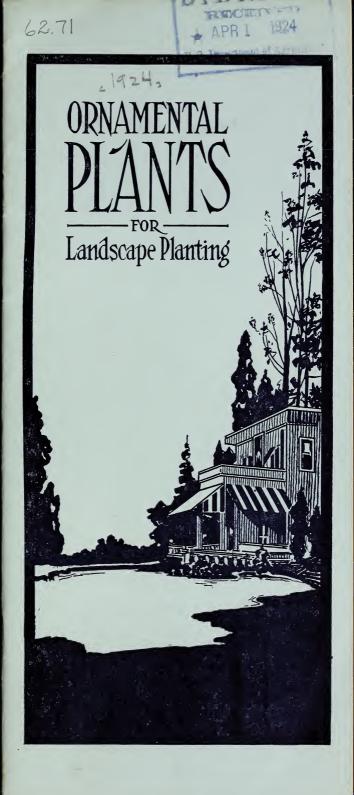
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Information

The Weed Landscape Nursery is situated on the Canyon Road six miles west of Portland, being one mile east of Beaverton. Howard Evarts Weed, a Landscape Architect, formerly of Chicago, established the nursery in 1910. Wilbur W. Weed, a son, graduate in Landscape Gardening of the O. A. C., is associated with him. Landscape Gardening is made a specialty, a large business being done in the planning and ornamental planting of estates, suburban homes and city residences throughout the Pacific Northwest.

We grow the hardy ornamentals—flowering deciduous shrubs, broad leaved evergreens, conifers, shade trees and a full line of perennial flowers. Of these we have all the hardy varieties which are successfully used in landscape work in the Pacific Northwest. In this catalog are given only the leading plants used in this field, but as we grow many kinds and varieties not mentioned here, we can fill any order for ornamentals and will be pleased to make quotations. We do not handle greenhouse stock, bedding plants, annuals or the spring bulbs. Anything listed in this catalog can be depended upon for successful outdoor planting.

Our Landscape planting begins late in October and continues until the first of April. Fall planting is much preferred on account of this allowing the roots to become established during the winter months. In this way the plants make a better growth the first season. Peonies and Iris are planted from the first of September to March, the early planting being best. Peonies should not be planted after March, altho Iris can be successfully moved at any season.

Our displays of Peonies and Iris at the Rose Shows each year are a revelation to most people as to the beauty of these flowers. We have thousands see our fields of flowers during May and June. Those who visit the nursery once, get the habit and come often. If the Weed Landscape Nursery is still unknown to you, come out and investigate for yourself. You might like it and thus find a place to go, or to bring your visiting friends when out for a drive.

Address all communications to

The Weed Landscape Nursery

Beaverton, Oregon Portland Phone Main 9158

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

FOR

LANDSCAPE PLANTING

A CATALOG OF D E P E N D A B L E O R N A M E N T A L S FOR OUTDOOR PLANTING



1923 - 1924

The Weed Landscape Nursery Beaverton, Oregon



WINTER BLOOMING IRIS Photographed Jan. 16th

These Iris are in continuous bloom from December to April.

Planting Plans and Estimates

An inspection of stock at the nursery is invited at all times. In choosing stock at any particular season customers find only certain plants in bloom. These take their fancy and many more equally beautiful plants are overlooked because of blooming at a different season. To aid in the selection of stock for ornamental planting and to insure proper placing as regards colors, habitude and ultimate heights, we offer our landscape service.

If you contemplate the beautification of your home grounds, it is important that you know where and what to plant to produce the most pleasing effects. Shrubs and flowers, rightly placed, will add to the appearance of a home more than any other improvement one can make for a similar expenditure. In planting even a small yard, a planting plan is necessary in order to avoid inharmonious effects.

If you desire a plan of your yard, the next time we are in your locality we will take the necessary measurements and submit a planting plan to you. This plan will be drawn to scale, showing where and what trees, evergreens, shrubs and flowers should be planted, with an itemized list of all plants and their cost. In this way you will know just what it will cost for the planting of your yard. We make these plans for our customers without charge in order to show the possibilities of the correct planting of ornamental plants. The plan and list is our propositon for the improvement of your grounds.

We grow all the plants used in landscape gardening, and thus are able to furnish better plants and at less cost than can agents or gardeners. Our 20 years experience in this work is at your service for the asking. We use the broad-leaved evergreens for mass planting next to a house foundation and the flowering plants and perennials on the border of a lot, leaving the center entirely in lawn. We carry out your ideas in so far as these coincide with proper landscape design. Further information will be gladly furnished upon request.

