Annexed paper

TOTAL ALLOTMENT BY PREFECTURES
FOR COAL MINERS

(Unit: Kilogram)

	Prefecture	Quantity allotted
H	Hokkaido	34,047
Tohoku	Fukushima	48,234
Kanto	Ibaragi	9,144
Tohoku	Niigata	449
I	Yamaguchi	29,243
	Fukuoka	227,129
	Saga	11,864
	Nagasaki	31,856
	Kumamoto	279
	Total	392,245

FOR ARMY CIV AFF SECT

APO-343

Sent out 24 Oct '49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

RMS/RAR/sh
5 October 1949

430(5 Oct 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 133

File Oct. Balances

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Sugar

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 148-49 dated 26 September 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 150-49 dated 30 September 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

c. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 151-49 dated 27 September 1949 subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

d. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection if offered to the release of 28,038,245 metric tons of imported sugar of which 25,220 metric tons will be distributed at the rate of 300 grams per capita to the entire Japanese population as the October sugar ration--this includes 150 grams per capita due in September and 150 grams per capita due in October, 392.245 metric tons will be distributed as special incentive goods to coal miners for their excess production during April, May and June 1949. 25.5 metric tons will be distributed to nursery institutions at the rate of 1.5 grams per capita for 25 days each for October, November and December 1949. 540 metric tons will be distributed for the school lunch program at the rate of 1.5 grams per capita for 20 days each in October and November and 18 days in December 1949. 1,700 metric tons will be distributed at the rate of 300 grams per nursling under 12 months old during October and November 1949. 155 metric tons will be distributed to hospital patients at the rate of 300 grams per capita per month during October, November and December 1949. The balance, 5.5 metric tons, will be sold to the Clifford Wilkinson Tansan Mineral Water Co. LTD, Hyogo prefecture, for the production of export commodities. The Public Health and Welfare Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will lend guidance in the utilization of food released to these programs under their supervision. The 28,038,245 metric tons will be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memorandum referenced in paragraphs 1a, 1b, and 1c above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1d above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

H. R. SMITH
Acting Chief,
Price and Distribution Division

Outline of Linked Goods Program for Coal Miners
in JFY 1949 (draft)

May 24 1949
E.S.B.

Regarding the coal production for 1949 it has been decided, in order to step up the achievement of self-support of Japanese economy, to attain the planned output of 42,000,000 tons and to accentuate the production especially at good coal mines (to which production quotas are assigned). Accordingly diffirent distrubution of commodities for coal mine workers shall be made between good coal mines and others (to which production quotas are not assigned). As for the former, besides proper standard according to working degree of individual workers shall be set up, overproduction reward shall be given to those coal mines which havd produced over the respective goal for each quarter. While as for the latter, distribution of the same amount as to the workers in key industries other than coal mining shall be made.

The following is the outline of its operation.

I. Good coal mines:

(1)

a. Those who are entitled to receive the distribution goods shall be limited to coal mine workers and the distribution of those goods shall be make according to the types of mine workers as follows:

Class	Types
A	Direct underground workers such as diggers, drivers, packing and repair workers.
B	Indirect underground workers and fulltime underground field cleaks.
C	Surface workers directly connected with coal production (excluding brain and desk workers and workers engaged in welfare facilities, etc.)

b. Each mine shall categorize the coal mine workers by above classification.

c. Each mine must obtain the approval of the Chief of the Coal Bureau to make decision and modification of the classification referred to above.

(2) General Distribution:

Distribution of each commodity shall be make by the following standard, and working day system shall be applied to the working articles while monthly rationing system to the luxury goods.

Both of working articles and luxury goods, however, shall not be distributed to those workers whose working days were less than 20 days for A class, 23 days for B class and 25 days for C class.

Holidays caused by injury incurred in line of duty, paid holidays, menstruation holidays, and holidays before and after childbirth shall be counted as working days.

a. Working articles.

Commodities	Unit	A class	B class	C class
Work clothes (incl. Knitted shirts)	1 pcs.	66 days	96 days	156 days
Cotton cloth	0.5 tan	132 "	144 "	312 "
Gloves	1 pr.	44 "	96 "	156 "
Towel	1 pc.	72 "	144 "	312 "
Jikatabi	1 pr.	33 "	57 "	110 "
Soap	1 pc.	6.5"	12 "	26 "

Note: Holidays referred to in the preceding paragraph shall not be included in these figures in this table.

b. Luxury goods.

Item	Unit	A class	B class	C class
Tobacco	per capita per month	40 pcs.	30 pcs.	30 pcs.
Sake	ditto	14 go	10 go	6 go
Edible oil	ditto	70 grs.	50 grs.	35 grs.
Candy	ditto	280 grs.	210 grs.	140 grs.

Note: 1. Tobacco and sake are distributed only to the male adult.
2. As for candy, priority is given to men under age and female workers.

The distribution committee may classify the workers of one class as they deem proper according to their working degrees and distribute the linked goods accordingly within the limit of the allocation. However, the shift of allocation from one class to other classes is prohibited.

In order to conform to the special circumstances, each coal mine shall, with the decision made by the distribution committee of the mine and the approval of the Chief of the Coal Bureau, shift the amount of jikatabi and gloves within the limits of the quantities to be allocated to the workers in one class to those in other class in accordance with the following standard and decides the allocation standard for each class of workers.

	Shift standard
Jikatabi	10%
Gloves	20%

In addition to those stated above, socks, rubber boots, etc. shall be distributed to each mine in a lump, and they shall be distributed to workers by the distribution committee after the approval of the Chief of the Coal Bureau.

3. Over-production Reward:

In addition to those commodities mentioned in 2 above, the following goods shall be distributed to such coal mines as meeting or exceeding quarterly production quota thereof, providing that A class workers have to work 60 days or more a quarter, B class workers 69 days or more and C class workers 75 days or more.

The allocation standard and detailed distribution procedure of the over-production reward program shall be decided quarterly.

The following are the items, quantities and distribution standard for the 1st and 2nd quarter of 1949.

(1) Item and quantities.

a. U.S. clother.

Trousers	84,000	pcs.
Shirts	46,000	"
Jackets	42,000	"
Sweaters	8,000	"
Coat	24,000	"
Socks	136,000	prs.
Undershirts	116,000	pcs.
Underwear	96,000	"
Gloves	148,000	prs.

b. Sugar 900,000 kg.

(2) Allocation Standard:

a. U.S. clothes	100%	quota 105%	110%
Mines producing 90,000 tons a quarter or more	2 pcs.	3 pcs.	4 pcs.
Mines producing 30,000 tons or more	1.5 pcs.	2 pcs.	3 pcs.
Mines producing 15,000 tons or more	1 pc.	1.5 pcs.	2 pcs.
Mines producing less than 15,000 tons	--	1 pcs.	1.5 pcs.

b. Sugar

	quota 100%	105%	110%
Mines producing 90,000 tons a quarter or more	2 kg.	3 kg.	4 kg.
Mines producing 30,000 tons or more	1.5 kg.	2 kg.	3 kg.
Mines producing 15,000 tons or more	1 kg.	1.5 kg.	2 kg.
Mines producing less than 15,000 tons	0.5 kg.	1 kg.	1.5 kg.

Distribution of U.S. clothes will be made as follows: by distribution committee

Each elisible worker will receive one piece with A class workers having the first choice, B class workers the second and C class workers the third. For the goods left over the process will be repeated. For sugar the ration are: A class 3, B class 2, C class 1.

(4) Working days.

A working day means a day of full regular working hours set for each mine. However, in case a coal miner has reported a partially worker day as fully worked day, or if actual coal production drops below quota because of drop in worker's efficiency or attendance, excluding acts of God, the Director General of the Natural Resources Agency the Chief of Coal Bureau may cut down a part or the whole of the working days of the said miner or of the miners belonging to the said pit or the miners belonging to the said mine, and reduce the allocation of commodities accordingly.

The Director General of the Natural Resources Agency or the Chief of the Coal Bureau shall decide the reduction in types and amount of goods in accordance with the preceding paragraph.

The Chief of the Coal Bureau shall report without delay to the Director General of the Natural Resources Agency and the latter, to the Director General of the Economic Stabilization Board respectively on the measures taken and the reason thereof in connection with the preceding paragraph.

The Chief of Coal Team when he found any one of the facts referred to in the preceding paragraph after investigation at mine may recommend to the Director General of the Natural Resources Agency and the Chief of Coal Bureau the measures to cut down a part of the whole of the working days and reduce the allocation of commodities.

Underground workers engaged in high temperature pits at Joban mines (Yumoto, Kashiwa, Iwasaki and Uchinogo) Miike mines (Yoetsuyama)and Takashima mines (Hashima) may enjoy 2 days permounth or 6 days per quarter reduction of their working days provided by the preceding paragraph.

II. Other coal mines:

Following commodities will be distributed by following standards as shown in the following table to the workers at the other coal mines as in case of the good coal mines.

Distribution Committee is to distribute the commodities allocated to the coal mine within the limit of allocated quantities to the workers calssified as in case of good coal mines with moderate difference among the three classes of workers

Working articles		: Luxury goods	
Commodities	Basic quantity per:	Commodities	Basic quantity per capita per month
Work clother	2 pcs.	Tobacco	30 pcs.
Towel	1 pcs.	Sake	6 go.
Gloves	3 prs.	Edible oil	35 grs.
Jikatabi	4 prs.	Candy	140 grs.
Soap	12 pcs.		

III, Distribution Committee.

In order to effectuate just and smooth distribution of the linked goods for coal mine workers each coal mine shall establish a distribution committee which is composed of representatives of A, B and C class workers with the ratio of 8:3:2:2:

IV. Allocation program for the first half of 1949.

See the attached paper.

V. Submission of the operational plan and the report on situation there of.

(1) The central distributing offices specified in this outline shall draw up the operational plansfor each quarter on the basis of the data submitted by Natural Resources Agency, and submit them to ESB fro approved not later than 40 days prior to the quarter concerned.

(2) Coal Board and the central distributing offices shall report the monthly situation to ESB by the 10 th of the following month.

Attached Table

Basic allocation program of commodities for coal mine workers for the first half of 1949.

Working articles

Commodities	Unit	Quantity
Work cloth	1pc.	658,000
Knitted shirt	"	82,250
Cotton cloth	tan	197,400
Towel	1pc.	240,000
Gloves	1pr.	940,000
Socks	"	164,500
Jikatabi	"	1,244,000
Soap	1pc.	6,612,430
Shoes or boots	1pr.	110,000

Luxury articles

Commodities	Unit	Quantity
Sake	koku	24,303
Tobacco	1,000 pcs.	87,000
Edible oil	kg.	160,000
Candy	"	742,500

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/EFS/GD/alk
14 October 1949

433(14 Oct 49)ESS/PD
FDF 132

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Rye Seed

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 153-49, dated 4 October 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Rye.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 1,000 kilograms of imported rye seeds in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/HFS/GD/alk
14 October 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Natural Resources Section requested the importation of rye seed in order to increase the production of indigenous food.

2. This action releases 1,000 kilograms of imported rye seed. The seed will be distributed in Hokkaido and the Tohoku district in accordance with the plan as submitted by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrences: NRS/Ag, Mr. J. Boulware

FLW

G. Dolgin, 57-8393

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

M. A. F. No. 153 - '49 October 4, 1949.

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Rye

The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 1,000 Kilograms of the imported rye for distribution according to the plan set forth in the annexed paper.

It may be added that the said rye will be entrusted with farmers for seed-raising in order to increase rye seeds for food production.

FOR THE MINISTER:

S. Katayanagi

S. Katayanagi
Administrative Vice-Minister
of Agriculture and Forestry.

Offical in charge
J. Takeuchi
Agr. Products Sec.
Agr. Administration
Bureau.

