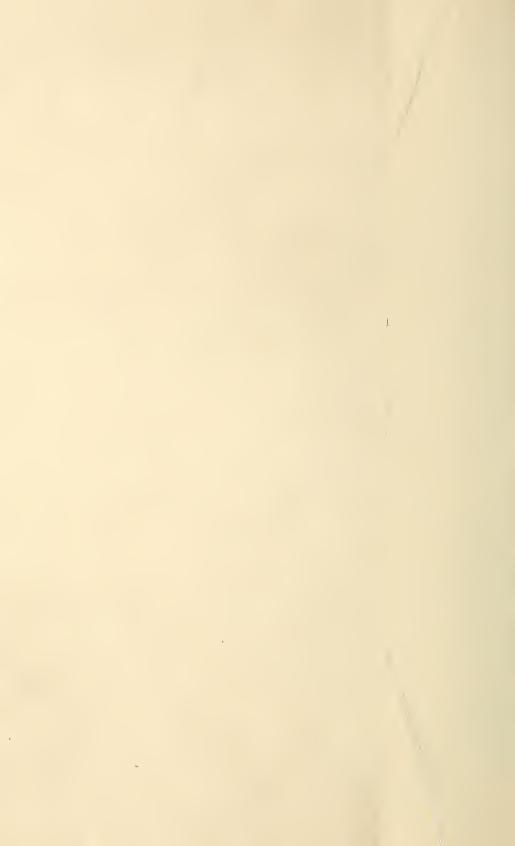
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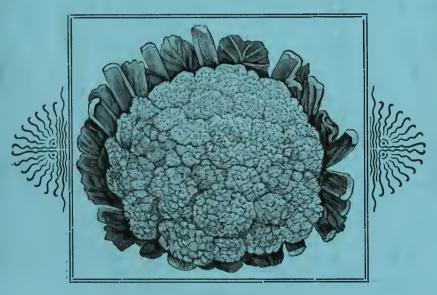
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ESTABLISHED 1878.

# JOS. F. Dickmann's PRICE LIST AND ILLUSTRATED

# CATALOGUE OF SEEDS

FOR THE SEASON 1892.



# -CONTENTS:

DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF

Vegetable, : Flower, : Grass : and : Clover : Seeds,

AND EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR THE FARM OR GARDEN.

Gravois and Oregon Aves.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

# JO OUR USTOMERS.

TAKE great pleasure in presenting you with our Illustrated Catalogue for the year 1892, and trust to receive your orders for anything you may need in Flowers, Vegetables and Field Seeds the coming season.

I have endeavored to make my Catalogue as complete and compact as possible, avoiding all lengthy descriptions or the presentation of innumerable old-time varieties, which, in the natural march of events, have been superseded by newer and better sorts, except where such have become standard varieties. The Seeds which I offer have been carefully grown and selected for me, and with the greatest care, and I recommend them to you as being, so far as my efforts could make them, true to name, of the highest germination, and of the very best quality.

# NOTICE.

All Seeds mentioned in this Catalogue, are also put up in five (5) cent packages.

Price for seeds in large quantities on application.

duplicate

# -: FERTILIZERS:-

FOR THE GARDEN, FARM AND LAWN.

Terms: Cash with order. Freight Charges always to be paid by the Purchaser.

Commercial Fertilizers are sure to come into more general use in the West as fast as they are tried. Their quick and direct action commend them to the gardener and farmer. The enormous quantites sold in the East gives the best evidence of its utility and value. The quantity to use per acre depends on the crop to be cultivated and cultivation of soil.

We name only such Fertilizers which a long experience enables us to offer with confidence, not only that they are of uniform composition and well worth the prices asked, but the best in the market.

Ground Bone Meal for Farm Purposes, consists of bone with more or less flesh, etc., adhering, which have had the grease removed, and have been subsequently pulverized. It contains a high percentage of phosphate of lime, the phosphoric acid of which is, on account of its highly pulverized state, is soon available to the plant, and there is also nearly three per cent of nitrogen, available in part, at once, and the rest during the season. Ground bone may be applied alone, or in composts. It may be dropped in the hill, or drill, before planting, and, unless in masses, rarely injures even the most delicate seeds. It will take from 200 to 500 pounds to the acre, according to crop. Only good results to the crop, however, will follow applications of even very large quantities. Per 10 lbs., 40c.; per 25 lbs., 75c.; per 50 lbs., \$1.25; per 100 lbs., \$2.00; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$35.00.

Plain Superphosphate.—This is a mineral phosphate which has been dissolved with sulphuric acid in order to make it available; called a Plain Superphosphate because it contains no ammonia or potash. It contains twelve to fifteen per cent soluble and available phosphoric acid. Per 100 lbs, \$1.75; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$32.00. We do not sell less than 100 lbs.

Peruvian Guano, First Quality.—Guano contains phosphate of lime in a very easily soluble condition, a large quantity of ammonia, and a small quantity of potash. All its valuable ingredients are partially soluble in water, and almost all the rest are soon available; hence, it is very active and efficient as a fertilizer. We recommend that Guano be always sifted, and be mixed with at least twice its bulk of sifted earth, and shoveled over until thoroughly mingled. If sowed broadcast, it should be harrowed or brushed in immediately, as the hot sun volatilizes the ammonia. The quantity applied per acre varies with soils and crops, from 200 to 500 pounds; but it must always be employed with caution. Per 10 lbs., 75c.; per 25 lbs., \$1.50; per 50 lbs., \$2.50; per 100 lbs., \$4.50; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$80.00. Less than 10 lbs., 10c. lb.

Nitrate of Soda.—95 to 98 per cent purity, 18½ to 19½ per cent ammonia. This comes from Chili, and is a valuable source of ammonia. It looks like common, coarse white salt, and should be sown broadcast, and it is very important to sow evenly. Sow 400 to 500 pounds to the acre. Per 25 lbs., \$1.25; per 50 lbs., \$2.25; per 100 lbs., \$4.00; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$70.00.

Land Plaster or Gypsum may be regarded as a Fertilizer, though acting indirectly, and is of well-known value, especially at a distance from the sea coast. It seems to have a specific effect upon clover and is useful upon potatoes, grass and grain. Per bbl. (about 275 lbs.), \$1.75; 5 bbls., \$8.50; 10 bbls., \$16.00; F. O. B. St. Louis. We do not sell less than a barrel.

Universal Fertilizer is guaranteed to be uniform in composition, to contain not less than five per cent of ammonia, four per cent of actual potash, and eight per cent of soluble phosphoric acid. It is in the form of fine powder, and is very dry and easily mixed with the soil; it may be composted, sowed by hand, or sowed by the drill, or broadcast plaster sower. It may be freely sowed broadcast upon grass or growing grain with the best effect, using 300 to 500 pounds per acre. To give a teaspoonful to each hill of corn requires about 300 to 600 pounds to the acre, according to the space between the hills; wheat

requires 200 to 500 pounds; rye, 200 to 300 pounds; oats, 200 to 400 pounds; grass, 200 to 500 pounds; buckwheat, 150 to 250 pounds; potatoes, 250 to 500 pounds; turnips, 200 to 300 pounds; roots, in drills, 200 to 300 pounds. Garden soil for general crops requires 400 to 600 pounds, well mixed with soil, and for some crops direct application besides, equal to as much more. Per 100 lbs., \$2.25; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$40.00. We do not sell less than 100 lbs.

Lawn Fertilizer, or Lawn Enricher.—A clean, portable and convenient lawn dressing, for New or Old Lawns. It should be sown broadcast in the spring or fall, though it can be put on during summer without injury or danger of burning the grass, and a remarkable improvement will soon be observed. The quantity required per acre varies according to the condition of the lawn, from 800 to 1,000 pounds; for a space 15x20 feet or 300 feet square, a 10-lb. package will be sufficient. Per 5 lbs., 25c.; per 10 lbs., 40c.; per 25 lbs., 75c.; per 50 lbs., \$1.50; per 100 lbs., \$2.50; per ton (2,000 lbs.), \$45.00.

Bowker's Food for Flowers.—For House Plants.—An excellent Fertilizer for house plants. Clean to handle, without odor, produces rich, green growth and profusion of flowers, if used according to directions, which accompany each package. Small package, 15c., or by mail, 20c. Large package, enough for twenty plants, six months, 25c., or by mail, 40c.

## SLUG SHOT-THE BEST INSECT DESTROYER





Non-poisonous; no danger need be apprehended by the person applying it, nor will it injure chickens or animals should they eat it, unless in large quantities. It does not render injurious the vegetables or fruit on which it is applied, and yet it is probably the best insect destroyer ever offered for the destruction of potato bugs, cucumber, melon and squash bugs, turnip and cabbage fly, and all worms and insects. No mixing or other preparation required. It comes ready to be applied, and is simply dusted or blown lightly on, so that it reaches all parts of the plant. The quantities of Hammond's Slug Shot needed for the acre varies, according to the number and size of the plants, from ten to forty pounds. For further information, send for our little book on Slug Shot.

Price per 5 lbs., 30c.; 10 lbs., 50c.; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$4.00; bbl., 235 lbs, loose in bulk, \$8.50.

#### IMPLEMENTS FOR THE ECONOMICAL AND EFFECTIVE USE OF SLUG SHOT.

The Duster is for applying Slug Shot on potatoes, cabbage and vine crops. These dusters are two sizes, holding half gallon and gallon, and are bottomed with very finely perforated material, which allows of even application of the Slug Shot. Price, 30 and 45 cents each.

The Complete Garden Bellow.—This implement is intended for use among the roses, shrubs and small trees. The tubes are sectional. You can get under the leaves, over the leaves, or sideways. Price, \$1.25.

Canister.—This can holds half a pint and can be refilled; it has a screw top, perforated with fine and close small holes. Is well suited for ladies' use on house plants and for flowers. Price, filled, 25c., or by mall postpaid, 40c.

Hammond's Grape Dust is a preparation to kill the destructive mildew that strikes the grape vine, affecting leaves, fruit and stem. Price per 5 lbs., 30c.; 10 lbs., 50c.; 100 lbs., \$4.00. Express or freight charges on the above Slug Shot and Impl ments always to be paid by the purchaser.

# THE "BOSS SPRINKLER"

#### NAND WHAT IT WILL DO.K



A Man Can Do from Four to Five Times the Work that Can be Done with a Common Sprinkling Pot and Save One-Half Paris Green.

One-quarter of a pound of Paris Green will go as far as a pound used in a Sprinkling Pot. One man can sprinkle four to five rows while one is being done by an Old Style Sprinkler. One can full of water and one teaspoonful of Paris Green will sprinkle between nine and ten hundred hills of potatoes, five cans full of water and five teaspoonfuls of Paris Green will sprinkle one acre of potatoes, three feet apart each way.

## The Reason Why You Should Use the "Boss Sprinkler."

It is not hard work to carry it. You do not burn the vines as you do when you use Plasters. The "Boss Sprinkler" can be used on Cotton Plants as well as potato. Also for sprinkling Carbolic Acid Water in Hen Houses, Poultry Yards, etc. Price, \$3.50.

# FOX'S POTATO BUG EXTERMINATOR.



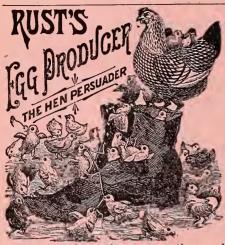
The best machine in the world for applying Liquid Poison to Plant, Vine or Bush.

Price, \$5.00.

Full descriptions and directions how to use will be sent with every machine.







"You can feed for Eggs just as you can feed for Milk, Beef or Fat Pork," and you can get plenty of

# EGGS AT ALL SEASONS

BY USING \* \*

# RUST'S EGG PRODUCER

Trade (THE HEN PERSAUDER.) Mark.

This preparation supplies just what nature needs for producing Eggs, Plumage, Growth and Devel-opment, and in the exact pro-portions required. This exactness makes it so much more effective and

economical than other preparations or home-made mixtures. It is entirely unlike those stimulating powders advertised to make hens lay, and, therefore, does not exhaust and damage fowls as they do. It contains only just enough stimulants (less than four per cent.) to aid digestion, just as we use a very small quantity of mustard and pepper in our own food for the

same purpose.

Its composition also includes valuable tonics and remedial agents to ensure perfect assimilation and robust health, without which the best results cannot be secured. Thus, it is of great advantage to fowls, while increasing their laying power, just as cows are benefitted when their milk is increased by proper means, or as soil is enriched when fertilization produces larger crops. Given frequently to young chicks (a tablespoonful to each quart of meal)

it keeps them healthy and enables nearly every chick to be brought to maturity. And it so increases their growth and development that they are earlier ready for market or laying. It also makes tardy pullets prompt to lay, shortens the moulting period of fowls, and prevents and cures leg weakness and many other diseases.

Although especially valuable in winter, in consequence of the high price of eggs, it is of great value at all seasons and many are using it, with decided advantage, the whole year round. It is equally useful for Turkeys, Ducks, Geese and Hens, and is, in short, just what is needed to make egg-producing

and fowl raising a very profitable pursuit.

PRICES OF OUR PREPARATIONS.
Climax Condition Powder, liberal package, 25 cents. If by mail, add 15 cents for postage. 5 lb. box (net weight and equal to six packages), \$1.00. The Dollar size is the favorite with Farmers, Livery Stable Keepers, Poultry Fanciers, etc.

Roup Pills, 25 cents per box of 48 pills. Sent per mail on receipt of price.

RUST'S EGG PRODUCER.

1 lb. box, 25 cents; 2½ lb. box, 50 cents; 6 lb. box, \$1.00; 10 lb. box, \$1.50; 25 lb. keg, \$3.50; 100 lb. keg, \$13.50; 200 lb. bbl., \$26.00; 250 lb. bbl., \$32.50.

Net weights. If by mail, add 16 cents per pound for postage. On each package are full directions and important hints about getting eggs in winter.

Although moderate in price, Rust's Egg Producer is not too cheap to be the best Egg Food in existence and it is of such concentrated strength it can be used every day for 3 weeks at a cost of from 1 to 2 cents for each fowl, according to size purchased.

NOTICE - Although Rust's Egg Producer prevents and cures many diseases, we are confident that there is only one real cure for Gapes and Fowl Cholera, and that is Rust's Havens' Climax Condition Powder.





#### THE "GRANGER" HAND BROADCAST SEEDER

FOR SOWING WHEAT, OATS, HEMP, BARLEY, RYE, BUCKWHEAT, GRASS SEED, RICE, FLAX, ETC., ETC.

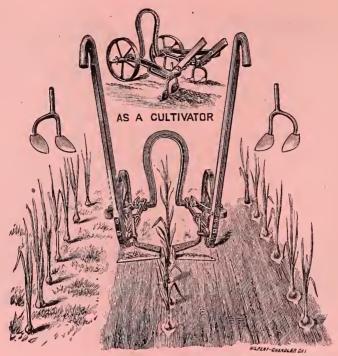
Sows on an average six (6) acres per hour at a common walking gait. A person entirely unused to sowing by hand can use this machine with perfect success and do much better work than can possibly be done by hand, and as the seed is distributed so much more evenly there is a great saving in seed, over hand sowing.

The bag and hopper will hold about 22 quarts, as much as a man would

wish to carry.

Full directions for operating accompany each machine. Price, "Granger" Broadcast Seeder, \$3.00.





AS A HOE

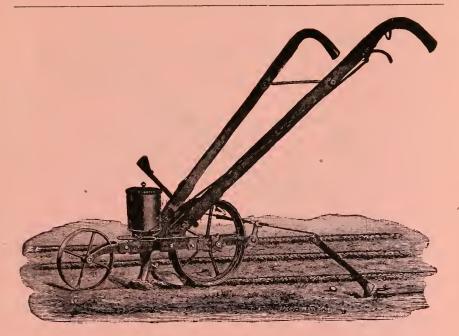
# McGEE GARDEN CULTIVATOR.

THE TWO ABOVE VIEWS SHOW THE TOOL AT WORK IN THE FIELD, BOTH AS A "HOE" AND AS A "CULTIVATOR."

W. H. Holmes, Davenport, Iowa, says: "I raised onions in this country in 1853, and for the past few years have grown a few acres every year. During the last named period I have used the best machines I could get, dropping good to take whatever was better, and I now take pleasure in saying that the McGee Garden Cultivator, for onion cultivation, as I tried it in my field the past season, is the simplest and best I have ever seen for quickly and thoroughly cleaning and stirring both sides of a row, while it is a safe and rapid lifter of the ripe crop."

John Orris, Scott County, Iowa, writes: "I have tried a good many garden and onion cultivators, of all descriptions and kinds, but have not found any that equal James McGee's Onion Cultivator, and I would recommend it to all onion and vegetable raisers."

- J. E. Matthews, Davenport, Iowa, writes: "I purchased one of Mr. McGee's Cultivators last season, which gave me the greatest satisfaction. The best implement I ever used. No vegetable raiser should be without one."
- W. C. Johnson, a large onion grower of Berea, Ohio, writes: "The McGee Garden Cultivator is the best one I ever saw."



## THE "DEERE" GARDEN SEED DRILL.

This is a companion tool to the McGee Garden Cultivator or Spring Hoe.

To be cultivated easily and thoroughly, garden and field vegetables must
be accurately and nicely drilled and covered, and to secure this a good drill is
indispensable. It cannot be done by hand.

Having begun the manufacture of a Garden Cultivator, we soon had a demand for a Drill, and to be able to supply it we spent one season in observing the work of different Garden Drills, learning their advantages and defects and experimenting on a Drill that would combine the one and overcome the other. The result is the Deere Garden Drill, of which the above is a cut. In neatness and thoroughness of mechanical construction, no tool built shows more care, and in convenience of handling and quality of work, it is unexcelled.

It has had two season's successful trade, and all who have tried it are loud in its praise. See testimonial at bottom of page 51-A; we have plenty of others like this, but no space to publish them here.

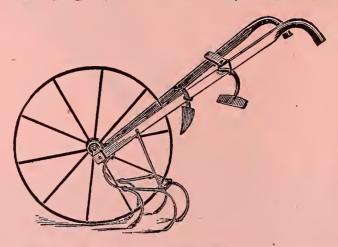
It has been thoroughtly tested with all kinds of seed, and drills anything from celery to corn to suit the operator; does not injure the seed, distributes the seed evenly in a narrow straight line, plants at an even depth, and covers and presses the soil over the seed in such manner as to insure certain and quick germination. An adjustable gauge wheel accurately regulates the depth of planting. Changes for dropping different kinds of seed or for different amounts of the same kind can be made without removing the seed from the box or the machine from the ground. Markers for indicating the place for the next row are provided and do not need changing from side to side. The drill can be instantly thrown into or out of gear without stopping or without letting go of the handles.

It is built entirely or iron, except the handles, and is lighter than any of the standard drills in the market, is compact and easy to store and ship, and has no loose or extra parts to get scattered and lost. These considerations have justly made the "Deere" Garden Drill a favorite with all who need such a tool for sowing small seeds.

#### PRICE.

"Deere" Garden Seed Drill (shipping weight, 30 lbs.)..... \$7 50

#### FOUND AT LAST.



The latest, simplest, best and easiest running tool that has ever been manufactured.

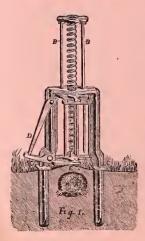
The high wheel and points or shovels operating under that wheel is an accomplishment not attained heretofore, and must be seen in operation in the ground to be appreciated.

This tool can be operated at 11, 9, 6 and 3 inches, thus adapting itself to all kinds of vegetables and berries, particularly STRAWBERRIES. It can be operated at a two-mile per hour gait, thus saving largely of time.

