(D) 1284

A year or two ago the experiment was tried of planting along the beach a vasicty of exceedingly rank-growing grass, the roots of which, penetrating deeply into the soil, prevent the washing away of the foreshores of the island. This grain, the seeds of which were procured from the Falkland islands, proved effective as a barrier to the waves and stayed further disintegration of the soil of the "graveyard of the Atlantic" wherever it was grown, and a further supply was sent for. The governor of the Falkland islands has advised the marine department that he will provide a further supply of the tussock grass seed as soon as the seed de available. This will not be before November. The department of marine and fisheries has ordered that the growth of this grass shall be continued an around Sable island, until the entire coast line is fully protected by it from the attrition caused by the ceaseless action of the ocean waves.

"SEA ISLAND" COTTON Why the Good Grades Are Superior

to the Egyptian Staple.

An interesting fact in connection with the American cotton industry is that the good grades of our "Sea island" ectton are so much superior to the best grades of Egyptian staple that they sell from 50 to 100 per cent. more. The reason given for this, and, indeed, well understood by all dealers and manwfacturers, is the great difference in the characteristics of the two growths. Egyptian cotton has a long, strong, silky staple, from 11/2 to 15% inches in length, while the staple that is known as "upland" cotton ranges from threefourths to one inch, and "Sea island" eotton is from 11/2 to 21/2 inches. But for some special purposes, says the New York Sun, the Egyptian cotton is of superior quality and usefulness than any American cotton. It is especially preferable, for example, for sewing thread, fine underwear and hosiery of certain descriptions, and for goods requiring smooth finish and high luster. A further desideratum is realized in the property possessed by the cotton in question, that of imparting to fabrics a soft finish like silk, and this character, together with its luster, has led to its being mixed in the manufacture of various kinds of silk goods.

AFTER FIFTY YEARS. Courtship Begun Half a Century Ago Ends in Marriage.

A bride and groom whose courtship began over half a century ago plighted their troth the other day before the altar at the picturesque little church of St. Albans, Tenleytown road, near Washington.

Fifty years ago the bride was a schoolgirl at East Chester, N. Y., and the groom of to-day a newly ordained Episcopal minister. Their course of true love did not run smoothly and they drifted apart, each to wed elsewhere.

For the last 45 years Rev. W.S. Coffey has been rector of St. Paul's church in East Chester. His first wife died some years ago. His bride of to-day, Mrs. Anna Chatterson, is the widow of Rev. Dr. Chatterson, chaplain to the first Episcopal church in this country, Right Rev. William White, LL. D.

The couple chanced to meet a few months ago in New York, and the wedding is the result

AMERICA LEADS EUROPE

Has Nearly Double the Length of Telegraph Lines.

The total length of the world's telegraph system has now reached 4.908. 921 miles, exclusive of 180,440 miles of submarine cables. Of this Europe has 1,764,790 miles, Asia, 310,685 miles; Africa, 99,419 miles: Australia, 217,479 miles, and America, 2,516,548 miles.

United States Consul Germain, who sends these figures to the state departmen't from Zurich, says they show that notwithstanding the steady increase in the building of telegraph lines all over Europe, America leads the world and has almost double the European mile-

Historical Mansion.

Cornbury park, in Oxfordshire, with the historical mansion and 5,117 acres of land, including part of the ancient royal forest of Wychwood, is offered for sale in London. The place gave a title to the eldest son of the earl of Clarendon, having been given in 1661 to the first earl, Lord Chancellor Charendon, by Charles II. The name has an evil notoriety in American history, through the chancellor's grandson, Lord Cornbury, who was royal governor of New York and New Jersey from 1702 to 1708 and was the worst governor the province ever had.

Chinese Beggars.

In the northern parts of China there are many villages which are almost deserted in winter, the inhabitants going south, where they live by begging. They form regular guilds and literally compel shopkeepers to help them by threatening to cause a riot in front of their stores.

Fruit for Rhoumatism. An eminent Austrian physician declares that rheumatism can be cured by a plentiful diet of ripe fruit.

No Tobacco in Them. It is calculated that 33 per cent. of the cigars in London are not made of tobacco at all.