Table for Allocation of Imported Edible
Rye Seeds

		Seed Distribution plan (Unit: Kg.)
Total number		1000 ~~979~~
Hokkaido		243.5
Tohoku District	Aomori	133.5
	Iwate	178.0
	Miyagi	178.0
	Akita	44.5
	Yamagata	44.5
	Fukushima	178.0

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

430(26 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PMF - 131

KFS/GD/ge
26 September 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Food for Distribution in October 1949

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 147-'49, dated 24 September 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in October 1949.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 78,184 metric tons (brown rice equivalents) of imported cereals and 72,350 metric tons of indigenous rice stored in substitution for imported food previously released. The distribution of the imported food and substitute rice will be in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

H. F. Smith

H. F. SMITH
Acting Chief,
Price and Distribution Division

8th ARMY CIV AFF SECT
APO-343
typed
30 Sept '49
Lieut Ant
1 Oct 49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

430(26Sept 49)ESS/PD
PDF- 131

26 September 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Food for Distribution in October 1949

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

File Ant Release

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 147-'49, dated 24 September 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in October 1949.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 78,184 metric tons (brown rice equivalents) of imported cereals and 72,350 metric tons of indigenous rice stored in substitution for imported food previously released. The distribution ofthe imported food and substitute rice will be in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

H Smith
H. F. SMITH
Acting Chief,
Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

HFS/GD/alk
26 August 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Memorandum for Chief of Staff, dated 25 April 1949, subject: Release of Imported Food during Period 1 May - 31 October 1949, requested approval of an imported food release plan for May - October 1949 period. Approval was granted by the Chief of Staff on 26 April 1949.

2. This action releases 78,184 metric tons of imported cereals (brown rice equivalent) and 72,350 tons of substitute indigenous rice for distribution during the month of October 1949. The imported food represents 11.4% of the October staple food requirements of 687,015 metric tons. The indigenous rice is rice stored in substitution for imported food previously released.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: None required.
Obtained for Chief of Staff memorandum referred to in paragraph 1 above.

G. Dolgin, 57-6393

HFS

To : General Headquatters of the Supreme Commender for the Allied Powers.

From: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

Subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in October 1949

MAF No. 147 - '49

Date 24 Sept. 1949

1. The Japanese Goverment wishes to request the immediate release of the following imported foods totalling 76,184 metric tons (inclusive of Siamese rice) in brown rice equivalent (75,177 metric tons in polished rice equivalent) and the "Substitute Rice" totalling 72,350 metric tons in brown rice equivalent for distribution in October 1949.

2. The imported foods and the substitute rice under request for release in the preceding paragraph shall be distributed as a part of the standard staple food ration for the normal consumers and partial self-suppliers and of the supplementary rations for the essential workers through the normal channels in accordance with the following plan by prefecture.

Prefecture	Cereals (P.R.E.) M/T	Subetitute Rice (B.R.E.) M/T
Aomori	-	1,200
Miyagi	-	2,000
Fukushima	-	1,500
Ibaraki	-	1,500
Gunma	-	750
Saitama	-	1,500
T Tokyo	9,616	6,000
K (Kanagawa	5,769	2,000
X (Yamanashi	1,442	800
] (Gifu	962	1,000
S (Shiguoka	9,616	3,000
Aichi	7,692	3,500
7 (Mie	481	-
1X	1,442	

UNITS PHONED
ICORPS 30 Sep
IXCORPS 30 Sep
TOKYO 30 Sep
KANAGAWA 30 Sep
SHIZUOKA 30 Sep

Shiga	-	1,000
Kyoto	4,808	1,000
Osaka	7,692	2,000
Hygo	7,692	2,500
Nara	-	1,000
Wakayama	1,442	-
Tottori	-	1,200
Shimane	-	1,000
Okayama	-	3,000
Hiroshima	2,404	3,300
Yamaguchi	962	2,700
Tokushima	300	-
Kagawa	442	1,500
Ehime	300	1,500
Kochi	1,442	-
Fukuoka	6,731	13,000
Saga	-	1,200
Nagasaki	3,846	1,900
Kumamto	-	2,200
Oita	-	2,500
Miyazaki	1,538	2,100
Kagoshima	-	3,000
Total	75,177	72,350
B.R.E.	78,184	72,350

IO 43.734

IO ~~57,700~~ 52.100

For the Minister

S. Katayanagi.
Shinkichi Katayanagi

Vice- Minister of Agriculture
and Forestry.

Distribution Plan in October 1949

Unit: M/T (B.R.E.)

22 Sept. 1949
F.A.

			Sustainable day	% for Demand
(1)	Imported Foods	M.T.(B.R.E.)		
	Cereals	78,184	3.5	11.4
(2)	Substitute Rice	72,350	3.3	10.5
(3)	Indigenous Foods			
	Rice	275,998	12.5	40.2
	Wheat & Barley	142,053	6.4	20.7
	Sweet Potatoes	118,430	5.3	17.2
	Total	687,015	31.0	100.0

→ See Augusd file 105 PDF (Return Copy)

No. & Date	Item	Quantity	Purpose
PDF - 105	~~Imported Cereals Substitute Rice~~	~~200,000 M/T 268,900 "~~	~~Distribution beginning as of 1 August 1949.~~
	Imported Cereals Substitute Rice	200,000 " 210,050 "	Distribution beginning as of 1 September 1949.
PDF - 125	Imported gram	633.51 "	To be processed into powdered bean jam.
PDF - 126			
PDF - 127	Imported brown sugar	75.34 "	To be replaced by the same quantity of indigenous refined sugar, to be used in the manufacture of cigarettes during the period ending December 1949.
PDF - 129	Imported Skim Milk	560.3 "	To be distribution during September October November and December 1949.
PDF - 124	Imported Sugar	201.63 "	For the School Lunch Program. (Distributed during September to teacher and school children)
PDF - 128	Imported wheat "heat bran	1,370 " 315.1 "	Processed into monosodium glutamate etc.
PDF - 130	Imported Corn	4,029.2 "	For feed.

207,185.08 M/T.

Bring Typed
+ Oct 49
Sent out
+ Oct '49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

433(22 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 130

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
22 September 1949

File

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Corn for Feed

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

Sept Release

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 136- '49, dated 20 September 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Corn.

b Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 4,029.2 metric tons of corn of which 4,014.12 will be distributed as feed for breeding chickens throughout Japan and 15 metric tons for National Livestock chicken breeding stations for the 2nd quarter of Fiscal Year 1950 in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

H B Smith
for

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

Yoshiji Iwatsume
Fukushima
corn

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division
Food Branch

MEMO FOR RECORD:

FLN/HFS/BSA/ge
22 Sept 1949

1. To increase indigenous milk production, corn and soy bean cake were imported into Japan as feed for dairy cattle. However, in certain areas of Japan, notably Hokkaido where, during the summer months, indigenous feed is less scarce than in other areas of Japan, about 4000 metric tons of corn planned for this area has met with farmer resistance. The comparatively favorable price of soy bean cake (¥964.34 for 60 kgs.) as compared with that of corn (¥1611.5 per 60 kgs.) plus the present money shortages of farmers has made it impossible to dispose of this surplus quantity of corn for dairy cows in other areas of Japan. On the other hand, chicken breeders have been pressing for additional quantities of chicken feed, corn in particular. The number of chickens in Japan since the war has decreased sharply as the result of a shortage of feed:

1931 - 40 average	50,497,000
1946	15,369,000
1948	17,401,000
1949	16,355,000
1950 (Est. as of Feb. 1st)	23,880,000

PH&W has emphasized strongly the animal protein deficiency in the Japanese diet, particularly marked in rural areas. Since eggs and chickens are both valuable sources of animal protein it is considered desirable to release corn for breeding chickens not only to increase the number of chickens in Japan, but to develop another permanent import market for corn which is likely to be in abundant and cheap supply in the U. S. for a considerable period of time.

2. This action releases 4,029.2 metric tons of imported corn of which all but 15 metric tons will be distributed as feed for breeding chickens during the 2nd quarter of FY 1950. The remaining 15 metric tons will be allocated to National Livestock Breeding Stations as feed for breeding chickens.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)NSS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: MRS, RR Ritchie

B. S. Appleton, 57-8395

FLN_____

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

Copy

M.A.F. No.I36 '49 September 20,1949

TO : General Headquarters, Supreme Commander For The Allied Powers

Subject: Request for Release of Imported Corn

The Japanese Government hereby wishes to request an immadiate release of 4,029.2 metric tons of imported corn.

The above amount of corn will be distributed in accordance with the following plan:

I. For breeding chicken:

4,014.2 metric tons of the corn is to be alloted for breeders of breeding chicken through out the country 9(excluding of Hokkaido) as pre delivery of feed quotas for the 3rd quarter.

Allocation to each prefecture is stated in the Annexed Table No. I.

2. For breeding chicken of the National Livestock Breeding Station:

I5 metric tons of the corn is to be distributed to the above station.

Allocation to each staton is stated in the Annexed table No. 2.

3. The above amount of corn will not be pulverized unless consumers desire so.

FOR THE MINISTER :

S. Katayanagi
Vice Minister of Agriculture and Forestry

Official In Charge
Niizawa
Feed Section
Live stock Bureau

Annexed Table No. I.

Allocation Plan of Corn for Breeders of Breeding Chicken.

Prefecture	Number of breeding chicken	Corn Allocation per chicken	Egg Production for chicken breeding	Corn allocation for Egg production	Total
Aomori	7,013	7.8	24,972	5.6	13.4
Iwate	13,383	14.9	74,915	16.9	31.8
Miyagi	32,831	36.6	262,203	59.0	95.6
Akita	4,289	4.8	12,486	2.8	7.6
Yamagata	14,373	16.0	162,316	36.5	52.5
Fukushima	21,866	24.4	187,288	42.2	66.6
Ibaraki	19,930	22.3	212,259	47.8	70.1
Tochigi	15,956	17.8	149,830	33.7	51.5
Gunma	46,955	52.5	399,547	89.9	142.4
Saitama	29,825	33.2	387,061	87.1	120.3
Chiba	34,011	37.9	387,061	87.1	125.0
Tokyo	22,533	25.2	274,689	61.8	87.0
Kanagawa	16,348	18.3	87,401	19.7	38.0
Niigata	48,620	54.2	786,608	177.0	231.2
Toyama	6,490	7.2	149,830	33.7	40.9
Ishikawa	3,725	4.1	174,802	39.3	43.4
Fukui	8,175	9.0	87,401	19.7	28.7
Yamanashi	11,615	12.9	124,858	28.1	41.0
Nagano	60,438	67.4	736,665	165.8	233.2
Gifu	64,354	71.8	761,637	171.4	243.2
Shizuoka	61,177	68.3	861,523	193.9	262.2
Aichi	115,076	128.3	1,273,556	286.6	414.9
Mie	44,828	50.0	561,863	126.5	176.5
Shiga	10,478	11.7	49,943	11.2	22.9
Kyoto	15,600	17.5	149,830	33.7	51.2
Osaka	31,818	35.5	399,547	89.9	125.4
Hogo	26,210	29.3	249,717	56.2	85.5
Nara	8,084	9.0	37,458	8.4	17.4
Wakayama	4,485	4.9	37,458	8.4	13.3
Tottori	8,690	9.8	212,259	47.8	57.6
Shimane	13,609	15.3	174,802	39.3	54.6
Okayama	36,649	40.9	749,152	168.6	209.5
Hiroshima	25,381	28.3	324,632	73.1	101.4
Yamaguchi	19,808	22.2	237,232	53.4	75.6
Tokushima	9,543	10.7	124,858	28.1	38.8
Kagawa	34,769	38.9	399,547	89.9	128.8
Ehime	24,375	27.2	262,203	59.0	86.2
Kochi	11,040	12.4	74,915	16.9	29.3
Fukuoka	35,960	40.1	224,745	50.6	90.7
Saga	8,035	8.9	49,943	11.2	20.1
Nagasaki	4,337	4.8	124,858	28.1	32.9
Kumamoto	23,300	26.0	137,344	30.9	56.9
Oita	10,431	11.7	174,802	39.3	51.0
Miyazaki	8,700	9.9	87,402	19.7	29.6
Kagoshima	3,884	4.3	62,429	14.2	18.5
Total	1,078,988	1,204.2	12,485,847	2,810.0	4,014.2

Note: 12.4 grs. per head per day.
225.1 grs. per egg.