In addition to above cut there is a grass cutter goes with each machine. This tool, if properly handled, makes weeds an impossibility.

Price, \$7.00.

## J. H. OLMSTED'S RELIABLE MOLE TRAP.



In this we have a useful trap. It is so simple in construction and so safe to handle, that a child may set it with the same facility as a grown person. It combines all the good points of traps of similar make, and on account of low price has become very popular.

PRICE, \$1.50.

If by mail add 50 cents to prepay postage. Extra springs, 15 cents each.

"GROUND MOLES, Their Habits and How to Catch Them," by J. H. Olmsted. This is an interesting little book, containing wood cuts of the Mole and of the fortress it builds. Bound in attractive red and blue enameled covers, sent with every machine.



No novelty that has ever been sent out has received as wide distribution, in so short a time as Henderson's Bush Lima. Three years ago the entire stock of this variety was growing on an obscure plantation in Virginia; today it will be found in almost every garden on this continent. This has been due to its great merit, which the public were quick to recognize as soon as it was brought to their attention. One of the most valuable characteristics of the Bush Lima Bean is its extreme earliness, as it comes in from two tothree weeks ahead of any of the climbing Limas,

thus supplying us with a delicious vegetable at a time when the garden is somewhat bare, filling in, as it does, the gap between Peas and the Pole Limas. The small size of Henderson's Bush Lima, which at first was urged as an objection to it, has proved one of the strongest points in its favor, as the public, rightly enough, prefer small beans, always associating great size in beans or peas with coarser quality.

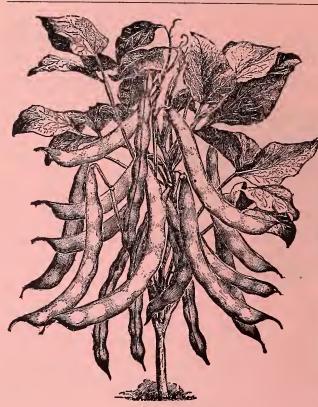
Henderson's Bush Lima is enormously productive, bearing continuously throughout the summer until killed by the frost. Its greatest merit. of course, lies in the fact that it is a true bush variety, requiring no support from stakes or poles, but at the same time, the experience of all who have grown it has been, that it excels as well in quality, quantity and earliness. (See cut.) 5 cents per packet; 30 cents per half pint; 55 cents per packet; 20 onto per gallon. per pint; 90 cents per quart; \$2.00 per gallon.

# DICKMANN'S NEW **JERSEY** TOMATO.

One of the finest sorts; large, solid, smooth, bright red.

5c. packet; 30c. per oz.; \$2.50 per lb.





IMPROVED

# RED VALENTINE BEAN.

Is ten days earlier than any other strain of this well-known variety.

Habit of growth similar to the regular round pod Red Valentine, so long known to the trade. Fully two weeks earlier; much more prolific; pods unusually thick and fleshy, of the finest quality, unequalied in uniformity of ripening. Nearly the whole crop can be taken at one picking, making this the most desirable for market gardeners, as its earliness and evenness in growth enables them to market their entire crop before the ordinary Red Valentine is in condition for the first picking. (Sec cut.)

Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; peck, \$2.00; bushel, \$6.50.

# ONION SETS.

1 quart to 20-40 feet of drill; 8 to 12 bushels, depending on size, to set an acre in drills. Express or freight charges always to be paid by the purchaser.

We have no other Onion Sets than those named below. On account of the early publication of this Catalogue, we cannot guarantee prices given, but to avoid unnecessary delay and writing, we will fill orders sent and will give as many as the money sent will pay for. If Onion Sets are wanted to be sent by mail, 15 cents per quart mnst be added to prepay postage.

Bottom Onions, or Onion Sets, are produced by sowing the seed thickly late in the spring, in beds or drills, and about the end of July, or whenever the tops die down, the little bulbs or sets are gathered and kept spread thinly in a dry airy loft, and reset in the spring to make large Onions.

Yellow Bottom Sets-Quart, 20c.; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

White Bottom Sets-Quart, 25c.; peck, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.00.

Red Top, or Button Onions, are the little round bulbs growing on top of the stalk, and are planted early in the spring in shallow twelve inch drills, about four inches apart, slightly covered, and will produce large Onions maturing much earlier than from the seed. If the large Onions are planted again in the spring they will produce a number of small bulbs, growing on the top of the stalk, which serve as a substitute for seed in propagation. Weight, 28 pounds per bushel. Pound, 20c.; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.00.

Potato Onions should be planted in March and April. Select the large bulbs, place them ten inches apart, with the crown of the bulbs just below the surface of the ground. Quart, 20c.; peck, \$1.25, bushel, \$4.50.

Garlic (Knoblauck—Plant in April or May, one inch deep, in drills fourteen inches apart, and from 5 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Keep the soil loose and free from weeds, and when fully grown, which will be about the end of July, the bulbs may be harvested like the Onion. Lb., 20c.; 10 lbs., \$1.75. If by mail, add 10c. per pound to prepay postage.

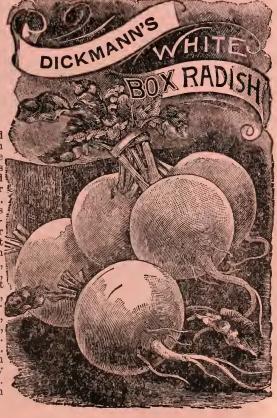
Wild Top, or Winter Onions—These Onion Sets look like Top Onions. They are planted in September, and are used for early spring Onions, for eating green. They do not produce an onion, but top sets of filberts only, Ready for shipment in September. Price upon application.

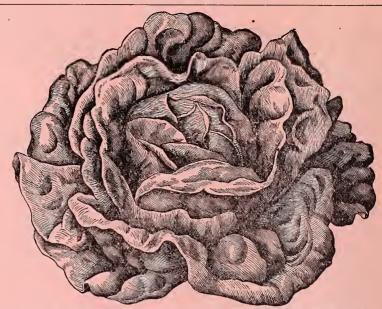


This new Radish, introduced by us three years ago, has already taken a leading place with our market and family gardeners. It is the earliest, largest White Radish known. Owing to their beautiful half-long shape and fine appearance they readily sell at double the prices of ordinary varieties. Quality very superior and they hold their fine eating condition four or five weeks after being fit to pull. They stand heat and drought to a remarkable extent, small top and slow to run to seed. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; one-fourth pound, 25c.; pound, 75c.

# DĮCKMANN'S WHITE BOX RADISH.

No radish we have ever introduced as met with so large a sale and gave such eneral satisfaction to growers as the hiladelphia White Box. Our customers ere, however, no doubt gratified and arprised to find we offered last season for ne first a still better and more desirable Radish, ckmann's White Box Radish. It possesses If the excellent qualities of the now poplar Philadelphia White Box, and is superior the following respects: In the first: lace the shape is rounder and much and somer, as shown in our engraving, lade from Nature. It is also earlier, ith fewer and shorter leaves; hence it in be sown more thickly in the row, nabling the grower to raise at least oneaird more Radishes in the same space, hether under glass, in frames or boxes, r on squares or borders in open ground. is indeed a model, perfect in all respects. eing solid, juicy and unsurpassed in avor in all stages of growth, and equally aluable for the home or market garden. acket, 10c.; ounce, 15c.; one-fourth ound, 35c.; pound, \$1.25.





#### DICKMANN'S EARLY WHITE BUTTER LETTUCE.

This very excellent new variety is the result of several years' selection from the White Cabbage Lettuce grown by the best market gardeners around St. Louis. It is the best forcing Lettuce we know of, and very valuable for summer on account of its slowness to shoot to seed. It is also the best variety for sowing in the fall, being entirely hardy and requiring only a slight protection; produces fine, large, white, solid heads, of superb quality, and is remarkably early. St. Louis market gardeners value this Lettuce so highly that they will pay almost any price to obtain the seed. No market gardener can afford to be without this valuable variety. Packet, 10c.; ounce, 25c.; ½ pound, 75c.; pound, \$2.50.



NEW LETTUCE, BIG BOSTON." (NOVELTY, 1890.)

This variety is identical in color, shape and general appearance with the famous Boston Market Lettuce, but is DOUBLE THE SIZE. It is about one week later in maturing, but its solidity and greater size of head will make it a most valuable sort. A most valuable variety either for forcing or open ground planting. (See cut.) One ponnd, \$4.00; one-half pound, \$2.00; one-fourth pound, \$1.25; one ounce, 40c.

# CLOYER AND GRASS SEEDS.

Terms: Cash with Order. Two-Bushel Bags, Twenty Cents Extra Each.

Express or Freight charges always to be paid by the purchaser, except if to be sent by mail, and sufficient money is sent to prepay postage. On account of the early publication of this Catalogue, we cannot bind ourselves to the price given on Clover and Grass Seeds-these are market articles, and prices are subject to variation; but purchasers may depend on having them at the price ruling from store the day of shipment, and of the best quality, and that we always will send as much seed as the money received will pay for. We sell half bushels and pecks at bushel rates.

# CLOVER SEEDS.

Red Clover (Trifolium pratense)—This invaluable plant may justly be placed at the head of the list. It succeeds on any soil of moderate fertility if perfectly dry. May be sown in autumn or winter at the south or in this latitude upon the snow, immediately previous to its disappearance, by which the seed is distributed with regularity, and carried down into the crevices of the soil. From 8 to 10 pounds of good seed is required for an acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$4.50; lb., 10c.; lb., postpaid, 20c.

Mammoth or Sapling Clover.—This variety grows from 5 to 6 feet high, and is used almost exclusively for plowing under for manure. Its stalks are so coarse and large that stock will eat only the leaves. Sow at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$4.80;

lb., 25c.; lb., postpaid, 35c.
White Dutch Clover (T. repens)—An excellent pasture grass, forming in conjunction with the Kentucky Blue Grass, the finest and most nutritious food for sheep and cows. Its flowers are also a favorite resort for the honey bee. It succeeds on all rich clayey lands, if not too wet. It takes 6 to 8 pounds for an acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$10.20; lb., 25c.; lb., postpaid, 35c.

Alfalfa. Lucerne or Chilian Clover (Medicago sativa) - A valuable forage plant, particularly adapted for the Southern States. It lasts from 8 to 10 years, as the roots penetrate from 10 to 15 feet in the ground; but it requires a deep soil, well cultivated and richly manured. The sun must have free access to Alfalfa, and the ground must be rolling to enable the water to pass access to Alfalfa, and the ground must be rolling to enable the water to pass off readily, for wet underground is fatal to the plant. When it is sown with a combination of oats, the latter should be sown first and well harrowed in; then sow twenty to twenty-five pounds Alfalfa seed to the acre, and roll the ground well and pasture it in the fall. The second year it may be cut two or three times, but the stand will not yet be dense. In the third year this magnificent forage plant is developed in its full vigor, and gives the earliest as well as the largest quantity of fodder. Early in June (farther south early in May) it can be cut the first time, and all that cannot be fed green may be converted into hay; with favorable weather, every six weeks well furnish a cutting. Alfalfa claims to bear the palm as a forage plant, coming earliest in spring and remaining latest in fall. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, 87.20; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c. lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Alsike or Swedish Clover (Trifolium Hybridum)—A native of Sweden, perfectly hardy, does not heave in winter or spring from frost, stands drought well, and is in many respects superior to the common red variety. It affords a large return in hay, is excellent for soiling, and for bees it is unsurpassed. When the plant is once established it will remain a great many years in full vigor, and produce annually a great quantity of herbage of excellent quality. Sow in spring or fall, about eight to ten pounds per acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$7.20; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Crimson Trefoil or Scarlet Italian Clover (Trifolium incarnatum) -In warm climates four or five cuttings are made during the season. It grows about one foot high; the roots are nearly black, leaves long, blossoms long, pointed and of a very deep red or carmine color. Makes good hay. Sow in March or April, about ten to twelve pounds per acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$7.20; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

Yellow Trefoil Clover (Medicago lupulina)—A variety with yellow flowers, of spontaneous growth; very prolific and hardy. Sow in March or April, about eight to ten pounds per acre. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$9.00; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

White Bokhara Clover (Melilotus albus altissimus)—This is a tall, shrubby-like plant, growing to the height of four to six feet, with numerous small white flowers of great fragrance. Eight to ten pounds should be sown per acre in the spring. Weight, 60 pounds per bushel, Per bushel, \$12.00; lb., 25c.; lb., postpaid, 35c.

Espersette, or Sainfoin (Hedysarum onobrichis.—A valuable forage plant for the North, West and South. This is a leguminous plant with many stems from two to four feet long, straggling, tapering, smooth; leaves in pairs of pointed, oblong leaflets, slightly hairy on the under side; flower stalks higher than the leaves, end in a spike or crimson or variegated flowers, succeeded by flat, hard pods, toothed on the edges, and prickly on the sides; root

ceeded by flat, hard pods, toothed on the edges, and prickly on the sides; root perennial and hard and woody. Flowers in July.

In Germany and South of France, where it flourishes best, it is considered an indispensible forage plant, improving the quality and increasing the quantity of milk when fed to milch-cows, to which it may be given without producing the "hoove," to which they are subjected when allowed to feed freely on green clover and lucerne. Its stalks do not become ligneous if allowed to stand till blossoming, as those of lucerne do. The quality of the fodder where successfully grown is better than that of clover or lucerne. Its fruit or seed are said to be more nutritious than oats. They are eagerly sought by fowls, and are said to cause them to lay. It is especially adapted to dry by fowls, and are said to cause them to lay. It is especially adapted to dry soils, sands, gravel and barren regions, where rainfall is scarce and irrigation not easily obtainable. To produce a good stand, forty or fifty pounds should be sown to the acre. It is green all the year round, and produces three crops, sometimes five. Roots have been found 12 to 16 feet in length, and if once established will stand six to eight or more years. Weight 24 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$2.25; lb., 10c.; postpaid, 20c.

Honey or Bee Clover. (Melilotus cæruleus.)—As the name indicates this Clover is very valuable to bee-keepers. It will take eight to ten pounds to sow an acre. Weight, 60 lbs. per bushel. Per lb., 35c.; lb., postpaid, 45c.

Burr Clover (Medicago maculata,) California Burr Clover, Spotted Medick, Yellow Clover—An excellent fodder plant for the South. The stems are creeping and soon spread over a large area. Flourishes in dry soils and is not affected by the drought of Southern winters. The seeds are contained in small, burr-like pods, hence the name. About twelve lbs. of the burrs should be sown per acre, and on good soil, lightly covered, will soon spread over the entire surface. Per lb., 20c.; 10 lbs., \$1.75; postpaid, per lb., 30c.

Japan Clover (Lespedeza striata)—A low perennial of spreading habit, adapted by nature to withstand excessive drought. It flourishes on the poorest soils, and is very valuable in the South. Per lb., 35c.; 10 lbs., \$3.00;

postpaid, per lb., 45c.

# GRASS SEEDS.

Timothy (Phleum pratense)—This is decidedly the best grass for hay making a large return on strong, rich clay, of medium state of moisture. It can never be used effectively as a pasture grass. Sowtwelve to fifteen pounds per acre. Weight 45 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.75; lb., 10c.; lb., postpaid, 20c.

Orchard Grass, or Rough Cocksfoot (Dactylis glomerata)-Well adapted for sowing under trees or orchard, and very valuable either for grazing or for hay. Sow fifteen to twenty-five pounds to the acre. Weight, 14 lbs. per pushel. *True Seed.* Per bushel, \$1.50; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Red Top (Agrostis vulgaris)—A valuable grass if sown on moist, rich soil, it will grow two feet, and on poor, gravelly soil, about half that height. Sow fifteen to twenty pounds per acre. Weight 14 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.00; lb., 10c.; lb., postpaid 20c.

Fancy Clean Red Top Seed-Per bushel, \$1.50; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Creeping Bent Grass (Agrostis Stolinifera) — Very valuable for lawns, also well adapted for permanent pastures, especially in moist situations. Sow fifteen to twenty pounds per acre. Weight, 14 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel, \$2.25; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa pratensis)—This is the best pasturage for our climate and soil, succeeding finely on hill lands, and producing the most nourishing food for cattle, retaining its quality to a late period in winter, and farther south affording abundant food throughout the winter. In combination with White Clover it forms the finest and coolest lawns; for this purpose an extra quantity of seed should be used—say four bushels of Blue Grass and two pounds of White Clover per acre. If sown by itself for pasture twenty pounds may be sufficient. Sow early in the spring or during the months of October or November. Weight, 14 lbs. per bushel.

EXTRA CLEAN SEED—Per bushel, \$2.00; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

FANCY DOUBLE EXTRA CLEAN SEED—Per bushel, \$2.50; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

postpaid, 30c.

English Perennial Rye Grass (Lolium perenne tenue)—A highly esteemed Grass in Europe, either for lawns or pasture. On good soil it yields a large return of valuable forage. For pasture sow about two bushels to the acre, and for lawns about three to four bushels. Weight, 20 lbs. per bushel.

Per bushel, \$1.25; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Italian Rye Grass (Lolium Italicum)—This variety is similar to the English Rye Grass. It is very nutritious and valuable for pastures, especially for early sheep feeding; also excellent for lawn. Sow fifty pounds to the acre. Weight, 20 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.50; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Meadow Fescue—True English Blue Grass (Festuca pratensis)
—One of the most valuable pasture grasses, its long and tender leaves are much relished by stock of all kinds. In some Southern States is called RAN-DALL GRASS, sometimes EVERGREEN GRASS. Sow in spring or fall at the rate of thirty to forty pounds per acre. Weight 14 lbs. per bushel.

AMERICAN GROWN SEED, DOMESTIC MEADOW FESCUE—Per bushel,

\$1.75; lb., 15c<sub>4</sub>; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Johnson Grass (Sorghum halapense)—A perennial, a rapid grower, long, cane-like roots; the leaf, stalk and panicle of this Grass resembling those of other Sorghums. It grows on any land where corn will grow, and, like corn, will bear heavy manuring, yielding richly in rich ground. One and a half bushels will sow an acre. Weight 25 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel \$2.00; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 35c.

Rescue Grass (Bromus Schraderii)—A native of Australia; particularly recommended for resisting the drought better than any other variety, and will thrive on any soil, except where there is a superabundance of moisture. Sow thirty to forty pounds to the acre. Weight, 14 lbs. per bushel. Per bushel, \$2.50; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (Avena elatior)—This produces an abundant supply of foliage, and is valuable for pasturage on account of its early and luxuriant growth. It is recommended for hay and shoots up very quickly after being cut, and produces a thick crop of aftermath, which also makes it valuable as a soiling crop. Sow from thirty to forty pounds to the acre. Weight, 12 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$2.25; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

Bermuda Grass (Cynodus dactylon)—This plant has long been naturalized in the Southern States. It is a tender, delicate grass, growing over and binding the most arid and loose land, and grows luxuriant in every kind of soil; very valuable for pasture, as well as for hay crop; time of sowing April to June. Six to eight pounds should be sown to an acre. Per oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75. Postpaid.

Meadow or Woolly Soft Grass (Holcus lanatus)—Inferior to many other sorts, but has the merit of easy culture, and accommodates itself to all descriptions of soil, from the richest to the poorest. Sow four bushels to the

acre. Weight, 8 pounds per bushel. Fancy quality. Per bushel, \$1.25; lb., 20c.; lb., pospaid, 30c.

Water Meadow Grass (Poa aquatica)—This is an excellent pasture grass for very wet situations. Sow twenty pounds to the acre. Per lb., 30c.; lb., postpaid, 40c.