Too often home owners leave the planting of shrubs, trees, and flowers to gardeners without experience in artistic arrangement. The result is that entirely too many varieties are placed in a group, so that the place as a whole looks overdone. It lacks that quiet, restful, appearance a home yard should possess. This is also often the case when the home owner selects the plant materials.

There is no guess work about our landscape service. We visit your home, take the measurcments of the yard. ascertain your desires, the amount you are willing to expend, submit you a planting plan showing just where and what is to be planted together with an itemized list of everything we propose to plant and its cost. After your approval, the planting is done at the proper seasor: and our work guaranteed. We can show you examples of our work right in your own locality. We will also be pleased to show you at the nursery the plants which we propose for your planting.

The Deciduous Shrubs

To this class belong those shrubs which are without leaves during the winter months. In the without leaves during the winter months. In the following list are those which produce the most flowers and by which the best landscape effects are obtained. In our landscape service we arrange them in a mass of three or more in a group, giving a selection which will flower from March until November. The plants which we furnish are from two years old un depending upon the write. two years old up, depending upon the variety. In height they range from 18 inches for the dwarf Spirea Waterer to five feet for Tartarian Honeysuckle. Mere height, however, is of no real value in a shrub. It is the root system which counts. All shrubs should have the tops well cut back when transplanted in order to promote a thrifty new growth.

Unless otherwise stated the price is fifty cents each for all the deciduous shrubs.

- ARALIA spinosa. Hercules Club. Immense com-pound leaves which give a tropical effect. In August tops covered with large clusters of white flowers followed by black berries.
- in autumn.
- BUDDLEIA magnifica. Butterfly Bush. A fast growing tall shrub beating beautiful lilac flowers. Should be cut nearly to the ground each spring.
- CORNUS sibirica. R red bark in winter. Has showy Red Dogwood.
- CYDONIA japonica. Japan Quince. With white, pink or red flowers in April. Subject, however, to San Jose scale.
- CORYLUS purpurea. Purple Filbert. Large, dark purple leaves.
- CYTISUS scorparius. Scotch Broom. Yellow flowers in spring.

globosa, A dwarf, compact form growing only 3 feet.

DEUTZIA crenata. Tall Deutzia. White flowers in June.

gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia, growing less than 3 feet.

Lemoinei. Lemoine's Deutzia. Medium in height.

DIERVILLA sessifolia. Yellow flowers in June. Beautifully colored foliage all summer. Grows 3 feet high.

EXOCHORDA grandiflora. Pearl Bush. With numercus white flowers in June. Of tall growth.

FORSYTHIA fortunei. Bright yellow flowers in March before the leaves. HYDRANGEA arborescens. Hills of Snow. With umbels of white flowers in July.

hortensis. Garden Hydrangea. Very large clusters of pink or blue flowers in summer \$1.00 paniculata grandiflora. Large-flowers in Summer 31.00
 paniculata grandiflora. Large-flowers on Hy-drangea. Large beautiful flowers on the end of the stems in August. White changing to pink.
 HOLODISCUS ariaefolia. Ocean Spray. A tall native shrub with clusters of graceful white

flowers in July.

KERRIA japonica. Double Kerria. Beautiful yellow flowers for a long time, beginning in May. Double Kerria. Beautiful

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- LONICERA tartarica. Upright Honeysuckle. Pink bell-shaped flowers in early spring followed by red berries.
 - Morrowi. Morrow's Upright Honevsuckle. White flowers.

PHILADELPHUS grandiflorus. Mock Orange. Beautiful white flowers in July which are quite fragrant. Tall.

POTENTILLA fruiticosa. Dwarf shrub with yel-low flowers in July.

