## CONFIDENTIAL

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS

FAR EAST COMMAND

Military Intelligence Section, General Staff
Civil Intelligence Section

General Activities APO 500 5 April 1947

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

SUBJECT: TAMURA, Kosaku

Director of Asia Development League (DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI)

Sep 1940

In an article entitled "Anglo-American Co-operation and Matsucka's Foreign Policy" in the BUNCEI SHINJU, he stated that the Japanese people should be prepared for a Japanese American war, which might come as a result of America's interference in the China Incident.

Inal 8

TAMIRA, Kosaku

Request by TOJO, Hideki

Address: No.1123 Kitazawa, 1 Chome, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo.

He will testify on the universal aspirations of the Japanese people and the cardinal principles of Japanese diplomacy.

IBMURA, Kosahu Reguest by Toso, Mideli address: No. 1123 Kilozawa, 1. Chome, Setagaya-ku Jakyo. The cordinal principles of Japanese

checked by Al. Translates by ThAWAI. Translates by Komabayas is No. 1 YAMAGUCHI Bref., Commoner. Social status & domicile March 5th, MEIJI 20. Birth Day TAMURA KÖSAKU. NAME. Aug. 40 Passed the examination for a chancellorsof Foreign Affairs. Foreign Sept. 25," appointed to a chancellor of Foreign Affairs supplied with the I class salary. Ordered to hold office in Hankow. Supplied with YEN 1,000 as the saray holding the office Oct. 23, " Ordered to hold office in Skringapore Supplied with YEN 1.200 as the Salary

No. 2

	Rolding Réoffice	
		Foreign
apr. 1st, 43	Supplied with the 8 class salary system for \$ 31, according to a revision of a saraly	
	Ordinance of a minor official	
	Supplied with the 8 class Salary.	Froreign
June, 30, ". Nov.	Passed the examination for a civil official	
-		
	appointed to a supordinate official of	
	Foreign Office.	
1	Supplied with the 8 class salary	7
"	Ordered to serve in the inquiry section	"
	of the Minister's Secretariate.	
June, 30, 4	of Anpplied with this class salary.	4

No. 3

July 29, " Ordered to serve in the Anguiry Bo	
June 13, 7415#0 Ordered to serve in the 2nd sect	ion of the
Inquiry Bureau Political Affairs	
" 30, " Rupplied with the class salary.	4
Oct. "3 Passed the examination for & di and a consular.	plomat
and a consular.	
Nov. 7, "Appointed to a consular-assist	lant
Confered to The 3rd Rank of the	higher Cabinet
Civil Dervice.	
awarded with the 5 class salary	
Ordered to hold office in Antin	g it origin
Ordered to hold office in Antin Raised Dec. 28, " Confered to the junior grade of the	e Zrank

NB,4 Dec. 10, 4" awarded with the 5 stank Chia the change of the China Republic, and permitted to wear it. Foreign July 1st, 5 awarded with the Pelass Dalary apr./st, i Chwarded with the government grant of 70, for the merit of TAISHO 3~4 years June, 30, 6 awarded with the 3nd clars salary. Dec. 24, " Promotion to a Righer rank to the 6 rank Cabinet of the higher civil service. Foreign " Quarded with the 3rd class Aglary. Foreign

Feb, 12, 7 Confered to the Senior grade of the Tothe

rank. appointed to a diplomatic agent. Confered to the 6 rank of the higher Cabinet civil service. Supplied with the Telar Ralary. Toreign Ordered & be engaged in the & conomic

Authorit & Silvena Sibera

Districtant affairs of Sibera July 7, 19 appointed & Decretary of the Foreign. Confered to the Grank of the higher civil Cabinet awarded with the 5 class salary.

No. 6

Ordered to Serve in the 2nd section of the Political Affairs Bureau. 8 ang. 18, 4 appointed to the 3rd ranks secretary of De embassy. Confered to the brank of the ligher Cationet avil Dervice. Quarded with the 2nd class salary Ordered to hold office in England. Foreign Ap. 8, 18 awarded with the 1st class salary. apr./, "9 Appointed to an execution committee Cabinet of the Treate of Peace, not publish ed in the Gazette.