Wood Meadow Grass (Poa memoralis)—The early growth of this grass in the spring, and its remarkably fine succulent and nutritive herbage, recommend it strongly for pasture. Thrives well under close feeding. Sow thirty pounds to the acre. Per lb., 30c.; lb., postpaid, 40c.

Rough Stalked Meadow Grass (Poa trivialis)-This is one of the most valuable of those grasses which affect moist, rich soils and sheltered situations. Sow twenty pounds to the acre. Per lb., 30c.; lb., postpaid, 40c.

Sweet Vernal Grass (Antoxanthum odoratum)—This grass yields but a moderate percentage of herbage. It is remarkable for giving out a pleasant, sweet smell during the process of dying. Sow twenty-five to thirty pounds to the acre. Weight, 10 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.75; lb., 20c.; lb., postpaid, 30c.

Sheep Fescue Grass (Festuca ovina)—This variety grows naturally on light, dry and sandy soils, and on elevated mountain pastures. Sow twenty-five to thirty pounds to the acre. Weight, 14 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.75; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Hard or Evergreen Fescue (Festuca duriusculu)—The Hard Fescue may be classed among the best Grasses for general purposes. Well adapted for sheep pasture. Sow from twenty-five to thirty pounds to the acre. Weight, 14 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.75; lb., 15c.; lb., postpaid, 25c.

Red Fescue (Festuca rubra)—The essential distinction of this Fescue is its creeping roots. which, in dry and sandy soils, are often as strong as those of the common Couch Grass. Well adapted for gravelly banks and dry slopes. Sow twenty-five to thirty pounds to the acre. Per lb., 20c.; postpaid, 30c.

Texas Blue Grass (Poa arachnifera)—We cannot offer any seed this

season; the crop is a failure.

Crested Dogstail Grass (Cynosurus cristatus)—This grass may be advantageously sown on lawns and other places to be kept under by the scythe. The roots penetrate deeply, from which circumstance it remains longer green than any other variety. Sow twenty to twenty-four pounds to the acre. Weight, 16 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$4.50; lb., 35c.; lb., postpaid, 45c.

German or Golden Millet.—This variety is not so early as the Common Millet, but yields a much larger crop. Sow twenty-five to thirty pounds per acre. Weight, 50 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.00; lb., 10c.; lb.,

postpaid, 20c.

Common Millet (Panicum Milliaceum)—Sow in drills or broadcast from May 1st to June 20th, if for seed, or until the last of July if for hay. For grain, sow in drills; use fifteen to twenty pounds per acre. If for hay, sow broadcast twenty-five to thirty-five pounds. Weight, 50 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.00; lb., 10c.; lb., postpaid, 20c.

Hungarian Grass (Panicum germanicum)—A valuable forage plant. Sow broadcast at the rate of twenty to thirty pounds to the acre, and cultivate the same as Millet. Weight, 48 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.00; lb., 10c.;

lb., postpaid, 20c.

Meadow Foxtail Grass (Alopecurus pratensis)—A most valuable pasture Grass, on account of its early and rapid growth and its being greatly relished by stock of all kinds. It thrives best on a rich, moist, strong soil; and grows about two feet high. Sow sixteen to twenty pounds to the acre. Weight, 8 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$2.00; lb., 30c.; lb., postpaid, 40c.

Mixtures of Grass and Clover Seeds for Permanent Pastures.—The mixtures are composed of a suitable selection of natural grasses and clovers best adapted for permanent pasture, and the kinds, as well as the quantities, are regulated according to the nature of the soil, situation and purpose for which they are sown. When ordering, please state whether the soil is light, medium or heavy. It will take from two three bushels to sow one acre. Weight, 14 pounds per bushel. Per bushel, \$1.75; lb., 15c.; lb., restrict 25c. postpaid, 25c.

# GREETING.

OTHING would give me more pleasure than to extend in person our right hand of greeting to each and every one of our old friends and customers and personally thank you for your continued patronage, kind recommendations and good words spoken for me among your neighbors and friends; but as that would be a herculean task, which no man could perform, I can only return you my thanks and best wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year through the medium of this, my Garden and Farm Manual. I shall strive to prove myself worthy of your confidence by continuing to deal liberally with you and in supplying "only the Best."

Very truly yours,

J. F. DICKMANN.

# SEEDS FREE BY MAIL.

All Vegetable and Fower Seeds by the packet, ounce, pound, pint or quart, will be delivered by us, postage paid, and free of all expense, to any post-office in the United States. Thus, you have only to enclose, with the order, the cost of the seeds as given in this Catalogue (either by P. O. order, postal note, draft, cash or stamps), and they will be safely delivered, neatly packed, without extra charge. Purchasers of seeds in large or small quantities, cannot fail to see the great advantages to them of this offer, as it places our store at your very door, and enables customers thousands of miles away to obtain their supplies as safely and cheaply as if they called in person at our store.

# GUSTOMERS ORDERING TO BE SENT BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

may deduct postage at the rate of eight cents per pound, or fifteen cents per quart, from our prices on all vegetable seeds. When sent in this way the purchaser pays the transportation charges on receipt of seed.

#### WE GUARANTEE ALL SHIPMENTS

of Seeds, Bulbs, Plants and Implements shall reach the purchaser safely and in good condition.

#### HOW TO SEND MONEY.

Cash should always accompany the order. We will be responsible for all money sent to us by Postal Note, P. O. Order, Bank Draft, Ex-

press or Registered Letter. Every postmaster is required to register any letter on payment of ten cents extra postage. The cost of remitting may, in all cases, be deducted from the amount sent. Amounts of one dollar or less may be sent by ordinary letter.

## POSTAGE STAMPS THE SAME AS CASH

When notes are not obtainable, or to make proper change, we accept postage stamps (two-cent stamps preferred) the same as cash.

#### C. O. D.

Orders exceeding ten dollars can be sent C. O. D. by express, when twenty-five per cent. of the amount accompanies the order. We are obliged to add the extra express charges for the return of money on all C. O. D. orders. It is therefore less expensive to the purchaser to forward full amount of money with order. Plants cannot be sent C. O. D., neither can goods be sent C. O. D. by freight.

# CHEAP FREIGHT.

Freight rates from St. Louis to all points in the United States are now very low. Customers at a distance requiring large quantities of Garden and Field Seeds should order early, that their seeds can be sent this way, being cheaper than by express. Small orders, however, can often be sent as cheaply by express.

# CULTURAL INSTRUCTIONS.

To assist such of my customers as have not had much experience in gardening operations, we preface our list of seeds with a few hints on the general culture of plants and vegetables, giving the result of our experience in gardening, which has been long and varied. We do this to remove, in a measure, many false ideas that exist, not only as to methods of culture, but as to the necessity of a peculiar soil and situation for a given crop. There seems to be a pretty general impression that many kinds of vegetables and flowering plants cannot be grown excepting in a certain soil. Than this, there can be no greater mistake; a mistake that has deprived many amateurs of lovely flowers and delicious vegetables and fruits. The question of

#### SOILS

is an arbitrary one; it admits of no choice; you must accept such as you have and make the best of it. We find quite a difference in the vegetable products of one section when compared with those of another, but we consider the result due more to culture and atmospheric condition than to the variations of soil. Let us make an illustration. The far-famed Oyster Bay asparagus is grown on a very heavy loam, with a very hard sub-soil. Another section of Long Island is as justly celebrated for its asparagus; there the soil in many places is a light drift sand, with a loose, gravelly sub-soil. The product of the one section is quite as good as that of the other.

The condition of the soil when the seed is planted, and the manner of cultivation afterwards, are the essentials to horticultural success. For all

crops dig deep, enrich heavily, cultivate frequently, allow no weeds to grow, thin out the plants so that each can have sufficient room for develop-

ment, and success is assured.

The thinning out of plants is an important work, and one that is not sufficiently understood. As a rule this work is too long deferred. It should be done as soon as the plants put in an appearance, before they make their second leaves and feeding roots, then the disturbance to the remaining plants does not materially affect them, as it does very seriously when the plants begin to show form. We have seen crops of beets and turnips nearly ruined by the careless manner of thinning out. In all cases, after the superfluous plants are removed, press the earth firmly around the remaining ones.

#### TRANSPLANTING

is an important feature in gardening operations, and one often improperly done. It is a great mistake to select a rainy day for this important work. Transplant in a clear day, either in the morning or towards night; make a hole sufficiently large to hold the plant; fill with water and puddle the plant in, then press the soil firmly around the plant, afterwards cover with dry soil, and the plant will never droop, it matters not how warm or sunny the day may be. It may be urged that this is not practicable with large fields of cabbage, cauliflowers, or tomatoes, but the best way is always the most practical, consequently the cheapest. It is economy to devote a day to a work and have the plants all live and thrive, than to put them out in one-fourth the time and have a large portion die and the remainder only half live.

#### THE TIME TO SOW

is when the ground is warm and dry-after all danger from frost is past. Have the soil prepared finely and smooth. Make the drills regular and shallow, so that when the seeds are covered it will not be more than a quarter of an inch for small seeds, or half an inch for corn, beans or squash. After covering, tread them in-a roller is not sufficient-to press the earth firmly, so that when the roots start they will find something to cling to, and feed upon; nothing but heavy tramping will answer this purpose. In most cases, failure of seeds to germinate and make a satisfactory growth may be attributed to two causes, -- first, covering too deeply, and the second, too loosely; avoid these errors, and success is assured.

#### ARTICHOKES.

To be grown successfuly, the soil must be worked deep and made very rich with well-rotted manure. Sow the seeds in a frame in February or March, or in the open ground as soon as it can be safely worked. When large enough, transplant into rows three or four feet apart and two feet in the rows. They reach maturity the second year. It is an excellent vegetable and easily grown, thriving in any situation, provided the heads are cut off and used as fast as they get ready; if left to ripen on the plant they exhaust it, and no more are produced that season.

#### ARTICHOKES. JERUSALEM.

Cut and plant the same as potatoes. They will grow and produce enormous crops, in any soil or situation, yielding the largest crops in dry, open situation.

#### ASPARAGUS.

Sow the seeds thinly, in rows one foot apart, in April or May, and keep down all weeds. Radish or lettuce seed may be mixed with it, so as to mark the rows readily, and allow the weeds to be destroyed as soon as they appear. To secure strong, healthy plants, thin out the seedlings to three or four inches in the rows, saving only the strongest. In planting for private use, set out in beds five feet wide, three rows in a bed, the outer being each one foot from the edge, and allow twelve inches in the rows; set the plants at least six inches below the surface. For market on a large scale, set four feet apart one way and one and a half the other, which will allow the use of a horse and cultivator to keep the weeds under. Every fall a good dressing of coarse manure should be applied after the tops have been cut, and in the spring forked in. A dressing of coarse salt given in spring, at the rate of two pounds to the square yard, will be found very beneficial.

#### BEANS.—Bush or Dwarf.

Plant as soon as the ground is warm and dry, in drills two and onehalf feet apart, and drop the beans three inches apart. For a succession sow every three weeks until the first of August.

#### BEANS.-Pole or Running.

These are more tender and require rather more care in culture than the dwarf varieties. They should be planted at least two weeks later, to guard against rotting, and for perfection the soil should be very rich.

#### BEETS.

Cultivation has more effect in the quality of this than of almost any other vegetable. To be sweet and tender it must be grown quickly, a result that can only be obtained by having the soil worked deep, made light and rich by liberal application of well-rotted manure. The beet will grow in almost any soil, but to its greatest perfection in a deep, sandy loam. Sow in drills fourteen to sixteen inches apart.

#### BORECOLE OR KALE.

Cultivate the same as cabbage. For summer and fall use, sow in April and transplant in June. For early spring greens sow in September; cover with litter, leaves, or marsh hay during winter.

#### BROCOLI.

Requires, in all respects, the same treatment as cauliflower. It is a gross feeder, consequently the soil should be very deep and rich.

#### BRUSSELS, SPROUTS.

Sow the seed in May in the same manner as cauliflower; transplant in July, in rows three feet apart, plants one foot apart in the rows.

#### CABBAGE.

The best soil possible for cabbage is a heavy loam, but it will thrive in any new land, that is, sod ground, which for early cabbage should be ploughed in autumn. For late varieties, plough about the first of June; cross plough just before setting. A liberal application of manure is essential to a good crop. For early use, sow in hot-beds latter part of February, and transplant, as soon as the ground is ready, in rows two feet apart,

and plants twenty inches apart in the rows. For second early, the early kinds may be sown in the early part of April and transplanted in May. Late varieties, sow in May and transplant in July. Our stocks are Long Island grown, where the best seed sold in this country is produced. All plants put out for seed purposes have heads fit for market, and the selection is made by one of the largest and most experienced cabbage seed growers in this country, one who has introduced some of the best and most popular varieties under cultivation.

#### CARROT.

Sow as early as the ground can be worked; or, for late crop, until latter part of July; for main crop, sow from the middle of May to the 1st of July. Thin out early crop to five inches in row; main crop six to seven inches, the rows ten inches apart for early crop, fourteen for main crop. Hoe often and deeply between the rows. Soil should be richly manured and deeply dug.

#### CAULIFLOWER.

This will thrive under the same conditions as cabbage, other that it requires more manure and moisture. For time of sowing and setting the plants, see cabbage.

#### CELERY.

Sow the seed in a well prepared soil as soon as the ground is in a proper condition to work; sow in drills and tread the seed firmly in; thin out to an inch apart, and keep the ground well worked and free from weeds. In order to secure stock plants, cut off the tops once or twice before transplanting, which should be done in July. Make the soil very rich with well-rotted manure, which should be dug in deep. Set the plants eight to twelve inches apart. To blanch, draw earth around the plants from time to time, taking care not to cover the tops of the centre shoots.

# CORN SALAD, OR FETTICUS,

Sow early in the spring, in drills one foot apart. If for early spring use, sow in September, cover with straw or hay as soon as cold weather commences, and it will winter over same as spinach.

## CRESS OR PEPPER-GRASS.

Sow in drills six inches apart; cover very slightly.

#### DANDELION.

Sow the seed early in May or June, in drills half an inch deep and twelve inches apart. The following spring it will be ready for use.

#### CUCUMBER.

Plant in rich, warm soil, in hills four feet apart. Manure the hill well by mixing a shovelful of the soil with same quantity of manure. For pickles, plant from June till middle of July.

To kill the bugs that infest vines, mix half a teaspoonful of Paris

Green in a pail of water and sprinkle the vines at night.

#### ENDIVE.

Sow in June or July, and when up an inch or two, transplant to one foot apart each way. Keep clear of weeds until the plant has grown to

its full size, and the process of blanching begins by gathering up the leaves and tieing together. The simplest means of excluding the light will suffice to blanch them thoroughly.

#### EGG PLANT.

Sow in March in a hot bed, and transplant when two inches high into a second hot-bed, or let them remain and thin out to four inches apart. When the weather becomes settled, transplant into the open ground, three feet apart each way. Good culture is quite as important as good seed; work the ground deep, make it rich with well-rotted manure and hoe often.

#### KOHL-RABI.

For an early crop start in hot-bed and treat same as early cabbage; if for late crop, sow in June or July. Remove the plants early in the fall and store for winter use, the same as turnips.

#### LEEK.

Sow early in the spring in drills, one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high, transplant in rows ten inches apart each way; use plenty manure to grow to large size.

#### LETTUCE.

For use in summer months, sow in rows one foot apart, about the middle of April in open ground, and thin out the plants to one foot apart. Seeds sown in hot-beds in March will. if kept from cold, make good plants by April. For main early crop, seed may be sown in the open ground in the middle of September and transplanted into cold frames when large enough to handle them; then treat same as cold frame cabbage, and plant out in early spring.

MARTYNIA.

Sow in May, in the open ground, three feet apart in each direction, where the plants are to remain. The young pods are excellent for pickles.

#### MELONS.

All melons thrive best in a light, dry, sandy soil. Sow musk mellon seed after all danger of frost is past and the ground is warm and dry; plant in hills six feet apart each way, ten seeds in a hill. When the plants have made the second pair of leaves, thin out to four in a hill. Should insects appear, treat with Paris Green, the same as cucumbers.

Water melons require the same condition for their perfect development, except that the hills should be twelve feet apart. Choose the

warmest situation for all kinds of melons.

#### MUSTARD.

Sow in April thickly in rows and cut when two or three inches high. For use during the winter, it may be sown in succession in boxes, in greenhouses, or in frames.

# NASTURTIUM, OR INDIAN CRESS.

Sow as soon as all danger of frost is past, in drills about an inch deep. The tall kinds require fences or poles. on which to climb for support. If left to trail upon the ground, the fruit is apt to be injured. Select the poorest soil in the garden, and do not manure.

## OKRA, OR GUMBO.

This plant will grow anywhere in the garden. Plant in hills two or three feet apart, and thin out to a single plant.

#### PARSNIP.

Give the richest and deepest soil to the long varieties of parsnip; the turnip sort will grow well on shallow soil. Make the soil very fine, and plant the seed early in rows eighteen inches apart, thinning plants to five inches in the rows. The seed should be planted half inch deep. To keep well in the ground over winter, draw a little earth over the tops.

#### PEAS.

Peas for an early crop should be planted in the spring, soon as the ground can be worked, in light, rich soil. For private use sow in double rows eight inches apart; for market, in single rows two or three inches deep, and from two to three feet apart. Fresh manures should not be used, as they have a tendency to cause the vines to grow too rank and tall.

#### PARSLEY.

Requires a deep, rich soil. The seed is slow to germinate and should be given most favorable conditions. Sow in rows one foot apart and half inch deep. For winter use, a few plants placed in a box in the cellar will give a supply.

#### PEPPER.

Should be sown in hot-bed early in April, and transplanted in open ground as soon as weather permits. The plant should be set in warm, mellow soil, in drills two feet apart, and about two feet apart in the row, or may be sown in open ground soon as weather permits and all danger of frost is over.

#### PUMPKIN.

Cultivated as squash, which see for general directions.

#### RADISH.

For early use sow in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills six to ten inches apart, covering seed half-inch deep. Thin plants an inch apart in the row. As the roots are more succulent and tender grown quickly, a rich, light soil should be preferred, and frequent watering in dry weather will be found beneficial. For a succession, sow every two weeks. The olive-shaped varieties are more tender, sweeter, and earlier than the long kinds, and not so apt to be worm eaten.

#### RHUBARB.

Sow the seed in drills eighteen inches apart, and cover one inch deep. Thin the plants to a foot apart. When the plants are one year old, prepare the ground for the final bed by trenching two feet deep, mixing a liberal quantity of manure with the soil. Set the plants five feet apart each way. Do not cut until the second year, and give a dressing of manure every fall. If it is desirable at any time to increase the bed, the roots may be taken up in the spring and divided.

# SALSIFY, OR VEGETABLE OYSTER.

Sow in early spring on light, rich soil, in drills fourteen inches apart, and thin the plants to three inches in the row. The roots will be ready

for use in October, and will sustain no injury by being left in the ground during the winter. When cooked, the flavor somewhat resembles the oyster.

#### SPINACH.

For summer use sow early in spring, in drills eight inches to one foot apart, covering the seed one inch deep. Select rich soil and manure liberally. A succession may be obtained by sowing at intervals of two weeks during the season. For early spring use, sow in August.

#### SQUASH.

Squashes, like all other vines, are partial to a light, dry, rich soil. Plant the running varieties in hills ten feet apart each way, thin out to three plants in a hill. Cultivate frequently until the vines commence running, after which, do not work the soil deep. Use Paris Green to destroy bugs, as with the cucumber. Plant bush squashes in hills five feet apart each way, thin out to four plants in a hill.

