



Consulate General of Sweden
New York

8 March 2:00-5:30 pm (UTC)



Permanent Mission of Sweden to the United Nations, New York

> W I K I G *4* P

let's close the internet gender gap

Today's Objectives and Goals

Attendees will:

- Gain an understanding of Wikipedia's pillars and policies
- Learn how to:
 - edit existing Wikipedia articles
 - create new articles

With the goal of:

Improving Wikipedia biographies about women human rights activists and innovators

Today's Objectives

Attendees will:

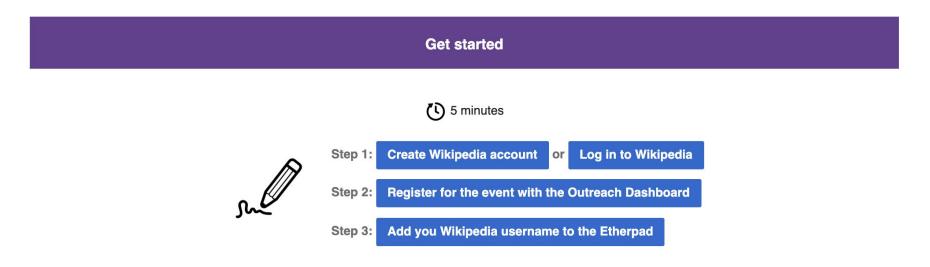
- Login to Wikipedia
- Use the event's wiki page to access a list of articles and useful secondary sources
- Edit existing Wikipedia articles and create new ones

Event tools Wikipedia, Event Page & Dashboard

The Free Encyclopedia

Getting Started: Event Page

Link in chat



Choose one of the activities

Wikipedia Basics, Policies, and Oversight



Wikimedia, is the global community of contributors to Wikimedia Foundation projects. The movement was created around Wikipedia's community, and has since expanded to the other Wikimedia projects.

Wikimedia



- Wikipedia, a web-based encyclopedia
- Wiktionary, a dictionary
- Wikibooks, educational textbooks
- Wikinews, news articles
- Wikiquote, a collection of quotations
- Wikisource, a library of source texts and documents
- Wikiversity, educational material

- Wikivoyage, a travel guide
- Wikispecies, a taxonomic catalogue of species
- Wikimedia Commons, a data repository of media like images, videos and sounds.
- Wikidata, a common source
 of data, also accessible by
 the other projects

Wiki

- A website where anyone can edit any page at any time
- Meant to be "quick"
- Remembers all versions (nothing ever destroyed)
- Hyperlinks between pages

Wikipedia: Five Pillars

- Wikipedia is an encyclopedia
- Wikipedia is written from a neutral point of view
- Wikipedia is free content that anyone can use, edit, and distribute
- Wikipedia's editors should treat each other with respect and civility
- Wikipedia has no firm rules

WP:Pillars

Wikipedia Policies

- Neutral Point of View written so all sides can agree (WP:POV)
- Notability significant independent sources -> importance (WP:N)
- Verifiability Using reliable sources to reference information (WP:V)
- No original research point to existing scholarship (WP: NOR)
- Assume good faith start with congenial spirit (WP:GF)
- Conflicts of interest disclose and abide by terms of service (WP:COI)

Wikipedia: Reliable sources

Articles should be based on reliable, published sources. If no reliable sources can be found on a topic, an article should not exist.

Reliable sources

per WP guidelines

- Published scholarship (print or online)
- News organizations
- Vendor and e-commerce sources (Can be used to verify awards won, album length, etc.)
- Biased or opinionated sources (Only when trying to report the existence of one side of a topic, debate, etc.)

Unreliable sources

per WP guidelines

- Questionable sources. (Those with a poor reputation for checking the facts or with no editorial oversight)
- Self-published sources online and paper*
- Primary sources*