PRUNUS triloba plena. Flowering Almond. The double pink flowers make this a very desirable

- RIBES sanguinium. Flowering Currant. Tall shrub with beautiful pink double flowers in March.
- ROSA rugosa. Japan Rose. The best rose for landscape use. Beautiful green foliage. Red or white flowers.
- - arguta. Large sprays of white flowers in April 3 feet.
 - With double flowers along the stem prunifolia. in April. salicifolia. Willow-leaved Spirea. 5 ft. Masses
 - of white flowers.
 - Thunbergii. A fine leaved form, leaves giving an autumn color after Sept. A mass of small white flowers in early Spring. 4 feet.
 Vanhouttei. One of the best shrubs of all. Masses of white flowers in May and of good
- b at
- foliage effect. **SORBARIA** sorbifolia. 3 ft. The first shrub to put out its leaves in Spring. Masses of fine white flowers in July.
- STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. A dwarf shrub with beautiful serrated foliage and white flowers.
- SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus. Snowberry. An Oregon native, 3 ft. Small pink flowers in April and large snow white berries in Autumn.
 vulgaris. Indian Currant. A graceful dwarf shrub with small red berries in winter, much used for house decoration. This is a fine shrub for house decoration. for use on embankments.
- SYRINGA vulgaris. flowering in May. Purple Lilac. Tall shrub

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- light feathery foliage. Delicate pink flowers in May.
- VIBURNUM lantana. Tall shrub, bearing flat cymes of white flowers followed by berries changing from green to red and black.

- changing from green to red and black. opulus. High Bush Cranberry. Tall shrub bearing red berries in clusters. sterilis. Snowball. Tall shrub with balls of white flowers in June. nanum. The most dwarf of all shrubs, growing 18 inches. Very fine and compact. tomentosum. Single Japan Snowball. Tall shrub with single white flowers followed by red berries.

rosea. Somewhat taller than the above. Beau-tiful pink flowers in June.

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Page Five

The Broad Leaved Evergreens

To this class belong those shrubs which retain their leaves in winter, their broad shining leaves distinguishing them from the Conifers. With them it is possible to make most excellent winter landscapes. In our landscape work we make "foundation plantings" practically entirely with these shrubs so that buildings may not look bare at any season. While they are not as prolific in bloom as the deciduous shrubs, many have beautiful red berries which hang on all winter and in this way produce delightful landscape effects. effects.

All our plants have been transplanted and are dug with a ball of dirt intact. They range in height from a foot for some of the dwarf Veron-icas to five feet for the tall Cotoneasters. None are less than two years old while most are three and four. The price, unless otherwise stated, is one dollar each.

BACCHARIS patigonica. A new introduction with small shining leaves, yellow flowers, 4 ft. BERBERIS Darwini. Darwin's Barberry. Medium-sized plants, with shining leaves, yellow flowers and red berries.

- buxifolia. A dwarf barberry, very compact. subcauliata. With beautiful light green foliage and drooping branches. Yellow flowers. stenophylla. Narrow leaves, slender drooping branches and yellow flowers.
- Wilsonae. Wilson's Barberry. Similiar to subcauliata.
- thozylum. Knight's Barberry. Growing 5 ft. with fine yellow flowers. Very shining light xanthozylum.
- BUXUS. Boxwood. The several varieties of this well known plant range from 6 inches to three ft. arborescens. Tree Box. 3 ft. Small dark leaves on rather stiff stems.
 - sempervirens. Upright or cone-shaped plant. Compact, with small leaves. Useful for tubs. Compact, with \$1.00 to \$3.50.

- COTONEASTER Franchetii. An upright droop-ing plant with glaucus foliage. Red berries in the autumn.

 focosa. A new variety of great merit. Medium in growth, with leathery foliage.
 hor^tzontalis. Trailing Cotoneaster. Low shrub with horizontal branches. Red berries, retained all winter. Much used for planting embank-756

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- ERICA hybrida. Scotch Heather. A low growing, small leaved shrub bearing beautitud pink flowers. Much admired.
- ESCALLONIA rosea. A tall growing shrub with pink flowers.

rubra. Red flowers and dark green folias

- EUONYMUS japonica. Tall growing snru. dark green shining foliage. with
- Useful for planting on embankments......50c
- Henryi. Taller than var, calycinum.
 HEX. Holly. A slow grower unless well watered. Eventually growing to considerable height. Can furnish in green or variegated foliage. Price \$1.00 a ft. ILEX.
- KALMIA latifolia. Mt. Laurel. Slow grower, bearing beautiful pink flowers in clusters during

- - Stauntor's. Privet. A graceful shrub with slender rather drooping branches and small bright green leaves. Covered in August with a mass of white flowers. This is the one privet which we recommend above all others either for
- NANDINA domestica. Heavenly Bamboo. An uprisht grower, with small compound leaves, which turn red in winter. White flowers fol-lowed by red berries.