#### TOMATO.

The cultivation of the tomato is usually neglected, from the fact of its always producing good crops under all circumstances. The fact of its doing moderately well under poor, or ordinary cultivation has a tendency to deprive it of the care and attention it so justly deserves. The tomato is a gross feeder as may be seen by its rampant growth; it therefore requires generous treatment, which means a deep, rich soil, in order to give its underground growth an equal chance with the fruit-bearing parts. To grow the tomato to perfection, the soil should be dug out to the depth of two and a half feet, and at the bottom there should be a half-bushel of well-rotted manure, that from the cow stable having the preference; above this, let the soil be about equal parts of good garden loam and manure thoroughly mixed. Let the hills be six feet apart, and furnish a light, cheap trellis for the plants' support. Let the situation be open, warm and airy; under these conditions, six plants will furnish sufficient tomatoes for a family of twelve persons. Whatever variety may be planted in this manner, the results will show specimens of size, smoothness, and esculent properties unknown to the parent when grown in the ordinary manner.

Sow the seeds in a hot-bed, or in boxes in the house, in March, pick out when two pair of leaves are formed, either single in pots, or to another part of the hot-bed where they should be four inches apart in order to make strong, stocky plants. Twice transplanting, give larger pots or more room in the bed; will more than repay the trouble by well-developed plants. Transfer to the garden when the weather will permit, but do not be in too great haste; better by far wait for steady, warm weather, then

success will be complete.

#### TURNIP.

For early use sow the small sorts as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills fourteen inches apart, the Ruta-bagas thirty inches. As the seed is very fine, it should be covered but slightly, excepting in very dry weather.

For fall and winter use the early kind should be sown from the middle of July to the middle of August, and the Ruta-bagas from the middle

of June to the first of July.

#### HERBS.

The seeds of the perennials should be sown in seed-bed about the middle of spring, and in the autumn or spring transplant them to a proper distance apart. The seeds of the annuals, or those that come to perfection the first year and die, should be sown in shallow drills middle of spring, and when up a few inches thin out to ten inches apart.

#### NOTICE.

PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES ON APPLICATION.

JOS. F. DICKMANN.

--OFFICE OF---

# Jos. F. Dickmann.

# GRAVOIS AND OREGON AVE.

To my Friends and Customers:

Nothing used by the planter is of greater consequence than the Seed.

The best of Seed may result in failure, inferior Seed is sure to fail.

We select our stocks with great care, and pay liberal prices for growing our Seeds, thus we secure The Best. Our importations are from the best known and most reliable growers in Europe. We feel justified in saying that all our Seeds are the purest and best to be found; but at the same time it must be understood that we sell no Seeds with warranty, express or implied, in any respect, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Parties ordering will please send the money at the time they send us their order, and if the money is sent with the order and received by us, we guarantee the safe arrival of all shipments, but cannot assume any responsibility for delay in transit. All money may be sent at our risk, if sent in the following manner: Post Money Order or Draft on St. Louis.

In remitting, purchasers will be particular to send a sufficient amount to cover their orders. When only a part is remitted, goods will be sent only to the amount of the remittance. No goods sent C. O. D.

NAME AND ADDRESS.—We earnestly request our correspondents to be particular and give their NAME, Post Office Address, County and

STATE, IN FULL, DISTINCTLY WRITTEN.

Every possible precaution will be used by us to prevent any mistakes, but should such occur, we wish to be notified at once, and they will be cheerfully rectified, as it is our aim and desire that every transaction with us shall be perfectly satisfactory.

We thank our many correspondents for past favors, both for orders received, and for speaking so kindly of us to their friends, and awaiting further favors, which shall receive our best care and prompt attention, we remain,

Respectfully Yours,

JOS. F. DICKMANN.

# Garden Seeds.

# All Orders Subject to Approval.

Prices given here are based upon Customers paying Express or Freight charges themselves up on delivery; or if wanted to be sent by mail,

postage must be added at the rate of:

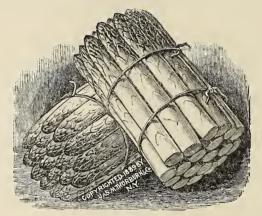
30 Cents per Quart for Beans and Peas, 25 Cents per Quart for Corn, and 15 Cents per Pound for Vegetable Seeds, Etc.

### VEGETABLE SEEDS.

If wanted to be sent by mail 15 cents per pound must be added to prepay postage.

Prices given per Packet and ounces include postage.

ARTICHOKES.—Artifchoten.			
	Per oz.		
Large Green Globe	. 30	90	\$3 00



#### ASPARAGUS.

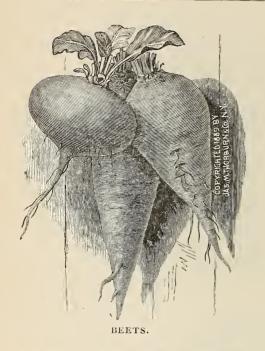
ASPARAGUS.—Spargel.		
Per oz.		Ib.
Conover's Colossal	15	50
DWARF OR BUSH BEANS.		
GREEN POD SÖRTS.		
Per Qt.	Peck.	Bush.
Best of All 30	\$1 75	\$6 00
Early Brown Mohawk20	I 25	4 00
Early Long Yellow Six Weeks 20	I 25	4 00
Early Round Yellow Six Weeks 20	1 25	4 00
Early Red Speckled Valentine 20	1 25	4 00
Improved Round Pod Red Valentine 25	1 50	5 00
White Seeded Valentine	1 50	5 00
Refugee or Thousand to One 20	1 25	4 00
Large White Kidney 20	1 25	4 00

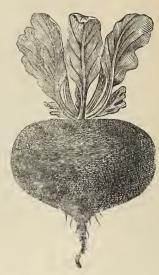


BEANS (DWARF WAX) GOLDEN BUTTER.

# DWARF OR BUSH BEANS—Continued.

WAX POD SORTS. Per Qt.	Peck.	Bush.
Wardwells Kidney Wax       35         Golden Wax       25         German Black Wax       25         White Wax       25         Crystal White Pod Wax       25         Ivory Pod Wax       25	\$2 25 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	\$8 00 5 50 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00
POLE OR RUNNING BEANS.		
Large White Lima or Butter 35 Small White Lima or Sieva. 40 Dreer's Improved Lima. 50 King of the Garden 60 Early Dutch Caseknife. 30 Scarlet Runner 35 White Runner or Dutch 35 Southern Prolific. 35 White Cornfield. 35 German Black Wax, Yellow Pods 35 Giant Red Wax, Yellow Pods 50	2 00 2 25 2 50 3 00 1 75 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 50	7 00 8 00 9 00 
ENGLISH BEANS.		
Early Long Pod	1 75 1 75	6 oo





EDMUNDS BLOOD TURNIP BEET.

BEETS.—Rothe	Rüben.—Salat Riiben.
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Egyptian Early Dark Red—5 lb., \$2.25 10	20	55
Eclipse—5 lb., \$3 00 10	25	65
Dewings Early Blood Turnip—5 lb,, \$2.25 10	20	55
Improved Early Blood Turnip 10	25	75
Early Blood Turnip—5 lb., \$2.25 10	20	55
Early Yellow Turnip 10	20	55
Long Smooth Blood Red—5 lb., \$2.25 10	20	55
ğ , , , <b>ğ</b>		33

# MANGEL WURTZEL.—Runtel-Rüben.

Norbitor's Long Red Giant—5 lb., \$1.50	10	15	\$ 40
Red Globe—5 lb., \$1.50		15	40
Long Yellow—5 lb., \$1.50		15	40
Mammoth Golden Yellow -5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
Yellow Globe—5 lb., \$1.50	10	15	40

# BROCCOLI -Broccoli.

White Cape			
Large Purple Cape	30	90	3 00

# BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Improved Rosberry	. 20	50	1 50
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CAULIFLOWER, GILT EDGE.

# CAULIFLOWER.—Blumentohl.

	Per Pkt		oz.	
Erfurt Earliest Dwarf, Extra Select	50	\$6	00	
My Extra Select Erfurt Earliest Dwarf Cauliflowe	er has no	Sup	erior.	
Erfurt Earliest Dwarf, Small-leaved	25	3	00	
Erfurt Early Dwarf, 2d quality	15	I	50	
Early Snowball		3	00	
Early Paris			60	
Large Late Asiatic			50	

# GARDEN CORN.

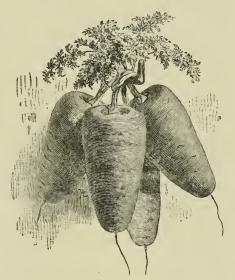
Extra Early Ad	ams		20	I	25	4	00
	ams			I	00	3	50
Early Bonanza	Sweet	. ,	25	I	50	5	00
The Cory Swee	t		20	1	25	4	50
	ad Sweet			I	00	3	50
Early Minnesota	Sweet		20	I	00	3	50
Darlings Early	White Cob Swee	t	20	I	00	3	50
	Concord Sweet			I	00	3	50
	Sweet			1	00	3	50
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			I	00	3	50
	reen Sweet			I	00	-	50
	et <b>.</b>			I	00		50



J. F. DICKMANN'S JERSEY WAKEFIELD.

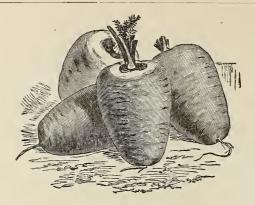
CABBAGE.—Rraut—Beißtohl.			
	Per oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Earliest of All	25	90	\$3 00
Early Jersey Wakefield, select quality	25	90	3 00
Early Jersey Wakefield, good quality	15	50	1 50
Early Summer, select quality	25	90	3 00
Early Summer, good quality	15	50	1 50
Early Large French Oxheart	15	50	1 50
Early Winningstadt	15	50	1 50
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch		6о	2 00
Early Drumhead or Johnsday Drumhead		50	2 50
Early Large York		40	1 25
Early Large Schweinfurt	20 -	60	1 00

CABBAGE—Continued.				
Improved White Brunswick	20	60	\$2	00
Filder Krout or Pommeranian	20	60	2	00
Premium Late Flat Dutch—5 lb., \$8.00	20	60	2	00
Premium Late Flat Dutch, select quality—5 lb.,				
\$12.50	25	90	3	00
Late Flat Dutch, good quality		40	I	25
Large Late American Drumhead, select quality-				
5 lb., \$8.00	20	60	2	00
Late Drumhead, good quality	15	40	I	25
Marblehead Mammoth Drumhead	20	60	2	00
Stone Mason Drumhead	20	60	2	00
Early Blood or Darkred Erfurt	20	60	2	00
Red Dutch, for Pickling	15	50	I	50
Collards	15	40	I	25
SAVOY CABBAGE.—Birjing.				
Early Dwarf Ulm Savoy, true	20	60	2	00
Green Curled Globe Savoy	15	50	I	50
American Late Drumhead Savoy, sel. quality	25	65	2	00
Late Drumhead Savoy	15	40	I	25

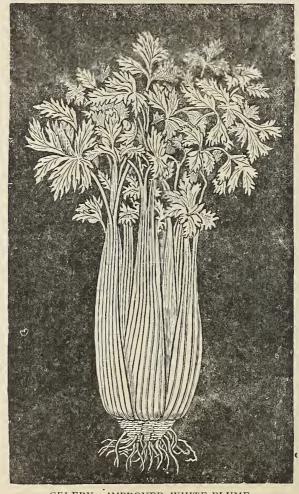


#### CHANTENAY CARROT.

011111111111111111111111111111111111111		
CARROTS.—Gelbe Rüben.—Möhren.		
Per oz.	¼ lb.	15.
Extra Early Short (for Forcing) 10	25	90
Early Short Horn Stump Rooted—5 lb., \$3.50 10	25	90
Early Scarlet Horn, Pointed Rooted—5 lb.,		
\$3.50	25	90
Oxheart or Half Long Guerande 19	25	90
Improved Long Orange—5 lb., \$3.00 10	25	75
Danvers Half Long Orange—5 lb., \$3.50 10	25	90
Scarlet Altringham—5 lb., \$2.75 10	20	65
Large White Belgian	20	65



GUERANDE CARROT.



CELERY-IMPROVED WHITE PLUME.



CELERY—GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING.

OF FOUR SEET BEARCING	.,,,,		
CELERY.—Sellerie.	D	17.15	11-
White Plume	Per oz.	\$1 00	\$3 50
Silver Giant White Solid	. 20	60	2 00
Sandringham Dwarf White	20	60	2 00
Boston Market	20	60	2 00
Golden Heart Dwarf	20	60	2 00
White Half Dwarf	20	60	2 00
Celeriac-Erfurt Turnip Rooted	20	60	2 00
Celeriac-Apple Shaped	20	60	2 00
Golden Self-Blanching	40	I 20	4 50
CHICORY.—Cidorienwurzel.  Large Rooted or Coffee	10	·30 40	I 00 I 25
CORN SALAD.—Feldsalat—Rabinschen.			
Large Leaved—5 lb., \$3.00	10	25	65
Fine Leaved—5 lb., \$3.00	. 10	25	65
CRESS.—Gartenfresse.			
New Upland—per packet, 10 cts	. —		
Curled or Pepper Grass	. 10	20	55
Winter Large Leaved	. 15	35	1 00
True Water	. 35	1 00	3 50



CUCUMBER.

CUCUMBER.—Gurten.			
I	Per oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Early White Spine—5 lb., \$2.50	IO	\$ 25	\$ 65
Improved White Spine—5 lb., \$2.50		25	65
Early Russian	IO	25	65
Early Green Cluster—5 lb., \$2.50	10	25	65
Early Frame or Short Green—5 lb., \$2.50	10	25	65
London Long Green—5 lb., \$2.50	10	25	65
Boston Pickling—5 lb., \$2.50	10	25	65
Nichols Medium Green	IO	25	65
Extra Long Green Turkey	IO	30	1 00
West India Gherkin	20	50	1 75
DANDALION.			
Cultivated	30	90	3 00
French Garden		I 50	5 00



EGG PLANT—IMPROVED NEW YORK PURPLE.

EGG PLANT.—Gierpflanze.	Per oz.	34 oz.	lb.
Early Long Purple	. 20	\$ 60	<del></del> -
New York Improved Oval Purple	. 50	1 50	
Black Pekin	. 40	1 25	
ENDIVE.—Endivien.			
Green Curled	. 20	60	\$2 00
White Curled	. 25	65	2 00
Broadleaved Green Batavian	20	• 60	2 00
Broadleaved White or Lettuce-leaved	25	65	2 00



KALE OR BORECOLE—IMPROVED SIBERIAN.

KALE OR BORECOLE.—Griinfohl.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	Ib.
Tall Green Curled Scotch	. 10	30	\$1 00
Dwarf Erfurt Curled—5 lb., \$3.00	. 10	25	75
Dwarf German Greens—5 lb., \$3.00	. 10	25	75



KOHLRABI-WHITE VIENNA.

KOHLRABI.—Glastohlrabi.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
Earliest White Erfurt	25	· 75	\$2,50
Early White Vienna, 1st quality	20	60	2 00
Early Purple Vienna, 1st quality	25	75	2 50
Large White or Green	15	50	1 50



LEEK-AMERICAN FLAG.

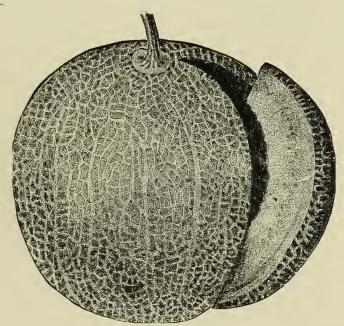
LEEK.—Lauch - Porre.			
	Per oz.	¾ lb.	lb.
Large London	. 20	50	1 75
Large Scotch Flag	. 20	50	1 75
Musselburg	. 25	75	2 50



J. F. DICKMANN'S GOLDEN STONEHEAD LETTUCE.

LETTUCE.—Salat.	Per oz.	¼ 1b.	lb.
Early Curled Simpson	20	50	1 25
Black Seeded Curled Simpson		35	1 50
Boston Curled		50	1 50
Buttercup	30	1 00	3 50
Early Golden Stonehead	20	60	2 00
All the Year Round	20	50	1 50
Early Tennis Ball	20	50	1 50

LETTUCE—Continued.	Per oz.	¾ lb.	1b.
Silver Ball	20	60	\$2 00
Early White Cabbage or Butter Salad, select			
quality	20	50	1 50
St. Louis Market	20	60	2 00
Black Seeded Butter Salad	20	50	1 50
Royal Summer Cabbage		50	1 50
Hanson		50	1 50
Oakleaved		60	2 00
Salamander		50	1 50
Large Curled India		50	r 50
Paris Green Coss	20	50	1 50
Paris White Coss		50	1 50
Hardy Green Winter		50	1 50
Brown Dutch Winter	20	50	1 50
Private Stock Lettuce	30	75	3 50
MARTYNIA.—Gemsenhörner.			
		¼ lb.	
Martynia Proboscidia	30	75	2 50



MUSK MELLON .- J. F. DICKMANN'S BEST.

#### MUSK MELLON.—3uder=Melonen.

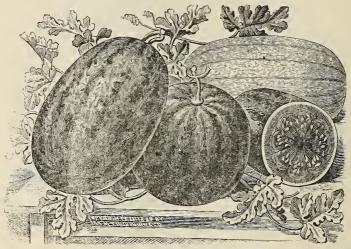
First named and introduced by me in 1886, has made the greatest sensation of any melon known. All unprejudiced seedsmen, market gardeners, and all lovers of fine melons who have tested it, freely admit that it is unequaled in rich, delicious flavor; notwithstanding the fact that several fine melons have been introduced claiming to be the sweetest of all, has fully sustained the claims we first made for it. The flesh, which is thicker than any other melon of the same size, is of a beautiful suffused

#### MUSK MELON—Continued.

salmon color, and ripens thoroughly to the extremely thin rind. The flesh is peculiarly crystalline in appearance, and the flavor is sweet and luscious beyond description.

The vines are hardy and thrifty in growth, very prolific, bearing the melons near the root; the melons mature extremely early and are uniformly of the most superb quality. We could fill many pages of our Cataogue with newspaper reports, testimonials, and other words of praise for this magnificent variety, but this is unnecessary, as everyone can prove for himself, at trifling cost, the surpassing fine quality of this gem among melons.

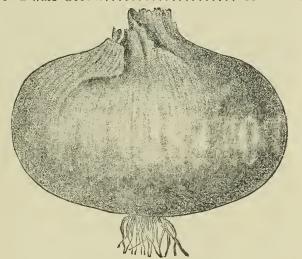
	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
The Princess—New	. 35	\$1 00	\$3 50
Melon, Dickmann's Best—5 lb., \$6.00	. 15	45	1 50
Montreal Market—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Early White Japan—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Large Persian or Cassaba—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Hackensack—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Nutmeg—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Green Citron—5 lb., \$2.75	. IO	25	75
Skillman's Fine Nettled—5 lb., \$2.75		25	75
Improved Yellow Cantelope—5 lb., \$2.75		25	75
Bay View Cantelope—5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
Large Yellow Musk—5 lb., \$ 2.75		25	7 <sup>S</sup>



WATER MELON .- ST. LOUIS MARKET.