^{*} These can be added to external links section, but should not be cited

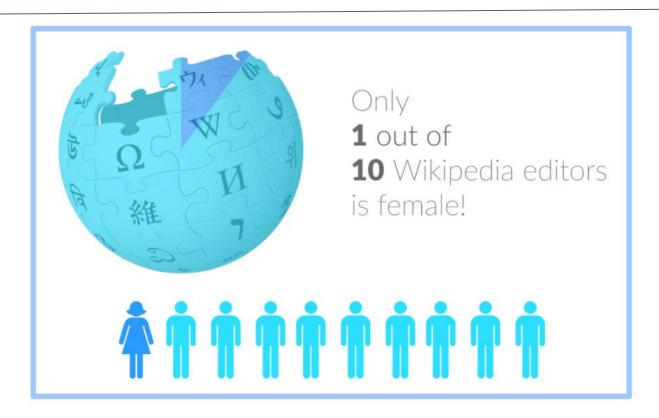
Article Quality Assessment

All rated articles by quality and importance						
	Importance					
Quality	Тор	High	Mid	Low	???	Total
★ FA	1,367	2,170	2,109	1,464	168	7,278
★ FL	160	598	661	602	104	2,125
(A)	286	599	749	484	88	2,206
⊕ GA	2,649	6,070	12,137	14,488	1,716	37,060
В	14,121	27,225	43,432	42,358	17,154	144,290
С	13,828	42,716	102,161	177,465	66,752	402,922
Start	18,396	86,562	367,500	1,169,090	373,528	2,015,076
Stub	4,467	32,387	274,144	2,417,103	869,038	3,597,139
List	4,030	14,528	44,236	138,119	76,071	276,984
Assessed	59,304	212,855	847,129	3,961,173	1,404,619	6,485,080
Unassessed	120	519	1,984	16,450	437,768	456,841
Total	59,424	213,374	849,113	3,977,623	1,842,387	6,941,921

Wikipedia's Gender Gap



Editor gender gap? Unsilence the silent



Content gender gap? Make the invisible visible

Percentage of women's biographies

November 2014

15%

English language Wikipedia

February 2021

18.72%

English language Wikipedia

How Can We Fix This?

- Partnerships with nonprofits, colleges/universities, government entities and beyond
- Engagement through edit-a-thons, training opportunities, Art + Feminism and <u>Wikiprojects like Women in Red</u>





WP:WIRED

Wikiprojects

- A group of contributors who want to work together as a team to improve
 Wikipedia
- Often focus on a specific topic area
- English Wikipedia currently has over 2,000 WikiProjects, about 1,000 of which are monitored by 30–2,000 editors

WP: Wikiproject

Preparing to edit: Setting Editing Preferences



Wikipedia Editing Tools

VisualEditor

'Edit' button

VisualEditor is a "visual" way of editing Wikipedia that does not require editors to learn wiki markup. Until Visual Editor, editors had to learn wiki markup to make most edits.

VisualEditor works like a word processor. While is simpler to use, the Source Editor can be more effective for some tasks.

Source Editor

'Edit source' button

Source editor uses Wikitext, also known as Wiki markup or Wikicode, which consists of the syntax and keywords used by the MediaWiki software to format a page.

Set Editing Preferences: Activate Visual Editor

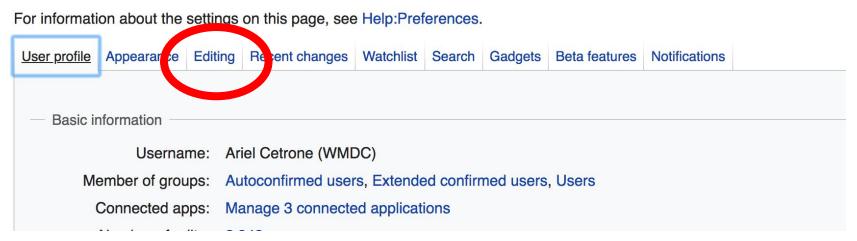
- 1. Go to Wikipedia, confirm that you are logged in
- 2. Select 'Preferences' (Top right)



Set Editing Preferences: Activate Visual Editor

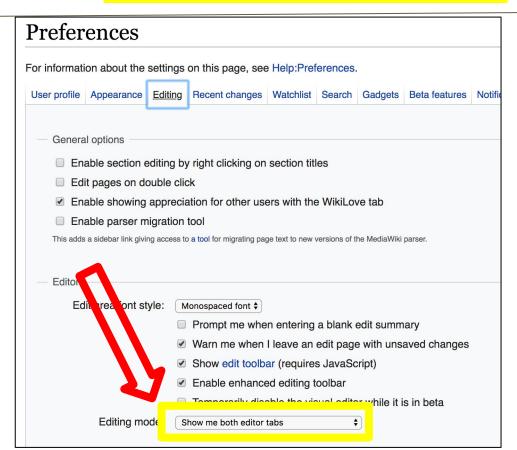
3. Select the 'Editing' tab

Preferences



Set Editing Preferences: Activate Visual Editor

- 4. Scroll down to 'Editor'
- 5. Select 'Show me Both Editor Tabs' from the 'Editing Mode' dropdown menu
- 6. Save (bottom left)

