. W. Blake in the work of making a telephone which would be commercially practicable. There is no dispute that to Dr. Channing the credit for this great feat is due. Prof. Bell had made great strides with his invention, but there came a time when insurmountable obstacles presented themselves. The magnets then in use were not adapted to the ends desired, and the ingenuity of the famous inventor was taxed beyond its power. At this juncture Dr. Channing came forward with suggestions which solved the difficulty satisfactorily, and the honor of the achievement of a successful telephone is due no less to him than to Prof. Bell himself. Another important invention of Dr. Channing's during this active period of his life, that spent in Providence, was a railway for the inter-oceanic transit of ships, which was patented in 1865. In 1877 he invented a portable electromagnetic telephone. Dr. Channing was twice married; his first wife was Susan Burdick, who bore him a daughter, Eva, and a son, Allston, who died in infancy. In 1859 he married Mary J. Tarr, of a Boston family, by whom he had three children: Mary, Grace Ellery and Harold Stanley Channing. In 1884 Dr. Channing took up his residence in Pasadena, California, with the hope of benefitting Mrs. Channing's health by the genial climate of the Pacific Coast. Her death occurred in 1897, but there the Doctor remained until September 1900, when he returned to Boston, and died in that city, March 19, 1901. In addition to his activity as an inventor Dr. Channing contributed largely to magazines and newspapers, in addition to publishing a number of books. The application of electricity to the healing arts attracted him, and he published with Prof. John Bacon, Jr., "Davis's Manual of Magnetism;" "Notes on the Medical Application of Electricity," still a standard work on the subject;

and "The American Fire Alarm Telegraph," a lecture delivered before the Smithsonian Institution. He also contributed freely to the American Journal of Science and to the Providence Daily Journal and other periodicals. The three children of his second marriage survive him. The eldest daughter, Mrs. Wood, lives in New Jersey; the second, Mrs. Stetson, who married Walter Stetson, a well-known Providence artist, is the author, under the name of Grace Ellery Channing, of a number of popular books. The son, Harold, is an assayer in the mining district of California.

LEWIS, Francis West, 1825-

Class of 1844.

Born in Philadelphia, 1825; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1844; M.D. Jefferson College, 1846; President Children's Hospital of Philadelphia.

FRANCIS WEST LEWIS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 17, 1825, the son of Mordecai D. and Sarah F. Lewis, of Welsh ancestry. After fitting for College, he matriculated in the Classical department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the Class of 1844. Two years later he was graduated from Jefferson Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Dr. Lewis was one of the founders of the Children's Hospital in Philadelphia, and was its Attending Physician from 1855 to 1868. Since 1895 he has been the President of the institution. In 1861-1863 he was Assistant Physician of U. S. Volunteers at the Satterlee Hospital, and in charge of the Harrisburg Hospital. He has at different times held many public positions. He is a Director of the Academy of Fine Arts of Philadelphia, the House of Refuge, the Philadelphia Dispensary and the Philadelphia Zoölogical Society, and is the President of the Seventh Ward Charity Organization. Dr. Lewis is a member of the Rittenhouse Club, the Academy of Natural Sciences and the College of Physicians. He resides in Philadelphia.

PARRISH, Joseph, 1818-1891.

Class of 1844.

Born in Philadelphia, 1818; entered College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1840, and graduated Medical Department 1844; Physician in Burlington, N. J.; Professor Philadelphia Medical College; Superintendent Home for Feeble-Minded Children, Media, Pa.; member U. S. Sanitary Commission during the War; Superintendent Maryland Inebriate Asylum; Superintendent Inebriate Sanitarium, Burlington,

N. J.; member of many scientific societies; died in Burlington, N. J., 1891.

JOSEPH PARRISH, M.D., born in Philadelphia November 11, 1818, was the son of Dr. Joseph Parrish and Susanna Cox. His father was a prominent physician and surgeon of Philadelphia, a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1805, and a man of unusual scientific attainments. Joseph the younger entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1840, but left at the close of the Freshman year and pursued his studies in the Medical



JOSEPH PARRISH

Department, whence he was graduated in 1844. He settled in practice in Burlington, New Jersey, but returned to his native city in 1855, and in the following year occupied the chair of obstetrics in the Philadelphia Medical College. He soon resigned however, and went abroad, returning in 1857 and becoming Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children at Media. At the opening of the Civil War he offered his services to the Government, and became connected with the United States Sanitary Commission, visiting hospitals and camps with orders for supplies and hospital stores. He also had charge of various sanitary posts, and subsequently rendered valuable service by visiting the Governors

of the loyal states and aiding them to organize auxiliary associations for gathering and forwarding hospital supplies. After the war he established the Maryland Sanitarium for Inebriates, near Baltimore, which he conducted for seven years. In 1875 he again settled in Burlington, New Jersey, where for the rest of his life he conducted a home for nervous invalids. Dr. Parrish devoted a great part of the energies of his active life to the treatment and care of inebriates. In 1872 he was summoned before a committee of the British House of Commons for advice and recommendations upon this subject, which were approved and adopted by the committee, and made the basis of a law which is now in existence. He was instrumental in the founding of the American Association for the Cure of Inebriates, and for many years was President of that organization. He was Vice-President of the International Congress on Inebriety in England in 1882, a delegate to the International Medical Congress in Washington in 1887, and was a member of many scientific societies at home and abroad. Dr. Parrish was the author of many papers and addresses on topics pertaining to his special branch of medical science. He also established in 1848 the "New Jersey Medical and Surgical Reporter," afterwards issued from Philadelphia as the "Medical and Surgical Reporter," and during the Civil War period he edited "The Sanitary Commission Bulletin." Dr. Parrish married Lydia, daughter of Caleb Gaskill of Burlington, New Jersey. He died in Burlington, January 15, 1891.

KENDIG, Daniel, 1824-

Class of 1844.

Born in Middletown, Pa., 1824; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1844; Deacon and Priest Protestant Episcopal Church; Rector at Chester, Pa., 1855-59; Army Chaplain from 1859 until retirement for age in 1888.

DANIEL KENDIG was born in Middletown, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, November 10, 1824, the son of Martin and Rebecca (McFarland) Kendig. His ancestors, Swiss and Scotch, were among the earliest settlers in what was then Chester, but is now Lancaster, county. He was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in the Department of Arts in the Class of 1844. After teaching for a few years he read theology under the direction of the Right Reverend Alonzo Potter, D.D., LL.D. At the conclusion of his studies he was ordained Deacon and Priest in the ministry of the Protestant

Episcopal Church. For a year he served as Assistant Minister in St. Andrew's Church in Philadelphia (the Rev. William B. Stevens, D.D., being Rector), when he was elected Rector of St. Paul's Church at Chester, Pennsylvania. This Rectorship continued from 1855 to 1859, when he resigned to accept a Chaplaincy in the army. He was stationed at Fort Steilacoom in Washington Territory until February 1863, when he was transferred to the Presidio of San Francisco; here he was on duty until his retirement for age in 1888. Mr. Kendig was married in 1856 to Josephine, daughter of



DANIEL KENDIG

Aristides and Ann Monges, by whom he had one child, a son who died in infancy. Mr. Kendig now resides in Philadelphia.

MCCLELLAN, George Brinton, 1826-1885.

Class of 1844.

Born in Philadelphia, 1826; educated at University of Pennsylvania and at United States Military Academy, West Point; graduated West Point, 1846; served in Mexican War as Second Lieutenant, 1846-48; brevetted First Lieutenant; Assistant Instructor Practical Engineering, West Point, 1848-52; on engineer duty, 1852-55; Captain First United States Cavalry, 1855, and went abroad on Military Commission; resigned, 1857, and became President Eastern Division Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and President St. Louis, Missouri and Cincinnati Railroad; Major-General Ohio

Volunteers, 1861; Major-General United States Army 1861; Commander-in-Chief United States Army, 1861; relieved as Commander-in-Chief, 1862; Commander Army of the Potomac, 1862-63; resigned his commission, 1864; Engineer-in-Chief Department of Docks, New York City, 1870-72; Governor New Jersey, 1877-78; died 1885.

GEORGE BRINTON McCLELLAN was born in Philadelphia, December 3, 1826, son of Dr. George and Elizabeth (Brinton) McClellan. His father was a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and founder and Professor of the Jefferson Medical College. His early education under private tutors was followed by two years of study in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1844. At the end of Sophomore year he entered the United States Military Academy at West Point at the age of fifteen years and six months, one half a year below the minimum age allowed. Here he graduated in 1846 with first honors, in the class with "Stonewall" Jackson, Jesse L. Reno, and others who afterward became famous. He was brevetted Second Lieutenant and assigned to duty in a company of engineer troops, with which he won his first military honors in active service in the Mexican War. After notable service in the early battles of this war he was promoted to the regular ranks of Second Lieutenant, April 24, 1847, and after brilliant work in the heavy fighting of the latter half of the war, including the assault and capture of the City of Mexico, he received the brevet of First Lieutenant "for gallant and meritorious conduct at Contreras and Churubusco," and also the brevet of Captain for his part in the assault of Chapultepec. For four years from 1848 he was Assistant Instructor of Practical Engineering at West Point, and then for three years was on engineer duty in various localities through the southern and northwestern country. On March 3, 1855, he was appointed a Captain in the First Cavalry, and with that rank was sent to England as member of a Military Commission to observe the operations in the Crimean War, and to report on general conditions of the European armies; his colleagues on this commission were Colonel Richard Delafield and Major Alfred Mordecai. The officers prepared individual reports, that of McClellan, being a remarkably complete, accurate, and systematic account, was republished in 1861, under the title *The Armies of Europe*. In January 1857, the young captain resigned his commission to engage in private life as chief engineer of the Illinois Central Railroad, in which corporation he rose so rapidly as to be

elected its Vice-President in 1858. Continuing in railroad enterprises he became in 1859 President of the Eastern Division of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and in 1860 President of the St. Louis, Missouri, and Cincinnati Railroad, in which office he continued until the opening of the Civil War. In April 1861, he was appointed Major-General of Ohio volunteers, his residence having been for several years in Cincinnati; his command being the Department of the Ohio, including the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, together with certain portions of Virginia and Pennsylvania. After only four weeks of work of organization he took the field, and on May 26, crossing the Ohio into Virginia and occupying Parkersburg, he made the initial movements in that brilliant advance into West Virginia which was perhaps the achievement most detrimental to his future success. In a campaign of but eight days, by a series of masterly movements and decisive victories, he drove the enemy from the great Kanawha, captured one thousand prisoners, and as he wrote to Washington, "completely annihilated the enemy in Western Virginia." He had accomplished results which were beyond the wildest dreams of the people, and the unreasoning temper of the time, unable to realize the task which lay before the country, promptly hailed McClellan as the sure deliverer, the perfect military genius who from now on could do no wrong, nor be unequal to any undertaking. He had been promoted to Major-General in the regular army in May 1861, and immediately after the disaster at Bull Run, he was called to Washington to assume command of the Department of Washington and Northeastern Virginia. Here he forced the great task of re-organizing the Army of the Potomac. Washington was crowded with straggling officers and men detached from their commands without orders, and fragments of regiments were scattered along the Potomac, demoralized and dispirited by the recent defeat at Bull Run. While engaged in this work General McClellan was invested with the command of all the armies of the United States, to succeed the retiring General Scott. He was now looked to for all things, and his previous achievements served as a spur to the over confidence of the people, who now expected of him that which was beyond the power of man to achieve. From this time began the criticism which is still the source of historical dispute. In the popular cry of "On to Richmond," there could be but little patience with the difficult work of bringing organization and order out of that chaos into which the army of the Potomac

had been plunged, and the Commander-in-Chief was charged with "tardiness," that which robbed him of the honors of future success. He was slow, be it granted, but he was also accurate and painstaking and systematic—the deliberate and scientific soldier, whose greatest ban was always interference with his plans. There is probably no doubt that McClellan clearly saw the impossibility of an advance on Richmond at this time, and the forward movement ordered by Mr. Lincoln at the urgent demand of Secretary Stanton, was in complete reversal of his conceived plan of action. When the movement



GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN

began General McClellan was seriously handicapped by the retention in Washington of McDowell's corps, 40,000 men, and by the closing of the recruiting offices, on which he relied for supplying his losses. His reputed tardiness had now become considered a serious objection by the War Department, and he was no sooner out of Washington than he was relieved by a published order of the chief command and became simply Commander of the Army of the Potomac. There is insufficient space in an article of this nature to report the details of this general's service from this point; the main items of that history are well known. He was in command at the great battle of Fair Oaks, or Seven Pines as the Confederates called it, when on June 1, 1862,

the enemy was repulsed with a loss of 4,233 men, the national loss being 5,739. Soon after occurred the furious fighting known as the Seven Days Battles from June 25 to July 1, which ended in the heavy engagement at Malvern Hill, the victory of which assured the safety of the Army of the Potomac from the certain annihilation which had threatened. Even now the cry was still "On to Richmond," and General McClellan was again censured in the popular mind for having failed to capture the Confederate capitol with his jaded and depleted army. The President and his advisors had lost confidence in McClellan and on August 3 General Halleck was made Commander-in-Chief and McClellan was ordered to evacuate the peninsular. A certain light is thrown on the worth of the man when considering the reversal of attitude on the part of the government, when after the second Battle of Bull Run, they looked to McClellan as the only man who could at that juncture restore order once more and revive the ebbing confidence. It is inspiring too to read of the infusion of new spirit into the troops when they knew that their beloved general was again in command. Endowed with a certain magnetism of personality which can be compared only to that of Napoleon, he was at all times the actual idol of his officers and men, exercising over them a most remarkable influence. In September he, elated with recent victories, was marching into Maryland, and McClellan's new task was to check the advance with the remnants of Pope's army and the Army of the Potomac. After successfully performing the initial steps in this work, decisively checking his advance by the victory at Hampton's Gap on September 13 and 14, he was confronted by the full force of the enemy in the memorable Battle of Antietam, generally chronicled as a drawn battle. It should be remembered, however, that the original plan of forcing back the Confederate line was fulfilled, and that General McClellan retained the field, while the enemy withdrew, his plans utterly foiled. In following his retreat McClellan desired to halt at Warrenton, urging the great need of recruiting, replenishing his supplies, and in general enhancing the concentration, equipment, and morale of his army. Instead, he was ordered to move on, was again the object of disagreeable insinuation, if not of criticism, and was finally on November 7, relieved of his command to give place to General Burnside. He took no further part in the war, and in 1864 resigned his commission. His retirement to private life was marked by a demonstration of popular wel-

come and in 1864 he was chosen to deliver the oration at the unveiling of a monument at West Point. His popularity in the Democratic party was evidenced by his nomination for the Presidency in August 1864, receiving in the popular vote 1,800,000 against Mr. Lincoln's 2,200,000. From 1864 to 1868 General McClellan was on a visit in Europe. On his return he made his residence in Orange, New Jersey, spending his winters in New York City or in Washington. Further honors came to him in the proffer of the Presidency of the University of California and of Union College, both of which he refused. For two years from 1870 he held the office of Engineer-in-Chief of the Department of Docks, New York City. In 1881 he was appointed by Congress a member of the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers and continued in that office until his death. He was elected Governor of New Jersey in 1877, after one term of efficient service declining further nomination. During his late life he made several tours in Europe, and devoted much of his time to writing. He published several monographs descriptive of his campaign's and in defence of his reputation; and also *A Manual of Bayonet Exercise*; *Government Reports of Pacific Railroad Surveys*; and *Reports of the Organization and Campaigns of the Army of the Potomac*. General McClellan married Mary Ellen, daughter of Brigadier General Randolph Barnes Marcy, of the United States Army. He died at his country home in Orange, New Jersey, October 29, 1885.

CURWEN, John, 1821-

Class of 1844 Med.

Born in Lower Merion, Pa., 1821; graduated at Yale in 1841 and from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1844; on staff of Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane, 1844-49; Superintendent and Physician-in-Chief of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, 1851-81; Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent of State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, Pa., 1881-1900; retired.

JOHAN CURWEN, M.D., was born in Lower Merion, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, September 20, 1821, the son of George F. and Elinor H. (Ewing) Curwen. The earliest American ancestor was John Curwen, who came from Cumberland county, England, in 1783. Mr. Curwen was taught at an early age under the tutorship of Rev. Samuel Phinney, of Newburgh, New York, and was in that way fitted for College. Entering the Sophomore class at Yale in 1838, he graduated Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1841. He then

entered upon a study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated with the Doctor's degree in 1844. Immediately after graduation, he accepted a position in the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane in Philadelphia and remained there until he resigned in 1851 to enter the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, at Harrisburg, as Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent. Here he continued for thirty years, his entire time and effort occupied in a most efficient discharge of his duties until 1881, when he was elected to the same positions in the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren,



JOHN CURWEN

where he remained until his retirement from active duty in June 1900, owing to ill-health and advanced age. Dr. Curwen was a member of the Commission appointed for the erection of the State Insane Hospital at Danville, and of the Commission for the erection of the institution of which he was the head officer for nineteen years. He is a member of the Warren County Medical Society, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the American Medical Association, the American Medico-Psychological Association, the Medico-Psychological Society of Great Britain and Ireland, and the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia. Dr. Curwen was married, August 2, 1849, to Martha P. Elmer, who died May 12, 1873; her daughter was Mary, now Mrs. David Fleming. He was

VOL. II. — 5

again married, September 6, 1881, to Anne F. Wyeth, who died September 4, 1899.

KEYSER, Charles Shearer, 1825—

Class of 1845.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1825; studied under tutors and in the Preparatory Department of the University; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1845; studied law, and admitted to the Bar 1848; served in Virginia campaign of 1861 as member of the Philadelphia City Troop; associated officially with the Centennial celebration of 1876, and of the bi-centennial of Penn's landing, 1882; candidate of Labor Party for Congress, also for Justice of Supreme Court 1878; author of historical, political and sociological publications.

CHARLES SHEARER KEYSER, A.M., lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 18, 1825, the son of Joseph and Susan (Shearer) Keyser. He traces his descent, on his father's side, through Dirk Keyser, a Mennonite minister who emigrated from Amsterdam, Holland, in 1688, and settled in Germantown, to Leonhard Keyser who perished at the stake because of his religious opinions in Scharding, Bavaria, in 1527. On his mother's side, Jacob Shearer emigrated from Berne, Switzerland, in 1670, settled on a farm in Moreland, near Philadelphia, fought in the Revolutionary War and was a member of the House of Representatives and the State Senate, 1806-1818. Charles Shearer Keyser studied with private tutors and in the Preparatory Department of the University of Pennsylvania, entered the Department of Arts in the Sophomore year, in 1842, and was graduated with second honors, in the Class of 1845. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course, in 1848. Following his graduation, he read law in the office of Ferdinand J. Hubbell, in Philadelphia, was admitted to the Bar, June 17, 1848, and has been in active practice in Philadelphia since that time. Immediately upon the outbreak of the Civil War, Mr. Keyser joined the Philadelphia City Troop and served in the campaign in Virginia, then returning to his law practice. In the celebration of the historical anniversaries of the centennial of the republic, Mr. Keyser took an active part. He officiated as Master of Ceremonies at the Congress of Authors in Independence Hall, July 2, 1876, in commemoration of the passage of the Resolution for Independency. He was a member of the Advisory Committee of the Centennial Commission, wrote the plan for the celebration of July 4, 1876, in Philadelphia, and made the opening address in the ceremonies of that day; in 1882 he was in charge of the landing ceremonies in connection with

the Penn bi-centennial. During the Centennial Exposition he represented the State of Arkansas as Resident Commissioner, and in 1896 he served as a member of the committee charged with the restoration of Independence Hall. Mr. Keyser published in 1856 the first pamphlet advocating the acquisition by the city of Fairmount Park, and in 1873 wrote the work which is standard on that subject. He is the author of a number of historical monographs, among them Independence Hall,



CHARLES S. KEYSER

an Account of the Building of the Hall and of the Builder, officially published by the City Council, Penn's Treaty with the Indians, and The Liberty Bell. He is also the author of *Minden Armais*, *The Man of the New Race*, an essay on the solution of the race problem in the late slave states, and of *The Crime of 1873*, on the currency question. Mr. Keyser has been the candidate of the Labor party for representative in Congress from his district, and also for Judge of the Supreme Court. In Rome, Italy, June 12, 1866, he married by Protestant ceremony Sophronia MacKay Norris, and had two daughters, one of whom survives, Suzanne Keyser Keyser, a graduate in music of the University of Pennsylvania in 1891, who then studied in Berlin and Paris and is known as the dramatic artist, Miss Santje.

RUDDEROW, Joel, 1818-1891.

Class of 1845.

Born in Merchantville, N. J., 1818; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1845; studied at Theological Seminary of Protestant Episcopal Church, Alexandria, Va., 1845-46; Protestant Episcopal clergyman; rector St. Paul's Church, Bloomsburg, Pa., 1848-54; Church of the Messiah, Port Richmond, Philadelphia, 1854-64; Chaplain of Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, 1864-68; rector St. Paul's Memorial Church, Upper Providence, Montgomery county, Pa., 1868-91; died 1891.

JOEL RUDDEROW, son of John and Anna (Welsh) Rudderow, was born in Peach Grove, (now Merchantville), Camden county, New Jersey, at the place known as Rudderow Tract, March 6, 1818. His ancestry was of English and Welsh origin. After early training in the public schools near his birth-place, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania as a Sophomore of the Class of 1845. While in College he was President of the Zelosophic Society. His work here was followed after graduation by study at the Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Alexandria, Virginia. He was ordained to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church and assumed the duties of his first charge at St. Paul's Church, Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1848. Here he continued for six years, and then removed to the Church of the Messiah at Port Richmond, Philadelphia. His next work was as Chaplain of the Hospital of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, where he continued his duties from 1864 to 1868, in the latter year accepting a call to St. Paul's Memorial Church of Upper Providence, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. Here he continued until his death, having had charge of the church for nearly a quarter of a century. He was the author of an *Historical Sketch of St. Paul's Memorial Church, Upper Providence, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania*. Mr. Rudderow was married, May 29, 1851, to Catharine Mary, daughter of Benjamin Say Janney, M.D., a Philadelphia physician and a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1874. He had four sons: Dr. Benjamin J. Rudderow, Morris W. Rudderow, Augustus Janney Rudderow, a member of the Class of 1878, College Department, University of Pennsylvania, and Dr. Francis Rudderow, a graduate of the College Department in 1884, and of the Medical Department in 1887. Rev. Mr. Rudderow died in Philadelphia, December 30, 1891.

HARVEY, Alexander Elmslie, 1824-

Class of 1843.

Born in Philadelphia, 1824; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1843; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1850; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ALLEXANDER ELSMLIE HARVEY is a son of Isaac, Jr. and Agnes (Lowndes) Harvey, and was born in Philadelphia, May 4, 1824. On his father's side he is descended from Job Harvey who came to America from Derbyshire, England, in 1689 and located at Darby near Philadelphia. On his mother's side he traces his ancestry to Jane Lowndes, widow of Hugh Lowndes who settled at Philadelphia



ALEX. E. HARVEY

in 1680. He was prepared for the College by the Rev. Samuel Wylie Crawford, and entering the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated with the Class of 1843. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1850. Mr. Harvey married, in May 1865, Rachel Lewis Wistar, and by her has one son, Richard Wistar Harvey. He resides in Philadelphia.

BACHE, Thomas Hewson, 1826-

Class of 1846.

Born in Philadelphia, 1826; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1846; M.D., Jefferson Medical College, 1850; practicing physician

in Philadelphia; Surgeon 17th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, 1861; served through Civil War, and brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel.

THOMAS HEWSON BACHE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 16, 1826, son of Dr. Franklin and Aglaé (Dabadie) Bache. His father, of whose career a sketch is given in another place in this volume, was a graduate of the Class of 1818, of the University of Pennsylvania. At an early age Dr. Bache entered the Classical Academy of Mr. John Faires and was there fitted for College. He graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, in 1846, and studied medicine at Jefferson Medical College. After receiving the doctor's degree in 1850, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Philadelphia and has there continued through many years of notably active and successful life. Dr. Bache has in addition to his regular practice performed a large amount of hospital duty, having been connected with the Pennsylvania Hospital as Resident Physician in 1852-1853; with the Harvard Hospital as Surgeon; and with the Children's Hospital as Physician and Treasurer. He has also been Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb. At the opening of the war of the rebellion Dr. Bache tendered his services to the Government as Surgeon of the 17th Pennsylvania Regiment of the United States Volunteers, and continued in active service through the war, attaining the rank of Major. He was at one time Medical Director on the staff of General Benjamin F. Butler at New Orleans, and again Inspector of the First Army Corps under General John F. Reynolds at Gettysburg. In 1865 he was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel for meritorious service. He has been for many years associated with leading medical organizations, being a Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and a member of the following: the American Medical Association; the American Philosophical Society; the Philadelphia Medical Society; the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania; and the Pathological Society of Philadelphia. He has been a frequent contributor to the literature of his profession.

MYERS, Leonard, 1827-

Class of 1846.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1827; entered the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1846; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1848; solicitor of two municipal districts of Philadelphia county; member of Congress

for six terms, 1875; contributor to magazines, and translator of works from the French; compiler of the laws of Philadelphia after the consolidation in 1854; President Pennsylvania Electoral College, 1897; campaign speaker and orator.

L EONARD MYERS was born near Attleborough (now Langhorne), Bucks County, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1827. He removed with his parents to Philadelphia in 1837 and was placed in Rev. Samuel Crawford's Classical School where he studied for four years, preparing himself to enter the University of Pennsylvania which he did in 1842. He



LEONARD MYERS

however abandoned his College course before graduating. At this period of his life Mr. Myers contributed frequently to the magazines and translated several works from the French. Choosing the legal profession he read law under able preceptors and upon coming of age was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. A few years later he was elected solicitor by the commissioners of two of the municipal districts of the county of Philadelphia. Upon the consolidation of the city and districts in 1854 he was appointed with William Duane to digest the laws and ordinances applicable to the new and enlarged municipality. In October 1862 Mr. Myers was elected as a Republican to the Thirty-eighth Congress from the Third Pennsylvania District and he was reelected to the five succeeding Congresses by largely

increased majorities. The period of his service in the national House of Representatives covered the Civil War, the passage of the Constitutional Amendments abolishing slavery and enfranchising the negroes, Reconstruction, the Impeachment of President Johnson, the purchase of Alaska, the settlement of the Alabama claims and many other questions of vital importance including the collection of adequate national revenues and the resumption of specie payments, in the discussion of all of which he took an active part. For eight years while in Congress Mr. Myers served on the Committee on Foreign Affairs and for ten years on the Committee on Patents of which he was for a time the Chairman. For several years also he was a member of the Committee on Naval Affairs. His bill creating the Centennial Board of Finance greatly contributed to the success of the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition of 1876. Mr. Myers is a very earnest and acceptable speaker having served his party in many political campaigns, and delivered addresses on other subjects, notably on the death of Lincoln in 1865 and a Decoration Day oration in 1874. In November 1896, he was chosen a Presidential Elector and on the meeting of the Pennsylvania Electoral College was made its presiding officer. At the end of his period of service in Congress, in 1875, he resumed the practice of his profession to which he has actively devoted himself ever since. His experience and sound judgment in affairs of national and international significance have brought him a number of important causes, the principal among these being the French Spoliation Claims which he was largely instrumental in having sent to the Court of Claims for adjudication. In 1853 Mr. Myers married Miss Hettie de Benneville Keim of an old Pennsylvania family, a cultured and highly esteemed lady who died in 1889.

HEWSON, Addinell, 1828-1889.

Class of 1847.

Born in Philadelphia, 1828; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1847; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1850; studied in Paris and Dublin; practicing physician and surgeon; Surgeon to Philadelphia hospitals; medical writer; died 1889.

A DDINELL HEWSON, M.D., born in Philadelphia, November 22, 1828, was the son of Thomas Tickell Hewson, M.D., University of Pennsylvania 1789, and Emily (Banks) Hewson. His father was an eminent physician of Philadelphia, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine *gratiae causa* from Harvard in 1822. His grand-

father, William Hewson, F.R.S., was a teacher of anatomy and surgery in Windmill School, London. His early education, preparatory to College, was received at the Grammar School of the University of Pennsylvania, and at the age of fifteen he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts at graduation in 1847, and of Master of Arts in course in 1850. His academic study was at once followed by entrance upon medical studies at the Jefferson Medical College, where he graduated in 1850. He then continued for a



ADDINELL HEWSON

short time in Paris and under Sir William Wilde at St. Mark's Hospital in Dublin. On his return to America he entered professional practice in Philadelphia, where he continued up to the very day of his death, his practice being very large and at times very lucrative. He was for several years the instructor in surgery at the Summer School of Jefferson Medical College. In 1851-1852 he was Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital, and after one year as Assistant Surgeon at the Episcopal Hospital was appointed Surgeon to that institution. He was also Surgeon to Wills Eye and Ear Hospital from 1855 to 1864; to the Pennsylvania Hospital from 1861 to 1877; and to St. George's Society from 1858 to 1889. Though

engaged in general practice, Dr. Hewson's special efforts were in the surgical department of his profession, and his original methods and discoveries in this branch brought him into well deserved prominence. He was one of the first to administer electricity in the forms of primary and secondary current, and to employ Hackley's chain for granular conjunctivitis. He was the inventor of a torsion forceps, and in 1865 employed torsion instead of ligatures in performing amputation of the thigh at the Pennsylvania Hospital. His especial forte, which he steadfastly upheld in the face of adverse criticism, was the earth treatment for wounds, contusions, chronic and acute inflammations, tumors, and for surgical dressings generally. He was a pioneer in the use of dry dressings. Of the results of his surgical investigations he made constant report in writings for medical journals, especially in the Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia. During the Civil War Dr. Hewson was in the service of the government, stationed as Contract Surgeon at the Cherry Street Hospital, and in this connection he removed a bullet from the side of General George C. Meade, an operation which alone enabled the General to take part in the Battle of Gettysburg. Dr. Hewson's published writings include: *The Use of Earth in Surgery* and numerous shorter articles already referred to. He also edited the American Edition of Sir William Wilde's *Aural Surgery* at the author's request, and in 1855 published an edition of Mackenzie's *Treatise of Diseases of the Eye*. He was a member of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia; the American Medical Association; the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania; the Philadelphia County Medical Society; the Pathological Society of Philadelphia; and the International Medical Association. He was married, November 24, 1854, to Rachel Macomb, daughter of William Wetherill of Philadelphia. His children are: Addinell, Thomas Tickell (deceased), William (deceased), Isabella Bloomfield, Mary Cox, and Emily Hewson. Dr. Hewson died in Philadelphia, September 11, 1889.

VEZIN, Hermann, 1829-

Class of 1847.

Born in Philadelphia, 1829; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1847; began the study of law; relinquished legal studies to become an actor; made his début at York, England, 1850; has distinguished him-

self upon the British stage and created many well-known dramatic characters.

HERMANN VEZIN, Actor, was born in Philadelphia, March 2, 1829. His parents were Charles Henri and Emilie Kalisky Vezin, the former of whom came to Philadelphia in 1821, and was a son of Henri Auguste Vezin, government councillor at Osnabruck, in the former Kingdom of Hanover. Charles Henri and Emilie Kalisky Vezin were the parents of fourteen children, and three of their sons, Charles John Frederic, Hermann and Oscar William, were members of the Class of 1846, 1847 and 1856, respectively, University of Pennsylvania. Hermann Vezin pursued his preliminary studies in Philadelphia in company with Generals George B. McClellan and John G. Parke; George H. Boker, the dramatist, and Charles G. Leland ("Hans Breitman"). After taking his bachelor's degree he became a law student, but any ambition he may have had for advancement in the legal profession soon gave way to a firm determination to become an actor. It may safely be inferred that his decision to adopt the stage was partly, if not wholly the result of witnessing the splendid performance of the Philadelphia stock companies of that period, and this incentive was increased by the powerful impersonations of such distinguished artists as Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean, Edwin Forrest and Charlotte Cushman. He was sent to Germany in the hope that his enthusiasm for the stage would subside, but the performances of Herr Hendricks, an eminent impersonator of Goethe and Schiller's characters, only served to strengthen his already well-formed purpose, and in spite of his parents' wishes he went to London, saw Charles Kean, whom he had known in the United States, and through the latter's influence he obtained an engagement in an humble capacity at the Theatre Royal, in York. He made his debut on Easter Monday, 1850, as a soldier in the comic scene of a pantomime. One of his first speaking parts was that of the bleeding sergeant in "Macbeth," which he failed to memorize. Later he played the same part with Charles Kean before the Queen at Windsor Castle with much better effect. From this time forward his progress was both rapid and substantial, and he frequently appeared as leading support to Charles Kean, who in no small measure aided in his advancement. As early as 1852 he was considered acceptable as Shylock, Sir Edward Mortimer in the "Iron Chest," Young Norval in "Douglas," Claude Melnotte, Richelieu

and other notable characters. Late in the fifties he appeared in the United States with only fair success, which may be accounted for by the fact that American audiences at that time were too rigidly devoted to the robust school of acting as exemplified by Edwin Forrest, to properly appreciate the less boisterous but more artistically conceived impersonations of Mr. Vezin, and he returned to the British stage, upon which he eventually acquired and has long maintained a position of eminence. His impersonation of Othello is regarded in London as eminently worthy of the great tragedians who preceded him, and he is undoubtedly the only living actor capable of giving an acceptable rendition of Sir Giles Overreach in "A New Way to Pay Old Debts." Hermann Vezin has created many leading characters in modern plays. As an instructor in dramatic art he stands preëminent, and his intellectual attainments are unquestionably superior to those of his contemporaries.

GOODFELLOW, Edward, 1828-

Class of 1848.

Born in Philadelphia, 1828; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1848; connected with U. S. Coast Survey; Editor Coast Survey Bulletin and Annual Reports; served as Captain of Volunteers in Civil War.

EDWARD GOODFELLOW, son of James Goodfellow and Mary Redman, was born in Philadelphia, February 23, 1828. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1845, and was graduated in 1848, receiving his Master of Arts in course. While in College he was elected President of the Zelosophic Society, was awarded the second prize for Greek prose composition, and was chosen Greek Salutatorian. Immediately after graduation he was appointed to the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, as Aid and Sub-Assistant. In 1860 he was made an Assistant in that service, and in 1882 became Editor of the publications of the Survey, in that capacity edited the Bulletins, the Annual Reports and the Appendices thereto. During the Civil War he served in 1864 as Captain of the Forty-fifth Regiment United States Volunteers. Mr. Goodfellow was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1871, and was also a member of the Philosophical Society of Washington and a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He married Julia C., daughter of Dr. Thomas T. Smiley of Philadelphia.

PLATT, Charles, 1829-

Class of 1846.

Born in Philadelphia, 1829; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1846; in business in Canton, China, 1847-50; Secretary Insurance Company of North America, 1860-72; Vice-President, 1872-78; President since 1878.

CHARLES PLATT, son of William and Maria (Taylor) Platt, was born in Philadelphia, February 16, 1829. He was educated as a boy in Hurlbert's School in his native city, and entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania at the age of thirteen. He graduated as Bache-



CHARLES PLATT

lor of Arts with the Class of 1846, and received the Master of Arts degree in course. After a short time he went to China where he continued in mercantile pursuits in the city of Canton until 1850. Mr. Platt first entered the employ of the Insurance Company of North America as Secretary in 1860, and was advanced to the office of Vice-President in 1872. He has been President of the Company for nearly a quarter of a century, having been elected to that office in 1878. He is also President of the National Board of Marine Underwriters, President of the Zoölogical Society of Philadelphia, Vice-President of the Orthopædic Hospital and of the Children's Hospital; is a member of the International Law Association, American Philosophical

Society, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Library Company of Philadelphia and Vice-President of the Rittenhouse Club. He was married June 5, 1851, to Laura Newbold, and has had four children: Clayton, Charles, William Anthony and Laura Newbold Platt.

MAGEE, Christopher, 1829-

Class of 1849.

Born in Pittsburg, Pa., 1829; graduated A.B. Western University of Pennsylvania 1848, and University of Pennsylvania 1849; LL.B., Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1852; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar; practicing lawyer in Pittsburg; member Pennsylvania Legislature, 1856; Judge Court of Common Pleas, Allegheny county, 1885-97; nominated by the Democratic party for many important offices in city and state.

CHRISTOPHER MAGEE, LL.D., is a native of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he has enjoyed a prominent place in the community's esteem for many years as a lawyer and a presiding judge. He was born December 5, 1829, of Scotch-Irish descent. His grandfather, Robert Magee, was born in County Derry, Ireland, in 1737, coming with his wife and seven children to America in 1788. His son Christopher, the father of the subject of this sketch, was the seventh child, and was only two years old at the time of the emigration. The family settled in Pittsburg, where many descendants still reside. Judge Magee's mother was Jane Watson, born in Pittsburg in 1796, of Scotch parents. Her father was Alexander Thomson, who in July 1771, with his wife Elizabeth (Edmundston) and twelve children, embarked on the ship Friendship in the harbor of Greenock, Scotland, and arrived at Boston in the following September, whence they proceeded to Franklin county, Pennsylvania. The name of his place was "Corkerhill." He was the ancestor of Frank Thomson, the late President of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Judge Magee was early sent to the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg, from which he graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1848. This institution later honored him with the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Laws. After finishing his courses at the Western University he matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania, taking his Bachelor of Arts in 1849 and receiving his Master's degree in course. His law studies were begun in the offices of William B. Reed and Alexander McKinley of the Philadelphia Bar. Simultaneously with these private studies he attended the lectures in the Law School of the

University of Pennsylvania, which at that time was under the direction of Judge Sharswood. He graduated from this school in 1852, and in December of that year was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. A little later he was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court, and on April 11, 1853, on motion of Colonel Sam. W. Black, at the Bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He thereupon returned to Pittsburg and began the practice of his profession in the city which has been his home ever since. For several years Judge Magee was associated in practice with Henry A. Davis, under the



CHRISTOPHER MAGEE

firm name of Magee & Davis. He developed a numerous clientele, representing individuals and corporations in many cases of importance in the local and higher courts. In 1856 Judge Magee, who has always been a Democrat, was elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature, and in 1859 he was elected to Councils in Pittsburg. In October 1885 he was appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, by Governor Pattison, and in November 1886 was elected to the full term of ten years from January 1887. While upon the bench in Pittsburg Judge Magee tried many thousands of civil and criminal cases. On two occasions he was a candidate for Mayor of Pittsburg, and twice he was a candidate for Judge of the Or-

phans' Court of Allegheny county. In 1895 he was his party's nominee for Judge of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania, and once he was a Presidential Elector. Judge Magee is variously connected with a number of associations and institutions. He is a corporator of the Shadyside Academy, the Hospital for Children and the Allegheny Cemetery, and a member of the Academy of Arts and Sciences, the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg, the University Club of Philadelphia, the Delta Phi Club of New York, the Pennsylvania Forestry Association and other organizations. Judge Magee's blood connections number many prominent men. Matthew J. Magee, of the Pittsburg Bar, afterwards in the United States Army, was an uncle. Another uncle was Robert Watson, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1820. Other relatives near or remote include Colonel Sam. W. Black, one time Governor of Nebraska; W. W. Thomson, who prepared the Pittsburg Digest; Rev. Samuel B. Wylie, D.D., of the University of Pennsylvania; Rev. John Black, D.D., a Professor in the Western University of Pennsylvania; Hon. C. L. Magee, the well-known Pennsylvania politician; Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, Vice-President of the United States; Frank Thomson and Hon. Samuel A. Purviance. Judge Magee married, January 12, 1859, Elizabeth Louise McLeod, daughter of the Rev. John Neil McLeod, D.D., of New York City. They have six children: John Niel McLeod, Margaret McLeod, Christopher, Jr., Norman McLeod, Jane Watson and Walter Pollock Magee.

McFADDEN, William Henry, 1827-

Class of 1849.

Born in Philadelphia, 1827; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1849; graduated from Pennsylvania College of Medicine, 1852; Superintendent Germantown Gas Company, 1853-61; Superintendent Gas Light Company of Camden, N. J., 1870-73; Chief Engineer Philadelphia Water Department, 1873-83.

WILLIAM HENRY McFADDEN, M.D., is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, his father, Robert McFadden, having been born near Bush Mills, in the vicinity of the Giants' Causeway, in County Antrim, Ireland. His ancestors were originally of Danish and French Huguenot extraction. Robert's father's name was also Robert, and his mother's Martha Laverty, from the French *La Verité*, "the truth." The name McFadden comes from the Danish *Faderen*, "the father," and by contraction, the "er" being dropped and a "d" added for

euphony, Fadden was the result. Mc or Mac was added in Scotland, meaning "the son of." William Henry McFadden's mother was Jane Maffitt, or Moffett. Her father's name was Henry and her mother's Mary Ann Sharpe. She was born in Coote Hill in County Caven, Ireland, of Scotch and English ancestry. Both Mr. McFadden's parents came to Philadelphia in 1821. They met in this country as strangers, and in 1825 became man and wife. The subject of this sketch was born in Philadelphia, November 4, 1827. He early entered the public schools, which he attended until 1843, when he



WM. H. McFADDEN

was sent to Dr. S. W. Crawford's Academy, in Fourth Street below Arch, to be prepared for College. In 1845 he matriculated in the Freshman class at the University of Pennsylvania in the College Department where he was a member of the Zelosophic Society and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1849. Three years later he received the degree of Master of Arts from the University, having in the meantime taken up the study of medicine. For one session he taught in the McVeytown Academy in Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, and then entered the Pennsylvania College of Medicine, situated in Ninth Street below Locust in Philadelphia, graduating with the Doctor's degree in 1852. Dr. McFadden practiced his pro-

fession for about one year. In 1853 he became Superintendent of the Germantown Gas Company, a position which he filled until 1861. From 1856 until 1868 he was engaged in the plumbing, steam and gas-fitting business in Germantown, and from 1864 to 1870 in the manufacture and sale of gas meters. For three years, 1870-1873, he was Superintendent of the Gas Light Company of Camden, New Jersey, and for ten years, 1873-1883, he was Chief Engineer of the Water Department in Philadelphia, being at the same time an ex-officio member of the Park Commission. For the next ten years, or until 1893, Mr. McFadden was associated with the American Meter Company. He is the compiler of a little book entitled the "Gas Superintendents' Pocket Companion." In 1854 he married Sarah Evans Yocum, the daughter of Jacob Harris Yocum, the Yocums being among the earliest Swedish settlers in Pennsylvania. They have six children. Mr. McFadden voted in 1856 for James Buchanan, but in 1860 he supported Abraham Lincoln and has been a Republican ever since. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, but attends the services of the Methodist denomination. He resides in Philadelphia.

RICHARDS, Benjamin Wood, 1831-

Class of 1849.

Born in Philadelphia, 1831; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1849; engaged in business in Philadelphia, 1849-61; Captain and Aide-de-camp in Union Army, 1862; promoted to brevet Major 1864, and brevet Lieutenant-Colonel 1865, for gallantry in the service; participant in many of the most stirring engagements of the war; honorably discharged March 1865; Director in Girard Trust Company since 1875; Manager of Laurel Hill Cemetery Company since 1851, Treasurer since 1865 and General Superintendent since 1875; Manager of West Laurel Hill Cemetery Company since 1887.

BENJAMIN WOOD RICHARDS was born in Philadelphia, August 6, 1831, son of Benjamin Wood Richards and Sarah Ann (Lippincott) Richards. His grandparents on his father's side were William Richards and Margaretta Wood Richards; on his mother's side Joshua Lippincott and Sarah Ann Lippincott. He was fitted for College at the Preparatory School of the University of Pennsylvania, of which Rev. Dr. Samuel Wylie Crawford was the Principal, and entered the Sophomore class in the College Department of the University in 1846, receiving the baccalaureate degree at Commencement in June 1849. Very soon after graduation he

became a clerk in his father's office, with a view to preparing himself for business life. At the decease of his father, in July 1851, he engaged in business operations on his personal account, and continued these pursuits until 1861. At the outbreak of the Rebellion he applied for service in the Union Army and was commissioned a Captain and additional Aide-de-camp by Abraham Lincoln, on April 12, 1862, being assigned to duty with Brigadier-General James B. Ricketts. From May until the middle of June 1862 he was with the First Brigade, First Division, Department of the Rappahannock, in Vir-



BENJ. W. RICHARDS

ginia. In July he was transferred to the Second Division of that Department. Thence he passed to the Second Division of the Third Corps, Army of Virginia, with which command he remained until September 1862, when he was attached to the Second Division of the First Corps, Army of the Potomac, this connection continuing until November 2, 1862. In August and September 1862 he was engaged in the battles of Manassas, Chantilly, South Mountain and Antietam, and the actions at Rappahannock Station, Thoroughfare Gap and Shepardstown in Virginia. For several months he served on a Military Board in Washington, but resumed active field duty in March 1864 with the Third Division of the Sixth Corps of the Army of

the Potomac. In this Corps he was present at the battle of the Wilderness, the battles around Spottsylvania, the battle of Cold Harbor, the siege of Petersburg, and the battles of Monocacy, Opequon or Winchester, Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek. He also participated in skirmishes on North Anna River, at Snicker's Gap, Berryville and Smithville, all in Virginia. General Ricketts was severely wounded at the battle of Cedar Creek, and Colonel Richards, who was his aide, took him off the field in an ambulance to Winchester, where he was placed under the care of army surgeons. A few days later a train of ambulances and wagons containing the wounded was sent to Martinsburgh, Virginia, and from there to Washington, Baltimore and other places where there were United States Hospitals. Colonel Richards accompanied General Ricketts in that train to his home in Washington, and was off duty awaiting his recovery. Finding after some time that there were doubts as to the outcome of the General's wound, that in any case it would be some time before he could resume his command, and that the close of the war was near at hand, his aide resigned. The War Department accepted the resignation and he was honorably discharged in March 1865. He was promoted to Brevet-Major from August 1, 1864, for conspicuous gallantry throughout the campaign under General Grant, at the battle of Monocacy, Maryland, and in the Shenandoah Valley under General Sheridan. At his retirement he was on March 13, 1865, brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel "for gallant and meritorious conduct in the field during the war." At the close of his service in the army Colonel Richards returned to Philadelphia, where his home has been ever since, and where he is identified with important business interests. He has been a Manager of the Laurel Hill Cemetery Company since December 1851, its Treasurer since May 1865, and its General Superintendent since 1875. In 1875 he was elected a Director of the Girard Trust Company, a position he still holds, and since 1887 he has been a Manager of the West Laurel Hill Cemetery Company. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, the George G. Meade Post Number 1 of the Grand Army of the Republic, and the Society of the Sixth Army Corps. He has been a member of the University and the Art clubs of Philadelphia ever since they were organized, and belongs to the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Academy of Natural Sciences, the Franklin

Institute of Philadelphia and the Boone and Crockett Club of New York.

WILSON, Benjamin Buck, 1828-

Class of 1850 Med.

Born near Germantown, Philadelphia, 1828; graduated Philadelphia High School 1847, M.D. University of Pennsylvania 1850; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Captain of a military company in the Civil War, and afterward Surgeon of Volunteers; rendered distinguished services while in charge of Alexander Hospital in Louisiana; Surgeon in charge of Stanton Hospital, Washington, D.C.; Medical Director Hancock's First (Veteran) Corps; mustered out of the army with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel; Surgeon to various Philadelphia hospitals; member of the staff of the Jewish Hospital for more than thirty years.

BENJAMIN BUCK WILSON, M.D., was born near Germantown, October 22, 1828, in the city which has always been his home. He comes of a long line of Quaker ancestors, being the fifth in direct descent from Stephen Wilson, in whose house the Society of Friends held meetings before William Penn had yet arrived in America. He is also fifth in descent from Thomas Canby of Yorkshire, England, who emigrated in 1682 and became a prominent member of the Pennsylvania Legislature in the early part of the eighteenth century. Samuel Wilson, the son of Stephen, and Rebecca Canby were the parents of thirteen sons and daughters, all of whom married, becoming in turn the parents of numerous children noted for their longevity. Dr. Wilson's father and mother, Samuel R. and Susanna A. Wilson, were married sixty-five and a half years, his father surviving until 1896, when he had attained the age of nearly ninety years. He is a descendant also of Benjamin Buck, an English Friend who amassed a considerable fortune in the Island of Barbadoes through improvements in machinery for the manufacture of sugar; he came to Philadelphia for the purpose of manumitting his slaves, giving to each, as he sent them forth into the world, a substantial outfit. Dr. Wilson received his early education at the Germantown Academy. He passed then to the Philadelphia High School, from which he was graduated, the honor man of his class, in July 1847. He thereupon entered the office of Dr. Thomas F. Betton, a distinguished surgeon of the period, to take up the study of medicine, and at the same time matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in April 1850. In the same

year the High School conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. Dr. Wilson began his professional career in Philadelphia, and his practice had grown to large and burdensome proportions by the time of the outbreak of the Civil War. He nevertheless abandoned it after the fall of Fort Sumter, to organize a military company in the village of Bustleton, and was elected its Captain. Although unfamiliar with military affairs he quickly brought his command into a state of discipline. Being shortly commissioned a Surgeon of Volunteers, he resigned his Captaincy and was ordered to New



BENJAMIN B. WILSON

Orleans, where he organized the Alexander Hospital. While in charge of that establishment, in 1863, the territory which it occupied was retaken by the Confederate forces, and Dr. Wilson by his own efforts prevented the capture of upwards of one thousand convalescent soldiers, many sick and wounded, and an immense amount of government stores and hospital property. He seized the rolling stock of the railroad, and by running trains all night removed the inmates and the entire contents of the hospital before the enemy arrived to occupy the place. He next saw service in the field on the staff of Major-General Weitzel; was present at the surrender of Port Hudson, which opened the Mississippi River, and was finally employed on the staff

of General Joseph J. Reynolds as Medical Director of the Defences of New Orleans when it was especially important to prevent the entrance of yellow fever into that city. As a result of this experience he was overtaken by an attack of illness which necessitated a return to his home, but after a very brief rest he was placed in charge of the "Stanton;" one of the large hospitals in Washington. While engaged in this service he was appointed by the Secretary of War to additional duty, as a member of the Board to examine veteran medical officers for commissions in Hancock's Veteran First Corps. He later became President of the Board, and after the Corps was organized was appointed its first Medical Director. He continued in charge of the "Stanton," until with the termination of the war, it was among the very last of the General Hospitals to be closed. He was mustered out with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and returned then to Philadelphia to resume his medical practice. When in 1866 the flags of the Pennsylvania Regiments were returned to the custody of the state, General Hancock invited Surgeon Wilson to serve again upon his staff in the ceremonies of the day in graceful recognition of their previous relations. For sixteen years, from 1867 to 1883, Dr. Wilson was a Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital and Professor of Surgery in the Woman's Medical College of Philadelphia. He taught surgery to women when few in the profession or outside of it viewed the movement with favor. Many of our eminent women surgeons and gynecologists are much indebted to him for the early training they received in his classes and clinics. He was the first to do an ovariectomy in the Woman's Hospital. The case was one presenting especial difficulty and risk, and the successful result added much to the prestige of the then-young institution. For ten years he was Surgeon to the Howard Hospital, and for more than thirty years he has been a Surgeon on the staff of the Jewish Hospital, a connection which he still retains. Dr. Wilson is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. His wife, now deceased, was Mara Louisa, eldest daughter of L. Rebola, a prominent merchant, and formerly an officer in the Italian contingent of the army of the first Napoleon. They had four children, two sons and two daughters. The younger son, Dr. Arthur M. Wilson, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, died after a short but brilliant career. A brief sketch of him is given elsewhere

in this work. The elder son, Samuel, also passed away in early manhood.

MUCKLÈ, Alexander, 1830-

Class of 1853 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1830; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1846; studied physics and chemistry in private laboratories; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1853; studied chemistry at Universities of Goettingen and Heidelberg; Professor of Natural Science, Washington and Jefferson College, two years; analytical and consulting chemist; connected with United States Mint at Philadelphia.

ALEXANDER MUCKLÈ, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 26, 1830. His father was Michael Mucklè, a native of the Black Forest



ALEXR. MUCKLÈ

region in Germany, and his mother was Maria Kaiser, also a native of Germany, from the Rhine country. His early education was received in a grammar school and at twelve years of age he was admitted to the Central High School of Philadelphia, graduating in 1846. Subsequently the school conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. A predilection for scientific study manifesting itself, he in 1848 became a student in the chemical laboratory of Dr. James C. Booth, formerly the melter and refiner in the United States Mint in Philadelphia. In 1849-1850 he assisted Prof. John F. Frazer,

Professor of Physics and Chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania. While in this office he commenced the study of medicine in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1853. The next few years were spent in Professor Booth's laboratory, and in 1857 he went to Europe, remaining two and a half years and availing himself of extended instruction in the laboratories of Woehler and Bunsen at the Universities of Goettingen and Heidelberg in Germany. At the same time he attended the lectures of Weber, Kirchhof and von Waltershausen in collateral branches of study. Shortly after his return to the United States he was offered the Chair of Natural Science in Washington College (now Washington and Jefferson College) at Washington, Pennsylvania, which he filled for two years. In 1869 he returned to Europe and visited the East, travelling extensively for two years as physician to an invalid friend. Dr. Mucklè is the co-editor of the first edition of "Morfit's Chemical Manipulation." He was chemical expert before the United States Naval Court convened at Philadelphia during the Civil War for the trial of cases of fraud in certain contracts. At one time he was chemist to the Fairmount Park Commission of Philadelphia. He was one of the analysts of the waters and minerals collected by the United States Expedition to the river Jordan and the Dead Sea, and for one year he was engaged in mining operations in the Rocky Mountains. He has served as analytical and consulting chemist to several large manufacturing establishments, at the same time giving practical instruction in chemistry and assaying. During the last fifteen or sixteen years Dr. Mucklè has been an assistant to the melter and refiner of the United States Mint at Philadelphia. He is a life member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, and resides in that city.

POTTER, Edward Tuckerman, 1831-

Class of 1853.

Born in Schenectady, N. Y., 1831; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Union College; practicing architect in New York City; has spent much time abroad; musical composer.

EDWARD TUCKERMAN POTTER, son of Bishop Alonzo Potter and Sarah Maria Nott, and brother of Bishop Henry C. Potter, was born in Schenectady, New York, September 25, 1831. He entered the University of Pennsylvania

in 1850, but left at the close of his Sophomore year and was graduated at Union College, Schenectady, in 1853. He studied architecture under Richard Upjohn and established himself in New York City, where he has ever since practiced his profession, giving especial attention to collegiate and ecclesiastical architecture. His work, as typically illustrated in the Church of the Heavenly Rest in New York, the Church of the Good Shepherd in Hartford (Colt Memorial) and Memorial Hall in Schenectady, is distinguished by its freshness and originality of conception, felicity of ornamentation and delicacy of



EDWARD T. POTTER

feeling. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects, and was awarded the Institute Medal in 1890. For his Concentrated Residence Studies he was made an honorary member of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects in 1897. His Concentrated Residence System received a medal from the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893. Mr. Potter has resided for much of the time abroad. He has published "A Theory of the Origin and Transmission of Organic Forms;" "Problems of Concentrated Residence Investigated;" "Study of New York's Tenement House Evils;" "Improvements in Portable Sectional Buildings;" "Improvement in Magic Lantern Slides," and several other works. He is also a musical com-

poser of merit. He married Julia Maria, daughter of Hon. Richard M. Blatchford, United States Minister to Rome.

PENROSE, Clement Biddle, 1832-

Class of 1850.

Born in Carlisle, Pa., 1832; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1850; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1853; Judge of Orphans' Court in Philadelphia since 1878, elected and reelected by the votes of both political parties; LL.D. (Hon.) University of Pennsylvania, 1901.

CLEMENT BIDDLE PENROSE, LL.D., was born in Carlisle, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1832. His father was Charles Bingham Penrose,



CLEMENT B. PENROSE

who was of Welsh descent, the first American representative of the family being Bartholomew Penrose, who came from England to Philadelphia about 1700; Bartholomew married Hester Leech, daughter of Toby Leech, who had come from Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, England, in 1682. Judge Penrose's mother was Valeria Fullerton Biddle, and through her he was descended from William Biddle, one of the proprietors of New Jersey, who emigrated from England to America in 1681. William Biddle's great-great-grandson married Lydia Spencer, daughter of Rev. Elihu Spencer, D.D., a

brother of Ambrose Spencer, who was the Chief-Justice of New York; Valeria F. Penrose was one of the children of that marriage. Her son, after attending various schools in Washington, District of Columbia, passed under the instruction of Rev. Frederick A. Muhlenberg, D.D., Principal of Franklin College at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, where his parents then resided. He was so far advanced with his studies that in September 1847, while yet not fifteen years of age, he entered the Sophomore class at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1850. Upon graduation he took up the reading of law in the office of his father, then a leading practitioner at the Philadelphia Bar. He was admitted to practice in 1853, and in that year also he received his degree of Master of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania. Judge Penrose followed his profession in Philadelphia for twenty-five years, until 1878, when he was appointed a Judge of the Orphans' Court in Philadelphia by Governor Hartmanft, to fill a vacancy. In November of that year he was regularly nominated and elected to the office for a term of ten years. At the expiration of his term in 1888 he was reelected, as he was again in 1898, receiving the votes of both political parties, and he still occupies a place upon the Bench. Judge Penrose is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the American Academy of Political and Social Science and the St. Elmo Club. On February 22, 1901, the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He married, September 30, 1857, Mary Linnard, and has had eight children: Emily, Valeria, Charles Bingham, Stephen B. L., Helen, Elizabeth, Lydia Baird and Mary C. Penrose; Charles Bingham Penrose died in January 1887. Judge Penrose resides in Germantown.

WEATHERLY, David, Jr., 1823-

Class of 1852 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1823; student in conveyancing office, 1841-45; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1852; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1847; withdrew from practice, 1873; Controller Public Schools of Philadelphia, 1869-73; member publishing firm of Cowperthwait & Company, 1873-90.

DAVID WEATHERLY, JR., was born in Philadelphia, September 7, 1823. He is a son of David Weatherly and Mary his wife, whose maiden name was Lawson. David Weatherly the elder was born in Berwick-upon-Tweed, County of

Northumberland, England, and died in Philadelphia in 1851, aged seventy-two years. His wife, Mary Lawson, was born in Wilmington, Delaware, and died in Philadelphia in 1866, aged eighty-two years. The subject of this sketch received his early education in the private schools of Philadelphia, and then spent four years, 1841 to 1845, in the conveyancing office of Elliott & Robinson. In 1844 he registered as a student at law in the office of Saunders Lewis, Esq., where he remained for three years. He was admitted to practice in the courts of Philadelphia in January 1847, and later took the courses in the Law



DAVID WEATHERLY, JR.

Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1852. He followed his profession in Philadelphia until July 1873, when he withdrew from practice and became a member of the firm of Cowperthwait & Company, educational publishers in that city. This connection was continued until January 1, 1890, since which date he has lived in retirement in Philadelphia. From 1869 until 1873 Mr. Weatherly was one of the Controllers of the Public Schools of his native city. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Art Club and the Penn Club of Philadelphia. He married, April 19, 1849, Margaretta F., daughter of David and Deborah Troth Haines of Burlington county, New Jersey.

RIPKA, Andrew Adams, 1833-

Class of 1852.

Born in Philadelphia, 1833; educated in Philadelphia schools, Princeton College, and University of Pennsylvania; cotton manufacturer, afterwards engaged in iron mining and smelting; served as Captain of Volunteers in Civil War, 1862-63.

ANDREW ADAMS RIPKA, son of Joseph and Catherine (Guger) Ripka, was born in Philadelphia, February 16, 1833. After acquiring his early education in the schools of his native city he entered the College of New Jersey (Princeton) in 1848, but after a year returned to Philadelphia and joined the Junior class in the University of Pennsylvania. The allurements of a prospective mercantile career led him to leave College before graduation, and he embarked at first in the cotton-manufacturing business, but subsequently turned his attention to the mining and manufacture of iron, in which he was engaged for many years. During the Civil War he served as Captain in the 119th Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteers in 1862-1863, resigning in the latter year and being honorably discharged for disability received in the service. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. Mr. Ripka is one of the two surviving founders of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, organized at the University of Pennsylvania in 1852; the other being Charles Hare Hutchinson of Philadelphia. He married Laura T., daughter of William H. Greenough. His residence is in Falmouth, Massachusetts.

ALLEN, Joshua Gibbons, 1832-

Class of 1856 Med.

Born in Delaware county, Pa., 1832; educated in Friends' School at Westtown, Pa.; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1856; gynecological expert and for twenty-three years Physician-in-Chief at the Philadelphia Lying-in-Charity; practitioner in Philadelphia; one of the founders Philadelphia Obstetrical Society.

JOSHUA GIBBONS ALLEN, M.D., was born in Marple Township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 23, 1832. His father was George Breidenhart Allen and his mother Sidney (Jacobs) Allen. On his father's side he is a lineal descendant in the sixth generation of Nathaniel Allen, an English Quaker, of Bristol, England, who came to Pennsylvania in 1681 as one of William Penn's Commissioners. His paternal great grandmother was Jane Casdorp, daughter of John Casdorp, one of the earliest shipbuilders on the Delaware River.

Dr. Allen's mother was a descendant from John Jacobs, an early Welsh settler in the Perkiomen region of Pennsylvania, at whose home the first Quaker meetings were held in that district, before public meeting-houses yet were built. His mother's grandfather was Colonel William Gibbons, a member of a family well known in the annals of Chester county; Colonel Gibbons received expressions of confidence from General Washington, who delegated him to assist in collecting provisions for the American Army during the dark days of Brandywine and Valley Forge. The progenitor of the



J. G. ALLEN

Chester county Gibbons family was an Irish Quaker, John Gibbons, who saved Pennsylvania from disgrace when serving on the jury that tried the first and last and only witchcraft case in that state; he insisted that no one could be guilty of witchcraft, but as his fellow jurors did not take the same view he brought them over to a verdict of "not guilty as indicted," which of course was equivalent to an acquittal. Dr. Allen received an academic training in the Friends' School at Westtown, Pennsylvania, afterward entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with high honors in 1856. He began the practice of medicine in Philadelphia the following autumn, opening his offices

near Thirteenth and Pine Streets, in the year 1845. While still a student of medicine he connected himself with the Philadelphia Lying-in-Charity and Nurse School, an attachment that was continued for thirty years; in 1857, the year after his graduation, he became one of its most active and efficient Assistant Physicians, and in 1863 he was appointed one of its Physicians-in-Chief, a position which he held for twenty-one years. He resigned in 1884, at which time he received a most complimentary resolution of thanks from its Board of Managers for his long period of useful service. While Physician-in-Chief, Dr. Allen delivered many courses of lectures to large classes of nurses and medical students. The Lying-in-Charity during a large part of the time he was connected with it was the only nurse school in America; for years it had been the only nurse school in the world, having been founded in 1827 by the late Dr. Joseph Warrington, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, at which time, and for years afterward, the idea of formally training women for nurses was actually derided. Dr. Allen's clinical demonstrations in obstetrics and gynecology placed him in the forefront in these special fields of practice in Philadelphia. Some of his methods of treatment were new, and in many cases are not yet obsolete. Not only in gynecology but also in other fields was Dr. Allen active in seeking out new and improved processes. He is in fact an all-round practitioner. He gave his attention successfully to orthopedic surgery before this branch of surgical work received much attention even at medical colleges. His interest is still centred in the practice of his profession; he has a very large clientele whose welfare he looks after with strict attention and whose entire confidence he maintains. Dr. Allen is one of the original members and founders of the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, also a member of the Philadelphia Pediatric Society and the Philadelphia County Medical Society.

WILLIAMS, Richard Jordan, 1830-
Class of 1854 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1830; educated in private schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1854; admitted to Bar of Philadelphia 1854, and engaged in active practice in that city ever since; author of two important legal treatises.

RICHARD JORDAN WILLIAMS was born in Philadelphia, July 22, 1830, the son of Richard and Ruth (Reeve) Williams. On his

father's side he is descended from George Williams who came to America from Wales about 1690. On the maternal side he traces his ancestry from Mark Reeve and Samuel Wade, who came with John Fenwick in 1676 in the ship Griffin and founded Salem, New Jersey; from Ives Ballengee, or Ballanger, a Huguenot who settled in New Jersey; and from Richard Smith, who in 1630 founded Smithtown, Long Island. Mr. Williams attended select schools of the Society of Friends in Philadelphia and then entered the Westtown Boarding School conducted by said society in Chester county where



RICHARD J. WILLIAMS

he remained from 1842 to 1845. When about seventeen years of age he went into the silk house of Morris L. Hallowell & Company, Philadelphia, for the purpose of learning the trade, and continued there until he became of age, when he decided upon a professional career. He began the study of law with Eli K. Price, Esq., and matriculating in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, took the full course of law lectures by Judge Sharswood, Peter McCall and E. Spencer Miller, and was graduated in 1854. In May of that year he was admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar. He has been engaged in the active practice of his profession in that city ever since, a period of almost fifty years. Mr. Williams is the author of a book

VOL. II. — 6

on the laws relating to physicians and dentists, and another on the laws of Pennsylvania relating to landlords and tenants, which has lately reached a second edition. He married, March 25, 1869, Josephine F. Smith, also a descendant of Richard Smith of Long Island, and has five children.

FRAZIER, William West, Jr., 1839-

Class of 1858.

Born in Montevideo, S. A., 1839; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1858; merchant; officer of Cavalry in Civil War, 1861-64; Treasurer Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia; Trustee University of Pennsylvania since 1894.

WILLIAM WEST FRAZIER, JR., son of Benjamin West and Isabella (Zimmermann) Frazier, was born in Montevideo, Uruguay, South America, August 27, 1839. He entered the Sophomore class in the University of Pennsylvania in 1855, and was graduated in 1858. While in College he was chosen Moderator of the Philomathean Society. Mr. Frazier has followed a mercantile career. Early in the Civil War he enlisted in the service of the Government, and in September 1861 was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry. He was promoted to First Lieutenant and Adjutant in March 1862, and to Captain in the following November, in which capacity he served until he tendered his resignation and received honorable discharge in February 1864. In civil life he has served as Treasurer of the Hospital of the Protestant-Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, and as a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania since 1894. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. Mr. Frazier married Harriet Morgan, daughter of George Leib Harrison, LL.D., of Philadelphia, in which city he resides.

LOSCH, Henry, 1824-

Class of 1857 Med.

Born in Otterberg, Palatinate, Germany, 1824; educated in Germany, Switzerland, and the United States; graduated Yale Theological Seminary 1855, and Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania 1857; held various pastorates, and for the past twenty-five years engaged in teaching and literary pursuits.

HENRY LOSCH, M.D., was born in Otterberg, Palatinate, Germany, April 15, 1824, son of Jacob and Helena (Keller) Losch. He belongs to a German family of culture and intel-

lectural tastes, two of his uncles having been prominent clergymen of their day and one of his grandfathers was for many years a burgomaster. His early education was acquired at the elementary schools in Kaiserlautern and Otterberg. His classical studies were pursued in various gymnasia and private institutions of learning in Germany and Switzerland, and his theological studies, begun in Basle, were continued after his arrival in the United States at the Yale Theological Seminary, from which he was graduated in 1855. He was also a medical student at Yale, but completed his medical studies



HENRY LOSCH

at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in the Class of 1857 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He was licensed to preach in 1855, and ordained to the ministry at New Haven, Connecticut, two years later, after which he presided as Pastor of the Congregational, Reformed and Presbyterian churches successively in North Evans and Otsego, New York; Cumberland, Maryland; Shamokin and Hazleton, Pennsylvania; Egg Harbor City and Hackensack, New Jersey; and Brooklyn, New York. In the later seventies he retired from the pulpit, settling permanently in Philadelphia, and has since been engaged in teaching and in literary pursuits as an author, editor and translator. Mr. Losch is the author of the "Improved German Grammar,"

the second edition of which contains the new official orthography adopted by the German government; "A German-English Medical Thesaurus" (second revised edition, Philadelphia, 1898); "Christ and his Miracles," a poem of about 250 pages; and "Psalter, Harp and Song," or Translations of many of the choicest German Religious Poems or Hymns in their original metres. He has also translated many of the best German miscellaneous poems, including Goethe's "Faust," Schiller's "Song of the Bell," etc., and is author and editor of the "Conjoined Interlinear" Authorized and Revised Holy Bible. These works have received the highest commendation of literary critics and have acquired a widespread distribution. Mr. Losch is now a member of the Philadelphia Conference of Baptist ministers. In November 1857 he married Jenny Richardson (now deceased); their living children are: Nathalia, Estella Richardson and Nathaniel Richardson Losch.

BOLLER, Alfred Pancoast, 1840-

Class of 1858.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1858, and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute 1861; civil engineer, and chief of many large engineering works, including notable bridges and viaducts; practicing engineer and contractor in New York City; Lecturer on Bridge Construction at New York University; member of various engineering societies; author of "Iron Highway Bridges" and various papers on technical subjects.

ALFRID PANCOAST BOLLER, civil engineer, was born in Philadelphia, February 23, 1840, the son of Henry John and Anna Margaretta (Pancoast) Boller. He is of German ancestry on the paternal side, and on the maternal side is of English descent. His early education was had mainly under private instructors as usual with gentlemen's sons of that day. After a preparatory course at "Sammy" Arthur's School in Philadelphia, he entered the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated with the Class of 1858, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts on graduation. He then pursued his technical training in the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, New York, from which he graduated in 1861 with the degree of Civil Engineer. After leaving the Rensselaer Institute he engaged actively in his profession, commencing as rodman on the Nesquehoning Valley Railroad, becoming eventually an assistant-engineer and topographer, in which latter capacity he made an elaborate topographical map of the

middle and southern anthracite coal-fields, with their various outlets to market. In June 1862 he was detailed as an assistant on the repairs of the Lehigh Canal, which had been damaged almost to obliteration by the great freshet of that month. In the spring of 1863 he entered the service of the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad, which had just been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and, attached to the staff of the General Manager, attended to various miscellaneous duties to which he was detailed. In 1865 he became Engineer of Bridges on the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, planning the International Bridge over the Niagara River at Black Rock, and the Cataraugus Viaduct, works never carried out, due to the collapse of the railroad company in the same year. In the fall of 1865 he entered the service of the Hudson River Railroad as Chief Engineer, a position which he resigned to go into the iron business with Samuel Milliken under the firm name of Milliken & Boller, as agents of the Phoenix Iron Company in New York and New England. In 1870 he became Vice-President and Engineer of the Phillipsburg Manufacturing Company, which connection lasted until the panic of 1873 failed that concern. During its existence numerous railroad and highway bridges were built by Mr. Boller. Since the failure of this company, Mr. Boller has been practicing as engineer and contractor up to the present time, with his office for over twenty years on Broadway, New York City. During this time he has been engaged on much miscellaneous work: Consulting Engineer of the Zaza Railroad, Cuba, and Port Au Prince (horse) Railroad, Hayti; Chief Engineer of the Manhattan Elevated Railroad, New York; Chief Engineer of the West Side & Yonkers Railroad, from 155th Street to High Bridge, New York, and covering the bridge over the Harlem River at Eighth Avenue; Contracting Engineer for Structural Work on the New York & Putnam Railroad; Contractor (Boller & Drake) for building the Bergen County Branch of the Erie Railroad; Consulting Engineer of the Department of Public Parks, New York, for bridging the Bronx River at several points, and for the superstructure of the Madison Avenue Bridge; Chief Engineer of the Albany & Greenbush Bridge over the Hudson River; Chief Engineer of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company Railroad, including the tunnel under United States Lighthouse grounds, and the St. George Ferry development. He formed the contracting firm of Boller & McGaw, and built the twin gas-

holder tanks (one hundred and fifty feet diameter) for the Bay State Gas Company, Boston; tank for the Staten Island Gas Light Company; the Metropolitan Avenue Bridge over Newton Creek, Brooklyn; the concrete-base foundation-block (twelve thousand cubic yards) for the Bartholdi Statue and pedestal; the foundation and masonry substructure for various bridges on the Pennsylvania Railroad; planned and built the Arthur Kill Bridge for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and was one of the syndicate for building the Kansas, Nebraska & Dakota Railroad. In 1887 Mr. Boller was appointed Chief Engineer for building the bridge and approaches over the Thames River at New London, on the Shore Line route to Boston, opened in the fall of 1889 — one of the most difficult engineering works ever undertaken. During this interval he served as expert commissioner for harmonizing the railroad interests centering at Providence, Rhode Island, and planning a joint terminal system for that city. After the completion of this work, as designing and supervising engineer, he built the 155th-Street Viaduct and Central Bridge over the Harlem River with approaches thereto, for the City of New York, involving an expenditure of nearly \$2,000,000, and also the Harlem Ship-Canal Bridge, Kingsbridge road, in which last named work Prof. W. H. Burr was associated with him. Mr. Boller was also consulting engineer for the Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western Railroad, the Cape Cod Ship Canal project, the Sault Ste. Marie Power Development, and various minor enterprises and interests. Consulting engineer to the City of Newark for the track elevators of the Pennsylvania, Jersey Central, and Lackawanna Railroads. He was Chief Engineer of the great four-track railroad and High-bury Bridge between Duluth & West Superior, completed in the summer of 1897; Consulting Engineer to the City of New York on important structural work in the Twenty-third Ward; President and Chief Engineer of New York Connecting Railroad; and in 1901 was Chairman of the Expert Commission for remodelling the Manhattan Terminal at the New York and Brooklyn Bridge, also Consulting Engineer for the Wabash Railroad entrance into Pittsburgh, involving the heaviest bridge work (over the Monongahela and Ohio rivers) ever undertaken in the United States. Mr. Boller is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, the Century Association, New York, and of prominent social clubs. As an

author, he has written a work on bridge building and contributed to the technical papers. He married, April 24, 1864, Catherine Newbold, daughter of William Henry Newbold of Philadelphia. Their children are: Margaretta, William N., Alfred P., Jr., Richard Emlen and Mary Newbold. Mr. Bolter's residence is in East Orange, New Jersey.

CLEEMANN, Ludovic Colquhoun, 1840-

Class of 1859.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; educated in private schools of Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; member Philadelphia Bar.

LUDOVIC COLQUHOUN CLEEMANN, son of Gustavus and Clara (Colquhoun) Cleemann, was born in Philadelphia, February 22, 1840. His father was a native of Livonia, Russia. His mother was born in Petersburg, Virginia. Having acquired his preliminary education at private schools in Philadelphia, he entered in 1856 the Sophomore class in the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated Bachelor of Arts in 1859, subsequently receiving his Master's degree in course. While in College, he was chosen President of the Zelosophic Society. Choosing the legal profession, he pursued the necessary course of study, was admitted to the Bar in 1863, and has since been engaged in active practice in Philadelphia. In 1870 he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and in 1876 to the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. Cleemann is a member of the Philadelphia Club, and in politics is a Democrat. He is unmarried.

EVANS, Horace Young, 1834-

Class of 1858 Med.

Born in Chester county, Pa., 1834; educated at West Chester Academy and Princeton College; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1858; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

HORACE YOUNG EVANS, M.D., was born in Nantmeal, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1834, the son of Jesse and Mary (Young) Evans. He is descended from Welsh ancestors who came from Carnarvonshire in 1717, and his paternal grandfather was a Medical Purveyor in the American Army during the Revolution. He prepared for College at the West Chester Academy in Pennsylvania, and graduated in 1855 at Princeton, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts three years later. In 1858 he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Medical

Department of the University, and after a five-years period of service in various hospitals and dispensaries, and in the United States Army, he entered into private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Evans has been a general practitioner for forty-one years. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and belongs to the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County and Pennsylvania State Medical societies, and is a member of the Sydenham Medical Association. He is a Republican in politics, but has never held public office. Dr. Evans married, in 1863, Anna L. Richards.



HORACE Y. EVANS

In 1885 he was a second time married, to Ida Martin Williams. He has one son: Horace Y. Evans, Jr. He resides in Philadelphia.

WISTER, Francis, 1841-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; educated Germantown Academy; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1860; served as Captain and Colonel of Infantry during the Civil War; mining engineer; engaged in coal mining and shipping.

FRANCIS WISTER, son of William and Sarah Logan (Fisher) Wister, was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, June 2, 1841, of German and English ancestry. After passing through the Ger-

mantown Academy, he entered the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated with the Class of 1860. In 1861, at the beginning of the Civil War, he entered the army as Captain in the Twelfth United States Infantry, and served with the First Battalion, both as second in command and also in full command, until 1864, being brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel in July 1863. In 1864 he was appointed Senior Aid on the staff of Gen. A. A. Humphreys, commanding the Second Corps, Army of the Potomac. In April 1865 he was appointed Colonel of the 215th Regiment Pennsylvania Vol-



FRANCIS WISTER

unteers, and commanded a brigade of which the regiment formed a part until it was mustered out. After the war, Mr. Wister followed the profession of mining engineer, and subsequently engaged in business as a miner and shipper of coal and manufacturer of coke. He is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the United Service Club, Germantown Cricket Club, Philadelphia Country Club and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Wister is the author of a "History of the Twelfth United States Infantry." In January 1880 he married Mary Tiers, daughter of Joseph Tiers of the Class of 1835, University of Pennsylvania. He resides in Philadelphia.

MITCHELL, Samuel Brown Wylie, 1828-1879.

Class of 1852.

Born in Philadelphia, 1828; educated in Philadelphia schools and University of Pennsylvania, graduating A.B. in 1852 and M.D. in 1854; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Surgeon in the army through the Civil War; organized Military Order of the Loyal Legion; while in College founded the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity; died at Spring Hill, Pa., 1879.

SAMUEL BROWN WYLIE MITCHELL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, August 16, 1828, the son of Archibald and Jane Eliza (Matthews) Mitchell. His father was for many years teacher of mathematics in the Grammar School or Academy of the University of Pennsylvania, and was a native of Greencastle, County Tyrone, Ireland. Dr. Mitchell graduated from the Central High School of Philadelphia in 1849 and entered the Sophomore class in the University of Pennsylvania. There he was graduated with the Class of 1852, and having in the meantime matriculated in the Medical Department of the University, completed his medical course and took his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1854. His Master's degree he received in course. In 1854-1855 he officiated as Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Hospital, and he then entered upon private practice, which however he soon abandoned to enter the United States service at the opening of the Civil War. From April to August 1861 he was Surgeon of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania Infantry, and thereafter until 1865 was Surgeon of the Eighth Pennsylvania Cavalry. Subsequently he was Surgeon-in-Chief of the Second Brigade in the Cavalry Division of the Army of the Potomac, and assigned as Surgeon in charge of the Cavalry Corps Hospital at City Point, Virginia. In April 1866 he was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel "for gallant and meritorious services in the field;" and he received from Surgeon-General Barnes the Decoration of the Medical Staff of the United States Army, being the only volunteer surgeon thus honored. In April 1865 Dr. Mitchell founded the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, drafting its constitution, designing its seal and badge, and perfecting its organization. His name appears first on the roll of membership, and he was Recorder of the Pennsylvania Commandery of the order from that time until his death. He was for five years Commander of G. A. R., Post No. 2, from which he was the recipient of a gold-headed cane as a testimonial of the esteem of his comrades on his retirement. He was also prominent in the Masonic

fraternity, and besides his membership in medical societies, was a member of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, the Pennsylvania and the Delaware historical societies and the Penn Club of Philadelphia. For several years he served as President of the Board of School Directors of the Ninth Ward of Philadelphia. In conjunction with his classmate Charles Hare Hutchinson he founded, while in college, the fraternity of Phi Kappa Sigma, organizing the Alpha Chapter on October 19, 1850. In 1887, Alpha Chapter presented to the Trustees of the University a sum of money to found a "Prize established by the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity in honor of its founder, Samuel Brown Wylie Mitchell," the interest of the fund to be given annually to that student of the Sophomore Class of the College who attains the highest average in English composition. This was the first prize ever founded at the University by a fraternity, and its acceptance was the first formal recognition by the University authorities of any fraternity organization. Dr. Mitchell married Ellen Keene, daughter of Jesse Lukens Keene of the United States Navy. He died at Spring Hill, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 16, 1879.

CLEBORNE, Christopher James, 1838-

Class of 1860 Med.

Born in Scotland, 1838; came to Philadelphia in 1857; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1860; member Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences, 1861; Assistant Surgeon U. S. Navy 1861-63, Surgeon 1863-65, Medical Inspector 1878, Fleet Surgeon North Atlantic Squadron, 1879-81, Medical Director 1887; retired with rank of Rear-Admiral, 1899.

CHRISTOPHER JAMES CLEBORNE, M.D., Medical Director and Rear-Admiral on the "retired list" of the United States Navy, was born in Scotland, December 16, 1838. He is the third son of Christopher and Jane (Reily) Cleborne of "Rock Cottage," and first cousin of the late Confederate Major-General Patrick Ronayne Cleburne, a distinguished lawyer of Helena, Arkansas, considered by Generals Robert E. Lee and Hardee the "best soldier in the South," and whose gallantry and stubborn tenacity won him the title of "The Stonewall of the West." Dr. Cleborne is seventh in direct descent from the Royalist Receiver General William Cleborne of "St. John's Manor" in County Wexford and of "Ballycolitan Castle" in the Barony of Lower Omonde, who was the third son of Thomas Cleborne of "Cleborne Hall," Esquire, in county of Westmoreland, England, the elder brother of the re-

doubtable William Claiborne (or Clayborne, or Cleyborne, as he variously wrote his name), who was Secretary of State and Treasurer of the Colony of Virginia for life (1625-1676) under James I, Charles I, and Charles II, also Lieutenant-Governor and Parliamentary Commissioner in 1651 under Bennet and Cromwell. Dr. Cleborne was educated chiefly in the classical and collegiate institutes of Bristol, England, and in 1856 began the study of medicine at Edinburgh under the late Dr. Alexander Scott Hunter. Coming to Philadelphia in 1857, he continued his professional studies



C. J. CLEBORNE

under Drs. J. Cheston Morris and Robert Aiken Given of that city, also under the preceptorships of the late Drs. John H. Packard, Robert B. Bolling and Professor John T. Darby of New York, graduating with honors from the University of Pennsylvania in the notable Medical Class of 1860, with the late eminent Professor of Surgery Dr. John Ashhurst, Jr., Dr. Charles Carroll Lee of New York, and others. Besides physic, Dr. Cleborne paid some attention to civil and common law, biology, pharmaceutical chemistry and the natural sciences, especially to conchological work under the late Isaac Lea, Timothy Conrad, Leidy, and Gabb, assisting them in the classification and rearrangement of the Wilkes Expedition shells, and in 1861 he was

elected a member of the Conchological Society of Philadelphia and of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. After a short term as substitute Resident Physician in the Pennsylvania Hospital at Philadelphia, and Visiting Physician of the Fifth District of Philadelphia, he engaged in private practice in that city, and at the beginning of the Civil War was appointed an Assistant Surgeon in the Navy and immediately ordered to the "Jamestown," a sloop-of-war then fitting out at the League Island Navy Yard. Dr. Cleborne's official record of service in the navy is thus briefly summarized by Hamersley (*vide* "Records of Living Officers of the Navy") :

Commissioned Assistant Surgeon, 9th May, 1861; attached to the U. S. S. "Jamestown," North Atlantic Squadron, 1861-62; participated in the capture and destruction of the blockade-runner "Alvarado," the whole party narrowly escaping capture by a Confederate battery, at Fernandina, Florida, 5th August, 1861; ordered to sloop-of-war "Dale," South Atlantic Squadron, and engaged in expedition to S. Edisto, S. C., in 1862; attached to the gunboat "Aroostook" (Farragut's West Gulf Squadron), and assisted in operations off Mobile Bay, 1863; promoted to Surgeon, with rank of Lieutenant-Commander, 24th November, 1863; ordered to U. S. S. "Ticonderoga," coast of Brazil, 1864; actively engaged in both battles of Fort Fisher, 1865; appointed Judge Advocate of naval Retiring Board, 1865; ordered to flagship "Rhode Island," West India Squadron, 1866, and transferred to medical charge of U. S. S. "Bienville," on the outbreak of yellow fever, 1866; again appointed Judge Advocate of the Naval Retiring Board, at Philadelphia, 1867; ordered to sloop-of-war "Saratoga" 1868-69, and to flagship "Powhatan" 1869; was on medical duty at League Island Navy Yard, 1870; ordered to U. S. Sloops-of-War "Juniata," "Plymouth," "Brooklyn," and "Congress," on European Station, 1871-74; elected member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, 23rd September, 1872, also of the Historical Society of Virginia; Surgeon of Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1875-78; selected as Delegate to American Medical Association, 1876; promoted to Medical Inspector, with rank of Commander, 6th January, 1878; ordered to flagship "Tennessee," as Fleet Surgeon of North Atlantic Squadron, 1879-81; re-ordered to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1881-84, and while there had medical charge of the survivors of the Greeley Arctic Rescue Expedition; member of Naval Examining Board, Philadelphia, 1884-87; appointed one of the Vice-Presidents of the U. S. International Medical Congress, 1887; promoted to Medical Director with rank of Captain, 1887; elected President of Volunteer Medical Association of Philadelphia, 1887; Medical Director of Norfolk Naval Hospital, 1888-91; of Chelsea Naval Hospital, 1891-94; of Norfolk Naval Hospital, 1894-99; Philadelphia Naval Hospital, February to November, 1899. Retired for disability 10th November, 1899.

While in command of the Norfolk Naval Hospital he had medical charge of the wounded Spanish officers and prisoners of Admiral Cervera's defeated fleet, giving great satisfaction to both governments.

Entering the Navy in 1861 (with the assimilated grade of Master), Dr. Cleborne was regularly promoted to the grade of Captain in the Medical Staff in 1887, and in 1899 was retired under the "Personnel Act" of March 1899, which required "all officers of the Navy who had served during the Civil War to be retired, with the rank and three-fourths of the sea-pay of the next higher grade." Dr. Cleborne thus ranks as a Rear Admiral, the grade of Commodore having been abolished. Admiral Cleborne made Philadelphia his home for the greater part of his life, and took great interest in its institutions, especially in the growth and prosperity of the University of Pennsylvania. He has been a liberal contributor to the medical press of the country, and has devised and brought into use a number of improved surgical instruments and appliances. For his inventions he was awarded the John Scott Medal and elected a member of the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia. After retirement was elected member and honorary Vice-President of the Farragut Fleet Veteran Association, of which the hero of Manila, Admiral George Dewey, is the honorary President. Dr. Cleborne married, in 1861, Jane Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late John Burbridge Parker, a prominent merchant of Philadelphia; and has several sons, one of whom is a practicing physician, and another is Assistant Paymaster in the Navy, with the rank of Ensign.

WOLFF, Otto, 1856-

Class of 1876 Law.

Born in Germany, 1856; educated in private and public schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1876; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

OTTO WOLFF, son of Christopher and Katharina (Graef) Wolff, was born in Hamburg, Germany, January 31, 1856, and in September of the same year arrived in Philadelphia where he has since resided. His early education was obtained in private and public schools, and his professional studies were pursued in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the Class of 1876. After admission to the Philadelphia Bar he located for practice in that city. Mr. Wolff married on June 7, 1881, Miss Anna Margareta Sattes. They have four children: Otto, Jr., Anna K., Katharina and Helene Gertrude Wolff.

HUTCHINSON, Pemberton Sydney, 1836-
Class of 1858.

Born in Lisbon, Portugal, 1836; educated in private school and a University of Pennsylvania; engaged in mercantile business in Philadelphia; President Philadelphia Saving Fund Society.

PEMBERTON SYDNEY HUTCHINSON, son of I. Pemberton and Margaretta (Hare) Hutchinson, was born February 15, 1836, at Lisbon, Portugal, while his father was United States Consul at that post. He is descended from Dr. James Hutchinson and Sidney Howell, and on the maternal side from Robert Hare and Margaret Willing.



PEMBERTON S. HUTCHINSON

After receiving his preliminary education at Aaron N. Skinner's School in New Haven, Connecticut, he entered the Freshman class at the University of Pennsylvania in 1854, but left before the completion of his college course to enter upon the mercantile career which he since followed, first as a clerk in a drygoods-commission house, and later in the same line of business for himself. Mr. Hutchinson has long been the President of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, has been a member of the Philadelphia Club since 1866, and belongs to the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution. He was also a member of the University Barge Club. During the Civil War, in 1862, he served as a volunteer in the First Gray Reserves Regiment of

Pennsylvania Militia. His political proclivities are Independent. He married, June 5, 1860, Agnes, daughter of George Mifflin Wharton, a prominent Philadelphia lawyer and University of Pennsylvania graduate, Class of 1823. Their children are S. Pemberton, Sydney E., Cintra, Agnes Wharton and Margaretta Willing Hutchinson.

LEE, Benjamin, 1833-

Class of 1852.

Born in Norwich, Conn., 1833; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1852; graduated New York Medical College, 1856; studied medicine in Europe, 1857-58; practicing physician in New York for seven years, and since 1865 a resident of Philadelphia; army surgeon during Civil War; Secretary Pennsylvania State Board of Health and Vital Statistics since 1885, and Secretary State Quarantine Board since 1893; author of many published writings on medical subjects.

BENJAMIN LEE, M.D., Ph.D., is a native of New England. He was born in Norwich, Connecticut, September 26, 1833, the son of Alfred and Julia (White) Lee. On his father's side he is descended from the Pitt family of England, his great-grandmother having been a niece of the Earl of Chatham. On his mother's side he is a descendant of Judge John Trumbull of Connecticut, the author of "McFingal" and other patriotic poems which aided in inspiring the American colonists in the Revolution. His maternal ancestor in the seventh generation was Elder John White, who came to America in 1632 and was one of the founders of Cambridge, Massachusetts, Hartford, Connecticut and Hadley, Massachusetts. Dr. Lee was prepared for College at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, his father, Right Reverend Alfred Lee, having been the Bishop of Delaware in the Protestant Episcopal Church. Entering the Junior class in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1850, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1852. He began to read medicine in 1852 at Wilmington, Delaware, under Dr. James William Thompson, and in the winter of 1853-1854 attended lectures at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia. He then removed to New York, where he came under the preceptorship of Professor Fordyce Barker. From 1854 until 1856 he was a student at the New York Medical College, receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine from that institution in the latter year. In 1855-1856 he was a Resident Physician to the Colored Home Hospital of New York City, and the following year was Interne to Bellevue Hospital. He visited the hospitals of

Paris, France, in the winter of 1857-1858, and in the following summer took a practical course in obstetrics at Vienna under Dr. Carl R. Braun. Returning to the United States he settled down to the practice of medicine in New York City. In 1859-1860 Dr. Lee was Attending Physician for diseases of women at Demilt Hospital in New York. When the Civil War broke out he helped to organize the Twenty-second Regiment of the New York National Guard, and twice served as surgeon in the service of the United States with that regiment. In 1865 he removed from New York to Philadelphia, where he has continued to reside ever since. His specialties have been orthopedic surgery, nervous affections and mechanical therapeutics. In 1866 he introduced the method of self-suspension in the treatment of spinal diseases. In 1892-1893 he was Professor of Orthopedics in the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine. Since 1885 he has been Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Board of Health and Vital Statistics, and since 1893 has combined with that position the Secretaryship of the State Quarantine Board of Pennsylvania. As Secretary of the Board of Health, Dr. Lee supervised the sanitary and medical service in and about Johnstown after the great flood in 1889. In 1898 he was appointed Health Officer for the city and port of Philadelphia, a position which he held for one year. He was President of the Mutual Aid Association of the Philadelphia County Medical Society in 1878-1881 and 1884-1889, of the American Academy of Medicine in 1884, of the American Orthopedic Association in 1892, and of the Conference of State and Provincial Boards of Health of North America in 1898. He is now President of the American Public Health Association. Among the great number of medical societies to which Dr. Lee belongs it will be possible to name but a few. He is a member of the Sanitary Council of the Mississippi Valley, the Association Internationale pour le Progres de l'Hygiène of Brussels, Belgium, and the Société de l'Hygiène of Paris, France. In 1862 he was the Editor of the American Medical Monthly, and throughout his professional career he has been a frequent contributor to medical periodicals. In 1867 he published a work on "The Treatment of Angular Curvature of the Spine," and in 1885 he translated from the German Albert Reibmayr's treatise on Massage, which appeared in English under the title of "Tracts on Massage." In addition to his degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania, Dr. Lee holds the Master's degree,

conferred upon him by the University in 1855, and the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, which followed upon the completion of the course of the Auxiliary Faculty of Medicine in 1878. Dr. Lee is a member of the Medical Club of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, and the Germantown Cricket Club of Philadelphia. He married, April 5, 1859, Emma Hale, daughter of Norman White of New York. They have four children living, three daughters and one son. He resides in Germantown.

LUDLOW, James Ryley, 1825-1886.

Class of 1843.

Born in Albany, N. Y., 1825; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1843; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1846; Judge Court of Common Pleas, 1857-75; President Judge Court of Common Pleas No. 3, 1875-86; Trustee Jefferson Medical College; LL.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1870; died 1886.

JAMES RYLEY LUDLOW, LL.D., was born in Albany, New York, May 3, 1825, son of Rev. John and Catlyntje (Van Slyck) Ryley. His father, an eminent clergyman and theological Professor, was Provost of the University of Pennsylvania from 1834 to 1853. As a member of the Class of 1843 of the University of Pennsylvania Judge Ludlow received training in academic studies, and after graduation took up the study of law. He was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia in 1846, and after some years of notably successful practice, received the appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. This office he filled with honor from 1857 to 1875, in the latter year by a new provision of the state constitution being elevated to the position of President Judge of Court of Common Pleas Number Three. He continued in able discharge of the judicial duties of that bench up to the time of his death. Judge Ludlow was a man of wide public interest and prominent in various public enterprises of his time, being a Trustee of Jefferson Medical College, and a member of various societies, such as the American Philosophical Society and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He was made a Doctor of Laws by the University of Pennsylvania in 1870, and by Rutgers College in the same year. In association with John M. Collins, University of Pennsylvania 1845, he published "Adams on Equity," 1852. Judge Ludlow married Henrietta, daughter of Jabez Lovett, of New York City. He died in Philadelphia, September 20, 1886.

RANDALL, Samuel Jackson, 1828-1890.

Class of 1846.

Born in Philadelphia, 1828; studied in College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1843; lawyer and statesman; member Philadelphia City Council seven terms; State Senator, Pennsylvania, 1858-59; member Congress, 1863-90; Speaker United States House of Representatives, 1876-81; died 1890.

SAMUEL JACKSON RANDALL, son of Josiah and Ann (Worrell) Randall, was born in Philadelphia, October 10, 1828. His father was a prominent lawyer and Democratic politician in Philadelphia and after a short term of study at the



SAMUEL J. RANDALL

University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1846, Samuel J. Randall followed in his father's career, taking up the study and practice of law and entering local politics. He soon became prominent for native ability in legal discernment and brilliant statesmanship, and at an early age being elected to the Philadelphia City Council, served in that body for seven terms. In 1858 he was elected to the State Senate, and in 1863 was elected to a seat in Congress by the Democratic party of Pennsylvania. From this time until his death he continued to represent his state in the National Congress, the period covering more than a quarter of a century of efficient service, during a portion of which time, 1876 to 1881, he was Speaker of the House of

Representatives. During his Congressional career Mr. Randall served on committees on banking, rules, and elections, and won a distinguished success in his efforts to reduce expenditures by enforcing a system of proportionate reduction in appropriations. He also became nationally prominent through his brilliant speeches against the Force Act of 1871. His Speakership covered the critical Tilden-Hayes election contest, and at this time he was probably more influential than any other individual, next to the President, in averting civil war. Another notable feature of his statesmanship was his conspicuous part, as the leader of the protectionist wing of the Democratic party, in the tariff debates. Mr. Randall married Fanny, daughter of General Aaron Ward of Sing Sing, New York. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, April 13, 1890.

PARKE, John Grubb, 1827-

Class of 1847.

Born in Chester county, Pa., 1827; educated University of Pennsylvania and West Point; graduated West Point, 1849; engaged in engineering work, 1849-61; First Lieutenant in Engineer Corps, United States Army, 1856; Captain, 1861; Brigadier-General, United States Volunteers, 1861; brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel, 1862; Major-General, United States Volunteers, July 1862; served with Sherman and Burnside; had command of Ninth Corps before Petersburg; brevetted Major-General United States Army; commissioned Major of Engineers, June 1864; in charge of surveys and constructions, 1866-87; Lieutenant Colonel of Engineers, 1879; Colonel, 1884; Commandant United States Military Academy, 1887.

JOHAN GRUBB PARKE, son of Francis and Sarah (Gardner) Parke, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, September 22, 1827. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1843 as a Sophomore in the Class of 1847, leaving at the end of one year to enter the United States Military Academy at West Point. After graduating in 1849 he was assigned to duty with the topographical engineers, engaged in surveys of the boundary line between Iowa and Minnesota; on the Little Colorado River; and for a Pacific railroad on the thirty-second parallel. In July 1856 he became First Lieutenant in the topographical engineers, and then became chief astronomer and surveyor in work upon the northwestern boundary between the United States and British America. This work continued until the beginning of the Civil War, when he was promoted to a Captaincy in the Engineer Corps. In November 1861 he was appointed Brigadier-General of Volunteers,

and so served inconspicuously until the beginning of 1862. In that year he accompanied General Burnside's Expedition into North Carolina, and in the resulting engagements performed such brilliant service as to receive the brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel in the United States Army for his conduct in the capture of Fort Macon. General Parke was promoted to the rank of Major-General of Volunteers in July 1862, and served as Chief of Staff in the Ninth Corps during the campaign in Maryland, which included the heavy fighting at South Mountain and at Antietam. In the ensuing pursuit of Lee, General McClellan was relieved as Commander of the Army of the Potomac by General Burnside, and on the Staff of the latter General Parke was retained as Chief, in that capacity being present at the Battle of Fredericksburg. He accompanied the Ninth Corps in its movement into Kentucky, and was in command during the march to Vicksburg. He was next assigned to duty with Sherman's army, and being in command of the left wing during the operations incident to the re-occupation of Jackson, Mississippi, he was again honored by the brevet of Colonel. Engaged at Blue Spring in the defence of Knoxville, Tennessee, he was brevetted Brigadier-General in the regular department, and soon after was given command of one of the divisions of Burnside's Corps, being engaged at the Battle of the Wilderness and in the fighting about Spottsylvania. After a short period of disability through illness he was again placed in command of the Ninth Corps in its operations before Petersburg. Soon after, for meritorious service in repelling the Confederate assault on Fort Stedman, he was brevetted Major-General in the United States Army, and then participated in the pursuit and final defeat of Lee's Army. At the close of the war General Parke received a commission as Major in the Engineer Corps, June 17, 1864, and until 1887 he continued in engineer duty, being engaged in the northwestern boundary survey; the constructor of fortifications in Maryland; and in work at the office of the Chief of Engineers at Washington. During this service he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel of Engineers in 1879, and to that of Colonel in 1884. In June 1887 he became Superintendent of the United States Military Academy at West Point. General Parke is the author of reports in Explorations and Surveys for a Railroad Route from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean; Compilation of Laws of the United States Relating to Public Works for the

Improvement of Rivers and Harbors; and Laws Relating to the Construction of Bridges over Navigable Waters. He married Ellen, daughter of George Blight of Philadelphia. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, December 16, 1900. A nephew and namesake of General Parke, a graduate in Civil Engineering of the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1886, and now a Civil Engineer in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was the first to discover the break in the South Fork dam at the time of the great flood disaster at Johnstown in 1889. It was he who rode through the valley, shouting warnings of the coming peril as he rode, thus saving hundreds of lives that must otherwise have been lost. For this Mr. Parke has been termed the "Paul Revere of South Fork."

SELLERS, Horace Wells, 1857-

Class of 1877.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated under private tutors, in private schools, Eastburn Academy, Philadelphia, and Towne Scientific School, University of Pennsylvania; studied architecture in Philadelphia; employed on work relating to various engineering enterprises; engineer and architect in Philadelphia, 1892 to present time.

HORACE WELLS SELLERS was born in Philadelphia, July 21, 1857, son of Coleman Sellers, D. Sc. (University of Pennsylvania), of Philadelphia, and Cornelia (Wells) Sellers. His paternal American progenitor was Samuel Sellers, of Belper, Derbyshire, England, one of the first settlers of Darby Township, Pennsylvania, in 1682, and whose grandson, John Sellers, was a well-known surveyor in his day, one of the founders of the American Philosophical Society, member of the Colonial Assembly and a State Senator after the adoption of the Federal Constitution. Nathan Sellers, eldest son of John and great-grandfather of Horace W., served in the Revolutionary War as Ensign and was also commissioned to make military surveys. After the close of the war he was commissioned with David Rittenhouse to make surveys for state canals and other public works. He was recalled from military service in 1776 by special Act of the Continental Congress to make paper moulds for Government currency, an undertaking which led to the establishment of a prosperous business in the manufacture of paper-making appliances, in which he was succeeded by his son Coleman, Sr. Horace Sellers is also a great-grandson of Charles Willson Peale, the portrait painter and naturalist, who was a

member of the Pennsylvania Assembly and served as a Captain in the Revolutionary War. His mother is a daughter of the late Horace and Sarah Hewes (Whipple) Wells of Cincinnati, Ohio. His early education was under private instructors and in private schools, and he prepared for College at Eastburn Academy in Philadelphia. Entering the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1873, he pursued the course in Mechanical Engineering and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1877. In the autumn of that year he became a student in the office of Wilson Brothers



HORACE W. SELLERS

& Company, engineers and architects, Philadelphia, being engaged chiefly upon work under Joseph M. Wilson, at that time Engineer of bridges and buildings on the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was subsequently connected with various engineering and railway enterprises, and for a time employed by Wm. Sellers & Co., Incorporated. In 1892 he became associated with his father, Dr. Coleman Sellers, consulting engineer, and Chief Engineer of the Niagara Falls Power Company and subsequently undertook the practice of architecture also, in which he has since been actively engaged. Mr. Sellers is a member of the Franklin Institute; the Pennsylvania Historical Society; the University, Philadelphia Sketch, Merion Cricket and other clubs; and

was one of the founders of the Engineers Club of Philadelphia. He married, November 22, 1899, Cora, daughter of the late Charles Wells of Cincinnati, Ohio. Their children are: Horace Wells, Jr., and Lester Hoadley Sellers.

ROBERTS, Edward, 3rd, 1857-

Class of 1877.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated private schools and University of Pennsylvania; entered business pursuits in Philadelphia; now Secretary and Treasurer of several corporations.

EDWARD ROBERTS, 3D, was born in Philadelphia, August 29, 1857, son of Edward, Jr., and Martha Price (Evans) Roberts. He is a descendant of John Roberts of Bala, Wales, who established his home, Pencoyd, near Philadelphia, in 1683, and which is still the family-seat occupied by his descendants. His early education was acquired in Philadelphia private schools and he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1877, but relinquished his studies during his Sophomore year. Turning his attention to business pursuits, he became associated with certain Philadelphia corporations, of which he is now Secretary and Treasurer. He is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity of the University, and also of several clubs, including the Philadelphia, Saint Anthony's, "State in Schuylkill," Rabbit, Radnor Hunt, Merion Cricket and the College Barge clubs.

ROWLAND, William Lee, 1855-

Class of 1878.

Born in Springfield, Mass., 1855; educated Springfield High School, Massachusetts Institute of Technology and University of Pennsylvania; Assistant in Chemistry 1878-80; Expert Special Agent for Chemical Industry, Tenth United States Census, 1880-81; chemist for Henry Bower & Son, Philadelphia, 1881-87; Superintendent and Chemist of the Ammonia Company of Philadelphia, 1887-1902; first President Priestley Club of the University.

WILLIAM LEE ROWLAND was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, December 19, 1855, son of Levi Perkins and Eunice Hall (Lee) Rowland. He is a descendant in the seventh generation of Henry Rowland of Fairfield, Connecticut (1649), through Joseph, Henry, Rev. David S., Edmund and Levi Perkins Rowland. His original American ancestor on the maternal side was Thomas Lee, who settled in Connecticut in 1641, and from Thomas the line of descent is Thomas, John, John,

Rev. Andrew, William and Eunice Hall Lec. After completing his attendance at the Springfield High School he studied for a year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, from which he entered the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated a Bachelor of Science in 1878. From the latter year to 1880 he was Assistant in Chemistry at the University, and in 1880-1881 he was Expert Special Agent for Chemical Industry of the Tenth United States Census. From 1881 to 1887 he was chemist at the establishment of Henry Bower & Son, and from the latter year to



W. L. ROWLAND

the present time he has been Superintendent of the Ammonia Company of Philadelphia, also acting in the capacity of chemist. He was first President of the Priestley Club of the University of Pennsylvania, and is a member of the Alumni Society and the Houston Club of the University, the Society of Chemical Industry of Great Britain, the American Chemical Society and the American Gas Light Association, also the Union League and the Orpheus clubs of Philadelphia. He was married in San Francisco, California, January 30, 1883, to Clario Hobart. Their children are: Ruth, born January 13, 1892; Edmund, born September 9, 1897; and Hobart Rowland, born December 12, 1898. Mr. Rowland resides in Philadelphia.

WESTCOTT, Thompson Seiser, 1862-

Class of 1882 Arts, 1886 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; educated at Friends' School, Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1882; taught Latin and Greek in Rugby Academy, 1882-84; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Instructor in Diseases of Children, University of Pennsylvania, 1896 to date; Treasurer Pathological Society, Philadelphia, since 1891; elected President Philadelphia Pediatric Society, 1900; Assistant Editor "American Textbook of Diseases of Children," and author of monographs and articles on medical subjects; specialist in diseases of children.

THOMPSON SEISER WESTCOTT, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 11, 1862. He is a son of Thompson Westcott, a lawyer and journalist, for thirty-five years Editor of the Sunday Dispatch, the first Sunday newspaper published in Philadelphia, and the author of several well-known volumes, including "The History of Philadelphia," "Life of John Fitch" and "Historic Mansions of Philadelphia." Charles Westcott, father of Thompson Westcott, was the son of Lewis Westcott of Bridgeton, New Jersey, to which place the family had come from England. Dr. Westcott's mother was Mary Seiser, daughter of John von Seiser and Julianna Pleis, who were born in Hesse, Germany. His early education was entirely acquired at the Friends' School at Fifteenth and Race Streets in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in June 1877. In the autumn of 1878 he matriculated in the College at the University of Pennsylvania and graduated therefrom June 15, 1882, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, ranking first in his class, and delivering the Latin Salutatory at the Annual Commencement. While in College he was Moderator of the Philomathean Society, Editor of the "University Magazine," Editor of the "Record of the Class of 1882," and one of the founders and editors of "Chaff," the first illustrated humorous periodical published by students of the University. For two years after graduation, from September 1882 to June 1884, he taught Latin and Greek in Rugby Academy in Philadelphia. In the meantime, in October 1883, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1886. From October 1886 to January 1888 he was Resident Physician at the University Hospital, and from January 1888 until October 1889 he held the same post at the Pennsylvania Hospital. After this unusually thorough hospital training, in which much valuable experience was gained, Dr. Westcott began private practice in 1889, and he has continued in

his profession in Philadelphia ever since, making a specialty of diseases of children. Since 1896 he has been Instructor of Diseases of Children in the University of Pennsylvania. He has been Assistant Physician in the Children's Hospital in Philadelphia from 1895, and Visiting Physician to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of the same city since 1894. Dr. Westcott has written extensively on medical subjects. He was Assistant Editor of the "American Textbook of Diseases of Children," edited by Louis Starr, M.D., of Philadelphia, to which he contributed articles on "Modified Milk and



THOMPSON S. WESTCOTT

Percentage Milk Mixtures," "Raynaud's Disease," "Vaccinia and Vaccination," etc.; is the author of a monograph on "The Scientific Modification of Milk," published in the *International Clinics* in October 1900, which is regarded as an authoritative exposition of the subject; and has contributed various articles to medical magazines. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and a member of the Philadelphia County Medical and the American Pediatric societies. Since 1891 he has been Treasurer of the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, and in 1900 he was elected President of the Philadelphia Pediatric Society. Since 1895 he has been Secretary of the Medical Staff of the Methodist Hospital. Dr. Westcott belongs also

to the Phi Kappa Psi and the Phi Beta Kappa fraternities. He married, October 11, 1893, Marie Louise Repplier, eldest daughter of George Rees Repplier of Philadelphia, by whom he has three daughters: Eleanor Curtis, Frances Fairchild and Constance Westcott. His home is in Philadelphia.

SAVAGE, George Read, 1858-

Class of 1880.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; entered Department of Arts, University of Pennsylvania, 1876, and left at end of Junior year; graduated Divinity School of Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, 1884; ordained a Priest, 1885; Curate in Annapolis, Md., 1884-88; Curate Troy, N. Y., 1888, and Williamsport, Pa., 1888-89; Rector in Philadelphia, since 1890.

GEORGE READ SAVAGE comes of an old and well known Virginia family. His father, also George Read Savage, was born in that State but while a young man established his home in Philadelphia. His mother, Mary Anne (Stewart) Savage, is a great-grandchild of John Chubb of Taunton, Somersetshire, England, who was a personal friend of John Wesley and a noted member of the Methodist society. He was born in Philadelphia, December 20, 1858. His early education was received at the old Pine Street Friends' Select School for Boys where he was fitted for the Course in Arts at the University of Pennsylvania. He entered the College in the fall of 1876, with the Class of 1880, in whose affairs as an undergraduate he took a prominent part. In his Sophomore year he was Cremation Poet; on Junior Day, May 3, 1878, he was a member of the Sophomore Mock programme Committee; in 1879 he was Secretary of the University Chess Club; in the years 1878-1879 and 1879-1880 he was Assistant Manager of the University Dramatic Club; and in 1878 he was elected Treasurer of the Philomathean Society. At the end of his Junior year he left College to enter the Divinity School of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1884. On June 11 of that year the Feast of S. Barnabas, he was made a Deacon in the Church, and on S. Barnabas Day 1885 he was ordained a Priest, by the Right Reverend William Bacon Stevens, D.D., LL.D., Bishop of Pennsylvania in S. James Church in Philadelphia. From 1884 to 1888 Mr. Savage was Curate of S. Anne Parish in Annapolis, Maryland, and in 1888 he became the Curate of S. Paul's at Troy, New York. He remained there for a short time and later in the

same year was appointed Curate of Christ Church in Williamsport, Pennsylvania, where he continued to officiate through 1889, when he was made the Rector of the Parish of the Beloved Disciple in



GEORGE R. SAVAGE

Philadelphia, and has had the care of this parish to the present date. From 1885 to 1888 Mr. Savage was Secretary and Treasurer of the Convocation of Annapolis. While residing in that city he founded and was the first President (1886-1888) of the Severn Boat Club. In 1887-1888 he was Chaplain of Annapolis Masonic Lodge and of Mount Vernon Chapter of Royal Arch Masons. He has held various offices in the Church, and was a member of the Diocese of Pennsylvania's Committee on Charters at the conventions of 1899, 1900 and 1901. Mr. Savage is a member of the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and was President of the Alumni Society of the Class of 1880 for three successive terms, from 1894 to 1897. On June 5, 1901, he was elected President of the Associate Alumni of the Protestant Episcopal Divinity School in Philadelphia. He is a member of the University Club of Philadelphia, and holds honorary membership in the Anne Arundel Historical society of Maryland and the Severn Boat Club of Annapolis. He married in Annapolis, January 15, 1896, Sophia, daughter of

Dr. Abram Claude; their children are: George Claude Savage, born March 4, 1897, and John William Savage (now deceased), born July 6, 1898. Occasional verses and some bits of prose have found their way into print from Mr. Savage's pen.

PRICE, Eli Kirk, 1860-

Class of 1881 Arts, 1883 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania 1881, LL.B. 1883; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ELI KIRK PRICE is a son of John Sergeant and Sarah Anna (Baker) Price, and a grandson of Eli Kirk Price, LL.D., who was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania for many years and also President of the University Hospital. He is the seventh in descent from Philip Price, who emigrated from Wales in 1682 and settled on a large tract of land at Haverford, near Philadelphia, in what was known as the "Welsh Tract," which was taken up by a number of Welsh families who followed William Penn to Pennsylvania. He was



Eli Kirk Price

prepared for College at Rugby Academy in Philadelphia. Entering the Department of Arts at the University with the Class of 1881, he was graduated in that year with the Bachelor of Arts degree. He

then became a student at law in the offices of John Sergeant Price, his father, and Eli K. Price his grandfather, and at the same time took the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1883. On June 23, 1883, he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and he has been in active practice in that city ever since. While an undergraduate in College Mr. Price was a member of the Philomathean society. He is an officer and member of various charitable and other corporations, belonging to the historical society of Pennsylvania, the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the American Academy of Political and Social Science. He is also a member of the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. His social affiliations include the Rittenhouse, the Philadelphia Country and the Corinthian Yacht clubs. He was formerly a member of the University Club of Philadelphia. Mr. Price married, January 14, 1896, Evelyn, daughter of Brevet-Colonel Joseph Hancock Taylor, U.S.A., deceased, and Mary Montgomery (Meigs) Taylor; they have three children, Philip, Rachel and Evelyn Price. Their home is in Philadelphia.

SEISS, Ralph William, 1861-

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1883; Instructor in Pathology, Philadelphia Polyclinic, 1886; Lecturer on Pathology, Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, 1888; Professor of Otolaryngology, Philadelphia Polyclinic, 1894; author of many articles on medical and biological subjects.

RALPH WILLIAM SEISS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 8, 1861. He is a son of Rev. Joseph A. Seiss, D.D., LL.D., and his wife Elizabeth Susan Barnitz. The first American representatives of the Seiss family emigrated to this country in 1749, coming from the neighborhood of Strashurg in Alsace, now in Germany, but at that time a part of France. Dr. Seiss attended the George Eastburn School in Philadelphia, and in 1879 matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1883. He was immediately appointed a Clinical Assistant at the Philadelphia Polyclinic. In 1886 he was elected Instructor in Pathology, and in 1894 Professor of Otolaryngology, in that

institution. He became Lecturer on Pathology in the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania in 1888, and since 1897 has been Consulting Laryngologist to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. Dr. Seiss has for years been a most acute observer and investigator in several important branches of science, and is an industrious writer for scientific journals. He is a member of a large number of scientific bodies, and is the author of no less than fifty articles on medical topics, and upwards of one hundred on biological subjects. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadel-



RALPH W. SEISS

phia, and belongs to the Philadelphia County and the Pennsylvania State medical societies, the American Medical Association, the American Otological Society, and the American Otological, Rhinological and Laryngological Society. He is also a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences and the Pennsylvania Historical Society. His social and athletic clubs include the Philadelphia Country Club, the Philadelphia Rifle Association and other organizations. In November 1887 Dr. Seiss married Miss Virginia Taylor.

SCHANTZ, William Stahler, 1864-

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Hosensack, Pa., 1864; academic training at Perkiomen Seminary and Muhlenberg College; gradu-

ated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; physician in Dublin, Bucks county, Pa., 1890-97; since 1897 a practitioner in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM STAHLER SCHANTZ, M.D., was born in Hosensack, Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, September 1, 1864, son of Solomon Tilghman and Sarah Reinhard (Stahler) Schantz. The Schantz family settled in Upper and Lower Milford townships in Lehigh county in the eighteenth century. The great-great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, John Schantz, bought some three hundred acres of land in that section in 1765,



W. S. SCHANTZ

and his descendants located in the same neighborhood, where they have resided ever since. His mother's father was Lorens Stahler, who married Magdalena Reinhard and who for thirty-five years was a justice of the peace and a surveyor. After attending the public schools near his home, Dr. Schantz was sent to Perkiomen Seminary, from which he passed to Muhlenberg College to complete his training in the academic branches. In 1880 and 1881 he taught in schools of Lehigh county, Pennsylvania. Choosing the profession of a physician, he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated therefrom May 1, 1888. In February 1890 he commenced the practice of medicine at

Dublin, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he established a large and lucrative practice. In November 1897 he removed to Philadelphia, and has successfully followed his profession in that city ever since. Dr. Schantz is a Medical Inspector of Schools of Philadelphia, and is a member of the Odd Fellows, the Red Men and the Patriotic Sons of America. He belongs also to the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, the Medical Alumni Society of the University and the Society of the Medical Alumni of the University residing in Philadelphia. On February 13, 1890, he married Emma Rebecca Krauss, by whom he has one daughter and three sons.

TWIBILL, Thomas Preston, 1858-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; graduated La Salle College 1879, and Crittenden's Business College 1880; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; practitioner and real-estate expert in Philadelphia; Treasurer Parnell Fund for Ireland's Relief, 1883.

THOMAS PRESTON TWIBILL was born in Philadelphia, April 27, 1858. He is a son of Captain George A. Twibill, whose father of the same name came to this country in 1820 from Belfast, Ireland, and settled in Philadelphia. Before the emigration his family owned large tracts of land in Armagh, adjoining Lord Middleton's estates. The family originally emanated from France, having passed over the Channel about the time of the first Napoleon. Thomas Preston Twibill attended various schools in Philadelphia. He received a Commercial diploma from La Salle College in Philadelphia in 1879, and after completing a course in Crittenden's Business College in the same city obtained its diploma in 1880. Matriculating in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated as a Bachelor of Laws in 1881. He was at once admitted to the Bar, and was associated in practice for some time with William Gorman and E. Coppée Mitchell, the latter being at an earlier period the Dean of the University Law School. Mr. Twibill's practice has been largely confined to the Orphan's Court and to real estate cases. He is regarded as an expert in real estate matters, and is frequently called into consultation with the railroads and other wealthy litigants. He has varied his professional life with extensive real estate operations on personal account. He developed large tracts of land in the southern section of Philadelphia, consisting of over 100

acres known as "Renwood" and "Columbus Park," extending from Broad to 18th Street and Tasker to Passyunk Ave. and in later part of '90 he developed what was known as "Rosewood Park" at



THOMAS P. TWIBILL

13th and Dauphin and also the beautiful building operation opposite Strawberry Mansion at 33rd and York Streets. His largest operation is known as Weirwood Park near Radnor Station, Penna. R.R. about twelve miles from Philadelphia. In 1895 he was elected president of the Owosso & Corunna Railroad, near Detroit, Michigan. Mr. Twibill is an active friend of Ireland's cause in America. In 1883 he was Treasurer in Philadelphia for the Parnell Fund for Irish relief. He is a member of the Pen and Pencil Club and the Catholic Club of Philadelphia, the Catholic Club of New York and the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of Philadelphia. He also belongs to the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, and is a life member of the Philopatrian Literary Institute of Philadelphia. He married, in 1887, Irene Marie Lynch of New York City, and has one daughter, Irene Lynch Twibill. Mr. Twibill resides in Philadelphia.

HORWITZ, George Quintard, 1868-

Class of 1886 Arts, 1888 Law.

Born in Washington, D. C., 1868; graduated Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, 1882; A.B. University of

Pennsylvania 1886, LL.B. 1888; while in College member of staff of Philadelphia Press; active in College athletics; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1888; counsel for railways and corporations.

GEORGE QUINTARD HORWITZ was born in Washington, District of Columbia, February 3, 1868. He is the son of P. J. Horwitz, Medical Director in the United States Navy, who was Surgeon-General of the Navy from 1864 to 1868. His mother, who prior to her marriage was Caroline Norris, is a descendant of one of the first Councillors of Pennsylvania, Isaac Norris, and also of the first Governor of the colony, Thomas Lloyd. Mr. Horwitz was prepared for College at Rugby Academy in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1882, in which year he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania when only a few months past fourteen years of age. He was graduated Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1886 when but eighteen years old, and at twenty, in 1888, from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. While in College and while studying law



GEORGE QUINTARD HORWITZ

he worked upon the staff of the Philadelphia Press, and during his undergraduate days and since he has been actively identified with the athletic management at the University. In addition to the

training which he received in the University Law School, Mr. Horwitz enjoyed the instruction of E. Coppeé Mitchell, Esq., and Samuel Wakeling, Esq., in whose offices he was a student. After his graduation in 1888 he entered the office of Samuel Wakeling, and in December of that year was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. In 1890 he became an assistant to, and in 1892 a partner of, Hon. William W. Porter, one of the present Judges of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania. This connection continued until 1896, when Judge Porter took his seat upon the Bench. Since that date Mr. Horwitz has practiced alone, and now enjoys a large corporation and railroad practice. He is counsel for a number of street-railways in and around Philadelphia. In this capacity he was engaged in several suits which determined novel points under the new railway laws in Pennsylvania. He is the Counsel for the Nessaming Elevated Railway Company, which was the first corporation to proceed to condemn and operate under the new elevated railway law, enacted in 1901. Mr. Horwitz was admitted to practice at the Bar of the Supreme Court in 1890. He was a member of the Philomathean Society at the University, and belongs to the Delta Phi Fraternity. He is connected with a number of social clubs, and is the Secretary of the Markham Club of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the General Alumni Society and the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Horwitz is a Republican in politics, but has never held public office. He married, May 23, 1901, Marian Newhall, daughter of Daniel S. and Eleanor (Moss) Newhall.

the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania, where he remained for two years, and then entered the Law Department of the University. He had been engaged for a short time in newspaper work, and for a few months was connected with a mercantile house, but his fondness for the legal profession asserted itself, and after a full course in the Law School he was graduated Bachelor of Laws in 1899 and was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia county. While in the University Mr. Atkin was reckoned an excellent oar. He was a member of his class crew for five years, from 1896 to 1900



J. F. B. ATKIN

ATKIN, John Forman Bodine, 1876-

Class of 1898 Arts, 1899 Law.

Born in Atlantic City, N. J., 1876; A.B. Philadelphia High School, 1895; student in College Department University of Pennsylvania with Class of 1898; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1899; prominent in aquatics and athletics at the University; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Editor American Law Register, 1898-99.

JOHAN FORMAN BODINE ATKIN was born in Atlantic City, New Jersey, in 1876, the eldest son of Hercules and Emma A. (Bodine) Atkin. His early education was received in the public schools of Philadelphia. He was graduated Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in 1895, and subsequently matriculated with the Class of 1898 in

inclusive, being the Captain for the last three years. In 1896 and 1897 he was a member of the College Crew, and in 1898, 1899 and 1900 he rowed in the "Varsity" crews. He was Naval Delegate from the University of Pennsylvania in 1900-1901, and was prominent in other branches of athletics while connected with the University. For five years he was a member of his class foot-ball teams both in the College and Law School. He is a member of the West Philadelphia Boat Club and the College Boat Club still maintaining an active interest in aquatics. In 1898-1899 Mr. Atkin was Editor of the American Law Register. He resides in Philadelphia, where he is engaged in the practice of his profession.

ARUNDEL, George Weed, 1831-

Class of 1850.

Born in Philadelphia, 1831; educated mainly in private schools of Philadelphia, and at the University of Pennsylvania; studied law, and admitted to Bar in 1851; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

GEORGE WEED ARUNDEL was born in Philadelphia, February 22, 1831, son of Robert James and Eliza (Weed) Arundel. He is of English descent. His American ancestors on the paternal side were very much interested and engaged in the early wars of this country, and his mother was a granddaughter of General George



GEO. W. ARUNDEL

Brooke, Commander of the Continental Army in Pennsylvania during the Revolution. The early education of George Weed Arundel was begun in the Primary School of the University of Pennsylvania, and continued for eight years in private schools of Philadelphia. Thence he entered the University of Pennsylvania, Department of Arts, in 1846, but left in Freshman year to devote his time more fully to the study of law, which he pursued in the office of his father, a prominent lawyer of Philadelphia. Admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in April 1851, he has ever since practiced his profession in his native city, where he has for many years been prominent in the Lawyers' Club and very active in Democratic politics. Mr. Arundel married,

September 15, 1870, Marie Augusta, daughter of Augustus Moulin of Philadelphia, and has had three children, George first, George second and George third, all now deceased. His wife died in July 1899. He resides in the Philadelphia suburb of Tioga.

DUNGLISON, Richard James, 1834-1901.

Class of 1852.

Born in Baltimore, Md., 1834; educated in Philadelphia schools and University of Pennsylvania; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1856; physician in Philadelphia, but after a few years relinquished practice for literary work; member and officer of many medical societies; President Musical Fund Society of Philadelphia; author of various medical works and editor "Dunclison's Medical Dictionary;" died in Philadelphia, 1901.

RICHARD JAMES DUNGLISON, M.D., LL.D., was born in Baltimore, Maryland, November 13, 1834, son of Dr. Robley Dunclison, Professor in Jefferson Medical College, and Harriette (Leadam) Dunclison. From the Philadelphia Central High School he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1848, and was graduated with the Class of 1852. He then studied for the medical profession, took his Doctor of Medicine degree at Jefferson Medical College in 1856, and engaged in practice in Philadelphia. During the Civil War he was in the service of the Government as Acting Assistant Surgeon from 1862 to 1865, on duty chiefly at the United States Army hospitals in Philadelphia. For many years he was Physician to the Albion Society of Philadelphia, the Burd Orphan Asylum, and the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. He was Secretary, then Treasurer and later Vice-President of the American Academy of Medicine; was Assistant Secretary and subsequently Treasurer of the American Medical Association; Corresponding Secretary of the State Medical Society; first Treasurer and for many years a Director of the Mutual Aid Association of the County Medical Society; and a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, from which in 1880 he was a delegate to the National Decennial Convention for the Revision of the United States Pharmacopœia. Dr. Dunclison served as Assistant Secretary of the International Medical Congress of 1876, and as Secretary of the Centennial Medical Commission in that year; also as Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Ninth International Medical Congress at Washington in 1887, and Chairman of the Finance Committee of that Con-

gress, through whose active exertions and direct appeals to national, state and local medical organizations, as well as to individuals, ample funds were collected for its purpose. Dr. Dunglison early gave up the active practice of his profession for literary work. He was one of the original editors of the Philadelphia Medical Times, and for several years edited the College and Clinical Record. Besides publishing a number of medical treatises which became widely known, he was the author of a popular "Practitioner's Reference Book," and the editor of "Dunglison's History of Medicine" and "Dunglison's Medical Dictionary." He was for a long period Honorary Secretary of the New Sydenham Society of London; was for more than a quarter of a century the honored President of the Musical Fund Society of Philadelphia, of which his distinguished father was for a long time President; and was the Corresponding Secretary of the Jefferson Medical College Alumni Association from the date of its organization until his death. Dr. Dunglison married, August 23, 1877, Violette Fisher, daughter of Timothy Drake. He died in Philadelphia, March 4, 1901.

HODGE, John Aspinwall, 1831-1901.

Class of 1851.

Born in Philadelphia, 1831; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1851, and Princeton Theological Seminary, 1856; Presbyterian Clergyman; Pastor at Mauch Chunk, Pa., 1857-65; and Hartford, Conn., 1866-92; Professor Lincoln University, Oxford, Pa., 1893-1901; died 1901.

JOHAN ASPINWALL HODGE, D.D., second son of Hugh L. Hodge, M.D., LL.D., Professor of Obstetrics in the University of Pennsylvania, and Margaret Elizabeth Aspinwall of New York, was born in Philadelphia, August 12, 1831. He was educated, under the Rev. Samuel Wylie Crawford, D.D., in the Academy of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated from the Collegiate Department of the same institution in 1851. After enjoying the advantages of European travel he entered upon the study of theology, and was graduated from the Theological Seminary of the Presbyterian Church at Princeton, New Jersey, in 1856. In December of the same year he took charge of the Presbyterian Church of Mauch Chunk, Pennsylvania. By his exertions the church building was completed and dedicated, and he was ordained and installed Pastor by the Presbytery of Luzerne, April 22, 1857. In January 1866 he was called to

the First Presbyterian Church of Hartford, Connecticut, and was installed Pastor by the then Presbytery of Connecticut in May in the same year. He was happily instrumental in securing the removal of the church to a better location, and in the erection of a new and beautiful edifice. After a pastorate of over twenty-six years he resigned, October 5, 1892, and was made Pastor Emeritus. In February 1893 he was appointed to teach in Lincoln University, Oxford, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and was made Professor of Instruction in the English Version of the Bible in April of the same year; a position



J. ASPINWALL HODGE

which he held until his death. Dr. Hodge's summer residence is at Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island, and it was largely through his efforts that the Presbyterian Church at that place was erected. He was married, May 14, 1857, to Lottie G., second daughter of Richard C. Morse, and niece of Samuel Finley Breese Morse. Four of their five sons are living. One is a lawyer in New York City. The others are in the Presbyterian ministry in Erie, Pennsylvania; in the City of New York; and in Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania. Dr. Hodge has published the following books: "The Theology of the Shorter Catechism," Part II; "Recognition after Death;" "The Ruling Elder at Work;" and "What is Presbyterian Law?" The last work is used as a text-book in a number

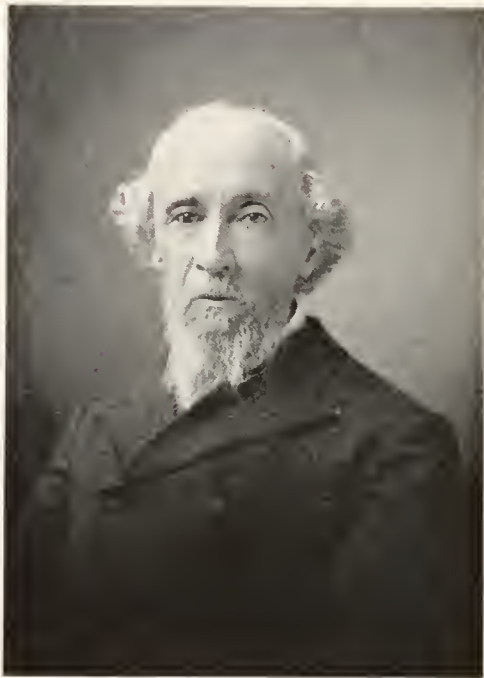
of theological seminaries, and has passed through several editions. He died at Lincoln University, Chester county, Pennsylvania, on the twenty-third of June, 1901.

ELWYN, Alfred Langdon, 1832-

Class of 1852.

Born in Philadelphia, 1832; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1812; studied at Fairfax Theological Seminary; minister of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

ALFRID LANGDON ELWYN, clergyman, was born in Philadelphia, December 24, 1832, the son of Alfred William Langdon and Mary



ALFRID LANGDON ELWYN

Middleton (Mease) Elwyn. He was prepared for College at the Classical Institute of Rev. John W. Faies, from which he passed to the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1852. Having decided upon a career in the church, Mr. Elwyn pursued his studies at the Theological Seminary in Fairfax county, Virginia. He completed his course in 1856 and at once became assistant minister of the Protestant Episcopal Church, his first charge being at the Church of the Mediator in Philadelphia. Later charges were at St. John's Church in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and the Italian Mission of L'Emmanuello. Mr. Elwyn's present home is in

Philadelphia. He has served as Secretary of the Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Promotion of Evangelical Knowledge, also of the American Church Missionary Society of his denomination, and is a member of the Philomathean Society at the University of Pennsylvania, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and the Sons of the Revolution in Pennsylvania and New Hampshire. He married, April 13, 1864, Helen Maria, daughter of Rev. Herman Dyer, D.D., by whom he has five children: Frances Cadwalader, Helen Mary, Thomas Langdon, Emily Mease and Elisabeth Langdon.

McCLELLAN, Ely, 1834-1893.

Class of 1854.

Born in Philadelphia, 1834; educated at University of Pennsylvania, Williams College, and Jefferson Medical College; Surgeon in United States Army, 1861-93; author of works on medical and sanitary subjects; died in Chicago, 1893.

ELY McCLELLAN, M.D., son of Dr. Samuel and Margaret Carswell (Ely) McClellan, was born in Philadelphia, August 3, 1834. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1850, but left at the close of Freshman year, and spent the next two years at Williams College. Graduating at Jefferson Medical College in 1856, he practiced medicine in Philadelphia until 1861, when he entered the United States army as surgeon, and continued in the service until his death in 1893. Beginning as First Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in 1861, he rose successively to Captain and Assistant-Surgeon in 1866, Major and Surgeon 1876, and Lieutenant-Colonel and Deputy-Surgeon-General in 1891. His published writings include "Obstetrical Procedures among the Aborigines of North America;" "Treatment of Diseases of the Respiratory Organs by Aboriginal Medications," "Common Carriers, or the Porters of Disease;" "History of the Cholera Epidemic of 1873 in the United States;" "The Relation of Health Board and Other Sanitary Organizations with Civic Authorities," and other works on medical subjects. Dr. McClellan married Emily Hopkins, daughter of Joshua Tevis of Philadelphia. He died in Chicago, Illinois, May 8, 1893.

CROWELL, Elisha, 1828-

Class of 1851 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1828; educated at private school and Princeton University; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1851; Resident Physician Blockley Hospital, 1851-53; Visiting Surgeon Satterlee (U. S.

Gov't) Hospital, Philadelphia, during Civil War; engaged in drafting men for United States Army, 1862-64; practicing physician in West Philadelphia.

ELISHA CROWELL, M.D., son of James and Mary (Gardner) Crowell, was born in Philadelphia, November 10, 1828. He is of English ancestry, and his father was a well-known educator of Philadelphia in his day. Having prepared for College at a private school under the direction of his father, he entered Princeton College, where he pursued a three-years course in the Literary Department, and he then became a student in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1851. For over fifty years Dr. Crowell has been engaged in the practice of his profession in West Philadelphia. From 1851 to 1853 he was Resident Physician at the Blockley Hospital in Philadelphia, and during the Civil War was Visiting Surgeon to the Satterlee (United States Government) Hospital in that city. He was also at that time employed by the federal government in drafting recruits for the army, and devoted much of his time to that work. In politics Dr. Crowell is a Republican. He was married, October 5, 1863, to Marie Louise Babcock, daughter of Major Babcock, a distinguished officer in the War of 1812. They have five children: Elizabeth Eyre, Mary Gardner, Katharine Babcock, Samuel Babcock and James Gardner Crowell.

HASELTINE, William Stanley, 1835-1900.

Class of 1853.

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; collegiate training at University of Pennsylvania and at Harvard; studied art in New York, Dusseldorf and Rome; artist and member National Academy; resides in Rome, Italy; and died there in 1900.

WILLIAM STANLEY HASELTINE, artist, was born in Philadelphia, June 11, 1835, son of John and Elizabeth Stanley (Shinn) Haseltine. He entered the Sophomore Class of the University of Pennsylvania in 1850, but left at the close of the Junior year and went to Harvard, graduating there in 1854 and receiving his Master's degree in 1858. He studied art first in his native city under Weber, then in New York and afterwards in Dusseldorf and in Rome, where he for many years resided. Among his most admired works are "Indian Rock, Nahant;" "Castle Rock, Nahant;" a "Calm Sea, Mentone;" "Bay of Naples," "Ischia," "Spezia," "Ostia," "Venice," "Pontiac Marshes," "Ruins of a Roman Theatre, Sicily," and the "National Arch

at Capri." Mr. Haseltine was made a member of the National Academy in 1861. He married, first, Helen, daughter of Josiah Lane of New York City; and second, Helen Wykoff, daughter of Charles Marshall of New York. He died February 3, 1900, at Rome, Italy, his funeral being attended by nearly a thousand people, embracing all the artists, the American Colony and many members of the



WM. S. HASELTINE

nobility. He is a brother of James Henry Haseltine, the sculptor, and of Charles Field Haseltine (University of Pennsylvania Class of 1859), proprietor of the Haseltine Art Galleries in Philadelphia.

KNOX, William Franciss, 1831-

Class of 1854 Med.

Born in Connellsville, Pa., 1831; attended Allegheny College, 1850-51; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1854; practicing physician McKeesport, Pa., since 1855; member International Medical Congress at Berlin, 1890; member Pan-American Medical Congress at Washington, 1893; Consulting Physician, McKeesport Hospital.

WILLIAM FRANCISS KNOX, A.M., M.D., was born at Connellsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1831, son of David Smith and Sarah B. (Franciss) Knox. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry. His paternal grandfather, Rev. William

Knox, a native of Tyrone, Ireland, emigrated to America in 1797, and was received into the Baltimore conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1800. His maternal grandfather, Dr. James Francis, a physician, was a native of the North of Ireland and served in the American Army in the Revolution. David S. Knox, the father of William F., was a native of Connellsville, Pennsylvania. A printer by trade, he early in life followed teaching, mercantile and manufacturing pursuits. For thirty-six years he was engaged in the banking business, being an officer in the Monongahela Bank of Browns-



W. F. KNOX

ville, Pennsylvania, after the civil war organized into a national bank. This bank was one of the few in Pennsylvania which did not suspend during the Civil War. Another son of David S. Knox, a brother of the subject of this sketch, is Hon. Philander C. Knox, the present Attorney-General of the United States. William Francis Knox received his early education at private and public schools in Brownsville, Pennsylvania. For a time, 1850 to 1851, he attended Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania, but did not graduate. This College recently honored him with the degree of Master of Arts. In 1852 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1854. He at once began the practice of

his profession in Snowdon Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and in 1855 located in McKeesport, where he has been engaged in active practice ever since. Dr. Knox was one of the organizing members of the Allegheny County Medical Society, having been for a term its President. He was a delegate to the International Medical Congress at Berlin in 1890, and a member of the Pan-American Medical Congress at Washington in 1893. He belongs to the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the American Public Health Association. For more than fifty-two years he has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which for forty years he has held the office of steward. He has long been a Director and for some years Vice-President of the McKeesport Gas Company. Dr. Knox has been twice married: first to Elizabeth Kiddoo, daughter of Thomas Kiddoo of Snowdon Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania; and second to Mary Paull, daughter of Col. William L. and Jane Torrence Miller of Port Perry, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He had six children by his first wife.

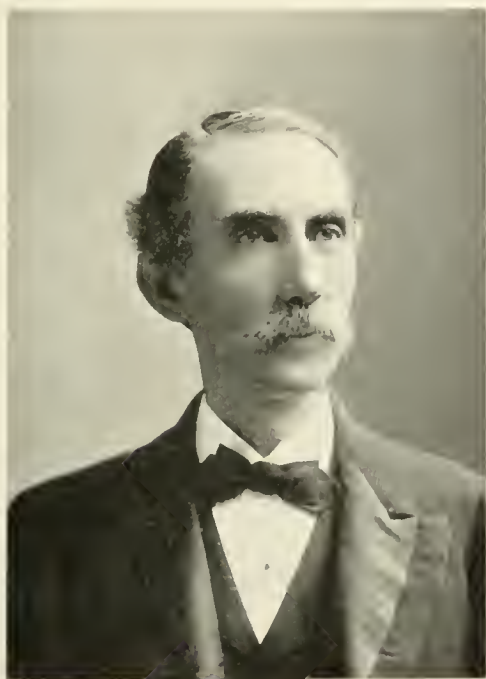
GRATZ, Simon, 1840-

Class of 1855.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1855; prepared for the Bar in the Law Department of the University; elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature; member Board of Education of Philadelphia since 1869; Chairman of Committee on Girls' Normal School since 1876; in 1886 appointed to the Board of Revision of Taxes, now President of the Board; other public offices.

SIMON GRATZ, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, October 18, 1840. He is descended from one of the oldest families in Philadelphia. His great-grandfather was a prominent merchant of the city in the colonial days, was largely engaged in the Indian trade, and was one of the signers of the Non-Importation Resolutions adopted by the patriotic citizens of Philadelphia in 1765. His father, Edward, who died in the year 1869, took an active part in the public affairs of his native city and was largely instrumental in furthering the success of the original scheme for constructing the Pennsylvania Railroad, in securing the consolidation of the old city with its adjacent and outlying districts in 1854, and in aiding other movements intended to advance the prosperity of Philadelphia. Simon Gratz received his preparatory education in the classical school of Dr. Henry D. Gregory. Entering the

University of Pennsylvania in 1851, he was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1855, and the degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon him in course. He entered upon the study of the law in the offices of Hon. Garrick Mallery and Hon. Furman Shepard, and also pursued his studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. After completing his preparation for the legal profession was admitted to practice. Before he was yet twenty-one he was elected to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, serving one term and declining a re-election. Shortly after he was admitted to the Bar, he received



SIMON GRATZ

an appointment as Assistant City Solicitor, which position he held for three years. During this time he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. At the close of the year 1869 Mr. Gratz received from the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas an appointment as a member of the Board of Education, in which body he has ever since served continuously. At various times he has been President of the Board. Soon after taking his seat he was placed upon the Committee in charge of the Girls' Normal School, and from the year 1876 to the present time he has served as Chairman of that Committee. This school, which at the time of his original appointment on the Committee was both a high and a normal school, and had only a

two-years course of study and no school of practice, has since expanded into a distinct high school for girls with elective courses of study covering a period of four years, a commercial high school for girls, and a normal school with a school of practice attached; all housed in separate buildings, commodious and attractive in appearance, and with unsurpassed equipment. In 1886 Mr. Gratz received from the Court of Common Pleas an appointment as a member of the Board of Revision of Taxes of Philadelphia, and he is now the President of the Board. He has for many years been a member of the Board of Trustees of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, and is and long has been the Chairman of its College Committee. He is also a member of the Board of Trustees of the Free Public Library of Philadelphia, and of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums, with both of which institutions he has had close connection ever since they were organized. Mr. Gratz is a life-member of several state historical societies, and is the honorary Vice-President for Pennsylvania of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin.

DA COSTA, Charles Mandes, 1837-1890.

Class of 1855.

Born in St. Thomas, W. I., 1837; educated University of Pennsylvania and Columbia University; practicing lawyer in New York City, and Director in various railroad corporations; Trustee and Benefactor of Columbia, and Founder of the Da Costa Laboratory and Professorship of Zoölogy at that University; died in New York, 1890.

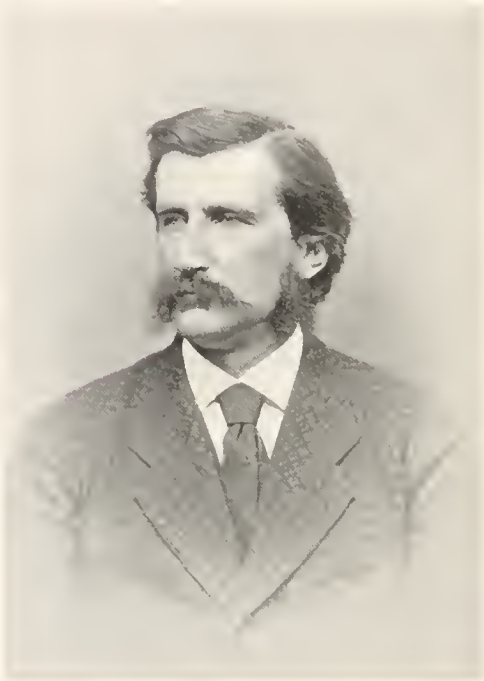
CHARLES MANDES DA COSTA, son of John M. and R. (Yulee) Da Costa, was born in the Island of St. Thomas, West Indies, May 5, 1837. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1851, but left at the close of Freshman year to enter Columbia University, where he was graduated in 1855. He became a successful lawyer in New York City, was for many years Chairman of the Examining Committee of the American Bar Association, and was a Director in several large western railroad companies. From 1886 to 1890 he was a Trustee of Columbia, and on his death in the latter year he bequeathed to the University his valuable library and a hundred thousand dollars in money. From this fund a Biological Laboratory was established and a Professorship of Zoölogy was endowed, both bearing the name of the founder. Mr. Da Costa died in New York, June 22, 1890. He was a brother of Dr. Jacob M. Da Costa, Professor of Medicine in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.

HODGE, H. Lenox, 1836-1881.

Class of 1855 Arts, 1858 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1836; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1855; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1858; Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University 1870-1881, and Lecturer on Regional Anatomy 1871-1880; died 1881.

H. LENOX HODGE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 30, 1836, the fourth son of Prof. Hugh L. Hodge, the distinguished Professor of Obstetrics and of the Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Pennsylvania. He was prepared for College under the famous



H. LENOX HODGE

teacher, the Rev. Samuel Wylie Crawford, D.D., then Principal of the Academy of the University on Fourth Street, Philadelphia. He was graduated at the head of his class in the Collegiate Department of the University in 1855, and at once entered upon his studies in the Medical Department, from which he was graduated in 1858. In the same year he was elected Resident Physician in the Pennsylvania Hospital for a term of eighteen months and at the end of his term he entered upon the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. He soon won for himself a high reputation and secured a large and lucrative practice. He rendered valuable service during the Civil War as a volunteer surgeon, before Richmond, at Fredericksburg and at Gettysburg. He

was also appointed to the large Military Hospital established in West Philadelphia in 1862. In 1861 he and his friends, Dr. Robert Bolling and Dr. James B. Hutchinson, established a Summer School of Medicine, which during the winter seasons was continued as a Quiz Class. Dr. Hodge gave a special course in Operative Surgery to graduates and to candidates looking forward to the examinations by the United States Army and Navy Boards. In 1870 he was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania. The anatomical rooms in the old edifice on Ninth Street furnished very inadequate accommodations, but were improved and refitted by Dr. Hodge as well as circumstances would permit. When the new buildings were erected in West Philadelphia the rooms of his department were modelled after his plans and fitted up under his direction. He was made Lecturer on Regional Anatomy at the University in 1871, and held that position until 1880. Dr. Hodge was deeply interested in the establishment of the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia, and served as Attending Surgeon from the opening of the institution until his death. He labored also with great zeal for the Children's Hospital in the same city and was Attending Surgeon there from 1864 to 1881. He was a ruling elder in the Second Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, and President of the Board of Directors of the Charity Organization Society from its organization until his death; finding time, amidst the activities of an unusually busy professional life, to give no little care and attention to philanthropic and religious enterprises. His wife was Harriet Roosevelt Woolsey of New York, to whom he was married, January 7, 1869, and by whom he had one son, who survives him and bears his name. His death occurred in Philadelphia, June 10, 1881.

McCLELLAN, Carswell, 1835-1892.

Class of 1854.

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Williams College; Civil Engineer; served in the Civil War; engineer in charge of construction of railroads in the West and South America, 1867-81; United States Civil Assistant Engineer, 1881-92; died in St. Paul, Minn., 1892.

CARSWELL McCLELLAN, civil engineer, was born in Philadelphia, December 3, 1835, son of Dr. Samuel and Margaret Carswell (Ely) McClellan. His collegiate training was begun in the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1854, and finished at Williams College, where he graduated with

the Class of 1855, and from which institution he received the Master of Arts degree in 1858. Upon leaving college he adopted the profession of civil engineering. Enlisting as ensign in the Twenty-third New York Regiment in May 1862, he was wounded at Malvern Hill, and was made topographical assistant on the staff of General A. A. Humphreys, participating in the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville and Gettysburg. At Gettysburg he was again wounded, and thence until April 1864 remained at the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, officiating as Assistant Adjutant-General and special Aide-de-Camp to General Humphreys. In August 1864 he was taken prisoner in the fight for the Weldon Railroad, but was paroled and resigned in the following November. After his retirement from the army he resumed his profession, and from 1867 to 1881 was engineer in charge of location and construction work on the Dom Pedro Railroad in Brazil; the Hannibal & St. Joseph; St. Louis, Vandalia & Terre Haute; Northern Pacific; St. Paul & Pacific and other railroads in the West. In 1881 Mr. McClellan became United States Civil Assistant Engineer, and this post he held until his death in 1892. In 1887 he brought out his "Personal Memoirs and Military History of Ulysses S. Grant vs. the Record of the Army of the Potomac." His wife, Annis, was daughter of Vines Davis of Collinsville, Illinois. He died in St. Paul, Minnesota, March 6, 1892.

LAIRD, Samuel, 1835-

Class of 1855.

Born in Newcastle county, Del., 1835; graduated Philadelphia High School, and University of Pennsylvania, 1855; received into the ministry of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, 1861; Pastor St. Mark's Church, Philadelphia, since 1879; President Evangelical Lutheran Ministerium of Pennsylvania; Treasurer Lutheran Theological Seminary; D.D. Thiel College, 1886.

SAMUEL LAIRD, D.D., is a native of Newcastle county, Delaware, born February 7, 1835, the son of Samuel and Maria (Kunckel) Laird. On his father's side his ancestors were Scotch, while the maternal ancestry is German. Dr. Laird in boyhood attended schools in Delaware and Philadelphia, graduating at the Philadelphia High School, from which he passed to the Sophomore Class in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He graduated there in the Class of 1855, and subsequently was for a time a teacher in the Spring Garden Institute, a seminary

for young ladies in Philadelphia. While so engaged he began the study of the law, but soon abandoned it to prepare for the ministry of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. He was received into the ministry of that church in 1861, becoming in the same year Pastor of St. Luke's Evangelical Lutheran Church in Philadelphia. He resigned this position in 1864 to take a charge in Lancaster, Pennsylvania. In 1867 he was called to Pittsburg, where he served for twelve years, or until he was chosen Pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran Church in Philadelphia. He entered upon the duties of this office in 1879 and



SAMUEL LAIRD

has continued the connection up to the present time. Dr. Laird has held a number of important offices in the church. From 1870 to 1879 he was Secretary of the General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in North America and for eighteen years he was Secretary of the Board of English Home Missions. He was Treasurer of the Evangelical Lutheran Ministerium of Pennsylvania, from 1885 to 1889, and President of that Body from 1898 to 1901. Since 1895 he has been Treasurer of the Lutheran Theological Seminary of Philadelphia. He has been a Trustee of the German Hospital of Philadelphia since 1893. In 1886 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Thiel College. He represented the General Council of the Evan-

gical Lutheran Church in North America as a delegate at the Tenth International Conference of Lutherans, held at Lund, Sweden, in September 1901. On April 27, 1865, Dr. Laird married Mary Andelucia, daughter of Alexander Nelson Easton of Belvidere, New Jersey.

HANNA, William Brantly, 1835-

Class of 1857 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; graduated Philadelphia High School 1853, and Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania 1857; Assistant District Attorney Philadelphia county; elected to Common Council in 1867 and afterward to Select Council; member of Constitutional Convention which framed the Pennsylvania Constitution of 1874; Judge of Orphans Court since 1874, and President Judge since 1878.

WILLIAM BRANTLY HANNA, D.C.L., was born in Philadelphia, November 23, 1835. His father, John Hanna, was a leading practitioner at the Philadelphia Bar for more than forty years. The family comes of old Scotch-Irish stock, the first American ancestors having settled in Philadelphia at the close of the Revolutionary War. His mother was a daughter of the Rev. Joseph Stephens, a Baptist preacher of Monmouth county, New Jersey, and descended from the Cook family, who were among the earliest settlers in East Jersey. Judge Hanna received his early education in public and private schools in Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School in 1853. Selecting the legal profession, he began his studies in the office of his father, graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1857, and was admitted to the Bar in October of that year. He at once began to take an active part in political affairs, and soon became one of the assistants of District Attorney William B. Mann. In 1867 he was elected to the Common Council, and in 1870 was accorded a re-election. Before the expiration of his term in the lower body, he was chosen a member of the Select Council. While still serving in the upper chamber of the City Legislature he was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Convention which framed the Constitution of Pennsylvania of 1874. The new Constitution provided for a separate Orphans' Court in Philadelphia, and Mr. Hanna was nominated and elected one of the Judges of this new court in November 1874. On June 5, 1878, he was appointed by Gov. John F. Hart-
rafft President Judge. In 1884 he was without opposition nominated by the Republican and Democratic parties and re-elected. In 1894 the same

honor was again paid him, so that Judge Hanna has now served on the bench of the Orphans' Court for a continuous period of almost twenty-seven years. While in the City Councils he was the author of an ordinance establishing the Paid Fire-Department System, and in Select Councils was Chairman of the Committee on Law. For more than thirty years Judge Hanna has been prominently identified with the Masonic Order; he is a Past Master of Washington Lodge No. 59 A. Y. M., and a member of the Committee of Appeals of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. He is also President of the Society



WM. B. HANNA

of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of Philadelphia, a member of the Scotch-Irish and St. Andrew's Societies, a Director of the Penn Club, President of the Board of Trustees of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital, President of the Society of the Alumni of the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, Vice-President of the West Philadelphia Institute, Trustee of the Baptist Home, and, lately, President of the Pennsylvania Baptist Education Society. Judge Hanna is also a manager of the Home Missionary Society of Philadelphia, and member of the Historical, Horticultural and Humane societies of Philadelphia. In 1885 Bucknell University conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. Judge Hanna married Mary Vanderslice

Hopper, daughter of Samuel M. Hopper, and has three children: two daughters, and a son, Meredith Hanna, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and member of the Philadelphia Bar.

HINKLE, Albert Gallatin Beek. 1831-

Class of 1857 Med.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1831; educated in public schools and seminary; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1857; practicing physician in Philadelphia since that date.

ALBERT GALLATIN BEEK HINKLE, M.D., was born in Plumstead Township, Bucks county Pennsylvania, November 6, 1831, his



A. G. B. HINKLE

father being William Hinkle, a farmer of Bucks county. He was educated in the common schools and at the Seminary at Point Pleasant in Bucks county. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated in 1857, and has ever since been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Hinkle was Acting Assistant-Surgeon on board and in charge of the transport Daniel Webster No. 2 for a short time during the Civil War, until he was taken sick with typhoid fever. He is a Mason and an Odd Fellow, and belongs to the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the College of Physicians, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Ameri-

can Medical Association. He was married in 1860 to Emma S. Downie, by whom he has had two children: Sallie J.D., and William Marshall Hinkle, M.D.

EGBERT, Henry Clay, 1839-1899.

Class of 1856.

Born in Philadelphia, 1839; graduated A.M. University of Pennsylvania, 1856; studied law and engaged in practice; enlisted in the Civil War, rapidly won promotion, and continued in the regular army until his death; served in the Spanish-American War, in Cuba and the Philippines; killed at Malinta, Luzon, 1899.

HENRY CLAY EGBERT, soldier, was born in Philadelphia, January 3, 1839, son of Dr. Daniel Egbert, Medical Director of the United States Navy, and Caroline Matilda (Dennis) Egbert. Entering the University of Pennsylvania in 1852, he was graduated a Master of Arts in 1856, after which he pursued a legal training and became a lawyer in Philadelphia. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the regular army, and in September 1861 was commissioned as First Lieutenant in the Twelfth United States Infantry, afterwards being promoted to Captain. In 1863 he was chief mustering officer of the First Army Corps. He served with bravery and credit throughout the war. At the close of the struggle he remained in the regular army, as Major in the Seventeenth United States Infantry, and afterwards as Colonel. In 1881-1882 he was Judge Advocate of the Department of Arizona. Subsequently he was stationed at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. When the Spanish-American war broke out the famous Sixth Regiment United States Infantry, stationed at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, was ordered to the front under the command of Colonel M. A. Cochran. Colonel Cochran was retired at Tampa, after having spent thirty-seven years in service, and Colonel Harry Clay Egbert was placed in command. At San Juan the Sixth lost 128 officers and men, or thirty-six per cent of its officers and twenty-six per cent of its men, killed and wounded. Long before the regiment had returned to Fort Thomas, late in 1898, the citizens of Cincinnati had begun to collect money to erect a lasting memorial, a bronze tablet, the largest ever made in America, to the "Fighting Sixth." Colonel Egbert was wounded at San Juan and remained at Fort Thomas during convalescence. He was made Colonel of the Twenty-second United States Infantry and soon afterwards promoted for bravery in action to Brigadier-General of Volunteers. His disabilities prevented exercise of the latter command, but in

January 1899 General Egbert joined his regiment at Fort Crook, Omaha, and went to the Philippines. His sudden death at Malinta on the fighting line was a great shock to his numerous friends in Cincinnati and the entire country, and the citizens of Cincinnati decided to make a double dedication — to the Sixth and to its brave commander. In addition to the bronze tablet to the Sixth, another was made for General Egbert, and both were placed in the sides of the massive rough-stone water-tower which marks the main entrance to the military ports at Fort Thomas and rises 100 feet above the river. The dedication was held on July 1, 1899, the anniversary of San Juan Hill, twelve thousand people were present, — undoubtedly the most remarkable demonstration of its kind held in this country.