- PYRACANTHA coccinea. An upright tall grow-ing shrub bearing attractive clusters of red berries in autumn.
- **RHODODENDRONS.** The most attractive of all plants when in bloom yet lacking foliage at the base for proper landscape effects. Our plants are of stocky growth with 12 to 15 buds. Can furnish in white, pink, scarlet, and lavender \$3.50
- STRANVAESIA undulata. A handsome, tall-growing shrub, the new leaves having a coppery tinge. White flowers and scarlet fruit.
- VERONICA. These are dwarf shrubs of rather recent introduction but coming into great favor in landscape planting. They are from ten inches to three feet in height, with small evergreen foliage and white, pink and red flowers, Price 75c amplexicaulis. With beautiful pink flowers.

Page Seven

buxifolia. Very dwarf growth, light green foliage.

cupressoides. Grows to three feet. Fine foliage, re-

erecta. A tall form of the buxifolia. Small

leaves and erect growth. glaucophylla. With pointed leaves of a glaucus color. 2 feet. traversii. The best known variety. White flowers.

VIBURNUM tinus. Lauristinus. Large shrub with shining green foliage. Covered in February with umbels of small pink flowers.

Perennials

The hardy perennials are the only profuse-flowering plants we grow. Of these our collec-tion is extensive. Only the most dependable va-rieties, especially those which may be used as cut flowers, are listed here. Achillea, Rosemary, Santolina, Seline, and a hundred others are omit-ted from this list, being regarded as not of real value, comparatively speaking. Our collection is quite complete, however, and orders can be filled for anything of real worth. The perennials are flowers which, once planted

The perennials are flowers which, once planted are ever present. They are best planted in a group by themselves in what has come to be known as "the perennial border." In planting it is best not to mix them with the shrubs, but rather place in front of a shrubbery background. It is better to put all the phloxes together, all the iris together, and so on, than to distribute each indiscriminately, without arrangement.

A suitable list and garden arrangement will be made up if dimensions of the space desired planted to the perennials are sent to us. There are so many good perennials that no home need are so many good perennials that no home need be without cut flowers through the year, even during the winter months, for by the time the hardy asters are gone, the Winter-blooming irus come into flower. Money spent in the purchase of perennial flowers, gives pleasure for all time and the flowers have a silent influence for the better in our lives that cannot be measured in terms of money.

better in our lives that cannot be measured in terms of money. One will be well repaid for time expended in visiting the nursery to see the perennials in flower. Each month of the year brings differ-ent flowers and the visitor will find bloom of some kind, no matter the season. The last of May or the first part of June finds acres of peonies and iris in their glory. It is strongly urged that a visit be made at this time if it is not possible to come more often.

possible to come more often. The price of all perennials, unless otherwise stated, is 25c each for strong clumps, or \$2.59 a dozen. The small, weak plants usual to the mail order trade are not handled.

ACONITUM autumnale. flowers. September. Aconite. Beautiful blue flowers. Septem ANCHUSA Italica.

Dropmore. Many small blue

flowers. June. ANEMONE. Whirlwind, white. September and October.

ANTHEMIS tinctoria Kelwayii. Pla with mass of yellow flowers. July. Plants covered