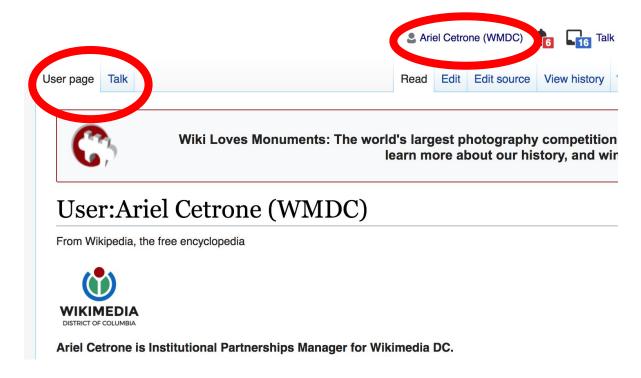


User Page



User Page

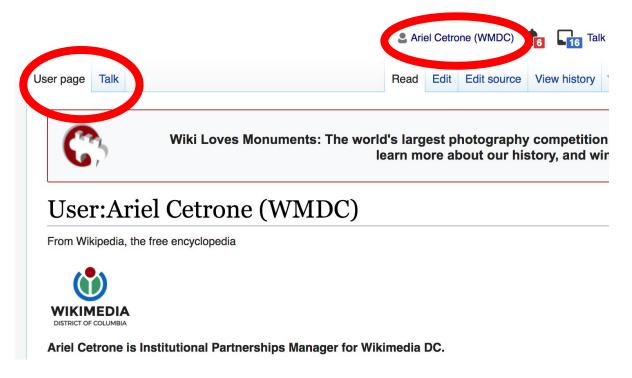
- All users/editors are assigned a user page
- Access user page by selecting your username (top right)



User Page

 Share information and interests

 Use is optional unless editing as part of official duties



Talk Page

- Receive messages
- Communicate with other users



Tabs and Article Anatomy



Sample Article



Patricia Bath [edit ledit source]

ORES predicted quality: (8) B (3.82)

A B-class article from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

[1] Dr. Patricia Era Bath (November 4, 1942 – May 30, 2019) was an American ophthalmologist, inventor, humanitarian, and academic. She was the inventor of laser cataract surgery. Her invention was called Lazerphaco Probe. She also became the first woman member of the Jules Stein Eye Institute, first woman to lead a post-graduate training program in ophthalmology, and first woman elected to the honorary staff of the UCLA Medical Center. Bath was the first African-American person to serve as a resident in ophthalmology at New York University. She was also the first African-American woman to serve on staff as a surgeon at the UCLA Medical Center. Bath was the first African-American woman doctor to receive a patent for a medical purpose. The holder of five patents, [2] she also founded the non-profit American Institute for the Prevention of Blindness in Washington, D.C.



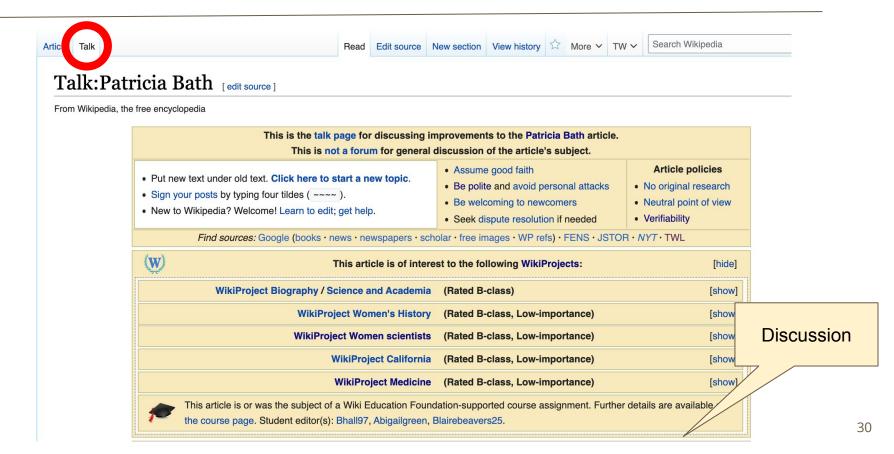


Exploring Tabs: Article history

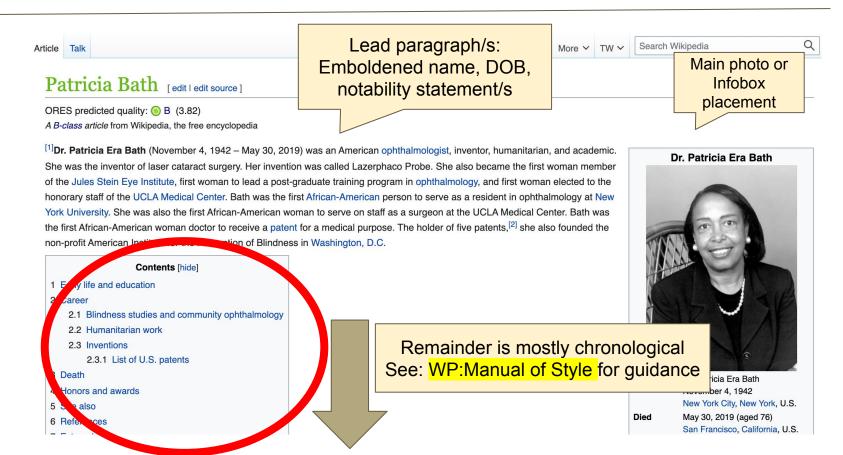
View all edits ever made by selecting 'View History'



