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ANNALS. W

EMILY
HENDERSON
SWEET
PEA.

NEW BRANCHING
TUBEROSE ALBINA

NEW WHITE
CHRYSANTHEMUM
MUTUAL FRIEND.

1894

E. Allen

PLANT
AND SEED GUIDE

SEMPLES NEW BRANCHING ASTER

BRATTLEBORO VT.

NOTICE.



you may select 80c. worth. A club of \$5 you may select \$1 worth, and 25c. extra as premium. (See page 52 for description.)

But remember, this premium is allowed only when plants are ordered at retail rates. For instance, when \$3 worth of Roses are ordered, I will send three \$1 packages, and you can select from the catalogue plants or seed to the amount of 60c. as your premium.

Packing. My system of packing is done in the very best manner in light packages, to reduce express charges as much as possible. I guarantee the safe arrival of all plants, seeds and bulbs when sent by mail or express if complaints are made at once on receipt of goods. My plants and seeds are sent not only with the intension of pleasing purchasers this year, but with the aim that I may secure their confidence and be favored with their orders for years to come.

Plants by mail. Special attention is given to plants by mail. If ordered by express much larger plants will be sent, the express to be paid by the purchaser. Special rates given to parties wanting plants in quantities for bedding purposes. Orders from unknown parties sent C. O. D., unless accompanied with cash or good references. No charge for boxing or packing on orders to the amount of \$1 and upwards. Express orders are usually packed in light boxes or baskets to save express charges. A liberal discount to dealers. Improvement societies wishing plants in quantities will be furnished at liberal rates.

Tested Seed. I give special attention to this important business. For several years a market gardener, and since 1870 as florist, and many years in the seed business, my experience allows practical judgment as to purity and freshness, while my greenhouses allow means of testing germinating qualities. All seeds are fairly tested before put up, and none sold unless they germinate to the highest per cent; all unsatisfactory seed are either buried or burned. **I sell nothing I do not believe to grow and to be true to name,** and give the best results under favorable circumstances. Many seed I grow, and those I do not are obtained direct from the most reliable growers, and will stand test beside any from the most reliable seedsmen, in all cases using the greatest care in selecting. If seed prove not as represented, after allowance of soil being too wet, cold or dry, or deep planting, or mixing with a too powerful fertilizer, there remains a doubt of bad seed, the party will be supplied with other seed, equal in value to that purchased, and I request all parties to report to me all seed not proving pure or germinating well.

Flower Seeds. My strain of Florists' Flower Seeds is the best that can be obtained, in fact, all can be relied upon; they are tested before sold. **Flower Seed:** Directions for sowing and club orders, see pages 14 and 15 to 30. **Vegetable Seed:** Directions for sowing, see pages 38 to 42.

Cash Discount on Seed. All flower and vegetable seed in packets, ounces, pounds, quarts or pecks to the amount of \$5, 5 per cent discount; \$10 to \$20, 12 per cent discount. Not allowed on bushel or barrel rates unless by special agreement.

Telephone Connections direct from office and greenhouses.

Orders. If not received in due time, I request purchasers to notify me to that effect, as often the party's address has been omitted, either state, town or name, and sometimes the whole, or misdirected.

Seed by Mail. All seed will be forwarded by mail at rates given, unless otherwise noted. Peas and Beans, add 15c. per quart for postage; Sweet Corn, 10c. per quart; Field Corn, 15c. per quart. All other seed at pound rates, add 8c. per pound to pay postage. No charge for packing or boxing.

Be particular to always write the order plainly, and give post-office, county and state. All money to the amount of \$1 and upwards, if sent by post-office order, registered letter, cashier's check on New York or Boston, will be at my risk, and I will guarantee the safe arrival of all packages to any part of the United States. **Discount** on seed see above, also page 15. **Club orders** on Roscs see page 52.

Catalogues. No. 1, Illustrated, of Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Small Fruits, Trees, etc., issued in February; No. 2, Special List, to the trade only, ready in February;

No. 3, Special List of Surplus Stock and Mailing List, ready in April; No. 4, Potted Strawberry Plants, ready in July; No. 5, Fall Catalogue of Dutch Bulbs and Winter Flowering Plants, ready the last of September; No. 7, Fall Trade List of Bulbs and Plants, ready in October. All mailed free to customers without call, and to others on application.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO COVER ILLUSTRATIONS, VIZ.:

SEMPLER BRANCHING ASTER.	
Per pkt.,	1
EMILY HENDERSON SWEET PEA.	
Per pkt.,	
BRANCHING TUBEROSE ALBINO.	
Per pkt.,	
NEW WHITE CHRYSANTHEMUM. MUTUAL FRIEND.	
Per plant,	
COMRADE TOMATO. EXTRA EARLY.	10
Per pkt.,	
NEW FAXON SQUASH.	15
Per pkt.,	
PANAMA POTATO.	15
Per lb.,	
MICHAEL'S EARLY STRAWBERRY.	20
Per doz.,	
	\$1.45

The above collection by mail or express, \$1.

LOWER EXPRESS RATES. During the past summer lower express rates were obtained on plants. Heretofore they have been carried at the regular merchandise rate, but now they will be taken at a special rate, which is 20 per cent less than merchandise rate; with this reduction express shipments are strongly urged.



CUT FLOWERS AT ALL SEASONS.

Roses, Carnations, Lilies, Hyacinths, Tulips, Chrysanthemums, Lily of the Valley, Ferns, Palms, Smilax, Bouquets, Loose Flowers and Floral Designs.

Orders promptly filled at short notice.

ing to severe drouth in many seed growing sec- some varieties are short, but seeds generally are and well harvested, and the supply will be sufficient all orders. Wrinkled peas suffered most and some as of flower seeds. Nasturtiums are not plentiful. we h. He are carefully grown, the stocks being the produce results most profitable to the ng to choose quality, carliness, produc- locality for growing, testing as to germi- ing in your hands the best the market pro- complimentary letters reach us yearly as sults obtained by planting our vegetable seeds. The increasing trade among large sers cultivating for the best markets throughout ew England is sufficient proof they are largely used th profitable results. The gardener understands that e good quality of seed is of much importance when the rop is harvested. The prices quoted are as low as good eed can be profitably sold.

Special attention is called to the Beets, Corn, Beans, nions, Squash, Carrots, Parsnips, Tomato, Lettuce, umber, Celery, Mangel, Turnips, Ensilage Corn. **lower Seed** the same careful attention as to improve ality is looked to. Asters, Sweet Peas, Verbenas, unsjes, Phlox, Pinks, Primrose, Hollyhocks, Petunas id other leading varieties are harvested as to the best 'its kind.

Discount on Flower and Vegetable Seeds in Packages.

- For \$1** you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) amount of \$1.30.
- For \$2** you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) amount of \$2.65.
- For \$5** you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) amount of \$7.50.
- For \$10** you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) amount of \$15.
- For Flower Seed discount** see page 15. discount on collections.

Club Orders on Plants,

tech must amount to \$2, will entitle the up of same to select roses, plants and hulbs at and dozen rates only, not at 100 rates, in cata- to the amount of 20c. for every one dollar's worth t. viz. **For a club of \$2 you can select worth as premium. A club of \$4**

Novelties Specialties in Vegetables.

SQUASH.

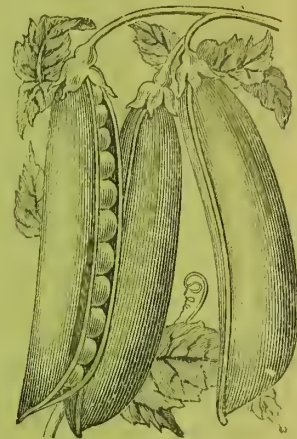
Faxon Squash. For five years careful, expert squash growers have been testing this new squash, and it is now offered as a new variety that is absolutely certain to give the greatest satisfaction to purchasers. Its strong characteristics are earliness, long keeping, uniform shape, variety of colors, excelling in richness and sweetness. It has a small cavity and but few seeds. The ripe squash varies in color, yellow, striped, mottled and green, and always follows its type, but is a distinct new vegetable of great value for family or market purposes. Every specimen of superior quality, without regard to size. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.; 10 pkts., \$1; oz., 40c.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25.

THE FAXON SQUASH



Early Columbia. Pkt., 10c.; pt., 15c.; qt., 25c.; 1-2 pk., 75c.; pk., \$1.25.

PEAS.



NEW PEA, ONE HUNDRED TO ONE.

One Hundred to One. A new second early variety about 3 feet high, producing pods in pairs. Sent out by a leading French seedsman as a very productive variety. The name is no exaggeration, one plant often bearing twenty pods or over with eight to nine peas; medium size and round; remaining green when ripe. Pods curved, but completely filled. 15c. per pkt.

TOMATOES.

New Aristocrat Tomato. This resembles the Dwarf Champion in habit, its fruit being of a brighter red, which is much preferred by many, while the size, solidity, productiveness, smoothness and flavor is up to the standard excellence. It may be planted 3 feet each way, closer than any other varieties, making it very desirable for small gardens and forcing under glass, it being compact, and is preferred by many large and small growers. As a plant to sell it is attractive, strong and stocky, seldom, if ever, running tall like other varieties. This will stand heavier manuring than others, with abundant increase of quantity and size of fruit. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.

Extra Early Comrade. Parties near Boston who are large tomato growers consider this a very profitable variety. The very earliest productive tomato. While others are as early, this yields more early fruit than all others, and continues without intermission. Smooth, solid, round, deep red, quality the best, and immensely productive; a tomato which will give great satisfaction to the gardener. See illustration on cover. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.



NEW TOMATO, ARISTOCRAT

CUCUMBER.



NEW JAPANESE CLIMBING CUCUMBER.

New Japanese Climbing. This new variety comes from Japan. It will attach itself to poles, fences or trellis as readily as pole beans. Distinct and more hardy than other varieties, producing 25 or more cucumbers to a plant with fair culture; adapted to pickling as well as slicing. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.

CORN.



EXTRA EARLY COLUMBIA SWEET CORN.

Extra Early Columbia Sweet Corn. This originated by careful selections from the White Cory, which has a distinct form and type of ear; grows about the same height. Care was used in selecting the earliest and longest ears; two or more on a stalk;

deepest kernels; smaller cob. In the Extra Early Columbia we have gained 3 to 5 days in earliness, longer ears and the sweetest and most productive early market corn grown. Marketmen or others seeking the earliest market should not overlook the Extra

BEANS.

Burpee's Bush Lima. This is the best of the several varieties of Bush Lima recently introduced. It makes a stout, erect growth about 18 inches high, branching to form a plant 2 to 3 feet in diameter; leaves large, of great substance. Its character is well established, seldom a plant forming a runner. Its branching habit, thickness of stalk, size, substance, enables it to bear large crops and sure to produce. Its immense yield can be imagined when a single bush produced from 50 to 200 handsome large pods, well filled with beans identical in size and flavor to the well known Pole Limas. The largest and best Lima beans can now be grown without the aid of poles, and earlier results realized by a week in maturing. A Georgia party grew 358 pods on one plant; California, 323 pods; New Jersey, 194 pods; Michigan, 159 pods; Connecticut, 119 pods; Canada, 117 pods; Rutland Co., Vermont, 90 pods; New Hampshire, 75 pods. By the above it can be seen what it has done with extra cultivation, while for field culture 25 to 50 pods is a good yield per plant. Stock from the introducer. Price, per ket., 10c.; 3 packets, 25c.; 1-2 pt., 20c.; pint, 30c.; quart, 60c.



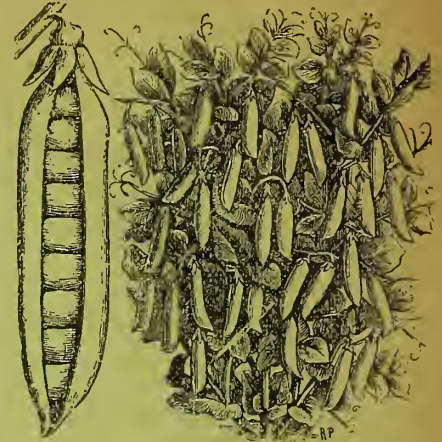
BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA BEAN.

Thick yellow meat, ash gray in color outside, quality excellent, keeping a long time in winter. Pkt., 10c.

MANGEL WURTZEL.

Erfurt Model. This new mangel has become very popular in a short space of time. Its features are its fine cylindrical shape, small foliage, permitting them to be grown 1 foot apart, while its keeping qualities are 4 weeks longer than any other variety. The advantage of this long keeping quality will be understood by those interested in the excellence of mangels. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.

PEAS.



HEROINE.

Heroine Pea. For new varieties of recent introduction this has received the most favorable results of all. It appears to combine quality and quantity. It grows 2 1/2 feet high, medium early; very large green wrinkled peas covered with long large well filled pods; quite distinct from other varieties, 8, 10 and often 12 peas in a pod. Market gardeners or family will not be disappointed in the Heroine. Pkt., 10c.; pt., 20c.; qt., 35c.; 1-2 pk., \$1.30; pk., \$2.50. By mail add 15c. per quart postage.

New White Asparagus.

Mammoth Columbia. The product of this new variety is sold to a canning factory and allowed 20 per cent more than for the green variety; the white shoots are produced from 80 to 90 per cent from seed and is preferred by many to the green variety. Pkt., 15c.; oz., 45c.

WATERMELON.

Extra Early Russian. In the climate where the melon is almost unknown, rarely being brought to maturity, this, on account of its earliness, may be tried with success. When grown in frames like the musk melon it ripens in August, attaining 4 to 5 pounds in weight, round in shape, olive green, flesh melting and juicy. Pkt., 10c.

RADISH.

Olive Shaped. This novelty represents a forcing radish for every month; it is remarkable for its rapid growth of roots, which are formed ready for use in about 20 days from sowing, while its tops are very small. For forcing or hot bed growing and early marketing it is a valuable variety. Pkt., 10c.

SQUASH.

Squash, Mammoth Whale. This new variety of French origin indorses its name; often attains a length of 3 feet and a weight of over 100 pounds.

Special Strains of Merit.

BEANS.

Golden-Eyed Wax Bush. This leads among the Wax Bush Beans for general use; as early as the Golden Wax, more prolific in pods, and what is very important to marketmen, rust proof or entirely free from blight in any way. It has been well tried, and as yet not one complaint of showing the least form of rust has been made. For market gardeners it can be recommended as the most profitable early pod string bean. Very tender and stringless. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75.

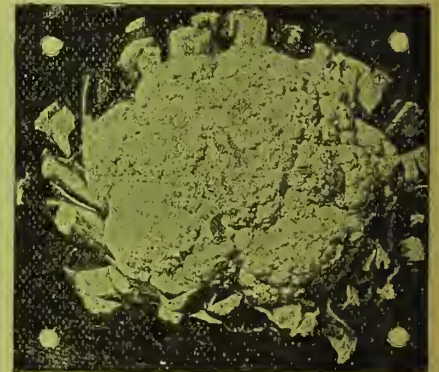
Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail.

The Kidney Wax Bush. Also an excellent variety for market growing. See page 32.



GOLDEN-EYED WAX BEANS.

CAULIFLOWER.



EARLY SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER.

Early Snowball. (True.) The earliest of all cauliflowers; more sure to head than any other variety, being ready for market one week in advance of other varieties. Seeds sown about first week in March, the heads are fit to cut June 12 to 15, measuring 6 to 9 inches in diameter. I have grown heads of this variety 38 inches in circumference in light soil, the finest ever grown in this section. Seed sown as late as June 20, the plants set out in the field the last of July, commence to form heads in September, nearly all maturing heads in September and October. My seed is of the finest strain grown. Of dwarf habit, allowing to be planted 20 by 24 inches apart; seeds sown late make fine heads for fall use. Pkt., 20c.; oz., \$2; 1-4 lb., \$7.50.

CARROTS.

Chantenay.

The stock of this new French carrot has been so well bred as to be almost perfect in form; a few days later than Short Horn, similar to Danvers, but earlier, not as large, smoother, and better form; color, dark orange; for marketing in bunches or table use, customers are sure to buy the Chantenay the second time. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 90c.



CHANTENAY CARROT.

MELONS, Musk.

Cosmopolitan. Of this excellent class of vegetables the field of new musk melons is so large it is difficult to select the best, there are so many that are good. One that has the good qualities of the best in every respect is the **Cosmopolitan**. This new musk melon is handsome in form; the flesh green, very thick, finely flavored, extending to the outside with almost no rind; round, smooth, netted, early, medium size. By careful selections in breeding this melon has a superb flavor, superior to others, combining as it does the sweet French Cantelope and the delicious flavor of the American musk melon. Pkt., 15c.; oz., 50c.

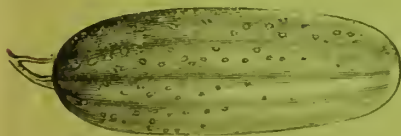
Other good, well-tried early sorts are **Miller's Cream**, **Emerald Gem**. See page 36.

WATERMELON.

New Sweet Hearted. A new, entirely distinct, early, large, handsome, fine quality melon. It is not tied tight and dark green; oval shape, seed gray. A large melon grower having tried all new varieties, found a ready market for carloads of this melon, while others had no purchasers. Pkt., 15c.; oz., 40c.

See other varieties, page 37.

CUCUMBERS.



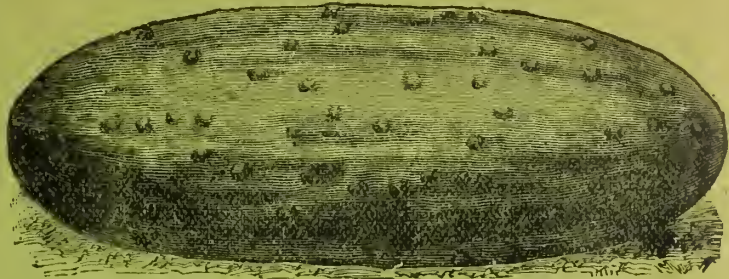
PEERLESS WHITE SPINE.

Peerless White Spine. The finest strain of White Spine Cucumber grown either for market, family or forcing. Perfect in shape, of a dark green color, but white when fully ripe; very prolific, crisp,

fine flavor; the best early cucumber for all purposes. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Livingston's Evergreen. This is believed to be the most productive, hardy and evergreen, stands

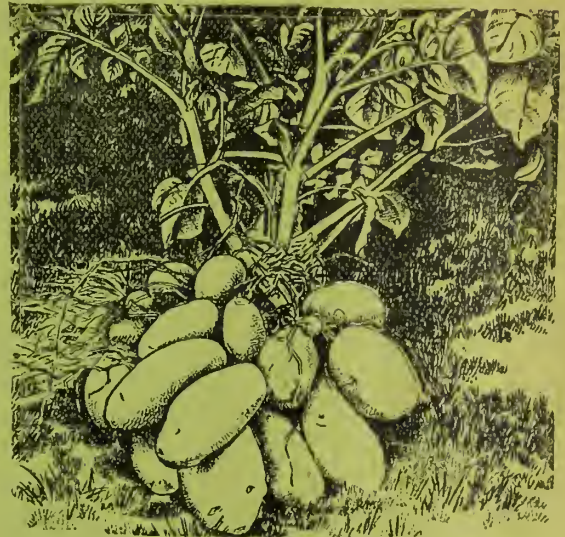
drought well, bearing till frost; It is extra early, good flavor, very crisp; strong grower; for pickles or slicing, none are better. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.



LIVINGSTON'S EVERGREEN.

POTATO.

Extra Early Panama. In 1890 a neighbor purchased a peck of early potatoes for trial from a southern seedsman; among them were found a distinct variety, longer, larger, of a deeper color. This potato was planted separately, its growth closely watched, and proved several days earlier. Its remarkable earliness was so promising, my attention was called to this potato. Again the two following years it was carefully tested with other early varieties, and proved 5 to 10 days earlier than any potato we have ever grown. It is very uniform, oblong, good size, rosy bluish color, smooth with shallow eyes and a great yielder; of the best quality, tubers growing compact in the hill. These potatoes have sold for 10 cents per bushel more in the market than common varieties on account of their dry and starchy texture. It has 3 important features, being certainly the earliest, most productive, best cooking potato we have ever grown, and can recommend it as a first-class market and table variety. One pound, 15c.; peck, 50c.; bu., \$2.



EXTRA EARLY PANAMA.

CABBAGE.

All Seasons. This resembles so closely in general appearance the Vandergau, Succession All Head, it is difficult to distinguish any difference. The All Seasons being first introduced, it still holds as being the finest cabbage for all purposes, giving the best of results with the leading experienced cabbage growers; a sure header; equal to Henderson's Summer in earliness, producing heads one third larger. Very solid, thick, and when sown late makes an excellent winter cabbage; adapted to early fall, winter or spring marketing. Its quality is equal to any Drumhead variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2. Stock direct from the introducer.

Comparing the All Seasons with the other varieties, I was surprised at its earliness; every one headed as hard as a rock, though they had not an average chance. C. C. Pratt, gardener Insane Asylum, Danvers, Mass.

Many other testimonials could be given. **Mammoth Rock Red Cabbage.** The largest and most solid red variety; its keeping qualities the best; of a deep purple, reddish color; the finest strain of red cabbage, heads grow to average 12 pounds each. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$2.50.



ALL SEASONS.

New Dandelion, Improved Erect. This new variety differs from other sorts by its peculiar erect habit, growing erect in compact heads of long, deep cut leaves; it is very early, and said to be more productive than any other variety. Pkt., 15c.

Improved Broad Leaved. See page 35.

Large French Montmagny. This new variety is much larger and more productive than the older variety; a vigorous, rapid grower; the heads, after being blanched by a new process well known in Europe, are used by many restaurants as a favorite dish, and is becoming a great favorite with market gardeners in Paris. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.

Cabbage, New, Variegated Leaved Heading. New and attractive, ornamental. The green leaves striped and blotched with white, rose, red, lilac; growing good size, are especially attractive in autumn. Useful as a heading cabbage and of excellent quality. Pkt., 15c.



MAMMOTH PUMPKIN.

Mammoth Pumpkin. The above illustration represents the prize winner, 159 pounds, at our Valley Fair, 1893. Seed of our own saving from this pumpkin. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.



SUGAR PUMPKIN.

Sugar or Pie Pumpkin. There is a large demand for a good Pie pumpkin. This is nearly as fine grained as an average squash, growing to weigh about 5 pounds and an immense cropper, for feeding cows it enriches the quality of milk, giving it a rich color; far superior for stock feeding to the common pumpkin Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.; by mail 68c. per lb.

SQUASH.

Mammoth Summer Crookneck. This variety combines size and earliness with prominent wartiness, which makes it the most valuable early summer va-

riety now in use, and no gardener can afford to be without it. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

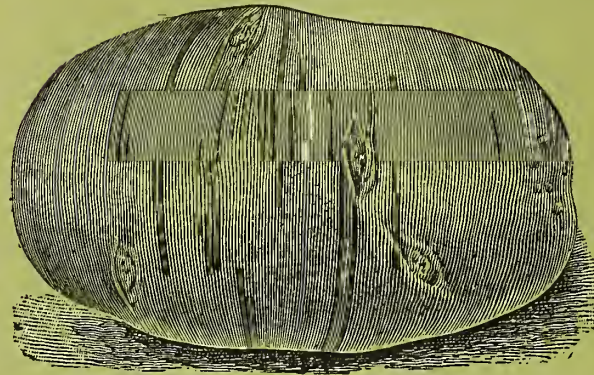


HUBBARD SQUASH.

Hubbard Squash. I have a limited supply of a select and superior strain of Hubbard squash, the same strain that secured the first prize at our Valley Fair for the past 3 years, and no doubt the most pure stock of Hubbard squash now grown. It has a hard, dark green shell, thick meat, dry and good flavor. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., 90c.

TWO GOOD EARLY POTATOES.

Early Norther. First sent out by a New England dealer two years ago, hnt has proved to be a favorite with many growers. It originated from the Early Rose, resembling it in form and color. Reports come that 147 hshel were harvested from 1 harrel of seed last year. Lh., 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$2.



QUEEN.

Queen. It has been well tried throughout the East and West, yielding heavy crops of handsome potatoes; is large, closely resembles Early Hebron, and with an equal chance will out-yield any other early potato; smooth, oblong shape, very handsome; a sure cropper. One party writes he grew 22 hshels from one peck, another 90 pounds from 1 pound, another 30 barrels from 1 harrel. Ripens about with Early Rose. Lh., 15c. by mail. By express, pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.50; hbl., \$3.50; 3 to 5 hbl. lots at \$3.25 per hhl., prime northern stock.

Novelties in Flower Seeds.

NEW ASTERS.



WHITE GIANT COMET ASTERS.

White Giant Comet Aster.

Distinct and new form of white aster; much larger flower, taller, and more vigorous than the White Comet variety of recent introduction; flowers of extraordinary size; the white flowers being of such magnitude and perfection it is certain to become valuable and a favorite everywhere; resembling as it does the most refined forms of Japanese chrysanthemums assures that it will win every lover of plants; a late bloomer and very showy, one of the best novelties of the past few years. 15c. per pkt.; 2 pkts., 25c.

Betteridge's Quilled Aster.

Sulphur yellow. A new, remarkably handsome variety, free blooming; the flowers are globular, quilled, very double, show the most clearly pronounced yellow known amongst asters. Pkt., 25c.

Vick's New White Branching Aster.

Large flowered, late blooming, white, long stem, branching; resembling a chrysanthemum. Pkt., 25c.

New Mignon Aster.

A beautiful class, two new colors. White, changing to rose, pkt., 25c.; white changing to lilac, 2c.

NEW SWEET PEA.

New Sweet Pea, Emily Henderson. The remarkable form, size and substance, broad standards, long stems, pure satiny white flowers, early and long continued season of blooming, render it the most valuable white for cut flowers, being nearly two weeks earlier than other whites, while its fragrance is of that same pleasing character of other sweet peas. Its abundant blooming qualities are rarely equaled, usually 3 flowers on a stem, often 4 or more. Plants grow about 4 feet high, are robust, compact and branching; completely covered with blooms, continuing till frost if blooms are kept cut and plant well manured. For forcing under glass it is the best of all whites. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.; 6 pkts., 75c.; oz., 50c.; 2 oz., 85c.

Bronze King. A new variety first offered this season. Standards show a distinct coppery bronze, wings white. Pkt., 15c.

8 good varieties for cut flowers, distinct in color, free to bloom.

Boreaton. Dark maroon.
Blanch Ferry. Pink and white.

Capt. Clark. Delicate rosy orange.

Butterfly. White, with narrow lavender border.

Lemon Queen. Light lemon.

Delight. Delicate flesh.

Alba. One of the clearest white.

Captain of the Blues. Light purple and blue.

Price 5c. per packet, or 8 packets, 8 varieties, 30c.

Collection of 35 varieties see page 30.

NEW PERPETUAL PINKS.



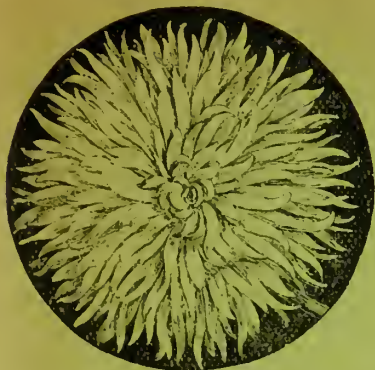
NEW MALMAISON PINKS.

NEW CARNATION.

Marguerite Malmaison. The Marguerite class of carnations is popular on account of their commencing to bloom in the summer from early spring sown seed and the profusion of bloom which continues until frost. This variety is the most beautiful and perfect carnation that can be raised from seed; any further progress seems impossible; sixty per cent of the plants will produce flowers that attain the enormous dimensions of the famous greenhouse variety, often four inches across, the colors being soft pink to dark pink. Pkt., 35c.

New Perpetual Flowering Carnation.

Therese Franco. A magnificent winter blooming carnation, for frames or house culture; plant robust and compact and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are delightfully fragrant and exceedingly double, over two inches across, and of a most unique and beautiful color, an exquisite soft rose finished with salmon, with a satiny effect, as if frosted with white; the later flowers fill out as large as the first, and the calyx never bursts. Pkt., 50c.



SEMPLE'S NEW BRANCHING ASTER.

Semple New Branching Aster. A new distinct form of tall, large flowered, branching aster of the chrysanthemum type, blooming ten days later than *Pavonia Flowered Glohe*, continuing to branch with stems 12 to 15 inches long; extending its blooming season till cut by frost. From a box of flowers sent the American Florist in the summer of 1892, they report as follows: "Of ten blooms sent none were less than 3 1/4 inches across, and some 4 inches across. When first lifted from the box they certainly appeared like chrysanthemums. The colors were excellent, of a delicate pearl pink, the white a clear color, and a delicate shade of lavender. Decidedly the best asters we have seen, and such flowers will be heartily welcomed." Pure white, delicate pink and delicate lavender, mixed, 15c. per pkt.; 5 pkts., 50c.

Crimson Ball Aster. A new aster about 12 inches high, with round ball shaped flowers of a deep glossy crimson, without magenta cast; plant compact pyramidal shape; flowers of medium size, very double, freely produced, giving a longer succession of bloom than most varieties. Pkt., 20c.



ASTER, QUEEN OF EARLIES.

Queen of Earlies. The earliest of all asters, blooming in the open ground in June; flowers are produced in abundance, pure white. It will prove valuable on account of its earliness, being so much in advance of all others; valuable for cut flowers. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.

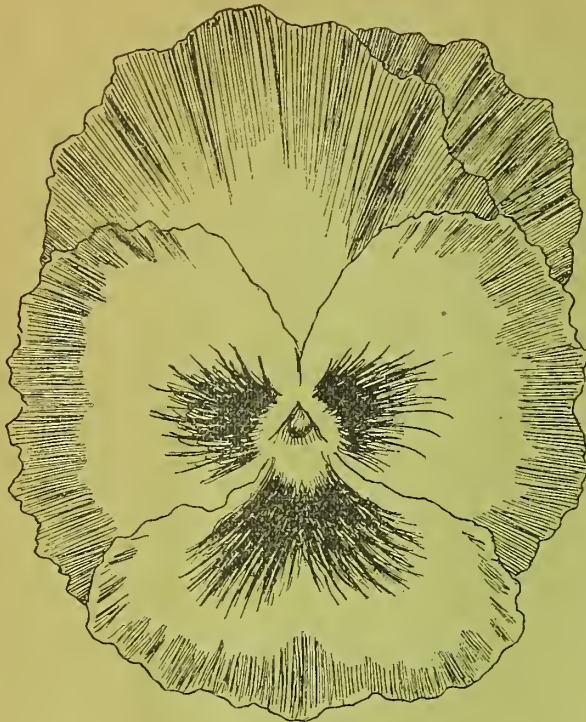
Parisian. This is very early, half dwarf, ball double, and a variety of colors. It is in bloom two weeks before *Queen of the Market*, which is remarkable for its extreme earliness. Can be easily forced and will become popular among florists who desire to obtain flowers early in the season. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.

NEW MARIGOLD.

Pride of the Garden. The immense flowers are densely double, 8 to 10 inches in circumference, and quilled with the regularity and perfection of a dahlia; color, deep yellow; a feature of this variety is the compact, dwarf habit of the plant, which forms dense bushes 15 to 18 inches high by 2 feet across; this dwarf habit and even, compact growth, with flowers borne in great numbers, cause the plant to resemble a mass of yellow until frost; the ease of culture should render this marigold a favorite in every garden. Pkt., 25c.

Mdm. Gulland. The only strain with yellow flowers that bloom the first year from seed. They contain carnation resemblance, like the Marguerite, yet possess the profuse and early flowering qualities of the *Dianthus*, blooming summer and autumn from spring sown seed; flowers are large, in good variety of colors with yellow, and yellow with stripes, white, crimson, rose, double and semi double. Is largely grown in France in out-door culture for cut flowers,

PANSIES.



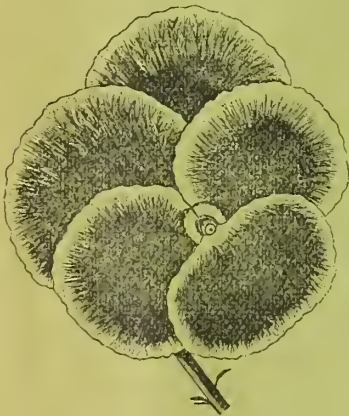
GIANT PANSY.

PANSIES.

Among the latest novelties the following are recommended as improvements in size, form or new color.

Eckford's Prize. This new pansy originated by cross-fertilizing, producing many novel and brilliant shades of gold, violet, blue and white in a great variation of shades and markings, striped, blotched, flashed with red and bronze, with improved size, beauty and form, comprising the most beautiful varieties of this favorite flower. Pkt., 25c. 1894 European novelty.

Cassier Hortensis Red. This new pansy is an addition to the large flowering class. The magnificent large flowers are spotted with deep blue on a delicate pink ground, the latter changing to light blue. First offered this season. Pkt., 35c.



BUGNOT'S ORIGINAL PANSY.

Bugnot's Original. An improved form of this rare variety first offered this season. This produces extra large flowers with broad blotches, the upper petals finely lined, yielding a large percentage of the



PERFECTION PANSY.

handsomest flowers only; very beautiful, but shy seeding. Pkt., 35c.

New Parisian. This new strain possesses a remarkable degree of good quality which the improved varieties have recently gained. Enormous flowers; are produced with substantial petals, borne on stout stems to hold in position to show the flower to perfection. The flowers are of the very largest type, the blotch more conspicuous. The various and magnificent shades are unsurpassed in beauty, and supersede all others in the Parisian flower markets. A novelty of sterling merit. Pkt., 20c.; 2 for 35c.

Kaiser Frederick. This new pansy produces extra large flowers; perfect in form, of rich purple; the margin being of a bright yellow and scarlet; unique and beautiful contrast. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25c.



Peacock Pansy. A new, free flowering early pansy, large, brilliant and novel. Upper and lower petals purple with peacock blue, a new shade in pansies. The two lateral petals, rich maroon, each petal circled with rosy white. Pkt., 10c.

Cardinal. This new pansy was obtained by cross-fertilizing, and is the nearest approach to bright red yet attained, producing flowers of a brownish scarlet with dark spots on 3 lower petals. A choice select strain. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25c.

New Prize Victoria. The first really red flowering variety of merit obtained. Different from other flowers; of good size and form; brilliant bright red; quite new and distinct in color; this should be in all rare collections. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25c.

Canary Bird. A yellow five spotted giant flowering, the ground color being yellow, each petal marbled with a large dark blotch, coming true from seed, and is a fine bedding variety. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25c.

Fire King. The lower petals have a large blotch of deep brown red margined yellow, the upper petals are of a reddish brown, of a bright fiery shade. Pkt., 10c.; 3 for 25c.

The collection of above 10 new Pansies, one packet each, \$1.50.



OR CANARY BIRD.

GIANT PANSIES.

This race is of vigorous, compact growth, flowers of good form, and the size before unknown in the Pansy. Often flowers will measure 3 to 3 1-2 inches in diameter. The hot weather does not affect them as much as other varieties; even in mid-summer, when other Pansies are so small, these seem little affected.

Giant White. White, with 3 large, distinct, dark violet spots. Pkt., 15c.

Giant Auricel Colors. This represents the most rare shades. Pkt., 15c.

Giant Black King. Intensely dark, almost coal black. Pkt., 15c.

Yellow Giant. Large; pure yellow with dark eye, the best of all yellow. Pkt., 15c.

Giant Purple King. Very large; intense, deep purple. Pkt., 15c.

Giant Lord Beaconsfield. Deep violet, shading in the top petals to white. Pkt., 15c.

Giant Belgian Striped. The enormous size of flower, robust habit of plants, makes this the perfection of striped pansies, being different in form and habit from other striped varieties. Pkt., 15c.

The seed of these pansies is carefully selected and but few if any similar Giant Pansies surpass them in beauty of coloring, size and form.

One packet each above 8 varieties, 75c.

Giant Five Spotted. The best pansy of its type, representing the great improvement made over the Odeur Blotched, it having perfect symmetrical flowers of enormous size. The petals are firm and substantial, beautifully blotched with the richest purple crimson, bordered with white, yellow, and various other shades, making a striking contrast in sections of color and distinct velvety lines. Pkt., 20c.; 2 for 35c.

Trimardeau Improved. These are of more substance, brighter and finer colors than the ordinary Trimardeau; the flowers are very large, of much finer petals, and one of the best collections of Trimardeau sold. Finest mixtures, pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.; 5 pkts., 50c.; 1/8 oz., 50c.

PERFECTION PANSIES.

PERFECTION PANSIES. This strain contains the choicest and latest introductions up to date, in the most rare and beautiful shades and large flowers; for size, variety and rare colors surpass any mixture sold. They are yearly improved by selections from the finest colors, largest flowers and finest variety, and have been awarded many first-class prizes. I add every season the new and improved varieties from France, Germany and England, making them among the very choicest pansies now offered. This mixture contains the most rare and choicest varieties with large flowers, plain and fancy markings of all shades and colors, for bedding; many of the flowers measure 3 inches across. It is doubtful if any other mixture contains so many choice kinds in one packet for the same price. Pkt., 20c.; 3 pkts., 50c.; 6 pkts., \$1; 12 pkts., \$1 75.

NEW VARIETATED
JAPAN HOP.

New Variegated Japan Hop. The original green Japan hop, which in the shortest time became a universal favorite climber, will be outdone by this variegated kind, growing equally fast and looking more attractive. The seed will yield about 80 per cent true in color. Some of the leaves are variegated silvery-white, creamy-white, yellowish-green and dark green. Sown towards end of April 3 to 4 seeds in 3-inch pots; when strong enough plant out. Pkt., 15c.

Ricinus Zanzibariensis.



RICINUS ZANZIBARIENSIS.

A new Castor Oil Bean from East Africa, representing an entirely new and distinct class. The plants attain great dimensions, presenting a splendid aspect with their gigantic leaves, which surpass in size and beauty all the species and varieties known. As soon as these new ricinus are introduced the older varieties will soon disappear; the seeds also are very distinct, of a large size and of new and exquisite tints. Stem, branches and the fruit are of a light green color; the leaves are much larger than older varieties, of a graceful, drooping, oval form, of immense size, 2 to 2 1/2 feet across. Ornamental foliaged plants of great effect for large groups or single specimens. Seed of several varieties, mixed, 25c.

Mammoth Perfection
Cosmos.

Mammoth Perfection Cosmos. The flowers resemble single dahlias, are double the size of the old large flowering Cosmos, measuring 12 to 15 inches in circumference; the petals are broader and overlapping, forming a perfectly round flower, deeply ribbed and of splendid substance. For bouquets and vases this is one of the finest flowers grown, lasting in water for two weeks; the long stems and feathery foliage are very graceful. This new mammoth strain of Cosmos is the glory of the autumn garden; the plants, 5 to 6 feet high, of symmetrical pyramidal form, are one mass of feathery, emerald green foliage, studded with mammoth flowers of white, pink or crimson, enlivening the garden long after more tender flowers have succumbed to early frost; if grown in pots and housed by the end of September, they will flower all winter. Pkt., 25c.

New Giant Coreopsis.

Harvest Moon. One of the finest hardy plants for gardens; flowers average 4 inches across, or nearly double the size of the old Lancelata, and are in every way superior to it, being of deeper yellow, with broader, overlapping, fringed petals; every plant produces hundreds of flowers, blooming continually from June until September; the long, stiff, graceful stems render it of great value to cut for vases and summer bouquets. It is of easiest culture, thriving under almost any condition. Pkt., 25c.

BRAZILIAN MORNING
GLORY.

Ipomoea Setosa.

A summer climbing annual, growing with great vigor. Seed sown May 15 produced plants that covered a trellis 12 feet high by the last of July, and by August 15 the vines were from 30 to 40 feet long and still growing, branching and climbing in all directions. The leaves are 8 to 12 inches across, and are borne from the ground up, overlapping each other and making a dense shade. The vine is covered with short, reddish hairs, while its immense leaves, large clusters of curious seed, render it ornamental and give it a tropical appearance. Good for quickly covering a piazza, arbor or a tree, and where a dense shade is required it has no equal. The flowers open in the morning, are 3 inches or more across, rose color, borne in large clusters very freely from July to frost. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.

NEW HIBISCUS.

Crimson Eye. An elegant strain of hibiscus, entirely distinct, always coming true from seed. It is a robust grower, with dark red stems and foliage. The flowers often measure 6 to 7 inches across. The color is of purest white, with a large spot of deep velvety crimson in the centre of each flower. A well developed plant will produce several hundred flowers in a season; it will succeed anywhere, and is perfectly hardy, blooming the first year from seed in the open ground. Pkt., 15c.

NEW SALVIA.

(*Salvia splendens nana compacta erecta*.)

The finest salvia for bedding yet introduced; plants grow compact about 2 1/2 feet high; produce long spikes of scarlet flowers. Over 200 spikes to a plant is not unusual, and bear from 20 to 30 flowers each. Gorgeous effects can be produced with this plant, massed on the lawn or in the garden, where the brilliant scarlet is simply dazzling; blooms 2 to 4 weeks earlier and much more freely than the old variety. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.

The "Cornucopia" Datura.

The plant is of robust habit, about 3 feet high; stems purplish maroon, flowers average 8 inches long by 5 inches across, are formed of two to three flowers growing one within the other, the interiors being clear white, contrasting with the mottled purple exteriors; the flowers are fragrant. Seeds started early in the house will produce plants that will flower from early summer until frost; often from 200 to 300 flowers are borne in a season. For specimens in the garden is extremely beautiful. Pkt., 25c.

NEW GIANT PETUNIAS
OF CALIFORNIA.

A beautiful Californian strain of large size. The flowers are fringed on the edges, and of enormous dimensions, 4 to 5 inches across; their great merit is in the variety of colors, markings, veins, blotches and stripes, in beautiful combinations; some with deep throats of yellow, white, black, green or maroon, running into veins. The colors are rich and gorgeous and of many delicate shades.

Giants of California. Mixed varieties, including many exquisite sorts. Pkt., 25c.

SWEET-SCENTED PAN-
SIES.

The perfume of the violet, the beauty of the pansy. This new class is the result of crossing the pansy with the sweet violet, retaining "violet" name and producing beautiful pansy-like blossoms, 2 to 2 1-2 inches across, of great substance and of an endless variety of colors. The fancy varieties are exquisitely tinted, striped, blotched, feathered. Their combinations and blendings of color are more harmonious than ordinary pansies. Plants of easy culture, hardy, vigorous, forming compact clumps. Planted in masses, form mats covered with flowers; more perennial than pansies, throwing out new roots annually, they continue to bloom with freedom until autumn. Flowers borne on long stems like the violet directly from the roots, rendering the flowers of value for cutting; not all are equally fragrant, though the majority are as highly scented as the sweetest violet.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 25c.

Echinocystis Lobata.

A species of Wild Cucumber having large black seeds, which is a hardy, fast growing climber. Many inquiries are made for a rapid growing climbing vine for arbors, old fences, unsightly haunts, old buildings. It is a native of the Northwest and will grow and bloom freely under little or no care when seed are once planted; being hardy, will by sowing seed in autumn germinate in early spring making very rapid growth; the greenish white flowers are so numerous as to almost hide the foliage; its fruit appears in autumn the size of small cucumbers. Its freedom from insects and agreeable odor is something to appreciate. All lovers of vines should try this wild cucumber; although not new yet a beautiful and satisfactory ornamental vine. When sown in the spring file or crack the seed.

Echinocystis Lobata. Large black seed, pkt., 15c.; oz., \$1.

Sicyos Angulata. Small white seed, pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.

Novelties, with Rare and Choice Plants.

ROSES.

Mrs. W. C. Whitney. (Hybrid Tea.) A new American seedling of exceedingly free growth and strong, vigorous habit; every shoot produces a flower of a beautiful clear pink, with a fragrance distinct from other roses, combining lemon verbena, heliotrope and sweet centifolia; flowers large and full, and many may be cut with stems 2 feet long, with the best of foliage. Said to produce one-third more flowers

than Bon Silene; it won all first-class medals at the leading flower exhibitions in 1893, including the World's Columbian medal at Chicago. 75c. each.

New Tea Rose, Child's Jewel. Its flowers are of various shades, crimson, shaded orange, blotched and mottled; seldom two flowers alike on one plant; good size, fragrant; free and profuse bloomer as a bedding rose. 35c. each.

Six Leading New Forcing Roses.

American Belle. This new rose originated as a sport from American Beauty, and is considered a great acquisition in the rose family. On repeated exhibitions at Philadelphia, New York, Boston and other large cities it was awarded the highest honors. It is entirely distinct from American Beauty in foliage and color, being of a deep pink when first opened, changing to a lighter shade as the flower develops, possessing the same delightful fragrance peculiar to its parent, equally free in habit of bloom; extensively grown for Philadelphia market. Good strong plants, 4 inch pots, 50c. each; small plants, 35c. each.

Madame Caroline Testout. A new Hybrid Tea of the La France type, larger and better color, delicate pink; good habit of growth and free flowering; larger than La France; strong stems and handsome foliage. A leading New York cut flower grower says: "It is a rose which I think is the best Hybrid Tea the French have sent out up to date; clear pink in color; nothing in the rose line can approach it in color, and the flower is as large as Baroness Rothschild and as free as La France. Will make a sensation in the cut flower market when it is brought in good shape." 25c. each.



AMERICAN BELLE.



EMPRESS AUG. VICTORIA.

Empress Aug. Victoria. Of German origin; the finest white rose for summer; after a trial it can be considered an acquisition; a true Tea rose, pearly white, remarkably fragrant; a strong, healthy grower, with beautiful foliage; habit free; the perfect shaped flowers are borne in profusion on long stems, being valuable for cut flowers; every shoot crowned with a flower. It is now more eagerly sought after than almost any rose on the market; not hardy in our northern latitudes. 25c. each.

Augustine Guinoiseau. White La France. This Hybrid tea is of a very delicate pink or light flesh color; in size and shape resembles its parent; vigorous grower and equal to La France as to blooming. 25c. each.

Meteor. With many an excellent forcing rose; of a deep velvety glowing crimson, medium size, very double, and the best of keeping qualities; a free bloomer under a suitable temperature. 20c. each.

The above collection of six choice forcing roses, \$1.25.

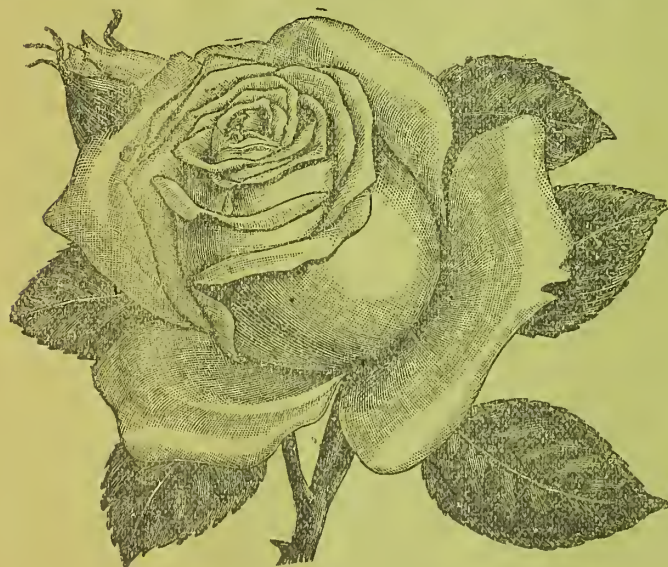
Four Choice Climbing Roses.

For greenhouse rafters or southern mild climate.

Climbing Perle des Jardins. A sport from Perle des Jardins, having the good qualities of its parent; the Climbing Perle is a rapid running rose; for the south it is valuable, being entirely hardy there. For greenhouse climbing it makes a rapid growth as the M. Niel, having tested it for 3 years; it has made a growth of 20 feet or more in one season; blooming freely in winter. 25c. each; \$2 per doz.

Climbing La France. The hardy climbing roses have been almost totally devoid of perfume, and none of them have that form and substance deemed requisite in a high-class rose. La France excels even its parent in size and quality of flower, retains the peach-pink color and the fragrance which have made it the favorite it is. It originated as a sport from La France and has been under trial for the past 4 years, so that its character is fixed. Small plants set out June 15, 1892, attained a growth of 15 feet by October 15. The climbing La France is equally as hardy as its parent. Price, 25c.

Climbing Niphetos. A sport from "Niphetos." A true climber, having the same white, long-pointed



BRIDESMAID.

Bridesmaid. In this new Tea rose we have an improved Catherine Mermet, from which it is a sport. Mermet, on account of its exquisite shape, large, solid, firm buds, with long stiff stems, has long been considered one of the best cut flower varieties. Bridesmaid at all seasons is a clear, delicate pink, in all respects a counterpart of Mermet, with large, handsome pointed buds on long stiff stems. Will prove one of our most valuable forcing varieties for winter flowers. 25c.

buds as its parent; will become popular as an outdoor climbing rose in the South, where it is perfectly hardy. Makes rapid growth for greenhouse climbing as a rafter rose. 25c. each.

New Climbing Malmaison. A "sport" from the well-known *Soyeur de la Malmaison*, similar in flower and foliage, of robust climbing habit; will prove of value to lovers of climbing roses; hardy south of Washington, D. C. Young plants, \$1.

For the Southern and Pacific coast states, or greenhouse rafter roses, these are 4 very valuable new roses. The collection of 4 varieties, \$1.50.



CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. Hardy bedding Rose.

Six Hardy Ever Blooming Roses for Bedding.

Clothilde Soupert. Hardy, ever blooming, makes a fine house rose, and is unsurpassed for bedding. The flowers of Soupert are of full average size, double to the centre, and exquisitely fragrant; color, white, deepening to rosy bluish in the centre. Its value lies in its compact, vigorous habit and profusion of bloom, even the small plants being covered with flowers. The form and substance of the flowers are excellent; too much cannot be said of this rose for bedding. Valuable as it is for garden purposes, it is equal for pot culture. First size, 20c.; \$2 per doz.; 2d size, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz. Small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz.



MRS. PAUL ROSE.

Mrs. Paul. One of the most distinct roses, adapted to out-door bedding; possessing the desired qualities for that purpose; ever-blooming, strong thrifty growth, large, glossy foliage, fine flowers. The color is a bluish white, overlaid with rosy peach; this rich unique coloring is one of its marked characteristics. The outer petals are recurved. For smoothness, richness and finish, it is without a rival. It originated in England, and received numerous medals and certificates at the recent exhibitions; besides, it has received the highest praise from the press there, and our experience confirms what has been said of it. 25c.