No. 7 July 1st, " Promotion to a higher Ranks, the 5 rank of The ligher civil service. July, 31, " ? Confered to the junior grade of the 6th Unarted to the 6 rank of the Order of the Dep. 7, Sacred Treasure and \$ 500 according. to the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace to Germany and the merit in the TAIT

SHO 429 year's incident. awardes to the 6 rank of the Order Board. of the Sacred Treasure July 1st, "9 awarded with he 2 is class Ralary Office

No. 8 Ang. 23, 10 appointes to the 3nd Rank Secretary of & legation. Confered to the Frank of the higher Caping Civil service awarded with the 2nd class salary Dec, 26, " Awardes with the 1st class salary office Dec. 27, "11 appointed to the 2nd rank secretary of & legation. Confered to the Prank of the higher Cabinet Civil Dervice awarded with the 2 class Dalary. Foreign Ordered to hold office in CZECHO-17

No.9 SLOVAKIA Jan. 30, "12 Confered to the Senior grade of the 6th June, 30: "13 awardes with the 1st class salary, "
Nov. 24, "10 Discharged of the execution Comme Cabinet mittee of the Treat of Peace. not -published in the Gazette. March 24, 14 - appointed to a consul-general. Confered to the 322 range of Miligher Civil Service (Didonad to hold office in Knang-Tune Foreign

No. 60. march, 24" Confered to the junior grade of the 5 rank. march 27, " Discharged of the regular official Cabinet at own request. Apr. 15, " Promoted one grade by special Confered to the senior grade of the Trank as an act of grace from the Throne. Conferred to the 5 sant of the Order of the Sacred Treasure. appointed to a Councillor of the Cabinet TAMURA, Kosaku, No. 1123 Kitazawa, 1 Chome, Setagaya-Ku, Tokyo

Request by TOJO, Kideki

- (a) The nationality of the witness is Japanese.
- (b) He will testify on the universal aspirations of the Japanese people and the cardinal principles of Japanese diplomacy.

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He will testify on the universal aspirations of the Japanese people and the cardinal principles of Japanese diplomacy.

NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE RECORD (March 6, 1947) (DEFENSE - TAMURA-Direct)

#### Page

and attended the Higher Commercial School of Yamaguchi Prefecture. He was in the Foreign Office from 1,08 to 1925, and was stationed in China, \* Britain, and in other European countries. He specialized in the diplomatic history of China and wrote three books on that subject, receiving the Doctor of Laws from Tokyo Imperial in 1908. \* While he did not study in any particular school abroad, he had been stationed in many embassies, legations, and consulates. In China he was Vice-Consul in Antung and Mukden. In Britain he was secretary of the Embassy. In Czecho-slovakia

he was in charge of the legation for a long time.

He had published a book in the English language called "The Genesis of the Pacific War", and the foreign policy of Japan was his particular field of study. \* The witness stated that the first 17877 reaction to Japan's military success in the war with Russia appeared in 1905 with the persecution of Japanese in California. The matter was quickly settled due to speedy adequate measures taken by President Roosevelt. The Japanese in appreciation decided to take two steps. The first was the Gentleman's Agreement whereby Japan voluntarily restricted the immigration of the number of laborers going to America. \* The second measure was that the 17879 Japanese sent the emigrants to Korea and Manchuria instead of to America. There is close relation between Japan going to Asia and the problem of immigration to the United States.

participate in any of the discussions of the Foreign Office on the question of restriction of immigration. He had been merely a student of history with respect to the foreign affairs of Japan. He made his study through diplomatic documents and other materials which historians generally use.

"Genesis of the Pacific War", he gathered his material mostly from diplomatic documents published in the U. S. and materials gathered by American scholars to which he had no direct access. \* With respect to other materials, the study of diplomatic history of the Far East had been his lifetime work, and he had been collecting materials for the past twenty years.

\* At the present time he is continuing his study of history, and has done so since 1925.

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NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE RECORD (March 6, 1947) (DEFENSE - TAMURA-Cross)

#### Page

CROSS-EXAMINATION by Mr. Comyns Carr.