Exploring Tabs: Talk Page - Community Discussion



Article Sections: Lead Paragraphs and infoboxes



Article Sections: References

Early life and education [edit | edit | source]

Known for

Occupation

Born 1942, in Harlem, New York, Patricia Bath was the daughter of Rupert and Glady Bath. [3] He father was an immigrant from Trinidad, a newspaper columnist, a merchant seaman and the first black man to work for the new York City Subway as a motorman. [4][5] Her father inspired her love for culture and encouraged her to explore different cultures. [6] Her mother was descended from African sla Americans. [4] Throughout her childhood, Bath was often told by her parents to "never set" mother, encouraging her dreams and love of science, had bought her her first chemig became a housekeeper to help fund the education of her children.[4] Patricia and and math. Patricia was inspired by her teachers to pursue research.[1]In high sa

extra time in biology labs to learn more

References [edit | edit source]

- 1. ^ a b c d e f g h i Boucher, Brian (April 3, 2012). "Elizabeth Catlett, 1915-2012" &. Art 15. ^ Retrieved February 11, 2015. in America magazine
- o nabcdefghi opqrstuvwxyzaa ab ac ad Karen Rosenberg (April 3, 16. ^

2012). "Eliza

York Tip

3 Aabc

Mexico City

4 Nabcdefgh abeth Catlett 1915-2012" . National Museum for Women in the Arts. Retrieved ruary 11, 2015.

References or notes (Inline citations)

or less than [her] best" and had been encouraged by their advs Bath decided to be a homemaker while her childr ded Charles Evans Hughes High School where both

wither encouraged in biology courses to explore I

ice Hall | Campus Maps & Tours" . maps.uiowa.edu. Retrieved

"Elizabeth Catlett: The power of form". The World & I. 13 (7): 118-

b Know About Elizabeth Catlett". Scholastic Art. 42 (4): 10.

Allison (February 12, 2012). "Black, Female And An Inspirational

Modern Artist" . National Public Radio. Retrieved February 11, 2015.

19. A "Fallece la escultora y grabadora Elizabeth Catlett: MÉXICO OBITUARIO". EFE

Additional Sections

See also [Ait | edit source]

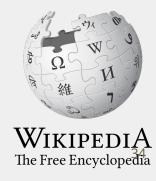
- Timeline of women in science
- List of African-American inventors and scientists
- List of Alpha Kappa Alpha Sisters

External links Polit | edit source]

- Baur at the Black Inventor Online Museum

```
Categories (++): 1942 births (-) (±) | 2019 deaths (-) (±) | People from Harlem (-) (±) | 20th-century American inventors (-) (±) | 20th-century American women physicians (-) (±) | 20th-century American physicians (-) (±) | 21st-century American women physicians (-) (±) | 21st-century American women physicians (-) (±) | African-American women physicians (-) (±) | African-American women physicians (-) (±) | American ophthalmologists (-) (±) | American people of Cherokee descent (-) (±) | American people of Trinidad and Tobago descent (-) (±) | David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA faculty (-) (±) | Female vision scientists (-) (±) | Fellows of the Optical Society (-) (±) | Howard University alumni (-) (±) | Hunter College alumni (-) (±) | Women in optics (-) (±) | Women inventors (-) (±) | Women ophthalmologists (-) (±) | (+)
```

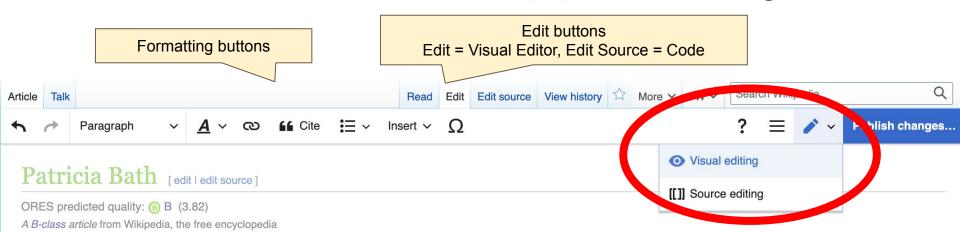
Editing Existing Articles



Editing with Visual Editor

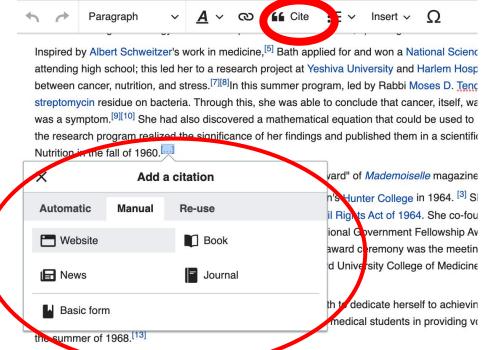
- 1. Open a Wikipedia article
 - 2. Select 'Edit'
- 3. Add and remove text as you would in a word processor