Marion Dugee. One of the best new dark crimson roses of American origin, resembles *Agrippina* in freedom and color, but much larger blooms; cup-shaped, quite full and very free; upright on long stems of excellent substance. 25c.

Souvenir de Wooten. One of the finest varieties introduced for either summer or winter blooming; color, beautiful crimson; fragrant; a constant bloomer, nearly every shoot forming a flower bud. It retains its color better than any rose of its class, and is exceedingly vigorous in growth, rendering it one of the most satisfactory roses for either the amateur or commercial florist. Hardy in the open ground in the latitude of New York city. 20c.; 2 per doz.

Mrs. Degraw. A hardy, out-door rose, equaling the tender varieties in profusion of bloom from early summer till frost. Will produce flowers in abundance. Color, glossy pink; fragrant, very strong grower. 20c.

Mary Washington. The introducer states the original stock was recently taken from a rose raised by George Washington at Mount Vernon 100 years ago. It is a hardy, perpetual, ever blooming climber with large, double white flowers, blooming from June to frost. 20c.

The collection of above six varieties, 3 or 4 inch pots, \$1.00. Are among the best newer varieties of recent introduction. Free in growth and bloom.

Eight excellent Bedding Roses from 4 inch pots.

- Maria Van Houtte, Agrippina,**
- Hermosa, Bon Silene,**
- Safrano, Duchesse de Bra-**
- Malmaison, baut,**
- Sou. de Wooten, La France.**

Price, strong plants, 4 inch pots, above 9, \$1.50. This collection are free growers, good bloomers, and good hedders for summer.

For 12 hardy roses, see description, page 52 to 56. The following are among the best:

- ANNIE DIESBACH,**
- B. ROTHCHILD,**
- PAUL NEYRON,**
- CAPT. CHRISTY,**
- GEN. JACQUEMINOT,**
- JOHN HOPPER,**
- PERSIAN YELLOW,**
- MDM. PLANTIER,**
- MERVILLE DE LYON,**
- ULRICH BRUNER,**
- SALET. MOSS ROSE. Red.**
- COMTE MAURANAISE. White Moss.**

Large Strong Plants.

Five and six inch pots, 50c. each, \$5 per doz.; four inch pots, 25c. to 35c. each, \$2.50 per doz., six of above at dozen rates. A collection of six varieties, or a collection of twelve varieties at above rates.

NEW CARNATIONS.

1894.

Helen Keller. Very large and fragrant. White, dotted scarlet; well formed flower. One of the best new varieties. 20c. each.

Adelaide Kresken. The best of the new deep pink; grows 18 to 24 inches, with long stiff stems; flowers very large and perfect form. Awarded seven premiums and certificates of merit. Can be cut with stems 15 to 18 inches long. A perpetual bloomer; first class in every respect. 25c. each.

Bouton d'Or. Sent out as the best new yellow carnation. Large flower; long, stiff stems. Yellow, dotted carmine. 25c.

E. A. Wood. Large flower; light pink, dotted carmine; fine form; perfect flower.



L. C. Haettel. Said to be one of the most prolific bloomers grown; perpetual habit; flowers good size, frilled, laced and cut petals, of pure white and very fragrant. 20c. each.

Hawaii. Ground color white, striped carmine; quite distinct from other varieties. 20c. each.

Edna Craig. The finest carnation of the Wilder. Pink, large, heavy fringed petals; flower produced on long, stiff stems; a continual bloomer. 20c. each.

Sweet Brier. Winner of the first premium of any color at Philadelphia in 1893. Delicate pink, strong grower, perpetual bloomer, fragrant, good size and form on long stems. 25c. each.

Wm. Scott. Clear pink, early and free; the blooms are perfect and good size. 20c. each.



NEW MALMAISON PINK.

New Carnation Malmaison. This wonderful new carnation actually grows to the size of 4 inches in diameter, being of a beautiful shade of Malmaison pink or bluish; the fragrance is exquisite and most delicious of all carnations; this is the most fashionable variety in London for all uses of this flower. 40c. each.

Daybreak. The most popular forcing and selling carnation at the present time; flowers very large, stems 12 to 18 inches long; is of the most delicate pink you can imagine; healthy grower and free perpetual bloomer. Plants, 10c. each; \$1 per doz. Large plants, 15c. to 20c. each; \$1.50 to \$2 per doz.

New Pink, Her Majesty. This is far ahead of anything yet seen among white carnations; now being grown by the acre in England to supply the markets with white flowers; it has been the great attraction of all exhibitions, and has been awarded nine first-class certificates, being the greatest number ever awarded to any plant of this character. 20c. each.



New Chrysanthemums.

Novelties for 1894.

Engene Dailedouze. Everyone who wants a grand yellow, large, full, double, glowing color, stiff stem, good foliage and free grower should have this new variety; color clear and bright; folding close like Kioto; won first prize at Chicago World's Fair, also at Philadelphia, New York and Toronto; awarded first premium fall of 1893. \$1 each.

Mrs. E. G. Hill. Very early, ready to cut Oct. 10; blooms eight inches in diameter, incurved full to the centre. Color a pleasing shade of delicate pink; long, stiff stems and good foliage. 50c. each.

Challenge. A perfect globe of yellow; stem strong; foliage extra good and somewhat dwarf, requiring no tying. Excellent for both exhibition and commercial purposes; being late is in full bloom Nov. 25 to 30. It won the \$100 premium for best seedling against 54 varieties at the Chicago World's Fair. \$1 each.

Mutual Friend. This flower presents a bold and peculiar make up different from others, not one in a thousand like it in form. It has a reflexed form of petals; very large; pure white; 7 to 10 inches across, of great depth, full to the centre; stiff stems, heavy foliage, within 6 inches of the flower. One of the best for keeping, blooming a week later than Ivory; grows medium height. 50c. each.

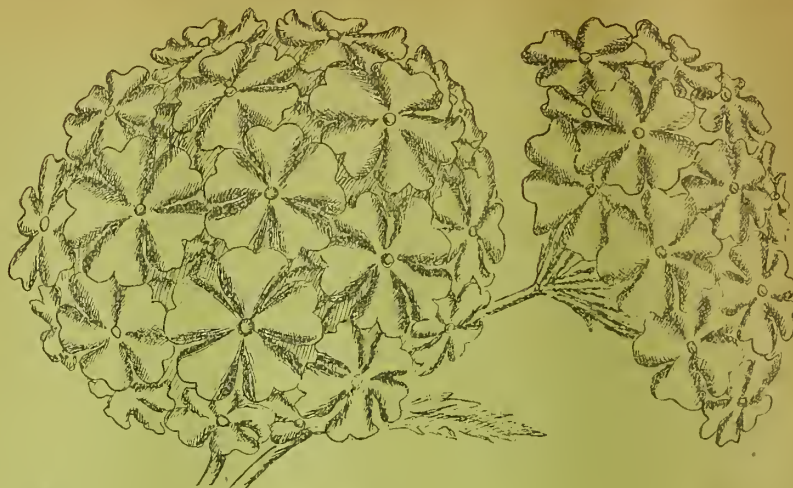
Major Bonaffon. A soft, clear, incurved yellow, full in centre, 6 to 7 inches across and nearly as deep. Perfect form and finish like Ivory. At its best dwarf in habit; good keeping qualities; foliage well up to the flower, strong stem. An ideal variety. Awarded World's Fair medal and bound to be a leading variety. 75c. each.

Marion Henderson. A new early yellow, considered the best early of its color, full to the centre and lasts a long time; the first blooms being cut October 10, two weeks before other large yellows are ready. Keep well on the plant, and flowers do not drop off as many other early bloomers often do. 40c.

New Early Flowering Section of Chrysanthemum.

From M. Delaux of France.

This new class are of large flowering type, fringed flowers, blooming 4 to 6 weeks earlier than Japanese and Chinese class, and flowers nearly as large. A great advance in early blooming chrysanthemums. Six best varieties selected from a large collection, 25c. each.



NEW VERBENA, AMERICAN FLAG.

VERBENA.

The most attractive and distinct verbena ever cultivated. Novel in markings and manner of coloring. The flowers are of large size and most heartfully marked like our American flag, causing many comments. "What a beautiful verberna." The centre of each petal is of a broad white band, the edges marked with a broad stripe of carmine, regular and evenly striped. Having tested this verberna for three years, both out doors and greenhouse culture, it has always proved as strong, robust and healthy in growth, perfectly free from rust or mildew as any standard named variety, blooming as free as the very best, being a mass of bloom from June to October. 10c. each; 3 for 25c., 85c. per doz.

NEW DWARF FRENCH CANNAS.



MDM. CROZY.

Alphonse Bouvier. A deep, rich crimson, velvety, overlaid with dazzling red. It is a strong grower, attaining a height of 6 feet, and is so very free-blooming that from the opening to the close of the blooming season it is a constant mass of deep red bloom. 25c.

Capt. Suzoni. Large, yellow flowers, foliage broad similar to a banana; 5 to 6 feet high. 50c.

Charles Henderson. A magnificent variety, named by M. Crozy. The flowers are deep, rich crimson, borne in compact, symmetrical heads, above a rich green foliage. The habit of the plants is dwarf—about 3 1-2 feet high—but the foliage is broad and

massive. Taken all in all, this variety may well be considered the finest of recent importations. 50c.

Golden Rod. Clear golden yellow, seedling from Mdm. Crozy, resembling it in habit and form; the color is clear without scarlet spots. \$1.

Mdm. Crozy. The best large flowering, dwarf canna for bedding or pots. Grows 2 1-2 to 3 feet high, with clusters almost as large as gladiolus, of a brilliant scarlet with a narrow yellow border, produced from June to October, and when lifted in September will continue to bloom in the house for 2 or 3 months; the best for bedding. Mdm. Crozy makes the most attractive bed for summer blooms of all plants, and is extensively used; well adapted for vases and tuhs. 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.



CANNA BED.

Among the newer varieties for hedging Mdm. Crozy, in a bed by itself, gives an attractive, showy effect. For a circular bed use A. Bouvier for centre, C. Suzoni for a second circle, or Nellie Bowden, yellow, with a border of Mdm. Crozy. These are all new, large flowering, showy, attractive flowers, making very effective beds. For a bed 8 feet across it will require 36 plants, and cost from \$6 to \$8. It can be made smaller or larger to suit taste or surroundings. For other cannas see page 46.

PELARGONIUM.

Apple Blossom Pelargonium. This plant makes an excellent house ornament, blooming perpetually from March to November, with hundreds of blooms on a good size plant; each flower as large as a

25 cent piece, of pink and white color, very attractive and efficient plant to obtain at times. Have only a limited stock. Good size plants, 50c.; small size, 25c.



MDM. THIBAUT.

Pelargonium, Mdm. Thibaut. The most beautiful of all its class, an early bloomer, large, frilled, almost double flowers; color, deep rosy blush, edged white, mottled with maroon; each flower as large as a 50 cent piece. No pelargonium compares with this beautiful variety. Large plants, 50c.; small size, 25c.



Otahette Orange. A dwarf orange which bears a profusion of fragrant flowers and edible fruit. One of the most effective plants for the house. Those we offer are strong plants, which will flower and bear fruit the coming season. 25c.; large size, 50c.

NEW HARDY ENGLISH VIOLET.

This is darker than Maria Louise violet. Very hardy, double, deep violet and very fragrant, growing and blooming in any garden, remaining in open ground without injury. 25c. each.

CYPERUS ALTERINFOLIUS.

Known also as **Umbrella Plant.** A graceful, easy growing plant, adapted to house culture in pots. For fern cases or aquarium is much used. As a plant for decorative foliage or used for vases is valuable. Seed 10c. per packet. Plants, 25c. each.

NEW TUBEROSE.



ALBINO TUBEROSE.

Stephanotis, or some species of Jessamine as much as a Tuberose, both in appearance and fragrance, for the odor is less heavy than that of the ordinary Tuberose. Price, 10c. each; \$1 per doz. If by mail, add 10c. per doz. extra.

Albino. Early flowering, branching. See cover illustration. The distinct features of this single white tuberose are, the petals recurve gracefully, adding to the size of the flower; the spikes are very large and evenly filled; flowers in July and August, throwing from two to five flower stems from a single bulb, and these again are often branched. The flower being of the purest waxy white, make it one of the most valuable plants introduced for cut flowers. Is so distinct that it might be said to resemble a

NEW ANEMONE.

Whirlwind. Habit same as other yellow Japan anemones; semi-double flowers, pure white, abundant bloomer, lasting a longer time than older varieties; very hardy in open ground in winter. 30c. each.

GYPSOPHILA.

Bridal Veil. The graceful habit formed in fine, delicate sprays of white flowers render it very valuable for all cut flower work, blooming from June to August; is hardy blooming from year to year in open ground; when dried makes good winter bouquets. Seed, per pkt., 10c. Plants, 20c. each.

GERANIUMS.



BRUANT GERANIUM.

Six distinct and choice large flowering Single Geraniums.

Strong plants, 3 to 4 inch pots, 20c. each. Set of six for \$1.00.

Copernic. The flowers are round, full circle, of a rosy carmine, distinct and new shade from other varieties; truss large on long stems. Awarded a certificate of merit in London. One of the best new varieties of recent introduction.

Acton. A new, large flowering scarlet. The largest and best of its color. Flowers full, plant free, color brilliant scarlet; excellent for pot culture or bedding.

Mrs. E. G. Hill. A novelty of last year, of the Bruant type. Flowers 2-2 to 3 inches across, of a rosy salmon, veined rose, frequently throwing six petals, resembling a rare begonia bloom.

Mons. P. Olmhel. Vermilion scarlet with orange shadings, not a common shade among geraniums. Very attractive, carrying trusses on long stems of the Bruant type; flowers very large; always attracts attention.

Protec. Among the Bruant varieties, this is of distinct shadings from others, with large, full, round flowers of immense size. Plant of fine habit and foliage, free blooming. The color is of a silvery rose, with shadings and markings of carmine; one of the best and most distinct of the Bruant race.

Mdm. du Luc. Among single pinks of recent introduction, this is placed as the best. The shade is of a beautiful light rose; large flower and truss; habit of plant free and robust growth.

Six Choice Double Geraniums.

Strong plants, 4 inch pots, 20c. each. Collection of six for \$1.00.

Alfred Tennyson. The flower is of perfect shape, trusses very large, borne in spherical balls, measuring eight inches in diameter; semi-double; color, vermilion red; for bedding or pot culture the best of its color.

Henri Bornier. One of the finest double whites offered of recent years. Truss pure white and plant covered with bloom. Stronger and more full than La Favorite.

Montesque. Of a soft, beautiful pink, form of a rose; large flower, circular in form. One of the best of its color.

W. P. Simmons. Of the dark red varieties this is the best of the latest introductions. Flowers large, good truss, free habit, and blooms abundantly.

California. Among the orange yellow this is the most distinct in color of the newer varieties. Growth equal to any of its color; truss of good size, and quite double flowers.

Beanty Portevine. Large, semi-double flower; truss of immense size; free as a pot plant or bedding; color, brilliant scarlet; the best of its color.

STRAWBERRY.



MICHAEL'S EARLY.

Michael's Early Strawberry. Many growers find it of great advantage to cultivate early varieties. Often inquiries are made, what is the best early strawberry. The Michael's Early is of recent introduction, having personally tested it for three years, with the trials of several experiment stations, growing 30 other leading varieties, it has proved the earliest productive strawberry now in the market. It ripens here from the 10th to the 15th of June, maturing its main crop early within ten days, usually from the 20th to 25th of June here. Of good size, bright red, quite firm, productive, good grower, with abundance of runners. Ripens fully a week earlier than Crescent and is perfect flowering. Price, strong vigorous plants, 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; add 15c. per 100 if by mail.

For superior quality, form and beauty of flowers, and fine mixtures, our Pansies, Asters, Sweet Peas, Verbenas, Pinks, Dianthus and Phlox receive many first-class premiums each year.

Note Rose collections on pages 52 to 57, Carnations on page 44, Geraniums on page 48.

Flower Seed Department.

GENERAL COLLECTION.



SOWING SEED.

Each year beginners are cautioned to carefully attend to the sowing of seed, to use care in firming the dry earth about them, sowing tender varieties too early or when the earth is too cold and wet. The three features to disadvantage in sowing time are low temperature, compacting rains and high winds; a constant watch may be given. Seed need heat to germinate, and if planted early should not be covered too deep, but as near the surface as moisture can be secured. Often it is important that seed should come up promptly; compacting rains followed by hot sun and drying winds crust the earth, preventing the germ from forcing itself through. The temperature at which different seed will germinate may well be borne in mind. Actual experiments have shown that some of the cultivated plants will germinate at the low average temperature following: peas, 45°; corn, 48°; bean, 40°; squash, 54°; tubs if the average temperature with proper moisture could be controlled at 48°, corn can be planted; if lower than 45°, it would be unwise. Florists regulate the temperature of the greenhouse by thermometers, varying the degrees from a

tropical, medium, and low atmosphere, as required for the varieties of seeds or plants.

Compacting earth in dry weather is of importance to insure the necessary moisture, and I have often found it advisable to open the row, sow the seed, following with a can of water to moisten the soil sufficiently, immediately covering, firming the ground. Cabbage planted in this way in dry weather, in an average temperature of 60° will break the ground in five days, while if covered in dry soil only a small per cent will grow, and many failures are made in seed planting for want of proper moisture and firming when first put in the ground in a dry time.

The time of sowing to germinate well is regulated by the condition of the season and soil. In this section, flower seeds are sown in open ground from the 10th to the 20th of May, as the weather is then warm and the soil mellow and settled in the best condition to receive seed to germinate quickly. If much earlier, the ground is too cold and wet to receive them, causing more frequent complaints. Many seed of a hardy nature, like Pansies, Sweet Peas, Candytuft, Alyssum, Dianthus, Sweet William and Hollyhock, can often be sown by the 15th of April, as they delight in a cool soil and air. Should they appear above ground and be overtaken by a slight frost, it will not injure them. In order not to mislead those unacquainted with the subject, the 10th to the 20th of May is the most successful part of the season for planting seeds of all kinds in this section in open ground. Too early it is often cold and unfavorable, too late it is often too hot and dry. All seed of a fine, delicate and tender nature should be sown in shallow boxes where special care can be given in regulating heat, moisture and partial shading from too hot exposure to the sun. Careless sowing, either too deep or too shallow, unfavorable weather, and inattention after the plants are out of the ground, are causes of most general complaints. Whoever sows them is not always in fault however. In many cases it is often placed in care of careless and inexperienced help; the seedsman is then blamed by those who do not understand the nature of the different kinds of seeds.

For nearly all kinds of flower seeds it is the safest to start in the house in shallow boxes; when of sufficient size, transplant in the open ground, if weather is favorable and all signs of frost have disappeared. A safe rule is to cover no deeper than the thickness of the seed. In sowing all fine seed like Petunia, Begonia, Calceolaria, Coleus, Cyclamen, Carnation, Geranium and Primrose, prepare shallow boxes two inches deep, fill with fine, pulverized soil; sow the seed in rows two inches apart, which is preferred rather than broadcast; cover seed one-sixteenth of an inch with finest of soil, then moisten well and cover with paper; if you have panes of glass to cover the box, it will keep the temperature more even and gather moisture, requiring little if any water until the seeds are up. Care should be taken to leave the glass open a little for the circulation of air. As soon as the seedlings appear, remove the paper and glass, give air and all the sun they can have, causing them to grow strong and stocky; when they have shown second or third leaf, transplant into pots or cold-frame. When weather is warm, plant in the open ground. Seeds of a hardy nature, to germinate, require a temperature of 45° to 70°, those of a tender nature, not less than 60° at night, or about 80° in the sun.

All who have not time to start seeds in boxes or otherwise early, can follow

General Directions for their Culture.

Hardy Annuals may be sown in the month of May or June. For garden culture, use a light, fine compost, composed of garden soil and well rotted manure in equal parts, spreading a few shovelfuls where the seed is to be sown, to strengthen and increase the growth of the young plants, sowing the seed where the plants are intended to bloom, and regulate the depth of the sowing by the size of the seeds. As soon as the young plants are an inch or two high, thin out and keep the earth loose and free from weeds by frequent hoeing.

Hardy Biennials and Perennials require the same treatment as Hardy Annuals. In addition to the above, they may be sown in the open border in September, and as soon as the frost appears, cover slightly with straw or dry litter, so as to protect them from the severity of the winter. As soon as the weather will permit in the spring, the covering should be removed, and the earth loosened.

Half Hardy and Tender Annuals should be sown in a light, sandy compost, in pots or shallow boxes, in March or April, placed in a warm room or in a moderate hot-bed. The finer seeds should be but slightly covered and the soil pressed closely over them; if the house or frame is very warm they should be frequently watered. As soon as the seed leaf is fully developed, transplant into shallow boxes, two or three inches apart, and when they have acquired sufficient strength, which will be about the latter part of May, transplant into flower beds.

Seed should not be sown in the open ground in this vicinity before the middle of May. More failures are caused by too early sowing than by any other cause. As soon as the ground becomes warm, all seeds can be sown.

Annuals bloom the first year and die.

Biennials bloom the second year and die; some, when sown early, bloom the first and second year.

Perennials generally bloom the second year, growing and blooming for many years.

Climbers of Rapid Growth.

(From seed.)

Abobra,	*Adlumia,
Aristolochia,	Balloon Vine,
Byronopsis,	*Clematis,
Canary Bird Flower,	Cobaea
Chanthus,	Cucumls,
Cypress Vine,	Dolichos,
*Everlasting Pea,	Hyacinth Bean,
Humulus,	Morning Glory,
Iponoea,	Moon Flower,
Maurandia,	Ornamental Gourd,
Nasturtium, tall,	Sweet Pea,
Smitax,	Thunbergia,
Tropeolum,	Wild Cucumber,
Brazilian Morning Glory,	

Everlasting Flowers.

Aerocolumm, **Anemobium**,
Globe Amaranthus, **Gypsophila**,
Helichrysum, **Honesty**,
Ornamental Grass, **Rodanthe**,
Xeranthemum.

Large Plants for Groups.

Amaranthus, **Canna**,
***Hollyhoek**, **Hibiscus**,
Musa, **Sunflower**,
Kleinus, **Castor Bean**.

Seed for Ribbon Beds or Borders.

***Alyssum**, **Aster**,
***Candytuft**, **Centarea**,
***Dianthus**, **Dwarf Ageratum**,
Lobelia, **Petunia**,
***Pansy**, **Portulaca**,
Phlox Drummondii.

Seed for House or Hot-house.

(Requiring careful attention.)

Abutilon, **Begonia**,
Calceolaria, ***Carnation**,
Chrysanthemum, ***Clematis**,
Cilanthus, **Colous**,
Clucaria, **Cyclamen**,
Cobea, **Centaura**,
Erythrina, **Fuchsia**,
Dahlia, **Echeveria**,
Gadlola, **Geranum**,
Gloxinia, **Lobelia**,
Lantana, **Petunia**,
Oxalis, **Primula**,
***Pyrethrum**, **Salvia**,
Stork, **Viola**,
Smilax.

Free Flowering Annuals.

Perennials, hardy and half hardy.

Ageratum, ***Alyssum**,
Amaranthus, **Aster**,
Balsam, **Bellis**,
Calendula, **Campanula**,
Calliopsis, ***Candytuft**,
***Carnation**, **Celosia**,
Cosmos, ***Dianthus**,
***Daisy**, **Marigold**,
Petunia, **Mignonette**,
***Pansy**, **Portulaca**,
Nasturtium, **Poppy**,
Phlox, ***Pinks**,
Scabiosa, **Salvia**,
Sweet Pea, **Stocks**,
Zinnia, **Verbena**.

*Hardy to live in open ground over winter.

Seeds in collection from above, 60 cents' worth for 50 cents; \$1.30 worth for \$1; purchaser's choice.

MY TWELVE SPECIALTIES IN FLOWER SEEDS.

Asters, **Hollyhoek**,
Pansies, **Nasturtium**,
Sweet Peas, **Popples**,
Petunias, **Verbenas**,
Phlox Drummondii, **Primulas**,
Dianthus, **Zinnias**.

INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS.

FOR FLOWER SEED ONLY.

For Discount on Vegetable Seed, see General List.

No Discount on oz. or lb. in Flower or Vegetable Seed.

To those who may club together and send their orders in one letter, and for the purpose of encouraging such clubs, I offer the following terms:

Persons may select flower seeds in single packets at catalogue prices, as follows:

For	\$ 1	you may select	\$1.30
..	2	..	2.65
..	3	..	4.00
..	4	..	5.50
..	5	..	7.25
..	10	..	13.50
..	12	..	18.00
..	15	..	22.50
..	20	..	30.00

No variation will be made from above rates. Prices to dealers, whose orders exceed the above amount, will be given on application. They will be put together in separate packages and sent to one address, postage paid. I will make the same allowance to any one person ordering for himself alone.

All flower seed sent by mail on receipt of price in packet and oz. At lb. rates add 8c. per lb.

This discount not allowed on plants.

ASTERS.

Special care and attention is given to my collection of Asters as to form, habit, color, doubleness, and free blooming qualities. The collection will be found one of the best known.

Among the earliest to bloom are the Queen of Earlies, Comet, Globe Flowered, Lilliput, Boston Florist's; of the later ones, Truffaut's, Chrysanthemum Flowered, Washington, New Branching, Victoria.

The aster does best in deep, light, rich soil; if fine specimen flowers are wanted for exhibition, liquid manure occasionally will give fine and marked results. Seed may be sown in the hot-bed, greenhouse or cold frame for early use, and in the open ground in favorable weather in May, to bloom in September and October. Is easily transplanted, and usually set 8 to 12 inches apart. Engravings are given of some of the most useful varieties. The aster does best when the days are bright, followed by cool nights. Half-hardy annuals.

*Aster, Truffaut's Peony-Flowered Perfection, Improved. Very double, of fine form, round. About 20 shades mixed. 1-8 oz., 30c; large pkt., 10c.; or the six colors in six separate packets for 50c., viz.:

- Snow White. 1-8 oz., 35c.,
- Rose. 1-8 oz., 35c.,
- Dark Crimson and White Striped,
- Violet. 1-8 oz., 35c.,
- Glowing Dark Crimson. 1-8 oz., 35c.,
- Light Blue. 1-8 oz., 35c.,



BOSTON FLORIST'S WHITE.

Rose-Flowered. A splendid variety, beautiful in form and habit; flowers of large size. 1-8 oz., 35c.; 10 colors of choicest double, mixed, 10

Rose-Flowered. Dark crimson, awarded a first-class certificate, 10

Rose-Flowered White, 10

Boston Florist's White. The flowers are of medium size, of fine form and decidedly beautiful;

All flower seeds not grown by myself are obtained from responsible American and European growers, and thoroughly tested before sent out.



TRUFFAUT'S PEONY FLOWERED.

grow about 15 inches high, very prolific in bloom, and of excellent habit; one of the very best for all purposes where cut flowers are wanted, and fine when bedded out. 1-8 oz., 50c., 10
Boston Florist. Rose color, 10
 " " Blue, 10



PEONY-FLOWERED GLOBE.

Peony-Flowered Globe. For florists and bouquet makers this is an excellent variety, on account of

its round, double, full form, medium size flowers, and extreme earliness, blooming two weeks in advance of Truffant's. For general purposes a very useful variety. About 12 varieties, mixed, 10
 Large pkts., 5
 Small pkts., mixed colors, 5
Variegated, Dark Crimson, Blue, Violet, White, Rose. Each color separate, 10
 One package each of the 6 colors separate, 50
 1-4 oz., mixed colors, 40
Dwarf Chrysanthemum-Flowered. About 9 inches high, large flowers; compact in habit, blooming late. Choice mixed colors, 10



DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED.

Dwarf Chrysanthemum-Flowered. Pure white, 10
Lilliput Pompon White. One of the most useful of asters for cut flowers. Quilled, distinct and beautiful, of medium size; flowers about 12 inches



VICTORIA.

big, blooms early and continues late; for florists and bouquet makers can be made of much value where white flowers are wanted; remains a long time in bloom. 1-8 oz., 25c.; pkt., 10



LILLIPUT.

Lilliput. Mixed colors, pkt., 10
Prolific. An exceedingly fine class, very free to bloom; good size; excellent habit; 12 inches high; first-class; 6 colors, mixed, 10
The above are among the best 8 varieties, one pkt. of each, mixed colors, 60
Betteredge's Quilled. An improved form of quilled aster. The flowers are of fine form and brilliant colors; 2 feet; finest mixed, 5
Betteredge's New Yellow, 15

Victoria. One of the finest of all the class of asters. My strain is from the best improved from special selections of 20 varieties. 1-8 oz., 40c.
 Mixed, 10
 Six separate colors, per pkt., 10
 Six colors, six pkts., 50
 Viz.: **White, Rose, Blue, Crimson, Variegated, Violet.** 1-8 oz. of each color, 50
Victoria Yellow. New light yellow, 10

Diamond. Dwarf imbricque pompon improved; 12 inches high, medium size flowers of the greatest perfection, brilliant in color, recommended by the floral committee of the Royal Horticultural society; mixed colors, 10c. Separate colors of white, rose, crimson, pkt., 10

Trophy. Pompon Globe improved. For general purposes one of the prettiest and most useful; altogether extremely showy; mixed colors, 10

Jewel or Ball. A new class, with short petals and round flowers. Pkt., 15

Princess Aster, Snowball. Introduced in 1891. One of the finest white, similar to Mignon, shorter petals; resembling White Lilliput dahlia; continues a long time in bloom; excellent for florists and cut flowers. Pkt., 15

Queen of the Market. Three weeks earlier than other asters. Fine colors mixed, 5

Pure White, 10



COMET.

Comet. This variety is distinct from any other class, having curled petals like a Japanese chrysanthemum; colors, **deep rose, blue, variegated, lilac, carmine, white, mixed,** 10
Comet. Rose color, 10
Comet. White, 15
Comet, Giant. White; new; pkt., 15
Triumph. Eight inches high; dark crimson, 15
Dwarf Paeony Perfection. One of the finest; free and excellent habit; perfect form, 10
Imbricque Pompon. Fine form; globe shape; mixed colors, 5
Newest Dwarf Bouquet. Good for edging or small beds; mixed colors, 5
Crown or Cocardeau. Very handsome; large blooms, the centre of each flower pure white, surrounded by many brilliant colors. All colors, mixed. 1-8 oz., 40c.; pkt., 10



WASHINGTON ASTER.

Washington. The largest aster; flowers 5 inches in diameter, and perfectly double; 6 colors mixed, 10
Washington. White, 10

Goliath. From 2 to 2 1/2 feet in height, covered with flowers immense in size, measuring upwards of 5 inches in diameter, and very double; mixture of 5 colors, 5

Boltz's Miniature Bouquet Pyramidal. About 8 inches; constant in height and habit of plants; pretty, and extremely free flowering, 5

Mignon. Mixed colors, 10

Mignon. White, 10

Dwarf Victoria. One of the finest of the dwarf varieties; 8 best varieties, mixed, 10

Twelve packets at 10c., selected from 12 varieties of above Asters, mixed colors, \$1

Globe Quilled, New. White with blood-red centre. This is one of the finest quilled raised. Even habit of growth, and its flowers are large, of good shape, of a strikingly beautiful color. Effective for beds or groups, and valuable for cutting. Pkt., 10

Queen of Earlies. The earliest of all varieties, blooming in June; free; pure white; pkt., 10

Simple's New Branching. The best of new asters for cut flowers; late; long stem; resemble chrysanthemums; 3 colors mixed, 15

Vick's White Branching, 25



ABOBRA.

ADLUMIA CIRRHOSA.

ABOBRA.

Abobra Verdiflora. A rapid climbing gourd, producing scarlet fruits, forming a contrast with the dark foliage. Six feet. Half-hardy perennial. Per packet, 5

ABRONIA.

Creeping plants, with verberna-like heads of sweet scented flowers. Half-hardy annuals.

Abronia Umbellata Grandiflora. Rosy lilac, ½ foot, 5

Abronia Arenaria. Yellow, ½ foot, 5

ACONITUM.

Monkshood, Wolfsbane.

Showy, hardy perennials, growing well under trees, shrubberies, or other shaded situations.

Aconitum Napellus. Blue and white; 2 feet, 5

ACROCLINIUM.

An everlasting flower, used for winter bouquets; cut before they are fully expanded. Half-hardy annual.

Mixed colors. White and rose, 5
" Double, 5

ADONIS.

Embraces several border flowers. Quite showy, remaining a long time in bloom; hardy annuals. Sow seed in open ground.

Adonis. Mixed colors, 5

ADLUMIA.

A beautiful climbing plant of graceful habit; hardy perennial.

***Adlumia Cirrhosa.** (Mountain fringe.) White, 15 feet; graceful foliage, pink flowers, 5

AGROSTEMMA.

Free bloomers, grown in masses, and valuable for cutting. Sow in beds where they are to bloom, thinning out the plants to 6 inches; flowers resemble single pinks; grow 12 inches high. Colors are scarlet, rose, crimson.

Agrostemma. Mixed colors, 5

AGERATUM.

Bloom throughout the summer, and if lifted and potted in the fall and placed in a warm room or greenhouse will give a succession of flowers all winter; useful for bouquets, lasting a long time. Seed can be sown early in boxes or in open ground in May; half-hardy annual.

Ageratum. Pure white or blue, 5

Dwarf Tom Thumb. Blue or white, 5

" Mixed, 5

Lasseauxii. Fine rose color, valuable for cutting, 5

ALONSOA.

Free flowering bedding plants, continuing in bloom until killed by frost; also good house plants. Half-hardy annuals.

Choice Mixed Varieties, 5

Grandiflora Scarlet, 5



ALYSSUM COMPACTUM.

ALYSSUM.

Used for edging or rock work, blooming all summer; much used for cut flower work on account of their delicate appearance and fragrance; good for vases, ribbon lines or edgings of beds.

Alyssum, Sweet. White, very sweet; hardy annual. Per ounce, 25c.; ¼ ounce, 10c.; per packet, 5

Alyssum, Sweet Compactum. (See cut.)

Compact dwarf, very pretty; hardy annual; good for baskets, ribbon lines, edgings. Flower equally as large and useful as the common variety. ¼ ounce, 20c.; per packet, 5

Saxatile. Yellow; hardy perennial, 5



AMARANTHUS, JOSEPH'S COAT.

AMARANTHUS CAUDATUS.

AMARANTHUS.

An ornamental class of plants, grown for the attractive foliage in autumn; valuable for grouping; half-hardy annual.

Amaranthus Caudatus. (Love lies bleeding.) Red; graceful, 5

Bicolor Ruber, 5

Hypocandriachus. (Prince's Feather.) Crimson, 5

Tricolor Gigantens. (Joseph's Coat.) Leaves red, yellow and green; very handsome, 5

AMMOBIUM.

A useful everlasting for making dried winter bouquets, forming a showy plant for the garden; hardy annual.

Ammobium Alatum. Grandiflora, large, white, 5

ANAGALIS.

Dwarf, compact plants, adapted for ornamental baskets, rock work, edgings and small beds; succeed best in light, rich soil in a sunny situation; covered with flowers the whole summer. Half hardy annual.

Grandiflora. Finest mixed, red, blue, crimson, 5

ANTIRRHINUM.

Snapdragon.

Useful summer and autumn flowering, half-hardy perennials; markings like the carnation in the variety of its spots and stripes.

Antirrhinum Majus. Striped varieties, mixed; 12 inches high, 5

Tom Thumb. Brightest colors, mixed, 5 inches high, 5

ASPARAGUS.

Broussoneti. Beautiful hardy perennial climber, growing 10 feet high; feathery foliage and scarlet berries; in the autumn this is a very ornamental object. (See cut.) Per packet, 10



ASPARAGUS BROUSSONETI.

Asparagus Plumosa Nana. A rapid climbing vine for greenhouse culture, used in cut flower work. Per packet of 10 seeds, 50



ASPERULA.

ASPERULA.

A profuse blooming, hardy annual, attaining an average growth of 1 foot; flowers are light blue, sweet scented, and last a long time.

Asperula Azurea Sotosa. Blue, 5

AQUILEGIA. Columbine.

Showy, early summer blooming plants; attractive; hardy perennial.

Aquilegia Alba Flora Pleno. Pure white, double, 5

Mixed Double. All colors, yellow, red, variegated, etc. 10 sorts, 5



BALSAM (IMPROVED CAMELLIA FLOWERED).

BALSAM.

Like the aster, a very useful annual; a continual bloomer. The flowers are often used in arranging floral designs, baskets of flowers, etc. Being yearly improved,

particularly in the camellia and rose-flowered sections, one would scarcely imagine the difference from the old flower.

- Double Rose-Flowered.** One of the most useful, 10
- Improved Camellia-Flowered.** Double flower, for exhibition purposes; mixed, 10
- Crimson, Scarlet, Scarlet Spotted, Rose, Violet, Striped, White.** Separate colors, 10
- Collection of 7 distinct varieties as above, 50
- Double White Perfection.** Perfect in form, pure white, 20
- Camellia-Flowered, Spotted.** (German.) The choicest, all spotted with white. Mixed colors, 10
- Carnation.** Double, striped like a carnation, 10
- Solferino.** White, with stripes and spots, 10
- Atroanguinea Plenissima.** Deep red, 10
- Common Double.** Often but semi double, 5

BARTONIA.

Plants of a succulent character; large, golden flowers, expanding only in the middle of the day. When in perfection is a fine plant, although its habits and foliage are less attractive than some others; in size and brilliancy of blossoms it is inferior to none. Hardy annual.

Bartonia Aurea. Golden yellow; 1 foot, 5

BEGONIA.



TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIA.

Used for planting in the garden for summer decorations, as pot plants for the house or conservatory, or forcing for cut flowers. The flowers are drooping and of various colors. Largely used in cut flowers and baskets. Treat the bulbs of the tuberous-rooted varieties the same as Gloxinias.

Begonia, Tuberous-Rooted. Fine summer bloomers, very showy; free blooming bedding or pot plants for the summer, ranging in all shades of white, yellow, rose, variegated, scarlet; brilliant and attractive. Flowers from 2 to 5 inches across; plants grow 1 foot high. Sow seed any time from February to August, giving the same treatment as Gloxinias. Being bulbous roots and summer flowering, they remain dormant in a warm, dry place in winter, from 45 to 60 degrees. They are largely used for bedding out in summer, and deserve extensive cultivation. The seed offered is saved from the finest European hybrids.

Seed, pkt., 15
 Bulbs, single flowering, mixed colors, 15
 " double " " " 25
 " separate colors, 15

Begonia Hybrida. The seed has been saved by one of the most extensive growers of winter flowering varieties, from the choicest collection, 25

BALLOON VINE.

Cardiospermum.

Ornamental climbing plant, useful for our-door decorations.
Cardiospermum Halicacabum. White; 5 feet; half-hardy annual, 5



CARDIOSPERMUM HALICACABUM.

BEANS, Flowering.

Rapid climbers, flowering freely; adapted to covering screens; 8 to 15 feet.

- Beans, Scarlet Runners.** Scarlet flowers, 5
- " White Runners.** White flowers, 5
- " Painted Lady.** Rose and white flowers, 5

BELLIS. Double Daisy.



BELLIS (DOUBLE DAISY).

Hardy perennial. Sow seed from February to April; set plants 6 inches apart. They will nearly cover the ground and bloom the whole summer. When sown in summer and wintered in open ground with light covering, they bloom in April and continue until November; are easily forced for cut flowers in a cool or warm house. Make fine border plants.

- Bellis, Finest Mixed.** From choice varieties. Saved from the most double flowers, and only a small per cent will come single. 10
- Bellis, Double White.** 15
- " Longfellow.** Double rose color, on long stems, which render it excellent for bouquets; large size, and quite true and double from seed. For borders, edging in the garden, or florists' use, 15
- New Quilled.** Mixed colors; round needle shape, 25
- Snowball.** New white, very large and double flowers on long stems. Package, 20

BYRONOPSIS.

A climbing annual of great beauty, bearing yellow flowers, followed by green fruits which change in color as the season advances to bright scarlet striped with white. Annual. 10 feet.

Byronopsis Laciniosa Erythrocarpa, 5

BROWALLIA.

Handsome, profuse blooming plants, covered with blue or white flowers; grow freely in rich soil. Desirable grown in beds or in the house for winter; 1½ feet. Annual.

Mixed. Finest mixed, 5



BRACHYCOME.

BRACHYCOME

Dwarf-growing plants, covered all summer with a profusion of cineraria-like blooms. Half-hardy annual.
Brachycome Iberdolia. (Swan River Daisy.) Mixed blue and white, 8 inches high, 5

BYRONOPSIS

CALCEOLARIA.

Plants form in spring pocket-like flowers. Sow seed in August or September, or during the winter, will bloom the following spring or summer. Fine for conservatory in spring.

Calceolaria Hybrida Grandiflora. Saved from self colored and spotted flowers of all colors and shades of brilliant markings, including dwarf and tall mixed of the largest flowering varieties; 1 foot, 20

CACALIA. Tassel Flower.

Free growing, profuse flowering, hardy annuals, with clusters of tassel-shaped flowers; 2 feet; scarlet and yellow, mixed, 5

CALANDRINIA.

Beautiful creeping plants, adapted for planting in any hot situation, where they will produce their rose colored flowers in profusion. Hardy annuals; 1 foot.

- Grandiflora.** Rose color, 5
- Umbellata.** Crimson violet; beautiful, 5
- Mixed Varieties,** 5

CALENDULA.



CALENDULA PLANT.

A very showy, free flowering plant belonging to the marigold family; it produces a very pretty effect in mixed borders, and grows freely in almost any soil; flowers 2 inches across; hardy annuals.

Easily transplanted; flowers very double.

New Large-Flowering Double. Yellow; very handsome, 5

Calendula officinalis. (Garden Marigold.) Deep orange; 1 foot, 5

La Proust. Nankeen, edged with brown; 1 foot, 5

Meteor. Light golden yellow, striped with orange; blooms from May until late in autumn when sown early and transplanted. Very double, 5

Prince of Orange. Similar to Meteor but darker, 5

Queen of Trianon. Double canary yellow, maroon centre, 5

Pure Gold. Pure yellow; double, profuse, 5

Hybrida. Single white, 5

Double, all varieties mixed, ¼ oz., 20

CALLIRHOE.

Free flowering plants; excellent for beds or masses; hardy annuals.

Callirhoe Pendata. Purple crimson, with white eye; 2 feet, 5

Involucrata. Beautiful hardy perennial; 1 foot; native of western prairies; large, purplish crimson, 5



CANARY BIRD FLOWER.

CANDYTUFT.

CANDYTUFT.

This is one of the oldest and best known hardy annuals. It can be sown in the fall or spring with equally good results, where the plants are to bloom. It is a plant that will easily take care of itself, but is much improved by good care and high culture.

White. Oz. 25c.; ¼ oz., 10c.
White Rocket,
White, Sweet scented,
Carmine,
Purple,
Dark Crimson Purple Duncets,
Rose,
Mixed Colors. Oz., 20c.
Empress. Large trusses of pure white flowers, very handsome, 10

CANARY BIRD FLOWER

Tropæolum Perigrinum.

An exceedingly ornamental climber, with bright fringed yellow flowers, and neat, finely divided foliage; half hardy annual of rapid growth, and flowers freely.

Canary Bird Flower. Yellow, 10 feet, 10



CALLIOPSIS CORONATA.

Calliopsis or Coreopsis.

The tall varieties are effective in mixed borders, while the dwarf, from a compact habit, are well adapted for beds; hardy annuals. Blooms from June to October.

Golden Wave. Bushy, compact, yellow flowers, 2 inches across. Very free, 5
Calliopsis Bicolor Tinctoria. Yellow and brown; 3 feet, 5
Coronata. Rich yellow disc, encircled with crimson spots; large flower; 1½ feet high, 5
Finest Mixed Varieties. 12 varieties, 5
Double Calliopsis. Yellow, maroon spots, 5
Tom Thumb. Dwarf, 1 foot high; 10 sorts mixed, 5

CASTOR OIL BEAN.

(See Ricinus.)

CARNATION.

(See Dianthus.)

CATCHFLY.

A hardy annual, about 1 foot high; produces brilliant flowers in great profusion in early summer. 5

CANNA. Indian Shot.

Stately plants, remarkable for their large and hand-some foliage; invaluable for groups in the flower garden, producing a tropical appearance. Sow seed in early spring and they will make strong plants the second year. Half-hardy perennial.



CROZY CANNA.

Canna, Finest Mixed, Dark Leaved Varieties, Crozy's New Hybrids. Are remarkable for foliage and beauty and large flower; are dwarf in habit, and early blooming, 2 feet high; sow seed in February or March; will bloom in July and make excellent groups on the lawn, 15

CAMPANULA.

Bell Flower.

Attractive and beautiful plants for borders or groups, producing large bell and saucer-shaped flowers in profusion; one of the largest and most useful hardy plants. Sow seed in open ground from April to September, and will bloom most of the summer the following year; flowers are graceful and well adapted for vases; in delicate shades.

Hardy Perennial Varieties.

Campanula Compacta. Grows 9 inches high; blue and white flowers, 5
Campanula Pyramidalis. (The Pyramid Bell Flower.) Blue and white mixed; a splendid variety, 5
Campanula Persicifolia Alba. Flowers white, bell-shaped, on long, close spikes, 2 feet high; exceedingly free flowering; fine for cut flowers, one of the very best of its class. Commences to bloom in June, continuing till October, 10



CAMPANULA.

Campanula Calycanthema. Blue, white, lilac, etc.; mixed, 5
Campanula Rosca. Beautiful rose color, 5

CANTERBURY BELLS.

Campanula Media.

Produces large, nodding and charming flowers of many shades; 2½ feet; hardy biennial.



CANTERBURY BELLS.

Canterbury Bells, Single, Mixed. Rose, blue, white and lilac, 5
Canterbury Bells, Double, Mixed. Rose, blue, white and lilac, 5

Annual Varieties.

Campanula Speculum, Mixed. "Venus" Looking Glass." Blue and white; ¼ foot, 5
Campanula, Double. Double blue flowers; ½ foot, 10

CELOSIA. Coxcomb.



GLASCO PRIZE.

Showy plants producing in profusion spikes of feathery looking flowers in summer and autumn. Sow seed early and transplant in the open ground in May. Half-hardy annuals.

Japonica.

The branches are scarlet crimson; often in pyramidal masses, while the colors are very bright, 10

Giant Empress. Purple combs, dark foliage, 10
Christata Nana. The finest dwarf varieties mixed, carmine, yellow, crimson and variegated; 1 foot, 5
Glasco Prize. Improved dwarf, with dark leaves and crimson combs; quite distinct, and among the finest, 5
Pyramidalis Plumosa. Pyramid form, representing plumes; 3 feet high; finest mixed colors, 5

CENTRANTHUS.

Free flowering plants, borne in clusters; used for borders, masses, bouquets, or other floral designs. Seeds can be sown in open ground in May; hardy annual.

Mixed Colors. Red and white, 5

CENTAUREA.

These are extensively used for ribbon-beds or borders; arranged with Cannas, Colens and other dark leaved plants, are among the finest for that purpose; sometimes known as "Dusty Miller" and largely used for vases and baskets. Sow seed in the house from December to March.

Centauria Americana. A strong-growing annual variety, 10

Candidissima. Splendid silvery-leaved plant; 6 inches high with broad leaves.
Clementii. A robust and free-growing variety, producing crowns of silvery leaves, deeply fringed and cut; 6 inches.
Gymnocarpa. A graceful, silver-foliaged variety; 1 foot; most used for ribbon lines.
Cyanus. Known as "Bachelor's Button." Mixed colors; much used for cut flowers. Double rose, blue and white flowers.

COBÆA.

A beautiful, rapid growing, climbing plant, with large handsome, bell-shaped flowers. Sow early in March or April, and plant out about June first. In sowing, plant the seed edge-wise and cover lightly; half-yearly perennial.



COBÆA.

Cobæa Scandens. Purple; 20 feet. 10

CLARKIA.

Seed sown in September bloom in May or June. Improved varieties have been introduced of late, both single and double, size and form of flower. When planted in cool, partly shaded places, are highly recommended. When sown in April, they will bloom most of the summer; transplant or thin out to 1 foot apart.

Double Mixed. White, pink, purple, red, 5
Best Single Mixed. 5
Mrs. Langtry. Snow white with crimson centre; plant dwarf and compact; blooms very freely, 5

CLEMATIS.

A hardy climbing vine, for covering arbors, verandas, fences or rocks, adapted to all soils. Sow the seed in the fall or winter in shallow boxes; transplant in the open ground when 2 inches high; are hardy, but winter protection will benefit them.

Paniculata. One of the finest hardy varieties, climbing 12 feet in one season, covered from the ground with white fragrant flowers, produced so freely as to cover the foliage, 10
Flammula. White, very fragrant; 15 feet, 10
Jackman's Hybrid. Saved from Jackman's collection; mixed varieties. Sow seed from September to May, 25
Virginiana. The well known Virgin's Bower; greenish white; 15 feet, 10
Viticella. A strong, hardy grower, with hne bell-shaped flowers in profusion, 10

CLIANTHUS DAMPIERI.

Glory Pea.

A shrubby climber, with drooping clusters of large, rich scarlet, pea-shaped flowers, 4 inches in length. It requires a dry soil, water sparingly. Remove to the house for winter. Annual, 25

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Early Flowering.

(Hardy Perennial Class.)

Originated by skillfully hybridizing varieties of early flowering Chrysanthemums that in this latitude now bloom continually from June until frost. Seed gathered from the collection of Mr. Delaux, and will produce an endless variety of magnificent flowers of superb colors, 90 per cent come double, mostly of Japanese type, more dwarf and branching habit, and more abundant blooming. While the North cannot expect the Delaux Chrysanthemum to bloom as early as in France, yet they will precede the regular Chinese and Japanese Chrysanthemums by several weeks, especially if the seed be started in the house early in the spring



EARLY SUMMER FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

and the plants removed to the open ground. To have Chrysanthemums bloom in the open ground weeks before frost will be highly appreciated by all lovers of the flower. The Horticultural Press unanimously recommend this new race, and predict for them a brilliant future. (See cont.) Pkt., 20c.; 3 pkts., 50c.

Japanese and Chinese.