8 m 2

Page Eight

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. Pink, blue, or yellow. Spring. ARMERIA latifolia. Thrift. Beautiful pink. June. Of more dwarf growth than vulgaris. var. latifolia. ASTER. The Michaelmus Daisy. Mostly tall, fall flowering. All varieties satisfactory for garden and as cut flowers. Beauty of Colwell. Double Lavender. Beauty of Ronsdorf. Very large; heliotrope. Climax. Large bright violet. -Effie. Azure blue. Feltham Blue. Clear blue. Lil Fardell. Bright mauve. Mrs. Rayer. Crimson. Perry's White. Fine large white, Robert Parker. Pale heliotrope. Bear 2 Sensation. White. St. Egwin. Rose-pink. Subcaerulea. Bright mauve. June. The Garden. Large lavender-pink. Thompsoni. Soft blue. Tymardreath. White, with golden disc changing to red. White Queen. White. Wm. Bowman. Fine purple. BELLIS perennis. English Daisy. Dwarf, early, spring flowers in white and pink. BOCCONIA cordata. White flowers on tall coarse plant. BOLTONIA asteroides. White flowers in Sept. latisquama. Pink flowers on dwarf plant. BRAUNERIA purpurea. Purple Rudbeckia. daisy-like flower. Fine as an everlasting. Large CAMPANULA carpatica. Hair bell. Light blue. Grosseki. Dark blue bell-shaped flower. July. media. The cup and saucer Canterberry Bells. These are biennial. Pink, white, and purple flowers. persifolia. Peach bell. Light blue. June. CENTAUREA montana. Corn flower. Large blue Summer. flowers. CENTRANTHUS White, alba. Flowers all summer. rosea. Pink. rubra. Red. CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snow in Summer. Silvery foliage, white. June. Not good for cut flowers. CHRYSANTHEMUM maximum. Shasta Daisy. Large, white. Summer. Mrs. Bell. Taller and larger than var. maximum. COREOPSIS lancelata. Dwarf plant, covered with bright yellow flowers. **DELPHINIUUM belladona**. Hardy Azure blue. June and July. hybrids. Dark blue... June and July. Hardy Larkspur. DIANTHUS barbatus. Sweet William. Various colors, all Summer. Garden Pinks. In pink, white and plumarius. scarlet. DORONICUM excelsum. Large Daisy-like. March and April. ERYNGIUM amethystinum. Blue Thistle. Beau-tiful metallic flowers. Everlasting when dried. oliverianum, smaller than var, amethystinum.

FILIPENDULA ulmaria. Meadow Sweet. Delicate

GEUM. Mrs. Bradshaw. Fine red. May and June. Page Nine

- GYPOSOPHYLLA paniculata. Small white flowers in July which are good as everlastings. Added to a bouquet with other flowers will give a de-
- September.

Riverton Beauty. Lemon yellow. Flowers on tall stems. September.

Riverton Gem. Coppery red, tall. September. ELIANTHUS. Perennial Sunflower. July-Oct. HELIANTHUS. Perennial Sunflower. H. G. Moon. Yellow on strong stems. Miss Melish. Large yellow. Multiflorus. Fine double.

Rigidus. Dwarf.

HEMEROCALLIS. Yellow Day-Lily. May to Aug. Baroni. Pale yellow. July. Dumotieri. Orange, shaded brown. May.

Flava. Clear yellow. June.

Florham. Golden yellow. July. Fulva. Coppery orange. July.

June.

Gold Dust. Rich clear yellow. Ochroleuca. Pale lemon. July.

- Luteola. Orange yellow. July. Thunbergii. Rich yellow. July. HEUCHARA sanguinea. London Pride. Fine reddish flowers. June. HOLLYHOCK. Tall, in many colors. Suitable for
- background.
- background. 3. Practically all of the best and newer kinds of Iris are numbered in this collection. More than 400 varieties are kept after some hundreds have been discarded as not being up to a high standard of excellence. Iris in our collection are in constant bloom from December to the middle of July, the main showing in May, at which time thousands of visitors view the blooms. Our special Iris catalog from which this list of varieties is taken will be sent upon request. The letter S. in the descriptions refers to the standards IRIS. (upright petals) and the letter F., the falls (drooping petals).

THE WINTER BLOOMING IRIS. These Iris bloom continuously from December to April, the flowers often showing above a covering of snow. Coming at such a season they are appreciated above all other outdoor flowers.

Cyanea. Rich blue, large and handsome. Eburnea. S. almost white; F. pale yellow.

Fritjof. Lavender-purple. Helge. Lemon-yellow. Prince Victor. Blue-violet.

THE TALL BEARDED IRIS. Flowers during May and early June. Flower stalks from two to three feet.

Page Ten

Sherwin Wright. Golden-yellow thruout......50c Trosuperba. S. pale blue; F. clear violet......50c MISCELLANEOUS IRIS.

.

JAPANESE IRIS. These come into flower after all all the other Iris are gone. Best grown in direct sunlight with plenty of water just before flow-ering. These varieties are select. Each....50c Angel's den. Vincus purple, speckled grey. 6 petals.

Cloud dress. Purple, margined grey. 6 petals. Gold bound. Large pure white. 6 petals. Kuro kumo. Deep purple, overlaid with blue. 6

petals.

Osho. Tyrain blue. 6 petals.

oyodo. Large violet blue. 3 petals. Shiga. Red lavender, with white halo. 6 petals. SPANISH IRIS. The iris with slender flowers so much used in decorations by the florists. They have been off the market for some years but are now offered because of increased supply. Price 25c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

Belle Chinoise. Dark-yellow.

humboldt. Light blue. Snowball. Pure white.