Annexed Table No. 2.

Allocation Plan of Corn for National Livestock Breeding Stations

(Unit : M.T.)

Name	Location	Allocation amount
Aomori Livestock Breeding Station	Aomori	5
Omiya " " "	Saitama	4
Hyogo " " "	Hyogo	3
Kumamoto " " "	Kumamoto	3
Total		15

8th Army Civ Aff Sect APO-343

Sent checking 22 Sept '49
Sent Typed 22 Sept '49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HRS/BSA/ge

15 September 1949

Sent Out 26 Sept '49

434(15 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 129

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Skim Milk Powder for Nursery Schools

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

File Sept Releases

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 142 - '49, dated 9 September 1949, subject: Request for Distribution of Imported Skim Powder Milk.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) NSS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 560.3 metric tons of skim milk to be distributed during September, October, November and December 1949 to 224,096 infants in 2,422 nursery schools 100 times at the rate of 25 grams per capita per feeding in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

PDF-129

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLM/HFS/RSA/ge
15 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Skim milk imports have been planned for the school lunch program, nursery school program and for pre-school age children's supplementary feed program. This release is within the planned program.

2. This action releases 560.3 metric tons of imported dry skim milk to be distributed from September thru December 1949 to 2,422 nursery schools caring for 224,096 infants. The skim milk will be rationed once a day one hundred times at the rate of 25.0 grams per capita per feeding. PHAW is responsible for the proper utilization and distribution of this skim milk.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.705(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 15 Aug 46, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: PHAW, Nelson Neff

B. S. Appleton 57-8395

FLM

Sept. 9, 1949

F.A.F. No. 142-149

Powdered skim-milk distribution plan for nurseries:

1. Kind and quantity:

560.3 tons of imported powdered skim-milk

2. Time of distribution:

From September to December

3. Distribution standard:

25 grams per capita per day during 100 days for all nurseries throughtout the nation.

4. Price:

Official price.

5. Distribution quantities by prefectures:

As per annexed list.

6. Method of distribution:

Distribution will be conducted by the method to be fixed by each prefectural governor based on the standard of the foregoing item 3.

7. Distribution agencies:

Milk Products Division of Grocery Distribution Kodan.

Powdered skim-milk to be distributed to nurseries during the period from September to December.

Prefecture	Nuber of nurseries	Nuber of infants	Quantity to be distributed (Kilogram)
Hokkaido	46	4,228	10,600
Aomori	18	1,446	3,620
Iwate	30	2,260	5,650
Miyagi	29	2,822	7,060
Akita	20	2,120	5,300
Yamagata	24	3,314	2,290
Fukushima	32	3,285	8,210
Ibaragi	18	1,288	3,220
Tochigi	5	632	1,580
Gunma	31	3,408	8,520
Saitama	20	2,249	5,610
Chiba	46	4,245	10,610
Tokyo	125	11,190	27,980
Kanagawa	86	8,634	21,590
Niigata	101	9,016	22,540
Toyama	39	6,608	16,520
Ishikawa	59	4,690	11,730
Fukui	28	2,419	16,050
Yamanashi	22	2,303	5,760
Nagano	68	7,113	17,780
Gif	64	7,236	18,090
Shizuoka	58	6,753	16,880
Aichi	164	16,741	41,850
Mie	36	2,393	5,980
Shiga	4	269	670
Kyoto	88	7,092	17,730
Osaka	102	6,504	16,260
Hyogo	128	9,687	24,220
Nara	36	2,586	6,470
Wakayama	23	1,901	4,750
Tottori	18	1,720	4,300
Shimane	52	3,955	9,890
Okayama	86	8,298	20,710
Hiroshima	103	9,924	24,810
Yamaguchi	113	9,927	24,820
Tokushima	34	2,454	6,140
Kagawa	32	3,355	8,390
Ehime	60	6,666	16,670
Kochi	54	5,445	13,610
Fukuoka	168	15,240	38,100
Saga	21	2,258	5,650
Nagasaki	28	2,133	5,330
Kumamoto	22	1,902	4,750
Oita	28	1,784	4,460
Miyazaki	13	1,133	2,830
Kagoshima	40	3,460	8,650
Total	2,422	224,096	560,300

8th Army, Civ Aff Sect APO-343

Transmitting 22 Sept '49
Basic Input 4 Oct '49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge

15 September 1949

Sent Amt 5 Oct '49

433(15 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 128

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Wheat for Processing

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

File Sept Release

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 141 - '49, dated 31 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Wheat for Industrial Use.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

PDF-128

2. No objection is offered to the release of 1,370 metric tons of unhulled wheat to be milled at the rate of 75 per cent into 1,027 metric tons of flour and 315.1 metric tons of wheat bran (shobaku). The flour will be processed into about 22.61 metric tons of monosodium glutamate for export, 595.95 of starch for textiles and 369.72 metric tons of 2.0 N content amino acid (by-product of mono sodium glutamate) in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division
Food Branch

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
16 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. The export of mono sodium glutamate is a valuable source of foreign exchange. Imports of wheat have been scheduled by ESS/FT for its production. The wheat is purchased with commercial funds.

2. This action releases 1,370 metric tons of unhulled wheat to be milled at the rate of 75 per cent into 1,027 metric tons of flour and 315.1 metric tons of wheat bran (shobaku). The wheat bran will be allocated for the processing of shoyu sauce, the flour will be processed into about 22.605 metric tons of mono sodium glutamate and its by-product, 362.72 metric tons of 2.0 N content amino acid and 595.95 M/Ts of starch to be used in the manufacture of textiles.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: ESS/IED, S. Oglesby

B. S. Appleton 57-8395

FLW

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

29 July 1948

423(29 Jul 48)ESS/PD
PDD 5

SUBJECT: Distribution of American Duck to Japanese Manufacturers of Jikatabi

TO: Economic Stabilization Board, Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

1. The Economic Stabilization Board is authorized to release 150,690 yards of United States Army surplus duck cloth, which is in the custody of the Seni Boeki Kodan, to manufacturers of jikatabi.

2. This cloth will be distributed to the factories specified in the allocation plans submitted by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry and the Economic Stabilization Board.

3. This material will be sold to the manufacturers at the official prices set by the Price Board and no import duty or commodity tax will be levied.

4. Manufacturers will be required to deliver to registered wholesalers all the jikatabi made from this material at the official prices set by the Price Board. The Economic Stabilization Board will require all handlers of these goods to keep accurate records of all the material received and on the distribution of all articles manufactured from this material. All necessary action will be taken to assure that these articles are distributed to the wholesalers through official channels and do not appear in illegal or unofficial sales.

5. The jikatabi manufactured from this cloth are to be distributed only through incentive goods programs approved by the Economic and Scientific Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

6. The Economic Stabilization Board will submit a report on the distribution of this material as soon as feasible. Monthly reports on the items manufactured will be made until the entire lot of material is exhausted and the products are delivered to eligible wholesalers.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Harry F. Alber

HARRY F. ALBER
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

Incl. 1

Allocation of Imported Wheat to factories, PDF-128.

(Unit: M/T)

Prefecture	Name of factories	Allocation
Kanagawa	Ajinomoto K.K.	850
Gifu	Toyo Syokuhin K.K.	17
Osaka	Ishikawaya Chomiryo Seizosho	8
"	Osaka Shokuryo Kogyo K.K.	11.5
Hyogo	Chugoku Chomiryo K.K.	2
Hiroshima	Suzuki Kagaku Kogyo K.K.	64
Kagawa	Ishikawaya Chomiryo Seizosho (Shikoku Plant)	13
Miyazaki	Asahi Kasei Kogyo K.K.	62
		1,027.5

Allocation of Imported Unholling Wheat to Milling Factories, PDF-128.

(Units: Metric Tons)

Name and Address	Allocation	Wheat flour	Shobaku
Matsuda Seifun K.K. No. 19 Higashi-shiriike-mura, Osada-ku, Kobe-shi, Hyogo.	450	337.5	103.5
Shinko Seifun K.K. No. 52, 1-chome, Higashi-[illegible] Kawasaki-machi, Ikuta-ku, Kobe-shi, Hyogo.	220	165.	50.6
Sub-total	670	502.5	154.1
Nisshin Seifun K.K. No.1, Okawa-cho, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa.	700	525.	161.
Total	1,370	1,027.5	315.1

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/EFS/ESA/ge

436(10 Sept 49)ESS/PD
FLW - 127

10 September 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Sugar

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 137- '49, dated 30 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 75.34 metric tons of imported brown sugar, to be replaced by the same quantity of indigenous refined sugar, to be used in the manufacture of cigarettes during the period ending December 1949 in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/KFS/BSA/ge
10 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. For the Japanese FY 1949, 6 per cent of all tax revenue is planned to be collected from the sale of cigarettes. To insure sales sufficient to provide this revenue, a reasonably satisfactory cigarette must be produced. It is considered essential for a satisfactory cigarette that a small quantity of sugar be used in its manufacture.

2. This action releases 75.338 metric tons of imported brown sugar to be used in the manufacture of cigarettes through the period ending December 1949. Imported brown sugar has been requested as it is not necessary to use the higher priced domestic white sugar. The quantity of imported sugar released will be replaced by indigenous refined sugar.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46) ESS/PD, dated 16 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

B. S. Appleton, 57-3395

FLW_____

PDF-127

2

ALLOCATION OF SUGAR FOR TOBACCO MANUFACTURING
For 2nd and 3rd Quarter of 1949

Prefectures	Applicant	Location	Quantity (Unit kg) of imported brown sugar.
Miyagi	Japan Tobacco Monopoly Public Corporation Sendai Bureau	Orizawa Odawara Haranomachi Sendai City	4,200
Tokyo	" " Tokyo Bureau	Higashi Shinagawa Shinagawaku Tokyo	10,538
"	" " Adachi Factory	52 Senji Asahicho Adachiku Tokyo	11,700
Ibaraki	" " Mito Bureau	Ichinomachi Mito City	4,500
Aichi	" " Nagoya Bureau	Yadamachi Higashiku Nagoya City	4,800
Ishikawa	" " Kanazawa Bureau	Kawagishi Nagamachi Kanazawa City	2,400
Kyoto	" " Kyoto Factory	Omiya Matsubaradori Shimokyoku Kyoto City	17,700
Hiroshima	" " Hiroshima Bureau	2, 322 Minamicho Hiroshima City	9,600
Kagawa	" " Takamatsu Bureau	483 Asahicho Takamatsu City	2,100
Fukuoka	" " Fukuoka Bureau	680-1 Myoken Fukuoka City	4,800
Kagoshima	" " Kagoshima Bureau	35 Kamiaratacho Kagoshima City	3,000
Total			75,338

8th ARMY CIV AFF SECT
APO-343

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge

436(5 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PLF - 126

6 September 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Molasses for Processing Yeast

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 138 -'49, dated 27 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Molasses as Raw Material of Yeast.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 1,240 metric tons of molasses to be processed at the standard rate of 1,100 pounds of yeast per metric ton of molasses having a 50 per cent sugar content in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLW/KFS/BSA/go
5 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. The importation of wheat has made necessary large scale baking of bread which in turn requires yeast. It is considered more economical to import molasses and produce the yeast in Japan than to import yeast.