Seed can be sown from September to June in boxes, and transplanted to the open ground in May. Seed saved from many new and choice varieties of Japanese; if sown in February or March, will bloom the first year. Per pkt., 25

Indicum. Large flowering; saved from collections of named double varieties; in mixtures of Chinese and Japanese, or Chinese and Japanese separately, 20
Nannin. Double dwarf pompon; seed saved from the best and most double varieties, in finest mixtures; half-hardy perennial, 20
Single Annual Varieties. Exceedingly beautiful, blooming freely from June to October from seed sown from March to June. Attractive, showy colors of crimson, yellow, white, maroon, make a brilliant display; grow 12 to 18 inches high. Hardy, of easy culture and profuse bloom.

Annual Varieties.

Chrysanthemum, Tricolor Album. White, crimson centre, 5
Eclipse. Yellow, scarlet ring, dark brown centre, 5
Golden Feather. White, with crimson ring, a circle of yellow, and maroon eye, 5
Gladstone. Rich crimson flower, 5
Segatum Grandiflorum. Large yellow, 5
Beaconsfield. Maroon edge, striped yellow, with golden ring and brown eye, 5
The Sultana. Crimson, wide yellow ring in centre, 5
Finest Single Mixed of the above, 5
Chrysanthemum, or Paris Daisy. Known as French Marguerites. They make good pot plants for winter or summer, flowering in the garden; 18 inches high; blooms single. White. Per pkt., 10
Yellow. Per pkt., 5
Double Annual Varieties. Double yellow, scarlet or white, 5
Double mixed. 5
Inodorum Plenissimum. Small, double white; flowering in profusion during the summer; good for vases or cutting, 5

Double Annual.

Lorenz's Newest Fringed.

(*C. carinatum hybridum fimbriatum fl. pl.*)

A new collection, surpassing other strains of this garden annual, on account of their extra doubleness and perfection of form. Colors beautiful, including numberless hues of rose, scarlet, blood-red, purple, yellow, white, etc., the dark brilliant colors predominating. For effective summer flower beds these new Chrysanthemums are unequalled, of quick, easy growth, forming bushy plants 12 to 15 inches high, which com-

mence blooming within a few weeks after the seed is sown. Pkt., 20

New Double Hybrids.

(*Chrysanthemum carinatum fl. pl.*)

These new varieties are extremely variable, some pure white, yellow or crimson; the prevailing colors are bronzy yellow, the florets tinged with red or lilac-rose, imbricated florets penciled; others crimson centres with yellow guard petals. Although mostly double, these will be an occasional semi-double or single. Finest mixed colors. Per pkt., 20

COLEUS.

For bedding or other decorations where colored-leaved plants are desired. They make fine specimens in a short time. Sow seed in a warm room of 70° from January to April; tender annual.

New Hybrids. These seeds produce beautiful and distinct sorts, 35
Good Sorts Mixed, 20



CENTROSEMA GRANDIFLORA VIRGINIANA.

Centrosema Grandiflora Virginiana. New. Perfectly hardy, perennial vine, which blooms early in June from seed sown in April. It bears inverted, pea-shaped flowers from 1 1/2 to 2 1/4 inches in diameter, of a rosy violet purple. The buds and the back of the flowers white. Occasionally plants bear pure white flowers, others are margined with a broad white feathering. Flowers 6 to 8 in a cluster, and of a delightful odor. Is adapted for every garden purpose, as a climber, running 6 to 8 feet in a season. Pkt., 15

CONVOLVULUS.

The climbing varietes, *C. Major* or *Morning Glory*, produce a fine effect when grown on rock-work, stumps of trees, or banks, and when trained over trellises, rustic work or rough fences. The beauty and delicacy of their color are unsurpassed. *C. Minor* and its varieties are admirably adapted for heds and mixed borders; half-hardy annual.

Major. Morning Glory. Fine mixed varieties, 12 sorts mixed; per ounce, 20c., 5

White. Striped violet, 5
White, Red, Rose or Violet, 5



C. Mauritaneus. Blue flowers, beautiful for hanging baskets, 10
Minor Tricolor. Dwarf; violet, purple and white; 1 foot; per oz., 25c., 5

CINERARIA HYBRIDA.



CINERARIA HYBRIDA.

For winter and spring blooming for the house or conservatory make brilliant displays. Their brightness of color and freeness to bloom render them among our best winter and spring blooming plants. Colors range from white, crimson, purple, blue, rose and carmine, plain with large white centres.

Cineraria Hybrida Grandiflora. Large flowered, prize varieties, in finest mixtures. This strain is unsurpassed, 25
Choice Mixed, 20
Dwarf, Mixed. Large flowering, 25

White Foliage Varieties.

Maritima. Ornamental foliage plant, known as "Dusty Miller," 10
Acanthifolia. Downy white leaves, spreading habit, good for borders, vases and baskets, 10

CUPHEA.

Forms a pyramidal-shaped plant, 1 foot high, studded during the winter months with red blossoms.

Cuphea Platycentra, 10

COSMUS.

Covered in the autumn with large flowers resembling single Dahlias. A group in bloom is an attractive sight. Colors range through the shades of rose, purple, flesh and white, growing 4 feet high.

Large Flowering Mixed, 10
Biblnata Alba. Large flowering, white, 10

DELPHINIUM.

(See Larkepur.)

CARNATION, or Dianthus Caryophyllis.

This class represents the Flakes, Bizarres, Fancy and self-colored, Picotee and Perpetual Flowering.

Few equal them in form, color, exquisite fragrance and freeness of bloom. The seed has been saved from the most superior collection; only the best results should be obtained. Seed can be sown in the open ground or under glass in the spring. The plants will flower the second year, and those which prove single or inferior can be pulled out. Young plants, being hardy, will live through the winter. During the second or third year it is best to sow seed or increase by layers, in order to keep a succession of flowers. Give them a good, rich soil.

Marguerite. One of the most valuable introductions among Carnations for some years. Sown in February or March will commence to bloom in June, and continue till late frosts; or sown in open ground in April or May will bloom in July, continuing until cold weather. The seedlings will produce three fourths or more of double flowers, in a great variety of colors; sweet scented. Any lover of this beautiful flower, now so extensively in demand, cannot afford to be without it. Hardy in open ground in winter, blooming the second year. Packet, 10c.; 3 packets, 25c.; 7 packets, 50

Marguerite Pinks in separate colors of Pink, White, Carmine, Striped, 10

Carnation. From double, open ground seed. Mixed colors. 10

Perpetual Flowering or Tree. The seed saved from the celebrated collection of Alegatierre. Extra fine mixed colors saved from pot grown plants, 25

Picotee. Having white or yellow ground, spotted at the edges with scarlet, red, purple or other colors. Seed saved from 25 named varieties. Mixed, 25

Bizarre, Flakes or Selfs. Bizarres are variegated in irregular spots and stripes, not less than three colors. Flakes are striped, two colors only; saved from pot grown plants in great variety. Mixed, 35



NEW CARNATION, MARGUERITE.

One packet of each 8 kinds in 8 separate packets, \$1.25

One large packet of the above varieties all mixed in one, \$1.00

Germania. The finest of all yellow self-colored, very choice and rare; shy to seed. Per packet, 50

Riviera Market. A superior strain of perpetual carnations, seed producing almost exclusively splendid double flowers, many with yellow grounds. Packet, 50

Comtesse de Paris. A fine new strain of self-yellow. Per packet, 25

Pinks, also see Dianthus.

CYCLAMEN.



PINK, MDM. GUILLAND.

New Guillaud Pinks. This class has carnation resemblance, and possess the profuse and early flowering qualities of the annual Dianthus, blooming profusely in summer and autumn from spring sown seed. Flowers large and fragrant, some flowers clear yellow, others yellow striped; the only strain of pinks blooming the first season containing yellow flowers. About 90 per cent come double. Finest mixtures, per packet, 20

Choice Mixed German. Perpetual, first quality, saved from open ground plants, 15

Scotch. Double Florist or Scotch, saved from the best varieties of show selected. Choice, double, 25

Double White, 20

Grenadin. Highly valuable to florists and bouquet makers; blooming three weeks earlier than other varieties, in a profusion of double crimson flowers, 15

Grenadin White. New, 25



CYCLAMEN.

Bulbous plants, and one of the most beautiful and highly valued for greenhouse and dwelling, blooming from January to May in profusion; flowers much used in bouquets, wreaths and baskets. Sow seed in July or August, or in the greenhouse from February to April in a warm place; blooms the following year; tender greenhouse

bulbs. (See cut.) My strain is equal to the finest European varieties.

Emperor William. Dark rose, 25
Persicum. Finest mixed, 20

Roseum. Fine rose, 20

Gigantem. Mixed, of unsurpassed quality; very large flowers of various colors. Very choice strain, 35

Gigantem Sanguineum. The darkest flowering crimson variety, very choice and fine flowers. Packet of 25 seeds, 50

Gigantem Williams. Superb collection, 50

Albun. White, 50

Roseum. Rose color, 50

DIANTHUS.

DIANTHUS.

Under this head are represented the whole class of Dianthus, Carnations and Sweet Williams. They are among the most brilliant of summer flowering, hardy biennials, growing 12 or 15 inches high, while some of the dwarf kinds make low, compact plants. Their rich colors and variety of markings are represented in but few other flowers. When sown early, will bloom the first year, but more freely the second year. Seed may be sown early under glass and transplanted, or sown where they are to bloom. The ease of culture wins them a place in any flower garden; they are perfectly hardy, blooming but two summers, from July to October.

In making up your collection of seeds, do not omit the Dianthus.

Dianthus Chinensis. (Double Chinese.) Pink, various shades and colors, with brilliant markings; excellent strain; double varieties mixed, 1/4 oz., 15c; pkt., 5

Imperialis. (Double Imperial Pink.) Mixed, 5

Imperialis Rubrum Striatus. Double white, striped with red, 5

Imperialis Flore Alba Pl. Double white, 5
Pleno Atrosanguineas. 5

Blood red, 5
Heddewigii. Large single flowers, 3 inches in diameter; beautiful, rich colors, often finely marked; choicest mixed, 1/2 oz., 30c., 5

Heddewigii Pl. Pl. Usually quite double, 5

Plumarius. (Pheasant's Eye Pink.) Single, fringed, 5

“ Double and semi-double, 15

“ Fimbriata; double white; valuable for cut flowers; hardy, 20

“ Very double, pink, 15

Laciniatus. Flowers very large, sometimes 3 inches in diameter; petals finely fringed and beautifully colored, 5

Laciniatus Fl. Pl. Large double flowers, deeply serrated, 10

Heddewigii Diadematus Fl. Pl. (Diadem Pink.) Brilliant markings and dazzling colors, 10

Moschatus. (Double Garden Moss or June Pink.) From choice double varieties, 10

Hybridus Fl. Pl. Large flowering, double; in splendid mixtures, 5

Mourning Cloak. Dark maroon, edged white, 10

Snowball. Dwarf, compact growth; white flowers; fine for edgings; very double, useful for cutting, 10

SWEET WILLIAM.

Dianthus Barbatu.



SWEET WILLIAM.

A well known class of plants, of extreme richness of color; the varieties have been greatly improved of late years; hardy perennials.

Fine Mixed. All colors, 5

Double Flowering. Finest mixed from a splendid collection of double flowers, 5

Double White 10

Single White, 10

Hunt's Perfection. Distinct eyes and beautiful margin; splendid strain, 10

Single Dwarf. Very handsome, new sorts in variety of colors. Per packet, 15

Single Dwarf. Very handsome, new sorts in variety of colors. Per packet, 15

DIGITALIS. Foxglove.

Ornamental plants of stately growth and varied colors, hardy perennials.

Fine Mixed Varieties, 5



GROUP OF DIANTHUS.

CYPRESS VINE.

Ipomoea Quamoclit.

Beautiful climbing plants, with delicate, fern-like foliage. Unsurpassed by all easily grown annuals, for its attractive appearance and graceful form.

Scarlet. Very brilliant, 10 feet. Tender annuals, 5

White. A beautiful contrast, 10 feet, 5

Mixed Colors. Oz., 30c.; 5

DAISY, Double.

(See *Bellis Perennis.*)

Daisy, or Chrysanthemum Maximum. A hardy perennial, forming bushy plants, 2 feet high, covered with large white flowers 3 inches across; last well for cutting. Per packet, 10

DATURA.

Trumpet Flower.

Large clumps or borders of shrubbery, produce excellent effect; grow 2 feet high. The roots may be preserved in sand during the winter in a dry cellar. Half-hardy perennials.

Mixed, 5



DAHLIA.

DAHLIA.

A splendid autumn flowering plant, seed saved from the finest named sorts. Half-hardy perennials.

Extra Fine. Double dwarf from prize flowers, 15

Single. Finest single mixed, from a choice collection of named sorts. These flower in profusion, in large variety of colors; splendid for cut flowers. Sow seed in the spring and will bloom from August to October. Per packet, 10

Single Dwarf. Very handsome, new sorts in variety of colors. Per packet, 15

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DOLICHOS.

Hyacinth Bean.

Beautiful climbing plants of free growth, flowering in clusters. Tender annuals.

Lablab. Purple, beautiful in fall, 5

Alba. White, 5

Mixed, 5

ESCHSCHOLTZIA.

California Poppies.

Very profuse flowering plants of extremely rich colors; annuals. 1 foot high.

Fine Mixed. All colors, single, 5

Orange White, double mixed, 10



ESCHSCHOLTZIA.



EUPHORBIA.



FORGET-ME-NOT.

EUPHORBIA.

- Euphorbia Variegata.** A showy hardy annual, with white and green bracts, 5
- Euphorbia Heterophylla.** (Mexican Fire Plant.) 20

FORGET-ME-NOT.

(See Myosotis.)

GAILLARDIA.

- A class of flowers remarkable for the profusion and brilliancy of their flowers, very effective and showy; half-hardy annuals.
- Fine Mixed,** 5
- Picta Lorenziana.** New double. Useful on account of its long duration of bloom for cut flowers; yellow, amaranth and claret; mixed, 10

GILIA.

Very pretty dwarf plants; will bloom in almost any situation; hardy annuals.

- All Colors Mixed,** 5

GERANIUM, Pelargonium.

Its freedom from insects and disease, easy culture, bright and varied colors, free blooming qualities, render it one of the most popular plants for house, bedding or garden culture. The seed offered below has been saved from the choicest foreign and American collections, comprising all shades.

- Zonale.** Good mixed, 10
- Double.** Selected from the most superior varieties, giving wide range of colors, artificially fertilized by one of the most skillful growers in the world, and is believed to produce a large percentage of double flowers. 40
- Fancy Pelargonium French Blotched or Odier.** Sometimes known as "Lady Washington" Seed saved from choice flowers, 30

GLADIOLUS.

The seed offered has been carefully saved from the finest named hybrids. Half-hardy bulbs. See special list of summer bulbs.

- Gladiolus.** From the finest named varieties, French hybrids; mixed, 15
- Small Bulbs.** Saved from the finest named varieties. Most of them will produce flowering bulbs for the next season. Twenty small bulbs from good mixtures, 10



GLADIOLA LEMOINEI HYBRIDA.

- Gladiolus Lemoiel.** This new strain is distinct, having flowers almost round, of very striking colors and marking; being hardy, will be largely grown. The variety of flowers is wonderful; are easily obtained from seed, and when sown early bloom the first year. Per pkt., 15
- Nauceldus.** New Glant. Beautiful. Pkt., 25

GLACIUM LUTEUM.

Horn Poppy.

Ornamental foliage, recurved silvery leaves, deeply cut. Flowers, yellow, bell-shape, drooping.

- Hardy Perennial.** 2 feet, 5

GRASSES. Ornamental.

Many of the varieties are very curious and beautiful and when dried and tastefully arranged in connection with the Everlasting Flowers make exceedingly attractive winter bouquets. They are mostly annuals, and those which are not—with the exception of Pampas Grass—flower the first year. The plants should be transplanted or thinned out sufficiently to afford space for the growth of each, as soon as they can be handled. This will allow them to develop their true character.

- Agrostis Nebulosa.** Graceful and beautiful. One of the best ornamental grasses, 5
- Aven Sterillis.** (Animated Oats.) 2½ feet, 5



BRIZA MAXIMA.

- Briza Maxima.** (Large Quaking Grass.) Very elegant; one of the best; 1 foot, 5
- Briza Gracilis.** (Slender Quaking Grass.) 1 foot, 5
- Brizopyrum Siculum.** Very dwarf, with shining leaves; very pretty; 6 inches, 5

- Bromus Brizeformis.** A fine grass, resembling Briza Maxima; 9 inches, 5
- Chloris Barbata.** Pretty and curious; 1 foot, 5
- Chrysurus Cyosuroides.** Very dwarf, with yellowish feathery spikes; useful for small bouquets, 5
- Colx Lachryma.** (Joh's Tears.) 2 feet, 5
- Eragrotis Elegans.** (Love Grass.) Elegant and pretty; 2 feet, 5
- Festuca Glaucia.** Very dwarf and pretty; useful for border and marginal lines, 5
- Gynerium Argentum.** (Pampas Grass.) The finest ornamental grass in cultivation; 10 feet, 10
- Lagurus Ovatus.** (Hare Tail Grass.) Small white plumes; hardy annuals, 5
- Penisetum Longistytum.** Very graceful; 1½ feet, 5
- Stipa Pennata.** (Feather Grass.) Exceedingly graceful and beautiful; perennial; 2 feet, 5
- Hare Tail Grass.** 10
- Gymnothis,** 10
- Japanese Malze,** 5

GLOXINIA.



GLOXINIA.

Summer blooming bulbs for the house or conservatory, representing a great variety of colors, velvety purple, crimson, carmine, rose, blue, white. Sow seed in February, March and April, as directed for tender seed; it can also be sown in August and September. Keep bulbs dry during the winter.

- Gloxinia.** French hybrids; seeds saved from finest named varieties of recent introduction. (See cut.) Extra fine mixtures, 25
- Hybridia Grandiflora.** Large succulent leaves almost covering the entire pot, and numerous flowers in the form of a bouquet. Fine variety and brilliant colors, 30

- French Spotted.** Seed saved from the most beautiful varieties of French spotted and tigered, 35
- French White.** Pure white hybrid, 35
- Scarlet Deliance.** Crimson; frilled edge, 35
- Emperor Frederick.** Scarlet, white border, 35
- Corona.** Large flowers; violet red, edged white, with blue dots; beautiful, 50

1 Packet each above 5 sorts, \$1.40.

GLOBE AMARANTHUS.

Gomphrena.



GLOBE AMARANTHUS.

Handsome everlastings. The flowers may be cut in summer, and preserved for winter bouquets; half-hardy annuals; about 18 inches high.

- Globe Amaranthus.**
- White, 5
- Purple, 5
- Golden, 5
- Mixed. All colors, 5

GNAPHALIUM.

- Gnaphalium Leontopodium.** The "Edelweiss" of Switzerland, there used to adorn wedding gowns; the flowers are star like, white, covered with a silky, silver white down; 6 inches, 20
- Orientalis Pl. Pl.** The true French Immortelle, 15

GOURD, ORNAMENTAL.

Mock Orange.



ORNAMENTAL GOURD.

Of rapid growth, with luxuriant and ornamental foliage and bearing fruit of the most varied forms. Very desirable for trellis work and festooning; a tender annual.

- Ornamental.** Fine mixed varieties, from a large collection of the ornamental varieties, 5
- Chinese Sponge or Dish Rag Gourd.** Flowers yellow, fruit green; the inside being a fibrous mass. Per packet, 10

Curcubita, Or Gourds.

These grow rapidly and produce some of the most peculiar forms of fruit found in the vegetable kingdom.

- Lencantha Longissima.** Very curious; 5 feet long, 5

CUCUMIS. Gourds.

Ornamental Cucumbers with curious fruit, remarkable for the rapidity of their growth. Half-hardy annuals.

- Dispaceos.** Sulphur yellow, 5
- Flexuosus.** (Snake Cucumber.) Fruit three feet long, 5
- Grossularia.** (Gooseberry Gourd.) 5

GODETIA.

Very attractive hardy annuals, all well deserving of the most extensive cultivation. Their profusion of bloom, and delicate tints of color, have rendered them universal favorites.

- Lady Albemarle.** Flowers three inches across, of intense carmine crimson, 5
- Duchesse of Albany.** Large, satiny white, and very attractive, 5
- Fine Mixed.** All colors, 5

GYPSOPHILA.

Hardy "Everlasting." Free-flowering little plants for rock work or small beds.

- Paniculata.** White; fine for bouquets; hardy perennial, 5

FREESIA.

Seed can be sown in boxes in March or April, planting in open ground in June. Easily grown from seed, the bulbs being forced for winter cut flowers. Orange scented flowers. White, in clusters.

Freesia Refracta Alba. Pkt., 10

HELIANTHUS. Sunflower.



SUNFLOWER.

Very handsome varieties of Sunflower, remarkable for their stately growth and the brilliancy and size of their flowers; growing in pyramidal form to a height of 8 to 10 feet; hardy annuals.

Californicus. Extra large and double; five feet, 5
Globose Fistulosus. Double flowers large and globular formed, of bright, rich saffron color; 6 feet, 5

Macrophyllus Giganteus. A large growing variety, of pyramidal form, 5

Oculatis Viridis. Densely double, with green centre, 5

Miniature Sunflower. Dwarf branching with small flowers; yellow, dark centre; 3 feet high, 5

Sulphur Gem. Grows 4 to 5 feet high; branching low; medium size flowers; light yellow color, bloom from July to frost, 5

Common Sunflower. Oz., 15c., 5

Mammoth Russian. Very large, capital for egg producing food for poultry, keeping them healthy, and in fine condition to increase the supply of eggs, and the leaves are good fodder for cows; oz., 10c.; 1/2 lb., 20c., 5

**HOP,
New Japanese**



JAPANESE HOP.

Humulus Japonicus.

Annual Hop from Japan. The foliage resembles in shape the common Hop. The principal feature is its climbing habit; it can be sown in the open ground in spring and attains large growth in a short time. Good for covering verandas, trellis, etc., seldom suffering from the heat, retaining its fresh green color late in autumn. Per packet, 10

New Variegated. Seed sown June 1 will make a growth of 15 feet in two months; useful and ornamental climber, 15

HELICHRYSUM,

or Everlasting Flower.



HELICHRYSUM.

Exceedingly effective in the flower border, and indispensable for winter bouquets, for which cut before the blooms are expanded, and dry in the shade; hardy annuals. (See cut.)

Monstroscum. Yellow; 1 1/2 feet, 5

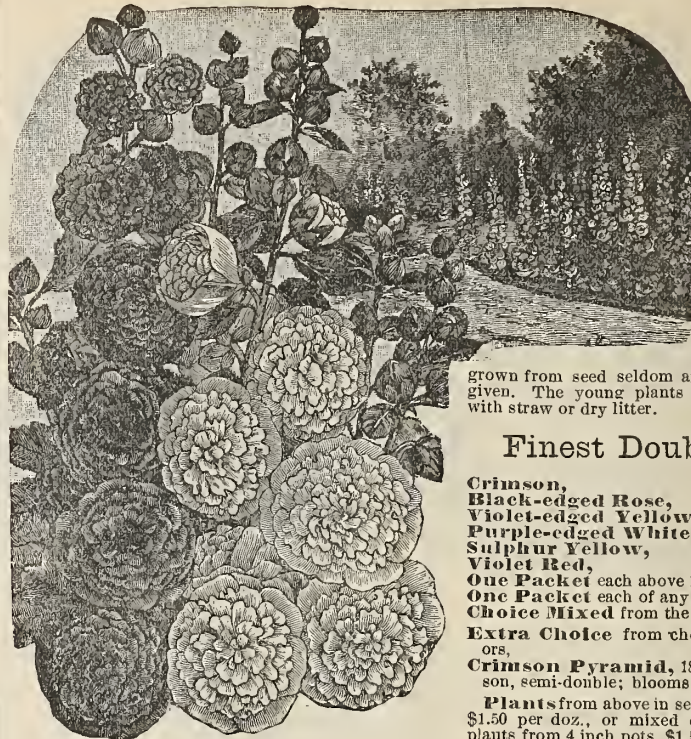
Album. White; 1 1/2 feet, 5

Fine Double Red. 2 feet, 5

Nanum. Dwarf crimson, 5

Finest Mixed. All colors, 5

HOLLYHOCK.



HOLLYHOCK.

HELIPTERUM.

Helipterus Sanfordi. Produces large clusters of rich yellow flowers; a fine "Everlasting" for winter bouquets. Tender annuals, 3/4 feet, 5

HELIOTROPE.

Well known deliciously fragrant plants; excellent for bedding purposes or pot culture; half-hardy perennials. **Fine Mixed.** Of about 10 light and 10 dark varieties, 10

HIBISCUS.

Large growing plants with showy flowers, 2 to 4 inches across; ornamental for borders.

Hibiscus Africanus. Cream yellow, purple centre, with brown eyes; 2 feet, hardy annual, 5

Coccineus. Bright scarlet; 4 feet, 10

Californicus. Large, pure white; hardy perennial, 10

HONESTY. Lunaria.

A hardy biennial, 2 feet high, flowering the second year in May and June. The flowers are succeeded by single, semi-transparent seed vessels; they are quite ornamental and may be kept for a long time, 5

ICE PLANT.

A dwarf trailing plant, much used for baskets; half-hardy annual.

Ice Plant. (Mcsembryanthemum.) Trailing, 5

IPOMŒA.

They contain beautiful and varied flowers. For covering arbors or stumps of trees, they are invaluable; tender annuals.

Fine Mixed, 5

Ipomœa Grandiflora. The "Evening Glory" or "Good Night" of our Southern states. Large, pure white, fragrant flowers, 10

The increasing popularity of hardy roots and bulbs brings the Hollyhock among the most easily cultivated, showy and attractive roots, ranging in a great variety of colors, making them exceedingly attractive and valuable for grouping on the lawn or flower garden. Seed can be sown from June to September for flowering plants the next year, or in February or March in the house to bloom the first year. They will last for several years if not allowed to bloom too freely, which can be done by removing the flower buds. When the plants are so easily

grown from seed seldom any care to preserve roots is given. The young plants can be protected in winter with straw or dry litter.

Finest Double German.

Crimson,	10	Rosa,	10
Black-edged Rose,	10	Salmon,	10
Violet-edged Yellow,	10	Carmine,	10
Purple-edged White,	10	Scarlet,	10
Sulphur Yellow,	10	Maroon,	10
Violet Red,	10	White,	10

One Packet each above 12 varieties, \$1.00

One Packet each above any 6 varieties, 50

Choice Mixed from the above collection, 5

Extra Choice from choicest collection, mixed colors, 10

Crimson Pyramid, 18 inches high, flowers crimson, semi-double; blooms from June to September, 25

Plants from above in separate colors, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per doz., or mixed colors, \$1 per doz. Large plants from 4 inch pots, \$1.50 per doz.

IMPATIENS.

Sultana. This produces continually beautiful rose-colored flowers; of recent introduction, easily grown from seed; 12 to 18 inches high, tender perennial. Sometimes known as the Sultan's Balsam, 10

JACOBÆA. Senecio.

A useful and exceedingly showy class of gay colored, profuse blooming plants; delight in a light, rich soil; hardy annual.

Jacobæa. Fine mixed double varieties, 10

LANTANA.

Brilliant rosettes of blossoms in various hues of pink, purple, orange, etc. Excellent either for pot culture or the open ground; half-hardy perennial.

Hybrida. Finest varieties mixed, 10

LYCHNIS.

Handsome and useful perennials, effective in mixed flower and shrubbery borders; varying in different shades.

Lychnis. Mixed colors, 5

LARKSPUR. Delphinium.

Plants bloom in great profusion in summer; hardy annuals.

Dwarf Rocket. Finest mixed double; 1 foot, 5

Tall Rocket. Finest mixed double; 2 1/2 feet, 5

Consolida. Double, branching; fine for cutting, 5

Emperor. Fine compact plants of brilliant colors, and double flowers; 1 1/2 feet, 5

Emperor. Pure White. Double, 5

LAVENDULA.

Cultivated on account of the fragrance of the leaves; succeeds in any garden soil; hardy perennial.

Lavendula Spica. Lavender, 5

LATHYRUS.
Everlasting Pea.

Showy, free flowering plants, growing in any common soil; very ornamental on trellis work, old stumps or for covering fences or walls; hardy perennials.

- Lathyrus.** Finest mixed, 5
 " White, 10
 " Scarlet (Splendens), 10
 " Rose, 10

LINUM.

A beautiful class of plants of brilliant and varied colors.

- Linum.** Finest mixed, 5

LOBELIA.



LOBELIA COMPACTA.

Their delicate, drooping habit, profusion of little blue and white flowers render them ornamental for vases or hanging baskets or border cultivation; half-hardy annuals.

- Erinus Alba.** Pure white; 1/2 foot, 5
Speciosa. One of the most effective varieties for bedding; 1/2 foot, 5
Crystal Palace Compacta. Compact, deep blue, fine for baskets or borders. 1/2 oz., 50c., 10
Finest Mixed Varieties, 5

LUPINUS.

Ornamental, beautiful, and free flowering garden plants with long, graceful flower spikes of varied colors; valuable for mixed flower borders; hardy annual.

- Lupinus.** Mixed colors, 5

MARIGOLD.

Their rich and varied colors produce a splendid effect in almost any situation. The African is the tallest and most striking in large beds, while the French varieties are admirably adapted for small beds; half-hardy annual.

African Quilled. Lemon color, 2 feet. Mixed colors, 5

French Dwarf. They form low, compact bushes, with masses of red and yellow double flowers, 5

New Dwarf Large Flowering French. Double, very fine, 10

MARIGOLD.

- French Tall.** Mixed double, 5
Gold Striped French. New dwarf variety, 5
Prince of Orange. (See Calendula.) 5
Signata Pumila. A compact bush with thousands of yellow blossoms; half-hardy annuals. 1 foot, 10
Eldorado. Large double flowers, 10

MIMULUS.

Monkey Flower.

Handsome flowers for the conservatory, greenhouse or general flower garden. Seed sown in the spring

make fine bedding plants for summer blooming, while seed sown in autumn produces effective early flowering greenhouse plants; half-hardy perennials.

- Hybridus.** Choice mixed, 10
Musk Plant, 10



SENSITIVE PLANT.

Morning Glory. (See Convolvulus.) Finest mixed, 20 feet, 20c. per oz.

Morning Glory. In separate colors of white, rose, dark red, dark blue, violet, rose or mixed, 5



MOON-FLOWER. NEW HYBRID.

New Hybrid Moon Flower.

The flowers larger, and in bloom 30 days earlier than grandiflora, opening earlier in the evening and lasting until 10 or 12 the next morning. Per pkt., 10



MARVEL OF PERU.

MARVEL OF PERU.

The flowers of this class are varied and beautiful, and produce in great abundance; half-hardy perennials.

Marvel of Peru. Finest mixed, 5

MAURANDIA.

These summer climbers are used for basket and rock work; bloom the first year from seed; half-hardy perennials.

Maurandia Alba. White, 10 feet, 10
Rosea. Pink, 10
Mixed Colors, 10

MUSA.

Musa Ensete. (Abyssinian Banana Tree.) Beautiful for sub tropical massing. As single specimens on the lawn they are strikingly effective. Seeds sown early will produce large plants the first season. 6 to 20 feet. Packet of five seeds, 15

MYRSOPHYLUM, Smilax.

No climbing plant surpasses this in graceful beauty of foliage. Valuable for hanging baskets, as it can be

used either to climb or droop as required; arranged with flowers and festooning, it is extensively used by all florists, and largely used in all cut-flower work, keeping longer than any other green, 10

MIGNONETTE.



MIGNONETTE.

A well-known favorite, esteemed for its fragrance; hardy annuals.

Reseda Odorata Grandiflora. Large flowered variety; fragrant; oz., 15c., 5

Parson's White. Flowers nearly white, 5

Spiral. A distinct variety, producing spikes 8 to 10 inches long; very fragrant, strong grower, 5

Matchet. Best for pot culture; compact and fine, best for general purpose; 1/4 oz., 20c., 10

Large White Upright. Flowers white, in erect spikes 1 foot high; free, lasting till frost, 10

Bird's Mammoth. The largest variety spikes, average 12 inches long when well grown; very fragrant, 10

MYOSOTIS, Forget-me-not.

The different species are very beautiful, and too well known to need recommendation; succeeds best in moist situations; hardy perennials.

Myosotis. Fine mixed, 5

Myosotis Victoria. New; best for pot culture. Pkt., 10c.

NASTURTIIUM, DWARF.



NASTURTIIUM.

One of the most useful of tender annuals, for massing in groups or for vases, baskets, urns; growing and blooming freely the whole summer. The flowers are rich in color, attractive, and bloom freely in poor soil, standing the heat and drought with but little effect. The tall varieties are adapted for trellis, rock and rustic work.

Lady Bird. Yellow, striped crimson, 5

Yellow. Per oz., 25c., 5

Dwarf Crimson. Per oz., 20c., 5

Crystal Palace Gem. Yellow, spotted maroon, 5

Ruby King. Red, with dark foliage, 5

Spotted. 1 foot; yellow, scarlet spots, 5

White. 5

Rose Color. Per oz., 25c., 5

Scarlet. Per oz., 25c., 5

King of Tom Thumb. Flowers scarlet, foliage dark; per oz., 30c., 5

Empress of India. Dark leaved; crimson flowers, 5

Chameleon. Crimson, yellow, bronze, 5

Aurora. Pink, new variety, 5
Beauty. Yellow, red striped, 5
Cloth of Gold. Yellow foliage, scarlet flowers, 5
Golden King, 5
Bronze Color, 5
King Theodore. Foliage and flowers very dark, 5
Mixed. Per oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 40c.; 1 lb., \$1.50, 5

A collection of 6 varieties, one packet of each, 25 cents.
 purchaser's choice from above, or 12 varieties, 50 cents.

The tall varieties are used for screens or trellis work.

Tall Spotted. 10 feet. Per oz., 25c., 5
 " **Scarlet Striped.** " 25c., 5
 " **Scarlet.** " 20c., 5
 " **Dark Crimson.** " 20c., 5
 " **Yellow.** " 25c., 5
 " **Crimson.** " 25c., 5
 " **Chocolate.** " 25c., 5
 " **Maroon.** " 25c., 5
 " **Pearl.** " 25c., 5

King Theodore. Very dark. Per oz., 25c., 5
Rose Color, 5
Dunnett's Orange. Per oz., 25c., 5
Above Mixed. Per oz., 15c.; ¼ lb, 35c.; 6 above 5
 varieties, 25c., 5

Lobb's Nasturtium. Smaller leaves than above, 5
 but more free flowering; adapted to trellis work, ar-
 hors, vases. Good for winter conservatory use.

Scarlet, Orange, Black, Striped, in mix- 10
tures. Per pkt., 10

NOLANA.

A beautiful, free flowering, trailing plant, the flowers
 resembling the Convolvulus Tricolor, but softer in color;
 some are heartfully penciled; fine for rock work, hang-
 ing baskets, old stumps, etc. Hardy annual.

Nolana. Fine mixed, 5

NEMOPHILA.



NEMOPHILA.

This is one of the most charming dwarf hardy annuals;
 of very neat, compact growth; blooms freely all summer.

Nemophila. Fine mixed, 5

NIGELLA.



NIGELLA.

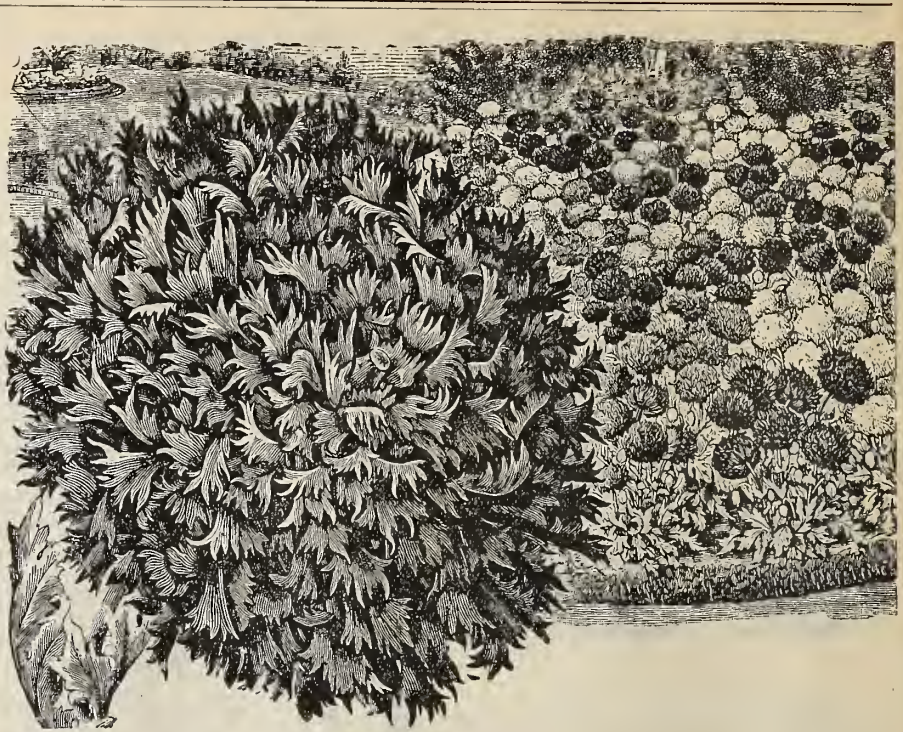
Interesting, free flowering plants, of the easiest cult-
 ure, growing in any garden soil; hardy annuals.

Nigella. Fine mixed; 3-4 foot, 5

NIEREMBERGIA.

Charming little plants, which flower profusely during
 the whole summer; well adapted for hanging baskets
 and edgings; half-hardy perennial.

Gracilis. Slender, lilac, yellow eye, 5



POPPIES.

**DOUBLE CARNATION
 POPPIES.**

An interesting class of hardy annuals, recently be-
 come much admired for hedging, making showy and
 attractive flowers. Recently new forms and colors have
 been introduced, which surpass any of the older vari-
 eties. Sow early in the spring where they are to remain,
 thinning out to six inches or more if too thick. Are not
 easily transplanted.

Double Carnation Flowered. Annuals. 5
 Beautiful class; flowers round, very double, with finely
 fringed petals, remaining a long time on the plants; a
 handsome sight is a field of these poppies.

Brilliant Scarlet. (Crimson King.) 5

Rose, 5

Silver Gray, 5

Tulip Poppy. 12 inches high, produces 50 or more
 flowers of vivid scarlet. Sown in May blooms in six
 weeks or more. Sown in autumn blooms from June
 to August; when massed represents a tulip hed; semi-
 double, 10

Umbrosom. Rich vermilion, with a black spot on
 each petal, 5

New Mikado. Crimson and white striped, 5

Snowdrift, Album lac, Fl. Pl. Grows
 18 inches high, bears flowers like round balls;
 white as snow; deeply fringed, 5

Scarlet and Yellow, 5

White, Tipped Crimson, 5

Mixed, 5

Shirley Poppies. A new strain, producing
 an abundance of flowers. The colors are blend-
 ed and showy and include almost every shade
 from pale rose to the most dazzling scarlet,
 blotched and variegated in many styles. A col-
 lection of them produces the finest display it is
 possible to imagine. In choicest mixture, half-
 double, 5

Double Annual Varieties.

Double Japanese Pompon. Mixed, 5

French or Ranunculus-flowered. 5

Mixed, 5

Pæony-flowered. Mixed, 5

Single Annual Varieties.

Danebrog. Large, bright scarlet, with a white
 cross in the center, 5

English Scarlet. The common field poppy of
 Britain; light, dazzling scarlet, 5
Peacock Poppy. Scarlet and cherry, with a black
 ring near the center, 5
Hookerii. Beautiful shades of colors, 5
Single Mixed, 5

Hardy Varieties.

For permanent beds, these brilliant, hardy poppies
 stand unrivaled; the flowers average from 3 to 5 inches
 across in the single varieties.

Poppy Bracteatum. Orange scarlet; single, 10

Poppy Oriental. Single, dark scarlet with purple
 spots, 10

New Hybrid Orientale Poppies. Throw up
 numerous flower stalks during summer bearing enor-
 mous flowers, 4 to 6 inches across. These new hy-
 brids include new colors, such as bluish pink, blotched
 purple; deep blood red, blotched black; glowing scar-
 let; pure reddish orange; soft salmon, etc. Per
 packet, 10

Iceland Poppies. Flower from June to October;
 satin-like, attractive, unsurpassed for cutting, lasting
 several days in water; and flower the first season from
 seed; yellow, white, scarlet, crimson, mixed, 10

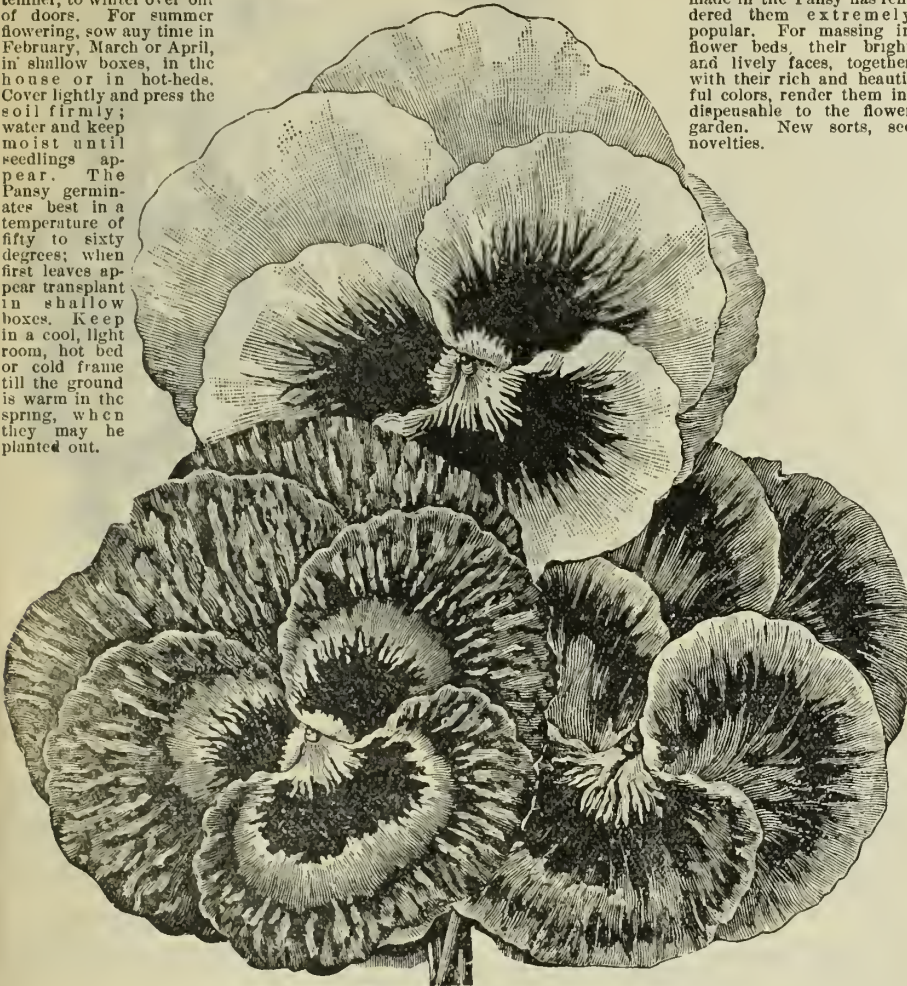


SHIRLEY POPPY.

PANSIES.

The great improvement made in the Pansy has rendered them extremely popular. For massing in flower beds, their bright and lively faces, together with their rich and beautiful colors, render them indispensable to the flower garden. New sorts, see novelties.

Sow from July to September, to winter over out of doors. For summer flowering, sow any time in February, March or April, in shallow boxes, in the house or in hot-beds. Cover lightly and press the soil firmly; water and keep moist until seedlings appear. The Pansy germinates best in a temperature of fifty to sixty degrees; when first leaves appear transplant in shallow boxes. Keep in a cool, light room, hot bed or cold frame till the ground is warm in the spring, when they may be planted out.



PERFECTION PANSIES.

BEDDING PANSIES.

- Any of the 12 varieties, 5c. per pkt.; 6 for 25c.; 12 for 50c.
- Striped, White, Emperor William,** 10
- Bronze, Purple, Golden Gem,** 10
- Black, Blue, White Margin,** 10
- Gold Margin, Red, Mahogany Color.** 10
- Above mixed, 5c. per pkt.; 1/4 oz., 50c.
- Large Flowering.** Mixed colors, 10
- Aurikel.** Composed of the most rare shades and colors, 10
- Baron Rothschild.** Fancy varieties in beautiful mixtures, 10
- Red.** Bright copper colors, but not strictly red, 10
- Snow Queen.** Fine pure white, 10
- Lord Beaconsfield.** Violet, shaded to white, 10
- Odder, or Five Blotched.** A French variety of great beauty, each petal being distinctly blotched like the geranium, some with pure white margin, others with bright golden borders, 15
- Black Prince.** Large flower, fine form; without eye; a constant bloomer and good bedder, 10
- Best English Mixtures.** Choice large flowering, saved from the finest sorts, 10
- Best French Mixtures.** Large flowering, finest mixtures, 10
- Best Belgian.** Finest mixtures, with striped flowers, 10
- Trimardeau.** An improved large flowering French strain, 15

- Cassier, Odler and Bugnots.** Finest mixtures, 20
- Marmorata.** Tricolored, beautiful rich markings, 10
- Quadricolor.** White, yellow, blue, purple margined; spotted, 10
- Prince Bismarck.** Maroon crimson with yellow hand, 10
- Auriculiflora.** Bronze, with rose margin, 10
- Fire Dragon.** Crimson, 10
- Ocellata.** Yellow, black center, 10
- Pelargoniflora.** Frilled purple, 10

Mixtures from above 20 varieties, packet 10c.; 1-4 oz., \$1

PERFECTION PANSIES.

- This is a special mixture containing the choicest, rare, new and large flowering and fancy markings of my own mixture. One of the choicest strains known. Packet, 20c.; 3 pkts., 50c.; 6 pkts., \$1; 12 for \$1.75.
- New Giant Pansies.** This new race is wonderful in size, form and markings.
- New Giant, White, Black, Yellow, Purple, Beaconsfield, Striped, Aurikel.** In separate colors; 7 packets, one of each, 85c. Per packet, 15
- Cardinal.** New, dark scarlet, 20
- Victoria.** New, brilliant red; distinct in color, 20
- Canary Bird.** Giant five spotted on yellow ground. (New.) 25
- Kaiser Frederick.** Large purple flowers, edged yellow and scarlet, 25

New Parisian. Enormous flower, with beautiful markings; fine, 25

OXALIS.

Useful for baskets, vases, stumps; for house or greenhouse; half-hardy perennial.

Finest Mixed, 10

ÆNOTHERA.

Evening Primrose.

A very beautiful, free flowering and useful class of plants, flowering generally in long spikes.

Fine Mixed Varieties, 5

SINGLE PETUNIAS.



SINGLE PETUNIA.

SINGLE FRINGED.

Effective for massing in beds, much cultivated as house plants. Being delicate seed, it is best to start them under a glass in February, March or April. They commence to bloom in June and continue for the season, if planted in the open ground in May. Superior strains of Single Petunias of great merit have been recently added.

- Hybrida Grandiflora.** Best German collections, large flowers, blotched, fringed, mottled, variegated, and green edge; of unsurpassed quality; finest colors mixed, 15
- Allen's Selected Fringed.** This seed is saved from the very best single varieties, comprising all shades and colors of fringed, blotched, striped and plain colors, green edged, etc., 25
- Belle Etoile.** A remarkable, beautiful, large-flowering strain, blotched and striped, 10
- Grandiflora Marginata.** Large, bordered and veined with green, 25
- Fimbriata Maculatta.** Large flowers of the finest colors; fringed, blotched and striped, 25
- Dwarf, Nana Compacta.** Dwarf compact habit, profuse bloomer, mottled, blotched and striped flowers, 15
- Common.** Mixed, 5

PETUNIA, DOUBLE.

This is much prized as a house plant, and market plants for the florist. The improvements in this class during the past few years are wonderful, forming as they now do, such doubleness and deeply cut or fringed petals as render them effective and beautiful decoration plants; half-hardy perennial.

- New Double Fringed Grandiflora Fimbriata.** This strain yields 25 to 30 per cent of double flowers, fringed; rich and delicate tints, and variegated in great variety, 50
- New Double Dwarf Robusta Flora Plena.** Its growth is compact and symmetrical, ranging in many colors, producing flowers so freely as to often represent an arranged bouquet, 50
- New Double Flora Plena.** This strain is saved from carefully fertilized flowers, and will produce a large percentage of double flowers, blotched and striped, 25

PLATYCODON.

Platycodon or Wahlenbergia. Large flowering; mixed colors; known as Chinese Bell Flower; showy, hardy perennial for permanent heds and borders, bearing large, broad, bell-shaped, white, blue or pink flowers; 8 to 15 inches high, 10



PERILLA.

PERILLA.

Ornamental, with blackish purple colored foliage, forming a contrast to the silver foliage of Centaureas, etc., grows freely in any soil; half-hardy annual.

Nankinensis. Leaves deep mulberry; 1½ feet, 5

Polyanthus.

Plants bloom in early spring; well adapted to outside culture or in pots in the house; hardy perennials.

Sow seed in February; when strong enough pick out and transplant in the open ground in May, six inches apart.

Choice Quality Mixed, 10

Rhodanthe.

Everlasting flowers for winter bouquets. Succeed best in a light rich soil, and a warm sheltered situation; half-hardy annual.

Maculata. Bright, rosy crimson, yellow disc, 5

Alba. Pure silvery white, 5
Mixed Colors, 5



POLYANTHUS.

PORTULACA.



DOUBLE PORTULACA.

These brilliant, hardy annuals produce in summer various colored, showy and attractive flowers in profusion. The double Portulaca is one of the most showy and desirable, and has proved quite constant from seed.

Grandiflora Fl. Pl. Double; seed offered has been saved with the greatest care from the most double flowers, and of the brightest colors, 15
Single. Mixed colors, 5

NEW ROSES.

Multiflora or Dwarf Polyantha Hardy.

Well known for bardiness, easy culture, small flowers, abundantly produced. By sowing seed in February or March in good soil, this class will bloom the first season, producing flowers which are double, semi-double and single in colors of all shades found in the rose; being hardy will live in open ground in winter and produce compact bushes with hundreds of blooms from June to October. The seeds germinate freely; when plants are 2 or more inches high transplant in open ground in May and will grow and bloom continually. Many customers report excellent success with seed of this variety last year. Pkt., 10c.