Unsure if you are in Visual Editor? Are you not seeing the 'Edit' button? Select 'Edit Source', select the Pencil (red), select 'Visual editing'



Citing Your Sources

- 1. Place cursor in desired location
- 2. Select 'Cite'
- 3. Select 'Automatic' (for URLs, etc.), 'Manual' (to customize fields), or 'Reuse' (to cite a source that has already been used)



Adding Sections

Career

After completing her residency at NYU, Bath began a Corneal fellowship program at Columbia University, which focused on corneal transplantation and keratoprosthesis start (1973 to 1974). While a fellow, she was recruited by both the UCLA Jules Stein Eye Institute and Charles R. Drew University to co-found an ophthalmology residency program at Columbia University, which focused on corneal transplantation and keratoprosthesis start (1973 to 1974). While a fellow, she was recruited by both the UCLA Jules Stein Eye Institute and Charles R. Drew University to co-found an ophthalmology residency program Luther King, Jr. Hospital. She then began her career in Los Angeles, becoming the first woman ophthalmologist on the faculty at Jules Stein Eye Institute at UCLA. Start appointed assistant chief of the King-Drew-UCLA Ophthalmology Residency Program in 1974, and was appointed chief in 1983.

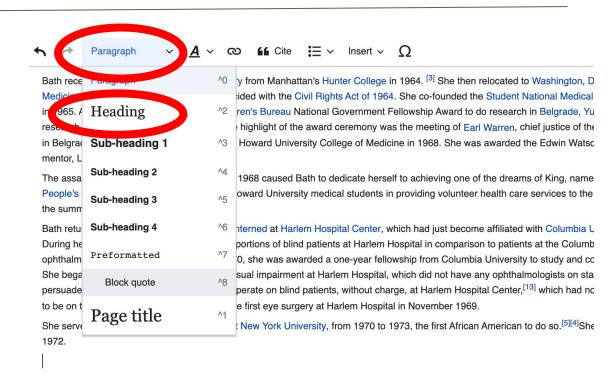
At both institutions, she rose to the rank of associate professor. At UCLA, she founded the Ophthalmic Assistant Training Program (OATP) in 1978. The graduates of the Oikey personnel to provide screening, health education, and support for blindness prevention strategies. [4][7] [15]

While at UCLA Jules Stein Eye Institute, she established the <u>Keratoprosthesis</u> Program to provide advanced surgical treatment for blind patients. The program continues to the KPRO and thousands of patients have had their eyesight restored with this innovative technology. Based on her research and achievements with <u>keratoprosthesis</u>, Batl chosen to lead the first national <u>keratoprosthesis</u> study in 1983.^[16]

In 1983, Bath was appointed Chair of the KING-DREW-UCLA Ophthalmology Residency Program, becoming the first woman in the US to head an ophthalmology residence program. [5][4]

Adding Sections with Headings

- 1. Place cursor
- 2. Select 'Paragraph'
- 3. Select 'Heading'
- 4. Add heading text
- 5. Select enter/return to continue with regular font



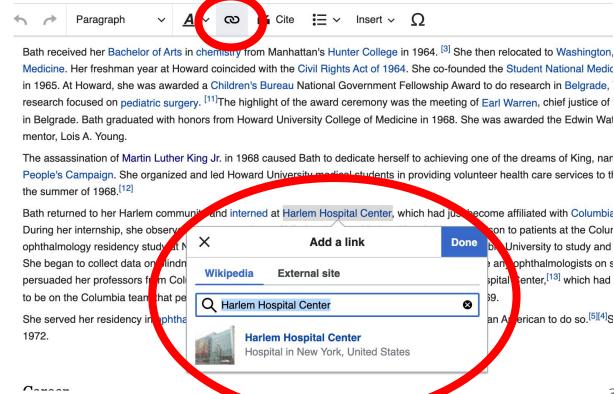
Career

After completing her residency at NYU, Bath began a Corneal fellowship program at Columbia University, which focused on corne8

Creating Links Between Wikipedia Articles

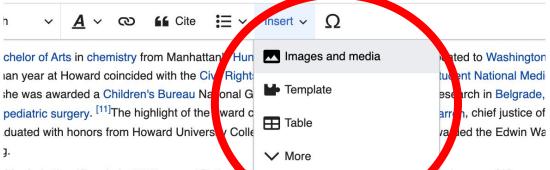
- 1. Select text
- 2. Select link icon
- 3. Select article and 'Done'

*When adding an external link in an external links section, enter the title of what you are adding, highlight the text, select the link icon, paste a URL, and select 'Done'.