E'ABBILLE

tion hebdomadaire, \$3 00:

NEW TANNING AGENT. Wood Known as Sour Dook Rap-

idly Coming Into Use. It Has Been Found in Resent Tears

to Contain Much Tannic Acid and

Is Expellent in Treatment

of Hides. In the last three or four years a new agent for the tenning of hides into leather has come into considerable prominence. It is the weed commonly known as sour dock, or canaigre. It contains a large amount of tannic acid and has been experimented with until manufacturers are satisfied of its utility for their purposes. It is very chesp, and in this is superior to the old method of obtaining the acid from oak bark. The trouble with the latter is that good

quantities has been solved. Probably no science has developed as little in the past century as the tanning of hides into leather. The process is little understood outside of districts where tanneries are operated. The object is to arrest decomposition as soon as possible and then complete the preservation with tannin. The hide is heavily salted, washed to carry away the particles of flesh and then immersed for 12 hours in strong lime water. This removes the hair. The hide is then scoured and depilitated thoroughly. Then it is placed under the influence of the tanning fluid and remains there long enough to complete the preserving process. Up to this point bark and canaigre tanning are the same. But with the bark fluid the hide must be manipulated and immersed for three months; with canaigre it is tanned in

12 hours. The portion of the dock used for tanning purposes is the root. This is a tuber often weighing as much as one or two pounds. It is very heavily charged with tannic acid and there is almost no waste in its use. Farms for the growth of the weed have been established in several points in the southwest. The weed is indigenous to New Mexico and farms of hundreds of acres have been established there. One firm out west has many hundred acres of the dock. The roots are dried and pressed and cost little in preparation for shipment to market.

TOO MANY BLACK BEAR.

Recommended That the Yellowstone

Park Supply Be Decreased. S. B. M. Young, acting superintendent of Yellowstone national park, in his annual report says that there has been a rapid increase of black bear within the park limits, and that complaints have been made that bears have broken into the storehouses and destroyed meat and other provisions in large quantities. It is a common occurrence to see from six to twelve bears any afternoon feeding on the garbage dumps within a few hundred yards of the hotel. He recommends that some of the bears be disposed of to zoological gardens. He also says coyotes are numerous and bold, and kill many young antelopes. He asks authority to reduce the number. Col. Young estimates the number of buffalo at 24, and says that they seem to be the only game which is not increasing under government prosulted with Dr. Frank Baker, superintendent of the National Zoological park. as to the practicability and advisability of corraling the remaining buffalo in the park, with a view to their preservation and increase, and that their concurrent conclusion is that it has been the experience of most persons engaged in the capture and domestication of wild animals that while the young may be confined with successful results, it is otherwise with adults, a large proportion of which die under even slight restraint. Col. Young estimates \$250,000 as necessary for next year's improvements in the park.

TO A MOTHER'S MEMORY.

Mexican Woman Donates \$5,000,000 to Build a Magnificent Church. A Mexican woman has erected one of the most magnificent churches in Mexico, at the shrine of Gaudalune, in Vera Cruz, to the memory of her mother. She is Miss Amita Cormen Barazuelas. and is the daughter of a rich Vera Cruz coffee planter. Her mother died ten years ago, and so affected was she by per loss that she decided at the time of her death to build this grand monument to her memory. The stately structure was planned by her, and she superintended its erection. She not only donated the ground upon which the edifice is erected-a princely gift in itself -but she gave \$5,000,000 to pay for the construction. The church was recently completed.

Cyclists Discarding Cornets. It is said that Parisian female cyclists are doing away to a great extent with the corset. This, however, is only in a measure true, and is based on the fact that the ordinary long corset is being discarded in favor of a shorter staysomewhat like the "riding" stay, in fact, adopted by horsewomen. There is little doubt, though, that cycling deserves the merit of having caused the disappearance of tight lacing in many quarters.

Mairs of the Head. It may interest men who are losing the natural covering of their heads to know that an industrious Frenchman with a patience rivaling that of a Chineze puzzle worker has made a calculation of the number of hairs on the average human head. His estimate is

Heat in Persia. In certain parts of Persia the thermometer stays at 100 degrees night and day for the greater part of the summer, while so extreme a temperature as are more specimens of the cadar of Lab-

BARBER PROVES TO BE A COUNT Clemency and Fortune for a Sedalian

Exiled from Germany. Sedalia, Mo., has for the past six years been the home of a German count, but not until the other day was the fact made public. The scion of nobility was known as plain Dick Vanbousky, a journeyman barber, who learned the trade in St. Louis seven years ago. In reality he is Count Jablons, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and was born in Odessa, Russia. At the age of five years he removed to Prussia with his parents, and when 18 years old he graduated from the Royal Cadet school at Berlin, Germany. He was appointed a lieutenant in the regular army, but in 1887 he was banished by Emperor William I, for political reasons for a period of 20 years, without leave to communicate with his relatives. He came to America the same year, and landed at oak bark cannot be obtained in every Galveston, Tex. He spent two years portion of the country. Where the oak in old Mexico as a cow boy, and in 1890 does not flourish canaigre does, so that he went to St. Louis, where he learned the problem of tannin in sufficient the barber trade. He then came to Sedalia, and has resided there ever since.