SENSITIVE PLANT.

(See Mimosa Pudica.)

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

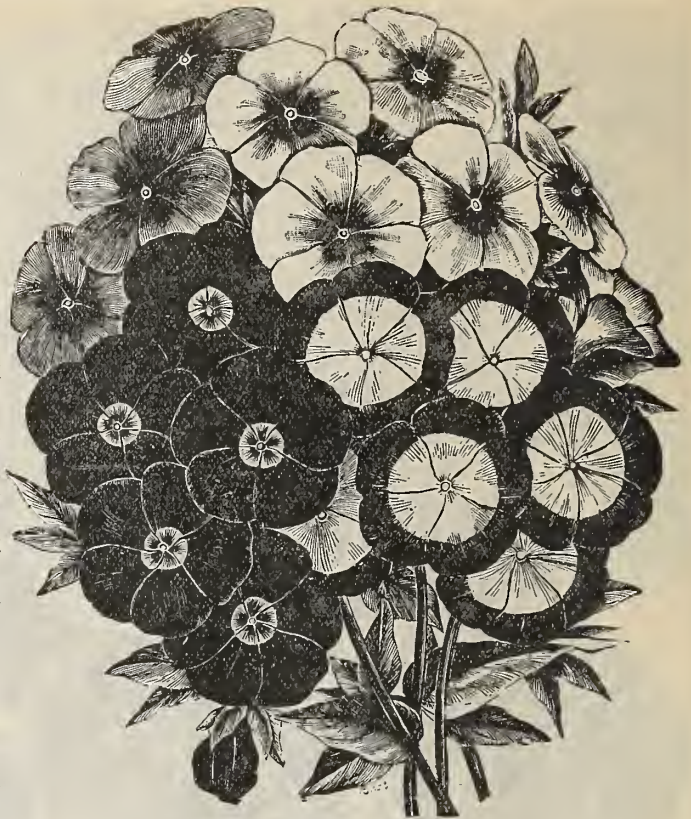
The Phlox Drummondii is one of the most useful annuals cultivated. For massing in groups or arranging in ribbon beds there are no flowers obtained with so little care and expense, that give such an abundance of rich flowers from July to November, being the most desirable of the whole class of annuals, the colors ranging as given below. The seed sown in cold-frame, hot-bed, dwelling house, or in seed-box, gives them an early start, ready to be planted in the open ground in May. They will soon show bloom and continue until killed by hard frosts. They can be sown in open ground but it is safer to start in boxes; the seed generally comes better and more plants will be obtained. Set the plants 8 to 12 inches apart. For ribbon lines, white, scarlet, rose, blue and purple, should be set to give a good contrast in color.

Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora.

Large Flowering.

An improved form and size of flower of the Phlox Drummondii; nearly equal in size of flower to the old hardy garden Phlox, while its growth is but 10 inches high, blooming as freely as the old varieties Drummondii.

Alba, White, 5
Alba Occulata, White, maroon eye, 5
Atropurpurea, Deep crimson, 5
Striata, Striped, 5
Coccinea, Scarlet, 5
Carmine, 5
Rose, 5
Isabellina, 5
Kermesina Striata, 5
Kermesina Splendens, Vivid crimson, blue for massing, 5
Leopoldii, 5
Rose, White Centre, 5
Carmine, White Centre, 5
Grandiflora, About 15 varieties, mixed, oz., 50c.; ¼ oz., 15c. 5
Finest Mixed, All shades and colors, oz., 40c., 5
Decussata, Hardy perennial Phlox, 10
New Double White and Scarlet, Semi-double, 10
Two robust, half dwarf varieties, 10



PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA.

Star of Quedlinburg. Star-shaped flowers of various colors mixed, 10
Fimbriata and Cuspidata. Flowers funnel-shaped, fringed, of various colors; new, very interesting, 10
Nana Compacta. Suitable for bedding or growing in pots; 12 varieties, mixed. Per pkt., 10

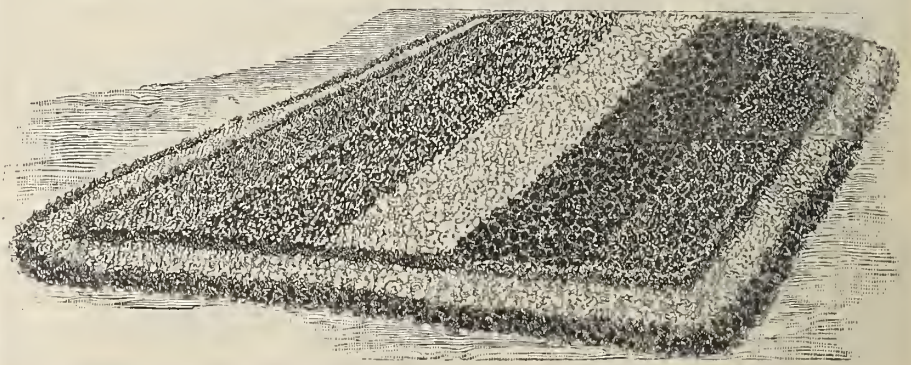
ROCKET, Hesperus.

Very fragrant, early spring flowering plants, growing freely and blooming profusely in almost any soil; half-hardy perennials.

Sweet Purple. 1½ feet, 5
White. 1½ feet, 5
Mixed. 1½ feet, 5

SOLANUM.

Covered all winter with a profusion of scarlet fruit; handsome plant for a greenhouse or sitting room.
Solanum Capsicastrum. 1½ feet, 10



RIBBON BED OF PHLOX DRUMMONDII ARRANGED IN COLORS.—WHITE, SCARLET, PURPLE, ETC.



DOUBLE SCABIOSA.

SCABIOSA.

Mourning Bride or Sweet Scabiosa.

The Scabiosas are useful for cut flowers or bouquets, producing flowers on long stems. The tall varieties grow 18 inches high and the dwarf about 12 inches. If seed is sown in June and not allowed to bloom much, will bloom the second year.

- Mixed Colors. Single; white, purple, red, pink, 5
- Double Tall. Mixed, 5
- Double Dwarf. Mixed; about 10 colors, 5

SUNFLOWER.

(See Helianthus.)

SWEET WILLIAM.

(See Dianthus.)

PRIMULA.

For the house or conservatory in winter, the Primrose ranks first as a continual bloomer, requiring the least care and sun, and is most free from insects of any plant we have in cultivation, producing its flowers in the greatest profusion. The seed offered is saved by one of the largest European growers, who is noted for his superior strain of Fringed Primulas; many are so deeply fringed with over-lapping petals as to appear almost double. I used the best of care in selecting seed from the latest improved and most highly prized varieties. Sow seed in March or April, and you will have fine plants for winter blooming. Great improvement has been made with these flowers within a few years.



CHINESE PRIMULA PLANT (PRIMROSE).

- Finest Single Fringed. Red and rose, 25
- White, 25
- Striped, 25
- Elegantissima, 25
- Crimson, marked with light spots, 25
- Very Finest Single Fringed. Mixed, 20
- Christata Nana Alba. Flower white, half-double with beautiful foliage; dwarf plant, 25
- Globosa. Plant dwarf, half globe shape and very compact; flowers deeply fringed: rose, white, crimson and striped mixed, 25

Magnifica. Flowers of immense size and fine substance; almost double, pure white and deeply fringed. Per 50 seed, 25

Single, not Fringed. Mixed colors, 10



SINGLE PRIMULA PLANT.

- Crimson Scarlet. Beautiful bright crimson, 35
- Cocinea. Bright red, very effective new color, 35
- Fringed Double White. A large percentage come true from seed, 50
- Fringed Double. Red shades, 50
- Fringed Double. Mixed, usually about 25 per cent come double from seed, 50
- Primula Obovata. A profuse blooming Primrose, bearing on long stems heads containing 10 to 15 flowers. It thrives in a cool house, and will grow in favor with those desiring plants that will grow easily. The flowers are white, and have the true Primrose fragrance. It is in all respects a lovely flower; in bloom continuously, 15
- Grandiflora. Large flower of above, equal in other respects, 25

PYRETHRUM.

Pyrethrum Aureum is the well-known Golden Feather so much used for carpet bedding, edging etc. From the flowers of Pyrethrum Roseum is obtained the Persian Insect Powder or Bihach of California. Pyrethrum Hybridum and varieties are amongst the handsomest of hardy flowering herbaceous plants.

- Pyrethrum Aureum. (Golden Feather.) Bright yellow foliage. Oz., 75c., 5
- Pyrethrum Aureum Laciniatum. An improved Golden Feather. Foliage finely fringed. 10
- Pyrethrum Roseum. (Persian Insect Powder Plant.) Flowers bright rose. 1 1/2 ft., 10
- Pyrethrum Hybridum. Large flowering single mixed. Hardy perennial bearing large Aster-shaped flowers, ranging in color from light pink to deep red, with bright yellow centres. 2 ft., 10
- Pyrethrum Hybridum Fl. Pl. Large flowering double mixed; beautiful colors, mixed. 1 1/2 ft., 25

RICINUS. Castor Oil Bean.



RICINUS.

showy; 6 feet,

Ornamental plants of stately growth; half-hardy annuals.

- Cambridgenensis. The finest dark-leaved variety, leaves nearly black, very beautiful, 5
- Gibsoni. Dark purple stem and leaves, fine, 5
- Borboricnsis Arborens. Beautiful, large leaves, 15 feet, 5
- Sanguineus. Blood red stalks, scarlet fruit, one of the best; 5 feet, 5
- Giganteus. Large, fine and 5

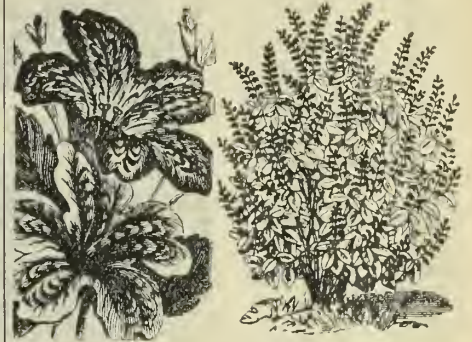
Communis. (Palma Christi.) Common Castor Oil Bean, 5

Finest Mixed, Zanzibariensis. A novelty, from East Africa; attain great dimensions; beautiful, drooping, gigantic leaves. Pkt., 25c. 5

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Ornamental and beautiful autumn blooming plants with funnel-shaped flowers, curiously veined and marbled; half-hardy annual.

- Large Flowering. Finest mixed, 1-1-2 feet, 5



SALPIGLOSSIS.

SALVIA.

SALVIA.

Splendid ornamental plants for outdoor decoration; blooming from August till killed by frost; tender annuals.

- Patens. Splendid deep blue; 2 feet, 15
- Splendens. Vivid scarlet; 3 feet, 10
- Alba. White; 2-1-2 feet, 15
- Clavend. Blooms earlier and more abundantly than Splendens; a new scarlet, more dwarf, very fine, superior to Splendens, 15

STOCK, Ten Weeks.



STOCK.

The Stock for summer and fall blooming is nearly equal to the Carnation in size and doubleness of flower; is much used by florists for arranging bouquets and designs. For summer flowers, sow in March, transplant when 2 inches high, and will commence to give flowers in July, continuing till hard frosts. If carefully lifted, will bloom in the house all winter, but it is better to sow seed in August or September, for young plants to bloom in the winter, as they will give larger and better flowers; hardy annual.

- Pyramidal Large Flowering. Pyramidal habit, long spikes large flowers; 12 inches high, blooms early; good for florists' use; choice colors mixed, 10
- Boston Florists' Double White, 15
- Princess Alice. A branching perpetual white, 15
- Large Flowering Pyramidal Dwarf. White, rose, carmine, blue, violet, red, chamois, yellow, each color very double; fine for cut flowers, 10
- Early Autumn Flowering. Commences flowering early in the autumn, and if removed to the house will bloom during the winter; mixed colors, 10
- Dwarf Ten Weeks, Mixed. About 30 per cent of these come double from open ground seed, 5
- Perpetual. Flowers the whole year; very double; 12 inches high, will grow 3 feet through if given room; quantities of flowers; mixed colors, 15
- Large Flowering Dwarf Pyramidal Snow Flake. New pure white, 20
- Choice Dwarf German Mixed, 10
- Giant Perfection. Pyramidal growth; long spikes, large double flowers; 2-1-2 feet, 15

**SWEET
PEA.**

Beautiful, fragrant, free flowering climbing plants, continuing to bloom from July to October; should be sown as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring. Supported by common pea sticks or wire netting they form admirable screens for protecting more tender plants. They are now very popular, the flowers being used in cut flower work. If possible, sow in a cool, moist soil very early in April, 2 or 3 inches deep, using seed freely, the plants to stand about 1 inch apart.

Adonis. Carmine, pink; fine, distinct. Oz., 10c., 5

Black Purple. Oz., 15c., 5

Butterfly. White ground, shaded with lavender blue; very free. 4 ft. Oz., 10c., 5

Blanche Ferry. The colors of this variety combine white and pink, similar to the well-known Painted Lady, the pink being of a deeper shade. It blooms two weeks earlier, is more dwarf and compact, producing larger flowers in greater profusion. 4 ft. Pkt., 5c.; 6 pkts., 25c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 90c.

Alba Magnifica. One of the clearest white. Oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

Invincible White. Oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 38c.; lb., \$1.40.

Crown Prince of Prussia. Bright flush, 5

Capt. Clark. Tricolor, rose and light orange; one of the best in color and habit. Oz., 12c.; ¼ lb., 35c., 5

Dark Red. Oz., 10c., 5

Painted Lady. Same color as Blanche Ferry. Oz., 10c., 5

Purple Striped. Oz., 10c., 5

Princess Beatrice. Carmine rose. Oz., 15c., 5

Red Striped. Oz., 12c., 5

Scarlet Invincible. Oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 30c.; lb., 90c., 5

White. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.00, 5

Mixed. All colors. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.; by mail, 73c., 5

Sweet Peas, Eckford's Hybrid.

An improved form and increased size and flower from Mr. Eckford of England, who is widely known for improving this much admired and useful flower.

Apple Blossom. White, shaded lilac, lower petals rosy pink. Oz., 15c., 5

Fairy Queen. White and rose. Oz., 15c., 5

Captain of Blues. Fine, 5

Indigo King. Deep violet. Oz., 15c., 5

Invincible Carmine. Carmine, fine large flower, 5

Isa Eckford. Rosy pink, shaded carmine, 10

Orange Prince. Rose and orange red, 10

Prince of Wales. White, striped mauve, 10

Queen of England. Large, pure white. Oz., 20c., 10

Queen of Isles, 10

Vesuvius. Crimson, shaded scarlet, 5

Violet Queen. Violet blue, 10

Boration. Rich dark maroon. Oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 40c. 5

Splendour. Dark rose, shaded crimson, 5

Mr. Sankey. Large white. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

Delight. Delicate flesh color, very beautiful. Oz., 20c. 5

Countess of Radnor. Pale lilac, shaded mauve; distinct. 5

Duchess of Edinburgh. Deep red; wings hood shape, keel shaded from purplish pink to white, 5

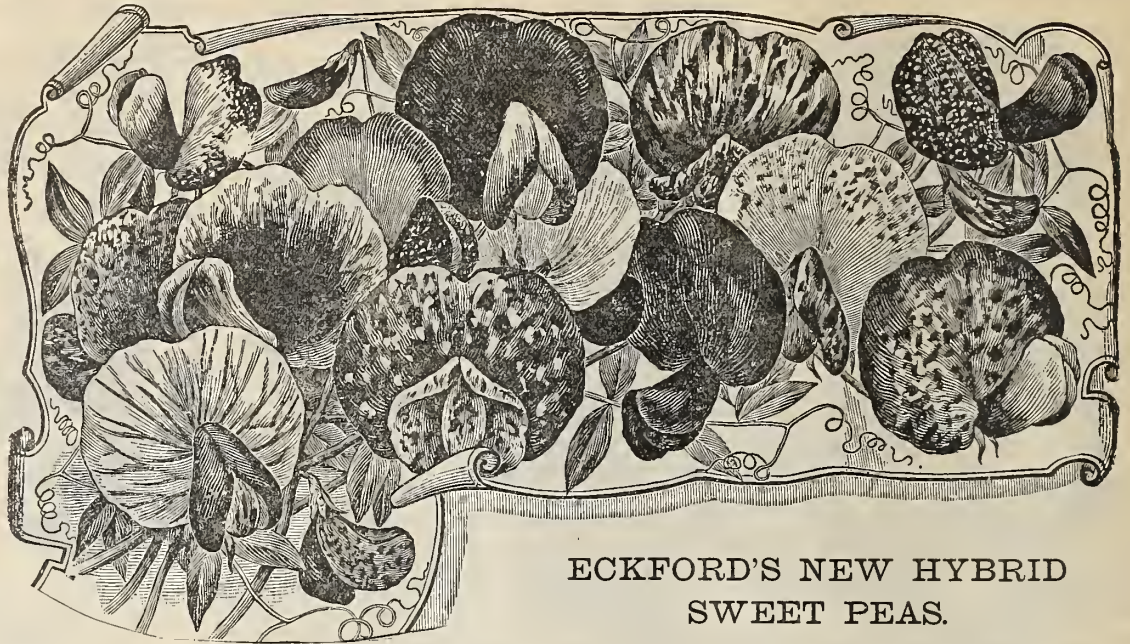
Lottie Eckford. Standard, large delicate mauve, wings blue. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.

Mrs. Gladstone. Large, good form; one of the largest and most beautiful delicate pinks. Oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c., 5

Emily Henderson. This is claimed to be the finest and largest flowering white in cultivation. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.; oz., 50c.; 2 oz., 85c.

Lemon Queen. Light lemon yellow. Pkt., 5c.

Primrose. Standard and wings rosy orange; the nearest approach to yellow among Sweet Peas. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.



**ECKFORD'S NEW HYBRID
SWEET PEAS.**

PEA EVERLASTING.

(White, scarlet, see page 30.)

THUNBERGIA.

Ornamental, free blooming climbers of rapid growth; handsome foliage and much admired flowers; tender annuals; mixed varieties, 10

TROPÆOLUM.

Beautiful climbers, flowering profusely; very useful for covering trellis and rustic work out of doors; half-hardy annual. 5

Mixed Varieties, 5
Peregrinum. (See Canary Bird Vine.) 10
Labiaum. Delicate foliage; good for house or pot culture; finest mixtures, 10

VERBENA.

Sow in the house, cold frame or hot bed from February to May, in about 60°, care being taken not to let the soil get too dry or too wet, as it takes about two weeks for the seed to germinate; transplant when an inch high, planting in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes warm. They commence to bloom in July and continue till November, covering the ground from 2 to 4 feet with one mass of bloom; are usually fragrant; no plant gives more useful or showy flowers in such abundance.

New American Mammoth. Very fine; large flowers in various colors; the very finest strain, growing equal to the best named varieties; mixed, 15

Hybrida. Finest named varieties; saved from the best named kinds, 10

Arctular Grandiflora. Large flowered; all colors mixed, 15

Cærulea. Blue shades mixed, 10

Defiance. Splendid old scarlet bedding variety; constant, extra, 10

Candidissima. Pure white, large trusses; splendid, 10

Scarlet. Different shades, mixed, 10

Italian. Striped; from a choice collection, 10
Good Mixed. All colors, 10
Common Mixed, 5

Bronze King. New. Standard copper bronze, wings white. Pkt., 25c.

Eckford's New Hybrids. This mixture contains all the new large flowering sorts except the latest novelties in best mixture. Oz., 12c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1. by mail, \$1.08, 5

Collection of 35 varieties, 1 pkt. each, \$1.75.

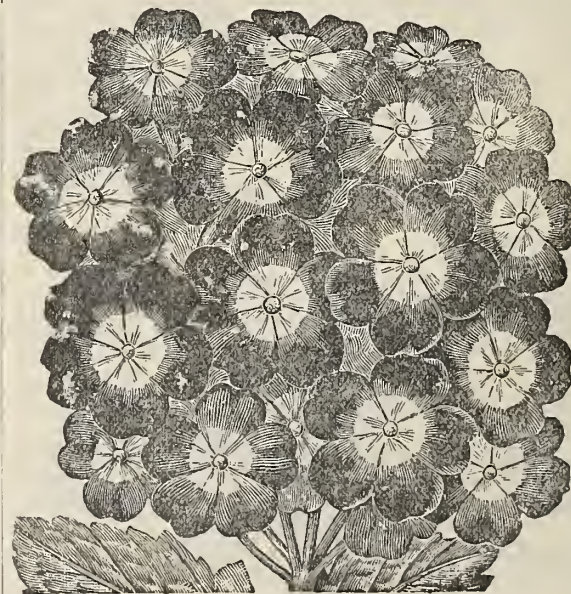
SCHIZANTHUS.

Plants combining good growth with a rich profusion of beautiful flowers; half-hardy annual.

Schizanthus. Finest mixed colors, 5

SMILAX.

Extensively used as green in all floral decorations. Per pkt., 10



NEW LARGE FLOWERING VERBENA (AMERICAN MAMMOTH).

TAGETES.

(See Marigold.)

VENUS' LOOKING GLASS.

A free flowering, dwarf, hardy annual; especially adapted for beds, edgings, etc.; grows well in any garden soil.

Mixed, 5
VIOLA, Violet.

A favorite much in demand on account of its profusion of bloom and fragrance; hardy perennial.

Viola Odorata, (Sweet Violet.) Mixed varieties, 10

VINCA.

Vinca Rosa, Rose, crimson eye, 10
" " **Alba,** White, crimson eye, 10
" " Pure white, no eye, 10
" " Finest mixed, 10

WHITLAVIA.

A pretty annual, with delicate foliage, drooping clusters of blue and white bells; hardy against cold and wet, but snuffer often in hot, dry weather. For a shady place,

few flowers give more pleasure; it is a good plant for baskets and vases.

Whitlavia Grandiflora, Violet blue, bell-shaped flowers; hardy annuals; 10 inches high. 5

ZINNIA.



Grow rapidly from seed, and bloom in about 8 weeks, continuing until killed by frost. They form plants about 20 inches high, with profusion of flowers of nearly all colors and shades, resembling in form the double dahlia; are largely used for massing or high borders. Set plants about 12 inches apart. The dwarf varieties are of recent introduction growing but 10 or 12 inches high, and in most cases preferred to the tall varieties; seed can be sown in March or April in boxes and transplanted, or sow seed in open ground. They range in a variety of colors of **white, scarlet, crimson, purple, salmon, sulphur**

yellow, bright yellow, violet, in many shades.

Zinnia, Double Dwarf, In eight best colors mixed; very double. For bedding or massing the dwarf varieties are most preferred, 10
Dwarf White, 10
Double Tall, Mixed, 5
Zebra, About 50 per cent produced are spotted and striped flowers of all colors, 10
Double Pomponne, Small flowers, very double, 10
Curled and Crested, Mixed colors, 10

WALLFLOWER.

A well-known plant much esteemed for its fragrance; half-hardy perennial.

Double, Finest mixed, 10

WISTARIA.

Wistaria Sinensis, Hardy climbing plants, with large purple flowers, 20

XERANTHEMUM.

A showy class of everlastings. The flowers, when gathered young, are useful for winter bouquets; hardy annual

Double White, Two feet, 5
" **Purple,** " " 5
" **Yellow,** " " 5
Mixed Colors, 5

Vegetable Seeds.

To Cash Buyers or Club Orders. See Page 15.

SOWING SEED.

Never cover too deep. Regulate by the size, covering only a little deeper than the size of the seed. In hot, dry weather the soil should be rolled after covering, to retain moisture and hasten germination.

It is of importance, either in a hot bed or open ground, that the temperature should be right. Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Radish, Beets, will germinate freely in a temperature of about 50°, while Tomato, Pepper and Egg-plant require a temperature about 15° higher. Care on this point would save injury to the grower as well as the seedsman, who is often blamed for selling worthless seeds, when the fault lies wholly with the one who sows them.

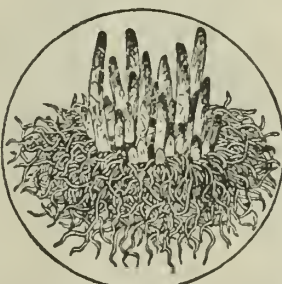
The following vegetable seeds have been selected with the greatest care in regard to purity and freshness, and can be relied upon as being the best in quality. Accurate tests are given all seeds offered. Care is used to supply every article true to name and of good quality.

ASPARAGUS.

Sow early in the spring, soon as the ground will admit working, in rows a foot apart; plants will be in condition to set the succeeding spring. Previous to sowing, soak seed in tepid water for 24 hours.

To transplant, make ground very rich with well-rotted manure, dig or plow 12 to 15 inches deep, mixing bone and ashes, or a little phosphate; make rows 18 inches apart, and set plants 8 to 10 inches apart in the row, covering 4 inches. Two-year-old plants are best to set, and will be of suitable size for table use the second year after transplanting. 1 ounce sows 50 feet in drills.

Add 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.



ASPARAGUS.

Conover's Colossal. A variety of large size, tender, productive, and of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 40c.

Moore's Giant. Superior to Conover's Colossal, making larger growth; awarded many first-class prizes. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.

Palmetto. A large southern variety; stalks double the size of Colossal, but not so numerous; largely grown. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 75c.

Columbian Mammoth White. New, immense size, white stalks. Pkt., 15c.; oz., 50c.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

Conover's Colossal. One-year-old roots, 75c. per 100; by mail, 85c. Two-year-old roots, \$1 per 100; by mail, \$1.25; per 1000, \$5.00.

Moore's New Giant. One-year-old roots, per doz., 20c.; per 100, 85c; by mail, add 10c. per 100. Two-year-old roots, \$1 per 100; by mail, \$1.25 per 100.

Palmetto. Roots same price as Moore's. One-year-old roots, \$4 per 1000. Two-year-old roots, \$6 per 1000.

ARTICHOKE, Jerusalem.

Grown from tubers, which resemble potatoes, cultivated in a similar manner; when planted for field culture make hills about 4 feet apart. Tubers, price per qt., 20c.; pk., \$1; 3 lb. package, by mail, \$1. Seed, Large Globe, pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

BEETS.

Soak seed 24 hours in warm water, sow immediately in drills 15 inches apart, 1 inch deep. The best soil is a light, rich loam, well fertilized with stable manure, carefully worked in. For an early supply, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, and about the middle or end of May for a general crop. Successive sowings recommended during the season till the end of June. Thin the plants to a distance of 6 inches; keep ground well stirred. Harvest before severe frost and cover in the cellar with sand or dried earth.

Add 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.

Bastian's Blood Turnip. One of the best early blood red varieties; very uniform, smooth, round,

small top, excellent for market, good early or late. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.



Dewing's Blood Turnip. Roots blood red; of fine form and flavor; very desirable variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Improved Egyptian. Equally as early as the Egyptian, but a deeper, thicker bulb. Much in demand as an early market or table beet, being dark red

in color. Not a good winter variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Eclipse. One of the most popular varieties for market gardens; a much better table beet than the Egyptian; round and smooth, small top. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Early Blood Turnip. The standard early sort; an excellent variety for summer and winter. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Long, Smooth, Blood Red. An excellent late variety, a great improvement on the common Long Blood. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 18c.; lb., 50c.

Edmand's Blood Turnip. Deep red in color, sweet, tender, smooth, globular shape, good market size; small top, single tap root, not quite so early as Eclipse, but for the main crop the best one for marketmen. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Liutz Beet. Resembles Dewing's; early as the Egyptian and larger; turnip shape, smooth roots, dark red flesh, small top. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

SUGAR BEET AND MANGEL WURZEL.

For Feeding Stock.

Sow from the 15th of April until June, at the rate of 5 to 6 pounds per acre. Sugar beet and Mangel Wurzel are an indispensable root for cattle, and largely increase the flow of milk without imparting an unpleasant flavor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c., except where noted.

Add 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.

Lane's Improved Sugar. An improved large white sugar beet. 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.; 5 lbs., \$2.20.

White Silesian Sugar. A favorite for stock feeding, producing from 15 to 20 tons per acre. Used in Germany and this country extensively for the manufacture of sugar. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 40c.; 5 lb. lots at 35c. lb. (See cut.)

Vilmorin's Improved French White Sugar. This is the variety grown by the French for the manufacture of sugar. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 40c.

Norbital's Giant. The finest variety of the Long Red Mangel Wurzel for feeding stock. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.; 5 lbs., \$2.20.

Yellow Globe Mangel Wurzel. Of large size and globular form; very productive; keeps better than the Long Red, and is better adapted for growing in shallow soil. Oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 15c.; lb., 45c.

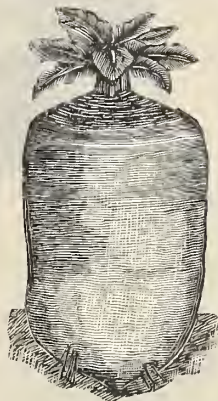
Yellow Ovoid. An intermediate variety between the Globe and Long Red; quite free of roots and a heavy cropper. Oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 15c.; lb., 45c.

Golden Tankard. This variety admits of close culture, and will be found the best producing variety of the intermediate class. It is very solid, small top, smooth and broad. Oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Long Red Mangel Wurzel. This variety is more generally grown for agricultural purposes than any other, producing roots of large size and of excellent quality. ¼ lb., 15c.; lb., 45c.



WHITE SILESIAN SUGAR.



GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL.

BROCCOLI.

Nearly allied to the Cauliflower, but more hardy and sure to head. It succeeds best in moist and rather cool atmosphere. Pkt., 10c.

White Cape. Heads medium size, close, compact, and of a creamy white color, one of the most certain to head. Oz., 25c.

Purple Cape. Differing from the preceding in color, which is a greenish purple. Oz., 25c.

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush.

A succession of sowings may be made from the first of May until July. Plant in drills about two inches deep, and from 18 inches to 2 feet apart. Per pkt., 10c.

Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail.

SNAP VARIETIES.

Improved Valentine. An improved variety of the Valentine, so much grown for a market string bean. Two weeks earlier than the common Red Valentine. For marketmen, one of the best green pod varieties; best early market string bean. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.

Horticultural, or Cranberry Bush. Owing to the labor in picking beans, this variety is used in place of Horticultural Pole, earlier and a great producer. In great demand by marketmen; as a dry bean is richer than the pole variety for family use. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.

Early China. Very early; string or shell; popular and productive. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1.35.

Early Mohawk. Suitable for northern latitudes; is less susceptible to injury from cold than most of the others. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1.35.

Pea Bean. Very productive, small, nearly round; grown for field culture. Qt., 15c.; pk., 90c.

White Marrowfat. Extensively grown for sale in the dry state. Qt., 15c.; pk., 90c.

White Kidney. A much esteemed field bean. Pkt., 5c.; qt., 15c.; pk., \$1.35.

Improved Yellow Eye. Prolific; one of the best for baking. Pkt., 5c.; qt., 15c.; pk., \$1.10.

Low's Champion. For table, garden and market; entirely stringless, extremely tender and of exquisite flavor as a string. Very productive. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.

Boston Favorite. Similar to Dwarf Horticultural; very popular in Boston market. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.40.

BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Dreer's Bush Lima Bean.

A true bush Lima, much larger beans than Henderson's Bush Lima. Plants grow from 1½ to 2 feet high, of vigorous, bushy habit, producing pods in abundance. The beans grow close together in the pods, are very thick, sweet and succulent, and ripen fully 10 days earlier than the pole Limas. Pkt., 10c.; pint, 35c.

Burpee's Bush Lima.

A true form of the large Lima, growing in bush form, requiring no poles; beans as large as the pole Lima, growing 15 to 18 inches high, and produce from 50 to 200 large pods on one plant. Pkt., 10c.; pt., 30c.; qt., 60c.

Henderson's Bush Lima.

A bush Lima, 15 inches high, in a compact bush form, producing heavy crops; maturing for table from the middle of July until frost. The beans are the size of the small Lima, of the flavor of the famous Lima Bean of the South. Pkt., 15c.; qt., 30c.



EARLY GOLDEN-EYED WAX.

DWARF WAX BEANS.

Golden-Eyed Wax Bush Bean. As early as the Golden Wax, more prolific and what is very important to marketmen, rust proof or entirely free from blight. It has been well tried; as yet not one complaint of showing the least form of rust. For market gardeners it can be recommended as the most profitable early yellow pod string bean offered; very tender and stringless. Pkt., 10c.; pt., 15c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75.

Golden Wax. Pods large, long and brittle, and entirely stringless. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50.

Black Wax. Pods, waxy yellow; transparent; very tender and delicious. Qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.

White Wax. One of the most useful of the White Wax string beans. Yellow pods. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.25.

Kidney Wax. An improvement of the Golden Wax, which it exceeds in yield; equally as early; erect, hardy, productive; long pods, broad and flat, of a delicate wax-yellow, stringless and very brittle.

Beans, kidney shape, white with reddish spots; useful as a winter shell bean. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.50.

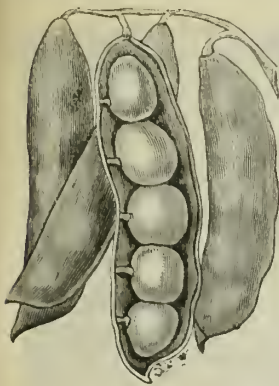
Flageolet Chevier. Remarkable for keeping its pods in the green state a long time, even when ripe. Pkt., 10c.



BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Yosemite. A new race, second only in value to the hush Lima. Pods frequently 10 to 14 inches long, with the thickness of a man's finger. Pods are nearly all pulp, seeds being very small when the pods are fit for use. Of golden color, stringless, cooking tender. Pkt., 10c; qt., 35c.

BEANS, Pole or Running.



LIMA BEAN.

These succeed best in sandy loam, which should be liberally enriched.

Early Lima, or Selva. Earlier and more hardy than large Lima. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.

King of Limas. Larger and more productive than other Lima varieties. Pkt., 15c.; qt., 35c.

Dreer's Improved Large Lima. Produces a larger yield than large Lima. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.

Dutch Case Knife. A very productive variety and one of the earliest. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.75.

Horticultural, or Speckled Cranberry. A popular variety for private use or market gardener; equally serviceable in green state or when shelled. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75.

German Wax. One of the best, either for snap or shell in the green state. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 15c.

Scarlet Runner. An ornamental plant and a useful vegetable. It grows to the height of 10 feet, producing scarlet flowers. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.

White Runner, or Dutch. Similar to Scarlet Runner, except in color of seed and flower. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.

Yard Long. Pods grow two or three feet long. Pkt., 10c.

Painted Lady. For use or ornament. Pkt., 10c.

Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail, or 8 cents per pint.

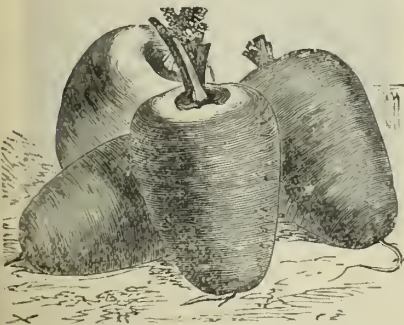
BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

One of the best vegetables for winter use, producing from the axils of the leaves an abundance of sprouts resembling small cabbages.

Tall French. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.

Dwarf Improved. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.

CARROTS.

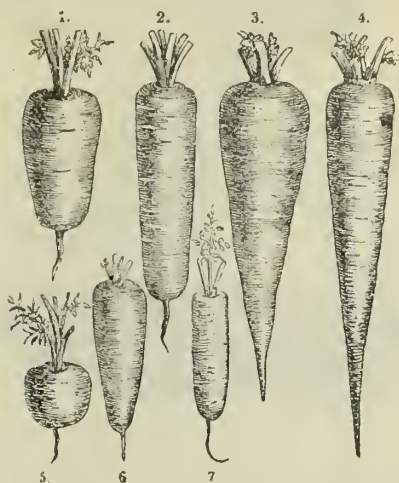


GUERANDE OR OX-HEART CARROT.

Light loam is most suitable. Ground should be well enriched with fine rotted manure, 6 or 8 cords to the acre. Sow in rows 15 inches apart, thin plants 2 to 4 inches in the rows, according to the variety. Plant from 1st to 15th of May. Often good crops are harvested when sown as late as June 10. The dry weather which prevails at that season is apt to prevent the germination of the seed. In such cases it is better to increase the quantity of the seed, being more certain to yield a good crop. Seed is sometimes soaked to hasten germination. Hoe often and keep from weeds.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

Early Scarlet Horn. For forcing; color, deep orange; excellent for table. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 90c.



CARROTS.

Guerande, or Ox-heart. Intermediate between Danvers and Short Horn varieties, growing to the diameter of 3 to 4 inches. At the New York experiment station this yielded one-third more than any other variety tested, beside 25 leading varieties. It can be pulled by hand without digging, and has yielded in Massachusetts at the rate of 35 tons per acre. Farmers will find this a profitable carrot to grow for field culture. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; 1 lb., 90c.

Short Horn. The standard early variety. Sweeter than Long Orange, and more solid; good to color butter. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 90c. [Fig. 1.]

Improved Long Orange. Of a darker and richer color than Long Orange. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 85c. [Fig. 3.]

Danvers. Between Long Orange and Early Horn; smooth, of a rich orange color; is considered more profitable to raise than Long Orange; 20 to 30 tons to the acre under the best cultivation. Oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 90c. [Fig. 6.]

Large White Belgian. Largest of all and most productive. Good for horses; the whole can be pulled by hand. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c. [Fig. 4.]

Intermediate. In many respects this is a superior variety to the Danvers, growing more hulk to the acre. A very handsome smooth variety. [See cut above.] Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 90c. [Fig. 2.]

CABBAGE.

They produce the best results on a strong soil, previously cultivated one year with corn or potatoes; seldom succeeding where following cabbage or turnips. The stronger the land the better they will head. Plow deep without turning up much poor subsoil, and manure liberally with well-rotted manure, applying broadcast, lightly turning under or working well into the soil with a harrow. If sod ground is ploughed in the fall, manured at the same time with well-rotted manure or hone, the cabbage will give excellent results. A light dressing of guano, super-phosphate, or hone ashes raked into the soil around the plant, assists in increasing the growth.

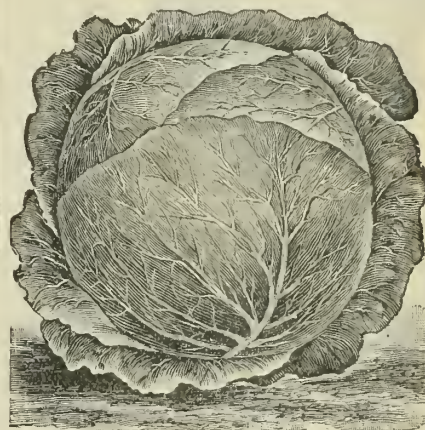
Early varieties may be set in rows 3 feet by 2 ½; late varieties 3 feet each way.

To destroy green worms, dissolve 1 ounce of saltpetre in 3 gallons of water, and apply with a broom or sprinkler; one application is sufficient, unless washed off by rains. It never colors the heads, either cauliflower or cabbage. For the small black flea, sprinkle air-slacked lime as soon as young plants appear above ground.

Sow the seed for the early varieties in February, March or April, in hot bed, greenhouse or other suitable place, in boxes. When the second leaf appears, transplant from 1 to 2 inches apart, giving plenty of air and light, to avoid growing slim and tall. When the

ground becomes warm and settled in April or May, transplant in the field in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, according to variety, setting plants 18 to 30 inches apart in the row, hoeing often till the leaves nearly cover the ground.

For late varieties, sow seed in open ground from 1st to 25th of May in this section, and transplant where they are to grow, dropping 3 to 5 seeds in each hill, the last of May, or early in June, being careful not to let the weeds or insects overtake them. When of sufficient size, thin out all but one plant, keeping the ground well cultivated.



WARREN STONE MASON.

All Seasons. This variety is equal to Henderson's Summer in earliness, producing heads one-third larger. Very solid, thick, and when grown late, makes an excellent winter cabbage, adapted to early fall, winter or spring marketing. Its quality is equal to any Drumhead variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Early Deep Head Brunswick. An improved Fottler's Early Drumhead, equally as early, deeper, thicker heads, making it of more value for market for both dealer and grower; is heavier and more solid, being of more value for winter keeping. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Fottler's Early Drumhead. A week to 10 days later than Winningstadt, with large flat heads; select stock. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Warren's Stone Mason. An improved Stone Mason. In every respect superior and very popular with marketmen. A little later than Deep Head, forms a round, very solid head, keeping excellently for winter. One of the most profitable for winter use, and planted in preference to Flat Dutch. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Early Winningstadt. One of the best for general use; very solid, of medium size, cone shape, ma-



CABBAGE, ALL SEASONS.

turing a few days later than the Wakefield. A remarkable cabbage for all kinds of soil. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.



LARGE EARLY WAKEFIELD.

Large Early Wakefield

A favorite with gardeners in all parts of the country; early good size and quality, very reliable for heading. This seed can be relied upon as equal to any offered; grown from fine specimens. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Filderkrant. The most solid variety grown; almost as hard as marble, and sure to head; short stump; good size. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Premium Flat Dutch. Grown from select stock. Large, late, excellent for winter and a standard in some sections. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$2.

Henderson's Early Summer. Very popular, early large flat head, to follow Wakefield. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Succession. A week later than Early Summer, double the size, valuable either early or late. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Marblehead Mammoth. The largest of all cabbages. Heads have been grown weighing 60 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.; lb., \$2.50.

Perfection Drumhead Savoy. The best Savoy variety, large, thick, solid heads, compact and finely curved; a superior strain of the most tender and finest flavored of all cabbages. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 65c.; lb., \$2.25.



PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY.

Early Etampes. An extra early cone-shaped variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 65c.

Mammoth Rock Red. A large-growing selected strain of late red cabbage. Heads will average 12 lbs. each. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.

Blood Red Berlin. Very deep red, good size and short stump. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.

Red Drumhead. Larger than Red Dutch; very solid and reliable for heading. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.; lb., \$2.50.

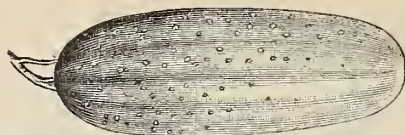
Blood Red Erfurt. Early variety of recent introduction. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.

CUCUMBER.

Plant in warm, rich sandy soil: in hills four feet each way. Place two shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each hill; cover with soil lightly, planting 8 to 12 seeds in each hill, covering one-half inch deep. When well advanced, pull out, leaving four plants. Guano, phosphate, ashes, bone, are also good fertilizers when applied lightly in each hill. Dust with lime, plaster, or slug shot to protect from insects.

Peerless. Best strain of White Spine cucumbers in cultivation; fine, perfect form, crisp; very productive. For early market or family use it is much valued. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Early White Spine. A favorite market variety of medium size; deep green; flesh crisp and of fine flavor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

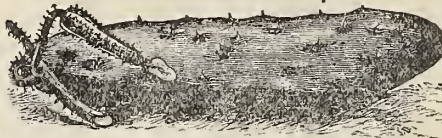


PEERLESS.

Boston Pickling. Used about Boston by market gardeners for pickles more than any other variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Early Cluster. A much-esteemed early sort, growing in clusters; extremely productive. [Fig. 1.] Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

Long Green. A fine large fruit, of finest quality; excellent for pickles. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.



LIVINGSTON'S EVERGREEN.

Livingston's Evergreen. Very hardy and prolific; crisp, excellent for slicing; very early. It possesses every quality for pickling, bearing drought; vigorous, prolific, bearing until frost. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Chicago Pickling. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

New Japanese Climbing. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

Nichol's Medium Green. As a pickle sort, for early forcing and slicing there is no better variety. It is exceedingly productive, medium size, always straight and smooth, full at both ends. The color is dark green, flesh tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.



Early Frame. An old and popular variety of medium size. Pkt., 5c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

Green Prolific. One of the best varieties for pickling, and the most prolific. Uniform in size. Resembles Boston Pickling. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Snake. Grows 5 to 6 feet, coiled up like a snake. Pkt., 10c.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

CRESS, OR PEPPER GRASS.

A well-known, pungent salad. Requires to be sown thickly and covered very slightly, at frequent intervals, to keep up a succession, as it soon runs to seed.

Extra Curled. Very fine; may be cut 2 or 3 times. Pkt., 5c., oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 40c.

Water Cress. English. Plant along streams of water. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 50c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.50.

CAULIFLOWER.

One ounce of seed will produce about 3000 plants. They require about the same treatment as cabbages. A good supply of manure is necessary to give a quick, healthy growth. In a dry season a liberal supply of water and liquid manure is very beneficial, applied 2 or 3 times a week. Set plants in rows 2 1/2 feet apart by 2 feet in the row. In blanching, gather the leaves and

tie loosely, or turn the leaves over the head and place a small stone to keep them in place.

Early Dwarf White Erfurt. An excellent variety, producing heads of large size; white, compact and tender. Pkt., 15c.; oz., \$1.50.

Extra Early Paris. A well-known, excellent variety; very early and tender; is more inclined to give good results where other varieties fail. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 60c.; 1-4 lb., \$2.



EARLY SNOWBALL.

Henderson's Early Snowball. Very early; dwarf, producing heads very white. The best for open ground and early forcing. Good size and very reliable for heading. Stock from the best strain. Pkt., 20c.; oz., \$2; 1-4 lb., \$7.50.

Italian Early Giant. This gives much satisfaction. Stock is select and grows very fine, large white heads. Pkt., 15c.; oz., 30c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.

CELERY.



CELERY, WHITE PLUME.

Sow seed in hot bed or boxes in March; when well up, transplant in cold frame. In July transplant in shallow trenches or on level ground on highly manured soil, setting plants in rows 4 feet apart, and plants 6 inches apart. Or in a more mild climate, sow the seed in the open ground as soon as it is fit to work in April, and keep clear of weeds until the time of planting in June or July. About the middle of August begin the "earthing up" necessary for bleaching or whitening that which is wanted for use during the months of September, October and November. Labor can be saved in bleaching by placing boards 10 or 12 inches wide on each side of the plants, thus causing it to be dark and shaded around plants, its shade answering as mulching and causing a rapid growth, making the celery brittle and free from rust.

The leading varieties now grown are Golden Dwarf, White Plume, Golden Self-blanching and New Rose.

To store celery for winter, dig trenches eight inches wide, to admit of two rows, leaving tops after trenched about six inches below the top of the ground, cover the roots only a little, then cover with boards, adding leaves and six inches of soil to keep out frost during the winter, or it can be stored in the cellar in the same way, without covering the tops. Celery should be stored before severe frosts injure it, as hard freezing causes it to decay.

Improved White Plume. Choice strain; the best early celery. The inner stalks and leaves are naturally white, and do not require earthing up like other varieties; tie the stalks together and draw a little earth about the plant is sufficient. It is a fair keeper, tender, good flavor and quite ornamental, extensively grown for market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; ¼ lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.75.

Perfection Hartwell. The finest and largest winter variety for market or family. Centre yellow; superior quality. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.; ¼ lb., 80c.; lb., \$3.

Golden Self-blanching. Solid, crisp, brittle, while it has the merit of being self-blanching, without banking up. The heart is solid and yellow. An excellent keeper. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 40c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.75.

Golden Hearted Dwarf. Quite solid, fine flavor, free from rust, keeping in winter well. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Giant Pascal. Grows 4 to 6 inches higher than Golden, of which it is a sport, with large, solid stalks; recommended as an excellent celery. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Boston Market. Dwarf branching, fine flavored, crisp and tender. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.; 1-4 lb., 90c.

White Solid. A variety raised for New York market, and considered by many one of the best. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

New Rose. One of the best of the red varieties, very hardy. The red varieties are always crisp and fine flavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

Turnip-rooted Celery. Large, smooth, turnip-shape; grown in nearly the same manner as celery. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.

Celery Seed. For flavoring. Oz., 10c.; lb., 40c.

DANDELION.



The dandelion resembles Endive, and is largely cultivated for spring greens, or for blanching for salad. The roots, when dried and roasted, are often employed as a substitute for coffee. The seed should be sown in May or June in drills half an inch deep and one foot apart. The plants will be ready for the following spring use.

Improved Broadleaf. The seeds from this variety have been saved from selected specimen plant, producing the largest and greatest amount of leaves to the single plant, single specimens prepared for market weighing over 4 pounds each. Nothing is more wholesome for greens than the dandelion. Thousands of tons are now sold in the markets. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 40c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$3.50.

EGG PLANT.

The seed should be sown in hot beds the first week in April, care being taken to protect the young plants from cold at night. If no hot bed is at hand, sufficient plants may be raised for a small garden by sowing a few seeds in common flower pots or boxes in the house.

New York Improved. A leading market variety; excellent and very productive. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 45c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.25.

Long White. Ornamental, excellent quality. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.

Black Pekin. Dark fruit and foliage. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25; 1-4 lb., 75c.

SWEET CORN.



EXTRA EARLY WHITE CORY.

It requires 1 quart to 200 hills, 1 peck to plant an acre in hills, or 1 to 2 bushels in drills for fodder.

If by mail add 5 cents per pint or 10 cents per quart for Sweet Corn.

Early varieties may be placed in rows 3 feet by 2, or in drills 2½ feet apart, thinning out to 10 or 12 inches. The late varieties, rows should be 3 to 3½ feet apart; the hills 3 feet apart, or thinning out in drills to 12 inches apart. It is not best to plant till the ground becomes warm; here, 10th to 20th of May, and follow in succession every 2 weeks till July; or a succession of early, medium and late varieties can be planted all at the same time for a supply for the season. Cory, Shaker's Early, Potter's Excelsior, Evergreen, are 4 excellent sorts. Owing to cold and short seasons, Sweet corn will not always ripen to germinate as well as the yellow varieties. For this reason it is better to plant 2 or 3 more kernels in a hill than are wanted to grow. In some seasons it is difficult to dry sufficiently for seed before cold weather approaches, and if frosted before thoroughly dry is liable to kill the germ; to be safe I would recommend always seeding one-third more than is required to grow, particularly with late varieties. Sweet corn seems more sensitive to cold weather than yellow varieties. Good seed, planted in cold, wet weather, will often fail, when if planted later, in warm dry soil, all will germinate.

Extra Early Columbia Sweet Corn. In the Extra Early Columbia we have gained 3 to 5 days in earliness, longer ears and the sweetest and most productive early market corn grown. Marketmen or others seeking the earliest market should not overlook the Extra Early Columbia. Pkt., 10c.; ½ pint, 14c.; pint, 20c.; qt., 25c.; ½ pk., 75c.; pk., \$1.25.