Adding Photos with Wikimedia Commons

- 1. Place cursor in desired location (left or right)
- 2. Select: 'Insert' + Media'

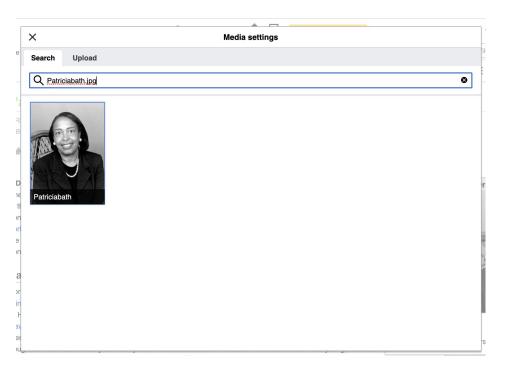


Martin Luther King Jr. in 1968 caused Bath to suicate mersen to acmieving one of the dreams of King, na She organized and led Howard University medical andents in providing volunt or health care services to 1 [12]

Harlem community and interned at Harlem Hospital Center, which had just become affiliated with Columbia, she observed large proportions of blind patients at Harlem Hospital in comparison to patients at the Columbia vicus study at NYU in 1970, she was awarded a one-year fellowship from Columbia University to study and data on blindness and visual impairment at Harlem Hospital, which did not have any ophthalmologists on some from Columbia to operate on blind nationts, without charge, at Harlem Hospital Center [13] which had

Adding Photos with Wikimedia Commons

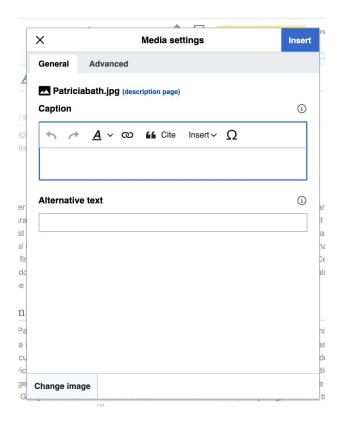
- 3. Enter search term
- 4. Select photo + 'Use this image'



Adding Photos with Wikimedia Commons

5. Caption your image and add alternative text

6. Select 'Insert'



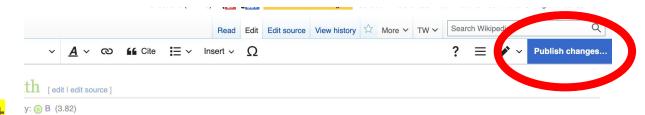
Adding Categories

```
Categories (++): 1942 births (-) (±) | 2019 deaths (-) (±) | People from Harlem (-) (±) | 20th-century American inventors (-) (±) | 20th-century American women physicians (-) (±) | 20th-century American physicians (-) (±) | 21st-century American women physicians (-) (±) | African-American inventors (-) (±) | African-American physicians (-) (±) | African-American women physicians (-) (±) | American ophthalmologists (-) (±) | American people of Cherokee descent (-) (±) | American people of Trinidad and Tobago descent (-) (±) | David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA faculty (-) (±) | Female vision scientists (-) (±) | Fellows of the Optical Science (-) (±) | Howard University alumni (-) (±) | Hunter College alumni (-) (±) | Women in optics (-) (±) | Women inventors (-) (±) | Women ophthalmologists (-) (±) | (+)
```

- 1. Leave Editing mode
- 2. Select +
- 3. Type the category name into the field, i.e. 20th-century American inventors. Only existing categories will appear in the list of options. You may create new categories.
- 4. Select 'Apply Changes'

Publish changes

- 1. Select 'Publish changes'
- 2. Add brief not in 'Edit Summary' field
- Select 'Publish changes' once more



h (November 4, 1942 – May 30, 2019) was an American ophthalmologist, inventor, humanitarian, and academic. If laser cataract surgery. Her invention was called Lazerphaco Probe. She also became the first woman member Institute, first woman to lead a post-graduate training program in ophthalmology, and first woman elected to the CLA Medical Center. Bath was the first African-American person to serve as a resident in ophthalmology at New as also the first African-American woman to serve on staff as a surgeon at the UCLA Medical Center. Bath was an woman doctor to receive a patent for a medical purpose. The holder of five patents, [2] she also founded the stitute for the Prevention of Blindness in Washington, D.C.