WATER MELON.—Baffer: Melonen.	Per oz,	⅓ lb.	1b.
Christmas		60	\$2 00
Mammoth Iron Clad-5 lb., \$2.75		25	75
Klob Gem—5 lb., \$2.75		. 25	75
Scaly Bark5 lb., \$2.75	. 10	25	75
The Boss—5 lb., \$2.75	10	25	75
Peerless—5 lb., \$2.50	01	20	65
Cuban Queen—5 lb., \$2.50		20	65
Striped Gipsey- 5 lb., \$2.50	. 10	20	65

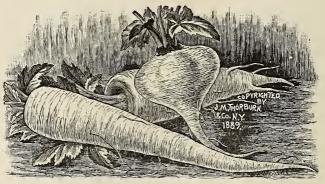
WATER MELON—Continued.		¾ lb.	1b.
Black Spanish—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	\$ 65
Phinney's Early—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
Ice Cream White Seeded—5 lb., \$2.50	IO	20	65
Icing Rind—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
Southern Rattlesnake—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
Mountain Sweet—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
Mountain Sprout—5 lb., \$2.50	IO	20	65
Orange—5 lb., \$4.00	10	30	90
Citron—5 lb., \$2.50	10	20	65
MUSHROOM SPAWN.—Champignonbrut.			· ·
English Imported in Bricks, per 10 lb., \$1.50	_		20
French		\$1.50 p	er box.
MUSTARD, for Sowing.—Senf jum Saen.		, ,	
Yellow or White London	_	15	35
Brown or Black		15	35
Chinese Curled		25	75
NASTURTIUM.—Judische Kresse.			,,
Tall Yellow	15	40	1 25
OKRA Gumbo.	3		3
Long Green	10	20	65
Improved Dwarf Green		20	65



#### RED WETHERSFIELD ONION.

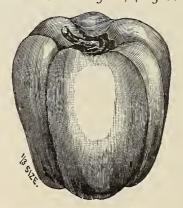
ONION.—Zwiebelu.  Per oz.	. ¹á lb.	lb.
Extra Early Red—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	\$1 50
Wethersfield Large Red—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Large Red Globe—5 lb \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Danvers Yellow—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Danvers Yellow Globe—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Yellow Dutch or Strasburg—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Yellow Giant Globe—5 lb., \$7.00 20	50	1 50
Extra Early White Pearl—5 lb., \$11.25 25	75	2 50
White Portugal or Silver Skin—5 lb., \$12.50 25	75	2 75
White Globe—5 lb., \$11.25	75	2 50
El Paso or New Mexican	75 75	2 50

ITALIAN ONIONS.—Italienische Sorten.	Per oz,	¾ lb.	1b.
White Mammoth Silver King	. 25	90	\$3 00
Neapolitan (White) Marzagole	. 20	60	2 00
Large Italian Red Tripoli	. 20	60	2 00
Red Giant Rocca	20	60	2 00
Yellow Giant Rocca	20	60	2 00
Giant White Tripoli	. 20	60	2 00
White Queen	. 25	75	2 50
Yellow Queen	. 25	75	2 50
Red Bermuda	20	60	2 00
PARSLEY.—Beterjilie.			
Plain Parsley—5 lb., \$2.00	. 10	20	55
Curled or Double—5 lb., \$2.50	. 10	20	65
Myatt's Garnishing.	, 10	25	75



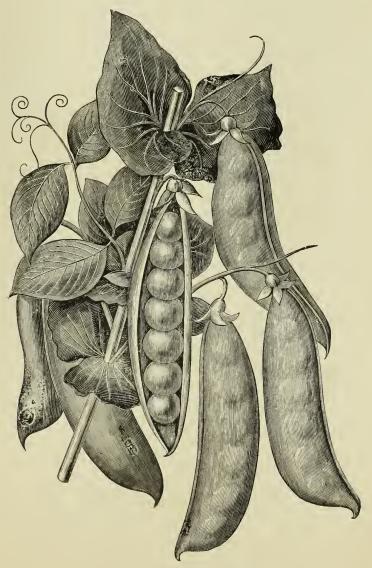
#### PARSNIP-HOLLOW CROWN.

PARSNIP.—Bastinaten.			
	Per oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Long Smooth White—5 lb., \$2.50	. 10	20	65
Maltese		20	65
Large Sugar or Hollow Crown—5 lb., \$2.50.		20	65



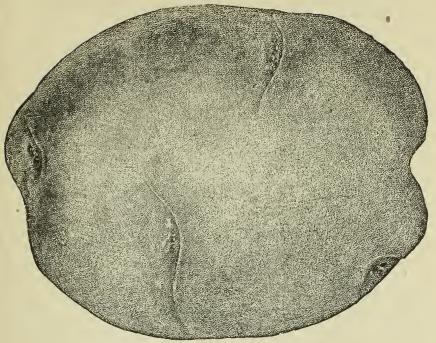
DEDDED Sharifdon West	MOUNTAIN PI		•
D 1 IV		Per oz.	34 lb,
Ruby King Large Bell of Bullnose		30	90

PEPPER—Continued.	Per oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Sweet Mountain	30	\$ 90	
Squash or Tomato	30	90	
Long Red Cayenne	30	90	
Golden Dawn	30	90	
Cherry Red	35	I 00	
Cherry Yellow	35	1 00	
Chili	35	1 00	



PEAS-AMERICAN WONDER.

PEAS.—Grbsen.  Those with * are Wrinkled Sorts.			
Dickmann's Extra Early Market. Our Standard Mar-	Qt. Pe	er .	Bu.
ket Garden Early Pea	84 <b>\$</b> .	4	50
Rural New Yorker. Very early, prolific and uniform in		•	,
ripening	25	4	00
First and Best. Early; resembling Rural New Yorker.		4	00
Alaka. One of the very earliest blue peas; quite pro-			
ductive	35	4	50
Improved Daniel Orourke. Best strain; a well known			
extra early sort	25	4	50
		3	50
Philadelphia. Best strain; resembling First and Best.			00
"Good stock.	25	3	50
Small Early French. (Petit Pois.) The true French			
Small Pea, so extensively used in Summer for canning	25	4	50
EARLY AND MEDIUM.			
*McLean's Advancer. A fine standard sort	15	4	00
*Horsford Earket Garden. Style of Advancer, but more			
*Abundance. Long round, well filled pods; so thin	_		50
*Everbearing. Long pods and large peas; sow thin			50 50
Pride of the Market. (Long Island Mammoth.) Very	<sup>2</sup> 5	+	50
large pods, green peas; sow thin	25	8	00
*Champion of England. A standard variety; very pro-	53		
ductive; sow thick	25	4	00
*Yorkshire Hero. A spreading variety, very productive;	3		
sow thin	25 .	4	50
LATE AND MAIN CROP.			
*Culverwell's Telegraph. Large pods and peas; of ex-			
cellent flavor and a great yielder	30	6	50
*Carter's Telephone. Peas large, enormous pods; first			
class	30	6	50
*Ne plus ultra. The most popular late pea now in the			
English market			50
Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Very hardy and prolific	_		00
White Marrowfat	15	2	25.
DWARF VARIETIES.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30	6	00
*Carter's Strategem. Pale green wrinkled peas; a supe-			
			50
*Premium Gem. Extra Early; straight pods, well filled		_	00
·			50
Blue Peter. Early; pods long, peas large	45	4	50



POTATO-RURAL NEW-YORKER NO. 2.

#### POTATO-Rural New-Yorker No. 2.

This is the nearest to perfection of any potato yet introduced, and excels all others in yield. It has many distinctive features, and could be readily recognized among a hundred others. Among the features peculiarly its own are:

1st. Distinct appearance.

2nd. Large size and unusual smoothness of skin.

3rd. Eyes few, distinct and shallow.

4th. Its form is that most approved by all potato lovers.

5th. Extreme whiteness both of skin and flesh, and unexcelled table quality.

6th. Great vigor in growth and solidity of tuber, enabling it to resist disease to a remarkable degree.

We receive the most flattering and favorable reports from all sections of this country and Europe in regard to the value of this potato.

Price, for immediate order and delivery, per barrel, \$6.50; per bushel, \$3.25; per ½ bushel, \$1.50; per peck, \$1.00; per ½ peck, 75 cts.

These are the prices ruling in January; later in the scason many of the prices may be higher.

#### EARLY VARIETIES.

The Thorburn.—Earliest and best of all productive sorts. A seedling' of Beauty of Hebron, which it resembles; quality is unsurpassed.

Per ½ peck, 3oc.; per peck, 5oc.; per bus., \$1.50; per bbl., \$3.50. Beauty of Hebron.—Slightly flesh colored skin, with pure white flesh; most popular early variefy in cultivation.

Per ½ peck, 30c.; per peck, 50c.; per bus., \$1.50; per bbl., \$3.50.

## SEED POTATOES.

TERMS STICTLY CASH WITH ORDER.

Prices given subject to variation without notice.

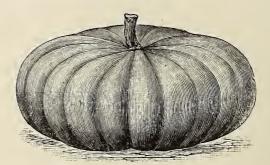
All orders are subject to approval.

## IRISH POTATOES -Select Eastern Stock.

F	Per Peck.	Bush.	Barrel.
Early Mayflower	. 50	75	4 00
Early Beauty of Hebron	50	50	•
Early Ohio.	. 50	75	4 00
Extra Early Vermont	. 50	• •	-
Extra Early Vermont	. 50	75	4 00
Snowflake	. 50	1 50	3 50
White Star	. 50 2	z 50	5 50
Empire State	, 50	75	4 00
Morning Star	. 50 1	75	4.00
Dakota Reed	. 50 I	50	3 50
Late Beauty of Hebron	. 50 I	. <u>5</u> 0	
Mammoth Pearl	. <u>5</u> 0 1	50	
Burbank's Seeding.	. 40 I	25	3 25
New York Early Rose	. 40	25	3 25
New York Late Rose, True	ξο 1	75	4 00
Peerless		25	3 25
Peachblow		25	0 0
Potatoes will be carefully packed and shipped a	at the risk		

Potatoes will be carefully packed and shipped at the risk of the purchaser. We will not be responsible for their safe carriage or damage from heat or cold.

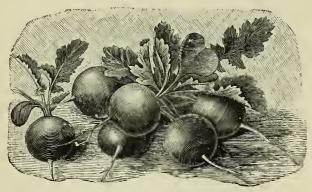
ROOTS.	Per 100.	Per 1000.	Per Bush.
Asparagus Roots, Connover's Colossal	1 00	8 00	
Artichoke, White Jerusalem			I 25
" Red Brazilian	——		1 25
Horse-Radish Roots	75	6 00	
Rhubarb Roots, strong roots, doz. \$1.501	0 00		_



#### PUMPKIN-CHEESE.

PUMPKIN.—Feldfiirbis.	er oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
Kentucky Field—5 lb., \$1.00	_	10	\$ 25
Conneticut Field—5 lb., \$1.00	_	10	25
Tennessee Sweet Potato	15	40	1 25
Large Cheese—5 lb., \$2.25	10	20	55
Cushaw—Crookneck	10	20	65
Mammoth Tours	20	бо	2 00

RAPE FOR GREENS Maps.	er oz.	1/ 1b		1b
Rape for Greens—5 lb., \$1.25		¼ 1b. 15	\$	35
RHUBARB.—Mabarber.				
Early Tobolsk	20	50	I	50
Myatt's Victoria	20	50	I	50-



RADISHES-NE PLUS ULTRA.

## RADISH.—Radies—Rettig.

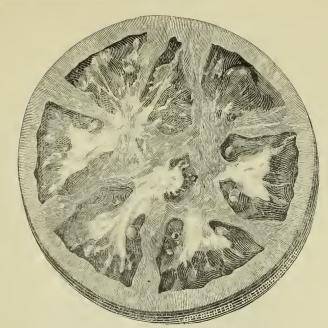
	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
Philadelphia White, Box	15	40	\$1 25
Early Short Top, Long Scarlet—5 lb., \$2.00	—	15	45
Early Long White or White Lady Finger	15	30	1 00
Wood's Early Frame—5 lb., \$2.00		15	45
Early Half Long Deep Scarlet		20	65
Early Scarlet Globe	10	20	65
Earliest Erfurt Darkred Round-5 lb., \$2. 50	10	20	55
Early Scarlet Turnip, 5 lb., \$2.00		15	45
Early Scarlet Turnip White Tipped-5 lb., \$2.50		20	55
Early White Turnip	10	20	
Early Yellow Turnip		20	55
Early Scarlet Olive Shaped—5 lb., \$2.25		20	55
French Breakfast, Scarlet Olive Shaped, White		20	55
Tipped—5 lb., \$2.25		20	۔ ۔
Early White Olive Shaped		20	55
Early Violet, Olive Shaped, White Tipped	10		55 65
Chartier or Long Rose White Tipped		20	
	10	25	75
Long White Summer or Naples		20	65
White Summer Turnip		20	65
St. Louis, White Summer Turnip—5 lb., \$3.50		30	90
Yellow Summer Turnip or Globe—5 lb., \$3.00	10	25	75
Long Black Spanish or Fall	10	25	75
Round Black Spanish or Fall	10	25	75.
Long White Spanish or Fall	IO	25	75.
Round White Munich Fall	10	25	75
California White Mammoth	15	40	1 25
Rose Colored China Winter	10	25	75
White China Winter		25	75
		9	13

SALSIFY.—Kaferwurzel.		
Long White	¼ 1ь. 50 75	\$1 75 2 00
SCORZONERA.—Schwarzwurzel. Scorzonera, or Black Salsify	50	1 50
SPINACH.	3-	- 30
Planmadala Cardad Carra 1	lb.	10 lbs.
Bloomsdale Curled Savoy-leaved	20	1 50
Round Thick-leaved 10	20	I 50
Long Standing	20	2 00
Prickly or Fall 10	20	2 00
New Zealand—per oz., 10 cts	75	



SQUASH.

SQUASH.—Riirbiffe.			
Early Bush Summer Crookneck	er oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Farly White Rush Scoller	10	20	65
Early White Bush Scollop.	10	20	65
Early Yellow Bush Scollop	10	20	65
White Pine Apple	IO	30	1 00
Perfect Gem.	IO	25	75
Large Winter Crookneck	IO	25	75
Long White Vegetable Marrow	10	35	I 25
	10	25	75
Marblehead	10	25	75
Boston Autumnal Marrow	10	25	75
Turban, or Turk's Cap	10	25	75
Bright Red China	10	30	1 00
Valparaiso	15	40	1 50
Mammoth	ıš	50	1 75
Early Prolific Marrow	io	35	I 25
TOBACCO SEED.—Tabat Saamen.			
Connecticut Seed Leaf	25	65	2 25
Yellow Prior	25	65	2 25
Big Oronoco	25	65	2 25
Gold Leaf 2	5	65	2 25
White Burley	25	65	2 25
Missouri Broadleaf	) ).E		2 25
Havana, Imported Seed	20	_	-
Zavana, imported Seed	,	90	3 00



TOMATO—NEW JERSEY—J. F. DICKMANN.

TOMATO.—Liebedapfel.—Seeds from Selected Fruit.	½ lb,	Ib.
Livingston's Beauty25	75	\$2 50
Cardinal	75 75	2 25
Mayflower 25	75 75	2 25
Favorite	75 75	2 25
Perfection	75 75	2 25
Acme	75 75	2 25
Paragon		2 25
	<b>7</b> 5	2 25
1 17'	75	2
Extra Early Red	75 60	2 25
J. Committee of the com	60	
Large Smooth Round Red	60	2 00
Large Red California or Fejec		2 00
Large Round Yellow	75	2 25
· Yellow Plum 30	90	3 00
Red Cherry 30	90	3 00
Yellow Cherry 30	60	3 00
Dwarf Champion 30	I 20	3 50
New Jersey	75	2 50
TURNIP.—Beiße Rüben.	47.11	.,
Extra Early Purple Top Munich—5 lb., \$2.50. 10	½ lb. 20	1b. 60
Extra Early Purple Top Milan 10 Early Flat Dutch, or White Top Strap Leaved—	25	75
5 lb., \$1.75 10	15	40
Red or Purple Top Strap Leaved—5 lb., \$1.75. 10	15	40
Large Red Top Globe—5 lb., \$1.75	15	40



FINE TURNIP SEEDS.

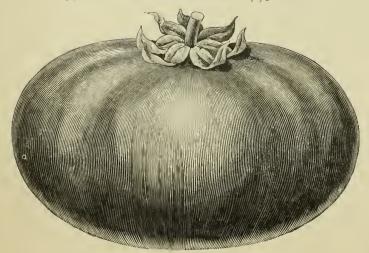
TURNIP—Continued.	4		
White For	Per oz.	¼ lb.	1b.
White Egg	10	15	40
Large White Cow Horn.	10	15	40
Large White Globe.	10	15	40
Large Yellow Globe	10	15	40
German Teltow	10	15	40
Sweet German	10	15	40
Seventop, Turnip Winter Greens	10	15	40
RUTABAGA, SWEDISH TURNIP.—	Steckriiben.		
Improved American Yellow Purple Top	10	15	40
Skirving's Yellow Purple Top	10	15	40
Large White French, Purple Top	10	15	40
AROMATIC OR SWEET HERBS8	::ichen=Aräte	r.	
A ·	Per pkt.	oz.	
Anise		15	
Balm		35	
Basil Sweet		25	
Basil Sweet, small leaved		25	
Bene	5	15	
Borage	5	15	
Caraway—per lb., 50 cts	5	10	
Chervil	$\cdot \cdot \cdot \overline{5}$	15	
Coriander	5	15	
Dill—per lb., 75 cts		10	

AROMATIC (	OR SWEET	HERBS—Continued.
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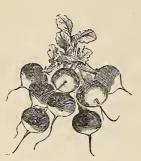
	Per pkt.	OZ,
Fennell	. 5 \$	15
Hoarhound	. š	35
Lavender		25
Majoram Sweet		25
Pimpernell	. 5	25
Rosemary		35
Rue		15
Sage—per lb., \$1.50		<u> </u>
Saffron		15
Summer Savory	• 5	25
Sorrel Broadleaved	. 5	25
Sweet Thyme		30
Tarragon		
Wormwood		50
Woodruff		00

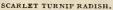


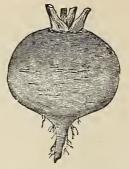
TOMATO—LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY, 1/3 SIZE.



TOMATO-MIKADO. LARGE AND EARLY.







MBER GLOBE TURNIP

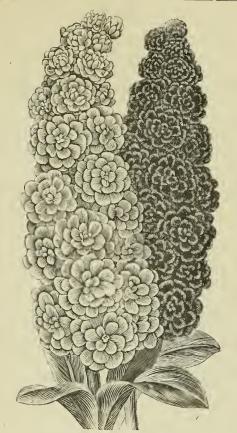


OLIVE-SHAPED SCARLET RADISH.

# Complete Collections for the Vegetable Garden.

The fact that so many customers every year send orders for Collections of Vegetable Seeds has led me to prepare the assortment named below, for the convenience of those who either do not care to wade through long lists, or who prefer my judgment to their own as to kinds and quantities.