Recently, through the efforts of royal friends of his parents, his sentence was commuted to 12 years, leaving him only two years longer to remain in exile. The other evening Count Jablonz left for Sidney, Australia, where he has a wealthy uncle, a banker, who furnished the necessary funds for the trip when he learned a few weeks ago that his nephew was working as a barber at Sedalia. During his residence in Sedalia Count Jablonz guarded his secret well, but just before his departure he furnished documentary evidence of his identity. He will spend the next two years with his uncle in Australia, after which he will visit his parents in Prussia, and will then return to the United States to make his permanent home here.

A WOMAN SECTION BOSS. She Is a Young Widow-Works Hard and Bravely.

The Duluth & Winnipeg railroad has given the modern woman a trial, and put Mrs. Mary Shannon, a young widow. in charge of a section gang, says the St. Paul Globe. She has filled the position nearly a year, taking the place of her husband when he died. The roadmaster asserts that she is the best section boss he has on the line. This is a description of her at works

Dressed in a pair of bloomer overalls, with the bottoms laced around the tops of cowhide boots and her head adorned by a broad-brimmed slouch hat, the woman section boss may be seen any day, except Sunday, in all kinds of weather, standing beside the track in the midst of a gang of laborers, directing the work of surfacing, lining-up and rail replacing. Every morning at seven o'clock Mrs. Shannon kisses her two babes and leaves them to the care of the trustworthy section man's wife. while she goes forth to the day's work on the railroad. The men are waiting for her at the switch, with the handcar loaded with tools and dinner pails. "All ready, boys; let 'er go," she says, and they are off down the line to a day of toil. After ten hours' work, when the "boss" looks at her watch and shouts: "All aboard for supper," there is a scramble of hungry toilers, a clattering of shovels and bars as they are thrown upon the car, a rattling of empty dinner pails, and away they go homeword

Protest Against English Government Making Public Telegrams.

When parliament meets again in England attention is to be drawn to the unprecedented manner in which private telegrams have been seized and made public during the recent South African investigation at Westminster, says the New York Tribune. There was so much protest raised in parliament years ago when Mazzini's correspondence was opened and examined by the authorities that it seems strange that so many weeks should have been allowed to elapse before anything was heard about the violation by the government of private telegraphic correspondence. In England the telegraphs belong to the state, and are under the control of the post office, which is just as much bound to observe the sanctity of correspondence by wire intrusted to its charge for transmission as correspondence by let-

Why the Dollar of 1804 Is Rare. There are two stories regarding the rarity of the silver dollar of 1804, the most generally accepted one being the one which accounts for the scarcity by saying that they were sent to Africa. to pay the soldiers engaged in war beween this country and Tripoli. There were only 19,570 of them coined. Another version of the story which accounts for their rarity is that a vessel bound to China with almost the entire mintage of that year was lost. The

likely explanation. Elm Cost the Railroad \$300. For the destruction, by the Nashua Street Railway company, of the historic elm tree which stood in front of the house of Mrs. Sarah C. Greely on the main street of Hudson, N. Y., Mrs. Greely has been awarded a verdict of \$300 and costs against the road by the county commissioners. The tree is said to have been over 300 years old, and was partly blown over during the gale of

former story appears to be the more

A Considerate Mendicant, 300 A French paper tells a story of an old beggar woman whose regular stand is outside one of the principal churches in Paris. There it is her habit to stand with a baby enveloped in an old shawl and solicit alms. "Why, your baby's a sham-a doll," said a passer-by the other day. "Yes, sir," replied the unabashed mendicant. "It was so hot that

I left the real one at home." Codars of Lebanes. In the gardens around London there anon than on Mount Labanon itself.

DE LA NLLE-ORLEANS

Est très r pandue en Louisians et dans tous les Etats du Sud. Sa publicité offre donc au commerce des avantages exceptionnels. Prix de l'abonnement, pour l'année: Edition quotidienne. \$12 00; Edi-

Bulletin Financier. Bulletin Commercial

AND THE STATE OF T Mardi, 19 octobre 1897.

COMPTOIR D'SCHANGES (CLEARING-HOUSE) DE LA MOUVELLE-ORLHAMS.