HASELTINE, Charles Field, 1840-

Class of 1859.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; educated in private schools and University of Pennsylvania; entered mercantile business, and later became proprietor of the Haseltine Art Galleries; organized two batteries of artillery in the Civil War.

CHARLES FIELD HASELTINE, the son of John Haseltine (descended from Robert Hazeltine, who arrived in this country in 1637) and Elizabeth Stanley Shinn, was born in Philadelphia, July 29, 1840. After being prepared for College at various private schools, he matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, but left at the end of the Sophomore year, finding employment first with the firm of J. C. Howe & Company, drygoods commission merchants. Later he started for himself in the drygoods commission business, under the firm name of Charles F. Haseltine. For a short time he was the head of the firm of Haseltine & McCape, later becoming a partner in the firm of John H. Williams & Company. At the breaking out of the Civil War Mr. Haseltine called a meeting at Musical Fund Hall in Philadelphia to organize a battery of artillery. As a result of this meeting the Keystone Battery was formed, and Mr. Haseltine was elected Senior First Lieutenant. Later he resigned his commission. Previous to the Battle of Antietam, Mr. Haseltine raised a second battery of artillery, of which he was again elected Senior First Lieutenant. He took the battery to Harrisburg on the way to the front, but as the battle resulted favorably for the Union, it was returned to Philadelphia and disbanded. In 1868 Mr. Haseltine began the art

business on Chestnut Street in Philadelphia under the name of "The Haseltine Galleries." Although the place of business has been moved several times on account of fire and for other reasons the galleries are still on Chestnut Street and are widely known as one of the finest bazaars in the world for the sale of fine paintings. Mr. Haseltine belongs to the Philadelphia Sketch Club, of which he was one time President. He has been a member of the Union League of Philadelphia since 1863, and of the Art Club of Philadelphia. He belongs also to the Order of Founders and Patriots of America, and is



CHAS. F. HASELTINE

at the present time Governor of the Pennsylvania Society; the Pennsylvania Historical Society; the Pennsylvania Genealogical Society, and the New England Historic and Genealogical Society of Boston. He has been a Trustee and Elder of the Second Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia for a period of about thirty years, is a Trustee of the Presbyterian Hospital of Philadelphia, and a Director of the Philadelphia School of Design for women. Mr. Haseltine was married in Pittsburg in 1863, to Elizabeth Holmes Patterson, who died in 1891 at Coronado Beach, California, to which place she had accompanied her husband on her first visit to the Pacific Coast. She left two daughters. Mr. Haseltine resides in Philadelphia.

PEPPER, William Platt, 1837-

Class of 1857.

Born in Philadelphia, 1837; educated in private school and at University of Pennsylvania; studied law and admitted to the Bar, but never practiced actively; Trustee and executor of various trusts and estates; President of the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, 1882-94; Manager Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM PLATT PEPPER, eldest son of David and Emily Platt Pepper, was born in Philadelphia, September 20, 1837. After a preliminary training in the private school of Rev. J. G.



WILLIAM PLATT PEPPER

Lyons, and afterwards at Episcopal Academy, he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1853 and graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1857. He then pursued his studies in the University Law School and in the Law Office of Hon. Peter McCall, and in 1860 was admitted to the Bar. Mr. Pepper has never engaged in active practice at the Bar, however, having been chiefly occupied as Executor and Trustee, etc. He was President of the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art from 1882 to 1894, has been Trustee of the Philadelphia Free Library, and has long served as Manager of the Hospital of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. Was one of the founders of the Rittenhouse Club, and is a member of the Univer-

sity Club, President of the Zeta Psi Association of Philadelphia, and one of the four founders of the St. Mark's Workingmen's Club of that city, the first one of its kind in America (1870). He is also a member of the Windham Club of London, England. Mr. Pepper married, April 29, 1879, Alice, daughter of George Theodore Lyman of Boston. They have had four children: Emily, Alice Marion, Martha Otis and William Platt Pepper, Jr.

WARNER, Charles Dudley, 1829-1900.

Class of 1858 Law.

Born in Plainfield, Mass., 1829; prepared for College at Cazenovia, N. Y.; graduated Hamilton College, 1851; studied law at the University of Pennsylvania, and admitted to Philadelphia Bar; practiced in Chicago; entered journalism in Hartford, Conn., 1861; Editor and proprietor Hartford Courant; published "My Summer in a Garden," 1870; connected editorially with Harper's Magazine and author of numerous books; died in Hartford, 1900.

CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER, M.A., LL.D., D.C.L., author and editor, was born in Plainfield, Massachusetts, September 12, 1829, a descendant of Andrew Warner who came from England to Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1632. Through his paternal grandmother, Sally Cook, he traced direct descent from Francis Cook of the Mayflower company. After receiving his early education in the public schools of Plainfield, he was prepared for College at Cazenovia, New York, and graduated at Hamilton in 1851. He then studied law at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1858, and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. For a few years he practiced his profession in that city and in Chicago, but being disposed both by taste and by talent for journalism and literature, he came East, and following his inclinations, connected himself with the Press, an evening paper published in Hartford, Connecticut, of which a college classmate of his, Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, was editor and proprietor. Mr. Warner in 1861 became associated in the ownership of the Press, and later, in 1867, with General Hawley and others, bought the Hartford Courant, in which he ever after retained a proprietary interest. For some years Mr. Warner devoted his energies to journalism, with such good results that both the Press and subsequently the Courant, under his influence, acquired high repute for literary excellence. The incident which directed him into a broader field of general literature was the popular favor accorded a series of sketches published

in the *Courant*, giving a fanciful account of his experiences as an amateur gardener. These sketches, collected and published under the title of "My Summer in a Garden," with an introduction by Henry Ward Beecher, proved in some sort the literary event of the year 1870, introducing a new writer of delicate humor, gentle satire and cheerful philosophy. From this time Mr. Warner devoted himself mainly to authorship, although still retaining his active connection with journalism. The promise of his first book was well fulfilled, and the reading public gave a warm welcome to the volumes



CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER

of essays, travels and fiction which came from his pen, all pervaded by the charm of thought as well as of literary style which had proved so captivating. Mr. Warner formed an editorial connection with *Harper's Magazine* in 1884 and in 1892 succeeded William Dean Howells in charge of the department of that periodical styled "The Study." He was recognized as a high authority in literary criticism, and attained repute as a lecturer. Outside the field of letters, he made a study of penology, and was one of the leaders in the movement for prison reform. Mr. Warner received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1872 and from Hamilton and Dartmouth in 1884; that of Doctor of Humanities from Hamilton in 1886 and

Princeton in 1896; and that of Doctor of Civil Law from the University of the South in 1889. He married, October 8, 1856, Susan Sophia, daughter of the late William Eliot Lee, of New York. He died suddenly of heart disease, at his home in Hartford, October 20, 1900.

DICKINSON, Philemon, 1739-1809.

Class of 1759.

Born in Talbot county, Md., 1739; received his classical education under Dr. Francis Alison and at the College of Philadelphia; lawyer; member Provincial Congress of New Jersey; member Continental Congress from Delaware; Vice-President Provincial Council of New Jersey; United States Senator; Commander-in-Chief New Jersey troops, and Chief Signal Officer Continental Army, in Revolution; died at his home near Trenton, N. J., 1809.

PHILEMON DICKINSON, soldier and statesman, was born at "Crosiadore," near Reed's Creek, Talbot county, Maryland, April 5, 1739, the son of Samuel Dickinson, Chief Justice of the County of Kent, Delaware, and Mary Cadwalader. He was given a course of classical training under Dr. Francis Alison, and in 1756 entered the College of Philadelphia, but left before graduation, took up the legal profession, and went to live on his country place, "The Hermitage," near Trenton, New Jersey. Possessed of an ample fortune, he hazarded it by embracing the patriot cause. In July 1775 he entered the army as Colonel of the Hunterdon County (N. J.) Battalion, and in the following October was commissioned Brigadier-General. In 1776 he served in the Provincial Congress of New Jersey, and was a member of the committee that drafted the constitution affirming the independence of New Jersey. In June 1777 he was made Major-General of the New Jersey forces, which he commanded at the Battle of Monmouth, where he displayed great bravery, and for which he was specially mentioned by Washington in his report to Congress. His estate was plundered by the Hessians during their occupation of Trenton. General Dickinson was Chief Signal Officer for the Middle Department of the Continental Army in 1788 and 1789, and in July 1788 was second to General Cadwalader in his duel with General Conway. In 1781 he was a member of the Continental Congress from Delaware, where he owned property, and from 1783 to 1785 he was a member and Vice-President of the Provincial Council of New Jersey. He was a member of the commission appointed by Congress in

1784 to select a site for the National Capital, and in 1790 he succeeded William Patterson as United States Senator from New Jersey, serving in that office until 1793. Thereafter he lived quietly at his country-seat, "The Hermitage," which became the resort of all the distinguished men who passed through Trenton, until his death, on February 9, 1809. General Dickinson's wife was Mary, daughter of Dr. Thomas Cadwalader, a member of the Provincial Council of Pennsylvania.

HODGE, Edward Blanchard, 1841-

Class of 1859

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1859; Princeton Theological Seminary 1863; D.D. Princeton University, 1892; appointed Trustee of Princeton Theological Seminary 1889, Director 1899; Corresponding Secretary Board of Education since 1893.

EDWARD BLANCHARD HODGE, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 5, 1841. His great-grandfather was Andrew Hodge, who came from the north of Ireland about 1730 and became a merchant in the City of Philadelphia. His grandfather was Hugh Hodge, M.D., a surgeon in the army of the revolution, and his father was Hugh L. Hodge, M.D., LL.D., who was Professor of Obstetrics in the University of Pennsylvania from 1835 to 1863. His mother was Margaret Elizabeth Aspinwall, oldest daughter of John Aspinwall, a merchant of New York City, and Susan Howland, a lineal descendant of John Howland, who came to America in the "Mayflower" in 1620. Edward B. Hodge was prepared for College at the Academy of the University of Pennsylvania, which was then under the direction of Samuel Wylie Crawford, D.D. He matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1855, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1859. He spent one year in post-graduate studies in anatomy and chemistry at the University, when, having decided upon theological studies, he matriculated at Princeton Theological Seminary, and was graduated in 1863. The following year was given to post-graduate work at Princeton, and in 1863 he was licensed to preach by the Central Presbytery of Pennsylvania. In April 1864 he was ordained and installed as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Burlington, New Jersey, where he remained until 1893. Since 1893 he has been the Corresponding Secretary of the Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church, with his office in Philadelphia. In 1889 Dr. Hodge was

appointed a Trustee of Princeton Theological Seminary, and in 1899 was elected a Director. In 1889 he became a Trustee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. In 1892 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Princeton University. Dr. Hodge was married May 7, 1868, to Alice Cogswell, daughter of Cortlandt Van Rensselaer, D.D., and became the father of four



EDWARD B. HODGE

children: Margaret Elizabeth, Cortlandt Van Rensselaer, Edward Blanchard, Jr., and Katharine Cogswell Hodge.

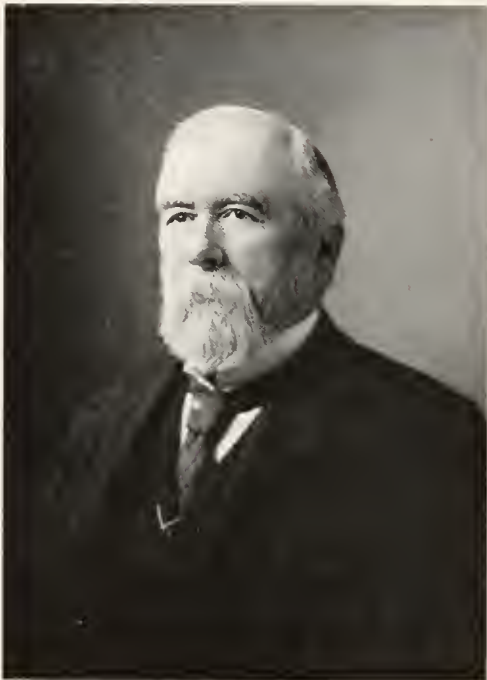
GUMMEY, Thomas A., 1832-

Class of 1858 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1832; graduated Philadelphia High School in 1850, and from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1858; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

THOMAS A. GUMMEY, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, November 8, 1832, the son of John Michael and Elizabeth Gould (Annets) GummeY. His paternal ancestors were of German descent, settling in this country in the early part of the eighteenth century; some of them held commissions in the Continental Army and were at Valley Forge, and fought with Washington at Trenton and Monmouth. His maternal ancestors were English. Mr. GummeY was educated in private and public schools, graduat-

ing from the Central High School of Philadelphia in 1850. For three years he was employed by a publishing house in Philadelphia. Afterward he registered as a student at law, and entering the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania was graduated in 1858. Mr. Gummey has for many years had a large practice in both the State and Federal courts, and has been successful in many corporation cases involving large sums of money, which he has carried through to the satisfaction of his clients. He has always enjoyed a reputation for his sound opinions especially in matters of title on real estate. Mr. Gummey married Frances Re-



THOS. A. GUMMEY

becca Bird of East Walpole, Massachusetts, now deceased, who was descended from old and distinguished Puritan ancestry. He has three children, two sons and a daughter, all of whom are married; his oldest son holds an important position in a large steel-manufacturing company, his second son is a physician in Germantown, and his daughter is the wife of a prominent business man in New York. Mr. Gummey resides in Germantown, Philadelphia.

BISSELL, Frederick Meade, 1842-

Class of 1861.

Born in Philadelphia, 1842; attended the Episcopal Academy, 1851-57; graduated University of Pennsyl-

vania, 1861; in the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company since 1872; Auditor of the Empire Line, 1878 to date.

FREDERICK MEADE BISSELL, son of Israel Morey and Augusta Turner (Meade) Bissell, is a descendant of a French Huguenot who left France after the massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day in 1572 and settled in Somersetshire, England. A grandson of this French emigré, John Bissell, came to Plymouth, Massachusetts, as early as 1628, and established himself at East Windsor, Connecticut, of which town he was a founder and an original proprietor. He was long a representative to the General Court of the Colony of Connecticut and officially attended forty-six sessions of that body. During the Indian War of 1657, John Bissell and two of his sons were in active service with the Windsor Troop of Dragoons. Another lineal ancestor was the Rev. Solomon Stoddard, A.M., Harvard 1665, a Fellow of Harvard College in 1666 and the first College Librarian. He was minister of the church at Northampton for nearly sixty years, and according to President Dwight "possessed probably more influence than any other clergyman in the province during a period of thirty years." This Solomon Stoddard was a son of Anthony Stoddard, made Recorder of Boston in 1650 and a Representative of Boston in the General Assembly of the Colony from 1650 to 1684, whose wife was a niece of John Winthrop, first Governor of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay. Still another lineal ancestor was the Rev. Simon Backus, Yale 1724, Pastor of Newington Church, Wethersfield, Connecticut, and Chaplain of the Connecticut Regiment stationed at Louisburg during its siege by the French in 1745, where he died. His wife, Eunice Backus, was a daughter of Rev. Timothy Edwards, Harvard 1691, and a sister of Rev. Jonathan Edwards, President of Princeton College. In the same ancestral line are David Bissell, 3d, who was a member of Captain Benjamin Allyn's Fourth Company, Third Regiment, in the expedition against Crown Point, August 1755, and Lieutenant in the Fourth Connecticut Regiment during the Revolutionary War; and General Israel Morey of New Hampshire, who rendered distinguished service to the American cause during the entire period of the Revolutionary War in the Provincial and State Legislatures and in the Continental Army. Frederick Meade Bissell was born in Philadelphia in 1842, and received his preparatory schooling at the Episcopal Academy in that city, where he was enrolled as student from 1851 until 1857. He

entered the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1861, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. This was during the heat of the war, and he at once enlisted for active service with the First Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania. For two years subsequently he studied analytical chemistry at the Polytechnic College, and after a few years in mercantile pursuits he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in 1872. Since March 1, 1878, he has been the Auditor of the Empire Line, with his offices at Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. Mr. Bissell has always taken an active



F. M. BISSELL

interest in athletic sports, having been from 1879 to 1891 Secretary of the Germantown Cricket Club, and from 1883 to 1893 Secretary of the International Cricket Committee which arranged and managed during that period all matches played with elevens from England, Ireland, Australia and the West Indies. This Committee also arranged the tours through Great Britain of the "Gentlemen of Philadelphia" in 1884 and 1889. From 1886 to 1890 Mr. Bissell was President of the Cricketers' Association of the United States, and from 1888 to 1892 he was Vice-President of the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Germantown Cricket Club,

and the University Club. He married, on June 2, 1870, Sarah Corbit, a daughter of Elliston and Caroline (Corbit) Perot, and a lineal descendant of Anthony Morris, the second Mayor of Philadelphia. They have one son, Elliston Perot Bissell, who is an architect.

HUTCHINSON, Charles Hare, 1833-

Class of 1852.

Born in Lisbon, Portugal, 1833; educated in private schools and at University of Pennsylvania; one of the founders of Phi Kappa Sigma; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1858; President Philadelphia Athenæum.

CHARLES HARE HUTCHINSON, son of Israel Pemberton and Margaretta (Hare) Hutchinson, was born in Lisbon, Portugal, February 13, 1833. His father was for many years United States Consul at Lisbon, and both parents were members of old Philadelphia families. He received his early education in a private school of New Haven, Connecticut, and at the age of sixteen entered the Sophomore class in the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Arts in 1852, and being in 1893 elected to membership in the Phi Beta Kappa Society. His Master's degree was conferred upon him in course. While in College he was a zealous member of the Philomathean Society, and was one of the founders of the Phi Kappa Sigma, a fraternity which now has upwards of two thousand living and over five hundred deceased members. Mr. Hutchinson studied for the legal profession, and in 1858 was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia, in which city he commenced practice. But his professional activity was confined to a short period, for his tastes and habits were those of a litterateur; and possessing ample means, he has indulged his inclinations with satisfaction to himself and great advantage to the many institutions with which he has been identified. He has long served as President of the Athenæum of Philadelphia, and as a Director of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts; is a Councillor of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, member of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania and the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution and connected with many other societies and institutions. Mr. Hutchinson was a volunteer in the Civil War during the three-months service in 1861. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia, though of late years he has spent much time abroad.

BENSON, Richard Dale, 1841-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1860; engaged in mercantile business in New York and Philadelphia; elected Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company 1881, and President 1890; distinguished record as a soldier in the Civil War; Director of various banks and corporations.

RICHARD DALE BENSON was born in Philadelphia, December 1, 1841, the son of Gustavus Smith and Margaretta Fitzgerald (Dale) Benson. His early education was received at various private schools and at the Episcopal Academy. Entering the College Department of the



R. DALE BENSON

University of Pennsylvania in 1856, he was graduated Bachelor of Arts in 1860, and began mercantile life in the wholesale grocery business. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted as a private in the Commonwealth Artillery, United States Volunteers. In 1862 he became a Second Lieutenant of the One Hundred and Fourteenth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, was promoted to a First Lieutenantcy, and in 1864 was appointed Captain, but declined the commission. For his gallantry at the Battle of Chancellorsville he was brevetted Captain and Major of United States Volunteers. After the war he was for some time a Colonel in the Pennsylvania National Guard, but has now retired from all connection with military life. In 1867 Colonel Benson became a

member of a firm engaged in the importation and jobbing of teas, in New York and Philadelphia. In 1881 he was elected Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, and in 1890 was elevated to the Presidency of that corporation. His corporate connections are large. He is a Manager of the Western Saving Fund Society, of the Mercantile Beneficial Society, and of the Merchants' Fund of Philadelphia, and is a Director of the Catawissa Railroad, the North Pennsylvania Railroad, the Western National Bank of Philadelphia, the Real Estate Trust Company of Philadelphia and the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company. In his church relations Colonel Benson is an active Presbyterian, being a Trustee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America. He belongs to the Union League, the Art Club, the Philadelphia Country Club and the Merion Cricket Club. In 1869 he married Mary Watson Eckert, by whom he has had four children: Maud Eckert, Bertha Dale, Richard Dale, Jr., and Mary Eleanor Benson.

MORRIS, John, 1739-1785.

Class of 1759.

Born in Philadelphia, 1739; graduated College of Pennsylvania, 1759; lawyer and judge; Attorney-General of Pennsylvania; officer in Pennsylvania Militia, 1776; Recorder of Philadelphia; died 1785.

JOHN MORRIS, son of Samuel Morris and Hannah Cadwalader, was born in Philadelphia, about the year 1739. His father, a prominent merchant of Philadelphia, a member of the Committee of Safety and the Board of War during the Revolution, and Register of Wills of Philadelphia 1777-1782, was from 1779 until his death in 1785 a Trustee of the College of Pennsylvania. John Morris was graduated at the College of Pennsylvania in 1759, studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and became an eminent practitioner in Philadelphia. In 1776 he was appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia, and while officiating in this office, in 1777, was compelled to assume, pro tem., the duties of Attorney-General of Pennsylvania. The office had been held since 1766 by Andrew Allen, his classmate in College, who at this renounced his allegiance to the colonies, became a Tory, and went over to the enemy. Mr. Morris had no taste for criminal law, but in this crisis, when many important state cases growing out of the war were pending or coming on for trial, he acceded to the wishes of the Supreme Executive

Council and reluctantly accepted the Attorney-Generalship during the emergency. He had served in 1776 as Quartermaster of the Pennsylvania troops, with the rank and pay of a Lieutenant-Colonel. In 1777 he became Master of the Rolls and Recorder for the City and County of Philadelphia, which offices he held until his death. He was a member of the American Philosophical Society. He died in Philadelphia, March 9, 1785.

CADWALADER, John, 1843-

Class of 1862.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1862; studied law, and admitted to Bar in 1864; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Collector of the Port, 1885-89; President of the Trust Company of North America, 1889-97; officer of other corporations and societies; President of the University Club.

JOHN CADWALADER, born in Philadelphia, June 27, 1843, belongs to an old Philadelphia family, being the son of John and Henrietta Maria (Bancker) Cadwalader. His great-great-great-grandfather John Cadwalader came to Philadelphia from Wales in 1682; a gentleman of education, he held responsible positions in the province, being a judge and serving in other offices. His son Thomas Cadwalader was elected a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania in 1751, and served until his death in 1779. Thomas' son General John Cadwalader was a member of the Class of 1760 at the University and became a Trustee upon the death of his father in 1779. John's son General John Cadwalader graduated from the University in the Class of 1795 and was made a Trustee in 1816. This Thomas' son, Judge John Cadwalader, graduated in the Class of 1821. His son John, the subject of this sketch, was placed in early boyhood with private tutors, afterward passing to the Episcopal Academy and the school of the Rev. John W. Faires. He entered the University in 1858, and was graduated in the Class of 1862 with Provosts Pepper and Harrison, Professors McElroy and Persifer Frazer, the Rev. Jesse Y. Burk, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, and other successful men. Finishing his course in the College, Mr. Cadwalader registered as a student of law with Hon. Peter McCall, concluding his studies with William Henry Rawle. At the same time he took the law lectures in the Law Department of the University. He was admitted to the Bar in 1864, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia ever since. In

politics Mr. Cadwalader has always been an active supporter of Democratic principles, and at various times has been a candidate of the Democratic Party for City Councils, the State Legislature, Congress and other offices. In 1885 President Cleveland appointed him Collector of the Port of Philadelphia, and he held the position for four years. In 1889 he became President of the Trust Company of North America, a connection which was continued until 1897. Mr. Cadwalader at the present time is President of the New York & Baltimore Transportation Line, President of the Baltimore & Philadelphia



JOHN CADWALADER

Steamboat Company, and a Director of the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company and other corporations. Mr. Cadwalader is a member of the American Philosophical and the Pennsylvania Historical societies; is a member of the Council of the Academy of Natural Sciences, and is active in a number of patriotic societies; is President of the General Society of the War of 1812, and President of the Pennsylvania Society of the same name. He is also President of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, and belongs to the Rittenhouse, the University, the Art, the Penn, and the Philadelphia Country clubs of Philadelphia, the Metropolitan Club of Washington, and the Reform and the Manhattan clubs of New York. He is the

President of the University Club of Philadelphia, and under his direction the organization has been largely increased in its membership, moving from narrow quarters into a handsome and commodious clubhouse. In 1866 Mr. Cadwalader married Mary Helen, daughter of J. Francis Fisher, Esq. He has two daughters and two sons, John Cadwalader, Jr., and Thomas Francis Cadwalader, both graduates of the University of Pennsylvania. He resides in Philadelphia.

HACKLEY, Charles Elihu, 1836-

Class of 1856 Arts, 1860 Med.

Born in Unadilla, N. Y., 1836; graduated University of Pennsylvania, Department of Arts 1856, Medical Department 1860; Cavalry Surgeon during Civil War; practicing physician in New York City; Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, 1865-75; Physician to New York Hospital since 1867; Clinical Professor, Diseases of Eye and Ear, Women's Medical College, New York, 1870-76; author of several medical works and handbooks.

CHARLES ELIHU HACKLEY, M.D., was born in Unadilla, New York, February 22, 1836, son of Archibald and Eliza (Stott) Hackley. He entered the Sophomore class at the University of Pennsylvania in 1853, graduating from the College Department in 1856 and from the Medical School in 1860. From 1861 to 1864 he served in the Civil War as Surgeon of the Second New York Cavalry, and for the last eighteen months of his service was Surgeon-in-Chief of the Third Cavalry Division, Army of the Potomac. After the war he engaged in practice in New York City, where he was Surgeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary from 1865 to 1875, and connected with the New York Hospital as Visiting Physician from 1867 to 1886 and as Consulting Physician ever since. In 1870 he was appointed Clinical Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Women's Medical College of New York City, a position which he held until 1876. Dr. Hackley is the author of various articles in Wood's "Reference Handbook of the Medical Sciences," and of other contributions to medical literature; he has also translated Billroth's "Surgical Pathology," Stellwag's "Diseases of the Eye," and jointly with Dr. George H. Humphreys (University of Pennsylvania Class of 1854) Niemeyer's "Textbook of Practical Medicine." Dr. Hackley married, in 1867, Emma W. Kent, daughter of Gabriel Kent of New York City. Since 1896 he has made his home in Unionville, Connecticut.

FELL, Edward Reese, 1839-

Class of 1864 Med

Born in Philadelphia, 1839; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy 1858, Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania 1864; engaged in drug and chemical business before graduation; served as Acting Assistant Surgeon in Civil War; retired from practice and resumed business, 1866.

EDWARD REESE FELL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 18, 1839. His father was Reese Davis Fell and his mother Anna Maria Leadbeater, the former a descendant of English Quakers who settled in Delaware county,



EDWARD R. FELL

Pennsylvania, early in the eighteenth century. The latter was of English descent. Edward Reese Fell received a good academic education at Union Academy, Philadelphia. For seven years he was engaged in the wholesale and retail drug and chemical manufacturing business, graduating in the meantime from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1858, and from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1864. For a time during the war he was Acting Assistant Surgeon in the Union Army, and previously was Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia. Dr. Fell gave up professional life and returned to business in 1866. He is a member of the Art Club of Philadelphia. In 1866 he married Margaret Stewart Curtis.

JONES, Woodruff, 1841-

Class of 1860

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1860; chemical manufacturer; Secretary and Treasurer manufacturing corporation of John T. Lewis & Bros., since 1889.

WOODRUFF JONES, the son of Isaac C. Jones, Jr., and Sarah Whitall (Woodruff) Jones, was born in Philadelphia, December 13, 1841. On the paternal side his great-grandfather was Aquilla Jones, a merchant of Philadelphia, and his grandfather was Isaac C. Jones, an East India merchant. On his mother's side his great-grand-



WOODRUFF JONES

father was Aaron Dickerson Woodruff, for nineteen years Attorney-General of the State of New Jersey. Woodruff Jones attended schools in Philadelphia, including Faires' Classical Institute and the Germantown Academy. He entered the Sophomore Class of the University of Pennsylvania in 1857 and graduated from the Department of Arts in 1860. After graduation he entered the laboratory of Crew, Rogers & Crew, manufacturing chemists, and attended lectures in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. The war being in progress at the time, he enlisted as Second Lieutenant in Captain Landis' First Philadelphia Battery, and saw active service in both the Antietam and Gettysburg campaigns. On his return to civil life he was engaged in manufactur-

ing chemicals and pharmaceuticals until 1878, when he became connected with the firm of John T. Lewis & Bros. of Philadelphia, manufacturers of white lead, linseed oil and colors. The business being subsequently incorporated, he became Secretary and Treasurer of the company in 1889, a position which he continues to occupy. Mr. Jones is one of the founders of the Science and Art Club of Germantown. On September 23, 1873, he married Sara E. Dripps, by whom he has three daughters: Anna Woodruff, Sara Elizabeth and Mary Carpenter Jones.

HUEY, Samuel Baird, 1843-1901.

Class of 1868 Law.

Born in Pittsburg, Pa., 1843; graduated Central High School, Philadelphia, 1857; A.B. Princeton 1863, A.M. 1866; L.L.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1868; served in U. S. Navy, 1863-66; admitted to Philadelphia Bar and practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1868; President Philadelphia Board of Education from 1897; died in Philadelphia, 1901.

SAMUEL BAIRD HUEY, son of Samuel Culbertson and Mary Scott (Baird) Huey, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 7, 1843. On his father's side he was of Huguenot ancestry; the family, then Huet, having emigrated from France to Scotland, whence representatives came to this country. On his mother's side Mr. Huey was of Scotch extraction. After attending private schools in Philadelphia he entered the Philadelphia High School, from which he was graduated in February 1857. He matriculated at Princeton, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863. Three years later he received the degree of Master of Arts from that University. From 1863 until 1866 he was ensign and paymaster in the United States Navy. At the end of this period of public service he began the study of the law in the offices of John C. Bullitt and Samuel Dickson, Esquires, matriculating at the same time in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1868. He was at once admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. In 1870 he was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and in 1880 before the Supreme Court of the United States. From 1867 until 1878 Mr. Huey served successively as Captain, Major and Adjutant-General of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. From 1897 until his death he had been President of the Board of Trustees of the Williamson School, and President of the Philadelphia Board of Education. For fifteen years he had been a Director,

Secretary and Vice-President of the Union League of Philadelphia. He was a member of the University Club, the Art Club, the Lawyers' Club, the Country Club and the Belmont Cricket Club of Philadelphia. He was a member of the Loyal Legion, and also of the Free Masons, being a Past Master of Lodge 346. Mr. Huey married, June 4, 1868, Mary Hunt Abrams, by whom he had five children: Arthur Baird, Emma H., Samuel C., Malcolm S. and Mary Dorothy Huey. He died on November 21, 1901. In a memorandum of the chief events of his life in his own handwriting which



SAMUEL B. HUEY

is now before us, it having been prepared only a few weeks before his death. Mr. Huey himself says: "The ambitions of thirty years ago have not been realized, but I believe I have earned the respect and confidence of my fellow-citizens." This estimate was modest and just, as was abundantly shown in the public regret which his untimely death occasioned, in circles in Philadelphia in which his work was known and his services were appreciated.

GRAYSON, William, 1740-1790.

Class of 1760.

Born in Prince William county, Va., about 1740; educated at College of Philadelphia and University of Oxford, Eng.; studied law at the Temple, London; lawyer; aide to Gen. Washington and Colonel of a Vir-

ginia regiment in the Revolution; member Board of War; member Continental Congress; U. S. Senator from Virginia; died in Dumfries, Va., 1790.

WILLIAM GRAYSON, son of the Rev. Spencer Grayson, was born in Prince William county, Virginia, about 1740. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1758, but did not graduate, and pursued his course at the English University of Oxford. He then studied law at the Temple in London, and returning to America settled in Dumfries, Virginia, for the practice of his profession. At the beginning of the Revolutionary struggle he was appointed Aide-de-Camp to General Washington, and a few months later was made Colonel of a Virginia regiment, in which capacity he distinguished himself at the Battle of Monmouth in 1778. He was a member of the Board of War in 1780-1781, and was appointed a commissioner to treat with Sir William Howe respecting prisoners while the army was at Valley Forge. From 1784 to 1787 he was a member of the Continental Congress, and in 1788 a member of the Virginia Convention on the adoption of the Federal Constitution, being one of the minority who opposed the ratification. In the First Continental Congress he was one of the Senators from Virginia, serving from May 1789 until his death, which took place in Dumfries, Virginia, March 12, 1790. His wife was Eleanor Smallwood.

FURTH, Emanuel, 1857-

Class of 1878 Law.

Born in Reading, Pa., 1857; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1874; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1878; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; member State Legislature, 1881-85; delegate to Indianapolis Convention of Gold Democrats in 1896.

EMANUEL FURTH, son of Leopold and Bette (Levi) Furth, is of German Jewish ancestry. He was born in Reading, Pennsylvania, September 26, 1857, and received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School in 1874. Choosing the legal profession, he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1878. He at once engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, interesting himself at the same time in the politics of his city and state. In 1881 he was elected a member of the House of Representatives of the Pennsylvania Legislature, and was re-elected in 1883. As Chairman of the Committee of Muni-

icipal Corporations he assisted in framing and preparing for final passage the Bullitt Bill, the present charter of the City of Philadelphia. Mr. Furth has been a member of various ward committees, and city, county and state conventions of the Democratic Party. In 1896 he was a member of the State Gold Democratic Convention, and a delegate to the Indianapolis Convention of Gold Democrats which nominated Palmer and Buckner. From 1879 until 1885 he was a member of the State militia, for the last three years a non-commissioned officer on the staff of Brigadier-General Snowden.



EMANUEL FURTH

As a lawyer Mr. Furth has been principally engaged in trying civil causes. He is the Secretary of the Lawyers' Club of Philadelphia, having held this office since its organization in 1890. In 1889 he was renominated for the Legislature, but declined to run. He married, December 14, 1882, Lizzie Rosenbaum, by whom he has one daughter: Blanche Furth. Mr. Furth has recently written and published a book—as the result of a European tour—entitled “The Tourist—Outward and Homeward Bound.”

DICKSON, Samuel Henry, 1798–1872.

Class of 1819 Med.

Born in Charleston, S. C., 1798; graduated Yale 1814, Medical Department University of Pennsylvania 1819;

practiced in Charleston; Professor of Medicine in Medical College of South Carolina, 1824–47 and 1850–58; Professor of Medicine New York University, 1847–50; Professor in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1858–72; LL.D. New York University, 1853; died 1872.

SAMUEL HENRY DICKSON, M.D., LL.D., was born in Charleston, South Carolina, September 20, 1798, of Scotch ancestry. His father, who came to this country from Ireland, fought during the Revolution under General Lincoln, the American officer chosen by Washington to receive the sword of Cornwallis at the Yorktown surrender. Dr. Dickson graduated from Yale in 1814, receiving the Master's degree in course, and after studying medicine for a time in Charleston he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his medical degree in 1819. Returning to his native city he soon gained an extensive practice there. Dr. Dickson's first medical teaching was in 1823, when he lectured on physiology and pathology to a small body of medical students. The success of this course of lectures doubtless stimulated him to activity in promoting the foundation of a Medical College in Charleston, and in 1824, on the organization of the Medical College of South Carolina, he became Professor of the Institutes and Practice of Medicine. From 1847 to 1850 he was Professor of the Practice of Medicine at New York University, and then returned to his former chair in the Medical College of South Carolina. In 1858 he accepted an appointment to a similar Professorship in the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, and there continued until his death. He was made a Doctor of Laws by New York University in 1853. Dr. Dickson was a constant contributor to medical and general literature, his writings displaying an accurate knowledge expressed in a finished and easy style. Among the numerous shorter articles of his bibliography may be mentioned “The Pursuit of Happiness,” an address delivered before the Yale Society of Phi Beta Kappa, and a pamphlet on the slavery question, arguing the racial inferiority of the negro. His published volumes are: “Dengue, its History, Pathology, and Treatment;” “Manual of Pathology;” “Practice of Medicine,” two volumes; “Essays on Pathology and Therapeutics,” two volumes; “Essays on Life, Sleep, Pain, etc.,” “Elements of Medicine;” and “Studies in Pathology and Therapeutics.” He also published many occasional essays and addresses. He died in Philadelphia, March 31, 1872.

BODINE, Samuel Taylor, 1854-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1873; since 1882 an officer of The United Gas Improvement Company, first as Secretary and Treasurer, later as Vice-President and General Manager.

SAMUEL TAYLOR BODINE was born in Philadelphia, August 23, 1854, son of Samuel Tucker and Louisa Wylie (Millikin) Bodine. For seven years he attended the Germantown Academy, and then entering the University of Pennsylvania was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts



SAMUEL T. BODINE

in 1873. For a year after his graduation Mr. Bodine was employed as a shipping clerk in an iron foundry at Royersford, Pennsylvania, and for two years at the Cohansy Glass Company's factory in Bridgeton, New Jersey. For six years subsequently he was in charge of the repair shops and of commercial work in the Chief Engineer's Department of the American and Red Star Steamship Lines. In June 1882 he entered the service of The United Gas Improvement Company as Secretary and Treasurer. Subsequently he was advanced to the position of Second Vice-President and General Manager, which offices he continues to hold. Mr. Bodine is a member of the Board of Managers of the Department of Archæology of the University of Pennsylvania, a

Trustee of the Episcopal Academy, a member of the Geological and Topographical Survey Commission of the State of Pennsylvania, a member of the Zelosophic Society, the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, the University Club of Philadelphia, the University Club of New York, the Rittenhouse Club of Philadelphia, the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, the Germantown Cricket Club and the Merion Cricket Club. He is a life-long Republican, but has never figured actively in politics. Mr. Bodine married, on November 15, 1883, Eleanor Gray Warden, by whom he has three children: Louise Warden, Eleanor Gray and William Warden Bodine.

BEATES, Henry, Jr., 1857-

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1879; member Pennsylvania State Board of Medical Examiners since it was first established in 1891; and President of the Board since 1899.

HENRY BEATES, JR., M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 20, 1857. He is the son of Henry and Emily A. (Baker) Beates, and the grandson of the Rev. William Beates, a prominent Lutheran clergyman, who at the time of his death occupied the high position of senior of the Ministerium of Pennsylvania of the German Evangelical Church. But two men have ever been held worthy of this distinction, the other having been the Rev. D. M. Muhlenberg. The parents of this noted clergyman were Conrad Paethes (Beates) of Wildberg, Germany, and Barbara Geiger. They came to this country shortly before the Revolution, and during the war Conrad was a member of the Pennsylvania militia and in active service on the American side until after the Battle of Brandywine. Dr. Beates' maternal grandfather was Henry Herbst of Heidelberg, Germany, who emigrated to America in 1772 and engaged in the wholesale grocery business on Market Street in Philadelphia. His mother's father was the Rev. Dr. Baker, a Lutheran clergyman and the Pastor of Old Zion's German Lutheran Church, which stood at Fourth and Cherry streets in Philadelphia. Dr. Beates' early education was received principally at the Eastburne Academy and Classical Institute. He afterward pursued some special courses preparatory to medicine, embracing biology, and in 1876 entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania under the preceptorship of Dr. Charles T. Hunter. During his undergraduate career he was appointed Clinical Assistant to Professors D. Hayes Agnew, William

Pepper and William Goodell. At about this time, 1877-1878, the question of a compulsory three years' curriculum was being agitated, and to Mr. Beates was accorded the privilege of endeavoring to secure the coöperation of a sufficiently large student body to insure success. A petition containing the names of sixty-eight students, who agreed to assume the additional expense and time incurred by the prolongation of study, was the result of this effort. The authorities having this assurance of coöperation promptly instituted the graded three years' course, and in 1879 the first advanced class of modern

preliminary education required and branches of study formerly neglected given a more prominent place in the scheme of courses. Dr. Beates belongs to various medical societies, and is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania. He is President of the Philadelphia Alumni Centre of the Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, a Vice-President of the Philadelphia Medical Club, first Vice-President of the National Confederation of State Medical Examining and Licensing Boards, a body which, for obvious reasons, serves the cause of higher medical education in a most important rôle, a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences and of the Union League of Philadelphia. He is also a Free Mason, in which order he has advanced to the Thirty-second degree. Dr. Beates married, September 3, 1896, Agnes T. Barrington. Their one child, Henry Beates, 3rd, died in infancy.



HENRY BEATES, JR.

University medical teaching was graduated. In 1891, when the Commonwealth first seriously interested itself in compulsory higher medical education, Governor Robert E. Pattison appointed Dr. Beates a member of the Pennsylvania State Board of Medical Examiners. The next administration under Governor Hastings reappointed him to this position, as did also that of Governor William A. Stone, who twice reposed the responsible trust upon him. He has held the office ever since, and from 1899 to date has been honored with the Presidency of the Board. Many important advances in medical education have been initiated under Dr. Beates' influence. A full four years' course of Medical Study has been established; short cuts to the degree abolished; proper

JOHNSON, William Norton, 1858-

Class of 1878 Arts, 1883 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1878, and Medical Department 1883; practicing physician in Germantown since that date.

WILLIAM NORTON JOHNSON, M.D., was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, July 23, 1858. His parents were Norton and Emily (Hoyt) Johnson. On his paternal side he is directly descended from Dirck Jansen, one of the first settlers of the township of Germantown, who came over from Holland in 1683 and obtained a grant of land from Francis Daniel Pastorius, Penn's special agent. On his mother's side his descent is from Jonas Weed, who came from Yarmouth, England, in 1630, on the "Arabella" of Winthrop's fleet, with Sir Richard Saltonstall, landing near Boston and settling in 1642 in Stamford, Connecticut. William Norton Johnson was prepared for College at the Germantown Academy and at Miss Hodgson's private school. He matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in the Collegiate Department, graduating with the Class of 1878. Entering the Medical Department two years after his academic course was completed, he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883. For one year subsequent to graduation he was Resident at the Germantown Hospital, and since 1884 he has been engaged in private practice in Germantown. In 1891 he became connected with the Germantown Hospital, as a member of the visiting staff. Dr. Johnson

has been a Director of the National Bank of Germantown since 1887. He has been a Trustee of the Germantown Academy since 1885, and for several years he has been a Trustee of the Concord School. He is one of the Governors of the Young Republican Club of Germantown, and is a member of the Germantown and Philadelphia Cricket Clubs. Dr. Johnson married, April 24, 1889, Sarah Trowbridge Bartow of Brooklyn. A daughter, Charlotte Trowbridge Johnson, was born to them on June 11,



WM. N. JOHNSON

1890, but died on August 28, 1891. On September 18, 1901, another daughter was born, Edith Bartow Johnson.

HUNT, Isaac, 1751-1809.

Class of 1763.

Born in Barbadoes, W. I., 1751; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1763; Tutor in the College, 1763; imprisoned as a Loyalist, but escaped to England; ordained to the ministry; Tutor to the Hon. Mr. Leigh, nephew of the Duke of Chandos; author of various political and religious essays; father of the poet Leigh Hunt; died in London, Eng., 1809.

ISAAC HUNT, A.M., son of the Rev. Isaac Hunt, Rector of St. Michael's at Bridgetown, Barbadoes, was born in Barbadoes in 1751, and was sent to Philadelphia to acquire his education. He was graduated at the College of Philadelphia

as Valedictorian in the Class of 1763, officiating as Tutor in the College during the last year of his course, and after reading law for two years engaged in practice in Philadelphia. On his admission to the Bar in 1765 he made application to the College for his degree as Master of Arts, but it was withheld upon technical grounds. In the next year he renewed his request, only to be again refused, this time on account of his being charged with the authorship and publication of several scandalous "pieces," among them one entitled "The Substance of an Exercise had this Morning in Scurrility Hall," which had been issued anonymously. Finally, in 1771, the Trustees granted him the degree. The degree was also conferred upon him by Columbia College in 1773. In the stormy days at the beginning of the Revolution he became conspicuous as a Loyalist, writing pamphlets in support of the crown and in other ways making himself offensive to the Philadelphians. As a consequence he was mobbed at one time, and later was arrested and thrown into prison, from which he escaped by bribing a sentinel and fled to Barbadoes, thence making his way to England. There he was ordained in the established church by the Bishop of London, and for a time he preached in Bentwick Chapel, Paddington. Coming under the notice of the Duke of Chandos, the latter engaged him as tutor to his nephew, Mr. Leigh, and for several years he was a member of the Duke's family. In later life he changed his religious views and became a Unitarian. He married Mary, daughter of Stephen Shewell of Philadelphia, and was the father of Leigh Hunt, the poet. He died in London, England, in 1809. Among his published writings the most noteworthy are "The Political Family, or a Discourse pointing out the Reciprocal Advantages which flow from an Uninterrupted Union between Great Britain and her American Colonies," issued at Philadelphia in 1775; and "Right of Englishmen: an Antidote to the Poison of Thomas Paine," published at London in 1791.

HARRISON, Theodore Leland, 1849-

Class of 1870.

Born in St. Petersburg, Russia, 1849; early education received in private schools in Europe; B.S. from University of Pennsylvania, 1870; executor of estate of Joseph Harrison, Jr.

THEODORE LELAND HARRISON was born in St. Petersburg, Russia, in 1849. His father was Joseph Harrison, Jr., of Philadelphia,

who like President Benjamin Harrison, was a descendant of Colonel Thomas Harrison, the Regicide of Charles I. Theodore Leland Harrison's mother was Sarah Poulterer, born in Portsmouth, England. His youth being spent in Europe, he was educated at private schools in Dresden, Paris, and Philadelphia. He entered the Class of 1870 at the University of Pennsylvania, was Class Treasurer 1869-1870, and was graduated as Bachelor of Science in the latter year. He was connected then with the Harrison Boiler Works on Gray's Ferry Road in Philadelphia. Since March 1874 he has been the executor of his



THEODORE L. HARRISON

father's extensive estate. Mr. Harrison is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the Merion Cricket and Golf Club, the Philadelphia Country Club, the St. David's Golf Club, the Atlantic City Country Club, the Philadelphia Gun Club, and the Royal Isle of Wight Golf Club, in England. For two years he was a Governor of the Merion Cricket Club. He is a member and for eight years was a Governor of the Zoölogical Society of Philadelphia, and is a life member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. In September 1874, Mr. Harrison married Sarah Brooks Stovell, by whom he has three children: Joseph Harrison, Theodore L. Harrison, Jr., and Maud Stovell Harrison. He resides at Rosemont, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

NEILSON, John, 1745-1833.

Class of 1761.

Born in New Brunswick, N. J., 1745; entered College of Philadelphia 1758, but did not graduate; merchant in New Brunswick, N. J.; Captain, Colonel and Brigadier-General, New Jersey Militia, 1775-77; Deputy Quartermaster-General, 1780-83; member Continental Congress 1778-79, New Jersey Ratification Convention 1790, New Jersey Assembly 1800-01; President Board of Trustees Rutgers College; died 1833.

JOHAN NEILSON, son of Dr. John Neilson and Joanna Cocymans, was born at Raritan Landing (now New Brunswick), New Jersey, March 3, 1745. His parents came from Belfast, Ireland. He was educated in Philadelphia schools and at the College of Philadelphia, where he was a student but not a graduate with the Class of 1761, and engaged in mercantile business in his native town until 1775. At the beginning of the Revolution he raised a company which he commanded until appointed Colonel of the Second Regiment Middlesex County Militia in 1776. In 1777 he was commissioned Brigadier-General, and two years later was given command of all the militia in Northern New Jersey. He was a member of the Continental Congress in 1778-1779, was a delegate to the State Ratification Convention in 1790, and represented New Brunswick in the State Assembly in 1800-1801. After the war he resumed his occupation of shipping merchant. He was associated as a shareholder with Alexander Hamilton's Manufacturing Company, established at Paterson, New Jersey, in 1792, and from 1782 to 1833 was a Trustee of Rutgers College, serving during a part of that time as President of the Board. In 1824 he was presented with a sword by Lafayette. He married Catherine, a daughter of John Voorhees, and died in New Brunswick, March 11, 1833.

BAUER, Louis Gustav, 1846-

Class of 1872 Med.

Born in Germany, 1846; attended German public schools; came to America, 1860; studied in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1872; practitioner since 1872.

LOUIS GUSTAV BAUER, M.D., was born in Kochersteinsfeld, Würtemberg, Germany, in 1846, the son of Dr. Frederick and Johanna (Hebsacker) Bauer. Attending the public schools at his birthplace until ten years of age, he was then put in the hands of a private tutor at Gerabronn, where he was taught Latin, music and other elementary branches. Coming to Philadelphia in 1860 on a visit, he was induced to remain. He entered the

drug business and soon opened a drug store. In 1864 and 1865 he took the courses at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, but later deciding to give up pharmacy in favor of medicine, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in regular course with his class in March 1872. Since then he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Bauer is President of the Board of Physicians to the German Society, Physician to the Protestant Home for the Aged, and Medical Examiner for the Legion of Honor, the Knights of Honor and the Odd Fellows



LOUIS G. BAUER

Endowment Association. He is a life-member of the Alumni Society of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and of the General Alumni Society of the University, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania and the American Medical Association, and is also a life-member of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and of the American Pharmaceutical Association. He has been an elder of Zion's Lutheran Church for the past twenty years, is Past Master of Columbia Lodge, and life-member of Harmony Chapter in the Masonic fraternity, Past Grand of Covenant Lodge, and Past Chief Patriarch of Harris Encampment of Odd Fellows, member of the German Society, the German Hospital and a number of other associations. Dr. Bauer has been

twice married, first in 1866 to Emma M., daughter of the late Rev. Carl Rudolph Demme, D.D. (Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania 1851-53), by whom he has two sons. She died in 1893 and in 1895 he married Sophia M., daughter of Henry P. Kunzig, by whom he has also had two sons.

ALLYN, Herman Bryden, 1860-

Class of 1882 Arts, 1885 Med.

Born at White Eyes Plains, Ohio, 1860; educated preliminarily in Philadelphia public schools; graduated Arts Department of University of Pennsylvania 1882, Medical Department 1885; Resident Physician Philadelphia Hospital, 1885-86; Resident Physician Girard College, 1886-87; Associate Editor "Medical and Surgical Reporter," 1887-89; Instructor Physical Diagnosis at the University since 1890; Visiting Physician St. Joseph's Hospital, 1899-1901; Visiting Physician Philadelphia Hospital, and Clinical Professor of Medicine Woman's Medical College.

HERMAN BRYDEN ALLYN, M.D., was born at White Eyes Plains, Coshocton county, Ohio, May 2, 1860, son of Isaac Webster and Elizabeth (Long) Allyn. He is a descendant on the paternal side of Matthew Allyn, who emigrated from Devonshire, England, about the year 1632, finally settling in Windsor, Connecticut, and his maternal ancestors were Canadians. Having studied preliminarily in the Philadelphia public schools, he pursued the regular College course at the University with the Class of 1882, and remaining as a student in the Medical Department, was graduated in 1885 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For the year following his graduation he was Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Hospital, then for a year Resident Physician at Girard College, Philadelphia, and for the two succeeding years he occupied the Associate Editorial Chair of the "Medical and Surgical Reporter." In 1890 he was summoned back to the University as Instructor in Physical Diagnosis in the Medical Department, and has ever since retained that post. From 1899 to 1901 he was Visiting Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital, has served in a similar capacity to the Philadelphia Hospital from 1900 to the present time, and for the past two years has held the Clinical Professorship of Medicine in the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania. Dr. Allyn is a member of the American Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the College of Physicians, Philadelphia. In 1889 he married Rachael Patterson Gregory; their children are: Herman Webster, Henry Gregory and Emily Allyn.

GILPIN, Hood, 1853-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1872; admitted to Philadelphia Bar 1874; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Assistant United States Attorney, 1875-85; Manager Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company; President School Board of Eighth Ward, Philadelphia.

HOOD GILPIN, the son of Charles and Sarah Hamilton (Hood) Gilpin, was born in Philadelphia, October 19, 1853. He is a descendant of Joseph Gilpin, who settled at Chadd's Ford, Pennsylvania, in 1696, and from Joseph Gilpin, who was a Colonel in the Parliamentary Army,



HOOD GILPIN

after which time the family identified themselves with the Society of Friends. Prepared for College at the schools of Eliphalet Roberts and Henry D. Gregory, he entered the University of Pennsylvania while it was still located on Ninth Street, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1872. Selecting law as his profession he was admitted to the Bar after completing his studies in the office of his father in 1874, and was admitted to practice before the Pennsylvania Supreme Court in 1877. From 1875 to 1885 he was Assistant United States Attorney. Mr. Gilpin is Manager of the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company, Manager of the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity, and President of the School Board of the Eighth Ward. He has been a

member of the Union League since 1885, has long been a vestryman of Christ Church in Philadelphia, and is a member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. Mr. Gilpin was married in 1882 to Emily Olivia Hopkinson, by whom he has three children: one son and two daughters. His residence is in Philadelphia.

JONES, Samuel, 1735-1814.

Class of 1762.

Born in South Wales, G. B., 1735; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1762; Baptist clergyman; pastor at Southampton and Pennepek, Pa.; conducted a private theological school; one of the founders of Brown University; Chaplain in the Revolution; President Philadelphia Baptist Association; died in Philadelphia, 1814.

SAMUEL JONES, A.M., D.D., was born in Bettws Parish, Glamorganshire, South Wales, January 14, 1735. He was a son of the Rev. Thomas Jones, who came to Philadelphia in 1737, and with a colony of Welsh Baptists founded the Baptist Church in Tulpehocken, Pennsylvania. His mother was Martha Morris. He was graduated in 1762 at the College of Philadelphia, was ordained in 1763, and became pastor of the churches at Southampton and Pennepek, Bucks county, Pennsylvania. In 1770 he gave up his charge at Southampton, and thenceforward until his death devoted his whole time to Pennepek (now Lower Dublin). For many years he also conducted a private theological seminary. Dr. Jones was one of the founders of Rhode Island College, now Brown University, and on the death of President Manning was tendered the Presidency of that institution, but declined the honor. He was President of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Baptist Association from its incorporation in 1797, and was the author of "The Doctrine of the Covenant," "A Treatise on Church Discipline," "A Selection of Psalms and Hymns," and several published sermons. He held the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Divinity both from Brown University and the University of Pennsylvania. His wife was Sylvia Spicer, of Cape May, New Jersey. He died in Philadelphia, February 7, 1814.

BELL, Edward Jordan, 1853-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1873; member and patron of many learned societies.

EDWARD JORDAN BELL was born in Philadelphia, December 31, 1853, the son of John Thomas and Antoinette (Jordan) Bell. The first

American ancestor in the paternal line was John Bell, who was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, April 22, 1721. This John Bell was the son of Henry Bell, who came to America from the northern part of England. On his mother's side Mr. Bell is descended from John Bevan, who, it is claimed, was a descendant through John of Gaunt of Edward III. of England. Mr. Bell attended the private school of Eliphalet Roberts in Philadelphia, and afterward was sent to Rugby Academy, where he was prepared for the Course in Arts in the University of Pennsylvania. From that institution



EDWARD J. BELL

he received the Bachelor's degree with his class in 1873. Throughout his life he has been a great traveller, having visited nearly all the accessible parts of Europe. He has travelled widely also in this country and in British North America. In 1897, with four guides, Mr. Bell traversed the country that lies between Lake St. John and Hudson's Bay, coming back to civilization by way of the Moose River. In the summer of 1901 he made a tour of Japan. He is a life-member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Zoölogical Society of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society, the Moravian Historical Society, and the Society of the Alumni, Departments of Arts and Sciences, of the University of Pennsylvania.

GILPIN, Henry Dilworth, 1801-1860.

Class of 1819

Born in Lancaster, Eng., 1801; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1819; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; United States District Attorney; Government Director United States Bank; Solicitor United States Treasury; Attorney-General United States; Trustee University of Pennsylvania; President Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts; Director Girard College; Secretary and Director Chesapeake & Delaware Canal; died in Philadelphia, 1860.

HENRY DILWORTH GILPIN, son of Joshua Gilpin and Mary Dilworth, was born in Lancaster, England, April 14, 1801. He came of Quaker ancestors who emigrated from England to Pennsylvania in 1696. Thomas Gilpin, his grandfather, was the originator of the canal between the Delaware and the Chesapeake, was one of the founders of Wilmington College in Delaware, and was one of the original members of the American Philosophical Society in 1769. Joshua Gilpin, son of Thomas and father of Henry Dilworth, promoted to completion, after many discouragements, the canal which his father projected. Henry D. Gilpin was graduated in 1819 at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was Moderator of the Philosophical Society and Valedictorian of his class. He studied law with Joseph R. Ingersoll, and engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. In 1831 he was appointed United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and served in that office until 1835. He was made Government Director of the United States Bank in Philadelphia in 1833, by appointment of President Jackson, and was re-nominated in 1835 but rejected by the United States Senate. In 1837 he was Solicitor of the United States Treasury, and in 1840-1841 he was Attorney-General of the United States. After retirement from public life Mr. Gilpin devoted himself to the interests of the various institutions and societies with which he became connected, and to literary work. He was President of the Academy of Fine Arts, Vice-President of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania 1853-1858, a Director of Girard College, member of the American Philosophical Society, associate member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and a Director of the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal. He contributed numerous articles to periodical literature; published "Gilpin's Reports," "Opinions of the Attorney-Generals of the United States from the Beginning of the Government to 1841," and many addresses; and edited "The

Papers of James Madison," purchased from Mrs. Madison by the Government for thirty thousand dollars, and published by authority of Congress. He married Mrs. Eliza Johnston of New Orleans. At his death he left fifty-seven thousand dollars to the Chicago Historical Society, and his valuable library to the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, together with a bequest for the erection of a library building. He died in Philadelphia, January 29, 1860.

BROWNE, William Hardcastle, 1840-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; educated at University of Pennsylvania and Amherst College; engaged in teaching, 1862-64; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1865; located for practice in that city and acquired prominence in his profession; legal writer and author of several miscellaneous works.

WILLIAM HARDCASTLE BROWNE, LL.D., lawyer and author, was born in Philadelphia, November 14, 1840, son of Rev. Charles and Eliza Ann (Hardcastle) Brown. His father, who did not add the final "e" to his surname, was a Presbyterian minister of prominence, and for many years was Treasurer of one of the Boards connected with that denomination, that of Ministerial Relief. His mother was the daughter of a Maryland planter, who for upward of a quarter of a century represented his district in the Legislature of that state. William Hardcastle Browne entered the Department of Arts in the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1860, but withdrew at the close of his Sophomore year, and after teaching a year in Maryland, he continued his studies at Amherst College, where he took his Bachelor's degree in 1861, and received that of Master of Arts in course. In 1899, Ursinus College bestowed the degree of Doctor of Laws upon him. After leaving College, he turned his attention to educational pursuits, teaching classics for a time at a large military academy, and was subsequently Instructor in Elocution and History at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia. His legal preparations were directed by William F. Judson, Esq. (now deceased), and after his admission to the bar in 1865, he began the practice of law in his native city. He almost immediately acquired prominence as an advocate of more than usual brilliancy, and as a result, he was retained in many noteworthy cases wherein important issues were involved. He specialized to a considerable

extent in the law of divorce, a field in which he was particularly successful, and he is frequently solicited to render opinions upon the merits of divorce decrees with special reference to the exact status of the offspring involved. Among his numerous *causes celebres*, perhaps the most notable one was that known as the Mount Moriah Cemetery case, wherein he opposed the Cemetery corporation, which had refused to permit the remains of a wealthy colored man to be buried within its grounds. Having defeated the corporation in the lower court, the case was carried to the Supreme



WM. HARDCASTLE BROWNE

Court on appeal, and there he was again victorious. His reputation does not rest alone upon his powers as an advocate, as he is the author of several legal works which have become standard authorities, and his superior knowledge of the more intricate phases of law adds in no small measure to his qualifications as a legal writer. His legal works comprise some fourteen volumes, and include a "Digest of Decisions on Divorce and Alimony," a "Commentary on the Law of Divorce," an "Abridgement of Blackstone's Commentaries," an "Abridgement of Kent's Commentaries," "Law of Negligence in Pennsylvania," "Law of Decedents' Estates in Pennsylvania," and the "Pennsylvania Legal Time-table," a manual containing the pith of hundreds of laws and court rules relative to the time for serving

legal notices and processes. Nor have his literary efforts been confined solely to the legal field, as he is also the author of "Heart Throbs of Gifted Authors," "Witty Sayings by Witty People," "Familiar Quotations," "Bible Heroes," "Synopsis of the Passion Play at Ober-Ammergau," "Famous Women of History," "Odd Derivations of Words," "A Compilation of Proverbs," and an abridgement of the Waverley Novels. During his college days, Mr. Browne was actively interested in athletic sports, was the President of the Cricket Club, and subsequently was for a number of years a Director of the Belmont Cricket Club of Philadelphia. He was actively connected with the reform movement in municipal politics, and the committee of thirty-one Democrats formulated to act jointly with the famous Republican Committee of one hundred, was organized in his office. Mr. Browne was married in 1869 to a daughter of the late Hon. Thomas Beaver of Danville, Pennsylvania, one of the most prominent iron manufacturers and coal operators of his day. One of his sons, Charles Browne (A.M. Princeton), was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1900; and is now a Resident Physician in the Presbyterian Hospital of Philadelphia; the other, Thomas Beane Browne, formerly in the Scientific Department at Princeton, is connected with a prominent firm of Philadelphia brokers. Mr. Browne's only daughter is the wife of Rev. C. L. Candee, late of Chicago, a graduate of Princeton College and the Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Riverton, New Jersey.

settled in Burlington, West New Jersey, on the 23rd of July 1680 (old style), as one of the proprietaries of West New Jersey in America, having a grant of one-ninetieth of the one-eighth of West Jersey. Harry B. French received his early education in private schools of Philadelphia, and entered the Class of 1877 at the University of Pennsylvania, but left in the Sophomore year and studied for two years in the Class of 1879 at Harvard. Entering upon a business life he became a member of the wholesale drug firm of French, Richards & Company. On the dissolution of that firm, owing to the death of



HARRY B. FRENCH

FRENCH, Harry Banks, 1857-

Class of 1877.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated in private schools of that city, the Class of 1877 University of Pennsylvania, and Class of 1879 Harvard; member wholesale drug firm of French, Richards & Co.; subsequently Vice-President of the Smith, Kline & French Company.

HARRY BANKS FRENCH, son of Clayton and Catharine Ann (Hansell) French, was born in Philadelphia, July 25, 1857. He is English by descent, belonging to the family of the Norman Ffrenches, and a descendant of Thomas Ffrench, who was baptized in the church now standing in Nether Hayford, North Hampshire, in the year 1537. Thomas Ffrench was imprisoned because he left the Church of England and became a Quaker, or Friend. For this reason he emigrated and

his father, he became Vice-President of the Smith, Kline & French Company. For some years Mr. French has been identified with the Municipal League, was Chairman of the Union Committee for the Abolition of the Public Buildings Commission, a member of the Committee of Twenty to investigate the charges of Mr. John Wanamaker against Director English, and succeeded George Burnham, Esq., as President of the Municipal League. He is a member of the University Club, Church Club, Art Club, Radnor Hunt, Merion Cricket Club and Chess Club, Philadelphia. Mr. French was first married to Augusta Ann Graham, in 1883; who died in 1892, leaving four children. He married, second, in 1900, Elizabeth Engle Pentz, née Lombaert.

ESLER, Frederic Brown, 1853-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; graduated in the College, University of Pennsylvania, 1873; admitted to Philadelphia Bar 1876, and to the New York Bar 1886; practicing lawyer in New York City.

FREDERIC BROWN ESLER, lawyer, is a native of Philadelphia, where he was born August 8, 1853. Of Irish and Welsh ancestry, he is the son of Robert Brice and Susannah (Morgan) Esler. After attending preparatory schools he entered the College Department of the University of



FREDERIC B. ESLER

Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Arts in 1873, and receiving the Master's degree in course. He read law in the office of Hon. George W. Biddle of Philadelphia, and was admitted to the Bar in 1876. In 1874 he was nominated as a Democratic candidate for the Pennsylvania Legislature. Removing to New York, he became a member of the Bar of New York State in 1886, and has since practiced his profession in New York City. Mr. Esler belongs to the Metropolitan, the Players', the New York Yacht, the Suburban Riding and Driving, the City Midday and the University of Pennsylvania clubs of New York City, and the Junior Athenæum Club of London, England. In 1884 he married Rebecca Hammond Lemist. His residence is in New York City.

TOWNE, Henry Robinson, 1844-

Class of 1865.

Born in Philadelphia, 1844; educated in private school and at University of Pennsylvania; acquired a knowledge of mechanical engineering through practical training in Philadelphia; superintended the installation of machinery on two United States monitors during the Civil War, and subsequently became Acting Superintendent of the Port Richmond Iron Works, Philadelphia; studied engineering in Paris, 1866; formed partnership with Linus Yale for developing the Yale lock, 1868; became President of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company 1869, and later of its successor the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company; effected numerous improvements in decorative metal work and originated what is known as "Art Hardware;" President American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 1888-89; member New York World's-Fair Commission, 1889-90; member American Society of Civil Engineers, the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia, and several other scientific and social bodies; received from the University of Pennsylvania the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1888.

HENRY ROBINSON TOWNE, son of John Henry Towne, founder of the Towne Scientific School, and Maria R. Tevis, was born in Philadelphia, August 28, 1844. He is a descendant in the ninth generation of William Towne, who arrived at Salem, Massachusetts, from Yarmouth, England, about the year 1640, and subsequently settled in Topsfield, Massachusetts, where he died about 1672, his direct ancestors continuing to reside in Essex county, Massachusetts, until the early part of the nineteenth century. His grandfather, John Towne, began his business life in Baltimore, where he became associated with Henry Robinson, an Englishman, and he married his partner's sister. Locating in 1817 at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, he actively interested himself in the early steamboat navigation of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and in 1832 he went to Boston for the purpose of again becoming associated with Mr. Robinson who was then the owner of the Boston Gas Works. Retiring from business in 1840, he removed to Philadelphia, where his death occurred in 1851. He was a man of superior mental attainments, refined tastes and excellent judgment in matters relative to horticulture and the fine arts, and his ample fortune enabled him to gather a rare collection of paintings and of flowering plants. John Henry Towne, the father of Henry R., was born in Pittsburg in 1818. He was educated principally at the Chauncy Hall School in Boston, and studied engineering in Philadelphia. Shortly afterward he became a member of the firm of Merrick & Towne of that city, proprietors of the Southwark Foundry, one of the

best-known engineering concerns of its day. Withdrawing from that firm in 1848, he engaged in general engineering and the construction of gas works until about 1860, when he became one of the proprietors of the Port Richmond Iron Works, Philadelphia. As chief engineer of the last-named enterprise, he planned and constructed considerable heavy machinery and a number of large marine engines for the United States Navy during the Civil War. He died in Paris, France, in 1875. For a number of years he was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, and in recognition of



HENRY R. TOWNE

a large bequest left by him to that institution, its technical department was named The Towne Scientific School. He married, in 1843, Maria R. Tevis, daughter of Joshua Tevis, a prominent Philadelphia merchant. From a Philadelphia private school Henry Robinson Towne entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1861, but withdrew prior to the completion of the regular course in order to begin his practical studies in mechanical engineering at the Port Richmond Iron Works. His inherited genius for the higher mechanical arts, together with the immense volume of government business that came to the works during the Civil War, provided him with excellent opportunities for rapid advancement. When the machinery for the monitors "Monadnock" and "Agamenticus" was forwarded

to the Charlestown and Portsmouth navy-yards, he was intrusted with the responsibility of representing the firm at its installation, and in recognition of the able manner in which he executed his task he was appointed, in 1865, Acting Superintendent of the Works. In 1866 he devoted several months to professional study in Paris, and while abroad he inspected some of the leading engineering establishments of England and France. The intervening time between his return from Europe and the organization of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company, was devoted to general engineering work, which included among other important undertakings the construction of the machinery for the United States sloop of war "Pushmataha." He also conducted, jointly with his friend Robert Briggs (now deceased), a series of experiments on leather belting. In the summer of 1868 he became associated with Linus Yale, Jr., the inventor of the now famous Yale bank and key locks, and he thenceforward devoted his exclusive attention to the development of the enterprise thus founded, contributing to it the results of his early training in modern manufacturing and in industrial organization, as well as capital. A corporation was formed, under the name of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company, and Stamford, Connecticut, was selected as an ideal location in which to establish the plant. The untimely death of his partner, Mr. Yale, which occurred December 25, 1868, necessarily impeded the progress of the young enterprise, but in the following July Mr. Towne succeeded Mr. Yale as President, and subsequently purchased Mr. Yale's interest from the heirs of the latter, whereupon they withdrew entirely from the management of the corporation. Under Mr. Towne's exclusive control and direction the enterprise progressed rapidly, and ere long extended into other industrial fields, with the result that it outlived its original corporate name, which was in consequence changed to its present title of The Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company. The half-dozen forms of the Yale Lock left by the inventor have since expanded into several hundred varieties, resulting from improvements and inventions made by the President and his associates. In addition to an almost endless variety of locks of all kinds and types, the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company produces Post Office equipments, including metallic boxes with Yale Locks, Chain Blocks, and a great variety of ornamental and decorative metal work of the highest artistic character, known as "Art Hardware." Probably there is no appliance

more widely known and used than the Yale Lock, and the Yale lock-box for post offices has long been used in foreign countries as well as by the United States Government. The initial plant, erected in 1868, has been enlarged to many times its original size, covering at the present time an area of about twenty acres and employing an average force of over two thousand workmen. In 1889 Mr. Towne was chosen Chairman of an organized party of American engineers, about three hundred in number, who, while visiting England and France, received unbounded hospitality from engineering societies in these countries. He is a life member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, of which he was President in 1888-1889, and is a frequent contributor to its transactions; was an active member of the New York World's Fair Commission in 1889-1890; is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; is a member of various other scientific organizations, as well as of numerous social clubs, and a Director of several industrial corporations. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania in 1888. He was married in 1868 to Cora E., daughter of John P. and Eliza Canfield (Tallmadge) White. She is a granddaughter of Dr. John White of Delaware, and a great-granddaughter on the paternal side of Gov. David Hall of that state. Mrs. Towne's father was one of the best-known merchants of Philadelphia in his day. Her maternal grandfather was Frederick Augustus Tallmadge, at one time Recorder of the City of New York, who was a son of Col. Benjamin Tallmadge, a Revolutionary officer and an Aide-de-camp of General Washington. Gen. William Floyd, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, was also one of her ancestors. Mr. and Mrs. Towne have two sons: John Henry and Frederick Tallmadge Towne, both of whom are connected with the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company's works.

Philadelphia, and Sarah Hamilton (Hood) Gilpin. The Gilpins were of English ancestry and the Hoods of Scotch-Irish stock. Mr. Gilpin attended the preparatory schools of Eliphalet Roberts and Dr. Henry D. Gregory. After being fitted for the classical course at the University of Pennsylvania, he entered the College Department there, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1875. Reading law in the office of his father, he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated Bachelor of Laws in 1878, when he also received the degree of Master



BERNARD GILPIN

of Arts. Mr. Gilpin has been a practicing lawyer in Philadelphia ever since that date. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma, and of the Union League of Philadelphia. In 1884 he married Clara K. Hollis, now deceased, and in 1899 was married to Florence Fox. He has two daughters. His home is in Philadelphia.

GILPIN, Bernard, 1856-

Class of 1875 Arts, 1878 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; graduated A.B. at University of Pennsylvania 1875, A.M. and LL.B. 1878; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

BERNARD GILPIN, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, December 22, 1856, son of Charles Gilpin, a prominent practicing attorney in Phila-

PAUL, Frank William, 1841-

Class of 1861.

Born in Florence, Italy, 1841; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1861; soldier in the volunteer and regular army, 1861-68; brevet Captain United States Volunteers 1866, and brevet Captain United States

Army 1867; Major and Judge Advocate of Pennsylvania National Guard, 1876; member of Philadelphia Bar since 1869.

FRANK WILLIAM PAUL was born in Florence, Italy, October 14, 1841. His father, James W. Paul, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1833, was actively engaged in legal practice in Philadelphia from 1837 to 1895, and was one of the founders of the Union League of that city. The first American representative of the family was Joseph Paul, who came from York-



FRANK W. PAUL

shire, England, in 1682, and was for a time a member of the General Assembly of the province of Pennsylvania. Mr. Paul's mother was Hannah Clement Bunker, a descendant of George Bunker, who settled at Topsfield, Massachusetts, in 1647. Frank W. Paul was prepared for College in Dr. J. G. Lyons' Boarding School at Haverford, Pennsylvania, and at Dr. Faires' Classical Institute in Philadelphia. He matriculated in the Department of Arts, University of Pennsylvania, entering the Sophomore Class, and took his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1861. Being at the time in the three-months service as a private in the Commonwealth Pennsylvania Artillery, having volunteered at the breaking out of the Civil War, he was mustered out August 5, 1861, and on November 12, 1861, he was ap-

pointed First Lieutenant of a battery attached to the Fifty-eighth Pennsylvania Infantry, in which he saw active service at the front for several years. On March 13, 1866, he was brevetted Captain of United States Volunteers for "gallant and meritorious services during the war." On July 28, 1866, he was appointed First Lieutenant of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, and on March 2, 1867, was brevetted Captain in the United States Army for gallantry in action at Petersburg Mine, Virginia. Leaving the regular army November 14, 1868, he took up the study of law and was admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar in September 1869. He continues to follow his profession actively in that city. Captain Paul was made Major and Judge Advocate of the First Division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in 1876. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the University Club of Philadelphia, the Merion Cricket Club, the Radnor Hunt, the United Service Club, the Legion Dining Club, the Alpha Alumni Chapter of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity and Signet Chapter of Royal Arch Masons. In politics Captain Paul is a Republican. On March 2, 1875, he married Florence Oglesby of New Orleans. He has four children: Margaret O., Oglesby, Mary L. and Frank W. Paul, Jr.

FIELD, Robert Patterson, 1850-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1850; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1872; took post-graduate course in mining and civil engineering; consulting engineer for many years.

ROBERT PATTERSON FIELD was born in Philadelphia, November 19, 1850. He is the son of Samuel Field and of Mary Gray (Patterson) Field, who was descended from Robert Patterson, one time the Vice-Provost of the University of Pennsylvania and for several years President of the American Philosophical Society. Receiving his preliminary education at private schools in Philadelphia, he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1868, graduating from the Arts Department in 1872 and subsequently pursuing a post-graduate course in mining and civil-engineering. From 1875 to 1880 Mr. Field was principal assistant-engineer for the Cambria Iron Company, at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and for a year following that period he was in the service of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company in Philadelphia. For fourteen years,

1881-1895, he was a consulting engineer in Philadelphia, becoming in 1895 Actuary of the Security Trust and Life Insurance Company, which position he held until 1900. From 1884 to 1894 he was Actuary of the Presbyterian Ministers' Fund. Mr. Field is a member of the American Philosophical Society, and of the Actuarial Society of America. He married, in 1878, May Prime, daughter of Rev.



ROBERT P. FIELD

Henry Clay Trumbull, D.D., of Philadelphia, by whom he has two children: a son and a daughter. His home is in Philadelphia.

DUFFIELD, George, 1794-1868.

Class of 1811.

Born in Strasburg, Pa., 1794; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1811, and Theological Seminary of New York City 1814; held pastorates in Carlisle and Philadelphia, Pa., New York City, and Detroit, Mich.; Regent University of Michigan, 1840-48; D.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1841; died in Detroit, 1868.

GEORGE DUFFIELD, D.D., son of the Rev. George Duffield, was born in Strasburg, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1794. He was raised by his paternal grandfather, who was a Chaplain of the First United States Congress. At an early age he entered the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1811, and was graduated from

the College Department with honors when sixteen years of age. He at once entered the Theological Seminary of New York City, where he studied for three years, and in 1815 was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Philadelphia. The following December he accepted a call to Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and served the Presbyterian Church there for nineteen years. He was then Pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia for two years, resigning this charge to accept one at the Broadway Tabernacle in New York City. In 1838 he removed to Detroit at the invitation of the First Presbyterian Society, and served that church until his death in 1868. Dr. Duffield was appointed Regent of the University of Michigan in 1840, and served until 1848. He was the right man for the place, for he was what might be termed a universal scholar. He always found scientific studies especially pleasant; he was versed in chemistry, geology and meteorology, and could read the heavens like a printed page. He was also a fine linguist, having mastered eight or nine languages besides his own. These studies by no means made him a recluse or sapped his public spirit; for no movement started in the interest of his city, state or country failed of his support. He was widely known in church circles. He published "Regeneration;" "Claims of Episcopal Bishops Examined;" "Travels in the Holy Land," and various discourses and addresses. His wife was Isabella Graham Bethune, of New York City. Dr. Duffield was in the pulpit when seized with his last illness. He had been invited to deliver the address of welcome to the delegates of the International Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association at Detroit. When half-way through his address, he said, "My head reels, I must stop;" and he fell into the arms of those around him. He died June 26, 1868. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Pennsylvania, in 1841.

HOLLIS, William Henry, 1854-

Class of 1875

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1875; Secretary and Treasurer of various corporations; Executor and Trustee of estates.

WILLIAM HENRY HOLLIS was born in Philadelphia, October 26, 1854. He is the son of Peter Christopher and Hannah (Naylor) Hollis. Until the age of twelve he attended the public schools, and for the next five years studied at Dr.

Faires' Classical Institute. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1871, taking the full collegiate course and graduating with the Class of 1875. For two or three years he was employed as a clerk by various incorporated companies, and since 1880 he has been Secretary and Treasurer of a number of large corporations. He is also Executor and Trustee of several estates, and has for many years been associated with James P. Scott, son of the late Colonel Thomas A. Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, both with Mr. Scott individually and in his official capacity as executor of his father's es-



WM. H. HOLLIS

tate. Mr. Hollis is a member of the Cricket and the Down Town Clubs, and associate member of the Musical Club, of Philadelphia. In 1885 he married Mary Garrison Skillman, by whom he has had two children: Margaret Skillman and Gertrude Hollis. He resides at Wissahickon Heights, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

STAAKE, William H., 1846-

Class of 1868 Law.

Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1846; graduated Philadelphia High School 1865, and Law Department University of Pennsylvania 1868; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; holder of many offices in the Lutheran Church; Director of Mt. Airy Theological Seminary; Secretary of Pennsylvania Bar Association; Trustee

of many charitable institutions; Director of trust companies and member of Board in charge of Historical Museums in Independence Hall.

WILLIAM H. STAAKE was born in Brooklyn, New York, December 5, 1846. His father, Frederick Staake, came of a North German family from the Duchy of Brunswick. His mother, Sophia Smith Heaton, was of Welsh and English extraction. Mr. Staake attended private and public schools in Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School in February 1865. After completing this course he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and for three years he was a student at law in the office of Gustavus Remak, Esq. Upon receiving his Bachelor of Laws degree from the University in 1868, he became a member of the Philadelphia Bar, at which he has practiced ever since. For four years after admission he was his preceptor's assistant, and thus gained an experience in practical legal matters which has served him well throughout his career. Mr. Staake has always given liberally of his time and means to church and charitable organizations, which have entrusted him with many responsible offices. He is Vice-President, solicitor and a prominent committeeman of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Holy Communion, a delegate to the Ministerium of Pennsylvania (a state body) and to the General Council of the Evangelical Church in North America (the national body). He is Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Ministerium of Pennsylvania and its solicitor in all legal relations. He is a member of the Board of Trustees of the General Council, its Treasurer, and also the Treasurer of the General Council. He is also the solicitor of the General Council, and holds other positions having to do with the management of its large and important business interests. Mr. Staake is a Director and the solicitor of the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Mt. Airy, Pennsylvania, and a member of the Finance, Building and Executive committees of the Seminary. He is the Philadelphia solicitor of the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Chicago; Secretary of the Lutheran Mission and Church Extension Society, a position he has held for thirty years; member of the Executive Committee of the Lutheran Social Union, and solicitor of the Board of Publication of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. Among other positions held by Mr. Staake in connection with charities outside his church are President and solicitor of the Maternity Hospital of Philadelphia, solicitor of the Orphans' Home and

Asylum for the Aged and Infirm in Germantown, member of the Board of Managers of Rush Hospital for Consumptives, Trustee and Vice-President of the Mary J. Drexel Home and Philadelphia Mother House of Deaconesses, of which institution he is also the solicitor; Director of the Christian League, member of the Board of Managers of the House of Refuge, solicitor of the Samaritan Shelter, member of the Board of the Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia, and member of the Legal Committee of the Association, a position which requires much time and attention; member of Graduate

is a member of the Committee for the erection of a Luther monument in the new cathedral at Spires, Germany, and belongs to the Union League of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the Five O'clock Club, the Penn Club, the Art Club, the Philadelphia Rifle Club and several associations devoted to political reform. He is a Vice-President of the Associated Alumni of the Central High School, a member of the Athletic Council of the High School, as well as of the Athletic Association and Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania. In early life Mr. Staake was a Democrat, but he became a Republican on the tariff question. He married, in 1870, Henrietta C. Wagner, and has two children, a son and a daughter. His city home is in Philadelphia and his country residence is at Gwynedd, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.



WILLIAM H. STAAKE

Advisory Committee of the Christian Association of the University of Pennsylvania. Offices held by Mr. Staake in the business world include a directorship in the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, New Jersey, and the Fidelity Title & Trust Company of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Staake is Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, member of the Board of Governors of the Lawyers' Club and Chairman of the club's House Committee, Chairman of the Library Committee of the Law Association of Philadelphia, member of the Board having charge of Independence Hall and its Historical Museum and Secretary of the Board, Chairman of the Board of Examiners of candidates for admission to the Philadelphia Bar and a member of many committees in connection with Bar functions. He

YEATES, Jasper, 1745-1817.

Class of 1761.

Born in Philadelphia, 1745; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1761; jurist; member Pennsylvania Ratification Convention; Justice Supreme Court of Pennsylvania; compiler "Yeates' Reports;" died in Lancaster, Pa., 1817.

JASPER YEATES was born in Philadelphia, April 9, 1745, son of John Yeates and Elizabeth Sidebotham. His paternal grandfather was Jasper Yeates, a West India merchant who settled in Chester, Pennsylvania, where he became Chief Burgess, and subsequently an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and member of the Provincial Council of Pennsylvania. The grandson entered the College of Philadelphia in 1758 and was graduated in 1761. He then studied law, and was admitted to the Bar in 1765. He was chosen a member of the Lancaster County Committee of Correspondence in 1774, and became Chairman of the Committee in 1776. In 1787 he was a member of the convention that ratified the constitution of the United States, and from 1791 until his death he was an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. Judge Yeates served in 1794 as a commissioner, under appointment by President Washington, to negotiate a settlement of the whiskey insurrection in the western counties of Pennsylvania. During his career on the Bench he preserved notes of judicial proceedings in which he took part, and prepared them for publication. They were issued after his death, and were known as "Yeates' Reports." He married Sarah, daughter of Colonel James Burd. His daughter Catherine,

born in 1783, became noted for her benefactions; she gave \$26,000 to found the Yeates Institute for the education of young men for the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and contributed to its maintenance yearly. Judge Yeates died in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1817.

SIMPERS, Robert Nichols, 1851-

Class of 1874 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; educated at Washington College, Md., and public schools of Philadelphia; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1874; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ROBERT NICHOLS SIMPERS, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, November 11, 1851, the son of Rev. Thomas W. and Mary A. (Nichols) Simpser. His paternal ancestors came from England in the seventeenth century and settled in Cecil county, Maryland, where his father, a prominent clergyman of the Methodist denomination, was born. On his mother's side his great-grandfather, Robert Nichols, of New Fairchild, Connecticut, served for five years in the Revolutionary Army, participating in the battles of White Plains, Trenton, Germantown, Monmouth and Stony Point. In early life, Mr. Simpser lived with his parents in Delaware and Maryland. He attended Washington College at Chestertown, Maryland, and upon the removal of the family to Philadelphia in 1866 he entered the public schools of that city. He graduated at the Central High School with the highest honors of his class in 1871, his ability as a platform speaker securing for him the additional honor of class valedictorian. Having decided upon the law as a profession, he entered the office of Col. Chapman Biddle, at that time the general solicitor for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and at the same time entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated in 1874, and was admitted to the Bar in June of that year. Mr. Simpser's practice from the first has been a most important one, involving in a number of cases large interests, requiring legal learning and skill of no mean order. While still a student he was employed in the noted case of *Magee vs. Willing*. Hon. Daniel Dougherty represented the plaintiff, a servant in the employ of Mr. Willing, whose eye it was alleged had been injured by a blow from a mallet in the hands of Mr. Willing's son. Such noted practitioners as Chapman Biddle and Theodore Cuyler were of counsel for the defendant. Skill in discovering important evidence contributed

much to the deserved success of the defence. Shortly after his admission to the Bar, he was employed to prepare the evidence in a suit brought by Mrs. Maria E. Miskey against her wealthy husband. So thoroughly was the work done that a committee was duly appointed to take charge of the estate, and a former deed, by which it was sought to deprive Mrs. Miskey and her son of their just interest in the same, was set aside by the court. In *Evans vs. Repplier, Lanigan & Company*, Mr. Simpser, representing the claim of a poor widow, first appeared in court on his own behalf. Hon.



ROBERT N. SIMPERS

George M. Dallas was his opponent. The young lawyer won a favorable decision. The case attracted considerable attention at the time. In *Thompson & Company vs. Koble*, a bitter contest over a large amount of alleged forged commercial paper, Mr. Simpser represented the plaintiff. Another case, *Biddle vs. Strickey*, involved the title to eighty houses and lots situated in Philadelphia. Other cases were the consolidation and merger of the Nazareth Methodist Episcopal Church and the Central Methodist Episcopal Church; the amendments to the charter of the Temple Baptist Church; *First National Bank of Havre de Grace, Maryland vs. John Hunter and James Roug*; *Hazel vs. People's Passenger Railway Company*, and the *National Bank of Newburg vs. Billings and Shreve*. In the

City Academy Dancing fund, Mr. Simpers was appointed Trustee to succeed Walter L. C. Biddle, who had succeeded the late Chapman Biddle and the late Hon. George W. Biddle. In such suits as the old St. George's Hotel cases, the equity cases against the McCollough Iron Company and McDaniel I. Harvey Company and others Mr. Simpers has appeared actively in the courts of Pennsylvania and Maryland, but of recent years his active office practice and the management of the estates in his charge have kept him out of court. Mr. Simpers was for several years an instructor in the Temple School. He has travelled in England, France, Germany and Switzerland, settling a business matter with the Bank of Zurich while abroad for Chicago clients. He has always taken an active interest in Masonry, and is a member and Past Master of Crescent Lodge No. 493. He is a member of the Law Association and the Lawyers' Club, and stands high in the estimation of his professional associates and in the confidence of the business and general public.

WATTS, Stephen, 1741-1788.

Class of 1762.

Born in Southampton, Pa., 1741; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1762; Tutor there, 1762-63; admitted to Bar in Philadelphia, 1769; lawyer at Baton Rouge, La.; Master in Chancery, Recorder of Deeds and King's Attorney; member American Philosophical Society; died in Louisiana, 1788.

STEPHEN WATTS, son of Stephen and Elizabeth Watts, was born in Southampton, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, February 5, 1741. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1759 and graduated in 1762, having been Salutatorian, and officiating as Tutor during the last year of his course. For a year following graduation he retained his Tutorship in the College, and then entering upon the study of law, he was admitted to the Bar in Philadelphia in 1769. In 1766 a gold medal for the best English essay on the "Reciprocal Advantage of a Perpetual Union between Great Britain and her American Colonies" was offered to the College by John Sargent, a member of the British Parliament. Young Watts competed for the medal, and his essay was published; but the prize was won by John Morgan, who afterwards became the founder of the Medical Department of the College, the first medical school in America. Watts' essay, however, commanded much attention, and he was soon after elected a member of the American Philosophical Society. In 1774 he went to Louisiana

to settle in the practice of law, and there became a King's Attorney for Baton Rouge, a Master in Chancery, and Recorder of Deeds for the English settlements on the Mississippi. He died there in 1788. He married Frances, daughter of Ralph Assheton, a Provincial Councillor of Pennsylvania. His daughter, Margaret Cyrilla, became the wife of Don Manuel Gago de Lemos, Brigadier-General and Governor of the Spanish Colony at Natchez, and afterwards Governor of Louisiana.

BURNETT, William Henry, 1848-

Class of 1869.

Born at Mount Nebo, Pa., 1848; attended the Western University at Pittsburg; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1869; studied law in Philadelphia and admitted to the Bar, 1872; in practice in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM HENRY BURNETT was born at Mount Nebo in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1848. His father was Rev.



Wm. H. Burnett

William Burnett, and his mother Isabella B. Anderson, the daughter of Col. James Anderson of Pittsburg. Mr. Burnett was sent to the public schools and later entered the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg. Coming to Philadelphia he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1865 and was graduated with the Class of 1869.

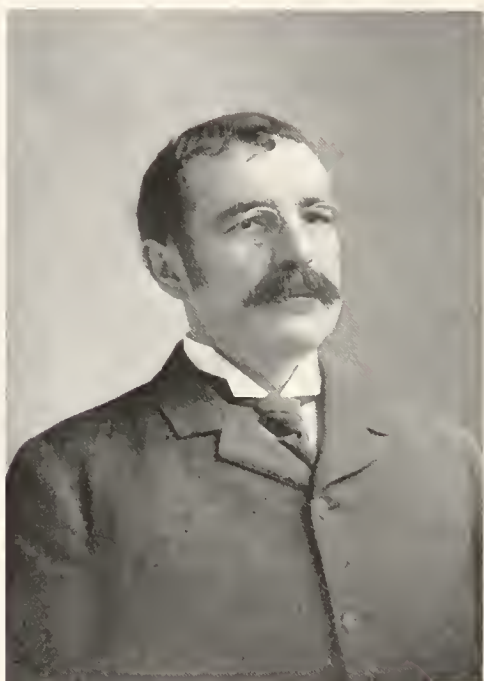
He studied law in the office of Samuel H. Perkins in Philadelphia and was admitted to the Bar in that city in 1872. Mr. Burnett is a member of the Houston Club of the University of Pennsylvania and the Delta Chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa. He practices his profession in Philadelphia.

BOND, James, 1856-

Class of 1877.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1877; adopted the profession of civil engineering; in manufacturing trades from 1881 to 1897; since then in real estate business.

JAMES BOND, the son of James and Ellen Brander (Alexander) Bond, was born in Philadelphia, December 18, 1856. His early education



JAMES BOND

was received at Dr. Faires' well-known school in Philadelphia, and the Ury School at Fox Chase, Pennsylvania. He entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1873, and graduated in the Class of 1877 as a Civil Engineer. In 1879 he joined the engineering corps of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and in 1880 was one of the engineers who laid out the Filbert-Street extension, the arch-work and the freight-station in Philadelphia. In 1881 he went into the business of manufacturing terra-cotta, under the firm name of Loughridge & Bond, and in 1886 engaged in the

manufacture of bricks, combining with this business that of a builder. In 1897 he turned his attention wholly to the real estate business. Mr. Bond is a member of the Philomathean Society, the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, the Corinthian Yacht Club, the University Club, and the Bachelor's Barge Club. His interest in aquatic sports is still further emphasized by his place on the Rowing Committee of the University of Pennsylvania. He was Captain of the first Varsity crew which won the first Child's cup race, June 21, 1879. Mr. Bond married, on April 27, 1880, Mary Gregg Geise, by whom he has five children: James, Ethel G., Edith, Florence and Dorothy Bond.

NEFF, Joseph Seal, 1854-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1873; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1875; studied one year in Vienna; Attending Physician to Jefferson Medical College Hospital and to Philadelphia Hospital, 1881-87; member Auxiliary Faculty of the Jefferson Medical College, 1879-87.

JOSEPH SEAL NEFF, A.M., M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 27, 1854. His father, Dr. Charles Neff, came of a German-Swiss family, of which the first American representative was Rudolph Neff (Naef), an emigrant from Zurich in 1760, and descended from Adam Naef, who was born in Zurich in 1622 and achieved for himself through bravery at the Battle of Zurich a place of prominence in the city. The Neff coat of arms and crest dates from this time. Dr. Neff's mother was Mary L. Seal, a daughter of Joseph H. Seal, whose ancestry was English. After attending private schools which fitted him for College, he matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1873. He then entered the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, from which he received his Doctor's degree after a two-years course in 1875. The next year the University of Pennsylvania gave him his Master of Arts, while he was serving his period as Resident in the Orthopedic and Pennsylvania hospitals. In order that he might perfect himself in some branches of special study in medicine he decided to go abroad, and for one year he was engaged at the Allgemeine Krankenhaus at Vienna in the enjoyment of all those privileges and advantages which that city has to offer to students and investigators. From 1881 to 1887 Dr. Neff was Attending Physician to the Jefferson Medical Col-

lege Hospital, and for the same period was engaged in a similar capacity in connection with the Philadelphia Hospital. He was a member of the Auxiliary Faculty of the Jefferson Medical College from 1879 to 1887, at which time he resigned all his professional appointments and abandoned his practice on account of continued ill health. Until 1900, when he resigned, he was a member of the Philadelphia Board of Charities and Correction. He is at present the President of the American Whist League and Vice-President of The Union League of Philadelphia, and belongs to the Germantown



JOSEPH S. NEFF

Cricket Club, the Philadelphia Cricket Club, the Riverton Gun Club, the Sons of the Revolution and various other organizations. Dr. Neff married, June 12, 1879, Harriet L. Ludlow, and has one daughter. He resides in Philadelphia.

DAVIS, John, 1737-1772.

Class of 1763.

Born in Newcastle county, Del., 1737; graduated College of Philadelphia 1763, and Tutor there 1763-64; clergyman; Pastor Second Baptist Church in Boston, Mass., 1770-72; member American Philosophical Society; died in West Virginia, 1772.

JOHAN DAVIS, A.M., son of Rev. David Davis and Rachel Thomas, was born in Newcastle county, Delaware, in 1737. His father, Pastor

of the Baptist Church in Welsh Tract, Newcastle county, Delaware, came from Wales in 1710. The son entered the College of Philadelphia in 1760, and was graduated in 1763, being a Tutor in the College during the year before and the year after graduation. He became a clergyman, and while supplying his father's pulpit after the latter's death, was called to the charge of the Second Baptist Church in Boston, Massachusetts. There he promulgated the opinion that the charter of the colony granted religious equality, and that Congregationalism was not the established religion of the Commonwealth. He was appointed the agent of the Baptists of the colony, to represent before the General Court their grievances under the exclusive laws then in force in Massachusetts. In 1772 failing health compelled him to give up his pastorate, and returning to Delaware, he sought health in a journey down the Ohio River, but collapsed before reaching his destination, and died in the wilderness near the site of the present city of Wheeling in West Virginia, December 13, 1772. He was a member of the American Philosophical Society, and held the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Brown University, conferred in 1769.

CADWALADER, George, 1806-1879.

Class of 1823.

Born in Philadelphia, 1806; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1823; lawyer in Philadelphia; served in Mexican War as Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and for gallantry at Chapultepec was brevetted Major-General; Major-General of Volunteers in Civil War, 1862; member Board of Revision Military Laws; author "Services in the Mexican Campaign of 1847;" died in Philadelphia, 1879.

GEORGE CADWALADER, son of Gen. Thomas Cadwalader and Mary Biddle, was born in Philadelphia, May 16, 1806. His father, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1795, and a Trustee from 1816 to 1836, served as a Brigadier-General of Pennsylvania Volunteers in the War of 1812, and afterwards was a Major-General of Pennsylvania Militia and member of a commission to prepare a system of cavalry and artillery tactics for the United States Army. His grandfather was Brigadier-General John Cadwalader of the Revolutionary Army, a member of the Class of 1760 in the College of Philadelphia and a Trustee of the institution from 1779 to 1786. George Cadwalader was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, and at the University of Pennsylvania, where

he was graduated in 1823. He then studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and practiced in Philadelphia until the opening of the war with Mexico in 1846, when he was commissioned Brigadier-General of Volunteers. He served through the Mexican campaign, and for gallantry at the Battle of Chepultepec was brevetted a Major-General of Volunteers. After the war Gen. Cadwalader resumed his law practice in Philadelphia, until his military services were again called into requisition by the Civil War. Early in 1861 he was appointed Major-General of State Volunteers, and in May of that year was placed in command of the city of Baltimore, which then was in a turbulent condition. Later he was second in command of the expedition against Winchester. In April 1862 he was commissioned Major-General of Volunteers, and in the following December was assigned to service on the board to revise the military laws and regulations of the United States. He was Commander of Pennsylvania Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion from 1865 to 1879, and was the author of a narrative of "Services in the Mexican Campaign of 1847." He died in Philadelphia, February 3, 1879. Gen. Cadwalader's wife was Frances Butler, daughter of Dr. James Mease, a prominent Philadelphia physician and a graduate of the College of Philadelphia, Class of 1787.

BAUM, Charles, 1855-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born at Lafayette Hill, Pa., 1855; graduated Pennsylvania College 1874; M.D. University of Pennsylvania 1877, and Ph.D. 1878; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1877.

CHARLES BAUM, M.D., Ph.D., was born at Lafayette Hill, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, on New Year's Day, 1855. His father is the Rev. William M. Baum, D.D., coming of a family of German extraction which emigrated to this country about the middle of the eighteenth century and which has produced physicians for four generations. His ancestors served in the Revolutionary War and in the War of 1812, and his grandfather, Dr. John F. Baum, dressed the wound of Gen. Winfield Scott after the Battle of Lundy's Lane. His mother was Maria L. Crall. The subject of this sketch was educated in York County Academy at York, Pennsylvania, whence he passed to Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June 1874. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was

graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877 and was awarded that of Doctor of Philosophy one year later in recognition of some valuable original work. He received the Master of Arts degree from Pennsylvania College in 1877. Ever since the completion of his medical course Dr. Baum has been practicing in Philadelphia, except for two or three years spent abroad in professional service. In 1879-1880 he was Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital. He was Physician to the Northern Home for Friendless Children for eight years, and Physician in one district of the



CHARLES BAUM

Northern Dispensary for two years. He has been employed as medical expert for the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company, the Atlantic City Railroad Company and the Delaware River Ferry Company. He is a member of the Philomathean Literary Society, the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the College of Physicians of Philadelphia. Dr. Baum assisted Dr. D. Hayes Agnew in the preparation of the second and third volumes of his great work on surgery. Dr. Baum received the degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1877. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia.

MORRIS, Effingham Buckley, 1856-

Class of 1875.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania 1875, L.L.B. 1878; general attorney Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, 1881-87; President Girard Trust Company, 1887 to date; President Pennsylvania Steel Company, 1896; Director Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 1896 to date; member Philadelphia Common Council, 1881-82.

EFFINGHAM BUCKLEY MORRIS was born in Philadelphia, August 23, 1856. He is a son of Israel Wistar and Annie (Buckley) Morris, his father being a mining engineer of high standing in the community. The Morris family is one of



E. B. MORRIS

much distinction in the early annals of Pennsylvania. The head of the line is Anthony Morris, the second Mayor of Philadelphia and one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the Province of Pennsylvania under William Penn. Effingham B. Morris is the ninth in descent from Anthony Morris. He is the great-great-grandson of Samuel Morris, Captain of the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry, which served as a bodyguard to General Washington during the Revolution, and the grandson of Dr. Caspar Morris, an eminent physician of Philadelphia. Mr. Morris was prepared for College at Dr. Faires' Classical Institute, where, as he himself humorously relates, he was "whipped soundly with the rattan daily for six years." After having passed through

this course of discipline he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1875. He was voted to be the most popular man in his class, receiving the traditional emblem, the wooden spoon. After graduation he entered the office of P. Pemberton Morris as a student at law. His preceptor was at the time Professor of Pleading and Practice in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, in which Mr. Morris matriculated, receiving his Bachelor of Laws degree in 1878. In that year also he took his Master of Arts degree from the College Department of the University. Being admitted to the Bar he for a time shared the practice of his kinsman and preceptor Professor Morris. In 1880 and 1881 he was a member of the Philadelphia Common Council, and in the latter year was appointed General Attorney of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, a position which he continued to hold until 1887. He was a receiver of the Schuylkill Navigation Company, and in 1888 arranged a settlement of that company's affairs in the reorganization of the Reading Railroad. For a few years Mr. Morris was Counsel of the Girard Trust Company, which led in 1887 to his selection as President of the company, a connection with one of Philadelphia's leading financial institutions which he still retains. He was a Trustee for the bondholders of the Philadelphia Gas Works from 1883 until the trust was abolished by the new charter of Philadelphia in 1887. In 1896 he was elected President of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, and in the same year became a Director of the Pennsylvania Railroad and its allied lines. The last of these offices he holds at this time. He is also Chairman of the Executive Committee of both the Pennsylvania and the Cambria Steel Companies, representing the ownership of the Pennsylvania Railroad in the stock of those corporations, employing perhaps twenty thousand men. Mr. Morris is a life member of the Union League of Philadelphia and was a Director of that organization for three years. He is a life member of the University Club of Philadelphia and belongs also to the Philadelphia and Rittenhouse clubs. He married, November 5, 1879, Ellen Douglas Burroughs, and has four children.

FAIRES, Benjamin McKinley, 1855-

Class of 1875.

Born in Philadelphia, 1855; matriculated in College Department University of Pennsylvania with the Class

of 1875, but did not graduate; connected with Bank of North America 1872-86, and Fourth Street National Bank in Philadelphia 1886-99.

BENJAMIN MCKINLEY FAIRES was born in Philadelphia, April 27, 1855. He is the son of John Wylie Faires, D.D., the Principal of the Classical Institute, and Elizabeth McKinley. He received an academic training in his father's school and matriculated in the College Department (University of Pennsylvania) with the Class of 1875, when he was awarded first prize for Greek Prose Composition, leaving at the close of the Freshman year to take a position in the Bank of North



BENJ. M. FAIRES

America, with which institution he was identified until 1886. In that year he connected himself with the Fourth Street National Bank, where he was appointed Assistant Cashier in 1896, and Second Vice-President in March 1901, which position he now holds. Mr. Faires is a member of the Union League, the Merion Cricket Club, the Orpheus Club, the Bachelors' Barge Club, the Down-Town Club, the Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Presbyterian Historical Society; a Director of the Colonial Trust Company and the Bank Clerks' Beneficial Association; and a Trustee in the First Presbyterian Church, all of Philadelphia, in which city he resides. Mr. Faires is a staunch Republican in politics, and is unmarried.

HILL, Whitmel, 1743-1797.

Class of 1760.

Born in Bertie county, N. C., 1743; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1760; member North Carolina Assembly of Freemen, State Congress, Constitutional Convention and House of Commons; State Senator; member Continental Congress; died in North Carolina, 1797.

WHITMEL HILL, statesman, was born in Bertie county, North Carolina, February 12, 1743, son of John and Martha Hill. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1757, and was graduated with the Class of 1760. In the struggle for independence he embraced the Revolutionary cause with great ardor. He was a member of the Assembly of Freemen in North Carolina in 1775, was a delegate to the Provincial Congresses of that state in 1775 and 1776, served as a member of the State Constitutional Convention in the latter year, was elected to the House of Commons from Martin county in 1777, and in 1778 was Speaker of the State Senate, in which body he served as a member until 1780, and again in 1784-1785. In 1778 he was elected a delegate to the Continental Congress, serving until 1781. He was also Lieutenant-Colonel of the North Carolina Militia. Mr. Hill was a man of fine literary attainments, and in 1780 he wrote a series of spirited letters to Governor Burke, which were published in the North Carolina "University Magazine" in March 1861. He married Winnfred Blount of Chowan, North Carolina, and died at Hill's Ferry, Martin county, that state, September 26, 1797.

CAMPBELL, John Marie, 1851-

Class of 1870.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1870; studied law and admitted to the Bar, 1873; member of the Board of Education of Philadelphia since 1875; Surveyor of the Port, Philadelphia, 1884-89; member of Board of City Trusts since 1895; Presidential Elector in 1880 and 1896 on the Democratic ticket; delegate to the Democratic National Conventions of 1884, 1888 and 1892.

JOHAN MARIE CAMPBELL, the son of Hon. James Campbell, who was Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia, Attorney-General of Pennsylvania and Postmaster-General of the United States, was born in Philadelphia, May 30, 1851. His mother was Emilie S. Chapron. He was prepared for College in the schools of Samuel Allen and John W. Faires of Philadelphia, and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1870. Selecting the legal pro-

fession he read law in the office of Hon. William L. Hirst and George L. Crawford, Esq., being admitted to the Bar in 1873. Three years later he was admitted to practice before the Bar of the Supreme Court. Mr. Campbell is an active Democrat and has held important political offices in his city and state. He has been a member of the Board of Education of Philadelphia since 1875 and was President of the Board in 1890. From 1884 to 1889 he was Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia, and since 1895 he has been a member of the Board of City Trusts. In 1880 and 1896 he was a Presidential Elector on



JOHN M. CAMPBELL

the Democratic ticket, and he represented his party as a delegate to the national conventions in 1884, 1888 and 1892. Mr. Campbell is a member of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, the Art, the Lawyers', the Catholic and the University clubs, and of the Philopatrian Institute. On February 20, 1889, he was married to Frances D. Dohan.

CUNNINGHAM, Francis Aloysius, 1852-

Class of 1874.

Born in Philadelphia, 1852; educated Georgetown College, and University of Pennsylvania Scientific and Law departments; practiced engineering; admitted to Bar, 1879; Receiver New Jersey Chemical Company;

Treasurer and Manager Victor Manufacturing Company, and in publishing business, Philadelphia.

FRANCIS ALOYSIUS CUNNINGHAM was born in Philadelphia, June 2, 1852, son of Peter F. and Emma Chase (Odiorne) Cunningham. On the paternal side he is of Irish descent, and his maternal ancestors resided in New England, the American progenitor of the Odiorne family having settled in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, about the year 1650. From 1860 to 1865 he attended St. Joseph's College preparatory department, going from there to Georgetown College, where he took his Bachelor's degree in 1872 and received that of Master of Arts in course. He then entered the Junior class in the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated as a Bachelor of Science in 1874. He practiced civil engineering for some years, but relinquished it for the law, and was a student in the Law Department of the University in 1878 and 1879, in which latter year he was admitted to the Bar. Appointed Receiver of the New Jersey Chemical Company, he continued in that capacity for five years, when the remaining interests of that concern were merged into the Victor Manufacturing Company, of which he is Treasurer and Manager. He is also the surviving partner in the publishing firm of Peter F. Cunningham & Son, Philadelphia, established in 1850. Mr. Cunningham is Vice-President and Secretary of the American Catholic Historical Society, Treasurer of the Catholic Club of Philadelphia, is a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the Academy of Natural Sciences, the Franklin Institute, the Law Academy, the Archaeological Society of the University, the Society of Biblical Archaeology and the Victoria Institute of London. He is also President of the Class of 1874, University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Cunningham has acquired an extended reputation as a student in Egyptology, and devotes much of his spare time to the chronology of the ancient histories of Egypt, Assyria and Babylon.

HARTE, Richard H., 1855-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born near Rock Island, Ill., 1855; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1878; Demonstrator of Anatomy University of Pennsylvania, in 1883, and later Demonstrator of Osteology; resigned in 1899; Treasurer College of Physicians.

RICHARD H. HARTE, M.D., was born near Rock Island, Illinois, October 23, 1855. His father, William H. Harte, U.S.N., met his death

on the ill-fated Mound City in 1862. His grandfather, Rev. Richard Harte, who spent much time in foreign travel, died in Switzerland in 1846. Dr. Harte's great-uncle was Henry H. Harte, F.T.C.D., the eminent mathematician. Richard H. Harte was educated by tutors and in the schools of Rock Island, and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1875, from which he was graduated in 1878. After completing his term as Resident Physician to the University Hospital, he went to Europe and spent some time in the hospitals of Great Britain. On his return he was elected

Hospitals, Consulting Surgeon to St. Mary's, St. Timothy's and the Bryn Mawr Hospitals. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians, of which he has been Treasurer since 1899. He is President of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery and a member of the American Surgical Association. He has contributed many papers on surgical topics for scientific publications. Dr. Harte married in 1888, Maria Hobart Ames, daughter of the late Oakes Angier Ames of Massachusetts. They have three children: two daughters, Katharine and Helen, and a son, Richard Harte.



RICHARD H. HARTE

Resident Physician to the Pennsylvania Hospital in Philadelphia, and Assistant Demonstrator of Surgery in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was also appointed Surgeon to the Dispensary at the University Hospital, and in 1883 was elected Attending Surgeon to the Out Patient Department of the Pennsylvania Hospital. On the retirement of Dr. Hunter, Dr. Harte was selected by Dr. Agnew to be prosector and assistant in his University surgical lectures. In the same year he was made Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania, and later Demonstrator of Osteology, taking charge of the instruction in this branch of Anatomy until his resignation in 1899. At present Dr. Harte is Surgeon to the Pennsylvania and the Episcopal

MASSEY, George Betton. 1856-

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Kent county, Md., 1856; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1879; Assistant Physician Danville Hospital for the Insane, 1876-79; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1879; Clinical Assistant of Dr. S. Weir Mitchell at Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, 1880-87; Attending Physician Howard Hospital, 1887-1900; specialist in gynecology; author of *Electricity in the Diseases of Women* and other well known medical works.

GEORGE BETTON MASSEY, M.D., was born near the village of Massey in Kent county, Maryland, November 15, 1856. He is descended from James Massey, who came from Guernsey, Channel Islands, in 1644, and settled in that part of the state of Maryland where the subject of this sketch was born, and where the family has continuously resided. Dr. Massey's great-great-grandfather, Col. Elijah Massey, was on Washington's staff in the American Revolution. Since by intermarriage his father was descended from all four sons of the founder of the family, he may be said to be of distinctly American parentage. His father, B. H. C. Massey, married Beersheba Betton of Tallahassee, Florida, a woman of rare intellectual gifts. It was under the stimulus of her training, assisted by governesses, that George Betton Massey developed a love of scientific studies. The close of the war made many changes in this slave-holding section, and Dr. Massey's opportunities for self-improvement were quite restricted. For a time he attended the Galena Academy, and while yet under sixteen years of age he taught a country school in Anne Arundel County. He followed this pursuit for but a single year. In the autumn of 1873 he went to his maternal uncle, the late Dr. George W. Betton of Tallahassee, Florida, and began preliminary medical studies. The winter of 1874-1875 was

spent at the Medical College of South Carolina in Charleston, where he took a prize for proficiency in chemistry. The final year of his undergraduate medical education was passed at the University of Pennsylvania, at which institution he was graduated in 1876 while still not twenty years of age. His first experience in practice was as assistant to his uncle and preceptor in Tallahassee, but the opportunity offering, in a few months he accepted the position of Assistant Physician in the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1879, when he resigned to enter pri-



G. BETTON MASSEY

ate practice in Philadelphia. During the first years of his practice in that city Dr. Massey was for a time an assistant in the gynecological clinic of Prof. William Goodell at the University of Pennsylvania, and continued his studies in nervous diseases, in which he had become interested at Danville as Assistant Physician in the Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases where he had abundant opportunity to observe the work of Drs. S. Weir Mitchell and Wharton Sinkler. This connection was continued from 1880 until 1887. The physicians of the Infirmary feeling the need of a more systematic application of electricity to its patients, a new office, that of Electro-Therapist, was created by the Board and Dr. Massey was the first appointee. In this place he

had unsurpassed opportunities to study the action of electricity in the treatment of nervous diseases. He was for seven years the electrical assistant of Dr. Mitchell whose early advocacy of the use of electricity in medicine did so much to rescue it from quackery. Resigning from the Infirmary in 1887, Dr. Massey was appointed Attending Physician to the Department of Diseases of the Mind and the Nervous System of the Howard Hospital. The following year he was transferred to the Gynecological Department of the same hospital, maintaining a clinic there for the demonstration of electro-therapeutics in the diseases of women until 1900. He had gathered so much valuable data regarding his specialty by 1888, that he published a work on "Electricity in the Diseases of Women," the first complete treatise on the subject to be printed in any language. The book was so well received that it reached a second edition in 1889. Dr. Massey is also the author of "Conservative Gynecology and Electro-Therapeutics," published in 1898, and of contributions to periodical medical literature too numerous for specific mention. His reports upon clinical observations and discoveries before local, state and national medical societies have given him much prominence in his specialty. He was an active participant in the discussions of the first Pan-American Medical Congress, and his zeal for the advancement of electro-therapeutics was conspicuously shown in the steps which he took in forming the American Electro-Therapeutic Association in 1890, of which association he became President in the following year. Dr. Massey is a member of many medical societies and clubs. In 1885 he married Harriet L. Stairs of Philadelphia. He has two sons and a daughter.

DARRACH, Henry, 1850-

Class of 1874.

Born in Philadelphia, 1850; educated in public schools and under private instruction; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1874; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, 1876; President Perpetual Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

HENRY DARRACH, son of Dr. William and Christiana Elizabeth (Gobrecht) Darrach, was born in Philadelphia, July 17, 1850. His father was the eminent Philadelphia physician, descended from Thomas Darrach, who settled in Maryland prior to 1766, and also from William Bradford, who landed on the shores of Pennsylvania with William Penn in 1682. On his mother's side

he is descended from Capt. James Sands, who settled in Block Island in 1640, and from Rev. John Christopher Gobrecht, of German descent, who settled in Pennsylvania in 1753. After attending public and private schools and receiving a classical training from private tutors, Henry Darrach entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, studying concurrently with his University Course in the offices of Charles M. Wagner and Hon. F. Carroll Brewster of Philadelphia. He graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1874, and in 1876 was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. Mr.



HENRY DARRACH

Darrach is President of the Perpetual Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, which he organized, and is also the organizer of the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters Tariff Association. He is a member of the Masonic Order, being a Past Master of Lodge 51, member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Wars, the Historical Society of Philadelphia and the German Society of Philadelphia, and is one of the organizers of the West Philadelphia Boat Club. He married, February 12, 1880, Caroline Sproat, daughter of Harris Lindsay Sproat, Esquire, son of Colonel James William Sproat of War of 1812. The latter was a son of Major William Sproat of the Revolution, son of Rev. James Sproat, D.D., Chap-

lain during the Revolution, who was the son of Lieut. Ebenezer Sproat, son of Robert Sproat, who was a son of Sir James Sproat, knighted during the reign of Queen Elizabeth. One of Mrs. Darrach's ancestors was Henry Sampson, who came over on the Mayflower. Mr. Darrach has had four daughters: Christine, Edna Sproat, Helen Caroline (deceased) and Kathleen Darrach.

STUART, John, 1740-1811.

Class of 1763.

Born in Harrisburg, Pa., 1740; graduated College of Philadelphia, 1763; clergyman to the English Church; missionary to the Mohawks, Fort Hunter, N.Y.; rector and teacher, Kingston, Canada; Chaplain to Legislative Council; called "The Father of the Upper Canada Church;" died in Kingston, Canada, 1811.

JOHNS STUART, D.D., was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, February 24, 1740. His father was Andrew Stuart of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, a Presbyterian emigrant from the north of Ireland. He entered the College of Philadelphia in 1760 and was graduated in 1763. He studied for the ministry in England, was there ordained as priest in the established church, and on his return to America in 1770 went as missionary among the Indians of the Mohawk Valley, where he labored for seven years. At the beginning of the Revolution his Loyalist principles subjected him to a suspicion of attempting to rouse the Indians against the Americans. His house and church were plundered, and he fled to Canada, joining a provincial regiment as Chaplain. Later he became a missionary among the Indians of Upper Canada, and in this work laid the foundations of the Church of England among the white inhabitants of his parish, which covered the whole province. He made his home in Kingston, where he taught an academy and for some time officiated as Chaplain to the Legislative Council. He received the degree of Master of Arts from the College of Philadelphia in 1770 and from Columbia College in 1773, and the Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by his Alma Mater in 1799. Dr. Stuart published a Mohawk translation of the Gospel of St. Mark, an Exposition of the Catechism, and a History of the Bible. He died in Kingston, Canada, August 15, 1811.

HEWSON, Addinell, 1855-

Class of 1876.

Born in Philadelphia, 1855; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1876; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1879; Assistant Demonstrator Anatomy Jefferson

Medical College 1879-88, Demonstrator since 1889; Professor of Anatomy in Philadelphia Polyclinic since 1897; Secretary State Anatomical Board.

ADDINELL HEWSON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 2, 1855. The Hewsons have produced names well known in science and medicine for several generations. Addinell Hewson's great-grandfather was William Hewson, F.R.S.; his grandfather, Thomas Tickell Hewson, M.D.; and his father, Addinell Hewson, M.D. Prepared for College at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, he was graduated Bachelor of



A. HEWSON

Arts from the University of Pennsylvania in 1876, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course in 1879, the same year in which he was graduated from the Jefferson Medical College. Dr. Hewson was at once appointed Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at this College, a position which he continued to hold until 1886. He was Prosector of Anatomy at Jefferson College from 1886 to 1889, and has been Demonstrator of Anatomy there since 1889. He was Clinical Assistant in the Surgical Department of the Jefferson Hospital 1879-1882, Clinical Assistant in the Ophthalmic Department 1882-1884, and Chief Clinical Assistant in the Surgical Department 1890-1894. From 1879 to 1888 he was Dispensary Surgeon at St. Mary's

Hospital, and he has held the same position at the Episcopal Hospital since 1887. Since 1894 he has been Surgeon to St. Timothy's Hospital, and from 1897 Professor of Anatomy in the Philadelphia Polyclinic for Graduates in Medicine. Dr. Hewson was Physician to the Philadelphia Orphan Society 1884-1901, and is at the present time the Secretary of the State Anatomical Board. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians, a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Academy of Surgery of Philadelphia, the Obstetrical Society, the Pathological Society, the American Association of Anatomists, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution and the Alpha Chapter of the Phi Kappa Sigma. Dr. Hewson is the Editor of the first and second American editions of Holden's Dissector. On September 4, 1883, he married Lucy Clabaugh of Taneytown, Maryland, by whom he has had four children: William, Ellen, Addinell Stevenson and Harry Clabaugh Hewson.

ADAMSON, Charles, 1859-

Class of 1880 Arts, 1882 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1880, L.L.B., 1882; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1882-90; member Philadelphia Common Council, 1889-90; removed to Georgia in 1890 to engage in industrial operations; organizer and President of cotton manufacturing companies at Cedartown, Ga.; delegate to Republican National Convention, 1896; President Southern Associations of Hosiery Yarn Spinners.

CHARLES ADAMSON, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, March 17, 1859, the son of Thomas and Sarah Victorine (Wright) Adamson. His father, Thomas Adamson, a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania, was distinguished in the consular service of the United States, having held commissions as Consul at Pernambuco, Brazil, and Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, and Consul-General at Rio de Janeiro, Melbourne and Panama; and for valuable services in the last named position was decorated by the Chinese Government as a Knight of the order of the Double Dragon. On his father's side he was connected with the Corson family of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, descended from Cornelius Corssen, French Huguenot, who left France on the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. On his mother's side he is of English descent, from the Rev. Joseph Wright, clergyman of the Church of England, who married and settled in Maryland. The early education of Charles Adam-

son was cosmopolitan, as his father's official duties called him to widely separated parts of the world. Thus he was, at one time and another, a student in the Jesuit College at Pernambuco, Brazil; at Punahou College, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands; at the Scotch College in Melbourne, Australia; and was a matriculate of the University of Melbourne in 1876. In that year, however, he returned to the United States and entered the University of Pennsylvania, taking the course of Mining Engineering, and was graduated a Bachelor of Science with the Class of 1880. He then entered the University Law School, at the



CHARLES ADAMSON

same time studying in the office of the Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1882. In that year he was admitted to the Bar and opened his office in Philadelphia, where he practiced law until 1890, associating himself meantime with manufacturing enterprises and engaging in building operations in Philadelphia and land operations in Alabama and Colorado. He also served as a member of the Philadelphia Common Councils for two years, and held that position when, in 1890, he determined upon removal to the South in order to devote his energies to the industrial development of that section. Locating at Cedartown, Georgia, he organized in 1890 the Cedartown Land Improvement Company, of which he was General

Manager; in 1896, a cotton manufacturing company to make fine hosiery yarns, thirty-five hundred spindles; in 1898, the Southern Extension Cotton Mill Company, seventy-five hundred spindles; and in 1899, the Paragon Mills, twelve thousand spindles. In each of these corporations Mr. Adamson was President or Manager, and in 1899 he effected their consolidation in the Cedartown Cotton Company, aggregating twenty-three thousand spindles, in which he holds the office of Vice-President. In connection with this enterprise he has also organized and established the Cedartown Warehouse Company. Mr. Adamson has taken a prominent part in politics in Georgia, being active on the stump in the presidential campaign of 1892 and a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1896. He is President of the Southern Association of Hosiery Yarn Spinners, a member of the Cherokee Club of Cedartown, Georgia, and of the Philadelphia Art Club. He married, October 27, 1897, Katherine Norcross Cook of Camden, New Jersey, and has one child, Sarah Victorine Adamson.

GRAYSON, Charles Prevost, 1859-

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1881; pursued medical studies in Europe; throat and nose specialist; appointed Lecturer on Laryngology and Rhinology in the University of Pennsylvania, 1894.

CHARLES PREVOST GRAYSON, M.D., is a son of Frederick William and Mary (Prevost) Grayson, and was born in Philadelphia, October 15, 1859. Benjamin Grayson, the founder of the family in this country, came from Scotland in 1723 and settled in Prince William County, Virginia, where he married Susan Monroe, the aunt of James Monroe, fifth President of the United States. His sons, Spence and William, were both officers in the American Army throughout the Revolution, the latter being an Aide-de-Camp on the staff of Washington. Spence Grayson, the great-great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, had studied for the ministry in London and was ordained by the Church of England. Upon his mother's side, through the Prevosts, Dr. Grayson is of French-Huguenot ancestry. Educated at private schools, he received his professional training in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Doctor of Medicine in 1881. From 1881 until 1883 he was Surgeon to the International

Navigation Company. The next year he spent as Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital. Another year was occupied in study abroad, and upon his return he opened an office in Philadelphia for the practice of general medicine. Upon being appointed Assistant in the Department for Diseases of the Throat and Nose in the University Hospital under Carl Seiler, Dr. Grayson gradually restricted his general work in order to devote himself to Laryngology and Rhinology. In 1892 he was appointed Physician in charge of the Throat Department, and in the following year Instructor in Laryngology in the University, succeeding Dr. Seiler



CHARLES P. GRAYSON

as Lecturer on Laryngology and Rhinology in 1894. Dr. Grayson belongs to the Philadelphia County Medical and Pathological societies, and is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the Art, Markham, University and St. Anthony clubs.

DALE, James Wilkinson, 1812-1881.

Class of 1831 Arts, 1838 Med.

Born in Odessa, Del., 1812; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1831; studied at Andover and Princeton theological seminaries; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1838; Agent American Bible Society, 1838-45; Pastor successively at Ridley and Middle-

town, Media, and Wayne, Pa., 1845-76; died at Media, 1881.

JAMES WILKINSON DALE, M.D., D.D., was born at Cantwell's Bridge (now Odessa), Delaware, October 16, 1812, son of Richard Colegate Dale, M.D., and Margaret Fitzgerald, and was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1831, as valedictorian of his class. He was one of the founders of the Zelosophic Society while in College. The degree of Master of Arts was given him in course. After graduation he began the study of law, but soon abandoned it for theology, which he studied at Andover Theological Seminary in 1832 and at Princeton in 1833, returning and graduating at the former institution in 1837. It was his intention to become a missionary, and shortly after his ordination at Andover he was appointed by the American Board to a station in India. But financial reasons prevented him from accepting the post at the time, and to further equip himself for the work he pursued the medical course at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Doctor of Medicine in 1838. From 1838 to 1845 he was Agent for Pennsylvania of the American Bible Society, in the meantime supplying various pulpits. In the latter year he became Pastor at Ridley and Middletown, Pennsylvania, and officiated there until 1866, after which he held charges in that state at Media 1866-1871 and at Wayne 1871-1876, then retiring from pastoral work and devoting himself to literary pursuits. In 1868 the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity. Dr. Dale was the author of many tracts and magazine articles, but his most exhaustive work was a series of articles upon baptism, published in "Schaff's Biblical Encyclopedia," which are considered an authority by scholars of all denominations. His wife was Mary Goldsborough, daughter of Andrew Gray. He died at Media, Pennsylvania, April 19, 1881.

DICK, Evans R., 1858-

Class of 1879.

Born in St. Louis, Mo., 1858; student at University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1879; member of the banking firm of Dick Bros. & Company and an officer of several railroad companies.

EVANS R. DICK, the son of Franklin A. and Myra M. (Alexander) Dick, was born in St. Louis, Missouri, in 1858. He pursued the course in Arts in the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1879, but left College at the end of the first term in Senior year to engage in the

banking business, and became a member of the firm of Dick Bros. & Company, of Philadelphia and New York. Mr. Dick is the President of the Brockville, Westport & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad, Vice-President of the Ohio River & Charleston



EVANS R. DICK

Railroad and Vice-President of the Cincinnati, Portsmouth & Virginia Railroad. He is an enthusiastic yachtsman, being a member of the Corinthian Yacht Club of Philadelphia and the Calumet and New York yacht clubs of New York. He owns the steam-yacht *Elsi*, a handsome boat that was built on the Clyde for the Earl of Pembroke. Mr. Dick belongs to the Rittenhouse Club, the University Club, the Union League and the Philadelphia Country Club. He was married, November 7, 1882, to Elizabeth Tatham, and they have three children: Mildred, Fairman and Evans R. Dick, Jr.

HEILNER, Samuel Aquila, 1842-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Port Carbon, Pa., 1842; early training in business; student in Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport, Pa.; graduated Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1881; admitted to Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist-Episcopal Church, 1865; D.D. from Texas Wesleyan College.

SAMUEL AQUILA HEILNER, D.D., is a native of Port Carbon, Pennsylvania. The son of Lewis Heilner, born in Germany, and Mary Aurand,

he was born in Reading, Pennsylvania, June 27, 1842. After attending private and public schools he was sent to the Arcadian Institute at Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania, his studies there being interrupted by employment at various times in his father's store at Lykens, Pennsylvania. On the death of his father he, with his mother and brother, assumed full charge of the business and assisted in the settlement of the estate. Selling out his interest in 1861 he was enabled to continue his education, and for two years he studied in Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport, Pennsylvania. In 1864, although still but a local preacher, he was appointed Pastor of a church in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. In 1865 he was received into the Philadelphia Annual Conference of the Methodist-Episcopal Church on trial, and two years later was admitted into full membership, remaining an active member ever since and holding pastorates at many different points within the state. While pastor in West Philadelphia, Dr. Heilner attended the courses in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1881. He has since had much to do with church



S. A. HEILNER

charters and church trials, besides advising church officials, lay and clerical, upon many points of civil law. He was elected a member of the General Conference of 1900, and was instrumental in pro-

curing from that body important legislation conforming the church law to the laws of the different states upon the subject of the control and disposition of church property. He was actively and prominently identified with the enactment of the Marriage-License Law of Pennsylvania. Dr. Heilner is President of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Annual Conference, Secretary of the Philadelphia Conference Education Society, a member of the Board of the Church Extension Society, a Trier of Appeals, Chairman of the Conference Board of Examiners, a Trustee of the Educational Fund, a Trustee of the Methodist Hospital in Philadelphia, a Director of the Williamsport Dickinson Seminary and a Director of the Philadelphia Tract and Mission Society. He has always been deeply interested in educational movements. In 1886 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Hedding and Allegheny Colleges, and in 1889 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Texas Wesleyan College, now Fort Worth University. Dr. Heilner was married in 1864 to Estella Thompson, who died the next year. He was married again in 1867, to Annie E. Jacobs, who died in 1897. A friend and close acquaintance of Dr. Heilner writes of him as follows: "Dr. Heilner is one of the prominent members of the Philadelphia Conference. Because of his knowledge of law and his judicial temperament his advice is often sought in matters affecting church interests. As a preacher he is discriminating in thought and clear in style, and makes a forceful presentation of his theme; as a pastor he is unremitting in his work, and has especial skill in winning the affection of children and young people. His geniality and his kindness of heart have won for him thousands of devoted friends."

COYLE, Robert M., 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born in Cincinnati, O., 1850; educated in public schools; student in the Towne Scientific School, Class of 1881, University of Pennsylvania; engaged in importing business in Philadelphia and Chicago; in fire-insurance business since 1888.

ROBERT M. COYLE, son of James Huston and Susan (McCurdy) Coyle, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 17, 1860. On his father's side he is of Irish ancestry, the family having come to this country and settled in Philadelphia before the Revolution. On the maternal side he is also

of Irish extraction, the McCurdys having come to America from County Antrim. Mr. Coyle received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia, and entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1881, but did not graduate. Leaving College in 1879, he took up service with a Philadelphia firm of importers, remaining with this house until 1888, the last two years in charge of the Chicago office. In 1888 he returned to Philadelphia to assume charge of the business of his father, who was then in failing health. This was the fire-insurance business,



ROBERT M. COYLE

and at his father's death in 1892 he succeeded to it. Mr. Coyle is a member of the Union League, the Hamilton, Belmont Cricket, Philadelphia Cricket, and Bachelors' Barge clubs. He resides in Philadelphia.

FOX, William Henry, 1858-

Class of 1881.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1881; studied in Law Department University of Pennsylvania; admitted to the Bar, 1883; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM HENRY FOX was born in Philadelphia, November 10, 1858. His father was Daniel Miller Fox, a lawyer, at one time

Mayor of Philadelphia, and later Superintendent of the United States Mint in that city. On this side of the family his ancestry is American, antedating the Revolution, and his great-grandfather was a soldier in the Continental Army. His mother was Elizabeth Caroline Korn, whose father was a native of England. William Henry Fox received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia and at Fewsmith's Preparatory School. Entering the University of Pennsylvania in 1877, he was graduated from the College Department in the Class of 1881, and afterward matriculated in the Law Department of the University, being registered at the same time as a student at law in his father's office. Mr. Fox was admitted to the Bar in 1883 and has practiced his profession in Philadelphia uninterruptedly ever since. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Art Club of Philadelphia and the National Arts Club of New York.

HUTCHINSON, Sydney Pemberton, 1861-

Class of 1882.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; educated in private schools and University of Pennsylvania; civil engineer; in employ of Pennsylvania Railroad Company twenty years; Vice-President and General Manager of two Mexican Railroad systems.

SYDNEY PEMBERTON HUTCHINSON, son of Pemberton Sydney and Agnes (Wharton) Hutchinson, was born in Philadelphia, April 27, 1861. His paternal grandfather was Israel Pemberton Hutchinson; and his great-grandfather, Dr. James Howell Hutchinson. On his mother's side he is descended from Thomas Wharton, Jr., of prominence in the colonial history of Pennsylvania. Sydney Pemberton Hutchinson received his early education at Dr. Faires' Classical Institute in Philadelphia and at St. Paul's School in Concord, New Hampshire. He then matriculated in the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania as a member of the Class of 1882, but left College during his Junior year. In November 1881 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad as a Rodman. By promotion he became Transitman, then Assistant Engineer in charge of construction, then Assistant Supervisor. From 1894 until 1899 he was Assistant Engineer of the Philadelphia Division. From January 1899 to April 1900 he was Superintendent of the Lewistown Division, and from April 1900 to May 1901 he was Assistant General Agent of the

Pennsylvania Railroad Company in New York. In May 1901 he resigned from the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to become Second Vice-President and General Manager of the El Paso & South Western Railroad Company and the Nacozari Railroad Company of Mexico, both of which systems are owned by Messrs. Phelps, Dodge & Company of New York, and which position he occupies at the present time. Mr. Hutchinson belongs to the Union Club, the Underwriters Club, the University of Pennsylvania Club and the Pennsylvania Society of New York, the Rittenhouse Club and the



S. P. HUTCHINSON

Merion Cricket Club of Philadelphia, the Sons of the Revolution, and the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. He is also a member of the American Railway Engineering and Maintenance of Way Association, and represents his railroad companies in the American Railway Association. He was a member of the Committee on Admissions of the Rittenhouse Club from 1891 to 1894, and of the Board of Governors from 1895 to 1898, and during the same period was one of the Managers of the Philadelphia Assemblies. He was married April 13, 1887, to Amy Lewis, by whom he has four children: Sophy Lewis, Agnes Wharton, Amy Pemberton and Sydney Pemberton Hutchinson, Jr. His home is in New York.

HART, Theodore Henry, 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated in public schools and Scientific Department University of Pennsylvania; engaged in business in Philadelphia.

THEODORE HENRY HART, son of Theodore Henry Hart and Caroline Say Stone, was born in Philadelphia, August 11, 1860. His father, who was a graduate of Hamilton College, died less than a year after the son was born. The first American progenitor of the family was Stephen Hart of Braintree, Essex county, England, one of



THEODORE H. HART

the fifty-four settlers of Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1632; he removed to Hartford, Connecticut, in 1635, and was one of the original proprietors there, serving as Representative in the Legislature from 1647 to 1655. On the maternal side, the Say family was numbered among the early Quaker settlers of Philadelphia; Thomas Say, a maternal uncle, was a distinguished American naturalist, and was one of the founders of the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia. Mr. Hart received his early education in the public schools of his native city, where he took the Towne Prize Scholarship, which admitted him to the University of Pennsylvania. Before completing his College course he left to enter the employ of M. E. McDowell & Co.,

wholesale tobacconists of Philadelphia. In 1886 he established his present firm of T. H. Hart & Company, cigar importers, now well known in the trade.

AUDENRIED, Charles Young, 1863-

Class of 1883 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; prepared for College at Rugby Academy; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1883, LL.B. 1886; admitted to Bar, 1886; Secretary and Treasurer Macungie Iron Company, 1887-96; elected to the Philadelphia Common Council 1891, and to Select Council 1894; Judge of the Court of Common Pleas since 1896.

CHARLES YOUNG AUDENRIED was born in Philadelphia, December 9, 1863. His father, John Thomas Audenried, was a successful merchant and operator of coal mines, who having accumulated a fortune and retired from active business, devoted his attention to the management of corporate interests, public affairs and charities. He died in 1884 at the age of forty-eight. On his father's side Mr. Audenried, Sr., was of German descent; on his mother's side Scotch-Irish. He married Emma Young, the only daughter of Charles Young, a successful merchant in Philadelphia, of the Welsh stock which settled in Bucks county Pennsylvania, at the beginning of the eighteenth century. Charles Young Audenried was prepared for College at Rugby Academy, entering the Department of Arts in the University of Pennsylvania in 1879. He graduated in the Class of 1883 with high honors, and entered the office of John G. Johnson, Esq., the leader of the Philadelphia Bar as a student at law, graduating from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1886. At the death of his father, while he was still a law student, young Mr. Audenried undertook the settlement of the estate and assumed charge of the family interests. He was admitted to the Bar in 1886 and was the Secretary and Treasurer of the Macungie Iron Company from 1887 until 1896 when the company was dissolved. He was elected to represent the Eighth Ward in the Common Council of Philadelphia for the term beginning April 1891 and was reelected for the term beginning April 1893. He resigned in January 1894 and was elected to represent the same ward in Select Council for a term of three years from April 1894, but resigned on December 7, 1896 to accept an appointment as one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas No. 4 of the County of Philadelphia, and at the elec-

tion in November 1897 he was elected for the full term of ten years without opposition. Mr. Audenried is a member of the Philadelphia Country Club. He was married, April 12, 1898, to Mary Corning of



CHAS. Y. AUDENRIED

Cleveland, Ohio, the daughter of Warren Holmes Corning of that city.

BELL, John Cromwell, 1863-

Class of 1884 Law.

Born in Indiana county, Pa., 1863; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; athletic adviser at the University.

JOHAN CROMWELL BELL was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, in 1863. He comes of Scotch-Irish ancestry. After receiving his preliminary education in the normal and high schools, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with honors in 1884; the Faculty awarding him the Meredith essay prize and selecting him to deliver the law oration on Commencement Day. The late E. Coppée Mitchell, Esq., then Dean of the Law Faculty, on this occasion wrote Mr. Bell as follows: "It does not often happen that out of the few honors which it is in the power of the Faculty to bestow upon one about to graduate,

two of them should fall to the same person, as has happened in your case. But your uniform attention to your studies, united to your agreeable and amiable manners have won for you the respect and good will not only of the Faculty, but of your fellow students, and I am sure that no one will think that the honors have been ill bestowed." After admission to the Philadelphia Bar, Mr. Bell entered upon the practice of the law, in which he has a large clientele, including many large corporations. He takes an active interest in all that pertains to the advancement of his profession, is a member of the State Bar Association, of the Library Committee of the Law Association of Philadelphia, of the Board of Directors of the Law and General Alumni Societies of the University and is Corresponding Secretary of the Lawyers' Club. Athletics are Mr. Bell's principal diversion. He played half-back on the Varsity football eleven in 1882, 1883 and 1884, and still keeps up his interest in these subjects. Since his graduation—until quite recently—he has been a member of the Board of Directors of the Athletic Association of



JOHN CROMWELL BELL

the University and Chairman of the Football Committee. He is a member of the Markham, University, Country and the Merion Cricket clubs of Philadelphia. Mr. Bell was married, December 10,

1890, to Flenrette de Benneville Myers. They have two children: John Cromwell, Jr. and de Benneville Bell, aged six and eight years respectively. Mr. Bell's country seat is at Radnor.

DORLAND, William Alexander Newman,
1864—

Class of 1886 Med

Born at Hilton Head, S. C., 1864; A.B. Philadelphia High School 1882, A.M. 1891; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Assistant Demonstrator of Obstetrics, University of Pennsylvania; associate in Gynecology, Philadelphia Polyclinic; author of medical works.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER NEWMAN DORLAND, M.D., was born December 26, 1864, at Hilton Head, South Carolina, where his father, Dr. William Mathews Dorland, was Surgeon-in-charge of the Provost-Guard Hospital. His mother was Sarah Ann Thorne. Dr. Dorland is a lineal descendant of a Hollander, Lambert Janse Dorlandt, a New York Colonial Assemblyman in 1691-1692; of William Thorne, one of the eighteen founders of Flushing, Long Island, subsequently one of the proprietors of Jamaica, Long Island; of Judge Abraham Inskip, brother of Capt. John Inskip of the Continental Army, subsequently Mayor of Philadelphia in 1804; of Steven Koerts Van Voorhees, Justice of Flatlands in 1664 and the founder of the Voorhees family in America; of Jan Martensen Schenck, a Dutch settler in Flatlands in 1650; of Anna Winthrop, sister of Gov. John Winthrop of Massachusetts; and of Francis Dudley of Wolverhampton, England, who settled in New Jersey in 1681 and who was a grandson of Sir John Dudley, the ninth Baron Dudley. Dr. Dorland received his early education in private schools and in Prof. Fulton W. Hastings' West Philadelphia Academy. Taking the course in the Central High School of Philadelphia, he was graduated Bachelor of Arts in 1882, and received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from that school in 1891. In 1886 he was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and during the following eighteen months was Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital. He is at the present time associate in Gynecology in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, Assistant Demonstrator of Obstetrics in the University of Pennsylvania, Assistant Obstetrician to the University Hospital and Registrar of the Philadelphia Hospital. Since April 1898 he has been the Sur-

geon of the Second Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Academy of Medicine, and the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; and belongs to the Medical Club, the Union League and the University Club of Philadelphia. He is a member also of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Society of the Founders and Patriots of America, the New England Society, the Society of Colonial Wars of



W. A. NEWMAN DORLAND

Pennsylvania, and the Alpha Mu Pi Omega Medical Fraternity. Dr. Dorland is the founder and a member of the Association of Resident and ex-Resident Physicians of the Philadelphia Hospital, and is the author of "Modern Obstetrics," "A Syllabus of Gynecological Lectures," and "The System of American Medical Dictionaries."

BOYD, George Melick, 1861—

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; educated in private schools of Philadelphia; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; ten years Assistant Surgeon to Episcopal Hospital; since 1890 Physician to Philadelphia Lying-in Charity;

appointed Professor of Clinical Midwifery to the Medico-Chirurgical College and Hospital 1899, Obstetrical to the Philadelphia Hospital 1901.

GEORGE MELICK BOYD, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, August 11, 1861, the son of George and Bernetta (Melick) Boyd. His grand-



G. M. BOYD

father was Rev. George Boyd of Philadelphia. Three great-grandfathers, Robert Boyd, Henry Livingston and Peter Melick, served in the American Revolution. Dr. Boyd was educated at the Friends' Central School and the Classical Institute in Philadelphia, and graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1882. For two years he was Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia, and for ten years he was Assistant Surgeon to the same institution. He also was Assistant Surgeon to the Kensington Hospital for Women for six years. In 1890 he was appointed Physician to the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity, an office which he still holds. Since 1899 Dr. Boyd has been Professor of Clinical Midwifery in the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, and since 1901 Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Hospital. He is a Vice-President of the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, a fellow of the College of Physicians, member of the Philadelphia Medical Club and the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and member of the Historical Society of

Philadelphia. He married, November 12, 1890, Anna Gillespie, and has three children: George, Mary Cuthbert and Elizabeth Livingston Boyd.

LANCASTER, Joseph Campbell, 1861-

Class of 1882 Arts, 1884 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; educated mainly in private schools; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1882, L.L.B. 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL LANCASTER was born in Philadelphia, May 21, 1861. His father was George C. Lancaster, son of Joseph Lancaster, who was the first American representative of the family, having emigrated from Westmoreland, England. His mother, Lucy Campbell, was a daughter of Hon. John H. Campbell, a descendant of Sir James Campbell, Bart., of Auchinbreck, Scotland. Mr. Lancaster's early education was received in the Friends' Central School, the Hallowell Select School and Eastburn's Academy, all of Philadelphia. Entering the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1878, he was graduated in 1882



J. CAMPBELL LANCASTER

with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and later took the course in the Law Department, receiving his Bachelor of Laws in 1884. His preceptor in his law studies was William Henry Lex. Mr. Lancaster

has practiced his profession in Philadelphia ever since he graduated from the University. He belongs to the Philadelphia Law Association and the Law Academy, and is a member of the Masonic Order, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the University Club, the Penn Club, the St. Elmo Club, the Aronimink Golf Club and the Delta Phi Fraternity.

COWPERTHWAIT, Charles Tyler, 1866-

Class of 1887.

Born at Chestnut Hill, Pa., 1866; early education received at Germantown Academy; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1887; with Cowperthwait & Co., publishers, 1887-91; with Philadelphia Contributionship Insurance Company since 1894.

CHARLES TYLER COWPERTHWAIT was born at Chestnut Hill in Philadelphia, September 6, 1866. His father, Joseph Baker Cowperthwait, was descended from Hugh Cowperthwait, who came from Keswick, England, in 1684, and settled at Flushing, Long Island. Hugh's grandson, Joseph Cowperthwait, moved to Philadelphia in 1759; he commanded the "Fighting Quakers," known as the "Light Infantry Blues," during the Revolutionary War, and was High Sheriff of Philadelphia in 1785 and 1786; Joseph's only son, Hulings Cowperthwait, was lost at sea in 1801 while making a voyage to China in a ship over which he had command, leaving a wife and four children. Hulings Cowperthwait, his fourth son, was born in 1802, after his father's death, and was married to Caroline Elizabeth Tyler, a great-granddaughter of General Israel Putnam; to this couple the father of the subject of this sketch, Joseph Baker Cowperthwait, was born in 1833. Charles Tyler Cowperthwait's mother was a descendant of John Browne, Esq., of Stamford, England, who was Chief Magistrate of Stamford in 1376; his descendant, John Browne, came to America in 1632 and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts. Mr. Cowperthwait was early sent to the Germantown Academy, and from that institution he entered the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1887. After finishing his College course he associated himself with Cowperthwait & Company, Educational Publishers, remaining with this firm until 1891, when the business was sold to the American Book Company of New York, with which he continued for about a year. In 1894 Mr. Cowperthwait connected himself with

the Philadelphia Contributionship Insurance Company, a relationship which still continues. Since 1890 he has been a member of the University Club of Philadelphia, and has served for three terms on its Elective Committee. From 1887 to 1892 he was a Director of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, and since 1900 he has been the President of the Philadelphia Association of Zeta Psi. In addition to membership in these organizations he belongs to the Philadelphia Club and the Ger-



CHARLES T. COWPERTHWAIT

mantown Cricket Club. He was married, on April 24, 1900, to Grace Ellsworth Murray, daughter of Lindley Murray, Jr., of Brooklyn, New York.

HAWES, Earl Palmer, 1860-

Class of 1881 Dent, 1883 Med.

Born in Providence, R. I., 1860; graduated Dental Department University of Pennsylvania 1881, and Medical Department 1883; practicing dentist in Providence.

EARL PALMER HAWES, D.D.S., M.D., was born in Providence, Rhode Island, June 1, 1860, son of Amos Bradish and Mary Hidden (Wardlow) Hawes. His father was a prominent dentist in that city. After attending the public schools and Mowry & Goff's Private School in

his native city, he entered the Dental School at the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated in 1881. Passing to the Medical Department of the University, he received the degree of Doctor of



EARL P. HAWES

Medicine in 1883. While in the Medical Department of the University he joined the Chi Phi Fraternity. After graduation Dr. Hawes began the practice of dentistry in his father's office in Providence and shortly was taken into partnership. On his father's death in 1890 he assumed full charge of the practice, which he has continued ever since. Dr. Hawes belongs to the American Dental Society and the Rhode Island Dental Society, of which he was Vice-President, and is a member of the Rhode Island Yacht Club, the Providence Athletic, the Providence Central, the Providence Fencing and the Unitarian clubs. In 1887 he married Mary Lillias Pearce, by whom he has one son.

ASHHURST, John, 3rd, 1865-

Class of 1887.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; educated at the Episcopal Academy and University of Pennsylvania; member Editorial Board of "University Magazine;" in the railway service, and afterward connected with the Maryland Steel Company and the United States Gov-

ernment Coast and Geodetic Survey; Assistant Librarian of the Free Library of Philadelphia, 1895-1901; Librarian Mercantile Library Company of Philadelphia.

JOHN ASHHURST, 3RD, born in Philadelphia, December 31, 1865, comes of a distinguished line of ancestors. He is the son of John Ashhurst, Jr., M.D., LL.D. (1839-1900) and Sarah Stokes (Wayne) Ashhurst; and the grandson of John Ashhurst (1809-1892) the banker, of the Class of 1826 in the University of Pennsylvania, and of Harriet Eyre his wife. His great-grandfather was Richard Ashhurst of Lancashire, England. On his mother's side the descent is traced through Gen. Anthony Wayne from Capt. Anthony Wayne (1666-1739) of Yorkshire, England, who served under William III and commanded a squadron of dragoons at the Battle of the Boyne. John Ashhurst, 3rd, entered the Class of 1887 at the University of Pennsylvania after preparing for College at the Episcopal Academy. While in College he was a member of the Editorial Board of the "University Magazine," member of the Philomathean Society, President of the Sketch Club, a member of



JOHN ASHHURST, 3RD

the Racket Club, a member of the Greek Play Committee, and took the part of the "Paranymp" in the Greek play "The Achamians" produced by the students of the University of Pennsylvania in

both Philadelphia and New York during 1885. He left his class during Senior year to enter the service of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, being connected with the Auditor's and Engineering Departments of the company in Philadelphia, and subsequently with the Superintendent's office at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Upon leaving the company's employ in 1891 he joined the Construction Department of the Western Maryland Railroad at Cerry Run, West Virginia, and afterward entered the works of the Maryland Steel Company at Sparrow's Point, Maryland. Later he was for a time connected with the United States Government Coast and Geodetic Survey at Boston, Massachusetts. In 1895 Mr. Ashhurst became Librarian of the West Philadelphia Branch of the Philadelphia Public Library, and in 1899 was made Assistant Librarian of the Free Library of Philadelphia at 1217-1221 Chestnut Street. In November 1901 he was elected Librarian of the Mercantile Library Company of Philadelphia. He belongs to the University Club, is Secretary of the Philobiblon Club, and is a member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society.

FARR, William Wilberforce, 1865-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; educated in public schools and Germantown Academy; one year in Biological School, University of Pennsylvania, and graduated Medical Department 1887; Resident Physician in Philadelphia and Baltimore Hospitals; took post-graduate studies in Vienna and Berlin; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM WILBERFORCE FARR, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 1, 1865. His father, John Farr, was the son of John Farr who was born in Lincoln, England, in 1791. Educated at the public schools and then at the Germantown Academy, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking one year in the Biological School preparatory to his medical studies, which were begun in the Medical Department of the University in 1884. He was graduated in 1887, and subsequently spent four months as Resident Physician in the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, two years as Resident Physician in the Episcopal Hospital, and for fifteen months he held a similar post in the Johns Hopkins Hospital at Baltimore. Leaving the latter hospital in 1891, he went to Europe and pursued post-graduate studies in Berlin and Vienna. On his return to the United States he started the practice of medicine in Phila-

delphia, removing to Germantown one year later. In 1897 he again went to Vienna for post-graduate special work in laryngology and otology, and since his return from this trip he has confined his attention to that branch of medical practice in Germantown. Dr. Farr was Surgeon to the Out-Patient Department of the Episcopal Hospital in 1893-1898, was Visiting Physician to the Church Home for Children 1893-1898, and during 1898 he was Assistant Physician to the Laryngological Clinic at the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the University Club and the Germantown Cricket



WILLIAM W. FARR

Club, belongs to the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, and is a fellow of the College of Physicians. He resides in Germantown.

EVANS, William, 1861-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Delaware county, Pa., 1861; attended Westtown Friends' Boarding School; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1885; Assistant Physician at Frankford Asylum for the Insane, 1885-89; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM EVANS, M.D., son of Isaac C. and Ann C. Evans, was born near Glen Mills, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 9,

1861. On both sides he is of Welsh extraction, his mother's ancestors having settled in Gwynedd, Montgomery county, and his father's near Bird-in-Hand, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. His



WILLIAM EVANS

early education was received in the Friends' Boarding School at Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1885, and for the four years following he was Assistant Physician at the Friends' Asylum for the Insane in Frankford, Philadelphia. In 1889 he located for general practice in West Philadelphia, and in this he still continues. Dr. Evans is Physician to the Shelter for Colored Orphans, Physician to the Western Home for Poor Children, and Physician to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Persons. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Philadelphia Neurological Society. He married, in October 1901, Hannah Matilda Wildman, of Selma, Ohio. His home is in Philadelphia.

HARTRANFT, Linn, 1862-

Class of 1886.

Born in Norristown, Pa., 1862; educated in private schools, and in Towne Scientific School, University of

Pennsylvania; Republican campaign orator, and Appraiser of the Port of Philadelphia by appointment of President McKinley.

LINN HARTRANFT was born in Norristown, Pennsylvania, June 28, 1862. He is the son of the late Major-General John F. Hartranft, a distinguished soldier in the Civil War and for two terms Governor of Pennsylvania. He is the eighth in descent from Tobias Hartranft, who founded the family in America, settling in Montgomery county in 1745. His mother was Sallie Douglas Sebring, daughter of the late Judge Sebring of Easton, Pennsylvania. He was educated at private schools in Harrisburg, and in the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was a member of the Class of 1886. Until the death of his father, in 1889, Mr. Hartranft was associated with him in business. For many years he has been one of the most popular campaign orators of the Republican party, the field of his labors extending into many states, and since 1890 he has taken part in all the national, state and municipal campaigns of his party. In the presidential campaigns



LINN HARTRANFT

of 1896 and 1900 he was an active and successful stump speaker, being employed for many weeks in the West. In 1897 President McKinley appointed Mr. Hartranft Appraiser of the Port of Philadelphia,

a position he continues to fill. He is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity and of the Union League of Philadelphia.

CHAPMAN, S. Spencer, 1857-

Class of 1883 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated in public schools and academies; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1883; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

S. SPENCER CHAPMAN was born in Philadelphia, February 5, 1857. He is the eldest son of the late Samuel Chapman, M.D., and Mary



S. SPENCER CHAPMAN

Elizabeth (Hopkins) Chapman, and is descended from Robert Chapman, one of the first settlers of Saybrook, Connecticut. Both on his father's and his mother's side Mr. Chapman's ancestors took part in the American Revolution. He was educated in the public schools of Burlington, New Jersey, and at Washington Academy, Princess Anne, Maryland, and graduated from the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1883. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in the same year, and in 1886 was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and the United States Circuit and District courts. He is also a member of the Bars of Somerset and Wicomico counties, Maryland,

Since 1891 Mr. Chapman has been in partnership with his brother, Francis Chapman, under the firm name of Chapman & Chapinan. He was married on December 19, 1889, to Elizabeth Ireton McDonough, by whom he has had two children, one of whom, Walter Hopkins Chapman, is living.

JONES, James Collins, 1864-

Class of 1885 Arts, 1887 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; educated in Friends' Central School and University of Pennsylvania; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

J. AMES COLLINS JONES, the son of Joseph Lukens and Elizabeth (Collins) Jones, was born in Philadelphia, April 19, 1864. His preparatory education was received at the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1881. Entering the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania he was graduated from the Wharton School with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1885. Two years later he received his Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of the University, and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. He has been a practicing lawyer in that city ever since.

BRADFORD, John Marion, 1858-

Class of 1881 Arts, 1884 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; studied one term in College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1877; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1882; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1884; general practitioner in Philadelphia.

J. OHN MARION BRADFORD, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 16, 1858, and is of Scotch ancestry. Both of his parents, John and Margaret (King) Bradford, were born in Scotland. His grandfather on the paternal side was an iron manufacturer; and on the maternal side, a British Army officer who served in the uniform for thirty-six years, a portion of the time in India. Dr. Bradford's early education was received at the Swatara Institute at Jonestown, Pennsylvania. He entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1877 with the Class of 1881, but remained only one term, leaving to take a course in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1882. Returning to the University he matriculated in the Medical

Department, and graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1884. After a year spent as Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia, he began general practice in that city in 1885, and has fol-



JOHN M. BRADFORD

lowed his profession uninterruptedly ever since. Dr. Bradford is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Shield of Honor and the Improved Order of Heptasophs. On February 3, 1887, he was wedded to Lydia B. Nagle, and they have one son: James Frederick Bradford.

