

The external activities of this party in the past were not so brisk, because their real aims did not lie in the superficial party activities but in strengthening of the comrades' unity.

a. ✓ At the time of the establishment of this party, the labor union in the TOKUYAMA TEPPAN K.K. (Tokuyama Steel Plate Co., Ltd.) in Tokuyama City was controlled by the communists, so this party, in order to break out the communist influence in the union, succeeded in sending party members, FUJII Shuzo (former captain), and a secretary, SANNOHE Tetsuo, into the company (at present they are both clerks of the company) and achieved its aim after large-scale anti-communistic activities.

b. Takamori Town where this party is located is a so-called zone of Japanese Pariah and the neighboring Kuga Town is a territory of the former League of Koreans in Japan. Therefore, this district was most influenced by the communists, consequently police and town office were much troubled with them. The KYUKOKU SEINEN TO often held anti-communist lecture meetings and distributed anti-communist leaflets in order to stand against the communists.

c. In the middle of February 1949, this party pushed the recall movement against the head and town



assembly members of Takamori Town. The reason was that the head, FUJIKUNI Jitaro, was inveigled by the boss influence led by NAKAGAWA Toshio, a member of the town assembly, and his followers, only to bring the disorder of the town administration.

Although this recall movement resulted in failure in the long run, it proved to be the direct cause of disclosure of the evils of the town head and others who later had to resign voluntarily. Thus, the administration of Takamori Town which had been very famous for being a town of bosses has become very bright and clear.

d. In the occasion of the Emperor's tour to Shikoku in March of this year, the party members welcomed the Emperor at Iwakuni Station. They planned to launch a signature movement. The aim of this movement was not only to strengthen the people's understanding toward the Emperor, but also to boost the anti-communistic consciousness at the same time. However, this plan was not realized and come to nothing.

e. Present situation of Party activities:

Outline of the activities of this party up to the present is such as mentioned above. And since last year, the party has seldom conducted its activities.



This is chiefly attributed to the change of internal situation against the Communist Party, economic conditions of the party itself and the party members, pressure of the living conditions, and the facts that there is no professional party member, as each member has his own profession, and Chairman HASHIMOTO Tsuneco lives in Kudamatsu City, far apart from other party members. But as for the intercourse among the leading party members, the unity of comradeship is very stiff. Therefore, it is said that the party activities are retroceding within the party itself, and they hold meetings of the party members very often.

J. Particular Items:

1. It is reported that a man named SUGI Kenji, is pulling the wires in this party. SUGI (Lives at Yonekawa Village, Kuga County, Yamaguchi Prefecture) is the eldest son of SUGI Toshisuke, a former principal of the First Higher School and has a career of the former secretary of the Headquarters of the Adult Group of Imperial Rule Assistance Association — but he is not a person who falls under the memorandum.

Nationalistic color is very clear in his thought and speeches. His birth with a father who is called a great principal and his excellent brain attract



the young members of this party and he very often holds meetings with them.

The connection between them is very close and intimate, but SUGI has no formal relation with the party, and there is no sign that SUGI takes the lead of the party positively. SUGI often goes to Tokyo, but he has no definite profession. He forms a close friendship with MATSUNAGA Zai and others.

2. Relation with other Organizations:

This organization had chances to approach other organizations such as NIHON KAKUMEI KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI (in Yamaguchi Prefecture), KYUKOKU SEINEN DOMEI (in Osaka) and DAINIPPON SEINEN TO (in Tokyo) before, but at present, there is no sign of cooperation with these organizations.

3. It is reported that the leading party members make it a rule to sing loudly in every banquet a song as mentioned below called "a song of a gang of hooligans".

We have not yet got any positive evidence from any leading party member whether such a fact as mentioned above did exist or whether this song should be considered to be the party song. But a certain member deposed that this song was made and composed



by SUITA Akira, a central committee member of the party, though there is no evidence that this song has relation with the party as the party song. It is said that this song was sung popularly in Takamori Town at one time.

Words of the song:

Four years (or five years) have passed  
since the defeated agony.  
TOKKUYU (Tokuda Kyuichi) who had been  
released from the prison  
Is reported to have escaped to Soviet,  
his native place in heart.  
We are proud of ourselves to be  
the gang of hooligans in Japan.  
You, red demons, shall find soon  
what we are planning.

Four years have passed  
since the defeated agony.  
You, WHITE SOCKS (YOSHIDA), who has  
neither ability nor tactics,  
Are going to betray your own country in  
the excess of attachment for life.  
We are proud of ourselves to be  
the gang of hooligans in Japan.



You, WHITE SOCKS, shall find soon  
what we are planning.

Five years have passed  
since the defeated agony.  
Yankees who are having  
disgustful blue eyes  
Are rambling with haughty attitude  
in the streets.  
We are proud of ourselves to be  
the gang of hooligans in Japan.  
You, Yankees, shall find soon  
what we are planning.

III. HASHIMOTO Tsuneco, chairman of the DAINIPPON  
KYOKOKU SEINER TO, was once a constituent member  
of Yamaguchi Prefectural Secretariat of DAINIPPON  
KINNO DOSHI KAI which was dissolved (as mentioned  
in Item I of II), therefore it is falling under  
the A, Item I, Article 5 of the Organizations Control  
Order that he is occupying a post of main officer  
(that is the chairman) of this organization.

Accordingly, it may be reasonable that this  
organization will be dissolved according to the



Article 4 of the same Order. But as it is considered to be too strict to order dissolution only because the above mentioned facts existed, we are hoping to allow its existence on condition that HASHIMOTO Tsuneco will be expelled from the leading post as an officer and the old ultra-nationalistic color will be swept away.

IV. We should like to discontinue this investigation on condition that, in relation to the ultra-nationalistic tendency of this party, the acts and speeches of the party members and SUGI Kenji, who is an outsider, will be strictly watched.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.



COPY

(A) I.D. No. 96  
November 29, 1950.

✓  
FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special  
Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's  
Office.

FOR: Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section,  
G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Editorial of the "BOKYO SHIMBUN" (Anti-  
Communist Newspaper).

- I. Based on the investigation by the Second Section,  
Investigation Division, SIB.
  
- II. The editorial of the above "Anti-Communist News-  
paper" dated Dec. 12 issued by the BOKYO SHIMBUN SHA  
(Anti-Communist Newspaper Co.) --- responsible person  
FUKUDA Susumu --- which is situated at 4, Sakuragawa-  
cho, Shiba-nishikubo, Minato Ward, Tokyo Metropolis,  
inserted an editorial of the following purport under  
the title of "All Japanese people, make every effort for  
arresting and wiping out the Communist Party".



1. The Japan Communist Party has been formed for the purposes of breaking down our country and making its eighty million people slaves in secret conspiracy with Soviet Union. It is expressing such purposes in a dignified manner by means of the Party's principles, notices, organs, etc., and behaving itself by trampling on and breaking the state law, so that it is a matter of course that it is a deadly enemy for all human race.

The reason is that, although the Communist Party is asserting the establishment of permanent peace in this world through emancipating laborers, farmers and all other people from the restriction of systems of contemporary liberalism, in the Soviet Union and its satellite countries, in reality, all kinds of their freedom are being trampled on and there are innumerable people who die of hard work, malnutrition and starvation under the most miserable condition of being given coarse dog-and-cat's feed. Concerning this, the Communist Party which is also the ruling class over them insists on that it is nothing but a form of a transition stage, and moreover it asserts that if the world revolution be completed, the communistic society in which "everybody can work in compliance with his ability and consume in compliance with his desire" will surely come, the state will cease to exist, and armament will be



abolished without fail. But in order to accomplish the above purpose, the extremest poverty of the people and the lives of hundreds and thousands of million people must be sacrificed by means of terroristic revolution and aggressive war. Even if the world aggression were accomplished, a sharp decline of production would come forth and strong power and enormous armament would be needed for the suppression of disaffected and opposite elements to be produced on account of vast ruling areas, and so terroristic suppression and exploitation would continue to exist still more.

2. Adding to that, the Communist Party believes, from its ignorance, in communism in a fanatic way as an absolute principle for the relief of human race and dares to practise it with terrorism, so that we can never leave it alone. If let it alone, our country would be blown away by their terroristic power just like China or North Korea. In our country, at present, the purged and non-purged staffs, the reigning and internationalist factions are giving rise to a riot of terroristic strike movement, aiming at the break-down of fatherland and enslaving of the nation, serving the Red Devil, Soviet Union. May we stand by it idly? May we leave its supervision only in the hands of the



authorities?

You should realize it that onlooking means nothing but aiding the Communist Party and results in desiring the enslavement.

✓ Japanese people should supervise the activities of the Communist Party and co-operate with the authorities for its arrest and wiping-out. Let us establish the truly peaceful state by shutting out the Communist Party from our country with combined efforts of whole nation.

III & IV.

None.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.



[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

(A) I. D. No 62

November 6, 1950

✓  
FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : About the message of RYUNICHI KAKYO  
MINSHU SOKUSHIN KAI (Society of  
Democracy Promotion of Chinese  
Merchants in Japan) concerning the  
unlimited suspension of publication  
of KAKYOMIMPO (Chinese Merchants  
people's Newspaper)

- I. An article printed in a Chinese newspaper  
DAIKOHO (Great Public Newspaper) published at Hong-  
kong on October 6, 1950.



II. Secretary TANAKA in the 3rd Subsection, the 1st Section, the Investigation Department, detected the following facts on October 24, 1950.

(a) The RYUNICHI KAKYO MINSHU SOKUSHIN KAI sent the following message through the above mentioned DAIKOHU to the Chinese People's Republic Government and the people under its reign, charging that the action of the unlimited suspension of publication of the KAKYO MIMPO, the organ of the society, is unlawful.

(b) Being spurred by the Japan-aid policy of the International Imperialism, Japanese reactionary government has become so impudent that the radicals have been purged, the freedom of speech has been banned and all the democratic newspapers published in Japan have been suspended within half a year. And in the end, they reached out their sinister hand to the KAKYOMIMPO which had been published by the Chinese merchants.

On the other hand, the false China Mission in Japan under Chiang Kai-shek considered the KAKYOMIMPO as an eye-sore.

HO SHI-LI, the head of the mission, paid special



attention to this paper from the time of his appointment and he took every means of threat but in vain. Therefore in the excess of embarrassment, he at last conspired with the International Imperialism and the Japanese Government and took a coercive measure upon the fellow-countrymen, the Chinese merchants, in using the name of General Headquarters of the Allied Forces.

Early in the morning, at 6:30, on September 28, the Special Investigation Bureau of the Attorney-General's Office and the Metropolitan Police Board had mobilized about 300 members, that is 3 companies, of the Reserve Police and suddenly laid siege to the KAKYO MIMPO Company, c/o CHUKA GAKUYU KAIKAN (Chinese Students' Hall), Koishikawa-machi, Bunkyo Ward, Tokyo. But as they could not enter the Hall, being hindered by the closed doors, they broke the window and intruded into the house without waiting the arrival of the responsible person. After three hours' violent and thorough research, they seized a lot of newspapers, account-books, documents and other books which filled a truck to capacity and evacuated. Also, they attached the office, printing machines, safes and telephone. Moreover, in the name of Attorney-General,



OHASHI Takeo, they handed SO SHIN-MO (phonetic), the editor and publisher of KAKYO MIMPO, a document which reads as follows:

"Based on the measures to suspend unlimitedly the publication of the AKAHATA, the organ of the Japan Communist Party, and its successive or affiliated papers, according to the SCAP Directives on June 26 and July 18, 1950 addressed to the Prime Minister, I, the Attorney-General, take the appropriate measure, being entrusted by the Prime Minister". Thus they withdrew triumphantly. After that, the Japanese Government made a propaganda in a wide-scale through radio and Japanese newspapers that they have the duly right to put measures on the newspapers of all nationals on the side of Allied countries.

At the very time when the people's government in our fatherland was going to celebrate the first anniversary of its foundation for which the KAKYO MIMPO had been earnestly preparing to publish a special celebration number, the KAKYO MIMPO was oppressed unlawfully and ordered to suspend its publication without a time limit by the International Imperialism and the Japanese Government. Such fact is a matter of indignation for all the Chinese merchants.



That the International Imperialism and the Japanese Government have strangled on the freedom of speech of Chinese merchants in Japan in such a way is clear violation of the Potsdam Declaration of the Allied Nations and a sign of their advance toward fascism. Moreover, that they intruded into the office and attached and seized the things at their will while the responsible person was not present is a sufficient evidence of the unlawfulness of the Japanese Police.

On the same day, the RYUNICHI KAKYO MINSHU SOKUSHIN KAI held an emergency meeting of the Central Committee and resolved a strong protest against the Japanese Government.