KNIPHOFIA. Red Hot Poker.

erecta. Petals erect on the stalk. Bright red. August-September.

foliosa. Spring flowering. Bright red. pfitzeri. Red and yellow. August and September. LESPEDEZA Sieboldii. A tall shrubby perennial bearing beautiful pink-purple flowers in Sep-tember. tember UM candidum. Madonna Lily. Beautiful LILIUM

Mahonoy. Deep mahogany-maroon. Oriflamme. Fine orange-scarlet. Rose Queen. Delicate rose-pink. Royal Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet.

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PEONIES. The Weed Peonies form the most com- plete collection in the west. More than 500
varieties are grown, those varieties scoring un-
plete collection in the west. More than 500 varieties are grown, those varieties scoring un- der 7.5 on a basis of 10 for perfection, having been discarded. Thus every variety listed is of superior merit. It is not true that "all peonies are good," except to those who know not the ex- cellence of the best varieties. Our special poony catalog will be sent on request.
superior merit. It is not true that "all peoples
are good," except to those who know not the ex-
cellence of the best varieties. Our special
KED FEUNIES.
Officinalis rubra. Very early
Adolphe Rousseau. The best red, midseason \$2.00
Rubra superba. The last to bloom\$1.00
PINK PEONIES.
Alexandriana. Light pink, early
Edulis superba, Dark pink, early
Modeste Guerin. Mid-season\$1.00
Mme. Emile Galle. Late\$1.00
WHITE PEONIES.
Festiva maxima. Early
Mme. Crousse. Midseason
BEST SINGLE WHITE.
Albiflora. The Bride\$2.00
BEST JAPANESE.
Cascade. White, resembles a water-lily2.09
Daybreak. Rose-pink1.00
THE BEST PEONY OF ALL.
Reine Hortense. Large full rose-pink, with bloom size of a small cabbage. Will last as cut flower for two weeks if picked in bud\$5.00
for two weeks if picked in bud\$5.00
PHLOX. Phlox are the most admired flowers of
July and August. More than sixty varieties
PHLOX. Phlox are the most admired flowers of July and August. More than sixty varieties are included in our collection. The phlox are rather dwarf plants with great clusters of flowers in various colors, mostly white, pink or red. No collection of neurophale is computed to the red.
ers in various colors, mostly white, pink or red.
No confection of perennals is complete without
these plants.
Beauty. Beautiful pink, dark center. Esclarmonde. Dark rose pink, red eye.
Europa. Large white, crimson eye.
Jeanne D'Arc. Fine late white.
Kossuth. Carmine-violet.
La Vague. Bluish-violet, dark center.
Mme. Paul Dutrie. Soft pink. Mrs. Fryer. Vigorous white.
Rubus. Light carmine-violet.
W. C. Egan. Soft pink.
POLYGONUM affine. Low growing; with beautiful
bright rose-red flowers in September. cuspidatum. Tall rather coarse plant. Fine for
hadronound White July
PRIMULA auricula. Primrose. Various colors. Fine rock plants. April.
Fine rock plants. April. polyantha. English Primrose. Yellow, bronze, red
or white.
PYRETHRUM roseum. Resembles the Shasta
Daisy. Pink. RANUNCULUS acris fl. pl. Double Buttercup.
Yellow. June.
RUDBECKIA lacineata. Golden Glow. Large
double, yellow. nitida. A tall grower, single, yellow.
nitida. A tall grower, single, yellow. speciosa. Black-eyed Susan. Dwarf grower.
Yellow petals, dark center.
SALVIA azurea. Exquisite blue. Flowers on long stem. September.
SAXIFRAGA cordifolia. One of the first flowers of spring. Thick metallic leaves. Fink flowers in
clusters.
Page Twelve

SCABIOSA caucasica. Fine blue, July-September. SIDALCEA. Rose Queen. Pink flower on tall stems. June.

STATICE incana. Small white flowers, good ever-

lasting. June-September. STOKESIA cyanea. Corn Flower. Lavender-blue, June-September.

VALERIANA officinalis. Garden heliotrope. RosevALENTATA cincinaris. Garden nenorope. tinted. June-July. VERONICA spicata alba. Dwarf plant.

White. June-August. corymbosa. Blue.

VIOLA cornuta. Blue-violet. Pretty, but flowers small.