GIRVIN, John Harper, 1869—

Class of 1889 Arts, 1892 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated Biological Department of the University of Pennsylvania 1889, and from the Medical Department 1892; connected with various hospitals and practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1894.

JOHAN HARPER GIRVIN, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 17, 1869. The son of Robert M. Girvin, M.D., and Susan Bell (Harper) Girvin, he comes of Scotch and English ancestors who settled in Pennsylvania in the eighteenth century. His first instruction was received from private tutors, and afterward he attended the West Philadelphia Academy and the Lawrenceville School.

He was graduated from the Biological Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1889, and later, in 1892, from the Medical Department. After receiving his Doctor's degree he spent several months as Surgical Resident Physician at the Presbyterian Hospital and a full term of eighteen months at the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. During a few months spent abroad he visited the principal hospitals of England and the Continent. In 1894 he opened an office for the private practice of his profession in West Philadelphia, where he has been located ever since. At various times Dr. Girvin has been Physician to the Western Home for Poor Children, the Presbyterian Orphanage, the Baptist Orphanage and the Western Temporary Home. He has been Instructor in Clinical Gynecology and Assistant Demonstrator of Obstetrics at the University of Pennsylvania since 1895. He has been Surgeon to the Gynecological Dispensary of the University Hospital since 1894, also Physician for the Diseases of Women to the Out-Patient Department of the Presbyterian Hospital from 1896 to 1900 and to the Hospital since 1900.



JOHN H. GIRVIN

Dr. Girvin is a member of the University Club, a fellow of the College of Physicians, and a member of the County Medical, Pathological and Pediatric societies.

ELY, Thomas Cox, 1863-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Holmdel, N. J., 1863; educated at Colgate University; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1887; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1887.

THOMAS COX ELY, M.D., was born at Holmdel, New Jersey, July 29, 1863, the son of Henry D. and Mary (Taylor) Ely. He is of Scotch (Taylor) and English (Ely) ancestry. His early education was received in Colgate Academy at Hamilton, New York, from which he passed to Colgate University. Leaving his class in Senior



THOMAS C. ELY

year he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1887. Since graduation Dr. Ely has been actively engaged in medical practice in Philadelphia. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and a member of the American Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Philadelphia Medical Club and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Colgate University in 1891. In 1887 he married Anna Perry Cromwell; they have one child, William Cromwell Ely, born in 1890.

LEVAN, Jeremiah Reber.

Class of 1861 Med.

Born in Berks county, Pa.; educated in public schools and military academy; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1861; practicing physician for ten years at Leesport, Pa., and afterward at Titusville, Pa.; practitioner in Philadelphia since 1875; Medical Director of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company; author of a Treatise on Medical Examinations for Life Insurance.

JEREMIAH REBER LEVAN, M.D., was born in Maxatawny Township, Berks county, Pennsylvania, the son of John Kline and Catharine (Seidel) Levan. The Levan ancestors were of Huguenot origin, having left France in the early years of the sixteenth century, migrating to Holland where they could enjoy larger religious liberties. They came to America in 1682, locating near the Hudson River some miles north of New York City. After many years of privation and oppressive taxes they sold their homes and moved to Eastern Pennsylvania in the year 1712 where they formed a new colony. Here they became thrifty farmers and prosperous manufacturers. Many members of the family drifted into the professions, including law, medicine and the ministry. Jeremiah R. Levan received his early education in the schools of his native county, after which, from 1851 to 1853, he attended a military academy at Reading, Pennsylvania. In 1854 he went to a boarding school in Maryland, where he took a course which would prepare him for College, but the next year turned to the teaching profession which he followed for three years in schools near his home in Berks county. Having chosen the medical profession as his life pursuit, he became a student in the office of Dr. Charles H. Wanner at Kutztown, Pennsylvania, and subsequently matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1861. Dr. Levan began his career as a practicing physician at Leesport, Pennsylvania, where he remained for ten years. At the end of that period he sold his practice and settled at Titusville, Pennsylvania, at a time when the petroleum excitement was at its height. In 1875 he was induced to remove to Philadelphia and established himself there as a general practitioner. In 1878 he assisted in organizing the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company, and he has been its Medical Director up to the present time. He published in 1885 a Treatise on Medical Examinations for Life Insurance, which has had a large sale. Dr. Levan is a member of the State and County medical societies

and of other medical organizations. He was married June 16, 1864 to Louisa Catherine Butz of Kutztown, Pennsylvania. They had three children: Sarah Elizabeth, Franklm Butz and George Francis Levan.



J. R. LEVAN

One, the youngest, George Francis, survives; he was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in the Department of Arts in 1891 and took his degree in medicine at the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia in 1894.

McELROY, John George Repplier, 1842-1890.

Class of 1862.

Born in Philadelphia, 1842; educated under private instruction, and in University of Pennsylvania; teacher in Philadelphia and Chicago; Assistant Professor of Greek, afterwards Professor of Rhetoric and English, University of Pennsylvania; author of several text-books; died in Philadelphia, 1890.

JOHN GEORGE REPPLIER McELROY, son of Archibald McElroy and Sophia Maria Repplier, was born in Philadelphia, June 30, 1842. He was descended from Daniel McElroy, who came to this country from Antrim, Colrane county, Ireland, about 1789; also from Sebastian Allgaier, who served in Washington's regiment during the Revolution. He was prepared for College by his

sister, Miss Ellen E. McElroy, and in 1858 entered the Freshman class in the University of Pennsylvania, where he won several prizes during his course, and was graduated second in his class, with honors, in 1862. The degree of Master of Arts was awarded him one year later. After graduation he taught for a time at Rittenhouse Academy in Philadelphia, and then became a teacher in one of the public schools of Chicago, from which post of duty he was called in 1869 to the University of Pennsylvania as Assistant-Professor of Greek and History. In 1876 he was advanced to full professorship, and given the chair of Rhetoric and English Language, which he occupied from that time until his death. Professor McElroy was a member of the Modern Language Association of America, The Pennsylvania Historical Society, the University and Contemporary Clubs, the Shakespeare, and the Browning Societies of Philadelphia, and the Philadelphia Cricket Club. He was the author of "The Structure of English Prose," "A System of Punctuation," and several other text-books that were used in the preparatory schools of Philadelphia, the Uni-



JNO. G. R. McELROY

versity of Pennsylvania and elsewhere. He married, November 2, 1869, Anna Baldwin Clayton, eldest daughter of John Clayton, Esq., a lawyer of Philadelphia. They had four children: Clayton, born

September 4, 1872; Katherine Allgaier, April 18, 1880; George Baldwin, June 1881, who died in infancy; and Cecilia Baldwin, born November 15, 1889. Professor McElroy died in Philadelphia, November 26, 1890.

BURNS, Samuel Washington, 1858-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Lenni, Pa., 1858; studied at Pennington Seminary and under private tutors; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

SAMUEL WASHINGTON BURNS, M.D., was born in Lenni, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 17, 1858, the son of George and



SAMUEL W. BURNS

Martha (Duncan) Burns. He is of Scotch ancestry. After a few years spent at the public schools he entered Pennington Seminary, and subsequently pursued his studies under private tutors. He was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1887, and settling in Philadelphia has been engaged in the active practice of his profession ever since. Dr. Burns has been Medical Examiner for the Legion of the Red Cross since 1896, and also holds the same position in relation to the Golden Cross. He is a member of University Lodge of Free Masons, the University Chapter of Royal Arch Masons and of Philadelphia Commandery Knights Templar, also a member of

the Alumni Society of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. On May 12, 1887, he was married to Sadie Kershaw.

CRESSON, Caleb, 1839-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1839; educated in Dr. Crawford's private school; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1860; manager of private estates.

CALEB CRESSON, son of William Penn and Susan (Vaux) Cresson, was born in Philadelphia, November 22, 1839. He is of English and French descent. His early education was received at Samuel Wylie Crawford's famous school in Philadelphia. In 1857 he entered the Sophomore class in the University of Pennsylvania, Department of Arts, and was graduated with his Bachelor's degree in 1860. In college he was a member of the Philomathean Society and Delta Phi Fraternity. Since entering upon business life, Mr. Cresson has principally devoted himself to the charge of several large estates, also as a Director in the George V. Cresson Company. Politically he is a Republican. He married, December 6, 1866, Isabella Bloomfield Gumbes, daughter of Samuel W. Gumbes of Philadelphia, and has five children: two sons, Francis Macomb and Caleb Cresson, Jr., and three daughters, Isabel, Susan Vaux and Georgena Vaux. Mr. Cresson resides in Philadelphia.

ARNOLD, Arthur Straus, 1867-

Class of 1889 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; educated in Philadelphia schools and academy; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1889; admitted to Bar, 1889; engaged in business 1893-96; returned to law practice, 1897; Trustee for the Emanuel Straus Estate.

ARTHUR STRAUS ARNOLD, the son of Albert E. and Lottie A. (Straus) Arnold, was born in Philadelphia, December 5, 1867. He was sent to private and public schools, and to Eastburn's Academy, from which he was graduated. Taking private tuition in the classics for two years, he thereafter registered as a law student in the office of Judge Sulzberger, at the same time pursuing his studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1889. He was engaged in the practice of his profession from 1889 until 1893, when at his father's death he assumed an interest in the busi-

ness of the American Tin and Terne Plate Company and that of J. E. Straus & Company. Mr. Arnold's business interests were closed out and sold in 1896, and he was then enabled to return to his legal practice. He is now the active Trustee for the estate of Emanuel Straus, valued at \$1,000,000



ARTHUR S. ARNOLD

and represented by stocks and lands widely scattered in Pennsylvania. In 1896 Mr. Arnold married Florence A. Hallman.

HART, Charles Henry, 1847-

Class of 1869 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1847; educated at private schools and under special tutors; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1869; admitted to Bar, 1868; practiced in Philadelphia until 1894; Chairman of Committee of Retrospective Art, World's Columbian Exposition, 1893; art critic; member of numerous scientific and historical societies; contributor to leading magazines, and writer upon art and historical subjects.

CHARLES HENRY HART, lawyer, art critic and historian, was born in Philadelphia, February 4, 1847, son of Samuel and Julia (Leavey) Hart. On the paternal side he is of Dutch descent. His mother, who was a native of London, England, was of English ancestry on her father's side. Her mother was the daughter of a Frenchman named

Andradé, whose wife was a Spanish lady named Rodriquez. His early education was acquired in private schools and under the direction of special tutors. His legal studies were pursued in the office of Hon. Samuel H. Perkins, and also in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1869, having been admitted to the Bar in November of the previous year. For twenty-five years he practiced law in Philadelphia, rising rapidly in the profession and acquiring a reputation as an able and conscientious councillor. In cases of an intricate or complex character, wherein important issues were involved, he evinced an especial aptitude, studiously determining their actual legal merits and preparing them for solution in a thoroughly comprehensive manner. His keen powers of perception and profound legal thought were especially displayed in the famous North American Land Company's case, which he forced to a final settlement after it had passed through more than four-score years of litigation. A serious railroad accident early in 1894 so disabled him as to necessitate his confinement within doors for a period of two years, and finally resulted in his permanent withdrawal from practice. Since his recovery from the more serious effects of his accident, he has devoted his time exclusively to literature and art, in both of which he has from his youth been a close student. Aside from being one of the best known art critics in America, he is recognized on both sides of the Atlantic as an expert in historical portraits, his dictum having in more than one instance been adopted by the National Portrait Gallery, London. His pen has ever been active in advocating the superiority of English art to that of the French, and to his earnest endeavors may be attributed no small measure of the present high appreciation in the United States of the works of English artists. He has also been ceaseless in his investigation into the history of art in America, and in an article contributed to Harper's Magazine for March 1898, he proves quite conclusively that Gustavus Hesselius of Sweden, who came over in 1711, was the earliest artist in America of note, of whom we have any knowledge. For this work, he received the special thanks of King Oscar of Sweden. He was selected for the Chairman of the Committee on Retrospective Art at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893, and as such, he rendered a most important service in bringing together and classifying the exhibition of American pictures. Mr. Hart has been a Director of the Mercantile Library since 1879, originating

and editing its Bulletin of Additions; he has been a Director of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts since 1882, and as Chairman of the Exhibition Committee, he instituted in 1887 the first exhibition of historical portraits in this country. He also prepared the catalogue of the collection, which has since become a hand-book of reference. He was appointed a member of the Committee of Fifty formulated for arranging the celebration in New York City in 1889 of the centennial anniversary of the inauguration of President Washington, being the only non-resident thus honored. Prior to his major-



CHAS. HENRY HART

ity, Mr. Hart was connected with six prominent literary bodies, namely: the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Historical Society of Pennsylvania, American Entomological, Maine Historical, New England Historic-Genealogical and Long Island Historical Societies. Subsequently, he was elected a corresponding member of the Numismatic and Archaeological Society of Baltimore, the Massachusetts, Virginia, Georgia, Maryland, Rhode Island and other historical societies; the American Association for the advancement of Science; the Essex Institute of Salem, Massachusetts; and the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society. He is also a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences and of the American Historical Association;

also an honorary member of the New Jersey Historical Society and of the Philadelphia Society of Etchers. Mr. Hart's bibliography comprises upwards of fifty published works upon art, historical and biographical subjects. Many of the latter were written for the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia while serving as its historiographer, and among them are sketches of William Willis, Gulian Crommelin Verplanck, Richard S. Field, George Ticknor, William Beach Lawrence, Samuel S. Haldeman, Lewis H. Morgan, George Sharswood and others. He is also the author of "Bibliographia Lincolniana," "Abraham Lincoln's Place in History," "Turner the Dream Painter," "The Story of a Portrait," "Original Portraits of Washington," "Franklin in Allegory," Life Portraits of Benjamin Franklin, Daniel Webster, Alexander Hamilton, Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and Thomas Jefferson; Memoirs of Colonel John Nixon, Robert Morris, and Mary White-Mrs. Robert Morris. Mr. Hart contributed to the last Edinburgh edition of the Encyclopædia Britannica, at the request of Professor Robertson Smith, the articles upon "Philadelphia" and "Gilbert Stuart," and has published in the Century Magazine a series of fifteen illustrated articles on Stuart's Portraits of Women. This is to be followed by a series of Stuart's Portraits of Men. His last published work is a superb quarto volume entitled "Browne's Life Masks of Great Americans" and he is at present engaged in seeing through the press an exhaustive work upon the engraved portraits of Washington which he has prepared for the Grolier Club in New York. Mr. Hart's "talk" to the Fellowship of the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, called "Hints on Portraits and How to Catalogue Them," is accepted as an authoritative treatise. On November 16, 1869, Mr. Hart was married by the Rt. Rev. W. H. Odenheimer, Bishop of New Jersey, to Armine Nixon, a great-granddaughter of Col. John Nixon who on July 8, 1776, proclaimed for the first time to the people of the colonies, the Declaration of Independence, in the State House Yard at Philadelphia. Mrs. Hart, who died June 11, 1897, was also a great-granddaughter of Robert Morris, signer of the Declaration and Financier of the American Revolution.

CHILTON, Harris Jones, 1841-

Class of 1862 Law.

Born in Centerville, Md., 1841; educated at Dr. Saunders' College, West Philadelphia; studied law

and graduated LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1862; advocate of compulsory voting and other important political reforms.

HARRIS JONES CHILTON was born in Centerville, Queen Anne county, Maryland, May 20, 1841, the son of Robert Postlethwaite and Martha (Harris) Chilton. On the father's side he is of the third generation in a family which came to America from London, England. His mother was Martha Harris, granddaughter of the Rev. Theophilus Harris, a leading Baptist minister in Philadelphia; she was also a descendant of the



HARRIS J. CHILTON

Rev. Samuel Jones, D.D., Chaplain of a Pennsylvania regiment in the Revolutionary War, whose commission bears the date of 1776. Mr. Chilton was educated at Dr. Saunders' College in West Philadelphia, and afterward entered the law office of William M. Meredith, a leading Philadelphia attorney, to take up the study of the law. At the same time he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1862. Being admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, he practiced in the courts of that city for several years, removing later to Baltimore. For a number of years now Mr. Chilton has lived in retirement in Philadelphia, where he maintains a keen interest in matters involving the welfare of his

city and state. He is the author of bills to make voting compulsory and is an earnest advocate of this important reform. His measures provide that every person qualified shall vote at a primary or general election, under penalty of payment of a fine of five dollars for each and every failure to do so, unless he can show that he was unable, by reason of sickness, or absence, to cast his ballot at said election. This law is already in force in Belgium and some other countries. In Belgium by this means they get out all the vote except less than five per cent, while in the United States the stay-at-home vote is often as high as thirty or forty per cent. Mr. Chilton and other political reformers who have made a study of this subject confidently believe that compulsory voting laws will eliminate the Boss from American politics. Mr. Chilton is a member of the Board of Directors of the Mercantile Library of Philadelphia, and the President of its Chess Club. He is also a member of the Political and Social Science Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He resides in Philadelphia.

HEISLER, John Clement, 1862-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Lycoming county, Pa., 1862; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1883; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; Prosector to Chair of Anatomy and Assistant Demonstrator in the University, 1888-97; Professor of Anatomy in the Medico-Chirurgical College since 1897; author of a textbook of Embryology.

JOHN CLEMENT HEISLER, M.D., was born near Jersey Shore, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, February 27, 1862. His paternal ancestors came to America from Germany about 1740, the original spelling of the name having been Heussler. His father was Washington L. Heisler, a Lutheran clergyman. His mother was Sarah Harriet Kurtz, and through her he is also of German ancestry but with a strain of English blood. After being educated at public and private schools, Mr. Heisler took the course at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, graduating in 1883. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1887. After one year spent as Resident Physician at St. Mary's Hospital, he began in May 1888 the practice of medicine in West Philadelphia. From 1888 to 1897 he was prosector to the Chair of Anatomy in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, for the first three years of

this period being an assistant to Prof. Joseph Leidy. During the same time he was at different intervals Assistant Demonstrator of Obstetrics, Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Curator of the Wistar and Horner Museum in the University of



JOHN C. HEISLER

Pennsylvania. For a time he was Instructor in Diseases of the Chest in the Philadelphia Polyclinic. Since 1897 Dr. Heisler has been Professor of Anatomy in the Medico-Chirurgical College. He is the author of a textbook of Embryology for medical students which is now in its second edition, and is the contributor of many articles to medical journals. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Association, the Association of American Anatomists and the College of Physicians of Philadelphia. In 1892 Dr. Heisler married Anna Mary Reardon of Lock Haven, Pennsylvania, by whom he has one daughter. He resides in Philadelphia.

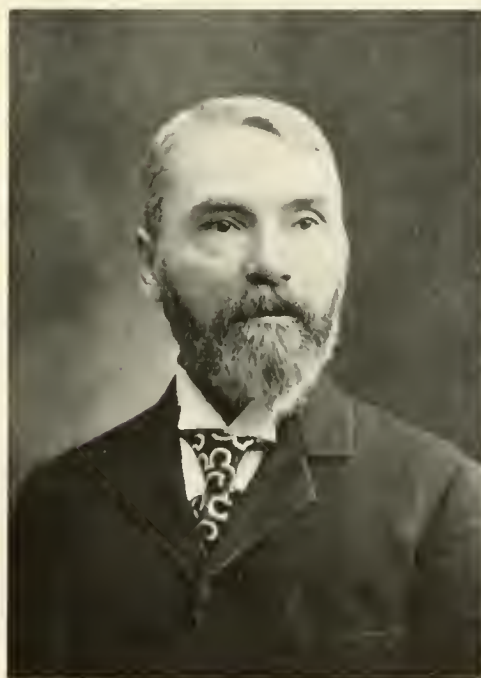
McKEAN, John Alexander, 1846-

Class of 1870 Med

Born in Washington, Pa., 1846; attended Washington & Jefferson College and University of Michigan; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Depart-

ment, 1870; practicing physician in Washington, Pa., since 1871.

JOHAN ALEXANDER McKEAN, M.D., son of Thomas and Fanny Jane (Snodgrass) McKean, was born in Washington, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1846. On his father's side he is of Scotch-Irish ancestry and on his mother's side of English origin. He attended Washington and Jefferson College in his native town three and one-half years, and after preliminary study of one and one-half years under Dr. Thos. M. Kennan he went to the University of Michigan for a course in the Medical Department of that institution. After a year there he returned East and entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1870. For several months after graduation Dr. McKean practiced at Independence, Washington county, Pennsylvania. Since June 1871 he has been engaged in practice at Washington, Pennsylvania. From 1874 to 1877 he was County Physician, and from 1894 to 1900 he was a surgeon to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. He has been a member of the Washing-



J. A. McKEAN

ton County Medical Society since 1872, for one year acting as its President, and for twenty-seven years serving as its Secretary. He is a member of the State Medical Society, the American Medical

Society and the Baltimore & Ohio Association of Railway Surgeons. Dr. McKean has been an elder in the Presbyterian Church since 1891, and was a delegate to the General Assembly in May 1901. In 1876 he married Jennie Brownlee McCoy, by whom he has two children. He was married a second time, in 1885, to Mrs. Sarah Jane Zediker Doak.

DACOSTA, John Chalmers, 1863-

Class of 1882.

Born in Washington, D. C., 1863; educated in Friends' School and University of Pennsylvania; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1885; appointed Demonstrator of Surgery in Jefferson Medical College 1892, Clinical Professor of Surgery 1897, and Professor of the Principles of Surgery 1900; author of a "Manual of Modern Surgery," etc.

JOHNS CHALMERS DACOSTA, M.D., was born in Washington, District of Columbia, November 15, 1863. His father, George Tallman DaCosta, a member of the Class of 1850, University of Pennsylvania, was a prominent railroad manager, and his grandfather, John Chalmers DaCosta, was a leading Philadelphia merchant, the founder of Atlantic City and the first President of the Camden & Atlantic Railroad. The family came from Rouen, France, the American branch arriving in Boston about the middle of the eighteenth century, and settling in Philadelphia at the end of the eighteenth century. Dr. DaCosta's mother was Margaretta Beasley, of English descent, the daughter of Richard Beasley of Beasley's Point, New Jersey. After a preliminary training in the Friends' School of Philadelphia, Dr. DaCosta entered the University of Pennsylvania and graduated from the Scientific Department in 1882. Three years later, he took his degree of Doctor of Medicine at the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, and in the same year, 1885, became Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital. Subsequently, he served as Resident Physician in the Insane Department of the Pennsylvania Hospital, and as Surgeon to the Philadelphia Hospital. Appointed Demonstrator of Surgery in the Jefferson Medical College in 1892, he was made Clinical Professor of Surgery in 1897, and Professor of the Principles of Surgery in 1900. Dr. DaCosta is a member of the American Medical Association, the State Medical Society of Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia County Medical Society; the Academy of Surgery and the American Surgical Associations; the Pathological Society, the Neurological Society and the College of Physicians of

Philadelphia. He is the author of the "Manual of Modern Surgery," and other works.

LEAMAN, William Gilmore, 1860-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Chester County, Pa., 1860; educated in public schools, and Parkesburg Academy; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; physician in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM GILMORE LEAMAN, M.D., is a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was born at Black Horse, March 20, 1860, son of George Washington and Matilda (Hull) Leaman. His father was a son of Daniel Leaman of Lancas-



W. G. LEAMAN

ter county, Pennsylvania. He received his early training at public schools in his native county and at Parkesburg Academy, from which he passed to the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. After one year in College he transferred his field of study to the Medical Department, and was graduated with the Medical Class of 1887. Dr. Leaman has for many years been a practitioner in Philadelphia. In 1896 he was elected a member of the Twenty-fourth Sectional School Board in that city, and was reelected in 1899. In politics he is a Democrat, being a member of the Crescent Democratic Club. On April 30, 1894, he married N. Frances Pelly; they have one child: William Gilmore Leaman, Jr.

M'ADAM, William Robert, Jr., 1847-

Class of 1868.

Born in Philadelphia, 1847; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1868; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1871; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM ROBERT M'ADAM, JR., son of William Robert M'Adam of the Class of 1837 at the University of Pennsylvania, and Hannah



W. R. M'ADAM, JR.

Robbins, was born in Philadelphia, November 10, 1847. He is of Scotch ancestry. After receiving preparatory training in the Academical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and at the Classical Institute of the Rev. John W. Fairies in Philadelphia, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated with the Class of 1868. While in College he took an active part in athletics, being a member of the University cricket eleven and the baseball nine. At the conclusion of his College course he studied for the legal profession in the office of Theodore Cuyler, Esq., a member of the Philadelphia Bar. He was admitted to practice in February 1871, and a few months later was honored with the degree of Master of Arts by the University. Mr. M'Adam has practiced law in Philadelphia for thirty years. He is a member of the Philomathean Society of the University and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia.

TAYLOR, William Long, 1853-

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; educated in public schools; graduated in medicine at University of Pennsylvania, 1873-76; Assistant in Gynæcology there, 1877-85; Instructor in Clinical Gynæcology, Chief of Clinic and Assistant Gynæcologist to the University Hospital, 1885-94; private practitioner in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM LONG TAYLOR, M.D., gynæcologist, was born in Philadelphia, July 18, 1853, son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary Forrester Taylor. After concluding his attendance at the public schools he engaged in mercantile business, first as clerk and subsequently as book-keeper. At the age of twenty years he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1876, and in the following year was called to the Medical Faculty of the University as Assistant to Professor William Goodell, Professor of Gynæcology. In 1885 he was appointed Instructor in Clinical Gynæcology, Chief of Clinic and Assistant Gynæcologist to the University Hospital. He retained those positions until 1894. For the past eight years he



WILLIAM L. TAYLOR

has devoted his time to his extensive private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Taylor is a fellow of the College of Physicians, and a member of the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, Philadelphia County

Medical and Northwestern medical societies. He was married, November 27, 1894, to Caroline A Sower. They have two sons: William Randolph and Paul Forrester Taylor.

BILLINGS, John Sedgwick, Jr., 1869-

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Georgetown, D. C., 1869; graduated Johns Hopkins University, 1889; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; Assistant Resident Physician at Johns Hopkins Hospital, 1892-94; general practitioner in New York since 1894; officially connected with the Department of Health of New York City since 1895.

JOHNS SEDGWICK BILLINGS, JR., M.D., was born in Georgetown, District of Columbia, July 31, 1869. He is the son of Dr. John Shaw Billings, Surgeon of the United States Army, formerly the Director of the Army Medical Museum, the compiler of the Index Catalogue and founder of the Index Medicus, at the present time the Director of the New York Public Library and the Astor, Lenox and Tilden foundations in New York City. He is a descendant of William Billings, the American progenitor of the Billings family, who settled at Stonington, Connecticut, in 1700; of John Howland, who came over on the Mayflower, and of Gen. Robert Sedgwick, prominent in the affairs of Charlestown and Boston, who died in 1656 in Jamaica, West Indies, where he had been sent with troops by Oliver Cromwell. John Sedgwick Billings at nine years of age was placed in the Emerson Institute in Washington, where he remained until 1886. His collegiate course was taken at Johns Hopkins University, from which he graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1889. From 1889 until 1891 he pursued medical studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, and then coming to the University of Pennsylvania, graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1892. From 1892 until 1894 he served as Assistant Resident Physician at the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, on the medical staff of Dr. William Osler, but in the latter year removed to New York, where he has been engaged in the practice of general medicine ever since. Dr. Billings has given especial attention to the study of the blood in disease, and has published several reports of his original and important investigations in this field. From 1894 to 1896 he was Medical Assistant in St. Vincent's Dispensary, and for the two years following was Attending Physician at the Presbyterian Hospital in the Outdoor Department. In 1898-1899 he

was Instructor in Clinical Microscopy in the New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and since 1895 he has had official connection with the Health Department of New York City, being Assistant Bacteriologist to the Health Department from 1895 until 1900, and since then Assistant Director of the Bacteriological Laboratories. Dr. Billings is a member of the New York County Medical Society, the Medical Society of Greater New York, and the Delta Phi Fraternity. In politics he is a Democrat. He was married, April 20, 1897, at Beech Island, South Carolina,



J. S. BILLINGS, JR.

to Katherine FitzSimons Hammond; they have two sons: John Shaw Billings, 3rd, born in 1898, and James Henry Hammond Billings, born in 1901.

SKILLERN, Penn-Gaskell, 1856-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Columbia, S. C., 1856; educated at Pennsylvania Military Academy; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1877; medical practitioner in Philadelphia; member of various scientific and social bodies.

PENN-GASKELL SKILLERN, M.D., a descendant of the famous Quaker colonizer, William Penn, was born in Columbia, South Carolina, April 28, 1856, son of Dr. Samuel Ruff and Elizabeth

Penn-Gaskell Skillern. Having acquired his early education at Hastings, Rugby and Phillips Andover academies and in the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, he entered the University of Pennsylvania



P. G. SKILLERN

Medical School, and was graduated with the Class of 1877. Locating in Philadelphia, he advanced rapidly both in practice and professional standing, and at the present time is one of the best-known physicians in the Quaker City. Dr. Skillern is a member of the Philadelphia Pathological Society and the County Medical Society, the Penn Historical Society and the University Club of Philadelphia. In politics he is a Republican. He married, October 7, 1879, Anna Dorsey, by whom he has two children: Penn-Gaskell, Jr., and Violet Penn-Gaskell Skillern.

JONES, Joseph Levering, 1851—

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1875; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH LEVERING JONES is a son of the late John Sidney Jones and Catharine Elisabeth Riter, and was born in Philadelphia, July 26, 1851. His early schooling was received near Boston, Mas-

sachusetts, where he remained for twelve years. Returning to Philadelphia he engaged for a time in mercantile pursuits. In 1871 he registered as a law student in the office of Barger & Gross, and two years later matriculated in the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. In 1879 he formed a copartnership with William A. Redding, now of the New York Bar, and Hampton L. Carson, for the practice of the law. His present partners are Hampton L. Carson, Dimmer Beeber, Joseph F. Lamorelle and William McLean, Jr., under the firm name of Jones, Carson & Beeber. Mr. Jones is a member of the Union League, of which he has been a Director and was its Secretary for three years. He is also a member of the University Club, the Penn Club and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He is a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, the President of the Chestnut Hill Academy, and a Director of the Trust Company of North America. Mr. Jones is a Republican in politics, and is actively interested in public affairs. He was married on October 26,



J. LEVERING JONES

1887, to Elisabeth Mercer MacLean, and has seven children: Guyer MacLean, Donald Riter, Elisabeth Levering, Margaret Wynne, Charlotte Mercer, Levering, and Sidney Jones.

CROASDALE, John Pusey, 1861-

Class of 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; educated in the Friends' School, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOHAN PUSEY CROASDALE, the son of Jeremiah and Hannah Thompson (Chambers) Croasdale, was born in Philadelphia, August 3,



JNO. P. CROASDALE

1861. His early education was acquired at the Friends' School in Philadelphia, where he was fitted for College. In 1880 he entered the College Department of the University, and after graduation in 1884 as Bachelor of Arts, pursued his studies in the Law Department of the University and received his Bachelor of Laws degree in 1886. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and has ever since been engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1893 he was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. Croasdale is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia and the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity.

HOWARD, Philip Eugene, 1870-

Class of 1891

Born in Lynn, Mass., 1870; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1891; Class Poet and Bachelors' Orator;

connected with *The Sunday School Times* since 1891; Vice-President and Treasurer of the corporation since 1900.

PHILIP EUGENE HOWARD was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, April 1, 1870. He is a son of Eugene Howard, M.D., and Susan Ella (Nash) Howard, and is of New England ancestry on both sides of the family. His preparatory education was secured at the Hamilton School in Philadelphia of which LeRoy Bliss Peckham was Head Master, where he completed the course and graduated, having taught in the school during his last year in it as a student. He entered the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1890, taking his first two years in the Scientific School, and throughout the College course was a member of various athletic teams. Turning to the Course in Arts he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1891, delivering the Class Poem and Bachelors' Oration at the Commencement Exercises. After a bicycle tour in Europe he entered the office of *The Sunday School Times* in Philadelphia, becoming business manager of the paper



PHILIP E. HOWARD

in 1893. In 1897 he was admitted to partnership in the firm of John D. Wattles & Company, the publishers of the paper, and since 1900, when a corporation was organized under the name of *The*

Sunday School Times Company to acquire the good will and plant, Mr. Howard has been Vice-President and Treasurer of the corporation. For the past seven years he has been the superintendent of Greenway Union Sunday-school, and he was President of the Presbyterian Superintendents' Association of Philadelphia during the term of 1900-1901. Mr. Howard is a member of Phi Delta Theta, the New England Society of Pennsylvania, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Department of Archæology of the University, and various benevolent organizations. On October 27, 1891, he married Annie Slosson, daughter of H. Clay Trumbull, D.D. He has three children: Philip Eugene, Jr., Henry Trumbull and Alice Gallaudet Howard. Mr. Howard is a frequent contributor of verse and prose to periodical literature.

ABBOTT, Edwin Milton, 1877-

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1877; educated in Philadelphia schools; graduated LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1896; admitted to Bar at the age of nineteen; counsel for various large corporations; author of numerous poems.

EDWIN MILTON ABBOTT was born in Philadelphia, June 4, 1877, the son of Theodore Abbott (deceased) and descending from a distinguished line of Abbotts well known on the Bench and at the Bar. He received his early education at the Philadelphia High School, and selecting the law as his profession entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in the Class of 1896. He was at once admitted to the Bar, when only three days past his nineteenth birthday, having been at the time, it is said, the youngest man ever commissioned to practice in any court of the United States or England. Judge Gordon remarked at the time of his admission that "if a young man shows proficiency and perseverance in his study of the law, and has the required qualifications to practice at our Bar, youth is no justifiable reason to refuse him that right which he has earned by his assiduous work." As a practitioner Mr. Abbott has been very successful, his most important case thus far having probably been that of *Fraser vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Company*, a suit involving a claim of \$100,000, and affecting eighty-one thousand shipments annually. In the law Mr. Abbott is associated with Parker Ross Freeman, and locally

represents the Delaware Registration & Trust Company, the Keystone Chocolate & Confectionery Company and other corporations. He also has a large Chinese clientele. While in school and College he manifested an active interest in athletics. Today he is the representative of the University in its dealings with the schools in athletics. In politics Mr. Abbott is a Republican, and he has been a delegate for his party to numerous conventions. He is President of the Bethlehem Lyceum, Secretary of the Sagamore Club, and identified with numerous social and literary organizations. Mr.



EDWIN M. ABBOTT

Abbott is the author of a number of poems, among them being: "Recompense;" "The Sowers;" "The Man Without the Hoe;" "The Harvest;" "At Close of Day;" "Development;" and "Child of the East." Some of his words have been set to music by prominent composers.

KENDRICK, Murdoch, 1873-

Class of 1893 Arts, 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; educated at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia; A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1893, LL.B. 1896; Chief Clerk in office of City Treasurer, Philadelphia.

MURDOCH KENDRICK, a son of George W. Kendrick, Jr., and Minnie Murdoch, was born in Philadelphia, October 4, 1873. From

1880 he was a student at Rugby Academy in Philadelphia until 1889, when he entered the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania. Graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in



MURDOCH KENDRICK

1893, he registered then as a law student in the office of George Wharton Pepper, and at the same time matriculated in the Law Department of the University, from which he was graduated in 1896. Mr. Kendrick was a very prominent undergraduate member of the Mask and Wig Club, and still retains an interest in the affairs of that popular dramatic organization. He belongs to the University Club, the Union League and the Philadelphia Country Club, and is a Mason of the Thirty-second degree.

AUGÉ, Truman, 1871-

Class of 1892 Med

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; graduated Central High School, 1889; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; Resident Physician Philadelphia Hospital, 1892-93; Visiting Physician to the Out-Patient Department of the Samaritan and Polyclinic Hospitals; Medical Inspector of Philadelphia Public Schools.

TRUMAN AUGÉ, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 15, 1871. He is the son of Samuel T. and Belle (Johnson) Augé, and the great-grandson of Bennet Augé, who came to Phila-

delphia in 1796 or 1797, the son of Daniel Augé, a shipping merchant of Bordeaux, France. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Philadelphia. He was graduated from the Boys' High School in 1889, and in the following autumn entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor's degree in 1892. Under civil service examinations he was appointed Resident Physician of the Philadelphia Hospital, serving from September 1892 until December 1893. From January 1895 up to the present time he has been Visiting Physician to the Medical Out-Patient Department of the Samaritan Hospital, and for several years he has been Chief of Clinic in Professor Solomon Solis Cohen's Medical Clinic at the Polyclinic Hospital and College for Graduates in Medicine. He is also, and has been ever since the system was established, one of the Medical Inspectors of the Philadelphia Public Schools. Dr. Augé was granted the Master of Arts degree by the Boys' Central High School in 1894. For a time he was a member of the Thirty-eighth Ward Sectional School Board. He belongs



TRUMAN AUGÉ

to the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Medico-Legal Society of Philadelphia, several Alumni societies, and the Thirty-eighth Ward Union Republican Club.

KOONS, Ulysses Sidney, 1865-

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in Weissport, Pa., 1865; graduated West Chester State Normal School, 1890; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ULYSSES SIDNEY KOONS was born in Weissport, near Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1865, son of William and Anna (Kuhns) Koons. On both sides his ancestry is German, the first American representatives of the family having come to Pennsylvania from the Palatinate or from Switzerland prior to the



ULYSSES S. KOONS

Revolution. The name up to a comparatively recent time was spelled Kuntz. After attending the public schools of his native town, Mr. Koons went to the West Chester State Normal School, where he graduated in 1890. He taught in the public schools of his native county for four terms, and later for a year and a half had an instructorship in the West Chester Normal School. For a time he was a student in Lafayette College, but left there to go to Philadelphia, where he took up the study of the law in the offices of Charles B. McMichael, now Judge of the Court of Common Pleas No. 3 of Philadelphia. He was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1894, taking the Meredith Prize for an essay on "The Statutes of

Pennsylvania bearing on the Right to Construct Elevated Railroads." Mr. Koons has been a practicing lawyer at the Philadelphia Bar ever since his graduation from the University. He is a member of the Browning Society of Philadelphia, the Young Republicans of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania German Society and the Law Academy. On November 2, 1893, he was married to Bertha E. Haycock, by whom he has four children: William Baker, Henry Webster, Mary Bertha and Charles McMichael Koons.

KELLY, Aloysius Oliver Joseph, 1870-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; graduated La Salle College, Philadelphia, 1888; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1891; studied two years in Europe; Instructor in Clinical Medicine, University of Pennsylvania; Assistant Physician to University Hospital; Clinical Professor of Pathology, Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania; Physician to St. Mary's and St. Agnes' Hospitals; Pathologist to German Hospital, Philadelphia.

ALOYSIUS O. J. KELLY, M.D., is a son of Joseph Vincent Kelly, M.D., and Emma Jane (Ferguson) Kelly, and was born in Philadelphia, June 13, 1870. He received his academic education at La Salle College, Philadelphia, which institution conferred upon him the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1888, and that of Master of Arts in 1891. Matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1888, he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. The following year he spent as Resident Physician in St. Agnes' Hospital, Philadelphia, and then went abroad, where he remained two years, pursuing post graduate studies in London, Dublin, Vienna, and several German cities. In 1897 he again went abroad for post-graduate study. On his return to Philadelphia from his first trip abroad he was appointed Assistant in the Medical Dispensary of the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, Pathologist to St. Agnes' Hospital, and Assistant in the Neurological Department of the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine. Shortly thereafter a Laboratory of Neuropathology was established in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, and Dr. Kelly was given charge of it. Still later the Pathological Laboratory and the Bacteriologic Laboratory were added to his charge. In 1896 Dr. Kelly was appointed Visiting Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, and Instructor in Physical Diagnosis in the

University of Pennsylvania, and in 1897 he was elected Clinical Professor of Pathology in the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, Pathologist to the German Hospital, and Visiting Physician



A. O. J. KELLY

to St. Agnes' Hospital. In 1899 he was elected Instructor in Clinical Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania and Assistant Physician to the University Hospital, which position he still holds. In this year also he was instrumental in organizing the University of Pennsylvania Medical Society, and he served as its Secretary for two years. In 1900 he was elected Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the University of Vermont. In addition, Dr. Kelly is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, a fellow of the American Academy of Medicine, a member of the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical, the Pathological, the Pediatric, and the Neurological societies of Philadelphia.

KAMERLY, Edwin Forrest, Jr., 1869-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Town Hill, Pa., 1869; graduated Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, Pa., 1887; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1891; oculist practicing in Philadelphia;

Instructor in Ophthalmology at the Medico-Chirurgical College.

EDWIN FORREST KAMERLY, JR., M.D., was born at Town Hill, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1869. He is the son of Edwin Forrest Kamerly, M.D., both of whose parents were natives of Stuttgart, Germany. His mother was Ellen Bundick Campbell, descended from a Delaware family. His early education was received at an academy in New Columbus, Pennsylvania, at the Huntington Mills Normal School at Huntington Mill, Pennsylvania, and Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1887. Matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he finished the course with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. After a short period in general practice he became an eye specialist, and is now a successful oculist in Philadelphia. In 1893-1894 he was Clinical Assistant at the Medico-Chirurgical Dispensary, and from 1894 until 1901 was Chief Clinical Assistant in that institution. He was also for a time Assistant Ophthalmologist to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital,



E. F. KAMERLY, JR.

and is now Instructor in Ophthalmology and Tutor at the Medico-Chirurgical College. Dr. Kamerly belongs to the County Medical Society of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Medical Club. On

December 17, 1895, he married Lillah Mary Stokes, by whom he has one child: Frances Stokes Kamerly.

HODGE, George Woolsey, 1845-

Class of 1865.

Born in Philadelphia, 1845; educated in the schools of Dr. Crawford and Dr. Faires, and University of Pennsylvania; graduated at Episcopal Divinity School, Philadelphia, 1868; Episcopal clergyman; in charge of various churches of that denomination in Philadelphia; now Rector of the Church of the Ascension; Chaplain Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution; Secretary Church Unity Society.

GEORGE WOOLSEY HODGE, clergyman, was born in Philadelphia, May 20, 1845, son of Hugh Lenox Hodge, M.D., and Margaret Eliz-



G. WOOLSEY HODGE

abeth Aspinwall. His grandfather, Hugh Hodge, M.D., was a Surgeon in the Revolutionary Army; and his great-grandfather, Andrew Hodge, was one of the early merchants of Philadelphia. His mother's father, John Aspinwall, was a merchant of New York, and her mother was Susan Howland, a descendant of John Howland, who came over in the Mayflower. George Woolsey Hodge received his early education, first in Dr. Samuel Crawford's school, and afterwards in the classical institute of Dr. Faires. From the latter he entered

the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the Department of Arts with the Class of 1865. He then pursued a theological course in the Divinity School of the Protestant-Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, graduating in 1868. For a year he travelled abroad. On his return, in the autumn of 1869, he was ordained deacon, and in January 1870 became Assistant Minister of Christ Church in Philadelphia. In May 1870 he was made priest, and from the following September until February 1874 had charge of Calvary Church in that city. In that year he founded Christ Church Chapel, of which he had charge until 1880, when he became Rector of the Church of the Ascension in Philadelphia, which position he still holds. Since April 1898 Rev. Mr. Hodge has been Presiding Officer of the Southwest Convocation of the Diocese of Pennsylvania. For some years he was Secretary of the Free and Open Church Association, and since 1893 he has served as General Secretary of the Church Unity Society. He has been Chaplain of Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution since 1890, and is a member of the Philomathean Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and of the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity. Mr. Hodge married, April 23, 1872, Mary de Veaux Powel, daughter of Henry Baring Powel and granddaughter of John Hare Powel, and on the mother's side granddaughter of Hon. Richard H. Bayard. Their children are: Carroll, Helen Harriet, Henry Baring, Mildred Aspinwall, Louisa Bayard and Mary Carroll.

JAMISON, William Stewart, 1871-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; educated in private schools; entered University of Pennsylvania in 1888, and left in Junior year; banker and broker in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM STEWART JAMISON was born in Philadelphia, October 10, 1871. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the son of Benton K. and Harriet Ann Jamison. After completing courses at private schools he entered the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1892, but did not graduate, leaving the class at the beginning of Junior year. In 1890 he entered the employment of the United Gas Improvement Company, a connection which he continued until 1897, and from 1897 until 1899 he was with Charles D. Norton & Company, wholesale coal merchants. In 1899 he became a member of the firm of Jamison Brothers & Company, bankers and brokers in Philadelphia. Mr. Jamison belongs

to the University Club of Philadelphia, the Overbrook Golf Club, the Merion Cricket Club, the Merion Golf Club and the Saint Andrews Society. He was married on September 28, 1897, to Eliza-



W. S. JAMISON

beth Hamilton Kelly, by whom he has two sons: William Stewart, Jr., and John Girvin Jamison.

THOMAS, Charles Hermon, 1839-

Class of 1865 Med.

Born in Saratoga county, N. Y., 1839; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1865; Assistant Physician to Lying-In-Charity, 1865-70; Visiting Surgeon to Woman's Hospital, 1867-76; Visiting Surgeon to Philadelphia Hospital, 1883-85; Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics, Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, 1867-76; private soldier, hospital steward and Surgeon in Union Army during Civil War; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Director American Society for Extension of University Teaching.

CHARLES HERMON THOMAS, M.D., was born in Saratoga county, New York, December 4, 1839, the son of Hermon and Harriet (Middlebrook) Thomas. Descended from New England stock on both sides, his ancestors resided in Saratoga county, New York, from its earliest settlement. His early education was acquired at Ballston Spa Academy, Mount Carroll Seminary, and as a private

pupil of Prof. Edward L. Youmans. In the fall of 1861 he entered the army as a private in Havelock Battery of Albany, New York. In the spring of the following year he was appointed hospital steward in the regular army, and was ordered on duty at Satterlee Hospital in West Philadelphia, from which post, by special personal order of Surgeon-General Hammond, he attended the lecture courses in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1865. By special order of the Secretary of War he was authorized to come up for examination for the post of Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, but instead accepted an appointment, March 19, 1865, as Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, with assignment to field duty with the Army of the Potomac. Dr. Thomas was present at the fall of Petersburg, and at the close of the war, in May 1865, he returned to Philadelphia. For three months he was substitute Resident Physician in the surgical wards of the Pennsylvania Hospital, and for six months Resident Physician at Wills Eye Hospital in Philadelphia. From 1865 to 1870 he



CHAS. HERMON THOMAS

was Assistant Physician to the Lying-In-Charity, and from 1867 to 1876 Visiting Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital and Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Woman's Medical College of

Pennsylvania. He was Visiting Surgeon to the Philadelphia Hospital in 1883-1885. Dr. Thomas belongs to a large number of medical societies. He was one of the founders and a Vice-President of the Obstetrical Society of Philadelphia; is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; and has membership in the American Ophthalmological Society, the American Medical Association and its Ophthalmological Section, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Philadelphia County Medical Society, of which he was at one time Vice-President. He is also a member of the Penn Club and the Municipal League. For many years Dr. Thomas has been actively identified with the work of the American Society for the Extension of University Teaching, and at present he is a Director of that society. On March 18, 1874, he married Mrs. Eliza Marcella Kirk, née Cameron; and in 1899 he was again married, to Miss Sarah M. Taylor. He has one son, Paul Kirk Middlebrook Thomas, and resides in Philadelphia.

SANTEE, Eugene Irving, 1841-

Class of 1863 Arts, 1866 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1863, M.D. 1866; Resident Physician at Episcopal Hospital, 1867-68; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

EUGENE IRVING SANTEE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, May 18, 1841, of Huguenot and German ancestry. His father was Charles Santee and his mother Judith Hittel. After attending Dr. S. W. Crawford's preparatory school and other private schools he matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania in 1859, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts from that institution in 1863. For the next three years he was a student in the Medical Department of the University, graduating with the Doctor's diploma on March 14, 1866. For one year, 1867-1868, he was Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia, and he then began private practice in that city, in which he has since been continuously engaged. Dr. Santee is a member of various local, state and national medical associations and is widely known as a successful physician and a public-spirited representative of his profession. He married, May 20, 1869, Jennie McMackin, who died in 1871. On October 19, 1882, he was married again to Mary Alice Montelius, who died in July 1898. His home is in Philadelphia.

CASSELBERRY, Clarence Marmaduke, 1875-

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Pottstown, Pa., 1875; educated at the "Hill School," Pottstown; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1897; now on the staff of the Wage Earners Emergency and General Hospital in Boston.

CLARENCE MARMADUKE CASSELBERRY, M.D., is a native of Pottstown, Pennsylvania, born October 5, 1875, the son of Marmaduke Burr and Amanda Elizabeth (Yocom) Casselberry. Re-



C. M. CASSELBERRY

ceiving his early education in the Pottstown Public Schools and at the "Hill School" in Pottstown, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1893, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. For a time he was a Resident Physician in St. Joseph's Hospital at Providence, Rhode Island. In 1898 he accepted a position on the staff of the Boston Emergency Hospital, which he held for a few months, when he opened an office for private practice in Boston. He is at the present time a member of the staff of the Wage Earners Emergency and General Hospital of that city. Dr. Casselberry was a charter member of the Lambda Chapter of the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity.

COULSTON, Joseph Warren, Jr., 1868-

Class of 1890 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; attended Friends' School; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1890, LL.B. 1893; member of Philadelphia law firm, 1893-98; Philadelphia representative of a Boston banking house.

JOSEPH WARREN COULSTON, JR., was born in Philadelphia, September 28, 1868, the son of J. Warren and Marie Louise (Andrews) Coulston. His preparatory schooling was received in the Friends' School at Fifteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia. Matriculating at the University of Penn-



J. WARREN COULSTON, JR.

sylvania, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890, and continued his studies in the Law School of the University, graduating from that department with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893, at which time he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. Mr. Coulston then became a member of the law firm of Coulston, Driver & Coulston, a partnership which was continued until 1898, when he withdrew to become the Philadelphia representative of E. H. Gay & Company, bankers, of Boston. While at College Mr. Coulston was active in the athletic and social life of the students. He was a member of the Mask and Wig Club and appeared in several of its performances; he took part in the Greek play given by the students of the

University in 1887. Mr. Coulston was a private in the First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry, during the war with Spain. He belongs to the Union League and the University Club of Philadelphia, and is a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity. He was married, April 3, 1900, to Sarah George Ford, of Bellwood, Pennsylvania.

PERKINS, Edward Lang, 1843-

Class of 1866 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; graduated A.B. 1863 and A.M. 1866 at Williams College; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1866; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1866; appointed Secretary of New Mexico by President Grant in 1869.

EDWARD LANG PERKINS was born in Philadelphia, May 28, 1843. His father was Henry Perkins, who was born in Salem, Massachusetts, in 1803, and died in Philadelphia in 1889. His mother was Cornelia Adeline (Allen) Perkins (1812-1895). The Perkins family in America is traced back to John Perkins, Sr., who was born in Gloucestershire, England, in 1590, and sailed from Bristol, December 1, 1630, in the ship "Lyon," with his wife and five children, landing in Nantasket, Massachusetts, February 5, 1631. He settled in Ipswich, which was the home of the family for several generations. The ancestry is derived from John Perkins, Sr., through John Perkins, Jr., Isaac Perkins, Jacob Perkins, Francis Perkins (who organized a military company in Chebacco Parish, Ipswich, in 1774, of which he was ensign and afterward captain), David Perkins and Henry Perkins. The son of the last named of these, Edward Lang Perkins, after attending various private schools, entered Rev. J. W. Faires' Classical Institute in Philadelphia, where he was prepared for Williams College, at Williamstown, Massachusetts. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from this institution in 1863, and then took up legal studies with William F. Judson, Esq., a member of the Philadelphia Bar. At the same time he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1866, in which year, also, Williams College conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. In May 1866 he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and subsequently to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, the United States District and Circuit Courts, and the Supreme Court of the United States, and has practiced his profession, continuously, in the

City of Philadelphia. In 1869 Mr. Perkins was appointed Secretary of New Mexico by President Grant, but resigned his post in a short time to return to Philadelphia. Since May 1865 he has



EDWARD L. PERKINS

been a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, and is now a life member of that club. He is a member of the Hamilton Whist Club, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Lawyers' Club of Philadelphia, of which for six years he was a Director, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, and also of Philo Lodge, No. 444, of the Masonic Fraternity, of which he is a Past Master; of Jerusalem Chapter, No. 3, Royal Arch Masons; and St. John's Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar. Mr. Perkins belongs to both the General Court and the Pennsylvania Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America, and is a Councillor of the General Court. He has been Secretary and Historian and is now the Deputy-Governor of the Pennsylvania Society. He is also a member of the Board of Managers of the Howard Hospital for Incurables of Philadelphia. On January 24, 1882, Mr. Perkins married Caroline A., daughter of Rev. Alexander and Elizabeth Parker (Brooke) Heberton. He resides in West Philadelphia.

LEARD, John Samuel Hick, 1867-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Prince Edward Island, Canada, 1867; academic training at Prince of Wales College at Charlottetown, graduating in 1885; public school teacher, 1885-91; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing physician in Boston, Mass.

JOHN SAMUEL HICK LEARD, M.D., was born in Tryon, Prince Edward Island, Canada, April 10, 1867. He is descended from a family whose members were numbered among the first settlers in Prince Edward Island, arriving about 1770; they came from County Antrim in the North of Ireland, where they had taken up their residence some years before, having fled thither from Scotland because of religious persecution. The original spelling of the name in Scotland was Laird, which was afterwards corrupted to Leard. Dr. Leard was educated in the public schools of Tryon, where he was prepared for Prince of Wales College at Charlottetown in Prince Edward Island, from which he graduated in 1885. For six years, from 1885 to 1891, he taught in the public schools of the island, and then went to Philadelphia to take the courses



JOHN S. H. LEARD

in the Medical Department at the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his Doctor's degree in 1894. In 1895-1897 he was one of the physicians to the Ruggles-Street Dispensary in Boston

and from 1897 to 1900 was Physician to Jamaica Plain Dispensary in Boston. Since 1897 Dr. Leard has been one of the Medical Inspectors of Schools and an Agent of the Board of Health of the City of Boston. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society. On January 28, 1897, he married Genevieve M. Freas of Philadelphia.

ZIEGLER, Charles Frederick, 1849-

Class of 1868.

Born in Philadelphia, 1849; graduated Episcopal Academy 1864, and University of Pennsylvania 1868; student in Law Department University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1871; President of River and Harbor Improvement Company and officer of various dredging companies.

CHARLES FREDERICK ZIEGLER was born in Philadelphia, November 25, 1849. His father was Charles Ziegler, a son of Charles Frederick Wolfgang Ziegler, a physician of Stuttgart, Germany, exiled for political reasons in the latter part of the eighteenth century; coming to America he settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he practiced the medical profession; his father had been Court Chaplain at Stuttgart. Charles Frederick Ziegler's mother was Catharine Ann Fritz-Ilgen, descended from Hessian ancestors who settled in York, Pennsylvania, in the early part of the eighteenth century; her grandfather served on the Continental side during the Revolutionary War, and was present with General Montgomery at the siege of Quebec, being captured on that occasion by the British. The subject of this biography was prepared for College at the Academy of the Protestant-Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1864. He entered the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania in that year, and graduated after the usual four-years course with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1868. In Freshman year he received a prize for declamation, and at graduation was the Spoonman of his class, being voted by the members to be the most popular man. Selecting the legal profession, he studied law in the office of Hon. Peter McCall from 1868 to 1871, at the same time taking a partial course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in September 1871, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession in that city ever since. In 1869 he was the co-Editor and projector with Henry Budd of the University Magazine, the first

periodical devoted to the interests of the University of Pennsylvania. Out of this publication the Penn Monthly was developed and in this magazine Mr. Ziegler also had an interest. In his law practice he has made a specialty of real estate, and cases arising from the settlement of estates. He has been counsel for various corporations, and has actively directed the affairs of a number of dredging companies. For many years he was the President of the River and Harbor Improvement Company, a large corporation engaged in dredging operations on the Delaware River. He is still a Director of the company, and



CHARLES F. ZIEGLER

is officially connected with other dredging concerns. From 1878 until 1880 he was a School Director in Philadelphia. For several years he has been a member of the Board of Managers of the Society of the Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania and he belongs to the Lawyers' Club, the Browning Society, the Penn Club, the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the Art Club, and the Trades League of Philadelphia. Mr. Ziegler is much devoted to the Fine Arts and music, and at different times has been the President of several musical clubs. On December 16, 1879, he married Eloise Somers. She died January 22, 1893, and on September 17, 1894, he married Bessie May Gross. He resides in Philadelphia.

YARNALL, Ellis Hornor, 1839-

Class of 1866 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1839; graduated Haverford College, 1858; in mercantile business for a time; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1866; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia for several years.

ELLIS HORNOR YARNALL was born in Philadelphia, December 23, 1839, the son of Charles Yarnall and Emma (Cope) Yarnall. On both sides the ancestry is English, the Yarnalls coming to Pennsylvania from Worcester, England, in 1682, while the Copes arrived in America at about the same period from Hereford, England. Mr. Yar-



ELLIS H. YARNALL

nall was prepared for College at Gregory's Classical Academy, and entering Haverford College was graduated from that institution with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1858. Several succeeding years were spent in the mercantile business with Whitall, Tatum & Company, manufacturers and merchants in Philadelphia, but he gave up a business career to pursue a course of study in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1866. In the same year he was admitted to practice in the Philadelphia courts. For several years he was engaged in his profession in that city, and for some time was Editor of the Geographical Department of the "American Naturalist." He then spent several

years in England and on the Continent, returning to Philadelphia in 1894, since which time he has made his residence in that city. Mr. Yarnall is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Geographical Society of Philadelphia. He was married, first, in 1880, to Caroline Ridgway Rowland; and a second time, in 1897, to his cousin, Emily Yarnall.

HEPBURN, Henry Fisher,

Class of 1869 Law.

Born in Lewes, Del.; student at law under Senator Willard Saulsbury; admitted to Delaware and Philadelphia Bars, 1868; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania 1869; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

HENRY FISHER HEPBURN is a native of Lewes, Sussex county, Delaware. His father was David Hepburn, a descendant of Joseph Hepburn, who removed from Pennsylvania and married Lea Prettyman of Sussex county, Delaware, in the eighteenth century. The first American representative of the Prettyman family was John Prettyman, who emigrated from England, taking up large tracts of land near Lewes in 1693-1697; the family has produced many preachers, and has had a religious inclination for two centuries. Henry Fisher Hepburn's mother was Elizabeth Burton, a lineal descendant of William Burton who settled in Sussex county, Delaware, in 1677, when he became the owner of several thousand acres of land; from him have descended many noted Delawareans, including one Governor of the state and a large number of professional men of high repute in the life of the little commonwealth. Elizabeth Hepburn (née Burton) was also a descendant of English ancestors, one branch of her family having gone over to England from Normandy and settled in Lancashire, the head of the house receiving a manor for his valor at arms in the Battle of Hastings. Henry Fisher Hepburn attended public and private schools in Delaware. He came under the instruction of Dr. William Harris, a fine Greek and Latin scholar; Rev. John Leighton McKim, the Principal of St. Peter's Academy of Lewes, Delaware; Prof. Molten Rench, Rev. David McIlvaine and Joshua S. Burton, the latter being one of the leading surveyors of the county, from whom Mr. Hepburn received practical lessons in field surveying. In 1861 he enlisted in the Sixth Delaware Volunteers, as a nine-months man, and in 1865 he began the study of law under Hon. Wil-

lard Saulsbury, United States Senator and later the Chancellor of Delaware. In April 1868 he was admitted to the Delaware Bar, and in June following to the Bar of Philadelphia. In the meantime



H. F. HEPBURN

he had matriculated as a student in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Bachelor of Laws in June 1869. He immediately entered upon the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, where he has since continued. Mr. Hepburn has tried some of the most intricate cases that have ever come before the Pennsylvania courts. A leading case was that of *Reilly v. Reilly* in 1872. A husband had deserted his wife and gone over sea, subsequently returning to America to engage in business successfully. In a few years he married again, and the suit was to recover for the expenses of the wife for her own and her child's support during a period of fifteen years. She obtained a verdict of \$5000, this having been the first case of the kind ever tried in Pennsylvania. Another case tried by Mr. Hepburn involved the validity of the will of a man who bequeathed the residue of his estate to be expended in masses for the repose of his soul. This clause of the will was set aside and the money awarded to the heirs. During the last fifteen years Mr. Hepburn has made a specialty of advising builders and contractors as to the law bearing

upon their affairs. In politics Mr. Hepburn is a Democrat. He is a member of the Sons of Delaware, and has a fine country place at Kenton in that state, where he owns and operates a large farm, as a diversion from city life.

FERGUSON, Joseph Cooper, Jr., 1868-

Class of 1890.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; educated in public schools and University of Pennsylvania; engaged in business since 1890.

JOSEPH COOPER FERGUSON, JR., was born in Philadelphia, August 2, 1868. His father is Joseph Cooper Ferguson, Judge of the Orphans' Court in Philadelphia, and the son of James Ferguson; and his mother was Sophia Miller Cramp, the daughter of William M. Cramp. After attending the public schools of his native city he matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in the College Department in the Class of 1890, but he did not remain to graduate. In the spring of 1890 he engaged in the optical business, establishing a partnership with Daniel E. Weston under the firm



JOS. C. FERGUSON, JR.

name of Ferguson & Weston. This partnership was dissolved in 1898, when he opened a store on his own account for the sale of optical and photographic goods and surgical instruments in Phila-

delphia. Mr. Ferguson belongs to the Psi Upsilon Fraternity. He was married September 12, 1892, to Ella Barnett. His home is in Mt. Airy, a suburb of Philadelphia.

CLARK, James Edward, 1842-

Class of 1873 Law.

Born in Smithville, Chenango Co., N. Y., 1842; graduated Eastman's Commercial College; LL.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1873; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; church and Sunday School worker and Prohibitionist.

JAMES EDWARD CLARK was born in Smithville, Chenango county, New York, June 6, 1842, the son of Daniel Clark, M.D., and Harriet Douglas Clark. He comes from Revolutionary stock, and his ancestry, both paternal and maternal, is traced back to an early period in the sixteenth century. His American progenitors on both sides established themselves during the colonial era in New England. Mr. Clark attended the public schools of his native place until he was twelve years of age, studying afterward at several academies, a training which was followed by a full course at Eastman's Commercial College at Poughkeepsie, New York. Subsequently he pursued a special course at the Delaware Literary Institute at Franklin, New York, where he later started a Commercial Department, teaching in it himself until the summer of 1864. In that year he removed to Cortland, New York, where he became a bookkeeper in a national bank. In this service he was engaged for but a short time, breaking it off to enlist in the Seventy-sixth New York Regiment, in which he served as a private and later as a sergeant in the closing days of the Civil War. In 1866 he settled in Philadelphia to engage in the drug business, a connection which was continued for five years. At the end of that time his interest inclined him to the law, and he registered himself as a student in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1873. While equipping himself for the practice of his profession he carried on a real estate and conveyancing business. For nearly twenty years Mr. Clark has been in continuous practice in civil and criminal causes at the Philadelphia Bar. He has always taken a prominent part in religious and charitable movements. He has been an active member of the Presbyterian Church, a Sunday School Superintendent, and for several years was a member of the Board of Managers of the Young Men's Christian Association of

Philadelphia. While his first vote for President was cast for Lincoln and he earlier acted with the Republicans, he has recently been a Prohibitionist, of which party he has several times been a nominee for office. He was once the Prohibition nominee for City Councils, once for Magistrate, twice for District Attorney and twice for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Philadelphia. Mr. Clark has been at various times Director, Treasurer and Conveyancer of different building and loan associations, having assisted in the organization of two of these associations. He is a charter member of



JAMES E. CLARK

Mondamin Tribe No. 288, Improved Order of Red Men; also a charter member of Columbia Castle No. 10, and of Waverly Castle No. 13, Knights of the Golden Eagle, in which he is a Past Chief, and is an ex-Captain and ex-Lieutenant-Colonel in the Military Department of the same order. Since 1884 he has been Financial Secretary of Tithonian Senate, No. 11, Order of Sparta. He is a member of the Alumni Society of the Law Department, and also of the General Alumni Society, of the University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Clark was married June 15, 1869, to Fannie A. Houghtaling of Davenport, Delaware county, New York. Her father, John Houghtaling, was descended from an old family in Holland. Mrs. Clark has for years been an active

worker in the church and in the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. They have two daughters: Miriam Douglas Clark, who is the wife of E. Leslie Sholl, a descendant of an English family; and Emma Eugenia Clark.

BREWSTER, Francis E., 1852-

Class of 1870.

Born in Philadelphia, 1852; educated Calvary Classical School, by private tutors and at University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Philadelphia Bar 1873 and to United States Supreme Court 1885; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Solicitor Board of City Trusts, 1899.

FRANCIS E. BREWSTER, son of Hon. F. Carroll and Emma (Barton) Brewster, was born in Philadelphia, March 17, 1852. His father was a prominent member of the Philadelphia Bar, as was also his grandfather, Francis E. Brewster, for whom he was named; and he is a lineal descendant of Elder William Brewster, the Mayflower pilgrim. On the maternal side he is a great-grandson of Jonathan Dickinson Sergeant, the first Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, and also of David Rittenhouse, the astronomer. His early education was acquired at the Calvary Classical School in Philadelphia and under a private tutor, who directed his final preparations for College. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1866, and took his Bachelor's degree in the Class of 1870. The succeeding three years were devoted to the study of law in the office of his father, Hon. F. Carroll Brewster, and he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, March 29, 1873. His native city possessed all the requisite inducements for establishing a profitable general law business, and by taking advantage of every available opportunity calculated to contribute toward his advancement he has attained prominence in the legal profession. On March 13, 1885, he was admitted to practice in the United States Supreme Court. In January 1899 he was elected Solicitor for the Board of City Trusts, having previously served as its Assistant Solicitor. Mr. Brewster is a member of the Lawyers' Club of Philadelphia, and also of the Germantown Cricket, the Philadelphia Barge, and the Racquet clubs. In politics he is a Republican.

TINDEL, Adam, 1854-

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in England, 1854; educated in English private schools and in Law Department University of Penn-

sylvania; practiced law six years; entered steel manufacturing business; President Frankford Steel & Forging Company and the Tindel-Morris Company.

ADAM TINDEL, son of Peter and Margaret (Wray) Tindel, was born at Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, June 12, 1854. His ancestors for many generations were residents of the north country in England, and some of them inter-married with Scotch families. His preliminary education was obtained in English private schools, and after settling in the United States he became a law student at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he



ADAM TINDEL

was graduated as Bachelor of Laws with the Class of 1875. After six years of practice he relinquished the legal profession to engage in the steel manufacturing business, and has ever since devoted his exclusive attention to that industry. Mr. Tindel is President of the Frankford Steel & Forging Company, and also of the Tindel-Morris Company. He married, December 21, 1880, Sara M. Williams; they have two children: Edith and Harris Emery Tindel. He resides in Philadelphia.

BLOOM, Homer Clark, 1865-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Martinsburg, Pa., 1865; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1878; prac-

ticed medicine in Martinsburg, 1878-1889; practitioner in Philadelphia since 1889; Out-door Surgeon Gynecian Hospital; member of various medical and other societies, and contributor to medical journals.

HOMER CLARK BLOOM, M.D., son of Dr. Frederick George and Mary Lowery (Getty) Bloom, was born in Martinsburg, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1856. His father, who was one of the leading physicians in Western Pennsylvania, and for fifty years was recognized as one of the most skilful practitioners of that section of the country, graduated in 1843 from the Pennsylvania Medical College, which was later merged in the University of Penn-



HOMER C. BLOOM

sylvania. He is descended on the paternal side from the early Holland settlers of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. The founders of the family were heads of the Moravian Church, one being the spiritual bishop and the other the secular bishop. The latter fought in the war of the Revolution and was one of General Washington's most trusted officers at Valley Forge. It was from this distinguished officer that Dr. Bloom's branch of the family sprang. On the maternal side he is a descendant of an eminent Scotch surgeon, who practiced in Pittsburg and Martinsburg. At an early age Homer C. Bloom decided to prepare for the medical profession, and after studying at Washington and Jefferson College, he entered the Medical Department of the Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania in 1875, graduating in 1878, being one of the first to matriculate under the three-year system which was adopted by the University of Pennsylvania. His initiatory experience obtained in the hospitals of Philadelphia while a student was of a nature to inspire confidence in his ability to attain success in his profession, and immediately after receiving his medical degree he returned to Martinsburg, where he practiced for the succeeding ten years. For five years he was Surgeon of the Albrona division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. In 1889 he removed to Philadelphia, with a view of broadening his professional field, and where his anticipations for a more varied and extensive practice have been fully realized. Dr. Bloom has held the post of Out-door Surgeon at the Gynecian Hospital for ten years. He is a member of the Philadelphia County, the American, Pennsylvania, Obstetrical and Paediatric medical societies; and of the Masonic Fraternity. He is a writer of recognized ability and contributes articles upon timely topics to the medical journals. In politics he is a Republican. On December 15, 1899, he married Mary L. Bowen, at St. Paul, Wisconsin.

REED, Boardman, 1842-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born at Scottsville, N. Y., 1842; Captain in the Fiftieth Wisconsin Infantry during the Civil War; student at Beloit College, 1866-67, and at University of Pennsylvania, Department of Arts, 1867-68; editorial writer several years on Philadelphia Press and Philadelphia Times; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1878; practicing physician in Philadelphia and Atlantic City; President Atlantic City Board of Health, 1882-85; contributor of a large number of articles to medical journals; Editor International Medical Magazine; Adjunct Professor of Hygiene, Department of Medicine, Temple College, Philadelphia.

BOARDMAN REED, M.D., was born in Scottsville, New York, April 30, 1842, the son of William N. and Hylinda L. (Harmon) Reed. He spent his boyhood at Lancaster, Wisconsin, and began his education in the public schools of that place. Later he attended the College at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin, but left off his studies to take part in the Civil War, in which by successive promotions for gallantry in the service he rose to the rank of Captain in the Fiftieth Wisconsin Infantry. After the war he resumed his College course, at Beloit College, Wisconsin, 1866-1867, and in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania, 1867-1868. During his Freshman year at Beloit he

received the Lewis prize for the greatest advancement for the year of any student in that institution. In his Junior year he won a prize for the best essay in metaphysics. After leaving College he occupied himself for several years as an editorial writer upon the Philadelphia Press and the Philadelphia Times, but abandoned a journalistic career to take up the study of medicine. Matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he graduated therefrom as a Doctor of Medicine in March 1878. He took two courses at the Philadelphia Lying-In-Charity, one before and



BOARDMAN REED

the other after receiving his diploma, and served for some months as an assistant to Dr. R. G. Curtin at the Medical Dispensary of the University Hospital. Afterward he assisted Dr. Charles T. Hunter at the Surgical Dispensary of the Pennsylvania Hospital in Philadelphia, and maintained an office on Walnut Street in that city. Early in the summer of 1878 Dr. Reed opened an office in Atlantic City, and he practiced there every season thereafter up to and including 1897. While there he served as Attending Physician to the Mercer Memorial House for Invalid Women, and later as Consulting Physician to the Jewish Seaside Home. For three years, 1882 to 1885, he was President of the Atlantic City Board of Health. This was the period during

which the city's present sewerage system was adopted and put in operation. He was for one year President of the Atlantic County (N. J.) Medical Society. By numerous writings upon the effect of sea air and the climate of Atlantic City upon the sick, Dr. Reed did much to acquaint the medical profession with the advantages of that locality, especially as a winter health-resort. During the winter of 1892-1893 he practiced in Thomasville, Georgia. In the autumn of 1896 he resumed practice in Philadelphia and has had an office there ever since, devoting himself particularly to internal medicine, in the main to chronic diseases of the digestive system. On two different occasions he has pursued special medical studies in Europe, the last time in Berlin under the instruction of Professor Ewald and Dr. Boas. Dr. Reed was one of the original members of the American Climatological Association and belongs to many other medical societies. He is a foreign member of the French Society of Electrotherapy, and is a member of the Union League and the Penn Club of Philadelphia, and a companion of the Loyal Legion of the United States. His writings upon medical subjects in the leading medical journals have attracted much attention for many years. His pen is always busy. For the past three years he has been the Editor of the International Medical Magazine. He married, in 1871, Gertrude R. Phelps of Philadelphia; they have two children: Harmon Phelps Reed and Helen F. K. Reed. In the autumn of 1901 Dr. Reed accepted the position of Adjunct Professor of Hygiene in the Department of Medicine of Temple College, Philadelphia, and has since delivered the lectures on Hygiene in that institution.

ANDERSON, James Baxter, 1859-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1881; counsel for mercantile tax cases in Philadelphia for eight years; member of Select Council in Philadelphia, 1884-87, and since 1890.

JAMES BAXTER ANDERSON was born in Philadelphia, February 23, 1859, the son of James B. and Elizabeth Ann (Gray) Anderson. His parents were born in Glasgow, Scotland, but his paternal grandfather was a native of Ireland; his maternal ancestors were all Scotch. His early education was received at Samuel Allen's Friends School, and from private preceptors. Entering the Law

School of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1881. In the meantime he was registered as a student at law in the office of F. Carroll Brewster,



JAMES B. ANDERSON

J.L.D., and in 1880, before his course at the University was completed, he had passed the Board of Examiners for admission to the Philadelphia Bar. After his graduation he remained with his preceptor, Judge Brewster, for two years as an assistant. In 1887 he was appointed by the Auditor-General as Counsel for mercantile tax cases for the city and County of Philadelphia, holding the position for six years. In 1899 he was reappointed to this office, from which he resigned in 1901. Mr. Anderson has always taken an active part in politics. He was elected to the Select Council to represent the Fifth Ward of Philadelphia in 1884, retiring in 1887. Again elected in 1890, he still retains membership by successive re-elections in that body. He was a delegate from the Third Congressional District of Pennsylvania to the Republican convention at Minneapolis that nominated Benjamin Harrison for a second term in 1892, and was a delegate also to the convention at St. Louis in 1896 which nominated William McKinley for the Presidency. He was likewise a delegate to the convention in Philadelphia which nominated McKinley a second time in 1900.

VOL. II. — 13

Mr. Anderson is a prominent Mason, is a member of the Lawyers' Club and is Vice-President of the Athletic Club of Philadelphia. He was married in 1882 to Alma Van Gilder, by whom he has had seven children, four sons and three daughters. He resides in Philadelphia and is still actively engaged in the practice of the law, in addition to his official and political engagements.

KAY, Andrew Thomson, 1858-

Class of 1880 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1880; lawyer; connected with Title Insurance & Trust Company, Philadelphia.

ANDREW THOMSON KAY, son of Alexander and Catherine (Graham) Kay, was born in Philadelphia, October 9, 1858. He graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1880, was admitted to the Bar in June 1880, and commenced practice in Philadelphia. In 1886 he became Assistant Title Officer of the Common-



ANDREW T. KAY

wealth Title Insurance & Trust Company of that city, and in 1899 was made Title Officer, which position he still holds. Mr. Kay married Virginia Hand, June 2, 1890, and resides in Philadelphia.

BOWKER, George Clay,

Class of 1888 Arts, 1892 Law.

Born in Philadelphia; Ph.B. University of Pennsylvania 1888, LL.B. 1892; member of the Philadelphia Bar; in real estate and conveyancing business since 1889.

GEORGE CLAY BOWKER is a native of Philadelphia, the son of John and Elizabeth (Faraday) Bowker. His early education was



GEORGE C. BOWKER

received in the public schools of Philadelphia and under private tutors. Entering the University of Pennsylvania in 1884, he took the course of Finance and Economy in the Wharton School, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1888. He at once engaged in the real estate business, which has now grown to extensive dimensions. Under the preceptorship of C. Stuart Patterson he began the study of law, and took the course in the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1892. Mr. Bowker is Solicitor for the Westminster Cemetery Company, the Manayunk Real Estate Company and other corporations. He was for a time a Lecturer on the Law of Real Property in the Law School of the Temple College in Philadelphia. He belongs to the Union League of Philadelphia, the Undine Barge Club,

the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the American Statistical Society, and is a member of the Board of Managers of St. Timothy's Hospital, and of the Twenty-first Sectional School Board. Mr. Bowker married, September 23, 1896, Louise Harding Corson, of Norristown, Pennsylvania.

KIRBY, Ellwood Robert, 1865-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Ellesdale, N. J., 1865; educated in Philadelphia schools; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; student at European Universities three and a half years; Instructor in Surgery, University of Pennsylvania, 1892-97; Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery, Medico-Chirurgical College, since 1897.

ELLWOOD ROBERT KIRBY, M.D., was born in Ellesdale, New Jersey, in 1865, son of Robert J. and Sallie A. (Larzalere) Kirby. On his father's side he is of English and on his mother's side of French Huguenot extraction. After attending Friends' schools and the Central High School in Philadelphia, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in



ELLWOOD R. KIRBY

1887. For two years thereafter, until 1889, he was House Surgeon in the University Hospital. He then went to Europe to complete his studies, remaining abroad for a period of more than three years, at the

Universities of London, Paris, Freiburg in Baden, Vienna and Berlin. On his return to this country Dr. Kirby was appointed Instructor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, a position which he held from 1892 to 1897. Since the latter year he has been Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery in the Medico-Chirurgical College in Philadelphia. In 1900 he was appointed a Director of the Department of Charities and Corrections in Philadelphia. Dr. Kirby belongs to the Union League of Philadelphia, and to the Pathological, the County Medical, the Pediatric, the State Medical and the American Medical Societies. Since 1897 he has been the Secretary of the Philadelphia County Medical Society.

WILLSON, David Burt, 1842-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1842; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1860; M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1863; surgeon in United States Army during Civil War; studied theology at Reformed Presbyterian Theological Seminary, 1865-69; studied law in Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1869-70; ordained to the ministry, 1870; pastor, 1870-75; Professor of Biblical Literature in Reformed Presbyterian Theological Seminary since 1875; honorary D.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; author of many printed addresses, and an Editor of Reformed Presbyterian and Covenanter, 1874-95.

DAVID BURT WILLSON, M.D., D.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 27, 1842. He is a son of Rev. James McLeod Willson, D.D., and Rebecca Burt. On his father's side he comes of a long line of theologians. Of Scotch-Irish stock, the first American representative of the family, Zaccheus Willson, arrived in America in 1713. Dr. David Burt Willson's grandfather, Rev. James Renwick Willson, D.D., was graduated at Jefferson College in 1806. His father, Rev. James McLeod Willson, D.D., was graduated at Union in 1829. Both were Professors of Theology in the Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, Pennsylvania. Dr. Willson's mother was a daughter of David Burt, descended from Henry Burt, who settled in Springfield, Massachusetts, in 1640. The subject of this biography attended the select school of John Evans and later went to Dr. John W. Faires' Classical Institute, where he prosecuted his studies for five years, from 1851 until 1856. He then took the full course in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Bachelor of Arts in 1860 with first honors, delivering the Greek oration on Commencement Day.

In both Junior and Senior years he received prizes in College for proficiency in Greek, and he was a Moderator of the Philomathean Society. From 1861 until 1863 he was a student at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, graduating in the latter year as a Doctor of Medicine. He spent the summer of 1862 as an acting medical cadet in Virginia; in 1863-1864 he was an Acting Assistant Surgeon in the army, engaged in hospital transport service on the Western rivers; and in 1865 he served in Virginia. Upon his return from the war Dr. Willson took up the study of theology at the Re-



DAVID B. WILLSON

formed Presbyterian Theological Seminary. There he remained four years, or from 1865 until 1869, when he entered the Department of Law at the University of Pennsylvania. His law studies were continued during the year 1869-1870. On November 29, 1870, he was ordained to the ministry at Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and was Pastor for five years of a church in that city. Since 1875 he has been Professor of Biblical Literature in the Reformed Presbyterian Theological Seminary in Allegheny. He was Moderator of the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in 1887, and was a delegate to the sixth Council of the Alliance of the Reformed Churches which met at Glasgow in 1896. In 1889 he travelled extensively in Egypt and Palestine.

Dr. Willson has always been an advocate of the National Reform movement. He is opposed to the secularization of the State in indifference to Christianity and revealed religion. He is the author of many sermons and addresses, among them "The Revised Bible," "The Excellence of the Psalms," "Christ the Witness," "A Life and a Lesson," "Civil Rulers and the People," and others. For twenty-two years, 1874 to 1896, he was an Editor of the "Reformed Presbyterian and Covenanter," Pittsburg. In 1873 Dr. Willson married Martha J., daughter of Robert Grier of Pittsburg; she died in 1881, and in 1883 he married Mary R., daughter of Rev. John Galbraith of Mars, Pennsylvania. He has three children: Mary G., Anna G., and James Burt Willson.

GUGGENHEIM, William, 1868-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; graduated Philadelphia High School; spent three and a half years at University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1889; Superintendent Philadelphia Smelting & Refining Co., 1890-91; General Manager of large smelting interests, 1891-1901; member of the firm of M. Guggenheim's Sons.

WILLIAM GUGGENHEIM was born in Philadelphia, November 6, 1868. He is a son of Meyer and Barbara (Myers) Guggenheim. He was early sent to the Philadelphia public schools, and passed to the High School, being prepared for the University of Pennsylvania by Professor Hugo Rennert. He matriculated in the College Department in 1885, and pursued the Scientific Course for two years, then entered the Wharton School of the University, intending to study law on completing that course. But his father's large mining interests induced his return to the Scientific Department six months later, and he resumed his studies in this department for another year, confining his work mostly to chemistry and metallurgy as pursued both by the Senior and Post-Senior classes. From 1890 to 1891 Mr. Guggenheim was the Superintendent of the Philadelphia Smelting & Refining Company of Pueblo, Colorado. During the period from 1891 to 1901 he was General Manager of M. Guggenheim's Sons' various mining and smelting interests in the Republic of Mexico, constructing in 1891 their lead-smelting works at Monterey, Nuevo Leon, and in 1894 their lead and copper smelting establishment at Aguascalientes. Of these two concerns he was the Secretary

and Treasurer, and at the same time was Vice-President and Treasurer of the Philadelphia Smelting & Refining Company of Pueblo. All of these companies were merged, with others, in a great consolidated company, the American Smelting & Refining Company, in 1901. Mr. Guggenheim



WILLIAM GUGGENHEIM

then retired from active business pursuits, although he is still a member of the firm of M. Guggenheim's Sons of New York.

SAUERS, Frederick, 1865-

Class of 1889 Dent.

Born in Germany, 1865; educated in public schools and business college; graduated University of Pennsylvania Dental Department, 1889; practicing dentist in Philadelphia.

FREDERICK SAUERS, D.D.S., is a native of Germany, born February 27, 1865, son of Anton and Julia (Brenzel) Sauers. His education for the first five years was acquired in German schools. On coming to America he entered the public schools of Philadelphia, and after graduation attended Peirce's Business College in that city. Deciding, however, upon a professional career, he entered in 1887 the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated with

the Class of 1889, of which he was Vice-President. Immediately upon graduation he opened a dental office in Philadelphia, and after fifteen months was obliged to establish himself in larger



FREDERICK SAUERS

and more commodious quarters, where he continues in successful practice. Dr. Sauers was married, November 17, 1897, to Mary Elizabeth Sharpe, and has two daughters: Margaret Elizabeth and Eleanor Frances Sauers.

WAGNER, Samuel, 1842-

Class of 1861.

Born in Philadelphia, 1842; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1861; teacher of mathematics in Episcopal Academy, 1861-63; student in Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1863-64; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1866; private in First Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, 1862-63; founder of Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art; Chief Editor of Penn Monthly for three years; President of Wagner Institute since 1884.

SAMUEL WAGNER was born in Philadelphia, December 28, 1842. He is a son of Samuel and Emilie Obrié (Duval) Wagner, and is descended from Tobias Wagner, a distinguished German theologian who from 1662 to 1680 was Chancellor of the University of Tübingen in Wurtemberg. He was educated in the preparatory branches at the

Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, and in 1857 entered the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861. Three years later he received his Master of Arts. From 1861 to 1863 he was a teacher of mathematics in the Episcopal Academy, interrupting his work at this school to take the field in the emergencies of 1862 and 1863 as a private in the First Regiment of the Pennsylvania Militia. In 1863-1864 he was a student in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and in 1866 he was admitted to practice in the Philadelphia courts. His admission to the Bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania followed in 1869, and to the Supreme Court of the United States in 1881. Mr. Wagner has now to a great extent given up active law practice, and lives on his farm in Chester county. His public spirit in his native community is marked by many monuments. He was one of the founders of the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, the Free Library of Philadelphia, the University Extension Society, the Penn Club, the Rittenhouse Club, and the University Club of Phila-



SAMUEL WAGNER

delphia. He has been the President of the Wagner Free Institute of Science since 1884, and a member of the American Philosophical Society since 1885, serving for several years as a Councillor. For

three years he was chief of the editorial staff of the Penn Monthly. Mr. Wagner has written many occasional papers on learned subjects. He married, September 5, 1893, Anne Leonard, daughter of Edward Seymour Harlan and granddaughter of Dr. Richard Harlan, the distinguished Scientist. His home is "Greenbank Farm" near West Chester, Pennsylvania.

WHARTON, William Fishbourne, 1846-

Class of 1865.

Born in Philadelphia, 1846; educated in Shorts School of Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; studied law; engaged in banking business in New York City; member New York Stock Exchange.

WILLIAM FISHBOURNE WHARTON, son of George Mifflin Wharton of the Class of 1823, grandson of William Fishbourne Wharton, and great-grandson of Thomas Wharton, Jr., first Governor of Pennsylvania under the Constitution of 1776, was born in Philadelphia, October 23, 1846. His mother was Maria Markoe, daughter of John Markoe of Philadelphia, who was grandson of Abraham Markoe, first Captain of the Philadelphia City Troops. He received his early education in the Shorts School of Philadelphia, and in 1861 entered the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the Class of 1865. For a short period in 1863 he served in the United States Army as a private in Landis' Light Battery of Philadelphia. After graduation he entered upon the study of law, but abandoned it to engage in the banking business in New York City, in which he has since continued, having been a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1879. Mr. Wharton was Vice-President and is still a Director of the Madison Square Garden Company in New York, and has served in various official capacities of a more or less public character in that city. He is a member of the Metropolitan Union and other clubs. He married, October 10, 1871, Fanny Turner, daughter of Samuel William Fisher of Philadelphia. Mr. Wharton is a lineal descendant of William Fisher, Mayor of Philadelphia, and of William Ricketts, Captain in the regiment of "Royal Americans" in the year 1705.

YARROW, Thomas Jefferson, 1840-

Class of 1861 Med.

Born in Alloway, N. J., 1840; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1861; Sur-

geon of Cavalry and Acting Assistant Surgeon during Civil War; general practitioner of medicine and surgery in Philadelphia.

THOMAS JEFFERSON YARROW, M.D., was born in Alloway, New Jersey, February 13, 1840. He is a son of Thomas Jefferson Yarrow, and the grandson of Thomas Yarrow, who was born in England and came to this country when eighteen years of age, attended lectures at the University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, and was licensed to practice medicine by the Board of Censors of New Jersey, of which he later became the President. Thomas Yarrow married Sarah Sitgreaves, daughter



THOS. J. YARROW

of Dr. Artis Sitgreaves of New Jersey. Thomas Jefferson Yarrow the elder, a graduate in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1830, married Jane McCalla Dowdney, the mother of the subject of this sketch. Dr. Yarrow attended the village school in his native town, and Allentown Seminary at Allentown, Pennsylvania, and later entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his medical degree March 1, 1861. During the Civil War he was a Surgeon of the Fifth Pennsylvania Cavalry and Acting Assistant Surgeon, United States of America, his term of service with the army being about two years and a half. Returning to Philadelphia he settled in that city as a general practitioner of medi-

cine and surgery, and has followed his profession there ever since. Dr. Yarrow is a fellow of the College of Physicians and is a member of the County Medical Society and the Obstetrical Society of Philadelphia. He was formerly Visiting Physician to St. Mary's Hospital and is now a member of the Board of Managers of the School of Design for Women. He married, December 29, 1863, Matilda, daughter of Thomas H. Craige, and has four children: Thomas Jefferson, Jr., who graduated in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1894, Jane Dowdney, Mary Craige and Matilda Edith Yarrow.

CHRISTINE, Charles Alexander, 1874-

Class of 1896 Dent.

Born in Philadelphia, 1874; educated in public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania, Dental Department, 1896; practicing dentist in Philadelphia.

CHARLES ALEXANDER CHRISTINE, D.D.S., was born in Philadelphia, June 7, 1874, son of Charles and Sarah (Boyd) Christine. He acquired his academic education in the public schools of his native city, and then entered the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as a Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1896. Since graduation he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Christine married, October 27, 1897, M. Gertrude Clear, by whom he has two children, a son and daughter.

REX, Thomas Augustus, 1838-

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1838; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1856; member corps of engineers engaged in construction of Washington Aqueduct; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1861; Chief Clerk in Bureau of River and Ocean Transportation during Civil War; graduated Medical Department Georgetown University, 1864; Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., 1864-65; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1866; practicing physician in Pittsburg, Pa.

THOMAS AUGUSTUS REX, M.D., was born at Chestnut Hill in Philadelphia, February 10, 1838. His father was George Valentine Rex and his mother Mary Catherine Rex, née Lentz. His paternal ancestry is German, the Rexes being numbered among the first settlers of Germantown (Philadelphia). On his mother's side he traces German and French Huguenot origins. The Lentzes

were also early colonists in Germantown. Dr. Rex was at first sent to private schools and later to the Harmony Grammar School of Chestnut Hill. In 1853 he entered the Central High School of Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1856. He was at once appointed to a position in the Corps of Engineers under General (then Captain) Montgomery C. Meigs, engaged in building the Washington Aqueduct. After a year's service with the government he resigned his post on account of illness, and returning to Philadelphia attended lectures in the College of Pharmacy in that city, receiving



THOMAS A. REX

his diploma in 1861. During the Civil War he was again on duty in Washington for a time, as Assistant Engineer at work on the unfinished Washington Aqueduct, and then as Chief Clerk in the Bureau of River and Ocean Transportation in the Quartermaster-General's Department. While still in government employ he matriculated in the Medical Department of Georgetown University, graduating in 1864. He was immediately appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, and performed useful service to sick and wounded soldiers at the United States General Hospital "Finley" until September 1865. Desiring to pursue his medical studies still farther, he entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the

Doctor's degree in 1866. In September 1866 Dr. Rex settled in Pittsburg, and he is still engaged in active practice in that city. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society, and belongs to the Bellefield and the University clubs of Pittsburg. On June 15, 1871, he married Emma L. McBane, by whom he has had five children, four of them living: Louise, now the wife of W. H. S. McKelvy; Alexander McB., Mary Claudia and Edith Lilian Rex.

MAHER, John Francis, 1849-

Class of 1874 Arts, 1891 Law.

Born in county of Waterford, Ireland, 1849; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania 1874. M.S. 1877, LL.B. 1891; private tutor and quiz-master in Law and academic branches; appointed Examiner in Latin of candidates for admission to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, 1894.

JOHN FRANCIS MAHER is a native of Ireland, having been born in the county of Waterford May 5, 1849. His father was Thomas Maher, and his mother Johanna Maher, née Connolley. The Mahers of Waterford have been from time immemorial prominent factors in Irish affairs. Thomas Maher took an active part in the politics of his native country in 1847-1848, being a member of what was then called "The Young Ireland party," and his connection with the "Young Irelanders" was the immediate occasion of his coming to the United States. He arrived in New York on April 3, 1849. The Connolleys were for the most part farmers, some of them being identified with the Church. They were as partial to a rural life of quiet and retirement as the Mahers were to the stormy doings of the camp or the man-of-war. A severe cold contracted at the age of seven almost completely deprived John Francis Maher of his eyesight. This affliction greatly interfered with his early education; but at fifteen he entered the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. Private tutors assisted in his preparation for the University of Pennsylvania, which he entered in 1870. He took the degree of Bachelor of Science with the class of 1874, and three years later was honored by the University with the degree of Master of Science. For several years Mr. Maher was private tutor of the higher mathematics and languages, and later decided to study law. He took the full course

in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating Bachelor of Laws in 1891. Since that date he has added to his subjects of teaching the law and kindred branches, being at the present time a well known quiz-master for law students in Philadelphia. In 1894, Mr. Maher was appointed Examiner in Latin of candidates for admission to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Law Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Sharswood Law Club, the Catholic Historical Society, and the American Academy of



JOHN F. MAHER

Political and Social Science; until recently he belonged also to the University Club and the Mathematical Club, both of Philadelphia. Mr. Maher has been described by high authority as "an accomplished teacher and scholar." He was one of the originators of the Freeland Union, a beneficial society for the blind, of which for many years he was the President, and subsequently the Treasurer. This society, in proportion to its membership and obligations, is financially one of the strongest associations in the world. Mr. Maher was married July 1st, 1877, to Bella Milsted, daughter of Stephen Milsted and Jane Neve his wife. Mrs. Maher was born at St. Leonard, near Hastings, England. The Milstedes are an old family in Kent, the name being

found in the church register of Tenterden as far back as the year 1100. Mrs. Maher died in 1899. Mr. Maher has no children and resides in Philadelphia.

RAWLE, William Brooke, 1843-

Class of 1863.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; entered the Department of Arts, University of Pennsylvania, 1859, but secured leave of absence in Senior year to join the Union Army; graduated A.B. 1863, while actually engaged in the battle of Gettysburg; Second Lieutenant, First Lieutenant and Captain, Third Pennsylvania Cavalry, 1863-65; brevetted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel at close of war; studied law and admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1867; author of various historical writings; one of the organizers of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution.

WILLIAM BROOKE RAWLE (formerly William Rawle Brooke), was born in Philadelphia, August 29, 1843. He is a son of Charles Wallace Brooke, a brilliant young member of the Philadelphia Bar, who died in 1849 at the early age of thirty-six years, and Elizabeth Tilghman Rawle, only daughter of William Rawle, also a distinguished lawyer of Philadelphia. On his father's side he is descended from John Brooke of Hagg in the township of Honly (near Huddersfield), Yorkshire, England, who emigrated in 1699 with his two sons to take up land previously purchased in Pennsylvania. He died in what is now Camden, New Jersey, a few days after landing, but his sons settled in Limerick township, now in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, upon a tract of land granted to their father by William Penn before they sailed. Colonel Brooke Rawle's grandfather was Robert Brooke, well known as a surveyor and civil engineer in Philadelphia, and his great-grandfather was Captain John Brooke of the Revolutionary Army. Robert Brooke married a daughter of General Andrew Porter, who was prominent as an artillery officer in the American Revolution. On his mother's side Colonel Brooke Rawle is a descendant of Francis Rawle and his son Francis Rawle, Jr., who came to Philadelphia from Plymouth, England, in 1686. The Rawles were an ancient English county family, being lords of the manor of Tresparret in Cornwall. William Rawle, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, an eminent jurist, was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania from 1796 until his death in 1836, when his son William Rawle, the younger, became a Trustee, serving until 1855. Colonel Brooke Rawle's mother, Elizabeth Tilghman Rawle, was a granddaughter of the celebrated

jurist Edward Tilghman, and a great-granddaughter of Benjamin Chew, Chief-Justice of Pennsylvania before the Revolution. The heads of both the Brooke and the Rawle families were Quakers and emigrated to America to avoid religious persecution. William Brooke Rawle was educated at the best private schools in his native city. He was prepared for College at the Academy of the Protestant Episcopal Church, where he was a student from 1851 to 1856, and at Faires' Classical Institute, where he remained from 1856 until 1859. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in the fall of 1859, was



WM. BROOKE RAWLE

Moderator of the Philomathean Society, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863 (July 3) while actually engaged in the battle of Gettysburg. During his Senior year he had entered the volunteer army as Second Lieutenant of the Third Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry, having obtained leave of absence from the College. He served continuously with the Army of the Potomac from early in 1863 until after the close of the war, attaining the lineal rank of Captain and being brevetted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel for gallantry in the battle of Hatcher's Run, and in the Campaign terminating with Lee's Surrender at Appomattox Court-House, respectively. He was actively engaged in a long series of stirring engagements.

While on a scout September 6, 1863, with seven men, he was ambushed and surrounded on the Salem road near Warrenton by forty-eight men of Mountjoy's company of Mosby's battalion, cutting his way through with a loss of three men and having his horse wounded in several places. He was present at the siege of Petersburg, and entered that place early on the morning of April 3, 1865, as escort of Generals Grant and Meade. He was also escort to General Meade at the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox Court-House, April 9, 1865. Mustered out of service and honorably discharged at Richmond, August 7, 1865, he declined a commission in the Seventh United States Cavalry, and began the study of law with his uncle, William Henry Rawle. He was admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar on May 18, 1867, a few days prior to which time he by legal authority transposed the order of his name, which before had been William Rawle Brooke. He was associated in practice with Mr. Rawle, his uncle and preceptor, until the death of the latter in 1889, when he became the head of the law offices which had been established September 15, 1783, by his great-grandfather William Rawle, the elder one of the most eminent lawyers of his time. In July 1866, while Colonel Brooke Rawle was a law student, the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. He is one of the founders of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution; an ex-Junior Vice-Commander of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States; one of the founders of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania; a Vice-President of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; a member of the American Philo-sophical Society, and of the Colonial Society of Pennsylvania. Colonel Brooke Rawle belongs to the Philadelphia Club, the Penn Club, the University Club, the Legal Club and the Country Club of Philadelphia. His interest in historical subjects has led to much careful study and several important writings. In 1878 he published "The Right Flank at Gettysburg;" and in 1884, "With Gregg in the Gettysburg Campaign," and "Gregg's Cavalry Fight at Gettysburg." His most recent publication is an essay on "The General Title of the Penn Family to Pennsylvania." On February 7, 1872, Colonel Brooke Rawle married Elizabeth Norris Pepper, the eldest daughter of Henry Pepper, Esq., of Philadelphia, and Sally, daughter of Joseph Parker Norris of "Fair Hill," Philadelphia. Ever since his admission to the Bar he has been largely

engaged in the practice of the law and especially in the management of extensive trust interests. His home is in Philadelphia.

BREWSTER, Benjamin Harris, Jr., 1871-

Class of 1891.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; educated in schools of Philadelphia, and Washington, D. C.; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1891; engaged in chemical manufacturing business, Baltimore, Md.

BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, JR., the son of Benjamin Harris and Mary (Walker) Brewster, was born in Philadelphia, October 22,



BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, JR.

1871. His father was at one time Attorney-General of the State of Pennsylvania, and later, during President Arthur's administration, was Attorney-General of the United States. The family is directly descended from the Mayflower. On his mother's side Mr. Brewster is a grandson of Robert J. Walker, once Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and through Mrs. Walker he is a great-great-grandson of Benjamin Franklin. He received his early educational training at the Penn Charter School in Philadelphia and the Preparatory School for Columbian College in Washington, District of Columbia. Then entering the University of Pennsylvania, he graduated from

that institution with the Class of 1891. After graduation he was employed for a time in the banking and brokerage business, but soon became connected with the Baugh & Sons Company in Philadelphia, of which he was Secretary for five years, resigning in 1901 to become the Vice-President of the Baugh Chemical Company of Baltimore, Maryland. Mr. Brewster is a member of the Markham Club, the Art Club, the Philadelphia Gun Club, the Radnor Hunt Club, the Corinthian Yacht Club and the Maryland Club. He has resided at "Hampton," near Narberth, a suburb of Philadelphia, until his removal to Baltimore. He married, in 1894, Elizabeth Baugh, and has three children: Daniel B., Nancy and Benjamin Harris Brewster 3d.

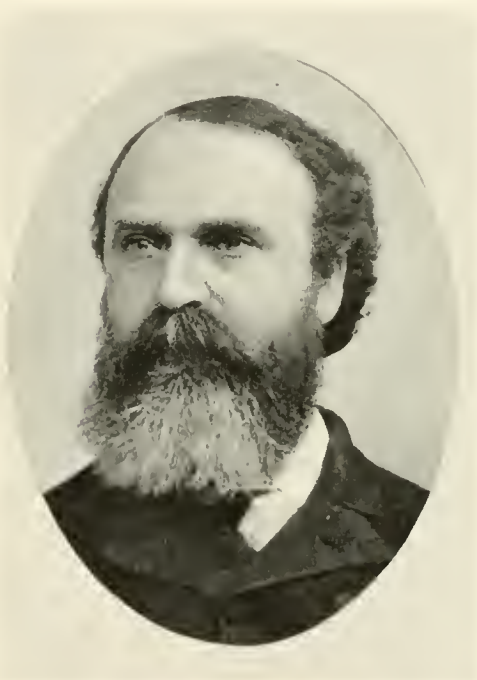
SUTTON, Rhoades Stansbury, 1841-

Class of 1865 Med.

Born at Indiana, Pa., 1841; graduated Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pa., 1862; student at Jefferson Medical College and private medical student of Dr. D. Hayes Agnew; Assistant Surgeon in Union Army, 1863-64; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1865; honorary LL.D., Wooster University, 1884; practicing physician in Pittsburg since 1866; specialist in diseases of women; studied in Europe in 1881, 1882 and 1883; a founder and ex-President of the American Academy of Medicine and other medical societies; Brigade surgeon in the Spanish-American War.

RHODES STANSBURY SUTTON, M.D., LL.D., was born in Indiana, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1841. His father was James Sutton, a successful manufacturer and for several years previous to his death President of the First National Bank of Indiana. His mother, Sarah Stansbury, was the daughter of a physician and the granddaughter of a general surveyor of the State of Delaware, who was for a time a partner in business with Robert Morris, the Financier of the Revolution. This lady had unusual intellectual power and had much directly to do with the training of her son. During early boyhood he attended the public schools of his native place and recited private lessons to his mother. He read with her an extended course in history before he was fifteen years old. At thirteen he began the study of Latin and Greek under the Rev. Alexander McElwain, then Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Indiana. Under the latter's care and that of Hon. Silas Clark, afterward one of the Supreme Judges of the state, he pursued his studies for two years and then entered Elders Ridge Academy, where he remained for one year.

Two years and a half were subsequently spent in Tuscarora Academy in Juniata county, when in the spring of 1859 he was ready to matriculate at Jefferson College in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. He was graduated from that institution in June 1862. During his Senior year, in addition to his regular studies, he read anatomy and physiology with the late Dr. J. V. Herriott of Canonsburg, and in September 1862 he entered Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, determined to become a physician, a profession which his mother encouraged him to select. While at Jefferson Medical College he



R. STANSBURY SUTTON

was registered as a private student of anatomy and operative surgery under Prof. D. Hayes Agnew, spending the evening hours during the entire term in his preceptor's dissecting rooms. The next year, 1863-1864, was spent in surgical service in the Union Army. He then returned to Philadelphia and resumed his studies under Dr. Agnew, who by that time had become connected with the University of Pennsylvania in which Mr. Sutton was matriculated, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1865. For a time he remained in Philadelphia, serving as House Physician in the Blockley Hospital and teaching anatomy in Dr. Agnew's dissecting rooms. In 1866 he removed to Pittsburg, where he began the practice of medicine

and where he has continuously followed his profession ever since, except for twenty-one months spent in Europe in the study of special branches. For some years his practice has been almost exclusively limited to the medical and surgical treatment of women. After his return from Europe, where he had been engaged in study in 1881, 1882 and 1883, Dr. Sutton's ambition to obtain the best results possible in surgical work led him to establish a private sanatorium for the accommodation of his patients. This institution has grown to be one of the largest private hospitals in the United States, and its record for results will compare favorably with that of any similar institution in the country. Dr. Sutton has been a contributor to many of the leading medical journals of the country, to the transactions of the American Gynecological Society and to several standard works on Diseases of Women. He is prominently associated with a number of medical associations; he is a founder and ex-President of the American Academy of Medicine, and also of the Mississippi Valley Medical Society; was formerly a Vice-President of the American Gynecological Society, and is a fellow of the British Gynecological Society; and is likewise a founder and member of the International Gynecological Society, and an ex-Chairman of the Section of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women in the American Medical Association. He is also a member of the Washington Academy of Sciences. In 1865 Dr. Sutton received the degree of Master of Arts from Washington and Jefferson College, and in 1884 Wooster University conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1879 he was tendered a lectureship on the diseases of women in Rush Medical College in Chicago. This offer was followed by an election to the Chair of Operative Surgery in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore. In 1886 and again in 1888 he was elected to fill the Chair of Diseases of Women in the Medical Department of Wooster University at Cleveland, Ohio. All these offers were declined, as he preferred to remain with his practice at Pittsburg. During the Spanish-American War, Dr. Sutton served as Chief Surgeon of the Third Brigade in the Second Division of the First Army Corps, and as surgeon in charge of the Division Hospital. He is a man of vigorous physique, enjoying the good health and spirit of the prime of life, and all his energies are devoted to his profession. He has recently published a volume entitled "Personal Experiences in Pelvic and Abdominal Surgery."

PRICE, Mordecai,

Class of 1869 Med.

Born in Smithburg, Md.; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1869; practicing physician in Philadelphia; specialist in abdominal and gynaecological surgery.

MORDECAI PRICE, M.D., was born in Smithburg, Maryland, and is the son of Joshua and Feby (Moore) Price. He acquired his early education in the country schools of Rockingham county, Virginia. His interest inclining him to medicine he studied for his profession at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the Medical



MORDECAI PRICE

Department of that institution in 1869. For many years Dr. Price has been a successful practitioner in Philadelphia, for the past fifteen years devoting himself especially to abdominal and gynaecological surgery. He resides in Philadelphia, and is a member of the County and the State Medical Societies and of the American Medical Association.

PORTER, William Gibbs, 1846-

Class of 1867 Arts, 1868 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1846; spent Freshman and Sophomore years in College Department University of Pennsylvania; graduated from Medical Department, 1868; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Visiting

Surgeon to Philadelphia Hospital for twenty-five years; Visiting Surgeon to Presbyterian Hospital since 1870.

WILLIAM GIBBS PORTER, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, April 25, 1846. His father, also named William Gibbs, was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Florida. His grandfather, the Rev. Thomas Porter, was an English clergyman and author who conducted a school for boys at the old Penns' Manor on the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware River, where he had settled in the latter part of the eighteenth century. Dr. Porter's mother was Catharine Benezet, who came of



WM. G. PORTER

French Huguenot stock, the founders of the family in this country being John Stephen Benezet and his wife Judith, who settled in Philadelphia before the Revolutionary War. One of their sons was the celebrated Anthony Benezet, a leading American philanthropist. Dr. Porter was prepared in private schools for the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, in which he spent the Freshman and Sophomore years with the Class of 1867, then abandoning his academic studies to enter the Medical Department of the University. After a three years' course he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1868. Immediately after graduation he was elected Assistant Resident Physician to the Philadelphia Dispensary, and remained there for one

year, during which time he was also Police Surgeon to the Central Police Station. For the next fifteen months he was one of the Resident Physicians to the Philadelphia Hospital, gaining much valuable experience in the wards of that great institution. This term of service ended, he began private practice in Philadelphia. In addition to the hospital connections already named, Dr. Porter was for a time Out-Door Physician to the Guardians of the Poor, Vaccine Physician to the Charity Hospital and Dispensary Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital. For about twenty-five years he was Visiting Surgeon to the Philadelphia Hospital. Since its foundation in 1870 he has been Visiting Surgeon to the Presbyterian Hospital. He is a member of the Philadelphia Pathological Society, of which he was Secretary for four years, and belongs also to the College of Physicians, of which he was the Secretary for two years, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery and the American Surgical Association. For more than thirty years he has been a member of the Union League of Philadelphia. He is also a member of the Undine Barge Club. During the great railroad riots in 1877 Dr. Porter was Brigade Surgeon with the rank of Major in the First Brigade, First Division, of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. On April 21, 1880, he married Susan Miles Hobart, of Fairfield, Connecticut, in the old colonial homestead in which her ancestors had resided for more than one hundred and fifty years. They have two sons and three daughters.

SELTZER, Charles Meck, 1857-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated in private schools and at Eastburn Academy; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1878; had hospital practice in Europe and Philadelphia; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1881.

CHARLES MECK SELTZER, M.D., son of Franklin Peter and Louise (Meck) Seltzer, was born in Philadelphia, March 7, 1857. On both sides he is of German ancestry. His paternal grandfather "trekked" westward from Berks county, Pennsylvania, and was one of the settlers of Crestline, Ohio. The only physician in that branch of his family was Dr. William P. Dewees, an eminent Professor in the Medical Department of the Univer-

sity of Pennsylvania. Dr. Seltzer received his early education in private schools and at Eastburn Academy. His medical training was acquired under Dr. Charles Hunter as preceptor and in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1878. Following graduation he went abroad, spending nearly a year in the hospitals of London, and visiting the hospitals in the larger cities of the continent. Returning to Philadelphia he became Resident Physician in the Episcopal Hospital, and in April 1881 commenced the private practice in that



CHAS. M. SELTZER

city which he has continued uninterruptedly ever since. For fifteen years Dr. Seltzer was Lecturer on Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene in the Eastburn Academy, and for one year he was Professor of Hygiene in the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. For seven years he was Surgeon of the Out-Patient Department of the Episcopal Hospital, and during his first ten years of practice he served at various times as Visiting Physician to the Northern Dispensary, Northern Home for Friendless Children, Odd Fellows' Home, and several other institutions. He is a member of College of Physicians, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and of various State, National and International medical societies. Dr. Seltzer has contributed a number of

articles to medical journals, and was the originator and for two years Editor of "Household News," a periodical in which dietetics was the principal feature. He married, December 2, 1885, Emily Stulb, and has one child, a daughter, Mary Louise Seltzer.

YOUNG, James Kelly, 1862-

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Trenton, N. J., 1862; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1883; studied abroad; connected with Philadelphia hospitals; Instructor Orthopædic Surgery University of Pennsylvania since 1888; Professor in Philadelphia Polyclinic; Clinical Professor in Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania; expert Surgeon Bureau of Commission.

JAMES KELLY YOUNG, M.D., was born in Trenton, New Jersey, April 29, 1862, son of William and Eliza (Kelly) Young. He is descended maternally from James Kelly of Philadelphia and on the paternal side from William Young, his grandfather, who was an English subject, a manufacturer of porcelain, and gold printer to Her Majesty the Queen. His father, William Young, left Philadelphia about fifty years ago to establish the potteries at Trenton, New Jersey, which have since become famous. Dr. Young's medical studies commenced in 1879 under the tutelage of Dr. David Warman of Trenton. He later read with Dr. William G. Porter of Philadelphia, and followed a course of study at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was made a Doctor of Medicine in 1883. He was connected with the Philadelphia Dispensary in 1883-1884, and during the next year with the Philadelphia Hospital. In 1885 he received the appointment of Assistant Demonstrator of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania under Professor D. Hayes Agnew and Dr. J. William White, in which capacity under Professor John Ashhurst, Jr., and Dr. Henry Wharton, he served for six years. During this year he was appointed Surgical Registrar to the University Hospital, and also Assistant Orthopædic Surgeon, which latter appointment first directed his attention to the treatment of bodily deformities. He still holds the position of Assistant Orthopædic Surgeon in the University Hospital. He was also Assistant Surgeon at the Will's Eye Hospital from 1886 to 1890. In 1888 he attended Professor Albert's Clinic in Vienna. Dr. Young has been Instructor in Orthopædic Surgery at the University Hospital since 1888. He has also been Professor of the same subject at the Philadelphia

Polyclinic since 1894; Clinical Professor at the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania since 1895; Surgeon to the Home for Crippled Children from 1894 to 1899; and is at the present time



JAMES K. YOUNG

Consulting Surgeon to the Hospital of the Good Shepherd at Rosemont. In civil life, he holds the position of Expert Surgeon to the Bureau of Commissions. Dr. Young is a member of the American Orthopædic Association, the American Medical Association, the Association of Physicians and Surgeons, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pediatric Society, the College of Physicians and the University Club. Besides having published numerous articles in current medical literature, cyclopedias, annuals, society transactions, etc., Dr. Young is the author of a "Synopsis of Human Anatomy," 1889, and of a treatise on "Orthopædic Surgery," 1894. In 1898, he published contributions to Orthopædic Surgery which were the collected works of Dr. A. Sidney Roberts, with a biographical sketch, five hundred copies of which Dr. Young had published for gratuitous distribution to the medical profession. He was married June 7, 1899, to Mary Thornton Wilson, M.D. Mrs. Young is the daughter of Oliver and Margaret J. (Shoemaker) Wilson, both deceased. She is a member of the Society of Friends, and

like many of that denomination in Philadelphia, her ancestors on both sides came to this country with William Penn.

ADAMS, Robert, Jr., 1849-

Class of 1869.

Born in Philadelphia, 1849; educated in Dr. Faires' Classical Institute and University of Pennsylvania; on United States Geological Survey, 1871-73; practiced law, 1873-78; Pennsylvania State Senator, 1883-87; United States Minister to Brazil, 1889-90; member of Congress since 1893.

ROBERT ADAMS, JR., was born in Philadelphia, February 26, 1849, son of Robert and Matilda Maybin (Hart) Adams, of Scotch-Irish and English descent, respectively. After a course in the Classical Institute of Dr. John Faires, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated from the College Department with the Class of 1869. Subsequently, in 1884, he took a post-graduate course in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy. Soon after leaving College, he joined the United States Geological Survey, and for several years was engaged on that work in explo-



ROBERT ADAMS, JR.

rations in Yellowstone Park. From 1873, he practiced law in Philadelphia until 1878, when he retired. He was four years a Pennsylvania State Senator, 1883-1887, and in 1889 was appointed

United States Minister to Brazil, a post in which he served for nearly two years and then resigned, returning to Philadelphia. Three years later, in 1893, he was elected to Congress, and by successive re-elections, he is still serving as a Representative in the National Legislature. As acting Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee he drafted and passed through the House of Representatives the Declaration of War against Spain. Mr. Adams has been for many years an officer in the National Guards of Pennsylvania, having served as Judge Advocate, Major and as Lieutenant-Colonel, and was for one year Lieutenant-Colonel and Aid on the staff of Governor Beaver. He is also a member of the First City Troop of Philadelphia. He belongs to the Society of the Cincinnati, Sons of the Revolution, Society of Colonial Wars, Society of the War 1812 and the Delta Psi Fraternity, and is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the Union Club of New York and the Metropolitan Club of Washington. Mr. Adams retains an active interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the University of Pennsylvania, and is President of the Wharton School Alumni Society and a member of the Central Committee of Alumni of the University. In addition to contributions to current periodicals he has had orations and addresses printed in different publications. He is a Republican in politics and is unmarried.

LANG, James Traquair, 1858-

Class of 1880 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; educated in Friends' School and Swarthmore College; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1880; connected with legal department of a railroad corporation, and later with a title insurance and trust company; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1897.

JAMES TRAQUAIR LANG, son of George Shortreed and Annie (Traquair) Lang, was born in Philadelphia, February 14, 1858. His grandfather, John Lang, was a clerk in the United States Bank, and apprenticed his son, George, to Murray, Fairman & Company, bank-note engravers. While in their employ, George engraved one of the few vignettes that were never counterfeited. Leaving their service, he engaged in the retail drygoods business, in the first store on Eighth Street in Philadelphia. In after years, he engraved "Washington crossing the Delaware," and in 1876, he finished a copper-plate engraving of "The Landing of Columbus," after John James Barolet's india-ink sketch. Annie Traquair was the daughter of Thomas

and Eliza (Henderson) Traquair. Her father was a son of James Traquair, one of the leading marble masons of his time in Philadelphia; his business brought him in contact with Alexander Henderson, who had marble quarries at Henderson Station (Chester Valley), Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and the marriage of their children was the result. James T. Lang received his education in the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia from 1866 to 1868 and at Swarthmore College 1871 to 1875. For the next three years, he was engaged in the wholesale drygoods business, but his inclination being for the



JAMES T. LANG

legal profession, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in June 1880. In 1881 he was employed as Right-of-Way Agent for the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, and from 1889 until 1897 he was connected with The Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company of Philadelphia, as Title Clerk, Application Clerk and Settlement Clerk respectively. Since 1897 he has been engaged in the active practice of law in Philadelphia. Mr. Lang married, May 12, 1883, Winona Barker Sewell, and of their seven children — Julia Parsons, Annie Traquair, Isabel Sewell, Winona Marguerite, Sewell Traquair, James Traquair and George Shortreed Lang — all are living except Julia and Isabel. His residence is in Philadelphia.

TAYLOR, William Johnson, 1861-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Worcester county, Md., 1861; educated in private schools; graduated in medicine at University of Pennsylvania, 1882; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Surgeon to Orthopædic and St. Agnes hospitals, and Consulting Surgeon to West Philadelphia Hospital for Women.

WILLIAM JOHNSON TAYLOR, M.D., son of William Johnson and Mary Eliza (Bearden) Taylor, was born at "Winchester Farm," Worcester county, Maryland, October 13, 1861. His paternal ancestors, the Taylors, were among the earliest set-



WILLIAM J. TAYLOR

tlers on the eastern shore of Virginia and Maryland. His early education was acquired in private schools. His course of medical training was had at the University of Pennsylvania, from the Medical Department of which institution he was graduated with the Class of 1882. After a year as Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital in Philadelphia, he entered upon the general practice which he has since continued in that city. He was for a time Attending Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, and now officiates in a similar capacity for the Orthopædic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, and St. Agnes Hospital. He is also Consulting Surgeon to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women. Dr. Taylor belongs to the American Surgical, the Ameri-

can Orthopedic and the American Medical associations; is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery, serving as Secretary of the latter since 1896; and member of the Pennsylvania State and Philadelphia County medical societies, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, and the Rittenhouse Club of Philadelphia. He is the author of many papers published in various medical journals and in the transactions of societies, and of the article on "Hernia" in Keating's "Cyclopedia of Diseases of Children." Dr. Taylor resides in Philadelphia. He married, April 29, 1891, Emily Buckley Newbold, and has three children: Clement Newbold, Marian and William Johnson Taylor, Jr.

GABLE, Vivian Frank, 1873-

Class of 1892 Arts, 1895 Law.

Born in Hummelstown, Pa., 1873; graduated A.B. Central High School, Philadelphia, 1890; Ph.B. Wharton School of Finance and Economy, University of Pennsylvania, 1892, LL.B. Law School University of Pennsylvania, 1895; admitted in 1895 to Bar of Philadelphia, where he has since practiced his profession.

VIVIAN FRANK GABLE was born in Hummelstown, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, April 13, 1873. His father, Rev. I. M. Gable, D.D., Ph.D., is a prominent minister of the Philadelphia Conference in the Methodist Episcopal Church. He comes of colonial ancestry on both sides of his family, his great-great-grandfather Valentine Gable having been a commissioned officer in the Revolutionary War under Gen. Anthony Wayne. Mr. Gable received his early education in various schools throughout Pennsylvania, and in 1890 was graduated from the Central High School of Philadelphia with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, being number one in his class. He then entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was admitted to the studies of the Junior year, graduating in 1892 from the Wharton School of Finance and Economy with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. In his Junior year at College Mr. Gable was awarded second prize for the annual oration before the Philomathean Literary Society, and at graduation he received the Joseph Warner Yardley Prize for his thesis upon the Silver Legislation in the United States. Entering the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in the autumn of 1892, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, and admitted to the

Philadelphia Bar in July of the same year. For one year thereafter he pursued graduate work at the University in the Department of Philosophy. While in College Mr. Gable was active in undergraduate life and a member of many of the social organizations of the University, among them being the Mask and Wig Club and the Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Club. Of the last mentioned organization, he was manager for two years. He was an active member of the Philomathean Literary Society, and one of the organizers of the Republican Club of the University, being elected its first Vice-President. He was also



VIVIAN FRANK GABLE

instrumental in the formation of the Central High School Club, serving as its first President. He is a member of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity, and was the delegate of the Chapter of that Greek letter society, located at the University, to several national conventions. Since his graduation from the Law School Mr. Gable has been engaged in the pursuit of his profession in Philadelphia, having been admitted to practice in all the local, State Appellate and United States courts. He is a member of the Law Association, the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, the Fairmount Park Association, and of the Masonic Fraternity. In politics he is a Republican. He married, in 1898, Mary Groves Scargle, and has one child, a daughter.

WATTS, Ethelbert, 1845-

Class of 1865.

Born in Philadelphia, 1845; educated in Paris, France, University of Pennsylvania 1861-64, and School of Mines at Freiburg, Germany, 1865-66; engaged in mercantile business; Secretary and Treasurer Investment Company of Philadelphia; Vice-Consul-General, Cairo, Egypt; Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, 1899-1900; Consul at Prague, Bohemia.

ETHELBERT WATTS was born in Philadelphia, February 25, 1845, the son of Hon. Henry Miller and Anna Maria (Shoenberger) Watts. His early education was received in Paris, France. In 1861, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1865, but left in his Junior year, and enlisted as a private in the Thirty-second Regiment of Pennsylvania Reserves during the emergency of 1864. After his discharge from the service, he went abroad and for the next two years studied mining engineering at the Royal Saxton School of Mines in Freiburg, Germany, preparatory to engaging in the iron manufacturing business at the old Marietta furnaces in Pennsylvania, owned by his family. At the Centennial Exposition of 1876, Mr. Watts officiated as Cashier of the Centennial Board of Finance at the Exhibition grounds. From 1877, he was engaged in the iron commission business for several years, retiring to assume the Secretaryship of the Investment Company of Philadelphia, of which he afterwards became Secretary and Treasurer. Mr. Watts entered the Consular service of the United States in 1896. After a year or more in Switzerland, he became Vice-Consul-General at Cairo, Egypt, in 1899 was appointed Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, and in 1901 became Consul at Prague, Bohemia, his present post. Mr. Watts is a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers. His wife is a daughter of Dr. William Pepper, Professor in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania.

BISSELL, Elliston Perot, 1872-

Class of 1893.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; prepared for College at Germantown and Episcopal academies; B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; architect in Philadelphia.

ELLISTON PEROT BISSELL, the son of Frederick Meade and Sarah Corbit (Perot) Bissell, is a native of Philadelphia. He was born November 23, 1872, being descended on his father's side from John Bissell, who came from England to Plymouth, Massachusetts, as early as 1628. On his

mother's side Mr. Bissell has many distinguished ancestors, among whom are Anthony Morris, 2nd, who was born in London, England, August 23, 1654, and came to Burlington, West Jersey, in America, in 1683, settling in Philadelphia in 1686; he was appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Pennsylvania, in 1694, Judge of the Supreme Court, was a member of the Governor's Council from 1695 to 1700, and was elected Mayor of Philadelphia in 1703. His son, Anthony Morris, 3rd, was also born in England, but came to America with his father when but one year old; he also served as



E. PEROT BISSELL

Mayor of Philadelphia, by elections in 1739 and 1747. Among Mr. Bissell's collateral ancestors are Major Anthony Morris, who was killed with General Mercer at the Battle of Princeton; and Captain Samuel Morris, commanding the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry, which acted as body-guard of General Washington during the Revolution. This company, after an existence of over one hundred and twenty-five years, is still an active and efficient organization, having served in the field during the Civil War and during the recent war with Spain, and is now the most prominent military body in the Pennsylvania National Guard. Mr. Bissell was prepared for College at the Germantown Academy and the Episcopal Academy in Philadel-

phia. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1889, graduating in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Architecture. After completing his course at the University, Mr. Bissell entered the office of Cope & Stewardson in Philadelphia, where he remained until July 1, 1900, when in connection with his cousin, Robeson Lea Perot, he established a partnership in architecture under the firm name of Perot & Bissell. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, the Germantown Cricket Club, the Markham Club and the T Square Club of Philadelphia. Mr. Bissell was married on December 4, 1901, to Anna Randolph, daughter of Dr. Charles Stewart Wurts of Philadelphia.

CURTIN, Roland Gideon, 1839-

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Bellefonte, Pa., 1839; graduated Williston Seminary, 1859; Military Naval Storekeeper Philadelphia Navy Yard during the war; Assistant United States Geologist; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1866; studied in hospitals of Europe; Professor of Geology and Mineralogy at Wagner Free Institute, 1871-73; Chief of Medical Dispensary, University of Pennsylvania, ten years; Assistant to Professor of Clinical Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1879-87; Lecturer on Physical Diagnosis and Physician to University Hospital, 1887-96; member Pan-American Congresses; author of many writings on medical subjects; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

ROLAND GIDEON CURTIN, M.D., Ph.D., was born in Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1839. His father was Dr. Constans Curtin, of Dysart, County Clare, Ireland, who graduated from Surgeons' Hall, Dublin. He enlisted in the British Navy, emigrated in 1807 to America and graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1809, settling afterward at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pennsylvania, where he practiced his profession until his death in April 1842. His mother was Mary Anne Kinne, a lineal descendant of Thomas Welles, the third Governor of Connecticut and William Pynchon, Governor of Springfield, Massachusetts. Roland G. Curtin was sent to the public schools of his native town, afterward attending a private academy. At sixteen years of age he entered the Scientific Department of Williston Seminary at Easthampton, Massachusetts. He graduated from that school in 1859, and subsequently was for a time engaged in the iron business in Philadelphia. In 1862 he was appointed United States Naval Storekeeper in the Philadelphia Navy Yard, a position which he con-

tinued to occupy until the end of the war. After completing his term of government service he graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1866. For nearly two years he was a Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital (Blockley) and then spent some time abroad in the Universities and clinics of Great Britain and the principal Continental countries. Upon his return to the United States he was appointed Assistant United States Geologist under Professor F. V. Hayden, accompanying him at the head of an expedition to the Rocky Mountains. In 1869 Dr. Curtin



ROLAND G. CURTIN

settled permanently in Philadelphia and began the practice of medicine in the city which has been his home ever since. In this period of more than thirty years he has held many important positions in Philadelphia institutions, in connection with his large and exacting private practice. From 1871 until 1873 he was Professor of Geology and Mineralogy at the Wagner Free Institute. From 1871 to 1882 he was Assistant Physician to the Philadelphia Lying-In-Charity, and for a long time he was connected with both the hospital and teaching staffs at the University of Pennsylvania. For ten years he was Chief of the Medical Dispensary of the University Hospital. He was Assistant to the Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Medical Department of the

University of Pennsylvania 1879-1887, and Lecturer on Physical Diagnosis and Physician to the University Hospital 1887-1896. He has been Visiting Physician to the Presbyterian Hospital of Philadelphia since 1887, and since 1880 has been a member of the Medical Staff of the Philadelphia Hospital. He was at an earlier period Physician to the Howard Hospital and the Maternity Hospital, and is to-day Consulting Physician to the Rush Hospital for Consumptives, the Douglas Memorial Hospital and St. Timothy's Hospital. Dr. Curtin was Assistant Medical Director of the Centennial Exhibition of 1876, and a member of the Committee of Arrangements of the International Medical Congress which met in Philadelphia in that year. He was an Honorary Vice-President of the Section on Climatology and Demography of the International Medical Congress which convened in Washington in 1887. At the World's Congress at Chicago in 1893, auxiliary to the Columbian Exhibition, he delivered the address of welcome to the foreign delegates, and was Honorary President of the Medico-Climatology Division of the Congress. He was a member of the First, Second and Third Pan-American Medical Congresses which met at Washington, District of Columbia, Mexico City and Havana, in 1893, 1896 and 1901 respectively. In London in 1895 he was a delegate from the American Medical Association to the British Medical Association. Since 1890 Dr. Curtin has been President of the Medical Board of the Philadelphia Hospital. He is President of the Association of Hospital Surgeons and Physicians of Philadelphia and President of the Grand Chapter of the Alpha Mu Pi Omega Medical Fraternity. From 1886 to 1887 he was Vice-President of the American Climatological Association, and in 1892-1893 was President of that body; he has been a member of its Council for many years. Dr. Curtin holds membership in many medical societies, among others the American Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia Obstetrical and Pathological Societies, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the College of Physicians. He is an associate member of the Institute of Art, Science and Letters, a member of the American Social Science Association, the Fairmount Park Art Association, the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, a member of the Council of the New England Society of Pennsylvania, and holds membership in the Pennsylvania Scotch-Irish Society, the Sons of the American Revolution, the

Grand Army of the Republic, the Pennsylvania Forestry Association and the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia of which he is a life member. He is also a Past Master of the Masonic Fraternity, a Knights Templar and member of the Scottish Rite Thirty-second degree. Dr. Curtin was the first President of the Alumni Association of the Auxiliary Department of Medicine of the University of Pennsylvania and of the Alumni Association of the Philadelphia Graduates of the Medical Department. He is now a member of the Board of Directors of the General Alumni Society of the University, Historian of the Medical Alumni Society and a member of the Historical Society of the Medical Department. Throughout the busy life which all these connections represent Dr. Curtin has found time and opportunity to make a great number of contributions to medical literature. His writings cover a wide range of topics and relate to the practical treatment of diseases which are constantly arising in the experience of the general practitioner. In 1871 the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, and he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Lafayette College in 1883. On March 21, 1882, he married Julia Robinson, née Taylor, daughter of the late Edwin Taylor of Hartford, Connecticut. They have two children: Roland Gideon, Jr., and Mary Constance Curtin.

DUNTON, William Rush, 1831-

Class of 1850 Arts, 1853 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1831; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1850, and from the Medical Department, 1853; further training in the hospitals of Europe; practicing physician in Germantown, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM RUSH DUNTON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 10, 1831. The son of Isaac and Mary Simpson (Rush) Dunton, he is descended from William Dunton, the Captain of a privateer during the war of the American Revolution, and from John Rush, who commanded a troop of horse in Cromwell's Army and who came to Pennsylvania in 1683. Another ancestor on the maternal side, William Rush, the grandfather of William Rush Dunton, was a distinguished sculptor in the revolutionary and a subsequent period. After having been prepared for College at various private schools, Mr. Dunton entered the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the Department of Arts in the Class of 1850.

He afterward took the courses in the Medical Department, receiving the doctor's degree in 1853. Perfecting his knowledge of medicine in the Pennsylvania Hospital and in the hospitals of Europe, Dr. Dunton settled down to private practice in Philadelphia. For a time he was Physician to the Children's Hospital. In 1862 he removed to the suburb of Germantown, where he has been engaged in the private practice of his profession up to the present time. From 1863 to 1866 Dr. Dunton was Acting Assistant Surgeon to the Cuyler United States Army Hospital, at Germantown. For many



WILLIAM RUSH DUNTON

years he has been Consulting Physician to the Germantown Hospital. He is a fellow of the Philadelphia College of Physicians, and belongs to the Germantown Medical Society and the Germantown Cricket Club. He is also a member of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution.

LANCASTER, Thomas, 1833-

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Yorkshire, England, 1833; came to the United States when eight years of age; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy 1855, M.D. University of Pennsylvania 1866; practitioner in Philadelphia.

THOMAS LANCASTER, M.D., was born at Lane Ends, near Gisborn, Yorkshire, England, March 16, 1833. Coming to this country

with his parents in 1841 he attended the Episcopal and Oakdale grammar schools in Philadelphia, and then devoted five years to the study of chemistry, attending the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,



THOS. LANCASTER

from which he graduated in 1855. In 1863 he commenced the study of medicine under the well-known preceptors Drs. Levick, Hunt and Penrose, in Philadelphia, matriculating at the same time in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He graduated there with the Class of 1866, and has been a practitioner in Philadelphia ever since that date. Although engaged in general practice, Dr. Lancaster has always given special attention to throat, lung, stomach and urinary affections, and to climatology, having visited the notable mountain resorts, seaside places and mineral springs in this and other countries. In 1880, 1881 and 1882 he travelled in Europe and Asia Minor. He compared the cold climate of Switzerland, in districts renowned as a remedial agent in phthisis and nervous affections, with the climatic conditions to be found on the shores of the Mediterranean and the South of France, visiting many spas as well as the principal hospitals in Europe. Dr. Lancaster is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association and other medical organizations. He belongs

to the Union League of Philadelphia, and is a Past Master of St. John's Lodge No. 115 of the Masonic Order and Oriental Chapter. In 1871 he married Sophia M. Richards, daughter of Hon. George Richards of Pottstown, Pennsylvania. They have one son: George Richards Lancaster.

BAYARD, James, 1845-

Class of 1866.

Born in Germantown, Pa., 1845; prepared for College at Germantown Academy; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1866; lumber merchant since 1867.

JAMES BAYARD, son of Charles Pettit and Adeline Julia (McKean) Bayard, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1845. Charles Pettit Bayard was a son of Andrew Bayard and a grandson of Colonel John B. Bayard. James Bayard's mother was a granddaughter of Governor Thomas McKean. His early training was received at the Germantown Academy in Germantown, Philadelphia's beautiful suburb. From this school he passed into the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in the Class of 1866, College Department. Upon finishing his course he entered the



JAMES BAYARD

lumber business, and has been identified prominently with this trade ever since. Mr. Bayard married, in 1869, Bessie Henry Armstrong. They have three children.

ELDER, Francis Hammer, 1859-

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in Blairsville, Pa., 1859; educated in public schools; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1881; Chief of Gynæcic Clinic, Philadelphia Polyclinic, five years; at the Southwestern Dispensary, 1889-94; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

FRANCIS HAMMER ELDER, M.D., Ph.D., was born in Blairsville, Pennsylvania, August 9, 1859. His father, James Fulton Elder, is descended from Scotch ancestors settled at or near Edinburgh. The first of the name to emigrate to



FRANCIS H. ELDER

this country was Robert Elder, who arrived in America in 1730 and located in Paxtang township, Pennsylvania, on a tract of land five miles north of Harrisburg, then on the frontier of civilization. The Elders in America served in the French and Indian wars and in the Revolution. Francis' great-grandfather, John Elder, after the Revolution took up a large tract of land on the Conemaugh River in Westmoreland, now Indiana county. Having acquired a partial education in the Blairsville public schools and at the Blairsville Academy, Francis Hammer Elder came to Philadelphia with his parents in 1873 and entered the public schools of that city. After two years in the High School, at the age of eighteen he matriculated in the Medical

Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated Doctor of Medicine in 1881. In the following year the degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred upon him by the University. For one year he was Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Hospital. After leaving this post he became assistant to Professor James C. Wilson in the Jefferson Medical College. This connection was continued for a year, when he resigned to accept an appointment as Chief of the Gynæcic Clinic at the Philadelphia Polyclinic which position he held for five years. In 1889 he resigned to take charge of the Department of Diseases of Women at the Southwestern Dispensary in Philadelphia, where he remained until 1894. Since that time Dr. Elder has devoted all of his time to private practice. He is a member of the Philadelphia Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Archæological Society of the University of Pennsylvania and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He was married, October 26, 1893, to Lyda Wright of Dorchester county, Maryland. He resides in Philadelphia.

KINDLEBERGER, Evertson Crosby, 1875-

Class of 1894 Arts, 1897 Law.

Born in Washington, D. C., 1875; graduated at Columbian College Preparatory School in Washington, spent one year in Columbian College; A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1894, LL.B. 1897; admitted to Bar of New York State, 1898; practicing in New York City.

EVERTSON CROSBY KINDLEBERGER was born in Washington, District of Columbia, October 31, 1875. His father is Dr. David Kindleberger, a Medical Director, retired, of the United States Navy. The family has produced physicians for several generations. The Kindlebergers have been natives of this country since 1740, when they came here from Southern Germany. Mr. Kindleberger's mother was the daughter of Rear Admiral Charles Poor of the United States Navy, and a descendant of Archbishop Poor of the Church of England. He attended the Columbian College Preparatory School at Washington, where he was graduated in 1890. For one year he pursued his studies in Columbian College with the Class of 1894, passing in 1891 to the Sophomore Class in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated there with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1894, and subsequently entered the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, being at the same time a student in the law office of George Tucker Bispham. He gradu-

ated from the Law School in 1897, passing his final examinations *cum laude*. Removing to New York, Mr. Kindleberger entered the law offices of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, and from that time to the present he has been associated with that well-known firm. He was admitted to the Bar of New York State in May 1898. Mr. Kindleberger is a member of the University Club of New York, and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York, and of the Flushing Golf Club. He is an active Republican, was engaged in campaign service for McKinley in 1900, and was closely identified with the Citizens'



E. CROSBY KINDLEBERGER

Union in the Municipal Campaign of 1901, making a large number of speeches in the western portion of the city.

WALLERSTEIN, David, 1863-

Class of 1883 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; educated in Philadelphia public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1883; practicing lawyer in Kansas City, Mo., six years, since then a practitioner in Philadelphia.

DAVID WALLERSTEIN was born in Philadelphia, March 22, 1863, the son of Edward and Caroline (Simons) Wallerstein. From the Central High School of Philadelphia he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania,

graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1883. While pursuing his University course he was also a student in the law office of Hon. Richard Vaux and Hon. Michael Arnold. He was admitted to the Bar in June 1883, and after a short term of practice in his native city he removed to Kansas City, Missouri, and practiced there for six years. In May 1893 he returned to Philadelphia, where he has practiced continually since. Mr. Wallerstein was of counsel in the case of Commonwealth *vs.* DeCamp, involving the right of a Councilman to be interested in city contracts, and was one of the counsel for the Commonwealth in Commonwealth *vs.* Guest, involving the right of the Governor of Pennsylvania to veto a proposed constitutional amendment. He has served as a member of the Board of Managers of the Municipal League of Philadelphia, and was Chairman of the Campaign Committee in 1898. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the University Club of Philadelphia and the Mt. Airy Country Club. Mr. Wallerstein was married, September 11, 1889, to Helen Coons, and has four children: Helen C., Edward Wallerstein, Jr., Ruth C. and Eva Coons Wallerstein. He resides in Germantown.

KELSEY, Albert, 1870-

Hon. 1895.

Born in St. Louis, Mo., 1870; travelling scholar in architecture of the University of Pennsylvania; elected President of the Architectural League of America in 1899; delegate to the Fourth International Congress of Architects in Brussels in 1897; founder and editor of the Architectural Annual.

ALBERT KELSEY was born in St. Louis, Missouri, April 26, 1870, his father being A. Warren Kelsey, a scholar and writer, and his mother Jannette Garr Washburn. He comes from a New England family of Puritan stock, which came to America in 1636, and is a grandson of the late Major-General C. C. Washburn, and hence a grand-nephew of the other famous Washburn brothers. Much of his early education was received in Europe. Becoming the President of the T-Square Club, he was by courtesy allowed to compete for the Travelling Scholarship in Architecture at the University of Pennsylvania, which he won. On this scholarship he travelled extensively. While his engagements as a member of the firm of Kennedy & Kelsey occupy most of his time he finds opportunities to take a prominent part in many municipal art

conferences, lectures frequently, and is recognized to be an authority and an advanced thinker upon modern city making. Mr. Kelsey at the Cleveland Convention in June 1899 was elected President of the Architectural League of America. He was also a delegate to the Fourth International Congress of Architects in Brussels in 1897, and a member of the Committee of Patronage of the Fifth International Congress of Architects which met at Paris in 1900. As the founder and editor of "The Architectural Annual," Mr. Kelsey vigorously denounces unprofessional methods, and is a staunch upholder of the



ALBERT KELSEY

progressive, broad-minded architect. In the practice of his profession his specialty is architecture in its application to the reconstruction of cities and municipal art. He is a member of many architectural and technical societies, and one of the Executive Board of the American League for Civic Improvement, likewise Chairman of the Committee of Experts of the Art Federation of Philadelphia, and the originator of the Municipal Art and Science Exhibit to be carried out at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis in 1903. January 18, 1899, he married Henrietta Latitia Allis of New York, and has two children: Albert Washburn Kelsey and Charlotte Elizabeth Kelsey. His son makes the fourth generation of Albert Kelseys, all now living.

HIBBS, Shelton Adams, 1869-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; prepared for college at Rugby Academy; matriculated University of Pennsylvania, 1885, remaining during Freshman year; engaged in manufacturing business in Philadelphia.

SHELTON ADAMS HIBBS, the son of James Madison and Mary Hancock (Eckfeldt) Hibbs, was born in Philadelphia, February 3, 1869. He received his preliminary schooling at Rugby Academy, where he completed the course in 1884, and matriculated in the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1889, but left at the beginning of the Sophomore year, after taking third honors in both terms of his Freshman year. Upon breaking off his College course he associated himself with the Moore & White Company, manufacturers of paper-mill machinery, and this connection he has continued ever since. Mr. Gibbs is a member of the Merion Cricket Club, the St. Davids Golf Club, the Philadelphia Whist Club and the Pennsylvania Whist Club.

RANDALL, Edmund, 1841-

Class of 1862 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated St. Joseph's College, 1858; graduated Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1862; admitted to Bar in the same year; First Lieutenant Company G, One Hundred and Sixteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Civil War; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

EDMUND RANDALL was born in Philadelphia, August 17, 1841. He is a son of Joseph C. and Caroline M. (West) Randall. His paternal grandfather was born at Valley Forge, Chester county, Pennsylvania, the family having come to this country from England about 1620 to settle in Virginia, whence they came to Pennsylvania about 1700. Mr. Randall's mother was born in Philadelphia, her family having resided in Chester county, Pennsylvania, for many generations. He was educated at St. Joseph's College, Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1858. In June 1859 he commenced the study of law in the office of Colonel William Sergeant of Philadelphia, but finished his legal studies in the office of Lewis C. Cassidy. At the same time he took the courses in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1862. In September of that year he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, but immediately entered the Union service as First Lieutenant of Company

G, One Hundred and Sixteenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and as Regimental Adjutant. Mr. Randall is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, and is a staunch Democrat in poli-



EDMUND RANDALL

tics. He was first married on October 10, 1865, to Emma Crout, by whom he had two children, a son and a daughter. He was married a second time in June 1891, to Clara Tingley, and they have one son. He received from St. Joseph's College, in November 1901, the degree of Doctor of Laws.

FERGUSON, William Alexander, 1864-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated at Pennington Seminary, 1888; studied two years in College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1892; admitted to ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 1889; has had several successful charges; D.D. American University, Harriman, Tenn.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER FERGUSON, D.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 22, 1864, a son of James and Frances (Frazier) Ferguson. He first attended the Philadelphia public schools, passing then to Pennington Seminary, where he took the classical course for three years, graduating in 1888. He then matriculated with the Class of 1892 in the Arts Department of the University of

Pennsylvania. Compelled to relinquish his ambition to complete the course, he left the University after two years to enter the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He had done much church work of many kinds while still in College. In 1889 he was admitted to the Philadelphia Annual Conference, and since that time he has held various important pastorates. He was first called to the Simpson Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church. Here he increased the membership and built a new church at a cost of \$18,000. He next went to the Fourth-Street Church in Reading, Pennsylvania, where he reorganized the church and readjusted its financial methods. In 1894 he was called to the pastorate of the Siloam Church in West Philadelphia, where he built a chapel at a cost of \$13,000 and increased the congregations threefold. In 1897 Dr. Ferguson was transferred by the Bishop to the Scott Church in Philadelphia, where he has also had a most successful pastorate. He has been associated with evangelistic work at many camp-meetings in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. In 1901 the American University at Harriman, Tennessee, conferred



W. A. FERGUSON

upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity. Dr. Ferguson married, in 1889, Carrie Lorena Lake, by whom he has had six children. He resides in Philadelphia.

KNOWLTON, Charles Davison, 1867-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Rockport, Mass., 1867; M.D. Tufts College 1894, University of Pennsylvania 1895; subsequently a student at the University of Berlin; Instructor in Pathology and Bacteriology in Tufts College Medical School; practicing physician in Boston, Mass.

CHARLES DAVISON KNOWLTON, M.D., was born in Rockport, Massachusetts, July 20, 1867. He is a descendant in the ninth generation of Capt. William Knowlton, who left the port of London, England, in November 1632, in his own ship, with his wife Anne Elizabeth (Smith)



CHARLES D. KNOWLTON

Knowlton and four sons: John, William, Samuel and Thomas. Captain Knowlton landed in Nova Scotia, where he died; the stone bearing his name with the date of his death was found in 1839 marking his grave; his wife and sons brought the ship into Ipswich Bay. Dr. Knowlton is a descendant of the second son, William, his parents being Daniel W. and Vianna (Holbrook) Knowlton, who were married in 1851. He received his early education in the public schools of Rockport, Massachusetts, and afterwards entered a drug store, where he served for three years, in the meantime passing the examinations of the State Board of Pharmacy of Massachusetts, thereby becoming a registered pharmacist. In 1894 he was graduated from the Medical Depart-

ment of Tufts College, and in 1895 from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. Going abroad to pursue still farther his medical studies, he matriculated in the University of Berlin, and on his return received an appointment as Instructor in Pathology and Bacteriology in Tufts College Medical School. Dr. Knowlton resides in Boston, where he practices his profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Association and other medical societies. He married, June 6, 1895, Annie Rogers; they have three daughters: Vianna, Priscilla and Isabel Knowlton.

MILLER, Albert Eber, 1833-

Class of 1864 Med.

Born in Seneca county, N. Y., 1833; graduated Syracuse Medical College 1855 and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania 1864; lecturer on public health in all parts of the country; medical examiner for various life insurance companies; practicing physician in Boston and Needham, Mass.

ALBERT EBER MILLER, M.D., was born in Covert, Seneca county, New York, July 7, 1833, son of Ezekiel and Polly Miller. He is descended from an old New England family of Millers which has produced many noted physicians and surgeons. His grandfathers were both soldiers in the Revolutionary War, and his father fought in the War of 1812. Dr. Miller attended the schools of his native town and also the schools in Virgil, New York. After a year at the Cortland (New York) Academy he was selected by the Superintendent of Schools to attend the State Normal School at Homer in the same state, where he pursued his studies for three years. When about nineteen years old he took up the study of law with Judge Duel in Cortland, but he abandoned the law a year later to enter the Syracuse Medical College, from which he graduated in 1855. With a view to increasing his knowledge of the medical science he became a private student of Dr. H. H. Smith, Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, and registered for the courses in that institution, graduating in 1864. At an early period in his professional career Dr. Miller began to lecture on public health, travelling extensively from city to city and appearing in all parts of the country before large public audiences. His lectures to pupils of public and normal schools won great popularity, his work being particularly attractive on account of his fine lecture appara-

tus. He illustrates his discourses with four French manikins, thirteen skeletons and a great variety of models, plates and drawings. For several years Dr. Miller has lectured regularly before the New England Chautauqua Assembly. He is a medical examiner of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, the New York Life Insurance Company, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the Pacific Life Insurance Company of St. Louis, Missouri, and the Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York. For several years he has resided in Needham, Massachusetts, where he still practices, having



ALBERT E. MILLER

an office also in Boston. Dr. Miller is very active in the local affairs of Needham. He was for a long time President of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library and since 1892 he has been the President of the Needham Cooperative Bank. The Village Improvement Society is one of his creations, and he was its first President. He was largely instrumental in obtaining from the Legislature the Act allowing the town of Needham to supply its inhabitants with pure water, being the Chairman of the Water Committee. He also assisted in organizing, and was the first President of, the Edward Everett Hale Club of Newton, Massachusetts. Dr. Miller is identified with a large number of organizations. He is a member of the Gynecological Society of Boston.

the Massachusetts Association of Boards of Health, the American Medical Association and the International Medical Congress. He is a Thirty-second degree Mason, a member of the medical staff of the De Molay Commandery of Knights Templars, Past Master of Norfolk Lodge, member of the order of the Eastern Star, Past Grand of Elliot Lodge of Odd Fellows, in which order he is a member of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts and has several times held the office of District Deputy Grand Master. In politics he is a Republican. He sat in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1888 and 1889 for the Ninth Norfolk District, being Chairman of the Committee on Public Health. He assisted in organizing the Home Market Club, the Norfolk Republican Club and the Massachusetts Republican Club. In 1866 Dr. Miller married Vesta Delphene Freeman of Newark Valley, New York.

BREWSTER, Frederick Carroll, Jr., 1851—
Class of 1867.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; educated mainly in private schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1867; studied law with his father, Judge F. Carroll Brewster; admitted to Bar, 1870; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

FREDERICK CARROLL BREWSTER, JR., born in Philadelphia, January 4, 1851, is the son of the late Hon. Frederick Carroll Brewster, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia and at one time Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, who in his day was a foremost member of the Bar of Philadelphia and for several years was a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Brewster is a descendant of Elder William Brewster, the spiritual leader of the Mayflower's passengers. His mother was Emma Barton, a daughter of Dr. William P. C. Barton, Professor of Botany in the University of Pennsylvania 1816-1828, and afterwards a Medical Director in the United States Navy. Educated at private schools and at the school of the Calvary Episcopal Church in Germantown, Frederick Carroll Brewster, Jr., entered the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania during the Civil War period and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1867. At once taking up the study of the law in the office of John C. Bullitt, while Judge Brewster was still on the Bench, and later with his father when the latter became Attorney-General of the state, he was admitted to the Bar in 1870, at the early age of nineteen. In the same year the University of Penn-

sylvania gave him the degree of Master of Arts. Subsequently he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and in the Supreme Court of the United States at Washington. Mr. Brewster belongs to the Philomathean and Delta Phi societies at the University, is a member of the Union League, the Philadelphia Lawyers' Club, the Germantown Cricket Club, the Conanicut Yacht Club, the Jamestown Club and the Quononoquot Club. From 1874 to 1878 he was a member of the First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry. He married at Halifax, Nova Scotia, in November 1881,



FREDERICK CARROLL BREWSTER, JR.

Sophia Grace Almon, daughter of Hon. William J. Almon, M.D., of Halifax, Nova Scotia, a Senator from the Province of Nova Scotia to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada at Ottawa. Mrs. Brewster was a niece of Sir William Ritchie, Lord Chief-Justice of Canada, and a descendant of Increase Mather, father of Cotton Mather. She died in April 1898. By her Mr. Brewster has seven children: Emma Barton, Frederick Carroll, 3rd, Sergeant Barton, William Johnston Almon, Clarence Barton, Elizabeth Lichtenstein Almon and Laleah Grace Almon Brewster. The family residence is "Bellevue," in Germantown, Philadelphia. Their summer home is at "Belle Hall," Jamestown, Rhode Island.

DALE, Richard Colegate, 1853-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; educated in Classical Institute of Dr. John W. Faires, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania Department of Arts; studied law in Philadelphia; admitted to Bar, 1875, and now practicing in that city.

RICHARD COLEGATE DALE was born in Philadelphia, March 29, 1853, son of Richard Colegate and Elizabeth Matilda (Woodruff) Dale. His father, who was a Philadelphia merchant, was a native of Delaware, son of Richard C. Dale, M.D., a physician of Newcastle, that state; the latter a son of John Dale, M.D., of Harford county, Maryland. He is also a descendant on the paternal side of Col. Richard Colegate, who, in 1698, settled on a plantation upon the Patapsco River, and that estate is now included within the limits of the City of Baltimore. His maternal grandfather, Elias Decon Woodruff, was a lawyer of Trenton, New Jersey, and his great-grandfather on the same side — Aaron Dickinson Woodruff, was Attorney-General of New Jersey from 1793 to 1816. He attended the Classical Institute of Dr. John W. Faires, Philadelphia, from 1863 to 1868, in which latter year he entered the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated a Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1872. His preparations for the legal profession were pursued in the office of Robert N. Willson, now Judge of the Philadelphia County Court of Common Pleas, and was admitted to the Bar, June 5, 1875. After remaining in the office of his preceptor some six years, he was in January 1881 invited to become associated in practice with John C. Bullitt and Samuel Dickson, and has ever since been in partnership with these gentlemen. He married, January 3, 1891, Maida Wade; their children are: Marion Reed, Maida Wade, Richard Colegate, Robert Wade and Thomas Francis Dale.

HULBURD, David Wendell, 1871-

Class of 1893 Arts, 1896 Law.

Born in Albany, N. Y., 1871; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1893, LL.B. 1896; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

DAVID WENDELL HULBURD was born in Albany, New York, March 4, 1871. He is the son of the late Rev. Merritt Hulburd, S.T.D., and Cornelia McClachron. On his father's side he is descended from William Hulbird, who landed from the ship Mary and John in 1630 and settled in Dorchester, Massachusetts, and from William

Hulburt, who was engaged in the American Revolution with Ethan Allen's Green Mountain Boys. On his mother's side, an ancestor was Oliver Selfridge of the Sixteenth Albany Regiment in the Revolu-



D. WENDELL HULBURD

tionary Army, and another ancestor, David McEch-ron, fought in a New York Regiment during the War of 1812. Mr. Hulburt was prepared for a collegiate course at Hackettstown, New Jersey, and at the College of the City of New York. He entered the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania in 1889 and received his Bachelor of Arts in 1893. Making a choice of the law as his profession, he at once matriculated in the Law Department of the University, and after completing the usual three-years course was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. Since his graduation and admission to the Bar of Philadelphia he has been engaged in practice in that city. Until the death of Samuel B. Huey, in 1901, he was associated with that well-known practitioner. Since graduation Mr. Hulburt has been President of the Alumni Society of the Class of 1893. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution, and until recently was Registrar of the Delaware Society. He is also a member of the Germantown Cricket Club, the Manhattan Chapter of Alpha Delta Phi, and of the Masonic Order.

He was married, March 28, 1901, to Kathryn Forsyth Bechtel, of Germantown, Philadelphia, where he resides.

LAGEN, Charles Augustine, 1849-

Class of 1870 Law.

Born in Lancaster, Pa., 1849; educated mainly under private instruction; graduated LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1870; practicing lawyer at the Philadelphia Bar since 1871.

CHARLES AUGUSTINE LAGEN, lawyer, was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, December 8, 1849, but has resided in Philadelphia since childhood. He is a son of Daniel and Rosanna Cecelia (Fitzpatrick) Lagen. His early education was received at private schools and under private instructors. Studying law in the office of E. Spencer Miller, he at the same time pursued his studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Bachelor of Laws in 1870. He was admitted to the Bar in 1871, and has successfully practiced his profession in Philadelphia continuously ever since. Mr. Lagen is a member of the University Club, the Contemporary



CHARLES A. LAGEN

Club, the Athletic Club of Philadelphia and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He married, October 1, 1874, Mary Julia Huneker, and has two sons: Charles Louis and John Daniel Lagen.

CABEEN, Francis von Albadé, 1851-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; prepared for College at the Germantown Academy and other schools; entered the University of Pennsylvania, interrupting his course in 1869 to go into business; identified with the iron trade since 1870; head of the firm of Cabeen & Company.

FRANCIS VON ALBADÉ CABEEN, the son of Robert B. and Emma Anderson Cabeen, was born in Philadelphia, April 28, 1851. His preparatory schooling was received at the Germantown Academy, the Calvary school of Germantown and the school of John Faires. He entered the Uni-



F. VON A. CABEEN

versity of Pennsylvania in 1869, breaking off his course at the end of one year to go into business. He was first employed as a clerk in the old firm of Cabeen & Company, which was engaged in the iron trade. Of this firm he afterward became a member, continuing the connection until the partnership was dissolved, when the firm was succeeded by that of J. T. Lea & Company, of which he was also a member. Recently Mr. Cabeen became the head of a new firm bearing the name of Cabeen & Company, iron and steel merchants, which is the position in the business world he now holds. Mr. Cabeen is a member of the Board of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the Delta Phi Society, the Un-

dine Barge Club and the Society of Colonial Wars of Pennsylvania. He was married on October 2, 1879, to Mary Ellis Lea, by whom he has two sons: Francis von A. Cabeen, Jr., and Robert Anderson Cabeen. Mr. Cabeen has contributed an article to the Pennsylvania Historical Society magazine, the first issue appearing in the January number for 1902, on the Pennsylvania Society Sons of St. Tammany.