\* The witness stated that since he left
the Foreign Office he had contributed frequently to
magazines and newspapers. For ten years he was
editorial adviser to the "Diplomatic Review". His
diplomatic history of the Far East was published in
three volumes between 1934 and 1939, and his book of
English is not included among them. That was
published in 1943. The Taiheiyo Association publishe
this book. \* He did not know whether it was used
during the war for propaganda purposes. He got his
degree from Tokyo University in 1940.

REPORT BY: Lt. J. Curtis

28 Feb. 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE:

Subject: TAMURA, Kosaku

No information on the above named subject is contained in the files of IPS.

Social status	and domicile YAMAGUCHI Pref., Commoner	
Birth Day	March 5th, MEIJI 20	
Name	TAMURA KOSAKU	
Aug. 40 1907	Passed an examination for chancellors of Foreign Affairs	
Sept. 25"	Appointed chancellor of Foreign Affairs.	Foreign Office
	Supplied with the 7th Class salary.	11
11	Ordered to hold office in Hankow.	11
**	Supplied with YEN 1,000 as a (foreign) service allowance.	
Oct. 23 "	Ordered to hold office in Singapore.	***
	Supplied with Yen 1,200 as a service allowance	e.
Dec. 21,1908 MEIJI 41	Supplied with the 8th Class salary.	tt
Apr. 1, 1910 MEIJI 43	¥31, according to the revised salary system for the lower civil serive.	
June 30, "	Supplied with the 8th class salary.	11
Nov.	Passed an examination for the higher civil service.	
Nov. 11, "	Appointed clerk of Foreign Office.	11
	Supplied with the 8th Class salary.	***
tt	Ordered to serve in the inquiry section of the Minister's Secretariate.	**
June 30, 1911 MEIJI 44	Supplied with the 7th Class salary.	***
	Ordered to serve in the Inquiry Bureau.	11
	Ordered to serve in the 2nd Section of the Bureau of Political Affairs.	***
June 30, "	Supplied with the 6th Class salary.	11

Oct. 1914 TAISHO 3	Passed an examination for diplomats and one for consuls.	Foreign Office
Nov. 7, 1914	Appointed eleve-consul.	
***	Raised to the 3rd rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
11	Granted the 5th class salary.	
**	Ordered to hold office in Antung.	Foreign Office
Dec. 28, "	Raised to the junior grade of the 7th class Court rank	
Dec. 10, 1915 TAISHO 4	Awarded with the 5th Order of Chia Ho Chang of the Republic of China and permitted to wear it.	
July 1st, 1916 TAISHO 5	Awarded with the 4th class salary.	Foreign Office
Apr. 1st, 1916	Awarded with a government grant of \$70, for his services in the 1914-15 Incident.	
June 30, 1917 TAISHO 6	Awarded with the 3rd class salary.	11
Dec. 24, "	Raised to the 6th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
***	Awarded with the 3rd class salary.	Foreign Office
Feb. 12, 1918 TAISHO 7	Raised to the senior grade of the 7th class court rank.	
Aug. 30, "	Appointed secretary of foreign affairs	•
11	Raised to the 6th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
11	Supplied with the 7th class salary.	Foreign Office
11	Ordered to be engaged in economic support to Siberia.	"
July 7, 1919 TAISHO'8	Appointed secretary of the Foreign Office.	

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July 7, 1919 TAISHO'8	Raised to the 6th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
	Awarded with the 5th class salary.	Foreign Office
11	Ordered to serve in the 2nd section of the Bureau of Political Affairs.	***
Aug. 18, "	Appointed 3rd class secretary of embassy.	
11	Raised to the 6th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
11	Awarded with the 2nd class salary.	
n	Ordered to hold office in England.	Foreign Office
Sept. 8, 1919	Awarded with the 1st class salary.	11
Apr. 1, 1920 TAISHO 9	Appointed member of the committee to put the Peace Treaty in effect. Not published in the Gazette.	
July 1st, "	Raised to the 5th rank of the higher civil service.	11
July 31, "	Raised to the junior grade of the 6th class Court rank.	
Sept. 7, "	Awarded with the 6th class Order of the Sacred Treasure and ¥500 for his services in the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace with Germany and in the TAI-Incident in 1915-20 years.  SHO 4 - 9 year's incident.	
11	Awarded to the 6th rank of the Order of the Sacred Treasure.	Decoration Board.
July 1st, "	Awarded with the 2nd class salary.	Foreign Office
Aug. 23, 1921 TAISHO 10	Appointed secretary of legation.	
n	Raised to the 5th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
11	Awarded with the 2nd class salary	