The Conifers

To this class belong those evergreens which bear cones, as distinct from the "broad leaved evergreens." cones, as distinct from the "broad leaved evergreens." Most of the Conifers become large trees. This must be taken into consideration in their planting. In landscape work they are mostly used as specimen plants at one side of the lawn. All of our Conifers have been several times transplanted. Plants can thus be lifted with a ball of dirt intact. In digging the roots are completely wrapped with burlap. Conifers are slow of growth and thus compara-tively expensive. Unless otherwise stated the price is one dollar per foot. With most varieties any size up to six feet can be furnished, but those from two to three feet are recommended for general planting.

three feet are recommended for general planting.

ABIES Concolor. The Concolor Fir. With silvery green foliage. One of the best. CEPHALOTAXIS Fortunei. Japanese Yew. Dark green slender leaves.

CEDRUS deodora. Deodora Cedar. Beautiful glaucus leaves.

CHAMEACYPARIS Lawsoniana. Lawson's Cypress. An Oregon Native, with delicate feathery foliage.

- erecta viridis. A dwarf erect form, with bright green foliage.
- alumii. A compact dwarf form with bluish metal-lic foliage.

pisifera. Retinospora. Leaves fine and pointed. plumosa. Of dense conical growth.

CUPRESSUS macrocarpa. Monterey Cypress. Of

upright rapid growth. JUNIPERUS hibernica. Irish Juniper. A pretty graceful conifer with deep green leaves and upright branches

sabina. Prostrate Juniper. A dwarf spreading form with trailing branches.

PICEA engelmannii. Engelmann's Spruce. A fine compact tall grower.

pugens glauca. Blue Spruce. Considered the most beautiful of the spruces. Rich blue color on the beautiful of the spruces. new growth. \$1.50 per foot. US baccata. English Yew. Spreading branches

TAXUS baccata. English Y and narrow dark leaves.

and narrow dark leaves.
THUJA fastigiata. Pyramidal Arbor-vitae. An upright form, rather closely compact.
aurea. Golden Arbor-vitae. Of beautiful golden foliage on the new growth. \$1.50 per foot.
orientalis decussata. Rosedale Arbor-vitae. The most beautiful conifer for tubs or small single specimens. Very compact dwarf growing, with silvery new growth. \$1.50 per foot.
TSUGA mertensiana. Western Hemlock. Slender pendulons branches. Foliage, dark green above,

Foliage.dark green above, pendulous branches. almost white beneats.

Climbing Vines

BOSTON IVY. Glossy green leaves, clinging to brick or stone
CLEMATIS paniculata. White fragrant flowers 50c
HONEYSUCKLE. Hall's Japan, leaves evergreen 50c
ENGLISH IVY. Thick shining leaves50c
JASMINE. Bright yellow flowers50c
ENGELMANN'S IVY. An improved Virginia Creeper which clings50c
WISTERIA. Purple or white\$1.00
POLYGONUM Auberti. The best climber of all. A rapid grower covered all summer with clusters of beautiful white flowers

Ornamental Grasses

CORTADERIA argentea. Pampas Grass. Long, narrow drooping leaves with silvery plumes in autumn
ELYMUS glaucus. Light blue narrow leaves, 50c
ERIANTHUS ravennae. Plume Grass. Numerous narrow leaves and showy plumes
MISCANTHUS sinensis. Chinese Miscanthus. Nar- sis, with white midrib50c
gracillima. Leaves more narrow than var, sinen- row, drooping leaves50c
variegata. Striped Miscanthus. Leaves longitu- dinally striped with green and silvery yellow 50c
zebrina. Zebra Grass. Leaves branded cross- wise50c
PHILARIS arundinacea picta. Ribbon Grass. Dwarf growing, with distinctly variegated foliage, 50c
TRACHYCARPUS excelsa. Hardy Palm. The only palm for growing outdoors in Oregon, \$2.00
YUCCA filamentosa. Yucca. Clusters of white flowers

Shade Trees

Shade trees are used for both lawn and street planting. The Mt. Ash, Cut-leaved Birch, Laburnum and Maples are especially desirable for lawn planting, while the Norway Maple, Linden and Horse Chestnut are best for street planting Our trees are several times transplanted, thus having a fine root system which assures successful growth after leaving the nursery.

Prices are for medium sized trees, best suited for planting. In most varieties both smaller or larger sizes can be furnished, the size governing the price.