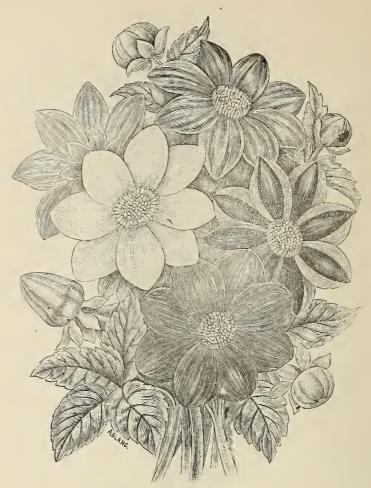
	No. 1.	No. 2.	No, 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.
		Price, \$10.			Price, \$25.
	Contains	Contains	Contains	Contains	Contains
	_		0	10	10
Asparagus, Colossal		3 oz.	6 oz.	10 oz.	16 oz.
Beans, bush, best kind for succession	2 pts.	2 qts.	3 qts.	4 qts.	6 qts.
" Lima and other Pole	1 pt.	1½ pts.	2 pts.	1 qt.	2 qts.
Beet, best sorts for succession	4 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.	12 oz.	16 oz.
Brussels Sprouts	1 pkt.	1 pkt.	½ oz.	½ Oz.	1 oz.
Cabbage, best early and late sorts	2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.	5 oz.	6 oz.
l'orrot	9 07	6 oz.	8 oz.	12 oz.	14 oz.
Cauliflower, best varieties	1 pkt.	2 pkts.	3 pkts.	3 pkts.	1 oz.
Celery, Half Dwarf and Golden Dwarf		1½ oz.	2 oz.	·2 oz.	3 oz.
Cucumber, Imp. White Spined and others.		2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.	6 oz.
Corn, Sweet, best early and late sorts		3 qts.	4 qts.	6 qts.	7 qts.
Cress, or Pepper Grass, Curled		2 oz.	2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.
Egg Plant, New York Improved	1 pkt.	1 pkt.	½ oz.	½ oz.	½ oz.
Endive, best Curled	1 pkt.	½ oz.	½ oz.	1 oz.	2 oz.
Kale-Dwarf German and Curled Scotch		1 oz.	1 oz.	1 oz.	1 oz.
		½ oz.	½ oz.	1 oz.	1 oz.
Kohl-Rabi, Early White Vienna	1 pkt.		1 oz.	1 oz.	2 oz.
Leek, American Flag	1 pkt.	½ oz.	2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.
Lettuce, best varieties	2 pkts.			6 oz.	8 oz.
Melon, Musk, best kind	2 pkts.		3 oz.		4 oz.
" Water, "	2 pkts.		3 oz.	4 oz.	
Okra, or Gumbo	1 pkt.	2 oz.	4 oz.	4 oz.	4 OZ.
Onion, best varieties	2 oz.	4 oz.	6 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.
Parsley, Extra Curled	1 oz.	2 oz.	2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.
Parsnip, Long Smooth	1 oz.	2 oz.	3 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.
Peas, best early and late sorts	4 pts.	4 qts.	6 qts.	8 qts.	10 qts.
Pepper, Large Bell and Long Red	1 pkt.	2 pkts.		1 oz.	1 oz.
Rhubarb, Linnæus	1 pkt.	1 oz.	2 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.
Radish, Scarlet, Turnip and others	4 oz.	6 oz.	7 oz.	10 oz.	12 oz.
Salsify, or Oyster Plant	½ oz.	½ oz.	1 oz.	3 oz.	4 oz.
Spinach, best sorts	4 oz.	8 oz.	8 oz.	10 oz.	12 oz.
Squash, Summer and Winter	2 oz.	4 oz.	4 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.
Tomato, Perfection and others	2 pkts,	4 pkts.	1½ oz.	2 oz.	2 oz.
Turnip, best early and late sorts	2 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.	10 oz.	12 oz.
Herbs, most useful kinds	2 pkts.	3 pkts.	4 pkts.	5 pkts.	6 pkts.
	Pros	1			



STOCKS (NEW GIANT).



COCKSCOMB (GLASGOW PRIZE).



GROUP OF SINGLE DAHLIAS.

## FLOWER SEEDS.

## COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

These are put up in neat packages with directions for cultivation at the following rates:

Assortments of 100 varieties of Tri-annual and Perennial	\$4	00
50 Perennial	2	00
25 Perennial		
12 Perennial		

Experience in selecting enables me to make up these assortments so as to be satisfactory to purchasers.

## TO DEALERS ONLY.

NO SEEDS SOLD ON COMMISSION.

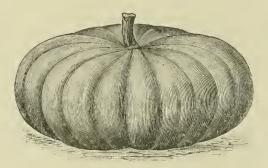
## RELIABLE GARDEN SEEDS.

---IN BOXES.---

These boxes contain 300 Full Size Papers of the best and most saleable varieties of VEGETABLE SEEDS. The seeds we put in these are the same quality that we sell to the most critical Market Gardeners Trade. They are "Fresh, Reliable, Pure and True to Name."

Our Garden Seed Box is strong, nicely finished, with chromo-lithographed label inside the cover. We send with each box, showcards and other printed matter, which will help the merchant to sell our Seeds.

Price.....\$6.00.



LARGE CHEESE PUMPKIN.

## BIRD SEED.

PUT UP IN SEALED PACKAGES.

The attention of merchants is called to the beautiful and attractive style in which we put up our mixed Bird Seeds. The packages are illustrated in fancy colors, and present a very handsome appearance for the counter or window decoration.

Cases of 40 packages, 1 pound each......\$2.20.

#### BIRD SEEDS IN BULK

Prices Subject to change without notice.

Clear Canaryper bushel (60 lbs.)	\$2 40
Hemp Seed	
Rape Seed	2 50
Maw Seed per lb. 20 cents, " (— lbs.)	
Mixed Bird Seed	2 25
Cuttle Fish Boneper lb.,	25
Prepared Mocking Bird Foodper doz. bottles,	3 00
Dickmann's Prepared Mocking Bird Food "	3 50
Dickmann's Canary Bird Treatper dozen,	75
Oyster Shell, 1 lb	5

## FERTILIZERS.

*Terms, Cash with Order. Prices subject to fluctuation.			
Per 100 lbs.	Per Ton 2000 lbs.		
Ground Bone or Bone Meal\$2 00	\$32 00		
Land Plaster or Gypson, per bbl. (about 300 lbs.) 1 50			
Superphosphate of Lime, 1st quality 2 00	36 oo		
Peruvian Guano, 1st quality 3 50	65 00		
Universal Fertilizer 2 00	36 00		
Nitrate of Soda 3 00			
Lawn Fertilizer 2 00	36 00		
Odorless Plant Food, in Packages (retails at 15 cents) per			
dozen Packages	1 35		

## MY PRICES.

It is my constant aim to make highest quality a first consideration and then to make my prices as low as good, honest Seed can be sold. My prices, therefore, will be found as low as those of any other Reliable House for Seeds of the highest standard of excellence. Critical Market Gardeners and experienced Planters, who appreciate the highest quality rather than the lowest prices, have bought and will buy from me.

I offer no Books, Cash or other Premiums to Induce you to Buy my Seeds. They Sell upon their Merits.

## LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON SEEDS IN PACKETS.

To induce my Patrons to form Clubs to purchase SEEDS in quantity, I will offer the following LIBERAL DISCOUNTS on Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Packets.

Purchaser remitting \$1.00 may select Vegetable or Flower Seeds in Packets amounting to \$1.25; \$2.00, \$2.50; \$3.00, \$3.75; \$4.00, \$5.25;

\$5.00, \$6.50.

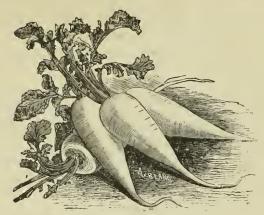
I wish it destinctly understood that the discount allowed is for Seeds in Packets only, and not for Collections of Seeds or Seed by weight or measure.

## Collections of Vegetable Seeds.

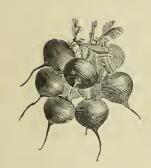
## Complete Assortments for Family Gardens.

The selections of these assortments of Seeds will be found very desirable for those who are not sufficiently well experienced, or who are not familiar with the most desirable varieties, to make judicious selections from my catalogue. They include what I regard as the best varieties for family use. I will supply them at the following rates—rates that are at least one-fourth less than same kind and quantities of seed are usually sold at.

Printed lists of Contents mailed upon application.



NEW WHITE STRASBURGH RADISH.



EARLY ROUND DEEP SCARLET RADISH.



LARGE WHITE NORFOLK TURNIP.

# Vegetable Seeds that may be sown in each month from January to October.

JANUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed.—Early Beet, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower, Early Lettuce, Italian Onions, Radish.

FEBRUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed. Early Beet, Broccoli, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Early Lettuce, Parsley, Pepper, Italian Onions, Radish, Tomato.

MARCH—Sow in Hot-Bed.—Early Beet, Ealry Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon, Parsley, Peas, Pepper, Italian Onions, Radish, Spinach, Tomato, Herbs.

Sow in Open Ground.—Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Carrot, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Onion, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Spinach, Early Turnip.

APRIL—Sow in Hot-Bed.—Cucumber, Egg Plant, Melon, Pepper, Tomato.

Sow in Open Ground.—Asparagus, Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cucumber, Cress, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Me ons, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Rhubarb, Sa sify, Spinach, Tomato, Early Turnip, Sage, Herbs.

MAY-Sow in Open Ground,-Artichoke, Asparagus, English Beans, Pole Beans, Bush Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrot' Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Nasturtium, Onion, Parsley Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkin, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Turnip, Herbs.

JUNE --Sow in Open Ground.--Bush Beans, Lima Beans, Pole Beans, Beet, Carrot, Cabbage, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kae, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon, Okra, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkin, Radish, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.

JULY-Sow in Open Ground.—Bush Beans, Beet, Carrot, Sweet Corn, Corn Salad, Cress, Cucumber. Endive, Gherkin, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Okra, Early Peas, Pumpkin, Radish, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.

AUGUsT-Sow in Open Ground.—Bush Beans, Corn Salad, Cucumber, Endive, Lettuce, Early Peas, Radish, Spinach, Turnip.

September-Sow in Open Ground.—Cabbage for Cold Frames, Cau iflower for Cold Frames, Corn Salad, Cress, Kale Lettuce, Mustard, Winter Radish, Spinach, Turnip.

OCTOBER-Sow in Open Ground.-Corn Salad, Cress, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Spinach,

#### MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER.

Single heads measure twelve to twenty-two inches in diameter, and contain an immense quantity of seed, which is highly valued by all farmers and poultry breeders who have tried it, as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. They eat it greedily, fatten well on it, and obtain a high lustrous plumage and strong, healthy condition, better than on almost any other food. It is the best EGG-PRODUCING FOOD known for poultry. Every farmer should plant some of the seed in any waste piece of ground, any time from the early spring up to the middle of July. It is a decided improvement on the old native sunflower, and besides the great value of the seed as a poultry and stock food, its leaves makes a capital fodder, while its strong thick stalks can be profitably used as fuel. Four quarts of seed will plant one acre. The seed is also recommended as an excellent food for horses, and it is claimed that a fine quality of oil can be manufactured from the seed. Per pkt., 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1 lb., 20 cents; 50 lbs., \$7.50; 100 lbs., \$12.50.

## SEED GRAIN.

Terms: Cash with order. Two-bushel Bags, Twenty Cents extra each. Express or Freight Charges always to be paid by the purchaser.

#### SPRING SEED WHEAT.

Sow about two bushels to the acre.

White Russian—This variety is not exactly awhite, but is a light colored variety of red Wheat, and is an enormous cropper. It has long, straight, strong yellow straw, and bears long and large white chaff heads, well filled with plump kernels. Per peck, 50c., bush., \$1.75.

Red French Imperial.—This variety grades Extra No. 1 hard Red Spring Wheat. It is adapted to soils of ordinary richness, as rich soils will tend to make too much straw. The kernel is very tend to make too much straw. The kernel is very large, fully a half larger than a plump kernel of almost any other kind of spring wheat.

Per peck 60c., bush., \$2.00.

Saskatchewan Fife Wheat—A purely northern Hard Wheat; pronounced by millers the best No. 1 Hard Amber Wheat ever introduced. In Wheat-A vigor of growth, productiveness and stooling pro-pensities it is probably unequalled. Per peck, 60c.; bush., \$2.00.

#### SEED BARLEY.

Sow about two bushels to the acre. Barley, Common-Market price.

#### SEED RYE.

One and a half bushels to the acre.

Seed Rye, Common-Per bushel (56 lbs.) \$1.00.

#### SEED OATS.

Sow about three bushels to the acre.

Welcome Oats—This variety weighs about forty pounds per measured bushel. They are claimed to be the most productive variety in cultivation, and stool heavily, with extra strong, straight straw, standing well; succeeding in a wide range of climate and under a great variety of soils and methods of culture. Per peck 30c.; bush., (32 lbs.) \$1.00.

White Russian Oats—The White Russian Oats are prolific, and with ordinary cultivation will yield one hundred bushels per acre. They are extremely hardy, enduring the coldest climate in our country without injury, and are absolutely must area? rust proof.

Per peck, 30c.; bush., (32 lbs) \$1.00.

Black Russian Oats—This famous Oats was first brought from Russia by an immigrant to Missouri, and was first introduced by us about eight years ago. It is very prolific; from 80 to 100 bushels to the acre. It is perfectly hardy; can be sown in fall, as it will stand cold weather if not too severe, and is entirely rust proof. It is very early, and has a large, heavy and plump, mealy grain, and a very thin shell or hull, and is therefore a very good feed for all kinds of stock.

Per peck, 30c.; hush. (32 lbs) \$1.00. Per peck, 30c.; hush., (32 lbs) \$1.00.

#### WINTER SEED WHEAT.

Our Price List of the best varieties of selected Winter Wheat and other Seed Grain for Fall Sowing, on application.

## ONION SETS.

#### TERMS CASH WITH ORDER.

Prices Given Subject to Variation.

Parties ordering will please state particularly if they want Top Onions or Botton Sets. To keep them in a good condition, they must be spread out thinly in a cool and dry place as soon as received. We pack them to be carried with safety, but it must be distinctly undersrood that we are not responsible for any damage they may sustain in transit.

	Per pe	ck.	Bush.
Yellow Bottom Sets			54 50
White Bottom Sets	I	50	5 00
Red Top or Button Onions	I	50	5 50
Potato Onion Sets	I	50	5 50
Garlicper lb. 1	5c., i	o lbs.	I 25

Boxes, Crates and Barrels at Cost Price.

### PRICE LIST OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

	Per doz.	Per 100	Per 1000.
Crescent Seedling	30	\$ 75	\$ 5 00
Chas. Downing	30	75	5 400
Cumberland	30	75	5 00
Scharpless	30	75	5 00
May King	30	75	5 00
Jessie	50	I 00	8 00
Cloud Seedling	, 50	I 00	8 00
Parry		I OO	8 00
Bubach	50	I 25	10 00
Belmont	50	I 25	10 00
Prince		1 25	10 00
Pineapple		1 50	12 00
Big Bend	60	1 50	
Lida	60	1 50	
Itaska		1 50	
Mammoth		1 50	
Gandy		1 50	
Haverland		2 00	
Logan		2 00	
Louise			
Amateur			
Henry Schultz			

Price for large quantities on application.

# Tree, Fruit and Hedge Seeds.

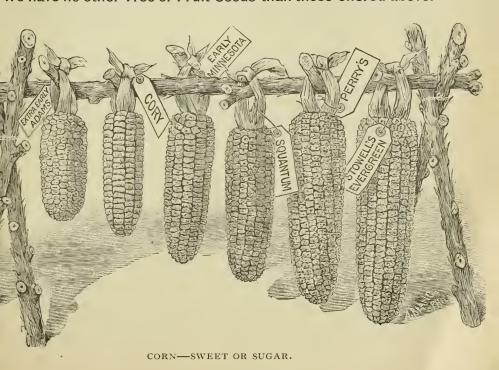
Sold for Cash only. Prices subject to variation.

When less quantities than those quoted are ordered a higher price will be charged, but we will sell 20 lbs. at the 100 lb rate, 1/4 bushel at the bushel rate, 1/2 pound at the pound rate.

CONIFERS OR EVERGREENS.	1	
Arbor Vitæ American (Thuja occidentalis	Per \$2	
" Chinese (Thuja orientalis)		00
"Golden (Thuja aurea)		50
Cypress, Deciduous (Cupressus disticha)		75
Spreading (Cupressus horizontalis)		00
" Upright (Cupressus pyramidalis)		00
Fir, Silver (Pinus abies)		75
" Balsam (Pinus balsamea)		75
Larch, European (Larix Europaea)		60
Pine, Black Austrian (Pinus Austriaca)		75
" Scotch (Pinus sylvestris)		00
" Weymouth or White (Pinus strobus)		25
Red Cedar (Juniperus virginiana)		60
Spruce, Hemlock (Abies canadensis)		00
"Norway (Picea excelsa, Pinus picea)		60
" White (Picea alba)	3	00
DECIDIOUS TREE SEEDS		
DECIDUOUS TREE SEEDS.		
Alder European (Alnus glutinosa)		60
Ash, European (Fraxinus excelsior)		40
American White Ash (Fraxinus americana)		25
Beech, European (Fagus sylvatica)		40
Birch, White (Betula alba)		45
Box Elder, Ashleaved Maple (Acer negundo)		35
Catalpa Tree (Catalpa bigninoides)		40
"Hardy (Catalpa speciosa) per 100 lbs. \$60.00		75
Elm, European (Ulmus campestre)		60
Fever Tree (Eucalyptus globulus) per ounce 40 cents		50
Lime or Linden (Basswood, Tilia Europaea)		60
Maple, Norway (Acer platanoides)		40 60
Sugar Maple (Acer sacharinum)		
Mulberry, White (Morus alba)		25
" Russian (Morus alba var' Moretti)		75 00
Plane or Sycamore (Acer pseudoplanatus)	_	40
Tree of Haven (Ailanthus glandulosus)		40
2200 02 2201011 (22111111111111111111111		-

SEEDS FOR HEDGES.		
Prices Subject to Variation.		** 400.11
Daula aura (Daula aria arrilara ria)	Per lb.	Per 100 lbs.
Berberry (Berberis vulgaris)		\$
Buckthorn (Rhamnus catharticus)	1 00	
Hawthorn (Crataægus oxyacantha) Clean Seed	65	
Locust, Black or Yellow (Robinia pseudo-accacia)	20	18 00
" "Honey (Gleditschia triacanthos)	20	00 81.
Osage Orange (Maclura aurantiaca) per bushel (33		
	·	
FRUIT TREE SEEDS.		
Prices Subject to Variation.	Per lb.	Per Bush.
Apple Seeds (bushel 40 lbs)	30	4 50
Peach Pits (bushel 50 lbs)		90
Poor Soods fresh imported	T 0-8	90
Pear Seeds, fresh imported	I 25	
Quince Seeds, fresh imported	1 50	
Mahaleb Cherry Pits, fresh imp. (bushel 40 lbs)	25	7 00
Mazzard Cherry Pits, fresh imp. (bushel 40 lbs)	20	6 00
Plum Stones, fresh imported (bushel 40 lbs)	20	5 00
Black Walnuts, hulled		1 00
Pecan Nuts, Large (bushel 50 lbs)	15	5 50
	,	
SMALL FRUIT SEEDS.		- 7
Currant Seeds, Large varieties mixed		40
Gooseberry Seeds, Large English mixed		50
Raspberry Seeds, Fine mixed		40
Strawberry Seeds, Large varieties mixed		40
Ottawocity Occus, Barge varieties mixed		40

Strawberry Seeds, Large varieties mixed...... 40
We have no other Tree or Fruit Seeds than those offered above.