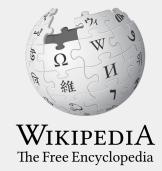
To quickly abandon changes made to an article, select 'Read' (next to Edit/Edit Source) and your edits will not be saved.

ikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Additional tips

- 'Copy and Paste' is acceptable between WP articles as long as content is relevant
 - Original articles/editors should be credited using the 'Edit Summary' box
- New editors: Start with short articles (Stub and Start class) or build new articles in your sandbox
- New, but short articles are still worth publishing
 - Prove notability by citing at east three verifiable, credible sources
 - Create hyperlinks

Creating New Articles Three Methods



Method 1: Creating Articles with Sandbox

- 1. Select Sandbox (top right)
- 2. Select Edit or Edit Source
- 3. Write the article. (Tip: Publish often. Each 'save' will count towards a new editors' edit count)



User:Ariel Cetrone (WMDC)/sandbox

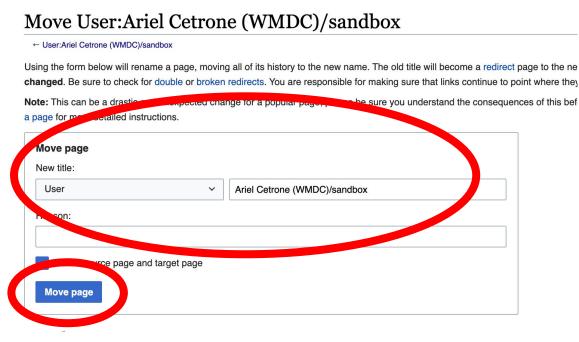
Method 1: Creating Articles with Sandbox cont.

- 4. When ready, move the Sandbox article to Wikipedia main space
 - From Sandbox, select 'More' then 'Move'



Method 1: Creating Articles with Sandbox cont.

- Under 'New title', change 'User' to 'Article'
- Change Sandbox title to the name of the article
- Select 'Move page'



Method 2a: Start a Draft

- 1. Enter Draft:Article title into the WP search bar
- 2. Click the red link to start the article
- 3. Start writing and publish as you go





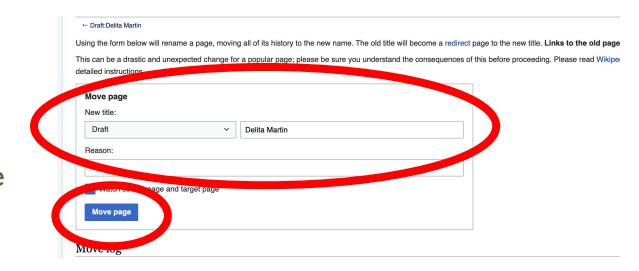
Method 2a: Start a Draft cont.

- 4. Move the draft to Wikipedia main space
 - From the draft, select 'More' then 'Move'



Method 2a: Start a Draft cont.

- Under 'New title', change 'Draft' to 'Article'
- Remove 'Draft:' from the name of the article
- Select 'Move page'



Or...

Method 2b: Start a Draft with Article Wizard

- 1. Search Wikipedia: Article Wizard in the WP search bar
- 2. Follow prompts
- 3. Publish in draft form



Method 3: Creating Articles in Wikipedia Mainspace

- Enter Article title into WP search bar
- Click the red link to start the article
- Create
- Publish





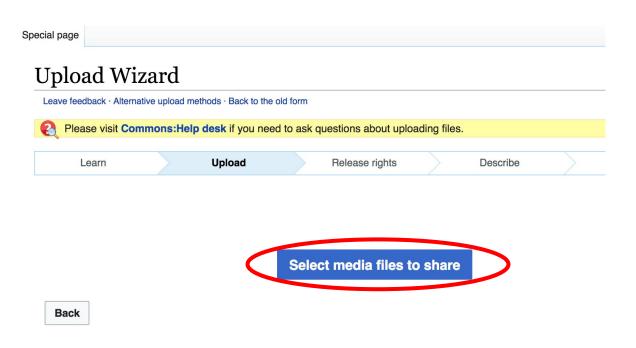
Uploading Photos or Files to Wikicommons



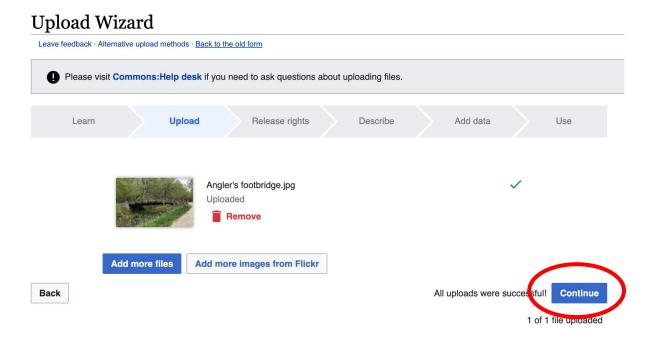
- 1. Go to commons.wikimedia.org
- 2. Select 'Upload'