NEVIN, William Latta, 1860-

Class of 1879 Arts, 1880 Law.

Born in Lancaster, Pa., 1860; educated in Dr. Faires' and Mantua academies, and University of Pennsylvania; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1880; lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM LATTA NEVIN was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, August 9, 1860, son of Rev. Alfred Nevin, D.D., LL.D., and Sarah (Jenkins) Nevin. On the maternal side he descends from Hon. Robert Jenkins of Windsor Forges, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, iron founder, and member of Congress. He is also a descendant of Dr. Hugh Williamson, one of the first graduates of the University of Pennsylvania. His early education was received in Dr. Faires' Academy in Philadelphia, and at Mantua Academy under Prof. F. W. Hastings. In 1875 he matriculated in the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania, and passed to the Senior class, but in 1878 left the College and entered the Law Department, graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1880. Since admission to the Bar Mr. Nevin has practiced in Philadelphia, principally as a mercantile, real estate and corporation lawyer. He is a member of the University Club, is unmarried, and resides in Germantown.

JUNKIN, Joseph De Forest, 1855-

Class of 1874

Born in Philadelphia, 1855; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1874; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, 1877; practiced his profession in Philadelphia since that date.

JOSEPH DE FOREST JUNKIN was born in Philadelphia, April 16, 1855, son of George Junkin, a Philadelphia lawyer, and Jeanie De Forest. On his father's side he is of Scotch-Irish and Danish extraction, and on his mother's side French. For seven years he attended Faires' Classical Institute in Philadelphia, where he was prepared for the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated in the Class of 1874, with the

degree of Bachelor of Arts. His Master of Arts degree followed in course, while studying law in the office of his father. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in June 1877, and has been engaged in active practice ever since. Mr. Junkin belongs to the University Club; the Union League; the Lawyers' Club, of which he is a member of the Board of Governors; the Law Association, of which he is on the Board; the Penn Club; the Bachelor's Barge Club; the Riverton Gun Club; the Clover Club; the Country Club; the Corinthian Yacht Club, in which he served as Vice-Commodore for three terms; the



JOSEPH DE F. JUNKIN

New York Yacht Club; and the Orpheus Glee Club. He married, October 10, 1878, Mary McC. McCord, by whom he has three children: Joseph De Forest, Jr., Rosamond Robinson and George Junkin, 4th.

BERNARDY, Eugene Prosper, 1846-

Class of 1868 Med.

Born in St. Thomas, W. I., 1846; educated in New York City; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1868; Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania; medical practitioner in Philadelphia; author of many papers on medical subjects.

EUGENE PROSPER BERNARDY, M.D., comes of a well-known French family. His father was Pierre Mathieu Bernardy of Montpellier,

France, a physician, and graduate of the University of Montpellier. His mother was Marie Ann Yamfre of Lorraine, France. In the paternal line his great-grandfather was Veterinary Surgeon-in-Chief to the Army of Napoleon I, and his grandfather was a Captain in the French Artillery who died from a wound received on the battlefield of Waterloo; his great-grandmother lived on the French side of the Alps, and it is supposed that the family were Italian refugees, originally spelling the name with a final "i," which was changed to a "y" when they arrived in France. On his mother's side Dr. Bernardy traces a German origin; the grandfather was a cabinet-maker, one of the first to employ mahogany in the manufacture of furniture; the great-grandfather was an officer in the French Army and died during the retreat from Moscow; other members of the family were large mill-owners and property-holders in French Lorraine. Dr. Bernardy was born in the beautiful harbor-town of St. Thomas, in the West Indies, December 11, 1846. His early education was received in New York where he studied under private tutors and for two years attended New York College. He was graduated at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1866, and subsequently pursued post-graduate courses in the University. For two years he was an assistant in the surgical rooms under Professor H. H. Smith, and for five years he was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University under Professor Lenox Hodge. He was also for two years an assistant in the Medical and Surgical Dispensaries of the University, and later an assistant to Professor J. J. Reese at the University in instruction in Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology. He served for two years as Physician to the Philadelphia Dispensary and Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Hospital, and is now a Physician to the French Benevolent Society of Philadelphia. He has been for several years Physician to the French Consulate in that city. Dr. Bernardy has written many pamphlets descriptive of his original scientific investigations. He was the first to introduce chloral hydrate in the treatment of puerperal eclampsia, and was also influential in bringing iodide of mercury into use as an antiseptic. In 1899 he received the decoration of the palms of the French Academy, in testimony of his original researches and his many acts of philanthropy towards the poor. For a period of fifteen months during the Civil War he was Bugler of the Fifty-fifth Regiment of New York. He belongs to Potter Lodge 441, A. Y. M., Corin-

thian Chapter and Chasseur Commandery, and was formerly a member of Independence Lodge 55 of Odd Fellows, in which he was a Past Grand. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the State Medical Society of Pennsylvania, the American Medical Society, the Philadelphia Medical Club, the J. Aiken Meigs Medical Association, the Climatological Society and the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, being one of its past Vice-Presidents, and formerly a member of the Philadelphia Pathological and the Pediatric societies, as well as the American Society of Gyn-



EUGENE P. BERNARDY

ecologists and Obstetricians. His wife, to whom he was married June 24, 1871, was Marie Louise Jacquin. A daughter, Eugenie Marie Bernardy, is a graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, 1897; and a son, Henry Leander Bernardy, graduated from the Collegiate Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1897 and from the Medical Department in 1900.

DEAL, Lemuel Jacob, 1842-

Class of 1860.

Born in Philadelphia, 1842; educated in private schools, University of Pennsylvania, Union Theological Seminary and Jefferson Medical College; Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., 1864-66; Lecturer on Chemistry at Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; Assis-

ant Demonstrator of Anatomy and Clinical Assistant Surgical Department Jefferson Medical College; Professor of Chemistry Missouri Medical College, St. Louis, Mo.; Lecturer on Chemistry Wagner Institute, Philadelphia; Professor of Chemistry Pennsylvania College of Pharmacy, 1877-81; Secretary Philadelphia Medical Club 1892-99, Secretary Philadelphia County Medical Society 1868, ex-President National Medical Society.

LEMUEL JACOB DEAL, M.D., Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 24, 1842, son of Charles and Mary Luanna (Jewell) Deal. His American progenitor on the paternal side emigrated from Holland. Through his mother he is a direct descendant of Rev. John Jewell, D.D., an early English Protestant leader, who was expelled from Oxford University during the reign of "Bloody Mary" and made Bishop of Salisbury in 1560. From the private schools of Philadelphia he entered the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1860, and received that of Master of Arts two years later. For the succeeding two years he was a student at the Union Theological Seminary, but relinquished his ministerial preparations in order to take up the study of medicine at the Jefferson Medical College, where he took his medical degree in 1865. He was Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army from 1864 to 1866, and in 1865 was in charge of the government post-hospital at Fort Macomb, Louisiana. He was Lecturer on Chemistry at the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia during 1866, and served in a similar capacity at the Wagner Institute in Philadelphia for the years 1866, 1874, 1876 and 1877. From 1866 to 1874 he was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy and Clinical Surgical Assistant in the Jefferson Medical College. Called in 1874 to the Chair of Chemistry at the Missouri Medical College in St. Louis, Missouri, he retained the post for two years, and from 1877 to 1881 he was at the head of the same department at the Pennsylvania College of Pharmacy in Philadelphia. Dr. Deal is an ex-President of the National Medical Society of Philadelphia, and an ex-Secretary of the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He has been a member of the Philadelphia Medical Club from its organization in 1892, and served as its Secretary for the first seven years of its existence. The honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred upon him by the Wagner Institute of Philadelphia in 1872. He married, January 29, 1871, Anna Eliza Lugar, daughter of William Lugar of Philadelphia.

GLENDINNING, Robert E., 1867-

Class of 1888.

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; educated Cheltenham Academy and University of Pennsylvania; in banking business in Philadelphia.

ROBERT E. GLENDINNING, son of Robert Glendinning, the Philadelphia banker, and Ellen Elizabeth Butcher, granddaughter of Washington Butcher, was born in Philadelphia, August 10, 1867. He was prepared for College at the Cheltenham Academy near Philadelphia, and entered the Arts Department of the University of



ROBERT E. GLENDINNING

Pennsylvania with the Class of 1888. Leaving College at the end of his Sophomore year he entered the banking and brokerage firm of Robert Glendinning & Company, with which he has been connected ever since. During the war with Spain Mr. Glendinning was in the United States service as Cornet (Second Lieutenant) of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the St. Andrews Society, the Markham Club, the Philadelphia Barge Club, the Philadelphia Gun Club, the Art Club and the Union League. He married, in 1894, Elizabeth Rodman Fisher Carpenter, by whom he has had two daughters. He resides at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

WHARTON, William Moore, 1848-

Class of 1868.

Born in Delaware, 1848; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1868; A.M. in course, 1871; engaged at first in dry goods commission business and later manager of the United States Life Insurance Company for the eastern district of Pennsylvania.

WILLIAM MOORE WHARTON was born in Delaware, August 25, 1848. He is a son of Daniel Clark and Annie Morgan Wharton and is a direct descendant of Thomas Wharton, the first Governor of the State of Pennsylvania. Entering the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1868. Three years later he received the Master's degree from the University. At first engaged in the dry goods commission business he became a manager of the United States Life Insurance Company for the eastern district of Pennsylvania which position he still occupies. Mr. Moore is a member of the Eta Chapter of the Delta Phi Society of the University of Pennsylvania and of the Orpheus Club, a musical organization of Philadelphia. In 1874 he married Ellen Clifton Wharton, daughter of Colonel Henry Williams Wharton, U. S. A. and he has three children, Moore, Jr., Rosa N., and Ellen C. Wharton. They reside in Philadelphia.

DEBEUST, Robert Hare, 1843-1901.

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; educated in public schools and business college; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1866; student under Prof. Joseph Leidy; practicing physician in Philadelphia from 1866 until his death in 1901.

ROBERT HARE DEBEUST, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 23, 1843. His father, William Harrison DeBeust, was of German extraction, and his mother, Annie MacIlhenny, was of Irish ancestry. After attending the public schools and a business college of Philadelphia, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1861, his preceptor having been the late Dr. Joseph Leidy. In 1862 he was employed by the United States government in the Quartermaster's Department of the army, operating a calcium light off the coast of South Carolina which had been mounted by Prof. Robert Hare of the University of Pennsylvania, after whom he was named. Returning to the University he resumed his medical studies, graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1866, and at once took up the practice of

medicine. From 1876 to 1887 Dr. DeBeust was District Surgeon of the Police Station in the Nineteenth District in Philadelphia. He was recognized as a very high authority on osteology and was frequently called into consultation on difficult cases. In connection with his practice he operated a manufacturing pharmacy. Dr. DeBeust bore an enviable reputation among all who knew him for his charity, giving medical advice to the poor without hope of receiving reward. He was married on



ROBT. HARE DEBEUST

February 14, 1868, and died of Bright's Disease, September 16, 1901, leaving a wife, Annie (Kirk) DeBeust, and a son William Hare DeBeust.

RAWLE, James, 1842-

Class of 1861

Born in Lancaster, Pa., 1842; educated in private school and at University of Pennsylvania; joined Engineer Corps Pennsylvania Railroad; Engineer of Construction at Sunbury Shop, afterwards at Williamsport, Pa.; interested in car works in Philadelphia.

JAMES RAWLE, son of Francis William and Louisa (Hall) Rawle, was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, November 15, 1842. He is descended from Francis Rawle, who came from Cornwall, England, with William Penn, on the ship "The Desire," arriving at Philadelphia on June 23, 1686.

His grandfather was William Rawle, the friend and counsellor of Washington. On the maternal side his grandfather was Charles Hall, counsellor, of Sunbury, Pennsylvania, and his great-grandfather was Col. Elibu Hall of Mount Welcome, Maryland. James Rawle received his early education in St. Mark's School, Philadelphia, and entering the University of Pennsylvania in 1857, was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1861. The Master of Arts degree was given him in course. In May 1862 he joined the Engineer Corps of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in McKean county, constructing the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad. He was then Engineer of Construction at the Sunbury shops of the company until 1865, and afterwards was similarly engaged at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, with William H. Brown. In 1872 he became one-third owner of the Philadelphia car works of J. G. Brill & Company, and he has since continued in this business, now incorporated as the J. G. Brill Company. Mr. Rawle was from 1881 to 1893 a member of the First Troop of Philadelphia City Cavalry, of which he is now an honorary member, and has served as First Lieutenant, the highest rank attained. He belongs to the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the University, Manufacturers, Radnor Hunt and Merion Cricket clubs. In politics he has been always a Republican. He married, November 29, 1871, Charlotte Collins Parker, daughter of Dr. Charles Collins Parker, granddaughter of Gen. Daniel Parker, Adjutant-General United States Army, and great-granddaughter of Zaccheus Collins and Christopher Marshall. They have four children: Francis William, Edward P., Edith and Louisa Rawle. Mr. Rawle has resided for the past twenty-seven years at "Castlefinn," Radnor township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

LUKENS, Edward Fell, 1870-

Class of 1889 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated in Philadelphia public and private schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1889; admitted to Bar, 1891; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

EDWARD FELL LUKENS, son of Ezra and Maria Fell (Maddock) Lukens, was born in Philadelphia, April 29, 1870. On the paternal side he is of Dutch descent; his great-great-great-great-grandfather was Jan Lueken, who emigrated to Pennsylvania from Crefeldt, Holland, with Francis Daniel Pastorius in 1683, and was one of the orig-

inal settlers and first Sheriff of Germantown, now a part of Philadelphia. After attending the Philadelphia public schools and the Friends' Central School of that city, Edward Fell Lukens studied law with Hon. John C. Grady, State Senator from Philadelphia and Hon. Joseph M. Gazzam, ex-State Senator from Pittsburg, in the meantime entering in 1887 the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the Class of 1889. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1891, and he has been engaged in active practice ever since, making a specialty of corporation



EDWARD FELL LUKENS

law, as a member of the law firm of Gazzam, Wallace & Lukens. Mr. Lukens is a member of the Union League and the Old Monastery Golf Club of Philadelphia, also of the Young Republican Club of Germantown, of which suburb he is a resident. He married, January 31, 1893, Margaret Patton, and has two children: Edward Fell Lukens, Jr., and Margaret Peattie Lukens.

SPENCER, Charles Henry, 1849-

Class of 1868.

Born in Philadelphia, 1849; prepared for College at Germantown Academy; studied at University of Pennsylvania but left at end of Freshman year and was graduated from Princeton 1868; manufacturer in Phila-

delphia 1870-83, commission merchant 1883-94; manager United States Life Insurance Company, with offices in New York, since 1898.

CHARLES HENRY SPENCER was born in Philadelphia, September 1, 1849, son of Charles and Priscilla (Smethurst) Spencer. His father was born in Leicestershire and his mother in Lancashire, England; the latter's family was established in her native county before the Norman Conquest, but were financially ruined by the Puritan troubles of 1640 when they followed the king, and it is only in the nineteenth century that they again figure prominently in county history. Mr. Spencer was prepared for College at Germantown Academy, passing thence to the University of Pennsylvania, where he spent Freshman year, abandoning his course in Philadelphia to go to Princeton, from which University he was graduated in 1868. At the close of his College course he entered the service of Charles Spencer & Company, woolen manufacturers of Germantown. He became a member of that firm in 1870 and remained so until 1883, when he removed to New York to engage in the woolen commission business. There he was connected until November 1887 with the firm of Bacon, Baldwin & Company, and subsequently with Iselin, Neeson & Company, afterward William Iselin & Company. Mr. Spencer's health having broken down, he gave up his business in 1894 and retired to a farm which he had purchased in Somerset county, New Jersey. He remained amid rural scenes until 1898, when he resumed business as Manager of the United States Life Insurance Company, with offices in New York, which is the position he still occupies. Mr. Spencer belongs to the Delta Phi Fraternity, the Delta Phi Club of New York, the Princeton Club of New York, the Union League Club of Brooklyn, the Pennsylvania Society of New York and the New York Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania. He married, in 1870, Gertrude, daughter of Charles Paulson, Esq., of Brooklyn, New York. They have two daughters, and reside in Brooklyn.

BAKER, Washington Hopkins, 1852-

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1852; educated in Philadelphia private schools, Lehigh University and University of Pennsylvania; Resident Physician at German Hospital, Philadelphia, 1875-76, and subsequently connected with that institution in other capacities; has served as Attending Physician to Philadelphia Dispensary, Obstetrician to Maternity Hospital, and Vaccine Physician to the City of Philadelphia; Professor of Obstetrics,

Philadelphia Polyclinic; sometime Assistant in Obstetrics, University of Pennsylvania; retired Surgeon Second Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON HOPKINS BAKER, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 8, 1852, son of LaFayette and Mary (Franklin) Baker. His great-grandfather, Frederick Baker, emigrated from Germany and purchased a large tract of land in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. He is also a descendant of George Ross, a signer of the Declaration of Independence; of Judge Walter Franklin, Attorney-General of Pennsylvania and at one time Judge



WASHINGTON H. BAKER

of the Courts of Lancaster and York counties; of George Emlen, who came over with William Penn; and of Samuel Rhoads, one of the early Mayors of Philadelphia, one of the founders and for thirty years a Director of the Pennsylvania Hospital, also one of the founders of the Philadelphia Library. His education was begun at the Friends' School in 1858, and he was fitted for College in Caleb Hallowell's School at Tenth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia. Entering Lehigh University he pursued the regular course in chemistry with a view of aiding in his subsequent professional preparations, and he was graduated in 1873 with the degree of A.C. (Analytical Chemist). For the succeeding two years he was a student in the Medical Department of the

University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1875, and immediately locating for practice in Philadelphia. In 1875-1876 he was Resident Physician at the German Hospital, Philadelphia, being at one time in charge of the drug-store and dispensary as well as of the surgical and medical wards. He was subsequently Physician to the German Hospital Medical Dispensary, later being elected a Visiting Physician to that institution, and Attending Physician to the Philadelphia Dispensary. He was for a number of years Obstetrician to the Maternity Hospital, and Vaccine Physician to the City of Philadelphia. Dr. Baker also served for a time as Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Children at the Philadelphia Polyclinic, and as Assistant to Dr. Penrose, Professor of Obstetrics at the University of Pennsylvania. He is an ex-Surgeon of the Second Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, having retired with the rank of Major. At the present time he is Medical Examiner for the New York Life, Northwestern Mutual Life and Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance companies, and is a fellow of the College of Physicians, member of the Obstetrical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and other medical organizations. Dr. Baker is a Democrat in politics, and at one time served as a Public-School Director. He is unmarried.

LEX, Charles Edwin, 1851-

Class of 1871.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; educated in a Philadelphia private school and at University of Pennsylvania; acquired a knowledge of mechanical engineering and was for some time employed as a designer; studied law, and was admitted to Bar 1878; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

CHARLES EDWIN LEX was born in Philadelphia, October 19, 1851, son of Charles Edwin and Mary Murdock (Casey) Lex. His paternal grandparents were Jacob Lex, a merchant, and Joanna Frederica (Eberle) Lex, the latter a daughter of Karl Ludwig Eberle, of Germany. Jacob Lex was a son of Peter and Elizabeth (Rathschly) Lex (both of Germany), the former of whom was a wholesale merchant. His maternal grandparents were James and Mary Dalley (Murdock) Casey, and his maternal great-grandparents were James and Almy (Warne) Casey, the former a son of Samuel and Rebecca (Harmon) Casey, of Somersetshire, England. Mary Dalley Murdock was a daughter of William Murdock. All of the above mentioned male

ancestors except his father were wholesale merchants, and James Casey, Jr., resided in Connecticut. Charles E. Lex, Sr., was one of the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania for many years and a prominent member of the Bar of Philadelphia. Almy Warne was a native of New York. The subject of this sketch attended the private school of the late Henry D. Gregory in Philadelphia, from which he entered the University of Pennsylvania and pursued the regular classical course with the Class of 1871. He did not graduate, however, as in the early part of his Senior year an advantageous business opportu-



CHARLES E. LEX

nity presented itself which he considered advisable to accept. He subsequently served an apprenticeship at mechanical engineering, after the completion of which he was for a time engaged with the late Joseph Harrison, Jr., in designing an experimental locomotive, and later he was employed in the Designing and Drafting Department of the Cramp Shipbuilding and Engine Works. Having in the meantime taken up the study of law, he registered as a law student with his brother, the late William Henry Lex, and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, November 30, 1878. He immediately located for practice in his native city, and by a close application to the interests intrusted to his charge has built up an extensive general law business. In politics Mr. Lex

is a Republican, and though not desirous of political honors, he takes an active interest in local affairs and is quite prominently identified with the ward organizations. He is a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity, the Zelosophic and German Societies, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and the St. Elmo and Penn clubs. He was married on March 21, 1878, to Susan Nickerson Cunningham; they have two children living: Frances Cunningham and Charles Edwin Lex, 3rd.

RUDDEROW, Benjamin Janney, 1856-

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated at Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1874; Resident and subsequently Attending Physician to Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia; practicing physician in that city.

BENJAMIN JANNEY RUDDEROW, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 2, 1856, son of Joel and Catherine M. (Janney) Rudderow. He is of English and Welsh ancestry. His early education was completed at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, after which, and prior to beginning the study of medicine, he was engaged in the drug business. His professional preparations were pursued in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he took his medical degree in 1874. He has ever since practiced in his native city. Dr. Rudderow was for some time Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, and subsequently occupied the post of Attending Physician to the same institution. In politics he is allied with the Republican party. He married, October 15, 1885, Mary Armstrong Wright; their children are: Thomas Wright and Benjamin Janney Rudderow, Jr.

LANDRETH, Lucius Scott, 1856-

Class of 1876 Arts, 1880 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated at Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania, taking special honors in Law Department; admitted to Bar, 1880; engaged in practice in Philadelphia; Church Advocate for Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania for some years; interested in the development of real estate; formerly member Board of Governors Philadelphia Trades League; occasional contributor to law periodicals, and joint editor seventh edition Smith's "Leading Cases."

LUCIUS SCOTT LANDRETH was born in Philadelphia, April 20, 1856, son of Oliver and Harriet Rea (Linton) Landreth. His great

grandfather, David Landreth, emigrated from the vicinity of Berwick-on-Tweed, England, in 1784, and settling in Philadelphia, established himself in the seed business, which was subsequently carried on by his son, David. David second married Elizabeth, daughter of Caleb Rosbury of Lewes, Delaware. Oliver Landreth, fourth child and eldest surviving son of David second, married Harriet Rea Linton, and Lucius Scott Landreth is their eldest son. From the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, he entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his Bachelor's degree in 1876 and receiving



LUCIUS S. LANDRETH

that of Master of Arts in course. His legal studies, beginning in the office of McVeagh & Bispham, were completed in the University Law School, from which he was graduated with honor in the Class of 1880, taking a prize for the best essay. Admitted to the Bar in the same year, he immediately entered into practice in Philadelphia, where in addition to general office business, he has for a number of years held the post of Church Advocate for the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania. For some time he has been actively interested in the development of real estate. Mr. Landreth has served as Vice-President of the Law Academy and as a member of the Board of Governors of the Trades League of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Ameri-

can Academy of Political and Social Sciences, the Historical and the Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania; the Sons of the Revolution and the Rittenhouse, Merion Cricket and Church clubs of Philadelphia. From the year of his majority to the present time he has acted with the Republican party, and during the political campaign of 1896 he was a member of the McKinley & Hobart Business-Men's Committee of Philadelphia. He has acquired considerable prominence as a legal writer, having contributed numerous articles to the law periodicals, and edited jointly with F. A. Lewis, Esq., the seventh edition of Smith's "Leading Cases." On November 17, 1887, he was married by the Rev. I. L. Nicholson, Rector of St. Mark's Church, to Frances Marx, daughter of Edward J. Etting of Philadelphia. Their children are Maria E., born November 3, 1888; Lucius Scott, Jr., born August 16, 1890; and Rodney N. Landreth, born August 24, 1892.

WOODS, David Flavel,

Class of 1863 Med.

Born in Cumberland county, Pa.; graduated Dickinson College, 1859; M.D. University of Pennsylvania 1863, and subsequently Instructor there for seven years; attending physician to Presbyterian Hospital since its foundation; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

DAVID FLAVEL WOODS, M.D., was born in Dickinson Township, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, son of Richard and Mary Jane (Sterrett) Woods. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry through both his father and his mother. His early education was acquired at the common schools in his native county, and at McVeytown and Tuscarora Academies, where he was fitted for college. Entering Dickinson College, he was graduated from that institution in 1859, and spent the next two years in the employ of the Cumberland Valley Bank, and Bell, Garretson and Company. Then determining upon a professional career, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he completed his course and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1863. For four months during the Civil War he was an Assistant Surgeon in the Union Army. After serving his period as a Resident Physician at the Philadelphia and Episcopal hospitals in Philadelphia, he settled in that city for private practice, and for seven years was an Instructor in medical branches in the University of Pennsylvania. For some time he was Visiting Surgeon on the dispensary staff at the Episcopal Hospital. Since the foundation of the Presbyterian

Hospital he has been Attending Physician to that institution. Dr. Woods is a member of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pathological Society and other medical associations. He has been an occasional contributor to medical publications. He belongs to the Union League of Philadelphia, and is a member of the Scotch-Irish Society of Pennsylvania. In 1867 he married Helen R. Stewart, a daughter of B. D. Stewart of Philadelphia, and by her has four children: Alida, Richard Flavel, Helen S. and Mary Sterrett Woods. Mrs. Woods



D. F. WOODS

died May 20, 1889. Dr. Woods' son, Richard, is a distinguished physician in Philadelphia, a graduate of Princeton College and of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania.

HOFFMAN, Joseph, 1855-

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Danville, Pa., 1855; educated in Danville High School and at Lafayette College; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1883; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH HOFFMAN, M.D., was born in Danville, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1855, son of Lewis C. and Margaret (Pensinger) Hoffman. He is of German descent. After passing through

the Danville High School and graduating in 1875 from Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania, he was a teacher for several years in Danville and at the Lycoming County Normal School. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1880, he received his medical degree in 1883, and after a year's further training at the Blockley Hospital in Philadelphia, he entered upon general practice in that city. Dr. Hoffman belongs to the Philadelphia Medico-Legal and the Philadelphia Obstetrical societies, and is a member of the American Association of Gynecologists and Obstetricians. From 1884 to 1885 he was Assistant Editor of the Philadelphia Medical News and the American Journal of the Medical Sciences. He was married to Emma McCauley, June 27, 1901.

SHAPLEY, Ezekiel Cooper, 1841-

Class of 1862 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1841; graduated Philadelphia High School, and Law Department University of Pennsylvania 1862; admitted to Bar, 1862; engaged in civil and corporation practice in Philadelphia; Secretary of Board for selecting and drawing jurors since 1869.

EZEKIEL COOPER SHAPLEY, son of Ezekiel Cooper and Mary Alice (Collins) Shapley, was born in Philadelphia, October 6, 1841. His paternal grandparents came originally from New England and his maternal grandparents from New Jersey, but both families had resided in Philadelphia since about 1800. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, passing from the grammar grades to the High School, from which he was graduated. He then registered as a law student under John B. Gest of Philadelphia, at the same time matriculating in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1862, and in October of that year was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. After this date he was associated with his preceptor, John B. Gest, in the practice of his profession, a connection which was continued until 1864. Later for a short time, from 1866 until 1869, he was a partner of David Paul Brown, Jr. In 1863 he was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and the United States District and Circuit Courts, and in 1892 to the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. Shapley in 1869 was elected by the Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and the Judges of the county courts, consti-

tuting a Board, Secretary of the Board for Selecting and Drawing Jurors for the several courts, and has continued to hold this office up to the present time. His practice has always dealt with general civil matters, and in later years he has given particular attention to corporation business, being legal adviser to a number of large companies. Mr. Shapley is a member of the Union League and the Columbia Club of Philadelphia. He is a Republican in politics, but has never been actively identified with political movements. He married, November 12, 1868, Florence Roselli, daughter of Rev. Edwin H.



E. COOPER SHAPLEY

Nevin. They have six children: Florence Nevin, Edwin, Mary Edith, Cooper, Adele and Elsie Nevin Shapley. He resides in Philadelphia.

CARTER, Colin Smith, 1857-

Class of 1883 Dent.

Born in Middletown, Conn., 1857; educated in public schools, Wilbraham Academy and Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; graduated University of Pennsylvania Dental Department, 1883; Assistant Demonstrator there, 1883-84; dental practitioner in New York City.

COLIN SMITH CARTER, D.D.S., was born in Middletown, Connecticut, April 13, 1857. His earliest American ancestor was Elder William Brewster, of the Mayflower, from whom

he is ninth in lineal descent. He is also descended from Thomas Gardner, overseer of the first colony of emigrants that landed at Cape Ann (now Gloucester), Massachusetts, in 1624. Others of his ancestors were of the distinguished companies that came over to the Colony with Governor Winthrop in 1630, and to New Haven with Governor Eaton in 1637. Of his English ancestors he is ninth in descent from Thomas Morton, who was graduated from Cambridge, England, became Bishop of Chester in 1615, Litchfield 1618, and Durham 1632, and whose daughter Ann married first, David Yale, and afterwards Governor Eaton of the New Haven Colony. David and Ann (Morton) Yale were the parents of Elihu Yale, after whom Yale College was named, and were also the great-grandparents of Ann Yale, who on May 8, 1733, married William Carter, the great-great-great-grandfather of Dr. Carter. Dr. Carter is also seventh in descent from Thomas Roberts, the last Colonial Governor of New Hampshire, and eighth in descent from Governor Thomas Prince of the Plymouth Colony. One of his ancestors owned Breed's Hill, on which was fought the Battle of Bunker Hill; others were the courageous protectors of the Regimental Codes, while more than a score served in the Pequot and King Philip's wars, and in the general courts of the colonies of Plymouth in Massachusetts, New Haven in Connecticut, and New Hampshire. Three of them were among the thirteen members of the convention which met in 1639 to frame for the Colony of Connecticut a written constitution, the first ever adopted by any people, and the leading features of which have since been incorporated both in the Federal and most of the State constitutions. He is a great-grandson of Sergeant William Taylor, who enlisted in the "Lexington Alarm" from Simsbury, Connecticut, when only seventeen years of age, was at Bunker Hill, Monmouth and Stony Point, served until the close of the war, and was then awarded a pension. He is also fourth and fifth in descent respectively from Private Joseph Gaylord and Captain Nathaniel Bunnell, likewise Connecticut soldiers of the Revolution. His grandfather Carter held the offices of Assessor, Collector and Postmaster, and his father, Walter S. Carter, is a well-known New York lawyer, noted as an art collector and for his interest in hereditary patriotic societies. His paternal grandfather was the late John Cotton Smith, of New Hartford, Connecticut, a leading manufacturer. Dr. Carter was educated in the

public schools, at the Wilbraham Academy, and at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. He entered the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1881, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery two years later. Upon graduation he was appointed Assistant Demonstrator of Operative Dentistry in the University, a position which he filled until the following year, when he commenced the practice of dentistry in New York, where he has achieved marked success. Dr. Carter married, in 1892, Rose Esterbrook, daughter of the late Richard



COLIN S. CARTER

and Antoinette (Rose) Esterbrook of Bridgehampton, Long Island. Her mother was the daughter of Judge Rose, who was of a good old Long Island family, a graduate of Yale, and author of a valuable and learned commentary on Constitutional law. Dr. Carter is a member of the Union League, Republican and American Yacht clubs of New York, also of the New England Society, Sons of the Revolution, Sons of the American Revolution, Society of Mayflower Descendants, Founders and Patriots of America, America's Founders and Defenders, and other patriotic, political and social organizations. He is a Methodist in religious belief, being a member of St. Paul's Church in New York City.

McKENNAN, Thomas M. T., 1859-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Washington, Pa., 1859; educated at Washington and Jefferson College; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1882; Resident Physician one year in Western Pennsylvania Hospital; Assistant Physician two years in Western Pennsylvania Insane Hospital; practicing physician in Pittsburg, Pa., since 1886.

THOMAS M. T. McKENNAN, M.D., was born in Washington, Pennsylvania, July 13, 1859, the son of Thomas and Margaret (Stoekton) McKennan. On his father's side, he is of Scotch-Irish and German ancestry, and on the maternal side, is of English descent. After passing through the public schools, he took the four-years course at Washington and Jefferson College in his native city, graduating in 1879, and pursued his medical studies in the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1882. For a year following graduation, he was Resident Physician of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital. He then went West, but after one year's residence in Minneapolis, Minnesota, he returned East and for two years was Assistant Physician in the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for Insane, at Dixmont. Since 1886, Dr. McKennan has been engaged in private practice in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He is Professor of Anatomy in the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, a position which he has held since 1886, and since 1890, has officiated as Secretary of that institution. He has served as Neurologist to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital four years and to the St. Francis Hospital nine years, both of Pittsburg, and is a member of the American Medical Association; the Pennsylvania State, Minnesota State and Allegheny County medical societies, and the University Club of Pittsburg. Dr. McKennan married Sallie L. Ruff, on April 17, 1889.

GESSLER, Charles Wesley, 1845-

Class of 1867 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1845; educated in public schools, under private tutors, and in Medical Department University of Pennsylvania; Assistant in University of Pennsylvania Dispensary prior to graduation; practitioner in Philadelphia since 1867, and actively interested in archæology and the fine arts.

CHARLES WESLEY GESSLER, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 12, 1845, son of Charles Martin and Elizabeth (Van Gunten) Gessler. He is of Swiss ancestry. His early education was acquired in the public schools, and he

pursued the higher branches of study under the direction of private tutors. He was a student in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the Medical Class of 1867, and was for



CHARLES W. GESSLER

some time, prior to receiving his degree, an Assistant in the University Dispensary. Immediately after graduating he began the practice of medicine in Philadelphia, and has ever since been closely identified with the medical profession of that city. Dr. Gessler is a member of the Archæological Department of the University of Pennsylvania, the General Alumni Society of the University, the Sons of Delaware, the Masonic Order and the Philadelphia Art Club. He is quite actively interested in archæology and the fine arts. Politically he is a Republican with independent proclivities.

PETTIT, Horace, 1860-

Class of 1883 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated in Dr. Faires' school, Philadelphia, and Cheltenham Military Academy; L.L.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1883; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia, and counsel for various corporations.

HORACE PETTIT was born in Philadelphia, June 27, 1860. His ancestors came to this country from England in the early part of the eigh-

teenth century, settling on Long Island. Many of the family were active participants in the Revolutionary War, several being officers in Washington's army. His grandfather, John Pettit, known as the "Big Colonel," settled in Pennsylvania after the Revolution, where Mr. Pettit's father, William V. Pettit, was born in 1807. William V. Pettit was for many years in active public life in Philadelphia. Mr. Pettit's mother was Letitia B. Taylor, a daughter of one of the old prominent merchants of Philadelphia and a sister of John D. Taylor, former Treasurer of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Horace Pettit received his early education at Dr. Faires' well-known classical institute, and subsequently at Cheltenham Military Academy, where he graduated in 1879. He at once commenced the study of the law in the office of his brother, Silas W. Pettit, of the Philadelphia law firm of Read & Pettit, and graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1883. He was admitted to the Bar in the early part of that year, and since that time has been engaged in the active practice of



HORACE PETTIT

the law, devoting himself principally to the specialty of patent law. He has successfully conducted many important cases in the United States courts in Pennsylvania and in other states. He has been

on one side or the other in numerous of the suits in which bicycle patents were involved, representing some of the largest bicycle concerns in the country. Among other manufacturing concerns, he is Counsel for the Victor Fulkins Machine Company, and has been engaged in defending that company in much important litigation. He has also an extensive office practice involving patent applications and general business. In addition to his office in Philadelphia he has an office in New York. Mr. Pettit is a member of the Union League Club, University Club, Lawyers' Club and other social organizations. He is one of the Board of Managers of the Franklin Institute, in which he takes an active interest, being Chairman of the Committee on Stocks and Finance, and is Chairman of the Educational Committee of the Central Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. He has at times taken an interest in politics, and is frequently heard at political meetings. He married, June 1, 1897, Katharine R. Howell, daughter of George R. Howell of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

CARR, William Wilkins, 1853-

Class of 1873

Born in Washington, D. C., 1853; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1873; spoonman and orator of his class; admitted to Bar, 1876; lawyer in Philadelphia; Assistant United States District Attorney; Postmaster of Philadelphia, 1893-97; delegate to many Democratic conventions; author of legal works and textbooks.

WILLIAM WILKINS CARR is a son of the late Captain Overton Carr, United States Navy, and was born in Washington, District of Columbia, May 19, 1853. He received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia, attended the Locust-Street Grammar School and afterwards for three years was a student in the Central High School, then passing to the University of Pennsylvania, entering the Sophomore class and graduating with distinction in 1873. He was awarded the wooden spoon as the most popular man of his class, and was selected to deliver the class oration at Commencement. Choosing the law as his profession, he studied under the preceptorship of George M. Dallas, Esq., and was admitted to the Bar in 1876. For two years following he remained in Mr. Dallas' office, and there, after a year of study and travel abroad, he began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia on his own account. The

suit, involving large interests, brought by the banking house of Sulzbach Brothers of Frankfort-on-the-Main against the estate of the late J. Edgar Thompson and others, was his first case. The attention of the public was afterward directed to him by his defence in 1885 of Oscar H. Weber, who was on trial for murder. For the first time in the history of the administration of criminal law, through Mr. Carr's efforts a court passed upon the constitutional right of a prisoner to make the plea of mental incapacity before being put on trial for his life. Mr. Carr has made many contributions to legal literature.



WM. W. CARR

For several years he assisted in the publication of "Read on the Statute of Frauds," and he is the author of a pamphlet on the "Legal Protection of the Water Supply of Philadelphia." He has written a law textbook on the "Trial of Lunatics," and also a textbook on the "Judicial Interpretation of the Tariff Acts," which is an arrangement and collection of all the cases decided in the United States Courts involving the various tariff laws passed by Congress since the establishment of the Federal Government. In 1888, at the request of John R. Read, then United States District Attorney in Philadelphia, Mr. Carr was appointed his Assistant, and gave up his private practice to bestow his undivided attention upon the duties of the office. While in this post he was

associate counsel in the celebrated "hat trimmings case," and when defalcation occurred in the Spring Garden National Bank and the Keystone National Bank he was engaged in the trial and conviction of the defaulters. In June 1893, President Cleveland appointed him Postmaster of Philadelphia, and he occupied the office for four years and four months. Through his personal efforts many reforms in administration calculated to improve the postal service of the city were introduced. A reorganization of the delivery service was effected; he took effectual steps to utilize the city's extensive trolley system for the distribution of the mails, and Philadelphia now has perhaps the best and most rapid inter-station service in the Department. He also started the movement to secure direct appropriations to the large post-offices, without seeking from the Department permission to expend small sums of money; after August 1894, with the approval of the Postmaster-General, a portion of the appropriations went directly to the larger offices. The change was found to be of great value. At Postmaster Carr's suggestion an important improvement was also effected in the foreign-mail service. For about a hundred years outgoing and incoming foreign mails passed through the New York Post-Office; and a vessel arriving within any port or collection district of the United States could not make entry or break bulk until the letters on board had been delivered to the nearest post-office. Foreign mails are now carried direct from Quarantine in New York Bay to the railway station in Jersey City, and *vice versa*, many hours being saved in this way. Throughout his entire life Mr. Carr has been an earnest Democrat. He has been a delegate to many city, county and state conventions, and was chosen one of the officers of the Democratic National Convention which nominated Cleveland at Chicago in 1892. The Chicago platform of 1896 did not meet with Mr. Carr's approval or support. He publicly stated that he was not in sympathy with Bryanite principles, and was one of the prime movers for the organization of the so-called Jeffersonian party which held a convention at Indianapolis and nominated Palmer and Buckner for President and Vice-President. In June 1893, Mr. Carr became a member of the law firm of Patterson & Carr, in which the other members are C. Stuart Patterson and George Stuart Patterson. While disengaged from active practice during his term as Postmaster, he resumed his place in the profession upon his retirement from that office. In

1901 Mr. Carr was his party's nominee for District Attorney of Philadelphia County.

CARLILE, John Daniel, 1860-

Class of 1881: Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated in Philadelphia schools and academies; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1881; practiced in Philadelphia until 1896, since then engaged in business.

JOHAN DANIEL CARLILE, son of William Beatty and Mary Jane (Crothers) Carlile, was born in Philadelphia, October 25, 1860. He is of



JOHN D. CARLILE

Scotch-Irish descent. Having acquired his academic education in the Belmont Grammar School and the Saunders and Rittenhouse academies, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated in 1881. Prior to attendance at Law School he was registered as a student at law with Charles Carver, Esq., of Philadelphia. Admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in October 1881, he was engaged in practice from that time until 1896, when he took up his father's business of painting and decorating, in which he has since continued. Mr. Carlile is a member of the Philadelphia Athletic Club, and in the Masonic Fraternity is Past Master of Montgomery Lodge, Past High Priest of Columbia Chapter and Past Com-

mander of St. Albans Commandery. In politics he is a Republican. He married, April 28, 1892, Emily Pennock Connell, and has two sons: William Beatty and John Daniel Carlile, Jr. He resides in Merion, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

BAILEY, Joseph Trowbridge, 3rd, 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born in Newport, R. I., 1860; B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; mining engineer in New York.

JOSEPH TROWBRIDGE BAILEY, 3RD, is of English ancestry, the son of Joseph Trowbridge Bailey and Catherine Goddard Weaver. He was



J. TROWBRIDGE BAILEY

born in Newport, Rhode Island, June 15, 1860, and was early sent to Continental schools. He was two years in German institutions and spent one year at a school in Paris returning to enter the University of Pennsylvania from which he was graduated in science in 1881. Adopting the profession of a mining engineer he is now a consulting expert with his offices in New York City. Mr. Bailey is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Colonial Society, the Rittenhouse Club of Philadelphia, the New York Athletic Club, and the University Club of Denver, Colorado. He was married January 18, 1888, to Amy Thomson.

CHASE, Charles Adams, 1863-

Class of 1884 Law.

Born at Union Springs, N. Y., 1863; educated at Friends School, Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia, and counsel for various corporate interests.

CHARLES ADAMS CHASE was born at Union Springs, Cayuga county, New York, son of George Howland and Mary F. Chase. He is descended on the paternal side from Gen. Samuel Abbot, who commanded the Massachusetts troops during the Revolutionary War, an officer on the staff of General Washington. His great-grandfather on his mother's side was Jedidiah Howe, who established in Philadelphia the type-foundry now owned by the MacKellar, Smiths & Jordan Company. Mr. Chase was educated at the well-known Friends Central School in Philadelphia. After graduation he entered the law office of Henry R. Edmunds, Esq., United States Commissioner, and subsequently took the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his Bachelor of Laws degree with the Class of 1884, and being admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in June of that year. Mr. Chase has been actively engaged in practice ever since, chiefly in the Civil Courts, the Orphans' Court and the Supreme Court, although he has appeared as counsel before the Criminal Courts in many important trials. He has also had a wide experience before the United States Courts, both on their civil and criminal side, and especially in the Admiralty Court, where he was appointed by Judge Butler Commissioner to decide a number of difficult questions arising in that court. He has also represented a number of heavy corporate interests. As counsel for the Philadelphia Bourse he was successful in considerable litigation, both in the Common Pleas and Appellate Courts. The case of the American Oil Works against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, argued by him and decided by the Supreme Court in 1890, is a leading case upon the subject of the construction of bills of lading, and has been cited as an authority on many subsequent occasions. He succeeded in 1898 in reversing the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia county in the Supreme Court, in a case involving a large amount of money and interesting to those contemplating a trip abroad. The higher tribunal held that when a husband and wife travel abroad upon a letter of credit in their joint names, and one of them dies on the trip, the unused por-

tion of the letter of credit belongs to the survivor, no matter which one purchased it originally. It is, however, in regard to the law relating to the dependent and defective classes that Mr. Chase has devoted the most of his time and attention, and is recognized as an authority upon the law as regards the management of lunatics and of their estates, and of their rights and liabilities. Mr. Chase is a member of the Union League, the Lawyers' Club, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Germantown Cricket Club, the Colonial Club, the Union Republican Club, the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania and the Sharswood Club. He is unmarried, and resides with his mother in Germantown.

BARWIS, Elmer, 1850-

Class of 1873 Med

Born in Attleboro, Pa., 1850; educated public schools and Trenton (N. J.) Academy; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1873; Physician to New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes since 1883; Visiting Physician to St. Francis Hospital, Trenton; practicing physician in Trenton, N. J.

ELMER BARWIS, M.D., was born in Attleboro (now Langhorne), Bucks county, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1850, son of Ebenezer and Rachel (Swain) Barwis. His paternal ancestors were English and Scotch. On the maternal side he is a descendant of Richard Swain, who arrived in New England on the ship "Truelove" in 1635, settling at Nantucket, Massachusetts; also of John Kinsey, who came from England on the "Kent" in 1667, locating in Burlington, New Jersey; and of John Woolston, also a "Kent" passenger, who intermarried with the Swains, and is said to have built the first house in Burlington. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Morrisville, Pennsylvania, and at the Trenton, New Jersey, Academy. Having taught in the public schools of Old Bridge, Middlesex county, New Jersey, from the fall of 1868 to the summer of 1869, and at the Trenton Academy for the succeeding two years, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1873, and immediately located for practice in Chambersburg, a suburb of Trenton. In 1875 he moved to Hamilton Square, where he resided some four years, at the expiration of which time he removed to the City of Trenton, where he has ever since been located. Dr. Barwis was a member of the Chambersburg Board of Health in 1874, and

of the Trenton Board of Health in 1890. He has occupied the post of Physician to the New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes from the establishment (1883) to the present time; is Visiting Physician to the St. Francis Hospital, Trenton; and is Grand Medical Examiner for the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Jurisdiction of New Jersey. He is a Thirty-second degree Mason, and belongs to the Odd Fellows, Royal Arcanum, United Workmen, the Heptasophs and other fraternal organizations. Politically he is a Republican. He married, October 28, 1875, Harriet A. Rogers, of Old Bridge,



ELMER BARWIS

New Jersey, who died August 14, 1894, leaving two children: Mary Adeline and Harold Stanley Barwis. On October 16, 1897, he married for his second wife Mrs. Mary Adelaide Brown.

STEPHENS, Franklin Moore, 1859-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Washington county, Pa., 1859; educated Southwestern Normal College, and Washington and Jefferson University, Pa.; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1885; Assistant Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; Instructor and Chief of Clinic Cornell University Medical College, New York City.

FRANKLIN MOORE STEPHENS, M.D., was born in Bentleysville, Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1859, the son of John Wesley and

Martha Jane (Bentley) Stephens. After a preliminary public school education, he attended the Southwestern State Normal College in California, Pennsylvania, and Washington and Jefferson University in his native county, but did not graduate at either institution. He then studied for his profession in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the Class of 1885. From that time until 1896 he was connected with the Robert Packer Hospital at Sayre, Pennsylvania, the first year as House Surgeon, for the next two years as Superintendent and House Surgeon, and for the



FRANKLIN M. STEPHENS

next nine years as Superintending Physician and Surgeon-in-Chief. Then for a year he was a student at the Wills Eye and Polyclinic hospitals in Philadelphia, and in 1897 he went to New York as Interne at the Eye and Ear Infirmary of that city, a position which he held for one year. At present Dr. Stephens is Assistant Aural Surgeon in that institution, also Instructor in Diseases of the Ear, Attending Clinical Aural Surgeon and Chief of Otological Clinic in the Cornell University Medical College. He is a member of the Medical Society of the County of New York and of Greater New York, and of the Beta Theta Psi and Phi Alpha Sigma fraternities. He is unmarried and resides in New York City.

TURNBULL, Charles Smith, 1847-

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1847; educated Episcopal Academy, Central High School, University of Pennsylvania, and Imperial General Hospital of Vienna; Surgeon to U. S. Geological Surveys of Wyoming, Montana and National Yellowstone Park, 1871-72; Resident Assistant Surgeon New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, 1873-75; Oculist and Aurist to the German Hospital upwards of twenty-five years; also to the Odd Fellows Home, Pennsylvania Institute for Deaf and Dumb, and the Home for Teaching Deaf Children to Speak; Chief of Aural Department, Jefferson Medical College, ten years; Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to the Howard, Jewish and St. Christopher hospitals many years; Surgeon National Guard Pennsylvania, with rank of Major; contributor to medical literature.

CHARLES SMITH TURNBULL, Ph.D., M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 10, 1847, son of Dr. Laurence and Louisa Paleske (Somers-Smith) Turnbull. He is a descendant of George Turnbull of Shotts, Lanarkshire, Scotland, and also of Richard Somers, who settled in America in 1685. He was educated preliminarily at the Episcopal Academy and the Central High School, Philadelphia, graduating from the latter with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1869, and receiving that of Master of Arts in 1874. He was graduated in 1871 from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1870. His professional preparations were completed in the ophthalmic and aural departments of the Imperial General Hospital, Vienna, Austria. In 1871 he served as Surgeon to the Geological Survey of the territories of Wyoming and Montana, under the auspices of the Federal Government, and in the following year he accompanied in a similar capacity the Hayden Survey of the Yellowstone National Park. From 1873 to 1875 he was Resident Assistant Surgeon to the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute. Returning to Philadelphia he was called to the German Hospital as Oculist and Aurist, retaining that position for upwards of twenty-five years, during which time he has also served in the same capacities to the Odd Fellows Home, the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb and the Home for Teaching in Speech of Deaf Children. For a period of ten years he acted as Surgeon-in-Chief to the Aural Department of the Jefferson Medical College, and for many years as Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to the Howard, Jewish and St. Christopher hospitals, and the Home for Incurables. In 1862 he joined

Company A, First Regiment (Grey Reserves), afterwards the Thirty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, serving under Captain (subsequently Colonel) Charles Somers Smith, his grandfather, continuously as associate and enlisted member until 1873. He subsequently reëntered the Pennsylvania National Guard as Assistant Surgeon of the First Regiment, and in the labor troubles of 1877 he served during what was known as the "Pittsburg and Round-House Campaign," acting in the capacity of Brigade-Surgeon, and receiving high praise in the official reports of Col. R. Dale Benson and the



CHARLES SMITH TURNBULL

Surgeon-in-Chief of the First Division. He is at the present time Surgeon of the First Regiment, with the rank of Major, and also Surgeon to its Veteran Corps. Dr. Turnbull is President of the "Old Guard" Company A (First Regiment National Guard), and also of the Neighbor's Club of Chestnut-Hill. He is a member of the American and Pennsylvania State medical associations and the Philadelphia County Medical Society; is a fellow of the American Academy of Medicine, and also a member of the Associated Military Surgeons of the United States, the Franklin Institute, the Colonial Society and the Sons of the Revolution; the Alumni societies of the University of Pennsylvania and of the Medical Department of the same

institution, and the Philadelphia High School; the Union League of Philadelphia, the American Shetland Pony Club, and other organizations. From 1888 to the present time he has been Associate Editor of the "Annual of Universal Medical Sciences," having charge of the Department of Otolgy. He has translated from the German, among other papers and treatises, Arlt's "Injuries of the Eye Considered Medico-Legally" (1876), Gruber's "Tenotomy of the Tensor-Tympani Muscle" (1879), and Bruner's treatise "On the Method of Connections of the Ossicles" (1880). He has also made numerous original contributions to the literature of his specialty, with particular reference to ophthalmic and aural diseases of children. Dr. Turnbull was married, October 18, 1877, to Elizabeth Claxton; their children are: Elizabeth, Edith Dunbar and Gladys Turnbull.

SHARSWOOD, William, 1836-

Class of 1856.

Born in Philadelphia, 1836; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1856; Ph.D. University of Jena, Germany, 1859; chemist, and member of many learned societies.

WILLIAM SHARSWOOD, chemist, was born in Philadelphia, January 1, 1836, son of William and Agnes J. (Eldridge) Sharswood, and grandson of Capt. James Sharswood (1747-1836), a wealthy citizen of Philadelphia and man of affairs who served in the Revolutionary War. His father in his earlier years was bred to the brewing business, having been cotemporary in that industry with Robert Hare, who afterwards devoted himself to chemistry and became Professor of Chemistry in the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in the Sophomore class of 1853, and was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1856, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course, three years later. He then studied chemistry in the laboratory of Dr. Frederick A. Genth, and afterwards became a successful candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at the University of Jena, in Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, in 1859, announcing in his inaugural dissertation the possible existence of a new element in the allanite of East Bradford, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Sir William Crookes, of London, a few years since expressed his readiness to examine this subject if he could be supplied with a sufficient amount of material. He also attended the lectures of Prof. Tyndall and others at the Royal Institution of Great Britain in 1871-1872. Dr. Sharswood is widely known as a

chemist, and as a member of many learned societies in this country and abroad. Besides numerous contributions to scientific journals, he has published: "Studia Physica," a series of monographs; a play, "Elenore," reissued as "The Betrothed;" and is now engaged in the preparation of a work under the title of "Facts worth knowing about North Carolina," an outline of which appeared in the "University Register" for January 1900.

MORRIS, Caspar, 1857-

Class of 1875 Arts, 1878 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated at the Classical Institute of Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania A.B. 1875; A.M. and M.D., 1878; Physician Out-patients' Staff Pennsylvania Hospital and on medical staff Protestant Episcopal Hospital; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Medical Referee in State of Pennsylvania for Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York; Chief Medical Examiner Philadelphia & Reading Relief Association; Special Medical Inspector State Board of Health for Philadelphia & Reading Railroad; member Board of Managers Episcopal Hospital; Fellow and Councillor of College of Physicians, Philadelphia.

CASPAR MORRIS, A.M., M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 7, 1857, son of James Cheston and Hannah Ann (Tyson) Morris. He is a descendant of Anthony Morris, appointed Justice of the Supreme Court of the Province of Pennsylvania in 1694, and elected Mayor of Philadelphia in 1703; of Major Anthony Morris, a Revolutionary officer who was killed at the Battle of Princeton in 1777; and of Capt. Samuel Morris, Captain of the First City Troop which acted as Gen. Washington's body-guard. Capt. Samuel Morris was also Governor of the "State in Schuylkill," or "Fish House" Club, and President of the once famous Gloucester Fox-Hunting Club. Caspar Morris prepared for College at the Classical Institute of Philadelphia, of which the Rev. John W. Faires, LL.D., was head master. He passed a successful examination for entrance to the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania at the age of thirteen years: was graduated therefrom at seventeen, and continuing there as a medical student he received in 1878 the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Medicine. Commencing immediately the practice of medicine in Philadelphia, he has ever since been an active member of the medical profession in that city, and has acquired a high reputation both as a hospital physician and a private practitioner. During the past twenty-four

years he has served in various responsible positions. For some time he was a member of the Out-patients' Staff of the Pennsylvania Hospital and also a staff physician to the Protestant Episcopal Hospital. He has been Medical Referee for the State of Pennsylvania for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York; Chief Medical Examiner for the Philadelphia & Reading Relief Association; Special Inspector for the State Board of Health for the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad; and a member of the Board of Managers of the Episcopal Hospital. Dr. Morris is a fellow of the College of Physicians



CASPAR MORRIS

of Philadelphia, member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Association and the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and member of the Philadelphia Club and the University Barge Club. On November 19, 1879, he married Laura Remington; they have two sons: Caspar Wistar and Beekman Morris.

DENSLOW, Walter Brinton, 1872-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Wellsville, O., 1872; educated at Ohio Wesleyan University and Westminster College, Pa.; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician in Allegheny, Pa.

WALTER BRINTON DENSLOW, M.D., was born in Wellsville, Ohio, August 11, 1872, the son of Joseph Carlos and Caroline Susan

(Cooper) Denslow. On his mother's side he is descended from English Quakers, on his father's from Scotch-Irish ancestors. Dr. Denslow acquired his preliminary education in the public schools of



W. B. DENSLow

Wellsville, his native town. He then studied for a time at the Ohio Wesleyan University, in Delaware, Ohio, passing to the Westminster College at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, but he did not graduate. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895, and won the First Obstetric Prize of One Hundred Dollars. Upon graduation he settled in Pittsburg. For one year he was Resident Physician in Mercy Hospital in that city. Since August 1896 he has been engaged in private practice in Allegheny. Dr. Denslow is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. He was married, November 9, 1899, to Anna Dee Andrews of Wellsville, Ohio, and has one child, a son, born October 7, 1901.

FETTEROLF, Daniel Webster, 1863-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Schuylkill county, Pa., 1863; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1887; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; appointed Demonstrator of Chem-

istry in the Medical Department of the University, 1897; Quizmaster of Chemistry in the Medical Institute of Philadelphia since 1892.

DANIEL WEBSTER FETTEROLF, M.D., was born in Barry Township, Deep Creek Valley, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1863. His father, Peter Fetterolf, and his mother, Matilda Snyder, were both of German ancestry, the first American representatives of the families having come to this country before the Revolutionary War. Daniel Webster Fetterolf attended the public schools at Ashland, Pennsylvania, afterward serving an apprenticeship in a drug store in that town. Coming to Philadelphia he was still connected with the drug business until 1884, when he entered the employ of the University of Pennsylvania as Assistant in the Chemical Laboratory of the Medical Department. After a course in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy he was graduated from that school in 1887, and later entering the University of Pennsylvania as a student of medicine, graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. In the same year he was appointed Assistant Demonstrator of Chem-



D. W. FETTEROLF

istry in the Medical Department of the University, and in 1897 was made a Demonstrator of this branch of study. In 1892 he was appointed Quizmaster of Chemistry in the Medical Institute of

Philadelphia, a position which he continues to occupy. He is a member of the American Chemical Society. Dr. Fetterolf was married in 1888 to Charlotte Bessie Shaw, and resides in Philadelphia.

GREENWALD, Joseph Lamartine, 1859-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1878; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH LAMARTINE GREENWALD was born in Philadelphia, July 26, 1859. He is the son of Ferdinand and Bertha (Lisberger) Green-



JOSEPH L. GREENWALD

wald, who came to this country from Prussia in early childhood and were married in Danville, Virginia. He received his early education in the Philadelphia public schools, graduating from the Central High School in 1878. He then took up the study of law in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, completing his course and graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1881. After admission to the Bar of Philadelphia, he was in a short while licensed to practice before the State, Supreme and the United States courts. Mr. Greenwald is a member of the Lawyers' Club and the Mercantile Club of Philadelphia. He married, in 1884, Rosalind Rosenbaum, by whom he has one surviving child. He resides in Philadelphia.

McCULLOUGH, John Griffith,

Class of 1859 Law.

Born near Newark, Del.; educated in public schools and Delaware College; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1859; admitted to Bar in Philadelphia 1859, and to California Bar 1860; Attorney-General of California, 1864-68; practicing lawyer in San Francisco, 1867-73; resident of Bennington, Vt., since 1873; railroad and bank President, and connected with various large corporations.

JOHAN GRIFFITH McCULLOUGH was born near Newark, Delaware, son of Alexander and Rebecca (Griffith) McCullough, of Scottish and Welsh ancestry. Left an orphan by the death of his parents before he was eight years old, he early manifested a determination to fit himself for usefulness in the world, improving such advantages as were offered him in the local schools, and then entering Delaware College, where he was graduated with the highest honors of his class before he had reached his twentieth year. Aspiring to the profession of law, he entered the law office of St. George Tucker Campbell of Philadelphia, and at the same time pursued a course in the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1859. He was admitted to the Bar of Pennsylvania in the same year, and had barely begun to practice in Philadelphia, when the state of his health, following a serious pulmonary attack, compelled a change of climate, and he sailed for California. He was admitted to the Bar of that state at Sacramento in 1860, but finding the climatic conditions of that locality too rigorous, he removed in the same year to Mariposa, at the foot of the Sierras, where he opened a law office and soon established a successful practice. The clouds of civil war were then gathering, and it was not long before a bitter struggle between the Unionists of the state and the Secessionists of Southern California seemed inevitable. In spite of his delicate health, which precluded active service in the field, Mr. McCullough, whose loyalty to the Federal cause was intense, took the stump and by his eloquence and ardor rendered most effective service in saving California to the Union. He was elected to the Legislature by a coalition of Republicans and Douglas Democrats, and made a mark there which brought him an election to the State Senate in the following year, from a large senatorial district which had hitherto been overwhelmingly Democratic. In 1863 he was nominated for Attorney-General of California by the Republican State Convention, was elected by a large majority, and held this office for four years,

during which time he conducted much important litigation for the state and added to his laurels. In 1867 he removed to San Francisco and established a law firm which at once commanded a large and remunerative practice. In 1873, having acquired wealth and reputation as a high-minded and able lawyer, and high standing as a man, and having married a beautiful and accomplished wife, he left California and came East to the historic town of Bennington, in Southern Vermont, which was the home of his wife's father, the late Trenor W. Park. Becoming a citizen of that town, and of Vermont,



JOHN G. McCULLOUGH

he was soon actively engaged in commercial, banking and railroad affairs. In the latter he has held, and still holds, positions of high honor and responsibility. He was for eight years, 1873-1883, Vice-President and Manager of the Panama Railroad Company, of which his father-in-law, Mr. Park, was President, and during that period the stock of the corporation rose from below par to three hundred cents on the dollar. After Mr. Park's death, in 1882, he became President of the company, and held that office until he resigned in 1888. In 1884 he was elected a Director of the Erie Railroad, and in 1888 became Chairman of the Executive Committee of that corporation. In 1893 a reorganization of the Erie having become imperative, Mr.

McCullough was appointed as one of the two receivers, under whom the reorganization was conducted with almost unexampled celerity and success. The property was turned over to the new company in less than three years, in improved condition and without floating debt, while the reorganization committee handed to the company over eight millions in cash and securities—a balance far exceeding the expectations of the Board. In 1890 he was elected President of the Chicago & Erie Railroad Company, a position which he still holds. General McCullough is also President of the Bennington & Rutland Railway Company; President of the North Bennington National Bank; and a Director in the New York Security & Trust Company, the Fidelity & Casualty Insurance Company of New York, and other important corporations. He has been an active member of the Bennington Battle Monument Association. Politically he is an earnest Republican, and his voice has often been heard in support of the principles of his party in every important campaign since 1860, without expectation or acceptance of reward. He was a delegate from Vermont to the Republican National Convention of 1880 which nominated Garfield, and a delegate to the National Convention of 1888 which nominated Benjamin Harrison, and his wide acquaintance and sound judgment made him an influential member of both conventions. In 1871, while on a visit East, he was married to Eliza Hall Park, daughter of Trenor W. Park, and granddaughter of Hiland Hall, Governor, Congressman, and Historian of Vermont. To them have been born four children: Hall Park, Elizabeth Laura, Ella Sarah and Esther Morgan McCullough.

BETTS, Thomas, 1843-

Class of 1866 Med.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1843; educated in public schools and Eton Academy; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1866; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Consulting Physician to Jewish Hospital, Philadelphia, for twenty years.

THOMAS BETTS, M.D., was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, August 6, 1843, the son of Cyrus and Elizabeth (Hampton) Betts. After a preliminary education acquired in the public schools he was sent to Eton Academy for academic training. This was during the period of the Civil War, and he was prevented from finishing his course. In 1863 he was engaged for a time in school-teaching and then entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Doctor

of Medicine of 1866. Dr. Betts at once began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, and for many years has resided at Oak Lane, a fashionable suburb of the city, where he enjoys a high reputation as a practitioner. From 1870 to 1873 he was an Assistant Physician to the Philadelphia Lying-in-Charity and to the Philadelphia Orthopædic Hospital. For the past twenty years he has been Consultant to the Jewish Hospital of Philadelphia. Dr. Betts is a Past Master of Lodge 400 A. Y. M. of the Jurisdiction of Pennsylvania. He has for many years taken an active interest as a layman in the



THOS. BETTS

affairs of the Episcopal Church, being one of the founders of St. Martin's Church at Oak Lane. He has served as Senior Warden of this church and as one of its representatives to the Diocesan Convention from the inception of the parish. His wife was Alice Frances Whelan, and by her he has three children, two daughters and a son.

CARPENTER, Louis Henry, 1839-

Class of 1859.

Born in Glassboro, N. J., 1839; educated University of Pennsylvania, College Department and Medical School; in cavalry service in Civil War, rising through the grades from private to Colonel in regular army; subsequently served on western frontier, and as Briga-

dier-General of Volunteers in war with Spain; Military Governor Department of Puerto Principe, Cuba; retired 1899.

LOUIS HENRY CARPENTER, son of Edward and Anna Maria (Howe) Carpenter, was born in Glassboro, New Jersey, February 11, 1839. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1856, in the Sophomore class, and at the close of his Junior year left the College Department and studied for two years in the Medical School. The excitement attendant upon the outbreak of the Civil War interrupted the course of his plans for a career, and at the inception of the struggle he enlisted as a private in the Sixth United States Cavalry. He was in active service throughout the war, participating in the Peninsula campaign, on Sheridan's staff, and in nearly all the campaigns of the Army of the Potomac, receiving all brevets from First Lieutenant to Lieutenant-Colonel in the Regular Army and Brevet-Colonel of Volunteers. After the Civil War he was identified with army operations in the West, and for personal gallantry in an encounter with Indians the War Department awarded him a medal of honor. At the beginning of the late war with Spain he was among the first to be appointed Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and was assigned to command a division of the Third Corps, then stationed at Chickamauga. Later as Military Governor of Puerto Principe, General Carpenter commanded the first troops that landed on Cuban soil as part of the army of occupation after the surrender of Santiago. He displayed signal ability in his administration of the affairs of that province. Arriving before the Spaniards had evacuated, and with Cuban forces three thousand strong then before Puerto Principe, with rare tact and management he induced the Cubans to turn their arms over to him, and quieted the turbulent elements. He put a stop to brigandage in the province, averted epidemics of typhoid and yellow fever, instituted many reforms in the government and in the sanitary condition of the two cities of Puerto Principe and Nuevitas. "His conduct of affairs," says the Army and Navy Journal, "in the Department of Puerto Principe, of which he was Commanding General from January to July, showed the admirable administrative qualities of that officer. The quartering of the troops and the contentment of the populace are striking evidences of alertness and discretion, conscientious regard for individual rights and privileges, thoughtfulness of the comforts of the soldiers, and appreciation of what was necessary to render the military occupation effective."

In the latter part of 1899 General Carpenter retired from active service, and has since made his home in Philadelphia. He has written many magazine articles upon military subjects.

COLKET, George Hamilton, 1843-

Class of 1862.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1862; President of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company.

GEORGE HAMILTON COLKET was born in Philadelphia, August 24, 1843. His father was Coffin Colket and his mother Mary Pen-



GEO. H. COLKET

nypacker Walker. At fifteen Mr. Colket entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in the Course in Arts in 1862, in that famous class of which Provost Pepper, Provost Harrison, Dr. Persifer Frazer and other notable Philadelphians were members. For many years he has been the President of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company. He is a member of the Union League, the University Club, the Philadelphia Country Club, the Bachelors' Barge Club, and the St. David's Golf Club. In 1867 Mr. Colket married Rebecca Brooke Thomas. He has four children: Emily Thomas, Mary Walker, Tristram Coffin, and George Hamilton Colket.

WALKER, James Baynes, 1846-

Class of 1872 Med.

Born in Pennsylvania, 1846; educated in public schools, Friends' Central School, in Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania, taking degree of M.D. in 1872 and that of Ph.D. in 1874; taught school some years; Interne Philadelphia Hospital, 1872-73; Lecturer at Friends' Central School fifteen years; Quiz-master on Materia Medica at University of Pennsylvania 1875-77, and on Obstetrics 1877 to 1880; Out-door Physician Northern Dispensary, and Physician to St. Mary's Street Mission Dispensary, several years; Visiting Obstetrician Philadelphia Hospital 1876-80, and Visiting Physician to same 1880-93; Professor Principles and Practice of Medicine Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, and Visiting Physician and Lecturer Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia, 1879-90; Consulting Physician West Philadelphia Hospital for Women and Children; one of the founders American Climatological Association, and its President in 1896; member Board of Directors of Union League, Philadelphia, 1902.

JAMES BAYNES WALKER, M.D., Ph.D., son of Thomas Robinson and Mary (Baynes) Walker, was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, December 15, 1846. He is a descendant in the eighth generation of Lewis Walker, of Rehobeth, Wales, who came to this country in 1686 and settled in Tredyffrin Township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in the year 1700, establishing the first homestead in that locality. Mary Baynes, whose paternal ancestors were for centuries land-holders in and about the City of York, England, emigrated to America with her father's family in the eighth year of her age. James B. Walker was educated preliminarily in the public schools of Chester Valley and at the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia. He taught in a country school for two years, and then entered the University of Pennsylvania, where he was a student from 1867 to 1872, taking his medical degree in the latter year. For three years during his College course he was a teacher in the Friends' Central School. From April 1872 to July 1873 he was Interne at the Philadelphia Hospital. He was Quiz-master in Materia Medica at the University from 1875 to 1877, and in Obstetrics from the latter year to 1880: was Out-door Physician to the Northern Dispensary, and Physician to the St. Mary's Street Mission Dispensary, holding both of these posts for several years. From 1876 to 1880 he was Visiting Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Hospital, and for the ensuing thirteen years he was Visiting Physician to the same institution. Called to the Faculty of the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania as Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine in 1879, he retained that chair until

1890, and for the same period was Visiting Physician and Lecturer on Medicine to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia. For fifteen years he lectured upon Physiology and Hygiene at the Friends' Central School. At the present time he is Consulting Physician to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women and Children. Dr. Walker was one of the founders of the American Climatological Association, of which he was Secretary for eleven years and President in 1896. He is a member of the American Academy of Medicine and the Pennsylvania State Medical Association; the Philadelphia County



J. B. WALKER

Medical and the Northern Medical societies; the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Union League Club, of which he is a member of the Board of Directors. He has prepared several interesting papers for the medical societies, including one on "Complications in Typhoid Fever," and another on "Turpentine as a Remedial Agent." In addition to his medical degree he received from the University that of Doctor of Philosophy in 1873. Dr. Walker married, October 2, 1873, Martha M. Abraham, of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania; they have three children: Helen Duer, Mary Baynes and James Abraham Walker.

DUER, Edward Louis, 1836-

Class of 1860 Med.

Born in Crosswicks, N. J., 1836; educated by private tutors, at Yale College, and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania; connected with Philadelphia Hospital, as Resident Physician, 1860-61, and Obstetrician 1862-80, also with other hospitals; Acting Assistant Surgeon in Civil War.

EDWARD LOUIS DUER, M.D., was born in Crosswicks, New Jersey, January 19, 1836, son of George Stone and Mary (Carmen) Duer. His ancestors on both sides were Americans of English descent. After a preparatory training under private tutors, he took his collegiate course at Yale, graduating there in 1857, and pursued his medical studies in the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1860. After a term of one year as Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, he was appointed Obstetrician to that Institution in 1862 and officiated in that capacity for eighteen years. He has served as Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Polyclinic, the Maternity Hospital and the Preston Retreat, and as Gynecologist in the Presbyterian Hospital. During the Civil War period, he was Acting Assistant Surgeon in the army. Dr. Duer was for two years President of the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, has been Vice-President of the American Gynecological Society; belongs to the American, the County and the Philadelphia Medical societies; is a fellow of the College of Physicians, and a member of the Union League, also a member of the Rittenhouse, County and University clubs. He married, November 29, 1862, Clara J. Nandain, and has two children: Nandain and Helen Duer.

DOONER, Edward John, 1871-

Class of 1893.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1893; Private Secretary to Congressman McAleer, 1893-94; in hotel business since 1894; delegate to National Convention of Gold Democrats, Indianapolis, 1896.

EDWARD JOHN DOONER was born in Philadelphia, October 3, 1871. He is the son of Peter S. and Mary E. (Whiting) Dooner. His preparatory schooling was mainly received at Roth's Broad-Street Academy in Philadelphia, which he attended for eleven years. In 1889 he matriculated in the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania, and in Junior year passed into the

Wharton School of Finance and Economy, from which he was graduated in 1893. For a year immediately after graduation Mr. Dooner was the Private Secretary of Congressman McAleer of Philadelphia,



EDWARD J. DOONER

after which time he engaged in the hotel business with his father, a connection which still continues. In 1896 Mr. Dooner was a delegate to the Indianapolis Convention of Gold Democrats which nominated Palmer and Buckner for President and Vice-President. He is a member of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, the American Catholic Historical Society, the Catholic Philopatrian Literary Institute, the Junger Maennerchor, the Fortnightly Club and the Philadelphia Choral Society. In 1898 he married Mary Magdalene Haggerty, who lived less than a year; a son, Peter S. Dooner, 3rd, surviving.

GUNTHER, George Philip Arcularius, 1852-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in New York City, 1852; educated at Charlier French Institute, New York City; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1894; engaged for many years in railway pursuits.

GEORGE PHILIP ARCULARIUS GUNTHER, M.D., was born in New York City, December 6, 1852, son of C. Godfrey and Amelia

Augusta (Arcularius) Gunther. His father, whose parents came to this country from Strasburg, Germany, about 1790, was Mayor of New York City in 1864-1865, having been one of the first successful candidates on a Citizens' ticket in opposition to Tammany Hall. His maternal grandmother was a second cousin to Silas Wright, the first Governor of New York State. Mr. Gunther was educated chiefly at the Charlier French Institute in New York, from 1864 to 1869, having previously attended the Friends School in that city. In his seventeenth year he entered the employ of the Brooklyn, Bath & Coney Island Railroad Company, of which corporation his father was President, and continued in this service until his thirty-fourth year, working his way up from Ticket Agent to General Superintendent. Later developing an interest in medical science, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1894. Dr. Gunther is not actively engaged in medical practice, devoting most of his time to study and research. He was married, February 20, 1878, to Mary Ann



GEO. P. A. GUNTHER

Young, by whom he has a daughter, Mary Wanzer Gunther, and a son, Charles Godfrey Gunther, a Junior in the School of Mines at Columbia University. Dr. Gunther resides in Philadelphia.

ROBINSON, Beverley, 1844-

Class of 1862.

Born in Philadelphia, 1844; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1862; M.D. University of Paris, 1872; practicing physician New York City; Lecturer Bellevue Hospital Medical College; Clinical Professor New York University since 1897.

BEVERLEY ROBINSON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 22, 1844, son of Moncure Robinson, a prominent civil engineer of that city, and Charlotte (Taylor) Robinson. His mother was a granddaughter of Edmund Randolph of Virginia, Attorney-General under Washington. He



BEVERLEY ROBINSON

entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania at the age of fourteen, and graduated with the Class of 1862. During the emergency of the following year, in the Civil War period, he served as private in the Gray Reserves of Philadelphia. Pursuing his medical studies abroad, he received his Doctor of Medicine degree at the University of Paris in 1872, and served for a time as Interne in Paris hospitals. Returning to this country, he established himself in practice in New York City, and became Lecturer on Laryngology in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Since 1897, he has been Clinical Professor of Medicine in the consolidated New York University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, officiating also as

Attending Physician at St. Luke's and Consulting Physician to the City Hospital. Dr. Robinson is a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, and is the author of a work on "Nasal Catarrh and Allied Diseases," besides numerous articles contributed to medical journals. He married Anna, daughter of Herman Foster of New York. They have four children.

WEBSTER, George Smedley, 1855-

Class of 1875.

Born in Philadelphia, 1855; educated at Friends' Select School and University of Pennsylvania; engaged in engineering work on Centennial grounds, Philadelphia, 1875-76; connected with United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1876-77; Assistant Engineer City of Philadelphia 1877-92, and Chief Engineer since 1893; President Philadelphia Board of Surveyors; member Fairmount Park Commission, Board of Highway Surveyors and Harbor Commission.

GEORGE SMEDLEY WEBSTER was born in Philadelphia, October 19, 1855, son of John H. and Lydia (Smedley) Webster. Having completed the regular course of instruction at the Friends' Select School in Philadelphia, he entered the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1875, and immediately began active work as a civil engineer upon the Centennial Exposition grounds, then in process of survey. He was next employed for a time upon the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, and from 1877 to 1880 was engaged in surveying and engineering work in Philadelphia. In the latter year he entered the Engineering Department of the City of Philadelphia as an assistant, having charge of the engineering and surveying work in the Tenth District until 1892, when he became principal assistant and Acting Chief Engineer of the City. In 1893 he was appointed Chief Engineer and Surveyor, a position involving much responsibility and careful judgment, and has retained it continuously to the present time. This department is an important one and upon its chief depends the successful completion of all public improvements, an unusual number of which have been carried out thus far during his official term. In addition to the construction of over five hundred miles of sewers within the City limits, the Walnut street bridge over the Schuylkill River was finished under his supervision, and two large new bridges over the same river were designed, engineered and completed under his direction, and also a large number of highway and

railroad bridges, constructed for the development of the City. Among the larger works designed and carried to completion may be mentioned the development of the Delaware River water front, including the construction of the bulkhead wall, the widening of Delaware Avenue from fifty to one hundred and fifty feet in width, the construction of three large City piers, thereby greatly increasing the landing facilities of the Port of Philadelphia, this work, together with the deepening of the channels of the Delaware and Schuylkill Rivers, costing nearly three million dollars. Another large work is the

President (ex-officio) of the Board of Surveyors and a member of the Fairmount Park Commission, the Board of Highway Surveyors and the Board of Harbor Commissioners. He is also a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Franklin Institute, the Fairmount Park Art Association, the Union League and the Engineers Club, of which latter he was President in 1895. In politics he is a Republican. He was married December 5, 1883, to Mary H. Anderson of Philadelphia; they have one son: Maurice Anderson Webster.



GEO. S. WEBSTER

Pennsylvania Avenue Subway and Tunnel, whereby the tracks of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway were depressed for a distance of two miles through the heart of the City, involving an almost total readjustment of underground structures, at a cost of nearly six million dollars, which has resulted in the abolishment of seventeen grade crossings in the central part of the City, and removing what has hitherto been a serious menace to human life, also resulting in the opening of a magnificent boulevard leading to Fairmount Park. For this work, of which he was Chief Engineer, he has received substantial recognition, not only from the City government, but from the citizens at large, who appreciate the improvement to the fullest extent. Mr. Webster is

REX, Walter Edwin, 1847-

Class of 1875 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1847; educated in public schools and under private tutors; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1875; admitted to Bar, 1874; practicing lawyer Philadelphia; member Philadelphia Common Council 1879-82, and Register of Wills 1883-86.

WALTER EDWIN REX, son of George Valentine and Mary Catharine (Lentz) Rex, is a native of Philadelphia, born at Chestnut Hill, April 10, 1847. John Rex, his grandfather, was a son of Abraham, and the latter was a son of George Rex, who emigrated from Crefeld, Germany, in 1691, settling at Chestnut Hill. He is a descendant on the maternal side of Dr. John Jacob Shütz, now Sheetz, who with others purchased of William Penn fourteen thousand acres of land in Germantown, and from him and his associates Francis Daniel Pastorius received a power of attorney, for the purpose of disposing of lots to settlers. Mr. Rex attended the Philadelphia public schools, graduating from the Central High School as Bachelor of Arts in 1864, and continued his education under private preceptors. Prior to entering upon his legal studies he engaged in mercantile pursuits for the special purpose of acquiring a knowledge of business methods, and then registered as a student of law in the office of Frank Wolfe, Esq.; in 1873 he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated in 1875 receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He had been admitted to the Bar in October of the preceding year, and immediately entering into practice in Philadelphia, has ever since been identified with the legal profession of that City and the state of Pennsylvania. From February 1879 to January 1882 he was a member of the Common Council, serving as Chairman of the Survey Committee and

as a member of the Committee on Finance and Water Supply. In November 1882 he was elected Register of Wills, and served in that capacity from January 1883 to January 1886. Mr. Rex is a member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the Union League of Philadelphia, also of the Penn and Philadelphia Cricket clubs. Some of his leisure hours have been devoted to the study of intricate legal questions, and in 1888 he read an interesting paper upon "Will Contests" before the Philadelphia Medico-Legal Society. He was married October 28,



WALTER E. REX

1885, to Isabel Tolbert Emory; their children are: Isabel Margaret, Hilary Baker and Walter Edwin Rex, Jr.

BROCKIE, William, 1864-

Class of 1885.

Born in Birkenhead, England, 1864; educated at Germantown Academy and University of Pennsylvania; engaged for sixteen years in fire and marine insurance business, in Philadelphia and New York.

WILLIAM BROCKIE, son of William and Janet (Tod) Brockie, was born in Birkenhead, England, June 28, 1864, and at an early age was placed in Germantown Academy in Philadelphia to be prepared for College. He entered the College Department of the University of Penn-

sylvania in the Sophomore class in 1882, and left at the close of the first term of Sophomore year. Ever since that date, for a period of more than sixteen years, he has been identified with the fire and marine insurance business, at first in Philadelphia and now in New York. He is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the Philadelphia Cricket Club, the Germantown Cricket Club and the Zeta Psi Fraternity. On June 4, 1896 he married Agnes Morgan; they have two daughters: Agnes and Elizabeth Brockie. Mr. Brockie's home is in New York City.

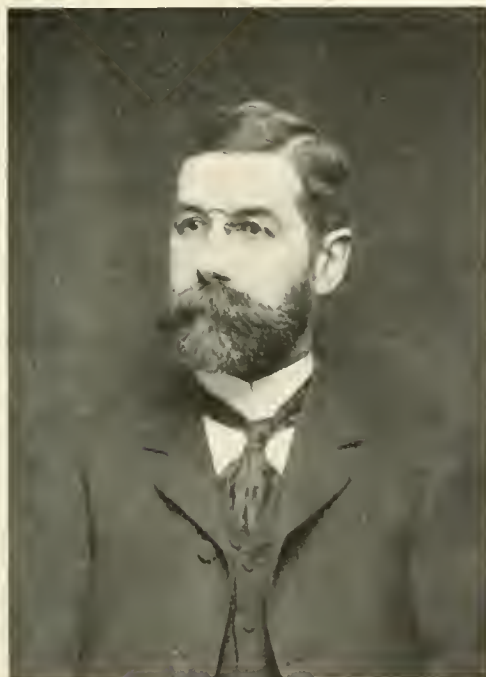
PEIRCE, Harold, 1856-

Class of 1876.

Born in Bristol, Pa., 1856; educated in schools of native town, Friends' Central High School, Philadelphia, Tremont Seminary, Norristown and University of Pennsylvania; engaged in manufacturing about ten years; agent New York Life Insurance Company at Pittsburg, Pa., 1886-91; agent for same company in Philadelphia latter year to present time.

HAROLD PEIRCE was born in Bristol, Pennsylvania, September 28, 1856, son of Charles W. Peirce of Byberry, Pennsylvania, and Mary (Vanuxem) Peirce, of Philadelphia. His grandfather was Cyrus Peirce, and he is a descendant of George Peirce, or Pearce, of the Parish of Winscom, County of Somerset, England, and Ann (Gainer) Peirce of Thornberry, Gloucestershire; George Peirce arrived in Philadelphia about the year 1684, and died at East Marlborough in 1734. Harold Peirce's paternal grandmother was Ruth Sargent (Peirce) Peirce, who, as far as known was not related to the descendants of the George Peirce previously referred to. He is also a descendant on the paternal side of Thomas Brattle, and William Tyng, prominent residents of Boston early in the Colonial period; of the Mendenhall and Newlin families, early settlers in Concord, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; of Robert Pennell, who settled in Middletown, Pennsylvania, as early as 1683; of Robert and Ann (Stovey) Pyle, who emigrated from England, settling at Bethel, Chester county, Pennsylvania, about the year 1684; of Thomas Taylor and his wife, Frances, early land-owners in Pennsylvania; and several other colonists. On the maternal side he is of Flemish descent, his great-grandfather, James Vanuxem, having emigrated from Flanders in the latter part of the eighteenth century and settled in Philadelphia, where he became a prominent merchant. His maternal grandfather was Lardner

Vanuxem, the distinguished geologist and one of the pioneers of that science in the United States. Having pursued his preliminary studies in the schools of his native town, Harold Peirce attended the Friends' Central High School in Philadelphia, and after completing his collegiate preparations at the Tremont Seminary, Norristown, under the mastership of John W. Lock, he entered the Scientific Department of the University, Class of 1876. While still a student he engaged in the manufacturing business at Bristol, and was thus occupied until 1886, when he entered the service of the New York Life



HAROLD PEIRCE

Insurance Company as its agent in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. In 1891 he was placed in charge of the company's Philadelphia agency, which he still retains. He is a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; the Arts and Craft Society and the Grolier Club, New York City; the Pittsburg and Duquesne clubs, Pittsburg; the Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Phi Kappa Sigma, the General Alumni Society and the Faculty Club of the University; and the Union League, University, Art and Germantown Cricket, Marion Cricket and Philobiblon clubs, of Philadelphia. Mr. Peirce was formerly a Trustee of Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania. He was married, June 21, 1882, to Charlotte Converse; their children are:

George, Edmond Converse, Margaret, Mary and Elizabeth Peirce. Mr. Peirce resides in Haverford, Pennsylvania.

ADAMS, John Stokes, 1864-

Class 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1884, LL.B. 1886; Editor-in-Chief of *University Magazine*; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1886; author of *The Law of Mines and Mining in the United States*; trust officer and Solicitor for *The Union Trust Company*.

JOHAN STOKES ADAMS is the son of Green Adams and Josephine Lippincott Stokes, and was born in Philadelphia, March 22, 1864. His father, Hon. Green Adams, was a Judge of the Circuit Court of Kentucky from 1851 to 1856, and held other important and honorable political offices under the government; he was a member of Congress from Kentucky in the Thirtieth and Thirty-sixth Congresses, and during President Lincoln's Administration he was the Sixth Auditor of the Treasury Department. John S. Adams passed his boyhood in Lexington, Kentucky and Washington, District of Columbia, in which latter city he was prepared for College at Emerson Institute. In 1880 he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he attained much prominence as an undergraduate. In Freshman year he was the President of his class. He was awarded the Matriculate Latin prize of the first rank, the Freshman mathematical prize of the first rank, and the Junior mathematical prize of the second rank, for his scholarship. For a time he was Moderator of the Philomathean Society, and the Editor-in-Chief of the *University Magazine*. He was Chairman of the Record Committee of his class, was the class orator and graduated third in rank with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1884. Immediately upon graduation, he registered as a law student in the office of William S. Price, Esq., an eminent practitioner at the Philadelphia Bar. In the autumn of that year he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated as a Bachelor of Laws in 1886. While in the Law School he was a member and clerk of the Sharswood Law Club. Mr. Adams has practiced his profession in Philadelphia continuously ever since his admission to the Bar, making specialties of the law of decedents' estates, and corporation and mining law. From 1888 until 1899, when the connection was dissolved, he was in partnership with John P. Croas-

dale, under the firm name of Croasdale & Adams. In 1897 he published, in collaboration with Daniel Moreau Barringer, "The Law of Mines and Mining in the United States," which is recognized to be a leading authority in this country to-day on that subject. Since February 1901 he has been the trust officer and solicitor for The Union Trust Company. Mr. Adams is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity. He married, April 23, 1890, Heloise Zelina Root, of Washington, District of Columbia, daughter of the late Bridgman Chapin and Zelina Root; they have two sons: Henry Clay and Randolph Greenfield Adams.

LATTA, Thomas Love, 1865-

Class of 1887.

Born in Parkesburg, Pa., 1865; educated in public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1887; member firm of Armstrong & Printzenhoff, general contractors, Philadelphia.

THOMAS LOVE LATTA was born in Parkesburg, Chester county, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1865, son of William Sutton and Margaret Echert (Whitehill) Latta. His early education was received in the Philadelphia public schools, from which he passed to the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. There he took the Scientific Course, and was graduated as Bachelor of Science in June 1887. For many years Mr. Latta has been identified with the building trades. He is a member of the well known firm of Philadelphia contractors, Armstrong & Printzenhoff. His wife was Florence Hood, and they have had four children: Thomas L., Jr. (deceased), Elizabeth Hood, Margaret Coryell and Thomas Hood Latta. Mr. Latta resides in Philadelphia.

EVANS, John Howard, 1848-

Class of 1871 Med.

Born in Hatboro, Montgomery county, Pa., 1848; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1871; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

JOHAN HOWARD EVANS, M.D., is a native of Hatboro, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, son of Joseph and Rebecca (Gilbert) Evans. The Evans's are a Welsh family, his paternal grandfather having been a physician in Wales. His mother is of Quaker lineage. J. Howard Evans' father was an extensive farmer near Hatboro. He attended the public schools in that locality, and afterwards the Hatboro Lollar Academy, from which he graduated.

At an early age, in 1867, he left the farm and began the study of medicine in the office of the Hon. I. Newton Evans, M.D., of Hatboro, and in 1868 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his doctor's degree in 1871. Dr. Evans' home is in Philadelphia, in a neighborhood in which he has practiced his profession ever since 1872, and where he has built up a large and lucrative practice. He was elected a school director in 1872, and has been a member of the Board for twenty-seven years consecutively, serving as President of the Board for several years.



J. HOWARD EVANS

For the past six years he has been Police Surgeon for the Thirtieth District. Dr. Evans is a Thirty-second Degree Mason. He married, in 1877, Mattie, daughter of Samuel Kennedy, a retired carpet manufacturer. He has one son, Howard Kennedy Evans.

ENOCH, Hiram Daniel, 1834-

Class of 1863 Med.

Born in Washington county, Pa., 1834; graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1863; practicing physician in Washington, Pa.

HIRAM DANIEL ENOCH, M.D., was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1834. He is of English ancestry, the son of

David and Elizabeth (Felker) Enoch. After attending the public schools he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor



HIRAM D. ENOCH

of Medicine in 1863. He has ever since been engaged in the practice of medicine at Washington in Western Pennsylvania. During the Civil War he was for a year Assistant Surgeon of the First West Virginia Cavalry. From 1885 to 1889 and from 1893 to 1896 he was President of the Board of Medical Examiners for Pensions at Washington, Pennsylvania. Dr. Enoch married, in 1852, Sarah M. Reynolds, by whom he has four children.

BULLOCK, David Jayne, 1868-

Class of 1890.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; student Department of Biology University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1890, afterward followed by post-graduate work; zoölogist to Prof. Rothrock's expedition in the West Indies, 1890; from 1891 to 1895 Assistant Instructor in Zoology and Curator of the Zoölogical Collection in the Department of Biology at the University of Pennsylvania.

DAVID JAYNE BULLOCK, son of James Maxwell and Matilda Walker (Jayne) Bullock, was born in Philadelphia, December 28, 1868. On both sides the family is English. His maternal

grandfather was Dr. David Jayne, the Philadelphia chemist and manufacturer. His early education was acquired in Philadelphia at Rugby Academy and Henry Hobart Brown's school, afterwards known as the DeLancey School, and under private tutors. Entering the Department of Biology of the University of Pennsylvania as a special student in 1888, he received a certificate of proficiency in 1890, and several years thereafter pursued post-graduate studies both in this department and in the Department of Hygiene. In the autumn of 1890 he was zoölogist to the expedition sent out to the West Indies in charge of Professor Rothrock and under the auspices of the University. In 1891 he was appointed an Assistant Instructor in Zoölogy and Curator of the Zoölogical Collection in the Department of Biology at the University, a position from which he resigned in 1895. Since then he has been engaged in original work in biology on his own account. Mr. Bullock belongs to the American Entomological Society, is a life member of the University Club and the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia and a member of the



DAVID JAYNE BULLOCK

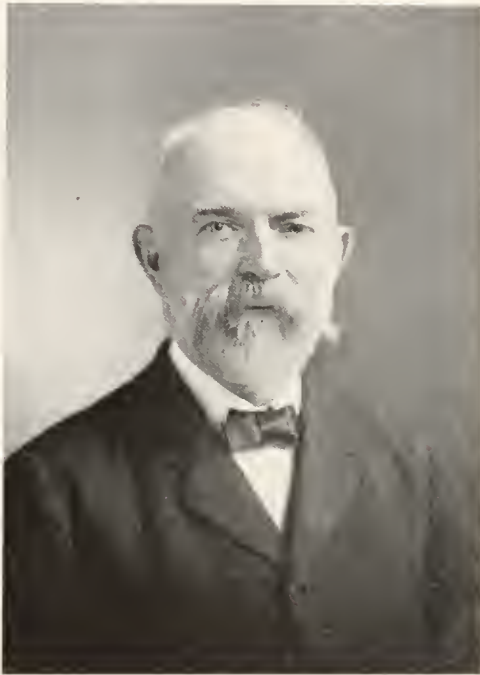
Photographic Society of Philadelphia. He married, April 27, 1892, Susan Spotswood Evans, who died in 1900, leaving three sons: David Jayne, Jr., Edward Samuel and Arthur Reginald Bullock.

HICKMAN, Napoleon, 1840-

Class of 1862 Med

Born in Lewes, Del., 1840; educated Burlington College, Burlington, N. J.; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1862; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1863; United States Examining Pension Surgeon since 1885.

NAPOLEON HICKMAN, M.D., comes from a family which at an early period in our colonial history came from England to Virginia, emigrating to Delaware in the latter part of the seventeenth century. His father was George Hickman, born near Lewes, Delaware, in 1779. Napo-



NAPOLEON HICKMAN

leon was born in Lewes, January 31, 1840. After being educated at various private schools in his native town he was sent to Burlington College at Burlington, New Jersey, where however he did not graduate. He matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1862. For a year he was Acting Assistant Surgeon in the army, but in 1863 he began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia and has been engaged in it steadily ever since. In 1863-1864 he was Acting Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania, and from 1863 to 1869 was Quizmaster in the University. From 1884 to 1889 he was Visiting Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, and since 1885 he

has been United States Examining Pension Surgeon. Dr. Hickman belongs to a large number of medical societies, is a member of the Masonic Order, and member of the Board of Governors of the Sons of Delaware of Philadelphia. For twenty-five years he has been a vestryman of the Protestant-Episcopal Church of the Mediator of Philadelphia. He is a lifelong Democrat. June 26, 1867, he married Charlotte B. Hunter of New Orleans, by whom he has four children, three sons and a daughter.

BIRNEY, David Bell, 1862-

Class of 1882 Arts, 1885 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania 1882, A.M. in course, M.D. 1885; Vaccine Physician of Philadelphia, 1888-93; LL.D. Griswold College, 1896; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

DAVID BELL BIRNEY, M.D., LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 5, 1862. He is a son of David Bell Birney and Maria Antoinette Jennison, and the grandson of James Gillespie Birney, who was born at Danville, Kentucky, in 1792, and was the candidate of the Liberty Party for President of the United States in 1840 and 1844. The father of Dr. Birney, Gen. David Bell Birney, served with great distinction in the Army of the Potomac during the Civil War, especially at Gettysburg and Chancellorsville; he was the commander of the Tenth Army Corps. His son, the subject of this biography, was prepared for College at Faires' Classical Institute, which he left in 1878 to enter the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated from that institution with the degree of Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1882, of which his College-mates elected him the President. Three years later the University conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. In the meantime he took up the study of medicine in the Medical Department of the University, finishing the course with the Doctor's diploma in 1885. After graduation Dr. Birney was elected to the position of Resident Physician in the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, on leaving which he became the assistant of Dr. Hartés in the Surgical Out-Patient Department of the Pennsylvania Hospital. Later he was appointed assistant to the late Dr. John Ashhurst, Jr., Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, which position he held up to the death of the lamented Ashhurst. In 1894 he was elected Visiting Physician to the Out-Patient Department of St. Mary's Hospital. For

eight years he was an Assistant Demonstrator and Quiz-master of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania. From 1888 until 1893 he was Vaccine Physician of the City of Philadelphia. In 1896 Griswold College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Dr. Birney was one of the charter members of the Keystone club, now the Markham, and was also a member of the Girard, Saginaw United Service and Faculty clubs. On June 2, 1896 he was married to May R. Lane, of Lan-



D. B. BIRNEY

caster, Pennsylvania, by whom he has one son, David Bell Birney, Jr. He has been in active practice in Philadelphia since 1889.

ADAMS, Henry Clay, 1867-1889.

Class of 1887

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; educated District of Columbia public schools, Friends' Central School, Philadelphia; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania 1887, M.E. 1888; Class President Sophomore year; Editor University Magazine, and Ivy orator; entered service of Cambria Iron Company, 1887; drowned in the Johnstown Flood, 1889.

HENRY CLAY ADAMS was born in Philadelphia, September 23, 1867, son of Hon. Green Adams and Josephine Lippincott (Stokes) Adams. His father was a Judge of the Circuit

Court of Kentucky from 1851 to 1856, a member of Congress from Kentucky in the Thirtieth and Thirty-sixth Congresses, and Sixth Auditor of the Treasury Department during Lincoln's administration. Henry C. Adams was a pupil in the public schools of the District of Columbia and at the Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, from which latter he entered the Towne Scientific School of the University, graduating a Bachelor of Science in 1887, and receiving the degree of Mining Engineer the following year. Shortly after graduation he entered the service of the Cambria Iron Company at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and was drowned in the disastrous flood which practically depopulated that place, May 30, 1889. While a student he was Class President during his Sophomore year, was Moderator of the Philomathean Society, was for a time Editor of the University Magazine, was Cremation and Ivy orator, and otherwise actively interested in University affairs.

LOTT, William Clawson, 1859-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Bridgeton, N. J., 1859; graduated A.B. Brown University, 1882; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Quartermaster Sergeant First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry in Spanish-American War, on service in Puerto Rico.

WILLIAM CLAWSON LOTT, M.D., was born in Bridgeton, New Jersey, September 30, 1859, son of Richard Lott and Ellen Maria (Bolton) Lott. He comes of a family which settled in New England at an early period in colonial history, the first emigrant having landed in Boston from Holland, through England, July 2, 1635. Dr. Lott attended the public schools of Bridgeton and was fitted for College at the South Jersey Institute, from which he passed to Brown University in 1878 and was graduated from that institution with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1882. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania the same year, he graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1885. He then served one year as Resident Physician at the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia, in 1885-1886. After this period of training he settled down in that city as a practicing physician. In 1886 he was appointed Surgeon of the House of St. Michael and All Angels for Young Colored Cripples. In the following year he became Physician to the Presbyterian Orphanage, and in 1888 he was elected Surgeon in the Out-Patient Depart-

ment of the Presbyterian Hospital. Dr. Lott is a fellow of the American Academy of Medicine and of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery, and belongs to the American Medical Association and the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He is a member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry, and has served with his troop in tours of duty in various parts of the State of Pennsylvania, including two tours of riot duty. On the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he enlisted with his troop in the United States Volunteer Army, serving throughout the war as Quartermaster Sergeant, and seeing for-



W. C. LOTT

eign service with them in Puerto Rico. In 1896 he married Susen Katarina Teresia, daughter of the late Colonel Karl Gustaf Bergendahl of the Royal Göta Artillery (Swedish). They have one son, Richard Lott.

CATTELL, Henry Ware, 1862-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born at Harrisburg, Pa., 1862; graduated Lafayette College, 1883; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; studied and travelled abroad five years; sometime Director of Ayer Clinical Laboratory of Pennsylvania Hospital; Pathologist to Presbyterian and Philadelphia hospitals; Demonstrator of Morbid Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania; Editor International Medical

Magazine; Senior Coroner's Physician, Philadelphia, 1896-98; now Editor of the International Clinics, and engaged in literary and research work.

HENRY WARE CATTELL, A.M., M.D., is a son of William C. Cattell, D.D., LL.D., who was the President of Lafayette College from 1863 until 1883, and Elizabeth McKeen Cattell. The Cattells are of Quaker ancestry, the family having come to America in 1648 and settled in New Jersey about 1732. An uncle of the subject of this sketch, Hon. Alexander G. Cattell, was United States Senator from New Jersey for a number of years. Henry Ware Cattell was prepared for College at the Hill School in Pottstown, Pennsylvania, from which he passed to Lafayette College, from where he was graduated in 1883. He thereupon chose the profession of medicine, and to fit himself for his life pursuit matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1887, and afterward went abroad to continue his studies in the universities and hospitals of Europe. He has at various times spent over five years in Europe, in study and travel. Among the positions held by Dr. Cattell have been those of Director in the Ayer Clinical Laboratory of the Pennsylvania Hospital and Pathologist to the Presbyterian and Philadelphia hospitals, and Demonstrator of Morbid Anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania (1892-1897). From 1896 to 1898 he was Senior Coroner's Physician of Philadelphia. He has been an industrious writer on medical and other scientific subjects, and for many years has acted as editor of important medical publications. He is a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, the Union League, the Philadelphia Country Club, and a number of local, state, and national medical and scientific societies.

CASSEL, John Reiff, 1856-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Montgomery county, Pa., 1856; educated at Franklin and Marshall College, and Princeton University; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Lecturer on Commercial Law in Peirce School of Business.

JOHAN REIFF CASSEL was born at Cedars, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, November 24, 1856. He is a son of Daniel and Mary (Reiff) Cassel, and comes of families that were closely identified with the early history of eastern Pennsylvania. The first family of Cassels to emigrate to

this country, came from Kriesheim in the Palatinate, where they made the acquaintance of, and entertained William Penn while he was on his tour of Germany. They arrived in the great peacemaker's American colony in 1686 and settled in Germantown. The Kolbs, from whom Mr. Cassel is also descended, likewise located in Germantown reaching there probably in 1685; Dielman Kolb, the pioneer American representative of the family, is the first person who is definitely ascertained to have come to Pennsylvania from Kriesheim. Mr. Cassel attended the public schools of his native county, and



JOHN R. CASSEL

then passed to the North Wales Academy at North Wales, Pennsylvania. He left this institution to acquaint himself thoroughly with the principles of his father's business, which had been established for nearly fifty years. After a period of training in mercantile life, he entered the wholesale dry-goods house of James, Kent, Santee & Company in Philadelphia. But soon becoming imbued with the desire for a fuller education, he matriculated at first in Franklin and Marshall College, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania where he remained until the end of his Sophomore year, after which he entered Princeton University, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1886 receiving his Master of Arts in course in 1888. At the end of his College

course, he chose the legal profession, and in 1886 entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888. Mr. Cassel has been engaged in practice in Philadelphia ever since; his admission to the Philadelphia Bar having been followed by license to practice before the Pennsylvania Supreme Court and the District and Circuit Courts of the United States. He is a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Law Academy and the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia, the Diognothian Literary Society of Franklin and Marshall College, and the American Whig Society of Princeton University, which latter was founded by James Madison. Mr. Cassel resides in Germantown, Philadelphia.

MAGEE, Joseph Ignatius Gilbert, 1865-

Class of 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1886; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH IGNATIUS GILBERT MAGEE was born in Philadelphia, June 7, 1865. He is of Irish ancestry, the son of Michael and Margaret (McIntyre) Magee. After attending St. Michael's Parochial School and Roth's Academy, he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and after the usual course graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June 1886, was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and has since practiced law in Philadelphia. On August 25, 1890, he married Annie A. Cleary. Mr. Magee resides in Philadelphia.

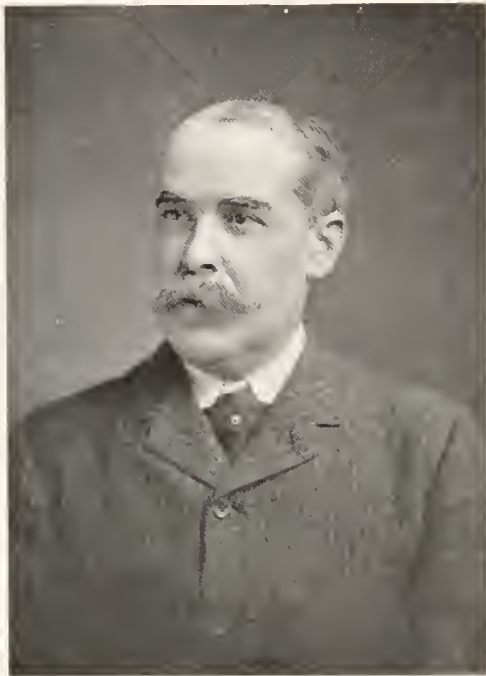
MCDEVITT, Henry C., 1856-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated at La Salle College; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Counsel of Guarantors' Company and Union Traction Company; a high authority on the law of negligence.

HENRY C. MCDEVITT, son of Thomas and Margaret (O'Kane) McDevitt was born in the Quaker City, September 21, 1856. He comes of Irish stock. As a lad he spent much time in the law offices of his brother, John F. McDevitt, a lawyer and editor, whose early death was much deplored by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. After a course at La Salle College

in Philadelphia, Mr. McDevitt engaged in mercantile pursuits. His future prospects were bright, but his early taste for the law re-asserted itself, and he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated in 1888. He thus began practice at an age when he was well fitted by knowledge and experience of the world to put the principles of the science of law to practical use. Upon his admission to the Philadelphia Bar he formed a law partnership with Eugene S. Daly, Esq. The latter's sudden death in less than a year left the



HENRY C. McDEVITT

entire business of the firm in charge of Mr. McDevitt, who applied himself so assiduously to all its details that he soon mastered it in every department. In 1895 he was retained as Counsel by the Guarantors' Company, whose business it was to insure individuals, firms and corporations against damages arising from actions in consequence of negligence toward their employees and the general public. From this time forward Mr. McDevitt was a very prominent figure in the courts. He had cases for this company every day while jury trials continued, and is known to have won as many as three cases in a single day. His success with juries, his urbanity and knowledge of all kinds of human nature, soon won him a high reputation among lawyers in the community.

Afterward he was retained by the Union Traction Company as one of their attorneys, but this connection lasted only two years, when having his time free again he devoted his attention to other clients. Few lawyers are so familiar with the law of negligence, and his skill and knowledge in this field are widely recognized. His practice is of a very general character, covering Building Association, Orphans' Court and contracts. He is also Counsel for the National Bank and Trust Company, and a Director of the Continental Title & Trust Company. Mr. McDevitt is a member of the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, the Catholic Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, the Catholic Club of New York, the Philopatrian Literary Institute of Pennsylvania and the Knights of Columbus. In politics he is a Democrat. In 1890 he married Mary Armstrong, daughter of James Armstrong, formerly a member of the Philadelphia City Councils and for many years a member of the Board of Guardians of the Poor.

FORBES, William Innes, 1868-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1889; employed by Pennsylvania Railroad 1889-93, by Girard Trust Company 1893-1900; Commercial Trust Company, 1900-1901; with Robert E. Glendinning & Company, bankers and brokers in Philadelphia, since that date; Commodore of Schuylkill Navy, 1900 to date; Sergeant First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry; served in Spanish-American War.

WILLIAM INNES FORBES was born in Philadelphia, November 22, 1868, and is the son of Dr. William Smith Forbes and Celanire B. (Sims) Forbes. He is of Scotch descent, the first American ancestor having been Dr. David Stirling Forbes of Aberdeen, a graduate of Edinburgh University, who settled in Fredericksburg, Virginia, in 1765. Mr. Forbes was prepared for College at the Classical Institute of Dr. John W. Faires, from which after six years of careful preliminary training, from 1879 to 1885, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. There he took the Course in Arts and was graduated Bachelor of Arts in June 1889. In the following September he accepted a position tendered him by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and continued this connection for four years, when he resigned to enter the employ of the Girard Trust Company in Philadelphia. He remained with that large financial cor-

poration for nearly seven years, until January 1900, when he entered the service of the Commercial Trust Company of the same city. This relationship lasted until April 1901, since which time he has had charge of the up-town office of Robert Glendinning & Company, bankers and brokers of Philadelphia. Mr. Forbes has for several years taken an active part in volunteer military organizations, in 1892-1893 he was a member of Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania and in 1893-1894 was a First Lieutenant of the Naval Battalion of Pennsylvania.



WM. INNES FORBES

In 1894 he joined the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry ("City Troop"), becoming a Corporal in that organization in 1900 and a Sergeant in 1901, and serving with it in the Spanish American War, in the First Army Corps on the Porto Rican expedition. Mr. Forbes is a member of the Philadelphia Club and the Markham Club of Philadelphia, of which latter he was the Secretary in 1893-1894. He belongs to the University Bunge Club, and is now its Vice-President. Since 1900 he has been the Commodore of the Schuylkill Navy. He is also a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of the Colonial Wars, and the Zeta Psi Fraternity Association of Philadelphia. He resides in Philadelphia.

HOUSTON, William Churchill, 1850-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1850; educated in private schools, Friends' School at Providence, R. I., and University of Pennsylvania; entered mercantile business in Philadelphia; became interested in cotton manufacturing in the South; was President Produce National Bank of Philadelphia and President Lynchburg & Durham Railroad; President Hope Mills Manufacturing Company; Director International & Mortgage Bank of Mexico.

WILLIAM CHURCHILL HOUSTON was born in Philadelphia, November 26, 1850, son of William Churchill and Mary Bartholomew (Solms) Houston. He is a descendant in the fifth generation of Archibald Houston, who settled in North Carolina early in the eighteenth century, and became a planter of considerable distinction. Archibald's son, William Churchill Houston, who was graduated from Princeton in 1768, and subsequently married a granddaughter of President Jonathan Dickinson of that College, was Professor of Mathematics and Philosophy there and also the College Treasurer for some years. He afterwards became a member of the Bar of New Jersey, was a member of the Continental Congress from that state, and a delegate to the convention which framed the Constitution of the United States. William Churchill's son, George Smith Houston, moved to Dayton, Ohio, and was Cashier of one of its earliest banks. George Smith Houston's son, William Churchill, whose son is the subject of this sketch, settled in Philadelphia, where he became associated in business with his uncle William Churchill Houston, and during a long residence in the Quaker City held numerous positions of trust and distinction. His son, William Churchill, supplemented his private school education with a year's study at the Friends' School in Providence, Rhode Island, entered the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1872, but did not graduate; he withdrew prior to the completion of the regular course and went abroad and on his return entered a wool commission house in Philadelphia, in which his father was a special partner, and subsequently engaged in that business for himself, remaining in it for some years. While still engaged in the wool trade he became financially connected with cotton manufacturing interests in the South, also with banking and railways, and about 1887 he relinquished mercantile pursuits in order to devote his exclusive attention to his accumulated interests in other directions. Among other official connections he has been President of the Produce National

Bank of Philadelphia; President of the Lynchburg & Durham Railway Company; Treasurer of the Penn Construction Company, a Director of the Norfolk & Western Railway, and of the Citizens' Street Railway Company of Indianapolis. At the present time he is President of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company of North Carolina, and a Director of the International & Mortgage Bank of Mexico. Mr. Houston's society and club affiliations are numerous, and include the St. Elmo Club, of which he has been Vice-President; the Philadelphia Barge Club, the Delta Phi Society,



W. C. HOUSTON

the Union League, the Rittenhouse Club, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Sons of the Revolution, the Military Order of Foreign Wars, the Society of Colonial Wars and the Netherlands Society of Pennsylvania. He has always taken a keen interest in sports, and for many years devoted considerable time to cricket in connection with the former Young America Cricket Club and the present Germantown Cricket Club. He is now an enthusiastic golf player, being one of the team of the Philadelphia Cricket Club. He was married, June 28, 1875, to Helena Hunter; their children are: William Churchill, Jr., and Ethel. Mr. Houston is a Republican in politics, and resides in Germantown, Philadelphia.

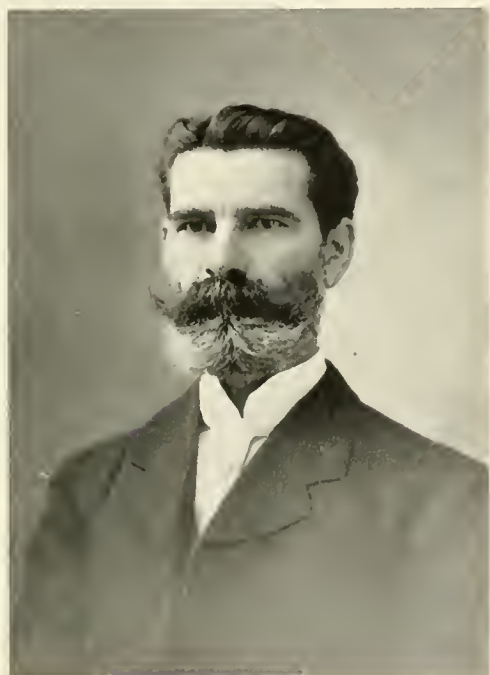
CURTIS, George Lenox, 1854-

Class of 1880 Dent., 1887 Med.

Born in Boston, Mass., 1854; studied at Syracuse University; graduated Dental Department University of Pennsylvania 1880, Medical Department 1887; Assistant in Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia; studied at Vienna and Berlin; practicing dentist in Syracuse, N. Y., for twelve years; appointed Clinical Demonstrator in Oral and Facial Surgery in Post-Graduate Medical School in New York City, 1892; Professor of Oral and Facial Surgery in New York Dental School, 1893; specialist in New York City; dental representative at International Medical Congress in 1887 and 1890; member Board of Managers of Society of American Authors; Associate Editor "Dominion Dental Journal;" inventor of dental and surgical devices.

GEORGE LENOX CURTIS, M.D., was born in Boston, Massachusetts, April 19, 1854, a son of Charles Thomas and Jane (Kinnear) Curtis. He is of Welsh and English ancestry. After attending the common schools, he was a student for a time at Syracuse University, and later entered the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his diploma in 1880. He began the practice of dentistry in Syracuse, New York, where he followed his profession for twelve years. In the meantime taking up the study of medicine, he took his Doctor of Medicine degree from the University of Pennsylvania in 1887, and for one year served as an assistant of Professors Garrettson and Laplace of the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. This training was followed by a year's study at the Universities of Berlin and Vienna, where he gave particular attention to surgery with reference to the nose, throat, ear and skin. He studied oral bacteriology under Miller, general bacteriology under Gunther, and pathology under Virchow. In 1892 Dr. Curtis was appointed Clinical Demonstrator in Oral and Facial Surgery in the Post-Graduate Medical School of New York City, and in the following year, 1893, he accepted the appointment to the Chair of Oral and Facial Surgery in the New York Dental School. He was for a time a Trustee of that institution. His health failing, in 1894 he abandoned teaching and went abroad for rest and recuperation. He was absent for a year, when, returning to New York, he resumed his work as a specialist in facial and oral surgery. Dr. Curtis was a representative of the dental profession at the International Medical Congress which met at Washington, District of Columbia, in 1887, and again at the Congress which met at Berlin in 1890. He was President of the Fifth District Dental Society of the State of New York in 1886, and was also its Secre-

tary for several years. For some time he was Corresponding Secretary of the New York State Dental Society, and in 1890 was elected its Vice-President. He is a member of the Board of Managers of the Society of American Authors, and also belongs to the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the Medical Association of Greater New York, the Harlem Medical Association, the American Dental Association, and the Dental Society of the State of New York, the Mycological Society of New York City, and the Medical and Dental Alumni Associations of the Uni-



G. LENOX CURTIS

versity of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Masonic Order, and his clubs include the Hundred Year Club of New York and the Citizens' Club of Syracuse. Dr. Curtis is an enthusiastic sportsman and spends much time in the woods. He belongs to the Athletic Club of New York and the Oswego Yacht Club. He is a frequent and valued contributor to the medical journals and is an Associate Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal." The professional career of Dr. Curtis has attracted much attention. As a dentist in Syracuse he held high rank, and his inventive genius has been widely acknowledged. Dr. Garretson in his "System of Oral Surgery," and Dr. George Evans in his "Textbook," credit him with the invention of the Curtis Bridge and Crowns. The

same energy and breadth of research which characterized his earlier career are exhibited in his practice of oral surgery in New York City. He is indefatigable in his efforts to seek out the causes of disease, and rarely errs in a diagnosis of a case. A man of cheerful temperament and of generous though decided opinion, he inspires the confidence of his patients. He is one of the first to examine the merits of a new device and is quick to appreciate its value. Latterly, his ingenious faculty has been shown by an assembling of electrical devices for the production of electric ozonation, for therapeutic purposes. Among his contributions to the literature of his profession which have attracted widespread attention are papers on "Resection and Reproduction of the Maxilla," "Cocaine and its Rational Antidote," "Syphilitic Loculosis Alveolaris (Pyrrohea Alveolaris)" and "Influence of Electric Ozonation upon Disease." Dr. Curtis married, February 12, 1896, Janie Elizabeth Richmond, of Chester county, Pennsylvania. He resides in New York City.

CLARK, Joseph Sill, 1861-

Class of 1861 Arts, 1885 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; A.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1881; A.B., Harvard, 1883; A.M., University of Pennsylvania, 1884; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH SILL CLARK was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, November 30, 1861, and is a son of Edward White and Mary Todhunter (Sill) Clark. He was prepared for College at Germantown Academy and Barker's School in Germantown, and Rugby Academy in Philadelphia, and was matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1877. Graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1881, he passed then to Harvard University, from which he received the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1883, when he returned to his home in Philadelphia to take up the study of the law. He registered himself as a student in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he obtained his Bachelor of Laws degree in 1885, having in the meantime received the degree of Master of Arts from the University in 1884. Mr. Clark was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar immediately upon his graduation from the Law School, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession in that city ever since. He is a member

of the Rittenhouse, the Germantown Cricket, the Philadelphia Cricket, the Philadelphia Country and the Philadelphia Barge clubs. On November 26, 1896, Mr. Clark married Kate Richardson Avery. He resides at Allen Lane, Philadelphia.

FAIRES, William John, 1843-

Class of 1864.

Born in Philadelphia, 1843; educated in the Faires' Classical Institute; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1864; teacher in the Classical Institute; since in employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

WILLIAM JOHN FAIRES, eldest son of the well-known Philadelphia educator Rev. John Wylie Faires, D.D., was born in Phila-



W. J. FAIRES

delphia, June 29, 1843. His grandfather, William Faires, came from County Down, Ireland. His mother, Elizabeth McKinley of Philadelphia, was descended from Scotch-Irish and English Quaker stock. William John Faires was educated at his father's Classical Institute, from which he passed to the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the Class of 1864. While still in College he saw service under General Baldy Smith as a private in Company D in the Thirty-second Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. Mr. Faires was married in 1875 to Bessie Dobbin, by whom he has three children: Elizabeth, Mar-

garet and James Dobbin Faires; the latter a graduate of Civil Engineering in the University of Pennsylvania. Class of 1901, and a member of the Sigma Xi Fraternity. Mr. Faires resides in Philadelphia.

GIBB, Joseph Scribner, 1859-

Class of 1880 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated Eastburn Academy, 1875; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1880; throat, nose and ear specialist; Surgeon Philadelphia Police Department, 1882-92; Surgeon in charge of Ear, Throat and Nose Department Episcopal Hospital since 1893; Professor of Diseases of the Throat and Nose, Philadelphia Polyclinic, since 1897; practitioner in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH SCRIBNER GIBB, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 11, 1859. He is a son of Charles M. Gibb, and on that side of the family comes of vigorous Scotch stock. His mother, who prior to her marriage was Emily Richards, is of English-Quaker ancestry. Dr. Gibb attended the Philadelphia public schools, passing through the various lower grades to the Central High School, later entering Eastburn Academy, where he was graduated in 1875. Two years later he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and in March 1880 received his diploma as a Doctor of Medicine. During the spring sessions he took advantage of his opportunities to broaden his foundations of academic knowledge, by attending the courses in the, then, Department of Philosophy of the University. For one year after graduating in medicine Dr. Gibb was Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, and in 1881 he began the practice of general medicine in Philadelphia. For fifteen years he was a general practitioner, with an inclination for special work in throat, nose and ear diseases, but now for several years he has devoted himself exclusively to his specialties. From 1882 to 1892, he was Out-Door Physician to the Department of Charities and Corrections in Philadelphia, and during the same period was a Surgeon to the Philadelphia Police Department. For three years, from 1881 to 1884, he was Out-Door Physician for and in charge of the Throat, Nose and Ear Department at the Northern Dispensary in that city, and in March 1893 he was elected Surgeon-in-Charge of the Ear, Nose and Throat Department at the Episcopal Hospital, having served continuously in this capacity ever since. Since September 1897 Dr. Gibb has been Professor of Diseases of the Throat and

Nose in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, after having been previously connected with the institution as Assistant Instructor and Adjunct Professor for six years. He is a member of the American Medical



JOSEPH S. GIBB

Association, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Northern Medical Association. He is also a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, a member of the Union League of the same city and a member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. Dr. Gibb married, April 25, 1882, Jessie Hassell; they have had three children: Joseph Scribner, Jr. (now deceased), William Hassell and Mary Elizabeth Gibb.

CHAMBERS, Francis Taylor, 1855-

Class of 1877 Law.

Born in Cincinnati, O., 1855; prepared for college under private instruction; graduated Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, 1875; studied law at University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Pennsylvania Bar, 1877; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

FRANCIS TAYLOR CHAMBERS, lawyer, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 3, 1855, son of Francis Taylor and Elizabeth Lee (Febiger) Chambers. He is a descendant of the Chambers family of Kentucky, which is a branch of the family

of the name originally settling in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, and by intermarriage connected with the Lees of Virginia. The paternal grandfather was Gov. John Chambers of Iowa. Prominent in the maternal line is Col. Christian Febiger, commander of the Second Virginia Regiment during the Revolution. Mr. Chambers was prepared for College under the private instruction of Professor Hunter Worrell of West Chester, Pennsylvania, and entering Yale took up a course of mechanical engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School. After graduating Bachelor of Philosophy in 1875, he studied law in the office of William Henry Rawle of Philadelphia and in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and in 1877 was admitted to the Pennsylvania Bar. Since 1877, Mr. Chambers has followed his profession in Philadelphia, practicing chiefly in patent cases as a member of the Bar of the United States Supreme Court, the Federal Circuit Courts and the Circuit Courts of Appeal throughout the country. He is a member of the Yale Alumni of Philadelphia, the University of Pennsylvania Alumni of Philadelphia, the Rittenhouse Club and the Philadelphia Country Club. In politics, he



FRANCIS T. CHAMBERS

is allied with the Republican party. Mr. Chambers married, June 12, 1890, Nanette Schuyler Bolton; their children are: Francis Taylor, Katherine Schuyler and Christine Febiger Chambers.

GARITEE, Clarence John, 1872-

Class of 1890 Arts, 1894 Med

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; studied in Biological Department University of Pennsylvania; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

CLARENCE JOHN GARITEE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 26, 1872, the son of John and Mary Jane (Derrickson) Garitee. For seven years he was a student at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia. In 1888 he entered the Biological Department of the University of Pennsylvania. The next year he



CLARENCE J. GARITEE

passed to the Medical Department of the University, from which he was graduated in 1894. Since then he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia. From 1894 to 1897 he was Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital of that city, and in 1897 he was Instructor at the Philadelphia Polyclinic, in the Department for Diseases of the Stomach and the Intestines. For several years he has been Visiting Physician to the Out-Patient Department of the Episcopal Hospital. Dr. Garitee belongs to the Pathological and the Pædiatric societies, and to the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He is a member of the Medical Alumni and the General Alumni societies of the University of Pennsylvania, and of the Alumni Association

of the Episcopal Academy. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia.

THOMAS, Nathaniel Wiley, 1861-

Class of 1881.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; prepared for College at Rugby Academy; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1881; received degree of Doctor of Philosophy later; formerly Professor of Chemistry at Wittenberg and Muhlenberg colleges, and held same chair in Girard College more than fifteen years; appointed Chief Inspector of Gas and Meters, City of Philadelphia, 1899.

NATHANIEL WILEY THOMAS, Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 7, 1861. He is a son of the Rev. Dr. Samuel W. Thomas, and Margaret Ann Wiley. He pursued his preparatory studies at Rugby Academy and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1881, receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Muhlenberg College of Allentown, Pennsylvania, in 1883, also that of Master of Arts from Wooster (Ohio) University, *gratia causa*, the same year. Called to the Chair of Chemistry in Wittenberg College, he remained there until joining the Faculty of Muhlenberg College in a similar capacity, and from the latter institution he went to Girard College, Philadelphia, where he has been Professor of Chemistry for more than fifteen years. In 1899 he was appointed Chief Inspector of Gas and Meters in the reorganized Bureau of Gas, in the City of Philadelphia, receiving the highest per cent. in competition with four other applicants before a special civil service examining board consisting of Drs. Edgar F. Smith and John Marshall, of the University of Pennsylvania, and James H. Windrim. He was a Pennsylvania Commissioner to the Paris Exposition in 1889. Dr. Thomas is a member of the Chemical Society of Paris, France, the American Chemical Society, the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, and other scientific bodies. He married in Philadelphia, 1884, Elizabeth Johnson, daughter of William Call MacDonald.

MATTHEWS, William Leaming, 1849-

Class of 1871 Med.

Born at Cape May, N. J., 1849; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1882; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1871; druggist and practicing physician in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM LEAMING MATTHEWS, M.D., was born at Cape May, New Jersey, June 5, 1849, the son of Albert and Emily Leaming. His

early education was received in the public schools. Entering the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy he was graduated with the degree of Ph.G. in 1882. For two years he attended the courses in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated with the doctor's degree in March 1871. He began practice in Philadelphia immediately after graduation, and added the drug business to his interests in May 1873. Since that date he has been thus engaged dividing his time between this business and the practice of his profession. At different periods he has been examining physician



WILLIAM L. MATTHEWS

to several lodges, a local insurance company and various beneficial societies. In 1877 Dr. Matthews married Katie M. Allard. Their home is in Philadelphia.

LAUTENBACH, Louis J.,

Class of 1881 Med.

Born in Philadelphia; graduated Philadelphia Central High School, 1878; M.D. and Ph.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; practitioner in Philadelphia in diseases of eye, ear, throat and nose; author of many pamphlets on medical subjects.

LOUIS J. LAUTENBACH, M.D., Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, son of August John Lautenbach. He comes of German ancestors, and for seven generations on his father's side the family

has produced physicians, some of them of much eminence; before their emigration they were Court Physicians to the King of Würtemberg. His mother was Catherine Von Derau Weber; her progenitors were learned in the law, and came to this country from Alsace-Lorraine. Old age has characterized both stocks; singularly, but one death under eighty-two years of age has been discovered in either family during the past four generations. Louis J. Lautenbach received a public-school education in his native city and was graduated from the Central High School in February 1878. He occupied his summers with the study of German and natural history. After leaving the High School he devoted some six months to commercial life, in order that he might obtain an insight into business methods and financial management. His brother, B. Franklin Lautenbach, M.D., who had been Assistant Professor of Physiology at the University of Geneva in Switzerland, and was later Demonstrator in Physiology in the University of Pennsylvania, called upon him for assistance in many experiments, and he thus gained an introduction into the sciences. In 1878 he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Doctor of Medicine in 1881. In the same year he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University. Upon graduating from the Medical Department, Dr. Lautenbach obtained the Alumni Prize for his thesis on "Broom and its Alkaloid," and when taking his Doctor of Philosophy he secured the Alumni Prize for his dissertation on "Strychnine and its Antidotes." At about the same time he was honored with the degree of Master of Arts by the Philadelphia High School. Dr. Lautenbach is a frequent contributor to medical literature, and has written numerous pamphlets on eye, ear, nose and throat diseases, as well as on subjects pertaining to general and special hygiene, massage ear treatment, etc. He is also the inventor of numerous instruments which have been very useful in these departments of medicine. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pan-American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Neurological Society, the Medical Jurisprudence Society, the Northern Medical Society, and other medical bodies. He is also a member of the Merchant's Fund, the Mercantile Beneficial and the Mutual Aid societies, the Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Alexis Club. He formerly belonged to many literary societies, and has been a member of several

athletic associations, including the Belmont and Tioga cricket clubs, the Overbrook Athletic Club and the German Turners. He is also a member of the Civil Service Reform Association, is one of the



LOUIS J. LAUTENBACH

managers of the Municipal League of Philadelphia and has for years been an active officer in his ward organization. He has for years been a manager of the High School Alumni Association. Dr. Lautenbach married Amy Pauline Warren, of Boston; they have one daughter, Marguerite Lautenbach. Their home is in Philadelphia.

SCHLEGELMILCH, George Edward, 1862-

Class of 1883 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; educated public schools, Fewsmith's Classical School, University of Pennsylvania and Peirce Business College; graduated University Law Department, 1886; practiced law in Philadelphia till 1894; Vice-President German-American Title & Trust Company, Philadelphia; member Common Council, 1891-97; writer upon legal and financial subjects.

GEORGE EDWARD SCHLEGELMILCH was born in Philadelphia, June 6, 1862, son of John and Mary Dorothea (Schmidt) Schlegelmilch. He is of German descent. Having attended the public schools of his native city, including the Boys' Central High School, he was

fitted for College at Fewsmith's Classical School, and was graduated as Bachelor of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania in 1883. His collegiate studies were supplemented by a course at the Peirce Business College, at the conclusion of which he entered mercantile business as a book-keeper, and continued thus employed for several months. His legal preparations were begun under the preceptorship of the late E. Coppée Mitchell, Esq., and completed in the Law Department of the University from which he was graduated in the Class of 1886 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Admitted a practitioner to both the county and supreme courts, he continued in the legal profession until 1894, when he was elected Vice-President of the German-American Title & Trust Company, of Philadelphia, and has ever since devoted his exclusive attention to the duties of that office. Mr. Schlegelmilch has figured quite conspicuously in local public affairs, having represented the Nineteenth Ward in the Common Council from 1891 to 1897. Politically he is a Republican with independent proclivities. He is a member of both the General and the Law



G. E. SCHLEGELMILCH

Alumni societies of the University, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Young Maenner-chor, the Masonic Order, also the German Society of Pennsylvania, the Young Republican, the Philadelphia

Rifle and the Anti-Cobden clubs. As a legal writer he is known on both sides of the Atlantic, having contributed articles to the American and English Encyclopedia of Law. In 1893 he published a pamphlet on the "Cancellation of Certain 6% Securities in the Sinking Fund of the City of Philadelphia." Mr. Schlegelmilch is unmarried.

LEOPOLD, Isaac, 1864-

Class of 1883 Science, 1886 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; educated public schools, and under a private tutor; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania 1883, M.D. 1886; Consulting Ophthalmologist to Jewish Maternity Hospital; Ophthalmologist to Philadelphia Home for Incurables six years; Attending Physician to United Hebrew Charities and Jewish Maternity Association ten years; Assistant in Eye clinics at German Hospital and at Mary J. Drexel Home eight years; Medical Director Jewish Maternity and Seaside homes; Consulting Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to Jewish Hospital and Kensington Hospital for Women; Ophthalmic Surgeon to Union Mission Hospital; Vice-President North-West Medical Society, 1898.

ISAAC LEOPOLD, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 6, 1864, son of Simon and Delia (Levi) Leopold. His father was born in Osthofen, Germany, and his mother was born in America. He studied preliminarily in the public schools of Philadelphia, attending the Central High School from 1876 to 1878, and continued his studies under a private tutor. For seven years he was a student at the University of Pennsylvania, pursuing for four years (1879-1883) a course in the Towne Scientific School preparatory to entering the Medical Department, and he was graduated from the latter with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. Since entering into practice he has labored principally in the field of ophthalmology, to which he gave his particular attention while a student, and he has obtained a high reputation as a specialist in diseases of the eye. His hospital appointments, which have been numerous, began with that of Consulting Ophthalmologist to the Jewish Maternity Hospital, which was followed by a call in the same capacity to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, where he remained for six years, and for a period of ten years he occupied the post of Attending Physician to the United Hebrew Charities and Jewish Maternity Association. For eight years he served as Assistant in the Eye clinics at the German Hospital and at the Mary J. Drexel Home, and was for some time personal assistant to the well-known Philadelphia surgeon, Dr. Charles S. Turnbull. He is at

the present time Medical Director of the Jewish Maternity Home, Philadelphia, and also of the Jewish Seaside Home, Atlantic City, New Jersey; Consultant Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to the Jewish Hospital and the Kensington Hospital for Women; and Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Union Mission Hospital. Dr. Leopold is a member of the American and the Pennsylvania State medical associations, the Philadelphia County Medical, the Pathological, Pediatric and Medico-Legal societies, and the North-West Medical Society, of which latter he was Vice-President in 1898. He is also a member of



ISAAC LEOPOLD

Montgomery Lodge, No. 19, Free and Accepted Masons, and Columbia Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Mercantile Club, and the Philadelphia Medical Club. Numerous articles from his pen relative to his specialty, published in the medical journals, have been widely read, and are considered valuable additions to contemporary medical literature. In politics he is a Republican. On June 7, 1888, he married Sara Stein; their children are: Florence S., Simon S., and Charles S. Leopold.

FINLETTER, Thomas Dickson, 1862-

Class of 1882.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1882; studied in Department of Law

University of Pennsylvania, 1883-84; Assistant City Solicitor Philadelphia, 1884-87; Assistant District Attorney, 1888-1902; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

THOMAS DICKSON FINLETTER, son of Thomas K. Finletter and Martha M. McIlroy, was born in Philadelphia, October 20, 1862. He is of Scotch-Irish descent in both the paternal and maternal lines. At an early age he was placed in the Protestant Episcopal Academy in his native city, where he was prepared for the Course in Arts at the University of Pennsylvania. Entering the University in 1878 he was graduated in 1882 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and afterward ma-



THOMAS D. FINLETTER

triculated in the Law School, where he pursued the professional course in the year 1883-1884, but took the Bar examinations without graduating. In February 1884 he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor, under City Solicitors William Nelson West and Charles F. Warwick, the latter afterward Mayor of Philadelphia. He continued to hold this position until December 1887, when he became Assistant District Attorney under George S. Graham, Esq. Mr. Finletter held this office for ten years, from January 1888 to December 1898, when Mr. Graham's term expired, and P. Fred. Rothermel, Jr., became District Attorney. Mr. Rothermel made Mr. Finletter his First Assistant, and he served in this post for the full three-years term, leaving office

with his chief at the end of December 1901. Mr. Finletter is politically a Republican. He is a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, also of the University Club and the Young Republican Club of that city. He married, June 3, 1891, Helen M. Grill, and has one son: Thomas Knight Finletter, Jr. He resides in West Philadelphia.

CARLILE, William Wilson, 1865-

Class of 1885 Arts, 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1883; Ph.B. Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, 1885; studied at Universities of Halle and Berlin in Germany; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM WILSON CARLILE was born in Philadelphia, July 15, 1865, and is a son of Justus Acuff and Kate Meech (Frederick) Carlile. His early education was received at the Philadelphia public schools and he was graduated Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in 1883. He at once passed into the Wharton School of Finance and Economy at the University of Pennsylvania, and was one of its first graduates. In 1885, upon completion of its courses, he received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, and upon the advice of Professor Edmund J. James and other of his instructors in the Wharton School, he went abroad to avail himself of the advantages offered to students at the German Universities. He spent two semesters, 1885-1886, at the University of Halle-Wittenberg, and the winter semester of 1886 at the University of Berlin. Upon his return to the United States he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888. Mr. Carlile has been engaged continuously in the practice of the law in Philadelphia since his admission to the Bar, which closely followed his graduation. He is a member of the Germantown Cricket Club, the Lawyers' Club and the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia. On June 2, 1886, he was married, at Columbus, Ohio, to Florence Jeffrey, a graduate of Smith College. They have one daughter, Dorothea Carlile. Mr. Carlile resides in Germantown.

WILSON, Arthur Montgomery, 1862-1884.

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; student in Philadelphia High School; graduated M.D. and Ph.D., University

of Pennsylvania, 1882; began practice in Philadelphia when not yet of legal age; died 1884.

ARTHUR MONTGOMERY WILSON, M.D., Ph.D., a son of Dr. Benjamin B. Wilson and Mara Louisa Rebola, was born in Philadelphia, August 10, 1862. Through his father he was descended from English Quakers who settled in New Jersey about 1660, afterward crossing into Pennsylvania and locating on lands in that province prior to the arrival of William Penn. His maternal grandfather was a Colonel in the Italian contingent of the French Army under the command of Prince Eugene



ARTHUR M. WILSON

who came to America after the disastrous expedition to Moscow and intermarried with the Francis family in New England. Dr. Arthur Montgomery Wilson attended the Philadelphia public schools, reaching the High School, from which he passed to the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He took the degree of Doctor of Medicine at that institution in March 1882, and in the following June obtained the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, both before he had completed his twentieth year. Immediately after graduation and while still under legal age, Dr. Wilson commenced the practice of his profession near the place of his birth and with the people among whom he had grown to manhood. His success was immediate and pronounced, and his career for two years was a very exceptional one for

a young physician. The laborious work of a practitioner of medicine proved too much, however, for a physique already overtaxed by his studies while at the University. He was stricken with typhoid fever and from its effects he never fully recovered, although continuing his practice almost to the time of his death. He died March 31, 1884, in the twenty-second year of his age, and a very promising career was thus cut short in the blossom of young manhood. Dr. Wilson was unmarried.

SCHIVELY, Edwin Ford, 1860-

Class of 1880 Arts, 1884 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; entered Haverford College, 1876; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1880, M.A. in course, LL.B. 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

EDWIN FORD SCHIVELY is descended from a German family which originally spelled its name Scheufelen. The ancestry is traced directly to Hans Leonhardt Scheuffelen, a pupil of Albrecht Dürer, who was born in Nuremberg in 1490 and died in 1540, some of whose canvases may still be seen in Continental galleries. The first of the name to arrive in this country were two brothers, George Adam Scheufelen and Jacob Scheufelen; they landed in America about 1748. The subject of this sketch is a descendant of George Adam Scheufelen, who was his great-great-grandfather. His great-grandfather, George Schively, was a soldier in the Pennsylvania militia before the Revolution, and also in the Continental Army during the war. George's son, Henry, born in 1784, established a reputation and accumulated a large fortune in the manufacture of surgical instruments; he carried on this business in Philadelphia for more than twenty-five years. One of his sons, William Henry Schively, born in 1821, was a graduate in 1842 of the College of Pharmacy of Philadelphia, and was for many years a prominent figure among the drug-importing merchants of that city. The latter in 1858 married Anna Thomas Ford, daughter of Samuel C. Ford, a prominent merchant of Philadelphia, and of this marriage Edwin Ford Schively was born, in Philadelphia, May 9, 1860. When about seven years of age (his mother having died in 1866), his father removed from Spruce Street to Germantown, devoting almost his entire time henceforward to the training of his son to an appreciation of his own scientific and literary tastes. In 1875 the son for a time attended Barker's Collegiate Institute in Germantown, from

which he passed in 1876 to Haverford College. He left that College in February 1877, and then spent some months reading with a private tutor. The following autumn he entered the Sophomore class in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with honor with the Bachelor of Arts degree June 15, 1880. Three years later he received the Master's degree from the University. For a year after his graduation in 1880 Mr. Schively taught Latin and Greek at the Germantown Academy and Miss Stevens' School in Germantown. His tastes inclining him to the law



EDWIN F. SCHIVELY

he registered as student in the office of Edward Shippen, Esq. In 1882 he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated in 1884, and was at once admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. In 1887 he aided the Commonwealth Title Company in organizing their plant, and for the next three years was in charge of real estate settlements with the Real Estate Title Insurance Company. Since 1890 Mr. Schively has been engaged in private practice in Philadelphia, which has grown rapidly in value and importance. On February 3, 1887, he married Mary Esther Roots, younger daughter of Francis Marion Roots, a well-known inventor and manufacturer of Connersville, Indiana. They have had four children, two of

whom are living. Mr. Schively is a member of the Young Republican Club of Germantown and the Pennsylvania Historical Society. He feels a deep interest in literary and musical matters. He has delivered several courses of lectures on various topics at the Germantown Academy. He has made a life study of the history of the Greek New Testament, and his library contains a large collection of the different editions of that Testament. Some of these are very valuable, as for instance a facsimile of the entire "Codex Bezae," one of the most interesting of the Greek Testament manuscripts. For many years Mr. Schively has been the organist in leading churches in Germantown; from 1878 to 1894 he officiated at the Second Presbyterian Church and since 1898 he has been the organist of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church in Germantown.

MERRICK, John Vaughan, Jr., 1864-

Class of 1884.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; educated Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1884; Master of Latin and History at Episcopal Academy 1884 to present time, and interested in various Philadelphia institutions.

JOHN VAUGHAN MERRICK, JR., was born at "Houghton," Roxborough, Philadelphia, July 4, 1864, son of John Vaughan and Mary Sophia (Wagner) Merrick. He is of English descent and the family name, which under its original spelling, Meyrick, is to be found in Burke's "Peerage," was changed to its present form by his ancestor, John Merrick, who settled in Maine in 1790. His father is a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. He was prepared for College at the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, where he was a pupil from 1875 to 1880, in which latter year he entered the University, taking his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1884 and that of Master of Arts in 1888. Shortly after graduating he was summoned back to the Episcopal Academy as a member of its force of instructors, and has ever since retained the Masterships of Latin and History. He is an active participant in all matters relative to the general welfare of the academy and was especially interested in the musical training of its pupils, having been director of the church choir connected with that institution from 1888 to 1900. He is also interested in several other institutions, being Secretary of the Board of Managers of St. Timothy's Hospital, a Trustee of the Wagner Free Institute of Science, of the Charles E.

Thomas Memorial Library and of St. James' Chapel, Prouts Neck, Maine. He is President of the Wissahickon Cricket Club, a Director of the Philadelphia Club, non-active member of the Philadelphia Barge Club, life member of the Free and Open Church Association; a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, life member of the Zoölogical Society of Philadelphia, the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, of the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and a vestryman of St. Timothy's Church. In national politics he is a Republican, but in municipal issues he acts independently. On



J. VAUGHAN MERRICK, JR.

June 13, 1893, Mr. Merrick married Annie Brown, daughter of Michael D. Harter, of Ohio; they have four children: John Vaughan, 3rd, Mary Harter, Anne Brown, and Catharine Merrick.

WELSH, Samuel, 1864-

Class of 1885.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1885; engaged in insurance business for eight years; banker in Philadelphia; Consul-General for Pennsylvania, for Nicaragua, Honduras and Guatemala, 1894-98.

SAMUEL WELSH was born in Philadelphia, April 22, 1864, son of Samuel and Elizabeth Conrad (Young) Welsh. He was fitted for College at the Episcopal and Germantown academies, pass-

VOL. II. — 18

ing then to the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in June 1885. For two years he was in the employ of the Philadelphia National Bank, and then for two years was connected with the Philadelphia Warehouse Company. For the next eight years he was engaged in the insurance business as a member of the firm of Brockie & Welsh, and for the past four years he has been a member of the firm of Ervin & Company, bankers, of Philadelphia. From 1894 to 1898, a period of about four years, Mr. Welsh was Consul-General for Pennsylvania for the Central American Republics of Nicaragua, Honduras and Guatemala. He belongs to the Zeta Psi Fraternity, and is a member of the Philadelphia, University, Racquet, Country, Philadelphia Cricket and Germantown Cricket clubs. He resides at Chestnut Hill. He married, October 25, 1892, Emily Loomis Price, by whom he has had five children, four of whom are now living, two sons and two daughters.

HARLAN, Joseph Martin, 1864-

Class of 1886.

Born in Chester county, Pa., 1864; educated in public schools, and University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1886; Secretary and Treasurer West Philadelphia Stock Yard Company since 1885.

JOSEPH MARTIN HARLAN was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1864. He is a son of Thomas and Mary Ann (Martin) Harlan and is of English and Irish ancestry. After passing through the Philadelphia public schools, he entered the Scientific Department at the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1886, but left at the beginning of Junior year. In 1885 he was elected Secretary and Treasurer of the West Philadelphia Stock Yard Company, a position which he has held continuously ever since. Mr. Harlan is a member of the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a Republican in politics, and resides in Philadelphia. On February 23, 1897, he married Ella B. Shriver, by whom he has one daughter, Marion Shriver Harlan.

SMITH, Lewis Lawrence, 1864-

Class of 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated University of Pennsylvania, A.B. 1884, LL.B. 1886; practicing attorney in Philadelphia.

LEWIS LAWRENCE SMITH was born in Philadelphia, July 7, 1864, son of A. Lewis and Rebecca Levis (Wood) Smith. His ancestors

were early English and Welsh settlers of Pennsylvania, who took up lands in what is now Delaware county. He is connected on his father's side with the Hayes, Lewis and Lawrence families, and through his mother with the Levis' and Wood's. After attending the private school of Anna M. Walter at Media, Pennsylvania, and the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated from the Department of Arts in 1884 and was President of his class during the Senior year. Later he took a course in the Law School of the University, from which he received



L. L. SMITH

the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1886 and was awarded the Sharswood Prize for an essay on "Transfer of Negotiable Paper as Collateral Security." Mr. Smith was admitted to the Bar in Philadelphia and Delaware counties in 1886, and has practiced law continuously ever since. On June 29, 1892, he married Gertrude Gouverneur Clemson; they have two children: Lewis Gouverneur and Ludlow Ogden Smith. In politics Mr. Smith is a Republican. He is a member of the University Club, the Phi Beta Kappa, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, the Philobiblon Club and the Alpha Tau Omega Fraternity.

MASSEY, Henry Vogdes, 1861-

Class of 1885 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; A.B. Central High School, Philadelphia, 1879; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1885; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1884; member Board of Port Wardens of Philadelphia, 1893-99; Judge Advocate, with rank of Major, First Brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1898; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

HENRY VOGDES MASSEY, son of Jacob Richardson and Elizabeth Vogdes Massey, was born in Philadelphia, October 8, 1861. On his father's side he is the seventh in descent from Thomas Massey, who was born in Cheshire, England, in 1663, and settled in Marple township in Chester county, now Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1685. In the maternal line he is sixth in descent from Rinear Vogdes, who emigrated to America and located in Germantown, Pennsylvania, about the year 1730. Mr. Massey was graduated as Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in his native city in June 1879, and in June 1884 received the degree of Master of Arts from that school. He matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and engaged in private reading of law under preceptors. On February 4, 1884, he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and in 1885 he was graduated Bachelor of Laws from the University. Mr. Massey has ever since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. From June 1893 to June 1899 he was a member of the Board of Port Wardens of Philadelphia. In 1898 he was appointed Judge Advocate, with the rank of Major, in the First Brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. Mr. Massey is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the Union League, the University Club of Philadelphia and the Merion Cricket Club. He married, January 12, 1888, Anna Massey Dunwoody, by whom he has two sons: Henry Vogdes Massey, Jr., born in 1889, and Edward Morrell Massey, born in 1893.

DEWEY, Archibald Reuben, 1862-

Class of 1886 Law.

Born in St. Albans, Vt., 1862; A.B. and A.M. Philadelphia High School; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1886; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; active worker for municipal reform.

ARCHIBALD REUBEN DEWEY, son of Julian Hiland and Clarissa Northrop (Brigham) Dewey, was born in St. Albans, Vermont, December 16, 1862. His early schooling was obtained at St. Albans Academy in his native place.

Upon the family's removal to Philadelphia he entered the public schools in that city, passing through the G. G. Meade School and then becoming a student in the Central High School, from which he



ARCHIBALD R. DEWEY

graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The school subsequently conferred upon him the Master's degree. At the conclusion of his High School course he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in June 1886. Mr. Dewey has practiced law in Philadelphia since that date. A Republican in politics, he has been very active in local reform movements. He is a member of the Lawyers' Club, and belongs also to the West Philadelphia Boat Club. He married, February 4, 1890, Lillie A. Boner, and has three children: a son, Robert Hiland Dewey; and two daughters, Gertrude Ardelle and Dorothy Brigham Dewey. Mr. Dewey resides in Germantown.

HANNIS, William Cuthbert, 1835-

Class of 1859 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1859; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1858.

WILLIAM CUTHBERT HANNIS, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, March 4, 1835. His father was William Hannis, the ancestors on this

side coming from England to Philadelphia about 1690. His mother was Rosina Kochersperger, whose ancestors came from Germany about 1750. Mr. Hannis attended Treemount Seminary at Norristown, a popular school in its day, under the management of Rev. Samuel Aaron, and entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1859. In the meantime he had been admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar in 1858, having read law in the office of the late Edward Hopper, Esq. For more than forty years Mr. Hannis has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. He has given his attention to all classes of cases except criminal law — the business of corporations, equity, decedents' estates, real estate, etc. For many years he has been a Vestryman in St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church of West Philadelphia. He is a member of the Merion Cricket Club, the Belmont Cricket Club and the Hamilton Whist Club, and he has been at various times and is to-day Trustee for many charitable organizations. He is a Republican in politics, but independent in municipal affairs, and



WILLIAM C. HANNIS

has never held nor sought any public office. In 1865 Mr. Hannis was married to Mary Whiteside, a daughter of Justus Whiteside, a well-known druggist of Philadelphia. He has two children, both daughters.

BLOOM, Edgar Selden, 1874-

Class of 1895

Born at Bloomsbury, N. J., 1874; B.S. University of Pennsylvania 1895, M.E. 1896; Construction Engineer New York Telephone Company.

EDGAR SELDEN BLOOM, M.E., the son of Erastus Starner and Mary Taylor (Smith) Bloom, was born in Bloomsbury, New Jersey, December 17, 1874. He was prepared for College in Philadelphia, where he attended the Manual Training School. Matriculating in the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated from the Scientific Department with the degree of Bachelor of Science



EDGAR S. BLOOM

in 1895, afterward taking a post-graduate course in engineering which led to the degree of Master of Engineering in June 1896. He almost immediately entered the service of the New York Telephone Company, of which he has been Construction Engineer since July 1896. In College Mr. Bloom was an Associate Editor of the University Courier, a member of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity, took honors both in Freshman and Sophomore years, and in his Senior year was elected to Mu Phi Alpha (Honorary Engineering Fraternity). He is a member of the University of Pennsylvania and the Delta Upsilon clubs of New York, also of the West Side Republican Club, and an ex-member of the Naval Militia of New York.

SELLERS, Edwin Jaquett, 1865-

Class of 1886 Arts, 1889 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; educated at Rugby and the Episcopal academies, Philadelphia, and under a private tutor; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1886, LL.B. 1889; admitted to Bar, 1889; practiced in Philadelphia latter year to present time; assisted in compiling Pennsylvania Statutes at Large.

EDWIN JAQUETT SELLERS, born in Philadelphia, July 25, 1865, is the son of David Wampole and Anna Frances (Jaquett) Sellers. His father was a prominent member of the Philadelphia Bar and several of his ancestors were distinguished colonists and patriots. His paternal American progenitor, Philip Henry Söller, emigrated to Pennsylvania in 1727 from Wenheim, near Mannheim, Germany, and the emigrant ancestor of his mother's family, Jean Paul Jaquett, was a native of Nuremberg and appointed Governor of Delaware in 1655. Among the latter's descendants were Lieut. Joseph Jaquett, killed in the battle on Long Island in 1776; Major Peter Jaquett, an officer of the Delaware Regiment during the Revolutionary War and Vice-President of the Delaware Society of the Cincinnati; and Rev. Joseph Jaquett, who edited the first American edition of the Hebrew Bible. He is also a descendant of Henry Stretcher, early member of the Assembly from Sussex county, Delaware; Thomas Fenwick, of the same county, Register of Wills, High Sheriff, Judge and Provincial Councillor; Simon Kollock, Judge, High Sheriff and Assemblyman from Sussex county; Judge Hercules Shepard, also of Sussex county, who married a daughter of Capt. John Avery, commissioned by Andros in 1676; Capt. Anthony Wayne, grandfather of the distinguished Revolutionary General of that name; and Dr. Francis Joseph Pfeiffer, an eminent physician of the eighteenth century. The preliminary studies of Edwin Jaquett Sellers were pursued at the Rugby and Episcopal academies, Philadelphia, and he completed his collegiate preparations under the private tuition of the late Henry Hobart Brown. He entered the University with the Class of 1886, taking his Bachelor's degree at the conclusion of the regular academic course, and after devoting a year to the reading of law in his father's office, returned to the University as a law student, receiving at graduation in 1889 the degrees of Master of Arts and Bachelor of Laws. After his admission to the Philadelphia Bar, June 15, 1889, he became associated with his father, and has assisted the latter in many important cases relating chiefly to corpor-

ations; upon his father's death, he succeeded him as one of the Solicitors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He has been a member of the Seventh Ward Democratic Executive Committee and was elected a School Director for that district in 1895; was at one time Democratic nominee for Common Council and Clerk of the Quarter Sessions; was a Delegate to the Democratic Convention at Indianapolis in 1896 which nominated Palmer and Buckner for President and Vice-President, and also to the Convention held in 1898 for the revision of party rules. He voted, however,



EDWIN JAQUETT SELLERS

for McKinley for a second term. Mr. Sellers is a member of many clubs and organizations, including the Loyal Legion, Society of Cincinnati, Sons of the Revolution, Society of American Wars, Pennsylvania Colonial Society, Society of the Descendants of Colonial Governors, Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania German Society, the Law Academy, Law Association, the University Club and University Barge Club. He assisted in the compilation of Volume II of the Pennsylvania Statutes at Large. On June 6, 1894, he was married, at St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, to Blanche Bingham, daughter of Michael Ehret, Esq., of Philadelphia. His only child, Ellen Jaquett Sellers, was born March 6, 1895.

CARPENTER, John Thomas, 1866-

Class of 1889 Med

Born in Pottsville, Pa., 1866; graduated Pottsville High School, 1883; entered Trinity College, 1883; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1889; Assistant Surgeon Wills Eye Hospital, 1892-99; Adjunct Professor Ophthalmology Philadelphia Polyclinic, 1893-1900; medical examiner for several insurance companies; specialist in diseases of the eye; practitioner in Philadelphia.