Dec. 26, 1921 Awarded with the 1st class salary. Foreign Office TAISHO 10 Dec. 27, 1922 Appointed 2nd class secretary of TAISHO 11 legation. Cabinet Raised to the 4th rank of the higher civil service. Foreign Office Awarded with the 2nd class salary. Ordered to hold office in Czechoslovakia. Jan. 30, 1923 Raised to the senior grade of the 6th TAISHO 12 class Court rank. June 30, 1924 Awarded with the 1st class salary. TAISHO 13 Nov. 24, 1921 Relieved of his post as member of the Cabinet TAISHO 10 Committee to put the Peace Treaty in effect. Not published in the Gazette. Mar. 24, 1925 Appointed consul-general. TAISHO 14 Raised to the 3rd rank of the higher civil service. Ordered to hold office in Kwantung. Foreign Office Mar. 24, 1925 Raised to the junior grade of the 5th class Court rank. TAISHO 14 Mar. 27, " Discharged of his post at his own request. Cabinet Raised to 5th class Court rank as an act of Apr. 15, grace from the Throne. Decorated with the 5th class Order of the May 25, Sacred Treasure. Cabinet Nov. 20, 1945 Appointed councillor the Central Liaison Office. SHOWA 20

NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE RECORD (March 6, 1947) (DEFENSE - TAMURA-Direct)

TAMURA, KOSAKU

Page \* The witness stated he was born in 1887, 17872 and attended the Higher Commercial School of Yamaguchi Prefecture. He was in the Foreign Office from 1,08 to 1925, and was stationed in China, \* Britain, and 17873 in other European countries. He specialized in the diplomatic history of China and wrote three books on that subject, receiving the Doctor of Laws from Tokyo Imperial in 1908. \* While he did not study in any 17874 particular school abroad, he had been stationed in many embassies, legations, and consulates. In China he was Vice-Consul in Antung and Mukdan. In Britain he was secretary of the Embassy. In Czecho-slovakia he was in charge of the legation for a long time. He had published a book in the English

language called "The Genesis of the Pacific War", and the foreign policy of Japan was his particular field of study. \* The witness stated that the first 17877 reaction to Japan's military success in the war with Russia appeared in 1905 with the persecution of Japanese in California. The matter was quickly settled due to speedy adequate measures taken by President Roosevelt. The Japanese in appreciation decided to take two steps. The first was the Gentleman's Agreement whereby Japan voluntarily restricted the immigration of the number of laborers going to America. \* The second measure was that the 17879 Japanese sent the emigrants to Korea and Manchuria instead of to America. There is close relation between Japan going to Asia and the problem of immigration to the United States.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION by Mr. Comyns Carr.

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### DIRECT EXAMINATION of TAKAMARO INOUE, by Mr. Roberts, Counsel for OKA.

The witness stated he had no profession. 17890 He was joing research work on the constitutional history of Japan. He graduated in 1917 from the Law College of Tokyo Imperial. He then entered the graduate institute and continued his study of the constitution and administrative law, becoming later an assistant in the university. \* He thereafter 17891 became a professor at Hosei University. In 1926 he was ordered to do research work in Europe and America and to study their constitutions. In 1928 he was appointed professor on constitution at Taihoku Imperial University, remaining there until the end of 1935. In January, 1936, he became a research worker in the National Spiritual Cultural Research Institute, the name of which was later changed to the Institute for Research in Culture and Education. He retired in July, 1944, but has continued his study of constitute had law. \* The direct object of his study 17892 was the constitution. However, this constitution was not a revolutionary one formed by a complete breakage with the old traditions. It has put into writing unwritten laws which have existed from the best ling.

> To study the constitution he had to study the unwritten laws, which had been the unwritten constitution, and he had to study the old customs and traditions of the empire. He conducted a comparative analysis of the constitution of Europe, America, and Ching. He did this because the Japanese constitution besides being the unwritten laws of the past, embodi d many of the good coints of the modern democracies.