Extra Early White Cory. White cob and kernel, equally as early as Cory and much sweeter and better flavor. One of the best early varieties for family or market. Pkt., 10c.; pint, 15c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.

Burbank's Early Maine. Ripens with Cory, growth not so large. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.

Cory. About a week earlier than Early Marblehead; prolific; sweet. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1; bu., \$3.75.

Livingston's Evergreen. Two weeks earlier than Stowell's. Much liked by marketmen; very sweet; 10 and 12 rowed, handsome ears. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.

Crosby's Early. An excellent second early variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; 1-4 bu., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

Early Minnesota. A standard second early variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c. 1-4 bu., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

Egyptian. Ears large. Ripening late. Sweet, prolific; demands a high price in market. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1.25.

Farquhar Early. Sweet, very good early variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.

Mexican Black. The sweetest and most tender of all varieties. Its color is not black till fully ripe; white when in the green state; 8 rowed, of medium size; medium to ripen; 2 and 3 ears on a stalk; very profitable for family or market. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1.

Mammoth Sweet. Ears weighing nearly 2 pounds each. A very sweet corn for family use. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

Potter's Excelsior. Considered the richest and sweetest flavored for table use. Matres after Minnesota. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

SHAKER'S EARLY. To follow Cory is an excellent variety, ripening with Early Minnesota, while the ears are larger; white and very sweet. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

Stowell's Evergreen. A late variety of excellent quality, remaining longer in the green state than other kinds; Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; 1-4 bu., \$1; bu., \$3.50.

Sweet Corn for Fodder. No. 1 quality. Per 1-4 bu., 60c.; bu., \$2.

Ensilage and Fodder Corn.

Red Cob Ensilage. Largely grown in New England for silos. It has been well tested throughout the eastern and middle states by leading farmers for silo purposes, and many testimonials from over 20 of the most northern states (unsolicited) are published, giving the most favorable results, obtained also by experiment stations from several states. It makes a large growth; earlier than Blunt's Prolific, producing an abundance of leaves and ears. In an ordinary season, planted here about the 10th to the 15th of May, will glaze many ears by the first week in September. The germinating qualities of some varieties often fail. This corn is tested, and seldom fails to germinate. Qt., 15c.; by mail, 30c.; pk., 45c.; bu., \$1.50; 5 bu. lots, \$7; 10 bu. lots, \$12.50. Bags free for this variety.



RED COB ENSILAGE.

Sanford's White. Much planted in northern sections of New England for silos. It matures in 90 days or less, with a good growth of fodder and prolific in ears. The seed offered was grown in this section, and in 3 tests, 90 per cent germinated, giving it much value for seed to our northern farmers in Vermont, New Hampshire and New York. This is superior seed for northern farmers to southern grown stock. Pk., 60c.; bu., \$2; 10 bu. lots, \$1.75; bags for 2 bu., 20c. extra; 20 bu. lots, \$1.50.

White Southern. Bu., \$1.25; 10 bu. lots, \$1.10.

Sweet Corn for Fodder. Composed largely of the large growing varieties. Pk., 60c.; bu., \$2.

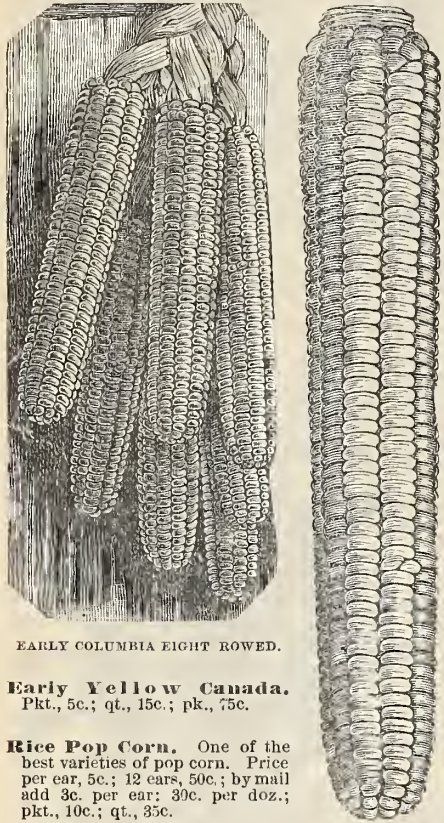
Corn for Field Culture.

Early Columbia Eight Rowed. Grown and improved by a practical farmer in this county, and considered one of the best and most prolific varieties. Ears 8 to 10 inches long; cob very small; often 2 or 3 ears on a stalk. Qt., 15c.; pk., 60c.; bu., \$2.

Canada Twelve Rowed. It is said no 8 or 12 rowed corn in this section will equal it for yield, 130 bushels having been grown in this county from one acre. A week later than the Columbia Eight Rowed. Qt., 15c.; pk., 60c.; bu., \$2.

Holden's Early Field. Popular among the farmers of the Connecticut Valley. Pkt., 60c.; bu., \$2.

Redway's Early. A cross between Early Canada and Holden's Eight Rowed, good sized ears and one of the earliest for our northern farmers, maturing in 90 days; planted May 20th can be cut up 15th to 20th of August; grows 2 good ears on a stalk. Qt., 15c.; pk., 60c.; bu., \$2.



EARLY COLUMBIA EIGHT ROWED.

Early Yellow Canada. Pkt., 5c.; qt., 15c.; pk., 75c.

Rice Pop Corn. One of the best varieties of pop corn. Price per ear, 5c.; 12 ears, 50c.; by mail add 3c. per ear; 30c. per doz.; pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.

SANFORD CORN.

CORN SALAD.

Seed sown in August protected by leaves during the winter, can be used in the spring very early; also sown in spring. Sow in rows same as lettuce. Large seeded. Oz., 10c.; lb., 75c.

ENDIVE.

Endive is one of the best salads for fall and winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April.

Green Curled. Very hardy; leaves dark green, tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50.

HERBS.

No garden is complete without a few sweet or medicinal herbs, and pains should be taken to harvest them properly on a dry day. Dry quickly and pack closely, keeping them entirely excluded from the air. Sow in spring in shallow drills 1 foot apart. For flavoring soups, meats, etc.

Anise. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. **Belladonna.** Pkt., 5c. **Caraway.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. **Coriander.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. **Dill.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. **Hoar-**

hound. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 30c. **Lavender.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c. **Marjoram.** (Sweet.) Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c. **Saffron.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c. **Sage.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75. **Summer Savory.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 70c. **Thyme.** Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c. **Wormwood.** Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.



KOHL RABI.

Flesh white and tender; the best sort; excellent for table use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

Large Early Purple. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.

LEEK.

Choose good onion soil, manure liberally, and plant in April in drills 4 to 6 inches deep, 18 inches apart, and thin to 9 inches apart. Hoe earth around the plants until the drills are filled level with the surface. Pull for use in October. To be used in soups or boiled as asparagus. 1 ounce to 1000 plants.

American Flag. A fine variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.40.

LETTUCE.

For successive crops, sowing may be made in the open ground as early as spring opens until July, in boxes in the house or in cold frame, transplanting in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes settled.

For forcing, sow in July or August, transplanting when second leaves appear, in cold frames; if wanted in winter or early spring, protect by a covering of straw or glass. For early spring use, sow in February in hot bed or greenhouse.



EARLY CURLED SIMPSON.

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. This variety does not head, properly speaking, but forms a compact, close mass of leaves; the earliest leading market sort, and one of the very best for family use; always crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 35c.; lb., \$1.25.

Black Seeded Simpson. Larger than Curled Simpson, and a good summer variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.25.

Boston Curled. A standard in the Boston market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 35c.; lb., \$1.20.

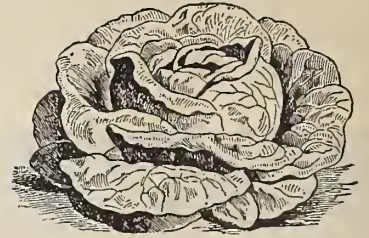
Grand Rapids. For greenhouse forcing, very popular. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

Tennis Ball. Black seed. Forms a close, hard head, with few outer leaves; a favorite forcing variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

HANSON. Heads grow to a remarkable size, and are deliciously tender and crisp, grow in compact heads, like cabbage. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.25.

New York. Very large; late in running to seed; solid heads; crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.50.

Buttercup. New, for winter or summer, one of the best. Quite distinct, very solid heads, very tender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; lb., \$1.25.



BUTTERCUP LETTUCE.

Boston Market. White seeded. One of the earliest heading varieties, largely grown about Boston for market under glass and in open ground; from prime stock. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.25.

Satisfaction. Very tender; remains in head a long time. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.

Perpetual. Form compact; leaves 20 inches across, remaining tender several months. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.

Arlington Market. The finest for hot-house forcing. Select stock. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.; lb., \$3.

MELON, MUSK.



MONTREAL MUSK.

The hills should be 6 feet apart each way. Mix well with the soil in each hill about 2 shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure. Plant about the 15th of May, and when well up thin out to 3 or 4 of the most promising plants. A light sprinkling of phosphate when well up, applied just before a rain, will increase their growth. Pinch off the leading shoots as the growth becomes too luxuriant. Thin out when young, which will increase the size of those remaining, and cause them to ripen earlier. One ounce will plant 20 hills, 1 pound about 300 hills.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.
Golden Gem. Nearly round. Very thick flesh, light green; inside rich yellow; quality superior and the earliest to ripen. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Montreal Improved Green Nutmeg. Popular in the northern latitudes with marketmen. Nearly round, growing large, 15 to 25 pounds each; thick flesh, fine flavor. Very attractive in market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Large Yellow Musk. A very large variety; deeply ribbed and thickly netted; flesh salmon yellow. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.



JENNY LIND.

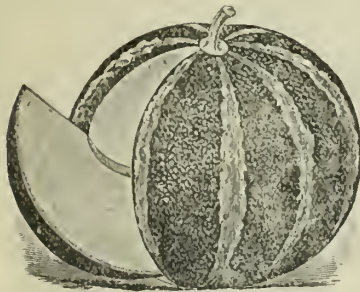
Jenny Lind. Very small, early variety; flattened at the ends; of fine quality for family garden or an early market melon. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Large Yellow Canteloupe. Flesh reddish orange, sweet and of good flavor; an early and productive variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.



HACKENSACK.

finest melons. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.



EMERALD GEM.

EMERALD GEM. Distinct and deliciously flavored; very early and prolific. One of the best flavored melons grown, with a skin which is ribbed but smooth; thick; of suffused salmon; sweet and delicious; thick-meat; yields but little seed. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 90c.

MILLER'S CREAM. Flesh salmon color, sweet and melting; so very thick that the melon is almost solid, the seed cavity being small. Rind thin, but little netted; the vine is a strong grower, and very productive. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 65c.

Mango Melon. Size, shape and color of an orange; thick, meaty flesh; used for preserving or pickling. Oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.50.

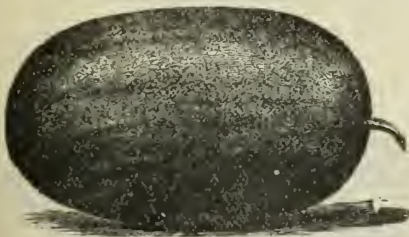
MELON, WATER.

Cultivate the same as Musk melon, plant 8 feet apart. One ounce will plant 15 hills; 1 lb. about 200 hills.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

Cuban Queen. Its size, productiveness, color, flavor, thin skin and superior shipping qualities, render it celebrated. Very solid, and grows to a great size. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

The Boss. Perfect in shape, color and size; flavor unsurpassed; flesh, deep scarlet; ripens early and is very productive. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.



VICK'S EARLY.

VICK'S EARLY. Of medium size, oblong and smooth; highly prized for its earliness; flesh bright pink; sweet and solid. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

MOUNTAIN SWEET. Large size, longish oval; dark green, red-fleshed, excellent quality. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

New Early Hackensack. Deeply netted and ribbed; flesh green; fine flavor and very productive; a favorite with market gardeners. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 80c.

EARLY NUT MEG. Nutmeg-shaped; skin deep green; finely netted, flesh greenish-yellow, rich and sugary. One of the sweetest and

Rattlesnake. Long striped, red flesh; fine quality; excellent for market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.



WATERMELON, STOKES' EXTRA EARLY.

Kolb Gem. A favorite in the south, oval, striped, excellent shipper. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

ICE CREAM, or PEEPERLESS. Form nearly round; flesh white, sweet, and tender; an excellent early variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Black Spanish. Skin dark green, flesh red. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

Citron. Round, of small size, used in making preserves. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 65c.

Watermelon, Stoke's Extra Early. The earliest of all. The illustration shows its shape, which is nearly round, dark green skin, slightly mottled. The flesh is scarlet, remarkably solid, of delicious sugary flavor. The average weight is about 15 pounds. The seed is small, about one-half the size of other melon seeds; more productive than the larger sorts. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.25.

My selection of 6 varieties Musk and Watermelon, 3 packages each, for 25 cents (6 in all).

MUSTARD.

A salad sometimes used with cress. Sow thickly in rows, and cut when about 2 inches high. For a crop of seeds, sow in April, in drills a foot apart, and thin out moderately when about 3 inches high.

White London. Best for salads. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 40c.

ONIONS.



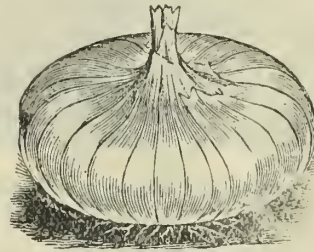
EARLY RED GLOBE DANVERS.

Apply 8 to 12 cords of manure per acre; plow thoroughly about 5 inches deep, and work manure well into the soil. The onion often thrives best when cultivated on the same ground for successive years. As early in the spring as the ground is in working order. Level with a rake and roll it firmly; sow in drills about a quarter of an inch deep, and one foot apart; cover and press the soil with a light roller. It requires five pounds of seed to sow an acre; 1 ounce will sow a bed 4-1-2 by 25 feet in drills 12 inches apart. It is beneficial to spread broadcast over the onions, while growing, a mixture of ashes and bone meal, 5 to 10 hundred pounds per acre. One-third more per acre and better onions for market can be

grown by sowing thickly and thin out, leaving as close as one inch apart to mature. Experiments have proved that firmly packed, sandy soil will yield more onions than loose, pulverized soil.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

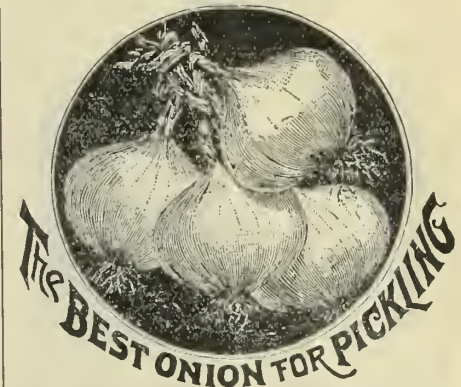
Early Yellow Globe Danvers. Grown for my trade in the onion district of Massachusetts, from selected onions. The illustration represents its form. The most profitable variety to grow, yielding from 600 to 800 bushels per acre very early. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50; 5 lb. lots, \$6.50.



EXTRA EARLY PEARL.

Extra Early Pearl. The earliest of all; pearly white, growing almost as rapidly as a radish; flat; mild flavor; good keeper; a remarkable onion. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.; 1-4 lb., 65c.; lb., \$2.25.

White or Silver Skin. (True.) White, early, delicate; the best for pickling; largely grown for sets. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.; lb., \$2.50.



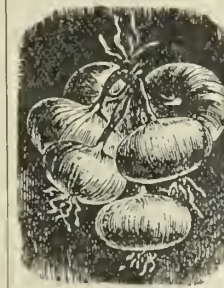
WHITE SILVER SKIN.

Yellow Dutch. A good keeper and well flavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50.

White Globe. As large as Yellow Danvers; a good keeper and of fine flavor. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

New Queen. An excellent variety; is remarkable for its keeping qualities, and rapidity of its growth. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.; lb., \$2.50.

Southport Yellow Globe. A little later than Globe Danvers; nearly round; mild and pleasant; a good keeper and very productive. A favorite in New York market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75.



NEW QUEEN.

Early Red Globe Danvers. One of the earliest and most productive of the red varieties. A more sure cropper than most others, earlier than Yellow Globe Danvers, always gives satisfaction. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.60.

Weathersfield Large Red. Of large size. Deep red in color and an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50.



Yellow Globe Danvers Onion; Field Culture. This illustration represents them as grown in the field from my seed. Price, lb., \$1.50; 5 lb. lots, \$6.50. Add eight cents per pound when sent by mail. All Onion growers know the best seed is none too good, and it is therefore of the utmost importance that they provide the best to realize a large crop. The greatest care is used in selecting the most perfect bulbs with small necks for seed stock, and many customers have remarked that my strain of Yellow Globe Danvers produced equal, and in some cases better, results than other seed sold for double the price.



SPANISH KING.

Spanish King or Prize Taker. This wonderful variety has been largely tried in about every state, and reports praise its large size, fine shape, immense yield, growing to weigh from 1 to 4 pounds each, yielding as high as 2000 bushels per acre. Yellow skin, flesh white, mild, tender and sweet; good to bottom, free from large necks, and has produced more onions per acre than any other variety; attracts attention in market. To obtain best results sow early under glass and transplant in open ground. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.; lb., \$2.50.

ITALIAN ONIONS.

Italian Onions. These onions are grown with equal success north, east, south, and west, commanding large prices in the markets, and succeed in all parts of the United States. They are of delicate flavor, sweet and quite mild, and grow rapidly from seed the first year. More money has been realized from them in many sections than the ordinary American varieties, but are not so good keepers, selling readily in the summer and autumn at good prices; they yield in some sections from 800 to 2000 bushels per acre, when started early and transplanted.

New book on Onion Culture. Price by mail, 50 cents.

Giant Rocca of Naples. Mild, delicate flavor, immense size, handsome, globe shape, light, reddish-brown skin. *Giant Rocca Onions* have been grown to weigh 1 1-2 to 1 3-4 lbs. each, from seed sown in the spring. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50.

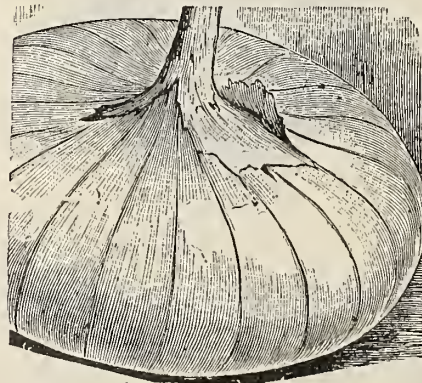
Giant Red Rocca. Of large size, mild flavor, handsome shape and appearance; outer skin red, flesh white. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 45c.; lb., \$1.50.

Neapolitan Maggiajola. Large, beautiful, white-skinned, handsome, flat shaped, fine flavor and quality. Sown in April, it will produce a splendid crop early in the season. Seed sown in May will mature a crop the same season. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75.



WHITE ADRIATIC BARLETTA
NATURAL SIZE SPECIMENS.
 The earliest, neatest and smallest onion grown; valuable for pickling or table use. Its great rapidity of growth will astonish everyone who tries it. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.; 1/4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.75.

Mammoth Silver King. (White Gargamns, or White Victoria.) Single onions of this variety, grown from seed the first season, have weighed 3 pounds. Matures early, white skinned and white fleshed; shape flat; mild and delicate flavor. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.



SILVER KING OR WHITE FLAT MAMMOTH ONION.

Giant White Italian Tripoli. Large size, beautiful form, white skin. The first season from the black seed it will grow an onion from 1 to 1 1-2 lbs.,

but to attain the full size, sow early under glass and transplant in open ground in April or May. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75.

Silver Ball or Giant White Rocca. One of the handsomest varieties. Sells readily in market, in competition with the finest onions imported from Spain and Italy, that command high prices. Globular in shape, silvery skin; flesh white; flavor mild and delicious. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

New Mammoth Pompeii. (Red Garganus.) A fine Italian variety, rivaling the large Silver King in weight. It has produced onions weighing 4 to 5 pounds each. Skin delicate red; flesh close grained, nearly white, very mild. This variety, if sown early and transplanted in April, will attain a larger size. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.

ONION SETS.

The Potato and Top onion are grown only from bulbs. The Potato onion is increased only by the bulb splitting and dividing itself into 6 or 8 smaller bulbs, which in turn form the sets to plant for the next crop. The Top onions form clusters of small bulbs on the stem, which are broken apart and planted in the same manner as the sets above referred to.

Add 10 cents per quart if sent by mail.

Potato Onions. The earliest of all onions, and the most profitable for the market gardener, being ready for market in 5 or 6 weeks from time of planting; to be tied in bunches in the green state. Six weeks in advance of top or white onion sets. Qt., 20c.; pk., \$1; bu., \$3.50.



POTATO ONIONS.

Potato Onion Seed. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.
Top or Button Onions. Maturing just after the Potato onion has gone by; good size and keeps well. Qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50.
White Sets. Qt., 30c.; pk., \$2; bu., \$7.
Yellow Sets. Qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75; bu., \$6. Bushel rates vary according to season; please write for terms.
White Multiplier. Qt., 30c.; pk., \$2.

OKRA, OR GUMBO.

The long pods of this vegetable, when young, are used in soups, stews, etc., and are believed to be very nutritious. Sow at the usual time of all tender vegetables, in drills 2 inches deep, in rows from 2 to 3 feet apart. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.

Improved Dwarf Green. Early and productive. Lb., 50c.

Long Green. Long ribbed pods. Lb., 50c.

PARSLEY.



PARSLEY, MOSS CURLED.

Parsley succeeds best in a rich, mellow soil. As the seed germinates very slowly it should be sown in spring, previously soaking for a few hours in tepid water; sow

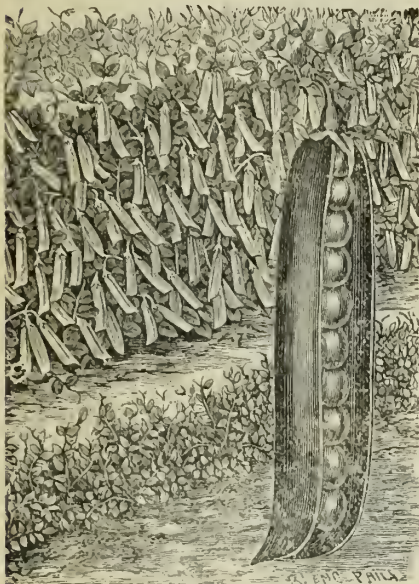
thickly in rows a foot apart and half an inch deep. For winter use protect in a frame or light cellar.

Carter's Champion Bloss Curled. The best for garnishing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 60c.

Double Curled. A fine dwarf variety, beautifully curled; excellent for garnishing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 60c.

New Perpetual. Extra curled, remaining a longer time without going to seed than other varieties. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.

PEAS.



EXCELSIOR EARLY MARKET PEA.

Sow in moderately rich ground. A few days can be gained by sowing in moist sand in a box; when sprouts are an inch long sow in drills. The pea does best if sown as early as soil can be worked; the tall, late sorts will bear more freely by pinching tops back when well in bloom; repeated sowings once in two weeks will insure a regular supply. For dwarf varieties needing no stakes, sow in single rows about 2 inches deep and about 1 1/2 feet apart; for tall varieties requiring stakes, sow in double rows about 3 to 4 feet apart, according to variety, and 3 inches deep.

Add 15 cents a quart if sent by mail.

For succession of crops sow **Excelsior**, **Improved Gem**, **Dwarf Champion** and **Perpetual**, the 4 best and most profitable market peas.

Extra Early.

Excelsior. As an early market or family pea this stands first among the early varieties. It grows about 24 inches high, producing large, well filled pods, from five to eight peas in a pod; when ripe are nearly round; of a yellowish white color; very sweet and fine flavored. For market gardens this is as early, if not the earliest, and most productive large podded variety of smooth pea grown. Sown on the 10th to 25th of April, usually are ready for market from the 9th to 13th of June; from six to ten days earlier than American Wonder. This seed I grow largely for market gardeners' trade. For family gardens it is also extensively planted. Being grown at the north it should produce better results than seed grown further south. Pkt., 10c.; pt., 15c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.25.



EXCELSIOR.

Improved Gem. To those who wish a variety more prolific than American Wonder, three to five days later, growing 5 inches taller, and equally as

good flavor, I can recommend this as a variety that will please the family or market gardener, and no doubt one of the most productive early wrinkled peas in cultivation. This strain is grown with care to meet the demand as a prolific, fine flavored, early wrinkled pea. Eight to ten days later than **Excelsior** for market or family. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; 2 qts., 50c.; 4 qts., 85c.; pk., \$1.40; bu., \$4.75.



IMPROVED GEM.

American Wonder. The earliest wrinkled pea, about 10 inches high, of superior flavor, and productive on heavy soil; on light, sandy soil in dry weather not as productive. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75; bu., \$6.

Early Vermont. A new first early pea, originating from careful selections of **Improved Dan O'Rourke** and **First and Best**; of much promise for early market and family use. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.50.

Improved Dan O'Rourke. A standard early variety for market or house use, growing about 2 feet high; pods good size and well filled. Productive and of good quality. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$4.75.

First and Best. Very early, productive market or family pea. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.00.

McLean's Little Gem. A dwarf, green, wrinkled variety; very prolific, ripens a few days after **American Wonder**. 1 foot high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.

Alaska. One of the first early, 2 feet high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.50.

Second Early Varieties.

Abundance. A branching variety 15 inches high, wrinkled, fit for the table two weeks later than **American Wonder**. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.

Early Marblehead Marrowfat. It is a great yielder, remaining a long time in bearing; long plump pods, ripens second early, or a week to 10 days earlier than **Black-Eyed Marrowfat**. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.; pk., \$1.75.

McLean's Advancer. An improved select strain of **McLean's Advancer**, recognized in New York markets as superior to the ordinary variety. This follows the **Improved Gem** in maturing for the table, wrinkled, growing about 2 1/2 feet high; a good and profitable second early variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.40; bu., \$4.50.

Telephone. A second early, large podded, wrinkled variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.50.

Herolne Pea. Large, full pods; productive; 2 1/2 ft. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 40c.

Dwarf Champion of England. A remarkable pea for market gardeners, very popular on Long Island. I think this will produce more pods than any other variety; peas very large, of rich flavor, wrinkled. No second early peas on the list equal it for productiveness, good flavor and for market, and I think it the most profitable. It grows about 30 inches high, not necessary to bush, and is two weeks earlier than old **Champion of England**, producing double the amount

of peas. Out of 25 varieties tested on my trial grounds, none equal this. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; 2 qts., 50c.; 4 qts., 90c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.



DWARF CHAMPION OF ENGLAND.

For General Crop.

Perpetual. Maturing just after the **Advancer**, continues until cut by frost. It requires no bushing, grows 24 inches high; branching habit; seed wrinkled. Good for family use. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.50.

Stratagem. Good flavored, and esteemed by all; wrinkled, hardy and prolific; large, handsome pods, well filled; growing 15 inches high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.75; bu., \$6.00.

It is often difficult to get seed of this variety to germinate over 60 or 70 per cent at any season.

Bliss' Everbearing. A branching, everbearing variety to follow as a late pea. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.25.

Champion of England. An old variety and highly valued; many of the newer varieties now surpass it in yield, flavor and growth; 5 feet high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; 2 qts., 40c.; 4 qts., 65c.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.

Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Very extensively grown as a field pea, hardy and productive; 4 feet high. Pkt., 7c.; qt., 15c.; pk., 65c.; bu., \$2.25.

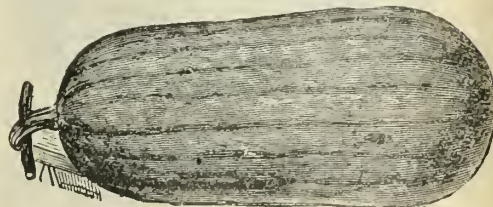
Dwarf Sugar. Edible pods, of good quality shelled. 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.

PUMPKIN.

They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be grown in fields by themselves. Sow the 1st of May in hills 8 feet apart. The mammoth varieties are of little value, grown mainly as a curiosity for large size, which requires care and rich soil; but one or two pumpkins on a vine, and one vine in a hill.

Cheese. The best variety for cooking purposes. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/2 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Large Field. Very productive, and largely grown for feeding stock. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 30c., by mail, 38c.



GOLDEN OBLONG PUMPKIN.

Golden Oblong. They grow 15 to 20 inches long; yellow, fine keeper, superior quality; the most prolific

of all varieties, 14 or more often on one vine. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/2 lb., 25c.; lb., 80c.

Mammoth Michigan. Grows to immense size, soft shell, and excellent for stock feeding; often weighing 100 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1/4 lb., 50c.

Mammoth Potiron. This has a showy red skin, flesh very thick; in quality is equal to any of the Mammoth class of pumpkins, whose chief value is for stock feeding rather than for table use. The true Mammoth variety, growing the largest, weighing from 100 to 225 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1/4 lb., 75c.



MAMMOTH POTIRON PUMPKIN.

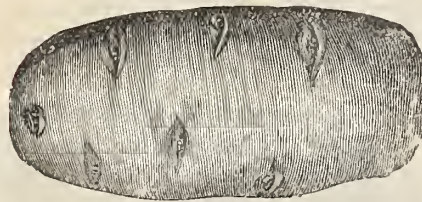
POTATOES.

Most of my seed stock is grown in this state from 10 to 150 miles north by experienced cultivators, in soil best adapted to the most healthy tubers, giving it a hardy, robust nature; being grown in a northern latitude, will produce earlier results and larger crops than seed grown from a more mild climate. Turn pasture land or sod ground in autumn, at the same time manure broadcast with well rotted manure or ground bone and ashes, applying a little phosphate in each hill in the spring; or if no manure is at hand, apply 800 to 1000 pounds of phosphate broadcast in early spring, and 500 pounds per acre in hill at the time of planting. Potatoes may be planted in rows 3 feet each way, or in drills 15 to 18 inches apart, making rows 3 feet apart. Various opinions as to quantity of seed per acre are recommended, 5 to 10 bushels usually. Plant 2 to 4 eyes in a hill, if in drills, or use one-half or a whole potato in a hill if 3 feet apart each way.

Extra Early Panama. Of the three first and important qualities required in a potato for market, this is first among all in earliness; very productive for an early potato; table quality, first class. You all want the Extra Early Panama. Lh., 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$2.

New Queen. It has been well tried throughout the east and west, yielding heavy crops of handsome potatoes; is large, closely resembles Early Hebron and with an equal chance will out-yield any other early potato; smooth, oblong shape, very handsome. One party writes he grew 22 bushels from 1 peck, another writes he grew 90 pounds from 1 pound, another 30 barrels from 1 barrel. Prime stock. Lb., 15c. By express, pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.50; hbl., \$3.50.

If by mail add 8 cents per pound.



NEW QUEEN.

Extra Early Triumph. Maturing for market 10 days in advance of Hebrons, Vermonts, Rose, Savoy, Queen. It is the main market variety planted at the south and Bermuda for shipping the first early potatoes north, its entire crop being harvested before Early Rose are ready for market. One of the best of keepers. Lh., 15c.; pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.40; hbl., \$3.50.

Early Six Weeks. At 6 weeks from planting, potatoes are as large as hens' eggs; matures in 72 days.

It grows medium to large size, oblong to round, skin light pink, very smooth, shallow eyes, and a remarkably good yielder for so early a variety. Lb., 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$3.00.

Early Beauty of Hebron. Similar in shape to the Early Rose; almost white with faint rose tint; more prolific; generally of better quality. Quoted in our large markets as a leading variety. Lb., 15c.; pk., 35c.; bu., \$1.25; hbl., \$3.25.



NEW ROSE.

New Rose. Resembles the Early Rose. Originated in Franklin county, Vermont. A potato much in demand where known. Handsome, smooth, yields well, very early, and quality as a cooking variety first class. Lb., 15c.; pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.50; hbl., \$3.75.

Early Durham. It is a few days earlier than Early Rose, very smooth, of a rose colored skin, and when boiled or baked, has almost the texture of flour. Lb., 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$1.50; hbl., \$4.

Early Rose. A standard early market variety in many sections; too well known to require description. Lh., 15c.; pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.25; hbl., \$3.50.

Early Maine. Seedling of Early Rose; its earliness, yield and quality are among the best; resembles the Early Rose, yielding one-fourth more. Lb., 15c.; pk., 40c.; bu., \$1.50; hbl., \$4.

White Elephant. Tubers large, long, white, and very productive, of fine quality, ripening just after Early Rose. Lb., 15c.; pk., 35c.; bu., \$1.25; hbl., \$3.50.



EARLY VERMONT.

Extra Early Vermont. A standard very early potato, yielding one-third more than Early Rose; 3 to 5 days earlier; remarkably smooth and fine appearance; similar in color to Early Rose; a favorite wherever tried. Lb., 15c.; pk., 35c.; bu., \$1.25; hbl., \$3.25.

Early Norther. A seedling of the Early Rose; ripens earlier; closely resembles it in form and color, but a much better yielder. Lb., 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$2.

MAGGIE MURPHY. New. For quality, fine growth, enormous yield, it is likely to become a leading variety; matures late. By mail, lb., 50c.; 1/2 pk., 60c.; pk., \$1.

American Wonder. Tubers white, large and uniform, few eyes, smooth, quality unsurpassed, late By mail, lb., 40c.; 1-2 pk., 40c.; pk., 60c.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail, unless noted.

For the benefit of those who wish to try the above varieties, I will send:

	BY EXP'S	BY MAIL
1 lb. Extra Early Panama,	15	23
1 " Queen,	15	23
1 " Early Maine,	15	23
1 " New Rose,	15	23
1 " Early Six Weeks,	15	23
1 " Early Norther,	15	23
	90	1.38

One pound of each above 6 varieties, by express, for 70c.; by mail, \$1.15.

1 lb of each 6 varieties	\$.65
2 lbs. " "	1.15
3 " " "	1.50
4 " " "	1.75
5 " " "	2.00

PEPPER.

Grown largely for pickles. Sow in a hot bed in March or early in April, and transplant in the open ground when the weather is favorable. They should be planted in warm, mellow soil, in rows 18 inches apart. They may also be sown in the open ground when all danger of frost is passed, and the soil is warm and settled.

Sweet Mountain. More largely grown than other varieties; large size and mild; used for making stuffed pickles. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.

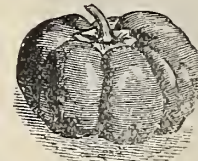
Cherry. Small, smooth, round, productive. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

Spanish Monstrous. Six inches long, 2 inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

Red Chili. Small cone shaped; very hot; best for pepper sauce. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.



SWEET MOUNTAIN PEPPER.



BELL OR BULL NOSE PEPPER.

Large Bell or Bull Nose. An early variety of mild flavor; rich, thick and fleshy, a favorite for pickling. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.

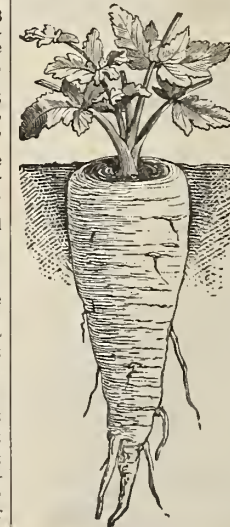
Long Cayenne. Best for seasoning pickles. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.

Golden Dawn. Yellow; productive, free from fiery flavor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.

Child's Celestial. It sets peppers early, continuing late; bright scarlet; small but prolific; fruit 3 inches long; sharp flavor. Pkt., 10c.

Ruby King. Large, handsome, very mild; used sliced with salt and vinegar; 4 to 6 inches long; 3 inches across. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

PARSNIP.



LONG SMOOTH PARSNIP.

Sow as early in spring as the weather will permit, in drills 15 inches apart, covering half an inch deep. Unlike carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in the fall what are wanted for winter use, and leave the rest to be dug up as required in the spring.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

Long Smooth, or Hollow Crown. Best for general use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 55c.

The Student. A fine flavored variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

RADISH.

One of the most wholesome of all vegetables, easily digested and said to be a cure for kidney disease; eaten

at any time uncooked. Few people are aware of the benefit of the radish to the system. No good garden should be without them. Sow for a succession crop every two weeks, in rows about 12 inches apart, from March to July, which will give a daily supply for the table. For an early supply they may be sown in greenhouse or hot bed any time during the winter.



CHARTIER.



French Breakfast Radish.

Long Bright Scarlet. Valuable for market on account of its extraordinary earliness, being fit for use in 25 days from sowing; remarkably bright in color, of a fiery scarlet not given to other varieties, with a white tip; crisp and very tender, very regular in shape; in size, intermediate between the long and half long, and is likely to meet with great favor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.



LONG BRIGHT SCARLET.

French Breakfast. Of quick growth, very mild and tender, one of the best for forcing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Chartier. Obtaining size before becoming unfit for the table; distinct from any other variety; crimson top with white tips. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.



Red Turnip Radish.

Early Round Dark Red. Valued on account of short top; the best early variety for forcing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Long Scarlet Short Top. A standard for market and private gardens. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Olive Shaped Scarlet. Olong shaped, flesh rose colored, tender and excellent. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Rose China Winter. Bright rose color, flesh firm and piquant; excellent for winter use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

California Mammoth White. A giant, white fleshed, full radish, of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.

Wood's Early Frame. Very early, round red. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 60c.

Improved French Breakfast. This is an improvement in color, being of dark crimson with a very small white tip, which makes it more attractive in market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

SPINACH.

Spinach is best developed and most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil. This is extensively grown by market gardeners in large cities and towns, and is an important crop for greens. Sowings are made every two weeks from April to July, for summer use, in rows 12 to 15 inches apart; the main crop being sown in August and September, wintered over, and cut early in the spring. For family use give the same treatment. It requires 1 ounce for a drill 100 feet long; about 10 pounds per acre in drills.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.



SPINACH, THICK LEAVED.

Thick Leaved. Produces a large, thick leaf, stands a long time before running to seed; one of the best market varieties. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1/4 lb., 12c.; lb., 35c.

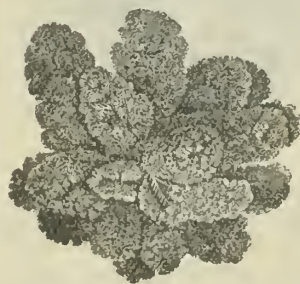
Long Standing. Remains a long time before running to seed; in other respects similar to Round Leaved. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1 1/4 lb., 12c.; lb., 40c.

Round. The main market sort; quality good for spring or fall sowing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1 1/4 lb., 12c.; lb., 30c.

Prickly. Stands well in winter, but a less prolific bearer. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1 1/4 lb., 15c.; lb., 35c.

Savoy Leaved. The most hardy of all varieties. Recommended for fall sowing in September for early spring use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 35c.

SEA-KALE.



DWARF GREEN KALE.

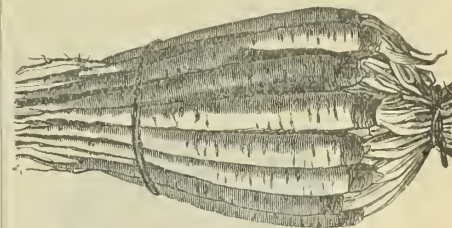
Cultivated for its blanched shoots, which are cooked as Asparagus. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

SALSIFY, Oyster Plant.

winter where the temperature is not below zero. Most tender after a sharp frost. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Sow early in spring, in drills 15 inches apart; cover the seed an inch and a half in depth, and when the

plants are strong enough, thin out to three inches apart. They are ready for use in October, and are not injured by frost. When cooked resembles the oyster.



SANDWICH ISLAND MAMMOTH SALSIFY.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.

SQUASH.



GOLDEN SUMMER CROOK-NECK SQUASH.

Light soils are best suited for their growth. Prepare hills for seed in the ordinary manner, by mixing 2 or 3 shovelfuls of well rotted manure with the soil for each hill. For the bush varieties, from 3 to 4 feet each way, and for the running sorts from 6 to 8 feet. After they have attained their rough leaves, thin out to 3 or 4 of the strongest plants.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

Bush Summer Crook Neck. Early, productive, and of good quality; color, orange yellow. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Strickler Summer Crook Neck. Grows larger than the common variety, averaging 5 pounds each, about as early and more prolific. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1 1/4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Yellow Bush Scallop. A very early variety, excellent for early summer use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

Early Prolific Marrow. It is doubtful if any equal it in productiveness; ten days earlier than ordinary Marrow. Those who have been troubled in obtaining seed that produced a large, overgrown Marrow, will find in this a squash of about the right size for market, 8 to 12 pounds each. Color, orange, shaded red; its cooking and keeping qualities are good. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.



EARLY PROLIFIC MARROW SQUASH.

Essex Hybrid. One of the richest, finest grained, sweetest, most productive and best keeping squashes. Being very early, it may be plauted as a second crop after early peas, potatoes, or cabbage in June or early July; hard shell and excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Boston Marrow. A much esteemed variety, coming in about ten days later than the Bush and Crook Neck sorts; a good keeper and of unsurpassed flavor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Bay State. An improved type of the Essex Hybrid, more solid, heavier, earlier, dryer, and in its flavor

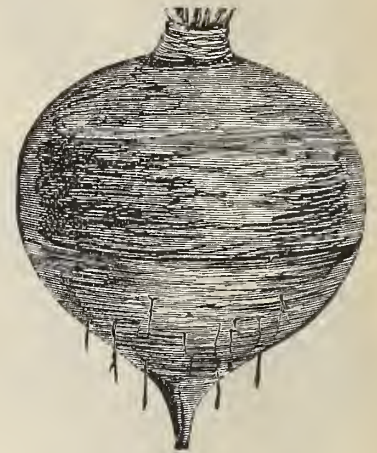
TURNIP, Ruta Baga.

The Ruta Baga, Swedish, or Russian Turnip, known to many under the name of "French Turnip," forms a distinct class. The bulbs are close grained, very hard, and will endure a considerable degree of cold without injury. They keep well stored in a cellar the whole winter, but are not in perfection for the table until towards spring. Extensively grown as a farm crop. The Swedes at the North should be sown from the 10th of June till the 1st of July, in drills from 2 to 3 feet apart, and thinned from 10 to 12 inches apart, or they may be sown in a seed bed, afterwards transplanted. It is necessary that the ground should be dry and made very rich.

Sweet German. In good soil and favorable season is comparatively smooth and regular, and under opposite conditions often uneven, neck two or three inches long; greenish brown above ground, white beneath; flesh pure white, solid, very sweet, mild, and well flavored; retains its firmness till spring; as a table variety it must be classed among the first. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 55c.



SWEET GERMAN.



SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP.

Skirving's Purple Top. An improved, purple topped variety of strong growth; large size. By its quick vegetation it generally escapes the ravages of the fly; suited to field culture and cattle feeding; the best of the yellow flesh Ruta Bagas. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Breadstone. Medium size, quick growing, fine quality, smooth roots, white, cooking in 15 to 20 minutes. Good for winter and spring use. Oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.25.

Improved American. This variety is largely grown in this country by many of the most prominent agriculturists, both for the table and for feeding stock; flesh solid, yellow, fine quality, and keeps well until summer. Pkt., 5c., oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 50c.

Carter's Improved. Has obtained many first class prizes at various exhibitions in England. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 50c.

Laing's Improved. Of excellent quality; purple above and yellow under ground; almost perfect globe shape when well grown, with a small top and tap root; yellow flesh. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 50c.

Champton Purple Top. Hardy; heavy cropper, yielding from 40 to 50 tons per acre; favorite English variety. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Add 5 cents per pound if sent by mail.

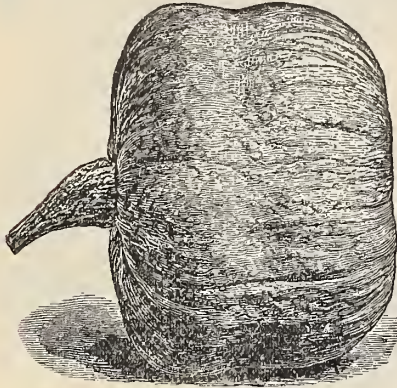
TOMATO.

The seed should be sown in a hot bed or boxes in the house or greenhouse in March or April, in drills 4 to 6 inches apart, and half an inch deep. When 3 inches high, transplant to another hot bed or box, 2 or 3 inches apart. About the middle of May the plants may be set in the open ground, in light, sandy soil, at a distance of

sweeter; differing in color, being light green, and flesh of a bright golden yellow; equally as productive; averaging in weight 10 to 12 pounds. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

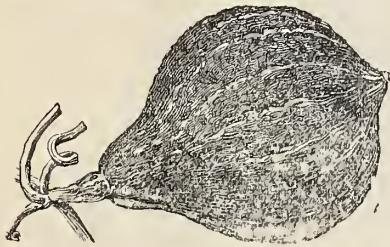
Winter Crook Neck. Flesh close grained, sweet and good flavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 70c.

Warren Squash. Similar to Essex Hybrid, thicker shell, better keeper, and the richest, best flavored variety. On trial last year and proved much superior to Essex Hybrid. (See cut.) Pk., 10c.; oz., 15c.; lb., \$1.



WARREN SQUASH.

Hubbard. A general favorite, and more largely grown as a late sort than any other; of large size, flesh fine grained, dry, and of excellent flavor. Offer a choice and select strain of this excellent variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 12c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., 90c.



HUBBARD SQUASH.

Marblehead. A good winter squash, resembling the Hubbard, and equally as good. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 80c.

Mammoth Chili. This is the largest variety of squash, growing from 100 to 200 pounds, good for stock and exhibition purposes. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.; 1-4 lb., 70c.



MAMMOTH CHILI SQUASH.

American Turban. Flesh orange yellow, thick, fine grained and well flavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 70c.

TURNIP.

Very wholesome for stock feeding, and extensively grown in market gardens. It is one of the staple products of the farm. For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 15 inches apart, and thin to 4 or 5 inches in the row. New sod ground is the best. Where old ground is used, good top dressing of wood ashes is the surest method of obtaining good, smooth roots. Unless so treated they are almost sure to grow wormy if grown in old garden soil. Bone dust, superphosphate, plaster, salt, ashes, or a mixture, is much better to be sown broadcast before drills are made. Sprinkle plaster, lime or ashes on your young plants when insects are troublesome.

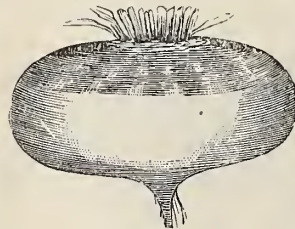
For fall crop sow from the middle of July to the middle of August.

One ounce will sow a drill 150 feet long; from one to one and one-half pounds per acre in drills are required, or one-half to three-fourths if sown broadcast.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Early Flat Dutch. An excellent garden variety resembling White Strap Leaf; for spring or fall sowing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.



EARLIEST RED TOP.

Extra Early Milan. This occupies a place among turnips that the Eclipse beet does in its class, being ten days to two weeks earlier than the Purple Top Strap Leaf; flesh white, good size. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.00.

Earliest Red Top Strap Leaf. One of the very earliest varieties; shape between flat and round; white flesh. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.

Purple Top White Globe. An early variety; globe shape; in other respects similar to the Red Top Strap Leaf. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 50c.



PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.

Long White or Cow Horn. Matures quickly, roots shaped like a carrot, about half of which is formed above ground. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 50c.

White Egg. A quick growing, tall variety, and often used as an early summer turnip for market; nearly round like a ball; flesh firm, fine grained, skin very smooth and thin; of a snowy whiteness; a mild, sweet, table turnip, and attractive in market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 50c.

Yellow Finland. A small, early variety; flesh bright yellow. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 50c.

Yellow Globe. One of the best American varieties for a general crop. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 45c.

Yellow Aberdeen. Very hard and productive, a good keeper; globe shape; color, pale yellow, with purple top. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 50c.

3 feet apart, in hills in which a shovelful of well rotted manure has been mixed, if not already manured. Bone or phosphate are good fertilizers, about a tablespoonful thoroughly mixed with the soil before setting the plant; if too strong will injure them. The tomato will ripen earlier and produce well if the soil is not too rich.

EXTRA EARLY COMRADE. New; earlier than the earliest known; handsome as the second early sorts, of highest quality, and the most productive of all; will give the gardener more money than any other variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.

Buckeye State. Many large tomatoes have been introduced, but rejected on account of roughness. When it is stated that this large variety is smooth and uniform, like all of Livingston's varieties, it is sufficient to have the attention of tomato growers. It is the largest and latest of his introductions; a great cropper, borne in immense clusters of 4 to 8 fruits. Its luscious quality, solidity, and meatiness stand first among tomatoes. Its color is similar to the Beauty. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 50c.

MATCHLESS. A favorite in some localities. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.

Atlantic Prize. Very early; smooth, solid, bright red. This is one of the finest new early varieties. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.

PONDEROSA. Large size, medium early, dark red, irregular shape, solid, few seeds, good flavor; the largest and best flavored variety, keeping its good quality till the very last of the season. You will not be disappointed to try this as a late variety. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.; oz., 35c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.

The Stone. One of Livingston's latest improved varieties, and deserves marked attention. Early,

smooth, solid, deep red; so named on account of its solidity. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.



BEAUTY TOMATO.

BEAUTY. The best variety in the list for family or for market. If you have this you have as good as the market grows. Good size, very solid, smooth, and few seeds, bearing till killed by frost. A superior strain, from the earliest and smoothest selections. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.

Favorite. A large, perfect shaped, very smooth variety, dark red; ripens evenly and very early, holding its size to the end of the season; solid, very few seeds. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.25.

DWARF CHAMPION. One of the very earliest and best on the list. Grows compact, short jointed, keeping fruit well up from the ground. Of medium size, smooth, deep dark red in color, solid, good quality. A great favorite. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.

Ignotum. The earliest large, smooth red varieties; heavy and solid. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

Golden Queen. A yellow variety; very solid, smooth, large as ordinary tomatoes. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.

Essex Hybrid. Receives praise wherever tried; smooth, solid, fine color; splendid for market or home use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 65c.; lb., \$2.50.

Paragon. Good size, smooth, solid, productive; glossy crimson, largely used in the southern states. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 65c.

Yellow Plum. A beautiful variety, used principally for pickling and preserving. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

Strawberry or Husk. Known as Red Cherry. Valuable for preserves. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.

Currant. For ornament; resembles long bunches of currants. Pkt., 10c.

Tree Tomato. Pkt., 10c.