#### FIELD SEED CORN.

Prices Given Subject to Variation. Special Prices for Large Quantities.			
Weight per bush.	Peck.	B	ush.
Black Hawk	50	\$1	50
Golden Beauty56	50	$\mathbf{I}_{i}$	50
Champion Early White Pearl	50		50
Compton's Extra Early Yellow Flint 56	60		00
The Learning Yellow	50	I	50
Murdock's Ninety Day Yellow 56	50		50
Early Yellow Canada Flint 56	50	I	75
Early Large White Flint	50		75
White Giant Normandy 56	50		50
Yellow Mammoth King 56	50	I	50
St. Charles White, True 56	50	I	25
Chicago Red56	50	I	50

# Grass Seed Department.

#### TOWER GROVE PARK LAWN GRASS

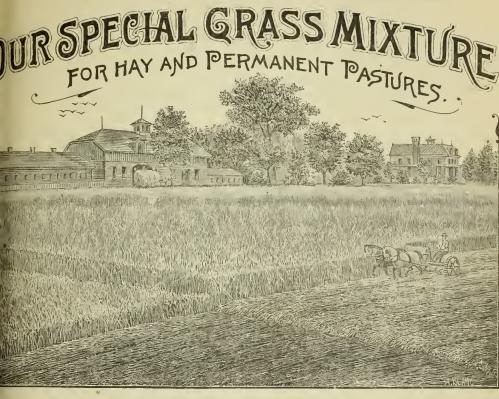
Is composed exclusively of the very best varieties of Grass, such as long experience has shown to be best adapted to produce a thick, heavy, carpet-like lawn. In this mixture we use only the very best recleaned seed, and we can guarantee that, for purity and germination, it is equal to any variety sold under any name. One of the greatest troubles in obtaining a good lawn is to get it free from weeds. These, while not always in the seed, but quite often in the ground, or come from the use of stable manure, are, nevertheless, always objectionable. Our customers can rely, in buying the Tower Grove Park Lawn Grass Seed, of its being the very purest seed obtainable, and entirely free from any weeds or any foreign seed.

Price per quart, 20 cts.; per peck, \$1.25; per bushel, \$4.00. Special prices given on large quantities.

As a second quality mixture, composed of varieties well adapted for lawns, and which has been used for many years, but which is not, in point of quality, as good as that of our Tower Grove Park Lawn Grass, is the CENTRAL PARK MIXTURE. Prices as follows: per quart, 15 cts.: per peck, \$1.00; per bushel, \$3.00.

#### EXCELSIOR LAWN DRESSING.

In connection with our Lawn Grass Seed, we offer as the most desirable fertilizer for both new lawns and those which only need enriching, the EXCELSIOR LAWN DRESSING; it is put up in bags of 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100 lbs., at the following prices: 5 lb. bags, 25 cts.; 10 lbs., 45 cts.; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs. and over, at 3½ cts. per lb. Special prices in quantities of 500 lbs. and over.



Can be Sown in Either Spring or Fall.

Our SPECIAL GRASS MIXTURE, for hay and permanent pasture, consisting of the following and other varieties: Orchard Grass, Meadow Foxtail, Sheep Fescue, Rhode Island and Creeping Bent, Hard Fescue, Sweet Scented Vernal (True Perennial), Meadow Fescue. English Rye Grass, Italian Rye Grass, and Red Top, as highly recommended by that eminent authority, Mr. Wm. Crozier, of Long Island, who has made the matter a life study, mixed in the proper proportions, we will supply for \$2.25 per bushel (of about 15 lbs). On rich land, two bushels of this mixture is sufficient to seed an acre, but where the soil is poor, more seed will be required. A fair average will be 2 to 4 bushels to the acre. The foundation of this mixture is Orchard Grass, and the addition of the several other grasses named add to its value. Orchard Grass, when sown alone, has a tendency to form tussocks or clumps, which, however, can be overcome by thick seeding; the other grasses, being sown with it, fill up the vacant places between the Orchard Grass. In addition to this, the other Grasses comprised in this mixture are especially suited for cattle and sheep, and by them eagerly sought for, and have special value in pasture lands for different animals. To this mixture, intended for either Mowing Lands or Pasture (but which, on account of its greater weight, should be sown separately), is to be added about 10 lbs. of Mammoth or Pea Vine Clover, which is worth 12 cts per lb., and is put up in a separate package when shipping.

Special price given for quantities of ten bushels and upwards.

#### SPECIAL MANURE FOR GRASS LANDS.

A very convenient manure to have for general use on farm lands, or where stable manure is not readily attainable. Use 3 to 5 bbls. per acre, and if at time of proposed sowing, harrow it in; it can be used, however, with great advantage as a top covering. Price, per bbl. (about 250 lbs), \$7.00; per ton, shipped, \$50.00.

Guaranteed Analysis.—Ammonia, 4 to 5 per cent; Phosphoric Acid, total, 10 to 12 per cent.; Potash as Sulphate and Muriate, 3 to 4

per cent.

# JOS. F. DICKMANN'S SPECIAL MIXTURE FOR LAWNS.

Per Pound, 30c. Bushel of 14 Pounds, \$3.00. If Wanted by Mail add Eight Cents Per Pound.

## EXTRA CLEAN BLUE GRASS.

Per Pound 30c. Bushel of 14 Pounds, \$3.50.

## FANCY BLUE GRASS.

Per Pound, 35c. Bushel of 14 Pounds, \$4.00.

## ENGLISH RYE GRASS.

Per Pound, 25c.

## ENGLISH BLUE GRASS.

Per Pound, 25c. Bushel of 25 Pounds, \$3.00.

## WHITE DUTCH CLOVER.

Per Pound, 20c.

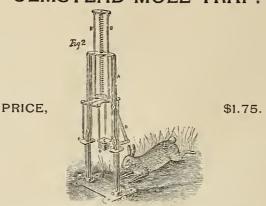
This is the best possible mixture for permanent lawns, resisting the severe drouth of our climate better than any other. It may be planted early in the spring or fall, and should be sown at the rate of from sixty to eighty pounds to the acre, much more being required than for hay or pasturage. If sown in the spring, sow it early as possible, making the surface very fine and smooth, then raking it over and sowing the seed just before a rain, which, if the surface has just been raked, will cover the seed sufficiently. If the expected rain does not come, cover by rolling with a light roller. If sown in the fall, sow before the autumn rains have ceased, and before very cold weather, give the young grass a light dressing of manure. One pound of this manure is sufficient to cover a space 30x20 feet, or 600 square feet. Kentucky Blue Grass in conjunction with White clover forms one of the finest and closest of lawns. For this purpose, use four bushels of Blue Grass, and about six pounds of White Clover per acre.

# ALWAYS IN STOCK—FINE FIELD SEED, AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

SE	ED OATS.	Per Bush
	New Clydesdale	
	Welcome	
	Pringle's Progress	
	American Beauty	01 1
	White Belgian	70
SP	RING WHEAT. Saskatchewan Fife	2 25
BU	CKWHEAT.	
	New Japanese	
	Silver Hull	95
SP	RING BARLEY.	
	New Manshury	1 50
SE	ED RYE.	
	Spring Rye	
$\sim$ D	Fall Rye	1 00
GR	ASS AND CLOVER SEEDS. Fairmount Park Lawn Mixture	2 50
	Clover, Common Red	Market Prices
	Pea Vine, or Sapling Clover	Perlb
	White Dutch Clover (finest quality)	\$0 20
	Aliske Clover	20
	Lucerne, or Alfalfa Clover	20
	Crimson Clover (Trifolium incarnatum)	
	Timothyper bush. (45 lbs.)	Market Prices
	Orchard Grass (14 lbs.)	Per Bush.
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush \$1 10 3 50 1 40
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 1 2 00 1 2 50 2 50
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 \$3 50 \$1 40 \$2 00 \$2 00 \$1 250 \$2 50 \$2 50
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. \$0 25
	Orchard Grass. "(14 lbs.)  Herd, or Red Top. per sack of five bushel.  Kentucky Blue (double fancy cleaned) 14 lbs.  Perennial Rye Grass, 24 lbs.  Tall Meadow Oat Grass, 13 lbs.  Johnson Grass, 25 lbs.  Italian Rye Grass, 20 lbs.  Native Green Grass.  Wood Meadow Grass.  Sweet Scented Vernal Grass (True Perennial).	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25
	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50
MI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50
MI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. \$0 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. \$2 00
ΜI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. \$2 00 1 95
MI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. \$0 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. \$2 00 1 95 6 00
MI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. \$2 00 1 95 6 00 2 25
MI	Orchard Grass	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. 52 00 1 95 6 00 2 25 2 00 Per lb.
MI	Orchard Grass. (14 lbs.) Herd, or Red Top. per sack of five bushel. Kentucky Blue (double fancy cleaned) 14 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass, 24 lbs. Tall Meadow Oat Grass, 13 lbs. Johnson Grass, 25 lbs. Italian Rye Grass, 20 lbs. Native Green Grass.  Wood Meadow Grass. Sweet Scented Vernal Grass (True Perennial). Missouri Millet. German, or Golden Millet. SCELLANEOUS. Early Amber Sugar Cane. Large Russian Sunflower, per qt., 15 cts. Osage Orange (for hedges) per lb., 25 cts. Flax Seed. Evergreen Broom Corn.	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. 52 00 1 95 6 00 2 25 2 20 Per lb.
MI	Orchard Grass. (14 lbs.) Herd, or Red Top. per sack of five bushel. Kentucky Blue (double fancy cleaned) 14 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass, 24 lbs. Tall Meadow Oat Grass, 13 lbs. Johnson Grass, 25 lbs. Italian Rye Grass, 20 lbs. Native Green Grass.  Wood Meadow Grass. Sweet Scented Vernal Grass (True Perennial). Missouri Millet. German, or Golden Millet. SCELLANEOUS. Early Amber Sugar Cane. Large Russian Sunflower, per qt., 15 cts. Osage Orange (for hedges) per lb., 25 cts. Flax Seed. Evergreen Broom Corn.	Per Bush. \$1 10 3 50 1 40 2 00 2 00 1 25 2 50 Per lb. 50 25 60 Per Bush. 1 25 1 50 Per Bush. 52 00 1 95 6 00 2 25 2 20 Per lb.
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MISCELLANEOUS—Continued.	Per lb.
Dalmation Insect Powder	5 35
Paris Green	20
Slug Shot	
Hellebore	03 18
Large Quantities on Application.	

## OLMSTEAD MOLE TRAP.



#### DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

Depress the mound that the mole has made, for a space only sufficient to admit the trigger, then press the frame, together with the needles into the ground as far as the stops and directly over the track of the mole. Work the needles up and down in the ground several times to make them work free. Then lift the needles and allow the needle-plate to rest upon the upper end of the lever, then hook the lower end of the lever into the trigger, place a brick, or stone, upon the platform. When the spring is used, take the lever, D, in the left hand, holding it at right-angles to the frame, raise the needle up to the cross bar, and hook the lever to the trigger. The mole in passing under the trap lifts the trigger, thereby releasing the lever and causing the weight or spring to force the needles into the mole.

In order that a mole trap may be of utility, the user should know something of the habits of the mole, many tracks will be in the fields, gardens, and lawns through which the mole never passes but once. Of course there is no use of setting a trap over such a track.

To find a track which is frequented by moles, depress the mounds which the moles have made for a small space in different parts of the fields, place a stick upright in the ground near by so that the depression can be readily found again.

It has been observed that moles re-pass through the roads at regular intervals, that is, about 12 m. and 6 p. m. If by going over the fields again the mounds which were depressed are again raised up, set a trap there and you are sure to catch a mole.

Several moles have been caught in one track on successive days by setting the trap in the same place.

With a few of these traps a field, garden, or lawn, can soon be freed from moles.

Price of Extra Springs, 15 cents each. Springs sent by mail on receipt of price.



GROUP OF SWEET PEAS.

## A SELECT LIST

OF CHOICE IMPORTED.

# FLOWER SEEDS.

NO.	PRICE PER PACKET. AMT.	NO.	PRICE PER PACKET. AMT.	
1.	Adonis 5	24.	Forget Me Not, mixed 5	,
2.	Ageratum 5		Four O'Clock, mixed 5	,
	Rose of Heaven 5		Gillardia 5	,
4.	Alyssum 5		Gillia 5	)
	Amaranthus (Prince Feather) 5		Heliotrope 5	,
6.	Amaranthus (Love Lies Bleeding) 5		Honeysuckle, French 5	,
	Amaranthus (Tri-Color) 5	30.	Larkspur, tall 5	,
	Asters, mixed colors 5	31.	Larkspur, dwarf 5	
	Balsams 5	32.	Marigold, African 5	,
	Bachelor's Button 5		Marigold, French 5	,
11.	Baloon Vine 5		Mignonette, sweet 5	
12.	Brachycome or Daisy 5		Musk Plant 5	
	Canary Vine 5		Nasturtium, fall mixed 5	,
14.	Canterbury Bell 5		Nasturtium, dwarf, mixed 5	
	Cocalia (Tassel Flower) 5		Pansy, mixed 5	
16.	Carnation Dianthus 10		Phlox, mixed 5	,
17.	Candytuft, mixed 5		Portulacca, mixed 5	,
18.	Coxcomb, mixed 5	41.	Portulacca, double, mixed 10	)
19.	Morning Glory, Mixed 5	42.	Stocks, ten weeks, mixed 5	,
	Cypress Vine, mixed 5		Sweet William, mixed 5	,
21.	Dahlia, double 10	44.	Verbena, mixed 5	
	Dianthus, mixed 10	45.	Zinnia, double, mixed 5	,
23.	Foxglove (Digitalis) 10			

TWENTY-FIVE PAPERS, \$1.00.



HUMULUS JAPONICUS.

## FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Acroclinium, Everlasting, rose and white mixed\$0	5
Alyssum, Sweet, white	5
Antirrhinum (Snapdragon), mixed colors	5
	15
Aster, Truffaut's Pæony-flowered Perfection, choicest mixed	
colors	15
Aster, Dwarf Chrysanthemum-flowered, finest colors mixed	15
Balsam, Camellia-flowered, finest mixed	15
Balsam, Rose-flowered, finest mixed	10

## FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Bicolor Alba	- 5
Biusius	5
Cacalia (Tassel Flower)	5
Calliopsis, mixed colors	5
Canary Bird Flower	5
Candytuft, white	5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Candytuft, all colors mixed	5
Castor Beans, mixed	5
Convolvulus (Morning Glory), mixed colors	5
Cobœa scandens, beautiful climber	10
Cockscomb, Japan	10
Cowslip, mixed	
	10
Crimson Flax	5
Cypress Vine, elegant climber, mixed colors	5
Dianthus Chinensis (Chinese Pink), choice mixed	5
Forget-me-not	10
Fox Glove	5
Geranium, mixed	IO
Gomphrena, Everlasting, mixed colors	5
Gourds, Orange	5
" Egg Shaped	5
" Dipper	5
" Herculese Club	5
" Mixed	5
"Bonnet	2
Helichrysum, Everlasting, all colors mixed	5555555555
Hollyhock	5
	ے
Ice Plant	2
Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket, mixed	2
Marigold, mixed colors	
Mignonette, Sweet	5
Marvel of Peru (Four o'clock), mixed colors	10
Nasturtium (Tropæolum majus) mixed colors	5
Pansy, extra choice mixed.	15
Petunia, fine mixed	10
Phlox Drummondii. extra choice mixed	10
Poppy, mixed	5
Poppy, mixed colors	5
Portulaca, Double, extra fine, mixed colors	20
Portulaca, mixed colors	5
Ricinus (Castor Oil Bean)	10
Scabiosa (Mourning Bride), mixed colors	5
Sensitive Plant (Mimosa pudica)	5
Stock, Ten-Weeks, choicest, stage grown	20
Sweet Peas, mixed colors	5
Sweet William Perfection, mixed colors	
Verbena, from extra fine named collection, mixed colors	5 20
Violet	5
Wall Flower	5

# J. F. DICKMANN'S GARDEN SEEDS

ARE NOT OFFERED
AS THE CHEAPEST SEEDS,
BUT AS THE

## BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THIS COUNTRY.

Cheap Seeds are the Rubbish of the Market. They are either Spurious Stock, Old with Age, or Adulterated to Reduce their Cost.

## VALUABLE TABLES.

Quantity of Seed Requisite to produce a given number of plants and sow an acre of ground.

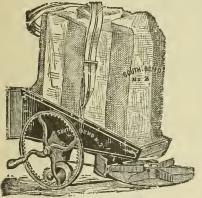
Quantity per acre.	Onantitu nou a oua
	Cross Timethy Quantity per acre.
	Grass, Timothy
Asparagus, 1 oz. to 200 plants 5 lbs.	
Barley 2½ bu.	Kale, 1 oz. to 3,000 plants 4 oz.
Beans, dwarf, 1 quart to 150 feet of drill. 11/4 "	Kohl-Rabi, 1 oz. to 200 feet of drill 11/2 lbs.
" Pole, I quart to 200 hills 1/2 "	Leek, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill 4 "
Beet, garden, 1 oz to 100 feet of drill 10 lbs.	Lettuce, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill 3 "
" Mangel, 1 oz to 150 feel of drill 6 "	Martynia, 1 oz. to 50 feet of drill 10 "
Broccoli, 1 oz. to 3,000 plants 5 oz.	Melon, musk, 1 oz. to 100 hills 13/4 "
Broom Corn	" water 1 oz. to 25 hills 11/2 "
Brussells Sprouts, 1 oz. to 3,000 plants 5 oz.	Nasturtium, 1 oz to 50 feet of drill 10 "
Buckwheat½ bu.	Oats 2½ bu.
Cabbage, 1 oz. to 3,000 plants 5 oz.	Okra, 1 oz. to 50 feet of drill 10 lbs.
Carrot, 1 oz. to 150 feet of drill 2½ lbs.	Onion Seed, 1 oz. to 200 feet of drill4 to 5 "
Cauliflower, 1 oz. to 3,00 plants 5 oz.	
CCICITY, 1 02, to 10,000 prants	Onion Sets. 1 quart to 10 feet of drill 8 bu.
Clover, Alsike and White Dutch 6 lbs.	Parsnip, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill 5 lbs.
" Lucerne, Large Red and Crim-	Parsley, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill 8 "
Son Tieron	Peas, garden, 1 quart to 150 feet of drill 11/2 bu.
Medium 10	" field 2½ "
Collards, 1 oz. to 2,500 plants 6 oz.	Pepper, 1 oz. to 1,500 plants 4 oz.
Corn, sweet, 1 quart to 500 hills 8 qts.	Potatoes 8 bu.
Cress, 1 oz. to 150 feet of drill 8 lbs.	Pumpkin, 1 quart to 300 hills 4 qts.
Cucumber, 1 oz. to 80 hills 11/4 "	Radish, 1 oz. to 150 feet of drill 8 lbs.
Egg Plant, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants 8 oz.	Rye 1½ bu.
Endive 1 oz. to 300 feet of drill 3 lbs.	Salsify. 1 oz. to 60 feet of drill 8 lbs.
Flax, broadcast ½ bu.	Spinach, 1 oz. to 150 feet of drill 10 "
Garlic, bulbs, 1 lb, to 10 feet of drill	Summer Savory, 1 oz. to 500 feet of drill. 2 "
Gourd, 1 oz, to 25 hills 2½ lbs.	Squash, summer, 1 oz. to 40 hi ls 2 "
Grass, Blue Kentucky 2 bu.	" winter, 1 oz. to 10 hills 3 "
" Blue English 1 "	Tomato, 1 oz to 3,000 plants 3 oz.
" Hungarian and Millet 1/4 "	Tobacco, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants 2 "
" Mixed Lawn3 to 5 "	Turnip, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill 41/2 lbs.
" Orchard, Perennial Rye, Red	Vetches 2 bu.
Top, Fowl, Meadow, and Wood	Wheat1 to 2 "
Meadow 2 "	

#### Number of Plants or Trees to the Acre at Given Distances.

Dis. apart.  ¼ foot	No. Plants. Dis. apart. 6 feet	No. Plants 1.210
1 " 1½ feet. 2 " 2½ "		
3 feet by 1 foot		360 302 193 134
4 " 2 feet		

## THE GRANGER----Broadcast Hand Seed Sower.

For Sowing Cloyer, Timothy and other Grass Seeds, Rye, Barley, Oats, Buckwheat, Flax Seed, etc.





The Granger, Price, Boxed, \$3.50.

#### THE GRANGER.

Sows on an average six (6) acres per hour at a common walking gait. A person entirely unused to sowing by hand can use this machine with perfect success, and do much better work than can possibly be done by hand, and, as the seed is distributed so much more evenly, there is a great saving in seed over hand sowing.

The bag and hopper holds about 22 quarts—as much as a man wishes

to carry.

The machine is simple, substantial, not likely to get out of order, and any one who will take a little pains to understand it can operate it with perfect success.

CIRCULAR SENT WITH EACH MACHINE.

#### THE FIDDLE-BOW SEED SOWER.

This is a very light machine, weighing but three pounds, is carried over the shoulder by a strap; the sack will hold a half-bushel; there is a slide that works over an opening in the bottom of hopper, which is continually aggitated by the destributor. This prevents clogging and insures an even and regular flow of seed on to the destributor. This opening is regulated by a seed scale on side of box; the destributor is operated by a bow, one full stroke at every step; it is a regular motion and comes perfectly natural with the easy swing of the arm. It is well made, handsomely finished, and will give perfect satisfaction with any kind of seed sown broadcast.

Fiddle-Bow Machine No. 1 is strong and finely finished; the belt is running below the fan.

Price, \$2.25.

Fiddle-Bow Machine No. 3. This is a medium price machine, but will do perfect work; the belt runs above the fan.

Price, \$1.75.

## PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWER.



Why should you buy an imitation of the "Philadelphia" that will wear out in a year when you can get the genuine article that will last you ten to fifteen years, and if you take reasonable care of it, will cost you nothing for repairs.

#### PRICES GIVEN BELOW ARE NET CASH WITH ORDER.

St	yle	D. 10	inches.	61/2	inch	Wheels,	26	lb	s\$6	00
ć	6	D. 12	"	6%	"	66	28	"	7	50
6	6	M. 14	"	7	"	"	36	66	8	50
6	6	M. 16	"	7	66				9	
. 6	6	M. 18	"	7	"				10	

Descriptive Circular sent upon application.

#### Cast Steel Carden Trowels.

These are indispensible in the garden for the transplanting of young plants. 5 inch, 20c.; 6 inch, 25c. Postpaid.

#### Haseltine's Patent Weeder.

A very good and effective Hand Weeder. Price, 25c. each. Postpaid, 30c.

#### **Exceisior Hand Weeder.**

A very handy implement in the garden for loosening the soil among plants and destroying weeds. Price, 25c.; by mail, prepaid, 35c.

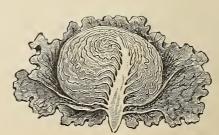
#### Lang's Hand Weeder.

Price 30c. each, postpaid.





BUTTER LETTUCE-PRIZE HEAD.



HANSON LETTUCE.

OYSTER PLANT - MAMMOTH.

## RAVEN'S CLIMAX CONDITION POWDER,

The only Positive Preventative and Cure for Gaps and Poultry Cholera.

AND THE BEST MEDICINE FOR

#### Horses, Cattle, Poultry, Sheep and Hogs.

RAVENS' CLIMAX CONDITION POWDER is warranted to be free from antimony, arsenic, alum, rosin, salpetre and all harmful ingredients. It is entirely unlike any other preparation. It is not a Feed, but an Honest Medicine at an Honest Price. Try it once and you will always use it.

#### PRICE PER PACKAGE, 25 CENTS.

If by mail add 15 cents to prepay postage.

## EGG FOOD.

For all kinds of *laying fowls* and young poultry. Will make your *hens lay* Winter and Summer; supports them during molting, and keeps the fowls in the best condition.

Rust's Egg Producer	1 lb, pkg. 25c.	2½lb, pkg. 650c.	61b. Box. \$1 00	10 lb. box. \$1 50	25 lb. Keg. \$3 25.
	10 lbs	s. 25	lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
Ground Oyster Shells	\$ 4	0 \$	75	\$1 00	\$2 00
Ground Bones for Chickens	õ	0 1	. 25	2 00	4 00

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

#### JOSEPH F. DICKMANN,

Gravois and Oregon Avenues.

#### FERTILIZERS.

Terms, cash with order.

Prices subject to Fluctuations.

Freight Charges to be paid by the Purchaser.

I name only such Fertilizers which a long experience enables me to offer with confidence, not only that they are of uniform composition, and well worth the prices asked, but the best in the market.

	Per 1	00 lb	S.		Per To 2000 1	on, bs.
Ground Bone or Bone Meal	\$2	25			\$36	00
Superphosphate of Lime	2	50			40	00
Peruvian Guano, 1st quality	4،4	00			70	00
Universal Fertilizer	2	50			40	00
Nitra of Soda	3	75				
Lawn Fertilizer	2	25			40	00
Land Plaster or Gypsum, per bbl, about 300 lbs	. 1 75.	10	bbls.	16	00	

#### MANHATTAN POULTRY FOOD

Will make your hens lay, prevent Cholera and other diseases. Give it a trial and see for yourself.

#### BOXES.

All kinds of Bushel and 3-Peck Boxes for Lettuce, sold at 10 cents each or \$1.15 per dozen.

PRICES ON LARGE QUANTITIES ON APPLICATION.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR ONION SETS.

## Hammond's Slug Shot

Kills the Potato Bugs.

#### HOW MUCH IS NEEDED FOR AN ACRE.

The quantity is regulated by the number of plants and their size, at the time of its use, and varies from 10 to 40 lbs. when used only as an Insecticide. Apply it with a *fine* perforated duster.

Parties have used from 300 to 400 lbs., claiming a profit in so heavy an application from its action as a fertilizer, and its effect on the *Grubs*.

#### ABOUT POTATO BUGS.

The best time to apply Slug Shot we have found to be early morning if convenient.

The small little bugs are the quickest despatched. If you wait till the bugs are well grown and have eaten the potatoes until only the stalks are left, *Slug Shot* will fetch these fellows and not injure the stalk, and if not to very late they will leaf out again.

If a heavy shower follows application, or new eggs are hatched, allowance must be made for such occurrence.

Remember Slug Shot does not act as Magic, Dynamite, nor Caustic, and will not eat up the insects by placing them in a box with powder without food.

The best answer to all criticism and the true test of all work is result.

# "HAMMOND'S STAG SHOL"

#### WHAT IS IT?

SLUG SHOT is an impalpable powder, a combination of insecticides, poisonous to insects preying upon vegetation, and withal an excellent fertilizer, affecting nearly all classes of insect life, so that they either die, or leave for parts unknown.

#### USED SEVEN FULL YEARS.

SLUG SHOT has been used since 1880, in thousands of gardens and upon acres of field crops with conceded effectiveness upon Slugs, Worms, Caterpillars, Aphides, &c. It is in use in greater or less degree in every State in the Union and each Canadian Province, Egypt and New Zealand.

#### IS SLUG SHOT SAFE TO USE?

The best and completest answer possible to make is its record. Two and a half million pounds (2,500,000) have been made up, and within a small fraction used as above stated; and so far as known without any ill effect to man, beast or fowl; whether by handling, inhaling its dust, or partaking of fruits or vegetables upon which it had been used. Its odor and color prevent its being taken for any wrong purpose, and enough cannot be eaten unless done deliberately and forcibly to cause harm, and it has not transpired that this is feasible.

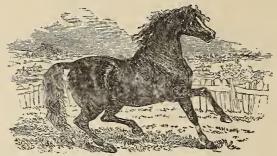
Slug Shot is put up in tin canisters also in 5 and 10 lb. bags, and in flour barrels, loose, that contains 235 lbs. each. It is applied by duster or bellows

Slug Shot is sold by the Seedsmen of America and Dealers generally, in any quantity desired.

The price is for a five-pound package, 30 cts., by the barrel in bulk. 4 cts. per lb.

When you buy seeds, if you have never tried "Hammond's Slug Shot," order a 5 or 10 lb. package. It is cheap, and no package leaves our works but that is guaranteed to the buyer to do just what we say it will do; but it is not magic to charm away vermin.

## OCCIDENTAL CONDITION POWDER.



The Best Invigorator, Tonic, Aliment and Physic on the market; for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry. A purely vegetable compound, containing no injurious ingredients.

Satisfaction guaranteed.



#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Horses.—For Coughs, Colds, Colic, Shortness of Breath, Slobbering, Distemper, Glanders, Epizootic, Hidebound, Loss of Appetite, Worms, Bowel, Liver and Urinary Troubles, and all other cases of sickness, and when stock is chronically affected use 2 or 3 tablespoonfuls morning and evening mixed with feed slightly dampened.

FOR WORMS: The dose must be a large tablespoonful night and morning, for a few days, and then give a dose of flaxseed oil—say a pint—to carry off the worms, after which, tone up with the powder, say I tablespoonful once a day for about a week.

Cows.—To improve the appetite, to give a perfect, healthy and thrifty condition of the system, thus increasing the quantity and quality of the milk, use 1 or 2 table-spoonfuls morning and evening, well mixed with their food.

Sheep.—The beneficial effect of the powder is highly recommended especially for ewes when giving milk to lambs. Dose, ½ tablespoonful twice a day.

Hogs.—To prevent Hog Cholera, etc., to fatten and get them in a fine marketable

Hogs.—To prevent Hog Cholera, etc., to fatten and get them in a fine marketable condition, use 1 or 2 tablespoonfuls morning and evening with their food thoroughly mixed.

Poultry.—For Gaps, Chicken Cholera, Sore Throat, and all other Poultry Complaints, mix I pound package with about 8 quarts of feed, and give three times a week. It is also an excellent things for healthy fowls.

CAUTION.—The country is full of stuff cal'ed Horse and Cattle Powder and by various other names, made by parties who have no practical knowledge of what medicines should constitute a Horse and Cattle Powder. Cornoyer's Occidental Condition Powder is made by practical Chemists, men who know for what purpose they compound the 15 different ingredients of which it is composed and also men capable of judging of the purity of the articles they use.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Storekeepers, farmers, dairymen and teamsters are cautioned, if they wish the genuine powder, to be sure to call for Occidental Condition Powderat my store. Why You Should

Feed

JOS. F.

**DICKMANN'S** 

Condimental FOOD

Horses or Cattle.

#### THEY LIKE IT.

The Condimental Food contains those ingredients that an animal's nature craves and which adds a relish to the whole mess of feed in which it is placed. It requires no coaxing to get them to eat it. If they are "off their feed" the Condimental Food will give them a good, hearty appetite. Any one who has to do with horses or cattle that wont eat can appreciate a pure food that will overcome this difficulty.

#### THEY THRIVE ON IT.

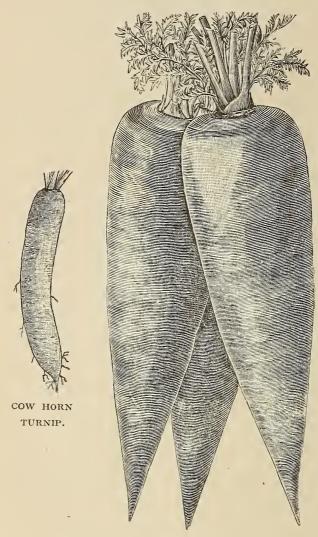
The result of feeding Condimental Food is to promote healthy digestion and proper assimilation of other feed. When this is done all the nutritious parts of the feed are absorbed into the system and go to make flesh, blood and fibre. Consequently there is no waste in feed when the Condimental is used. All the different organs of the body are so dependent on the stomach, that when that organ of the body is in good condition the others are also. A few days' feeding shows this. The animals are in better health and spirit; their coats become smooth and glossy, and their whole appearance indicates the good condition they are in.

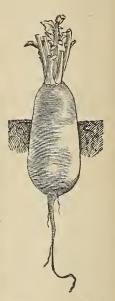
#### AND IT PAYS.

It pays big. It makes a horse more vigorous and he puts greater life and energy into his work. He does it easier and with less fatigue. Many of the little complaints that effect them are simply caused by indigestion-failure of the stomach to do its work properly-and a Condimental diet will change all that and put them in the best possible condition. They will last longer, and when the time comes for them to give up it will be because of their legs, and not the stomach or any of the organs depending on it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

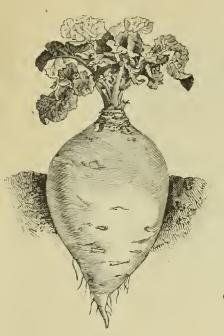
In each bag is a measure holding the quantity to give at a feeding, which give in with the regular feed. A twenty-five pound bag contains about 100 feeds.



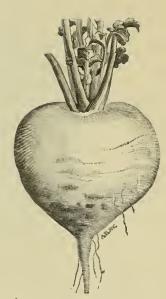


JERSEY NAVET
TURNIP.

INTERMEDIATE CARROT.



SWEET GERMAN TURNIP.



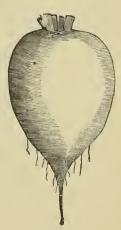
WHITE STUTTGART RADISH.



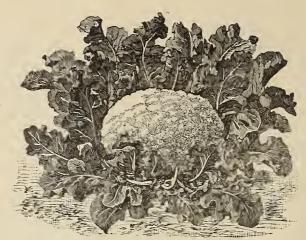
WAITE WINTER RADISH.



SCORZONERA
OYSTER PLANT.



WHITE EGG TURNIP.



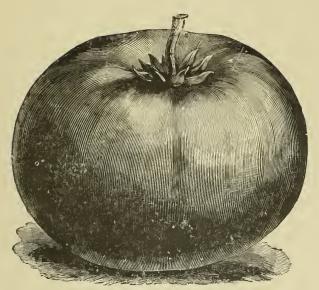
LARGE ALGIERS CAULIFLOWER.



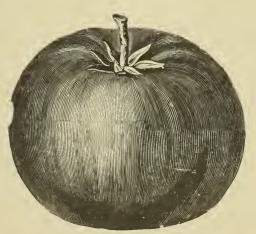
BEAUREGARD LETTUCE.



BROWN DUTCH LETTUCE.



BLUE ACME TOMATO.



LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE TOMATO.

## MEMORANDA.

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## Jos. F. DICKMANN.

#### STANDARD WEIGHTS.

	per	Veight Bushel	Qu L. to	antity sow o	used - ne acre.
Wheat	60	lbs.			Bushels.
Barley		4.6	6.6	212	6.6
Oats		6.6	6.6	$2^{1}_{2}$	
Rye	56	6.6	6.6	112	6.6
Broom Corn Seed	48	* *	6.4	1	Peck.
Buckwheat	52	4.6	4.6	1	Bushel.
Cane Seed	50	6.6	6.6	5	Lbs.
Castor Beans	46	6.6	6.6	12	Peek.
Seed Corn	56			12	
Field Beans	60	٠.	6.6	$1^{1}_{2}$	Bushels.
Field Peas	60	6.6	6.6	2	• •
Flax Seed	56	6.6		1	v 6
Red Clover	60		6.6	10	Lbs.
White Clover	60	6.6		8	**
Alfalfa Clover			6.6	8	4.6
Alfaita Clover	60	4.4	6.6	20	6.6
Timothy Seed		6.		15	
Millet Seed	50	6.6	- 6.	30	* *
Hungarian Seed		6.6	5.6	30	* 6
Orehard Grass	14	4.4	6.6	20	6.6
Red Top	14		6.6	20	6.4
Johnson Grass	28	6.4		30 -	**
Kentueky Blue Grass	14	6.6		30	4.6
Creeping Bent Grass	14	4.4		20	6.5
English Blue Grass	24	6.6		50	6.4
Fowl Meadow		4.	. 6	20	٠.
Crested Dogstail		25.0	• •	20	6.6
English Rye Grass		6.6		50	6.6
Italian Rye Grass	20	4.6	6.9	50	4.6
Sheeps Fesque	14		6.6	30	6.6
Meadow Foxtail		6.6	+ 6	16	6.6
Resque Grass	14	6.6	. 66	4()	6.6
Sweet Vernal Grass		6.6	6.6	30	6.6
Tall Meadow Oat Grass		6.6	6.6	35	
Mixture for Pasture		6.6	6.6	35	
Mixed Lawn Grass		* *	6.6	45	
Bermuda Grass			6.6	3	6.6
Hemp Seed		6.6	* *	1	Bushel.
Potatoes		6.6	s 6	10	
Mixed Bird Seed		* *			
Canary Seed		6.6			
Rape Seed		6.6			
Apple Seed		6.6			
Osage Orange Seed		6.6			
Top Onions	28	6.6	,		



# Dickmann's



## Special Discount List.



Prices for Large Quantities on Application.

SEEDS.

### TO DEALERS ONLY.

ST. Louis, Mo., .....

We are pleased to send you our Special Discounts which applies to our Retail Catalogue prices only. We trust you will find it to your interest to make use of same, feeling confident that our Choice Northern Grown Stock will give best of satisfaction.

All 5 ct.	Flower	and	Vegetable	seed	packages,	at	\$2.00	per	100.	
All 10 ct.	66	6 6	• • 6	66	66		4.00	6.6	100.	
All 15 ct.	66	6.6	66	66	66		6.00	ē 6	100.	
All 20 ct.	6.6	66		6.6	66		8.00	66	100.	
All 25 ct.	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	66		10.00	66	100.	

At these low prices 5 ct. packages cost you only 2 ets. and 10 ct. packages 4 ets, each. All other Seeds in packages, 60 per cent. off.

#### SEEDS BY OZ. OR POUND.

Seeds by the oz. or one-quarter por	ıud,	-	-	- 33 per	cent.	off.
Seeds at pound rates,		-	-	25 "	66	66
Vegetable Seed by pint or quart,	-	-	~	25 "	66	66

#### FARM SEEDS-Except Grass and Clover.

Farm Seeds at Quart and	Pound	l rat	es,	-	-	25 j	er	cent.	off.
On single Peck rates, -	-	-	-	-	~	20	66	6.6	6.6
On single Bushel, -	_	-	-	-	-	15	66	66	6.6
On two and one-half to te	n bust	iel,	-	-	-	10	66	6.6	6.6

Above discounts on farm seeds, include all seeds except Grasses and Clovers.

#### GRASS AND CLOVER.

On all Grasses and Clovers, single pound rates, 15 per cent. off. By the peck, bushel or one-hundred pounds, 10 66

Red Clover and Timothy are net if wanted in several bushel lots. Write for speeial prices.

On Grass Mixtures at Bushell or one-hundred lb. rates, 15 per ct. off. On Potatoes at barrel rates, - - -20 On Tools,

When our Wholesale List is used, we allow a discount of 5 percent, for eash orders. Grass and Clover Seeds always net.

The above discounts we allow on orders made out from our Retail eatalogue only. It happens occasionly that we have a surplus stock of some varieties of seeds, and therefore, if you will make out a full list of such seeds as you desire, often make you a price lower than above discounts. Send for estimates.

We do not sell seeds on commission. We find this necessary, because we are jealous of our reputation as seedsmen. Commission seeds are necessarily not fresh, often ten years old. We eannot thus defraud our eustomers; therefore we do not sell seeds on eommission, nor take back any seeds sold by us to dealers. We would very much like your order for our

#### CHOICE NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS.

### Jos. F. Diekmann,

Gravois and Oregan Aves.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

la.o

We Grass:
The The literal price low We Country on of our committen years on committee your like your



#### ORDER SHEET.

## JOS. F. DICKMANN,

Gravois and Oregon Aves.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Forwarded to
Post Office
Express Office
County
State

Am't enclosed, cash
"P.O. Order
"Draft
C.O.D.
Date 189

Manner Goods should be forwarded

(If by Express, please designate by what Company to ship.)

Quantities

ARTICLES.

PRICE.





OUR FAVORITE FLOWERS.