JOHN THOMAS CARPENTER, M.D., comes of a distinguished line of physicians. His grandfather, Dr. James Stratton Carpenter, a descendant of Samuel Carpenter who joined William Penn in Philadelphia in 1682, holding many prominent offices under the Provincial Government, being the Treasurer of the Province and a member of the Governor's Council from 1685 to 1714, was widely known in the profession; he was born in 1807, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania and pursued his studies for a time in Paris, returning in 1839 to practice in Pottsville, Pennsylvania, where he died in 1872. His son, Dr. John Thomas Carpenter, the father of the subject of this sketch, also attained eminence in medicine; he graduated with first honors from the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania in 1852 and took his diploma in medicine from the same institution in 1855, had a notable career through the War of the Rebellion, serving as Brigade Surgeon and later as Medical Director in the Army of West Virginia, and as well as his father, was President of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. His son, Dr. John Thomas Carpenter the younger, was born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1866, and was prepared for College at the Pottsville High School, from which he was graduated in 1883. In the September following, he entered Trinity College, and subsequently matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which his father and grandfather had received their degrees, being graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1889. He was at once appointed Resident Physician at the Mercer Memorial Hospital for Women at Atlantic City, New Jersey. In 1890, after examination, he was chosen Resident Physician at the Presbyterian Hospital, but resigned in a short time owing to ill health. During the winter of 1890-1891 he was Surgical Resident at the University Hospital. Ever since that date he has been engaged in private practice in Philadelphia, making a specialty of ophthalmology. From 1892 to 1899 Dr. Carpenter was Assistant Surgeon in the Wills Eye Hospital. In 1893 he was elected Adjunct Professor of Ophthal-

mology in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, a position which he continued to occupy until 1900. He is a medical examiner for the New York Life Insurance Company, the Hartford Life Insurance Company and the Home Life Insurance Company of New York, and is a member of the American Medical Association, the American Ophthalmological Society, the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and the Pathological, the Pediatric and County medical societies of Philadelphia. He is a frequent contributor to medical literature of articles upon diseases of the eye. Dr. Carpenter belongs to the



JOHN T. CARPENTER

Markham Club of Philadelphia. On October 29, 1890, he married Mary Bird Fuller of Philadelphia, by whom he has three children: Elizabeth Wilmer, Eleanor Stratton and John Thomas Carpenter, Jr. He resides at St. Davids, Pennsylvania.

DIXON, Samuel Gibson, 1851-

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; studied law, and admitted to Philadelphia Bar 1877; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Assistant Demonstrator of Physiology, University of Pennsylvania; studied in London and Munich; graduated King's College, London; appointed Professor of Hygiene and Dean of Auxiliary Department of Medicine,

University of Pennsylvania, 1888; Professor of Bacteriology and Microscopical Technology, Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia, 1890; Curator of the Academy 1891 to date and President of same since 1896; member Board of Education of Philadelphia since 1898; Vice-President Ludwick Institute of Philadelphia; author of many works on hygiene and bacteriology; discoverer of lymph for the inoculation of consumptives.

SAMUEL GIBSON DIXON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 23, 1851, in the old homestead on the banks of the Schuylkill River below Bartram's Gardens where the family settled upon its arrival in this country, April 17, 1721, and where members of the family have lived ever since that date. His father was Isaac Dixon and his mother, Ann Gibson Dixon. He received a thorough elementary schooling in Quaker institutions in Philadelphia, attending the Mantua Academy for a time, and later the Mercantile College, from which he graduated. His taste at an early age inclined him to scientific research, and he began the study of medicine, but a protracted European tour caused an interruption of his course. When he returned to this country his attention was directed to the law. After carefully preparing himself in the necessary branches he was admitted to the Bar and was rapidly building up a valuable practice, when his health failed and he was compelled to retire to his country seat. There for a time he occupied himself with the breeding of fancy cattle, horses and dogs. His active mind revolted, however, at the thought of so inactive a life, and at an age when most men consider their studies at an end he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. While still a student in that institution the Trustees appointed him an Assistant Demonstrator of Physiology. He was graduated with honors as a Doctor of Medicine in 1886. His health having broken down again, he once more went to Europe to reestablish it, and upon his return he was in 1888 elected Professor of Hygiene in the Medical and Scientific departments, and Dean of the Auxiliary Department of Medicine, at the University of Pennsylvania. The next year he returned to Europe for purposes of study. In London he worked for a time in the Department of Bacteriology of King's College, and was graduated from that institution. He studied also at the State College of Medicine in London and for several months in Pettenkofer's Laboratory of Hygiene in Munich. In 1890 he withdrew from the University of Pennsylvania to take the Chair of Bacteriology and Microscopical Technology at the Academy of Natural

Sciences in Philadelphia, in which position he has made himself widely celebrated as a man of science. Since 1891 he has been Curator of the Academy. In 1892 he was appointed its Executive Curator, and he has been the President of the institution since 1896. While at work in the European laboratories he became convinced that a substance might be secured which would have beneficial qualities if injected into a system infected with the bacteria of tuberculosis. The results of his earliest studies were published in 1889, and Dr. Dixon and Dr. Robert Koch, the eminent German bacteriologist, as it sub-



SAMUEL G. DIXON

sequently developed, working upon independent lines, arrived at practically identical conclusions, namely: that a lymph might be used to prevent the spread and the dread effects of consumption. Since 1898 Dr. Dixon has been a member of the Board of Education of Philadelphia, where his influence has been consistently and vigorously employed in behalf of a fuller observance of the laws of health in the public schools. He is also a Vice-President of the Ludwick Institute of Philadelphia, and Vice-President of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Board of Managers of the American Philosophical Society, the Grandm Institution, the Zoölogical Society, and the Wistar Institute of Anatomy, all of Philadel-

phia; and is an active member of the College of Physicians, the Pennsylvania Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania Hospital. He is also a Corresponding Member of the National Society of Natural History and Mathematics of Cherbourg, France. He belongs also to the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Franklin Institute, the Philadelphia Club, the University Club of Philadelphia, the American Archæological and Asiatic Association, the Tobique Salmon Club, the Pen and Pencil Club and the Merion Cricket Club. Dr. Dixon has published many works on hygiene and bacteriology, embodying the results of his scientific investigations in many different fields of study. He married Fannie Gibert, and has one daughter: Catherine H. Dixon. He resides in Philadelphia.

MOYER, Irwin Justus, 1858-

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Greenville, Pa., 1858; attended Mount Union College, Ohio; graduated Edinboro State Normal School, Edinboro, Pa., 1882; M.D. Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O., 1886; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practitioner in Pittsburg since 1888; Staff Physician Mercy Hospital in that city since 1891; Police Surgeon City of Pittsburg, 1890-95; Associate Professor Clinical Medicine, Medical Department Western Pennsylvania University.

IRWIN JUSTUS MOYER, M.D., was born in Greenville, Pennsylvania, September 5, 1858, son of William and Nancy (Dunham) Moyer. The first American representative of the Moyer family came from Germany and settled in Pennsylvania about 1730, in which state the lineal descendants have lived. After attending the common schools at Greenville and Sharpville, Pennsylvania, he entered an academy at Hartford, Ohio, where he was prepared for Mount Union College at Mount Union, Ohio. After studying at that institution for several terms he passed to the Edinboro Normal School at Edinboro, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in June 1882. For a time he taught in the public schools, but soon he determined upon medical studies, and matriculated in the Medical Department of Western Reserve University at Cleveland, Ohio, where he was a student from 1883 to 1886, graduating as a Doctor of Medicine in the latter year. He served his year as Interne at Mercy Hospital in Pittsburg in 1886-1887, and then entered the Fourth Year Class in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, being

graduated from that institution in June 1888. Later in that year he began the practice of his profession in Pittsburg where he has resided and practiced ever since. In 1889 he was elected Assistant Physician to the Staff of the Mercy Hospital in that city, where he had served his term as Interne, and two years later was advanced to the rank of Staff Physician, a position he still holds. From 1890 to 1896 he was Police Surgeon for the City of Pittsburg. Dr. Moyer is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, of which



I. J. MOYER

latter organization he is a charter member and an ex-President. He is also Associate Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Medical Department of the Western University of Pennsylvania. He is a Republican in politics, a protectionist and an advocate of sound money doctrines. Dr. Moyer married, April 19, 1892, Lillian Carter; they have two sons: William Irwin and Sanford J. Moyer.

HATCH, John Leffingwell, 1863-

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Rochester, N. Y., 1863; educated private and public schools, Rochester University, University of Pennsylvania and in Europe; physician in New

York City; Assistant Demonstrator of Morbid Anatomy and Pathological Histology University of Pennsylvania, 1890; Lecturer on Bacteriology there 1891; Surgeon Red Star and American Steamship lines; Sanitary Inspector Port of Antwerp, Belgium, in United States Marine Hospital Service some time; Pathologist Philadelphia Hospital; Professor of Laryngology New York Clinical School of Medicine; Laryngologist West-Side German Dispensary, New York City; honor man University of Pennsylvania, Medical Department; fellow of the Royal Microscopical Society, London, and contributor to medical literature.

JOHAN LEFFINGWELL HATCH, M.D., was born in Rochester, New York, September 8, 1863, son of Charles Bacon and Sarah (Leffingwell) Hatch. The Hatch family is of English origin and the Leffingwells went to England from Holland, where the name was written Loeffingwohl. The maiden surname of Dr. Hatch's maternal grandmother was Devendorf, and her father emigrated from Holland. Dr. Hatch studied preliminarily in a private school and was subsequently a pupil in the Rochester public schools including the High School, where he was fitted for the Rochester University, which he attended. He was a student of the University of Pennsylvania, pursuing courses in both science and medicine; was awarded two prizes at graduation and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. His classical studies were supplemented with post-graduate courses in German, French and Italian at the Rochester University, and he completed his medical preparations with post-graduate work at the University of Pennsylvania, in Bacteriology and Pathology, and also in the hospitals and laboratories of Philadelphia, Heidelberg and Paris. In 1890 he was Assistant Demonstrator of Morbid Anatomy and Pathological Histology at the University of Pennsylvania, was in the following year Lecturer there on Bacteriology. He accepted and held for some time the appointment of Surgeon of the Red Star and American Steamship lines, and was also attached to the United States Marine Hospital service, occupying while abroad the post of Sanitary Inspector at the Port of Antwerp, Belgium. Subsequently he was appointed Pathologist to the Philadelphia Hospital, Professor of Laryngology in the New York Clinical School of Medicine and Laryngologist to the West-Side German Dispensary, New York City. Dr. Hatch is a fellow of the Academy of Science, Philadelphia, and the Royal Microscopical Society of London, England; is an honorary member of the Philadelphia Pathological Society and member of the Medico-Legal Society, of

New York, and the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, Beta Phi Chapter of Rochester. In 1901 he was chosen to represent the New York Medico-Legal Society at the British Congress on Tuberculosis in



J. L. HATCH

London. He has contributed quite extensively to medical literature and has also published a number of short stories, poems and songs.

BROOKS, Thomas Fernley, 1864-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; educated in public schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; counsel for various corporations; supervisor of Census of 1890 for farms and mortgages in Philadelphia county; Secretary of Sons of Delaware, 1892-94.

THOMAS FERNLEY BROOKS was born in Philadelphia, February 17, 1864. His father, John T. Brooks, is of English ancestry, the home of the family having been at Bolton, England. His mother was Susan D. Scheetz, of Swedish descent, her ancestors having come from Sweden and settled at Smyrna, Delaware, in the latter part of the seventeenth century. Mr. Brooks attended the public schools of Philadelphia, and later a graded school at Berlin, New Jersey, where he remained from 1870 until 1879. For two years following

he was a student in the Berlin Academy, and then for two years he pursued his studies under private preceptors and tutors. For a short period he was employed by a business house of Philadelphia, and for a year was associated with the Law Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He then entered the law office of A. J. Maloney, Esq., where he was a student for five years, two years of which time, 1886 to 1888, he was a student in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He received his Bachelor of Laws in 1888, and has since been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. Mr. Brooks is prominently associated with several corporations, both as an officer and as a counsellor-at-law. He is Secretary and Treasurer of three companies. In 1890 he was the Supervisor of the Census for the Department of Farms and Mortgages for Philadelphia county. He is a member of the Sons of Delaware, of which he was the Secretary from August 1892 to December 1894; the Mt. Airy Country Club, the Island Heights Yacht Club, the Junior Order United American Me-



T. FERNLEY BROOKS

chanics and the Red Men. In politics he is a Republican and belongs to the Lawyers' Republican Club. He is a man of literary tastes and of wide reading. He was married to Ida M. Lindeman on February

14, 1893, and has three children: Fernley Thompson, Edith and Helen Brooks. He resides at Mt. Airy, Philadelphia.

LOUCHHEIM, Samuel Kahn, 1869-

Class of 1888 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated A.B. Philadelphia High School, 1886; University of Pennsylvania Ph.B. 1888, LL.B. 1893; studied banking at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

SAMUEL KAHN LOUCHHEIM, son of Henry S. and Carrie (Kahn) Louchheim, was born in Philadelphia, January 11, 1869. He was edu-



SAM'L K. LOUCHHEIM

cated in the public schools of his native city, where from January 1882 to January 1886 he was a student in the Central High School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts at the completion of the regular course. He subsequently matriculated as a student in the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania, and after a two-years course in finance and economy, graduated in 1888 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. From September 1889 to August 1890 Mr. Louchheim lived in Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, where he acquired a practical knowledge of Banking in the office of "Die Deutsche Union-Bank," and studied the Ger-

man and other Continental banking systems. On his return to Philadelphia he began the study of the law in the office of the late George W. Biddle, Esq., and at the same time entered the Class of 1893 Law at the University of Pennsylvania. He was the third honor man of his class in the first year, receiving second honors in the second and third years. He graduated in 1893 and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, since which time he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. For several years after his admission Mr. Louchheim continued in the office of his preceptors, Messrs. Biddle & Ward, after which he became associated with Courtlandt K. Bolles, Esq. In February 1901 he removed to the West End Trust Building, having offices there in connection with Messrs. Page & Page. Mr. Louchheim is a life-member of the American Economic Association, a member of the Law Association of Philadelphia, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Law Academy of Philadelphia, The Athletic Association and Society of the Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania and the University Club.

DAVIS, Charles Nathaniel, 1862-

Class of 1884 College, 1889 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; fitted for College at Rugby Academy; studied two years in Scientific Department University of Pennsylvania, and graduated Medical Department 1889; Assistant Physician in Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin at University Hospital; Consulting Dermatologist to St. Agnes' Hospital in Philadelphia.

CHARLES NATHANIEL DAVIS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, April 6, 1862, son of William Latta and Susannah (Slevin) Davis. His ancestors settled in America in the seventeenth century. His great-grandfather, Hezekiah Davies, lived in Charlestown township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and was a soldier of the Revolution; Lieutenant of a regiment in the "flying camp." he was captured at Fort Washington, Pennsylvania, confined on a prison ship in New York harbor, and while in captivity at Flatlands, Long Island, he married Anna Schenk, a descendant of Martin Schenck, in the year 1780, and a few months later was exchanged as a prisoner of war at Elizabethtown; he was a member of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania in 1803 and 1804. Charles Nathaniel Davis attended public and private schools in Pottsville, Pennsylvania, and was fitted for College at Rugby Academy. He entered the Scientific Department of

the University of Pennsylvania in 1882, but left after two years, and in 1886 matriculated in the Medical Department, from which he was graduated in 1889. Dr. Davis has been engaged in the practice of



CHAS. N. DAVIS

medicine since 1891, and is Assistant Physician in the Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin at the University of Pennsylvania Hospital, Consulting Dermatologist to St. Agnes' Hospital, and Associate Physician in the Dispensary for Skin Diseases at the Howard Hospital, and the Northern Dispensary in Philadelphia. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians, a member of the Pathological Society and the Academy of Natural Sciences, and belongs also to the University, the Art and the St. Elmo clubs. He was married in 1885 to Emilie Davis Kennedy, and has seven children.

WIEDERSEIM, William Caner, 1869-

Class of 1888.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated Rugby Academy, 1884; B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; member firm of Wiederseim & Fairbanks, patent and trade-mark attorneys, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM CANER WIEDERSEIM, son of William Augustus Wiederseim and Katharine Louise (Blanchard) Wiederseim, was born in Philadelphia, March 8, 1869. On his father's side

he traces German descent and through his mother his ancestry is English. His early education was received in several small private schools and at Rugby Academy, where he was fitted for College and graduated in 1884. In the autumn of that year he matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. As an undergraduate he devoted much time to outdoor athletics, playing on all class teams, and was a member of the University Cricket Eleven. He was President of his class in Junior year, and graduated seventh in the science section in June 1888. In 1889 he entered the office of his uncle, John A. Wiederseim, patent attorney and solicitor of Philadelphia, and in 1895 became a member of a new firm which he was active in establishing, under the name of Wiederseim & Fairbanks. This firm gives its undivided attention to patents, trade-marks and copyrights, and looks after its clients' interests at the Patent Office and in the courts. Mr. Wiederseim is a member of the Union League Club, the University Club, the Markham Club and the Philadelphia Country Club of Philadelphia. He belongs also to the Loyal Legion, the Colonial Society and the Zeta Psi Fraternity, and



WM. CANER WIEDERSEIM

for several years he has been the President of the Association of the Class of '88. In 1900 he married Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia.

PALMER. Harold Gustavus, 1873-
Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Chicopee, Mass., 1873; educated in public schools and academies; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician in Providence, R. I.

HAROLD GUSTAVUS PALMER, M.D., son of Albert DeForrest and Mary Jane (Spear) Palmer, was born in Chicopee, Massachusetts,



HAROLD G. PALMER

November 5, 1873. After passing through the public schools of Middlebury, Vermont, he attended the Vermont Academy at Saxton's River in that state and the Phillips-Exeter Academy in New Hampshire. He then studied for the medical profession, and was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1895. After a two-years period of service as Interne at the Rhode Island Hospital in Providence, he entered in 1897 upon the general practice in that city in which he has since been engaged. Dr. Palmer is Pathologist to St. Joseph's Hospital in Providence, which post he has filled since 1898, was Surgical Externe to the Rhode Island Hospital 1898-1900, and has also served as Visiting Physician to the Providence Dispensary (1897-1898) and to the St. Mary's Orphanage (1898-1900). He is a member of the Rhode Island Medical Society, the Providence Medical Association and the Rhode Island Hospital

Club; also of the Providence Art Club and the University Club of that city. He married, June 23, 1897, Maude Ernestine Sleeper, and has a daughter, Marion Elizabeth Palmer, born June 5, 1899.

HEATON, Reuben Augustus, 1856-
Class of 1878

Born in Tamaqua, Pa., 1856; educated in Philadelphia academies and College Department University of Pennsylvania; engaged in coal mining, 1876-85; retired.

REBUBEN AUGUSTUS HEATON was born in Tamaqua, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1856. He is the son of Reuben Ayres Heaton (born 1813, died 1893) and his wife Mary Carter (born in England 1819, died 1895). He was prepared for College at the Powelton Avenue Academy, the Episcopal Academy and Saunders College in Philadelphia. Entering the Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1878 he abandoned his course at the end of his Sophomore year. After spending six months in foreign travel he returned to engage in the business of mining anthracite coal in



R. AUGUSTUS HEATON

Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, which occupied his attention up to 1885. Since that time Mr. Heaton has not been engaged in active business. He resides in Philadelphia.

HUSTON, William Perot, 1854-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; studied at Haverford College; A.B., A.M. University of Pennsylvania, 1872; in business in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM PEROT HUSTON was born in Philadelphia, February 2, 1854, son of Samuel and Sarah Sansom (Perot) Huston. His



WM. PEROT HUSTON

grandfather was Dr. Robert Mendenhall Huston, sometime Dean of the Jefferson Medical College. His grandmother was Hannah West, a descendant of Benjamin West, F.R.A. Mr. Huston was prepared for College at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, where he was a student for six years. Matriculating at Haverford College, he remained there for two and a half years, when he joined a class at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating there in 1872. Mr. Huston has been actively engaged in business ever since he left College. He was first associated with the Lukens Iron Works at Coatesville, Pennsylvania, later with J. B. Wilson & Company, iron merchants, and with Baird, Huston & Company, shipbuilders. For nine years, until 1888, Mr. Huston was Actuary of the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity & Trust Company. Since that date he has been a broker in investment securities in Philadelphia. He belongs to the Germantown

Cricket Club, the Philadelphia Cricket Club and the Mountain Golf Club. He is a member by birthright in the Society of Friends. He married, October 11, 1888, Caroline Bettle; they have three children: Aubrey, Laurence Bettle and Norman Huston.

ROSS, George Gorgas, 1866-

Class of 1888 Arts, 1891 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; graduated Biological School University of Pennsylvania 1888, and Medical Department 1891; Assistant Surgeon German Hospital and Surgeon Out-Patient Department of that hospital; practitioner in Philadelphia.

GEORGE GORGAS ROSS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 19, 1866, son of Joseph and Mary (Bowman) Ross. His paternal great-grandfather was Christian Kunkle of Harrisburg, a member of Colonel Slagle's battalion of Associators, which was active in the American service around Philadelphia in 1777. His paternal grandfather was Joseph Ross of Middletown, Pennsylvania. On his mother's side his grandfather was Samuel Bowman of Whitehill, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania,



GEORGE G. ROSS

who married Sarah Gorgas of Camp Hill in the same county. Dr. Ross' early education was received in the public schools in Philadelphia, from which he passed to the Biological Department at

the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated from that Department in 1888, and matriculating in the Medical Department of the same institution, received his Doctor of Medicine in 1891. From May 1891 to March 1893 he was Resident Physician at the German Hospital in Philadelphia, and ever since that date he has been Assistant Surgeon, and Surgeon to the Out-Patient Department, of that hospital. Dr. Ross is a member of the University Club of Philadelphia and the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and belongs to a large number of medical societies, including the College of Physicians, the Academy of Surgery, the County Medical Society, the Pathological Society and the Northwest Medical Society of Philadelphia, and the American Medical Association. He has contributed various articles on medical and surgical observations which have been made in the course of his practice to current medical literature. Dr. Ross married, June 6, 1899, Frances Jennings of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, by whom he has two daughters: Elizabeth and Frances Jennings Ross. His home is in Philadelphia.

LAMBADER, Frank, 1864-

Class of 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; educated in Philadelphia public schools, University of Pennsylvania and Princeton Theological Seminary; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1886-89; Pastor St. Paul's Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., 1891-93; Dean of Temple College, Philadelphia, 1893-97; Professor of German at Barnard School, New York City, since 1897; Director Public Schools, Philadelphia, 1887-89; Commander Temple Guard, Philadelphia, 1893 to present time; Special Commissioner in charge of Baptist Cuban Fund, 1898; Moderator Philomathean Society, 1884; Ph.D. from Temple College.

FRANK LAMBADER, Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 7, 1864, son of Frank and Elizabeth (Fleischman) Lambader. From the Philadelphia public schools he entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduated in June 1884, and spent the succeeding two years in the Law Department, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1886. After practicing law in Philadelphia for three years he was from 1889 to 1891 a student in the Princeton Theological Seminary, and having accepted a call to the pastorate of St. Paul's Reformed Church, Baltimore, Maryland, in 1891, he occupied that pulpit until 1893. In the latter year he was chosen Dean of Temple College, Philadelphia, and retained that post until 1897, when he was called to the

Professorship of German in the Barnard School, New York City, which he still holds. Temple College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1894. Dr. Lambader was Moderator of the Philomathean Society of the University and Editor of the University Magazine during his Senior year. He was a Public School Director in Philadelphia from 1887 to 1889; was Special Commissioner in charge of the Baptist Cuban Relief Fund in 1898, and has commanded the Temple Guard, Philadelphia, from 1893 to the present time. He is a member of the Clisophic Society of Princeton Uni-



FRANK LAMBADER

iversity, the Order of Sparta, and the Sons of America, and in 1897 was elected an honorary member of the General Carillo Cuban Club.

HACKENBERG, John Henry, 1864-

Class of 1894.

Born in Middletown, Pa., 1864; graduated State Normal School, Shippensburg, Pa., 1884; teacher from 1884 to 1889; admitted to ministry of Methodist Episcopal Church, 1889; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; Pastor at East Park, Philadelphia.

JOHN HENRY HACKENBERG was born in Middletown, Pennsylvania, September 21, 1864. All his ancestors have been native Pennsylvanians

since the American Revolution, in which Jacob Hackenberg, then Hackenberger, served as an American soldier. His son Jacob settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and Jacob's eldest son Henry, the



J. H. HACKENBERG

father of the subject of this biography, was for several years a prominent teacher in Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania, studying afterward for the Christian ministry and being engaged in this work until his death at the age of seventy-six. John Henry Hackenberg attended public and private schools, passing to the State Normal School at Shippensburg, where he completed the course which fitted him to be a teacher. For three years, 1884-1887, he was the Principal of a high school in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, and for two years, 1887-1889, was Principal of the Hamburg, Pennsylvania, High School. In March 1889, after passing the preliminary examinations and standing first in a class of twenty-eight, Mr. Hackenberg was admitted into the Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1892 he matriculated in the Junior class in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating two years later with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, having taken honors in philosophy. Mr. Hackenberg has had charges in his church at Hamburg, Jenkintown, and Sharon Hill, Pennsylvania, and at East Park, Philadelphia.

LITTIG, Marq D., 1871-

Class of 1894 Dent.

Born in Davenport, Ia., 1871; educated St. Ambrose College, Ia.; D.D.S. University of Pennsylvania 1894. D.M.D. Harvard 1895; M.D. Tufts, 1896; practicing dentist in Boston, Mass.

MARQ D. LITTIG, M.D., D.M.D., was born in Davenport, Iowa, October 16, 1871, the son of John and Louise (Rogge) Littig. His mother is a native of Southern Germany. On his father's side he is of French ancestry, John Littig having been born in Lorraine when that province was a part of France. His grandfather, Peter Littig, was a Parisian by birth, a soldier of the armies of the First Empire, a survivor of the battles of Leipzig and Waterloo. Dr. Littig was educated at St. Ambrose College, Iowa, completing a four years' course in 1890. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania for professional study, receiving the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1894, subsequently taking that of Doctor of Dental Medicine at the Harvard Dental School, and that of Doctor of Medicine from Tufts. With this professional equip-



M. D. LITTIG

ment, Dr. Littig entered upon the practice of dentistry in Boston, Massachusetts. On September 14, 1898, he married Isabel Page Seaman of Boston.

DELABARRE, Frank Alexander, 1868-

Class of 1894 Dent., 1895 Med.

Born in Conway, Mass., 1868; graduated Amherst College, 1890; D.D.S. University of Pennsylvania 1894, M.D. 1895; dental practitioner in Boston, Mass.

FRANK ALEXANDER DELABARRE, D.D.S., M.D., was born in Conway, Massachusetts, April 8, 1868, the son of Edward and Maria Louisa



FRANK A. DELABARRE

(Hassell) Delabarre. He was educated in the public schools and afterwards at the English and Classical School in Providence, Rhode Island. After a full course of study in Amherst College he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890, and thereupon entered the Boston Dental College with the intention of fitting himself for the practice of dentistry. He spent one year there, when he passed to the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the Dental Department in 1894. In the following year he was graduated from the Medical Department of the University, being one of the first to take both degrees, Doctor of Dental Surgery and Doctor of Medicine, with the intention of practicing dentistry. Since 1895 he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Boston, Massachusetts. Dr. Delabarre belongs to the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity, the Masonic Order, and the American Academy of Dental Science. He married, June 21, 1893, Anna Elizabeth Sweeney, and has

three children: Lawrence Hassell, Katherine and Dorothy Delabarre.

HAYES, Charles Howard, 1871-

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Washington, Pa., 1871; A.B. Washington and Jefferson College, 1893; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1896; practicing physician in Pittsburg, Pa.

CHARLES HOWARD HAYES, M.D., was born in Washington, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1871, the son of Charles and Margaret (Fleming) Hayes. After attending the public schools of Washington, he entered the preparatory department of Washington and Jefferson College, subsequently completing the full College course and graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1893. Then matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1896. For a year following he was Resident Physician at the Mercy Hospital in Pittsburg. Since then he has been engaged in private practice in that city, where from 1897 to 1900 he was Physician to the Out-Patient Department of



CHARLES H. HAYES

Mercy Hospital. Dr. Hayes is a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. He resides in Pittsburg.

CORBIN, Elbert Augustus, Jr., 1877-

Class of 1900.

Born in Philadelphia, 1877; graduated Architectural Department University of Pennsylvania, 1900; in the service of the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company.

ELBERT AUGUSTUS CORBIN, JR., was born in Philadelphia, August 26, 1877, a son of Elbert A. and Charlotte P. (Eckfeldt) Corbin. He is a descendant in the seventh generation of Lemuel Corbin, who emigrated from Staffordshire, England. His education was acquired in attendance for two



ELBERT A. CORBIN, JR.

years at St. Marks School in Philadelphia, one year at Eastburn Academy, six years in the Penn Charter School and one year in the Lawrenceville School. Entering the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1899, he changed to the Class of 1900 in Freshman year and graduated with that class in the School of Architecture. After finishing his College course he followed architecture for a few months and then entered into his present connection with the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company, as insurance solicitor. Mr. Corbin is a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, the Skull and Dagger and the Sphinx, two Senior societies, and the Houston Club. He resides in Philadelphia.

VOL. II. — 19

WOODRUFF, Clinton Rogers, 1868-

Class of 1889 Arts, 1892 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1886; Ph.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1889; LL.B., 1892; Business Manager National Baptist, 1890-93; Member, Pennsylvania Legislature, 1897 and 1899; active worker for municipal reform; former Secretary and Counsel Municipal League of Philadelphia; Secretary National Municipal League; Secretary and Counsel American Academy of Political and Social Science; author of many magazine and newspaper articles on political reform.

CLINTON ROGERS WOODRUFF was born in Philadelphia, December 17, 1868, the son of Charles Henry and Rachel Anne (Pierce) Woodruff. He is descended from John Woodruff who settled in Massachusetts in 1648, but afterward removed to a tract of land of about one thousand acres he had purchased near Elizabethtown, New Jersey. He is of direct lineal descent also from Captain Amos Woodruff, who served in the Revolutionary Army from Cumberland county, New Jersey. Mr. Woodruff received his early education in the public schools of his native city, graduating Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in 1886. He was a first honor man and the Valedictorian of his class. In the fall of 1886 he matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Junior Class, and chose the course in the Wharton School, where under Professors James and Patten he developed his close interest in economic and political questions. He was graduated at the head of his class in 1889 and afterward took post-graduate courses in political science and studied law in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Bachelor's degree in 1892. For three years, 1890 to 1893, he was Business Manager of the National Baptist, a leading journal printed in advocacy of the interests of that church, being associated in its conduct with Dr. H. L. Wayland. Ever since his graduation from the Law School Mr. Woodruff has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. He has made a specialty of election cases and those involving questions of public policy as counsel of various bodies of citizens devoted to the principles of political reform. Many of his cases have involved important questions of public policy and constitutional construction, as in *Commonwealth vs. De Camp* and *Commonwealth vs. Griest*. He was associate counsel with Hon. Wayne MacVeagh in the Water Bribery cases of 1898, and is the counsel for the Municipal League, the United Labor League and at

least a dozen other labor bodies and several election committees. The Municipal League, which he was instrumental in organizing, has also been closely identified with his name. He was for a long time its Secretary and Treasurer, and out of it grew a National Municipal League, of which he is now the Secretary. He is also Secretary of the Pennsylvania Ballot Reform Association, and was one of the Secretaries of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, an office he held from 1889 to 1899. He is now one of its Directors and its Counsel. In 1893 he was Secretary of the Union



CLINTON ROGERS WOODRUFF

Committee for a Better Water Supply and Sanitation in Philadelphia. In 1898-1899 he was a member of the Executive Committee of the Citizens' Union, and in 1897-1899 he served as a member of a Committee of the National Municipal League to draft a municipal charter which should be a model for all American cities. In 1898 he was a member of the Executive Committee of the National Primary Elections Reform Association. Mr. Woodruff is now a member of the Executive Committee of the Civil Service Reform Association of Pennsylvania and of the National Civil Service Reform League. He is also a Trustee of the American Institute of Civics, and earlier was a Councillor of the American Institute of Christian Sociology. He was Secretary of the National Conference for Good City Govern-

ment held in Philadelphia in January 1894, and has been officially connected with many other organizations for accomplishing social and political reform. Elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature in 1897, he was reelected in 1898 by an enlarged majority. He introduced a number of bills dealing with matters of public interest, with one of which his name has been conspicuously identified. It provided for a series of amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania making it possible for the Legislature to pass a personal Registration Act. The proposed amendments were passed in 1899, only to be vetoed by the Governor. A suit was brought to determine whether or not an executive could veto a proposed amendment to the Constitution. On appeal, the Supreme Court maintained that the Governor had no such right. The points involved were passed once in Pennsylvania and passed in one or two instances in the United States. This case of *Commonwealth vs. Griest* was perhaps the most important Constitutional case decided in Pennsylvania in the past decade. The amendments were again passed by the Legislature of 1901 as required by the Constitution and Mr. Woodruff had the pleasure of seeing them adopted by the voters of the city in 1901, after an active campaign in their behalf led by him in person as chairman. He is a member of the Union League, the University Club, the Penn Club, the Philobiblon Club and the Contemporary Club of Philadelphia, and belongs also to the German Society, the Law Academy and the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Genealogical Society, the Fairmount Park Art Association, the Pennsylvania Forestry Association, the American Park and Outdoor Art Association, the League for Social Science, the American Economic Association and the American Postal League. He is a member of the various alumni associations of the University of Pennsylvania, to which his earlier connection with that institution entitle him to belong. From 1889 to 1898 he was a member of the Board of Managers of the Associated Alumni of the Central High School. He is also an honorary member of the Educational Club of Philadelphia, and Secretary of the Public Education Association of that city. Mr. Woodruff is prominently identified with various religious and benevolent organizations. He was the President of the Intercollegiate Young Men's Christian Association in 1891-1893, and was the first President of the University of Pennsylvania Young Men's Christian Asso-

ciation; is a member of the Executive Committee of the Baptist Social Union, a member of the American Baptist Historical Society, and for three years, 1894-1897, was Vice-President of the Young Men's American Humane Union. He has also interested himself in arbitration. Since 1898 has been a member of the Executive Committee of the Lake Mohawk International Arbitration Conferences and was its Secretary in 1900-1901 and in 1899 was a member of the Philadelphia Committee on the International Peace Conference at the Hague. In 1893 he was Vice-President of the Christian Temperance Alliance for Philadelphia. He was a member of the Philadelphia Branch of the American Friends of Russian Freedom and of the Italian Political Prisoners Aid Committee. Mr. Woodruff is a frequent contributor to the *North American Review*, the *Forum*, the *Independent*, the *Outlook* and other magazines on subjects connected with city government and kindred problems. He has also written many articles for the *New York Evening Post*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Leslie's Weekly* and many other leading American journals. He was Assistant Editor of the Department of Corporations in the *American Law Register*, and wrote the article on *Arbeiterschutzgesetzgebung in-den-Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika* in *Conrad's Handwörterbuch-der-Staatswissenschaften*, a leading German encyclopedia in political science. Mr. Woodruff married, February 12, 1890, Anna Florence Miller, by whom he has one daughter, Anna Florence Woodruff.

CONSTABLE, Howard,

Class of 1874.

Born in Philadelphia; educated at Episcopal Academy in that city, University of Pennsylvania, and abroad; acquired practical training in service of several railway companies; architect and engineer in New York City since 1886; first honor man in civil-service competition for Supervising Architect of United States.

HOWARD CONSTABLE, architect and engineer, was born in Philadelphia, October 3, 1855, son of James Constable of Constableville, New York, and Sarah Lippincott Richards of Philadelphia. He is a descendant of William Constable, Aid-de-camp to General La Fayette; of William Richards, who was with General Washington at Valley Forge; also of B. W. Richards, Mayor of Philadelphia 1829-1832, and of Samuel Witherill, one of the founders of the free or fighting Quakers. He prepared for College at the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, from which he entered the Scientific

Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated in 1874. After the completion of his College course he devoted a number of years to practical training in the bridge and building departments of the Reading, Pennsylvania and Erie railways, and his studies were concluded with a course in architecture abroad. From 1886 to the present time he has been located in New York City, and is one of the prominent architects and engineers of the metropolis, having recently been adjudged first honor-man in a civil service competition for the position of Supervising Architect of the United



HOWARD CONSTABLE

States. Mr. Constable is a member of the New York Chapter American Institute of Architects and the American Society of Civil Engineers; the engineers' clubs of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and St. Louis, Missouri; the University Club, St. Louis (1885); the Calumet Club, New York (1882); the Pelham Golf Club, New York; and is a member of the council of the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City.

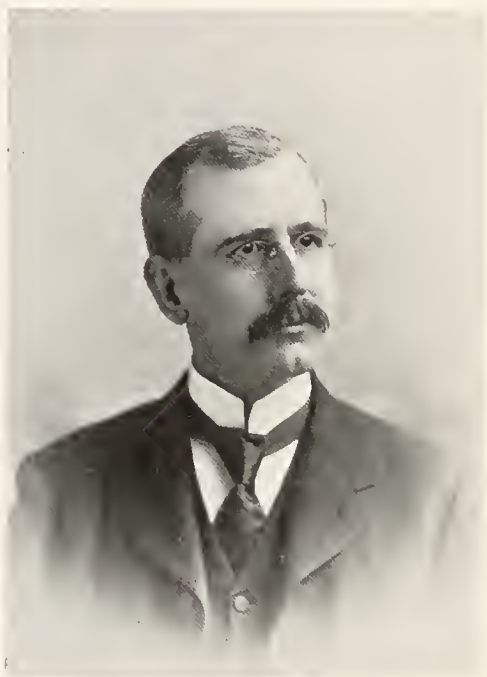
DEAVER, Harry Clay, 1861-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Lancaster county, Pa., 1861; educated at Magraw Academy, Md.; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1885; Assistant

Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania, 1890-95; member Surgical Staff of Episcopal, St. Mary's and St. Christopher's hospitals; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

HARRY CLAY DEEVER, M.D., the son of Joshua Montgomery and Elizabeth Agnes (Moore) Deaver, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1861, and is of Scotch and English descent with a strain also of Irish blood. He early attended the public schools near his home in Lancaster county, and was afterward sent to Magraw Academy in Cecil county, Maryland, where he completed his academic training. He chose the



HARRY C. DEEVER

medical profession, and in 1882, at the age of twenty-one, matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885. He served his term in 1886-1887 as Resident Physician at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia, and subsequently, for five years, was Surgeon of the Out-Patient Department of that hospital. He is a member of the surgical staffs of the Episcopal, St. Mary's and St. Christopher's hospitals in Philadelphia, and for five years, 1890 to 1895, was Assistant Demonstrator in the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Deaver has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia constantly since his graduation as a Doctor of Medicine.

ANDERS, Howard Schultz, 1866-

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Montgomery county, Pa., 1866; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1885; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital; Instructor Clinical Medicine in Medico-Chirurgical College 1892-94, Lecturer and Clinical Instructor in Physical Diagnosis 1894 to date; Attending Physician to Samaritan Hospital since 1896; author of textbooks and contributor to medical literature; Municipal League candidate for Coroner of Philadelphia 1899, and for Common Council 1902.

HOWARD SCHULTZ ANDERS, M.D., was born in Norriton, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1866, son of Nathaniel Heebner and Regina Gerhard Anders. His ancestry on both sides is German, the first American representatives of the families having arrived from Silesia, in Southeastern Prussia, in the early part of the eighteenth century. They were followers of Count Caspar Schwenkfeld, a contemporary of Luther, mostly plain, industrious, frugal yet prosperous, intelligent and spiritually-minded farmer folk. Persecuted on account of their religious beliefs at home, they settled in eastern Pennsylvania. Some were ministers of the Gospel in the Schwenkfeldian Church, which in doctrine and practice bears a resemblance to both the Baptist and Quaker denominations. His ancestors on his father's side exhibited considerable mechanical talent, especially in the manufacture of agricultural implements. Dr. Anders received his early training in the public schools of Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School after a four-years course with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1885. He received an honorary degree of Master of Arts from that institution in 1892, being chosen to deliver the Master's address at Commencement, when his subject was "Public Sanitary Aid Indispensable to the General Health." In the meantime, from 1885 to 1887, he was employed as clerk in a large cloth manufactory, where he gained useful experience in business. He left this service to matriculate in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, May 1, 1890. His thesis on the subject of "Street Width: Its Causal Relation to the Mortality-Rate of Phthisis" was honorably mentioned, and was published in the University Medical Magazine, being widely quoted from afterward in the London Lancet, the Journal d'Hygiene of Paris, the Scientific American, and other technical journals. After competitive ex-

aminations in April 1890, Dr. Anders received appointments as Resident Physician to the Philadelphia, German and Presbyterian hospitals. He accepted the last named of these positions, and served for a term of one year, until August 1891. He thereupon began the private practice of general medicine in Philadelphia, and has been engaged with his profession in that city ever since. In 1892 he was appointed Instructor of Clinical Medicine in the Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, and in September 1894 he became Lecturer and Clinical Instructor in Physical Diagnosis in the



HOWARD S. ANDERS

same College, a connection which he still retains. For two years he was Out-Door Consulting Physician to the Philadelphia Lying-In-Charity, and since 1896 he has been Attending Physician to the Samaritan Hospital. Dr. Anders was a pioneer in advocating the use of individual communion cups on sanitary grounds, and has done extensive and persistent work in agitating the reform in medical and religious journals. He is a most industrious contributor to medical literature. He is now at work on a 'Text-Book of Inductive Physical Diagnosis for students' and practitioners' use. His contributions to journals and transactions include upwards of twenty titles, among which are the following: "The Progress of the Individual

Cup Movement, especially among Churches;" "The Individual Communion Cup and its Critics;" "The Relation of Local Meteorologic Conditions to the Influenza Epidemic in Philadelphia, Winter of 1898-1899;" "Is Alcohol a 'Partial Food'?" and "The Necessity for State Aid in the Treatment of the Consumptive Poor." Dr. Anders is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Public Health Association, the American Climatological Association and the Philadelphia Pediatric Society. He is Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis; Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Intercollegiate Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia; and is a member of the Pennsylvania German Society, the Baptist Social Union and the Public Education Association. He is also Secretary of the Class of 1890 Medical Alumni. In politics he is an independent Republican, having been the Municipal League's candidate for Coroner of Philadelphia in November 1890, and for membership in the Common Council in 1902. Dr. Anders married December 27, 1893, Mabel Gertrude Gilling. He resides in Philadelphia.

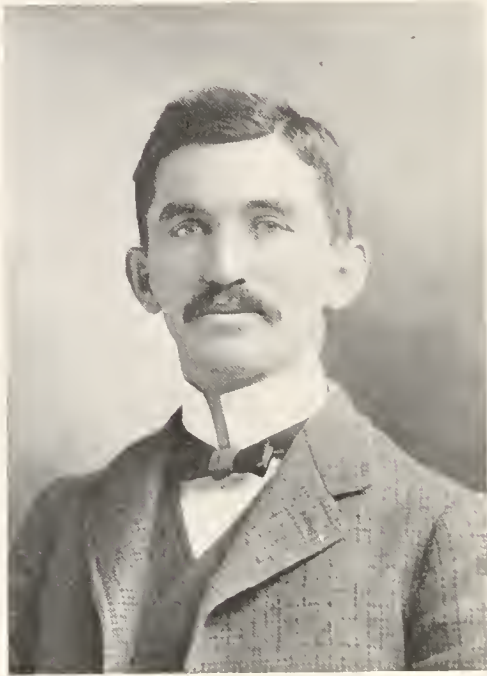
MOYLAN, John Joseph, 1858-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Pittston, Pa., 1858; student at Holy Cross College, Worcester, Mass., 1875-78; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1882; practicing physician in Germantown, Philadelphia, since 1883; President of staff board of St. Mary's Hospital; Physician-in-Chief to Home for Aged and other institutions.

JOHAN JOSEPH MOYLAN, M.D., was born in Pittston, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1858, son of Patrick and Julia (Morris) Moylan. After attending the public schools he was sent to Holy Cross College at Worcester, Massachusetts, which he entered in 1875, remaining until 1878. He then chose the physician's profession and began the reading of medicine in the office of Dr. George W. Guthrie at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania. In 1879 he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor's degree in 1882. For one year Dr. Moylan was Resident Physician at St. Mary's Hospital in Philadelphia, having declined an appointment as Resident at the Wilkesbarre City Hospital. In 1883 he began private practice in Germantown, Philadelphia, where he has been

located ever since. He was appointed Visiting Physician on the staff of St. Mary's Hospital in 1887, and is at the present time senior member of the staff and President of the staff board of that



J. J. MOYLAN

institution. Dr. Moylan is Physician-in-Chief to the Home for the Aged, the House of the Good Shepherd and St. Joseph's Asylum in Germantown. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Pathological Society of Philadelphia. On November 29, 1889, he was married to Mary X. Higgins in Pittston, Pennsylvania. His home is in Germantown.

MADEIRA. Louis Childs, Jr., 1853-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; educated at Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; civil engineer Wilmington & Northern, and Berks & Lehigh railroads, 1871-74; Assistant Engineer Delaware & Bound Brook Railroad, 1874-77; member insurance firm of Louis C. Madeira & Sons, Philadelphia, 1877 to present time.

LOUIS CHILDS MADEIRA, JR., was born in Philadelphia, June 2, 1853, son of Louis C. and Adeline Laura (Powell) Madeira. He was prepared for College at the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and entering the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, left

at close of Sophomore year. In June 1899 he received his degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1871 he entered the railway service as a civil engineer, being employed in that capacity for the succeeding three years on the Wilmington & Northern, and the Berks & Lehigh railroads, and from 1874 to 1877, he held the post of Assistant Engineer on the Delaware & Bound Brook Railroad. In the latter year he relinquished civil engineering to enter the insurance firm of Louis C. Madeira & Sons, Philadelphia, and has ever since continued in that business. He is a Trustee of the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Treasurer of the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters Association, and Treasurer of the Gymnasium Fund of the University of Pennsylvania. Politically Mr. Madeira is a Republican. His society and club affiliations are quite numerous, and with some of them he has official connections of long standing, having been a Director of the University Athletic Association from 1890, and Governor of the University Club from 1895 to the present time, and he is a member of the Sons of the Revolution and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Germantown Cricket, the Rittenhouse and Philadelphia



LOUIS C. MADEIRA, JR.

Country clubs. He was married, October 16, 1890 to Marion, daughter of E. W. Clark, of Philadelphia; they have two sons: Edward Walter and Crawford Clark Madeira.

FEUSTMAN, Leon Philip, 1861-

Class of 1882.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1879; B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; mining engineer; chemist and assayer, Leadville, Col., 1882-88; Manager Mexican Ore Company, 1888-1900; with American Smelting & Refining Company in New York since 1900.

L EON PHILIP FEUSTMAN is the son of Bernard Henry and Rosalie (Mayer) Feustman, and was born in Philadelphia, March 6, 1861. He attended the Philadelphia public schools, passing through all the grades to the Central High



LEON P. FEUSTMAN

School from which he was graduated in the seventy-third class in June 1879. He thereupon entered the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania, following the course prescribed for mining engineers. He received his Bachelor of Science in 1882, and went immediately to Leadville, Colorado, to employ himself in the mines and smelters of that place, where the excitement over the discovery of rich ore bodies was then running at a high pitch. From 1882 until 1888, he was a chemist and assayer in Leadville, but in the latter year, was appointed Manager of the Mexican Ore Company, a branch of the Consolidated Kansas City Smelting & Refining Company, with his headquarters in Mexico City. This connection was continued until

1900, when he accepted a position with the American Smelting & Refining Company in its New York office. Mr. Feustman belongs to the American Club of the City of Mexico, the Pennsylvania Society of New York and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City. He married, May 23, 1892, Josephyne Rosemary Thatcher, and has two children: Marian and Bernard Henry Feustman. His residence is in New York City.

OGDEN, Hugh Walker, 1871-

Class of 1890.

Born in Bath, Me., 1871; educated in Owego, N. Y. and Deering, Me., high schools, and Westbrook Seminary, Deering; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1890; LL B. Harvard Law School, 1896; member Suffolk County, Massachusetts, Bar; Instructor of Latin at the University of Pennsylvania, 1891-92; prominent layman of Protestant Episcopal Church; President New England Alumni Society, University of Pennsylvania.

H UGH WALKER OGDEN was born in Bath, Maine, December 7, 1871, son of Rev. Charles T. and Anna C. (Bennett) Ogden. He is descended from John Ogden, one of the first settlers in Elizabeth, New Jersey, and his father is a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was a high school pupil in Owego, New York, and in Deering, Maine; was fitted for College at the Westbrook Seminary, Deering, and was graduated a Bachelor of Arts from the University of Pennsylvania in 1890, receiving his Master's degree in 1894. For the year following his graduation he was Instructor in Latin at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia and held the same position the succeeding year at the University of Pennsylvania. The succeeding year was devoted to the preliminary study of law in the office of Hon. C. F. Libby, of Portland, Maine, from whence he entered the Harvard University Law School, taking a three years' course and graduating a Bachelor of Laws *cum laude* in 1896. Admitted to the Suffolk Bar in the latter year, he was for the two ensuing years with Hon. Solomon Lincoln, and from 1898, the year of his admission to the United States Circuit Court for the first district, he has been junior partner in the law firm of Whipple, Sears & Ogden. This firm was retained by the plaintiffs in the famous Subway Explosion suit of Koplau *vs.* the Boston Gaslight Company *et al.*, and are also acting as counsel in other litigations wherein large interests are involved.

While a student at Harvard Mr. Ogden was for two years an Editor and for one year Editor-in-Chief of the Harvard Law Review, and a member of the Thayer Law Club. He is a prominent member and a Junior Warden of St. John's Episcopal Church, East Boston, which he had represented as a delegate in the diocesan convention, is counsel to the church and frequently acts in that capacity for the East Boston district of the Boston Associated Charities. He is also a member of the Phi Kappa Psi, Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; the Philomathean So-



HUGH W. OGDEN

ciety; Company A, First Corps of Cadets; the University Club, Boston; and President of the New England Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania.

POSEY, Louis Plumer,

Class of 1884.

Born in Philadelphia; educated Lauderbach's and Episcopal Academies, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; graduated M.D. Hahnemann Medical College, 1883; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

LOUIS PLUMER POSEY, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, son of David Root and Emily Jewell (Campbell) Posey, and his early education was received at Lauderbach's Academy and

the Protestant Episcopal Academy in that city. In 1880 he matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1884, but he abandoned his course during Freshman year to take up the study of medicine in the Hahnemann Medical College in Philadelphia. He received his Doctor of Medicine from that institution in 1883, and has since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Posey is a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, The Historical Society of Pennsylvania, The Union League of Philadelphia, and several medical societies, including the American Institute of Homœopathy and the State and County Homœopathic societies. On May 2, 1901, he married Mary Elizabeth Fuller. He resides in Philadelphia.

MORROW, Arthur Richard Harcourt, 1866-

Class of 1889.

Born in Belfast, Ireland, 1866; educated in public schools; entered College Department, University of Pennsylvania, with the Class of 1889 but did not graduate; reporter Philadelphia Ledger, 1886-95; Philadelphia Press, 1895-99; member Common Council in Philadelphia, 1893-1901; appointed Secretary Civil Service Boards, 1899; Secretary to Mayor Ashbridge since 1900.

ARTHUR RICHARD HARCOURT MORROW was born in Belfast, Ireland, March 25, 1866. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, being the son of James and Eleanor (Harcourt) Morrow. After attending the public schools of Philadelphia he entered Rugby Academy, where he was fitted for College. Entering the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in the autumn of 1885 with the Class of 1889, he was awarded the Matriculation Prizes in Greek and Latin, but left College before the completion of his course and in 1886 became a reporter on the staff of the Public Ledger of Philadelphia. This connection was continued until 1895, when he joined the staff of the Philadelphia Press and remained with that newspaper until 1899. During his long term of reportorial service Mr. Morrow saw much interesting experience. He was a special writer despatched to the scene of the Johnstown flood, and he has attended all the state conventions of both political parties in Pennsylvania for many years. In 1893 he was elected a member of Common Council in Philadelphia, and was reelected in 1895, 1897 and 1899. In May of the latter year he was appointed Secretary of the Civil Service Boards in Philadelphia, and in December 1900 he became Secretary to Mayor Ashbridge, which

position he continues to fill. Mr. Morrow is a member of the Pen and Pencil Club and of various political clubs in Philadelphia. He belongs also to the Johnstown Flood Correspondents' Association, and



A. R. H. MORROW

to St. Alban's Lodge No. 529 of the Masonic Order. In politics he is a Republican and member of the Republican City Campaign Committee, representing the twenty-sixth ward.

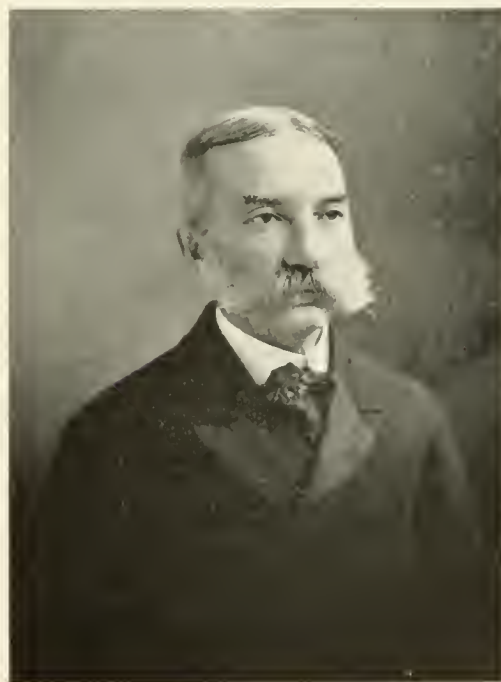
MACCOY, Alexander Watt, 1847-

Class of 1870 Med.

Born in Mercersburg, Pa., 1847; A.B. and A.M. Wittenberg College, M.D. University of Pennsylvania; Resident Physician Philadelphia Hospital, 1870; in general practice in Pittsburg, Pa., 1872-80; Lecturer at Women's Medical College, Philadelphia, and Professor of Diseases of the Throat and Nose at the Philadelphia Polyclinic; Specialist in Rhinology and Laryngology in Philadelphia since 1882; Surgeon to the Out-Patients' Throat Department of the Pennsylvania Hospital.

ALLEXANDER WATT MACCOY, A.M., M.D., was born in Mercersburg, Pennsylvania, in 1847, son of Abram Smith and Harriet Newell (Sharon) MacCoy. He is a grandson of Alexander MacCoy of Franklin county, Pennsylvania, and of Rev. James Russell Sharon, for many years Pastor of the churches of Paxton and Derry near Harrisburg,

Pennsylvania. The latter was descended from William Sharon of Ayrshire, Scotland, and from Samuel Culbertson of Antrim county, Ireland, whose children immigrated in 1737 and settled near Blue Mountains, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, and in Franklin county, Pennsylvania. Dr. MacCoy pursued his classical studies at Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, from which he was graduated with his Bachelor's degree in 1866 and received that of Master of Arts in course. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1867, he pursued a three-years course and was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in 1870. In July 1870 he became Resident Physician at Philadelphia Hospital, Philadelphia. From 1872-1880 he was engaged in the general practice of medicine in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. While there he was Visiting Physician at Mercy Hospital and Passavant's Hospital and Police Surgeon of the City of Pittsburg. Since 1880 he has resided in Philadelphia, where he has attained a high reputation as a specialist in Rhinology and Laryngology. Dr. MacCoy is a fellow of the American Laryngological Association, of the American



ALEXANDER W. MACCOY

Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Association, of the College of Physicians, and a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State and Philadelphia County Medical Societies,

the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and other bodies. He was married in 1877 to Emma Martha Logan, daughter of William Patterson Logan of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. They have four children, three daughters and one son. Dr. MacCoy's published writings include an article in "Keating's System of Children's Diseases" and another in "Burnett's System of Diseases of the Ear, Nose and Throat," and numerous papers contributed to the American Laryngological Association and published in the Transactions of the Association, besides papers published in various medical journals.

ROSENGARTEN, Joseph George, 1835-

Class of 1852

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; educated at the University of Pennsylvania and at Heidelberg; studied law, and admitted to Bar 1856; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; served in Civil War as First Lieutenant and Captain of Volunteers, and on staff of Gen. John F. Reynolds, 1862-64; Trustee, President Society of the Alumni, and President Phi Beta Kappa, University of Pennsylvania; President Free Library of Philadelphia; author of several works, published addresses and various contributions to periodicals.

JOSEPH GEORGE ROSENGARTEN was born in Philadelphia, February 14, 1835, son of George D. and Elizabeth (Bennett) Rosengarten. He was prepared for College in the Academy of the University of Pennsylvania, under Rev. Dr. Samuel Wylie Crawford as Principal and Charles West Thomson as Tutor. Entering the College Department of the University in 1848, he was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1852, and received the degree of Master of Arts in course, three years later. He then studied law, was admitted to the Bar in 1856, and after a year of further study at the University of Heidelberg in Germany, established himself in his profession in Philadelphia, where he has since practiced and resided. During the Civil War he served as First Lieutenant in the One Hundred and Twenty-first Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteers 1862-1864, and as Captain and Acting Aide-de-Camp on the staff of Maj.-Gen. John F. Reynolds, commanding the First Corps, Army of the Potomac. Mr. Rosengarten, while attending to the demands of his legal practice, has many active interests outside of his profession. He is President of the Free Library of Philadelphia, a Trustee of the Drexel Institute, and one of the managers of the Philadelphia House of Refuge. Since 1896 he has been a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, and he is the President of the Society of the Alumni

of the University. He has also served as a member of the Central Committee of Alumni. In College he was elected to membership in the Zelosophic Society and the Phi Beta Kappa, and he is now the President of Delta Chapter of the last-named fraternity. His social connections include also membership in the University Club of Philadelphia, of which he is a Vice-President, the Penn Club of Philadelphia and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York. Mr. Rosengarten has delivered numerous addresses before various literary and charitable organizations and assemblies, notable among them being "The



JOSEPH G. ROSENGARTEN

Life and Public Services of General John F. Reynolds," before the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He is the author of "The German Soldiers in the Wars of the United States," a translation of Capt. Max von Eelking's "The German Allies in the American Revolution," "Sources of American History in German Archives," and of several other published works. He has also been a frequent contributor to the press and to various periodicals.

FAIRES, Theodore Wylie, 1851-

Class of 1871.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; prepared for College at Faires' Classical Institute; entered College Depart-

ment University of Pennsylvania with Class of 1871, leaving at the end of Sophomore year; private tutor and teacher for ten years; petroleum refiner since 1890.

THEODORE WYLIE FAIRES, son of Dr. John Wylie Faires, Principal of a well-known classical school in Philadelphia, was born in that city, October 31, 1851, of Presbyterian Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was prepared for College at his father's Classical Institute, and entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1867 with the Class of 1871, but broke off his studies in his Sophomore year to engage in business with Stuart & Brother, a firm of importers in Philadelphia, with whom he



THEO. W. FAIRES

remained for several years. For ten years he was a private tutor, preparing boys for the University of Pennsylvania, and a teacher in the Classical Institute. Since 1890 he has been engaged in the petroleum refining business. Mr. Faires belongs to the Union League of Philadelphia and the Merion Cricket Club of Haverford, Pennsylvania. His residence is in Philadelphia.

WENRICH, Reuben D., 1842-

Class of 1864 Med

Born in Lower Heidelberg, Pa., 1842; attended various schools, academies and seminaries in the vicinity of his birthplace; pursued a business course in Philadelphia; medical student of the University of Penn-

sylvania, graduating 1864; located for practice in Wernersville, Pa.; became joint proprietor of Grand-View Sanatorium, Wernersville, 1879, and is now sole proprietor of that establishment.

REBUBEN D. WENRICH, M.D., was born in Lower Heidelberg Township, Berks county, Pennsylvania, May 15, 1842, son of Adam and Elizabeth (Klopp) Wenrich. His first ancestor in America on the paternal side emigrated as early as 1709, and his great-great-grandfather Wenrich resided in Lower Heidelberg, where, as early as 1739, he owned quite a large estate, which continued in the possession of his descendants for more than one hundred and fifty years. The American progenitors of the Klopp, Kalbach, Spang and Hain families, of whom he is also descended, landed in this country simultaneously with or prior to the arrival of the Wenriches, and all of them engaged in agricultural pursuits. He attended the common schools until fifteen years old, after which he studied for intervals at Oakdale Seminary, Womelsdorf and Stouchsburg academies, Freeland Seminary, Millersville Normal School and the P. Duff Mercantile College, Philadelphia, graduating from the latter in 1861. During the winters of 1858-1859-1860-1861 he taught school in Lower Heidelberg and Heidelberg townships, and entering in the following year the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated in 1864 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Locating in Wernersville, Pennsylvania, he was engaged exclusively in private practice until 1873, when he became associated with his late partner, Dr. James W. Deppen in several outside speculations, which included the coal and lumber business, general mercantile business and the operation of extensive limestone quarries. In company with Dr. Deppen he, in 1879, purchased the property which has ever since been known as Grand-View Sanatorium, and of which he has been Superintendent continuously for over twenty years. Grand-View Sanatorium, which was established more than fifty years ago, occupies an elevated position on the slope of the South Mountains in the Township of Lower Heidelberg, on the Lebanon Valley Branch of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. This resort possesses superior advantages in the way of dry, bracing air, equable temperature and pure spring water. The main building of stone and brick is one hundred and fifty feet long by sixty feet wide and five stories high, having upon its roof an attractively furnished Solarium. There is also a cottage annex, and both

buildings are equipped with all modern improvements. For several years Dr. Wenrich has been sole proprietor of the Sanatorium, as well as its Superintendent, and its success under his energetic



REUBEN D. WENRICH

and liberal management has been somewhat phenomenal. He was a member of the former Berks County Medical Society, but at the present time he has no society or club affiliations. In politics he is a Democrat. On October 19, 1865, he married Sarah Gockley; they have had seven children, four of whom:—Allie R., Lizzie M., Emma E. and Christine are no longer living. A son, George G. Wenrich, M.D., who is now associated with his father in the management of the Sanatorium, was graduated from the University in 1894, and another son, John A. Wenrich, is now a medical student there. A daughter, Eva A., is the wife of Alvin J. Gibbs of Canton, Ohio.

DARRAH, Percival Walter, 1871—

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Salina, Kans., 1871; educated in public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1898; Assistant Surgeon to Genito-Urinary Hospital, University of Pennsylvania, since 1899; Instructor in Physiology at the University.

PERCIVAL WALTER DARRAH, M.D., was born in Salina, Kansas, September 25, 1871, the son of Samuel Jones and Mollie (Temperly)

Darrah, and grandson of James B. Darrah. Several members of his family graduated from the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania in its early days. Dr. Darrah was educated at the High School at Leavenworth, Kansas, where he was afterward successively bookkeeper and then teller in the Union Savings Bank, from 1890 to 1895. Deciding upon the profession of medicine he studied privately for two years with W. W. Walter, M.D., of Leavenworth, afterward entering the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1898. Since 1899 he has been Assistant Surgeon to the Genito-Urinary Dispensary at the University of Pennsylvania. During the session of 1898-1899 and 1899-1900 he was instructor in the Physiological laboratories at the University of Pennsylvania, in the Medical, Dental and Veterinary departments; and during the session of 1900-1901 was Chief Instructor in the Dental and Veterinary departments. Since 1900 he has been Assistant Surgeon to the Children's Surgical Dispensary in both the Children's and Presbyterian Hospitals of Philadelphia. While at College he was a member of the



P. W. DARRAH

Phi Gamma Delta, the Theta Nu Epsilon and Alpha Mu Pi Omega fraternities. Dr. Darrah is a member of the Pathological Society of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia County Medical Society.

FISHER, Samuel Wilson, 1853-

Class of 1874.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; graduated in science at University of Pennsylvania, 1874; studied law and admitted to Bar; practitioner in Philadelphia.

SAMUEL WILSON FISHER was born in Philadelphia, September 25, 1853, the son of Coleman and Mary (Wilson) Fisher. His father was a member of the Class of 1845 at the University of Pennsylvania. His mother was a daughter of Dr. Samuel Wilson, a graduate with the Class of 1819, whose father, Rev. James Patriot Wilson, graduated



S. WILSON FISHER

in 1788, and for many years, 1813-1830, was a Trustee of the University. S. Wilson Fisher entered the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1874 and was graduated from the Scientific Department in that year. Subsequently he studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and became a lawyer in Philadelphia. Mr. Fisher has always been keenly interested in astronomy and has devoted much time to the study of that science. He is a member of the Camden Astronomical Society, the British Astronomical Association and the Astronomical Society of the Pacific. He married, in 1888, Clara Frances, daughter of James Paulding Jones. They have two children: Clarence Wilson and Gertrude Rosamonde Fisher. Their home is in Philadelphia.

GIRVIN, Edwin Robert, 1854-

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Strasburg, Pa., 1854; educated in public schools and under private tutor; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1875; Interne Philadelphia Hospital, 1876-77; Out-door Physician Philadelphia Board of Charities five years; Physician and Surgeon Forster Home Association, Philadelphia, 1878-88; Assistant Surgeon Wills Eye Hospital ten years; Oculist Children's and Methodist hospitals, Denver, Col., several years; Contract Surgeon United States Army, Department of the Platte, 1888; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

EDWIN ROBERT GIRVIN, M.D., was born in Strasburg, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1854, son of John Eshleman and Emma (Bowman) Girvin. He is of Scotch-Irish descent on the paternal side, his earlier ancestors having emigrated from Scotland to the north of Ireland during the period of religious upheaval in the seventeenth century. On the maternal side, and also through his paternal grandmother, he is descended from Swiss Mennonites, who during the revival of religious persecution following the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes by Louis XIV, emigrated by way of Holland to America about the year 1710, settling in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. When he was thirteen years old his parents moved from Strasburg to Philadelphia: where he completed the regular public-school course, and after studying for a year under the direction of a private tutor, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875. For sixteen months he served as Interne at the Philadelphia Hospital; was Out-door Physician to the Board of Charities for five years; and from 1878 to 1888 he was Physician and Surgeon to the Forster Home Association (one hundred and twenty children). He was also for a period of ten years Assistant to Prof. William F. Morris, Surgeon to the Wills Eye Hospital. A severe attack of pneumonia so prostrated him physically that he was obliged to seek the beneficent influence of the high and rarified atmosphere of the Rocky Mountains, and while recovering he continued his professional work to some extent in Denver, Colorado, as Oculist at the Children's and Methodist hospitals of that city. During the year 1888 he served as Contract Surgeon in the United States Army, Department of the Platte. Some time since he returned to Philadelphia, having, it is hoped, permanently recovered his health. Dr. Girvin is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Associa-

tion and the Philadelphia County Medical Society; the Colorado State Medical Association, the Arapachal County Medical and Medico-Legal societies, of Denver; and the Denver Athletic, Apache and



EDWIN R. GIRVIN

Mercantile clubs. He married, May 20, 1895, Marie Elizabeth Loveland, of Philadelphia: they have one son: Robert Loveland.

MAGILL, Edward Walter, 1858-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1858; studied at Swarthmore College; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1881; admitted to Delaware County Bar 1880, and Philadelphia Bar 1881; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

EDWARD WALTER MAGILL, son of Watson Paxson and Mary (Harvey) Magill, was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, January 27, 1858. He is of English and Scotch-Irish ancestry, and the families were Quakers on all sides. The first representatives to reach this country settled in Bucks and Chester counties, Pennsylvania, early in the eighteenth century and engaged in farming. Mr. Magill's father was active in public affairs and was elected to the State Legislature at the age of twenty-five years. The son, after attending the public schools, was sent to Lambertville (New Jersey) Academy, and later was a student at Swarth-

more College, of which his uncle, Edward H. Magill, was for many years the President. He left College before graduation, in November 1877, to begin the study of law in the office of Orlando Harvey, at that time City Solicitor of Chester, Pennsylvania. In 1879 he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduated therefrom as a Bachelor of Laws in June 1881, and in July was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, having in the meantime, September 1880, been made a member of the Bar of Delaware county. He immediately began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. In January 1882 he became an assistant to Charles F. Warwick, afterward Mayor of Philadelphia and at that time City Solicitor, and to Robert Alexander, then Assistant City Solicitor, and remained with them for about five years. In 1887 he formed a partnership with Carrol R. Williams which continued until 1891, and he then associated himself again with Robert Alexander under the firm name of Alexander & Magill. This connection continues. Mr. Magill has a large general practice and his recognized abilities as an advocate have given him high rank at



EDW. W. MAGILL

the Bar. While a Republican in politics, he has never been a candidate for office and has never taken an active part in public affairs. He is a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, the Lawyers'

Club of that city, the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, the Philadelphia Law Association and other clubs and societies. He married, June 14, 1888, Carrie Altemus of Philadelphia, and has one son, Watson Harvey Magill. He resides at Oak Lane, one of the city's handsome suburbs.

BLACKWELL, Lewis Springer, 1833-

Class of 1857 Med.

Born in Pennington, N. J., 1833; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1857; began the practice of medicine at Pennington in 1858, removing to Bound Brook in 1872 and Perth Amboy in 1874.

LEWIS SPRINGER BLACKWELL, M.D., was born in Pennington, New Jersey, January 23, 1833. He is the son of Henry and Re-



L. S. BLACKWELL

becca (Titus) Blackwell. The ancestry is clearly traced to England. Dr. Blackwell was educated at the academy in his native town and at the Pennington Seminary from 1851 to 1853. Deciding upon the study of medicine he spent a session at the Vermont Medical College, and a session at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and two sessions at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in medicine from that institution in 1857. Having received his degree and license to practice, in 1858 he opened an office at Pennington, New Jersey, his native town, where he remained for fourteen years.

He removed to Bound Brook in 1872 and in 1874 to Perth Amboy, where he has since remained. At the inception of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, he commenced the reading course instituted by that organization, and graduated at the Chautauqua University in 1898. Dr. Blackwell has served two terms in the Board of Freeholders of Mercer county, New Jersey, and two in the Board of Education of Perth Amboy, being for a time the President of the Board. He has written many articles for medical journals on subjects connected with his profession, and has been a frequent contributor to the secular press. He was married in 1859 to Charlotte Ogden Waters.

TULL, Montrose Graham, 1859-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Newberne, N. C., 1859; graduated Lafayette College, 1880; M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing physician in Philadelphia; author of various papers on medical subjects.

MONTROSE GRAHAM TULL, M.D., is a son of Dr. John Graham Tull, a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1838. His mother was Julia West Hollister, and his ancestry on all sides is American for a period of one hundred and fifty years. On his father's side the descent is of marked distinction, his father's mother having been in the direct line from John Graham, born in Edinboro, in 1694, the second son of the fourth Marquis of Montrose, who afterwards became the first Duke. Dr. Graham came to America in 1718; he was a prominent divine and physician, a graduate of the University of Edinboro, and married the daughter of the celebrated Dr. Chauncy. Dr. Montrose Graham Tull's early education was received in private schools at which he was prepared for Lafayette College, where he took a full course of study, graduating in the Class of 1880 and taking the Master's degree in 1883. Dr. Tull practices his profession in Philadelphia. He is Physician to the Baptist Orphanage of that city, and is a member of the County and State medical societies, the Medical Association of the United States, the Philadelphia Medical Club, and the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. Subsequently he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he obtained the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885. In politics he is a Republican of independent proclivities. He was married April 18, 1889, to Katherine Milligan, and they reside in Philadelphia. The medical science

has been benefited by Dr. Tull's published papers, notably on the "Treatment of Asthma with Euphorbia Pilulifera;" a report to the Philadelphia County Medical Society of thirty-three cases of diphtheria



M. GRAHAM TULL

treated with tartaric acid and corrosive sublimate and a report of a case of arthritis deformans successfully treated by the application of ice to the spinal column, which was published in the Proceedings of the Philadelphia County Medical Society in March 1901.

WOOD, Alfred Conrad, 1863-

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Hatboro, Pa., 1863; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1885; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; Instructor in Clinical Surgery, University of Pennsylvania; Assistant Surgeon, University Hospital; Editor University Medical Magazine, 1892-1900.

ALFRED CONRAD WOOD, M.D., was born in Hatboro, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1863. Through his father, Comly Wood, he is descended from Thomas Wood, who came to America from Hull, England, in the "Shield," in 1678, and settled near Burlington, New Jersey. A son of the immigrant ancestor, Thomas Wood, Jr., crossed the Delaware into Pennsylvania and purchased a tract of land in

Byberry township, Montgomery county, a portion of which still remains in the family. Dr. Wood attended the public schools of Hatboro and then entered the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia, from which he passed to the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and was graduated from that College in 1885 with the degree of Ph.G. For four and a half years he was engaged in the retail drug business. Meanwhile he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he obtained his Doctor's degree in 1888. From June 1888 to December 1889 he was Resident Physician at the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. Later he was for a time Surgeon to the Out-Patient Department of this Hospital and he is now Assistant Surgeon to the Hospital. For several years Dr. Wood has been Instructor in Clinical Surgery at the University of Pennsylvania. He is Surgeon to the Philadelphia, St. Agnes's and St. Timothy's hospitals, and was formerly Assistant Surgeon to the Gynecean Hospital. From 1892 to 1900 he was Editor of the University Medical Magazine. Dr. Wood is a fellow of the College of



ALFRED C. WOOD

Physicians of Philadelphia, and belongs to the County Medical Society, the Pathological Society, the Pediatric Society and the Academy of Surgery of Philadelphia. He is also a member of the

American Medical Association, the University Club of Philadelphia, the Philadelphia Medical Club and the Faculty Club of the University of Pennsylvania.

LANGSTROTH, James Heidel, 1875-

Class of 1898 Arts, 1901 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1875; prepared for College at Germantown Academy; A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1898, LL.B. 1901; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JAMES HEIDEL LANGSTROTH, son of Theodore A. and Kate Marie (Souder) Langstroth, was born in Germantown, Philadelphia,



JAMES H. LANGSTROTH

November 3, 1875. He was prepared for College at the Germantown Academy, and entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1898. He was Valedictorian at the Commencement Exercises of the Philomathean Society. He chose the legal profession and took up the study of the law in the office of Hon. F. Carroll Brewster, at the same time attending the lectures in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated Bachelor of Laws in 1901. Mr. Langstroth is associated with his brother, Charles S. Langstroth, in the practice of the law in Philadelphia.

VOL. II. — 25

POSEY, William Campbell, 1866-

Class of 1886 Arts, 1889 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1886, M.D. 1889; studied at Goettingen and Berlin; Clinical Assistant in Reichenberg Hospital in Bohemia and at hospitals in London; specialist on diseases of the eye; Ophthalmic Surgeon to various hospitals; editor and contributor of articles on his specialties to medical literature.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL POSEY, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, July 5, 1866. He is a son of David Root Posey through whom he is descended from the Root, Cochran, Longacre and Landis families. His mother before her marriage was Emily Jewell Campbell and through her he traces descent from the Hinkle, Hughes, Levering and Goldney families. After attending the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia from 1872 to 1876 Dr. Posey entered the Protestant Episcopal Academy where he remained for six years or from 1876 to 1882. He was matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1886 and graduated in that year with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He at once selected the medical profession and to fit himself for that career he entered the Medical School at the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his Doctor's degree in 1889. The ensuing year was spent in Philadelphia as Resident Physician of the Presbyterian Hospital but at the end of his term he went abroad to make a special study of diseases of the eye. In the winter semester, 1890-1891 he attended the lectures and clinics at the University of Goettingen. The summer semester was occupied at Berlin. In the autumn of 1891 he became a Clinical Assistant in the Eye Clinic of the Reichenberg Hospital in Bohemia. In 1892 he was Clinical Assistant at the Royal Westminster and Royal London Ophthalmic hospitals in England, later attending the Ophthalmological Clinics in Paris. Returning to America, he began the active practice of medicine in his native city limiting himself to diseases of the eye. Dr. Posey holds a number of very important positions in connection with the hospitals. He is Professor of Ophthalmology in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Howard and Epileptic hospitals and Assistant Surgeon to the Wills' Eye Hospital. He is Consulting Ophthalmologist to the State Hospital for the Insane at Norristown, Pennsylvania and Assistant Ophthalmologist to the Friends' Asylum for the Insane at Frankford, Philadelphia. He is also Ophthalmologist to the Home for Incurables and the Home of the Merc-

ful Saviour for Crippled Children. Dr. Posey is a frequent contributor of articles bearing upon his specialty in the different medical journals, and is an Associate Editor of several ophthalmic journals. He



WM. CAMPBELL POSEY

holds membership in a number of medical societies. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia and an Associate Member of the American Ophthalmological Society. He also belongs to the Philadelphia County, the Philadelphia Pathological and the State and American medical societies. His clubs include the Union League, the University Club and the Merion Cricket Club. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, the Phi Alpha Sigma Medical Fraternity, and belongs to the Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Society of the Sons of the Revolution. Dr. Posey has always been active in the graduate councils of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a Manager of the Alumni Society of the College Department and a member of the Central Committee of the Alumni.

MELLOR, Howard, 1865-

Class of 1889 Science, 1893 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; student in Philosophy, University of Pennsylvania, 1889; graduated in medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1893; Chief of Eye Clinic, University Hospital, 1895; Assistant Ophthalmic

Surgeon, University Hospital, 1896; Instructor in Ophthalmology, Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1896.

HOWARD MELLOR, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, May 14, 1865, son of John Bancroft and Margaret Burns (Larrabee) Mellor. His academic training was received in the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia, under Professor Aaron B. Ivins. Afterwards he took an undergraduate course in philosophy in the University of Pennsylvania, with the Class of 1889. He then matriculated in the Medical Department at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his degree in 1893. Dr. Mellor was appointed Chief Surgeon of the Eye Clinic in the University Hospital in 1895, and the following year was made Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon in the same hospital. In 1896 he was appointed Instructor in Ophthalmology in the Medical Department in the University of Pennsylvania, a position which he still occupies. Since October 1901 he has been the Acting Chief Ophthalmic Surgeon in the same hospital, which position he will fill for the University Year, when



HOWARD MELLOR

the duly elected successor to his late Chief, Dr. William Fisher Norris, whose untimely death occurred November 18, 1901, assumes charge. Dr. Mellor is a member of the Faculty Club.

On April 8, 1901, he married Minnie Hazen. He resides in Philadelphia.

BUTZ, Alfred Sylvester, 1865-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born at Kutztown, Pa., 1865; educated Kutztown State Normal School; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1891; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

ALFRED SYLVESTER BUTZ, M.D., was born at Kutztown, Pennsylvania, July 3, 1865, the son of Lewis B. and Catherine (Kieffer) Butz.



A. S. BUTZ

He was educated at the Kutztown State Normal School, where he was prepared to become a teacher. After teaching a grammar school at Red Lion, Berks county, Pennsylvania, he decided to take up the study of pharmacy, and pursuing the course at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy he graduated therefrom in 1891. He then entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1893. Since his graduation Dr. Butz has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine in Philadelphia. He belongs to the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and to the Houston Club. He was married June 12, 1900, to Lillian Garrett.

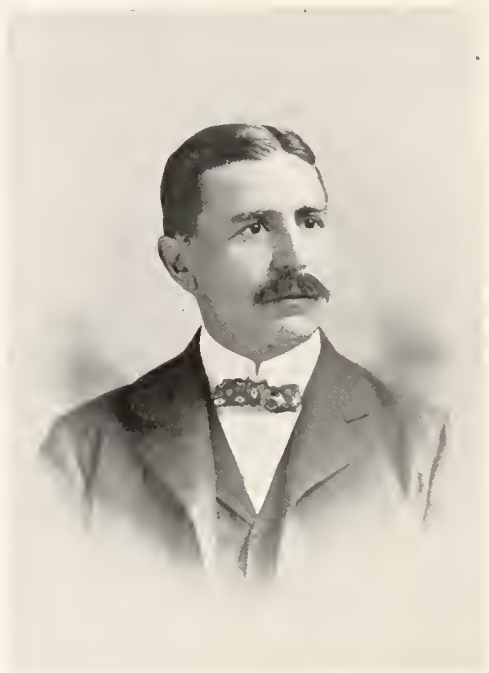
POTTS, Charles Sower, 1864-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1882; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1885; Assistant Physician in Dispensary for Nervous Diseases, University Hospital, 1888; Instructor in Electro-Therapeutics at University of Pennsylvania, 1890; Chief Physician to Dispensary for Nervous Diseases and Instructor in Nervous Diseases, University of Pennsylvania, 1892; Assistant Neurologist to University Hospital, 1893; Neurologist to Philadelphia Hospital 1900; practicing physician and specialist in Philadelphia.

CHARLES SOWER POTTS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 30, 1864, son of Francis C. and Emma (Bilger) Potts. He is a lineal descendant of David Potts, who came from Montgomeryshire, Wales, and settled in Pennsylvania about 1690. His mother was the daughter of Isaac Bilger. Her ancestors came to this country from Wurtemberg previous to the Revolution, and settled in Philadelphia; her grandfather was a soldier in the Revolution, and her father a veteran of the War of 1812. Dr. Potts attended the public schools of his native city and was graduated from the Central High School in 1882. In October of that year he took up the study of medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor's degree in May 1885. From September 1886 to September 1887 he was Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital. The next year he practiced in the coal regions, and subsequently for a short time served as Resident Physician in the University Hospital in Philadelphia and as Assistant Physician at the State Hospital for the Insane at Norristown, Pennsylvania. In April 1888 he was appointed Assistant Physician in the Dispensary for Nervous Diseases in the University Hospital, and in May 1892 became Chief Physician. In March 1890 he was made Instructor in Electro-Therapeutics in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, in 1892 became an Instructor of Nervous Diseases in the same institution, and May 1893 he was appointed Assistant Neurologist to the University Hospital. In March 1897 was appointed Consulting Alienist to the State Prison for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. In December 1897 he was made Consulting Physician to the Hospital for the Insane of Atlantic county, New Jersey. He was appointed Neurologist to the Philadelphia Hospital in December 1900. Dr. Potts is a member of the County Medical, the Pathological, the Neurological and the Pediatric Societies, and a fellow of the College of Physicians, all of Philadelphia, and a member of the American

Medical Association. He is also a member of the University and Medical Clubs. He is a devotee of boating and other aquatic sports, and while a student at the University of Pennsylvania was a member of the



CHAS. S. POTTS

eight-oared Varsity Crew in 1884 and 1885, was a substitute on the four-oared crew in 1885, and in April 1883 he rowed in the first class crew ever organized in the Medical Department of the University. He belongs to the College Boat Club of the University, was its Captain from 1889 to 1891 inclusive, and for the same period he was a member of the Committee on Rowing at the University. He has long been a member of the Athletic Association, and belongs also to the West Philadelphia and the Undine boat clubs. He is a member of the Phi Delta Theta, Pennsylvania Zeta Chapter, and the Nu Sigma Nu Medical Fraternity. Dr. Potts has recently published a "Manual of Nervous and Mental Diseases."

PACKARD, Charles Stuart Wood, 1860-

Class of 1880.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated Rugby Academy, and Towne Scientific School, University of Pennsylvania; Secretary and Treasurer, Philadelphia Warehouse Company, 1883-87; Treasurer Washington Manufacturing Company, 1887-92; Auditor, Treasurer

and now President of The Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities.

CHARLES STUART WOOD PACKARD was born in Philadelphia, June 2, 1860. He is the son of John Hooker and Elisabeth (Wood) Packard, and a grandson of Frederick A. Packard of Springfield, Massachusetts, who married Elisabeth Dwight, and Charles S. Wood of Philadelphia, who married Julianna Randolph. He was prepared for College at Rugby Academy, and entered the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1880. In 1883 he became the Secretary and Treasurer of the Philadelphia Warehouse Company, a position which he held until 1887. From 1887 to 1892 he was Treasurer of the Washington Manufacturing Company, and in the last named year was appointed Auditor of the Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities. He occupied this office for one year when he became Treasurer of the corporation. He continued in this post for six years and since 1899 has been President of the company. Mr. Packard is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity, and the Treasurer and a Director of



C. S. W. PACKARD

the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania. On April 12, 1882, he married Eliza Gilpin McLean, and they have one child: John Hooker Packard, 3rd.

GILPIN, Charles, 3rd, 1878-

Class of 1899.

Born in Philadelphia, 1878; graduated Penn Charter School 1895, and Architectural Department University of Pennsylvania 1899; Secretary and Treasurer Wade-Gilpin Company, builders and contractors.

CHARLES GILPIN, 3RD, son of Washington H. and Louisa B. (Clayton) Gilpin, was born in Philadelphia, October 7, 1878. He is a grandson of Charles Gilpin, who was Mayor of Philadelphia in the early fifties, and a descendant of Joseph Gilpin, who emigrated to this country in



CHARLES GILPIN, 3D

1696. He was prepared for College at the William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1895. In the autumn of that year he entered the Architectural Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he took his degree of Bachelor of Architecture in 1899. For three summers while at College his vacation time was spent in the offices of Hazlehurst & Huckel, architects of Philadelphia. After graduation he entered the employ of the late Charles McCaul in the contracting and building business. This connection was continued until February 1901, when Mr. Gilpin became the Secretary and Treasurer of the Wade-Gilpin Company, builders and contractors. He is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity, and of the Mask and Wig Club, the popular dra-

matic organization of the University of Pennsylvania. Since leaving College he has been the stage manager of the club. He is also a member of the Strollers Club of New York.

STEELE, James Dallas, 1864-

Class of 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1884, LL.B. 1886, M.A. 1887, B.D. 1891; course in Theology in Seminary of Reformed Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, graduating 1891; Lecturer in Hebrew at University of Pennsylvania and Columbia University, New York City; Pastor First Reformed Presbyterian Church, New York City since 1891.

JAMES DALLAS STEELE, PH.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 6, 1864, the son of Rev. David Steele, D.D., LL.D., and Elizabeth (Dallas) Steele. Of Scotch-Irish ancestry, he is descended on his father's side, through John Steele, David Steele and James Steele, all of Altaghaderry county, Donegal, Ireland, from Capt. John Steele of Covenanter fame, of Skellyhill, Lesmahagow, Lanarkshire, Scotland, and he is related to David Steele, martyr in 1686. On his mother's side he is a descendant through Martha MacMillan and Janet Chestnut, of Capt. James Chestnut of South Carolina, who fought in the Revolutionary army under General Washington. His early education was received in the Philadelphia Public Schools and at Langton Select Academy, in Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. He was matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1880, and took the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June 1884. As a freshman he received the prize for Greek Prose composition, and as a senior the Latin Essay prize. In October 1884 he entered the office of J. Sergeant Price, a prominent Philadelphia attorney, as a student-at-law, and at the same time matriculated in the Law School of the University, from which he was graduated in 1886. From that time he actively practiced his profession at the Philadelphia Bar until 1890. But his tastes inclined him to the Christian ministry, and in 1887 he enrolled himself as a student in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, where his studies were continued until 1891. From 1889 to 1891 he took a post-graduate course in the University of Pennsylvania, from which in the latter year he obtained the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, having in the meantime, in 1887, received his Master's degree. He was Instructor of Hebrew at the University of Pennsylvania from 1890 to 1891, and

Lecturer in Hebrew at Columbia University, New York, in 1891 and 1892. Since April 16, 1891, he has been the Pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church in Twelfth Street, New York City. Dr. Steele has contributed many articles on Biblical Criticism to the religious magazines and church periodicals. He is a member of the American Historical Association, and has been a fellow of the



JAMES D. STEELE

American Oriental Society since 1892. On December 8, 1898, he married Emma Abbott of New York.

PARTRIDGE, Herbert Graves, 1871-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Wakefield, R. I., 1871; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; Interne Rhode Island Hospital, Providence, to 1897; practiced medicine in that city latter year to present time; now Physician Out-Patients Department, Rhode Island Hospital; House and Admitting Physician Providence Lying-in-Hospital; and Secretary Providence Medical Association.

HERBERT GRAVES PARTRIDGE, M.D., was born in Wakefield, Rhode Island, October 20, 1871, son of Rev. Lyman and Julia O. (Elliott) Partridge. He is a lineal descendant of John Partridge, an Englishman, who, in 1652, settled at Dedham, Massachusetts, from whence he removed to Medfield in that state in 1653, and

whose son John fought against the Indians of Western Massachusetts in 1678. His great-grandfather, Simeon Partridge, served as a soldier in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War. His father was graduated from Brown University in 1863, and is a Baptist minister. Having studied preliminarily in the public schools of Sharon and Westminister, Massachusetts, he prepared for College at Cushing Academy, Ashburnham, that state, and was graduated from Brown with the Class of 1892. He was a student in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his degree in 1895, and from the latter year to the present time he has practiced his profession in Providence, Rhode Island. From 1895 to 1897 he was an Interne at the Rhode Island Hospital, and in the latter year was appointed a Medical Externe to the Out-Patients Department, serving in that capacity until 1901, since which time he has been Physician to the same Department. He has also been House Physician to the Providence Lying-in Hospital since 1899, Admitting Physician since 1901, and since the latter date has served as Visiting Physician to St. Mary's Orphanage of that city. Dr. Partridge is a member of the Rhode Island Medical Society, the Providence Medical Association, of which he is now Secretary, and the Rhode Island Hospital Club. He keeps himself in touch with advanced medical science, and has contributed several interesting articles to contemporary medical literature.

EMBERY, William, 1865-

Class of 1889 Law.

Born at Fox Chase, Philadelphia, 1865; educated in Philadelphia Public Schools; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1889; attorney-at-law in Philadelphia; Manager City Department Insurance Company of North America.

WILLIAM EMBERY was born at Fox Chase, Philadelphia, November 20, 1865. His father, William Henry Embery, since 1872 in charge of the Assay Laboratory of the United States Mint, was a Sergeant in Company A, First Regiment of New Jersey Cavalry, during the Civil War. His grandfather belonged to the Royal Horse Artillery, and fought and was wounded under Wellington at Waterloo. Mr. Embery's mother was Annie Elizabeth Manning, and through her he traces Irish descent. He received a public-school education, and in 1879 reached the Central High School in Philadelphia, where he pursued a partial course,

breaking it off to take a place in a banking and commercial house. In 1887 he decided to take up the study of the law, and matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania,



W. M. EMBERY

from which he was graduated two years later. He was at once admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and formed a law partnership with Joseph R. Embery, with offices in the Real Estate Trust Building and in Frankford, Philadelphia. Mr. Embery in addition to his law practice is the Manager of the City Department of the Insurance Company of North America. On April 19, 1892, he married Elizabeth Hannah Eastwood of Royton, Lancashire, England. They have three daughters: Elizabeth Frances, Helen, Marjorie and one son, James Edwin. His home is in Frankford.

BOYLAN, Thomas, 1878-

Class of 1899 Law.

Born in Ireland, 1878; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1896; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

THOMAS BOYLAN is a son of Henry Boylan and Mary (Nicholl) Boylan, and was born in Ireland, March 3, 1878. At three years of age he was placed in the Clinmaulin National School, at Clinmaulin, County Fermanagh, Ireland, a school

presided over by one of the most noted Irish teachers of his time. He remained at this school until he was ten years old, when his parents removed to America, taking up their residence in Philadelphia. From 1888 to 1892 he was a pupil in the Edwin M. Stanton Grammar School in that city, and in the latter year entered the Central High School, whence he graduated with honors, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts, June 15, 1896. He at once chose a professional career, and matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which, at the completion of the course, he received his degree of Bachelor of Laws, *cum laude*, on June 15, 1899. On June 16, 1889, he was admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar, later becoming a member of the Bar of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania, and of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. He has been engaged in the active practice of his profession in Philadelphia since 1899, and is rapidly gaining a large clientele. In politics Mr. Boylan is a Republican. He is a



THOMAS BOYLAN

member of the Law Association and Law Academy of Philadelphia, the Knights of St. John and the Knights of Columbus of the same city, the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania,

and the American Catholic Historical Society. He resides in Philadelphia.

PYLE, Walter Lytle, 1871-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; studied in local schools and under private tutors; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1893; Chief Resident Physician Washington (D.C.) Emergency Hospital, 1893-94; continued studies abroad and subsequently in Philadelphia, giving special attention to Ophthalmology; now practicing in that city; Assistant Surgeon Wills' Eye Hospital 1898 to present time; Assistant Secretary American Academy of Medicine 1897-1900.

WALTER LITTLE PYLE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 20, 1871, son of William J. and Sarah Lane (Thomas) Pyle. His parents were both natives of Chester county, Pennsylvania, and he is a lineal descendant of Robert Pyle of Wiltshire, England, who came to America with William Penn in 1684, settling at Bethel, Chester county. Through intermarriage he is related to most of the prominent Quaker families of that locality. On the maternal side he is a descendant of Tristram Coffyn, the first Chief Magistrate of the Island of Nantucket, Massachusetts. His early education was acquired in Philadelphia schools, including the Central High School, and under private tutors. He was graduated in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1893, and immediately afterwards obtained by competitive examination the position of Resident Physician at the Emergency Hospital, Washington, District of Columbia, in which city he remained until 1895. The following year was devoted to study and research in the hospitals and libraries of London and Paris, and upon his return from Europe he continued his observations in the hospitals and clinics of Philadelphia, giving his special attention to the study of ophthalmology. From 1896 to the present time he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia, confining himself to his chosen specialty, and in 1898 he was elected Assistant Surgeon to Wills' Eye Hospital, a position which he still retains. Dr. Pyle has been a prolific contributor to medical literature, and in addition to numerous editorials, pamphlets and monographs upon a varied line of subjects, including medicine, surgery, medical sociology, medical bibliography and ophthalmology, he has issued several volumes of medical reference. "A Compend of Diseases of the Eye," written in collaboration with Dr. George M. Gould, was followed by "Anomalies and Cur-

osities of Medicine," and he has edited a voluminous work by seventy-four prominent American medical authors entitled "A Cyclopedic of Practical Medicine and Surgery." He was Editor of the International Medical Magazine in 1898, and his latest published work: "A Manual of Personal Hygiene," is a series of collaborated essays destined to be widely read both in and out of the medical profession. He has served as Assistant Secretary of the American Academy of Medicine and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society; is also a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia



WALTER L. PYLE

County Medical Society, the Sons of the Revolution, the Philadelphia Art and Medical clubs and various other scientific and social bodies. He has received the academic degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts. On April 11, 1898, Dr. Pyle married Adelaide Besson; their children are Sarah Adelaide and Walter Lytle Pyle, Jr.

McADOO, William, Jr., 1870-

Class of 1891.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated at Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; merchant in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM McADOO, JR., was born in Philadelphia, October 23, 1870, the son of William and Margaret McAdoo. He was educated at

the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia and entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1887, where he continued study as a member of the Class of 1891 until the close of the



WILLIAM McADOO, JR.

Sophomore year, when after admission to Junior standing, he decided to enter at once upon business life. Engaged at first in the employ of England & Bryan, leather merchants of Philadelphia, he commenced business independently in 1896, and continues in the leather business at the present time as a member of the firm of McAdoo & Allen, of Philadelphia. Mr. McAdoo is a member of the Union League at Philadelphia, and in politics is a Republican. In 1897 he married Letitia Macaulay of Philadelphia.

PHILLIPS, James Rowan, 1866-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; located for practice in native city; District Physician two years; Medical Examiner for insurance companies, 1896-98; private practice exclusively latter year to present time.

JAMES ROWAN PHILLIPS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, June 26, 1866, son of George William and Annie (Rowan) Phillips. His father was a cooper by trade, and his paternal ancestors

for several generations were Americans. His mother was the daughter of a schoolmaster, and was of Irish descent. He acquired his early education in the Philadelphia public schools, and at the age of twelve years was employed in a printing office, from which he entered into the service of John Wanamaker. Subsequently he entered the employ of Charles T. Yerkes, Jr., & Company, bankers, as office boy, and worked his way forward to the position of telegrapher and bookkeeper, remaining with that firm until financially able to pursue his professional studies. He was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1893, and in January following was appointed by the Department of Charities of the City of Philadelphia a District Physician, in which capacity he served for two years. He was Medical Examiner for the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association and the Hartford Life Insurance Company from 1896 to 1898, since which time his private practice has demanded his exclusive attention. Dr. Phillips is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, also of Melita Lodge of Masons, Damascus Council,



JAMES R. PHILLIPS

Order of the Red Cross and Hope Lodge of Odd Fellows. He was married, January 15, 1896, to Rosa Balls; they have three children: Marion Gertrude, Rosa Elinor and George William Phillips.

SAXMAN, Nathaniel H., 1865-

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Latrobe, Pa., 1865; educated private schools; graduated Franklin Marshall College; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

NATHANIEL H. SAXMAN, M.D., was born in Latrobe, Pennsylvania, August 7, 1865, son of Peter and Mary (Armel) Saxman. He is of



N. H. SAXMAN

German descent. His early education was acquired in private schools, and his classical studies were pursued at Franklin Marshall College, from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Arts. Subsequently he was a medical student at the University of Pennsylvania, entering with the Class of 1890 and graduating a Doctor of Medicine at the completion of the regular three-years course. Locating permanently in Philadelphia, he has ever since devoted his attention exclusively to private practice, which has become both extensive and profitable. Although earnestly interested in the advancement of science, Dr. Saxman finds that his practice gives him little or no time to devote to the medical organizations, but has in an unostentatious manner acquired a high reputation in the medical profession of the Quaker City. In politics he is a Republican. On December 7, 1896, he married Lida Conley. He resides in Philadelphia.

TAYLOR, Edmund Carter, 1869-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; educated at Penn Charter School, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; engaged in business in Philadelphia; served with First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry in Spanish-American War.

EDMUND CARTER TAYLOR was born in Philadelphia, May 27, 1869. He is a son of Dr. Robert Randolph Taylor, and through the paternal line is descended from a prominent and aristocratic family in Virginia. Dr. Taylor's father married Elizabeth Carter Berkeley, daughter of Dr. Berkeley, whose wife was Elizabeth Wormley Carter of Sabine Hall. The Taylors are connected with the Spotswoods, Randolphs and other leading families in the Old Dominion. The mother of the subject of this sketch was Helen Bonsall, who came of an old Quaker family resident in Philadelphia for many years. At an early age Edmund Carter Taylor was placed in the William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia, where he was fitted for College. He entered the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania in 1885 with the



EDMUND C. TAYLOR

Class of 1889, but left College at the end of Sophomore year to engage actively in business pursuits. He first went into the employ of the Reading Iron Works at Reading, Pennsylvania, where he remained

for a few years. During the year 1890 he was connected with the United Gas Improvement Company, and for six years subsequently until April 1896 was in the service of Jno. T. Lewis & Bros., manufacturers of white lead in Philadelphia. In the latter year he associated himself with his cousin and his brother under the firm name of Goddard & Taylor, a business relationship which still continues. Mr. Taylor has been a member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry since October 1896, and served in Porto Rico with that ancient military organization during the War with Spain. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, and the Rittenhouse, Markham, Philadelphia Country, Philadelphia Barge and Centaur Bicycle clubs. He married, September 26, 1900, Alice M. Hazlehurst of Philadelphia. Neither of Mr. Taylor's parents is now living, but he has three brothers: J. Bonsall Taylor, who graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1872, R. Randolph Taylor and C. Berkeley Taylor.

METZGER, Percy Bowman, 1861-

Class of 1885 Law.

Born in Bedford, Pa., 1861; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1885; connected with Trust Department Fidelity Trust Company, 1882-89; Treasurer and Trust Officer American Security & Trust Company of Washington, D. C., 1889-92; Trust Officer Union Trust Company, 1892-1900; Title and Trust Officer Continental Title & Trust Company since 1900

PERCY BOWMAN METZGER was born in Bedford, Pennsylvania, November 18, 1861. Through his father, James Metzger, his ancestry is German, and through his mother, Mary Leader Bowman, he is of English descent. He attended the public schools of Philadelphia, graduating from the Central High School in 1880, and in 1882 entered the employ of the Trust Department of the Fidelity Trust Company, where he remained until 1889. In the meantime he studied law under the Hon. Wayne MacVeagh and George Tucker Bispham, Esq., and took the courses in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating Bachelor of Laws in 1885. From 1889 to 1892 Mr. Metzger was Treasurer and Trust Officer of the American Security & Trust Company of Washington, District of Columbia, and from 1892 to 1900 was Trust Officer of the Union Trust Company of Philadelphia. Since November 1, 1900, he has been Title and Trust Officer of the Continental Title & Trust Company.

Mr. Metzger is a member of the Loyal Legion, the Belmont Cricket Club, the Bachelors' Barge Club and the Art Club of Philadelphia. In politics he is a Republican. On September 14, 1887, he married Salome K. Hummel and they have two children:



PERCY B. METZGER

Marion H. and Salome Metzger. He resides in Philadelphia.

RANKIN, Charles Cooper, 1872-

Class of 1895 Med

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1895; took post-graduate course in Hygiene and Bacteriology; Assistant Surgeon Eye Clinics at the University since graduation; Chief of Eye Dispensary, St. Christopher's Hospital, Philadelphia, 1896-98; Chief same Department Bethany Dispensary, 1898; Vaccine Physician City of Philadelphia since 1899.

CHARLES COOPER RANKIN, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, March 24, 1872, son of Andrew and Mary (Adamson) Rankin. His early education was obtained in the public schools. As a reward for the highest average at his final examination in the Philadelphia High School he received a scholarship at the University of Pennsylvania, and entering the Medical Department in 1891 he was graduated in 1895, afterwards pursuing a post-graduate course in hygiene and bacteriology

under Professor Abbott. Since graduation he has been connected with the University as a Clinical Assistant-Surgeon in Diseases of the Eye. From 1896 to 1898 he was Chief of the Eye Dispensary at



CHARLES C. RANKIN

St. Christopher's Hospital. In 1898 he was called to the Bethany Dispensary in the same capacity, and in 1899 was appointed Vaccine Physician of the City of Philadelphia. Dr. Rankin is a member of the Sons of St. George and the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows, being Medical Examiner to each of these orders, and charter member of the Barton Cooke Hirst Obstetric Society. He was married June 28, 1899, to Adelaide Celestine Forderer; they have one son: Charles Albert Forderer Rankin.

DEACON, Howard, 1861—

Class of 1882.

Born in Burlington county, N. J., 1861; educated at Friends' School, in Burlington, and Hallewell Grammar School, in Philadelphia; graduated Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania, 1882; engaged in surveying past twenty years; civil engineer in Philadelphia; devotes considerable time to genealogy.

HOWARD DEACON, son of William Ridgway and Abigail (Collins) Deacon, was born in Burlington county, New Jersey, October 28, 1861.

He is a descendant, in the seventh generation, of George Deacon, who was born in Essex county, England, in 1642-3, and died in Burlington county, New Jersey, in 1725. From the emigrant the line of descent is (2) John, (3) George, (4) John, (5) George and (6) William Ridgway, all of whom were lifelong residents of Burlington county, except William R. Deacon, who removed to Philadelphia. From the Friends' School in Burlington, Howard Deacon went to the Hallewell Grammar School, in Philadelphia, and from the latter he entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating a Bachelor of Science in 1882. For the past twenty years he has followed his profession as a Civil Engineer successfully, having been identified with numerous important engineering and surveying operations, as the Reading Terminal, Philadelphia Filtration System, etc., and he is now located in Philadelphia in the active practice of his profession. Aside from his professional work Mr. Deacon is much interested in genealogy, and has acquired a wide reputation as an authority on the descendants of the early settlers at Central and Southern



HOWARD DEACON

New Jersey. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. Politically he acts with the Republican party, but has independent proclivities. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia.

ODELL, Charles Francis, 1870-

Class of 1895 Dent.

Born in Perrysburg, Ohio, 1870; graduated D.D.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing dentist in Philadelphia.

CHARLES FRANCIS ODELL, D.D.S., was born in Perrysburg, Ohio, February 13, 1870. He is a son of Morgan N. Root, a lawyer, and Julia



CHARLES F. ODELL

A. (Root) Odell. After completing his studies in the public schools of Toledo, Ohio, he became a dental student in the office of Everett M. Cook, D.D.S., of that city, and entering the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1891, was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1895, having been absent one session on account of illness. After the conclusion of his professional preparations he decided to locate permanently in Philadelphia, and has since practiced dentistry in that city continuously to the present time. Dr. Odell is a member of the Delta Sigma Delta Fraternity.

WYLIE, Samuel Brown, 1860-

Class of 1882.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; A.M. in course; taught in private school four years; Instructor in Mathematics

in the University three years; engaged in private teaching and publishing five years; entered the service of Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1894; Assistant Actuary 1896, Actuary 1900 to present time.

SAMUEL BROWN WYLIE was born in Philadelphia, May 4, 1860, son of Theodore W. J. and Maria Louisa (Lowrie) Wylie. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Having attended the Philadelphia public schools, he was graduated Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in 1879; he then entered the Arts Department of the University, taking his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1882 and receiving that of Master of Arts in course. After leaving College he engaged in teaching at the Classical Institute, Rev. Dr. Faires, Principal, for four years, at the expiration of which time he returned to the University as Instructor of Mathematics, continuing in that capacity for three years. The next five years he was engaged in giving private instruction and in publishing, and in 1894 entered the service of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company, in which he continues to the present time. He was made Assistant Actuary in 1896 and Actuary in 1900.



SAMUEL B. WYLIE

Mr. Wylie is a member of the General Alumni Society of the University and a member of the Institute of Actuaries of England. Politically, he is a Republican.

THOMSON, Archibald Graham, 1870-

Class of 1889 Arts, 1892 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; graduated Ph.B., University of Pennsylvania 1889, M.D. 1892; Ophthalmic Surgeon Children's Hospital; Assistant Surgeon Wills' Eye Hospital; Surgeon and Major, Third Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, in Spanish-American War.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM THOMSON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 13, 1870, son of Dr. William Thomson, a distinguished



ARCHIBALD G. THOMSON

physician of Philadelphia, and Rebecca (George) Thomson. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was fitted for College at the Episcopal Academy and at Brown's School in Philadelphia, and matriculated in the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania in the fall of 1885, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1889. His inclinations led him to adopt his father's profession, and he entered the University Medical School, from which he received the Doctor's degree in 1892. His education in this country was supplemented by travel and study abroad. For several years he has been engaged in practice with his father in Philadelphia. Among other positions held by Dr. Thomson are those of: Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Children's Hospital, Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon at the Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, Assistant Surgeon

to the Wills' Eye Hospital, and Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad. During the Spanish-American War he served as Surgeon and Major in the Third Pennsylvania Infantry. Dr. Thomson is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity and of the Philadelphia Club.

PANCOAST, Henry Khunrath, 1875-

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1875; graduated Friends' Central High School, Philadelphia, 1892; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1898; Resident Physician University Hospital, 1898-1900; Assistant-Demonstrator Surgery, and Assistant-Instructor Clinical Surgery, University of Pennsylvania.

HENRY KHUNRATH PANCOAST, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 26, 1875, son of Seth and Susan (George (Osborn) Pancoast. His early education was completed at the Friends' Central High School, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1892. For the succeeding two years he was a clerk in the Centennial National Bank of that city. He was graduated



HENRY K. PANCOAST

in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1898, and after serving two years as Resident Physician in the University Hospital he was in 1900 elected to the positions of Assistant Demon-

strator of Surgery and Assistant Instructor in Clinical Surgery in the Medical Department of the University. Dr. Pancoast is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, Pennsylvania Iota Chapter, and the Phi Alpha Sigma (Medical) Fraternity.

ROMMEL, J. Martin, 1867-

Class of 1886 Arts, 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1886, LL.B. 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; member of Civil Service Board of Philadelphia, 1893-95.

J. MARTIN ROMMEL was born in Philadelphia, September 22, 1867. He is a son of Jacob M. and Catharine Bremer Rommel. His early ed-



J. MARTIN ROMMEL

ucation was acquired at a Friends' School, at the Lincoln Grammar Public School and at Lauderbach's Academy in Philadelphia. He matriculated in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania in September 1882, being graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June 1886. Mr. Rommel chose the profession of a lawyer and took up his studies in the office of James M. West. He at the same time entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and received his Bachelor of Laws in 1888 when he was at once admitted to the Philadelphia Bar where he has prac-

ticed continuously ever since. From 1893 to 1895 he was a member of the Civil Service Board of Philadelphia and from 1897 to 1899 he was a Director of the Citizens' Trust Company. When the Peace Jubilee was arranged in Philadelphia at the end of the Spanish-American War Mr. Rommel was a member of the Committee which had the celebration in charge and he was also a member of the committee in charge of the Republican National Convention held in that city in 1900. He is a member of the Union League, the Five O'clock Club, the Lincoln Club, the Lawyers' Club, the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

KRAUTH, Charles Philip, 1849-1899.

Class of 1869.

Born at Winchester, Va., 1849; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1869; studied at School of Mines in Freiberg, Saxony, 1870-76; in employ of Pullman Palace Car Company, 1876-86; Superintendent Wagner Palace Car Company, 1886-87; Secretary McConway & Torley Company, Pittsburg, 1888-99; died 1899.

CHARLES PHILIP KRAUTH, born in Winchester, Virginia, May 22, 1849, was descended from a distinguished line of clergymen in the Lutheran Church. His father was Rev. Charles Porterfield Krauth, D.D., LL.D., long a Professor and Vice-Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, and his grandfather was Rev. Charles Philip Krauth, D.D., who was born in the year 1797. His mother was Susan Reynolds, a daughter of Isaac Reynolds, Esq., of Baltimore, Maryland. Of good German and French stock which emigrated to America from the lower Rhine country in the eighteenth century, heredity greatly favored and equipped him for the larger duties of life. He early attended private schools in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, later removing to Philadelphia, where he continued his preparatory training in Dr. Charles Short's Academy. From this school his father's interest in Lutheran educational foundations led to his entering the Preparatory Department at Pennsylvania College in Gettysburg. Here he was fitted for the regular course in the College, and spent Freshman and Sophomore years at Gettysburg. His Junior and Senior years were passed at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1869. Almost immediately after graduation Mr. Krauth went abroad to take up the study of mining engineering and geology. For six years, from 1870 to 1876, he pursued his studies in Germany at the

Royal School of Mines in Freiberg, Saxony. Upon his return home he entered the employ of the Pullman Palace Car Company in Philadelphia, first as a clerk and then as foreman of the company's Mantua Car Shops. By his next promotion he was made Assistant to the District Superintendent of the Pullman Company, with his office at Jersey City, New Jersey, and in 1881 he was appointed to a full District Superintendency at Boston. In the years 1886 and 1887 he was Superintendent of the Wagner Palace Car Company, during which time he was stationed in New York. From 1888 to 1899



C. P. KRAUTH

he was Secretary of the McConway & Torley Company of Pittsburg. Mr. Krauth was officially connected with a large number of public organizations. From 1895 to 1898 he was President of the Pittsburg Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, and for the same period Trustee of the American Philatelic Association, and for two years, 1898 and 1899, he was International Secretary of the American Philatelic Association. In 1898 and 1899 he was President of the Sigma Chi Alumni Chapter of Pittsburg, and Director of the Kingsley House Association of the same city. He was a member of the Philomathean Society and the Sigma Chi Fraternity of Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, the Academy of Natural Sciences and the Orpheus

Club of Philadelphia, the University Club of Pittsburg and the Collectors' Club of New York. Mr. Krauth's lifelong interest in philately led to his connection with a large number of societies devoted to this pursuit. He was a member of the Philatelic Society of London, England, the Internationaler Philatelisten Verein of Dresden, Saxony, the American Philatelic Association, the Staten Island Philatelic Society and the Pittsburg Philatelic Club. He married, October 9, 1881, Isabel Wallace, daughter of Henry Edward Wallace of Philadelphia, and had three children: Hetty Wallace, Isabel Reynolds and Charles Philip, all of whom survive him.

GEYELIN, Henry Laussat, 1857-

Class of 1877 Arts, 1879 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1877; LL.B. Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1879; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; President Athletic Association University of Pennsylvania 1877, and since 1893.

HENRY LAUSSAT GEYELIN, son of Emile Camile and Estella Marie Francesca Antoinette (Laussat) Geyelin, was born in Philadelphia, July 15, 1857. His father, a native of Milouesese, Alsace, France, and an eminent hydraulic engineer, will long be remembered as the first to introduce in this county the Inverted Jouval Turbine Wheel, which after his own inventions and improvements, became known as the Geyelin Improved Inverted Jouval Turbine. He constructed the turbines for the Fairmount Park Water Works in Philadelphia, and was also the designer and constructor of the three mammoth turbines for the paper mills at Niagara Falls. On his mother's side the subject of this sketch is a grandson of Antony Laussat, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1821, and author of the equity law of Pennsylvania; and great-grandson of Antony Laussat, the last Prefect of Louisiana. In the maternal line he is also descended from Joseph Clay, a member of Congress in the early part of the last century, — a close friend of the Randolphs, and father of Joseph A. Clay, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1822, and a distinguished member of the Philadelphia Bar. H. Laussat Geyelin's early education was acquired at the Hastings Academy and the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia. In 1873 he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as a Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1877 and also received the degree of Master of

Arts two years later. In 1879 he also received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the University, having taken up law studies at the end of his college course. Admitted to the Philadelphia Bar upon graduation in June 1879, he has been a prominent practicing attorney before the Philadelphia courts for many years. In 1879 Mr. Geyelin was elected Treasurer of the Law Academy of Philadelphia, of which he was chosen Vice-President in 1881 and President in 1883. Since 1887 he has been Treasurer and member of the Board of Directors of the Lincoln Institution and since 1890 has served

of the Central Committee of the Alumni of the University from its organization, and has been a Vice-President of the General Alumni Society ever since its formation. In 1882 he was elected the Secretary of the Law Alumni Society, an office which he still holds. Ever since his undergraduate days, he has manifested an active interest in athletic affairs at the University of Pennsylvania; he was elected President of the Athletic Association in 1877, and was its Vice-President from 1883 to 1893, and since the latter year has been again its President. Mr. Geyelin married, in 1883, Alice Reed, daughter of Hon. Henry Rawle of Philadelphia, and has eight children: Henry Rawle, Marion Rawle, Antony Laussat, Alice Beatrice, Harriet Gertrude, Emile Camile, Henry Laussat, Jr., and Estella Antoinette Geyelin. His home is at Villa Nova, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.



H. LAUSSAT GEYELIN

as its solicitor. He is an incorporator of the University Club of Pennsylvania, the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania and the Radnor Hunt Club, and has been a member of their Boards since their incorporation. He has been a Trustee of the Drexel Institute, and is a member of many social, athletic and legal organizations, including the Philadelphia Club, the University Club, the Merion Cricket Club, the Philadelphia Country Club, the Bryn Mawr Polo Club, the University Athletic Club and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York, the American Bar Association, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, the University Barge Club, the College Boat Club, the Faculty Club and the Houston Club. He has been a member

MARTIN, Jonathan Willis, 1856-

Class of 1879 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated in private schools and University of Pennsylvania Law Department; President Judge of Court of Common Pleas No. 5 for the County of Philadelphia; Second Lieutenant First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry and served in Porto Rico during Spanish-American War; connected with several public institutions and member of various professional, athletic, patriotic and social bodies.

JONATHAN WILLIS MARTIN, son of Jonathan Willis and Malvina (Regester) Martin, was born in Philadelphia, May 29, 1856. It is supposed by many that the origin of the Martins is the same as was that of Saint Martin, who was born in Pannonia (now Austria), A.D. 316, the son of a Roman tribune. He espoused Christianity in the face of much opposition and was made Bishop of Tours (in France) in 371. Several of that name served with William the Conqueror in the Battle of Hastings in 1066. William Martin, Third Lord of Cornmass, married Augarid, daughter of Rhys, Prince of Wales, who was succeeded in that title by his son William. Oliver Martin, second son of Baron William Martin of Arlington, Devonshire, born in 1165, accompanied Henry the Second in the conquest of Ireland, and went to the Holy Wars in Palestine with Richard Cœur de Leon. He finally settled in Galway, Ireland, becoming the progenitor of a numerous posterity. Jonathan Willis Martin traces his American lineage to John Martin, who emigrated from England in 1620, settling in Dover, New Hampshire; he married

Esther, daughter of Thomas Roberts, who succeeded John Underhill in the Presidency of the Colony of New Hampshire. John Martin subsequently removed to New Jersey, settling in Middlesex county, and became Chief-Justice in 1670. John Martin, son of the above, was commissioned Ensign of the Middlesex Company of Foot, July 15, 1678. Oliver Martin, a direct descendant of the first John, and great-grandfather of J. Willis Martin, served in the Revolutionary War and was with the Third New Jersey Regiment at the surrender of Yorktown in 1781; after the war he resided at



J. WILLIS MARTIN

Rahway and entertained General Lafayette during the latter's second visit to the United States. His grandfather James Martin settled in Philadelphia when a young man and became senior partner of the firm of Thomas & Martin, leading merchants of their day. James married Mary Willis, daughter of Jonathan Willis, Jr., and a descendant of an ancient English family. J. Willis Martin, Sr., devoted his life to scholarly pursuits and was an accomplished linguist; he died in 1872. On his mother's side J. Willis Martin, Jr., is of English and Dutch stock and a descendant of Richard Stout of Nottinghamshire, who was one of the Patentees of Gravesend and is recorded in history as the first English settler in New Jersey, having purchased

land of the Indians in 1664; he was a member of the General Assembly in 1667, and two years later was chosen Senior member of the Court from Middletown. Other ancestors were William Biles, member of the Provincial Council and of the Pennsylvania Assembly and Justice of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court from 1699 to 1701; Joseph Kirkbride, member of the Pennsylvania Assembly 1712-1720; Mahlon Stacy, member of the Governor's Council 1682-1683 and of the Provincial Assembly of West Jersey 1682-1701, and John Scotcher, who accompanied William Penn to Pennsylvania on the Proprietor's last visit to his province in 1689 and subsequently served in the Provincial Assembly. Judge Martin acquired his early education in private schools. His legal studies were pursued in the office of the late J. Sergeant Price, Esq., and in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1879. Admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar the same year, he became associated in practice with his preceptor and two years later was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was subsequently admitted to several other county bars. Prior to the Spanish-American War he was counsel for the Spanish Government and also represented as counsel The Land Title and Trust Company and the Arch Street, Race and Vine Street, and Hestonville & Mantua railway systems previous to their absorption by the Union Traction Company. Upon the death of his preceptor he formed a copartnership with the former's son, Eli Kirk Price, which continued until Judge Martin's elevation to the Bench. Among some of the celebrated criminal cases in which Judge Martin had appeared as Counsel was that of the Commonwealth *vs.* Campbell, in which the defendant, a Bishop of the African-Methodist Church, was charged with perjury; the McCausland case of assault with intent to kill, growing out of a disputed right to use a city railway track by a hospital ambulance; the Roper case, wherein as counsel for the defence he succeeded in having a case of *delirium tremens* designated as a species of insanity rather than a case of drunkenness; the Commonwealth against the Countess Racouski, in which he appeared for the government; he successfully defended some of the prisoners in the Keystone Bank cases, tried in the United States Court; saved the defendant from the gallows in the Bartolucci case, and as counsel for the successful contestants in the Thirty-fifth Ward contest he conducted one of the most carefully prepared

cases ever brought before the Philadelphia Courts. In the civil courts he had been equally successful in establishing principles of law in cases that frequently arose for the first time. In *Ulmer vs. Ryan*, argued before the State Supreme Court, he settled the principles of warranty in reference to food commodities. In the Hestonville Railroad case he succeeded in establishing the principle that the right of ownership carries with it the right to vote upon stock, notwithstanding directions given by a testator empowering one of several executors named to exercise the franchise. This decision has been frequently cited in text-books and cases throughout the country. In Schuylkill county he brought foreclosure proceedings on one of the largest mortgages ever sued upon in the state, the amount involved being \$12,000,000. He was one of the leading practitioners in the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia county, representing as executor, trustee and counsel numerous large estates, and was frequently called upon to act as examiner, master and referee in pending litigation. For a number of years Judge Martin has been active in military circles, being at the present time Second Lieutenant of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry and having served with his command in Porto Rico during the Spanish-American War. He is now Acting Inspector of Rifle Practice, member of the Military Service Institution of the United States, the Society of the Porto Rican Expedition, Society of Colonial Wars in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution. He is also interested in charitable institutions, as manager of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, the Preston Retreat and the Gynceean Hospital. Among other societies of note with which he is connected are the Pennsylvania Prison Society, Forestry Association, American Academy of Political and Social Science, Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Genealogical Society, "State in Schuylkill," Friendly Sons of Saint Patrick, American and Pennsylvania Bar Associations, Law Association and its Board of Censors and the Lawyers' Club. As a member of the Central Committee of the Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania, the Houston Club and the Athletic Association he is still prominently identified with University affairs and is also a life member of the Society of the Alumni of the Law Department. He is President of the Markham Club and member of the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, Penn. Country, Radnor Hunt, Four-in-hand, University Barge and Corinthian

Yacht clubs, the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia and the New York Yacht Club. In politics Judge Martin is a Republican and upon the creation by the Legislature of Pennsylvania of the new Court of Common Pleas No. 5 for the County of Philadelphia he was appointed by the Governor President Judge, to serve until the next regular election in November 1901, when he was elected by the people to the same office for the full term of ten years. He married in January 1886, Elizabeth C. Price; their children are Sergeant Price, Marion Willis and Elizabeth Gwen Martin.

WHITE, John Josiah, 1863-

Class of 1884 Law.

Born at Mt. Holly, N. J., 1863; student at Swarthmore College; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOHNS JOSIAH WHITE was born at Mt. Holly, New Jersey, August 16, 1863. His father is Josiah White, the owner of the Hotel Luray, one of the prominent beach-front hotels at Atlantic City, New Jersey. His grandfather John Josiah White, after whom he was named, was long a very prominent minister in the Society of Friends. His mother, Mary Kirby White, was formerly Miss Mary Kirby Allen. He attended the public schools and afterward was a student for a time in Swarthmore College. Deciding upon the legal profession he registered as a student in the law office of Nathan H. Sharpless, Esq., of Philadelphia, where he continued his reading from 1880 to 1883. In the meantime he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Bachelor of Laws in June 1884. Mr. White is a member of the bars of Philadelphia and Delaware counties, and is licensed to practice before the State Supreme and Superior as well as the United States courts. On February 18, 1900, he married Laura C. Harris.

PRENDERGAST, Michael Thomas, 1852-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Tipperary county, Ireland, 1852; graduated Easton, Pa., High School, 1872; studied at Montreal College, Montreal, Canada; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1882; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

MICHAEL THOMAS PRENDERGAST M.D., was born in Tipperary county, Ireland, September 25, 1852, son of James Prender-

gast and Ann Doran. He came to America in his young boyhood, his parents settling in Easton, Pennsylvania. After attending Siples' Academy and the Easton Academy in that city he entered the public High School of Easton, from which he was graduated in 1872. For three years he pursued a classical course at St. Charles Seminary, in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and for two years thereafter was a student at Montreal College in Montreal, Canada. At the end of this long and thorough period of training he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsyl-



MICHAEL T. PRENDERGAST

vania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. For five years he practiced his profession in Easton, Pennsylvania, and then removed to Philadelphia, where he has since practiced and resided. For fourteen years Dr. Prendergast has been a member of the staff of St. Joseph's Hospital. He received special mention from the Sisters of that Hospital for his untiring and successful services rendered to sick soldiers during the late war, having generously given his undivided attention to his soldier patients and sacrificed the greater part of his private practice. Dr. Prendergast is a member of the Obstetrical and Pathological Societies of Philadelphia, in which city he resides.

RHEIN, Meyer Louis, 1860-

Class of 1881 Dent.

Born in Albany, N. Y., 1860; graduated Albany High School; graduated Albany Medical College, 1880; D.D.S., University of Pennsylvania, 1881; dentist in New York since 1881; Lecturer on Dental Pathology in University of Pennsylvania; President Dental Alumni, University of Pennsylvania.

Meyer Louis Rhein, M.D., D.D.S., is a son of Marx Louis and Caroline (Fish) Rhein. His father is a German by birth and studied at Heidelberg, later acquainting himself with the principles of dentistry. As he had become involved in the German Revolution of 1848 he emigrated to America and located at Albany, New York, where he married and practiced his profession of dentistry for forty-five years. Meyer Louis Rhein was born in Albany, January 31, 1860. He attended the public schools of his native city, graduating from the High School as an honor man in June 1875. He then passed the entrance examinations for Yale College, but was unable to go on with the course on account of financial circumstances. He matriculated therefore in the Albany Medical College (Medical Department of Union University) in 1876. During the four years spent at the Albany Medical College he taught night classes in the public schools of Albany, and studied dentistry in his father's office. In 1880, at the age of twenty, he received his Doctor of Medicine degree, graduating as a prize man. It was his purpose to become a dentist, and with that end in view he matriculated in the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, to complete his earlier training, and was graduated as a Doctor of Dental Surgery from that institution in 1881. Dr. Rhein commenced the practice of dentistry as a specialty of medicine in New York City in May 1881. For some years he has been a Lecturer of Dental Pathology at the University of Pennsylvania, and has recently been the President of the Dental Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, a society which he organized while at the University in 1881. He is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, a member of the New York County Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the New York State Dental Society, the National Dental Association, the New York Odontological Society, the New Hampshire State Dental Society, the First District Dental Society of New York and an honorary member of the North Eastern Dental Society. He is a member of the Alumni Societies of the University of Pennsylvania and the Medical Department of

Union University, and belongs also to the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York, the Faculty Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the Freundschaft Club and the Albany Society of New York.



MEYER L. RHEIN

Dr. Rhein has devoted all his leisure time to original research in dental science, and as a result has read various papers before scientific societies, all of which have been published, among which the following may be named: "Dental Education," a paper read before the National Dental Association; "Oral Hygiene;" "Studies on Pyorrhea Alveolaris;" "Chloride of Methyl;" "The Value of Intense Cold in Dentistry and its Production by the Chloride of Methyl Spray;" "Amputation of Roots;" "Ideal Bridge Work;" "Alveolar Abscess;" "The Oral Expressions of Malnutrition;" "Cure of Acute and Chronic Alveolar Abscess;" "Radical Treatment of the Dental Pulp;" "Successful Prosthesis after Resection of Lower Maxilla;" "Aseptic Environment;" "Should the Medical Undergraduate be Instructed in the Principles of Dentistry?" "Amputation of Diseased Roots and their Replacement by a Heteroplastic Operation;" "Limitations in Connection with Pulp Extirpation;" "The Bearing of Oral Pathology on General Medicine;" "The Importance of Extending Cavity Borders," etc. On January 21, 1886 Dr. Rhein

was married to Lizzie E. Van Wyck Odell. They have two daughters, Ernestine Irma and Ruth Evelyn Rhein.

NORRIS, Henry, 1875-

Class of 1896 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1875; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1896; Resident Physician University Hospital 1897-98, and now Chief of Surgical Dispensary.

HENRY NORRIS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, May 27, 1875, son of Joseph Parker and Isabel Nevins (Fry) Norris. Having pursued the primary branches of study in private schools he attended the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and from the latter he went to the private school of William S. Blight, Jr., graduating in June 1892. In the following October he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he pursued a four years' course and took his medical degree with the Class of 1896. From January 1, 1897 to July 1, 1898, he was Resident Physician at the University Hospi-



HENRY NORRIS

tal, and was subsequently appointed Chief of its Surgical Dispensary, a position which he still retains. Dr. Norris was married, August 3, 1898, to Ethel Bowman Wheeler, daughter of the late Charles

Wheeler, Esq., of Philadelphia; their children are Susan Wheeler, born June 22, 1899; and Henry Norris, 3d, born August 25, 1901.

TOWNSEND, John Barton, 1865-

Class of 1884 Arts, 1886 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1884; studied in Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Assistant Trust Officer Provident Life & Trust Company, Philadelphia, since 1892.

JOHAN BARTON TOWNSEND, son of the late Joseph Brevitt Townsend, LL.D. (Univ. of Pa.) and Adaline Eliza Barton, was born in Phila-



J. BARTON TOWNSEND

delphia, June 11, 1865. He was fitted for College at the William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia, from which he entered the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania in 1880, graduating therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1884. Subsequently he read law with his father and spent one year in the Law School of the University, but business attractions won him from his chosen profession, and in 1885 he entered the offices of the Provident Life & Trust Company of Philadelphia. With that corporation he has remained continuously to the present time. Since 1892 he has been Assistant Trust Officer of the

Company. Mr. Townsend belongs to several clubs, among others the Philadelphia Club, the University Club and the Merion Cricket Club. He is also a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity and the Pohoqualine Fish Association. In politics he is an Independent Republican. On October 9, 1889, Mr. Townsend married Elizabeth Williams; they have three children: Marjorie Barton, Caspar Wistar Barton and Anne Barton Townsend. The family occupy a charming home, "Blancoyd," at Overbrook.

DURHAM, John Stephens, 1861-

Class of 1885.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania 1885, C.E. 1887; matriculated in Law School, 1887; reporter and school-teacher; Superintendent Registered Mail Bureau, Philadelphia Post Office; Associate Editor Philadelphia Evening Bulletin, 1886-90; appointed U. S. Consul at Santo Domingo, 1890; appointed Minister to Haiti and Charge d'Affaires to Santo Domingo by President Harrison; lawyer in Philadelphia since 1895.

JOHAN STEPHENS DURHAM, son of Samuel Durham and Elizabeth (Stephens) Durham, was born in Philadelphia, July 18, 1861. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Philadelphia, and in the Institute for Colored Youth, which prepared him for the course in the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated from that institution with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1885, and two years later, after completing the engineering course, received a diploma qualifying him as a civil engineer. Mr. Durham practically made his own way through college. He was for a time a reporter on the staff of the Philadelphia Times. Earlier he taught in public schools in Delaware, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and later he was Night Superintendent of the Registered Mail Bureau in the Philadelphia Post Office. In 1886, while still in the midst of his studies at the University of Pennsylvania, he became associate editor of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. Although he entered the Law School of the University in 1887 with the intention of becoming a lawyer, he did not complete the course, continuing his editorial relations with the Bulletin until 1890, when he was appointed United States Consul to Santo Domingo by President Harrison, where he also for several years managed a large sugar estate. Later he was appointed United States Minister to Haiti and Charge d'Affaires to Santo Domingo, under the Republican administration, which position he held until 1893.

Upon his return to Philadelphia Mr. Durham resumed his legal studies and was admitted to the Bar. He has been engaged in the practice of his profession in that city since 1895. On July 2, 1896,



JOHN S. DURHAM

he married Constance Mackenzie, by whom he has one child, Shelton Durham.

HERING, Carl, 1860-

Class of 1880.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated Lauterbach's private school, Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania and abroad; Instructor in the University 1881-83 and again 1886-87; Chief-Engineer of an electrical manufactory in Germany 1884-85; draughtsman at various places; Commissioner to and Juror at several expositions in America and Europe; President American Institute of Electrical Engineers 1900-01, and of Philadelphia Engineers' Club 1896-97; consulting electrical engineer in Philadelphia 1888 to present time; well-known expert in patent litigations; writer of note upon electrical subjects and compiler of weekly "Digest" of current electrical literature in the "Electrical World."

CARL HERING was born in Philadelphia, March 29, 1860, son of Constantine and Therese (Buchheim) Hering. His parents were American citizens, but were born in Germany. His father, who was the son of a musician of note, was one of the founders of Homeopathy in America and a well-known Philadelphia physician of that

school in his day. His mother was a daughter of a German physician. From Lauterbach's private school, Philadelphia, Carl Hering entered the Scientific Department of the University as a student in mechanical engineering and graduated with honors with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1880. From 1800-1 he was a draughtsman. In 1883-4 pursued a post-graduate course in electrical engineering at the Polytechnikum in Darmstadt, Germany, and after leaving that institution he became Chief-Engineer of a large electrical manufactory in Germany. From 1881 to 1883 and again in 1886-1887 he was an Instructor in the University, after which he received the post-graduate degree of Mechanical Engineer. In 1888 he established himself in Philadelphia in his present occupation as a consulting electrical engineer, and as such is frequently summoned as an expert in patent litigations relative to his profession. Mr. Hering was a member of the Jury of Awards or Commission of Technical Experts at the International Exhibitions in Vienna (1883), Philadelphia (1884), Paris (1889), Frankfort in Germany (1891), Philadelphia (1899), Paris



CARL HERING

(1900) and Buffalo (1901). He was also Commissioner from the Franklin Institute to the Exhibitions in Vienna, Frankfort and Paris (1900) and at the two latter he also represented the American

Institute of Electrical Engineers. At the two Paris expositions he was a representative of the United States Government, and at the latter was elected to the Superior or highest Jury of Awards. He received two decorations from the French Government for his services at these two exhibitions. He was President of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers from 1900 to 1901 and Vice-President of the Engineers' Club of Philadelphia in 1896-1897; is a member and the delegate for the United States of the Société Internationale des Électriciens, of Paris, France, and a member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (London), the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia. He was married, June 30, 1892, to Harriet Truesdell; they have one daughter: Mary Truesdell Hering, who was born June 23, 1898. Mr. Hering has published several works upon electrical subjects, and from 1893 to the present time has compiled the regular weekly "Digest" of current electrical literature for the "Electrical World and Engineer." He has read numerous papers at various electrical and other technical and scientific societies.

PELTZ, Samuel, 1860-

Class of 1880.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1880; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1883; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Assistant City Solicitor, 1883-84; member Pennsylvania Legislature, sessions of 1893 and 1895.

SAMUEL PELTZ, son of Richard Peltz and Anna (Stewart) Peltz, was born in Philadelphia, September 9, 1860. He was prepared for College at the Hastings School in West Philadelphia, and entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1876, graduating in June 1880 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. After completing his College course he studied law in the offices of William Nelson West and Henry J. McCarthy, well-known attorneys in Philadelphia, and in February 1883 was admitted to the Bar in that city, where he has resided and practiced his profession ever since. Mr. Peltz was Assistant City Solicitor of Philadelphia in 1883 and 1884, and sat in the Pennsylvania Legislature for a Philadelphia constituency during the sessions of 1893 and 1895. While in that body he was a member of the Judiciary and the Ways and Means Committees of the House of Representatives, and advocated the passage of the Elevated Railroad bills and other impor-

tant measures of legislation. He is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the Union League, the Lawyers' Club and the Philadelphia Yacht Club.

CLAMPFFER, William Lund, 1870-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; pursued special courses in Towne Scientific School, University of Pennsylvania, 1888-90; electrical engineer, 1891-97; member of coal shipping firm since 1898.

WILLIAM LUND CLAMPFFER is a descendant of Adam Klampffer (1663-1755), who came to this country with William Penn in 1682.



WM. L. CLAMPFFER

The line descends through William Clampffer (1703-1767), Adam (1751-1805), William (1777-1844) and William K. Clampffer (1836-1898). About 1750 the family began to spell its name with a "C." William Lund Clampffer was born in Philadelphia, July 11, 1870, the son of William Kerlin and Sarah (Stafford) Clampffer. After attending the public schools and Brown's Preparatory School in Philadelphia, he pursued a special course in science for two years, 1888-1890, in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. From 1891 to 1897 he followed the profession of an electrical engineer. In 1898 he formed a partnership in the coal shipping trade with J. H. Fitzgerald under the firm name of

Clampffer & Fitzgerald, in which he has since continued. Mr. Clampffer's home is at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

MYERS, George De Benneville, 1863-

Class of 1885 Arts, 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; student for two years in Department of Arts University of Pennsylvania Class of 1885; graduated Law Department, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; served two years in marine service, United States Government; Fee Clerk, Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, 1891-99.

GEORGE DE BENNEVILLE MYERS was born in Logan, Philadelphia, June 14, 1863, son of Leonard and Esther de B. (Keim)



GEO. DE B. MYERS

Myers, and received his preparatory schooling at the Rittenhouse and Protestant Episcopal Academies in Philadelphia. He matriculated in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania in 1881 with the Class of 1885, but left College during Sophomore year to connect himself with the marine service of the United States government. After two years in the Revenue Marine he determined to become a lawyer, and matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania for the study of his profession. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888, and was immediately admitted to practice at

the Bar of Philadelphia, where he has ever since been engaged. In 1890 he was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court. From 1891 to 1899 inclusive he was Fee Clerk in the Sheriff's office in Philadelphia, and in 1900 he was appointed Personal Deputy in that office. Mr. Myers belongs to the University Club of Philadelphia, of which he was elected one of the Governors in 1899, and is a member of the Germantown Cricket Club, the Huntington Valley Country Club, and various political clubs in Philadelphia. His home is in Logan, the place of his birth.

TAUBEL, Louis Edward, 1862-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; attended Peirce's Business College, Philadelphia; graduated Ursinus College; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

LOUIS EDWARD TAUBEL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 13, 1862. He is of German descent, being the son of William and Maria (Vogt) Taubel. After attending the public schools in his native city he was sent to Peirce's Business College in Philadelphia, and later entered Ursinus College at Collegetown, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and later received an honorary Master of Arts from the same institution. Choosing a professional life, he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1885. Dr. Taubel has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia ever since his graduation. In politics he is a Republican. On December 8, 1901, he married Elizabeth Virginia Tomlinson. He resides in Philadelphia.

ROESSLER, George Frederick William, 1861-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Berlin, Germany, 1861; educated Berlin University; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

GEORGE FREDERICK WILLIAM ROESSLER, M.D., is a native of Germany, born in Berlin, January 20, 1861, son of Morris Roessler and Amalia Mai von Brueckner. His education was acquired in the High School of his native city and in Berlin University. Upon coming to America he entered the Medical Depart-

ment of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor of Medicine degree with the Class of 1887. For a time following graduation from Medical School he was First Assistant in the



GEORGE F. W. ROESSLER

Stetson Dispensary, and afterwards filled a similar position in the Northern Dispensary. Since then he has been engaged in private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Roessler is a member of the Philadelphia Medical Society, also of the Junger Manner Choral Society, the Physicians German Society and the German Club, all of Philadelphia. In politics he is a Republican. He married, February 20, 1888, Lavinia Williams, and has one child, a daughter, Amalie Roessler.

MILNE, David, 1859-

Class of 1881.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; educated in private schools, Episcopal Academy, and under private tutor; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1881; textile manufacturer in Philadelphia; Treasurer Class of 1881 of the University, and President of the College Boat Club.

DAVID MILNE, son of Caleb J. and Margaretta (Shea) Milne, was born in Philadelphia, July 24, 1859. His early education was acquired in private schools and the Episcopal

Academy of Philadelphia, and his College preparations were completed under the direction of a private tutor. He entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1877, taking his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1881, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course (1884), and that of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1885. He was a member of the winning College crew in the Schuylkill Navy Regatta of 1881. The year following his graduation was spent in the banking business with Robert Glendinning & Company, after which he was associated with his father, C. J. Milne, manufacturer of fine textile fabrics, and in 1885 was admitted to partnership in the newly organized firm of C. J. Milne & Sons, of which he is still a member. Mr. Milne is President of the College Boat Club and Treasurer of the Class of 1881, University of Pennsylvania. He is also President of the St. Andrew's Society, and a member of the Pennsylvania Historical, Colonial, Numismatic and Antiquarian societies; the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution; the American Economic Association; the Academy of Natural Sciences and the Franklin



DAVID MILNE

Institute; the Art, Union League, University and Philadelphia Country clubs; the Germantown and Merion Cricket clubs and the Corinthian Yacht Club, all of Philadelphia. He was married, June

29, 1896, to Margaret Love Skerrett, of Washington, District of Columbia, daughter of Rear-Admiral Joseph S. Skerrett, United States Navy.

BRINKMANN, Leon, 1866-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1887; late Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania; formerly Lecturer on Surgery in Philadelphia Polyclinic; Surgeon to German Hospital.

L EON BRINKMANN, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 10, 1866, son of Dr. Michael and Nannette (Weil) Brinkmann. His paternal



LEON BRINKMANN

grandparents were Morris and Gertrude (Meyer) Brinkmann, of Cassel in the Duchy of Hesse-Cassel, Germany. On his mother's side, his grandfather was Joseph Leopold Weil and his grandmother Hager (Meyer) Weil. Dr. Brinkmann received his preparatory schooling at Rugby Academy, and then entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1887. For a time he was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in the University, and he has also held an appointment as Lecturer on Surgery in the Philadelphia Polyclinic. He is at the present time Surgeon to the Women's Out-Patient Department of the German Hospital in

Philadelphia. Dr. Brinkmann is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Lehigh Medical Association. He married, January 15, 1895, Elizabeth MacElwain Thomson, by whom he has one daughter, Pauline Brinkmann.

STARR, Robert Walter, 1864-

Class of 1885 Dent.

Born in Philadelphia, 1864; graduated Dental Department University of Pennsylvania, 1885; Instructor and Lecturer Pennsylvania Dental College; Dean and Professor of Dental Operative Crown and Bridge Work at Medico-Chirurgical College in Philadelphia.

R OBERT WALTER STARR, D.D.S., is of Scotch and Irish ancestry. He is a son of Eli Thompson and Carolina (Jeffries) Starr, and was born in Philadelphia, June 27, 1864. After attending the public schools and Professor Hastings's Academy in his native city, he in 1882 entered the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1885, and has been engaged in the practice of dentistry in Philadelphia ever since. He was earlier an Instructor and Lecturer at the Pennsylvania Dental College, and is now Professor of Dental Operative Crown and Bridge Work in the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. He was elected Dean of that well-known institution while still occupying his teaching chair. Dr. Starr is a member of the Union League, the Sons of Delaware and the Patriotic Sons of St. Patrick, and belongs also to the Masonic Fraternity. On October 5, 1887, he married Cora Louise Sinclair, by whom he has had two children: R. Walter, Jr., and Marie Louise Starr. He resides at Brandywine Summit, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

ROBERTS, Owen Josephus, 1875-

Class of 1895 Arts, 1898 Law.

Born in Germantown, Pa., 1875; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1895, LL.B. 1898; elected Fellow Law Department, 1898; Lecturer, 1898-1900; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1898; Recorder Philadelphia Law Academy, 1900.

O WEN JOSEPHUS ROBERTS, son of Josephus and Emma E. (Laferty) Roberts, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, May 21, 1875. From the Germantown Academy he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking honors throughout the entire course, and officiating as Valedictorian and

Historian of the Class of 1895. He also served as Chairman of the University "Record" Committee. In the Law Department, which he entered in 1895, he took first honors at graduation (1898), also received the Faculty Prize for the best examination, with the concurrence of all the Professors, and during his Senior year was awarded the "Sharswood" prize for the best essay presented by a member of the graduating class. He was elected a Fellow of the Law Department in 1898. During the session of 1898-1899 he lectured on Property, Insolvency and Damages, and in 1900 on Contracts,



OWEN J. ROBERTS

Property and Bankruptcy. In 1901 he was elected an Assistant Professor in the Law Department. From 1898 to the present time Mr. Roberts has practiced law successfully in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities, the Philadelphia Law Academy, of which he was elected Recorder in 1900, and the Young Republicans of Philadelphia.

ROBRECHT, John Joseph, 1867-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Wheeling, W. Va., 1867; educated public schools, West Virginia Normal School, Ohio Medical College and University of Pennsylvania; continued studies at Orthopedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases; practiced medicine in Philadelphia

1894 to present time; Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University past three years; now Vaccine Physician City of Philadelphia.

JOHAN JOSEPH ROBRECHT, M.D., was born in Wheeling, West Virginia, September 21, 1867, son of Charles H. and Louisa (Rust) Robrecht. His early education was obtained in the public schools and at the West Virginia State Normal School, and his professional studies, which were begun in the Ohio Medical College, were completed in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1894. From July 1894 to July 1895 he was connected with the Orthopedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, Philadelphia, where he obtained much valuable experience and observation, and has practiced his profession in that city to the present time. He was appointed Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University in September 1899 and is still serving in that capacity. In October 1899 he took the post of Vaccine Physician to the City of Philadelphia, which he still retains. Dr. Robrecht is a member of the Philadelphia Pediatric Society. He was married June 16, 1898, to Sidney Isabel Kerr.

NEILSON, Lewis, 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born at Florence, N. J., 1860; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1881; entered employ of Pennsylvania Railroad; Chief Clerk to Vice-President, 1885-97; Chief Clerk to Secretary of Company, by appointment in 1897; promoted Assistant Secretary, 1898; elected Secretary, 1901; Secretary Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad Company and other affiliated lines.

LEWIS NEILSON was born in Florence, New Jersey, September 30, 1860. He is a son of Thomas Neilson, President of the Elmira & Williamsport Railroad Company, and Sarah Claypoole Lewis. His grandfather Robert Neilson was at one time Judge Advocate of the West Indies by appointment of the Crown. His grandfather in the maternal line was William D. Lewis, a prominent merchant and banker of Philadelphia, from 1849 to 1853 Collector of Customs for the port of Philadelphia, and a railroad officer interested in the importation of one of the first locomotives ever run upon rails in this country. Lewis Neilson entered the Episcopal Academy in 1870 when only ten years old. For seven years he pursued the study of the classics at that school when he was matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor

of Arts in June 1881. He immediately entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company with which corporation he has been identified ever since. His first appointment was as weighing clerk on Walnut Street Wharf in Philadelphia. By rapid advancement he became assistant receiving clerk, filled various positions in the Cashier's Department and in the Trace and Claim Department, being appointed July 16, 1883 to be stenographer to John P. Green, then Fourth Vice-President of the Company. In December 1885 he became Chief Clerk in that office and was closely associated with Mr.



LEWIS NEILSON

Green through all his advancements to the First Vice-Presidency. On May 1, 1897 Mr. Neilson was transferred to the Secretary's office. There he was at first Chief Clerk, later in 1898 being advanced to the post of Assistant Secretary of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad Company, and the Philadelphia & Baltimore Central Railroad Company. At the death of the Secretary, John C. Sims, he was in January 1901 elected to fill that high office in the three companies of which he had formerly been Assistant Secretary. This place he continues to fill. His duties bring him into close relationship with the officers and directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and its affiliated lines. He is charged

with the issue and transfer of stock in the offices in Philadelphia and New York and supervises the lighting, heating and administration of the general office building of the company in Philadelphia with its twenty-two hundred occupants. Mr. Neilson has been prominent for many years in the athletic management of the University of Pennsylvania. He was Director, Treasurer and Secretary successively of the Athletic Association. He has been a member of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee of the General Alumni Society, as well as its Secretary and Treasurer. He belongs to a number of clubs, social and athletic, being an enthusiastic devotee of golf and other out-door sports. He is also an amateur musician and is a member of the Orpheus Club of Philadelphia of which he is the Treasurer. Mr. Neilson married, February 8, 1893, Clara A. Rosengarten, daughter of Harry B. Rosengarten of Philadelphia.

BRUNNER, Frank Adolphus, 1861-

Class of 1886.

Born in Cincinnati, O., 1861; educated in schools of Philadelphia and Paris; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1886; manufacturer in Philadelphia since graduation; President International Light, Heat and Power Company.

FRANK ADOLPHUS BRUNNER was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 4, 1861. He comes of English ancestors, and is the son of Alphonse A. Brunner and Sophia W. (Carr) Brunner. For several years he attended the public schools of Philadelphia, where his parents resided, and later he studied for two years in private schools in Paris. Upon his return to America he was for a time employed as a clerk by the Franklin Sugar Refining Company, but subsequently deciding upon the study of law, he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1884, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1886. Mr. Brunner has never practiced his profession, having been engaged in manufacturing pursuits in Philadelphia ever since his graduation, and he is now the president of the International Light, Heat and Power Company. He is a member of the Iroquois Club of Chicago, the Moelton Club of Philadelphia, and Montgomery Masonic Lodge of that city. In politics he is a Republican. On December 9, 1896, he married Melinda Terasa Marsh, by whom he has one son, Alphonse A. Brunner. He resides at Torresdale, a suburban section of Philadelphia.

MILLER, Niles Manchester, 1844-

Class of 1881 Med

Born in North Providence, R. I., 1844; educated in public schools and in commercial college in Providence; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1881; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

NILES MANCHESTER MILLER, M.D., was born in North Providence, Rhode Island, January 31, 1844, son of Barton and Mary (Hail) Miller. Through his father's mother, who was a Williams, he is a descendant of Roger Williams; on the maternal side he is a descendant of George Hail



NILES M. MILLER

of Providence, formerly of Warren, Rhode Island. After attending the common and high schools of his native city he took a course in Bryant & Stratton's Business College in Providence. Thus equipped he became a bookkeeper and clerk, and later a carpenter and builder and a manufacturer. After a large experience in business he determined upon the study of medicine, and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in March 1881. He began practicing his profession in Philadelphia immediately upon receiving his degree. Dr. Miller is a member of the Masonic Order and the Patriotic Order of the Sons of America. He also belongs to

the New England Society of Philadelphia. He married, April 18, 1875, Lillie B. Cornell, formerly of Plainfield, New Jersey.

SITER, Elijah Hollingsworth, 1868-

Class of 1888 Coll., 1897 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; educated St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.; took a special course College Department University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1888; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1897; practitioner in Philadelphia.

ELIJAH HOLLINGSWORTH SITER, M.D., son of Edward Siter and Susan (Hollingsworth) Siter was born in Philadelphia, February 11, 1868. At an early age he was placed in St. Paul's School at Concord, New Hampshire, where he acquired a thorough classical training. Subsequently he was enrolled as a special student in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, completing his course in 1888. A few years later he determined upon professional life, and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University, from which he was graduated Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Dr. Siter practices his profession in his native city. He is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Delta Phi Fraternity, the Philadelphia Club and the Philadelphia Country Club, and is also a member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry. On February 2, 1892, he married Annie Elizabeth Barry; they have one daughter, Anna Hollingsworth Siter.

ALLEN, Luther Martin, 1868-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Medford, Burlington county, N. J., 1868; received early education at Pennington Seminary; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; after four years' experience as a teacher, began practice in New Jersey and removed to Philadelphia 1894.

LUTHER MARTIN ALLEN, M.D., is a native of New Jersey, having been born at Medford in Burlington county in that state, November 11, 1868. He is the son of Milton H. and Martha Bryant (Gaskill) Allen. His early education was received in the public schools of his native town and at Pennington Seminary. He began to teach school at the age of eighteen and continued in the teaching profession until he was twenty-two, when he decided to begin the study of medicine. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated a Doctor of Medicine in May 1893, and began the practice of his profession

at Freehold, New Jersey, in September of that year. After a year spent at that place he removed to Philadelphia, where he has since practiced and resided. Dr. Allen is a member of the Philadelphia



L. M. ALLEN

Pathological Society and the Pediatric Society of Philadelphia. He is a Republican and a prominent Presbyterian. In 1894 he was married to Anna B. Baxter, by whom he has had three children: Raymond B. (deceased), Joseph Collins, and Dora Allen (deceased).

SHATTUCK, Frank Rodman, 1864

Class of 1885 Law.

Born in Middlesex county, Conn., 1864; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1881; LL.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; candidate for City Solicitor, 1899.

FRANK RODMAN SHATTUCK was born in Middlesex county, Connecticut, February 19, 1864, son of Francis Elliott Shattuck who married Mary Colesberry. His great-grandfather Robert Shattuck was Colonel of a Connecticut regiment in the war of the Revolution. On his mother's side he is connected with the Reynolds family, of prominence in the affairs of Delaware State. At five years of age Mr. Shattuck's parents removed to Philadelphia, and he was placed in the Lincoln Grammar

School, reaching the Central High School in 1877, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1881. After graduation he entered the office of his kinsman, Alexander P. Colesberry, a prominent lawyer in Philadelphia, and took up legal studies. In 1883 he matriculated in the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania from which he received his Bachelor of Laws in June 1885. He thereupon entered into partnership with his preceptor Mr. Colesberry, a relationship which was continued until January 1895. Since that time Mr. Shattuck has practiced alone. In 1899 he was an unsuccessful candidate for City Solicitor. He is at the present time a member of the Board of Examiners of Philadelphia county. Mr. Shattuck is a member of the Art Club, the University Club, the Manufacturers' Club, the Hamilton Club and the Country Club of Philadelphia, and belongs also to the Aronimink Golf Club and the Cape May Golf Club, being the Secretary of the last named of these organizations. He is a member of the New England Society, the Sons of Delaware and the Sons of the Revolution. On November 18,



FRANK RODMAN SHATTUCK

1886, he married Ella A. Woodward, by whom he has two daughters: Mildred W., born June 26, 1888, and Kathlyne M., born May 23, 1894. They reside in Philadelphia.

PHILLIPS, Henry, 1838-1895.

Class of 1856.

Born in Philadelphia, 1838; educated at University of Pennsylvania and abroad; admitted to the Bar, but was never in active practice; author, mainly of works on philology, archæology and numismatics; became Secretary of the American Philosophical Society in 1880 and Librarian in 1885; member of many learned societies; died 1895.

HENRY PHILLIPS was born in Philadelphia, September 6, 1838, son of Jonas Altamont Phillips (University of Pennsylvania 1822) and Frances Cohen Phillips. After graduating at the



HENRY PHILLIPS

University of Pennsylvania in 1856, he further pursued his education abroad, and then studying law, was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1859. Owing to delicate health, Mr Phillips never followed his profession actively, and his lifework has been chiefly in the domains of archæology, philology, and numismatics. On these subjects he has been regarded as among the first authorities, not only in this country but in Europe, where two gold medals have been bestowed on him for his writings. His published works include a "History of American Colonial Paper Currency;" "History of American Continental Paper Money;" "Pleasures of Numismatic Science;" "Poems from the Spanish and German;" "Faust;" from the German of Chamisso;

four volumes of translations from the German, Spanish and Hungarian, and many miscellaneous papers. Mr. Phillips was for many years Treasurer and Secretary of the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, and Secretary, also Librarian, of the American Philosophical Society. His membership in learned societies covered a wide range of noted organizations at home and abroad, and in some cases he was the only American that had been thus honored. He died in Philadelphia, June 8, 1895.

O'CALLAGHAN, Michael Joseph, 1857-

Class of 1885 Law.

Born in Cork, Ireland, 1857; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Republican campaign speaker.

MICHAEL JOSEPH O'CALLAGHAN was born in the city of Cork, Ireland, October 24, 1857. He came to America as a small boy and has since made his home in Philadelphia. After receiving an elementary training in the public schools of England and Ireland he began in Philadelphia the task of self education. In 1882 he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in June, 1885. In the same month he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, where he has been a successful practitioner ever since. One of his first cases was the famous Shackamaxon Bank case, in which he fought a winning battle for the defendants, who were charged with conspiracy. In 1895 a contention arose in Philadelphia concerning the election of William J. Roney as successor to John Taylor, Receiver of Taxes. Mr. Taylor had died before the expiration of his term of office, whereupon the Councils elected Mr. Roney to fill the unexpired period, i. e. until April 1896. Mr. Roney took the oath of office, but at the next city election he was chosen by the people for a full three-years term, beginning April 1895. A legal objection was raised that the term for which Mr. Roney was elected by the Councils had not expired, and there was no vacancy which the people could fill. Mr. O'Callaghan was retained by Mr. Roney. The issue involved the construction of the constitution and certain statutes of the State of Pennsylvania. Since Mr. Roney had been elected by the people and the councils of the City of Philadelphia it was difficult to raise the question of the validity of the election by the people for the full term in such a form that there could be no risk of the case being thrown

out of court on a technicality, or Mr. Roney being ousted from the office he held by election of the City Councils. Mr. O'Callaghan accomplished this result by first inducing the Mayor of the city to refuse to administer the second oath of office to Mr. Roney, then obtaining a writ of alternative mandamus from the Court of Common Pleas directed against the Mayor, and finally, after an impressive and original argument, winning the appeal taken by his opponents to the Supreme Court. Mr. O'Callaghan has won many other important cases in the higher courts upon new points in the law relating to mechanics' liens and in the law of negligence. He is looked upon as one of the best jury lawyers now practicing at the Philadelphia Bar. In politics Mr. O'Callaghan is a Republican. He has never been a candidate for office, but is an experienced campaigner in the state and nation. In the Blaine Presidential campaign he was regarded as a high authority on the tariff question. He was held in high personal esteem by the distinguished head of the ticket, and after touring his own state in the interest of his party was chosen as one of the speakers at the great mass-meeting held in Madison Square Garden, New York, where Mr. Blaine himself spoke. Mr. O'Callaghan is a member of the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and belongs to many clubs and literary and political societies in the city in which he resides.