Greenhouse & Bedding Department.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

ABUTILON.

Sometimes called Flowering Maple. Flowers bell-shaped, drooping; blooming continually the whole year. Small plants, 10c.; large plants, 20c.

Boule de Neige. White.

Fraserii. Dazzling crimson.

Darwini. Orange Scarlet.

Golden Bells. Yellow, bell shaped flowers.

ACHYRANTHES.

Foliage plants for vases, baskets or ribbon beds and massing, holding their bright tints until killed by frost. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.

Aurea Reticulata. Green leaves, marked yellow.

Gilsonii. Leaves carmine; stem pink.

Lendenii. Deep blood red, changing to crimson. One of the very best bedding varieties.

Lindenii Carmea. A new variety with broader leaves than the preceding, with a broader stripe of carmine in center of leaf; very attractive.

AGERATUM.

Blooming continually through the summer months; of the easiest culture. Small plants, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; large plants, 20c.

Cape's Gem. Blue, 9 inches high; suitable for a border or for massing in beds.

White Cap. Compact, 9 inches high; valuable for flowers.

Mexicanum. Flowers light blue; 15 inches high.

ALTERNANTHERA.

Variiegated foliage, growing 8 inches in diameter and 3 inches high; used principally for ribbon lines and borders. Leaves are tinted, bordered, blotched, margined and variegated with bright colors, carmine and crimson tints prevailing. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; small size for bedding, \$6 per 100.

Amovena. Leaves yellow, brown and rose.

Magnifica. Large, yellow, scarlet and green.

Parychoides. Green, crimson and straw color.

Spathulata. Carmine and green.

Aurea Nana. Golden yellow; fine for bedding.

Parychoides Major. Crimson, scarlet and pink.

ALYSSUM, Sweet.

A continual bloomer for the house or out of doors, both winter and summer. The double varieties are prized for their flowers, produced as freely as the single. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; \$5 per 100.



ALYSSUM, DOUBLE, TOM THUMB.

The most valuable of all alyssums for bedding, baskets, vases cut flowers; growing compact, 2 or 3 inches high, spreading out 4 to 6 inches; equally valuable for pot culture in the house. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100.

Double Variegated. Foliage white and green; double white flowers; valuable for baskets, vases and borders. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.

Double White. Similar to the common variety; flowers double, more valuable for cut flowers. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; \$5 per 100.

ASPARAGUS.

Valuable, used in place of smilax for green; equal to the most delicate ferns, and remains after cut a long time before wilting. It can be grown to climb like smilax or on a trellis.

Asparagus Plumosa Nana. 50c. each.

AZALEA INDICA.



AZALEA, SINGLE.

My collection comprises a list of the best varieties. No plant is better adapted for the greenhouse or parlor; giving profusion of bloom during the winter and spring

months. Blooming plants, 25c. each; large plants, 35c., 50c., 75c. and \$1 each.

Are now much used as decorative plants for Easter.

Fine bushy plants 6 to 8 inch pots, 75c. to \$1 each.

Single.

Six to 10 good varieties, **white, rose, salmon, deep pink, variegated**, single and double.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII.

Known as **Japan or Boston Ivy**. Price, 20c. each; 6 for \$1; 15 for \$2.

Large 2 and 3 year plants, 15 to 24 inches high, 2 to 4 branches, 35c. to 50c. each.

See illustration. Hardy climbing plants.

BEGONIA.

Used for hanging baskets or for pot plants in the house, blooming through the summer and winter months. Price, 10c. each; large plants, 20c.; \$1 to \$2 per doz.

Alba Picta. Green, spotted white; white flowers.

Argenta Guttata. Dark chocolate leaves, silver spots; white flowers.

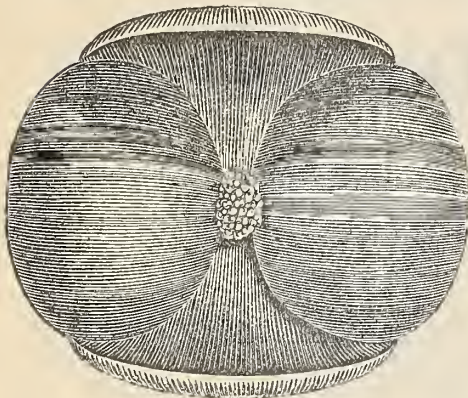
Louise Classen. Large green leaves with black spots; 20c.

Hybrida Multiflora. Small ornamental leaves; rosy pink flowers.

Parnellii. Leaves spotted silvery white.

Sandersonii. Bright scarlet crimson.

Paul Bryant. Light pink, flowers large, glossy foliage; very frice.



TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIA, SINGLE FLOWER

Rubra. Green leaves, growing 2 feet or more high; bright scarlet flowers during summer and winter.

Metallica. Leaves glossy metallic, flowers in large clusters of delicate rose; one of the best for pot culture. Leaves fine for edgings, baskets or designs.



METALLICA

Begonia Rex, Ornamental.



The leaves are large, variegated and mingled with a silvery gloss. Are used as pot plants or in warden cases, ferneries, hanging baskets and stands. Price, 20c. each; \$2 per doz.

Begonia, Tuberous Rooted.

The flowers measure 5 or more inches in diameter, with short, thick, upright growth; erect flowers in the numerous colors of the deepest rose, yellow, crimson scarlet and white. Their culture is simple; pot any time from January to March, with the crowns just above the soil, in any ordinary light loamy compost; 3 parts peat and sand are best; pots just large enough to take the bulb; place in a warm room or greenhouse to remain until they make a young growth, and then repot into 6, 7 and 8 inch pots, adding one-quarter of loam, and they will soon show blooms and growth 1 or 2 feet high, and when the pots become full of roots, supply them with liquid manure, being careful they are placed in a temperature above 60°; excessive fire heat and glaring sun heat are injurious. To cultivate for bedding, plant them exactly as if they were choice potatoes. Plant bulbs 10 inches apart. Frost affects them in just the same manner as dahlias. To hasten blooming they may be started in small pots in April, and about June 1 planted as other bedding plants, and will bloom from July to October. They prefer a partly shaded place. Separate colors, 2 year bulbs for bedding or summer pot culture.



BED OF TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS.

Single Red,	15c.,	\$1.50 per doz.
“ Rose,	“	“
“ Dark Red,	“	“
“ White,	“	“
“ Yellow,	“	“
“ In Best Mixtures,	15c. each;	\$1.50 per dozen.
Double, in Best Mixtures,	30c. each.	

COLEUS.

Decorative foliage plants, arranged in lines for ribbon beds or massing, are extensively used. Their foliage embraces every color imaginable, from white to black. A few coleus plants arranged in an attractive form, make an effective foliage bed. Set plants about 1 foot

apart each way, 10c. and 15c. each; \$1 to \$1.50 per doz.; \$5 to \$8 per 100 for the best bedding varieties.

HERO. Deep blackish maroon.

PINEAPPLE BEAUTY. Dark, claret crimson, yellow edged.

SPOTTED GEM. Yellow ground, regularly blotched with crimson, green and orange.

VERSCHAFFELTII. Rich velvety crimson, best bedder.

Nonpareil. Large foliage, bright crimson centre, narrow band of light green in centre.

Spring Grove. Centre rich crimson, changing to scarlet bordered with light green and golden yellow.

Leaves of Autumn. Large foliage, crimson, yellow, pink and bronze.

Mourning Bride. Black, veined carmine.

BUTTERCUP. Equal in growth and as hardy as Verschaффeltii. The best bedding yellow in every respect; far superior to Golden Bedder, more bardy.

GOLDEN VERSCHAFFELTII. Greenish yellow.

CRIMSON VELVET. Crimson.

PROGRESS. Green, rose striped maroon.

Fire Crest. Bright carmine, edge marked yellow; centre of leaf blotched bronze.



NEW YELLOW BEDDING COLEUS, BUTTERCUP.

CENTAUREA.

Used for bedding with colens and dark leaved foliage plants, also much used for vases, urns and hanging baskets.

Gynnocarpa. Silvery white; drooping, fern-like leaves. 10c. to 20c. each; \$1 to \$2 per doz.; \$6 and \$8 per 100.

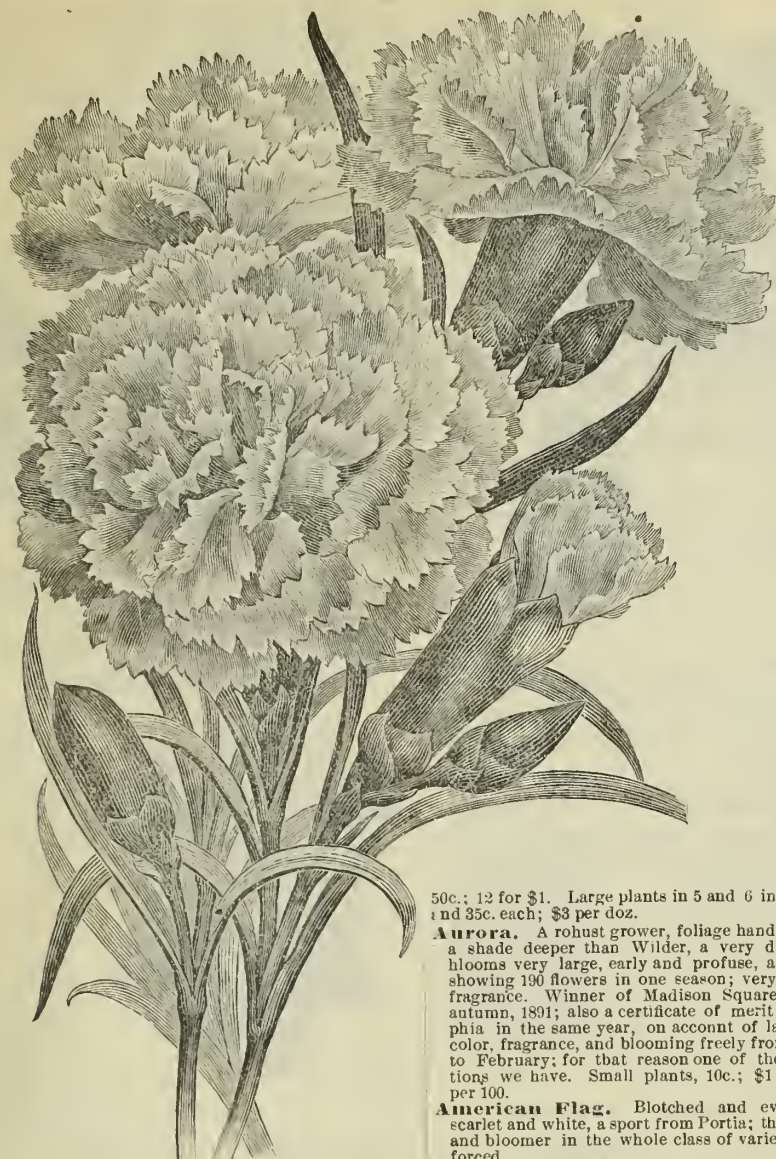
Candida. Leaves broad, downy white, forming a neat, compact bush. 20c. each; \$2 per doz.

COBÆA SCANDENS.

One of the best climbing plants, being of remarkably rapid growth, producing abundantly, large, bell-shaped purple flowers in profusion. As a summer climbing plant for trellis or veranda, or to train in greenhouse or conservatory in winter, it ranks first. 15c. each; strong plants, 25c. each.

CARNATIONS, Monthly.

The Carnation in size, color, doubleness, form, habit, is within a short time much improved. For the flower garden in summer, or the greenhouse or parlor in winter, the Carnation is unequalled; the varieties among florists are numerous, and comprise nearly every shade of marking, and most of them exceedingly fragrant. As a winter bloomer for pleasure or profit, the carnation excels all other plants; the flowers are of such a nature as to stand long exposure either from shipping or when made into bouquets. Its beautiful color, exquisite elove fragrance and abundance of bloom rate it by all florists and bouquet makers among the first class flow-



DAYBREAK CARNATIONS.

ers, having always a ready demand in market. These, with its hardy nature, render it one of the best blooming plants for commercial florists, amateur or winter gardens. Some do not succeed with the Carnations, owing generally to the lack of moisture, syringing, or too dry an atmosphere, which encourage the red spider, causing the buds to blast, or the plant to die. The Carnation likes a temperature of 50° to 60° better than 70° to 80°, with foliage moistened 2 or 3 times a week, both upper and lower parts of the leaves, never allowing the soil to get too dry, keeping the plants clean and free from dust. The red spider feeds from the under side of the leaves, and increases rapidly in a high and dry atmosphere, while a cool, fresh, mild air, with plenty of water, will destroy the insect. They can be as easily grown as geraniums when you once understand their culture. When set in the open ground cut them well back; they will show new growth and bloom during the summer and when lifted from the open ground will produce flowers for several months in the winter. The following are good winter blooming sorts, which I can supply in quantities, growing them as I do for winter extensively. Price, 12c. each; \$1.25 per doz.; \$6 per 100. Add 50c. per 100 when sent by mail. Will send 3 varieties by mail, my choice of varieties, for 30c.; 6 for

50c.; 12 for \$1. Large plants in 5 and 6 inch pots, 25c. and 35c. each; \$3 per doz.

Aurora. A robust grower, foliage handsome, flower a shade deeper than Wilder, a very delicate pink; blooms very large, early and profuse, a single plant showing 190 flowers in one season; very strong clove fragrance. Winner of Madison Square garden cup, autumn, 1891; also a certificate of merit at Philadelphia in the same year, on account of large size, fine color, fragrance, and blooming freely from September to February; for that reason one of the best carnations we have. Small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100.

American Flag. Blotched and evenly striped scarlet and white, a sport from Portia; the best grower and bloomer in the whole class of variegated; easily forced.

Anna Webb. Velvety crimson, fringed. The best of the crimson varieties.

Daybreak. In this we have very large size, fine, attractive, delicate shell pink in color, very long stem, good perpetual bloomer, flowers demanding the highest price. One of the best new pink offered for years. 10c., each; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100; large plants 15c. to 20c. each.

Grace Wilder. Delicate pink, flowers large, fringed, clove scented; blooms very freely; a most prolific variety of its color. A perpetual bloomer summer and winter.

Buttercup. Yellow, large flower. Sometimes marked and penciled carmine. The best yellow variety.

Golden Triumph. Yellow, keeping well; plants vigorous, bloom late; bright yellow, very large flower. 15c. each.

Mrs. Fisher. One of the finest large, pure white; strong grower, large flower, free.

F. Marigold. Large flower, strong grower, shy bloomer; dark crimson.

J. J. Harrison. Large, white, dotted carmine.

Rosalind. Deep pink, good grower, free bloomer.

Tidal Wave. Deep pink, large flower, fringed.

Louise Porsch. A shade lighter than Buttercup, slightly streaked with carmine and fringed.

Lizzie McGowan. Among the whites this va-

riety stands at the head of the list. The flowers are very large and double, and do not burst. A profuse bloomer; the best variety to grow for cut flowers. Erect grower, very healthy, and early, continuous bloomer.

Portia. The brightest and most free bloomer among scarlets. The most profitable for cut flowers; perpetual bloomer.

Puritan. Plants of good habit; strong, bushy grower, very healthy. Flowers 2½ to 3 inches diameter, very double, of good substance, lasting qualities, excellent, fragrant; early and continuous bloomer. Best new pure white. 10c. each.

Nellie Lewis. Rosy pink, dotted carmine, large flower; free in growth and bloom.

New Carnations.

Sweet Brier. Light pink; good grower, early and continuous bloomer; long stems, fragrant. 25c. each.

Edna Craig. Large, full formed flower; light pink, long stems and strong grower. 15c. each.

Wm. Scott. Habit, color and growth of Grace Wilder. Early, free, long stems; deserves trial. 15c. each.

Mrs. H. M. Stanley. Terra cotta, shaded yellow and red; fragrant; a sport from Buttercup. 15c. each.

Cesar. Flowers 3 inches across; red and white, variegated; long stems. 15c. each.

Malmaison. A new English variety, often measuring 4 inches in diameter; beautiful blush; fragrant. 50c. each.

PINK, Hardy Garden.

Snow. Flowers larger and more double than the old Scotch pink; of the purest white; perfectly hardy and a good forcing pink for early spring. 10c. each; \$1 per doz. Strong clumps, 20c.; \$2 per doz.

Annie Bowlin. Pink, maroon centre. 10c.; \$1 per doz.; strong clumps, 20c.; \$2 per doz.

Fimberata. Bright pink, fringed, clove scented. Hardy garden or June pink. 10c.; \$1 per doz.; strong plants 1 year open ground. 20; \$2 per doz.

Her Majesty. New hardy white. Was awarded nine first-class certificates in England. Is likely to become the leading hardy pink for out of door growing. 20c. each.

SCOTCH PINKS, Hardy.

In variety, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; sometimes known as June or Moss pinks; fringed edges, strong clove fragrance; colors white, pink, pink with maroon centre.

CALLA.

A well-known Egyptian lily. Its large white flowers, which are produced in winter, make it one of the most valuable of winter flowering plants. 20c. to 50c. each.

Black Calla. 50c. each.

Dwarf Calla Lily.

The Gem. The value of this over the common calla is its dwarf habit and freedom of bloom. This improved sort rarely exceeds 18 inches in height and blooms abundantly. Flowers not more than half the size of the common variety, and can be used with effect in bouquets. It is in every way superior as a house plant to the large growing variety. Strong, blooming plants from pots, 50c. each.

Dwarf Ever-blooming Calla.

Grows more dwarf and compact than the common variety, blooming in summer and winter. 65c. each.

ANTHEIS CORONARIA Fl. Pl.

This commences to bloom in February or March in the house with a profusion of donhle yellow flowers, continuing till late in summer; grown in pots or bedded out.

Double Yellow. 15 inches high. 15c. each.

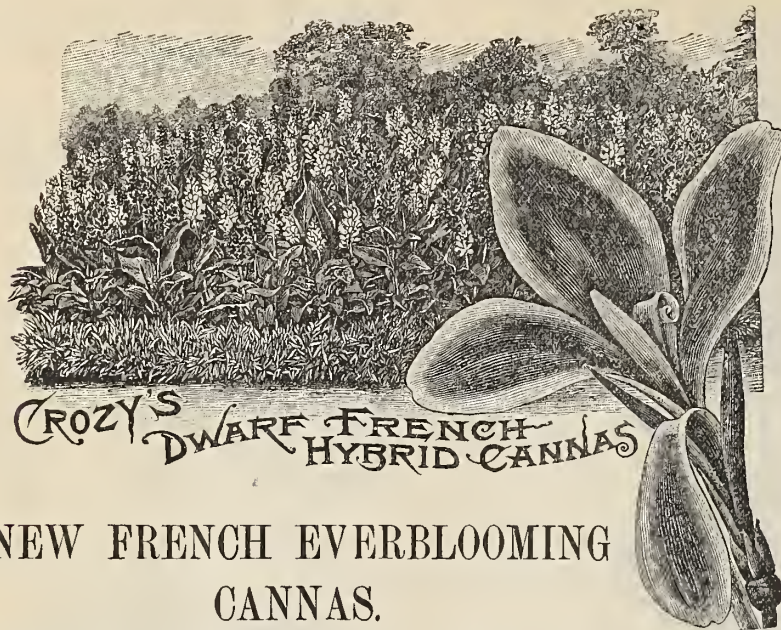
Double White. 15 inches high. 15c. each.

DAISY.

Double White. The flowers are very double; pure white. An excellent plant for early spring planting for cemeteries or garden culture, blooming in May and June; mixed or separate colors. 10c. each; 3 for 25c.; 75c. per doz.

Double White Snowflake. Flowers larger than common variety, blooms the entire season.

Double Rose. Delicate rose color. 10c. each.



NEW FRENCH EVERBLOOMING CANNAS.

No plant is attracting more attention for bedding purposes than the new French cannas. It is the most popular plant for large groups where an attractive and massive effect on the lawn is to be obtained, blooming freely from July until killed by frost; these long spikes of large brilliant colored flowers of scarlet, crimson, yellow, at once attract attention; are easily cultivated, adapted to almost any soil or situation, but a strong, moist soil is best suited for them. Are easily lifted in the fall into pots and will grow and bloom most of the winter, the dwarf varieties being the most desirable for pot culture, as they vary in height from 2 to 4 feet. After cut down by frost, lift and store in the cellar or greenhouse like dahlias, dividing in the spring to plant out in May or early June. To hasten, they can be started in pots in February or March and planted out in May or June. Price, 10c.; \$1 per doz., for bulbs, except where noted. Started in 4 inch pots, 20c. each; \$2 per doz.

Frau Crozy. Light apricot, beautiful; large flower. 20c.

Alph. Bouvier. This new variety grows 6 to 7 feet high, being mounted with immense spikes of dark crimson flowers. The best introduction of last season. 25c.

Capt. Suzzoniti. Yellow flowers. Very large; foliage broad, similar to a banana; grows 5 to 6 feet. 50c.

President Carnot. Dark chocolate foliage, flowers deep scarlet, large, 5 feet. 25c.

Mdm. Crozy. This succeeds with all; grows 2 1/2 to 3 feet high, with clusters of flowers almost as large as gladiolus, of a brilliant scarlet with a narrow yellow border, produced from June to October, and when lifted in September will continue to bloom in the house for two or three months; the best for bedding. Mdm. Crozy makes the most attractive bed for summer blooms, well adapted for vases and tubs. 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Adolph Weicks. Green foliage, dwarf, compact habit, 2 feet high; flowers crimson scarlet, medium size; free blooming and attractive. One of the most useful bedding varieties; as a bedding plant is equal to the scarlet geranium. Bulbs, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz. Started in pots, 20c. each; \$2 per doz.

Childsii. Flowers large, yellow, with crimson spots; grows 4 feet high and blooms the whole summer; makes a striking effect when placed with A. Weicks. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; started in pots, \$2 per doz.

Golden Rod. Clear golden yellow flower. A seedling from Mdm. Crozy, which it resembles in habit of plant. \$1 each.

Charles Henderson. Flowers deep crimson, foliage broad and massive; 3 1/2 feet high. 75c.

Florence Vaughn. Yellow spotted scarlet flower, large plant; 4 feet. 60c.

Nellie Bowden. Clear golden yellow flower, stems strong and branching; growth superb; excellent for massing. 25c.

Trocadero. Grand in flower and foliage, blooms deep crimson, in profusion; 27 separate heads of flowers have been counted on a single plant. 25c.

Mdm. Just. Flowers amber and flame color; attractive; 3 feet. 20c.

Victor Hugo. Flowers orange red, foliage crimson; 3 feet. 20c.

Ulrich Bruner. Orange scarlet flowers; 4 feet; foliage green. Bulbs, 15c.

Auguste Ferries. Bronze foliage; 5 feet; scarlet flower. 15c.

Brilliantissima. Chocolate foliage, carmine flowers; 3 feet. Bulbs, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.

A. Crozy. Flowers carmine, foliage green, free bloomer. 4 1/2 feet, 15c.

Robusta Perfecta. Distinct, handsome; leaves 12 to 18 inches wide, 3 feet long, bronze red. Habit robust, height 8 feet, appearing like the Abyssinian banana. Largely used, gives fine effects. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; started in pots, 20c. each; \$2 per doz.

Gen. Boulanger. Canary yellow, mottled crimson; 2 feet; foliage green. 10c. each; \$1 per doz.

For a group of cannas on the lawn in a bed 8 feet in diameter, use 12 *Robusta* for the centre, then a circle of 10 *Mdm. Crozy*, with an outside border of 15 *Adolph Weicks*, making 37 in all, from pots; will furnish for \$4.60.

The following also make a very effective bed, 12 feet in diameter.

10 *Robusta*, 10 *Mdm. Crozy*,
13 *Childsii*, 18 *A. Weicks*,
24 *Brilliantissima*.

Making 75 in all. Price from pots, \$10.

For a long bed to cover unsightly places use one or two rows of *Robusta Perfecta*, then one or two rows of *Childsii* or *Gen. Boulanger*, bordering with *A. Weicks* or *Mdm. Crozy*. Beautiful beds can be made by massing together *Childsii*, *Gen. Boulanger*, *A. Weicks*, and *Mdm. Crozy*, all growing about the same height, from 3 to 4 feet, either in a circle, diamond, crescent or triangular shape of any dimension.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

Ornamental leaved, hulbous plants used for groups on lawns or near ponds and streams with beautiful effect. They have a rich tropical appearance, making a growth of 4 to 5 feet, with leaves 2 by 3 feet; light and

dark green, striped diagonally towards the centre. Are much grown, preferring a moist, rich soil. The bulbs can be started in pots early in March or April, or planted in the open ground in May as soon as the soil becomes warm. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz. *Extra strong select bulbs*, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz. Started in pots, 20c. each; \$2 per doz. *Extra strong*, started in pots, 35c. each; \$3.50 per doz.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

CLEMATIS.

See Hardy Climbing Vines.

CYCLAMEN.



CYCLAMEN.

Adapted for bonse culture, give many flowers for little care. Place bulbs in soil just above the surface, in a four or five inch pot; keep plants cool till leaves are well formed; when the flower buds appear, give a sunny window, where it will soon show flowers. The strain of cyclamen is among the finest; remarkable for large size, form and brilliant

colors; are ornamental leaves, mottled with light and dark green; producing flowers during the winter in profusion.

Bulbs will bloom better to dry them off in summer to remain dormant for 2 or 3 months. In September repot in fresh soil, manure liberally with fresh cow manure, and your bulb will throw flowers equal to the above illustration during 2 or 3 months in winter. 25c. each; \$2 per doz.; small bulbs, 15c. each.

Cyclamen Persicum Album. White.

“ “ **Rubrum.** Rose.

“ “ **Emperor William.**
Dark crimson; fine.

“ “ **Mt. Blanc.** Pure white.

“ **Giganteum.** Flowers much larger than *C. Persicum*; finer in every respect; of rich, varied colors. 30c. each.

“ **Rosy Horn.** Delicate rose. 35c. each.

Atrorubrum. New, dark red. 30c. each.

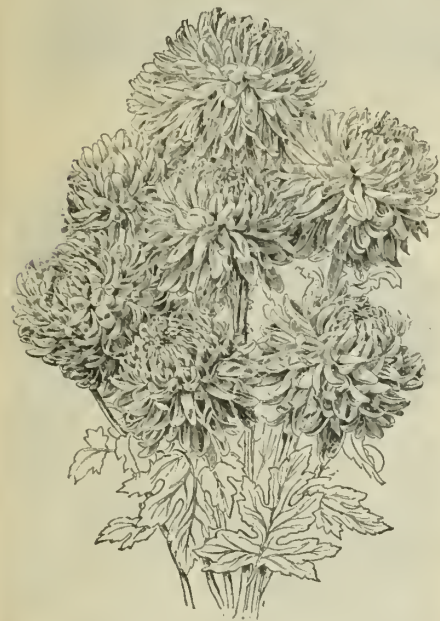
CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Their value for autumn and early winter flowers is not surpassed for fine display, variety of colors, and ease of cultivating, being hardy south of New York city; are largely used for decorating, or bedding for fall display on the lawn or flower garden. In northern sec-

tions they require lifting in pots, and placing in a cool house or room, where they will bloom for two months, from November to January, with a variety of early and late bloomers. The list following comprises some of the most valuable varieties. The best time to purchase is in the spring, as they are rather large to send a distance in the fall. I mention below some of the best varieties. Price, small plants, 10c. each; \$1 per doz. Large plants, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; unless noted. My choice of 15 varieties small plants named, for \$1.

Large Flowering Japanese or Fringed.

***Ada Spaulding.** Of a beautiful rose tint; globe shape. Of robust habit and early bloom.



CHRYSANTHEMUM, ADA SPAULDING.

- Col. W. B. Smith.** Bronze, one of the best.
- ***Christmas Eve.** Filled white, good late white.
- ***Domination.** One of the best, early white.
- ***Excellent.** Delicate, soft pink.
- E. Toda.** Yellow, very double; medium size, ball shape.
- ***Eda Pass.** Light salmon, late, fine bloomer.
- Etoile de Lyon.** White.
- ***Frank Thompson.** White, broad and heavy; late.
- Fimbriata.** White, fringe appearance.
- Fannie Black.** Deep crimson, with broad petals; of strong habit.
- Fascination.** Soft lemon, large.
- ***Glorisum.** One of the best, early yellow. An excellent cut flower variety.
- Golden Dragon.** Large, yellow. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across; incurved; late yellow.
- Golden Wedding.** One of the finest yellow. 15c.
- Good Gracious.** Immense size, strong grower; delicate pink. 15c.
- ***Geo. W. Childs.** Rich dark crimson; very large.
- ***Harry E. Wldnor.** One of the finest yellow produced. Flowers large, on strong stems, excellent habit.
- ***Ivory.** Pure white, large, double; dwarf habit, free and early.
- ***Jessica.** Early, large flowering, white.
- ***Kate Brown.** Early white; fine, large flower.
- ***Kloto.** Deep yellow, with a peculiar waxy lustre; regularly incurved and very distinct; late.
- ***Lady Shelborne.** Early, large flowering; of snowy whiteness. A fine early cut flower variety.
- Laredo.** Late, pink; 25c.
- Lillian Russell.** Earliest, mermet pink, ball shape.
- ***Lillian B. Bird.** Blush pink, large full flower; composed of long tubular petals, distinct; one of the best, late.
- Mrs. Gov. Fifer.** Flat, snow white, large.
- Mrs. E. D. Adams.** The largest white in collection.

- Mrs. Jerome Jones.** Incurved, pure white, magnificent.
- Mabel Simpkins.** Immense white Chinese.
- Major Bonaffon.** Incurved, yellow, fine; 50c.
- ***Mrs. Blanchard.** Beautiful rose. Early, fine for cut flowers.
- ***Minnie Wauamaker.** Medium late white, large.
- ***Mrs. Benj. Harrison.** Flowers, pearl white, inner petals slightly tinted lemon.
- Mrs. Ward.** Very double, pure white; medium size flower, ball shape.
- Mutual Friend.** (New.) White, very fine. 50c. each.
- Marion Henderson.** The earliest, large flowering yellow; good substance.
- Mrs. C. H. Wheeler.** A large incurved flower, bronze crimson on the outside and gold on the inner.
- Miss Alice Broome.** Rich crimson, yellow markings at base, and gold beneath; large size.
- Nivens.** Snow white, incurved, large, very fine. 20c.
- Pres. W. B. Smith.** Delicate pink; free in growth and bloom. 15c.
- ***Robert Bottomly.** Large, white.
- Rosalind.** Light pink, early.
- The Queen.** A grand double white.
- Vivian Morel.** Delicate pink, very fine.
- ***Violet Rose.** A grand double, free, perfect form of a beautiful crimson.
- W. J. Palmer.** Bright buff.
- ***Wm. H. Lincoln.** Pure yellow, full double, slightly incurving; immense size, strong habit.
- ***Cullingford II.** Beautiful dark crimson; large, very double, producing quantities of flowers, the best of its color in this class.
- ***Diana.** One of the best white; recurved petals; very free, resembles a large, double aster when in bloom.
- Miss May Morgan.** Light rose, large, full and double as an aster; fine, free bloomer.
- ***Victor Lemoine.** Large, fine; best Chinese white.

Among the best Japanese and Chinese are marked with a * and can send 12 varieties for \$1.00, of the small size, or \$1.50 for the larger size.

New varieties, see novelties.

DAHLIA.



DAHLIAS.

The dahlia succeeds best in a strong, loamy soil. Plants should be set 3 feet apart. One of the most attractive autumn flowers, blooming from August until killed by frost. Bulbs can be started in pots in March or April to be planted in the open ground in early May. Store bulbs in winter by packing in sawdust or dry sand in a cellar free from frost. The following are selected from large collections as the best contrast in colors. Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

Large Flowering Tall.

- Catherine.** Fine yellow.
- Duke of Albany.** Rich crimson.
- Fanny Purchase.** Bright yellow.
- Fredly.** Deep scarlet.
- Princess.** White, large, free.
- White Dove.** Flower of medium size; perfect, pure white; quilled, on long stems, attractive.
- Chris Ridley.** Maroon.
- Glowing Coals.** Scarlet.
- Queen Victoria.** Yellow.

Dwarf Bedding, Large Flowering.

Grow 18 inches high with large flowers.

- Capt. Ingraham.** Scarlet.
- Camelliaflora.** One of the most prolific, white.
- Rose Blanch.** Rose.
- Sambo.** Dark maroon.
- Adolph Wagner.** Buff, splashed with maroon.
- Miss Dodd.** Light scarlet.
- Marguerite Brant.** White.
- Mooock.** Black. 25c.
- Princess.**

Bouquet Dahlias.

Plants grow tall; flowers small, full and double.

- Brilliant.** Dark crimson.
- Gen.** Scarlet.

- Little Leopold.** Deep pink.
- Sappho.** Rich maroon.
- Snowflake.** Fine white.
- Guiding Star.** White, very double; long stem.
- Pearl.** One of the finest, pure white.
- Little Adalade.** Pale rose.
- Little Prince.** Striped, maroon and white.
- Fashion.** Light orange.



DAHLIA, GUIDING STAR.

Single Dahlias.

- Cloth of Gold.** Fine yellow.
 - Gen. Diaz.** Bright scarlet.
 - Harold.** Velvety maroon.
 - White Queen.** Large white.
 - Picta.** Yellow, striped scarlet.
- Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

Cactus Dahlias.

- A. W. Tait.** White.
- Mrs. Hawkins.** Yellow.
- Cochineal.** Scarlet. 15c. each.

FEVERFEW.

Little Gem. A dwarf and continual bloomer, constantly in bloom from May till frost. Flowers white, very double, and compact habit, 20 inches high, flowering more freely than the old variety; no plant with so little care gives such returns for white flowers; is hardy and lives in open ground during winter, except in open, severe winters. 15c. each; 12 for \$1.50; small sizes, 10c. each; 12 for \$1.00.

Golden. Used largely for massing or in ribbon planting and hanging baskets, having no merits as a flowering plant; leaves of a golden yellow color. The flower shoots should be nipped off when they appear. 10c. each; 75c. per doz.; \$5 per 100.

FERN.

Their gracefulness of foliage makes them much valued as plants for vases, basket or rock work, or as specimen plants for parlor or conservatory, and much used for cut flower work. My collection embraces most of the standard sorts, Adiantums, Asplenium, Pteris, Polypodium, etc. 15c. to 25c. each; 6 choice ferns, our selection of varieties, \$1.00.

FUCHSIA.

In a collection of house plants it deserves a prominent place, where its graceful form and delicate coloring are always admired. If you wish to preserve for the winter, place in a 6 or 8 inch pot, plunge in the ground in the spring, 2 inches below the rim, in a shaded place. Just before frost remove to the house, where it will also bloom freely in winter. 20c. each; \$2 per doz.; second size, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; small size, \$1 per doz., except where noted.

Double Varieties.

- Molesworth.** The best double white fuchsia now grown; habit of plant more erect than Storm King, flower larger, and much better grower.
- Abbie Garnier.** An improved Phenomenal; larger flower, better grower, earlier to bloom, and more profuse. The very best of the double purples. Color, purple, striped carmine.



FUCHSIA, MOLESWORTH.

- Elm City.** Double; dark purple striped with scarlet; sepals scarlet crimson.
- Esmeralda.** Sepals red, tube short, corolla very large; lilac changing to rose.
- Cervantes.** Lavender, purple line on edge of flower; carmine sepals; new in color, a fine variety.
- Storm King.** Weeping habit, and free to bloom; when open, are white with a delicate rose tint.

Single Varieties.

- Black Prince.** Tube and sepals deep rose, corolla lavender; free.
- Charles Blanc.** White sepals, deep rose corolla; erect grower.
- Falcon de Neige.** Tube and sepals red, corolla white; the best single white.
- Rose of Castile.** Corolla violet, sepals white; one of the best.
- Speciosa.** Corolla scarlet, sepals bluish; the best winter bloomer.
- Sunray.** Foliage green, rose and white, in three colors. 25c.
- Acrosta.** New single lavender.

ZONALE GERANIUMS.

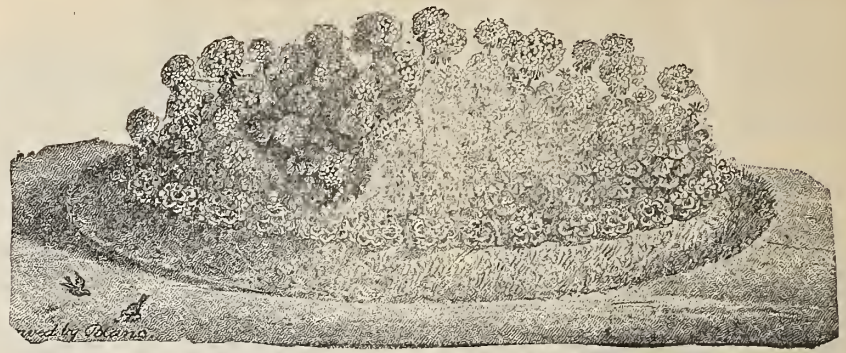
These embrace a great range of form and color, adding new varieties each year superior in most respects to the older ones. The foliage, as well as the flower, has been remarkably improved. As a house plant the geranium is cultivated more than any other, and for bedding purposes the number nearly equals the verberna. A bed of fine scarlet geraniums is dazzling to the eye from June till frost; nothing is more suitable and attractive on a lawn. A border of Coleus, Alyssum, Golden Feverfew, Alternanthera, Centaurea, or some other plants can be added, making it more attractive. Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; my choice of varieties, small plants, 10c. each; \$1 per doz. Bedding geraniums, \$7 to \$10 per 100. Large, strong plants, 20c. each; \$3 per doz.

My stock of geraniums will number many thousand plants, and parties wishing them in quantities will be supplied at liberal discount. Write for special prices on larger quantities.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

Single Scarlet.

- Anna Scott.** Rich, deep crimson, shaded maroon, free; a grand bedder; an acquisition in color.
- Baron du Paynod.** Orange vermilion.
- Boule d'Or.** Orange scarlet.
- Gen. Grant.** Bright scarlet, fine bedder. \$5 to \$10 per 100.
- Gloria de Loraine.** A distinct shade of orange scarlet, large flower; attractive.
- Herald of Spring.** Orange scarlet, a fine bedder.
- Helen Smith.** Largely used in Boston public garden for bedding; vigorous, compact, free flowering; of a dazzling scarlet; the best bedding scarlet.
- Hyler.** Large dark crimson flowers; good bedder.
- Jealousy.** Orange hue, free bloomer.
- Jeanne de Arc.** Orange scarlet, white blotch.
- King of Scarlet.** One of the best scarlet varieties for bedding out, throwing up large heads of immense scarlet flowers, and is an abundant bloomer. \$5 to \$10 per 100.
- Meteor.** Bedding scarlet.



BED OF GERANIUMS.

- Mdm. Alfred Mame.** Fine, large scarlet.
- New Life.** Scarlet, striped white.
- Universe.** Dark scarlet, dazzling shade; florets large, round, in trusses of immense size; the most beautiful single scarlet.
- Sam Sloan.** Fine, deep crimson scarlet; large truss, very full, good bedder.
- Sam Smith.** Good bedding scarlet.

Single Salmon Varieties.

- Blanch Molas.** Salmon, bordered white, large flower and truss.
- La Loraine.** One of the finest new sorts; trusses large size, beautiful form, of a delicate flesh color, with lavender shadings. 20c. each.
- Souvenir de Mirande.** Upper petals cream white, with salmon border, lower petals salmon rose, streaked with white; free flowering; a novel and pleasing color.
- Francis Argo.** Silvery salmon, shaded peach, on strong stems.
- Union Press.** Rosy salmon, white border.

Single Rose Colored.

- Annie de Scholl.** Amaranth pink.
- Copernic.** Large truss, rose and carmine, white eye.
- Daybreak.** Delicate pink.
- Florence.** White, pink eye.
- Louis Voilt.** Large, full flower, beautiful deep pink; the largest and finest of its color.
- Master Christine.** One of the best bedders, as well as one of the very best for pot culture.
- Mrs. John Thorpe.** Flowers pearl blush, with pure white markings on top petals.
- La Loraine.** Truss large, perfect silver rose.
- Protee.** Snow white, rose tint; large flower, free; truss immense.
- Queen Olga.** The largest single flowering yet introduced; the best of the single pink varieties.
- Renaissance.** Peach pink.

Price same as scarlet. Thirteen of the best and most free flowering varieties, for pot culture or bedding purposes, my selection, from the above lists, \$1.50 prepaid by mail; or by express, paid by purchaser, \$1.35; strong plants.

Best bedding varieties, \$8 to \$10 per 100, according to size. For new varieties see novelties.

Single White.

- Cygnat.** Purest white, very early and very free.
- Nellie Bly.** Pure white, erect habit, truss good size; flower full and of good form.
- Purity.** Pure white; one of the very best for any purpose.
- Queen of Belgium.** The best white.
- M. de Layre.** Single white.

Bruant Series of Geraniums.

This collection gives new and beautiful shades, very large flowers; strong and robust growth. Should be had in all collections. Fine for bedding, producing flowers both single and semi-double. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz. **Blanche Molas.** Salmon, bordered white, large single flower and truss; free. **Baron de Paynod.** Orange vermilion; large size, single. **Bruantii.** Orange scarlet, semi-double; excellent bedder; dwarf.



BRUANT GERANIUMS.

- Mdm. Alfred Mame.** Vermilion; large, free, good habit; single.
- Protee.** Large flowers, freely produced; truss immense; silvery rose, white shadings; fine, single.
- Francis Argo.** Silvery salmon, shaded peach; single.
- Eiffel Tower.** Resembles Bruant; large truss, dwarf habit, but a stronger grower and good bedder; orange scarlet; semi-double.
- Beaute Poltevine.** Large, semi-double flower, immense truss, free as a pot plant or bedding; unequalled for its color, brilliant salmon.

Double Zonale Geraniums.

During the past few years they have been much improved. Adapted for bedding, blooming as freely as the single, while their flowers last much longer, not as easily destroyed by the rains, being used as cut flowers by florists and bouquet makers. Small size, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; my choice of varieties, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; \$7 to \$10 per 100; large, strong plants, 20c. each; \$3 per doz. **La Favorite.** Fine white; double, free. **Anna Host.** Maroon scarlet; the darkest, largest, and one of the very best. **B. K. Bliss.** Flowers two inches in diameter, of a vivid, rich pure scarlet, of good shape; large truss and fine color; excellent for bedding. **Crimson Velvet.** Dark, velvety crimson. **Double Gen. Grant.** Orange scarlet. **George Thorpe.** Unequaled for bedding; trusses immense size; intense light crimson. **Montesqueia.** Rose mauve, lilac shadings. **Ruy Blas.** Large flowering salmon. **Josephine Gabeaux.** Large truss, cherry centre, rosy lilac edge; white flower, marked white; distinct.



NEW DOUBLE GERANIUM, LA FAVORITE.

Mdm. Chevellere. White, fine form.
Mons. Poitevine. Vermilion scarlet, immense truss.
Bouquet. Brilliant carmine rose.
Jerome. Dark violet rose.
C. Mendas. Purplish rose.
Californica. Orange yellow.
De Lacepede. Rosy flesh.
Pres. Carnot. One of the best new scarlet.
Glory of France. Rosy salmon, white margin. The finest of its color. An excellent pot plant.
Jules Simmonds. Delicate rose; dwarf and free bloomer, fine bedder.
La Cygne. Flowers large, snowy white, large trusses.
Mdm. Thibeant. Deep pink; excellent for bedding.
Mikado. Light, delicate pink; free; one of the finest.
Progression. Orange yellow.
Mrs. Chas. Pease. Of compact growth; deep pink; one of the finest for bedding.
Negro. Dark red.
Pres. Garfield. Clear pink, flowers and trusses large; one of the finest for pot culture or hedging.
Queen of Fairies. Flesh color, mottled white; large and perfect shaped truss.
S. A. Nutt. One of the best dark crimson.
White Swan. White; free, good habit.

New Bruant Geraniums.

Count de Blancs. Orange salmon, single.
Acton. Scarlet single; fine large flower.
Mrs. E. G. Hill. Single, salmon.
Dr. Cleuet. Scarlet, single.
Mdm. du Lac. Rose, single.
Mrs. A. Blac. Apricot, single.
Mons. P. Ombell. Scarlet.
Mdm. M. de Louvrex. Salmon flesh, semi-double.
Mons. de Reydellet. Cherry red, semi-double.
M. Louis Fages. Orange scarlet, semi-double.

Golden Bronze Geraniums.

FOR FOLIAGE AS HOUSE PLANTS.

Crystal Gem. Leaf bright green, broadly margined yellow.
Exquisite. Chocolate zone, yellow center.
Golden Banner. A golden leaf without green or trace of a zone.
Marshall McMahon. Leaves yellow, marked with deep, broad chocolate ring.

Ornamental Foliage Varieties.

Mdm. Sollerol. An improved bedding variety, distinct from any class. Compact, good form, 6 to 10 inches high; foliage light green with white edges; for massing in ribbon beds or borders this has no equal in the line of geraniums. 15c.; \$1.20 per doz.; \$5 per 100; small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100.
Happy Thought. Leaf white in the centre, green outside; flowers magenta; habit dwarf and spreading; attractive. 20c.; small size, 10c.

Break of Nature. An improvement on Happy Thought; dwarf; the centre of leaf clear white. 20c.; small size, 15c.
Mountain of Snow. Green leaves, silver edge. 10c. to 15c. each.



MDM. SOLLEROI.

Golden Variegated Geraniums.

25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.
Mrs. Pollock. A type of Golden Tricolor, and is still a good standard variety.
Sunset. Bright colors, good habit.

Sweet Scented Geraniums.

10c. and 15c. each.
Balm, Lemon, Nutmeg, Oak Leaved, Rose, Lady Plymouth, Rose Variegated, Shrubland Pet, Skeleton Leaved, Mrs. Taylor.

Double Ivy Geraniums.

Anna Pfitzer. Large flowers, salmon pink.
M. Dubois. Rose pink.
Joan of Arc. White, free to bloom, good grower.
C. Costa. Red, shaded salmon, large flower.
Gilia. Orange red, shaded salmon, large flower.
Rio de Wurtemberg. Semi double, scarlet.
Cramoisi. Violet amaranth, large and well formed. 10c. and 15c. each.

GOLDEN MARGUERITE.

Anthemis Coronaria Fl. Pl.

Double Yellow. Showy as a pot plant or bedded out. This plant might well be called the "Shower of Gold," as it is a perfect mass of rich golden yellow flowers nearly the whole year, being equally useful in winter as in summer. Well grown plants have as many as 150 flowers on them at once. 10c. to 20c. each.
Double White. A perpetual bloomer; flowers 1 to 1½ inches in diameter. 15c. each; 8 for \$1.
Single French Marguerite. 10c. each.

GLOXINIA.

Are summer blooming bulbs for the house or conservatory, always admired; blooming freely from May to September. Their rich, velvety green foliage, delicate and rare tints of violet, rose, white, crimson, scarlet and spotted flowers, have gained for them prominent places among our very choicest plants. To grow gloxinias well, give them a rich, porous soil, in warm, moist atmosphere, shaded from the sun. When they are done blooming, dry them off gradually, and keep them from moisture in a warm place of 50 to 60 degrees until they begin to grow again in the spring. Avoid having the earth too firm around them; too much watering on the leaves sometimes causes them to decay, if much exposed to the sun. The collection embraces many fine varieties in splendid colors of the finest French and English seedlings, surpassing really many of the finest named varieties. Bulbs of mixed colors from February to April. 20c.; \$2 per doz. After April 15, from pots, 25c. each.



GLOXINIA.

Defiance. Scarlet. 30c. Dry bulbs.
New White. 30c. Dry bulbs.
New Tigered and Spotted. All shades. 30c.
In separate colors of Purple, Carmine, Rose and Spotted. 30c. Dry bulbs.

HOLLYHOCK, Double.



HOLLYHOCK.

These are among our showy and attractive hardy plants, suitable for groups in the garden and lawn, ranging in many shades and colors, requiring but little care; remarkable for size and doubleness. Often used in some kinds of cut flower work.

Our mixtures are among the finest in variety and color. Strong plants, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz. Also in separate colors of

White,	Yellow,	Salmon,
Rose,	Purple,	Crimson,
Scarlet.	Flesh,	Black.

15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

HYDRANGEA.

See Hardy Shrubs.

HELIOTROPES.

One of the most fragrant and easily cultivated of all house plants, a single plant will often fill a room with its fragrance.

Six best standard varieties in different shades.

Chieftain. Purple.	Pervlanum. Very light.
Queen. Dark.	Lavender.
Golden Queen.	Snow Wreath. White.

Le Glan's. Large truss and flower, dark.
White Lady. White.
 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; small size, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.

GLADIOLUS.

Are of remarkably easy culture, fine habit, intense beauty of coloring in the flowers, varying from the most brilliant scarlet to pure white, rose to pure yellow and purple, striped and flaked in the most beautiful manner with very delicate tints. The flowers are produced 20 to 30 in a cluster, on flower spikes about 3 feet high. Great improvements are among the French and American Hybrids, yearly producing many new and valuable varieties. A succession of bloom may be had April to June, reserving the strongest bulbs for the last planting. The bulbs should be taken up in the fall and placed in a dry cellar, protected from the frost. No class of bulbs require so little labor and expense for the amount of beauty and pleasure returned, being exceedingly popular in all parts of the world. Some of the costly bulbs are put in collections of twelve distinct colors, ranging from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per dozen. Where the selection is left with me, care will be given in selecting a good contrast in colors, parties stating a price per one-half dozen or dozen they wish to pay.