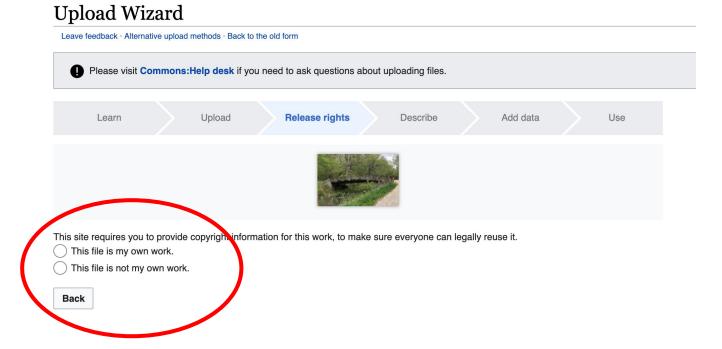
3. Select media files to share



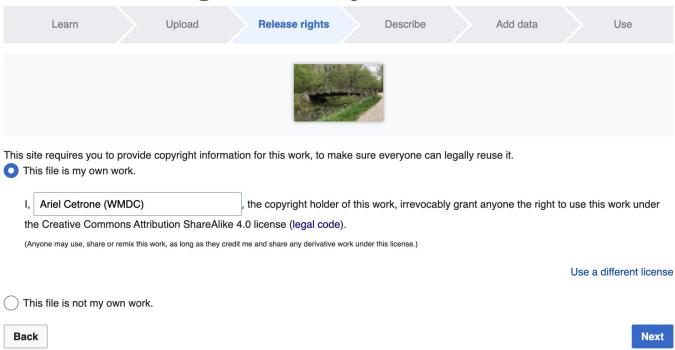
4. Select 'Continue'



5. Select Address Copyright



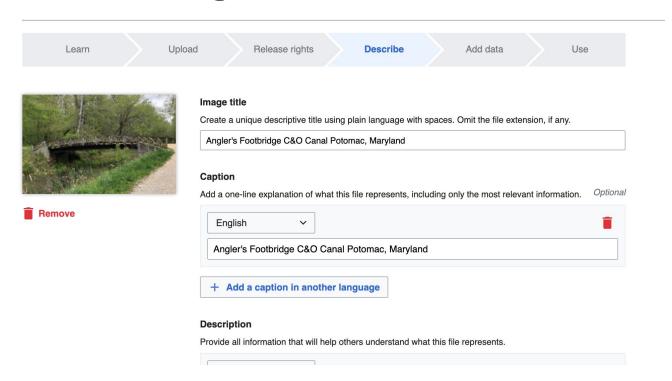
5a. Release the rights if it is your own work



5b. If not your own work, name the source and select the appropriate **Creative Commons** license or another reason why it is license-free or in the public domain (Pre-1926, published for the US government, etc.)

Thi	e requires you to provide copyright information for this work, to make sure everyone can legally reuse it. s file is my own work. s file is not my own work.		
Source			
Wŀ	digital file came from $-$ could be a URL, or a book or publication.		
Au	thor(s)		
The name of the person who took the photo, or painted the picture, drew the drawing, etc.			
No	w tell us why you are sure you have the right to publish this work:		
No.	w tell us why you are sure you have the right to publish this work: The copyright holder published this work with the right Creative Commons license Not all Creative Commons licenses are good for this site. Make sure the copyright holder used one of these licenses.		
No	The copyright holder published this work with the right Creative Commons license Not all Creative Commons licenses are good for this site. Make sure the copyright holder used one of these		
No	The copyright holder published this work with the right Creative Commons license Not all Creative Commons licenses are good for this site. Make sure the copyright holder used one of these licenses. If the work is already published online, but not under that license online, or if you aren't the copyright holder of the work, please follow the steps described at COM:OTRS (the copyright holder has to send an email with		

6. Describe the image



7. Add metadata (optional), i.e. Depicts Footbridge

8. Publish

Angler's Footbridge C&O Canal Potomac, Maryland

Angler's_Footbridge_C&O_Canal_Potomac,_Maryland.jpg



Items portrayed in this file

depicts

Q Search to add items

Event toolsSelecting Articles to Edit



Selecting Existing Articles to Edit

Choose one of the activities



Selecting Existing Articles to Edit

- 1. Select a Wikipedia article
- 2. Share the name of the article you plan to edit in the Etherpad
- 3. Open the event page in another tab and use the 'Expand' button to view secondary sources

Instructions in English

Step 1. Find an article to improve

Select articles below or explore articles on English Wikipedia about women by

- · occupation,
- nationality

Use this ETHERPAD document document to share what you are currently editing or creating.

Human Rights Activists

Select 'Expand' to view nationality, links to article in other languages, and potential secondary sources

Ayanda Denge ☑	[Expand]
Amina Bouayach ⊠	[Expand]
Mitzi Jonelle Tan r₽	[Expand]

Creating New Articles

Choose one of the activities



Creating New Articles

- 1. Select an article to create
- 2. Share the name of the article you plan to edit in the Etherpad
- 3. Select the blue button to start the article in your sandbox
- 4. Open the event page in another tab and use the 'Expand' button to view secondary sources