BOULTON, William Bowen, 1859-

Class of 1879.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; educated Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; entered commercial life as a clerk, 1879; admitted to firm of Boulton, Bliss & Dallett, New York City, 1887; Trustee and Director of several corporations; President New York Alumni Society University of Pennsylvania 1899-1900, and of University of Pennsylvania Club, New York City, 1901.

WILLIAM BOWEN BOULTON was born in Philadelphia, July 20, 1859, son of William George and Mary Elizabeth (Bowen) Boulton. He was prepared for the University at the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and pursued the regular College course in the Arts Department, graduating in 1879. Entering commercial life as a clerk in the New York house of Boulton, Bliss & Dallett in December 1879, he was admitted to partnership January 1, 1887 and has ever since been connected with that establishment. From 1896 to 1900 he was a Director of the

Norfolk & Western Railway Company; is now a Trustee of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company; a Director of the Mechanics National Bank and of the Niagara Fire Insurance Company of New York City. Mr. Boulton was President of the New York Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania in 1899 and 1900 and was elected President of the University of Pennsylvania Club, New York City, in 1901. He is also a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity and of the Down Town Association, the University Union, Rockaway Hunting, Church and Riding clubs, New York City, and the



WILLIAM B. BOULTON

University Club, Philadelphia. On October 13, 1881, he married Louisa Kuhl Kelly; their children are: William Bowen, Jr., Anita Teresa, Dora, Howard, Pauline Esther and Anson Hard Boulton.

SCULL, William Bowen. 1863-

Class of 1885 Med.

Born at Somers Point, N. J., 1863; educated in Philadelphia public schools; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1885; practitioner in Philadelphia; specialist in obstetrics.

WILLIAM BOWEN SCULL, M.D., was born at Somers Point, New Jersey, August 21, 1863, son of Captain Abel D. Scull and Sarah A.

Bowen. Some of his ancestors fought on the Constitution in the War of 1812. At four years of age he was brought to Philadelphia, where he has ever since resided, and his early education was acquired in the public schools of that city. He studied medicine with Dr. John R. Haynes, and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor of Medicine in May 1885. He has been actively engaged with his profession in Philadelphia ever since his graduation. In May 1887 he succeeded to the practice of his preceptor, Dr. Haynes.



WILLIAM B. SCULL

Dr. Scull is a practitioner of general medicine, but has devoted particular attention to obstetrics, in which specialty he has had marked success. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and other medical organizations, and is physician to a number of secret beneficial associations. He married, February 24, 1887, Fannie L. Gwin, and has two sons: William B. and Sydney G. Scull.

HARTMAN, John Frederick, 1865-

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1865; educated in Philadelphia public and High Schools; graduated Law Department,

University of Pennsylvania, 1887; lawyer and conveyancer; school director, 32nd Ward, Philadelphia.

JOHN FREDERICK HARTMAN was born in Philadelphia, February 19, 1865. He is purely of German ancestry, being the son of John F. and Emma Maria (Hess) Hartman. After attending the public schools of his native city, advancing into the High School, which he left before his graduation, he entered the offices of John M. Collins and Frank S. Simpson in April 1881 to familiarize himself with the conveyancing business. In 1885 he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1887. He at once took up the practice of his profession in the Philadelphia courts, and was in due time admitted to all the Pennsylvania and the United States courts. In 1887 he was elected Recorder of the Law Academy of Philadelphia; in 1889 he became its Vice-President, and in 1891 its Treasurer. He belongs also to the Law Association of Philadelphia, and the Young Republicans of that city. He is Master of Corinthian Lodge 368, Pennsylvania Jurisdiction, a Mason of the thirty-second degree, and a member of the Odd Fellows and the Order of Sparta. Mr. Hartman is a School Director in the thirty-second ward of Philadelphia, having been elected to this office as a Republican, of which party he has always been an adherent. He married, September 23, 1891, Mary Price Hammitt, granddaughter of John K. Hammitt, the Kensington shipbuilder; they have three children, all daughters: Mazie, Annie Hammitt and Kathryn Bregy Hartman. Mr. Hartman resides in Philadelphia.

BROWN, Henry Harold, 1872-

Class of 1893 Arts, 1896 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; student Biological Department University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1893; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1896; served with Battery A, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Spanish-American War, on duty in Porto Rico; later Assistant Surgeon of Volunteers in the Philippines; resigned and resumed private practice, 1900.

HENRY HAROLD BROWN, M.D., a son of Henry C. and Catherine Miles (Moore) Brown, was born in Philadelphia, August 1, 1872. After attending the public schools he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, as a student in the Biological School in the Class of 1893. Pursuing his studies in the Medical Department, he received the degree of Doctor of

of Medicine from the University in 1896, being one of the honor men at graduation. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, Dr. Brown enlisted in Battery A, Pennsylvania Volunteers. After seeing service in Porto Rico he was honorably discharged in July 1898, whereupon he was appointed Assistant-Surgeon of Volunteers, and in that capacity served in the United States and later in the Philippines, resigning in 1900 to resume private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Brown is a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, the Hamilton Whist Club, the Belmont



HENRY H. BROWN

Cricket Club of Philadelphia, and the Salem Country Club of Salem, New Jersey.

REMAK, Gustavus, 1861-

Class of 1882 Arts, 1884 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1861; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; Class President, Editor-in-Chief University Magazine; and Captain of Football Team; graduated Department of Law, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Counsel to German Consulate at Philadelphia since 1889; author of "Digest of Law of Negotiable Instruments in Pennsylvania."

GUSTAVUS REMAK, JR., was born in Philadelphia, March 19, 1861, and is a son of Gustavus and Sue Maria (Scott) Remak. His father was a native of Prussian Poland, a distinguished

member of the Philadelphia Bar, a member of the Fairmount Park Commission and its President at the time of his death on September 20, 1886, being the last survivor of the original members of that body. On his mother's side Mr. Remak is of English and Spanish descent. After instruction under private tutors he entered the Academy of the Protestant Episcopal Church, where he was a student for six years. At the end of his course he received a Latin Prize, and upon matriculating in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania in June 1878, he took the prize for the best examination in Greek Prose composition. He graduated at the University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June 1882. While in College Mr. Remak held a very prominent position in the undergraduate body. He took first or second honors each year; was the President of his class; was a member and Moderator of the Philomathean Society and Editor-in-Chief of the University Magazine, and also took a prominent part in athletics, securing several prizes for his skill in college sports. He was for six years a member of the University Football team and was its Captain in his Senior year. In 1882 Mr. Remak entered the Department of Law at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June 1884. He was immediately admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and has since been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in that city, making a specialty of the settlement of estates. Since 1889 he has been Counsel for the Imperial German Consulate in Philadelphia. In 1887 he published a valuable law book, a "Digest of the Law of Negotiable Instruments in Pennsylvania," a volume of two hundred and thirty-seven pages. Mr. Remak belongs to the Sharswood Law Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the University and the Hamilton clubs of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Cricket Club. He is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. A Republican in politics, he has never taken an active part in political movements. On June 10, 1896, he married Caroline H. Voorhees, by whom he has one daughter: Margaret Onderdonk Remak. He resides at Chestnut Hill.

SMITH, Alfred Percival, 1863-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; graduated Haverford College, 1884; A.B. Harvard University, 1885; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; member Philadelphia Bar; real estate and corporation lawyer; author

of articles on historical subjects and patron of many literary and scientific societies.

ALFRID PERCIVAL SMITH, born in Philadelphia, July 11, 1863, is the only surviving child of Alfred Smith, formerly a leather merchant and later a stockbroker and banker in Philadelphia, and Cornelia Stanley (Allen) Smith, a daughter of the late Samuel Percival Allen of Geneseo, Livingston county, New York. His mother was tenth in descent from Edward Fuller, twenty-first signer of the Mayflower compact; a kinsman being Chief-Justice Melville W. Fuller, through her paternal



ALFRID PERCIVAL SMITH

great-great-grandfather, John Percival of Sandwich, Massachusetts, who married Lydia Fuller, the signer's great-great-great-granddaughter. Mr. Smith's paternal ancestors were almost exclusively Pennsylvania-German. The earliest representative of the family to come to America was Balthasar Schmidt, born in 1693 at Gerolshausen near Würzburg in Bavaria, in which place the immigrant ancestor's grandfather and great-grandfather had been Bailiff. His father was also a municipal officer in Gerolshausen. His mother, before marriage, was Elizabeth Dürr, a sister of Sir Balthasar Dürr of Gerolshausen. Balthasar Schmidt lived for thirty-six years as a subject of the Margrave of Anspach, brother-in-law of Frederick the Great, in Giebelstadt, where for a time he was Burgomaster. On November 10,

1756, he landed with his wife and children at Philadelphia, where he resided until his death in 1769. He was buried in St. Michael's Lutheran churchyard, as was his wife also, at the corner of Fifth and Cherry Streets in Philadelphia. His home was in Second Street near Callowhill Street, in Northern Liberties. Balthasar's son, John Adam Smith was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. Other ancestors of Mr. Smith include Joseph Albright, who came to Philadelphia from Germany or Holland in 1727, and Peter Trexler, whose son of the same name was one of Pennsylvania's early colonial judges in Northampton county. He is also a descendant of Jeremiah and his son John Trexler, the former a Captain under Benjamin Franklin in the Indian war in 1756, and the latter a Captain in the Revolutionary War at Wyoming. The subject of this sketch received his early education in private schools, including the old Germantown Academy, which he left in June 1880 to enter Haverford College. He was graduated from that institution in June 1884, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in the following September entered the Senior class at Harvard from which he also received the Bachelor's degree in 1885. The next College year was occupied with post-graduate work in course for the Doctor of Philosophy degree. In the autumn of 1888 he entered the law offices of Wayne MacVeagh and George Tucker Bispham in Philadelphia to prepare himself for the legal profession. At the same time he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with his class in June 1888. On June 16, upon the motion of George Tucker Bispham he was admitted as attorney and counsellor to the Philadelphia Bar; a week later, upon motion of the same gentleman, he was admitted to practice in the Orphan's Court of Philadelphia; on January 19, 1891, he was admitted to the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania, upon Mr. Bispham's motion; and on March 31, 1891, he was admitted to the United States Courts upon motion of W. W. Carr. Since 1888 Mr. Smith has been continuously engaged with his profession. Although he has occasionally been called into neighboring counties, his practice has been almost entirely confined to the Philadelphia courts, where he has an extended practice in connection with real estate and corporate matters, and the settlement of decedents' estates. His tastes incline him to civil practice and he has never had a partner. He is now counsel for one of Philadelphia's largest trust companies in a number

of estates in this company's charge. Mr. Smith is closely interested in historical matters, particularly in those branches of research which relate to his profession. Since 1892 he has been an industrious collector of books, plans, pictures, historical data and portraits relating to the early English history, and the later Pennsylvania history, of the law courts. He is also keenly interested in biography, genealogy, Reformed or Presbyterian Church history and takes much sincere pleasure in colonial, revolutionary and Pennsylvania-German history and the preservation of ancient records. In his busy professional career he has found the time and opportunity to contribute various historical articles to the newspapers and magazines. He is a generous patron of learned and benevolent societies, and is a life member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the German Society of Pennsylvania and the Pennsylvania-German Society. He is also a life member of the Presbyterian Historical Society, a member of its Executive Council, and its Publication Committee, and Chairman of its Historical Collections Committee which founded its gallery and museum. He belongs to the Colonial Society of Pennsylvania, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Société de l'Histoire du Protestantisme Français, the Law Academy and the Law Association of Philadelphia and the Alumni Societies of the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, Harvard College, Haverford College and the Germantown Academy. He belongs likewise to the Presbyterian Social Union and the Presbyterian Sunday School Superintendents' Association of Philadelphia. He is a charter member of the Pennsylvania Bar Association, being the Secretary of its Legal Biography Committee, which established in connection with its work, the first Law Museum in the country on John Marshall Day, February 4, 1901. On February 4, 1890, Mr. Smith married Lizzie Wandell David, the youngest daughter of the late William M. David of Philadelphia and his wife Elizabeth (Wandell) David. They have no children.

BENNER, Henry Dowdney, 1833-

Class of 1854 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1833; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1854; since then a regular practitioner in Philadelphia.

HENRY DOWDNEY BENNER, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, October 7, 1833. He is the son of Henry Lewis and Elizabeth

(Dowdney) Benner. After a period spent in the Academic Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he entered the Medical School, graduating as a Doctor of Medicine in April 1854. He at once began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, where he has followed it continuously ever since. Dr. Benner is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society and of the American Medical Association. He was married in 1859 to Henrietta, eldest daughter of Thomas Latimer, Esq., of



H. D. BENNER

Philadelphia; they have one daughter. Dr. Benner was in the early part of the Civil War on the Staff of the Citizen's Volunteer Hospital of Philadelphia.

SMITH, Rolla Lamar, 1867-

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Oakville, Pa., 1867; graduated State Normal School at Shippensburg, Pa., 1883, and Iron City Commercial College at Pittsburg, 1884; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1889; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Treasurer Quaker City Investment Company since 1898; President Philadelphia & San Francisco Oil Company since August 1901.

ROLLA LAMAR SMITH, M.D., was born in Oakville, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1867. Through his father, David D. Smith, he is descended from Baltzer Smith, who

came to America from Germany in 1750, settling at first in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and removing a few years later to Cumberland county in the same state, where he married and had a family of twelve children. Of this number William, the grandfather of the subject of this biography, survived until 1899, aged ninety-three years. The family is justly accounted remarkable for the great ages to which many of its members have attained. Baltzer Smith, the immigrant ancestor, died at the age of eighty-six; his wife lived to be eighty-four, and several members of the family have passed the



ROLLA L. SMITH

ninety-year mark. Dr. Smith's mother was Mary Catherine Crider, a granddaughter of Christian Crider, who was born in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, and moved to Chambersburg in the same state, where he died at the age of eighty-four years. His son, Captain Henry S. Crider, the grandfather of Dr. Smith, was a distinguished soldier in the Civil War, commanding Company F, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Pennsylvania Regiment. Dr. Smith was educated in the public schools of his native town, and afterward attended Professor A. J. Beitzel's Select School at Newville, Pennsylvania. Entering the Cumberland Valley State Normal School at Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, he was graduated from that institution in 1883, and in the following year he completed a

course at the Iron City Commercial College in Pittsburg. He then read medicine in the office of Dr. I. Betz for eighteen months, prior to his matriculation in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. In May 1889 he commenced the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, where he has remained ever since. Dr. Smith was Medical Examiner of the United States Insurance Company in 1891-1892, and from 1900 to the present time he has been Visiting Physician to George B. McClellan School in Philadelphia. Since 1898 he has been the Treasurer of the Quaker City Investment Company, and since August 1901 he has been President of the Philadelphia & San Francisco Oil Company, with main office in Philadelphia and seat of operations in Fresno county, California. He belongs to the Medical Club and the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia, also the Franklin Reed Bay Club, and in the Masonic Order is a member of Concordia Lodge, Kensington Royal Arch Chapter, Kensington Commandery Knights Templar, and Lulu Temple of the Mystic Shrine. On June 25, 1890, he married Susan Augusta Kauffman.

ROBERTS, Walter, 1870-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Fellowship, N. J., 1870; graduated Swarthmore College, 1890; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; Acting Assistant Surgeon United States Volunteers, 1898; Out-Patient Surgeon Methodist and St. Christopher hospitals, Philadelphia, three years; Assistant Nose and Throat Dispensary, Pennsylvania Hospital, 1896-1902; Chief of Ear, Nose and Throat Dispensary, St. Christopher's Hospital, 1898-1901; Associate Professor Otology in Polyclinic Hospital and Otologist Methodist Hospital at present time.

WALTER ROBERTS, M.D., was born in Fellowship, New Jersey, May 13, 1870, son of Emmor and Martha (Lippincott) Roberts. He is a descendant of John and Sarah Roberts, who emigrated in 1678 from Wales, in the ship "Kent" to Burlington, New Jersey. At that time New Jersey was divided into sections known as hundredths, and John Roberts purchased one sixteenth of a section, a portion of which (one hundred and fifty acres) is still owned by Dr. Roberts' father. This land was originally purchased from the Duke of York through the agency of William Penn. From the Fellowship public schools he went to the private school of Mary S. Lippincott at Moorestown, New Jersey, and from the latter to the Friends' High School in the same

town, graduating therefrom in 1887. His classical studies were pursued at Swarthmore College, where he took his Bachelor's degree in 1890. Subsequently he was a student in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, where he took his medical degree in 1893. From 1893 to 1896 he was Resident Physician at the Philadelphia and Pennsylvania hospitals, since which time he has been Assistant in the Nose and Throat Dispensary of the latter institution. He was formerly Out-Patient Surgeon to the Methodist Hospital and at the St. Christopher's Hospital, and was both Out-Patient Surgeon and Surgeon-in-Chief



WALTER ROBERTS

to the Ear, Nose and Throat Dispensary. He is now Otolgologist to the Methodist Hospital and Associate Professor in Otolgogy at the Polyclinic Hospital. At the conclusion of the Spanish-American War Dr. Roberts served as Acting United States Assistant Surgeon in the mustering out of Pennsylvania volunteers. He is a member of the College of Physicians, also of the Philadelphia County Medical and the Philadelphia Pediatric societies. On June 6, 1900, he married Lydia Parry Williams.

HOVEY, John Julius, 1867-

Class of 1887.

Born in Beverly, N. J., 1867; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1887, and as a practical chem-

ist 1888; chemist for manufacturing companies; secretary and treasurer, Quaker City Watch Company since 1894.

JOHAN JULIUS HOVEY was born in Beverly, New Jersey, November 17, 1867. Through his father, Franklin Storrs Hovey, he is descended from Daniel Hovey, who emigrated from England in 1660 and settled at Ipswich, Massachusetts. His mother before her marriage was Jane Palmer Barrows. Mr. Hovey attended Lauterbach's Academy and the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, afterward passing under the instruction of Alonzo Brown, who for a time was his private tutor. By these agencies he was prepared for College and entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1883. He graduated as a Bachelor of Science with the Class of 1887, and after completing one year's post-graduate work, in 1888 received a supplementary diploma as a practical chemist. Since that time Mr. Hovey has been closely and continuously identified with the management of industrial concerns in Philadelphia. In 1890 he was the Superintendent of N. Z. Graves' paint factory. In 1891-1892 he was connected with J. T. Lewis Brothers Company, paint manufacturers in Philadelphia, and in 1894 he entered the service of the Segal Wax Paper Manufacturing Company. In 1894 he became a stockholder in the Quaker City Watch Company, and since 1894 has been the Secretary and Treasurer of that corporation. Mr. Hovey is a member of the Iota Chapter of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity and the Philadelphia Jewelers' Club. On March 27, 1894, he married Elizabeth F. Rodgers, by whom he has two children: Elizabeth Rodgers and Franklin Storrs Hovey.

SMALTZ, Henry Naglee, 1867-

Class of 1887 Coll., 1891 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1887, LL.B. 1891; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

HENRY NAGLEE SMALTZ, son of John Henry Smaltz, M.D., and Caroline Smith Naglee, was born in Philadelphia February 10, 1867. He received his early education in Eastburn's Academy, Philadelphia, where he was prepared for the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. The first two years of his course in that institution were spent in the Department of Arts, but at Junior year he passed into the Wharton School of Finance and Economy, from which he

was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1887. With these foundations he selected the law as his profession, and matriculating in the Law Department of the University, graduated in 1891 and at once entered the Philadelphia Bar, at which he has ever since actively practiced. Mr. Smaltz is a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, being a Republican in politics, although he has never taken a prominent part in political affairs. He married, April 19, 1893, Maria Woodhull Con-



HENRY N. SMALTZ

dict, daughter of Nathan Woodhull Condict of Jersey City, New Jersey; who died in 1894, leaving one son John Condict Smaltz.

BEDFORD, John Claude, 1866-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Centralia, Pa., 1866; graduated Shenandoah (Pa.) High School, 1884; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; elected to Pennsylvania Legislature, 1900.

JOHN CLAUDE BEDFORD was born in Centralia, Pennsylvania, May 28, 1866, son of John William Bedford and Emiline Davidson Torrey. His ancestors on both sides of the family came to this country from England; his father's grandfather arrived here at the beginning of the nineteenth century, and representatives of his mother's family

came at a much earlier date; William Torrey settled in Massachusetts in 1640. Mr. Bedford was educated in the public schools until he was ready for a higher education, when he went to Shenandoah, Pennsylvania, graduating from the High School in that place in 1884. He soon determined upon a professional career, and matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888. He was at once admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, and has been engaged in practice in that city ever since, for two years pursuing also post-graduate studies in the Law School which in 1890 led to the degree of Master of Laws. In November 1900 Mr. Bedford was elected a member of the House of Representatives of the Pennsylvania Legislature, as an Independent Republican, in which body he still holds a seat. He is a member of the University Club, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the American Academy of Political and Social Science. He resides at Overbrook.

WHITING, Albert D., 1869-

Class of 1888 Biol., 1892 Med.

Born in Camden, N. J., 1869; graduated Biological Department University of Pennsylvania 1888, M.D. 1892; Manager Pennsylvania Baseball Team, 1889-91; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

ALBERT D. WHITING, M.D., was born in Camden, New Jersey, June 1, 1869, son of S. B. Whiting and Kate Burr Draper. On both sides he is of English extraction; the first Whiting settled in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, about 1639. After an education received mainly in the public schools Dr. Whiting matriculated in the Biological Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he obtained his diploma in 1888. With his knowledge of biology as a groundwork he entered the Medical Department of the University, taking his degree as a Doctor of Medicine in 1892. After a term as Resident at the German Hospital in Philadelphia, he engaged in private practice in that city. Dr. Whiting is Visiting Physician to the Southern Home for Destitute Children and Registrar of St. Mary's Hospital, also Assistant Surgeon to the German Hospital and Surgeon to the Out-Patient Department of the same institution. He is a member of the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, and the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia and of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery. He married October 13, 1897, Laetitia Poultney Perot,

and has two sons, Charles Perot and Albert Draper Whiting, Jr. While in the University Dr. Whiting took a very active part in athletic management. He was Manager of the Pennsylvania Baseball Team for three successive years, 1889, 1890, and 1891, and was otherwise prominently identified with athletics on their executive side.

JUSTI, Henry Martin, 1867-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1867; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1889; engaged in business in Philadelphia before and after leaving College; member of firm of H. D. Justi & Son, dental manufacturers, since 1892.

HENRY MARTIN JUSTI, son of Henry Daniel Justi, a prominent manufacturer in Philadelphia, and Elizabeth Caroline Kuemerle, was born in Philadelphia, December 5, 1867. His elementary education was received in the public schools of his native city, from which he passed to Fulton W. Hastings Academy. For two years he was engaged in business with his father, but having a desire for a College education, he matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania, where he pursued the scientific courses, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Science in June 1889. He at once re-entered his father's business house and was admitted to partnership in April 1892 under the firm name of H. D. Justi & Son, manufacturers of dental supplies. Mr. Justi is a member of the Franklin Institute, the Priestley Club, the Manufacturers' Club and the Powelton Club of Philadelphia, and belongs also to the St. David's Golf Club and the Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a life member of the German Society, the Humane Society, the Philadelphia Skating Club, the Houston Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the University of Pennsylvania Athletic Association and the Belmont Cricket Club. He married, January 12, 1898, Harriet Elizabeth Monson, of New Haven, Connecticut; they have one child, Henry Martin Justi, Jr.

ROACH, Walter William, 1866-

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in Scranton, Pa., 1866; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; now practicing in Philadelphia; served as School Director; member Public Education Association and Secretary School Board Officers' Association.

WALTER WILLIAM ROACH, M.D., was born in Scranton, Pennsylvania, June 3, 1866, son of James and Harriet (Beach) Roach.

He graduated from the Central High School, Philadelphia, in 1884, with his Bachelor's degree, receiving that of Master of Arts in 1890. He was a medical student at the University, under the preceptorship of Dr. Horace Ladd, and took his degree with the Class of 1890. He enjoys a lucrative practice. Dr. Roach is active in municipal affairs, especially along educational lines, having served several years as School Director; is a member of the Public Education Association; Secretary of the School Board Officers' Association; and a Medical Inspector of Schools. He was married January 26, 1892, to Emilie W.



W. W. ROACH

Uhlinger; they have four children: Wilbur Ladd, Walter William, Jr., James Kenneth and John Donald Roach.

NEWGARDEN, Albert, 1858-

Class of 1894 Dent.

Born in Prussia, 1858; acquired early education in Philadelphia; graduated D.D.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing dentistry in New York City.

ALBERT NEWGARDEN, dentist, was born at Kolmar in the province of Posen, Prussia, son of Jacob and Rika (Schoenfeld) Newgarden. He was a pupil in the public schools of Philadelphia, including the Boys' High School, and after concluding his attendance at the latter he turned his attention to business pursuits. In 1882 he en-

tered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, but after passing successfully the first year's examinations, he was through force of circumstances compelled to suspend his studies for a time and resume business pursuits. As soon as possible he returned to the University, from which he was graduated in Dentistry with honors in 1894, and has ever since followed his profession in New York City, where he has acquired a large and lucrative practice. While a student Dr. Newgarden was a member of the James Truman Dental Society.



ALBERT NEWGARDEN

He was married, September 23, 1896, to Fannie Schwarzenberger; they have three children: Jacob (Stanley), Mark and Sara Marguerite Newgarden.

HILL, Robert Carmer, 1869-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1889; Treasurer Madeira-Hill Company of New York since 1893; Vice-President George B. Newton Company of Philadelphia; President Raven Run Coal Company and General Manager Massena Terminal Railroad; Director Brookwood Coal Company, and St. Lawrence Power Company.

ROBERT CARMER HILL was born in Philadelphia, July 12, 1869. His father, William Hill, was a son of Robert Carmer Hill and Susan Clarkson, through whom he is descended from Dr.

Gerardus Clarkson, Surgeon in the Continental Army, and from Matthew Clarkson, Governor-General of the Province of New York in 1689. His mother was Harriet Chapin, a daughter of William Chapin, for forty-five years President of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind in Philadelphia, and a direct descendant of Deacon Samuel Chapin. Mr. Hill's early education was received in private schools, the Friends' Central School and the Protestant Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, from which he entered the University of Pennsylvania. He spent Freshman and Sophomore years in the Department of Arts, and the last two years in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1889. He at once entered upon a business life. From January 1890 until April 1890 he was a clerk in the Fourth-Street National Bank in Philadelphia, and for the next two years, was a clerk in the offices of George B. Newton Company, coal merchants in that city. In 1893 he went to New York and organized the Madeira-Hill Company, of which he became the Treasurer, an office which he still holds. He is also Vice-President of the George B. Newton Company, with which his own company is now affiliated. Mr. Hill is otherwise very actively interested in coal properties; he is President of the Raven Run Coal Company, of which corporation he is also a Director, is a Director and General Manager of the Massena Terminal Railroad, a Director of the Brookwood Coal Company and a Director and member of the Executive Committee of the St. Lawrence Power Company. He is a member of the University Club, the Lawyers' Club and the Delta Phi Club, and Vice-President of the University of Pennsylvania Club, all of New York. He is also a member of the Colonial War Society and the Sons of the Revolution of New York, and belongs to the Seventh Regiment Veteran Association of the same city. Mr. Hill married Anna Park Gilman of New York City on June 2, 1894. He resides at Englewood, New Jersey, and is an active member of the Englewood Golf Club.

VAN DUSEN, Washington, 1857-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; graduated National School of Oratory, Philadelphia; special student University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1889; connected with United Gas Improvement Company, Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON VAN DUSEN, son of John and Harriet (Pote) Van Dusen, comes of Dutch ancestors who settled in Kensington, Phil-

adelphia, about 1798, and lived in Fairman's Mansion on the Delaware River, where his grandfather, Washington Van Dusen, was born. The historic Great Elm tree was situated on this estate, since purchased from the family by the city and now known as Penn Treaty Park. Mr. Van Dusen graduated from the Vaughan Grammar School and then attended the National School of Oratory, of which he is also a graduate, after which he was for a time a special student in the University of Pennsylvania. For a number of years he has been in the service of the United Gas Improvement Company in his native



W. VAN DUSEN

city. Mr. Van Dusen is the author of much graceful verse. A small volume entitled "Songs of Life and Love," comprising forty or more lyrics, was published a few years ago by the J. B. Lippincott Company, and contains a number of poems of more than ordinary merit. Mr. Van Dusen's poetry is conceived in a spirit of confidence and optimism, and consists of a sweet and musical phrasing of everyday longings and aspirations, touched with tenderness and sympathy. He has been twice married; first in 1893, to Clara V. Oliver, who died in March 1897, leaving him one daughter, Jessie Oliver Van Dusen, and second on May 15, 1901, to Constance B. Harding. He resides in Germantown.

COXE, Franklin,

Class of 1861.

Born in Rutherfordton, N. C.; educated at Furman University, N. C., and University of Pennsylvania; civil engineer; engaged in coal mining; President Commercial National Bank, Charlotte, N. C., 1861; Vice-President Western North Carolina Railroad, and President Charleston, Cincinnati & Chicago Railroad.

FRANKLIN COXE was born in Rutherfordton, North Carolina, son of Francis Sidney Coxe and Jane McBee Alexander. He is descended from Daniel Coxe, an English gentleman of Somerset, England, born in 1590, whose son, Dr. Daniel Coxe of the County of Middlesex, Parish of Newington, London, born in 1640, had the distinction to be physician to Charles II. Dr. Coxe's son, Col. Daniel Coxe, the first American representative of the family, came over to America in 1700 and became the Governor and one of the proprietors of West Jersey. Governor Coxe's son was William Coxe, and the latter's son was Tench Coxe of Philadelphia, a member of the first American Congress and Commissioner of Internal Revenue and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury under President Washington. This distinguished patriot's son was Francis Sidney Coxe, the father of the subject of this sketch. Franklin Coxe attended Furman University in South Carolina, from which he passed to the University of Pennsylvania, entering the Sophomore class in the College Department in 1857. For a time he was a civil engineer in the Pennsylvania anthracite coal fields, and he is one of the original members of the firm of Coxe Brothers & Company, now the Cross Creek Coal Company, of Pennsylvania. Prior to the Civil War Mr. Coxe was a member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry; but being a native of the South, his sympathies were on the Confederate side in the great struggle between the states, and he enlisted and served as a private in Company A (Butler Guards), Second Regiment, Keishaw's South Carolina Volunteers. In 1881 Mr. Coxe was elected President of the Commercial National Bank of Charlotte, North Carolina, and later he became a Vice-President of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company. In 1886 he was chosen President of the Charleston, Cincinnati & Chicago Railroad. He married, April 29, 1861, Mary Matilda Mills, by whom he has six children: Charles Carson, Otis Mills, Francis Sidney, Daisy, Maud and Tench Charles Coxe. Mr. Coxe is a member of the Philadelphia Club, the Rittenhouse Club of Philadelphia, the Manhattan Club of New York and the Manheim Cricket Club. He has

a residence in Philadelphia, and a southern home at Green River, Rutherford county, North Carolina.

MCCALL, George, 1858-

Class of 1879.

Born in West Chester, Pa., 1858; educated in native town and Scientific Department of University of Pennsylvania; in the iron business some years; now a stock broker in Philadelphia.

GEORGE MCCALL was born in West Chester, Pennsylvania, September 4, 1858, son of George Archibald and Elizabeth (McMurtrie) Mc-



GEORGE MCCALL

Call. He is a great-grandson of Gen. John Cadwalader, who distinguished himself in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War, and Elizabeth Lloyd of Wye River, Maryland, whose daughter married Archibald McCall. On the maternal side he is a descendant of William McMurtrie and also of Daniel Coxe, at one time Governor of New Jersey. His preliminary studies were pursued in the schools of West Chester, from which he entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania as a special student in the Junior year of the Class of 1879, but withdrew in May preceding Commencement. For a number of years after leaving the University he was engaged in the iron business, and is

now a stock broker in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity and of the Rittenhouse Club. Politically he is a Republican. Mr. McCall was married in Philadelphia, October 8, 1885, to Mildred, daughter of Charles Carter, M.D., and Ellen (Newman) Carter. Mr. and Mrs. McCall have three children: George Archibald, born August 24, 1886; Richard Coxe, born February 12, 1888; and Shirley Carter McCall, born November 27, 1897.

DICKSON, Erskine Hazard, 1872-

Class of 1891.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; educated at Dr. John W. Faires' Classical Institute; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1891, LL.B. 1894; admitted to Bar, 1894; practiced in Philadelphia latter year to present time; Ensign in United States Navy, 1898.

ERSKINE HAZARD DICKSON, son of Samuel and Fanny (Hazard) Dickson, was born in Philadelphia, February 25, 1872. He was prepared for College at the Classical Institute of Dr. John W. Faires, and after taking the degree of Bachelor of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1891, he entered the Law Department, graduating a Bachelor of Laws three years later. He was admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in 1894, and with the exception of a short interval in 1898, has ever since practiced his profession in that city. During the Spanish-American War, Mr. Dickson served as an Ensign in the United States Navy. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities and the Philomathean Society, the Sharswood Law and the Philadelphia Lawyers' clubs, the University and the University Barge clubs. Politically he is a Democrat.

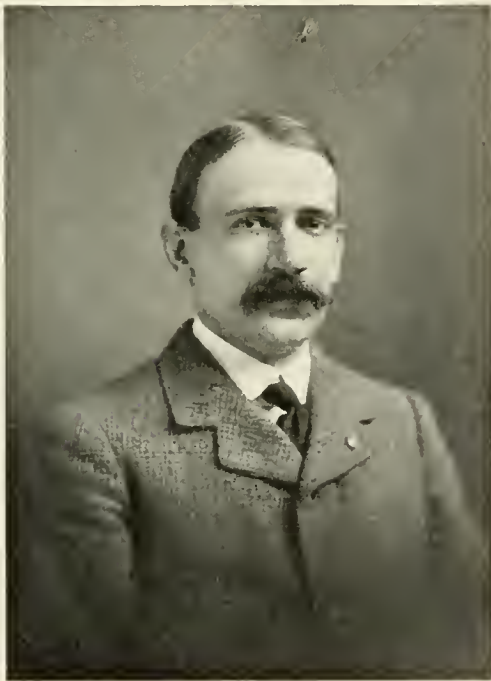
PINKERTON, William Woods, 1870-

Class of 1891.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; studied mechanical engineering at the University of Pennsylvania; acquired practical training in Pennsylvania Railroad shops; Accountant, 1891; engineer Philadelphia contracting firm 1892-99; President Pinkerton Construction Company latter year to present time.

WILLIAM WOODS PINKERTON, M.E., was born in Philadelphia, June 21, 1870, son of James Crowell and Jane Sutton (Latta) Pinkerton. His paternal grandparents were Joseph Woods and Sally Crowell Pinkerton; his great-grandparents were Joseph and Jane (Robinson) Pinkerton; and his great-great-grandparents were

William and Isabel (Cresswell) Guy-Pinkerton, the former of whom emigrated to America in 1728. On the maternal side he is a grandson of Dr. William Sutton and Margaret Douglass (Whitehill) Latta; and great-grandson of Rev. James and Jane (Sutton) Latta. He pursued the primary branches of study in public and private schools, and received practical training in the motive-power department of the Pennsylvania Railroad shops at Altoona prior to becoming a student in mechanical engineering in the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1891. He was for some



WM. W. PINKERTON

time employed as an expert accountant, and was subsequently for seven years (1892-1899) engineer for Messrs. Armstrong & Printzenhoff, making plans for most of the improvements along the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers in Philadelphia; for large automatic coal-handling plants, extensive warehouses, factory buildings, etc. From 1899 to the present time he has been President of the Pinkerton Construction Company of Philadelphia. Mr. Pinkerton is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the General Alumni Society and the Athletic Association of the University, and the Pennsylvania Scotch-Irish Society. On April 24, 1900, he married Miss Edith Sowers Weckerly. He resides at St. Davids, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

ROBB, Thomas, Jr., 1873-

Class of 1894 Arts, 1897 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; graduated Scientific Department University of Pennsylvania 1894 and from Law Department 1897; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; served with First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry in Porto Rico during Spanish War, and now on non-active list of that organization.

THOMAS ROBB, JR., was born in Philadelphia, May 6, 1873, son of Thomas and Delia Nash (Cozens) Robb. His early education was pursued under the direction of Henry Hobart Brown, and after taking a Scientific course at the University of Pennsylvania, he entered the Law Department, graduating in 1897. Entering into the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, he has ever since continued to transact a profitable general law business and stands high in the estimation of his associates in the legal profession. In 1892 he joined the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry, with which he served in the Porto Rico campaign during the Spanish-American War, and in 1901 he was retired to the non-active list. Mr. Robb is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity, the Sons of the Revolution, the Rittenhouse, Philadelphia County, Philadelphia Barge and St. Anthony clubs, and the Strollers of New York. He was married June 7, 1897, to Marian Inngleich Gregg; they have one son, Thomas Robb, 3rd.

MALLET-PREVOST, Severo, 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born in Zacatecas, Mexico, 1860; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; engineer and miner in Mexico; studied law and admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1885; practicing lawyer in New York; counsel for various Latin American governments; Secretary to United States Commission to settle Venezuelan Boundary Dispute, 1895-97; Counsel for Venezuela before Paris Tribunal, 1899.

SEVERO MALLET-PREVOST was born in Zacatecas, Mexico, October 8, 1860. The Mallet family was for several centuries established at Rouen in Normandy. In 1530 a member of the family, a Huguenot, removed to Geneva on account of the religious persecution to which he was subjected in France, and in 1894 Paul Henri Mallet-Prevost emigrated to America to escape the pains and anxieties of the French Revolution. His son, General Andrew Mallet-Prevost of Philadelphia, was the grandfather of the subject of this sketch. Severo Mallet-Prevost is the son of Grayson Mallet-Prevost and Marianita Cosio, a lady of Spanish descent.

While born in Mexico he was brought up in Philadelphia. From his eleventh to his thirteenth year he attended Rittenhouse Academy in that city. From 1873 to 1876 he was a student in Professor Hasting's Academy in Philadelphia, and in 1877 he passed into the Towne Scientific School at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Bachelor of Science in 1881. The next year and a half was spent in engineering experience on the Mexican National Railroad and in the silver mines of Mexico. In December 1882 he returned to the States, and early in 1883 entered upon the study of law in the



SEVERO MALLET-PREVOST

office of George W. Biddle of Philadelphia. In March 1885 he was admitted to the Bar in Philadelphia, and in the following December after practicing removed to New York, where he has since practiced his profession. Since February 1897 he has been a member of the law firm of Curtis, Mallet-Prevost & Colt. Mr. Mallet-Prevost has devoted much time and attention to the international law, especially as bearing upon the relations of the Spanish-American states. In 1894-1895 he was special counsel for the United States Government in the Peralta Land Case; and when President Cleveland issued his ultimatum to Great Britain on the subject of the long-standing Venezuelan boundary dispute, Mr. Mallet-Prevost was appointed Secretary of the

Commission which in 1895-1897 adjudicated that difficult international matter. He was counsel for Venezuela before the Paris Tribunal of Arbitration in 1899, and at various times has represented Spain, Mexico, Colombia, Guatemala, Nicaragua and other Latin-American governments in litigation arising from differences and claims. On December 31, 1887, he married Virginia Hopkins Johns; they have one daughter, Pauline C. Mallet-Prevost. Mr. Mallet-Prevost is a member of the University Club of New York, the Down-Town Association of New York and the Bar Association of New York. He is a Vice-President of the University of Pennsylvania Club of that city, and Third Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Society of New York. He is also President of the Circulo Colon Cervantes, and a member of the New York Historical Society and various other societies and organizations. He resides in New York City.

TAYLOR, Joseph Thompson, 1866-

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; educated in public and Central High schools, Philadelphia; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1887; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; member Common Councilman; Assistant City Solicitor since 1895.

JOSEPH THOMPSON TAYLOR was born in Philadelphia, October 13, 1866. Son of J. Thomas Taylor and Sarah (Thompson) Taylor. He is of English and German descent. His great-grandfather fought with a Delaware company in the Revolutionary War, and grandfather took an active part in the War of 1812. Another grandfather, Joseph Thompson, was a pioneer in the wall-paper business in Philadelphia. Mr. Taylor attended the public schools of his native city, passing to the Central High School, and after completing his studies there was for a year a member of the staff in the chemical laboratory of the Franklin Sugar Refinery, of which Charles C. Harrison, now Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, was at that time the head. In 1885 he matriculated in the Law Department of the University, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1887. He was immediately admitted to practice in the courts of Philadelphia, and has been an active practitioner at the Bar in that city ever since. Mr. Taylor has served as a member of the Common Council of Philadelphia, representing the Thirty-second Ward but resigned his seat in 1895 to accept a position as Assistant City Solicitor, office which he still occupies. He

is a member of the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, and of several political clubs, including the Young Republicans, the Lincoln Club and the Thirty-second Ward Republican Club.



JOSEPH T. TAYLOR

On October 15, 1890, he married Annie Gillingham Granville, now deceased.

STAHL, B. Franklin, 1863-

Class of 1887 Med.

Born in Marietta, Pa., 1863; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1884; M.D. and B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; Instructor Physical Diagnosis and Lecturer on Dietetics of Sick, University of Pennsylvania; Lecturer in Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

B. FRANKLIN STAHL, M.D., was born in Marietta, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1863, son of George Washington and Sarah Elizabeth (Longenecker) Stahl. His public-school education was followed by a course at the Millersville State Normal School, after which he came to Philadelphia and entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he graduated in 1884. While these studies were in progress he was employed in a retail drug store. Taking up the study of medicine, he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor's degree in 1887. In the same year he completed an auxiliary scientific course in the University, and

in recognition of this work was given the degree of Bachelor of Science. His term as Resident Physician was spent at the Philadelphia Hospital, and at the end of this service he began private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Stahl leads an active professional life. In addition to the regular duties of a physician he is Registrar of the Philadelphia Hospital, Instructor in Physical Diagnosis in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and Lecturer on Dietetics of the Sick in the same institution. He was formerly Chief of the Medical Clinics of both St. Mary's and St. Agnes' Hospitals of Philadelphia, and is still Visiting Physician to the last named of these hospitals. At one time he was Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Charity Hospital of Philadelphia, and also a Lecturer on Emergencies in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Dr. Stahl is a member of the Philadelphia Medical Club, the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, the American Medical Association, the State Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pathological Society, the University Club of Philadelphia, the General Alumni Society, the Society of the Alumni



B. FRANKLIN STAHL.

of the Medical Department and the Philadelphia Alumni Society of the Medical Department of the University, the Houston Club of the University, and the Alpha Mu Pi Omega Medical Fraternity.

POTTS. Barton Herbert, 1869-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Pottstown, Pa., 1869; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1891; Resident Physician Children's Hospital, Philadelphia, 1891; Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, 1892; Clinical Assistant Diseases of Ear Philadelphia Polyclinic, 1893; Eye and Ear Surgeon Children's Hospital, 1901; also Otologist and Laryngologist German Hospital latter year.

BARTON HERBERT POTTS, M.D., was born in Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, February 11, 1869, son of Joseph McKean



BARTON H. POTTS

and Mary (Little) Potts. He is a descendant in the seventh generation of Thomas Potts, the pioneer iron manufacturer in the Schuylkill Valley. He attended the Hill school, Pottstown, graduating in 1887, and studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree in 1891. His first appointment after the completion of his medical course was that of Resident Physician at the Children's Hospital in Philadelphia, which he retained for a year, and in 1892 he served in a similar capacity at the Presbyterian Hospital, that city. In 1893 he was Clinical Assistant in Diseases of the Ear at the Philadelphia Polyclinic, was Instructor there in Diseases of the Ear in 1899, was Eye and Ear Surgeon to the Children's Hospital in 1901 and was appointed Otol-

gist and Laryngologist to the German Hospital the same year. Dr. Potts is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical and the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical societies, the Philadelphia Medical Club and the Alpha Mu Pi Omega (Medical) Fraternity.

ANDERSON, William Young Campbell, 1873-

Class of 1893 Arts, 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; Valedictorian Class of 1889, Philadelphia Manual Training High School; Baccalaureate Orator Class of 1893 University of Pennsylvania; law student at the University, graduating in 1896; admitted to the Bar latter year, and now practicing in Philadelphia; Prothonotary Philadelphia Law Academy, 1900-01.

WILLIAM YOUNG CAMPBELL ANDERSON was born in Philadelphia, March 18, 1873, son of William Forrest and Harriet (Campbell) Anderson. On the paternal side he is of Scotch-Irish descent, and his maternal ancestors were Scotch and English. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Philadelphia, including the Manual Training High School, in which latter he was Valedictorian of the class of 1889, and he was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1893, delivering the Baccalaureate Oration at Commencement. He began his legal studies in the office of J. Sergeant Price, Esq., and completed them in the University Law Department, graduating a Bachelor of Laws in 1896. Admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in June of the latter year, he immediately established himself in practice, and is rapidly gaining headway in the legal profession of the Quaker City. He was also admitted to practice in the Superior Court of Pennsylvania in 1896, was two years later admitted to the State Supreme and United States Circuit Courts, and in 1901 was admitted to practice before the United States Pension Bureau in Washington, District of Columbia. Mr. Anderson officiated as Recorder of the Philadelphia Law Academy for the years 1898-1899; as Deputy-Prothonotary the following year and as Prothonotary in 1900-1901. He is also a member of the Manual Training School Alumni Society; the College, General and Law Alumni societies of the University, of which latter he is now a Director; the Philadelphia Law and the Pennsylvania Bar associations; E. Copee Mitchell Lodge Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was chosen Senior Deacon in

1901; the Young Republicans, Chatham Literary Union and the Belmont Cricket Club. He is more or less active in politics and frequently attends Republican Party conventions as a delegate. On February 7, 1901, he married Mabel Roosevelt Evans.

PACKARD, John Hooker, 1832-

Class of 1850 Arts, 1853 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1832; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1850; M.D., 1853; practicing physician in Philadelphia, 1853-96; Acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, 1861-65; Surgeon and Physician to Philadelphia hospitals; author of medical writings.

JOHAN HOOKER PACKARD, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, August 15, 1832, son of Frederick Adolphus and Elizabeth (Dwight) Hooker. The first of the Packard family in America came from Ipswich, England, in 1634. The present subject's father was a graduate of Harvard, Class of 1814, a lawyer, and later editor of more than two thousand publications of the American Sunday School Union, and a well-known writer on educational and other subjects. An early ancestor, Samuel Packard, was one of the founders of Bridgewater, Maine. Dr. Packard's preparatory training was received at the Academy of the University of Pennsylvania while that school was under the principalship of S. W. Crawford. In 1846 he entered the College Department of the University, where he graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1850. He at once entered the Medical Department and after graduation in 1853, established a practice in Philadelphia which he continued with great success until retirement in 1896. During the Civil War Dr. Packard was in the service of the United States Army, stationed as Acting Assistant Surgeon at the Christian Street and Satterlee United States Army Hospitals in Philadelphia, from 1861 to 1863, and as Consulting Surgeon to the Army Hospitals at Haddington, Pennsylvania, and at Beverly, New Jersey, from 1863 to 1865. In addition to the work of a large practice Dr. Packard during active professional life gave much of his time to hospital service in Philadelphia. He was Resident-Physician to the Pennsylvania Hospital in 1855-6; Surgeon to the same from 1884 to 1896; Physician to the Foster Home from 1857 to 1873, and to St. Joseph's Hospital in 1881; Surgeon to the Episcopal Hospital from 1863 to 1884; and Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital in 1876-1877. He has been actively associated with many medical and scientific societies, including: the Academy of Nat-

ural Sciences of Philadelphia; the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, of which he was Secretary in 1861, and President from 1867 to 1869; the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, of which he was Secretary from 1862 to 1877, and Vice-President in 1886; the Obstetrical Society of Philadelphia, of which he was President from 1877 to 1879; the Philadelphia County Medical Society, of which he was Vice-President in 1879; the Pennsylvania State Medical Society; the Academy of Surgery, Philadelphia; the Medical Jurisprudence Society of Philadelphia; the Medico-Legal Society of New York;



JOHN H. PACKARD

the American Surgical Association, of which he was Treasurer from 1881 to 1884; the American Philosophical Society; the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution. In 1876 he was secretary of the Surgical Section in the International Medical Congress convened at Philadelphia. Dr. Packard has been for many years a Director of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. At present he has severed almost all society affiliations except membership in the University Club of Philadelphia. His published writings include: a translation of Malgaigne on Fractures, 1859; the Philadelphia Medical Directory, 1868, 1871 and 1873; Manual of Minor Surgery, 1863; Lectures on Inflammation, 1863; Manual of Opera-

tive Surgery, 1870; Sea-Air and Sea-Bathing, 1881. He has also written extensively for various medical journals — notably for the transactions of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and for the Pennsylvania Hospital Reports. Dr. Packard was married, June 3, 1858, to Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Stuart Wood, of Philadelphia; his children are: Elizabeth Dwight, Charles Stuart Wood, Frederick, John H. Jr., Francis R., and George R. Packard.

MORTON, Thomas George, 1835-

Class of 1854 Arts, 1856 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1835; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1856; Surgeon in Philadelphia; connected with hospitals in Philadelphia; Acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, 1862-64; Professor Clinical and Operative Surgery, Philadelphia Polyclinic College; founder Orthopædic Hospital, Philadelphia; President of Medical Staff, Pennsylvania Hospital; medical writer.

THOMAS GEORGE MORTON, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, August 8, 1835, son of Dr. Samuel George and Rebecca Grellet (Pearsall) Morton. His father, a medical graduate of the University of Pennsylvania of 1820, and of Edinburgh 1823, was a noted student of ethnology and archæology, and was President of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. He was especially interested in the scientific observation of skulls, and his efforts in collecting skulls of all the races of the world resulted in the accumulation of the largest museum of comparative craniology in existence. This collection is now the property of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. He was the author of "Crania Americana," and other ethnological and anatomical works. The son, after a short period of academic study in the Class of 1854, University of Pennsylvania, transferred to the Medical Department and was there graduated in 1856. His first practice was in the line of general surgery. Throughout his career he continued to make this branch of the profession his specialty, attaining a distinguished position among surgeons for his initiative faculty and great skill. During the Civil War he served as Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, 1862-1864, on duty in Virginia, Washington and Pennsylvania. He was one of the Consulting Surgeons, his colleague being Dr. D. Hayes Agnew, at the Mower Hospital, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, the largest Army Hospital in the United States, with five thousand patients. He also organized the Army Hospital at Twelfth and Buttonwood streets in Philadelphia, and served in it until it was

closed. Dr. Morton's reputation for the performance of many difficult and original operations was acquired largely in the Philadelphia hospitals. He was Resident Physician to St. Joseph's Hospital in 1856, to Wills' Eye Hospital in 1857, and to the Pennsylvania Hospital from 1857 to 1858; Surgeon to Wills' Eye Hospital from 1859 to 1874, and to the Emergency Surgical Hospital in 1874; Consulting Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind in 1862; Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Hospital from 1864 to the present time, also Pathologist and Curator to the Museum of that institution from 1860



THOMAS G. MORTON

to 1864; Surgeon and founder of the Orthopædic Hospital in 1867; Surgeon to the Jewish Hospital in 1870, and at present; Physician to the Howard Hospital from 1865 to 1875; Consulting Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in 1865, and Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital in 1870. He has also held various other offices in connection with his profession, notably as Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery in the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates; Commissioner of Public Charities of Pennsylvania, 1883 (serving eleven years) and Chairman of the Lunacy Committee of the same from 1886 to 1894; Commissioner for the selection of a site for and erection of a State Insane Hospital for the Northeastern

District of Pennsylvania, now known as the Norris-town Insane Hospital, in 1876; President of the American Society for the Restriction of Vivisection, 1885, and Vice-President of the Society for the Protection of Children from Cruelty. Dr. Morton is the inventor of the Ward Dressing Carriage, which he introduced into the Pennsylvania Hospital in 1867, and which is now used in all large hospitals of this country. He also devised the Bed Elevator and Carriage, in 1874, and apparatus for measuring the inequality in length of the lower limbs. The Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia, in 1876, granted him a Medal for his Ward Dressing Carriage. Dr. Morton is a member of many medical, scientific and other societies, among which are the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences, the American Medical and the American Surgical associations; and the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He is President of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery, a member of the Board of Education of Philadelphia, corresponding member of the British Orthopædic Society, and an honorary member of the Society of Mental Medicine of Belgium. He is also a member of the Loyal Legion of the United States and the Union League of Philadelphia. His professional writings include, besides a large number of articles contributed to the leading medical journals, monographs entitled "Lectures on the Transfusion of Blood and its Practical Application," New York, 1877; and on "Metatarsalgia, or Painful Affection of the Foot" (sometimes known as Morton's Toe), 1876. In collaboration with Dr. Hunt and others, he wrote "Surgery in the Pennsylvania Hospital," Philadelphia, 1880. He also compiled the "History of the Pennsylvania Hospital, 1751 to 1895," which was published by the Managers in 1895, a Revised Edition appearing in 1897. Dr. Morton married Ann Jenks, daughter of Thomas Stacy Kirkbride, M.D., LL.D.

GILFILLAN, Joseph, 1870-

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated in Philadelphia Public Schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1896; Instructor there, 1896-99; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH GILFILLAN, member of the Philadelphia, Bar, was born in Philadelphia, November 30, 1870, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Bell) Gilfillan, of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He acquired his education in the public schools of Philadelphia, and studying for the legal profession,

was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1896, and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. For three years following his graduation from Law School he was an Instructor in that department of the University, succeeding George S. Graham as Teacher of Business Law and officiating in that capacity until 1899, and during the latter year was also Instructor in Real Property. On January 1, 1899, he became associated in the practice of law with George S. Graham, Esq., in Philadelphia, and this connection has continued to the present time. Mr. Gilfillan is a Republican in



JOSEPH GILFILLAN

politics, but of independent proclivities. He married, February 7, 1899, Jane McCarter of Philadelphia, and has one child, a daughter, Jane Brown Gilfillan. His home is in Philadelphia.

WETHERILL, Henry Mayer, 1851-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1871; in drug and chemical business, Philadelphia, 1871-81; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1877; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

HENRY MAYER WETHERILL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, December 14, 1851, son of Henry Mayer and Rebecca (Price) Wether-

ill. His father was a member of the Class of 1848 of the University of Pennsylvania. The ancestry is of English and German origin. His early education was received at Treemont Seminary in Norristown, Pennsylvania. In 1866 he was apprenticed to Wetherill and Company. In 1871 he graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and for some years after that date he was engaged in the drug and chemical business in Philadelphia. He then decided to fit himself for the Medical profession, and entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. After graduation in



HENRY M. WETHERILL

1877, he commenced a practice in Philadelphia, which he has continued with notable success. During his professional career Dr. Wetherill has been Resident Physician in the Episcopal Hospital, the Blockley Hospital, the General Pennsylvania Hospital and the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane. He has also been actively engaged in charitable medical work, having served as Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy of the Board of Public Charities since 1889. He is much interested in the care of the poor at the City Dispensary, where he renders efficient medical aid. He is a member of various medical societies, and a Republican in politics. In January 1884, Dr. Wetherill was married to Florence Strecker.

SCHAEFFER, Charles Ashmead, 1843-1898.

Class of 1861.

Born in Harrisburg, Pa., 1843; educated at University of Pennsylvania, Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard, and University of Goettingen; Assistant Professor of Chemistry at Union College; Professor of Chemistry at Cornell; President Iowa State University, 1887-98; died 1898.

CHARLES ASHMEAD SCHAEFFER, Ph.D., LL.D., was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1843, son of Rev. Charles William Schaeffer, D.D., LL.D., of the Class of 1832, University of Pennsylvania, and Elizabeth Fry Ashmead. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1857 and was graduated with the Class of 1861. Following graduation, he took a course in the laboratory of the late Dr. Genth, afterwards a member of Faculty of the University of Pennsylvania. Pursuing his studies for two years, 1863-65, in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, he then became Assistant to the Professor of Chemistry in Union College, Schenectady, New York, and later spent two and a half years 1867-69, in studying at various places in Europe, earning his Doctor of Philosophy degree at the University of Goettingen. In 1869, he was appointed Professor of Chemistry at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, and this chair he filled until called in 1887 to assume the Presidency of the Iowa State University. Dr. Schaeffer's administration of the affairs of this educational institution covered a period of eleven years, until terminated by death, and was most successful. At the time he became President, after thirty years of the University's existence, the enrollment was but 571 and the total number of graduates was only 2109; at the close of the next decade, there were 1336 students in attendance and the graduates in the intervening period numbered 2643. He possessed great executive ability, and his work for the improvement of the College and high schools systems in Iowa was generally recognized and appreciated by the people of that state. Dr. Schaeffer was a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers and of the New York Academy of Sciences. During the Civil War, he was a Sergeant in Landis' Philadelphia Battery, which was called into service during the emergency of 1863. In Iowa City, he was a Director of the Citizens Saving and Trust Company. He was the author and translator of several works on Chemistry, and contributed numerous articles to scientific journals. An Iowa College conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon him while a resident

of that state. Dr. Schaeffer's wife was Evelyn, daughter of the late Hon. George W. Schuyler of Ithaca, New York. He died in 1898.

HATFIELD, Henry Reed, 1858-

Class of 1878.

Born in Philadelphia, 1858; special student Department of Arts University of Pennsylvania; graduated M.D. Jefferson Medical College, 1881; studied law and admitted to Bar, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

HENRY REED HATFIELD, M.D., son of Dr. Nathan Lewis Hatfield, and Susanna Lewis, was born in Philadelphia, July 14, 1858.



HENRY R. HATFIELD

He matriculated in the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania as a special student in 1874, receiving a certificate of proficiency at the end of the Senior year. After leaving college his inclination led him to take up the study of his father's profession, and after a course of reading under the preceptorship of his father, he entered the Jefferson Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. His especial purpose in studying medicine was to qualify himself to become a Surgeon in the United States Navy, but for family reasons, his mother having become an invalid shortly before his

graduation, he decided that it was his duty to remain at home. As he had never intended to become a general practitioner of medicine, he turned his attention to the law. Entering the law office of George W. Biddle, Esq., as a student, at the end of the usual course of reading and instruction he was admitted to the Bar, in 1884. For a time he remained with Mr. Biddle as an assistant, but afterward became associated with John J. Ridgway in legal practice and maintained this connection for several years, much of which time however he spent abroad, principally in Spain, where he devoted himself to the study of languages and of diplomatic customs and practices. During this period and at other times he travelled extensively on the continent of Europe, visiting also Iceland and Morocco. Since his return from Europe in 1896 he has practiced his profession continuously in Philadelphia. During 1900 he made a vacation trip around the world. Mr. Hatfield is a member of Delta Psi; the St. Anthony's Club of Philadelphia and New York; the Rittenhouse, University and Penn clubs of Philadelphia; the Radnor and Rose Tree Hunts; the Philadelphia Barge Club; the Philadelphia Gun Club, and the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of the Preston Retreat of Philadelphia. In 1889 he married Alice Darling, daughter of Hugh Craig of Philadelphia, and a sister of the late Wilson D. Craig of the University of Pennsylvania Class of 1878.

BARTOW, Henry Blackwell. 1858 -

Class of 1880 Arts, 1881 Law.

Born in Bristol, Pa., 1858; educated Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1881; practiced law in Philadelphia to present time; Trust Officer Northern Trust Company, Philadelphia, past thirteen years; President Philadelphia Law Academy, 1887-88; Chairman Eighth Ward Republican Executive Committee, 1887-89.

HENRY BLACKWELL BARTOW was born in Bristol, Pennsylvania, August 4, 1858, son of Rev. Henry Blackwell and Mary Welsh (Phillips) Bartow. He is a descendant of Rev. John Bartow, M.A., of Christ College, Cambridge, who came to America as the first missionary of the Society for Propagating the Gospel in Foreign Parts, and settled in Westchester county, New York, in 1702; also a descendant of Col. Jacob Blackwell, formerly owner of Blackwell's Island, New York, who served in the American Revolution, being Colonel of Queen's County (New York) Militia

1775-1776, and a member of New York Provincial Congress 1775-1777. From the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, he entered as a partial student the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1874, and received a certificate of proficiency in 1878. He was graduated from the Law Department of the University in 1881 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and was admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar the same year, after which he located for practice in the Quaker City. From 1889 to the present time he has been Trust Officer of the Northern Trust Company of Phila-



H. B. BARTOW

delphia. He was formerly active in municipal politics, and from 1887 to 1889 was Chairman of the Eighth Ward Republican Executive Committee. Mr. Bartow was President of the Law Academy of Philadelphia in 1887-1888. He is also a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Philadelphia Cricket Club, the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania; a life member of the Law Department Alumni Association of the University, and Secretary of the Vestry of St. Andrews Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. He has been a Contributor to the American and English Encyclopædia of Law. Mr. Bartow is unmarried and resides in Philadelphia.

McKEEHAN, Charles Louis, 1876-

Class of 1897 Arts, 1900 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1876; educated Penn Charter School, Philadelphia; graduated A.B. 1897, LL.B. 1900, University of Pennsylvania; Instructor University Law Department; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

CHARLES LOUIS McKEEHAN, son of the late Charles Watson McKeehan of the Philadelphia Bar and Mary Anne Givin, was born in Philadelphia, March 29, 1876. He is of Scotch-Irish descent, and his grandfathers came from Ulster in Ireland and settled near Newville in the Cumberland valley of Pennsylvania, in 1783. He was educated in the William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia, from which he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1897. Then matriculating in the Law Department of the University, he was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1900, and immediately entered upon the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, also filling an appointment as Instructor in the University Law School. Mr. McKeehan is a member of the Faculty Club of the University, the Markham Club, University Barge Club and Union Cricket Club of Philadelphia. He is a Republican in politics, is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia.

TAYLOR, John Madison, 1855-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Lancaster, Pa., 1855; educated Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, Princeton University, and University of Pennsylvania; Interner Children's Hospital, one year; performed a varied line of dispensary service; practicing physician in Philadelphia; has various hospital appointments; a Governor of the University Club, Philadelphia; President Medical Alumni Society, University of Pennsylvania.

JOHAN MADISON TAYLOR, M.D., was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1855, son of William Johnson and Mary Elizabeth (Bearden) Taylor. He is descended on the maternal side from an early Maryland settler, who located in Winchester, Worcester county, that colony, in 1634, immigrating there from England; also from William Cocke, an early Virginia settler. His father was a great-grandnephew of Col. William Howell, who served upon Gen. Washington's staff and as a member of the committee of Safety. He was prepared at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, for Princeton University, which he entered and was graduated with the Class of 1876, receiving the

degree of Bachelor of Arts in course and later the degree of Master of Arts. His medical preceptors were Drs. Walter Franklin Atlee and John Ashhurst, and he was graduated in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania in 1878. He also studied a year in the Physiological Laboratory of the University, served for the same length of time as an Interne in the Children's Hospital, and in a varied line of dispensary work he obtained much valuable experience and observation. Since entering into practice he has held numerous dispensary and hospital appointments and has acted as Chief of

icine. Dr. Taylor is a fellow of the College of Physicians and the American Academy of Medicine, also a member of the American Neurological Association, the Climatological, the Philadelphia Pediatric and the County Medical societies, and of other professional bodies. His club affiliations are with the Philadelphia Country, the Princeton and the University clubs, of which latter organization he is one of the Board of Governors. He married Emily Heyward Drayton; their children are: Edith Moore, Percival Drayton and Mabel Heyward Taylor.



J. MADISON TAYLOR

Clinic in venereal, skin, throat and nose diseases, also as Assistant in different branches of practice included in the fields of medicine and surgery. At the present time his hospital appointments are both numerous and exacting, and he also attends to a large private practice in Philadelphia. Among his more notable appointments are those of Professor of Diseases of Children at the Philadelphia Polyclinic, Neurologist to the Howard Hospital, Pediatricist to the Philadelphia Hospital, and Consulting Physician to the Elwyn and Vineland schools. At Princeton he was prominently identified with College athletics, and he has ever since kept his physical condition up to a high standard, and made a special study of physical efficiency as an adjunct to med-

THOMAS, Joseph Baylis, 1870-

Class of 1891 Arts, 1892 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated Diocesan Military School, Reading, Pa., Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; prominently identified with college athletics; Captain Class of 1891 and college Tug-of-War Teams, Sophomore year; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1892; practiced law in that city past ten years; member of various professional, patriotic, Alumni and social bodies.

JOSEPH BAYLIS THOMAS was born in Philadelphia, February 8, 1870, son of Edward Joseph Baylis and Martha Ann (Petrie) Thomas. His ancestors were among the early settlers of New England, New York and Pennsylvania. On the paternal side, he is of English, Welsh, Scotch and French-Huguenot ancestry, some of whom were Quakers in and about Philadelphia, and, on the maternal side, he is descended from New England (English) ancestors, blended with Knickerbocker, German and Walloon stock of New York state. His father, who was born in Philadelphia, November 28, 1831, and died January 29, 1881, was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1859, with a class noted for having among its members some of the most distinguished lawyers now practicing in Philadelphia, and he specialized in real estate law, attaining much success in that branch of practice. His mother was a native of Peterboro, Madison county, New York, the daughter of Genl. Thomas F. Petrie. His early education was begun at the Diocesan Military School (now Selwyn Hall), Reading, Pennsylvania, and continued at the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, from which latter he entered the College Department (Arts) of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1891, but withdrew at the close of the Sophomore year to enter the Law Department of University of Pennsylvania. Both at school and in College he took an active part in

athletic sports, being Captain of the Episcopal Academy Football Team which won every game played by them in the fall of 1886, and at the University of Pennsylvania he was a member of the Class Constitution, Athletic, Cane-Rush and Sports Committees during his Freshman year; also of the class and Varsity Scrub Football and Tug-of-War teams. During his Sophomore year he also played on the Varsity Scrub Football team, was anchor and manager of the Varsity Tug-of-War team and Captain and anchor of the class Tug-of-War team. He was also active in other field sports and in his Fresh-



JOSEPH B. THOMAS

man year he won the class contest at putting the shot. He was a law student at the University in the Class of 1892, serving upon its Sports Committee, and after his admission to the Bar (1892) he inaugurated in his native city a law practice which he has since followed with considerable success. At the present time he is the Trustee of two estates, Executor of two others and also testamentary Trustee of a like number; Trustee in partition in the Orphans' Court to make sale of real estate; acted as assignee for creditors, master in divorce and examiner in the Orphans' Court. Mr. Thomas is a member of the Alumni societies of the Episcopal Academy and the University of Pennsylvania; the Sons of the Revolution, the University Club,

A. Sidney Biddle and the Mitchell Law clubs; the Law Academy of Philadelphia, the Law Association of Philadelphia, and was Treasurer of the Jury Trial Law Club of the Law Academy. He has taken some interest in municipal politics and has served as a delegate from the Twenty-seventh Ward to the Judicial Convention.

BURR, Charles Henry, Jr., 1869-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; educated William Penn Charter School, Philadelphia; graduated Haverford College, 1889; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

CHARLES HENRY BURR, JR., son of Charles Henry and Henrietta Maria (Thomas) Burr, was born in Philadelphia, September 20, 1869. He attended the William Penn Charter School from 1879 to 1886, and after graduating from Haverford College (1889) pursued a post-graduate course at the same institution, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in 1890. He then became a law student at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as Bachelor of Laws in 1893, and held a fellowship there from the latter year to 1896. Mr. Burr was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar immediately after the completion of his legal studies, and has practiced law in that city continuously to the present time. He was married, May 27, 1899, to Anna Robeson Brown; they have one daughter: Dorothy Burr, born August 19, 1900.

BLAIR, Samuel Charles, 1854-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; educated public schools, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, Jefferson Medical College, and University of Pennsylvania; druggist one year; practiced medicine in connection with drug business fifteen years; practiced medicine exclusively in Philadelphia past nine years.

SAMUEL CHARLES BLAIR, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 6, 1854, son of Samuel and Jane Blair. He is of Scotch-Irish descent, and several members of the Blair family were prominently identified with political and educational affairs during the colonial period. He studied preliminarily in the Philadelphia public schools, and subsequently studied in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he graduated. He then studied Anatomy three years in the Jefferson Medical College and then took a three-years course in the Medical Department of the

University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the latter in 1878. Having devoted a year to the drug business, he was for the succeeding fifteen years both a physician and a druggist. For the past nine



SAMUEL C. BLAIR

years he has practiced medicine exclusively, in Philadelphia. Dr. Blair is a member of the Alumni Associations of the University of Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. He is a Republican in politics, and is a School Director for the thirty-second ward, Philadelphia. He was married in November 1878, to Mary E. Richardson; they have five children: William R., Samuel C., Jr., Frank, Mortimer W. and Laura E. Blair.

McELROY, Clayton. 1872-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; educated at Rittenhouse Academy, Philadelphia; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1893; in business in Philadelphia with Girard Trust Company.

CLAYTON McELROY, son of John George Replier McElroy of the Class of 1862, University of Pennsylvania, and Professor of Rhetoric and English Language at the University, and of Anna Baldwin (Clayton) McElroy. He was born in Philadelphia, September 4, 1872. On the paternal side the record of his ancestral line is through the grand-

father, Archibald, to Daniel McElroy, who came from Colrairie, Antrim county, Ireland, and settled about 1789 at a place known as "The Compass," in Northern Pennsylvania. His mother, Anna Baldwin Clayton, was a descendant of Hon. Henry Walcott, of Wellington in England and of Dorchester in Massachusetts, who was commissioned a Justice by the Crown before leaving England, and afterwards became Governor's Assistant in Massachusetts, 1643-1655. The descent is also from John Clayton, 1690-1759, of Kent county, Delaware, a Member of the Assembly of the Lower Counties in 1748; the owner of "Clayton's Choice," and "Burton's Choice." A still earlier ancestor was James Clayton, 1632-1696, of Middlewich, County of Chester, England, who came to America on the ship "Submission" in 1682, and settled in Kent county, Delaware, where he had lands in Dover Hundred, assessed in 1693, and also property in the same county called "Clayton Hall." In a later generation the maternal grandfather, John Clayton, was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1837. Clayton McElroy was prepared for



CLAYTON McELROY

College at Rittenhouse Academy in his native city, while Dr. B. K. Ludwig was Principal of the institution. In 1888 he entered the University of Pennsylvania as a student in the Towne Scientific School

in the Class of 1892, his first three years of study being in the Mechanical Engineering course and the fourth and fifth years in general art electives. He received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1893. After leaving College Mr. McElroy commenced business life in the employ of Bement Miles & Company, Philadelphia, manufacturers of machine tools. His next connection was with Shoemaker & Busch, wholesale druggists, where he continued until November 1894, a superior position then being offered with the Girard Trust Company, where he is still engaged. His work with this Institution was at first in the real estate department, and after three years he was transferred to the trust department, where his duties have been chiefly the care and management of trust estates. Since May 1894 he has held a commission as Notary Public. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, The Society of Colonial Wars, the Sons of the Revolution and the Merion Cricket Club, at Haverford, Pennsylvania. Mr. McElroy was married November 10, 1896, to Margaret Jolliffe, daughter of Nathaniel Bacon, and Elizabeth (Hopkins) Crenshaw. He has two sons, one Clayton McElroy, Jr., born January 28, 1898, and the other, Nathaniel Crenshaw McElroy who was born September 16, 1901.

THOMSON, Edgar Steiner, 1871-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Mt. Savage, Md., 1871; educated Cumberland (Md.) Academy and University of Pennsylvania; now practicing Ophthalmology in New York City; Resident Surgeon Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, one year; House Surgeon Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital New York City eighteen months; appointed Assistant Surgeon there, 1895; Pathologist 1897 and Instructor New York Post-graduate Medical School, 1896.

EDGAR STEINER THOMSON, M.D., was born at Mount Savage, Maryland, December 18, 1871, son of Alexander and Eliza Steiner (Slack) Thomson. His paternal grandfather, Alexander Thomson, was Judge of the Bedford, Somerset and Franklin, Pennsylvania County Courts. His maternal grandfather, Cornelius Slack, was an early developer of Western Maryland coal fields and Superintendent of the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad. His father was a practicing physician of Mount Savage. From the schools of Mount Savage he entered the Cumberland Maryland Academy and his medical preparations were completed at the University of Pennsylvania where he took his medical degree in 1893. A year as Resi-

dent Surgeon at the Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, was followed by eighteen months of service as House Surgeon at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York City, and he has ever since practiced his profession in the metropolis, specializing in Ophthalmology. He was appointed Assistant Surgeon to the Eye Department of the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital in 1895, and two years later was also appointed Pathologist to the Eye and Ear departments. In 1896 he was chosen Instructor at the New York Post-graduate Medical School. Dr. Thomson is a member of the



EDGAR S. THOMSON

New York County and Ophthalmological societies and the Physicians Mutual Aid Association. He was married February 20, 1899, to Martha Montfort Shellman; they have one daughter: Margaret Thomson.

SHOYER, Frederick J., 1868-

Class of 1889 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; educated public schools; studied law with John S. McKinlay in Philadelphia, and at University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1889; succeeded to practice of his preceptor, 1892; President Board of School Directors, Nineteenth Ward, 1896-97.

FREDERICK J. SHOYER was born in Philadelphia, September 23, 1868, son of William and Sarah Elizabeth (Harris) Shoyer. He acquired

his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia and Newark, New Jersey. He registered as a law student in the office of the late John S. McKinlay of Philadelphia, and also entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1889. Admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in the following October he was associated with Mr. McKinlay until the latter's death, which occurred May 3, 1892, and he succeeded to the office quarters and law practice of his late preceptor. He was a member of the Board of School



F. J. SHOYER

Directors for the Nineteenth Ward from 1892 to 1898 and served as its President for the years 1896-1897. In January 1902 he was appointed by John Weaver, District Attorney, his first Special Assistant. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Shoyer was married, October 8, 1891, to Florence Cragin; they have one daughter: Helen Shoyer.

CLEEMANN, Richard Alsop, 1840-

Class of 1859 Arts, 1862 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; early education in private schools; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania 1859, Medical Department 1862; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Acting Assistant Sur-

geon U. S. Army, 1862-64; Manager University of Pennsylvania Hospital since 1880; President State Quarantine Board of Pennsylvania; medical writer.

RICHARD ALSOP CLEEMANN, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 22, 1840, son of Gustavus Bernard Christian and Claramond (Colquhoun) Cleemann, descended from English, Scotch and remotely German ancestors. From 1845 to 1856 his preparatory education was in private schools in Philadelphia, and in the latter year he entered the Sophomore class of the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. After graduating as Bachelor of Arts in 1859, he at once entered the work of the Medical Department, where he graduated in 1862. The practice which Dr. Cleemann opened in Philadelphia at that time has been continued up to the present time, and he is still in general practice in this city. Outside of his practice he has performed extensive duties in connection with Philadelphia hospitals and other medical institutions. He was Resident Physician to the Hospital of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1862; District Physician to the Philadelphia Dis-



RICHARD A. CLEEMANN

pensary from 1865 to 1868; Physician to St. Mary's Hospital from 1872 to 1876, and again from 1878 to 1879; and Physician to the Church Home for Children from 1868 to 1880. He was a member of

the Board of Health of Philadelphia from 1879 to 1887, and Director of Charities and Corrections from 1887 to 1892. At present he is President of the Pennsylvania State Quarantine Board, of which body he has been a member since 1893: since 1890 has been a member of the Board of Managers of the Pennsylvania Institute for the Instruction of the Blind, and since 1880 Manager of the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. During the Civil War Dr. Cleemann was for two years, 1862 to 1864, Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, stationed at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia, and at the McClellan United States Army General Hospital. He is the author of Reports on Meteorology and Epidemics; of various papers in the Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; and of sundry articles in medical journals. His extensive affiliation with medical societies includes Fellowship in the College of Physicians of Philadelphia and in the American Academy of Medicine; and membership in the following: the Philadelphia County Medical Society; the American Medical Association; the Pathological Society of Philadelphia; the Obstetrical Society of Philadelphia, of which he was President from 1882 to 1884; the Pediatric Society of Philadelphia; the American Climatological Society; the American Philosophical Society; the American Academy of Political and Social Science. In 1876 Dr. Cleemann was sent as a delegate to the International Medical Congress in Philadelphia; in 1881 he served in the same capacity at the meeting of the Congress in London; and in 1901 he attended the Congress of American Physicians at Washington. Dr. Cleemann is unmarried.

BRINTON, Joseph Hill, 1868-

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Chester county, Pa., 1868; educated Pennsylvania State Normal School, Lauderbach Academy, private tutor, Swarthmore College and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1891; lawyer in Philadelphia latter year to present time.

JOSEPH HILL BRINTON was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, May 21, 1868, son of Frederic Crusé and Mary (Davis) Brinton. His original American ancestor was William Brinton of the Parish of Sedgeley, Staffordshire, England, who emigrated in 1684, settling in Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Friends' Meeting. From William the line of descent is through William (2) Brinton, who represented Chester

county in the Provincial Assembly, and Joseph (3) Brinton, a Justice of the Chester County Courts and also a representative to the Assembly. Mr. Brinton attended the West Chester State Normal School and Lauderbach Academy, Philadelphia, leaving the latter institution to complete his collegiate preparations under the tutorship of Hunter Worrall, and after studying for a year at Swarthmore College, he returned to the preceptorship of Mr. Worrall. He read law in the office of A. Lewis Smith, at the same time pursuing the regular course in the Law Department of the University, and was



J. H. BRINTON

graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1891. Admitted to the Bar in the latter year, he has ever since been associated with the legal profession of Philadelphia, and has acquired an extensive practice, a large portion of which is conducted before the federal courts. Mr. Brinton is a member of the University Club.

VAN LOON, Wilson Emery, 1867-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in New Albany, Pa., 1867; educated Towanda Academy, Lafayette College, and University of Pennsylvania; member of football team, 1890; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

WILSON EMERY VAN LOON, M.D., was born in New Albany, Pennsylvania, October 17, 1867, son of Joshua and Hannah (Emery) Van

Loon. His maternal ancestors were Scotch. On the paternal side he is descended from early Dutch arrivals at New Amsterdam, who were subsequently pioneer settlers in Northern Pennsylvania and noted for their size and manly vigor. Others of his maternal ancestry emigrated from the Highlands of Scotland. His mother, who possessed literary attainments of a high order, published a volume of original poems in 1880. He was prepared for a collegiate course at the Towanda (Pennsylvania) Academy, and subsequently studied at Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania, with the Class of



WILSON E. VAN LOON

1889. He was graduated in Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1891, and has ever since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Van Loon possesses unusual energy and perseverance, qualities which enabled him to work his way through College by his own efforts. He was a member of the Lafayette College Football Teams of 1888 and 1889, and the Varsity Crew and Football Team of 1890 at the University of Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMSON, Charles Sumner, 1857-

Class of 1877

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated private schools, Hallowell Select High School and University of Pennsylvania; employed as draughtsman Pennsylvania and Cambria Steel companies some time; Instructor in

Mechanical Drawing Spring Garden Institute, 1886-90; Draughtsman for William Sellers & Company, 1890-92; Instructor Mechanical Drawing Girard College Philadelphia 1892 to present time.

CHARLES SUMNER WILLIAMSON was born in Philadelphia, November 1, 1857, son of Passmore and Mercie Knowles (Taylor) Williamson. He is of Quaker ancestry. He was educated preliminarily in a kindergarten school and a private day school, and pursued his preparatory studies at the Hallowell Select High School, from which he entered the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1877. From the latter year until 1881 he was employed as a draughtsman by the Pennsylvania Steel Company of Steelton, serving next in the same capacity for the Cambria Steel Company of Johnstown, from 1882 to 1886, and in September of the latter year was appointed Instructor in Mechanical Drawing at the Spring Garden Institute, teaching in both the day and the night sessions until 1890. For the succeeding year and a half he held the position of Draughtsman for William Sellers & Company of Philadelphia, and in April 1892 he accepted the appointment of Instructor in Mechanical Drawing at Girard College. Mr. Williamson is a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences and the Philadelphia Botanical Club.

DONALDSON, Thomas Blaine, 1876-

Class of 1899.

Born in Philadelphia, 1876; educated in Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, 1895; graduated Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, 1899; identified with the management of the General Alumni Society of the University since 1899; business manager of "The Alumni Register."

THOMAS BLAINE DONALDSON, son of Colonel Thomas Corwin and Mary (Gormley) Donaldson, was born in Philadelphia, December 7, 1876. His father, who died in Philadelphia in 1898, was a lawyer in Philadelphia, and a writer of considerable note, having published "The Public Domain," "George Catlin's Indian Gallery," "Walt Whitman, the Man," "The House in which Thomas Jefferson Wrote the Declaration of Independence," and many other works on a variety of subjects. Thomas Blaine Donaldson received his early education at the Friends' Central School in Philadelphia, graduating there in 1895, and then entered the University of Pennsylvania as a student in Arts and in Sophomore year entered the Wharton School. There he graduated in 1899 as Bachelor of Science,

having taken the course in Economics. While in College he won distinction for excellence of scholarship, being awarded the Willis Terry Prize for high standing in 1898, and receiving honors in Senior year. He was manager of the Varsity baseball team, 1898 and 1899 and was chosen by his classmates to be "Spoon Man" on Class Day. In connection with the Mask and Wig Club, Mr. Donaldson has taken an active interest in amateur theatricals, and has played leading parts in a number of the club's most successful pieces. As an amateur writer of burlesque and comic drama he has achieved a



THOMAS BLAINE DONALDSON

notable success. He is the author of the Mask and Wig Club's thirteenth annual production, 1901, "Ba, Baa, Black Sheep," and many burlesques for the club smokers. Since graduation Mr. Donaldson has been identified with the active management of the General Alumni Society of the University. He is Secretary and Treasurer of the Society, and through his own efforts has established local societies all over the country. He has also been the chief promoter and former editor and is now business manager of the Society's Magazine, "The Alumni Register," which has a world-wide circulation. For one year after graduation he was a graduate-member of the Varsity Baseball Committee of the University and in 1902 was elected Chairman of the committee. In

1901 he was chosen President of the Alumni Association of the Friends' Central School, and from 1899 to 1901 was Secretary and Treasurer of the Philadelphia Association of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity. In addition to the clubs already mentioned, Mr. Donaldson is a member of the Lincoln Club of Philadelphia.

SMYTH, Isaac Scott, Jr., 1859-

Class of 1878.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; educated West Penn Square Academy and University of Pennsylvania; engaged in wholesale mercantile business in Philadelphia.

ISAAC SCOTT SMYTH, JR., son of Isaac S. and Katharine Comegyo (Mason) Smyth, was born in Philadelphia, December 1, 1859. Some of his ancestors were Scotch-Irish immigrants, and others were among the founders of New England. He was prepared for College at the West Penn Square Academy, Philadelphia, and was graduated from the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1878, receiving that of Master of Arts in 1881. Shortly after graduating he entered the wholesale mercantile house of Young, Smyth, Field & Company, Philadelphia, and he has been connected with that establishment continuously to the present time. Mr. Smyth is a member of the New England Society, and the Germantown Cricket Club. He was married, January 25, 1888, to Lila F. Carrigan; their children are: Isaac Scott Smyth 3rd, and Gordon Seymour Carrigan Smyth.

SHARP, Leedom, 1860-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in New York City, 1860; educated in London, England, and at Swarthmore, Pa.; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1880; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

LEEDOM SHARP, M.D., was born in New York City, January 20, 1860, son of Benjamin Sharp and Hannah Ballenger Leedom. His ancestors were all of Quaker stock. The Sharps came from Yorkshire, England. The first American progenitor, John Sharp, grandfather of Leedom Sharp, came to America in 1815 and was in his day a prominent merchant in Philadelphia. The Leedom also came from England, but at a much earlier date. Dr. Sharp's great grandfather Jonathan Leedom was a well-to-do iron merchant in Philadelphia. His grandmother, who was a Ballenger, was

a connection of Lord Somers, once Chief-Justice of England. He attended school first in London, England, where his parents were residing at the time, and later studied at a Friends' school in Germantown. Subsequently he was sent to the preparatory school of Swarthmore College, and finally to the Admiral Coffin School in Nantucket, Massachusetts. In 1877 he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where his preceptor was E. Coppée Mitchell, then Dean of the Law School, who withdrew his pupil from the Class of 1879 with which he might have graduated, because of his



LEEDOM SHARP

youth. In 1880 he received his degree; six months before coming of age, and six months therefore before he could be admitted to the Bar. Dr. Sharp practiced his profession for a time, but never liked it, for which reason he began the study of medicine. His uncle John M. Leedom had graduated as a Doctor of Medicine from the University in 1859 and his brother Dr. Benjamin Sharp had taken his degree in medicine and Ph.D at the same institution in 1880, later studying at the University of Leipsic, and Würzburg in Bavaria, which conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. Following his own and a family inclination the subject of this sketch matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1893, being grad-

uated with the Class of 1895. Since that date he has occupied himself with his profession in Philadelphia except for some interruptions made necessary by illness. Dr. Sharp is a Republican. For a short time he was Assistant Secretary to the Republican Executive Committee at St. Paul, Minnesota, where he lived for a time; and during two campaigns, in 1888 and 1892, stumped that state for Benjamin Harrison. Dr. Sharp is a Mason, a Knight Templar, and a member of the Shrine. He also belongs to the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity. On February 25, 1884, he married Fannie A. C. Sheppard, and has one daughter, Laura Sharp.

McKEAN, Thomas, 1869-

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; educated Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia; graduated B.S. Trinity College, Conn., 1892; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1896.

THOMAS McKEAN, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Wharton) McKean, was born in Philadelphia, April 29, 1869. He received his education at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia, and at Trinity College in Hartford, Connecticut, where he was graduated as Bachelor of Science in 1892. Then studying for the legal profession, he took the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. Mr. McKean is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the Zeta Psi fraternity, and the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, University, Philadelphia Country and Huntingdon Valley clubs. In politics he is a Republican. He was married, November 25, 1896, to Katharine Johnstone Bispham, and has a daughter: Nancy Brinley McKean, born July 17, 1901. He resides in Philadelphia.

GIBBLE, Elmer Ellsworth, 1867-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Manheim, Pa., 1867; educated Manheim Grammar School, Philadelphia; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Medical Examiner Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

ELMER ELLSWORTH GIBBLE, M.D., was born in Manheim, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, September 5, 1867, son of Josiah H. and Kate (Lutz) Gibble. His parents were natives of Lancaster county. His paternal grandparents were German, and on his mother's side he is of German

and Swiss extraction. After concluding his attendance at the Manheim Grammar school he entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1890, and during the succeeding three years he was a student in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1893. He also studied medicine under Dr. J. Howard Evans, with whom he continued as student and assistant for two years after graduating. From 1895 he has resided in Philadelphia, practicing his profession independently with gratifying success. For the past seven years he has acted as



ELMER E. GIBBLE

local Medical Examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. Dr. Gibble is a member of the Philadelphia Clinical Society. In politics he is a Republican. He was married, November 12, 1895, to Margaret E. Kelly; they have one son: Francis Elmer Gibble.

JAYNE, Henry LaBarre, 1857-

Class of 1879.

Born in Philadelphia, 1857; educated Rugby Academy, Philadelphia; graduated from College Department University of Pennsylvania, 1879; Class Historian; law student with George W. Biddle, Esq., Phila-

delphia; admitted to Bar, 1881; studied University of Leipzig, 1882-83; member law firm Biddle & Ward, Philadelphia and New York City, 1891 to present time; devoted much time to political reform; founder of Freshman prizes at Pennsylvania and Princeton Universities.

HENRY LABARRE JAYNE, son of David and Hannah (Fort) Jayne, was born in Philadelphia, November 3, 1857. He is a descendant in the sixth generation of the Rev. William Jayne, who was born in England in 1618 and became the pastor of the church at Setauket, Long Island, where he died. His grandfather was the Rev. Ebenezer Jayne, a well-known Baptist clergyman and author of his day. From Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, he entered the Arts Department of the University in 1875 and took his Bachelor's degree in 1879. He was a member of the Philomathean and Franklin Scientific societies; the Athletic Association, Cricket, Chess, Dramatic and Glee clubs. During his Freshman year he took the second Matriculate Greek Prize, was Class Vice-President and was Curator of the Franklin Scientific Society; was during his Sophomore year Treasurer and President of the Franklin Scientific Society; as Junior was a member of the Class Glee Club and in his Senior year was Treasurer of the Glee Club and Class Historian. After graduation he studied law in the office of George W. Biddle, Esq., and was admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in 1881. In 1882-1883 he studied political economy under Roscher and civil law at Leipsic. In 1884 he formed a partnership with Arthur Biddle, continuing this association until 1891 when the firm was merged into that of Biddle & Ward, of Philadelphia and New York. He was admitted to the Supreme Court of the United States in 1896. Aside from his law practice he has devoted much time to politics, as a reformer, but has never aspired to public office. Mr. Jayne has founded a prize for the best English composition by a member of the Freshman class in the University, and is also the founder of a prize at Princeton for the best entrance examination passed by a Philadelphia student. He is a Director of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity, the American Philosophical Society, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the American Bar Association, the Philadelphia Athenæum, and the University, Rittenhouse and Junior Legal clubs of Philadelphia. He was married in Boston, May 25, 1893, to Elisabeth, daughter of Nathan Matthews. They have no children.

ROGERS, Richard Runyan, Jr., 1862-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Trenton, N. J., 1862; graduated Trenton Academy, 1877; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; practicing physician in Trenton; City Physician, 1885-88; United States Pension Examiner for four years; County Physician of Mercer county, N. J.; surgeon Second Regiment National Guard New Jersey.

RICHARD RUNYAN ROGERS, JR., M.D., is a native of Trenton, New Jersey, where he has always resided. He was born June 20, 1862, being the son of Richard R. and Mary A. (Hutchinson) Rogers. He is of English and



RICHARD R. ROGERS, JR.

French extraction and received his early education in the city of his birth. He was graduated from Trenton Academy in 1877, and later chose the medical profession. He matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. His hospital training was obtained during a term as Resident Physician at the University Hospital in the Dispensary for Diseases of Women and at the Maternity Hospital in Philadelphia. He then returned to his home city and has practiced surgery and general medicine in Trenton ever since. From 1885 to 1888 Dr. Rogers was City Physician for Trenton, and for four years under President Harrison's administration was United States Pension Examiner. For three terms

he has been County Physician for Mercer county, New Jersey. He is Surgeon of the Second Regiment of the National Guard of New Jersey, and Surgeon to St. Francis' Hospital in Trenton. He is a member of Mercer Lodge No. 50 of Masons, Chapter 5, Palestine Commandery No. 4, Lulu Temple, Philadelphia and Excelsior Consistory Scottish Rite. On December 7, 1887, Dr. Rogers married Julia Jewell of Princeton, New Jersey. They have three children: Elsie, Harold and Richard Rogers.

HANCE, Anthony Miskey, 1859-

Class of 1879.

Born in Germantown, Pa., 1859; educated Germantown Academy and Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania; entered chemical works of Hance Bros. & White, Philadelphia, 1879; junior partner 1887 to present time; travelled extensively; member First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry 1880-90 and now on the honorary roll.

ANTHONY MISKEY HANCE was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, July 20, 1859, son of Edward H. and Charlotte Elizabeth (Miskey) Hance. He is a descendant of John Hance, who arrived in America in 1680. His preparatory studies were pursued at the Germantown Academy, from which he entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1879. His undergraduate record is as follows: Member of the Delta Psi Fraternity, the Franklin Scientific Society, the Athletic Association and the College Boat, Cricket, University Glee and Dramatic clubs. He was Secretary of the Freshman class, member of the class Glee Club and Cricket Eleven; President of the Sophomore Class, member of Class and University Foot Ball Teams; member of Junior Class Cricket Eleven and Foot Ball Team; and member of the Senior Class Executive Committee and the University Foot Ball Team. He was also Treasurer of the College Boat Club during his Junior and Senior years. Immediately after graduating he travelled abroad and upon his return he took a position in the chemical works of Messrs. Hance Brothers & White, Philadelphia, who admitted him to partnership in 1885. He was an active member of the First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry from 1880 to 1890, retiring as Second Sergeant; and is also a member of the Alumni Society, the Athletic Association and the Houston Club of the University; the Franklin Institute; the Rittenhouse, Union League, University, Philadelphia Gun, Barge and Country clubs,

Philadelphia; the St. Anthony Club, New York; and a life member of the Naval Institute, Annapolis, and a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He had travelled extensively in America, Europe and Japan. On June 22, 1892, Mr. Hance was married in Mount Airy, Philadelphia, to Sara Mitchell Robinson, daughter of Hon. John M. Robinson, Chief-Justice of the Maryland Supreme Court.

BEASLEY, Charles Oscar, 1860-

Class of 1883 Arts, 1885 Law.

Born in Salem, N. C., 1860; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1883, LL.B. 1885; legal practitioner in Philadelphia; Public School Director, Philadelphia; member Philadelphia Select Council, 1889-93.

CHARLES OSCAR BEASLEY, member of the Philadelphia Bar, was born in Salem, Forsythe county, North Carolina, September 26, 1860, son of John Quincy and Maria (Hauser) Beasley. At the age of nineteen, having acquired his preliminary training, he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with honors, as Bachelor of Arts, with the Class of 1883. He received the Henry LaBarre Jayne Prize for English Composition in Freshman year, won equally with a classmate the Junior Prize in Philosophy, and was awarded the Henry Reed Prize for best essay at graduation. While in College he was a member of the Philomathean Society. Having determined upon the law as a profession, he took the course in the Law Department of the University, graduating therefrom as Bachelor of Laws in 1885, and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. Since that time Mr. Beasley has been continuously engaged in legal practice in Philadelphia. Outside of his profession, he has served as a Director of Public Schools, and from 1889 to 1893 was a member of the Select Council of Philadelphia. He married Josephine, daughter of Eugene Y. Johnson of Philadelphia.

BACHE, Franklin, 1869-

Class of 1889.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania 1889, M.E. 1890; mining engineer in Cuba 1891, in Virginia 1892-96, in Pennsylvania 1897; President of coal companies in Indian Territory, 1898-99; practicing mining engineer in Philadelphia.

FRANKLIN BACHE, son of Charles Meigs and Henrietta Maria (Ellicott) Bache, was born in Philadelphia, March 21, 1869. On his

father's side he is descended from Benjamin Franklin, Benjamin Franklin Bache, and Dr. Franklin Bache. In the maternal line he is related to Daniel Carroll, of Duddington, and to Andrew Ellicott, who laid out the city of Washington, District of Columbia. He had early training at the Germantown Academy and at G. F. Martin's schools in Philadelphia, and in 1885 entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He continued at the University after receiving his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1889, taking the course in Mining Engineering. In 1890 the de-



FRANKLIN BACHE

gree of Mining Engineer was conferred upon him, and he commenced practical life in the employ of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. In 1891 he was employed as engineer with the Signa Iron Company in operation near Santiago de Cuba. From 1892 to 1896 he was at different times Manager of the Interstate Mining Company and of the Sandy Ridge Coal Company in Virginia, and Engineer of the Abingdon Coal and Iron Railroad of Virginia. He was then Engineer of the Berwind-White Coal Mining Company of Pennsylvania, and in 1898-1899 held the office of President of the Kala-Inla Coal Company and of the McAlester Coal Company of Indian Territory. He has also been Treasurer of the Quitobac Gold Mining Company

of Sonora, Mexico. At present Mr. Bache conducts a practice as Mining Engineer in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the University Club, the Markham Club, the Franklin Institute and the American Academy of Social and Political Science. He was married, December 15, 1897, to Nannie Greenway Trigg; their son is Franklin Bache, Jr.

OBERHOLTZER, Ellis Paxson, 1868-

Class of 1889.

Born near West Chester, Pa., 1868; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1889; associated in Editorship of Philadelphia Evening Telegraph, 1889-96; Fellow University of Pennsylvania, and Ph.D. 1893; studied two years in European Universities; author of works on political economy and government; Editor *The Manufacturer*, Philadelphia, 1896-1900; Literary Editor Philadelphia Times.

ELLIS PAXSON OBERHOLTZER, Ph.D., was born near West Chester, Pennsylvania, a few miles from Philadelphia in 1868. His father is John Oberholtzer, a merchant, and his mother Sara Louisa (Vickers) Oberholtzer, an author who has published four or five volumes of verse and several novels, being also interested in various lines of philanthropic work. She has long aimed and with considerable success to introduce into the United States a system of savings banks in connection with the public schools, a social reform meant to increase the thrift of the people which has come into wide acceptance in France. Dr. Ellis P. Oberholtzer received his secondary education in preparatory schools, and entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1885, graduating at the head of his class in 1889, at which time he became an Associate Editor of the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph. With this newspaper he was connected until 1896, either in its Philadelphia office or as a foreign correspondent. At the same time he was appointed a Fellow in the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution, continuing his studies in political science and economics, he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1893. In the latter year he went abroad for the purpose of further study and research at the European Universities, remaining more than two years at Berlin, Paris, Heidelberg and other Universities. Dr. Oberholtzer is the author of *Law Making by Popular Vote*, *Home Rule for our American Cities*, and *The Referendum in America*, a work which attracted con-

siderable attention, and was used as a text-book in the University of Pennsylvania, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and the London School of Economics. It has been commended by Mr. James Bryce, Professor Dicey, Professor A. Lawrence Lowell, Mr. E. L. Godkin and other students of popular government in England, France and the United States. An enlarged and revised edition of this work was published with Charles Scribner's Sons in New York in 1900. He also published in Berlin in 1895 *Die Beziehungen zwischen dem Staat und der Zeitungspressen im Deutschen Reich*, the result of



ELLIS P. OBERHOLTZER

his studies in Germany into the laws governing the newspaper press. This is a complete account of the relations existing between the government and journalism in the German Empire, for which many leading critics on the Continent expressed much favor and interest. Nearly all the literary and law journals noticed the book, the reviewer of the *Archiv für Strafrecht*, the highest authority on penal law in Germany, asserting that the author was not only a journalist but a very capable jurist as well. Dr. Oberholtzer has also written a novel, *The New Man*, which deals with a number of current social questions, and he is the author of many fugitive writings on technical education, the shipping question, the currency, the tariff and other economic

subjects, which have been published by the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia and the National Association of Manufacturers. In 1896 he was elected the Editor of *The Manufacturer*, a well-known economic journal published in Philadelphia. He held this position until 1900, when he attached himself to the staff of the *Philadelphia Times*, being now the literary editor of that paper. He is a member of the American Historical Association, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and other learned societies.

has occupied the post of Gynecologist and Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Hospital and in these specialties he has acquired a wide reputation as instructor and operator. He is a licentiate of the State Medical Examining Boards of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York. He is a member of the American and Pennsylvania State Medical associations; the Philadelphia County Medical, Philadelphia Pathological and Philadelphia Obstetrical societies; and an honorary member of the Delaware State Medical Society. He is also a member of the Scotch-Irish Society and the Presbyterian Social

McKELWAY, George Irvin, 1850-

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in West Eli, Mo., 1850; educated Blackwood, (N. J.) Academy, Model School, Trenton, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and University of Pennsylvania Medical School; drug business, 1867-88; practiced medicine in Philadelphia latter year to present time; Gynecologist and Obstetrician to the Philadelphia Hospital since 1890; active in municipal politics and member of the famous Committee of One Hundred; member of various professional and other bodies.

GEORGE IRVIN McKELWAY, M.D., was born in West Eli, Missouri, November 7, 1850, son of Dr. Alexander Jeffrey and Mary (Ryan) McKelway. His grandfather, Dr. John McKelway of Glasgow, Scotland, emigrated with his family to the United States in 1819 and practiced medicine in Trenton, New Jersey, for the rest of his life, which terminated in 1877. Alexander Jeffrey McKelway, who was born in Glasgow in 1813 and died in 1885, was a physician and surgeon of ability, serving as Surgeon of the Eighth Regiment New Jersey Volunteers during the Civil War. Dr. McKelway's mother, who was born in Philadelphia in 1812 and died there in 1898, was a daughter of John Ryan, native of Ireland and a leading importer of Philadelphia. Saint Clair McKelway, LL. D., the well-known Publicist and Journalist of Brooklyn, New York, is a brother of the subject of this sketch. Having attended the Blackwood (New Jersey) Academy and the Model School in Trenton, George Irvin McKelway turned his attention to the drug business and in order to perfect himself as an apothecary he took the regular course at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1870. He subsequently decided to enter the medical profession, and after graduating from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1889, he located for practice in Philadelphia where he has achieved a notable success. From 1890 to the present time he



GEORGE I. McKELWAY

Union. His interest in the welfare of the community has extended beyond the bounds of the medical profession into the field of political reform, and as a member of the famous Committee of One Hundred, he took an active part in the work of purifying municipal politics. He is a member and active supporter of the Presbyterian Church. Jefferson College gave him the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. Dr. McKelway has been twice married. December 25, 1875, he married for his first wife Jennie Rebecca Hubbell, daughter of Orange S. Hubbell of Philadelphia: she died in 1890, leaving two sons. In 1891 he married for his second wife Jane, daughter of John Dalziel, also of Philadelphia, and she died the following year, leaving

one daughter. His children are: John Irvin McKelway, M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1897; George H. McKelway, an electrical engineer, and Jane Dalziel McKelway.

CHAPMAN, Francis, 1869-

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Burlington, N. J., 1869; educated public schools, Washington Academy, Md., and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Philadelphia county Bar, 1891; to Pennsylvania Supreme Court, 1895; to Federal Courts, 1897; now practicing law in Philadelphia.

FRANCIS CHAPMAN was born in Burlington, New Jersey, August 19, 1869, son of Dr. Samuel and Mary Elizabeth (Hopkins) Chapman. He is a descendant of Robert Chapman, one of the first settlers in Saybrook, Connecticut, and his ancestors on both sides participated in the Revolutionary War. From the public schools of Somerset county, Maryland, he entered Washington Academy at Princess Anne, that state, graduating in 1887. He studied law in the University of Pennsylvania, taking the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1891. He was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia county the same year, to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court in 1895, and to the United States District and Circuit Courts in 1897. For the past eleven years Mr. Chapman has practiced law in Philadelphia, and is well known in the legal profession of that city. He is now, and has been for ten years past, serving on the Board of Managers of the Alumni Society of the Law Department of the University, and is a member of the Choral Society of Philadelphia and the Young Men's Republican Club of the Twenty-second Ward.

ROSENGARTEN, George David, 1869-

Class of 1890.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; studied abroad; Ph.D. University of Jena, Germany, 1892; entered laboratory of Rosengarten & Sons, manufacturing chemists, Philadelphia, 1893; member of firm since 1899.

GEORGE DAVID ROSENGARTEN, Ph.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 12, 1869, and belongs to a family which has long been well known for the useful part it has played in the mercantile and social life of that city. He is a son of Harry B. and Clara J. (Knorr) Rosengarten, and a grandson of George D. Rosengarten, whose name he bears. His preparatory schooling was received

in Dr. J. W. Faires' Classical Institute, which he entered as a student in September 1881. He matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1886, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1890. His specialty while in the University was chemistry, and upon graduating there he went abroad to complete his training in this branch of science. He entered the University of Jena, Germany, in October 1890, and in December 1892 was graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. Returning to Philadelphia, in February 1893, he



GEORGE D. ROSENGARTEN

took a place in the laboratories of Rosengarten & Sons, Incorporated, manufacturing chemists, Philadelphia, and is now Vice-President of that corporation. Mr. Rosengarten belongs to the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, and the Markham Club of Philadelphia. On April 23, 1895, he married Susan Elizabeth Wright. He resides in Philadelphia.

MITCHESON, Robert Stockton Johnson, 1863-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Camden, N. J., 1863; attended private schools; graduated in Pharmacy; drug business four years; studied medicine in University of Pennsylvania, graduating 1891; Quiz-Master in Physiology at

the University five years; Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy four years; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

ROBERT STOCKTON JOHNSON MITCHESON, M.D., was born in Camden, New Jersey, in 1863, son of Rev. Robert McGregor and Sarah (Johnson) Mitcheson. His father, who was at one time connected with Christ's Church, Norfolk, Virginia, retired from active pastoral work during the latter part of his life. His mother was a daughter of Robert S. Johnson, an iron merchant of Philadelphia, and a granddaughter of Thomas P. Johnson, a member of the New Jersey Supreme Court.



ROBERT S. J. MITCHESON

He was educated in Philadelphia private schools and graduated in Pharmacy, his training in that profession being augmented by four years of practical experience in the wholesale and retail drug business. He subsequently studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1891, and commencing the practice of medicine in Philadelphia, is still located in that city. Since graduating he has served as Quizmaster in Physiology at the University for five years, and for four years was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy. Dr. Mitcheson was married in 1894 to Lucie May Washington. He resides in Philadelphia.

PONTIUS, Paul Jeremiah, 1869-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Mifflinburg, Pa., 1869; educated public schools, Bucknell Academy, Bucknell University and University of Pennsylvania; practiced medicine in Philadelphia 1891 to present time; Resident Surgeon to St. Joseph's and Mills hospitals.

PAUL JEREMIAH PONTIUS, M.D., was born in Mifflinburg, Pennsylvania, June 7, 1869, son of Benjamin Thompson and Catharine (Kline) Pontius. He is a descendant of the noted Dutch artist of the same name, and his American progenitor on the paternal side was a Dutch Huguenot who came to America with William Penn. On the maternal side he is of German extraction. He pursued his early studies in the public schools and was prepared at Bucknell Academy, Louisburg, Pennsylvania, for Bucknell University, from which latter he was graduated a Bachelor of Arts and received his Master's degree in course. In 1888 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he took his medical degree three years later, and settling permanently in Philadelphia has ever since practiced his profession in the Quaker City. Dr. Pontius is a Resident Surgeon to St. Joseph's and the Mills hospitals. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Philadelphia Medical Club. Politically he is a Republican. On June 26, 1893, he was united in marriage with Lillian Morton Cook; they have one daughter, Lillian Catharine Pontius.

MESSEMER, William Sands, 1870-

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; acquired early education in public schools; law student University of Pennsylvania Class of 1891; admitted to Bar latter year; now practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Lieutenant National Guard Pennsylvania, 1894.

WILLIAM SANDS MESSEMER was born in Philadelphia, February 17, 1870, son of William Henry and Sophie Etta (Laubach) Messemmer. He acquired his early education in the Philadelphia public schools, and his legal studies were pursued in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1891. He was for a short time a clerk in the office of the late John S. McKinlay, Esq., and after his admission to the Bar (1891) he entered the legal profession in Philadelphia, where he is still in active practice. He is a member of the Philadelphia Law Association, the Masonic Order and the

Lawyers' Club, and was formerly quite active in military affairs, holding a commission as Lieutenant in the Third Regiment Pennsylvania National Guard in 1894. Politically he is a Republican. On July



WM. S. MESSEMER

22, 1891, he married Sarah Campbell Elliott; they have one daughter: Irene, aged ten years.

BRACKEN, Francis B., 1869-

Class of 1892 Law.

Born in Gallitzin, Pa., 1869; educated public schools, St. Vincent College and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1892; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1892-

FRANCIS B. BRACKEN was born in Gallitzin, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, January 29, 1869, son of Michael and Louisa (Christy) Bracken. On the paternal side he is of Irish descent, and his maternal ancestors were Scotch and English. He acquired his early education in the public schools, from which he entered St. Vincent College, Latrobe, Pennsylvania, where he received a certificate of graduation in 1887, and he was a law student at the University, graduating with the Class of 1892. Admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in latter year he associated himself with the legal profession of the Quaker City, and was subsequently admitted to practice before the State and United States Supreme Courts. Mr. Bracken is a member of the

Philadelphia Law and Pennsylvania State Bar associations, the Germantown Cricket Club and the University Barge Club.

NEUKUMET, Philip Daniel, 1869-

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; educated Friends' schools, public schools, and University of Pennsylvania Law Department; admitted to Bar in Philadelphia; practiced law in that city, 1891-

PHILIP DANIEL NEUKUMET was born in Philadelphia, July 1, 1869, son of Philip and Anita M. (Kellner) Neukumet. His father, who served as a Colonel during the Civil War, established at Philadelphia the first fire-brick and retort manufactory in Pennsylvania. Educated preliminarily in Friends' schools and the public schools of Philadelphia, he began the study of law in 1885 under the direction of Thomas A. Fahy, Esq., and entering the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania three years later, was graduated with the Class of 1891. Admitted to the Bar the same year he engaged in practice in Philadelphia, and has ever since conducted a general law business in that city, being admitted to all the Pennsylvania State and Federal



PHILIP D. NEUKUMET

Courts. Mr. Neukumet is actively interested in public affairs, is well known in political circles, and is a member of several of the leading clubs of Philadelphia.

O'BRIEN, William Joseph, 1864-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Hanover, Pa., 1864; educated in public schools; Principal of public schools some time; graduated in medicine from University of Pennsylvania, 1891; practiced medicine in Philadelphia latter year to present time; Resident Physician St. Mary's Hospital, 1891-92; Lieutenant Company A, Ninth Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1885-88.

WILLIAM JOSEPH O'BRIEN, M.D., was born in Hanover, Luzern county, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1864, son of James and Annastatia (Stapleton) O'Brien. He is of Irish descent. Educated in the public schools of Sugar Notch, Luzern county, he was subsequently for some time Principal of the schools in that township, and entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1888, was graduated with the Class of 1891. Immediately after the completion of his medical studies he began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, and has acquired success. In 1891-1892 Dr. O'Brien was Resident Physician to St. Mary's Hospital. He was formerly an active participant in military affairs, and from 1885 to 1888 was a Lieutenant in Company A, Ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard. Politically he is a Republican. On June 29, 1896, he married Mary A. McCann.

HOLLOPETER, William Clarence, 1856-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Muncy, Pa., 1856; educated public and private schools, Bucknell University and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania; Interne Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, 1877-78; student with Dr. George Strawbridge in eye, ear and throat diseases three years; elected Attending Physician Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, 1888; Lecturer on Diseases of Children Medico-Chirurgical College, 1890; subsequently Professor Pediatrics same College; Attending Physician Children's Diseases Philadelphia Hospital, 1890; Pediatricist St. Joseph's Hospital, 1895; Attending Physician there, 1896; author of a Text-book on Hay Fever and contributor to the transactions of various medical societies.

WILLIAM CLARENCE HOLLOPETER, M.D., was born in Muncy, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1856, son of Abraham and Margaret (Crothers) Hollopeter. The name of Hollopeter originated in Holland and appears to be a combination of French and Dutch; at one time it was written Hüller-Peter, but later the hyphen and capital P were dropped, and according to the best Amsterdam authorities the present pronunciation, Hol-lop-eter (with full accent on the second syllable), is correct. Members of the family

reached America early in 1700, settling first in New York from whence they removed to Pennsylvania locating in York, Lycoming and Philadelphia counties. The name is also found in Ohio and Indiana. Polk's Medical Directory mentions five physicians of that name scattered throughout the United States. He acquired his early education and was prepared for College in public and private schools of Muncy, and was graduated from Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, in 1874. The same year he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania taking his degree with the Class of



WILLIAM C. HOLLOPETER

1877 and in the usual competition for the various hospital positions he won that of Interne at the Presbyterian Hospital where he remained for a year and a half. For the succeeding three years he was associated as a student and assistant with George Strawbridge making a special study of diseases of the throat, ear and eye. Upon the organization of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia in 1888 he was selected as one of the Attending Physicians, and in 1890 was elected Lecturer on Diseases of Children in the Medico-Chirurgical College, subsequently being advanced to the Professorship of Pediatrics with a full seat in the Faculty. In 1895 he was elected Pediatricist to St. Joseph's Hospital and in the following year was appointed

Attending Physician to the same institution. In 1900 he was chosen by the Board of Charities and Corrections as Attending Physician in Children's Diseases at the Philadelphia Hospital. Dr. Hollopeter is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State and Philadelphia County medical societies, the Philadelphia Pediatric and the Philadelphia Obstetrical societies, and the Philadelphia Medical Club. He is the author of a Text-book on Hay Fever which was warmly received both at home and abroad and has passed through two large editions; he has also contributed to the transactions of various professional bodies and to the medical journals. In 1879 he married Sara Adelaide Root of Philadelphia. They have two children: Ralph and Marguerite Hollopeter.

MCKEE, James Herbert, 1871-

Class of 1892 Med

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; educated public schools and University of Pennsylvania; practiced in Philadelphia past ten years; Assistant Physician Blackley Hospital, 1892-93; subsequently connected with the Polyclinic, St. Joseph's and St. Christopher's hospitals; Professor of Pediatrics Polyclinic Hospital; Registrar Pediatric Department Philadelphia Hospital; contributor to medical literature.

JAMES HERBERT MCKEE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, February 18, 1871, son of James and Mariba M. (McCurdy) McKee. He attended the Philadelphia public schools including the high school, graduating from the latter in 1889, and his professional studies were pursued in the University of Pennsylvania, where he took his Medical degree in 1892. From the latter year to the present time he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia, specialising in Pediatrics and the diseases of children, and for some time has been Professor of the former at the Polyclinic Hospital and College for Graduates in St. Christopher's Hospital for Children. In 1892-1893 he was Assistant Physician to the Blackley Hospital with which he is still connected, and subsequently held appointments in the Polyclinic, St. Joseph's and St. Christopher's hospitals. He now occupies the post of Registrar to the Pediatric Department of the Philadelphia Hospital. Dr. McKee is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical, the Pathological and Pediatric societies, and the Houston Club of the University. He is the author of several monographs upon children's diseases, and contributes to a medical work upon the same subject. On June 9, 1897,

he married Mary Emily Mitchell; their children are: Donald Mitchell and Margaret Cloyd McKee.

JENNINGS, Joseph Marie Charles, 1872-

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; educated in Philadelphia public schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH MARIE CHARLES JENNINGS, son of John Walter and Elizabeth Teresa (Murphy) Jennings, was born in Philadelphia, December 11,



JOSEPH M. C. JENNINGS

1872. He is of Irish ancestry. After passing through the public schools of his native city, he studied law in the office of his father, a member of the Philadelphia Bar, and office of C. Stuart Patterson, Dean of Law School University of Pennsylvania, and taking the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1895. Since June 1895 he has been engaged in the practice of law in Philadelphia, making a specialty of Real Estate law. Mr. Jennings is a member of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, and in politics is a Democrat. He is unmarried, and resides at Chestnut Hill, one of the city's attractive suburbs.

VAN DERVOORT, Charles Aikins, 1867-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Stirling, Can., 1867; educated in public schools and Albert University, Belleville, Ont.; graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1893; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

CHARLES AIKINS VAN DERVOORT, M.D., was born in Stirling, Ontario, Canada, March 11, 1867, son of James A. and Amanda (Crouter) Van Dervoort. His ancestors were early Dutch settlers in Canada. He was educated in the public schools and at Albert University in Belleville, Ontario, and received his training for active life in the retail drug business in Ontario. Determining upon a professional career, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1890, and was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1893. For a period of two years following his graduation from Medical School he was Resident Physician in the Philadelphia (Blackley) Hospital, since which time he has been engaged in private practice in Philadelphia. Dr. Van Dervoort is Surgeon to the Dispensary of St. Christopher's Hospital, and is a member of the Alpha Du Pi Omega Medical Fraternity. In politics he is a Republican. On December 7, 1887, he married Maude Empey.

GOLDSMITH, Charles, 1872-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Danville, Pa., 1872; educated public schools, a private academy and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1893; now practicing law in Philadelphia; member Twentieth Sectional School Board 1897 to present time; Director of Mercantile Club, 1899-1901.

CHARLES GOLDSMITH, son of Samuel and Caroline (Ramer) Goldsmith, was born in Danville, Pennsylvania, March 27, 1872. He was graduated from the Danville High School with first honors in 1888, and after attending the private academy of Prof. J. M. Kelso in Danville for a year, he became a law student at the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1893. He was admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in June of that year, and locating for practice in Philadelphia has ever since been associated with the legal profession of that city. In 1897 he was elected a member of the Twentieth Sectional School Board for three years, and reelected in 1900. Mr. Goldsmith was a Director of the Mercantile Club from 1899 to 1901, and is also member of the Jackson Democratic Club, Lawyer's Club and the Philadelphia Law Association.

DEPUE, Arthur W., 1871-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in New Jersey, 1871; educated public schools, Blair Presbyterian Academy, Blairstown, N. J., and University of Pennsylvania; practiced law in Philadelphia past nine years.

ARTHUR W. DEPUE was born at Schooley's Mountain, New Jersey, December 18, 1871, son of M. Ayres and Sarah M. (Wilson) Depue. On the paternal side he is of French descent and his maternal ancestors were originally from England. He studied preliminarily in the public schools,



ARTHUR W. DEPUE

attended the Blair Presbyterian Academy at Blairstown, New Jersey, and was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1893. The completion of his legal preparations was immediately followed by his admission to the Philadelphia County Bar, and he has ever since been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. Mr. Depue is a member of the Philadelphia Law Association.

BORIE, Beauveau, 1846-

Class of 1865.

Born in Philadelphia, 1846; graduated College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1865; banker and broker of Philadelphia; associated with financial,

industrial, and railroad interests; Vice-President Philadelphia Stock Exchange, and President since 1900.

BEAUVEAU BORIE, son of Charles Louis and Sophia (McKean) Beauveau, was born in Philadelphia, May 9, 1846. His father graduated in academic studies at the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1837. Mr. Borie, like his father, entered the College Department of the University at an early age, graduating in 1865, and like him entered the business of banking and brokerage in his native city. As Senior partner of the firm of C. & H. Borie, which has had an existence in Philadelphia for more than one half a century, he has been for many years a prominent figure among the successful men of the business community. For seventeen years an active member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, he has often been chosen to serve on important committees; has been several times elected Vice-President; and is now President of the Exchange, having been elected to that office in October, 1900. Mr. Borie is particularly fitted for the management of the Exchange, not only through his long and successful experience in banking and brokerage, but notably on account of his extensive association with the leading financial, industrial and railroad interests of the city and state. He is a Director of the Lehigh Valley Railroad; Director in the Bethlehem Street Company, the American Dredging Company, and the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities; Vice-President of the Philadelphia Warehouse Company, and a member of the Real Estate Trust Company, of which he was one of the original organizers. He is a member of the Union League, the Art Club, and the Philadelphia Club. Mr. Borie married Patty Duffield, daughter of James Patriot Wilson Neill.

STOUT, Oliver, 1869-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1869; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1891; M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

OLIVER STOUT, M.D., was born in East Rockhill township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1869, son of Lewis Kratz Stout. His mother's maiden name was Levina Mitman Althouse. The first American ancestor in the paternal line, Jacob Stout, arrived in this country in 1730. He landed at Philadelphia and settled thirty miles north of the city in a rich farming region at what is now known as Perkasio, in Bucks

county. In the direct line from Jacob Stout we have Abraham, Henry, Enos, Lewis and Oliver Stout. Many members of the family lie buried at Perkasio in Stout's graveyard and certain representatives still reside in that neighborhood. Dr. Stout received his early education in the public schools. He subsequently entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy to study to become a druggist and obtained his Ph.G. in 1891. Two years later he was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and now practices as a physician devoting his attention to general medicine



OLIVER STOUT

in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society and other organizations for the advancement of the interests of his profession.

ANSPACH, Brooke Melancthon, 1876-

Class of 1897 Med.

Born in Reading, Pa., 1876; graduated Easton High School 1892, entered Lafayette College, 1892; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania 1897; appointed Instructor of Clinical Gynecology, University of Pennsylvania, 1900.

BROOKE MELANCTHON ANSPACH, M.D., is a descendant of the Margraves of Anspach of Franconia, Germany. He was born at Reading, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1876, the son of John Melancthon and Lydia Catherine (Bucher) Anspach.

His early education was received in the public schools. In 1892 he was graduated at the High School at Easton, Pennsylvania, and thereupon entered Lafayette College, where he studied for a year, and then matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. From 1898 to 1900 Dr. Anspach was Resident Physician at the University Hospital. In the latter year he was appointed Instructor in Clinical Gynæcology at the University, having chosen this branch of medicine as a subject of special study. He is still a member of the teaching staff at the University.

School of Architecture at the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated in 1894, and for a time he was leading draftsman for Frank Miles Day, a well known architect in Philadelphia. In March 1896 he opened an office with Richard L. Field for the practice of his profession, establishing a partnership under the firm name of Field and Medary. Mr. Medary won the competition for architect of Houston Hall at the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects, the Philadelphia T Square Club, the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City, and the Houston

CARR, William Austin, 1869-

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in Farmington, Ia., 1869; educated in Public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1894; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM AUSTIN CARR was born in Farmington, Iowa, September 28, 1869, son of James and Margaret (Luther) Carr, of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of his native place, graduating from the Farmington High School, and for a time followed teaching as an occupation, officiating as Principal of schools in Vernon and Cantril, Iowa. In the meantime taking up the study of law, he entered the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated therefrom as Bachelor of Laws in 1894. Since that time he has practiced continuously at the Philadelphia Bar. He is a member of the Philadelphia Yacht Club, and of Washington Lodge No. 59 of the Masonic order. He is a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Democratic City Committee of Philadelphia. Mr. Carr is unmarried and resides in Philadelphia.



MILTON BENNETT MEDARY, JR.

Club of the University of Pennsylvania. On December 27, 1900, he married Hanna Leech Stadelman. He resides at Cynwyd, Pennsylvania.

MEDARY, Milton Bennett, Jr., 1874-

Class of 1894.

Born in Philadelphia, 1874; graduated in architecture, University of Pennsylvania, 1894; won competition for Houston Hall; practicing architect in Philadelphia.

MILTON BENNETT MEDARY, JR., son of Milton Bennett and Mary E. (Cregar) Medary, was born in Philadelphia, February 6, 1874. He comes of a family originally Spanish which settled in Flanders with a number of other Spanish families, and whose representatives came to this country early in the eighteenth century. After a full preparatory schooling he matriculated in the

FELT, Carle Lee, 1870-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Emporium, Pa., 1870; graduated Wake Forest College, N. C., 1890; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

CARLE LEE FELT, M.D., son of J. Pitt Felt and Alice E. (Horner) Felt, was born in Emporium, Pennsylvania, February 23, 1870. He received his early education in the public and high schools of his native place, and after a preparatory training at Wake Forest Academy in North Carolina

entered Wake Forest College, from which he was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1890. He then studied medicine, and after taking the course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894, he engaged in practice in Philadelphia, where he has since followed his profession. Dr. Felt was married, September 19, 1900, to Della Elizabeth Cobb. He resides in Philadelphia.

GERLACH, Richard Francis, 1873-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Germany, 1873; educated in schools of Germany, and Trenton, N. J.; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Assistant Demonstrator Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania.

RICHARD FRANCIS GERLACH, M.D., was born in Germany, July 23, 1873. His father was Rev. Rudolph Ferdinand Gerlach, of an old Thuringian family, and his mother was Frederika Pallas, of French Huguenot descent. He received his academic education in German Latin Schools and at the High School in Trenton, New Jersey, and then studying for the medical profession, was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania as Doctor of Medicine in 1895. After a hospital training of two years and eight months as Resident Physician at the German Hospital in Philadelphia, he entered upon private practice in that city in March 1898. Besides officiating as Assistant in the Surgical Clinic of the German Hospital, Dr. Gerlach is Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania, and during the summer of 1900 he was an Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Marine Hospital Service. Dr. Gerlach is a member of the Medical Society of the University of Pennsylvania, and resides in Philadelphia. On October 4, 1899, he married Mary Leeds Slack.

HIGGINS, Charles Wesley, Jr., 1866-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Wellfleet, Mass., 1866; attended Mt. Pleasant Academy; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1894; Assistant Surgeon Department of Gynecology Rhode Island Hospital; practicing physician in Providence, R. I.

CHARLES WESLEY HIGGINS, JR., M.D., was born in Wellfleet, Massachusetts, August 3, 1866, son of Charles Wesley and Anna Horton (Jenkins) Higgins. He was educated in the public schools of Providence, Rhode Island, and at Mt.

Pleasant Academy. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from that institution in June 1894. For two years Dr. Higgins was attached to the Rhode Island Hospital, and for the same length of time was connected with the Providence Lying-In Hospital. He has been now for some time Assistant Surgeon to the Department of Gynecology at the Rhode Island Hospital. He is a member of various medical societies, among others, the Rhode Island Medical Society and the Providence Medical Association.



CHARLES W. HIGGINS

He belongs also to the West Side Club and the Athletic Club, both of Providence, where he has practiced his profession actively ever since his graduation from the University of Pennsylvania.

SNARE, Jacob, 1854-

Class of 1874.

Born in Philadelphia, 1854; educated Greagor's Institute, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; lawyer in Philadelphia, 1876-

JACOB SNARE, son of Jacob and Christiana (Thorn) Snare, was born in Philadelphia, October 14, 1854. He is of Scandinavian-Scotch and German-English descent. His ancestors settled in Pennsylvania before the Revolution and served in

the Revolutionary Army. From Henry Y. Greagor's Institute, Philadelphia, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, taking his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1874 and receiving that of Master of Arts in course. He studied under the late George W. Thorn, Esq., of Philadelphia, and after his admission to the Bar (1876), he entered the legal profession in Philadelphia, where he has ever since been engaged in the general practice of law. At the University he joined the Zelosophic Society, and he is now a member of the Lawyers' Club. In politics he is an Independent.

BROWNING, George Genge, 1852-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1852; educated Hill's School, Pottstown, Pa., Locke's School, Norristown, Pa., Burlington College, and University of Pennsylvania; merchant and manufacturer in Philadelphia and Camden, New Jersey.

GEORGE GENGE BROWNING was born in Philadelphia, May 15, 1852, son of Genge and Phoebe (Willets) Browning. He is of English and Dutch ancestry. His early education was acquired at Hill's School, Pottstown, Pennsylvania, and at Locke's School, Norristown, that state, from which latter institution he entered Burlington College, Burlington, New Jersey, and was subsequently a student in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1872. Immediately after leaving College he turned his attention to mercantile pursuits, and is now a well-known merchant and manufacturer of Philadelphia, and Camden, New Jersey. He is a member of the Masonic Fraternity, the Union League and Marion Cricket clubs. Politically he is a Republican. Mr. Browning was married, January 15, 1879, to Amy Florence Okie; their children are: Amy Florence, Caroline Okie and Edward Browning.

MURPHEY, William Rhoads, 1851-

Class of 1871.

Born in Mauch Chunk, Pa., 1851; educated public and private schools, graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1871; studied law; admitted to Bar, 1874; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM RHOADS MURPHEY was born in Mauch Chunk, Pennsylvania, June 14, 1851, son of Rev. Thomas Charles, D.D., and Emily Henshaw (Rhoads) Murphey. On the paternal side he is descended from the Biddle family of New Jersey, and his grandfather was a Colonel in the War of 1812. His maternal ancestors came

originally from Wales and settled in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. His early education was acquired in the public and private schools of Philadelphia, and he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1871, ranking third at graduation and receiving the degree of Master of Arts. He immediately began the study of law and was admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in 1874. He was also admitted to the Bars of Montgomery and Chester counties. Mr. Murphey is actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. He is an earnest advocate of tem-



WILLIAM R. MURPHEY

perance and total abstinence from the use of intoxicants, and having considered the legal as well as the moral aspect of that important question, is a believer in so-called legal suasion. His views upon the foregoing subject naturally led him into the ranks of the Prohibitionists, in which he is a leading spirit, and has been the Party nominee for Judge and District Attorney, receiving the largest vote ever extended to a Prohibition candidate in Philadelphia county. He is a member of the Philomathean Society and the Houston Club of the University of Pennsylvania. On December 10, 1884, he married Anna Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Cummings. They have two children: Anna Adele and William Rhoads Murphey, Jr.

MACKEY, Harry Arista, 1869-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Susquehanna, Pa., 1869; educated Scranton High School, Keystone Academy, Lafayette College and University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar in Philadelphia, 1894; lawyer in Philadelphia; prominent in municipal politics; Captain Pennsylvania Football team, 1893.

HARRY ARISTA MACKEY, son of George W. and Isadore C. (McCollum) Mackey, was born in Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, June 26, 1869. He attended the Scranton (Pennsylvania) High School and the Keystone Academy, from which latter he entered Lafayette College, where he was graduated in 1890. His legal studies were pursued in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1893, after which he took a post-graduate course, and was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia in 1894. His appearance in court and the energy which he displayed in preparing and conducting his cases, attracted the attention of Judge James Gay Gordon, who upon retiring from the Bench selected him for a law partner. This firm is now conducting a large and profitable general law business in Philadelphia. As an advocate Mr. Mackey is noted for the direct and forcible manner in which he presents his cases to a jury, and his arguments are plain, concise and convincing. In politics he is a Republican with independent proclivities, and an enemy of political corruption. He was recently a candidate for Representative to the Legislature from the Twenty-sixth Philadelphia District on a fusion ticket, but withdrew on receiving satisfactory assurance that the regular Republican nominee intended, if elected, to support the principles to which the fusion party was pledged. He is a member of the Philadelphia Law Association, the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, the Masonic Order and the West Philadelphia Republican, Young Republican, Lincoln, Atlantic City, Country and Aronimink Golf clubs. His religious affiliations are with the Baptists, and he contributes liberally toward the support of that denomination. While a student at the University he was a leading spirit in athletic sports, and was Captain of the Foot-Ball Team in 1893. He was married July 1, 1900, to Ida B. Boner.

LEONARD, Alfred D., 1853-

Class of 1878 Med.

Born in Middle Valley, Pa., 1853; attended district and normal schools; taught school some time; studied medicine in Hawley, Pa., and at University of Pennsylvania; practiced in South Canaan and Bethany, Pa.,

and Central Valley, N. Y.; surgeon and specialist New York City 1895 to present time; now Visiting Surgeon to New York Nose, Throat and Lung Hospital; Assistant Gynecologist St. Bartholomew Clinic and Post-Graduate Hospital.

ALFRID D. LEONARD, M.D., was born in Middle Valley, Wayne county Pennsylvania, May 20, 1853, son of George W. and Persis E. (Purdy) Leonard. His father was a native of Maine, son of Lewis Leonard, and he is a descendant of one of three brothers who were passengers on one of the trips of the "Mayflower," settling in Boston. His mother was a daughter of Reuben R.



ALFRID D. LEONARD

Purdy, of Wayne county. He attended the district school until he was about eighteen years old, and the succeeding three years were devoted to study at the Wayne County Normal School, and to teaching. He began his professional preparations under the direction of Dr. George B. Curtis, of Hawley, Pennsylvania, having charge of his preceptor's drug store while pursuing his preliminary work, and his medical studies were completed at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1878. After practicing in South Canaan, Pennsylvania, a few months, and in Bethany, same state, for two years, he removed to Central Valley, New York, where he was engaged in professional work for about fourteen years, building up during that time a large

and lucrative practice. In 1895, he located in New York City, where he has ever since devoted his energies chiefly to a special line of work. At the present time he is Visiting Surgeon to the New York Nose, Throat and Lung Hospital, and Assistant Gynæcologist to the St. Bartholomew Clinic and the Post-Graduate Hospital. While residing in Bethany he was a member of the Town Council, and Auditor of Accounts, and at Central Valley he served as Health Officer. Dr. Leonard is a member of the Masonic Fraternity, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Improved Order of Red Men and Knights of Pythias. In politics he is Republican. He was married, in Prompton, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1878, to Louise Hall, daughter of George W. Hall of that township.

NEWBOLD, Arthur Emlen, 1859-

Class of 1879.

Born in Jenkintown, Pa., 1859; educated West Penn Square and Episcopal academies, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; banker and broker in Philadelphia.

ARTHUR EMLEN NEWBOLD, son of John S. and Anna P. (Buckley) Newbold, was born in Jenkintown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, August 5, 1859. He pursued his early studies at the West Penn Square and the Protestant Episcopal Academies, Philadelphia, from which latter he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1879, but withdrew early in the Sophomore year. In college he became a member of the Philomathean Society and the Zeta Psi Fraternity. In 1878 he engaged in the stock brokerage business and is now a banker and broker in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, Racquet, Country, Philadelphia Cricket, and Huntington Valley Clubs. In politics he is a Republican. He was married February 26, 1886, to Harriet, daughter of Fitz Eugene Dixon.

SLOCUM, Harris Augustus, 1857-

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Hudson, Ill., 1857; acquired early education in Philadelphia and private schools; in drug business two years; graduated in medicine University of Pennsylvania, 1879; now practicing in Philadelphia; formerly Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital; Assistant at Surgical Clinics, Pennsylvania University and Lying-in Charity hospitals and Philadelphia Dispensary: now Consulting Gynæcologist St. Clement's

Epileptic Home, and Professor Gynæcology Polyclinic Hospital and College for Graduates in Medicine.

HARRIS AUGUSTUS SLOCUM, M.D., was born in Hudson, Illinois, September 22, 1857, son of Edward Nelson and Mary (Harrison) Slocum. He is a descendant in the tenth generation of Anthony Slocum, who arrived in Massachusetts in 1637, and whose descendants, with the exception of Edward Nelson and the latter's son, Harris Augustus, have been members of the Society of Friends in Rhode Island for over two hundred years. His early education was acquired at private



HARRIS A. SLOCUM

and public schools in Philadelphia, and he subsequently devoted two years to the wholesale and retail drug business. Graduating in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania in 1879 he entered the medical profession of Philadelphia and has ever since practiced in that city. He was formerly Resident Physician to the Presbyterian Hospital, Assistant of the Surgical Clinic of the Pennsylvania and University hospitals, Lying-in-Charity and the Philadelphia Dispensary. At the present time he holds the posts of Consulting Gynæcologist to St. Clement's Epileptic Home and is Professor of that subject at the Polyclinic Hospital and College for Graduates in Medicine. Dr. Slocum was formerly Secretary of the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society and member

of the Academy of Natural Sciences. He is now affiliated with the American Medical Association, Philadelphia County Medical Society, College of Physicians, Medical Club, and is an Associate of the Pennsylvania Society Order of the Founders and Patriots of America. He was married in 1884 to Annette Marcellus.

WHEELER, Samuel Bowman, 1870-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., William Penn Charter School, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; mechanical engineer, 1891 to present time; now Philadelphia Manager Ridgway Dynamo & Engine Company, also a Director Barclay Railroad Company, Long Valley Coal Company and Electrical Construction Company.

SAMUEL BOWMAN WHEELER, son of Andrew and Sarah C. (Carpenter), Wheeler, was born in Philadelphia, December 24, 1870. He pursued his preparatory studies at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, and at the William Penn Charter School, Philadelphia, from which latter he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, with the Class of 1892 for the Scientific course but withdrew during the Junior year. He also studied in the Wharton School of the University. He entered the employ of Morris, Tasker & Company, Philadelphia, as a mechanical engineer, remaining with that firm for some time, and for some years past has been actively identified with mechanical engineering in Philadelphia, giving his attention to the installation and development of both steam and electrical power plants. From 1895 he has occupied the position of local Manager for the Ridgway Dynamo and Engine Company, and is a Director of the Barclay Railroad, the Long Valley Coal and the Electrical Construction companies. At the University he affiliated with the Zeta Psi Fraternity and was one of the founders of the Mask and Wig Club. He is now President of the Fellowship Club, and a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and the University and Philobiblon clubs. Occasional contributions from his pen appear in periodicals and technical journals. He was married April 28, 1892, to Laetitia Collins Hulse, daughter of Charles F. Hulse. Their children are: Samuel Bowman, Jr., Frederic Collins and Elizabeth Wheeler.

KELLEY, Albert Bartram, 1870-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; educated abroad; member of Class of 1892, University of Pennsylvania;

studied law and admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1895; Assistant City Solicitor since 1895.

ALBERT BARTRAM KELLEY was born in Philadelphia, August 17, 1870, the son of the late William Darrah Kelley for so long a time a member of the House of Representatives in Congress for a Philadelphia district. The Hon. William D. Kelley was an eminent lawyer. He was twice District Attorney of Philadelphia and for a term of ten years was a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in that city. He was elected to Congress from the Fourth District of Pennsylvania early in the



ALBERT B. KELLEY

Civil War and continued to represent it for thirty years. On account of his vigorous defence of the Pennsylvania iron interests in all tariff matters he won the sobriquet of "Pig Iron" Kelley. For a time he was "the Father of the House" the oldest member of the body. Albert Bartram Kelley's mother was Caroline Bartram Bonsall a descendant of John Bartram, the eminent botanist whose house and gardens have become city property for park purposes and who made the first survey of the St. John's River in Florida. As a youth Mr. Kelley attended the DeLancey School in Philadelphia and was afterward a student at schools in Zurich, Switzerland and Heidelberg, Germany. Returning to this country he was finally prepared

for College at George F. Martin's School in Philadelphia. He entered the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania in 1888, with the Class of 1892 but left in his Sophomore year to take up the study of the law, and accept a position as Assistant to the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. In March 1895 he took the Bar examinations and was admitted to practice in the Philadelphia courts. In the following May he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor in his native city and still holds that office. Mr. Kelley while at College was instrumental in founding the Mask and Wig Club of which he is an active member. He is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity, President of the John Bartram Association, Secretary and life member of the University Barge Club and Secretary of the Board of Governors of the Markham Club. He is a non-resident member of the Strollers', and belongs also to the St. David's Golf Club and the Orpheus Club.

BOYER, Walter Nadal, 1868-

Class of 1887.

Born in Pottsville, Pa., 1868; educated in public schools, business college, and University of Pennsylvania; General Manager and Treasurer United Railway Supply Company; Secretary and Treasurer Delaware River & Atlantic Railroad Company; Secretary and Treasurer Columbia, Ironville & Mt. Joy Street Railway Company; Secretary and Treasurer Conewago Water & Power Company; Treasurer General Construction Company of New Jersey.

WALTER NADAL BOYER was born in Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, May 19, 1868. His father, Zaccur Prall Boyer, was the son of Samuel Boyer and grandson of Valentine Boyer, an Aide on General Lafayette's staff during the Revolutionary War, who came from France to assist the struggling colonies. His mother was Catharine Cordelia Williams, a member of a Welsh family, and daughter of William Williams, who came to this country in the early part of the nineteenth century. He attended the public schools of Pottsville, and later the Philadelphia public schools, graduating from the George G. Meade School in 1883. Later he took a course at a business college, and then entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania as a special student in the Class of 1887. Before graduation he left College to accept a position that was offered him in connection with the Elizabethport Iron Company. After occupying this place for a few months he was

appointed Assistant Superintendent of the New York Cable Construction Company, and was speedily advanced to the position of Superintendent. He held this office until January 1890, when he accepted a position in the Transportation Department of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, as special car agent. This connection he resigned to enter business on his own account, as a part owner and the Secretary and Treasurer of the United Railway Supply Company. He today retains an interest in the business of that company, being at the present time its Treasurer and General Manager. Mr.



WALTER N. BOYER

Boyer is also Secretary and Treasurer of the Delaware River & Atlantic Railroad Company, the Columbia, Ironville & Mount Joy Street Railway Company, and the Conewago Water & Power Company, and Treasurer of the General Construction Company of New Jersey. He is a member of the Athletic Club and the Union League of Philadelphia, and belongs also to the Orchard Country Club, the Stenton and other minor clubs. He is a member of University Lodge No. 610 of the Masonic Order. He married, May 12, 1891, Martha Mills Henson, who died June 17, 1892, leaving a daughter. On January 28, 1896, he married his second wife, Margaret Riley, by whom he has two daughters. He resides in West Philadelphia.

MACFARLAND, Franklin Hutchinson,
1868-

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; graduated Central High School, Philadelphia, 1888; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

FRANKLIN HUTCHINSON MACFARLAND, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 9, 1868, son of William and Emma (Hutchinson) Macfarland. His father was born in this country of Scotch ancestry. His mother is a native of London, England. He passed through the public schools of his native city and after completing the



F. H. MACFARLAND

classical course was graduated Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School in 1888. Choosing the medical profession he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his Doctor of Medicine in 1892. During his vacations while in the High School and at the University he had important business connections with various large concerns. Since 1892 he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, and is also identified with various prosperous business enterprises. Dr. Macfarland is a member of the Agnew Surgical Society and the Philadelphia Pediatric Society. On October 15, 1895, he married Elfrida Shibe; he has one child, a son, Franklin Shibe Macfarland.

CRAIG, Alexander Righter, 1868-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Columbia, Pa., 1868; graduated Columbia High School 1887, Franklin and Marshall College, 1890; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practicing physician in Columbia; Secretary College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia; Assistant Secretary American Academy of Medicine since 1900.

ALEXANDER RIGHTER CRAIG, M.D., was born in Columbia, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 31, 1868. He is of Scotch-Irish and German extraction, and is a son of Dr. Alexander Craig, long prominent as a physician and surgeon at Columbia, and a great-grandson of Samuel Craig, a soldier in the Revolution. His mother was Eleanor Margaretta Righter, daughter of Washington Righter, one of the pioneer lumber dealers of the Susquehanna Valley. Dr. Alexander Righter Craig attended the public schools of Columbia, and in June 1885 was graduated from the High School of that place. He then entered Franklin and Marshall College, at Lancaster, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. His Master of Arts followed from the same institution. With his father as preceptor he took up the study of medicine and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received his Doctor's degree in 1893. He was President of his class in year of Graduation. After graduation he served a term as Intern at the Philadelphia Polyclinic Hospital, and was for a time office assistant of Dr. George E. de Schweinitz of Philadelphia. This experience ended, he settled at his home in Columbia in February 1895, where he has since been engaged in the practice of his profession. Dr. Craig is Surgeon to the Columbia Hospital and to the Pennsylvania Railway, a position which his father before him has held for many years. Since 1899 he has been Secretary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia, a local medical society, and in June 1900, he was elected Assistant Secretary of the American Academy of Medicine. Beside these two organizations he is a member of the American Medical Association, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and the Lancaster City and County Medical Society. He is a Ruling Elder in the Presbyterian Church at Columbia, a position which he has held since December 1899. He belongs to Columbia Masonic Lodge, Corinthian Chapter of Royal Arch Masons, Cyrene Commandery Knights Templar, and Rajah Temple Mystic Shrine, of Reading, Pennsylvania. Dr. Craig has written occasional reports of cases and some short articles on medical subjects

presented to different medical societies. On October 17, 1899, he married Florence Coulson Bromwell, daughter of Dr. Robert E. and Josephine (Evans) Bromwell; they have a daughter: Josephine Bromwell Craig.

O'NEILL, James Wilkes, 1854-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Baltimore, 1854; educated public and private schools and University of Pennsylvania, Arts and Medical Department; located for practice in Philadelphia; Substitute Resident Physician Wills' Eye and Orthopedic Hospitals 1877, and to Philadelphia Hospital, 1877-78; Junior Assistant Physician Lying-in Hospital, 1878-81; Dispensary Physician Children's Hospital; one of the founders Philadelphia Medical Institute and Philadelphia Medical Club; also one of founders and Secretary Associate Society of the Red Cross; founder and Editor Pennsylvania Red Cross Journal; Brigade Surgeon National Guard Pennsylvania; fellow Philadelphia College of Physicians; United States Examining Surgeon.

JAMES WILKES O'NEILL, M.D., was born in Baltimore, Maryland, May 5, 1854, son of John and Ruth Ann (Wilkes) O'Neill. His great-grandfather, John O'Neill, who immigrated from Randalstown, County Antrim, Ireland, in 1757, opened a school at Newcastle, Delaware, where he subsequently married Susamah Johnston of Amwell, Hunterdon county, New Jersey, and he finally settled in Philadelphia. He served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War during the years 1777-1778. James Wilkes O'Neill attended the Friends' School of the Orange Street Meeting, Philadelphia, the public schools of New York City and the Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, Connecticut. He entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1877 but withdrew during the Freshman year and became a student in the Medical Department, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. During the latter year he was Substitute Resident Physician to Wills' Eye and the Orthopedic hospitals, Philadelphia, and in 1877-1878 was Resident Physician to the Philadelphia Hospital, also to the Eye and Ear Department and Medical Dispensary of the Children's Hospital. From 1878 to 1881 he was Junior Assistant Physician to the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital. He is still practicing in Philadelphia and is prominently identified with the medical profession of that city. Dr. O'Neill was one of the founders of the Philadelphia Medical Institute and the Philadelphia Medical Club; also one of the founders and at the

present time Secretary of the Associate Society of the Red Cross of Philadelphia, and in connection with the latter he established the Pennsylvania Red Cross Journal, of which he is the Editor. In 1878 he entered the Pennsylvania National Guard as Assistant Surgeon with the rank of First Lieutenant and was advanced to Surgeon, serving in that capacity from 1882 to 1890 when he was appointed Brigade Surgeon with the rank of Major. He subsequently retired from the service but in 1898 was again appointed Brigade Surgeon. In 1890 he was appointed United States Examining Surgeon in



J. W. O'NEILL

Pension cases. At the University he was a member of the Delta Phi Fraternity. In addition to the bodies above referred to he is a fellow of the College of Physicians, Philadelphia, an incorporator of the American National Red Cross Society and a member of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution, the General Society of the War of 1812, the Society of Military Surgeons of the United States and the League of American Wheelmen. His club affiliations are with the University, Rittenhouse, County, Englewood Golf and the Union Republican clubs; and the St. Anthony clubs of Philadelphia and New York City. In 1893 he was a delegate to the Catholic Congress at Chicago. Politically he is a Republican. November 20, 1879 Dr. O'Neill

married Florence Emily, daughter of Hon. William Penn Chandler. Their children are: Florence C. and Mildred W. O'Neill.

WALDEN, Lienau, 1860-

Class of 1881.

Born in Philadelphia, 1860; educated in private schools and Lauderbach's Academy, Philadelphia; graduated B.S., University of Pennsylvania, 1881; in mercantile business, New York City.

L IENAU WALDEN, son of Edward and Myra Louise (Robertson) Walden, was born in Philadelphia, December 16, 1860. He is de-



LIENAU WALDEN

scended in a direct line from the Franklins of New York City, and the Almy and Coffin families of New England. His father's family came from Portsmouth, New Hampshire. After attending private schools in Philadelphia for the rudimentary branches, he was fitted for College at Lauderbach's Academy in the same city, and matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1877, taking the first two years in the general scientific school and then specializing upon the subject of dynamical engineering. He graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in June 1881. After following his profession of engineering for a short time, he entered mercantile life. He was admitted to the firm of

Walden & Company on July 2, 1888, and is now the senior partner of that firm, doing business in New York and in Geyserville, California. Mr. Walden is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, through Jacob Walden, a Lieutenant in the Continental Army who also fought under Paul Jones on the Bon Homme Richard. He resides in Brooklyn, New York, and belongs to the Crescent Athletic Club of that city. He married, May 8, 1834, Mary C. Brognard of Philadelphia; they have three children: Elsie, Frances and Lienau Walden, Jr.

MARSHALL, George Morley, 1858-

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in Painesville, Lake county, Ohio, 1858; educated public and High School; graduated A.B. Western Reserve University, 1883; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Resident Physician St. Joseph's Hospital; studied in Vienna and Berlin, 1887-88; Attending Physician 1889, and Laryngologist St. Joseph's Hospital, 1889-1901; Laryngologist Philadelphia Hospital, 1891-; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

G EORGE MORLEY MARSHALL was born in Painesville, Lake county, Ohio, March 13, 1858, son of Seth Marshall and Esther Philena Morley. His father was one of the early abolitionists. Like some others of strong principle and fearless at this period, he did not hesitate to imperil large business interests that he might protect the fugitive slaves in their flight to Canada, although it was in defiance of the law and the pro-slavery sentiment. His home was regarded as one of the stations on "the underground railroad." There still stands at the Marshall homestead the old barn with its massive frame of hewn timber where many of these unfortunates were given food and shelter. The ancestor of this family who first came to America was Thomas Marshall, one time Mayor of Boston in Lincolnshire, England. He emigrated in 1634 to Boston, Massachusetts, where he was for many years a deacon of the First Church and dean of the Board of Selectmen. His son, Captain Samuel Marshall, went to the defence of the colonies, commanding a regiment against the Indian conspirator King Philip, and in December 1675 he was killed while at the head of his force storming Philip's Fort in the Great Swamp Fight. For his exceptional bravery he is mentioned in Bancroft's history, Hollister's Connecticut, Hutchinson's Massachusetts, Drake's Indians and other histories of that period. Thomas Marshall, next in line, married Mary Drake, of the family of Sir Francis Drake. Thomas Mar-

shall, grandson of the latter, and great-grandfather of George Morley Marshall, fought in the War of the Revolution. His mother, Esther Philena Morley, was descended on her paternal side from Abel Morley, who emigrated from England in 1650. On her maternal side she was descended from William Healy, who came with the Pilgrims and settled in Roxbury, afterwards Cambridge, Massachusetts. George Morley Marshall attended the public schools of his native village and graduated from the Painsville High School in 1877. In 1877-1878 he taught school while preparing for College, completing this



GEORGE MORLEY MARSHALL

preparation the following year at the University Preparatory School in Hudson. He then entered the Western Reserve University, receiving in 1883 the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Adelbert College. In the autumn of 1883 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which in 1886 he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Taking the competitive examination at St. Joseph's Hospital, he became its first Resident Physician. In 1887 and 1888 he continued his medical studies at Vienna and Berlin, returning to Philadelphia to active practice in January 1889. In this year he was appointed Attending Physician and Laryngologist to St. Joseph's Hospital. Two years later he was also appointed Laryngologist to the Phila-

delphia Hospital. Dr. Marshall is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the American Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia College of Physicians and other medical organizations. He was elected to the Phi Beta Kappa Society at Western Reserve University. While independent in politics, he has in general voted with the Republican party. He married, in 1893, Harriet Putnam Ely, daughter of Heman and Mary Day Ely of Elyria, Ohio. Their children are: George Morley, Jr., Esther Philena, Harriet Ely, Jr., Margaret Ely and Edith Williamson Marshall. Dr. Marshall resides in Philadelphia.

HAUPT, John Adam Jacob, 1868-

Class of 1890 Dent.

Born in Germany, 1868; graduated Dental Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1890; practicing dentist in Pittsburg.

JOHN ADAM JACOB HAUPT, D.D.S., was born in Germany, March 1, 1868, son of George and Annie (Eckhart) Haupt. He had few opportunities of attending school, but by careful reading at home perfected himself in a knowledge of many branches. He chose the dental profession for his life pursuit, and for a time was a student in the office of Dr. H. L. Reinecke of Pittsburg. He matriculated subsequently in the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery, May 1, 1890. Since May 28, 1890, Dr. Haupt has practiced dentistry in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Odd Fellows, Red Men, Elks, Knights of Pythias uniformed rank, and the Royal Arcanum. On November 20, 1894, he married Ella Barchfield. They have one son.

MOORE, John Edward, 1866-

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; educated St. Joseph's and Holy Cross colleges; Jefferson Medical College, abroad and University of Pennsylvania; Assistant Visiting Physician Children's Department, Jefferson College Hospital, 1892-95; Chief Physician Out-Patient Department there, 1893-94; Assistant Demonstrator Pharmacy, Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 1893-97; Physician in charge Philadelphia Sanitarium for Children, 1893-96.

JOHN EDWARD MOORE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 25, 1866, son of John Kenna and Jane (Carroll) Moore. He studied at St. Joseph's College, Philadelphia, and at Holy

Cross College, Worcester, Massachusetts. He was a student at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, graduating in 1890, and after devoting a season to study in Europe, he completed his pro-



J. EDWARD MOORE

fessional preparations at the University of Pennsylvania, taking his medical degree with the Class of 1892. From the latter year to 1895, he was Assistant Visiting Physician to the Children's Department of the Jefferson Medical College Hospital, and in 1893-1894 he held the post of Physician-in-Chief to the Out-Patient Medical Department of the same institution. He was Physician in charge of the Philadelphia Sanitarium for Children from 1893 to 1896, and Assistant Demonstrator of Pharmacy, Materia Medica and Therapeutics at Jefferson Medical College from 1893 to 1897. Dr. Moore is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical and the Philadelphia Pediatric societies. He was married, June 2, 1900, to Helen M. Dooner; they have one daughter: Helen Dooner Moore.

SOMERS, Lewis Summerl. 1871-

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1892; practicing physician in Philadelphia; ex-President Northwestern

Medical Society; contributor to medical journals; nose, throat and ear specialist.

LEWIS SUMMERL SOMERS, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 10, 1871, son of John M. H. Somers and Anna Keen Somers. Educated at the public schools of his native city he later matriculated in the Department of Medicine of the University of Pennsylvania from which he received his degree in 1892. He began practice in Philadelphia, where he still resides. He is a member and was formerly President of the Northwestern Medical Society. He is Laryngologist and Otologist of the Union Mission Hospital and has made a specialty in his practice of nose, throat and ear diseases of which he has written from time to time in the medical journals. He is a member and Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the Tioga Baptist Church. Dr. Somers also belongs to the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia Medical Alumni, the Medical Legal Society and the Medical Club of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Alpha Mu Pi



LEWIS S. SOMERS

Omega Medical Fraternity and the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. On January 18, 1893, he married Emma Morse. They have one child: Lewis Summerl Somers, Jr.

PEPPER, David, 1840-

Class of 1859.

Born in Philadelphia, 1840; educated under private instruction; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1859; never engaged in active business or profession; resides in Philadelphia.

DAVID PEPPER, son of Daniel and Emily (Platt) Pepper, was born in Philadelphia, August 21, 1840. His father descended from Henry Pepper, who came to this country from Germany in 1769, and his mother was a descendant of Thomas Platt, who arrived in America in 1712,



DAVID PEPPER

settling in Burlington county, New Jersey. Mr. Pepper received his early education at private schools, and was prepared for College by Mr. Wm. R. McAdam. He entered the College Department at the University of Pennsylvania in 1855, and was graduated Bachelor of Arts with the Class of 1859, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course. Mr. Pepper has never engaged in any business or profession. While a student in the University he belonged to the Zeta Psi Fraternity, and he is a member of several social and athletic clubs. He married, January 9, 1864, Sarah Taylor, daughter of Anthony Taylor Newbold of Philadelphia, and has one son, David Pepper, Jr. He resides in Philadelphia.

BIDDLE, William Phillips, 1853-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1853; educated at University of Pennsylvania; entered navy service; 2nd Lieutenant, United States Marine Corps, 1875; 1st Lieutenant, 1884; Captain, 1894; Fleet-Major of Marines on board United States Ship "Olympia" during Battle of Manila Bay, 1898; Major commanding Fourth Battalion United States Marine Corps in Philippine Islands, 1900.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS BIDDLE, son of Dr. John Barclay and Caroline (Phillips) Biddle, was born in Philadelphia, December 17, 1853. His father was a Professor in Jefferson Medical College. He entered upon studies in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1868, a member of the Class of 1872, but left in Junior year before graduating, to enter military life. He was appointed from Pennsylvania in June 1875, and commissioned Second Lieutenant in the United States Marine Corps. In February 1884 he received promotion as First Lieutenant, and in February 1894 became Captain. From 1891 to 1895 he was stationed at the League Island, Philadelphia, Marine Barracks, afterward being assigned to duty on the United States Ship "Baltimore." Reporting for duty aboard the "Olympia" while she was at Yokohama, Japan, in November 1895, he continued with this vessel when, as flagship of the Asiatic Squadron, she came under the command of Commodore (now Admiral) George Dewey. During the Battle of Manila Bay he was Fleet-Major of Marines on the "Olympia," commanding reserve gun-crews of Marines. In the summer of 1900, Major Biddle was ordered to Cavite, Luzon, Philippine Islands, in command of the Fourth Battalion of the Marine Corps, a detachment of the Sixth Cavalry accompanying the Battalion.

FREEMAN, Parker Ross, 1868-

Class of 1894 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; educated Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1894; prominent in college athletics; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

PARKER ROSS FREEMAN, member of the Philadelphia Bar, and son of Chapman Freeman and Marcia Ross Parker, was born in Philadelphia, October 28, 1869. He is a direct descendant of the Veazeys who went over to England with William the Conqueror. The American head of the family, John Veazey, located in Cecil county, Maryland, in 1687. The Freemans were also English, but did

not reach America until after the Revolution. Mr. Freeman counts among his ancestors two signers of the Declaration of Independence, George Ross and George Read; also John Brown, Secretary of the Board of Marine and Admiralty in 1789, and several prominent officers in the Colonial Wars. He received his early schooling at the Episcopal Academy in his native city, and later entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, completing the course in 1894. While in the University he was active in athletics, from 1891 until 1894 was Captain of the Track Team, doing much good service for "Old Penn" when her athletic reputation was at a low ebb. He affiliates with several clubs in Philadelphia, and has been for many years a member of the vestry of the Church of the Mediator of Philadelphia, of which he is now Accounting Warden.

TOMPKINS, Lucius Douglas, 1856-

Class of 1877 Med.

Born in Orange, N. J., 1856; educated Pennington Seminary and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania; clerk and school teacher prior to entering medical profession; now practicing in Trenton, N. J.; was City Physician there for one term, and an Inspector on State Board of Health.

LUCIUS DOUGLAS TOMPKINS, M.D., was born in Orange, New Jersey, April 6, 1856, son of Lucius Douglas and Mary Ann (Vinton) Tompkins. He is of New England ancestry and a descendant on the maternal side of Miles Standish, the redoubtable captain of the Plymouth colony. His early education was completed at the Pennington Seminary (New Jersey) in 1874, and he was engaged in business pursuits and also in teaching school prior to entering the medical profession, for which he was prepared in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1877. Since graduation he has practiced his profession continuously to the present time. Dr. Tompkins was for a year City Physician of Trenton, New Jersey, and is Inspector of Food and Drugs upon the New Jersey State Board of Health. He is a member of the Alpha Omega Fraternity and the Masonic Order. His political affiliations are with the Republican party. On February 5, 1883, he married Emma Augusta Slack, of Trenton, New Jersey. Their children are: Vinton Douglas, Lucius Douglas, Dorothy Thayer and Boylston Adams Tompkins. They lost one child by death, Annabell, aged two years.

HORNER, John Githens, 1872-

Class of 1893.

Born at Pennsville, N. J., 1872; graduated South Jersey Institute, 1890; graduated Ph.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; studied law; admitted to Bar of New Jersey as Attorney 1895 and as Counsellor 1898; Notary Public, Master in Chancery and Supreme Court Commissioner; member of New Jersey Legislature; Republican leader in the House, session of 1902; practicing lawyer in Camden, N. J.

JOHAN GITHENS HORNER was born in Pennsville, Camden county, New Jersey, November 17, 1872, son of Asa P. and Mary J. (Githens) Horner. His ancestors on both sides are among



JOHN G. HORNER

the oldest settlers in Burlington and Camden counties, New Jersey. His early life was spent upon a farm and he received his elementary education at the public schools of his own neighborhood, later attending the Farnum Preparatory School at Beverly, New Jersey. He passed then to the South Jersey Institute at Bridgeton in the same state from which he was graduated in June 1890. He remained at the Institute in 1891 to take post-graduate work and in September of that year matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, entering the Junior class in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy. After completing two years in this school he was graduated from the University with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, in 1893. Mr. Horner at

once took up the study of law in the offices of Lindley M. Garrison and Lewis Starr in Camden, New Jersey, and was admitted to the Bar of that state as an attorney in June 1895, and as a counsellor in June 1898. His office is in Camden. By appointment he is a Notary Public, Master in Chancery and Supreme Court Commissioner. In politics he has always been a Republican and became active in party affairs at an early age. In 1900 he was nominated by the Republicans of Burlington county as a candidate for a seat in the New Jersey House of Assembly. He was elected to the Legislature and was renominated and re-elected in 1901. During the session of 1902 he was the Republican leader, i. e. the leader of the majority party, on the floor of the House. He is a member of many fraternal, beneficial, social and political societies and clubs. On October 17, 1899, Mr. Horner married Emily Oliver Maguire, by whom he has one child, a daughter, Mary Virginia Horner. He resides at Palmyra, New Jersey.

SMITH, Herbert Eugene, 1857-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Hartford, Conn., 1857; attended Hartford High School; graduated Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, 1879; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; Lecturer on Chemistry at Yale Medical School 1882, Professor of Chemistry 1885; Dean of Yale Medical Faculty, 1885; Chemist Connecticut State Board of Health.

HERBERT EUGENE SMITH, M.D., was born in Hartford, Connecticut, October 21, 1857. His parents were Henry Hart and Mary Buckley (Morgan) Smith. The public schools of his native city furnished early training for him, and after graduating at the South School and the High School of Hartford he entered Yale. Here he chose the studies of the Sheffield Scientific School and took the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, which is regularly conferred by that Department in 1879. He then went to the University of Pennsylvania to take a course of medical study. He graduated there with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1882. During the same year he received from Yale the appointment as Lecturer on Chemistry in the Medical School, this position being succeeded, in 1885, by that of Professor. He was also in 1885 elected Dean of the Yale Medical Faculty. He holds these offices at present. In 1889 Dr. Smith was appointed one of the State Chemists of Connecticut. He has also been Chemist for the

Connecticut State Board of Health since 1890. He is a member of the American Physiological Society and of local and state medical societies. He is also a member of the Graduates' Club of New Haven. In politics he is a Republican. He married Emily Scull Dinnin, of Philadelphia, June



HERBERT E. SMITH

30, 1885. His children are Emily D., Mary M., and Elizabeth B. Smith.

MCBRIDE, Thomas Canning, 1868-

Class of 1888.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; educated in Philadelphia public and High schools; graduated B.S., University of Pennsylvania, 1888; Mechanical Engineer; employed in construction of machinery; in pumping-machinery business since 1896.

THOMAS CANNING MCBRIDE was born in Philadelphia, March 31, 1868. He comes of Scotch-Irish Presbyterian stock, being the son of William John McBride and Elizabeth Courtney Canning. After passing through the Philadelphia High School he entered the Scientific Department at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Bachelor of Science with the Class of 1888. Remaining to take the post-graduate year of study he in 1889 received the additional degree of Mechanical Engineer, mechanics having been his specialty as an undergraduate. In 1890-1892 he was engaged in

erecting machinery for the Link Belt Engineering Company of Philadelphia and for the next four years from 1892 to 1896 was engineer for the George M. Newhall Engineering Company. At the end of his



THOS. C. MCBRIDE

period of service for that company he established himself in the steam pumping machinery business on personal account. In 1899 he became the sales manager resident in Philadelphia for the International Steam Pump Company and superintended their business interests in an extended territory. Mr. McBride is a member and Director of the Engineers' Club and a member of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia.

RUMSEY, Horace Michener, 1869-

Class of 1888 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1869; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1886; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; member Philadelphia Bar; President Law Academy of Philadelphia, 1895-96.

HORACE MICHENER RUMSEY, son of Charles and Frances A. (Sovereign) Rumsey, was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, February 7, 1869. Through his mother he is a grandson of the late Rev. Thomas Sovereign, D.D., a prominent clergyman in the New Jersey Conference of the

Methodist Episcopal Church. He attended the public schools of his native city and in June 1886 was graduated from the Central High School with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He entered upon the study of law in the office of the late Hon. F. Carroll Brewster, and matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he received his degree of Bachelor of Laws in June 1888. He was admitted to practice in the Courts of Common Pleas and the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia county in September 1888. In April 1891 he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. In June of that year the Central High School conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts, and he delivered the Master's Address at the Annual Commencement. Upon his admission to the Bar, he became associated in practice with Hon. F. Carroll Brewster and I. Hazleton Mirkil, Esq. Since Judge Brewster's death, in December 1898, he has been associated with Franklin L. Lyle, Esq., and I. Hazleton Mirkil, Esq. Mr. Rumsey has attained marked success in civil causes, and has attained



HORACE M. RUMSEY

an enviable standing at the Bar. He has industriously employed himself in legal literature. With Mr. Mirkil, he assisted Judge Brewster in the preparation of his six valuable volumes on "Practice in

the Courts of Pennsylvania," comprising practice in the Common Pleas, in the Orphans' Court and in Equity. He has annotated "Stephens on Malicious Prosecution" and "Shirley's Leading Criminal Cases" and has been a contributor to the law magazines. In 1895-1896 he was President of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, the Law Association of Philadelphia, the Lawyers' Club and the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia. In June 1900 he was elected a member of the Board of Managers of the Alumni Association of the Central High School and in February 1902 a Manager in the Board of the Alumni Association of the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

PATTERSON, William Henry, 1855-1901.

Class of 1876.

Born in Germantown, Pa., 1855; prepared for College at Faires' Classical Institute, Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1876; student in University Law Department; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1878-85; General Manager Lynchburg (Va.) Iron Company, 1885-86; Treasurer St. Paul (Minn.) Gas Light Company, 1887-89; President Thurston Cold Storage & Warehouse Company, St. Paul, 1889-96; removed to New York City latter year; Vice-President Standard Coupler Company, 1896-99; Chairman Board of Directors McCord & Company Corporation; Vice-President Illinois Car & Equipment Company, and of Stirling Metal Company; died in New York City, 1901.

WILLIAM HENRY PATTERSON, son of Joseph and Anna Lavinia (Hirstmann) Patterson, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1855. His paternal ancestors were English and Scotch and on his mother's side he is of German extraction. The primary branches of his education were pursued at a day school in Germantown, from which he entered a Moravian School at Litiz, Pennsylvania, and was prepared for College at Dr. J. W. Faires' Classical Institute, Philadelphia. He studied in the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his Bachelor's degree with the Class of 1876, of which he was Historian. He began his legal preparations in the office of Messrs. Bullitt & Dickson of Philadelphia, also pursuing a portion of the regular course in the Law Department of the University and after his admission to the Bar (1878), he became associated in practice with H. Gordon McCouch, who is now Vice-President of the Fidelity Insurance, Trust & Safe

Deposit Company. Withdrawing from the legal profession in 1885 he was for the succeeding year General Manager of the Lynchburg (Virginia) Iron Company, and going to St. Paul, Minnesota, was a Director and Treasurer of the St. Paul Gas Light Company until 1889 when he resigned in order to become President of the Thurston Cold Storage Warehouse Company, St. Paul, and continued in that capacity for seven years. Removing to New York City in 1896 he became Vice-President of the Standard Coupler Company which he subsequently resigned, and in August 1899 became Chairman of



W. H. PATTERSON

the Board of Directors of the McCord & Company Corporation. He was also at the time of his death Vice-President of the Illinois Car & Equipment Company and Vice-President of the Stirling Metal Company. At the University he joined the Philomathean Society and the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity. His numerous club affiliations included the University Club, Philadelphia, Maryland Club, Baltimore, Chicago, and the Town and Country Club, St. Paul; the University, Manhattan and New York Yacht clubs; the Racquet and Tennis clubs also of New York; the Ardsley Club, Ardsley-on-Hudson, and the Garden City Golf Club, Long Island. Politically he was a Republican. Mr. Patterson died in New York City, November 18, 1901.

UMSTED, William Maitland, 1863-

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Coatesville, Pa., 1863; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1889; practicing physician in Philadelphia; connected with Children's Clinic at University Hospital, 1890-91, and later with St. Clement's Hospital Dispensary.

WILLIAM MAITLAND UMSTED, M.D., was born in Coatesville, Pennsylvania, April 9, 1863, the son of Theodore Boyer and Hannah Bailey (Vandever) Umsted, of Dutch ancestry. He received his elementary education in the public schools of Coatesville and then attended the



W. M. UMSTED

Coatesville English and Classical Institute. He at first learned the printing trade, with the intention of entering the publishing business, but later he chose a professional life and with medicine in view, he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the Doctor's degree in 1889. In 1890 and 1891 he was connected with the Children's Clinic at the University Hospital. Subsequently he held a post at St. Clement's Hospital Dispensary. Dr. Umsted is a member of the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Medico-Legal Society, and belongs to Columbia Masonic Lodge, No. 91, and Remembrance Lodge of Odd Fellows. On June 2, 1897, he married

Susan Seltzer, by whom he has one child, a son, William Maitland Umsted, Jr.

CROWTHER, William M., 1870-

Class of 1893 Arts, 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia in 1870; student for two years at Haverford College; Ph.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1896; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; author of historical and legal works.

WILLIAM M. CROWTHER was born in Philadelphia, December 27, 1870. He is of English and Irish ancestry being the son of Samuel and Frances (Cabe) Crowther. After passing through the U. S. Grant Grammar School he in 1885 entered the Friends' Select School from which he was graduated in 1889. In the autumn following he matriculated in Haverford College where he remained during Freshman and Sophomore years when he entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania for the last two years of his course. He graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. His college training finished, he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he received his Bachelor of Laws in 1896. He has practiced law in Philadelphia ever since that date. He is a member of the Bar of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Pennsylvania and the United States District and Circuit Courts. Mr. Crowther is an Adjutant and Captain of the First Regiment S.V.R., a member of the Rho Chapter of the Chi Phi Fraternity and of the Harrison Republican and the Fifteenth Ward Union Republican Clubs of Philadelphia. He is the associate author of a work on The City Government of Philadelphia and has written a legal work entitled "Cases on Torts." On June 17, 1896 he married Anna Rebecca Brown and resides in Philadelphia.

ZWEIGHAFT, Bernard, 1865-

Class of 1888 Biol., 1891 Med.

Born in Poland, 1865; graduated Biological Department, University of Pennsylvania 1888, Medical Department 1891; post-graduate hospital study abroad; practicing physician in New York City.

BERNARD ZWEIGHAFT, M.D., son of Simon Zweighaft and Sophia (Hirschberg) Zweighaft, was born in Pilica, Poland, December 23, 1865. He was prepared for College at Eastburn's Academy in Philadelphia, and entering the Univer-

sity of Pennsylvania was graduated from the Biological School of that institution in 1888. Upon completing this course he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University, from which he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891. After graduation he went abroad for post-graduate work, attending lectures and clinics for a number of months in some of the leading European hospitals. Returning to the United States he took up the practice of medicine in New York City, where he has been engaged in the pursuit of his profession ever since. Dr. Zweighaft is a member



BERNARD ZWEIGHAFT

of the County Medical Society, the County Medical Association, the Pathological Society, and the Metropolitan and Harlem medical societies of New York. He is also a member of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association of New York, the Pennsylvania Society, and the University of Pennsylvania Club of the same city. Dr. Zweighaft was married in October 1894 to Blanche Saxe, and has one child.

SALOM, Pedro Grotjan, 1856-

Class of 1876.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated private and public schools and Scientific Department, University of Pennsylvania; Assistant Assayer United States Mint, Philadelphia, 1876-80; Assistant Chemist Penn-

sylvania Railroad, 1880-1881; Chemist Chester Rolling Mills 1881-82, and Superintendent Steel Department there 1882-84; President Standard Steel Casting Company, 1884-85; organized Philadelphia Testing Laboratory latter year; Secretary Julien Electrical Company, New York, 1886-90; Secretary and Treasurer Consolidated Electric Storage Battery Company, 1890-95; also of United States Mitis Company, 1886 to present time; co-inventor first successful electric automobile; organized Electric Carriage and Wagon Company 1896, and Electric Vehicle Company 1898; awarded prizes for electric vehicles; President Electrical Lead Reduction Company, 1899; expert consulting chemist and holder of valuable patent-rights; one of the founders of the Franklin Scientific Society.

PEDRO GROTTJAN SALOM was born in Philadelphia, April 12, 1856, son of Pedro and Emma (Grotjan) Salom. He is of Spanish descent on the paternal side, and some of his maternal ancestors were Pennsylvania Quakers coming originally from England. The Grotjan family came from Germany. Educated preliminarily in a private school, he subsequently attended the public grammar and Central High schools of Philadelphia and was graduated from the latter with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1873. He then became a student in the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and after completing the regular chemical course he remained an additional year engaged in original research, graduating in 1876. For four years succeeding his graduation he was Assistant Assayer to the United States Mint, Philadelphia, and in 1880 and 1881 was Assistant Chemist in the Altoona shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. After leaving the railroad service he was for a year Chemist at the Chester, Pennsylvania, Rolling Mills and for the succeeding two years was Superintendent of the Steel Department in that establishment. In 1884 he was chosen President of the Standard Steel Casting Company, holding office for one year and organizing the Philadelphia Testing Laboratory in 1885, entered the field as an expert analytical and consulting chemist. From 1886 to 1890 he was Secretary of the Julien Electrical Company of New York, was Secretary and Treasurer of the Consolidated Electric Storage Battery Company from 1890 to 1895 and from 1886 to the present time he has been Secretary and Treasurer of the United States Mitis Company. Mr. Salom is a co-inventor with Henry G. Morris of the first successful electric automobile patented August 31, 1894. In 1896 he organized the Electric Carriage and Wagon Company which was two years later absorbed by the Electrical Vehicle Company, also organized by him

and operating under the Morris and Salom Patents. Morris & Salom were awarded a Gold Medal as first prize in the Times-Herald Moto-cycle Contest at Chicago in 1895, and also the John Scott Medal by the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1897, for electric vehicles. In 1899 he was chosen President of the Electrical Lead Reduction Company, organized for the electrolytic production of lead and its compounds under patents granted to him in 1897-1898 and 1900. He was one of the founders of the Franklin Scientific Society and is a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the



PEDRO G. SALOM

Franklin Institute and Union League Club of Philadelphia; was formerly a member and Vice-President of the Engineers Club and formerly a member of the University Club, Philadelphia. He is widely known as a contributor to technical journals and his writings are considered valuable additions to contemporary scientific literature. Mr. Salom was married June 17, 1885 to Julia Lord, daughter of William Sanderson of Philadelphia. They have four children, two boys and two girls.

RODGERS, Robert, 1863-

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; educated in public schools; graduated Medical Department, University

of Pennsylvania, 1889; Vaccine Physician Board of Health, Philadelphia, for seven years; Medical Examiner Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; President School Board of Thirty-third Ward; member Philadelphia Common Council.

ROBERT RODGERS, M.D., was born in Mount Airy, Philadelphia, August 31, 1863, and is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the son of Robert and Annie (Arthur) Rodgers. After attending the public schools in his native city he was for a time a clerk in several mercantile establishments. He determined then upon a professional career, and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1889. For the past seven years Dr. Rodgers has been the Board of Health's Vaccine Physician in the Thirty-third Ward of Philadelphia. For nine years he has been Medical Examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York. For more than nine years he was a member of the School Board of the Thirty-third Ward, for two years the Secretary and for six years the President of the Board. At the present time he is a member of the Philadelphia Common



ROBERT RODGERS

Council for the Thirty-third Ward. He is connected with the Masonic order as a member of Progress Lodge, Columbia Chapter, Penna. Commandery, and Lulu Temple of the Mystic Shrine,

and is a member of Fourth of July Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, Philadelphia Lodge of Elks, Hepanna Tribe of Red Men and the Southwark Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. Dr. Rodgers is a Republican in politics, and resides in Philadelphia.

COX, Walter, 1857-

Class of 1877.

Born at Solitude, Pa., 1857; educated private schools and University of Pennsylvania; prominent in College athletics; studied law; subsequently engaged in business pursuits; Vice-President The Wire Glass Company; Treasurer Hygeia Ice & Cold Storage Company, Philadelphia; officially connected with other business enterprises; an incorporator of the University Club.

WALTER COX was born at "Solitude," in Chester county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1857, son of Colonel Hewson and Mary Ricketts (Camac) Cox. His grandfather, William Cox, was a Philadelphian who spent his later years in St. Paul, Minnesota. Colonel Hewson Cox (University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1842) won his rank and laurels in the Mexican War under General Scott, to whom he acted as private Aide-de-Camp and confidential interpreter. On the maternal side he is a direct descendant of Thomas Lawrence, a Provincial Councillor and nine times Mayor of Philadelphia, and one of the twenty-four founders and original Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania (see Vol. I, page 245 of this work). Mary Lawrence, daughter of Thomas, married William Masters, also a founder and original Trustee; they had two daughters, — Mary and Sarah, the former of whom became the wife of Richard Penn, who is referred to on page 282, Vol. I. Sarah Lawrence married Turner Camac of Dublin, Ireland; their son, William Masters Camac, married Elizabeth Baynton Markoe, daughter of John Markoe, the latter a son of Abraham Markoe, Captain of the First City Troop of Philadelphia in the Revolutionary War. William M. and Elizabeth B. Camac were the parents of Mary Ricketts Camac, who became the wife of Colonel Hewson Cox, and the mother of Walter and the late Major Herbert Cox. Walter Cox received his early educational training in the private schools of Rev. John W. Faires and Reginald H. Chase. He was a student in the Department of Arts of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1877 and receiving the degree of Master of Arts in the following year. During his College life he was closely identified with the promotion of athletics, being one of a small coterie which included

the late John Neill; and H. L. Geylin, who originated the College cheer and suggested the College colors to the University Athletic Association. After leaving College he applied himself for a time to the study of law under the direction of William E. Littleton, Esq., but did not complete his legal preparations, nor was he actively engaged in business until called to the service of the American Wire Glass Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, in 1893 as Secretary and Treasurer, and in the following year he was chosen Vice-President of the parent company, *viz.*, The Wire Glass Company. In 1895 he



WALTER COX

became Treasurer of the Hygeia Ice & Cold Storage Company, also of Philadelphia, manufacturers of artificial ice, and he has also had official connections with several other business enterprises, all of which have been remarkably successful. He is also President of The Continuous Glass Press Company. At the University he became a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity and the Philomathean Society. He was one of the incorporators of the University Club, and is also a member of the Franklin Institute, and the Philadelphia, Merion Cricket, Racquet and Philadelphia Gun clubs, and the Philadelphia and Atlantic City Country clubs. Mr. Cox was married, May 24, 1882, to Hannah Ashbridge, daughter of Richard Ashbridge. They have no children.

NEWELL, William Frank, 1856-

Class of 1876.

Born in Washington, D.C., 1856; educated Philadelphia private schools and Emerson Institute in Washington; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1876; Assistant Engineer Empire Line 1877-79, and St. Paul & Duluth Railway 1880-83; Engineer and contractor at St. Paul, Minn., 1883-90; Superintendent Olympia (Washington) Water Works, 1890-97; mining and investment broker in New York City.

WILLIAM FRANK NEWELL, was born in Washington, District of Columbia, August 12, 1856, son of Harman Newell (Chief Engineer



W. F. NEWELL

United States Navy) and Ann Marie (Duvall) Newell (both deceased). His father's family resided in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, and the Duvalls were residents of Washington. He was educated preliminarily in Philadelphia private schools and at the Emerson Institute, Washington. Entering the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1872 as a student in mechanical engineering, he was awarded the Freshman Prize in mechanical drawing, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1876. In the latter year he served as Assistant Expert in the trial of steam fire-engines and boilers at the Centennial Exposition and after devoting a short season in obtaining practical knowledge in the Pennsylvania

Railway shops at Altoona, he entered the service of the Empire Line and from 1877 to 1879, was Assistant Engineer. In 1880 he was appointed to a similar position on the St. Paul & Duluth Railway, and from 1883 to 1890 he was engaged in business at St. Paul, Minnesota, as engineer and contractor. In 1890 he went to the State of Washington as Superintendent of the Olympia Water Works, remaining there until 1897, when he located in New York City, and has ever since been engaged in dealing in mining investments and securities. At the University he became a member of the Franklin Scientific Society. He is now a member of the New York Alumni Society of the University, the Loyal Legion, the University of Pennsylvania Alumni Club and the Pennsylvania Society, all of the Metropolis. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Newell was married October 4, 1886, to Mary Catherine Otis of St. Paul, daughter of Hon. George L. Otis.

REDDING, William Augustus, 1850-

Class of 1876 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1850; educated in private schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1876; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1879-87; member Pennsylvania House of Representatives 1885-86; practicing lawyer in New York City since 1887.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS REDDING, son of Charles I. and Mary E. (Johnson) Redding, was born in Philadelphia, November 12, 1850. He is of English ancestry. His early education was acquired in Philadelphia private schools and a portion of his boyhood was spent in the South. At the age of eighteen he entered upon a clerkship in an extensive manufacturing establishment in Philadelphia and while holding that position he devoted his evenings to the study of law. He was admitted to the Bar in 1873 and while entering into practice he continued his legal studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1876. Commencing the practice of his profession in his native city, he, in 1879, became senior partner in the law firm of Redding, Jones & Carson, which built up a large and lucrative general law business. Withdrawing from that firm in 1887, he removed to New York City where he shortly afterwards organized the firm of Redding & Kiddle which was subsequently reorganized as Redding Kiddle & Greeley, and is now transacting an extensive law business, a consid-

erable portion of which is conducted in the United States Courts. Politically Mr. Redding is a Republican, and was a member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania in 1885-1886. He is a



W. A. REDDING

member of the Bar associations of Philadelphia and New York City and the Pennsylvania Society of New York, and the Union League and Engineers Club of New York and the Art Club of Philadelphia.

ANDERS, Joseph Wesley, 1865-

Class of 1890 Med.

Born in North Wales, Pa., 1865; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1890; member of Dispensary Staff Medico-Chirurgical Hospital; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH WESLEY ANDERS, M.D., is a native of North Wales, Pennsylvania, a borough situated in Montgomery county, within a few miles of Philadelphia. He was born December 3, 1865. His father is Joseph K. Anders and his mother before her marriage was Annie Allebach. On both sides he traces German descent. His education began in the public schools of his native town, being followed later with a course in the North Wales Academy. His tastes inclined him to the medical profession, and with this career in view, he matric-

ulated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1890. He has ever since been engaged in private practice in Philadelphia, and for some years has been connected with the Dispensary staff of the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital in that city. Dr. Anders is a Republican. On September 15, 1892, he married Bell G. Linton, by whom he has one daughter. He resides in Philadelphia.

SEYFERT, Henry Hunter, 1866-

Class of 1887.

Born in Philadelphia, 1866; graduated B.S., University of Pennsylvania, 1887; received supplementary degree of M.E., 1888; in iron manufacturing business in Philadelphia.

HENRY HUNTER SEYFERT, son of William M. and Lucy Fisher (Hunter) Seyfert, was born in Philadelphia, November 4, 1866. After being prepared for College in schools in his native city, he entered the College Department of the



HENRY H. SEYFERT

University of Pennsylvania, where he took the Scientific Course. He received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1887, and spending a fifth year in the Post-graduate School, in the study of

mechanical engineering, took the supplementary degree of Mechanical Engineer in 1888. In 1890 he entered the firm of L. F. Seyfert's Sons, an iron manufacturing firm of Philadelphia, with which he has ever since been continuously associated. Mr. Seyfert is a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity. He resides in Philadelphia.

HAMMETT, Frederick W., 1859-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1859; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1881; practiced until 1883; Treasurer Cohoba Coal & Coke Company, Ala., 1881-85; President Aetna Oil Company since 1890; Treasurer Crew Levick Oil Company; President and Director of street-railroads and various industrial corporations.

FREDERICK W. HAMMETT was born in Philadelphia, July 14, 1859. His father, Barnabas Hammett, was one of the pioneers in the coal business in Pennsylvania; his firm, Noble, Hammett & Company, of which Asa Packer was the junior member, was the largest coal shipping house in the business at that period, and it was through its assistance and coöperation that Asa Packer was enabled to construct the Lehigh Valley Railroad from Mauch Chunk to Bethlehem. The Hammetts came from England in the early part of the eighteenth century and settled at Plymouth, Massachusetts. In the latter years of the century they removed to Vermont, establishing a home near Montpelier, the capital of the state. There Barnabas Hammett, the father of the subject of this sketch, was born in 1809. The original homestead in Vermont remains in the family and is now owned by Frederick W. Hammett. His mother was Sobenja Hardie, a Scotch lady, born in Edinboro, in 1835. Mr. Hammett attended the West Penn Square Academy and William Fewsmith's School in Philadelphia, graduating in 1875 from the last mentioned academy, later matriculating in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. Graduating in 1881, he practiced his profession in Philadelphia until 1883, afterward devoting his sole attention to his large business enterprises. From 1881 to 1885 he was Treasurer of the Cohoba Coal & Coke Company, the first company to engage itself in the mining of coal in Alabama. In 1883 he entered into the oil business, founding the firm of L. McDonald & Company, which was absorbed by the Aetna Oil Company in 1885. Of this new concern

Mr. Hammett became the President. In 1890 the Aetna Company was consolidated with the old established oil firm of Crew Levick Company, the Seaboard Oil Works, the Glade Oil Works and the Muir Oil Works. Of this combination Mr. Hammett became the Treasurer and he has remained in this position to the present time. In 1899 he became the President of the Philadelphia, Morton & Swarthmore Street Railway Company and constructed that line during the years 1899 and 1900. In 1901 he was elected President of and constructed the Media, Middletown, Aston & Chester



FREDERICK W. HAMMETT

Electric Railway Company. He is an officer and director of a number of other corporations. He is a member of the Union League and Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia. In April 1883 he married Martha I. Lane, by whom he has three children: Frederick Royal, William Henry and Louise Adele Hammett. His home is in Philadelphia.

LATHBURY, Benjamin Brentnall, 1870-

Class of 1890.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1890; C.E., 1891; in service of United States Government, War Department, 1891; later in employ of Pennsylvania Railroad; specialist

in design and construction of mechanical plants; President Alma Portland Cement Company of Ohio; member of firm Lathbury & Spackman, designing and consulting engineers of Philadelphia.

BENJAMIN BRETNALL LATHBURY was born in Philadelphia in 1870, son of Stephen Lathbury, through whom he is descended from the Lathburys of Burton-on-Trent, England. Through his mother who was Margaret Keen Conrad he is descended from Johann Keen who came to Philadelphia from Sweden early in the seventeenth century before William Penn had yet purchased or planned the settlement of the colony. Mr. Lathbury was prepared for College at Lauderbach's Academy in Philadelphia. He matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in September 1886 and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in the Class of 1890. He took a Post-Graduate course and in 1891 received the additional degree of Civil Engineer. He immediately entered the employ of the United States Government under the War Department at the United States Engineers office in Wilmington, Delaware, but remained there only a short time, transferring his services to the Pennsylvania Railroad. In 1892 and 1893 he was engaged in maintenance of way work on the Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburg, Southwest System. Subsequently he was employed on construction work on the Philadelphia division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, embracing lines east of Pittsburg, and in the mechanical testing and inspection department of Messrs. Booth, Garrett & Blair, Philadelphia. Since 1894 he has been engaged in private practice. He is a member of the firm of Lathbury & Spackman of Philadelphia, designing and consulting engineers, operating in conjunction with that business public testing laboratories. He is a specialist in the design and erection of cement plants, having designed and constructed many works in America, Canada, Europe and New Zealand. He has been closely identified with the development of the Portland cement industry in the United States since its inception and is the President of the Alma Portland Cement Company whose works are located at Wellston, Ohio. Mr. Lathbury is a member of the University Club of Philadelphia, the Phi Delta Theta Club of Philadelphia and the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. He belongs also to the American Society of Civil Engineers, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. In 1897 he married Bertha Elizabeth Nesbitt. His home is in Philadelphia.

LITTLE, Henry Ashton, 1867-

Class of 1890 Arts, 1893 Law.

Born in Bucks county, Pa., 1867; graduated A.B., University of Pennsylvania 1890, LL.B., 1893; member of Bars of Philadelphia and Delaware counties, Pa.; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

HENRY ASHTON LITTLE was born at Centerville, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, August 26, 1867, son of James Henry and Lavinia Louise Little, *née* Bucknell. He attended the Friends' Central School and the Penn Charter School in Philadelphia where he was fitted for college. Matriculating in the University of Pennsylvania he was



HENRY ASHTON LITTLE

graduated Bachelor of Arts in 1890 after a full four-years course in the Department of Arts. He at once gave his attention to the study of the law and for this purpose matriculated in the Law Department of the University. He received his Bachelor of Laws in 1893 and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar and the Bar of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. In politics Mr. Little is a Republican. He is a member of the University Club, the Corinthian Yacht Club and the Law Association of Philadelphia. He belongs also to the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Chapter of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity and the Philadelphia Alumni Society of that fraternity. On May 15, 1894, he

married Mary Downing Hatch of New York City. They have two children: James Henry Little, 2nd, Mary Sanford Little, and they reside at Wallingford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

PACKARD, Frederick Adolphus, 1862-

Class of 1882.

Born in Philadelphia, 1862; educated Rugby Academy, Philadelphia; graduated College Department University of Pennsylvania 1882, Medical Department 1885; practicing physician in Philadelphia; formerly Instructor Clinical Medicine, University of Pennsylvania; Trustee of the University.

FREDERICK ADOLPHUS PACKARD, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 17, 1862, son of John Hooker Packard, M.D., and Elizabeth Wood. His father was a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1853, and his mother was a niece of George B. Wood, M.D., a graduate of the College in 1815 and the Medical Department in 1818, and for many years a Professor of Chemistry and Medicine in the University. Dr. Frederick A. Packard was prepared for College at Rugby Academy in Philadelphia, and in 1878 entered the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the College Department as Bachelor of Arts in 1882 and from the Medical Department as Doctor of Medicine in 1885. During his University course he won the Demonstrators' prize of the second rank and the Dr. Spencer Morris prize of the first rank, was awarded the Henry M. Beates prize for highest average in final examination, and received honorable mention for graduation thesis in medicine. Following his graduation in medicine Dr. Packard served as Resident Physician at the University Hospital 1885-1886 and at the Pennsylvania Hospital 1887-1888, and since then has devoted himself mainly to general practice in Philadelphia, was Assistant to the late Dr. William Pepper for three years, has officiated as Physician to the Episcopal and the Philadelphia hospitals of that city, and has been for many years on the Staff of the Pennsylvania Hospital and the Children's Hospital. For several years, until 1899, he was Instructor in Clinical Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, and in 1901 he was elected a Trustee of the University, an office which he now fills. Dr. Packard is President of the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, and is a prominent member of many medical organizations and social clubs. He married Katharine Paul Shippen, daughter of Dr. Edward Shippen.

TARGET, John D., 1868-

Class of 1898 Med

Born in London, Eng., 1868; educated in London schools; graduated University of London, 1887; in mercantile business, 1888-1893; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1898; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

JOHAN D. TARGET, M.D., was born in London, England, May 3, 1868, son of William Edward and Mary (Burke) Target. He received his elementary education under the private preceptorship of Sir William Gomm and at St. Olave's Grammar School in London, and took his classical course



JOHN D. TARGET

at the University of London, where he was graduated as Bachelor of Arts in 1887. He then entered mercantile life, and from 1888 to 1893 was junior member of the drygoods firm of McCarthy & Company, Philadelphia. Following his inclination for a professional career he took up the study of medicine, and pursuing the course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated therefrom as Doctor of Medicine in 1898. Dr. Target has since practiced his profession in Philadelphia, in which city he resides.

TAYLOR, James Gurney, 1872-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Burlington, N. J., 1872; educated Havreford College, Pa.; graduated Medical Department Univer-

sity of Pennsylvania 1895; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

JAMES GURNEY TAYLOR, M.D., was born in Burlington, New Jersey, May 23, 1872, son of William Shipley and Julia Clark (Kirkbride) Taylor. His early education was received at Van Rensselaer Parochial School in Burlington from 1882 to 1885, and at Westtown Boarding School in Chester county, Pennsylvania, from 1885 to 1889. His classical course was taken at Haverford College, Pennsylvania, where he spent the years 1889-1891. In the latter year he entered the Medical Department of



J. GURNEY TAYLOR

the University of Pennsylvania, where he pursued the full four-years course and was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1895. After a year of hospital work in London, England, he returned to Philadelphia and established himself in the practice of his profession. Dr. Taylor's hospital appointments have included terms of service as Resident Physician in the Seaside Home for Invalid Women at Atlantic City, New Jersey; St. Christopher's Hospital for Children in Philadelphia and the Pennsylvania Hospital in that city. At the present time he is Visiting Physician to the Pennsylvania Institution for Instruction of the Blind, and to the Philadelphia Orphan Asylum, both at Overbrook, where he resides. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadel-

phia County Medical Society, the Pathological Society of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, also a fellow of the College of Physicians and a member of the Medical Club of Philadelphia. Dr. Taylor was married December 7, 1898, to Mary Lippincott Richards; daughter: Anne Richards Taylor.

MCGEORGE, Arthur, 1870-

Class of 1890.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; member of Class of 1890, College Department, University of Pennsylvania but did not graduate; employed in national bank; now in law and real-estate business, Philadelphia.

ARTHUR MCGEORGE was born in Philadelphia, July 29, 1870, son of William McGeorge, Jr., and Mary Armadelle (Clark) McGeorge and is of Scotch and English ancestry. He attended the public schools of his native city and after graduating tutored for six months. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania and was a member of the Class of 1890 taking the courses in finance and economy in the Wharton School but left without graduating at the end of Junior year. For nearly two years subsequently he was employed in a national bank but on August 1, 1891, entered his father's office as cashier. With this business, law, real estate, care of estates and investments,— he has ever since been closely identified. His office is in the Bullitt Building, Philadelphia. While in College Mr. McGeorge was a member of the Towne Scientific and Literary Society. He was the Secretary of that organization in 1887-1888 and its Treasurer in 1888-1889. From 1888 to 1893 he was Treasurer of the College Boat Club and substituted on the Freshman eight oar crew which rowed the Yale Freshmen at New London, June 1887. On November 11, 1896 he married Greta Charlotte Negendank and has one daughter, Rebecca McGeorge. He resides in Wilmington, Delaware.

WANAMAKER, Alfred Lodor, 1873-

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; educated in Philadelphia public schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, and admitted to Bar, 1895; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ALFRID LODOR WANAMAKER, son of F. Marion and Ida M. (Lodor) Wanamaker, was born in Philadelphia, September 4, 1873. His paternal ancestors came from Germany, and the Lodors are of English and Dutch descent. He acquired his early education in the public schools of

his native city, graduating from the Central High School with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and pursuing his legal studies in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated therefrom



ALFRED L. WANAMAKER

as Bachelor of Laws in 1895. He was at once admitted to practice in the courts of Philadelphia county, and subsequently to the State and United States courts. Mr. Wanamaker is associated in practice in Philadelphia with P. F. Rothermel, Jr., the present District Attorney. In politics he is a Republican. He resides in Philadelphia, and is a member of the Geographical and University clubs of that city.

WOODRUFF, George Washington, 1864-

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Susquehanna county, Pa., 1864; graduated State Normal School, Mansfield, Pa., and Yale University 1889; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; coach of Pennsylvania Football Team since 1892; Financial Secretary Pennsylvania Athletic Association.

GEORGE WASHINGTON WOODRUFF, son of Lewis H. and Mella (Glidden) Woodruff, was born in Dimock, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1864. His American ancestors were mostly New England Puritans. After an attendance at the country schools and for two years in

the public schools of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, he took the course and was graduated at the Pennsylvania Normal School in Mansfield, having in the meantime taught for three winters in country district schools. He then prepared himself for College, and entered upon the Classical course at Yale University, graduating from that institution as Bachelor of Arts in 1889. For three years after leaving College he was a teacher in College preparatory schools. In 1892, having directed his attention to the study of law, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and pursuing the three-years course was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1895. He was admitted at once to the Bar of the Common Pleas and Orphan's courts of Philadelphia county, and soon after to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and the United States District and Circuit courts of Eastern Pennsylvania, and has since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Mr. Woodruff maintains an active interest in athletics, of which he is an enthusiastic devotee. While at Yale he belonged to a greater number of athletic teams than any other undergraduate in the history of athletics



GEORGE W. WOODRUFF

at that University. In his first year at Law School he took charge of the Pennsylvania Football Team, and he has coached it ever since. He is also Financial Secretary of the Pennsylvania Athletic Association.

ciation. Mr. Woodruff is a member of the Psi Upsilon, Phi Beta Kappa and Skull and Bones societies of Yale, also of the Yale and the Pennsylvania alumni associations of Philadelphia. He was married to Maud Donald Macbride, August 4, 1898.

WARDEN, Nelson Bushnell, 1873-

Class of 1895.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; educated Haverford College Grammar School, Haverford College and University of Pennsylvania; now Secretary W. G. Warden Estate, Philadelphia.

NELSON BUSHNELL WARDEN, son of William G. and Sarah Wills (Bushnell) Warden, was born in Philadelphia, November 13, 1873. He was prepared at the Haverford College Grammar School for Haverford College, and after studying three years at the last named institution, he withdrew to enter the Senior class of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1895. He is still residing in Philadelphia and is Secretary of the W. G. Warden Estate. Mr. Warden is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity, the First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry, and the University Markham, St. Anthony, Racquet and Country clubs, Philadelphia, and the Union League Club of New York City. Politically he acts with the Republican party.

SLAUGHTER, Charles H. P., 1874-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Frankford, Pa., 1874; educated under private instructor and in public schools; studied pharmacy; studied medicine at University of Pennsylvania and pursued additional courses in Hygiene and Medical Jurisprudence; located for practice in Philadelphia; held appointments of Assistant Orthopedic Surgery to Dispensary University Hospital; Physician South Eastern Dispensary for Diseases of Children; member Philadelphia Association for the Medical Inspection of Public Schools.

CHARLES H. P. SLAUGHTER, M.D., was born in Frankford, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1874, son of William F. and Adela (Jackson) Slaughter. His paternal grandparents immigrated from England about the year 1828 and settled in one of the Carolinas. He was educated preliminarily under a private tutor and prior to entering upon his medical preparations he studied pharmacy. He pursued the regular course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania which he entered at the age of eighteen, at the same time taking special courses in the Auxiliary Department

of Medicine, in Hygiene and Medical Jurisprudence, receiving a certificate of proficiency in the latter, and took his Medical degree with the Class of 1895. After graduating he immediately began the practice of medicine in Philadelphia. He was appointed Assistant Orthopedic Surgeon to the Dispensary of the University Hospital, and also Physician to the South Eastern Dispensary for Diseases of Children, holding both of these positions until his private practice became so extensive as to compel him to permanently withdraw from his hospital work. Dr. Slaughter is a member of the Philadelphia Medical



CHARLES H. P. SLAUGHTER

Society, the Association for the Medical Inspection of Public Schools and of the Masonic order.

CLEMENS, James Brentano, 1861-

Class of 1883 Med.

Born in Easton, Pa., 1861; attended Lafayette College, 1879-80; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1883; studied in European Universities, 1888-90; Instructor Adjunct Professor New York Post-Graduate Hospital and Medical School, 1890-1900; Aural Surgeon and Director Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital; practicing physician in New York.

JAMES BRENTANO CLEMENS, M.D., was born in Easton, Pennsylvania, January 8, 1861. He is a son of Jacob Brackinridge Clemens,

who was graduated from the Medical Department of University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1849, but who did not actively practice his profession, devoting his attention to the study of American Lepidoptera, in which branch of entomology he attained international distinction. The first American representative of the Clemens family was James Wolfe Clemens who emigrated from England in 1761 and settled in Virginia, but in 1771 removed to that part of the state which afterward by virtue of Mason and Dixon's Line was included in Washington county, Pennsylvania. James Wolfe Clemens



JAMES B. CLEMENS

2nd was a highly successful practitioner of medicine in Wheeling, West Virginia. James Wolfe Clemens 3rd was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1858 and up to the time of his death was Professor of Physiology in the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis. James Brentano Clemens' mother was Susan Burke Wagener. Until November 13, 1895 he was known as Brentano Clemens but by decree of the courts he was granted permission to prefix James to his baptismal name. His early education was received at public and private schools and at the Hill School at Pottstown, Pennsylvania, where he was prepared for Lafayette College. He matriculated at that institution and remained during the years of 1879-1880, when he left to take up the

study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1883. Dr. Clemens received his hospital training in the Dispensary of the University of Pennsylvania, and the Out-Door Departments of the Pennsylvania and Orthopædic Hospitals in Philadelphia. He began the practice of his profession in Easton in 1884, but in July 1888 sailed for Europe to pursue a course of higher studies with a view to making himself a specialist in ear, nose and throat diseases. He attended prescribed courses on these subjects in the Universities of Berlin and Vienna and also studied in the private clinics of these cities. In the summer of 1889 he attended a private course in bacteriology with Professor Hans Buechner at Munich, returning in 1890 to America to take up his professional career in New York City. In October of that year he was appointed Clinical Assistant to Dr. John Sheppard in the Aural Department of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital and Medical School. On May 16, 1892 he was elected instructor of Otology in that institution, being advanced to an Adjunct Professorship in Otology in 1897, a position which he held until April 1900. From 1892 until 1895 Dr. Clemens was Aural Surgeon of the Church Hospital and Dispensary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Since September 1890 he has been prominently identified with the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital of New York, first as Clinical Assistant in the Aural Clinic of D. B. St. John Roosa, then in 1892 as Assistant Surgeon and Acting Chief of the Ear Clinic, and in January 1900 he was elected an Aural Surgeon at the same time becoming a Director of the hospital. Dr. Clemens is a member of various medical societies, including the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Society, the New York Otological Society (Charter member), the American Otological Society and the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society (Charter member). He belongs to the Zeta Psi Fraternity. On April 22, 1899, he married Marie Antoinette Lawrence Heye, by whom he has one daughter, Dorothy Heye Clemens. His home is in New York City.

FERRIS, Francis Scoffin, 1872-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; attended Central High School in Philadelphia; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; special student in bacteriology;

medical examiner to Philadelphia & Reading Railroad; sanitary deputy State Board of Health; author.

FRANCIS SCOFFIN FERRIS, M.D., is a son of Joseph and Elizabeth Ann Ferris. On the paternal side his ancestors have been Phila-



FRANCIS SCOFFIN FERRIS

delphians for several generations. His great-grandfather who was of Scotch descent settled in Germantown and was a petty officer in the Revolutionary Army. On his mother's side his grandparents came from Lincolnshire, England, and located at Jenkintown, Pennsylvania in 1830. Dr. Ferris was born in Philadelphia July 24, 1872. He received his early education in the public schools of that city, attending the Central High School and later entered the Medical School at the University of Pennsylvania from which he was graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1895. For a time he was a special student in bacteriology at the University. Dr. Ferris spent his term as Resident Physician at St. Christopher's Hospital for Children. He is Externe and Clinical Assistant at the Polyclinic Hospital and Clinical Assistant at the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia. He is Dermatologist to the Southern Dispensary, Medical Examiner of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, Sanitary Deputy of the Pennsylvania Board of Health. Dr. Ferris wrote the section on Hematology in Taylor and

Wells' Manual of the Diseases of Children published in 1898. On April 30, 1901 he married Ida May Callaghan. His home is in Philadelphia.

McCLINTOCK, John, Jr., 1873-

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; graduated Central High School in Philadelphia; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; member of Philadelphia Bar; engaged in civil practice; President Law Academy of Philadelphia, 1901; member of Board of Directors of The Young Republicans.

JOHN McCLINTOCK, JR., was born in Philadelphia, June 6, 1873. His father John McClintock is a native Scotch-Irishman. His mother whose maiden name was Frances Fullaway is of English parentage. Mr. McClintock attended the public schools of his native city, passing from the lower grades to the Central High School. For two years, 1890-1891, he was Assistant Cashier of the Philadelphia Press and then registered himself as a student-at-law with Gendell & Reeves, a well



JOHN McCLINTOCK, JR.

known firm of attorneys in Philadelphia. He matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in October 1892, graduating June 3, 1895 as a Bachelor of Laws. On June 15 following

he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar and he has conducted a civil practice in that city ever since. For several years he has been closely identified with the Law Academy of Philadelphia which is the oldest legal society in the United States. It was founded in 1783 by Peter S. DuPonceau who came over to this country from France during the Revolution as an aide to Baron Kalb and remained to gain distinction for himself as a lawyer and philologist, being for a time President of the American Philosophical Society. The Academy was incorporated by Act of Pennsylvania Legislature in 1838. Mr. McClintock was Deputy Prothonotary of the organization in 1898. In 1899 he was elected Prothonotary, in 1900 Vice-President and in 1901 President. In January 1901 he was elected a member of the Board of Directors of the Young Republicans of Philadelphia, is also a member of the Union Republican Club, Law Association and state Bar Association. On November 9, 1898, Mr. McClintock married Daisy Conner, the only daughter of Dr. D. N. Conner. They have one child, a daughter, Margaret McClintock.

MECUTCHEN, Peirce, 1875-

Class of 1895 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1875; graduated Philadelphia High School, 1892; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1896; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

PEIRCE MECUTCHEN is a son of Samuel and Eliza (Fiegel) Mecutchen. His grandfather on his father's side came to this country from County Tyrone, Ireland about 1830. His great-grandfather on his mother's side was Johannes Fiegel born in Stuttgart in 1744. Educated in Germany for a school teacher, he came to this country when still a young man and married Margaret Schaaf in Philadelphia in 1773. His son Charles Fiegel born in 1787 who married Elizabeth (Lott) in 1818 was the grandfather of the subject of this sketch. Peirce Mecutchen was born in Philadelphia, August 23, 1875. He was educated in the public schools of his native city and was graduated from the Central High School in June 1892. Receiving a scholarship in the University of Pennsylvania, he chose the Law Department and was graduated therefrom as a Bachelor of Laws in June 1895 at the age of twenty. Too young to practice he employed himself for a year in editing the title of "Sales of Personal Property" in Pepper and Lewis' Encyclopædia of Pennsylvania Decisions,

In October 1896 he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar and subsequently was admitted to practice before the Pennsylvania Supreme Court and the United States District and Circuit Courts. He is now actively engaged in professional work. Mr. Mecutchen was, for a time, associated in practice with William Jay Turner; and afterwards with George W. Carr, of the Philadelphia Bar. In 1899-1900 he was Assistant Secretary of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. He is a member of several lycæums



PEIRCE MECUTCHEN

and debating societies, in which he takes an active interest.

WARREN, Walter Burgess.

Class of 1895.

Born in West Newton, Mass.; educated Manual Training School, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; mechanical engineer; Superintendent Warren Scharf Asphalt Paving Company; Superintendent Warren-Burnham Company, Contractors, 1898-1901; Assistant General Manager Warren Brothers Company, Boston, 1901.

WALTER BURGESS WARREN was born in West Newton, Massachusetts, seventh son of Herbert Marshall and Eliza Caroline (Copp) Warren. He is of New England ancestry and a descendant in the ninth generation of Arthur Warren, who settled at Weymouth, Massachusetts, in 1634. From Arthur the line of descent is Jacob (2),

Joseph (3-4-5), Jeduthan (6), Jesse (7), Herbert Marshall (8) and Walter Burgess Warren (9). He acquired a knowledge of the elementary principles of mechanics at the Philadelphia Manual Training School, from which he entered the University of Pennsylvania for the purpose of pursuing a scientific course, and after taking the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1895, he remained for post-graduate work, receiving that of Mechanical Engineer in 1896. He immediately entered the employ of Warren Scharf Asphalt Paving Company as Foreman was in 1897 advanced to the position of As-



WALTER B. WARREN

sistant Superintendent, and in the following year became Superintendent. He was also in 1898 given charge by the contractors, the Warren-Burnham Company, of the construction of the water-power developments at Trenton Falls, New York. In 1901 he went into the paving business with his brothers under the name of Warren Brothers Company. Mr. Warren is an associate member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Engineers' Club of New York City, University of Pennsylvania Club, New York City, and the North Gate Club of West Newton, Massachusetts, and the Phi Gamma Delta and Mu Phi Alpha fraternities. In politics he is a Republican.

ELCOCK, John Joseph, 1871-

Class of 1892.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; graduated B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; in service of Central Electric Company, and Pennsylvania Railroad; admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1896; practitioner in Philadelphia.

JOHAN JOSEPH ELCOCK was born in Philadelphia, September 8, 1871, son of Judge Thomas R. Elcock and Isabella M. Peter (Seyfert) Elcock. At eight years of age he was placed at school in the Convent of Notre Dame where he remained until 1884. From 1884 to 1888 he was a student at Rugby Academy in the same city, being fitted there for the University of Pennsylvania in which he matriculated in the Towne Scientific School, taking the degree of Bachelor of Science with the Class of 1892. In the autumn of that year he entered the service of the General Electric Company at Schenectady, New York, and afterwards for a time was Observer of Tests in the Engineering Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad. After a few years' experience in technological positions, Mr. Elcock determined upon the study of law, his father's profession, and entered actively upon a course of reading. Under Judge Elcock's preceptorship he took the Bar examinations and was admitted to practice before the Philadelphia courts, July 10, 1896. He now carries on a law business in that city.

BURTENSHAW, James Hawley, 1861-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born at Ontonagon, Mich., 1861; graduated Episcopal Academy at Connecticut, 1878; studied medicine one year at University of Michigan; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1891; practicing physician in New York City since 1893; Lecturer on Operative Gynæcology in New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital; Editor New York State Journal of Medicine, and author of medical text-books.

JAMES HAWLEY BURTENSHAW, M.D., was born in Ontonagon, Michigan, August 27, 1861, and is the eldest son of James and Cornelia (Hawley) Burtenshaw. On his father's side he is a direct descendant of Edward Burtenshaw first Baron St. Leonards in the peerage of Great Britain and Ireland, a distinguished English statesman and jurist, who was successively Solicitor-General, Lord Chancellor of Ireland and Lord High Chancellor of England. His mother Cornelia Hawley was a direct descendant of Joseph Hawley of Parwick, Derbyshire, England, who emigrated to America and landed near Boston, Massachusetts, in 1629. Her great-grandmother Abia (Nichols) Hawley was a daughter of Sergeant Frances Nichols who came to

America in 1635 and was one of the original landed proprietors of the town of Stratford, Connecticut. He was a brother of Colonel (afterward Sir) Richard Nichols who commanded a fleet fitted out by the Duke of York to take possession of lands in this country under a patent granted by Charles II., and who in 1664 captured New Amsterdam from the Dutch and renamed it New York. Dr. Burtenshaw received his early education at private schools and at the Episcopal Academy of Connecticut from which he was graduated in 1878. He chose medicine as his life profession and spent the first year in his medical course at the University of Michigan. The two following years were occupied at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he was graduated in 1891. Subsequently for sixteen months he was Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Hospital and in March 1893 he located in New York City where he has ever since practiced his profession. In 1892 he published an *Epitome of Pepper's Lectures on the Theory and Practice of Medicine* which was used as a text-book in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania until Dr. Pepper's death. Dr. Burtenshaw is Lecturer on Operative Gynecology in the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital. For three years he was Assistant Editor of the "Medical News" and for one year was Editor of the "New York State Journal of Medicine." Dr. Burtenshaw belongs to the American Medical Association, the New York State Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York County Medical Association, the Polyclinic Clinical Society, the Medical Society of the County of New York, the West End Medical Society, the New York Medico-Surgical Society, the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association and the New York Society of the Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania.

TAYLOR, George Yardley, 1868-1900.

Class of 1885 Med.

Born in Burlington, N. J., 1868; graduated Princeton College, 1882; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1885; Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital, 1885-86; Medical Missionary in China; killed by Boxers at Pao-Ting-Fu, 1900.

GEORGE YARDLEY TAYLOR, M.D., was born in Burlington, New Jersey, in 1868, and was graduated in arts at Princeton College in 1882. He then studied medicine, was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1885, and was appointed Resident Physician at the Presbyterian

Hospital in Philadelphia. In 1887 he was commissioned a Medical Missionary to China by the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. After serving for a time in Peking, he was transferred to Pao-Ting-Fu, and there met his death at the hands of Boxers, June 28, 1900. While living in Philadelphia Dr. Taylor was a member of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church of that city, also organist and a teacher in its Sunday School. In commemoration of his life and work, services were held in the Tabernacle Church on October 28, 1900, on which occasion a memorial address was given by Rev. Edward B. Hodge, D.D., Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Education, whose son, Rev. Courtland Van Rensselaer Hodge, was killed by the Chinese at the same time as Dr. Taylor.

SHUMWAY, Edward Adams, 1870-

Class of 1891 Arts, 1894 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1870; graduated Central High School, 1887; B.S. University of Pennsylvania, 1891, M.D. 1894; studied in German Universities; practicing physician in Philadelphia since 1898.

EDWARD ADAMS SHUMWAY, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, September 3, 1870, son of Lowell and Anna Sarah (Bussier) Shumway. He is a descendant of Peter Shumway, presumably a Huguenot who left France just prior to the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes and who settled in Massachusetts. His early education was received in the public schools of his native city. He was graduated from the Central High School with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1887, and at once entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania to pursue the courses in the Scientific School. He was graduated as a Bachelor of Science in 1891, having spent the last two years of his four years course in the Biological Department preparing himself for his future career in medicine. In the autumn of 1891 he matriculated in the Medical Department of the University, obtaining the Doctor's degree three years later. He secured appointments as Resident Physician at three hospitals, the Philadelphia, the University and the Presbyterian, but chose the first named of these, remaining to gain experience in the wards of that great institution from June 1894 to September 1895. Subsequently to broaden his training he accepted an election as Resident Physician in New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, remaining there from January 1896 to July 1897 when he sailed for Europe to continue his medical studies. He visited the clinics and

attended University lectures in Göttingen, Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Heidelberg, Berlin, Vienna and Paris. Late in the year 1898 he returned to the United States and settled in Philadelphia as a general practitioner. Dr. Shumway is a member of the College of Physicians, the Pathological Society and the County Medical Society of Philadelphia, the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society and the American Medical Association. He belongs also to the University Club of Philadelphia, the Medical Club of Philadelphia, the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity and the Alpha Mu Pi Omega Medical



EDWARD ADAMS SHUMWAY

Fraternity. While in College Dr. Shumway was a member of the University of Pennsylvania Glee Club. His present address is in Philadelphia.

BARNHILL, Edwin Nevin, 1875-

Class of 1899 Med.

Born in New Philadelphia, O., 1875; educated in public and high schools; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

EDWIN NEVIN BARNHILL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, Ohio, July 27, 1875, the sixth son of John Harvey and Henrietta (Croxtan) Barnhill. His father was a prominent lawyer of Philadelphia, and a Police Court Judge of that city. He received his education in the public schools of

New Philadelphia, graduating from the High School in 1893. In 1895 he entered the University of Pennsylvania, from the Medical Department of which he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1899. For two years previous to entering College he was a clerk in the Commissary Department in Chicago. Since graduation from Medical School he has practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Barnhill was Resident Physician at St. Agnes Hospital in Philadelphia for fourteen months. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and a graduate member of the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society of that city.

SIMPSON, Frank Farrow, 1868-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Laurens, S. C., 1868; graduated Bachelor of Arts, University of South Carolina, 1889; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; practiced at Spartanburg, S. C., for one year; specialist in gynæcology at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Assistant Gynæcologist to Mercy Hospital since 1898.

FRANK FARROW SIMPSON, M.D., was born at Laurens, South Carolina, April 2, 1868. He comes of a prominent family in South Carolina. He is son of John Wistar and Anne Pattilla (Farrow) Simpson and is of Scotch-Irish extraction on his father's side and Scotch with a mixture of French Huguenot in the maternal line. From eight to seventeen years of age he attended common and private schools at Laurens and Glenn Springs, South Carolina. He then matriculated in the University of South Carolina, from which he graduated Bachelor of Arts in June 1889. Having chosen medicine as his profession he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania receiving his Doctor of Medicine in May 1893. He graduated ninth in a class of two hundred and fifty-four members. His term as Resident Physician was spent at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He won his position after competitive examination. There were thirty-five other applicants and only four places to be filled but he was selected and remained in Pittsburg for one year when he returned to the South, beginning private practice at Spartanburg, South Carolina. At the end of a year he was offered a position as assistant to Dr. X. O. Werder, an eminent gynæcologist of Pittsburg and accepted the appointment. He has remained there ever since. In 1897 he was made one of the five trustees of the Woman's Hospital of Pittsburg, an institution which was founded by the generosity of Mrs. Sarah Coleman

Miller. In 1898 he was appointed assistant Gynæcologist to the Mercy Hospital in that city and Gynæcologist to its Out-Patient Department. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society,



FRANK F. SIMPSON

the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, the Pittsburg Pathological Society and the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynæcologists. He belongs also to the John Ashhurst Jr. Surgical Society and the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, the Kappa Alpha Fraternity and the Clanosophic Society, a literary organization at the University of South Carolina. Dr. Simpson's address is in Pittsburg.

MACLEOD, Norman, 1872-

Class of 1893.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; member of class of 1893, College Department, University of Pennsylvania, but did not graduate; in employ of Drexel & Company, 1891-99; member of firm of Norman MacLeod & Co., bankers and brokers; Second Lieutenant Battery A, Pennsylvania Volunteers during War with Spain; First Lieutenant Battery A, National Guard of Pennsylvania.

NORMAN MACLEOD was born in Philadelphia, December 13, 1872, son of George Ingels MacLeod, M. D., and Elisabeth Burtis MacLeod. Through the paternal line he is of Scotch

extraction. He attended George F. Martin's School and the Hamilton School in Philadelphia where he was prepared for College. He entered the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1893 having been a student in the Towne Scientific School, but left College at the end of his Sophomore year to accept a position in the banking house of Drexel & Company. He continued to be associated with this large financial establishment until March 1899 when he left and subsequently founded a banking and brokerage firm of his own, under the name of Norman MacLeod & Company. Mr. MacLeod was a Second Lieutenant in Battery A, Pennsylvania Volunteers during the Spanish-American War accompanying the organization to Porto Rico. Since January 1899 he has been First Lieutenant of Battery A in the National Guard of Pennsylvania. Mr. MacLeod was the President of his class in Sophomore year. He belongs to the Rittenhouse, Markham and Racquet Clubs of Philadelphia. He is also a member of the Philadelphia County Club the Philadelphia Barge Club, the Huntingdon Valley Golf Club and other social organizations, the Zeta Psi Fraternity and the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsyl-



NORMAN MACLEOD

vania. In politics he is a Republican. On June 6, 1901, Mr. MacLeod married Elisabeth Wanamaker, a daughter of John Wanamaker. Their home is in Philadelphia.

WRAY, William John.

Class of 1894 Dent.

Born in Bedminster, Pa.; educated in public schools; engaged in mechanical employment some time; graduated Department of Dentistry University of Pennsylvania, 1894; now practicing in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM JOHN WRAY was born in Bedminster Township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, son of Alexander and Rachel (Gitty) Wray. He is of Scotch-Irish descent, and his ancestors resided at Colrairie in the county of Derry, Ireland. He acquired his early education in the public schools of the ninth section, Philadelphia, and after the com-



WILLIAM J. WRAY

pletion of his studies he served an apprenticeship of four and one half years at the wood-turner's trade with Francis D. Kramer & Company of that city. He subsequently became a dental student in the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1894 and has ever since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Wray is a member of the Central Athletic Club.

SCOTT, Jesse Yeager, 1849-

Class of 1875 Med.

Born in Washington county, Pa., 1849; educated public schools, Southwestern Normal College and University of Pennsylvania; practiced medicine in East Bethlehem, Pa., 1875-76, in Pittsburg, 1876-78, in

Bentleysville, 1878-89 and in Washington, Pa., the latter year to present time; now Surgeon to Washington County Hospital and member Board of United States Medical Examiners in pension cases; ex-President Washington County Medical Society.

JESSE YEAGER SCOTT, M.D., was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1849, son of Joseph A. and Eliza (Shepler) Scott. He is of Scotch-Irish descent and at the beginning of the war for national independence his paternal great-great-grandparents were massacred by the Indians together with all their children except his great-grandfather, who, finding himself homeless, enlisted in the Continental Army at the age of seventeen years, and served until the close of the war. Jesse Y. Scott began his education in the public schools and continued it at the Southwestern Normal College, California, Pennsylvania. He was reared upon a farm but upon reaching manhood engaged in mercantile pursuits and for two years was proprietor of a general store. His medical studies, begun under the direction of Dr. J. H. Leyda, of Bentleysville, Pennsylvania, were completed at the University of Pennsylvania, where he received a special mention for proficiency at graduation in 1875, and he immediately began the practice of his profession in East Bethlehem. Removing to Pittsburg in 1876, he remained there for two years, at the expiration of which time he removed to Bentleysville and practiced there continuously for eleven years, or until 1889, in which year he removed to Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has ever since resided. At the present time Dr. Scott holds the post of Surgeon to the Washington County Hospital, and is a member of the Board of United States Medical Examiners in pension cases. He is ex-President of the Washington County Medical Society. In politics he acts with the Republican party. On June 16, 1881, he married Ella S. McClean of Beallsville, Washington county, Pennsylvania. They have no children.

TAYLOR, Robert Fletcher, 1863-

Class of 1899 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; educated in Philadelphia public schools; learned weaving business; teacher of stenography and typewriting; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

ROBERT FLETCHER TAYLOR, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, November 15, 1863, son of Dionysius William and Mary Ann (Stinson)

Taylor. His father, son of George William and Sarah Taylor, was born in Stockport, England, in 1837, and came to America in August 1849, and engaged in the business of weaving with his father's firm of Taylor, Richardson & Company, manufacturers of cotton goods in Kensington, Philadelphia; he took part in the Civil War under three enlistments from 1861 to 1865, participating in the Seven-Days Fight under McClellan, serving for ten months under Grant in the Wilderness and being present at Lee's surrender at Appomattox Court House. His mother, a daughter of Samuel and



ROBERT F. TAYLOR, M.D.

Nancy Stinson, was born at Lady Hill, County Antrim, Ireland, in 1836, and came to this country in June 1849, two months before the arrival of Dionysius William Taylor, to whom she was married in 1856. Robert Fletcher Taylor attended the public schools of Philadelphia until he was thirteen years of age, when he was apprenticed to learn the weaving business, in which he was engaged for the next ten years. In 1886 he attended a shorthand and typewriting school, and after graduation in February 1887 was in the employ of the American Machine Company and their successors, the North Brothers Manufacturing Company, for eight years, when he resigned to take the course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, which

he entered in 1895. For several years he was Professor of Shorthand and Typewriting in the Germantown Business College, Philadelphia, at the Camden, N. J., Business College teaching his classes in the evenings. Graduating as Doctor of Medicine in June 1899, he has since practiced his profession in Philadelphia. Dr. Taylor belongs to the County Medical Society, and since January 1900 has been Visiting Physician to the Adams Public School in Philadelphia. He is a member of the General Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania, the Houston Club, and of James G. Blaine Council No. 766 Jr. O. U. A. M. He is also a member of Trinity Presbyterian Church, is Treasurer of its Sunday School, and has served as Financial Secretary of its Board of Trustees since January 1886. In politics he is a Republican. He is unmarried, and resides in Philadelphia. Is a member of Waverly Council No. 5 Legion of Red Cross. Is Medical Examiner for this Council, as well as the Mutual Aid Union Beneficial Association. Was Clinical Assistant in Dermatology in the Polyclinic Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., from December 1899 to November 1900; and from then to September 1901 was Clinical Assistant in Surgery at the same hospital.

BELMONT, Leo, 1875-

Class of 1894.

Born in 1875; graduated Philadelphia High School; Ph.B., University of Pennsylvania, 1894; studied law and admitted to Philadelphia Bar, 1897; admitted to New York Bar, 1899; President of railway and mining companies.

LEO BELMONT, son of Henry and Sarah (Bernheimer) Belmont, was born December 8, 1875. After attending the Jefferson Grammar School in Philadelphia he passed to the Central High School. He later received a commercial training at Bryant and Stratton's Business College and matriculated in the Department of Arts at the University of Pennsylvania but spent Junior and Senior years in the Wharton School from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1894. Mr. Belmont then began a course of reading in a law office in Philadelphia and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1897. Two years later he was admitted to the Bar of New York and he has been employed for several years in the practice of his profession in connection with important corporate engagements. He is the President of the General Electric Railway Company, the

Mexican Mining Company and the Taviche Concentrating Company. Mr. Belmont is a member of the Mercantile Club and the Lawyers' Club of Philadelphia. He belongs to the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania, and the Alumni Society of the Class of '94. He is a member of Shekinah Lodge No. 246 of Masons and of Keystone Chapter No. 145 Royal Arch Masons and is also a member of Massasoit Tribe of Red Men. His home is in Philadelphia and he practices as a lawyer in that city.

WOODS, Matthew, 1848-

Class of 1874 Med.

Born in Ireland, 1848; educated in schools of native country; emigrated to United States during Civil War; served in the Union Army; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1874; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

MATTHEW WOODS, M.D., was born in Ireland, May 29, 1848, son of Samuel and Catharine (De Wauchop) Woods. His paternal ancestors emigrated from England and Scotland to Ireland after the Cromwellian Rebellion settling in Ulster. His maternal ancestors, the De Wauchops, were French Huguenots, who sought refuge in Ireland from the religious persecutions which followed the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Both families, when not absent in the service of the government, continued to reside in Ireland, and they intermarried to some extent with native Irish stock. His maternal grandfather, Capt. De Wauchop, who is mentioned in one of Conan Doyle's books as an illustration of unostentatious bravery, served as an officer in the Crimean and other wars, and was subsequently a Captain of Mounted Constabulary in Ireland. General Wauchop of the British Army, killed in South Africa during the present Boer war, was a member of the same family. Dr. Woods' father, Samuel Woods, conducted an extensive business as a manufacturer and exporter of ploughs, and was a well-read man, especially familiar with ancient ballads and minstrel lore; indeed this was an important bond of unity between himself and his wife, who, in addition to her kind-hearted solicitude for the welfare of others, possessed keen literary instincts. For years their hospitable fireside was a favorite rendezvous for all who were interested in the romance and heroism of long ago, and many a winter midnight found the head of the house chanting ballads of chivalry and mystery to rooms full of spell-bound listeners. His youngest son, Matthew,

was preparing for a medical career at a Latin School in his native country, at the period of the Civil War in America. Fired to enthusiasm from reading "Uncle Tom's Cabin," a copy of which had been sent to him by his mother, he, with eight other youths, abandoned his studies, took passage for America and enlisted in the Union Army. After the war he resumed his professional preparations, which were finally concluded in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the Class of 1874. Locating permanently in Philadelphia, he has, with the ex-



MATTHEW WOODS

ception of several trips abroad, ever since continued to practice medicine in that city. Dr. Woods is President of the American Anti-vivisection Society, President of the Philadelphia Medical Mission, and Vice-President of the Philadelphia Browning Society; was at one time connected in an official capacity with the Young Men's Christian Association; and is a member of the American Medical Association, the State and Philadelphia County medical societies, the Medical Club of Philadelphia, and the Pennsylvania State Editorial Association. He was the originator and for some years was the editor of the "Journal of Zoography." He has been an extensive traveller, and is the author of "Rambles of a Physician, or a Midsummer Dream," a book of travel in

two volumes, which has had an extensive sale and has been favorably considered on both sides of the Atlantic. He has also written various pamphlets upon epilepsy, hydrophobia, and kindred subjects, of one of which sixty thousand copies have been distributed; and has been a frequent contributor of reviews, criticisms and sketches to various periodicals. Dr. Woods was married, in July, 1870, to Emily L., eldest daughter of George W. Huntzenger, Esq., an extensive coal-miner of Philadelphia, with mines in Schuylkill county, whose ancestors, originally from Germany, were natives of and influential in Pennsylvania before the coming of William Penn. Of this union there have been born five children: Paul, Ralph, Birnam, Ioma and Sylvan Woods.

CAMPBELL, Oscar Clayman, 1874-

Class of 1898 Med.

Born in Lancaster, Pa., 1874; educated at Lancaster High School and Franklin & Marshall College; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practitioner in Philadelphia.

OSCAR CLAYMAN CAMPBELL, M.D., was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, October, 14, 1874, son of Isaac and Lydia (Clayman) Campbell. On the father's side he is of Scotch descent, and his maternal ancestors were English. He received his early education in the Lancaster High School, and at Franklin and at Marshall College in Lancaster, after which he studied medicine and was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1898. The following year he served his term as Resident Physician at St. Joseph's Hospital in Philadelphia, and at the end of that period of service established himself in the private practice of his profession in the Quaker City. Dr. Campbell is a member of the Barton Cooke Hirst Medical Society. On January 29, 1892, he married Eudora S. Garland. He resides in Philadelphia.

McFADDEN, George, 1873-

Class of 1893.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; graduated DeLancey Academy, 1889; B. S. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; member of Philadelphia City Troop; cotton merchant.

GEORGE McFADDEN was born in Philadelphia, April 30, 1873. His father is George Henry McFadden, a well-known cotton merchant in that city. Through this side of the family he is Scotch-Irish. Through his mother, who was Emily Barclay Kennedy, he is of pure Scotch descent.

From 1881 to 1889 he was a student at DeLancey Academy in Philadelphia where he was fitted for College. After graduating at that school he entered the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania receiving the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1893. Upon his graduation Mr. McFadden went into the cotton business with his father and is still engaged in this pursuit. He has for several years been a member of the Philadelphia City Troop. He served as a private in that organization through the Hazelton strike disturbances and on the Porto Rican expedition during the Spanish American War.



GEORGE McFADDEN

Mr. McFadden belongs to the Delta Psi Fraternity, the St. Anthony Club, the Racquet Club and other social organizations in Philadelphia.

ROBISON, Henry Norman, 1874-

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1874; educated in Philadelphia schools and Columbian University; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1897; practicing lawyer in Denver, Col., one year, since then in Philadelphia.

HENRY NORMAN ROBISON, son of George Pennington and Mary (Stokes) Robison, was born in Philadelphia, February 27, 1874. His progenitors on both sides came origi-

nally from England; Charles Stokes was deeded certain tracts of land in New Jersey, and the family mansion near Beverly, in Burlington county, that state, is still standing, and is to-day occupied by a descendant of the immigrant ancestor. Henry N. Robison received his elementary education at the Martha Washington and Belmont Grammar Schools in Philadelphia. After a year spent at Columbian University in Washington, District of Columbia, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in June 1897. Immediately after graduation he commenced the practice of law in Denver, Colorado, but in June 1898 returned to Philadelphia and established himself in practice in that city. Mr. Robison is a member of the Houston Club, the Powelton Club, the Island Heights Yacht Club, and the Young Republicans of Philadelphia. He is also a member of the Phi Delta Phi, and was Consul of that fraternity for two years in Pennsylvania. In February 1900 he was a candidate for the Common Council of Philadelphia, on the Municipal League ticket, and was defeated. This has been his only political venture. He was married October 18, 1899, to Mary Louise Thomson, daughter of John Lang Thomson of Philadelphia; they have a son, John Thomson Robison, born July 25, 1900. Mr. Robison resides in Philadelphia.

MINGLE, Harry Bowers, 1876-

Class of 1899.

Born in Lock Haven, Pa., 1876; graduated Bachelor of Science in Economics, University of Pennsylvania, 1899; LL.B. New York Law School, 1902; Assistant to General Manager of Depew Improvement Company.

HARRY BOWERS MINGLE was born in Lock Haven, Pennsylvania, April 17, 1876, son of Sampson Quiggle and Rosa (Bowers) Mingle. His ancestry on his father's side is Holland Dutch, and on his mother's, Scotch. After attending the public schools of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, he fitted himself for College at the Williamsport Dickinson Seminary, from which he entered the School of Finance and Economy at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Economics in 1899. While in College he was very active in class affairs. He was Treasurer, First Censor, Moderator and Valedictorian of the Philomathean Society. He was a member of the '99 Record Board. Organizer and Business Manager of the Combined Musical Clubs of the

University of Pennsylvania, Business Manager of the Garrick Club and Secretary of the Franklin Debating Union. After his graduation Mr. Mingle went to New York to become Assistant to the General Manager of the Depew Improvement Company, a position which he continues to hold. He is also a Director of the Depew & Lake Erie Water Company. At the same time he is engaged in the study of law at the New York Law School as a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Laws, being a member of the Class of 1902. He is a Republican, and during the Presidential campaign in 1900 Mr. Mingle



HARRY B. MINGLE

was active in politics, organizing a number of Sound Money Clubs in the Colleges and Universities in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Greater New York. He acted as Chairman of the Fourth Department of the American Republican College League, and is Vice-President of this organization, and also of the Republican League of the United States. While addressing a meeting during the heat of the campaign of 1900 he was set upon and stoned by a mob in New York City. Mr. Mingle was influential in organizing the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City, and is its Secretary-Treasurer. He is a member of the Republican Club of New York, of the West Side Republican Club, and the Delta Upsilon Club of the same city, and is also a member

of the University Club of Philadelphia. He is Secretary of the National Organization of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity. His home is in New York City.

BULLOCK, James Maxwell, 1871-

Class of 1894.

Born in Philadelphia, 1871; educated in Philadelphia and France; special student in architecture, University of Pennsylvania; studied at Julien's School of Art in Paris and at the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia; artist; member Honorary roll of Battery A, Philadelphia Artillery.

JAMES MAXWELL BULLOCK was born in Philadelphia, July 2, 1871. He is a grandson of Dr. David Jayne whose daughter Matilda



J. MAXWELL BULLOCK

Walker Jayne married James Maxwell Bullock the father of the subject of this biography. Mr. Bullock attended Rugby Academy in Philadelphia, and was later placed in Nash's English School in Nice, France but returning to his native city studied in Brown's DeLancey School in Philadelphia. His academic training finished he matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania, as a special student in architecture where he was a member of the Class of 1894. He left College upon the death of his father in the autumn of 1893. His tastes inclined him to art and he entered Julien's School of Art in Paris, living for some time in the atmosphere of

that city which is so helpful to the development of an artistic temperament. Later he studied in the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia and has already made an enviable name for himself as an artist. On June 3, 1901, Mr. Bullock married Florence A. Hanaford, the daughter of Albert H. Rosewig, Mus. Doc., the well-known composer of sacred music. He is a non-active member of Battery A, Philadelphia Artillery. During the Spanish-American War he held the positions first of Sergeant, subsequently of Trumpeter in that organization. He was until recently Commissary Sergeant. He belongs to the University, Racquet, Corinthian Yacht, Country, Belfield, Automobile and Sketch clubs of Philadelphia.

CLARK, Leonardo S.

Class of 1867 Med.

Graduated University of Pennsylvania Medical Department, 1867; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

Leonardo S. Clark, M.D., after acquiring an academic education, entered upon the study of medicine, and pursuing the regular course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1867. Dr. Clark has practiced his profession in Philadelphia, and is a member of various medical societies.

RUTHERFORD, John Brisban, 1873-

Class of 1897 Law.

Born near Parkesburg, Pa., 1873; commercial training; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1897; practicing lawyer.

JOHN BRISBAN RUTHERFORD was born in Parkesburg, Chester county, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1873, son of Samuel Parke Rutherford, and Elizabeth Robinson Rutherford, née Bunn. Thomas and Jean (Murdah) Rutherford, from whom John Brisban Rutherford is a descendant of the sixth generation, came to this country from Cookstown, Ireland in 1728 and settled near Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. The father of Thomas Rutherford belonged to a family whose chief seat is in the neighborhood of Jedburgh, county Roxburgh, Scotland, and according to an authentic tradition he in company with two brothers espoused the cause of William III. against James II. in 1689 receiving for their services a grant of land in Ireland. The subject of this sketch attended a commercial college and then at an early age became a clerk in the

Parkesburg National Bank. He held this position until February 1894 when he commenced to read law. In October 1894 he matriculated in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania and



JOHN B. RUTHERFORD

was graduated with the degree of LL.B. in June 1897. He was at once admitted to practice and has since followed his profession in Philadelphia. In politics he is a Republican.

JACK, Charles Shoemaker, 1874-

Class of 1899 Dent.

Born in Philadelphia, 1874; educated DeLancey School, Philadelphia; graduated Dental Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing dentist in Philadelphia.

CHARLES SHOEMAKER JACK, D.D.S., was born in Philadelphia September 4, 1874, son of Dr. Louis and Caroline (Shoemaker) Jack. On his father's side his ancestors emanated from the north of Ireland, three brothers coming together to America before the Revolution. Through his mother he is a descendant of George Shoemaker, who came to this country and settled in Germantown near Philadelphia in 1684. Dr. Jack received his early education at the DeLancey Academy in Philadelphia, and in 1899, after a full course in dentistry, was graduated from the Dental Department of

the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Spring Haven Golf Club, the Faculty Club, the Houston Club, and the Skull and Dagger Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the Sigma Nu, the Delta Sigma Delta, and the Theta Nu Epsilon Fraternities. Dr. Jack also belongs to the Academy of Stomatology and other scientific societies.

WILSON, William Henry, 1877-

Class of 1898 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1877; educated in public schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania Law Department, 1898; edited a law publication one year; admitted to Bar, 1899; lawyer in Philadelphia, latter year to present time; Assistant City Solicitor, 1901-

WILLIAM HENRY WILSON, son of Henry and Catharine (MacElroy) Wilson, was born in Philadelphia, December 6, 1877. He attended the public schools of his native city, including the Central High School, and he was a law student at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating as a Bachelor of laws in 1898. Being still a minor he was unable to immediately enter the legal



WILLIAM H. WILSON

profession, and during the intervening time between his graduation and his majority, he edited a law publication. Admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in 1899, he opened an office in that city,

where he has ever since continued to practice law, and was called to the Bar of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court in 1901. In April of the latter year he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor and still retains that office. Mr. Wilson is a Republican in politics and during the last Presidential campaign he made memorable speeches in Northeastern Pennsylvania, advocating the election of William McKinley. He is a member of various political, legal and social bodies.

DUFFIELD, Charles Wadsworth, 1849-

Class of 1872.

Born in Philadelphia, 1849; educated in Philadelphia schools; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1872; studied for the ministry at Episcopal Theological Seminary, Middletown, Conn.; ordained 1881; Episcopal clergyman; Rector St. Luke's, Allston (Boston), Mass.

CHARLES WADSWORTH DUFFIELD, son of Thomas Wilmerton and Laetitia (Buckius) Duffield, was born in Philadelphia, December 18, 1849. His father was a University of Pennsylvania alumnus of the Class of 1832; and brief mention of the family lineage is made in the sketch of Colonel Thomas W. Duffield which appears elsewhere in this Volume. Charles W. Duffield received his elementary education in the Grammar and High schools of Philadelphia, and in 1868 entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1872. For a time he was engaged in mercantile pursuits. Then studying for the ministry, he pursued a theological course at the Episcopal Theological Seminary in Middletown, Connecticut, and was ordained in October 1881. For several years past Rev. Mr. Duffield has been Rector of St. Luke's Parish in Allston, a suburban part of Boston, Massachusetts. He was married January 10, 1877, to Sarah Elizabeth Maynard, by whom he had four children, of whom two survive: Wilmerton M. and Ralph Duffield. Mrs. Duffield died July 20, 1901.

THORNTON, Albert Mottram, 1877-

Class of 1898 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1877; graduated Germantown Academy, 1894; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1898; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ALBERT MOTTRAM THORNTON, son of Albert Ernest and Loretta (Mottram) Thornton, was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, February 5, 1877. His ancestors on both sides were English; his grandfather Thornton was a nephew of Matthew Thornton, signer of the Declaration of

Independence, and his maternal grandparents were long identified with the manufacturing interests of Nottingham, England. Albert M. Thornton received his early education in the Germantown Grammar School, and subsequently attended Germantown Academy, from which he was graduated in 1894. After a season of business training in the Commercial National Bank, Philadelphia, he entered upon the study of law, and taking the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1898. Since



ALBERT M. THORNTON

June of that year he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. Mr. Thornton is a member of the Hare Law Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the Young Republican and the Germantown Republic clubs of Philadelphia, also Walker Lodge of Odd Fellows and the Artisans' Order for Mutual Protection. He was married, at Montclair, New Jersey, September 27, 1889, to Florence Burnette Dabney; they have one child: Henry Dabney Thornton. Mr. Thornton resides in Philadelphia.

WARD, Henry Galbraith, 1851-

Class of 1870.

Born in New York City, 1851; educated Anthon School, New York City, Episcopal Academy, Phila-

delphia, and University of Pennsylvania; prize winner, Class of 1870; Moderator of the Philomathean Society; studied law in Philadelphia; admitted to Bar there, 1873, and New York, 1884; lawyer in New York City; President Philadelphia Law Academy, 1875.

HENRY GALBRAITH WARD was born in New York City, April 19, 1851, son of Rev. Henry Dana, D.D., and Charlotte (Galbraith) Ward. He attended the Anthon School, New York City, and the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, from which latter institution he entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with his Bachelor's degree in 1870 and



HENRY GALBRAITH WARD

receiving that of Master of Arts in course. He was awarded the Junior Philosophical Prize, was joint winner of the Senior Greek Prize, and served as Moderator of the Philomathean Society. Having applied himself to the study of Law in Philadelphia for about three years, he was admitted to the Bar in that city in 1873, and to the New York Bar in 1884. He is still a member of the legal profession and is practicing in the metropolis. Mr. Ward was Vice-President of the Philadelphia Law Academy in 1874 and its President in 1875. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity, Sons of the Revolution and the Pennsylvania Society of New York, and the University, Century, City, Down-town and the University of Pennsylvania clubs, all of New York City.

On August 13, 1891, he married Mabel Marquand, daughter of Henry G. Marquand. They have two children: Galbraith and Marquand Ward.

OBERHOLTZER, Vickers, 1871-

Class of 1893.

Born in Chester county, Pa., 1871; graduated Norristown High School, 1889; practical chemist University of Pennsylvania, 1893; studied in Universities abroad; graduated A.M. and Ph.D. at University of Rostock in Germany, 1895; Instructor in Industrial Chemistry, University of Pennsylvania.

VICKERS OBERHOLTZER, A.M., Ph.D., was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, January 4, 1871. His father, John Oberholtzer, is a grain merchant of Philadelphia; and his mother, Sara Louisa (Vickers) Oberholtzer, is an author and philanthropist. His early education was acquired in private schools and through home tutors. He also enjoyed advantages of frequent travel with his parents as a boy, and some literary association, accompanying his mother on visits to the poets Longfellow and Whittier; Whittier especially being a close friend of the Vickers family. Dr. Oberholtzer graduated at the Norristown High School in 1889, and then took a three-years course in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving a certificate of proficiency as a practical chemist in 1893, at the same time obtaining a prize in assaying and mining. He was at once offered an Instructorship in the University but declined the appointment to go to Germany to complete his education, spending one year in the Chemical Department of the University of Freiburg in Baden and the following one in the same department of the University of Rostock in Mecklenburg, graduating there with the double degree of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy in March 1895. He was the second resident of the United States to graduate from that ancient institution. His major study was chemistry, but he was also as proficient in one of his minors, geology. Having spent some weeks one summer on the island of Oeland off the east coast of Sweden, he made a rather exhaustive study of its geological formation. He discovered some new varieties of fossils, and secured the fullest collection of this particular formation that had at that date been found, grouped and named. He made a geological chart of the island, and lectured on the subject before the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. Dr. Vickers Oberholtzer was Instructor of Industrial Chemistry at the Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania for two years after his return to this country, being at the same time a member of the Franklin Institute and the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, the Society of Chemical Industry of London, and the American Chemical Society. He has conducted a number of original researches in chemistry, and has published three or four dissertations embodying the results of his investigations. He has also worked out a number of new formulæ in practical use in American chemical factories. He resides in Philadelphia.

KEITH, Sidney Washington, 1856-

Class of 1876.

Born in Chester, Pa., 1856; educated private schools, Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and University of Pennsylvania; banker in Philadelphia; Secretary Philadelphia Country Club, and Treasurer Horticultural Society of Pennsylvania.

SIDNEY WASHINGTON KEITH was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, July 10, 1856, son of Washington and Ann Mathews (Penrose) Keith. He is of Scotch and Irish extraction. His preliminary studies were pursued in private schools, and he was prepared for College at the Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, from which he entered the Scientific Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1876. He is at the present time Manager of the up-town office of Edward B. Smith & Company, Bankers and Brokers, Philadelphia. Mr. Keith is Treasurer of the Horticultural Society of Pennsylvania, Secretary of the Philadelphia Country Club, and is also a member of the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, Philadelphia Country and Rabbit clubs. In politics he acts with the Republican party. He was married, October 31, 1899, to Mary C. Catherwood; they have one son: Sidney Keith.

DANIELS, Maurice Vahlone, 1873-

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; educated in Philadelphia schools; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1896; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

MAURICE VAHLONE DANIELS, son of Benjamin and Margaret Dixon (Murphy) Daniels, was born in Philadelphia, February 16, 1873. His father, a lawyer of Philadelphia, was born in London, England. On the maternal side he is descended from John Whiteman of Revolutionary fame, through the latter's daughter, Mary Whiteman, mother of Esther Waddell, who married

John Murphy. After acquiring a general education at the public Grammar School, and the Manual Training School in Philadelphia, he entered the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1896, in the meantime pursuing an additional course of legal study in the office and under the direction of his father. Upon graduation from Law School and admission to the Bar of Philadelphia, he became associated with his father in the practice of law in Philadelphia. He has ever since maintained this professional connection, and is engaged in a large



MAURICE V. DANIELS

and lucrative practice, especially in the Orphans' Court and Common Pleas Court of Philadelphia, where he has had charge of the settlement of a number of important estates. Mr. Daniels is a member of the Lawyers' Club and the Thirty-second Ward Republican Club of Philadelphia, the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, the Penrose Republican Club and the Bala Golf Club.

KINDLEBERGER, Charles Poor, 1870-

Class of 1894 Med

Born in San Francisco, Cal., 1870; A.B. Columbian College, 1891; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; Assistant Surgeon United States Navy since 1894; in service with Admiral Dewey at Manila on flagship

Olympia; since 1899 on flagship *Iowa*; mentioned for meritorious action at Panama; author of magazine articles.

CHARLES POOR KINDLEBERGER, M.D., was born at San Francisco, California, November 1, 1870. His father is David Kindleberger, a Medical Director retired of the United States Navy. The family has produced physicians for several generations. The Kindlebergers have been natives of this country since 1740, when they came here from Southern Germany. Charles Poor Kindleberger's mother was the daughter of the late Rear Admiral Charles Poor, U.S.N., and a descendant of



CHARLES P. KINDLEBERGER

Archbishop Poor of the Church of England. Charles Poor Kindleberger attended the public schools in Washington, District of Columbia, and subsequently for two years was a student at the Columbian College Preparatory School in that city, from which he was graduated in 1887. The next four years were occupied at Columbian College, where he took a full classical course, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in June 1891. In October of that year he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in June 1894. While at the University he enjoyed a high reputation as an oar and rowed with and captained the crew of his class in the

Medical School. In July 1894 immediately after graduation he entered the United States Navy as an Assistant Surgeon, receiving the appointment as a result of competitive examinations. He was assigned to the New York Hospital for a short time, and then was transferred to the hospital at Norfolk, Virginia. His service there also lasted for only a few months, when he was ordered to the *Olympia*, Admiral Dewey's flagship, in service on the Pacific Coast. He accompanied the vessel to China and Japan. For a few months by transfer he served on board the *Monocacy* but returned to the *Olympia*. In the spring of 1898, after being on the ship for more than three years, the usual term of service, orders came for his return to the United States, but as hostilities with Spain were imminent he asked Admiral Dewey not to deliver the orders until after the first fight, to which request the Admiral gave his assent. In a few weeks the fleet steamed to Manila and Dr. Kindleberger was present and actively participated in the battle fought in the Philippine harbor on May 2, 1898. He was allowed by the officers to operate one of the rapid fire guns, and as his professional services were not needed on the American side after the battle he landed and attended the wounded Spaniards at Cavite. He started for home the day following the fight with the boat which carried the news of the encounter to Hong Kong. Upon his return to America he served for a time at the Naval Hospital in Philadelphia, and in September 1899 was ordered to the flagship *Iowa* on duty on the Pacific Coast. He has been attached to this vessel ever since. He was with this ship in November 1901 when trouble occurred at Panama, and after the capture of Colon he took charge of forty wounded Columbians. For this service he was mentioned in the official despatches to the Navy Department. In 1898 Dr. Kindleberger was made Past Assistant Surgeon. He contributed an article on the Manila Naval Fight to the *Century Magazine* for August 1898. In June 1898 he married Lucy Anne Huntsman of San Francisco.

PEARCE, Alfred, 1855-

Class of 1876.

Born in Philadelphia, 1855; educated in private schools and University of Pennsylvania; merchant 1876 to present time; member Historical Society of Pennsylvania and other bodies.

ALFRED PEARCE was born in Philadelphia, May 11, 1855, son of John and Elizabeth Scott Pearce. Some of his paternal ancestors served

in the Revolutionary War, and on the maternal side he is a descendant of one of the three founders of New Jersey. He began his education in private schools and completed it with a scientific course at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1876. After leaving College, he turned his attention to mercantile pursuits and is now a successful merchant. At the present time he is residing in Rosemont, Pennsylvania. At the University he was affiliated with the Philomathean and Franklin Scientific societies, and he is now a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and



ALFRED PEARCE

the Union League, Philadelphia Country, Merion Cricket and the Bachelors Barge clubs. In politics he is a Republican. On April 18, 1894, Mr. Pearce married Sarah Kitchen Phillips; their children are Rachael P., Harry P. and Mary P. Pearce.

SMITH, William Rudolph, 1851-

Class of 1873.

Born in Philadelphia, 1851; educated classical schools and University of Pennsylvania; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1874 to present time.

WILLIAM RUDOLPH SMITH was born in Philadelphia, October 13, 1851, son of Thomas Duncan and Sarah Wurts (Barns) Smith.

On the paternal side he is of Scotch descent and his great-great-grandfather, the Rev. William Smith, D.D., who emigrated from Scotland, was the first Provost of the University of Pennsylvania serving in that capacity from 1755 to 1791. He attended Philadelphia classical schools from which he entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1873 and was joint winner of the Freshman Declamation Prize but withdrew during the Sophomore year. His legal studies were pursued in the office of John C. Bullitt, Esq., of Philadelphia, and also in the Law Department of the University, and he was admitted to the Bar in 1874, since which time he has practiced law in his native city. Mr. Smith is actively engaged in charitable work, being at the present time President of the St. Andrews Society of Philadelphia, the oldest Scottish charitable organization in the United States, and he is also identified with the religious work of the Protestant Episcopal Church. At the University he joined the Philomathean Society and the Zeta Psi Fraternity. He is now a member of the Sons of the Revolution and Sons of the Colonial Wars, and Art and Rittenhouse clubs, and several other social bodies. On October 2, 1875, he married Elizabeth Rhoads Bailey, who died in 1890, leaving three children, and his present wife whom he married February 8, 1900, was Mrs. Sarah Yeates Bruen, née Whalen.

DE YOUNG, Bertram Isaac, 1877-

Class of 1900 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1877; graduated Penn Charter School, 1895; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1900; member Philadelphia Bar; member law firm Browne, Belmont & De Young.

BERTRAM ISAAC DE YOUNG was born in Philadelphia, February 20, 1877, son of Charles Y. and Fannie S. De Young. He received his academic education at the William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia from which institution he was graduated in 1895, receiving honors in German and honorable mention in French. He chose the law as his profession and matriculating in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated Bachelor of Law in the Class of 1900. He was at once admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia and practices in that city being the junior member of the firm of Browne, Belmont & De Young attorneys at Law. Mr. De Young is a member of the Theta Nu Epsilon Fraternity, the Hare Law Club,

the Mercantile Club and the Americus Club of Philadelphia. He belongs to the Houston Club of the University of Pennsylvania and is a member of Shekinah Lodge of Masons and the Philadelphia Lodge



E. I. DE YOUNG

of the Royal Arcanum. He also has various important business interests and is a Director of the Delaware General Railroad. On June 10, 1901, he married Rosa Stein of Baltimore, daughter of Michael and Emma Stein.

SIMONTON, Thomas Grier, 1870-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Williamsport, Pa., 1870; graduated Washington and Jefferson College, 1892; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician in Pittsburg, Pa.

THOMAS GRIER SIMONTON, M.D., was born in Williamsport, Pennsylvania, January 30, 1870, son of Rev. William Simonton, D.D., and Anna Elizabeth Grier. His father, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Williamsport for seventeen years and at Emmittsburg in Maryland twenty-four years, was a son of William Simonton, M.D., member of Congress, 1838-1842, and Martha Snodgrass, daughter of Rev. James Snodgrass, Presbyterian minister, for fifty-eight years Pastor of Hanover Church in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania; and grandson of William Simonton, M.D., of County

Antrim, Ireland, and Jean Wiggins, daughter of John Wiggins, Sr., of Paxtang township, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania. His mother was a daughter of Thomas Grier, son of Rev. Isaac Grier, Sr., the father of Hon. Robert Cooper Grier, Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He received his elementary education in public and private schools of Emmittsburg and New Windsor, Maryland, and after a year spent in the preparatory department of Washington and Jefferson College in Washington, Pennsylvania, took the four-years course in that institution, graduating in 1892, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1895. From July 1895 to July 1896 was Resident Physician at the Mercy Hospital in Pittsburg, and since then he has been continuously engaged in private practice in that city. Dr. Simonton is a member of the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, the Allegheny County Medical Society and the Pittsburg Pathological Society, also a member of the Dispensary Staff of the Pittsburg Hospital for Chil-



THOMAS G. SIMONTON

dren. He is also a member of William Pepper Medical Society, the Fort Pitt Medical Society, the Phi Beta Tau Medical Fraternity and the Beta Theta Tau College Fraternity. In politics he is a

Republican. He is unmarried, and resides in Pittsburg.

HUSBAND, George Lionel, 1875-

Class of 1900 Med.

Born in Hamilton, Ont., 1875; educated in public schools, Hamilton Collegiate Institute and Ontario Normal School; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1900; practicing physician in Philadelphia.

GEORGE LIONEL HUSBAND, M.D., was born in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, November 18, 1875, son of George Edmund and Elizabeth (Howey) Husband, of Scotch-Irish ancestry.



GEORGE L. HUSBAND

After passing through the public schools of his native city he attended the Hamilton Collegiate Institute, and later the Ontario Normal School, which he left in 1896. After a period of training for active life in the wholesale bicycle business, he entered upon the study of medicine and taking the course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1900. Since then Dr. Husband has practiced his profession in Philadelphia, where he also officiates as Assistant Surgeon to the Children's Surgical Dispensary of the Presbyterian Hospital, and to the Dispensary for Genito-Urinary Diseases of the University Hospital. He is a member of the General Alumni Society and the Houston Club of the Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania; the Athletic Club, Harrison (Republican) Club, and University Masonic Lodge, of Philadelphia; also the Canadian Club, Hamilton Bicycle Club and Royal Hamilton Yacht Club, of Canada. Dr. Husband was married January 31, 1898, to Janet Rodgers Cameron, and has a daughter: Elizabeth B. Husband. He resides in Philadelphia.

WOOD, Charles Sturgis, 1868-

Class of 1888 Arts, 1891 Law.

Born at Centre Square, Pa., 1868; educated in public schools, Wharton School of Finance and Law Department University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1891; lawyer in Philadelphia; Assistant City Solicitor, latter year to present time; Captain Company B, First Regiment, National Guard Pennsylvania.

CHARLES STURGIS WOOD was born at Centre Square, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, March 23, 1868, son of Jonathan Harrison and Sallie Hunsicker (Reiff) Wood. He is descended on the paternal side from early Welsh colonists, and through his mother from the Hunsickers, the first of whom arrived in America in 1740. His early education was acquired at the Norristown Grammar School and the Central High School, Philadelphia, and he was graduated from the latter with his Bachelor's degree in 1886, receiving that of Master of Arts in 1891. He was a student at the Wharton School of Finance and Economy of the University of Pennsylvania, taking the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1888, and subsequently in the Law Department from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Laws in 1891 and pursuing his legal studies at the same time in the Law offices of Aldred F. Custis and W. Horace Hepburn. Shortly after his admission to the Philadelphia County Bar (1891) he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor in which capacity he has served continuously for the past eleven years and has full charge of the Bond and Contract Department of the Solicitor's office. His duties thus far have included the preparation of all the important bonds and contracts entered into by the city in connection with the building of reservoirs, bridges, schools, police and fire houses, the Reading Subway, Improvement of Delaware Avenue and Delaware River, the Improvement Extension and Filtration of the Water Supply, etc. He also has a large private law practice in Philadelphia. In 1889 he enlisted as a private in Battery "A," National Guard of Pennsylvania, serving through each grade and is now Captain of Company B, First Regiment Infantry being one

of the most popular officers in the organization. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he was mustered into the United States service as a Captain, serving from May until October 1898, and was subsequently tendered a commission in the Twenty-eighth Regiment United States Volunteers for service in the Philippine Islands, but important legal duties compelled him to decline. At the University he was Junior Exhibition Speaker, Ivy Orator, a member of his Class Crew and the Varsity Football Team and a member of the Philomathean



CHARLES S. WOOD

Society and the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, being a member of the Philadelphia Consistory, and of Lulu Temple Mystic Shrine and of the various subordinate bodies connected with the Masonic Rite, and is a Past Master of Washington (Blue) Lodge No. 59, the largest in the State. He is also a member of the Philadelphia Law and American Economic associations, of Pennsylvania Commandery of the Order of Foreign Wars, Recorder of Pennsylvania Commandery of the Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War, a member of the Veteran Corps of the First Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, Century Wheelmen, Junger Maennerchor, Young Republicans and the Thirty-eighth Ward Republican Club; of the Malta Boat, Penn, Columbia and Pen and

Pencil clubs. Mr. Wood is a leading spirit in local Republican political affairs and has held numerous ward offices. He was married October 18, 1899, to Emma Elizabeth Miller of Philadelphia.

RUSSELL, George Smyth, 1872-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; studied Philadelphia High School; graduated Law Department University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing lawyer; Assistant Librarian Hirst Free Law Library, 1896-98.

GEORGE SMYTH RUSSELL was born in the northeastern section of the City of Philadelphia, October 20, 1872, son of John and Elizabeth A. (Cairns) Russell. On his father's side he comes of a family which settled in and about Bangor, Ireland where they emigrated from Scotland. Representatives later found their way to America. On the maternal line Mr. Russell is descended from the Mitchells and Cairns who were of the same Scotch-Irish stock. He received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia reaching the High School in which he was a student for some time. Upon quitting his studies there he began the study



GEORGE S. RUSSELL

of law under the preceptorship of Edward W. Kuhlemeier of the Philadelphia Bar. He remained under the instruction of Mr. Kuhlemeier for two years and then entered the Law Department of the University

of Pennsylvania as a student of advanced standing. In 1894 he was graduated as a Bachelor of Laws and was admitted to practice at the Philadelphia Bar. He has since been actively engaged with his profession in that city. From 1896 until 1898 Mr. Russell was Assistant Librarian of the Hirst Free Law Library of Philadelphia, under William M. Stewart, Jr., as chief. He was also for a time associated with the late Edward P. Allinson in the preparation of the cases reported by him as State Reporter of the Pennsylvania Superior Court Reports, and for the Legal Intelligencer. Since 1900 he has been a member of Company B, Third Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard. He is a past officer of Richmond Lodge of Odd Fellows and a member of Richmond Lodge of Masons. He is actively identified with the East End Republican Club of the Twenty-fifth Ward and is a stalwart Republican prominently engaged in local politics. On January 26, 1899, he married Elizabeth Ogden Loper of Greenwich, Cumberland county, New Jersey and has two children, Henry Lawton Russell and Lawrence Stratton Russell.

WEIL, Harrison Bernheimer, 1875-

Class of 1894 Wh, 1897 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1875; educated under private tutor, in public and private schools, business college, Brown's Preparatory School, Philadelphia, Wharton School and Law Department University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Philadelphia County Bar, 1897; to New York Bar, 1898; practiced law in New York City latter year to present time; charter-member University of Pennsylvania Republican Club, Philadelphia, and one of the founders of University of Pennsylvania Club, New York City.

HARRISON BERNHEIMER WEIL was born in Philadelphia, August 3, 1875, son of Simon Ray and Caroline (Meyer) Weil. His paternal grandparents were Samuel and Caroline Weil, and those on the maternal side were David and Sophia Meyer. His primary studies were directed by a private tutor, and from his seventh to his twelfth year he attended the Philadelphia public schools, going from the latter to a boarding school in New York City. He next attended Peirce's Business College for six months, and was subsequently for about one year engaged in business pursuits; after which he resumed his studies at Brown's Preparatory School, Philadelphia, and entering the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania as a special student in 1892, received

a certificate of proficiency at graduation in 1894. His legal studies were pursued in the Law Department of the University with the Class of 1897, of which he was Secretary during the entire course, and he was graduated a Bachelor of Laws. Admitted to the Philadelphia County Bar in June, 1897, he engaged in practice in that city, but in the following September he removed to New York City, where he entered the law office of Messrs. Hoady, Lauterbach, & Johnson. He was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York in 1898, and subsequently to the United States Circuit Court for the



HARRISON B. WEIL

Southern District, and has ever since been associated with the above-named firm as a trial lawyer. Mr. Weil was one of the Committee formulated for the purpose of organizing a University of Pennsylvania Club in the metropolis, and after its establishment he became a member of its Council and of its Entertainment Committee. He was formerly affiliated with the University of Pennsylvania Alumni Society of New York. He is now a member of the Republican Club of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District.

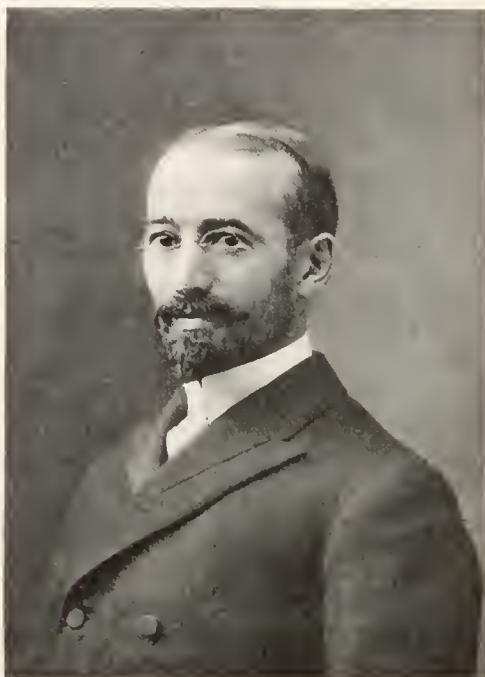
WELKER, Franklin, 1867-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Bennington, N. Y., 1867; educated in district schools and Attica (N. Y.) Union School and Academy; graduated Rochester University, 1890;

studied medicine in University of Pennsylvania; Interne, King's County Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1894-95; private practice New York City, 1896 to present time; Medical Inspector New York City public schools, 1897-

FRANKLIN WELKER, M.D., was born in Bennington, Wyoming County, New York, July 20, 1867, son of John B. and Katherine (Schneider) Welker. He is descended from German ancestors who came from Mannheim, in the Grand Duchy of Baden. From the district schools of his native town he entered the Attica (New York) Union School and Academy, receiving at graduation



FRANKLIN WELKER

in 1885 a Regent's Academic Diploma, and he was a student at the University of Rochester (New York), taking the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. In the following year he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he pursued the regular three-years course, and immediately after its completion (1894) was upon competitive examination appointed Interne to the Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, where he remained for a year, at the expiration of which time he was tendered the Assistant Superintendency of that institution, but declined. In May 1896 he entered into private practice in New York City, and is still engaged in professional work in the metropolis. From 1897 to the present time he has served as

Medical Inspector of the public schools. Dr. Welker is a member of the Harlem Medical Association, the New York County Medical Society and the Medical Association of Greater New York; the Alumni societies of the University of Rochester, University of Pennsylvania, and Kings County Hospital; and the Society of the Genesee. While in the University of Pennsylvania he was a member of the William Pepper Medical Society and the Phi Alpha Sigma Medical Fraternity, and in Senior year was Secretary of his class. He was married October 12, 1897, in San Francisco, California, to Louise A. Hoppe; they have a daughter, Gertrude Welker, born September 14, 1900.

PEARCE, Frank Savary, 1867-

Class of 1891 Med.

Born in Steubenville, O., 1867; graduated Steubenville High School 1886, and Duff's Business College in Pittsburg, Pa., 1887; cadet midshipman at U. S. Naval Academy, but gave up course to study medicine; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1891; Instructor in Physical Diagnosis at the University; Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases in Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia.

FRANK SAVARY PEARCE, M.D., was born in Steubenville, Ohio, October 14, 1867, son of Enoch Pearce, M.D., and Cecelia Jane Savary. He is a direct descendant of the late ex-President Franklin Pierce, and of Thomas Savary, a Quaker divine of Revolutionary times in Philadelphia. After attending the public schools of his native town, graduating at the Steubenville High School in 1886, he took a course of mercantile training at Duff's Business College in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he graduated in June, 1887. Having passed with high grades at both the competitive examinations in Ohio, and at the final examinations in Annapolis, he was commissioned a Cadet midshipman at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland, but did not pursue his course at that institution, owing to an intense desire to enter upon a medical career. He was graduated at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1891, after which he spent two years in the Presbyterian and Orthopedic hospitals, Philadelphia. Dr. Pearce maintained a connection with the University of Pennsylvania as Instructor of Physical Diagnosis until 1900 and is now Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases in the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, a position to which he was elected in June 1900. He belongs to the Ameri-

can Medical Association, and is Secretary of the Section on Nervous and Mental Diseases; the Philadelphia County Medical Society, serving as Chairman of its Board of Directors; the Medical



F. SAVARY PEARCE

Club of Philadelphia, of which he is Treasurer; the Neurological, Pathological, and Pediatric societies of Philadelphia; is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and an honorary member of the Eastern Ohio Medical Association. He is also a member of the American Climatological Association, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the University Club of Philadelphia, and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, in which latter organization he holds membership through inheritance from his father, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Enoch Pearce, who was a Surgeon on field duty during the four years of the Civil War. Dr. Pearce is the author of many contributions to medical literature, having written more especially on subjects pertaining to nervous diseases. He is a Republican in politics, and resides in Philadelphia.

TOWNSEND, David, 1856-

Class of 1876.

Born in Philadelphia, 1856; educated Friends School, Eastburn Academy, Towne Scientific School of the

University of Pennsylvania and Stevens Institute; learned machinist's trade; mechanical engineer; connected with Bush Hill Iron Works, Philadelphia, several years; General Manager Philadelphia Roll & Machine Company, 1895-98; General Manager Gruson Iron Works, Eddystone, Pa., and consulting mechanical engineer, Philadelphia, 1898 to present time; Vice-President American Society Mechanical Engineers.

DAVID TOWNSEND was born in Philadelphia, February 21, 1856, son of Samuel Sharpless and Anna Elizabeth (Peckworth) Townsend. The original American ancestor of the Sharpless family arrived on the ship *Lion* in 1682, and the first of the Townsends landed in 1711. Both were members of the Society of Friends and settled in Chester county, Pennsylvania. On the maternal side Mr. Townsend is of English and French descent. He was educated preliminarily in Friends schools and at the Eastburn Academy, Philadelphia, from which latter institution he entered the Towne Scientific School of the University of Pennsylvania and was graduated from the Department of Mechanical Engineering with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1876. He next pursued a post-graduate course of



D. TOWNSEND

one year at the Stevens Institute, Hoboken, New Jersey, and in order to become thoroughly versed in practical mechanics, he served an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade with James Moore at the Bush

Hill Iron Works, Philadelphia. After the completion of his trade he remained at the works as draftsman, was subsequently advanced to the position of foreman and still later to that of General Manager, which latter he retained until Mr. Moore's retirement from business in 1895. From the latter year to 1898 he was General Manager of the Philadelphia Roll & Machine Company, and for the past four years has occupied a similar position at the Gruson Iron Works, Eddystone, Pennsylvania, also transacting business in Philadelphia as a practical consulting and mechanical engineer. Mr. Townsend is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and now one of its Vice-Presidents; the Engineers Club of Philadelphia, of which he was formerly Vice-President and a Director; the Engineers Club of New York City, the American Institute of Mining Engineers and the Franklin Institute; the Union League and Corinthian Yacht clubs, Philadelphia, and formerly affiliated with various other social and scientific bodies. At the University he joined the Franklin Scientific Society. On October 7, 1880, he married Sallie Everett Moore, daughter of James Moore of Philadelphia. They have one daughter: Agnes Moore Townsend (deceased).

TRACY, William Dwight, 1873-

Class of 1896 Dent.

Born in Ridgewood, N. J., 1873; educated in public schools; graduated Dental Department University of Pennsylvania, 1896; practicing dentist in New York City.

WILLIAM DWIGHT TRACY, D.D.S., was born in Ridgewood, Bergen County, New Jersey, August 16, 1873, son of Dwight Tracy, M.D., D.D.S., and Jane Vanderbilt Fry. His American progenitors on both sides were residents of Connecticut. The pioneer of the Tracys in this country was Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, who came from Gloucester, England, to Salem, Massachusetts, in 1636, removing thence to Connecticut, where he was one of the original proprietors of Norwich, and took an active part in the public business of the colony. Thomas Tracy was of the nineteenth generation from Le Sire de Tracy, a Norman baron with estates in the northwestern corner of Normandy on the English Channel, who went to England with William the Conqueror, and was at the battle of Hastings in 1066. His name was inscribed on the Roll of Battle Abbey, and he received from William large grants of land, which has remained in the family down to a recent period. He was said to be

of the twenty-seventh generation from Egbert, first King of England, and the forty-seventh from the Viking Woten, who made himself master of a large part of the north of Europe in the third century. William Dwight Tracy was educated in the public schools of Worcester, Massachusetts. At the age of sixteen he entered the dental office of his uncle, Dr. Oliver Follett Harris, a leading practitioner of that city, with whom he worked and studied for two years, until 1891. The next two years were spent in another dental office in the same city, and in 1893 he entered the Dental Department of the University of



WILLIAM DWIGHT TRACY

Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with honorable mention in 1896. During his dental course he spent his summer vacations practicing his profession, and at graduation he entered the office of Dr. Safford Goodwin Perry in New York City, with whom he is now associated in dental practice. His Certificate of Registration from the New York State Board was endorsed: "With honor." While at Pennsylvania Dr. Tracy represented the Dental Department on the Editorial Staff of the "University Courier;" was a member of the Edwin T. Darby Dental Society, acting for one year as its Secretary and in his Senior year as its President; was Secretary for one year and Grand Master in Senior year, of the Epsilon Chapter of the Delta Sigma

Delta Dental Fraternity, of which he is still a member. He is a member of the First District Dental Society of New York City, the Dental Society of the State of New York, and the National Dental Association of America, Vice-President of the Dental Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania; also Chairman of the Executive Committee and Corresponding Secretary, of the New York Odontological Society and a member of the Council of the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City; also a member of the New York Athletic Club.

HILL, Ira Edgar, 1873-

Class of 1896.

Born in Wells, Pa., 1873; graduated University of Pennsylvania after course in architecture in 1896; architect in Philadelphia.

IRA EDGAR HILL is a native of Wells, Pennsylvania. He is of New England descent, the son of Francis Raymond Hill and Harriet Smith, and was born August 24, 1873. His early education was received at public schools. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1894, and after taking a two years' course in architecture was graduated in 1896. For three years before going into College he was employed in an architect's office, and since his graduation he has been associated with Edgar V. Seeler, a prominent architect in Philadelphia. Mr. Hill is a member of the Melrose Country Club of Oak Lane, Philadelphia, where he resides, the Oak Lane Cricket Club, and the T Square Club. On October 5, 1891, he married Alice Virginia Dawson.

PANCOAST, Charles Edward, 1854-

Class of 1875 Arts, 1877 Law.

Born in Germantown, Pa., 1854; educated Germantown Academy; graduated A.B. University of Pennsylvania 1875, LL.B. 1877; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

CHARLES EDWARD PANCOAST, son of Charles Stacy and Mary Ann (Shelmerline) Pancoast, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, November 6, 1854. From the Germantown Academy he entered the Arts Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he received honorable mention in the contest for the Freshman Greek Prize, and was graduated with the Class of 1875, delivering the Latin Salutatory at Commencement. He registered as a law student in the office of his

father and also studied in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1877, and in 1878 he received from the University that of Master of Arts, the latter coming in course. Admitted to the Bar in 1877, he immediately entered into practice with the elder Pancoast and was associated with the latter until his death in 1885, since which time he has continued in practice alone. Politically Mr. Pancoast is a



CHARLES E. PANCOAST

Republican. He was married January 8, 1887, to Rebecca Mifflin, daughter of James McMurtrie of Germantown.

BROOKE, George Haydock, 1874-

Class of 1895 Arts, 1898 Law.

Born in Montgomery county, Md., 1874; B.S. Swarthmore College; Ph.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; graduated Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1898; admitted Philadelphia Bar, 1899; Sergeant Battery A, Phila. Light Artillery.

GEORGE HAYDOCK BROOKE was born in Montgomery county, Maryland, July 9, 1874, and is a son of Walter H. and Caroline Haydock (Leggett) Brooke. The Brooke family is descended from Robert Brooke who came to Maryland in his own ship in 1650 and was appointed Lieutenant of Charles county and a member of the Privy Council

of the Province by Lord Baltimore, later he was for a time Governor of Maryland. Robert's son Thomas held a number of important offices in Maryland. A daughter of one of the Brookes in the male line, Monica Brooke married a Taney and became the mother of Roger Brooke Taney who at an historic period was Chief-Justice of the United States. George Haydock Brooke was educated at Brookeville Academy at Brookeville, Maryland where he was prepared for Swarthmore College. He was graduated from that institution with the degree of Bachelor of Science and then entered the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania from which he received a Bachelor of Philosophy in 1895. He matriculated later in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania from which he graduated in 1898. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1899 at which he now practices his profession. Mr. Brooke while a student at the University was a star football player and was a well known figure of the athletic field. His skill at an important position was an important influence to develop Pennsylvania's ascendancy in football. He was a Corporal in Battery A, Philadelphia Light Artillery United States Volunteers during the Cuban campaign and is now Sergeant in that organization in the National Guard of Pennsylvania. In politics Mr. Brooke is a Republican having had a part in various local conventions of the party. He is a member of the Racquet Club and the Philadelphia Cricket Club and also belongs to the Law Association of Philadelphia.

the DeLancey School, where he was a student for three years, when he matriculated in the Department of Arts in the University of Pennsylvania. After pursuing academic studies for a time he changed from Arts to Biology with a view to fitting himself for his life profession. Entering the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania he graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1899. His hospital training was received at Bellevue Hospital and Mt. Sinai Hospitals in New York City, where he settled immediately after his graduation. He has legal right to practice in the



C. CLARENCE SICHEL

SICHEL, C. Clarence, 1872-

Class of 1896 Arts, 1899 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1872; studied in Department of Arts and Biological School, University of Pennsylvania; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing physician in New York City; Chief of Clinic in Pediatrics at Bellevue Dispensary; Lecture Assistant in New York University.

C CLARENCE SICHEL, M.D., was born in Philadelphia in 1872, son of Julius and Sarah (Meyer) Sichel. His father was born in Germany, becoming an American citizen, however, some fifty years ago. His mother's mother, Sophia Meyer, also was a native of Germany, being a member of the well-known family of Mayer (Mayer being her maiden name) of Baereuth, Germany. Dr. Sichel acquired his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia. He prepared for College at

States of Pennsylvania, New York, and New Jersey, having been accepted by the medical boards of these States. For six months Dr. Sichel acted as Assistant at the Good Samaritan Dispensary in New York. In February 1900, he was appointed Chief of Clinic in Pediatrics at Bellevue Dispensary in the same city, and he is also lecture assistant to Dr. H. C. Coe, Professor of Gynecology at New York University. He is Consulting Physician to the Fraternal Order of Eagles, member of the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, and Chairman of the House Committee and member of the Council of the University of Pennsylvania Club in New York. Dr. Sichel resides and practices in New York City.

THOMAS, William Hersey, 1873-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1873; educated Philadelphia public schools, University of Pennsylvania and abroad; Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, 1894-95; Assistant Pathologist, Polyclinic Hospital, 1897-98; Instructor in Surgery, Medico-Chirurgical College, and Chief of the Surgical Department of its Hospital Dispensary, 1898-

WILLIAM HERSEY THOMAS was born in Philadelphia, August 9, 1873, son of William H. and Ellen Frances (Pyle) Thomas. He acquired his early education in the Philadelphia



W. HERSEY THOMAS

public schools, including the Central High School, from which he was graduated a Bachelor of Arts in 1891, and he took his medical degree at the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1894. Appointed by competitive examination to the post of Resident Physician to the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, at graduation, he served in that capacity until the summer of 1895, when he went to Europe for further study, spending two years in the hospitals of Vienna, Berlin, Paris and London. Upon his return in July 1897, he located for practice in Philadelphia, and has attained high rank as a surgeon. During the winter of 1897-1898, he was Assistant Pathologist to the Polyclinic Hospital, and from the latter year to the present time has

been Instructor in Surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical College, and also Chief of the Surgical Dispensary connected with the hospital of that Institution. Dr. Thomas is a member of the Philadelphia Pathological Society, the Northern Medical Society, the Northwestern Medical Society and the Philadelphia Medical Club. In politics he is a Republican. On April 17, 1901, he married Alice Hudson Brown.

HERATY, Philip Fitzpatrick, 1868-

Class of 1893.

Born in Philadelphia, 1868; student in College Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1888-89; with E. J. Heraty & Company since 1890; Vice-President of firm since 1896.

PHILIP FITZPATRICK HERATY was born in Philadelphia, May 1, 1868, son of Edward J. Heraty and Sarah Louise Fitzpatrick, daughter of Philip Fitzpatrick of Philadelphia. His great-grandfather was Littleton Harris of Princess Anne, Maryland. After attending Rolles Military Academy and Lauderbach's Academy of Philadelphia he was matriculated in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania where he remained during the years 1888 and 1889. He did not stay to receive a degree but entered the employ of E. J. Heraty & Company in 1890 with which firm he has been connected ever since. In 1893 he was admitted to partnership and since January 1896 has been Vice-President of the E. J. Heraty Company, Incorporated. Mr. Heraty has a wide variety of important business connections. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Beneficial Saving Fund, the Mechanics' Insurance Company and the Camden Real Estate Company. He belongs to the University Club of Philadelphia, the Merion Cricket Club, the United Service Club, the Undine Barge Club and the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. In politics he is a Republican. On October 26, 1889, he married Rebekah Davids Morris by whom he has four children: Edward J., Margaret Louise, Philip F., Jr., and Marion Morris Heraty. They reside at Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania.

BRYANT, Henry Grier, 1859-

Class of 1886 Law.

Born in Allegheny City, Pa., 1859; educated private schools in Philadelphia, and at Phillips-Exeter Academy; graduated Princeton, 1883; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1886; Secretary Edison Electric Light Company of Philadelphia, 1889-90; head of exploring expedition to Grand Falls of Labrador 1891, and to Mt. St. Elias region, Alaska, 1897; with Peary

Relief Expedition 1892, and in command of Peary Auxiliary Expedition 1894; President Geographical Society of Philadelphia.

HENRY GRIER BRYANT, A.M., explorer and geographer, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1859, son of Walter and Ellen Adams (Henderson) Bryant. On his father's side he is of English ancestry; on the maternal, he is of Scotch-Irish stock. When nine years of age, his parents removed to Philadelphia, and he attended private schools there, afterwards studying at the Phillips Academy at Exeter,



HENRY G. BRYANT

New Hampshire. He graduated from Princeton in the Class of 1883, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in course in 1886. He also was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1886. From 1889 to 1890 he was Secretary of the Edison Electric Light Company of Philadelphia. He has at different times been engaged in literary work for encyclopedias and magazines. In 1891 he organized and conducted an exploring expedition to the Grand Falls of Labrador, and was second in Command of the Peary Relief Expedition in 1892, and was Commander of the Peary Auxiliary Expedition of 1894. In 1895 Mr. Bryant was sent to London as a delegate to the International Congress of Geographers,

and again in 1899 served as delegate and honorary Vice-President of the Congress held in Berlin. In 1897 he organized and conducted an exploring expedition to the Mt. St. Elias region of Alaska. He is a member of the Board of Governors of the University Club of Philadelphia, also President of the Geographical Society of Philadelphia, and a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society of London. His services to the cause of geography have been recognized by his election to corresponding membership in a number of societies in Europe and America.

BACHE, Benjamin Franklin, 1801-1881.

Class of 1823 Med.

Born in Monticello, Va., 1801; graduated Princeton, 1819; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1823; Assistant-Surgeon United States Navy 1824, Surgeon 1828; Professor Natural Science in Kenyon College, 1838-41; Director Naval Laboratory at New York, 1853-71; retired with rank of Commodore, 1871; died 1881.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BACHE, M.D., was born in Monticello, Virginia, February 7, 1801. He was the great-great-grandson of Richard Bache, Postmaster-General of the United States, who married Sarah, the only daughter of Benjamin Franklin, in 1767. He was graduated at Princeton in 1819, and at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1823, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from that University and entering the United States Navy as Assistant-Surgeon in the following year. Dr. Bache continued in the Naval service throughout his life, with the exception of the period 1838-1841, when on leave of absence he filled the Chair of Natural Science and Natural Religion at Kenyon College, Ohio. He was promoted Surgeon in 1828, and from 1832 to 1836 was stationed at Pensacola Navy Yard; he served as Fleet Surgeon of the Mediterranean Squadron in 1841-1844, and of the Brazil Squadron in 1847-1850. In the latter year he was placed in charge of the Naval Hospital at New York, where he organized the laboratory which furnishes all medical supplies to the Navy. Of this he was made Director in 1853, and at the outbreak of the Civil War performed a notable service to the government by restocking the laboratory on his own responsibility without awaiting orders. Dr. Bache reached the age of retirement in 1863, but was continued in his position at the laboratory until 1871 when he was appointed Medical Director and retired from active service with the rank of Com-

modore. After his retirement, he continued to reside in New York City, and died there, November 2, 1881.

VAUGHAN, Harold Stearns, 1876-

Class of 1899 Dent.

Born in Burlington, N. S., 1876; educated in New York; studied dentistry in Worcester, Mass., and University of Pennsylvania; practiced dentistry in New York City, 1899 to present time; now a medical student College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City.

HAROLD STEARNS VAUGHAN was born in Burlington, Nova Scotia, October 7, 1876, son of William Stearns and Clara Jane (McCulloch)



HAROLD S. VAUGHAN

Vaughan. Some of his ancestors were Welsh, and others came from Scotland. At the age of twelve years he went to reside in New York City, where he completed his preliminary education, and he received an academic diploma from the Regents of the University of the State of New York. He began the study of dentistry under the direction of Dr. George E. Savage of Worcester, Massachusetts, completing it in the Department of Dentistry of the University of Pennsylvania in 1899, since which time he has practiced in New York City through the winter and at Southampton, Long Island, during the summer season. Perceiving the professional advantages to be obtained from a knowledge of

medicine as an adjunct to that of dentistry, he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University in 1900, and is still pursuing his medical studies. Dr. Vaughan is a member of the General and the Dental Alumni societies of the University, the Psi Omega Fraternity (Dental) of the University and also of its New York Chapter, and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City.

CURTIS, Edward, 1838-

Class of 1864 Med.

Born in Providence, R. I., 1838; prepared for College at private school; graduated Harvard, 1859; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1864; entered Medical Department United States Army in 1861, and served until 1870; practitioner in New York City; Clinical Assistant New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; Microscopist at Manhattan Eye and Ear Infirmary; Lecturer on Normal and Pathological Histology at College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1871; Assistant Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics at College of Physicians and Surgeons; Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; Honorary Microscopist to New York City Board of Health.

EDWARD CURTIS, M.D., was born in Providence, Rhode Island, June 4, 1838. His father, George Curtis, was a native of Worcester, Massachusetts, and fifth in descent from Ephraim Curtis, the first settler of that city. George Curtis was a banker of Providence, and was three times chosen speaker of the General Assembly of Rhode Island. He removed to New York about a year after the birth of Edward Curtis, and became cashier of the Bank of Commerce and, later, President of the Continental Bank. His wife, Julia Bowen Bridgman, was a daughter of General Samuel Willard Bridgman, first Mayor of Providence, and a descendant of President Samuel Willard of Harvard. Young Curtis received his early education in a select private school in New York City, and then entered Harvard, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1859 and Master of Arts in 1862. His medical course was taken at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine in 1864. When the Civil War broke out he was one of the first to respond to the call for surgeons at the front, and entered the medical service of the United States Army as a volunteer dresser at the Union Hotel Hospital, Georgetown, District of Columbia. His career in the army, where he rendered distinguished service, may be briefly summarized as follows: Medical

Cadet, United States Army, September 6, 1861, at Cliffburne Barracks; with the Army of Virginia, August 23, 1862; at the Satterlee General Hospital, Philadelphia, September 1862; acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, May 5, 1863, assigned to the Microscopical Department of the Army Medical Museum at Washington; in 1864 the University of Pennsylvania conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Medicine; Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, March 30, 1864; Hampton Hospital at Fortress Monroe, June 22, 1864; Sheridan Field Hospital, Winchester, Virginia, Sep-



EDWARD CURTIS

tember 20, 1864; Captain and brevet-Major, March 13, 1865; Army and Navy Eclipse expedition to Des Moines, Iowa, summer of 1869. During his service in the Army Medical Museum he worked especially at the newly-practiced art of photography through the microscope, and prepared the catalogue of the microscopical section of the Museum. On the eclipse expedition he took photographs of the total solar eclipse through the telescope for the Naval Observatory at Washington. He married, November 16, 1864, Augusta Lawler Stacey of Chester, Pennsylvania, and has five children, two boys and three girls. Dr. Curtis resigned from the army in 1870, and took up the practice of medicine in New York City. In March of that year he was

appointed Clinical Assistant in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, and in December Microscopist at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Infirmary. In the spring of 1871 he lectured on Normal and Pathological Histology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City. Then followed in rapid succession: 1872, Assistant Surgeon, New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; May 1873, Professor of *Materia Medica* and Therapeutics at the College of Physicians and Surgeons; January 1874, Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, and Honorary Microscopist to the New York City Board of Health. In 1886 he was appointed "Emeritus" Professor of *Materia Medica* and Therapeutics in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He has now retired from all active work save the Medical Directorship of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, to which he was appointed in 1876. He is a member of the Century Association, Harvard Club, Lawyers' Club, Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, New York Society of Sons of the Revolution, New York County Medical Society, Roman Medical Society of New York, and Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. He is also an honorary member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

HAYWARD, George, 1791-1863.

Class of 1812 Med.

Born in Boston, Mass., 1791; graduated Harvard, 1809; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1812; practiced in Boston upwards of fifty years; spent some years in Europe and acquired a high reputation as a surgeon; College Professor of Surgery at Harvard, and of Clinics in the Medical School, 1835-49; a Fellow of the College 1852-63; contributed to medical literature both as author and translator; died in Boston, 1863.

GEORGE HAYWARD, M.D., was born in Boston, March 9, 1791. He was the son of Dr. Lemuel Hayward, a noted physician of Boston in his day, who was graduated from Harvard in 1768, studied medicine under Dr. Joseph Warren, and served as a Surgeon in the Revolutionary War. The son was also educated at Harvard, graduating in 1809, and after obtaining his Medical degree at the University of Pennsylvania (1812) he located in his native city, where he won distinction as a surgeon. With the exception of some years spent in Europe, where he enjoyed the instruction and friendship of Abernethy and Sir Astley Cooper, he practiced in Boston until his death, and his professional reputation stood high on both sides of the Atlantic. He

was one of the first surgeons to make use of ether in capital operations, and was Assistant Surgeon to Dr. John C. Warren at the opening of the Massachusetts General Hospital, with which institution he was prominently identified for many years. As College Professor of Surgery at Harvard and Clinical Professor in the Medical School from 1835 to 1849, he was the instructor of many students who afterwards became successful in their profession, and he was a member of the College Corporation from 1852 to 1863. Dr. Hayward received the honorary Bachelor's degree from Yale in 1809, and that of Master of Arts from Harvard in course. He was a leading fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, President of the Boston Athenæum and President of the Massachusetts Medical Society. He was also one of the founders of the Linnean Society and of the Boston Society of Natural History. Besides a translation of Bichat's General Anatomy and Beckland's Additions in four volumes to same, he was the author of Outlines of Physiology, and many important medical papers and surgical records. He died in Boston, October 7, 1863. A nephew and grand-nephew, both of whom bore his name, have held distinguished places in the profession and in the community.

CHANNING, Walter, 1786-1876.

Class of 1809 Med.

Born in Newport, R. I., 1786; educated at Harvard; studied medicine in Boston, Philadelphia, Edinburgh and London; Professor Obstetrics and Medical Jurisprudence at Harvard for nearly forty years, and Dean of the Medical School; for nearly twenty years Physician at the Massachusetts General Hospital; author of several medical and other works; died in Boston, 1876.

WALTER CHANNING, M.D., Professor of Obstetrics at Harvard, and a brother of Dr. William E. Channing and of Professor Edward T. Channing of Harvard, was born in Newport, Rhode Island, April 15, 1786. He was educated at Harvard, receiving his degree out of course on account of having participated in the rebellion of students there in 1807. His medical studies were begun in Boston and after taking his degree at the University of Pennsylvania, he went abroad for the purpose of perfecting his professional preparations in Edinburgh and London, obtaining while in the last named city the advantage of practical observation at Guy's and St. Thomas's Hospitals. Soon after entering upon the practice of his profession in Boston (1812) he was called to lecture at Har-

vard on obstetrics, and in 1815 was appointed to fill the newly created Chair of Obstetrics and Medical Jurisprudence. His connection with the Harvard Medical School both as Professor and Dean continued until 1854, when he resigned. For nearly twenty years he was a Physician at the Massachusetts General Hospital, having been appointed Assistant to Dr. James Jackson in 1821, when that institution was in the infancy of its existence. Dr. Channing published: an Address on the Prevention of Pauperism; a Treatise on Etherization in Childbirth, which produced a beneficial effect on that Department of Medical Science both at home and abroad; Professional Reminiscences of Foreign Travel, New and Old; A Physician's Vacation, or a Summer in Europe; Reformation of Medical Science; and Miscellaneous Poems. He was also a frequent contributor to periodical literature. He died in Boston in 1876.

CLARKE, Edward Hammond, 1820-1877.

Class of 1846 Med.

Born in Norton, Mass., 1820; graduated at Harvard, 1841; University of Pennsylvania, 1846; perfected his professional studies abroad; attained high rank as a physician; Professor Materia Medica at Harvard Medical School for seventeen years, and an Overseer of the University five years; died in Boston, Mass., 1877.

EDWARD HAMMOND CLARKE, M.D., was born in Norton, Bristol county, Massachusetts, February 2, 1820, son of Rev. Pitt and Mary Jones (Stimson) Clarke. He was educated at Harvard, graduating with the Class of 1841, and after taking his Medical degree at the University of Pennsylvania in 1846, he went to Europe for further study and professional observation. Upon his return he located for practice in Boston, where he attained eminence as a physician, and being called to the Chair of Materia Medica at the Harvard Medical School in 1855, he occupied it continuously until 1872, when he resigned. Dr. Clarke was an Overseer of Harvard from 1872 until his death, which occurred in Boston, November 30, 1877. He was a fellow of the American Academy, and manifested much interest in public affairs, especially those of sanitary, scientific, and educational importance. By request he delivered an address on Education of Girls at a meeting of the National Educational Association, held in Detroit, Michigan, August 2, 1874. His more important publications were: Observations on the Treatment of Polypus of

the Ear; Physiological and Therapeutical Action of Bromide of Potassium, and Bromide of Ammonium; written in collaboration with Dr. Robert Amory; Sex in Education; The Building of a Brain; and



EDWARD H. CLARKE

Visions; a Study of False Sight; which was written while the author was suffering from a painful and fatal disease. The last work was published after his death under the supervision of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, who added to it a memorial sketch of Dr. Clarke.

ELMER, Henry Whiteley, 1847-

Class of 1869 Med.

Born in Bridgeton, N. J., 1847; attended West Jersey Academy in Bridgeton; graduated Princeton, 1866; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1869; Interne Blockely Almshouse, Philadelphia, 1869-71; practicing physician in Bridgeton since 1871.

HENRY WHITELEY ELMER, M.D., was born in Bridgeton, New Jersey, April 26, 1847, son of William and Eliza Robeson (Whiteley) Elmer. The first American ancestor of the Elmer family came from England in the ship *Lion* in 1632, landing in Boston, and in 1636 moving to Hartford, Connecticut, with the Thomas Hooker expedition. Later members of the family have graduated at Princeton, and the University of Pennsylvania, the last four generations showing records of graduates

in medicine of the University of Pennsylvania; of these, Dr. Jonathan Elmer received the Bachelor of Medicine degree in 1768 with the first class ever graduated in the United States with a medical degree; he received the Doctor's degree in 1771, and became prominent in public affairs as a delegate to the Provincial Congress in 1774, Major of Light Infantry in 1775, member of the Continental Congress, 1776-1778, member of the United States Senate, 1789-1791 and Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. William Elmer after graduation at the Medical School became a successful physician in Bridgeton, and President of the Medical Society of New Jersey and of the Cumberland County Medical Society. His son, Henry W. Elmer, was prepared for College in the public schools and at the West Jersey Academy in his native town, and in 1866 graduated Bachelor of Arts from Princeton and the degree of Master of Arts in 1869. He then entered the course of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in 1869 with an appointment as Interne to the Blockely Almshouse (Philadelphia Hospital). In 1871 after some prac-



HENRY W. ELMER

tice in Philadelphia he returned to Bridgeton and there settled in the practice of his profession, in which he has been successfully engaged ever since. He was, for many years, Secretary of the Cumber-

land County Medical Society and is Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Medical Society of New Jersey. He is also a Director in the Cumberland National Bank and the Bridgeton Gas Light Company.

CRAYTHORN, Charles John, 1856-

Class of 1894 Med.

Born in Beverly, N. J., 1856; graduated Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 1885; druggist in Beverly, N. J.; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practicing physician in Trenton, N. J.; City Physician of Trenton, 1895-96.

CHARLES JOHN CRAYTHORN, M.D., was born in Beverly, New Jersey, December 31, 1856, and is of English parentage. His father, Wil-



C. J. CRAYTHORN

liam Craythorn, was born in Leicestershire, England, and his mother, who was Louisa Pascoe, in Plymouth, England. After attending the Beverly public schools and later the Farnum Preparatory School of Beverly he settled in Beverly, New Jersey, and took up the study of pharmacy. He was graduated Ph.G. from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1885. He continued in the drug business until 1891 when he determined upon the study of medicine. Matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he received his Doctor of Medi-

cine degree with the Class of 1894 and at once began the practice of his profession in Trenton, New Jersey. From May 1895 until May 1896 he was City Physician of Trenton. He is a member of the Mercer County Medical Society and the National Union. He is connected with the Mercer Hospital Medical Staff and is Assistant Ophthalmologist to that institution. On May 8, 1882 Dr. Craythorn married Ida Virginia Adams and has one daughter, Ida Virginia Craythorn.

BUDD, Henry Irick, Jr., 1868-

Class of 1892 Law.

Born at Mount Holly, N. J., 1868; fitted for College at Mount Holly Academy; graduated Princeton, 1888; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; admitted to New Jersey Bar 1891, and to Philadelphia Bar 1892; practicing lawyer in Camden, N. J.

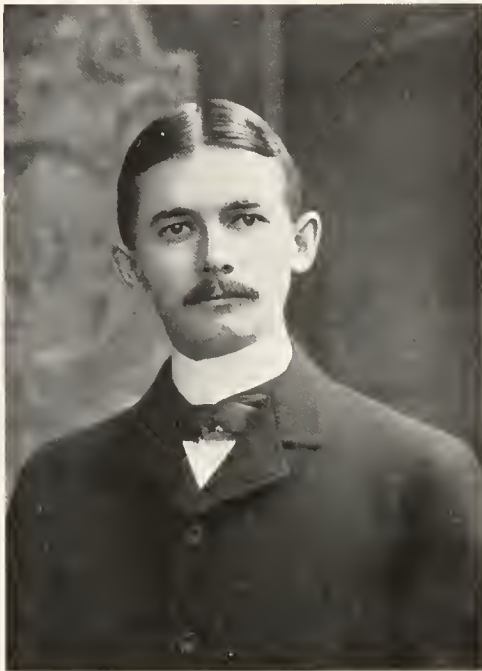
HENRY IRICK BUDD, JR., was born at Mount Holly, Burlington county, New Jersey, January 10, 1868, and is the son of Henry Irick Budd and Josephine Budd. His ancestors on both sides of the family were of English stock, and settled in New Jersey about 1678. He was fitted for College at the Academy in Mount Holly, New Jersey, and graduated from Princeton with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1888. After a course in law at the University of Pennsylvania, he graduated and received his degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1892. In June of the previous year he had received the degree of Master of Arts from Princeton, and in November 1891 became a member of the New Jersey Bar. In 1892 he was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar. He began practice as a lawyer in Camden, New Jersey, in August of that year, where he continues to reside and engage in the practice of his profession. He has an extensive practice through all of Southern New Jersey, especially in the Civil, Chancery and Probate Courts, to which branches of the profession he has given special attention. Mr. Budd is a member of the Clisophic Society of Princeton, the Phi Delta Phi Legal Fraternity, the Sharswood Club of the University of Pennsylvania, the University Club of Philadelphia, the New Jersey Society of the Sons of the Revolution, the different Masonic orders, and various other organizations. He also takes a great interest in Church work, being one of the elders and Superintendent of the Sunday School of the First Presbyterian Church of Camden and President of the Camden County Sunday School Association.

HAYS, George Livingston, 1869-

Class of 1895 Med.

Born at Ashton, Mo., 1869; studied at Kahoka College and Bellefonte Academy; graduated M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; practicing physician at Pittsburg, Pa.

GEORGE LIVINGSTON HAYS, M.D., was born at Ashton, Clark county, Missouri, July 19, 1869. He is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, being the son of Alfred Armstrong and Elizabeth (Moran) Hays. He attended the public school in his native place and Kahoka College at Kahoka,



G. L. HAYS

Missouri. Afterward he removed to Pennsylvania and was a student for a time at Bellefonte Academy at Bellefonte in that state. He selected a professional career and matriculated in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he secured his degree June 13, 1895. Dr. Hays is a member of the Pittsburg Academy of Medicine, a member of Allegheny County Medical Society, Assistant Surgeon to Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, Assistant to the Chair of the Principles of Surgery and of Clinical Surgery, Western University of Pennsylvania, First Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon Fourteenth Regiment Second Brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania. He has practiced in Pittsburg ever since his graduation.

CUTTER, Ephraim, 1832-

Class of 1857 Med.

Born in Woburn, Mass., 1832; prepared for College at Warren Academy, Woburn; graduated Yale, 1852; M.D. Harvard 1856, and University of Pennsylvania 1857; in practice in Woburn and Boston 1856-76, in Cambridge, Mass., 1876-80, and in New York City since 1880; inventor of valuable medical apparatus; has engaged extensively in original research and medical writing.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D., LL.D., was born in Woburn, Massachusetts, September 1, 1832, son of Benjamin Cutter, A.M., M.D. (Harv.) and Mary (Whittemore) Cutter. Both branches of his ancestry were descended from early settlers in New England, and his maternal great-grandfather, Samuel Whittemore, over seventy years of age, took an active part in the following of the British regulars on their return from Concord, in 1775. So deadly was Whittemore's aim that five soldiers were sent to kill him; of these, he killed two, but was severely wounded by the bayonets of the other three. He survived, however, and lived eighteen years after the battle. Dr. Cutter was prepared for College at Warren Academy, Woburn, and entered Yale, graduating in 1852 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts; he afterwards received the Master's degree in course. While in College he was especially active in musical circles and was offered all his expenses during a voice-training course in Europe, preparatory to opera singing. He refused the offer, not caring for the stage. His preparation for his life work was completed in a course of study in the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale; Professor J. P. Cooke's Medical Laboratory at Harvard; the Harvard Medical School, where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1856; and the University of Pennsylvania Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1857. He was invited to read his original thesis on "Endosmosis" at his Cambridge graduation exercises, and his paper on "Under what Circumstances do the Usual Signs furnished by Auscultation and Percussion Prove Fallacious" was awarded the gold medal, the Boylston Medical Prize, in 1857. Dr. Cutter has practiced medicine in Woburn, Boston and Cambridge in Massachusetts, and from 1880 in New York City. In 1886 his son, John Ashburton Cutter, became his medical partner. The whole effort of his life has been in the line of original research, and his study has resulted in many valuable additions to the literature of medicine and in the invention of medical apparatus of proved worth. His invalid chair is regarded by

English authorities to be the best in use, and his pessaries, his écraseur for the removal of growths from deep cavities, his metallic suture, his new electrodes for uterine fibroids, his clinical microscope, and his cam fine adjustment for the microscope stage are widely known and employed by the medical profession. He owns the 1/75 inch objective, making his microscope the most powerful one in the world. With this objective and others he photographed the blood in the predisposing and actual states of rheumatism, embolism and tuberculosis in 1876, assisted by George B. Harriman,



EPHRAIM CUTTER

D.D.S. of Boston. These micro-photographs have never been equalled. Aside from his mechanical inventions his discoveries have opened new regions of thought. The following are indicative of his manner of research: The proving that galvanic currents will penetrate large abdominal fibroids in living patients; that odors render turgescient the nasal mucous membranes; that speech and song differ only in the length of basic vowel sounds, and that lung, kidney and blood diseases are susceptible to treatment by diet, as well as the nerve degenerations. The latter years of his life have been devoted to searching into the morphology of the blood, especially in the direction of food effects on fibrinous concretions in the heart. He has published over

five hundred papers and books; a late one being *Fatty Ills and their Masquerades*, evidencing the fact that Bright's Disease, apoplexy, locomotor ataxia, etc. are forms of fatty degeneration, their titles thus being masks covering their real essence and hindering early recognition and treatment. The establishing of a musical course at Yale is in great part due to his efforts. Dr. Cutter has been closely identified with the interests of the Congregational Church; at the present is elder of a Dutch Reformed Church, but has had little part in social and political endeavor. During the Civil War was a member of the Committee of One Hundred, Massachusetts Soldiers Fund. He is a life member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Club of New York City, belongs to several musical societies, and is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Rocky Mountain Medical Association, the Gynæcological Society of Boston, Belgian and Italian Microscopical Societies, Philosophical Society of Great Britain and the Ninth and Tenth International Medical Congress; at the latter at Berlin representing America, in certain lines. Of his nine children three are living: Benjamin, Ephraim and John Ashburton Cutter. His wife, Rebecca Smith Sullivan, died in February 1899. Dr. Cutter received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Iowa College in 1887.

EGBERT, Seneca, 1863-

Class of 1888 Med.

Born in Petroleum Centre, Pa., 1863; prepared for College at Phillips-Andover Academy; graduated Princeton, 1884; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1888; practicing physician in Philadelphia; Lecturer University of Pennsylvania 1890-91, Drexel Institute 1891-92; Professor in Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, since 1893, and in Temple College of that city 1896-99.

SENECA EGBERT, M.D., was born in Petroleum Centre, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1863, the son of Albert G. and Eliza (Phipps) Egbert. He is probably a descendant of James Egbert, whose birth took place on Staten Island in 1695. He is a grandson of Lewis and a great-grandson of William Egbert, the latter a Revolutionary soldier. His original maternal American ancestor is believed to be Joseph Phipps, an Englishman and a friend of William Penn, who emigrated to Philadelphia in 1682 and was a member of the first Pennsylvania Assembly. His grandfather was Samuel, and his great-grandfather was John Phipps. He attended

the Franklin, Pennsylvania, High School and Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, from which latter he entered Princeton, taking his Bachelor's degree in 1884 and that of Master of Arts in course in 1887. His medical studies were pursued at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1888, and he immediately engaged in practice in Philadelphia. From 1888 to 1891 he was Visiting Physician to the Northern Home for Friendless Children. He held the lectureship on hygiene at the University of Pennsylvania in 1890-1891; lectured on the same subject at Drexel Institute the



SENECA EGBERT

following year; was called to the Chair of Hygiene at the Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, in 1893 and became Dean of that Faculty in 1898; and was also Professor of Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene at the Temple College from 1896 to 1899. His contributions to medical literature have been widely circulated in the medical journals, and his Manual of Hygiene and Sanitation has been accepted as a text-book by a number of schools and Colleges. Politically Dr. Egbert is an Independent Democrat. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity. September 28, 1888, he married Nancy McClellan Bredin, and has two children: Albert Victor, born July 21, 1889; and Catherine Bredin Egbert, born May 5, 1891.

KNIGHT, Jonathan, 1789-1864.

Class of 1813 Med.

Born in Norwalk, Conn., 1789; graduated Yale 1808 and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1813; Tutor at Yale, 1810-1811; Professor Anatomy and Physiology at Yale 1813-1838, and of Surgery for the rest of his life; Lecturer on Obstetrics, 1820-1829; President American Medical Association; Director of the Connecticut General Hospital; assisted in establishing the Knight Military Hospital at New Haven, 1864; died, 1864.

JONATHAN KNIGHT, M.D., Medical Professor at Yale, was born in Norwalk, Connecticut, September 4, 1789. He was the son of a physician of the same name who served as a surgeon's mate in the War for Independence and afterward practiced in Norwalk. After graduating from Yale in 1808 the son taught in Norwalk and New London for about two years, was a Tutor at Yale while pursuing preliminary medical studies, and took his medical degree at the University of Pennsylvania in 1813. He located for practice in New Haven, and was called the same year to the Chair of Anatomy and Physiology at the Yale Medical School, which he occupied until 1838, when he took the Professorship of Surgery, continuing in that capacity until his retirement as Professor "Emeritus" the year of his death. He died in New Haven, August 25, 1864. He was also Lecturer on Obstetrics from 1820 to 1829. Aside from his College duties and his private practice, Dr. Knight was for a long time connected with the Connecticut General Hospital as Surgeon and Director, and was instrumental in establishing in 1864 the New Haven Military Hospital, which was named in his honor. He was President of the American Medical Association for the years 1853-1854.

COXE, Henry Brinton, Jr., 1863-

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1863; graduated Harvard, 1885; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1887; coal merchant in Philadelphia.

HENRY BRINTON COXE, JR., was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 12, 1863, son of Henry B., Sr., and Isabel (Brown) Coxe. His ancestry on the paternal side is traced from Daniel Coxe, through William Tench, and Charles S. (University of Pennsylvania 1808) to Henry B. Coxe, Sr. (University of Pennsylvania 1860), and through his mother he is the sixth in descent, from William Brown, through Alexander John A., and Alexander Brown, his maternal grand-

father. He was educated preliminarily at Dr. Farris' School, Philadelphia, St. John's School, Sing Sing, New York, and Adams Academy, Quincy, Massachusetts; was graduated at Harvard with the Class



HENRY B. COXE, JR.

of 1885, and from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania two years later. Turning his attention to business pursuits, he associated himself with Messrs. Coxe Brothers & Company, Limited, Philadelphia, miners and shippers of coal. Mr. Coxe is a member of the Philadelphia and Rittenhouse Clubs. On January 5, 1888, he married Ruth, daughter of W. C. Lovering, of Boston, Massachusetts. They have two children: Ruth and Henry B. Coxe, 3d.

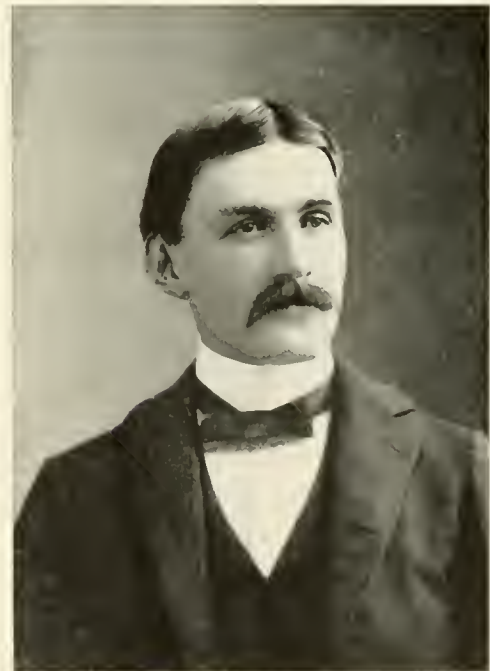
GIBBY, Herbert Budd, 1871-

Class of 1895 Med

Born in Princeton, N. J., 1871; fitted for College at Princeton Preparatory School; graduated Princeton, 1892; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; Resident Physician at Pittston Hospital, 1895; Physician and Surgeon Pittston Hospital, 1896; Division Surgeon for Lehigh Valley Railroad, 1897.

HERBERT BUDD GIBBY, M.D., was born in Princeton, New Jersey, September 12, 1871, son of William J. and Helen Day (Budd) Gibby. He is of English and Scotch-Irish ancestry. His pater-

nal grandfather was a Judge: his father, William J. Gibby, a lawyer, was Mayor of Princeton for two terms and County School Superintendent of Mercer county. He studied in the public schools and was prepared for College at Princeton Preparatory School, also receiving instruction for the last year before entering College from his brother. He took the Academic course at Princeton with elective tendency toward medicine, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1892. He pursued his medical studies at the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with honors in 1895. The same year he received the degree of Master of Arts from Princeton. He began his professional career as Resident Physician at the Pittston Hospital, Pittston, Pennsylvania, in July 1895, and in August of the following year opened an office for private practice in Pittston, and was appointed Attending Physician and Surgeon to the Pittston Hospital in November 1896, a position he still retains. Since May 1897, he has been Division Surgeon for the Lehigh Valley Railroad. While at Princeton, Mr. Gibby was a member of the Clio-



HERBERT B. GIBBY

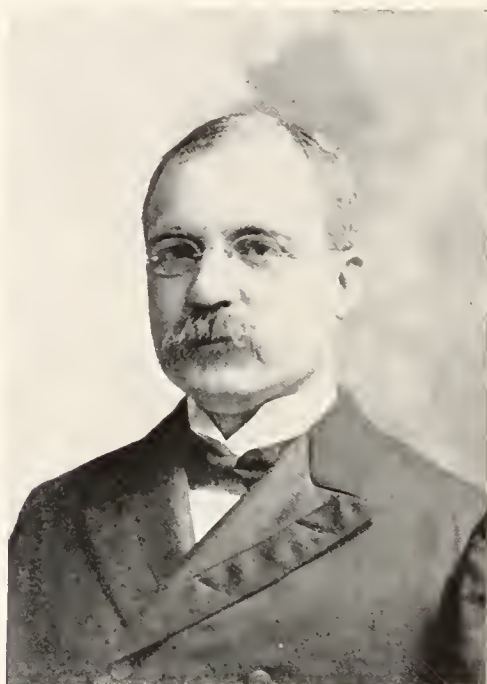
sophic Society, and was a member of the D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society while at the University of Pennsylvania. The winter of 1899 he spent at Vienna, pursuing his medical studies.

ESCHELMAN, Simon, 1852-

Class of 1879 Med.

Born in Blair, Canada, 1852; studied at Harvard Dental School, Philadelphia Dental College, Royal College of Dental Surgeons, in Canada, Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, and Medical Department University of Vermont; practiced dentistry in Canadian cities; practiced medicine in Detroit; resumed dentistry in Buffalo; has been President and Treasurer of the Buffalo Dental Association, and President and Librarian of the Eighth District Dental Society of New York State.

SIMON ESCHELMAN, D.M.D., M.D., was born in Blair, Ontario, Canada, August 31, 1852, and is the son of Moses and Susannah (Stauff-



SIMON ESCHELMAN

fer) Eschelman. It was in 1756 that Franz Eschelman emigrated from Germany and settled in Reading, Pennsylvania. His son, Samuel, one of the early settlers of Ontario was a U. E. Loyalist. The latter's son, Moses, was the father of the present Simon. Mr. Eschelman attended the Harvard Dental School in the term of 1873-1874, was graduated from the Philadelphia Dental College, 1875, and from the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Canada, the same year, attended the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1878-1879, and was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Vermont in 1879. He practiced dentistry for some years in Guelph, Brant-

ford and Toronto, and then for a short time gave up dentistry to take up medicine in Detroit. In 1884 he resumed dentistry, locating in Buffalo. Dr. Eschelman has held the offices of President and Treasurer of the Buffalo Dental Association, and of President and Librarian of the Eighth District Dental Society of New York State. He married December 28, 1881, Annie Pauline de Bell Sinclair, and had two children: Karl Ferdinand Dormer and Leo Sinclair Eschelman.

IRWIN, James Clark, 1868-

Class of 1890.

Born in Delaware county, Pa., 1868; graduated B.S., University of Pennsylvania, 1890; supplementary degree of C.E., 1891; Instructor Civil Engineering, University of Pennsylvania, 1891-92; since 1892 in service of New York Central Railroad, with headquarters at Albany, N. Y.

JAMES CLARK IRWIN was born at Cheyney, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1868. He comes of families prominent in Pennsylvania for more than two hundred years, being a son of William H. and Catherine Browning (Clark) Irwin. For five years he was a student at the Protestant Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia and in the fall of 1886 entered the Class of 1890 in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science with his class having taken the course in civil engineering. At the end of a supplementary year of post-graduate work Mr. Irwin received the additional degree of Civil Engineer. During his summer vacations he was engaged in practical field work. In the summer of 1888 he was topographer in an engineering corps on the Wilkesbarre & Western Railroad. After graduation he was employed by the Atlantic Refining Company in Philadelphia as Engineer of Docks and Yards. In 1891-1892 he was Instructor in Civil Engineering in the University of Pennsylvania but spent only one year in teaching and entered the employ of the New York Central Railroad Company with which in one capacity or another he has been connected ever since. In 1892 and 1893 he was Signal Engineer engaged in the construction of block signals from Albany to Buffalo. For the next two years he was Assistant Trainmaster on the Mohawk Division in charge of freight and passenger service, with headquarters at Utica. From 1894 to 1898 he was Superintendent of the Hudson River Bridge Company and Assistant Superintendent of Signals, and from 1898 to the present time he

has been Division Engineer in charge of the maintenance and construction of track, bridges and buildings and signals. He supervises the Mohawk Divisions of both the New York Central Railroad and the West Shore Railroad, the Adirondack Division from Herkimer to Montreal and The Raquette Lake Railway. Mr. Irwin is a full member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. He belongs to the General Alumni Society and also the College and Class Alumni Societies of the University of Pennsylvania and the Alumni Society of the Episcopal Academy. He is a member of the Committee of Management of the Albany Railroad Young Men's Christian Association. On June 5, 1895, he married Frances Smith Monaghan of West Chester, Pennsylvania. They have three children: James Clark, Jr., Robert Monaghan and William Henry Irwin. Mr. Irwin resides in Albany, New York.

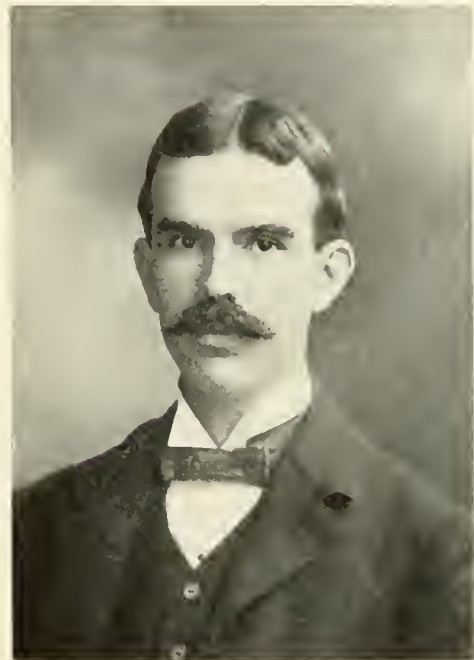
LIVINGOOD, Louis Eugene, 1868-1898.

Class of 1895 Med.

Born in Reading, Penn., 1868; educated at private school in Reading, and at Media Academy, Pa.; studied in Berlin, Germany, and in Lausanne, Switzerland; graduated Princeton University, 1890; Instructor in French and German at Princeton, 1890-92; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1895; Fellowship in Pathology at Johns Hopkins University, 1895-96; Assistant in Pathology and Resident Bacteriologist in Johns Hopkins Hospital 1896, Associate in Pathology at Johns Hopkins Hospital 1898. Lost at sea on La Bourgogne, 1898.

LOUIS EUGENE LIVINGOOD, M.D., Bacteriologist in the Johns Hopkins Hospital, was born in Reading, Pennsylvania, June 22, 1868, son of Jacob Seltzer and Lucy Jane (Shalters) Livingood. His ancestors were among the early settlers of Pennsylvania, coming to America from Alsace in 1710 and making their permanent home in 1723 in Berks county, where their descendants still live. Many of his ancestors were physicians, among them being Dr. Michael Tryon, a French military surgeon, who came to this country from Alsace in 1751. Until fifteen years of age Dr. Livingood attended a private school in Reading, and then spent two years at Media Academy, Media, Pennsylvania. He then went abroad for a year, studying in Berlin and Lausanne. Returning to the United States, he entered Princeton College, and immediately upon his graduation, with the Class of 1890, received the appointment of Instructor in French and German at that institution,

which position he filled for two years, his vacation being spent abroad in further study. While at Princeton he was associated with Professor George McLean Harper in the preparation of an edition of *Les Contes de Balzac*. In 1892 he entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated with high honors in the Class of 1895. The following year, while an Interne at Johns Hopkins Hospital, he received a Fellowship in Pathology, with a summer abroad, and in 1896 was made Assistant in Pathology and Resident Bacteriologist in the Johns Hopkins Hospital where



LOUIS E. LIVINGOOD

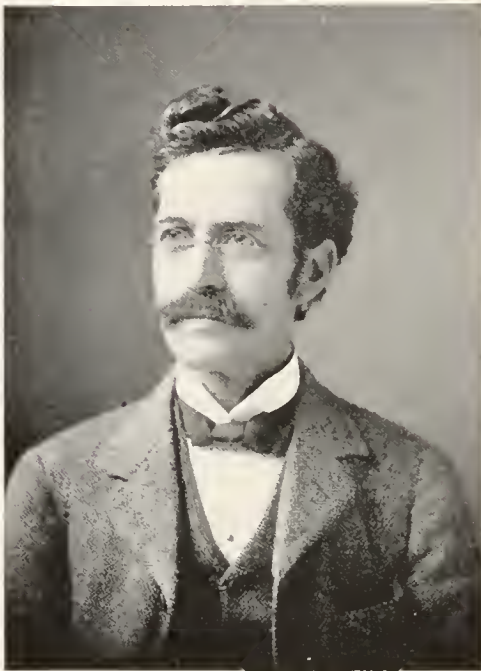
he was steadily engaged up to the time of his death. In addition to his regular work, and a course of Lectures for post-graduate physicians, Dr. Livingood conducted many interesting researches and contributed many valuable papers to the Johns Hopkins Bulletin and to the *Centralblatt für Bakteriologie, Parasitenkunde und Infektionskrankheiten*, the more notable being *On Tumors in the Mouse, Brain Diseases, and Growth of Bacteria upon the Media from Animal Organs*. In June 1898, he was appointed Associate in Pathology to Dr. Wm. H. Welch at Johns Hopkins, and was on his way to pursue his studies, on six months' leave at Vienna, when he shared the fate of *La Bourgogne* July 4, 1898.

KEATOR, John Frisbee, 1850-

Class of 1879 Law.

Born in Roxbury, N. Y., 1850; prepared for College at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.; graduated Yale, 1877; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania Law School, 1879; admitted to Philadelphia Bar 1879, to Bar of United States Supreme Court 1890; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Member of Legislature, 1897-98; Re-elected and served session 1899-1900.

JOHN FRISBEE KEATOR was born in Roxbury, Delaware county, New York, April 16, 1850, the son of Abram Johnson and Ruth (Frisbee) Keator. His paternal ancestors came originally



JOHN F. KEATOR

from Holland and those on his mother's side were Scotch. His grandfather, Cornelius Keator, was a son of John Keator, Jr., whose father John Keator was killed by the Indian allies of the British while serving as a soldier in the Revolutionary War; his maternal grandparents were John and Anna (Smith) Frisbee, the former of whom served in the Mexican War in 1812. Reared upon a farm and educated in the common branches of study taught in the public schools of his neighborhood, he began at the age of seventeen the task of securing the means for a more liberal education, by teaching a country school. He was thus able in 1871, to enter Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts, from which he went to Yale, entering and graduating with the Class of 1877. Joining the Class 1879 in the

Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he took the degree of Bachelor of Laws at the conclusion of his course and was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1879. In 1890 he was admitted to United States Supreme Court in Washington, District of Columbia, and for some years has been a member of the law firm of Keator & Perkins, Philadelphia, which has an extensive general practice. Mr. Keator resides in Germantown. He is manager and Trustee in various Hospitals, Orphanages and other charitable institutions in Philadelphia, principally of the Methodist persuasion, and represents them as their attorney. He is a Republican of the "anti Quay" wing, and in 1896 was elected by his party Representative to the Legislature for two years and reelected in 1898. In Masonry he is a Past Worshipful Master of Harmony Lodge Free and Accepted Masons, also a member of Harmony Chapter Royal Arch Masons and Corinthian Commandery Knights Templar. He is a charter member of the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia, and also holds membership in the University, Colonial, Lawyer's, Psi Upsilon, Wissahickon Wheelmen's and other clubs. February 10, 1885, he married Anna W. Sweatman, and has three children living: Rachel, John Frisbee, Jr., and Clement G. Keator, aged respectively eight, four and one years.

LONG, Daniel G.

Class of 1875 Med

Born in Berks county, Pa.; attended Keystone State Normal School; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1875; practicing physician in Reading since 1880.

DANIEL G. LONG, M.D., is a native of Long's Dale, in Longswamp township, Berks county, Pennsylvania, is a son of Aaron Long by marriage with Esther Fritch, and was born July 13, 1850. After attending the graded Longswamp Centre School and the White Hall Academy in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, he entered the Keystone State Normal School at Kutztown in the same state. He chose a professional life and began the study of medicine, matriculating in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated M.D. from that institution in 1875, and commenced practice with his uncle, Dr. M. S. Long, at his home in Long's Dale. This partnership was not long continued, for at the end of the year 1876 he removed to Mertztown, Berks county, Pennsylvania, where he remained for two years. In

1879 he opened an office at Fleetwood, Pennsylvania, and then went to Reading, where he has resided continuously since 1881. In 1898 Dr. Long engaged extensively in fruit-growing, setting



D. G. LONG

out no less than 25,000 peach, plum and pear trees of different varieties. His venture has been very successful, and he is now the owner of large and thriving orchards. Dr. Long is a member of the masonic fraternity and a thirty-second degree mason. In 1875 he married Emma Miller, of Topton, Pennsylvania, by whom he has two daughters: Ella C. and Gertrude E. Long.

LOUCKS, Zachariah Kepner, 1861-

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in York County, Pa., 1861; attended York County Academy, and Franklin and Marshall College; graduated Princeton, 1881; studied in Law Department University of Pennsylvania; admitted to the Philadelphia Bar 1887, to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court 1889, and as a Counsellor in the U. S. Courts 1893; is practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

ZACHARIAH KEPNER LOUCKS was born in Spring Garden Township, York county, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1861, the son of Zachariah Kalbaugh and Sarah Ann (Ebert) Loucks. The first member of the Loucks family to settle in America was his paternal great-grandfather, John

George Loucks, who emigrated from a village near the Alsace-Lorraine frontier to the United States in 1780. His grandfather was George Loucks, commonly known in his native state and to the trade as miller George. His father was a noted pioneer in the manufacturer of high grade flours and prominent in the development of York county, being at the time of his death President of the First National Bank of York. His maternal grandfather was Colonel Michael Ebert of Spring Garden Township, whose ancestors came from Wurtemberg, Germany, and settled in York county in 1742. Zachariah Kepner Loucks received his preliminary education at the township schools and the private school of Rev. William Vaughn at York, also attended the York County Academy, and Franklin and Marshall College. He entered Princeton in 1878, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1881, and receiving the degree of Master of Arts in the same College in 1888. He studied law with John Gibson, afterwards Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District, later with Hon. Robert J. Fisher, an ex-Judge of the same district, and upon his



Z. K. LOUCKS

removal to Philadelphia continued his studies under the direction of Hon. George Junkin, also attending law lectures at the University of Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar in 1887, and

two years later was admitted to the Bar of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, also to practice in the courts of the Eighth Judicial District of Maryland and the Bar of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore. In 1893 he was admitted as a counsellor in the United States Courts. Mr. Loucks is at the present time actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, and is also a member of the firm of Z. K. & H. J. Loucks' Sons of York, manufacturers of high grade flours and dealers in grain, and has, besides, real estate interests in Philadelphia and York, and is connected with the management of various other enterprises. Mr. Loucks has been counsel in many important cases tried in the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, before the Baltimore Circuit Court, and in the United States Circuit Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and his legal abilities have won for him a prominent position among the successful members of the Philadelphia Bar. In politics he is a Republican, but has never cared to enter public life. He is a graduate member of the American Whig Society of Princeton, and an active member of the Law Academy, and of the Law Association, of Philadelphia.

HOWE, George Allaire, 1856-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Allegheny City, Pa., 1856; fitted for College at Ayers Latin School and the Western University in Pittsburg; graduated Princeton, 1878; studied law under the Hon. George Shiras, also William Scott, Esq.; and attended the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar of Allegheny county, 1881, practiced there until 1888; Secretary of Howe, Brown & Co. (Ltd.), steel manufacturers.

GEORGE ALLAIRE HOWE, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1856, son of Thomas M. and Mary Anne (Palmer) Howe. His father, the Hon. Thomas M. Howe, was one of the most prominent men in Western Pennsylvania. He was a member of Congress from the Pittsburg District from 1850 to 1856, and during the War of the Rebellion was Assistant Adjutant-General of Pennsylvania on the staff of Governor Curtin. He is a direct descendant of John Howe, who settled in Sudbury, Massachusetts, in 1638, and also of Major Simon Willard of Concord, who commanded the Middlesex Regiment in King Philip's War. On his mother's side he is descended from the Allaire family, who were Huguenots, prominent in the settlement of New Rochelle, New York. He was fitted for College in the City of Pittsburg, at Ayers Latin School, and the Western University.

He entered Princeton with the Class of 1878, took the scientific course, and graduated as a Civil Engineer with the degree of Bachelor of Science. His law studies were pursued under the Hon. George Shiras, now Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and William Scott, Esq., a Princeton Alumnus of the Class of 1868. He also attended the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania for one year, and in 1881 was admitted to the Bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he practiced his profession with success until June 1888, when he retired from active practice to accept the position of Secretary of the firm of Howe, Brown &



GEORGE A. HOWE

Company, Limited, manufacturers of steel, a position he holds at the present time. Mr. Howe is a member of the University Club of New York, of the Pittsburg Club, the Pittsburg Golf Club, the Ottawa Shooting Club, the Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, and is also President of the Princeton Club of Western Pennsylvania. He is a member of various Masonic bodies, in which he has taken an active interest, being a Mason of the Thirty-second degree and a Knight Templar. In politics he is a Republican on National issues; in state and local politics, an Independent Republican. He was married, June 14, 1887, to Martha Chambers Jones, daughter of Robert G. Jones, Esq., of Pittsburg.

HOYT, Henry Martyn, 1856-

Class of 1881 Law.

Born in Wilkesbarre, Pa., 1856; educated in public schools and under private instruction; graduated Yale, 1878; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1881; admitted to Bar 1881, and practiced law in Pittsburg, Pa.; Assistant Cashier U. S. National Bank, New York City, 1883-86; Treasurer Investment Company of Philadelphia 1886-90, President, 1890-94; practiced law in Philadelphia, 1894-97; Assistant Attorney-General United States.

HENRY MARTYN HOYT was born in Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, December 5, 1856, the son of Henry Martyn and Mary Eliza-



HENRY M. HOYT

beth (Loveland) Hoyt. He is of New England ancestry through all lines of descent. Simon Hoyt arrived at Charlestown, Massachusetts, from England in 1629, and his son Walter Hoyt was one of the founders of Fairfield, Connecticut. The first of the Hurlbuts, another line, of whom there is any authentic knowledge, was Thomas, who was among the original settlers of Saybrook, Connecticut, and was subsequently wounded in one of the engagements with the Pequot Indians. Christopher Hurlbut, great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was in the battles of Monmouth and Trenton; and his great-grandfather, Daniel Hoyt, also served in the Revolutionary War, with the rank of Lieutenant

in the Connecticut forces. Ziba Hoyt, his grandfather, was Lieutenant of a troop of Pennsylvania artillery in the War of 1812, and was commended for bravery in action during the Lake Erie Campaign. Henry Martyn Hoyt, his father, a graduate of Williams College in 1849, was a lawyer in Wilkesbarre until the breaking out of the Civil War, which he entered as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fifty-second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, was subsequently promoted to be Colonel and in 1865 was brevetted Brigadier-General for gallant and meritorious conduct in the field. He was afterward Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, and Governor of that state from 1879 to 1883. On his mother's side, — the Lovelands are descended from John Loveland, an English emigrant to Connecticut, in 1635, who settled in Wethersfield; and the Buckingham's are the descendants of Rev. Thomas, who arrived in the New Haven Colony at about the same time and was the father of Rev. Thomas Buckingham, one of the founders of Yale under the original charter. Henry M. Hoyt received his early education in the public schools of Wilkesbarre, and under private instruction, and was graduated at Yale, in the Class of 1878. He then read law in the office of Messrs. McVeagh & Bispham of Philadelphia, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania in 1881. After his admission to the Bar he located for practice in Pittsburg, in the office of George Shiras, Jr., now a Justice of the United States Supreme Court, but in 1883 he gave up the law to become Assistant Cashier of the United States National Bank of New York. In 1886 he became Treasurer of the Investment Company of Philadelphia, and was its President from 1890 to 1894, retiring from that post in the latter year to resume the practice of law. He was appointed Assistant Attorney-General of the United States in 1897. At Yale Mr. Hoyt joined the Delta Kappa, Phi Theta Psi, *Ἡ βουλὴ*, D K E and Scroll and Key. He is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of the War of 1812, and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion. January 31, 1883, he married Anne, daughter of Morton McMichael of Philadelphia, and a granddaughter of the former Mayor of that city, of the same name, who served on the Centennial Commission and was Editor of the North American. Their children are: Elinor Morton, born September 7, 1885; Henry Martyn, Jr., born May 8, 1887; Anne Constance, born May 20, 1889; and Morton McMichael, born April 4, 1899.

HOPE, Matthew Boyd, 1812-1859.

Class of 1836 Med.

Born in Mifflin county, Pa., 1812; educated Jefferson College; graduated Princeton Theological Seminary 1834; and Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1836; missionary to India; Corresponding Secretary Pennsylvania Colonization Society; Secretary Presbyterian Board of Education; Professor Rhetoric and Political Economy at Princeton; died in Princeton, N. J., 1859.

MATTHEW BOYD HOPE, M.D., D.D., Professor of Rhetoric at Princeton, was born in Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, July 31, 1812: died



MATTHEW B. HOPE

in Princeton, New Jersey, December 17, 1859. After receiving his early education at Jefferson College in Pennsylvania, he was graduated at Princeton Theological Seminary in 1834, and from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1836. Soon after his graduation in medicine he was ordained as an evangelist, and was sent out to Singapore, India, by the Board of Missions of the Presbyterian Church. After two years of labor in this field the condition of his health compelled him to return, and he was made Corresponding Secretary of the Pennsylvania Colonization Society of the Presbyterian Church. He was also Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Education until 1842, and Corresponding Secretary from that time to 1846. In the latter year he was elected Professor of Rhetoric

at Princeton, and in 1854 was given also the Chair of Political Economy, in which he continued until his death. He was the author of a Treatise on Rhetoric, and was a regular contributor to the religious press.

MINER, Sidney Roby, 1864-

Class of 1890 Law.

Born in Wilkesbarre, Pa., 1864; educated at Wilkesbarre Academy; graduated Harvard, 1888; studied Law at University of Pennsylvania; practicing lawyer in Wilkesbarre.

SIDNEY ROBY MINER was born in Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1864, son of Charles Abbott and Eliza Ross (Atherton) Miner. He is the great-grandson of General William Ross, and also holds descent from John Alden who came to Plymouth in the Mayflower and from Thomas Miner of Stonington, Connecticut, who was born in England and was the founder of the family in this country. After graduating at the Wilkesbarre (now Harry Hillman) Academy in 1882, Mr. Miner took a post-graduate course for a year and in 1883 entered Harvard where he received his degree in 1888. He spent one year at the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania and was admitted to practice in 1890. Three years he served as private in Company D, Ninth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania. He has been Chairman of the Republican City Committee in 1894, for several years a Director of the Reading Room Association, President of the Alumni Association of Harry Hillman Academy, a charter member of the Pennsylvania Bar Association, and member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, Society of the War of 1812, and several social organizations. Mr. Miner helped organize a University Extension Centre in Wilkesbarre and was its Secretary and Treasurer for several years. Since 1894 he has been Secretary of the Wyoming Historical and Geological Society, and has published an address given before the Wyoming Commemorative Association in June 1894, entitled "Queen Esther at Wyoming."

MCCARTEE, Divie Bethune, 1820-1900.

Class of 1840 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, 1820; educated Columbia College; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1840; Medical Missionary in China, under Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions; Professor in Imperial University of Japan; Foreign Secretary Chinese Legation at Tokio, Japan; donor of the

"McCartee Library," University of Pennsylvania; died in San Francisco, Cal., 1900.

DIVIE BETHUNE McCARTEE, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, January 13, 1820, son of Rev. Robert McCartee, D.D., and Jessie Graham Bethune. His mother was a daughter of Divie Bethune, an eminent New Yorker of Huguenot descent, and a sister of the distinguished Rev. George W. Bethune, D.D. The subjoined facts relating to Dr. McCartee's notable career are mainly gathered from a sketch written by David Murray, LL.D., the well-known author, and published in "The Christian Intelligencer." His education was chiefly acquired at Columbia College, where he took a partial course, and from the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in medicine in 1840. After his graduation, while he was engaged in medical practice, he was invited by the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions to go to China as a medical missionary. He sailed from New York in October 1843, and after some detention at Hong Kong, where he used his time in studying the language and in gaining a knowledge of the prevalent diseases, he reached his destination, Ningpo, June 21, 1844. Here he began his distinguished and successful career. He was naturally a gifted linguist, and soon was able to make his way among the native population. His gratuitous treatment of medical and surgical cases drew to him many native sufferers, who became his warm friends. Dr. McCartee's distinguished linguistic attainments made him of immediate importance to the representatives of his country who were sent out to China in the diplomatic or in the consular service. He was an expert in the language, and in all the formalities and ceremonial observances which formed so essential a part of the intercourse with that ancient and punctilious nation. He was connected at important and critical times with the consulates at Ningpo, Chefoo and Shanghai, and the services which he was able to render were highly appreciated and gratefully acknowledged on many occasions. In the early seventies Dr. McCartee removed to Japan, where the marvellous developments in government, education and industrial pursuits were beginning to be felt. There he became a Professor in the institution which has since grown into the Imperial University of Japan. He also was entrusted with the care of the Girls' Normal School at Tokio, and besides was detailed for special service in connection with the Botanical Garden, which had been established in Tokio and was under the administra-

tion of the Department of Education. He continued for five years to hold these positions and to fulfil their duties with distinguished satisfaction. When about to relinquish them the Acting Minister of Education acknowledged in writing the great obligations the department was under to Dr. McCartee for his faithful and efficient services; and in a combined letter the students who had been under his care tendered to him their united thanks for his faithful and valuable instructions. In 1877 Dr. McCartee entered the service of the Chinese Legation at Tokio, as its Foreign Secretary. His knowledge of the Chinese and Japanese language, and his familiarity with diplomatic usages, rendered him superbly qualified for his position. After two years of service the Chinese Minister to Japan acknowledged his obligations to him in these generous words: "When I was appointed Imperial Envoy to Japan in the winter of 1877, feeling the need of his assistance I invited him to join the staff of the Legation. From that time to the present, during more than two years, I have consulted him in every important particular and from his advice I have received very important assistance. I now inscribe these lines on parting to serve as a lasting memento of my regard and esteem." The last years of Dr. McCartee's life were spent chiefly in missionary labor. He was connected with the Meiji Gakuin in the city of Tokio, and there employed most of his time in the work of translation. His failing health led him to surrender the work which had engaged his attention, and he returned to California. But his increasing years and his many labors had worn out his vigorous frame, and he died in San Francisco, July 17, 1900, in the eighty-first year of his age. Dr. McCartee was the recipient of many marks of distinction in recognition of his learning and services. He received from the Chinese Government a gold medal in connection with the suppression of the Macao coolie traffic; he also was honored with the title of Consul-General by the Chinese Government in recognition of his services in the Chinese Legation at Tokio; and he received from the Japanese Government the decoration of the fifth order of the Rising Sun. During the early part of his career in the East Dr. McCartee met and married Miss Joanna Knight, who had come out to join her sister, Mrs. Rankin, as a missionary of the Presbyterian Board. During the rest of his long life she continued to be his faithful and efficient companion in his labors and experiences. She was with him to the last, and brought the body of her

husband to the East, and buried it in the family burying plot in Newburg, New York, beside his father and mother.

HINKLE, Franklin, 1824-

Class of 1846 Med.

Born near Reading, Pa., 1824; studied three years at Washington College; graduated Med. Dept., Univ. of Pa., 1846; general practitioner at Marietta, Pa., Surgeon U. S. Navy, 1861-62; U. S. Army Surgeon, 1862-64; first to use ether as an anæsthetic in surgery; practicing physician in Columbia, Pa.

FRANKLIN HINKLE, M.D., was born near Reading, Pa., November 25, 1824. His father was Philip Hinkle and his grandfather bore the same name, the latter being a resident of Hinkletown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania. His mother was Sarah Geiger of Maiden Creek, Berks County, Pennsylvania. Dr. Hinkle in his youth worked on a farm and attended country schools until he was ready to enter Franklin Institute, from which he in due time passed to Washington College at Trappe, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. There he took a three-years course, and in 1842 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated M.D. April 3, 1846, and began the practice of his profession in Philadelphia, but in September of that year removed to Marietta, Pennsylvania. While in Philadelphia he came in close contact with Dr. W. W. Gerhard, Clinical Professor in the University and at the Pennsylvania Hospital, from whose instruction he derived much valuable knowledge and experience in surgery. Dr. Hinkle continued to practice successfully at Marietta until the Civil War broke out, when he offered his services to the Union. From August 1861 until September 1862 he was a surgeon in the Navy, and then was transferred to hospital work in the United States Army, in which service he remained until the summer of 1864, when he was honorably discharged. During his connection with the army he was on duty in the Seminary Hospital, Armory Square Hospital and Campbell Hospital in Washington, and the Jarvis Hospital in Baltimore. In his practice in these hospitals he was the first to discover the efficacy of and to apply permanganate of potash for hospital gangrene. After demonstrating the value of this remedy the government placed it upon the regular requisition list of hospital supplies. Permanganate of potash was also used by him as an antiseptic for instruments and the hands when making post-mortem examinations, and on one occasion

employed it to embalm a soldier's body, thereby keeping it for eight days without decomposition. References to Dr. Hinkle's useful service during the war are found in Agnew's "Surgery," Gross' "System of Surgery," and Surgeon-General J. K. Barnes' volume on the "Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion." Since his return from the war Dr. Hinkle has practiced at Columbia, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the American Medical Association, is member of Lancaster City and County Medical Society, member of Surgical and Medical Staff of Columbia Hospital, was formerly a



F. HINKLE

member of the Philadelphia Pathological Society, belongs to the Masonic Fraternity, and is Surgeon to Post 118, Grand Army of the Republic, of Columbia. Dr. Hinkle has at various times contributed articles reporting cases to the medical journals. In the course of his long practice he has placed many successes to his credit. He was the first to introduce ether as an anæsthetic in surgical operations. This was in 1847, and the innovation was at the time generally discountenanced by his fellow practitioners. He was also a pioneer in applying chloroform as a counter-irritant in the treatment of tetanus. By the aid of this remedy two extreme cases were successfully treated in the same year. On June 3, 1849, Dr. Hinkle married Anna Mary

C. Whitehill, now deceased. He was married a second time in 1886 to Miss Anna Dennison.

DUANE, Russell, 1866-

Class of 1891 Law.

Born in Gloucester county, N. J., 1866; graduated Harvard, 1888; studied law at Harvard and University of Virginia, and graduated at Law School University of Pennsylvania, 1891; Junior Counsel in Bering Sea Arbitration, 1892; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

RUSSELL DUANE was born in Gloucester county, New Jersey, June 15, 1866, son of Rev. Charles W. Duane, Rector of the old North



RUSSELL DUANE

Church in Boston, Massachusetts, and Helen Frances (Lincoln) Duane. Prominent in a line of illustrious ancestry are the names of Dr. Benjamin Franklin, Richard Bache, Postmaster-General of the Colonies, William Duane, Editor of the Aurora and Colonel of Militia in the War of 1812, and William J. Duane, Secretary of the Treasury under President Jackson. Mr. Duane had academic training at Harvard, where he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1888. His study of the law was pursued at Harvard, at the University of Virginia and at the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania; he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the last named institution in 1891.

Since graduation Mr. Duane has continuously practiced his profession in Philadelphia, winning a notable success in an ever-increasing practice. In 1892 he held the office of Junior Counsel in the State Department in relation to the Bering Sea Arbitration, and while so engaged prepared portions of the briefs of the Government's case which were subsequently used in the argument before the Board of Arbitration in Paris. He is a member of the Philadelphia, Markham, University, Merion, Harvard, Young Republican and Contemporary clubs, the Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Kappa Sigma fraternities, the Society of Sons of the Revolution, the Society of the War of 1812, the American Bar Association, the Pennsylvania State Bar Association and the National Institute of Art, Science and Letters. In politics Mr. Duane is an active Republican. In the presidential campaign of 1896 he made several tours through the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Maryland, and delivered a large number of political speeches in behalf of the Republican candidates. Mr. Duane was married, June 14, 1899, to Mary Burnside Morris, of Philadelphia.

MINER, Charles Howard, 1868-

Class of 1893 Med.

Born in Wilkesbarre, Pa., 1868; prepared for College at Wilkesbarre Academy; graduated Princeton Scientific School, 1890; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1893; Resident Physician Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, 1893-95; studied abroad, 1895-96; practicing physician in Wilkesbarre; Assistant-Surgeon, Ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Spanish-American War.

CHARLES HOWARD MINER, M.D., was born in Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1868, the son of Charles Abbott and Eliza Ross (Atherton) Miner. He is the great-grandson of General William Ross and the great-great-grandson of Ensign Seth Minor of the Continental Army in the Revolutionary War. After graduating at the Wilkesbarre (now Harry Hillman) Academy in 1886, Dr. Miner entered the John C. Green School of Science, Princeton, where he took his degree of Bachelor of Science in 1890. He then pursued a professional course in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1893. After four months as Resident Physician at both the Children's and the St. Agnes Hospitals, he served a full term of fifteen months in the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, and then went abroad for study in Heidelberg, Berlin and Vienna. In 1896 he returned to the

United States and began the practice of medicine in Wilkesbarre, where he was appointed a Visiting Physician to the City Hospital and Pathologist to the Mercy Hospital. At the outbreak of the Spanish War, in May 1898, Dr. Miner volunteered for the service and was appointed Assistant-Surgeon with the rank of First Lieutenant in the Ninth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. His regiment was located at Chickamauga, Georgia, and Lexington, Kentucky, until its return to Wilkesbarre in September at the close of hostilities. Dr. Miner still retains his connection with the Ninth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, as Assistant-Surgeon. He is an hereditary and veteran member of the Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States, and also holds membership in the Luzerne County, Lehigh Valley and State Medical Societies.

DROWN, Thomas Messinger, 1842-

Class of 1862 Med.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1842; graduated at the University of Pennsylvania, Medical Department, 1862; studied at Freiberg School of Mines and at Heidelberg; Instructor in Metallurgy at Harvard, 1869-70; Professor of Analytical Chemistry at Lafayette College 1874-81, and at Massachusetts Institute of Technology 1885-95; Secretary American Institute of Mining Engineers, Editor of its Transactions, 1871-84; President of Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pa., since 1895.

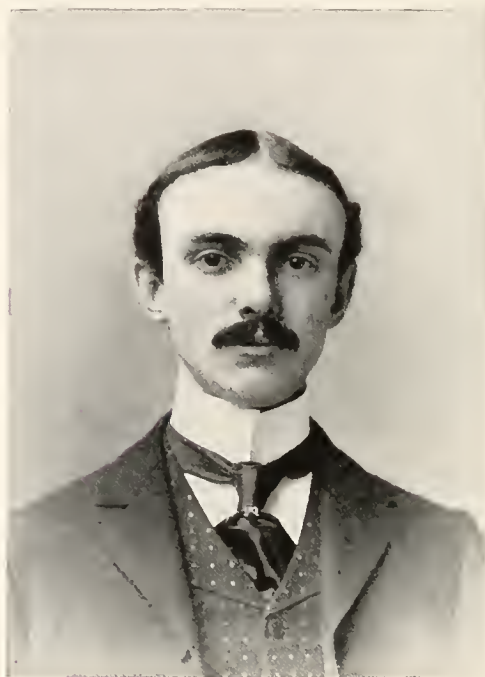
THOMAS MESSINGER DROWN, M.D., was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 19, 1842, and was graduated at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1862. After continuing his studies at the School of Mines at Freiberg, Saxony, and the University of Heidelberg, he was called to Harvard as Instructor in Metallurgy, officiating in that capacity in 1869 and 1870. In 1874 he accepted the Chair of Analytical Chemistry at Lafayette College, and remained there until 1881. In 1885 he took the Professorship of Analytical Chemistry at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, continuing in that position ten years, when he accepted the Presidency of Lehigh University, at South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, in 1895. Professor Drown has the honor of being one of the original members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, which he has served as Secretary for the fourteen years 1871 to 1884. He has published numerous technical papers on metallurgical, chemical and sanitary topics.

REICHNER, Louis Irving, 1871-

Class of 1897 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1871; fitted for College at William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia; graduated Princeton, 1894; studied law for three years in Philadelphia, and then entered University of Pennsylvania, graduating LL.B. in Class of 1897; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; admitted to practice in Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, 1899.

LOUIS IRVING REICHNER, A.M., was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1871, son of Louis Reichner, Jr., and Christiana York (Stephens) Reichner. On the paternal side he is



L. IRVING REICHNER

a descendant of Governor Ritner of Pennsylvania. He received his preparation for College at Wm. Penn Charter School of Philadelphia, where he graduated as Honor-man in the Class of 1890 after taking several prizes for Oratory. He graduated from Princeton with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1894. After studying law for three years in the office of Biddle & Ward of Philadelphia he graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in the Class of 1897, and from June of that year until November 1898 was engaged in the practice of law with Biddle & Ward. Since November 1898 he has been connected with the Fidelity Insurance Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia,

Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Executive Committee, Secretary and Treasurer of Princeton Alumni Association of Philadelphia, and one of the incorporators of the Princeton Club of Philadelphia, also a member of Board of Governors and House Committee and Secretary of that Club. While in Princeton he was a member of the Colonial and Princeton University Glee clubs, Princeton Dramatic Association, a Graduate of the American Whig Society, and Class Presentation orator, class-day, June 1894, and has written several Princeton musical compositions which have been published in the *Carmina Princetonia*. In Philadelphia, he is a member of the University, Orpheus and Belmont Cricket clubs, the Pennsylvania Historical Society and the Princeton Club of New York City. He is a gold Republican. He was married, June 17, 1897, to Cephise Hyacinthe Aiken, granddaughter of the late Governor Aiken of South Carolina.

ROGERS, James Slocum, 1871-

Class of 1896 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1871; fitted for College at Hamilton School, West Philadelphia; graduated Princeton, 1893, studied law in office of MacVeagh & Bispham; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1896; admitted to Bar, June 1896; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

JAMES SLOCUM ROGERS, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1871, son of Talbot Mercer and Elizabeth (Slocum) Rogers. His ancestry is New England Puritan, Virginian, Pennsylvanian, and Scotch-Irish. Many of his ancestors were noted men, among them being John Greene, Governor of Rhode Island, 1690-1700, Governor Thomas Welles of Connecticut, Governor John Webster of Connecticut, 1656; Joseph Marsh, Lieutenant-Governor of Vermont, 1778-1790; and Major-General John Mason of Connecticut. He received his preliminary education at the Hamilton School, in Philadelphia, and graduated from Princeton in 1893. He then studied law in the office of Wayne MacVeagh & George T. Bispham, also took a three-years course at the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1896. He was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia county in June 1896, and has been in active practice since then in Philadelphia. Mr. Rogers is strongly Republican in state and national politics, but believes in city issues in city elections. As the candidate of the Municipal League, a reform or-

ganization, he was elected Magistrate of the City and County of Philadelphia in 1898 for a term of five years. He is a member and officer in a large number of clubs and societies, both of a social and educational nature, among them being the Cliosophic Society of Princeton, Cap and Gown Club of Princeton, the Princeton Alumni Association of Philadelphia, Princeton Club of Philadelphia, Society of Colonial Wars, Sharswood Law Club, the



JAMES S. ROGERS

American Academy of Political and Social Science, and the University Club of Philadelphia.

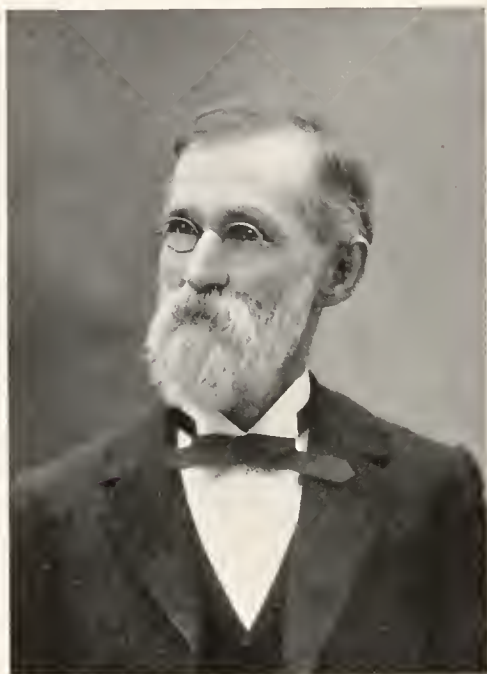
MISH, George Frederick, 1827-

Class of 1853 Med.

Born at Harrisburg, Pa., 1827; printer, 1844-49; graduated M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1853; Assistant Surgeon in Union Army during Civil War; practicing physician at Middletown, Pa.

GEORGE FREDERICK MISH, M.D., was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1827. His father was George Mish and his mother Catharine (Doll) Mish. On both sides he is of German descent. His grandfather, Jacob Miesch of Harrisburg, and his maternal grandfather, Joseph Doll, were of German extraction. Dr. Mish attended public schools and the Harrisburg Academy

until 1842, when he was sent to the Military Institute at Norwich, Vermont. There he remained until 1844 when he returned to Pennsylvania to learn the printer's trade. He pursued this business for five years, conducting the "Weekly Journal" in Mercersburg, Pennsylvania, and publishing the "Mercersburg Review" and Dr. Schaff's German "Kirchenfreund." In 1849 he abandoned the newspaper business to take up the study of medicine. He read in a doctor's office in Harrisburg and then came to Philadelphia to attend the lectures in the Medical Department of the University



GEO. F. MISH

of Pennsylvania. He graduated at that institution as a Doctor of Medicine in 1853. For fifty years Dr. Mish has been a busy practitioner in town and country. He resides and practices now at Middletown, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania. In 1862 he entered the service of the United States Army as Assistant Surgeon, and was engaged until the end of the war in 1865, in the Fifteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, with the Army of the Cumberland. He is a member of the Dauphin County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. In May 1858 he married Mary E. Smuller and has had four children, three of them now living, Caroline S., George S. and Mary Catharine.

DALZELL, William Sage, 1868-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Pittsburg, Pa., 1868; graduated Yale, 1891; law student at Harvard and at the University of Pennsylvania; admitted to the Bar, 1893; now practicing lawyer in Pittsburg.

WILLIAM SAGE DALZELL, son of John and Mary Louise (Duff) Dalzell, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 17, 1868. On the paternal side he is of Scotch-Irish origin, his ancestors having crossed the sea from Scotland to the North of Ireland, of which country his grandparents were natives, and his father was born in New York. His maternal grandparents emigrated from England to St. John, New Brunswick, and from thence removed to Pittsburg. His early education was obtained in the public schools and at the Newell Institute, Pittsburg, and after fitting for College at Shadyside Academy, he entered Yale, graduating with the Class of 1891. His legal studies were pursued at the Harvard Law School, in the office of George Tucker Bispham, Philadelphia, and in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and he was admitted to the Allegheny County Bar at Pittsburg in 1893. Locating in his native city, he obtained during the succeeding five years much valuable experience as a practitioner in the office of Dalzell, Scott and Gordon, and in January 1898, he became the junior member of that firm. At Yale Mr. Dalzell was a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity and the Scroll and Key, and is now a member of the University Club, Pittsburg. Politically he is a Republican. At Washington, District of Columbia, October 4, 1893, he married Mary Ruth Hough; they have two daughters: Frances, born November 11, 1895, and Katharine Hough Dalzell, born October 7, 1897.

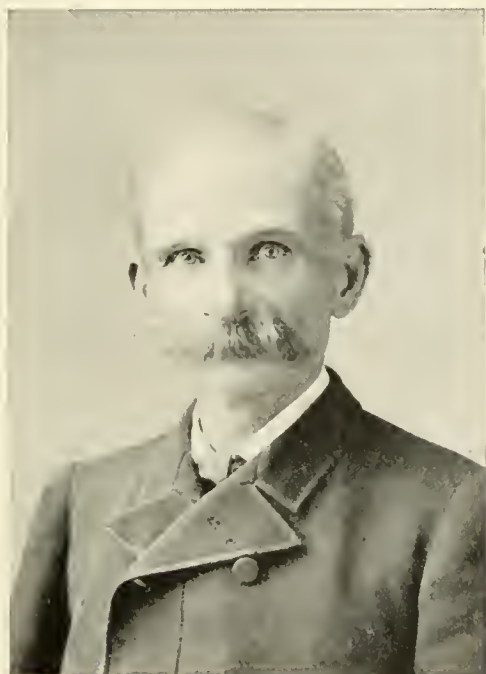
SWOPE, John Augustus, 1827-

Class of 1851 Med.

Born in Gettysburg, Pa., 1827; educated Mount St. Mary's College and Pennsylvania College; graduated Princeton, 1847; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1851; practicing physician in Gettysburg; Representative in 48th and 49th Congresses; President Gettysburg National Bank; Vice-President Washington, D.C., Loan and Trust Company.

JOHN AUGUSTUS SWOPE, M.D., was born in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1827, son of George and Margaret (Smyser) Swope. The first American ancestors of the family came to this country from the German Palatinate soon after the revocation of the Edict of Nantes and settled in York county, Pennsylvania, where

the descendants have continued to live in the original homestead. Dr. Swope's early education preparatory for College was received in the Gettysburg Gymnasium and later he attended Mount St. Mary's College, in Maryland, and Pennsylvania College. Entering the Junior class at Princeton in 1845, he graduated Bachelor of Arts in 1847, and then took up the study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania. After completing the course and receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine, he at once commenced the practice of his profession in Gettysburg Pennsylvania, and continued until 1863,



JNO. A. SWOPE

when other interests claimed his attention. In 1879 Dr. Swope became President of the Gettysburg National Bank, a position which his father and grandfather had occupied, and in that work he continues at present, besides being Vice-President of the Washington Loan & Trust Company of Washington, District of Columbia, in which city he resides. He was a Representative of the Nineteenth Congressional District of Pennsylvania in the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses. He is a member of the Clio Society of Princeton and has been Vice-President of the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania College and President of various local organizations. Dr. Swope has been twice married; first to Emma C. Wirt, and second to Blanche Mitchell.

MONTGOMERY, Charles Jenkins, 1868-

Class of 1892 Med.

Born in Milledgeville, Ga., 1868; fitted for College in Summerville and Richmond Academies; student in University of Georgia, 1883-85; graduated Princeton Scientific School, 1889; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1892; practicing physician in Denver, Col., 1892-93 and since 1893 in Augusta, Ga.

CHARLES JENKINS MONTGOMERY, M.D., was born in Milledgeville, Georgia, April 27, 1868, the son of James Gardner and Frances Holland (Brown) Montgomery. On the paternal side he is of Scotch-Irish ancestry through the Montgomeries, who migrated from France to England, then to Scotland, then to the North of Ireland, whence the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch came to America and settled in Georgia. Other paternal ancestors were Scotch and English, and on the maternal side his ancestry was mainly English. He received his preliminary education in the Summerville and Richmond academies, entering the University of Georgia in 1883, leaving however at the end of his Sophomore year. He graduated from the Scientific School of Princeton in the Class of 1889, and from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1892. During the fall of 1892 and the winter of 1892-1893 he practiced medicine in Denver, Colorado, then took a course of study in New York during the spring and summer of 1893, and since that time has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Augusta, Georgia, and vicinity. Since 1895 he has been Assistant-Surgeon and First Lieutenant of the Georgia Volunteers; has recently been nominated for Captain and Surgeon Third Regiment Infantry Georgia State Troops; is a member, and has been at different times Secretary and Treasurer, and Vice-President of the Augusta Academy of Medicine. He is also a member of the Medical Association of Georgia. In politics Dr. Montgomery is a Democrat, and since 1896 has held the office of County Physician of Richmond county, Georgia.

SCHANCK, John Stillwell, 1817-

Class of 1843 Med.

Born near Freehold, N. J., 1817; prepared for College in Lenox, Mass.; graduated Princeton, 1840; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1843; Physician; Professor of Chemistry and Hygiene at Princeton, 1842-1893; since 1892 Professor Emeritus.

JOHAN STILLWELL SCHANCK, M.D., was born near Freehold, New Jersey, February 24, 1817, son of Rudolf R. and Mary (Stillwell)

Schanck. On the paternal side he is descended from Edgar "the Schenck," cup-bearer (butler) to Charlemagne, 780, and from Roelof Martense Schenck of Holland, who came to Flatlands, Long Island, in 1650, and whose descendants settled in north-eastern New Jersey. He received his early education in a common school near Middletown, New Jersey, and in Lenox, Massachusetts. He then entered Princeton, and graduated with the Class of 1840, after which he took a course in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1843. He



JOHN S. SCHANCK

has been a physician and Professor of Chemistry at Princeton for half a century, from 1842 to 1893, but since 1892 has not been engaged in active work as a teacher, having been made in that year Professor "Emeritus" of Chemistry and Hygiene. Dr. Schanck married, October 1842, Maria Robbins, of Lenox, Massachusetts. They have had seven children, three of whom are still living.

SHOEMAKER, Levi Ives, 1859-

Class of 1886 Med.

Born in Wilkesbarre, Pa., 1859; educated public schools, and Hopkins Grammar School of New Haven; graduated Yale, 1882; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1886; practicing physician in Wilkesbarre;

Surgeon Wilkesbarre City Hospital; Attending Physician to Home for Friendless Children, and to Humane Society; Consulting Physician to Mercy Hospital.

LEVI IVES SHOEMAKER, M.D., is a native of Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, born September 28, 1859. His parents were Lazarus Denison Shoemaker (Yale 1840) and Esther Waller Wadhams, the former a direct descendant of Joachim Schoonmaker, who emigrated from Amsterdam, Holland, in 1680, and settled in Ulster county, New York. Dr. Shoemaker received his early education in Wilkesbarre public schools, and after a course at Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, Connecticut, entered Yale University in 1878, graduating as Bachelor of Arts in 1882. Deciding to take up the study of medicine, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree in 1886, and after a few years of hospital service as Interne at the Wilkesbarre City Hospital, the University Hospital of Philadelphia and the Pennsylvania Hospital of the same city, settled down to the practice of his profession in his native city, where he has been notably successful. He is Surgeon to the Wilkesbarre City Hospital, Attending Physician to the Home for Friendless Children, and the Humane Society, and Consulting Physician to the Mercy Hospital, and enjoys a very large practice as well. Dr. Shoemaker is a member of the Luzerne County and Pennsylvania State Medical Associations. He married, November 27, 1889, Cornelia W. Scranton, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

SMOCK, Ledru Pierson, 1857-

Class of 1882 Med.

Born in Matawan, N. J., 1857; fitted for College at Van Rensselaer Institute at Hightstown; graduated Princeton, 1879; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1882; Assistant Laryngologist to University Hospital; Laryngologist and Otologist to St. Agnes' and St. Mary's Hospitals; Specialist in Diseases of the Ear, Throat and Nose; Consulting Laryngologist and Aurist at St. Agnes' Hospital, Philadelphia.

LEDRU PIERSON SMOCK, M.D., was born in Matawan, New Jersey, July 18, 1857, the son of William Thompson and Lida (Van Nortwick) Smock. His paternal ancestors were German-Americans; on his mother's side he is of Scotch descent. He was fitted for College at Van Rensselaer Institute at Hightstown, and graduated from Princeton with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1879. After leaving Princeton he took up the study of medicine in the University of Pennsyl-

vania, graduating from the Medical Department in 1882, also receiving the degree of Master of Arts from Princeton the same year. For six years Dr. Smock was Assistant Laryngologist to the University of Pennsylvania Hospital, for ten years Laryngologist and Otologist to St. Agnes' Hospital, being for part of the time also connected with St. Mary's Hospital. For the past fifteen years he has been a specialist on Diseases of the Ear, Throat and Nose, and is Consulting Laryngologist and Aurist at St. Agnes' Hospital, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Dr. Smock is a member of Philadelphia County Medical Society,



LEDRU P. SMOCK

the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Academy of Medicine, American Medical Society, and the Powelton Club. In politics he is a Republican. He was married January 6, 1883, to Jessie Virginia Bradfield. They have had four children, two of whom are living: Irwin Bradfield and Elsie Bradfield Smock.

SCHMIDT, George Small, 1861-

Class of 1884 Law.

Born in Carlisle, Pa., 1861; fitted for College at York Collegiate Institute, Pa., and the "Institut Rauscher" in Stuttgart, Germany; graduated Princeton, 1881; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1884; in 1896 formed

a law partnership with Hon. James W. Latimer, formerly President Judge of the Courts of York County.

GEORGE SMALL SCHMIDT, A.M., was born in Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, February 5, 1861, son of Henry Danneman and Mary Louisa (Carson) Schmidt. His paternal grandfather, John Schmidt, came from Hamburg, Germany, to York, Pennsylvania, in 1815 and became associated with the York Bank, which he served in the respective capacities of Cashier and President until his death in 1835. His maternal ancestors were Scotch-Irish, who came to America in the early part of the eighteenth century, occupied positions of trust under the government, fought in the Indian Wars and also served in the War of the Revolution. His mother's father, Charles Carson, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, was a veteran of the War of 1812. The subject of this sketch was prepared for College in the public schools of St. Paul, Minnesota, at the York Collegiate Institute in York, Pennsylvania, and the Institut Rauscher in Stuttgart, Germany. He graduated at the York Collegiate Institute as Valedictorian of the Class of 1879, and then entered the Junior Class at Princeton, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1881. He subsequently received the degree of Master of Arts from Princeton. He prepared for the Bar in the office of United States Attorney-General Benjamin Harris Brewster, and, after a two-years course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in the Class of 1884 and was admitted to practice in the Orphans' Court and Courts of Common Pleas in Philadelphia. He immediately returned to York, Pennsylvania, where he was admitted to the local Bar of the Supreme Court, and shortly thereafter to the Bar of the Supreme Court, and has been in active practice in York ever since. Since January 1, 1896, he has been associated in the practice of his profession with the Hon. James W. Latimer, formerly President Judge of the Courts of York County. He is prominently connected with various organizations in the city of York, having been one of the incorporators of the York Street Railway Company in 1887, since which time he has been associated with the Company either as Director or Secretary. He is Treasurer and member of the Board of Trustees of the York Collegiate Institute and a Director of and counsel for the York County National Bank. He has taken an active part in politics for some years. From 1885 to 1890 he was Chairman of the Republican County Committee, has

frequently been a delegate to Republican State Conventions, and in 1888 represented the Nineteenth Congressional District in the National Republican Convention which nominated Harrison for the Presi-



GEORGE S. SCHMIDT

dency. He was a member, when in College, of the American Whig Society, and is now a member of the York and Lafayette Clubs of York. He was married, June 16, 1891, to Mary Richardson Small and has three children: Mary Richardson, George Small, Jr., and Samuel Small Schmidt.

WINTERSTEEN, Abram Heebner, 1857-

Class of 1884 Med.

Born in Port Carbon, Pa., 1857; fitted for College at Pennington, N. J.; graduated Princeton, 1878; Instructor in academic branches at Princeton Preparatory School, 1878-80; studied law in University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1884; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; Lecturer University of Pennsylvania since 1892.

ABRAM HEEBNER WINTERSTEEN was born in Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, March 23, 1857, son of George W. and Catharine (Heebner) Wintersteen. His ancestors were among the early settlers of Pennsylvania, having emigrated from Alsace-Lorraine and other parts of Germany and

Franco-Germany after the original Quaker settlement. He was fitted for College at Pennington, New Jersey, and entered Princeton in September 1874, graduating in the Class of 1878. From 1878 to 1880 he was Instructor in the academic branches at the Princeton Preparatory School, receiving his Master's degree from Princeton in course. He subsequently studied medicine for a year at the University of Pennsylvania and at the Commencement of that institution in 1881 was awarded the Osteological Prize for an essay on a subject in Comparative Anatomy. He afterwards took up the study of law at the University of Pennsylvania and in the office of Wayne MacVeagh & George Tucker Bispham of Philadelphia. He was admitted to the Bar in 1884 and has since that time been engaged in active practice in Philadelphia. In addition to the practice of his profession he has written a number of articles for legal periodicals, chiefly on subjects relating to Constitutional Law. Since 1892 Mr. Wintersteen has been Lecturer on Business Law and Practice in the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the University Club and Ritten-



A. H. WINTERSTEEN

house Club of Philadelphia. In politics he is a Republican. He was married, August 27, 1896, to Lucretia May, and has one child: John Wintersteen.

WILSON, Andrew Wilkins, Jr., 1863-

Class of 1887 Law.

Born in Indiana, Pa., 1863; fitted for College at Indiana Normal School; graduated Princeton, 1883; studied law at University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Bar, 1887; teacher in Pottstown, 1888; established the Kiskiminetas Springs School, which he is still conducting.

ANDREW WILKINS WILSON, JR., Ph.D., was born in Indiana, Pennsylvania, June 29, 1863, son of Andrew Wilkins and Anna (Dick) Wilson. His father was a successful business man, distinguished for his devotion to higher education.



A. W. WILSON, JR.

He was a Trustee of the Western Theological Seminary and President of the Board of Trustees of the Indiana Normal School. Four of his children were graduates of Princeton. The subject of this sketch attended the public schools for several years and later was prepared for College at the Indiana Normal School and under the tutelage of his brother, Rev. Dr. R. D. Wilson. He entered Princeton and graduated with the Class of 1883; taught for the next two years in The Hill School at Pottstown, Pennsylvania, then took a course in law at the University of Pennsylvania, and was admitted to the Bar in 1887. Preferring teaching to the practice of law, Mr. Wilson returned to Pottstown in January 1888, and remained through the school year. In

the fall he and his partner, R. Willis Fair, Ph.D., having previously purchased the property known as the Kiskiminetas Springs, started the Kiskiminetas Springs School, and here Mr. Wilson has been engaged in teaching for the last eleven years and expects to make this his life work. He was married, August 22, 1889, to Bessie Gladys Sansom. They have had four children: Sarah Sansom, Anna Graham, Elizabeth and Margaret Gladys Wilson.

PAGE, Samuel Davis, 1840-

Class of 1861 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1840; prepared for College at Gregory Classical School, Philadelphia; graduated Yale, 1859; studied law at Harvard 1860, and University of Pennsylvania 1861; admitted to Philadelphia County Bar, 1864; member Philadelphia City Council, 1877-83; City Comptroller, 1883-84; Assistant Treasurer United States, 1886-90; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

SAMUEL DAVIS PAGE was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 22, 1840, the son of Dr. William Byrd and Celestine Anna (Davis) Page. On the paternal side his ancestry is traced through the Colonial families of Page, Byrd, Casper and Nelson in Virginia, in which have appeared men of prominence in the history of the country, and on the maternal side those of Dr. John Greene, Caleb Carr and Roger Williams, of Rhode Island. His mother was a daughter of Samuel Davis of Philadelphia and Louisiana, but formerly of Massachusetts. Mr. Page was prepared for College in two Philadelphia schools: the Gregory Classical School and the private school of Rev. Dr. Williams. He graduated at Yale in 1859. While in College he was prominent in athletics, being Commodore of the Yale Navy in 1858-1859 and selecting and training the victorious 'Varsity crew of that year. It is interesting to note that his two sons have inherited their father's athletic tastes, the elder rowing on his class crew at the University of Pennsylvania and the younger holding for several years the world's championship in high jumping. After graduation Mr. Page entered the office of Hon. Peter McCall for law study and was admitted to the Bar of Philadelphia county in 1864, having in the meantime attended, in 1860 and 1861, lectures in the Law Schools of Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania, and spent some time in foreign travel. He commenced professional life in 1864 in Philadelphia, where he has continued since, practicing in the county and state courts, and the

Federal Courts in Pennsylvania and at Washington. In 1884 he formed a partnership with Edward P. Allinson under the firm name of Page & Allinson, to which firm Hon. Boies Penrose, elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania in 1897, was admitted in 1890 with Howard W. Page, son of the subject of this sketch, the firm name changing to Page, Allinson & Penrose. In addition to his law practice Mr. Page has been extensively engaged in political life and in public service in various offices. In 1876 he was elected to the City Councils of Philadelphia and served the city in that capacity



S. DAVIS PAGE

upon leading committees almost continuously up to the time of his resignation in 1883, when he accepted for one year the office of City Comptroller, being appointed thereto by Governor Robert E. Pattison, and in 1886 under appointment by President Cleveland he became Assistant Treasurer of the United States at Philadelphia, remaining in that position during a term of four years. He is a Director in the Quaker City National Bank, of which he was President from 1890 until 1892, and in the Merchants' Trust Company. His political affiliations are with the Democratic party. He is a member of the Kittenhouse, University and Harvard clubs, the Yale Alumni Association, the Young Men's Democratic Association, the Historical So-

cieties of Pennsylvania and Virginia, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Sons of the Revolution, the Colonial Society of Pennsylvania, the Bar Association of Pennsylvania and the Law Association of Philadelphia, in which last he holds the office of Chairman of the Committee of Censors of the Bar of Philadelphia, and has been for many years a vestryman of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church. Mr. Page was married, September 25, 1861, to Isabel Graham Wurts of Philadelphia, who died March 16, 1867; his children are: Howard Wurts, Ethel Nelson, now Mrs. James Large, and William Byrd Page.

NEVIN, Charles Wordsworth, 1857-

Class of 1879.

Born in Boston, Mass., 1857; fitted for College at Fewsmith School in Philadelphia; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1879; engaged in newspaper work in Philadelphia and New York for five years; special course in Princeton Graduate Dept., 1886; graduated Princeton Theological Seminary, 1887; Pastor Calvary Presbyterian Church at Riverton, N. J., 1887-90; Associate Editor Sunday School Times, 1890-91; organized South Broad Street Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, and became its Pastor.

CHARLES WORDSWORTH NEVIN was born in Boston, Massachusetts, February 27, 1857, son of Edwin Henry and Ruth Channing (Little) Nevin. His father, Rev. E. H. Nevin, D.D., was an author and poet, many of whose hymns have been published throughout America, Europe and even in India. Through the Nevins he traces his ancestry back to the Wallace family of Scotland. On the maternal side he is related to the Tenney, Cutter, Emerson and Channing families of New England. He received his early education at Fewsmith School in Philadelphia, graduating as Valedictorian of his class in 1875, and went from there to the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in 1879, being awarded in competition the first English address at Commencement. For the next five years after leaving College he was engaged in newspaper work in Philadelphia and New York. He then entered upon a graduate course in philosophy with Dr. James McCosh and in Hebrew with Professor W. H. Green and was graduated at the Princeton Theological Seminary in 1887. In 1887-1890 he was Examiner in Hebrew and Classics in the Presbytery of Monmouth, New Jersey, and during the same period was Pastor of Calvary Presbyterian Church at Riverton, New Jersey. He was Associate Editor of the Sunday

School Times of Philadelphia, 1890-1891. He was offered the Chair of Old Testament Theology and Hebrew in Ursinus Theological Seminary, but declined it in order to continue in the work of the ministry, becoming Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania, in 1891, then of the Scots' Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia in 1893, and in 1896 organized the South Broad Street Presbyterian Church at Philadelphia, of which pulpit he remains in charge at the present time. Mr. Nevin is a Republican in his political beliefs. He was married, October 11, 1888, to



CHARLES W. NEVIN

Harriet Middleton Ogden. They have four children: Dorothy, Ogden, Charles W., Jr., and Perot Nevin.

READ, Louis Wernwag, 1828-1900.

Class of 1849 Med.

Born in Plymouth, Pa., 1828; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1849; Surgeon in Russian Army during Crimean War; Surgeon of United States Volunteers, Medical Director Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, and Surgeon in charge of McKim U. S. Hospital, Baltimore, during Civil War; Surgeon-General National Guard of Pennsylvania; practitioner in Norristown, Pa.; died there, 1900.

LOUIS WERNWAG READ, M.D., was born in Plymouth, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, in 1828, son of Thomas and Sarah (Corson)

Read. His boyhood days were spent in a mill. After beginning the study of medicine under his uncle, the late Dr. William Corson, he took the course at the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the Class of 1849. The love of adventure and an ambition to extend the range of his knowledge as a physician and surgeon led him to offer his services to Russia for the Crimean War. The proffer was accepted, and he served throughout that struggle, during which he introduced improved methods for treating gunshot wounds, his ideas being afterward generally adopted in the armies of the United States and Europe. He was at Sebastopol during the long siege, and at the close of the war, after pursuing his studies in the hospitals of Paris, he returned to the United States for the practice of his profession. Dr. Charles R. Parke of Bloomington, Illinois, and a University of Pennsylvania medical graduate of the Class of 1847, who was with Dr. Read in the Crimea, in writing to "The Alumni Register," from which the substance of this account is taken, says: "I first met Dr. Read at Simferopol, the capital of Crimea. He was attached at that time to one of the hospitals of Simferopol and associated with Doctors Holt, of Georgia, and Eldredge, of Maryland. In the spring of 1856, he, with the two mentioned, returned to America. He was a general favorite with the Russian officials and people and especially with the Surgical Staff, who considered him a medical gentleman." The Civil War afforded Dr. Read an opportunity for availing himself of the experience gained on the field in Crimea, and in 1861 he entered the service of his country as Surgeon of the First Pennsylvania Volunteers. Advance was rapid, and he was made, in turn, Surgeon of United States Volunteers, with the rank of Major, and assigned to the Thirteenth Pennsylvania; Medical Director of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, and Surgeon in Charge of McKim United States Hospital in Baltimore, where he remained from November 1864 until the hospital was closed in 1866, when he was mustered out of service with the rank of brevet Lieutenant-Colonel of United States Volunteers, which was bestowed for meritorious service. From the time of his return to private life, Dr. Read continued in active practice. He was Surgeon-General of the National Guard of Pennsylvania from May 1874, when he was appointed by Governor Hartranft, with the rank of Brigadier-General, until shortly after the inauguration of Governor Stone. While

at the head of the Medical Department of the Pennsylvania Militia, Dr. Read secured many important changes looking to the more advanced treatment of the sick and wounded, and brought the Hospital Corps up to a high standard of efficiency. Dr. Read was long regarded the leading practitioner in his community, and his fame as a surgeon was as widespread as his name for good-fellowship. An incident in his life that brought him into prominence was his removal of the bullet that disabled General Hancock at Gettysburg. The General had lain many weeks on a bed of suffering at his Norristown home, and his life was despaired of. He had given up all hopes of ever being able to rejoin his comrades, until on a December day in 1863, when he was visited by Dr. Read, who had come home on a day's leave. At the request of the General, with whom he had long been intimate, Dr. Read probed the wound and removed the bullet, and was accorded the distinction of having saved the life of the hero of Gettysburg. Dr. Read was a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Union League, the Association of Sons of the Revolution, the United Service Club and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He was in 1895 elected President of the Association of Military Surgeons, an honor that came to him unsought, and was bestowed at a meeting of the Association in Buffalo, New York. Dr. Read died at Norristown, October 31, 1900. He is survived by a daughter, Miss Nina B. Read, and a son, Dr. Alfred Hurst Read.

PEIRCE, George, 1847-

Class of 1868 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, 1847; educated at Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, and privately; cadet in United States Naval Academy, 1862-66; student in Law Department, University of Pennsylvania, and admitted to the Bar 1868; attended lectures at Harvard Law School with Class of 1871; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia since 1871; Manager Rush Hospital; Trustee and Treasurer Berean Manual Training and Industrial School; member Presbyterian Board of Education.

GEORGE PEIRCE was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 6, 1847. His father was William Shannon Peirce, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, descendant of early settlers of Delaware holding grants from Sir Edmund Andros in 1680. His mother, Elizabeth Irwin Baldwin, was the great-granddaughter of Andrew Irwin, sometime Royal Governor of the island of Grenada, West Indies. George Peirce was educated at the Friends'

Central School in Philadelphia, read the classics with the Rev. Dr. David Malin of that city, and entered the United States Naval Academy, then at Newport, Rhode Island, in 1862, continuing his course in that institution after its return to Annapolis, at the close of the war, but resigned in 1866, at the desire of his father, to take up the study of law. He read law in the office of Edward Hopper in Philadelphia, attended the lectures of Judge Sharswood at the University of Pennsylvania, and was admitted to the Bar in November 1868. Before settling down to practice he passed some time in foreign travel and in residence at Cam-



GEORGE PEIRCE

bridge, Massachusetts, where he attended lectures at the Harvard Law School with the Class of 1871, returning to Philadelphia in September of that year and establishing himself there in his profession. Mr. Peirce has held no political office, but is Manager of the Pennsylvania Industrial Home for Blind Women and of the Rush Hospital, and is Trustee and Treasurer of the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School. While a student at the University of Pennsylvania he became a member of the Zeta Psi Society, and he is now a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, the Welsh Society, Harvard Club, University Club, Penn Club and the Law Association, all of Philadelphia, and the Harvard Law Associa-

tion of Harvard University. For some years he has served on the Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America. Mr. Peirce married, December 10, 1874, Lucy, daughter of the Rev. John B. and Sarah Peters Willing Spotswood.

TYNG, Alexander Griswold, 1827-1897.

Class of 1846.

Born in Prince George's county, Md., 1827; educated in private schools; spent three years at the University of Pennsylvania and one year at Columbia, graduating in 1845; studied for a year in Episcopal Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Virginia; assisted his father, Rev. Stephen Higginson Tyng, D.D., in superintending the building of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, New York; merchant in Peoria, Ill.; prominent in work of the Christian Commission during the Civil War, and active in church work, holding many religious offices; died in Peoria, 1897.

ALEXANDER GRISWOLD TYNG, son of the Rev. Stephen Higginson Tyng, D.D., and Ann DeWolf Griswold, was born in Prince George's county, Maryland, July 28, 1827. He was descended on the father's side from Sir Edward Atkins, and his mother's father, Bishop Alexander V. Griswold, was a direct descendant of Matthew Griswold who came from England in 1630. The subject of this sketch received his early education in private schools and at home; spent three years at the University of Pennsylvania and one year at Columbia, New York, graduating with honor in 1845. He studied for a year in the Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Alexandria, Virginia, but on account of failing eyesight he was obliged to desist, and after a year's trip to China and India spent some months in assisting his father in superintending the building of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, New York. In 1848 he came to Chicago and went into the office of his brother-in-law, George M. Higginson, who carried on an extensive lumber trade, and in 1850 went to Peoria to superintend a branch office. He continued in active business of various kinds until his death, July 8, 1897. He carried on in succession large business interests in lumber, produce and grain, was a member of the Peoria Board of Trade, and was a foremost leader in philanthropic work. During the Civil War he was active in the Christian Commission, was a prominent member of the International Sunday School Association and was one of the first committee for International Sunday School Lessons, and was for many years active in the Young

Men's Christian Association. Mr. Tyng held many offices in the Church and in religious societies, serving as Warden of St. Paul's Episcopal Church from 1850 to 1874, and as Warden of Christ Church (Reformed Episcopal) from 1874 until his death. He was President of the Illinois Branch of the Christian Commission from 1862 to 1865, and was a member of the Peoria School Board for many years. He was a strong Republican, but never accepted office of any kind. He was also a strong advocate of temperance and a loyal friend and adviser of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, local, state and na-



ALEXANDER G. TYNG

tional. He married, January 9, 1851, Lucie Brotherson. Five children were born to them: Alexander Griswold, Dudley Atkins, Philip Brotherson, Pierre Kissam and Lucien Hamilton Tyng. Mr. Tyng died in Peoria, July 8, 1897.

TAYLOR, Howard Smith, 1867-

Class of 1894 Dent.

Born in Dover, Del., 1867; graduated Dental Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1894; practices profession in Asbury Park, N. J.; Director Fraser Mountain Copper Company.

HOWARD SMITH TAYLOR was born in Dover, Kent county, Delaware, April 11, 1867, son of William and Margaret Barrett (Wal-

lace) Taylor. His early education was received in Conference Academy in Dover from which he afterward passed to the University of Pennsylvania. He matriculated in the Dental Department of that



H. S. TAYLOR

institution and graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1894. On July 18 of that year he settled in Asbury Park, New Jersey, and began the practice of his profession. There he has remained ever since building up a large clientele at this popular seaside resort. Dr. Taylor is a member of the Edwin T. Darby Dental Society of Philadelphia, of which he was the Vice-President in 1894. He is also a member of the Monmouth Club of Asbury Park and is now a Director of that organization. He is Vice-President of the University of Pennsylvania Dental Class of '94 and belongs to the Delaware Society of New York City and the Deal Golf Club of Deal, New Jersey. Dr. Taylor is Director of the Fraser Mountain Copper Company of New Mexico. On August 10, 1892, he married Elizabeth Howard Fell, by whom he has one son, Henry Kroehl Taylor.

HARDING, George, 1827—

Class of 1846.

Born in Philadelphia, 1827; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1846; read law with Hon. John Cadwala-

der; admitted to Bar, 1849; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia; eminent as counsel in patent law.

GEORGE HARDING, son of Jesper and Maria (Wilson) Harding, was born in Philadelphia, October 26, 1827. His father was the first editor and subsequently proprietor of the Philadelphia "Inquirer," became also the largest publisher of Bibles in the United States, was largely engaged in paper manufacture, and after retirement from the publishing business served as Collector of Internal Revenue under appointment by President Lincoln. The son entered the Junior Class at the University of Pennsylvania in 1844, became a member of the Philomathean Society, and was graduated in 1846. He then studied law in the office of Hon. John Cadwalader, was admitted to the Bar in 1849, and thereafter was engaged in active legal practice in Philadelphia, devoting himself especially to patent law, in which branch of his profession he won distinction. As counsel in the famous "Telegraph Case" of Samuel F. B. Morse against O'Reilly in the United States Supreme Court, Mr. Harding set up and operated in the court-room miniature telegraph lines representing the entire system then



GEORGE HARDING

existing between New York and Washington. At another time, in a "hat-body" case, he operated machinery so as to make a complete hat in the court-room; and in the "McCormick Reaper

Case," in which he was associated with Abraham Lincoln and Edwin M. Stanton, he introduced into the court-room a miniature grain-field to illustrate the process of reaping by machinery. His most noteworthy and successful effort was the "Tilghman Glycerine Case," when his argument led to a reversal of the Supreme Court's first decision on the same patent. Mr. Harding was made a member of the American Philosophical Society in 1854. He married Charlotte Ludlow Kenner.

STONE, Robert King, 1822-1872.

Class of 1845 Med.

Born in Washington, D. C., 1822; fitted for College at Academy of Rev. James McVean, Georgetown, D. C.; graduated Princeton, 1842; studied medicine with Dr. Thomas Miller, Washington, D. C.; M.D. University of Pennsylvania, 1845; Professor Anatomy, Physiology, Microscopic Anatomy, also of Ophthalmic and Aural Surgery, in National Medical College, District of Columbia; family physician of President Lincoln, 1861-65; died 1872.

ROBERT KING STONE, M.D., physician and surgeon, was born in Washington, District of Columbia, December 11, 1822, the son of William J. Stone, Sr., and Elizabeth Jane (Lenthall) Stone, daughter of Jane King and John Lenthall, the latter an architect and superintendent of construction of the National Capitol building; he was descended from Sir William Lenthall, Speaker of the House of Commons. Robert K. Stone received his elementary education in Georgetown, District of Columbia, at the Classical and Scientific Academy of Rev. James McVean. He entered Princeton, where he was distinguished for proficiency in his studies. Receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Princeton in 1842, he returned to his native city and entered the office of Dr. Thomas Miller as a student of medicine. His preceptor, in appreciation of the excellent qualities of his pupil, selected him as assistant in the dissecting room. After attending a course of lectures in the National Medical College, in Washington, he went to the University of Pennsylvania, where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1845. He then visited Europe, and attended the hospitals of London, Edinburgh, Vienna and Paris, devoting himself to the general science of his profession. He paid particular attention to ophthalmic surgery, and availed himself of the advantages offered in studying the diseases of the eye and ear. After completing his general studies, he became the private

pupil and friend of the celebrated Des Marres and assisted him in his operations. Upon his return to the country in 1847, he settled in Washington, and commenced the practice of his chosen profession, soon becoming prominent. In 1848 he was appointed Adjunct Professor to the Chair of Anatomy and Physiology, in the National Medical College, District of Columbia, and upon the resignation of the Professor of Anatomy in that institution he was appointed by the Trustees full Professor of Anatomy, Physiology and Microscopic Anatomy. He was afterwards appointed to the Chair of Ophthal-



ROBERT K. STONE

mic and Aural Surgery. He was a ready and fluent lecturer, and always illustrated his lectures by carefully drafted diagrams and drawings made by himself. He was eminently learned in the literature of his profession, and was, moreover, an accomplished musician, an artist, a general historian and a finished scholar. He read with pleasure the poets in the Greek and Latin languages, and with the same zest and fluency that he did the French, with which he was almost as familiar in writing or speaking as he was with his native tongue. His patients were devoted to him, and by his genial manners he won their esteem and confidence. He was a skilful oculist, and many owe it to his skill that they can enjoy the sense of sight. From 1861 to 1865 he

was the family physician of President Lincoln, enjoying his confidence and friendship, and was present at his death-bed. April 17, 1849, he was married to Margaret F. Ritchie of Virginia, the daughter of Thomas Ritchie, Founder and Editor of the Richmond Enquirer; they had three children: Jane Lenthall, Isabella Ritchie and Thomas Ritchie Stone. Dr. Stone died April 23, 1872.

BRECK, James Lloyd, 1818-1876.

Class of 1838.

Born in Philadelphia, 1818; educated in public schools, under private instructors, at University of Pennsylvania and General Theological Seminary; engaged in missionary and educational work in Wisconsin, Minnesota and California; founded several educational institutions; died in Benicia, Cal., 1876.

JAMES LLOYD BRECK, missionary and educator, was born in Philadelphia, June 27, 1818. He acquired his preliminary education in the public schools, and his preparatory studies were pursued under the direction of the Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, with whom he remained for three years, at the expiration of which time he entered the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1838. He next became a student at the General Theological Seminary, New York, and after completing his divinity course in 1841, he immediately engaged in missionary and educational work, selecting for his initial field of operation the then sparsely populated state of Wisconsin, where in due time he founded the Nashotah Theological Seminary. In 1851 he transferred his labors to Minnesota, where he inaugurated the mission work among the Chippewa Indians, and in 1858 he founded at Fairbault, that state, a divinity school and a school for both sexes. In 1876 he went to California, where he subsequently established at Benicia St. Augustine's College and grammar school, and also a divinity school. His next achievement was the establishment of St. Mary's Hall, a school for young ladies also at Benicia, and his educational work ceased only with his death, which occurred in Benicia, March 30, 1876. He was at one time a co-laborer with the Rev. Richard F. Cadle, John H. Hobart and William Adams, and probably no other American clergyman was ever more earnestly devoted to the cause of propagating religious and educational work at home.

BOWMAN, Carl M., 1874-

Class of 1899 Law.

Born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1874; fitted for College in Shortledge Media Academy; graduated Princeton,

A.B., Class of 1896; LL.B. University of Pennsylvania, 1899; practicing lawyer in Philadelphia.

CARL M. BOWMAN, lawyer, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, December 13, 1874, son of John O. and Minnie Kate (Peters) Bowman. He received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia, was prepared for College at Shortledge Media Academy, and graduated from Princeton with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Class of 1896. Subsequently he took the course in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received



CARL M. BOWMAN

the degree of Bachelor of Laws on his graduation with the Class of 1899. Mr. Bowman practices his profession in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Princeton Club of that city.

MCGALLIARD, Benjamin Walton, 1861-

Class of 1889 Med.

Born in Bridgeton, N. J., 1861; graduated M.S. Lafayette College 1885, M.D. University of Pennsylvania 1889; practicing physician in Trenton, N. J., since 1890; Health Officer of that city, 1896-99.

BENJAMIN WALTON MCGALLIARD, M.D., was born in Bridgeton, New Jersey, October 6, 1861. Through his father, John Hires McGalliard, he is descended from John McGalliard, who

came to this country from Great Britain about 1750, and was a tutor, residing in Cumberland county, New Jersey; the family continued to live there for several generations, being wagon builders and farmers. Dr. McGalliard's mother was Susan Davis, also of Cumberland county, New Jersey; the first Pastor of the Seventh-Day Baptist Church in Shiloh, New Jersey, was a direct ancestor on his mother's side. Dr. McGalliard attended the New Jersey public schools and was prepared for College at the South Jersey Institute in Bridgeton. He entered Lafayette College in 1881, and took the entire



B. W. MCGALLIARD

four-years course, graduating with the degree of Master of Science in 1885. During the year 1885-1886 he taught a public school, and he then entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating after a three-years course in 1889. He served from August 1889 to July 1890 as Interne at the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia, and then removed to Trenton, New Jersey, where he has been engaged in the practice of his profession ever since. From 1896 until 1899 he was the public Health Officer in that city. Dr. McGalliard is a member of the American Medical Association and of the Mercer County Medical Society. On April 6, 1898, he married Lillie H. Vannote.

BIRD, Frederick Mayer, 1838-

Class of 1857.

Born in Philadelphia, 1838; graduated University of Pennsylvania 1857, Union Theological Seminary 1860; ordained a Lutheran minister; chaplain in Civil War; took orders in Protestant Episcopal Church, 1868; Rector in Spottswood, N. J., and South Bethlehem, Pa.; became Professor of Psychology, Christian Evidence and Rhetoric, Lehigh University, 1881; author and editor.

FREDERICK MAYER BIRD, clergyman and educator, was born in Philadelphia, June 28, 1838. His father, Robert Montgomery Bird, M.D., who was born in Newcastle, Delaware, in 1803, and died in Philadelphia, January 22, 1854, practiced medicine for a year and devoted the rest of his life to literary pursuits, becoming a novelist and dramatist of note. He was the author of "The Gladiator," which was a favorite play in the repertoire of the late Edwin Forrest, also of the story "Nick of the Woods," which furnished the material for the play of the same name, and various other novels and plays, which attained widespread popularity in their day. Frederick Mayer Bird was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania with the Class of 1857, studied for the ministry at the Union Theological Seminary, New York, and after his ordination to the Lutheran ministry (1860), he entered the United States Army as a chaplain, serving as such during the Civil War. In 1868 he withdrew from the Lutheran ministry and took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church, subsequently holding rectorship at Spottswood in New Jersey and South Bethlehem in Pennsylvania. In 1881 he was called to the faculty of the Lehigh University as Professor of Psychology, Christian Evidence and Rhetoric. Mr. Bird was the chief editor of the "Lutheran Hymn-Book," and collaborated with Bishop Odenheimer in "Hymns of the Spirit." He has collected an extensive library devoted principally to hymnology, upon which subject he has written numerous instructive articles for the New York "Independent."

HILLEGASS, Jacob Benner, 1866-

Class of 1893 Law.

Born in Hillegass, Pa., 1866; fitted for College at Keystone State Normal School in Kutztown, Pa.; graduated Princeton, 1890; read law at Norristown, Pa., and attended the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania; admitted to Montgomery County Bar at Norristown, June 1893, and in active practice there ever since.

JACOB BENNER HILLEGASS was born in Hillegass, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, December 22, 1866, the son of Jonathan P. and

Hannah (Benner) Hillegass. He is a descendant of Michael Hillegass, who resided in Philadelphia and was the first Treasurer of the Thirteen Original Colonies. He attended schools in Pennsburg and West Chester, Pennsylvania, was fitted for College at the Keystone State Normal School at Kutztown, Pennsylvania, and graduated from Princeton in the Class of 1890. The degree of Master of Arts was conferred on him by Princeton in 1893. After graduating he read law under the direction of John W. Bickel, of Norristown, Pennsylvania, and also attended the Law Department of the University of



JACOB B. HILLEGASS

Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the Montgomery County Bar at Norristown in June 1893, and still resides and practices his profession in that city. From the beginning of his professional life, Mr. Hillegass has met with great success, has been connected with many important cases, and enjoys a very lucrative practice. He is especially successful in his conduct of criminal cases, but prefers to devote his attention mostly to civil practice. In 1897 he was elected a Director of the Norristown Title Trust & Safe Deposit Company. He is also a Director of the Perkiomen Railroad Company, the Stony Creek Railroad Company, Pennsburg Water Company, McMichael & Wildman Manufacturing Company, Hatboro Electric Light Company, and Hatboro Water

Company. Two social organizations, the Ersine Tennis Club and the Aceola Tennis Club, claim him as an active member. In politics he is a Democrat.

BUSEY, Samuel Clagett. 1828-1901.

Class of 1848 Med.

Born in Maryland, 1828; educated Rockville Academy; graduated Medical Department University of Pennsylvania, 1848; practiced medicine in Washington, D. C., over fifty years; Professor and Professor Emeritus, Georgetown Medical School; President Washington Obstetrical Society; founder Children's and Garfield Memorial hospitals, Washington; President District of Columbia Medical Society; Vice-President Washington Academy of Sciences; prominently identified with sanitary improvements in District of Columbia; prolific medical writer and contributor to other branches of literature; died 1901.

SAMUEL CLAGETT BUSEY, M.D., LL.D., physician and author, was born in Montgomery county, Maryland, July 23, 1828, son of John and Rachel (Clagett) Busey. He completed his early education at the Rockville Academy, Rockville, Maryland, and his professional studies begun under the direction of Dr. Hezekiah Magruder of Georgetown, were concluded in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the Class of 1848. Immediately entering the medical profession in Washington, D. C., he practiced in the national capital continuously for over fifty years, winning distinction for his skill in the treatment of general diseases and also acquiring prominence as an advocate of reform in the methods of practice, and through his influence the district received the benefits of valuable sanitary legislation. Dr. Busey was made Professor of Materia Medica at the Georgetown Medical School in 1853. From 1875 to 1877 he occupied the Chair of Diseases of Infants and Children at that institution, and in 1877 was called to the professorship of Theory and Practice of Medicine, subsequently retiring from active membership of that faculty as Professor Emeritus. He was one of the founders of the Garfield Memorial and the Children's hospitals; was also one of the founders and for a number of years President of the Washington Obstetrical Society; and was President of the District of Columbia Medical Society continuously for six terms. He was also a member of the Association of American Physicians and its President in 1890; Vice-President of the Washington Academy of Sciences, and Chairman of its Building Committee, in which capacity he accomplished

much toward securing a permanent home for that institution; member of the Columbia Historical Society and at one time Chairman of its Publication Committee; and member of the Anthropological Society, of which he also served as Vice-President. Besides his one hundred and sixty-three articles upon medical subjects he was the author of three volumes of sketches and reminiscences relative to the history of the District of Columbia; "Pictures of the City of Washington in the Past," an octavo of nearly four hundred pages written when he was over seventy years old; also prepared numerous papers upon local historical subjects for the Columbia Historical Society and as Chairman of its Publication Committee he supervised the compilation of several volumes of the society's transactions. His last literary production was a paper upon the inauguration of President Thomas Jefferson, read before the Historical Society a few days prior to his death, which occurred February 12, 1901. St. Mary's College, Baltimore, made him an honorary Doctor of Laws in 1881, and the same degree (honorary) was conferred upon him by Georgetown University in 1899. Dr. Busey was married in 1849, and he survived his wife some ten years. As Chairman of the Committee on Public Health of the Board of Trade, he labored effectively in the interest of sanitation, and he was made an honorary member of that body, which created especially for him that class of members. In 1898 Dr. Busey was tendered a banquet by his professional associates on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of his graduation.

LAYTON, Caleb Rodney, 1851-

Class of 1876 Med.

Born in Georgetown, Del., 1851; educated preliminarily in local schools; graduated with honors from Amherst College, 1873; graduated in medicine, University of Pennsylvania, 1876, standing high in class; physician in Georgetown; prominent in local politics; served as County Chairman, Sussex county; appointed Secretary State of Delaware, 1901.

CALEB RODNEY LAYTON, M.D., Secretary of the State of Delaware, was born in Georgetown, Delaware, in 1851. He is a descendant of Caesar Rodney, who was born in Delaware, in 1730, was an ardent patriot prior to and during the Revolutionary War, and a leading spirit in the early political affairs of that state, where he died in 1784. He pursued his preliminary studies in local schools and entering Amherst College was graduated with honors in the Class of 1873. His

professional preparations were completed in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1876, standing high in his class, and he immediately began the practice of his profession in his native town. Perceiving the urgent need of educated young men in public affairs, he became actively interested in local politics, and while not relinquishing his professional duties, he has given much of his time to public business, serving with marked ability in various responsible positions. He has long been identified with the Union Republican party of Delaware, taking a prominent part in the party organization, and was chosen County Chairman of Sussex county. He was recently a candidate for Representative to Congress and was assured the unanimous support of his party, but in order to facilitate an adjustment of the existing difficulties between the two opposing factions of the Republican party, he declined the nomination. On January 16, 1901, he was commissioned Secretary of the State by Governor John Humm, and the following day assumed the duties of that office. Dr. Layton was married, in 1876, to Annie Sipple, who is a descendant of Dr. Benjamin Rush. Their son, D. J. Layton, was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1900, and was one of the leading spirits of the 'Varsity Baseball Team.

HALE, Charles Reuben, 1837-1900.

Class of 1858.

Born in Lewistown, Pa., 1837; graduated University of Pennsylvania, 1858; specially interested in archaeology; studied theology; took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church; held several important rectorships; Chaplain United States Navy, 1863-70; Dean of Cathedral, Davenport, Iowa, 1886-92; elected Bishop-Coadjutor, Springfield, Ill., 1892; well-known religious writer; died in Cairo, Ill., 1900.

CHARLES REUBEN HALE, D.D., LL.D., Protestant Episcopal Bishop, was born in Lewistown, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1837, son of Reuben Charles and Sarah (Mills) Hale. Entering the Sophomore class Department of Arts of the University in 1855 he was graduated in 1858, and as a member of the Philomathean Society he acquired considerable distinction for archaeological research, writing that society's committee report on the translation of the Rosetta Stone. After the completion of his theological studies he took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church and began his ministerial labors as Assistant Rector of Christ

Church, Germantown, Pennsylvania, in 1860. He subsequently served in the same capacity in All Saints' Church, Lower Dublin, same state. Entering the United States Navy as Chaplain in 1863 he remained in the service until 1870, when he became rector of St. John's Church, Auburn, New York, going from there to the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Baltimore, Maryland, in 1875, and two years later was called to the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, that city. In 1886 he was chosen Dean of the Cathedral at Davenport, Iowa, and in 1892 was elected Bishop-Coadjutor of Springfield, Illinois, there being present at his consecration Bishops Perry, Seymor, Walker, Worthington, Leonard and Nicholson. Bishop Hale's See city was Cairo and his death occurred there December 25, 1900. He was a prolific writer upon religious subjects and some of his best known publications are: "The Russian Church," "On Old Catholicism," "The Universal Episcopate," "A List of the Sees and Bishops of the Holy Catholic Church throughout the World," "A Visit to the Eastern Churches in the Interest of Church Unity," "The Book Annexed and the Bishops," "An Office for the Centennial Anniversary of the Inauguration of George Washington," "An Order of Service for Days of National Observance," "The American Church and Methodism," etc. He was recognized as an authority on Liturgies and the Eastern Church. He married Anna McKnight, daughter of Major Levi Twiggs, United States Marine Corps.

EGLE, William Henry, 1830-1901.

Class of 1859 Med.

Born in Harrisburg, Pa., 1830; educated public and private schools, Harrisburg Military Institute; graduated Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania, 1859; foreman "Pennsylvania Telegraph" printing establishment; in charge of state printing office; taught school and held clerkship in postoffice prior to 1857; began practice of medicine in Harrisburg, 1859; served in Civil War, attaining rank of Surgeon; Chief Medical Officer Twenty-fifth Army Corps; United States Medical Examiner, 1867; Physician to Dauphin County Prison, 1867-87; State Librarian; Surgeon-in-Chief, Third Brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania; historian, genealogist, and prolific writer; died 1901.

WILLIAM HENRY EGLE, M.D., physician and historian, was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1830, son of John and Elizabeth (Von Treupel) Egle. His ancestors, some of whom came from Switzerland and others from Germany, settled in Pennsylvania prior to the

year 1740. His great-grandfather served as an officer in the French and Indian War; his paternal grandfather served as an officer in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War; and his grandfather on the maternal side was in the War of 1812-15. He attended public and private schools and the Harrisburg Military Institute, and declining an appointment as a midshipman in the United States Navy, he entered the employ of the "Pennsylvania Telegraph," where he acquired a knowledge of the printing business and was advanced to the position of foreman of that establishment. He next took charge of the state printing office; was subsequently assistant teacher in the Boys' School of the North Ward in Harrisburg, and still later held a clerkship in the postoffice. Commencing the preliminary study of medicine in 1854 under the direction of Dr. Charles C. Bombaugh, of Harrisburg, he, in 1857, entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1859, and he located for practice in his native city. In 1862 he was called by the Adjutant-General of Pennsylvania into the military service of the state, receiving a commission in September of that year as Assistant Surgeon of the Ninety-sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and in the following year was appointed Surgeon of the Forty-seventh Regiment, serving in that capacity until the expiration of his stipulated term. Re-entering the army as Surgeon of Volunteers he served in Kentucky and Virginia; was executive medical officer of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps during the Appomattox campaign; and was chief medical officer of a division of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, stationed in Texas, resigning in December 1865. Returning to the practice of his profession in Harrisburg, he was appointed United States Medical Examiner in pension cases, holding that position for some time, and he was also the same year elected Physician to the Dauphin County Prison, which post he retained by successive annual elections for a period of twenty years or until 1887, when he resigned in order to accept the appointment of State Librarian, and he continued in that office for the rest of his life, which terminated February 19, 1901. He was long identified with the Pennsylvania National Guards, in which he held the posts of Division and Brigade Surgeon-in-Chief with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He was a member of the Dauphin County Medical Society, the Harrisburg Academy of Medicine and the Association of Military Surgeons of the United

States; the Society of the Cincinnati, Society of Colonial Wars, Society of the War of 1812 and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion; and was one of the founders and first President of the Pennsylvania-German Society. Dr. Egle was the author of "History of Pennsylvania," "Historical Register," two volumes, "History of the County of Dauphin," "History of the County of Lebanon," "Centennial — County of Dauphin and City of Harrisburg," "Pennsylvania Genealogies, Scotch-Irish and German," "Harrisburg-on-the-Susquehanna," and "Notes and Queries," Historical, Biographical and Genealogical relating to Interior Pennsylvania — First and Second Series. He was co-editor of the "Pennsylvania Archives," Second Series, Vols. i to xii, editor of the same series, Vols. xiii to xix, and also of the Third Series. In 1878 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Lafayette College. He was married, July 24, 1860, to Eliza W. Beatty, daughter of George Beatty, Esq.

FAIRFAX, John Contee, 1830–1900.

Class of 1853 Med.

Born in Virginia, 1830; educated in Georgetown, D. C.; graduated Princeton, 1850; M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1853; Peer of Scotland, but never claimed the title; planter in Virginia; died in Northampton, Va., 1900.

JOHAN CONTEE (LORD) FAIRFAX, M.D., eleventh Baron of Cameron, was born in Virginia, September 13, 1830. His remote ancestors were probably Saxons. The original Fairfax family seat was at Walton in Yorkshire. Sir Thomas Fairfax, Knight of Denton and Steeton, County York, was created Baron Fairfax of Cameron in 1627, and his son Ferdinando, who succeeded to the title, was a military officer participating in the battle of Marston Moor. The third Lord Fairfax, whose death occurred in 1671, held a command at the battle of Naseby and was at one time Generalissimo of Parliament. The sixth Baron Fairfax relinquished the title and estates in favor of his brother Robert and emigrating to Virginia became an extensive planter and erected two mansions—Belvoir and Gurnsey Court. He officiated as lieutenant and *custos rotulorum* of Frederick county, and was the Lord Fairfax who was so closely connected with the early life of George Washington. He died in 1793, never having married, and his brother who succeeded him left no children. By will the English estate was inherited by heirs named Martin, whose descendants are still its possessors. The Rev. Bryan

Fairfax, a great-grandson of the fourth Baron Fairfax, succeeded to the title in turn and went to England for the purpose of securing a confirmation of his rights by the House of Lords, which he accomplished. Thomas Fairfax, of Vaucluse, Virginia, son of the Rev. Bryan, was the ninth possessor of the title which was inherited by his son Charles, a sturdy Democrat, who placed no value upon it. Charles Fairfax, who died in California in 1869, was succeeded in the title by his brother John Contee, who never made use of it. The latter was educated preliminarily in Georgetown, D. C., was a graduate of Princeton University and of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, taking his degree with the Class of 1853. During the Civil War he was in sympathy with the Confederate cause. For many years he resided on Northampton Plantation, near Beltsville, Prince George's county, which he inherited with a modest fortune, and preferred to live the quiet life of a gentleman planter. His estate, which contains about seven hundred acres of land, is valuable and the dwelling house, which has stood for over one hundred and fifty years, is surrounded by venerable trees, one of which, an Osage orange, is supposed to be two hundred years old. John Contee Fairfax died September 28, 1900. He married a daughter of Col. Kirby, of the United States Army; his children, all of whom are living, are Albert Kirby, Charles Edmund, Mary Cecelia, Josephine, Caroline Snowden and Frances Marvin Fairfax. Albert Kirby Fairfax is connected with the banking house of Brown Brothers & Company, New York City.

DUPONT, Henry Algernon, 1838–

Class of 1857.

Born in Wilmington, Del., 1838; educated at University of Pennsylvania and West Point Military Academy; officer of Regular Army, 1861–75; President and General Manager Wilmington & Northern Railroad, 1879–

HENRY ALGERNON DUPONT was born near Wilmington, Delaware, July 30, 1838, son of Henry and Louisa (Gerhard) DuPont. His father, a graduate of West Point and manager of the DuPont Powder Works near Wilmington, was the second son of Irene DuPont, founder of the celebrated works, and grandson of Pierre DuPont de Nemours, Secretary of the Provisional Government of France during Napoleon's imprisonment at Elba. Henry Algernon entered the University of Pennsylvania in the Sophomore Class of 1855, and

left in the Junior year 1856 to fulfil his appointment to the United States Military Academy at West Point, where he was graduated in May 1861 at the head of his class, and promoted to Second Lieutenant of the Engineer Corps. A few weeks later he was commissioned First Lieutenant of the Fifth Artillery, of which he became Adjutant in July 1861 and Captain in March 1864. In the meantime he served as Acting-Assistant Adjutant-General of Troops in New York Harbor in 1862-1863, and thereafter commanded a battery in West Virginia until May 1864, when he was made chief of artillery in that department, and in that capacity participated in the battles of Piedmont, Lexington and Lynchburg in the spring and summer of 1864. Later in the year in command of the artillery of Crook's corps, he took part in the battles of Opequan, Fisher's Hill, Cedar Creek and others of that

memorable campaign, being brevetted Major for gallant services in the two first-mentioned engagements, and Lieutenant-Colonel in October 1864, for services at Cedar Creek. After the war Colonel DuPont was a member of the board to assimilate the tactics for the three arms of the service, and served at Fortress Monroe, Washington City, Fort Adams in Rhode Island, and elsewhere. He resigned in March 1875, and in May 1879 became President of the Wilmington & Northern Railroad Company. He is the author of several published works on cavalry tactics, artillery tactics and other military subjects, and is a member of the Military Service Institute, the American Geographical Society, and the historical societies of Delaware, of Pennsylvania and of Dallas, Texas. Colonel DuPont's wife was Mary Pauline, daughter of Herman Ten Eyck Foster.

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

OF

COLLEGE ALUMNI

	VOL.	PAGE		VOL.	PAGE
Class of 1757			Class of 1768		
Duche, Jacob, Jr.	I	275	Bingham, William	II	8
Hopkinson, Francis	I	288	1769		
Latta, James	II	4	Coxe, John D.	II	10
Magaw, Samuel	I	294	1770		
Morgan, John	I	278	Latimer, Henry	II	10
West, Benjamin	II	3	1771		
Williamson, Hugh	I	275	Carson, John	I	301
1758			Davidson, Robert	I	293
None graduated			McDoweli, John	I	260
1759			1772		
Allen, Andrew	II	4	Tilghman, William	I	304
Dickinson, Philemon	II	112	1773		
Morris, John	II	116	Seney, Joshua	II	11
Paca, William	II	5	1774		
1760			None graduated		
Cadwalader, John	I	290	1775		
Cadwalader, Lambert	II	8	Chew, Benjamin, Jr.	I	308
Grayson, William	II	120	1776		
Hill, Whitmel	II	144	Abercrombie, James	II	10
Mifflin, Thomas	I	285	Bozman, John L.	II	11
Morris, Samuel C.	II	3	1777		
1761			None graduated		
Neilson, John	II	125	1778		
Peters, Richard, Jr.	I	298	None graduated		
Tilghman, Tench	II	5	1779		
Yeates, Jasper	II	137	None graduated		
1762			1780		
Evans, Nathaniel	II	7	Griffits, Samuel P.	II	11
Jones, Samuel	II	127	1781		
Watts, Stephen	II	139	Clarkson, William	II	11
1763			1782		
Davis, John	II	141	McKean, Joseph B.	II	12
Hunt, Isaac	II	124	1783		
Muhlenberg, John P. G.	II	6	Morris, Anthony	II	13
Sergeant, Jonathan D.	I	295	1784		
Stuart, John	II	148	Goldsbrough, Charles	II	13
1764			Stuber, Henry	II	13
None graduated			1785		
1765			Physick, Philip S.	I	305
Andrews, John	I	260	1786		
White, William	I	284	Hopkinson, Joseph	II	14
1766			1787		
Coombe, Thomas	II	7	Bache, Benjamin F.	II	14
1767			Duffield, George	II	15
Cannon, James	I	282	Mease, James	II	15
Swift, John W.	II	10			

Class of 1787		VOL.	PAGE	Class of 1812		VOL.	PAGE
Smith, Samuel H. . . .	Com. Int. Rev.	II	15	Mason, Richard S. . . .	Pres. Hobart Coll. . . .	II	26
Woodhouse, James . . .	Prof. Surgery	I	302	Meredith, William M. . .	Sec. Treas. U. S.	I	322
1788							
Wilson, James P. . . .	Lawyer and clergyman . .	II	16	Rawle, Francis W. . . .	Ironmaster	II	26
1789							
Hewson, Thomas T. . .	Prof. Anatomy	I	311	Read, John M.	Lawyer and author . . .	II	26
Lochman, George . . .	Clergyman	II	16	1813			
Miller, Samuel	Founder Prin. Theol. Sem.	II	16	Lardner, Richard P. . .	Treas. P. & R. R'd . . .	II	27
Rodney, C. Augustus . .	Atty.-Gen. U. S.	II	17	1814			
None graduated							
1790							
Brown, Jacob	Soldier	II	17	1815			
Endress, Christian . . .	Clergyman	II	18	Engles, William M. . . .	Clergyman and author . .	II	28
Meredith, William T. . .	Lawyer—Trustee	I	307	Muhlenberg, William A. .	Clergyman and author . .	II	27
1791							
Carson, John	Naval officer	II	18	Pettit, Thomas M.	Dir. U. S. Mint	II	28
1792							
Dickey, Ebenezer	Clergyman	II	18	Wood, George B.	Phys.-Prof. and Trustee .	I	328
Izard, George	Soldier—Gov. Ark.	II	19	1816			
Wilson, Bird	Theologian	II	19	Schmucker, Samuel S. . .	Theologian	II	29
1793							
Hobart, John H.	Founder Gen. Theol. Sem.	II	19	1817			
1794							
Latta, William	Clergyman	II	20	Conyngnam, John N. . . .	Judge and author	II	29
1795							
Cadwalader, Thomas . .	Soldier—Trustee	I	310	1818			
None graduated							
1797							
Biddle, William S. . . .	Lawyer	II	20	Mason, James M.	Pres. U. S. Senate	II	30
1798							
None graduated							
1799							
Biddle, Nicholas	Lawyer—Trustee	I	312	1819			
1800							
Kuhn, Hartman	Mcht.—Trustee	II	20	Gilpin, Henry D.	Atty.-Gen. U. S.	II	128
1801							
None graduated							
1802							
Cox, John	U. S. Consul, London . . .	II	21	Potts, George	Clergyman	II	30
1803							
Powell, John Hare . . .	Inspec.-Gen. U. S. A. . . .	II	21	Walker, Robert J.	Sec. Treas. U. S.	II	30
1804							
Patterson, Robert M. . .	Prof. and Trustee	I	307	1820			
1805							
Reid, Robert	Chaplain U. S. N.	II	21	Troubat, Francis J. . . .	Lawyer and author	II	33
1806							
None graduated							
1807							
Green, Jacob	Prof. Chem., etc.	II	23	1821			
Schaeffer, David F. . . .	Clergyman	II	23	Cadwalader, John	Judge and M. C.	II	33
Turner, Samuel H. . . .	Prof. Columb. Coll.	II	23	1822			
Wharton, Thomas I. . . .	Lawyer—Trustee	II	22	Reed, William B.	U. S. Min. China	II	33
1808							
Gordon, Thomas F. . . .	Historical author	II	24	1823			
Ingersoll, Edward	Lawyer and author	II	25	Cadwalader, George . . .	Soldier	II	141
1809							
None graduated							
1810							
Bache, Franklin	Surgeon and author	II	24	Smith, Persifer F.	Lawyer	II	34
Leslie, Charles R.	Artist	II	25	Wharton, George Mifflin	Lawyer—Trustee	II	35
1811							
Biddle, Richard	Lawyer and M. C.	II	25	1824			
Duffield, George	Regent Univ. Mich.	II	135	Janeway, George J. . . .	Physician	II	34
1812							
None graduated							
1825							
Borie, Adolph E.							
Reed, Henry H.							
1826							
Ashhurst, John							
Carson, Joseph							
Davidson, Robert B. . . .							
1827							
Norris, George W.							
Schaeffer, Charles F. . . .							
1828							
Miller, Edward							
Sharswood, George							
Smith, Thomas L.							
1829							
Booth, James C.							
1830							
Frazer, John F.							
Fry, Joseph R.							
Wylie, Theophilus A. . . .							
1831							
Dale, James W.							
Faires, John W.							
1832							
Duffield, Thomas W. . . .							
Emlen, George							
Hollingworth, Jehu							
Hopkinson, Oliver							

Class of 1832		VOL.	PAGE	Class of 1849		VOL.	PAGE
Longstreth, Henry . . .	Publisher	II	42	Magee, Christopher . . .	Lawyer and Judge . . .	II	71
Schaeffer, Charles W. . .	Trustee	I	338	McFadden, William H. . .	Gas Engineer	II	72
Stille, Alfred	Phys. and Prof.	I	332	Richards, Benjamin W. . .	Mcht. and Soldier	II	73
1833							
Gibson, Charles B.	Surg.-Gen. Va.	II	42	1850			
Gilpin, William	Gov. Colorado	II	43	Arundel, George W.	Lawyer	II	100
1834							
Brewster, Benjamin H. . . .	Atty.-Gen. U. S.	II	45	Dunton, William R.	Physician	II	213
Hare, J. I. C.	Prof. and Trustee	II	337	Packard, John H.	Surgeon	II	353
1835							
Clymer, Meredith	Phys. and author	II	43	Penrose, Clement B. . . .	Lawyer	II	78
Meigs, Montgomery C.	Soldier and engineer . . .	II	44	1851			
1836							
Bronson, William W.	Clergyman	II	46	Hodge, J. Aspinwall	Clergyman	II	101
Newton, Richard	Clergyman — Trustee . . .	I	349	1852			
Reese, John J.	Phys. and Prof.	I	344	Dunglison, Richard J. . . .	Phys. and author	II	100
Wylie, T. W. J.	Clergyman and author . . .	II	46	Elwyn, Alfred L.	Clergyman	II	102
1837							
Smith, Francis G., Jr.	Phys. and Prof.	I	340	Hutchinson, Charles H. . . .	Founder Ph. K. S.	II	115
1838							
Breck, James L.	Educator	II	472	Lee, Benjamin	Phys. and author	II	88
Lesley, J. Peter	Geologist	I	360	Mitchell, S. B. W.	Founder Loyal Legion . . .	II	85
Potts, Howard N.	Lawyer	II	50	Ripka, Andrew A.	Manufacturer	II	79
Wharton, Francis	Lawyer and clergyman . . .	II	51	Rosengarten, Joseph G. . . .	Lawyer — Trustee	II	298
1839							
Montgomery, Henry E.	Clergyman	II	53	1853			
1840							
DeLancey, Edward F.	Lawyer and author	II	55	Haseltine, William S.	Artist	II	103
Harwood, Edwin	Clergyman	II	54	Petter, Edward T.	Architect	II	77
Thayer, M. Russell	Judge and M. C.	II	53	Rogers, Fairman	Prof. and Trustee	I	354
1841							
Brewster, F. Carroll	Lawyer and author	II	55	1854			
Rawle, William H.	Lawyer and author	II	57	McClellan, Carswell	Civil Engineer	II	106
1842							
Bruen, Edward B.	Clergyman	II	58	McClellan, Ely	Physician	II	102
1843							
Finletter, Thomas K.	Lawyer and Judge	II	58	Morton, Thomas G.	Surgeon and author	II	354
Harvey, Alexander E.	Lawyer	II	67	1855			
Ludlow, James R.	Lawyer and Judge	II	89	Da Costa, Charles M.	Trustee Columb. Coll. . .	II	105
1844							
Gest, John B.	Lawyer — Trustee	I	407	Dickson, Samuel	Lawyer — Trustee	I	384
Kendig, Daniel	Chaplain U. S. A.	II	61	Gratz, Simon	Lawyer	II	104
Lewis, Francis W.	Physician	II	60	Hodge, H. Lenox	Physician	II	106
McClellan, George B.	Soldier	II	62	Laird, Samuel	Clergyman	II	107
Parrish, Joseph	Phys. and author	II	60	Mitchell, E. Coppée	Lawyer and Prof.	I	363
1845							
Keyser, Charles S.	Lawyer and Historian . . .	II	65	1856			
Rudderow, Joel	Clergyman	II	66	Biddle, Cadwalader	Lawyer	I	340
Wetherill, Charles M.	Chemist and Prof.	I	462	Egbert, H. Clay	Soldier	II	109
1846							
Bache, T. Hewson	Surgeon	II	67	Hackley, Charles E.	Surgeon	II	118
Harding, George	Lawyer	II	170	Phillips, Henry, Jr.	Numismatist	II	336
Myers, Leonard	Lawyer and M. C.	II	67	Sharswood, William	Chemist and author	II	241
Platt, Charles	Pres. Ins. Co. N. A.	II	71	1857			
Randall, Samuel J.	Statesman	II	90	Ashhurst, John, Jr.	Surgeon and Prof.	I	373
Tyrg, Alexander G.	Merchant	II	499	Bird, Frederick M.	Clergyman	II	473
1847							
Hewson, Addinell	Surgeon	II	68	DuPont, Henry A.	Soldier	II	477
Parke, John G.	Soldier	II	90	Morton, Henry	Pres. Stevens Inst.	I	348
Vezin, Hermann	Actor	II	69	Norris, William F.	Ophthalmologist	I	476
1848							
Goodfellow, Edward	U. S. Coast Survey	II	70	Pepper, William P.	Pres. Penna. Museum . . .	II	111
Jackson, Francis A.	Educator	I	342	1858			
Mitchell, S. Wier	Phys. and author	I	307	Bispham, George T.	Lawyer and Prof.	I	300
1849							
1859							
1860							
1861							
1862							
1863							
1864							
1865							
1866							
1867							
1868							
1869							
1870							
1871							
1872							
1873							
1874							
1875							
1876							
1877							
1878							
1879							
1880							
1881							
1882							
1883							
1884							
1885							
1886							
1887							
1888							
1889							
1890							
1891							
1892							
1893							
1894							
1895							
1896							
1897							
1898							
1899							
1900							
1901							
1902							
1903							
1904							
1905							
1906							
1907							
1908							
1909							
1910							
1911							
1912							
1913							
1914							
1915							
1916							
1917							
1918							
1919							
1920							
1921							
1922							
1923							
1924							
1925							
1926							
1927							
1928							
1929							
1930							
1931							
1932							
1933							
1934							
1935							
1936							
1937							
1938							
1939							
1940							
1941							
1942							
1943							
1944							
1945							
1946							
1947							
1948							
1949							
1950							
1951							
1952							
1953							
1954							
1955							
1956							
1957							
1958							
1959							
1960							
1961							
1962							
1963							
1964							
1965							
1966							
1967							
1968							
1969							
1970							
1971							
1972							
1973							
1974							
1975							
1976							
1977							
1978							
1979							
1980							
1981							
1982							
1983							
1984							
1985							
1986							
1987							
1988							
1989							
1990							
1991							
1992							
1993							
1994							
1995							
1996							
1997							
1998							
1999							
2000							
2001							
2002							
2003							
2004							
2005							
2006							
2007							
2008							
2009							
2010							
2011							
2012							
2013							
2014							
2015							
2016							
2017							
2018							
2019							
2020							
2021							
2022							
2023							
2024							
2025							

Class of 1860		VOL.	PAGE	Class of 1872		VOL.	PAGE
Patterson, C. Stuart	Lawyer and Prof.	I	418	Dale, Richard C.	Lawyer	II	221
Willson, David B.	Phys. and clergyman	II	195	Duffield, Charles W.	Clergyman	II	423
Wister, Francis	Merchant	II	84	Field, Robert P.	Engineer	II	134
1861				Gilpin, Hood	Lawyer	II	127
Bissell, Frederick M.	Auditor	II	114	Houston, Wm. C., Jr.	Banker	II	261
Coxe, Franklin	Banker	II	347	Houston, Wm. Perot	Banker	II	285
Keen, Gregory B.	Historiographer	I	405	Madeira, Louis C., Jr.	Business man	II	294
Paul, Frank W.	Lawyer	II	133	1873			
Rawle, James	Civil Engineer	II	227	Bell, Edward J.		II	127
Schaeffer, Charles A.	Educator	II	356	Bodine, Samuel T.	Business man	II	122
Wagner, Samuel, Jr.	Lawyer	II	197	Cabeen, Francis Von A.	Business man	II	223
1862				Carr, William W.	Lawyer	II	236
Burk, Jesse V.	Clergyman	I	385	Esler, Frederick B.	Lawyer	II	131
Cadwalader, John	Lawyer	II	117	Morgan, Randal	Lawyer — Trustee	I	445
Colket, George H.	Business man	II	247	Neff, Joseph S.	Physician	II	140
Frazer, Persifor	Chemist and Prof.	I	358	Smith, Walter G.	Lawyer — Trustee	I	423
Harrison, Charles C.	Provost	I	266	Smith, William R.	Lawyer	II	427
McElroy, John G. R.	Educator	II	166	Wharton, Henry R.	Physician	I	380
Pepper, William	Provost	I	264	1874			
Robinson, Beverley	Physician	II	250	Constable, Howard	Architect	II	291
1863				Cunningham, Francis A.	Lawyer	II	145
Rawle, Wm. Brooke	Lawyer and author	II	201	Fisher, S. Wilson	Lawyer	II	301
Santee, E. Irving	Physician	II	183	Junkin, Jos. DeForest	Lawyer	II	223
1864				Maher, John F.	Lawyer	II	200
Faires, William J.	R. R. Business	II	264	Snare, Jacob, Jr.	Lawyer	II	381
1865				1875			
Borie, Beauveau	Banker	II	378	Faires, Benjamin M.	Banker	II	143
Dubring, Louis A.	Phys. and Prof.	I	370	Gilpin, Bernard	Lawyer	II	133
Hodge, G. Woolsey	Clergyman	II	181	Hollis, William H.	Business man	II	135
Reed, Henry	Lawyer and Judge	I	318	Morris, Caspar	Physician	II	242
Sims, John C.	Lawyer — Trustee	I	396	Morris, Effingham B.	Lawyer — Trustee	II	143
Thompson, Robert E.	Educator	I	356	Pancoast, Charles E.	Lawyer	II	435
Towne, Henry R.	Manufacturer	II	131	Webster, George S.	Civil Engineer	II	250
Watts, Ethelbert	U. S. Consular Service	II	210	1876			
Wharton, William F.	Banker and Broker	II	198	Hewson, Addinell, Jr.	Physician	II	148
1866				Keith, Sidney W.	Banker	II	425
Barker, Wharton	Banker — Trustee	I	381	Landreth, Lucius S.	Lawyer	II	230
Bayard, James	Merchant	II	214	Newell, William F.	Engineer	II	401
1867				Patterson, William H.	Merchant	II	396
Brewster, F. Carroll, Jr.	Lawyer	II	220	Pearce, Alfred	Merchant	II	426
Lamberton, William A.	Educator	I	408	Peirce, Harold	Insurance	II	252
Porter, William G.	Physician	II	204	Rennert, Hugo A.	Educator	I	394
1868				Salom, Pedro G.	Chemist	II	398
M'Adam, William R., Jr.	Lawyer	II	173	Townsend, David		II	433
Spencer, Charles H.	Merchant	II	228	1877			
Wharton, W. Moore	Insurance	II	226	Bond, James	Manufacturer	II	140
Ziegler, Charles F.	Lawyer	II	186	Cox, Walter	Manufacturer	II	400
1869				French, Henry B.	Merchant	II	130
Adams, Robert, Jr.	Lawyer	II	207	Geyelin, H. Laussat	Lawyer	II	320
Burnett, William H.	Lawyer	II	139	Griffith, John P. C.	Physician	I	421
Krauth, Charles P.	Iron Mfg.	II	319	O'Neill, James W.	Physician	II	388
1870				Roberts, Edward, 3d	Lawyer	II	92
Brewster, Francis E.	Lawyer	II	190	Sellers, Horace W.	Architect	II	91
Campbell, John M.	Lawyer	II	144	Williamson, Charles S.	Mech. Engineer	II	365
Harrison, Theodore L.	Business man	II	124	1878			
Ward, Henry G.	Lawyer	II	423	Bartow, Henry B.	Banker	II	357
1871				Hatfield, Henry R.	Lawyer	II	357
Carson, Hampton L.	Lawyer and Prof.	I	428	Heaton, R. Augustus	Business man	II	284
Faires, Theodore W.	Manufacturer	II	298	Johnson, William N.	Physician	II	123
Lex, Charles E.	Lawyer	II	229	Rowland, William L.	Chemist	II	92
Lewis, Morris J.	Phys. — Trustee	I	438	Smyth, Isaac S., Jr.	Merchant	II	366
Murphey, William R.		II	382	1879			
1872				Boulton, William B.	Shipping Mcht.	II	337
Biddle, William P.	U. S. Marine Service	II	392	Dick, Evans R.	Banker	II	151
Browning, G. Genge	Merchant	II	382	Fullerton, George S.	Prof. Philosophy	I	387

Class of 1879

	VOL.	PAGE
Hance, Anthony M. Mfg. chemist	II	369
Jayne, Henry L. Lawyer	II	368
Jayne, Horace Phys. and Prof.	I	392
McCall, George Mech. Engineer	II	348
Nevin, Charles W. Clergyman	II	466
Nevin, William L. Lawyer	II	223
Newbold, Arthur E. Banker	II	384

1880

Adamson, Charles Lawyer	II	149
Hering, Carl Elec. Engineer	II	327
Packard, Charles S. W. Insurance	II	308
Peltz, Samuel Lawyer	II	328
Savage, George R. Clergyman	II	94
Schively, Edwin F. Lawyer	II	271

1881

Bailey, J. Trowbridge Min. Engineer	II	238
Bradford, John M. Physician	II	163
Clark, Joseph S. Lawyer	II	263
Coyle, Robert M. Insurance	II	153
Fox, William H. Lawyer	II	153
Hart, Theodore H., Jr. Physician	II	155
Jastrow, Morris Educator	I	394
Mallet-Prevost, Severo Lawyer	II	349
Milne, David Manufacturer	II	330
Neilson, Lewis R. R. business	II	332
Price, Eli K. Lawyer	II	95
Schelling, Felix E. Educator	I	422
Thomas, N. Wiley Chemist	II	266
Walden, Lienau Merchant	II	389

1882

Allyn, Herman B. Physician	II	126
Birney, David B. Physician	II	256
Crawley, Edwin S. Educator	I	412
Da Costa, J. Chalmers Physician and Prof.	II	172
Deacon, Howard Civil Engineer	II	316
Feustman, Leon P. Min. Engineer	II	295
Finletter, Thomas D. Lawyer	II	269
Hirst, Barton C. Physician	I	473
Hutchinson, Sydney P. Civil Engineer	II	154
Lancaster, J. Campbell Lawyer	II	158
Packard, Frederick A. Phys. — Trustee	II	405
Remak, Gustavus Lawyer	II	339
Westcott, Thompson S.	II	93
Wylie, Samuel B. Educator	II	317

1883

Audenried, Charles V. Lawyer	II	155
Beasley, Charles O. Lawyer	II	370
Cheyney, Edward P. Educator	I	415
Leopold, Isaac Physician	II	260
Schlegelmilch, George E. Lawyer	II	208

1884

Adams, John S. Lawyer	II	253
Croasdale, John P. Lawyer	II	176
Davis, Charles N. Physician	II	282
Ferice, Barr Architect	I	464
Lambader, Frank Educator	II	286
Merrick, J. Vaughan, Jr. Educator	II	272
Posey, Louis P. Physician	II	296
Smith, Lewis L. Lawyer	II	273
Steele, James D. Clergyman	II	300
Townsend, John B. Business man	II	320

1885

Brockie, William Insurance	II	252
Carlile, William W. Lawyer	II	270
Durham, John S. Lawyer	II	320

Class of 1885

	VOL.	PAGE
Falkner, Roland P. Statistician	I	419
Faires, Randolph Physician	I	470
Farr, William W. Physician	II	161
Jones, James C. Lawyer	II	163
Myers, George de B. Lawyer	II	329
Welsh, Samuel, 3d Banker	II	273

1886

Harlan, Joseph M. Business man	II	273
Hartranft, Linn	II	162
Horwitz, George Q. Lawyer	II	98
Posey, Wm. Campbell Physician	II	305
Rommel, J. Martin Lawyer	II	319
Sellers, Edwin J. Lawyer	II	276

1887

Adams, Henry C. Mech. Engineer	II	257
Ashhurst, John, 3d Librarian	II	160
Boyer, Walter N. Business man	II	386
Cowperthwait, Charles T. Insurance	II	159
Frankel, Lee K. Chemist	I	449
Houston, Samuel F. Business man — Trustee	I	443
Hovey, J. Julius Manufacturer	II	343
Latta, Thomas L. Contractor	II	254
Newbold, William R. Educator	I	435
Pepper, George W. Lawyer and Prof.	I	428
Seyfert, Henry H. Manufacturer	II	402
Smaltz, Henry N. Lawyer	II	343
Townsend, Charles C. Lawyer	I	439

1888

Bowker, George C. Lawyer	II	194
Glendinning, Robert E. Banker	II	226
Hatch, John L.	II	280
Loucheim, Samuel K. Lawyer	II	282
McBride, Thomas C. Manufacturer	II	394
Ross, George G. Mech. Engineer	II	285
Siter, Elijah H. Physician	II	334
Whiting, Albert D.	II	344
Wiedersheim, Wm. C. Patent Solicitor	II	283
Witmer, Lightner Educator	I	426
Wood, Charles S. Lawyer	II	420
Zweighaft, Bernard Physician	II	397

1889

Bache, Franklin Min. Engineer	II	370
Forbes, William Innes Banker	II	260
Girvin, John H.	II	164
Guggenheim, William Business man	II	196
Hibbs, Shelton A. Manufacturer	II	217
Hill, Robert C. Business man	II	346
Justi, Henry M. Manufacturer	II	345
Mellor, Howard Physician	II	306
Morrow, Arthur R. II.	II	296
Oberholtzer, Ellis P. Journalist	II	371
Taylor, Edmund C. Business man	II	314
Thomson, Archibald G. Physician	II	318
Van Dusen, Washington Business man	II	346
Woodruff, Clinton R. Lawyer	II	289

1890

Bullock, David J. Zoologist	II	255
Conlston, Joseph W., Jr. Lawyer	II	184
Ferguson, Joseph C., Jr. Optician	II	188
Garitee, Clarence J. Physician	II	266
Irwin, J. Clark Civil Engineer	II	418
Lathbury, Benjamin B. Manufacturer	II	403
McGeorge, Arthur Business man	II	406
Merrick, J. Hartley Asst Sec B'd of Trustees	I	472
Ogden, Hugh W. Lawyer	II	295
Patterson, G. Stuart Lawyer and Prof	I	427

Class of 1890		VOL.	PAGE	Class of 1893		VOL.	PAGE
Penniman, Josiah H.	Educator	I	422	MacLeod, Norman	Banker	II	415
Rosengarten, G. D., Jr.	Chemist	II	373	McFadden, George	Merchant	II	419
Rowe, Leo S.	Educator	I	425	Oberholtzer, Vickers	Chemist	II	424
1891				1894			
Brewster, Benj. H., Jr.	Manufacturer	II	202	Belmont, Leo		II	417
Dickson, Erskine H.	Lawyer	II	348	Bullock, J. Maxwell		II	421
Howard, Philip E.	Publisher	II	176	Hackenburg, John H.	Clergyman	II	286
McAdoo, William, Jr.	Business man	II	312	Kindleberger, E. Crosby	Lawyer	II	215
Pinkerton, William W.	Mech. Engineer	II	348	Medary, Milton B., Jr.		II	380
Shumway, Edward A.	Physician	II	413	Robb, Thomas, Jr.	Lawyer	II	349
Thomas, Joseph B.	Lawyer	II	359	Weil, Harrison B.	Lawyer	II	434
Weygandt, Cornelius	Educator	I	417	1895			
1892				Bloom, Edgar S.	Engineer	II	276
Clampffer, William L.	Business man	II	328	Brooke, George H.	Lawyer	II	435
Elcock, John J.	Lawyer	II	412	Roberts, Owen J.	Lawyer	II	331
Ferguson, William A.	Clergyman	II	218	Warden, Nelson B.		II	408
Gable, Vivian Frank	Lawyer	II	209	Warren, Walter B.	Business man	II	411
Harshberger, John W.	Botanist	I	478	1896			
Jamison, William S.	Banker	II	181	Hill, I. Edgar	Architect	II	435
Kelley, Albert B.	Lawyer	II	385	Sichel, C. Clarence		II	436
McElroy, Clayton	Business man	II	361	1897			
Wheeler, S. Bowman	Mech. Engineer	II	385	McKeehan, Charles L.	Lawyer	II	358
1893				1898			
Anderson, William Y. C.	Lawyer	II	352	Atkin, J. F. B.		II	99
Bissell, E. Perot	Architect	II	210	Langstroth, James H.	Lawyer	II	305
Brown, Henry H.	Physician	II	338	1899			
Brumbaugh, Martin G.	Educator	I	429	Donaldson, Thomas Blaine		II	365
Crowther, William M.	Lawyer	II	397	Gilpin, Charles, 3d		II	309
Dooner, Edward J.		II	248	Jack, Charles S.	Builder and Contractor	II	422
Harrison, George L., Jr.	Treasurer	I	445	Mingle, Harry B.	Business man	II	420
Heraty, Philip F.	Business man	II	437	1900			
Horne, John G.		II	393	Corbin, Elbert A., Jr.	Insurance	II	239
Hulburd, D. Wendell	Lawyer	II	221				
Kendrick, Murdoch	Lawyer	II	177				

BIOGRAPHICAL INDEX

BIOGRAPHICAL INDEX

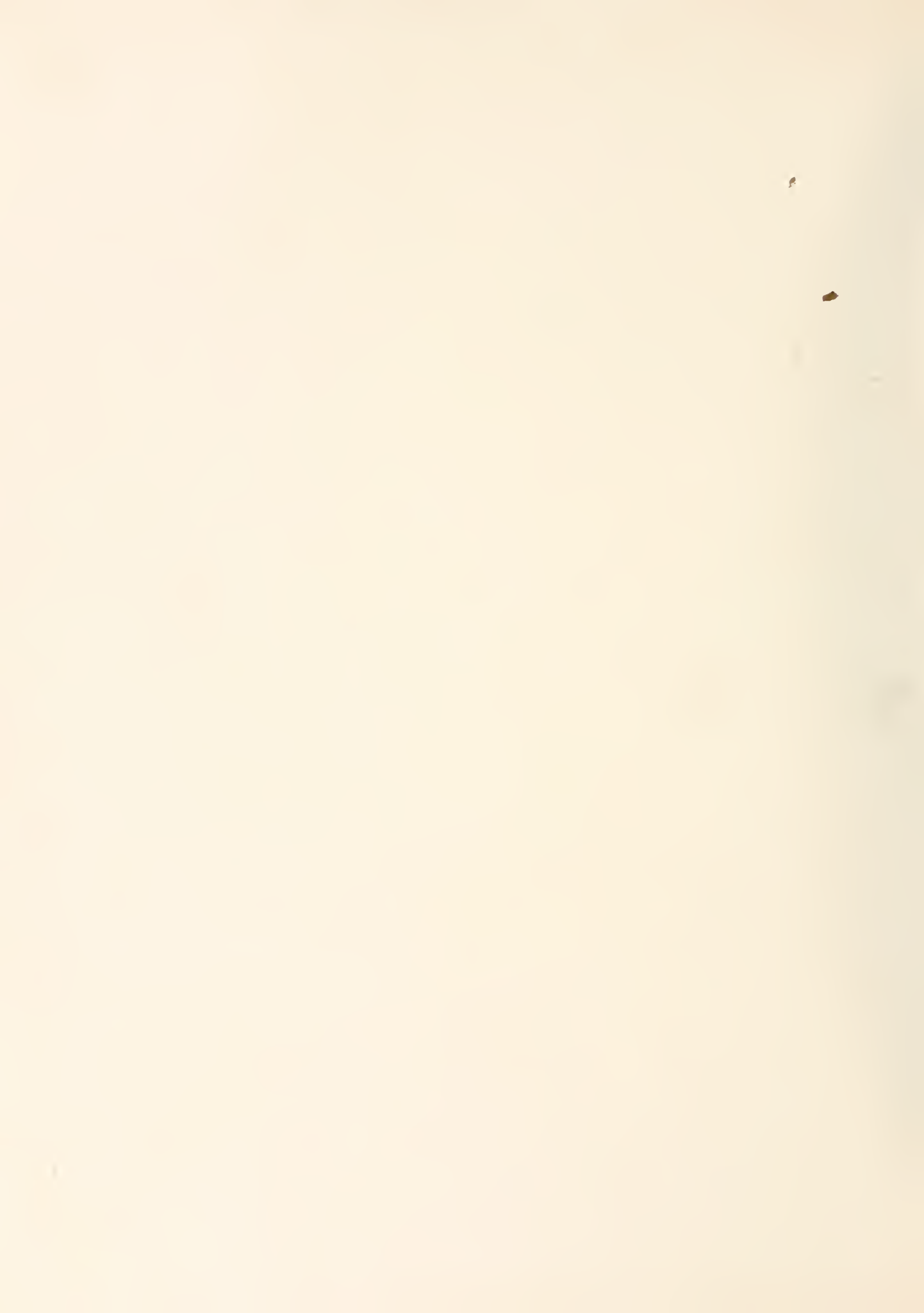
	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
Ablott, Edwin M.	177	Biddle, William P.	392	Bullock, J. Maxwell	421
Abercrombie, James	10	Biddle, William S.	20	Burnett, Wm. H.	139
Adams, Henry C.	257	Billings, J. S., Jr.	174	Burns, Samuel W.	167
Adams, John S.	253	Bingham, William	8	Burr, Charles H., Jr.	360
Adams, Robert, Jr.	207	Bird, Frederick M.	473	Burtenshaw, James H.	412
Adamson, Charles	149	Birney, David B.	256	Busey, Samuel C.	474
Allen, Andrew	4	Bissell, E. Perot	210	Butz, A. S.	307
Allen, J. G.	79	Bissell, F. M.	111	Cabeen, F. Von A.	223
Allen, L. M.	334	Blackwell, L. S.	303	Cadwalader, George	141
Allyu, Herman B.	126	Blair, Samuel C.	360	Cadwalader, John	33
Anders, Howard S.	292	Bloom, Edgar S.	276	Cadwalader, John	117
Anders, J. Wesley	402	Bloom, Homer C.	190	Cadwalader, Lambert	8
Anderson, James B.	192	Bodine, Samuel T.	122	Campbell, John M.	144
Anderson, William Y. C.	352	Boller, Alfred P.	82	Campbell, O. C.	419
Anspach, Brooke M.	379	Bond, James	140	Carlile, John D.	237
Archer, John	9	Booth, James C.	37	Carlile, William W.	270
Arnold, Arthur S.	167	Borie, Beauveau	378	Carpenter, John T.	277
Arundel, Geo. W.	100	Boulton, William B.	337	Carpenter, Louis H.	246
Ashhurst, John, 3d	160	Bowker, George C.	194	Carr, William A.	380
Atkin, J. F. B.	99	Bowman, Carl M.	472	Carr, Wm. W.	236
Audenried, Chas. Y.	155	Boyd, G. M.	157	Carson, John	18
Augé, Truman	178	Boyer, Walter N.	386	Carter, Colin S.	233
Bache, Benjamin F.	14	Boylan, Thomas	311	Cassel, John R.	258
Bache, Benjamin F.	438	Bozman, John L.	11	Casselberry, C. M.	183
Bache, Franklin	24	Bracken, Francis B.	375	Cattell, Henry W.	258
Bache, Franklin	370	Bradford, John M.	163	Chambers, Francis T.	205
Bache, T. Hewson	67	Breck, James L.	472	Channing, Walter	441
Bailey, J. Trowbridge	238	Brewster, Benjamin H.	45	Channing, William F.	50
Baker, Washington H.	228	Brewster, Benjamin Harris, Jr.	202	Chapman, Francis	373
Barnhill, Edwin N.	411	Brewster, Francis E.	190	Chapman, S. Spencer	163
Bartow, Henry B.	357	Brewster, F. Carroll	55	Chase, Charles A.	238
Barwis, Elmer	239	Brewster, Frederick Carroll, Jr.	220	Chilton, Harris J.	160
Bauer, Louis G.	125	Brinkman, Leon	331	Christine, Charles A.	109
Baum, Charles	142	Brinton, J. H.	364	Clampffer, Wm. L.	328
Bayard, James	214	Brockie, William	252	Clark, James E.	189
Beasley, Charles O.	370	Bronson, William W.	40	Clark, Joseph S.	203
Beates, Henry, Jr.	122	Brooke, George H.	435	Clark, Leonardo S.	421
Bedford, J. Claude	344	Brooks, T. Fernley	281	Clarke, Edward H.	441
Bell, Edward J.	127	Brown, Henry H.	338	Clarkson, William	11
Bell, John Cromwell	156	Brown, Jacob	17	Cleborne, C. J.	86
Belmont, Leo	117	Browne, Wm. Hardeastle	120	Cleemann, Richard A.	303
Benner, H. D.	311	Browning, G. Genge	382	Cleemann, Ludovic C.	81
Benson, R. Dale	116	Bruen, Edward E.	58	Clemens, James B.	408
Bernardy, Eugene P.	224	Brunner, Frank A.	333	Clymer, Meredith	43
Betts, Thos.	245	Bryant, Henry G.	437	Colket, Geo. H.	247
Biddle, Richard	25	Budd, Henry T., Jr.	413	Constable, Howard	291
		Bullock, David Jayne	255		

	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
Conyngham, John N.	29	Duffield, Thomas W., Jr.	39	Gilpin, Hood	127
Coombe, Thomas	7	Dunglison, Richard J.	100	Gilpin, William	43
Corbin, Elbert A., Jr.	289	Dunton, William Rush	213	Girvin, Edwin R.	301
Coulston, J. Warren, Jr.	184	Dupont, Henry A.	477	Girvin, John H.	164
Cowperthwait, Charles T.	159	Durham, John S.	326	Glendinning, Robert E.	226
Cox, John	21	Egbert, Henry C.	109	Goldsbrough, Charles	13
Cox, Walter	400	Egbert, Seneca	445	Goldsmith, Charles	378
Coxe, Franklin	347	Egle, William H.	476	Goodfellow, Edward	70
Coxe, Henry B., Jr.	446	Elcock, John J.	412	Gordon, Thomas F.	24
Coxe, John D.	10	Elder, Francis H.	215	Gratz, Simon	104
Coyle, Robert M.	153	Elmer, Henry W.	442	Grayson, Charles P.	150
Craig, Alexander R.	387	Elwyn, Alfred Langdon	102	Grayson, William	120
Craythorn, Charles J.	443	Ely, Thomas C.	165	Green, Jacob	23
Cresson, Caleb	167	Embery, William	310	Greenwald, Joseph L.	244
Croasdale, Jno. P.	176	Endress, Christian	18	Griffitts, Samuel P.	11
Crowell, Elisha	102	Engles, William M.	28	Guggenheim, William	196
Crowther, William M.	397	English, Thos. Dunn	51	Gummey, Thos. A.	113
Cunningham, Francis A.	145	Enoch, Hiram D.	254	Gunther, Geo. P. A.	249
Curtin, Roland G.	211	Eschelman, Simon	448	Hackenberg, J. H.	286
Curtis, Edward	439	Esler, Frederic B.	131	Hackley, Charles E.	118
Curtis, G. Lenox	262	Evans, Horace Y.	84	Hale, Charles R.	475
Cutter, Ephraim	444	Evans, J. Howard	254	Hammett, Fred W.	493
Curwen, John	64	Evans, Nathaniel	7	Hance, Anthony M.	369
Da Costa, Charles M.	105	Evans, William	161	Hanna, Wm. B.	108
Da Costa, J. Chalmers	172	Faires, Benj. M.	143	Hannis, William C.	275
Dale, James W.	151	Faires, J. W.	39	Harding, George	470
Dale, Richard C.	221	Faires, Theo. W.	298	Harlan, Joseph M.	273
Dalzell, William S.	460	Faires, Wm. J.	264	Harrison, Theodore L.	124
Daniels, Maurice V.	425	Fairfax, John C.	477	Hart, Chas. H.	168
Darrach, Henry	147	Farr, William W.	161	Hart, Theodore H., Jr.	155
Darrach, William	31	Fell, Edward R.	118	Harte, Richard H.	145
Darrah, P. W.	300	Felt, Carl L.	380	Hartmann, J. Fred'k.	338
Davidson, Robert B.	36	Ferguson, Jos. C., Jr.	188	Hartranft, Linn	162
Davis, Chas. N.	282	Ferguson, Wm. A.	218	Harvey, Alex. E.	67
Davis, John	141	Ferris, Francis S.	409	Harwood, Edwin	54
Deacon, Howard	316	Fetterolf, D. Wendell	243	Haseltine, Chas. F.	110
Deal, Lemuel J.	225	Feustman, Leon P.	295	Haseltine, Wm. S.	103
Deaver, Harry C.	291	Field, Robert P.	134	Hatch, John L.	280
DeBeust, Robt. Hare	226	Finletter, Thomas D.	269	Hatfield, Henry R.	357
DeButts, Elisha	22	Finletter, Thos. K.	58	Haupt, J. A. J.	390
Delabarre, Frank A.	288	Fisher, S. Wilson	301	Hawes, Earl P.	159
DeLancey, Edward F.	55	Forbes, Wm. Innes	260	Hayes, Charles H.	288
Denslow, W. B.	212	Fox, William H.	153	Hays, George L.	444
Depue, Arthur W.	378	Frazier, William W., Jr.	81	Hayward, George	440
Dewey, Archibald R.	274	Freeman, Parker R.	392	Heaton, R. Augustus	284
De Young, Bertram I.	427	French, Harry B.	130	Heilner, S. A.	152
Dick, Elisha C.	12	Fry, Joseph R.	38	Heisler, John C.	170
Dick, Evans R.	151	Furth, Emanuel	120	Hepburn, Henry F.	187
Dickey, Ebenezer	18	Gable, Vivian Frank	209	Heraty, Philip F.	437
Dickinson, Philemon	112	Garitee, Clarence J.	206	Hering, Carl	327
Dickson, Erskine H.	348	Gerlach, Richard F.	381	Hewson, Addinell	68
Dickson, Samuel H.	121	Gessler, Charles W.	234	Hewson, Addinell	148
Dixon, Samuel G.	278	Geyelin, H. Laussat	320	Hibbs, Shelton A.	217
Donaldson, Thomas B.	305	Gibb, Joseph S.	264	Hickman, Napoleon	256
Dooner, Edward J.	248	Gibble, Elmer E.	367	Higgins, Charles W.	381
Dorland, W. A. Newman	157	Gibby, Herbert B.	447	Hill, I. Edgar	435
Draper, John W.	47	Gibson, Charles B.	42	Hill, Robert C.	346
Drown, Thomas M.	458	Gilfillan, Joseph	355	Hill, Whitmel	144
Duane, Russell	457	Gilpin, Bernard	133	Hillegrass, Jacob B.	473
Duer, Edward L.	248	Gilpin, Charles, 3d	309	Hinkle, A. G. B.	109
Duffield, Charles W.	423	Gilpin, Henry D.	128	Hinkle, Franklin	456
Duffield, George	15			Hobart, John H.	19
Duffield, George	135			Hodge, Edward B.	113

	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
Hodge, G. Woolsey	181	Lancaster, J. Campbell	158	McElroy, Clayton	361
Hodge, H. Lenox	106	Lancaster, Thos.	213	McElroy, Jno. G. R.	166
Hodge, J. Aspinwall	101	Landreth, Lucius S.	230	McFadden, George	419
Hoffman, Joseph	232	Lang, James T.	208	McFadden, Wm. H.	72
Hollingsworth, Jehu	40	Langstroth, James H.	305	McGalliard, Benjamin W.	472
Hollis, Wm. H.	135	Lardner, Richard Penn	27	McGeorge, Arthur	406
Hollopeter, Wm. C.	376	Lathbury, Benj. B.	403	McKean, J. A.	171
Hope, Matthew B.	454	Latimer, Henry	10	McKean, Joseph B.	12
Hopkinson, Joseph	14	Latta, James	1	McKear, Thomas, Jr.	367
Hopkinson, Oliver	41	Latta, Thomas L.	254	McKee, James H.	377
Horner, John G.	393	Latta, William	20	McKeehan, Charles L.	358
Horwitz, George Quintard	98	Layton, Caleb R.	475	McKelway, Geo. I.	372
Houston, William C.	261	Lautenbach, Louis J.	267	McKennon, Thos. M. T.	234
Hovey, J. Julius	343	Leaman, W. G.	172	Mease, James	15
Howard, Philip E.	176	Leard, John S. H.	185	Mecutchen, Peirce	411
Howe, George A.	452	Lee, Benjamin	88	Medary, Milton B., Jr.	380
Hoyt, Henry M.	453	Leonard, Alfred D.	383	Meigs, M. C.	44
Hucy, Samuel B.	119	Leopold, Isaac	269	Mellor, Howard	306
Hulburd, D. Wendell	221	Leslie, Charles R.	25	Merrick, J. Vaughan, Jr.	272
Hunt, Isaac	124	Levan, J. R.	165	Messemer, Wm. S.	374
Husband, George L.	429	Lewis, Francis W.	60	Metzger, Percy B.	315
Huston, Wm. Perot	285	Lex, Charles E.	229	Miller, Albert E.	219
Hutchinson, Charles Hare	115	Littig, M. D.	287	Miller, Edward	37
Hutchinson, Pemberton S.	88	Little, Henry A.	404	Miller, Niles M.	334
Hutchinson, Sydney P.	154	Livingood, Louis E.	449	Miller, Samuel	16
Ingersoll, Edward	25	Lochman, George	16	Milne, David	330
Irwin, J. Clark	448	Long, Daniel G.	450	Miner, Charles H.	457
Izard, George	19	Longstreth, Henry	42	Miner, Sidney R.	454
Jack, Charles S.	422	Losch, Henry	81	Mingle, Harry B.	420
Jamison, Wm. S.	181	Lott, Wm. C.	257	Mish, George F.	459
Janeway, George J.	34	Louchheim, Sam'l K.	282	Mitchell, Samuel B. W.	85
Jayne, Henry LaB.	368	Loucks, Zachariah K.	451	Mitcheson, Robert S. J.	373
Jennings, Joseph M.	377	Ludlow, James R.	89	Montgomery, Charles J.	461
Johnson, Wm. N.	123	Lukens, Edward Fell	227	Montgomery, Henry E.	53
Jones, James C.	163	MacCoy, Alexander W.	297	Moore, J. Edward	390
Jones, J. Levering	175	Macfarland, Franklin H.	387	Morris, Anthony	13
Jones, Samuel	127	MacKey, Harry A.	383	Morris, Caspar	212
Jones, Woodruff	119	MacLeod, Norman	415	Morris, E. B.	143
Junkin, Joseph de F.	223	Madeira, Louis C., Jr.	294	Morris, John	116
Justi, Henry M.	315	Magee, Christopher	71	Morris, Samuel C.	3
Kamerly, E. F., Jr.	180	Magee, Joseph G.	259	Morrow, Arthur R. H.	296
Kay, Andrew T.	193	Magill, Edw. W.	302	Morton, Thomas G.	354
Keator, John F.	450	Maher, John F.	200	Moyer, I. J.	279
Keith, Sidney W.	425	Mallet-Prevost, Severo	349	Moylan, J. J.	293
Kelley, Albert B.	385	Marshall, George M.	389	Mucklè, Alexr.	76
Kelly, A. O. J.	179	Martin, J. Willis	321	Muhlenberg, John P. G.	6
Kelsey, Albert	216	Martin, William	14	Muhlenberg, William A.	27
Kendig, Daniel	61	Mason, James M.	30	Murphey, William R.	382
Kendrick, Murdoch	177	Mason, Richard S.	26	Myers, Geo. de B.	329
Keyser, Chas. S.	65	Massey, G. Betton	146	Myers, Leonard	67
Kindleberger, Charles P.	425	Massey, Henry V.	274	Neff, Joseph S.	140
Kindleberger, E. Crosby	215	Matthews, William L.	266	Neilson, John	125
Kirby, Ellwood R.	191	M'Adam, W. R., Jr.	173	Neilson, Lewis	332
Knight, Jonathan	446	McAdoo, William, Jr.	312	Nevin, Charles W.	406
Knowlton, Charles D.	219	McBride, Thomas C.	394	Nevin, William L.	223
Knox, W. F.	103	McCall, George	318	Newbold, Arthur E.	384
Koons, Ulysses S.	179	McCartee, Davie Bethune	451	Newell, William F.	401
Kranth, Charles P.	310	McClellan, Carswell	106	Newgarden, Albert	345
Kulm, Hartman	20	McClellan, Ely	102	Neukumet, Philip D.	375
Lagen, Charles A.	222	McClellan, George B.	62	Norris, Henry	325
Laird, Samuel	107	McClintock, John, Jr.	410	Oberholtzer, Ellis P.	371
Lambader, Frank	286	McCullough, John G.	241	Oberholtzer, Vickers	434
		McDevitt, Henry C.	259		

	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
O'Brien, William J.	376	Remak, Gustavus, Jr.	339	Skillern, Penn-Gaskell	174
O'Callaghan, Michael J.	336	Rex, Thomas A.	199	Slaughter, Chas. H. P.	408
Odell, Charles F.	317	Rex, Walter E.	251	Slocum, Harris A.	384
Ogden, Hugh W.	295	Rhein, Meyer L.	324	Smaltz, Henry N.	343
O'Neill, James W.	388	Richards, Benj. W.	73	Smith, Alfred Percival	339
		Ripka, Andrew A.	79	Smith, Herbert E.	394
Paca, William	5	Roach, Walter W.	345	Smith, Lewis L.	273
Packard, C. S. W.	308	Robb, Thomas, Jr.	349	Smith, Persifor F.	34
Packard, Frederick A.	405	Roberts, Edward, 3rd	92	Smith, Rolla L.	341
Packard, John H.	353	Roberts, Owen J.	331	Smith, Samuel H.	15
Page, S. Davis	465	Roberts, Walter	342	Smith, William R.	427
Palmer, Harold G.	284	Robinson, Beverley	250	Smock, Ledru P.	462
Pancoast, Charles E.	435	Robison, Henry N.	419	Smyth, Isaac S., Jr.	306
Pancoast, Henry K.	318	Robrecht, John J.	332	Snare, Jacob	381
Parke, John G.	90	Rodgers, Robert	399	Somers, Lewis S.	391
Parrish, Joseph	60	Rodney, Cæsar A.	17	Spencer, Charles H.	228
Partridge, Herbert G.	310	Roessler, George F. W.	329	Staake, William H.	136
Patterson, William H.	396	Rogers, James S.	459	Stahl, B. Franklin	351
Paul, Frank W.	133	Rogers, Richard R.	369	Starr, R. Walter	331
Pearce, Alfred	426	Rommel, J. Martin	319	Steele, James D.	399
Pearce, F. Savary	432	Rosengarten, George D.	373	Stephens, Franklin W.	239
Peirce, George	468	Rosengarten, Joseph G.	298	Stone, Robert K.	471
Peirce, Harold	252	Ross, George G.	285	Stout, Oliver	379
Peltz, Samuel	328	Rowland, W. L.	92	Stuart, John	148
Penrose, Clement B.	78	Rudderow, Benjamin J.	230	Stuber, Henry	13
Pepper, David	392	Rudderow, Joel	66	Sutton, R. Stansbury	203
Pepper, William Platt	111	Rumsey, Horace M.	395	Swift, John W.	10
Perkins, Edward L.	184	Russell, George S.	430	Swope, John A.	460
Pettit, Horace	235	Rutherford, John B.	421		
Pettit, Thomas McK.	28			Target, John D.	495
Phillips, Henry	336	Salom, Pedro G.	398	Taubel, Louis E.	329
Phillips, James R.	313	Santee, Eugene I.	183	Taylor, Edmund C.	314
Pinkerton, Wm. W.	348	Sauers, Frederick	196	Taylor, George Y.	413
Platt, Charles	71	Savage, George R.	94	Taylor, Howard S.	469
Pontius, Paul J.	374	Saxman, Nathl. H.	314	Taylor, J. Gurney	495
Porter, Wm. G.	204	Schaeffer, Charles A.	356	Taylor, J. Madison	358
Posey, Louis P.	296	Schaeffer, Charles F.	36	Taylor, Joseph T.	350
Posey, Wm. Campbell	395	Schaeffer, David F.	23	Taylor, Robert F.	416
Potter, Edward T.	77	Schanck, John S.	461	Taylor, William J.	209
Potts, Barton H.	352	Schantz, Wm. S.	96	Taylor, William L.	173
Potts, Chas. S.	397	Schively, Edwin F.	271	Thayer, M. Russell	53
Potts, George	30	Schlegelmilch, George E.	268	Thomas, Chas. Hermon	182
Potts, Howard N.	50	Schmidt, George S.	463	Thomas, Joseph B.	359
Powel, John Hare	21	Schmucker, Sam'l S.	29	Thomas, N. Wiley	266
Prendeigast, Michael T.	323	Scott, Jesse V.	416	Thomas, W. Hersey	437
Price, Eli Kirk	95	Scull, William B.	337	Thomson, Archibald G.	318
Price, Mordecai	204	Seiss, Ralph W.	96	Thomson, Edgar S.	362
Pyle, Walter L.	312	Sellers, Edwin Jaquet	276	Thornton, Albert M.	423
		Sellers, Horace W.	91	Tilghman, Tench	5
Randall, Edmund	217	Seltzer, Chas. M.	205	Tindel, Adam	190
Randall, Samuel J.	90	Seney, Joshua	11	Tompkins, Lucius D.	393
Rankin, Charles C.	315	Seyfert, Henry H.	402	Towne, Henry R.	131
Rawle, Francis W.	26	Shapley, E. Cooper	232	Townsend, David	433
Rawle, James	227	Sharp, Leedom	366	Townsend, J. Barton	326
Rawle, Wm. Brooke	201	Sharswood, William	241	Tracy, William Dwight	434
Rawle, William H.	57	Shattuck, Frank R.	335	Troubat, Francis J.	33
Read, John M.	26	Shoemaker, Levi I.	462	Tull, M. Graham	393
Read, Louis W.	467	Shoyer, Frederick J.	362	Turnbull, Charles Smith	210
Redding, Wm. A.	401	Shumway, Edward A.	413	Turner, Samuel H.	23
Reed, Boardman	191	Sichel, C. Clarence	436	Twibill, Thomas P.	97
Reed, Henry H.	35	Simonton, Thomas G.	428	Tyng, Alexander G.	469
Reed, William B.	33	Simpers, Robert N.	138		
Reichner, L. Irving	458	Simpson, Frank F.	414		
Reid, Robert	21	Siter, Elijah H.	334	Umsted, Wm. M.	397

	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
Van Dervoort, Charles A	378	Wenrich, Reuben D.	299	Wintersteen, Abram H.	494
Van Dusen, Washington	346	West, Benjamin	3	Wister, Francis	84
Van Loon, Wilson E.	364	Westcott, Thompson S.	93	Wolff, Otto	87
Vaughan, Harold S.	439	Wetherill, Henry M.	355	Wood, Alfred C.	304
Vezin, Hermann	69	Wharton, Francis	51	Wood, Charles S.	429
Wagner, Samuel	197	Wharton, George M.	35	Woodruff, Clinton Rogers	289
Walden, Lienau	389	Wharton, Thomas I.	22	Woodruff, George W.	407
Walker, James B.	247	Wharton, William F.	168	Woods, D. F.	231
Walker, Robert J.	30	Wharton, W. Moore	226	Woods, Matthew	418
Wallerstein, David	216	Wheeler, S. Bowman	385	Wray, William J.	416
Wanamaker, Alfred L.	406	White, John J.	323	Wylie, Samuel B.	317
Ward, Henry G.	423	Whiting, Albert D.	344	Wylie, Theodore W. J.	46
Warden, Nelson B.	408	Wiederseim, Wm. Caner	283	Wylie, Theophilus A.	38
Warner, Charles Dudley	111	Williams, Richard J.	80	Yarnall, Ellis H.	187
Warren, Walter B.	411	Williamson, Charles S.	365	Yarrow, Thos. J.	198
Watts, Ethelbert	210	Willson, David B.	195	Yeates, Jasper	137
Watts, Stephen	139	Wilson, Andrew W., Jr.	495	Young, James K.	206
Weatherly, David, Jr.	78	Wilson, Arthur M.	270	Zeigler, Charles F.	186
Webster, George S.	250	Wilson, Benjamin B.	75	Zweighaft, Bernard	397
Weil, Harrison B.	431	Wilson, Bird	19		
Welker, Franklin	431	Wilson, James P.	16		
Welsch, Samuel, 3rd	273	Wilson, Joseph, Jr.	49		
		Wilson, William H.	422		





University of California
SOUTHERN REGIONAL LIBRARY FACILITY
405 Hilgard Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90024-1388
Return this material to the library
from which it was borrowed.

Biomedical Library

DEC 14 1993

2 WEEK

Biomedical Library

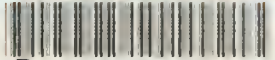
DEC 01 1993

RECEIVED

CAYLOR

PRINTED IN U.S.A.

UC SOUTHERN REGIONAL LIBRARY FACILITY



D 000 398 680 9