Achille. Scarlet, white stripe in each petal. 10c.
Adanson. Rose tinged, lilac blotch on white, yellow and lilac blush, carmine edge. 15c.
AFRICAN. Brown scarlet, streaked with white and scarlet; one of the darkest and most novel. 10c.
AMALTHIEE. Carmine, white blotch, yellow throat. 10c.
BARNARD DE JUSSLUSS. Violet, shaded cherry and purple, purple blotch on white ground. 10c.
BRENCHLEYENIS. Rich, dark scarlet; very brilliant; fine for massing. 6c.; 60c. per doz.
CHAMELEON. Magenta, lilac shaded toward the centre, flamed with dark lilac. 10c.
Conde. Orange red, white blotch, feathered carmine. 15c.
Carnation. Flesh white, edge tinged carmine, blotched on lower petals with purplish carmine. 10c.
EUGENE SCRIBE. Large, white, tender rose, flamed with carmine red. 10c.; 70c. per doz.
GRAND LILAS. Delicate lilac, new shade. 12c.
ISAAC BUCHANAN. Best yellow variety; for massing or hedging. 10c.; 70c. per doz.
John Bull. Ivory white, tinted yellow and lilac; one of the finest varieties. 10c.; 75c. per doz.
LA CANDEUR. Considered the best white variety for forcing and cut flower use; fine for forcing. 10c.; \$1 per doz.
James Carter. Orange red, white throat. 10c.
Lamark. Long spikes, cherry, tinted orange, flamed red, centre lighted; large white stain. 12c.
MARTHA WASHINGTON. Large, light yellow; brown petals, tinted rose; fine spike; branching habit; one of the finest. 10c.; \$1 per doz.
NAPOLEON III. Bright scarlet and white. 10c.
Rose Perfecta. Rose, violet tint, striped white. 10c.
SULTAN. White, flamed, striped, blotched, carmine; large; fine flower. 25c.
Duchess of Edinburgh. Rosy purple, carmine stripe; one of the finest; grows very tall, and flower large. 15c.
Mahdi. Large; deep reddish black. 15c.
OCTARON. Salmon pink. 10c.
Sylphide. White, flamed carmine, large. 12c.
Robert Fortune. Orange lake, shaded to crimson, veined. 10c.
Snow White. Finest new; the best pure white. 20c.
SHAKESPEARE. White, rosy blotch; one of the earliest to bloom, used for forcing. 10c.
Zenobia. Rose tinted violet, flamed dark carmine, large blotch, flamed crimson. 10c.
New Giant, Nanceiduns. Grow very tall, spikes 2 feet long, all shades of colors. 25c.

A collection of 12 varieties in **BOLD FACE**, \$1.
 Extra choice selection named **Gladiolas**, \$1.50 and \$2 per dozen.

The mixtures, separate colors and seedlings below, will be found to contain some of the very finest named sorts from many hundred varieties. The bulbs will be found equal to any offered by other leading florists, and the price exceedingly low, considering the varieties the mixtures contain.

The prices below are when ordered by express; add 8c. per dozen when sent by mail.

Various shades of red and scarlet,	PER DOZ.	.20
“ “ of pink,		.35
“ “ of light and white,		.50



BED OF GLADIOLUS.

Various shades of yellow,	.50
“ “ of variegated,	.40
Buff, Salmon, Lilac.	1.00
Seedlings, extra choice mixtures,	
100, \$2.50.	.35
All shades and colors, per 100, \$2.	.25
Extra Choice, all shades and colors,	
per 100, \$2.50.	.35
Lemoines Hybrids, in best mixtures,	.50

Among the mixed seedlings are many superior to the general list of named sorts.

GENESTA CANARIENSIS.

For decorative purposes or as a house plant this is one of the easiest to care for, making free growth, and covered with bright yellow flowers from February to autumn; few plants bring better return for care required. It is a valuable plant for decorative purposes at Easter, usually being in full bloom at that time. Price, 15c.; large plants, 25c. to 50c.

IVY, English.

For in-door decoration, baskets, etc., the ivy is unsurpassed. Price, 25c. to \$1 each. Small plants, 10c. and 15c. each; \$1 to \$1.50 per doz.

IVY, German.

A plant of rapid growth, with dark green glossy foliage, used for covering walls, arbors, and for hanging baskets. Price, 10c. and 15c. each.

LANTANAS.

Are exceedingly handsome and easy of cultivation, blooming abundantly eight months in the year; never attacked by insects.

Hector. Dwarf, large flower; yellow.
Javol. White, large flower, best white.
Monfeck. Crimson, compact habit.
Wm. Carrott. Orange red, yellow centre.
Nelle Bly. Large white flower, having the fragrance similar to heliotrope; the finest of all. 30c.
Plue d'Or. Pure yellow.
Pyrophoe. Dwarf, bright red.
 Price 10c. and 15c. each, according to size.

LEMON VERBENA.

A well-known tender shrub, used for green in cut flowers, noted for the delightful fragrance of its leaf. 15c. and 20c. each.

LOBELIA.

A very useful plant for hanging baskets or ribbon beds; flowers of all shades, from white to the deepest blue. 10c. to 15c.; \$1 to \$1.50 per doz.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES.

Smilax.

No climbing plant surpasses this in graceful beauty. Is one of the most useful greens in cut flower work. Bulbs, 10c.; \$1 per doz.

MANETTIA VINE.

A twining plant for the house, producing tubular flowers about 2 inches in length; with bloom from March to October of flame color, tipped yellow; given wires to cling to will attain a height of from 4 to 6 feet in one season. Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

PANSY.



PANSY.

The improvements made in the varieties of pansies have rendered them extremely popular plants for early spring, summer and autumn flowering. For massing in flower beds no plant is more essential. Plants from my improved large flowering strain, 5c. each; 50c. per doz.; \$3 per 100. From fine mixtures, 35c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.

Plants are seedlings from the very choicest varieties.

PALMS.



PALM.

Palm Plants of following varieties:

Arca Lutescens, **Kentia Belmoreana,**
Kentia Fosteriana, **Phoenix Reclinata,**
Lantana Barbonica, **Seaforthia Elegans,**
Washingtonia Filifera.

50c., 75c. and \$1; large plants, \$1 to \$3.



EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

This class comprises the Tea, China, Bourbon, Noisette and Polyantha, all continual bloomers, commencing early in the season, growing and blooming profusely the whole season until checked by frost. Some varieties flower more freely than others. Tea roses are the most beautiful in bud, but the most tender from freezing weather. **Bourbon** and **China** are of nearly the same habit, very free bloomers, but more hardy than the tea rose, often remaining in the ground in winter without injury. **The Noisette**, many are quite hardy but rapid growers, and are used in warm climates, like California and the southern states, for verandas, and in the greenhouse for climbing to rafters, blooming in the greenhouse the whole winter and in a warm climate almost the whole year, hundreds and thousands of blooms being out from one plant during the year. Are tea scented, very double, and comprise all colors.

The Polyantha are of recent introduction, the first being sent out from Japan; are dwarf, free growing, hardy and abundant bloomers, with small and medium size, very double flowers of white, pink and buff colors.

All these classes are extensively used for bedding for summer cut flowers, and give better satisfaction than any other class of roses. When left in the open ground during winter, if killed down, will often throw out new growth from the root, and continue to grow vigorously, and bloom the whole summer. The old wood should be cut out when the new growth appears.

Should the roses be entirely destroyed it is no serious matter, as they can be replaced with a trifling expense. Verbenas, Geraniums, Foliage and many other plants are destroyed by frost annually and replaced in the spring with new. The rose is no more expensive, and generally young plants will do the best. No plants will better repay their cost than a bed of everblooming roses. The dead branches should be cut back to the live wood. If the plants are lifted in the fall into boxes of earth, cut back, and kept in a cool cellar, giving water enough to keep the bark from drying, they can be planted out in the early spring, and will start into bloom in a short time. If wanted for winter blooming, they should be kept in pots during the summer, keeping the buds picked off, plunging the pots in the open ground to the rim, shifting once or twice during the summer, as it grows to a larger size.

To those who are not acquainted with the varieties, and stating what colors they prefer, or whether for pot culture, hedging out or climbing, when left with us we will guarantee to select varieties that will please you, always sending named varieties, and labeled.

Kept in stock about all standard useful varieties, but are not illustrated in high colored paintings. Have them in all stages of growth from two inches to two feet high, three months to two years old, at prices varying from 10c. to 50c. each. Equally as good and strong, as hardy and healthy as from any other

grower, and, in cases, better plants for less money, and much of our stock is more hardy from a northern climate than one would suppose, consequently giving better results.

Roses are grown in large quantities, and our system of packing is so complete that we safely send roses and all other plants to all parts of the United States by mail or express with perfect safety, and

GUARANTEE them to reach the purchaser in good growing condition. They are grown in pots on their own roots, healthy, equal to any roses grown in this country of the same size and price.

If good, strong blooming plants are wanted it is best to order the large size. If not particular about blooms until late the smaller size will answer, if you can wait two or three months for them to grow.

If sent by mail, cash orders, postage prepaid, or by express, paid by the purchaser, at the following rates each variety labeled and guaranteed to arrive safely; purchaser's choice of varieties.

For general list sent for \$1, 7 roses; for \$2, 16 roses; for \$3, 24 roses; for \$4, 32 roses; for \$5, 40 roses; for \$6, 50 roses; for \$10, 100 roses.

Can also send a smaller size by mail or express for \$1 per doz.; \$2 for 25; \$3 for 50; \$5 for 100.

Our selection of varieties, \$5 per 100.

Above prices do not include Moss or Hybrid Roses.

The roses are wintered in cool houses, are in condition to give very best results for summer blooming. Remember, these roses are not forced, but grown at the north in cool houses, and generally give customers better satisfaction than those grown in a warmer climate.

12 EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

Half-hardy, will endure the winter with little protection by covering with straw, leaves, or any other coarse litter. Tops will sometimes winter kill, but roots will send up strong shoots, giving a continued bloom from June to October.

Agrippina, Duchess de Brabant, Lucileus, Marie Guillot, Clothilde Soupert, Washington, Hermosa, Louis Philippe, Bougere, Mrs. Degraw, Caroline de Marnesse, Queen's Scarlet.

15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$8 per 100. Second size, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100. 6 at doz. rates; 50 at 100 rates.

12 TEA ROSES.

If you are in search of 12 good Tea roses of free growth and among the best to bloom, with contrast in colors, you will be pleased with this selection. For description of colors see next page.

Maria Van Houtte, Mdm. Waterville, Malmaison, Duchess de Brabant, Bon Silenc, Isabella Sprunt, Sou. Wooton, Safrano, Douglas, Snowflake, P. Gontier, Mermet.

Price, strong plants, 15c.; 8 for \$1; 16 for \$2; all labeled. Second size, 10c. each; 12 for \$1; \$6 for 100.

12 CHOICE FORCING ROSES.

Among the choice fancy Tea and most popular forcing varieties for cut flowers, the following list will be found to contain the best varieties. Price, strong plants, 15c. each; the set of 12, \$1.50.

Catharine Mermet, Madam Waterville, La France, Son d'Un Ami, The Bride, Malmaison, American Beauty, Meteor, Perle des Jardins, Papa Gontier, Mdm. Hoste, Wooton, Waban.

12 Good Standard Roses for House Culture.

Price, strong plants, 15c. each; 12 for \$1.50, except where noted. Second size, 10c. each; 12 for \$1.

Hermosa, Isabella Sprunt, Duchesse de Brabant, Queen's Scarlet, Safrano, Marie Guillot, Snowflake, Son d'Un Ami, Agrippina, Mignouette, C. Soupert, Bon Silenc.

12 Hybrid Perpetual Roses, \$2.

Are hardy, and will stand out cold winters without protection, blooming about three times during the summer. Price, 20c. each; \$2 per doz.; \$12 to \$15 per 100. Small size, 15c. each; the 12 for \$1.50. Strong one and two year old plants, extra size, 35c. to 50c. each; \$15 to \$25 per 100.

Anne de Diesbach, La Relne, Mdm. Plantier, Paul Neyron, E. Rothechild, Pierre Notting, Magna Charta, John Hopper, La France, Capt. Christy, Gen. Jacqueminot, Prince Camille De Rohan.



THE BRIDE. See next page.

The set of Five Collections, or
Sixty Roses, for \$7.

New, Choice and Scarce
Roses.

In this list will be found some of the choicest and well tried varieties of Fancy Tea roses. They are all worthy of cultivation, where quality and beauty is wanted. Price, 20c. each, except where noted.

Bridesmaid. A new forcing Tea rose, a sport from *Mermet*, of deeper color.

American Belle. A sport from *American Beauty*; fragrant, hardy and very large, of deep pink; distinct in flower and foliage. A new forcing rose. Strong plants, 4-inch pots, 50c.

Empress Augusta Victoria. Soft pearl white Tea rose, free. 30c.

Climbing La France. Similar to *La France*, of climbing habit. 30c.

Mdm. C. Testout. Clear pink, Hybrid Tea; after the style of *La France*; promising variety for forcing. 30c.

American Beauty. Light crimson; large, full, fragrant. Popular for forcing; a Hybrid Tea.

The collection above 6 strong plants, \$1.40.

BRIDE. Large, pure white; perfect form, of superior quality; fine fragrance; strong grower. 15c.

C. MERMET. Silver rose, shaded amber and fawn centre; beautiful, double and sweet, elegant rose. One of the finest Teas. 15c.

CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. Ever-blooming Polyantha variety. One of the best in the list; free, full, double and hardy. 15c.

COQUETTE DE LYON. Canary yellow, double, large flowers; beautiful bud; tea-scented. 15c.

MRS. PAUL. A new Bourbon rose. Satin white with rose shading, like *Malmaison* in growth and form of flowers. Won several prizes over all competitors; a valuable new rose.

SOU DE WOOTON. Hybrid Tea; lighter shade of pink than *American Beauty*; fragrant, very free in growth and bloom.

Collection above 6 varieties, 75c., or the above collection of 12, \$2.

Climbing Perle des Jardins. Similar every way to *Perle des Jardins* Tea rose, but of rapid, climbing growth.

Climbing Niphetos. Like *Niphetos*, but climbing. **Duchess of Albany.** Hybrid Tea; similar to *La France*, of a deeper shade.

Dr. Reymont. Hardy ever-blooming; a new class of Hybrid Polyantha, color, vermilion red; attractive. **Pink Rover.** A new Bourbon of 1891; flower large, double; plant vigorous; color delicate rose, similar to *Malmaison*.

Summer Queen. Bright silvery pink, hardy, very free bloomer.

Mdm. Pierre Guillot. Large *Mermet*-like buds, of a cream yellow, edged rose; blooms freely.

MRS. DEGRAU. Deep pink; very free.

MARIE VAN HOUTTE. White tinted yellow; delicate shaded rose; large; double; full, fragrant.

Marie Guillot. Pure white; large, full and double; tea-scented.

Meteor. For bedding or forcing. Rich dark crimson.

Mdm. Geo. Bruant. White, fragrant, long buds, very hardy, free bloomer in clusters.

Mdm. Hoste. Light yellow; forcing rose; fine bud and full double flower.

MDM. WATERVILLE. Known as the tulip rose; beautiful pink, edged white. 15c.

The Queen. Large, pure white, a sport from *Souvenir d'un Ami*, whose qualities are already well known; vigorous and free bloomer, early, of good substance.

PERLE DES JARDINS. Fine canary yellow; fine, large full form, good winter bloomer. 15c.

PAPA GONTIER. Large, long, dark pink buds; exceedingly free in growth and bloom. A fine forcing rose. 15c.

Vick's Caprice. New, hardy; pink and white; striped.

Snowflake. Pure white, free; good house rose.

Mary Washington. The original stock was recently taken from a rose raised by George Washington at Mount Vernon 100 years ago. It is a hardy perpetual ever-blooming climber with large, double white flowers, blooming from June to frost. It will require protection in this climate in winter. 15c.

Summer Queen. The introducer of this rose states it is fully equal to the best in point of size,



CATHERINE MERMET.

fragrance and form, surpassing all hybrid perpetuals in vigor, health and profusion of bloom. For several years it has been grown as a winter bloomer, cutting as many as 1200 flowers from one plant, a record unknown before. It is entirely hardy, with large, silvery pink flowers. 20c.

Marion Dingo. A strong, vigorous grower. The flowers are large, beautifully cup shaped, moderately full, and borne in profusion through the growing season. The originator says we scarcely know of any other rose that will produce so many perfect flowers, in a given time, and whether in open ground or under glass it is a most constant and profuse bloomer. It is deep brilliant crimson, one of the darkest, if not the very darkest and richest colored Tea rose in existence. 20c.

Hardy Bedding Rose, Dr. Reymont. This hardy, ever-blooming sort was obtained by crossing the well-known *Gen. Jacqueminot* and the *Rosa Polyantha* or *Multiflora*. It inherits the hardiness and splendid crimson colored flowers with the profuse blooming qualities of the *Polyantha* class, thus combining the two qualities most desired in a garden rose. It is entirely hardy, ever-blooming and delightful fragrant. 20c.

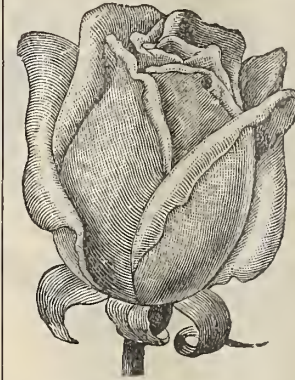
White Tea Rose, The Queen. A grand white ever-blooming Tea rose. The *Queen* is a large, pure white, free-blooming Tea rose, a sort of *Souvenir d'un Ami*, whose many good qualities it possesses. A continuous bloomer, producing successive crops of

buds and flowers in great profusion; buds beautifully formed, petals of best substance. Color, pure white, scented; a vigorous and healthy grower. 20c.
Champion of the World. Deep rose, hardy, free. 20c.

Above 6 Roses, \$1.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

Ever-blooming Roses.



Price, strong plants, 15c; 7 for \$1; 16 for \$2; 24 for \$3; 32 for \$4. Can furnish a small size of those marked with a * for 10c.; 12 for \$1; 25 for \$2. For club rates see preceding page. 100 for \$6, purchaser's choice, or 100, my choice of variety, for \$5. See collection.

PERLE DES JARDINS.

***AGRIPPINA.** Brilliant crimson, early and profuse bloomer; excellent for house or bedding.

***America.** Delicate pink, large, changing to coppery yellow; full and double, strong grower; good climbing southern rose.

***Bourbon Queen.** Large, full and sweet; carmine and rose.

***Bougere.** Rosy bronze, superb, large, full, fragrant.

***BON SILENE.** Noted for the beauty of its buds; deep rose color, but changeable, very sweet and fine in every way; one of the best forcing roses; tea-scented.

Caroline de Marinnesse. White, double, and a constant bloomer; medium size; in clusters.

Cornelia Cooke. Pure white, very large and double; much used as a forcing rose.

***Chromatella.** Clear, fawn yellow, good form and substance; strong grower.

Comtesse la Bertha. Rose salmon, shaded amber; cupped and fragrant.

***DUCHESSE DE BRABANT.** Soft, rosy flesh, edged with silver rose; free; one of the best for any purpose.

***DOUGLASS.** Dark crimson, fine color and a good bloomer; a good forcing rose.

Glorie de Dijon. Large, very double; creamy yellow, shaded salmon.

***HERMOSA.** Clear rose, fragrant; a constant bloomer, hardy, excellent house or bedding rose; the best for all purposes.

***ISABELLA SPRUNT.** Canary yellow, beautiful buds, profuse bloomer; a good forcing rose.

***LOUIS PHILIPPE.** Velvety crimson, profuse bloomer; medium size, good for house or bedding.

La Pactole. Sulphur yellow, tea scented.

***Laurette.** Creamy white, shaded rose, flesh colored centre; good for bedding.



A BED OF EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

Price, 50 roses, strong plants, 1 year, 3 to 4 inch pots, \$5.00.

- ***Lamarque.** Pure white, flesh centre when fully open, very double; fine for rafters.
- ***LUCULUS.** Beautiful dark crimson, good for house or bedding.
- MARIE VAN HOUTTE.** Fine large white, fragrant; good grower and bloomer.
- Mdm. Rachel.** Pure white, double; beautiful in bud; a good house rose and fine bedder.
- MDM. BRAVY.** Creamy white with blush centre, perfect form; one of the best for all purposes.
- ***MALMAISON.** Pale flesh with rose centre, very double, full and sweet; one of the finest varieties; hardy.



MALMAISON.

- Baltimore Belle.** Pale blnsh, becoming nearly white, double; one of the best.
- Gem of the Prairie.** Light crimson, free bloomer and very double; one of the best.
- Queen of the Prairie.** Deep rose; large and globular, in great clusters, bardy and vigorous; the very best of its color.
- Russell's Cottage.** Bright scarlet crimson.
- Seven Sisters.** A strong and rapid grower with seven blooms in a cluster, hence its name.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.



HYBRID PERPETUAL

Are valuable for general collection, having a bardy constitution, vigorous growth, bearing throughout the summer and autumn flowers of elegant beauty and delightful fragrance. They grow best in a rich, stiff loamy soil, and should be carefully top dressed with stable manure in the fall. Massed in permanent beds in the spring and fall will make a gorgeous display of their rich blooms.

Do not prune in the fall, but on the approach of winter cover your plants with light straw or bay. This will protect them from the cold, but from the intense heat of the sun, which striking the stem when the sap is down, is very injurious. After the frost is over in the spring, remove the

straw and prune down to within 2 or 3 eyes of the ground, manure liberally, and an abundant crop of roses throughout the summer and fall will be the result. Price, small plants, 15c. each; 7 for \$1; 15 for \$2; also see index for club rates. 32 for \$4, except where noted.

Extra large plants from 4 5 and 6 inch pots, 20c., 25c., 35c. to 50c.; \$2, \$3 and \$4 per doz.; \$15 to \$25 per 100.

The varieties in bold type I grow in large quantities and are considered the best for all purposes in this class of roses.

- Alfred Colomb.** Large, globular form; full and very sweet; bright, clear rose.
- AUGUSTA MIE.** Clear, bright pink; very large and finely cupped; fragrant.
- ANNE DE DIESBACH.** Carmine, fine and double. One of the most hardy.
- Baron de Boustetten.** Large, very double; dark red, almost maroon; fragrant; strong and vigorous.
- Ball of Snow.** (Boule de Neige.) Large, double, pure white; very hardy, blooming freely in summer.
- Baronne Prevost.** Beautiful, pure, bright rose, shaded crimson; very large; finely perfumed.
- BARONESS ROTHCHILD.** A very popular rose. They are immense in size; color white, tinted rose; its handsome foliage comes close up to the flower, representing a bouquet in itself. 20c. to 30c. each; large size, 40c.
- Climbing Victor Verdier.** Rosy carmine, edged with purple; very large, full and fragrant.
- Coquette des Alps.** One of the finest white Hybrid Perpetuals; a profuse bloomer, flowers white.
- Countess of Oxford.** Noted for its immense size, full form and delicious fragrance; soft, rosy carmine.
- CAPT. CHRISTY.** Beautiful flesh color.
- Dinsmore.** Dark crimson, full bloomer.
- Eugene Verdier.** Silvery pink, large and full; beautiful buds and foliage.
- GEN. JACQUEMINOT.** Rich, velvety crimson, changing to scarlet crimson; magnificent buds; one of the finest and most free bloomers in its class.
- Gen. Washington.** Vermilion crimson; large, fine form, perfectly double; free bloomer, fragrant.
- Glorie Lyonnaise.** White, pale yellow centre; large, fine flower.
- JOHN HOPPER.** Rosy crimson centre, large and full; one of the best of its colors.
- Jules Margotten.** Bright cherry, large and full.
- LADY EMILY PEELE.** Medium size and full form, sweet; color, white, sometimes tinged and shaded with bluish.

- ***MARECHAL NEIL.** Flowers very large, double and deliciously perfumed; deep yellow, buds immense size. A fine rafter rose.
- ***NIPHETOS.** Pure white, lovely buds; largely grown for cut flowers in winter; good forcing rose, not a good bedder.
- ***PERLE DES JARDINS.** Canary yellow, very large, full, and fine form; good winter bloomer; largely used for forcing; tea-scented.
- Queen of Bedders.** Good grower; dwarf and branching, dark, rich, velvety crimson, very double.
- QUEEN'S SCARLET.** Rich crimson scarlet.
- Rovoni.** Large, silver rose, cup shape.
- ***SAFRANO.** Bright apricot and profuse bloomer; good for hedging or forcing; tea-scented.
- SOUBREUIL.** White, edged and tinted rose, sweet and large; excellent for bedding.
- ***Solfatare.** Sulphur yellow, lovely buds; full and very sweet; good grower and fine bloomer; a good rafter rose.
- ***SANGUINEA.** Deep red, very bright and distinct.
- SOU D'UN AMI.** Deep pink; good for forcing; fine bud.
- ***Washington.** Pure white, double; vigorous grower, and blooming profusely in large clusters.

The varieties in bold face are the most useful varieties for bedding and general culture, which I grow in large quantities.



BARONESS ROTHCHILD.

- LOUIS VAN HOUTTE.** Brilliant crimson; large, full and fragrant.
- Mabel Morrison.** Pure white; one of the most beautiful roses; strong, large plants.
- MERVILLE DE LYON.** A sport from Baroness de Rothchild; large, pure white, and very fine. 35c.
- MAURICE BERNARDIN.** A splendid old rose, one of the very best; rich, velvety crimson.
- MDM. VICTOR VERDIER.** Bright cherry red; changing to satin rose.
- MDM. PLANTIER.** Pure white, double; a good cemetery rose; one of the very best hardy roses.
- Mdm. Alfred de Rougemont.** One of the best white; free bloomer, in clusters.
- MAGNA CHARTA.** Rich, dark pink; one of the very best.
- Marshall P. Wilder.** Crimson shade, deep and rich.
- Mdm. Gabriel Lulzet.** Satin rose; one of the finest pink roses in its class; bardy.
- Maria Bauman.** Carmine crimson; large, full; of good form and color, fragrant.
- Mrs. John Lang.** Beautiful light shade of pink.
- MDM. TROTTER.** Deep pink, medium size flowers; very hardy, free grower.
- Paeonia.** Flowers carmine, a free bloomer; one of the finest old roses.
- Vick's Caprice.** Flower pink, striped white; very double, good grower, full bloomer.
- Princess Louise Victoria.** A carmine rose of climbing habit, medium size, full and sweet.
- ULRICH BRUNER.** Bright cherry red; large and full; one of the best.

A Collection of 15 Varieties, \$1.00
 Medium Size Plants (15), 1.50
 Strong Plants, 4 and 5 in. pots (15), 2.50

Southern Climbing Roses.

About Washington and further south these are hardy in winter, and give a profusion of bloom from February to December, when planted to climb over porches, verandas or trellises. See description under Ever-blooming roses.

- America, M. Nell,
- Glorie de Dijon, Washington,
- Solfatare, Lamarque,
- Reine Marie Heurlette.

Climbing Prairie Roses.

Most of the following are hardy as far north as northern Vermont. For covering buildings, walls, trellises, trees, etc., are much used. Their immense clusters of beautiful flowers, luxuriant foliage, perfect hardiness and rapid growth, make them desirable to every one who wants a fine climbing rose. 15c.; 7 for \$1; 16 for \$2.

MDM. MASON. Reddish crimson; large and double; a constant bloomer.

LA RENIE. Beautiful, clear, bright rose; fine, full form; very fragrant.

PAUL NEYRON. Deep carmine; large, full, free, fragrant; an excellent rose.

Perfection des Blanches. A pure white, double and fragrant.

Reynold's Hole. Dark velvety crimson maroon; flowers large and full

Victor Verdier. Rosy carmine; fine; large, free bloomer.

PRINCE CAMILLE ROHAN. Rich dark velvety crimson, changing to maroon; full, very double and sweet.

A collection of 13 varieties, good strong plants from 3 and 4 inch pots, in bold type, \$2; second size, 13 for \$1.50; extra strong plants, 35c.; \$3 to \$4 per dozen.

Hybrid Tea Roses.

This class contains the free flowering qualities of the Tea rose, the hardness of the Hybrid Perpetual, and is inclined to render them a valuable class of roses for the amateur and florist. For out of door planting they are desirable on account of their hardy constitution, producing flowers of the rich colors and delicious fragrance of the Hybrid Perpetual. They are considered hardy, but if protection is given them, north of New York they will make better growth and bloom more freely.



GEN. JACQUEMINOT.

American Beauty. One of the finest; very large and double; fragrant; deep pink; extensively used for a forcing winter rose. 20c. to 30c. each.

LA FRANCE. Beautiful pale peach, changing to deep rose, shaded centre; very large and full; free bloomer; delicious tea fragrance; one of the best for open ground, or in pots; 15c. large plants from 4, 5 and 6 inch pots. 25c., 35c. and 50c.

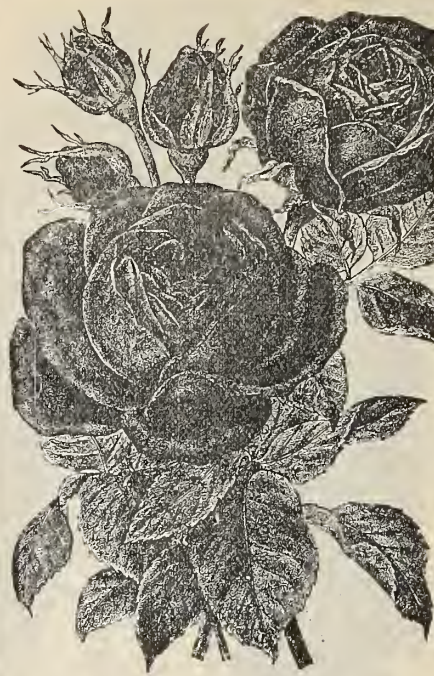
PIERRE GUILLOT. Large, beautiful buds, on strong, upright stems; color, bright crimson, with rich Hybrid Perpetual fragrance. 20c.

American Belle. Deep pink, distinct flower; fragrant; a sport from American Beauty. 50c.

Queen of Bedders. Deep crimson. 20c.

Reine Marie Henriette. One of the finest in the list of Hybrid Teas. Its buds are long, pointed, large, of a beautiful, light soft crimson; very double when open; blooming in clusters. Is very hardy, standing the winter here without protection; blooming profusely in June, and continuing during the summer. 15c.; strong plants, 30c.

Souvenir de Wooton. A new forcing variety, and now becoming one of the most popular red forcing roses, good substance; dark crimson; free bloomer, keeping well after being cut. 15c., 20c. and 25c.



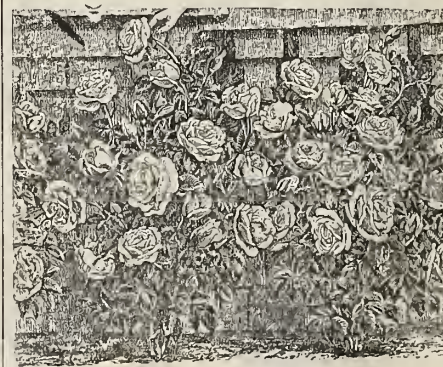
SOU. DE WOOTON.

Among large plants of which I carry a stock from 5 to 6 inch pots are the following, which should be ordered by express; 4 inch pots, 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.; 5 inch, 35c. each; \$3 per doz.; 6 inch, 40c. to 50c. each; \$4 to \$5 per doz., according to variety.

Anna de Diesbach,	Augusta Mie,
B. de Bonstetten,	Capt. Christy,
B. de Rothechild,	Ulrich Bruner,
Gen. Jacqueminot,	Gen. Washington,
J. Hopper,	Victor Verdier,
Magna Charta,	Paul Neyron,
M. Bernardin,	Perle des Blanches,
Pierre Notting,	La France,
Lady E. Pele,	Hermosa,
R. Marie Henriette,	S. de la Malmaison,
Prince Camille de Rohan,	De Graw,
	Bon Silene.

TEAS.

Duchesse de Brabant,	Solfataire,
Marie Van Hontte,	Wooton,
Mdm. Bravy,	Lamarque,
Safrano,	Marchal Niel,
Catherine Mermet,	Perles des Jardins,
Waterville,	Goutier,
	Bride.



SELECT HARDY PERPETUAL ROSES.

Six Select Hardy Perpetual Roses, which will represent as in illustration above, free growth

and bloom; very desirable; with good culture will give entire satisfaction. Large, strong plants, 2 years old, 35c.; the set of 6, \$1.75.

Augusta Mie. Delicate pink.

B. Rothechild. White, rose tint.

Magna Charta.

Paul Neyron. Large, glossy pink.

Gen. Jacqueminot. Dark crimson.

Dinsmore. Crimson.

Six other good hardy Roses at same price as above.

Augusta Mie. Large light pink, free.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Crimson.

Coquette des Blanches. White.

Capt. Christy. Flesh pink.

John Hopper.

Ulrich Bruner.

Extra large plants of perpetual ever-blooming and climbing roses, 35c. to 50c.; \$3 to \$4 per dozen. **PREMIUM AND CLUB ORDERS,** see index.

Polyantha Roses.

A distinct hardy class, growing 8 to 12 inches high, blooming continually in summer in open ground, or as pot plants in winter; make excellent groups or borders; flowers, produced in clusters from 10 to 50 or more; standing our winter with very little protection. Small plants, 10c. each; \$1 per doz.; second size, 15c. to 20c.; \$1.50 and \$2 per doz.

Clothilde Soupert. The finest and best among this class; large, very double; blooms very freely; for bedding or growing in pots among the best. Color, white, with pink or rose tinted centre. See illustration.



A BED OF POLYANTHA ROSES.

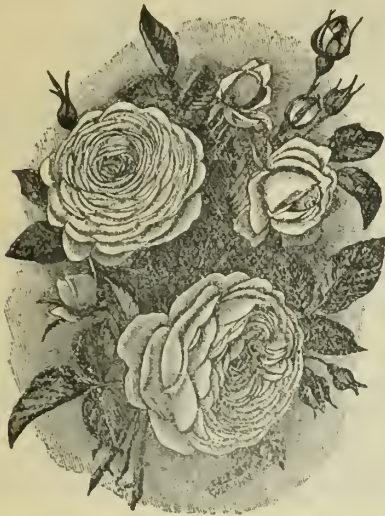
Mignonette. Borne in clusters of 10 to 20 or more flowers; delicate rose changing to white; free in growth and bloom; hardy out of doors if slightly protected in winter, and fine for house culture.

Perle d'Or. The white and red varieties are exceedingly pretty for house and bedding. This variety is of a saffron yellow, tinged with red; free. 15c.

Glorie des Polyanthas. Delicate rose; blooms in clusters, and flowers freely winter or summer; florets an inch across. Thirty or 40 blooms in a bunch is nothing unusual, and the plant is perfectly hardy in northern states without protection.

Geo. Pernet. Forms a round bush, useful for borders; continually in bloom, the flowers being large for this class; color, bright rose with white shading. As is usual with this class, it bears great clusters of bloom.

Little Pet. The finest of the white Polyanthas; for selling in spring, in pots, it has no equal. Good for bedding.



CLOTHILDE SOUPERT ROSE.
Yellow Persian.

Deep bright yellow; blooms in June, the finest of all hardy yellow roses. The foliage has a scent of the common sweet brier. 50c.



MDM. PLANTIER ROSE.

Mdm. Plantier. The finest cemetery rose, very bardy, being completely covered with several hundred white flowers in June, very double, of medium size and strong grower. Two-year-old plants, 50c.; 6 for \$2; small plants, 15c. to 25c.

Moss Roses.

The Moss rose is a hardy, out of door plant; once set out will take care of itself if the ground is kept free from grass and weeds, and manured yearly in the fall or spring. The beautiful mossy buds, produced in clusters, from 25 to 200 in number on one plant, always attract the attention of every lover of roses, blooming during the summer but once, in June. They can be easily forced in the greenhouse, and buds often bring high prices. (See cut.) Price, 25c.; \$2.25 per doz. Extra large plants, 1 and 2 years old, 50c.; \$4 per doz.

Adelaide. Pale rose, profuse bloomer.
Comtesse de Mirnals. Large, pure and beautifully mossy; perfectly hardy.
Glory of Mosses. Pale rose; very large, full, and beautiful.



MOSS ROSE.

Luxemburg. Dark crimson; large cupped, free bloomer.
Salet. Bright crimson; free; one of the best.
Perpetual White Rose. The finest perpetual white moss rose, double, fragrant; buds covered with moss; blooms in clusters; a profuse bloomer, valuable for cemeteries. Price, strong plants, 50c.; young plants, by mail or express, 30c.

PETUNIAS, Double.

The list below will be found one of the finest collections. They are all very double, beautifully marked, and many of them finely fringed. Price, 15c. and 20c.; 1.50 to \$2 per doz.

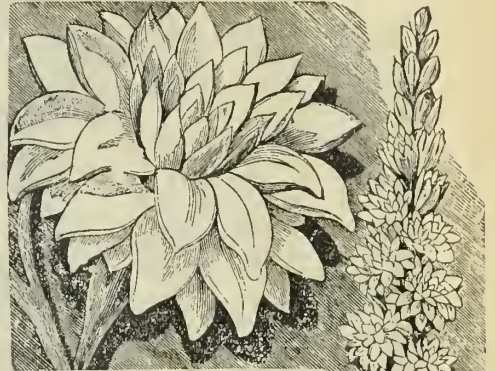
Ada. Large flower, crimson edged white.
Columbia White, crimson centre.



DOUBLE PETUNIA.

Elvira. White, mottled carmine centre.
Eureka. Rich purple, rarely striped with white, fine form, large flower.
Exquisite. Beautiful, pink, veined with a fine line of purple.

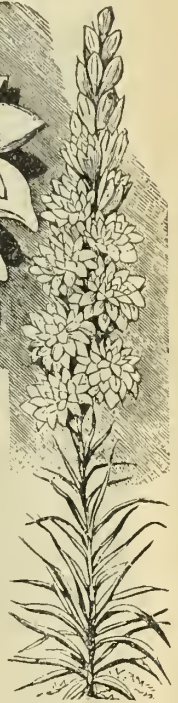
Fortuna. Blush white, centre splashed purple crimson.
Incomparable. Rich crimson, shaded purple, heavily fringed white.
Mrs. Morton. Large fringed white, very double.
Volunteer. White, with large, rosy, crimson blotches.
Snowdrift. Pure white.



DOUBLE TUBEROSE.

Pearl. Dwarf, flowers large and imbricated like a rose. Price, first quality bulbs, 5c.; 50c. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100.

New Branching Tuberose Albino. A single flowering variety, throwing 2 to 5 flowering stems, blooming in July and August. 70c.; \$1 per doz.



EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSE.

MADEIRA VINE.

The madeira vine is a beautiful climber, with thick, glossy, light green, almost transparent leaves, and climbing habit. Bulbs, 5c.; 35c. per doz.

FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

Known as the Lady Washington or Pansy Geranium. Large plants, 35c. and 50c. each; \$4 per doz. Medium size, 25c. each; \$2.25 per doz., except where noted.

Mdm. Thibeant. Truss and flowers large; frilled. White, blotched and marbled with rose; upper petals marked dark maroon blotches; centre white. 35c.
Dr. Keith. Beautiful rosy crimson, edged white, maroon blotched with white centre, frilled. 30c.
Madon's Victor. Light scarlet, maroon blotch, white centre. 35c.
Conductor. Frilled flowers, crimson, maroon, blotched.
Eclipse. Blackish maroon, edged maroon.
Geo. Sand. Orange salmon and pink.
Lucy Morton. Nearly pure white with blotch.
Mrs. Bradshaw. White, with purple blotches.
Habel. Maroon and violet blotched, spotted crimson.
Vicomtesse La Ferttha. Crimson maroon blotched.
Victor. Deep rose, maroon blotch.
Bride. Rose and maroon.
Cambridge Pet. Dwarf; free.
Emperor. White, marble rose, maroon blotch.
Princess Teck. White rose, maroon.
Belle of Paris. Carmine rose, maroon blotch.
Apple Blossom. White and pink, free.

VINCA, Periwinkle.

Variegata. Green leaves, edged with white; excellent for baskets, vases, urns, stumps, and rock work. 15c. to 25c.; \$1.50 to \$2 per doz.
Elegans. A variegated variety of the same habit as the above. 15c. to 30c.

VERBENA.

One of my leading specialties, to which I have given constant and careful attention for many years, adding new and improved varieties that I have tested and know to be improved in form, size and color, and believe it to be one of the finest collections now grown. They comprise free growth and bloom, and greatest contrast in color. Purchaser's choice, 7c.; 75c. per doz. Our choice, 6c.; 60c. per doz.; 25 for \$1; \$3 per 100; \$13 per 500; \$25 per 1000.

The following list contains many of the new mammoth varieties sent out during the past two years.

American Flag. The best of all variegated, strong healthy grower; free bloomer; the edge of each petal is of a broad stripe of carmine, centre of each petal of a broad white stripe; attractive and novel.

Arbutus. Very large flower, white, rose margin; new.

Beauty. Clear, deep pink, large flower; best pink bedder.

Belle. White, rose margin.

Bernie. Pink, dark eye.

Brilliant. Scarlet.

Climax. Large scarlet, white eye.

Coral. Fine pink.

Corkhill. Purple, white eye.

Diana. Maroon, white eye.

Dictator. Large, dark purple, white eye.

Dom Pedro. Dark purple.

Effective. Large, brilliant dark scarlet, maroon eye; the best and most effective scarlet; very free to bloom.

Flash. Scarlet, white eye.

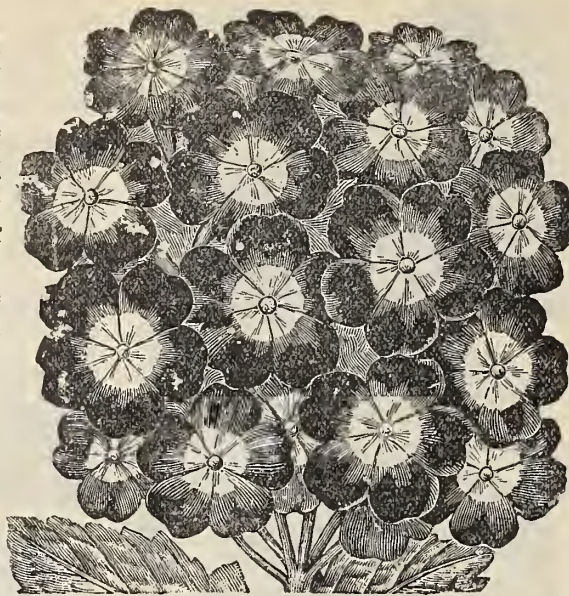
Francis. Light pink, large flower.

Garnet. Deep crimson scarlet; new.

Gleam. Dazzling scarlet, white eye.

King of Scarlet. Clear scarlet, lemon eye.

Lavender Queen. Fine lavender.



LARGE FLOWERING VERBENA.

Mayflower. White, edged pink.

Mozart. Pink and white striped.

Negro. Velvet black.

Octoroon. Very dark maroon, large flower.

Purple King. Very dark purple.

Snowball. White.

Snow Queen. Large, pure white.

Ultramarine. Lavender.

White Bedder. Pure white, fragrant.

Zebra. Pink and white, very large flower.

Zulu King. Fine dark purple.

In ordering verbenas, it will be for the interest of the purchaser to leave the varieties to us. Knowing their habits enables us to select the best hedders, and in nine cases out of ten is certain to give better satisfaction. A collection of 30 varieties, all named, \$1.25.

SALVIA.

Splendens. Fall flowering plant growing from 3 to 4 feet in height, forming a bush which is covered with spikes of bright scarlet flowers. 10c. to 15c.; \$1 and \$1.50 per doz.

Patens. Deep blue; the most beautiful shade of all blue flowers. 15c.

VIOLETS, Sweet-Scented.

These varieties are for forcing during the winter months, and are extensively grown for cut flowers, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.; small size, \$1 per doz.; large clumps in autumn, 20c.

Double Blue Neapolitan. Dark blue.

Swanley White. Double white, large flowers.

New Double Purple. More hardy than other varieties, very fragrant; 25c.

SEEDLINGS.

READY IN MAY.

ASTERS. In various colors of pink, white, crimson, blue. 30c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII. Choicest mixed colors. 25c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.

ZINNIA, BALSAMS, STOCKS. 35c. per doz.

NASTURTIUM, DWARF. From pots, 5c.; 50c. per doz.



HARDY AND ORNAMENTAL.

In these we have shrubs that when once planted, remain permanent for years, continuing to grow and bloom more profusely each season. They can be planted in groups or single, and some varieties may be trained in any form by pruning. Varieties may be selected to give blooms from early spring to frost. Good culture and pruning in form increases bloom, improves foliage, and every way beautifies them. They are now among the most important and popular flowers, being sold in large quantities. Will thrive in almost any situation or soil with little care. For lawns, parks, cemeteries, are largely used.

Almond. Commonly known as Flowering Almond, blooming profusely in May or June; 2 varieties; double white or rose color flowers in clusters; grows 3 feet high. 50c.

Azaleas. (Ghent) Crimson, pink, yellow, etc., \$1 each.

Althaea, or Rose of Sharon. Of easy cultivation, producing in mid summer a profusion of bell shaped flowers, showy, of various colors. Five varieties, double white, double rose, single white, single rose and variegated. 20c. each; strong plants, 40c.

Althaea, Variegated Leaved. A distinct variety of regular and compact growth. Half of each leaf is green and half white. Double pink flowers. 25c.

Burning Bush, or Strawberry Tree. (Eunoymus.) An ornamental shrub, whose beauty consists in its brilliant berries, produced in clusters from the branches, until winter; of a rose color. 50c.

Barberry, Purple Leaved. One of the finest on the list. Regular and symmetrical form, dark purple leaves and pretty yellow flowers, make it attractive. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.

Cydonia Japonica. (The Japan Quince.) Blooms in May, single scarlet flowers. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.

Calycanthus (Florida) Sweet Scented Shrub. Flowers chocolate maroon, deliciously fragrant. Blooms at intervals during the season; old and much esteemed. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.

Forsythia. Height, 2 to 3 feet; bright yellow flowers. Blooms early and profusely. Shows flower in April before leaves appear, as soon as frost leaves the ground. 25c.; strong plants, 40c.

Hawthorn, White or English. (Crataegus Oxyacantha.) A beautiful hardy shrub, grows 5 to 8 feet high with small double white flowers in clusters; blooming abundantly about 3 or 4 weeks in May and early June. 75c.



ALTHAEA, DOUBLE WHITE.

Hawthorn, Double Rose or English Double Red Flowering. Similar to the white variety, but grows larger, making a better shaped bush, and flowering much more freely. 75c.

CLEMATIS DAVIDIANA.

A new Japanese clematis; one of the finest of hardy plants and indispensable to all collections; a shrubby, upright plant from 2 to 4 feet high, with bright foliage; leaves grow in whorls around the stem. The flowers circle and cluster in profusion around each whorl of leaves, making several tiers (4 to 6) of clusters, extending, one above the other, from near the ground to the top of the foliage. Flowers long, tubular, bell-shaped, deep lavender color, of delicious fragrance. Plants that will bloom freely the first year, 25c.



Deutzia Gracilis. Height 2 feet very bushy; used for forcing in winter; flowers pure white; blooms profusely; very hardy; flowers bell-shaped, resembling Lily of the Valley. Blooms in open ground from 10th to 25th of May. 20c.; large size, 40c.

Deutzia Crenata. Height 4 feet; flowers double white, tinged with rose; hardy and fine. 20c.; second size, 35c.

DEUTZIA.

SNOWBALL.

Plicatum or Japan. Moderate growth and compact form. The flower clusters are produced all over the bush; globose in form. 25c.; 2 feet, 50c.

Viburnum Opulus. (Snowball.) Strong growing, with large balls of white flowers, resembling balls of snow. 20c.; strong plants, 40c.

Weigela Floribunda. Flowers dark crimson; white stamens. Will bloom in fall if ends are nipped, after young growth is made in spring. 20c. and 35c.

Weigela Rosea. The old, well known variety; of compact, vigorous growth; has fine foliage, and in June is literally covered with blossoms of clear pink, fading to flesh color. 20c.; strong plants, 40c.

Weigela Variegated Leaved. Deep green leaves, with a broad margin of pure white around each; rose colored flowers, same as above, but of a smaller growth. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.



WEIGELA, VARIEGATED LEAVED.

of smoke. It keeps in bloom from July to August. 25c.; large plants, 50c.

Rhododendrons. Grand, hardy flowering shrubs for lawn decoration. Flowers range through shades of rose, pink, crimson, white, etc., appearing in large "heads," 9 to 12 inches in diameter, in June, composed of from 12 to 20 flowers, which are generally spotted and feathered with various colors. Foliage, large, glossy, very ornamental at all times. Price, plants 1 1-2 to 2 feet, \$1.50; \$12 to \$15 per doz.



HYDRANGEA, RED BRANCHED.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

The most stately and attractive of all hardy flowering shrubs, from 3 to 5 feet high, producing flowers in large, massive heads, 5 to 9 inches long and nearly as large across. When first opening it is of a beautiful light green, changing to white, remaining a long time, changing to pink as the flower matures. It commences to bloom in July or August, continuing till destroyed by frost. By slight pruning in spring it will make a close, compact bush with more flowers than if allowed a natural growth; requires no protection in winter.

Price, small plants, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz. Medium size, 25c.; \$2.25 per doz. Large 2 and 3 year old plants, 50c.; \$4.25 per doz.

The following 4 varieties are not hardy but grow in tubs in summer, removed to the cellar in winter and are now largely grown for decorative plants for church and other plant decorations.

Thomas Hogg. Of low bushy growth, producing in summer immense clusters of white flowers, often measuring 10 inches in diameter. Will be found a valuable plant for cemetery decoration in summer; requires winter protection in the north. 20c. each; \$2 per doz.; large plants, 50c. each; \$4 per doz.

Hortensis. Frequently grown in pots or boxes; flowers are borne in large panicles or heads, at first white, sometimes changing to light blue and finally to a pink. Blooms from April to July. 20c. each; large size, 35c. and 50c.

Red Branched. This belongs to the Hortensis class. The name, Red Branched, is given from its foliage stems, which are of a dark reddish color, while the flowering branches are of a dark crimson, shading towards the heads to a transparent red, retaining its rose color. Blooms better than Otaksa or Hortensis. From 4 inch pots, 25c.; from 5 to 8 inch pots, large plants, 35c., 50c., to 75c. each.

Otaksa. A splendid variety; heads of very large flowers, white changing to lavender, or rosy pink, one of the finest of its class. Small plants, 20c. each; strong blooming plants, 35c. to 50c. each; \$4 per doz.

Hardy Orange. (Limonia Trifoliata.) An ornamental shrub, perfectly hardy. Handsome foliage, and white, fragrant flowers, succeeded by bright orange red fruit. 25c.

Lilac. Purple; large heads of beautiful flowers; sweet and much esteemed; blooms in June. 25c. each; strong plants, 40c. each.



HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

Lilac Alba Grandiflora. Large, white trusses of flowers, the best white lilac; blooms in June. 25c. each; strong plants 50c. each.

Lonicera. (The Upright Honeysuckle.) Are valuable fragrant shrubs, and assume a handsome, compact form without much pruning; bloom from 15th to 30th of May, and thrive in any soil. Two varieties, white and pink, 20c. each; strong plants, 40c. each.