KAN BUN-HO (phonetic), the president, and SO SHIN-MO (phonetic), the chief of the secretariat and the editor and publisher of KAKYO MIMPO, and other representatives of the RENGO RYUNICHI KAKYO SOKAI (Confederated General Assembly of Chinese Merchants in Japan), TOKYO KAKYO RENGOKAI (Federation of Chinese Merchants in Tokyo) and RYUNICHI DOGAKU SOKAI (General Assembly of Students in Japan) were chosen. In an interview with the Attorney-General, OHASHI Takeo, we asked him on what authority the Japanese Government blocked the organ of Chinese merchants and ordered



them to suspend the publication. We also claimed him to take possible measure to cancel everything and to make an apology. OHASHI Takeo quibbled to evade his responsibility and said what he did depended on the SCAP Directive which he refused to present us. As an excuse, he pointed out that we might find the truth at the Chinese Mission in Japan.

As a result of the interview with the Attorney-General of Japan, the joint conspiracy of the Chinese Mission in Japan, International Impenialism and the Japanese Government has become clear and it enlarged the indignation of the Chinese merchants more and more. We gnashed our teeth with vexation at such traitorous deeds and the fascistic measure of the International Imperialism and the Japanese Government, and we took an oath one another with a firm determination to fight desperately to a finish.

The RYUNICHI KAKYO MINSHU SOKUSHIN KAI not only studies every kind of struggle method, but also reports this circumstance to the government of our fatherland and fellow-countrymen all over the nation in order to ask your aid on us, the oppressed fellow-countrymen in Japan, and wait the earliest arrival of General CHOU SHI-TI who is expected to take charge



of the protection for the Chinese merchants who are  
being trampled under the heavy oppression of the  
International Imperialism and the Japanese Government.

September 28, 1950.

Central Committee of

RYUNICHI KAKYO MINSHU SOKUSHIN KAI

III. None.

IV. None.

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Director Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.



(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

(A) I.D. No. 95, 1950  
November 29

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Activity of Kikuhata Doshi Kai (Chrysanthemum Comrades' Association) in Tokyo.

I & II. An investigation was started by Secretaries ABE and OSHIMA of Second Section, ID, SIB.

Nihon Kakumei Kikuhata Doshi Kai (Japan's Revolution of Chrysanthemum Comrades' Association) organized its speaking tour corps of the following four members (belonging to Yamaguchi Faction) and sent them to Hokkaido.

SHIMAZU Sadayasu, Chief of Central Committee.

YOSHITOME Kosuke, Chief of Secretariat

TSURU Seinechi, member of Central Committee

SHINOBU Eigo, Chief of All-Japan Action Corps.

On their way home they had in Tokyo the Liaison Conference of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee, and



and discussed about the future movement policy of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee. At the same time they made their street speech meetings in the square in front of Shibuya Railway Station for three days from November 3 forth.

A. Liaison Conference of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee  
(the 17th )

1. Date:

November 3 from 1:00 to 2:20 p.m.

2. Place:

Kikuhata Doshi Kai Office, 6th floor, Sukiyabashi Building, 3, 4-chome Nishi Ginza, Chuo Ward.

3. Attendance: (16 persons)

SHIMAZU, YOSHITOMI, TANAKA, MITSUNAGA, KAWAHARA, IKARI, UJIE, TANAKA (GI), YAMANO, SHINODA, ARAI, MUKOYAMA, TANABE, IWAMURA, NISHINO, MIYAKE.

4. Discussing subject:

(1). Request in connection with the movement policy of the headquarters for Tokyo Metropolitan Committee.

(2). Reexamination of the organization of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee.

(3). and other some subjects.



5. Decided Items:

(1). Making the propagating struggle our daily activity, we shall attach importance to residential sections for it.

(2). Street Speaking shall be made at Shibuya, Shinjuku and Ikebukuro alternately once a month.

(3). Movement shall be promoted by means of personal relations.

(4). Organization of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee shall be changed as follows:

Metropolitan Chief Secretary:	TANAKA Tadashi.
Director of Finance Division:	MITSUNAGA Tsugio
Director of Political Division:	KAWAHARA Nobuyoshi
Director of Speaking Tour Division:	IKARI Yoshifusa.
Director of Organization Division:	TANAKA Gi
Chief Secretary:	UJIE (his personal name is unknown).

with regard to the organized movement in Tokyo Metropolis it was first prepared to form sixteen areal committees under Tokyo Metropolitan Committee controlled by Tokyo District Central



Headquarters. The activity made in Tokyo, however, is found very difficult as it is different from that made in the country parts. Therefore, according to the opinion of SHIMAZU Sadayasu who regarded such organized movement as forming areal committees to be carried out after careful preparation and complete analysis of situation, it was decided to postpone the expansion policy for the time being. Such being the case, the movement policy as aforesaid was decided to take in the conference.

B. Street Speech Meeting in front of Shibuya Railway Station.

For the period of three days from November 3 to 5 the street speech meetings were held in the name of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee. Every time the opening hour was more delayed than expected, and also there was something wrong with the loud speaker they used. Under such circumstances, it is not recognized that they obtained good results as they had expected.

1. November 3.

After closing the Liaison Conference of Tokyo



Metropolitan Committee, it was opened at 4:00 p.m., but the loud speaker which was out of order was not restored to normal conditions. And only TSURU Seihachi made a speech, and they could not get their expected results.

2. November 4.

The meeting for the day held in front of Shibuya Railway Station was opened after 4:00 p.m., being far more delayed than 3:00 p.m. at which it had been expected to open, and it was closed a little before 6:30 p.m. The speakers for the day were KAWAHARA Nobuyoshi, TSURU Seihachi and SHIMAZU Sadayasu, and, on account of the disorder of the loud speaker, it did not go on smoothly, but no speaker was interrupted. All these three men had their splendid attitude in speaking and their ability to appeal to the audience (more or less than 200), particularly in the contents of the speech made by SHIMAZU we found his persuasive power, even if they are very much the same as those of his previous speeches. The speeches made by KAWAHARA and TSURU were from first to last on the point of anti-Communism. SHIMAZU consistently explained the analysis of the present situation,



the intrigue of Soviet Union, the forecast of Peace Treaty, and the question of revision to be made to Article 9 of the constitution connected with what was said above without any particularly new points.

3. On November 4 SHIMAMU Sadayasu, Chief of Central Committee, talked what stated below at the Sakiyabashi Office.

"I think it is because our association has the theory systemalized on the basis of the movement that, differing from other anti-Communist organizations, we have continued until today since the termination of the war. The "Kikuhata These" adopted at the 6th All-Japan Great Meeting held in Kurume Kyushu, is very crude but roughly speaking, the contents filled in it has come to be the basis of our third philosophy (based on relative view of the world). The present conception I have got have trebled in quantity, and by the end of this year I should like to write it. Of course, it will take place of the previous Fukushimaism. We shall never be reconciled with FUKUSHIMA. Our so called third philosophy stands on the original idea of



mankind, promoting the standpoint of either idealism or materialism. I think it has some connection with the thinking method of YANAGIDA Kenjuro who shows the new way for the study of Nishide philosophy.

"The name of "Nihon Kakumai Doshi Kai (Japan Revolution Comrades Association) and the mark of "Kiku-sui" (Chrysanthemum and Water) are rather out of fashion. At first glance of our name and mark, we think people will have the impression that our Association is an extremely Rightist organization. It occurs to us from time to time we had better change them to a proper name and a proper mark at a proper opportunity.

From another viewpoint, however, it convenient to us to have the present name and mark for absorbing the extremely Rightists and the reactionary elements. For it is possible that these sorts of people will join us taking over association for an extremely Rightist organization. Some of these elements have seceded from our association being dissatisfied with our intention we have in relation to "Kiku Hata" (Chrysanthemum Flag) when they have got the knowledge of it.



But some of them who understand our intention and become the elements offering themselves for the reactionary activity together with us. In our lowest organization we may still find such extremely Rightist men. Among the greater part of us the **younger** members there is not absolutely such a tendency as it.

"Regarding the Tenno System, we consider that the system is not so weak, and therefore it is not necessary to be solved particularly at the present time. Now that the Tenno is secured in the Constitution as a symbol we have nothing to talk about it. However, when the Tenno System is going to be collapsed by the upward power we determine that we should then stand up to protect it.

"I graduated from Tokyo University of Commerce after finishing the complete course of the Meizen Sha Middle School. It is not in the line of the graduates of the Tokyo University of Commerce to join such a movement, but it will be better for it to have a peculiar man like me. I think it will be a good thing if I can properly



lead as a young men "Aiku Hata" (meaning Japan  
Revolution Chrysanthemum Comrades Association)  
which is a group of young people."

III. None.

IV. None.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.