AMERICAN WHITE ASH. A tall growing tree of upright habit. 8-10 feet\$1.00
PURPLE BEECH. Dark purple foliage, changing to red. 5-7 feet\$1.50
JAPAN WEEPING CHERRY. A beautiful single flowering cherry with pink blooms about April first. Much admired\$3.00
DOUBLE FLOWERING CHERRY. Another Ja- panese tree with large double flowers the last of April. Very fine for single specimens in the lawn
FLOWERING CRAB. Beautiful double flowers in May. Another fine lawn tree
BOX ELDER. The Ash-leaved maple. 8-10 feet \$1.00
AMERICAN ELM. Grows very tall. 8-10 feet \$1.00
CAMPERDOWN ELM. A weeping form useful as an arbor\$3.00
HAWTHORN. Scarlet flowering, 6-8 feet\$2.00
HORSE CHESTNUT. White flowering, 6-8 ft. \$1.00 Red flowering. 6-8 feet\$1.50
LABURNUM. Golden Chain. A fine small lawn tree, with clusters of golden flowers in June. 6-8 feet\$1.50
LINDEN. American Basswood. 6-8 feet\$1.00
BLACK LOCUST. A rapid grower with beautiful compound leaves. 8-10 feet\$1.00
NORWAY MAPLE. The most satisfactory shade tree for street planting. 8-10 feet\$1.50
OREGON MAPLE. A fast growing large tree. 8-10 feet\$1.00
SUGAR MAPLE. Similar to the Oregon Maple. 8-10 feet\$1.00
MT. ASH. A beautiful shade tree with clusters of red berries in autumn. 5-7 feet\$1.50
CAROLINA POPLAR. Rapid grower of spreading habit. 8-10 feet\$1.00
LOMBARDY POPLAR. An erect, rapid grower. 10-12 feet\$1.00
PURPLE-LEAVED PLUM. A small tree with reddish leaves, suitable for the lawn, 5-6 ft. \$1.50
CUT-LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH. A beautiful weeping tree, white bark, useful for lawn plan- ting. 8-10 feet\$2.50
SYCAMORE. Much used for street planting. 5-6 feet\$1.59
PIN OAK. Of compact habit, slow grower, 6-3 feet\$2.09

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Roses are justly popular for the beauty of their flowers, yet they lack foliage for proper landscape effects. For this reason they should be planted either in a special place where they may be cultivated, or placed in front of taller shrubs. When planted in the single straight row as usual in Portland, they make anything but a successful landscape. If they must be in the front yard, they fit into the landscape scheme best by rounding out the border planting at the front corners with them.

The following comprise most of the standard sorts. We can furnish any variety desired and will be pleased to give prices on request.

CECILE BRUNNER. The small buttonhole rose. Bluish white\$1.09 COLUMBIA. New. A very fine pink......\$1.00 EDWARD MAWLEY. Large deep crimson ... \$1.00 FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Best large white 60c GEN. McARTHUR. Dark velvety crimson 60c GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Rich crimson scarlet ... 60c HOOSIER BEAUTY. Velvety crimson \$1.00 HUGH DICKSON. Brilliant crimson-scarlet ... 75c IRISH ELEGANCE. Single. Apricot......\$1.00 J. B. CLARK. Bright crimson shaded marroon .. 75c JOSEPH HILL. Salmon pink, shaded yellow and LADY HILLINGDON. Orange yellow......\$1.00 LOS ANGELES. Pink, toned with coral. New \$1.25 Mme. CAROLINE TESTOUT. The well known Mme. EDWARD HARRIOTT. Vivid terracotta \$1.00 OPHELIA. Orange salmon buds, opening to pink. Price \$1.00

Climbing Roses

"Say it With Flowers"

URS is the nursery that is different. We believe in saying it with flowers in your home which are grown in your own yard. We show you what are the best flowers-those which can be grown with the least trouble. In the nursery we are constantly experimenting with new varieties, most of which are disappointing. But in this modest list we give only those plants which we can recommend and in this respect this booklet is different from most nursery catalogs. From an advertising standpoint it is the flowery descriptions which sell the plants. In this respect you may be disappointed in this catalog for we aim to mention only those plants which are truly of merit and to give only short descriptions of these.

We hope and expect your confidence, not only in our landscape service and the plants we offer, but in the prices asked. We claim to give the best possible service and this at a moderate cost.

There IS such a thing as ART out of dcors. May we show it to you?