Jusqu'ici cotto commune.... \$4 860,421 00 \$526,872 00 Memo temps in commine dersière..... 4,238,106 CO 468,472 OO MARCHE MONETALES.

Nouvelle-Oridens-Monmaien émorientmes et Ciliete de Bu MONNAIE

Mominaux Nominaux Nominaux \$4.60-4.80 \$4 80 04 90 18% 0 19% Stillets de la Banque de France LONDRES... T ax de la Banque d'Angleterre 8 0;0. Consols pour l'argent 111% Pour accompte 111 13:16 PARIS

PARIS—

Restec—108.071₉.

ARGENT EN LINGOTS (PAR ONUS — Lendres 27 3;16 Yew-York 58% 959%.

st en me. Traffec de commerce \$1 00 d'esc. Traffec de banques sa pair. ventes a la bourse de <mark>la houvelle</mark>-

ORLEANS.
Aprè : l'appel da 2 P. M.
94 actions N O Brewing As..... ACTIONS MY MONS.

Dermières estes du M. O. Steek Exchan Valour Ofire De 95 Compagnice graces-

1084 Chamine de for arbaine. 58

Actions diverses. 50

Sugar Shed Co. 100
Leutitians Ricotric Light. 100
Shandard Guanced Chem. 100
Shandard Guanced Chem. 100
Shandard Guanced Chem. 100
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Secotia Guard. 100
Secotia Gu Bons d'Etas. Louisiana 44

Leves Ge. Some de Ville-

Cortificate of Warrante.

CMEVAUX MT MCLATS.

· Marin

Mardi, 19 octobre 1897. COTON. Marché de la Nile-Oriéans. SUR PLACE. Le Cottes Embasse a supporté actend'hai det ventes de 3,500 balles et 5,680 à actives. Les encohé est facile. Les estens techés sent de 4 à 4ps. plus bas que les estes anivantes:

Facilies.
Janvier....
Kortenande Avril....
Avril....
January J 5,8205,82

Septembre 5,8
Novembre 5,8
Dépambre 5,8
Lee ventes comprensent 31,300 bail 52054 MAMCURE DIVERS. | Autour | A

MARCHE DENEW-YORK. SUR PLACE. Pesso-Middling Gulf 6 7:16.

N. Y. PUTUMES. Stables. Partier.... 6,15 86,16 deptembre
Colobre
Beyombre

6.09 8 6,10 6,12 8 6,13 MOTTEREST DE COTON.

MARGER DE LIVERPOOL.

SUB PLACE. Domande aeros bonno. Julius—3 ^as pour la Middling Ambricais a PUTURS.

Richies MARCHE DU MAVER. SUB PLACE Online.
Cotto—49 fr. pour l'Ordinaire (our pince);
l'igfr. pour le Très Ordinaire (our pince);
le fr. pour le Bes (our pince);
mercent mes.

OUCHE ET MELASSE. Jobbing '98'40 pius čievé par livre pour te riere, et 3050 plus člevé par gallon pour les plasses que les estes suivantes du Sugar Ex-

SUURE—OPEN KETTLE—Calmo, 21 h SUURE—OPEN KETTLE—Calmo, 21 h Suo, par livre. UESTRIFUGAL—Calmo. MELASSE—OPEN ESTILE—270——OEMTRIFUGAL—Bien fort. Nominal per

alicor—19 9346 le gallen.

SUCRE RAFFLMS—
Ont Leaf.

Powdered.

Commontenere A. MIN MIN

Biz POLI—Ten. 815 00 à ———. 20 #= 8 50 à 9 50. RIZ BRUT—Stable avec une benne de-

A LA BOURSE.

GEAINS ET FOURRAGES. MAIS—On cote 41 à 48 pour le bishe de à 53 pour le mais et 43 à 44 pour di à 43 pour le mèlé et 43 à 44 pour le jeune.

AVQUME... No 3 de l'Ouest 26 à 36%; Cheix 27 à 27%; Texas No 3 27 à 27%.

BOM... Prime 912 00 à 12 50; Cheise 214 50 à 15 50.

Les potite sons se vendent aux prix enivants : mais Se, de plus par boisseau; son 6 à 8. de plus par loi livres, et le fein \$2.04 à 2.00 de plus par loi livres, et le fein \$2.04 à 2.00 de plus par loi mans.

CHOOSE OF CHIEF OF THE COLOR OF THE COLOR OF CHIEF OF THE COLOR OF THE MES PORE -- 29 00 09 25.

Special State Stat

GROCERIES. Les prix survents sent pour des pours tots CAPE RIO

Party fair Swindy good ordinary 94
Swindy good ordinary 94
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Swindy 9

STAINS BE VOTON BY OF Grante de cetan—Lai 25 00 h —— per ten. Furine de craire de cetas par chargement er lépét 67 00 h 17 75 per chart ten. elus l'ex pecution 819 26 à 25 25 f. c. h. per long ten (til cabe—\$19 25 a 20 25 peur l'expertation Kummel, ganuine, Hartwig Kanterewie.

Fosen

Kummel, ganuine, J. A. Gilka, Berlin, 13

Absinthe, E. Perned, 12 litree. 17

Absinthe, A. Rigny, 12 litree. 11

Kirsch, E. Perned, 12 litree. 15

Vermouth, Noilly Prat & Co., 12 litree. 5

Vermouth, Martini flois & Ca., 12 litree. 5

Raccine Allach, 12 quarte. 12

Californie. 12

Augalies, doux. 47

Clarete. 22

Zinfandel, No 1. 22

Zinfandel, No 2. 22

Vino Pure Brute, choix italies. f. c. h.

Entic de gunine de coten (en gree ou pour l'expédition), par gallen, prime erude 18 à 18 ja.-settiet 52 ja.

TOILE D'EMBALLAGE — 24-pound 7 à 7 i.e. per yant 2-pound 6½ à 6 i.e. 12-pound 6½ à 6 ja.

Toile D'EMBALLAGE — 24-pound 7 ja. i.e. pound 7 ja. ja.

Toile Jués 7 ja. ia livre, Remp 10c.

OUTION TIES—70c. PRUITS BY NOIX. Per boits...... POIRES... Sexternes de Hook

Vins de l'Onest—

Port Bass Island Os.

Catawha doux, Bass Island Go.

Sherry, Maders, par Galise—
Onlifornie, L & J.

Gonales, Byass & Os.

Palide.

Ramires, V. Par helto...... 150 165 Ramires, V
Fino.

Routilla, very, very pale, dry and light.
Ramires, full pale, medium dry.
Ramires, O.P.
Vine de Pasto, D. P. P.
Manusailla, very, very pale, very dry and arematic.
Cabinet, O. P.
Selera, very pale and full bodied.
Ramires, Oloreeo, Butty flavored.
Superior Amoutillado, very, very pale, wedjum dry.
Very Old Amantillado, very, very pale, very fine and extra dry.
12 heutailles Madeira Puro.
13 jugs Sherry Amphorae.
13 quarts. 26 PACAMES... De la Louisiana, par livre..... 9

Du Taxne, par livre..... 9

Jobbing un pou plus élevé que les prix et-PRODUITS DE LA CAMPAGNE. (Mos cosas representant le prix du gros su landing. Les marchands obtiennent 15 à 25c. de plus par berll et è a ½c. par livre en lota.)
FOMMES DE TERRE—Per barii \$1 80 à PATATES DOUUES—Ordinaires par baril \$1.50 à 1.75. 11 50 à 1 75. - **VAMS—51 75 à 2 00.** - **TOMATRS—**80c à **\$1** 25, par botte d'un éc

VINE MY LIQUEURS.

per cales.

Duvid McArthur & Co.'s Old
Tum Gin, per calese.

Bun de la Jamaique, 215 deg.

Rotterdam, Green Boxes, 12

Octime de Visilie, 15 que bout, catere, Oceae Vanille, 15 que bout, catere, Oceae de Weyne, 15 que bout, catere, Prelines grillère à la Vanille, 15 quarte,

POMMES-

QUINCALLERIE. —e la livre. LAIME - Burry 8 à 9c. la livre; Louisiana ### "I cut keen," par dors ... \$5.50 \$ 6.00

Hunt's axes, par dors ... 5.50 \$ 6.00

Orescent, par dors ... 5.00 \$ 5.00

Diamond axio greace, an boltes, plear 15 à —c.; clear Lake 17 à a —c.
PEAUX AUX ABATTOIRS—70 livres et PRAUX AUX ABATTOIRS—70 livres et an-descas 6igc; steer et peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 6igc; kips 14 a 30 livres 6 igc. peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 6igc; kips 14 a 30 livres 6 igc. peaux de vach 60c. pièce; grub selection 6igc. PRAUX—DE LA CAMPAGNE—wet salted senad 7% à 8c., dry salted 11c; dry fint 12c la livre.

PRAUX—DE LA CAMPAGNE—wet salted chaoux.

PRAUX—Chevrenil 16c. la livre; menton 10 à 40c. pièce; raccooms 5 à 35c.

PRAUX—Chevrenil 16c. la livre; menton 10 à 40c. pièce; raccooms 5 à 35c.

PRAUX—Chevrenil 16c. la livre; menton 10 à 40c. pièce; raccooms 5 à 35c.

PRAUX—Chevrenil 16c. la livre; menton 10 à 40c. pièce; raccooms 5 à 35c.

PRAUX—Chevrenil 16c. la livre; grise 12d à 1/2c. pour 2 à 21d.

Planet, Jr., cultivator, plain, chac.

Planet, Jr., cultivator, chaoux.

Planet, Jr., cultivator, chaoux.

Planet, Jr., cultivator, chaoux.

Columbia cultivater, chaoux. MANCHANDISE DIVEMBES.

BAVAL STORMS—Lee prix du gree sens cemme suit. Au détail il faut payer 35 à 500. de plus par baril. Pitch \$2 00 à 3 25; goudres de chari ca \$4 50 à 4 75 le baril; goudres de plus \$5 0 à 3 75. Récens selon la qualité \$1 25 à \$2 20.

Resense de sérébenthine 32 4.

Jobbing Se, de plus le galles.

TUB MELLERIE—La demande set aver benne avcerté pour des nouveaux boucauts de sucre qui ne sont pas en demande.

Boucaute de sucre de seconde Delumbia cultivater chacun. Brown riding cultivator chacun Brown walking cultivator, chac. 25 Menreerotary harrows, Nosl. 93.17 50-25 co. Geddes' hinge harrows, 14980.

Wire sails, 50 wow to put. I can keen plows, pony z put. list 85 75. Bhis hose pales, per 1000....\$18 00

Ehd staves, per 1000.......\$45 00.9

Bbis staves, per 1000.......\$12 00

Fobbing pins slevs.

CIMAREOR.

FITTSBUEG — Per seasand 25 & 280. familie 400. is baril, \$4 25 h is because, ser leads \$3.75 h 4.00 per tou.; anthresiss \$8.50 h is bett, betten \$5.00 h is baril; steemen \$3.00 h 3.25 is tenne; habitation (our in rival 200.

I out heen plows, A-O x pes...
Hat \$6.75, less \$5 per ess.
I out keen plows, B-O x pts...
Hat \$7.50, less \$5 per ess!
I out keen plows, O-O x pts...
Het \$10.40, less \$5 per ess!
I out keen plows D-O x pts...
Hat \$11.40, less \$5 per ess!
Jaks Deere Plows... John Doore Plevs L. B. & Co. steel plows, pony z pts, chacun.

A.R.& Co. steel plews, A.O x pts.

steemers \$3 00 à \$ 25 in tenne; habitation (our la rive) \$00. ALA BAMA—Per berli Cefons 400.; Corona aut cont 350.; splint cost 450; aut splint cost \$80.; Cahaba 450.; steam cost sur chars \$2 40 A.B.& Co. steel plows, O-O x pte

4 10 50

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..... 450 MATERIAUR COUNTRY PROPERTY | Reticrians. Green Baxes. | 12 | 4 | 50 | Reticrians. Green Baxes. | 12 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 13 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 13 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 13 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticrians. (Fin. Green Baxes. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 7 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | Reticring Not. | 10 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 700

neuri, Marie, Brinaru & Roquestite, 12 houteilles, qts. parcelase. \$17 to pac, 13 quarts que superfine, onice. 16 50 h au Cognac, 13 litres, caisee. 14 co h au Cognac, 13 litres, caisee. 15 co h au Cognac, 13 litres, caisee. 15 co h au Cognac, 13 litres, caisee. 16 70 Mechantable. 15 50016 50 Mechantable. 17 to pack the Mechantable of Durages, 1 Squart lugs superfine calese 16 50
Marmeshine, 12 bentetiles, calese 16 57
Punch as Cognes, 12 quarts, calese... 14 00
Punch as Cognes, 12 litres, calese... 15 90
Bende Vis de Dembrick, 12 qts. calese... 17 00
Assorted in 12 decembers, benchess es 16-in bert sawed..... | Cesse Vanilia, 13 qts bout., caises | 16 50 | 16 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 9 | 15 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 0 | 17 in split, extinory | 2 15 in split, extinory | 2

16 50 16 50 16 5 16 50