2. This action releases 1240 metric tons of molasses to be processed at the standard rate of 1,100 pounds of yeast per metric ton of molasses of a 50% sugar content. The yield of yeast is lower where the sugar content of molasses falls below 50 per cent (the converse is also true). The present release of 1,240 metric tons of molasses will produce 1,364,000 pounds of yeast if the average sugar content of the molasses is 50 per cent.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: ESS/Ind, Mr. Bonney

B. S. Appleton, 57-5395

FLW

九月八日附 P.D.F. 一二六号にて放出許可されたる輸入糖
一二四〇瓲の各工場別割当数量並にイーストの生産数

Allocation of imported molasses for Yeast production to factories, PDF-126

Molasses to be custody in

府縣名	割當数量	イースト生産数量	割當先
東京	一五〇瓲	一六五、〇〇〇封度	オリエンタル酵母工業K.K.
〃	二四〇〃	二六四、〇〇〇〃	三共株式會社 田
〃	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	わかもと製藥株式
千葉	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	日本醗酵化學K.K.
山梨	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	日本酵素工業株
新潟	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	中越酵母工業株
静岡	七〇〃	七七、〇〇〇〃	東洋釀造株式會
大阪	四〇〃	四四、〇〇〇〃	オリエンタル酵母工業K.K.
兵庫	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	鐘淵紡績K.K.
愛媛	一〇〇瓲	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	新居濱化學工業
福岡	二〇〇〃	二二〇、〇〇〇〃	日糖興業K.K.
〃	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	日本醗酵工業K.K.
熊本	五〇〃	五五、〇〇〇〃	日本酒類株式會
合計	一二四〇〃	一三六四、〇〇〇〃	

Allocation of imported molasses for Yeast production to factories, PDF-126

Yokohama Tsusumi

Fukuoka moji

OSAKA Kobe

Allocation

Yeast to be produced

Factories to be

食糧管

九月八日附 P.D.F. 一二六号にて放出許可されたる輸入糖蜜（イースト用）

一、二四〇瓲の各工場別割当数量並にイーストの生産数量

Allocation of imported molasses for Yeast production to factories, PDF-126

府縣名 Prefecture	割當数量 Allocation	イースト生産数量 Yeast to be produced	割當先 Factories to be allocated
東京 Tokyo	一五〇瓲	一六五、〇〇〇封度	オリエンタル酵母工業K.K. 東京工場
〃	二四〇〃	二六四、〇〇〇〃	三共株式會社 田無工場
〃	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	わかもと製藥株式會社
千葉 Chiba	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	日本醗酵化學K.K. 船橋工場
山梨 Yamanashi	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	日本酵素工業株式會社
新潟 Niigata	三〇〃	三三、〇〇〇〃	中越酵母工業株式會社
靜岡 Shizuoka	七〇〃	七七、〇〇〇〃	東洋釀造株式會社
大阪 Osaka	四〇〃	四四、〇〇〇〃	オリエンタル酵母工業K.K. 大阪工場
兵庫 Hyogo	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	鐘淵紡績K.K. 高砂工場
愛媛 Ehime	一〇〇瓲	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	新居濱化學工業株式會社
福岡 Fukuoka	二〇〇〃	二二〇、〇〇〇〃	日糖興業K.K. 門司工場
〃	一〇〇〃	一一〇、〇〇〇〃	日本醗酵工業K.K. 門司工場
熊本 Kumamoto	五〇〃	五五、〇〇〇〃	日本酒類株式會社 熊本工場
合計	一、二四〇〃	一、三六四、〇〇〇〃	

食糧管理局

TANASHI

洋紙回塗用紙

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BBA/ge

2 September 1949

432(2 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PDF -125

SUBJECT: Release of Burmese Gram

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 139-'49, dated 30 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Burmese Bean.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 633.51 metric tons of imported gram to be processed into 380.1 metric tons of powdered bean jam in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLN/HFS/BSA/ge
2 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Burmese gram requires highly specialized handling because of a natural cyanide content. Gram was imported as a staple food. However, it has been considered advisable since cases of poisoning have occured to discontinue its distribution as a staple food and to have this gram processed by manufacturers familiar with necessary methods for cyanide removal, under the supervision of PH&W.

2. This action releases 633.501 metric tons of gram to be processed at four plants under close supervision of PH&W into approximately 380.103 metric tons of powdered bean jam, ("An"). Distribution plans will be submitted by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry after PH&W has approved the processed food as safe for human consumption.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 15 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrences: ESS/Ind, Oglesby
PH&W, Col. Scothorn

B. S. Appleton, 57-6395

FLN

ALLOCATION OF RELEASED IMPORTED BURMESE GRAM, PDF - 125.

The released imported Burmese Gram is being stocked in warehouses in Kobe, Osaka and Wakayama.

Allocation of the Burmese Gram to be processed into Powdered Bean Jam, PDF - 125, is as follows:

Name and Address	Allocation (Unit: Metric Ton)	Bean Jam to be processed
Harima Shokuryo Kogyo K.K. No. 194, Eiga, Shikama-ku, Himeiji-shi. Hyogo-ken.	585.216	351.120
Miyako Seian Jyo No. 10, 2-chome, nishi, Shikano, Ikuno-ku Osaka-shi.	20.0	12.0
Eiwa Shokuhin Kogyo K.K. No. 44, 2-chome, Eiwa, Fuse-shi, Osaka.	16.6	9.96
Wakayama Kanzume K.K. No. 2687, Iwasa-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama. Wakayama.	11.694	7.020
Total	633.51	380.1

Temporarily, Powdered Bean Jam which will be processed from imported Burmese Gram is estimated it's output about 60% of allocation quantities, butoutput percentage may be changed by the result of experimental processing.

The distribution plan of Powdered Bean Jam to be processed from Burmese Gram will be decided after release of distribution issued.

From: Imported Foods Sec't, MAF on 13 Sept 1949

Annex to Directive No. (SCAPIN - 962), file AG 464.6 (17 May 46)ESS/IN GHQ, SCAP (17 May 1946), subject: "Production, Distribution, and Use of Fertilizers". (Cont'd)

V - Plants Approved for Conversion to Calcium Cyanamide.

Plant	Name

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

M.A.F. No. 139 - '49 August 30, 1949

TO : General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers

SUBJECT : Request for Release of Imported Burmese Bean

The Japanese Government wishes to request a release for distribution of 633,5 kilograms of the imported Burmese beans for the purpose of manufacturing powder bean jam in accordance with the plan as set forth in the annexed paper.

For the Ministrer

Official in charge

Imported Food Section,
Food Agency.

Annexed Paper

Imported Burmese Beans Processing Plan For
Powder Bean Jam Manufacturing Purpose.

1. Item and quantity:

Imported Burmese beans: 633,504.546 kilograms;

Itemized:

Stored at Hyogo Prefecture	585,213.800 kg.
Stored at Osaka Fu	36,598.751 kg.
Stored at Wakayama Prefecture	11,691.995 kg.

2. Period for processing:

During the period from September to October;

3. Plan for processing:

Name of processing plant	Location	Allotted quantity of raw materials	Proposed output of finished products
Harima Shokuryo K.K.	Himeji City, Hyogo Prefecture	585,213.800	351,128.280
Miyake Seiansho	Osaka City	20,000.000	12,000.000
Eiwa Shokujin Kogyo K.K.	Osaka City	16,598.751	9,959.251
Wakayama Kanzume K.K.	Wakayama City	11,691.995	7,015.197
Total		633,504.546	380,102.728

The selection of the processing plants as listed above was made upon recommendation of prefectural governors so as to avoid long distance transportation, of raw materials and to make it feasible to process in applant which is located near the place w where the beans are stored in view of the fact that these Burmese beans had previouly given rise to disastrous poisoning cases.

It may be added that the processing rate of the finished products has been estimated at 60 per cent and over-all computation was made on this basis.

4. Price: Pursuant the price as notified by the Price Agency;

5. Experiments to be conducted on finished products:

Competent prefectural or public sanitary experiments stations will conduct analytical experiment on the sample of finished products every time when these beans come to be processed. At the same time, a sample containing 100 cc. of finished product together with written results of analytical test as every time of processing will be submitted to P.H.W., GHQ, SCAP and the Ministry of welfare to determine as to whether it can meet sanitary requirements or not.

Note: The distribution of the finished goods is to be made upon permission of G.H.Q.

PLF-124

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge

436(2 Sept 49)ESS/PD
PLF - 124

2 September 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Sugar for the School Lunch Program

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 128-'49, dated 8 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46)ESS/PC dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 201.63 metric tons of imported sugar of which 193.41 metric tons will be distributed during September 1949 to 6,140,104 teachers and school children 21 times at the rate of 1.5 grams per capita and 8.22 metric tons will be distributed to 219,038 children at nursery schools 25 times during September at the rate of 1.5 grams per capita in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
2 September 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Imported sugar has been planned for the school lunch and nursery school programs. This release is within the planned quantities to be used for these purposes during the 1st quarter of FY 50.

2. This action releases a total of 201.63 metric tons of sugar for distribution during September 1949. Of this quantity, 193.41 metric tons will be distributed to 6,140,104 teachers and school children at the rate of 1.5 gram per capita at 21 school lunches. The balance, 8.22 metric tons will be used for 219,035 children at nursery schools to provide 1.5 grams sugar per capita 25 times during September. PH&W are responsible for the method by which this sugar is distributed and utilized.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)NSS/PD, dated 12 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: PH&W, M. Neff

B. S. Appleton, 57-8395

FLW

PDF-124

ALLOTMENT OF SUGAR FOR SCHOOL LUNCH

For 2nd Quarter of 1949

Unit: Kilogram

Prefectures	Capita Ration	Quantity Allotted	Remark
Hokkaido	267927	8440	Basis quantity allotted:
Aomori	73000	2300	
Iwate	73000	2300	1.5 gram daily per capita
Miyagi	110000	3465	
Akita	82614	2602	
Yamagata	96000	3024	Total Nos. of days:
Fukushima	106630	3359	
Ibaragi	147997	4662	21 days in September
Tochigi	157113	4949	
Gunma	142983	4504	
Saitama	157300	4955	Applicant are governors of prefectures
Chiba	156903	4942	
Tokyo	540000	17010	
Kanagawa	219242	6906	
Niigata	115539	3639	
Toyama	130000	4095	
Ishikawa	65000	2048	
Fukui	81000	2552	
Yamanashi	39989	1260	
Nagano	77291	2435	
Gifu	132300	4167	
Shizuoka	136765	4308	
Aichi	422519	13309	
Mie	125000	3938	
Shiga	97736	3079	
Kyoto	200917	6329	
Osaka	358000	11277	
Hyogo	220000	6930	
Nara	37307	1175	
Wakayama	80000	2520	
Tottori	40000	1260	
Shimane	40000	1260	
Okayama	125000	3938	
Hiroshima	155000	4883	
Yamaguchi	122000	3843	
Tokushima	42000	1323	
Kagawa	47000	1481	
Ehime	113194	3566	
Kouchi	37289	1175	
Fukuoka	209029	6584	
Saga	61500	1937	
Nagasaki	112209	3535	
Kumamoto	115857	3649	
Oita	117200	3692	
Miyazaki	83754	2631	
Kagoshima	69000	2174	
Total	6140104	193410	

PDF-124

ALLOTMENT OF SUGAR FOR NURSERY

For 2nd quarter of 1949

Prefectures	Nos. of Nursery Institution	Capita Ration	Quantity Allotted Unit kg.	Remark
Hokkaido	46	4238	159	Basis quantity allotted:
Aomori	18	1446	54	
Iwate	30	2260	85	1.5 gram daily per capita
Miyagi	26	2485	93	
Akita	20	2130	80	
Yamagata	22	2950	111	Total Nos. of days:
Fukushima	32	3285	123	
Ibaragi	18	1288	48	25 days in September
Tochigi	5	632	24	
Gunma	31	3408	128	
Saitama	20	2249	84	Applicant are governors of prefectures
Chiba	46	4245	159	
Tokyo	125	11190	420	
Kanagawa	86	8634	324	
Niigata	101	9016	338	
Toyama	39	6608	248	
Ishikawa	59	4690	176	
Fukui	28	2419	91	
Yamanashi	22	2303	86	
Nagano	68	7113	267	
Gifu	64	7136	271	
Shizuoka	58	6753	~~253~~	
Aichi	164	16741	628	
Mie	36	2388	90	
Shiga	4	269	10	
Kyoto	88	7092	266	
Osaka	102	6504	244	
Hyogo	128	9687	363	
Nara	36	2586	97	
Wakayama	23	1901	71	
Tottori	18	1720	65	
Shimane	52	3955	148	
Okayama	62	6243	234	
Hiroshima	103	9924	372	
Yamaguchi	85	7625	286	
Tokushima	34	2454	92	
Kagawa	32	3355	~~180~~ 126	
Ehime	60	6666	250	
Kouchi	54	5445	204	
Fukuoka	167	15240	572	
Saga	21	2258	85	
Nagasaki	28	2133	80	
Kumamoto	22	1902	71	
Oita	28	1784	67	
Miyazaki	13	1133	42	
Kagoshima	40	3460	130	
Total	2364	~~210000~~ 218938	8215	

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

File September Release

430 (30 June 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 105

30 June 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Food for Distribution during August and September 1949

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 104 -'49, dated 29 June 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in August and September 1949.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/FC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of the following amounts of imported cereals and indigenous rice stored in substitution for imported food previously released. The distribution will start on the dates indicated below as part of the staple food ration and will be in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above. All quantities are in brown rice equivalents.

a. Distribution beginning as of 1 August 1949:

	Metric Tons
Imported Cereals (inclusive of Siamese rice)	200,000
Substitute Rice	268,900

b. Distribution beginning as of 1 September 1949:

Imported Cereals (inclusive of Siamese rice)	200,000
Substitute Rice	210,050

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

Release Plan in Sep.

20 June 1949
Unit: M/T
F.A.

3 41

Prefecture	Imported Food (P.R.E.)	Substitute Rice (B.R.E.)
Hokkaido	22,045	13,000
Aomori	-	3,000
Iwate	-	2,300
Miyagi	-	4,000
Akita	-	2,500
Yamagata	-	3,100
Fukushima	-	5,300
Ibaraki	-	3,500
Tochigi	-	2,600
Gunma	-	2,250
Saitama	-	3,500
Chiba	-	2,000
Tokyo	33,935	33,000
Kanagawa	10,095	10,000
Niigata	-	5,400
Toyama	-	-
Ishikawa	-	-
Fukui	945	1,500
Yamanashi	2,120	1,400
Nagano	3,440	4,000
Gifu	3,405	4,000
Shizuoka	10,145	6,000
Aichi	4,500	8,200
Mie	3,090	3,500
Shiga	-	2,000
Kyoto	12,500	4,000
Osaka	23,025	11,000
Hyogo	15,955	7,500
Nara	695	1,600
Wakayama	3,235	1,900
Tottori	1,120	1,200
Shimane	2,520	2,000
Okayama	-	4,000
Hiroshima	5,448	5,000
Yamaguchi	5,150	4,500
Tokushima	-	900
Kagawa	-	2,000
Ehime	3,070	3,400
Kochi	1,340	-
Fukuoka	11,545	14,000
Saga	-	3,000
Nagasaki	3,600	5,000
Kumamoto	-	5,000
Oita	-	3,000
Miyazaki	1,990	2,000
Kagoshima	7,395	3,000
Total	192,308	210,050
P.R.E.	200,000	210,050

Distribution Plan in September 1949

29 Jun. 1949

		M/T (R.R.E.)	Sustainable day	% for Demand
(1)	Imported Food			
	Cereals	200,000	8.8	29.4
(2)	Substitute Rice	210,050	9.3	31.0
(3)	Indigenous Food			
	Rice	116,000	5.1	17.1
	Wheat & Barley	109,000	4.8	16.1
	Sweet Potatoes	31,000	1.4	4.5
	White Potatoes	13,000	0.6	1.9
	Total	679,050	30.0	100.0

August

No. & Date	Item	Quantity	Purpose
PDF - 105	Imported Cereals Substitute Rice	200,000 M/T 268,900 "	Distribution beginning as of 1 August 1949.
PDF - 114	Imported Crude Peanuts Oil	370 "	For Industrial Use
PDF - 115	Imported Corn Flour	8,026 "	For Production of Miso.
PDF - 116	Imported Common Vetch	264.64 "	For sowing fall green manure.
PDF - 117	Imported Refined Sugar	641.8 "	For Whole Powdered Milk Processing.
PDF - 118	Imported Whole Soy Bean Wheat	383.0 " 279.0 "	For Production of Soy Sauce.
PDF - 119	Imported Soy Bean Cake Corn Wheat Bran Rice Bran	930.9 " 1,521.6 " 388.0 " 214.0 "	To be Linked with Fluid Milk Deliveries.
PDF - 120	Imported Molasses	360.0 "	For Production of Yeast.
~~PDF - 121~~	~~Imported~~		
~~PDF #~~			
PDF - 122	Imported Sugar H canned goods	43.5 " 850.0 "	For production of condenced milk
PDF - 123	Imported rapeseed cake soybean cake	600.0 " 800.0 "	
PDF # 121	Imported Oil seeds, Oil and Oil cake	165.7 " 3,422.3 " 304.0 " 177.0 " 407.0 " 171.0 " 386.0 "	

220,705.44 M/T
489,605.44 (Incl: SR)
486,567,213.02 Lbs.

Being checked 12 Sept '49
Being typed 13 Sept 49
By PSS

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
26 August 1949

Sent 15 Sept

433(26 Aug 49)ESS/FD
FLW - 123

File and Release

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Feed

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 130 - '49, dated 24 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Feed.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 133- '49, dated 24 August 1949, subject: Application for Permission to Release Imported Feedstuffs.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/FC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 600 metric tons of imported rapeseed cake and 800 metric tons of imported soybean cake to be mixed with 2,600 metric tons of indigenous raw materials into 4,000 metric tons of feed of which 2,000 metric tons will be distributed for draft animals, and 2,000 metric tons for livestock breeding at ¥541.80 per 60 kilograms in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above. In addition, no objection is offered to the release of 3,180 metric tons of imported linseed and 43 metric tons of imported soy bean cake. Of these cakes, 171.2 metric tons of linseed cake will be linked with 13,685 koku of fluid milk at the rate of 12.5 kilograms per koku, another 712.8 metric tons of linseed cake will be linked with 75,000 koku of milk used largely for cheese and butter at the lower rate of 9.5 kilograms per koku; 2,271 metric tons of linseed cake will be distributed as feed for milk-goats and the remaining 25 metric tons of linseed cake and the 43 metric tons of soy bean cake will be allocated to National Breeding Stock Farms in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied

Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1c above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/EFS/RSA/ge
26 August 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Since indigenous feed is altogether insufficient to satisfy minimum feed requirements for the draft and dairy animals in Japan imports of oil cakes have been programmed for this purpose. In addition residual oil cakes from oil bearing materials processed in Japan are allocated for feed where their use for foodstuff is not required in order to prevent the diversion of edible indigenous cereals such as wheat and barley to feed.

2. This action releases 600 metric tons of imported rape seed cake and 600 metric tons of imported soy bean cake which will be mixed with 2,800 metric tons of indigenous feed to produce 4,000 metric tons of mixed feed, half of which will be allocated to draft animals for the July, August, September period and half of which will be allocated for livestock breeding. In addition, this action releases 3,180 metric tons of linseed cake and 43 metric tons of soy bean cake of which 171.2 metric tons of linseed cake will be linked with the delivery of 13,685 koku of milk in designated areas at the rate of 12.5 kilograms per koku, 712.8 metric tons will be linked with the delivery of 75,000 koku of milk at the rate of 9.5 kilograms per koku in non-designated areas; 2271 metric tons of linseed cake will be allocated as feed for milk goats and the balance of 25 metric tons of linseed cake and 43 metric tons of soybean cake will be allocated to National Breeding Stock Farms.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrences: ESS, Mr. Boulware
Mr. R. Ritchie

B. S. Appleton 57-8385

Copy.

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Goverment

M.A.F. NO. I33 August 24, I949

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRU

SUBJECT: Application for permission to Release Imported Feed-stuffs

As it is intended to distribute the under mentioned imported soy bean cake, and linseed cake produced in extracting oil from imported linseeds, it is hereby requested that you will give us your permission to release them as follows.

Quantities applied to be released

Kind	Quantity, metric ton
Linseed cake	3,I80
Soy bean cake	43
Total	3,223

Distribution Program

The distribution program for the above mentioned feedstuffs is as follows:

I. Link use for drinking cow milk (designated areas of under 79 points):-

I7I.2 tons of linseed cake will be distributed for the link use for drinking cow milk (under 79 points) for the 2nd quarter.

These being for I3,685 koku of cow milk, the distribution quantity per koku will be I2.5 kilogram.

Copy.

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Goverment

M.A.F. NO. I33 August 24, I949

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRU

SUBJECT: Application for permission to Release Imported Feed-stuffs

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I. Link use for drinking cow milk (designated areas of under 79 points):-

I7I.2 tons of linseed cake will be distributed for the link use for drinking cow milk (under 79 points) for the 2nd quarter.

These being for I3,685 koku of cow milk, the distribution quantity per koku will be I2.5 kilogram.

2. For the use of drinking cow milk and material cow milk for butter and cheese in areas other than the designated:-

712.8 ton of linseed cake will be allocated for the use of drinking cow milk and for milk-cows in the butter and cheese zones in those areas other than fhe designated for the 2nd quarter. These beimg for 75,000 koku of cow milk, the distribution quantity per koku will be 9.5 kilogram.

3. For the use of milking-goat:

2,271 tons of linseed cake will be allocated as the feedstuff for milk-goats for the 2nd quarter.

4. Allocation for National Breeding Stock-Farms:-

25 tons of linseed cake and 43 tons of soy bean cake will be allocated as the feedstuffs for the use of ability examination of milk-cows in the National Breeding Stock-Farms.

5. The allocation program by each prefecture for the foregoing 1 and 2 is as shown in Table I.

The allocation program by each prefecture for the foregoing 3 is as shown in Table 2.

The allocation program by each breeding stock-farm for the foregoing 4 is as shown in Table 3.

For the Minister

Official in charge
Niizawa
Feed Section,
Livestock Bureau.

Table I. Linseed Cake Allocation for Drinking Cow Milk

Prefecture	Link Use for cow milk under 80 Points		For Drinking Milk, buter and cheese uses in areas other than the designated		Linseed Cake Total
	Quantity of milk, Koku	Linseed Cake, M. ton	Quantity of Milk, Koku	Linseed Cake M. ton	
Hokkaido	24150	51.9	22,500	213.8	265.8
Aomori	139	1.7	750	7.1	8.8
Iwate	320	4.0	2,250	21.4	25.4
Miyagi	23	0.3	2,250	21.4	21.7
Akita	54	0.7	450	4.3	5.0
Yamagata	154	1.9	1,950	18.5	20.4
Fukushima	120	1.5	750	7.1	8.6
Ibaragi	493	6.2	675	6.4	12.6
Tochigi	54	0.7	1,275	12.1	12.8
Gunma	-	-	2,925	27.8	27.8
Saitama	51	0.6	1,275	12.1	12.7
Chiba	381	4.8	4,575	43.5	48.3
Tokyo	100	1.3	1950	18.5	19.8
Kanagawa	200	2.5	900	8.6	11.1
Niigata	73	0.9	2,325	22.1	23.0
Toyama	-	-	1,350	12.8	12.8
Ishikawa	320	4.0	300	2.9	6.9
Fukui	-	-	1,200	11.4	11.4
Yamanashi	136	1.7	1,725	16.4	18.1
Nagano	905	11.3	-	-	11.3
Gifu	75	0.9	1,350	12.8	13.7
Shizuoka	169	2.1	2,625	24.9	27.0
Aichi	140	1.8	2,175	20.7	22.5
Mie	431	5.4	1,125	10.7	16.1
Shiga	300	3.8	450	4.3	8.1
Kyoto	-	-	75	0.7	0.7
Osaka	370	4.6	750	7.1	11.7
Hyogo	350	4.4	1,275	12.1	16.5
Nara	-	-	375	3.6	3.6
Wakayama	50	0.6	150	1.4	2.0
Tottori	160	2.0	525	5.0	7.0
Shimane	96	1.2	675	6.4	7.6
Okayama	111	1.4	900	8.6	10.0
Hiroshima	100	1.3	1,200	11.4	12.7
Yamaguchi	2400	30.0	825	7.8	37.8
Tokushima	-	-	525	5.0	5.0
Kagawa	-	-	975	9.3	9.3
Ehime	-	-	900	8.6	8.6
Kochi	552	6.9	375	3.6	10.5
Fukuoka	90	1.1	1,950	18.5	19.6
Saga	223	2.9	900	8.6	11.5
Nagasaki	280	3.5	975	9.3	12.8
Kumamoto	-	-	750	7.1	7.1
Oita	105	1.3	450	4.3	5.6
Miyazaki	-	-	675	6.4	6.4
Kagoshima	-	-	675	6.4	6.4
Total	13,685	171.2	75,000	712.8	884.0

Table 2 For Goat Milk ProductionUse

Prefecture	Goat Milk Production Use, Metric Ton
Hokkaido	93
Aomori	15
Iwate	77
Miyagi	67
Akita	23
Yamagata	89
Fukushima	90
Ibaragi	68
Tochigi	44
Gunma	193
Saitama	93
Chiba	27
Tokyo	32
Kanagawa	44
Niigata	91
Toyama	14
Ishikawa	10
Fukui	7
Yamanashi	120
Nagano	280
Gifu	67
Shizuoka	88
Aichi	85
Mie	5
Shiga	16
Osaka	5
Hyogo	24
Nara	7
Wakayama	10
Tottori	10
Shimane	10
Okayama	47
Hiroshima	35
Yamaguchi	31
Tokushima	9
Kagawa	13
Ehime	39
Kochi	58
Fukuoka	38
Saga	26
Nagasaki	70
Kumamoto	26
Oita	20
Miyazaki	12
Kumamoto	25
Total	2,271

Table 3- Allocation to National, Live-stock Breeding Farm

Stock-farm	Linseed cakes, metric ton	Soybean cakes, metric ton	Total
Niikappu (Hokkaido)	4	7	II
Fukushima	7	I2	I9
Shizuoka	3	5	8
Nagano	2	3	5
Tottori	6	I0	I6
Miyazaki	3	6	9
Total	25	43	68

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry
Japanese Government

M.A.F. No. I30 - '49

August 24, 1949

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Feed

The Japanese Government hereby to request a release of the proviously imported rapeseed cake and soy bean cake, which are to be distributed in accordance with following plan.

Amount Requested for Release:

I.	Rapeseed cake	600 metric tons
2.	Soy bean cake	800 " "
	Total	I,400 " "

The imported amount by veseals of the said feed and its decreased amount is set forth in the annexed paper No.3.

The said feed is to be distributed in accordance with the following plan.

I. The rapeseed cake and soy bean cake totalling I,400 metric tons plus 2,600 metric tons of the home-produced feed will be allotted for manufacture of 4,000 metric tons of mixed feed for cattles at the rate of mixture given below, which is to be distributed among draft oxen and horses and livestock hre ding use throughout the country.

Mixing rate of said feed.

	Imported feed			Home-produced feed					Total
	Rape-seed cake	Soy-bean cake	corn	Wheat bran	Oil-extracted rice bran	Oil extracted rice embryo	Carbonate of lime	Salt	
Rate of Mixture(%)	I5	20	5	30	I5	I0	3	2	I00
Amount (M/T.)	600	800	200	I,200	600	400	I20	80	4,000

2. Selling price:

The selling price of this mixed feedand the computing base thereof are set forth in the annexed paper No.2.

3. Allotment Plan:

(A) For draft ozan and horses:

2,000 metric tons of the said mixed feed is to be alloted for the second quarter.

(B) For livestock breeding:

The remaining 2,000 metric tons of mixed feed is tobe allotted for the second quarter.

(C) The allotment amount by each prefecture of the said is set forth in the annexed paper No.I

For the Minister

Official in Charge
Niizawa
Feed Section
Livestock Bureau

Annexed paper No.I

Prefecture	Livestock breeding	Draft oxen and Horses	Total
Hokkaido	-	-	-
Aomori	37	89	I26
Iwate	8I	78	I59
Miyagi	38	50	88
Akita	28	96	I24
Yamagata	33	39	72
Fukushima	I03	70	I73
Ibaragi	50	58	I08
Tochigi	35	54	89
Gunma	53	29	82
Saitama	5I	40	9I
Chiba	46	46	92
Tokyo	2I	38	59
Kanagawa	37	24	6I
Niigata	53	6I	II4
Toyama	II	I8	29
Ishikawa	25	I7	42
Fukui	9	I6	25
Yamanashi	I5	22	37
Nagano	64	72	I36
Gifu	35	47	82
Shizuoka	49	45	92
Aichi	56	62	II8
Mie	25	35	60
Shiga	6	I8	24
Kyoto	30	27	57
Osaka	4	52	56
Hyogo	92	55	I47
Nara	I2	23	35
Wakayama	I2	33	45
Tottori	58	25	83
Shimane	62	24	86
Okayama	78	35	II3
Hiroshima	88	33	I2I
Yamaguchi	5I	5I	I02
Tokushima	36	23	59
Kagawa	46	20	66
Ehime	30	35	65
Kochi	38	44	82
Fukuoka	I9	96	II5
Saga	23	26	49
Nagasaki	82	2I	I03
Kumamoto	72	66	I38
Oita	53	53	I06
Miyazaki	69	54	I23
Kagoshima	86	80	I66
Total	2,000	2,000	4,000

Annexed paper No. 2.

Temporary Computation Table for Mixed Feed Price (Per 60 kilograms of mixed feed)

Item	Amount	Remark
Raw materials cost	395.647	
Processing cost of mixture	8I.220	As the existing cost
Decreased amount in process of manufacture	I3.537	2%
Total	690.404	
Fee for the use of saide-tracks	0.953	Average I5.442 ÷ I0 x 6I.76%
Unlodding costs from freight-cars	I.272	Average I2.722 ÷ I0
Cost for handling raw matorials on arrival	2.427	Average 24,269 ÷ I0
Transportation cost	4.290	Average II2,20 ÷ I0 x 38.248
Loading or unleading fee	2.090	Average Loading 30.389) Unloading 24.269) 54.658 ÷ I0
Warehousing cost (In the custody)	6.I9I	Average 6I.9II ÷ I07
Repling	0.4I3	Average Vasic fee Additional Handing 58.963 ÷I0 x 70% x I0% Amount
Cost of classification	0.I77	Average 58.963 ÷ I0 x 30% x I0%
Weight measuring cost	0.354	Average 58.963 ÷ I0 x 30% x 20%

Charges for custody	7.762	Advalorem $\frac{3.\text{[illegible]}\ (\text{sen})}{708.60 \times 10\ (\text{ten})} \times 2$ (period) = 5,386
		According to the weight $19.8\ (\text{sen}) \times \frac{60K}{10K}$
(In case of bringing out warehouse)	6.191	Average 61.911 ÷ 10
Loading cost on truck	11.62	Average 30.389 ÷ 10 x 38.24%
Transportation cost	4.290	Average 112.20 ÷ 10 x 35.24%
Unloading cost	0.928	Average 24.269 ÷ 10 x 38.24%
Loading cost on freight cars	3.039	Average 30.389 ÷ 10 x 38.24%
Fee for handling shiprent	1.540	Average 15.397 ÷ 10
Service trucks using fee	0.953	15.442 ÷ 10 x 61.76%
Total	734.436	
Railway freight rates	17.619	176.192 ÷ 10 (Specification is included seperately)
Transportation insurance fee	0.790	$752.00 \times \frac{105(\text{sen})}{100(\text{yen})}$ (In interrelation)
Total	752.845	
Monpyy rate	9.450	$752.80 \times \frac{28\ (\text{sen})}{100(\text{yen})} \times$ [illegible] $45(\text{day})$
Accident expense	15.056	2%
Kodan charge	55.414	7%
Total	831.765	

Kodan's selling price	831.80	Delivery at the nearest station for purchaser
Selling dealers' price	841.80	do.

Annexed paper No. 3

I. Rapessed cake

Name of vessel	Date of arrival	Amount of receipt	Amount unreleased	Amount new requested for release (A)	Deoreased Amount estimated in process of custody transportation and mixture of (A)	Rewaining amount
Chimei	Apr.7	I,348,793	383,798	600	30	
President	May.3	499,332	499,332			
Total		I,848,I25	863,I30	600	30	253,I30

2.
2. soy bean cake

Name of vessel	Date of arrival	Amount of receipt	Amount unreleased	Amount non requested for release (A)	Decreased amount estimated in process of transpotation, and mixture (A)	Remaining amount
Taiyun	June 2	2,390,242	495.I02	800	40	498,977
Huah lee	June I6	843,875	843,875			
Total		3,234,II7	I,338,977	800	40	498,977

(1)

Hq 8th Army Civil Affairs Section

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
25 August 1949

430(25 Aug 49)ESS/PD
FLW -122

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Foods and Sugar

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 132-'49, dated 19 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Goods.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 134-'49, dated 20 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 43.5 metric tons of imported sugar to process 4,964 cases of condensed milk (48-397 gram cans to a case) to prevent spoilage of fluid milk during a necessary repair period of whole milk processing units or to the release of 550 kilograms of class H canned goods (onion powder) to be processed with other food stuffs into 18.9 metric tons of soup powder for ration distribution in Tokyo. Both the sugar and onion powder will be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

MEMO FOR RECORD:

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
25 August 1949

1. This action releases 43.5 metric tons of sugar to be distributed by three factories for the production of condensed milk during a one month period required for repair work on their powdered whole milk units. This emergency release of sugar is to prevent the spoilage of fluid milk delivered daily to these factories and which could not be processed without an allocation of sugar. The sugar will be used in processing 4,964 cases of 48 cans each (397 grams to the can) at the rate of 8.4 kilograms per case.

2. The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry was instructed to promote experiments in producing processed foods utilizing corn flour. This action releases .85 metric tons of onion powder which will be combined with 10 metric tons of corn flour, and other ingredients in the production of 15.9 metric tons of soup powder which is to be distributed in Tokyo at the rate of 100 grams per household to determine consumer reaction.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrences: S. Oglesby, ESS/IND

FLW

8th ARMY CIV AFF SECT
APO-343
Jerry checking
1 Sept 49

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

430(25 Aug 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 122

25 August 1949

Being typed
13 Sept '49
Sentout
13 Sept 49

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Foods and Sugar

TO : Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 132-'49, dated 19 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Goods.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 134-'49, dated 20 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

File Aug Release

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 43.5 metric tons of imported sugar to process 4,964 cases of condensed milk (48-397 gram cans to a case) to prevent spoilage of fluid milk during a necessary repair period of whole milk processing units or to the release of 850 kilograms of class H canned goods (onion powder) to be processed with other food stuffs into 18.9 metric tons of soup powder for ration distribution in Tokyo. Both the sugar and onion powder will be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1c above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section

430 (25 Aug. 49) ESS/PD
FDF - 122

25 August 1949

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Foods and Sugar

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodske, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 132-'49 dated 19 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Goods.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 134-'49, dated 20 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430 (11 Apr. 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 96-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 43.5 metric tons of imported sugar to process 4,964 cases of condensed milk (48-397 gram cans to a case) to prevent spoilage of fluid milk during a necessary repair period of whole milk processing units to the release of 850 kilograms of class H canned goods (onion powder) to be processed with other food stuffs into 18.9 metric tons of soup powder for ration distribution in Tokyo. Both the sugar and onion powder will be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1c above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

NAME AND LOCATION OF THE CONDENSED
MILK MANUFACTURING COMPANIES FOR PDF-122

Allocation	Product to be made	Prefectures	Name of company	Location of Co.
22,740 Kg	2,492 Cases	Iwate	2 Morinaga Shokuryo / Morioka Factory	3 Morioka City
11,760 Kg	1,404 Cases	Tokyo	2 Morinaga Shokuryo / Hachijo Factory	3 Ohgago-mura Isle. Hachijo
9,000 Kg	1,068 Cases	Kagoshima	2 Morinaga Shokuryo / Tanegashima Factory	3 Nishino omote Kamage-gun
43,500 Kg	4,864 Cases			

ALLOCATION OF RELEASED CANNED GOODS TO BE MANUFACTURED WITH OTHER FOOD INTO 18.9 METRIC TONS OF SOUP POWDER.

Prefecture	Name and address	Allocation	Product to be processed
Shizuoka	Morinaga Shokuryo Kogyo K.K. Mishima Factory No. 231, Naka, Mishima-chi, Shizuoka	850 Kg	18.9 MT

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

M.A.F. NO. 132 - '49 August 19, 1949.

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food

The Japanese Government wishes to request a release of 850 kilograms of the class-H imported canned food (onion powder), which is to be distributed, based upon the plan given in the annexed papers, as sub-materials for manufacture of soup powder.

For the Minister

S. Katayanagi.

Official in charge
Takaoka
Imported Food Section,
Food Agency.

Proposed Distribution Plan of Raw Materials
for Soup Powder Manufacturing

1. Item for distribution and quantities thereof:

Class-H imported canned food (onion powder): 850 Kg;

2. Period for distribution: September;

3. Distribution price: Official price;

4. Manufacturing plan:

(1) Name of plant: Mishima Foodstuff Mfg. Plant of Morinaga Foodstuff Industry Co., Ltd. ("Morinaga Shokuryō Kōgyo K.K.");

(2) Manufacturing:

Ingredients to be used as raw materials	Quantities
Onion powder	850 Kg.
Corn powder	10,300
Table salt	276
Pepper	69
Amino acid	6,200
Mustard	103
Extract of meat	138
Oleomargerine	620
"Aji-no-moto" (A kind of patented seasoning containing mono-sodium glutaminate)	138
Curry powder	215
Total	18,909 Kg.

Processing rate ..... 53.20 per cent
Amount of finished products
..... 10,080 Kg.

5. Guiding principle for distribution:

Trial distribution shall be made for use in every ordinary household in Tokyo Metropolitan District at the ratio of 100 grams per household;

6. Method of distribution:

In accordance with such method as may be determined by the Governor of Tokyo Metropolitan Government, based on the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Instructions.

8th Army Civil Affairs Section

Jerry checking
Capt. Pigg

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
24 August 1949

Barry typed
14 Sept '49
Sent out
15 Sept '49

[redacted]

534 (24 Aug 49)Ess/PD
PDF - 121

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Oil seeds, Oil and Oil cake

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 111-'49, dated 16 July 1949, subject: Request for Authorization of Using 1946 - 1947 Antarctic Whale Oil.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 129-'49, dated 9 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported oil stuff and the like.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) Ess/PD, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 165.7 metric tons of "bottom of the tank" 1947-48 antarctic whale oil to be processed into 4,346,000 pieces of 50 gram cakes of soap for incentive goods or to the release of 3422.3 metric tons of 1948-1949 antarctic whale oil to be processed into household soap and glycerine or to the release of 304 metric tons of imported rape seed to be processed into 94.2 metric tons of oil and 167.2 metric tons of cake or to the release of 177 additional metric tons of rape seed held in reserve (the total of 271.2 metric tons of rape seed oil to be used for textile emulsion) or to the use of the 167.2 metric tons rape seed cake, plus 162.6 metric tons of rape seed cake held in reserve and 645.2 metric tons of castor cake as incentive goods for surplus oil purchases by the Fats and Oil Kodan, or to the release of 407.0 metric tons of linseed cake for the production of acetone butanal, and other industrial uses or to the release of 171 metric tons of refined peanut oil and 366 metric tons of crude peanut oil for the production of textile emulsion. All of the above materials released will be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in the memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLW/EPS/BSA/ge
24 August 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. The shortage of indigenous oil for both industrial and edible use has necessitated imports of oil seeds and oil. Both indigenous and imported oil stuffs are used (where physical availabilities permit) for the purposes for which they are best suited: that is for edible or industrial use, within the limits of the overall programs.

2. This action releases 165.7 metric tons of crude, "bottom of the tank" whale oil left over from the 1947-48 antarctic whale expedition to be processed into 4,346,000 pieces of soap weighing 50 grams each to be linked with the collection of oil seeds. In addition, this action releases 3422.3 metric tons of whale oil from the 1948 - 49 whaling expedition to be processed into soap for household use and glycerine for dynamite. Also, released by this action are 304 metric tons of rapeseed to be processed into 94.2 metric tons of oil (rate of oil extraction excessively low, 30.9%, stated to be due to 10% by weight of sand and gravel contained in this rapeseed imported from China), and 167.2 of rape seed cake. The rape seed oil plus 82.8 metric tons of rape seed oil (from 348 metric tons held in reserve) in conjunction with indigenous spindle, sperm and castor oil will be processed into 519.6 metric tons of textile soap emulsion. The 167.2 metric tons of rape seed cake and 162.6 metric tons of rape seed cake held in reserve, plus 645.2 metric tons of castor oil cake also released by this action will be linked with excess collections of rape seeds for seed purposes. This action also releases 407 metric tons of linseed cake for industrial use and will be replaced by 204 metric tons of indigenous soya bean cake. In addition, this action releases 171 metric tons of refined peanut oil and 386 metric tons of crude peanut oil (total in terms of crude oil of 566 metric tons) to be processed into fatty acids and glycerine, the former for the manufacture of textile emulsion, the latter for dynamite. The use of refined peanut oil for soap emulsion has been approved by ESS/IND.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 49, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrences: ESS/IND, Mr. Rackus

FLW

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

TO : GENERAL HEADQUATERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

SUBJECT : Request for Authorization of Using 1946-1947 Antarctic Whale Oil

M.A.F. No. 111-49 July 16, 1949

1. Reference is:

Memorandum for the Japanese Government from the General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the allied Powers AG 434 (24 Nov., 1948) ESS/PD P. D. F. -40 Subject; "Release of Oilstuffs and Edible Oils".

2. Due to the good office of SCAP, 17,800 tons of Whale oil Produced by the Second Whaling expedition in the Antarctic Ocean (1947-48) was released for domestic consumption. Of the above, permission has not be received for 165.7 tons but this is the residue oil at the bottom of tanks, the quality being very bad as can be seen from the sample submitted, is unfit for general use. As a result of conference among ESB, MAP and MCI, the conclusion has been reached that the most appropriate use for this is as raw material for making soap to be used as incentives for increasing production and collection of oil stuff.

3. The production and distribution schedule of the above soap are as follows.

Production target for fatty acid

165.7 (metric tons) (of whale oil) X 0.82 = 135.8 (metric tons) (of fatty acid)

Production target for soap

135.8 (metric tons) (of fatty acid) X 1.6 = 217.3 (metric tons)

The said soap of 217.3 metric tons is supposedly equivalent to 4,346,000 pieces of grams (No. 1) soap.

The distribution program therefor is given as follows:

	Collection target	Additional distribution Standard	Required amount of soap
1. For securing collection of flaxseed, tung nut and mustardseed	85,000 bags	5 pieces of soap per bag	425,000 pieces
2. For securing collection of fish oils	15,000 metric tons	2.5 pieces of soap per can (containing 16.5 kilograms)	2,250,000 "
3. Reserve			1,671,000 "
Total			4,346,000 "

Official in charge

For the Minister

Oils and Fats Sec.
Food Agency

_____

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Japanese Government

M.A.F. No. 129 - '49 August 9, 1949.

Subject : Request for release of Imported Oil Stuff and the like.

To : General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

1. References are made to:

(a) Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, A G 434 (30 Apr. 49) E S S/P D, P. D. F-26, subject: Release of Oil Stuff and Oil Cake.

(b) Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, A G 434 (5 June 49) E S S/P D, P.D.F-104, subject: Release of Oil and Oil Stuff.

(c) Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 118-'49, dated 15 June 1949, subject: Request for Authorization on the Use of the imported Peanut Oil.

2. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 3,422.3 metric tons of Antarctic Whale Oil, 304 metric tons of Imported Rape-seed, 645.2 metric tons of Castor Cake, 407 metric tons of Linseed Cake, and 566 metric tons of Imported Peanut Oil as oil stuffs.

3.

(a) 3,422.3 metric tons of Antarctic Whale Oil will be used for hydrolysis in accordance with the plan set forth in the attached table No. 1 and fatty acid produced as the result of that hydrolysis for household soap, and glycerine for dynamite glycerine.

(b) 304 metric tons of Imported Rape-Seed will be used for extraction of oil. 94.2 metric tons of the said Rape-Seed oil will be added to 348 metric tons of the retained Rape-Seed Oil as mentioned in the reference memorandum 1 (a) above, and of this title amount 177 metric tons will be used for the production of textile oil material according to the attached table No. 2. The remaining 265.2 metric tons will be reserved.

167.2 metric tons of Rape-Seed Cake plus 162.6 metric tons of the reserved Rape-Seed cake shown in the reference memorandum 1 (a), will be used for purchase of surplus returned oil together with 645.2 metric tons of Castor cake according to the attached table No. 3.

(c) Out of 407 metric tons of Linseed Cake, 357 metric tons will be used as nitrogen resource for Aceton Butanol fermentation industry.

204 metric tons of indigenous Soya Bean cake thus replaced by the above Linseed Cake will be used for the production of Miso and Shoyu.

50 metric tons of Linseed Cake will be used for experimental use as nitrogen resource for absorbing the starch.

(d) Out of 622.7 metric tons of refined Peanut Oil reserved in accordance with the reference memorandum 1 (b) above, 171 metric tons (equivalent to crude oil 180 metric tons) and 386 metric tons of the Peanut Crude Oil reserved in accordance with the reference memorandum 1 (c) above will be used for the hydrolysis and the fatty acid for the textile soap and the glycerine for the dynamite glycerine with the plan set forth in the attached table No. 1.

451.7 metric tons of the refined Peanut Oil will be used for the distribution in the next quarter.

For the Minister

Official in Charge
Baba
Oil and Fat Section
Food Agency

Attached table No. 1

(Unit: One metric ton)

Crude Oil	hardening		hydrolysis		
	crude oil amount	hardening oil output	amount for hydrolysis	fatty acid output	glycerine output
Whale Oil	3,422.300	3,251.185	2,897.888	2,695.036	237.627
Crude Peanut oil			566.053	526.429	46.416

Due to the adoption of the subscription system, the allotment of the oil and fats as raw materials for the hydrolysis to each factory cann't be decided before the subscription ticket is returned. Therefore the receipt of products by the consumer is so dellayed, that the Japanese Government wishes to be authorized to adopt the method to request for release without stating the allotment plan to each factory and to report the allotment immediately after the whole allotment to each factory is completed.

The balanced amount between hardened oil output and oil for hydrolysis will be used in hardened oil, for general industry.

Attached table No. 2.

Rape-Seed Oil Allotment Amount. Unit: Kg.

Prefecture.	Factory.	Emulsion Oil Rape Seed Oil Allotment.	Emulsion Oil Emulsion Oil Output.
Miyagi	Tohoku Yushi K. K.	528	1,480
Saitama	Teijun Kasei K. K.	3,465	10,140
"	Toto Kasei Kogyo K. K.	924	2,670
Tokyo	Kenseido Kagaku Kogyo K. K.	462	1,320
"	Komatsugawa Seiyu K. K.	363	1,080
"	Sanshion Kagaku Kogyosho.	495	1,420
"	Toyo Yushi Kogyo K. K.	1,650	4,850
"	Toho Kagaku Kogyo K. K.	14,850	43,590
"	Fuji Kagaku Kogyo K. K.	2,772	8,140
"	Miyoshi Kagaku K. K.	14,586	42,700
"	Lion Yushi K. K.	6,963	20,410
Kanagawa	Yokohama Yushi Kogyo K. K.	1,287	3,720
Aichi	Sanwa Yushi Kogyosho.	17,952	52,660
"	Takemoto Yushi K. K.	38,610	113,140
"	Chūkyō Yushi Kogyosho.	825	2,420
Mie	Daiichi Kogyo Seiyaku K. K. (Yokkaichi Kōjō)	3,201	9,370
Kyoto	Kyoto Kōjō	1,782	5,310
"	Sanyo Yushi K. K.	14,685	43,190
Osaka	Aoki Yushi Kagaku Ken-Kyusho.	858	2,490
"	Ippoosha Yushi Kagaku Kogyosho.	1,518	4,510
"	Ueda Seiyusho	4,092	12,110
"	Kyoeisha Yushi Kagaku Kogyo K. K.	1,419	4,270
"	Murubishi Yushi Kagaku Kogyosho.	19,140	56,140
"	Maruzen Yushi Kogyosho.	1,683	4,920
"	Yoshimura Yuka Kogyosho.	9,603	28,250
Wakayaka	Tominaga Kagaku Kogyosho.	1,023	3,070
"	Nankai Yushi K. K.	2,244	6,610

- Co. -

Next page

Wakayama	Nippon Yuki K. K., Wakayam Kōjō.	330	1,000
Hyogo	Nissan Kagaku Kogyo K. K. (Hyogo Kōjō)	2,442	7,340
Fukui	Nikka Kagaku Kogyo K. K.	330	1,000
Total		176,979	519,580

Raw Materials for Emulsion

Rape-seed Oil	Castor Oil	Sperm-Whale Oil
177 Metric tons	58 Metric tons	15 Metric tons
Spindle Oil	Total	Product Output (percentage of used raw materials total)
30.9 metric tons	280.9 metric tons	185 %

Table No. 3.

Castor-oil Cake and Rapeseed Cake for Purchase of Surplus Returned Oil.

	Plan of P.D.F.-86	Estimated surplus oil amount. (Unit: M. T.)	Linking rate.	Required Amount of cake. (Unit: M. T.)
(1)		100	2 Kan per one Sho.	455
(2)	Revised plant	150	4 Kan per one Sho.	1,365
	Balance ((2)-(1)).			910

Besides, the rapeseed cake of 65 metric tons is required in order that, as to the rapeseed of 931 "Koku" (equivalent to 111.72 metric tons), to be delivered for seed use, the rapeseed cake of nine Kan may be returned to one straw-bag (containing the rapeseed of five "To").

	For purchase of surplus oil (Unit: M. T.)	For counter part for rapeseed delivery (Unit: M. T.)
Rapeseed cake	264.8	65
Castor-oil cake	645.2	
Total	910.0	65

Fd Army Civil Affairs Sect.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
9 August 1949

436(9 Aug 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 120

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Molasses for Production of Yeast

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 121-'49, dated 29 July 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Molasses as raw Material of Yeast.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 360.0 metric tons of imported molasses to be processed into 389,000 lbs. of yeast at the average rate of 1,100 lbs. of yeast per 1 metric ton of molasses containing not less than 50% of sugar in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

PDF-120

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLW/ESS/RSA/ge
9 August 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Yeast is required for baking of rationed wheat flour that is distributed as bread. It is considered more economical to import molasses and process yeast in Japan than to import the required yeast.

2. This action releases 360.0 metric tons of imported molasses to be processed into [illegible],000 lbs. of yeast at the rate of 1,100 lbs. of yeast per metric ton of molasses provided the sugar content of the molasses is not less than 50%. The official price of molasses is set at ¥ 7,250 per metric ton for 50% sugar content. The price will be increased or decreased by ¥100 for each 1% increase or decrease of sugar content from the standard of 50%.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PE, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: ESS/Ind, S. Oglesby

B. S. Appleton, 57-8395

FLW

140 M/T of Mollasess has been arrived in Yokohama,

100 M/T of Mollasess will be distributed to Tokyo Sankyo K.K. Tahara-kojyo (Address: No. 1,450 Kubo-cho Minanishiba, Tarashi-cho Kitatako-gun Tokyo-to)

40 M/T of Mollasess will be distributed to Nihon Hakko Kagaku, Funabashi-kojyo (Address: No. 2-350 Kaijin-cho Funabashi Chiba Prefecture)

220 M/T of mollasess has been arrived in Fukuoka

150 M/T of mollasess will be distributed to Fukuoka Nitto Kogyo K.K. Moji-kojyo (Address: No. 3,889 Oaza-Ozato Ozato-machi Moji City Fukuoka Pre.)

70 M/T of mollasess will be distributed to Kumamoto Nihon Sakerui K.K. Kumamoto-kojyo (Address: No. 829 Ima Idemitsu-machi Kumamoto City Kumamoto Prefecture)

Above mentioned is address which was distributed the mollasess by PDF-120.

8th Army Civil affairs Sept

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HPS/BSA/ge
10 August 1949

433(10 Aug 49)ESS/PD
PDF - 119

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Feeds

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 122 -'49, dated 2 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Imported Feeds.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 930.9 metric tons of imported soy bean cake, 1521.6 metric tons of imported corn, 388.0 metric tons of imported wheat bran and 214 metric tons of imported rice bran to be linked with fluid milk deliveries at the rate of 15.3 kgs. of soy bean cake, 25 kgs. of corn and 36 kgs. of rice (or wheat) bran per 1 koku of fluid milk, where said milk passes standard test as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division

ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLM/HFS/BSA/go
10 August 1949

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. To increase production of indigenous milk for controlled distribution to vulnerable categories of the population, feed has been imported to supplement inadequate indigenous supplies. To improve sanitary standards of fluid milk, a link system has been adopted that provides a higher rate of feed per koku of milk than the standard rate for those plants passing a certain sanitary standard.

2. This action releases 930.9 metric tons of soy bean cake, 1521.6 metric tons of corn, 388.0 metric tons of wheat bran and 214 metric tons of rice bran to be distributed at the rate of 15.3 kgs. of soy bean cake, 25 kgs. of corn and 36 kgs. of wheat or rice bran per 1 koku of milk. (The rice bran and wheat bran will be distributed from indigenous supplies for all except 5 prefectures). This release will be linked with the delivery of 56,244 koku of fluid milk delivered in the 1st quarter of FY 1950 and with 1709 koku delivered in the last quarter of FY 1949.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 400.703(15 May 46)ESS/PD, dated 18 Aug 48, subject: Surveillance over the Distribution of Imported Food and Incentive Goods.

4. Concurrence: PH&W, Lt. Col. Scothorn

B. S. Appleton, 57-6395

FLM

Aug. 2, I949

M. A. F. I22'-49

Subject: Request for release of Imported Feeds.

To General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

I. The JapaneseGovernment wishes to request an immediate release of 930.9 metric tons of importedsoy bean cake, I52I.6 metric tons of maize, 388. metric tons of wheat bran, and 2I4metric tons of rice bran as feeds.

2. The allotmentplan of the abovefeeds is as follows:

(I) As the link goods for the superior drinking milk delivery in the second quarter,

(a). Soy bean cake and Maize.

Soy bean cake of 904.8 metric tons and maize of I,478.9 metric tons is to be alloted for the delivery ofsuperior drinking milk (soy bean cake I5.3 kilograms and maize 25 kilograms per one koku of delivered milk.

(B). wheat bran and rice bran.

Wheat bran (or rice bran etc.) of 36 kilograms is to be alloted per one koku of milk adding to the feeds stated in item (a).

The imported rice bran is to be alloted for Kanagawa Prefecture, Tokyo to, and the imported wheat bran is to be alloted for Hyogo prefecture, Osaka Fu, KyotoFU, and indigenous wheat bran is to be alloted for other prefectures.

3. The supplementary allotment for the first quarter.

The soy bean cake of 26.I metric tons, and maize of 42.7 metric tons and wheat bran of 61.6 metric tons are to be alloted as the supplementary allotment for the superior drinking milk delivery in Osaka Fu in the first quarter.

This supplementary allotment is for the milk delivery of I,709 koku.

4. the allotment quantity stated in 3 and 4 to each to, do, Fu and prefecture is as set forth in the annexed paper.

For the Minister

S. Katayanagi
Vice-Minister of
Agriculture and Forestry

OFficial in Charge
Niizawa
Feed Section
Live Stock Bureau.

	'Number of plant'	Milk '	Maize	'Soy Bean Cake'	Wheat Bran	'Rice Bran
Hokkaido						
Aomori	3	I97	4.9	3.0		
Iwate	I	I80	4.5	2.8		
Miyagi	27	644	I6.I	9.9		
Akita	8	I27	3.2	I.9		
Yamagata	I	I20	3.0	I.8		
Fukushima	2	445	II.I	6.8		
Ibaraki	I	I70	4.3	2.6		
Tochigi	4	304	7.6	4.7		
Gunma	33	I,754	43.9	26.8		
Saitama	II	I,377	34.4	2I.I		
Chiba	3	544	I3.6	8.3		
Tokyo	7	I5,473	386.8	236.7		89.53
Kanagawa	I4	3,457	86.4	52.9		I24.5
Niigata	I2	I,257	3I.4	I9.2		
Toyama	4	632	I5.8	9.7		
Ishikawa	I2	929	23.2	I4.2		
Fukui	I	84	2.I	I.3		
Yamanashi	3	432	I0.8	6.6		
Nagano	8	750	I8.8	II.5		
Gifu	II	I,I88	29.7	I8.2		
Shizuoka	2I	2,724	68.I	4I.7		
Aichi	I3	4,989	I24.7	76.3		
Mie	35	I,0I 7	25.4	I5.6		
Shiga	I	665	I6.6	I0.2		
Kyoto	5	3,356	83.9	5I.3	I04.64	
Osaka	I2	6,27I	I56.8	95.9	225.8	
Hyogo	I8	I,60I	40.0	24.5	57.6	
Nara						
Wakayama	6	27I	6.8	4.I		
Tottori	I	30	0.8	0.5		
Shimane						
Okayama	3	252	6.3	3.9		
Hiroshima	5	835	20.9	I2.8		
Yamaguchi	2	450	II.3	6.9		
Tokushima						
kagawa	I0	203	5.I	3.I		
Ehime	2	334	8.4	5.I		
Kochi						
Fukuoka	I0	2,968	74.2	45.4		
Saga	5	322	8.I	4.9		
Nagasaki	I	400	I0.0	6.I		
Kumamoto	I	270	6.8	4.I		
Oita	4	676	I6.9	I0.3		
Miyazaki						
Kagoshima	I	255	6.4	3.9		
Total	322	57,953	I449.I	886.6	388.04	2I4.03
For reserve(5%)			72.5	I44.3		
Grand Total			I52I.6	930.9	388.04	2I4.03

89.53
I24.5

Imported quantity by vessels.

I. Soy bean Cake.

Vessel	Unrelease quantity unit M.T.	Requested quantity of release
"Taiyun	I,453.929	(B) 930.9

Loss in distribution and storage	Rest
27.927	495.102.

2. Wheat Bran

Vessel Vessel	Quantity of receipt unit. M.T.	Requested quantity of release.
"Hai Liao	304.820	388.04.
"Chimei"	83.220	

3. Rice Bran

Vessel	Rest of unrelease unit. M.T.	Requested quantity of release
"Brad"	214.03.	214.03
"Everett"		

8th Army Civil Affairs Sect.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/BSA/ge
9 August 1949

433(9 Aug 49)ESS/PD
FLW - 135

any Releases

SUBJECT: Release of Raw Materials for Production of Soy Sauce for Export

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 125-'49, dated 4 August 1949, subject: Request for Release of Materials for Export Shoyu.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 980-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 353 metric tons of imported whole soy beans and 279 metric tons of imported wheat for the production of 4700 koku of shoyu sauce averaging 1.4 nitrogen content in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Chief, Price and Distribution Division