Mock Orange, or Syringa. A rapid growing shrub, 5 to 7 feet high, with very fragrant white flowers. Blooms in June. 25c. each; strong plants, 50c.

Purple Fringe. (Smoke Tree.) Very hardy, feathery blossoms of a purplish hue, having the appearance

Spiraea Prunifolia. Height, 4 feet; flowers perfectly double, in long spikes, sometimes called Bridal Wreath; blooms in May; hardy, 20c. each; strong plants, 40c. each.

Spiraea Van Houtte. Upright growing, graceful, slender branches; foliage lobed. Flowers white, in clusters; cylindrical plumes, nearly 2 feet long. One of the hardiest of shrubs, and by reason of its free blooming habit presents a magnificent appearance when in bloom in June. 20c. each; large, 35c. each.

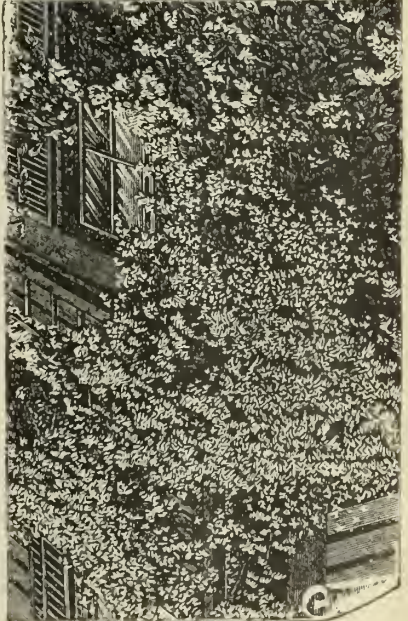
The St. Peter's Wort, or Snowberry. Bears branches of conspicuous white berries in late autumn. 20c. each; strong plants, 40c. each.

White Fringe. A small ornamental tree, bearing white flowers resembling fringe; last of May. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.

White Persian Lilac. A valuable white, free flowering shrub; graceful and useful. 2 feet, 30c.

Collection of 20 varieties, hardy shrubs, \$4.

A collection of 12 shrubs, my choice, that will bloom in succession from June to October, \$2, or 6 for \$1; strong plants, \$4 per doz.



PANICULATA. See page 58.



Hardy climbing vines are among the desirable ornamental plants, producing beautiful effects, whether climbing over the veranda or clinging fast to house walls. They are used profusely in decorating the finest suburban residences, parks, cemeteries, churches, brick or stone walls, and arches.

Akebia Quinata, Japan Akebia. A twining climber, suitable for trellis or pillar; handsome and distinct; chocolate colored foliage; fragrant flowers. 20c.; 6 for \$1.

Ampelopsis Royali. Similar to Veitchii, but of a stronger growth. 20c.

Ampelopsis Quinquifolia, American Ivy or Virginia Creeper. A strong, rapid grower, clinging firmly to stone, brick or wooden walls; suitable also for verandas, porches, trunks of trees, etc. Large, dark green foliage, changing in autumn to bright crimson; much esteemed. 20c.; 6 for \$1; 12 for \$2.



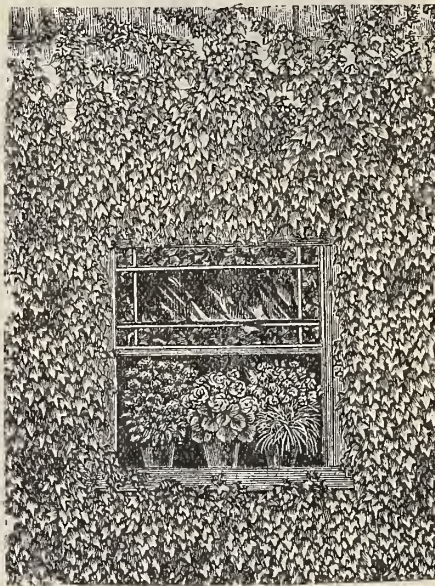
HARDY BULBOUS WISTERIA (APOIS TUBEROSA).

Apois Tuberosa, or Hardy Bulbous Wisteria. Closely resembles the Wisteria Chinese in vine and foliage, having clusters of reddish flowers with a strong violet fragrance. Plant the bulbs where they are to remain near trellis, tree or fence, where you may want climbers. They grow to a good height and bloom the first season; are suited to any situation; very hardy, and should remain in the ground over winter. Bulbs, 10c.; 3 for 25c.; 6 for 50c.; 12 for 75c.

Aristolochia, or Pipe Vine. Sometimes called Dutchman's Pipe, from the curious form of its flowers, resembling an old-fashioned pipe; a strong, twining vine with large leaves; suitable for porches. 50c.; small size, 33c.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. Also known as Japanese or Boston Ivy. The most beautiful climbing vine in the list; smaller and more delicate than the American variety, but very hardy; much used for covering brick buildings, churches, wood or stone walls and trellises; unsurpassed for rock work, baskets and vases. Leaves turn brilliant carmine in the fall. In many prominent cities like Boston, on Commonwealth and Columbus avenue, the beautiful vine covers complete fronts for many blocks. Many churches and residences on Fifth avenue, New York, and many small brick and wooden cottages in small and large towns are covered with this vine. It is very hardy, and makes a growth of from 15 to 25 feet in 2 to 4 years. Several hundred thousands are sold annually. Small plants,

15c.; \$1 50 per doz. Strong plants, 25c.; \$2 per doz. Select 3 year plants, 35c. to 50c. See illustration.



BOSTON IVY, AMPELOP-IS VEITCHII.

Bignonia Grandiflora, Scarlet Trumpet Creeper. A hardy, fast grower, suitable for covering walls, buildings, etc. Produces in August large scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers in clusters; is hardy, the tops dying off in winter, making new growth from root each year. 25c.

Bitter Sweet. For covering trunks of trees or rocks; has attractive red berries in abundance in autumn. 25c.

Cinnamon Vine, Chinese Yam. This climbs rapidly on a trellis, porch, pillar or arched poles, 12 to 15 feet or more; has bright, glossy, heart-shaped leaves, with peculiar, delicate, white, fragrant flowers. Bulbs, 10c.; \$1 per doz.

CLEMATIS.

They are trained on screens, twine, trellis, rockery, stone walls or stumps, making one of the most attractive climbers when in bloom in the whole class; the more planted the more generally they are liked, and become more in demand yearly, producing freely, rich, dark purple, lavender and white flowers of many shades. It likes deep, rich, sandy soil; an eastern exposure is best; partial shade and a light supply of water are needed. There are many varieties, but the few following are among the best large flowering; flowers range from 3 to 5 inches across; all hardy, but a covering of straw in the winter is a benefit. They will grow from 5 to 15 feet in one season. The collection of the following five varieties, \$2; or 50c. each for less than five.

Jackmanii. Flowers large, intense violet purple; from 4 to 5 inches in diameter. This has proved itself to be the best of all hardy clematis, growing from 8 to 15 feet in one season; covered with dark violet blooms from June to September; no collection of climbing vines is complete without Clematis Jackmanii. 50c.; \$5 per doz.

Fortunii. Flowers double white, peculiarly formed, large, and quite fragrant; blooms from June to July. 50c.

Languinosa Candida. Large, white, with delicate rose tint; the finest white. 50c.

The Gem. Flowers large, delicate lavender blue, blooming early; the best of its color; blooms from June to October. 50c.; set of 5 varieties, \$2; or \$5 per doz.

Louis Van Houtte. Violet purple; free flowering, blooms from June to October. 50c.

Mdm. Van Houtte. Large size, white; blooms from June to October. 50c.



CLEMATIS JACKMANII.

Viticella Kermesina. This red clematis is distinct from any other variety. A stronger grower than Jackmanii and very hardy; free flowering, blooming from July until October. Flowers about 3 inches across, bright claret red, shaded crimson. 75c.

Paniculata. One of the finest hardy species in cultivation; of robust habit, climbing about 12 feet high, and covered from the ground to the summit with pure white, deliciously fragrant flowers, so freely produced as to completely hide the foliage. In September the flowers are followed by pretty seed pods of bronzy red. Plants, 25c.; seed, 10c. per pkt.

Henryi. Strong grower, hardy; large, white flower, free; one of the best. 50c.

The following are small flowering varieties:

Flamula. This clematis is a slender, branching climber, particularly valuable for trellis, veranda and pillar work. Flowers are pure white, bell shaped and very fragrant. 20c.; 6 for \$1.

Viticella. Blue Bells clematis. A strong hardy grower; has a profusion of dark blue and purple flowers. Suitable for trellis. 20c.

Virginiana, Virginia Clematis. A hardy, rapid grower, that will cover unsightly objects effectively; mist-like, pure white fragrant flowers; green foliage, with curious ornamental seed vessels. 25c.

Humbulus Lupulus. (Hop Vine.) The Hop Vine is a rapid climber, hanging gracefully and beautifully. When grown among trees or on trellis it gives striking effect. 25c.

Lathyrus Latifolius. (Hardy Perennial Pea.) There are two varieties, rose and white; grows 6 to 8 feet high; in rich, moist soil will bloom most of the summer if properly trained on a trellis. 25c.

Wisteria Chinese. A hardy, strong growing, twining vine of rapid growth, producing in June large clusters of beautiful, pale blue, fragrant flowers; much used for verandas and balconies, growing from 10 to 30 feet in one season. 25c.

Wisteria Magnifica. Similar to above, but darker blue flowers; profuse bloomer; splendid. The wisterias are used for verandas, porches, balconies, etc. 25c.

Honeysuckles. Desirable, sweet scented hardy climbers. The foliage is pretty, neat and clean, the flowers almost continuous, and their fragrance delicious. The varieties described below are among the best.

Evergreen Sweet-Scented. A hardy, vigorous grower, blooming nearly all the season; very fragrant; flowers buff, yellow and white; much used for veranda



HONEYSUCKLE.

and trellis. 20c.; 6 for \$1.

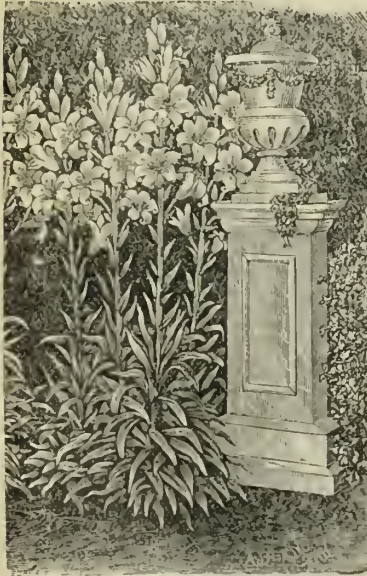
Golden Leaved. Moderate growth, leaves veined and netted with yellow; admirable for trellis work, vases, or rock work; attractive and very useful. 25c.

Milliana. Introduced from Japan; evergreen and a constant bloomer; flowers white, changing to red and yellow; blooms from July to October. 20c.; 6 for \$1.

HARDY BULBS, ROOTS, OR PERENNIALS.

HARDY PLANTS have recently become more in demand. My list now contains nearly all of the best varieties to bloom from early spring to frost. From it I can select varieties to bloom from early spring to late frost for those unacquainted with their habits. They are easily grown in any good soil, hardy, and protection in winter is unnecessary when once planted, although a protection of leaves or coarse straw manure will be of benefit. They continue to grow and increase from year to year.

HARDY JAPAN LILIES.



LILY CANDIDUM.

Next to roses, the lilies should be given an important place. Several dozen in variety will give bloom from June to October. Planted among hardy shrubs or roses, the effect is pleasing, each stalk bearing from 5 to 20 flowers; to be most effective, should be used freely in beds, groups, borders, or among shrubbery, thick and massive for best results. They can be naturalized by



LILIES.

planting in tall grass or beside streams in groups. Varieties by themselves are best. Millions are sold for bedding and forcing. They thrive best in a light, rich soil, partially in the shade, and remain undisturbed a number of years, frequent removals being injurious. Once planted, they continue to increase in beauty from year to year. Plant from 6 to 10 inches deep, according to the size of the bulb, and give winter protection by covering two inches deep with straw, coarse manure, or leaves. They all succeed well grown in pots, Longiflorum, Candidum and Harrisii being much forced in winter; are named in order of value for bedding.

A collection of the following six, viz.: **AURATUM, RUBRUM, ALBUM, CANDIDUM, HARRISII, ELEGANS, 90c.**

Speciosum. Of this species there are four valuable varieties which are of easy culture and very hardy; excellent for planting in groups.

***Rubrum or Roseum.** Both are the same variety; grow 3 1/4 to 4 feet high, with numerous reflexed flowers, white shaded to rose, with dark crimson spots, and one of the most important bedding varieties. 20c.; \$2 per doz.

***Album.** The ordinary white variety; reflexed petals with downy white spots. 30c.; \$3 per doz.

***Candidum.** Snow white, fragrant flowers, in clusters; much forced for winter and sometimes called Easter Lily. One of the easiest forced white varieties. The earlier planted after August or September, the better success, as they start early. Can be planted in the spring, but do not always bloom the first year. It blooms in open ground in June, doing better if not disturbed oftener than two or three years. The most valuable white for cut flower work. 10c.; \$1 per doz.; \$5 per 100.



LILIUM AURATUM.

***Anratum.**

This has no superior and stands queen among lilies. Its color of white, with yellow band and crimson spots, beautiful markings, size of flower and magnificent appearance justify this. It is quite hardy, but should be planted in well drained soil. Winter protection is a benefit. Likes partial shade among shrubs, and is suited to open exposure. In low places, on heavy soil, bulbs are liable to rot. High ground or well drained soil is preferred. Price 20c.; \$2 per doz. Selected strong bulbs, 30c.; \$3 per doz.

***Longiflorum.** Large, trumpet-shaped flowers, snow white and fragrant, used largely for forcing in winter. The flower has more substance than Harrisii, keeping better when in bloom, with less odor. It blooms in June and July in the open ground, and is one of the most valuable white varieties for all purposes, forcing, cut flowers or open ground. Planted in April or May in groups, make beautiful and attractive beds. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

***Harrisii, or Bermuda Easter Lily.** Large, wax like, trumpet-shaped flowers, with recurved petals. After blooming it will often throw up a second or third stem of flowers, and is sometimes called Perpetual Blooming. It will produce from 5 to 10 flowers or more on a stalk. It is hardy, and can be planted in spring or fall. Price, 15c.; \$1.75 per doz.

***Elegans.** Known also as **Thumbergian** and **Umbellatum.** Are several varieties of Elegans. Only the best and most distinct are offered. Very hardy, and succeed anywhere; flowers erect and borne in clusters; bloom in June and July. Mixed colors, 12c.; \$1.25 per doz.

***Superbum.** (Turk's Cap Lily.) A native species. When established in good soil will produce upward of 50 beautiful orange tipped, red spotted flowers in a pyramidal cluster; 3 to 5 feet. (July) 12c.; \$1.25 per doz.

***Tenifolium.** (Siberian Lily.) Produces from 5 to 25 flowers of a brilliant vermilion scarlet; it blooms early in June, and can be easily forced in the house. Plant where well drained, 3 inches deep; will surely rot if in wet soil. 25c.

***Pulchellum.** Handsome and quite rare; flowers upright, of a vermilion scarlet, having a star-like appearance. 30c.

***Tigrinum.** (Tiger Lily.) Orange salmon, spotted black. 10c.

***Tigrinum, Flora Pleno.** (Double Tiger Lily.) Same as the preceding except in the form of its flowers, which are double. 15c.

I have marked with * the varieties most hardy and easily cultivated in the common way of hardy garden lilies, and will send the 10 varieties by mail for \$1.45, or by express for \$1.30.

Astilbe Japonica (Spirea). The Astilbe, or Spirea, is a dwarf, hardy plant, with delicate, feathery trusses of very small flowers that are exceedingly beautiful for all kinds of ornamental work; excellent to force for winter flowers. White. 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.



ACHILLEA AIEA.

Achillea Alba, Large Flowering. A popular hardy plant of compact habit. Its blooming qualities are remarkable, flowering in profusion the first summer; the second season it will bloom much more, thousands of flowers at a time being counted on a single plant. It is entirely hardy, and will last for years. It is a valuable snow-white flower for cemetery planting, and will grow in any situation or soil; for planting amongst shrubbery and in out-of-the-way places where other flowers will not grow. It is also fine for pots or boxes. Strong plants, 15c.; 4 for 50c.; 12 for \$1.25.

Achillea Surculata Pearle. An improvement on the common variety, larger, whiter flowers, blooming more freely. 20c.

Anemone Japonica. They commence to open their rich colored single blooms in August, and continue to increase in beauty until cut by frost, thriving best in a light, rich, moist soil, and should not be transplanted more than is necessary when they become too thick.

Alba. Pure white, yellow centre and dark eye. 20c.

Rosea. Dark rose, shaded pink, yellow centre and dark eye. 20c.

Daisy Snowflake. The finest of all double white daisies, almost a perpetual bloomer; large flowers on long stems, very double. 15c.



BELLIS (DOUBLE DAISY), SNOWFLAKE.

Bellis, Double Daisy. These grow 2 or 3 inches high, and bloom profusely in May or June; very double; $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch in diameter.

Double White and Double Rose. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

Dielytra Eximia. (Plumy Bleeding Heart.) Similar in growth, but with flowers a deeper shade than *D. Spectabilis*, and borne in plumes; it remains in bloom a long time, frequently during the whole season. 25c.

Day Lily. The Funkia called the Day Lily is much used for groups on the lawn; a neat, attractive autumn flower; plant has light green, broad foliage, prettily veined; flowers pure white, trumpet shaped, in clusters. 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.

Day Lily, Variegated Leaved. Blue flowers, foliage handsomely variegated; attractive and very ornamental plants for the lawn; white and green foliage. 25c.



DWARF DOUBLE HELIANTHUS.

Helianthus, Dwarf Double. A valuable addition to our hardy plants. It grows 3 to 4 feet high, giving an abundance of double yellow flowers about 3 to 4 inches in diameter, which last a long time, and are much in demand where known. It does

not seed, but is increased by division of roots in the spring; living in open ground all winter for years, coming up every spring. It is really new, rare and beautiful. Arranged in groups in the garden or lawn, or for cut flowers in autumn it is highly prized. 20c.; \$1.75 per doz.

Dianthus Pink, Fimberata Alba. These are known as June, Moss or Clove-scented Hardy Pinks. Flowers are white, double, fringed; blooms in June profusely, very sweet clove fragrance. Small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz. Large clumps, 1 year old, 20c.; \$2 per doz.

Dianthus Fimberata Rosea. Similar to above except color, which is of a rosy pink. Small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz. Large clumps, 20c.; \$2 per doz.

Annie Bowlan. Pink, dark centre; a hardy variety of florist pink of Dianthus family.

Dianthus Barbatus, Sweet William. Grow 15 inches high, fragrant; in many colors. 15c.

Gypsophila Acutifolia. Known also as Mist Plant or Infant's Breath. Grows 15 to 18 inches high, spreading habit, fine cut foliage; producing innumerable small white flowers so thick as to almost represent mist; adds a light, delicate appearance when arranged in cut flowers. 20c.

Feverfew, Little Gem. Blooms all summer, quantities of double white flowers; $\frac{3}{4}$ inch across; are continually in bloom. 15c.



Hyacinthus Candicans. A summer flowering hyacinth, growing 4 to 5 feet in height, gracefully surmounted with from 20 to 30 white bell-shaped flowers. Bulbs can remain in the ground or be taken up and stored same as gladiolus. It is of very easy culture. A bed of 12 to 25 or more bulbs in a group 8 to 10 inches apart gives a grand effect in summer, blooming in July and August. When planted with dwarf glooming cannas or in the centre of a bed of scarlet gladiolus it is effective. Bulbs may be planted in spring or fall; very hardy. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

Hibiscus. Flowers freely from July to September, are 6 to 8 inches in diameter, colors from pure white to deep rose; plants grow 5 to 8 feet high and form dense bushes, which are in season a complete mass of bloom. 15c.

Hemerocallis Fulva. (Lemon Lily.) Excellent for planting among shrubbery, grows 2 feet high, with long narrow leaves; throwing flower stems above foliage a foot or more, with clusters of 4 to 6 bright yellow flowers in May or June, three inches across; resembling a white lily in shape, with agreeable fragrance, being in bloom here about Decoration day and the only hardy lily in bloom at that season; is often very useful in cut flower work. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

Hemerocallis Duinortieri. (Orange Lily.) A new dwarf variety, grows compact, producing freely orange colored lily-like blooms the first season; an established plant 2 or 3 years old will give quantities of blooms. 20c.

LILY OF THE VALLEY.

A plant extensively grown for forcing in winter and early spring, the fragrance of the pure white flower spikes being much prized in the construction of the most valuable bouquets and baskets. It is entirely hardy, preferring a slightly shaded position. Price, large clumps, 25c.; \$2 per doz. Small pips, 25c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.

IRIS.

They are becoming very popular among the hardy bulbs. In England, Germany, France and Japan they are largely cultivated, and now, with the increasing demand in America, they are likely to be extensively planted. For grouping and massing in the flower garden their attractive, orchid like flowers are very beautiful. Among the most attractive are the Kaempferi class, which are new from Japan, and receiving yearly many new, rare and beautiful additions which are

fascinating, with peculiar flowers and fragrance, being very hardy, and increasing in beauty from year to year. Divide clumps as they increase in size.



IRIS KAEMPFERI.

Kaempferi. It is difficult to do justice to this flower in describing. It produces a great variety of colors, with a profusion of enormous sized flowers, often 10 inches in diameter, blooming in July or August, varying in shades of carmine, white, maroon, blue, yellow, violet, veined and mottled. Very hardy, desirable for summer bouquets or vases. Will thrive in any soil, but will grow best in strong, rich, moist land, near streams or ponds. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz. Large roots, 25c.; \$2 per doz., for mixed varieties.

6 named single varieties, 20c.; \$2 per doz.

6 named double varieties, 20c.; \$3 per doz.

GERMAN IRIS.

These hardy, herbaceous plants bloom here in May with large, ornamental flowers of rich, blended colors, exquisitely striped with dark violet, purple or bronzed lines upon lighter ground. They thrive best in low situations, and can be planted in marshy places or low growing sedges on the margins of fish ponds. 15c.

Bariensis. White, bordered with lilac.

Florentine. White, pencilled blue.

Hericiartiana. Pale blue.

Honorabills. Orange, lower petals brown.

Juliette. White, violet edge, shaded blue.

Virgile. Bronzy red, lower petals lilac.

Virginal. White, petals veined with purple.

White Queen. Pure white.

SIBERIAN IRIS.

A distinct species forming dense tufts with numerous stems and abundance of flowers of various shades; quite hardy and free growing; valuable for cutting.

From double and single named varieties, price, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

PÆONIES.



PÆONIA.

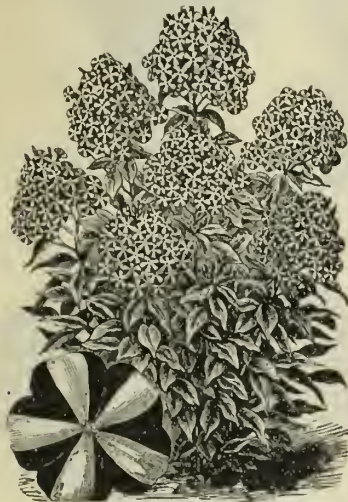
Are perfectly hardy and succeed in any ground unless water lies on the surface or near the roots in winter. Can be planted in autumn or spring. Planted in the garden or grouped on the lawn in a bed with a variety of colors are very attractive. Lilies, Gladiolus, Phlox, Sweet William, Tritoma, may be planted in the same bed to make a succession of bloom when the pæony flowers are past.

Pluk, Salmon, Magenta. 25c.
White, Dark Red. 35c.
Pæonia Tree. This grows 2 to 3 feet high, and does not die down in the autumn. \$1.
Pansies. In endless variety and of choicest strains. 50c. to 60c. per doz.; \$2 to \$3 per 100.

PHLOX, HARDY PERENNIAL.

New varieties have recently been introduced, giving a new interest in this attractive autumn flower. Many new shades, larger flowers, among which will be found the following list. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

Alburtus. Crimson magenta.
Rio des Roises. Deep rose, crimson centre.
Snowbank. Pure white; fine for cemetery.
Bijou. Dwarf, pure white.
Cocinea. Deep crimson scarlet.
Diplomate. Light rose, dark eye; large flower.
Edith. White, carmine eye.
Jean de Arc. White, large flower; 1 foot high.



PHLOX, CROSS OF HONOR.

Cross of Honor. Striped rose and white.
Liberte. Orange salmon, carmine eye; large truss and flower.
Mdm. La Donette. White, late bloomer.
La Gracelus. White, pink eye.
Queen. Pure white.



Platycodon Grandiflora. From Japan. Perfectly hardy, increasing in size and beauty of flowers year to year. The plants grow 2 or 3 feet high, and are covered all summer with star-shaped flowers, shading from deep blue to white. Will attract attention, and should be in every collection. Strong plants, 25c.
Two varieties, Blue and White. 25c



YUCCA.

Tigridias. These are not hardy, but one of the easiest bulbs to cultivate, sure to bloom in any situation. Planted in the open ground in May, 2 inches deep, they bloom from July to October. Lift the bulbs in a week or two when destroyed by frost, and store in any dry place the same as gladiolus. Their gorgeous flowers are beautiful and useful for cut flowers. Improvements in this flower have, for the past few years, been much advanced, particularly in size and color of flower. Grown in any soil, but prefer moist land near streams.



GROUP OF TIGRIDIAS.

Tigridia Conchiflora Grandiflora. Large flowering; orange, shaded with dark crimson spots; beautiful and attractive flower. 4c.; 30c. per doz.

Tigridia Pavonia. Red with crimson spots. 4c.; 35c. per doz.

Tigridia Grandiflora Alba. Admired among flower growers; are large pearly white; marked at the base with crimson spots shaded to yellow; showy and useful in cut flower work; somewhat resembling orchids. 5c.; 50c. per doz.

Tritoma Uvaria Grandiflora. (Flame Flower.) Splendid in summer and autumn, stately flower scapes, magnificent, dense spikes; orange red tubular flowers; familiarly known from its glowing colors as the "Red-hot poker." Effective among shrubbery. 25c.

**CHRYSANTHEMUM
 STORM PETREL.**

New Perpetual Blooming Double White. Flowers borne in profusion at all times of the year; for pot culture or bedding out. 30c.

Yucca Filamentosa. Is very hardy, and will endure any of our northern winters. It sends up a strong flower stem in the middle of the summer, bearing a large stalk of yellowish white flowers Strong 1 year old roots, 30c.; strong 2 year old roots, 40c.

Small Fruits.

BLACKBERRIES.

Kittatinny. Good for general cultivation. 50c. per doz.
Snyder. Excellent quality, rich and sweet; ripens early, very hardy; the most largely grown. 50c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.
Taylor's Prolific. Hardy, prolific, and one of the best. 50c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.
Wachusett Thornless. Hardy, prolific, second early. 50c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.

RASPBERRIES.

Cultivation. Soil that will grow Strawberries will grow Raspberries, but are more benefited by shade than the former, if not too dense. For garden culture plant the red varieties 4 feet by 3. For field culture, to admit the cultivator, set in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and 3 feet in the row. Set plants about 3 inches deep; avoid a dry, windy day if possible, setting when the soil is moist, and press firmly about the roots. Hoe often, keeping the ground free from weeds, boeing off all suckers, except 4 to 6 in a bill. The black varieties, when 3 to 4 feet high, nip the ends which will cause them to form rows similar to a hedge, and produce more fruit.

Black Varieties.

Souhegan. Extra early, hardy and productive; ten days earlier than any other black variety; a strong and vigorous grower. 40c. per doz.; \$1.75 per 100.
Gregg. Is larger than the Mammoth. Cluster of excellent quality, a good Black Cap Raspberry on account of its shipping qualities; the latest of varieties. 40c. per doz.; \$1.75 per 100.
Palmer. An early black cap, ripening with Souhegan; large and productive. 50c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.



RED RASPBERRIES.

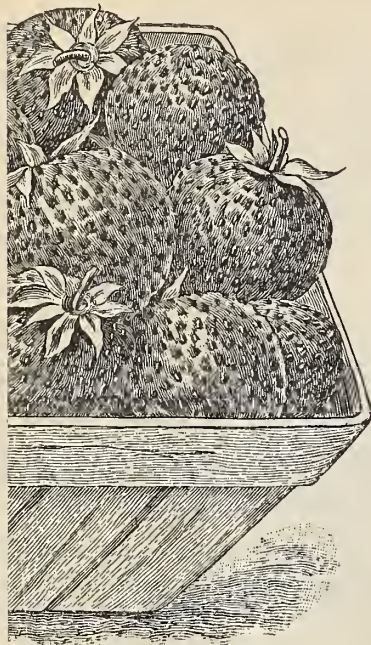
Red Varieties.

Turner. The best Early Red Raspberry; it is of strong, vigorous growth, hardy and prolific; sweet and very rich. 40c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.
Shaffer's Colossal. Of a brownish red; propagating from tip plants. Very hardy. 50c. per doz.
Cuthbert. Strong grower, fruit large, bright red. One of the best in quality; productive, continuing a long time in bearing. 40c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.

RHUBARB PLANTS.

Victoria. Price, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.
New Monarch. Twelve stalks will weigh 23 pounds. Leaves 2-2 feet across. Very tender; the best of all; 50c.; \$4.50 per doz.

STRAWBERRIES.



EUREKA.

Culture of the Strawberry.

Soil. They succeed upon a variety of soils. Never plant in a very dry or very wet land. Sandy loam, with clay sub-soil, suits most varieties. Many best flavored late sorts thrive best on heavy land, those upon sandy soil ripen earlier, extending the fruiting season from one to two weeks by planting early and late varieties upon early and late soil. Try several varieties of early, medium and late sorts; cultivate those that give best results.

Manure. Stable manure applied broadcast, mixing with a harrow, rake or digging fork, is the most beneficial. When this cannot be had, guano, bone, superphosphate and ashes can be used with good results, applying broadcast, mixing well with the soil with rake or harrow.

Cultivation. Plant in spring or early fall. For field culture land that has been cultivated one year with corn is the best. Sod ground freshly turned is not recommended, unless turned early in the autumn and well manured, will answer for spring planting. When plants are received, unpack, plant at once. If the ground is not ready, loosen the hedges and heel in, in some shaded place. For garden culture make the rows 18 inches apart, and set the plants 12 inches apart in the rows, leaving 2 feet every fourth row. For field culture make the rows 3 to 4 feet apart, and set the plants 12 inches apart in rows, so they can be cultivated with a horse. In planting, mark rows; a small boy can drop plants, then, with your trowel in your right hand, make a hole large enough to admit all the roots of the plant without crowding or bending them, covering the roots carefully and pressing the earth *very firmly* around them.

Never set on a ridge, make ground level. If dry weather, the most important part in planting is to be careful not to plant them so deeply as to cover the crown. To secure a good yield, and have large, healthy plants the year after planting, they should not be allowed to bear the first season, cutting off all runners before the tips take root, and keeping the ground loose and free from weeds. As soon as the ground freezes in the fall cover with straw or coarse litter. Only light covering is necessary to shade the plants from the sun; continual thawing and freezing injures the fruit bud. In the spring remove the straw from the vines into the rows, leaving it for mulch, is also beneficial in keeping down the weeds. After the last picking remove the straw, and fork or cultivate the beds. Strawberries managed in the above manner will last about three years. In order to secure a full crop every year a new bed should be set out every second year.

Hills or Matted Rows. If you wish to grow large fruit keep runners off, let them form large stools. If choice fruit is no object, runners may be allowed to grow. The hill system is considered best by nearly all growers, as they can be easily cultivated and kept in bearing a year longer.

I exercise care in keeping stock pure, renewing each year beds I send stock from, keeping each variety by itself. They are tied in bundles and packed specially to endure long transportation.

POTTED PLANTS. July, August and September are the months for planting potted plants, being the safest method in dry, hot weather, while the purchaser will realize one-half to nearly a full crop within ten months from time of planting. Those who are obliged to delay spring planting send for strawberry circular of potted plants in July. All who purchase goods of any kind this spring will receive it as soon as ready for mailing, and need not write for it.

For three good Strawberries try **Michael's Early**, **Haverland** and **Eureka**.

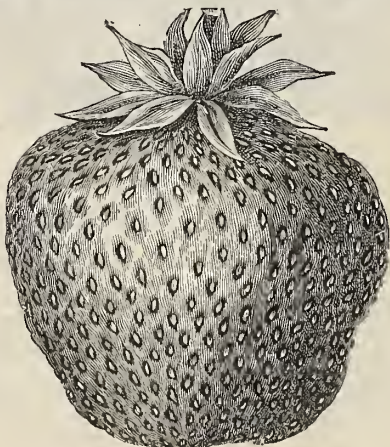
GENERAL COLLECTION.

***Michael's Early.** This ripens a week or ten days earlier than Crescent; productive, good flavored berry and rapid grower; good size and firm; a good family berry. For market it is a promising variety, hardy, ships well. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$4 per 1000.



MICHAEL'S EARLY.

***Haverland.** A vigorous grower, yielding large crops, berries large, long, light red; quality medium; valuable for home use or near market, ripens early to medium; pistillate. 25c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.



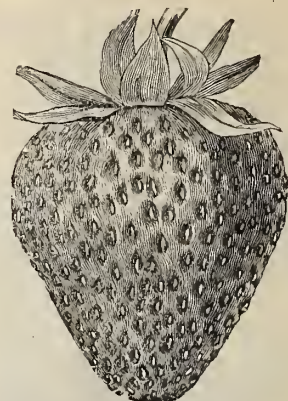
HAVERLAND.

***Lovett's.** Ripens a week later than Crescent; promising for any purpose. Fruit good size and shape, deep red, firm, productive; free in growth. 25c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

***Eureka.** One of the best; of free growth, fine foliage; plenty of runners; berries large, long, firm; season medium to late; one of the most productive varieties. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

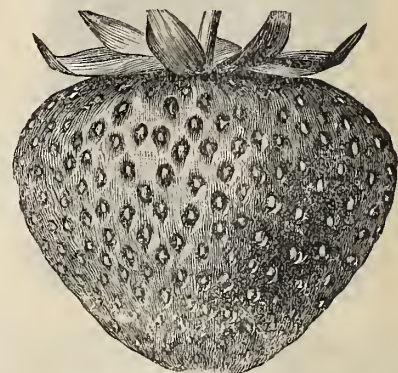
***Crescent.** (P) One of the best for all soils, strong

grower, very productive, early, medium size, good for home market, flavor medium; will stand more poor care than most sorts and yet yield good crops; pistillate. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$3 per 1000.



CRESCENT.

Warfield. (P) Very productive, a fine shipper; plant vigorous, ripens with Crescent. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.



CLOUD.

***Cloud.** (P) A rapid grower, planted by southern growers; berries good size, firm, good for light soil; ripens early to medium. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

Bubach. (P) Medium large and uniform size, fine color and form, good quality, productive and hardy; leaves large and dark green, carry every blossom to a perfect berry. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100.

Gandy. A large, late variety. A standard in many sections. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100.

Shuster's Gem. Ripens quite early and continues late; adapted to almost any soil or treatment. 25c. per doz.; \$1 per 100.

Parker Earl. Grows mostly in stools, producing few runners; late, good size berry. It produces so few runners the price is necessarily higher. 25c. per doz.; \$1.25 per 100.

Boynton. Equal in every respect to the Crescent, which it much resembles. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$4 per 1000.

Sharpless. Requires good culture, ripens medium. Late spring frosts injure the blooms for fruiting more than most other varieties; yielding favorable in a good season. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

Windsor Chief. Deep crimson, fruit large, ripens above medium, holding out late. 25c. per doz.; \$1 per 100.

Chas. Downing. Size, flavor and productiveness is among the best; succeeds well on all soils and ripens medium to very late; valuable for home use. 20c. per doz.; \$1 per 100.

Six each of those marked (), 60c.

When ordered by mail add 15 cents per 100 for layers to pay postage.

20 plants each above 5 varieties illustrated, by mail, \$1.50; by express, \$1.25, viz: M. Early, Cloud, Eureka, Crescent, Haverland.

Hardy Grapes.

Culture. Plant 6 feet apart, and the vines 8 feet apart in the rows. Dig holes 15 inches deep and large enough to accommodate the roots. They should then be filled within 6 or 8 inches of the top with fine, rich soil, throwing in a few bones or wood ashes. Cut back one-year vines to 2 or 3 eyes, planting 1 to 2 eyes below the surface. Spread out the roots, place the stock of the vine at one side of the hole and fill with fine soil, pressing it firmly. Set a stake at the stock (to which the vine should be kept tied) which will support for 2 years. Keep old wood trimmed off, growing fruit on new canes. Any manner of pruning that will admit the sun to the fruit will insure a good crop.

New Grapes.

Green Mountain. Extra early, delicious flavor; vigorous, originating in this state; bears young and profuse, very hardy; color greenish white; bunches good size and well formed, resembling the hot-house grape; ripens three weeks earlier than the Concord, and is considered one of the best new grapes of recent introduction. Two-year vines, 60c.; \$6.50 per doz.; one-year vines, 40c.; \$4.50 per doz.

Moyer. Originated in Canada, a cross between the Delaware and some pure native; habit, hardiness; quality and size of cluster resembles the Delaware, ripens with the very earliest, has larger berries. It has stood, unprotected, 35 degrees below zero without injury. Very sweet as soon as colored, skin tough, but thin; pulp tender, juicy, of delicious flavor, and entirely free from foxiness. Imagine a Delaware free from rot and mildew, and early as Champion, and you will have a fair idea of this most valuable new variety. Two-year vines, 25c.

Eaton Grape. Vigorous, equally as productive and hardy, ripening a few days earlier than the Concord; larger bunches and berries, dark purple, double shouldered, compact berries, often one inch in diameter. Two-year vines, 30c.; \$3 per doz.

Moore's Diamond. This combines the good qualities of earliness, hardiness and healthy growth. A native cross between the Concord and Iona. Prolific, large, handsome, compact, bunch-shouldered; the size of Concord, color greenish white, tinged yellow; when fully ripe, almost transparent; sweet, very juicy, few seeds. Two-year vines, 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.

For \$1 I will send one each EATON, GREEN MOUNTAIN, MOYER and MOORE'S DIAMOND, 2 years old.

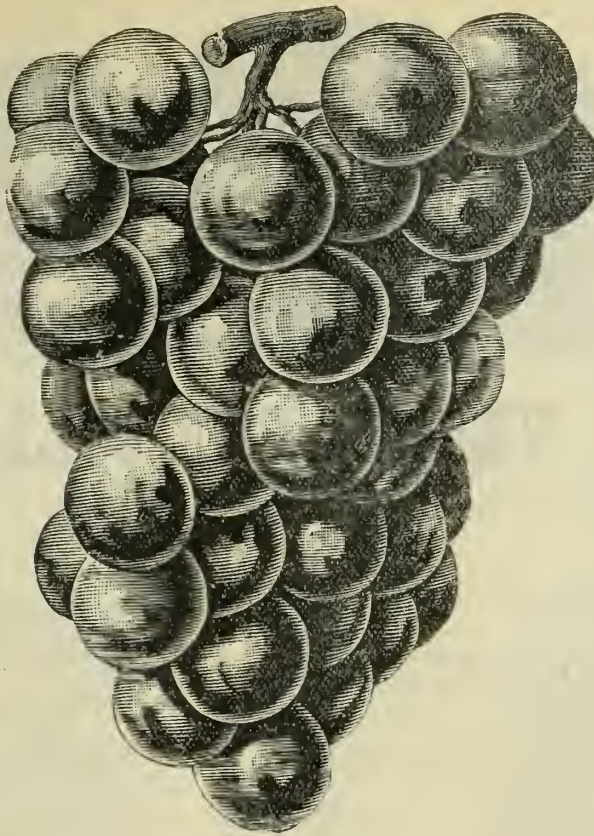
NIAGARA. A cross between Concord and Caseday. Vine entirely hardy and strong grower; bunches large and compact, often weighing 12 to 15 ounces each; berries large, of greenish white; skin thin and tough; keeps well, ripens with Concord; enormously productive; one of the best, sweetest, and finest flavored on the list. Two-year vines, 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.

Empire State. Ripens with earliest, good keeper, quality excellent, heavy bearer and growth rapid. Widely tested and proved hardy and free from disease. Two-year vines, 25c.; \$2.50 per doz.

Worden. No well tested variety on the list gives more general satisfaction. It produces a large, handsome bunch and berry of the finest flavor, ripening ten days before the Concord, and never fails to ripen a crop every year in this section by the last of August or early September. Color, blue black. Its size, flavor, color, cluster, large berry, early ripening, is everything desirable for an early grape. Two-year vines, 25c.; \$2 per doz.; \$10 per 100.

BRIGHTON. Cluster long and well shouldered; amber colored; ripens earlier than the Concord; as for quality there is none better; requires a little more protection than some other varieties. Otherwise one of the best early grapes on the list. Two-year vines, 20c.; \$2 per doz.; 1-year, 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

Moore's Early. One of the best early black grapes, now much planted in place of Concord; quality better than Concord, of which it is a seedling; proved



WORDEN

entirely hardy in all sections when fully exposed to 10 degrees below zero, and entirely free from any disease; bunch and berry very large; color black with a heavy bloom, ripening from 10 to 14 days earlier. One-year vine, 20c.; 2-year vines, 25c.; \$2 per doz.

For 80 cents I will send by mail 1 Worden, 1 Niagara, 1 Agawam, 1 Brighton, black, white, and red varieties, 2-years.

For \$1 I will send one each 2-years, Empire State, Moore's Early, Salem, Wilder, Delaware.



Standard Varieties.

Agawam. (Rogers No. 15.) Large red, clusters good size, excellent quality; a strong grower, productive and good foliage; ripens early. Two-year vines, 25c.

Wilder. (Rogers No. 4.) One of the finest in quality of all the hardy black grapes. Vine a good grower, productive; bunch and berries large; pulp soft and tender, rich and superior quality; ripens early. Two-year vines, 25c.

Lindley. Matures earlier than Concord; transparent, sweet and good flavor. 25c. (Rogers No. 9.)

Concord. The old standard black grape for general cultivation. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.; \$7 per 100.

Hartford Prolific. Black; very early and sweet. 15c.; \$1.50 per doz.

Delaware. Red; sweet and delicious. 25c.; \$2 per doz.

Catawba. A standard grape, medium late. 20c.

Isabella. Black; well known variety. 25c.

Salem. (Rogers No. 53.) Large red. 25c.

Lady. An excellent white. Two-year vines. 25c.

Rogers. (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 10, 14.) Two-year vines, 25c.; \$2 per doz.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Downing. Larger than Houghton's. 12c.; \$1.25 per doz.

Houghton's Seedling. Very prolific, free from mildew. 12c.; \$1.25 per doz.

CURRANTS.

Culture. The same as Raspberries, do best in a cool situation. Plant in rows in open ground, 4 feet by 3; give good culture and rich soil if you wish good crops, keeping clear from grass and weeds; mulching during June and July will be beneficial. As soon as the fruit is gathered cut out the old dry wood. If currant worms attack them, sprinkle with white hellebore (obtained at druggist's) in the morning, or dissolve half an ounce in one gallon of water and apply with a syringe.

Fay's Prolific. This combines the size of the Cherry and the prolific bearing of the Red Dutch; less tart than any red variety, requiring but little sugar. The best of all red currants for table use or market.

1 Year Plants, 15c.; \$1.25 per doz.

2 Year, 20c.; \$1.65 per doz.

Black Naples. Valuable for jams and jellies. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

Cherry. Large, best for market. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

Red Dutch. Strong grower and abundant bearer; fruit of medium size, yielding more than the large varieties \$1 per doz.

Versailles. Very large; best for table. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

White Grape. Very large, the best white. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

Victoria. One of the best red varieties. 10c.; \$1 per doz.

For any order for small fruits to the amount of \$3 or over, the purchaser can select from single rates only, \$3.60 worth for \$3.

VEGETABLE PLANTS.

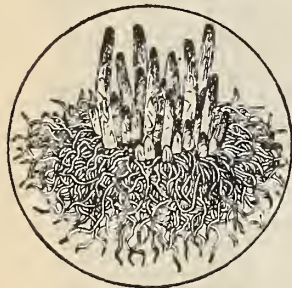
CABBAGE PLANTS. Early from cold frame. Early Wakefield, Henderson's Summer, Early Windingstadt. 65c. per 100; 12c. per doz.; \$5 per 1000.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Late. All Seasons, Warren, Large Flat Dutch, Stone Mission, Drumhead Savoy, Marblehead, Mammoth, Flat Dutch, Red Drumhead, Windingstadt, Fottler's Drumhead, Savoy, and other leading sorts. 35c. per 100; \$2.50 per 1000; \$10 per 5000.

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. Early Erfurt, Early Paris, Early Snowball. In hot bed, 20c. per

doz.; \$1 per 100; Late, ready in July, 12c. per doz.; 70c. per 100.
CELERY. Golden Self Blanching, White Plinme, Golden Dwarf, Dwarf White, Solid; ready in July, transplanted; 75c. per 100; \$6 per 1000.
EGG PLANT. New York Improved Purple. 5c. 50c. per doz.
TOMATO PLANTS. Beauty, Acme, Dwarf Champion, Comrade, Perfection, Atlantic Prize, Ponderosa, Yellow Plum. 40c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.
PEPPER PLANTS. Large Sweet Mountain, Bell and Cayenne. 25c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.
LETTUCE PLANTS. 12c. per doz.; 75c. per 100.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.



Conover's and Moore's New Cross Bred. One year old roots, 70c. per 100; by mail, 90c. Two year old roots, \$1 per 100; by mail, \$1.20. Per 1000, 1 year, \$4; per 1000, 2 years, \$5.
PALMETTO. One year roots per 100, 70c.; per doz., 20c.; \$4 per 1000. Two year roots, 25c. per doz.; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

ASPARAGUS.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.



PEARS. Pear tree 5 to 6 feet high, of **Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Sheldon,** early medium and late standard varieties. 60c.; \$5 per doz.; \$35 per 100. Other leading varieties. 65c.; \$7 per doz.
APPLES. Five to 6 feet standard sorts; 25c. to 35c.; \$2.50 to \$3.50 per doz. **Baldwin, Greening, Astrachan, Golden Sweet,**

E. Harvest, Fameuse, R. Russett, Spy, Transcendent Crab.
PLUMS. Four leading standard varieties, 65c.; \$6 per doz. **Yellow Egg.** Large yellow, ripens in August. **Lombard.** Reddish purple, August. **Bradshaw.** Large purple, August. **Moore's Arctic.** Large, dark purple.
CHERRIES. **Gov. Wood,** light yellow, sweet; **E. Richmond,** red, sour, early; **Blk. Tartarian,** dark red, large, sweet. Other leading sorts, 60c.; \$6 per doz.
PEACHES. **Alexandria, E. Crawford, Hale's Early, Crosby** and others. 4 1-2 to 5 feet, 25c.; \$2 per doz.

LENOX SPRINKLER.



50c. each by mail. Extra bulbs for poisonous liquids, 20c.
 When plants are indoors, suffering from lack of moisture, this Atomizer and Sprinkler supplies the long felt want. You can spray the plants without drenching the carpets or articles near the plants. It throws a mist on the under side of the leaves, just where the insects live, and rids them of them, as they despise moisture. This Atomizer and Sprinkler produces a spray or misty shower so fine that plants or flowers have the appearance of having been subjected to a heavy dew.



VEGETABLE COLLECTION.

To those unacquainted with varieties the following list will aid in selection, giving as it does the leading standard varieties for general use.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
Beet, Eclipse,	5	10	20	60	Golden Self-blanching, select strain	10	40	1	25
Edmands',	5	10	15	50	Lettuce, Simpson's Early,	5	20	35	
	Pkt.	Pt.	Qt.		Big Boston or Hanson,	5	20		
Beans, Golden Eyed Wax,	10	15	30		Melon, Emerald Gem,	5	10	25	
Improved Valentine,	10	15	25		Miller's Cream,	5	10	25	65
Hort. Bush,	10	15	25		Vick's Early,	5	10	20	60
Hort. Pole,	10	15	30		Ice Cream,	5	10	20	70
Lima Pole,	10	18	35		Onion, Yellow Globe Danvers,				
Burpee's Bush Lima,	10	30	60		choice,	5	15	45	1 50
Sweet Corn, Extra Early Columbia,	10	15	25		Early Red Globe,	5	15	40	1 50
Shaker's,	10	15	25		Parsnips, Long Smooth,	5	10	20	55
Potter's,	10	10	20		Radish, Early Ronnd,	5	10	20	70
Peas, Excelsior,	10	15	30		Chartier,	5	10	20	60
Improved Gem,	10	15	30		French Breakfast,	5	10	20	70
Dwarf Champion,	10	15	30		Spinach, Thick Leaved,	5	8	12	35
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	Salsify, Sandwich Island,	5	10	30	1 00
Carrot, Short Horn,	5	10	25	90	Squash, Summer Crookneck,	5	10	20	60
Danvers,	5	10	25	90	Prolific Marrow,	5	10	25	75
Cabbage, Large Early Wakefield,	5	20	60	2 00	Bay State,	5	10	20	70
Early Summer,	5	25	60	2 00	Hubbard,	5	12	30	90
Warren's Stone Mason,	5	20	60	2 00	Turnip, Extra Early Milan,	5	10	30	1 00
Caniflower, Snowball,	20	2 00			Strap Leaved,	5	10	15	50
Early Paris,	15	60	2 00		White Egg,	5	10	17	50
Cucumber, Peerless,	5	10	25	75	Ruta Beza, Sweet German,	5	10	15	55
Boston Pickling,	5	10	25	65	Improved American,	5	10	17	50
Celery, White Plume Improved,	5	25	75		Peppers, Bell,	5	25		
					Sweet Mountain,	5	25		

For discount see second page of cover.

CUT FLOWERS.



Funeral and Floral Designs neatly arranged at short notice. Shipped to any distance in New England, packed free from frost. Roses, Carnations, Heliotrope, Lily of the Valley, Lilies, Violets, Hyacinth, Smilax and other cut flowers in their season.

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Cobœa,	44	Pansy,	50	Callirrhoe,	50	Jacobœa,	19
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Feverfew,	47	Everblooming,	47	Clarkia,	52	Marvel of Peru,	20
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NEW FAXON SQUASH



EARLY PANAMA POTATO



MICHAELS EARLY STRAWBERRY



YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION