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VOL. 44.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1914

NO. 33

NO MESSAGE FROM WILSON ON TOLLS

President Expects Congress to Repeal Provision Unfavorable to Britain

HIS SENTIMENTS CLEAR IN LETTER TO MARBURY

Mistake for Democratic Party to Place International Matter in Platform

BRITAIN SILENT SINCE VISCOUNT BRYCE WENT

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—President Wilson let it be known today that from the first he regarded as an unwise policy the insertion in the Democratic national platform of the plank favoring the exemption of American coastwise ships from the payment of Panama canal tolls.

The president feels that a platform declaration on such a subject is related to circumstances that arise all over the world as well as in the United States, and that only the element which the United States can control in the situation ought to be binding. He feels that a change of circumstances has arisen in the international aspect of the situation which necessarily would change the attitude of the American government and the attitude of the country on the subject.

Mr. Wilson told callers today that the whole international situation and the point of view of foreign governments was to some extent involved in the settlement of the controversy. He intimated that platform declarations should be limited to questions of domestic policy and should not embrace relations with foreign governments.

It is said to be the president's view that treaty relations with other powers might be embarrassed if what is construed as a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote convention were to be insisted upon by the United States. It was made clear, however, that only England had protested. The president said that Great Britain, through her representatives, had not approached the American government on the question in any way since Viscount Bryce left here a year ago.

The president does not intend to send a message to congress on the subject of Panama canal tolls. He said he felt his attitude had been sufficiently made clear in a recent letter to William L. Marbury, of Baltimore.

He expects congress to repeal the tolls provision during the present session and may confer soon with Representative Adamson of the house commerce committee, which would have charge of such legislation.

To Call Up Bill.

Rep. Baker, Democrat, of California, announced today his purpose to call up his bill for Asiatic exclusion at Thursday's meeting of the immigration committee, despite the disposition to defer to Secretary Bryan's request to postpone.

Women's Suffrage Deferred.

Consideration of the proposed constitutional amendment for women suffrage was deferred again in the senate today because several senators gave notice they wished to discuss it later.

Fortifications Bill Passed.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—The senate passed the fortifications appropriation bill today, carrying \$6,895,200 and materially increasing the house appropriations for artillery and ammunition.

Preparedness of the United States for war was debated in the senate during consideration of the fortifications bill, to which the senate committee has added nearly \$2,000,000 over the house appropriation for field and artillery ammunition.

Senator Bryan said the increases were made to meet as nearly as possible the estimate for an army of 500,000 men.

"If there are only 75,000 men in the army now, why should we have an army of half a million men?" asked Senator Sheppard.

ONE KILLED FOURTEEN HURT IN TRAIN WRECK

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 9.—A broken rail wrecked Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha train number 2 at Bigelow, Minn., early this morning. One person, J. Bloomfield, of Surprise, Neb., was killed, and 14 were injured. None of the injured is believed to be fatally hurt. All the cars except one and the engine left the track. The all-steel equipment undoubtedly saved many lives.

IS MAKING LONG FLIGHT.

San Francisco, Feb. 9.—Silas Christoffersen started southward at 10:35 a. m. today on a flight which he hoped would land his airplane to-night in San Diego. If successful he will make a new American long-distance record.

EARL OF DERBY



BARON DE FOREST WILL NOT GET BOOTLE ESTATE

Lord Derby Claims Terms of His Offer Were Willfully Misrepresented.

London, Feb. 9.—The Earl of Derby has declined to sell to the Baron de Forest his Bootle estate in the suburbs of Liverpool as at one time appeared likely, on the ground that the baron had willfully misrepresented the terms of his offer.

Recently in a contribution to the land enquiry committee's report Baron de Forest cited the Bootle estate of the Earl of Derby as a striking example of unearned increment. The property, which was purchased in 1724 for \$35,000 he estimated to be now valued at between fifteen and twenty million dollars.

Lord Derby declared that the estimates were grossly exaggerated and said that he would sell the estate to Baron de Forest for \$7,000,000.

FAIR TREATMENT TO BE ACCORDED FOREIGNERS

General Villa Assures United States Government Captives Will Get Trials.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Indirectly assurances have been received at the White House from General Villa for the proper treatment of foreigners. Representations by American consular officers on the necessity of extending to Spaniards as well as all foreign subjects equal protection have met with compliance.

At the same time General Villa, it is understood, will not be disposed to ignore active participation by foreigners in the cause of General Huerta, but will extend to any foreign combatants, however, the right of trial.

In the main, the administration here is disposed to regard as satisfactory General Villa's assurances.

CIVILIAN RIFLEMEN TO SHOOT FOR NEW TROPHY

Militia Council Offers Nickle Silver Trophy for Competition This Year.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—Members of the various civilian rifle clubs throughout the Dominion will in future have a new incentive for straight shooting. The Militia council has decided to offer a special individual prize to be known as the Dominion of Canada prize. This prize, which will consist of a nickle silver salver, ten inches in diameter, bearing the coat of arms of the Dominion and with the inscription that it is offered by the Dominion of Canada to each gazetted and efficient civilian rifle association for competition during the season of 1914.

To be eligible for the prize it will be necessary for the association in question to hold four competitions during the season in which at least 40 per cent of the members must take part. The ranges over which the competition will be shot will be 300, 500 and 600 yards, seven scoring shots at each range to count.

HYDROPLANE EXPLODES ARMY AVIATOR KILLED

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 9.—Lieut. H. B. Post, first aero corps, U. S. A., was killed instantly this morning when he fell nearly 500 feet in a hydroplane. About 150 feet from the surface of the bay, Lieut. Post was seen to shoot clear of the machine.

It was stated by observers that the engine exploded while in the air. Lieut. Post was flying for an altitude record at the time. He had the reputation of being the best aviator in the North Island army camp.

Second Lieut. Henry B. Post was born in New York June 15, 1885, and was commissioned as second lieutenant of the Twenty-fifth Infantry in 1911. His death makes a total of thirteen in government aviation since 1903, fifteen in the army and one in the navy.

In aviation the world over, approximately 435 persons have met death since 1908 eleven having been killed in 1914.

MR. RUST RETURNS FROM EASTERN TRIP

Has Been in Consultation With Liquidators of Paving Company

HIGHER PRICE IS ASKED FOR CONTRACTS

Increase in Material Cost and Changed Conditions Reasons Assigned

COUNCIL MUST MAKE DECISION FOR ITSELF

City Engineer Rust was back at his office today after a visit to the east, during which he attended the convention in New York of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of which he is a vice-president, and that in Montreal of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers, of which he is a past president. He also renewed acquaintances in Toronto, and occupied a prominent place at the banquet table on the occasion of the great gathering of members of the works department last month at the city hall.

The principal message he brings back, and which first engaged his attention on his return, is in connection with the recommencement of the contracts held by the Canadian Mineral Rubber company for street paving. He had a consultation with Mayor Stewart this morning, and the subject is to have the immediate attention of the aldermen.

Mr. Rust stated that the liquidators for the company, the National Trust company of Toronto, had got in touch with him when he was in the Queen city, and asked for an advance in price per yard on the contracts, taking the view that the price of material had gone up and that the low bid of 1911 had only been possible by exceptional contracts for materials. He promised that he would take the matter up with the aldermen on his return to Victoria.

This subject he raises is of considerable importance in view of the attitude of the company. Their representatives take the view that an increase of ten per cent, the figure mentioned, on the contract prices accepted two and a half years ago would scarcely meet the cost of laying the paving to-day, and that neither could the city get it laid more cheaply by calling for new contracts or by day labor, as has been proposed.

The amount involved is about \$300,000, and the city has given the liquidators till February 25 to come to a decision on the point. It is, however, feared that refusal by the city to go ahead with the undertaking might result in proceedings, as the company claims it maintained a plant all last year and had expenses going in order to start up work as required by the contract, but that with the exception of two streets the city was not in a position to start up work on account of financial reasons. The aldermen hope, however, not to have any legal difficulty arise to prevent an immediate start with local labor.

WHARF PILE IS FOUND CHARGED WITH DYNAMITE

Contained Enough Explosive to Destroy Any Wharf on Puget Sound.

Port Townsend, Wash., Feb. 9.—A wharf pile with enough dynamite in it to destroy any dock on Puget Sound was yesterday found on the beach near the Hillside cannery in this city. The infernal machine, for such it is to all appearances, had been made some time ago, as the condition of the wood indicated. The pile was about two feet in diameter at the base and gradually tapered through its length of thirty feet.

The dynamite, of which there was some thirty sticks, was placed in the centre and was arranged to explode with a fulminating cap to which wires were attached. About three feet of the wire was remaining when found, but the cap was badly worn with rust and probably could never have been fired. The cavity in which the dynamite was stored was approximately 20 feet long and a considerable amount of labor had been expended in boring it. The hole was the diameter of a dynamite stick and the charge put in was of the highest explosive variety.

It was found by a Frenchman, who was cutting driftwood for burning, and while sawing the old pile noticed the cavity. He cut through one of the sticks of dynamite and believed it was some kind of groove.

Hon. E. A. Sims, who was passing at the time, stopped to investigate and found it was a most dangerous arrangement. A section five feet long containing the heaviest part of the charge was taken to the cannery for investigation. The pile bore no mark of other indication showing from whence it had drifted but its appearance leads to the belief that it was at one time a part of some wharf support.

HALF-STARVED WOLF SCARES KANSAS CITY

Woman's Muff Torn to Shreds, Milk Bottles Hurlled, One Person Bitten.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 9.—A large half-starved grey wolf, after biting two persons, frightening a score of others and spreading consternation through a staid and fashionable South Side residence district, was shot and killed on Linwood Boulevard here today.

The wolf sprang upon Miss Ana Harrison as she waited for a street car. Miss Harrison screamed, threw her muff at the animal and while the muff was being torn to shreds, escaped into a house. Her clothing was torn, but she was unharmed.

The wolf ran down the boulevard pursued by a milkman, who hurled bottles at him. Two blocks from the scene of the first attack, the wolf snapped at a domestic, causing a painful wound in the arm.

ITALY WILL SEND SHIPS TO OPENING OF CANAL

Naples, Feb. 9.—Orders were received today from the Italian minister of marine for the preparation of a squadron of Italian warships to participate in the international naval gathering in connection with the opening of the Panama canal.

It is understood that Rear-Admiral Eugenio Trifari will be in command, and that the vessels under him will be the armored cruisers Pisa, San Marco and Amalfi.

LONDON BUSINESS MEN UNANIMOUS FOR NAVY

Thousand Capitalists Announce Support of Government on Measures for Defence.

London, Feb. 9.—Unqualified and unanimous endorsement of the British policy of maintaining a supreme navy was voiced today by a great mass of representative business men of the city of London. The meeting was held at the Guild Hall under the presidency of the lord mayor.

The call for the meeting had been signed by about 1000 of the leading bankers, merchants and shipowners of all political creeds. The purpose was to assure the government that the citizens of London would support cordially any measure necessary to ensure the supremacy of the navy and the security of British commerce. Those present at the meeting represented several billions of capital.

TO EMPLOY AMERICANS AND NATIVES OF PANAMA

New Order Issued Regarding Canal Service for Those Receiving Over \$75 Per Month.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Only natives of Panama and Americans hereafter will be employed in the higher grades of service on the Panama canal. The rule will apply to all employees who receive more than \$75 a month of more than forty cents an hour. Aliens may be employed in those grades if they have occupied similar positions during the construction of the Panama canal for two years or more. They may also be employed temporarily in emergencies.

The 8-hour law will be applied to all per diem and hourly employees above the grades of laborers.

All officers on the canal as well as employees, excepting clerks, bookkeepers, stenographers, typewriters, surgeons, physicians, nurses and draughtsmen and clerical positions paying \$75 and less per month, will be exempted from civil service examination. Employees of the Panama railroad may be transferred to the canal staff without examination.

Panama, Feb. 9.—Col. Goethals, chairman of the Panama Canal Commission, suspended today John Burke, manager of the commissary department.

GOLDEN AND DISTRICT HEAR LIBERAL VIEWS

Brewster and Oliver Welcomed by Delegates From Five Towns in Interior.

Golden, B. C., Feb. 9.—With representatives present from Brisco, McMurdo, Field, Pailiner and Beavermouth to attest the growth of the interest in their districts in the Liberal cause, H. C. Brewster and John Oliver were accorded a remarkably fine welcome here. There was a meeting held Saturday night in the Lyric hall where visiting delegates and electors of the Golden district assembled to the capacity of the space offered.

Asiatic immigration formed one of the chief topics of the meeting, the subject holding much interest for the audience. The speakers outlined the fall Liberal policy and made particular reference to the financial condition of the province and the workmen's compensation proposals of John Oliver.

John A. Buckman was chairman of the meeting, which passed a vote supporting the platform of the party, and thanking the two speakers for the complete manner in which the mismanagement of the affairs of the province under the McBride administration had been put forward.

SAYS BANK PRESIDENT MANIPULATED \$750,000

Ten Directors Declare Bank Insolvent by Acts Head is Held Responsible For.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 9.—Ten directors of the Mercantile bank, one of the most important financial institutions in the city, filed a petition today in the chancery court, charging that the bank was insolvent as the result of the alleged misappropriation of more than \$750,000 by C. Hunter Raine, president of the institution.

In the petition Raine was held solely responsible for the apparent shortage, said to be obtained by a system of handling the bank's drafts, property and exchange in such a way as to deceive the directors and to conceal his manipulations, the total amount of which it was alleged he kept in speculation.

The petition places the liabilities of the bank at approximately \$2,196,594, with assets of \$1,408,083. In a published statement, January 9, liabilities were given as \$2,424,197.

COPPER STATEMENT

New York, Feb. 9.—The statement of the Copper Producers' association of February shows a decrease in stocks on hand of 4,142,182 pounds.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT BEGINS LONG STRENUOUS SESSION TO-MORROW

PREMIER ASQUITH



Who will lead the Government in the strenuous session opening in Westminster to-morrow.

ANDREW BONAR LAW



Leader of the Unionist Party in the British House of Commons.

RT. HON. WALTER LONG



Who is to attack the Home Rule proposal in the House of Commons.

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Amendment to Speech From Throne to Be Introduced in the House of Lords Demanding General Election—Home Rule Not Expected in Commons Before April

London, Feb. 9.—After the longest vacation that members have enjoyed since the Liberal party came into power eight years ago, parliament re-assembles to-morrow for a session that promises to be full of hard work and excitement.

There are not only the Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment bills, which come up for third passage and then become law despite anything the Lords may do, but there is a great mass of other business which will compel the government to fight continuously to hold the confidence of the House of Commons. From start to finish of a session a British government must keep on the alert to prevent an adverse vote, which if it has the back of a majority of the members, means the retirement of the ministry. The danger will be more acute than ever during this session.

Home Rule the Outstanding Measure

A number of other pressing problems are awaiting solution, such as the navy, the South African deportations, and education, but the thought that will be ever present in the minds of all parties for months to come is whether the Home Rule bill will pass and the people of Ulster adopt extreme measures to resist it.

From the moment that King George leaves the house of lords after delivering his speech from the throne opening the proceedings, the government will be under fire, not only from their Unionist opponents but on several questions from Liberals as well. Fortunately for the government it probably will have the support of many Unionists on the questions that the attacking radicals will choose for their attacks.

In view of the gravity of the question the house of lords is taking the remarkable course of raising an amendment to the address demanding a general election. This amendment, which will be moved by Lord Middleton, is couched in the following terms: "This House regrets the gracious speech from the throne which contains no mention of any intention on the part of the government to obtain the sanction of the nation before carrying into law grave conditions in the constitution."

In the house of commons Rt. Hon. Walter Long will begin an attack on the government's home rule bill proposal. It is not expected that the matter will be reintroduced before April, as immediately after the debate on the address is concluded the house will have to spend some weeks voting supplementary estimates for the navy and appropriations for the civil service.

Every Unionist member has been requested to be present on the opening day, and no pairs with opponents are being granted, so it appears certain that the opposition plans to force the government to either resign or dissolve parliament.

Disruption, it will be remembered is one of the demands of the Unionists before the passing of the home rule bill. However, the Liberals, Nationalists and Laborites are just as alert and with Premier Asquith at their head, feel pretty confident of encompassing any Unionist designs.

There is, however, also some danger for the Unionists in the debate. The modification of the policy of tariff reform, endorsed by Bonar Law, by which "food taxes" are dropped, has not met with entire satisfaction in the party. The farmers, largely Unionist, are asking why they should give them, while the manufacturers receive it. Unionist members for agricultural districts have been inundated with protests and it is probable that some strong tariff reformer will move an amendment that will bring the question up. Then Asquith, Chamberlain and Laborites are just as alert and with Premier Asquith at their head, feel pretty confident of encompassing any Unionist designs.

There is still much interest as to how the house of lords will receive the home rule and Welsh disestablishment bills. The Liberals contend that under the parliament act no matter what the lords do the bills will become law on receiving the signature of the king. There are some Unionists, however, who believe that as the act distinctly says they shall become law on the lords rejecting them for the third time, if the upper chamber simply refuses to consider them they cannot be rejected and therefore cannot become law. The house of lords, however, would require a lot of urging to take that view, remembering as they would that the people have already endorsed the parliament act and any attempt to evade it might have serious consequences for the Unionist party. The government, therefore, is looking with confidence to a smooth passage for its two chief measures.

IRISH FARMER SECURES TITANIC WRECK DAMAGES

Court of Appeal Judge Holds Vessel Should Not Have Maintained Speed and Course.

London, Feb. 8.—The court of appeals dismissed today the appeal of the White Star Steamship company, and declared illegal the condition printed on the steamship tickets, exempting the company from liability for loss by a passenger even through the negligence of the company's servants. The question of the legality of this exempting clause was raised in a test case brought by an Irish farmer claiming damages for the loss of his son in the Titanic disaster.

Lord Justice Sir Roland Vaughan Williams, in delivering judgment, said he thought the danger to the Titanic was neither unforeseen nor unforeseeable and that practice did not justify a vessel in maintaining her course and speed when the warnings of dangers ahead were such as the Titanic received. The clause on the back of the ticket exempting the company from liability for negligence was invalid, he said.

ORESTES ZAMOR ELECTED.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Feb. 9.—Orestes Zamor was elected president of Hayti at a meeting of congress yesterday by a vote of 98 to 105 ballots cast. It was announced that after the election the detachments from the foreign warships would return to their ships as conditions were tranquil.



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Soda Biscuits, a tin 25¢
Rajah Tea, 3 lbs. for \$1.00
B. C. Cream, a dozen tins \$1.10

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INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER - 3 pounds for \$1.00
C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR - Per sack \$1.65
OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR - Per sack \$1.75
JELLY POWDER - 4 packets for 25¢
OGILVIE'S FAMOUS ROLLED OATS - 8-lb. sack 35¢
DR. PRICE'S OR ROYAL BAKING POWDER - 12-ounce can 35¢
SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUITS - 2 packets for 25¢
STEPHEN'S SWEET PICKLES - Per bottle 15¢
NICE TABLE FIGS - Per box 5¢
NICE SWEET NAVAL ORANGES - 2 dozen for 25¢
Patronize the Store of the People.

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PARISHIONERS STRIKE TWO CHURCHES EMPTY

Journalist Forms Congregation of One at Chacombe; Six Attend at South Lykeham

London, Feb. 9.—Two remarkable strikes of parishioners come from Chacombe, in Oxfordshire, and from South Lykeham, in Lincolnshire. At Chacombe the living was sold by auction in London in 1890, and the present vicar, who is now 82 years of age, was outbid. He subsequently, however, bought the living and was inducted in 1894. He is a landowner and farmer living alone in the rectory and performs the duties of vicar, choir, organist, bell-ringer and sexton. One journalist formed the congregation on Sunday morning and the vicar said the congregation was materially larger than usual. The villagers worship at other villages, more than a mile distant. The vicar asserts that the defection of the congregation was due to jealousy connected with a contract for repairs to the church. The parishioners have petitioned the Bishop of Peterborough to end this intolerable state of affairs. At South Lykeham the people refuse to attend the church because the living was given to a clergyman who is also the rector of another parish three miles distant, and who does not reside at Lykeham. The congregation there on Sunday numbered six, including the vicar's wife and daughter. Otherwise the situation parallels that at Chacombe.

Baby Suggy Tyres put on to stay at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cornorant.

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CHARRED BONES FOUND IN TUNNEL AT CUMBRE

Evidence Obtained by Searchers Proves People Were in Locked Train

Cumbre, Chihuahua, Mex., Feb. 8.—Nothing but charred bones and buttons were found by the rescuing party which, with the aid of oxygen helmets and putmotors, succeeded in penetrating the Cumbre tunnel to-day from the south portal as far as the locomotive and first two cars of the passenger train. These are supposed to be the remains of the engineer and fireman of the ill-fated train. They were probably killed when their engine crashed into the burning freight train, which had been pushed into the tunnel by Caetillo's bandits several hours before. It is not believed that every one of the 50 or 60 passengers, including the crew, which were aboard the train when it dashed into the tunnel last Wednesday night, are dead, and whether the train was hurled into the tunnel to escape, being captured by Caetillo's bandits or sent headlong to its destruction by the bandits' may never be known. Entrance from the north portal will not be possible until to-morrow night at the earliest, and probably not until next day, as the heavy timbering is still burning fiercely. The rescuing party which went in at the south end to-day found its way greatly impeded by not only the iron framework of the burned cars, but by great masses of earth and rock which had fallen from the roof of the tunnel. Earth and rock is still falling, making the exploration extremely dangerous, and there is a constant fear that other lives may be added to those already lost by a cave-in after the rescuers have penetrated the tunnel for some distance. The wreckage is now covered by five to ten feet of earth, and the only hope of finding any bodies is that they may have been covered with earth before having been reached by the flames, which, judging from the position, is not probable, as for the whole distance traversed not a particle of the woodwork of all the cars burned was found.

JAPAN IS SATISFIED WITH BURNETT BILL

Improved Relations With United States Follow Legislation Enacted at Washington

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—Notable improvement in the relations between the United States and Japan is believed to have resulted from the events in the House of Representatives last week connected with the passage of the Burnett immigration bill. Reports from Tokyo are to the effect that a profound impression was caused in the Japanese capital, not only by the refusal of the House to include in the bill the proposed prohibition against the entry of Japanese into the United States but even more by the non-partisan appeal of Rep. Mann.

The demonstration of the fact that in dealing with such large subjects of international importance Americans stand ready to ignore party considerations, and that there is a reasonable ground for expecting a different viewpoint on international affairs to result from a change in the political cast of the administration, is said to have been something of a revelation. The Japanese statesmen are declared to have been much pleased, however, by the House reception to the appeal for fair treatment of aliens and for abstention from legislative interference with the legislative department in its efforts to arrive at a settlement of the open issue between the two countries.

Officials here are encouraged in the hope that the proceedings in the House have gone far to ensure an early and satisfactory adjustment of all issues between the two governments. So far as known the only actual step that has been taken in the proposition that a new treaty shall be made declaring the right of Japanese to hold land in America on even terms with other foreigners.

HERMIT OF SPRINGBANK FOUND DEAD IN SHACK

London, Feb. 9.—William Fulton, known locally as the "Hermit of Springbank," from the fact that for many years he has lived the life of a recluse in the three-roomed shack on the bank of the Thames, was found dead to-day by neighbors, who not having seen him for several days and suspecting that something was wrong, broke in his door. Fulton was about 70 years of age and his one hobby apparently was dogs, of which he had a number about the place. It was the continuous barking of the animals which first attracted attention to the cottage.

INDUSTRY IS REASON FOR NO NAVAL HOLIDAY

London, Feb. 8.—Admiral von Tirpitz, German naval minister, makes the interesting confession that his refusal to entertain Mr. Churchill's suggestion of a naval holiday is mainly due to an industrial reason. England, he says, having so much work abroad, could not cease building for the British navy without demoralizing her labor conditions. The German yards, on the other hand, would be compelled to shut down during a naval holiday.

POTATOES AND CORN IN PLACE OF POPPY

Opium Edict in China Makes Changes and Develops Farming Industry

Amoy, China, Feb. 8.—With the development of civilization along western lines the isolated province of Fukien is rapidly undergoing important changes. There are increasing evidences that fields once wholly devoted to the poppy will be turned over to potatoes and corn. Progress has put its foot down on the opium business. Outside of China there are probably few persons who realize how great a blow this action has dealt at a means of sustenance to a province whose resources were already overtaxed to maintain its crowded population. Opium has always brought a good price in local markets and formed an important source of the farmer's revenue. Sporadic and reckless destruction of full-grown crops came last year with such a suddenness that farmers were not conscious that the government was in earnest until they saw their entire season's work lost. This year a new method is to be tried. Instead of waiting until the plants are grown and then destroying the crop, the government has served notice that all opium plants will be destroyed as soon as they appear in the field. In many instances the summary destruction of the crop last year caused riot and bloodshed, but the notices this year seem to be convincing farmers that the government means business, and the destruction of the young plants already underway has not caused the strife which resulted last year. The new policy is meeting with the approval of the farmers, and once they see that they must give up the poppy, they are turning to indigo, potatoes and corn. Another change a little less tangible, but none the less marked, is the new spirit of freedom. During the revolution Fukienese men and money were not lacking to do the province's part in the overthrow of the hated Manchu government. But that accomplished, trusting that a clean government would be organized by the "patriots" who were clamoring for control, the people of Fukien settled down to business, and the general desire has been for peace and quiet. There are always lawless bands wandering about the country back of Amoy and Foochow. Their numbers vary with local conditions, an unfavorable crop reducing the country people almost to starvation and augmenting the number of outlaws. It was such a band which recently pillaged a village near Chao-an, in the southern part of the province, and was reported to have destroyed the American mission chapel there. While the mission chapel was unharmed, the pillaging illustrates the difficulties with which the local populace must contend. In the Hinghua district, about 80 miles from Foochow, the city of Tehwa has been the scene of fresh disturbances and, for the time being, no foreigners are allowed to travel there. The fact that Fukien is practically isolated from its neighboring provinces, shut in by high mountain ranges, and dependent upon coolies and pack animals for transport to the interior, has driven the Fukienese to the sea. The island of Formosa, lying directly opposite the province, was colonized by Fukienese seafarers long ago, the success of which enterprise has encouraged the merchants to extend their zone of operations until the southern coast of Asia and most of the Malay peninsula, and most of the southern islands are now dotted with Fukienese colonies.

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HOLT ALLOWED OUT ON SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Winnipeg, Feb. 7.—Frank Holt appeared in the police court this morning on a charge laid by the provincial police of receiving and comforting an escaped prisoner, John Kratchenko, and pleaded guilty. He was let go on suspended sentence after Magistrate Macdonald had implied he was more of a fool than a villain. Crown Prosecutor Graham announced that no charge would be laid against Buxton, the chief crown witness against Hugel, Kratchenko's counsel, because Hugel had been promised immunity when he informed. It has been persistently rumored that a private prosecution will be started against Buxton for inciting to crime the youth in a local store who stole the automatic revolver, with which Kratchenko was furnished.

MAKES HAIR GROW

All drug stores sell SALVIA, and it is guaranteed to grow hair or money back. The time to take care of your hair is when you have hair to take care of. If your hair is getting thin, gradually falling out, it cannot be long before the spot appears. The greatest remedy to stop the hair from falling is SALVIA, the Great American Hair-Grower, first discovered in England. SALVIA furnishes nourishment to the hair roots and acts so quickly that people are amazed. And remember, it destroys the dandruff germ, the little pest that saps the life that should go to the hair from the roots. SALVIA is sold by first-class druggists under a positive guarantee to cure dandruff, stop falling hair and itching scalp in ten days, or money back. A large bottle costs 50¢. The word "SALVIA" on every bottle, at Campbell's drug store. Heaton's full-piece orchestra is engaged for the Capital's 7-11, February 9.

"H. B." RYE WHISKIES ARE THE BEST. The man who's favorite whisky is RYE should insist upon getting "H. B." RYE. "H. B." Old Special Rye, very special value. Per bot. 75¢. "H. B." Old Special Rye, very special value. Imperial quarts \$1.00. "H. B. 1899" Special Reserve Rye, per bottle. \$1.00. "H. B. 1899" Special Reserve Rye, Imperial quarts, \$1.25. "H. B." Old Rye, pocket flask size, each. 50¢. The Hudson's Bay Co. Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Open till 10 p. m. 1312 Douglas St. Phone 4253. Incorporated A. D. 1670.

TUNGSTEN LAMPS. On and after Monday, 9th February, and until further notice our prices on WIREDRAWN TUNGSTEN LAMPS will be as under: 25 and 40 watt, clear 35¢. 60 watt, clear 40¢. 100 watt, clear 75¢. 150 watt, clear \$1.25. 250 watt, clear \$2.00. 400 watt, clear \$3.75. 500 watt, clear \$4.10.

B. C. Electric. Lamp Sales. Phone 123.

EVANS COLEMAN & EVANS LIMITED. 613 PANDORA (Near Government Street). PHONES: Office and Showrooms 436-437, Wharf 22. Builders' Supplies, Blacksmiths' Coal, Bar Iron, Common Bricks, Canney Supplies, Railway Supplies, Calcutta Grain Bags, Fire Bricks and Fire Clay, Lime, Pressed Bricks, Portland Cement, Plaster of Paris, Pig Iron, Pig Lead, Pig Tin, Roofing Material, Salt, Liverpool Salt, California Steel Rails, Steel Beams, Sewer Pipe, Etc., Tin Plates, Wire Rope.

SCHOOL OF HANDICRAFT AND DESIGN. 719 COURTNEY STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. Re-Opened January 5. SUBJECTS: Wood Carving, Artistic Book Binding, Life Class, Metal Work, The Grammar of Design, Metal Work and Jewelry. COMMITTEE: Dr. F. S. Bell, Miss J. Crease, Mr. J. J. Shallock (hon. treas.). TERMS (in advance) \$4.00 per quarter, one lesson a week; \$1.00 per single lesson. Students taking more than one subject, \$5.00 per quarter for each subject. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO THE INSTRUCTORS.

University School FOR BOYS. VICTORIA, B. C. Easter Term begins Wednesday, Jan. 7, 1914. Fifteen Acres of Playing Fields. Accommodation for 150 Boarders. Organized Cadet Corps. Musketry Instruction. Football and Cricket. Gymnasium and Rifle Range. Recent Successes at McGill and R.M.C. For Prospectus apply to the Bursar. WARDEN: B. V. Harvey, M.A. (Cambridge). HEADMASTER: J. C. Barnack, Esq.

MATting SALE. Regular, per yard 35¢ and 35¢. Now 20¢ and 10¢. Gas Grass Chairs—Reduced prices and 20% cash discount. Everything else we have is offered at sale prices. Lee Dye & Company. 715 View St. Phones 134 and 4152. Just Above Douglas.

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Diamond Merchants and Goldsmiths
52 Years in Business. Phone 118 for Correct Time. Sayward Block

We are Just Opening Out a Complete Stock of

**PINCHIN JOHNSON'S
FAMOUS
PAINTS, VARNISHES, ETC.**

In all Colors and Shades. See us Regarding Prices, etc.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD. LTD.

Sole Distributing Agents for British Columbia.
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"Ye Olde Firme"

Heintzman

To call the Heintzman a "piano" is a misnomer, because it is so far above them all.

In view of the fact that there are so many "pianos," good, bad and indifferent, it is only justice to the Heintzman to be placed in a class by itself.

Instead of the "Heintzman Piano" or the "Heintzman Player-Piano" the instrument should be called "THE HEINTZMAN." This segregation, so to speak, gives the Heintzman the prominence to which it is entitled. Unless you see the name "Heintzman & Co." it is not the original Heintzman.



Gideon Hicks

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PUBLIC WARNING

We feel that it is in the interest of the Consumer, the trade and ourselves, to state that during the recent disastrous fire on Water street, Vancouver, large quantities of our products became damaged. A limited quantity, no doubt, was salvaged and may be offered for sale at reduced prices, but as we have no means of knowing what condition the goods may be in, we cannot guarantee them, and purchasers buy at their own risk.

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Birmingham, England.

Manufacturers of Holbrooks' Worcester-shire Sauce, Pickles, Vinegar, Etc.

Local Distributing Branch—1006 Mainland St., Vancouver.

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See our \$25.00 models, fully equipped.

Only \$35.00. Any size.

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**WERE VIEWING POMPEII PICTURES WHEN
JAPANESE VOLCANO BURST INTO ERUPTION**

Associated Press Correspondent Writes of Terrible Scenes at Kagoshima and Surrounding Country During the Fatality of Last Month

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—The first detailed account of the terrible eruption of Sakurajima, on the southern coast of Japan, as received here to-day by mail from the Tokio correspondent of the Associated Press places the loss of life conservatively estimated at "several hundreds."

Not only was the island of Sakurajima, with its dozen villages, covered by a torrent of flaming lava and buried under a hail of incandescent rocks, but the beautiful city of Kagoshima, overlooking the golden gate of Japan, was destroyed partially, several towns and villages on the mainland to the east were sorely hit, and the villages of Akamidau, Yokoyama and Koko were literally covered by the molten lava. Until they are dug out no specific count of lives lost will be possible. The account follows:

"While a Tokio audience of Japanese was assembled at the Imperial theatre viewing moving pictures of the last days of Pompeii, the subterranean fires of their own empire, imprisoned for more than a century, were surging upward beneath the lee of Sakurajima, in the southernmost part of the realm. Soon began an eruption so fierce and terrible as to take place at once with the historic demonstrations of Vesuvius."

"The 22,000 inhabitants of Sakurajima fled wildly in all directions in a pitiful quest for food and shelter. Shrieks of terror filled the air from one end of the island to the other. From thickly-settled villages and from houses embosomed in groves of oranges, peaches and plums, the farmers ran to the shores of the bay."

"Horses neighed and snorted in terror and all manner of domestic cattle belabored to be loosened. Many freed themselves and began a wild stampede through and over their human companions."

"Many old men refused to try to save themselves and had literally to be dragged along by the younger people. Women and children were sent off first, the women carrying their infants slung Japanese fashion across their backs, their hands filled with portable household goods. Some shielded themselves with mattresses, others wore metal and earthen pots for helmets. It was a flight of indescribable panic and confusion."

"For all that, the final catastrophe was so overwhelming in its sudden descent; there had been preliminary warnings. Two months before a traveler reclining leisurely on the summit of the long mountain ridge of Yoshinogahara, which plunged abruptly down into the waters of Kagoshima gulf, was surprised to see smoke drifting from new gullies in the sides of the island peak of Mt.ake, on Sakurajima."

"It was a thick bank of smoke, but from Kagoshima would scarcely be seen; if at all, only as a fringe of haze. The traveler returned to Kagoshima and told a friend what he had seen."

"The next warning came on Sunday, January 11, in the form of severe earthquakes, accompanied by resonant deep cannonading from the heights of Sakurajima. With increasing violence came shock after shock. Houses toppled, brick walls crumbled and from far beneath, seemingly as from some vast cave of echoes, rose a horrible sound of grinding and roaring, straight up through the quaking crust of the earth."

"By Monday morning the midnight glow that had spread like a scarlet

canopy over the vent of the volcano, changed to an immeasurably lofty column of twisting smoke, laced with flames and shot with a trail of fiery missiles."

"Volcanoes long supposed extinct in other parts of the realm leaped into sympathetic activity and ashes fell like snow as far north as the cities of Osaka and Kobe, as far south as the Bonin Islands, and as far west as Dairen, while the air was weighted with sulphurous fumes and distant Tokio was mantled in a sinister yellow cloud, carrying terror to the masses and producing among even the most intelligent and courageous an inescapable sense of impending doom."

"By this time the cascades of lava meteors had set fire to the sugar-cane and bamboo forests. Houses burst into flames as if from spontaneous combustion at every step."

"Arrived at the shore, the villagers and peasants flung themselves into sampans moored on the beach, or plunged into the gulf. The mountain was now a roaring furnace and the heat was unbearable."

"From Kagoshima a dozen steamers came full speed to the rescue. Their prompt aid, and that of sailing and rowing craft saved thousands from drowning."

"But in the meantime things were not going well in Kagoshima itself. A strong east wind filled the streets with hot ashes and red-hot cinders. Houses began to collapse under the weight or to catch fire from the cinders."

"There followed a mad rush of inhabitants, thoroughly infected with terror of the burning and crazedlanders for the railroad stations. Splendid discipline there saved the day. Box freight cars were backed into the sidings and with remarkable promptness the crowds were carried northward to safety."

"To the westward began a steady flight along the highways. A number of Americans, among them several missionaries, escaped in this direction, some of them walking twenty miles in the thick blackness of the night."

"As soon as the authorities at Tokio had an inkling of the serious nature of the disaster a dozen warships were dispatched to the gulf. They found the waters furiously agitated and thickly crusted with pumice stones."

"By the thirteenth Kagoshima was virtually vacated. From the island of Sakurajima rescue parties took off thirty-three islanders. Those that remained were without food."

"For a week the volcano continued intermittently its flow of white lava and bombardment of incandescent cinders. The boldest inhabitants ventured back again and again, only to be again driven off."

"Some conception of the immensity of the outpouring may be had when it is known that it pushed its way across the gulf of Kagoshima, which is from forty to eighty fathoms deep, to the mainland, converting the island into a peninsula."

"An official estimate of the damage done gives 50,000 destitute, twelve bridges destroyed, thousands of stone fences strewn about and more than 12,000 houses either destroyed or so badly damaged that they must be rebuilt."

"This physical damage is for Kagoshima alone. On the island the destruction was entire. Sakurajima is a waste of pumice stone and lava, naked and desolate."

**STOCKHOLM SOCIALISTS
AGAINST ARMAMENTS**

Premier Says Sacrifices Are Necessary to Insure Peace of the Country.

Stockholm, Feb. 8.—Thirty thousand Socialists held yesterday in front of the government offices a demonstration against increasing the expenditure for armaments and demanded that the ministers should work rather for peace and fraternity. The premier, M. Staaf, replied that in spite of his sympathy in the question of international peace he was convinced that the Swedish people would be compelled to make a new and great sacrifice for the defence of the country. The government, however, he added, was not inclined to accede to the demands for prolongation of the service in the infantry until after the general election.

On Friday there was a great demonstration by 30,000 small landowners and farmers from every part of the kingdom in favor of the increase of Sweden's armaments. King Gustave said the problem for defence was one which must be solved without loss of time. His speech is said to have led to serious troubles in the cabinet, the members of which intimated their desire yesterday to resign.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

**MEXICAN GOVERNMENT
RUNS SHORT OF COAL**

Probable That Duties on United States Goods Will Soon Be Doubled.

Vera Cruz, Feb. 8.—The straits to which the Mexican government is reduced for coal with which to continue the operation of the national railway lines is shown by the commandeering yesterday of virtually the whole fuel supply of Vera Cruz, thus threatening the speedy suspension of all traffic between this city and the capital.

There now remains in Vera Cruz only a six days' supply of oil for the operation of the Mexican inter-oceanic railways and there is no prospect of receiving more oil from Tampico. Under the circumstances it is believed it will be impossible to maintain communication with Mexico City beyond the end of the week except in the case of trains for government service.

It is reported, apparently on the best authority, that a decree has been prepared and only awaits the president's signature, doubling the duties on all imports from the United States.

**STEFANSSON WRITES IN
HOPE REGARDING SHIP**

Toronto, Feb. 8.—A letter from Stefansson, the Canadian government's explorer, now in the Arctic, received by R. F. Stupart, director of the meteorological observatory, speaks in a confident manner of the probable fate of the explorer's principal ship, Karluk.

Mr. Stefansson wrote from Point Barrow, October 13, and confirmed published stories that the Karluk had gone adrift while the commander was abetting on shore.

The writer expresses to Mr. Stupart his belief that the Karluk will be recovered, or at any rate the crew will escape.

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is HALL'S "ALMONROSE"
Keeps the skin beautifully soft and can be used immediately before putting on gloves. Rubs in perfectly. Only 50¢

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Phone 291.

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**Impressive!—"Campbell's"
Exclusive Showing of Spring
Novelty Suits and Coats**

Another New Shipment Unpacked Saturday

As leaders in the Ladies' Ready-to-Wear business of Victoria you naturally turn to our Mantle Showrooms for a thorough insight as to what the new styles really are. You have noticed the fashion plates and fashion journals and as you saw the models in print, so you can see them in fabric at "Campbell's."

Suits—The Spring Styles

There is an exceedingly broad field for the exercise of individual preference as to materials, styles and colors, and all are so uncommonly pleasing. You'll note a marked change in the fabric weaves which have been selected by the fashion authorities for spring-time prominence.

A number of the suits are made in cutaway effects—starting just below the bust and extending to a few inches below the waist in the back. The more extreme models show a slight flare or are finished with a Godet flounce. The skirts are mostly fancy effects showing the tunic in its various forms, and then the peg-top and tiered effects are in high favor, too. The jackets are really quaint affairs—delightfully short—on the blouse and Eton lines.

The greatest feature, though, in our showrooms is VALUE—this season greater than ever before and prices run no higher than \$50.

SPRING MATERIALS

Ripple Cloth	Granites
Pin Stripes	Crepe Voile
Diagonals	Tokio Crepe
Black and White Checks	Moire Poplin
Novelty Weaves	Crepe Poplin
	Serges

Novelty Coats—The Spring Styles

The Coats are decidedly new and different—many of them carrying one or two flounces at the bottom and a number with the new flare. Roman stripes are profusely used on the collars while the materials themselves are vicunas, whipcords, black and white checks, vari-colored plaids, navy eponge, ripple cloth, Bayadere, poplin crepe, etc.

SPRING SHADES

Tango	Labrador	Mustard	Navy
Mignonette	Copenhagen	Helio	Pigskin
Pistache	Black	Electric	Hague
Grey Canton	Rose	Rust	Callot-Blue



SAMPLE SUITS, COATS AND SKIRTS FOR IMMEDIATE WEAR

We are still showing several of those awfully smart Sample Suits at \$15 to \$25. Sample Coats priced from \$7.50, and Sample Skirts from\$3.75

In the above there are no two alike.

Hundreds of wonderful White-wear bargains, marked very low, are offered.

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There is an air of distinction about a "Campbell's" Suit or Coat that is not carried by the usual ready-to-wear.

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 All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 5 p.m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

THE RIVALS.

According to dispatches from Ottawa, the Minister of Trade and Commerce and the Minister of Public Works alternate in leading the house during the absence of Mr. Borden. On Thursday it was Mr. Foster who spoke for the government; on Friday Mr. Rogers did the honors. Therein lies the cloud, now he bigger than a man's hand, which in the event of the Prime Minister's retirement would obscure the entire Tory sky.

A few weeks ago Mr. Foster hurriedly returned from England and took his place in the house. He was about to start on one of his world tours in search of markets, but there is little doubt that reports of his chief's indifferent health decided his course homeward. He knows the tactical value of the leadership of the Commons even for a few days at a time, and he also has sounded the depths and shoals of Robert Rogers's political ambition.

On the other hand, the Minister of Public Works realizes that should Mr. Borden be compelled to retire his most formidable opponent would be the Minister of Trade and Commerce, who is an old hand at leading insurrections and breaking up cabinets. If we would believe Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Mr. Rogers would expect to have the support of the western wing of his party and some of the young Ontario hot-bloods who are more concerned with results than with methods. Mr. Foster would rally about him the older legion, who always have disapproved of Mr. Rogers's presence in the councils of the party and who would strongly oppose his translation to the leadership.

In these circumstances Mr. Borden's retirement would be fatal to the fortunes of his party. It would precipitate a condition not unlike that which prevailed before 1896, when the cabinet of Sir Mackenzie Bowell were at sixes and sevens, when Mr. Foster and Sir Herbert Tupper led the mutiny, which resulted in the alienation of the confidence of the country from the administration. Mr. Borden has neither the political sagacity nor strength of will indispensable to successful leadership, but he is head and shoulders above either of the two men whose hands would reach out for his mantle were he to discard it.

THE PROPOSED LOAN.

The announcement has been made that a loan bill will be introduced in the legislature this week, authorizing the raising of a sum somewhere between \$7,000,000 and \$10,000,000. The only persons who will be surprised at this announcement are those who were foolish enough to believe the vigorous denials with which the government organs greeted the repeated declarations that a loan was contemplated. The Attorney-General forecasted the move some time ago when he pointed out that the expenditures of the last two years had exceeded the revenue by some \$12,000,000. The Auditor-General's report, issued within the last fortnight, showed that the deficit for the first six months of the current fiscal year was almost \$5,000,000.

The fact that British Columbia, which for years has gathered more revenue to the treasury than any other province, now has to raise a large loan is due to a great extent to the carnival of extravagance and waste which has prevailed under the present administration. In seven or eight years so public accounts committee of the legislature was called to gather, a most unusual omission and one that would not have been tolerated in any other part of the Dominion. It was only last session that a committee was appointed, and our readers will recall the farcical manner in which its investigations were conducted. The committee this

year will repeat the performance of 1912 despite every effort Parker Williams makes to bring some of the big transactions under review.

Why should the province enormously increase its indebtedness when it has outstanding to it \$13,000,000 on account of land sales? Most of this land is being held for speculative purposes, and we may be sure under present conditions that unless its owners can unload it for a substantial profit it never will be paid for. Even the interest is not being uniformly collected. We submit that the government either should enforce payment or reclaim the land and throw it open for settlement.

The estimates for the year ending March 31, 1914, provided for an expenditure of \$17,800,000 against a revenue of \$10,300,000. Of this gigantic outlay, greater per capita, we venture to say, than that of any province or state on this continent, more than \$5,000,000 was allotted to public works. Almost \$6,000,000 was appropriated for roads, bridges, etc. We do not criticize a generous expenditure for these

works, but we may be certain the public have not received anything like actual value for their outlay. It is impossible even to ascertain definitely the details of these expenditures. The public accounts report is mysteriously silent; the committee whose duty it is to scrutinize every large account, examine witnesses and call for documents and contracts, is chloroformed. None of the government supporters in the house is interested enough to make even casual inquiries, fearing that his curiosity will be punished by the reduction of appropriations for his own particular district.

When economic conditions are buoyant the public are apt to be indifferent as to the manner in which their funds are expended. When a reaction sets in they are more disposed to sit up and take notice. They will expect a clear and comprehensive statement in connection with the proposed loan and the circumstances leading up to it.

FREEDOM OF THE SEAS.

Recently the Manchester Chamber of Commerce unanimously adopted a resolution condemning the rule which upholds the right of belligerent countries to capture the property of private traders at sea. Armies long ago abandoned the corresponding right on land. But the freight which no field marshal can touch when it is carried on wheels is not only confiscable when it is carried in a ship's hold but is confiscable for the private profit of the captor. The property of one private person becomes the property of another under the Law of Prize, which really resembles more the lawlessness of booty.

The Admiralty has clung tenaciously to the right to capture private traders at sea, although the other powers more than once have endeavored to arrive at an international agreement on this point. The principle lies at the root of the naval armament situation. Both Great Britain and Germany justify their enormous shipbuilding expenditures on the ground that they are necessary to protect their commerce. If the same rule prevailed on sea that has been accepted on land, much of the colossal waste on armaments might be eliminated. To the laymen it would seem that with the growth of the navies of foreign powers Great Britain would have everything to gain and nothing to lose by the abandonment of the right to capture private property at sea.

In Napoleonic wars the British fleet captured the enemy's property even under a neutral flag and the right to do so was defended as one of the foundations of Britain's maritime greatness. But by the treaty of Paris in 1856 that right was surrendered, so that the private property of a smaller belligerent now may escape capture by being transferred to some other flag. Not only that, but the extension of the railway system throughout Europe makes it a matter of indifference to any of the continental powers whether its imports come through its own ports, or through the ports of its neighbors. Great Britain, being an island power, has no such immunity. She must import through her own ports or starve, and under her own flag or sacrifice one of the principal sources of her wealth—her carrying trade.

As her merchant marine is the largest, it has become the biggest target to shoot at; her risks are much greater and her chances of gain immeasurably less. Still the admiralty sticks to the Rule of Prize, which is nothing less than a luxury threatening the shipping industry of the country with ruin in time of war.

When we reflect that Great Britain imports her food and the raw material for her immense industries, we quite readily can appreciate the force of the contention that the Admiralty should brush aside the cobweb of tradition, discard the sordid considerations of the Rules of Prize, which only benefit a few at best, and agree with other powers to abandon the right to capture the private property of belligerents on the high seas.

"KILLING THE GOOSE."

A few years ago, as possibly some of our readers will remember, the Times was moved to speculate respecting the position unorganized society would find itself in after the various movements then under way towards comparatively thorough organization were completed. We asked the question then whether humanity in the aggregate would be any better off materially when the circle of organization was completed and the cost of labor and of the necessities of life had been advanced to the ultimate point aimed at. But there was one fact we failed to take into account. It was that there would be a considerable element of the community left outside of the encompassing ring. A farmer (William Dale) in a letter to the Toronto Globe, places the whole matter before the public in a clearer light than any writer on economic problems whose contributions have come under our observation. Mr. Dale says:

But how has this enhanced cost of necessities come about? Take an example of the practical working of the matter: The railwayman increases the freightage, the banker increases his percentage, the professional man increases his fee, the grocer, the dry-goods man, the tailor, the mechanic increase the price of their respective goods. They deal with one another, and the increase makes little or no difference. The medium of exchange only is increased. But suppose a man who is not one of the ring deals with any member of the ring, what follows? The outsider must pay to the ring the enhanced price of what they sell, but he cannot raise the price of what he sells in return. He is the victim of the ring, all of whose profits ultimately depend upon him. The victim in the present case is the owner and tiller of the soil—the farmer, the lumberman, the fisherman, the miner—and is preserved from the utter annihilation prepared for him by the ring by the fact that many of the necessities of his existence are and must be under his own control. The ring charges all that the traffic will bear, and there are signs that it has overstepped the limit and is on the path to the killing of the goose that lays the golden egg. The cause, however, of enhanced prices are as obscure as ever. Beginning in a small area, they are now world-wide in their operation. The protectionists of the ring in Canada dictate the legislation and control the finances of the country. Favored by geographical conditions, they have made Canada the dearest country in the world to live in. The population of the most fertile country in the world, rendered hardy and frugal and orderly and skillful by the trials of the last forty years, are now in the grasp of a minority which will not let go its hold without a desperate struggle.

The government organ on Sunday printed a picture of the palace that is going to be erected in London to adorn the position of the agent-general. On the same page announcement was made of the intention of the McBride administration to seek a loan of from seven to ten million dollars to enable it prolong for a time its carnival of extravagance. The government that has played havoc with the natural resources of British Columbia is now going to play ducks and drakes with its credit; and at the same time it is going to arrogate to itself the prerogative of supervising the finances of the cities. Yet we have no hesitation in saying that man for man the councils of the cities of British Columbia are of superior calibre, mentally and in every other respect, to the men who by some mysterious dispensation of providence have contrived to secure control of the affairs of the province.

Here is a word of advice from an eastern newspaper that might be worthy of the serious attention of a government that is too little concerned with realities: "The simple fact is that Canadians have got to get down to hard-tacks. They have provided transportation machinery much in excess of their immediate requirements. What they now have to do is to increase the volume of legitimate business. No one who knows the natural resources of the Dominion doubts that this can be done to an extent far beyond existing limits. But to do it means much less of the parasitical element in the community and many more real workers and producers. It means, too, that parliament and the legislature should concern themselves not so much with the game of politics as with the encouragement and expansion of productive effort."

The men whose interests lie in the promotion of war scares are never at a loss. The German bogie having been blown to fragments, Lord Murray of Elibank now comes forward and announces that Britain soon must be reduced to the status of a second-class naval power because she has neglected to secure possession of oil fields in various parts of the world. His Lordship was seeking control of oil concessions in South America, and doubtless if he had got them would have been willing to turn them over to the admiralty for a substantial consideration. First it was dreadnoughts; now it is oil. And there is money in both for those concerned in their exploitation. The methods of "the interests" are the same everywhere.

Canned campaign material sent from Tory headquarters at Ottawa to the faithful party organ here says the Liberals are very much worried over

When Buying Coal

Consider QUALITY as well as price.

JINGLE POT

Is the quality coal—the coal with all the properties that are necessary to insure energy, long life and absolutely no waste. Let your next order be for JINGLE POT.

Kirk & Co.

1212 Broad Street,
 Esquimalt Road
 Phones 212 and 139

the charges against members of the Quebec legislature. They are more grieved than worried. In this they differ from their opponents, who seem to glory in such deals as the Kalen Island, Kitisilano and Songheen reserve transactions, and congratulate Bob Rogers on the dexterity he showed in corrupting the electorate of Chateauguay and Macdonald.

Action has been instituted against several large American railroads for giving rebates. This suggests what a picnic the big mercantile establishments on the other side would have with a railroad linking up Seattle with Alaska through British Columbia, under the control of the Standard Oil interests, who are known to fame as the champion rebate experts in the business. British Columbia would not get a look-in on the northern trade.

The government of the province of Saskatchewan will guarantee all loans negotiated by municipalities. Our provincial government will censor loans of municipalities and the management of cities generally, reserving its guarantee for Mackenzie & Mann enterprises. It is at least doubtful whether its supervision can be of much value until it sets its own house in order.

Whatever may be the shortcomings of newspaper men in general, two of them lately have put feathers in their caps. Hon. W. S. Fielding has refused to permit himself to be made the tool of Sir Hugh Graham, and Mr. Nicholson, the parliamentary correspondent of the London Times, resigned a highly lucrative position rather than lend himself to the rowdy purposes of the Tories of Great Britain.

Canada now imports eggs from China, one thousand cases having arrived on a recent trans-oceanic steamship. Butter from New Zealand and eggs from China, and yet Mr. Foster is trying to locate markets for the products of Canadian farms! By the way, might not some of those eggs be strong enough to cross by way of the Aleutian Islands?

If the resources of this province had been disposed of in the public interest instead of to speculators during the last ten years, the government would not now be compelled to negotiate a big loan. We presume our journalistic friend along the street still will maintain that the province has a substantial surplus in the bank.

It certainly is a very handsome building British Columbia is to have in London. Well, it ought to be at the price we shall have to pay. But there are more pressing requirements in this province than that which calls for the erection of a palatial structure in London. What's the answer? Is Sir Richard going to make the new building his official residence?

The premier announces that the government intends to take steps to conserve the radium supply of the province. Just wait until this precious substance is discovered. It will be corralled just as completely as our other resources have been corralled.

After Shackleton has triumphantly crossed the Antarctic region by the north and south route, some other explorer no doubt will quarter the circle by crossing it east and west.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Pittsburg Gazette-Times. Public ownership is not the panacea for every ill. It has not worked with unflinching beneficence where tried. There is a strike at present on the state-owned railroads of Portugal. The French republic has had its labor troubles in the operation of state-owned utilities. The state runs such business in a wasteful manner at best, so that in the last analysis government ownership until the human race is turned to a new pitch is burdensome rather than beneficial. In short, government ownership is the panacea of the unpractical, the unthinking and visionaries.

ON TRAINING THE YOUNG.

St. John, N. B., Telegraph. We are burdened to-day with good intentions in the instruction of the young, but it is open to doubt if in every case these good intentions are governed by intelligence.

Many Great Changes In The Style and Finish of Women's Costumes and Coats For Spring Wear

HERE are many decided changes in the style and finish of Women's Costumes for the coming season, and a visit to the department will prove of great interest. It is impossible to give a word picture that will do justice to the many new and novel features that are so prominent in the new models and which Dame Fashion has prescribed shall be worn during this coming spring and early summer. We therefore invite you to inspect the samples displayed in the View street windows and the still larger assortment that's to be seen in the department on first floor.

Novelty Suits Come in a Great Assortment of New Styles

It is easy to recognize that a decided change has taken place in the styles that are predicted for this spring season. The coats are mostly short and many of them are cut up above the waist line in front but are longer at the back. The bolero and Eaton effects are most noticeable in the better grade models, straight cut loose coats ending in low, loose belts, are other styles showing. The collars show various new forms, the majority of which fit up to the neck in the back. Most sleeves are in the new kimono cut, some form of the Raglan effect or drop shoulder with low set-in sleeve. The drooping shoulder effect is more strongly pronounced than ever. Girdles, braids, sashes, various kinds of drop ornaments and odd shaped buttons form the chief trimmings. The skirt might be termed responsible for the short cut, for it's here that a great change in the styles has taken place—modified minaret tunics, skirts mounted on a yoke which is hidden by the tunic, box-pleated and side-pleated tunics, skirts with tunic fronts and plain backs, and many forms of draped skirts are being shown. The strong tendency is toward a very narrow skirt with peg tops.

Man-Tailored Costumes

The strictly tailored styles are well represented in our advanced showing. They come in high grade serges, fancy worsteds and suitings, one of the leading features being the shorter coat with a smart, cut-away front, two-button fastening, and plain, straight fitting back. Collars and revers on mannish lines; coats are lined throughout with best Skinner's satin. The skirts are chiefly in the plain tailored styles with panel back. These suits are exceptionally smart and well tailored and we guarantee a perfect fit.

The New Sports' Coats

are very attractive. This is no doubt brought about by their bright colors, large check patterns and the kimono sleeve effects. To appreciate these styles and colors they need to be seen. Samples are being displayed in the View street windows, to which we draw your attention.

These Sports' or Outing Coats promise to be very fashionable during the spring and summer. Most of the styles show sleeves cut in the kimono style, or with the drop shoulder, in Raglan effect. The colors are new and very bright, including tango, brown, tan, sage, rose, green and cream. Other coats are in novelty checks and plaids.

The Newest Novelties in Women's Waists

Never in the history of the Waist business have manufacturers shown such a large variety of novelties in style and in materials, offered at such reasonable prices. Cotton voiles and crepes are to the front, while lace and net waists are in high favor and are shown in the better grade goods.

The transparent effects are a great feature of the new wash waists. The necks are in most cases low, with the exception of those having pleated frills, which stand up in the back and taper to a point in front. Sleeves are mostly full length, with the long or drop shoulder effect or the Raglan style.

New Spring Outing Hats

Are being opened up almost daily, and already the millinery department is beginning to look like spring. A visit of inspection will be of interest to you and those who are looking for a between-season hat will find that there are many new modes to select from at quite inexpensive prices.

The Silks and Dress Goods Departments

Are showing many new novelties for spring and summer. A visit to inspect will well repay you. Space forbids our mentioning here many of the latest arrivals.

David Spencer, Ltd.

DO YOU

Do you realize the ill which follow in the wake of indigestion? They are too serious to be overlooked, but you need a cure which will get at the root of the matter.

Bowes' Dyspepsia Tablets. Quickly relieve and cure indigestion, and are easy and pleasant to take. A box for 50c at



Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

Interest at 4 per cent per annum allowed on deposits. Estates managed; trusts administered. Call and talk over your financial difficulties with us.

British American Trust Company, Limited
723 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.

"N.A.G." Composition

for Leaky Roofs and expert "NAGGERS" to apply the remedy.

Newton & Greer Co.
1326 Wharf St. Phone 887

Pekin Cafe

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE CHOP SUEY HOUSE

Lee Block Government St.

Opposite site of new Pantages theatre. Handsomely fitted. Finest in Canada. Tables for ladies and gentlemen. Open 12 noon, till 1 a.m.
Telephone 5400.

Louis Beale & Coventry

205 Jones Block. Phone 728

SEAL BAY—A large, beautifully sheltered, waterfront lot, with access to two streets. \$5,150
CROFT STREET, JAMES BAY—Nine-room, furnished house; price \$4,999
OCEAN VIEW ROAD—Next to corner of Cook street, north end, fine lot, 75x130, on very easy terms; price \$4,500

We are agents for the sale of lots in the G. T. P. townsite of SMITHERS, the only freight and passenger divisional point between Prince Rupert and Fort George.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF OAK BAY. NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to petitioners for works of Local Improvement that all petitions received prior to December 31, 1913, are now invalid under the Statute, by virtue of the dates of the petitions, and new petitions for works must be presented to the Council.

To the educated ad reader, QUALITY OF GOODS is of first importance — price — concessions secondary.

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Wm. Stewart, Men's and Ladies Tailor, A. Campbell building, corner Fort and Douglas street.

Hanna & Thomson, 837 Pandora avenue. Phone 498. Fine Funeral Furnishings. Lady attendant. Auto Hearse in connection. Calls promptly answered, day or night. Frank L. Thomson, funeral director and licensed embalmer.

S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty. Phone Inspector Russell, 1921; Secretary, L1738.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qtz.

Needless Operations and Expense Avoided by having your dental work done by Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street.

The B. C. Funeral Co., Chas. Hayward, president, 784 Broughton street. Calls promptly attended to. Phone 2325.

Economy Wet Wash Laundry—Family wash, 75c a week. Clothes returned on the following day, thoroughly washed. Phone 3339. 2512 Bridge street.

Ford Owners—Repairs, accessories and service are our specialties. Try the Ford agency, 1019 Rockland avenue.

The Umbrella Shop, 610 Pandora St.

Wall Paper, 10c Per Roll—Estimates furnished on Decorating and House-Painting. H. Harkness & Son, 919 Pandora avenue.

Dental Work With a Guarantee—Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

For Fire, marine, automobile, liability, sickness and accident, plate glass, elevator and employers' liability, consult Gillespie, Hart & Todd, general agents for British Columbia. All claims settled and paid by our office.

The Key Shop, 610 Pandora street.

Keep Them In—Keep your chickens in with wire netting. It is effective and is easy to erect: 6 feet wide, \$6 roll of 50 yards; 5 feet, \$5 roll; 4 feet, \$4 roll. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

A New Method for Extraction of Teeth absolutely without pain. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

Wanted to Purchase—Good agreements for sale at reasonable rates. Colonial Trust Company, Limited. Merchants Bank building.

Silent Salesman Show Cases—Show Cases, \$12.00 per foot and upwards, Victoria Show Case Co., Factory 2307 Government street, corner Princess and Government streets.

Princess Theatre—Look in the advertisements all this week, for your name. If you find it, you will receive a free ticket for the Princess for the night it appears.

Toledo, Springless Automatic Honest Weight Computing Scales. Weighing capacities, 2 pounds to 1,500 pounds. J. Howard Chapman, agent, 1211 Wharf St. Phone 2266.

Ford Economy—Ford owners only, this will interest you. Buy your gas at the Ford agency, 1019 Rockland avenue. 25 1/2 cents per gallon.

The James Bay Hotel, 250 Government street—Special rates for winter residents. Phone 2304.

Take Me to the Eagles' Big Masquerade Ball, I want to win the grand tombola prize. Connaught hall, February 17.

When Your Teeth Need Attention have them examined without charge or obligation. Dr. J. L. Thompson. Open evenings.

Try New Life—Relieves pain instantly. Free demonstration. Special prices, 721 Yates street.

Put Your Feet on it and keep warm. Earthenware hot water bottles, 60c and 75c. They stay hot all night. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

There Are Those who would narrow a woman's sphere of usefulness down to mere domestic duties; who would, so to speak, make her captive with her own apron strings, though she may be longing, Oh! ever so badly for a dainty luncheon at The Kaiserhof.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Green & Burdick Bros., Ltd., have several sums of money to loan on farm lands. They also write all kinds of insurance.

Thomas Roofing Co. repairs roofs day or night. 4722L.

SANDS Funeral Furnishing Co., Limited, Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers. You will find our charges reasonable. Prompt and courteous. Service day or night. Phone 3398. Lady in attendance, 1515 Quadra street.

The Ford Agency, 1019 Rockland avenue, will take your second-hand Ford in on trade for a new car. Take advantage of this, also their special terms offer, which closes before long.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.80 per doz. qtz.

Everything is ready for the Capital's ball, February 8.

If You Want a Truck or Express Wagon, phone 688. Cameron & Caldwell. Phone 693. 820 Johnson.

For Keys that fit go to Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant street.

"Launch Out"—Dr. Maclean's subject, 11 a. m. to-morrow at St. Paul's Presbyterian church. 7 p. m. subject "A Bit of Brass."

Removal Notice—Tim Kee & Co. have moved to 1816 Government St.

The Ford Agency, 1019 Rockland avenue, will take your second hand Ford in on trade for a new car. Take advantage of this, also their special terms offer, which closes before long.

Good Dry Wood delivered to any part of City. Frank Perry, 971 Yates street. Phone 3490.

Yorkshire Society Social, Connaught hall, Wednesday, Feb. 11. Ladies, 25c; gents, 50c.

Lectures on Prophetic Subjects—Mr. McClure speaks each night this week from his large colored dispensational diagrams. Come and hear him. Victoria hall, Blanchard street, near Pandora. 7.45 p. m. Come.

When the report of the Royal Commission on Agriculture is published it will probably be found that they recommend that the provincial government should help those farmers who are helping themselves in contradiction to those who are merely holding their lands for speculative purposes. Why not start in now with the prospect of this assistance? We can show you splendid farming land close to the E. & N. railway that can be leased for five years at \$2.50 per acre per annum with the option of purchase on very easy terms at any time during that period. Vancouver Island Fruit Lands, Ltd., general agents Carmichael & Moorhead, Ltd., 608 Belmont House. Phone 1914.

Prompt Aid Rendered—Berger Johnson, an employee of York & Sands, had his leg broken on Saturday afternoon by the falling against him of a heavy slab of sandstone at the bunkers at the northern end of Rock Bay bridge. He had been engaged on the work of unloading a scow of stone slabs. Two police officers, Jailer Brogan and Sergeant Harper were rushed to the scene of the accident, and after a hard time in getting the man ashore, rendered first aid in their usual efficient manner. The injured man was then conveyed to the Royal Jubilee hospital, where he is progressing satisfactorily.

"THE WRECK"

Through jealousy a manly young chap loses his life by the hands of an enraged husband, who does not stop to make sure whether his suspicions are justified. Resulting from this act the husband's home is wrecked and he almost loses his mind in his sorrow. For he finds out, too late, that the boy was innocent. A just retribution takes place when he loses his in a terrible railroad wreck, which shatters all of the cars of the great express train into splinters and kills hundreds of passengers. The head-on collision in which this takes place is something over-awing to behold. It is like the mighty smashing of two great speed demons in mortal combat.

Probably one of the most thrilling photo-dramas ever put on the screen. "The Wreck" will hold the audience spellbound at the Majestic to-day and Tuesday.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Daily Times, February 9, 1889.

The real estate market is quite brisk and a number of the prettiest residential properties in Victoria are being offered for sale and bought up readily. The cause of this is to some extent the street railway, which has the effect of placing outside residential properties on a par with inside.

The Indian population in the Dominion is 123,000, of which British Columbia possesses 37,000.

Five Chinese girls from the Home will receive the rites of baptism at the Sunday morning service of the Pandora street Methodist church.

Sir George Baden Powell, who will arrive here in a day or two, is making the trip for the purpose of testing the capabilities of the Canadian Pacific railway as a winter road for general commerce. He is an M. P. for a Liverpool division.

Northern Hotel, corner Yates and Government. Modern rooms, \$3 per week and up. Cafe in connection.

Conservation of Radium.—In view of the reported discovery of radium in East Kootenay it is understood that the government is considering the introduction of legislation to reserve all radio-active ores to the public use.

Council Meets To-morrow.—The council of the board of trade will hold an important meeting to-morrow at 10.30 in the board rooms, Bastion street. Several interesting reports will be presented by various committees, and there is other routine business to be cleared up.

Dressmaking Class Doubles.—The dressmaking class at the Y. W. C. A. meets this evening. The response to this opportunity has been most gratifying and as many as twenty-two names have already been enrolled, so that last Monday two classes were formed instead of the one that had been anticipated.

Firemen's Ball.—Arrangements have been made by the ball committee who are handling the plans for the fire department ball on Wednesday to have special cars run on the B. C. E. railway from 2.30 a. m. onwards for the purpose of conveying guests to their homes.

St. Andrew's and Caledonian Dance.—A very successful dance was held in the Connaught hall on Tuesday, February 17, offers some unique attractions, and should be a very popular event. A grand tombola will be open to lady competitors, the prize being a Singer sewing machine. Other prizes are offered as follows: For best-dressed lady, silver tea set; best-dressed gentleman, arm chair; two best characters representing stock-in-trade, (a) lady, chest of cutlery; (b) gentleman, silk umbrella. Two best characters representing trade or profession: (a) lady, silver dressing case; (b) gentleman, smoking stand. Two best sustained characters: (a) lady, hand-bag; (b) gentleman, gold cuff-links. Two most comical characters: (a) lady, cut glass fruit dish; (b) gentleman, shaving set. A special prize of \$10 cash will be awarded for the best demonstration of the tango.

Concert Big Success.—The concert of the Fifth Regiment band at the Empress theatre last evening proved another highly successful musical event, more people wishing to attend than could find room in the building. The programme was excellently received throughout and several of the numbers called forth demands for encores.

Band Played Well.—The second concert given by the band of the 88th Fusiliers at the Victoria theatre last evening proved to be equally as popular as the first concert a week ago. The theatre was packed, a great many coming from the church services. Mrs. Hobbay, well known soprano, received a good encore for the solo, "Beyond." St. Quentin, her accompanist being M. Nagel. The piano solo by Malcolm More was so remarkable for a boy of his age that the young artist was compelled to repeat his performance. The selection from "Il Trovatore" and "Ave Maria" were the pick of the band selections, double encores being received for both numbers.

May Be Unsettled.—Milder weather is once more being experienced in the far north, and there are indications of a return to unsettled weather on the coast, according to the weather man. Already winds are increasing in the neighborhood of Prince Rupert, accompanied by general heavy rains. Considerable snow has fallen in the Cariboo district. Zero weather has at last disappeared from this province, the thermometer at Barkerville registering 20 degrees above, while it is 5 above at Kamloops. Extending southward frosts are general along the coasts of Washington and Oregon, the influence of atmospheric disturbance from the ocean is felt as far as Alberta where much milder weather results. In Saskatchewan and Manitoba temperatures remain from 30 to 40 below zero. The cold is still very intense in the Southern States, extending down to the Mississippi valley. At Memphis this morning 4 degrees of frost were registered. In Chicago it is 4 below zero and still snowing, and zero weather is general over the great lakes.

RETAILERS IN CONCLAVE

Delegates from All Parts of the Province Welcomed by Mayor Stewart This Afternoon.

The annual convention of the Retail Merchants' association opened informally this morning with a secretary's meeting at the Empress hotel. The real business, however, did not commence until this afternoon, when there were delegates in attendance representing practically every trade centre in British Columbia. Strong contingents are in the city from Vancouver and New Westminster; Rossland, Nelson, Kamloops, Revelstoke and places up the island have each sent their ambassadors, and altogether the convention promises to be one of the most successful in years.

On behalf of the city, Mayor Stewart extended a hearty welcome to the visiting retailers, and to this the association replied with suitable words of thanks. From then on formal business occupied the delegates, who dealt with a variety of questions and will continue their deliberations until to-morrow evening. It is hoped that a meeting can be arranged between a special committee of the retailers and the provincial government before the adjournment.

The officials have announced that no representatives of the press will be allowed to be present at the sessions of the convention this year. The Times had arranged to report the proceedings fully, but in view of this decision will not now be able to do so.

Josef Hofmann Steinway Piano



Further evidence of the greatness of this famous piano—the Steinway—is afforded in the fact that Josef Hofmann, styled by the Russians "Czar of the Piano," and hailed the world over as the greatest pianist of the present day, uses only the Steinway.

You who love music will not fail to hear Hofmann's recital at the Royal Victoria Theatre on Thursday evening next, when he appears here under the auspices of the Victoria Ladies' Musical Club. And, when you hear Hofmann play, you will hear the tones of the finest piano you can buy—the Steinway.

Hofmann's choice of the Steinway is purely voluntary on his part. He selected the Steinway because he knew it would give him the greatest amount of support, the most sympathetic and satisfactory response. He could not afford to use any but the best instrument the world affords.

When you are buying a piano, bear in mind that the world's greatest musicians are unanimous in their preference for the Steinway. You can hear the Steinway at our show-rooms at any time.



FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1231 Government Street. Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE

We herewith beg to notify you that we are again receiving a good supply of the CELEBRATED NEW WELLINGTON COAL. This is the famous coal which comes from the No. 1 Mine at Nanaimo, and is the best domestic coal mined on Vancouver Island. The price HAS NOT BEEN RAISED. Washed Nut Coal, \$6.50 per ton; Sack Lump Coal and Large Lump Coal, \$7.50 per ton, delivered within the city limits. We have the Sole Agency for Victoria for this celebrated coal. This is the only coal we have in stock, and you can only get this famous coal from

J. KINGHAM & CO.

PEMBERTON BLOCK 1004 BROAD STREET
TELEPHONE 647



BEAVER BOARD HARDWARE

WALTER S. FRASER & CO., LTD.

Telephone 3 Wharf Street, Victoria

"If you get it at PLIMLEY's it's all right."

The 1914 Overland Coupe
Electric Starter and Lighting
A powerful car for rough roads or smooth, for fine weather or bad, with all the comforts of a high-priced electric, yet costing only \$2,250
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Demonstration Any Time

THOS. PLIMLEY
Phone 697. 727-735 Johnson 730 Yates Street

KNIGHT CONGRATULATES RUSSELL.

Just before leaving for England Mr. Chas. Y. Knight, the inventor of the Knight engine, wired Mr. Russell, the general manager of the Russell company, his heart-felt congratulations on the results of the test which has just been concluded at the Russell works.

Canada has done her part in contributing to the world's motor records, for the results of the 300-hour test just finished justify the claim that the Russell company are turning out an engine unequalled anywhere in the world. This Russell-Knight engine has established four world's records and Mr. Knight takes it as a matter of personal pride that he had something to do with the designing of this Russell-Knight engine.

Shiloh

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

OUTWARD VOYAGE OF MONTEAGLE WAS BAD

Liner Was Hove to in Hurricane; Blizzard Met; Decks Ice-Covered

Howling gales, mountainous seas, blizzards and low temperatures were encountered by the C. P. R. liner Monteagle, Capt. Hailey, on her last outward trip from Victoria to the Orient. The big four-master arrived in port yesterday at noon from the Far East and her officers recalled the trying experiences they had on the voyage across the Pacific bound to the westward. As a result of the tempestuous weather met, the Monteagle was two days late reaching Yokohama.

Had weather been struck at the outset of the voyage and scarcely before the shores of Vancouver Island had disappeared from the view of the lookout the vessel was held tightly in the grip of a raging southeaster. At reduced speed the Monteagle crept forward into the Pacific and when several days out she was caught in a hurricane and owing to the laboring and straining of the ship, Capt. Hailey gave her to, and awaited the subsiding of the storm. Great seas battered over the ship and all movable objects were washed overboard.

Snow and ice on board.

For four days the Monteagle steamed through a blizzard and all the time the temperature was well below freezing point. The steamship was making the 180th mile when the snow storm assailed her. The snow piled up in great banks in different places on the ship and the rigging, life-boats and gear and other external fixtures were almost entirely hidden from view and the four-master presented a ghostly appearance. As the Monteagle advanced into the blizzard the temperature dropped considerably and the ship's decks soon were encased in ice making it difficult for the crew to make their way about. As the Monteagle threw herself into the great seas and emerged with her forward deck flooded the place became an ocean-going skating rink.

Despite the terrific battering she received, the staunch Monteagle steamed into Yokohama little the worse for all the wear. The passengers were all glad that the voyage and the Pacific was over and the officers were feeling the same way.

Few Passengers Arrive.

There were very few passengers on the Monteagle. In the saloon there were eleven travellers, while in the second and third classes there were but 21 passengers all told. Eleven Celestials disembarked at this port. The saloon travellers were as follows: Miss Magnus, Master Magnus, Mrs. G. H. Mendes, E. A. Phillips, Miss F. H. Wamsley, Rev. J. E. Hudson, L. E. Cook, Rev. W. F. France, Rev. Gabriel Gadabout, Mrs. Hicks and Mrs. C. Magnus.

SKIPPER OF MUTINY SHIP IS DISCHARGED

Capt. Lawrence, of Philadelphia, Replaced by Capt. George; 'Frisco Notes

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Captain Henry Lawrence, master of the British ship Philadelphia, was locked in his cabin by members of his crew and released on the ship's arrival here several weeks ago, from Portland, has been discharged.

His successor, Captain George, has arrived from Europe and will command the Philadelphia when she resumes her trip to the English Channel. The action of the vessel's owners is taken as an indication that the skipper is believed to have been responsible for the mutiny, and the crew, though discharged after an inquiry, are held advised.

The sailors defended the action by saying that Lawrence was intoxicated and unfit to act in command.

Ship to Bring Sugar.

The British ship Bedford has been chartered by the British Columbia Refinery for a cargo of sugar from Salaverry to Vancouver. She gets a rate of \$68 for 1,000 tons or 125,000 lbs. for the voyage. The Bedford has been lying idle at Salaverry for the past two months. The British Columbia Refinery has the British ship Jessica under charter for sugar from Cuba and the Harleiden from Senamoa, Peru.

The Grace liner Santa Cecilia, which arrived on the Sound Sunday, will finish discharging and load New York cargo. Part of her Tacoma cargo was damaged by fire on the west coast, but to what extent will not be known until it is discharged.

The British tanker P. C. Henry is reported as leaving from Grangemouth for the Sound February 4. It is not known if she is bringing creosote or not. Presumably she is.

SHIP TWENTY DAYS CROSSING PACIFIC

Merionethshire Meets Bad Weather and is Delayed Four Days Making Port

Over twenty days out from Yokohama the new Royal Mail liner Merionethshire, Capt. W. H. Lanison, arrived at the outer docks this morning to discharge 300 tons of general merchandise. Adverse weather on the Pacific prolonged the passage of the steamship, which comes from London via Oriental ports on her maiden voyage. The Merionethshire is not a fast vessel, and the fact that she was light and her propeller was racing a great deal of the time, caused her to arrive here about four days late.

The Pacific is not the only spot on the globe which gave the Merionethshire a severe dusting. When she was crossing the Bay of Biscay heavy gales were met and the vessel rolled and pitched heavily. Additional bad weather was encountered before the ship started out from Yokohama on her last leg of her voyage, but it did not impede her progress to any extent.

Snow, Fog and Wind.

In speaking of the run from the Japanese port, Capt. Lanison said that morning after his ship had been berthed that nasty weather accompanied the Merionethshire until she was four days out from Victoria, when a good spell set in. During the early part of the trip strong east and southeast gales assailed the steamship, and the big seas held her back. The stern of the ship continued to lift out of the water, and the engines raced like a dynamo. The seas were heavy and at times she was unable to make progress against them and fell off into the trough, rolling badly. After clearing the stormy weather zone the Merionethshire ran into a snowstorm, which lasted for several days. She was then in the longitudes of the Aleutian Islands. The steamship emerged from the snow fall, but almost immediately fell in with dense fog, which lasted for five solid days, during which time it was impossible to see any distance.

Capt. Lanison said this morning that the Switzer liner was not in position last night, being about two miles to the westward of the moorings on the chart.

Japanese Stowaway Lost.

Owing to the mysterious disappearance of a Japanese stowaway named Asakawa Nagasumito, the Merionethshire was detained longer than usual at William Head. The day after leaving Yokohama the Jap was discovered in No. 1 hold and was set to work on deck. Yesterday afternoon when he was sent for he could not be found anywhere. The ship was diligently searched from stern to stern, but no sign of the Nipponese was seen. Some think that he may have leaped overboard to avoid deportation to his native land and punishment upon his arrival there. But there are others who believe that he may have found a neat little hole on board and is still in hiding.

The Merionethshire is on her maiden voyage. She was purchased by the Royal Mail Line, and was formerly stationed out for assistance. Capt. Lanison was then chief officer of the steamship Trent. The operator on this vessel heard the "S. O. S." and Lanison altered the course of the vessel and rescued the balloon's crew.

The Merionethshire will probably clear for Vancouver early to-morrow morning.

CHINESE HENS ARE RAISED ON SAMPANS

Chickens Form Part of Celestials' Household; Monteagle Brings Many Eggs

Chinese eggs are produced in a good old-fashioned way. The chickens are kept in the homes of the Celestials and the eggs are shipped every few days to the markets, where they are crated and sent across the Pacific to supply the demand for "freshly fresh eggs" on this continent. The eggs are specially packed so as to be preserved during the long voyage and the cases are always landed here in perfect shape.

During the past few months Chinese eggs have been coming to Victoria in large numbers and people have commenced to wonder from what part of the Flowery Kingdom they came. An investigation has revealed the fact that the eggs come for the most part from the sampans and other small craft which operate in the coastal and inland waters of China. The production of the huge shipments which find their way to this side of the pond is extremely interesting. The only thing which was not revealed in the investigation was the age of the eggs when they reach their destination. It is estimated that they are at least six weeks old.

All Have Chickens.

Nowadays the Chinese sampan is not complete without a stock of chickens aboard. The poultry perch in the living quarters with the families and have just as much away as Paddy's pig would. The cost of feeding the chickens is very small, as they pick up a great deal of garbage on the rivers and other waters. The calcareous shells are gathered each day and when a fair stock is secured they are sent off to the markets, where the proceeds of special packing for the hard trans-Pacific voyage is proceeded with.

The liner Monteagle brought in a large shipment of these eggs and while in port yesterday discharged 1,000 cases. All the eggs are consigned to San Francisco and the steamship Umattilla will load them upon her arrival next Wednesday morning.

AWA NOT COMING ONE DAY AHEAD OF TIME

Nippon Liner Docks From Orient on Thursday; Yokohama Sailing

Late last night the inbound Nippon liner Awa Maru, Capt. Schmidan, was kept in wireless communication with the Estevan station and reported that she would reach Victoria on Thursday morning. It is thought that the Japanese steamship is encountering bad weather during her trans-Pacific passage, as she is not docking one day ahead of time, as is usually the case with the Awa. She is a smart vessel and unless very heavy gales are met she is generally credited with fast runs from Yokohama.

The Awa Maru is coming in with a big passenger list and about 3,000 tons of cargo. Among the travellers is a party of nearly 80 Japanese, who are returning from a sight-seeing, bridge-seeking tour of their native land. For Victoria, the Awa has 20 passengers and about 350 tons of general merchandise. The little shipment which the Awa has locked in her strong room is valued at nearly half a million dollars.

Yokohama Leaves To-Morrow.

With a number of passengers and a heavy cargo, the Yokohama Maru, of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha fleet, is scheduled to sail from Victoria for the Orient to-morrow afternoon. Included in her cargo will be 1,000 bales of cotton, 1,500 tons of flour, 2,000 tons of salt herring, 1,800 cases of canned milk, seventy-five tons of wooden water pipes, a shipment of canning machinery and 1,000 tons of miscellaneous freight from overland points.

R. P. Rithet & Co., agents for the Osaka line of steamships, received word this morning that the liner Chicago Maru, Capt. Goto, left Yokohama on time and will arrive here one week from next Thursday. She has 30 tons of freight and twelve steerage passengers for Victoria.

NEW ROYAL MAIL LINER IS NOT WELL LAID OUT

Japanese Stowaway Believed to Have Jumped Overboard; Capt. Lanison is Hero

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Feb. 8.

Astoria, Ore.—Arrived: Str. Breakwater, Coos Bay; str. Navajo, San Francisco; steam sch. John Poulson, California; str. O. M. Clark, str. Ronald, San Francisco; str. Paraiso, California ports. Sailed: Steam sch. Multnomah, San Francisco; steam sch. Northland, California.

San Francisco, Cal.—Arrived: Str. Senator, Seattle via Victoria; str. Pasadena, Portland; str. Bear, Portland; str. Yucatan, Astoria; str. El Segundo, Astoria; str. Leelanaw, Astoria; str. Stanley, Dollar, Astoria; str. Nile, Orient via Honolulu; str. Speedwell, Bandon; str. Governor, Seattle; str. Kanduk, Milki; barge No. 93, Astoria. Sailed: Str. A. M. Simpson, Coos Bay; str. Klamath, Astoria; str. Nehalem, Gray's Harbor; power sch. Archer, Roche Harbor.

Tacoma, Wash.—Arrived: Str. Nebraskan, Seattle; str. Teucer, Seattle. Sailed: Str. Arripian, Honolulu; barge St. David, low tug Dolan, Granby Bay; str. Yokohama Maru, Seattle; str. Karnak, Hamburg.

Seattle, Wash.—Arrived: Str. Kenia, Everett; str. Santa Cecilia, San Francisco; str. Northland, Nanaimo; str. Prince George, Prince Rupert; str. San Marco, San Francisco; str. Yo Grace Dollar, San Francisco; str. Yokohama Maru, Vancouver; str. Northland, southeastern Alaska; str. Nebraskan, Tacoma; str. Teucer, Tacoma; str. Prince George, Prince Rupert.

TRAMP'S UNIQUE RECORD

South Shields, Feb. 9.—The Glasgow steamer Dunicer has arrived in the Tyne after an absence from the United Kingdom of nine years, which is believed to be a record for a British ship. She has been trading between South Africa and India, and during that long period she has only once failed, when a native jumped overboard. She has come to the Tyne for survey.

HAILEY ON MONTEAGLE

It was expected that the R. M. S. Monteagle would have been brought into port by Capt. R. J. Davison, but when she was sighted in port yesterday it was found that Capt. Hailey was still her commander. It was explained that when the ship was to have switched her commands Capt. Davison was taken ill and confined to a bed ashore. Consequently Capt. Hailey had to bring the Monteagle back here and Capt. Davison will command the Empire of India on her inward voyage. The commanders will change on their next visit to the Orient.

MEN ON GRAIN-LADEN WINDJAMMER MUTINIED

Astoria, Ore., Feb. 9.—Led by four members of the discharged crew of the barque Thistebank, whose mutinous conduct compelled the British ship to put to sea, a party of about 150 men, who are said to have smuggled liquor aboard, the boatswain and eight members of the crew of the British ship Langdale refused to work and declined to go to sea in the vessel.

Captain Plunkett ordered them below deck last Saturday night, when he learned to and the Langdale cleared for the United Kingdom. No complaint of ill-treatment was made by the men to the British vice-consul.

The Thistebank men were discharged.

QUEEN MARGARET ON WAY WITH NITRATE

Expected to Dock From Chilean Ports To-morrow; Will Load Lumber Outward

To discharge a big shipment of nitrate and considerable Tehuantepec freight the British steamship Queen Margaret, under charter to W. R. Grace & Co., is expected to arrive here early to-morrow morning. The vessel was reported steaming from San Francisco late on Friday and she will take three and a half days to come up the coast. It is understood that the Queen Margaret will put off the nitrate at the Victoria chemical works and later shift to the outer docks to unload the Mexican freight.

The freighter is coming north from Chilean ports, where she loaded the nitrate. She discharged a large shipment at San Francisco. On the way north the vessel called at Salina Cruz and took on what Tehuantepec freight offered for shipment to British Columbia. Grace is trying out the Mexican trade and has inaugurated a monthly service. The freight moving via this route at the present time is very small.

After Australian Trade.

The Queen Margaret has been chartered by Grace & Co. to load a lumber cargo. It was formerly stationed out for South America, but this has since been changed and she will take her cargo to Fremantle, Australia. The cargo will make the third sent out by them in the past few months. Word is expected about Wednesday night of the incoming Blue Funnel liner Tahybius, Capt. Allen. She is due in on Friday from Liverpool via the Orient with a full cargo for Victoria, Vancouver and Puget Sound ports.

The Royal Mail liner Radnorshire coming to Victoria from London passed Fern on Friday last and the Hibernian liner Crown of Toledo, also bound here from the United Kingdom, was at Punta Arenas on Thursday last.

POTOMAC IS LOCATED.

Curting, Nfld., Feb. 9.—The United States naval tug Potomac was sighted Saturday in an ice floe five miles west of Bay of Island. Observation from shore has been prevented since that time by a snowstorm. When the Potomac abandoned her attempt on Thursday to liberate ice-bound fishing vessels she was short of coal and was using her reserve supply.

FIRE ON FRENCH LINER.

San Francisco, Feb. 9.—Fire on board the steamship Bordeaux, of the French Trans-Atlantic line, did damage to the extent of about \$20,000 to-day. The vessel was lying in the harbor and all her cargo had been discharged. She arrived here on January 21 from New York.

MAQUINNA IN TO-MORROW.

The C. P. R. steamer Princess Maquinna, Capt. McLeod, will arrive in port to-morrow morning from Skagway and Prince Rupert.

CONCESSION TO OFFICERS.

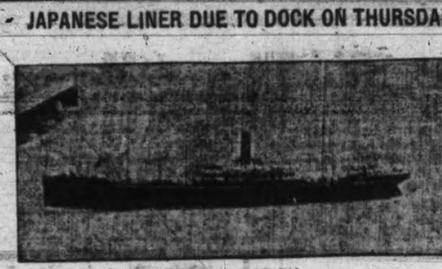
Liverpool, Feb. 9.—The Imperial Merchant Service guild has learned of an important concession, and one which will be greatly appreciated, which has been granted by the British Indian Steam Navigation company to those of their commanders, officers and engineers coming home from leave after the stipulated period of service in the company's vessels trading permanently out of Indian ports. As from January 1, all these gentlemen will be retained on full pay whilst taking holiday instead of on half-pay as hitherto.

GEORGE GOES NORTH.

The G. T. P. steamer Prince George, Capt. Donald, sailed for the north this morning at 10 o'clock, and among the passengers who left were the following: Mr. and Mrs. G. Lemarquard, Miss Stephenson, Miss Tingley, Rev. F. L. Stephenson and R. M. Partridge.

TEES RETURNS.

Yesterday at noon the C. P. R. steamer Tees, Capt. Gilliam, arrived in port from Hobart and to-day is at Esquimalt discharging a shipment of clay, which she brought in from Kyuquot.



S. S. SADO MARU.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Through tickets issued to Eastern Canada and United States points, and to Europe, with choice of rail and Ocean lines.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC STEAMSHIP SAILINGS TO

PRINCE RUPERT; 10 a.m. Mondays and Thursdays

GRANBY BAY, 10 a.m. Mondays.

STEWART AND CASSETT (via Prince Rupert), 10 a.m. February 9, 23; March 5, 19.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS (via Prince Rupert), 10 a.m. February 19; March 5, 19.

SEATTLE, 10 a.m. Sundays.

VANCOUVER, 10 a.m. Mondays and Thursdays.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC trains leave Prince Rupert Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a.m. for Terrace, Hazelton and Smithers. Mixed service beyond to Rose Lake, Mile 800. The Monday steamer from Victoria makes immediate connection with Wednesday morning train at Prince Rupert.

C. F. EARLE, JAS. McARTHUR, City Pass. and Ticket Agt. Tel. 1243. Dock and Freight Agt. Tel. 2411. Office, Wharf Street, Near Post Office.

Empress of Britain

14,500 Tons

Sails from Halifax on February 21st, and offers the best available accommodation in first, second, and third classes, at lowest rates.

First Class \$85.00

Second Class 53.75

Third Class 32.50

Our through Sleeping Cars, Pullman and Tourist, from Coast to Coast, and through baggage checking arrangements, offer the most simple and comfortable route to England. Full particulars and reservations can be secured by writing or calling in person. All information gladly given.

C. P. R. OFFICES, 1102 Government St. Phone 174.

L. D. CHETHAM, City Passenger Agent.

Union Steamship Company of B. C., Ltd.

Boscowitz Steamship Co.

Steamers For All British Columbia Ports

Carrying H. M. Mails.

S. S. Camosun or S. S. Ventura, from Victoria: every Wednesday at 11:40 p.m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Rivers Inlet, Namu and Bella Coola.

S. S. Vado, every second Thursday, for Skeena River, Prince Rupert, Naas and Granby.

For further particulars, apply to JOHN BARNESLEY, Agent, 1003 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

WIRELESS REPORTS

February 9, 8 a.m.

Point Grey—Cloudy; calm; 30.12; 33.

Cape Lazo—Cloudy; calm; 30.16; 35; sea smooth. Spoke, 10.30 p.m. S. S. Princess Royal, left Powell River 9 a.m., southbound; 11 p.m. S. S. Princess Maquinna, due Vancouver 7 a.m.

Tatoosh—Cloudy; E. 27 miles; 30.12; 42. In 11 p.m. Associated Oil steamer; 21 p.m. S. S. Admiral Farragut; 2:30 a.m. S. S. Falcon with barquentine James Johnson in tow; 5:50 a.m. two-masted steam schooner.

Pachena—Cloudy; calm; 29.93; 39.

Estevan—Cloudy; calm; 29.95; 34; sea smooth. Spoke, 3.30 a.m. S. S. Awa Maru, due Victoria on the 12th.

Triangle—Overcast; S. E.; 29.95; 39; sea moderate.

Ikeda—Overcast; calm; 29.76; 42; sea moderate.

Prince Rupert—Raining; S. E.; 29.92; 35; sea smooth. Out. 6 p.m. S. S. Prince Albert, 8:30 p.m. S. S. Princess Beatrice, heading southbound.

Dead Tree Point—Raining; S. E.; light; 29.88; 30; sea smooth.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; S. E.; light; 29.90; 38; sea smooth. Spoke, S. S. Camosun, southbound, 4.30 a.m.

Noon.

Point Grey—Overcast; calm; 30.11; 35; thick.

Cape Lazo—Overcast; calm; 30.12; 39; sea smooth. Spoke S. S. Camosun, Seymour Narrows, 12.15 p.m., southbound.

Tatoosh—Cloudy, E. 24 miles; 30.10; 39; sea choppy. In. S. S. Congress, 10.30 a.m.

Estevan—Cloudy; calm; 29.88; 33; sea smooth.

Triangle—Raining, S. E. strong; 29.95; 40; sea smooth. Spoke S. S. Prince Albert 8 a.m., Milbank Sound, southbound; S. S. Princess Beatrice, 10 a.m., southbound, North Island.

Ikeda—Raining, S. E.; 29.77; 43; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy, N. E.; 29.71; 39.

Dead Tree Point—Raining, S. E. strong; 29.83; 35; sea moderate. Spoke S. S. Prince John at Queen Charlotte City.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm, 29.98; 40; sea smooth.

PUGET SOUND NAV. CO. MORNING STEAMER

For SEATTLE

The Fast Steel Steamship "SOL DUC"

Leaves C.P.R. dock, Victoria, daily except Sunday, at 11 a.m., calling at Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams and Port Townsend, arriving at Seattle at 8 p.m. Returning leaves Seattle daily except Sunday at 12:30 a.m., calling at Port Townsend and Port Angeles, arriving at Victoria at 8:40 a.m. Secure your tickets and information from

F. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent, 1254 Government St. Phone 654.

For San Francisco AND SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

From Victoria every Wednesday, 8 a.m. S. S. UMATILLA or S. S. SENATOR; and 11 p.m. every Thursday from Seattle. S. S. CONGRESS or PRESIDENT.

For Southeastern Alaska, S. S. SPOKANE leaves Seattle, Feb. 12, 9 p.m.

Ocean and rail tickets to New York and all other cities via San Francisco.

Freight and Ticket Office, 1117 Wharf Street.

R. P. RITHET & CO., General Agents, CLAUDE A. BOLLIVY, Passenger Agent, 1003 Government St.

White Star-Dominion

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

PORTLAND, ME—LIVERPOOL

Calling at Halifax Westbound

Canada Feb. 21 Teutonic ... Mar. 7

Dominion ... Feb. 23 Megantic ... Mar. 14

*Sails from St. John, N.S., only.

Dominion, Teutonic and Canada carry one class cabin (1st) and 3rd class only.

Baggage checked through to steamer in bond, no Hotel or Transfer Expenses.

Company's office, 613 Second Avenue, Seattle, 2 doors from Cherry Street. Or Local Railroad and Steamship Agents.

ESTEVAN IN FROM GULF.

The lighthouse tender Estevan, Capt. Barnes, is in port at the present time, having returned from a cruise in the Gulf.

"If I had a million dollars to spend in advertising I would spend every cent of it in the daily newspapers."

Bill Wise

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

DEEP SEA ARRIVALS.			
Steamer	Master	From	Due
Albatross	Thompson	Hongkong	Mar. 12
Arna	Jentoft	Hongkong	Feb. 22
Awa Maru	Schmidan	Hongkong	Mar. 14
Bellerophon	Wright	Hongkong	Feb. 22
Chicago Maru	Goto	Sydney	Mar. 5
Canada Cape	Pierce	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Canada Maru	Yamanouchi	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Cardinal	Wheeler	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Cyclops	Arthur	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Empress of India	Hally	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Empress of Asia	Wright	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Geney	Robinson	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Galliano	Wheeler	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Marama	Holly	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Makura	Phillips	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Nisura	Morphy	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Queen Margaret	Munro	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Radnorshire	Allen	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Ridgeway	Wright	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Shiduka Maru	Wright	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Saskia	Neumann	Hongkong	Mar. 5
San Francisco	Wright	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Tanaka Maru	Teranaka	Hongkong	Mar. 5
Tacoma Maru	Hamada	Hongkong	Mar. 5

COASTING VESSELS.			
From Northern Ports.	From Southern Ports.	From West Coast.	From East Coast.
Princess Maquinna, Skagway	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Niagara, C.P.R., Australia	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Monteagle, C.P.R., Hongkong	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Teucer, Dowdell & Co., Liverpool	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Awa Maru, G.N., Hongkong	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Chicago Maru, R. P. Rithet, H'g's Mar.	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Empress of India, C.P.R., H'g's Mar.	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Empress of Australia, Mar.	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Marama, C.P.R., Australia	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle
Tahybius, Dowdell Co., Liverpool	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle	Princess Maquinna, Seattle

SAILERS COMING.			
Destination	Ship	Agent	Time
Victoria	Princess Maquinna	C.P.R.	10 a.m. Mon.
Seattle	Princess Maquinna	C.P.R.	10 a.m. Thu.
Portland	Princess Maquinna	C.P.R.	10 a.m. Sun.
Seattle	Princess Maquinna	C.P.R.	10 a.m. Wed.
Seattle	Princess Maquinna	C.P.R.	10 a.m. Sat.

HAVE MADE HAPPY HOMES
FOR OTHERS
I CAN DO IT FOR YOU



Watch Our
Window Displays
for Next
Saturday's Special

**Special Values in
Dinner Sets**

Several sets, each short of one or more pieces, and some made up with a few pieces that nearly match, are to be cleared quickly and prices have been accordingly readjusted.

GENUINE AUSTRIAN CHINA SETS
Three only are to be had, and all are of a superior grade. One 28-piece set at \$24.00; one 32-piece set at \$20.00, and one 77-piece set at \$25.00.

IN ENGLISH SEMI-PORCELAIN
We have three rare bargains.
A Wedgwood Set with a landscape decoration in dark blue, 93 pieces, for \$12.00.
One 100-piece set at \$15.00, and a 95-piece set at \$12.00.

The "Home-Maker's" Terms, Values and Service Win Life-Long Appreciation



BLANKETS

Genuine Scotch Wool Blankets

A real winter comfort. They are light in weight, but unusually warm. Are pleasant to the touch, and will outwear at least two pairs of the mixed wool and cotton Blankets.

While considering the following prices, remember that the Blankets are pure wool, extra fine finish and are backed by our guarantee for quality.

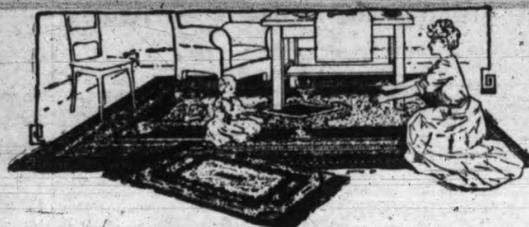
6 lbs., 60x86 inches.	Prices \$8.50	\$6.75
7 lbs., 68x86 inches.	Prices \$9.50	\$7.75
8 lbs., 72x90 inches.	Prices \$20. \$11 and	\$8.75



**Mac Lintock's
Quilts**

None Better, Cheaper or More Satisfactory

A Quilt cannot be cheap—no matter how low the price may be—unless it is sanitary, durable, supplies lots of warmth without being weighty, and presents a pleasing appearance. MacLintock's Quilts are brim full of these desirable features. They are filled with the finest Russian down, are well ventilated and come in a very wide variety of colors and patterns that you are sure of finding just what you want and at a price you'll be ready to pay. Prices start up from \$6.50

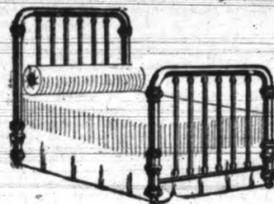


Brim Full of Good Wearing Qualities and Are Inexpensive, Too

Brussels Carpets cannot be equalled for long life and beauty of design at a modest price. Ideal for the bedroom and excellent for the diningroom, hall and stairway. Carpets of any size or shape made up, and the prices include sewing and laying. Per yard, body and border, from \$2.00 down to only \$1.25

Brussels Squares come in all the regular sizes, and there is a splendid assortment of colorings and designs to select from. The largest size is 11½x13½ feet, and is marked at prices starting up from \$35.00. The smallest size is 7½x9 feet and starts as low as \$15.00

Brass Beds Start as Low as Only \$20.00



Before making a purchase, you owe it to yourself to visit our fourth floor and compare Weiler's values with anything else you have yet seen.

Recently we imported a large quantity of new styles and are confident that you will be well pleased with the display.

Desirable Bedroom Furniture in White Enamel

White Enamel Bedroom Furniture commends itself to all people who admire above all an appearance of simplicity and cleanliness.

To keep it looking always fresh and new requires very little effort and this feature makes it all the more practical and charming. We have quite a nice assortment here to select from, but if you prefer highly polished furniture, we have an immense variety to show to you.

Easy Prices and Liberal Terms



They Beat the Old Ideas for Kitchen Efficiency

Why Not Adopt the Easy and Quick Way?

The Hoosier Flour Bin is in the top, easy to reach. It is all metal, sanitary and economical. Holds 65 pounds. Flour goes in at the top, out at the bottom through a removable sifter.

Salt Jar, also jars for tea, coffee and cereals, are all crystal glass, with air-tight covers.

The Sugar Bin is self-feeding, made of metal and is sanitary. Placed within easy reach.

Spice Jars; eight of them at your finger tips. All have air-tight covers and are made of glass.

Metal Bread Box, with a lid that opens and closes automatically. Will keep bread and cake moist for a long time. Contains a metal cooler tray for icing cake.

Big and Convenient Cupboards to hold 40 packages and 100 dishes in easy reach, even though they are on the top shelf. The lower cupboard has a sliding shelf for pots and pans, etc. All your cooking utensils are handy.

Aluminum-Covered Work Table, 40 x 39 inches. Table slides back when not in use. As easily cleaned as dishes.

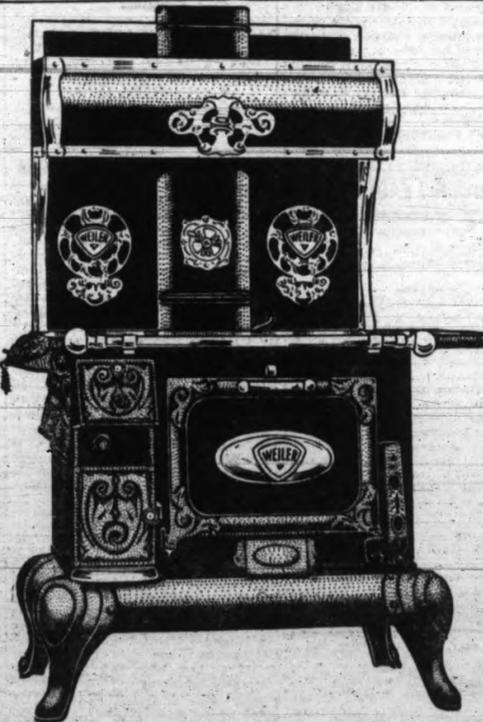
How much time and walking will a cabinet like this save for you?



A Whole Carload of the Famous Whitney and Foulton Go-Carts and Buggies



Quite a large shipment, to be sure, but we are confident that both lines will meet with a ready sale. This new shipment, together with our already large and well assorted stock, makes the largest and best display that we have ever had the pleasure of showing, and as our prices start as low as \$3.75 they come within easy reach of all.



Another Carload of the Popular "Weiler Ranges" Has Arrived

They are the most sanitary range built, and the white enameled, cast iron linings are a feature found in no other range.

Every advantage offered by any other make of range is embodied in the Weiler Ranges, then there are other improvements, protected by the patent laws.

We, as well as the manufacturer, stand behind every range we sell. We make strong claims for our ranges and are prepared to back our statements.

All the firebacks in our cast coal burning constructions are warranted for five years and in the wood burning constructions for fifteen years if used with ordinary care.

Gas ranges save you from 10 to 40 per cent of the gas consumed by other ranges, while our soft coal and wood ranges will save their entire cost in the amount of fuel saved in less than three years.

See the ranges and judge them according to your own experiences. The ranges are their own best advertisement.

We Are Ever Pleased to Arrange Easy Terms for Our Customers or to Give You a Discount of 10% for Cash.

**Victoria's
Popular
Home
Furnishers**

WEILER BROS LIMITED

**You
Will do
Better
At Weiler's**

SPORTING NEWS

BAYS TIED FOR RUGBY TITLE WANDERERS BEATEN ON SATURDAY

Barnard Cup Teams in Brilliant Struggle at Oak Bay; Score 12 to 3

Scoring nine points in the first half, James Bay defeated the Wanderers in Saturday's Rugby fixture at Oak Bay, tying the latter for the championship of the city and making a play-off necessary to decide the honors. The final score, 12 to 3, about represents the play, the better-conditioned blue and white eleven putting up a brand of football that has seldom been bettered in the capital. The result was a big surprise and the Wanderers' chances for the championship received a severe set-back. The Bays are a younger and faster team, and the "pep" that marked their every move will swing the odds in their favor when the final is staged. The Wanderers may have been a bit over-confident in the first period, but the fact that the Bays held them to an even score in the final session shows that the blue and white fifteen must be considered their equals.

Bays' Speed a Winner.
Contrary to expectations, the Bays did not have an advantage in the second half. The Wanderers—hooking—the leather with a greater degree of success than the Bays. The latter, however, possessed a pack that had both weight and speed, their following up and deadily tackling killing all chances of the Wanderers getting the ball out to their three-quarter line. The winners trotted out a back field that would have done credit to a representative team, their passing being faultless, while they tackled in brilliant fashion. The Wanderers lacked the scoring punch when within striking distance, but their entire team appeared demoralized by the rushing attack of the Bays. It was a clear case of a young ambitious squad of youngsters outgrowing a more scientific aggregation that lacked the speed and condition of their younger opponents. The game was strenuous and the referee had to caution several of the players for their hard tackling and blocking.

Vincent Starred.
Bays started scoring in the first five minutes when Billy Newcombe grabbed up a loose ball and passed to Vincent for the opening score on a pretty run. The latter made the opening for the second try when he dodged four of the Wanderers pack and gave Matt Scott a clear field for the touch line. Morton headed a dribble that boosted the Bays' total to nine and the Wanderers were kept on the defensive throughout. Wanderers took the aggressive when the teams lined up for the second half and forced the Bays within their own twenty-five. Blaney Scott saved a sure score, but the Wanderer three-quarter line got into action and finally D. M. Grant passed to Humphreys for the only try his team secured. Near the finish of the game Charlie Vincent recorded his third try of the day, circling round the Wanderer pack on a scrum near the latter's goal. No one of the try was converted, the goal-kicking being very poor.

Winners a Heavy Team.
Undoubtedly the weight of the Bays

and their speed won the victory for the younger team. The Bays' pack averaged over 175 lbs., while their back field will average 170 each. Add to this speed and condition and you have a pretty tough aggregation to whip. The winners' three-quarter line excelled themselves in their passing bouts, Gallher, Matt Scott, Billy Newcombe and Charlie Vincent playing finished football. Ken MacDonald at full could not have been improved upon. Of the forwards, Sedger, Blaney Scott, Frank Sweeney and McLachlan, were the pick. McLachlan, who is a graduate of Dublin university, is one of the best forwards ever seen here. D. M. Grant and Stewart were the pick of the Wanderers though Spencer, at full-back, saved his team a number of times.

Blaney Scott had his nose broken, while Joe Shores and Patterson also received painful injuries. A. D. B. Scott handled the game and the teams were:

The teams:
Wanderers—Fullback, Spencer; three-quarters, D. M. Grant, G. C. Grant, Humphreys and Baum; halfbacks, Chalk and Yates; forwards, Atwood, Clarke, Patterson, Willis, Columbine, Pickup, Young and Stewart.

James Bays—Fullback, K. McDonald; three-quarters, Vincent, Gallher, Newcombe and M. Scott; halfbacks, Shires and Morton; forwards, F. Sweeney, Sedger, R. Scott, McCallum, A. Mitchell, McLachlan, Leo Sweeney and Houston.

CAPITAL CITY IS AN EASY WINNER
Bellingham Beaten 30 to 14 in Fast Game; League Meets To-night

Victoria Y. M. C. A. registered their first victory in the Northwestern Y. M. C. A. league on Saturday night when they defeated the crack Bellingham quintette 30 to 14, in a fast exhibition of basketball. The score at half-time was 12 to 5, the Capital City team finishing much stronger and literally sweeping the visiting team off their feet in the final period. Victoria lined up a much stronger team than they showed against New Westminster two weeks ago, and their combination would have been hard to beat. Tommy Peden's goal-getting was the sensation of the evening, the local forward scoring ten points, while Brown registered eight. Summary:

Goals were scored by: Victoria—T. Peden, 10; Brown, 8; Whyte, 6; and R. Peden, 6. Bellingham—Fuller, 6; Phillips, 4; Edwards, 2; and Rasmussen, 2. The teams: Victoria—Guards, R. Peden and Hood; centre, R. Whyte; forwards, T. Peden and F. Brown; Bellingham—Guards, Rasmussen and Polgaro, centre, Phillips; forwards, Fuller and Edwards; H. Young, referee.

Archie Willis was responsible for the defeat of the Congregationalists at the hands of the Metropolitanists in the curtain raiser, the demon water front expert notching the winning basket. The teams were tied at full time and the Metropolitanists won in overtime 16 to 14. The teams: Metropolitanists—Guards, Aird and Plumb; centre, Nott; forwards, Robinson and Willis. Congregationalists—Guards, Ferris and Noble; centre, Smith; forwards, Andrews and Wilkinson. Goals were scored by: Metropolitanists—Willis, 8; Nott, 10. Congregationalists—Andrews, 4; Wilkinson, 8; Smith, 2. The league standing:

W. L.
Metropolitans 5 1
Baptists 4 2
Centenials 4 2
Congregationalists 2 4
James Bays 0 6

A meeting of the City Basketball league will be held at the Victoria West club rooms to-night for organization purposes. It is expected the James Bay, Victoria West and Y. M. C. A. will send representatives.

REMARKED ON THE SIDE

Victoria Has Best Chance for Title.
If Lester Patrick's proteges fail to win the championship of the P. C. H. A. Royals dampened Vancouver's chances considerably by their defeat of the Terminals on Friday night and it is up to the locals to walk off with the honors. Vancouver plays here to-morrow night, when the Senators simply must win to maintain their lead in the coast race. The Terminals have a chance to tie things up all round by beating the Victoria septette, but with the locals in the best of shape, Lester Patrick calls them to win. Victoria have five more games to play, and if they can win their home fixtures they have the championship. Considering that Victoria has two games against Vancouver here, they should be able to make a clean sweep of their remaining league fixtures.

Federal Leaguers Spending a Huge Roll.
Not only is the new major circuit securing an army of major league ball players, but they have broken all records for spending the coin. They have outfitted nearly eight clubs with high class players and, in addition, to signing up the men at top salaries they are also handing out big bonuses to the stars who desert the big league clubs. One thing in the Federals' favor they do not have to cut home from thousands of dollars for the purchase of these players. Joe Tinker's release would have cost them at least \$25,000, but they secured the services of this player for three seasons by giving him a contract of \$12,000 a year. This is the plan that they have been working on and it appears to be working to perfection. They have made the major league clubs cough up big increases to their stars to hold 'em, and if the Federals can worry through the summer they should be able to make still further inroads when the 1915 season starts.

CANUCK MANAGER



EDDIE HOLLY
Former Montreal and Toronto player who will manage Toronto's Canadian League team. Toronto is just breaking in on the circuit.

HIGH SCHOOL WON IN GRAND STYLE

Intermediate Teams Give Finished Exhibition of Rugby

Displaying the finest combination shown by any team, senior or intermediate in the capital, the High school Rugby fifteen defeated the James Bay Intermediate fifteen at Oak Bay on Saturday, the final score being 19 to 3. The Bays were never dangerous, the lightning-like combinations of the High school three-quarter line giving them a tremendous advantage over the blue and white club. The students exhibited a magnificent brand of Rugby, their speed, passing and kicking being of the highest standard. It was freely stated after the game that the students were the most finished team in the city as regards team work and combination, and their title of Intermediate champions had been fairly earned.

Not only did the High school halves show remarkable speed in getting the ball out to the three, but the whole team played a very effective game all through. They invariably got the ball out of the lineouts, with their snappy passing, while they lost little ground in their cross-field sprints. Heyland, Cutler and Wallis showed up well in the combination runs, while L. McBride converted a couple of very pretty goals. Beasley was the pick of the Bays.

The teams: James Bays—Full-back, Huxford; three-quarters, Beasley, Dixon, Pielt and Bendrodt; half-backs, Dlespecker and White; forwards, Benson, Bayliss, Routh, Falkner, Roberts, Travis, Carroll brothers. High school—Full-back, Steele; three-quarters, T. Heyland, Cutler, Staples and Wallis; half-backs, Campbell and A. McBride; forwards, McGeorge, Sanger, Copas, Pollock, L. McBride, McPherson, D. Heyland and Sprinkling.

SOCCER LEADERS

Senior Results.

Wests, 1; Bays, 1
Thistles, 2; Wards, 2
S. O. E., 5; Garrison, 1

Standing.

W. L. D. Pts.
S. O. E. 2 0 1 3
Wards 2 0 1 3
James Bays 0 0 1 1
Thistles 0 1 1 1
Wests 0 1 1 1
Garrison 0 1 1 1

Intermediate Results.

W. L. D. Pts.
Pandora 2 0 0 4
Navy 2 0 0 4
Wests 2 1 0 4
Wards 1 2 0 2
Men's Own 0 1 1 1
Empires 0 1 1 1
Sir John Jackson 0 2 0 0

SONS OF ENGLAND NOW-LEAD LEAGUE

Two Draws in Saturday's Senior Soccer Card

Two hard fought draws and a one-sided victory featured Saturday's senior soccer schedule, the results being a surprise to the fans. Wards and Thistles battled to a 2 to 2 tie at North Ward park, while the Wests and Bays could score but one goal each. On the Work Point grounds, the Sons of England amassed the amazing total of nine goals, while the Garrison forwards could score but two goals. Sons of England now lead the field, with two defeats and no losses, while Wards and Bays follow them close. On the showing of the teams in Saturday's game, at least five of the clubs will put up a good fight for the title. Garrison have to strengthen considerably before the Federal can be considered a championship possibility.

Thistles gave Wards a scare, the Scottish eleven leading by a single goal a few minutes before the expiration of full time. The Wards scored the only goal of the first half, but the Thistle forwards penetrated their defence for two goals in the second period. They both being at full strength. The Wests' rushing attack once more was in evidence, and the Bays were called upon to show their greatest defence to stave off the onrushing green and white forwards. Prevost scored the first goal for the Wests, and just before full time Curgenven tied up the game with a pretty shot. The teams are about as evenly matched as one could wish for.

Sons of England had things their own way against the Garrison eleven, and after rolling up a huge score, the Sons lay back and took things easy. Nine goals shows what good shots the English eleven are, in spite of the rough going, and this team will be prominent in this year's Island league race. The three teams are the lead in the intermediate series, and the champion Wards will have to look for their honors. The Wests' victory over the title-holders Saturday by a score of 3 to 1 makes them favorites for the title, while the Pandora eleven and Navy team have yet to be beaten. The sailors defeated Sir John Jackson eleven 2 to 0, while the Men's Own and Empire played a 2 to 2 draw.

Several hundred soccer enthusiasts crowded the Eagles' hall on Saturday night when the Wards gave their benefit concert for Sid Thomas, the eventuality's programme being run off without a hitch.

Sons of England football club announce that they will give a social dance on Tuesday, Feb. 10, in the A. O. F. hall at 9 o'clock. A good time is assured all who attend.

A meeting of the Island league will be held next Wednesday night to select the officials for Saturday's game.

Following is the Victoria representative soccer eleven to play at Vancouver next Saturday: Goal, Thorburn (Bays); backs, Taylor (Wards) and Pilkington (Bays); half-backs, Stewart (Wests), Petticrew (Wests) and Allan (Thistles); forwards, F. Kerley (Sons), F. Hines (Bays), Pickering (Wards), Baker (Wests) and Muir (Wards).

CRITICIZES LOCAL RUGBY COMMITTEE

Sporting Editor Daily Times: By the Rugby match of Saturday I think the superiority of the Bay forwards over the Wanderers has been clearly demonstrated to the satisfaction of all. In aggressiveness, in persistency of attack, in the bulldog pertinacity so necessary to success and in one handed and one ways the Bays proved themselves a stronger pack than ever represented Victoria on the "Rug" team. It is, then, with somewhat of a far we learn that none of these men were chosen by the selection (?) committee to play against Vancouver. Why was this? B. Scott, who was the first man chosen by Vancouver for the "all B. C. team" was slighted. McLachlan, former captain of Dublin university, and admitted the finest forward in the province, was not even worthy of consideration; Sedger luckily was chosen—fifteenth substitute, and the others—the less said the better.

Of course we don't wish the committee to choose any but their personal friends, especially if they're from the old sod and have double-barrelled names that would choke a horse, but still we think they might come out to the games occasionally if for nothing more than appearance sake. There has been a great deal of dissent among the Rugby football following because certain men were put on the team who should not have been, and the selection committee thinking to smooth the troubled spots have put on many Bay forwards for the Vancouver game "to give the youngsters a chance," as they term it. Of course no one is indignant that the Wanderers' forwards are afraid to play against the bloodthirsty miners—oh, no.

PERCY WYNN-HARRIS,
Rugger International for England.

TORONTO CRACK WON.

New York, Feb. 9.—A. E. Wood, of Toronto, holder of the 15-mile running record, won the 15-mile in the professional indoor race at the Second Regiment armory in 1 hour 4 minutes 25.2 seconds.

Men May Differ in Politics—But upon the question of Beer—all are agreed that there is nothing to equal Pilsener Hofbeu, 10c per glass at The Kaiserhof.

BIG LEAGUES TO FIGHT THE INVADERS

Gather In New York; Federals Will Retain Toronto; Swain Goes to Seattle

New York, Feb. 9.—Baseball owners and officers were gathered here today. The announced purpose is to attend the schedule meetings of the International league, the National league and the American league. The real purpose is the menace of the Federal league.

The International was the first to meet to-day. It discussed the schedule for the coming season. Tomorrow the National league will meet for the same purpose and on Wednesday the American league will adopt its 1914 playing dates. Through it all ways and means to fight the Federal league will be discussed informally so that by Thursday, it is expected that plans will have been formulated for an aggressive campaign against the so-called outlaws.

Charlie Swain, champion long-distance hitter of the Pacific coast, will return to the Northwestern league. The boss slugger who loses more balls over the fence than any other player, has accepted terms with the Seattle club and will report to President Dugdale next month. A Seattle dispatch says that the deal for Swain was completed yesterday. Swain played with Victoria last season. He took part in 141 games and finished up with an average of .329. During the season he made 34 home runs, a new record for the Pacific coast.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—The Federal league survived another crisis Saturday. A protracted executive meeting of its magnates resulted after a sharp discussion in the announcement that Toronto would retain its franchise.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 9.—Ben Meyers, outfielder last season with the Toronto International team, has signed with the Baltimore Federals.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 9.—Henry Cassidy, outfielder of the Denver team of the Western league, signed with the Federals, to report March 1 at Chicago for assignment. He is to receive \$3,600 a year for three years.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 9.—Bob Groom, pitcher of the Washington Americans, announced that he had signed for three years with the St. Louis Federals at a material increase in salary.

Thomas Seaton, pitcher of the Philadelphia Nationals, refused an offer of \$12,000 from the Federals and signed a contract from the Philadelphia Nationals.

Harry Swaina, of the Newark International league club, to-night signed a contract with the Baltimore Federal league club.

M'GOORTY AGAIN SHOWS GREAT FORM

Sydney, N. S. W., Feb. 9.—Eddie McGoorty, an American claimant for the world's middleweight championship, outpointed Pat Bradley, the Irish middleweight, in a twenty-round fight at the stadium Saturday night.

Brisbane, Feb. 9.—Eddie Newhouse, of Australia, won on a foul from "Young" Saylor, the American lightweight, in the sixth round but here, although Saylor adopted questionable tactics from the start.

Melbourne, Feb. 9.—In a twenty-round contest here, Nat Williams, a lightweight, outpointed the Australian champion, Herb McCoy.

TO-DAY IN PUGILISTIC ANNALS

1909—Owen Moran defeated Matty Baldwin in 12 rounds at Boston. Moran, now in his thirtieth year, appears to be about all in as a boxer, but at the time he whipped Baldwin and several other star fighters he looked like one of the greatest lightweights in the game and a sure champion. The "white lights" got Owen, as they have so many promising pugilists. In 1908 and 1909 the little Englishman whipped not only Baldwin, but such stars as Tommy Murphy, Eddie Hannon and Frankie Neil, and fought two draws with Abe Attell. He defeated Baldwin again in February, 1910, but a little later lost to Tommy Murphy in 20 rounds at San Francisco. He knocked out Bat Nelson, but in 1911 was knocked out by Ad Wolgast, then at his best. From that time he began to go back, and since then he has been defeated by Joe Mandol, Charley White, Jack White, Matt Wells and others.

1902—Spike Sullivan knocked out Jim Maloney in first round at London.

1893—Ike Wain knocked out Joe Hopkins in fourth round at Hoboken.

KIVIAT A WINNER.

Boston, Feb. 9.—Winning the Hunter mile race, A. R. Kiviat secured Saturday night for the Irish-American Athletic association of New York, permanent possession of the trophy. Hannes Kolehmainen, a team-mate of Kiviat's, was forced to quit in the three-mile run.

Shiloh

"The Family Friend for 40 years." A never failing relief for Cough and Whooping Cough.



Spring Is Drawing Near

It will come with a rush in a week or two. Mother Earth will clothe herself in her new green coat, the birds will be singing full-throated, and the young men of Victoria will be studying our windows for the latest in Spring styles.

Be Measured for a Spring Suit Now

You don't have to wait to see what the styles are going to be. You will find them here now in the fashion plates, with a full set of samples of the new Spring fabrics.

To the Man Who Takes an Unusual Size, the convenience of having his suit made to his measure means far more to him than the slight additional cost. Takes about three weeks, or a little longer, so you'll get it in good time for the Spring Opening.

Select the Style and Fabric You Fancy and let us take your measure. You get a Suit that is guaranteed to give you satisfaction at any price—

Up to \$40.00 From \$25.00
Come and See Us About It To-morrow.

FITZPATRICK & O'CONNELL

645-7 Yates Street Next to King Edward Hotel
"You'll Like Our Clothes"—Rgd.

We Deliver Anywhere

Barnett's Pure French Brandies
20 years old; per bottle, \$1.75, per pint..... \$1.00
15 years old; per bottle \$1.50, per pint..... 75¢
10 years old; per bottle \$1.25

The B. C. Wine Company, Ltd.

Family Wine and Spirit Merchants.
Brunswick Block, 1216 Douglas Street.

FEDERALS SECURE TORONTO PLAYERS

Federal league clubs are raiding the Toronto and Montreal clubs of the International league. They have secured R. Miller, Walsh, Smith, Carlo and Inlay, of the Montreal team, while McCaffery has lost Bill Brodley, Buster Brown, Benny Meyers, Kelly and Tim Jordan.

Jackson's jump to the outlaws probably means that Holderman will play first base for Seattle this year. Fogner and Conley, both youngsters, will also try for the position.

Walter McCredie has picked up a young outfielder named Oscar Coats, touted by Tom Seaton, the pitcher, as a sure enough comer. Coatscap will be turned over to Nick Williams' team.

'PEG CURLERS FOR VANCOUVER SPIEL

Winnipeg, Feb. 9.—Two Winnipeg rinks will go to the Vancouver bonspiel next month. The combination which is certain of going is A. M. Blackburn, MacCampbell and A. H. Smith. These three well known curlers may have Dr. McTavish, of the Elmwood club, as their other man, but the doctor is trying to take a rink of his own. The Elmwood president is going to make the trip, and if unsuccessful in securing a rink of his own, he will in all probability line up with the three mentioned local cracks. The above contingent intend playing at the Moose Jaw bonspiel, which opens on February 23, and will go on to the coast immediately afterwards.

PHOENIX BEER, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

VARSITY BEATEN.

Queen's University beat Toronto Varsity at the Toronto Arena Saturday afternoon in an intercollegiate game by a score of four to three, and it now looks as if the Queen's team is about the best of the eastern colleges.

CHAMPION BEATEN.

Nice, France, Feb. 9.—In a 72-hole exhibition match Alexander Herd, the former British open golf champion, defeated George Duncan, another English player, who holds the French championship, by 4 up and 3 to play.

ARENA HOCKEY

Vancouver vs. Victoria
TUESDAY, FEB. 10
8.30 p.m.

Seats on sale at Rowe & Poylun, 1423 Government St.

NEW FADELESS ARROW SHIRTS

An early arrival of new spring patterns—something novel and exclusive.

We are showing a big variety of Soft Double-cuff Shirts; with collar to match; as well as the plain laundered cuffs, priced at \$1.25 to \$2.50

Style Craft Suits

—NEW PATTERNS
—NEW MODELS
—NEW MIXTURES

Priced at \$18 And Up

See Window Display.

Spence, Doherty & Company

1216-1220 Douglas St.
STYLE CRAFT AND ROYAL TAILORED CLOTHES

SPORTING NEWS

(CONTINUED)

MITCHELL REPLACES ALLAN PARR LADIES PLAY EXCITING DRAW

Terminals Strengthen in Effort to Beat Victoria To-morrow Night

In a final effort to get back into the championship race, Vancouver, who has signed up Mike Mitchell, of the Phoenix team, for the balance of the season, Mitchell was tried out early in the season by the Victoria club, but was sent to the Boundary league for further seasoning. He is being recalled by the Terminals for to-morrow night's game against Victoria and will replace Allan Parr, who has been with the Vancouver club for three years. Mitchell is a Winnipeg boy, who has been performing in brilliant style with the Phoenix club.



MIKE MITCHELL

The local girls had effectually checked her. There was no scoring in the first half, though Victoria had the better of the play. The locals tallied the first goal, Miss Sehl getting the goal. Shortly after Miss Wintemute went the length of the ice and passed to Miss Hilmes for the tying goal. The Westminster ladies left yesterday for home, having been taken for an auto ride about the city by Manager Patrick on Saturday afternoon. B. Robb, their manager, states that a provincial ladies' hockey league will be organized next winter. Bobby Rowe and Joe Gorman handled the game, their duties principally being to rescue the fair ones who had lost their footing. The teams were: Victoria—Goal, Miss May Wood; point, Miss Nina Mutrie; cover, Miss Jeanette Chambers; rover, Miss Smith; right wing, Miss Mona Mutrie; centre, Miss May Fraser; left wing, Miss Hurst; (first half) and Miss Sehl (second half). New Westminster—Goal, Miss Latham; point, Miss Wintemute; cover, Miss Butters; rover, Mrs. Davies (manager); centre, Miss Gifford; right wing, Miss Hilmes; left wing, Miss Lane.

O. H. A. TEAMS ARE READY FOR FINALS

It is expected that the O. H. A. teams will commence their elimination series for the championship before the end of the week and the following list will give an idea of how the teams are now shaping up, together with the probable group of winners:

- Senior Series.
- (1) St. Michaels or Kingston Frontenacs.
 - (2) T. R. and A. A. or Midland.
- Intermediate Series.
- (1) Peterboro' or Cobourg.
 - (2) Riversides or Markham.
 - (3) Hamilton H. C. or Hamilton Centennials.
 - (4) Dunnville or Welland.
 - (5) Preston or Berlin.
 - (6) New Hamburg or Ayr.
 - (7) London or Paris.
 - (8) Sarnia or Alvinston.
 - (9) Stratford or Goderich.
 - (10) Warton.
 - (11) Midland or Orillia.
- Junior Series.
- (1) Belleville.
 - (2) Kingston Frontenacs.
 - (3) Oshawa.
 - (4) Upper Canada College.
 - (5) Varsity III.
 - (6) Berlin Union Jacks.
 - (7) Hamilton.
 - (8) Ingersoll or Woodstock.
 - (9) Harrison or Stratford.
 - (10) Meaford or Owen Sound.
 - (11) Orillia or Victoria Harbor.
- A new idea in goal nets invented by Percy Lesueur was tried out last Saturday night in Ottawa. The coring is heavy and loose and the box shape of the cage practically eliminates any chance of the puck bouncing out once it is inside. It is likely the new net will be adopted around the N. H. A. circuit.

ROSSLAND WINS CARNIVAL HONORS

Rosslund, Feb. 9.—In a nip-and-tuck game, which was prolific of bruises and one or two more serious injuries, Rosslund beat Nelson in the final of the British Columbia championship hockey series by a score of 5 to 4. At the end of the third quarter the score was tied, the home team winning in the play-off. Rosslund beat Fernie 13-7 in a game for third place in the contest. By winning the B. C. championship Rosslund carried off \$400 purse and trophy. Second place was won by Nelson, which was worth \$150.

EASTERN HOCKEY

Results.

At Ottawa—Wanderers, 4; Ottawa, 2.
At Montreal—Canadiens, 9; Toronto, 5.
At Toronto—Quebec, 6; Ontarios, 4.

Standing of Clubs.

Club	Won	Lost	For.	Agst.
Torontos	8	5	49	36
Ottawa	5	5	48	46
Canadiens	5	5	58	46
Quebec	7	6	62	49
Ontarios	4	9	47	78
Wanderers	4	9	47	81

Matches Next Wednesday.

Ontarios at Ottawa.
Quebec at Toronto.
Canadiens at Wands.

Teams.

Toronto—Holmes, Marshall and Cameron; Walker, Davidson and Foyston.
Canadiens—Yelina, Lavigne and Dubois; Lalonde, Smith and Gardiner.
Quebec—Moran, Hall and Mummy; Malone, T. Smith and Marks.
Ottawa—Robert, H. McNamara and P. Lake; McDonald, Lowery and Doberty.
Wanderers—Nicholson, G. Claghton and S. Claghton; Robert, Kendall and Hyland.
Toronto—Lester, Shore and Merrill; Gerard, Roman and Darr.

FEDERALS SIGN UP BUNCH OF PLAYERS

Third Major League Has Imposing Array of Real Stars on List Now

A cut of \$25 a month was the cause of Stenwall Jackson's jump to the Federal league, and a glance over the following list shows that the third major organization has gathered up quite a few big leaguers and first-class ball players. Catchers: Owens, Washington; Carisch, Cleveland; Eastley, White Sox; Onslow, Detroit; Sweeney, Highlanders; Howley, Philadelphia Nationals; McDonough (Feds last year), Street Chapman, Atlanta Jacklets, Rochester; Wilson, Giants; Simon, Pirates.

Pitchers: Lake, Detroit; Frank Smith, Montreal; Fromme, Giants; Salford, Feds.; Henning, Feds.; Roberts, Texas; Mullin, Old-Detroit; Flene, Minneapolis; Harris, Denver; Barker, Rochester; Blanding, Cleveland; Kahler, Cleveland; Palkenberg, Cleveland; Dahlgren, Northern League; Lang, Semipro; Tyler, Boston; Zamboni, Providence; McFale, Highlanders; Zabel, Cubs; Hagerman, Coast League; Leifeld, former Pirate Cub; Ford, Highlanders; Cole, drafted Highlanders; Brown, Bannan, Philadelphia Nationals; Packard, Cincinnati Reds; Dessau, Hoque, Boston; Piddington, Holdout Cardinals.

First-basemen: "Hap" Myers, Rochester; H. Miller, Agler, Atlanta; Stovall.

Second-basemen: Knabe, Philadelphia Nationals; Zeider, Highlanders; Schafly, Eastern League; McKechnie, Walsh, Philadelphia Nationals; McCarthy, Pirates.

Third-basemen: Byrne, Pirates; Waresell, Bradley, Puring.

Shortstops: Thiker, Brooklyn; Farrell, Feds.; Darringer, Feds.; Chapman, Cleveland; Blackburn, Milwaukee.

Outfielders: Hohlan, Cere, Highlanders; Murray, Buffalo; Drake, W. Miller, Cubs; R. Miller, Philadelphia Nationals; Gessler, Philadelphia; Bourne, Coast League; Magrett, Coast League; Kruger, Coast League; Kaiser, Zinn, Zwilling, Western League; Choninard, White Sox; Meyer, Brooklyn.

Of these men—numbering 60 in all—at least a dozen—like Bridwell, Blanding, and Fromme—haven't jumped at all. The total roster of the Federals, by the men they carried last season, of whom probably between 50 and 60 are still available for President Gilmore's team.

BRITISH FOOTBALL

London, Feb. 9.—Following are the results of the scheduled league football games played Saturday on the grounds of the first-named clubs.

First Division.

Aston Villa, 2; West Bromwich Albion, 0.
Burnley, 2; Oldham Athletic, 0.
Derby County, 2; Blackburn Rovers, 1.
Liverpool, 1; Sheffield Wednesday, 2.
Manchester City, 1; Bradford City, 0.
Middlesbrough, 3; Everton, 0.
Newcastle United, 4; Bolton Wanderers, 2.
Preston North End, 3; Chelsea, 3.
Sheffield United, 1; Sunderland, 0.
Tottenham Hotspurs, 2; Manchester United, 1.

Second Division.

Barnesley, 1; Grimsby Town, 1.
Bradford, 2; Gillingham, 1.
Bury, 1; Woolwich Arsenal, 1.
Fulham, 2; Stockport County, 0.
Huddersfield Town, 1; Notts Forest, 1.
Hull City, 0; Birmingham, 0.
Leicester Fosse, 1; Leeds City, 1.
Lincoln City, 1; Blackpool, 2.
Notts County, 3; Clapton Orient, 0.
Wolverhampton Wanderers, 0; Bristol City, 2.

Southern League.

Bristol Rovers, 2; Reading, 2.
Merthyr Town, 1; Southampton, 2.
West Ham United, 3; Plymouth Argyle, 1.
Swindon Town, 1; Crystal Palace, 2.
Cardiff City, 2; Coventry City, 0.
Exeter City, 1; Watford, 1.
Millwall Athletic, 2; Norwich City, 2.
Portsmouth, 0; Gillingham, 0.
Brighton and Hove Albion, 1; Northampton, 1.
Queen's Park Rangers, 0; Southend United, 0.

Glasgow, Feb. 9.—The following are the results of the second round of the Scottish cup, all the teams participating having drawn a bye in the first round with the exception of Queen's Park and St. Mirren, who met and defeated Falkirk and Inverness Caledonians respectively on Jan. 24.

Queen's Park, 1; Arthurlie, 0.
Nithsdale Wanderers, 0; Partick Thistle, 1.
Broxburn United, 5; Dumfries, 1.
Alloa Athletic, 0; Rangers, 5.
Leith, 1; Motherwell, 1.
Raith Rovers, 2; Hearts of Midlothian, 0.
Forest Athletic, 0; Peebles Rovers, 4.
Clyde, 0; Celtic, 0.
East Stirlingshire, 1; Forfar Athletic, 1.
Third Lanark, 2; Dumfries, 0.
Aberdeen, 4; Albion Rovers, 1.
Airdrieonians, 0; Dundee, 0.
Morton, 1; Hibernians, 1.
Kilmarnock, 2; Hamilton Academical, 1.

London, Feb. 9.—In the annual intervarsity soccer match played to-day at Queen's park, Cambridge University defeated Oxford by the score of 2-1.

Rugby.

The international rugby match at Cardiff between Scotland and Wales resulted in a win for the Principality by the unexpected big margin of 24 points to 5.

Other results.

Old Merchant Tailors, 8; Roslyn Park, 2.
Harlequins, 19; London Hospital, 11.
Liverpool, 19; Richmond, 7.
Leicester, 16; Moseley, 3.
London Welsh, 9; Guy's Hospital, 0.
London Irish, 3; Bedford, 0.
Blackheath, 19; United Services, 0.
Old Alleynians, 18; Cambridge, 11.
Northampton, 6; Llanelli, 4.

Georges Carpentier, heavyweight champion of France and England, and all-continent Europe for that matter, will have to retire, unregretfully, from the ring for the next two years. Which shows the disadvantage of living in a country where there is compulsory military service.

Canadian Celebrities

SIR WILLIAM VAN HORNE

Who Says He Never Worked Because it Sounds Interesting.

In that almost epic photograph of the late Donald A. Smith driving the last spike in the main line of the C. P. R. at Craigellachie, B. C., in 1885, there is a rather smug-looking, crop-bearded stout gentleman in the background immediately behind the great genius with the hammer. What phase of philosophy was passing through the diligent brain of William Van Horne when he saw that spikehead stick into the hole under the bravura blows of Donald A. Smith, very likely even he has forgotten. And so far as Canada and the C. P. R. are concerned it never was necessary to hook Sir William Van Horne up with a man like Strathcona in order to prove that he is interesting.

In fact, if on his own account Van Horne isn't interesting, then nobody ever was. In many respects he is the most interesting man in Canada at the present time. He is one of the few American born that have found a British title quite desirable and comfortable. He professes to hate the American people so far as trade and political ideas are concerned. He built up the C. P. R. and then began to conquer Cuba. He became a millionaire when nature intended him for a kind of scientific philosopher; though if he had missed the millions he probably would have found his philosophy a rather poor substitute. He is one of our most famous art collectors and has more pictures, good, bad and indifferent, than any other man in Canada. He builds railways as naturally as some men read books and others go into politics. He is a brilliant, powerful and almost weird personality.

Sir William is regarded by some people as a vain man, if so, his vanity is profoundly interesting. No man in Canada is able to talk with so much authority on a variety of subjects, and at the same time interest the other man in what he says and the way he says it. But you must give Sir William about twenty minutes in the discussion of a great variety of topics with all kinds of people. And though he may build railways and hotels and conquer a wilderness whenever he takes a notion, he is quite as comfortable on the broad of his back with a gone-out Cuban cigar stuck like a tiny pencil in his huge nose and somebody to argue with him. To use descriptive language, Sir William is a "whopper." He is big every way. He has a huge body and it is a dynamo of energy. He has a big brain and it works on almost any kind of material. He has done big things and says he has never either worked or been weary. But don't believe him; quite when he says so. He believes that all men are born lazy, himself included. Necessity drives a man to work in order to keep out of trouble. Work forms a habit of industry which becomes part of a man's character. Bye and bye this habitually busy person, driven by necessity and born lazy, finds that he has accomplished something and that people look upon him as somehow indispensable to civilization.

That's a more or less sarbished statement of the doctrine that Sir William propounds on the broad of his back with that big soft under him and his cigar ready to re-light for the third time. With that as a text he can deliver a three-hour's discourse on the cause and cure of civilization in all departments without once being stuck for a word or the sequence of an idea. But you must first let him trample down the underbrush so as to get plenty of room. Forget that he would as lief be out wading in the mud flats down around St. Andrew's, his summer home; that any moment he may struggle up and shout at the top of his voice, "Lynch," to his secretary and decide to write one letter while he dictates another and gives the secretary minute details how to instruct somebody down in Cuba to trim up a station or a hotel rotunda. Put out of your mind the overwhelming picture gallery below which he doesn't even bother to show you. Just regard him for the time being as a sort of primal being who delights in theories and all sorts of mental excursions as much as a gander delights in a mill-pond.

Your plain duty is first to listen, next to argue. If you miss a jot of his meaning he may suspect you of mental indolence, which is a disease he never had. If you take all he says for gospel he will tacitly accuse you of being a timid person—and he never was that either.

For there are two worlds to this man who was born in the States and at the age of forty became a Canadian. One is in things to do, the other in matters to talk about. If he hadn't both he would be miserable. He never was one to slave at a desk all day and bury himself in details. Neither would he be satisfied if he had to occupy a palace and be eternally polite. He must be out on the rampage; over a railroad or on the edge of a swamp making a sketch—just because he has a theory that all artists are born fools and it's every man's privilege to be a fool once in a while just to keep himself from worrying to death. I have never seen any of Sir William's sketches, but artists who know him say they are not half bad. I have never seen him in a railway office, though from the way he transacted business in his upstairs room at home I should imagine he was once a terror to all such as did not hustle at their appointed tasks. He was born with a big bump of administration, though to say so to him would be heresy. For he doesn't believe that a man is born with anything except laziness.

But the world of ideas is sometimes the great world for Sir William, and if you keep him arguing well enough he may keep you late for your next meal, quite forgetting about his own. If you want information he can give it to you. But facts to him without some sort of original, almost dare-devil way of expressing himself, are too much too dry. Above all things don't be merely conventional even if you happen to be well-informed. You must be interesting. If necessary juggle with the plain truth a bit, garish it up with pleasant exaggerations and backhand ways of expression; but don't expect to be impressive unless you can feel yourself bigger than your subject.

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80% of the Suffering and Trouble Ruptured People Go Through is Caused by Spring and Leg-Strap Trusses.



Aren't you sick and tired of wearing trusses you can't make hold, which you scarcely feel safe in, or which hurt so they don't give you a minute's peace? Don't you know that such contraptions will sooner or later let your rupture get the best of you?

Don't you know they are almost sure to cripple you up, so you won't be able to keep at work, won't be able to make a living? Aren't you afraid they'll gradually let you get so bad that sooner or later you'll have to face a dangerous operation?

Are you willing to make a sixty-day test—without having to risk a cent—and see for yourself what a relief it is to get rid of such misery-causing makeshifts?

No More Belts, Leg-Straps or Springs

We have found a way to hold any man's rupture without harmful pressure, without any belts or springs around your waist, without having to wear leg-straps. It is our guaranteed rupture holder. It is as big an improvement over elastic and spring trusses, and so-called "appliances" as the modern locomotive is over the first steam engine ever built.

80 Days Trial to Prove It

We have so much faith in it—have seen what it has done for so many others—that we are willing to make one especially for your case and send it to you for sixty days' trial. Willing to give you plenty of time to see for yourself just how good it is.

If it doesn't keep your rupture from coming out or from bothering you in any way, then you can send it back and it won't cost you a single penny.

It is the only thing we know of for rupture that you can get on long enough trial to make sure; because the only thing good enough to stand a long and thorough test.

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A famous scientist condemns the light bottle

We reprint herewith an extract from an opinion rendered by a famous scientist showing that beer in light bottles can not remain pure.

"Beer bottles should be manufactured from reddish-brown glass, inasmuch as same will to a much higher degree than any other kind of glass, minimize the influence of the rays of light on the quality of beer, and will protect the latter against acquiring the disagreeable taste (Sonnengeschmack) due to the chemical action of light.

"In white and green glass bottles the beer is most affected by the action of the light. Such bottles are, therefore, absolutely inappropriate and should never be employed by brewers.

(Signed) Prof. Dr. F. Schonfeld.

From the Illustrated Brewery Encyclopedia, p. 99 (Illustriertes Brauerlexikon.) Published by Dr. Max Delbrück, Privy Councillor, Professor at the Royal Agricultural College and Director of the Institute for Fermentation at Berlin. Berlin: 1910.

Schlitz is made pure and the Brown Bottle keeps it pure from the brewery to your glass.



Hudson's Bay Co., Distributors, Victoria, B. C.

See that crown or cork is branded "Schlitz."

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

SPORTING GOSSIP OF THE DAY

Victoria should beat Vancouver here to-morrow night.

Perhaps the crowd didn't enthuse at the ladies' hockey match.

Charlie Brooks is still dickering with the Federals.

St. Griffin has only scored one goal in eleven matches.

Portland is hanging onto Kid Mohler for its infield this year.

Victoria Wests found the going pretty hard on Saturday.

Cyclone Taylor and his gang will be with us to-morrow night.

Portland has a couple of holdouts on their Coast league team.

Bob Fitzsimmons is preparing his 15-year-old boy for the ring.

Quebec is rapidly forging to the front in the National Hockey association.

A grand boxing bill is carded for Friday night at the V. I. A. A.

Sons of England are showing splendid form in their island games.

Bert Lindsay has the best defence average of the Coast goal tends.

Con. Jones is sponsor for the Old Country soccer tour this summer.

Dugdale has rounded up about 'steen recruits for Geo. Hill's job.

Victoria's rugby fifteen meet Nainimo on Saturday afternoon.

The report that Kid McCoy has interested Maurice Maeterlinck in a boxing club shows that Maurice does not care what becomes of his bank roll.

Possibly, it is an oversight, but there are one or two members of the old Cub machine whom the Federals have not signed as managers.

It is practically settled that Eddie Holly will manage the Toronto team in the Canadian league, but the grounds question is still undecided. They will play at Scarborough beach or Hanlan's Island.

Art Shaffer, the crack Giant infielder, who threatens to give up baseball, has turned down an offer to act as coach for the Stanford baseball team.

JEWELERS WON TWO OUT OF THREE

Shortt Hill & Duncan bowlers took two games from the Tinkers in a Commercial league match Saturday night. The scores:

Shortt, Hill & Duncan.

1st	2nd	3rd
Bower	149	171
Duncan	135	185
Fulcher	129	145
Smith	108	165
Aldridge	151	194
Totals	672	860

Tinkers.

1st	2nd	3rd
Brewster	135	169
Clare Fuller	142	156
Vatlers	129	171
Chas. Fuller	121	157
Acreman	137	148
Totals	667	722

MAJESTIC THEATRE
Special Feature Attraction
Monday and Tuesday

THE WRECK
A Head-on Collision of two trains marks the climax in one of the most Sensational Photo-plays ever seen.

PRINCESS
THE WILLIAMS STOCK CO.
Week Commencing Monday, Feb. 9.

Nat Goodwin's Success
IN MISSOURI
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 10c and 20c.
Curtain—Evenings, 8.15. Matinee, 2.45. Reserved seats on sale at Dean & Hiscocks, corner Broad and Yates.

VICTORIA THEATRE
Week Commencing Monday, Feb. 9.
Charles E. Royal presents
The Girl of the Golden West
David Belasco's Greatest Success
Prices: 50c, 25c, 15c.
Bargain Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 25c.

Empress
Week Commencing Feb. 9, 1914
SEBASTIAN MERRILL AND HIS YIP YAPS
JENNINGS & DORMAN
THE JESSIKA TROUPE
BROWN & BLYLER

No Coal Bills!
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Rent a cosy STEAM-HEATED Suite in the
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Where you also get a gas range, steam heat, artistic electric fixtures; also telephone and janitor services. Apply to the Caretaker to show you over the building.
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Taken off on all our regular prices—Silks, Satins, Silk Stockings, Kimonos, Opera Coats, Dressing Gowns, Linen Goods, Sea Grass Chairs, Etc.
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DOMINION THEATRE
TO-DAY, ALL-STAR ATTRACTION

"SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE"
A great romantic play in six parts by Richard Harding Davis.

The Changing Age
Girls and boys from 14 to 19 years of age undergo physical changes which tax their strength to the utmost and the strain is always apparent from pale cheeks, colorless lips, and tired bodies—sometimes eruptions of the skin and the utter lack of the ambition and animation with which their younger years were filled.
Budding into womanhood and manhood, with the duties of school or business, demands concentrated nourishment which is readily convertible into red blood corpuscles, energy and strength, and the very best thing for this changing age is the medical nutriment in Scott's Emulsion—it possesses the rare blood-making properties of cod liver oil in a palatable form; hypophosphites for the nervous system, with the healing, soothing qualities of pure glycerine.
Its nourishing force promotes assimilation, yields direct returns in abundant, red blood, fills hollow cheeks, tones the nerves, makes all good food do good, and does it in a natural easy manner.
The sustaining nourishment in Scott's Emulsion is so helpful to this changing age that it should never be neglected—every druggist has it.

Note time of each performance: 2.30, 4.15, 6.00, 7.45 and 9.30.

To Newcomers
An Invitation.

Visit what is considered one of the handsomest and most unique jewellery stores in the west—Shortt, Hill & Duncan's, Ltd.—where you will notice a most interesting display of all that is exclusive in jewellery, gems, flat and hollowware, watches, clocks and novelties.
Come whether you intend to buy or not—we want you to come just as you would visit an art collection—to see and enjoy.

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TRIMMED HATS, made to your order and well worth three times the price. From \$2.00 to \$5.00.

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"The Store of Better Value and Variety"

WOMEN TO MEET.
Local Council Will Hold Annual Meeting February 17 and 18; Many Questions.
The annual meeting of the local Council of Women will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, February 17 and 18, and not this week, as has been erroneously stated. The meetings will be held upstairs at the Y. W. C. A. and the public is cordially invited to be present.
Many interesting and important subjects will come up for discussion, among them being the appointment of women sanitary inspectors, better housing at moderate rentals, the payment of prisoners having families dependent upon them, and the position of discharged women prisoners. These and other subjects which will be considered are of great moment to all public-spirited and thinking women, and it is hoped that a large number of visitors will be present.
The Y. W. C. A. has kindly undertaken to provide luncheon and tea on both days at a moderate charge, and special tables will be reserved for members and visitors of the Women's Council.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.
J. W. Blair, of Edmonton, is at the Empress hotel.
A. S. Savage, of Toronto, is registered at the Empress hotel.
W. E. Birch, of Toronto, is registered at the Empress hotel.
H. P. Lang, of Vancouver, is staying at the Empress hotel.
A. E. Howse is registered at the Empress hotel from Nicola.
M. B. Bell is registered at the Empress hotel from Vernon.
G. B. McDermott, of Golden, is registered at the Empress hotel.
E. L. Davis is here from St. John, N. B., and is at the Empress hotel.
F. E. R. Wollaston, of Kelowna, is registered at the Empress hotel.
E. A. Tripp, of Kamloops, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.
E. B. Armstrong is among the guests at the Empress hotel from Merritt.
A. Rhodes is in the city from Butte, and is stopping at the Empress hotel.
F. P. Richards, of Vancouver, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.
C. J. Faren is here from Vancouver and is staying at the Strathcona hotel.
J. Wentworth, of London, Eng., is among the guests at the Empress hotel.
A. Peterson is in the city from Duncan, and is staying at the Empress hotel.
R. A. Simmons, of Vancouver, is staying for a few days at the Empress hotel.
F. G. Garbutt is a Winnipeg visitor in the city. He is at the Strathcona hotel.
J. E. Ross is in the city from Vernon, and is registered at the Empress hotel.
A. H. Johnston, of New Westminster, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.
D. M. Laing is in the city from Vernon, and is registered at the Empress hotel.
W. W. Copeland is here from Chilliwack and is registered at the Strathcona hotel.
A. McFadyen is among the Vancouver people staying at the Strathcona hotel.
Here for a short stay from James Island, I. P. Murray is at the Dominion hotel.
Eastern visitors at the Dominion hotel include M. E. Hart, who is here from Toronto.
Miss E. E. Soule is visiting the capital from Edmonton. She is a guest at the Strathcona hotel.
C. H. Jackson arrived in the city from Kelowna yesterday, and is staying at the Empress hotel.
Week-end visitors from Alberni at the Dominion hotel included W. J. Jefferson and Mrs. Jefferson.
George MacCaffery, of Qualicum Beach, is here for a visit and is a guest at the Strathcona hotel.
Mr. and Mrs. du Cane arrived in the city this morning from Vancouver, and are staying at the Empress hotel.
H. W. Melius, of Portland, is spending a short time in the city and is registered at the Strathcona hotel.
W. D. Smith registered at the Strathcona hotel for himself and Mrs. Smith when arriving from Seattle yesterday.

Among those from Victoria who are wintering in California, are Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Todd, who are staying at the Hotel Del Monte.
The members of the New Westminster ladies' hockey team were guests at the Strathcona hotel while in this city at the week-end.
Among those who came over from Vancouver during the week-end and registered at the Dominion hotel were C. F. Barter, J. Woodriff, J. Johnston.

SCRAP BOOK.
Centenary of Tilden, the Man Who Was Almost President.
So long as the United States lasts, its people will treasure and honor the names of those who have held the high office of president of the republic. No other man ever came so near to gaining that immortality, only to have it elude him, than Samuel Jones Tilden, the great statesman whose centenary will be celebrated to-day. If presidents of the United States were elected by direct vote, the name of Tilden would appear in the list of chief executives instead of that of Rutherford B. Hayes, for Tilden's popular vote was 4,234,885, as against 4,023,950 for Hayes, a plurality of 250,935 for the Democratic candidate. Again in 1888 Cleveland received a greater popular vote than Harrison, although the latter was elected by a large majority in the electoral college.
Samuel Jones Tilden was born one hundred years ago to-day, February 9, 1814, in New Lebanon, N. Y. In his youth he was weakly and often ill, and on this account was prevented from completing the course at Yale. He finished his studies at the university of New York, and studied law with Benjamin F. Butler. He practised law with marked success, and also entered the journalistic field as the founder and editor of the New York Daily News. In 1856 he became chairman of the Democratic state committee. He was the soul of the legal attacks on the notorious "boss," Tweed, and his "ring." He worked for the removal of the corrupt judges who were the agents of the "ring," and in the course of the "ring trials" he demonstrated the principle on which the division of the spoils had been based.
In 1874 Tilden was elected governor of New York by the Democrats, and at Albany he began another war on an infamous combination of grafters called the "canal ring," the members of which had been making money out of the state canals. He broke up that ring, too, and this achievement made him known as a national figure.
In 1876 Tilden received the Democratic nomination for president, opposing Rutherford B. Hayes, the Republican candidate. The campaign was the most spirited since the civil war—in fact, in some places the canvass was so vehement as almost to amount to civil war. After the election each party claimed the victory. In the electoral college 185 votes were necessary to a choice, and it was decided that Mr. Tilden had 184. The dispute hinged on the votes in Florida, South Carolina and Louisiana. The Democrats had a majority in those states, but the returning board, by rejecting votes alleged to have been fraudulently obtained, gave these states to the Republicans. Two sets of certificates were therefore sent to Washington. As the constitution offered no remedy for this state of affairs, and as the intense excitement in many parts of the republic was assuming a threatening aspect, Tilden and Hayes consented to an extra-constitutional electoral commission to decide disputed cases. This commission, by deciding all the cases in favor of the Republicans, defeated Tilden, who received 184 electoral votes to 185 for Hayes.
Following the election Tilden went into retirement at Croton, his country seat near Yonkers, N. Y., where he remained until his death on August 4, 1886. He left a fortune of several million dollars, the bulk of which he desired used to found a great public library in New York. His will was successfully contested, and only a part of his fortune went to the Tilden foundation of the New York public library.

WEATHER BULLETIN.
Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.
Victoria, Feb. 8-5 a. m.—The barometer is falling along the coast and unsettled weather, with increasing winds, may follow. The temperatures are moderating in Cariboo, Kootenay and Alberta; with eastward to Manitoba, the temperature ranges from 39 to 46 below zero.
Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Tuesday: Victoria and vicinity—Increasing winds, mostly easterly and southerly, unsettled and mild, followed by rain.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, unsettled and mild, followed by rain.
Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.25; temperature, 39; minimum, 37; wind, 8 miles N.; weather, cloudy.
Vancouver—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, 34; minimum, 34; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.
Kamloops—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, 32; minimum, 31; wind, 4 miles S.W.; weather, cloudy.
Barkerville—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 29; minimum, 29; wind, calm; snow, 95; weather, cloudy.
Prince Rupert—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 34; minimum, 34; wind, 20 miles E.; rain, 36; weather, rain.
Edmonton—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, 2 below; minimum, 2 below; wind, 4 miles E.; snow, 19; weather, snow.
Winnipeg—Barometer, 29.40; temperature, 22 below; minimum, 22 below; wind, 5 miles N. W.; weather, clear.
Victoria—Daily Weather.
Observations taken 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m., Saturday.
Temperature.
Highest..... 29
Lowest..... 24
Average..... 26
Rain, 10 in. h.
General state of weather, cloudy and showery.
Observations taken 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m., Sunday.
Temperature.
Highest..... 41
Lowest..... 29
Average..... 35
Rain, trace.
Bright sunshine, 1 hour 30 minutes.
General state of weather, fair.

CANADIAN CELEBRITIES
A MINISTER'S WIFE.

If it were not that there are hundreds of other women exactly like this woman and equally deserving of appreciation, I could tell you this woman's name, where she lives, where her husband preaches and who are the leading people in his church. You might know some of them. If it were not for the fact that this woman's life is commonplace, and represents a very usual thing in our Canadian communities, it would not be worth writing about at all. But the life of this Methodist minister's wife is in its way quite a story. Novels have been written about and about less interesting themes. If you could reach the bottom of her heart you would find her a cynic—a cynic of all things in a minister's wife, a socialist, and a free-thinker if ever there was one—though not irreligious. That is enough for a beginning, I think.
She was born in a western Ontario city and finished her education at a church school for young ladies. From the first she was primed with lofty ideals and noble purposes. A photograph of those times shows these things in her eyes; she had a beautiful face, she has been and dreams about the world and about doing good. People said she had "a lovely character." She still has.
She became engaged to a university student from Toronto, a theologian from Victoria who had a long nose, a high brow and wore his hair in a very precise and self-abnegatory way. He had a nice voice, a trifle somnolent, and he did well at examining times. He was clean—from the soles upward. He read good books and a few lofty and highly-perfumed novels. He played hockey a little, and was popular with the men of his year, but he had no great endowment of humor, and when he proposed to her it was terrifically tense. She became engaged to one another solemnly. They have lived together ever since, happily, but still solemnly.
The husband is one of the best men in the clergy to-day. You probably never hear of him. He has not the faculty of phrase-making. He cannot preach rose-water sermons to save himself. He has developed from a too-serious student into a more than serious man. He has no easy manners. Speech comes to him with difficulty except when he is preaching. Then, the force of his feelings impels a tide of words from his lips. Not a brilliant tide, nothing to sweep you off your feet, but a kind of invigorating boisterousness that made all but the case-hardened sit up and blink. He had cleaned things about the human heart that one would not have supposed he knew. He attacked men's weaknesses, jeered at their backslidings and stung the manhood in them into life. It was his earnestness and vigor that made him successful among the congregations. He was entrusted with. He was given always the hard congregations. The down-town churches that the better class of preacher did not want, since the down-town classes could not appreciate all that they had learned about the fine points of theology and culture. This woman's husband was no backslider. He kept pace with the higher side of his own opinions. He loved fine language and would have liked to preach flowery sermons, but that was not what was wanted in the churches to which he was assigned. He preached plain sermons and worked like a slave seven days in the week besides. He has five children, all of them bright at school. It is the determination of the father and the mother that these five must all have university educations. The eldest boy is already halfway through. Buying books and clothes keeps the family poor. The preacher makes more and more sacrifices to keep things up. So does his wife. But he is generous at school. She has only the other side of his life to look after, the keeping of the house, the making of ends meet, and keeping up the appearances which the minister, his wife and his children are compelled to keep up.
The other day one of the children had to have her tonsils removed. An anesthetic was used, with a surgeon and an anesthetic for 2 o'clock of a Saturday afternoon. In the early morning there was the ordinary household work to be attended to, much as any housewife has. Then there was the telephone, and the front door. One of the children may answer telephone or door, but practically everything has to be referred to the minister's wife before it is settled; she is the secretary to her husband. On this particular day there came an unexpected wedding, an old woman who said her family was starving and she must have bread tickets. Rather than interrupt the preparation of to-morrow's sermons, the wife looks up her authority for issuing bread tickets, has to telephone the House of Industry to make sure she may sign the order, and then dismisses the old woman, who, being Irish, requires as long to say thanks and call down blessings, as it had taken to get the tickets issued. After that comes news that a certain baby across the way has pneumonia and the mother has no assistance but a three-year-old helper. The minister's wife has to go to help. Help she does with kind fingers and skilled. There is no time to telephone for deaconesses. The minister's wife has to act promptly. When she has done what she can, and left the shabby household in shape until she can secure an order for admission to a hospital, she returns to her house to find other needs pressing. The wife of the biggest contributor to the church funds wants to know something about a pudding recipe over the telephone. Her husband has lost the fountain pen filler, the eldest boy wants to know if he can bring home some chums for Sunday dinner. The minister's wife has got to get up in the street and has got to get herself from the hips down. Being a capable, energetic woman she attends to it all, and keeps her temper; because only the husband and father is permitted to indulge in nerves in that household, not because he is a brute but because his wife has spoiled him. He is wrestling

REVIVED HISTORY

F. A. McDiarmid and Mrs. H. Hanington Read Interesting Papers Before Women's Canadian Club.
The Canadian history study class of the Women's Canadian club held a crowded meeting Friday afternoon in the rest-rooms of the Y. W. C. A., when an exceptionally large attendance testified to the interest awakened by the club's activities. The meeting was opened with the singing of "O Canada," Miss Green contributing the solo in a very pleasing manner. Following this was a most interesting paper contributed by F. A. McDiarmid on "United Empire Loyalists," his address gaining special interest from the part his ancestors had played during the early struggles of this patriotic and courageous body. Mr. McDiarmid made a special point of the fact that the Loyalists were not "backwoodsmen," as is often erroneously supposed, but that they sprang from the dominant classes in Pennsylvania, being largely composed of lawyers, doctors and men of affairs with their delicately nurtured wives and daughters. He painted a graphic picture of the hardships and privations endured by these women in the early days of their flight to Ontario. Torn from luxurious homes and forced to the extremes of poverty and suffering, with little clothing and no shelter but the starry heavens, and making a grim fight for bare subsistence for themselves and their families, they remained steadfast through all to the principles of loyalty and patriotism which they loved. It was largely owing to the kindness and humanity of the Indian tribes in Ontario that so many of them had survived. These had taught them how to hunt and snare, how to make shelter in the underground, and how to erect their first primitive homes. Mr. McDiarmid spoke at length of the ideals which the Loyalists had so steadfastly adhered to, responsible representative government, equal toleration of creeds, free and compulsory education and imperial unity—pointing out that the first of these requirements was still to be completed by the enfranchisement of the women in whose veins runs the blood of these heroic women pioneers who had so large a share in Canada's development.
The next paper was read by Mrs. Henry Hanington and dealt in a most interesting manner with the other branch of the U. E. Loyalists who had settled in the Maritime Provinces. Their early struggles were most graphically painted and Mrs. Hanington's comment that "there was more trouble over an ox chain in early New Brunswick than over a mining claim in British Columbia" caused considerable laughter among her hearers. Mrs. Frank Andrews also contributed some interesting family reminiscences and Mrs. J. D. Gordon made an amusing little speech in defence of her British forebears.
An invitation was then read from the minister of education to the laying of the foundation stone of the new Normal school next Friday, when it is hoped the Women's Canadian club will be largely represented. An offer to be largely represented. An offer to be largely represented. An offer to be largely represented.
Sepia Portraits—Artistic to a degree at reasonable prices. The Skene Lowe studio, 654 Yates, corner Douglas.
For Humber Beer in Bottle, the ideal family beverage. Phone Kirkham & Co., Ltd., Fort Street.

Gordon & Spence LIMITED
Store Hours—8.30 A. M. to 6 P. M. Saturdays included.

Novelty Cotton Suitings
Weaves that will be favored by those who seek the most distinctive styles in Suitings of the variety mentioned.
Cotton Crepe de Chine, 40 inches wide, 75c per yard—A beautiful sheer fabric, add a faithful reproduction of the all-silk material shown in a large range of shades.
Crinkle Crepe, 40 inches wide, 85c per yard—Shown in a complete range of novelty shades.
Plain Batines, 40 inches wide, 85c per yard—One of the smartest materials we have ever seen; very desirable for coats with plain skirts of corresponding colors.
Batine Suiting, 42 inches wide, \$1.25 per yard—This is very superior value to anything shown at this or even higher price. Comes in high novelty, also staple shades.
Honeycomb Suitings, 42 inches wide, \$1.50 per yard—A very attractive material, firm weave, and will tailor beautifully. Complete color range.
Free Instruction in Art Needlework From 10 o'clock Till 12 o'clock Daily

CARR'S CARLISLE
Biscuits are known the world over as an English product of the highest grade, yet we can sell them here in Victoria at only 15c per lb. Visit this store of surprises this week.
L. C. Adams & Co. Ltd.
PURE FOOD PURVEYORS - COR. DOUGLAS & JOHNSON STS.

"IN MISSOURI," AT THE PRINCESS TO-NIGHT
A play capable of displaying the acting of two such noted artists as Nat Goodwin and Maxine Elliott, should certainly command the attention of theatre-lovers. In addition to the strength of the two leading roles the play is filled with natural, well-composed characters. Joe Vernon, the bi-companionable blacksmith, who eventually wins his way to congress, Ma Vernon, his wife, Elizabeth, one of the best eccentric comedy parts ever written and admirably fitted to one of the members of the company; Dave the boy of few words, and many others. Amongst the neighbors who come to congratulate Jim on his election is a quartette of splendid voices who will render many old-fashioned, well-loved melodies. They are members of the Cornhill musical association, Mr. Jack Henry, A. J. Collins, R. Thomas, S. Campbell, and they singing will be a feature of "In Missouri."
The Big Annual Masquerade Ball of the Fraternal Order of Eagles will be held in Connaught hall, February 17. Ladies, one dollar; gentlemen, one fifty.

Why use Teas of uncertain quality and value, when delicious "SALADA" Tea can be had on demand.

Black, Green or Mixed. Sealed Packets Only. FREE Sample Packet on Enquiry. Address: "SALADA," Toronto

The New Parcel Post Regulations

New System to Go Into Operation To-morrow — Benefits Will Be Derived From the Short Rather Than the Long "Haul"

POSTAGE ON PARCELS MAILED IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Addressed to	1 lb	2 lbs	3 lbs	4 lbs	5 lbs	6 lbs	7 lbs	8 lbs	9 lbs	10 lbs	11 lbs
Any post office within 20 miles including place of mailing	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.10	\$0.12	\$0.14	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.20	\$0.22
Any post office beyond 20 miles but within the Prov. of British Columbia	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50
Any post office in Alberta	10	16	22	28	34	40	46	52	58	64	70
Any post office in Saskatchewan	12	20	28	36	44	52	60	68	76	84	92
Any post office in Manitoba	12	24	34	44	54	64	74	84	94	104	114
Any post office in Ontario, Quebec or Maritime Provinces	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132

Note A.—During the organization period covering the months of February, March and April, 1914, an additional fee of FIVE CENTS to be prepaid by postage stamps will be charged on each parcel mailed for local delivery in places where the letter carrier system is in operation.

Note B.—During the months of February, March and April, 1914, no parcel will be accepted for transmission by parcel post weighing more than six pounds.

Note C.—Instead of the regular rates set forth in the rate card, the postage to be charged on parcels addressed to or mailed at offices on all-stage routes over 100 miles in length, will be 12 cents per pound, the maximum charge on a parcel not to exceed one cent an ounce.

Postmaster Shakespeare has received instructions respecting the new parcel post system, which comes into operation to-morrow, February 10. These regulations are given very fully below. The table printed at the top of this article gives the postage on parcels weighing from 1 lb. to 11 lb. posted at any post office in British Columbia to any other post office in Canada.

During the first three months—February, March and April—the limit of weight of parcels will be 6 lbs. During that time parcels may be registered but will not be insured. These two exceptions to the regulations are to enable the post office officials to get the system running smoothly before the extra work involved by larger parcels and insurance of same is placed upon them.

REGULATIONS.

1. Articles acceptable at parcel post rates include farm and factory products, merchandise of all descriptions such as dry goods, groceries, hardware, confectionery, stationery (including blank books, etc.), seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, bedding plants, seedlings or grafts, intoxicating liquors and explosives are prohibited.

2. The rates of postage on articles accepted for transmission are as follows:

(a) Five cents for the first pound and 1 cent for each additional pound or fraction thereof, up to four pounds and 2 cents for each subsequent pound up to eleven pounds within a radius of twenty miles from the place of mailing, irrespective of provincial boundaries.

(b) Ten cents for the first pound and 4 cents for each subsequent pound or fraction thereof for all points in the province in which a package is posted, outside of twenty mile radius, and 6 cents for each additional pound or fraction thereof, for all points outside the province in which a parcel is posted, and beyond the twenty mile radius, with an additional charge of 2 cents a pound for each province that has to be crossed to the destination of the parcel, not including the province in which it is delivered up to a maximum of 12 cents a pound.

An additional charge to meet the extra cost of transportation will be made on parcels addressed to or posted at offices in certain outlying districts when such parcels have to be conveyed more than 100 miles by a continuous stage service, such districts to be designated by the postmaster general.

The charge on any parcel shall not be greater than 1 cent an ounce.

3. Postage must be prepaid by means of postage stamps securely affixed to the parcels.

4. A parcel post packet may be insured within Canada up to an amount of \$25.00 or the actual value of the contents, when less than that amount, upon prepayment of a fee of 5 cents in postage stamps, and up to an amount of \$50.00 or the actual value of the contents, when less than that sum upon prepayment of a fee of 10 cents in postage stamps. This fee must be prepaid by means of postage stamps, which the sender must affix to the cover.

Parcels containing eggs, fish, meat, fruit, vegetables, glass, crockery, greens, semi-liquids, liquids or any articles of an exceptionally fragile nature cannot be insured.

5. Parcels must be prepared for mailing in such manner that the contents can be easily examined.

6. The sender's address should appear either inside the parcel or on the cover, and distinct from the address proper.

7. Parcels are, when re-directed,

chargeable with additional postage at the rate which would have been chargeable had they been originally mailed from the office of re-direction to the new address except in cases where the original and the re-directed addresses are both within the delivery of the same post office.

8. The limit of weight for a parcel post packet is eleven pounds, and the general limit of size is thirty inches in length by one foot in width or depth, but parcels will be accepted up to 3 ft. 6 in. in length, provided that the combined length and girth do not exceed six feet. For example—a parcel measuring 3 ft. 6 in. in its longest dimensions may measure as much as 2 ft. 6 in. in girth (i.e., round its thickest part); or a short parcel may be thicker; thus if the length is not more than 3 ft. the girth of the parcel may be 3 ft.

9. When practicable parcel post packets must be sent in covers open at the ends, and in such manner as to be easy of examination. But four, drugs and such like articles, which cannot be sent in covers of this kind, but such articles only may be posted enclosed in boxes, or in bags of linen or other strong material, fastened in such a manner that they may be easily opened, so as to enable the officers of the post office readily to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

10. Any staple article of use or consumption, properly transmissible by post, contained in the original unbroken package and with proper descriptive label, may be forwarded by parcel post, though the tin or case in which it is enclosed may not admit of being opened in course of post, if posted by parties known to be engaged in the manufacture or sale of the article in question and who vouch that the contents are precisely as described on the label.

11. A parcel may contain invoices and accounts provided they relate exclusively to the contents of such parcel; it is also permitted to enclose a card or slip of paper giving in a brief manner necessary directions for the identification or treatment of the article or articles contained in the parcel.

12. When several separate articles are enclosed in a parcel post packet there is no objection to each bearing a distinguishing number, so as to enable the sender to give directions by letter.

13. Any person who wishes to mail a large number of parcels, whether on a particular day or at regular or irregular intervals, will facilitate the work of despatch if he will give the office where they will be posted early information of the number of the parcels, their average weight and the dates and times at which he proposes to send them.

14. Parcel post packets are subject to the general prohibitory regulations excluding from the mails everything liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the other contents of the mail bags or injure the person of any officer or servant of the post office, as well as all obscene or immoral matter.

15. Liquids, oils and fatty substances, put up in accordance with the following regulations, are not excluded: When in glass bottles or vials, such bottles or vials must be strong enough to stand the shock of handling in the mails, and must be enclosed in a wooden, heavy cardboard or paper mache block or tube not less than three-sixteenths of an inch thick in the thinnest part, strong enough to support the weight of mails piled in bags and posted, rough handling.

16. Specimens of diseased tissues, when carefully enclosed in specially constructed double tin cases, closely



P. O'MALLEY JENNINGS. Who will be seen with Edna Dorman at the Empress theatre, this week.

packed with absorbent matter, and with closely fitting screw caps, may pass at parcel post rates, addressed to provincial boards of health and public laboratories.

17. The following articles in glass, viz: Eye-glasses, spectacles and microscope slides may be forwarded by parcel post if put up in such a manner as to admit at once of easy inspection and to guard against injury to persons handling the mails.

18. Parcel post packets containing anything of a fragile nature should be marked "Fragile with care" and parcels containing articles of a perishable nature such as fish, fruit, meat, etc., should be marked "Perishable." In order that proper precaution may be exercised it is advised that the postmaster be consulted as to the proper method of packing in all cases.

Shippers are advised to adopt the following method of packing eggs: Use a wooden, papier mache or other box of a rigid material with a tightly adjusted lid, wrap each egg separately in newspaper or other protecting material, place the eggs on end and fill up the vacant spaces in the box with newspaper or other packing material so as to prevent the eggs from striking together or against the sides, top or bottom of the box; mark the parcel "Eggs."

During the organization period covering the months of February, March and April, 1914, an additional fee of five cents to be prepaid by postage stamps will be charged on each parcel mailed for local delivery in places where the letter carrier system is in operation.

During the months of February, March and April, 1914, no packet will be accepted for transmission by parcel post weighing more than six pounds.

TO MEET FRIDAY

Liberal Delegates Will Discuss Resolutions to be Introduced at Convention.

Delegates and alternates for the Liberal convention which assembles in the city on February 25 will meet on Friday at the headquarters, Cormorant street, to discuss the platform and other matters.

The provincial gathering at the Knights of Pythias hall this month will be the most representative ever held, and with the return of Mr. Brewster from his campaign in the interior the leader will be in close touch with the political movement throughout the province.

The budget, it is expected, will have been presented in the house by then, and this, combined with the announcement of further guarantees to the railroads, which are anticipated, will give an opportunity for the discussion of the future which faces the province under present administrative control.

AGE BARS YOU From Opportunity

Good Places Go to Young-Looking Men

Its up to you to be one.

Gray Hair is the biggest handicap—but it's also the one you can most easily escape.

Hay's Hair Health restores gray hair to its natural color and vigor. It is not a dye, it is a tonic easy and safe to use, stimulating and nourishing the scalp and hair-roots, imparting new life and vigor and giving that healthy natural look which is so essential to a youthful appearance. It removes dandruff.

11.00, 50c, 25c. Get it at our store.

For sale and recommended by Dr. E. Campbell, druggist.

The Ford Agency, 1019 Rockland Avenue, have good bargains in used Ford cars. These have been overhauled and are ready for the road. See us about this.

MORE OPIUM CONFISCATED.

Another Frequenter of Joint Fined in Court this Morning—Sing Not Guilty.

In spite of the many heavy fines handed out by the magistrate recently to Chinamen for being frequenters of opium joints, there is still a certain amount of the forbidden smoking going on in the city. Another offender was fined in court this morning, while a second was found not guilty of a similar charge.

Detective Turner told how at five o'clock yesterday morning he had visited the cabin at the rear of 544 Fisguard street. There he had found an opium "lay-out" on the bed, a pipe still hot and two lamps for cooking the drug. Hi Yun, an old Chinaman, was arrested, along with Sing, a youth who had just entered a few minutes before.

Sing's testimony was that he had been sent by Hi Yun, who had sore legs, to get some medicine. It was too early for the shops to be open, so he returned, and was then arrested by the detective. Asked to explain the use of four opium pills found in his possession, he said he had given them some months ago, and he did not know what they were for. He had just kept them.

Hi Yun gave evidence for Sing, saying that he had sent him for medicine. He, Hi Yun, had not smoked previously for twenty years, but he had been ill and thought a pipe would help him. Hi Yun was fined \$10 and costs.

PEOPLE SHOULD GUARD AGAINST APPENDICITIS

Victoria people who have stomach and bowel trouble should guard against appendicitis by taking simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler's, the German remedy which became famous by curing appendicitis. JUST ONE DOSE relieves sour stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation INSTANTLY because this simple mixture draws off such a surprising amount of old food matter from the body. Hall & Co., corner Douglas and Yates streets.

MECHANICS WANTED AT RUSSELL PLANT.

One result of the 300-hour engine test which has been concluded at the Russell factory is the demand for more workmen to build Russell-Knight engines and cars. An increased demand for "Russells" has followed the earlier announcements, for the results have gone to show that the Russell engine is unequalled for power and efficiency at all speeds. Workmen are needed at once, but only first-class machinists of the highest type can hope to find employment.

SEQUEL TO ROW.

Two Men Fined as Result of Johnson Street Disturbance—Case Against Hindu Withdrawn.

"This big Hindu fellow gave me a belt on the nose and I swiped him," was the succinct way in which Edward Maloney described a little disturbance on Johnson street Saturday night.

John P. Rose, Boots Singh and Maloney were each charged in the police court this morning with unlawfully creating a disturbance by fighting. All three were arrested by Constable Ritch on Saturday night about 7.35. Rose and some Hindus had got into an altercation, and Maloney jumped in to help the white man. A big crowd collected on the street, and more police were sent for. Mounted Sergeant Wright stated that he had gone down to the scene of action, and had taken Maloney from the hands of Constable Ritch. All the way to the station Maloney had fought and scratched and

FRANCISCAN WORK IN NORTHERN JAPAN

Rev. Father Gadabout Comes From Hokkaido Province, Centre of Famine Area

Garbed in the brown habit of the Franciscans, Rev. Father Gabriel Gadabout, of Montreal, who has been for the past seven years engaged in missionary work in Hokkaido, the northern island of the Japanese group, arrived on R. M. S. Montague yesterday from Yokohama.

The French-speaking Franciscan commenced work in that district owing to its comparative neglect by Christian missionaries, with two French Canadians, a German and a French member of the brotherhood. The force has since grown to seven missionaries in the island, and one in Saghalien. Now the German members are to take over the work, and Father Gadabout is withdrawing, returning to Montreal.

Father Gadabout found a good deal of indifference to the work of Christian missionaries, the mixture of Shintolism and Buddhism resulting in frequent laxity in religious matters among the people. The former is a religion which makes small demand on its devotees, and against it it is not easy to stimulate real interest in religious work.

The missionary comes from the island which has suffered so terribly from the failure of the crops and foods, and while he says that the government has at length rallied to the relief of the sufferers, still there has been a general sense of recognition that more drastic steps must be taken to secure permanent relief from the terrible hardships of the peasantry. The small officialdom is unpaid and the schools have had to be closed on account of the inability to feed children. Investigation has shown a wholesale state of destitution which must necessarily be appalling in its results to the people of the country.

The extent of the disaster may be realized when it appears that nearly ten million daily rations are needed to keep the people in Tohoku and Hokkaido from sheer starvation. A ration for a man may be 15 sen or 20 sen, according to circumstances. As the standard of living in the northwest is far below that in other parts of Japan, a ration perhaps can be estimated at 15 sen. At this estimate ten million rations will cost 1,500,000 yen. Though this sum cannot be compared with \$9,000,000 yen, representing the price of rice lost in the failure of the crops, it is large enough to require the determined efforts of the government and public for making it available for relief purposes. Immediate relief of the people in actual suffering must be made by the charity organizations, secular or religious. The real number of people suffering from famine is not yet clear. In reply to an inquiry from the home office, the prefecture reported by telegraph the number of rations required in their respective jurisdictions. They reported neither the number of people in need of food nor the number of days, before they can obtain the means of subsistence by their own efforts. Perhaps different prefectures are placed in different circumstances, in that one prefecture may find food through fishing or hunting earlier than other prefectures. But as the cold season in the northeast does not come to an end till April it may not be wide of the mark to say that they will not be able to gain food by their own efforts for 50 to 70 days.

A national relief movement is now on foot in Tohoku on account of the extent of the disaster.

It is advisable to Take Care that you drink only the best—which means Humber Beer, Bavaria's finest, 10c per glass at The Kaiserhof.

Gordons Limited

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The Mercury and Prices on Blankets Have Dropped Together

Genuine Scotch Wool Blankets

These are all guaranteed to be the famous Lammemoor brand; bought direct by us from the big mills in Scotland. At their regular value they were fine value.

Regular \$6.25 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$5.50
Regular \$7.25 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$6.45
Regular \$7.50 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$6.75
Regular \$8.50 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$7.65
Regular \$9.75 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$8.65
Regular \$11.00 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$9.90
Regular \$11.50 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$10.50

Special Line in Satin-Bound Blankets in Pink and Blue

Regular \$11.50 per pair.	Special, per pair	\$9.95
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bit, and he had practically to pack him there.

Maloney and Boots Singh pleaded not guilty to the charge. Rose pleaded guilty, stating that the Hindus had been "pushing about" on the streets, and on his remonstrating had offered him to fight. He had naturally accepted the challenge. It was the first time he had ever been in court.

Rose and Maloney were found guilty and fined \$10 or in default five days. The charge against Boots Singh was withdrawn, there being no evidence to show that he was actively concerned in the disturbance.

"LITTLE WOMEN."

A stage version of "Little Women," Louisa M. Alcott's famous story, made by Marian de Forest, magazine writer, and produced by William A. Brady, will have its first presentation in this city next Monday at the Royal Victoria theatre. Ever since its phenomenal run at the Playhouse in New York, managers all over the country have been clamoring for "Little Women." It took eight years of persistent endeavor to secure the consent of Miss

Alcott's heirs to allow the famous story to be dramatized. Out of the book pages these dear old friends will come to life, and the joy of hearing their voices and seeing their madcap frolics is a pleasure which playgoers are looking forward to.

A CANADIAN ENTERPRISE.

The Salada Tea company has just purchased from the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad company a parcel of land at the corner of Berkeley and Stuart streets, with a frontage of 100 feet on Berkeley street and 55 feet on Stuart street, Boston, Mass. The land is part of the old Park Square station property and owing to its location is very valuable. The price paid was in the neighborhood of \$100,000. A seven-story granite and terracotta warehouse is to be erected on this site and it will be made the headquarters of their United States business. They will employ from 75 to 100 men. The Salada Tea company has branches in several of the principal cities of the United States.

Save Your Voice

Do not ignore hoarseness, coughs, sore throats or loss of voice. Use

EVANS' ANTISEPTIC THROAT PASTILLES

They give relief at once, and their continued use restores strength and tone to the throat and vocal organs. If you speak or sing in public, always keep Evans' Antiseptic Throat Pastilles at hand.

For Free Sample, write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal

Our Fourteenth Annual Furniture Sale

Is now in full swing, and our entire stock of

Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Bedding Etc.

Will be offered at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Genuine reductions, all goods marked in plain figures, with original and sale prices. Nothing reserved.

Dining Chairs

Set of Solid Golden Oak Chairs, strong frames, shaped arms and backs, real leather upholstered pad seats, a neat design. Set consists of one arm and five side chairs. Regular price \$23.00. Annual sale price, only \$17.00

Chiffonier

In solid golden oak, top 19x30, height 67 inches. British plate beveled mirror 16x20. Regular price \$30.00. Annual Sale price \$21.00

Easy Couch Special

Our own make. Golden oak frame spring seat and spring head. Twenty-four oil-tempered springs. Well upholstered in leatherette with roll edges. Your choice of color of upholstery. Regular price \$20. Annual Sale price \$16.00

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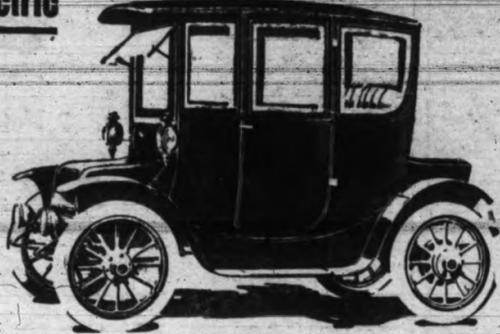
The Rauch and Lang Electric

The Worm Drive Car is the Best on the Market

The WORM DRIVE of these electric cars is the sensation of the world. Its light-weight speed motor is specially adaptable for use with a straight type worm drive. The combination means that power travels the shortest possible route from the motor to the wheels—no waste motion—no waste energy—but uninterrupted, direct application. This combination produces low upkeep cost, is quiet and smooth in operation—eliminates making adjustments—is compact, simple, efficient and powerful.

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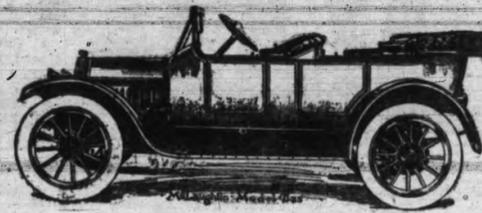


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'Tis a roomy 5-passenger car, beautifully upholstered in genuine leather and affording the maximum of comfort for both driver and passengers. Fully equipped with electric lights, electric self-starter, electric horn.

Powerful engine developing 28 horse-power, and runs as smooth as a sewing machine. Spare tyre rim. In fact, we could write a page about this little car and fall short of doing it justice. If \$1,575 is about YOUR price for a thoroughly reliable car which your wife can drive then McLAUGHLIN B 25 is assuredly the car for you. Call or phone to-morrow for demonstration.



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While unobjectionable anonymous communications will be published, the name and address of every writer of such letters must be given to the editor.

"A BURNT CHILD."
To the Editor.—The report in the Times of Dean Doull's scholarly speech on 5th Inst. (though the best I read) was too meagre to please me or any of your numerous readers. If you could see your way to publishing this speech in extenso I have no doubt it would give much pleasure to all who read the Times.

I might write a good deal more upon the subject, only have the correspondent's dread of the wastepaper basket.

T. C. D.

CANADA'S IMPERIAL RECORD.

To the Editor: Thank you a thousand times for your article of February 5, "Her Imperial Record." I am so glad you speak up for us, whose forefathers were pioneers of Canada. It's so true what you say, English, Scotch, Irish and French, all made great sacrifices for their Canadian homes. What would Canada have been to-day if those brave men had not spent a lifetime in making homes out of the forest? Their children spread out to other unsettled parts of the country and also endured great hardships. If the people of Canada never did more than they have done, no one will ever have cause to hang their heads in shame for them.

A WOMAN PIONEER.
Mount Tommie, Feb. 7, 1914.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

To the Editor.—There comes a time when silence ceases to be golden, but when such Mikado tactics are adopted in regard to settle the chimney cleaning business, it's up to somebody to make some suggestions.

By the way I notice that none of the self-constituted committees has suggested to send to the land of experts for advice, not even to get a man with any practical knowledge of a chimney on their various committees.

How many of those chimney mathematicians we read about in the press know the throat from the writh of a chimney. They tell you how many chimneys there are in Victoria (including freaks of course). They might go a little farther with their figures and tell you the percentage of chimneys that are not being used, also those that cannot be used; again, the amount of permanent and transient chimney cleaners in Victoria, the amount of wet and stormy days a man cannot go onto a roof or take wet dirty tools into a house, how he would be liable for damages if spoiling anything; how if he fell off a roof it would be his own funeral; the amount of residences, yes, blocks that have been saved by the timely discovery of hundreds of fire traps in Victoria by these ignored chimney sweeps who practically constitute a fire patrol who work for the safety of the city, both in life and property, for less recompense than you could buy a fireman's uniform buttons. Chief Deane, being a servant of the city, should be a preventer as well as an extinguisher of fires, and it certainly is his duty to suggest to the council anything that he considers will facilitate him in carrying out his duty. It is also up to the council to approach this subject of chimneys in a broad and open sense by getting a few facts as well as figures, because now this chimney question is opened it should be seriously looked into. Don't be scared of it; there is no politics or religion in it.

Sir, as you have solicited discussions of public interest in your columns, your humble servant has taken advantage of your generosity by slightly hinting of what there is to discuss in the chimney question.

WM. NEAL
1018 Quadra street, Feb. 9, 1914.

HIGH COST OF LIVING.

To the Editor: The high cost of living is a live topic these days. We are told how to reduce the cost of living in many different ways, some of them are just about as practical as trying to show you how to crowd through a barb-wire fence, with your dress suit and Sunday overcoat on to avoid tearing it.

Some of these pen and ink farmers tell us to cultivate our back lots and live on carrots and onions with a sprinkling of celery thrown in. 'Tis a glorious prospect for the farmer who makes farming his business and depends on you and I as the case may be to buy his goods. Let each householder take his pencil and sum up

what his local vegetables cost him in a year and I think he will find in a good many cases that his tobacco costs him more.

Now, Mr. Editor, I believe in the kitchen garden as a part of our routine of economical living, yet it is a small figure in the cost of high living. It is like strutting at a snail and swallowing a jack rabbit. The great reason is too many of us gather together in cities and towns and become members of the idle class. Idleness can only be kept alive by voluntarily giving up the real necessities of life or by squeezing the life juice out of those who do toil. The idle rich do the squeezing; the idle poor go without. Many of both classes have only one ambition, that is to live without work. Both make their living out of those who do work. These all add to the cost of living.

Many theories are advanced suggesting ways and means of inducing men to go back to the land. Just let us look at it from a real common sense point of view and see if we can why any man of woman either, with ordinary intelligence, prefers trading of some sort to a life of glorious independence on a farm, even if it is mortgaged, as some of them are. If he is a hustler some loving sucker generally induces him to buy something he need not so as to get him going.

Then he plants his crop, grain or vegetables, usually, puts in all he can. This wheat, if it escapes the wrath of the elements, is No. 1 hard. He has to sell as soon as possible to the mills or elevators and is paid one cent a pound, or so cents a bushel. He sees that same bushel of wheat put through a system of machinery in a few minutes and what he sold for 60 cents he can buy back for about—at current prices paid for or charged for flour and feed—\$1.80. Why should he raise wheat if he has any intelligence? He is even profiting from selling his wheat in the best market. He is told it wouldn't be loyal.

We have in this country laws on our statute books prescribing penalties for combines or monopolies, and every darn thing we buy outside of straight farm produce is monopolized. The prices are fixed by the manufacturer and we've got to pay. All the modern improvements, such as cold storage, increased facilities for shipping, all sorts of methods for replacing manual labor by quicker and more economic machine-made goods, only add to their cost on account of combines. And to cap it all even many of those who suffer believe in a high protective tariff.

Pass some effective measure making it possible for brainy men to make farming pay as well as other ways of life, and then he will get there in good shape. A tariff is legalized robbery. It protects just a few and adds to the high cost of living. It is the padlock behind which all combines are safe.

G. E. MILLOY.

"BELOW THE BELT."

To the Editor: Saturday's Times contains a letter from Mrs. Georgina Seymour Kent containing more strictures than compliment for the Miners' Liberation League. The organization that for some time now has been endeavoring to liberate their brothers now in jail.

As president of the local branch of the Miners' Liberation League, I ask from you the courtesy to reply to the comments made. Our lady friend is much concerned that anyone should molest her bold knight, Sir Richard. It reminds one of some romance in the early centuries, where a knight is captured by an opposing foe and the heroine endeavors by acts of daring and self-sacrifice to free her hero. In this case the Times is accused with the unpardonable sin of hitting our knight below the belt, and hitting when his hands are tied, and so on. And our lady friend, out of her affection for him, comes to his rescue. The fact of the matter is that if his hands are tied it is because he has allowed them to become so by his unwavering loyalty to the Mackenzie and Mann interests. The miners' wives and friends are accused of trying the hands of the political dignitary she so admires, she would be helping a cause more becoming a woman. If she wants the accomplishment of her heart's desire, then let her advise Sir Richard to throw off the chains he has so willingly allowed to be placed on him by the coal trust on this island. He has had free hands in the past but he refused to use them. He introduced, a few years back, to the provincial legislature a bill called the "Coal Mines Regulation Act." It passed the house with a unanimous vote. As minister of mines he had the opportunity of carrying its provisions into effect. But he refused to do so. Con-

sequently the miners had to come out on strike to compel the premier to carry his own statute into effect. Then when he could see that trouble was likely to accrue from his own lack of respect for the law, he beat a hasty retreat to the old country, and left his Man Friday (the attorney-general) in charge of the situation, to punish these men for insisting on the enforcement of his own legislation. Then, with infinite audacity, this friend of the premier accuses the miners of lawlessness.

Mrs. Kent has grave misgivings regarding the Miners' Liberation League. As president from its first inception, I am fully acquainted with the limitations and capabilities of the organization. What it has attempted in the past has been done with no other object in view than that of obtaining the speedy release of the miners. If your correspondent has better ideas for the advancement of this cause, then she is at perfect liberty to do what she possibly can to carry them into effect without interfering in any way with the activities of the league. When she suggests that the league should cease its activities, then she reveals a very crude conception of the general policy adopted by the labor movement. If the hon. premier cannot be influenced by the thousands of men who are working for the cause of the miners, what sort of a chance has one woman got? Absolutely none.

She says the men were found guilty by a competent judge. How, then, does she account for the fact that the Bar association in Vancouver passed a resolution only recently in condemnation of the bias of Judge Morrison in the miners' trials? If a lawyers' union condemned the bias of the judge, how can one blame any other union for doing the same? She again accuses the miners' depositions of using threatening language to the premier. How does she explain why the same gentleman complimented a delegation from the Miners' Liberation League who visited him recently on the moderation expressed in their terms? An apologist for the premier Mrs. Kent has few equals. For the manner in which she has expressed her sorrow for what has been done we all feel deeply grateful, I am sure. It is to be hoped that the deep affection for him she has revealed will lead him to turn from the error of his ways and prevent it occurring again.

So far as the league is concerned, we have nothing to say. We have shown that in the labor movement there is at least one sentiment that prevails, and that is: "An injury to one is the concern of all," and if the premier has done one thing he has given us the opportunity to demonstrate it. These miners are in prison, and so long as they are there we propose to keep up the struggle for their liberation and speedy return to their wives and children.

JOHN L. MARTIN.
2515 Shelbourne street, Feb. 8.

PERNICIOUS LEGISLATION.

To the Editor: It is to be hoped that the good sense of the members of the legislature will permit the bill now before the house respecting the B. C. Association of Architects to become law in its present form. Under the terms of this bill all architects now in business are qualified to become members of the association and all persons not members of the association are prohibited from carrying on the business of architecture. The bill contains most pernicious provisions as to future qualifications. We have in the present day splendidly-equipped schools of architecture, some of them being adjuncts of our best universities. The practical and technical training received by students of architecture in these institutions is so thorough and comprehensive that a graduate is well qualified and well trained in every branch of architecture. And yet this bill prohibits a man from carrying on the business of an architect after he has spent four years in university training, and has successfully graduated, but requires him to undergo another period of study in the office of some local architect and submit himself to further examinations at the hands of this association, and then wait until he is twenty-five years of age before he can become a member of the association and enter into business on his own account.

Now just fancy! Many of these architects now, in business (and who will be protected under this act) have never had any training whatever, being simply self-made architects, and have never passed and could not pass the simplest examination in any branch of architecture, and yet they have the impudence in this bill to ask that a graduate of any of our best universities and schools of architecture shall take a course of study in their offices and be examined by them. And more still, even after a man has complied with all these requirements he is still at the mercy of the association and cannot be admitted as a matter of

right but only by their permission, as the act reads "may admit" and not shall admit. Then again, when a man qualifies himself for the legal profession, the medical profession, or for dentistry, and becomes of age, he is allowed to practise his chosen profession. He does not in these professions have to walk the streets until he is twenty-five years of age. Why, then, should an architect be compelled to wait until he is twenty-five years of age?

There are some other features in the bill that require watching. For instance, if a man wishes to make certain improvements in his own premises, no matter what the cost—be it over or under ten thousand dollars—why should he not be allowed to engage a contractor to do the work without being compelled to engage the services of an architect if he does not require one? This bill as introduced is such a monstrous, tyrannical, and unjustified piece of legislation that it deserves to be relegated to the waste-paper basket.

It is amazing that any body of men would attempt to impose such an iniquitous piece of legislation on the public.

It is certainly amusing to read the first section of the bill, where the object of the measure is stated to be "for the better protection of the public."

CITIZEN.

IMPERVIOUS TO TRUTH.

To the Editor:—You were good enough to ask a couple of days ago whether Mr. Wooley's account of the rich harvest in England did not impress me as evidence of on-coming ruin. I am pained by this, but I think it gives us a little time in which to mend the error of our ways and protect ourselves by a suitable tariff. It is all very well to say England has plenty of money, but why ten years ago did she take the Pacific squadron away? Shortly after that, too, they struck the papers said, on a notable scheme for economizing, a scheme so dangerous I should think no one would touch it who was not hard up. Formerly the admiralty, it was said, held stores for the fleet for three years ahead—in its own stores, however. The stores were received and paid for three years before they were wanted. Instead it was now arranged that the contractors should hold the stores, which the admiralty should draw when required, and they pay for. If they got them at the same price as before, obviously this was cheaper in most times, which are peace times, only dangerous in war times, which don't often come. Still, think what a risk for war time. Instead of having your stores ready in your own hands at all places convenient for you and all paid for by cheap money in peace, you have (1) to trust the contractors to hold the stocks for you and not sell them; and after the ruin of Wolsey's Nile column at Khoroom, who would trust contractors? (2) You would spend time getting them fetched to your storehouses, checked and examined—and this in war time! (3) You would should draw when required, and they pay for. If they got them at the same price as before, obviously this was cheaper in most times, which are peace times, only dangerous in war times, which don't often come. Still, think what a risk for war time. 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In the Gallery at Ottawa

Times Correspondent Gives His Impressions of Men and Events on Parliament Hill.

BY H. F. GADSBY

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Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The title of this story is a day in Ottawa, by Big Bill Taft—that is to say the day is by Bill, not the story. For twenty-four hours the ex-president of the United States impinged on the capital of Canada. He had a good time met all the good people, made a good speech, left a good impression and went back to Yale happy as a three-hundred-pound shark.

When Big Bill got off the five o'clock train from Toronto last Friday afternoon the Laurentian mountains were looking unusually blue at the defeat of the Liberals some two years ago, the western sky was blushing at the break he made about "the parting of the ways," and the Chaudiere was gargling like a man with a frog in his throat. The sawdust-burner in Booth's saw mill hiccupped a great cloud of smoke, the marine signal works showed signs of distress, and the sulphite mill, which is allowed to poison the air as a matter of business, belched audibly. In short the whole landscape displayed an active distrust of the man who was once supposed to be bent on annexing Canada and destroying the infant industries which have cradled our millionaires.

But Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, an old-time friend of Big Bill's, stepped forward and said, "Welcome to Ottawa, Mr. Taft," and Big Bill smiled, and all was light, life and sunshine once again. The Laurentians became rose-colored instead of blue, the western sky shone, the Chaudiere stopped gargling and gurgled instead, the sulphite mill drew a deep breath of delight, the sulphite mill choked with sheer pleasure and the thermometer shot up two points. Big Bill's smile did it all. Big Bill is the original Sunny Jim of United States politics, and his smile explains everything. It explains how he became president of the United States. It explains how everybody loved him until the people penetrated his disguise and threw him out. They discovered that he was a Republican reincarnation of Charles L., with a jovial disposition added to make him inquisitorial, and then they gave him the hook. They expected him to smile on the other side of his face when they that not he fooled them, for Big Bill is a good loser and takes reverses like a philosopher. He settled down into private life with a huge sigh of contentment, like a hippopotamus galumphing on the banks of the Nile.

As I said before, Big Bill smiled and the beam of his glance glided the wintery scene from the C. P. R. station right up to Rockhill Park. I was glad to see that he had kept his smile intact, for I had seen it pictured on many badges, buttons, ribbons and banners. I had followed that smile through three political conventions in the United States. I had seen the Chicago convention steam-jacket hum-dred of insurgent delegates just to retain that smile at the White House. I had seen the Big Stick whack it and the Bull Moose gore it; also I had seen William Jennings Bryan and Champ Clark putting the final crimp in it at Baltimore, and I never imagined for a minute that Big Bill would ever smile again.

But he did. Nothing can wither that smile, neither time, nor custom, nor misfortune. Nothing can blot it out, not even the sky falling. It is the smile that doesn't come off, as blithe as May, as bright as the song birds, as wide as the opening of navigation. The next time I saw that smile was at Washington at President Wilson's inauguration. Big Bill led the new president up the aisle, so to speak, gave him away, saw him wedded to his country. And all the while he smiled, for he is a big man and takes medicine well. I never liked his smile so much as when I saw it doing duty at his rival's triumph—the college professor going out helping to install the college professor coming in. College professors out some like these days.

After that I saw Big Bill's smile again from the rear platform of a B. & O. train. He smiled back at Washington, waving his hand to those cases of state which he was leaving for the case of mind that lecturing students who cannot talk back brings by the nerve-wracked statesman. When I met Big Bill's smile again at Ottawa, I was pleased to see that it had come through all these trials undimmed, that it had not rubbed off in spots or

chipped at the edges, and that it was good for perhaps twenty years yet, it will be a good smile until Big Bill begins to lose his teeth. They talk about Teddy's teeth. They are not in the same class with Big Bill's. Teddy's teeth are large bones, more like what a horse would use, but Big Bill's teeth are living pearls and thoroughly human.

Big Bill hasn't a bad tooth in his head, and they are all there just as nature handed them over—no crowns, no bridge-work, no structural steel, just teeth. And let me tell you those teeth are a great help to his jokes and funny stories. They are the most noticeable teeth I ever saw. When some people smile they reveal teeth which remind me of grave stones, but Big Bill's teeth gleam and glisten with the joy of good living. They are as white as Melba's voice and as sprightly as a Chopin waltz. Without these teeth Big Bill's smile would be an empty, cavernous thing, a bottomless pit. With them it is like looking into Paradise. For Big Bill's is no ordinary smile. It involves the whole face. It begins at the sides and works around to the middle. It is so whole-souled and expansive, so searching, so throat-opening, that you can almost see what is at the back of his mind. He gives the smile every chance, pausing a while to let it warm you through before he springs the joke, and cooling over it before it comes. This explains why his speeches do not read as well as they sound. They are cold things in print. A speech by Big Bill is like oyster soup—you have to eat it hot.

Big Bill has lost flesh since he lost the election, but he is even plinker and fitter than he was a year ago, and he can see his feet now. One of the sweetest uses of adversity is that a man gets in touch once more with his waist line. It was in the midst of these thoughts that Captain Graham stepped up and whacked Big Bill off to Rideau hall in one of the royal automobiles. They fitted out the car pretty well. Big Bill's smile takes a lot of elbow room.

Big Bill dined that night with the duke, his host, the cabinet ministers, the political leaders, the supreme court judges, and, as he himself put it, "with the whole hierarchy of Canada." His smile was a great success, as usual even when he was explaining what his him in the last election. The duke no doubt remarked that the portly Mr. Taft reminded him of his late lamented friend King Carlos of Portugal, and no doubt Big Bill explained that he was blown up in a more constitutional manner, but at all events a pleasant time was had. There may have been chat too about the folly of trusting the people too far, for that was the kind of speech Big Bill passed out to the Canadian club next day, but this is only a guess.

The commons expected that Big Bill might appear on the floor of the house Friday night in tow of Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, who would say to him, pointing to the opposition, "Look at that! You did it." And then at the government, "On the other hand, look at that! You did that, too." But Big Bill did not come to view his work, and it was not until Saturday morning that the parliament buildings were visited and the scene of woe thoroughly investigated. Sir Charles took him to the senate. "Here," he said, "we keep our waxworks. They will not be sitting for a couple of weeks. They are somewhat tired after last session, when they put the not in dreadnot." Big Bill smiled, and the Red Chamber glowed back like a bottled lobster.

Then Sir Charles took Big Bill to the green chamber and pointed out the mace with which they hit Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the head over two years ago. "This is the place," said Sir Charles, "where they put the zip into reciprocity." And again Big Bill smiled, but this time his smile was sadder and more wistful. It was snowing outside, snowing to catch up with the thaw, snowing everything and everybody under just as it snowed the Grits under September 21, 1911, and Republicans November, 1912. Big Bill smiled again, but it still snowed and the snow did not melt.

Two hours later Big Bill was addressing the Canadian club in the great dining room of the Chateau Laurier. Outside the Union Jack and old Glory floated in friendly union, while far above, at the pinnacle of honor, waved the royal banner of Eng-

land, signifying that the duke was among those present. Big Bill was surrounded by prime ministers, ex-prime ministers, cabinet ministers and judges, not one of whom seemed a bit afraid of becoming an adjunct. Colonel the honorable Sam, greatly daring, shook hands with the hero of the hour. Foster the rueful sat at Big Bill's left, and several times his face cracked, this being his substitute for a hearty laugh. Sir Wilfrid Laurier sat between Premier Borden and Bob Rogers, and was unafraid.

From where Big Bill stood he could look straight at the governor-general's staff, a bunch of young aides, all legs and nose, who followed him with close attention. They were in mutli, with the exception of Colonel Farquhar, whose uniform vied with the rainbow—or with Big Bill's smile. Colonel Farquhar seemed a little supercilious at first, but as Big Bill's words sank in, the colonel's chest filled out, as did every imperialist in the room. For Big Bill was delivering the finest Tory speech that ever was. When he got through the Tories said, "Great heavens, think of a man like that ever getting mixed up with the Grits." And the imperialists, gnashing their teeth, exclaimed, "Just to think, the besotted Americans turned a man like that out!" Big Bill produced this effect not only by what he said but also by the way he said it. "That wonderful, beautiful, dangerous smile of his ran all through it like a golden thread, and thus he wove his spell. He read his speech, but he was at his best when he deserted his manuscript and took to the jog trot of conversation. He made a big hit with the knights, the civil servants, and other members of the ruling classes, when he mocked with gargantuan irony the pitiful efforts of the Philippines towards independence and responsible government.

Big Bill may have heard the royal standard flapping 'on the roof. His high-backed chair was only one removed from the duke. Not far away sat Sir William Macdonald, who wants a duke's ransom for his railway. One way and another, it must have gone to Big Bill's head, for he began to talk like a duke and kept it up all through the piece. His speech hinged on Canadian history, the benefit of British institutions, arbitration, peace, and such like matters, but what appealed to his audience most was his side-slapping at popular government. These side-slaps he has made before in Toronto and Montreal, but it adds to their plausibility that they should be made again at Ottawa, the seat of government, in the presence of a royal duke, by a past president of the United States.

Big Bill displayed much grace and tact in his allusions to his own defeat and the downfall of reciprocity. He let the audience laugh at him and with him, but always he came back to his erudite against popular government. He spoke of the "excesses of the 'wave of radicalism," the "pseudo benevolence of the reformers," and similar gibes. The people, he said, were unfit to rule. Anything really serious should be referred to a bench of judges. Equality! He sniffed at it. "There is no equality of experience, character and education." This kind of equality he would hitch up to a great respect for authority.

Hearing these words, people understood why Big Bill has so much use for his smile. When you talk like that in a democratic country you have to smile or you don't get away with it. You remember the incident in Owen Wister's novel, "The Virginian," when the hero, being called an ugly name, says, "Smile when you say that." Well, that's Big Bill, he smiles when he says it. He probably believes that Canada excels the United States by the degree to which the people do not govern and he would be a great upholder of the order-in-council.

Yes, Big Bill talked very much like a duke. Evidently he gets along better with dukes than he does with the voters of the United States. He has some of the very finest feelings of a duke and has always lived that way, having been a great official most of his life. There is no reason why the Unionist party in England should not borrow him and make him Duke of Ohio or something like that. He would be just the man to get after Lloyd George. If he ever fairly sat on that brave little Welshman he would blot him out of existence. His remarks tickled all the dukes present, dukes actual and dukes possible. As for his royal highness, his face shone. He had the time of his life. Not since he left London and the Carlton club had he heard anything like it. Here was honey in the lion's mouth. He ate it up. He was vastly pleased and took public occasion to say that Big Bill's stay was "all too short."

Come again, Bill, and bring your smile with you.

GREAT ARTIST COMING



JOSEF HOFMANN
The great pianist, who is to play at the Royal Victoria theatre Thursday evening, February 12, under the auspices of the Ladies' Musical club.

PREPARING FOR FAIR

Extensive Building Operations are Planned for Dominion Exhibition This Year.

Extensive alterations are proposed at the Exhibition grounds in preparation for the Dominion exhibition in September. A committee of directors went over the ground Friday with Superintendent England's sketch plan of improvement as a guide, and discussed a number of improvements.

One thing proposed is to turn the women's building round, so that it may face east, as the other structures, and to put in a basement by raising the building another four feet, giving altogether eight clear feet for restaurant accommodation. It is planned to put in another building between the women's building and the main entrance for a merchant's display and school exhibits in the upper story. The bench show is proposed to be extended by the provision of a ring with seats, where competitors may witness the judging of the dogs, a class which will grow this year from 200 animals to probably over 350. Further staging room for exhibits is also projected.

While additional stabling is being provided, the directors do not anticipate that it will be possible to remodel the Horse Show building this year. Some of the old horse boxes are being altered for pens, and will be ready for the greatly increased entries of stock at the fair.

It is proposed to enlarge the grand stand by carrying the present stand southward towards the office and giving many additional spaces for visitors. At times of pressure the present stand has been unable to accommodate all those who desired to occupy it.

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May be much the same in price wherever you buy, but there's service and a real guarantee of real satisfaction in all you buy from the "M. W." Factory. We have our own mill, carry big stocks and make unusually prompt shipments of SASH, DOORS, MILLWORK, MANTELS and SHINGLES. Imported English Elm from 30 square feet.

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MOORE & WHITTINGTON

LUMBER MANUFACTURERS

Don't merely smother your cough

CURE IT

Mathien's Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil not only promptly arrests coughing, but thanks to its tonic and strengthening properties it helps the system to throw off the cold and thus effects a permanent cure. It is this quality which has won for it the largest sale of any cough and cold remedy in Canada.

35c. large bottles, everywhere.

J. L. MATHIEU CO., PROP. SHERBROOKE, P.Q.

If your cold is French Mathieu's Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil, the wonderful handkerchief, will promptly clear the nose and clear the path from head, back and throat. Box of 10 bottles, 25c.

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Is it any WONDER? See what we put into them! Pure chocolate, pure milk, pure sugar.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
DELICIOUS, SOLID CHOCOLATE,

COWAN'S MAPLE BUDS

NAME & DESIGN REGISTERED

8th Fusiliers.
Regimental orders by Lieut.-Col. J. A. Hall, commanding.
Headquarters, 219 Belmont House, Victoria, B. C.
Orderly officer for week ending Feb. 14, 1914, Lieut. Boggs—Tel. 3091.
Lieut. A. I. Robertson is posted to C Company for duty.
Lieut. W. S. Barton is placed in charge of the practices of the drums and files on Monday evenings.
Regimental order No. 244 is repeated for general information. The drill season for the year 1914 will start on Thursday, the 12th February, 1914.
The right half battalion will parade at the drill hall on Thursday, the 12th February at 8 p. m. Dress, drill order.
The left half battalion will parade at the drill hall on Friday, the 13th February at 8 p. m. Dress, drill order.
O. C. companies are to attend orderly room on Monday evening, the 9th inst., at 8.15, with the nominal roll of their companies.
(Sgd.) P. F. VILLIERS, Captain, Adjutant 8th Victoria Fusiliers.

An American traveller leaving his hotel in London tipped the commissionaire substantially, and that individual was consequently affable. "I hope you have enjoyed your stay, sir," he said. "Have you seen the abbey?" "No," replied the American. "Where is he?" "Should like to tip him."—Daily Citizen.

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—use warm water and Baby's Own Soap.

The warm water opens the pores of the skin and the minute particles of pure refined vegetable oils which form the creamy, fragrant lather of Baby's Own Soap are absorbed into the skin, keeping it soft, healthy, and preventing cracks and chaps.

A perfect rinsing, then smart rubbing when drying guarantees a fine smooth skin in any weather.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Best for Baby
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Canada's Standard toilet and nursery soap for over 30 years.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED. - MONTREAL.

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IN HALF-MILE CIRCLE, CLOSE TO VANCOUVER STREET

Seven rooms and bath, cement basement, two open fireplaces, one extra toilet, built-in buffet. All modern. Lot 50x128 ft.

Only \$5,900

\$1400 CASH

\$975 in October, 1914; \$975 in October, 1915, at 7% interest, and balance on mortgage at 7% interest.

V. 365

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Fort Street Phone 2790

Fernwood Road Home

Opposite High School, a well built eight roomed fully modern home. Large, well lighted rooms. Special attention has been paid to all finishing details. Large open fireplace. Hardwood floors. Four bedrooms with very large closets. Size of lot 50x110 ft. to 20 ft. lane.

Price only \$7,350.00

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722 Yates Street. Phones 4176 and 4177

A BARGAIN

837—A fine, modern, 7-room house on a high-lying corner, 229x170, on Cook street, 1/4 circle. Barn for eight horses. Fruit trees.

Below Value at \$7,500

On good terms.

Money to loan on Mortgage and Agreements for Sale

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Small Home Cheap

Four-room new and modern cottage, close to Fort street carline, and in a good district. House has good basement, cement floor, bath and toilet separate, and is extra well built. Lot is 50x120 ft. to 20 ft. lane.

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Terms to arrange.

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1214 Douglas St. Phone 1466 Insurance and Loans. Agreements of Sale Purchased.

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1207 Langley Street Opposite Court House. Member Victoria Real Estate Exchange

GORDON HEAD

1 1/2 Acres of very choice corner property, one-half under cultivation, fruit trees and strawberries, etc. very choice land, and with good sea view, 1,500 feet of road frontage. Per acre\$2,000

J. STUART YATES

416 Central Building.

FOR SALE

Two valuable water lots with 2 large wholesale warehouses and wharf, situated at the foot of Yates street.

TO RENT

Three-story warehouse, Wharf street. For particulars apply to J. Stuart Yates, 416 Central Building.

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TO-DAY IN CANADIAN HISTORY

Sir George Arthur, the last lieutenant-governor of Upper Canada, retired from office seventy-three years ago to-day, the act for the union of Upper and Lower Canada going into effect the following day. Sir George was an administrator of wide experience. Born in Plymouth, England, in 1784, he entered the army at the age of twenty and served valiantly in Italy, Sicily and the West Indies. In 1814, just a century ago, he began his administrative career as lieutenant-governor of British Honduras. Nine years later he was given the post of governor of Van Diemen's Land. He received the appointment of lieutenant-governor of Upper Canada in 1837, the year of rebellion. The following year Lord Durham arrived and, during his brief career as governor-general, formulated the immortal report favoring the union of the provinces which was to deprive Sir George of his position. Upon leaving Canada he was appointed governor of the presidency of Bombay, from which office he retired in 1846. On his return to England he was made private councillor, and in 1853 was gazetted colonel of the Fiftieth regiment. He died in 1854.

On this date in 1846 the United States congress gave notice to Great Britain that the convention for the joint occupation of Oregon was to be terminated at the expiration of a year. By the Oregon treaty of that year the United States gained the Puget Sound region and the lower valley of the Columbia. This was somewhat less than had been claimed by the United States in the famous war threat of "fifty-four, forty, or fight."

HUMAN PROCESSION

Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the gifted English actress, who has made a number of American tours, will pass the half century mark to-day. Her maiden name was Beatrice Stella Tanner, but she has always been known on the stage as Mrs. Patrick Campbell. She married Mr. Campbell, who was the son of a Hongkong banker, thirty years ago. It was not until two years after her marriage that she began her career as an actress with an amateur dramatic club. A year later she turned professional and toured England with the Ben Greet and Bandmann-Palmer companies.

From the first Mrs. Campbell was recognized by the critics as an actress of talent, but she had been on the stage nearly six years before she won a place among England's foremost actresses. That was when she played the role of Paula in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" with George Alexander at St. James's theatre, in London. She won a sensational success in that play, and at the completion of its run she appeared with Beerbohm Tree in "John O'Dreams," John Hare in "The Notorious Mrs. Ebbelshuth," and as Juliet in Forbes Robertson's Romeo. Her first foreign appearance was in Germany with Forbes Robertson in Shakespeare.

Mrs. Campbell made her first American tour in 1891, and played six months in repertoire. The following year she again visited America, playing Sudermann's "Joy of Living" and other plays. In 1904 she appeared with Sarah Bernhardt in "Pelleas and Melisande," and made another American tour in Sardou's "La Sorciere." After another tour with Bernhardt, Mrs. Campbell visited America for the fourth time. On her later voyages across the Atlantic Mrs. Campbell was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Stella Patrick Campbell, a charming actress who, in appearance, voice and manner, bore a startling resemblance to her gifted mother.

Sir William Brandford Griffith, for eighteen years chief justice of the Gold Coast, was born fifty-six years ago to-day. He was educated in the West Indies and in London. Entering the service of the British government thirty years ago, he has spent

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FIRST THINGS

most of the time in Africa, with the exception of a brief period in Jamaica. Sir William presided last June at the trial of forty members of the ferocious cannibal society of Sierra Leone. The Leopard society had long caused trouble to the British administrators of the African west coast. All natives failing to submit to the demands of these African Cannibals were killed and eaten.

George Ade, who put a hot one right over the plate when he wrote "Fables in Slang," is one year older to-day than he was a year ago, when he celebrated his forty-seventh birthday. As everybody knows, he is a Hoosier, and when he is not in New York staying plays, or wandering about the earth, he lives at Hazelden, Farm, Brook, Ind., where he has several big flocks of fine horses, thoroughbred cows and automobiles. Like all natives of Indiana, he has political ambitions, and is a Progressive in his partisan affiliation. Mr. Ade started his literary career as a reporter on newspapers in Lafayette and Chicago, and it is alleged, got the raw material for his "Fables in Slang" by listening to the conversation of sporting editors and reporters.

The Big Annual Masquerade Ball of the Fraternal Order of Eagles will be held in Connaught hall, February 17. Ladies, one dollar; gentlemen, one fifty.

The first great railway tunnel in America, the Hoosac tunnel in Massachusetts, was completed in 1875, and the first train passed through the tube on this date in that year. This project, long the most notable railway tunnel in the New World, was commenced in 1851 for the use of the line between Boston and Albany. The difficulties confronting the engineers were so great that the project was twice abandoned. When it was finally completed it had cost the State of Massachusetts about \$18,000,000. The tunnel is four and three-quarter miles in length, twenty-five feet high and twenty-seven feet wide, through solid rock. The next important project of this kind was the Chesapeake tunnel under the Detroit river, between Canada and Michigan, which was commenced in 1872, but was abandoned owing to continued eruptions of water after some 600 yards of headings had been driven. This project was not revived until 1905. The first attempt to bore a tunnel under the Hudson river at New York was made forty years ago, but the scheme was abandoned, and it was not until 1908 that the first tunnel was opened. The greatest railway tunnel in the world is now being pushed through the Canadian Rockies.

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How Brown Learned How.

There is a man who makes shoes for children—and sells them to stores all over Canada. But he is only just learning how people buy.

It was this way: His wife—let us call her Mrs. Brown—phoned to him and asked him to buy some underwear for little Brown.

Picture Brown now among the throng of mothers at the "Children's Underwear" counter. He asks for Underwear for a child of six. He looks it over helplessly. What on earth does he know about Children's Underwear? For lack of anything better to say he asks: "Is this good quality?" The answer is short and quite conclusive: "It's Blank's"—naming a well-advertised line. That short word says everything. Brown pays his money and goes home, quite satisfied with his purchase.

Now what bothers Brown—a manufacturer of shoes, is this: How would it affect the purchase of a child's shoes if the salesman said "They're Brown's"?

Nobody knows Brown's shoes. Brown doesn't advertise. The name Brown signifies nothing when used in connection with children's shoes. The salesman must use all his persuasive wiles to induce people to buy them.

The point is—If the name Brown was as synonymous with Children's Shoes as "Blank's" is with Underwear, wouldn't Brown sell more shoes with less effort?

If you are doing a local business talk over your advertising problems with the Advertising Department of this newspaper. If you are doing a provincial or national business it would be well for you to have the counsel and assistance of a good advertising agency. A list of these will be furnished, without cost or obligation, by the Secretary of Canadian Press Association, Room 503, Lumden Building, Toronto.

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Six-room, modern house on Belmont Ave., between Pembroke and Fort streets, close to two car lines...

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Only \$1.00 cash and the balance on easy monthly payments...

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Small new house on 2 1/2 acres, rich soil. \$1,900.

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CHEAP—Lot 50 x 130, third lot off car line, for \$499...

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A SMALL HOUSE, about \$2,000, five cash and \$30 monthly...

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In Spring Ridge, half block from car line, \$19 per month...

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In Spring Ridge, half block from car line, \$19 per month...

SUSPENDED FOR YEAR SURVEYOR APPEALS

Veteran Engineering Man, W. G. Pinder, Not Allowed to Cross-Examine Witnesses

"It is a most serious circumstance if it appears, a man can have his livelihood taken away from him for a period or for good on unsworn evidence statements without the privilege of cross-examination..."

CRITICIZES PROPOSED INCLUSION OF CITIES

City Official Speaks of Financial Inspection Under New Measure

A prominent city official declared today that he was surprised that under the new municipal bill, while a population limit was to be set to the municipalities which could adopt the board of control system...

SEVERELY INJURED

Andrew Creson in Serious State; Struck by Engine While Walking on Track

Andrew Creson is dying at the St. Joseph's hospital as the result of an unfortunate accident on Saturday evening. Creson was walking along the trestle just west of the railway bridge when the engine of the incoming 6:30 train struck him...

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

LAUREL light rooms; separate beds, suit bath, 724 Queen's Ave., 6 minutes city hall. \$11.00

WANTED—Daily work by a respectable English woman. Apply Box 28, Times. \$11

FOR RENT—February 14, 4 roomed house, 146 Hillside avenue, close car line. Apply 229 Store street. Phone 473. \$11

WANTED—Chicken brooder. Say price and all particulars to Box 24, Times. \$11

FOR RENT—New, six roomed house on Westall avenue, \$15 per month. Tweddell & Cotton, 501 Sayward Block. Phone 175. \$11

FOR RENT—New, 5 roomed cottage, on Charlton street, 8 months lease, \$15 per month. Tweddell & Cotton, 501 Sayward Block. Phone 175. \$11

LOCAL NEWS

Lighting Up Time.—Lighting-up time for horse-drawn vehicles and bicycles to-day is 6 o'clock...

Every Man to His Trade, ours is the all important one of feeding frail humanity; strengthening his body and stimulating his nervous system with choice, wholesome, beautifully cooked foods at The Kaiserhof.

Paraded to Church.—The church parade of No. 5 troops, Victoria Boy Scouts, yesterday morning passed off very successfully with a good attendance. Divine service at St. John's church was attended and a special address was delivered by the Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick.

Away at Convention.—Frederick A. Withan, general secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., is away at the Oregon, Washington and Idaho Y. M. C. A. convention, now being held at Vancouver, Washington. He will probably return on Wednesday next. The board meeting has been postponed until February 10.

Men's Service.—Yesterday afternoon at the Y. M. C. A. a successful men's service was held. The Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick gave an address on the text, "Wherewithal Shall a Young Man Cleanse His Ways," and music was provided by D. G. Macdonald, violin, and Frank Chinchin, cello. Albert Miller, of the Presbyterian Reading Camp association, also addressed the meeting on the work of the camps.

Saanich Council.—To-morrow evening a resolution will be submitted to the Saanich council to appoint the date for the preparation of an assessment roll for 1914, and to name the assessor. The works committee will report on the policing of the district, recommending that a constable be stationed permanently at Royal Oak, and that when alterations are made to the hall, provision should be made for his accommodation. An interim report from J. S. Floyd is also anticipated.

Civic Committee Meet.—Both the legislative and fire wardens committees met this morning; the latter, not being able to reach its conclusion on the best method of regulating the cleaning of chimney flues, decided to ask the city solicitor to redraft the fire regulation by-law in order to meet the wishes of the real estate exchange and endeavor to secure a compromise proposal which would be acceptable to all parties.

Complaints Against Car Service.—The legislative committee of the city council met this morning with regard to the complaints lodged by last year's council against the B. C. Electric railway, which were never followed up in detail for presentation to the department of railways. It is true that the police were asked to obtain certain information, which appears so far not to have been used.

Australia's New Governor-General.—Rt. Hon. R. C. Munro-Ferguson, who is to succeed Lord Dunsany as governor-general of Australia, was in the city on September 28, 1913, with two weeks' stay, and an interesting interview to the Times on current political issues. He was favorably impressed with the city, and as one of the most prominent of the Scottish members his opinion on various questions was duly valued.

No Trace as Yet.—Charles Hopkins is now being sought by the Seattle police in connection with the crime committed in a room at the St. James hotel, Seattle, on Thursday morning. The police authorities at the hotel had been in touch with the local detective department, but as yet no trace of the wanted man has been discovered. Hopkins is believed to be one of the trio of which Van Horst and Lester formed part. The latter is now dead, and Van Horst is awaiting trial on a capital charge. The photograph taken by the Victoria police authorities was published in several of the Seattle papers Sunday.

HIGHLANDERS SHOOT. Some 900 Scores Made by Marksmen in Practice on Saturday; Spoon-Winners.

The results of the Highlanders' weekly shoot on Saturday were as follows: A Class—Pte. Cooney, 100; Lieut. Richardson, 99; Lieut. Walls, 99; Pte. L. Tapley, 99; Pte. Weir, 99; Pte. Watson, 99; Staff Sgt. Tapley, 98; Staff Sgt. Stevens, 98; Pte. Hughes, 98; Staff Sgt. Atken, 98; Piper Coult, 98; Pte. Campbell, 95.

A quiet wedding took place on Thursday afternoon at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Kettle, 2403 Quadra, when Miss Clara Kettle became the wife of Mr. Jack Kermode of London, England. Rev. Mr. Green officiated and the bride, given away by her uncle, was dressed in champagne satin, with beaded yoke, skirt prettily draped and caught with orange blossoms. The happy couple left amid showers of rice, by the afternoon boat for a month's trip, the bride traveling in a smart grey tailored costume, with sage-blue hat trimmed with plumes. On their return, they will take up their residence at Esquimalt.

We Invite You to share the hospitality of our bright cozy rooms from \$4 per week at The Kaiserhof.

DESIRES TO CORRECT ERRORS IN REGISTER

Albion Trust Company Makes Application to Supreme Court

When through its solicitor, F. A. McDiarmid, the Albion Trust company made application before Mr. Justice Murphy this morning for leave to alter the register of the company as filed with the registrar of joint stock companies, his lordship refused to make any order unless the shareholders mentioned were notified. Furthermore, he refused to interfere until counsel produced authorities showing his right to interfere in the matter.

Mr. McDiarmid stated that greater numbers of shares had been allotted to some subscribers than they had applied for. Dr. Lewis Hall had been allotted 100, whereas he had applied for only 50, and other instances were cited. The par value of the shares was \$100. One allotment of one share to a woman in England had been cancelled, as there was no evidence of her having ever subscribed. She was a relative of the women folk of the secretary's family and Mr. McDiarmid believed that the secretary had made the subscription. He wanted to make the company's books tally with the records in the registrar's office.

His lordship stated that he could make no order in those cases unless the people were represented. Some of the shareholders affected were in New York and one in England, and not all had addresses which were known to the company. Those who had must be served, the judge directed, as the circumstances disclosed were very serious. Mr. McDiarmid stated that some of the apparent errors appeared to have been accidents and that in others there was evidence of bad faith. There were several aspects of the company's application and the judge refused to make any order until his authority was defined. The matter of increasing or decreasing allotments of shares could not be attended to without the parties being represented as to make any alteration would be a serious infringement of their rights, especially in view of the suggestions of fraud.

OBITUARY RECORD

The funeral of the late William Alfred Dier will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 from the late residence, 32 Dallas avenue. The interment will be in the family plot in Ross Bay cemetery.

The death occurred at an early hour on Sunday at his home in the Esquimalt naval yard, of Frederick John Hicks, little son of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Hicks. The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 2:30 at St. Paul's church, Esquimalt, when the Rev. Haugh-Allen will officiate. Messrs. Hanna and Thompson are arranging the funeral and the interment will be in the naval cemetery.

The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Lavinia Bowden, aged 76, widow of the late William Henry Bowden, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. S. Rowe, Rithet street, Esquimalt. She was born in Falmouth, Eng., and for the past 22 years had been a resident of Victoria. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. S. Rowe and Mrs. H. Stanul, and two sons, George and Joseph Bowden. The funeral has been arranged to take place from the B. C. funeral chapel Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Rev. Thos. Keyworth will officiate.

The remains of the late Patrick J. Brown, found dead at the residence, 722 Burdette avenue, on Friday night last, will be shipped for interment by the B. C. funeral company to Kingston, Ont., where relatives of the deceased reside.

It is generally expected by those following the matter, that when the debate is resumed the bill will either be killed outright or that it will be amended in committee in such a way as to safeguard all public interests.

F. A. PAULINE, President.

DENTISTS' BILL NOW ENGAGING ATTENTION

Supporters and Antagonists Talk of Many Points About Measure; Sheriff Speaks

It is likely that this week will see the resumption of the debate upon the second reading of the dentists' bill, which has been before the house since a few days after the opening of the session. In the interval the supporters of the bill—those who are responsible for its being presented to the house—and the dentists who object to the attempt to procure further sweeping powers for the dental college, and the making of the profession a close corporation, have been busy about the lobbies, with the preponderance of effect against the measure so far as can be judged.

Members of the house have been argued with individually and collectively by the dentists who are promoting the bill, and an effort was made to get them to see things the way the measure of the forceps do. To aid them in this the latter secured the assistance of counsel who are accustomed to parliamentary work, and whose eloquence and argumentative ability were brought to bear.

When it became apparent that the day was going against them, the dentists offered to make certain changes in the bill which would remove, they said, the objections made by many of their colleagues who opposed the bill and by the public. Members are rather suspicious of these proposals to the belief that if they were accepted the bill would be found little, if at all, different from the original draft of it in effect.

A strong case against giving the dentists any more power than they have was made when the opponents of the bill had Sheriff Richards meet some of the members of the house and relate to them the treatment his son, a native Victorian, received at the hands of the dental college. The sheriff has stood behind his boy in a stiff fight in the courts of the province, losing on account of legal points, and Dr. Richards is now practising in the city of Washington, where his skill enables him to command a good position.

Naturally the sheriff did not spare his words in characterizing the dental council to the members whom he met, and he made an impression that will have an effect when the bill comes to a vote on the second reading. He told of his son's early education and dental training here and of his further training in dental colleges across the line. He was examined for admission to practice here, but was plucked, for what reason he could never discover. When legal proceedings were taken the court finally succeeded in getting Dr. Richards' papers, but when the other candidate's papers, written at the same time, were called for the excuse given for their disappearance was that some charwoman had swept them out and burned them.

It is generally expected by those following the matter, that when the debate is resumed the bill will either be killed outright or that it will be amended in committee in such a way as to safeguard all public interests.

F. A. PAULINE, President.

SHILOH CURES COUGHS & COLDS

Saanich Liberals

A meeting of the Burnside and Oak Bay Liberal Associations will be held on Wednesday next, 11th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the Liberal rooms, Cormorant Street, to elect delegates to the forthcoming Liberal Convention to be held in Victoria. Matters of general interest to the Party will be considered during the meeting and discussion invited. A full attendance is requested.

JOSEF HOFMANN The World's Greatest Pianist ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE THURSDAY, FEB. 12 Direction Victoria Ladies' Musical Club. PRICES—\$2, \$1.50, \$1, 75c and 50c. Box Office Opens Tuesday, Feb. 10, 10 a.m.

50th. Regiment Highlanders of Canada The Instructional Courses for Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers has now been completed. Recruiting has now recommenced and those intending to join the Regiment should apply at Headquarters, 1175 Fort street, corner of Linden avenue, on Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

Cherries in Maraschino

The grade of cherries depends upon the quality and depth of flavor—for this reason are Cresca Bigarreaux in a class by themselves. There are no other cherries on the market that can compare with them.

Their exquisite natural flavor is heightened by the addition of a syrup flavored with liqueur of the genuine Marasca Cherry, grown in the Dalmatian Mountains.

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Only Five More Days

The Blue Ribbon Shoe Sale ends on Saturday next—25% discount on everything in the store this week. Let us supply your needs in good footwear now.

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Ship Chandlers, Marine Agents, Hardware Merchants, Mill, Mining, Logging, Fishermen's, Engineer's Supplies, Wholesale and Retail.

W. B. DICK & CO.'S (London, Eng.) CELEBRATED LUBRICATING OILS.
SAMOLINE—The greatest cleaner, for Metals, Paints, Baths, etc.
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LARGEST STOCK OF GENUINE LINSSEED OIL.
MANILLA COTTON, HEMP, WIRE ROPE.
EVER-READY ELECTRIC FLASH-LIGHTS.

Fresh Eggs Fresh Eggs

Elyvester's Expelator Meal being a ground mixture of Grains, Bones and Beef, if fed in morning, slightly dampened with warm water, keeps your birds warm and makes them lay. Try a sack and watch results. For sack \$1.75
Tel. 413. SYLVESTER POULTRY SUPPLY CO. 709 Yates St.

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WE are getting ready early and will be able to put your outfit up-to-date.
Brand new stock of Sporting Goods now being opened up.

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Victoria Has Wanted It-- Now She Has It

—a place whereat to put a fitting climax to an enjoyable evening. The

Brown Jug Hotel and Cafe

In the tasteful luxury of its appointments, the sweet music of its orchestra and the perfection attained in attendance and cuisine, the Brown Jug Hotel has no equal in the West (for its size).

Private Dinner Parties
Private Theatre Parties
Private Tea Parties

A sweetly pretty room with alabaster lighting fixtures set into the ceiling, specially set aside for those desiring to give private parties.

Government St. Next Cor. of Fort H. H. Molony PROPRIETOR Telephone Number 5370



THE Sanitary Store
No. 1761 WINS THE TURKEY
Please phone address of winner to 4333 and we will deliver.
Above Broad 648 FORT Below Douglas

so much in the way of agitation as in education.

EVENT AT SIDNEY.
Board of Trade Banquet To-morrow Evening Promises to Be Most Enjoyable Function.

A representative list of speakers has been obtained for the Sidney board of trade banquet at the Sidney hotel to-morrow evening when Sir Richard McBride, the Hon. Thomas Taylor, J. J. Shalcross, W. W. Foster, M. P. P. Coler, A. O. Wheeler, Dr. W. G. Cumming, Samuel Spencer, G. F. Smith, F. J. Roche and J. S. Harvey will address themselves to the various toasts. The toasts are: "The King," "Sidney Board of Trade," "Victoria Board of Trade," "The Empire," "Dominion of Canada," "Provincial Legislature," "The Guests," "Sidney and District," "The Ladies and the Press." President Kelly will occupy the chair.

MANY AT SHOOT.
The second miniature shoot of the Fifth regiment was held in the drill hall on Saturday night. There was a good attendance, forty members taking part. There was a great improvement in the scores, the ten highest scores averaging 96.5.
The scores were: R.-Q.-M.-Sgt. Caven, 99; S.-Sgt. Carr, 99; Sgt. de Carteret, 98; C.-S.-M. Doyle, 97; Bandmaster Rogers, 97; Sgt. Denison, 95; R.-S.-M. Macdougall, W. O., 95; Sgt. Richardson, 95; Sgt. Swarbrick, 95; Gnr. Tanner, 95; Gnr. Duncan, 94; Corp. Roberts, 94; Gnr. Hutchinson, 93; Gnr. Walker, 92; Sgt. Stuckey, 91; Lieut. M. Crockett, 91; Gnr. Neill, 89; Bmr. Morrow, 88; Corp. Wilkinson, 85; Capt. H. H. Woolson, 85; Gnr. Culross, 84.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 11 11 25 cents

THE EXCHANGE

Phone 1737. 718 Fort St.

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Furniture bought on commission. Auctions arranged. We exchange stocks and shares. Current prices.

FOR SALE

WE SAVE YOU 50 PER CENT. Second-hand Bar Fittings in mahogany, Ranges and Stoves from \$14 up, also very fine Hotel Ranges. All classes of Furniture. Estimates given for Store and Bar Fittings. Furniture repaired. Furniture bought on commission. Apply G. FERRIS.
Or Phone 1679. 796 Pandora.

Maynard & Sons

AUCTIONEERS

Preliminary Notice Sale of Japanese Ware

Instructed by Mr. J. M. Nagano, we will sell at his Store, 1117 DOUGLAS STREET
Commencing 2 p. m.

TUESDAY; FEBRUARY 10
And continuing each day until all is sold, the contents of

Japanese Store

Consisting of Valuable Carved Chairs, Tables, Ornaments, Chinaware, Drapes, Kimonos, etc.; in fact everything in this well-stocked store of Japanese wares to be sold absolutely without reserve, as Mr. Nagano is retiring from business in this store.
Full particulars later.

MAYNARD & SONS Auctioneers

City Market Auction Every Tuesday

AT 2 O'CLOCK

Present Entries:—Fat Cow, Cow and Calf, 6 Horses, Poultry, Waggon, Buggies, Harness.

LIST & FRANCIS

Auctioneers. 546 Fisguard Street

LIST & FRANCIS

Auctioneers.

Instructed, will sell at our Mart, on

Tuesday Next

AT 2 P. M.

Furniture and Effects

Six Mission Oak Chairs, 20 Dining Chairs, 2 Oak Sideboards, 6 Dressers, and Stands, Round Extension Table, 6 Ranges, including Oxford Gurney, almost new; 5 Heaters, 20 Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Springs and Mattresses, Roll-top Desk, Piano, Garden Hose, 2 Flat-top Desks, 2 Bookcases, Sewing Machine, lot of Blankets, Pillows, etc.; Hall Seat Couch, Hat Rack, Crockeryware, and numerous other goods.

LIST & FRANCIS Auctioneers

Preliminary Announcement

JOHN BARTHOLOMEW

Has been instructed by Mr. W. H. Justison to sell by Auction, at 432 Government Street, the entire EXCELLENT AND WELL PRESERVED

Furniture and Effects

Of the above residence, on

Thursday Next, Feb. 12

Sale to commence at 2 p. m. to the Minute.
JOHN BARTHOLOMEW
Auctioneer and Surveyor, 931 Fort St.

EMPRESS THEATRE.

The new bill which, opens at the Empress theatre to-day promises to be an unusually excellent one. Sebastian Merrill and his Yip Yaps, whirlwind cycling comedians, will headline the bill and will furnish both sensational and comedy.
Percy O'Malley Jennings and Edna Dorman will be the feature attraction in their novel offering, "The English Johnnie and the American Girl." As a delineator of English types Mr. Jennings is very funny. His line of patter is humorous to a degree and he has the assistance of a clever girl partner. Brown and Blyler, who were one of the features with Flo Zeigfeld's Polles, will also be here and will be heard in songs and piano selections. Both of the met have good voices and know how to handle the piano in a responsive manner. With special scenery, electrical effects and contrivances the Jessica Troupe of tumbling Satans will furnish much novelty. There are a couple of dogs in addition to the four people, that are very clever tumblers and that perform their tricks just as well as the human beings. The motion pictures, as usual, will be first class.

IF MEALS HIT BACK AND STOMACH SOURS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Ends Stomach Misery, Indigestion in Five Minutes

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach—or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes. Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why they relieve sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a hearty appetite; but what will please you most, is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation. This city will have many "Pape's Diapepsin" drunks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparator, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gas, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery. Get some now, this minute, and rid yourself of stomach trouble and indigestion in five minutes.

TELLS OF MISSIONS IN KOREAN CAPITAL

Anglican Clergyman Has Seen Lengthy Service in Seoul Passes Through City

The example of Japan as a colonizing power is never better shown than in Korea, or as it is now called by the dominant power, Chosen, and Rev. J. S. Badcock, of the Church of England mission in Seoul, the capital, who passed through yesterday on R. M. S. Montague, states that the Japanese have done wonders since the extinction of the privileges of the Li dynasty in 1910.

The peninsula has become practically a Japanese province, he states, through which runs the main line connecting Tokyo with the Trans-Siberian railway; ferry steamers uniting Shimonoseki on the main island of Japan with Pusan, chief Korean port, whence the railway runs northwesterly through the province to Antung, where it crosses the Yalu river, en route to Mukden. A quarter of a million Japanese, spread through 14,000,000 Koreans has been the leaving making the Hermit kingdom a branch of the Japanese empire. Mr. Badcock stated that the number of Europeans has steadily decreased since the alteration of the customs service, which was formerly in their hands, and that there are now only about 200 white men in Seoul. A newspaper run by Japanese, but published in English, is the only non-Japanese paper in the peninsula, but every little town has its newspaper run by the Japanese.

Missionary work is fairly active, the Roman Catholics having been first in the field, but the American Episcopal church has the best organization now, Mr. Badcock says. Missions are conducted under license from the government, both for the spread of Christianity and of the Japanese faith. Broad streets, schools, industrial development and agriculture have been fostered by the Japanese administration, and brigandage in the north suppressed. Politically the country is fairly tranquil. "I do not think," Mr. Badcock said, "the recent conspiracy which has drawn so much attention to Korea from the outside world need be regarded as a serious menace to Japanese influence. In Count Terauchi, the governor-general, the people have a strong ruler, and although he is now in Japan it may be assumed that he will certainly return. So far as emigration from Japan is concerned, the trend of movement, as far as government influence can turn it, is towards Japan's own colonies, and there will not be a large development in trans-Pacific migration in the future. To the Europeans in Korea the opening of direct communication with western Europe by way of the trans-Siberian railway, with connections with the Imperial Japanese railway system,

the former isolation has passed away. We are now only twelve and one-half days from London, or practically what you are here."

Mr. Badcock proceeds over the Canadian Pacific railway to Halifax, en route to England.

SING "THE RED FLAG"

Demonstration of Miners' Liberation League Held Last Evening—Parade on Saturday.

At the Variety theatre last evening a demonstration of the Miners' Liberation league in protest against the refusal of clemency to the miners, and to express regret at the death of Joseph Mairs in Burnaby prison farm, gathered a large attendance. No resolution was submitted. The sentiment of the meeting was shown, however, when a picture of the deceased youth was thrown on the screen, as well as a view of the rag flag, being accompanied by the singing of a Socialist song of that name.

The speakers were J. L. Martin, chairman; J. W. Alsop, of Ladysmith; James Robertson, of Nanaimo, and James Kavanagh, of Vancouver. All speakers made references in critical language to the sentences imposed by Judge Howay, and to the refusal of the minister of justice to recommend the release of the prisoners. They outlined the circumstances of the strike and expressed determination not to cease agitation till the miners now in jail are released by the government. On Saturday evening there was a parade from the Labor hall, which proceeded along the principal streets, ending at the Carnegie library, in front of which George Hardy, secretary of the local branch of the league, delivered an address, and the band played the lead march in "Saul." The proceedings passed off without any incident.

THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST.

Seldom has a stock company established itself in any centre more quickly than have the talented little group of players under the direction of Charles E. Royal in Victoria. The advance sale for the opening of "The Girl of the Golden West" at the Victoria theatre this evening indicates that there will be practically a capacity audience, and last week the same condition prevailed for every performance. In this week's bill the public will have an opportunity of seeing the company in what has been universally conceded to be its greatest success. David Belasco's great atmospheric drama of the early days in California is admirably suited to the talents of Mr. Royal's troupe of artists, the character parts especially being well done. Miss Lotte Fletcher will play the droll part of Betula, Richard Elton the part of the Mexican, Rollin Wakefield the Chinaman and Mr. Royal the bluff old sheriff.

Miss Edythe Elliott will be seen in the name part, the beautiful little mountain girl, Roxie. The part demands exceptional emotional ability in every key from light comedy to tragedy. In the cabin scene, where for the first time in her life she deals "crooked" in the same of cards for her sweetheart's life, her acting has been criticized in every important western city as a truly magnificent piece of art.

BUILD FOR POSTERITY SAYS DR. HODGETTS

Time to Mould Cities Is in the Building; Opposes Sky-scrapers

In view of the fact that the new Municipal act brought down by the attorney-general includes a special section dealing with town planning in the province, an interview given yesterday by Dr. C. A. Hodgetts, of Ottawa, head of the health department of the conservation commission of Canada, and one of the most eminent authorities on town planning in the country, is peculiarly apropos.

"Prevention is better than cure," he says, "in the matter of town and city building. Just as in other walks of life it is far better to begin with the town sites, see that they are properly divided up, spaces assigned for factories and works, parts told off for residential purposes, and so forth—rather than to wait until there is a population of about 50,000 and then attempt to cure the evils which have crept in. For by that time those things are incurable. Utopia.

"The ideal large city in my estimation," continued Dr. Hodgetts, "would be one in which there was an individual home for each family, so that each could live its life separately and distinctly; not in tenements and in flats, but in real homes from the rest. There is no reason why we should not have such a state of affairs in Canada. I do not think that we pay enough attention to, or take enough care of the individual. The work of the conservation commission with which I am connected, is concerned greatly, nay, almost wholly, with the individual. It is to him our appeal is made. It is he we try to help.

"The individual is that which gives value to all our natural resources, and so the public health becomes one of the most important and most vital of problems. This kind of conservation is in the realm of our work, our activity. Early on once said: 'There are two great factors in moulding public opinion in Canada to-day, and they are the conservation commission and the Canadian clubs.' We have endeavored on many occasions since our organization came to life, to suggest legislation to the various governments which would tend towards the ends we seek; as an example our measure for the 'Prevention of the Pollution of Waterways' has been twice passed by the senate and subsequently pigeon-holed.

"We take a strong stand too on the slum question. Our big cities are at the present time simply copying the evils of British and foreign slums and piling up trouble for ourselves in the future. We have got to look to posterity to work for them and build for them. The whole town planning movement is instinct with that idea. That is true conservation."

Dr. Hodgetts believes that real and central provincial administration is necessary for the proper carrying out of town planning schemes of every description. He proposes a new department of the government service—which will include experts in town planning work, health officers, engineers, architects, town planning experts, and municipal law experts. When a new town site is to be opened up each of the various experts would give his advice. The municipalities would benefit by such a department. "Long experience has taught me," added Dr. Hodgetts, "that provincial legislation without provincial administration is not worth a cent.

No Sky-scrapers.
"Another thing I would like to see enforced in a law which would prevent the erection of sky-scrapers. This could be done by inserting a clause preventing any building being more than one and a half times the width of the street in which it lies. A by-law is not enough. There should be a statute to meet the case. Then also there is the question of unearned increment. Why should a man who buys a property speculatively for \$1,000 and sells it for \$1,500 have all the benefit of what he did not himself achieve? I would suggest a law giving the half of every unearned increment to the municipality."

Another suggestion put forward by Dr. Hodgetts was that women should take a greater part in matters of public health and planning for the future, not

NIGHT LETTER

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CHARLES Y. KNIGHT.
8.47 a.m. 31.